ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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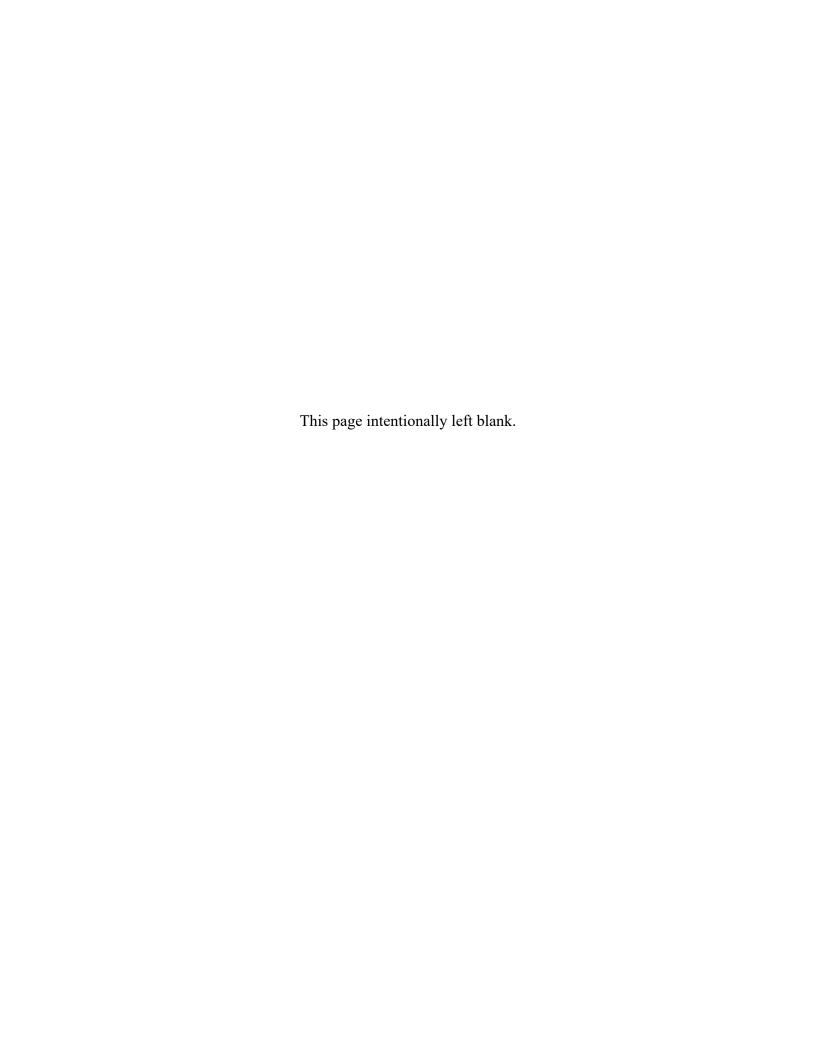
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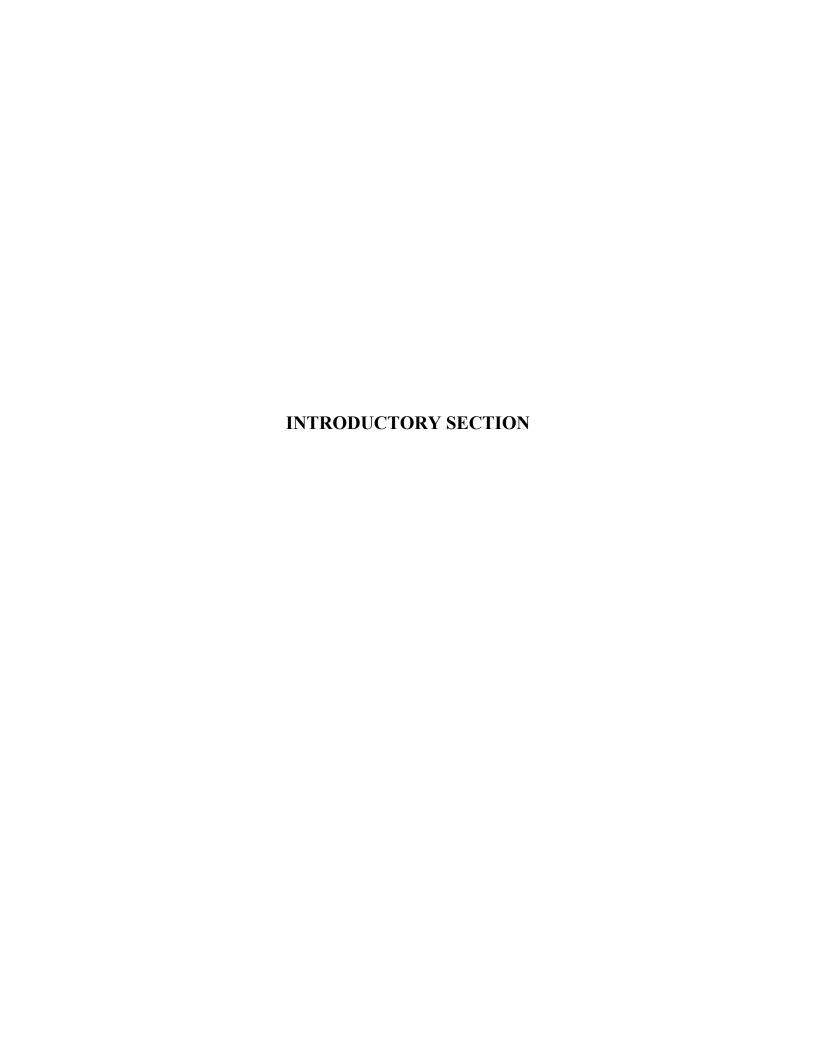
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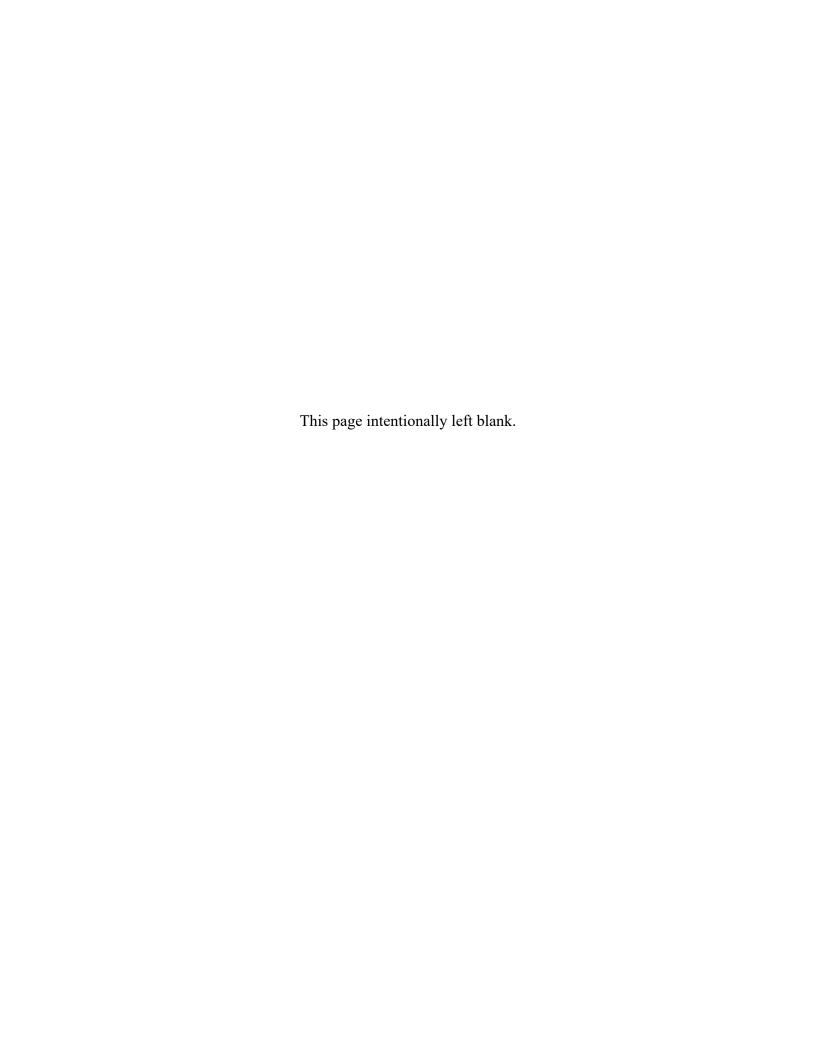
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Islamorada, Village of Islands

September 9, 2020

Citizens of Islamorada, Village of Islands, and Honorable Mayor and Members of the Village Council Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida

Presented for your consideration and review is the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida, for the year ended September 30, 2019. This report was prepared by the Village's Finance and Administration Department in accordance with the Village Charter, State Statutes, and generally accepted accounting principles for governments. Village management is responsible for the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures.

The Village has established an internal control framework that is designed both to protect the Village's assets from loss or misuse and to compile sufficiently reliable accounting information for financial statement preparation in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) established by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). We believe that the Village's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the Village's assets are protected and that the financial statements will be free of material misstatement. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of internal controls should not outweigh the benefits likely to be derived, and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the Village. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Village's financial activities have been included.

Chapter 281.39 of the Florida Statutes requires that an independent certified public accountant audit the financial statements of municipalities. This requirement has been met for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and the report of the independent auditors, Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC, has been included in the Financial Section of this report.

Governmental accounting and auditing principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Village's MD&A, which can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors Report in the Financial Section of this report.

THE VILLAGE

Islamorada, Village of Islands, is a string of subtropical islands eighteen miles long with a population of 6,400 residents as of April 1, 2020. The Village consists of four Keys; Plantation Key, Windley Key, Upper Matecumbe Key and Lower Matecumbe Key. The Village derives its municipal powers from a charter granted by the legislature of the State of Florida on December 31, 1997. The Village operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The governing body of the Village consists of a five-member Village Council, each of whom is elected for a two-year term. The Village Council determines policy, adopts local legislation, approves the Village's budget, sets taxes and fees, and appoints the Village Manager, Village Attorney and members of various boards and committees. The day to day operations of the Village are under the leadership of the Village Manager.

The Village provides a wide variety of services, including; general government administration; building and code enforcement; planning and zoning; public safety (fire protection and emergency medical services); public works; parks and recreation (parks maintenance, recreational activities, cultural events, and related facilities); and solid waste collection. In addition, the Village operates a recreational marina, a wastewater utility and a stormwater utility as enterprise funds.

The financial reporting entity includes all of the funds and account groups of the Village and, in accordance with GASB Codification of Governmental and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, "Defining the Reporting Entity," includes only those activities over which the Village is financially accountable.

BUDGETARY PROCEDURES AND CONTROLS

State of Florida statutes require that all municipal governments establish budgetary systems and approve balanced annual operating budgets. The Village Manager is responsible for preparation of the annual budget, which is submitted to the Village Council for approval in July of each year. A series of public hearings is conducted, and prior to October 1, a final operating budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution. In addition, the Village maintains budgetary controls, including an encumbrance system for the issuance of purchase orders and travel authorizations. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Village Council. Changes or amendments to the total budget of the Village or a department must be approved by the Council.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The Village's primary focus continues to be reductions in discretionary operating expenditures, with an emphasis on maintaining an acceptable level of service for Village residents. The Village monitors budgeted versus actual expenditures and revenue collections closely for early identification of unfavorable trends. The Village's strong and stable overall financial condition and adequate fund balances give reasonable assurance that the Village can adjust to unexpected reductions in revenue or significant unplanned expenditures.

On September 10, 2017, Hurricane Irma affected the Florida Keys and the Village. The Village was able to fund hurricane response and recovery efforts, including debris management and debris monitoring activities, through use of unassigned fund balance accumulated for this purpose. The local economy appears to be improving post Hurricane Irma, and the quality of life for Village residents continues to be enhanced by the availability of superior recreational facilities, the tropical climate, and the superb fishing and diving, which also makes the Village a consistently popular tourist attraction. Through fiscal year 2018-2019 and fiscal year 2019-2020, housing sales remain high despite impacts from Hurricane Irma. Within the Village, many renovations of existing residential and commercial structures occurred and construction of new single family residential developments for sale or for use as vacation rentals were started.

Affordable workforce housing continues to be an issue that the Village Council is activity addressing through acquisition of lands for construction of affordable housing units and donations to Habitat for Humanity. In Fall 2020, a 16-unit Habitat for Humanity of the Upper Keys development on Windley Key will be ready for occupancy. Eight of the units will be rented and eight of the units will be sold. The Village holds a 99-year ground lease on the property.

The Village's tourism-based economy is at times affected by economic events worldwide. The importance of the tourist industry in Islamorada is demonstrated by the fact that many of the Village's top taxpayers are hotels and resorts. For fiscal year ending September 30, 2019 the Village's two largest sales tax derived revenue sources (local government ½ cent sales tax and local discretionary sales surtax) increased from fiscal year 2017-2018. The outlook for fiscal year 2019-2020 is for sales tax revenues to decrease by as much as 30% due to shutdowns and restrictions within the Keys in response to the coronavirus pandemic. These decreases will affect the Transportation Fund and the Capital Projects Fund where sales tax-based revenue sources are the main funding source.

In fiscal year 2018-2019 and in fiscal year 2019-2020, the Village has experienced increased revenues due to increased issuance of building permits for new construction and renovations. The Village Council waived building permit fees associated with Hurricane Irma recovery. The required hookup to the wastewater collection and transmission system has contributed to increased building permit and other revenues although permit activity in this area is beginning to decline. In June 2019, the area's unemployment rate was the lowest among all counties in the State of Florida. However, by June 2020, unemployment rates increased as they did nationally due to the pandemic.

LONG TERM PLANNING

The Village continues to pursue and modify its long term goals as outlined in the adopted Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan. The Village has completed construction of a Village-wide wastewater collection and transmission system. With completion of this project, the Village has been able to begin considering funding stormwater and canal restoration projects to improve water quality in the area. The Village continues to seek grants from the state and federal governments to supplement its other revenue sources and minimize borrowing.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

Legislation passed by the 1999 Florida Legislature (chapter 99-395 Law of Florida) mandated higher wastewater treatment standards in the Florida Keys. By December 31, 2015, all wastewater treatment systems in the Keys must be Advanced Wastewater Treatment (AWT) or Best Available Technology (BAT) for treatment. The mandate required that all wastewater treatment systems in the Keys be upgraded or replaced to meet stringent nutrient reduction requirements.

In 2009 the Village completed construction of a collection system and treatment plant in the North Plantation Key area providing wastewater services to 16% of the properties within the boundaries of the Village. At the end of fiscal year 2011-2012, the Village entered into a contract with Reynolds Water Islamorada, LLC, to design, build and operate a wastewater collection and transmission system in the remaining areas of the Village not yet serviced with wastewater (the Remaining Service Area (RSA)). Service availability to all areas of the Village was accomplished by December 31, 2015, pursuant to the State of Florida's mandate.

Repayment of financing of the entire project and cash availability and flow continues to be a priority of Village staff and the Village Council as the Village has moved toward full operations and maintenance capacity. In FY 2017-2018 previously contracted wastewater operations and maintenance staff was brought in-house. To accommodate in-house staff, the Village purchased vehicles and equipment. The Village continues to operate its wastewater collection and transmission system with in-house staff.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Staff expresses our appreciation and thanks to the Mayor and Council members for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Village in a responsible and progressive matter.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Forster

Mayor

Maria T. Bassett

Maria & Bassett

Acting Village Manager/Finance Director

Parks & Recreation Wastewater Utility Stormwater Utility **Public Works VILLAGE ATTORNEY** Fire Rescue **VILLAGE MANAGER** VILLAGE COUNCIL VILLAGE RESIDENTS Enforcement Local Law **Building Services** Code Compliance Development Planning & Communications Administration **PYH Marina** Finance & ₩ 1 Village Clerk

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART Maintenance

Roadway

Solid Waste

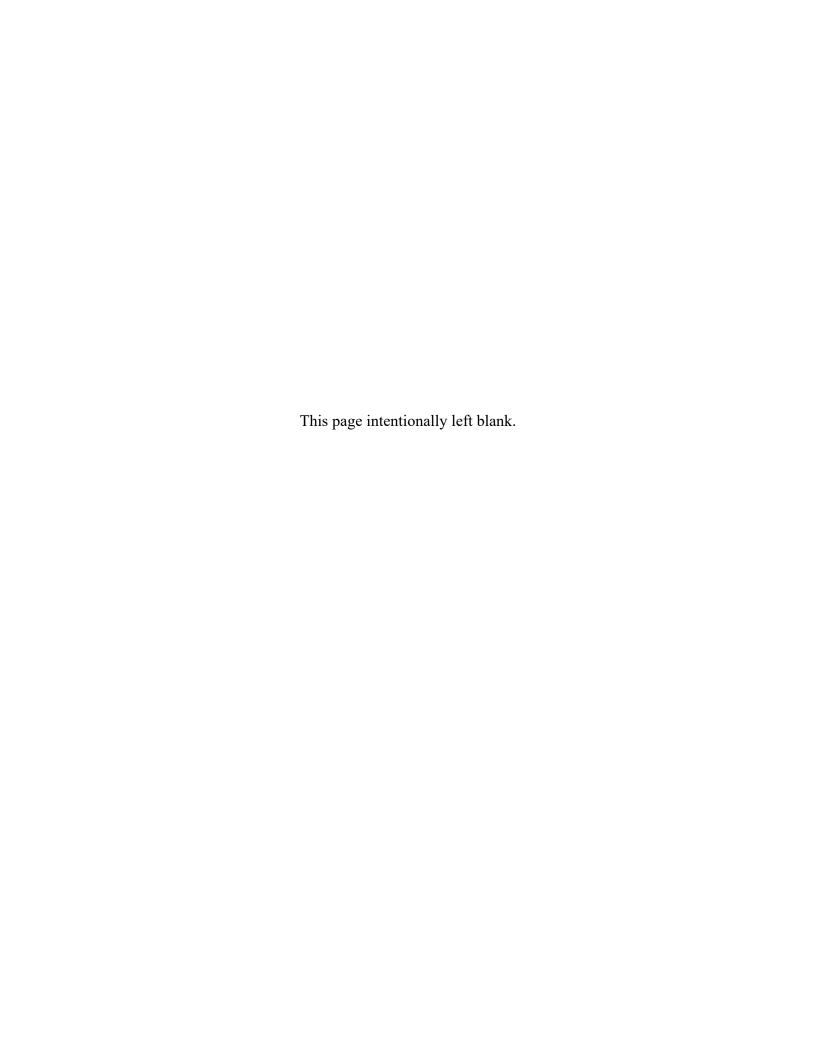
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LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

<u>TITLE</u>	<u>NAME</u>
Mayor	Mike Forster
Vice Mayor	Ken Davis
Council Member	Deb Gillis
Council Member	Jim Mooney
Council Member	Chris Sante
Village Manager	Seth Lawless
Finance Director	Maria T. Bassett
Village Clerk	Kelly Toth
Village Attorney	Roget Bryan







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village Council and Village Manager Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida, (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (on pages 4 through 14) and the schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - budget and actual - General Fund, schedule of Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability - FRS & HIS, schedules of contributions - FRS and HIS, and schedule of changes in the Village's total OPEB liability and related ratios (on pages 59 through 65) to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

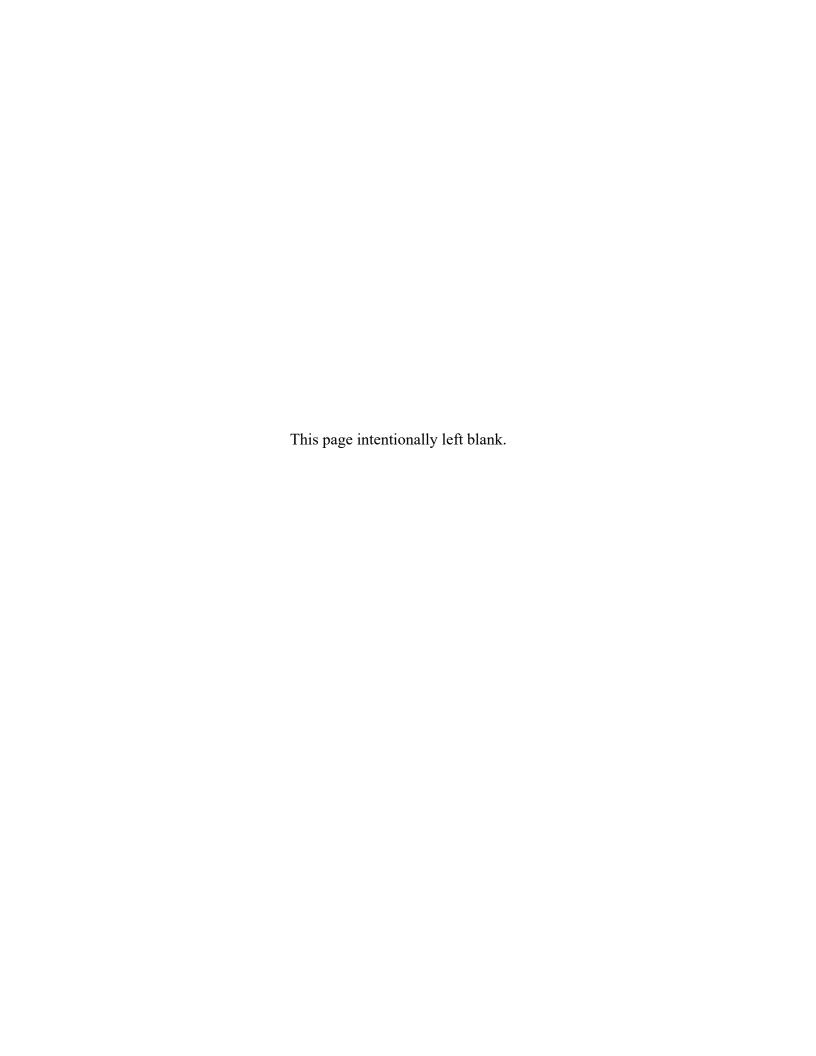
The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 9, 2020, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida September 9, 2020



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

As management of Islamorada, Village of Islands (the "Village"), we offer readers of the Village's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the current fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, in comparison to the previous fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-iv of this report, as well as information in the Village's financial statements and notes.

Fund-based financial reporting and government-wide reporting are not viewed as being in conflict; however, they are not comparable. A significant portion of this analysis focuses on the changes in the government-wide statements, while still providing information on the Village's fund-based comparative changes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Village's total assets plus deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2018, was \$245,695,729, and total liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources was \$104,258,173. The difference (total net position) at year-end September 30, 2019, was \$141,440,115, an increase of \$5,653,911 from the prior year. The total net position for governmental activities was \$36,383,337, and the total net position for business-type activities was \$105,056,778.
- Unrestricted net position at September 30, 2019, available to meet the Village's ongoing obligations, totaled \$22,029,041, an increase of \$8,897,689 from the prior year. Unrestricted net assets for governmental activities were (\$572,802), while unrestricted net assets for business-type activities were \$22,029,041.
- At September 30, 2019, the Village's governmental fund statement shows a combined ending fund balance of \$9,030,600, an increase of \$4,077,574 in comparison with the prior year ending fund balance. The Village received reimbursement in fiscal year 2018-2019 from the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") and the Florida Department of Emergency Management ("FDEM") for funds expended in the previous fiscal year to cover response and recovery costs related to Hurricane Irma. Additionally, the Village secured a line of credit in the amount of \$2.5 million pending these reimbursements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements include:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the financial position of the Village and are similar to private-sector financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements appear on pages 15 and 16 of this report.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Changes in net position over time may indicate an improving or deteriorating financial position. Net position is shown in three categories: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019. It provides a breakdown of revenues and expenses by functions. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event which contributes to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only affect cash flows in future fiscal periods. Examples of such items include revenues earned and expenses incurred but not yet paid, as well as unused compensated absences, all of which will produce changes in cash in a future fiscal period.

Both statements attempt to distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges for services (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Village include the Plantation Yacht Harbor Marina, the Wastewater Utility, and the Stormwater Utility.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Islamorada, Village of Islands, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two general categories: (1) governmental funds, and (2) proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions as those reported in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

The focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements. Therefore, it can be useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Reconciliations have been provided as a link between the governmental fund statements and the government-wide statements to assist in this comparison. Page 18 provides a reconciliation of the balance sheet of governmental funds to the Statement of Net Position. Page 20 provides a reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities.

