TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA TABLE OF CONTENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Page(s)
Independent Auditors' Report	1 – 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 - 10
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of	
Net Position	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary	
Funds	18
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	19
Notes to Financial Statements	20 - 42
Required Supplementary Information	43
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and	
Actual – General Fund	44
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and	
Actual – Special Revenue Fund	45
Note to Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual	46
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	47
Schedule of Contributions	48
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	49 - 51
Independent Auditors' Management Letter Required by Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General	52 - 54
Independent Accountant's Examination Report	55
Management's Response	56



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Town Council, Town of Greenville, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of Town of Greenville, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Greenville, Florida's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our (1) unmodified audit opinion on the General Fund, and aggregate remaining fund information; and (2) qualified audit opinion on the governmental activities, business-type activities, and Water and Sewer Fund.

- 1 -

 121 Executive Circle
 133 East Indiana Avenue

 Daytona Beach, FL 32114-1180
 DeLand, FL 32724-4329

 Telephone: 386-257-4100
 Telephone: 386-738-3300

5931 NW 1st Place Gainesville, FL 32607-2063 Telephone: 352-378-1331 2477 Tim Gamble Place, Suite 200 Tallahassee, FL 32308-4386 Telephone: 850-386-6184

Website: www.jmco.com | Email: info@jmco.com | Member of AGN International with offices in principal cities worldwide

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and Water, Sewer and Sanitation Funds

In addition, as discussed in Note III. D. to the financial statements, the Town has not implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require recording of an obligation for postemployment benefits other than pensions, which would increase liabilities, decrease net position, and change the expenses in the governmental activities, business-type activities, and Water, Sewer and Sanitation Funds.

The amounts by which these departures would affect the deferred inflows, liabilities, deferred outflows, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and Water, Sewer and Sanitation Funds have not been determined.

Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and Water and Sewer Fund

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph on the governmental activities, business-type activities and Water, Sewer and Sanitation Funds, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and Water, Sewer and Sanitation Funds of the Town as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinion on the General Fund and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the General Fund and the aggregate remaining fund information for the Town, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and where applicable cash flows, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and other pension information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report June 22, 2020 on our consideration of Town of Greenville, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Greenville, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Maore : 60., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida June 22, 2020

As management of the Town of Greenville, Florida, we offer readers of the Town of Greenville, Florida's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Greenville, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Greenville, Florida's basic financial statements. The Town of Greenville, Florida's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Greenville, Florida's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town of Greenville, Florida's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Greenville, Florida is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Greenville, Florida that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town of Greenville, Florida include general government, public safety, transportation, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town of Greenville, Florida include water, sewer and sanitation operations.

The location of the government-wide financial statements can be found in the table of contents.

Fund financial statements. *A fund is a* grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Greenville, Florida, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Greenville, Florida can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town of Greenville, Florida maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and special revenue fund, both of which are considered to be major funds.

The location of the basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in the table of contents.

Proprietary funds. The Town of Greenville, Florida maintains proprietary funds. *Proprietary funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Greenville, Florida uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and sanitation operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, and sanitation operations, which are considered to be major funds.

The location of the basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the table of contents.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The location of the notes to the financial statements can be found in the table of contents.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Town of Greenville, Florida's budgetary information. The location of the required supplementary information can be found on pages in the table of contents.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Greenville, Florida, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$7,072,847 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the Town of Greenville, Florida's net position in the most recent fiscal year reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town of Greenville, Florida uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Greenville, Florida's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Town of Greenville, Florida's Net Position

		2019	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Current and other assets	\$ 278,500	\$ 434,484	\$ 712,984
Capital assets	1,095,917	6,569,356	7,665,273
Total assets	1,374,417	7,003,840	8,378,257
Deferred outflows	104,185	33,113	137,298
Long-term liabilities outstanding	57,139	837,765	894,904
Net pension liability	211,223	67,129	278,352
Other liabilities	105,670	125,675	231,345
Total liabilities	374,032	1,030,569	1,404,601
Deferred inflows	28,916	9,191	38,107
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	1,038,417	5,855,303	6,893,720
Restricted	39,682	19,416	59,098
Unrestricted	(2,445)	122,474	120,029
Total net position	\$ 1,075,654	\$ 5,997,193	\$ 7,072,847

Town of Greenville, Florida's Net Position

(Continued)

4010

		2018	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Current and other assets	\$ 246,937	\$ 436,423	\$ 683,360
Capital assets	1,036,091	6,408,967	7,445,058
Total assets	1,283,028	6,845,390	8,128,418
Deferred outflows	30,936	35,592	66,528
Long-term liabilities outstanding	69,533	566,557	636,090
Net pension liability	78,254	90,025	168,279
Other liabilities	26,816	61,973	88,789
Total liabilities	174,603	718,555	893,158
Deferred inflows	20,145	23,173	43,318
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	1,036,091	5,974,867	7,010,958
Restricted	40,963	18,865	59,828
Unrestricted	42,162	145,522	187,684
Total net position	\$ 1,119,216	\$ 6,139,254	\$ 7,258,470

An additional portion of the Town of Greenville, Florida's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used in the most recent fiscal year. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Greenville, Florida is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the government as a whole, and for its governmental and business-type activities individually.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the Town of Greenville, Florida's net position by \$43,562 in the most recent fiscal year.

Key elements of this change include:

Increased expenditures for public safety equipment and fire department supplies. In addition, there were unexpected repairs for streets and roads needed to ensure the safety of the Town's residents and visitors.

Business-type activities. In the most recent fiscal year, business-type activities decreased the Town of Greenville, Florida's net position by \$142,061.

Key elements of this change include:

Depreciation expense resulting from a major investment in a new sewer plant. Additionally, this investment required increased staffing to cover department responsibilities.

Town of Greenville, Florida's Changes in Net Position

				2019		
		Governmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total
Revenues:	A		P	<u>Activities</u>		Totai
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	9,633	\$	428,350	\$	437,983
Operating grants and contributions	ψ	335	Ψ	-20,550	Ψ	335
Capital Grants and contributions		145,587		_		145,587
General revenues:		145,507				145,507
Property taxes		103,424		_		103,424
Intergovernmental and other		325,769		1,461		327,230
Transfers		(242)		242		-
Total revenues		584,506		430,053		1,014,559
Expenses:		001,000				1,01.1,007
General government		407,381		-		407,381
Public safety		65,055		-		65,055
Transportation		135,704		-		135,704
Culture and recreation		19,928		-		19,928
Water and Cemetery		-		572,114		572,114
Total expenses		628,068		572,114		1,200,182
Change in net position		(43,562)		(142,061)		(185,623
Net position, beginning of year		1,119,216		6,139,254		7,258,470
Net position, end of year	\$	1,075,654	\$	5,997,193	\$	7,072,847
				2018		
		ernmental ctivities		siness-type Activities		Total
Revenues:						1000
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	3,860	\$	408,124	\$	411,984
Operating grants and contributions	÷	146 700			•	146 700

