

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



# FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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City of Ocoee, Florida

Financial Report

For The Year Ended September 30, 2019

Prepared by: City of Ocoee Finance Department

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Introductory Section

I.	Introductory Section:	
	Table of Contents	i-ii
	Letter of Transmittal	iii-vi
	GFOA Certificate of Achievement	vii
	List of Principal Officials	viii
	Organizational Chart	ix
II.	Financial Section:	
	Independent Auditor's Report	1
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-wide Financial Statements	
	Statement of Net Position	15
	Statement of Activities	16
	Fund Financial Statements	
	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	17
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
	Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	18
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
	Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	20
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
	Balances - Budget and Actual - Road Impact Fund	22
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
	Balances - Budget and Actual - Community Redevelopment Agency Fund	23
	Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	24
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	26
	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	27
	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	29
	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	30
	Notes to Financial Statements	31
	Required Supplementary Information:	
	Retiree Continuation Insurance Plan	66
	Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and related ratios	
	General Employees	67
	Police and Fire	68
	Schedule of Contributions	
	General Employees	70
	Police and Fire	71
	Schedule of Investment Returns	73
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	74
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances -	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	77

		Page
II.	Financial Section - Continued:	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	
	Fire Impact Fund	80
	Police Impact Fund	81
	Recreation Impact Fund	82
	Fiduciary Funds:	
	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	83
	Combining Statement of Charges in Fiduciary Net Position	84
III.	Statistical Section:	
	Net Position by Component	85
	Changes in Net Position	86
	Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	88
	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	89
	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	90
	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	92
	Property Tax Rates, Direct and Overlapping Governments	93
	Principal Property Taxpayers	94
	Property Tax Levies and Collections	95
	Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	96
	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	97
	Legal Debt Margin	98
	Pledged Revenue Coverage	99
	Demographic and Economic Statistics	100
	Principal Employers	101
	City Government Employees by Function	102
	Operating Indicators by Function	103
	Capital Assets Statistics by Function	105
	Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expense by Type	407
	General Employees' Pension Fund	107
	Police and Fire Pension Fund	108
IV.	Other Reports:	
	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and	
	Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
	Government Auditing Standards	109
	Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal	
	Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance	110
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	112
	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	113
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs- Federal Programs	114
	Management Letter	115
	Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with the Requirements of	
	Section 218.415, Florida Statutes	117
	Impact Fee Affidavit	118



**Commissioners** Larry Brinson, Sr. District 1

Rosemary Wilsen District 2

Richard Firstner District 3

George Oliver III District 4

**City Manager** Robert D. Frank

## May 22, 2020

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commission and Citizens of the City of Ocoee,

Florida:

## The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Ocoee,

## Florida

for the year ended September 30, 2019 is submitted herewith pursuant to Article III, Section 11 of the City Charter, Florida Statutes Chapter 11, Section 45, and Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and that they be audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

The Annual Financial Report was compiled by the staff of the Finance Department. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Ocoee has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Ocoee's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Ocoee's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects. We encourage readers to consider information provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis (p. 3-13) in conjunction with the information provided in this Transmittal.

The City of Ocoee's financial statements have been audited by McDirmit, Davis, & Company, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Ocoee for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Ocoee's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.



#### **Commissioners** Larry Brinson, Sr. District 1

Rosemary Wilsen District 2

Richard Firstner District 3

George Oliver III District 4

**City Manager** Robert D. Frank

## **Profile of the Government**

The City of Ocoee is a municipal corporation of the State of Florida operating under a commission/manager form of government. Located in Central Florida, approximately 14 miles west of Orlando, the City of Ocoee encompasses approximately 17 square miles. Ocoee is home to approximately 47,580 residents.

Ocoee is conveniently situated along several of central Florida's major highways, such as Florida's Turnpike, SR 408, SR 50, and SR 429. Over the next several years the northern leg of SR 429 will be extended north to intersect with Interstate 4 near Sanford to form a major by-pass route west of Orlando. Downtown Orlando, including many tourist attractions and major employers, is an easy 15 minute drive from central Ocoee. Residents and visitors to Ocoee are within a days' drive from four major cruise ports, several international and regional airports, and Florida's award winning beaches. Contributing to Ocoee's appeal as a livable workable city are its many recreational opportunities, excellent schools, major hospital and county operated public library.

The City is empowered to levy a property tax on real estate and personal properties within its city limits. The City commission, comprised of the Mayor and four commissioners, is the governing body of the City. The City Manager is appointed by the commission and is responsible for implementing policies adopted by the commission and managing employees and the daily operations of the city government. The financial reporting entity, the City of Ocoee, includes all funds of the primary government and activity for the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA). The CRA was created in 2006 and is reported as a special revenue fund. Additional information can be found in Note 1 of the notes to the basicfinancial statements.

The fiscal operating year for the City is October 1st through September 30th. The City Manager submits an annual budget to the city commission by the first day of August for the ensuing year. Public hearings are held as required by the Truth in Millage Act (TRIM) prior to adoption of the millage rate and budget by the commission. Budgetary control over expenditures is at the department level. Commission approval is required to adjust the bottom line of a department. A budget to actual comparison for the general fund is provided on pages 20-21.

The provision of services such as police, fire rescue, municipal water and wastewater services, storm water management, and solid waste collection and disposal is an important aspect of Ocoee's growth management. Ocoee continues to expand and improve its wastewater and water facilities to keep pace with the City's growth, and to meet state concurrency requirements through an aggressive capital improvements program.

Ocoee focused economic development resources on promoting the reconstruction of its downtown area and encouraging light industrial developments within the city. Both development scenarios drive job creation. During the fiscal year, the City approved  $\pm$  225,000 square feet of commercial space and 720 additional residential units in proximity of SR 429 and the City's Downtown.



**Commissioners** Larry Brinson, Sr. District 1

Rosemary Wilsen District 2

Richard Firstner District 3

George Oliver III District 4

**City Manager** Robert D. Frank

## **Factors affecting Financial Condition**

**Local economy.** The City is primarily a residential and retail area with a moderate amount of light industry and commercial business. The City's total assessed valuation for real and personal property increased 29.2% from the prior year indicating property values are continuing to increase in the City. The City's population has increased 40.47% from that of ten years ago. Local indicators point to a continued trend of growth as the City continues to work with builders, developers and residents for both commercial and residential development. The unemployment rate for Occee at September 30, 2019 was 2.8% which was lower than the state's unemployment rate at 3.2% and the national unemployment rate of 3.9%. The City is home to several major employers- Orlando Health Hospital, Super Wal-Mart, Florida Auto Auction, Orange County Public Schools, andSysco Foods.

**Long-term financial planning** The City maintained a moderate property tax rate of 5.5 mils during fiscal year 2019 (tax year 2018). The maximum millage rate that can be levied is 10 mils. Projections for budgeted revenues remained conservative, particularly in the fees generated by building/construction areas. An increase in recurring revenues off-set the budgeted millage rate.

The City annually updates and adopts a 5-year Capital Improvements Plan (CIP). The CIP is a multi-year prioritized schedule of improvements that lists each capital improvement by year it is intended to be purchased or commenced; the amount to be spent per year; and, the method of financing such improvement. Each year prior to the annual budget process the CIP is reviewed to ensure incorporation of all necessary capital improvements. The CIP is not a fixed document but a flexible, evolutionary document that may change to reflect changing priorities opportunities, costs, or different financing approaches.

**Relevant Financial Policies.** The City had no significant or material changes in financial policy and all required debt service payments of principal and interest were met.

## Major Initiatives.

Improving transportation is a major focus for the City. Staff initiated a Master Plan that identifies transportation projects and potential funding to implement the projects. During 2018-2019 the City moved forward with several of the projects identified in the Master Plan, including the following:

- Clarke Road Signal Timing Study was completed. The City is in the process of implementing recommendations to reduce wait-times at signalized intersections.
- The City, in partnership with Orange County, completed the design and engineering for improvements to the Fullers Cross Road/Ocoee Apopka Road intersection. Construction is expected to be completed in 2020.
- "Complete Streets" Study for the SR 438 (Silver Star Road) corridor was completed with MetroPlan Orlando.
- A conceptual plan to improve pedestrian and bicycle facilities along Bluford Avenue from Orlando Avenue to Old Winter Garden Road was finalized.
- Design plans were prepared to improve N. Blackwood Avenue to serve as a primary gateway into City Center West Orange.



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Rosemary Wilsen District 2

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George Oliver III District 4

City Manager Robert D. Frank To aid potential developers in visioning the City's improvement goals, the City's Urban Design Studio worked with potential developers to prepare design concepts. This activity is leading to the redevelopment of some of our older buildings, as well as, commitments to build new construction consistent with other downtown expansion, created and approved by City staff.

Fifty West is the City's Redevelopment District, centered on SR 50 between SR 429 and Clark Road. During 2019, the CRA continued their efforts to beautify Fifty West through such projects as installing new landscaping in the medians of Old Winter Garden Road and Clarke Road. In addition, the CRA and City finalized the design and got FDOT to approve the construction plans to start installing plant material in the medians of SR 50 between SR 429 and Good Homes Road. Installation is expected to begin in the late Spring of 2020. The CRA recently finalized design plans for the installation of a wellness park around the retention pond off of S. Bluford Avenue. In 2020, the CRA will be seeking grant funds to construct this new urban park.

The Fifty West Redevelopment District has seen increasing success since its inception. New businesses are locating to the area while existing establishments are refurbishing the buildings. In 2019, over 162,000 square feet of new construction was initiated and/or completed within the Redevelopment District.

## Awards and Acknowledgements.

The Ocoee CRA was recognized in October 2019 by the Florida Redevelopment Association (FRA) for having the "Best Annual Report for a Small City" in the State of Florida.

