CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019



CITY COMMISSION

HONORABLE CHRIS VIA, MAYOR

DISTRICT 1 – JOHN PENNY
DISTRICT 2 – PENNY CURRIE
DISTRICT 3 – JOHN C. DANIO
DISTRICT 4 – ROY JOHNSON

CITY MANAGER

JOSEPH FORTE

CITY ATTORNEY

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

SCOTT SIMPSON, ESQ.

STELLA GURNEE

Prepared by: Holly Hill Finance Department



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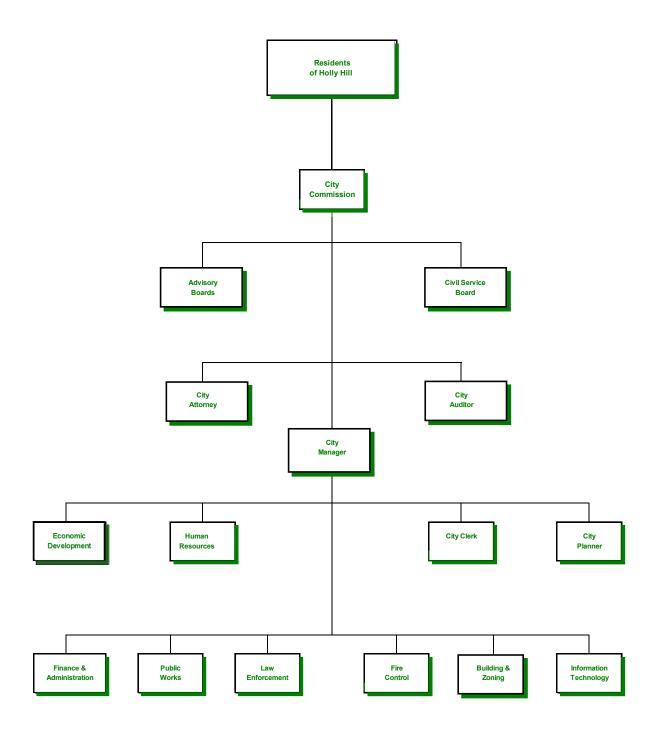
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CITY OF HOLLY HILL ORGANIZATION CHART 2018 - 2019





May 5, 2020

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners, and City of Holly Hill, Florida

City Charter and State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) and that they be audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to the requirement, it is with great pleasure that we present to the City of Holly Hill, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30th, 2019.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Holly Hill. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Holly Hill has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Holly Hill's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Holly Hill's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

BMC CPAs, Inc., a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified opinion on the City of Holly Hill's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report. GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of Government

The City of Holly Hill, incorporated in 1901, is located in east central Florida on the west bank of the Halifax River. The City of Holly Hill has operated under the commission-manager form of government since 1901. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Commission, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and for appointing the heads of various departments. In addition to supervising the daily operations, the City Manager works with elected officials, committees and citizens to plan for the future of the community.

The City of Holly Hill currently occupies a land area of 3.96 square miles. The City of Holly Hill is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the City Commission.

The City of Holly Hill provides a full range of services, including police, fire and rescue, street construction and maintenance, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, cultural events, and general administrative services. In addition, water and sewer service, storm water management services and solid waste collection are provided under an Enterprise Fund concept with user charges established by the City Commission to ensure adequate coverage of operating expenses and payments on outstanding debt. The City of Holly Hill provides water and sewer service outside the city limits, including to the City of Ormond Beach, City of Daytona Beach and certain unincorporated parts of Volusia County. The City of Holly Hill contracts with private enterprise for solid waste collection.

Local Economy

The City of Holly Hill is showing signs of recovering from the recession. The local area unemployment rate decreased from 3.4 percent in FY 2018 to 3.2 percent in FY 2019, which is slightly higher than the state unemployment rate of 3.0 percent. The opportunity for additional growth still exists in an already dynamic business and industrial community. The City is actively encouraging new and expanded business development in core commercial areas by providing assistance whenever possible through its Community Redevelopment Area.

Financial Planning and Budgeting

The City continued to stress expenditure control in preparing the FY2019 General Fund budget. The City ad valorem millage rate for FY2019 was 6.50, which was 1.38% more than the rolled-back rate. The millage rate of 6.50 was a result of increased property taxable value of 9.7% due to an increase in property assessments and new construction.

The City adopts a five-year capital improvement plan that identifies future funding needs to maintain, repair and upgrade capital assets and infrastructure including road resurfacing, water line upgrades and vehicle and technology replacement programs within the funding constraints. It should be noted; however, that the CIP is not a fixed document but a flexible, evolutionary document that may change to reflect changing priorities, opportunities, costs, or different financing approaches.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City Commission recognizes that maintaining a prudent level of unreserved fund balance is necessary to protect the city against reducing service levels, emergencies or natural disasters, unanticipated economic downturns, or unpredicted one-time expenditures. They also provide flexibility to respond to unexpected opportunities. Credit rating agencies also monitor levels of fund balance to evaluate a government's continued credit worthiness. To address these issues, the City Commission adopted a revised Fund Balance Policy in 2018 to maintain an unreserved fund balance in all major operating funds (General Fund, Water and Sewer, Solid Waste and Stormwater) equivalent to a minimum of 90 days operating expenses.

The City Commission also recognized the importance an investment policy to set forth the investment objectives and parameters for the management of the funds of the City of Holly Hill. This Investment Policy was adopted in 2018 and is designed to ensure the prudent management of public funds, the availability of operating and capital funds, and a competitive investment return.

Budgeting Controls

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Holly Hill's financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Holly Hill are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager by early April. Requests for personnel and Capital Improvements must be submitted in May. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. Budget workshops are held in June and July. In late July, the city commission sets a proposed millage rate by resolution. The City Manager presents the proposed budget to the commission at the first public hearing in September. The commission is required to hold two public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30, the close of the City of Holly Hill's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within and between divisions and departments; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any funds must be approved by City Commission. Original and final amended budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund.

Certificate of Achievement Award

The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Holly Hill, for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This was the forty-first consecutive year that the City of Holly Hill has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contribution they made in preparation of this report.

In closing, special thanks to the Mayor and City Commission for their support and commitment to maintaining the financial integrity and sustainability of the City.

Respectfully Submitted,

Joe Forte City Manager Stella Gurnee Finance Director

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CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Holly Hill Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2018

Chuitophe Executive Director/CEO

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, and Members of the City Commission City of Holly Hill, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Holly Hill, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and community redevelopment trust special revenue fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the required Schedules of Change in Total OPEB Liability and Change in Sponsor's Total OPEB Liability, the required Supplementary Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions - FRS Plan, Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions - HIS Plan, Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer and Other Contributing Entity Contributions -Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund, and Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer and Other Contributing Entity Contributions - Firefighters Retirement System, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparisons, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparisons are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparisons are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 5, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

May 5, 2020





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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As financial management of the City of Holly Hill, Florida, (hereinafter referred to as the "City"), we offer the readers of these basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in financial position. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our letter of transmittal found in the preceding introductory section, and the City's financial statements, which follow this information. The City presents prior year comparative financial information when applicable and meaningful.

Financial Highlights

- The City's financial position has changed as a result of the current year's operations. Overall combined assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City totaled \$86.2 million at the close of the 2019 fiscal year, compared to \$81.3 million at the close of 2018. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$51.7 million (combined net position) compared with \$46.7 million one year earlier. The unrestricted component of the City's combined net position totaled \$12.7 million at year end. This represents the unrestricted amount available to be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- Net position of the City's governmental activities slightly increased for the year and totaled \$24.1 million, an increase of \$3.4 million above last year's \$20.7 million. Net position of its business-type activities totaled \$27.7 million, an increase of \$1.6 million over last year's \$26.1 million.
- During 2019, the City's combined governmental activities operating expenses totaled \$12.2 million (\$9.6 million in 2018), which was \$3.8 million above the \$8.3 million generated in governmental program charges, grants, contributions, taxes, other revenues and transfers for providing its various governmental program activities and programs.
- The City's business-type activities produced net income before contributions and transfers of \$1.3 million in 2019 (compared to \$2.7 million for 2018) based on consumptive water/sewer/solid waste utility sales of \$11.1 million (\$10.4 million in 2018). The operating margins in these funds continue to be capable of providing financial support to the City's governmental funds. Net operating transfers to governmental activities funds totaled \$1.1 million in 2018. In 2019 no transfers were made from Proprietary funds to the City's governmental funds, however the proprietary funds were charged for direct services provided by the City's governmental funds in the amount of \$1.6 million.
- Total operating costs incurred by the City in providing all of its various programs increased to \$22.0 million in 2019, compared to \$17.4 million in 2018. Operating expenses in 2019 totaled \$12.2 million and \$9.8 million for the City's governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.
- Unassigned fund equity in the General Fund increased by \$53,070 and totaled \$2.22 million at the end of 2019, compared to \$2.17 million at the end of 2018. Resources earned and available for appropriation in the current year were \$10.1 million, which is 5.5% below the revised anticipated General Fund's revenues operating budget. General Fund expenditures of \$8.0 million were 9.2%, or \$819,522, below the City's revised appropriations for the year.
- The City's net long-term debt outstanding increased by \$141,529 during the current fiscal year from an increase in compensated absences and pension liabilities offset by a decrease in bonds and notes payable.

• The City's net pension liability totaled \$5.86 million, net of deferred outflows of \$1.3 million and deferred inflows of \$0.376 million at the end of 2019, as compared to \$5.16 million, net of deferred outflows of \$1.1 million and deferred inflows of \$0.522 million at the end of 2018.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The City's financial statements are comprised of three parts: 1) management's discussion and analysis, 2) the basic financial statements (including government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements), and 3) required supplementary information, including budgetary comparisons and other selected financial and fiduciary fund data.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The MD&A represents management's examination and analysis of the City's financial condition and financial performance as a whole. Summary financial statement data, key financial and operational indicators used in the strategic plan, budget, and other management tools were used for this analysis.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City. The first two statements consist of entity-wide financial statements that provide both the short- and long-term financial information about the City's overall financial status, including its governmental activities and its business-type activities. These statements report information about the City using full accrual accounting methods and economic resources focus as utilized by similar business activities in the private sector. Information concerning all of the City's assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term debt are included. Likewise, all revenues and expenses received during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid are reported. However, rate-regulated accounting principles applicable to private sector utilities are not used by governmental utilities. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. The governmental fund statements tell how general government services like public safety were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the City's water and sewer utility and solid waste collection system. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others (like the retirement plans for the City's employees), to whom the resources in question belong.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The basic financial statements of the City include a statement of net position and a statement of activities, which are described as follows:

- A statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities at the end of its fiscal year, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. Net position increases when revenues exceed expenses. Increases to assets without a corresponding increase to liabilities results in increased net position, which indicates an improved financial condition.
- The statement of activities presents the results of business operations over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the City's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items

that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., delinquent taxes and earned but unused personal leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government services, public safety (police, fire and building inspection), highways and streets, economic development, and recreation and leisure services. The business-type activities of the City include its water and sewer utility, stormwater management, and solid waste utility operations.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds not the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted into cash. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations can be found on pages 31 and 33.

The City maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Community Redevelopment Agency (special revenue) Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the four other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation and include the remainder of the City's special revenue and capital projects funds. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriations budget for each of its governmental funds in accordance with state statutes. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 30 to 37 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Enterprise funds are used to account for the fiscal activities of the City's municipal water and sewer utility fund, the stormwater management utility, and solid waste utility fund operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various departments and cost functions.

Proprietary fund financial statements, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate financial information for the water and sewer utility, stormwater management utility, and solid waste utility operations, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38 to 43 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government and are separately reported in the statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Rather, the City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 44 to 45 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The financial statements also include notes which provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about the City's significant accounting policies, account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 47 to 94 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide certain pension benefits and information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 95 to 121 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

Net Position. As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. This year, the City's combined net position increased to \$51.7 million at the end of 2019 from \$46.7 million in 2018. Looking at the net position of the City's governmental and business-type activities separately, we can see that the City experienced increases in the net position of its government activities of \$3.4 million and an increase in its business-type activities of \$1.6 million.

Net position of the City's governmental activities totaled \$24.1 million and \$20.7 million at the end of the 2019 and 2018 fiscal years, respectively. At the end of 2019, all combined amounts represent net position that is primarily restricted as to the purposes they can be used for, or its net investment in capital assets (land, buildings, improvements and equipment which is reported net of related debt expended for such acquisitions). The City's reported unrestricted net position is \$419,820, compared to a deficit of \$1.4 million at the end of 2018.

Net position of the City's business-type activities totaled \$27.7 million and \$26.1 million at the end of the 2019 and 2018 fiscal years, respectively. At the end of 2019, approximately 55.5% of its total net position (\$15.4 million) reflects its net investment in capital assets, amounts restricted for the payment of long-term debt, and impact fee collections that are restricted for future utility plant expansion. While the City has

\$12.3 million in unrestricted net position, a significant portion (\$5.5 million) of this total is internally designated for capital improvements.

Capital assets maintained in the business-type activities are used to provide water and sewer utility services, stormwater management services, and solid waste utility services to the City's utility customers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that under normal circumstances the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Long-term debt obligations, including current maturities, associated with this capitalization totaled \$13.4 million at the end of 2019 (\$15.1 million at the end of 2018). At the end of the current and prior fiscal years, the City reports positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, and for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The following is a comparative summary of net position at year end:

Net PositionSeptember 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	<u>Total</u>	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Assets:						
Current and other assets\$	17,591,190	\$ 13,555,551	\$ 17,928,294	\$ 17,351,312	35,519,484	30,906,863
Capital assets, net	22,380,506	21,758,476	26,675,105	27,007,782	49,055,611	48,766,258
Total assets		35,314,027	44,603,399	44,359,094	84,575,095	79,673,121
Deferred outflows of resources	1,264,136	1,078,531	400,643	537,021	1,664,779	1,615,552
Liabilities:						
Long-term debt outstanding	5,470,000	6,185,000	13,339,682	15,058,772	18,809,682	21,243,772
Net pension liabilities	5,863,125	5,161,982	1,295,687	1,143,714	7,158,812	6,305,696
Other liabilities	5,471,960	3,840,864	2,559,690	2,501,832	8,031,650	6,342,696
Total liabilities	16,805,085	15,187,846	17,195,059	18,704,318	34,000,144	33,892,164
Deferred inflows of resources	375,941	522,902	143,007	140,537	518,948	663,439
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	16,960,577	15,573,476	13,388,581	11,767,034	30,349,158	27,340,510
Restricted	6,674,409	6,507,029	2,019,176	2,742,943	8,693,585	9,249,972
Unrestricted	419,820	(1,398,695)	12,258,219	11,541,283	12,678,039	10,142,588
Total net position \$	24,054,806	\$ 20,681,810	\$ 27,665,976	\$ 26,051,260	\$ 51,720,782	\$ 46,733,070

Changes in Net Position. While the statement of net position shows a snapshot of the City's financial position at the end of the fiscal year, the statement of changes in net position provides answers as to the nature and sources of those changes. During 2019, the City's overall total revenues increased by \$6.1 million and the combined net position increased \$4.987 million. This increase in net position is due to a significant increase in revenues offset by an increase in expenses. During 2018, the City's combined net position increased \$3.5 million, while the City's overall gross revenues increased \$0.275 million.

Overall, approximately 14.6% of the City's combined total revenues of \$26.9 million come from property taxes, while almost 9.3% of all other dollars raised comes from some source of other taxes collected by the City. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues (those received from other governments) amounts to approximately 1.8% of the City's revenues. Another 54.8% comes from fees charged for services, while the remaining 19.5% is a combination of state and federal financial assistance, operating and capital grants and donations, interest and other earnings.

The following is a comparative summary of changes in net position for 2019 and 2018:

Changes in Net Position
Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

			mber 30, 2019 an				
		tal Activities		pe Activities	<u>Total</u>		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services		\$ 1,606,665	\$ 11,071,253	\$ 10,400,119	\$ 14,774,941	\$ 12,006,784	
Operating grants/other	4,476,544	1,567,327	-	-	4,476,544	1,567,327	
Capital grants/other	137,050	136,236	119,880	-	256,930	136,236	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	3,943,344	3,872,175	-	-	3,943,344	3,872,175	
Other taxes	2,519,914	2,502,832	-	-	2,519,914	2,502,832	
Intergovernmental	474,129	459,288	-	-	474,129	459,288	
Other revenues	282,039	212,459	223,015	114,986	505,054	327,445	
Gain (loss) on asset disposal	_						
Total revenues	15,536,708	10,356,982	11,414,148	10,515,105	26,950,856	20,872,087	
Expenses:							
General government	2,736,783	2,728,813	-	-	2,736,783	2,728,813	
Public safety	4,748,821	4,667,120	-	-	4,748,821	4,667,120	
Physical environment	29,941	23,508	-	-	29,941	23,508	
Transportation	1,086,869	579,611	-	-	1,086,869	579,611	
Economic environment	2,175,644	451,029	-	-	2,175,644	451,029	
Culture/recreation	1,247,997	1,023,115	-	-	1,247,997	1,023,115	
Interest on long-term debt	137,657	145,263	-	-	137,657	145,263	
Water and sewer utilities	-	-	6,322,089	5,148,419	6,322,089	5,148,419	
Stormwater management	-	-	1,002,275	740,597	1,002,275	740,597	
Solid waste utilities	_		2,475,068	1,856,159	2,475,068	1,856,159	
Total expenses	12,163,712	9,618,459	9,799,432	7,745,175	21,963,144	17,363,634	
Excess before transfers	3,372,996	738,523	1,614,716	2,769,930	4,987,712	3,508,453	
Transfers in (out)		1,131,539		(1,131,539)			
Change in net position	3,372,996	1,870,062	1,614,716	1,638,391	4,987,712	3,508,453	
Net position-beginning	20,681,810	19,342,159	26,051,260	24,624,292	46,733,070	43,966,451	
Change in accounting for OPEB		(530,411)		(211,423)		(741,834)	
Net position-beginning, as restated.	20,681,810	18,811,748	26,051,260	24,412,869	46,733,070	43,224,617	
Net position-end of year	\$ 24,054,806	\$ 20,681,810	\$ 27,665,976	\$ 26,051,260	\$ 51,720,782	\$ 46,733,070	

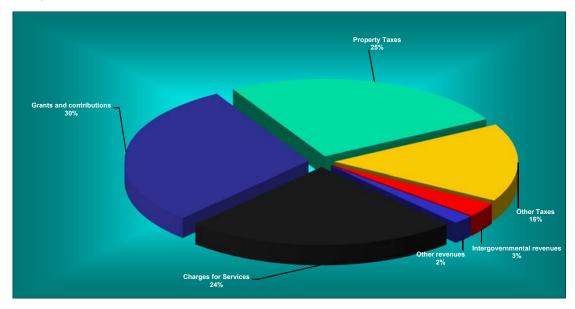
Governmental Activities

Total revenue for the City's governmental activities increase significantly in 2019. Overall, the City's governmental revenue totaled \$15.5 million, which represents an increase of \$5.2 million, or 50.4% increase from last year's reported governmental revenues of \$10.3 million. Amounts received from charges for services increased by 130% due to the internal administrative activities provided by governmental funds and charged to enterprise funds. Previously these charges where shown as transfers. Property taxes increased 2% over amounts recognized in the prior year. Amounts received from operating and capital grants increased by 171% during 2019 and totaled \$4.6 million, compared to \$1.7 million in the prior year. Amounts received from shared sales taxes, public service taxes, and other unrestricted intergovernmental sources remained relatively flat with a slight increase from \$2.96 million to \$2.99 million in 2019, primarily from increases in the local business economy resulting in increased local business tax collections and state shared revenues.

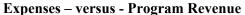
While the City's other revenues increased slightly, amounts earned from the assessment of ad valorem taxes remained stable with an increase of \$0.071 million, or 1.8% above amounts earned one year earlier. Ad valorem taxes totaling \$3.94 million were earned in 2019, compared to \$3.87 million earned in the prior year. The ad valorem millage rate for operating purposes was 6.50 mills a decline when compared to 2018 rate of 6.8949 mills.

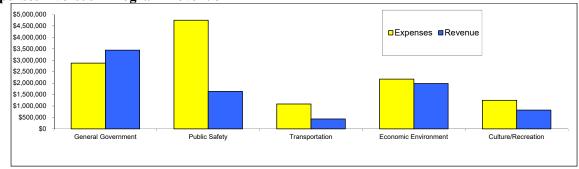
The following is a summary of the City's governmental revenues by source:

Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



An individual comparison of the City's functional program revenues and costs of providing program services to its citizens is useful in identifying the programs, and the extent of which each are dependent on taxes and other non-exchange revenues to subsidize their program operations. They are listed in the following graph:

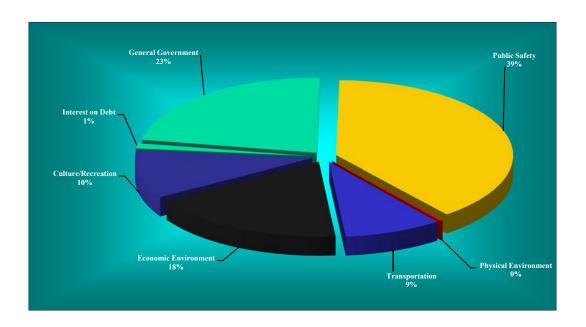




Combined governmental activities expenses totaled \$12.16 million, which represents an increase of \$2.5 million above last year's expenses of \$9.6 million.

The following is a summary of the City governmental expenses by function:

Expenses by Function - Governmental Activities



Business-type Activities

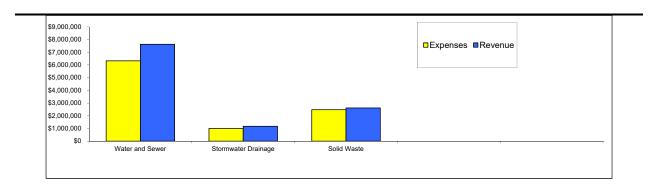
Business-type activities reported an increase in the City's net position of \$1.6 million in 2019, compared to an increase of \$1.6 million in 2018. Overall, net position from the City's business-type activities (\$27.6 million) accounts for approximately 53.5% of the City's combined net position at September 30, 2019.

The major sources of operating revenue for the City's business-type activities include charges for services for water and sewer utilities of \$7.3 million, stormwater management fees of \$1.2 million and solid waste utilities of \$2.6 million. Combined operating revenues from these three activities increased in 2019 and totaled \$11.1 million, compared to \$10.4 million in the prior year. Investment earnings increased in 2019 and totaled \$167,507 compared to \$82,286 one year earlier; this increase is in part due to the changes in investment strategies. Rental income from the leasing of land for cellphone towers increased to \$55,508 compared to \$32,700 in 2018. Capital contributions increased in the water and sewer utility fund in 2019 and totaled \$119,880, compared to none in 2018. As a cost control measure, the City continues to contract its solid waste operations with an outside contractor and has done so since 1999.

Total expenses of the City's combined business-type activities totaled \$9.8 million in 2019, compared to \$7.7 million in 2018. During 2019, this increase was primarily attributable to increased cost of services within the City's utilities.

A comparison of the City's functional program revenues and costs of providing business-type services to its customers in fiscal year 2019 is useful in identifying the capabilities of producing revenues sufficient to operate their programs. They are presented in the following graph:

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Information is helpful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the City completed the current fiscal year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$17.4 million, which was \$3.9 million more than the \$13.5 million reported at the end of 2018.

Approximately 17% of the \$13.1 million in total fund balances, totaling \$2.2 million, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is generally available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is separately reported to indicate that it is not available for spending because it is 1) Non-Spendable - fund balances totaling \$17,217 are invested in nonspendable assets such as inventories and prepaid expenses, 2) Restricted - fund balances totaling \$6.3 million are restricted from externally imposed sources or enabling legislation, 3) Committed - fund balances totaling \$2.3 million are set aside pursuant to formal constraints imposed by the City Commission, and 4) Assigned - fund balances totaling \$2.2 million are constrained by the City, as it intended to be used for next year's budgetary purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of September 30, 2019, the unassigned fund balance in the general fund totaled \$2.2 million, compared to \$2.2 million at the end of 2018. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 27.5% of total general fund expenditures of \$7.99 million, while total fund balance represents 61.7% of that same amount. City Commission has established a minimum target threshold of 20% in unreserved funds compared to General Fund expenditures.

Fund balance in the general fund has increased by \$238,478 during the current fiscal year. This fund balance increase was attributed to the increase in revenues when compared to the prior year. Fund balances for the Community Redevelopment Agency fund, the CRA Debt Service funds, and the CRA Capital

Projects fund were merged in 2018 to streamline accounting functions of the City. Their combined fund balances increased by \$75,251 in 2019 from \$5.4 million to \$5.5 million due to revenue increases. All non-major governmental funds, with the exception of the Capital Projects fund which increased by \$1.5 million, remained stable for the year.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position in the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the current fiscal year amounted to \$5.1 million, compared to \$4.6 million one year earlier. Combined net position of the fund totaled \$16.9 million at year end.

