# TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

LYONS AND LYONS

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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#### TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA TOWN OFFICIALS SERVING AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

#### **MAYOR**

**Juanice Padgett** 

#### **TOWN COUNCIL**

**Stephen Rhynehardt** 

**Amanda Hodges** 

**Dickie Foster** 

**Tommie Sue Davis** 

#### **TOWN CLERK**

**Donna Loadholtz** 

#### **TOWN ATTORNEY**

Jonathan S. Bense, P.A.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Glen St. Mary, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, its major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Glen St. Mary as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* and, issued by the comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, its each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Glen St. Mary as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules of proportionate share of pension liability and schedule of contributions listed in the table of contents as "required supplementary information" be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 17, 2020, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

June 17, 2020

Macclenny, Florida

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Glen St. Mary's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, which follow this section.

The following are various financial highlights for fiscal year 2018-19.

- The Town's overall net position increased by approximately \$781,697.
- Total ending unrestricted net position was approximately \$62,365.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report contains government-wide financial statements that report on the Town's activities as a whole and fund financial statements that report on the Town's individual funds.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The first financial statement is the Statement of Net Position. This statement includes all of the Town's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. Accrual accounting is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year revenues and expenditures are recorded, regardless of when cash is received or paid. Net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – can be used to measure the Town's financial position.

The second financial statement is the Statement of Activities. This statement is also shown using the accrual basis of accounting. It shows the increases and decreases in net position during the fiscal year. Over time, the increases or decreases in net position are useful indicators of whether the Town's financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors, such as street conditions or changes in the tax base, must also be considered when assessing the overall health of the Town.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish between functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government and administration, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town include water and sewer operations.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that are segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used in evaluating a government's near term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures,

and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains three governmental funds; the General Fund is considered a major fund, while the Special Revenue Fund and Capital Improvement Fund are not. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund and Capital Improvement Fund.

Proprietary funds – The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund, the Enterprise Fund. The Enterprise Fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses the Enterprise Fund to account for its water and sewer operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information containing budget to actual comparisons for the general fund.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **Net Position**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Glen St. Mary, assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,949,430 at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Town of Glen St. Mary's Net Position

	Governmenta	al Activities	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>		То	tal
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	2018-19	2017-18	2018-19	2017-18	2018-19	2017-18
Non Capital Assets	\$ 139,413	\$ 251,122	\$ 99,215	\$ 262,540	\$ 238,628	\$ 513,662
Capital Assets	143,414	151,176	3,561,544	2,636,263	3,704,958	2,787,439
Total Assets	282,827	402,298	3,660,759	2,898,803	3,943,586	3,301,101
Deferred Outflows	43,749	38,931	<del>-</del> _	<del>-</del> _	43,749	38,931
Current and Other Liabilities	17,425	17,678	51,703	183,831	69,128	201,509
Long-Term Liabilities	111,038	87,686	834,000	853,000	945,038	940,686
Total Liabilities	128,463	105,364	885,703	1,036,831	1,014,166	1,142,195
Deferred Inflows	23,739	30,104			23,739	30,104
Net Position:						
Invested in Capital Assets	143,414	151,176	2,705,525	1,761,176	2,848,939	1,912,352
Restricted	9,467	64,127	28,659	56,783	38,126	120,910
Unrestricted	21,493	90,458	40,872	44,013	62,365	134,471
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 174,374	\$ 305,761	\$ 2,775,056	\$ 1,861,972	\$2,949,430	\$2,167,733

#### **Changes in Net Position**

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position.

	Governmental Activities		I	Business-Typ	e Activities	Total		
	Fiscal Year 2018-19	Fiscal Year 2017-18	F	iscal Year 2018-19	Fiscal Year 2017-18	Fiscal Year 2018-19	Fiscal Year 2017-18	
Revenues:					_			
Program Revenues:								
Charges For Services	\$ 30,797	\$ 37,038	\$	196,794	\$ 155,611	\$ 227,591	\$ 192,649	
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	-		763,043	308,959	763,043	308,959	
General Revenues:								
Taxes	145,750	141,800		-	-	145,750	141,800	
Shared Revenues	20,448	20,301		-	-	20,448	20,301	
Other	27,247	19,725	. <u> </u>	50	37	27,297	19,762	
Total Revenues	224,242	218,864	. <u>-</u>	959,887	464,607	1,184,129	683,471	
Expenses:								
General Government	93,531	75,852		-	-	93,531	75,852	
Public Safety	1,730	4,698		-	-	1,730	4,698	
Physical Environment	94,415	75,469		198,870	196,329	293,285	271,798	
Transportation	10,338	13,004		-	-	10,338	13,004	
Economic Environment	-	-		-	-	-	-	
Culture and Recreation	3,548	3,548		-	-	3,548	3,548	
Human Services					<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total Expenses	203,562	172,571		198,870	196,329	402,432	368,900	
Transfers and Capital Contributions	(152,067)	(109,151)	_	152,067	109,151			
Changes in Net Position	(131,387)	(62,858)		913,084	377,429	781,697	314,571	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	305,761	368,619		1,861,972	1,484,543	2,167,733	1,853,162	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 174,374	\$ 305,761	\$	2,775,056	\$ 1,861,972	\$ 2,949,430	\$ 2,167,733	

#### OVERALL FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities**

The governmental activities generated \$30,797 of program revenues and \$193,445 of general revenues, incurred \$203,562 of program expenses and transfer out of \$152,067. This resulted in a \$131,387 decrease in net position.