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Ocoee for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This was the twenty-ninth consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

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Robert D. Frank, MPA City Manager

Rebecca Roberts, CPA Finance Director

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Ocoee Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

## CITY OF OCOEE, FLORIDA

## LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

## September 30, 2019

## ELECTED OFFICIALS

MAYOR COMMISSIONER- District 1 COMMISSIONER- District 2 COMMISSIONER- District 3 COMMISSIONER- District 4

STAFF

CITY MANAGER ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER CITY CLERK FINANCE DIRECTOR POLICE CHIEF FIRE CHIEF PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR CITY ENGINEER HUMAN RESOURCES/RISK MANAGEMENT DIRECTOR UTILITIES DIRECTOR PARKS AND RECREATION DIRECTOR SUPPORT SERVICES DIRECTOR Leon "Rusty" Johnson Larry Brinson, Sr. Rosemary Wilsen Richard Firstner George Oliver

Robert Frank Craig Shadrix Melanie Sibbitt Rebecca Roberts Charles Brown John Miller Steve Krug Richard Campanale V. Gene Williford Charles Smith Mark Johnson J. Allison Butler

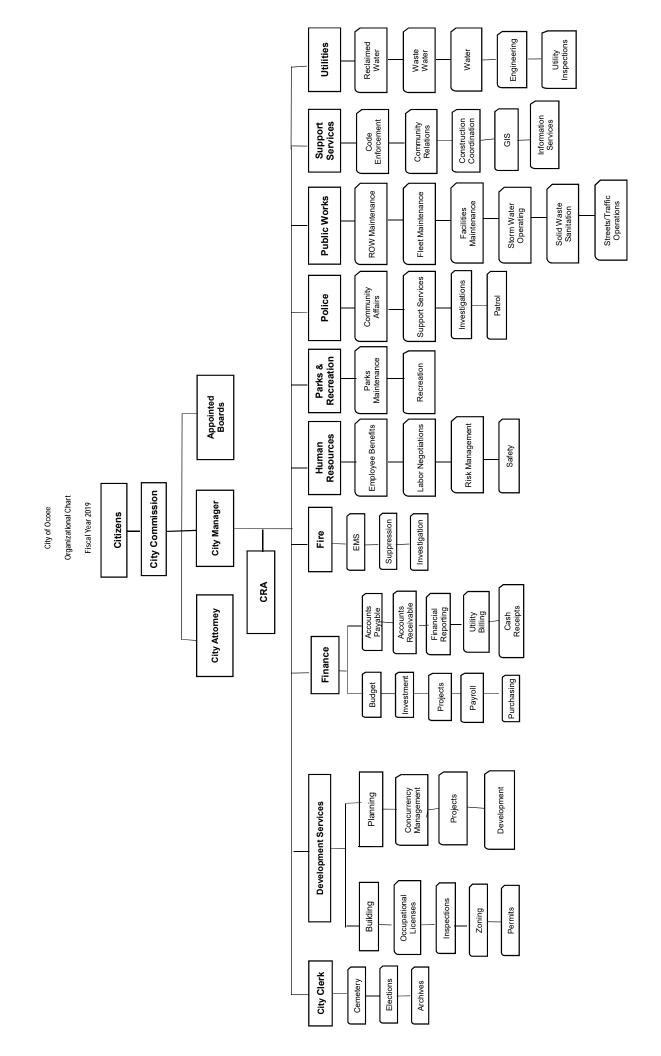
#### LEGAL COUNSEL

Scott Cookson, Esq. Shuffield, Lowman, and Wilson, P.A.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

Mark Galvin Hilltop Securities, Inc.

AUDITORS McDirmit Davis, LLC



Page | ix

**Financial Section** 

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners *City of Ocoee, Florida* 

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Ocoee, Florida*, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

City of Ocoee's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness accounting policies used and significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ocoee, Florida, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund, community redevelopment agency fund and road impact fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, require that the management's discussion and analysis and the pension and other postemployment benefits disclosures on pages 3 through 14 and 66 through 73 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Ocoee, Florida's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statistical section and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the requirements of Title 2 U.S. code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements the exact the records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated May 22, 2020 on our consideration of the *City of Ocoee, Florida*'s internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit preformed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Ocoee's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McDirmit Davis

Orlando, Florida May 22, 2020

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Ocoee for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 is designed to assist the reader in a) focusing on significant financial issues, b) providing an overview of the City's financial activity, c) identifying changes in the City's financial position, d) identifying any material deviations from the approved budget, and e) identifying individual fund issues or concerns. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages iii-vi of this report.

## Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Ocoee exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$215,262,038 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$50,135,435 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$9,939,614 or 4.8%.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Ocoee's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$54,878,211. Approximately 31% of this total amount, \$16,776,557 is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$16,780,792, or 39% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City of Ocoee's total debt decreased by \$275,003 (.33%) during the current fiscal year.

## Using this Annual Report

The financial statement's focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the City's accountability.

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Ocoee's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Ocoee's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Ocoee's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Ocoee is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless* of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Ocoee that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Ocoee include general government, public safety, physical environment, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Ocoee include Water and Wastewater, Solid Waste, and Stormwater.

The government-wide financial statements include only the City of Ocoee itself (known as the *primary government*) and one blended component unit (The City of Ocoee Community Redevelopment Trust Fund). The Water and Wastewater fund, Solid Waste fund, and the Stormwater fund function as departments of the City of Ocoee, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Ocoee, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Ocoee can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

## Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources,* as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Ocoee maintains 13 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Road Impact Fund, Community Redevelopment Fund, and 2017 Capital Projects Fund. Data from the other 9 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Ocoee adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General, Enterprise and Impact Fee Special Revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General Fund, Road Impact Fund and Community Redevelopment Agency Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget on pages 20-23. Budgetary comparison schedules for nonmajor Impact Fee Special Revenue funds are presented on pages 80-82.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-23 of this report.

## **Proprietary Funds**

The City of Ocoee maintains two types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service.

*Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Ocoee uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Wastewater fund, Solid Waste fund, and Stormwater fund. Annual operating budgets are adopted for these funds. *Internal service funds* are an accounting tool used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among various functions. The City utilizes an internal service fund for its health insurance. Because services accounted for in the internal service fund predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within the *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Wastewater fund, Solid Waste fund, and for the Stormwater fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-28 of this report.

## Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City of Ocoee's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-30 of this report.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31-65 of this report.

## **Required Supplementary Information (RSI)**

RSI can be found on pages 66-73 of this report.

## **Other Information**

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the RSI. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 74-84 of this report.

## **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Ocoee, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$215,262,038 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Ocoee's net position (64%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Ocoee uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Ocoee's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City of Ocoee's net position (12%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$50,135,435) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At September 30, 2019, the City of Ocoee is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position for the current and prior year. For more detail see the Statement of Net Position on page 15.

		Govern Activ				Busi Activ			Total					
		2019				2019 2018				2019				
Current and Other Assets Restricted Assets Capital Assets	\$	70,383,833 - 121,670,687	\$	69,092,277 - 116,551,138	\$	36,128,246 10,810,170 69,427,404	\$	31,964,337 13,446,824 69,651,920	\$	106,512,079 10,810,170 191,098,091	\$	101,056,614 13,446,824 186,203,058		
Total assets		192,054,520		185,643,415		116,365,820 115,063,081				308,420,340		300,706,496		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,816,441	3,816,441 1,918			554,620		524,641		4,371,061		2,443,199		
Current Liabilities Long Term Liabilities		10,037,356		9,876,204		2,152,196		3,274,043		12,189,552		13,150,247		
Outstanding Other Liabilities		58,149,216 -		57,171,244 -		24,711,869 480,665		25,078,535 452,420		82,861,085 480,665		82,249,779 452,420		
Total liabilities		68,186,572		67,047,448		27,344,730		28,804,998		95,531,302		95,852,446		
Deferred Inflows of Resources			1,500,758		237,207 474,067			1,998,061			1,974,825			
<b>Net Position:</b> Net Investment in Capital														
Assets		89,356,276		88,420,850		48,925,160		48,326,212		138,281,436		136,747,062		
Restricted		15,455,417				11,389,750		10,007,357		26,845,167		22,686,990		
Unrestricted	ricted 21,111,842 17,913,284		17,913,284		29,023,593		27,975,088		50,135,435		45,888,372			
Total net position	\$	125,923,535	\$	119,013,767	\$	89,338,503	\$	86,308,657	\$	215,262,038	\$	205,322,424		

## Statement of Net Position as of September 30,

## Statement of Activities

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Activities for the current and prior year. For more detailed information see the Statement of Activities on page 16. Note that total net position increased by \$9,939,614.

Net position for governmental activities increased by \$6,909,768

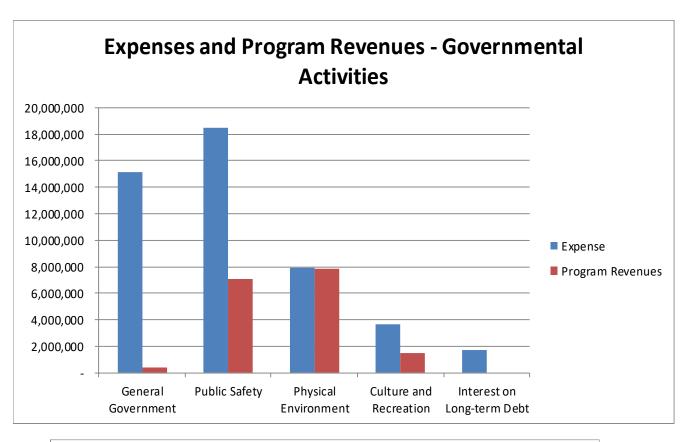
The City of Ocoee experienced continued growth in residential and commercial properties contributing to increase in taxes and service charges. Key elements of this increases are:

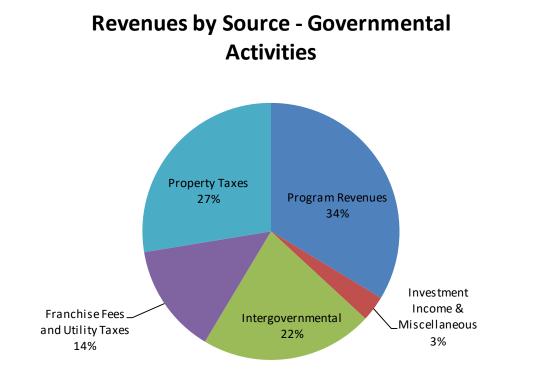
- Property taxes are \$1,253,974 or 10% higher than FY 2018
- Charges for services also grew by \$1,094,585 or 10%
- Other revenues are lower than FY 2018. In FY 2018, there was recognition of revenue from sale of land.
- Transfers are \$2,537,038 higher than FY 2018.
- Expenditures increased by over FY 2018 due to increases in general government, public safety, and physical environment operations.

