

City of Bradenton, Florida



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Sharon Beauchamp
City Clerk & Treasurer

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

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City of Bradenton, Florida
Office of the City Clerk & Treasurer

March 20, 2020

The Honorable Mayor, City Council,
and Citizens of the City of Bradenton, Florida

Dear Mayor, Council, and Citizens:

I am proud to present the City of Bradenton Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). This report addresses the City's finances for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. The accuracy of the data, the completeness and fairness of the presentation and the disclosures are the responsibility of the City Clerk & Treasurer, the Chief Financial Officer of the City. The data presented is believed to be accurate in all material respects and is presented to fairly reflect the financial position of the City. All disclosures necessary for a comprehensive understanding of the City's financial activity are included within this financial report.

The City Clerk & Treasurer is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, along with the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability of assets. These controls have been integrated into the basic functions of the City's accounting system. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Chapter 11.45 of the Florida Statutes requires all Florida municipalities to undergo a financial audit, conducted by an independent Certified Public Accountant. This requirement has been met for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and the report of the City's independent auditing firm has been included in this document. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act, Uniform Guidance and Florida Single Audit Act. The independent auditor's report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and the single audit are included in the Financial Section of this report.

The City of Bradenton operates under a charter adopted on May 19, 1903. The City Council is the legislative body for the City of Bradenton and is made up of five residents elected by the City voters. Each council person lives in and represents an individual ward, but all are elected "at large." In addition to the City Council, the voters elect a mayor that serves as the Chief Elected Official. As of September 30, 2019 the City's elected officials were:

Mayor: Wayne Poston	Term to Expire: 2020
Ward 1: Gene Gallo	Term to Expire: 2020
Ward 2: Gene Brown	Term to Expire: 2022
Ward 3: Patrick Roff	Term to Expire: 2022
Ward 4: William Sanders	Term to Expire: 2022
Ward 5: Harold Byrd, Jr.	Term to Expire: 2020

Governmental accounting and auditing principles require that management provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements in the form of Management’s Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Bradenton’s MD&A begins on page 4, immediately following the Independent Auditor’s Report.

City Organization. The City of Bradenton is centrally located on the west (Gulf) coast of Florida, approximately forty miles south of Tampa. Bradenton encompasses 14.55 square miles and has a population of 57,006. The City of Bradenton provides a full range of services including public safety (police and fire), planning and community development, public works and utilities including water, sewer, stormwater, solid waste and recycling services, as well as recreational facilities. Bradenton has proudly served as the southern home to Major League Baseball’s Pittsburgh Pirates since 1968.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device throughout the year. All City departments submit their budget requests to the City Clerk & Treasurer during May of each year. After various work sessions are completed at the department and legislative levels, the tentative budget is submitted to the public by the City Council, and public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers’ comments. A final public hearing is held when the final budget is adopted by Resolution during September of each year. Budget adjustments of less than \$10,000 are approved administratively by the City Clerk & Treasurer; budget adjustments greater than \$10,000 and amendments to the total budget must be approved by City Council via Resolution.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are presented in this report for each individual fund for which the annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund and the major special revenue funds, these comparisons are included in the Required Supplementary Information section. The non-major special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital project funds are included in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules section of this report.

Local economy. The City of Bradenton and surrounding Manatee County had traditionally been one of the fastest growing regions in the state. The years of recession had a potentially devastating financial impact on the local economy. Construction and the real estate industries were virtually non-existent during that time. With that being said, the City of Bradenton and Manatee County have a diversified economic base that relies on service, retail, light manufacturing, agriculture and particularly tourism. That diversity, along with fiscal responsibility, allowed the City to rebound better than most.

The most recent economic indicators point to a robust local economy. Real estate has rebounded, as evidenced by an 8.2% increase in total taxable assessed values, which follows a 9.3% increase from the previous year. Unemployment has remained relatively stable (3.2% last year compared to a current level of 3.3%), and tourism reached record levels in 2019.

Long-term financial planning. During fiscal year 2011, the Bradenton City Council approved and adopted a formal Fund Balance Policy. The 2019 unassigned fund balances in the General Fund have been maintained to insulate the general governmental operations from any fluctuations that may be associated with the current economy, or in the event of a natural or man-made disaster.

During September of 2017, most of Florida was impacted by Hurricane Irma. The financial impact to the City amounted to nearly \$2,600,000. The City continued to work on reimbursement requests with FEMA during the year. These storm payments and reimbursements are, and will continue to be, accurately reflected in the City's financial reporting.

Relevant financial policies. For several years, a poor real estate market and rampant foreclosures resulted in a severe reduction in property values. In a bold move, and after substantial cost cutting, City Council consistently voted to raise property tax revenues to fend off a further deterioration of our financial condition. City leaders were not deterred from their goal to provide and maintain infrastructure for future growth and to practice sound fiscal responsibility with the City's resources to continue to maintain the quality of life for the citizens of Bradenton. Now, over ten years later, the City is pleased to produce financial reports that reflect the impact of the half-cent sales tax adopted in 2016 and implemented in 2017. This additional infrastructure funding allows the City to make those improvements that were set aside during those times of fiscal restraint.

Understanding and meeting the needs of the citizens is a challenging and metamorphic process. The City, through sound, prudent and sustainable budgeting practices, has been able to provide programs, infrastructure, and facilities to meet the current needs of its citizens. In order to meet these challenges the City Council and management have consistently governed by the following tenets:

1) *Live within your means*, 2) *Look to the future*, 3) *Don't defer critical items*, 4) *Dedicate your surplus funds* and 5) *Be prepared for a rainy day*.

While weathering the economic downturn ten years ago, the City's management team reviewed all operations in an effort to reduce costs while maintaining a consistent level of service; a review process that continues to this day. The City now operates with 11.3% fewer employees than it did in 2008. As noted in the City's financial statements, this very conservative approach has allowed the City to be nimble in reaction to the changes of a modern economy.

The City Clerk & Treasurer's staff monitor the daily cash needs of the City and invests these funds in accordance with the City's investment policy. In concert with monitoring these daily needs, the remainder of the surplus funds are under professional management that allows them to be more aggressively invested, but still within the policy as approved by City Council.

Major initiatives. The City adopted a series of policies and initiatives that are intended to provide short-term relief to our business community, taking advantage of a strong economic recovery that will aid all of our citizens.

The City, through its three Community Redevelopment Areas and Economic Development Department, is aggressively implementing workforce development strategies, incentives for in-fill development and 'place branding' through the continuing efforts of Realize Bradenton. This strategy appears to be working well as there has been a very visible surge in interest in downtown Bradenton. New parks, restaurants, a recently completed 130-room hotel, and a new 500-space parking garage are proof that downtown Bradenton has become a popular destination. Additionally, a visually pleasing "streetscape" program is well underway, further demonstrating confidence in our strong economic base.

Considerable efforts continue to be devoted to ensuring that our citizens' quality of life is both maintained and enhanced. Our continuing efforts to expand both our potable water Aquifer Storage and Recovery (ASR) and reclaimed water systems continue to reap results that improve the reliability of our city's overall water supply. Our ASR program is in the cycle-testing phase to demonstrate for State regulatory agencies our ability to safely achieve an underground storage volume of 350 million gallons, adding 27% to the storage volume of the Bill Evers Reservoir. The multiple projects we have completed to expand our reclaimed water system are allowing us to increase our beneficial use of this valuable resource by up to 5 million gallons per day, with a corresponding decreasing volume of treated water discharged to the Manatee River. Over the past six years we have replaced more than 8 miles of old cast iron water mains throughout the city to increase the reliability of the water

distribution system. We have an ongoing program to upgrade our system of 64 sewage lift stations throughout the city. These upgrades include providing improved electrical controls and SCADA to allow for remote monitoring of the operations of all stations. These upgrades will provide better assurance for uninterrupted wastewater collection and transmission for our citizens.

Several major upgrade projects have also been completed at our wastewater treatment plant. These include replacement of our sludge presses with new energy efficient screw presses, improvements to the preliminary treatment systems at the plant and installation of a new flow splitter box to improve the hydraulic split of flows within the plant, and upgrade of the aeration system that is the heart of the treatment process to provide for higher oxygen transfer and energy efficiency. An annual sanitary sewer program to line old leaking sewers has been established to preserve the treatment capacity of our wastewater treatment plant. A city-wide stormwater model has been developed that will be the planning tool we use for new stormwater improvement projects.

A major street light replacement project is underway to upgrade an unreliable and outdated system that serves a large portion of the city between Manatee Avenue and the river. Also, we are in the process of upgrading all existing street lights in the city to LED lamps that provide enhanced street lighting. An expansion of the Riverwalk is under design to essentially double the size of the park and tie it on the east end to a redevelopment of the Mineral Springs Park. A program is also being established to replace/upgrade playground equipment at all city parks, and a new Glazier Gates Tot Lot playground was completed in 2019 that will become the new standard for our parks. This interactive park for younger children is underlain with artificial turf to provide a fall-safe surface and reduce maintenance. In addition a new Glazier Gates II passive park is under construction that will be completed in 2020. This park will include playground equipment for older children, as well as several exercise stations along the park's pathways. Finally, our enhanced paving program has successfully repaved nearly 30% of city roadways since 2012.

These projects reflect the City's commitment to its citizens during this time of economic health.

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Bradenton for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This was the forty-fifth year that the City of Bradenton received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year. We believe our 2019 report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting this report to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Acknowledgments. This report was completed through the dedication of the City of Bradenton's fine staff of professionals in the Finance Department, namely Tom Kelley, Linda Guth, Beth Browning, Kinyata Love and Jennifer Robertson. I would like to express my appreciation and thanks to the audit firm of Christopher, Smith, Leonard, Bristow & Stanell, P.A., who helped us with their comments and advice. Finally, I thank Carl Callahan, City Administrator, along with Mayor Poston and the City Council for their guidance and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City of Bradenton in a responsible and progressive manner.

Sincerely,



Sharon Beauchamp
City Clerk and Treasurer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

**City of Bradenton
Florida**

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA

PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS

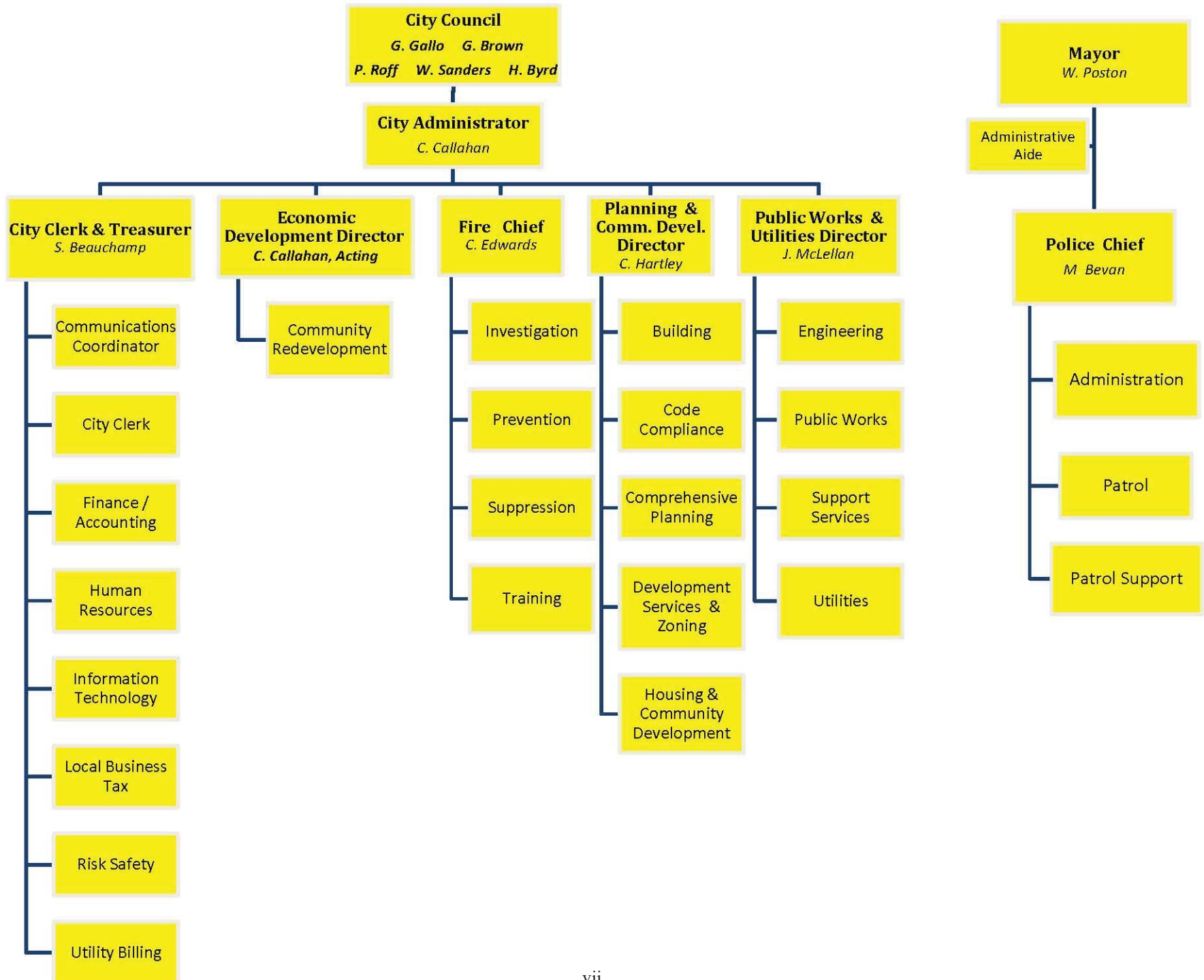
Elected Officials

Mayor	<i>Wayne Poston</i>
Council, Ward 1	<i>Gene Gallo</i>
Council, Ward 2	<i>Gene Brown</i>
Council, Ward 3	<i>Patrick Roff</i>
Council, Ward 4	<i>William Sanders</i>
Council, Ward 5	<i>Harold Byrd, Jr.</i>

Department Directors

City Administrator	<i>Carl Callahan</i>
City Clerk and Treasurer	<i>Sharon Beauchamp</i>
Planning & Community Development	<i>Catherine Hartley</i>
Fire Control	<i>Charles Edwards</i>
Law Enforcement	<i>Melanie Bevan</i>
Public Works and Utilities	<i>Jim McLellan</i>

CITY OF BRADENTON - Functional Organization - 2019





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City
Council, and City Clerk and Treasurer
City of Bradenton, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bradenton, Florida (City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Bradenton Firefighters' Retirement System, which represents 33%, 34%, and 12%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Bradenton Firefighters' Retirement System, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program Fund, and the schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedules of employer contributions, schedule of investment returns, and schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the Florida Single Audit Act and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 20, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Christopher, Smith, Leonard,
Bristow & Stanell, P.A.*
CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD,
BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

March 20, 2020
Bradenton, Florida

City of Bradenton, Florida
Management's Discussion and Analysis
September 30, 2019

As the City Clerk & Treasurer of the City of Bradenton, I offer readers of our financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of our financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. I encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information I have furnished in my transmittal letter on page 'i' of this report, and the City's financial statements beginning on page 19.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$223,514,715 (net position). Of this amount, \$93,531,749 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased \$17,734,674, or 8.62% in comparison to the prior year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$76,433,130, an increase of \$9,857,540 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$39,594,217, or 94.83% of total General Fund expenditures.
- Total governmental fund revenues increased \$7,090,258, or 12.66% in comparison to the prior year.
- Total governmental fund expenditures increased \$1,061,054, or 2.05% in comparison to the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Management's Discussion and Analysis
September 30, 2019

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's *assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources* at the end of the fiscal year. The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents *revenues and expenses*, and shows how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All *changes in net position* are reported in a manner similar to the approach used by a private-sector business in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied, and expenses are reported when incurred. Accordingly, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months after the end of the accounting period, and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current period.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, transportation, culture and recreation, and economic environment. The business-type activities of the City include the water-sewer utility, sanitation, the parking system and the public golf course (River Run Golf Links).

The financial statements also reflect the presentation of the City's *component unit*, the City of Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency, composed of three Community Redevelopment Areas (CRAs). The Bradenton City Council acts as the decision-making Board for all the CRAs. The Bradenton Downtown Development Authority currently serves as an Advisory Board to the City Council for the City's Downtown and 14th Street CRAs. The Central Community Redevelopment Area has its own Advisory Board. The CRAs were created with a stated purpose to revitalize a specific area within the central core of Bradenton. These component units are blended component units that, for all practical purposes, are treated as part of the primary government and are included as special revenue funds.

The City's government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-20 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to *specific activities* of the City rather than the City as a whole. Except for the General Fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements. The City's fund financial statements are divided into three categories: (a) governmental funds, (b) proprietary funds, and (c) fiduciary funds.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Management's Discussion and Analysis
September 30, 2019

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements consist of a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. These statements are prepared using an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted to cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and buildings. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's total assets and deferred outflows of resources net of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is labeled as the *fund balance*, and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected or paid during the current period or very shortly after the end of the year.

For the most part, balances and activities accounted for in the governmental funds are also reported in the governmental activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. Due to the difference in the accounting basis used to prepare fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements, there are often significant differences between the totals presented. For this reason there is an analysis after the Balance Sheet that reconciles the total fund balances to the amount of net position presented in the governmental activities column on the Statement of Net Position. There is also an analysis after the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position as reported in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Activities.

The City presents, in separate columns, funds that are most significant to the City (*major funds*). All other governmental funds are aggregated and reported in a single column (*non-major funds*).

The City's governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 21-24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position; Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position; and Statement of Cash Flows. These statements are prepared using an accounting basis that is similar to the basis used to prepare the government-wide financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, proprietary funds are grouped into *enterprise funds* and *internal service funds*.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water-sewer utility, sanitation, parking system and golf course functions. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses separate internal service funds to account for its self-insurance programs. Because all of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the major enterprise funds, which are water-sewer, sanitation and parking. The City's golf course, the remaining non-major enterprise fund, is presented as such on the proprietary funds financial statements. All internal service

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funds are considered to be non-major funds and are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-28 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund financial statements consist of a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. Assets held by the City for other parties either as a trustee or as an agent, and that cannot be used to finance the City's own operating programs, are reported in the *fiduciary funds*. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City reports pension trust funds that present the results of two defined benefit pension plans.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-30 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31-93 of this report.

Other Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This information concerns the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees. It also includes budget-to-actual information regarding the General Fund and major special revenue funds.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 95-106 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time to be an indicator of a government's financial position. The City of Bradenton's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$223,514,715 at the close of the 2019 fiscal year.

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The following schedule is a summary of the Statement of Net Position found on page 19 of this report.

	Net Position					
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 102,832,799	\$ 94,885,927	\$ 58,400,947	\$ 63,216,597	\$ 161,233,746	\$ 158,102,524
Internal balances	(343,512)	(308,424)	343,512	308,424	-	-
Capital assets, net depreciation	71,169,821	69,695,262	106,733,193	93,538,646	177,903,014	163,233,908
Total assets	173,659,108	164,272,765	165,477,652	157,063,667	339,136,760	321,336,432
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Related to pensions	9,683,423	10,420,812	2,923,755	3,257,514	12,607,178	13,678,326
Outflow related to OPEB	1,921,212	-	819,462	-	2,740,674	-
Loss on debt refunding	778,997	819,997	-	-	778,997	819,997
Fair value of swap agreement	134,386	133,357	126,699	99,588	261,085	232,945
Total deferred outflows of resources	12,518,018	11,374,166	3,869,916	3,357,102	16,387,934	14,731,268
Liabilities						
Current and other liabilities	5,132,177	5,991,754	4,262,134	5,906,240	9,394,311	11,897,994
Long-term debt outstanding	71,135,468	66,008,057	45,987,630	42,286,772	117,123,098	108,294,829
Total liabilities	76,267,645	71,999,811	50,249,764	48,193,012	126,517,409	120,192,823
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Related to pensions	3,754,706	6,428,732	758,519	952,092	4,513,225	7,380,824
Related to disaster	225,400	1,943,312	-	-	225,400	1,943,312
Related to OPEB	528,515	535,137	225,430	235,563	753,945	770,700
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,508,621	8,907,181	983,949	1,187,655	5,492,570	10,094,836
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	45,867,679	42,431,968	77,459,168	73,107,926	123,326,847	115,539,894
Restricted	6,656,119	7,282,429	-	-	6,656,119	7,282,429
Unrestricted	52,877,062	45,025,542	40,654,687	37,932,176	93,531,749	82,957,718
Total net position	\$ 105,400,860	\$ 94,739,939	\$ 118,113,855	\$ 111,040,102	\$ 223,514,715	\$ 205,780,041

The City's overall financial position reflects the vibrancy in the local economy. The increase of \$17,734,674 in net position is evidence that the City has continued to maintain a solid financial base. The City remains true to its conservative principles and, with few exceptions, maintains a conservative fiscal approach stressing a pay-as-you-go strategy. Non-recurring revenues, such as the City's \$10 million proceeds from the sale of reservoir property during 2018, are funneled back into capital assets and infrastructure. This strategy works well in all economic situations.

A significant portion of the City's total net position (55.18%) reflect its *net investment in capital assets* (i.e., land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available to use for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should still be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (2.98%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$93,531,749, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

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A review of the comparative ratios of current unrestricted assets to current liabilities for the fiscal years 2019 and 2018 reveals that the City continues to maintain healthy ratios for both governmental and business-type activities. The City Council understands that the pressures of potential downturns in the economy along with the inherent risks associated with our close proximity to the Gulf of Mexico require that the current level of unrestricted fund balance should be maintained to help avoid the negative impacts of such risks.

Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of the Statement of Activities found on page 20 of this report.

	Statement of Activities					
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 5,841,392	\$ 5,544,998	\$ 35,374,722	\$ 34,749,072	\$ 41,216,114	\$ 40,294,070
Operating grants and contributions	6,145,548	3,079,459	-	-	6,145,548	3,079,459
Capital grants and contributions	1,527,280	1,643,635	242,244	969,314	1,769,524	2,612,949
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	23,058,850	21,676,611	-	-	23,058,850	21,676,611
Other taxes	19,046,326	18,741,785	-	-	19,046,326	18,741,785
Other	7,439,670	15,863,212	1,752,538	886,349	9,192,208	16,749,561
Total Revenues	63,059,066	66,549,700	37,369,504	36,604,735	100,428,570	103,154,435
Expenses						
Governmental Activities						
General government	9,408,823	10,697,351	-	-	9,408,823	10,697,351
Public Safety	28,933,317	26,597,253	-	-	28,933,317	26,597,253
Transportation	5,243,909	5,176,720	-	-	5,243,909	5,176,720
Economic Environment	4,306,246	3,336,542	-	-	4,306,246	3,336,542
Culture and recreation	3,064,613	3,601,807	-	-	3,064,613	3,601,807
Interest on long-term debt	915,066	1,029,709	-	-	915,066	1,029,709
Business-type Activities						
Water-sewer	-	-	20,386,192	21,019,752	20,386,192	21,019,752
Sanitation	-	-	8,051,252	7,627,352	8,051,252	7,627,352
Other	-	-	2,384,478	2,070,765	2,384,478	2,070,765
Total Expenses	51,871,974	50,439,382	30,821,922	30,717,869	82,693,896	81,157,251
Change in net position before transfers	11,187,092	16,110,318	6,547,582	5,886,866	17,734,674	21,997,184
Transfers	(526,171)	(6,061,268)	526,171	6,061,268	-	-
Change in net position	10,660,921	10,049,050	7,073,753	11,948,134	17,734,674	21,997,184
Net position, beginning	94,739,939	84,690,889	111,040,102	99,091,968	205,780,041	183,782,857
Net position - end of year	<u>\$ 105,400,860</u>	<u>\$ 94,739,939</u>	<u>\$ 118,113,855</u>	<u>\$ 111,040,102</u>	<u>\$ 223,514,715</u>	<u>\$ 205,780,041</u>

Governmental activities reported an increase in the City's net position of \$10,660,921. This increase represents 10.11% of the governmental activities year-end net position which compares to the \$10,049,050 increase in the governmental activities year-end net position in the prior year. The increase in the current year includes nearly \$3,000,000 in reimbursements from FEMA for Hurricanes IRMA, Dorian, and Michael.

- General government expenses decreased by \$1,288,528, largely due to Hurricane Irma expenditures in the prior year. Public safety expenses increased by \$2,336,064, which included the purchase of a new fire truck, as well as increased salaries due to promotions and raises. Economic Environment expenses increased \$969,704, from \$3,336,542 to \$4,306,246 due to an increase in pass-through grant spending on the marina project. The City remains committed to providing the basic government services and the public safety expected by its citizens. The City consistently monitors the revenues and expenses with the goal of achieving the reasonable balance between the

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citizens’ expectations and the City’s ability to deliver those services in a fiscally responsible manner.

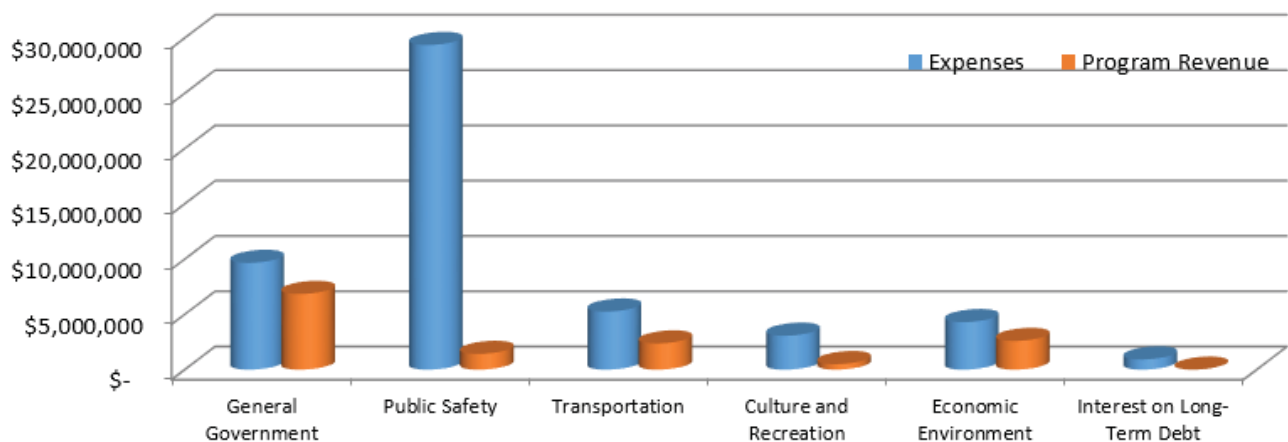
- Inconsistent funding of federal and state housing programs continue to have an impact on the City's ability to deliver consistent services to its citizens most in need of help. Together, after a \$151,762 increase in the prior year, funding from the Community Development Block Grant and State Housing Initiative Program decreased from \$820,688 to \$624,384, a decrease of \$196,304.
- Another item of note that appears to require constant monitoring is the general trend of increasing costs associated with other post-employment benefit liabilities. The current year activity was a \$3,678,806 increase in the liability. Although not requiring the immediate use of City resources for funding, other post-employment benefit liabilities have contributed significantly to the reduction in the City’s net position.

The City is working diligently to reduce the long-term negative impact associated with the above items. Over the past few years, the City has implemented widespread changes to the employee and retiree benefit packages. The City will continue to consider changes to its post-employment benefit packages while taking into account their importance to the City's overall recruitment and retention goals. The City will need to determine if further changes may be necessary to reduce the long-term economic impacts on the City’s financial position, as well as ensure the long-term viability of such plans and benefits.

Historically the decision as to the number and level of services to provide has been dependent on our citizens’ *willingness* to pay for such services. The City recognizes that many of our decisions need to truly reflect our citizens’ *ability* to pay for such services.

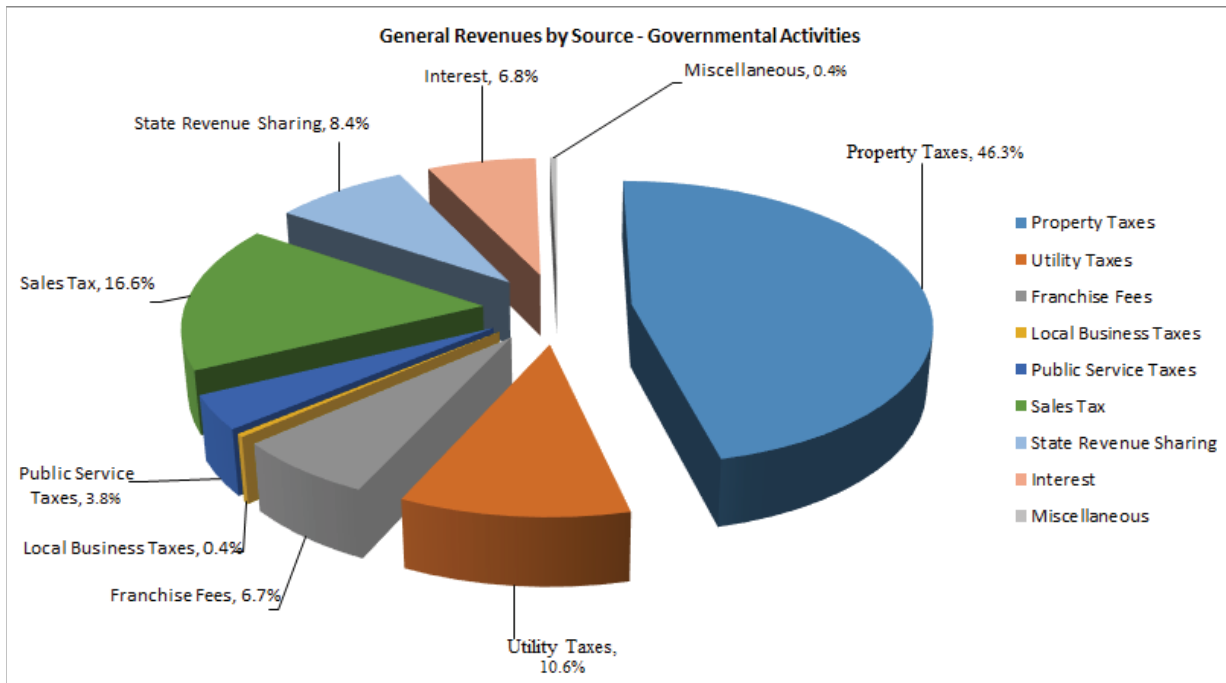
The following chart compares expenses with program revenues for the City’s governmental activities:

Expense and Program Revenue - Governmental Activities



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The following graph shows the composition of general revenues for the City's governmental activities.



Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities are designed as fee-based activities. Fees are implemented in such a way that they will completely cover the cost of operations without being supplemented from governmental sources.

The increase in net position for business-type activities totaled \$7,073,753 and \$11,948,134 for the fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. This net change in position represents a 6.37% increase compared to the 12.06% increase in the prior year. However the 2018 figure included a \$6,061,268 transfer from the general fund to the parking fund for the construction of the City Centre parking structure.

Included in the above numbers is a \$6,059,960 increase in the net position of the Water-Sewer Fund. Operating income of \$5,271,394 accounted for most of the increase, net of transfers to other funds of \$655,500.

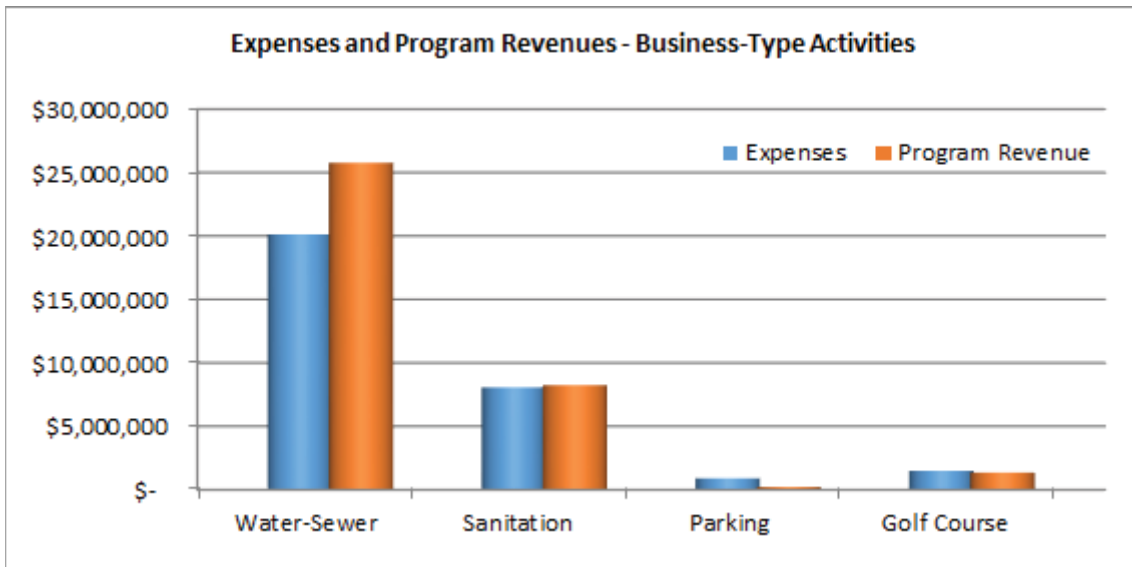
For the past several years the solid waste operations (Sanitation Fund) have produced an increase in net position. The \$489,102 increase in 2019 is very similar to the \$497,431 increase for 2018. This increase continues a positive trend for a fund that for years relied on contributions from other sources to maintain operations. The citizens of Bradenton have often raved about the City's solid waste service and now, the operation is financially sound.

The Parking Fund showed an increase in net position of \$601,258 in 2019, compared to an increase of \$6,890,017 in 2018. Both years' increases were aided by transfers and capital contributions from other funds - \$1,124,272 in 2019 and \$6,685,939 in 2018. An operating loss of \$127,026, net interest expense of \$395,988, and a private sector capital contribution of \$25,000 account for the remaining 2019 change in net position of the Parking Fund. The new 500-space City Centre parking structure went into limited use in May, 2019, but did not open to the public until the after the end of the fiscal year. All City parking operations are currently being re-evaluated.

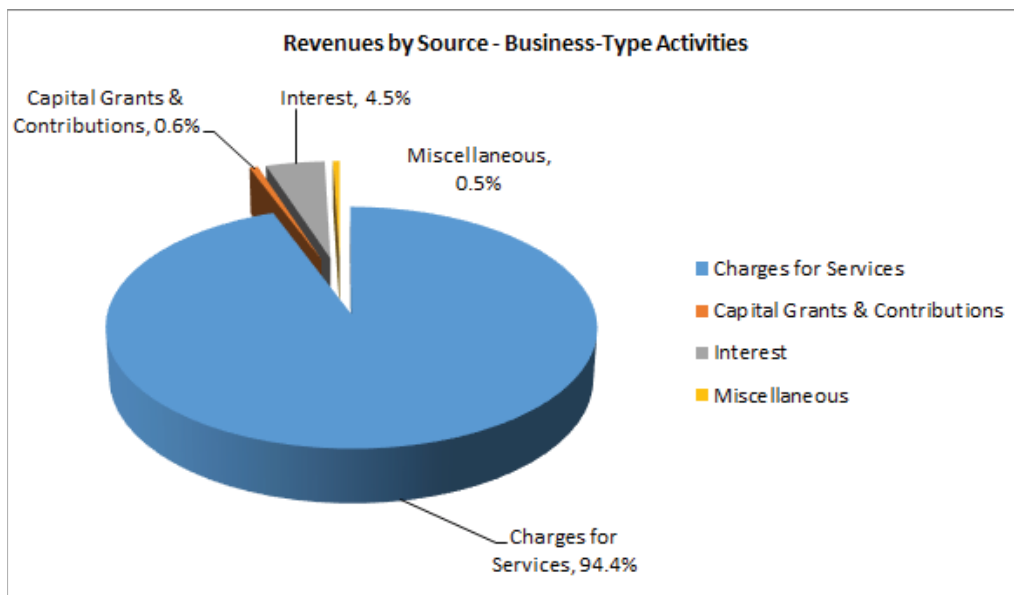
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Almost since its inception in 1987 River Run Golf Links, the City's publicly owned golf course, had posted handsome financial returns that had been returned into the golf course in the form of capital improvements or financial reserves. It is these reserves that have allowed the golf course to weather a number of years of decreases in net position, including a decrease of \$125,518 this year, that has been a result of both an increase in local competition as well as a protracted downturn in the golf industry as a whole. The number of rounds played in 2019 actually showed a slight increase (47,040 rounds compared to 46,238) from ten years ago, as well as significant (9.6%) increase over 2018. The City will continue to evaluate the short and long-term viability of River Run Golf Links as a municipal operation.