The business-type activities generated \$196,794 charges for services, \$763,043 grant revenues and received \$50 of interest, incurred \$198,870 of program expenses and transfer in of \$152,067. This resulted in a \$913,084 increase in net position.

#### THE TOWN'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$116,308 from \$233,858 to \$117,550; the Special Revenue Fund's fund balance decreased by \$151 to zero, the Capital Improvement Fund's fund balance increased \$5,002 from \$136 to \$5,138. The Proprietary Fund's net position increased by \$913,084 from \$1,861,972 to \$2,775,056; net cash decreased \$27,399.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

General Fund revenues received were greater than budgeted amounts by \$6,278. General Fund expenditures were less than the budgeted amount by \$16,015.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

The Town expended \$1,122,319 for the expansion of sewer services during the year. The amount is included in depreciable assets as the project was completed as of September 30, 2019. Please refer to Note 3 to the accompanying financial statements entitled Changes in Capital Assets for more detailed information about the Town's capital asset activity.

#### **Debt Administration**

The Town issued revenue bonds on December 16, 2004, referred to as Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2004A and 2004B, in the amounts of \$670,000 and \$370,214, respectively. The purpose of the bonds was to provide permanent financial resources for the Town's water and sewer projects. Revenues from the related facility, a portion of sales tax, franchise tax and communication service tax revenues are pledged as collateral for the bonds. No bonds were issued during the year. The net change in the Town's long-term liabilities for the year was a decrease of \$19,000. Please refer to Notes 4 and 6 in the notes to financial statements for more detailed information.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS

We are not currently aware of any conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on the Town's financial position or results of operations.

#### CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town of Glen St. Mary at PO Box 519, 10046 N. Glen Avenue, Glen St. Mary, FL 32040.

### TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 119,323	\$ 57,496	\$ 176,819		
Accounts Receivable (Net Where Applicable					
of Allowance for Uncollectible)	_	13,060	13,060		
Due From Other Agencies	10,623	-	10,623		
Prepaid Expenses	4,329	3,888	8,217		
Total Current Assets	134,275	74,444	208,719		
Noncurrent Assets:					
Restricted Assets					
Cash and Equivalents	5,138	24,771	29,909		
Capital Assets:					
Non-Depreciable Assets	73,258	-	73,258		
Depreciable Assets, Net	70,156	3,561,544	3,631,700		
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	143,414	3,561,544	3,704,958		
Total Noncurrent Assets	148,552	3,586,315	3,734,867		
TOTAL ASSETS	282,827	3,660,759	3,943,586		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					
Pension Related	43,749		43,749		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	7,183	4,913	12,096		
Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable		3,019	3,019		
Customer Deposits	-	24,771	24,771		
Due to Other Agencies	4,959	-	4,959		
Revenue Bonds Payable, Current Portion	-	19,000	19,000		
Net Pension Liability, Current Portion	700	-	700		
Unearned Revenue	4,583		4,583		
Total Current Liabilities	17,425	51,703	69,128		
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Net Pension Liability	111,038	-	111,038		
Revenue Bonds Payable		834,000	834,000		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	111,038	834,000	945,038		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	128,463	885,703	1,014,166		
DEFERRED INFLOWS					
Pension Related	23,739		23,739		
NET POSITION					
Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	143,414	2,705,525	2,848,939		
Restricted	9,467	28,659	38,126		
Unrestricted	21,493	40,872	62,365		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 174,374	\$ 2,775,056	\$ 2,949,430		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

### TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Net (Expenses) Revenue

		Program Revenues and Changes in Net Position					n		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		arges for <u>ervices</u>	Capital Grants and <u>Contributions</u>		Governmental <u>Activities</u>	iness-type ctivities		<u>Total</u>
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$ 93,531	\$	30,797	\$	-	\$ (62,734)	\$ -	\$	(62,734)
Public Safety	1,730		-		-	(1,730)	-		(1,730)
Physical Environment	94,415		-		-	(94,415)	-		(94,415)
Transportation	10,338		-		-	(10,338)	-		(10,338)
Culture and Recreation	3,548		_			(3,548)	 -		(3,548)
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	203,562		30,797			(172,765)	 		(172,765)
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>									
Water and Sewer	198,870		196,794	763,04	3		760,967		760,967
<b>Total Business-type Activities</b>	198,870		196,794	763,04	3		 760,967		760,967
Total	\$ 402,432	\$	227,591	\$ 763,04	3	(172,765)	 760,967		588,202
	General Re	even	ues:						
	Discretio	nary	Sales Tax			38,858	-		38,858
	Half Cen					19,858	-		19,858
	Local Op	tion (	Gas Tax			11,540	-		11,540
	Electric S	Servi	ce Tax			43,406	-		43,406
			on Service	Гах		32,088	-		32,088
	State Sha					20,448	-		20,448
	Interest In					812	50		862
	Miscella					21,435	-		21,435
	Rental In	come	;			5,000	 		5,000
	Total Gene	eral I	Revenues			193,445	 50		193,495
	Transfers					(152,067)	 152,067		_
				and Transfers		41,378	 152,117		193,495
	Change in 1					(131,387)	913,084		781,697
	Net Positio	n, O	ctober 1, 2	018		305,761	 1,861,972		2,167,733
	Net Positio	n, Se	eptember 3	30, 2019		\$ 174,374	\$ 2,775,056	\$	2,949,430

### TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		NON-	TOTAL
		MAJOR	GOVERNMENTAL
	GENERAL	<b>FUNDS</b>	FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash	\$ 119,323	\$ 5,138	\$ 124,461
Due From Other Agencies	10,623	-	10,623
Prepaid Expenses	4,329	<u>-</u>	4,329
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 134,275</u>	\$ 5,138	\$ 139,413
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 7,183	\$ -	\$ 7,183
Due To Other Agencies	4,959	-	4,959
Unearned Revenue	4,583		4,583
TOTAL LIABILITIES	16,725		16,725
FUND BALANCES:			
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable	4,329	-	4,329
Assigned to:			
Capital Improvements	-	5,138	5,138
Unassigned	113,221		113,221
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	117,550	5,138	122,688
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND			
BALANCES	\$ 134,275	\$ 5,138	\$ 139,413

## TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 122,688
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Capital Assets - Net	143,414
Deferred outflows and inflows associated with pensions are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Deferred Outflows	43,749
Deferred Inflows	(23,739)
Net pension liability is not reported in the governmental funds	
Net Pension Liability	 (111,738)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 174,374

# TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	GENERAL NON-MAJOR		TOTAL
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 145,747	\$ -	\$ 145,747
Charges for Services	30,797	-	30,797
Intergovernmental	20,447	-	20,447
Interest Earnings	812	2	814
Miscellaneous Revenues	21,438	-	21,438
Rental Income	5,000	<u> </u>	5,000
TOTAL REVENUES	224,241	2	224,243
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			<u> </u>
General Government	79,527	-	79,527
Physical Environment	92,703	-	92,703
Public Safety	1,065	-	1,065
Transportation	10,338		10,338
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	183,633	<del>_</del>	183,633
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	40,608	2	40,610
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers	(156,916)	4,849	(152,067)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(116,308)	4,851	(111,457)
FUND BALANCES - OCTOBER 1, 2018	233,858	287	234,145
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 117,550	\$ 5,138	\$ 122,688

#### TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA

### RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (111,457)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.	
Current Year Depreciation Expense	(7,760)
Deferred outflows and inflows associated with pensions are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Change in Pension Liability	(23,351)
Change in Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	2,296
Change in Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	6,365
Deferred Outflows for Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	2,520

\$ (131,387)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

### TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION-PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

#### **ASSETS**

Current Assets:		
Cash and Equivalents	\$	57,496
Accounts Receivable (Net Where		
Applicable of Allowance For		
Uncollectables)		13,060
Prepaid Expenses		3,888
Total Current Assets		74,444
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Assets		
Cash and Equivalents		24,771
Capital Assets:		
Equipment		3,681
Infrastructure	4	,279,089
Accumulated Depreciation		(721,226)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	3	,561,544
Total Noncurrent Assets	3	,586,315
TOTAL ASSETS	3	,660,759
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		4,913
Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable		3,019
Customer Deposits		24,771
Bonds Payable, Current Portion		19,000
Total Current Liabilities		51,703
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Revenue Bonds Payable		834,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		834,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u> </u>	885,703
NET POSITION		
Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2	,705,525
Restricted		28,659
Unrestricted		40,872
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2	,775,056

#### TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for Services	\$ 196,794
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	 196,794
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personal Services	8,245
Materials, Supplies and Other Expenses	92,524
Depreciation	 59,316
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 160,085
OPERATING INCOME	36,709
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Capital Grant	763,043
Interest Income	50
Interest Expense	 (38,785)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	 724,308
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	 761,017
Transfers In	 152,067
Change in Net Position	913,084
NET POSITION - OCTOBER 1, 2018	 1,861,972
NET POSITION - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 2,775,056

#### TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Cash Received From Customers \$	
Cash received findingusioners	199,329
Cash Payments to Suppliers For Goods and Services	(91,193)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(8,245)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	99,891
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfers from Other Funds	267,902
Transfers to Other Funds	(115,835)
NET CASH PROVIDED FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	152,067
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Cost Associated with Water & Sewer Expansion	(1,122,319)
Cash Received from Grant Proceeds	900,765
Interest Paid on Bonds	(38,853)
Principal Payment on Bonds	(19,000)
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(279,407)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest on Cash and Cash Equivalents	50
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	50
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(27,399)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - OCTOBER 1, 2018	109,666
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	82,267
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CLASSIFIED AS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted \$	57,496
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	24,771
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CLASSIFIED   §	82,267
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Income (Loss) \$	36,709
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided	
By Operating Activities:	<b>70.04</b> 5
Depreciation Expense	59,316
Change in Assets and Liabilities: Increase in Accounts Receivables	(1716)
Increase in Prepaid Expenses	(1,716) (80)
Increase in Accounts Payables	1,411
	4,251
Increase in Customer Deposits	.,201

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Glen St. Mary, Florida, ("the Town") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Town is a unit of local government, incorporated June 29, 1957, under Special Legislative Act House Bill #1512. The Town operates under a Manager-Town Council form of government. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the accompanying financial statements present the Town as a primary government.

The Town uses the criteria established in GASB Statement Number 14 to define the reporting entity and identify component units. Component units are entities for which the Town, as primary government, is considered to be financially accountable. Component units, if any, are included in the reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the primary government.