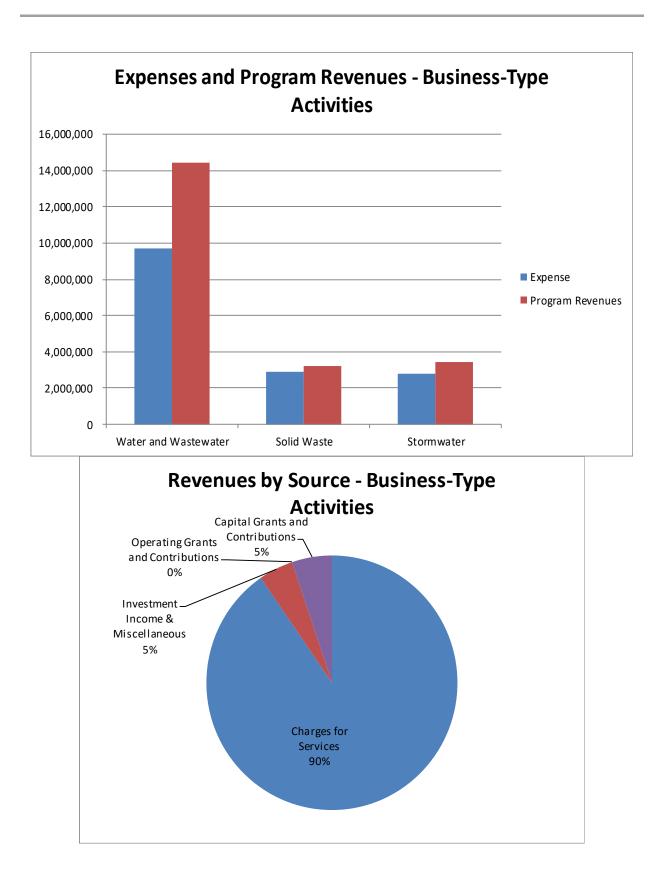
Net position for Business Type Activities increased by \$3,029,846 due to increase in services charges and investment income. Expenditures decreased by 5% or 818,263 over FY 2018 primarily due to a decrease in solid waste operations.

Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended September 30,

		Govern				Busi								
		Activ	/ities			Activ	vitie		Total					
<b>D</b>		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018		
Revenues:														
Program Revenues:	•	40 444 500	•	44.050.044	•	40.000.000	•	40.470.040	•	00 004 500	•	00 000 000		
Charges for Services	\$	12,144,599	\$	11,050,014	\$	19,920,000	\$	18,173,216	\$	32,064,599	\$	29,223,230		
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions		3,501,863		2,798,378		-		58,525		3,501,863		2,856,903		
General Revenues:		1,256,247		662,282		1,135,134		2,180,616		2,391,381		2,842,898		
Property Taxes		13,858,591		12,604,617						13,858,591		12,604,617		
Franchise Fees and Utility Taxes		6,946,302		6,277,216		-		-		6,946,302		6,277,216		
Intergovernmental		0,940,302 10,906,810		10,458,407		-		-		10,906,810		10,458,407		
Other		1,609,475		5,811,010		- 977,310		- 273,422		2,586,785		6,084,432		
		1,009,475										0,004,432		
Total revenues		50,223,887		49,661,924		22,032,444		20,685,779		72,256,331		70,347,703		
<b>F</b> umana.														
Expenses: General Government				40.470.004						15 110 010		40.470.004		
Public Safety		15,118,912		13,178,601		-		-		15,118,912		13,178,601		
Public Salety Physical Environment		18,486,749		16,234,880		-		-		18,486,749		16,234,880		
Culture and Recreation		7,926,217		5,298,461		-		-		7,926,217		5,298,461		
Interest on Long-term Debt		3,676,540		2,953,950 1,777,286		-		-		3,676,540 1,751,138	2,953,950			
Water and wastewater		1,751,138		1,777,200		9.698.307		9,366,129		9,698,307		1,777,286 9,366,129		
Solid Waste		-	-			9,090,307 2,874,263		9,300,129 4,064,133		9,098,307 2,874,263	4,064,133			
Stormwater		-		-		2,074,203 2,784,591		4,004,133 2,745,162		2,074,203 2,784,591		4,004,133 2,745,162		
		-		-										
Total expenses		46,959,556		39,443,178		15,357,161		16,175,424		62,316,717		55,618,602		
Increase (Decrease) in Net														
Position Before Transfers		3,264,331		10,218,746		6,675,283		4,510,355		9,939,614		14,729,101		
Transfers		3,645,437		1,108,409		(3,645,437)		(1,108,409)		-		-		
Increase (Decrease) in Net									_					
Position		6,909,768		11,327,155		3,029,846		3,401,946		9,939,614		14,729,101		
Net Position, October 1		119,013,767		106,329,278		86,308,657		82,600,645		205,322,424		188,929,923		
Prior Year Restatement				1,357,334		-		306,066		-		1,663,400		
Net Position, September 30	\$	125,923,535	\$	119,013,767	\$	89,338,503	\$	86,308,657	\$	215,262,038	\$	205,322,424		
	-		-		-				-		-			







## Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Ocoee uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

## **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City of Ocoee's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Ocoee's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2019, the City of Ocoee's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$54,878,211 a decrease of \$16,169 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 30% or \$16,776,557 of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Ocoee. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$16,780,792 while total fund balance reached \$23,478,798. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 39% of total general fund expenditures compared to 36% for last year. Total fund balance represents 54% of total general fund expenditures compared to 49% for last year.

The Community Redevelopment Special Revenue Fund is considered a major fund in order for our external auditors to express an opinion on this fund as required by Florida Statutes chapter 163.387(8). This fund was created in 2006 as a dependent taxing district. The incremental annual increase in tax over the base years is used to fund projects. As of September 30, 2019, the fund balance was \$2,261,379 an increase of \$338,908 over the prior year. The CRA continued to focus on operational and planning efforts during the year. Revenues increased due to an overall increase in property values affecting the CRA's proportionate share. The fund balance in the CRA is designated for specific CRA capital improvement projects for FY 2020.

The Road Impact Fund balance increased \$1,396,487 during the year. The increase in fund balance is due to a decrease in capital improvement expenditures. The fund balance is reserved for future planned road projects.

General Fund's fund balance increased by \$4,025,529, primarily due to an increase in revenues of \$3,328,607 from taxes, licenses, and various state revenues.

The fund balance of the 2017 Capital Projects Fund decreased \$4,639,901 during the current fiscal year. This decrease is due to expenditures on a number of projects in process during the year.

## **Proprietary Funds**

The City of Ocoee's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Wastewater Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$18,200,090 and unrestricted net position for the Solid Waste and Stormwater Fund amounted to (\$166,399) and \$10,330,427 respectively. The total increase in Water and Wastewater Fund was \$3,290,193, decrease in the Solid Waste Fund was \$318,421, and the Stormwater Fund decreased \$102,873. Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Occee's business-type activities on page 7.

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

There were some adjustments to the original department budgets for the General Fund during the year and the total changes resulted in a net \$134,388 increase for the General Fund budget.

During the year revenues were more than budgetary estimates by \$2,677,648, due primarily from greater than budgeted electric utility, building permits, half-cent sales tax and various state and county shared revenues. These increases are directly attributable to the continued growth and development with the City.

During the year expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$4,379,257 due primarily to lower than budgeted salary and capital expenses in all operating departments.

## **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets

The City of Ocoee's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2019 amounts to \$191,098,091 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges.

Capital asset activity in the City included acquisition of land and, machinery and equipment in support of the downtown redevelopment efforts reflected in the increase in construction in process. Additional information on the City of Ocoee's capital assets can be found in note 7 on pages 44-46 of this report.

## Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

As of September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018

		Govern Activ				Busi Activ			Total					
	2019			2018		2019		2018		2019		2018		
Land	\$	23.817.839	\$	23,334,994	\$	5,772,638	\$	5,157,406	\$	29,590,477	\$	28,492,400		
Buildings		13,878,267		12,434,074		5,820,707		6,280,688		19,698,974		18,714,762		
Improvements		14,148,448		12,942,017		46,374,506		33,132,151		60,522,954		46,074,168		
Machinery and														
Equipment		4,960,309		5,398,756		2,827,239		2,866,490		7,787,548		8,265,246		
Intangibles		93,646		161,383		2,993		7,017		96,639		168,400		
Infrastructure		51,077,959		52,977,744		-		-		51,077,959		52,977,744		
Construction in														
Progress		13,694,219		9,302,170		8,629,321		22,208,168		22,323,540		31,510,338		
Total net	-						-		-					
position	\$	121,670,687	\$	116,551,138	\$	69,427,404	\$	69,651,920	\$	191,098,091	\$	186,203,058		

Long-term debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Ocoee had total bonded debt outstanding of \$56,655,000. All of this debt is secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds). The City of Ocoee also has various notes payable and capital lease obligations.

There are no limitations placed on the amount of debt the City may issue either by the City's charter, code of ordinances or by the Florida State Statutes.

Additional information on the City of Ocoee's long-term debt can be found in notes 8 and 9 on pages 46-49 of this report.

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City experienced an 13.6% increase in growth for assessed property values for the budgeted year 2019. This increase in property values continues with 13.7% growth for budget year 2020. The unemployment rate for Occee at September 30, 2019 was 3.2% which was lower than the state's rate of 3.9%.

The 2020 budget was approved with a millage of 5.2500 which is lower than the previous year's rate. The total operating budget adopted for fiscal year 2019-2020 is \$83,314,449. This increase of \$2,939,119 from 2019 is attributable to improving recurring revenue performance.

## Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Ocoee's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 150 N. Lakeshore Drive, Ocoee, Florida 34761.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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	Governmental Activities	 Business-type Activities		Total
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 39,448,664	\$ 18,335,202	\$	57,783,866
Investments	28,559,650	15,163,957		43,723,607
Receivables, net	2,022,848	1,620,217		3,643,065
Inventories	50,081	-		50,081
Due from other governments	116,096	62,693		178,789
Internal balances	(942,303)	942,303		-
Prepaid costs	1,128,797	3,874		1,132,671
Restricted assets:	.,0,,,,,	0,011		.,
Cash and cash equivalents	_	4,934,857		4,934,857
Investments		5,875,313		5,875,313
	-	0,070,010		0,070,010
Capital assets		14 401 050		F1 014 017
Capital assets (not being depreciated)	37,512,058	14,401,959		51,914,017
Capital assets (being depreciated net of accumulated				
depreciation)	 84,158,629	 55,025,445		139,184,074
Total Assets	192,054,520	 116,365,820		308,420,340
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows of pension and OPEB earnings	3,816,441	277,510		4,093,951
Deferred Charge on Refunding	5,010,441	277,110		277,110
Deferred charge of Kerdhaling	 	 277,110		277,110
	3,816,441	 554,620		4,371,061
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	5,389,951	760,337		6,150,288
Matured bonds and interest payable	1,527,519	1,391,859		2,919,378
Accrued interest payable	14,014	-		14,014
Unearned revenue	3,105,872	_		3,105,872
Customer deposits payable	5,105,072	480,665		480,665
Noncurrent liabilities:	-	400,000		400,003
	2 722 5 40	1 660 770		1 202 222
Due within one year	2,723,549	1,558,778		4,282,327
Due in more than one year	 55,425,667	 23,153,091		78,578,758
Total liabilities	68,186,572	 27,344,730		95,531,302
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows of pension and OPEB earnings	1,760,854	237,207		1,998,061
Net Position:				
	00.05/.07/			100 001 407
Net investment in capital assets	89,356,276	48,925,160		138,281,436
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	162,958	1,490,035		1,652,993
Highways and streets	6,761,025	-		6,761,025
Public safety	3,366,202	-		3,366,202
Culture and recreation	2,903,853	-		2,903,853
Capital outlay	-	5,920,479		5,920,479
Renewal and replacement	-	3,979,236		3,979,236
Community Redevelopment	2,261,379	5,777,200		2,261,379
Unrestricted	21,111,842	- 29,023,593		50,135,435
Total net position	\$ 125,923,535	\$ 89,338,503	\$	215,262,038
···· ··· ······	57 7000		-	.,,000