The following chart compares expenses with program revenues for the City's business-type activities:



The following graph shows the composition of revenues for the City's business-type activities:



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FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The fund financial statements for the governmental funds are provided on pages 21-24. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of the spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the fund information provided in accordance with GASB 54 will serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$76,433,130, an increase of \$9,857,540 in comparison with the prior year. The increase is primarily a result of an increase in tax receipts and interest earnings. These increases were partially offset by the transfer to the parking fund for the new parking structure. Approximately 51.80% of the ending fund balance of \$76,433,130 constitutes the unassigned fund balance of \$39,594,217, which is available for spending at the City's discretion.

Another \$28,513,166 has been set aside by City Council as either committed or assigned fund balance. The remaining \$8,325,747 of the fund balance is either restricted or non-spendable, indicating that it is not available for new spending because it has previously been restricted for (1) advances due from other funds (2) bond retirement, or (3) inventories, grants and impact fees for future expenses.

General Fund

During 2019, the General Fund's fund balance experienced an \$4,120,332 increase, which represents 9.87% of total General Fund expenditures.

Public safety expenditures increased \$741,076 primarily as a result of salary increases, as well as the purchase of a new fire engine.

It should be noted that, consistent with previous years, most General Fund operations experienced low to moderate increases in expenditures while delivering the same high-quality services our citizens expect.

General Fund - Budgetary Highlights

Operating a government the size of the City of Bradenton is a dynamic process. Budget amendments are approved throughout the year. Budget-to-actual statements and schedules are provided in the financial statements for the General Fund on pages 95 and 108-112. Budget columns are provided for both the original adopted budget and the final budget for fiscal year 2019.

Budgeted Revenues: The City consistently takes a very conservative approach to budgeting revenues. An evaluation of the City's original budget reveals that very few significant adjustments were necessary. One noted exception is that the City has consistently waited for revenues such as forfeiture funds and unclaimed property funds to materialize before creating a budget, in keeping with the statutes that authorize such funds.

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Budgeted Expenditures: Significant General Fund budget changes, followed by brief reasons for the changes, are shown below.

Streets	20,272	Purchase milling machine
Streets	75,004	Increase in tonnage charges
Fleet	61,500	Purchase capital assets
Economic Development	120,000	Budgeting of pass-through expense, funding of which is dependent on annual decision of another governmental entity
Police	60,000	Increase in expenses covered by grants
Police	112,535	Purchase radio accessories and dispatch consoles originally budgeted in prior year
Facilities Maintenance	37,400	Replace 30 heat elements
Police	23,000	Cover year-end shortage on fuel line
Police	21,410	Additional vehicle repairs
Fire Control	420,080	Increase in salary expenses to cover large retirement payouts and increased overtime
Fire Control	32,081	Additional vehicle repairs
Landscape and Grounds	49,374	Allocate to tree purchases
Landscape and Grounds	113,722	Temporary help to cover employee vacancies
Landscape and Grounds	85,251	Replace heavy duty truck

Overall, the expenditures for the General Fund were under the final budget by \$1,785,768 or 4.10% of the total final budget of the General Fund.

Proprietary Funds

The fund financial statements for the City's proprietary funds provide essentially the same information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail.

Enterprise Funds: The City of Bradenton's enterprise funds are the Water and Sewer Fund, the Sanitation Fund, the Parking Fund, and the Golf Course Fund. These funds are defined as business-type activities because they most resemble a business operation. Revenues are generated primarily through charges for services and will closely follow what it costs to provide that service to the citizens.

At September 30, 2019, total net position amounted to \$116,982,072 for the enterprise funds compared to \$109,957,270 at the end of 2018. Net position changes are a result of operations of \$5,217,000, non-operating revenues and expenses of \$1,014,387, capital contributions of \$267,244 and net transfers from other funds of \$526,171.

A review of the water-sewer fund indicates that a solid rate base allowed for a 4.10% increase in operating revenues, with a slight (0.02%) increase in operating expenses when compared to prior year. A resulting \$6,059,960 increase in net position for the Water and Sewer Fund is reflected for the 2019 fiscal year.

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The Sanitation Fund accounts for the revenue associated with collection of solid waste for both residential and commercial customers, along with curbside recycling collection. By continuously looking for operating efficiencies, the City has successfully stabilized the operating costs associated with solid waste. For the current year operating revenue increased \$240,120 or 3.00%. Operating expenses increased by \$433,935 or 5.70%, as compared to 2.06% in 2018. The net result was an operating income of \$205,551 and a change in net position of \$489,102. These results are compared to the operating income of \$399,366 and an increase in net position of \$497,431 in 2018.

The Parking Fund accounts for the revenue and expenses associated with the City's public parking operations. The City's metered lot directly behind City Hall has closed due to construction of the new City Centre parking garage, and no revenue was derived from the garage during the year. In addition, 2018 was the final year of an Interlocal Agreement whereby Manatee County contributed towards the City's parking revenue. As a result, operating revenue decreased \$601,393 or 67.95%. Operating expenses increased by \$15,961 or 4.04%. The net result was an operating loss of \$127,026. Combined with transfers of \$1,099,272 from the general fund and CRA for costs associated with the new City Centre Parking Structure, the change in net position was \$601,258. These results are compared to the operating income of \$490,328 and an increase in net position of \$6,890,017 (aided by transfers from other funds of \$6,640,000) in 2018.

Internal Service Funds: Internal Service Funds are designed to recover the costs of general services provided to the other fund groups. The City uses internal service funds primarily to account for the self-insurance programs for property, medical and workers' compensation.

In 2019, the medical self-insurance program showed an increase in claims of \$741,807 or 14.81% compared to prior year. This year's results reflect a \$388,988 decrease in net position compared to the \$319,336 increase in 2018. The City closely monitors its service utilization and has adjusted current rates as required to cover the costs to the plan.

The workers' compensation self-insurance program had a decrease in claim costs of \$165,098 or 26.62% compared to prior year, while the estimated claims payable decreased in the current year by \$116,687. Net position for workers' compensation increased \$1, or less than 1% compared to prior year.

The property insurance program had a decrease in claim costs of \$304,666 or 48.07% compared to prior year. Net position for property insurance increased \$585,909 or 31.72% compared to prior year.

Overall, the net position for the internal service funds increased from \$17,410,999 in 2018 to \$17,607,919 in 2019, or 1.13%.

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CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2019, amounts to \$177,903,014 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress. In previous years, the investment in capital has focused on planning and completing only those projects for essential services or enhanced business development. The additional half-cent sales tax approved by the City's residents in November 2016 is providing an estimated \$4,000,000 in annual revenue over the next 15 years that will, by law, be used for improvements to the City's infrastructure. This revenue is greatly enhancing the City's ability to fund capital projects.

Considerable investment in capital assets continues to be devoted to ensuring that the citizens of Bradenton's quality of life is both maintained and enhanced. The City's ongoing efforts to expand both the potable water Aquifer Storage and Recovery (ASR) and reclaimed water systems continue to reap results that improve the reliability of the City's overall water supply. This ASR program is working toward achieving a viable underground storage volume of 350 million gallons, adding 27% to the storage volume of the Evers Reservoir.

Multiple projects have been completed to expand the City's reclaimed water system, accounting for an increase in the beneficial use of this valuable resource by up to 5 million gallons per day.

Over the past six years, more than 8 miles of old cast-iron water mains have been replaced throughout the City to increase the reliability of the water distribution system.

Upgrades, which include a supervisory control and data acquisition system as well as improved electrical controls, to the system of 64 sewage lift stations throughout the City are continuing, providing assurance for uninterrupted wastewater collection and transmission. Several major improvement projects have also been completed at the wastewater treatment plant, including replacement of sludge presses with energy efficient screw presses and an upgrade of the aeration system. In addition, a city-wide stormwater model has been developed for use in planning new stormwater improvement projects.

A major street light replacement project is underway to upgrade the system that serves a large portion of the city between Manatee Avenue and the river. We are also in the process of upgrading all existing street lights in the city to LED lamps.

An expansion of the Riverwalk Park is under design to essentially double the size of the park, tying it on the east end to a redevelopment of the Mineral Springs Park. A program is ongoing to replace/upgrade playground equipment at all City parks. The Glazier Gates Tot Lot interactive playground for younger children, completed in 2019, will become the new standard for our parks. In addition, a new Glazier Gates II passive park, providing playground equipment for older children and exercise stations along the park's pathways, is under construction, to be completed in 2020.

Finally, our enhanced paving program has successfully repaved nearly 30% of city roadways since 2012.

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	Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)					
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Land	\$ 10,885,610	\$ 10,656,764	\$ 5,573,473	\$ 5,573,473	\$ 16,459,083	\$ 16,230,237
Building	22,435,402	23,443,172	27,286,497	12,791,410	49,721,899	36,234,582
Infrastructure Improvements	17,240,079	17,967,814	43,961,841	26,175,464	61,201,920	44,143,278
Machinery and Equipment	10,972,647	10,452,141	19,851,685	21,250,086	30,824,332	31,702,227
Construction in Progress	7,833,194	6,841,125	6,034,621	7,033,410	13,867,815	13,874,535
	1,802,889	334,246	4,025,076	20,714,803	5,827,965	21,049,049
Total	\$ 71,169,821	\$ 69,695,262	\$ 106,733,193	\$ 93,538,646	\$ 177,903,014	\$ 163,233,908

For additional information regarding capital assets, please see Note F on pages 50 and 51 of this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$54,185,229, with no general obligation debt. The \$132,475 increase from the prior year is due to the debt associated with the parking structure, as well as Public Works infrastructure improvement projects. All City debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources.

	Bond Debt and Loans Payable					
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenue bonds	\$ 24,395,946	\$ 25,525,011	\$ 7,837,549	\$ 7,993,604	\$ 32,233,495	\$ 33,518,615
Notes	1,436,544	2,482,796	20,515,190	18,051,343	21,951,734	20,534,139
Total bonds	\$ 25,832,490	\$ 28,007,807	\$ 28,352,739	\$ 26,044,947	\$ 54,185,229	\$ 54,052,754

The City continues to maintain a relatively low debt-to-assets ratio and far exceeds all required debt service coverage ratios. The City has been assigned an issuer rating of "AA-" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa1" by Moody's.

Additional information concerning long-term debt can be found in Note H on pages 53-63 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND YEAR 2020 BUDGET

Factors considered in preparing the City of Bradenton's budget for the 2020 fiscal year included the following items:

- The City of Bradenton experienced an increase in taxable assessed values of 7.85%. This increase in property values is estimated to generate more than \$1,600,000 in additional revenue.
- The property tax millage rate will remain the same for the seventh consecutive year at 5.8976 mills in 2020.
- Other Revenue Sources – It is anticipated the City's other large sources of revenue (sales tax, franchise fees, etc.) will remain stable; however the City must always be able to weather the effects of changes in legislation and/or the economy.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Management's Discussion and Analysis
September 30, 2019

- Building Permit Fees – Building permit fees, which must be utilized to fund only building services, are projected to be stable or consistent with the prior year, but that reflects a robust economic environment.
- General Fund – Most non-public safety departments are experiencing a slight increase in their budgets. In almost all instances this can be attributed to increases in wages.
- Public Safety Pensions – After an increase in its overall required pension contributions for 2019, the City's required contribution for 2020 for the fire pension will decrease by \$264,514, primarily due to the expiration of payment for an actuarial loss from fiscal year 2008, and will increase by \$134,097 for the police pension, largely due to salaries increasing more than the actuarially assumed rates.
- Unemployment rate remained nearly steady, going from 3.2% to 3.3%
- City population increased by 1.51% to 57,006.
- Union contracts are in place through the following dates: AFSCME - 9/2021, Police - 9/2019, Fire - 9/2019. Negotiations are ongoing with the Police and Fire Unions.
- Sales Tax – A fifteen (15) year one-half cent sales tax was passed by the voters in November 2016. The tax will result in an estimated \$4,000,000 in additional revenues to be used for infrastructure related items each year.

The City continues ongoing communication with the Manatee County Property Appraiser and closely monitors national, state and local economic indicators to determine any impact on its financial forecasts. After an increase in property values for fiscal year 2019, there is concern that the uncertainty surrounding world events may have an effect on values.

The City taxes its citizens in a manner that provides a balance of essential services with the quality of life they have come to expect. City Council continuously evaluates this balance, and takes into account the annual forecast of property valuations when setting the millage rate. This approach has resulted in a millage rate that has remained consistent over the past seven years.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide users with a general overview of the City of Bradenton's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Bradenton, Office of the City Clerk & Treasurer, 101 Old Main Street, Bradenton, Florida 34205; or through the City's website at www.cityofbradenton.com.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
September 30, 2019

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 93,808,940	54,350,804	148,159,744
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	5,181,638	3,320,412	8,502,050
Prepaid items	162,195	-	162,195
Due from other governments	3,226,697	718,903	3,945,600
Inventory	453,329	10,828	464,157
Internal balances	(343,512)	343,512	-
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable capital assets	12,688,499	9,598,549	22,287,048
Depreciable capital assets, net	58,481,322	97,134,644	155,615,966
Total assets	<u>173,659,108</u>	<u>165,477,652</u>	<u>339,136,760</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Related to pension plan	9,683,423	2,923,755	12,607,178
Outflow related to OPEB	1,921,212	819,462	2,740,674
Loss on refunding of debt	778,997	-	778,997
Fair value of swap agreement	134,386	126,699	261,085
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>12,518,018</u>	<u>3,869,916</u>	<u>16,387,934</u>
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 1,835,242	1,931,790	3,767,032
Accrued payroll	765,459	156,205	921,664
Accrued interest payable	102,153	72,275	174,428
Due to other governments	12,874	2,853	15,727
Unearned revenue	409,140	1,580	410,720
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	2,007,309	2,097,431	4,104,740
Due in more than one year:			
Net pension liability	25,378,993	9,218,488	34,597,481
Total OPEB liability	18,859,928	8,044,388	26,904,316
Swap rate agreement liability	134,386	225,885	360,271
Revenue bonds payable	23,377,809	7,657,549	31,035,358
Notes payable	1,206,973	18,997,498	20,204,471
Capital leases	-	72,808	72,808
Estimated claims payable	1,003,108	-	1,003,108
Compensated absences	1,174,271	320,730	1,495,001
Customer deposits	-	1,450,284	1,450,284
Total liabilities	<u>76,267,645</u>	<u>50,249,764</u>	<u>126,517,409</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Related to pension plan	3,754,706	758,519	4,513,225
Related to disaster	225,400	-	225,400
Related to OPEB	528,515	225,430	753,945
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>4,508,621</u>	<u>983,949</u>	<u>5,492,570</u>
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	45,867,679	77,459,168	123,326,847
Restricted for:			
Debt service	744	-	744
Grants	289,096	-	289,096
Impact fees	5,421,291	-	5,421,291
Public safety	569,676	-	569,676
Public works/transportation	375,312	-	375,312
Unrestricted	52,877,062	40,654,687	93,531,749
Total net position	<u>105,400,860</u>	<u>118,113,855</u>	<u>223,514,715</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	<u>\$ 186,177,126</u>	<u>169,347,568</u>	<u>355,524,694</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government		
					Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 9,408,823	2,925,484	3,695,678	-	(2,787,661)	-	(2,787,661)
Public safety	28,933,317	720,818	706,332	-	(27,506,167)	-	(27,506,167)
Transportation	5,243,909	1,829,148	539,972	-	(2,874,789)	-	(2,874,789)
Economic environment	4,306,246	168,622	900,004	1,527,280	(1,710,340)	-	(1,710,340)
Culture and recreation	3,064,613	197,320	303,562	-	(2,563,731)	-	(2,563,731)
Interest on long-term debt	915,066	-	-	-	(915,066)	-	(915,066)
Total governmental activities	51,871,974	5,841,392	6,145,548	1,527,280	(38,357,754)	-	(38,357,754)
Business-type activities							
Water-sewer	20,386,192	25,539,908	-	242,244	-	5,395,960	5,395,960
Sanitation	8,051,252	8,244,913	-	-	-	193,661	193,661
Parking	892,116	231,303	-	-	-	(660,813)	(660,813)
Golf course	1,492,362	1,358,598	-	-	-	(133,764)	(133,764)
Total business-type activities	30,821,922	35,374,722	-	242,244	-	4,795,044	4,795,044
Total primary government	\$ 82,693,896	41,216,114	6,145,548	1,769,524	(38,357,754)	4,795,044	(33,562,710)
General revenues							
Property taxes					23,058,850	-	23,058,850
Utility taxes					5,305,577	-	5,305,577
Public service taxes					1,920,599	-	1,920,599
Half-cent sales taxes					4,264,365	-	4,264,365
Infrastructure sales tax					4,034,413	-	4,034,413
Local business taxes					184,906	-	184,906
Franchise fees					3,336,466	-	3,336,466
State revenue sharing, unrestricted					4,185,236	-	4,185,236
Unrestricted investment earnings					3,102,305	1,695,917	4,798,222
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets					(51,237)	(135,688)	(186,925)
Miscellaneous					203,366	192,309	395,675
Transfers					(526,171)	526,171	-
Total general revenues and transfers					49,018,675	2,278,709	51,297,384
Change in net position					10,660,921	7,073,753	17,734,674
Net position, beginning					94,739,939	111,040,102	205,780,041
Net position, ending					\$ 105,400,860	\$ 118,113,855	\$ 223,514,715

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
September 30, 2019

	General Fund	State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 56,183,109	146,070	19,039,259	75,368,438
Accounts receivable	2,626,613	1,883,817	671,208	5,181,638
Prepaid items	48,274	-	13,126	61,400
Due from other funds	4,641	-	-	4,641
Due from other governments	1,779,106	-	1,045,581	2,824,687
Inventory	453,329	-	-	453,329
Advances to other funds	1,154,899	-	-	1,154,899
Total assets	<u>\$ 62,249,971</u>	<u>2,029,887</u>	<u>20,769,174</u>	<u>85,049,032</u>
Liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 729,308	254	993,199	1,722,761
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	762,479	53	2,927	765,459
Advances from other funds	-	-	366,629	366,629
Due to other funds	-	2,628	2,013	4,641
Due to other governments	12,874	-	-	12,874
Unearned revenues	297,596	-	-	297,596
Total liabilities	<u>1,802,257</u>	<u>2,935</u>	<u>1,364,768</u>	<u>3,169,960</u>
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue	<u>2,665,517</u>	<u>1,883,817</u>	<u>896,608</u>	<u>5,445,942</u>
Fund balances				
Non-spendable				
Non-spendable prepaid items	48,274	-	13,126	61,400
Non-spendable inventory	453,329	-	-	453,329
Non-spendable advances to other funds	1,154,899	-	-	1,154,899
Restricted for:				
Debt service	-	-	744	744
Grants	-	143,135	145,961	289,096
Impact fee programs	-	-	5,421,291	5,421,291
Public safety	257,191	-	312,485	569,676
Public works/transportation	375,312	-	-	375,312
Committed to				
Capital projects	-	-	12,612,123	12,612,123
Emergency and disaster reserve	4,175,148	-	2,068	4,177,216
Assigned				
Special obligation debt services	9,660,425	-	-	9,660,425
Compensated absences	1,822,415	-	-	1,822,415
Red Light Safety Program	240,987	-	-	240,987
Unassigned	39,594,217	-	-	39,594,217
Total fund balances	<u>57,782,197</u>	<u>143,135</u>	<u>18,507,798</u>	<u>76,433,130</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 62,249,971</u>	<u>2,029,887</u>	<u>20,769,174</u>	<u>85,049,032</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of Fund Balance to Net Position

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 76,433,130
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:</p>		
<p>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds</p>		
Cost	\$ 121,363,813	
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(50,193,992)</u>	
		71,169,821
<p>Deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These deferred outflows of resources consist of pension related contributions and loss on refunding of debt</p>		
		12,383,632
<p>Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:</p>		
Long-term receivables and due from other governments		5,442,741
<p>Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of self-insurance property insurance, medical and workers' compensation insurance funds. The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.</p>		
		16,476,136
<p>Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current expenditures and therefore are not reported in the funds. These deferred inflows of resources consist of pension, OPEB related items and the disaster fund.</p>		
		(4,508,621)
<p>Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</p>		
Notes payable	(1,436,544)	
Revenue bonds payable, net	(24,395,946)	
Total OPEB liability	(18,859,928)	
Net pension liability	(25,378,993)	
Compensated absences	(1,822,415)	
Accrued interest payable	<u>(102,153)</u>	
		<u>(71,995,979)</u>
Total net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ 105,400,860</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General Fund	State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 32,490,321	-	6,278,389	38,768,710
Licenses and permits	1,985,367	-	-	1,985,367
Intergovernmental grants	446,282	234,460	4,718,822	5,399,564
Impact fees	-	-	1,103,584	1,103,584
Shared revenues	4,185,236	-	-	4,185,236
Payments in lieu of taxes	78,440	-	-	78,440
Charges for services	3,526,567	-	79,561	3,606,128
Fines and forfeitures	121,384	-	7,089	128,473
Interest and investment earnings	2,694,360	268	453,678	3,148,306
Rents	746,232	-	170,199	916,431
Franchise fees	3,336,466	-	-	3,336,466
Miscellaneous	174,658	50	145,213	319,921
Special assessments, property owners	21,773	68,930	42,974	133,677
Total revenues	<u>49,807,086</u>	<u>303,708</u>	<u>12,999,509</u>	<u>63,110,303</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	6,985,167	-	337,775	7,322,942
Public safety	26,419,329	-	163,445	26,582,774
Transportation	4,316,097	-	21,522	4,337,619
Economic environment	606,782	296,665	2,220,664	3,124,111
Culture and recreation	1,490,975	-	74	1,491,049
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	2,034,137	2,034,137
Interest	-	-	1,064,806	1,064,806
Fees and expenditures	-	-	485	485
Capital outlay	1,933,126	-	4,952,210	6,885,336
Total expenditures	<u>41,751,476</u>	<u>296,665</u>	<u>10,795,118</u>	<u>52,843,259</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>8,055,610</u>	<u>7,043</u>	<u>2,204,391</u>	<u>10,267,044</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	2,911,461	-	6,362,520	9,273,981
Transfers to other funds	(6,944,191)	-	(2,855,961)	(9,800,152)
Sale of capital assets	97,452	-	19,215	116,667
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(3,935,278)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,525,774</u>	<u>(409,504)</u>
Net change in fund balances	4,120,332	7,043	5,730,165	9,857,540
Fund balances, beginning	<u>53,661,865</u>	<u>136,092</u>	<u>12,777,633</u>	<u>66,575,590</u>
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 57,782,197</u>	<u>143,135</u>	<u>18,507,798</u>	<u>76,433,130</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Change in Fund Balance to the Change in Net Position

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances, total governmental funds	\$	9,857,540
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Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expense exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital outlay	\$ 5,790,417	
Less depreciation expense	<u>(4,147,954)</u>	1,642,463

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins and donations) is to net position.

Net book value of capital assets transferred to proprietary fund	(163,451)	
Net book value of capital assets disposed	<u>(4,453)</u>	(167,904)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal or long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued or refunded, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Principal repayments:		
Notes payable	1,046,252	
Revenue bonds payable	987,885	
Amortization of discounts/premiums and deferred outflows for loss on refunding	<u>100,180</u>	2,134,317

Some revenues in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources.		(8,499)
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Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (future use).

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) and related deferrals	(805,412)	
Compensated absences	(44,991)	
Accrued interest payable	9,045	
Net pension liability and related deferrals	<u>(2,103,605)</u>	(2,944,963)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of medical, property and workers' compensation insurances.		<u>147,967</u>
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Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	<u><u>10,660,921</u></u>
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CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
September 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds				Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
	Water and Sewer Fund	Sanitation Fund	Parking Fund	Golf Course Fund (Nonmajor)		
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 44,052,352	8,674,432	1,413,970	210,050	54,350,804	18,440,502
Customer accounts receivable	2,556,382	954,030	-	-	3,510,412	-
Allowance for uncollectibles	(190,000)	-	-	-	(190,000)	-
Due from other governments	714,346	402	2,203	1,952	718,903	402,010
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	100,795
Inventory	-	-	-	10,828	10,828	-
Total current assets	<u>47,133,080</u>	<u>9,628,864</u>	<u>1,416,173</u>	<u>222,830</u>	<u>58,400,947</u>	<u>18,943,307</u>
Noncurrent assets						
Capital assets						
Land	2,519,770	-	1,097,797	1,955,906	5,573,473	-
Buildings	17,233,956	891,429	23,968,791	216,363	42,310,539	-
Machinery and equipment	10,761,318	7,751,623	114,727	812,481	19,440,149	-
Infrastructure	187,119,813	689,697	220,000	1,309,660	189,339,170	-
Construction work in progress	4,025,076	-	-	-	4,025,076	-
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(143,337,193)</u>	<u>(5,853,004)</u>	<u>(2,686,089)</u>	<u>(2,078,928)</u>	<u>(153,955,214)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total capital assets	<u>78,322,740</u>	<u>3,479,745</u>	<u>22,715,226</u>	<u>2,215,482</u>	<u>106,733,193</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred outflows of resources						
Related to pension plans	1,889,936	831,251	44,743	157,825	2,923,755	-
Related to OPEB	550,576	204,866	8,536	55,484	819,462	-
Fair value of swap agreement	-	-	126,699	-	126,699	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>2,440,512</u>	<u>1,036,117</u>	<u>179,978</u>	<u>213,309</u>	<u>3,869,916</u>	<u>-</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 127,896,332</u>	<u>14,144,726</u>	<u>24,311,377</u>	<u>2,651,621</u>	<u>169,004,056</u>	<u>18,943,307</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
September 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
	Water and Sewer Fund	Sanitation Fund	Parking Fund	Golf Course Fund (Nonmajor)	Total	
Liabilities and Net Position						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,352,132	219,052	76,282	6,002	1,653,468	112,481
Retainage payable	281,176	-	-	-	281,176	-
Accrued payroll	100,449	41,874	341	13,541	156,205	-
Accrued interest payable	32,029	-	40,246	-	72,275	-
Unearned revenues	-	-	1,580	-	1,580	108,342
Current portion of long-term liabilities	1,269,984	49,408	709,630	68,409	2,097,431	111,457
Total current liabilities	<u>3,035,770</u>	<u>310,334</u>	<u>828,079</u>	<u>87,952</u>	<u>4,262,135</u>	<u>332,280</u>
Noncurrent liabilities						
Revenue bonds payable	-	-	7,657,549	-	7,657,549	-
Notes payable	16,262,452	-	2,735,046	-	18,997,498	-
Derivative instrument-interest rate swap	-	-	225,885	-	225,885	-
Estimated payable for outstanding claims	-	-	-	-	-	1,003,108
Customer deposits	1,440,123	10,161	-	-	1,450,284	-
Total OPEB liability	5,404,822	2,011,098	83,796	544,672	8,044,388	-
Capital leases payable	-	-	-	72,808	72,808	-
Net pension liability	6,040,982	2,513,338	133,342	530,826	9,218,488	-
Compensated absences	219,109	78,124	417	23,080	320,730	-
Advances from other funds	-	788,270	-	-	788,270	-
Total long-term liabilities	<u>29,367,488</u>	<u>5,400,991</u>	<u>10,836,035</u>	<u>1,171,386</u>	<u>46,775,900</u>	<u>1,003,108</u>
Total liabilities	<u>32,403,258</u>	<u>5,711,325</u>	<u>11,664,114</u>	<u>1,259,338</u>	<u>51,038,035</u>	<u>1,335,388</u>
Deferred inflows of resources						
Related to pension plans	489,230	222,037	9,469	37,783	758,519	-
Related to OPEB	151,461	56,358	2,348	15,263	225,430	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>640,691</u>	<u>278,395</u>	<u>11,817</u>	<u>53,046</u>	<u>983,949</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	60,347,530	3,479,745	11,543,031	2,088,862	77,459,168	-
Unrestricted	34,504,853	4,675,261	1,092,415	(749,625)	39,522,904	17,607,919
Total net position	<u>94,852,383</u>	<u>8,155,006</u>	<u>12,635,446</u>	<u>1,339,237</u>	<u>116,982,072</u>	<u>17,607,919</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	<u>\$ 127,896,332</u>	<u>14,144,726</u>	<u>24,311,377</u>	<u>2,651,621</u>	<u>169,004,056</u>	<u>18,943,307</u>
Net position, above					\$ 116,982,072	
Adjustments to reflect consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds					<u>1,131,783</u>	
Net position of business-type activities					<u>\$ 118,113,855</u>	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds				Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
	Water and Sewer Fund	Sanitation Fund	Parking Fund	Golf Course Fund (Nonmajor)		
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 25,642,695	8,256,775	283,638	1,358,923	35,542,031	9,495,755
Operating expenses						
Personal services	7,513,059	3,068,037	50,021	958,406	11,589,523	-
Contractual services	1,902,954	314,359	24,141	48,488	2,289,942	1,178,439
Supplies and materials	4,841,764	1,126,964	74,507	301,994	6,345,229	1,877,429
Repairs and maintenance	1,231,539	551,693	41,030	48,356	1,872,618	-
Utilities	894,407	1,990,642	523	15,181	2,900,753	-
Claims	-	-	-	-	-	6,535,650
Depreciation and amortization cost	3,987,578	999,529	220,442	119,417	5,326,966	-
Total operating expenses	20,371,301	8,051,224	410,664	1,491,842	30,325,031	9,591,518
Operating income (loss)	5,271,394	205,551	(127,026)	(132,919)	5,217,000	(95,763)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)						
Interest and investment earnings	1,205,361	393,142	85,814	11,600	1,695,917	292,683
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets	42,352	(178,128)	-	88	(135,688)	-
Interest expenses and fiscal charges	(45,891)	(13,862)	(481,802)	(4,287)	(545,842)	-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,201,822	201,152	(395,988)	7,401	1,014,387	292,683
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	6,473,216	406,703	(523,014)	(125,518)	6,231,387	196,920
Capital contributions	242,244	-	25,000	-	267,244	-
Transfers from other funds	-	82,399	1,099,272	-	1,181,671	555,080
Transfers to other funds	(655,500)	-	-	-	(655,500)	(555,080)
Change in net position	6,059,960	489,102	601,258	(125,518)	7,024,802	196,920
Total net position, beginning	88,792,423	7,665,904	12,034,188	1,464,755	109,957,270	17,410,999
Total net position, ending	\$ 94,852,383	8,155,006	12,635,446	1,339,237	116,982,072	17,607,919
Change in net position, above					\$ 7,024,802	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds					48,951	
Change in net position of business-type activities					\$ 7,073,753	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
	Water and Sewer Fund	Sanitation Fund	Parking Fund	Golf Course Fund (Nonmajor)	Total	
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from charges for services	\$ 29,705,747	8,233,470	284,285	1,362,274	39,585,776	9,352,480
Payments to suppliers	(9,392,235)	(3,918,601)	(137,124)	(421,944)	(13,869,904)	(2,277,048)
Payments for employees	(6,541,975)	(2,935,408)	(77,136)	(789,861)	(10,344,380)	(6,577,686)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>13,771,537</u>	<u>1,379,461</u>	<u>70,025</u>	<u>150,469</u>	<u>15,371,492</u>	<u>497,746</u>
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities						
Advances from other funds	-	13,862	-	-	13,862	-
Transfers from (to) other funds	(655,500)	82,399	1,099,272	-	526,171	-
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital and related financing activities	<u>(655,500)</u>	<u>96,261</u>	<u>1,099,272</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>540,033</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash flow from capital and related financing activities						
Repayment of capital leases	(58,316)	-	-	(53,812)	(112,128)	-
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	58,093	83,164	-	88	141,345	-
Proceeds from bond issuance	-	-	5,693,325	-	5,693,325	-
Proceeds from note issuance	3,631,879	-	-	-	3,631,879	-
Principal paid on capital debt	(658,495)	-	(649,536)	-	(1,308,031)	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(47,746)	(13,862)	(498,930)	(4,288)	(564,826)	-
Capital contributions	242,244	-	25,000	-	267,244	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(9,123,306)	(606,531)	(10,752,629)	-	(20,482,466)	-
Net cash (used) by capital related financing activities	<u>(5,955,647)</u>	<u>(537,229)</u>	<u>(6,182,770)</u>	<u>(58,012)</u>	<u>(12,733,658)</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest and investment earnings	1,205,361	393,142	109,025	11,600	1,719,128	292,683
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>1,205,361</u>	<u>393,142</u>	<u>109,025</u>	<u>11,600</u>	<u>1,719,128</u>	<u>292,683</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	8,365,751	1,331,635	(4,904,448)	104,057	4,896,995	790,429
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1, 2018	<u>35,686,601</u>	<u>7,342,797</u>	<u>6,318,418</u>	<u>105,993</u>	<u>49,453,809</u>	<u>17,650,073</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 44,052,352</u>	<u>8,674,432</u>	<u>1,413,970</u>	<u>210,050</u>	<u>54,350,804</u>	<u>18,440,502</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$ 5,271,394	205,551	(127,026)	(132,919)	5,217,000	(95,763)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization expense	3,987,578	999,529	220,442	119,417	5,326,966	-
(Increase) decrease:						
Accounts receivable	180,878	(19,225)	-	265	161,918	-
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	1,092,907
Inventories	-	-	-	(1,227)	(1,227)	-
Due from other governments	3,856,536	(60)	(933)	3,086	3,858,629	(133,791)
Due from insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans	224,283	83,439	3,464	22,573	333,759	-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	(550,576)	(204,866)	(8,536)	(55,484)	(819,462)	-
Increase (decrease):						
Accounts and retainage payable	(521,571)	65,057	3,077	(3,783)	(457,220)	(239,436)
Accrued payroll	15,731	3,827	(766)	3,555	22,347	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	(2,915)	(2,915)	-
Compensated absences	27,618	(503)	(1,916)	6,896	32,095	-
Unearned revenues	-	-	1,580	-	1,580	(9,484)
Customer deposits	25,638	(4,020)	-	-	21,618	-
Estimated payable for outstanding claims	-	-	-	-	-	(116,687)
OPEB liability	764,671	70,580	(28,116)	138,425	945,560	-
Net pension liability	628,005	233,638	9,696	63,211	934,550	-
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans	(130,079)	(48,393)	(2,009)	(13,092)	(193,573)	-
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(8,569)	(5,093)	1,068	2,461	(10,133)	-
Total adjustments	<u>8,500,143</u>	<u>1,173,910</u>	<u>197,051</u>	<u>283,388</u>	<u>10,154,492</u>	<u>593,509</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 13,771,537</u>	<u>1,379,461</u>	<u>70,025</u>	<u>150,469</u>	<u>15,371,492</u>	<u>497,746</u>
NONCASH CAPITAL ACTIVITIES						
Loss on disposal	\$ 15,741	261,292	-	-	277,033	-
Capital asset acquisition	577,047	-	-	-	577,047	-
Change in fair market value of interest rate swaps	-	-	27,111	-	27,111	-

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
September 30, 2019

	<u>Pension Trust Funds</u>
Assets	
Due from plan members	\$ 17,943
Accounts receivable	61,187
Interest receivable	99,825
Investments, at fair value	
U.S. Government obligations	8,738,995
Domestic corporate bonds	8,074,362
Convertible preferred stock	1,851,855
Convertible bonds	4,559,077
Foreign stock	5,717,618
Municipal obligations	185,766
Domestic stocks	51,563,251
Mortgage backed	1,922,129
Collateralized mortgage backed	463,109
Asset backed bonds	536,401
Mutual funds	23,857,423
Real estate investment trust	16,053,227
Money market fund	12,691,195
Total investments	<u>136,214,408</u>
Total assets	<u>136,393,363</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	<u>96,595</u>
Total liabilities	<u>96,595</u>
Net position	
Restricted for pension benefits	<u><u>\$ 136,296,768</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Pension Trust Funds</u>
Additions	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 3,672,428
Plan members	1,210,796
Repayment of pension benefits	41,229
State of Florida	1,003,010
Total contributions	<u>5,927,463</u>
Investment earnings	
Interest and dividends	3,966,921
Miscellaneous	14,220
Net (decrease) increase in fair value	2,192,516
Total investment earnings	<u>6,173,657</u>
Less investment expenses	<u>(529,629)</u>
Net investment earnings	<u>5,644,028</u>
Total additions, net	<u>11,571,491</u>
Deductions	
Benefits	7,349,209
Administrative expenses	188,845
Total deductions	<u>7,538,054</u>
Change in net position	4,033,437
Net position, beginning	<u>132,263,331</u>
Net position, ending	<u><u>\$ 136,296,768</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Bradenton, Florida (the “City”) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City’s accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City of Bradenton, Florida, was incorporated in 1903. It is located on the west coast of Florida, approximately midway down the state, and is comprised of 14.55 square miles with a population of 57,600. The current charter was authorized under Chapter 22219, Laws of Florida, Special Acts of 1943. The City is a municipal corporation and operates under a mayor-council form of government. It provides services to its residents in the form of law enforcement, fire and public safety, street maintenance, code enforcement, culture and recreation, water and sewer, sanitation, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

This report includes all funds, departments, agencies, boards and commissions, and other organizational units that are administered by the mayor and/or controlled by, or dependent upon the City Council as set forth in the City Charter. The City, a primary government, has reviewed for inclusion all potential component units for which it may be financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City’s financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, which amended GASB Statement No. 14*, has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes appointing a voting majority of an organization’s governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization, or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

Blended Component Units: There is one (1) component unit which is legally separate from the City, but is so intertwined with the City that it is, in substance, the same as the City. It is reported as part of the City and blended into the appropriate funds. Resolution 15-17, adopted in June 2015, authorizes the City Council of the City of Bradenton to declare itself the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) for the City of Bradenton pursuant to the provisions of Florida Statute 163.357. The purpose of this entity is to revitalize targeted areas in the City, comprising the redevelopment areas set forth in Resolution 79-55, as amended and Resolution 93-62 and Resolution 00-39. The CRA reports three different funds in these financial statements, one for each area. The areas are described as follows:

a. **Bradenton Community Redevelopment Area (CRA)**

The Bradenton CRA is a dependent special district created pursuant to Florida Statute 163 and City of Bradenton Ordinance 2219 passed by the Bradenton City Council on May 28, 1980. The City provides funding on an annual basis to the CRA via ad valorem tax based on the 1980 base year.

b. **14th Street Community Redevelopment Area (CRA)**

The 14th Street CRA is a dependent special district created pursuant to Florida Statute 163 and City of Bradenton Ordinance 2504 passed by the Bradenton City Council on November 24, 1993. The City provides funding on an annual basis to the CRA via ad valorem tax based on the 1993 base year.