Unrestricted net position in the Stormwater Management Fund increased in 2019 and totaled \$2.5 million at the end of the year, compared to \$2.3 million at the beginning of the year. Combined net position totaled \$5.9 million at year end.

Unrestricted net position in the Solid Waste Fund totaled \$4.7 million at the end of 2019, compared to \$4.5 million at the beginning of the year. Combined net position totaled \$4.7 million at year end. The increase is due to the accumulation of net income during the year.

A change in the vendor providing contracted services for Solid Waste removal in the previous year resulted in a slight increase in contractual services expense over the two year period. No other significant changes were recognized in the providing of full-service utility services to City customers in 2019.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities totaled \$49.1 million and \$48.8 million, respectively. These amounts are stated net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, for all activities is reflected in the following schedule:

Capital Assets
September 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Land	\$ 3,473,406	\$ 3,473,406	\$ 695,651	\$ 695,651	\$ 4,169,057	\$ 4,169,057	
Construction work in progress.	7,487,932	6,782,316	1,154,872	105,674	8,642,804	6,887,990	
Buildings	2,871,439	2,978,316	3,129,880	3,298,085	6,001,319	6,276,401	
Improvements other							
than buildings	3,147,711	3,230,673	17,110,854	18,292,581	20,258,565	21,523,254	
Machinery and equipment	1,281,698	958,410	1,128,601	922,935	2,410,299	1,881,345	
Infrastructure	4,118,320	4,335,355	3,455,248	3,692,856	7,573,568	8,028,211	
Net total	\$22,380,506	<u>\$21,758,476</u>	\$26,675,106	\$27,007,782	\$49,055,612	\$48,766,258	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt. At year end, the net carrying value of the City's bonds, notes and other long-term obligations outstanding totaled \$29.8 million, of which \$18.4 million is secured solely by a mix of specified revenue sources. The City's long-term debt for all activities is reflected in the following schedule:

Outstanding Long-Term Debt September 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
D	5 470 000	¢ (195 000	4.746.201	5 500 772	10.217.201	11 (02 772
Revenue notes	5,470,000	\$ 6,185,000	4,746,301	5,508,772	10,216,301	11,693,772
Revenue bonds	-	-	8,255,000	9,550,000	8,255,000	9,550,000
Capital Lease Payable	-	-	338,381	-	338,381	-
Net postemployment obligation	1,889,548	1,896,986	668,969	671,934	2,558,517	2,568,920
Compensated absences	1,056,159	893,735	279,214	318,852	1,335,373	1,212,587
Net pension liability	5,863,125	5,161,982	1,295,687	1,143,714	7,158,812	6,305,696
Net total	\$ 14,278,832	14,137,703	15,583,552	17,193,272	29,862,384	31,330,975

The City has two outstanding revenue notes payable (Series 2012 and Series 2013) from its governmental activities in the aggregate amount of \$5.47 million at year end. The proceeds of the Series 2012 obligation were used to refinance an existing (Series 2005) revenue note. The proceeds of the Series 2013 obligation will be used exclusively to fund capital improvement projects in the City's Community Redevelopment Agency. These notes are payable in semi-annual installments through 2026, both of which are secured by revenues generated exclusively from the CRA tax increment financing district.

The City has four outstanding water and sewer system improvement revenue bond obligations (Series 2005, 2011, 2012 and 2013) in the aggregate amount of \$8.2 million at year end. The proceeds of these parity bonds were used to finance improvements to the City's water and sewer utility system and to refund previously issued bonds outstanding for this same purpose. These bonds are payable from revenues generated from the water and sewer system and are payable serially through 2022 (Series 2012), 2023 (Series 2013), 2025 (Series 2005), and 2030 (Series 2011).

The City also has four low-interest rate revenue note obligations payable to the State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection State Revolving Fund Loan Program totaling \$4.7 million in aggregate, at year end. The proceeds of the FDEP loan issued in 1998 (\$308,787 currently outstanding), the FDEP loan issued in 2005 (\$281,327 currently outstanding), and the FDEP loan issued in 2007 (\$2.8 million currently outstanding) were used to finance the construction of wastewater infiltration and inflow correction facilities. The proceeds of the FDEP loan issued in 2001 (\$1.3 million currently outstanding) were used to finance construction of needed stormwater drainage improvements. These notes, which are subordinate to the bonds described above, are secured by the City's water and sewer utility and stormwater utility revenues, respectively, and are payable in varying amounts through 2029.

Other components of the City's outstanding long-term debt include Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), Compensated Absences and Net Pension Liability (NPL). The city experienced a slight decrease in its net postemployment obligation for 2019 (\$2.558 million) compared to 2018 (\$2.568 million). Compensated absences increased to \$1.33 million from \$1.21 million in 2018. The City's Net Pension liability increased by \$.853 million in 2019 and totaled \$7.158 million as compared to \$6.305 million in 2018.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 11 to the financial statements.

Significant Budget Differences - General Fund

At the beginning of fiscal year 2019, the City budgeted to a \$1.3 million loan from the Solid Waste Fund to the General Fund for funding cash needs for operations due to the unreimbursed expenditures for Hurricane Matthew. These Hurricane expenditures occurred in Fiscal year 2017 and were not reimbursed by FEMA before the end of fiscal year 2019. The City has received significant FEMA reimbursements for this event subsequent to the fiscal year end. We expect this loan to repaid by the end of fiscal year 2020. The actual loan has been reclassified as a liability but for budgeting purposes was shown as a revenue.

Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City Commission adopted a conservative budget for Fiscal Year 2020. The proposed budget contains many ambitious work plan objectives that are intended to address the highest priorities in the community and the goals of the City Commission. This budget also has significant capital projects forecasted that will be placed on hold until additional reimbursements from FEMA are received. The proposed General Fund budget for Fiscal Year 2020 includes the following assumptions:

- Year 2 of 3 of the Evergreen Salary Study Implementation.
- Operated Internal Service funds for Fleet and IT. The internal service fund for Insurance was closed because no additional value was derived from this method of Accounting for this activity. The City's Insurance services are contracted to a third party provider.
- Modest increases in operating expenditures consistent with the revenue forecasts.
- Maintenance of service levels and programs to the extent possible and minimal reductions in service levels where appropriate.
- Grant awards to replace piers, docks and ramps and other park improvements.
- Continuing with the undergrounding utilities of our US 1 corridor.
- Ross Point Park restroom construction and playground improvements.
- Public Works Complex building addition.
- Implementation of new utility fees based on the Utilities rate study developed by Stantec.

The City increased utility fees by approximately 5.5% to maintain a revenue sufficiency level adequate to fund upcoming operating and capital requirements, as recommended by the utility rate study. Many factors are considered each year by the City Commission in its efforts to establish an operating budget, to evaluate its personnel needs, and to develop uniform user fees that are reasonable, and more importantly, capable of cost recovery. Some of the major factors considered in this process are the local economy, civilian labor force, unemployment rates, and inflation rates. In considering all of these factors, the City Commission was able to reduce the millage rate to 6.25 mills.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Holly Hill's finances for those with an interest in your government. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to the office of the Finance Director, City of Holly Hill, Florida, 1065 Ridgewood Avenue, Holly Hill, Florida 32117-2898.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Statement 1

September 30, 2019

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

,	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type				
	Activities	Activities	Total			
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,262,344	14,813,120	29,075,464			
Receivables (net)	405,928	1,110,052	1,515,980			
Internal balances	(20,812)	20,812	-			
Due from other governments	2,839,922	119,697	2,959,619			
Inventories	23,653	127,790	151,443			
Due from other funds	-	1,320,000	1,320,000			
Prepaid expenses	80,155	-	80,155			
Temporarily restricted-cash and cash equivalents	-	416,823	416,823			
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress		1,850,524	12,811,862			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	11,419,168	24,824,581	36,243,749			
Total assets	39,971,696	44,603,399	84,575,095			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred outflows on pensions	1,264,136	347,485	1,611,621			
Deferred charge on refunding		53,158	53,158			
Beterred enarge on retailaning						
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,264,136	400,643	1,664,779			
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,047,819	378,078	1,425,897			
Customer deposits and unearned income	158,434	1,075,076	1,233,510			
Due to other funds	1,320,000	-	1,320,000			
Payable from Restricted Assets:						
Current maturities of long-term debt	-	2,161,171	2,161,171			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	158,353	158,353			
Bonds, notes, and other noncurrent payables:						
Due or payable within one year	918,049	56,799	974,848			
Due or payable in more than one year	13,360,783	13,365,582	26,726,365			
Total liabilities	16,805,085	17,195,059	34,000,144			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows on pensions	375,941	143,007	518,948			
NI (22						
Net position:	16,960,577	12 200 501	30,349,158			
Net investment in capital assets	10,900,377	13,388,581	30,349,138			
Restricted for:	291,560		201 560			
Public safety		-	291,560			
Community redevelopment projects		-	5,510,643 486,923			
Recreation projects		-	26,400			
Utility plant expansion	20,400	416,946	416,946			
Debt service	358,883	1,602,230	1,961,113			
Unrestricted (deficit)		12,258,219	12,678,039			
omeoureted (denote)	717,020	12,230,219	12,0/0,039			
Total net position	<u>\$ 24,054,806</u>	<u>27,665,976</u>	51,720,782			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

		Program Revenue					
		Charges	Operating	Capital			
		for	Grants and	Grants and			
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions			
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:	A 2 52 6 502	2 424 522	15.514				
General government		3,424,732	15,714	-			
Public safety		128,104	1,509,322	-			
Physical environment		-	-	-			
Transportation		110,721	186,961	137,050			
Economic environment	2,175,644	-	1,981,343	-			
Culture/recreation	1,247,997	40,131	783,204	-			
Interest on long-term debt	137,657			_			
Total governmental activities	12,163,712	3,703,688	4,476,544	137,050			
Business-type activities:							
Water and Sewer	6,322,089	7,282,905		119,880			
		1,172,041	-	119,000			
Stormwater Management			-	-			
Solid Waste	2,475,068	2,616,307		_			
Total business-type activities	9,799,432	11,071,253		119,880			
Total primary government	\$ 21,963,144	14,774,941	4,476,544	256,930			
	Property taxes	s, levied for gen s, levied for tax		 ct			
		•					
		earnings ous revenue					
	Transfers						
	Total gene	l general revenues and transfers					
	Change in	net position					
	Net position, be	eginning of year	, as restated				
	Net position - e	nding					

Statement 2

Net Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
Pr	imary Governme	ent				
Governmental	Business-type					
Activities	Activities	Total				
702 ((2		702 ((2				
703,663		703,663				
(3,111,395)		(3,111,395)				
(29,941)		(29,941)				
(652,137)		(652,137)				
(194,301)		(194,301)				
(424,662)		(424,662)				
(137,657)		(137,657)				
(3,846,430)		(3,846,430)				
	1,080,696	1,080,696				
	169,766	169,766				
	141,239	141,239				
	171,237	<u> 171,237</u>				
	1,391,701	1,391,701				
(3,846,430)	1,391,701	(2,454,729)				
2,774,276	-	2,774,276				
1,169,068	-	1,169,068				
690,554	-	690,554				
1,829,360	-	1,829,360				
450,200	-	450,200				
23,929	-	23,929				
121,730	167,507	289,237				
160,309	55,508	215,817				
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>				
7,219,426	223,015	7,442,441				
3,372,996	1,614,716	4,987,712				
20,681,810	26,051,260	46,733,070				
<u>\$ 24,054,806</u>	\$ 27,665,976	\$ 51,720,782				

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

				Community		Nonmajor	Total
			Re	development	G	overnmental	Governmental
		General		Agency		Funds	Funds
A4							
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	•	6,467,671	\$	5,556,152	\$	2,205,019	\$ 14,228,842
Receivables (net):	Ф	0,407,071	Ф	3,330,132	Ф	2,203,019	\$ 14,220,042
Accounts receivable		352,180		1,648		93	353,921
Due from other funds.		332,100		1,046		-	555,721
Due from other governments		2,256,703		_		583,219	2,839,922
Inventories.		8,130		_		303,217	8,130
Prepaids/deposits		9,087		_		_	9,087
11-panae a-penae	-	<i>></i> ,007	_				<u></u>
Total assets	\$	9,093,771	\$	5,557,800	\$	2,788,331	<u>\$ 17,439,902</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances:							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	746,504	\$	47,157	\$	169,532	\$ 963,193
Due to other funds		1,320,000	Ψ	-7,137	Ψ	107,332	1,320,000
Deposits/unearned income		2,086,391		_		_	2,086,391
Deposits/uncarried meonic		2,000,371	_		_		2,000,371
Total liabilities		4,152,895	_	47,157		169,532	4,369,584
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaids/inventories		17,217		_		_	17,217
Restricted for:		17,217		_		_	17,217
Law enforcement		4,734		_		110,673	115,407
Fire protection		2,599		_		58,575	61,174
Building inspection		114,979		_		50,575	114,979
Transportation		362,242		_		124,681	486,923
Community redevelopment		302,212		5,510,643		121,001	5,510,643
Recreation		_		-		26,400	26,400
Committed to:						,	,
Capital projects fund		_		_		2,291,412	2,291,412
Assigned to:						_,_, _,	_,,
Law enforcement		_		_		7,058	7,058
Subsequent year's budget appropriations		2,210,612		_		-	2,210,612
Unassigned		2,228,493		<u>-</u>			2,228,493
Total fund balances		4,940,876		5,510,643		2,618,799	13,070,318
				_			
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,093,771	\$	5,557,800	\$	2,788,331	<u>\$ 17,439,902</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 13,070,318
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		22,330,435
Delinquent tax revenues and other grant revenues deferred in governmental activities are recognized in the period in which they are earned, regardless		
of the date of their anticipated receipt		1,979,965
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not available in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources at year end consist of: Deferred Outflows on Pension Liabilities:		
Florida Retirement System\$	731,823	
FRS Health Insurance Subsidy	138,543	
Other Post Employment Benefits	1,122	
Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System	256,521 136,127	1,264,136
Deferred Inflows on Pension Liabilities:	130,127	1,201,130
Florida Retirement System	(106,676)	
FRS Health Insurance Subsidy	(61,439)	
Other Post Employment Benefits	(190,657)	
Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System	(17,169)	(375,941)
Net post-retirement benefits obligation which is actuarially due and payable		
in the current period which will be accumulated in future periods		(1,889,548)
1		()= ==)= = = /
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable		
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
These liabilities and other debt related deferred charges consist of		
the following: Bonds and notes payable	(5.470.000)	
Accrued interest payable	(5,470,000) (49,975)	
Compensated absences.	(986,729)	
Net pension obligation:	(200,1-2)	
Florida Retirement System	(1,670,136)	
FRS Health Insurance Subsidy	(658,533)	
Holly Hill Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund	(2,154,274)	
Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System	(1,380,182)	(12,369,829)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of data processing, fleet lease and maintenance to individual funds. These assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position		
Total net position.	66,082	
less: amounts attributable to business-type activities	(20,812)	45,270
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 24,054,806

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Statement 4

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA		General		Community development Agency		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenue:								
Taxes	\$	5,297,692	\$	1,169,068	\$	-	\$	6,466,760
Permits and fees		1,274,112		-		51,138		1,325,250
Intergovernmental		1,976,957		1,981,343		819,815		4,778,115
Charges for services		1,367,208		-		2,404		1,369,612
Fines and forfeitures		46,048		-		13,960		60,008
Investment income		89,704		19,481		-		109,185
Miscellaneous		78,005		51,150		68,038	_	197,193
Total revenue	_	10,129,726		3,221,042	_	955,355	_	14,306,123
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		1,928,980		_		_		1,928,980
Public safety		4,107,628		329,190		24,949		4,461,767
Transportation		849,025		525,150		2 .,,, ,		849,025
Economic environment		0.5,025		1,028,024		_		1,028,024
Culture/recreation		985,466		-		_		985,466
Capital Outlay:		,,,,,,,						,
General government		126,749		_		1,265,085		1,391,834
Public safety		_		81,136		_		81,136
Economic environment		-		848,217		_		848,217
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement		-		715,000		-		715,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_		_	144,224	_		_	144,224
Total expenditures	_	7,997,848	_	3,145,791	_	1,290,034	_	12,433,673
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures		2,131,878		75,251		(334,679)		1,872,450
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		-		-		1,940,400		1,940,400
Transfers out		(1,893,400)	_		-	(47,000)		(1,940,400)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(1,893,400)	_	<u> </u>	_	1,893,400		
Net changes in fund balances		238,478		75,251		1,558,721		1,872,450
Fund balances, beginning of year		4,702,398	_	5,435,392	_	1,060,078	_	11,197,868
Fund balances, end of year	\$	4,940,876	\$	5,510,643	\$	2,618,799	\$	13,070,318

Statement 4A

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,872,450
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense for the current period: Capital outlay expenditures. Depreciation expense.	2,971,177 (847,097)	2,124,080
Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of nets assets. Principal repayment in the current period		715,000
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds: Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues amd taxes	551,498 (1,552,120)	(1,000,622)
The (increase) decrease in net pension liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows, and postemployment benefits costs are reported in the statement of activities, but not in the individual governmental fund statements, as follows Deferred outflows - pension plans Deferred inflows - pension plans Net pension liabilities Accrued postemployment benefit obligation	185,605 146,961 (701,143) 7,438	(361,139)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment is for the following:		
Change in accrued interest on bonds and notes payable	(92,994) 6,567	(86,427)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The portion of net revenue/expense of internal service funds reported within governmental activities for the year		109,654
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 3,372,996

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

	Original	Original Final		Variance		
D.						
Revenue:	¢ (104.627	¢ 5.065.220	¢ 5 207 602	e 222.264		
Taxes Permits and fees	\$ 6,194,627	\$ 5,065,328	\$ 5,297,692	\$ 232,364		
	1,172,920	1,227,920 1,589,949	1,274,112 1,976,957	46,192		
Intergovernmental revenue	1,624,750			387,008		
Charges for services	1,335,663	1,350,663	1,367,208	16,545		
	68,777	68,777	46,048	(22,729)		
Investment income	38,100	38,100	89,704	51,604		
Miscellaneous	1,067,900	1,387,900	<u>78,005</u>	(1,309,895)		
Total revenues	11,502,737	10,728,637	10,129,726	(598,911)		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government:						
Legislative	160,390	160,390	107,059	53,331		
Executive	361,140	360,340	336,154	24,186		
Financial and Administrative	1,142,745	1,130,784	999,629	131,155		
Legal Counsel	125,000	67,000	57,442	9,558		
Comprehensive Planning	111,650	124,084	117,122	6,962		
Nondepartmental	1,801,141	552,866	438,323	114,543		
1	3,702,066	2,395,464	2,055,729	339,735		
Public Safety:						
Law enforcement	2,322,265	2,392,226	2,373,420	18,806		
Fire safety	1,410,874	1,408,774	1,319,026	89,748		
Protective inspection	446,645	502,611	411,364	91,247		
Emergency and Disaster Relief			3,818	(3,818)		
2 ,	4,179,784	4,303,611	4,107,628	195,983		
Transportation	1,978,760	1,126,292	849,025	277,267		
Culture/recreation	1,056,059	992,003	985,466	6,537		
Total expenditures	10,916,669	8,817,370	7,997,848	819,522		
Excess of revenue over (under)						
expenditures	586,068	1,911,267	2,131,878	220,611		

Statement 5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

		Actual				
	Original	Final	Amounts	Variance		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	¢.	¢.	ø	ф		
Transfers in Transfers (out)	•	- \$ - 0) (1,893,400)	(1,893,400)	5 -		
Internal Service - income Internal Service - costs	,	- -	-	-		
Appropriated fund balance	1,307,332	(17,867)		17,867		
Total financing sources (uses)	(586,068	3) (1,911,267)	(1,893,400)	17,867		
Net change in fund balance			238,478	238,478		
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,702,398	4,702,398	4,702,398			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,702,398	<u>\$ 4,702,398</u>	<u>\$ 4,940,876</u>	<u>\$ 238,478</u>		



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BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

	O	riginal		Final		Actual Amounts	,	Variance
Revenue: Taxes	\$ 1	1,203,680	\$	1,132,987	\$	1,169,068	\$	36,081
Intergovernmental revenue		1,227,624	Ψ	1,575,972	Ψ	1,981,343	Ψ	405,371
Investment income		69,800		10,663		19,481		8,818
Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>		_	_	51,150		51,150
Total revenues	2	2,501,104	_	2,719,622		3,221,042		501,420
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety:								
Law enforcement:								
Personal services		319,400		319,400		294,428		(24,972)
Operating expenditures		54,022		53,622		27,404		(26,218)
Capital outlay		70,000	_	70,000	_	81,136		11,136
		443,422	_	443,022	_	402,968	_	(40,054)
Economic environment:								
Personal services		83,200		83,800		83,086		(714)
Operating expenditures		196,814		1,666,342		821,155		(845,187)
Capital outlay	2	2,800,000		2,126,417		848,217		(1,278,200)
Grants and aid		150,000	_	150,000	_	131,141		(18,859)
		3,230,014		4,026,559		1,883,599		(2,142,960)
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement		715,000		715,000		715,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		131,724		131,724		144,224		12,500
-		846,724		846,724	_	859,224		12,500
Total expenditures		4,520,160	_	5,316,305	_	3,145,791		(2,170,514)
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	(2	<u>2,019,056)</u>		(2,596,683)	_	75,251		2,671,934
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated fund balance	2	2,019,056		2,596,683	_	<u>-</u>		(2,596,683)
Total financing sources (uses)	2	2,019,056	_	2,596,683	_	_		(2,596,683)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		75,251		75,251
Fund balance, beginning of year		5,435,392	_	5,435,392		5,435,392		<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 5</u>	5,435,392	\$	5,435,392	<u>\$</u>	5,510,643	<u>\$</u>	75,251

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

	Bus	iness-Type Activi	ınds	Governmental		
	Water and	Stormwater	Solid		Activities - Internal	
	Sewer	Drainage	Waste	Total	Service Funds	
Assets:						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,850,053	\$ 2,707,028	\$ 3,256,039	\$ 14,813,120	\$ 33,502	
Accounts receivable (net)	805,597	1,377	303,078	1,110,052	55,502	
Due from other governments		119,697	505,070	119,697		
Inventories	117,417	10,373	_	127,790	15,523	
Due from other funds	117,417	10,575	1,320,000	1,320,000	13,323	
Prepaid expenses	_	_	1,520,000	1,520,000	71,068	
Restricted-cash and cash equivalents	416,823	-	-	416,823	/1,000	
Restricted-cash and cash equivalents	410,823			410,623		
Total current assets	10,189,890	2,838,475	4,879,117	17,907,482	120,093	
Noncurrent Assets:						
Property and Equipment:						
Land	154,739	540,912	_	695,651	_	
Buildings and improvements	44,328,769	8,915,861	54,651	53,299,281	_	
Machinery and equipment	5,300,919	541,039	16,820	5,858,778	50,071	
Construction in progress	943,343	211,530	10,020	1,154,873	50,071	
Construction in progress	50,727,770	10,209,342	71,471	61,008,583	50,071	
	30,727,770	10,207,512	/1,1/1	01,000,505	30,071	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(28,798,662)	(5,468,279)	(66,537)	(34,333,478)	·	
Total property and equipment (net of						
accumulated depreciation)	21,929,108	4,741,063	4,934	26,675,105	50,071	
•						
Total assets	32,118,998	7,579,538	4,884,051	44,582,587	170,164	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred outflows on pensions	304,812	42,673	-	347,485	-	
Deferred charge on refunding loss				53,158		
Total deferred outflows of resources	357.970	42,673	_	400,643	_	
Total deferred outflows of resources	221,970	12,075		100,015		
Total assets and deferred outflow						
of resources	\$ 32,476,968	\$ 7,622,211	<u>\$ 4,884,051</u>	\$ 44,983,230	<u>\$ 170,164</u>	

	Bus	Governmental			
	Water and	Stormwater	Solid		Activities - Internal
	Sewer	Drainage	Waste	Total	Service Funds
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 188,405	\$ 19,605	\$ 170,068	\$ 378,078	\$ 34,652
Compensated absences	53,064	3,735		56,799	69,430
Total current liabilities unrestricted	241,469	23,340	170,068	434,877	104,082
Current Liabilities Payable From					
Restricted Assets:					
Current maturities of long-term debt	1,836,885	324,286	-	2,161,171	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest	151,853	6,500	-	158,353	-
Customer deposits	1,075,076			1,075,076	
Total current liabilities payable from					
restricted assets	3,063,814	330,786	_	3,394,600	_
restricted assets	5,005,011	330,700		3,371,000	
Total current liabilities	3,305,283	354,126	170,068	3,829,477	104,082
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Revenue bonds payable (net)	6,925,000	-	-	6,925,000	-
Notes payable (net)	2,946,345	1,018,993	-	3,965,338	-
Capital lease payable (net)	288,173	97.792		288,173	-
Post-retirement benefits payable Compensated absences	582,186 209,336	86,783 13,079	-	668,969 222,415	-
Net pension liability	1,129,268	166,419	-	1,295,687	-
r co pointer memoj		100,115		1,200,007	
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,080,308	1,285,274		13,365,582	
Total lightilities	15 295 501	1 620 400	170.069	17 105 050	104 002
Total liabilities	15,385,591	1,639,400	170,068	17,195,059	104,082
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Deferred inflows on pensions	125,446	17,561		143,007	<u> </u>
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	9,985,863	3,397,784	4,934	13,388,581	50,071
Restricted for debt service	1,543,294	58,936		1,602,230	-
Restricted for utility plant expansion	416,946	2,508,530	4 700 040	416,946	16.011
Unrestricted	5,019,828	2,308,330	4,709,049	12,237,407	16,011
Total net position	16,965,931	5,965,250	4,713,983	27,645,164	66,082
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and net position	\$ 32,476,968	\$ 7,622,211	<u>\$ 4,884,051</u>	\$ 44,983,230	<u>\$ 170,164</u>
1					
Net position from above				\$ 27,645,164	
Cumulative adjust reflect consolidation of int	ernal service fund	d activities related	to enterprise fund		
Net position, business-type activities			1	\$ 27,665,976	
1 / / //				,,.	