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

				m Revenue				Net (Expense)		ue and Changes	s in N	et Position
			Primary Government									
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Charges for Services		Grants and ontributions	Capital Gra Contr	ants and ributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Governmental activities: General Government Public Safety Physical environment Culture and Recreation Interest on Long-term debt	\$ 15,118,912 18,486,749 7,926,217 3,676,540 1,751,138	\$ 433,855 5,267,762 4,917,421 1,525,561	\$	- 1,778,058 1,723,805 - -		32,130 224,117 -	\$	(14,685,057) (11,408,799) (60,874) (2,150,979) (1,751,138)	\$	- - - -	\$	(14,685,057) (11,408,799) (60,874) (2,150,979) (1,751,138)
Total governmental activities	46,959,556	12,144,599		3,501,863	1,2	256,247		(30,056,847)		-		(30,056,847)
Business-type activities: Water and wastewater Solid Waste Stormwater	9,698,307 2,874,263 2,784,591	13,272,537 3,207,790 3,439,673		- -	1,1	35,134 - -		- -		4,709,364 333,527 655,082		4,709,364 333,527 655,082
Total business-type activities	15,357,161	19,920,000		-	1,1	35,134		-		5,697,973		5,697,973
Total primary government	\$ 62,316,717	\$ 32,064,599	\$	3,501,863	\$ 2,3	391,381		(30,056,847)		5,697,973		(24,358,874)
					13,858,591 6,946,302 10,906,810 1,574,294 35,181 3,645,437		- - 956,028 21,282 (3,645,437)		13,858,591 6,946,302 10,906,810 2,530,322 56,463			
			36,966,615		(2,668,127)		34,298,488					
	Change in ne	t position						6,909,768		3,029,846		9,939,614
	Net position, b	eginning						119,013,767		86,308,657		205,322,424
	Net Position,	ending					\$	125,923,535	\$	89,338,503	\$	215,262,038

A	 General Fund	Road Impact		Community Redevelopment Agency		2017 Capital Projects		Other Governmental Funds		 Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,260,027	\$	7,931,667	\$	2,470,408	\$	7,426,362	\$	10,306,437	\$ 32,394,901
Cash with paying agent Investments Receivables, net Inventories, at cost Due from other governments	- 20,467,331 1,972,805 50,081 116,096		- 1,008,797 - -		- - -		- 6,078,472 - -		- 1,005,050 9,655 -	- 28,559,650 1,982,460 50,081 116,096
Due from other funds Prepaids	 347,624 1,128,147		350,000		299 650		212,755 -		58 -	 910,736 1,128,797
Total assets	\$ 28,342,111	\$	9,290,464	\$	2,471,357	\$	13,717,589	\$	11,321,200	\$ 65,142,721
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Matured bonds payable Matured interest payable Unearned revenue	\$ 2,226,671 872,856 1,248,060 7,929 20,538 - - 487,259	\$	18,105 - - 183,169 - - 2,328,165	\$	63,201 - - 146,777 - -	\$	497,464 - - 847 - -	\$	345,502 - - 685,000 842,519 290,448	\$ 3,150,943 872,856 1,248,060 338,722 20,538 685,000 842,519 3,105,872
Total liabilities	 4,863,313		2,529,439		209,978		498,311		2,163,469	 10,264,510
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	 1,178,228 5,519,778 16,780,792		6,761,025		2,261,379		13,219,278		6,433,013 2,728,953 (4,235)	 1,178,228 28,674,695 8,248,731 16,776,557
Total fund balances	 23,478,798		6,761,025		2,261,379		13,219,278		9,157,731	 54,878,211
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 28,342,111	\$	9,290,464	\$	2,471,357	\$	13,717,589	\$	11,321,200	

are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	121,266,542
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	5,886,425
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension earnings are not recognized in governmental funds, however, they are recorded in net position under full accrual accounting	2,055,587
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Net position of governmental activities	(58,163,230) \$ 125,923,535

# City of Ocoee, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

-	General Fund	Ro	ad Impact		ommunity elopment Agency	2017 Capital Projects		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
Taxes: Taxes and impact fees	\$ 20,804,893	\$ 2	2,626,553	\$ 1	,224,117	\$-	\$ 1,612,788	\$ 26,268,351
Licenses and permits	\$ 20,804,893 2,669,708	¢ ۷	2,020,000	φI	,224,117	ф -	¢ 1,012,700	\$ 20,208,331 2,669,708
Intergovernmental revenues	14,452,629		-		_	-	-	14,452,629
Charges for services	4,031,093		-		-	-	-	4,031,093
Fines and forfeitures	1,156,789		-		-	-	35,842	1,192,631
Investment income	626,361		129,463		-	171,912	145,555	1,073,291
Miscellaneous	375,744		-		-	-	-	375,744
Total revenues	44,117,217	2	2,756,016	1	,224,117	171,912	1,794,185	50,063,447
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	15,069,342		-		-	13,591	350	15,083,283
Public safety	18,943,846		-		-	-	42,691	18,986,537
Physical environment	2,758,615		-		161,878	6,356	4,263	2,931,112
Culture and recreation	2,945,424		-		-	142,599	-	3,088,023
Debt Service:								
Principal	1,424,294		-		-	-	905,288	2,329,582
Interest and fiscal charges	124,949		-		-	-	1,735,479	1,860,428
Capital Outlay:	1 000 500					2// 270	1 500 010	2 000 700
General government Public safety	1,022,528 182,878		-		-	366,270	1,599,910 218,522	2,988,708 401,400
Physical environment	561,650		470,998		- 502,434	525,640	1,181,718	3,242,440
Culture and recreation	144,678		470,770		502,454	4,645,888	818,339	5,608,905
Total expenditures	43,178,204		470,998		664,312	5,700,344	6,506,560	56,520,418
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	000 010		005 040		FF0 00F	(5 500 400)	(4 740 075)	(( 15 ( 074)
Over Expenditures	939,013		2,285,018		559,805	(5,528,432)	(4,712,375)	(6,456,971)
Other Einanging Sources (Uses):								
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In	3,706,887					888,531	3,714,143	8,309,561
Transfers Out	(3,415,736)		(888,531)		(220,897)		(138,960)	(4,664,124)
Capital Leases	1,745,452		(000,001)		-	-	(130,700)	1,745,452
Notes issued	1,000,000		-		-	-	-	1,000,000
Sale of Capital Assets	49,913		-		-	-	-	49,913
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,086,516		(888,531)		(220,897)	888,531	3,575,183	6,440,802
Net change in fund balances	4,025,529	1	,396,487		338,908	(4,639,901)	(1,137,192)	(16,169)
Fund balances, beginning	19,453,269	5	5,364,538	1	,922,471	17,859,179	10,294,923	54,894,380
Fund balances, ending	\$ 23,478,798	\$ 6	5,761,025	\$2	,261,379	\$ 13,219,278	\$ 9,157,731	\$ 54,878,211

Net Change in Fund Balances - total governmental funds:	\$ (16,169)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	4,767,969
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(415,870)
	(413,070)
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, donations and transfers) is to decrease net position	(52,564)
Cash pension contributions reported in the funds were more than the calculated pension expense on the statement of activities, and therefore increased net position	1,085,133
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(203,376)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	1,744,645
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,909,768

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 13,953,576	\$ 13,953,576	\$ 13,858,591	\$ (94,985)
Franchise	2,496,000	2,496,000	2,936,228	440,228
Utility	3,313,000	3,313,000	4,010,074	697,074
	19,762,576	19,762,576	20,804,893	1,042,317
Licenses and permits:				
Building	1,486,012	1,486,012	2,242,372	756,360
Occupational	374,953	374,953	427,336	52,383
	1,860,965	1,860,965	2,669,708	808,743
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Sales tax	6,994,150	6,994,150	7,365,056	370,906
State revenue sharing	1,665,420	1,665,420	2,406,845	741,425
Other state shared revenue	1,615,350	1,615,350	954,725	(660,625)
Other county shared revenue	2,590,424	2,590,424	3,016,734	426,310
	12,865,344	12,865,344	13,743,360	878,016
Charges for services: Fire contract	600.000	600.000	400,000	
Program activity fees	600,000 540,602	600,000 559,990	600,000 415,785	(144,205)
Develop. Review	54,825	54,825	47,725	(7,100)
Miscellaneous	2,825,008	2,825,008	2,695,968	(129,040)
	4,020,435	4,039,823	3,759,478	(280,345)
Fines and forfeitures	1,205,075	1,205,075	1,156,789	(48,286)
Investment income	400,000	400,000	623,519	223,519
Miscellaneous	185,636	185,636	239,320	53,684
Total revenues	40,300,031	40,319,419	42,997,067	2,677,648