Downtown Development Authority (DDA) serves as an advisory board to both the Bradenton CRA and the 14th Street CRA. The DDA is an administrative unit only, with no assets, liabilities, equity, revenue or expenses/expenditures as of the year ended September 30, 2019.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

c. Central Community Redevelopment Area (CCRA)

The Central CRA is a dependent special district created by the Community Redevelopment Act of 1969, Chapter 163 Part III, Florida Statutes, and City of Bradenton Ordinance 2628 passed by the Bradenton City Council on July 12, 2000. The Community Redevelopment Plan provides a framework for coordinating and facilitating public and private redevelopment of the Central Redevelopment District and adjacent areas. Seven community members serve as an advisory board to the CCRA.

The City of Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency is, by GAAP definition, a component unit of the City, as the City exercises financial accountability over, and has a benefit/burden relationship with it. The members of the City Council serve as the Board for all component units of the City, and therefore serve as the Board for the CRA. The financial statements of each CRA area are also included as nonmajor special revenue funds in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

There were no component units for which the CRA was financially accountable.

There are no separately issued financial statements issued for the component unit.

The Mayor and City Council are also responsible for appointing members to the boards of the following organizations. The City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments, except as noted above.

Architectural Review Board	Construction Board of Rules and Appeals
Affordable Housing Advisory Board	Code Enforcement Board
Planning Commission	Bradenton Housing Authority
Merit Board	Police Pension Board
Tree and Land Preservation Board	Central Community Redevelopment Agency
Fire Pension Board	Nuisance Abatement Board
Grievance Board	

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Property taxes, grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considered property taxes and other revenue sources as available if they were collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to the net pension liability, compensated absences, claims and judgments, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB), are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- a. The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The *State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIPP) Fund* is used to account for the receipt, custody and expenditures of State Housing Initiatives Partnership grant funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- a. The *Water and Sewer Fund* is used to account for the activities of the City's water and wastewater utility. The City operates the water and sewer treatment plants, sewage pumping stations and collection system, the storm water runoff system, and the water distribution system.
- b. The *Sanitation Fund* is used to account for the activities of the City's solid waste collection.
- c. The *Parking Fund* is used to account for the activities of the City's public parking function.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- a. *Internal service funds* account for the property insurance, medical self-insurance, and workers' compensation self-insurance provided to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.
- b. The *pension trust funds* account for the activities of the City's fire and police pension trust funds, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified fire and police pension employees.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are Payments in Lieu of Taxes, and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water/sewer, parking and sanitation enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The water/sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

a. Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City maintains a pool of cash and investments in which each fund participates on a dollar equivalent and transaction basis. The balance of the pooled cash is reflected in the balance sheet or statement of net position, and each fund's portion of the pooled investments is reflected in the balance sheets or statement of net position as "cash and cash equivalents." Interest is distributed monthly based upon an average monthly balance. The investments of the police and fire pension trust funds are held by an investment banker selected by the respective individual pension board's Investment Committee.

State statutes authorize the City to invest its surplus public funds in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities of the U.S. Government and interest-bearing time deposits with banks and/or savings and loans who qualify as authorized depositories under Florida law or according to the City's established investment policy statement. In addition to state statutes, the City is also authorized to invest surplus funds in accordance with the City of Bradenton Investment Policy Statement. The pension trust funds are also authorized to invest in corporate stocks, bonds and commercial paper subject to certain restrictions.

Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Board of Administration Pooled Trust Fund (LGIP) operates in accordance with the appropriate state laws and regulations. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales quote at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value, based on market indicators regarded as measures of equity or fixed income performance results. The City does not have a significant amount of investments valued at other-than-quoted market prices. Amortization of premium and accretion of discount on investments purchased are not recorded over the term of the investment. The effect of this policy on the financial statements of the various funds is not significant. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

The Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIVT) is an authorized investment under section 218.415(15), Florida Statutes, for units of local government in the State of Florida. It was created to offer diversified and professionally managed portfolios for the investment of the assets of participating municipalities. The Trustees of the Trust are designated as having official custody of the funds, which are invested by the purchase of shares of beneficial interest in the Trust. The Trust operates as a fiduciary trust fund under governmental accounting rules that require the Trust to prepare a series of financial statements. The FMIVT is a Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and, therefore, considered an external investment pool for GASB reporting purposes. The City's investment is the FMIVT portfolio, not the individual securities held within each portfolio.

b. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Customer accounts (trade) receivables in the Water and Sewer Fund are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles of \$190,000.

c. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost (using average cost) in governmental-type funds and the lower of cost (average cost) or net realizable value in business-type funds. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

d. Restricted assets

The City had no restricted assets as of September 30, 2019.

e. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two (2) years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of the donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the City's projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Property, plants and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 - 50 years
Equipment	2 - 35 years
Infrastructure	50 - 75 years

f. Compensated absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation pay and the benefits associated with it are accrued when incurred in all proprietary fund types. In governmental fund types, the cost of vacation pay is recognized when payments are made to employees or when matured, as a result of employee resignation or retirement. The general fund is the primary fund utilized to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Sick leave is not recorded in the financial statements because sick leave is not vested.

g. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

h. Fund equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as “fund balance.” Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as “net position.”

Fund Balance: Generally, fund balance represents the balance of assets and deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- *Non-spendable:* Fund balances are reported as “non-spendable” when amounts cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted:* Fund balances are reported as “restricted” when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

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- *Committed:* Fund balances are reported as “committed” when they can be used for only specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City Council may modify or rescind the commitment, also through a resolution.
- *Assigned:* Fund balances are reported as “assigned” when amounts are constrained by the City’s intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has adopted a fund balance policy that has authorized the City Clerk and Treasurer to assign fund balances.
- *Unassigned:* Fund balances are reported as “unassigned” as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balances only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in the other funds.

Emergency and Disaster Reserve: The City maintains in the General Fund's committed fund balance not less than 10% of the total budgeted operating expenditures of the current fiscal year to be used for an Emergency and Disaster Reserve in accordance with the fund balance policy adopted by the City Council. This balance is needed to prepare for events including, but not limited to revenue declines (whether anticipated or unforeseen), unanticipated expenditures, and/ or unfunded mandates that exceed 5% of the General Fund operating expenditures. If these revenues are utilized for the above purposes, the City should attempt to replenish this reserve as soon as economically feasible. The balance is \$4,175,148 as of September 30, 2019.

Net Position: Net position represents the difference between the assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities, deferred inflows of resources. In the Statement of Net Position, the net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations. All net positions not reported as net investment in capital assets and restricted net position, are reported as unrestricted net position.

Flow Assumption: The City spends “restricted” amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing so. Additionally, the City would first use “committed” fund balance, followed by “assigned” fund balance and then “unassigned” fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

i. Deferred outflows / inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditure) until then. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category. One element relates to the offset of the fair market value of the City’s swap agreement, another one is the loss on debt refunding, and the other relates to the City’s pension and OPEB plans, discussed below. As certain swap agreements qualify as effective hedges, the change in the fair market value occurs each year, and the liability and the deferred outflow are adjusted.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has the following items, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. The City's type

City of Bradenton, Florida
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of deferred inflows relates to the City's pension and OPEB plans that is reported only in the statement of net position. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from long-term receivable transactions and these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available.

Pension Plan and OPEB Adjustments: These deferred items are recognized and measured in financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The deferral is for changes in the net pension liability that are not included in pension expense, as well as total OPEB liability not included in OPEB expense, and must be amortized in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period depending on cause beginning with the current period. These causes may include changes of future economic and demographic assumptions or other inputs, differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors, and differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability are required to be reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to governmental units, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The appropriated budget is the expenditure authority created by the Appropriation Resolution, which is entered into by City Council along with related estimated revenues for all funds.

Each fund's appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line-item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by fund, by department, and by character (personal services, operating expenditures, capital outlay, debt service, and grants and aid). The legal level of control is the total fund appropriation. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. All budgetary revisions at this level are subject to final review by Bradenton's City Council. Within the control levels, management may transfer appropriations without formal Council approval. Revisions to the budget are made throughout the year. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to October 1, the City Clerk and Treasurer submits a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, by fund.
- b. Prior to October 1, public hearings are conducted by the City to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to October 1, a budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution which restricts total expenditures by fund.

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Budgets for governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, on the modified accrual basis. The budgets for proprietary fund operations are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America except that they exclude depreciation and the results of capitalizing interest income and expense relative to construction projects on tax-exempt borrowings. Separate budgets are also adopted to control payment of revenue bond principal and interest and capital outlay for proprietary funds on a non-GAAP basis. Appropriations lapse at year end. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds. The presented budgetary information has been amended in a legally permissible manner.

Deficit Fund Equity

For the year ending September 30, 2019, no funds have a deficit fund balance.

NOTE C – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

At September 30, 2019, the City’s cash-in-bank was fully insured by Federal Depository Insurance and the multiple financial collateral pool required by Sections 280.07 and 280.08, Florida Statutes. Hence, there is no custodial credit risk for the deposits of the City and/or its component units.

City Pooled Investments

As of September 30, 2019, the City (excluding the police and fire pension funds) had the following investments:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Less than 1 Year</u>	<u>Years 1-5</u>	<u>Years 6-10</u>	<u>Years More Than 10</u>	<u>Average Rating</u>
U.S. Government securities	\$ 17,500,171	2,955,962	9,909,561	4,634,648	-	Aaa
FMIvT	3,921,085	3,921,085	-	-	-	AAA/S1-S3
FLClass	1,034,657	1,034,657	-	-	-	-
Corporate bonds	18,824,561	2,854,965	13,700,353	1,768,587	500,656	Aaa-/Baa3
Mortgage backed	424,298	255,428	143,096	25,774	-	NR
Certificate of deposits	6,195,535	6,195,535	-	-	-	NR
Asset backed securities	1,477,110	475,239	1,001,871	-	-	AAA
State investment pool	62,156,020	62,156,020	-	-	-	AAAm
Money market fund	28,770,473	28,770,473	-	-	-	NR
Total fair value	<u>\$ 140,303,910</u>	<u>108,619,364</u>	<u>24,754,881</u>	<u>6,429,009</u>	<u>500,656</u>	

Reconciliation to Financial Statements	
Pooled investments, above	\$ 140,303,910
Pooled cash	2,265,805
Nonpooled cash and cash on hand	5,590,029
	<u>\$ 148,159,744</u>
Statement of Net Position	
Cash and investments	\$ 148,159,744
	<u>\$ 148,159,744</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City’s investment performance is measured and compared to the Barclay’s Aggregate Intermediate Bond Index and ranked against an appropriate peer group of fixed-income managers over rolling three to five-year periods. By mirroring the Barclay’s Aggregate Intermediate Bond Index, the portfolio is being measured against a relatively short-term conservative index. The City has no formal interest rate policy. The City uses the

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weighted average maturity method (WAM) for its FMIvT 0-2 Year High Quality Bond (Modified Duration of 0.80 and WAM of 0.86), the 1-3 Year High Quality Bond (Modified Duration of 1.61 and WAM of 1.69), and the Intermediate HQ Bond Fund (Modified Duration of 3.36 and WAM of 3.59).

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the quantity of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City investment pools have no concentration of credit risk.

Credit risk results from potential default of investments that are not financially sound.

The City invests funds throughout the year with the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (SBA), an investment pool administered by the State Board of Administration under regulatory oversight of the State of Florida. Throughout the year and as of September 30, 2019, the SBA contained certain floating and adjustable-rate securities which were indexed based on the prime rate and/or one- and three-month LIBOR rates. The SBA Fund A met the criteria to be "2A-7 Like" as defined in GASB 31 and the City held \$62,156,020 in the SBA at September 30, 2019. Furthermore, the City's investment policy limits its domestic corporate bond issues with an investment grade rating (within top four rating classifications with the lowest rating not below Baa3/BBB- by Moody's or Standard & Poor's), obligations of the United States Government or any agency or instrument thereof and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States Government obligations, and provided that such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian. Funds held with the SBA are recognized at amortized cost.

The City invests funds through the Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FL SAFE) which is a local government investment pool (LGIP) trust fund, organized under Florida Statutes 163-01, et seq, to be a Stable Net Asset Value investment pool. As such a LGIP trust, FL SAFE pools and invests the funds of its Florida local government participants within the Investment Policy, established by the FL SAFE Board, and limitation set forth in the Indenture of Trust. FL SAFE is overseen by a Board of Trustees comprised of Florida local government officials, who are themselves participants in FL SAFE as the investment officer or designee for their own local government. The primary objectives of FL SAFE are to provide safety, liquidity, transparency and yield for Florida government entities. The fund includes a liquid money market like investment, called the "FL SAFE Fund" and one or more Term Series portfolios, as may be established from time to time, each of which has a fixed duration. The Fund has received and maintained a AAAM rating since 2007 from Standard and Poor's ("S&P"). According to S&P's rating criteria, the AAAM rating signifies excellent safety of invested principal and a superior capacity to maintain a \$1.00 per share net asset value. Funds held with the FL SAFE are recognized at net asset value.

FMIvT investment guidelines state that each fund will seek to maintain a bond fund credit rating from a nationally recognized statistical rating organization of AAA. Funds having an AAA bond fund credit rating are composed of a preponderance of assets that carry the highest credit ratings from a NRSRO. Funds having an AA bond fund credit rating are composed of a large percentage of assets that carry the highest credit rating from a NRSRO. The funds may invest in corporate bonds issued by any corporation in the United States of America with at least an A rating and collateralized mortgage obligations having a rating of AAA. The City invested in the FMIvT 0-2 Year High Quality Bond, the 1-3 Year High Quality Bond, and the Intermediate HQ Bond Fund. At September 30, 2019, Fitch rated the portfolio investments as AAAs/S1, AAAs/S2, and AAAs/S3, respectively. Funds held with FMIvT are recognized at fair value based on the FMIvT portfolio, not the individual securities held within each FMIvT portfolio.

The City also invests funds through the Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS). FLCLASS follows Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Topic (ASC) 820 Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure for financial reporting purposes. FLCLASS does not meet all of the specific

City of Bradenton, Florida
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criteria outlined in GASB 79 Paragraph 4 therefore the City measures its investments at fair value as provided in Paragraph 11 of GASB Statement 31, as amended. FLCLASS is rated by S&P Global Ratings and the current rating is AAAM.

The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of FLCLASS at September 30, 2019 is 50 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating rate securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of FLCLASS at September 30, 2019 is 72 days.

Rate of return – For the year ended September 30, 2019 the annual money-weighted rate of return on the City’s investments, net of City’s investment expense, was 4.39 percent. The money-weighted rate of return express investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Custodial credit risk investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City investment pool does not hold investments or collateral securities that have a custodial credit risk exposure.

Fair Value Measurements - The City categorizes its fair value measurements within fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation of inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, primarily fixed income prices provided by a vendor or broker/dealer; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2019:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
U.S. Government securities	\$ 17,500,171	-	17,500,171	-
FMIvT	3,921,085	-	3,921,085	-
FLClass	1,034,657	-	1,034,657	-
Corporate bonds	18,824,561	-	18,824,561	-
Mortgage backed	424,298	-	424,298	-
Money market funds	2,833,536	2,833,536	-	-
Asset backed securities	1,477,110	-	1,477,110	-
Total investments by fair value level	46,015,418	2,833,536	43,181,882	-
Investments not subject to level disclosure:				
Certificate of deposits	6,195,535	-	-	-
Money market	25,936,937	-	-	-
State investment pool	62,156,020	-	-	-
	\$ 140,303,910			
Investment derivative instruments:				
Interest rate swaps for loans	\$ 360,271	-	360,271	-
	\$ 360,271	-	360,271	-

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Police Pension Fund

The police pension fund has an established investment policy under which the general investment objective is to obtain a reasonable total rate of return—defined as interest and dividend income plus realized and unrealized capital gains or losses—that is greater than the actuarial interest rate assumption on an annual basis and over rolling three-year periods. Additionally, the trustees, in performing their investment duties, shall comply with fiduciary standards set forth in the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 19 U.S.C. s 1104 (a) (1) (A)-(C).

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1 Year	Years 1-5	Years 6-10	Years More Than 10	Average Rating
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 4,952,011	126,321	2,949,948	1,875,742	-	Aaa
Corporate bonds	3,341,551	326,739	2,021,922	822,982	169,908	Aaa-/Baa3
Domestic stock	18,031,477	18,031,477	-	-	-	NR
Convertible preferred stock	1,851,855	1,851,855	-	-	-	NR
Convertible corporate bonds	4,559,077	101,684	3,073,562	1,102,034	281,797	A3/Ba1
Foreign stock	1,091,378	1,091,378	-	-	-	NR
Mutual funds	23,857,423	23,857,423	-	-	-	NR
Collateralized mortgage backed	463,109	-	271,850	191,259	-	Aaa-/Baa3
Asset backed bonds	536,401	198,656	337,745	-	-	AAA
Real estate	7,621,884	7,621,884	-	-	-	NR
Money market/cash	11,673,817	11,673,817	-	-	-	NR
Total fair value	<u>\$ 77,979,983</u>	<u>64,881,234</u>	<u>8,655,027</u>	<u>3,992,017</u>	<u>451,705</u>	

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The police pension fund realizes that reasonable consistency of return and protection of assets against the inroads of inflation are paramount. However, the volatility of interest rates and securities markets make it necessary to judge results within the context of several years rather than over short periods of one or two years or less. The police pension fund has no formal interest rate policy.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the quantity of the government's investment in a single issuer. The police pension fund has no concentration of credit risk. The investments held by the police pension fund shall be diversified to the extent practical to control the risk of loss resulting from overconcentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, instrument, dealer, or bank in which financial instruments are bought and sold.

Credit risk. The fixed income securities are limited to those traded on a recognized national exchange or over-the-counter, and rated within the top four ratings (Standard & Poor's AAA, AA, A, BBB or Moody's Aaa, Aa, A, Baa). However, at least 80% of the fixed income must be rated within the top three ratings.

Rate of return – For the year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the plan investments, net of the plan's investment expense, was 5.90 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Custodial credit risk—investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the police pension fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The police pension fund does not hold investments or collateral securities that have a custodial credit risk exposure.

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Foreign currency risk is the risk that foreign currencies will fluctuate relative to the U.S. dollar, but it is believed the diversification benefits outweigh the potential risks. The City has nominal exposure to foreign currencies due to investments in non-U.S. markets implemented through our money managers' portfolios.

Other limitations. The police pension fund limits its investments as follows: Not more than 5% of the fund's assets at cost shall be invested in the common stock or capital stock of any one issuing company, nor shall the aggregate investment in any one issuing company exceed 5% of the outstanding capital stock of the company. The REITs that trade on a major exchange shall not exceed 10% of the fund's assets at cost.

Fair Value Measurements. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation of inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, primarily fixed income prices provided by a vendor or broker/dealer; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Police Pension Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2019:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
U.S Government securities	\$ 4,952,011	-	4,952,011	-
Corporate bonds	3,341,551	-	3,341,551	-
Domestic stock	18,031,477	18,031,477	-	-
Convertible preferred stock	1,851,855	-	1,851,855	-
Convertible corporate bonds	4,559,077	-	4,559,077	-
Foreign stock	1,091,378	1,091,378	-	-
Mutual funds	23,857,423	19,339,493	4,517,930	-
Collateralized mortgage backed	463,109	-	463,109	-
Asset backed bonds	536,401	-	536,401	-
Total investments by fair value level	<u>58,684,282</u>	<u>38,462,348</u>	<u>20,221,934</u>	<u>-</u>
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV):				
Real estate	<u>7,621,884</u>			
Total investments measured at NAV	<u>7,621,884</u>			
Total investments measured at fair value	<u>66,306,166</u>			
Investments not subject to level disclosure:				
Money market/cash	<u>11,673,817</u>			
	<u>\$ 77,979,983</u>			

Real estate funds. This type includes two real estate funds that invest primarily in U.S. commercial real estate. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. Because it is not probable that any individual investment will be sold, the fair value of each individual investment has been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. Once it has been determined which investments will be sold and whether those investments will be sold individually or in a group, the investments will be sold in an auction process. The investee fund's management is required to approve of the buyer before the sale of the investments can be completed. There were no known unfunded commitments for the City's funds.

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Firefighters' Pension Fund

The firefighters' pension fund has an established investment policy under which the primary objective is to earn a total rate of return of a target index. The target index for the Bradenton Firefighters' Pension Fund is defined as a 18% investment in the S&P 500, 27% investment in the Russell 1000 Stock Index; a 15% investment in the MSCI ACWI ex-US, a 20% investment in the Bloomberg Barclays Intermediate Aggregate Index, a 5% investment in the Bloomberg Barclays Global Credit (Hedged) Index, a 5% in Bloomberg Barclays US Treasuries Inflation Linked Index, and 10% in NCREIF ODCE Index. On a relative basis, it is expected that the total portfolio performance will rank in the top 40th percentile of the appropriate peer universe over three and five-year time periods. On an absolute basis, the objective is that the return of the total portfolio will equal or exceed the actuarial earnings assumption (7.75%) and provide inflation protection by meeting Consumer Price Index plus 2.5%.

Other objectives of the firefighters' pension fund are as follows:

Equity Performance – The combined equity portion of the portfolio, defined as common stocks and convertible bonds, is expected to perform at a rate at least equal to the 75% S&P 500 Index, 25% MSCI World x-U.S. Index. Individual components of the equity portfolio will be compared to the specific benchmarks defined in each Investment Manager addendum. All portfolios are expected to rank in the top 40th percentile of the appropriate peer universe over three and five-year time periods. The equities must adhere to the following guidelines: a) must be traded on a national exchange or electronic network, b) not more than 5% of the Plan's assets, at the time of purchase, shall be invested in the common stock, capital stock or convertible stock of any one issuing company, nor shall the aggregate investment in any one issuing company exceed 5% of the outstanding capital stock of the company, and c) additional criteria may be outlined in the manager's addendum.

Fixed Income Performance – The overall objective of the fixed income portion of the portfolio is to add stability and liquidity to the total portfolio. The fixed income portion of the portfolio is expected to perform at a rate at least equal to the Bank of America Merrill Lynch Capital U.S. Intermediate Domestic Master Bond Index. All portfolios are expected to rank in the top 40th percentile of the appropriate peer universe over three and five-year time periods. The fixed income must adhere to the following guidelines; a) all direct investment in fixed income investments shall have a minimum average categorical rating of "Investment Grade" or higher as reported by a major credit rating service, b) The value of bonds issued by any single corporation shall not exceed 3% of the total fund, and c) Additional criteria may be outlined in the manager's addendum.

Treasury Inflation Protection Securities (TIPS) – The overall objective of the TIPS portfolio is to provide inflation protection while adding stability to the total fund. The TIPS portfolio is expected to approximate the structure and performance of the Bloomberg Barclays US Treasuries Inflation Linked Index.

Alternative (Real Estate) - The overall objective of the alternative portion of the portfolio is to provide an attractive level of income with minimal volatility to the fund. This portion of the fund is expected to provide an absolute rate of return, and as benchmarked to the NCREIF ODCE Index.

The firefighters' pension plan investment policy further limits risk by: (1) investing in equity securities that do not exceed 70% at market of the fund's total market value, (2) foreign securities shall not exceed 25% of Plan's market value, and (3) all securities must be readily marketable.

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Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1 Year	Years 1-5	Years 6-10	Years More Than 10	Average Rating
Government securities	\$ 3,786,984	418,916	1,668,008	1,186,546	513,514	AA+
Mortgage backed securities	1,922,129	-	97,438	229,144	1,595,547	AA+
Corporate bonds	4,732,811	-	2,244,760	1,652,615	835,436	AAA/BBB-
Municipal securities	185,766	100,039	85,727	-	-	AA+/BBB
Domestic stocks	33,531,774	33,531,774	-	-	-	NR
Real estate investment trust	8,431,343	8,431,343	-	-	-	NR
Foreign stocks	4,626,240	-	-	-	-	NR
Money market	1,017,378	1,017,378	-	-	-	NR
Total fair value	<u>\$ 58,234,425</u>	<u>48,125,690</u>	<u>4,095,933</u>	<u>3,068,305</u>	<u>2,944,497</u>	

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The objective of the firefighters' pension fund is to preserve the purchasing power of the fund's assets and earn a reasonable rate of return (after inflation) over the long term while minimizing the short-term volatility of results. The firefighters' pension fund has no formal interest rate policy.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the quality of the government's investment in a single issuer. The firefighters' pension fund has no concentration of credit risk.

Rate of return – For the year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 2.34 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Credit risk. The firefighters' pension fund investment guidelines are in accordance with Section 112.661, Florida Statutes.

The following is the target asset allocation for the entire Bradenton Firefighters' Retirement System (based on the market value of invested assets).

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Range Allocation	Target Benchmark
Total Domestic Equity			
Domestic Core	18%	10% 25%	S & P 500
Domestic Value	13.5%	5.0% 20%	Russell 1000 Growth
Domestic Growth	13.5%	5.0% 20%	Russell 1000 Growth
Total International Equity			
International Equity	15%	10% 20%	MSCI ACWI ex U.S.
Total Fixed Income			
Domestic Fixed Income	20%	15% 25%	Bloomberg Barclays Intermediate Aggregate
Global Fixed Income	5%	-% 10%	Bloomberg Barclays Global Credit (Hedged)
TIPS	5%	-% 7%	Bloomberg Barclays US Treasuries Inflation Linked
Real Estate	10%	-% 15%	NCREIF ODCE

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Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the firefighters' pension fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The firefighters' pension fund does not believe that it has a custodial risk exposure as all of its securities are insured, registered, and held by an outside custodian.

Foreign currency risk is the risk that foreign currencies will fluctuate relative to the U.S. dollar, but it is believed the diversification benefits outweigh the potential risks. The City has nominal exposure to foreign currencies due to investments in non-U.S. markets implemented through our money managers' portfolios.

Other limitations. The firefighters' pension fund investments in Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs) shall be limited to 15% of the market value of the total fixed income portfolio and shall be restricted to those issues backed by securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), or the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA). Also, the investments must pass the FFIEC High Risk Security Test on an annual basis. Any security in the portfolio that fails the FFIEC test shall be sold at the earliest beneficial opportunity.

Fair Value Measurements. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation of inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, primarily fixed income prices provided by a vendor or broker/dealer; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Fund holds units in investments in which the fair value is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient.

The Fund does not anticipate restrictions, other than those outlined in the table below, on the ability to sell individual investments at the measurement date. Additionally, the Fund does not anticipate that NAV-driven investments will become redeemable at valuations materially different from the corresponding NAV listed below. The Fund has no prescribed time frame to liquidate the investments.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

The Firefighters' Pension Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2019:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Mortgage backed securities	\$ 1,922,129	-	1,922,129	-
Government securities	3,786,984	-	3,786,984	-
Corporate bonds	4,732,811	-	4,732,811	-
Municipal securities	185,766	-	185,766	-
Domestic stocks	26,767,687	26,767,687	-	-
Total investments by fair value level	37,395,377	26,767,687	10,627,690	-
		Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period	
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV):				
Collective Funds:				
U.S. Enhanced Plus Fund, LLC	6,764,087	Anytime	4 Days	
International Funds:				
International Equity Fund	4,626,240	Monthly	5 Days	
Real Estate Investment Trust:				
U.S. Real Investment Fund, LLC	6,991,506	Quarterly	90-179 Days	
ASB Allegiance Fund	1,439,837	Quarterly	30 Days	
Total investments measured at NAV	19,821,670			
Total investments measured at fair value	57,217,047			
Investments not subject to level disclosure:				
Short term investments and money market	1,017,378			
	\$ 58,234,425			

ASB Allegiance Fund

ASB Allegiance Real Estate Fund, LP is an open-ended, commingled real estate private equity investment vehicle, which was converted from ASB Allegiance Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, on September 20, 2012 to a Delaware limited partnership. The conversion was executed to enable ASB Allegiance Real Estate Fund (the "Fund") to increase its transaction and operational flexibility, capture additional property income and attract new sources of capital.

The Fund is an open-ended commingled collective investment fund established in 1984 as a means for collective investment in real estate assets by qualified employee benefit plans. The Fund is managed by Chevy Chase Trust Company (the "Trustee"), in accordance with the Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust dated January 1, 2010. ASB Capital Management, LLC (the "Investment Advisor"), an investment advisor registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, is the investment advisor for both the Partnership and the Fund. The Trustee and the Investment Advisor are affiliated through common ownership, directors and officers.

U.S. Real Estate Investment Fund, LLC

U.S. Real Estate Investment Fund, LLC is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Delaware on July 31, 2006 pursuant to the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act. The Fund commenced operations on January 1, 2007. The Fund's investment objectives are to invest in a pool of real estate assets that are diversified by geography and property type, with a focus on yield-driven investments and, to a lesser extent, on value-added investments. The Manager of the Fund is Intercontinental Real Estate Corporation. The Fund is an open-end, commingled real estate investment fund and is intended to have an indefinite term. The Fund may be terminated by the Manager or by the written consent of the members collectively owning not less than two-thirds of the outstanding interest.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

U.S. Enhanced Plus Fund, LLC

INTECH U.S. Enhanced Plus Fund, LLC (the "Fund") is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Delaware. The investment objective of the Fund is to outperform the S&P 500 Index (the "Index") when evaluated over rolling three and five-year periods. The Index is a commonly recognized, market-capitalization weighted index of 500 widely held equity securities designed to measure broad U.S. equity performance. The Fund will try to accomplish this by investing primarily in certain common stocks of companies selected from the universe of the Index, using proprietary mathematical investment processes and optimization technology. State Street Bank and Trust Company ("State Street Bank") is custodian of the Fund. Janus Capital Management, LLC ("Janus Capital") is the Fund's Investment Manager ("Investment Manager"). INTECH Investment Management, LLC ("INTECH") has been appointed by Janus Capital to serve as subadvisor, with day-to-day responsibilities for managing the Fund's investment portfolio.

International Equity Fund

The International Equity Fund was formed under an agreement of a trust. Effective May 31, 2015, the fund changed its name from RBC GAM International Fund to International Equity Fund. State Street Bank and Trust Company is the trustee, custodian and recordkeeper of the fund. RBC Global Asset Management, Inc. is the fund's investment manager. Polaris Capital Management, Inc. is the fund's subadvisor. The investment objective of the fund is to seek long-term growth of capital, primarily through a diversified portfolio of non-U.S. equity securities that the subadvisor believes to be undervalued.

NOTE D – NOTES RECEIVABLE

Manatee Players, Inc.

In May 2016, the City loaned the Manatee Players, Inc. (a Florida nonprofit corporation) \$2,300,000. Manatee Players, Inc. is to repay the loan, with interest on the principal advanced, at a rate of 2.00% per annum. Manatee Players, Inc. shall pay to the City interest only payments on the daily outstanding principal balance of this note, annually, beginning May 3, 2017 and continuing on the same day each year through May 3, 2019, the maturity date. Upon the maturity date, all principal and outstanding accrued interest shall be due and payable. Notwithstanding the foregoing, provided no uncured default exists under the loan documents, Manatee Players, Inc. has the option to elect two (2) additional extensions of the maturity date of one (1) year each, individually. Manatee Players, Inc. has elected the first year extension making the new maturity date of the loan May 3, 2020.

Other

The City has other long-term receivables in the amount of \$2,609,921. These receivables represent amounts owed by individuals in conjunction with the rehabilitation of private property and financing for locally owned businesses.

The total amount of long-term receivables discussed above is \$4,909,921 and is included within the governmental activities total accounts receivable balance in the statement of net position as of September 30, 2019.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

NOTE E – PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are levied on November 1 of each year and are payable upon receipt of the Notice of Tax Levy. The Manatee County Tax Collector’s Office bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the City.

The tax rate to finance general governmental services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was \$5.8976 per \$1,000 of assessed taxable property value. Property tax revenues are currently recognized in the fiscal year during which the taxes are levied.

On May 1 of each year, unpaid taxes become a lien on the property. The past-due tax certificates are sold at public auction and the proceeds collected are remitted to the City.