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STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA	Busin	<u>Funds</u>	Governmental		
	Water and	Stormwater	Solid		Activities - Internal
	Sewer	Drainage	Waste	Total	Service Funds
Operating Revenue:					
Charges for Services:					
Water sales	3,455,944	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,455,944	\$ -
Sewer treatment charges	3,393,287	_	_	3,393,287	_
Waste disposal fees	-	_	2,614,422	2,614,422	_
Stormwater management fee	_	1,053,125	-	1,053,125	_
Other revenues.	353,784	-,,	1,885	355,669	_
Internal service fees	-	_	-,	-	699,895
Intergovernmental revenue	79,890	118,916	_	198,806	-
<u>-</u>					
Total operating revenue	7,282,905	1,172,041	2,616,307	11,071,253	699,895
Total operating revenue	7,202,703	1,172,041	2,010,307	11,071,233	077,073
Operating Expenses:					
Personal services	1,819,876	200,095	-	2,019,971	308,684
Depreciation	1,602,495	297,516	553	1,900,564	´ -
Utilities	256,909	25,227	133	282,269	_
Materials and supplies	451,740	26,806	-	478,546	115,838
Contractual services	302,211	110,327	2,025,621	2,438,159	43,351
Maintenance and repairs	613,833	60,836	200,000	874,669	89,276
Other charges	887,298	246,282	248,761	1,382,341	12,284
• •g. •	007,270		2.0,701	1,002,011	
Total operating expenses	5,934,362	967,089	2,475,068	9,376,519	569,433
Operating income	1,348,543	204,952	141,239	1,694,734	130,462
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):					
Interest earnings	87,281	17,109	63,117	167,507	4
Rental and other income	34,696	17,105	03,117	34,696	_
Interest and debt expense	(387,727)	(35,186)	_	(422,913)	-
interest and debt expense	(307,727)	(55,100)		(422,713)	·
Net nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(265,750)	(18,077)	63,117	(220,710)	4
Income before contributions and transfers	1,082,793	186,875	204,356	1,474,024	130,466
	,,	,	- ,	, , , , ,	
Capital contributions	119,880	-	-	119,880	-
Transfers in	25,377	-	-	25,377	-
Transfers (out)		(25,377)		(25,377)	<u> </u>
Net increase in net position	1,228,050	161,498	204,356	1,593,904	130,466
Net position, beginning of year	15,737,881	5,803,752	4,509,627	26,051,260	(64,384)
Net position, end of year	16,965,931	\$ 5,965,250	<u>\$ 4,713,983</u>	\$ 27,645,164	\$ 66,082
Change in magnistant funds not negitie				¢ 1.502.004	
Change in proprietary funds net position Adjustment to reflect consolidation of internal service	as fund satisfi	on rolated to seet	muica finda	\$ 1,593,904	
	ce iuna activiti	es related to ente	erprise funds	20,812	
Change in net position of business-type activities				\$ 1,614,716	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Water Governmental Activities - Internal and Stormwater Solid Waste Service Funds Sewer Drainage Total Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash receipts from customers..... \$ 1,033,820 2,656,607 \$ 11,148,926 700,196 7,458,499 Cash receipts from franchise fees..... Cash paid for personal services..... (155,775)(322,052)(1,580,461)(1,736,236)(2,46<u>2,986)</u> (30<u>7,698)</u> (2,573,048)(443,092)Cash paid to suppliers..... (5,479,126)434,953 Net cash provided by operating activities. 3,304,990 193,621 3,933,564 70,446 Cash Flows From Noncapital and Related Financing Activities: Rental income..... 34,696 34,696 Due from other fund..... (1,320,000)(1,320,000)Transfers in (out)..... 25,377 (25,377)Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital and related financing activities..... 60,073 (25,377)(1.320.000)(1.285.304)Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Capital contributions and grants..... 119,880 119,880 Acquisition/construction of capital assets.... (1,389,414)(178,472)(1,567,886)(50,071)Proceeds from long-term debt..... 379,555 379,555 Debt reduction outlays..... (316,901)(2,098,646)(1,781,745)Interest paid on capital debt obligations..... (374,946)(36,715)(411,661)Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities..... (3,046,670)(532,088)Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest received..... 87,281 17,109 63,117 167,507 Net increase (decrease) in cash and 20,379 cash equivalents..... 405,674 (105,403)(1,063,262)(762,991)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year.... 8,861,202 2,812,431 4,319,301 15,992,934 13,123 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year..... \$ 9.266,876 2,707,028 5.229,943 33,502 Cash and Cash Equivalents: Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents...... \$ 8,850,053 2,707,028 3,256,039 \$ 14,813,120 33,502 Restricted cash and cash equivalents..... 416,823 416,823 Total cash and cash equivalents..... \$ 9,266,876 2,707,028 3,256,039 15,229,943 33,502

Statement 9

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS - (Continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

CITT OF HOLET HILL, FLORIDA	Busin	ness-type Activiti	ies - Enterprise	Fun	ds		
	Water and Sewer	Stormwater Drainage	Solid Waste		Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash							
provided by operating activities:	1 249 542	\$ 204.952	\$ 141.239	· •	1 604 724	¢ 120.463	
Operating income (loss)\$ Adjustments to reconcile net operating	1,348,343	\$ 204,952	\$ 141,239	\$	1,694,734	\$ 130,462	
income to net cash provided by							
operating activities:							
Depreciation	1,602,495	297,516	553	1	1,900,564		
Provision for bad debts (recoveries)	30,875	20,222	19,817		70,914		
Changes in assets and liabilities:	30,073	20,222	15,01		70,511		
Accounts receivable	126,192	(138,221)	20,483	}	8,454	301	
Inventories	(78,694)	-	,	-	(78,694)	3,871	
Prepaid expenses	110	28	27	7	165	(71,068	
Deferred outflows of resources	86,172	15,331		-	101,503	` '	
Accounts payable/accrued liabilities	54,877	8,303	11,502	2	74,682	23,822	
Compensated absences	(48,519)	8,881		-	(39,638)	(16,942	
Customer deposits	49,402	-		-	49,402	,	
Post-employment benefit obligation	(2,600)	(365)		-	(2,965)		
Net pension liability	133,310	18,663		-	151,973		
Deferred inflows of resources	2,827	(357)		-	2,470		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Statement 10

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 251,921
Receivables:	
Broker receivable	
Interest and dividends receivable	
Total accounts receivable	80,054
Investments, at fair value	
U.S. Treasury obligations	
U. S. Government Agencies	
Corporate/municipal debt obligations	
Real estate investment trust	
Pooled funds - real estate	
Mutual funds	
Total investments	 15,753,243
Total assets	16,085,218
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	 34,917
Total liabilities	 34,917
Net Position:	
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 16,050,301

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT TRUST FUND AND FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Statement 11

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Additions: Contributions from: Employer	185,9	969	1,041,434
		Ψ	1,0 11, 13 1
Investment income:			
Net realized and unrealized appreciation			
(depreciation) in fair value of investments	389,	190	
Interest and dividend earnings	356,	<u>107</u>	
	745,2	297	
Less: investment management fees	(107,	183)	
		_	638,114
			1,679,548
Deductions:			
Benefit payments	1,034,2		
Refunds/withdrawals			
Administrative expenses	63,	<u>/44</u>	
			1 120 070
			1,130,078
			5.40.450
			549,470
Net position held in trust for pension benefits:			
Beginning of year			15,500,831
Degining of year			13,300,031
End of year		\$	16,050,301
End of year		<u> </u>	10,050,501



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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of City of Holly Hill, Florida (the "City"), have been prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for promulgating governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the City's significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation created by the Laws of Florida, Chapter 67-1274, located in Volusia County. The City was originally incorporated under the general laws of Florida on July 1, 1901 (Records of Incorporation, Volusia County, Vol. I, p. 101). This incorporation was validated in 1903 by Laws of Florida, Chapter 5346 (1903). The legislative branch of the City is composed of an elected five-member City Commission consisting of the Mayor and four commissioners. The City Commission is governed by the City Charter and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Commission is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Commission-appointed City Manager.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the applicable funds controlled by or dependent upon the City (the primary government). In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which the entity may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be included within the City's financial statements.

Blended Component Unit. The City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Fund was created by Ordinance No. 2426 to account for the receipt and expenditure of property tax revenues from the tax increment financing district created to support City redevelopment. Although legally separate, the same elected City Commission members serve as the governing board of the Community Redevelopment Fund. Since the City is financially accountable for the activities of the Fund, its governing board is the same, and its relationship to the City is significant, its financial activities are reported on a blended basis as if it were part of the primary government as a special revenue fund. Separate financial statements for the Community Redevelopment Fund are not published.

B. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, comprised of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, report aggregated information for the overall government for all of the activities of the primary government and the discretely presented component unit. The primary government is reported in two columns to separately report governmental activities from business-type activities. These statements do not report fiduciary funds or fiduciary component units such as retirement trust funds. Those activities are reported only in fund financial statements. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which are financed wholly or partially by fees charged to external parties for goods or services and are reported in enterprise funds.

The Statement of Net Position presents the overall government's financial position at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents direct expenses of a given function or segment offset by program revenues for the fiscal reporting period. The resulting net expense or revenue is then totaled and offset by general revenues producing the aggregate change in net position for the period. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment of the government, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other nonexchange revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual business-type funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Fund Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or as soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Taxes, intergovernmental revenue, licenses and permits, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized and grouped into four classes, based on their principal characteristics. The accounting treatment for each type of transaction is as follows:

Derived Tax Revenue, defined as assessments imposed on exchange transactions. Examples include: sales taxes, franchise tax, utility taxes, etc. Assets from derived tax revenue are recognized in the period when the exchange transaction on which the tax is imposed takes place, or when resources are received, whichever occurs first. Revenues are recognized, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, in the same period that the assets are recognized. Resources received in advance are recorded as deferred revenue until the period of the exchange.

Imposed Nonexchange Revenue, result from assessments on nongovernmental entities, other than assessments on exchange transactions. Examples include: ad valorem (property) taxes, fines and penalties, and property forfeitures. Assets from imposed nonexchange revenues are recognized in the period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises or when the resources are received, whichever occurs first. Property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. All other imposed nonexchange revenues are recognized in the same period that the assets are recognized.

Government-mandated Nonexchange Transactions, frequently establish eligibility requirements before a transaction can occur. Examples include federal awards and state financial assistance. Until the requirements are met, the recipient does not have a receivable and the recognition of revenue received in advance is deferred. The providers (usually federal, state, and county governments) often offer resources on a reimbursement ("expenditure-driven") basis at the time the recipient has incurred allowable costs under the applicable program.

Voluntary Nonexchange Transactions, result from legislative or contractual agreements other than exchanges, entered into willingly by two or more parties. Examples include certain grants, entitlements, and donations by nongovernmental entities. Principal characteristics of these types of transactions are (1) they are not imposed on the provider or recipient, and (2) fulfillment of eligibility requirements is essential for a transaction to occur. Assets and revenues are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources received in advance are reported as deferred revenue.

Proprietary fund and pension trust fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

The City's accounts are organized on the basis of funds each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The focus of the governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds, as defined and determined based on criteria established under Governmental Accounting Standards Boards Statement No. 34.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the principal fund of the City which accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds. The majority of current operating expenditures of the City other than proprietary fund activities are financed through revenues received by this fund.

Community Redevelopment Trust Fund - The Community Redevelopment Trust Fund is a special revenue fund established by the City for the economic development of designated areas of the City that receives special incremental ad-valorem tax levies to pay for rehabilitation and redevelopment of the specified area in need of improvement to sustain the tax base, pay for capital projects and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs associated with the CRA Redevelopment Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2012 and the CRA Redevelopment Revenue Note, Series 2013.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewer System - The Water and Sewer System Fund accounts for the costs and recovery of costs in the form of user charges related to the production, treatment and distribution of potable water, along with the collection, treatment and disposal of sewage waste with the City. The maintenance and improvement of utility plant required to provide these goods and services are financed primarily from user charges. Physical plant expansion is financed primarily from revenue bond obligations and other long-term debt borrowings.

Stormwater Drainage Fund - The Stormwater Drainage Fund accounts for user charges assessed to citizens for the operation, maintenance and improvement of the City's stormwater drainage systems. Federal awards and state financial assistance are also a major source of revenue to assist with the financing of capital improvements to these facilities.

Solid Waste Fund - The Solid Waste Fund provides the community with refuse and recycling services provided by third-party contracted vendors, the costs of which are primarily recovered by user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following non-major fund types:

Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, or capital projects) which are legally restricted to finance particular functions or activities of the City. These funds include the Impact Fees Trust Fund, Law Enforcement Trust Fund and Holly Hill Police Explorers Fund.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds).

Pension Trust Funds - Pension trust funds (Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Fund and the Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund) are accounted for by the City to provide data on the accumulation of financial resources to pay pension benefits to qualified participants in the City's Police and Fire pension trust funds.

Internal Service Funds – The City's internal service funds account for the financial activities of its internal data processing and vehicle maintenance. These type funds provide services to departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City has separately accounted for and reported these funds. They had been included with the General Fund at September 30, 2018.

Amounts reported in the funds as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances due to and due from these different types of activities within the primary government.

The City reports as program revenues: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing activities. For the City, operating revenues come from water and sewer service fees and related charges, stormwater service fees, and refuse and recycling collection fees for sanitation services, which are the principal ongoing operations of the City's water/sewer utility, stormwater and solid waste operations. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and local resolution. These policies authorize the City to invest in bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills, or other securities which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, interest bearing savings accounts, interest bearing certificates of deposit and interest bearing time deposits. All of the City's investments are reported at fair value. All fiduciary (police and fire pension) fund investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and payables. Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances," when applicable.

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, which is based upon management's analysis of historical trends. Utility operating sales are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billings rendered monthly. Unbilled accounts receivable are accrued by the City at September 30th, to recognize the sales revenues earned between the last meter reading dates made in mid-September through the end of the fiscal year.

All unpaid property taxes receivable at year-end are at least 180 days past due, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

Inventories and Prepaid Items. The cost of inventories are accounted for on the consumption basis wherein inventories are charged as expenditures when used rather than when purchased. All inventories are valued at cost, which approximates net realizable value, by using the first-in, first-out valuation method. The effect of this method is to flow the costs of the materials and supplies in the order in which they are purchased and to assign a balance sheet inventory valuation more nearly at current replacement value. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures / expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted Assets. Certain proceeds of the City's revenue note obligations, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets in the government-wide financial statements because their use is limited by applicable legal indentures imposed by applicable bond covenants and other legal indentures. The restricted assets are used to report resources set aside to 1) provide a reserve for debt service, 2) provide a reserve for maintenance and replacement costs, and 3) acquire capital assets.

Capital Assets. Capital assets include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets. The terms general capital assets and general infrastructure assets relate only to the assets associated with governmental activities, whereas the terms capital assets and infrastructure assets relate to all such assets belonging to the City. The City has elected to report all known infrastructure assets and related depreciation expense on all infrastructure assets in the entity-wide statement of net position and statement of activities.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one-year. The capitalization policy for building and improvements other than buildings require assets with an initial cost to be \$5,000 or more before it is capitalized. For all infrastructure assets, costs must exceed \$5,000 before the assets are capitalized. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Contributed assets are recorded at fair market value on the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized if they meet the dollar threshold.

Proprietary fund capital assets that are constructed include construction period interest that is capitalized net of interest earned on unexpended construction funds depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related asset.

Maintenance and repairs of property, and replacements and renewals of items determined to be less than units of property, are charged to operating expenses as incurred.

Depreciation is reported for the primary government using the straight-line method (half-year convention in year of acquisition) calculated on a service-life basis to amortize the cost of the asset over their estimated economic useful lives, which are as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	1-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	1-50 years
Equipment	1-30 years
Infrastructure	1-50 years

Compensated Absences. The portion of payroll costs paid subsequent to year-end attributable to services performed prior to year-end, including accumulated unpaid vacation and sick-leave, is recorded and recognized as a current liability. The portion of the liability for compensated absences attributable to periods beyond the current year is recognized as a long-term liability. Two of the City's major governmental funds (General and Community Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Funds) employ personnel and are responsible for liquidating governmental fund compensated absence obligations. The liability for compensated absences in the Proprietary Fund Types is liquidated in the Proprietary Fund in which the liability originally incurred.

Unearned Revenue. Unearned revenues are reported when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are

received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Long-term Obligations. In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources expense until then. The City has only one type of item, which arises from the Police Plan, Fire Plan, FRS and HIS pensions and the OPEB plan, that qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which arises from the Police Plan, Fire Plan, FRS and HIS pensions, that qualifies for reporting in this category. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Pensions / **Net Pension Liabilities.** For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Police defined benefit plan, Fire defined benefit plan, FRS defined benefit plan and the HIS defined benefit plan, and additions to/deductions from the Police, Fire, FRS and the HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Police, Fire, FRS, and HIS plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance Policies. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Those classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable. This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted. This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (i.e. when the government assesses, levies, charges, or otherwise mandates payment of resources from external resource providers and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation). The City has classified Forfeitures as being restricted because their use is restricted

by State Statute for police investigative expenditures. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the revenue note and are restricted through debt covenants. Infrastructure Projects are restricted by State Statute and County laws and are legally segregated for funding of infrastructure improvements.

Committed. This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Commission. The City Commission is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned. This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Commission or through the City Commission delegating this responsibility to the City Manager through the budgetary process, as is authorized under Article I, Section 30-27 of the City's Code of Ordinances.

Unassigned. This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund and fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Net Position. The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt as well as interest accrued on that debt attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category. Restricted net position includes all net position with external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the residual amount of net position of the City that is not restricted for any particular purpose.

Use of Estimates. Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates assumed in preparing the financial statements.

E. New Accounting Standards

The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements have been implemented in the current financial statements:

• Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt*. The objective of this Statement is to better improve the disclosure in notes to governmental financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. No action was required by the City to implement this Statement.

The City is currently evaluating the effects that the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements, which will be implemented in future financial statements, will have on its financial statements for subsequent fiscal years.

- Statement 84," Fiduciary Activities." The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement is currently under review to evaluate the impact it may have on the City's financial statement presentation. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.
- Statement 87, "Leases." The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This statement is currently under review to evaluate the impact it may have on the City's financial statement presentation. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The objectives of this Statement are to improve relevance and comparability about capital assets and the related cost of borrowing as well as simplify the accounting for interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period. It is anticipated that no action will be required by the City to implement this Statement. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.
- Statement No. 90, *Major Equity Interests*. The objective of this Statement is to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization. It is anticipated that no action will be required by the City to implement this Statement. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.
- Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice. It is anticipated that no action will be required by the City to implement this Statement. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.
- Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of

certain GASB statements. It is anticipated that no action will be required by the City to implement this Statement. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position:

Following the governmental fund balance sheet is a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities:

Following the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, there is a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The annual operating budgets are adopted by City Commission using the following procedures:

- Annual budgets are adopted for all funds of the City except for the Pension Trust funds that are effectively controlled through governing agreements and related City ordinances. The annual operating budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year, except for unexpended appropriations on open grant programs and capital projects, which are carried forward in subsequent annual budgets.
- Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances represent open purchase orders and other commitments for goods/services that are not yet received and are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances are recognized as expenditures in the period in which the actual goods/services are received and a liability is incurred. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are canceled and re-appropriated in the succeeding year's budget; such amounts, if material, are disclosed in the notes as commitments.
- Prior to the first day of August of each year, the City Manager prepares a recommended budget for the next succeeding fiscal year and submits it to the City Commission. The recommended budget includes proposed expenditures and the source of receipts to finance them.
- City Commission holds a series of budget workshops in addition to a minimum of two public hearings on the proposed budget and adopts the official annual budget of the City, by ordinance, prior to September 30.

• The budget, as adopted, may only be amended through formal approval by City Commission. Budgetary integration is established in the accounting records for control purposes at the object of expenditure level; however, the City Charter establishes the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed budget at the fund level. Therefore, the City Manager may transfer budgeted amounts within and between departments of the City without formal approval by City Commission.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

During the year ended September 30, 2019, none of the City's funds reported actual expenditures that exceeded budgetary appropriations for the year.

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school district property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Finance Director. The laws of the state regulating tax assessment are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State Statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills. The millage rate assessed by the City was 6.50 mills for the (2018 tax year) fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits. At September 30, 2019, the carrying value of the City's cash deposit accounts totaled \$7,426,039 and the bank balances totaled \$7,853,470. This amount does not include \$1,673 in cash funds at the end of the fiscal year. Additionally, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (Years)						
	Fair		Less		From	From		
	<u>Value</u>		Than 1		1 to 5	<u>6 to 10</u>	<u>Over 10</u>	
SunTrust money market funds	\$ 5,129,165	\$	5,129,165	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Wells Fargo cerificates of deposit	8,995,118		-		8,995,118	-	-	
Florida Prime	2,564,855		2,564,855		-	-	-	
Florida Local Investment Trust	2,561,757		2,561,757		-	-	-	
FL Class	2,563,680		2,563,680		-	-	-	
Intracoastal certificate of deposit	250,000				250,000			
	22,064,575		12,819,457	_	9,245,118			
Pension Trusts:								
Money Market	255,004		255,004		-	-	-	
U.S. Treasury	1,219,837		127,747		658,317	382,707	51,066	
U.S. Government Agencies	177,277		-		6,064	54,128	117,085	
Corporate/municipal bonds	1,698,762		30,007		1,295,328	236,457	136,970	
Bonds international	39,276		-		9,064	30,212	-	
Real Estate Investment Trust	1,033,941		1,033,941		-	-	-	
Pooled funds-real estate	393,254		393,254		-	-	-	
Mortgage backed securities	493,750		-		18,892	141,910	332,948	
Mutual funds-domestic	10,210,358		10,210,358		-	-	-	
Mutual funds-international	486,788		486,788		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
	16,008,247		12,537,099	_	1,987,665	845,414	638,069	
Totals	\$ 38,072,822	\$	25,356,556	\$	11,232,783	<u>\$ 845,414</u>	\$ 638,069	

Interest Rate Risk. The City's investment policy does not specifically address interest rate risk. However, the general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and in general, avoid speculative investments. The City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by investing primarily in pooled investments that have a weighted average maturity of one year or less, with a special provision allowing up to 20% of the investment portfolio to have a maturity of not more than five years.

Investments held in the City's Police and Fire pension trust funds (the "Police Plan" and "Fire Plan", respectively) are generally held to maturity to provide a stable investment interest rate platform which is vital to the projection of actuarial pension costs in the future. Both the Police and Fire Pension trust funds are invested per City Ordinance and in compliance with Florida Statutes F.S. 175 and F.S. 185.

Credit Risk. The City's investment policy limits credit risk by restricting authorized investments to those described above. Also, the policy requires that investments held are to be diversified to the extent practicable to control the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issue, instrument, dealer or bank through which financial instruments are bought and sold.