Charges for services\$ 3,860\$ 408,124\$ 411,984Operating grants and contributions $146,799$ - $146,799$ General revenues:Property taxes $116,004$ - $116,004$ Intergovernmental and other $196,793$ $886,214$ $1,083,007$ Transfers $(24,292)$ $24,292$ -Total revenues $439,164$ $1,318,630$ $1,757,794$ Expenses:General government $280,402$ - $280,402$ Public safety $52,442$ - $52,442$ Transportation $150,689$ - $150,689$ Culture and recreation $30,707$ - $30,707$ Water and Cemetery- $616,087$ $616,087$ Total expenses $514,240$ $616,087$ $1,130,327$ Change in net position, beginning of year $1,194,292$ $5,436,711$ $6,631,003$	Program revenues:				
General revenues: Property taxesProperty taxes $116,004$ - $116,004$ Intergovernmental and other $196,793$ $886,214$ $1,083,007$ Transfers $(24,292)$ $24,292$ -Total revenues $439,164$ $1,318,630$ $1,757,794$ Expenses: $6eneral$ government $280,402$ - $280,402$ Public safety $52,442$ - $52,442$ Transportation $150,689$ - $150,689$ Culture and recreation $30,707$ - $30,707$ Water and Cemetery- $616,087$ $616,087$ Total expenses $514,240$ $616,087$ $1,130,327$ Change in net position $(75,076)$ $702,543$ $627,467$ Net position, beginning of year $1,194,292$ $5,436,711$ $6,631,003$	Charges for services	\$ 3,860	\$	408,124	\$ 411,984
Property taxes $116,004$ - $116,004$ Intergovernmental and other $196,793$ $886,214$ $1,083,007$ Transfers $(24,292)$ $24,292$ -Total revenues $439,164$ $1,318,630$ $1,757,794$ Expenses: $280,402$ - $280,402$ Public safety $52,442$ - $52,442$ Transportation $150,689$ - $150,689$ Culture and recreation $30,707$ - $30,707$ Water and Cemetery- $616,087$ $616,087$ Total expenses $514,240$ $616,087$ $1,130,327$ Change in net position $(75,076)$ $702,543$ $627,467$ Net position, beginning of year $1,194,292$ $5,436,711$ $6,631,003$	Operating grants and contributions	146,799		-	146,799
Intergovernmental and other196,793 $886,214$ $1,083,007$ Transfers $(24,292)$ $24,292$ -Total revenues $439,164$ $1,318,630$ $1,757,794$ Expenses: $6eneral$ government $280,402$ - $280,402$ Public safety $52,442$ - $52,442$ Transportation $150,689$ - $150,689$ Culture and recreation $30,707$ - $30,707$ Water and Cemetery- $616,087$ $616,087$ Total expenses $514,240$ $616,087$ $1,130,327$ Change in net position $(75,076)$ $702,543$ $627,467$ Net position, beginning of year $1,194,292$ $5,436,711$ $6,631,003$	General revenues:				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Property taxes	116,004		-	116,004
Total revenues $(23,252)$ $23,252$ Total revenues $439,164$ $1,318,630$ $1,757,794$ Expenses: $6eneral$ government $280,402$ $ 280,402$ Public safety $52,442$ $ 52,442$ Transportation $150,689$ $ 150,689$ Culture and recreation $30,707$ $ 30,707$ Water and Cemetery $ 616,087$ $616,087$ Total expenses $514,240$ $616,087$ $1,130,327$ Change in net position $(75,076)$ $702,543$ $627,467$ Net position, beginning of year $1,194,292$ $5,436,711$ $6,631,003$	Intergovernmental and other	196,793		886,214	1,083,007
Expenses: General government $280,402$ - $280,402$ Public safety $52,442$ - $52,442$ Transportation $150,689$ - $150,689$ Culture and recreation $30,707$ - $30,707$ Water and Cemetery- $616,087$ $616,087$ Total expenses $514,240$ $616,087$ $1,130,327$ Change in net position $(75,076)$ $702,543$ $627,467$ Net position, beginning of year $1,194,292$ $5,436,711$ $6,631,003$	Transfers	 (24,292)		24,292	 -
General government 280,402 - 280,402 Public safety 52,442 - 52,442 Transportation 150,689 - 150,689 Culture and recreation 30,707 - 30,707 Water and Cemetery - 616,087 616,087 Total expenses 514,240 616,087 1,130,327 Change in net position (75,076) 702,543 627,467 Net position, beginning of year 1,194,292 5,436,711 6,631,003	Total revenues	 439,164		1,318,630	 1,757,794
Public safety 52,442 - 52,442 Transportation 150,689 - 150,689 Culture and recreation 30,707 - 30,707 Water and Cemetery - 616,087 616,087 Total expenses 514,240 616,087 1,130,327 Change in net position (75,076) 702,543 627,467 Net position, beginning of year 1,194,292 5,436,711 6,631,003	Expenses:				
Transportation 150,689 - 150,689 Culture and recreation 30,707 - 30,707 Water and Cemetery - 616,087 616,087 Total expenses 514,240 616,087 1,130,327 Change in net position (75,076) 702,543 627,467 Net position, beginning of year 1,194,292 5,436,711 6,631,003	General government	280,402		-	280,402
Culture and recreation 30,707 - 30,707 Water and Cemetery - 616,087 616,087 Total expenses 514,240 616,087 1,130,327 Change in net position (75,076) 702,543 627,467 Net position, beginning of year 1,194,292 5,436,711 6,631,003	Public safety	52,442		-	52,442
Water and Cemetery Total expenses - 616,087 616,087 Change in net position 514,240 616,087 1,130,327 Net position, beginning of year 1,194,292 5,436,711 6,631,003	Transportation	150,689		-	150,689
Total expenses514,240616,0871,130,327Change in net position(75,076)702,543627,467Net position, beginning of year1,194,2925,436,7116,631,003	Culture and recreation	30,707		-	30,707
Change in net position (75,076) 702,543 627,467 Net position, beginning of year 1,194,292 5,436,711 6,631,003	Water and Cemetery	 -	_	616,087	 616,087
Net position, beginning of year 1,194,292 5,436,711 6,631,003	Total expenses	514,240		616,087	1,130,327
		(75,076)		702,543	627,467
Not position 1.6 ϕ (120.054 ϕ 7.059.470	Net position, beginning of year	 1,194,292	_	5,436,711	6,631,003
Net position , end of year $51,119,216$ $56,139,254$ $5/,258,4/0$	Net position, end of year	\$ 1,119,216	\$	6,139,254	\$ 7,258,470

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Greenville, Florida uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town of Greenville, Florida's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Greenville, Florida's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Greenville, Florida's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$182,858, a decrease of \$37,263, in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$146,011 constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *restricted* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to generate income to pay for the perpetual care of the municipal cemetery or a variety of other restricted purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Greenville, Florida. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned and total fund balances of the general fund were \$143,176 and \$153,574, respectively. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Fund balance represents 24 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the Town of Greenville, Florida's general fund decreased by \$36,360 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary funds. The Town of Greenville, Florida's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Sanitation, Sewer, and Water funds at the end of the year amounted to \$(464), \$26,540, and \$96,398, respectively. The total decrease in net position for the funds was \$142,061. Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Greenville, Florida's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The general fund budget was amended during the current fiscal year for the following reason:

The general fund budget was amended as a result of a change in the employment status of an employee who had initially been budgeted as a contractor but was reclassed according to Auditor General Guidelines. This reclass also resulted in related adjustments to FICA expenses and employer-paid retirement contributions.