The Town is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if Town officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the Town. The Town may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and, accordingly, data from these units would be combined with data of the Town. There are no blended component units included in the Town's financial reporting entity.

Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, would be reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Town. There are no discretely presented component units included in the Town's financial reporting entity.

There were no additional entities for which there were positive responses to specific criteria used for establishing oversight responsibility that were excluded from the Town's financial statements. The Town did not participate in any joint ventures during the 2018-19 fiscal year.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: charges for services that are directly related to a given function; and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements (concluded)**

requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The Town segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds. The Town has presented the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Town also has presented the Special Revenue Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund, non-major funds, in a separate column.

The Proprietary Fund, specifically identified as the Water and Sewer Fund, is used to account for the provision of water and sewer to the residents of the Town. The Water and Sewer Fund is also considered a major fund. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the water and sewer system and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for water and sewer debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure integrity of the funds. The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. Operating expenses for the proprietary fund include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### **Fund Balance**

The Town follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions to classify fund balances for governmental funds into specifically defined classifications. The classifications comprise of a hierarchy, based primarily, on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent.

#### NOTE 1 – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

#### **Fund Balance (concluded)**

The fund balance classifications specified in GASB Statement No. 54 are as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to remain intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority, which is a policy of the Town. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town removes those constraints by taking the same type action.

Assigned Fund Balance – Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the Town's interest to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the mayor or (b) a body of official to which the mayor has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

The Town's policy is to expend resources in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary fund are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current year. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### NOTE 1 – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The Town adopts an annual budget for the General Fund. The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

On or before the first part of September, the Mayor submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1<sup>st</sup>. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

Usually prior to October 1<sup>st</sup>, the budget is legally enacted by Council approval.

Any revision that alters total expenditures of any fund or to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund must be approved by the Town Council. Budgetary control is maintained at the department level. The fund is the legal level of control. Budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements represent the "final" budget data; i.e., the effects of budget amendments have been applied to "original" budgetary data.

The budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements were prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

All budget changes during the fiscal year are approved by the Town Council.

Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Budgets are adopted for the General and Enterprise Funds on a basis that does not differ materially from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. In accordance with Section 166.241, Florida Statutes, expenditures did not exceed budget appropriations for the 2018-2019 fiscal year.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not utilized by the Town.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the enterprise fund considers all highly liquid investments, including restricted assets to be cash equivalents. Restricted cash for capital improvements total \$5,138 for governmental activities. Restricted cash for customer deposits total \$24,771 for enterprise activities. Unrestricted resources are used first when expense is incurred for both restricted and unrestricted purposes.

#### NOTE 1 – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

All deposits are placed in banks that qualify as public depositories, as required by law (Florida Security for Public Deposits Act). Accordingly, all deposits are insured by federal depository insurance and/or collateralized pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

#### **Prepaid Expenses**

Prepaid balances for payments made by the Town in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the reserve for prepaid items has been recorded to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value on the date donated. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings30-50 yearsWater & Sewer Systems30-50 yearsImprovements20-25 yearsEquipment5-20 years

#### **Compensated Absences**

The Town does not have a policy on sick leave and accordingly does not compensate employees for sick leave. The Town does have a policy allowing employees to earn 40 hours of personal leave per year; unused personal leave may be carried forward and accumulated up to a maximum of 480 hours. Personal leave time remaining upon termination of employment is not paid. Personal leave compensation will be awarded at the time of retirement at the hourly rate at twenty-five percent of accumulated hours. Town policy also allows employees to be eligible for one week vacation after one year of employment, two weeks for two to nine years of employment, three weeks for ten to nineteen years of employment and four weeks for twenty years or more of employment. A maximum of one week of earned vacation may be carried forward to the following year to be used within the first three months of the following fiscal year. A liability for accrued compensated absences of employees has been accrued in the Government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in Governmental Funds to the extent of the amount of the liability that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources (the current portion).

#### **Capitalization of Interest Costs**

When applicable, the Town follows the guidelines of Statement of Financial Accounting Codification No. 835-20 to determine if interest costs related to construction of fixed assets should be capitalized.

#### NOTE 1 – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (concluded)

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Town to make various estimates and assumptions. Actual results could vary from estimates used.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either by through enabling legislations adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$38,126 of restricted net position, which is restricted by enabling legislation. Governmental restricted net position in the amount of \$9,467 consists of \$4,329 for prepaid expenses and \$5,138 for capital improvements. Proprietary restricted net position in the amount of \$28,659 consists of prepaid expenses in the amount of \$3,888 and customer deposits in the amount of \$24,771.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period.

#### **NOTE 2 – INVESTMENTS**

Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, authorizes the Town to invest in the Local Government Investment Pool; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating; savings accounts and certificates of deposits in qualified public depositories; and direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

The Town's investments consist of certificates of deposit. These investments are entirely insured (Level 1 category of credit risk). The Town is exposed to the following risks associated with its investments:

Credit Risk – the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Interest Rate Risk – the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The Town does not have a formal investment policy relating to the aforementioned risks, other than Section 218.415 Florida Statutes, for investing public finds. That statute limits the Town's exposure to credit risk and interest rate risk by limiting authorized investment option as previously described.