Custodial Credit Risk. The City's investment policy pursuant to Section 218.415(18), Florida Statutes requires securities, with the exception of certificates of deposits, shall be held with a third party custodian; and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by the City should be properly designated as an asset of the City. The securities must be held in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution. A third party custodian is defined as any bank depository chartered by the Federal Government, the State of Florida, or any other state or territory of the United States which has a branch or principal place of business in the State of Florida, or by a national association organized and existing under the laws of the United States which is authorized to accept and execute trusts and which is doing business in the State of Florida. Certificates of deposits will be placed in the provider's safekeeping department for the term of the deposit.

As of September 30, 2019, the City's investment portfolio was held with a third-party custodian as required by the City's investment policy. The City's investment policy requires that time deposit investments be made only with banking institutions that are members of the State of Florida collateral pool. Florida Statutes authorize, and the state administers, a collateral pool that ensures no loss of public funds.

Concentrations of Credit Risk. The City's investment policy requires diversification, but does not specify limits on types of investments. Both the Police and Fire Pension trust funds investments are per City Ordinance and incompliance with Florida Statutes F.S. 175 and F.S. 185.

Foreign Currency Risk. Investments in the City's Police Plan include international equity stocks and other investments.

The Police Fund's exposure to foreign currency risk at September 30, 2019, is as follows:

<u>Country</u> <u>Percentage</u> <u>Currency</u>		Maturity	Fair Value		
Euro Zone	2.67%	Euro	N/A	\$	293,516
Japan	1.82%	Japanese Yen	N/A		199,505
India	1.10%	Indian Rupee	N/A		121,394
United Kingdom	1.09%	Pound Sterling	N/A		120,132
China	1.04%	Chinese Yuan	N/A		114,832
Brazil	0.74%	Brazilian Real	N/A		81,013
under .60%	<u>2.89%</u>	Various	N/A		317,870
	11.35%			\$	1.248.262

The Fire System's exposure to foreign currency risk as of September 30, 2019, is as follows:

<u>Country</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	Currency	<u>Maturity</u>	F	<u>air Value</u>	
Euro Zone	3.47%	Euro	N/A	\$	165,269	
Japan	2.56%	Japanese Yen	N/A		121,825	
United Kingdom	1.48%	Pound Sterling	N/A		70,642	
India	0.92%	Indian Rupee	N/A		43,624	
China	0.88%	Chinese Yuan	N/A		41,974	
Brazil	0.61%	Brazilian Real	N/A		29,113	
under .60%	3.38%	Various	N/A		160,870	
	<u>13.30%</u>			\$	633,317	

Fair Value Measurements: The City categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the relative inputs used to measure the fair value of the investments. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The asset's or liability's level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The determination of what constitutes observable inputs requires judgment by City's management. City management considers observable data to be that market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable, and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by multiple independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The categorization of an investment or liability within the hierarchy is based upon the relative observability of the inputs to its fair value measurement and does not necessarily correspond to City management's perceived risk of that investment or liability.

The following is a description of the recurring valuation methods and assumptions used by the City to estimate the fair value of its investments. The methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

When available, quoted prices are used to determine fair value. When quoted prices in active markets are available, investments are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. When quoted prices in active markets are not available, fair values are based on evaluated prices received by the City's asset manager from third party service providers.

The City applies fair market value updates to its securities on a daily basis. Security pricing is provided by a third party, and is reported daily to the City by its custodian bank. Assets are categorized by asset type, which is a key component of determining hierarchy levels.

Asset types allowable per the City's investment policy generally fall within hierarchy level 1 and 2. The City recorded its investments at fair value, and primarily uses the Market Approach to valuing each security. All of the City's investments at September 30, 2019, fall within hierarchy level 1 or 2.

NOTE 6 - DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables. Amounts are aggregated into single accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts) amounts for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is a detail of receivables for the governmental and business-type activities anticipated to be collected within an operating cycle at September 30, 2019:

Covernmental Activities		General		development	1	Nanmaiar		Total
Governmental Activities:		General		Agency	-	<u>Nonmajor</u>		<u>10tai</u>
Delinquent taxes	\$	52,007	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,007
Franchise/utility tax payments		316,005		-		_		316,005
Utility service tax		34,054		-		-		34,054
Employee purchase program		8,232		-		=		8,232
Miscellaneous receivables	_	12,449		2,212		93		14,754
		422,747		2,212		93		425,052
Less: bad debt allowance	_	(18,560)		(564)		<u> </u>		(19,124)
Total	\$	404,187	\$	1,648	\$	93	\$	405,928
		Water						
		and	S	tormwater		Solid		
Business-type Activities:		Sewer	:	<u>Drainage</u>		Waste		<u>Total</u>
Customer receivables billed	\$	481,122	\$	60,778	\$	194,747	\$	736,647
Customer receivables unbilled	Ψ	389,405	Ψ	-	Ψ	135,036	Ψ	524,441
Other receivables		-		803		-		7,615
		877,339		61,581		329,783	-	1,268,703
Less: bad debt allowance		(71,742)		(60,204)		(26,705)		(158,651)
Total	\$	805,597	\$	1,377	\$	303,078	\$	1,110,052

Payables. Amounts are aggregated into single accounts payable and accrued liabilities amounts for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is a detail of payables for the governmental and business-type activities anticipated to be paid within an operating cycle at September 30, 2019:

Governmental Activities:	<u>General</u>	Community Redevelopment Agency	<u>Nonmajor</u>	Internal Service	<u>Total</u>
Trade accounts	. ,	\$ 19,813	\$ 76,716	\$ 22,395	\$ 466,932 14,231
Accrued wages	232,303	17,344	_	12,257	261,904
Sales taxes.	45	-	_	-	45
Intergovernmental payable	799	-	-	_	799
Contract retention	21,040	10,000	92,816	-	123,856
Other accrued benefits	130,077				130,077
Total-governmental funds	\$ 746,503	<u>\$ 47,157</u>	<u>\$ 169,532</u>	<u>\$ 34,652</u>	997,844
Accrued interest on debt					49,975
Total-governmental activities					<u>\$ 1,047,819</u>
	Water and	Stormwater	Solid		
Business-type Activities:	Sewer	<u>Drainage</u>	Waste Waste		<u>Total</u>
Current liabilities:					
Trade accounts	\$ 117,662	\$ 13,236	\$ 170,068		\$ 300,966
Accrued wages	70,743	6,369			77,112
D 11 C	188,405	19,605	170,068		378,078
Payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest on debt	151 052	6.500			150 252
Accrued interest on debt	151,853 151,853	6,500 6,500			158,353 158,353
Total-business-type activities	\$ 340,258	<u>\$ 26,105</u>	<u>\$ 170,068</u>		\$ 536,431

NOTE 7 – CONTINGENT MORTGAGES RECEIVABLE

During 2007, the City acquired two parcels of improved real estate in conjunction with the exchange of a single parcel of unimproved vacant land. New residential structures existed on each of the acquired parcels, neither of which had ever been occupied. In 2009, the City opted to dispose of each property through its participation in a Down Payment Assistance Program (DAP), which provides financial assistance to qualifying low and moderate income individuals and families for the purchase of their first home. The DAP was developed to be in compliance with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) HOME regulations and to ensure that the goals of the Down Payment Assistance Program be carried out in a manner consistent with the HUD 24 CFR Part 92 requirements as well as local goals and objectives. By its participation in the DAP "Silent Mortgage" program, the City accepted two separate mortgages in the principal amounts of \$40,750 and \$39,410, on June 19, 2009 and September 30, 2009, respectively. Each silent mortgage is a ten-year, zero percent interest, deferred mortgage which will be forgiven at a rate of 10% per annum beginning one year from the date of the original mortgage. Under the terms and conditions of each silent mortgage, the outstanding balance on the obligation must be repaid to the City at the point of sale, transfer, refinance, or failure to maintain owner occupancy of the property. As of September 30, 2019, there are no balances due on these mortgages.

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Transfers. Transfers occur to move revenues from various funds to debt service funds as debt service principal and interest payments become due and to move funds to finance various programs, provide grant matching funds, or to subsidize operations that the City must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. While there were no interfund transfers between the City's governmental and business-type funds during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the Water and Sewer Fund transferred \$25,377 to the Stormwater Drainage Fund. Additionally, the Solid Waste Fund has loaned the General Fund \$1,320,000. This loan was implemented due to funds spent in previous years for Hurricane costs.

	Transfer To	-	Γransfer From
Business-type Activities:			
Water and Sewer:			
General	\$ 25,377		-
Solid Waste			
General	 <u> </u>		25,377
Totals - business-type activities	\$ 25,377	\$	25,377

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, is as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance 09/30/18	Addition	Adjustments Deletions	Balance 09/30/19
Capital assets not being depreciated:	07/30/10	Hudition	Deterions	07/30/17
Land	\$ 3,473,406	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,473,406
Construction work in progress	6,782,316	2,230,752	(1,525,136)	7,487,932
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,230,752	(1,525,136)	10,961,338
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	5,294,611	26,985	- (2.6.00.5)	5,321,596
Improvements other than buildings	6,265,204	189,719	(26,985)	6,427,938
Machinery and equipment		573,792	(371,661)	3,612,483
Infrastructure				9,783,399
Total capital assets being depreciated	24,753,566	790,496	(398,646)	25,145,416
Less accumulated depreciation for:	(2.21 (.225)	(122.062)		(2.450.455)
Buildings	(2,316,295)	(133,862)	-	(2,450,157)
Improvements other than buildings	(3,034,531)	(245,696)	- 271 661	(3,280,227) (2,330,785)
Machinery and equipment		(250,504)	371,661	
Infrastructure		(217,035)	271 661	(13,736,348)
Total accumulated depreciation		(847,097)		(13,726,248)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,502,754	(56,601)	(26,985)	11,419,168
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 21,758,476	\$ 2,174,151	\$(1,552,121)	\$22,380,506
Business-type activities:	Balance 09/30/18	Addition	Adjustments Deletions	Balance 09/30/19
Capital assets not being depreciated:	09/30/18		Deletions	09/30/19
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	09/30/18 \$ 695,651	\$ -		09/30/19 \$ 695,651
Capital assets not being depreciated:	09/30/18 \$ 695,651		Deletions	09/30/19 \$ 695,651
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	09/30/18 \$ 695,651 105,674	\$ -	Deletions \$ -	09/30/19 \$ 695,651
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction work in progress	09/30/18 \$ 695,651 105,674	\$ - 1,049,198	Deletions \$ -	09/30/19 \$ 695,651
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction work in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated:	09/30/18 \$ 695,651 105,674 801,325	\$ - 1,049,198	Deletions \$ -	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction work in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings	09/30/18 \$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198	Deletions \$ -	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction work in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings	99/30/18 \$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613 33,764,445	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198	Deletions	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613 33,852,734
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction work in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613 33,764,445 5,413,557	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198 - 88,289 429,896	Deletions \$	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613 33,852,734 5,858,778
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction work in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	99/30/18 \$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613 33,764,445 5,413,557 8,406,935	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198 - 88,289 429,896 -	Deletions \$ 15,325	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613 33,852,734 5,858,778 8,406,935
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction work in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	99/30/18 \$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613 33,764,445 5,413,557 8,406,935	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198 - 88,289 429,896	Deletions \$	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613 33,852,734 5,858,778
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	99/30/18 \$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613 33,764,445 5,413,557 8,406,935	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198 - 88,289 429,896 -	Deletions \$ 15,325	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613 33,852,734 5,858,778 8,406,935
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction work in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	99/30/18 \$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613 33,764,445 5,413,557 8,406,935	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198 - 88,289 429,896 -	Deletions \$ 15,325	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613 33,852,734 5,858,778 8,406,935
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613 33,764,445 5,413,557 8,406,935 58,624,550 (7,741,528) (15,471,864)	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198 - 88,289 429,896 - 518,185 (168,205) (1,270,016)	Deletions \$	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613 33,852,734 5,858,778 8,406,935 59,158,060 (7,909,733) (16,741,880)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613 33,764,445 5,413,557 8,406,935 58,624,550 (7,741,528) (15,471,864) (4,490,622)	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198 - 88,289 429,896 - 518,185 (168,205) (1,270,016) (224,735)	Deletions \$	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613 33,852,734 5,858,778 8,406,935 59,158,060 (7,909,733) (16,741,880) (4,730,177)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	09/30/18 \$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613 33,764,445 5,413,557 8,406,935 58,624,550 (7,741,528) (15,471,864) (4,490,622) (4,714,079)	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198 - 88,289 429,896 - 518,185 (168,205) (1,270,016) (224,735) (237,608)	Deletions \$	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613 33,852,734 5,858,778 8,406,935 59,158,060 (7,909,733) (16,741,880) (4,730,177) (4,951,687)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	09/30/18 \$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613 33,764,445 5,413,557 8,406,935 58,624,550 (7,741,528) (15,471,864) (4,490,622) (4,714,079)	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198 - 88,289 429,896 - 518,185 (168,205) (1,270,016) (224,735)	Deletions \$	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613 33,852,734 5,858,778 8,406,935 59,158,060 (7,909,733) (16,741,880) (4,730,177)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613 33,764,445 5,413,557 8,406,935 58,624,550 (7,741,528) (15,471,864) (4,490,622) (4,714,079) (32,418,093)	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198 - 88,289 429,896 - 518,185 (168,205) (1,270,016) (224,735) (237,608) (1,900,564)	Deletions \$	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613 33,852,734 5,858,778 8,406,935 59,158,060 (7,909,733) (16,741,880) (4,730,177) (4,951,687) (34,333,477)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 695,651 105,674 801,325 11,039,613 33,764,445 5,413,557 8,406,935 58,624,550 (7,741,528) (15,471,864) (4,490,622) (4,714,079) (32,418,093)	\$ - 1,049,198 1,049,198 - 88,289 429,896 - 518,185 (168,205) (1,270,016) (224,735) (237,608) (1,900,564)	Deletions \$	09/30/19 \$ 695,651 1,154,872 1,850,523 11,039,613 33,852,734 5,858,778 8,406,935 59,158,060 (7,909,733) (16,741,880) (4,730,177) (4,951,687) (34,333,477)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Government activities:		
General government	\$ 85,880	
Public safety	160,871	
Transportation	210,106	
Economic environment	172,192	
Physical environment	29,941	
Culture/recreation	188,107	
Total depreciation expense - government activities		\$ 847,097
Business-type activities:		
Water and sewer	\$ 1,602,495	
Stormwater drainage	297,516	
Solid waste	553	
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities		\$ 1,900,564

Capitalized construction period interest, net of interest earned on unexpended construction funds, totaled \$-0- for the year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 10 – OPERATING LEASES

The City is committed under various non-cancelable operating leases, primarily for office equipment and a police vehicle (principally in the General Fund), none of which extend beyond five years. These leases are accounted for as operating leases and contain options to be cancelled in the event annual appropriations are not authorized. The minimum future rental payments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining lease terms in excess of one year at September 30, 2019, are as follows:

September 30, 2020	\$ 13,246
September 30, 2021	13,246
September 30, 2022	13,246
September 30, 2023	6,623

Rental expense under these obligations totaled \$12,306 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The City's long-term debt outstanding at September 30, 2019 is as follows:

A. Governmental Activities:			Total Balance Due	Current Maturities
Revenue Note Payable: Promissory note payable to Sun Trust Bank of Volusia County: 2.04% Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) Redevelopment Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2012 dated April 25, 2012; principal and interest payments due semi- annually through 2026; secured by tax increment revenues			\$ 2,590,000	\$ 350,000
Promissory note payable to BB&T: 2.33% Community Redevelopment Age Redevelopment Revenue Note, Series 2 2013; principal and interest payments du through 2026; secured by tax increment	013 dated Apue semi-annu	ially	2,880,000	380,000
Total revenue note and capital lease			5,470,000	730,000
Net post-employment benefits obligation	ed)		1,889,548 1,056,159 5,863,125	188,049
Total governmental activities long-term	debt		\$14,278,832	<u>\$ 918,049</u>
A summary of changes in the City's government	tal activities	long-term debt	for the year is a	as follows:
	Balances 9/30/2018	Additions	Deletions	Balances 9/30/2019
Revenue Notes Payable: SunTrust Bank - 2.04% CRA Redevelopment Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2012\$ BB&T - 2.33% CRA Redevelopment Revenue Note	2,930,000	\$ -	\$ (340,000)	, ,
Series 2013 Net postemployment obligation	3,255,000 1,896,986	-	(375,000) (7,438)	2,880,000 1,889,548
Compensated absences Net pension liability	893,735 5,161,982	569,922 701,143	(407,498) 	1,056,159 5,863,125
<u>\$</u>	14,137,703	\$ 1,271,065	<u>\$(1,129,936)</u>	<u>\$ 14,278,832</u>

Aggregate debt service requirements to maturity on governmental activities long-term debt obligations are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Total
September 30, 2020.	\$ 856,937
September 30, 2021	
September 30, 2022	
September 30, 2023	
September 30, 2024	854,012
September 30, 2025 through 2026	
Total debt service requirements	6,481,111
Less: interest	
Net principal amount	\$ 5,470,000

Interest expense incurred for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2019 totaled \$137,657. The City did not capitalize any construction period interest on governmental activities long-term debt during the year.

B. Business-Type Activities:	Total Balance Due	Current <u>Maturities</u>
Revenue Bonds Payable:		
Water and Sewer System Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2005		
3.82% due in installments to October 2025	\$ 655,000	85,000
Water and Sewer System Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2011		
3.46%, due in installments to October 2030	3,205,000	220,000
Water and Sewer System Improvement Refunding Revenue Bond,		
Series 2012 1.95% due in installments to October 2022	3,585,000	870,000
Water and Sewer System Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2013		
1.94% due in installments to October 2023	810,000	155,000
Revenue Notes Payable:		
State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection-Clean		
Water State Revolving Fund Loan Agreement-3.11%		
construction loan dated July 28, 1998, in the amount of		
\$2,647,500, due semi-annually beginning June 2001 through		
December 2020, secured with water and sewer service charges	308,787	152,011
State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection-Clean		
Water State Revolving Fund Loan Agreement-2.12%		
construction loan dated November 21, 2005, in the amount of		
\$659,388 (amount drawn to date \$306,042), due semi-annually		
beginning April 2007 through October 2027, secured with		
water and sewer service charges	281,327	34,990

	Total Balance Due	Current Maturities
State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection-Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan Agreement-2.17% construction loan dated October 17, 2007, in the amount of \$5,261,318 (amount drawn to date \$5,224,807), due semi-annually beginning September 2009 through September 2029, secured with water and sewer service charges	2,812,908	269,676
on January 15 and July 15, commencing on January 15, 2005 through 2023; secured with stormwater service charges	1,343,279	324,286
Total bonds and notes payable	13,001,301	2,110,963
Capital lease payable to SunTrust Equipment Finance & Leasing Corp – 3.36% (\$379,555) dated November 30, 2018 due in monthly installments Of \$5,077 due in November 2025. Collateralized by specific equipment	338,381	50,208
Net postemployment obligation	668,969 279,214 1,295,687	56,799
Total business-type activities long-term debt	<u>\$15,583,552</u>	2,217,970

A summary of changes in the City's business-type activities long-term debt for the year is as follows:

	Balances	A 1110	D. L.C	Balances
	9/30/2018	Additions	Deletions	9/30/2019
Water and Sewer System Improvement				
Revenue Bond, Series 2005	\$ 735,000	\$ -	\$ (80,000)	\$ 655,000
Water and Sewer System Improvement				
Revenue Bond, Series 2011	3,415,000	-	(210,000)	3,205,000
Water and Sewer System Improvement				
Refunding Revenue Bond,				
Series 2012	4,440,000	-	(855,000)	3,585,000
Water and Sewer System Improvement				
Revenue Bond, Series 2013	960,000	-	(150,000)	810,000
FDEP Clean Water State Revolving				
Fund Loans:				
3.11% Loan dated 07/28/98	456,179	-	(147,392)	308,787
2.12% Loan dated 11/21/05	315,585	-	(34,258)	281,327
2.17% Loan dated 10/17/07	3,076,828	-	(263,920)	2,812,908
3.27% Loan dated 01/30/01	1,660,180	-	(316,901)	1,343,279
Capital Lease	-	379,555	(41,174)	338,381
Net postemployment obligation	671,934	-	(2,965)	668,969
Compensated absences	318,852	178,557	(218,195)	279,214
Net pension liability	1,143,714	151,973	_	1,295,687
	<u>\$ 17,193,272</u>	<u>\$ 710,085</u>	\$(2,319,805)	<u>\$ 15,583,552</u>

The annual debt service and mandatory term bond amortization requirements through maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Bonds	Notes	Lease	Total
September 30, 2020	\$ 1,574,186	\$ 884,089	\$ 60,828	\$ 2,519,103
September 30, 2021	1,562,720	884,089	60,828	2,507,637
September 30, 2022	1,565,415	723,647	60,828	2,349,890
September 30, 2023	1,557,035	723,647	60,828	2,341,510
September 30, 2024	618,835	370,031	60,828	1,049,694
September 30, 2025 through 2029	1,901,017	1,605,093	71,937	3,578,047
September 30, 2030 through 2031	656,732			656,732
Total debt service requirements	9,435,940	5,190,596	376,077	15,002,613
Less: interest	(1,180,940)	(444,295)	(37,696)	(1,662,931)
Net principal amount	\$ 8,255,000	\$ 4,746,301	\$ 338,381	\$ 13,339,682

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2019

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Total interest and debt expense incurred for business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2019 was \$422,913. The City did not capitalize any construction period interest on business-type activities long-term debt during the year. Interest and debt expense includes \$34,875 of amortization expense from deferred charge on refunded obligations for the year.

NOTE 12 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description. The City of Holly Hill, Florida, Other Postemployment Benefits Program (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under one of the City's retirement plans to continue medical and life insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan. For purposes of GASB #75, the Plan does not meet the requirements for an OPEB plan administered through a trust. The OPEB Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Employees covered by benefit terms as of October 1, 2018 were as follows:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	46
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	<u>108</u>
	154

Benefits Provided. A retired employee and his or her spouse are eligible to continue health insurance identical to active employees if they meet the eligibility for retirements under the applicable Plan. The retiree is responsible for paying the entire monthly premium for health coverage and that of any covered spouse or eligible dependents. Upon attainment of age 65, Medicare is considered to be the primary coverage.

A life insurance benefit is offered to retirees. The initial amount of life insurance is equal to final salary at retirement. If retirement occurred before July 1, 2007, then the life insurance benefit is reduced, based on a percentage of the initial amount (65% at age 65, 42% at age 70, and 28% at age 75). If retirement occurred on or after July 1, 2007, then the initial amount is reduced by 50% at age 75. The retiree must pay the full premium in effect for this coverage.

Total OPEB Liability.

Measurement Date – 9/30/2019 Measurement Period – 10/1/2018 to 9/30/2019 Reporting Period – 10/1/2018 to 9/30/2019

Sponsor's Total OPEB liability measurement date - 9/30/2019

Note – The Sponsor's Total OPEB Liability for the City's ledger adjustment was measured as of September 30, 2018 using a discount rate of 3.58%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2019

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions –

2.50%
varies by service
3.58%
8.00%
4.00%
56

All mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 mortality tables. All mortality rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2018 Florida Retirement System (FRS) valuation report.

Mortality – Active Lives For female lives, 100% of the Combined Healthy White-Collar table was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, a 50% Combined Healthy White-Collar table, 50% Combined Healthy Blue-Collar table blend was used. For male special risk lives, a 10% Combined Healthy White-Collar table, 90% Combined Healthy Blue-Collar table blend was used. All tables include fully generational adjustments for mortality improvements using improvement scale BB.

Mortality – Inactive Healthy Lives For female lives, 100% of the Annuitant White-Collar table was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, a 50% Annuitant White-Collar table, 50% Annuitant Blue-Collar table blend was used. For male special risk lives, a 10% Annuitant White-Collar table, 90% Annuitant Blue-Collar table blend was used. All tables include fully generational adjustments for mortality improvements using improvement scale BB.

Mortality -Disabled Lives For female (non-special risk) lives, 100% of the Disabled Female table was used, set forward two years. For female special risk lives, a 60% of the Disabled Female Table, 40% Annuitant White-Collar table with no setback blend was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, 100% of the Disabled Male table was used, set back four years. For Male special risk lives, a 60% Disabled Male table, 40% Annuitant White-Collar table with no setback blend was used. Disabled mortality has not been adjusted for mortality improvements.

Discount Rate Given the City's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high quality municipal bond rate of 3.58%. The high quality municipal bond rate was based on the week closest but not later than the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by the S&P Dow Jones Indices. The S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity of 20 years. Eligible bonds must be rated at least AA by Standard and Poor's Rating Services, Aa2 by Moody's or AA by Fitch. If there are multiple ratings, the lowest rating s used.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the Sponsor, as well as what the Sponsor's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.58 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.58 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Cur		1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.58%)	(3.58%)	(4.58%)
\$ 2	,883,342	\$ 2,558,517	\$ 2,291,832

Net OPEB Liability

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the Sponsor, as well as what the Sponsor's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (3.00% - 7.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.00% - 9.00%) than the healthcare cost trend rates (4.00% - 8.00%):

	1%	Current	1%
	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Increase</u>
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 2,402,910	\$ 2,558,517	\$ 2,738,476

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Sponsor will recognize OPEB expense of \$227,734.