	Dudgeted	Amo	into	Actual Amounta	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative		
	 Budgeted Original	AIIIU	Final	 Actual Amounts	P051	live (Negalive)	
Expenditures:	 Original		T Indi				
Current:							
General government:							
Legislative	252,930		256,880	165,628		91,252	
Executive	995,437		994,437	906,345		88,092	
Finance and admin	2,132,435		2,132,435	2,032,950		99,485	
Legal	284,075		284,075	160,192		123,883	
Community development	839,625		840,625	752,744		87,881	
General services	11,046,543		11,429,693	9,762,257		1,667,436	
Building maintenance	2,412,675		2,425,575	1,952,917		472,658	
,	17 042 720		10 242 720	15 700 000		2 4 20 4 07	
Public Safety:	 17,963,720		18,363,720	 15,733,033		2,630,687	
Police	10,626,402		10,626,402	10,654,148		(27,746)	
Fire	8,365,444		8,365,444	7,731,868		633,576	
Inspections	875,999		875,999	834,912		41,087	
Inspections	 075,777		075,777	034,712		41,007	
	 19,867,845		19,867,845	 19,220,928		646,917	
Physical environment:							
Public works	 4,219,585		4,219,585	 3,365,945		853,640	
Culture and recreation:							
Parks and recreation	2,749,720		2,634,720	2,386,707		248,013	
Total expenditures	 44,800,870		45,085,870	 40,706,613		4,379,257	
Evence (Deficiency) of Devenues Over Expenditures	(4 500 920)		(1 766 151)	2 200 454			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (4,500,839)		(4,766,451)	 2,290,454		7,056,905	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	3,705,623		3,705,623	3,706,887		1,264	
Transfers out	(5,051,881)		(4,651,881)	(3,530,736)		1,121,145	
Capital leases	1,834,700		1,834,700	1,745,452		(89,248)	
Proceeds from sale capital assets	1,034,700		1,034,700	49,913		49,913	
•	 						
Total other financing sources(uses)	 488,442		888,442	 1,971,516		1,083,074	
Net change in fund balance	(4,012,397)		(3,878,009)	4,261,970		8,139,979	
Fund balance, beginning	 18,331,809		18,331,809	 18,331,809		-	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 14,319,412	\$	14,453,800	\$ 22,593,779	\$	8,139,979	

	Budgeted	Amour	A	ctual Amounts	 nce with Final dget - Positive (Negative)	
	Original		Final			
Revenues: Taxes and impact fees Investment income	\$ 2,150,800 2,500	\$	2,150,800 2,500	\$	2,626,553 129,463	\$ 475,753 126,963
Total revenues	2,153,300		2,153,300		2,756,016	602,716
Expenditures: Physical environment Roads	823,840		823,840		470,998	352,842
Total expenditures	 823,840		823,840		470,998	 352,842
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 1,329,460		1,329,460		2,285,018	 955,558
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out	(1,329,460)		(1,329,460)		(888,531)	 440,929
Total other financing sources(uses)	 (1,329,460)		(1,329,460)		(888,531)	 440,929
Net change in fund balance	-		-		1,396,487	1,396,487
Fund balance, beginning	 5,364,538		5,364,538		5,364,538	 -
Fund balance, ending	\$ 5,364,538	\$	5,364,538	\$	6,761,025	\$ 1,396,487

	Budaete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues: Property tax Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 1,233,066 - -	\$ 1,233,066 - -	\$ 1,224,117 - -	\$ (8,949) - -
Total revenues	1,233,066	1,233,066	1,224,117	(8,949)
Expenditures: Physical environment Total expenditures	2,498,448	2,906,588	664,312	2,242,276
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,265,382)	(1,673,522)	559,805	2,233,327
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out	(240,000)	(240,000)	(220,897)	19,103
Total other financing sources(uses)	(240,000)	(240,000)	(220,897)	19,103
Net change in fund balance Fund balance, beginning	(1,505,382) 1,922,471	(1,913,522) 1,922,471	338,908 1,922,471	2,252,430
Fund balance, ending	\$ 417,089	\$ 8,949	\$ 2,261,379	\$ 2,252,430

				Enterpris	se Fun	ds				overnmental Activities-
	W	Water and astewater Fund	Soli	d Waste Fund	Stormwater Fund			Total		nternal Service Fund
Assets										
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,560,661	\$	247,314	\$	6,493,025	\$	17,301,000	\$	7,053,763
Cash with fiscal agent		-		1,034,202		-		1,034,202		-
Investments		11,280,819		-		3,883,138		15,163,957		-
Receivables, net		1,580,137		20,710		19,370		1,620,217		40,388
Due from other governments		50,368		364		11,961		62,693		-
Due from other funds		61		-		311,932		311,993		-
Prepaids		1,943		1,931		-		3,874		-
Total current assets		23,473,989		1,304,521		10,719,426		35,497,936		7,094,151
Noncurrent assets:										
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		4,934,857		-		-		4,934,857		-
Restricted investments		5,875,313		-		-		5,875,313		-
Total restricted assets		10,810,170		-		-		10,810,170		-
Capital assets:										
Land, buildings and equipment		97,724,675		3,216,955		57,042,935		157,984,565		404,145
Construction in progress		5,675,565		-		2,953,756		8,629,321		-
Less accumulated depreciation		(55,194,036)		(2,187,705)		(39,804,741)		(97,186,482)		-
Total capital assets (net of depreciation)		48,206,204		1,029,250		20,191,950		69,427,404		404,145
Total noncurrent assets		59,016,374		1,029,250		20,191,950		80,237,574		404,145
Total assets		82,490,363		2,333,771		30,911,376		115,735,510		7,498,296
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	277,110	\$	-	\$	-	\$	277,110	\$	-
Deferred pension and OPEB	Ŧ	189,645	Ŧ	56,914	*	30,951	•	277,510	•	-
	\$	466,755	\$	56,914	\$	30,951	\$	554,620	\$	-

		Enterpris	se Funds		Governmental Activities-
	Water and Wastewater Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Stormwater Fund	Total	Internal Service Fund
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 266,791	\$ 139,324	\$ 216,401	\$ 622,516	\$ 83,215
Accrued liabilities	90,053	29,477	18,291	137,821	14,339
Compensated absences	34,062	7,711	6,246	48,019	-
Due to other funds	29,165	-	-	29,165	854,842
Customer deposits payable	480,665	-	-	480,665	-
Matured notes payable	915,000	-	-	915,000	-
Matured interest payable	476,859	-	-	476,859	-
Capital lease payable	-	565,759	-	565,759	-
Bonds payable	945,000			945,000	-
Total current liabilities	3,237,595	742,271	240,938	4,220,804	952,396
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	306,553	69,398	56,211	432,162	-
Bonds payable	20,925,244	-	-	20,925,244	-
Capital lease payable		932,591	-	932,591	-
Net pension liability	160,263	43,310	25,936	229,509	-
Other post employment benefits	408,972	152,717	71,896	633,585	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	21,801,032	1,198,016	154,043	23,153,091	
Total liabilities	25,038,627	1,940,287	394,981	27,373,895	952,396
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred pension and OPEB	160,543	51,695	24,969	237,207	-
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	28,168,108	565,102	20,191,950	48,925,160	404,145
Restricted for debt service	1,490,035	-	-	1,490,035	-
Restricted for capital projects	5,920,479	-	-	5,920,479	-
Restricted for renewal and replacement	3,979,236	-	-	3,979,236	-
Unrestricted	18,200,090	(166,399)	10,330,427	28,364,118	6,141,755
Total net position	\$ 57,757,948	\$ 398,703	\$ 30,522,377	88,679,028	\$ 6,545,900

The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the business activities of the Statement of Net Position.

Total net position per government-wide financial statements

659,475

89,338,503

\$

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		Governmental Activities-			
	Water and Wastewater Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Stormwater Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:	¢ 10.070 F07	¢ 2 207 700	¢ 2,420,472	¢ 10.000.000	¢ 0.142.040
Charges for services	\$ 13,272,537	\$ 3,207,790	\$ 3,439,673	\$ 19,920,000	\$ 8,143,949
Total operating revenues	13,272,537	3,207,790	3,439,673	19,920,000	8,143,949
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries and benefits	3,077,940	1,017,336	574,533	4,669,809	-
Insurance claims and expenses	-	-	-	-	6,363,616
Materials and supplies	1,185,658	1,195,197	103,435	2,484,290	-
Depreciation and amortization	3,134,767	376,974	1,770,684	5,282,425	-
Other operating expenses	1,555,309	296,733	377,391	2,229,433	-
Total operating expenses	8,953,674	2,886,240	2,826,043	14,665,957	6,363,616
Operating income (loss)	4,318,863	321,550	613,630	5,254,043	1,780,333
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):					
Investment income (loss)	717,951	34,741	203,336	956,028	125,259
Interest expense	(826,627)	(25,524)	-	(852,151)	-
Grant revenue	136,488	-	-	136,488	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	5,079	16,004	199	21,282	
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	32,891	25,221	203,535	261,647	125,259
Income before contributions and transfers	4,351,754	346,771	817,165	5,515,690	1,905,592
Capital Contributions:					
Connection fees	714,572	-	-	714,572	-
Developers and others	284,074	-	-	284,074	-
Transfers in	72,369	-	165,553	237,922	-
Transfers out	(2,132,576)	(665,192)	(1,085,591)	(3,883,359)	
Change in net position	3,290,193	(318,421)	(102,873)	2,868,899	1,905,592
Total net position, beginning	54,467,755	717,124	30,625,250		4,640,308
Total net position, ending	\$ 57,757,948	\$ 398,703	\$ 30,522,377		\$ 6,545,900

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with Business Activities.

Change in business-type activities in net position per government-wide financial statements

160,947

3,029,846

\$

				Enterpris	se Fu	inds			G	overnmental
	Wa	Water and stewater Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Stormwater Fund		Total	In	Activities- ternal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers	\$	13,209,737	\$	3,234,521	\$	3,461,260	\$	19,905,518	\$	_
Receipts from internal services provided	•	-	•		•	-	•		•	8,143,431
Payments to suppliers		(3,456,590)		(1,722,034)		(676,806)		(5,855,430)		(6,347,171)
Payments to employees		(3,038,535)		(1,022,508)		(583,866)		(4,644,909)		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		6,714,612		489,979		2,200,588		9,405,179		1,796,260
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:										
Transfers in		72,369		-		165,553		237,922		-
Transfers out		(2,132,576)		(665,192)		(1,085,591)		(3,883,359)		-
Decrease (increase) in due from other funds		1,210,818		274,919		17,910		1,503,647		-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(478,563)		(276,262)		(404,846)		(1,159,671)		(1,155,388)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		(1,327,952)		(666,535)		(1,306,974)		(3,301,461)		(1,155,388)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		5,079		32,995		199		38,273		-
Grant revenues		136,488		-		-		136,488		-
Acquisition of capital assets		(2,353,160)		(138,019)		(2,583,721)		(5,074,900)		(404,145)
Proceeds from capital leases		-		138,019		-		138,019		-
Principal paid on revenue bonds, notes and leases		(890,000)		(553,124)		-		(1,443,124)		-
Interest paid on revenue bonds, notes and leases		(967,218)		(25,524)		-		(992,742)		-
Connection fees		998,646		-		-		998,646		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related		( )		/- ·- · ·		<i>(</i> )		<i></i>		<u> </u>
financing activities		(3,070,165)		(545,653)		(2,583,522)		(6,199,340)		(404,145)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		<u> </u>				<i>/-</i>		/		
Sale (Purchase) of investments		(7,691,541)		-		(2,537,091)		(10,228,632)		-
Investment income		717,951		34,741		203,336		956,028		125,259
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(6,973,590)		34,741		(2,333,755)		(9,272,604)		125,259
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(4,657,095)		(687,468)		(4,023,663)		(9,368,226)		361,986
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		20,152,613		934,782		10,516,688		31,604,083		6,691,777
Cash and cash equivalents, end	\$	15,495,518	\$	247,314	\$	6,493,025	\$	22,235,857	\$	7,053,763
Classified As:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,560,661	\$	247,314	\$	6,493,025	\$	17,301,000	\$	7,053,763
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		4,934,857		-		-		4,934,857		-
Total	\$	15,495,518	\$	247,314	\$	6,493,025	\$	22,235,857	\$	7,053,763