#### NOTE 3 – <u>CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

A summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal-year ending September 30, 2019, follows:

11 summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year		alance	ci so,	2019, 10110		I	Balance
		tober 1,	Ac	lditions	<u>Deletions</u>		tember 30,
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated							
Land	\$	73,258	\$		\$ -	\$	73,258
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		73,258					73,258
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Buildings		94,699		-	-		94,699
Improvements Other Than Buildings		200,515		-	-		200,515
Machinery & Equipment		135,424		_			135,424
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		430,638					430,638
Less Accumulated Depreciation For							
Buildings		68,657		2,421	-		71,078
Improvements Other Than Buildings		148,641		5,339	-		153,980
Machinery & Equipment		135,424		_			135,424
Total Accumulated Depreciation		352,722		7,760			360,482
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		77,916		(7,760)			70,156
Governmental Activities Total Capital							
Assets, Net	\$	151,174	\$	(7,760)	\$ -	\$	143,414
Business-type Activities							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated							
Construction in Progress	\$	449,692	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 449,692	\$	<u> </u>
Total Captial Assets Not Being Depreciated		449,692		-	449,692		-
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Improvements Other Than Buildings	2	,842,155	1,	434,287	-	4	4,276,442
Machinery & Equipment		6,328		-	-		6,328
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	2	,848,483	1,	434,287			4,282,770
Less Accumulated Depreciation For							
Improvements Other Than Buildings		655,582		59,316	-		714,898
Machinery & Equipment		6,328		-	-		6,328
Total Accumulated Depreciation	' <u></u>	661,910		59,316	_		721,226
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	2	,186,573	1,	374,971		(	3,561,544
Business-type Activities Total Capital							
Assets, Net	\$ 2	,636,265	\$1,	374,971	\$ 449,692	\$ 3	3,561,544
Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follow	s:						
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$	1,835					
Public Safety		665					
Physical Environment		1,712					
Culture and Recreation		3,548					
Total Depreciation Expense Governmental Activities	\$	7,760					
Business-type Activities:							
Physical Environment	\$	59,316					
Total Depreciation Expense Business-type Activities	\$	59,316					

#### NOTE 4 – **LONG-TERM DEBT**

#### **Government-type activities:**

The Government-type activities long-term debt at September 30, 2019, consists of the following:

Net pension liability for employer's proportionate	
share of the net pension liability for the Florida	
Retirement System.	\$ 81,497
Net pension liability for employer's proportionate	
share of the net pension liability for the Health	
Insurance Subsidy Program.	30,241
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 111,738

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities follows:

	<b>Balance</b>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<b>Balance</b>	<u>Due</u>
	October 1			September 30	Within
					<u>One</u>
					Year
Net pension liability - FRS	\$ 65,991	\$ 15,506	\$ -	\$ 81,497	\$ -
Net pension liability - HIS	22,395	7,846	<u>-</u>	30,241	700
Total	<u>\$ 88,386</u>	<u>\$ 23,352</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 111,738</u>	<u>\$ 700</u>

During 2015, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. As a result, a net pension liability is disclosed in the calculation of changes in long-term liabilities presented above.

#### **Business-type activities:**

The Business-type activities debts of the Town at September 30, 2019, consist of the following:

\$670,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A, dated December 16, 2004, due in annual principal installments of \$10,000 to \$34,000 plus accrued interest at 4.5% due September 1<sup>st</sup> each year through 2044. The revenues from the related facility, a portion of sales tax, franchise tax and communication service tax revenues are pledged as collateral.

\$ 550,000

Due

\$370,214 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2004B, dated December 16, 2004, due in annual principal installments of \$6,000 to \$19,000 plus accrued interest at 4.375%, due September 1<sup>st</sup> of each year through 2044. The revenues from the related facility, a portion of sales tax, franchise tax and communication service tax revenues are pledged as collateral.

 303,000

 Total Bonds Payable
 \$ 853,000

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities follows:

	Balance October 1	Issues or Additions	Payments or Expenditures	Balance September 30	Within One Year
Business-type Activities: Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds Payable	\$872,000	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 19,000</u>	\$ 853,000	\$ 19,000
Total Business-type Activities Total Government	872,000 \$872,000	<u>-</u> \$ -	19,000 \$ 19,000	853,000 \$ 853,000	19,000 \$ 19,000

#### **NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM DEBT (concluded)**

The annual aggregate maturities for revenue bonds for the years subsequent to September 30, 2019, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
September 30, 2020	\$ 19,000	\$ 38,006	\$ 57,006
September 30, 2021	20,000	37,160	57,160
September 30, 2022	22,000	36,269	58,269
September 30, 2023	22,000	35,289	57,289
September 30, 2024	23,000	34,309	57,309
September 30, 2025-2029	131,000	155,538	286,538
September 30, 2030-2034	164,000	123,294	287,294
September 30, 2035-2039	204,000	83,375	287,375
September 30, 2040-2044	248,000	33,565	<u>281,565</u>
Totals	<u>\$853,000</u>	<u>\$576,805</u>	<u>\$1,429,805</u>

#### NOTE 5 – ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLES

Accounts receivables have been reported in the funds net of allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance for uncollectibles is as follows:

Enterprise Fund	<u>\$ 400</u>
Total	\$ 400

The allowance is based upon a moving average of the collection experience relating to these receivables.