Capital assets. The Town of Greenville, Florida's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2019, amounts to \$7,665,273 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities and roads.

Additional information on the Town of Greenville, Florida's capital assets can be found in Note II. C. on page 28-29 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Greenville, Florida had total debt outstanding of 934,099. The amount of debt outstanding by type (i.e. Capital improvement bonds, revenue bonds, etc.) were as follows:

Town of Greenville, Florida's Outstanding Debt Capital Improvement and Revenue Bonds

	vernmental ctivities	iness-type ctivities	 Total
Capital improvement bonds	\$ 57,500	\$ _	\$ 57,500
State Revolving Fund Construction Loan	_	534,961	534,961
Capital lease	_	109,338	109,338
Revenue bonds	_	232,300	232,300
Total	\$ 57,500	\$ 876,599	\$ 934,099

Additional information on the Town of Greenville, Florida's long-term debt can be found in Note II.E. on pages 29 - 33 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

We do not expect major changes and estimations based on the fact that we have adhered to the budget and made amendments as necessary. We do not anticipate any significant rate increases.

This factor was considered in preparing the Town of Greenville, Florida's budget for the 2019/2020 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Greenville, Florida's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Town Clerk, Post Office Box 235, Greenville, Florida 32331.

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		vernmental Business-type Activities Activities				Total		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	215,123	\$	350,425	\$	565,548		
Certificate of deposit		7,471		-		7,471		
Receivables, net		-		30,851		30,851		
Due from other governments		48,777		-		48,777		
Restricted assets:		,				,		
Cash and cash equivalents		7,129		19,416		26,545		
Certificate of deposit		-		33,792		33,792		
Capital assets:				,		,		
Capital assets, not being depreciated		157,754		466,415		624,169		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		938,163		6,102,941		7,041,104		
Total assets	\$	1,374,417	\$	7,003,840	\$	8,378,257		
		, ,	_	, ,	_	, ,		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows related to pensions	\$	104,185	\$	33,113	\$	137,298		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	20,642	\$	36,761	\$	57,403		
Customer deposits		-		36,971		36,971		
Unearned revenue		75,000		-		75,000		
Accrued interest payable		-		982		982		
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Due within one year:								
Bonds payable and notes payable		3,500		15,464		18,964		
Capital leases payable		-		32,447		32,447		
Compensated absences		6,528		3,050		9,578		
Due in more than one year:		,		,		,		
Bonds payable and notes payable		54,000		751,797		805,797		
Capital leases payable		-		76,891		76,891		
Compensated absences		3,139		9,077		12,216		
Net pension liability		211,223		67,129		278,352		
Total liabilities	\$	374,032	\$	1,030,569	\$	1,404,601		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$	28,916	\$	9,191	\$	38,107		
Deterred mnows related to pensions	ψ	20,710	ψ	9,191	ψ	56,107		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,038,417	\$	5,855,303	\$	6,893,720		
Restricted for:								
Debt service		10,398		19,416		29,814		
Cemetery		29,284		-		29,284		
Unrestricted		(2,445)		122,474		120,029		
Total net position	\$	1,075,654	\$	5,997,193	\$	7,072,847		

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

					Program	m Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	407,381	\$	5,263	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(402,118)	\$	-	\$	(402,118)
Public safety		65,055		-		-		26,825		(38,230)		-		(38,230)
Transportation		135,704		-		-		-		(135,704)		-		(135,704)
Culture and recreation		19,928		4,370		335		118,762		103,539		-		103,539
Total governmental activities		628,068		9,633		335		145,587		(472,513)		-		(472,513)
Business-type activities:														
Sanitation		100,216		107,760		-		-		-		7,544		7,544
Sewer		233,217		117,139		-		-		-		(116,078)		(116,078)
Water		238,681		203,451		-		-		-		(35,230)		(35,230)
Total business-type activities		572,114		428,350		-		-		-		(143,764)		(143,764)
Total primary government	\$	1,200,182	\$	437,983	\$	335	\$	145,587		(472,513)		(143,764)		(616,277)
		neral revenues	:											
		roperty taxes	. 1							103,424		-		103,424
		ntergovernmen		enue						294,681		-		294,681
		nvestment earn	\mathcal{O}							-		1,461		1,461
		Aiscellaneous r	evenue	es						31,088		-		31,088
		ansfers		1						(242)		242		-
		otal general re		s and transfers						428,951		1,703		430,654
		ange in net pos								(43,562)		(142,061)		(185,623)
		t position - beg			stated					1,119,216		6,139,254		7,258,470
	Ne	t position - end	ing of	year					\$	1,075,654	\$	5,997,193	\$	7,072,847

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General Fund			Special Revenue Fund	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Certificate of deposit Due from other governments Total assets	\$ \$	192,704 7,471 48,777 248,952	\$ \$	29,548 - - 29,548	\$ \$	222,252 7,471 48,777 278,500
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	20,378 75,000 95,378	\$	264 - 264	\$	20,642 75,000 95,642
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Debt service Cemetery Unassigned Total fund balances		10,398 - - 143,176 153,574		- 29,284 - 29,284		10,398 29,284 143,176 182,858
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	248,952	\$	29,548	\$	278,500

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 182,858
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Total governmental capital assets	1,916,865	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(820,948)	1,095,917
On the governmental fund statements, a net pension liability is not recorded until an amount is due and payable and the pension plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the statement of net position, the City's net pension liability of the defined benefit pension plans is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are also reported. Net pension liability Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to pensions	(211,223) 104,185 (28,916)	(135,954)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities, deferred outflows, and other debt-related deferred charges consist of the following:		
Bonds and notes payable	(57,500)	
Compensated absences	(9,667)	(67,167)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,075,654

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		General	R	Special Levenue Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues Taxes	\$	102 424	\$		\$	102 424
Permits and fees	Э	103,424 16,339	Э	-	\$	103,424 16,339
		429,192		335		429,527
Intergovernmental Charges for services		429,192		4,370		429,327 4,370
Fines and forfeitures		- 854		4,370		4,370
Investment income		834 679		- 112		834 791
Miscellaneous						
		29,443		-		29,443
Total revenues		579,931		4,817		584,748
Expenditures						
Current:		440 116				440 116
General government		440,116		-		440,116
Public safety		45,555		-		45,555
Transportation		122,630		-		122,630
Culture and recreation		1,351		5,720		7,071
Debt service:		2 500				2 500
Principal		3,500		-		3,500
Interest		2,897		-		2,897
Total expenditures		616,049		5,720		621,769
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures		(36,118)		(903)		(37,021)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		118,359		-		118,359
Transfers out		(118,601)		-		(118,601)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(242)		-		(242)
Net change in fund balances		(36,360)		(903)		(37,263)
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated		189,934		30,187		220,121
Fund balances, end of year	\$	153,574	\$	29,284	\$	182,858