No accrual for the property tax levy becoming due in November 2019 is included in the accompanying financial statements since such taxes do not meet the necessary measurable and available criteria. The City of Bradenton (Manatee County) property tax calendar is as follows:

July 1	Assessment roll validated
September 30	Millage resolution approved
October 1	Beginning of fiscal year for which tax is to be levied
November 1	Tax bills rendered
November 1 – March 31	Property taxes due with various discount rates
April 1	Taxes delinquent
May 31	Tax certificates sold by Manatee County

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 10,656,764	228,846	-	-	\$ 10,885,610
Construction in progress	334,246	1,632,094	163,451	-	1,802,889
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>10,991,010</u>	<u>1,860,940</u>	<u>163,451</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>12,688,499</u>
Other capital assets					
Buildings	40,427,632	140,085	-	-	40,567,717
Other improvements	19,789,163	1,119,936	-	-	20,909,099
Machinery and equipment	19,548,116	2,669,456	1,226,875	(13,716)	20,976,981
Infrastructure	26,221,517	-	-	-	26,221,517
Total other capital assets at historical cost	<u>105,986,428</u>	<u>3,929,477</u>	<u>1,226,875</u>	<u>(13,716)</u>	<u>108,675,314</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	16,984,460	1,147,855	-	-	18,132,315
Other improvements	9,337,022	599,430	-	-	9,936,452
Machinery and equipment	12,706,991	1,672,934	1,222,422	(13,716)	13,143,787
Infrastructure	8,253,703	727,735	-	-	8,981,438
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>47,282,176</u>	<u>4,147,954</u>	<u>1,222,422</u>	<u>(13,716)</u>	<u>50,193,992</u>
Governmental activities capital assets	<u>\$ 69,695,262</u>	<u>1,642,463</u>	<u>167,904</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 71,169,821</u>
Business-type activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 5,573,473	-	-	-	\$ 5,573,473
Construction in progress	20,714,803	16,524,575	33,214,302	-	4,025,076
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>26,288,276</u>	<u>16,524,575</u>	<u>33,214,302</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,598,549</u>
Other capital assets					
Buildings	27,304,215	15,006,324	-	-	42,310,539
Other improvements	140,277,565	497,257	-	196,891	140,971,713
Machinery and equipment	20,056,719	1,380,208	1,576,164	(420,614)	19,440,149
Infrastructure	29,762,970	18,604,487	-	-	48,367,457
Total other capital assets at historical cost	<u>217,401,469</u>	<u>35,488,276</u>	<u>1,576,164</u>	<u>(223,723)</u>	<u>251,089,858</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	14,512,805	511,237	-	-	15,024,042
Other improvements	119,027,479	2,043,326	-	49,223	121,120,028
Machinery and equipment	13,023,309	1,954,293	1,299,128	(272,946)	13,405,528
Infrastructure	3,587,506	818,110	-	-	4,405,616
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>150,151,099</u>	<u>5,326,966</u>	<u>1,299,128</u>	<u>(223,723)</u>	<u>153,955,214</u>
Business-type activities capital assets	<u>\$ 93,538,646</u>	<u>46,685,885</u>	<u>33,491,338</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 106,733,193</u>

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 636,456
Public safety	1,017,743
Transportation	435,484
Community development	9,524
Culture and recreation	1,655,266
CRA's	393,481
Total governmental activities, depreciation expense	<u>\$ 4,147,954</u>
Business-type activities	
Water-sewer utility	\$ 3,393,028
Stormwater	594,551
Sanitation	999,528
Parking	220,442
Golf course	119,417
Total business-type activities, depreciation expense	<u>\$ 5,326,966</u>

Commitments

Commitments under uncompleted construction projects at September 30, 2019, consist of the following:

	Amounts Authorized	Expended to Date	Committed
Capital project funds			
Shuffleboard Courts	\$ 116,296	66,296	50,000
Glazier Gates	1,050,864	300,864	750,000
Riverwalk - Master Plan	2,899,319	179,319	2,720,000
Streetscape	5,958,568	1,099,563	4,859,005
River District Lighting	480,146	146	480,000
Fire Station #3	2,806,699	156,699	2,650,000
Enterprise funds			
Water Treatment Plant Projects	457,832	225,699	232,133
Injection Well at WWTP	2,013,649	219,369	1,794,280
Chloramination Booster	130,051	951	129,100
Mechanical Bar Screen	252,048	37,865	214,183
Injection Well at Wastewater Treatment Plant	3,500,014	270	3,499,744
Miscellaneous Sewer Linings	515,419	285,008	230,411
Water Main Replacement	1,966,609	1,693,246	273,363
Miscellaneous Pipe Repairs	253,987	151,018	102,969
Oak Street Drainage Improvements	330,636	104,173	226,463
Meter Replacements	1,092,361	730,429	361,932
Total	<u>\$ 23,824,498</u>	<u>5,250,915</u>	<u>18,573,583</u>

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

NOTE G – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund due to/due from balances at September 30, 2019, consisted of:

		Due to:
		General Fund
Due from:	State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program	\$ 2,628
	Nonmajor Governmental	2,013
		\$ 4,641

All advances are from loans made to establish working capital; there are budgeted collections for the subsequent year.

		Advances from:
		General
Advances to:	Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 366,629
	Sanitation	788,270
		\$ 1,154,899

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that: (1) interfund goods and services are provided and reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2019, consisted of:

		Transfers to:					
		General Fund	Parking	Sanitation	Property Insurance	Nonmajor Governmental	Total
Transfers from:	General Fund	\$ -	499,272	82,399	-	6,362,520	6,944,191
	Water and Sewer	655,500	-	-	-	-	655,500
	Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Program	-	-	-	555,080	-	555,080
	Nonmajor Governmental	2,255,961	600,000	-	-	-	2,855,961
	Total	\$ 2,911,461	1,099,272	82,399	555,080	6,362,520	11,010,732

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues *from* the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them *to* the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to debt service *from* the funds collecting the receipts *to* the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budget authorizations.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

NOTE H – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-Term Liability Activity

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, is shown below and on the following page.

Payments on bonds and notes that pertain to the City’s governmental activities are made by the debt service fund. The compensated absences liability, net pension liabilities and OPEB liability, attributed to governmental activities, will be liquidated by the general fund, as in prior years. The respective fund has been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences and OPEB obligation in business-type activities. Payments on notes payable for the Central Community Redevelopment Area and the 14th Street Redevelopment Area are paid out of their respective individual funds.

	Beginning Balance	Additions	(Reductions)	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	Amounts Due In More Than One Year
Governmental activities						
Notes payable - direct borrowings						
Promissory note, franchise fees	\$ 828,445	-	(828,445)	-	-	-
CCRA, Series 2005A	446,872	-	(60,963)	385,909	63,521	322,388
CCRA, Series 2005A	1,207,479	-	(156,844)	1,050,635	166,050	884,585
Total notes payable	<u>2,482,796</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,046,252)</u>	<u>1,436,544</u>	<u>229,571</u>	<u>1,206,973</u>
Bonds payable						
Special Obligation Revenue Bond, Series 2012	5,718,703	-	(332,885)	5,385,818	343,137	5,042,681
Special Obligation Revenue Bond, Series 2016	13,255,000	-	(480,000)	12,775,000	495,000	12,280,000
Series 2016 Premium	1,540,048	-	(137,576)	1,402,472	-	1,402,472
BCRA, Tax Increment Revenue Bond, Series 2011	4,950,000	-	(175,000)	4,775,000	180,000	4,595,000
Series 2011 Premium	61,260	-	(3,604)	57,656	-	57,656
Total bonds payable	<u>25,525,011</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,129,065)</u>	<u>24,395,946</u>	<u>1,018,137</u>	<u>23,377,809</u>
Estimated claims payable (internal service funds)	1,231,252	6,013,991	(6,130,678)	1,114,565	111,457	1,003,108
Swap rate agreement liability	133,357	1,029	-	134,386	-	134,386
Net pension liability	21,337,749	18,280,063	(14,238,819)	25,378,993	-	25,378,993
OPEB liability	16,126,682	3,423,908	(690,662)	18,859,928	-	18,859,928
Compensated absences	1,777,424	1,050,880	(1,005,889)	1,822,415	648,144	1,174,271
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 68,614,271</u>	<u>28,769,871</u>	<u>(24,241,365)</u>	<u>73,142,777</u>	<u>2,007,309</u>	<u>71,135,468</u>

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Beginning Balance	Additions	(Reductions)	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	Amounts Due In More Than One Year
Business-type activities						
Notes payable - direct borrowings						
State Revolving Loan, Wastewater - WW68118P	\$ 201,779	-	(16,563)	185,216	17,064	168,152
State Revolving Loan, Stormwater - SW68117P	323,697	-	(26,655)	297,042	27,460	269,582
State Revolving Loan, Stormwater - SW410320	707,886	-	(39,952)	667,934	40,888	627,046
State Revolving Loan, Stormwater - SW410330	1,126,218	-	(58,999)	1,067,219	60,090	1,007,129
State Revolving Loan, Stormwater - SW410340	950,669	-	(47,623)	903,046	48,768	854,278
State Revolving Loan, Wastewater - WW410300	4,734,424	-	(296,329)	4,438,095	304,174	4,133,921
State Revolving Loan, Wastewater - WW410301	293,449	-	(18,792)	274,657	19,219	255,438
State Revolving Loan, Wastewater - WW410360	416,911	138,176	(10,954)	544,133	26,283	517,850
State Revolving Loan, Wastewater - WW410361	3,583,240	2,766,214	-	6,349,454	308,313	6,041,141
State Revolving Loan, Wastewater - WW410370	1,939,122	727,489	(142,629)	2,523,982	136,067	2,387,915
Promissory Note, Parking Garage Loan I	2,383,009	-	(344,277)	2,038,732	357,618	1,681,114
Promissory Note, Parking Garage Loan II	546,606	-	(66,526)	480,080	69,128	410,952
Promissory Note, Parking Garage Loan III	844,333	-	(98,733)	745,600	102,620	642,980
Total notes payable	18,051,343	3,631,879	(1,168,032)	20,515,190	1,517,692	18,997,498
Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A	7,595,000	-	(140,000)	7,455,000	180,000	7,275,000
Series 2018A Premium	398,604	-	(16,055)	382,549	-	382,549
Capital lease, sweepers	201,403	-	(58,315)	143,088	143,088	-
Capital lease, golf carts	180,432	-	(53,812)	126,620	53,812	72,808
Swap rate agreement liability	175,563	50,322	-	225,885	-	225,885
OPEB liability	7,098,828	1,240,151	(294,591)	8,044,388	-	8,044,388
Net pension liability	8,283,938	3,952,592	(3,018,042)	9,218,488	-	9,218,488
Customer deposits	1,428,666	520,991	(499,373)	1,450,284	-	1,450,284
Compensated absences	491,474	363,214	(331,119)	523,569	202,839	320,730
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 43,905,251	9,759,149	(5,579,339)	48,085,061	2,097,431	45,987,630

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Description of Debt	Governmental Activities
<u>Notes Payable</u>	
<p>\$6,113,889 Franchise Fees Promissory Note, Series 2000 was issued for the purpose of financing the construction of the City Centre. The Note was payable from and secured by a lien on certain franchise fees received by the City. The Note was repaid in fiscal year 2019. The interest rate on the note was 69% of the 30-day LIBOR rate as set at the beginning of each quarter and was payable quarterly. To lower the volatility of its borrowing cost, the original principal amount was swapped to an annual fixed rate of 5.25%.</p>	-
<p>\$1,000,000 Central Community Redevelopment Agency Promissory Note, Series 2005A: The purpose of this note was to refinance the CCRA Promissory Note, Series 2003 and to finance certain project costs. Interest and principal shall be due and payable in arrears on the first day of each and every February, May, August, and November. The interest rate on the note is 63.7% of the 30 day LIBOR rate plus 91 basis points as set at the beginning of each quarter and is payable quarterly. As a means of lowering its borrowing costs, the original principal amount was swapped to an annual fixed rate of 4.14%, payable in quarterly installments through February 1, 2025. Under terms of the Interest Rate Swap Agreement with Bank of America, the CCRA receives 63.7% of the 30 day LIBOR rate plus 91 basis points on the unamortized principal of the swap amount. Final maturity is February 1, 2025. This note has certain loan covenants which the CCRA is in compliance with as of September 30, 2019. Moneys derived from the Tax Increment Revenues and investment earnings thereon are pledged to secure this loan.</p>	385,909
<p>\$2,500,000 Central Community Redevelopment Agency Promissory Note, Series 2005A: The purpose of this note was to finance certain costs of various projects. Interest and principal shall be due and payable in arrears on the first day of each and every February, May, August, and November. The interest rate on the note is the LIBOR rate plus 85 basis points as set at the beginning of each quarter and is payable quarterly. As a means of lowering its borrowing costs, the original principal amount was swapped to an annual fixed rate of 5.76%, payable in quarterly installments through February 1, 2025. Under terms of the Interest Rate Swap Agreement with Bank of America, the CCRA receives 100% of the 30 day LIBOR rate plus 85 basis points on the unamortized principal of the swap amount. Final maturity is February 1, 2025. This note has certain loan covenants which the CCRA is in compliance with as of September 30, 2019. Moneys derived from the Tax Increment Revenues and investment earnings thereon are pledged to secure this loan.</p>	1,050,635
Total Notes Payable - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,436,544

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Description of Debt	Governmental Activities
<u>Bonds Payable</u>	
<p>\$7,500,000 Special Obligation Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2012 was issued for the purpose of financing the cost of capital improvements to the City’s sport complex known originally as McKechnie Field, now called LECOM Park. The principal is paid annually with the final payment of \$2,750,165 due February 1, 2027. The interest rate is 3.080% with semi-annual payments being paid on February 1 and August 1. Tourist development tax revenues and half-cent state sales tax revenues are pledged to secure this issue.</p>	5,385,818
<p>\$14,280,000 Special Obligation Revenue Bond, Series 2016 was issued to refinance the \$18,645,000 Special Obligation Revenue Bond, Series 2007. The principal is being repaid annually with a final payment of \$980,000 due September 1, 2037. Interest rates range from 4.00% to 5.00%. Retained Spring Training Franchise sales tax revenues are pledged to secure this issue.</p>	12,775,000
<p>\$5,285,000 Series 2011 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds were issued for the purpose of financing the cost of construction of the Riverwalk Project. This project is intended to be donated to the City at a future date. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$165,000 to \$390,000 beginning September 1, 2017 through September 1, 2037. Increment tax revenues and non-ad valorem revenues are pledged to secure this issue. Interest rates range from 2.75% to 5.125%.</p>	<u>4,775,000</u>
Total Bonds Payable – Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 22,935,818</u>

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Description of Debt	Business- type Activities
<u>Notes Payable</u>	
<p>\$6,000,000 Promissory Note, Judicial Center Parking Garage Loan I was issued for the purpose of financing the cost of construction of the Judicial Center Parking Garage. The principal of the loan is being repaid quarterly with a final payment of \$106,586 due December 16, 2024. The interest rate on the note is 63.702% of the 30 day LIBOR rate plus .62% as set at the beginning of each quarter and is payable quarterly. To lower the volatility of its borrowing cost, the original principal amount was swapped to an annual fixed rate of 3.82%. Interest is paid at a variable rate, currently 2.16%. The City, by agreement, receives funding for the Judicial Center Parking Garage debt from the Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency and non ad valorem revenues.</p>	2,038,732
<p>\$494,600 Clean Water State Revolving Fund, Wastewater WW68118P was issued to complete pre-construction activities for various identified wastewater projects. The principal is paid in semi-annual payments; final payment of \$11,071 is due March 15, 2029. Interest rate is 3.00%. The principal and interest is secured by net revenues of the water and sewer system.</p>	185,216
<p>\$601,860 Clean Water State Revolving Fund, Stormwater SW68117P was issued to complete pre-construction activities for identified stormwater projects. The loan principal is to be repaid in semi-annual payments with a final payment of \$18,083 due September 2029. Interest rate is 3.00%. The principal and interest is secured by net revenues of the water and sewer system.</p>	297,042
<p>\$6,496,068 Clean Water State Revolving Fund, Wastewater WW410300 was issued to rehab and replace lift stations, force mains, and new gravity sewer (Collection and Transmission) facilities projects. The principal of the loan is being repaid semi-annually with a final payment of \$209,455 due on February 15, 2032. Interest is paid at a rate of 2.63%. The principal and interest is secured by net revenues of the water and sewer system.</p>	4,438,095
<p>\$415,698 Clean Water State Revolving Fund, Wastewater WW410301 was issued as a companion loan to Clean Water State Revolving Fund, Wastewater WW410300. The principal of the loan is being repaid semi-annually with a final payment of \$12,655 due February 15, 2032. Interest is paid at a rate of 2.26%. The principal and interest is secured by net revenues of the water and sewer system.</p>	274,657
<p>\$877,372 Clean Water State Revolving Fund, Stormwater SW410320 was issued as a construction loan to fund Stormwater Management Facilities project, Wares Creek Drainage Improvement. The loan principal is to be repaid in semi-annual payments with a final payment of \$28,586 due February 2033. Interest rate is 2.33%. The principal and interest is secured by net revenues of the water and sewer system.</p>	667,934
<p>\$2,868,713 Clean Water State Revolving Fund, Wastewater WW410370 was issued as a construction loan to fund a Screw Press Dewatering System Upgrade. The loan principal is to be repaid in semi-annual payments, with a final payment of \$72,200 January 2038. There is no interest on \$2,606,141 of the loan. The rate is .7% on the remaining \$262,572. The principal and interest is secured by net revenues of the water and sewer system.</p>	2,523,982

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Description of Debt	Business- type Activities
Notes Payable (continued)	
<p>\$1,298,809 Clean Water State Revolving Fund, Stormwater SW410330 was issued for construction and demolition of bridges on Wares Creek: 12th Ave West, 14th Ave West, 20th Street West between 12th Ave West and 14th Ave West. The loan principal is to be repaid in semi-annual payments with a final payment of \$39,364 due November 2034. Interest rate is 1.84%. The principal and interest is secured by net revenues of the water and sewer system.</p>	1,067,219
<p>\$1,087,780 Clean Water State Revolving Fund, Stormwater SW410340 was issued for construction and demolition of 17th Ave West Bridge. The loan principal is to be repaid in semi-annual payments with a final payment of \$35,030 due December 2034. Interest rate is 2.39%. The principal and interest is secured by net revenues of the water and sewer system.</p>	903,046
<p>\$1,200,000 Promissory Note, Judicial Center Parking Garage Loan II was issued for the purpose of financing the cost of construction of the Judicial Center Parking Garage. The principal of the loan is being repaid quarterly with a final payment of \$21,549 due December 15, 2025. The interest rate on the note is 63.7% of the 30-day LIBOR rate plus .62% as set at the beginning of each quarter and is payable quarterly. To lower the volatility of its borrowing cost, the original principal amount was swapped to an annual fixed rate of 3.27%. The interest is paid at a variable rate, currently 2.02%. The City, by interlocal agreement, receives funding for the Judicial Center Parking Garage debt from the Manatee County Board of County Commissioners. Non-ad valorem revenues are pledged to secure this issue.</p>	480,080
<p>\$1,800,000 Promissory Note, Judicial Center Parking Garage Loan III was issued for the purpose of financing the cost of construction of the Judicial Center Parking Garage. The principal of the loan is being repaid quarterly with a final payment of \$32,335 due February 15, 2026. The interest rate on the note is 63.7% of the 30-day LIBOR rate plus .62% as set at the beginning of each quarter and is payable quarterly. To lower the volatility of its borrowing cost, the original principal amount was swapped to an annual fixed rate of 3.28%. The interest is paid at a variable rate, currently 2.10%. The City, by interlocal agreement, receives funding for the Judicial Center Parking Garage debt from the Manatee County Board of County Commissioners. Franchise fees are pledged to secure this issue.</p>	745,600
<p>\$456,710 Clean Water State Revolving Fund Wastewater WW410360 was issued for design of the City's Treatment and Transmission project. The principal is to be repaid in semi-annual payments, with a final payment of \$16,053 due July 2039. Interest rate is .49% for \$410,200 of the loan amount, .30% for \$46,510 of the loan amount and 1.25% for \$143,858 of the loan amount. Revenues of the water and sewer systems are pledged to provide the loan payments.</p>	544,133
<p>\$6,349,454 Clean Water State Revolving Fund Wastewater WW410361 was issued for Wastewater Treatment Facility Improvements, LS 31 Improvements, and Perico FM Improvements. The principal is to be repaid in semi-annual payments, with a final payment of \$180,459 due September 2039. Interest rate is .14% for \$4,590,416 of the loan amount, and .75% for \$1,759,038 of the loan amount. Revenues of the water and sewer systems are pledged to provide the loan payments.</p>	6,349,454
<p>Total Notes Payable - Business-type Activities</p>	<u><u>\$ 20,515,190</u></u>

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Description of Debt	Business-Type Activities
Bonds Payable	
<p>\$7,595,000 Florida Municipal Loan Council Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A (City of Bradenton Series) were issued for the purpose of financing the construction of the City Centre Parking Garage. Principal is repaid annually beginning October 2019, with the final payment of \$480,000 due October 1, 2043. Interest on the bonds ranges from 3% to 5% and is payable semiannually on each April 1 and October 1, commencing April 1, 2019. Non-ad valorem revenues are pledged to secure this issue.</p>	7,455,000
Total Bonds Payable Business-Type Activities	\$ 7,455,000

Capital Leases

The City has entered into a lease agreement as a lessee for financing the acquisition of street sweepers and a lease agreement for financing the acquisition of golf carts. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Enterprise (Business-type) Activities
Machinery and equipment - sweepers	\$ 499,608
Machinery and equipment - golf carts	271,119
Less accumulated depreciation	(642,830)
Total	\$ 127,897
2020	\$ 206,099
2021	58,099
2022	14,526
	278,724
Less interest	(9,016)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 269,708

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Debt Maturity

Debt service requirements at September 30, 2019, were as follows:

Governmental Activities, Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable				
Year Ended September 30	Revenue Bonds		Notes Payable (Direct Borrowings)	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 1,018,137	898,993	229,571	72,837
2021	1,048,706	866,886	242,389	60,019
2022	1,089,600	828,487	255,728	46,681
2023	1,130,830	788,084	269,814	32,594
2024	1,172,405	745,880	284,648	17,761
2025-2029	8,011,140	2,855,261	154,394	3,038
2030-2034	5,535,000	1,534,131	-	-
2035-2037	3,930,000	315,226	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 22,935,818</u>	<u>8,832,948</u>	<u>1,436,544</u>	<u>232,930</u>

Enterprise (Business-type Activities), Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable				
Year Ended September 30	Revenue Bonds		Notes Payable (Direct Borrowings)	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 180,000	310,625	1,517,692	327,001
2021	190,000	303,425	1,552,582	295,301
2022	195,000	295,825	1,588,881	259,999
2023	205,000	288,025	1,626,171	223,721
2024	215,000	277,775	1,664,604	186,329
2025-2029	1,245,000	1,216,875	5,851,227	555,613
2030-2034	1,540,000	925,844	4,404,178	155,706
2035-2039	1,880,000	592,351	2,309,855	19,065
2040-2043	1,805,000	184,200	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 7,455,000</u>	<u>4,394,945</u>	<u>20,515,190</u>	<u>2,022,735</u>

Other Long-Term Debt Information

Conduit Debt:

From time to time, the City issues revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities or other third parties for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying loans and agreements. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds as discussed above. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of September 30, 2019, there were four Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$7,623,379.

Unused Lines of Credit:

The City has no unused lines of credit.

Assets Pledged as Collateral for Debt:

The City has no fixed assets, whether real or personal property, pledged as collateral for debt. All debt is secured by revenue streams.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Default Remedies:

In the event that the City defaults on any of its obligations, creditors, trustees and bondholders have available remedies of law, including the right to mandamus proceedings. Additional remedies are specified in certain of the Promissory Notes or Trust Indentures.

In the case of the \$1,000,000 and \$2,500,000 2005 Central CRA promissory notes, the \$6,113,889 Franchise Fees Promissory Note, the 2012 \$7,500,000 Special Obligation Revenue Refunding Bond, the 2018 Revenue Bonds for the City Centre Garage and the three Promissory Notes for the Judicial Parking Garage, all agreements give the Bank the option to declare the total loan balance due and payable upon an event of default. The promissory notes named in this paragraph are direct borrowings.

State Revolving Fund loans provide for a number of remedies providing finance-related consequences in an event of default. The Department of Revenue may:

- Establish rates and collect fees and charges for use of the City's Water and Sewer System.
- Intercept the delinquent amount plus a penalty not to exceed interest at a rate of 18% per year from any unobligated funds due to the City under any revenue or tax sharing fund established by the State.
- Notify financial market credit rating agencies and potential creditors.
- Sue for payment of amounts due, as well as interest and associated costs.
- Accelerate the repayment schedule or increase the financing rate on the unpaid principal to as much as 1.667 times the original rate.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Interest Rate Swaps

The City has five interest rate swap agreements that reduce the economic risks associated with variability in cash outflows for interest on notes as discussed above. The *terms* and *objectives* of the interest rate swaps are as noted in the description of debt above.

	Changes in Fair Value	Fair Value at September 30, 2019	Notional Value at September 30, 2019
Governmental activities, fair value hedges			
Pay fixed-receive variable interest rate swap contract			
CCRA Series 2005A	\$ 4,918	(26,178)	385,909
CCRA Series 2005A	23,426	(108,208)	1,050,635
Total Governmental activities	28,344	(134,386)	1,436,544
Business-type activities, fair value hedges			
Pay fixed-receive variable interest rate swap contract			
Parking Garage Note I	27,111	(126,699)	2,038,732
Parking Garage Note II	8,976	(37,898)	480,080
Parking Garage Note III	14,235	(61,288)	745,600
Total Business-type activities	50,322	(225,885)	3,264,412
	\$ 78,666	(360,271)	4,700,956

The following table represents debt service payments on the variable rate notes, net of swap payments associated with the notes at year end. The variable interest at September 30, 2019 is assumed to be constant over the life of the note.

Year	Principal	Variable Interest	Swap Interest	Net Cash Flows
2020	\$ 758,937	46,305	137,984	943,226
2021	792,440	37,032	114,840	944,312
2022	827,529	27,285	90,669	945,483
2023	864,006	17,043	65,618	946,667
2024	902,015	6,279	39,588	947,882
2025	470,118	544	10,727	481,389
2026	85,911	-	989	86,900
	\$ 4,700,956	134,488	460,415	5,295,859

Fair Value: Because interest rates declined since execution of the swaps, the swaps had a negative fair value of \$360,271, as of September 30, 2019. The fair value was estimated using the zero-coupon method, calculating the future net settlement payments required by the swap assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Credit Risk: As of September 30, 2019, the City was not exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the swaps become positive, the City would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value.

Basis Risk: The swap does not expose the City to basis risk. The interest rate on the notes and swap are the same.

Termination Risk: The City, or the counterparty, may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the City would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

NOTE 1 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Aggregate Information for City Retirement Plans

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
City Retirement Plan				
Florida Retirement System				
Pension Plan	\$ 4,649,987	12,623,760	987,748	3,174,459
HIS Plan	842,441	4,831,384	543,107	364,866
Firefighters' Pension Plan	1,958,773	2,210,278	1,071,054	1,647,490
Police Officers' Pension Plan	5,155,977	14,932,059	1,911,316	4,061,958
	<u>\$ 12,607,178</u>	<u>34,597,481</u>	<u>4,513,225</u>	<u>9,248,773</u>

City Retirement Plans

The City has two pension funds – Firefighters' Pension Fund and Police Officers' Pension Fund. The Firefighters' Pension Fund and Police Officers' Pension Fund are single-employer, defined benefit pension plans for the fire and police departments. Each plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The preparations of the financial statements of all plans conform to the provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and 68. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's pension funds - Firefighters and Police Officers' Pension Trust Funds and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of each plan have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the City. Benefits and refunds of both plans are recognized using the completed transaction method. The City's plans are treated as fiduciary funds in the financial section of the financial statements. Employer and plan member contributions are recognized in the period that contributions are due. Investments are reported at fair value.

Separate audited financial statements are issued for the Firefighters' Pension Fund. This report may be obtained from the City of Bradenton City Clerk & Treasurer's Office. No separate audited financial statements are issued for the Police Officers' Pension Fund.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

All other employees participate in the Florida State Retirement System, a multiple-employer, cost-sharing public employee pension plan discussed further in this note.

Firefighters' Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City's Firefighters' Retirement System (the "Plan"), a defined benefit single-employer public employee retirement plan, is administered in accordance with City of Bradenton Ordinance No. 2910 as approved January 27, 2010, along with subsequent amendments. The plan is subject to the provisions of Chapters 112 and 175 of the Florida Statutes. Each person employed by the City's Fire Department as a full-time Firefighter becomes a member of the Plan as a condition of their employment. All Firefighters are therefore eligible for all plan benefits as provided for in the plan document and by applicable law.

Plan Administration

The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Plan's Board of Trustees comprised of: Two City residents appointed by the City Council, two Firefighters elected by majority of covered Members, and a fifth Member elected by the other four and appointed by City Council (as a ministerial duty).

Plan Membership

At September 30, 2019, membership consisted of:

Actives	61
Service retirees	46
DROP retirees	7
Beneficiaries	10
Terminated vested	-
Disability retirees	10
Total members	134

Benefits Provided

The plan covers permanent and probationary City employees who are classified as uniform fire personnel. Any participant who has creditable service of ten years and has attained age 55, or has creditable service of 25 years is eligible for normal retirement. Such a retiree would receive a normal retirement benefit of 3% of average final compensation (average of the employee's salary for the two best years of the last ten years of credited service, or the career average, whichever is greater) multiplied by years of credited service.

Any participant who has creditable service of ten years and has attained age 50, or has creditable service of 20 years, is eligible for early retirement and may elect a deferred or immediate benefit. A deferred benefit is calculated and commences in accordance with the normal retirement formula except that credited service and average final compensation are determined as of the early retirement date. An immediate benefit commences on the early retirement date and is determined in accordance with an actuarially adjusted early retirement formula.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

The plan provides for pre-retirement death benefits for both vested and non-vested members. If a member was vested, the beneficiary may elect to receive a refund of the member's accumulated benefits or a computed benefit payable over ten years. The beneficiary can make an election to receive a ten-year benefit immediately, or at the retiree's scheduled early or normal retirement date. The ten-year benefit is calculated as for normal retirement based on the deceased member's credited service and average final compensation as of the date of death and reduced as for early retirement, if applicable. The beneficiary of a deceased non-vested member shall receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.

For members hired prior to January 13, 2016, beginning on the first October 1 following the attainment of age 55, and on each subsequent October 1 thereafter, the monthly benefit of each retiree (or their beneficiary or joint annuitant) who is receiving a normal or early retirement benefit shall be increased by 3 percent. These increases shall cease after the increase following the date when the retiree attains (or would have attained) age 64 (for a total of up to ten annual increases). The monthly benefit for every retiree, or their beneficiary, who was receiving a normal, early or disability retirement benefit or pre-retirement benefit or pre-retirement death benefit on or before October 1, 1999, is increased by \$10 for each year of full retirement up to a maximum of \$100. For members hired on or after January 13, 2016, beginning 5 years after retirement or entry into the deferred retirement option plan, the monthly benefit of each retiree who is receiving a normal or early retirement benefit shall be increased annually by 2.3 percent with increases continuing for the life of the retiree and following the retiree's death, for the life of the retiree's beneficiary or joint annuitant. Current members, DROP participants, and current normal or early retirees retiring on or after December 1, 2011, who had not yet received a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) increase as of January 13, 2016 were eligible to make a one-time irrevocable election to maintain the 3 percent COLA provision or elect the 2.3 percent COLA as discussed above. The election was to be made in writing no later than July 13, 2016. If no election was made, the member, DROP participant, or eligible retiree will receive the 3 percent COLA discussed above. DROP participants who have previously received a COLA increase are ineligible to make the election.

The plan provides disability benefits for both duty-related and non-duty-related disabilities. Disability caused by performance of duties is computed at 3% of average final compensation multiplied by years of credited service. Duty-related disability benefits cannot be less than 42% of the average final compensation of the member. Every plan participant with ten years or more of credited service is eligible to receive non-line-of-duty disability benefits. A non-line-of-duty disability is computed at 2% of the average final compensation multiplied by the total years of credited service. Non-line-of-duty disability benefits cannot be less than 25% of the average final compensation of the member.

In April 2016, the City approved Ordinance No. 2981 which amended the COLA, DROP, and Pre-Retirement Death Provisions and established a Share Plan. The Share Plan is an additional plan component to provide special benefits in the form of supplemental retirement, termination, death and disability benefits. These benefits are to be funded solely and entirely by premium tax monies for each plan year which are allocated to this supplemental component. The Fire Pension Board shall create individual "Member Share Accounts" for all actively employed plan members and DROP participants. Each member or DROP participant shall have a member share account for his or her share of the Florida Statute Chapter 175 tax revenues, forfeitures, income, and expense adjustments relating thereto.

Chapter 2019-21, Laws of Florida was signed into effect granting disability benefits to firefighters participating in an employer-sponsored retirement plan. Effective July 1, 2019, "the retirement plan must consider the firefighter totally and permanently disabled in the line of duty if he or she meets the retirement plan's definition of totally and permanently disabled due to the diagnosis of cancer or circumstances that arise out of the treatment of cancer." For this purpose, "cancer" is as defined in Section 112.1816(1), Florida Statutes.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

This benefit change only relates to the disability benefits for the Pension Fund and does not provide for other benefits that are provided for in Florida Statutes Section 112.1816.

During the year ended September 30, 2019, the plan received state monies totaling \$443,102. The City will use any state monies, up to \$700,000 to offset its funding requirements. 50% of the state monies received by the City in excess of \$700,000 shall be allocated to the Share Plan, with the remaining 50% to be used by the City.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Plan members can enter the DROP program upon satisfaction of Normal Retirement requirements (earlier of 1) age 55 and 10 years of service, or 2) 25 years of service, regardless of age). Participation is allowed up to 60 months. At the election of the Member, the account is credited with either: 1) the actual net rate of investment return (total return net of brokerage commissions and transactions costs), or 2) 6.5% per year. The income is credited each fiscal quarter and the Member may change the method of crediting income once during the DROP period. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2019 is \$903,148.

Contributions

As a condition of participation, firefighters' are required to contribute to the Plan. The percentage increased effective April 15, 2013, from 8% to 10% currently of their earnings. If an employee separates from service before achieving ten years of credited service, the employee may either request a refund of their accumulated contribution or they may leave it deposited with the plan. If an employee has more than ten years of credited service upon termination, the member, upon reaching normal retirement, is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit equal to 3% of their average final compensation multiplied by years of credited service, provided the member does not elect to withdraw their accumulated contributions and they survive to the normal retirement date.

Other contributions are received from the State of Florida and the City. The State of Florida contribution results from the City's share of insurance tax. The City contributes an amount to make the fund actuarially sound, but not less than 8% of payroll.

The City/State actuarially determined required contribution for the year ended September 30, 2019 was \$2,125,092.

Investments

The investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of Pension Plan investment expense, was 2.34 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

The following was the Firefighters' Pension Fund's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2019.

Asset Class	Target Allocation
All Cap Value Equity	20.0%
Broad Growth Equity	20.0%
Large Cap Domestic Stocks	5.0%
Foreign Equity Services	15.0%
Domestic Fixed Income	25.0%
Global Bond	5.0%
Real Estate	10.0%
Total	100.0%

Net Pension Liability

The measurement date is September 30, 2019. The measurement period for the pension expense was October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019. The reporting period is October 1, 2018 through September 30, 2019.

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and certain sensitivity information shown in this report are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of October 1, 2018. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, (measurement date) using generally accepted actuarial assumptions.

The Total Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018 updated to September 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	service based
Discount rate	7.75%
Investment rate of return	7.75%

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives: Female - RP 2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy White Collar, Scale BB; Male - RP 2000 Generational, 10% Combined Healthy White Collar/90% Combined Healthy Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Mortality Rate Healthy Inactive Lives: Female - RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB; Male - RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar/90% Annuitant Blue Collar Scale BB.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives: Female - 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale; Male - 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
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Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The pension plan investments were determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
All Cap Value Equity	7.5%
Broad Growth Equity	7.5%
Large Cap Domestic Stocks	7.5%
Foreign Equity Services	8.5%
Domestic Fixed Income	2.5%
Global Bond	3.5%
Real Estate	4.5%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the changes in the net pension liability based on the actuarial information provided to the Firefighters' Pension Fund.