#### NOTE 6 – DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A and 2004B, requires the establishment of a Bond and Interest Sinking Fund to be used exclusively by the Town to pay all interest on the Bonds as the same shall come due and the principal of the bonds at the respective maturity dates thereof. On or before the fifteenth day of each month, the Town shall transfer and deposit to the credit of the Sinking Fund the following amounts:

- 1. A sum equal to 1/12 of the amount of one year's interest on all the Bonds then outstanding, together with the amount of any deficiency in prior deposits for interest on the Bonds.
- 2. Beginning on September 15, 2006, a sum equal to 1/12 of the principal of the Bonds maturing on the next succeeding September 1, together with the amount of any deficiency in prior deposits for principal on the Bonds.
- 3. To the credit of a Reserve Account in the Sinking Fund a sum equal to 1/120 of the Maximum Bond Service Requirement until such time as the funds therein shall equal the Maximum Bond Service Requirement.

#### NOTE 6 – <u>DEBT RESTRICTIONS AND COVENANTS</u> (concluded)

In February 2006, the Town passed a resolution to set aside and reserve a certificate of deposit in the General Fund of \$65,000 to satisfy the reserve requirements. On June 19, 2018, the council voted to use the \$65,000 to pay for additional sewer expansion. The certificate of deposit was withdrawn on August 19, 2019, and deposited into the proprietary fund. The USDA issued a letter on July 9, 2018, granting the Town the authority to use the funds for additional sewer expansion. The USDA also stipulated that the Town must replenish the reserve fund by making annual deposits of \$5,660 until the balance reaches \$56,600. The Town will begin the annual deposits in fiscal year ending September 30, 2020.

#### **NOTE 7 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Town is sometimes involved in litigation arising from the normal operations of a local government. It is the opinion of management that such litigation will not have a material financial impact on the financial statements of the Town.

#### NOTE 8 – STATE OF FLORIDA PENSION PLANS

#### Defined Benefit Plans

The Town participates in two defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The plans provide retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. That report may be obtained by writing to the Division of Retirement, PO Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida, 32315-9000 or by calling (844) 377-1888.

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under Sections 121.053 or 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a state administered retirement system must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

#### Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a

#### NOTE 8 – STATE OF FLORIDA PENSION PLANS (continued)

percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. Employees are required to contribute 3.00% of their salary to the FRS. The Town's contribution rates as of September 30, 2019, were as follows:

	FRS	HIS
Regular Class	6.60%	1.66%
Special Risk Class	22.84%	1.66%
Senior Management Service Class	22.40%	1.66%
Elected Officials	47.04%	1.66%
DROP from FRS	12.37%	1.66%

The Town's contributions for the year ended September 30, 2019, were \$7,704 to the FRS and \$1,579 to the HIS.

#### Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

In its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2019, the Town reported a liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability were determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2019. The Town's proportions of the net pension liabilities were based on the Town's share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

		FRS	HIS		
Net pension liability	\$	81,497	\$	30,241	
Proportion at:					
Current measurement date	0.00	00236646%	0.00	00270277%	
Prior measurement date	0.00	0.000219089%		00211592%	
Pension expense (benefit)	\$	19,028	\$	2,694	

#### NOTE 8 – STATE OF FLORIDA PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS		HIS	
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows	Outflows	Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,834	\$ 51	\$ 367	\$ 37
Changes of assumptions	20,932	-	3,502	2,472
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	-	4,509	20	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	5,927	14,529	5,645	2,140
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,110	-	412	
Total	\$ 33,803	\$ 19,089	\$ 9,946	\$ 4,649

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending September 30, 2019. Other pension-related amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30,	FRS	HIS	
2020	\$ 5,524	\$	962
2021	(1,677)		1,054
2022	3,009		837
2023	3,786		316
2024	1,472		483
Thereafter	490		1,233
Total	\$ 12,604	\$	4,885

#### NOTE 8 – STATE OF FLORIDA PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2019. For the HIS Program, the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2019, rolled-forward using standard actuarial procedures. The individual entry age normal actuarial cost method was used for each plan, along with the following significant actuarial assumptions:

	FRS	HIS
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Salary increases	3.25%	3.25%
Investment rate of return	6.90%	N/A
Discount rate	6.90%	3.50%

Mortality assumptions for the FRS Pension Plan was based on the PUB2010 with Scale MP-2018.

Mortality assumptions for the HIS Program was based on the Generational RP-200 with Projection Scale BB.

For both plans, the actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The following changes in key actuarial assumptions occurred in 2019:

FRS: The long-term expected rate of return and the discount rate used to determine the total pension liability decreased from 7.00% to 6.90%.

HIS: The municipal bond index rate and the discount rate used to determine the total pension liability decreased from 3.87% to 3.50%.

The long-term expected investment rate of return was not based on historical returns, but instead was based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. For the FRS Pension Plan, the table below summarizes the consulting actuary's assumptions based on the long-term target asset allocation.

		Compund		
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1%	3.3%	3.3%	1.2%
Fixed income	18%	4.1%	4.1%	3.5%
Global equity	54%	8.0%	6.8%	16.5%
Real estate (property)	10%	6.7%	6.1%	11.7%
Private equity	11%	11.2%	8.4%	25.8%
Strategic investments	<u>6%</u>	5.9%	5.7%	6.7%
	1000/			

100%

#### NOTE 8 – STATE OF FLORIDA PENSION PLANS (concluded)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was 6.90%. FRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because the HIS Program is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, a municipal bond rate of 3.50% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation Bond 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was used as the applicable municipal bond index.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate.