The Village maintains eight governmental funds. For presentation purposes, authoritative accounting standards require that "major" funds be reported in a separate column on the financial statements. A government's General Fund is always classified and presented separately as a major fund. The relative size of the other funds is assessed based on proportionate share of certain financial statement elements to determine whether they qualify as major funds. Governmental funds that are individually presented as major funds in the Village's governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances include the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Data from the other four governmental funds (Solid Waste Fund, Transportation Fund, Affordable Housing Fund, Canal Debris Removal Program Fund, and Debt Service Fund) are presented in a single column titled "Other Non-major Governmental Funds." In previous years, the Solid Waste Fund and Debt Service Fund did not calculate as major funds; however, they were still reflected in separate columns in the governmental financial statements as they had historically appeared. This year these funds have been combined with the other nonmajor funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 20 of this report

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The Village maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report those functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for the Plantation Yacht Harbor Marina, the Wastewater Utility and the Stormwater Utility.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Marina and the Wastewater Utility, both of which are considered to be major funds of the Village, as well as the Stormwater Utility, which is a nonmajor fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements appear on pages 21 through 23 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 58 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's budgetary comparison schedules for its General Fund, Debt Service Fund and Solid Waste Fund. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 59 through 65 of this report.

Combining statements in connection with nonmajor governmental funds can be found on pages 66 and 73 of this report.

Additional information about the Village can be found in the Statistical Section beginning on page 74 of this report.

GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table provides a summary of the Village's total net position as of September 30, 2019:

Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida Total Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	To	otal
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Current and other assets	\$ 14,264,558	\$ 8,901,272	\$ 38,969,483	\$ 40,423,866	\$ 53,234,041	\$ 49,325,138
Capital assets	40,349,680	38,053,056	147,335,760	151,865,985	187,685,440	189,919,041
Total assets	54,614,238	46,954,328	186,305,243	192,289,851	240,919,481	239,244,179
Deferred outflows of resources	4,521,993	5,374,212	256,814	306,976	4,778,807	5,681,188
Current liabilities	2,310,909	3,549,792	965,566	927,290	3,276,475	4,477,082
Noncurrent liabilities	19,674,553	16,873,124	80,495,661	86,866,422	100,170,214	103,739,546
Total liabilities	21,985,462	20,422,916	81,461,227	87,793,712	103,446,689	108,216,628
Deferred inflows of resources	767,432	872,707	44,052	49,828	811,484	922,535
Net investment in capital assets	34,011,063	30,946,977	67,480,475	65,576,951	101,491,538	96,523,928
Restricted	2,945,076	2,800,685	14,974,460	23,330,239	17,919,536	26,130,924
Unrestricted	(572,802) (2,714,745)		22,601,843	22,601,843 15,846,097 22.		13,131,352
Total net position	\$ 36,383,337	\$ 31,032,917	\$ 105,056,778	\$ 104,753,287	\$ 141,440,115	\$135,786,204

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position can serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the Village, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$141,440,115 at the close of fiscal year 2018-2019. The Village's total net position increased \$5,653,911 from the previous fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Village's net position (71%) is its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure improvements and equipment) less any outstanding debt related to their acquisition. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services and recreational opportunities to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it is important to note that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

It should also be noted that another portion of the Village's net position (11%) is restricted for payment of debt service obligations related to the wastewater capital project in future years.

The remaining component of net position is unrestricted in the amount of \$22,029,041. Unrestricted net position may be used to meet the Village's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. The Village's unrestricted net position reflects a positive balance as the Village is able to apply restricted net position to its debt service obligations for the wastewater capital project and wastewater rate revenues increase. At the end of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the Village is able to report positive balances in all of the three categories of net position for the government as a whole.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities and business-type activities increased the Village's net position by \$5,653,911 from the previous fiscal year. The relevant revenue and expense categories and their effect on net position are summarized in the table below. The information presented in this table will be used in the subsequent discussion of governmental and business-type activities:

Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida Changes in Net Position

	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 5,910,541	\$ 4,743,216	\$ 7,992,363	\$ 7,831,758	\$ 13,902,904	\$ 12,574,974
Operating grants	5,034,895	68,171	-	-	5,034,895	68,171
Capital grants	3,838,081	2,255,249	2,408,159	2,281,205	6,246,240	4,536,454
General Revenues						
Property taxes	9,702,155	8,947,561	-	-	9,702,155	8,947,561
Other taxes	3,030,499	2,737,983	-	-	3,030,499	2,737,983
Franchise fees	682,283	598,906	-	-	682,283	598,906
Intergovernmental - unrestricted	-	1,574,990	-	-	-	1,574,990
Unrestricted interest	82,889	24,506	1,661,751	1,679,939	1,744,640	1,704,445
Miscellaneous			484,400	185,452	484,400	185,452
Total revenues	28,281,343	20,950,582	12,546,673	11,978,354	40,828,016	32,928,936
Expenses						
General government	5,177,335	4,326,484	-	-	5,177,335	4,326,484
Public safety	8,948,989	15,033,000	-	-	8,948,989	15,033,000
Physical environment	4,608,651	2,659,957	-	-	4,608,651	2,659,957
Transportation	1,631,722	1,170,068	-	-	1,631,722	1,170,068
Economic environment	22,074	261,586	-	-	22,074	261,586
Culture and recreation	2,165,029	1,807,646	-	-	2,165,029	1,807,646
Interest on long-term debt	285,586	233,419	-	-	285,586	233,419
Plantation Yacht Harbor Marina	-	-	1,182,902	1,181,510	1,182,902	1,181,510
Wastewater utility	-	-	11,114,975	11,764,339	11,114,975	11,764,339
Stormwater utility			36,842	34,470	36,842	34,470
Total expenses	22,839,386	25,492,160	12,334,719	12,980,319	35,174,105	38,472,479
Increase (decrease) in net position						
before transfers	5,441,957	(4,541,578)	211,954	(1,001,965)	5,653,911	(5,543,543)
Transfers	(91,537)	(27,541)	91,537	27,541		
Change in net position	5,350,420	(4,569,119)	303,491	(974,424)	5,653,911	(5,543,543)
Net position, beginning	31,032,917	35,602,036	104,753,287	105,727,711	135,786,204	141,329,747
Net position, end of year	\$ 36,383,337	\$31,032,917	\$105,056,778	\$104,753,287	\$ 141,440,115	\$ 135,786,204

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities during the fiscal year resulted in an increase to the Village's net position by \$5,350,420 from the prior year. The Village received reimbursement in fiscal year 2018-2019 from the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") and the Florida Department of Emergency Management ("FDEM") for funds expended in the previous fiscal year to cover response and recovery costs related to Hurricane Irma. Additionally, the Village secured a line of credit in the amount of \$2.5 million pending these reimbursements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

The largest single ongoing revenue source for the Village's governmental activities is property taxes at \$9,702,155, which represents 34% of total governmental revenues. Another significant source of revenue for governmental activities is charges for services, including assessments for solid waste services, fees for building permits and planning review, emergency medical service fees and charges for park admission and recreation programs. These charges for services total \$5,910,541 or 20% of total revenues for governmental activities.

The single biggest expenditure category among governmental activities for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, was public safety. This function totals \$8,948,989 or 39% of total expenditures for governmental activities. Public safety expenditures include the cost of the Village's Fire Rescue Department and the Building Services Department as well as contract costs paid to the Monroe County Sheriff's Office to provide Village police services.

The next largest category of expenditures is general government, totaling \$5,177,335 or 22%. This expenditure category includes the operating budget for the Village Council, Village Manager, Village Attorney, Village Clerk, Planning and Development Services, Finance and Administration, IT and Communications and Code Compliance Departments.

Business-Type Activities

The Village's business-type activities are enterprise funds for the Plantation Yacht Harbor Marina, the Wastewater Utility and the Stormwater Utility. Business-type activities during the fiscal year increased the Village's net position by \$303,491 from the prior fiscal year. The Wastewater Utility enterprise fund formerly accounted for the operations of the Village's wastewater treatment facility in North Plantation Key (supported by user charges), as well as capital investments and debt service associated with construction of additional wastewater facilities in the remaining service areas. Substantial completion of the additional wastewater facilities occurred in December 2016. In fiscal year 2018-2019, the Village continued paying principal, interest and other debt service fees on loans associated with the wastewater collection and transmission system capital project for the remaining service areas. Additionally, depreciation began being calculated and recorded for the same multi-million dollar capital project in 2016. The Plantation Yacht Harbor Marina continues to recover operating costs through charges for services and goods. The Stormwater Utility was created for the purpose of segregating stormwater assessment revenue, capital costs for stormwater projects and maintenance costs for stormwater infrastructure from the activities of the general government.

Capital grants and contributions represent 18% of the total business-type revenues. The Wastewater Utility recognized \$2,398,159 in grant funding and non-ad valorem assessment revenue in fiscal year 2018-2019. The Utility also recorded \$6,341,867 in revenue from charges for services.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

As noted above, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

In fiscal year 2011, the Village adopted the GASB 54 fund balance policy whereby fund balance is classified to one of five types: (1) non-spendable, (2) restricted, (3) committed, (4) assigned, and (5) unassigned. At the end of fiscal year 2018-2019, the Village's governmental fund statement reported a combined ending fund balance of \$9,030,600, an increase of \$4,077,574 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, unassigned fund balance shows \$2,799,769, which are the funds available for spending at the government's discretion. In the previous fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund showed a deficit amount due to funds expended to cover response and recovery costs related to Hurricane Irma pending reimbursement by the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") and the Florida Department of Emergency Management ("FDEM"). Borrowing from other funds occurred to cover operating needs until a draw on a line of credit was secured by the Village in fiscal year 2018-2019 in the amount \$2.5 million to supplement operations.

Of the total non-spendable, restricted and committed fund balances totaling \$6,230,831, 44% or \$2,945,076 is primarily restricted to capital improvement projects funded by infrastructure sales tax, and 50% or \$3,148,721 is committed to expenditures to be funded by revenue sources established by Village Council action. 2% or \$137,034 is in a non-spendable form as it relates to prepayments and deposits.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current year, the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$3,483,250. Under GASB 54, the General Fund is the only fund that can have a positive unassigned fund balance. In the prior year, the total unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was (\$1,412,537), while total fund balance was (\$573,735). The current year's unassigned fund balance is \$4,895,787 more than the prior year's unassigned fund balance.

The Village Council has established a policy that targets an unassigned fund balance of 25% to 30% of projected General Fund expenditures for each fiscal year. When compared to the adopted fiscal year 2018-2019 budget, the unassigned fund balance does not meet the 25% target. As mentioned previously, the Florida Keys and the Village were affected by Hurricane Irma, which passed through the area on September 10, 2017. Costs associated with hurricane recovery were paid from fund balance pending reimbursement from the FEMA and FDEM, as applicable. While reimbursement funds were received in fiscal year 2018-2019, the levels were not high enough to bring unassigned fund balance to 25% of budgeted General Fund expenditures.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for revenues and expenses associated with major governmental capital and infrastructure projects and capital asset purchases. In the prior year, the total fund balance in the Capital Project Fund was \$4,889,607. The ending fund balance of the Capital

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Project Fund at September 30, 2019, is \$5,103,291, an increase of \$213,684 due mainly to increases in impact fee revenues that have not yet been utilized for capital projects associated with growth, as required. Discretionary sales surtax recorded in the Capital Projects Fund was used in fiscal year 2017-2018, to fund capital projects needed to replace assets damaged by Hurricane Irma. As with the General Fund, these capital costs were paid from fund balance pending reimbursement from the FEMA and FDEM, as applicable.

The Capital Projects Fund reflects a transfer out of \$468,573. The Village's receipts from a discretionary sales tax for infrastructure capital projects are transferred to other funds, including the Debt Service Fund and the Wastewater Utility Fund, to cover debt service previously incurred for capital project funding or to provide direct funding for capital projects as directed by the Village Council.

The Debt Service Fund had a total fund balance of \$0 at year-end. While the Village's Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of principal, interest and expenditures on long-term governmental debt during each fiscal year, it relies on transfers from other funds as the revenue source. These transfers equal the debt service expense requirements each fiscal year, and no fund balance is intended to be retained in the Debt Service Fund.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund statements provide the same information as in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statements, but in greater detail. Unrestricted net position at the end of the year totaled \$178,678 for the Plantation Yacht Harbor Marina, \$22,475,436 for the Wastewater Utility and (\$52,271) for the Stormwater Utility -- a total unrestricted assets balance of \$22,601,843 in business-type activities.

Other factors concerning the finances of the two major proprietary funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Village's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the original fiscal year 2018-2019, General Fund budget and the final amended budget resulted in a \$663,700 increase to total budgeted General Fund expenditures. The budget was amended to increase expenditures mainly in the Village Attorney, Village Manager, Finance, Fire Rescue, Building Services, Public Works and Parks and Recreation Departments. The budget amendment included decreases or no change in budgeted expenditures in the remaining departments, including Village Council, Village Clerk, Planning, IT and Communications, Local Law Enforcement and Code Compliance. The total estimated General Fund revenue in the amended budget represents a decrease of \$492,600 below the original adopted budget. Ultimately total General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures at year-end by \$4,731,096.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Village's financial statements present capital assets in two categories: those assets subject to depreciation (such as buildings, infrastructure and equipment) and those not subject to depreciation (such as land and construction in progress).

The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2019, was \$187,685,440 net of accumulated depreciation. Of this total, \$40,349,680 relates to governmental activities, while \$147,335,760 relates to business-type activities. In total, net assets decreased by \$2,233,601. The decrease is attributable mainly to calculation and recording of increased depreciation relating to the wastewater collection and transmission system in the remaining service areas.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Total capital assets in governmental activities increased \$2,296,624 due primarily to acquisition of \$3,506,889 in assets offset by \$629,479 in disposals and recording of depreciation.
- Total capital assets in the business-type activities decreased by \$4,530,225. Assets acquired in the amount of \$1,324,455 were offset by depreciation recorded for all assets in the amount of \$5,854,680.

Capital assets held by the Village at the end of the current and prior year are summarized as follows:

Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	To	otal
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Land	\$ 25,847,044	\$ 25,477,758	\$ 1,061,948	\$ 1,061,948	\$ 26,908,992	\$ 26,539,706
Construction in progress	2,000,234	185,184	920,336	61,862	2,920,570	247,046
Land improvements	46,260	38,613	9,972	20,581	56,232	59,194
Buildings and improvements	7,147,345	7,315,304	580,531	603,193	7,727,876	7,918,497
Improvements other than buildings	920,973	1,064,947	1,827,664	1,874,978	2,748,637	2,939,925
Infrastructure	1,662,496	1,894,667	141,953,168	147,285,537	143,615,664	149,180,204
Equipment and furniture	1,334,772	1,231,057	717,746	810,633	2,052,518	2,041,690
Vehicles	1,390,556	845,526	264,395	147,253	1,654,951	992,779
Total	\$40,349,680	\$ 38,053,056	\$ 147,335,760	\$151,865,985	\$ 187,685,440	\$189,919,041

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 37 and 38 of this report.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total long-term debt outstanding in the amount of \$100,170,215. The Village's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds, special assessment bonds), as well as compensated absences payable and OPEB liability. The Village has no general obligation bonds. This debt is comprised of \$19,674,553 for governmental activities and \$80,495,662 for business-type activities, mainly related to the wastewater capital project.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

During the year, the Village increased its long-term debt for governmental activities by \$2,801,429 and decreased the business-type activities long-term debt by \$6,370,760. The long-term debt balance increase in governmental activities was mainly due to pension liability and a \$2.5 million draw on a line of credit. Effective January 1, 2016, the Village began offering pension benefits through the Florida Retirement System to its employees. The Village's pension liability increased accordingly as existing and new employees opted for the new benefit. The decrease in debt balances for business-type activities was due to debt service payments, including principal, commencing during the fiscal year on debt related to the remaining service areas of the wastewater capital project.

More detailed information about the Village's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 on pages 40 through 43 of this report.

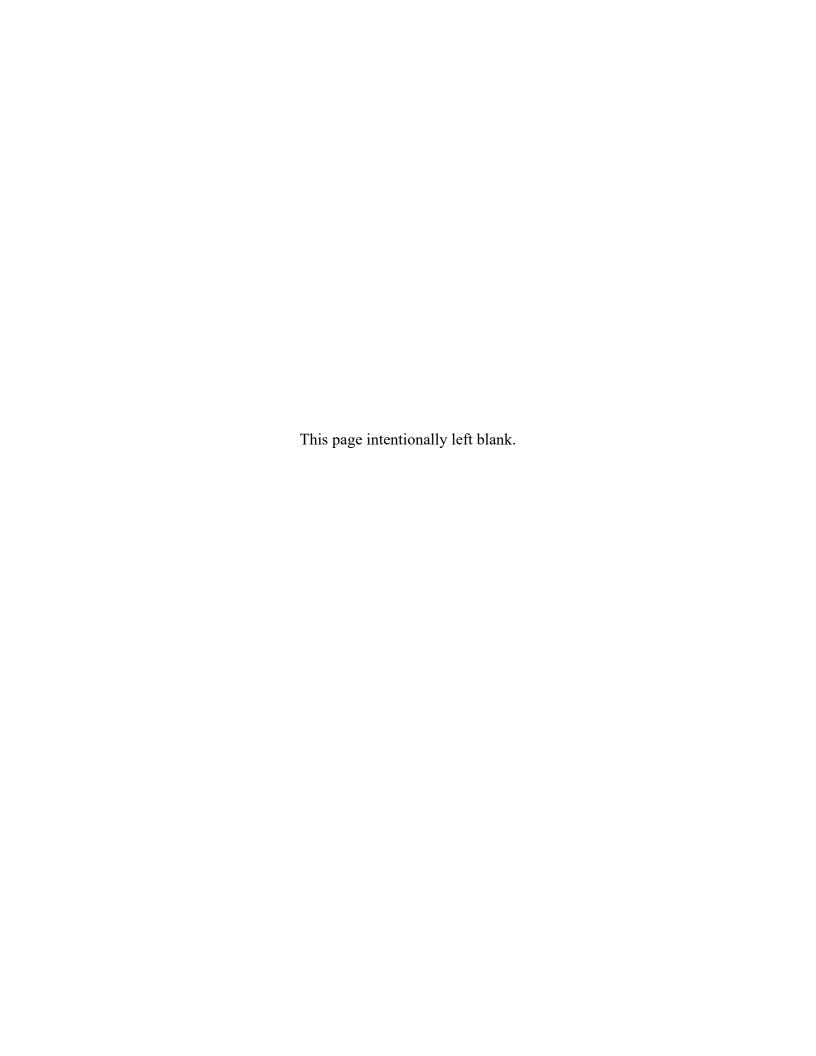
ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

On October 24, 2018, the Village closed on a line of credit from Centennial Bank. The purpose of the line of credit for \$7.5 million was to provide the Village a funding source in the event another hurricane impacts the Florida Keys before reimbursement of Hurricane Irma costs is received from FEMA and FDEM. At closing, the Village drew \$2.5 million from the line of credit to supplement operating revenues until reimbursement of nearly \$10 million in Hurricane Irma costs is received. Most of the Hurricane Irma response and recovery costs incurred was for debris management and monitoring services. As of June 2020, the Village has received almost \$4.7 million in reimbursement funds. The Village has no recovery projects ongoing, and full close-out of the Hurricane Irma reimbursement process will not occur for many years. The line of credit was paid off in November 2019 with Hurricane Irma reimbursement funds.

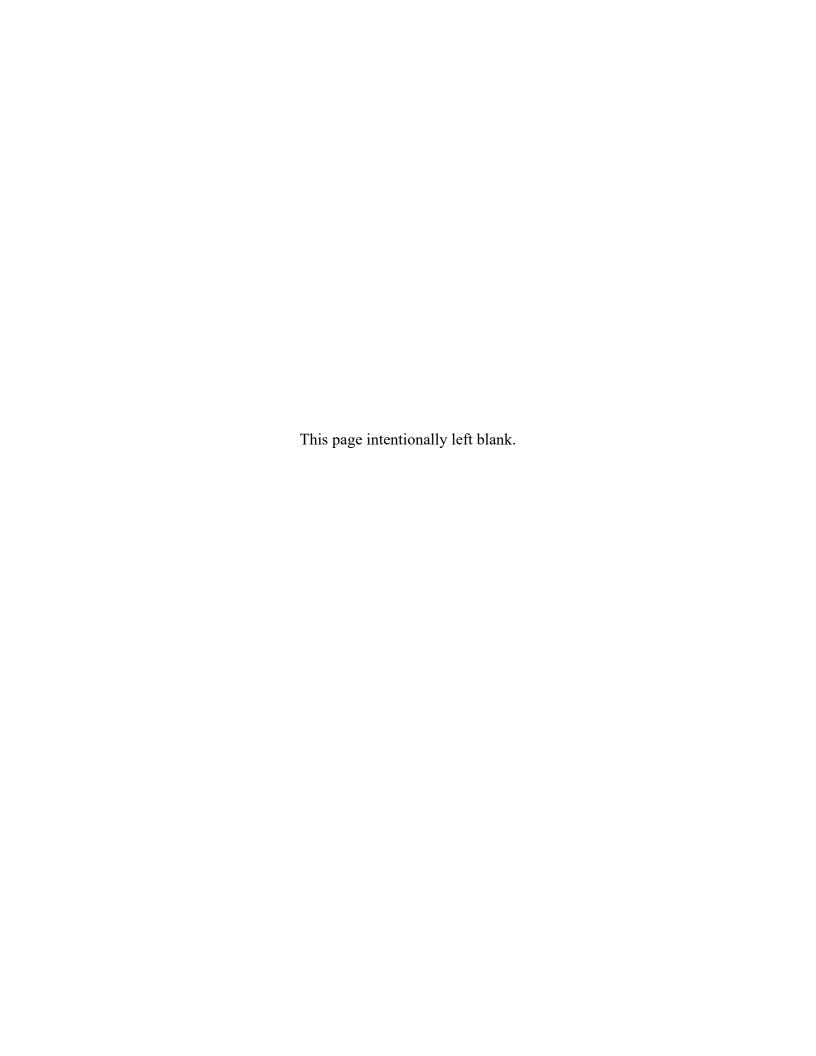
For the fiscal year 2019-2020 budget, the Village Council set a millage rate of 3.200 mills, which was .1753 mills higher than the previous fiscal year, and 12.7% higher than the rolled-back rate. Shutdown of the Florida Keys to tourists for three months from March to June 2020 impacted the economy negatively. As the fiscal year 2020-2021 budget process begins, the Village anticipates reduction of expenditures and services may be necessary to rebuild unassigned fund balance levels and keep from increasing the millage rate substantially, which would create a financial burden for Village property owners and residents.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Islamorada, Village of Islands, 86800 Overseas Highway, Islamorada, Florida 33036.







ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,159,810	\$ 3,494,789	\$ 13,654,599
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	5,956,118	5,956,118
Receivables, net	109,316	981,783	1,091,099
Special assessment receivables, net	-	1,114,120	1,114,120
Due from other governments	3,858,288	12,974	3,871,262
Other current assets	137,144	42,402	179,546
Special assessment receivables, net, noncurrent	-	27,367,297	27,367,297
Capital assets not being depreciated			
Land	25,847,044	1,061,948	26,908,992
Construction in progress	2,000,234	920,336	2,920,570
Capital assets being depreciated			
Land improvements	674,842	173,588	848,430
Buildings and improvements	10,581,967	882,631	11,464,598
Improvements other than buildings	4,909,618	2,400,139	7,309,757
Infrastructure	8,481,930	166,182,497	174,664,427
Equipment and furniture	3,811,312	1,819,706	5,631,018
Vehicles	3,682,231	298,450	3,980,681
Accumulated depreciation	(19,639,498)	(26,403,535)	(46,043,033)
Capital assets, net	40,349,680	147,335,760	187,685,440
Total assets	54,614,238	186,305,243	240,919,481
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred outflows - pensions	4,512,654	256,175	4,768,829
Deferred outflows - OPEB	9,339	639	9,978
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,521,993	256,814	4,778,807
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,949,051	513,276	2,462,327
Accrued interest payable	87,236	452,289	539,525
Unearned revenue	274,622	-	274,622
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	3,535,072	5,829,038	9,364,110
Due in more than one year	16,139,481	74,666,624	90,806,105
Total liabilities	21,985,462	81,461,227	103,446,689
Deferred inflows of resources			
Deferred inflows - pensions	760,872	43,193	804,065
Deferred inflows - OPEB	6,560	859	7,419
Total deferred inflows of resources	767,432	44,052	811,484
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	34,011,063	67,480,474	101,491,537
Restricted for			
Police training	49,523	-	49,523
Capital projects	2,895,553	-	2,895,553
Debt service	-	14,974,460	14,974,460
Unrestricted	(572,802)	22,601,844	22,029,042
Total net position	\$ 36,383,337	\$ 105,056,778	\$ 141,440,115

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

1,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,14,14				Program Revenues	Reven	nes			Prin	CP	Changes in Net Position	t Position	Ē	
Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Services Total Services Contributions Contributions Total Services Total Services <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>haroos for</th><th><u>ں</u></th><th>perating</th><th>ق</th><th>Capital</th><th>Covernme</th><th>inary G</th><th>Rusinese.</th><th>j da</th><th></th><th></th></th<>				haroos for	<u>ں</u>	perating	ق	Capital	Covernme	inary G	Rusinese.	j da		
8,948,989 2,637,327 5,890 35,105 (6,222,667) - 6,64,698,651 1,953,737 1,619,320 3,465,540 2,429,96 - 2,220,74 38,051 205,706 68,471 (1,319,494) - (1,11,319,494		Expenses	'	Services	2	ntributions	[0]	itributions	Activiti	sa	Activiti	es		Total
8.948.989 2,637,327 5,890 53,105 (6,22,667) - (6,22,668) - (4,608,651 1,953,87 1,619,320 3,465,540 2,429,996 - (1,24,20) - (1,24,371) - (1,324,371)	8	5,177,335	€	546,585	s	3,140,410	€	1),340)	S	•	€	(1,490,340)
4,608,651 1,953,787 1,619,320 3,465,540 2,429,96 - 2,22,149,49 - 2,429,96 - 2,220,74 2,429,96 - 2,20,74 2,031,489 - 1,111,128,510 - 1,111,128,510 - 1,111,128,510 - 1,285,386 - - 1,111,14,97 - 1,234,719 - 1,234,719 - 1,234,719 - 1,234,190 - 2,288,069 2,238,189 - - 1,234,190 2,234,1867 - - 2,398,189 - - 1,234,190 (1,334,197) - 1,234,197 (1,334,197)		8,948,989		2,637,327		5,890		53,105	(6,252	(2,997)		٠		(6,252,66
1,631,722 38,051 205,706 68,471 (1,319,494) - (1,22,07,07) - (1,22,07)		4,608,651		1,953,787		1,619,320		3,465,540	2,425	966,		٠		2,429,99
22,074 5,051 7,816 - 0,207) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,118,290) - (1,114,975) (2,128,080) - (1,114,975) (2,128,080) - (1,114,975) (2,128,080) - (1,114,975) (2,128,080) - (1,114,975) (2,128,080) - (1,114,975) (2,128,080)		1,631,722		38,051		205,706		68,471	(1,319	,494)		٠		(1,319,49
2.165,029 729,740 55,753 250,965 (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,571) - (1,128,586) - (1,128,586) - (1,128,586) - (1,128,586) - (1,128,586) - (1,128,586) - (1,128,586) - (1,14,60,971) - (1,14,60,971) - (1,14,60,971) - (1,14,60,971) - (2,398,159) - (2,398,159) - (2,398,159) - (2,398,159) - (2,34,494) (2,32,40,494) (2,32,40,494) (2,32,40,494) (2,32,40,494) (2,34,497) (1,934,197)		22,074		5,051		7,816			5)	,207)		٠		(9,20
1,182,902		2,165,029		729,740		55,753		250,965	(1,128	3,571)		,		(1,128,571)
1,182,902		285,586		•		•		1	(285	5,586)		,		(285,586)
1,182,902		22,839,386		5,910,541		5,034,895		3,838,081	(8,055	(698,5				(8,055,869)
11,114,975		1,182,902		1,460,971		•		10,000		1	28	8,069		288,00
36,842 189,525 - - - - 152,683 - 152,683 - 152,683 - 152,683 - 152,683 - 152,683 - 152,683 - - 152,683 - - 152,683 - - 152,683 - - 152,683 - - 152,683 - - 152,683 - - 152,683 - - - 152,683 - - - 152,683 - <		11,114,975		6,341,867		•		2.398.159		•	(2.37	4,949)		(2.374.94
12,334,719		36,842		189,525		1				٠	15.	2,683		152,68
General revenues		12,334,719		7,992,363				2,408,159		1	(1,93	4,197)		(1,934,197)
9,702,155 - 9 2,354,334 - 2 252,302 - 423,863 - 682,283 - 484,400	S	35,174,105	S	13,902,904	S	5,034,895	S	6,246,240	(8,055	(698,5	(1,93	4,197)		(9,990,066)
9,702,155 2,334,334 2,23,302 423,863 682,283 682,283 1,661,751 1, 82,889 1,661,751 1, 91,537 2,237,688 15,330,420 2,237,688 15,330,420 2,237,688 15,330,420 2,237,688 15,330,420 2,237,688 15,330,420 2,237,688 15,330,420 2,237,688 15,330,420 2,237,688 15,330,420 2,237,688 15,330,420 2,237,688 2,330,430 2,337,688 2,388 2,			Gen	eral revenues										
2,354,334 - 2 252,302 - 423,863 - 682,283 - 484,400 - 691,537 - 91			Pr	operty taxes					9,70	2,155		1		9,702,155
252,302 423,863 682,283 682,283 1,661,751 1 82,889 1,661,751 1 484,400 (91,537) 91,537 15,330,420 5,350,420 303,491 5,350,420 31,032,917 6,105,055,779 6,105			Sa	les tax					2,35	1,334		•		2,354,33
423,863 - 682,283 - 682,283 - 82,889 1,661,751 1, 61,751 1, 61,537 91,537 91,537 15,350,420 303,491 5,350,420 31,032,917 6,105,056,779 6,105,0			රි	mmunication s	ervices	tax			252	2,302		•		252,302
682,283 - 82,889 1,661,751 1.			Ž	otor fuel tax					423	3,863		٠		423,863
82,889 1,661,751 1, - 484,400 (91,537) 91,537 13,406,289 2,237,688 15, 5,350,420 303,491 5, 31,032,917 104,753,287 135, 6 2,5 25, 25, 25, 27, 68, 105, 055, 27, 135,			Fr	anchise fees					682	2,283		٠		682,283
- 484,400 (91,537) 91,537 13,406,289 2,237,688 15, 5,350,420 303,491 5, 31,032,917 104,753,287 135,			U	nrestricted inter-	est				82	688,7	1,66	1,751		1,744,640
(91,537) 91,537 13,406,289 2,237,688 5,350,420 303,491 31,032,917 104,753,287 1			Ž	iscellaneous						•	48	4,400		484,400
13,406,289 2,237,688 5,350,420 303,491 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 104,753,287 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			Tra	nsfers					(91	(,537)	6	1,537		
5,350,420 303,491 31,032,917 104,753,287 5,350,327 6,105,055,770			Tot	al general reve	nues ar	nd transfers			13,406	5,289	2,23	2,688		15,643,977
31,032,917 104,753,287			Cha	nge in net posi	tion				5,350),420	30.	3,491		5,653,911
×/ 90101			Net	position, begin	ning of f vear	year			31,032	2,917	104,75	3,287	9	35,786,20

Plantation Yacht Harbor Marina

Wastewater utility

Business-type activities

Stormwater utility

Total business-type activities

Total primary government

Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities

Economic environment

Culture and recreation

Governmental activities General government Public safety

Functions/programs

Physical environment

Transportation

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Ger	eral	Capital Projects	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,	472,016	\$ 4,552,835	\$ 1,134,959	\$	10,159,810
Receivables		109,316	-	-		109,316
Due from other funds		47,572	-	-		47,572
Due from other governments	1,	631,512	898,969	1,327,807		3,858,288
Prepaids		137,034	-	-		137,034
Other current assets		110	-	 -		110
Total assets	\$ 6,	397,560	\$ 5,451,804	\$ 2,462,766	\$	14,312,130
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	293,587	\$ 899	\$ 679,562	\$	974,048
Accrued expenditures		431,482	80,652	417,120		929,254
Other accrued liabilities		1,907	-	-		1,907
Due to other funds		-	-	47,572		47,572
Unearned revenue		4,475	-	270,147		274,622
Deposits		43,842	-	-		43,842
Total liabilities		775,293	81,551	1,414,401		2,271,245
Deferred inflow of resources						
Unavailable revenue	1,	464,906	 266,962	 1,278,417		3,010,285
Fund balances (deficit)						
Nonspendable		137,034	-	-		137,034
Restricted		153,019	2,792,057	-		2,945,076
Committed		383,948	2,311,234	453,539		3,148,721
Unassigned	3,	483,360	-	(683,591)		2,799,769
Total fund balances (deficit)	4,	157,361	5,103,291	 (230,052)		9,030,600
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$ 6,	397,560	\$ 5,451,804	\$ 2,462,766	\$	14,312,130

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEETGOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds		\$	9,030,600
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial			
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Governmental capital assets	\$ 59,989,178		
Accumulated depreciation	(19,639,498)		40,349,680
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.			3,010,285
Noncurrent liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Accrued interest	(87,236)		
Bonds and notes payable	(8,838,617)		
Compensated absences	(891,651)		
Net pension liability, net of related deferred outflows & inflows	(6,098,760)		
Other post-employment benefits payable, net of related	· · · · /		
deferred outflows & inflows	(90,964)	((16,007,228)

\$ 36,383,337

Net Position of Governmental Activities

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General	Capital Projects					
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 10,442,504	\$	2,354,334	\$	423,863	\$	13,220,701
Permits, fees and assessments	2,737,186		372,542		1,953,787		5,063,515
Intergovernmental	3,181,254		551,251		1,757,646		5,490,151
Charges for services	1,028,635		-		-		1,028,635
Fines and forfeitures	324,879		-		-		324,879
Interest	29,252		41,065		12,572		82,889
Miscellaneous	74,083		469,202		5,051		548,336
Total revenues	17,817,793		3,788,394		4,152,919		25,759,106
Expenditures							
Current							
General government	4,527,395		-		-		4,527,395
Public safety	7,252,897		79,627		-		7,332,524
Physical environment	-		-		4,218,920		4,218,920
Transportation	1,211,499		-		416,437		1,627,936
Economic environment	-		-		22,074		22,074
Culture/recreation	1,798,853		-		-		1,798,853
Capital outlay	-		3,506,887		-		3,506,887
Debt service							
Principal	-		-		767,462		767,462
Interest					287,944		287,944
Total expenditures	 14,790,644		3,586,514		5,712,837		24,089,995
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 3,027,149		201,880		(1,559,918)		1,669,111
Other financing sources (uses)							
Proceeds from line of credit	2,000,000		-		500,000		2,500,000
Transfers in	-		480,377		1,100,997		1,581,374
Transfers out	(296,053)		(468,573)		(908,285)		(1,672,911)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,703,947		11,804		692,712		2,408,463
Change in fund balances (deficit)	4,731,096		213,684		(867,206)		4,077,574
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	 (573,735)		4,889,607		637,154		4,953,026
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 4,157,361	\$	5,103,291	\$	(230,052)	\$	9,030,600

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 4,077,574

\$ 5,350,420

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Capital outlay	\$ 3,506,889	
Less current year depreciation	(1,173,777)	2,333,112
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets		
(i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		(36,488)
Resources in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		2,522,237
resources are not reported as revenues in the runds.		2,322,237
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term		
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither		
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Line of Credit	(2,500,000)	
Principal repayments	767,462	(1,732,538)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not		
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are		
not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest payable	2,358	
Change in compensated absences	(172,358)	
Change in net pension liability	(1,624,073)	
Change in other post-employment benefits	(19,404)	(1,813,477)

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Bus	es–Enterprise Fu	nds	
	Major		Nonmajor	
	Plantation Yacht	Wastewater	Stormwater	
	Harbor Marina	Utility	Utility	Total
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 350,100	\$ 2,940,451	\$ 204,238	\$ 3,494,789
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	5,956,118	_	5,956,118
Receivables	15,312	966,471	_	981,783
Special assessments receivable, net	-	1,114,120	_	1,114,120
Due from other governments	_	9,428	3,546	12,974
Prepaids	9,535	32,667	-	42,202
Deposits	200	,	_	200
Total current assets	375,147	11,019,255	207,784	11,602,186
Noncurrent assets		25.265.205		27.267.207
Special assessments receivable, net	-	27,367,297	-	27,367,297
Capital assets not being depreciated		4 0 64 0 40		4.064.040
Land	-	1,061,948	-	1,061,948
Construction in progress	3,750	-	916,586	920,336
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	32,567	80,108	60,913	173,588
Buildings and improvements	882,631	-	-	882,631
Improvements other than buildings	2,400,139	-	-	2,400,139
Infrastructure	687,058	165,277,999	217,440	166,182,497
Equipment and furniture	1,813,010	6,696	-	1,819,706
Vehicles	-	298,450	-	298,450
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,282,074)	(23,974,859)	(146,602)	(26,403,535)
Capital assets, net	3,537,081	142,750,342	1,048,337	147,335,760
Total assets	3,912,228	181,136,894	1,256,121	186,305,243
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred outflows - pension	72,055	180,690	3,430	256,175
Deferred outflows - OPEB				639
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 3,984,624	\$ 181,317,879	\$ 1,259,554	\$ 186,562,057
Total assets and deterred outflows of resources	3 3,764,024	\$ 101,317,079	\$ 1,239,334	\$ 180,302,037
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	22,082	196,013	92,456	310,551
Accrued expenses	19,252	24,160	159,313	202,725
Accrued interest payable	716	451,573	-	452,289
Amounts due within one year				
Compensated absences payable	21,476	7,618	1,694	30,788
Bonds and loan payable	11,591	5,786,659	_	5,798,250
Total current liabilities	75,117	6,466,023	253,463	6,794,603
27				
Noncurrent liabilities				
Compensated absences payable	30,725	8,918	1,915	41,558
Net pension liability	157,287	394,424	7,487	559,198
Bonds and loans payable	85,600	73,971,436	-	74,057,036
Other post-employment benefits payable	4,719	4,072	41	8,832
Total non-current liabilities	278,331	74,378,850	9,443	74,666,624
Total liabilities	353,448	80,844,873	262,906	81,461,227
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred inflows - pension	12,149	30,466	578	43,193
Deferred inflows - OPEB	459	396	4	859
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,608	30,862	582	44,052
				.,,022
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	3,439,890	62,992,247	1,048,337	67,480,474
Restricted for				
Debt service	-	14,974,460	-	14,974,460
Unrestricted	178,678	22,475,437	(52,271)	22,601,844
Total net position	3,618,568	100,442,144	996,066	105,056,778
		·		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 3,984,624	\$ 181,317,879	\$ 1,259,554	\$ 186,562,057

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

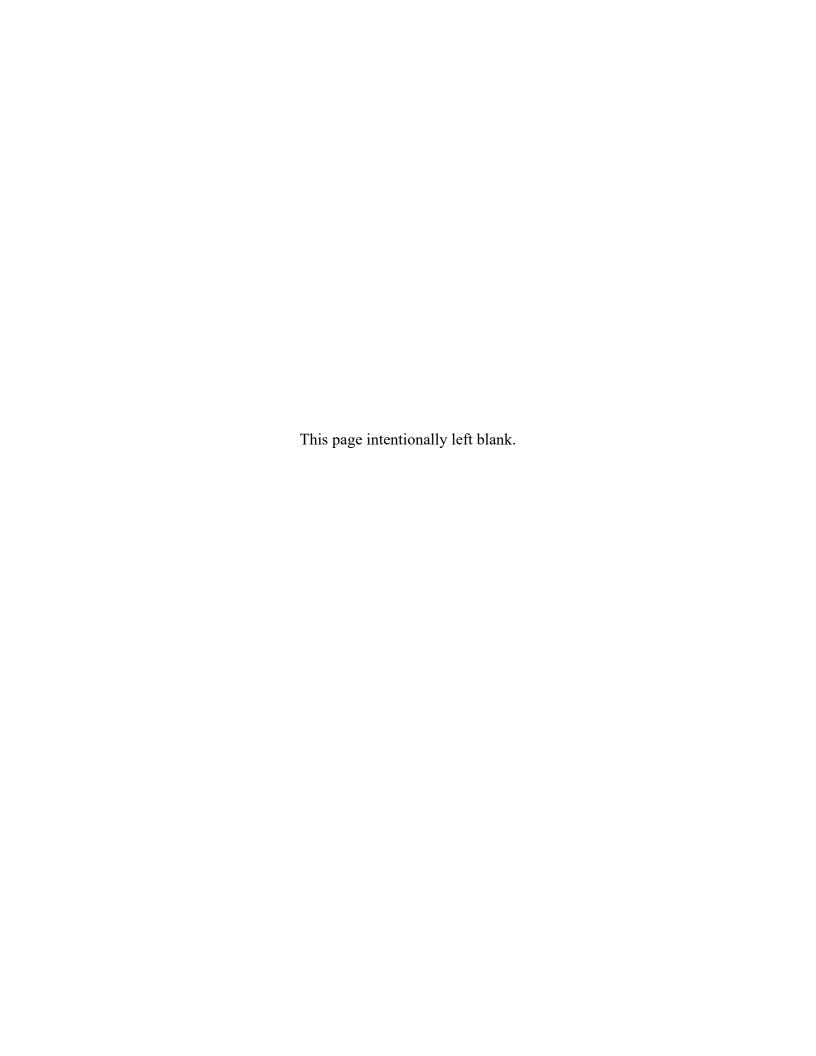
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds				
	Major I	Funds	Nonmajor		
	Plantation Yacht	Wastewater	Stormwater		
	Harbor Marina	Utility	Utility	Total	
Operating revenues					
Charges for services					
Utilities	\$ -	\$ 6,341,867	\$ 189,525	\$ 6,531,392	
Dock rentals	919,678	-	-	919,678	
Fuel sales	506,364	-	-	506,364	
Ramp	34,929	-	-	34,929	
Miscellaneous	26,035	458,365		484,400	
Total operating revenues	1,487,006	6,800,232	189,525	8,476,763	
Operating expenses					
Personal services	290,038	527,658	14,080	831,776	
Operating	695,251	2,802,442	7,720	3,505,413	
Depreciation	191,678	5,647,960	15,042	5,854,680	
Total operating expenses	1,176,967	8,978,060	36,842	10,191,869	
Operating income (loss)	310,039	(2,177,828)	152,683	(1,715,106)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Interest revenue	1,707	1,655,890	4,154	1,661,751	
Interest and fiscal charges/amortization expense	(5,935)	(2,136,915)	-	(2,142,850)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(4,228)	(481,025)	4,154	(481,099)	
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	305,811	(2,658,853)	156,837	(2,196,205)	
Capital contributions					
Capital grants and contributions	10,000	2,005,131	-	2,015,131	
Capital assessments	-	393,028	-	393,028	
Total capital contributions	10,000	2,398,159		2,408,159	
Transfers in		91,537		91,537	
Changes in net position	315,811	(169,157)	156,837	303,491	
Net position, beginning of year	3,302,757	100,611,301	839,229	104,753,287	
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,618,568	\$ 100,442,144	\$ 996,066	\$ 105,056,778	

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds					
		Major F		Nonmajor	iius	
	Plantati	ion Yacht	Wastewater	Stormwater		
	Harbor	r Marina	Utility	Utility		Total
Cash flows from operating activities						
Cash received from customers	\$	1,504,231	\$ 6,637,869	\$ 190,054	\$	8,332,154
Cash paid to suppliers		(668,495)	(2,963,412)	(22,420)		(3,654,327)
Cash paid to employees		(247,021)	(445,894)	(12,234)		(705,149)
Net cash provided by operating activities		588,715	3,228,563	155,400		3,972,678
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Transfers in		-	91,537	-		91,537
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		-	91,537			91,537
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Principal payments on loans and bonds		(237,704)	(6,196,042)	_		(6,433,746)
Interest payments on loans and bonds		(7,540)	(2,159,736)	_		(2,167,276)
Proceeds from capital grants and contributions		10,000	3,553,133	_		3,563,133
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(5,378)	(461,911)	(617,733)		(1,085,022)
Net cash used by capital and related	-	(3,370)	(101,511)	(017,733)		(1,003,022)
financing activities		(240,622)	(5,264,556)	(617,733)		(6,122,911)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest received		1,707	1,655,890	4,154		1,661,751
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,707	1,655,890	4,154		1,661,751
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		349,800	(288,566)	(458,179)		(396,945)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		300	9,185,135	662,417		9,847,852
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	350,100	\$ 8,896,569	\$ 204,238	\$	9,450,907
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net						
cash provided by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	310,039	\$ (2,177,828)	\$ 152,683	\$	(1,715,106)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income (loss) to	*	,	· (=,,,==v)	,	*	(-,,,,
net cash provided by operating activities						
Depreciation		191,678	5,647,960	15,042		5,854,680
Decrease (increase) in assets and deferred outflows		171,070	3,017,200	13,012		2,021,000
Accounts receivable		17,225	(162,363)	_		(145,138)
Prepaid items		10,156	21,414	114		31,684
Deposits		10,150	15,389	114		15,389
Due from other governments		_	15,567	529		529
Deferred outflows - OPEB			(97)			
		(112)	. ,	(1) 648		(210)
Deferred outflows - pension		13,627	34,171	046		48,446
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows		16 600	(100.071)	(14.925)		(107.006)
Accounts payable		16,600	(198,871)	(14,825)		(197,096)
Accrued payroll		11,665	8,415	282		20,362
Compensated absences payable		4,184	8,352	330		12,866
Net pension liability		13,969	35,031	665		49,665
Other post-employment benefits payable		1,274	1,098	11		2,383
Deferred inflows - pension		(1,664)	63	1		(1,600)
Deferred inflows - pension		74	(4,171)	(79)		(4,176)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	588,715	\$ 3,228,563	\$ 155,400	\$	3,972,678
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities						
Change in value of interest rate swap	\$	1,926	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,926



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida (the "Village") was created pursuant to Chapter 97-348, *Florida Statutes*, as of December 31, 1997, to become operational March 26, 1998. The Village includes four keys: Plantation Key, Windley Key, Upper Matecumbe Key, and Lower Matecumbe Key, within Monroe County, Florida. The Village operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides or contracts for a wide range of community services including general government; public works; planning, zoning and building; public safety (fire protection, emergency medical services and police services); cultural and recreation (parks maintenance, recreational activities, cultural events, and related facilities); and operation of a marina, a wastewater utility and a stormwater utility. The Village Council (the "Council") is responsible for legislative and fiscal control of the Village.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and practices, and the presentation of the financial statements for the Village conform with generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies and practices.

A. Reporting Entity:

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, if applicable. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is considered to be financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the Village's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A primary government is considered financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is able to impose its will on that organization. The primary government may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, regardless of the authority of the organization's governing board. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government.

Based on the application of the criteria set forth by the Government Accounting Standards Board, management has determined that no component units exist which would require inclusion in this report. Further, management is not aware of any entity which would consider the Village to be a component unit.

B. Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all activities of the Village. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which program revenues offset the direct expenses of a given function or program. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or program, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's wastewater function and various other functions of the government, if applicable. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

C. Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the Village's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary funds – are presented. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for revenues from discretionary sales surtax, grants and impact fees for capital improvement projects.

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Wastewater Utility Fund** is used to account for the design, construction and operation of Village owned wastewater treatment facilities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The costs of providing services are recovered through user charges.

The **Plantation Yacht Harbor Marina Fund** is used to account for marina services provided to the community that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The costs of providing services are generally recovered through user charges.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Additionally, the Village reports the following nonmajor funds:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

The **Stormwater Utility Fund** is used to account for the construction of a Village owned stormwater drainage utility that provides drainage services to the residents of the Village and is operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The costs of providing services will be recovered through user charges in the future.

During the course of operations the Village has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses that do not meet this definition are reported as non-operating revenues or expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Ad valorem taxes and charges for services are susceptible to accrual when collected in the current year or within 60 days subsequent to year-end, provided that amounts received pertain to billings through the fiscal year. Intergovernmental revenues, which include federal and state grants, state revenue sharing allotments, local government one-half cent sales tax and county shared revenue, among other sources are recorded in accordance with their legal or contractual requirements if collected in the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Interest income is recorded when earned. Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

E. Budgetary Information:

Florida Statutes require that all municipal governments establish budgetary systems and approve balanced annual operating budgets. The Village Council annually adopts an operating budget and appropriates funds for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Project, Debt Service, and Enterprise funds consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The procedures for establishing budgetary data are as follows:

- In August of each year, the Village Manager submits a proposed operating budget to the Council for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed appropriations and the means of funding them.
- Two public hearings are conducted, usually during the month of September, to obtain taxpayer comments on the proposed budgets for each fund.
- Upon completion of the public hearings and before October 1, a final operating budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution. Passage of this resolution constitutes appropriation of the amounts specified in the budget as expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The adopted budget resolution specifies that the initial limitation on expenditures is by department or category total. The total allocated to each department, category (personnel, operating or capital) or line item may be increased or decreased by the Village Manager so long as the modification does not exceed the Village's total budgeted funds. Whenever a department, category or line item reallocation occurs, the Village Manager must present a resolution to the Village Council for approval amending the budget to reflect such department, category or line item reallocation within thirty days of the date of the reallocation.