	Change In Net Pension Liability		
	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$ 57,682,307	\$ 57,169,546	\$ 512,761
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	1,428,095	-	1,428,095
Interest on total pension liability	4,471,270	-	4,471,270
Changes of benefit terms	16,898	-	16,898
Differences between expected and actual experience	(215,523)	-	(215,523)
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - buy back	37,190	37,190	-
Contributions - employer	-	1,787,784	(1,787,784)
Contributions - State	-	443,102	(443,102)
Contributions - employee	-	524,595	(524,595)
Net investment income	-	1,335,043	(1,335,043)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,866,988)	(2,866,988)	-
Administrative expense	-	(87,301)	87,301
Net changes	2,870,942	1,173,425	1,697,517
Balances at September 30, 2019	\$ 60,553,249	\$ 58,342,971	\$ 2,210,278

Notes to Schedule:

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements present multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.75%	Current Discount Rate 7.75%	1% Increase 8.75%
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,447,414	\$ 2,210,278	\$ (3,797,274)

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Pension Expense Under GASB Statement No. 68

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,647,490.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

On September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 456,963	440,820
Changes of assumptions	-	630,234
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,501,810	-
	\$ 1,958,773	1,071,054

Future Years' Recognition of Deferred Outflows/Inflows

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30		
2020	\$	(206,269)
2021		(205,063)
2022		724,289
2023		574,762
2024		-
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	887,719

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Police Officers' Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City's Police Officers' Pension Plan (the "plan"), a defined benefit single-employer public employee retirement plan, was established under the Code of Ordinances for the City of Bradenton, Florida, Subpart B, Article IV, and was most recently amended under Ordinance No. 2963 (adopted May 28, 2014). The Plan is also governed by certain provisions of Chapter 185, Florida Statutes, Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes and the Internal Revenue Code.

The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report and is included within the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Plan Administration

The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Plan's Board of Trustees comprised of: Two City residents appointed by the City Council, two Police Officers elected by majority of covered Members, and a fifth Member elected by the other four and appointed by City Council (as a ministerial duty).

Plan Membership

As of September 30, 2019, membership consisted of::

Active	105
Retirees, beneficiaries and DROP	71
Disability retirees	17
Terminated vested members	3
Total Members	<u>196</u>

Benefits Provided

The plan covers each person employed by the City of Bradenton Police Department as a full-time Police Officer as a condition of his/her employment. All Police Officers are eligible for all plan benefits as provided for in the plan document and by applicable law. Notwithstanding, the Police Chief may, upon employment as Police Chief, elect in writing to not be a member of the System.

Effective June 1, 2013 the plan had two tiers of retirement benefits. Anyone hired prior to June 1, 2013 would be in Tier 1 with eligibility for retirement upon the earlier of the attainment of age 45 and the completion of 20 years of credited service, or the attainment of age 55 and the completion of 10 years of credited service. Such retiree would receive a normal retirement based on credited service and average final compensation. "Average Final Compensation" (AFC) is 1/12 of the average salary of the two best years if 20 or more years of credit service (the period used to determine the average final compensation is changed to three years for the employees who are not vested as of January 31, 2015), three best years if less than 20 years of credited service, but at least 10 years of credited service or five best years if 5 or more years of credited service, but less than 10 years. The normal retirement is calculated by multiplying 3% times years of service of credited service times average final compensation plus \$10.00 for each year of credited service if the retiree retires with 20 or more years of credited service. Effective after June 30, 2013, pensionable earnings excludes payments for overtime in excess of 300

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

hours per calendar year. Also, effective February 1, 2014, the definition of pensionable earnings is changed to exclude pay from “contracted special details.” The maximum payout amount of unused sick and vacation leave that is included in pensionable earnings is the member’s balance as of June 30, 2013. The balance as of June 30, 2013 is calculated as the member’s current hourly rate times the current unused vacation leave hours plus half of the current unused sick leave hours.

Members who are hired on or after June 1, 2013 will be a participant in Tier 2. These members are eligible for normal retirement with the earlier of the attainment of age 50 and the completion of 25 years of credited service, or the attainment of age 55 with 10 years of service. The averaging period used to determine average final compensation is five years. The benefit multiplier is reduced from 3% to 2.75% per year of service and the annual cost of living adjustment is delayed until age 55 and ends at age 65. For eligible members who retire on or after February 1, 2014, the annual cost of living adjustment stops at the age of 65.

The plan provides for pre-retirement death benefits for both vested and non-vested members. If a member loses their life directly in the performance of duties as a Police Officer, his/her spouse, if any, shall receive and be paid as a monthly benefit a sum equal to 3% of average final compensation, multiplied by total years of credit service, but in any event, the minimum amount paid shall be 60% of average final compensation, with such pension to be paid for the remainder of the spouse’s natural life, and the Fund shall pay in addition thereto the sum of \$20.00 per month for each eligible child. The pension benefit offered by this subsection shall be in lieu of any other benefits provided by the system.

Supplemental Benefit - Share Plan

Pursuant to Florida law, a separate member "share account" has been created for each member of the plan. This supplemental benefit may or may not be funded and thus, the member may or may not receive a retirement benefit from the share plan. If the share plan is funded, at retirement, termination (vested), disability or death, there shall be an additional benefit paid to the member. The share plan is funded solely with state premium tax money and the funding that is received for this Share Plan is allocated to the member's share account based on a formula which gives the member an allocation based on an equal share for each member. The member's share account receives its proportionate share of the income or loss on the assets in the plan.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

When an employee becomes eligible for normal retirement, and is still employed by the City as a Police Officer, he/she has the option of “retiring” from the pension plan but continuing his/her employment as a Police Officer for up to an additional five years. An election to participate in the DROP shall constitute an irrevocable election to resign from the service of the City not later than 5 years from the commencement of DROP participation. The employee must request, in writing, to enter the DROP within 12 months following the date on which the employee first becomes eligible for normal retirement. Upon entering the DROP, the employee’s retirement benefit is immediately calculated and each monthly benefit payment is deposited into a DROP account. The account is credited with interest at the rate of 6.5% per annum. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2019 is \$1,272,747.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Contributions

As stated each person employed by the City of Bradenton Police Department as a full-time Police Officer must contribute into the pension plan except for the Police Chief if he/she chose to opt out of the plan. The member contribution rates increased from 6% of pay to 7.5% beginning the first full pay period after the effective date of Ordinance No. 2963 and to 9% effective the first full pay period in October 2014. A start/restart is implemented based on the following; 1) the pension benefits are reduced to the Chapter 185 minimums and then immediately restored to the level in place prior to the reduction, such that there is not reductions in the benefits for any members, 2) the difference in cost between the current plan and the Chapter 185 plan is added to the base State contribution from 1998 resulting in a new adjusted base amount, and 3) as agreed in the collective bargaining agreement, the accumulated excess premium tax monies on October 1, 2013 will be used in its entirety to reduce the City's annual required pension contribution as a one-time offset.

If an employee separates from service before achieving ten years of credited service, the employee may either request a refund of the accumulated contribution or they may leave it deposited with the plan for up to five years.

Other contributions are received from the State of Florida and the City. The State of Florida contribution results from the City's share of insurance tax. The City contributes an amount to make the fund actuarially sound, but not less than 8% of payroll. The City's actuarially determined required contribution for the year ended September 30, 2019 was \$1,798,167 and the State's was \$559,908 for a total of \$2,358,075.

Investments (Pension Plan Reporting)

The investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Rate of Return (Pension Plan Reporting)

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of Pension Plan investment expense, was 5.90 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability (Pension Plan Reporting)

The components of the net pension liability at the measurement date of September 30, 2019, which is rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date of October 1, 2018, were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 92,885,855
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(77,953,796)
City's Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 14,932,059</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Positions as a percentage of Total Pension Liability	<u>83.92%</u>

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Pension Plan Reporting)

Valuation Date	October 1, 2017
Plan Year	October 1 – September 30
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	6.7% to 9.1% depending on service, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.65%, includes inflation, net of investment inflation
Retirement Age	Experience – based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table (for pre-retirement mortality) and the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Annuitants (for healthy post- retirement mortality), with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates include a 90% blue collar adjustment and a 10% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment. These are the same rates used for Special Risk Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in the July 1, 2017 FRS Valuation, as mandated by Chapter 112.63, Florida Statutes.
Cost of Living Increases	1.25% per year (based on maximum possible COLA)

The Wage Inflation Rate is defined to be the portion of total pay increases for an individual that are due to macro-economic forces including productivity, price inflation, and labor market conditions. The wage inflation rate does not include pay changes related to individual merit and seniority effects.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Pension Plan Reporting)

The assumed real rate of return over wage inflation is defined to be the portion of total investment return that is more than the assumed wage inflation rate. Considering other economic assumptions, the 7.65% investment return rate translates to an assumed real rate of return over wage inflation of 5.15%.

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Domestic Equity	9.7%
International Equity	5.1%
Bonds	6.0%
High Yield Bonds	8.1%
TIPS	5.3%
Convertibles	8.7%
REITS	9.7%
Real Estate	7.3%
Infrastructure	10.5%

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Discount Rate (Pension Plan Reporting)

The discount rate of 7.55% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Pension Plan Reporting)

The following table shows the changes in the Net Pension Liability based on the actuarial information provided to the Police Officers' Pension Fund. GASB Statement No. 67 Disclosures for Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019.

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$ 88,612,437	\$ 75,094,031	\$ 13,518,406
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	1,971,896	-	1,971,896
Interest on total pension liability	6,758,257	-	6,758,257
Benefit changes	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,079,365)	-	(1,079,365)
Assumption changes	1,104,852	-	1,104,852
Contributions—employer	-	1,884,644	(1,884,644)
Contributions—employer (from State)	-	559,908	(559,908)
Contributions—member (including buyback contributions)	-	690,241	(690,241)
Net investment income	-	4,287,594	(4,287,594)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(4,370,689)	(4,370,689)	-
Administrative expense	-	(80,400)	80,400
Refunds	(111,533)	(111,533)	-
Net changes	<u>4,273,418</u>	<u>2,859,765</u>	<u>1,413,653</u>
Balances at September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 92,885,855</u>	<u>\$ 77,953,796</u>	<u>\$ 14,932,059</u>

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Assumptions: The Long-Term Expected Rate of Investment Return (net of investment expenses) was lowered from 7.65% to 7.55%.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (Pension Plan Reporting)

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.55%	Current Discount Rate 7.55%	1% Increase 8.55%
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 27,351,131	\$ 14,932,059	\$ 4,818,804

Net Pension Liability (Employer Reporting)

The net pension liability of the retirement system recorded in the City's Financial Statements for the Police Officers' Pension Fund as of September 30, 2019 is based on an actuarial valuation date of October 1, 2018 rolled forward to a measurement date of September 30, 2019. The following table illustrates the Net Pension Liability under GASB 68, which is effective for September 30, 2017 fiscal year and later:

	Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019
Total Pension Liability	92,885,855
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(77,953,796)
City's Net Pension Liability	14,932,059
Plan Fiduciary Net Positions as a percentage of Total Pension Liability	83.92%

The actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, and the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability are the same as those used for the pension plan reporting discussed earlier in this note.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Employer Reporting)

Shown below are details regarding the Total Pension Liability, Plan Fiduciary Net Position, and Net Pension Liability for the measurement period for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	Changes In Net Pension Liability		
	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$ 88,612,437	\$ 75,094,031	\$ 13,518,406
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	1,971,896	-	1,971,896
Interest on total pension liability	6,758,257	-	6,758,257
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,079,365)	-	(1,079,365)
Assumption Changes	1,104,852	-	1,104,852
Contributions—employer	-	1,884,644	(1,884,644)
Contributions—employer (from State)	-	559,908	(559,908)
Contributions—member (including buyback contributions)	-	690,241	(690,241)
Net investment income	-	4,287,594	(4,287,594)
Benefit payments	(4,370,689)	(4,370,689)	-
Administrative expense	-	(80,400)	80,400
Refunds	(111,533)	(111,533)	-
Net changes	4,273,418	2,859,765	1,413,653
Balances at September 30, 2019	\$ 92,885,855	\$ 77,953,796	\$ 14,932,059

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Assumptions: The Long-Term Expected Rate of Investment Return (net of investment expenses) was lowered from 7.65% to 7.55%.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (Employer Reporting)

The following table illustrates the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.55 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.55 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.55 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.55%	Current Rate 7.55%	1% Increase 8.55%
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 27,351,131	\$ 14,932,059	\$ 4,818,804

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Under GASB Statement No. 68

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,061,958. The following table illustrates the deferred inflows and outflows at the end of fiscal year under GASB Statement No. 68:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 822,237	1,243,538
Changes of assumptions	1,098,810	667,778
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	3,234,930	-
	\$ 5,155,977	1,911,316

Future Years' Recognition of Deferred Outflows/Inflows

The outcome of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer and State contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2020. There were no contributions for fiscal year 2019 subsequent to September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30		
2020	\$	1,893,656
2021		547,512
2022		522,996
2023		280,497
2024		-
Total	\$	3,244,661

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City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
September 30, 2019

	Pension Trust Funds		Totals
	Firefighters' Pension Fund	Police Officers' Pension Fund	
Assets			
Accounts receivable	61,187	-	61,187
Due from plan members	17,943	-	17,943
Interest receivable	70,439	29,386	99,825
Investments, at fair value			
U.S. Government obligations	3,786,984	4,952,011	8,738,995
Domestic corporate bonds	4,732,811	3,341,551	8,074,362
Convertible preferred stock	-	1,851,855	1,851,855
Convertible bonds	-	4,559,077	4,559,077
Foreign stock	4,626,240	1,091,378	5,717,618
Municipal obligations	185,766	-	185,766
Domestic stocks	33,531,774	18,031,477	51,563,251
Mortgage backed	1,922,129	-	1,922,129
Collateralized mortgage backed	-	463,109	463,109
Asset backed bonds	-	536,401	536,401
Mutual funds	-	23,857,423	23,857,423
Real estate investment trust	8,431,343	7,621,884	16,053,227
Money market fund	1,017,378	11,673,817	12,691,195
Total investments	<u>58,234,425</u>	<u>77,979,983</u>	<u>136,214,408</u>
Total assets	<u>58,383,994</u>	<u>78,009,369</u>	<u>136,393,363</u>
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	<u>41,023</u>	<u>55,572</u>	<u>96,595</u>
Total liabilities	<u>41,023</u>	<u>55,572</u>	<u>96,595</u>
Net Position			
Restricted for pension benefits	<u>\$ 58,342,971</u>	<u>77,953,797</u>	<u>136,296,768</u>

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Pension Trust Funds		Totals
	Firefighters' Pension Fund	Police Officers' Pension Fund	
Additions			
Contributions			
Employer	\$ 1,787,784	1,884,644	3,672,428
Plan members	561,784	649,012	1,210,796
Repayment of pension benefits	-	41,229	41,229
State of Florida (from City's General Fund)	443,102	559,908	1,003,010
Total contributions	<u>2,792,670</u>	<u>3,134,793</u>	<u>5,927,463</u>
Investment earnings			
Interest and dividends	2,129,717	1,837,204	3,966,921
Miscellaneous/settlement income	14,220	-	14,220
Net (decrease) increase in fair value of investments	<u>(599,200)</u>	<u>2,791,716</u>	<u>2,192,516</u>
Total investment earnings	1,544,737	4,628,920	6,173,657
Less investment expenses	188,554	341,075	529,629
Net investment earnings	<u>1,356,183</u>	<u>4,287,845</u>	<u>5,644,028</u>
Total additions, net	<u>4,148,853</u>	<u>7,422,638</u>	<u>11,571,491</u>
Deductions			
Benefits	2,866,988	4,482,221	7,349,209
Administrative expenses	108,445	80,400	188,845
Total deductions	<u>2,975,433</u>	<u>4,562,621</u>	<u>7,538,054</u>
Change in net position	1,173,420	2,860,017	4,033,437
Net position, beginning	<u>57,169,551</u>	<u>75,093,780</u>	<u>132,263,331</u>
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 58,342,971</u>	<u>77,953,797</u>	<u>136,296,768</u>

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Other Employees' Pension Plans

Florida Retirement System

General Information - All of the City's non-public safety employees participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan ("Investment Plan") alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the Web site:

www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications.

Pension Plan

Plan Description – The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

Benefits Provided - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% (3.33% for judges and justices) of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, Senior Management Service, and Elected Officers' class members, and to age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk and Special Risk Administrative Support class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is three percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of three percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by three percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

Contributions – Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1, of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019, respectively, were as follows: Regular—8.26% and 8.47%; Special Risk Regular Support—24.50% and 25.48%; Senior Management Service—24.06% and 25.41%; Elected Officers'—48.70% and 48.82; and DROP participants—14.03% and 14.60%. These contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy contributions for the same periods.

The City's contributions, including employee contributions, to the Pension Plan totaled \$1,136,595 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$12,623,760 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share was .036655836%, which was an increase of .000141701% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,174,459. In addition the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 748,751	7,834
Changes of assumptions	3,242,325	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	698,412
Changes in proportion and differences between City Pension Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions	346,367	281,502
City Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date	312,544	-
	\$ 4,649,987	987,748

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$312,544 resulting from City contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30	Amount
2020	1,214,798
2021	366,467
2022	885,420
2023	667,928
2024	172,256
Thereafter	42,826
	\$ 3,349,695

Actuarial Assumptions – The measurement date was June 30, 2019 and the valuation date was July 1, 2019. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60%
Salary increase	3.25% average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.90%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018	

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018. The investment rate of return was reduced from 7.00% to 6.90%.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return
Cash	1.00%	3.30%	3.30%
Fixed Income	18.00%	4.10%	4.10%
Global Equity	54.00%	8.00%	6.80%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.70%	6.10%
Private Equity	11.00%	11.20%	8.40%
Strategic Investments	6.00%	5.90%	5.70%
Total	100.00%		
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.60%	

(1) As outlined in the Pension Plan's investment policy

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%, reduced from 7.00%. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.90%) or one percentage point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.90%)	Current Discount Rate (6.90%)	1% Increase (7.90%)
City's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 21,822,277	12,623,760	4,941,442

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan - At September 30, 2019, the City had no payable for outstanding contributions to the FRS Pension Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Plan

Plan Description – The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided – For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions – The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the HIS contribution for the period October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019 was 1.66%. The City contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contribution are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The City’s contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$239,773 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions At September 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$4,831,384 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan’s net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share was .043179767 percent, which was a decrease of .000208593 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$364,866. In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 58,683	5,916
Changes of assumptions	559,426	394,878
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	3,118	-
Contributions and proportionate share of contributions	157,333	142,313
City Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date	63,881	-
	\$ 842,441	543,107

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, totaling \$63,881 resulting from City contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30	Amount
2020	\$ 100,342
2021	80,306
2022	43,959
2023	(31,922)
2024	5,798
Thereafter	36,970
	\$ 235,453

Actuarial Assumptions – The measurement date was June 30, 2019 and the valuation date was July 1, 2019. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 %
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Municipal bond rate	3.50 %

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

Municipal rate used to determine the net pension liability was decreased from 3.87% to 3.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.50%, decreased from 3.87%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the City’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the City’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.50%, as well as what the City’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50%) or one percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.50%)	Current Discount Rate (3.50%)	1% Increase (4.50%)
City's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 5,515,272	4,831,384	4,261,782

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan At September 30, 2019, the City had no payable for outstanding contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE J – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description: Pursuant to the provision of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, retired police officers, firefighters and general employees, as well as their dependents, are permitted to remain covered under the City’s medical plans as long as they pay the premium, not exceeding the rate developed by blending the claims experience of all plan members for the plan and coverage elected.

The City subsidizes the premium rates paid by the retirees by allowing them to participate in the plan at the blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees.

The Plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Summary of Membership Information:

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of October 1, 2016 (the latest valuation date):

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	148
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	539
Total Plan Members	687

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Funding Policy: Currently, the City's OPEB benefits are unfunded. There is no separate trust fund or equivalent arrangement into which the City would make contributions to advance-fund the obligation as it does for its pension plans. Therefore, the ultimate subsidies which are provided over time are financed directly by general assets of the City, which are invested in short-term fixed income instruments according to its current investment policy.

Effective October 1, 2010 the City made the following changes to the policy: (1) added the mandate that Medicare-eligible retirees must sign up for both Medicare Parts A and B, which increased the assumption that Medicare would cover 35% of eligible costs to 60% of all costs incurred by retirees age 65 and older including, but not limited to medical claim costs, prescriptions claim costs, administrative fees, and reinsurance premiums; and (2) trend rates for premium increases applicable to contributions paid by retirees eligible for discounted coverage increased from no (0%) retiree health care cost increases throughout the projection period to an 8% increase for the year beginning October 1, 2010 and matching the rates of assumed cost increases thereafter. In August 2012, additional policy changes were made; retired employees will now need 20 years of service with the City to be eligible for an insurance subsidy. The subsidy is limited to the employee only.

Part of the City's periodic contribution to the Florida Retirement System (FRS) on behalf of its general employees is a contribution toward the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) managed by FRS. Currently, HIS provides eligible employees with a lifetime benefit equal to \$5 per month per year of service (up to a maximum of \$150 per month) after they retire to be used toward the payment of any insurance-related premiums.

The State of Florida is treating the HIS program as a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer defined benefit pension plan like FRS, rather than being classified as an Agent Multiple-Employer defined benefit OPEB plan. See Note I for details related to this plan.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$26,904,316 was determined by an actuarial valuation as follows:

Valuation Date	October 1, 2018
Measurement Date	September 30, 2019
Roll Forward Disclosure	The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from the September 30, 2018 valuation date to the September 30, 2019 measurement date using standard actuarial techniques.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total OPEB Liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Normal Inflation	2.50%
Discount Rate	2.75%
Salary Increases	
General Employees:	Salary increase rates used for Regular Class members in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System; 3.7% - 7.8%, including inflation.
Police and Fire:	Salary increase rates based on those used in the respective October 1, 2018 actuarial valuations of the City's pension plans.
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition and employment class.
Mortality	Mortality tables used for Regular and Special Risk Class members in the July 1,

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	2018 actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System. They are based on the results of a statewide experience study covering the period 2008 through 2013.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Based on the Getzen Model, with trend rates starting at 6.75% for per capita costs and 0% for premiums (to reflect actual premiums) for the year beginning in 2019, followed by 6.50% for the year beginning in 2020 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.24% plus 0.25% increase for excise tax.
Aging factors	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death".
Expenses	Administrative expenses are included in the per capita health costs.

Assumption Changes:

The discount rate was changed from 3.83% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 2.75% as of September 30, 2019 (based on the Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate).

The medical/Rx claims costs and premiums were updated based on actual claims experience and premium information provided for this valuation.

The healthcare cost trend assumption was revised to reflect: 1) updates through October 2018 of the Getzen forecasting model for developing long-term healthcare cost trends (previously based on the version updated September 2016) and 2) changes to the assumed load to model the expected cost of the excise tax to 0.25% beginning in 2037 (previously 0.25% beginning in 2032).

The assumption for termination, retirement and salary increases for Firefighters was changed to be based on the October 1, 2018 actuarial valuation of the City of Bradenton Firefighters' Retirement System.

Other Information:

Notes

Senate Bill 426 provided Firefighter line-of-duty Cancer Presumption Benefits effective July 1, 2019. Employers of sworn Fire personnel are required to cover the costs of cancer care with (a) A one-time cash payment of \$25,000 at initial diagnosis of cancer and (b) Provide 10 years of cancer health care benefits after termination, and (c) A cancer diagnosis is now considered as a line of duty injury or accident.

Since the City's plan does not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. For the purpose of this actuarial roll-forward, the municipal bond rate is 2.75% (based on the daily rate of Fidelity's 20-year "Municipal GO AA" index closest to but not later than the measurement date). The discount rate was 3.83% as of the beginning of the measurement year.

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

A. Total OPEB

Liability

	2019
Service Cost	\$ 599,198
Interest on the total OPEB liability	895,957
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience of the total OPEB liability	(122,075)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	3,168,904
Benefit payments	(863,178)
Net change in total OPEB liability	3,678,806
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	23,225,510
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 26,904,316
B. Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 24,800,413
C. Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	108.48%

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate, the following presents the plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using a discount rate of 2.75%, as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

1% Decrease 1.75%	Current Discount Rate Assumption 2.75%	1% Increase 3.75%
\$ 30,769,513	\$ 26,904,316	\$ 23,724,027

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following presents the plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

**Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to
the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate
Assumption**

	Current Healthcare Cost	
<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Trend Rate Assumption</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
\$ 24,347,346	\$ 26,904,316	\$ 30,060,667

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,784,555. At September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB as follows:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>Net Outflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experiences	\$ -	\$ 105,578	\$ (105,578)
Assumption changes	2,740,674	648,367	2,092,307
Total	<u>\$ 2,740,674</u>	<u>\$ 753,945</u>	<u>\$ 1,986,729</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future years as follows:

<u>Year Ending September 30,</u>	<u>Net Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
2020	\$ 289,400
2021	289,400
2022	289,400
2023	289,400
2024	289,400
Thereafter	539,729
Total	<u>\$ 1,986,729</u>

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

NOTE K – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. This plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Plan amendments have been made so that the plan is in compliance with IRC Section 457, as amended by the 1996 changes to the tax code. The assets are now held in various custodial accounts. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, or rights are solely the property and rights of the various participants of the plan.

NOTE L – RISK MANAGEMENT AND SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAMS

Risk Management: The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance.

Medical Self-Insurance Program: The City maintains a self-insurance program with regard to medical benefits for employees and dependents. The City contributes \$4,625 to \$14,276 for each budgeted staff position. Dependent and retiree coverage is optional and the cost is paid by employee contributions. Risks in excess of fixed individual limits of \$225,000 annually are co-insured with an outside insurance carrier.

Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Program: The City maintains a self-insurance program with regard to workers' compensation benefits for employees. The City pays the entire cost of the program. Risks in excess of \$350,000 annually are co-insured with an outside insurance carrier.

Both the medical self-insurance and the workers' compensation plans are accounted for through separate internal service funds. Revenues for these funds consist of amounts contributed by employees and other City funds. Both revenues and the related charges are recorded as interfund services. Accordingly, the related charges are reflected as expenditures, or expense items, in the appropriate funds.

The medical self-insurance plan is reviewed annually by an actuarial firm. The study is used to determine the basis for premiums charged to City employees' dependents (medical insurance). The City also reviews the workers' compensation program to determine the basis for premiums charged to various City departments for their workers' compensation insurance.

Estimated liabilities for claims incurred but not reported are accrued based on projections from historical data.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage for the current fiscal year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

The self-insurance funds establish a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represents the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the City from October 1, 2017 to September 30, 2019:

City of Bradenton, Florida
Notes To The Financial Statements
For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Medical Self-Insurance	Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance
Liability balance, September 30, 2017	\$ 516,000	755,253
Claims and changes in estimates	5,009,596	580,209
Claims payments	<u>(5,009,596)</u>	<u>(620,210)</u>
Liability balance, September 30, 2018	516,000	715,252
Claims and changes in estimates	5,751,403	278,568
Claims payments	<u>(5,751,403)</u>	<u>(455,112)</u>
Liability balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 516,000</u>	<u>538,708</u>
Cash available to pay claims at September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 5,076,818</u>	<u>11,308,950</u>

NOTE M – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City Council that resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Pursuant to City Resolution and an Interlocal Agreement, the City has covenanted with the City's blended component unit, the City of Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency, holder of the Series 2011 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds that the City shall appropriate in its annual budget by amendment, if necessary, solely from non-ad valorem revenues lawfully available in each fiscal year, amounts which shall be sufficient to pay the debt service payments on the Series 2011 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds to the extent increment tax revenues are sufficient for such purposes. The bonds outstanding balance is \$4,775,000 as of September 30, 2019.

NOTE N – TAX ABATEMENT

In 2011, the Community Redevelopment Agency, a blended component unit of the City, entered into a 15-year development agreement with Widewaters Bradenton, LLC (Widewaters) for the renovation and refurbishing of a 1962 historical building into a modern day hotel. The agreement reimburses Widewaters for 100% of the ad valorem property taxes of the property site for fifteen years. In years eleven through fifteen, the reimbursement is capped at the amount remitted for year ten, increased by any reduction in that amount based upon any property tax exemptions granted related to the hotel. Per the agreement, the abatement commenced in fiscal year 2018 in which the City reimbursed Widewaters 100% of its ad valorem tax in the amount of \$98,970. For fiscal year 2019, \$94,959 was abated.

Required Supplementary Information

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34, the following budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIPP) Fund (a major special revenue fund) are required supplementary information.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 32,014,697	32,014,697	32,490,321	475,624
Licenses and permits	1,228,700	1,228,700	1,985,367	756,667
Intergovernmental grants	420,042	480,042	446,282	(33,760)
Shared revenues	4,226,632	4,226,632	4,185,236	(41,396)
Payments in lieu of taxes	72,980	72,980	78,440	5,460
Charges for services	3,267,044	3,387,044	3,526,567	139,523
Fines and forfeitures	85,850	85,850	121,384	35,534
Interest and investment earnings	961,275	961,275	2,694,360	1,733,085
Rents	672,322	672,322	746,232	73,910
Franchise fees	3,205,436	3,205,436	3,336,466	131,030
Miscellaneous	2,207,195	1,091,672	174,658	(917,014)
Special assessments, property owners	35,050	35,050	21,773	(13,277)
Total revenues	48,397,223	47,461,700	49,807,086	2,345,386
Expenditures				
General government	8,120,156	7,760,968	6,985,167	775,801
Public safety	26,100,087	26,648,178	26,419,329	228,849
Transportation	4,741,947	4,707,786	4,316,097	391,689
Economic environment	578,971	698,971	606,782	92,189
Culture and recreation	1,551,958	1,571,261	1,490,975	80,286
Capital outlay	1,941,921	2,150,080	1,933,126	216,954
Total expenditures	43,035,040	43,537,244	41,751,476	1,785,768
Excess of revenues over expenditures	5,362,183	3,924,456	8,055,610	4,131,154
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	655,500	2,911,458	2,911,461	3
Transfers to other funds	(6,152,683)	(6,970,914)	(6,944,191)	26,723
Sale of capital assets	135,000	135,000	97,452	(37,548)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,362,183)	(3,924,456)	(3,935,278)	(10,822)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	4,120,332	4,120,332
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	53,661,865	53,661,865	53,661,865	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 53,661,865</u>	<u>53,661,865</u>	<u>57,782,197</u>	<u>4,120,332</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
STATE HOUSING INITIATIVES PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM (SHIPP) FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Intergovernmental grants	\$ 87,524	370,809	234,460	(136,349)
Interest and investment earnings	-	-	268	268
Miscellaneous	-	-	50	50
Special assessments, property owners	-	-	68,930	68,930
Total revenues	87,524	370,809	303,708	(67,101)
Expenditures				
Economic environment				
Personnel services	-	43,409	7,250	36,159
Operating expenditures	2,600	3,670	2,160	1,510
Public assistance	78,529	317,335	287,255	30,080
Reserve for contingencies	6,395	6,395	-	6,395
Total expenditures	87,524	370,809	296,665	74,144
Net change in fund balance	-	-	7,043	7,043
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	136,092	136,092	136,092	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	\$ 136,092	136,092	143,135	7,043

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

The RSI subsection contains supporting information to the Basic Financial Statements. This section contains schedules pertaining to the City's Retirement Plans and the City's Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) Plan

City's Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Schedule of Investment Returns

City's Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan

(Administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement)

Schedule of Changes in the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Schedule of Contributions

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Plan

(Administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement)

Schedule of Changes in the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Schedule of Contributions

City's Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule Of Changes In The City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios						
Reporting Period Ending September 30,	2019	2018	**	2017	2016	2015
Measurement Date, September 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$ 1,428,095	\$ 1,401,539	\$ 1,310,808	\$ 1,211,934	\$ 1,178,454	\$ 1,117,928
Interest on total pension liability	4,471,270	4,198,567	4,277,847	4,059,174	3,985,955	3,795,804
Change of benefit terms	16,898	-	-	191,166	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(215,523)	761,604	(671,001)	(1,346,250)	(1,535,114)	-
Changes of assumptions	-	-	(1,575,583)	1,475,851	-	-
Contributions - buy back	37,190	16,692	15,811	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,866,988)	(2,939,218)	(2,552,175)	(2,439,257)	(3,440,070)	(2,295,560)
Net change in total pension liability	2,870,942	3,439,184	805,707	3,152,618	189,225	2,618,172
Total pension liability - beginning	57,682,307	54,243,123	53,437,416	50,284,798	50,095,573	47,477,401
Total pension liability - ending (a)	60,553,249	57,682,307	54,243,123	53,437,416	50,284,798	50,095,573
Plan fiduciary net pension						
Contributions - employer	1,787,784	1,674,861	1,737,199	2,068,790	2,240,745	2,164,348
Contributions - state	443,102	399,665	434,857	452,530	447,927	452,334
Contributions - employee	524,595	498,643	476,467	430,777	404,002	373,904
Contributions - buy back	37,190	16,692	15,811	-	-	-
Net investment income	1,335,043	4,140,757	6,182,060	3,540,463	(278,021)	4,989,801
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(2,866,988)	(2,939,218)	(2,554,083)	(2,439,257)	(3,440,070)	(2,295,560)
Administrative expenses	(87,301)	(90,764)	(74,023)	(119,394)	(100,526)	(57,326)
Net change in plan fiduciary net pension	1,173,425	3,700,636	6,218,288	3,933,909	(725,943)	5,627,501
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	57,169,546	53,468,910	47,250,622	43,316,713	44,042,656	38,415,155
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	58,342,971	57,169,546	53,468,910	47,250,622	43,316,713	44,042,656
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,210,278	\$ 512,761	\$ 774,213	\$ 6,186,794	\$ 6,968,085	\$ 6,052,917
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.35%	99.11%	98.57%	88.42%	86.14%	87.92%
Covered payroll*	5,245,932	4,986,422	4,764,656	4,307,734	4,327,973	3,955,261
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	42.13%	10.28%	16.25%	143.62%	161.00%	153.03%

Notes to the Schedule:

*The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82

**For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City aligned the reporting period with the measurement date.

Information for the fiscal years prior to 2014 is not available.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Reporting Period Ending September 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,125,092	\$ 2,070,708	\$ 2,086,621	\$ 2,448,266	\$ 2,651,436	\$ 2,786,086
Less City prepaid contribution	(830,821)	(725,028)	(635,776)	(562,722)	(525,486)	(694,890)
Net required contribution	1,294,271	1,345,680	1,450,845	1,885,544	2,125,950	2,091,196
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	2,230,886	2,074,526	2,172,055	2,521,320	2,688,672	2,616,682
Contributions deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (936,615)</u>	<u>\$ (728,846)</u>	<u>\$ (721,210)</u>	<u>\$ (635,776)</u>	<u>\$ (562,722)</u>	<u>\$ (525,486)</u>
Covered payroll*	\$ 5,245,932	\$ 4,986,422	\$ 4,764,656	\$ 4,307,734	\$ 4,327,973	\$ 3,955,261
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	42.53%	41.60%	45.59%	58.53%	62.12%	66.16%

Notes to the Schedule:

*The covered employee payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82

Information for the fiscal years prior to 2014 is not available.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Notes to the Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date	October 1, 2017
Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.	
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates	
Funding Method	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. The following loads are applied for determination of the Sponsor dollar funding requirement: - Interest: a half year, based on the current 7.75% assumption. - Salary: a full year, based on the current 6.70% assumption.
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Pay, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	30 Years (as of October 1, 2017 valuation)
Cost-of-living adjustment	Hired On or After January 13, 2016 2.3% per year for lifetime, as defined by plan provisions. For members hired before January 13, 2016 and did not elect the new COLA structure 3.00% per year from age 55 through age 64.
Mortality	Healthy Active Lives: Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy White Collar, Scale BB. Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Combined Healthy White Collar/90% Combined Healthy Blue Collar, Scale BB Healthy Inactive Lives: Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB. Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar/90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB. Disabled Lives: Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale. Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.
Interest Rate	7.75% per year, compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.
Termination Rates	See table below.
Disability Rates	See table below. It is assumed that 75% of disablements and active Member deaths are service related.
Retirement Age	Age 55-56 50% probability, age 57+ 100% probability if less than 25 years of creditable service or 25-26 years of service, 75% probability; 27+ years of service, 100% probability, regardless of age.
Early Retirement	Any participant who has creditable service of ten years and has attained age 50, or has creditable service of 20 years, is eligible for early retirement and may elect a deferred or immediate benefit.
Projected Salary Increases	See table below.
Asset Smoothing Methodology	The Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward using the historical four-year geometric average of Market Value Returns (net-of-fees). Over time, this may result in a de minimis bias that is above or below the Market Value of Assets.
Payroll Growth	None.