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (37,263)
Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.	
Capital outlay expenditures	117,835
Depreciation expense	(47,259)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(10,750)
Bond and loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds. However, the issuance of debt is reported as long-term debt payable in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment of debt principal reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. These amounts are as follows:	
Principal repayment of general long-term debt	3,500
Governmental funds report contributions to defined benefit pension plans as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans reduces future net pension liability. Also included in pension expense in the statement of activities are amounts required to be amortized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions	(68,491)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. These adjustments are as follows:	
Change in compensated absences liability	(1,134)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (43,562)

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund				ds			
	S	anitation	Sewer			Water			
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	115,324	\$	54,898	\$	180,203	\$	350,425	
Accounts receivable, net	Ŷ	10,053	Ψ	6,433	Ŷ	14,365	Ŷ	30,851	
Total current assets		125,377		61,331		194,568		381,276	
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents				163		19,253		19,416	
Certificate of deposit		_		105		33,792		33,792	
Capital assets:		-		-		55,192		55,192	
Land		-		94,539		4,350		98,889	
Building and improvements		-		4,685,824		167,639		4,853,463	
Infrastructure		_		580,394		2,773,633		3,354,027	
Machinery and equipment		249,454		88,733		382,716		720,903	
Construction in progress		-		367,526		-		367,526	
Accumulated depreciation		(136,745)		(1,256,472)		(1,432,235)		(2,825,452)	
Total noncurrent assets		112,709		4,560,707		1,949,148		6,622,564	
Total assets	\$	238,086	\$	4,622,038	\$	2,143,716	\$	7,003,840	
i otar assets	Ф	238,080	Ф	4,022,038	\$	2,145,/10	Ф	7,005,840	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred outflows related to pensions	\$	6,975	\$	8,895	\$	17,243	\$	33,113	
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:	<u>_</u>		<u>_</u>		<u>_</u>		<u> </u>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,811	\$	22,561	\$	9,389	\$	36,761	
Deposits		-		-		36,971		36,971	
Compensated absences		1,320		208		1,522		3,050	
Payable from restricted assets:				0.464		6 000		15 464	
Current maturities on long-term debt		-		9,464		6,000		15,464	
Current maturities on capital leases		32,447		-		-		32,447	
Accrued interest payable		-		-		982		982	
Total current liabilities		38,578		32,233		54,864		125,675	
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Bonds and notes payable		-		525,497		226,300		751,797	
Capital leases payable		76,891		-		-		76,891	
Compensated absences		3,990		1,509		3,578		9,077	
Net pension liability		11,992		17,190		37,947		67,129	
Total noncurrent liabilities		92,873		544,196		267,825		904,894	
Total liabilities	\$	131,451	\$	576,429	\$	322,689	\$	1,030,569	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0	1.0.0		0.055				0.101	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$	1,365	\$	2,055	\$	5,771	\$	9,191	
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	112,709	\$	4,025,746	\$	1,716,848	\$	5,855,303	
Restricted for debt service	Ψ	-	Ψ	163	Ψ	19,253	Ψ	19,416	
Unrestricted		(464)		26,540		96,398		122,474	
Total net position	\$	112,245	\$	4,052,449	\$	1,832,499	\$	5,997,193	
r		, -	Ť	.,,,	÷	-,,->>>	*	,	

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Sa	nitation		Sewer		Water		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total
Operating revenues								
Charges for services	\$	107,760	\$	117,139	\$	203,451	\$	428,350
Other revenues		-		-		-		-
Total operating revenues		107,760		117,139		203,451		428,350
Operating expenses								
Personnel		34,277		32,977		38,799		106,053
Utilities		-		46,679		23,542		70,221
Maintenance and repairs		3,940		3,558		13,028		20,526
Other supplies and expenses		27,630		33,436		75,967		137,033
Insurance		-		-		13,348		13,348
Depreciation		30,142		113,295		63,700		207,137
Total operating expenses		95,989		229,945		228,384		554,318
Operating income (loss)		11,771		(112,806)		(24,933)		(125,968)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Interest earnings		519		272		670		1,461
Interest and amortization expense		(4,227)		(3,272)		(10,297)		(17,796)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(3,708)		(3,000)		(9,627)		(16,335)
Income (loss) before transfers		8,063		(115,806)		(34,560)		(142,303)
Transfers in		-		121,564		-		121,564
Transfers out		-		(119,975)		(1,347)		(121,322)
Change in net position		8,063		(114,217)		(35,907)		(142,061)
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		104,182		4,166,666		1,868,406		6,139,254
Net position, end of year	\$	112,245	\$	4,052,449	\$	1,832,499	\$	5,997,193

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					ds		
	S	anitation		Sewer		Water		Total
Cash flows from operating activities	¢	104 221	¢	100 554	¢	007 700	¢	121 501
Cash received from customers	\$	104,331	\$	122,554	\$	207,709 (52,520)	\$	434,594
Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers		(44,437) (28,890)		(40,539) (88,713)		(32,320) (122,079)		(137,496) (239,682)
Net cash used in operating activities		31,004		(6,698)		33,110		57,416
Net cash used in operating activities		51,004		(0,098)		35,110		57,410
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities								
Transfers from other funds		_		121,564		-		121,564
Transfers to other funds		-		(119,975)		(1,347)		(121,322)
Net cash provided by (used in)				(-))		()		()-)
noncapital financing activities		-		1,589		(1,347)		242
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Principal payments of long-term debt		(28,219)		(6,464)		(6,000)		(40,683)
Interest paid		(4,227)		(3,272)		(10,297)		(17,796)
Net cash used in capital		())				())		())
and related financing activities		(32,446)		(9,736)		(16,297)		(58,479)
Cash flows from investing activities								
Interest received		519		272		670		1,461
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(923)		(14,573)		16,136		640
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		116,247		69,634		183,320		369,201
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	115,324	\$	55,061	\$	199,456	\$	369,841
Cash and cash equivalents classified as:								
Unrestricted	\$	115,324	\$	54,898	\$	180,203	\$	350,425
Restricted	*	-	*	163	*	19,253	*	19,416
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	115,324	\$	55,061	\$	199,456	\$	369,841
Reconciliation of operating income to net								
cash provided by operating activities:	¢	11 771	¢	(112.000)	¢	(24.022)	¢	(125.0(9))
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss)	\$	11,771	\$	(112,806)	\$	(24,933)	\$	(125,968)
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation		30,142		113,295		63,700		207,137
Changes in assets and liabilities:		50,112		115,295		05,700		207,137
Accounts receivable		(3,429)		2,115		593		(721)
Due from other governments		-		3,300		-		3,300
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2,680		(5,040)		3,806		1,446
Deposits		-		-		3,665		3,665
Compensated absences		1,299		1,657		-		2,956
Net pension liability		(11,459)		(9,219)		(13,721)		(34,399)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	31,004	\$	(6,698)	\$	33,110	\$	57,416
Non-cash investing, capital, and								
financing activities:								
Capital assets financed with								
State Revolving Fund note payable	\$	-	\$	350,725	\$	-	\$	350,725
Accounts payable		-		16,801		-		16,801
Total	\$	-	\$	367,526	\$	-	\$	367,526

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u>

A. Description of government wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business- type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

B. **Reporting entity**

Town of Greenville, Florida (the "Town") is a municipal corporation formed under Chapter 5497, Laws of Florida, Act of 1905, and is governed by an appointed mayor and a four member council. The accompanying financial statements present the government only since there are no component units for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

C. Basis of presentation - government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of presentation – fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *special revenue fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u> (Continued)

D. Basis of presentation – fund financial statements (Continued)

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water fund accounts for the activities of the Town's water distribution operations.