Additionally, the adopting budget resolution provides that all outstanding encumbrances (open purchase orders) at the end of the fiscal year shall lapse. Those outstanding encumbrances may be re-appropriated into the next fiscal year budget. The total amount of outstanding encumbrances at year-end are reflected in assigned fund balance of the respective funds. When the year-end outstanding encumbrances are re-appropriated the next fiscal year, a use of fund balance is requested for approval by the Village Council.

Florida Statutes provide that the governing body of each municipality may amend the budget at any time within the fiscal year or within 60 days following the end of the fiscal year. Within 60 days of the fiscal year-end, the Village prepares a re-appropriation budget amendment to try to ensure that budget deficiencies at department, category, or line item level are covered.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded appropriations in three of the governmental funds as follows:

General Fund

Transfers out \$ (45,103)

Transportation Fund

Transportation \$ (416,437)

Canal Debris Removal Fund

Physical environment \$ (135,658)

Expenditures in excess of appropriations is a budgetary violation. Section 166.241, *Florida Statutes*, allows a municipality to amend its budget within 60 days following the fiscal year-end. A re-appropriation budget amendment provides a municipality an opportunity to reflect increased revenues in order to offset expenditure budget overages or to reflect revised additions to fund balance when expenditures are below budget before budget to actual information is presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. On December 12, 2019, the Village Council adopted Resolution No. 19-12-113 to amend the fiscal year 2018-2019 budget in accordance with Section 166.241, *Florida Statutes*. Final journal entries needed to prepare the fiscal year 2018-2019 general ledger for the annual audit were not yet completed, however. Additional journal entries needed after posting of the approved amended budget, created the budget overages indicated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The budget overages in the General Fund as of September 30, 2019, were mainly attributable to adjustments made to retirement and pension contribution liability accounts. The overages in the Transportation and Canal Debris Removal Funds were due to posting of payables for invoices received after fiscal year-end. In preparing the budget amendment for Council approval, the invoices were not included.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance/Net Position:

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash on hand, demand deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Prepaids:

Prepayments are recorded as assets when the initial payment is made. Each asset is then charged off against operations in the period benefitted. These amounts are reported as nonspendable in the governmental fund financial statements.

Special Assessments:

Special assessments, levied pursuant to Florida Statutes, are used to finance wastewater utility capital projects, in combination with grants and other revenue sources. The assessments are levied and imposed on all real estate parcels in the assessment districts upon adoption of a final assessment resolution. Typically, when special assessments are imposed they may be prepaid in a lump sum or spread over a 25-30 year amortization period (with interest and fees) as a non-ad valorem assessment, at the discretion of the affected property owner. During the amortization period, property owners also have the option annually to pay off the remaining principal amount of an assessment and remove it from future tax rolls. Each year, in order to perfect the lien, the Village must adopt an assessment resolution to place the annual non-ad valorem assessments on the current tax roll.

Under full accrual accounting, the estimated value of the current wastewater assessment roll levied for the 2019-2020 fiscal year (less an allowance for uncollectible amounts and interest and fees which are applicable to fiscal year 2020) is considered a current receivable for fiscal year 2018-2019. The remaining unpaid principal of each assessment (less an allowance for uncollectible amounts) is recorded as a noncurrent receivable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include land, construction-in-progress, equipment and furniture, vehicles, buildings and building renovation, improvements other than buildings, infrastructure and infrastructure improvements, land improvements, and park improvements, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. In 2019, the Village implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. Beginning October 1, 2018, interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities was expensed as incurred.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Equipment and furniture	5-12
Vehicles	6-7
Buildings and building renovations	50
Infrastructure and infrastructure improvements	10-40
Land improvements	10
Park improvements	15-50
Improvements other than buildings	12

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is the accumulated decrease in the fair value of hedging activities. The second relates to the Village's defined benefit pension plan. The third relates to the Village's total other post-employment benefit liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows of resources reported in these statements are related to the Village's defined benefit pension plan and total other postemployment liability.

The Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance also reports unavailable revenue as a deferred inflow of resources which represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the amount becomes available.

The Village reports deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to the recording of changes in its net pension liability and total OPEB liability. Certain changes in the net pension liability and total OPEB liability are recognized as pension expense over time instead of all being recognized in the year of occurrence.

Experience gains or losses from periodic actuary studies and changes in actuarial assumptions which adjust the net pension liability and total OPEB liability are also recorded as deferred outflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining lives of plan members. The difference between projected investment return on pension investments and actual return on those investments is also deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five year period. The changes in proportion and differences between Village contributions and proportionate share of contributions are also deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five year period.

Additionally, any contributions made by the Village to the pension plan before year-end but subsequent to the measurement date of the Village's net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Pension:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Village's FRS plan and additions to/deductions from this plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences:

The Village's employees are granted compensated absence pay for vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service. Unused compensated absences are payable upon separation from service. Vacation is accrued as a liability when benefits are earned by the employees, that is, the employees have rendered services that give rise to the vacation liability and it is probable that the Village will compensate the employees in some manner, e.g., in cash or in paid time-off, now or upon termination or retirement. The Village uses the vesting method in accruing sick leave liability. The vesting method accrues sick leave liability for employees who are eligible to receive termination payments upon separation. Vacation and sick pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable if they are material (i.e., unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement). The General Fund has typically been used in prior years to liquidate such amounts. Vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable is reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as another financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance/Net Position:

The Village desires to provide a stable financial environment for operations that allows the Village to provide quality services in a fiscally responsible manner. This fund balance policy is meant to serve as the framework upon which consistent operations may be built and sustained.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balance/net position are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Within unrestricted fund balance, the order in which expenditures will be applied is as follows: committed, assigned and then unassigned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 54, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Additionally, fund balance classifications should depict the nature of the net resources that are reported in a governmental fund. The following definitions provided by GASB Statement No. 54 will be used in reporting activity in governmental funds of the Village.

- Nonspendable Fund Balance: Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (1) not in spendable form, or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Amounts included as nonspendable include inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term amounts of loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale, unless proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned, as well as funds legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance: Amounts that may only be spent for specific purposes, as stipulated by external resource providers, by constitution or through enabling legislation that is legally enforceable by an external party. Enabling legislation that creates a revenue stream must also stipulate the purposes for which that revenue can be used. Restrictions may only be changed by parties external to the Village.
- Committed Fund Balance: Amounts committed for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Fund balance can be committed pursuant to constraints imposed by either an ordinance, resolution, or a valid agreement between the Village and a counterparty for which it is clearly documented that the Village will use existing resources, rather than future revenues, to satisfy the contractual obligation. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village Council removes or changes the limitation by taking the same form of action it employed to previously impose the limitation. Formal action to commit an amount to a specific purpose must be made prior to the end of the Village's fiscal year. The actual amount, however, may be computed after year-end as part of the preparation of the financial statements.
- Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts that are intended by the government to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by: (1) the governing body itself, or (2) a subordinate high-level body or official possessing the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. This authority is granted by Village Council to the Village Manager. Assignment calculations may be made after yearend as part of the preparation of the financial statements. Included in this category is any fund balance carry-forward used to balance the subsequent year's budget.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>: The residual classification of fund balance which has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes. Only the General Fund may report positive unassigned fund balance. Unassigned residual deficits may apply to other governmental funds to the extent fund balances are insufficient to satisfy restricted and committed balances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is presented in three components as follows:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. This component does not include the unspent proceeds of debt.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of funds with constraints placed on their use either by: (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position Consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

G. Property Taxes:

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector, respectively. All property is reassessed according to its fair market value on January 1 of each year and each assessment roll is submitted to the State Department of Revenue for review to determine if the assessment roll meets all of the appropriate requirements of State Law. State statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills.

The tax levy is established by the Council prior to October 1 of each year during the budget process. The millage rate assessed by the Village for the year ended September 30, 2019, was 3.0247 mills (\$3.02 for each \$1,000 of assessed valuation). The nonexempt assessed value of property within the Village limits at January 1, 2019, was approximately \$3.50 billion.

Taxes may be paid less a 4% discount in November or at declining discounts each month through the month of February. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Delinquent taxes on real property bear interest at 18% per year until the tax is satisfied either by seizure and sale of the property or by the five year statute of limitations.

H. Estimates:

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Estimates:

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds to facilitate the cash management process. Each fund's portion of this pool is included on the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet as "cash and cash equivalents." Interest is allocated to the various funds based on their proportionate share of the cash pool.

<u>Cash</u> – All of the Village's deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to State of Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act." Under the act, every qualified public depository shall deposit with the Treasurer eligible collateral equal to or in excess of the required collateral of the depository to be held subject to his or her order. The Treasurer, by rule, shall establish minimum required pledging levels. The pledging level may range from 25% to 125% of the average monthly balance of public deposits depending upon the depository's financial condition and establishment period. All collateral must be deposited with an approved financial institution. Any losses to public depositors are covered by applicable deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral and, if necessary, assessments against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits was \$19,610,717 and the total bank balance was \$19,802,349. Included in cash and equity in pooled cash on the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds is \$2,150 cash on hand. All balances are covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the State Treasurer.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Investments</u> – In accordance with the Village's investment policy, the Village may invest in the following:

- Interest-bearing time deposits and checking or savings accounts in qualified public depositories as defined in Florida Statute 280.02.
- The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Statute 163.01.
- Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Direct obligations of the United States Treasury.
- Federal Agencies or instrumentalities.

At September 30, 2019, the Village's surplus funds were held in interest-bearing checking and savings accounts.

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2019, for the Village's individual major funds and total nonmajor funds are as follows:

	Accounts		Accounts		Accounts		-	e cial s ments	 from Other vernments		Total
Governmental Activities	-				 						
Major funds											
General Fund	\$	109,316	\$	-	\$ 1,631,512	\$	1,740,828				
Capital Projects Fund		-		-	898,969		898,969				
Nonmajor funds		-		-	1,327,807		1,327,807				
Total governmental activities		109,316		_	3,858,288		3,967,604				
Business-type Activities					 						
Major funds											
Wastewater Utility Fund		966,471	28,4	481,417	9,428	2	9,457,316				
PYH Marina		15,312		-	-		15,312				
Nonmajor funds		-		-	3,546		3,546				
Total business-type activities		981,783	28,4	481,417	12,974	2	9,476,174				
Total primary government	\$	1,091,099	\$ 28,4	481,417	\$ 3,871,262	\$3	3,443,778				

Special assessment receivables are net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts in the amount of \$1,186,726. All other receivables are deemed fully collectible by the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	October 1	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	September 30
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 25,477,758	\$ 369,286	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,847,044
Construction in progress	185,184	1,815,050			2,000,234
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	25,662,942	2,184,336			27,847,278
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Land improvements	643,925	30,917	-	-	674,842
Buildings and improvements	10,438,101	143,866	-	-	10,581,967
Improvements other than buildings	4,868,641	49,376	(8,399)	-	4,909,618
Infrastructure	8,484,105	-	(2,175)	-	8,481,930
Equipment and furniture	3,506,181	382,137	(77,006)	-	3,811,312
Vehicles	3,507,873	716,257	(541,899)		3,682,231
Total capital assets, being depreciated	31,448,826	1,322,553	(629,479)	=	32,141,900
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Land improvements	(605,312)	(23,270)	-	-	(628,582)
Buildings and improvements	(3,122,797)	(311,825)	-	-	(3,434,622)
Improvements other than buildings	(3,803,694)	(193,350)	8,399	-	(3,988,645)
Infrastructure	(6,589,438)	(231,573)	1,577	-	(6,819,434)
Equipment and furniture	(2,275,124)	(283,784)	82,368	-	(2,476,540)
Vehicles	(2,662,347)	(129,975)	500,647		(2,291,675)
Total accumulated depreciation	(19,058,712)	(1,173,777)	592,991		(19,639,498)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	12,390,114	148,776	(36,488)		12,502,402
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 38,053,056	\$ 2,333,112	\$ (36,488)	\$ -	\$ 40,349,680

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities

General government	\$ 252,201
Public safety	342,991
Physical environment	295,459
Culture and recreation	283,126
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 1,173,777

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital asset activity for the business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	October 1	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	September 30
Business-type Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 1,061,948	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,061,948
Construction in progress	61,862	862,544		(4,070)	920,336
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,123,810	862,544		(4,070)	1,982,284
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Land improvements	173,588	-	-	-	173,588
Buildings and improvements	882,631	-	-	-	882,631
Improvements other than buildings	2,396,069	-	-	4,070	2,400,139
Infrastructure	165,865,381	317,116	-	-	166,182,497
Equipment and furniture	1,819,706	-	-	-	1,819,706
Vehicles	153,655	144,795			298,450
Total capital assets, being depreciated	171,291,030	461,911		4,070	171,757,011
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Land improvements	(153,007)	(10,609)	-	-	(163,616)
Buildings and improvements	(279,438)	(22,662)	-	-	(302,100)
Improvements other than buildings	(521,091)	(51,384)	-	-	(572,475)
Infrastructure	(18,579,844)	(5,649,485)	-	-	(24,229,329)
Equipment and furniture	(1,009,073)	(92,887)	-	-	(1,101,960)
Vehicles	(6,402)	(27,653)			(34,055)
Total accumulated depreciation	(20,548,855)	(5,854,680)			(26,403,535)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	150,742,175	(5,392,769)		4,070	145,353,476
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$151,865,985	\$ (4,530,225)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 147,335,760

Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type activities as follows:

Business-type Activities

Plantation Yacht Harbor Marina	\$ 191,678
Wastewater Utility	5,647,960
Stormwater Utility	 15,042
Total depreciation expense, business-type activities	\$ 5,854,680

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund transfers between funds for the year ended September 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Tr	Transfers In		nsfers Out
Governmental Activities				
Major Funds				
General Fund	\$	-	\$	296,053
Capital Projects Fund		480,377		468,573
Nonmajor Funds		1,100,997		908,285
Business-type Activities				
Major Funds				
Wastewater Utility Fund		91,537		
Total	\$	1,672,911	\$	1,672,911

Because the Village's governmental debt is secured by discretionary sales surtax levied to fund infrastructure capital projects, a transfer of \$377,036 occurred from the Capital Projects Fund to the Debt Service Fund. In addition, \$91,537 was transferred from the Capital Projects Fund to the Wastewater Utility Fund for costs related to the wastewater project. Transfers of \$139,371 and \$538,999 were made from the General and Transportation Funds, respectively, to the Debt Service Fund to fund long-term debt payments. Transfers of \$111,091 and \$369,286 were made from the General Fund and Affordable Housing Funds, respectively, to the Capital Projects Fund to fund capital expenditures. Finally, a transfer of \$45,591 was made from the General Fund to the Canal Debris Removal Fund to fund certain program expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in governmental activities long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2019:

]	Balance					Balance	D	ue Within
	0	ctober 1	 Additions	Re	ductions	Se	ptember 30		One Year
Governmental Activities			 						
Bonds Payable									
Series 2003	\$	25,300	\$ -	\$	(25,300)	\$	-	\$	-
Series 2004A		48,574	-		(48,574)		-		-
Series 2004B		295,000	-		(295,000)		-		-
Series 2012		2,202,205	-		(28,588)		2,173,617		259,219
Series 2013		4,535,000	-		(370,000)		4,165,000		385,000
Line of Credit		-	2,500,000		-		2,500,000		2,500,000
Interest rate swap liability		3,627	-		(3,627)		-		-
Compensated absences		719,293	566,543		(394,185)		891,651		390,853
Net pension liability		8,975,674	4,258,881		(3,384,013)		9,850,542		-
Total OPEB liability		68,451	 25,976		(684)		93,743		
Total governmental activities	\$	16,873,124	\$ 7,351,400	\$	(4,549,971)	\$	19,674,553	\$	3,535,072

Typically, compensated absences, the net pension liability, and other post-employment benefits are liquidated with funds from the General Fund.

Long-term debt of the governmental activities at September 30, 2019, is composed of the following bonds payable:

	Governmental Activities
Capital Improvement Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2012	
The Village issued bonds in the amount of \$2,392,749 to refund \$2,332,600 of outstanding Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, plus accrued interest and issuance costs. Principal and interest at 2.210% is payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1 through June 2027. The bonds are secured by, and payable from, the Village's portion of the one-cent governmental infrastructure surtax.	\$ 2,173,617
Capital Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2013 The Village issued bonds in the amount of \$6,000,000 to finance the cost of acquisition and construction of capital improvements to the road system and pay issuance costs. Principal and interest at 3.13% is payable semi-annually on October 1 and April 1 through October 1, 2028. The bonds are secured by, and payable from, the Village's local option gas tax revenues.	4,165,000
Line of Credit The Village drew \$2,500,000 on its Line of Credit to cover the cost of operations until reimbursements from FEMA related to Hurricane Irma expenditures were received. Interest is paid monthly at a rate of 2.9%. As of September 30, 2019, \$5 million of the Line of Credit was unused. The 13-month Line of Credit maturity date is November 26, 2019.	2,500,000
2017.	\$ 8,838,617

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for outstanding bonds for governmental activities are as follows:

Year Ending						
September 30,	Principal		Interest			Total
2020	\$	3,144,219	\$	192,823	\$	3,337,042
2021		659,947		166,169		826,116
2022		680,803		146,563		827,366
2023		691,788		126,310		818,098
2024		717,905		105,665		823,570
2025-2029		2,943,955		212,546		3,156,501
	\$	8,838,617	\$	950,076	\$	9,788,693
	Ψ	0,050,017	Ψ	750,070	Ψ	7,700,073

The following is a summary of changes in business-type activities long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	Balance October 1	A	dditions	R	eductions	Se	Balance eptember 30	ue Within One Year
Business-type Activities								
Bonds Payable								
Series 2004A	\$ 236,426	\$	-	\$	(236,426)	\$	-	\$ -
Series 2012	2,521,494		-		(253,158)		2,268,336	269,024
State Revolving Fund Loans								
2006	2,644,749		-		(262,935)		2,381,814	270,180
2012	80,886,364		-		(5,681,228)		75,205,136	5,259,046
Interest rate swap liability	1,927		-		(1,927)		-	-
Compensated absences	59,480		49,380		(36,514)		72,346	30,790
Net pension liability	509,533		241,763		(192,098)		559,198	-
Total OPEB liability	 6,449		2,447		(64)		8,832	
Total governmental activities	\$ 86,866,422	\$	293,590	\$	(6,664,350)	\$	80,495,662	\$ 5,829,040

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Long-term debt of the business-type activities at September 30, 2019, is composed of the following bonds payable:

	Business-type Activities
Capital Improvement Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2012 The Village issued bonds in the amount of \$3,931,877 to refund \$2,492,276 of outstanding Special Assessment Improvement Bonds, Series 2006, \$104,288 of outstanding Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, and \$1,175,198 of outstanding Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2009, plus accrued interest and issuance costs. Principal and interest at 2.210% is payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1 through June 2027. The bonds are secured by, and payable from, the Village's portion of the one-cent governmental infrastructure surtax.	\$ 2,268,336
2006 State Revolving Fund Loan Program The Village entered into a loan agreement with the State Department of Environmental Protection Clean Water Revolving Fund Loan program to borrow funds to finance the engineering and design of a wastewater collection system in the amount of \$5,219,564 (including capitalized interest and service fees). The combined interest and grant allocation assessment for this agreement is fixed as 2.92%. Principal and interest payments in the amount of \$166,769 are payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 through July 15, 2027. The loan is secured by assessments and annual revenues derived from the operation of the sewer system.	2,381,814
2012 State Revolving Fund Loan Program The Village entered into a loan agreement with the State Department of Environmental Protection Clean Water State Revolving Fund program to borrow funds to finance the design and construction of a wastewater collection system. As of September 30, 2013, the approved loan amount was \$47,799,014, including capitalized interest, and \$22,502,437 had been borrowed to date. The combined interest and grant allocation assessment for this agreement is 2.33%. Payments will begin June 15, 2016, and semi-annually thereafter on December 15 and June 15 until paid in full. The loan is secured by assessments and annual revenues derived from the operation of the sewer system.	75,205,136 \$ 79,855,286

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding debt of the business-type activities as of September 30, 2019, is as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	 Principal	 Interest		Total
2020	\$ 5,798,250	\$ 2,115,127	\$	7,913,377
2021	4,368,147	2,005,212		6,373,359
2022	4,480,927	1,892,412		6,373,339
2023	4,596,667	1,776,648		6,373,315
2024	4,715,447	1,657,844		6,373,291
2025-2029	24,085,387	6,418,649		30,504,036
2030-2034	25,324,988	3,272,074		28,597,062
2035-2036	 6,485,473	 325,260		6,810,733
	\$ 79,855,286	\$ 19,463,226	\$	99,318,512

NOTE 8 – SWAP AGREEMENTS

Series 2004A and 2004B Public Improvement Revenue Bonds Swap Agreements:

The Village entered into two interest rate swaps in connection with its \$6,500,000 Series 2004A and its \$6,770,000 Series 2004B Public Improvement Revenue Bonds with notional amounts equal to the bonds outstanding. The intent of the swaps was to effectively change the Village's variable interest rate on the debt to a synthetic fixed rate of 4.05% and 3.88%. The Series 2004A and 2004B Bond and the related swap agreements matured on February 1, 2019. Under the requirements of the swaps, the Village received variable payments based on 67% of U.S. LIBOR plus .80% from the counterparty, which equals the outstanding rate on the bonds. Effective February 1, 2019, Series 2004A and 2004B Public Improvement Revenue Bonds associated with the swap agreements were paid off. Therefore, the debt service obligations of these bonds will no longer be reported.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance as of September 30, 2019, consists of the following:

	General	Capital Projects	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Prepaids	\$ 137,034	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 137,034
Total nonspendable	137,034	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	137,034
Restricted				
Police training	49,523	-	-	49,523
Capital projects	103,496	2,792,057	-	2,895,553
Transportation		<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	
Total restricted	153,019	2,792,057		2,945,076
Committed		-		
Landscape mitigation	230,205	-	-	230,205
Building code enforcement training	153,743	-	-	153,743
Affordable housing	-	-	410,362	410,362
Fire rescue projects	-	345,126	-	345,126
Park projects	-	1,512,393	-	1,512,393
Transportation projects	-	453,715	-	453,715
Solid waste projects and operations		<u> </u>	43,177	43,177
Total committed	383,948	2,311,234	453,539	3,148,721
Unassigned	3,483,360		(683,591)	2,799,769
Total fund balance	\$4,157,361	\$ 5,103,291	\$ (230,052)	\$ 9,030,600

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Village provides healthcare benefits through a single-employer defined benefit plan (the "Plan") administered by the Village. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, *Florida Statutes*, former employees and eligible dependents who retire from the Village may continue to participate in the Village's self-funded health and hospitalization plans for medical and prescription drug coverage. The Village subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the plans at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report, but a valuation report is prepared by an actuary in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 (GASB 75). The results of this valuation were based on a measurement date of September 30, 2018, and are applicable to the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019.

<u>Employees Covered by the Benefit Terms</u> – At September 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries	-
Inactive, nonretired members	-
Active plan members	101
Total	101

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – A retired employee and his or her spouse and eligible dependents are eligible to continue health insurance identical to active employees if they meet the eligibility for retirement under the applicable retirement plan. The retiree is responsible for paying the entire monthly premium for health coverage and that of any covered spouse or eligible dependents. At age 65, Medicare becomes the primary insurance.

The Village's total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, based on an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2018, using the following assumptions:

Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increase rate(s)	Varies by service
Discount rate	4.18%
Initial trend rate	8.00%
Ultimate trend rate	4.00%
Years to ultimate	56

All mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 mortality tables. All mortality rates are those outlined in Millimnan's July 1, 2018, Florida Retirement System (FRS) valuation report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Mortality - Active Lives: For female lives, 100% of the Combined Healthy White-Collar table was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, a 50% Combined Healthy White-Collar table, 50% Combined Healthy Blue-Collar table blend was used. For male special risk lives, a 10% Combined Healthy White-Collar table, 90% Combined Healthy Blue-Collar table blend was used. All tables include fully generational adjustments for mortality improvements using improvement scale BB.

Mortality - Inactive Healthy Lives: For female lives, 100% of the Annuitant White-Collar table was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, a 50% Annuitant White-Collar table, 50% Annuitant Blue-Collar table blend was used. For male special risk lives, a 10% Annuitant White-Collar table, 90% Annuitant Blue-Collar table blend was used. All tables include fully generational adjustments for mortality improvements using improvement scale BB.

Mortality - Disabled Lives: For female (non-special risk) lives, 100% of the Disabled Female table was used, set forward two years. For female special risk lives, a 60% Disabled Female table, 40% Annuitant White Collar table with no setback blend was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, 100% of the Disabled Male table was used, set back four years. For Male special risk lives, a 60% Disabled Male table, 40% Annuitant White Collar table with no setback blend was used. Disabled mortality has not been adjusted for mortality improvements.