Termination and Disability Rate Table

<u>Age</u>	<u>% Becoming Disabled During the Year</u>
20	0.14%
30	0.18%
40	0.30%
50	1.00%

<u>Credited Service</u>	<u>Probability of Withdrawal</u>
0-4	3%
5+	2%

Projected Salary Increases

<u>Credited Service</u>	<u>Assumed Increase</u>
0-3	13.5%
4	7.5%
5-24	5.5%
25+	5.0%

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule Of Changes In The City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Reporting Period Ending September 30,	2019	2018	**	2017	2016	2015
Measurement Date, September 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$ 1,971,896	\$ 1,899,922	\$ 1,738,683	\$ 1,716,107	\$ 1,704,870	\$ 1,743,824
Interest on total pension liability	6,758,257	6,669,916	6,407,795	6,108,658	5,769,530	5,401,904
Changes of benefit terms	-	105,574	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected & actual experience	(1,079,365)	1,605,321	(1,164,985)	(850,661)	(1,591,541)	(14,634)
Assumption charges	1,104,852	(1,303,756)	(484,231)	-	2,431,535	-
Benefit payments	(4,370,689)	(3,653,150)	(3,018,382)	(3,368,040)	(3,034,634)	(3,275,825)
Refunds	(111,533)	(24,005)	(68,430)	(60,068)	(155,427)	(82,636)
Other (Use of State Contribution Reserve)	-	-	-	-	(777,455)	-
Net change in total pension liability	4,273,418	5,299,822	3,410,450	3,545,996	4,346,878	3,772,633
Total pension liability - beginning	88,612,437	83,312,615	79,902,165	76,356,169	72,009,291	68,236,658
Total pension liability - ending (a)	92,885,855	88,612,437	83,312,615	79,902,165	76,356,169	72,009,291
Plan fiduciary net pension						
Contributions - employer	1,884,644	1,742,010	1,950,287	1,733,304	947,023	2,083,762
Contributions - employer (from State)*	559,908	542,093	508,684	470,750	1,216,355	409,016
Contributions - member (including buyback contributions)	690,241	635,816	654,627	656,297	613,398	445,907
Net investment income	4,287,594	4,534,735	6,152,170	4,779,609	(1,862,850)	6,415,819
Benefit payments	(4,370,689)	(3,653,150)	(3,018,382)	(3,368,040)	(3,034,634)	(3,275,825)
Refunds	(111,533)	(24,005)	(68,430)	(60,068)	(155,427)	(82,636)
Administrative expenses	(80,400)	(89,521)	(77,081)	(81,011)	(77,111)	(63,542)
Other (Use of State Contribution Reserve)	-	-	-	-	(777,454)	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net pension	2,859,765	3,687,978	6,101,875	4,130,841	(3,130,700)	5,932,501
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	75,094,031	71,406,053	65,304,178	61,173,337	64,304,037	58,371,536
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	77,953,796	75,094,031	71,406,053	65,304,178	61,173,337	64,304,037
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 14,932,059	\$ 13,518,406	\$ 11,906,562	\$ 14,597,987	\$ 15,182,832	\$ 7,705,254
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.92%	84.74%	85.71%	81.73%	80.12%	89.30%
Covered payroll*	7,211,239	7,064,622	7,273,639	6,721,823	6,641,933	6,649,201
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	207.07%	191.35%	163.69%	217.17%	228.59%	115.88%

Notes to the Schedule:

*\$777,455 in State Contribution Reserve was used to offset the City's contribution requirement for fiscal year 2015 as per the collective bargaining agreement

**For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City aligned the reporting period with the measurement date.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Reporting Period Ending September 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,358,075	\$ 2,197,804	\$ 2,404,665	\$ 2,147,622	\$ 2,024,461	\$ 2,454,885
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	2,444,552	2,284,103	2,458,971	2,204,054	2,163,378	2,492,778
Contributions deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (86,477)</u>	<u>\$ (86,299)</u>	<u>\$ (54,306)</u>	<u>\$ (56,432)</u>	<u>\$ (138,917)</u>	<u>\$ (37,893)</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 7,211,239	\$ 7,064,622	\$ 7,273,639	\$ 6,721,823	\$ 6,641,933	\$ 6,649,201
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	33.90%	32.33%	33.81%	32.79%	32.57%	37.49%

Information for the fiscal years prior to 2014 is not available.

*\$777,455 in State Contribution Reserve was used to offset the City's contribution requirement for fiscal year 2015 as per the collective bargaining agreement.

Notes to the Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date	October 1, 2017
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	30 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	6.7% to 9.1% depending on service, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.65%
Retirement Age	Experienced-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table (for pre-retirement mortality) and the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Annuitants (for healthy post-retirement mortality), with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates include a 90% blue collar adjustment and a 10% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment. These are the same rates used for the Special Risk Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in the July 1, 2017 FRS Valuation, as mandated by Chapter 112.63, Florida Statutes.
Payroll Growth	1.05% per year.

Schedule of Investment Returns

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual Money - Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	5.90%	6.50%	9.83%	8.45%	-2.50%	9.00%

Note: Information for the fiscal years prior to 2014 is not available

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM
FRS PENSION PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FRS Pension Plan (FRS)

Schedule of Changes in the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Reporting Period Ending September 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's Proportion of the FRS net pension liability	0.036655836%	0.036514135%	0.034732580%	0.036352035%	0.037778521%	0.036621250%
City's Proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 12,623,760	\$ 10,998,247	\$ 10,273,665	\$ 9,178,914	\$ 4,879,603	\$ 2,234,435
City's Covered payroll during the measurement period	\$ 14,412,855	\$ 14,181,572	\$ 13,619,219	\$ 13,587,760	\$ 13,423,099	\$ 12,390,604
City's Proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	87.59%	77.55%	75.44%	67.55%	36.35%	18.03%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the FRS total pension liability	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

Schedule of Contributions

Reporting Period Ending September 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$ 1,136,595	\$ 1,040,624	\$ 904,174	\$ 899,209	\$ 950,714	\$ 802,161
FRS Contributions made in relation to the contractually required FRS contribution	1,136,595	1,040,624	904,174	899,209	950,714	802,161
FRS Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's Covered payroll	\$ 14,528,405	\$ 14,308,275	\$ 13,619,219	\$ 13,587,760	\$ 13,423,099	\$ 12,390,604
FRS Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	7.82%	7.27%	6.64%	6.62%	7.08%	6.47%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Effective October 1, 2015, the City's component units (Central Community Redevelopment Agency, Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency, and Bradenton 14th Street Community Redevelopment Agency) that were previously presented as discretely presented component units are now presented as blended component units of the City.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM
HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS)

Schedule of Changes in the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Reporting Period Ending September 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's Proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.043179767%	0.043388360%	0.042281018%	0.043239811%	0.042018479%	0.041464856%
City's Proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$ 4,831,384	\$ 4,592,273	\$ 4,520,875	\$ 5,039,421	\$ 4,285,224	\$ 3,877,065
City's Covered payroll during the measurement period	\$ 14,412,855	\$ 14,181,572	\$ 13,359,001	\$ 13,587,760	\$ 13,423,099	\$ 12,390,604
City's Proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	33.52%	32.38%	33.84%	37.09%	31.92%	31.29%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the HIS total pension liability	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

Schedule of Contributions

Reporting Period Ending September 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$ 239,773	\$ 235,296	\$ 223,764	\$ 220,304	\$ 182,231	\$ 142,045
HIS Contributions made in relation to the contractually required HIS contribution	239,773	235,296	223,764	220,304	182,231	142,045
HIS Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's Covered payroll	\$ 14,528,405	\$ 14,308,275	\$ 13,359,001	\$ 13,587,760	\$ 13,423,099	\$ 12,390,604
HIS Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.65%	1.64%	1.68%	1.62%	1.36%	1.15%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Effective October 1, 2015, the City's component units (Central Community Redevelopment Agency, Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency, and Bradenton 14th Street Community Redevelopment Agency) that were previously presented as discretely presented component units are now presented as blended component units of the City.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION
 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

A. Total OPEB

Liability

	2019	2018
Service Cost	\$ 599,198	\$ 549,175
Interest on the total OPEB liability	895,957	825,078
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience of the total OPEB liability	(122,075)	0
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	3,168,904	(893,037)
Benefit payments	(863,178)	(560,400)
Net change in total OPEB liability	3,678,806	(79,184)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	23,225,510	23,304,694
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 26,904,316	\$ 23,225,510
B. Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 24,800,413	\$ 27,459,360
C. Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	108.48%	84.58%

Assumption Changes:

The discount rate was changed from 3.83% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 2.75% as of September 30, 2019 (based on the Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate).

The medical/Rx claims costs and premiums were updated based on actual claims experience and premium information provided for this valuation.

The healthcare cost trend assumption was revised to reflect: 1) updates through October 2018 of the Getzen forecasting model for developing long-term healthcare cost trends (previously based on the version updated September 2016) and 2) changes to the assumed load to model the expected cost of the excise tax to 0.25% beginning in 2037 (previously 0.25% beginning in 2032).

The assumption for termination, retirement and salary increases for Firefighters was changed to be based on the October 1, 2018 actuarial valuation of the City of Bradenton Firefighters' Retirement System.

Benefit Changes

During the year ended September 30, 2019, there were no changes in benefits.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

These financial statements provide a more detailed view of the “Basic Financial Statements” presented in the preceding subsection.

Combining statements are presented when there is more than one fund of a given fund type. Individual fund statements are presented when there is only one fund of a given type. They are also necessary to present budgetary comparisons.

Financial schedules are presented to provide greater detailed information than reported in the financial statements. Schedules also present information that is spread throughout the statements that can be brought together and shown in greater detail.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Taxes				
General property taxes	\$ 20,471,683	20,471,683	20,814,874	343,191
Public service taxes	2,026,233	2,026,233	1,920,599	(105,634)
Half-cent sales taxes	4,360,324	4,360,324	4,264,365	(95,959)
Utility taxes	4,973,957	4,973,957	5,305,577	331,620
Local business taxes	182,500	182,500	184,906	2,406
Total taxes	<u>32,014,697</u>	<u>32,014,697</u>	<u>32,490,321</u>	<u>475,624</u>
Franchise fees	<u>3,205,436</u>	<u>3,205,436</u>	<u>3,336,466</u>	<u>131,030</u>
Licenses and permits				
Building permits	1,097,350	1,097,350	1,809,467	712,117
Electrical permits	101,750	101,750	149,225	47,475
Plumbing permits	29,350	29,350	26,675	(2,675)
Other licenses and permits	250	250	-	(250)
Total licenses and permits	<u>1,228,700</u>	<u>1,228,700</u>	<u>1,985,367</u>	<u>756,667</u>
Intergovernmental grants	<u>420,042</u>	<u>480,042</u>	<u>446,282</u>	<u>(33,760)</u>
Shared revenues				
State revenue sharing	1,621,914	1,621,914	1,642,927	21,013
State motor fuel	486,110	486,110	489,694	3,584
State mobile home licenses	32,975	32,975	39,868	6,893
State alcohol beverage licenses	27,950	27,950	38,527	10,577
State firefighter	11,350	11,350	23,008	11,658
Ninth-cent gas tax	295,692	295,692	289,397	(6,295)
Five-cent gas tax	813,340	813,340	768,412	(44,928)
Four-cent gas tax	586,607	586,607	559,224	(27,383)
Two-cent gas tax	350,694	350,694	334,179	(16,515)
Total shared revenues	<u>4,226,632</u>	<u>4,226,632</u>	<u>4,185,236</u>	<u>(41,396)</u>
Charges for services				
General government fees	3,266,044	3,386,044	3,526,567	140,523
Culture and recreation	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Total charges for services	<u>3,267,044</u>	<u>3,387,044</u>	<u>3,526,567</u>	<u>139,523</u>
Fines and forfeitures	85,850	85,850	121,384	35,534
Interest and investment earnings	961,275	961,275	2,694,360	1,733,085
Payment in lieu of taxes	72,980	72,980	78,440	5,460
Rents	672,322	672,322	746,232	73,910
Special assessments-property owners	35,050	35,050	21,773	(13,277)
Miscellaneous	2,207,195	1,091,672	174,658	(917,014)
Total revenues	<u>\$ 48,397,223</u>	<u>47,461,700</u>	<u>49,807,086</u>	<u>2,345,386</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued)
GENERAL FUND
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
General Government				
Legislative				
Personnel services	\$ 563,890	563,890	558,654	5,236
Operating expenditures	71,219	84,203	81,086	3,117
Total Legislative	<u>635,109</u>	<u>648,093</u>	<u>639,740</u>	<u>8,353</u>
Executive-City Clerk				
Personnel services	427,717	427,717	420,929	6,788
Operating expenditures	1,043,370	1,044,270	974,541	69,729
Capital outlay	21,500	21,500	20,008	1,492
Total Executive-City Clerk	<u>1,492,587</u>	<u>1,493,487</u>	<u>1,415,478</u>	<u>78,009</u>
Financial				
Personnel services	386,410	391,881	391,881	-
Operating expenditures	66,595	61,124	56,956	4,168
Total Financial	<u>453,005</u>	<u>453,005</u>	<u>448,837</u>	<u>4,168</u>
Human Resources				
Personnel services	291,397	291,397	275,545	15,852
Operating expenditures	141,125	141,125	64,738	76,387
Total Human Resources	<u>432,522</u>	<u>432,522</u>	<u>340,283</u>	<u>92,239</u>
Administration				
Personnel services	189,302	189,738	183,673	6,065
Operating expenditures	8,610	23,569	20,061	3,508
Total Administration	<u>197,912</u>	<u>213,307</u>	<u>203,734</u>	<u>9,573</u>
Legal Counsel				
Operating expenditures	<u>126,500</u>	<u>136,888</u>	<u>136,887</u>	<u>1</u>
Purchasing				
Personnel services	213,699	215,432	215,431	1
Operating expenditures	26,182	54,706	50,168	4,538
Capital outlay	38,000	19,180	16,860	2,320
Total Purchasing	<u>277,881</u>	<u>289,318</u>	<u>282,459</u>	<u>6,859</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued)
GENERAL FUND
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Fleet Division				
Personnel services	\$ 833,739	841,239	778,472	62,767
Operating expenditures	129,100	129,100	98,048	31,052
Capital outlay	147,208	221,458	185,969	35,489
Total Fleet Division	<u>1,110,047</u>	<u>1,191,797</u>	<u>1,062,489</u>	<u>129,308</u>
Facilities Maintenance				
Personnel services	228,723	228,723	210,520	18,203
Operating expenditures	324,928	362,328	265,629	96,699
Capital outlay	182,500	145,100	101,183	43,917
Total Facilities Maintenance	<u>736,151</u>	<u>736,151</u>	<u>577,332</u>	<u>158,819</u>
Information Technology				
Personnel services	636,338	639,280	639,279	1
Operating expenditures	566,822	569,533	567,704	1,829
Capital outlay	50,000	50,000	32,817	17,183
Total Information Technology	<u>1,253,160</u>	<u>1,258,813</u>	<u>1,239,800</u>	<u>19,013</u>
Electrical Division				
Personnel services	483,451	490,043	490,042	1
Operating expenditures	95,020	88,428	67,205	21,223
Capital outlay	43,000	43,000	40,556	2,444
Total Electrical Division	<u>621,471</u>	<u>621,471</u>	<u>597,803</u>	<u>23,668</u>
Code Enforcement				
Personnel services	262,695	262,695	237,843	24,852
Operating expenditures	44,450	44,450	25,117	19,333
Total Code Enforcement	<u>307,145</u>	<u>307,145</u>	<u>262,960</u>	<u>44,185</u>
Grants and Assistance				
Operating expenditures	30,500	30,500	-	30,500
Total Grants and Assistance	<u>30,500</u>	<u>30,500</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30,500</u>
Local Business Tax				
Personnel services	75,203	76,031	76,032	(1)
Operating expenditures	7,045	6,145	5,311	834
Total Local Business Tax	<u>82,248</u>	<u>82,176</u>	<u>81,343</u>	<u>833</u>
Risk Safety				
Personnel services	76,956	80,745	80,745	-
Operating expenditures	29,185	25,396	12,670	12,726
Total Risk Safety	<u>106,141</u>	<u>106,141</u>	<u>93,415</u>	<u>12,726</u>
Contingencies	739,985	260,392	-	260,392
Total General Government	<u>8,602,364</u>	<u>8,261,206</u>	<u>7,382,560</u>	<u>878,646</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued)
GENERAL FUND
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Public Safety				
Law Enforcement				
Personnel services	\$ 14,781,553	14,781,553	14,607,417	174,136
Operating expenditures	1,698,608	1,866,752	1,834,914	31,838
Capital outlay	801,156	828,047	821,814	6,233
Total Law Enforcement	<u>17,281,317</u>	<u>17,476,352</u>	<u>17,264,145</u>	<u>212,207</u>
Fire Control				
Personnel services	8,887,871	9,307,951	9,307,952	(1)
Operating expenditures	732,055	691,922	669,046	22,876
Capital outlay	531,057	522,509	433,478	89,031
Total Fire Control	<u>10,150,983</u>	<u>10,522,382</u>	<u>10,410,476</u>	<u>111,906</u>
Total Public Safety	<u>27,432,300</u>	<u>27,998,734</u>	<u>27,674,621</u>	<u>324,113</u>
Transportation				
Street Division				
Personnel services	633,902	636,902	594,271	42,631
Operating expenditures	2,198,654	2,178,382	2,153,013	25,369
Capital outlay	53,500	73,772	64,234	9,538
Total Street Division	<u>2,886,056</u>	<u>2,889,056</u>	<u>2,811,518</u>	<u>77,538</u>
Planning and Community Development				
Personnel services	441,804	441,804	432,428	9,376
Operating expenditures	235,626	218,737	104,431	114,306
Capital outlay	-	16,889	16,889	-
Total Planning and Community Development	<u>677,430</u>	<u>677,430</u>	<u>553,748</u>	<u>123,682</u>
Building				
Personnel services	986,212	986,212	899,193	87,019
Operating expenditures	245,749	245,749	132,761	112,988
Total Building	<u>1,231,961</u>	<u>1,231,961</u>	<u>1,031,954</u>	<u>200,007</u>
Total Transportation	<u>4,795,447</u>	<u>4,798,447</u>	<u>4,397,220</u>	<u>401,227</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued)
GENERAL FUND
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Economic Environment				
Personnel services	281,168	284,168	282,156	2,012
Operating expenditures	\$ 297,803	414,803	324,626	90,177
Total Economic Environment	<u>578,971</u>	<u>698,971</u>	<u>606,782</u>	<u>92,189</u>
Culture and Recreation				
Landscape and Grounds Division				
Personnel services	909,605	818,686	753,348	65,338
Operating expenditures	642,353	752,575	737,627	14,948
Capital outlay	74,000	208,625	199,318	9,307
Total Landscape and Grounds Division	<u>1,625,958</u>	<u>1,779,886</u>	<u>1,690,293</u>	<u>89,593</u>
Total Culture and Recreation	<u>1,625,958</u>	<u>1,779,886</u>	<u>1,690,293</u>	<u>89,593</u>
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 43,035,040</u>	<u>43,537,244</u>	<u>41,751,476</u>	<u>1,785,768</u>

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments) or to finance specified activities as required by law or administrative regulation.

Community Development Program

To account for the receipt, custody and expenditure of Community Development Program grant funds. These funds are restricted for exclusive use in the Community Development Block Grant program.

Central Community Redevelopment Area

The Central Community Redevelopment Area is a dependent special district created by the Community Redevelopment Act of 1969, Chapter 163 Part III, Florida Statutes, and City of Bradenton Ordinance 2628 passed by the Bradenton City Council on July 12, 2000. The Central Community Redevelopment Area provides a framework for coordinating and facilitating public and private redevelopment of the Central Community Redevelopment District and adjacent areas.

Bradenton Community Redevelopment Area

The Bradenton Community Redevelopment Area is a dependent special district created pursuant to Florida Statute 163 and City of Bradenton Ordinance 2219 passed by the Bradenton City Council on May 28, 1980.

Bradenton 14th Street Community Redevelopment Area

The Bradenton 14th Street Community Redevelopment Area is a dependent special district created pursuant to Florida Statute 163 and City of Bradenton Ordinance 2504 passed by the Bradenton City Council on November 24, 1993.

Criminal Justice Education

To account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the Criminal Justice Education Program for the Police Department. The revenues may be used for criminal justice education and training for the local government unit's officers and support personnel.

Police Explorers

To account for the revenues and expenses associated with the Police Explorers program which allows young adults to develop an awareness of the purpose, mission and objectives of law enforcement agencies.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

Police Federal Forfeiture

To account for federal forfeiture proceeds, which can be expended for any activity calculated to enhance future investigations, support investigations and operations that may result in further seizures and forfeitures.

State Forfeiture

To account for revenues from the sale of forfeited property and expenditures of those funds for law enforcement purposes such as crime prevention and safe neighborhoods.

Abandoned Property

To account for funds and property seized and abandoned to the City to be used for law enforcement purposes.

Twin Dolphin Marina Grant

To account for the revenues and expenditures associated with a grant provided by the Florida Boating Improvement Program for the Twin Dolphin Marina Dock C Replacement.

Miscellaneous Grants

This fund is to account for the funding for miscellaneous grants that the City receives where the revenues are restricted by grant agreements to be used on specific, approved expenditures.

Disaster

This fund is to account for the expenditures and the corresponding reimbursements from outside agencies related to the damage caused by Hurricane Irma.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Franchise Fees Promissory Note 2000

Variable interest rate, due in quarterly installments of principal and interest, maturing in 2020. These funds are restricted for the repayment of the debt's principal and interest.

Florida Municipal Loan 2012

2.2% interest rate, payable in installments from \$165,000 to \$215,000, maturing in 2021. These funds are restricted for the repayment of the debt's principal and interest.

Special Obligation Series 2012

3.08% interest rate, payable in installments from approximately \$260,000 to \$2,750,000, maturing in 2027. These funds are restricted for the repayment of the debt's principal and interest.

Special Obligation Series 2016

4.00% - 5.00% interest rate, payable in installments from approximately \$455,000 to \$980,000, maturing in 2039. These funds are restricted for the repayment of the debt's principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Half Cent Infrastructure Surtax

To account for the receipt, custody and expenditure (including transfers) of the Half Cent Infrastructure Surtax adopted by the voters in November of 2016. These funds are committed for capital improvement projects within the City.

Road Impact Fee

To account for the receipt, custody and expenditure (including transfers) of impact fee revenue. By City ordinance, these funds shall be used exclusively for acquisitions, expansions, or capital improvements within the citywide roads impact fee district. In the event that bonds or similar debt instruments are issued for advanced provision of capital facilities for which roads impact fees may be expended, the impact fees may be used to pay debt service on such bonds or similar debt.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds(Continued)

Parks and Recreational Impact Fee, West

To account for the receipt, custody and expenditure (including transfers) of impact fee revenue. By City ordinance, these funds shall be used exclusively for acquisitions, expansions, or capital improvements within the Parks and Recreation Impact Fee West District. In the event that bonds or similar debt instruments are issued for advanced provision of capital facilities for which parks and recreation impact fees may be expended, the fees may be used to pay debt service on such bonds or similar debt instruments.

Parks and Recreational Impact Fee, East

To account for the receipt, custody and expenditure (including transfers) of impact fee revenue. By City ordinance, these funds shall be used exclusively for acquisitions, expansions, or capital improvements within the Parks and Recreation Impact Fee East District. In the event that bonds or similar debt instruments are issued for advanced provision of capital facilities for which parks and recreation impact fees may be expended, the fees may be used to pay debt service on such bonds or similar debt instruments.

Public Safety Police Protection

To account for the receipt, custody and expenditure (including transfers) of impact fee revenue. By City ordinance, the funds collected from public safety impact fees shall be solely for the purpose of acquiring, equipping, and/or making capital improvements to public safety facilities under the jurisdiction of the City. In the event bonds or similar debt instruments are issued for advance provision of capital facilities for which public safety impact fees may be expended, the fees may be used to pay debt service on such bonds or similar debt.

Public Safety Fire Protection

To account for the receipt, custody and expenditure (including transfers) of impact fee revenue. By City ordinance, the funds collected from public safety impact fees shall be solely for the purpose of acquiring, equipping, and/or making capital improvements to public safety facilities under the jurisdiction of the City. In the event bonds or similar debt instruments are issued for advance provision of capital facilities for which public safety impact fees may be expended, the fees may be used to pay debt service on such bonds or similar debt.

General Projects

To account for general City construction projects that are financed by general government resources. These funds are committed for capital improvement projects within the City.

Pirate City Capital Reserve

A reserve fund designated for future capital repairs and maintenance for the Pittsburgh Pirates' spring training complex.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 September 30, 2019

	Special Revenue			
	Community Development Program	Central Community Redevelopment Agency	Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency	14th Street Community Redevelopment Agency
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 115,912	1,114,681	2,742,594	779,119
Accounts receivable	509,426	-	-	-
Prepaid items	-	13,126	-	-
Due from other governments	69,305	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 694,643</u>	<u>1,127,807</u>	<u>2,742,594</u>	<u>779,119</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 34,392	18,014	208,076	5,994
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	2,851	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	366,629	-	-
Due to other funds	2,013	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>39,256</u>	<u>384,643</u>	<u>208,076</u>	<u>5,994</u>
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue	509,426	-	-	-
Fund balances				
Non-spendable				
Non-spendable prepaid items	-	13,126	-	-
Restricted for				
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Grants	145,961	-	-	-
Impact fee programs	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Committed to				
Capital projects	-	730,038	2,534,518	773,125
Emergency and disaster reserve	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	<u>145,961</u>	<u>743,164</u>	<u>2,534,518</u>	<u>773,125</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 694,643</u>	<u>1,127,807</u>	<u>2,742,594</u>	<u>779,119</u>

Special Revenue

Criminal Justice Education	Twin Dolphin Marina Grant	Police Explorers	Police Federal Forfeiture	State Forfeiture	Abandoned Property
39,622	10,750	7,541	117,528	111,556	36,238
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	467,296	-	-	-	-
<u>39,622</u>	<u>478,046</u>	<u>7,541</u>	<u>117,528</u>	<u>111,556</u>	<u>36,238</u>
-	478,046	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	478,046	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
39,622	-	7,541	117,528	111,556	36,238
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>39,622</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,541</u>	<u>117,528</u>	<u>111,556</u>	<u>36,238</u>
<u>39,622</u>	<u>478,046</u>	<u>7,541</u>	<u>117,528</u>	<u>111,556</u>	<u>36,238</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 September 30, 2019

	Special Revenue			Debt Service
	Miscellaneous Grants	Disaster	Total	Franchise Fees Promissory Note 2000
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	2,068	5,077,609	-
Accounts receivable	161,782	-	671,208	-
Prepaid items	-	-	13,126	-
Due from other governments	103	225,400	762,104	-
Total assets	<u>161,885</u>	<u>227,468</u>	<u>6,524,047</u>	<u>-</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	27	-	744,549	-
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	76	-	2,927	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	366,629	-
Due to other funds	-	-	2,013	-
Total liabilities	<u>103</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,116,118</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue	<u>161,782</u>	<u>225,400</u>	<u>896,608</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances				
Non-spendable				
Non-spendable prepaid items	-	-	13,126	-
Restricted for				
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Grants	-	-	145,961	-
Impact fee programs	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	312,485	-
Committed to				
Capital projects	-	-	4,037,681	-
Emergency and disaster reserve	-	2,068	2,068	-
Total fund balances	<u>-</u>	<u>2,068</u>	<u>4,511,321</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>161,885</u>	<u>227,468</u>	<u>6,524,047</u>	<u>-</u>

Debt Service				Capital Projects	
Florida Municipal Loan 2012	Special Obligation Series 2012	Special Obligation Series 2016	Total	Half Cent Infrastructure Surtax	Road Impact Fee
-	739	5	744	5,513,694	3,150,666
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	283,477	-
-	739	5	744	5,797,171	3,150,666
-	-	-	-	180,730	11,198
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	180,730	11,198
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	739	5	744	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	3,139,468
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	5,616,441	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	739	5	744	5,616,441	3,139,468
-	739	5	744	5,797,171	3,150,666

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 September 30, 2019

	Capital Projects			
	Parks and Recreation Impact Fee- West	Parks and Recreation Impact Fee- East	Public Safety Police Protection	Public Safety Fire Protection
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	262,958	880,508	741,128	397,302
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-
Total assets	262,958	880,508	741,128	397,302
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	73	-	-	-
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	73	-	-	-
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-
Fund balances				
Non-spendable				
Non-spendable prepaid items	-	-	-	-
Restricted for				
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Grants	-	-	-	-
Impact fee programs	262,885	880,508	741,128	397,302
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Committed to				
Capital projects	-	-	-	-
Emergency and disaster reserve	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	262,885	880,508	741,128	397,302
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	262,958	880,508	741,128	397,302

Capital Projects			
General Projects	Pirate City Capital Reserve	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
2,785,177	229,473	13,960,906	19,039,259
-	-	-	671,208
-	-	-	13,126
-	-	283,477	1,045,581
<u>2,785,177</u>	<u>229,473</u>	<u>14,244,383</u>	<u>20,769,174</u>
56,649	-	248,650	993,199
-	-	-	2,927
-	-	-	366,629
-	-	-	2,013
<u>56,649</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>248,650</u>	<u>1,364,768</u>
-	-	-	896,608
-	-	-	13,126
-	-	-	744
-	-	-	145,961
-	-	5,421,291	5,421,291
-	-	-	312,485
2,728,528	229,473	8,574,442	12,612,123
-	-	-	2,068
<u>2,728,528</u>	<u>229,473</u>	<u>13,995,733</u>	<u>18,507,798</u>
<u>2,785,177</u>	<u>229,473</u>	<u>14,244,383</u>	<u>20,769,174</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
 AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Special Revenue			
	Community Development Program	Central Community Redevelopment Agency	Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency	14th Street Community Redevelopment Agency
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ -	478,797	1,469,697	295,482
Intergovernmental grants	389,924	-	-	-
Impact fees	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	34,945	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Interest and investment earnings	-	178	15,629	3,017
Rents	-	170,199	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	94	-	-
Special assessments, property owners	42,974	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>467,843</u>	<u>649,268</u>	<u>1,485,326</u>	<u>298,499</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-
Economic environment	438,169	338,799	1,270,411	173,285
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Debt service				
Principal	-	217,807	175,000	-
Interest	-	105,211	234,750	-
Fees and expenditures	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	1,099,563	-
Total expenditures	<u>438,169</u>	<u>661,817</u>	<u>2,779,724</u>	<u>173,285</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>29,674</u>	<u>(12,549)</u>	<u>(1,294,398)</u>	<u>125,214</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	-	441,478	1,348,442	271,774
Transfers to other funds	-	-	(600,000)	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>441,478</u>	<u>748,442</u>	<u>271,774</u>
Net change in fund balances	29,674	428,929	(545,956)	396,988
Fund balances, beginning	<u>116,287</u>	<u>314,235</u>	<u>3,080,474</u>	<u>376,137</u>
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 145,961</u>	<u>743,164</u>	<u>2,534,518</u>	<u>773,125</u>

Special Revenue

Criminal Justice Education	Twin Dolphin Marina Grant	Police Explorers	Police Federal Forfeiture	State Forfeiture	Abandoned Property
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	835,040	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
7,089	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	5,024	54,383	53,750	31,962
-	-	-	-	-	-
7,089	835,040	5,024	54,383	53,750	31,962
-	-	-	-	-	-
8,696	-	714	91,459	45,199	17,377
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	835,040	-	-	-	-
8,696	835,040	714	91,459	45,199	17,377
(1,607)	-	4,310	(37,076)	8,551	14,585
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
(1,607)	-	4,310	(37,076)	8,551	14,585
41,229	-	3,231	154,604	103,005	21,653
39,622	-	7,541	117,528	111,556	36,238

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
 AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Special Revenue			Debt Service
	Miscellaneous Grants	Disaster	Total	Franchise Fees Promissory Note 2000
Revenues				
Taxes	-	-	2,243,976	-
Intergovernmental grants	27,945	2,565,909	3,818,818	-
Impact fees	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	34,945	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	7,089	-
Interest and investment earnings	-	-	18,824	-
Rents	-	-	170,199	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	145,213	-
Special assessments, property owners	-	-	42,974	-
Total revenues	27,945	2,565,909	6,482,038	-
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	27,945	309,830	337,775	-
Public safety	-	-	163,445	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-
Economic environment	-	-	2,220,664	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	392,807	828,445
Interest	-	-	339,961	29,886
Fees and expenditures	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	1,934,603	-
Total expenditures	27,945	309,830	5,389,255	858,331
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	2,256,079	1,092,783	(858,331)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	-	-	2,061,694	790,224
Transfers to other funds	-	(2,254,011)	(2,854,011)	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(2,254,011)	(792,317)	790,224
Net change in fund balances	-	2,068	300,466	(68,107)
Fund balances, beginning	-	-	4,210,855	68,107
Fund balances, ending	-	2,068	4,511,321	-

Debt Service				Capital Projects	
Florida Municipal Loan 2012	Special Obligation Series 2012	Special Obligation Series 2016	Total	Half Cent Infrastructure Surtax	Road Impact Fee
-	-	-	-	4,034,413	-
-	400,000	500,004	900,004	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	539,972
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	230,536	68,212
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	400,000	500,004	900,004	4,264,949	608,184
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	21,522
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	332,885	480,000	1,641,330	-	-
-	171,010	523,949	724,845	-	-
-	-	485	485	-	-
-	-	-	-	1,807,752	-
-	503,895	1,004,434	2,366,660	1,807,752	21,522
-	(103,895)	(504,430)	(1,466,656)	2,457,197	586,662
-	103,895	504,435	1,398,554	-	-
(1,950)	-	-	(1,950)	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
(1,950)	103,895	504,435	1,396,604	-	-
(1,950)	-	5	(70,052)	2,457,197	586,662
1,950	739	-	70,796	3,159,244	2,552,806
-	739	5	744	5,616,441	3,139,468

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES(CONTINUED)
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Capital Projects			
	Parks and Recreation Impact Fee- West	Parks and Recreation Impact Fee- East	Public Safety Police Protection	Public Safety Fire Protection
Revenues				
Taxes	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental grants	-	-	-	-
Impact fees	173,385	130,177	149,675	110,375
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Interest and investment earnings	9,508	38,891	31,496	7,801
Rents	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Special assessments, property owners	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>182,893</u>	<u>169,068</u>	<u>181,171</u>	<u>118,176</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-
Economic environment	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	74	-	-	-
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Fees and expenditures	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	5,022	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>5,096</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>177,797</u>	<u>169,068</u>	<u>181,171</u>	<u>118,176</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-	-
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	19,215	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,215</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	177,797	169,068	200,386	118,176
Fund balances, beginning	<u>85,088</u>	<u>711,440</u>	<u>540,742</u>	<u>279,126</u>
Fund balances, ending	<u><u>262,885</u></u>	<u><u>880,508</u></u>	<u><u>741,128</u></u>	<u><u>397,302</u></u>