On September 30, 2018, the Sponsor reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB form the following sources:

outed to of 2D form the following sources.	Outflows of	In	flows of
	Resources	R	esources
Changes of Assumptions	\$ 1,569	\$	266,653
The above amounts will be recognized in OPER	B Expense as follows	s:	
September 30, 2020		\$	(74,359)
September 30, 2021			(74,359)
September 30, 2022			(74,359)
September 30, 2023			(42,007)

Components of OPEB Expense. The components of OPEB expense as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

	<u>T</u>	otal OPEB	<u>I</u>	<u>Deferred</u>	D	eferred		OPEB
		<u>Liability</u>	-	<u>Inflows</u>	<u>O</u> ı	<u>utflows</u>	<u>]</u>	Expense .
Beginning balance	\$	2,568,920	\$	129,396	\$	-	\$	-
Total OPEB liability factors:								
Service cost		183,957		-		-		183,957
Interest		113,136		-		-		113,136
Demographic factors		1,961		-		1,961		-
Change in assumptions		(212,008)		212,008		-		-
Current Year Amortization of experience		-		-		(392)		392
Current Year Amortization of assumptions		-		(74,751)		-		(74,751)
Benefit payments		(97,449)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Net Change	\$	(10,403)	\$	137,257	\$	1,569	\$	222,734
Pay-As-You-Go Costs								
Contributions - Employer	\$	102,449	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Benefit payments		(97,449)		-		-		-
Administrative expenses		(5,000)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		5,000
Net change		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				5,000
Ending balance	\$	2,558,517	\$	266,653	\$	1,569	\$	227,734

The Plan is not funded through a trust, however "Pay-As-You-Go" related costs must still be considered when developing the OPEB expense.

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

1. Florida Retirement System (FRS) (Defined Benefit Pension Plan)

General Information About the FRS. The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially, membership in the State-administered FRS and HIS plans is limited to all regular employees of the City who were employed before January 1, 1996 and after September 30, 2005, including those individuals employed between these two periods that subsequently elected to roll over their net pension assets into the FRS Plans. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the Web site:

www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications

Plan Description. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The City's general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes; and
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Members of the Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	% Value
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2018-2019 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of Gross Salary		
		<u>Emplo</u>	oyer (1)
Class	Employee	Pre 7/01/19	Post 6/30/19
FRS, Regular	3.00	8.26	8.47
FRS, Senior Management Service	3.00	24.06	25.41
DROP - Applicable to Members of the Above Class	0.00	14.03	14.60
FRS, Reemployed Retiree		(2)	(2)

Notes:

The City's employer and employee contributions to the FRS Plan totaled \$215,918 and \$63,910, respectively, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This excludes HIS defined benefit pension plan contributions of \$49,732 and FRS Investment Plan contributions of \$45,925.

⁽¹⁾ Employer rates include 1.66 percent and 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy for Pre 7/1/19 and Post 6/30/19, respectively. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.

⁽²⁾ Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At September 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$2,588,529 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2018-2019 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2018-2019 fiscal year contributions of all participating members based on a June 30, 2019 fiscal year. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share was 0.007518387 percent, which was an increase of 0.000459612 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018 of 0.007058775 percent.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized the Plan pension expense of \$441,210. In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	153,575	\$	1,607
Change of assumptions		665,026		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on FRS pension plan investments		-		143,250
Changes in proportion and differences between				ŕ
City FRS contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		142,609		4,341
City FRS contributions subsequent to		,		,
the measurement date		62,427		<u> </u>
Total	\$	1,023,637	\$	149,198

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$62,427, resulting from the City's contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The remaining \$812,282 reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 272,047
2021	101,417
2022	205,797
2023	162,052
2024	70,699
	\$ 812,012

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60 percent

Salary Increases 3.25 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the most recent actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 6.90 percent consists of two building block components: 1) a real (in excess of inflation) return of 4.30 percent, consistent with the currently articulated real return target in the current Florida State Board of Administration's investment policy, developed using capital market assumptions calculated by Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting; and 2) a long-term average annual inflation assumption of 2.60 percent as adopted in October 2019 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. In the opinion of the FRS consulting actuary, Milliman, both components and the overall 6.90 percent return assumption were determined to be reasonable and appropriate per the Actuarial Standards of Practice. The 6.90 percent reported investment return assumption differs from the 7.00 percent investment return assumption chosen by the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference for funding policy purposes, as allowable under governmental accounting and reporting standards.

For reference, the table below contains a summary of Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation (1)	Return	Return	<u>Deviation</u>
Cash	1.00%	3.00%	3.00%	1.80%
Fixed income	18.00%	4.50%	4.40%	4.20%
Global equity	53.00%	7.80%	6.60%	17.00%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	6.60%	5.90%	12.80%
Private Equity	6.00%	11.50%	7.80%	30.00%
Strategic investments	12.00%	6.10%	5.60%	9.70%
Total	100.00%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.60%		1.90%

Note: (1) As outlined in the Plan's Investment Policy

Calculation of Money-Weighted Rate of Return. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on FRS pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 5.98 percent. The money-weighted rate of return considers the changing amounts estimated as invested during a period and weights the amount of pension plan investments by the proportion of time they are available to earn a return during that period. Cash flows are estimated on a monthly basis and are assumed to occur at the beginning of each month. Cash inflows are netted with cash outflows, resulting in a net cash flow in each month. The money-weighted rate of return is calculated net of investment expenses.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(5.90%)	<u>(6.90%)</u>	<u>(7.90%)</u>
The City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 4,475,913	\$ 2,589,228	\$ 1,013,527

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to the FRS Pension Plan. The City had no amounts payable to the FRS Plan for outstanding contributions at September 30, 2019.

2. Florida Retirement System - Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Pension Plan (Defined Benefit Pension Plan)

Plan Description. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the HIS contribution rates for the period from October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019, were 1.66% and 1.66%, respectively, of payroll pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The City contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The City's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$49,732 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At September 30, 2019, the City reported a net pension liability of \$1,035,827 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2018-2019 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2018-2019 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share was 0.009257548 percent, which was an increase of 0.000133722 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018, of 0.009123826 percent.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized the Plan pension expense of \$43,075. In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 12,581	\$	1,268
Change of assumptions	119,936		84,660
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on HIS pension plan investments	668		-
Changes in proportion and differences between			
City HIS contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	49,428		-
City HIS contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	11,154		_
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Total	<u>\$ 193,767</u>	<u>\$</u>	85,928

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$11,154, resulting from the City's contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The remaining \$96,685 reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 30,026
2021	26,005
2022	18,709
2023	3,478
2024	18,467
	\$ 96,685

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2019

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60 percent

Salary Increases 3.25 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 3.50 percent

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2019:

The municipal rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 3.87% to 3.50%.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.50 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the Entity's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.50 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.50 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.50%)	(3.50%)	<u>(4.50%)</u>
City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 1,182,450	\$ 1,035,827	\$ 913,707

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payable to the HIS Pension Plan - The City had no amounts payable to the HIS Plan for outstanding contributions at September 30, 2019.

3. Florida Retirement System – Investment Plan (Defined Contribution Pension Plan)

Pursuant to Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan ("FRS Investment Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. Employees are required to contribute 3.00% of their salary.

The City's employer and employee contributions to the Investment Plan totaled \$45,571 and \$17,688, respectively, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Payable to the FRS Investment Plan - The City had no amounts payable to the FRS Investment Plan for outstanding contributions at September 30, 2019.

4. Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund (Defined Benefit Pension Plan)

Plan Description. The City's Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund (the "Police Fund") is a single-employer defined benefit pension trust fund (fiduciary fund type) of the City established under the provisions of Chapter 42, Article II, Code of Ordinances and Chapter 185, Florida Statutes. The Police Plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits for all City police officers who participate in the plan. Management, administration and operation of the Police Fund, and its investments portfolio, is vested in a five-member Board of Trustees using the services of the City staff, local financial institutions, and contracted third-party fund custodians. The Board of Trustees consists of five trustees, two of whom must be legal residents of the City and appointed by the Holly Hill City Commission, and two of whom must be members of the Police Fund and elected by a majority of the police officers who are members of the Police Fund. The fifth trustee shall be chosen by a majority of the previous four trustees and approved by the Holly Hill City Commission. The Police Fund does not issue a publicly available stand-alone financial report.

Benefits Provided. The Police Fund provides retirement, disability and death benefits to full-time employees who are classified as fulltime police officers that must participate in the Police Fund as a condition of employment. Retirement benefits for vested plan members are calculated as 3 percent of the member's average monthly earnings for the highest 5 years during the 10 years immediately preceding termination times the member's years of credited service. Credited service includes the total years and fractional parts of years of service with the City as a police officer. Average monthly earnings are based on total compensation reportable on the annual Form W-2 plus all tax deferred or tax exempt items of income. An additional 10.6% of earnings is included for calculating average final compensation if the member was employed by the City prior to October 1, 1999.

Police Fund members are eligible for normal retirement benefits at the earlier of age 55 with 6 years (vesting period) of credited service or completion of 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. For members hired on or after July 1, 2011, eligibility for normal retirement benefits is the earlier of age 55 with 10 years of credited service, or completion of 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Early retirement benefits are available to plan members who have reached age 50 with 6 years of credited service, or at age 55 with 10 years of credited service if employed on or after July 1, 2011. Accrued retirement benefits are reduced by 3% for each year that early retirement precedes normal retirement. All plan members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of credited service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire (date of employment as a police officer). Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits and are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction, except that benefits (accrued to date of disability) are not less than 42% of average monthly earnings for service incurred and not less than 25% of average monthly earnings for non-service incurred. Pre-retirement death benefits for vested members are equal to the monthly accrued benefit payable at the member's normal retirement date to a designated beneficiary for 10 years, with payment options available. Non-vested members' designated beneficiaries are entitled to a refund of the member's contributions without interest.

An annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) of 2% is provided to officers retiring on or after September 30, 2006, with the first adjustment occurring on the first year anniversary of the employee's retirement. For all officers retiring on or after October 6, 2009, the two percent cost of living adjustment is provided with the first adjustment occurring on the fifth year anniversary of the employee's retirement date.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. Membership in the Police Fund consisted of the following, as included in the most recent actuarial valuation dated October 1, 2018:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	18
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	8
Active plan members	23
•	<u> </u>
Total	49

Contributions. The Florida Constitution grants the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the City and active plan members to the plan sponsor (City). The City is required to make quarterly contributions to the Police Fund in an amount equal to the required actuarially determined contribution based on the applicable actuarial valuation of the Police Fund performed by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, as provided in Part VII of Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Police Plan members are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary (or 5% of annual covered salary if hired before July 1, 2011). Additionally, pursuant to Chapter 185, Florida Statutes, the state collects a locally authorized insurance premium surcharge for the Police Fund on certain real and personal property insurance policies underwritten in the corporate limits of the City which can only be distributed after the State has ascertained that the local government has met its actuarial funding requirement for the most recently completed fiscal year. In accordance with Florida Statutes, a portion of the premium tax revenues received by the Police Fund are reserved to provide future minimum or extra benefits and may not be used to reduce or offset the contribution requirements of the employers.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the active member contribution rates were 7.0 percent of annual pensionable pay for members hired after June 30, 2011, and 5.0 percent of annual pensionable pay for members hired prior to July 1, 2011, for a total of \$73,685 (or a blended 6.44 percent of covered payroll). For 2019, the City's average contribution rate was 44.50 percent of covered payroll (or \$509,192), and the state funding was 12.14 percent of covered payroll (or \$138,915). Covered payroll for the year ended September 30, 2019, totaled \$1,144,300.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). Any member who is eligible to receive a normal retirement pension in the Police Fund may elect to participate in a deferred retirement option program (DROP) while continuing his or her active employment as a police officer. The DROP participation period may not exceed 60 months beginning at the time an election to participate in the DROP first becomes effective. An election to participate in the DROP constitutes an irrevocable election to resign from the service of the City at the end of the DROP term. A member may participate only once. Upon participation in the DROP, the member becomes a retiree for all plan purposes so that he or she ceases to accrue any further benefits under the Police Fund. Normal retirement payments that would have been payable to the member are accumulated and invested in the DROP program with a guaranteed annual rate of return (equivalent to the actual net rate of investment return, net of broker commissions, management fees and transactions costs), to be distributed to the member upon his or her termination of employment. At September 30, 2019, there was one DROP participant in the Police Fund.

As of September 30, 2019, the balance in the DROP account was \$117,476. When funded, these amounts are included in the total investment balance presented on the statement of fiduciary net position.

Net Pension Liability. The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the

Net Pension Liability. The City's net pension hability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018 updated to September 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary increases	Service based
Discount rate	7.40%
Investment rate of return, net of investment expense, including inflation	7.40%

The most recent actuarial experience study used to review the other significant assumptions was dated August 10, 2016.

Mortality Rates - Healthy Lives. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table as follows:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy White Collar, Scale BB.

Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Combined Healthy White Collar /90% Combined Healthy Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Mortality Rates - Healthy Inactive Lives. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table as follows:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB.

Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar /90% Annuitant Blue Collar,

Scale BB

Mortality Rates - Disabled Lives. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table as follows:

Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For 2019, the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 1.90%.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Real	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity		7.30%
International Equity		2.70%
Fixed Income		3.60%
Private Real Estate		4.90%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability. The following is a summary of the changes in net pension liability for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	T	otal Pension	Pl	an Fiduciary	N	et Pension
		<u>Liability</u>	<u>N</u>	Net Position		Liability
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2018	\$	12,761,902	\$	10,819,490	\$	1,942,412
Changes for the Year:						
Service cost		244,196		-		244,196
Interest		936,633		-		936,633
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		129,854		-		129,854
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Contributions-employer		-		491,324		(491,324)
Contributions-state		-		138,915		(138,915)
Contributions-employee		-		71,049		(71,049)
Net investment income		-		418,296		(418,296)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(697,780)		(697,780)		-
Administrative expense	_	<u> </u>		(20,763)		20,763
Net changes		612,903		401,041		211,862
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2019	\$	13,374,805		11,220,531		2,154,274

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.40 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.40 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.40 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	<u>(6.40%)</u>	<u>(7.40%)</u>	<u>(8.40%)</u>
City's net pension liability	\$ 3,727,837	\$ 2,154,274	\$ 846,758

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Police Fund's fiduciary net position is available from the Board of Trustees of the Holly Hill Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$584,385. On September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Police Fund from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	Deferred Outflows of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	149,730	\$	_
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Pension Plan investments		106,791		_
Total	\$	256,521	\$	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 77,345
2021	18,890
2022	83,944
2023	76,342
	\$ 256,521

5. Firefighter' Retirement System (Defined Benefit Pension Plan)

Plan Description. The City's Firefighters' Retirement System (the "Fire System") is a single-employer defined benefit pension trust fund (fiduciary fund type) of the City established under the provisions of Chapter 42, Article III of the City's Code of Ordinances and Chapter 175, F.S. The Fire System provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits for all City firefighters who participate in the plan.

Management, administration and operation of the Fire System, and its investments portfolio, is vested in a five-member Board of Trustees using the services of the City staff, local financial institutions, and contracted third-party fund custodians. The Board of Trustees consists of five trustees, two of whom must be legal residents of the city and appointed by the Holly Hill City Commission, and two of whom must be members of the Fire System and elected by a majority of the firefighters who are members of the Fire System. The fifth trustee shall be chosen by a majority of the previous four trustees and approved by the Holly Hill City Commission. The Fire System does not issue a publicly available stand-alone financial report.

Benefits Provided. The Fire System provides retirement, disability and death benefits to full-time employees who are classified as fulltime Firefighters that must participate in the Fire System as a condition of employment. Retirement benefits for vested plan members are calculated as 3 percent of the member's average monthly earnings for the best 5 years during the 10 years immediately preceding termination times the member's years of credited service. Credited service includes the total years and fractional parts of years of service with the City as a Firefighter. Average monthly earnings are based on total compensation reportable on the annual Form W-2 plus tax deferred, tax sheltered or tax exempt items of income, including sick leave incentive, cleaning, 10-10 allowances, or any other payments.

Fire System members are eligible for normal retirement benefits at the earlier of age 50 with 6 years (vesting period) of credited service or completion of 25 years of credited service, regardless of age. Early retirement benefits are available to plan members who have reached age 48 with 6 years of credited service. Accrued retirement benefits are actuarially reduced for each year that early retirement precedes normal retirement (which is determined as if employment continued). All plan members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of credited service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire (date of employment as a firefighter). Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits and are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction, except that benefits (accrued to date of disability) are not less than 42% of average monthly earnings for service incurred. Pre-retirement death benefits for vested members are equal to the monthly accrued benefit payable at the member's normal retirement date to a designated beneficiary for 10 years, with payment options available. At a minimum, if a member dies in active service and is vested, 50% of the member's salary at the time of death is payable over the remaining life of the spouse, commencing on the first day of the month following the member's death. Non-vested members' designated beneficiaries are entitled to a refund of the member's contributions.

The benefit terms do not provide for any cost-of-living adjustments for the retired members of the Fire System. However, Fire System retirees receive a supplement of \$19.00 per month per year of credited service payable to the date on which unreduced Social Security benefits become payable.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. Membership in the System consisted of the following, as included in the most recent actuarial valuation dated October 1, 2018:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	12
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	12
•	
Total	24

Contributions. The Florida Constitution grants the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the City and active plan members to the plan sponsor (City). In accordance with Article III, Section 42-65, Holly Hill, Florida, Code of Ordinances, the City is required to make quarterly contributions to the Fire System in an amount equal to the required actuarially determined contribution based on the applicable actuarial valuation of the Fire System performed by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, as provided in Part VII of Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Effective October 1, 2015, plan members are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary. Prior to that date, plan member contributions were 8%. Additionally, pursuant to Chapter 175, Florida Statutes, the State collects a locally authorized insurance premium surcharge for the Fire System on certain real and personal property insurance policies underwritten in the corporate limits of the City which can only be distributed after the State has ascertained that the local government has met its actuarial funding requirement for the most recently completed fiscal year. In accordance with Florida Statutes, a portion of the premium tax revenues received by the Fire System are reserved to provide future minimum or extra benefits and may not be used to reduce or offset the contribution requirements of the employers.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the active member contribution rate was 7.0 percent of annual pay (or \$43,146), the City's average contribution rate was 37.22 percent of annual payroll (or \$229,442), and the state funding was 7.63 percent of annual payroll (or \$47,054). Covered payroll for the year ended September 30, 2019, totaled \$616,377.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). Any member who is eligible to receive a normal retirement pension in the Fire System may elect to participate in a deferred retirement option program (DROP) while continuing his or her active employment as a firefighter. The DROP participation period may not exceed 60 months beginning at the time an election to participate in the DROP first becomes effective. An election to participate in the DROP constitutes an irrevocable election to resign from the service of the City at the end of the DROP term. A member may participate only once. Upon participation in the DROP, the member becomes a retiree for all plan purposes so that he or she ceases to accrue any further benefits under the Fire System plan. Normal retirement payments that would have been payable to the member are accumulated and invested in the DROP program with a guaranteed annual rate of return of 6.5 percent, credited quarterly, to be distributed to the member upon his or her termination of employment. At September 30, 2019, there were one active DROP participant at the end of the year.

As of September 30, 2019, the balance in the DROP account was \$145,311.

Net Pension Liability. The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018 updated to September 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods:

Inflation	2.70%
Salary increases	Service based
Discount rate	7.40%
Investment rate of return, net of investment expense	7.40%

Mortality Rates - Healthy Lives. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table as follows:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy White Collar, Scale BB.

Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Combined Healthy White Collar /90% Combined Healthy Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Mortality Rates - Healthy Inactive Lives. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table as follows:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB.

Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar /90% Annuitant Blue Collar,

Scale BB

Mortality Rates - Disabled Lives. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table as follows:

Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For 2019, the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.40%.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Demonstra Forester	250/	7.200/
Domestic Equity	35%	7.30%
International Equity	15%	2.70%
Bonds	30%	3.60%
Convertibles	10%	6.30%
Private Real Estate	5%	4.90%
REITS	5%	7.20%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability. The following is a summary of the changes in net pension liability for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	Increase (Decrease)			
•	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	<u>Liability</u>	Net Position	<u>Liability</u>	
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2018	\$ 5,959,939	\$ 4,687,772	\$ 1,272,167	
Changes for the Year:				
Service cost	153,193	-	153,193	
Interest	439,372	-	439,372	
Differences between expected and				
actual expeerience	32,132	-	32,132	
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-	
Changes of benefit terms		-	(678)	
Contributions-employer		229,432	(229,432)	
Contributions-state		47,064	(47,064)	
Contributions-employee	-	43,146	(43,146)	
Net investment income	-	220,041	(220,041)	
Benefit payments, including refunds			, , ,	
of employee contributions	(349,987)	(349,987)	-	
Administrative expense		(23,679)	23,679	
Net changes		166,017	108,015	
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2019	\$ 6,233,971	\$ 4,853,789	\$ 1,380,182	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.40 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.40 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.40 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	<u>(6.40%)</u>	<u>(7.40%)</u>	(8.40%)
City's net pension liability	\$ 2,096,720	\$ 1,380,182	\$ 783,162

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Fire System's fiduciary net position is available from the Board of Trustees of the Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$326,900. On September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Fire System from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	56,494 32,599	\$	17,169
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Pension Plan investments		47,034		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	136,127	\$	17,169

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 38,768
2021	19,003
2022	29,790
2023	31,397
	<u>\$ 118,958</u>

The combining Statement of Net Position for the Fiduciary Funds for the year ended September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Police	<u>Fire</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 225,469	\$ 26,452	\$ 251,921
Receivables:			
Broker receivable	-	47,732	47,732
Interest and dividends receivable	17,801	14,521	32,322
		-	
Total accounts receivable	17,801	62,253	80,054
Investments, at fair value		440 = 04	
U.S. Treasury obligations	1,109,043	110,794	1,219,837
U. S. Government Agencies	-	177,277	177,277
Corporate/municipal debt obligations		1,181,005	2,231,788
Real estate investment trust	1,033,941	-	1,033,941
Mutual funds	7,797,537	2,899,609	10,697,146
Pooled funds - real estate		393,254	393,254
Total incompany	10 001 204	4.761.020	15 752 242
Total investments	10,991,304	4,761,939	15,753,243
Total assets	11,234,574	4,850,644	16,085,218
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	25,559	9,358	34,917
Total liabilities	25,559	9,358	34,917
N. D. M			
Net Position:	Ф 11 2 00 01 7	ф. 4.041. 3 06	ф. 1 <i>C</i> 070 201
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 11,209,015	\$ 4,841,286	\$ 16,050,301

The combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the Fiduciary Funds for the year ended September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	<u>Police</u>	<u>Fire</u>	<u>Total</u>
Additions:			
Contributions from:			
Employer	\$ 509,192	\$ 229,442	\$ 738,634
State	138,915	47,054	185,969
Plan members	73,685	43,146	116,831
-	721,792	319,642	1,041,434
Investment income:			
Net realized and unrealized appreciation			
(depreciation) in fair value of investments	282,822	106,368	389,190
Interest and dividend earnings	216,291	139,816	356,107
	499,113	246,184	745,297
Less: investment management fees	(75,602)	(31,581)	(107,183)
	423,511	214,603	638,114
	1,145,303	534,245	1,679,548
Deductions:			
Benefit payments	684,215	349,987	1,034,202
Refunds/withdrawals	32,132	-	32,132
Administrative expenses	35,820	27,924	63,744
	752,167	377,911	1,130,078
	393,136	156,334	549,470
Net position held in trust for pension benefits:			
Beginning of year	10,815,879	4,684,952	15,500,831
End of year	\$ 11,209,015	\$ 4,841,286	\$ 16,050,301

6. General Employees – Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund 401(a) and 457(b) Plans

The City contributes to the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund, which provides for an IRC Section 401(a) defined contribution plan and a 457(b) deferred compensation plan for employer and employee contributions, respectively. These plans are administered by Florida League of Cities, Inc., P.O. Box 1757, Tallahassee, FL 32302-1757. Originally, under Resolution No. 61 and Ordinance No. 2417, as amended, the City established these plans for all full time employees hired on or after January 1, 1996 by revoking its participation in the Florida Retirement System (FRS) pursuant to Chapter 95-338, Laws of Florida with respect to such employees. Utilization of the 401(a) plan was suspended on October 1, 2005, at which time the City subsequently returned to the FRS plans by requiring all full time employees hired on or after October 1, 2005, to enter the FRS plans. The 401(a) plan was subsequently reinstated on July 1, 2010, for any retirees initially reemployed on or after July 1, 2010 who are not eligible for FRS retirement coverage.