	Enterprise Funds					Governmental								
	Water and Wastewater Fund								Stormwater Fund		Total		Activitie Internal Servi Fu	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash														
Provided by Operating Activities														
Operating income (loss)	\$	4,318,863	\$	321,550	\$	613,630	\$	5,254,043	\$	1,780,333				
Adjustments Not Affecting Cash:														
Depreciation and amortization		3,134,767		376,974		1,770,684		5,282,425		-				
Change in Assets and Liabilities:														
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		(91,045)		7,228		2,361		(81,456)		(518)				
Decrease (increase) in due from other governments		-		19,503		19,226		38,729		-				
Decrease (increase) in prepaid costs		3,810		-		181		3,991		-				
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows		(37,981)		(11,276)		(6,436)		(55,693)		-				
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(719,433)		(230,104)		(196,161)		(1,145,698)		17,641				
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		3,269		5,310		3,622		12,201		(1,196)				
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		28,245		-		-		28,245		-				
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		15,169		(16,624)		(17,430)		(18,885)		-				
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		(161,985)		(48,166)		(26,709)		(236,860)		-				
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		214,543		63,708		36,299		314,550		-				
Increase (decrease) in OPEB obligation		6,390		1,876		1,321		9,587		-				
Total adjustments		(739,018)		(208,545)		(183,726)		(1,131,289)		15,927				
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	6,714,612	\$	489,979	\$	2,200,588	\$	9,405,179	\$	1,796,260				
Noncash Capital and Financing Activities:														
Contributed assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
			_		_		_		_					

Assets:		Total Employee Pension Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,257,448
Investments, at fair value:	Ť	
Common funds, equity		60,942,811
Common funds, bonds		24,092,013
Real estate investment trust		10,575,451
Total Investments		95,610,275
Total assets		98,867,723
Liabilities Accounts Payable		-
Total liabilities		-
Net Position: Restricted for pensions	\$	98,867,723

Additions:	Total Employee Pension Funds
Contributions: Employer	\$ 4,019,864
Plan members	1,331,728
State	709,269
Total contributions	6,060,861
Investment income:	
Interest	3,115,648
Net appreciation (loss) on fair value of investments	321,447
Less investment expense	(750,839)
Net investment income (loss)	2,686,256
Total additions	8,747,117
Deductions:	
Benefits	5,280,024
Administrative expenses	191,733
Total deductions	5,471,757
Change in net position	3,275,360
Net position, beginning	95,592,363
Net position, ending	\$ 98,867,723

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Notes to Financial Statements

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

The City of Ocoee, Florida ("the City") is a political subdivision of the state of Florida located in Orange County and was established by the Laws of Florida 10951 (1925). The legislative branch of the City is comprised of a five-member elected Commission, which is governed by the City Charter and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Commission is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy; the execution of such policy is the responsibility of the City Manager appointed by the Commission.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, the City has considered all potential component units. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organizations' resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization. Additionally, the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit. In applying the above criteria, the City has one blended component unit as follows:

The City of Ocoee created the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) in May of 2006. This is a dependent taxing district established in accordance with Chapter 163, Part III, Florida Statutes. Notification to affected taxing agency was done in compliance with Chapter 163.346, Part III, Florida Statutes. The incremental annual increase in tax over the base years will be used to fund projects designed to enhance and improve the described area. The purpose of the CRA is to utilize appropriate private and public resources to eliminate and prevent the development or spread of slum and blighted areas in designated areas within the City. Areas within the CRA are to be redeveloped as an economically sustainable and attractive mixed-use area offering a high quality local destination in a manner that promotes a positive image for the City.

The Ocoee Community Redevelopment Plan was adopted in Resolution No. 2006-007 by Ocoee City Commission to govern the use of these resources. The CRA is governed by a board of seven - the five members of the Ocoee City Commission and two individuals appointed by the City Commission. One of the appointed individuals is nominated by Orange County. The adoption of Ordinance No. 2006-012 established the Redevelopment Trust Fund to account for all transactions generated by activity in the CRA. The Community Redevelopment Agency serves to renew economic interest and improve commercial diversity and viability to Ocoee's redevelopment area known as 50 West and includes the Stat Road 50 corridor and surrounding area. The City approves the budget, provides funding and performs all accounting functions for the CRA. The CRA's services are provided exclusively to the City. Separate financial statements are not issued for the CRA; they are included on pages 17-20.

## **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis* of *accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The government reports the following funds:

#### Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Road Impact Special Revenue Fund - accounts for road impact fees collected from new developments which are restricted for use for planning, acquisition, expansion and development of improvements to the road system.

*Community Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund* - was established as a dependent taxing district. The incremental annual increase in tax over the base years will be used to fund projects designed to enhance and improve the described area.

2017 Capital Projects Fund - accounts for the resources to finance the Capital Improvements to the downtown area of the City. Some of the planned projects are City Hall Relocation, Bluford Avenue Reconstruction, Lakeshore Center Expansion, Lakefront Park Improvements, and the reconstruction of various downtown streets.

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds - account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds - account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on certain long-term debt.

Capital Projects Funds - account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

#### Major Proprietary Funds

Water and Wastewater Utility Fund - used to account for the operations of the City's water and wastewater systems, which are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the costs, including depreciation, of providing services to the general public on an ongoing basis are financed primarily through user charges.

Stormwater Utility Fund - accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's stormwater system and payment of related debt.

Solid Waste Utility Fund - accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's solid waste collection and disposal system.

#### Other Fund Types

Pension Trust Funds - account for activities of police officers, firefighters and general employees' retirement plans which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

Internal Services Fund - accounts for insurance activities of the City.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the City's water and wastewater function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Water and Wastewater Utility, Solid Waste, and Stormwater Utility funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, for fiscal year 2006. The effect of this statement is the inclusion of new disclosures for deposit and investment risk.

Investments of the City are reported at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, except for the position in the Florida State Board of Administration's Investment Pool (LGIP). In accordance with state law, the LGIP operates in conformity with all the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2a7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Accordingly, the LGIP's qualify as 2a7-like pools and are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method. The Florida State Board of Administration is subject to regulatory oversight by the State of Florida, although it is not registered with the SEC. The City's investments consist of investments authorized per the investment policy adopted in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a non-spendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County bills and collects property taxes and remits them to the City. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

All property is reassessed according to its fair value on the lien date, or January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied on October 1 of each year. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January, and 1% in the month of February. The taxes paid in March are without discount. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. On or around May 31 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property.

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

## Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Assets so designated are identified as restricted assets on the balance sheet.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings	10-30
Improvements	20-40
Infrastructure	30-50
Intangible Assets	5-10
Equipment	5-10

#### Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused personal leave benefits. Since the City's policy is to pay accumulated personal leave when employees separate from service, all personal leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. For governmental funds, compensated absences, other post-employment benefits and net pension liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

#### Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

#### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows of pension and OPEB earnings reported in the enterprise and government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, deferred inflows of pension and OPEB earnings.

#### Net position flow assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted first before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

## Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Commission is the highest level of decision making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classifications are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Commission has the responsibility for assigning fund balance. The commission may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### New GASB Statements Implemented

In fiscal year 2019, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings* and Direct Placements. This Statement requires additional note disclosures for certain debt issues. There was no effect on beginning balances of the City. The City also implemented GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the end of a Construction Period.* This statement eliminates the requirement to capitalize interest on enterprise fund capital projects. There was no effect on beginning balances of the City.

Additionally, the GASB has issued Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* that is effective for this fiscal year. The City had reviewed this statement and determined that this pronouncement has no discernable impact on these financial statements.

# NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net positiongovernmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Notes Payable	\$ 4,456,000
Bonds Payable	37,385,000
Premium on Bonds Payable	2,890,169
Capital Leases Payable	2,175,609
Other Post Employment Benefits	2,814,302
Compensated Absences	2,179,758
Net Pension Liability	6,248,378
Accrued Interest Payable	14,014
Net Adjustment to Reduce Fund Balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ 58,163,230

# Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net* changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital Outlay	\$ 10,189,874
Depreciation Expense	 (5,421,905)
Net Adjustment to Decrease Net Changes in Fund Balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,767,969

# NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Another element of that reconciliation states "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

Debt Issued or Incurred: Capital leases Notes payable Principal Repayment	\$ (1,745,452) (1,000,000) 2,329,582
Net Adjustment to Increase Net Changes in Fund Balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (415,870)

Another element of that reconciliation states "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Compensated Absences Other Post Employment Benefits Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premium	\$ (135,925) (176,741) 4,510 104,780
Net Adjustment to Decrease Net Changes in Fund Balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (203,376)

# NOTE 3 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General, Community Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund, Impact Fee Special Revenue and Enterprise Funds, except as described below under Budget Basis of Accounting. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The City follows these procedures set forth below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- Prior to August 1<sup>st</sup>, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1<sup>st</sup>. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayers comments.
- 3. On or before September 30<sup>th</sup> of each year, public hearings are completed and the Commission adopts the final budget and establishes the ad valorem tax millage.
- 4. The City cannot legally exceed the budget; however, the City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments within any fund. The City Commission must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level.
- 5. Budgetary comparisons are not presented for Enterprise Funds since not required under generally accepted accounting principles.

# NOTE 4 BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The General Fund, Community Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund and Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund budgets are prepared on a budgetary basis, whereby encumbrances are treated as budgeted expenditures in the year of incurrence of the commitment to purchase. In addition, the City includes a portion of the prior year's fund balance represented by unappropriated liquid assets remaining in the fund as budgeted revenue in the succeeding year. The results of operations on a GAAP basis do not recognize the fund balance allocation as revenue as it represents prior periods' excess of revenues over expenditures. Also, the City does not budget for capital outlay expenditures and other financing sources related to the acquisition of assets through capital leases. The City does not budget for the state pension contributions that must be recorded as intergovernmental revenue and public safety expenditures in the General Fund GAAP financial statements.