<u>Capital Projects</u>			
General Projects	Pirate City Capital Reserve	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
-	-	4,034,413	6,278,389
-	-	-	4,718,822
-	-	1,103,584	1,103,584
44,616	-	44,616	79,561
-	-	-	7,089
39,359	9,051	434,854	453,678
-	-	-	170,199
-	-	-	145,213
-	-	-	42,974
83,975	9,051	5,617,467	12,999,509
-	-	-	337,775
-	-	-	163,445
-	-	21,522	21,522
-	-	-	2,220,664
-	-	74	74
-	-	-	2,034,137
-	-	-	1,064,806
-	-	-	485
574,176	630,657	3,017,607	4,952,210
574,176	630,657	3,039,203	10,795,118
(490,201)	(621,606)	2,578,264	2,204,391
2,750,000	152,272	2,902,272	6,362,520
-	-	-	(2,855,961)
-	-	19,215	19,215
2,750,000	152,272	2,921,487	3,525,774
2,259,799	(469,334)	5,499,751	5,730,165
468,729	698,807	8,495,982	12,777,633
2,728,528	229,473	13,995,733	18,507,798

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amount</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>		
Revenues				
Intergovernmental grants	\$ 421,566	692,488	389,924	(302,564)
Charges for services	100	100	34,945	34,845
Miscellaneous	21,255	-	-	-
Special assessments, property owners	-	39,566	42,974	3,408
Total revenues	<u>442,921</u>	<u>732,154</u>	<u>467,843</u>	<u>(264,311)</u>
Expenditures				
Economic Environment				
Personnel services	150,308	150,308	146,307	4,001
Operating expenditures	28,857	36,178	16,547	19,631
Public assistance	260,086	541,978	275,315	266,663
Reserve for contingencies	<u>3,670</u>	<u>3,690</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,690</u>
Total expenditures	<u>442,921</u>	<u>732,154</u>	<u>438,169</u>	<u>293,985</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	29,674	29,674
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>116,287</u>	<u>116,287</u>	<u>116,287</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 116,287</u>	<u>116,287</u>	<u>145,961</u>	<u>29,674</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
CENTRAL COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AREA FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 481,103	481,103	478,797	(2,306)
Interest and investment earnings	800	800	178	(622)
Rents	-	-	170,199	170,199
Miscellaneous	665,000	665,000	94	(664,906)
Total revenues	<u>1,146,903</u>	<u>1,146,903</u>	<u>649,268</u>	<u>(497,635)</u>
Expenditures				
Economic Environment				
Operating expenditures	698,182	698,182	623,075	75,107
Public assistance	122,000	122,000	38,742	83,258
Capital outlay	774,463	774,463	-	774,463
Total expenditures	<u>1,594,645</u>	<u>1,594,645</u>	<u>661,817</u>	<u>932,828</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(447,742)</u>	<u>(447,742)</u>	<u>(12,549)</u>	<u>435,193</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	447,742	447,742	441,478	(6,264)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>447,742</u>	<u>447,742</u>	<u>441,478</u>	<u>(6,264)</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	428,929	428,929
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>314,235</u>	<u>314,235</u>	<u>314,235</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 314,235</u>	<u>314,235</u>	<u>743,164</u>	<u>428,929</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
BRADENTON COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AREA FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amount</u>			Variance with Final Budget
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,515,690	1,469,696	1,469,697	1
Interest and investment earnings	4,600	4,600	15,629	11,029
Miscellaneous	1,996,135	3,080,475	-	(3,080,475)
Total revenues	<u>3,516,425</u>	<u>4,554,771</u>	<u>1,485,326</u>	<u>(3,069,445)</u>
Expenditures				
Economic Environment				
Operating expenditures	1,919,750	1,319,750	1,322,975	(3,225)
Public assistance	337,300	437,300	357,186	80,114
Capital outlay	2,650,072	3,546,163	1,099,563	2,446,600
Total expenditures	<u>4,907,122</u>	<u>5,303,213</u>	<u>2,779,724</u>	<u>2,523,489</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(1,390,697)</u>	<u>(748,442)</u>	<u>(1,294,398)</u>	<u>(545,956)</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	1,390,697	1,348,442	1,348,442	-
Transfers to other funds	-	(600,000)	(600,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>1,390,697</u>	<u>748,442</u>	<u>748,442</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(545,956)	(545,956)
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>3,080,474</u>	<u>3,080,474</u>	<u>3,080,474</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 3,080,474</u>	<u>3,080,474</u>	<u>2,534,518</u>	<u>(545,956)</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
14TH STREET COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AREA FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amount</u>			Variance with Final Budget
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 289,639	295,482	295,482	-
Interest and investment earnings	1,500	1,500	3,017	1,517
Miscellaneous	300,000	376,137	-	(376,137)
Total revenues	<u>591,139</u>	<u>673,119</u>	<u>298,499</u>	<u>(374,620)</u>
Expenditures				
Economic Environment				
Operating expenditures	175,352	175,352	123,537	51,815
Public assistance	660,892	744,541	49,748	694,793
Capital outlay	25,000	25,000	-	25,000
Total expenditures	<u>861,244</u>	<u>944,893</u>	<u>173,285</u>	<u>771,608</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(270,105)</u>	<u>(271,774)</u>	<u>125,214</u>	<u>396,988</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	270,105	271,774	271,774	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>270,105</u>	<u>271,774</u>	<u>271,774</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	396,988	396,988
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>376,137</u>	<u>376,137</u>	<u>376,137</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 376,137</u>	<u>376,137</u>	<u>773,125</u>	<u>396,988</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
CRIMINAL JUSTICE EDUCATION FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amount</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>		
Revenues				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	7,089	7,089	-
Miscellaneous	-	1,607	-	(1,607)
Total revenues	-	8,696	7,089	(1,607)
Expenditures				
Public Safety				
Operating expenditures	-	8,696	8,696	-
Total expenditures	-	8,696	8,696	-
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(1,607)	(1,607)
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	41,229	41,229	41,229	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 41,229</u>	<u>41,229</u>	<u>39,622</u>	<u>(1,607)</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
TWIN DOLPHIN MARINA GRANT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amount</u>			Variance with Final Budget
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
Revenues				
Intergovernmental grants	\$ 399,000	835,041	835,040	(1)
Miscellaneous	<u>1,634,782</u>	<u>1,634,782</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,634,782)</u>
Total revenues	<u>2,033,782</u>	<u>2,469,823</u>	<u>835,040</u>	<u>(1,634,783)</u>
Expenditures				
Culture and Recreation				
Operating expenditures	<u>2,033,782</u>	<u>2,469,823</u>	<u>835,040</u>	<u>1,634,783</u>
Total expenditures	<u>2,033,782</u>	<u>2,469,823</u>	<u>835,040</u>	<u>1,634,783</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
POLICE EXPLORERS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amount</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>		
Revenues				
Miscellaneous	\$ -	5,025	5,024	(1)
Total revenues	-	5,025	5,024	(1)
Expenditures				
Public Safety				
Operating expenditures	-	715	714	1
Reserve for contingencies	-	4,310	-	4,310
Total expenditures	-	5,025	714	4,311
Net change in fund balance	-	-	4,310	4,310
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	3,231	3,231	3,231	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 3,231</u>	<u>3,231</u>	<u>7,541</u>	<u>4,310</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
POLICE FEDERAL FORFEITURE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amount</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>		
Revenues				
Miscellaneous	\$ -	91,459	54,383	(37,076)
Total revenues	-	91,459	54,383	(37,076)
Expenditures				
Public Safety				
Operating expenditures	-	91,459	91,459	-
Total expenditures	-	91,459	91,459	-
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(37,076)	(37,076)
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	154,604	154,604	154,604	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 154,604</u>	<u>154,604</u>	<u>117,528</u>	<u>(37,076)</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
STATE FORFEITURE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amount</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>		
Revenues				
Miscellaneous	\$ -	53,750	53,750	-
Total revenues	-	53,750	53,750	-
Expenditures				
Public Safety				
Operating expenditures	-	45,199	45,199	-
Reserve for contingencies	-	8,551	-	8,551
Total expenditures	-	53,750	45,199	8,551
Net change in fund balance	-	-	8,551	8,551
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	103,005	103,005	103,005	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 103,005</u>	<u>103,005</u>	<u>111,556</u>	<u>8,551</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
ABANDONED PROPERTY FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amount</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>		
Revenues				
Miscellaneous	\$ -	31,962	31,962	-
Total revenues	-	31,962	31,962	-
Expenditures				
Public Safety				
Operating expenditures	-	17,377	17,377	-
Reserve for contingencies	-	14,585	-	14,585
Total expenditures	-	31,962	17,377	14,585
Net change in fund balance	-	-	14,585	14,585
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	21,653	21,653	21,653	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 21,653</u>	<u>21,653</u>	<u>36,238</u>	<u>14,585</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
MISCELLANEOUS GRANTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amount</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>		
Revenues				
Intergovernmental grants	\$ -	81,451	27,945	(53,506)
Total revenues	-	81,451	27,945	(53,506)
Expenditures				
General Government				
Contingencies	-	78,664	27,508	51,156
Personnel services	-	2,787	437	2,350
Total expenditures	-	81,451	27,945	53,506
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
DISASTER FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amount</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>		
Revenues				
Intergovernmental grants	\$ -	2,788,856	2,565,909	(222,947)
Total revenues	-	2,788,856	2,565,909	(222,947)
Expenditures				
General Government				
Contingencies	-	856	852	4
Personnel services	-	309,008	308,978	30
Reserve for contingencies	-	224,981	-	224,981
Total expenditures	-	534,845	309,830	225,015
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	2,254,011	2,256,079	2,068
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers to other funds	-	(2,254,011)	(2,254,011)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(2,254,011)	(2,254,011)	-
Net change in fund balance	-	-	2,068	2,068
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	\$ -	-	2,068	2,068

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
DEBT SERVICE FUND
FRANCHISE FEES PROMISSORY NOTE 2000 FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Intergovernmental grants	\$ -	-	-	-
Total revenues	-	-	-	-
Expenditures				
Loan principal repayments	-	828,445	828,445	-
Interest on bonds	-	29,887	29,886	1
Total expenditures	-	858,332	858,331	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(858,332)	(858,331)	1
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	-	858,332	790,224	(68,108)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	858,332	790,224	(68,108)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(68,107)	(68,107)
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	68,107	68,107	68,107	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	\$ 68,107	68,107	-	(68,107)

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
DEBT SERVICE FUND
SPECIAL OBLIGATION SERIES 2012 FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Intergovernmental grants	\$ 400,000	400,000	400,000	-
Total revenues	400,000	400,000	400,000	-
Expenditures				
Loan principal repayments	332,885	332,885	332,885	-
Interest on bonds	171,010	171,010	171,010	-
Total expenditures	503,895	503,895	503,895	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(103,895)	(103,895)	(103,895)	-
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	103,895	103,895	103,895	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	103,895	103,895	103,895	-
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	739	739	739	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	\$ 739	739	739	-

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
DEBT SERVICE FUND
SPECIAL OBLIGATION SERIES 2016 FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Intergovernmental grants	\$ 500,000	500,000	500,004	4
Total revenues	500,000	500,000	500,004	4
Expenditures				
Loan principal repayments	480,000	480,000	480,000	-
Interest on bonds	523,950	523,950	523,949	1
Fees and expenditures	-	485	485	-
Total expenditures	1,003,950	1,004,435	1,004,434	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(503,950)	(504,435)	(504,430)	5
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	503,950	504,435	504,435	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	503,950	504,435	504,435	-
Net change in fund balance	-	-	5	5
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	\$ -	-	5	5

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
 HALF CENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,418,164	4,418,164	4,034,413	(383,751)
Interest and investment earnings	11,976	11,976	230,536	218,560
Miscellaneous	2,435,000	3,159,244	-	(3,159,244)
Total revenues	<u>6,865,140</u>	<u>7,589,384</u>	<u>4,264,949</u>	<u>(3,324,435)</u>
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	6,560,000	7,284,244	1,807,752	5,476,492
Reserve for contingencies	305,140	305,140	-	305,140
Total expenditures	<u>6,865,140</u>	<u>7,589,384</u>	<u>1,807,752</u>	<u>5,781,632</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	2,457,197	2,457,197
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>3,159,244</u>	<u>3,159,244</u>	<u>3,159,244</u>	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 3,159,244</u>	<u>3,159,244</u>	<u>5,616,441</u>	<u>2,457,197</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
 ROAD IMPACT FEE FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Impact fees	\$ 135,000	135,000	539,972	404,972
Interest and investment earnings	42,565	42,565	68,212	25,647
Total revenues	<u>177,565</u>	<u>177,565</u>	<u>608,184</u>	<u>430,619</u>
Expenditures				
Transportation - operating	-	21,525	21,522	3
Reserve for contingencies	177,565	156,040	-	156,040
Total expenditures	<u>177,565</u>	<u>177,565</u>	<u>21,522</u>	<u>156,043</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	586,662	586,662
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>2,552,806</u>	<u>2,552,806</u>	<u>2,552,806</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 2,552,806</u>	<u>2,552,806</u>	<u>3,139,468</u>	<u>586,662</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
 PARKS AND RECREATIONAL IMPACT FEE-WEST FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Impact fees	\$ 75,000	75,000	173,385	98,385
Interest and investment earnings	5,406	5,406	9,508	4,102
Total revenues	<u>80,406</u>	<u>80,406</u>	<u>182,893</u>	<u>102,487</u>
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	-	5,500	5,022	478
Operating expenditures	-	75	74	1
Reserve for contingencies	80,406	74,831	-	74,831
Total expenditures	<u>80,406</u>	<u>80,406</u>	<u>5,096</u>	<u>75,310</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	177,797	177,797
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>85,088</u>	<u>85,088</u>	<u>85,088</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u><u>\$ 85,088</u></u>	<u><u>85,088</u></u>	<u><u>262,885</u></u>	<u><u>177,797</u></u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
 PARKS AND RECREATIONAL IMPACT FEE-EAST FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Impact fees	\$ 50,000	50,000	130,177	80,177
Interest and investment earnings	12,890	12,890	38,891	26,001
Total revenues	<u>62,890</u>	<u>62,890</u>	<u>169,068</u>	<u>106,178</u>
Expenditures				
Reserve for contingencies	62,890	62,890	-	62,890
Total expenditures	<u>62,890</u>	<u>62,890</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>62,890</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	169,068	169,068
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>711,440</u>	<u>711,440</u>	<u>711,440</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 711,440</u>	<u>711,440</u>	<u>880,508</u>	<u>169,068</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
 PUBLIC SAFETY POLICE PROTECTION IMPACT FEE FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Impact fees	\$ 65,000	65,000	149,675	84,675
Interest and investment earnings	9,290	9,290	31,496	22,206
Total revenues	<u>74,290</u>	<u>74,290</u>	<u>181,171</u>	<u>106,881</u>
Expenditures				
Reserve for contingencies	74,290	74,290	-	74,290
Total expenditures	<u>74,290</u>	<u>74,290</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>74,290</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>181,171</u>	<u>181,171</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	19,215	19,215
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,215</u>	<u>19,215</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	200,386	200,386
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>540,742</u>	<u>540,742</u>	<u>540,742</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 540,742</u>	<u>540,742</u>	<u>741,128</u>	<u>200,386</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
 PUBLIC SAFETY FIRE PROTECTION IMPACT FEE FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Impact fees	\$ 45,000	45,000	110,375	65,375
Interest and investment earnings	5,804	5,804	7,801	1,997
Total revenues	<u>50,804</u>	<u>50,804</u>	<u>118,176</u>	<u>67,372</u>
Expenditures				
Reserve for contingencies	50,804	50,804	-	50,804
Total expenditures	<u>50,804</u>	<u>50,804</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>50,804</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	118,176	118,176
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>279,126</u>	<u>279,126</u>	<u>279,126</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 279,126</u>	<u>279,126</u>	<u>397,302</u>	<u>118,176</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
 GENERAL PROJECTS FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ -	44,616	44,616	-
Interest and investment earnings	13,318	13,318	39,359	26,041
Total revenues	<u>13,318</u>	<u>57,934</u>	<u>83,975</u>	<u>26,041</u>
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	2,750,000	2,794,616	574,176	2,220,440
Reserve for contingencies	13,318	13,318	-	13,318
Total expenditures	<u>2,763,318</u>	<u>2,807,934</u>	<u>574,176</u>	<u>2,233,758</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(2,750,000)</u>	<u>(2,750,000)</u>	<u>(490,201)</u>	<u>2,259,799</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	<u>2,750,000</u>	<u>2,750,000</u>	<u>2,750,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>2,750,000</u>	<u>2,750,000</u>	<u>2,750,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	2,259,799	2,259,799
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>468,729</u>	<u>468,729</u>	<u>468,729</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 468,729</u>	<u>468,729</u>	<u>2,728,528</u>	<u>2,259,799</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
 PIRATE CITY CAPITAL RESERVE FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amount		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Revenues				
Interest and investment earnings	\$ 16,707	16,707	9,051	(7,656)
Miscellaneous	-	461,679	-	(461,679)
Total revenues	<u>16,707</u>	<u>478,386</u>	<u>9,051</u>	<u>(469,335)</u>
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	-	630,658	630,657	1
Reserve for contingencies	168,979	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>168,979</u>	<u>630,658</u>	<u>630,657</u>	<u>1</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(152,272)</u>	<u>(152,272)</u>	<u>(621,606)</u>	<u>(469,334)</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	<u>152,272</u>	<u>152,272</u>	<u>152,272</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>152,272</u>	<u>152,272</u>	<u>152,272</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(469,334)	(469,334)
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	<u>698,807</u>	<u>698,807</u>	<u>698,807</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 698,807</u>	<u>698,807</u>	<u>229,473</u>	<u>(469,334)</u>

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds account for the cost of operating certain facilities used by other City departments. The costs are billed to other departments based on the cost of providing units of service.

Property Insurance

To account for insurance of properties for all City departments.

Medical Self-Insurance Program

To account for the receipt, custody and expense of medical self-insurance program funds.

Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Program

To account for the receipt, custody and expense of workers' compensation self-insurance program funds.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
September 30, 2019

	Medical Self-Insurance Program	Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Program	Property Insurance	Total
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,076,818	11,308,950	2,054,734	18,440,502
Due from other governments	27	16,279	385,704	402,010
Prepaid items	92,840	7,955	-	100,795
Total current assets	<u>\$ 5,169,685</u>	<u>11,333,184</u>	<u>2,440,438</u>	<u>18,943,307</u>
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 78,627	26,675	7,179	112,481
Unearned revenues	108,342	-	-	108,342
Current portion of long-term liabilities	51,600	59,857	-	111,457
Total current liabilities	<u>238,569</u>	<u>86,532</u>	<u>7,179</u>	<u>332,280</u>
Noncurrent liabilities				
Estimated payable for outstanding claims	464,400	538,708	-	1,003,108
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>464,400</u>	<u>538,708</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,003,108</u>
Total liabilities	<u>702,969</u>	<u>625,240</u>	<u>7,179</u>	<u>1,335,388</u>
Net Position				
Unrestricted	4,466,716	10,707,944	2,433,259	17,607,919
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 5,169,685</u>	<u>11,333,184</u>	<u>2,440,438</u>	<u>18,943,307</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Medical Self-Insurance Program	Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Program	Property Insurance	Total
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 6,830,594	1,210,597	1,454,564	9,495,755
Operating expenses				
Contractual services	1,070,204	39,602	68,633	1,178,439
Supplies and materials	632,562	160,804	1,084,063	1,877,429
Claims	5,751,403	455,112	329,135	6,535,650
Total operating expenses	7,454,169	655,518	1,481,831	9,591,518
Operating income	(623,575)	555,079	(27,267)	(95,763)
Non-operating revenues				
Interest and investment earnings	234,587	-	58,096	292,683
Total non-operating revenues	234,587	-	58,096	292,683
Transfers from other funds	-	-	555,080	555,080
Transfers to other funds	-	(555,080)	-	(555,080)
Change in net position	(388,988)	(1)	585,909	196,920
Total net position, beginning	4,855,704	10,707,945	1,847,350	17,410,999
Total net position, ending	\$ 4,466,716	10,707,944	2,433,259	17,607,919

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Medical Self-Insurance Program	Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Program	Property Insurance	Total
Cash flows from operating activities				
Receipts from charges for services	\$ 6,821,899	1,226,988	1,303,593	9,352,480
Payments to suppliers	(1,702,766)	(95,038)	(479,244)	(2,277,048)
Payments for employees	(5,676,752)	(571,799)	(329,135)	(6,577,686)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>(557,619)</u>	<u>560,151</u>	<u>495,214</u>	<u>497,746</u>
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities				
Transfers from (to) other funds	-	(555,080)	555,080	-
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital and related financing activities	<u>-</u>	<u>(555,080)</u>	<u>555,080</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest and investment earnings received	234,587	-	58,096	292,683
Net change in cash and equivalents	(323,032)	5,071	1,108,390	790,429
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1, 2018	<u>5,399,850</u>	<u>11,303,879</u>	<u>946,344</u>	<u>17,650,073</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 5,076,818</u>	<u>11,308,950</u>	<u>2,054,734</u>	<u>18,440,502</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (623,575)	555,079	(27,267)	(95,763)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease:				
Due from other governments	789	16,391	(150,971)	(133,791)
Prepaid items	-	99,154	993,753	1,092,907
Increase (decrease):				
Unearned revenues	(9,484)	-	-	(9,484)
Accounts payable	74,651	6,214	(320,301)	(239,436)
Claims payable	-	(116,687)	-	(116,687)
Total adjustments	<u>65,956</u>	<u>5,072</u>	<u>522,481</u>	<u>593,509</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ (557,619)</u>	<u>560,151</u>	<u>495,214</u>	<u>497,746</u>

Fiduciary Funds

Trust Funds

Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity. They are accounted for in essentially the same manner as enterprise funds since capital maintenance is critical.

Pension Trust Funds

Firefighters' Pension Fund

To account for the financial operation and condition of the firefighters' pension fund.

Police Officers' Pension Fund

To account for the financial operation and condition of the police officers' pension fund.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS
 September 30, 2019

	Pension Trust Funds		Totals
	Firefighters' Pension Fund	Police Officers' Pension Fund	
Assets			
Due from plan members	\$ 17,943	-	17,943
Accounts receivable	61,187	-	61,187
Interest receivable	70,439	29,386	99,825
Investments, at fair value			
U.S. Government obligations	3,786,984	4,952,011	8,738,995
Domestic corporate bonds	4,732,811	3,341,551	8,074,362
Convertible preferred stock	-	1,851,855	1,851,855
Convertible bonds	-	4,559,077	4,559,077
Foreign stock	4,626,240	1,091,378	5,717,618
Municipal obligations	185,766	-	185,766
Domestic stocks	33,531,774	18,031,477	51,563,251
Mortgage backed	1,922,129	-	1,922,129
Collateralized mortgage backed	-	463,109	463,109
Asset backed bonds	-	536,401	536,401
Mutual funds	-	23,857,423	23,857,423
Real estate investment trust	8,431,343	7,621,884	16,053,227
Money market fund	1,017,378	11,673,817	12,691,195
Total investments	<u>58,234,425</u>	<u>77,979,983</u>	<u>136,214,408</u>
Total assets	<u>58,383,994</u>	<u>78,009,369</u>	<u>136,393,363</u>
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	<u>41,023</u>	<u>55,572</u>	<u>96,595</u>
Total liabilities	<u>41,023</u>	<u>55,572</u>	<u>96,595</u>
Net Position			
Restricted for pension benefits	<u>\$ 58,342,971</u>	<u>77,953,797</u>	<u>136,296,768</u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS
 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Pension Trust Funds		Totals
	Firefighters' Pension Fund	Police Officers' Pension Fund	
Additions			
Contributions			
Employer	\$ 1,787,784	1,884,644	3,672,428
Plan members	561,784	649,012	1,210,796
Repayment of pension benefits	-	41,229	41,229
State of Florida	443,102	559,908	1,003,010
Total contributions	<u>2,792,670</u>	<u>3,134,793</u>	<u>5,927,463</u>
Investment earnings			
Interest and dividends	2,129,717	1,837,204	3,966,921
Miscellaneous	14,220	-	14,220
Net (decrease) increase in fair value	(599,200)	2,791,716	2,192,516
Total investment earnings	<u>1,544,737</u>	<u>4,628,920</u>	<u>6,173,657</u>
Less investment expenses	(188,554)	(341,075)	(529,629)
Net investment earnings	<u>1,356,183</u>	<u>4,287,845</u>	<u>5,644,028</u>
Total additions, net	<u>4,148,853</u>	<u>7,422,638</u>	<u>11,571,491</u>
Deductions			
Benefits	2,866,988	4,482,221	7,349,209
Administrative expenses	108,445	80,400	188,845
Total deductions	<u>2,975,433</u>	<u>4,562,621</u>	<u>7,538,054</u>
Change in net position	1,173,420	2,860,017	4,033,437
Net position, beginning	<u>57,169,551</u>	<u>75,093,780</u>	<u>132,263,331</u>
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 58,342,971</u>	<u>77,953,797</u>	<u>136,296,768</u>

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Bradenton’s Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City’s overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends.....	160
<i>These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City’s financial performance and well-being have changed over time.</i>	
Revenue Capacity	166
<i>These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City’s most significant local revenue source, the property tax.</i>	
Debt Capacity	172
<i>These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City’s current levels of outstanding debt, and the City’s ability to issue additional debt in the future.</i>	
Demographic and Economic Information	178
<i>These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City’s financial activities take place.</i>	
Operating Information	180
<i>These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City’s financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.</i>	

Source

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City of Bradenton’s Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year(s).

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 25,595,080	23,688,608	18,853,236	29,190,556	28,792,837	28,232,135	37,398,447	40,875,289	42,431,968	45,867,679
Restricted	21,889,878	4,324,243	2,324,902	732,415	1,566,075	1,991,844	5,396,412	7,684,401	7,282,429	6,656,119
Unrestricted	33,094,759	49,753,644	57,027,749	50,785,717	50,988,793	35,272,605	35,801,121	38,621,806	45,025,542	52,877,062
Total governmental net position	<u>\$ 80,579,717</u>	<u>77,766,495</u>	<u>78,205,887</u>	<u>80,708,688</u>	<u>81,347,705</u>	<u>65,496,584</u>	<u>78,595,980</u>	<u>87,181,496</u>	<u>94,739,939</u>	<u>105,400,860</u>
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 56,563,358	58,413,500	59,890,864	65,903,360	61,428,839	61,187,702	63,744,186	66,286,365	73,107,926	77,459,168
Restricted	3,013,075	3,013,075	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	7,224,403	8,096,837	15,266,662	16,417,089	26,097,804	28,542,831	31,944,946	33,819,485	37,932,176	40,654,687
Total business-type net position	<u>\$ 66,800,836</u>	<u>69,523,412</u>	<u>75,157,526</u>	<u>82,320,449</u>	<u>87,526,643</u>	<u>89,730,533</u>	<u>95,689,132</u>	<u>100,105,850</u>	<u>111,040,102</u>	<u>118,113,855</u>
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 82,158,438	82,102,108	78,744,100	95,093,916	90,221,676	89,419,837	101,142,633	107,161,654	115,539,894	123,326,847
Restricted	24,902,953	7,337,318	2,324,902	732,415	1,566,075	1,991,844	5,396,412	7,684,401	7,282,429	6,656,119
Unrestricted	40,319,162	57,850,481	72,294,411	67,202,806	77,086,597	63,815,436	67,746,067	72,441,291	82,957,718	93,531,749
Total primary net position	<u>\$ 147,380,553</u>	<u>147,289,907</u>	<u>153,363,413</u>	<u>163,029,137</u>	<u>168,874,348</u>	<u>155,227,117</u>	<u>174,285,112</u>	<u>187,287,346</u>	<u>205,780,041</u>	<u>223,514,715</u>

Note: As of October 1, 2015, the Bradenton Downtown Development Authority, the Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency, the 14th Street Community Redevelopment Agency and the Central Community Redevelopment Agency were reclassified from discretely presented to blended component units.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$ 11,031,574	9,369,379	8,247,333	9,075,136	9,011,067	7,834,108	8,126,620	8,410,727	10,697,351	9,408,823
Public safety	22,864,152	22,531,358	20,574,575	22,096,925	22,989,533	21,885,995	22,506,597	24,933,140	26,597,253	28,933,317
Transportation	3,109,157	2,793,289	2,884,855	2,577,388	3,463,464	4,070,972	4,124,936	4,962,084	5,176,720	5,243,909
Neighborhood Stabilization Grant	1,067,769	460,726	744,812	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Development Program	405,125	729,978	349,438	282,940	215,252	-	-	-	-	-
Housing Assistance Program	1,133,014	-	-	-	-	598,238	-	-	-	-
Energy Efficiency Conservation Program	-	29,418	150,856	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State Housing Initiatives Program	451,003	104,315	81,729	94,718	76,009	-	-	-	-	-
Shelter Plus Care Program	227,385	151,905	163,635	147,110	112,027	-	-	-	-	-
Economic environment	8,297	8,610	7,047	-	-	-	3,108,608	3,313,147	3,336,542	4,306,246
Culture and recreation	3,055,759	2,945,045	2,490,494	2,577,032	3,061,659	3,122,412	2,987,279	2,904,144	3,601,807	3,064,613
Interest on long-term debt	1,173,161	1,127,587	1,239,189	1,182,515	1,104,058	1,040,968	1,332,726	1,017,844	1,029,709	915,066
Total governmental activities expenses	44,526,396	40,251,610	36,933,963	38,033,764	40,033,069	38,552,693	42,186,766	45,541,086	50,439,382	51,871,974
Business-type activities										
Water and Sewer	18,173,824	17,788,224	16,845,092	17,310,472	19,053,943	18,445,277	19,197,559	20,357,036	21,019,752	20,386,192
Sanitation	6,352,001	6,131,518	5,627,349	6,181,905	6,390,604	6,276,300	7,212,743	7,318,249	7,627,352	8,051,252
Parking	783,496	800,768	697,157	718,824	766,706	617,668	580,122	619,814	764,714	892,116
Golf Course	1,413,037	1,371,498	1,265,310	1,336,245	1,337,122	1,291,953	1,414,241	1,422,700	1,306,051	1,492,362
Total business-type activities expenses	26,722,358	26,092,008	24,434,908	25,547,446	27,548,375	26,631,198	28,404,665	29,717,799	30,717,869	30,821,922
Total primary government expenses	\$ 71,248,754	66,343,618	61,368,871	63,581,210	67,581,444	65,183,891	70,591,431	75,258,885	81,157,251	82,693,896
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities										
Charges for services										
General government	\$ 3,484,499	3,777,718	5,679,319	6,914,348	8,316,511	2,682,613	2,458,545	2,858,083	2,915,438	2,925,484
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	595,569	822,437	691,782	521,334	720,818
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	1,443,003	1,665,796	2,172,494	1,795,765	1,829,148
Community Development Program	2,100	9,556	8,356	-	12,155	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	484,918	811,041	264,696	127,464	168,622
State Housing Initiatives Program	10,520	37,300	2,425	30,830	6,585	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	85,236	31,354	168,521	170,313	198,900	184,997	197,320
Operating grants and contributions	5,861,896	3,673,566	2,339,616	1,526,841	1,386,490	2,087,299	2,947,775	3,235,736	2,679,459	6,145,548
Capital grants and contributions	302,042	307,615	242,668	4,490,054	164,862	-	-	1,824,201	1,643,635	1,527,280
Total govt. activities program revenues	9,661,057	7,805,755	8,272,384	13,047,309	9,917,957	7,461,923	8,875,907	11,245,892	9,868,092	13,514,220
Business-type activities										
Charges for services										
Water and Sewer	17,674,071	19,023,763	20,044,580	20,615,847	21,888,741	24,190,705	23,497,447	23,493,305	24,633,290	25,539,908
Sanitation	6,696,938	6,961,945	7,080,914	6,977,041	7,096,833	7,148,400	7,626,933	7,964,554	8,016,655	8,244,913
Other	2,104,764	2,099,318	2,017,366	2,023,648	2,079,201	2,133,319	2,202,775	2,185,374	2,099,127	1,589,901
Operating grants and contributions	412,570	769,129	587,228	1,592,094	8,574	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	1,522,923	295,245	562,473	726,651	969,314	242,244
Total business-type program revenues	26,888,343	28,854,155	29,730,088	31,208,630	32,596,272	33,767,669	33,889,628	34,369,884	35,718,386	35,616,966
Total primary govt. program revenues	\$ 36,549,400	36,659,910	38,002,472	44,255,939	42,514,229	41,229,592	42,765,535	45,615,776	45,586,478	49,131,186
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (34,865,339)	(32,445,855)	(28,661,579)	(24,986,455)	(30,115,112)	(31,090,770)	(33,310,859)	(34,295,194)	(40,571,290)	(38,357,754)
Business-type activities	165,985	2,762,147	5,295,180	5,661,184	5,047,897	7,136,471	5,484,963	4,652,085	5,000,517	4,795,044
Total primary government net expense	\$ (34,699,354)	(29,683,708)	(23,366,399)	(19,325,271)	(25,067,215)	(23,954,299)	(27,825,896)	(29,643,109)	(35,570,773)	(33,562,710)

(Continued)

(Continued)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 12,722,890	12,853,772	12,970,233	12,857,121	14,153,418	15,111,509	18,082,391	19,543,611	21,676,611	22,658,850
Utility taxes	3,864,722	3,926,752	3,932,368	4,190,724	4,591,870	4,718,156	4,848,812	4,915,542	5,166,168	5,305,577
Franchise fees	3,109,552	3,098,917	2,962,576	2,913,539	3,134,768	3,234,235	3,170,292	3,210,408	3,300,481	3,336,466
Public service taxes	2,529,202	2,472,542	2,461,325	2,439,049	2,241,335	2,066,854	2,001,095	1,981,454	2,034,371	1,920,599
Impact fees	34,933	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Half-cent sales taxes	3,034,041	3,245,371	3,126,907	3,332,475	3,600,966	3,770,933	3,948,602	4,099,926	4,299,213	4,264,365
Infrastructure sales tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,803,174	3,790,493	4,034,413
Local business taxes	-	-	-	-	-	222,589	214,175	199,607	151,059	184,906
Other taxes	497,245	519,604	366,602	400,000	400,000	400,000	500,000	400,000	400,000	400,000
State revenue sharing	1,616,479	1,619,296	1,378,224	1,374,790	1,480,349	3,531,749	3,699,034	3,982,374	4,077,893	4,185,236
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,208,876	1,018,973	1,554,589	(149,611)	791,282	496,966	1,422,606	194,585	1,068,688	3,102,305
Repayment of loan - CCRA	33,335	66,671	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	6,160	46,060	-	-	-	56,444	44,825	577,775	10,432,779	(51,237)
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	245,494	209,526	385,872	283,852	203,366
Transfers	184,846	514,675	348,147	365,493	360,141	548,709	588,431	586,382	(6,061,268)	(526,171)
Total governmental activities	29,842,281	29,382,633	29,100,971	27,723,580	30,754,129	34,403,638	38,729,789	42,880,710	50,620,340	49,018,675
Business-type activities										
Investment earnings	618,876	459,777	687,081	43,982	492,155	362,362	934,389	246,972	816,539	1,695,917
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets	13,512	15,327	-	-	26,283	2,389	127,678	(32,243)	69,810	(135,688)
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	136,286	-	192,309
Transfers	(184,846)	(514,675)	(348,147)	(365,493)	(360,141)	(548,709)	(588,431)	(586,382)	6,061,268	526,171
Total business-type activities	447,542	(39,571)	338,934	(321,511)	158,297	(183,958)	473,636	(235,367)	6,947,617	2,278,709
Total primary government	\$ 30,289,823	29,343,062	29,439,905	27,402,069	30,912,426	34,219,680	39,203,425	42,645,343	57,567,957	51,297,384
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ (5,023,058)	(3,063,222)	439,392	2,737,125	639,017	3,312,868	5,418,930	8,585,516	10,049,050	10,660,921
Business-type activities	613,527	2,722,576	5,634,114	5,339,673	5,206,194	6,952,513	5,958,599	4,416,718	11,948,134	7,073,753
Total primary government	\$ (4,409,531)	(340,646)	6,073,506	8,076,798	5,845,211	10,265,381	11,377,529	13,002,234	21,997,184	17,734,674