Discount Rate: Given the Village's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 4.18%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the week closest but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index as published by the Federal Reserve. The 20-Bond Index consists of 20 general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years. The average rating of the 20 bonds is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp.'s AA.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<u>Changes in the Total OPEB Liability of the Village</u>: The changes in the total OPEB liability of the Village for the year ended September 30, 2019, were as follows:

Balances at September 30, 2018 \$ 74,900 Changes for the year: Service cost 14,228 Interest on the total OPEB liability 3,235 Difference between expected and actual experience of the total OPEB liability (272) Changes of assumptions 5,300 Changes of benefit terms 5,660 Benefit payments (476) Net changes 27,675 Balances at September 30, 2019 \$ 102,575		To	tal OPEB
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability 3,235 Difference between expected and actual experience of the total OPEB liability (272) Changes of assumptions 5,300 Changes of benefit terms 5,660 Benefit payments (476) Net changes		1	Liability
Service cost 14,228 Interest on the total OPEB liability 3,235 Difference between expected and actual experience of the total OPEB liability (272) Changes of assumptions 5,300 Changes of benefit terms 5,660 Benefit payments (476) Net changes 27,675	Balances at September 30, 2018	\$	74,900
Service cost 14,228 Interest on the total OPEB liability 3,235 Difference between expected and actual experience of the total OPEB liability (272) Changes of assumptions 5,300 Changes of benefit terms 5,660 Benefit payments (476) Net changes 27,675	Changes for the years		
Interest on the total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual experience of the total OPEB liability Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments Net changes 27,675	•		
Difference between expected and actual experience of the total OPEB liability (272) Changes of assumptions 5,300 Changes of benefit terms 5,660 Benefit payments (476) Net changes 27,675	Service cost		14,228
experience of the total OPEB liability (272) Changes of assumptions 5,300 Changes of benefit terms 5,660 Benefit payments (476) Net changes 27,675	Interest on the total OPEB liability		3,235
Changes of assumptions5,300Changes of benefit terms5,660Benefit payments(476)Net changes27,675	Difference between expected and actual		
Changes of benefit terms 5,660 Benefit payments (476) Net changes 27,675	experience of the total OPEB liability		(272)
Benefit payments (476) Net changes 27,675	Changes of assumptions		5,300
Net changes 27,675	Changes of benefit terms		5,660
	Benefit payments		(476)
Balances at September 30, 2019 <u>\$ 102,575</u>	Net changes		27,675
Balances at September 30, 2019 \$ 102,575			
	Balances at September 30, 2019	\$	102,575

Difference between Expected and Actual Experience reflects the impact of changes to the census data from the prior valuation to the valuation as of September 30, 2019.

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.64% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2018, to 4.18% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2019.

Change of Benefit Terms represents the change in liability due to Article 29.3 of the Collective Bargaining Agreement. This change allows for eligible participants to have 35% of their retiree medical premiums paid for by the Village, from the date of retirement through the date of Medicare eligibility. Eligible participants are those who were hired as firefighters between September 1, 1999 and September 1, 2004.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	Current						
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1%	Increase	
		3.18%		4.18%	5.18%		
Total OPEB liability	\$	110,127	\$	102,575	\$	95,134	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease 3.00% - 7.50%		Heal	thcare Cost		
			Trend Rate 4.00% - 8.50%		1% Increase 5.00% - 9.50%	
Total OPEB liability	\$	87,351	\$	102,575	\$	120,837

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>: For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Village will recognize OPEB expense of \$27,055.

On September 30, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 238	
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	4,637	7,181	
Benefits Paid subsequent to the measurement date	5,341		
Total	\$ 9,978	\$ 7,419	

The deferred outflows of resources related to the total OPEB liability, totaling \$5,341 resulting from benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended September 30,	
2020	\$ (568)
2021	(568)
2022	(568)
2023	(568)
2024	(568)
Thereafter	 58
Total	\$ (2,782)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Islamorada, Village of Islands' Money Purchase Plan is a defined contribution plan that was established by the Village and is administered by Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc. to provide benefits at retirement for certain Village employees who did not convert to the Florida Retirement System (FRS) when it became available in January 2016. New enrollments into this plan are not permissible; therefore, participant numbers and contribution amounts decline as employees in the plan leave employment with the Village. Plan revisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Village Council. Effective October 1, 2011, the Village Council agreed that the Village would make 4% employer contributions to the plan for non-fire rescue personnel. For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Village contributed approximately \$19,422 and \$21,460, respectively, to this plan. Plan members do not make contributions to the plan. Effective October 1, 2011, the term of vesting for new participants was increased to two years from anniversary date.

As part of the Village Manager's contract and the Village Attorney's contracts, the Village makes 10% contributions to a 457 plan on their behalf up to a maximum limit established by the Internal Revenue Service. For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Village contributed \$32,298 to the plan.

The Village offers its employees two optional deferred compensation plans – one through Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc., and another through ING. The Village has adopted the provision of IRS Code Section 457(g) and GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for IRS Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. Under these provisions, all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of the plan are not reported within the Village's financial statements.

Florida Retirement System (FRS)

<u>General Information</u> – The Village provides contributions to the Florida Retirement System for its employees. As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, *Florida Statutes*, the FRS provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). Under Section 121.4501, *Florida Statutes*, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan ("Investment Plan") alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA").

As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating village or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, and Chapter 60S, *Florida Administrative Code*. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the Web site: www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications.

Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

Benefits Provided – Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% (3.33% for judges and justices) of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, Senior Management Service, and Elected Officers' class members, and to age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk and Special Risk Administrative Support class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

As provided in Section 121.101, *Florida Statutes*, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition, to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

Contributions – Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute 3% of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019, respectively, were as follows: Regular–8.26% and 8.47%; Special Risk Administrative Support–34.98% and 38.59%; Special Risk–24.50% and 25.48%; Senior Management Service–24.06% and 25.41%; Elected Officers'–48.70% and 48.82%; and DROP participants–14.03% and 14.60%. These employer contribution rates do not include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for the periods October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019, respectively.

The Village's contributions to the Pension Plan totaled \$776,634 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2019, the Village reported a liability of \$8,360,269 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Village's 2018-2019 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2017-2018 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the Village's proportionate share was 0.024275862%, which was a decrease of 0.000840947% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense of \$2,265,885. In addition the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Defer	red Inflows	
Description		of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and	\$	495,871	\$	5,188	
actual experience					
Assumption changes		2,147,277		-	
Net difference between projected and actual		-		462,534	
earnings on Pension Plan investments					
Changes in proportion and differences		976,994		166,326	
between Village Pension Plan contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions					
Village Pension Plan contributions subsequent		184,215		-	
to the measurement date					
Total	\$	3,804,357	\$	634,048	

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$184,215 resulting from Village contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			
September 30:	 Amount		
2020	\$ 1,082,935		
2021	326,688		
2022	789,310		
2023	595,426		
2024	153,558		
Thereafter	 38,177		
Total	\$ 2,986,094		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all period included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60 %

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation (1)	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.00%	3.30%	3.30%	1.20%
Fixed income	18.00%	4.10%	4.10%	3.50%
Global equity	54.00%	8.00%	6.80%	16.50%
Real estate	10.00%	6.70%	6.10%	11.70%
Private equity	11.00%	11.20%	8.40%	25.80%
Strategic investments	6.00%	5.90%	5.70%	6.70%
Total	100.00%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.60%		1.70%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the Pension Plan's investment policy

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following represents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.90%) or one percentage point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.90%)	(6.90%)	(7.90%)
Village's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$14,452,121	\$ 8,360,269	\$3,272,542

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> – At September 30, 2019, the Village reported a payable in the amount of \$77,170 for outstanding contributions to the Pension Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

HIS Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a state-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include medicare.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions – The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the HIS contribution for the period October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019, was 1.66%. The Village contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contribution are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The Village's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$104,315 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2019, the Village reported a liability of \$2,049,471 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Village's 2018-2019 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2017-2018 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the Village's Proportionate share was 0.018316842%, which was an increase of 0.006502902% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense of \$331,332. In addition, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred in flows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferi	red Outflows	Deferred Inflo			
Description	of F	Resources	of R	desources		
Differences between expected and	\$	24,893	\$	2,510		
actual experience						
Assumption changes		237,309		167,507		
Net difference between projected and actual		1,322		-		
earnings on HIS Plan investments						
Changes in proportion and differences		676,735		-		
between Village HIS Plan contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions						
Village HIS Plan contributions subsequent		24,213		-		
to the measurement date						
Total	\$	964,472	\$	170,017		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, totaling \$24,213 resulting from Village contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		
September 30:	A	mount
2020	\$	328,248
2021		262,706
2022		143,805
2023		(104,426)
2024		18,968
Thereafter		120,941
Total	\$	770,242

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 3.50%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.50%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following represents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.50%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50%) or one percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (2.50%)	Discount Rate (3.50%)	1% Increase (4.50%)			
Village's proportionate share of	¢ 2220.576	¢ 2.040.471	¢ 1 007 046			
the net pension liability	\$ 4,339,370	\$ 2,049,471	\$1,807,846			

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> – At September 30, 2019, the Village reported a payable in the amount of \$10,365 for outstanding contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT AND INSURANCE

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters, for which commercial insurance is carried. Specifically, the Village purchases commercial insurance for property, medical benefits, workers' compensation, general liability, automobile liability, errors and omissions, and directors and officers liability. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The Village is also covered by Florida Statutes under the Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity which effectively limits the amount of liability of municipalities to individual claims of \$100,000 - \$200,000 for all claims relating to the same incident. There were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies:

There are various claims and legal actions pending against the Village for which no provision has been made in the financial statements. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management, based the advice of the Village Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village.

Commitments:

The Village entered into a construction contract with Ferreira Construction Southern, Inc. for the Venetian Shores Stormwater Project. The total contract amount is \$1,623,794. As of September 30, 2019, the remaining amount to complete the contract is \$815,526.

Agreement for Police Services:

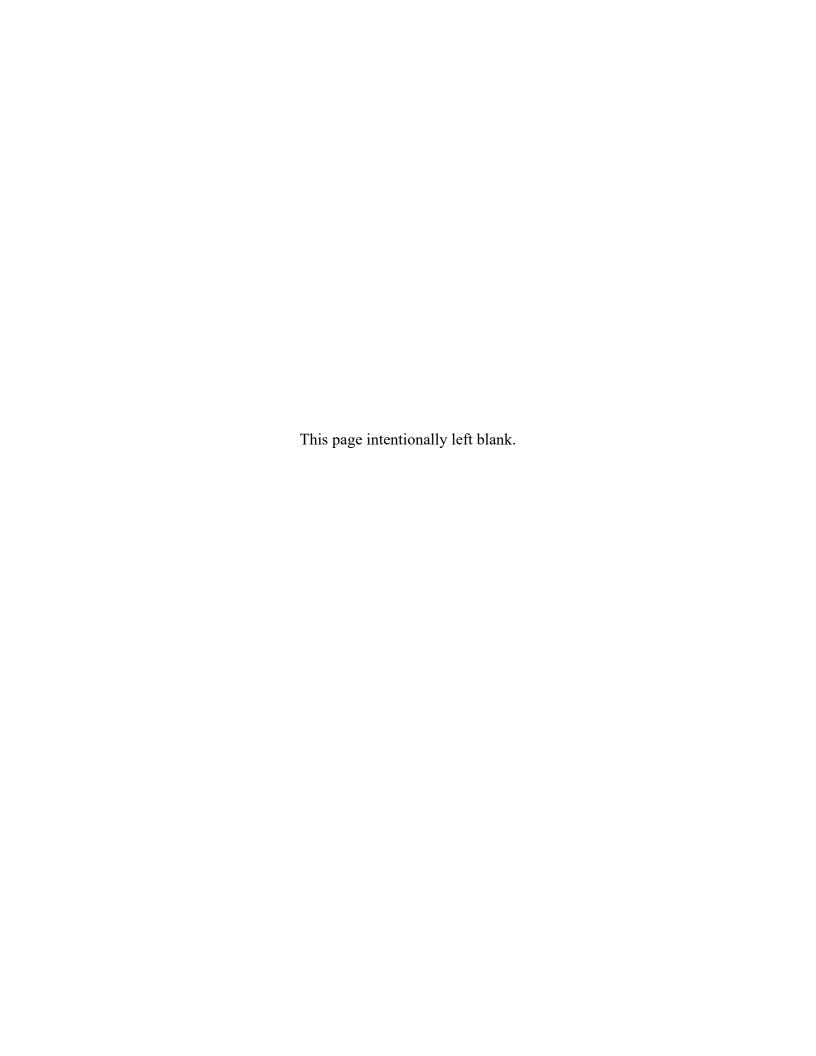
The Village has had contracts with the Monroe County Sheriff's Office for the provision of professional police services since incorporation. On September 26, 2014, the Village entered into a contract with the Monroe County Sheriff's Office to provide professional police services for the period from October 1, 2014 through September 30, 2019. Costs for local police services under this contract for the year ended September 30, 2019, were \$1,849,693. On August 8, 2019, the Village Council adopted Resolution No. 19-08-60 to approve a new five-year contract with the Monroe County Sheriff's Office and the Monroe County Board of County Commissioners for police services from October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2024.

Agreement for Solid Waste Collection Services:

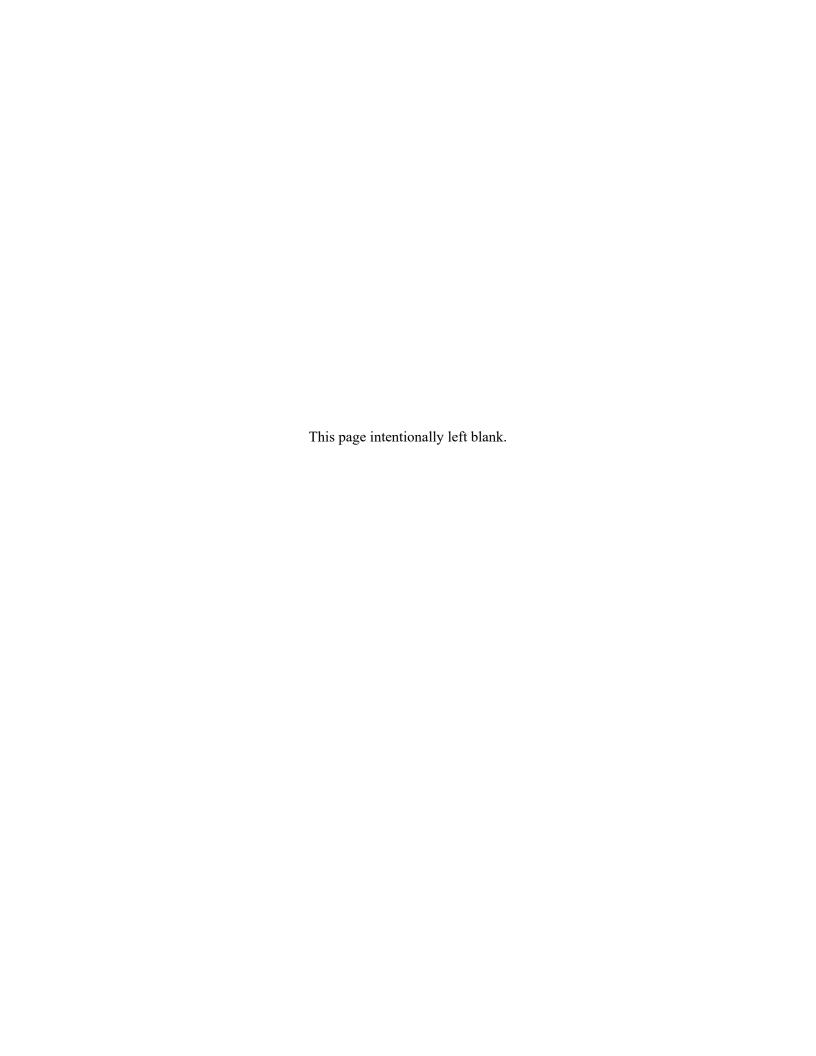
On November 14, 2013, the Village entered into a contract with Advanced Disposal Services Solid Waste Southeast, Inc. to provide residential and commercial solid waste, yard waste and recycling collection and disposal services for the period from January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2023. Costs for solid waste, yard waste and recycling collection and disposal services under this contract for the year ended September 30, 2019, were \$1,838,416.

NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Village has evaluated all subsequent events through September 9, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 Coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact certain Village revenues in 2020. Other financial impact could occur though such potential impact is unknown at this time.







ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues						
Taxes						
Ad valorem	\$ 10,264,200	\$ 10,190,200	\$ 10,190,202	\$ 2		
Communication services tax	251,800	251,800	252,302	502		
Permits, fees and assessments						
Franchise fees	600,000	682,000	682,283	283		
Building permits	1,536,000	2,021,000	2,054,903	33,903		
Intergovernmental						
Local government one-half cent sales tax	1,100,000	1,247,000	1,247,809	809		
State revenue sharing	281,900	281,600	317,698	36,098		
Other	132,100	1,568,500	1,615,747	47,247		
Charges for services	766,500	950,200	1,028,635	78,435		
Fines and forfeitures	117,500	324,000	324,879	879		
Interest	5,000	26,100	29,252	3,152		
Miscellaneous	53,100	73,100	74,083	983		
Total revenues	15,108,100	17,615,500	17,817,793	202,293		
Expenditures						
General government						
Legislative						
Personnel services	64,600	64,600	64,590	10		
Operating	260,000	408,000	373,535	34,465		
Total legislative	324,600	472,600	438,125	34,475		
Village manager/Village clerk						
Personnel services	741,500	749,900	744,810	5,090		
Operating	163,100	329,000	314,210	14,790		
Total Village manager/Village clerk	904,600	1,078,900	1,059,020	19,880		
Finance and administrative/IT						
Personnel services	774,600	768,600	755,131	13,469		
Operating	835,000	853,900	784,842	69,058		
Total finance and administrative/IT	1,609,600	1,622,500	1,539,973	82,527		
Legal						
Personnel services	299,700	310,400	307,148	3,252		
Operating	172,500	200,500	194,769	5,731		
Total legal	472,200	510,900	501,917	8,983		
Planning and zoning						
Personnel services	758,200	774,000	762,822	11,178		
Operating	426,500	275,500	225,538	49,962		
Total planning and zoning	1,184,700	1,049,500	988,360	61,140		
Total general government	4,495,700	4,734,400	4,527,395	207,005		

(Continued)

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Expenditures (Continued)		·		
Public safety				
Law enforcement				
Personnel services	\$ 62,100	\$ 61,100	\$ 56,554	\$ 4,546
Operating	2,072,700	1,935,700	1,921,849	13,851
Total law enforcement	2,134,800	1,996,800	1,978,403	18,397
Fire control and EMS				
Personnel services	3,524,200	3,794,200	3,760,403	33,797
Operating	606,500	664,900	622,890	42,010
Total fire control and EMS	4,130,700	4,459,100	4,383,293	75,807
Emergency response				
Operating	-	12,000	11,628	372
Total emergency response		12,000	11,628	372
Building services				
Personnel services	681,700	680,700	664,685	16,015
Operating	148,000	224,000	214,888	9,112
Total building services	829,700	904,700	879,573	25,127
Total public safety	7,095,200	7,372,600	7,252,897	119,703
Transportation				
Road and street facilities				
Personnel services	798,600	791,100	780,847	10,253
Operating	316,200	421,700	401,268	20,432
Capital outlay				
Total road and street facilities	1,114,800	1,212,800	1,182,115	30,685
Fills				
Personnel services	-	26,000	23,957	2,043
Operating			5,427	(5,427)
Total fills		26,000	29,384	(3,384)
Total transportation	1,114,800	1,238,800	1,211,499	27,301
Culture and recreation				
Personnel services	1,040,700	975,700	956,559	19,141
Operating	755,000	869,600	842,294	27,306
Total culture and recreation	1,795,700	1,845,300	1,798,853	46,447
Total expenditures	14,501,400	15,165,100	14,790,644	400,456
Excess of revenues over expenditures	606,700	2,450,400	3,027,149	602,749
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from line of credit	5,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	-
Transfers out	(752,000)	(403,500)	(296,053)	107,447
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,248,000	1,596,500	1,703,947	107,447
Change in fund balance (deficit)	4,854,700	4,046,900	4,731,096	710,196
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(573,735)	(573,735)	(573,735)	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,280,965	\$ 3,473,165	\$ 4,157,361	\$ 710,196

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE VILLAGE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Reporting period ending Measurement date	9/30/2019 6/30/2019				9/30/2017 6/30/2017	
Village's proportion of the FRS net pension liability		2.42758620%		0.02511681%		0.02321416%
Village's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$	8,360,269	\$	7,565,313	\$	6,866,593
Village's covered employee payroll	\$	6,432,631	\$	5,592,650	\$	5,594,675
Village's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability						
as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		129.97%		135.27%		122.73%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the FRS total pension liability						
FRS total pension liability	84.88%		84.88%		% 84.8	
	9/30/2016 6/30/2016					
Reporting period ending Measurement date				9/30/2015 6/30/2015		9/30/2014 6/30/2014
1 01						
Measurement date		6/30/2016		6/30/2015		6/30/2014
Measurement date Village's proportion of the FRS net pension liability		6/30/2016 0.01754437%	0	.013256768%	0	.011688803%
Measurement date Village's proportion of the FRS net pension liability Village's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability		6/30/2016 0.01754437% 4,429,967	0	.013256768% 1,712,289	0 \$.011688803% 713,189
Measurement date Village's proportion of the FRS net pension liability Village's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability Village's covered employee payroll		6/30/2016 0.01754437% 4,429,967	0	.013256768% 1,712,289	0 \$.011688803% 713,189
Measurement date Village's proportion of the FRS net pension liability Village's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability Village's covered employee payroll Village's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability		6/30/2016 0.01754437% 4,429,967 3,775,204	0	.013256768% 1,712,289 2,042,187	0 \$.011688803% 713,189 1,893,991

Notes to the Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

	9/30/2019		9/30/2019 9/30/2018		9/30/2017		
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$	776,634	\$	675,445	\$	643,425	
FRS Contributions in relation to the contractually							
required FRS contribution		776,634		675,445		643,425	
FRS Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	-	
Covered employee payroll	\$	6,282,749	\$	5,535,131	\$	5,594,675	
FRS Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		12.36%		12.20%		11.50%	
		9/30/2016	9	9/30/2015	ç	9/30/2014	
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$	510,264	\$	323,211	\$	256,034	
FRS Contributions in relation to the contractually							
required FRS contribution		510,264		323,211		256,034	
FRS Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$		
Covered employee payroll	\$	3,775,204	\$	2,042,187	\$	1,893,991	
FRS Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		13.52%		15.83%		13.52%	

Notes to the Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE VILLAGE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN

Reporting period ending Measurement date	9/30/2019 6/30/2019							9/30/2018 6/30/2018	9/30/2017 6/30/2017		
Village's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.018316840%		0	.017164980%	0.	010020070%					
Village's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$	2,049,471	\$	1,919,894	\$	1,835,358					
Village's covered employee payroll	\$	6,432,631	\$	5,592,650	\$	5,594,675					
Village's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability											
as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		31.86%		34.33%		32.81%					
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the											
HIS total pension liability	0.97%			0.97%		0.97%					
Reporting period ending Measurement date	9/30/2016 6/30/2016							0/30/2014 5/30/2014			
Village's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.018139398%		0.018139398% 0.017164980%		.017164980%	% 0.010020070%					
Village's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$	1,167,798	\$	641,219	\$	515,876					
Village's covered employee payroll	\$	3,775,204	\$	2,042,187	\$	1,893,991					
Village's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability											
as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		30.93%		31.40%		27.24%					
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the											
HIS total pension liability		0.97%		0.97% 1.22%		1.06%					

Notes to the Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN

	9/30/2019		9/30/2019 9/30/2018		9/30/2017		
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$	104,315	\$	93,348	\$	92,834	
HIS Contributions in relation to the contractually							
required HIS contribution		104,315		93,348		92,834	
HIS Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		
Covered employee payroll	\$	6,282,749	\$	5,535,131	\$	5,594,675	
HIS Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		1.66%		1.69%		1.66%	
		9/30/2016		6/30/2015		5/30/2014	
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$	69,020	\$	24,034	\$	18,900	
HIS Contributions in relation to the contractually required HIS contribution		69,020		24,034		18,900	
HIS Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
Covered employee payroll	\$	3,775,204	\$	2,042,187	\$	1,893,991	
HIS Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		1.83%		1.18%		1.00%	

Notes to the Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE VILLAGE'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Reporting period end Measurement date	9/30/19 9/30/18			0/30/18 0/30/17
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	\$	14,228 3,235 5,660 (272) 5,300 (476)	\$	15,749 2,514 - (9,575) (438)
Net change in total OPEB liability		27,675		8,250
Total OPEB liability - beginning		74,900		66,650
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	102,575	\$	74,900
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,962,289	\$ 5	5,335,131
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1.72%		1.40%

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to have ten years of data. Additional data to be compiled as information becomes available.