The City, as the sponsoring employer, is responsible for defining and amending pension benefit terms, provisions and contribution requirements for the plans. The plans were amended on October 1, 2013 to include recent income tax law provisions applicable to employee benefit plans that were applicable to the plans. The City has the power to amend plan provisions at any time. For each participating employee in the 401(a) plan, the City contributed 2.95% (prior to July 1, 2016) and 3.03% (after June 30, 2016) of covered payroll to individual employee accounts. Eligible employees are required to contribute 3.00% to the 401(a) plan. However, employees are permitted to make contributions to the 457(b) pension plan, up to applicable Internal Revenue Code limits. For the year ended September 30, 2019, employee contributions totaled \$138,782 and the City recognized pension expense of \$1,973.

All qualified employees at least 18 years of age become eligible to participate in the 457(b) plan on the first date of the month following the date of employment. Employees voluntarily contribute to the plan. Employees immediately vest in the elective deferral contributions made to the Plan. The vested portions of the accounts or contributions to the plan are available to the participants immediately upon termination of service. An employee must complete at least six full months of service during the plan year and be employed on the last day of the plan year to vest in any employer contributions. Employees who terminate employment during the plan year for reasons due to death, total and permanent disability, or retirement, are considered fully vested in the employers contribution regardless of the number of full months of service earned during the plan year. Normal retirement benefits are available upon attaining age 60. The plan does not provide for an early retirement date prior to the normal retirement date of age 60.

7. General Employees – Nationwide Retirement Solutions 457(b) Plan

The City contributes to a defined contribution pension plan, which provides for an IRC Section 457(b) deferred compensation plan for employer and employee contributions. This plan is administered by Nationwide Retirement Solutions, P.O. Box 182797 Columbus, OH 43218-2797, to accommodate supplemental employee elective deferrals for employees covered in the City's defined benefit plans. Employees are permitted to make contributions to the pension plan, up to applicable Internal Revenue Code limits. For the year ended September 30, 2019, employee contributions totaled \$124,157 and the City recognized pension expense of \$-0-.

All qualified employees at least 18 years of age become eligible to participate in the 457(b) plan on the first date of the month following the date of employment. Employees voluntarily contribute to the plan. Employees immediately vest in the elective deferral contributions made to the Plan. The vested portions of the accounts or contributions to the plan are available to the participants immediately upon termination of service.

8. Pension Plans – Aggregate Amounts

The aggregate amounts of all pension related items as of September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	<u>FRS</u>	<u>HIS</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Police</u>	<u>Fire</u>	<u>Total</u>
Gross pension liab	\$ 1,714,090	\$ 927,988	\$ 265,084	\$1,897,753	\$ 1,261,224	\$ 6,066,139
Deferred outflows	1,023,637	193,767	1,569	256,521	136,127	1,611,621
Deferred inflows	(149,198)	(85,928)	(266,653)		(17,169)	(518,948)
Net pension liability.	\$ 2,588,529	\$ 1,035,827	\$ -	\$2,154,274	\$ 1,380,182	\$ 7,158,812
OPEB	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,558,517	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,558,517
Pension expense	\$ 441,210	\$ 43,075	\$ 227,734	\$ 584,385	\$ 326,900	\$ 1,623,304

NOTE 14 - LEGAL MATTERS

The City is engaged in routine litigation incidental to the conduct of their respective business and municipal affairs. In the opinion of their Counsel, no legal proceedings are pending against them, not covered by insurance, which would inhibit their ability to perform their operations or materially affect their financial condition.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund(s). The amount, if any, of other expenditures from current or prior years which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

During 2017, the City and the Community Redevelopment Agency of the City approved a property redevelopment agreement in which the City agreed to sell a parcel of property to a developer and to budget and appropriate \$50,000 per year for five consecutive years starting in fiscal year 2018 and ending in fiscal year 2022 to provide a local matching payment to assist the developer in obtaining a grant from the Florida Housing Finance Corporation to develop a housing project on the purchased property.

NOTE 16 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters, all of which is satisfactorily insured by limited risk, high deductible commercial general liability insurance. Commercial insurance policies are also obtained for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Evaluation of Events and Transactions: In preparing these financial statements, management has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through May 5, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

COVID-19 Pandemic. On March 17, 2020, the City of Holly Hill declared a state of emergency in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. On March 18, 2020, the Families First Coronavirus Response Act, which requires employers to provide paid sick leave to employees affected by COVID-19 in certain circumstances, was signed into law, scheduled to take effect on April 1, 2020. All Florida counties have been granted eligibility to receive reimbursement for certain expenditures associated with the pandemic. As this report went to press, most City events and meetings are cancelled or postponed, with City facilities closed to the public. Due to the fluid and continuing nature of this event, however, its ultimate financial impact on the City is not yet ascertainable.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CHANGE IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

Schedule 1

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

	2019
Reporting Period - September 30, 2018	\$ 2,568,920
Service cost	183,957
Interest	113,136
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,961
Changes of assumptions	(212,008)
Changes of benefit terms	-
Contributions - Employer	-
Benefit payments	(97,449)
Other changes	
Net changes	(10,403)
Reporting Period - September 30, 2019	\$ 2,558,517

Notes:

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.18% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2018, to 3.58% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2019.



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES - SPONSOR'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 2

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Reporting Period Ending Measurement Date	/30/2019
Service cost	\$ 183,957
Interest	113,136
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,961
Changes of assumptions	(212,008)
Changes of benefit terms	-
Benefit payments	 (97,449)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(10,403)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	2,568,920
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 2,558,517
Covered Employee Payroll - Projected	\$ 5,167,831
Sponsor's Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	 49.51%

Notes:

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

FY 2019	3.58%
FY 2018	4.18%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

	2019	2018	2017
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:			
City proportion of the net pension liability	0.007518387%	0.007058775%	0.006881069%
City proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,589,228	\$ 2,126,140	\$ 2,035,374
City covered payroll	\$ 2,995,927	\$ 2,972,676	\$ 2,867,432
City proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	86.42%	71.52%	70.98%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%
Schedule of Contributions:			
Contractually required contribution	\$ 260,211	\$ 219,302	\$ 195,246
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (260,211)	\$ (219,302)	\$ (195,246)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>
City covered payroll	\$ 3,099,995	\$ 2,972,676	\$ 2,867,432
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.39%	7.38%	6.81%

Notes:

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date of July 1, 2018, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below:

06/30/2018 06/30/2018

	00/30/2018	00/30/2019
Discount Rate	7.00%	6.90%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense	7.00%	6.90%
Municipal Bond Rate	N/A	N/A

The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees if future experience follows assumptions and the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) is contributed in full each year. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The 6.90 percent rate of return assumption used in the June 30, 2019, calculations was determined by the consulting actuary, Milliman, to be reasonable and appropriate per Actuarial Standard of Practice Number 27 (ASOP 27).

Fiscal Year

	Fiscal	Year				
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
0.006933778%	0.006481624%	0.005933893%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ 1,750,784	\$ 837,189	\$ 362,055	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ 2,899,517	\$ 2,613,798	\$ 2,316,138	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
60.38%	32.03%	15.63%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
84.88%	92.00%	96.09%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ 192,301	\$ 179,377	\$ 155,573	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ (192,301)	\$ (179,377)	\$ (155.573)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ 2,899,517	\$ 2,613,798	\$ 2,316,138	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
((20/	(0/0/	(720/	/ -			/ -
6.63%	6.86%	6.72%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

⁻⁻ On 10/01/2013, GASB 67 was adopted. Comparative data for all prior years is not available. --

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018.

Valuation Date	July 1, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Market Value
Inflation	2.60%
Salary increases including inflation	3.25%
Mortality	Generational RP-2000 with
	Projection Scale BB
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FRS HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

		2019		2018		2017
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:						
City proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	09257548%	0.0	009123826%	0.0	009001025%
City proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,035,827	\$	965,676	\$	962,431
City covered payroll	\$	2,995,927	\$	2,972,676	\$	2,867,432
City proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		34.57%		32.49%		33.56%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		2.63%		2.15%		1.64%
Schedule of Contributions:						
Contractually required contribution	\$	49,732	\$	49,678	\$	47,599
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	(49,732)	\$	(49,678)	\$	(47,599)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
City covered payroll	\$	3,099,995	\$	2,972,676	\$	2,867,432
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.60%		1.67%		1.66%

Notes:

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date of July 1, 2017, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below:

	06/30/2018	06/30/2019
Discount Rate	3.87%	3.50%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense	N/A	N/A
Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index	3.87%	3.50%

In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability under GASB 68 is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate. The single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. The discount rate used in the 2019 valuation was updated from 3.87 percent to 3.50 percent reflecting the change in the Bond Municipal Bond Index.

ear

	Tiscai	1 Cai				
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
0.008940840%	0.008454191%	0.008313805%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ 1,042,018	\$ 862,194	\$ 777,361	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ 2,899,517	\$ 2,613,798	\$ 2,316,138	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
35.94%	32.99%	33.56%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
0.97%	0.50%	0.99%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ 48,132	\$ 35,450	\$ 30,323	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ (48,132)	\$ (35,450)	\$ (30,323)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ 2,899,517	\$ 2,613,798	\$ 2,316,138	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1.66%	1.36%	1.31%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

⁻⁻ On 10/01/2013, GASB 67 was adopted. Comparative data for all prior years is not available. --

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018.

Valuation Date	July 1, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019
Inflation	2.60%
Salary increases including inflation	3.25%
Mortality	Generational RP-2000 with
	Projection Scale BB
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS-LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year Ending September 30, CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT TRUST FUND

•			
	2019	2018	2017
Total Pension Liability:			
Service cost	\$ 244,196	\$ 218,828	\$ 229,740
Interest	936,633	894,090	863,912
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	129,854	135,657	28,475
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(697,780)	(700,275)	(706,537)
Net change in total pension liability	612,903	548,300	415,590
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	12,761,902	12,213,602	11,798,012
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 13,374,805	\$ 12,761,902	\$ 12,213,602
	_		_
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:			
Contributions - employer	\$ 491,324	\$ 453,423	\$ 406,073
Contributions - state	138,915	129,437	117,012
Contributions - employee	71,049	73,523	72,637
Net investment income	418,296	863,758	996,355
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(697,780)	(700,275)	(706,536)
Administrative expense	 (20,763)	 (29,717)	 (25,019)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	401,041	790,149	860,522
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 10,819,490	10,029,341	 9,146,655
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 11,220,531	\$ 10,819,490	\$ 10,007,177
	_		_
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,154,274	\$ 1,942,412	\$ 2,206,425
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	<u>.</u>	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of			
the total pension liability	83.89%	84.78%	81.93%
Covered payroll (*)	\$ 1,144,300	\$ 1,177,752	\$ 1,209,361
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered			
payroll	188.26%	164.93%	182.45%

See notes on following page.

Fiscal Year

2010	6		2015		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 230	0,699	\$	222,322	\$	249,756	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	3,655	,	823,857	•	810,040	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	_		(526)			n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
(370	0,289)		(153,367)		-	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
,	5,611		-		-	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
(619	9,400)		(655,033)		(1,040,177)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
470	0,276		237,253		19,619	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
11,32	7,736		11,090,483		11,070,864	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ 11,798	8,012	\$	11,327,736	\$	11,090,483	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	,	\$	519,860	\$	636,738	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	8,177		102,019		95,509	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	1,468		72,917		67,173	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
612	2,302		(206,521)		599,133	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
,	9,400)		(655,033)		(1,040,176)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	2 <u>,610)</u>		(24,843)		(21,956)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	0,814		(191,601)		336,421	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	<u>5,841</u>		8,737,442		8,401,021	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ 9,140	<u>6,655</u>	\$	8,545,841	\$	8,737,442	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ 2,65	1,357	\$	2,781,895	\$	2,353,041	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
77	7.53%		75.44%		78.78%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ 1,162	2,274	\$	1,130,458	\$	1,135,179	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
228	8.12%		246.09%		207.28%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

⁻⁻ On 10/01/2013, GASB 67 was adopted. Comparative data for all prior years is not available. --



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SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS-LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 5 (Continued)

Year Ending September 30, CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT TRUST FUND

Notes to Schedule:

(*) The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82.

Changes of benefit terms:

For measurement date 09/30/2015, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms resulted from:

For Members hired after July 1, 2011 the Member Contribution rate is decreased from 8% of pay to 7% of pay effective October 1, 2015.

Establishing a share plan.

The bargaining parties mutually consent to allowing the use of all State Monies received to be utilized to offset the City's Required Contribution.

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from an August 10, 2016 Experience study. The following changes have been made:

The assumed mortality rates were amended to match those used by the Florida Retirement System in their July 1, 2015 valuation report.

The investment return assumption was reduced from 7.5% to 7.4%, net of investment related expenses.

The assumption for projected non-regular pensionable compensation paid out at retirement was changed from a flat 40% to an individual assumption based on hours accrued as of July 8, 2011.

The assumed rates of withdrawal were increased by 10% from age 40 to 49 and an assumption was made that 15% of Officers will terminate in their first year of employment.

The assumed rates of retirement were changed to the following table of expected rates:

<u>Service</u>	<u>Age</u>	Rates
Under 20 yrs	50-54	5.0%
	55	50.0%
	56	75.0%
	Over 56	100.0%
Over 20 yrs.	Under 55	50.0%
	55	50.0%
	56	75.0%
	Over 56	100.0%

The assumed individual salary increase was changed from a flat 6.0%, to a service based table with the rate of 10.0% during the first year of employment and 5.5% for all future years of service.

The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.70%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITY CONTRIBUTIONS-LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year Ending September 30, CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT TRUST FUND

	2019	2018	2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 618,783	\$ 582,860	\$ 523,085
determined contribution	 (630,239)	 (582,860)	 (523,085)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (11,456)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
Covered payroll (*)	\$ 1,144,300	\$ 1,177,752	\$ 1,209,361
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	55.08%	49.49%	43.25%

Notes to Schedule:

(*) The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82.

Valuation Date: 10/1/2017

> Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are

reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding Method: Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method: Level percentage of pay, closed

Remaining Amortization Perioc 27 Years (as of 10/01/2017).

RP 2000 Combined Healthy - Sex Distinct. Disabled lives are set forward 5 yrs Mortality:

Interest Rate: 7.4% per year, compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

Retirement Age: Earlier of age 55 and 6 years of service (10 yrs. of service if hired after July 1,

2011), or the completion of 20 years of service, regardless of age. Also any

member who has reached Normal Retirement is assumed to continue

employment for one additional year.

Early Retirement: Commencing with eligibility for Early Retirement Age (age 50 with 6 years of

service (10 years of service if hired after July 1, 2011)), members are assumed

to retire with an immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 5% per year.

Inflation: 2.40% per year. Fiscal Year

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$	569,054	621,879	\$ 732,247	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
_	(569,054)	(621,879)	(732,247)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$	<u> </u>	<u> -</u>	<u> -</u>	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$	1,162,274	5 1,130,458	\$ 1,135,179	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	48.96%	55.01%	64.50%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

⁻⁻ On 10/01/2013, GASB 67 was adopted. Comparative data for all prior years is not available. --

Disability and Termination Rates:	% Becoming
	Disabled

Disabled
the Year
15.00%
15.90%
12.00%
6.50%

Salary Increases: 10% in first year of employment and 5.5% per year after that.

Salary in year of retirement is increased individually to account for lump sums.

Payroll Increase: None

Cost-of-living Adjustments: 2.0% per year for all retirees who retired after September 30, 2006,

commencing 5 years after retirement (including disability retirees and

beneficiaries of retirees).

Asset Valuation Method: Each year, the prior Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward utilizing

the historical geometric 4-year average Market Value return. It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or

below Market Value.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOSLAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year Ending September 30, CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

		2019		2018		2017
Total Pension Liability:						
Service cost	\$	153,193	\$	156,508	\$	170,029
Interest		439,372		424,522		402,775
Change in Excess State Money		_		_		_
Changes of benefit terms		(678)		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		32,132		(28,615)		69,117
Changes of assumptions		_		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(349,987)		(345,506)		(323,535)
Net change in total pension liability		274,032		206,909		318,386
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		5,959,939		5,753,030		5,434,644
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	6,233,971	\$	5,959,939	\$	5,753,030
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:						
Contributions - employer	¢	229,432	\$	258,025	\$	214,936
Contributions - employer		47,064	Ф	43,892	Ф	43,416
Contributions - state Contributions - employee		43,146		44,435		45,607
Net investment income.		220,141		304,959		419,878
		220,141		304,939		419,070
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(349,987)		(345,506)		(323,535)
Administrative expense				(33,611)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	166,117	_	272,194	_	(29,395) 370,907
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning						
		4,687,772	\$	4,415,578	\$	4,034,993
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u> </u>	4,853,889	<u> </u>	4,687,772	<u> </u>	4,405,900
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,380,082	<u>\$</u>	1,272,167	\$	1,347,130
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of						
the total pension liability		77.86%		78.65%		76.58%
Covered payroll		616,377	\$	709,566	\$	651,531
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered						•
employee payroll		223.90%		179.29%		206.76%

See notes on following page.

Fiscal Year

		1.19	cai i cai					
	2016	2015	20	014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$	169,795	\$ 176,40	08 \$ 1	72,709				
	378,039	373,00		53,643	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	(18,139)		-	-	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	(131,917)		-	-	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	15,721	(45,22	25)	-	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	162,997		-	-	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	(325,259)	(271,8	74) (2	71,874)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	251,237	232,3	6 2	54,478	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	5,183,407	4,951,09	91 4,6	96,613	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$	5,434,644	\$ 5,183,40	<u>\$ 4,9</u>	51,091	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$	203,656	\$ 176,49		60,364	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	51,535	55,13		62,761	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	51,275	54,68		52,767	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	358,058	(20,39)	92) 3	12,161	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	(325,259)	(271,8	74) (2	71,874)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	(42,576)	(28,18		20,468)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	296,689	(34,12		95,711	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	3,738,304	3,772,42	<u>29 3,4</u>	76,718	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$	4,034,993	\$ 3,738,30	94 \$ 3,7	72,429	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$	1,399,651	\$ 1,445,10	<u>\$ 1,1</u>	<u>78,662</u>	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	74.25%	72.12	2%	76.19%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$	732,502	\$ 692,9		59,584				
•	,		, ,	<i>)</i>	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	191.08%	208.54	1% 1	78.70%				

⁻⁻ On 10/01/2013, GASB 67 was adopted. Comparative data for all prior years is not available. --



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SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS-LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 7 (Continued)

Year Ending September 30, CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Notes to Schedule:

The Covered Payroll numbers are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Changes of Benefit Terms:

For measurement date 09/30/2019, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms resulted from the provisions of Chapter 112.1816, Florida Statutes. The Statutes state that, effective July 1, 2019, a death of disability(under the definition of total and permanent disability) for a Firefighter due to the diagnosos of cancer or circumstances that the treatment of cancer will be treated as duly-related

For measurement date 09/30/2016, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms from the following Ordinance 2982, adopted 09/12/2016, provided that the Member Contributions be reduced, effective 10/01/2015, from 8% to 7% of Salary.

Ordinance 2974, adopted 06/14/2016, complied with recent State and Federal legislation, including the adoption Plan that will not be funded at this time, the implementation of a cap of 300 hours per year of pensionable overtime, limiting the pensionable lump sum sick and annual leave that is pensionable to the amounts recognized at 10/01/2012.

Changes of Assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the 08/10/2016 Actuarial Experience Study. The Board has made the following assumption changes, as outlined below:

The assumed individual salary increase was changed from a flat 6.0% to a service table with the rate of 10.0% during the first year of employment and 5.5% for all future years of service.

The assumed rates of retirement were changed as follows:

<u>Service</u>	<u>Age</u>	Current
Under 25 yrs	48-49	5.0%
	50	100.0%
	51-54	100.0%
	55-59	100.0%
	Over 60	100.0%
Over 25 yrs.	All	100.0%

The assumed rate of mortality has been changed to match that used by the FRS for special risk employees in their July 1, 2015 valuation report.

The investment return assumption was reduced from 7.5% to 7.4%, net of investment related expenses

The assumed rates of withdrawal have been changed from an age based table to the following service based t

<u>Service</u>	Rate
Over 1 yr.	15.0%
1-4 yrs.	10.0%
5-9 yrs.	6.0%
Over 10 yrs.	2.0%

The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.70%, matching the long-term inflatior assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITY CONTRIBUTIONS-LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year Ending September 30, CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 276,496	\$ 301,917	\$ 258,351	\$ 252,310
determined contribution		(301,917)	\$ (258,351)	(255,192) (2,882)
Covered payroll	\$ 616,377	\$ 709,566	\$ 651,531	\$ 732,502
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	44.86%	42.55%	39.65%	34.84%

Notes to Schedule:

The Covered Payroll numbers are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Valuation Date: 10/1/2017

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding Method: Enry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method: Level percentage of pay, closed Remaining Amortization Period 28 Years (as of 10/01/2017

Mortality: RP-2000 Table with no projection.

Retirement Age: Earlier of age 50 and 6 years of service or 25 years of service, regardless of age.

Also, any Member who has reached Normal Retirement is assumed to continue

employment for one additional year.

Early Retirement: Commencing with the earliest Early Retirement Age (48), members are assumed to

retire with an immediate, subsidized benefit at the rate of 5% per year.

Interest Rate: 7.4% per year, compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

Salary Increases: 10% in first year of employment and 5.5% per year after that.

Salary in year of retirement is increased individually to account for lump sums.

Payroll Growth: None

Inflation:

Asset Valuation Method: Each year, the prior Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward utilizing the

historical geometric 4-year average Market Value return. It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below market value.

% Becoming

2.70% per year.

Termination and Disability Rate Table.