The sewer fund accounts for the activities of the Town's sewer collection operations.

The sanitation fund accounts for the activities of the Town's sanitation operations.

During the course of operations the Town has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u> (Continued)

E. Measurement focus and basis of accounting (Continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of yearend). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of yearend). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

F. **Budgetary information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and special revenue fund.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The Town's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

G. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position/fund balance

1. Deposits

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, SEC registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating, and savings and CD accounts in state-certified public depositories.

2. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. For inventory purposes, capital assets are assets with individual cost of \$750 or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Town is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	39
Public domain infrastructure	30 - 50
System infrastructure	7 - 50
Vehicles and other equipment	3 - 10
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	5

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>: (Continued)

G. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position/fund balance (Continued)

3. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

4. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and for proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

5. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

6. Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

7. Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>: (Continued)

G. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position/fund balance (Continued)

7. *Fund balance policies* (Continued)

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. The Town council is the highest level of decision making authority for the Town that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Town Council may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

8. **Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position will, if required, report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, respectfully. These separate financial statement elements, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow/inflow of resources (expense/expenditure or revenue) until then. Currently, the only item in this category consisted of deferred amounts related to pension, as discussed further in Note III B.

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and additions to/deductions from FRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>: (Continued)

H. Revenues and expenditures/expenses

1. Program revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. **Property taxes**

Property taxes are billed and collected for the Town by the County Tax Collector according to Florida Statute under the following calendar:

Lien Date:	January 1
Levy Date:	October 1
Due Date:	November 1
Delinquency Date:	April 1, of the following
	year

3. Compensated absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation and partial sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

4. Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water fund, sewer fund and sanitation fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The water fund, sewer fund and sanitation fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as *nonoperating* revenues and expenses.

II. Detailed Notes on All Funds:

A. Deposits

All of the Town's bank deposits and certificates of deposits are covered by Federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Town's custodial bank which is pledged to a state trust fund that provides security for amounts held in excess of FDIC coverage in accordance with the Florida Security for Deposits Act Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, therefore, none of the Town's deposits are subject to custodial credit risk. The Florida Security for Public Deposits Act established guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of yearend, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	G	eneral	Sa	nitation	V	Vater	 Sewer	 Total
Accounts	\$	_	\$	16,046	\$	26,006	\$ 13,280	\$ 55,332
Intergovernmental		48,777		_		_	_	 48,777
Gross receivables		48,777		16,046		26,006	13,280	104,109
Less: allowance for								
uncollectibles		_		(5,993)	(11,641)	(6,847)	(24,481)
Net total receivables	\$	48,777	\$	10,053	\$	14,365	\$ 6,433	\$ 79,628

C. Transfers to/from Other Funds

The composition of interfund transfers as of September 30, 2019, is as follows:

For operating expenditures in excess of available funds:	Trar	Transfers In		ansfers out
General Fund Water Fund Sewer Fund Sanitation fund	\$	118,359 	\$	(118,601) (1,347) (119,975) –
Special revenue fund		_		_
	\$	239,923	\$	(239,923)

The interfund amounts were used to cover deficits in cash balances due to timing of cash collection.

II. Detailed Notes on All Funds: (Continued)

D. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

] 	Beginning Balance]	Increases	Ľ	ecreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land Construction in Progress	\$	39,919	\$	112,835 5,000	\$	_	\$ 152,754 5,000
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		39,919		117,835			 157,754
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		626,521		_		(45,766)	580,755
Infrastructure		926,760		—		—	926,760
Equipment, furniture, fixtures and vehicles		266,596		_		(15,000)	 251,596
Total capital assets, being depreciated		1,819,877				(60,766)	 1,759,111
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements Equipment, furniture, fixtures, vehicles and infrastructure		(315,309)		(42,270)		45,766	(311,813)
mirastructure		(508,396)		(4,989)		4,250	(509,135)
Total accumulated depreciation		(823,705)	_	(47,259)		50,016	 (820,948)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		996,172		(47,259)		(10,750)	 938,163
Capital assets, net	\$	1,036,091	\$	(70,576)	\$	(10,750)	\$ 1,095,917
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	98,889	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 98,889
Construction in Progress				367,526		_	 367,526
Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment, buildings, systems and improvements		<u>98,889</u> 8,928,393		367,526			 466,415
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,618,315)		(207,137)		_	2,825,452)
Total capital assets, being depreciated		6,310,078		(207,137)		_	6,102,941
Capital assets, net	\$	6,408,967	\$	160,389	\$	_	6,569,356

II. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>: (Continued)

D. Capital assets (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 14,165
Public safety	5,853
Transportation	14,384
Culture & Recreation	12,857
Total	\$ 47,259
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 63,700
Sewer	113,295
Sanitation	30,142
Total	\$ 207,137

E. Long-term Debt

Capital Lease

The Town leases a garbage truck under a capital lease that expires in 2023. The lease agreement qualifies as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. Net book value of capital lease included in property and equipment was \$104,326 at September 30, 2019. Depreciation expense of \$29,807 related to the equipment is included in the Statement of Activities at September 30, 2019.

Minimum future lease payments under the capital lease for each of the next five years and in the aggregate are:

Year Ending June 30,	A	Amount			
2020	\$	32,447			
2021		32,447			
2022		32,447			
2023		18,927			
Total minimum lease payments		116,268			
Less amount representing interest		6,930			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	109,338			

The interest rate on capitalized leased asset per the lease agreement is 3.39%.

II. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>: (Continued)

E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Capital Improvement Bonds

The Town issued capital improvement bonds to provide funds for the acquisition of a fire truck and construction of a fire station. These bonds have been issued for governmental activities. The original amount of capital improvement bonds issued in prior years was \$184,370. During the year, there were no capital improvement bonds issued.