		FRS		_	HIS							
	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase						
	(5.90%)	(6.90%)	(7.90%)	(2.50%)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)						
Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability	\$ 140,882	\$ 81,497	\$ 31,901	\$ 34,522	\$ 30,241	\$ 26,676						

#### Pension Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the State's separately issued financial reports.

#### Defined Contribution Plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan ("FRS Investment Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. Required employer contributions made to the plan during the year ended September 30, 2019, totaled \$0.

#### **NOTE 9 – OPERATING LEASES**

On November 18, 2016, the Town entered into a five-year non-cancelable operating lease for a copier. As of September 30, 2019, the future rental payments required under the operating lease are presented as follows:

2020	\$ 375
2021	375
2022	31
Total	<u>\$ 781</u>

#### **NOTE 10 – <u>REVENUE LEASES</u>**

On July 1, 2013, the Town entered into a five-year, renewable lease for the rental of Town land. The lease is renewable for two additional five-year terms. The lease commencement date was September 1, 2013. Vystar Credit Union is leasing the land for the use of a drive-up ATM Machine. A deposit of \$5,000 representing payment of the sixth year if the lease is renewed beyond the initial five-year term. The lease renewed for an additional five years on June 1, 2018, becoming effective September 1, 2018. As of September 30, 2019, future minimum rental revenue required under the lease is presented as follows:

2020	\$ 5,000
2021	5,000
2022	5,000
2023	 5,000
Total	\$ 20,000

#### NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through June 17, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no subsequent events determined to occur that would have a material effect on the fair presentation of the financial statements taken as a whole through the date of the report, June 17, 2020.



# TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

						VA	RIANCE
	<u>BU</u>	DGETED A	<u>AMOUNTS</u>	A	ACTUAL	WIT	H FINAL
	Ol	RIGINAL	<b>FINAL</b>	A	MOUNTS	B	UDGET
REVENUES	' <u>'</u>						
Taxes	\$	138,393	\$ 138,393	\$	145,747	\$	7,354
Charges for Services		31,300	31,800		30,797		(1,003)
Intergovernmental		20,370	20,370		20,447		77
Interest Earnings		920	800		812		12
Miscellaneous Revenues		13,750	21,600		21,438		(162)
Rental Income			5,000		5,000		=
TOTAL REVENUES		204,733	217,963		224,241		6,278
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>							
Current:							
General Governmental		70,847	68,628		79,527		(10,899)
Physical Environment		99,867	100,267		92,703		7,564
Public Safety		1,100	1,100		1,065		35
Transportation		22,070	23,375		10,338		13,037
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		193,884	193,370		183,633		9,737
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		10,849	24,593		40,608		16,015
OVER EXPENDITURES							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers		99,500	(52,849)		(156,916)		104,067
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		110,349	(28,256)		(116,308)		(88,052)
FUND BALANCES - October 1, 2018		233,858	233,858		233,858		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES - September 30, 2019	\$	344,207	\$ 205,602	\$	117,550	\$	(88,052)

#### Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules

The preparation, adoption and amendment of budgets are governed by Florida Statutes. The fund is the legal level of control. Budgets are prepared and adopted on a basis that does not differ materially from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Appropriations lapse at year end.

### TOWN OF GLEN ST MARY SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (1)

Florida Retirement System		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension										
liability (asset)	0.00	0236646%	0.0	000219089%	0.	000234488%		0.000292982%		0.00441138%
Employer's proportionate share of the net										
pension liability (asset)	\$	81,497	\$	65,991	\$	69,384	\$	73,978	\$	56,979
Employer's covered-employee payroll (2)	\$	90,399	\$	70,118	\$	74,808	\$	73,198	\$	70,141
Employer's proportionate share of the net										
pension liability (asset) as a percentage										
of its covered-employee payroll		90.15%		94.11%		92.75%		101.07%		81.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage										
of the total pension liability		82.61%		84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program		2019 2018		2017			2016		2015	
Employer's proportion of the net pension										
liability (asset)	0.00	0.000270277%		0.000211592% 0.0002346		0.00023466%	0.00023708%		0.000231161%	
Employer's proportionate share of the net										
pension liability (asset)	\$	30,241	\$	22,395	\$	25,092	\$	27,632	\$	23,575
Employer's covered-employee payroll (2)	\$	90,399	\$	70,118	\$	74,808	\$	73,198	\$	70,141
Employer's proportionate share of the net										
pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		33.45%		31.94%		33.54%		37.75%		33.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage										
of the total pension liability		2.63%		2.15%		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%

#### Notes to schedules:

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which was June 30th of the current year.
- (2) Covered-employee payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in 2015. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which it is available will be presented.

## TOWN OF GLEN ST MARY SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Florida Retirement System	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 7,704	\$	6,515	\$	6,024	\$	6,429	\$	10,445	
Contributions in relation to the										
contractually required contribution	7,704		6,516		6,024		6,429		10,445	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
Employer's covered-employee payroll (1)	\$ 90,399	\$	70,118	\$	74,808	\$	74,808	\$	73,198	
Contributions as a percentage of										
covered-employee payroll	8.52%		9.29%		8.05%		8.78%		14.72%	
Health Insurance Subsidy Program	2019	2018		2017		2016		2015		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,579	\$	1,203	\$	1,195	\$	1,257	\$	963	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,579		1,203		1,195		1,257		963	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$		
Employer's covered-employee payroll (1)	\$ 90,399	\$	70,118	\$	74,808	\$	74,808		73,198	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.75%		1.72%		1.60%		1.72%		1.36%	

#### Notes to schedules:

(1) Covered-employee payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in 2015. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which it is available will be presented.



## TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		SPECIAL REVENUE		APITAL OVEMENT	TOTAL NON- MAJOR FUNDS		
ASSETS Cash TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	<u>-</u>	\$ \$	5,138 5,138	\$ \$	5,138 5,138	
FUND BALANCES: Fund Balances: Assigned to: Capital Improvements	\$	-	\$	5,138	\$	5,138	
Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	5,138	\$	5,138	

#### TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	SPECIAL		CA	PITAL	TOTAL NON		
	REV	REVENUE		OVEMENT	MAJOR		
REVENUES							
Interest Earnings	\$	<u> </u>	\$	2	\$	2	
TOTAL REVENUES				2		2	
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>							
Current:							
General Government		-		-		-	
Physical Environment		-		-		-	
Public Safety		-		-		-	
Transportation		-		-		-	
Economic Environment		-		-		-	
Human Services		-		-		-	
Culture and Recreation		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>			
Total Current:				<u> </u>		_	
Capital Outlay							
General Government		-		-		-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		-		-	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		2		2	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers		(151)		5,000		4,849	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(151)		5,002		4,851	
FUND BALANCES - OCTOBER 1, 2018		151		136		287	
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	5,138	\$	5,138	

# ADDITIONAL ELEMENTS REQUIRED BY THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

# Lyons and Lyons Certified Public Accountants

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Glen St. Mary, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Glen St. Mary, Florida (the "Town") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated June 17, 2020. We have also issued our report on compliance and on internal control over financial reporting, dated June 17, 2020. That report should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapters 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General which governs the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

#### Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated June 17, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General require that we comment as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding audit. If the audit findings in the preceding audit report are uncorrected, we are required to identify those findings that were also included in the second preceding audit report. These requirements of the Rules of the Auditor General are addressed in the Schedule of Findings that accompanies this letter.

#### Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General also require that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in the management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. There are no component units of the Town. The Town was established by a Special Act of the Legislature (House Bill Number 1512 –<u>Laws of Florida</u>) which became a law without the Governor's approval on June 29, 1957.

#### **Financial Condition**

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a and 10.556(7) Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determinations as the whether or not the Town has met one or more of the condition described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town has not met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, that are indicative of a state of financial emergency.

Also, as required by the Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures, as of the end of the fiscal year, pursuant to Sections 10.554)1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8). It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by management. The application of such procedures did not reveal evidence of "deteriorating financial condition" as defined in Rule 10.554.

#### Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Council Members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the courtesies, which have once again, been extended to our staff. We have sincerely enjoyed our association with the Town and look forward to a continuing relationship. If you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or any other matters, please do not hesitate to contact us.

June 17, 2020

Macclenny, Florida

# Lyons and Lyons Certified Public Accountants

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## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Glen St. Mary, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Glen St. Mary, Florida (the "Town") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 17, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2019-001 and 2019-002 to be material weaknesses.

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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### The Town's Response to Findings

The Town's response to the findings identified on our audit is described in its accompanying letter of response. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

June 17, 2020

Macclenny, Florida

# Lyons and Lyons Certified Public Accountants

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### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POLICIES, SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Glen St. Mary, Florida

We have examined the Town of Glen St Mary's (the "Town") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for the Town's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

June 17, 2020

Macclenny, Florida

pre and Lyns, CPAs

### TOWN OF GLEN ST. MARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

2019-001 **Condition** — Because of a limited number of personnel, it is not always possible to adequately segregate certain incompatible duties so that no one employee has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or all phases of a transaction. Consequently, the possibility exists that unintentional or intentional errors or irregularities could exist and not be detected.

Similar findings were reported in previous audits as items 2017-001 and 2018-001.

**Recommendation** – To the extent possible, given available personnel, steps should be taken to segregate employee duties so no one individual has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or all phases of a transaction. A similar finding was noted in our prior report. Our audit did not reveal any significant errors or irregularities resulting from this lack of separation of duties and responsibilities. However, we feel it is important you are made aware of this condition.

2019-002 **Condition** – Statement of Auditing Standards No. 115, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, requires auditors to prepare written communication if they identify misstatements during the audit process or if it was necessary to assist with the preparation of the financial statements. As part of the audit process, we proposed material adjustments to Town's financial statements. It was also necessary for us to assist with the preparation of the financial statements. Our proposed adjustments were accepted by management, enabling the financial statements to be fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Similar findings were reported in previous reports as items 2017-002 and 2018-002.

**Recommendation** – We recommend that you consider and evaluate the costs and benefits of improving internal controls relative to the financial reporting process. By improving the financial reporting process, the Office will have an enhanced ability to monitor its budget position on an ongoing basis.

#### Town of Glen Saint Mary

P.O. Box 519 Glen St. Mary, Florida 32040

June 17, 2020

Sherrill F. Norman Claude Pepper Building 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1450

Dear Ms. Norman,

In response to the audit performed by Lyons & Lyons CPA's for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019 it is duly noted that the following items were found and are addressed as follows:

2019-001 During the audit period duties were segregated to the extent possible given available personnel. Compensating controls have been implemented to help alleviate the problem.

2019-002 The finding is duly noted. Due to budget constraints it is not feasible to have someone on staff with the knowledge and experience to correctly prepare the financial statements.

Should you have any further questions, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Amanda Hodges

Mayor