Disabled

Age During Year

20 0.07%

30 0.11%

40 0.19%

50 0.51%

Fiscal Year

2015		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 231,648	\$	222,974	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
\$ (231,648)	<u>\$</u>	(222,974)	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	n/a n/a
\$ 692,977	\$	659,584	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
33.43%		33.81%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

On 10/01/2013, GASB 67 was adopted. Comparative data for all prior years is not available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF MONEY-WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Defined Benefit Pension Plans	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Florida Retirement System	5.98%	9.28%	13.59%	0.57%	3.77%	17.57%
Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund	3.90%	8.74%	11.14%	7.26%	-2.39%	7.30%
Firefighters' Retirement System	4.75%	7.00%	10.59%	9.75%	-0.54%	9.06%

Notes

The rates of return, above, are calculated net of investment expense.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2019 CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds							
		Impact Fees Trust	En	Law forcement Trust]	Holly Hill Police Explorers 7,098		Total Ionmajor Special Revenue Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net):	\$	285,862	\$	34,374	\$	7,098	\$	327,334
Accounts receivable Due from other governments		83		10		- -		93
Total assets	\$	285,945	\$	34,384	\$	7,098	\$	327,427
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable/accrued liabilities Due to other funds		- -	\$	- -	\$	40	\$	40
Total liabilities						40		40
Fund Balances: Restricted for:								
Law enforcement		76,289		34,384		-		110,673
Fire protection		58,575		-		-		58,575
Transportation		124,681		-		-		124,681
Recreation Committed to:		26,400		-		-		26,400
Capital projects fund		-		-		-		-
Recreation projects		-		-		-		-
Law enforcement		_		_		7,058		7,058
Unassigned					-		-	
Total fund balances		285,945		34,384		7,058		327,387
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	285,945	\$	34,384	\$	7,098	\$	327,427

Exhibit 1

		Total
1	Nonmajor Capital Projects	All Nonmajor Governmental
	Fund	Funds
\$	1,877,685	\$ 2,205,019
	583,219	93 583,219
\$	2,460,904	\$ 2,788,331
\$	169,492	\$ 169,532
	169,492	169,532
	-	110,673 58,575
	-	124,681 26,400
	2,291,412	2,291,412
	- - -	7,058
	2,291,412	2,618,799
\$	2,460,904	\$ 2,788,331

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds							
	Impact Fees Trust	Fees Enforcement		Fees Enforcement Police		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Revenue: Permits and fees. \$ Intergovernmental Charges for services. Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous	51,138 - 2,404 - 1,874	\$ - - 13,960 83	\$ - - - 5,498	\$ 51,138 2,404 13,960 7,455				
Total revenue	55,416	14,043	5,498	74,957				
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Culture/recreation Capital Outlay:	-	22,463	2,486	24,949 -				
General government. Public safety. Transportation. Physical Environment. Culture/recreation.	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -				
Debt Service: Principal retirements Interest payments	- -	<u>-</u>						
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	22,463	2,486	24,949				
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	55,416	(8,420)	3,012	50,008				
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)	0 (47,000)			(47,000)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(47,000)			(47,000)				
Net changes in fund balances	8,416	(8,420)	3,012	3,008				
Fund balances, beginning of year	277,529	42,804	4,046	324,379				
Fund balances, end of year	285,945	<u>\$ 34,384</u>	<u>\$ 7,058</u>	\$ 327,387				

Exhibit 2

Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total
Capital Projects Fund	All Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ - 819,815 - 60,583	\$ 51,138 819,815 2,404 13,960 68,038
880,398	955,355
1,265,085	24,949 - 1,265,085 - - - - -
1,265,085	1,290,034
(384,687) 1,940,400	(334,679) 1,940,400
	(47,000)
1,940,400 1,555,713 735,699	1,893,400 1,558,721 1,060,078
<u>\$2,291,412</u>	<u>\$2,618,799</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR IMPACT FEES TRUST FUND

	Budgeted			Actual				
	Original		Final		Amounts	7	Variance	
Revenue: Permits and Fees:								
Law enforcement impact fees\$ Fire protection impact fees	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	7,981 9,179	\$	3,981 9,179	
Roads and streets impact fees Recreation and parks impact fees	10,500 2,000		10,500 2,000		8,354 25,624		(2,146) 23,624	
	16,500		16,500	_	51,138		34,638	
Charges for Services: Roads and streets impact fees					2,404		2,404	
Roads and streets impact rees	_				2,404		2,404	
Miscellaneous:								
Interest earnings	1,750		1,750		1,874		124	
Total revenue	18,250		18,250		55,416		37,166	
Expenditures								
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	18,250		18,250		55,416		37,166	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	_		_		-		-	
Transfers out	(47,000) 28,750		(47,000) 28,750		(47,000)		(28,750)	
Net change in fund balance	-		-		8,416		8,416	
Fund balances, beginning of year	277,529	_	277,529		277,529			
Fund balances, end of year <u>\$</u>	277,529	\$	277,529	\$	285,945	\$	8,416	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND

	Budgeted	An	nounts	Actual		
	Original		Final	Amounts	,	Variance
Revenue: Fines and Forfeitures:						
Confiscated property\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,960	\$	13,960
Miscellaneous:						
Interest earnings	200		200	83		(117)
Total revenue	200		200	14,043		13,843
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety:						
Operating expenditures Capital outlay			27,350	22,463		4,887
Total expenditures	27,350		27,350	22,463		4,887
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	(27,150)		(27,150)	(8,420)		18,730
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriated fund balance	27,150		27,150	_		(27,150)
Net change in fund balance	-		-	(8,420)		(8,420)
Fund balances, beginning of year	42,804		42,804	42,804		<u>-</u>
Fund balances, end of year\$	42,804	\$	42,804	\$ 34,384	\$	(8,420)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR HOLLY HILL POLICE EXPLORERS FUND

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual		
	Original		Final	Amounts	Variance	
Revenue:						
Miscellaneous:						
Interest earnings	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1	\$ 1	
Contributions	-		-	1,677	1,677	
Charges for services	-			3,820	3,820	
Total revenue	_			5,498	5,498	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Culture/recreation:						
Operating expenditures	1,400		2,847	2,486	361	
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	(1,400)		(2,847)	3,012	5,859	
expenditures	(1,400)		(2,047)	3,012	3,639	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Appropriated fund balance	1,400		2,847		(2,847)	
Net change in fund balance	-		-	3,012	3,012	
Fund balances, beginning of year	4,046		4,046	4,046		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,046	\$	4,046	\$ 7,058	\$ 3,012	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual			
	Original	Final	Amounts	Variance		
Revenue:						
Intergovernmental:						
Federal grants:						
FEMA - HMGP \$	-	\$ -	\$ 36,611	\$ 36,611		
State grant:						
FWC	-	-	57,000	57,000		
FIND	890,440	890,440	611,167	(279,273)		
Local grant:				-		
ЕСНО	327,600	327,600	115,037	(212,563)		
-	1,218,040	1,218,040	819,815	(398,225)		
Miscellaneous:						
Contributions	65,000	65,000	50,000	(15,000)		
Interest earnings			10,583	10,583		
-						
Total revenue	1,283,040	1,283,040	880,398	(402,642)		
Expenditures:						
Capital Outlay:						
General government	3,618,589	3,618,589	1,265,085	2,353,504		
Public safety	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	-	-	-		
Culture/recreation	_	_	-			
Total expenditures	3,618,589	3,618,589	1,265,085	2,353,504		
Excess of revenue over (under)						
expenditures	(2.335,549)	(2,335,549)	(384,687)	1,950,862		
_						
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Appropriated fund balance	395,149	395,149	-			
Transfers in	1,940,400	1,940,400	1,940,400	-		
Transfers (out)	-					
Total other financing sources	2,335,549	2,335,549	1,940,400			
Net change in fund balance	-	-	1,555,713	1,950,862		
Fund balances, beginning of year	735,699	735,699	735,699			
Fund balances, end of year <u>\$</u>	735,699	\$ 735,699	\$ 2,291,412	\$ 1,950,862		



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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of City of Holly Hill, Florida's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These tables contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant revenue sources, property taxes and water/sewer utility charges.

Debt Capacity

These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the Commission provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

(Accrual basis of accounting)

•			
	2019	2018	2017
Governmental Activities:			
Net investment in capital assets	16,960,577	15,573,476	\$ 13,755,952
Restricted	6,674,409	6,507,029	6,583,871
Unrestricted (deficit)	419,820	(1,398,695)	(997,664)
Total governmental activities net position	24,054,806	20,681,810	19,342,159
Business-type Activities:			
Net investment in capital assets	13,335,423	11,767,034	10,500,202
Restricted		2,742,943	3,040,594
Unrestricted	12,311,377	11,541,283	11,083,496
Total business-type activities net position	27,665,976	26,051,260	24,624,292
Primary Government:			
Net investment in capital assets	30,296,000	27,340,510	24,256,154
Restricted	8,693,585	9,249,972	9,624,465
Unrestricted		10,142,588	10,085,832
Total primary government net position	\$ 51,720,782	<u>\$ 46,733,070</u>	<u>\$ 43,966,451</u>

During the year ended September 30, 2015, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented resulting in adjustments to beginning net position. Periods previous to that year have not been adjusted for these changes.

Table 1

Tr: 1	T 7
Fiscal	l Year
1 ISCal	ı ı caı

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 16,030,653	\$ 15,794,251	\$ 15,003,479	\$ 14,212,302	\$ 12,676,997	\$ 8,660,237	\$ 8,082,263
4,442,234	3,953,513	3,670,810	3,856,892	4,815,752	8,270,597	7,693,108
(1,397,870)	(1,820,824)	2,736,658	2,522,450	2,968,221	2,543,101	2,148,243
19,075,017	17,926,940	21,410,947	20,591,644	20,460,970	19,473,935	17,923,614
9,338,226	8,306,571	7,665,165	5,175,795	7,180,534	7,253,676	7,358,919
3,618,071	3,552,810	3,517,035	4,083,410	2,671,621	2,974,207	3,153,723
10,027,035	9,575,372	9,460,140	9,983,362	7,774,802	6,338,589	4,529,073
22,983,332	21,434,753	20,642,340	19,242,567	17,626,957	16,566,472	15,041,715
25,368,879	24,100,822	22,668,644	19,388,097	19,857,531	15,913,913	15,441,182
8,060,305	7,506,323	7,187,845	7,940,302	7,487,373	11,244,804	10,846,831
8,629,165	7,754,548	12,196,798	12,505,812	10,743,023	8,881,690	6,677,316
<u>\$ 42,058,349</u>	<u>\$ 39,361,693</u>	<u>\$ 42,053,287</u>	\$ 39,834,211	\$ 38,087,927	<u>\$ 36,040,407</u>	<u>\$ 32,965,329</u>

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA (Accrual basis of accounting)

•			
	2019	2018	2017
Expenses:			
Governmental Activities:			
	Ф 2.72 (.702	Ф 2.72 0.012	Ф 2.262.257
General government		\$ 2,728,813	\$ 2,262,357
Public safety	4,748,821	4,667,120	7,074,310
Physical environment	29,941	23,508	62,816
Transportation		579,611	558,106
Economic environment	2,175,644	451,029	481,087
Culture/recreation	1,247,997	1,023,115	1,028,004
	137,657	145,263	156,078
Total governmental activities expenses	12,163,712	9,618,459	11,622,758
Business-Type Activities:			
Water and sewer	6,322,089	5,148,419	5,095,534
Stormwater Management	1,002,275	740,597	760,023
Solid Waste		1,856,159	1,760,984
Total business-type activities expenses	9,799,432	7,745,175	7,616,541
Total primary government expenses	21,963,144	17,363,634	19,239,299
Program Revenues:			
Governmental Activities:			
Charges for Services:			
General government	3,424,732	1,114,457	1,102,806
Public safety	128,104	361,445	220,607
Physical environment	-	-	
Transportation	110,721	112,583	96,591
Economic environment		112,303	70,371
Culture/recreation	40,131	18,180	17,619
	4,476,544	1,567,327	4,011,193
Operating grants and contributions			
Capital grants and contributions	137,050	136,236	230,421
Total governmental activities program revenues	8,317,282	3,310,228	5,679,237
Business-Type Activities:			
Charges for Services:			
Water/Sewer	7,282,905	6,896,965	6,462,660
Stormwater Management	1,172,041	937,927	947,208
		,	
Solid Waste	2,616,307	2,565,227	2,587,645
Operating grants and contributions	110.000	-	2 220
Capital grants and contributions	119,880		3,330
Total business-type activities program revenues	11,191,133	10,400,119	10,000,843
Total primary government program revenues	19,508,415	13,710,347	15,680,080

Table 2

Fiscal Year								
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010		
\$ 2,303,343 4,223,371	\$ 2,294,042 4,543,641	\$ 2,137,770 4,531,911	\$ 2,298,533 3,978,943	\$ 2,348,014 3,852,378	\$ 2,332,984 3,798,676	\$ 1,847,021 4,192,672		
22,876 945,451	12,801 685,998	11,717 657,879	578,257	289,592	438,564	957,840		
500,992	550,314	676,361	1,242,706	886,764	533,531	819,830		
967,372	945,614	965,559	949,879	866,369	692,810	885,945		
170,864	185,409	200,108	174,347	204,683	235,237	244,726		
9,134,269	9,217,819	9,181,305	9,222,665	8,447,800	8,031,802	8,948,034		
4.540.004	4.545.616	4 2 4 4 5 5 5	4 001 405	4 2 4 2 1 0 5	4.215.604	5.01.4.10.4		
4,749,834	4,547,616	4,244,775	4,001,497	4,243,185	4,215,684 687,803	5,214,124		
803,918 1,773,349	786,211 1,715,096	758,301 1,650,414	655,116 1,662,292	651,874 1,220,928	1,279,669	764,593 1,282,392		
1,773,547	<u> 1,713,070</u>	1,030,414	1,002,272	1,220,720	1,277,007	1,202,372		
7,327,101	7,048,923	6,653,490	6,318,905	6,115,987	6,183,156	7,261,109		
16,461,370	16,266,742	15,834,795	15,541,570	14,563,787	14,214,958	16,209,143		
1,040,484	1,069,540	1,156,153	1,016,014	1,004,448	241,477	217,576		
198,576	250,244	413,875	382,829	396,331	208,354	87,162		
104,955	100,410	91,226	92,495	80,523	108,177	54,413		
22.012	19.206	613	5,765	22 229	20.526	20.021		
22,813 1,483,592	18,296 1,503,092	16,518 1,436,128	14,531 1,143,863	23,338 1,224,367	30,526 1,465,666	28,031 1,279,191		
195,997	456,138	199,013	209,098	397,333	1,403,000 189,546	117,781		
3,046,417	3,397,720	3,313,526	2,864,595	3,126,340	2,243,746	1,784,154		
6,188,254	5,933,831	5,675,300	5,772,142	5,539,606	5,310,187	4,675,679		
946,661	801,878	796,720	803,372	805,923	844,920	866,784		
2,477,576	2,314,039	2,196,706	1,962,148	1,689,857	1,671,500	1,687,980		
	_	_	_	-	11,487	765		
29,484	6,660	11,151	5,052	8,643	18,072	12,804		
9,641,975	9,056,408	8,679,877	8,542,714	8,044,029	7,856,166	7,244,012		
12,688,392	12,454,128	11,993,403	11,407,309	11,170,369	10,099,912	9,028,166		

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

(Accrual basis of accounting)

•			
	2019	2018	2017
Net (Expense)/Revenue:			
Governmental activities	\$ (3.846,430)	\$ (6.308.231)	\$ (5,943,521)
Business-type activities.		2,654,944	2,384,302
Total primary government net expense	(2,454,729)	(3,653,287)	(3,559,219)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position: Governmental Activities:			
Taxes:	2 0 42 2 4 4	2.072.175	2 (07 020
Property taxes	3,943,344	3,872,175	3,605,020
Sales taxes	/	687,814	652,102
Public service taxes	, ,	1,815,018	1,738,944
Intergovernmental revenues		459,288	348,443
Investment earnings	121,730	124,771	58,921
Miscellaneous revenue	160,309	87,688	83,960
Gain (loss) on capital asset disposal	-	-	(1,090,468)
Transfers		1,131,539	813,741
Total governmental activities	7,219,426	8,178,293	6,210,663
Business-Type Activities:			
Investment earnings	167,507	82,286	39,981
Transfers		(1,131,539)	(813,741)
Other	55,508	32,700	30,418
Total business-type activities	223,015	(1,016,553)	(743,342)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 7,442,441</u>	<u>\$ 7,161,740</u>	\$ 5,467,321
Changes in Net Position:			
Governmental activities	\$ 3,372,996	\$ 1,870,062	\$ 267,142
Business-type activities	1,614,716	1,638,391	1,640,960
Total primary government	<u>\$ 4,987,712</u>	\$ 3,508,453	\$ 1,908,102

Note: In 2019, direct allocation and Internal Service charges in the amount of \$1,873,941 are included in Governmental Charges for Services in lieu of transfers between funds.

During the year ended September 30, 2015, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented resulting in adjustments to beginning net position. Periods previous to that year have not been adjusted for these changes.

Table 2 (Continued)

Fiscal Year								
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010		
\$ (6,087,852)	\$ (5,820,099)	\$ (5,867,779)	\$ (6,358,070)	\$ (5,321,460)	\$ (5,788,056)	\$ (7,163,880)		
<u>2,314,874</u>	2,007,485	2,026,387	2,223,809	1,928,042	1,673,010	(17,097)		
(3,772,978)	(3,812,614)	(3,841,392)	(4,134,261)	(3,393,418)	(4,115,046)	(7,180,977)		
3,543,276	3,390,137	3,322,229	3,199,635	3,208,390	3,435,096	3,220,600		
630,891	602,221	565,457	536,137	510,207	521,190	522,556		
1,722,500	1,733,315	1,714,214	1,676,393	1,616,522	1,635,185	1,647,958		
324,537	319,010	300,608	288,696	275,803	1,498,361	1,924,018		
50,743	8,900	4,002	14,658	2,646	4,627	7,058		
148,182	168,310	148,772	156,425	78,127	93,918	78,067		
815,800	631,800	631,800	616,800	616,800	150,000	910,600		
7,235,929	6,853,693	6,687,082	6,488,744	6,308,495	7,338,377	8,310,857		
19,936	10,348	5,186	8,601	1,747	1,747	3,391		
(815,800)	(631,800)	(631,800)	(616,800)	(150,000)	(150,000)	(910,600)		
29,569								
(766,295)	(621,452)	(626,614)	(608,199)	(148,253)	(148,253)	(907,209)		
\$ 6,469,634	\$ 6,232,241	\$ 6,060,468	\$ 5,880,545	\$ 6,160,242	\$ 7,190,124	\$ 7,403,648		
\$ 1,148,077	\$ 1,033,594	\$ 819,303	\$ 130,674	\$ 987,035	\$ 1,550,321	\$ 1,146,977		
1,548,579	1,386,033	1,399,773	1,615,610	1,779,789	1,524,757	(924,306)		

<u>\$ 2,696,656</u> <u>\$ 2,419,627</u> <u>\$ 2,219,076</u> <u>\$ 1,746,284</u> <u>\$ 2,766,824</u> <u>\$ 3,075,078</u> <u>\$ 222,671</u>

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2019	2018	2017
General Fund:			
Nonspendable	17,217	30.737	\$ 75,110
•	*		· ·
Restricted	484,554	399,002	235,491
Committed	-	-	-
Assigned	2,210,612	2,033,089	1,011,304
Unassigned	2,228,493	2,175,186	1,219,178
Total general fund.	4,940,876	4,638,014	<u>\$ 2,541,083</u>
All Other Governmental Funds:			
Nonspendable	-	37	\$ 1,220
Restricted	5,830,972	5,755,688	8,515,283
Committed	2,291,412	735,699	1,078,195
Assigned	7,058	4,046	2,557
Unassigned.			
Total all other governmental funds	8,129,442	6,495,470	\$ 9,597,255

Source: Balance Sheet Statement 3.

Table 3

Fiscal	l Year
1 ISCa	ı ı caı

	2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
\$	9,554	\$	13,296	\$	19,653	\$	17,395	\$	1,645	\$	1,721	\$	51,265
	99,491		228,309		316,533		196,458		605,017		509,827		261,158
	1,146,501		767,132		1,617,533		558,359		1,780,964		975		-
	3,791,172		3,676,556		2,352,968		3,016,441		2,119,220		3,558,549		2,961,396
	3,771,172	_	2,070,220		2,332,700	_	2,010,111	_	2,117,220		3,000,019		2,701,570
<u>\$</u>	5,046,718	\$	4,685,293	\$	4,306,687	\$	3,788,653	\$	4,506,846	\$	4,071,072	\$	3,273,819
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	16,400	\$	-	\$	55,000	\$	-
	8,226,566		7,843,852		7,500,251		8,558,234		4,210,735		7,760,770		7,356,536
	131,223		131,004		130,991		130,978		130,961		130,945		315,515
	1,664		4,597		8,799		4,453		20,045		20,603		-
_				_		_		_	(1,715)	_	(15,199)	_	
\$	8,359,453	\$	7,979,453	\$	7,640,041	\$	8,710,065	\$	4,360,026	\$	7,952,119	\$	7,672,051

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2019	2018	2017
Revenue:			
Taxes	\$ 6,466,760	\$ 6,362,040	\$ 6,057,443
Permits and fees	1,325,250	1,035,373	985,112
Intergovernmental	4,778,115	3,374,400	2,329,931
Charges for services	1,369,612	151,772	144,036
Fines and forfeitures	60,008	210,044	59,294
Miscellaneous	306,378	217,530	1,503,510
Total revenue	14,306,123	11,351,159	11,079,326
Expenditures:			
Ĝeneral government	1,928,980	2,414,366	2,065,509
Public safety	4,461,767	4,771,581	6,820,451
Physical environment	-	-	-
Transportation	849,025	337,299	296,719
Economic environment	1,028,024	258,634	255,518
Culture/recreation	985,466	821,443	823,203
Capital outlay	2,321,187	4,032,573	2,052,201
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	715,000	700,000	685,000
Interest and fiscal charges	*	151,654	162,299
Total expenditures	12,433,673	13,487,550	13,160,900
Excess of revenue over			
(under) expenditures	1,872,450	(2,136,391)	(2,081,574)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Revenue bonds issued	_	- -	- -
Transfers in	1,940,400	1,139,940	2,979,593
Transfers out	(1,940,400)	(8,403)	(2,165,852)
Payment to refunded bond escrow			
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,131,537	813,741
Net change in fund balances.	<u>\$ 1,872,450</u>	\$ (1,004,854)	\$ (1,267,833)
Debt service as a percentage			
of noncapital expenditures	9.1%	9.1%	7.7%
or noncapitar expenditures	$\frac{2.170}{2.1}$	$\frac{2.170}{}$	1.770

Table 4

	Fiscal	Year				
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 5,910,665 977,793 2,178,772 152,030	\$ 5,735,019 997,830 2,459,898 130,129	\$ 5,648,079 1,072,873 2,078,751 133,288	\$ 5,431,600 968,414 1,816,087 126,279	\$ 5,381,971 869,747 2,032,148 123,709	\$ 5,623,744 1,016,041 2,406,507 162,466	\$ 5,872,297 897,290 2,628,694 100,671
37,071 233,659	115,209 179,722	271,272 154,773	228,493 173,812	319,638 96,308	124,005 100,998	45,985 88,078
9,489,990	9,617,807	9,359,036	8,744,685	8,823,521	9,433,761	9,633,015
2,138,730 4,200,985	2,079,960 4,188,393	2,048,137 4,335,023	2,259,139 4,409,235	2,376,905 3,808,003	2,411,056 3,596,628	1,672,409 3,915,840
722,949 309,424 1,046,301 298,994	522,141 563,039 1,212,663 119,004	426,670 1,084,763 1,001,836 798,564	783,393 1,597,229 995,081 221,442	274,514 2,725,325 746,812 2,129,771	126,887 580,112 538,632 857,414	729,145 787,094 734,731 615,324
670,000 176,982	655,000 191,388	640,000 207,834	336,283 127,837	155,367 145,059	269,729 238,097	222,179 248,262
9,564,365	9,531,588	10,542,827	10,729,639	12,361,756	8,618,555	8,924,984
(74,375)	86,219	(1,183,791)	(1,984,954)	(3,538,235)	815,206	708,031
1,676,473 (860,673)	1,479,302 (847,502)	1,486,402 (854,602)	5,000,000 1,226,600 (609,800)	4,835,000 1,117,408 (500,608) (5,069,884)	112,115 620,500 (470,500)	1,734,200 (823,600)
815,800	631,800	631,800	5,616,800	381,916	262,115	910,600

<u>\$ 741,425</u> <u>\$ 718,019</u> <u>\$ (551,991)</u> <u>\$ 3,631,846</u> <u>\$ (3,156,319)</u> <u>\$ 1,077,321</u> <u>\$ 1,618,631</u>

<u>5.4%</u>

3.8%

<u>6.7%</u>

<u>5.7%</u>

<u>9.7%</u>

9.6%

<u>10.1%</u>

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	5					-	
Ended	Ended	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	A	gricultural	ľ	nstitutional
09/30	12/31	Property	Property	Property		Property		Property
2010	2009	\$ 479,872,329	\$ 169,983,130	\$ 70,783,248	\$	242,760	\$	43,910,044
2011	2010	\$ 399,120,185	\$ 131,870,622	\$ 55,444,388	\$	194,695	\$	34,134,225
2012	2011	\$ 341,308,061	\$ 124,913,797	\$ 50,582,833	\$	170,869	\$	32,471,333
2013	2012	\$ 321,531,011	\$ 111,476,945	\$ 47,917,706	\$	124,093	\$	31,699,934
2014	2013	\$ 355,474,927	\$ 113,622,435	\$ 47,842,246	\$	102,733	\$	30,974,889
2015	2014	\$ 331,118,948	\$ 117,233,692	\$ 50,323,505	\$	32,877	\$	32,590,419
2016	2015	\$ 348,087,286	\$ 121,955,224	\$ 52,170,203	\$	35,680	\$	34,610,358
2017	2016	\$ 368,014,057	\$ 130,150,602	\$ 53,764,117	\$	38,763	\$	35,861,332
2018	2017	\$ 389,743,387	\$ 140,927,336	\$ 58,035,864	\$	42,154	\$	37,026,265
2019	2018	\$ 425,887,150	\$ 151,461,812	\$ 61,794,977		n/a	\$	37,968,696

Source: Property Appraiser, Volusia County, Florida Final Post VAB Values Grouped by Property Classification Report

Final Millage Rates Report

Note: ¹Property in the City of Holly Hill is reassessed each year by the Volusia County Property Appraiser. Property is assessed at actual value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

	Vacant	Tangible/			Total	Total
	Land	Centrally	Total	Less:	Taxable	Direct
Government	and	Assessed	Just	Tax-Exempt	Assessed	Tax
Property	Other	Property	Value	Property	Value ¹	Rate ¹
\$ 29,211,428	\$ 23,189,992	\$ 68,279,755	\$ 885,472,686	\$ 238,549,335	\$ 646,923,351	5.72580
\$ 10,345,095	\$ 34,422,523	\$ 63,770,698	\$ 729,302,431	\$ 186,908,332	\$ 542,394,099	6.55950
\$ 10,158,227	\$ 30,882,288	\$ 55,935,254	\$ 646,422,662	\$ 158,594,230	\$ 487,828,432	6.95000
\$ 26,384,666	\$ 16,223,093	\$ 53,870,338	\$ 609,227,786	\$ 158,725,598	\$ 450,502,188	7.35000
\$ 24,296,064	\$ 12,155,503	\$ 51,671,231	\$ 636,140,028	\$ 140,800,574	\$ 495,339,454	7.53000
\$ 26,230,631	\$ 16,079,953	\$ 57,248,114	\$ 630,858,139	\$ 143,984,727	\$ 486,873,412	7.13040
\$ 27,050,216	\$ 17,106,186	\$ 58,516,953	\$ 659,532,106	\$ 147,253,118	\$ 512,278,988	6.89490
\$ 26,995,665	\$ 17,761,873	\$ 58,447,308	\$ 691,033,717	\$ 151,762,995	\$ 539,270,722	6.89490
\$ 28,552,470	\$ 18,165,623	\$ 61,895,661	\$ 734,388,760	\$ 159,368,449	\$ 575,020,311	6.50000
\$ 29,205,776	\$ 14,669,785	\$ 71,135,387	\$ 792,123,583	\$ 167,108,032	\$ 625,015,551	6.25000

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

				Volusia	Volusia	St. Johns
			Volusia	County-	County-	Water
Fiscal	Tax		County-	Voter	School	Management
Year ¹	Year	Holly Hill	Operating ²	Approved	District ²	District
2010	2009	5.72580	5.97434	0.40000	7.80500	0.41580
2011	2010	6.55950	5.90250	0.40000	8.23700	0.41580
2012	2011	6.95000	6.37910	0.40000	8.06300	0.33130
2013	2012	7.35000	6.48090	0.40000	7.88800	0.33130
2014	2013	7.53000	6.87090	0.40000	7.35800	0.32830
2015	2014	7.13040	6.87090	0.40000	7.33600	0.31640
2016	2015	7.13040	6.87090	0.40000	7.19700	0.30230
2017	2016	6.89490	6.65200	0.40000	6.84800	0.28850
2018	2017	6.89490	6.62500	0.40000	6.52000	0.27240
2019	2018	6.50000	6.24640	0.40000	6.28100	0.25620

Source: Property Appraiser, Volusia County, Florida

Note: Tax millage rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

¹All property valuations for the specified fiscal year ends are obtained from the previous year's tax roll

²Includes voted debt service millage rates, as applicable.