These bonds are collateralized by the Town's interest and share in the one-half cent Local Government Sales Tax and to the extent any deficiency exists, non ad valorem revenues budgeted and appropriated by the Town each fiscal year. Capital improvement bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		
Purpose	Rate	A	mount
Governmental activities	4.75%	\$	57,500

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital improvement bonds are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,			I	terest	
2020	\$	3,500	\$	2,731	
2021	·	4,000		2,565	
2022		4,000		2,375	
2023		4,000		2,185	
2024		5,000		1,995	
2025 - 2029		26,000		6,389	
2030 - 2034		11,000		760	
	\$	57,500	\$	19,000	

II. Detailed Notes on All Funds: (Continued)

E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Revenue Bonds

The government also issues bonds where the Town pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Water revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2019 are comprised of the following:

Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, not to exceed \$299,300, payable in annual installments of \$3,000 - \$15,300, beginning September 1, 2005 through September 1, 2042, plus interest at 4.25%, collateralized by net revenues of the water system \$232,300

Revenue bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	P	Interest		
2020	\$	6,000	\$	9,873
2021		6,000		9,618
2022		7,000		9,363
2023		7,000		9,066
2024		7,000		8,768
2025 - 2029		42,000		38,912
2030 - 2034		51,000		29,306
2035 - 2039		62,000		17,619
2040 - 2044		44,300		3,822
	\$	232,300	\$	136,347

State Revolving Fund

The Department of Environmental Protection loaned the Town funds to help complete their new sewer treatment plant. 90% of the funds will convert to a grant upon completion of the plant. The remaining 10% became due in semi-annual installments beginning June 2018. The following balance represents 10% of the funds expended as of September 30, 2019:

State Revolving Funds, financed at 0% interest with	
semiannual payments of \$3,162 starting June 2018	
collateralized by sewer treatment plant.	\$ 184,236

II. Detailed Notes on All Funds: (Continued)

E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

State Revolving Fund

State revolving fund debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	P	Principal			
2020	\$	6,464			
2020	Ψ	6,464			
2022		6,464			
2023		6,464			
2024		6,464			
2025 - 2029		32,320			
2030 - 2034		32,320			
2035 - 2039		32,320			
2040 - 2044		32,320			
2045 - 2049		22,636			
	\$	184,236			

The Department of Environmental Protection loaned the Town funds to help complete their new sewer treatment plant. 90% of the funds will convert to a grant upon completion of the plant. The remaining 10% became due in semi-annual installments beginning April 2020. The following balance represents 10% of the funds expended as of September 30, 2019:

State Revolving Funds, financed at 0% interest with	
semiannual payments of \$6,000 starting April 2020	
collateralized by sewer treatment plant.	\$ 350,725

State revolving fund debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal				
2019	\$	3,000			
2020	·	6,000			
2021		6,000			
2022		6,000			
2023		6,000			
2025 - 2029		30,000			
2030 - 2034		30,000			
2035 - 2039		30,000			
2040 - 2044		30,000			
2045 - 2049		203,725			
	\$	350,725			

II. Detailed Notes on All Funds: (Continued)

E. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Ad	lditions	R	eductions	Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Governmental activities: Capital improvement bonds	\$ 61,000	\$	_	\$	(3,500)	\$ 57,500	\$ 3,500
Compensated absences	8,533		7,663		(6,528)	9,667	6,528
Governmental activity long- term liabilities	\$ 69,533	\$	7,663	\$	(10,028)	\$ 67,167	\$ 10,028

	eginning Balance	0		ions Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Business-type activities:									
Revenue bonds	\$ 238,300	\$	_	\$	(6,000)	\$	232,300	\$	6,000
SRF Loans	190,700		350,725		(6,464)		534,961		9,464
Compensated absences	9,171		6,006		(3,050)		12,127		3,050
Capital lease payable	137,557		_		(28,219)		109,338		32,447
Business-type activity long-	 								
term liabilities	\$ 575,728	\$	356,731	\$	(43,733)	\$	888,726	\$	50,961

F. Leased Building

The Town received a building donation in the year ended September 30, 2015 from another government, valued at \$233,208. The Town subsequently leased this building back to that government for no rent. The lease period ends September 2020.

III. Other Information:

A. Contingent Liabilities

Grant Programs—Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal and State governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

B. Florida Retirement System

General Information about the Pension Plan:

The entity participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the entity's full-time employees. The System is a noncontributory retirement plan, administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

In addition, all regular employees of the entity are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

III. <u>Other Information</u>: (Continued)

B. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Members of both Plans may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest.

Employees may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. The Investment Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, DROP, etc.). Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Employees in the Investment Plan vest at one year of service.

III. Other Information: (Continued)

B. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Financial Statements

Financial statements and other supplementary information of the FRS are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available from the Florida Department of Financial Services, Bureau of Financial Reporting Statewide Financial Reporting Section by mail at 200 E. Gaines Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0364; by telephone at (850) 413-5511; or at the Department's Web site (www.myfloridacfo.com). An annual report on the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from:

Florida Department of Management Services Division of Retirement, Research and Education Services P.O. Box 9000 Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000 850-488-5706 or toll free at 877-377-1737

Contributions

The entity participates in certain classes of FRS membership. Each class has descriptions and contribution rates in effect at September 30, 2019, as follows (contribution rates are in agreement with the actuarially determined rates):

FRS Membership Plan & Class	Through June 30, 2019	After June 30, 2019
Regular Class	8.26%	8.47%
Senior Management	24.06%	25.41%
Special Risk	24.50%	25.48%
DROP – Applicable to members above	14.03%	14.60%

Current-year employer HIS contributions were made at a rate of 1.66% of covered payroll.

Actual contributions made for Town employees participating in FRS and HIS for the each of last three fiscal years ended September 30 were as follows:

	 2019		2018	2017		
Contributions – FRS	\$ 16,778	\$	9,969	\$	14,340	
Contributions – HIS	4,566		3,224		3,227	
Employee Contributions – FRS	8,252		5,826		5,832	

III. Other Information: (Continued)

B. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2019, the entity reported a net pension liability related to FRS and HIS as follows:

	Ne	t Pension			
Plan	Liability				
FRS	\$	186,344			
HIS		92,008			
Total	\$	278,352			

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The entity's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental entities, as actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, the entity's proportionate share of the FRS and HIS net pension liabilities were as follows:

Plan	2019	2018
FRS	0.000541091%	0.000349808%
HIS	0.000822305%	0.000594427%

For the plan year ended June 30, 2019, pension expense was recognized related to the FRS and HIS plans as follows:

FRS	\$ 46,705
HIS	 10,157
Total	\$ 56,862

III. Other Information: (Continued)

B. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At September 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS			HIS				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	\$	11,053	\$	(116)	\$	1,118	\$	(113)
Changes of assumptions		47,861		-		10,654		(7,520)
Net different between projected and actual investment earnings		-		(10,310)		59		-
Change in proportionate share		38,756		(16,931)		23,086		(3,117)
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		3,691		-		1,020		-
	\$	101,361	\$	(27,357)	\$	35,937	\$	(10,750)

The above amounts for deferred outflows of resources for contributions related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions being amortized for a period of greater than one year will be recognized in pension expense in succeeding years as follows:

2019	\$ 21,716
2020	22,277
2021	20,924
2022	12,184
2023	9,856
Thereafter	7,523
Total	\$ 94,840

III. Other Information: (Continued)

B. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions for both defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2003, through June 30, 2018. Because HIS is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed.

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS investments is 6.90%. This rate decreased from the prior year rate, which was 7.00%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.50% was used to determine the total pension for the program. This rate decreased from the prior year rate, which was 3.87%. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the PUB2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018 details.