Note: As of October 1, 2015, the Bradenton Downtown Development Authority, the Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency, the 14th Street Community Redevelopment Agency and the Central Community Redevelopment Agency were reclassified from discretely presented to blended component units.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 LAST FISCAL YEAR (Pre-GASB #54)
 (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year (1)
	2010
General fund	
Reserved	\$ 546,807
Unreserved	17,979,801
Total General Fund	\$ 18,526,608
All other governmental funds	
Reserved	\$ 6,009,228
Unreserved, reported in	
Special revenue funds	16,563,777
Debt service funds	1,494,961
Capital projects funds	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 24,067,966

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ GASB #54 was implemented during fiscal year 2011, see subsequent years after implementation of GASB #54 on following page.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year								
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund									
Nonspendable	\$ 3,035,344	2,677,563	2,352,321	1,860,417	1,433,003	1,967,877	1,950,109	1,683,180	1,656,502
Restricted		-	-	475,681	194,853	309,199	583,416	607,360	632,503
Committed	6,245,670	3,302,443	3,309,121	3,469,355	3,463,846	3,724,868	3,779,884	4,004,719	4,175,148
Assigned	1,389,565	11,072,757	11,188,450	11,206,055	14,170,506	14,181,107	11,273,982	11,678,836	11,723,827
Unassigned	19,437,408	23,396,447	23,240,348	24,944,019	27,867,207	26,259,752	24,836,711	35,687,770	39,594,217
Total General Fund	\$ 30,107,987	40,449,210	40,090,240	41,955,527	47,129,415	46,442,803	42,424,102	53,661,865	57,782,197
All other governmental funds									
Nonspendable									
Special revenue funds	\$ -	-	-	-	-	15,871	14,367	15,130	13,126
Restricted, reported in									
Special revenue funds	1,513,929	1,248,712	732,415	127,334	201,506	151,749	572,405	575,073	601,581
Debt service funds	2,698,546	69,030	71,785	73,904	75,844	81,842	72,772	70,796	744
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	899,156	1,519,641	2,308,758	3,295,971	4,169,202	5,421,291
Committed, reported in									
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-	1,890,561	2,363,374	3,756,744	4,039,749
Capital projects funds	635,160	6,708,620	139,738	264,817	719,004	1,248,019	9,156,648	4,326,780	8,574,442
Assigned, reported in									
Debt service funds	8,548,831	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned, reported in									
Special revenue funds	-	(103,695)	(103,980)	(41,661)	-	(325,542)	(168,842)	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 13,396,466	7,922,667	839,958	1,323,550	2,515,995	5,371,258	15,306,695	12,913,725	18,650,933
Total all governmental funds	\$ 43,504,453	48,371,877	40,930,198	43,279,077	49,645,410	51,814,061	57,730,797	66,575,590	76,433,130

NOTE: GASB 54 was implemented during fiscal year 2011

NOTE: As of October 1, 2015, the Bradenton Downtown Development Authority, the Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency, the 14th Street Community Redevelopment Agency and the Central Community Redevelopment Agency were reclassified from discretely presented to blended component units. Those Agencies are now Areas under one City of Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
 (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 22,648,100	23,018,041	23,080,688	23,442,721	25,211,755	26,290,041	29,595,075	33,543,314	37,117,915	38,768,710
Fees	3,144,485	3,098,917	2,962,576	2,917,893	3,661,040	4,008,783	4,040,685	4,266,138	4,389,398	4,440,050
Licenses and permits	408,822	659,196	1,048,446	1,416,904	1,852,002	1,946,876	1,653,724	1,929,053	1,976,795	1,985,367
Intergovernmental grants	3,941,244	2,659,818	2,493,234	1,907,636	935,057	1,239,334	2,002,592	3,507,018	2,392,929	5,399,564
Intergovernmental revenues	1,883,486	1,787,238	1,672,181	1,749,474	1,784,193	-	-	-	-	-
Shared revenues	1,553,687	1,548,422	1,378,224	1,374,790	1,480,349	3,531,749	3,699,034	3,982,374	4,077,893	4,185,236
Payments in lieu of taxes	32,135	32,739	60,599	71,048	65,874	73,417	74,790	72,980	72,846	78,440
Charges for services	1,344,936	1,326,562	1,397,788	2,304,771	2,385,279	2,268,905	2,646,073	3,286,709	3,448,267	3,606,128
Fines and forfeitures	373,336	186,348	412,666	237,690	319,227	282,292	430,209	153,084	110,006	128,473
Interest / investment earnings	2,017,029	1,020,191	1,385,249	(112,796)	718,435	454,032	1,263,563	242,000	1,016,696	3,148,306
Rents	466,346	512,039	518,508	612,341	644,143	655,453	677,335	908,077	922,441	916,431
Contributions	402,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	850,924	565,026	489,130	424,739	1,171,726	378,323	390,014	850,416	401,448	319,921
Special assessments, property owners	20,620	57,663	34,206	50,860	38,686	69,358	319,798	223,175	93,411	133,677
Total revenues	<u>39,087,150</u>	<u>36,472,200</u>	<u>36,933,495</u>	<u>36,398,071</u>	<u>40,267,766</u>	<u>41,198,563</u>	<u>46,792,892</u>	<u>52,964,338</u>	<u>56,020,045</u>	<u>63,110,303</u>
Expenditures										
General government services	8,925,980	7,582,145	7,881,561	7,948,040	8,310,959	8,265,081	7,264,721	7,333,915	9,433,013	7,322,942
Public safety	20,882,402	20,586,889	21,302,361	21,695,625	22,490,782	22,065,869	23,348,770	24,335,092	25,870,361	26,582,774
Transportation	2,573,471	2,239,094	2,466,669	2,257,845	3,176,830	3,772,104	3,939,833	3,994,002	4,306,566	4,337,619
Economic environment	3,284,296	1,493,782	1,490,470	971,280	399,442	657,688	5,203,569	2,992,021	3,123,890	3,124,111
Culture-recreation	1,718,338	1,624,229	1,492,401	1,685,033	1,587,131	1,569,806	1,352,431	1,281,344	1,383,130	1,491,049
Capital outlay	922,980	358,972	2,041,870	10,429,154	117,157	484	886,874	5,171,572	4,804,039	6,885,336
Debt service principal	975,837	1,014,089	3,962,638	1,158,019	1,237,138	1,285,285	2,551,351	1,951,374	1,715,218	2,034,137
Debt service interest	1,149,688	1,104,550	1,149,529	1,139,888	1,096,011	1,047,276	1,113,003	1,219,869	1,144,870	1,064,806
Debt service fees/expenditures	3,809	3,677	112,039	-	840	465	224,784	485	1,118	485
Total expenditures	<u>40,436,801</u>	<u>36,007,427</u>	<u>41,899,538</u>	<u>47,284,884</u>	<u>38,416,290</u>	<u>38,664,058</u>	<u>45,885,336</u>	<u>48,279,674</u>	<u>51,782,205</u>	<u>52,843,259</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,349,651)	464,773	(4,966,043)	(10,886,813)	1,851,476	2,534,505	907,556	4,684,664	4,237,840	10,267,044
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers from other funds	14,300,643	5,139,545	2,824,836	2,687,498	2,373,392	2,922,229	6,307,589	11,122,006	6,487,166	9,273,981
Transfers to other funds	(14,715,797)	(5,024,870)	(2,476,689)	(2,322,005)	(2,013,250)	(2,355,566)	(5,719,158)	(10,535,624)	(12,548,434)	(9,800,152)
Proceeds from note receivable	33,335	66,671	-	-	-	3,189,811	-	-	-	-
Sales of capital assets	31,394	13,760	15,320	29,397	137,261	75,354	135,619	645,690	10,668,221	116,667
Issuance of debt	-	-	9,470,000	3,000,000	-	-	14,280,000	-	-	-
Refunding payment to escrow	-	-	-	-	-	-	(16,491,600)	-	-	-
Bond premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,845,169	-	-	-
Special item, Manatee Players	(191,450)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special item, CCRA	(1,000,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses) and special items	<u>(1,541,875)</u>	<u>195,106</u>	<u>9,833,467</u>	<u>3,394,890</u>	<u>497,403</u>	<u>3,831,828</u>	<u>357,619</u>	<u>1,232,072</u>	<u>4,606,953</u>	<u>(409,504)</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ (2,891,526)</u>	<u>659,879</u>	<u>4,867,424</u>	<u>(7,491,923)</u>	<u>2,348,879</u>	<u>6,366,333</u>	<u>1,265,175</u>	<u>5,916,736</u>	<u>8,844,793</u>	<u>9,857,540</u>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	5.44%	5.96%	13.41%	6.33%	6.26%	6.17%	8.87%	7.48%	5.98%	6.59%

Note: As of October 1, 2015, the Bradenton Downtown Development Authority, the Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency, the 14th Street Community Redevelopment Agency and the Central Community Redevelopment Agency were reclassified from discretely presented to blended component units. Those Agencies are now Areas under one City of Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
 (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Utility Tax	Communication Service Tax	Half-Cent Sales Tax	Infrastructure Sales Tax	Local Business Taxes	Total
2010	\$ 12,722,890	3,864,722	2,529,202	3,034,041	-	-	22,150,855
2011	12,853,772	3,926,752	2,472,542	3,245,371	-	-	22,498,437
2012	12,970,233	3,932,368	2,461,325	3,126,907	-	-	22,490,833
2013	12,857,121	4,190,724	2,439,049	3,332,475	-	-	22,819,369
2014	14,153,418	4,591,870	2,241,335	3,600,966	-	-	24,587,589
2015	15,111,509	4,718,156	2,066,854	3,770,933	-	-	25,667,452
2016	18,082,391	4,848,812	2,001,095	3,948,602	-	-	28,880,900
2017	19,543,611	4,915,542	1,981,454	4,099,926	2,803,174	199,607	33,543,314
2018	21,676,611	5,166,168	2,034,371	4,299,213	3,790,493	151,059	37,117,915
2019	23,058,850	5,305,577	1,920,599	4,264,365	4,034,413	184,906	38,768,710

Note: As of October 1, 2015, the Bradenton Downtown Development Authority, the Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency, the 14th Street Community Redevelopment Agency and the Central Community Redevelopment Agency were reclassified from discretely presented to blended component units.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Tourist Development Tax	Ninth Cent Gas Tax	Five-Cent Gas Tax	Four-Cent Gas Tax	Two-Cent Gas Tax	Utility Tax	Communication Service Tax	Half-Cent Sales Tax	Infrastructure Sales Tax	Total
2010	\$ 12,722,890	269,361	268,022	522,278	525,192	238,195	3,864,722	2,529,202	3,034,041	-	23,973,903
2011	12,853,772	289,237	265,138	523,860	522,465	236,959	3,926,752	2,472,542	3,245,371	-	24,336,096
2012	12,970,233	366,602	241,460	524,300	375,499	236,965	3,932,368	2,461,325	3,126,907	-	24,235,659
2013	12,857,121	400,000	261,127	517,723	360,776	235,164	4,190,724	2,439,049	3,332,475	-	24,594,159
2014	14,153,418	400,000	244,685	550,621	447,324	237,719	4,591,870	2,241,335	3,600,966	-	26,467,938
2015	15,111,509	400,000	268,290	590,577	510,561	267,003	4,718,156	2,066,854	3,770,933	-	27,703,883
2016	18,082,391	400,000	279,872	620,403	537,473	321,181	4,848,812	2,001,095	3,948,602	-	31,039,829
2017	19,543,611	1,399,507	285,809	762,890	551,453	329,535	4,915,542	1,981,454	4,099,926	2,803,174	36,672,901
2018	21,276,611	400,000	286,651	761,547	553,760	330,914	5,166,168	2,034,371	4,299,213	3,790,493	38,899,728
2019	22,658,850	400,000	289,397	768,412	559,224	334,179	5,305,577	1,920,599	4,264,365	4,034,413	40,535,016

Note: As of October 1, 2015, the Bradenton Downtown Development Authority, the Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency, the 14th Street Community Redevelopment Agency and the Central Community Redevelopment Agency were reclassified from discretely presented to blended component units.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Centrally Assessed	Less Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2010	\$ 3,486,297,604	368,980,353	427,080	(910,893,012)	2,944,812,025	4.2843	3,855,705,037	76.38%
2011	3,182,851,169	360,506,763	396,212	(874,658,357)	2,669,095,787	4.9452	3,543,754,144	75.32%
2012	3,038,586,102	331,437,064	434,387	(826,642,013)	2,543,815,540	5.2002	3,370,457,553	75.47%
2013	2,895,201,216	320,458,806	436,636	(787,314,160)	2,428,782,498	5.4356	3,216,096,658	75.52%
2014	2,919,882,252	316,639,819	459,950	(783,814,069)	2,453,167,952	5.8976	3,236,982,021	75.79%
2015	3,107,639,781	334,602,216	473,540	(809,076,526)	2,633,639,011	5.8976	3,442,715,537	76.50%
2016	3,345,212,243	319,324,699	475,623	(823,069,054)	2,841,943,511	5.8976	3,665,012,565	77.54%
2017	3,623,838,089	308,779,049	501,015	(847,792,759)	3,085,325,394	5.8976	3,933,118,153	78.44%
2018	3,937,148,119	298,979,238	493,345	(864,964,709)	3,371,655,993	5.8976	4,236,620,702	79.58%
2019	4,242,403,838	306,202,981	519,489	(901,153,088)	3,647,973,220	5.8976	4,549,126,308	80.19%

Source: Manatee County Property Appraiser

Note: Property tax levies, based on assessed values as of January 1, become due and payable on November 1 of each year. A 4% discount is allowed, if the taxes are paid in November; the discount declines by 1% each month thereafter. Accordingly, taxes collected will never be 100% of the tax levy. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of each year and tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes and assessments must be sold not later than June 1 of each year.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
PROPERTY TAX RATES
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	City of Bradenton			Manatee County			Overlapping Rates School District			Total Direct and Overlapping Rates
	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total City Millage	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total County Millage	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total School Millage	
2010	4.2843	-	4.2843	6.2993	0.1254	6.4247	7.5410	-	7.5410	18.2500
2011	4.9452	-	4.9452	6.2993	0.1303	6.4296	7.5910	-	7.5910	18.9658
2012	5.2002	-	5.2002	6.2993	0.1303	6.4296	7.5890	-	7.5890	19.2188
2013	5.4356	-	5.4356	6.2993	0.1303	6.4296	7.5720	-	7.5720	19.4372
2014	5.8976	-	5.8976	6.2993	0.1303	6.4296	7.5933	-	7.5933	19.9205
2015	5.8976	-	5.8976	6.3126	0.1200	6.4326	7.3760	-	7.3760	19.7062
2016	5.8976	-	5.8976	6.4046	0.0280	6.4326	7.2670	-	7.2670	19.5972
2017	5.8976	-	5.8976	6.4206	0.0120	6.4326	6.9200	-	6.9200	19.2502
2018	5.8976	-	5.8976	6.4303	0.0023	6.4326	6.6080	-	6.6080	18.9382
2019	5.8976	-	5.8976	6.4326	-	6.4326	7.3310	-	7.3310	19.6612

Source: Manatee County Property Appraiser's Office and Manatee County Government offices

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS
 CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Taxpayer	2019			2010		
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Manatee Memorial Hospital LP	\$ 86,857,322	1	2.38%	\$ 82,476,967	1	2.80%
Tropicana Manufacturing Co Inc	65,920,097	2	1.81%	81,922,427	2	2.78%
FLF CAB Delaware LLC (Carlton Arms)	62,040,399	3	1.70%	23,345,597	9	0.79%
HCA Health Services of Florida	56,063,837	4	1.54%	55,010,418	4	1.87%
Florida Power & Light Compay	49,226,221	5	1.35%	26,836,577	8	0.91%
Tropicana Products INC	43,789,342	6	1.20%	80,072,345	3	2.72%
Minto Bradenton LLC	34,420,405	7	0.94%			
CCRC Propco- (Freedom Village)	33,242,556	8	0.91%	35,046,938	6	1.19%
LCP Bradenton LLC	32,508,331	9	0.89%			
Palm Cove Apartments	32,458,926	10	0.89%			
Presbyterian Retirement Communities				48,302,575	5	1.64%
Verizon Florida				29,462,360	7	1.00%
Continental 117 Fund LLC				17,038,854	10	0.58%
TOTALS	<u>\$ 496,527,436</u>		<u>13.61%</u>	<u>\$ 479,515,058</u>		<u>16.28%</u>

(1) Percentage of total net assessed value is calculated using total net taxable assessed value on page 168

Source: Manatee County Property Appraiser's Office

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Collection within the Fiscal Year of the Levy</u>		<u>Collection in Subsequent Years</u>	<u>Total Collections to Date</u>	
		<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percentage of Levy</u>		<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percentage of Levy</u>
2010	\$ 13,392,221	12,683,700	94.7%	38,910	12,722,610	95.0%
2011	13,529,598	12,812,986	94.7%	40,706	12,853,692	95.0%
2012	13,277,624	12,937,796	97.4%	32,438	12,970,234	97.7%
2013	13,249,291	12,743,879	96.2%	24,661	12,768,540	96.4%
2014	14,467,802	14,015,568	96.9%	48,479	14,064,047	97.2%
2015	15,561,420	15,102,369	97.1%	9,140	15,111,509	97.1%
2016	16,760,394	16,261,180	97.0%	1,818	16,262,998	97.0%
2017	18,158,777	17,597,459	96.9%	36,590	17,634,049	97.1%
2018	19,884,485	19,271,964	96.9%	27,507	19,299,471	97.1%
2019	21,514,086	20,792,665	96.6%	24,146	20,816,811	96.8%

Source: Manatee County Property Appraiser's Office and City of Bradenton, Florida's Finance Department

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities			Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
	Subordinate Lien Bond	Promissory Notes/Bonds	Capital Leases	Utility Bonds	Subordinate Lien Bond	Promissory Notes/Loans	Capital Leases			
2010	\$ 1,408,225	23,569,039	28,605	-	436,775	13,055,210	6,634	38,504,488	1.798%	714.75
2011	1,203,025	22,760,150	5,721	-	371,975	10,127,661	330,906	34,799,438	1.662%	699.85
2012	-	29,470,537	-	-	-	7,096,343	262,017	36,828,897	1.697%	730.89
2013	-	28,312,518	-	-	-	6,769,672	191,635	35,273,825	1.586%	699.11
2014	-	27,075,380	-	-	-	13,380,524	118,393	40,574,297	1.777%	793.72
2015	-	25,595,447	-	-	-	14,972,976	-	40,568,423	1.611%	772.23
2016	-	31,977,880	-	-	-	14,067,530	312,292	46,357,702	1.719%	862.13
2017	-	29,867,909	-	-	-	13,094,700	490,570	43,453,179	1.531%	795.09
2018	-	28,007,807	-	-	-	26,044,947	381,835	54,434,589	1.794%	969.33
2019	-	25,832,490	-	-	-	28,352,739	269,708	54,454,937	1.692%	955.25

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Note: As of October 1, 2015, the Bradenton Downtown Development Authority, the Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency, the 14th Street Community Redevelopment Agency and the Central Community Redevelopment Agency were reclassified from discretely presented to blended component units.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>General Bonds/Notes</u>	<u>Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value (1) of Property</u>	<u>Per Capita (2)</u>
2010	\$ 24,977,264	1,774,182	23,203,082	0.4868%	430.72
2011	23,963,175	1,586,952	22,376,223	0.6314%	450.01
2012	29,470,537	69,030	29,401,507	0.8723%	583.49
2013	28,312,518	71,785	28,240,733	0.8781%	559.72
2014	27,075,380	73,904	27,001,476	0.8342%	528.21
2015	25,595,447	75,844	25,519,603	0.7413%	485.77
2016	31,977,880	81,842	31,896,038	0.8703%	593.18
2017	29,867,909	58,080	29,809,829	0.7579%	545.45
2018	28,007,807	70,796	27,937,011	0.6594%	497.48
2019	25,832,490	744	25,831,746	0.5678%	453.14

(1) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data

(2) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics

Note: As of October 1, 2015, the Bradenton Downtown Development Authority, the Bradenton Community Redevelopment Agency, the 14th Street Community Redevelopment Agency and the Central Community Redevelopment Agency were reclassified from discretely presented to blended component units.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT
September 30, 2019

<u>Governmental Unit</u>	<u>Debt Outstanding</u>	<u>Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)</u>	<u>Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt</u>
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Manatee County	\$ 107,163,000	15.12%	16,203,046
Manatee County School Board	285,055,056	15.12%	43,100,324
Subtotal, overlapping debt			<u>59,303,370</u>
City of Bradenton direct debt	25,832,490	100.00%	<u>25,832,490</u>
Total direct and overlapping debt			<u>\$ 85,135,860</u>

Source: Manatee County Government

⁽¹⁾The percentage of Overlapping Debt Applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable value.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

CITY OF BRADENTON
HISTORICAL NON-AD VALOREM REVENUES AND
DEBT SERVICE PAYABLE FROM NON-AD VALOREM REVENUES (UNAUDITED)
IN THOUSANDS (000's)

	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues										
Total governmental funds	\$ 39,087	36,472	36,933	36,398	40,268	41,199	46,793	52,964	56,020	63,110
Less ad valorem revenues	12,723	12,854	12,970	12,857	14,153	15,112	18,082	19,544	21,677	23,059
Total non-ad valorem revenues	26,364	23,618	23,963	23,541	26,115	26,087	28,711	33,420	34,343	40,051
Less restricted funds:										
Special revenues (2)	2,763	2,763	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjusted non-ad valorem revenues	\$ 23,601	20,855	23,963	23,541	26,115	26,087	28,711	33,420	34,343	40,051
Expenditures										
General expenditures										
Public safety	\$ 20,822	20,587	21,302	21,696	22,491	22,066	23,349	24,335	25,870	26,583
General government	8,088	7,582	7,881	7,948	8,311	8,265	7,265	7,334	9,433	7,323
Total general expenditures	28,910	28,169	29,183	29,644	30,802	30,331	30,614	31,669	35,303	33,906
Less ad valorem revenues available to pay general expenditures	12,723	12,854	12,970	12,857	14,153	15,112	18,082	19,544	21,677	23,059
Adjusted general expenditures	16,187	15,315	16,213	16,787	16,649	15,219	12,532	12,125	13,626	10,847
Legally available non-ad valorem revenues	\$ 7,414	5,540	7,750	6,754	9,466	10,868	16,179	21,295	20,717	29,205
Average of current and prior year	\$ 9,468	6,477	6,562	7,169	8,110	10,167	13,524	18,737	21,006	24,961
Annual debt service requirement (1)	2,105	2,119	2,136	2,297	2,333	2,333	3,664	3,171	2,860	3,099
Coverage	3.52	2.61	3.63	2.94	4.06	4.66	4.42	6.72	7.24	9.42
Percentage of governmental funds	5.39%	5.81%	5.78%	6.31%	5.79%	5.66%	7.83%	5.99%	5.11%	4.91%

(1) Excludes debt service on obligations where non-ad valorem revenues were not used to pay debt service.

(2) The Special Revenue Bond matured in 2011 and as such there are no further restrictions on special revenues.

Source: City of Bradenton, Florida Finance Department

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

There is no debt limit mandated by law.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Utility System Refunding Revenue Bond					
	Water-Sewer Charges and Other (1)	Less: Operating Expenses (2)	Net Available Revenue	Debt Service (3)		Coverage
				Principal	Interest	
2010	\$ 17,674,071	13,000,165	4,673,906	2,405,505	192,166	1.80
2011	19,023,763	12,772,791	6,250,972	2,494,266	97,882	2.41
2012	20,044,581	12,314,930	7,729,651	-	-	(4)
2013	20,615,847	12,443,693	8,172,154	-	-	(4)
2014	21,888,741	13,522,046	8,366,695	-	-	(4)
2015	24,190,705	13,171,598	11,019,107	-	-	(4)
2016	23,497,447	14,114,259	9,383,188	-	-	(4)
2017	23,616,276	15,356,966	8,259,310	-	-	(4)
2018	24,633,290	16,010,439	8,622,851	-	-	(4)
2019	24,633,290	16,010,439	8,622,851	-	-	(4)

Notes:

- (1) "Water-Sewer Charges and Other" does not include tap fees.
- (2) "Operating Expenses" do not include depreciation or interest expense.
- (3) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
- (4) The Utility System Refunding Revenue bond matured in 2012.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (2) (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2010	53,871	2,141,749	39,757	12.6
2011	49,724	2,093,629	42,105	10.9
2012	50,389	2,170,607	43,077	9.0
2013	50,455	2,223,400	44,067	8.1
2014	51,119	2,283,128	44,663	6.1
2015	52,534	2,517,482	47,921	4.8
2016	53,771	2,696,024	50,139	4.7
2017	54,652	2,838,133	51,931	3.6
2018	56,157	3,034,050	54,028	3.2
2019	57,006	3,249,684	57,006	3.3

Sources:

- (1) Bureau of Economic and Business Research
- (2) Personal income is a calculated amount based on population and per capita personal income
- (3) U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis from 2005 to 2012, estimated for 2013 and 2014 @ 2.3%
- (4) Florida Department of Labor and Employment Security

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Employer	2019			2010		
	Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Manatee County School District	7,100	1	5.31%	5,300	1	4.19%
Manatee Memorial Hospital	2,489	2	1.86%	1,500	3	1.19%
Beall's Inc.	2,041	3	1.53%	1,500	4	1.19%
Manatee County Government	1,625	4	1.22%	1,800	2	1.42%
Blake Medical Center	1,528	5	1.14%	1,156	6	0.91%
Manatee County Sheriff's Office	1,200	6	0.90%	1,072	7	0.85%
IMG Academy	1,000	7	0.75%			-
Publix	989	8	0.74%	860	8	0.68%
Tropicana Products, Inc	900	9	0.67%	1,400	5	1.11%
Sun Hydraulics, LLC	718	10	0.54%		-	-
SYSCO West Coast Florida, Inc			-	520	10	0.41%
City of Bradenton				529	9	0.42%
Total	19,590		14.65%	15,637		12.37%
Total number of individuals employed within Manatee County(2)	133,719			126,363		

Source:

Note: Data was unavailable specifically for the City of Bradenton. The above information is based on Manatee County in which the City resides.

(1) Manatee Chamber of Commerce: Economic Development Council, Manatee County Schools, and Manatee County Sheriff's Department

(2) US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; Bradenton Area Economic Development Corporation

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION
 LAST TEN YEARS

Function	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General government										
Full-time	87	90	94	92	92	80	89	90	91	92
Part-time	8	4	5	2	1	5	3	6	7	5
Public safety										
Police										
Full-time officers	120	119	118	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Part-time officers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Full-time civilians	25	29	30	30	30	31	32	31	31	33
Part-time civilians	26	26	26	26	26	16	18	25	29	34
Fire										
Firefighters and officers	65	64	65	65	65	65	64	63	69	69
Full-time civilians	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
Part-time civilians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Highway and streets										
Engineering	8	8	8	8	8	12	12	12	12	12
Part-time engineering	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	1
Maintenance	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Sanitation	55	52	52	52	52	52	49	49	49	50
Culture and recreation										
Full-time	36	35	31	31	31	24	26	25	28	29
Part-time	32	32	32	32	32	22	22	20	20	20
Water	41	41	40	40	40	60	60	63	60	60
Part-time	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Sewer	47	47	50	50	50	49	49	49	48	47
Total										
Full-time	500	501	504	504	504	509	518	519	525	529
Part-time	66	63	64	61	60	45	43	52	59	63

Source: City of Bradenton personnel records

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Police										
Total arrests	2,576	2,424	2,137	2,229	2,351	2,895	3,104	3,157	3,574	3,695
Parking violations	7,294	7,988	4,320	4,615	4,316	4,294	5,502	4,946	3,683	2,456
Traffic citations	7,050	7,586	4,881	5,009	6,401	11,193	12,448	4,116	3,684	4,878
Fire										
Number of calls answered	4,360	4,133	4,423	4,225	4,500	4,949	5,282	5,841	5,616	6,261
Inspections	1,876	1,995	1,670	1,444	1,433	2,677	3,531	3,134	3,278	2,691
Highways and streets										
Street resurfacing (miles)	10.450	3.160	3.778	1.356	2.760	9.000	9.000	11.400	10.800	10.300
Potholes repaired	2,351	2,192	1,743	1,419	1,612	1,750	1,574	945	1,109	1,096
Sanitation										
Refuse collected (tons/day)	165.70	208.28	244.12	236.66	240.95	246.10	227.23	233.09	209.68	264.23
Recyclables collected (tons/day)	37.67	6.90	7.69	8.11	7.83	7.68	7.04	7.78	8.10	7.20
Water										
New connections	149	101	132	133	156	165	170	169	179	154
Water mains breaks	239	177	142	178	212	216	192	370	489	282
Average daily consumption (millions of gallons)	5.01	5.12	5.49	5.89	5.74	5.80	5.56	5.72	6.04	5.85
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment (millions of gallons)	5.07	5.00	5.39	5.52	5.70	6.28	6.42	6.58	6.00	5.56

Source: Various City of Bradenton Departments

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Public Safety										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	115	119	125	123	119	122	122	129	129	129
Fire stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Sanitation										
Collection trucks	19	15	16	16	16	16	16	16	18	18
Highways and streets										
Streets (miles)	149.00	154.69	154.58	155.16	155.16	193.00	193.00	194.37	195.00	195.62
Streetlights	3,882	4,247	4,247	4,317	4,338	4,338	4,341	4,394	4,391	4,843
Traffic signals	352	352	352	364	412	412	412	412	412	412
Culture and recreation										
Parks acreage	167.70	193.29	193.29	193.29	193.29	193.29	193.29	187.09	187.09	185.00
Parks	10	10	11	11	10	10	11	11	11	13
Tennis courts	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4
Pickleball courts										1
Water										
Water mains (miles)	254.00	254.00	254.00	254.70	255.74	255.74	257.50	259.30	259.3	260
Fire hydrants	1,858	1,860	1,876	1,880	1,905	1,900	1,952	1,973	1,975	1,986
Maximum daily capacity (millions of gallons)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
Sewer										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	200.00	175.50	175.50	176.10	177.05	201.90	203.58	205.00	205.00	205.70
Storm sewers (miles)	108.00	106.40	106.40	107.10	107.08	149.60	150.61	151.00	151.50	151.50
Maximum daily capacity (millions of gallons)	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0

Source: Various City of Bradenton Departments

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City
Council, and City Clerk and Treasurer
City of Bradenton, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bradenton, Florida (City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Christopher, Smith, Leonard,
Bristow & Stanell, P.A.*
CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD,
BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

March 20, 2020
Bradenton, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and City Clerk and Treasurer
City of Bradenton, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the City of Bradenton, Florida's (City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement*, and the requirements described in the *Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major Federal programs and State projects for the year ended September 30, 2019. The City's major Federal programs and State projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal and State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards and State projects applicable to its Federal programs and State projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major Federal programs and State projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program or State project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and State project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs and State projects for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program or State project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and State project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program or State project on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program or State project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with the type of compliance requirement of a Federal program or State project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Christopher, Smith, Leonard,
Bristow & Stanell, P.A.*
CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD,
BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

March 20, 2020
Bradenton, Florida

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND STATE PROJECTS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Section I – Summary of Auditors’ Results

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor’s report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal Control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	___ yes <u> x </u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	___ yes <u> x </u> none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	___ yes <u> x </u> no

Federal Awards and State Projects

Internal Control over major programs or projects:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	___ yes <u> x </u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	___ yes <u> x </u> none reported
Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major programs or projects:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with CFR 200.516(a) or Chapter 10.557	___ yes <u> x </u> no

Identification of Major Federal Programs:

	<u>CFDA Number</u>
Sportfishing and Boating Safety Act	15.622
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response	97.083
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs – Federal Programs:	<u> \$750,000 </u>

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee pursuant to the Uniform Guidance? ___ yes x no

Identification of Major State Projects:

	<u>CSFA Number</u>
Wastewater Treatment Facility Construction	37.077
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Projects – State Projects:	<u> \$750,000 </u>

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND STATE PROJECTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no prior audit findings.

Section III – Federal Program and State Project Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

No summary schedule of prior audit findings is required because there were no prior audit findings related to Federal programs or State projects.

CITY OF BRADENTON, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

<u>Federal Awards</u>	<u>CFDA Number</u>	<u>Pass Through Entity Identifying Number/Grant ID Number</u>	<u>Passed Through to Subrecipients</u>	<u>Expenditure</u>
Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Community Development Block Grant Program/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B15MC120024	N/A	\$ 67,133
		B16MC120024	N/A	95,722
		B18MC120024	N/A	275,315
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development				<u>438,170</u>
Department of Justice				
Bullet Proof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	N/A	8,187
Passed through the Florida Department of Law Enforcement of Office of Attorney General				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2016-DJ-BX-0516	N/A	442
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2017-DJ-BX-0737	N/A	24,808
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2018-DJ-BX-0542	N/A	23,497
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2019-JAGC-MANA-2-N2-043	N/A	2,000
Total Department of Justice				<u>58,934</u>
Department of Homeland Security				
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	97.083	2017-F6-C211-P4310000-4101- D	N/A	328,257
Total Department of Homeland Security				<u>328,257</u>
Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	N/A	N/A	14,140
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	N/A	N/A	24,976
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	N/A	N/A	20,000
Total Department of Transportation				<u>59,116</u>
Department of the Interior				
Sportfishing and Boating Safety Act	15.622	N/A	N/A	910,183
Total Department of the Interior				<u>910,183</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				<u>\$ 1,794,660</u>

State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project	CSFA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number/Grant ID Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Expenditure
<u>State Financial Assistance</u>				
Florida Housing Finance Corporation State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program Total Florida Housing Finance Corporation	40.901	N/A	N/A	\$ 296,665 <u>296,665</u>
Executive Office of the Governor Hurricane Loss Mitigation Program Hurricane Loss Mitigation Program Total Executive Office of the Governor	31.066 31.066	HMLP18-024 DEM-HL00011	N/A N/A	27,842 103 <u>27,945</u>
Florida Department of Revenue Facilities for Retained Spring Training Franchise Total Florida Department of Revenue	73.016	N/A	N/A	<u>500,004</u> 500,004
Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Florida Boating Improvement Program Total Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission	77.006	15243	N/A	<u>399,000</u> 399,000
Florida Department of Environmental Protection Wastewater Treatment Facility Construction Wastewater Treatment Facility Construction Wastewater Treatment Facility Construction Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection	37.077 37.077 37.077	WW410360 WW410361 WW410370	N/A N/A N/A	135,688 2,766,216 577,503 <u>3,479,407</u>
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance				<u>\$ 4,703,021</u>

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance includes the federal and state grant activity of the City of Bradenton, Florida (City) and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Audits*, and of the Florida State Single Audit Act and Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida, Chapter 10.550. Some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the presentation of, the basic financial statements. The City elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note B - Contingencies

Grant monies received and distributed by the City are for specific purposes and are subject to review by the grantor agencies. Such agencies may result in requests for reimbursement due to disallowed expenditures. Based on prior experience, the City does not believe that such allowances, if any, would have a material effect on the financial statements of the City. As of March 20, 2020 there were no material questioned or disallowed costs as a result of grant audits in process or completed.

MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City
Council, and City Clerk and Treasurer
City of Bradenton, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Bradenton, Florida (City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – Federal Programs and State Projects; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 20, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor, the City Council, City Clerk and Treasurer, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Christopher, Smith, Leonard,
Bristow & Stanell, P.A.*
CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD,
BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

March 20, 2020
Bradenton, Florida

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT
ON INVESTMENT COMPLIANCE

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City
Council, and City Clerk and Treasurer
City of Bradenton, Florida

We have examined the City of Bradenton, Florida's (City's) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds for the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City and the Auditor General of the State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Christopher, Smith, Leonard,
Bristow & Stanell, P.A.*
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BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

March 20, 2020
Bradenton, Florida