Covered Employee Payroll was projected one year forward from the valuation date for the reproting period ending September 30, 2019.

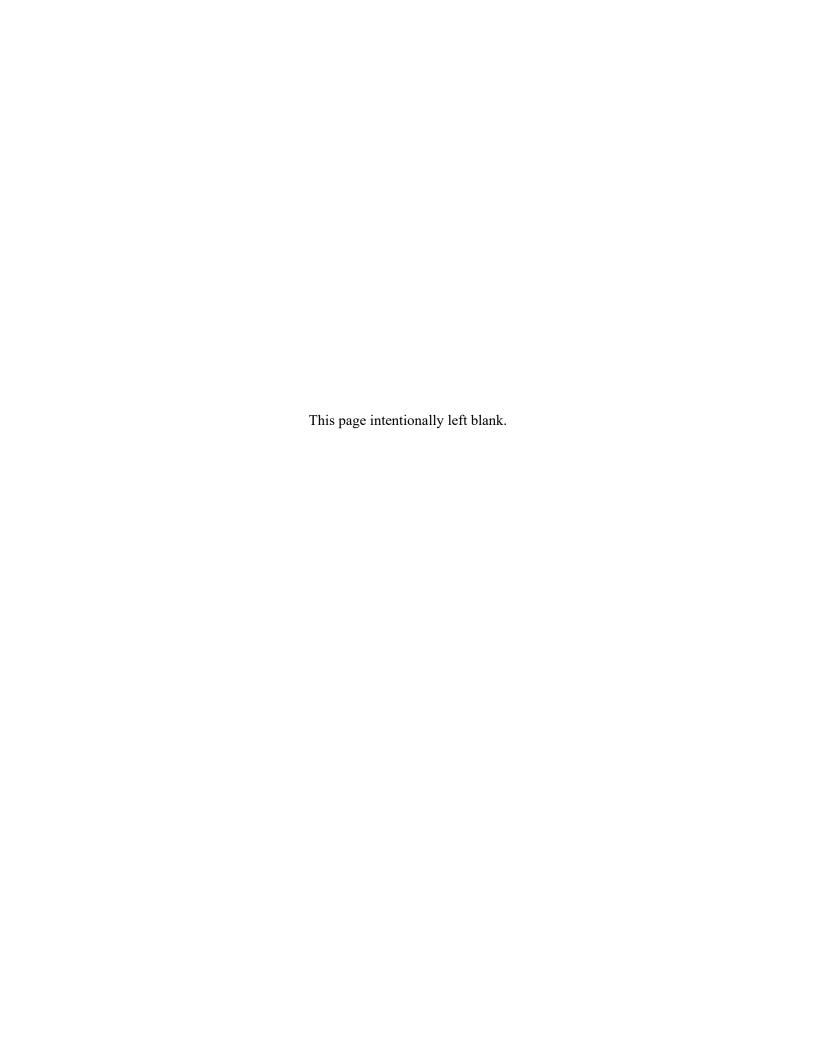
Changes in Benefit Terms. Reflects the changes in benefits as outlined in Article 29.3 of the Collective Bargaining Agreement.

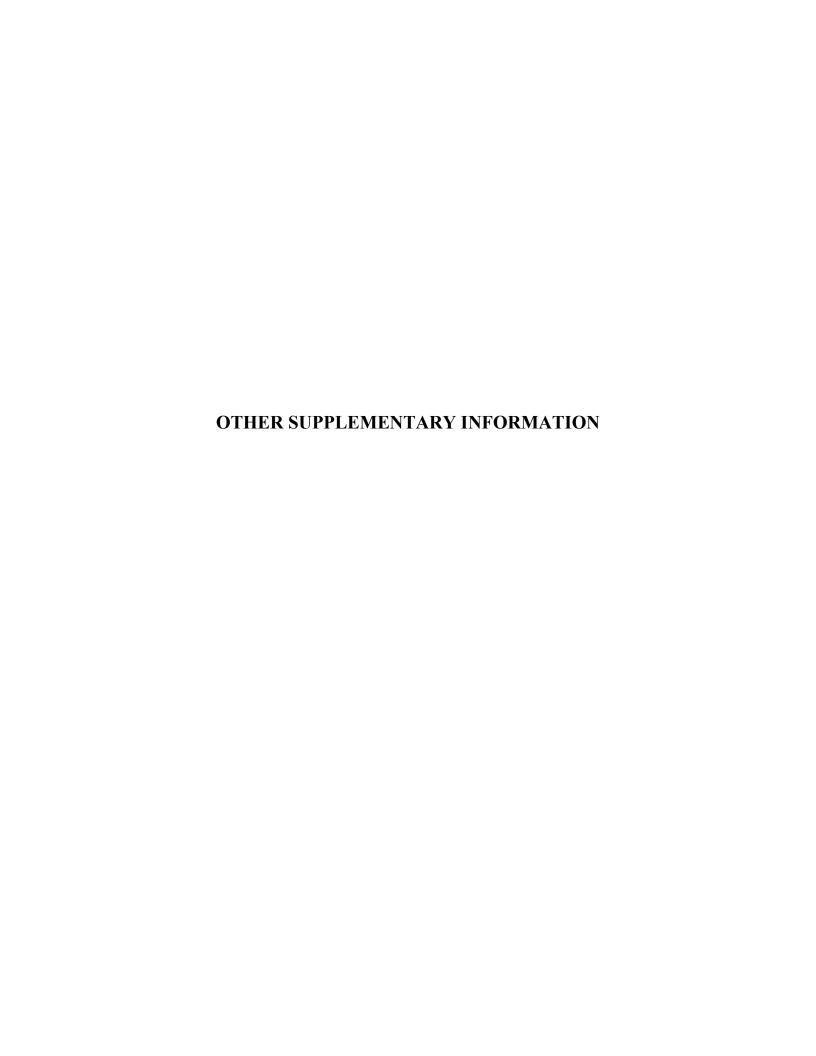
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience. Difference between expected and actual experience reflects the impact of changes to the census data from the prior valuation to the valuation as of September 30, 2018.

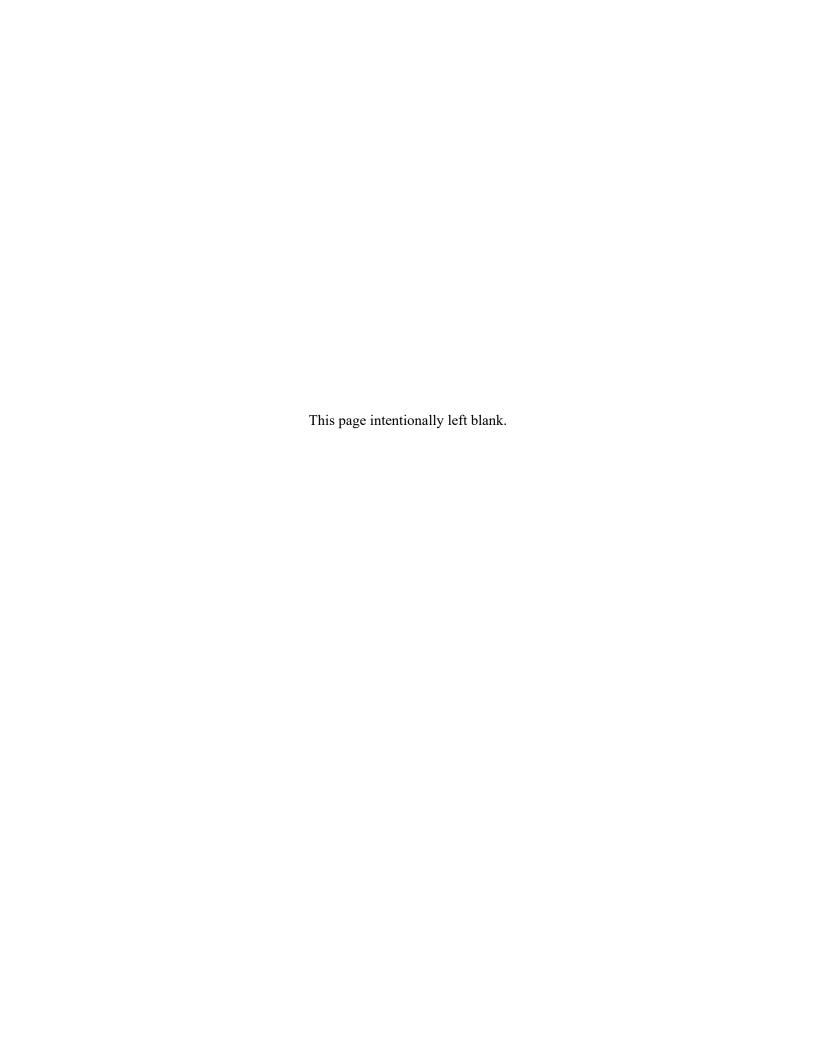
Changes of Assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2019 4.18% 2018 3.64% 2017 3.06%

Also reflected is updated projected medical claims and updated medical trend rates.







COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2019

			5	Special Reven	ue Fi	unds				
	So	lid Waste Fund	Tra	nsportation Fund		ffordable Housing Fund	nnal Debris Removal Fund		Service und	Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	202,556	\$	242,850	\$	689,553	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,134,959
Due from other governments		886		286,944		-	1,039,977		-	1,327,807
Total assets	\$	203,442	\$	529,794	\$	689,553	\$ 1,039,977	\$		\$ 2,462,766
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	159,128	\$	-	\$	9,500	\$ 510,934	\$	-	\$ 679,562
Accrued expenditures		681		416,439		-	-		-	417,120
Due to other funds		-		-		-	47,572		-	47,572
Unearned revenue		456		-		269,691	-		-	270,147
Total liabilities		160,265		416,439		279,191	558,506		-	1,414,401
Deferred inflow of resources										
Unavailable revenue				238,440			 1,039,977			1,278,417
Fund balances										
Committed		43,177		_		410,362	-		_	453,539
Unassigned		_		(125,085)		-	(558,506)		_	(683,591)
Total fund balances (deficit)		43,177		(125,085)		410,362	(558,506)	-	_	 (230,052)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	203,442	\$	529,794	\$	689,553	\$ 1.039.977	\$		\$ 2,462,766

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special Reven	ue Funds			
	Solid Waste Fund	Transportation Fund	Affordable Housing Fund	Canal Debris Removal Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 423,863	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 423,863
Permits, fees and special assessments	1,773,335	_	180,452	_	_	1,953,787
Intergovernmental	-	138,326	· -	1,619,320	_	1,757,646
Interest income	2,915	2,212	7,445	-	-	12,572
Miscellaneous	-	-	5,051	-	-	5,051
Total revenues	1,776,250	564,401	192,948	1,619,320		4,152,919
Expenditures						
Current						
Physical environment	1,857,262	-	-	2,361,658	-	4,218,920
Transportation	-	416,437	-	-	-	416,437
Economic environment	-	-	22,074	-	-	22,074
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	-	767,462	767,462
Interest					287,944	287,944
Total expenditures	1,857,262	416,437	22,074	2,361,658	1,055,406	5,712,837
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(81,012)	147,964	170,874	(742,338)	(1,055,406)	(1,559,918)
Other financing uses						
Proceeds from line of credit	-	-	-	500,000	-	500,000
Transfers in	-	-	-	45,591	1,055,406	1,100,997
Transfers out		(538,999)	(369,286)			(908,285)
Total other financing uses		(538,999)	(369,286)	545,591	1,055,406	692,712
Change in fund balances	(81,012)	(391,035)	(198,412)	(196,747)	-	(867,206)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	124,189	265,950	608,774	(361,759)		637,154
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 43,177	\$ (125,085)	\$ 410,362	\$ (558,506)	\$ -	\$ (230,052)

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL SOLID WASTE FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Vari	ance with
	C)riginal		Final	Actual	Fina	al Budget
Revenues		_					
Permits, fees and assessments	\$	1,776,000	\$	1,773,000	\$ 1,773,335	\$	335
Interest income		500		5,400	2,915		(2,485)
Total revenues		1,776,500		1,778,400	1,776,250		(2,150)
Expenditures							
Current							
Physical environment		1,858,200		1,859,200	1,857,262		1,938
Total expenditures		1,858,200		1,859,200	1,857,262		1,938
Change in fund balance		(81,700)		(80,800)	(81,012)		(212)
Fund balance, beginning of year		124,189		124,189	 124,189		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	42,489	\$	43,389	\$ 43,177	\$	(212)

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Var	iance with
		Original		Final	 Actual	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues	' <u>-</u>						
Taxes	\$	424,100	\$	424,100	\$ 423,863	\$	(237)
Intergovernmental		98,100		98,100	138,326		40,226
Interest income		500		2,500	2,212		(288)
Total revenues		522,700		524,700	564,401		39,701
Expenditures							
Current							
Transportation		-		-	416,437		(416,437)
Total expenditures					416,437		(416,437)
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures		522,700		524,700	 147,964		(376,736)
Other financing uses							
Transfers out		(508,000)		(539,000)	(538,999)		1
Total other financing uses		(508,000)		(539,000)	(538,999)		1
Change in fund balance		14,700		(14,300)	(391,035)		(376,735)
Fund balance, beginning of year		265,950		265,950	 265,950		
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	280,650	\$	251,650	\$ (125,085)	\$	(376,735)

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL AFFORDABLE HOUSING FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Permits, fees and special assessments	\$ 110,000	\$ 180,500	\$ 180,452	\$ (48)
Interest income	1,000	7,600	7,445	(155)
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	5,051	51
Total revenues	116,000	193,100	192,948	(152)
Expenditures				
Economic environment	80,000	27,000	22,074	4,926
Total expenditures	80,000	27,000	22,074	4,926
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	36,000	166,100	170,874	4,774
Other financing uses				
Transfers out	-	(370,000)	(369,286)	714
Total other financing uses		(370,000)	(369,286)	714
Change in fund balance	36,000	(203,900)	(198,412)	5,488
Fund balance, beginning of year	608,774	608,774	608,774	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 644,774	\$ 404,874	\$ 410,362	\$ 5,488

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION-BUDGET AND ACTUAL CANAL DEBRIS REMOVAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	1,180,370	\$ 1,619,320	\$ 438,950
Total revenues		1,180,370	1,619,320	438,950
Expenditures				
Physical environment	5,000,000	2,226,000	2,361,658	(135,658)
Total expenditures	5,000,000	2,226,000	2,361,658	(135,658)
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(5,000,000)	(1,045,630)	(742,338)	303,292
Other financing sources				
Proceeds from line of credit	5,000,000	500,000	500,000	-
Transfers in	-	76,000	45,591	(30,409)
Total other financing sources	5,000,000	576,000	545,591	(30,409)
Change in fund balance	-	(469,630)	(196,747)	272,883
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(361,759)	(361,759)	(361,759)	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ (361,759)	\$ (831,389)	\$ (558,506)	\$ 272,883

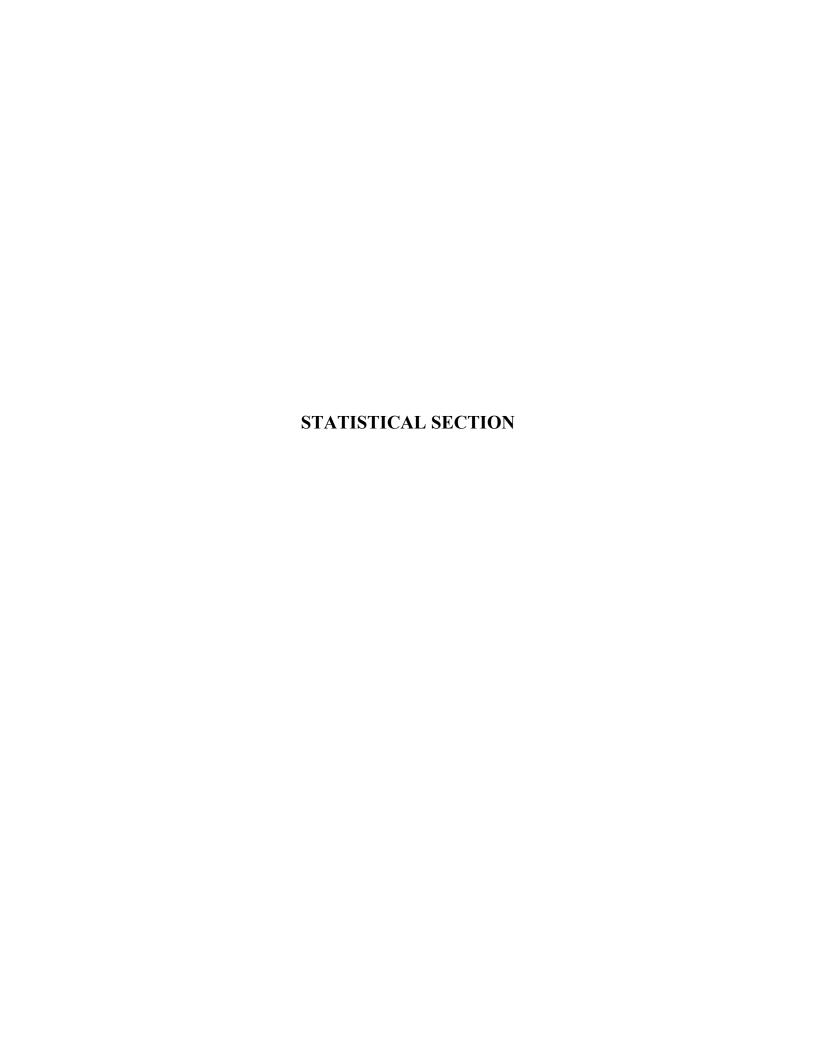
ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

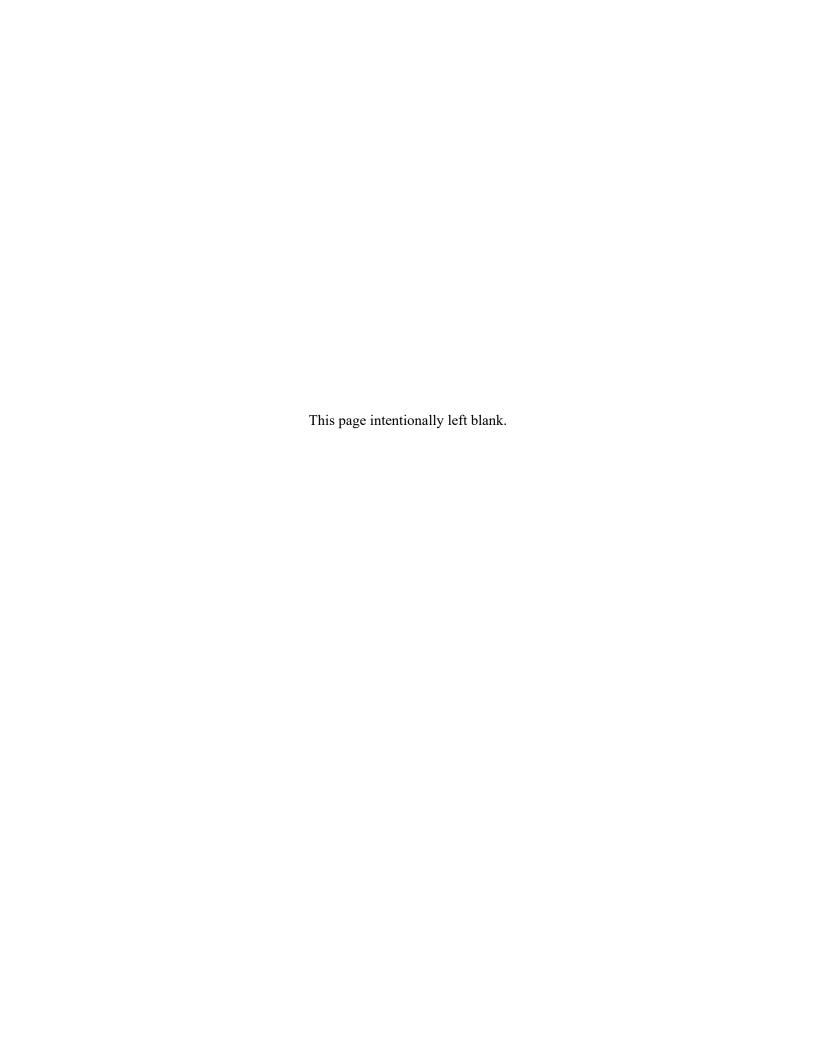
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Expenditures	·			
Debt service				
Principal	\$ 1,002,500	\$ 767,500	\$ 767,462	\$ 38
Interest	458,600	287,800	287,944	(144)
Total expenditures	1,461,100	1,055,300	1,055,406	(106)
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(1,461,100)	(1,055,300)	(1,055,406)	(106)
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	1,461,100	1,055,300	1,055,406	106
Total other financing sources	1,461,100	1,055,300	1,055,406	106
Change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year				

Fund balance, end of year

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 2,403,000	\$ 2,357,000	\$ 2,354,334	\$ (2,666)
Permits, fees and assessments	235,000	371,800	372,542	742
Intergovernmental	590,000	752,000	551,251	(200,749)
Interest income	3,500	34,600	41,065	6,465
Miscellaneous	-	410,500	469,202	58,702
Total revenues	3,231,500	3,925,900	3,788,394	(137,506)
Expenditures				
Current				
Public safety	87,000	79,600	79,627	(27)
Capital outlay	3,284,150	3,388,150	3,506,887	(118,737)
Total expenditures	3,371,150	3,467,750	3,586,514	(118,764)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(139,650)	458,150	201,880	(256,270)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	93,750	420,000	480,377	60,377
Transfers out	(467,700)	(468,900)	(468,573)	327
Total other financing uses	(373,950)	(48,900)	11,804	60,704
Change in fund balance	(513,600)	409,250	213,684	(195,566)
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,889,607	4,889,607	4,889,607	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,376,007	\$ 5,298,857	\$ 5,103,291	\$ (195,566)





ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA STATISTICAL SECTION

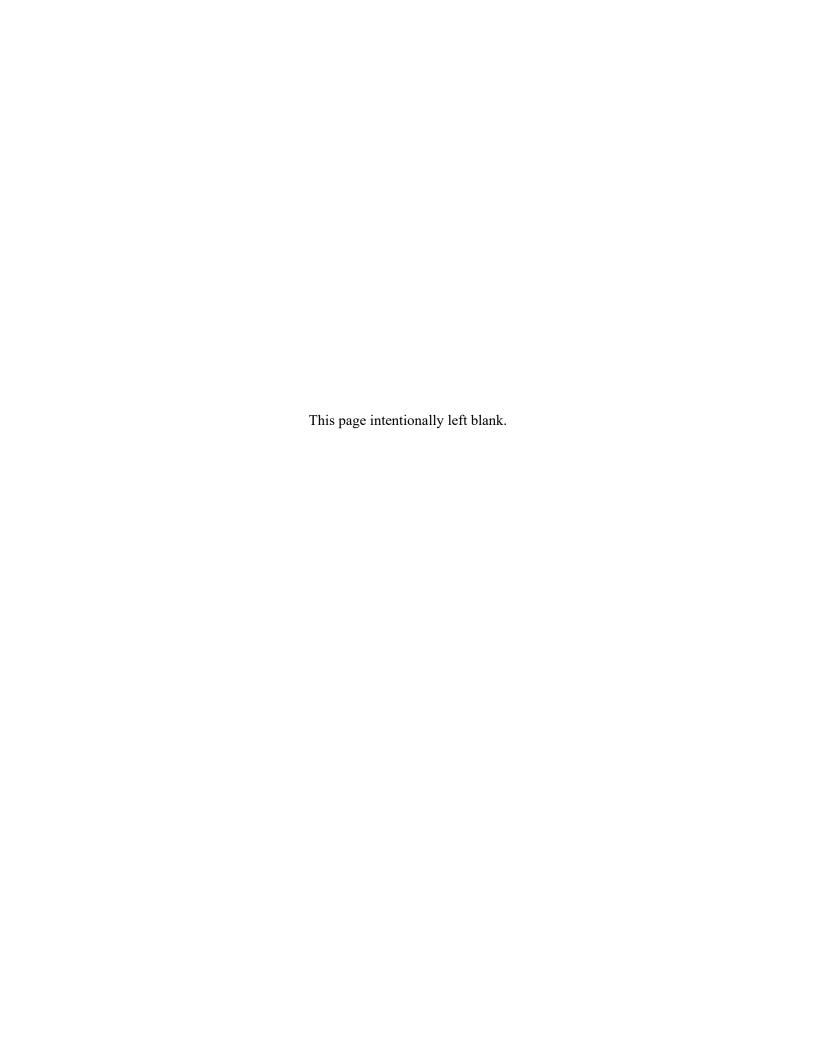
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

This part of the Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements says about the Village's overall financial health.