Long-term expected rate of return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2019, the FRS Actuarial Assumptions conference reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and by a capital market assumptions team from Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, which consults to the Florida State Board of Administration. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

III. Other Information: (Continued)

B. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Long-term expected rate of return: (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Arithmetic Expected Rate of Return
Cash	1.0%	3.3%
Fixed income	18.0%	4.1%
Global equities	54.0%	8.0%
Real estate	10.0%	6.7%
Private equity	11.0%	11.2%
Strategic investments	6.0%	5.9%
Total	100.0%	

The following presents the proportionate shares of the FRS and HIS net pension liability of the entity calculated using the current discount rates, as well as what the entity's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

Plan	Current Discount Rate	NPL with 1% Decrease		NPL at Current count Rate	NPL with 1% Increase		
FRS HIS	6.90% 3.50%	\$	322,127 105,031	\$ 186,344 92,008	\$	72,943 81,160	

C. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance.

III. <u>Other Information</u>: (Continued)

D. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The Town provides other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to its employees by providing retirement healthcare benefits. The Town contributes, along with its employees and retirees, to the Capital Health Plan (Plan) to provide certain healthcare benefits to active and retired employees and their dependents. The Plan is a single-employer plan administered by Capital Health Plan, Inc. and the Town. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Plan.

Post-employment health care benefits are offered to retired employees and their dependents. All employees are eligible to receive benefits upon their retirement. All health care benefits are provided through the Town's Capital Health Plan employee health care plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental and substance abuse care; dental care; and prescriptions. Upon retirees reaching 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the Town's plan will not pay benefits already paid by Medicare.

The Town does not contribute any portion of the premiums for current retired employees. All premiums are paid entirely by the plan participant. The use of age-adjusted premiums results in an implicit rate subsidy funded by the Town since the healthcare premiums for retirees and active employees are identical.

The state of Florida's Division of Retirement contributes each month \$5 for each year of service, up to \$150 per month. The Town's Capital Health Plan contract establishes the individual premium to be paid by the retired employees. The state of Florida prohibits the Town from separately rating retired employees and active employees. As a result, the Town's premium charges to retired employees can be no more than the premium cost applicable to active employees.

The Town has not implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Statement No. 75 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities, note disclosures, and required supplementary information.

E. Restatement of Net Position

During the audit of the financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2019 and subsequent to the issuance of the financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2018, beginning net position for September 30, 2018 was restated to add \$18,689 of intergovernmental receivables that were not included in fiscal year 2018 in the governmental activities and expense \$32,322 of capitalized interest in the business-type activities (sewer fund) in accordance with governmental accounting standards.

In addition, net position was restated for the business-type activities to record \$14,417 in receivables related to utility billings that were not recorded in the prior period. The increases in net position were as follows: Water Fund - \$8,927, Sewer Fund - \$1,391, Sanitation Fund - \$4,099.

III. <u>Other Information</u>: (Continued)

F. Subsequent Events

The Town has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through June 22, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Subsequent to September 30, 2019, local, U.S., and world governments have encouraged selfisolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppage in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel and size and duration of group meetings. Most industries, including governments, are experiencing disruption to operations and the impact of reduced consumer spending. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and any federal or state government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, while Town management cannot quantify the financial and other impact to the Town as of June 22, 2020, Town management believes that a material impact on the Town's financial position and results of future operations is reasonably possible.

G. Related Party Transactions

During the year ended September 30, 2019, the Town purchased property for \$115,000 from an employee. \$85,000 was paid to the employee and \$30,000 was paid to a family member of the employee in accordance with the purchase agreement.

H. Future Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, which is intended to improve guidance regarding the identification and reporting of fiduciary activities. The provisions in GASB Statement No. 84 are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Town is currently evaluating the effect that Statement No. 84 will have on its financial statements.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases, which aims to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The provisions in GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The Town is currently evaluating the effect that Statement No. 87 will have on its financial statements.

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	(Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	112,550	\$	112,550	\$	103,424	\$	(9,126)
Permits and fees		14,576		14,576		16,339		1,763
Intergovernmental		253,502		853,502		429,192		(424,310)
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		854		854
Investment income		-		-		679		679
Miscellaneous		27,313		27,313		29,443		2,130
Total revenues		407,941		1,007,941		579,931		(428,010)
EXPENDITURES								
General government		273,151		896,008		440,116		455,892
Public safety		17,325		17,325		45,555		(28,230)
Transportation		155,859		155,859		122,630		33,229
Culture and recreation		4,800		4,800		1,351		3,449
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		3,500		(3,500)
Interest		-		-		2,897		(2,897)
Total expenditures		451,135		1,073,992		616,049		457,943
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(43,194)		(66,051)		(36,118)		29,933
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		_		_		118,359		118,359
Transfers out		-		-		(118,601)		(118,601)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		(242)		(242)
								<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances		(43,194)		(66,051)		(36,360)		29,691
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated		189,934		189,934		189,934		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	146,740	\$	123,883	\$	153,574	\$	29,691

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Amo	unts			Fina	ance with l Budget - ositive
	C	Driginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES								<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	335	\$	335
Charges for services		1,000		1,000		4,370		3,370
Investment income		-		-		112		112
Total revenues		1,000		1,000		4,817		3,817
EXPENDITURES Culture and recreation Total expenditures	\$	2,800 2,800	\$	2,800 2,800	\$	5,720 5,720	\$	(2,920) (2,920)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,800)		(1,800)		(903)		897
Net change in fund balances		(1,800)		(1,800)		(903)		897
Fund balances, beginning of year		30,187		30,187		30,187		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	28,387	\$	28,387	\$	29,284	\$	897

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

A. <u>Budgetary Information:</u>

The annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund and the special revenue fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to October 1, the Town Council prepares a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Town Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.
- 6. The budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 7. Expenditures exceed appropriations in the fund listed below. These over expenditures were funded by available fund balances.

		Over
Fund	Ex	penditure
Special revenue fund	\$	2,920

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LABILITY -LAST 10 FISCAL YEAR AS OF SEPTEMBER 30

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Florida Retirement System (FRS)						
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.000541091%	0.000349808%	0.000479698%	0.000413848%	0.000404071%	0.000394676%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 186,344	\$ 105,364	\$ 141,891	\$ 104,497	\$ 52,191	\$ 24,081
Covered-employee payroll	275,071	194,155	194,384	196,152	232,904	260,446
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-						
employee payroll	67.74%	54.27%	73.00%	53.27%	22.41%	9.25%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.74%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)						
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.000822305%	0.000594427%	0.000604746%	0.000635396%	0.000575197%	0.000567449%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 92,008	\$ 62,915	\$ 64,662	\$ 74,053	\$ 58,661	\$ 53,058
Covered-employee payroll	275,071	194,155	194,384	196,152	232,904	260,446
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-						
employee payroll	33.45%	32.40%	33.27%	37.75%	25.19%	20.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	33.45%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for only those years for which information is available.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

TOWN OF GREENVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS -LAST 10 FISCAL YEAR AS OF SEPTEMBER 30

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
<u>Florida Retirement System (FRS)</u>										
Contractually required contribution	\$	16,778	\$	9,970	\$	14,340	\$	14,311	\$	14,230
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(16,778)		(9,970)		(14,340)		(14,311)		(14,230)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	275.071	\$	194,155	\$	194,384	\$	196,152	\$	232,904
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	Ŷ	6.10%	-	7.92%	Ŷ	7.38%	Ψ	7.30%	Ŷ	6.11%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)										
Contractually required contribution	\$	4,566	\$	3,223	\$	3,227	\$	3,256	\$	2,935
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(4,566)		(3,223)		(3,227)		(3,256)		(2,935)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	275,071	\$		\$	194,384	\$	196,152	\$	232,904
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		1.26%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for only those years for which information is available.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Town Council, Town of Greenville, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of Town of Greenville, Florida as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Greenville, Florida's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Greenville, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Greenville, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Greenville, Florida's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, listed below, that we consider to be material weaknesses: 2019-001 and 2019-002.