Table 6

Florida		East Volusia	Ponce DeLeon	Total-
Inland		Mosquito	Inlet and	All
Navigation	Hospital	Control	Port	Taxing
District	District	District	Authority	Districts
0.03450	2.25000	0.20966	0.09360	22.90870
0.03450	2.00000	0.20800	0.09290	23.85020
0.03450	1.75000	0.20800	0.09290	24.20880
0.03450	1.25000	0.20800	0.09290	24.03560
0.03450	1.00000	0.20800	0.09290	23.82260
0.03450	1.00000	0.18800	0.09290	23.36910
0.03200	0.95500	0.18800	0.09290	23.16850
0.03200	0.75610	0.18800	0.09290	22.15240
0.03200	0.37810	0.18800	0.09290	21.40330
0.03200	0.35460	0.18800	0.09290	20.35110

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

	Sep	tember 30, 20	19
Taxpayer	Assessed Taxable Value (\$ in Thousands)	Rank	Percent to Total Assessed Taxable Value
Daytona Grande LLC	\$ 36,642	1	4.63%
Florida Power & Light Company	14,789	2	1.87%
Holly Hill RHF Housing, Inc	13,789	3	1.74%
Sun Holly Forest, LLC	10,208	4	1.29%
Highlander Corp	10,054	5	1.27%
United Rentals N America Inc	8,231	6	1.04%
J 8 Land Partners LLLP	7,108	7	0.90%
SNH SE Holly Hill LLC	5,638	8	0.71%
NAC Health Plan Inc	5,177	9	0.65%
Metra Electronics Corp	4,971	10	0.63%
Holly Hill Associates, Inc	-	-	-
Charleston Place Ltd. Ptr	-	-	-
Riviera Senior Living	-	-	-
Totals	\$ 116,607		14.72%

Source: Property Appraiser, Volusia County, Florida Explanation of Just and Taxable Values and Top Ten Taxpayers by Taxing Authority Report Final Post VAB Values Grouped by Property Classification Report

Table 7

September 30, 2010

	tember 50, 20	
		Percent
Assessed		to Total
Taxable		Assessed
Value		Taxable
(\$ in Thousands)	Rank	Value
-	-	-
8,141	3	1.26%
10,328	2	1.60%
7,142	4	1.10%
5,661	6	0.88%
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
4,772	10	0.74%
-	-	-
68,281	1	10.55%
5,951	5	0.92%
5,088	9	0.79%
\$ 115,364		17.83%

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

(\$ in thousands)

			Collected with						
Fiscal	Taxes	Fiscal Year of the Levy			(Collections	-	Total Collection	
Year	Levied			Percent		in			Percent
Ended	For			of	5	Subsequent			of
September	Year		Amount	Levy		Years		Amount	Levy
2010	\$ 3,704,154	\$	3,656,359	98.71%	\$	14,656	\$	3,671,015	99.11%
2011	\$ 3,557,834	\$	3,421,257	96.16%	\$	4,215	\$	3,425,472	96.28%
2012	\$ 3,308,482	\$	3,200,817	96.75%	\$	2,899	\$	3,203,716	96.83%
2013	\$ 3,311,191	\$	3,203,655	96.75%	\$	15,556	\$	3,219,211	97.22%
2014	\$ 3,419,275	\$	3,296,191	96.40%	\$	15,607	\$	3,311,798	96.86%
2015	\$ 3,473,127	\$	3,413,302	98.28%	\$	4,250	\$	3,417,552	98.40%
2016	\$ 3,657,068	\$	3,537,828	96.74%	\$	3,694	\$	3,541,522	96.84%
2017	\$ 3,718,849	\$	3,601,297	96.84%	\$	610	\$	3,601,907	96.86%
2018	\$ 3,964,708	\$	3,853,830	97.20%	\$	8,896	\$	3,862,726	97.43%
2019	\$ 4,062,601	\$	3,917,093	96.42%	\$	-	\$	3,917,093	96.42%

Source: Finance Department, City of Holly Hill, Florida Source: Property Appraiser, Volusia County, Florida

Certification of Final Taxable Value DR-422

Note: Tax collections are stated net of early payment discounts ranging from 1% to 4% based on the date of taxpayer payments. Actual tax collections received in each fiscal year are from the prior year's tax levy (i.e. 2019 collections are from the 2018 tax levy) and reported in the year used for revenue recognition.

Fiscal Year Ended September	Gallons of Water Production	Gallons of Wastewater Treated
2010	396,934,000	590,850,000
2011	367,213,000	432,822,000
2012	372,733,000	514,650,000
2013	353,886,000	563,130,000
2014	347,865,000	563,070,000
2015	333,052,000	641,625,000
2016	351,220,000	548,690,000
2017	376,182,000	616,850,000
2018	401,159,000	782,528,000
2019	417,344,000	598,231,000

Source: Public Works Departments, City of Holly Hill, Florida



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WATER AND SEWER UTILITY RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Fiscal	Monthly Water Service Fees							Monthly Sewer Service Fees			
Year		0 to	3	3000 to		Over		0 to		Over	Over
Ended	2	2,999		14,999		15,000		2,999		3,000	15,000
September 30	G	allons	(Gallons		Gallons		Gallons		Gallons	Gallons
2010	\$	12.04	\$	5.67	\$	6.80	\$	13.85	\$	6.52	N/A
2011	\$	12.04	\$	5.67	\$	6.80	\$	13.85	\$	6.52	N/A
2012	\$	12.04	\$	5.86	\$	7.03	\$	14.31	\$	6.74	N/A
2013	\$	12.81	\$	6.04	\$	7.25	\$	14.74	\$	6.95	N/A
2014	\$	13.20	\$	6.23	\$	7.47	\$	15.18	\$	7.16	N/A
2015	\$	13.60	\$	6.42	\$	7.70	\$	15.64	\$	7.38	N/A
2016	\$	14.01	\$	6.62	\$	7.94	\$	16.11	\$	7.61	N/A
2017	\$	14.43	\$	6.82	\$	8.18	\$	16.59	\$	7.84	N/A
2018	\$	14.86	\$	7.02	\$	8.43	\$	17.09	\$	8.08	N/A
2019	\$	15.31	\$	7.23	\$	8.68	\$	17.60	\$	8.32	N/A

Source: Finance Department, City of Holly Hill, Florida

TEN LARGEST WATER AND SEWER CUSTOMERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

	September 30, 2019						
Customer Account Name		Annual Water/ Sewer Sales	Rank	Percent to Total Combined Water/Sewer Sales			
Angelica Health Svc	\$	503,674	1	8.04%			
MGH Condo Assoc Inc		396,450	2	6.33%			
Bishops Glenn		217,080	3	3.47%			
Charleston Place		153,513	4	2.45%			
Blue Tide Apartments #A&B		119,559	5	1.91%			
Holly Point		114,982	6	1.84%			
Maple Leaf Own Condo		66,788	7	1.07%			
Florida Health Care		47,480	8	0.76%			
Five Managers, Inc. (Riviera Senior Living, Inc.)		18,606	9	0.30%			
Metra Electronics Corp		30,679	10	0.49%			
Sun Communities Operating LMT		-	-	-			
Total	\$	1,668,811					

Source: Utility Billing Department, City of Holly Hill, Florida

Table 11

~	. 1	•	^ ^	010
Van	tomb	or 4	1 7	
SCD	temb	יכ נטי	U. Z'	σ

	Sep	otember 30, 20	010
	Annual Water/ Sewer Sales	Rank	Percent to Total Combined Water/Sewer Sales
\$	202,640	1	4.50%
	161,804	2	3.59%
	151,685	3	3.37%
	92,576	6	2.06%
	105,424	5	2.34%
	92,034	4	2.04%
	40,427	10	0.90%
	20,452	8	0.45%
	22,679	9	0.50%
	-	-	-
	12,555	7	0.28%
¢	002 276		
\$	902,276		

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Fiscal		Governmental Activities									В	usiness-type
Year				tate		Other				Water		State
Ended	Rec	levelopment		olving		Notes/				and Sewer		Revolving
September 30		Notes	Fund	Loans ¹	Caj	pital Leases		Total		Bonds	F	und Loans ¹
2010	\$	5,313,755	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,313,755	\$	10,900,000	\$	10,994,949
2011	\$	5,081,398	\$	-	\$	71,509	\$	5,152,907	\$	14,765,000	\$	10,365,004
2012	\$	4,835,000	\$	-	\$	36,283	\$	4,871,283	\$	14,150,000	\$	9,719,893
2013	\$	9,535,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,535,000	\$	15,450,000	\$	9,059,235
2014	\$	8,895,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,895,000	\$	14,465,000	\$	8,382,640
2015	\$	8,240,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,240,000	\$	13,275,000	\$	7,689,713
2016	\$	7,570,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,570,000	\$	12,060,000	\$	6,980,042
2017	\$	6,885,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,885,000	\$	10,820,000	\$	6,253,203
2018	\$	6,185,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,185,000	\$	9,550,000	\$	5,508,772
2019	\$	5,470,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,470,000	\$	8,593,381	\$	4,746,300

Source: Finance Department, City of Holly Hill, Florida

Volusia County Average Per Capita Income - Florida Research and Economic Database

Population - U.S. Census Bureau

Note: Details concerning the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Principal amounts are stated at par and do not include unamortized premiums, discounts or issue costs.

¹ Effective 10/01/2009, the governmental activities' state revolving fund loan was transferred to business-type activities in conjunction with the establishment of the Stormwater UItility Fund.

Table 12

Total	C	Total Primary Sovernment	of Personal Income		Per Capita
\$ 21,894,949	\$	27,208,704	7.24%	\$	2,334
\$ 25,130,004	\$	30,282,911	8.08%	\$	2,603
\$ 23,869,893	\$	28,741,176	7.39%	\$	2,471
\$ 24,509,235	\$	34,044,235	7.30%	\$	2,928
\$ 22,847,640	\$	31,742,640	7.74%	\$	2,718
\$ 20,964,713	\$	29,204,713	5.94%	\$	2,482
\$ 19,040,042	\$	26,610,042	5.48%	\$	2,255
\$ 17,073,203	\$	23,958,203	4.74%	\$	2,006
\$ 15,058,772	\$	21,243,772	5.30%	\$	1,739
\$ 13,339,681	\$	18,809,681	4.70%	\$	1,540

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Table 13

The City of Holly Hill, Florida has had no General Bonded Debt Outstanding during each of the past 10 fiscal years.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Table 14

Governmental Unit	Principal Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes:			
County of Volusia, Florida General Obligation Bonds	\$ 6,380,000	1.8523%	118,178
City direct debt			5,470,000
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 5,588,178

Source: Assessed valuation data used to estimate applicable percentage provided by Volusia County Property Appraiser. Debt outstanding data provided by each government unit.

Note: Includes all direct debt - including bonds, notes, loans and capital leases Estimated percentage based on 2018 Final Gross Taxable Value (Form DR-422)



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LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARSCITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Table 15

The Constitution of the State of Florida, section 200.181, Florida Statutes, and the City of Holly Hill, Florida have set no legal debt limit.

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA (\$000's)

		2019		2018		2017		2016
CRA Redevelopment Revenue Notes:								_
(Defined) revenues	\$	2,361	\$	2,250	\$	2,130	\$	2,000
Less: operating expenses		_		_		_		
Net revenue available for debt service		2,361		2,250		2,130		2,000
Debt Service payments:								
Principal		715		700		685		670
Interest		144		147		162		177
Total debt service payments	\$	859	\$	847	\$	847	\$	847
Coverage ratio (times)		2.75		2.66		2.51		2.36
FDEP Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loans:								
(Defined) stormwater revenues	\$	1,053	\$	937	\$	947	\$	947
Less: operating expenses		414		394		407		457
Net revenue available for debt service		639		543		540		490
Debt Service payments:								
Principal		317		310		303		296
Interest		37		44		50		58
Total debt service payments		354	\$	354	\$	353	\$	354
Coverage ratio (times)		1.81		1.53		1.53		1.38
Water and Corres Creation Barrens Danda.								
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds:	¢	7.005	\$	6 972	\$	6 162	\$	<i>(</i> 100
(Defined) water/sewer system revenues	Ф	7,095	Ф	6,872	Ф	6,463	Ф	6,188
Less: operating expenses		3,309		3,291	-	3,101		2,691
Net revenue available for debt service Debt Service payments:		3,786		3,581		3,362		3,497
Principal		1,295		1,270		1,240		1,215
Interest		280		268		297		325
Total debt service payments	\$	1,575	\$	1,538	\$	1,537	\$	1,540
Coverage ratio (times)		2.40		2.33		2.19		2.27
FDEP Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loans: Subordinate Debt Service payments:								
Principal		446		435		425		413
Interest		85		96		107		117
Total debt service payments	\$	531	\$	531	\$	532	\$	530
Combined Coverage ratio (times)		1.80		1.73		1.62		1.69

Notes: Details concerning the City's outstanding debt obligations are found in the notes to financial statements. Trend information does not include historical reporting of coverage for any retired obligations.

CRA Redevelopment Bonds are secured by tax increment revenues.

FDEP SRF Loan is secured with the City's stormwater utility revenues.

Water and Sewer Bonds are secured by all revenues of the water and sewer system. Operating expenses are stated net of depreciation expense. Debt service amounts for FDEP SRF Loan (which are subordinate to the 2002 Bonds) are combined with all obligations secured by Pledged Revenues.

Table 16

Fiscal Year

 1 1500	i i cai	•						
 2015		2014		2013	2012		2011	2010
\$ 1,972	\$	1,685	\$	1,511	\$ 1,570	\$	2,009	\$ 2,647
 1,972		1,685		1,511	1,570		2,009	 2,647
655		640		300	246		232	222
\$ 192 847	\$	208 848	\$	99 399	\$ 224 470	\$	238 470	\$ 248 470
 2.33		1.99		3.79	3.34		4.27	 5.63
\$ 802 440 362	\$	796 393 403	\$	803 283 520	\$ 806 270 536	\$	845 291 554	\$ 867 362 505
\$ 289 65 354	\$	283 71 354	\$	276 78 354	\$ 270 84 354	\$	264 90 354	\$ 258 96 354
1.02		1.14		1.47	 1.51		1.56	 1.43
\$ 5,934 2,519 3,415	\$	5,675 2,478 3,197	\$	5,776 2,373 3,403	\$ 5,553 2,242 3,311	\$	5,311 2,269 3,042	\$ 4,678 2,666 2,012
1,190 352		985 402		985 402	 855 563		685 563	 605 471
\$ 1,542	<u>\$</u>	1,387	<u>\$</u>	1,387	\$ 1,418	<u>\$</u>	1,248	\$ 1,076
 2.21		2.30		2.45	 2.33		2.44	 1.87
\$ 403 126 529	\$	394 137 531	\$	385 146 531	\$ 376 155 531	\$	366 164 530	\$ 256 172 428
 1.65		1.67		1.77	 1.70		1.71	 1.34



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DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 17

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

Fiscal		Volusia		Per			
Year		County	Capita		Median		County
Ended		Personal	Personal		Household		Unemployment
September 30	Population ¹	Income ²	Income ³		Income ³		Rate ⁴
2010	11,659	\$ 16,512,482	\$	33,445	\$	44,400	12.50%
2011	11,633	\$ 17,078,915	\$	34,339	\$	44,169	10.00%
2012	11,628	\$ 17,445,812	\$	35,228	\$	43,419	10.00%
2013	11,679	\$ 17,611,927	\$	35,238	\$	27,313	6.00%
2014	11,765	\$ 18,413,739	\$	36,664	\$	41,714	5.60%
2015	11,985	\$ 19,297,694	\$	38,154	\$	41,117	5.30%
2016	12,142	\$ 20,461,018	\$	39,151	\$	43,070	5.20%
2017	12,479	\$ 21,280,600	\$	40,566	\$	44,915	3.70%
2018	12,218	\$ 22,613,682	\$	42,374		46,760	3.50%
2019	12,316	n/a	\$	40,081		n/a	2.90%

Sources: ¹U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census. US Census 2018 ACS 5-Year Survey ²2010-2015 U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis for Volusia County, FL 2016-2018 Volusia County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

³U.S. Census Bureau. Amounts indicated are for Volusia County.

⁴U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

	Se	ptember 30, 2019)
			Percent
			to Total
	Total		City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment
Florida Health Care	700	1	11.53%
Metra Electronics Corporation	501	2	8.25%
Holly Hill R.H.F. Housing Inc (Bishop's Glen)	235	3	3.87%
Surface Crafters	125	4	2.06%
City of Holly Hill	110	5	1.81%
Holly Hill School	106	6	1.75%
R & R Industries, Inc	79	7	1.30%
Bob's Space Racers	75	8	1.24%
Angelica	69	9	1.14%
Five Star Quality Care (Riviera)	65	10	1.07%
Cicero Masonry, Inc	-	-	-
Parks Stage Restaurant	-	-	-
Mediatech, Inc	-	-	-
Durostone Solid Surfaces, Inc	-	-	-
Total	2,065		34.01%
Estimated Civilian Labor Force	6,072		

Source: Volusia County Economic Development

Table 18

September 30, 2010

	<u> </u>	Dongout
		Percent
		to
T . 1		Total
Total		City
Employees	Rank	Employment
200	3	3.47%
450	1	7.81%
225	2	3.90%
-	-	-
100	5	1.73%
196	4	3.40%
60	7	1.04%
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
75	6	1.30%
30	8	0.52%
26	9	0.45%
18	10	0.31%
1,380		23.93%

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

				Full-Time E
	2019	2018	2017	2016
General Government:				
City Commission	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
City Manager	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Finance/Administration	13.0	11.0	11.8	11.8
Human Relations	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Information Technology	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Public Safety:				
Police:				
Officers	25.5	25.0	25.0	25.0
Civilians	4.0	5.0	5.7	5.7
Fire:				
Firefighters and officers	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0
Civilians	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Protective Inspection	6.5	5.9	4.0	4.0
Physical Environment:				
Transportation	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Buildings & Grounds	6.5	6.0	6.5	6.5
Culture/Recreation:				
Recreation	-	-	-	-
Economic Environment:				
Community Redevelopment	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Public Works:				
Administration	3.0	-	-	-
Stormwater	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.2
Solid Waste	-	-	-	-
Public Utilities:				
Water	11.0	14.3	14.0	14.0
Sewer	11.0	12.1	12.1	12.1
Total	115.5	115.6	115.3	115.3

Source: City of Holly Hill Budgeted Positions

Table 19

quivalent Employees at September 30,

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
3.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.0
10.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	9.5
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
27.0	31.0	30.0	29.0	32.0	32.0
5.7	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	-
12.0	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.0	14.0
13.0 1.0	13.5 1.0	13.5 1.0	13.5 1.0	13.0 1.5	14.0
4.0					-
4.0	-	-	-	-	-
7.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	3.0
_	_	_	_		
-	-	-	-	-	-
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	-
-	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	4.0
4.7	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.0	2.0
-	-	-	-	-	-
14.0	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.5	13.0
12.1	12.0	12.0	13.0	13.0	13.0
117.1	118.5	117.5	117.5	119.0	102.0

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

	2019	2018	2017
Police:			
Physical arrests	570	732	1,105
Parking violations	-	-	-
Traffic violations	2,112	3,289	1,139
Fire:			
Emergency responses	2,717	3,102	3,154
Inspections	1,175	1,595	1,492
Solid Waste:			
Refuse collected (tons per day)	-	-	-
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	-	-	_
Public Works-Transportation:			
Street resurfacing (miles)	-	-	-
Water:			
New connections	39	4	5
Water main breaks	4	8	5
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	1,144	1,096	1,030
Peak daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	1,526	1,461	1,237
Sewer:			
Average daily treatment (thousands of gallons)	1,640	2,138	1,690

Source: City of Holly Hill Police, Fire, Public Works and Water/Sewer Departments

Note: Solid waste and recycling are collected by an outside agency.

Table 20

Fiscal Year

	1 iseur	1 001				
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
945	741	838	935	1,192	896	929
-	-	-	-	-	1	-
1,704	2,765	1,992	1,358	1,218	1,598	1,960
2,855	2,834	2,423	2,668	2,480	2,480	2,750
1,401	1,089	781	1,134	522	522	400
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	1	-	6	-	-	1
7	2	46	1	4	5	2
3	1	6	12	22	11	27
959	917	960	967	1,024	1,005	1,087
1,145	1,099	1,136	1,153	1,175	1,110	1,285
1,520	1,758	1,543	1,543	1,412	1,456	1,619

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA

2019	2018	2017
1	1	1
4	3	4
1	1	1
69	69	69
1,033	1,033	1,033
97	97	97
1	1	1
4	5	5
2	2	2
-	-	-
3	4	4
1	1	1
1	1	1
1	5	5
2	2	2
75	75	75
408	408	402
2	2	2
66	66	66
42	42	42
3	3	3
	1 4 1 69 1,033 97 1 4 2 - 3 1 1 1 2 75 408 2	1 1 4 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Source: City of Holly Hill Police, Fire, Public Works and Water/Sewer Departments

¹Does not include special patrols i.e. CRA SRT

²Historical data restated to include County, DOT & private roads within the city limits

³Historically recalculated based on current GIS data

⁴FPL Audit June 2013

Table 21

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	4	4	4	4	4	4
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
69	69	69	69	69	69	69
1,033	1,033	1,033	963	963	963	963
97	97	97	97	84	84	84
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	4	4	4	4	4	4
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	3	3	3	3	3	3
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	5	5	5	5	5	5
3	4	4	2	2	2	2

Fiscal Year



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CITY OF HOLLY HILL

1065 Ridgewood Avenue Holly Hill, Florida 32117

www.hollyhillfl.org

AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Stella L. Gurnee, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of the City of Holly Hill which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida;
- 2. City of Holly Hill adopted (Ordinance Numbers 2771, 2772, 2773, and 1984) implementing an impact fee; and
- 3. City of Holly Hill has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Stella L. Gurnee
Finance Director

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF VOLUSIA

Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me, by means of physical presence or online notarization, this day of April, 2020, by Stella L. Gurnee, who is personally known to me or produced as identification and did/did not take an oath.

VALERIE MANNING
MY COMMISSION # GG 350523
EXPIRES: October 30, 2023
Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters

NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF FLORIDA

Marry Sixyatura

Manning Duinted Name

Commission No.: 64350523

My Commission Expires: October 30, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, and Members of the City Commission City of Holly Hill, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Holly Hill, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 5, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

May 5, 2020



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Mayor, and Members of the City Commission City of Holly Hill, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of City of Holly Hill, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated May 5, 2020.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and Independent Accountants' Report on an Examination Conducted in Accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 5, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same. The financial condition assessment was done as of September 30, 2019.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Annual Financial Report

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report for the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.







INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, and Members of the City Commission City of Holly Hill, Florida

We have examined City of Holly Hill, Florida's (the City) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the period October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the period October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

May 5, 2020



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