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Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Village's financial report relates to the services the Village provides and activities it performs.	90-92

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

2019	\$ 34,011,063 2,945,076 (572,802)	\$ 36,383,337	\$ 67,480,474 14,974,460 22,601,844	\$ 105,056,778	\$ 101,491,537 17,919,536 22,029,042	\$ 141,440,115
2018	\$ 30,946,977 2,800,685 (2,714,745)	\$ 31,032,917	\$ 65,576,951 23,330,239 15,846,097	\$ 104,753,287	\$ 96,523,928 26,130,924 13,131,352	\$ 135,786,204
2017	\$ 28,038,919 3,300,974 4,259,954	\$ 35,599,847	\$ 65,153,935 30,688,029 9,885,532	\$ 105,727,496	\$ 93,192,854 33,989,003 14,145,486	\$ 141,327,343
2016	\$ 26,572,055 3,333,947 4,511,519	\$ 34,417,521	\$ 65,599,655 37,162,394 4,354,531	\$ 107,116,580	\$ 92,171,710 40,496,341 8,866,050	\$ 141,534,101
2015	\$ 26,168,847 2,773,434 3,440,777	\$ 32,383,058	\$ 62,887,417 37,805,598 (1,153,975)	\$ 99,539,040	\$ 89,056,264 40,579,032 2,286,802	\$ 131,922,098
2014	\$ 26,946,172 4,375,977 3,148,688	\$ 34,470,837	\$ 62,679,462 37,694,565 (8,368,365)	\$ 92,005,662	\$ 89,625,634 42,070,542 (5,219,677)	\$ 126,476,499
2013 (1)	\$ 31,983,555 1,992,475 4,786,168	\$ 38,762,198	\$ 37,092,647 40,389,802 (5,354,130)	\$ 72,128,319	\$ 69,076,202 42,382,277 (567,962)	\$ 110,890,517
2012	\$ 32,693,895 1,141,557 5,345,149	\$ 39,180,601	\$ 22,906,007 2,047,753 528,111	\$ 25,481,871	\$ 55,599,902 3,189,310 5,873,260	\$ 64,662,472
2011	\$ 33,075,888 986,154 4,688,194	\$ 38,750,236	\$ 19,508,818 3,684,381 88,216	\$ 23,281,415	\$ 52,584,706 4,670,535 4,776,410	\$ 62,031,651
2010	\$ 33,730,987 566,272 3,733,234	\$ 38,030,493	\$ 18,363,835 134,194 (363,076)	\$ 18,134,953	\$ 52,094,822 700,466 3,370,158	\$ 56,165,446
	Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	Total governmental activities net position	Business-type activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	Total business-type activities net position	Total government: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	Total primary government net position

⁽¹⁾ In 2013, net position increased significantly due to the sewer assessment resolutions that were finalized.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2010	2011	2012	2013 (1)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
EXPENSES:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 2,959,730	\$ 2,523,782	\$ 2,991,371	\$ 3,315,610	\$ 5,269,118	\$ 4,820,298	\$ 3,521,955	\$ 4,350,392	\$ 4,326,484	\$ 5,177,535
Public safety	4,972,632	4,817,666	4,791,810	5,500,953	6,109,484	5,728,730	6,418,351	8,266,762	15,033,000	8,948,989
Physical environment	3,698,654	3,498,516	3,512,410	2,182,733	2,212,768	2,349,359	1,882,482	1,994,621	2,659,957	4,608,651
Transportation	•	•	•	379,788	421,427	527,242	1,118,995	1,067,892	1,170,068	1,631,722
Economic environment	•	ı	•	16,314	999	27,190	147,300	466,830	261,586	22,074
Culture and recreation	1,583,158	1,523,548	1,543,532	1,692,705	1,758,477	1,920,665	2,156,958	1,945,151	1,807,646	2,165,029
Interest on long-term debt	326,875	310,381	286,043	229,214	376,598	344,031	305,670	266,244	233,419	285,586
Total governmental activities	13,541,049	12,673,893	13,125,166	13,317,317	14,148,537	15,717,515	15,551,711	18,357,892	25,492,160	22,839,386
Business-type activities:										
Plantation Yacht Harbor Marina	1,122,118	1,208,582	1,066,432	1,128,296	1,235,811	1,215,792	1,175,037	1,150,839	1,181,510	1,182,902
Wastewater Utility	2,536,997	2,387,297	2,174,584	2,119,785	2,815,724	4,707,772	5,101,708	12,752,792	11,764,339	11,114,975
Stormwater Utility	62,405	44,887	51,758	52,251	56,931	49,882	44,457	35,517	34,470	36,842
Total business-type activities	3,721,520	3,640,766	3,292,774	3,300,332	4,108,466	5,973,446	6,321,202	13,939,148	12,980,319	12,334,719
Total governmental expenses	\$ 17,262,569	\$ 16,314,659	\$ 16,417,940	\$ 16,617,649	\$ 18,257,003	\$ 21,690,961	\$ 21,872,913	\$ 32,297,040	\$ 38,472,479	\$ 35,174,105
PROGRAM REVENUES: Governmental activities: Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 45,946	\$ 48,388	\$ 42,226	\$ 9,415	\$ 1,198,570	\$ 286,517	\$ 434,051	\$ 166,279	\$ 135,000	\$ 546,585
Public safety	463,799	455,142	264,884	1,226,314	286,746	1,896,275	2,260,926	2,308,161	2,322,292	2,637,327
Physical environment	2,497,008	2,611,919	2,535,014	1,539,994	1,538,853	1,546,024	1,663,890	1,675,782	1,693,485	1,953,787
Transportation		•	1	•	1	•	8,957	2,000	35,221	38,051
Economic environment	•	1	•	•	•	1	5,051	5,051	5,051	5,051
Culture and recreation	371,297	403,070	452,495	422,058	491,184	549,379	566,564	571,965	552,167	729,740
Operating grants and contributions	186,257	132,585	373,673	148,959	160,056	106,584	175,257	300,183	68,171	5,034,895
Capital grants and contributions	2,064,196	84,859	1	273,588	293,240	507,018	485,026	1,367,086	2,255,249	3,838,081
Total governmental activities	5 678 503	3 725 963	3 668 202	362 069 2	3 968 649	4 801 707	5 500 722	208 306	7 066 636	14 783 517
Program revenues	2,02,020,0	500,001,0	2,000,0	3,020,520	7,500,600	1,071,171	771,000,0	100,000,0	000,000,	11,65,71,
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Plantation Yacht Harbor Marina	908,640	1,014,076	1,016,185	1,113,144	1,303,384	1,306,232	1,316,060	1,273,723	1,398,850	1,460,971
Wastewater Utility	833,017	973,037	946,933	937,214	1,029,352	1,265,174	5,741,322	6,500,404	6,242,365	6,341,867
Stormwater Utility	•	1	•	47,076	629'66	195,959	191,482	186,258	190,543	189,525
Capital grants and contributions	2,089,299	6,232,989	3,123,476	27,578,804	15,868,777	6,809,610	4,051,219	2,717,782	2,281,205	2,408,159
Total business-type activities	3 830 056	2 220 102	708 207	826 919 06	18 301 192	20 275 0	11 300 083	791 879 01	10 112 063	10.400.522
Total program revenues	\$ 9,459,459	\$ 11.956.065	\$ 8.754.886	\$ 33,296,566	\$ 22.269.841	\$ 14.468.772	\$ 16.899.805	\$ 17.074.674	\$ 17.179.599	\$ 25.184.039
	- 11	200600000000000000000000000000000000000		20060 21600 0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ш	- 11			

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (continued)

	2010	2011	2012	2013(1)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE: Governmental activities Business-type activities Total net expense	\$ (7,912,546) 109,436 \$ (7,803,110)	\$ (8,937,930) 4,579,336 \$ (4,358,594)	\$ (9,456,874) 1,793,820 \$ (7,663,054)	\$ (9,696,989) 26,375,906 \$ 16,678,917	\$ (10,179,888) 14,192,726 \$ 4,012,838	\$ (10,825,718) 3,603,529 \$ (7,222,189)	\$ (9,951,989) 4,978,881 \$ (4,973,108)	\$ (11,961,385) (3,260,981) \$ (15,222,366)	\$ (18,425,524) (2,867,356) \$ (21,292,880)	\$ (8,055,869) (1,934,197) \$ (9,990,066)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION: Governmental activities: Taxes:	CHANGES IN NET	POSITION:								
Property taxes Other taxes	\$ 6,322,552 675.808	\$ 6,350,518	\$ 6,000,543 1,146,835	\$ 6,010,989	\$ 6,066,519	\$ 6,024,109	\$ 6,230,467	\$ 6,230,467	\$ 8,947,561 2.068.543	\$ 9,702,155
State revenue sharing/sales taxes	1,065,998	2,521,195	2,643,624	2,797,216	2,757,988	2,494,204	2,557,817	2,557,817	2,843,336	1,358,448
Investment income and miscellaneous Transfers	763,950 (133,861)	1,153,956 (1,495,578)	84,919 (1,147,196)	149,739 (559,935)	163,037 (387,909)	87,673 (1,105,652)	12,284 (4,845,164)	12,284 (4,845,164)	24,506 (27,541)	82,889 (91,537)
Prior period adjustment	1	1	(369,015)	•	•	1	1	1	•	
Total governmental activities	8,694,447	9,708,158	8,359,710	9,657,673	9,887,239	9,281,886	5,888,527	5,888,527	13,856,405	13,406,289
Business-type activities:										
Investment income and miscellaneous	38,748	19,155	41,628	7,191	18,727	62,751	2,020,460	2,020,460	1,865,391	2,146,151
Transfers	133,861	1,495,578	1,147,196	559,935	387,909	1,105,652	4,845,164	4,845,164	27,541	91,537
Special assessment refund	1	1	(5,564,048)	1		1	1	1	•	
Total business-type activities	172,609	1,514,733	(4,375,224)	567,126	406,636	1,168,403	6,865,624	6,865,624	1,892,932	2,237,688
Total general revenues	\$ 8,867,056	\$ 11,222,891	\$ 3,984,486	\$ 10,224,799	\$ 10,293,875	\$ 10,450,289	\$ 12,754,151	\$ 12,754,151	\$ 15,749,337	\$ 15,643,977
CHANGE IN NET POSITION: Governmental activities	\$ 781,901	\$ 770,228	\$ (1,097,164)	\$ (39,316)	\$ (292,649)	\$ (1,543,832)	\$ (4,063,462)	\$ (6,072,858)	\$ (4,569,119)	\$ 5,350,420
Business-type activities				26,943,032	14,599,362		1			
Total change in net position	\$ 1,063,946	\$ 6,864,297	\$ (3,678,568)	\$ 26,903,716	\$ 14,306,713	\$ 3,228,100	\$ 7,781,043	\$ (2,468,215)	\$ (5,543,543)	\$ 5,653,911

⁽¹⁾ In 2013, various revenues and expenses were reclassified for reporting purposes. Also, a \$20 million sewer assessment was finalized in 2013.

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

\$ 133,537 \$ -		2010	2011	2012	2013 (1)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 133,537 \$ -	General Fund:										
2,189,862 -	Reserved	\$ 133,537	•	•	· •	•	· •	•	· •	· •	•
- 114,186 123,903 37,607 43,467 54,239 186,900 36,835 174,600 307,839 22,770 174,096 455,667 - 2,974,676 3,240,474 3,045,698 2,763,824 4,124,805 8,510 - 2,974,676 3,240,474 3,045,698 2,763,824 4,124,805 8,5545,276 - 2,974,676 3,240,474 3,045,698 2,763,824 4,124,805 8,5545,276 - 2,974,676 3,240,474 3,045,698 2,763,824 4,124,805 8,5545,276 - 36,835 175,697 8,3538,977 8,3677,406 8,3,401,392 8,4,602,848 8,5545,276 - 386,272 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 14,632 - 1461,786 1,700,558 1,020,055 1,144,556 1,415,858 1,629,281 - 7,500 28,799	Unreserved	2,189,862	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
s 33,492 33,492 225,698 222,231 - - - - 455,667 252,770 174,096 455,667 - 36,835 174,600 307,839 307,839 24,010 58,510 - 2,974,676 3,240,474 3,045,698 2,763,824 4,124,805 4,621,968 \$ 2,323,399 \$ 3,538,977 \$ 3,477,406 \$ 4,124,805 4,621,968 \$ 5 - \$ - \$ - \$ - 1,461,766 \$ 3,441,392 \$ - \$ - 14,632 - \$ -	Nonspendable	•	114,186	123,903	37,607	43,467	54,239	186,900	408,416	258,952	137,034
- - - 252,770 174,096 455,667 - 36,835 174,600 307,839 307,839 24,010 58,510 - 2,974,676 3,240,474 3,045,698 2,763,824 4,124,805 4,621,968 - 2,323,399 \$ 3,125,697 \$ 3,538,977 \$ 3,677,406 \$ 3,401,392 \$ 4,602,848 \$ 5,545,276 - \$ 5,66,272 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - 14,632 - 1,329,220 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - 14,632 - 986,154 1,141,557 1,958,983 4,342,485 2,738,639 3,295,389 - 1,461,786 1,700,558 1,020,055 1,144,556 1,415,858 1,629,281 - - - - - - - - - - 1,461,786 1,700,558 1,020,055 1,144,556 1,415,857 1,629,281 - - - - <	Restricted	•	•	•	33,492	33,492	225,698	222,231	226,906	230,090	153,019
- 36,835 174,600 307,839 307,839 24,010 58,510 - 2,974,676 3,240,474 3,045,698 2,763,824 4,124,805 4,621,968 \$ 2,323,399 \$ 3,125,697 \$ 3,577,406 \$ 3,401,392 \$ 4,621,968 \$ 5 - - - - - - 14,621,968 -	Committed	•	•	•	252,770	252,770	174,096	455,667	302,299	349,760	383,948
\$ 2,323,399 \$ 3,125,697 \$ 3,240,474 \$ 3,045,698 \$ 2,763,824 \$ 4,124,805 \$ 4,602,848 \$ 4,602,848 \$ 4,602,848 \$ 4,602,848 \$ 5,545,276 \$ 5,545,276 \$ 566,272 \$ 3,125,697 \$ 3,538,977 \$ 3,677,406 \$ 3,401,392 \$ 4,602,848 \$ 5,545,276 \$ - 14,632 \$ 566,272 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 14,632	Assigned	•	36,835	174,600	307,839	307,839	24,010	58,510	256,940	ı	ı
\$ 2,323,399 \$ 3,125,697 \$ 3,677,406 \$ 3,401,392 \$ 4,602,848 \$ 5,545,276 \$ 566,272 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - 1,329,220 - - 231 - 14,632 - 986,154 1,141,557 1,958,983 4,342,485 2,738,639 3,295,389 - 1,461,786 1,700,558 1,020,055 1,144,556 1,415,858 1,629,281 - 7,500 28,799 - - - - - 7,500 28,799 - - - - 7,500 28,799 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Unassigned	•	2,974,676		3,045,698	2,763,824	4,124,805	4,621,968	4,525,818	(1,412,537)	3,483,360
\$ 566,272 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	Total General Fund	\$ 2,323,399	\$ 3,125,697		\$ 3,677,406	\$ 3,401,392	\$ 4,602,848	\$ 5,545,276	\$ 5,720,379	\$ (573,735)	\$ 4,157,361
\$ 566,272 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$											
: 1,329,220	All other governmental funds:										
: 1,329,220	Reserved	\$ 566,272	· S	· \$	•	· •	· S	· *	•	· •	- ~
1,329,220 - 231 - 14,632 - 14,61,786 1,141,557 1,958,983 4,342,485 2,738,639 3,295,389 - 7,500 28,799 - 7,500 2	Unreserved, reported in:										
986,154 1,141,557 1,958,983 4,342,485 2,738,639 3,295,389 1,020,055 1,144,556 1,415,858 1,629,281 1,7500 28,799 - 1,7500 28,799 - 1,7500 28,799 1,7500 28,799 1,7500 1,750	Special Revenue Funds	1,329,220	1	1	•	1	•	1	1	1	•
- 986,154 1,141,557 1,958,983 4,342,485 2,738,639 3,295,389 - 1,461,786 1,700,558 1,020,055 1,144,556 1,415,858 1,629,281 - 7,500 28,799	Nonspendable	•	•	•	231	•	•	14,632	14,495	669,262	•
- 1,461,786 1,700,558 1,020,055 1,144,556 1,415,858 1,629,281 - 7,500 28,799	Restricted	•	986,154	1,141,557	1,958,983	4,342,485	2,738,639	3,295,389	3,074,068	2,570,595	2,792,057
7,500 28,799 -	Committed	•	1,461,786	1,700,558	1,020,055	1,144,556	1,415,858	1,629,281	2,809,833	2,651,226	2,764,773
\$ 1,895,492 \$ 2,455,440 \$ 2,870,914 \$ 2,979,269 \$ 5,487,041 \$ 4,154,497 \$ 4,939,302	Assigned	1	7,500	28,799	•	1	•	•	152,450	•	•
\$ 1,895,492 \$ 2,455,440 \$ 2,870,914 \$ 2,979,269 \$ 5,487,041 \$ 4,154,497 \$ 4,939,302	Unassigned	1	1	1	•	1	•	1	•	(364,322)	(683,591)
	Total all other governmental funds	\$ 1,895,492	\$ 2,455,440	\$ 2,870,914	\$ 2,979,269	\$ 5,487,041	\$ 4,154,497	\$ 4,939,302	\$ 6,050,846	\$ 5,526,761	\$ 4,873,239

Note: Amounts reported prior to the implementation of GASB 54 in fiscal year 2011 have not been restated.

⁽¹⁾ In 2013, various revenues and expenses were reclassified for reporting purposes. Also, a \$20 million sewer assessment was finalized in 2013.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
REVENUES:										
Taxes	\$ 8,283,390	\$ 8,470,727	\$ 8,518,975	\$ 8,696,316	\$ 8,882,429	\$ 9,466,821	\$ 10,135,057	\$11,709,533	\$11,634,812	\$13,220,701
Licenses and permits	999,773	1,040,263	810,168	2,859,077	3,147,252	3,630,067	4,013,951	4,249,593	4,207,815	2,737,186
Intergovernmental	2,876,228	1,859,548	2,043,163	1,416,297	1,580,382	1,712,737	1,817,532	2,182,978	3,135,674	5,490,151
Fines and forfeitures	88,681	60,787	32,884	45,339	65,042	109,595	111,431	70,507	163,035	324,879
Impact fees	167,819	197,154	199,308	273,589	240,415	452,235	340,168	1,173,106	415,347	2,326,329
Charges for services	1,974,339	2,034,881	2,171,218	629,575	712,068	791,026	946,618	823,042	836,821	1,028,635
Investment income	62,266	52,340	46,425	11,987	12,284	11,323	10,715	11,941	24,506	82,889
Miscellaneous	166,825	1,803	116,119	63,991	62,468	281,369	432,602	164,830	134,451	548,336
Donations and contributions	1,834	159,877	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	•	1
Total revenues	14,621,155	13,877,380	13,938,260	13,996,171	14,702,340	16,455,173	17,808,074	20,385,530	20,552,461	25,759,106
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General government	2,525,757	2,295,828	2,643,092	2,996,838	3,164,964	3,184,477	3,373,606	3,836,819	3,858,822	4,527,395
Public safety	4,454,665	4,366,628	4,381,591	5,006,655	6,052,482	5,579,624	5,941,540	7,390,734	13,974,205	7,332,524
Physical environment	3,167,031	2,958,248	3,159,733	1,880,317	1,944,842	2,065,287	1,617,648	1,642,074	2,339,567	4,218,920
Transportation	1	•	•	379,788	421,427	527,242	1,118,995	1,067,892	1,168,327	1,627,936
Economic environment	•	•	•	16,314	999	27,190	147,300	466,830	261,586	22,074
Culture and recreation	1,055,520	1,031,896	1,080,317	1,244,787	1,430,119	1,497,931	1,772,297	1,673,658	1,525,281	1,798,853
Capital outlay	2,794,004	484,938	628,092	297,077	92,193	505,601	346,895	1,443,071	2,775,779	3,506,887
Debt service:										
Principal	577,091	604,042	579,416	650,257	633,527	1,166,094	1,118,455	1,162,793	1,195,623	767,462
Interest and other fiscal charges	330,405	314,076	289,740	250,802	286,524	354,723	315,833	276,506	243,929	287,944
Total expenditures	14,904,473	12,055,656	12,761,981	12,722,835	14,026,743	14,908,169	15,752,569	18,960,377	27,343,119	24,089,995
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(283,318)	1,821,724	1,176,279	1,273,336	675,597	1,547,004	2,055,505	1,425,153	(6,790,658)	1,669,111
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Issuance of debt	1	•	1	2,393,493	6,000,000	•	1	•	1	2,500,000
Settlements and insurance proceeds	6,736	1,500	22,627	18,207	3,725	1	1	1	ı	1
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	969	750	17,757	1	32,600	14,606	•	•	•	ı
Proceeds from capital lease	1	98,207	1	1	365,000	1	1	İ	1	1
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	ı	•	1	(2,332,600)	•	•	1	•	1	1
Transfers in	1,216,634	2,527,856	969,156	840,166	877,402	1,840,454	1,447,091	1,592,416	1,950,299	1,581,374
Transfers out	(2,363,830)	(3,087,791)	(1,357,065)	(1,945,818)	(5,722,566)	(3,533,152)	(1,775,363)	(1,730,922)	(1,977,840)	(1,672,911)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,139,864)	(459,478)	(347,525)	(1,026,552)	1,556,161	(1,678,092)	(328,272)	(138,506)	(27,541)	2,408,463
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,423,182)	\$ 1,362,246	\$ 828,754	\$ 246,784	\$ 2,231,758	\$ (131,088)	\$ 1,727,233	\$ 1,286,647	\$ (6,818,199)	\$ 4,077,574
Debt service as a percentage of										
non-capital expenditures	7.49%	7.93%	7.16%	7.25%	%09.9	10.56%	9.31%	8.22%	5.26%	5.13%

NET ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

Fiscal Year Ended			Personal	Total Net	Direct Tax	Total Estimated	Estimated Actual Value as a % of Net
September 30	Tax Roll Year	Real Property	Property	Assessed Value (1)	Rate	Actual Value (2)	Assessed Value (2)
2010	2009	3,015,322	43,428	3,523,071	2.04	n/a	n/a
2011	2010	2,676,894	45,358	2,722,252	2.28	n/a	n/a
2012	2011	2,421,412	45,299	2,466,711 (2)	2.52	n/a	n/a
2013	2012	2,412,956	42,805	2,455,761 (2)	2.53	n/a	n/a
2014	2013	2,507,732	40,187	2,547,919 ⁽²⁾	2.53	n/a	n/a
2015	2014	2,632,453	34,529	2,547,920	2.53	n/a	n/a
2016	2015	2,810,656	36,840	2,666,982	2.65	n/a	n/a
2017	2016	2,983,365	39,459	3,022,824	3.00	n/a	n/a
2018	2017	3,247,655	37,875	3,285,530	2.80	n/a	n/a
2019	2018	3,452,332	46,078	3,498,410	3.02	n/a	n/a
Note ⁽¹⁾ :	Values are from each year's DR-420.	ich year's DR-420.					
Note ⁽²⁾ .	Property in the Vihomesteaded prop' Save Our Homes' estimate the relation	llage is reassessed e erties the just value valuation cap and th onship between overs	each year. The Pris equal to the as the homestead exerull just (actual) val	Property in the Village is reassessed each year. The Property Appraiser estimates a just (market) value for all types of real property. For non-homesteaded properties, the just value is adjusted for both the Florida Save Our Homes' valuation cap and the homestead exemption amount to arrive at the assessed value. As a result, there is no formula available to estimate the relationship between overall just (actual) value and assessed value.	tes a just (market) steaded properties, tt the assessed valu	value for all types of the just value is adjus ie. As a result, there is	real property. For non- ted for both the Florida no formula available to

Monroe County Property Appraiser's Office and the Village Administration and Finance Department. Sources:

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Total Direct and Overlapping Rates	9.56	10.53	10.36	10.26	10.27	10.16	10.16	10.23	9.63	9.83
		Other	0.37	0.37	0.26	0.26	0.24	0.23	0.21	0.19	0.18	0.17
	Florida Keys	Mosquito Control District	0.43	0.46	0.48	0.52	0.51	0.48	0.50	0.58	0.46	0.46
Overlapping Rates (1)	South Florida Water	Management District	0.25	0.25	0.18	0.18	0.17	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.13	0.12
Ove		Monroe County	3.08	3.35	3.35	3.12	3.14	3.13	2.98	2.83	2.70	2.70
		Monroe County School Board	3.39	3.82	3.57	3.65	3.68	3.63	3.55	3.48	3.36	3.36
	Village of Islamorada -	Operating Millage (Direct Rate)	2.04	2.28	2.52	2.53	2.53	2.53	2.65	3.00	2.80	3.02
		Tax Roll Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
		Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

All millage rates are based on \$1 for every \$1,000 of assessed value.