121 Executive Circle	133 East Indiana Avenue	5931 NW 1st Place	2477 Tim Gamble Place, Suite 200
Daytona Beach, FL 32114-1180	DeLand, FL 32724-4329	Gainesville, FL 32607-2063	Tallahassee, FL 32308-4386
Telephone: 386-257-4100	Telephone: 386-738-3300	Telephone: 352-378-1331	Telephone: 850-386-6184

Website: www.jmco.com | Email: info@jmco.com | Member of AGN International with offices in principal cities worldwide

Finding 2019-001: Significant Adjustments and Preparation of Financial Statements

Condition and Criteria: The internal controls of Town of Greenville, Florida have focused primarily on the objective of effectiveness and efficiency of operations (i.e., performance and mission goals and safeguarding of resources). However, the system of internal control over the objectives of reliability of financial reporting contains certain deficiencies. A key element of financial reporting is the ability of management to select and apply the appropriate accounting principles to prepare the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Cause: For the year ended September 30, 2019, certain adjustments were required to be made to the accounting records subsequent to the start of the audit process. Since these adjustments resulted in a material misstatement of the financial statements, this deficiency is deemed to be a material weakness.

Effect: Financial statements would be materially misstated if significant adjustments were not made.

Recommendation: We recommend management select and apply the appropriate accounting principles to prepare the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Finding 2019-002: Segregation of Duties

Condition and Criteria: Internal controls are designed to safeguard assets and help prevent or detect losses from employee dishonesty or error. A fundamental concept in a good system of internal control is the segregation of duties. The basic premise is that no one employee should have access to both physical assets and the related accounting records or to all phases of a transaction.

Cause: The Town employee opening the mail, creating the deposit slips for cash receipts, and generating checks for cash disbursements also inputs those transactions into the accounting software. Also, no one reviews and approves journal entries.

Effect: Assets could potentially be misappropriated either by error or by irregularity. Also, financial statements could be misstated by improper journal entries.

Recommendation: Mail should be opened by an employee that does not have access to the accounting software. This employee should record the cash receipts on a receipt log, give the receipts to the bookkeeper to input into the accounting software and lastly prepare the deposit. Signed checks should also be mailed without allowing them to be returned to the employee responsible for accounts payable. The Town should maintain a management approved vendor list. Also, Journal entries should be approved by an employee other than the one who prepared the entry.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Greenville, Florida's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Greenville, Florida's Response to Findings

Town of Greenville, Florida's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying corrective action plan. Town of Greenville, Florida's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Meore : 60., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida June 22, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA, OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Town Council, Town of Greenville, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Greenville, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2020.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Reports on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 22, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have not been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit.

Tabulation of Uncorrected Audit Findings						
Description	Current Year	2017-18 FY	2016-17 FY			
	Finding #	Finding #	Finding #			
Significant adjustments and preparation of	2019-001	2018-001	2017-001			
financial statements						
Segregation of duties	2019-002	2018-002	2017-002			
Material excess expenditures over appropriations	2019-003	2018-003	2017-003			
Noncompliance with major fund grant agreement	N/A	2018-004	N/A			

121 Executive Circle Daytona Beach, FL 32114-1180 Telephone: 386-257-4100

133 East Indiana Avenue DeLand, FL 32724-4329 Telephone: 386-738-3300 5931 NW 1st Place Gainesville, FL 32607-2063 Telephone: 352-378-1331 2477 Tim Gamble Place, Suite 200 Tallahassee, FL 32308-4386 Telephone: 850-386-6184

Website: www.jmco.com | Email: info@jmco.com | Member of AGN International with offices in principal cities worldwide

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Town of Greenville, Florida was established by Chapter 27576, Laws of Florida, Acts of 1951. The Town of Greenville, Florida does not have any component units.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not Town of Greenville, Florida has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town of Greenville, Florida did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town of Greenville, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we noted the following:

Finding 2019-003: <u>Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations</u>

Condition and Criteria: Approved budgets are designed to safeguard from improper spending and to help provide transparency in the Town's operations.

Cause:

For the year ended September 30, 2019 expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

Fund	Over Expenditure			
Special Revenue Fund	\$	2,920		

Effect: Fund assets could potentially be misappropriated.

Recommendation: We recommend, in addition to amending the budget as needed, that the Town budget for debt service payment expenditures going forward.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Council Members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Meore : 60., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida June 22, 2020



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

To Town Council, Town of Greenville, Florida:

We have examined Town of Greenville, Florida's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies,* for the year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for Town of Greenville, Florida's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Town of Greenville, Florida's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Town of Greenville, Florida's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Town of Greenville, Florida's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, Town of Greenville, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2019.

James Maore : 60., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida June 22, 2020

 121 Executive Circle
 133 East Indiana Avenue

 Daytona Beach, FL 32114-1180
 DeLand, FL 32724-4329

 Telephone: 386-257-4100
 Telephone: 386-738-3300

5931 NW 1st Place Gainesville, FL 32607-2063 Telephone: 352-378-1331 2477 Tim Gamble Place, Suite 200 Tallahassee, FL 32308-4386 Telephone: 850-386-6184

Website: www.jmco.com | Email: info@jmco.com | Member of AGN International with offices in principal cities worldwide



154 SW Old Mission Avenue * Post Office Box 335 * Greenvalin 1 Ionida 32331-0235 Phone 850-948-2251 • Fax 850-948-3563 Incorporated 1907

James Moore & Co., P.L. 2477 Tim Gamble Place, Suite 200 Tallahassee, Florida

Dear Auditors,

This letter outlines the Town of Greenville's Corrective Action Plan prepared in response to the FY 19 Audit schedule Findings as follows:

Schedule of Findings

Finding 2019-001: Significant Adjustments and Preparation of Financial Statements: The Town will acquire the services of a degreed accountant or CPA to assist it in the proper application of **Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.**

Finding 2019-002: Segregation of Dutles: The Town will mitigate the associated risk by leveraging modern technologies that will lower the instance of an employee having access to physical assets and related accounting records or an employee performing all phases of a transaction.

Secondly, the Town will have an additional staff member, limited contractor, or outside service provider participate in its standard financial cycles to lower the risk of suffering a loss or having material errors in its financials.

Finding 2019-003: Excess Expenditure over Appropriations: The Town will institute more robust budget-to-actual monitoring tools that allow it to follow trends and be more responsive to matters that could lead to potential budget overruns if unaddressed.

Regards ee Jones, CPA Interim Town Clerk

An Excellent Place to Live and Work