The City also does not budget for Recreation Programs, Founders Day, Police Fundraiser, Community Events, and Fire Fully Involved, which are consolidated in the General Fund for GAAP purposes, however not included in the budgetary basis of the General Fund.

For the 2019 fiscal year, the following adjustments were necessary to convert General Fund expenditures on the GAAP basis to the budgetary basis:

	Expenditures	Revenues	Other Financing Sources (Uses)
General Fund:	·		· · · · ·
GAAP Basis	\$ 43,178,204	\$ 44,117,217	\$ 3,086,516
Nonbudgeted State Pension Amounts	(709,269)	(709,269)	-
Nonbudgeted Notes payable transactions	(1,000,000)	-	(1,000,000)
Nonbudgeted Recreation Programs	(64,932)	(63,496)	-
Nonbudgeted Founders Day	(678,539)	(315,150)	(115,000)
Nonbudgeted Police Fundraiser	(9,065)	(18,321)	-
Nonbudgeted Community Events	(9,786)	(13,768)	-
Nonbudgeted Fire Fully Involved	 -	 (146)	 -
Budgetary Basis	\$ 40,706,613	\$ 42,997,067	\$ 1,971,516

# NOTE 5 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

## Deposits

All bank deposits were covered by Federal Depository Insurance or held in banks that are members of the State of Florida's Collateral Pool as specified under Florida law. This limits local government deposits to "authorized depositories." The State of Florida Collateral Pool is a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its members for collateral shortfalls if a member institution fails. For this reason, the City considers its deposits insured or collateralized.

# NOTE 5 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Investments

The City's investment policy is governed by State Statutes and City ordinances. The investment policy does not apply to the City's Pension Funds and funds related to the issuance of debt where there are other existing policies or indentures in effect. City ordinance allows investments in any financial institution that is a qualified public depository of the State of Florida as identified by the State Treasurer, in accordance with chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. Authorized investments are:

- 1. State Board of Administration Local Government Investment Pool (SBA);
- 2. Registered investment companies (money market mutual funds);
- 3. Money Market funds and Certificates of Deposit in state-certified qualified public depositories;
- 4. U.S. Government Agency Securities and U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds;
- 5. Repurchase agreements

The SBA is not a registrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however, the State of Florida does provide regulatory oversight. The Board has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a 2a-7 fund for the Florida Prime Fund; therefore, the pool account balance can be used as fair value for the financial reporting.

Investments made by the City of Ocoee at September 30, 2019 are summarized below. Defined benefit pension plan investments, other than \$60,942,811 in mutual funds investing in equity securities, are included below.

Investment Type	 Fair Value	Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Florida Prime	\$ 253,235	AAAm	37 days
Certificates of Deposit	2,342,464	Not rated	0.91 years
Money Market	9,131,120	Not rated	N/A
FLSTAR Government Fund	10,050,503	AAAm	1 day
Florida Investment Trust	27,821,601	AAAf	106 days
Pension Plan Investments:			
Fixed Income Securities	24,092,013	A-AAA	7.1 Years
Real Estate and Misc. Assets	 10,575,451	Not Rated	
	\$ 84,266,387		

## Credit Risk

The City's investment policy limits credit risk by restricting authorized investments to those described above. The policy requires that investments in U.S. Government Agency Securities be guaranteed by the full faith of the U.S. Government. Also, term repurchase agreements must be collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities and overnight (sweep) repurchase agreements must be collateralized by the full faith or general faith and credit obligations of the U.S. Government or U.S. Government Agency Securities. Securities of registered investment companies must be limited to U.S. Government obligations and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such U.S. Government obligations.

## Custodial Credit Risk

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires that bank deposits be secured as provided by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. This law requires local governments to deposit funds only in financial institutions designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial officer of the State of Florida, and creates the Public Deposits Trust Fund, a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a default or insolvency has occurred. At September 30, 2019, all of the City's bank deposits were in qualified public depositories.

# NOTE 5 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments of collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2019, none of the investments listed are exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The policy has no limitations on portfolio composition.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The policy limits investment in U.S. Government Agency Securities, Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds to a maximum maturity of five years. The maximum length to maturity for Certificates of Deposit is three years.

#### Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The City uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. GASB 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application provides guidance for determining fair value of investments for financial reporting purposes. It has a 3 level hierarchy based on the valuation inputs used to measure the assets fair value. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted price for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active, such as the net asset value of a fund portfolio, whereby the underlying assets are valued based on quoted prices or market-corroborated inputs. Level 3 is the least reliable, and uses significant unobservable inputs that uses the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the City's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

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# NOTE 5 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2019:

		Fair Value Measurements Using					
				Się	gnificant Other		Significant
		Qı	oted Prices in		Observable		Inobservable
		ŀ	Active Markets		Inputs		Inputs
	 9/30/2019		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
General Investments	 						
Florida Investment Trust	\$ 27,821,601	\$	-	\$	27,821,601	\$	-
General Employees' Pension							
Equities							
Common stock	\$ 7,532,153	\$	7,219,421	\$	312,732	\$	-
Mutual funds	18,440,151		18,440,151		-		-
Unit investment trusts	4,694,482		-		-		4,694,482
Fixed Income							
Mutual funds	1,664,917		-		1,664,917		-
Asset backed securities	2,556,757		-		2,556,757		-
Collateralized mortgage obligations	333,072		-		333,072		-
US government bonds	1,207,649		-		1,207,649		-
Corporate bonds	3,480,564		-		3,480,564		-
Foreign bonds	 579,306		-		579,306		-
Total	\$ 40,489,051	\$	25,659,572	\$	10,134,997	\$	4,694,482
Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension							
Equities							
Common stock	\$ 14,906,970	\$	14,906,970	\$	-	\$	-
Mutual funds	20,063,537		20,063,537		-		-
Unit investment trusts	5,880,969		-		-		5,880,969
Fixed Income							
Mutual funds	2,066,445		-		2,066,445		-
US government bonds	4,903,570		-		4,903,570		-
Corporate bonds	 7,299,733		-		7,299,733		-
Total	\$ 55,121,224	\$	34,970,507	\$	14,269,748	\$	5,880,969

# NOTE 6 RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	 Accounts Receivable	Total_		
General fund	\$ 2,107,805	\$ (135,000)	\$	1,972,805
Water and wastewater utility fund	1,706,069	(125,932)		1,580,137
Solid waste fund	22,391	(1,681)		20,710
Stormwater fund	20,926	(1,556)		19,370
Internal service fund	40,388	-		40,388
Other governmental funds	9,655	 -		9,655
Total	\$ 3,907,234	\$ (264,169)	\$	3,643,065

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# NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	•		Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 23,334,994	\$	482,845	\$ -	\$ 23,817,839
Construction in progress	9,302,170		6,659,080	 (2,267,031)	 13,694,219
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	32,637,164		7,141,925	 (2,267,031)	 37,512,058
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	19,511,272		2,023,555	-	21,534,827
Improvements	22,497,030		2,613,474	(12,430)	25,098,074
Machinery and equipment	16,305,702		832,723	(645,501)	16,492,924
Intangibles	889,389		-	-	889,389
Infrastructure	95,783,945		211,540	-	95,995,485
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated	154,987,338		5,681,292	 (657,931)	 160,010,699
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(7,077,198)		(579,362)	-	(7,656,560)
Improvements	(9,555,013)		(1,394,613)	-	(10,949,626)
Machinery and equipment	(10,906,946)		(1,268,868)	643,199	(11,532,615)
Intangibles	(728,006)		(67,737)	-	(795,743)
Infrastructure	(42,806,201)		(2,111,325)	 -	 (44,917,526)
Total accumulated depreciation	(71,073,364)		(5,421,905)	 643,199	 (75,852,070)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	83,913,974		259,387	 (14,732)	 84,158,629
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 116,551,138	\$	7,401,312	\$ (2,281,763)	\$ 121,670,687

# NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance			Increases	Decreases	 Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	5,157,406	\$	615,232	\$ -	\$ 5,772,638
Construction in progress		22,208,168		3,906,658	(17,485,505)	 8,629,321
Total capital assets, not being						
depreciated		27,365,574		4,521,890	(17,485,505)	 14,401,959
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings		20,220,421		-	-	20,220,421
Improvements		104,216,863		17,225,817	-	121,442,680
Machinery and equipment		9,793,370		812,698	(256,946)	10,349,122
Intangibles		199,704		-		 199,704
Total capital assets, being depreciated		134,430,358		18,038,515	(256,946)	 152,211,927
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		(13,939,733)		(459,981)	-	(14,399,714)
Improvements		(71,084,712)		(3,983,462)	-	(75,068,174)
Machinery and equipment		(6,926,880)		(834,958)	239,955	(7,521,883)
Intangibles		(192,687)		(4,024)		 (196,711)
Total accumulated depreciation		(92,144,012)		(5,282,425)	239,955	 (97,186,482)
Total capital assets, being depreciated,						
net		42,286,346		12,756,090	(16,991)	 55,025,445
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	69,651,920	\$	17,277,980	\$ (17,502,496)	\$ 69,427,404

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# NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 860,502
Public safety	1,303,689
Physical environment	2,744,234
Culture and recreation	 513,480
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 5,421,905
Business-type Activities:	
Water and wastewater	\$ 3,134,767
Solid waste	376,974
Stormwater	 1,770,684
Total depreciation expense, business-type activities	\$ 5,282,425

# NOTE 8 LEASES

#### **Capital Leases**

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of vehicles, trucks, data processing, communications and office equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Assets Machinery & equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,330,742 (684,437)	\$ 1,479,961 (562,369)
Total	\$ 1,646,305	\$ 917,592

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# NOTE 8 LEASES (CONTINUED)

Amortization of equipment leased and capital leases is included in depreciation expense. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Year Ending September 30	 Governmental Activities	 Business-type Activities
2020	\$ 910,988	\$ 596,556
2021	657,211	498,771
2022	463,610	325,092
2023	 228,543	 135,415
Total Minimum Lease Payments	2,260,352	1,555,834
Less: Amount representing interest	 (84,743)	 (57,484)
	\$ 2,175,609	\$ 1,498,350

# NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT

#### Notes Payable - Direct Borrowing

The Governmental Activities Notes payable are secured by a covenant to budget and appropriate, not a pledge of specific revenues. In the event of default, the noteholder may declare all principal and interest immediately due and payable.