Overlapping rates are those of other local and county governments or entities that apply to property owners within the Village of Islamorada. Note (1):

Sources: Monroe County Tax Collector's Office.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	% of Total	Village Net	Assessed	Value	0.83%	0.74%	0.57%	0.34%		0.32%	0.30%	0.29%	0.28%	0.27%	0.26%	4.20%
				Rank		2	В	5		4	9	7	∞	6	10	
Fiscal Year 2010 (Tax Roll Year 2009)			Net Assessed	Value	\$ 25,289,777	22,693,953	17,495,009	10,428,834		9,821,317	9,126,671	8,805,489	8,624,365	8,250,491	7,968,311	\$ 128,504,217
Fiscal Year 2010				Taxpayer	VII Holiday Islae LLC	Ocean Front Development LLC	Cheeca Holdings Inc	S&H, Inc. (The Islander)		EDCO STD (Hampton Inn & Suites)	Anglers Reef LLC	American Caribbean	City National Bank of Florida	OLI Development	Chesapeake Motels & Villas	
	% of Total	Village Net	Assessed	Value	1.63%	1.13%	0.70%	0.64%		0.51%	0.54%	0.50%	0.31%	0.32%	0.29%	6.56%
				Rank		2	3	4		5	9	7	~	6	10	1 11
Fiscal Year 2019 (Tax Roll Year 2018)			Net Assessed	Value	\$ 57,142,561	39,422,243	24,656,320	22,216,954		17,813,228	19,018,731	17,329,379	10,732,934	11,053,634	10,276,616	\$ 229,662,600
Fiscal Year 201				Taxpayer	NWCL LLC (Cheeca Lodge)	CRP Holiday Isle LLC	RDB Industries INC	CRP 80001 Overseas LLC	The Islander Resort (H & C Islander	Resort, LLC)	EAP Enterprises LLC	Murray Timothy and Charene	Witness Resources Inc	Pacifica Texas LP	Westman Kurt	

Source: Tax rolls provided by Monroe County Property Appraiser's Office.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Collected within	lected within the Fiscal Year			
			of the	of the Levy		Total Collections to Date	ions to Date
Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Total T Fi	Fotal Taxes Levied for Fiscal Year	Amount	% of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years (1)	Amount	% of Levy
2010	4	6 227 003	\$ 6,000,543	%9£ 9b	▼/N	\$ 6,000,543	%9£ 9b
2010)	6.217.351	6,000,5	%89 96	N/A	6 010 989	%89'96
2012		6,220,305	6,066,519	97.53%	N/A	6,066,519	97.53%
2013		6,220,197	6,024,109	%58.96	N/A	6,024,109	%58.96
2014		6,453,624	6,230,467	96.54%	N/A	6,230,467	96.54%
2015		6,755,199	6,560,162	97.11%	N/A	6,560,162	97.11%
2016		7,534,190	7,303,500	96.94%	N/A	7,303,500	96.94%
2017		9,068,472	8,831,591	97.39%	N/A	8,831,591	97.39%
2018		9,199,484	8,905,882	96.81%	N/A	8,905,882	96.81%
2019		10,581,641	10,190,202	96.30%	N/A	10,190,202	96.30%

Note (1): This information is not available from Monroe County.

Monroe County Tax Collector's Office and Village of Islamorada Administration and Finance Department. Sources:

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Business-Type	-Type			
	Governme	Governmental Activities		Activities	ties			
Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Revenue I	Revenue Bonds & Notes	Rev	Revenue Bonds & Notes	Loans Pavable	Total	% of Net Assessed Value ⁽¹⁾	Per Capita ⁽²⁾
2010	8	7,790,310	S	7,551,876	\$ 4,196,487	\$ 19,538,673	0.59%	2,735
2011		7,186,267		7,041,915	3,967,810	18,195,992	0.65%	2,960
2012		6,606,853		6,508,811	3,732,545	16,848,209	0.67%	2,733
2013		6,017,489		6,064,966	4,848,749	16,931,204	%89.0	2,634
2014		11,383,961		15,443,688	46,637,695	73,465,344	%69.0	11,826
2015		10,582,952		11,582,948	81,584,976	103,750,876	2.88%	16,737
2016		9,464,353		4,152,778	90,526,956	104,144,087	3.89%	16,792
2017		8,207,640		3,466,324	88,311,873	99,985,837	3.31%	15,806
2018		7,106,080		2,757,920	83,531,114	93,395,114	2.84%	15,592
2019		8,838,617		2,268,336	77,586,950	88,693,903	2.54%	14,280

Total personal income amounts for Islamorada, Village of Islands separate from total for Monroe County was not available. Therefore, assessed taxable value was used as the relevant economic base. Note ⁽¹⁾:

Source for population: Bureau of Economic and Business Research (www.bebr.ufl.edu/population). Note ⁽²⁾:

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING September 30, 2019

The Village does not have any general obligation bonds outstanding as of September 30, 2019.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION September 30, 2019

The Village Charter and the Constitution of the State of Florida, Florida State Statute 200.181, do not provide for a legal debt limit.

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Imp	provement l	Improvement Revenue Notes & Bonds	Bonds				
											Debt Service	ervice	
iscal Year Ended	Local G	Local Government	Local G Half Cen	Local Government Half Cent Sales Tax	1st and 2nd Local Option Gas Taxes	Waste Spe	Wastewater Special	Marina Operating	Less Marina Operating	Net Available			
September 30,	Infrast	Infrastructure Tax				Assessi	Assessments	Revenues (")	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2010	S	1,606,275	8	863,075		s	460,374	\$ 908,640	\$ (757,127)	\$ 3,081,237	\$ 1,298,813	\$ 768,732	1.49
2011		1,700,862		917,261	•		398,927	1,014,075	(871,416)	3,159,709	1,342,680	747,424	1.51
2012		1,674,732		898,542	1		449,290	1,017,544	(733,350)	3,306,758	1,347,977	699,334	1.62
2013		1,781,552		951,618	•	1	1,585,519	1,139,143	(812,446)	4,645,386	1,488,031	628,835	2.19
2014		1,933,123		1,030,975	1		175,218	1,335,278	(938,595)	3,535,999	1,254,806	282,926	2.30
2015		2,165,932		1,105,954	514,820		631,939	1,341,554	(929,551)	4,315,828	1,947,930	592,706	1.70
2016		2,134,496		1,137,327	526,295	(4)	3,142,137	1,358,286	(908,492)	7,390,049	2,017,115	538,115	2.89
2017		2,191,969		1,165,777	530,024	10	0,019,402	1,309,916	(1,110,825)	14,106,263	4,064,330	5,566,989	1.46
2018		2,068,543		1,097,955	517,667	10	0,349,623	1,436,696	(1,158,825)	14,311,659	6,684,787	2,600,321	1.54
2019		2,354,334		1,247,809	525,236	10	0,591,419	1,487,006	(1,176,967)	15,028,837	7,201,211	2,460,667	1.56

Note (¹⁾: Marina revenues not pledged against debt service until issuance of 2004A Public Improvement Revenue Bond.

Note (²⁾: Local Government Half Cent Sales Tax pledged against debt service for Series 2007 revenue bond which converted to fixed 20 year repayment in August 2009 and refunded in November 2012.

Note $^{(3)}$: Reflects only those was tewater assessments pledged against bonds.

Note (4): Marina operating expenses shown exclude provision for depreciation and amortization (non-cash item).

Note (5). Pledged for \$6 million Paving Loan associated with wastewater capital project.

Source: Islamorada, Village of Islands Finance Department.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT September 30, 2019

The Village does not have any direct and overlapping governmental activities debt as of September 30, 2019.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Monroe County Per	Monroe County Capita Personal Monroe County ation (1) Personal Income (2) Income (2) Unemployment Rate (2)	7,144 4,438,341,000 60,294 7.4%	6,147 4,651,379,000 62,843 6.6%	6,165 4,354,126,000 58,941 5.0%	6,427 4,245,050,000 56,745 4.0%	6,212 4,415,284,000 57,829 4.2%	6,199 5,368,160,000 69,593 3.5%	6,202 5,765,374,000 74,409 3.2%		6,326 5,869,890,000 74,230 3.2%	5,869,890,000 /4,230 6,417,335,000 83,328
	Village Population (1)	7,144	6,147	6,165	6,427	6,212	6,199	6,202	6.326		5,990
	Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		2018

Sources: (1) Florida Legislature's Office of Economic and Demographic Research.

⁽²⁾ Florida Legislature's Office of Economic and Demographic Research; data is for all of Monroe County.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

	2019			2010	
	Number of			Number of	
Employer	Employees (1)	Rank	Employer	Employees (1)	Rank
Publix Super Markets Inc #1495	135	1	World Wide Sportsman	115	1
Crystal Health and Rehab LLC	105	2	Islamorada, Village of Islands	83	2
World Wide Sportsman	100	3	Coral Medical Equipment	64	3
Forest Tek Lumber	36	4	Holiday Isle	47	4
Caribee Boat Sales & Marina	25	5	Caribee Boat Sales	33	5
Dooley Construction	25	9	Dooley Construction	25	9
Islamorada Pool Service & Maintenance	21	7	Theater of the Sea	21	7
Houston Air	20	∞	Amerigas	20	∞
Sands of the Keys	17	6	Forest Tek	20	6
Hershoff Lupino & Yagel LLP	16	10	Gerry Droney Landscape	20	10
			Houston Air	20	10

categories: overnight accommodations (hotels, motels, apartment), restaurants and bars, professional business services other than medical or banks. Therefore these Note (1): The data provided does have one notable limitation. The Monroe County Tax Collector does not have employee data for the Village's businesses in the following businesses are not included in this ranking. The Village does not have a reliable method for collecting data relative to number of employees for any entity but the Village itself.

Source: Monroe County Tax Collector's Office Occupational License Department.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT VILLAGE GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Number of Employees:										
General government (1)	11	11	11	111	17	21	20	24	25	25
Public safety ⁽²⁾	27	29	29	29	40	40	41	41	42	44
Physical environment (3)	29	28	27	29	16	15	24	19	20	20
Culture and recreation (4)	17	16	16	16	24	24	16	24	23	24
Total Number of Employees	84	85	82	85	6	100	101	107	110	113

Note (1): Includes Village Manager, Village Attorney, Village Clerk, Finance & Administration, Planning & Development Services, IT & Communications, Code Compliance Departments. Note (2): Includes Fire Rescue, Building Services, Local Law Enforcement Departments.

Note (3): Includes Public Works, Stormwater, Wastewater, Solid Waste.

Note (4): Includes Parks & Recreation and Marina.

Source: Islamorada, Village of Islands Department of Finance and Administration.

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Public safety: Police: Police personnel and officers (1) Police calls for service	20,351	27,027	28,193	24,616	28,048	27,732	25,735	23,860	25,270	28,539
Fire/EMS: Fire personnel Fire rescue calls answered Emergency medical services calls	25 290 793	25 346 760	25 363 882	25 319 881	28 317 926	28 252 963	28 467 1,110	28 454 1,040	30 472 903	31 496 1,045
Community Development: Building permits issued	1,547	705	1,443	1,854	1,767	1,886	2,988	1,833	2,281	1,682
Community Services: Transportation: Public right of way maintenance (miles)	9	65	65	65	99	89	89	89	89	89
Culture and recreation: Marina: Boat slips	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83

Note (1); Police services are provided under contract with the Monroe County Sheriff's Department.

Utility services are provided by Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority and Florida Keys Electric Coop. Business permits and occupational licenses are issued and regulated by Monroe County.

Solid waste services are provided by a contract solid waste hauler.

Sources: Various City Departments, Monroe County Sheriff's Office.

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA

CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General government: Number of general government buildings	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Public safety: Police: Police stations	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	1	-
Fire: Fire stations	3	κ	ю	ю	8	8	8	3	3	ю
Transportation: Miles of streets	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Number of street lights	203	203	203	203	209	209	209	209	209	209
Number of traffic signals	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	7	2
Number of street signs	312	334	334	334	346	346	346	364	364	364
Culture and recreation:										
Parks	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Parks acreage	95.3	95.3	95.3	95.3	95.3	95.3	95.3	95.3	95.3	95.3
Beaches	8	ю	3	8	3	8	3	3	3	3
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Splash pad	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Soccer fields	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Skate park	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basketball courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1
Baseball/softball fields	1	1	_	1	1	1	1	-	1	1
Thility exotom:										

Utility system:

Fire hydrants (1)

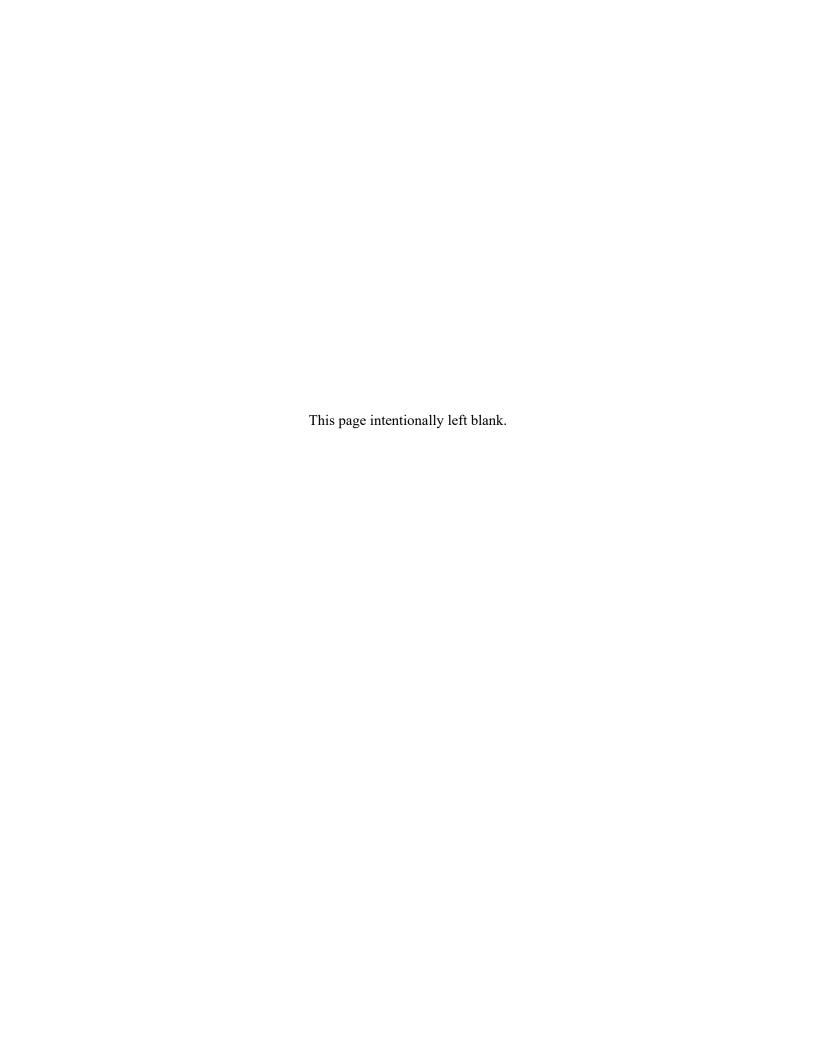
Solid waste:

Collection trucks (2)

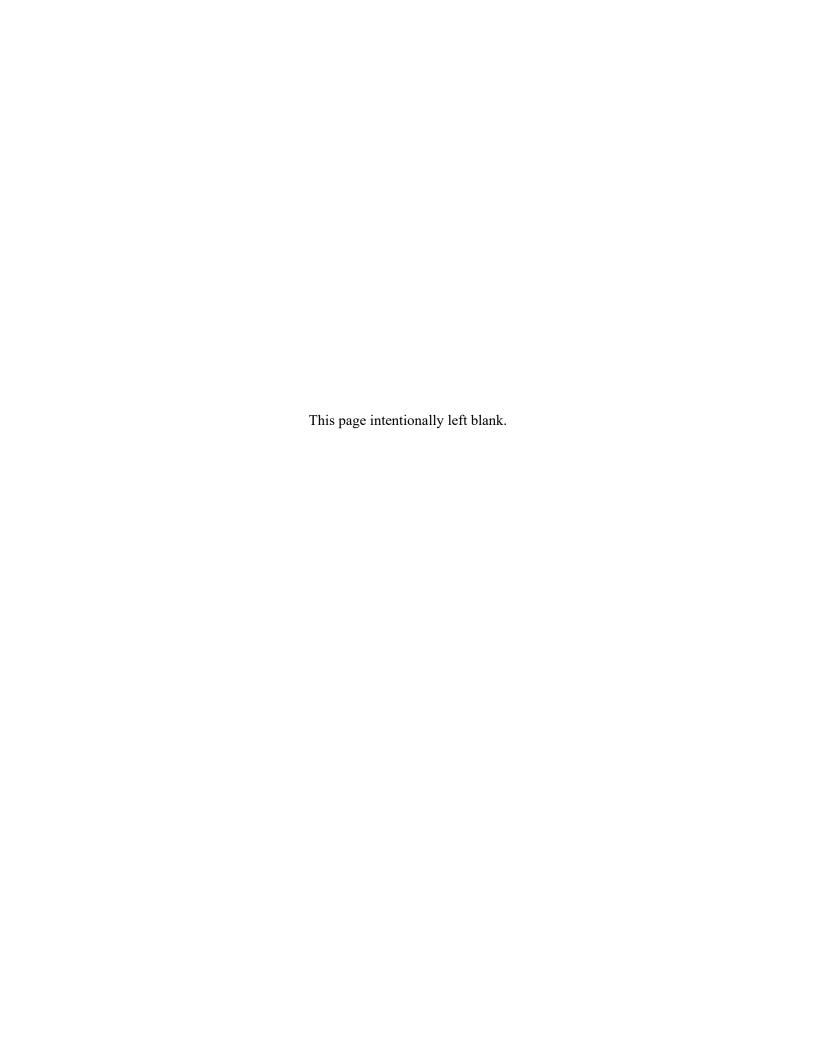
Note (1): The Village's water utility is operated by the independent Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority.

Note (2): Islamorada, Village of Islands does not own any solid waste collection trucks. Solid waste services are contracted to a private company.

Sources: Various City Departments and Florida Keys Electric Cooperative Association



OTHER REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village Council and Village Manager Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida September 9, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Village Council and Village Manager Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida's (the "Village") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Village's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2019. The Village's major federal programs and state project are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statues, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Village's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal programs or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Village's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Village's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the Village complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs and state project for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Village is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Village's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bradenton, Florida September 9, 2020 Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Agency/Pass-through Entity	CFDA/ CFDA No.	Grantors Number	Expenditures
Federal Awards			
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Natural Resources Conservation Service Monroe County Hurricane Irma EWP - Debris Removal Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.923	N/A	\$ 1,602,767 1,602,767
U.S. Department of Defense Direct - Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers Florida Keys Water Quality Program - Section 109 - Recovery Total U.S. Department of Defense	12.128	N/A	1,925,000 1,925,000
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management - Hurricane Irma Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	97.036	Z1090	3,355,550 3,355,550
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 6,883,317
State Financial Assistance			
Executive Office of the Governor Emergency Preparedness and Assistance Grant Hurricane Irma Hurricane Michael	31.063 31.063	Z1090 DR-4399	181,428 102,078
Total Florida Department of Economic Opportunity			283,506
Florida Department of Environmental Protection Division of Water Restoration Assistance	37.039	LP44052	579,613

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance includes federal and state grant activity of Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Audits, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.

579,613

863,119

Note 2 - De-Minimus Indirect Cost Rate

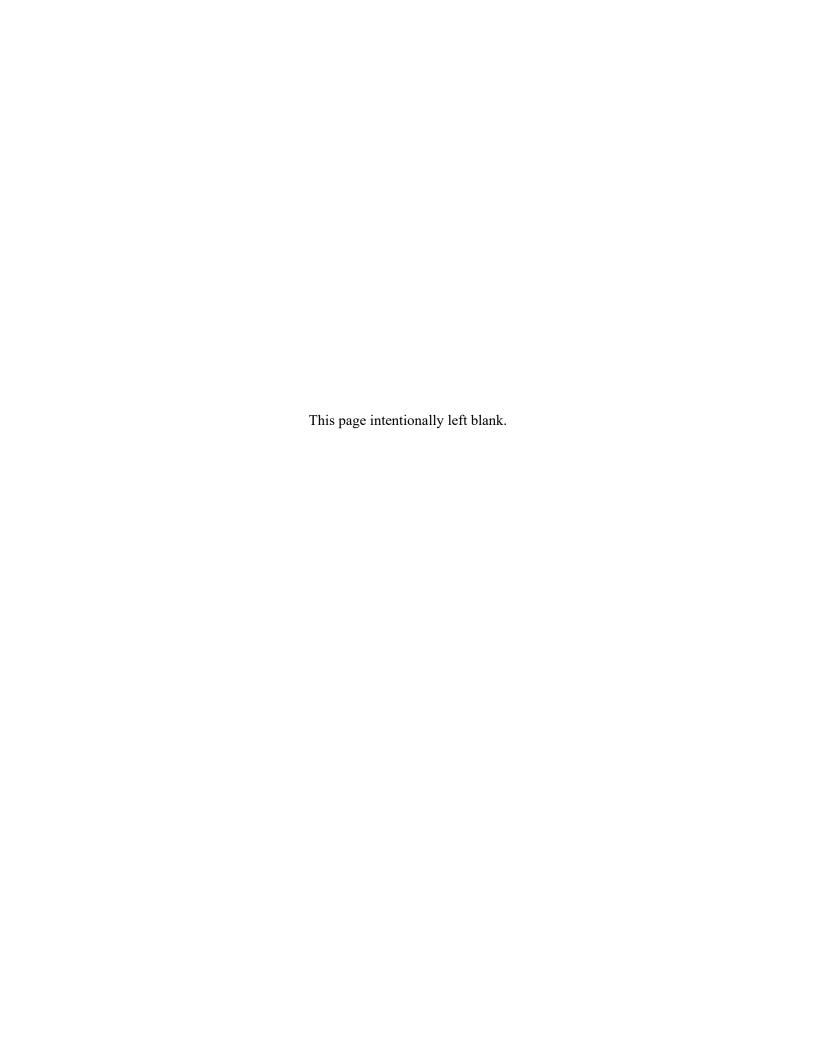
Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance

The Village chose not to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Note 3 - Subrecipients

The Village did not pass federal expenditures to subrecipients during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.



ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

pe of auditor's report issued		Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?		yes <u>X</u> no		
Significant deficiencies identified not consider Material weaknesses identified?	lered	yes <u>X</u> no		
Noncompliance material to financial stateme	ents noted?	yes <u>X</u> no		
Federal Awards and State Projects				
Internal Control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified?		yesXno		
Significant deficiencies identified not consider to be material weaknesses?	lered	yesXnone reported		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliand major programs:	ce for	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are require Reported in accordance with the Uniform C		yes <u>X</u> no		
Identification of major federal programs:				
CFDA Number	Name of Fede	ral Program		
10.923	U.S. Department of Agriculture – Emergency Watershed Protection Program			
97.036	•	Iomeland Security – Disaster Grant		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs – federal pro		\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as a low-risk quditee?		yes <u>X</u> no		
Identification of major state projects:				
CSFA Number	Name of Federal Program			
37.039	Florida Department of Environmental Protection – Statewide Wastewater Projects			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betweer	1			
Type A and Type B programs – state projects:		\$300,000		

ISLAMORADA, VILLAGE OF ISLANDS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

None reported.

SECTION III STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROJECT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

SECTION IV SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that all transactions are recorded in the proper fiscal year. As part of the audit process, we identified a disbursement subsequent to year-end that was not properly accrued to be a fiscal year 2018 expenditure.

Condition: A material expenditure was not recorded in the proper period, causing the unadjusted financial statements in the General Fund to understate liabilities and expenditures in the amount of \$1,746,863.

Auditee Response/Status: Resolved.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

Village Council and Village Manager Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida's (the "Village"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated September 9, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida was created pursuant to Chapter 97-348, Florida Statutes, as of December 31, 1997. Additional information on the Village's creation is disclosed within the Village's footnotes. There were no component units related to the Village.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Village has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Village did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Village. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Village's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor and Members of the Village Council, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida September 9, 2020



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Village Council and Village Manager Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida

We have examined Islamorada, Village of Islands, Florida's (the "Village") compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for the Village's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Village's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Village complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Village complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Village's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Village complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida September 9, 2020