The City has notes payable for governmental. Outstanding notes payable at year end are as follows:

## **Governmental Activities**

Capital Improvement Note, Series 2009 - payable in annual principal installments start 10/1/10 through 10/1/2024 and interest paid semi-annually at a variable rate equal to 67% of the sum of LIBOR plus 2.6%, with a floor of 2.1%	\$ 2,045,000
Non-Ad Valorem Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2012 - payable in annual principal installments start 2/1/2013 through 2/1/2023 and interest paid semi-annually at 2.10%	1,461,000
Note Payable - payable in 20 quarterly principal installments and quarterly interest payments of \$3,000	 950,000
	\$ 4,456,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending September 30,		Principal		Interest				
2020	\$	929,000	\$	81,909				
2021		951,000		66,527				
2022		978,000		50,682				
2023		1,003,000		34,239				
2024		595,000		18,345				
	\$	4,456,000	\$	251,702				

# NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

#### Bonds Payable - Public Offering

The 2016 Water and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds are secured by net revenue of the water and sewer system. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid is \$27,418,171. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$1,868,719 and total pledged revenue was \$6,039,005. In the event of default, the bondholder may exercise all legal remedies to enforce payment.

The 2017 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds are secured the half cent sales tax revenues, public services tax revenues, and the communications services tax revenues. Total principal and interest paid on this series was \$2,370,038 and total pledged revenue was \$12,389,351. In the event of default, the bondholder may exercise all legal remedies to enforce payment.

The City has bonds payable for both governmental and business-type activities. Outstanding bonds payable at year end are as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities**

Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 - payable in annual principal	
installments through 10/1/2046 and interest paid semi-annually at rates from 3.00% to 5.00%	\$ 37.385.000

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Water and Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 - payable in annual principal installments through 10/1/2036 and interest paid semi-annually at rates from 2.00% to 5.00% \$

19,270,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

	Governmen	tal Act	ivities	Business-Type Activities					
Year Ending September 30,	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2020	\$ 710,000	\$	1,657,638	\$	945,000	\$	926,269		
2021	745,000		1,629,238		980,000		888,469		
2022	770,000		1,599,438		1,015,000		849,269		
2023	810,000		1,560,938		1,075,000		798,519		
2024	845,000		1,520,438		1,125,000		744,769		
2025 - 2029	4,930,000		6,921,188		6,425,000		2,828,094		
2030 - 2034	6,285,000		5,560,938		6,790,000		1,061,594		
2035 - 2039	8,000,000		3,845,438		915,000		51,188		
2040 - 2044	9,800,000		2,047,125		-		-		
2045 - 2047	 4,490,000		254,250		-		-		
	\$ 37,385,000	\$	26,596,629	\$	19,270,000	\$	8,148,171		

# NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

# Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	 Additions	Reductions	 Ending Balance	 Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Notes Payable-Direct Borrowing	\$ 4,212,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ (756,000)	\$ 4,456,000	\$ 929,000
Bonds Payable	38,070,000	-	(685,000)	37,385,000	710,000
Premium on bonds issued	2,994,949	-	(104,780)	2,890,169	-
Capital lease	1,318,739	1,745,452	(888,582)	2,175,609	866,549
Compensated absences	2,043,833	340,325	(204,400)	2,179,758	218,000
Net pension liability	5,762,992	485,386	-	6,248,378	-
Other post employment benefits	2,768,731	45,571	-	2,814,302	-
Governmental activity long-term		 			
liabilities	\$ 57,171,244	\$ 3,616,734	\$ (2,638,762)	\$ 58,149,216	\$ 2,723,549
Business-type Activities:					
Bonds payable	\$ 20,185,000	\$ -	\$ (915,000)	\$ 19,270,000	\$ 945,000
Premium on bonds issued	2,753,199	-	(152,955)	2,600,244	-
Capital lease	1,016,488	1,034,202	(552,340)	1,498,350	565,759
Compensated absences	499,066	48,019	(66,904)	480,181	48,019
Net pension liability	-	229,509	-	229,509	-
Other post employment benefits	623,998	9,587	-	633,585	-
Business-type activity long-term					
liabilities	\$ 25,077,751	\$ 1,321,317	\$ (1,687,199)	\$ 24,711,869	\$ 1,558,778

For governmental funds, compensated absences, other post-employment benefits and net pension liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

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## NOTE 10 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2019 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Community Redevelopment Agency	General Fund	\$ 299
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund	58
General Fund	Community Redevelopment Agency	146,777
General Fund	Internal Service Fund	200,000
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	847
Road Impact	Internal Service Fund	350,000
2017 Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	421
2017 Capital Projects Fund	Road Impact	183,169
2017 Capital Projects Fund	Water and Wastewater Fund	29,165
Water and Wastewater Fund	General Fund	61
Stormwater Fund	General Fund	7,090
Stormwater Fund	Internal Service Fund	 304,842
Total		\$ 1,222,729

Interfund balances represent reimbursements for a portion of salaries, purchases paid from an incorrect funds and transfer for debt service payment.

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Transfers In										
	Gene	eral Fund		017 Capital ojects Fund		Water and astewater Fund	S	tormwater Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental	Total
Transfer Out:											
General fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,593	\$	3,414,143	\$ 3,415,736
Road impact		-		888,531		-		-		-	888,531
Community redevelopment											
agency		220,897		-		-		-		-	220,897
Water and wastewater fund	2	,132,576		-		-		-		-	2,132,576
Solid waste fund		640,192		-		-		25,000		-	665,192
Stormwater fund		713,222		-		72,369		-		300,000	1,085,591
Nonmajor governmental		-		-		-		138,960		-	 138,960
Total	\$ 3	,706,887	\$	888,531	\$	72,369	\$	165,553	\$	3,714,143	\$ 8,547,483

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that they are required to be expended from. Transfers are also used to a) accumulate required interest and principal debt payments for timely remittance, b) move administrative fees from the enterprise funds to the general fund, and c) move funds for purchases of computers based upon a replacement schedule.

# NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS

#### **Defined Benefit Plan and Trust**

The City maintains two separate single-employer defined benefit pension plans for police officers and firefighters and all other full-time employees who are included as part of the City's reporting entity in Pension Trust Funds. The plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports. Each plan provides retirement and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. In addition, the police and firefighters plan provides disability benefits to Plan members. Florida Statutes, Chapter 175 and 185 establish minimum benefit provisions. The City of Occee Commission appoints two boards of trustees, two trustees are elected by the employees and a fifth member is selected by the four trustees to administer the pension trust funds. This board of trustees may not amend any provisions of the pension plan without the approval of the City Commission.

Contributions from the State received under Florida State Statutes 175 and 185 amounted to \$709,269 in 2019 and were recorded as revenue and expenditures in the general fund. The amounts legally required at September 30, 2019 to be reserved for general employees and police and fire pension funds are \$41,395,524 and \$57,472,199 respectively.

### Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to each plan are recognized when due and formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. All Plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments without an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

#### **Individual Pension Fund Statements**

The pension plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports. Individual statements of net position and changes in pension fund net position for the two pension plans included in the City of Ocoee fiduciary funds are as follows:

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## Individual Statements of Fiduciary Net Position

September 30, 2019

Gen			
	Pension	Police	and Fire Pension
\$	906,473	\$	2,350,975
	25,972,304		34,970,507
	4,694,482		5,880,969
	9,822,265		14,269,748
	40,489,051		55,121,224
	41,395,524		57,472,199
	-		-
			-
\$	41,395,524	\$	57,472,199
		\$ 906,473 25,972,304 4,694,482 9,822,265 40,489,051 41,395,524 -	Pension         Police           \$         906,473         \$           25,972,304         4,694,482         9,822,265           9,822,265         40,489,051

Individual Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General Employees Pension		Police and Fi Pensio	
Additions: Contributions:				
Employer Plan members State	\$	959,036 673,662 -	\$	3,060,828 658,066 709,269
Total contributions		1,632,698		4,428,163
Investment income: Interest Net appreciation on fair value of investments Less investment expense		1,116,346 259,146 (228,063)		1,999,302 62,301 (522,776)
Net investment income		1,147,429		1,538,827
Total additions		2,780,127		5,966,990
<b>Deductions:</b> Benefits Administrative expenses		2,099,531 70,513		3,180,493 121,220
Total deductions		2,170,044		3,301,713
Change in net position		610,083		2,665,277
Net position, beginning		40,785,441		54,806,922
Net position, ending	\$	41,395,524	\$	57,472,199

#### **General Employees' Pension**

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Method used to value investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

#### Plan Description

*Plan Administration* - the General Employees' Pension is administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of two City Commission appointees, two members of the Plan elected by the membership, and a fifth member elected by the other four members, and appointed by City Commission.

Plan Membership - At September 30, 2019 plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	110
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	90
Active plan members	184
	384

Benefits Provided - The plan provides retirement, termination and death benefits.

*Normal Retirement - Date:* Attainment of Age 60. The Mayor and Commissioners have a 9 year Credited Service requirement in addition to the attainment of Age 60. Members (excluding the Mayor and Commissioners) hired after September 17, 2012, achieve normal retirement eligibility upon the attainment of age 62, with the completion of 7 years of credited service

*Benefit*: 3% of average final compensation for each year of credited service, limited to 81% of average final compensation. For members (including Mayor and Commissioners) hired or elected after September 17, 2012, the benefit is 2.25% of average final compensation for each year of credited service, limited to 70% of average final compensation.

*Early Retirement - Eligibility*: Age 50 and 5 years of credited service. The Mayor and Commissioners have a 9 year service requirement. Members (excluding the Mayor and Commissioners) hired after September 17, 2012, achieve early retirement eligibility upon the attainment of age 50 with the completion of 7 years of credited service. Accrued benefits are actuarially reduced.

*Vesting* - Members are 100% vested after 5 years of credited service. The Mayor and Commissioners have a 9 year requirement for vesting eligibility. Members (excluding the Mayor and Commissioners) hired after September 17, 2012 achieve 100% vesting eligibility upon the completion of 7 years of credited service. Members will receive the vested portion of their accrued benefit payable at the otherwise early (reduced) or normal (unreduced) retirement date.

*Pre-Retirement Death Benefits* - Vested: monthly accrued benefit payable to designated beneficiary for 10 years. *Nonvested:* refund of accumulated contributions without interest.

*Contributions* - Member contributions are 7.4% of salary. The Mayor and Commissioners are non-contributory participants. City contributions are the remaining amount required in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, over 30 years.

Net Pension Liability - The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date. The components of the net pension liability on September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 42,204,017 (41,366,866)
Sponsor's net pension liability	\$ 837,151
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	 98.02%

\* includes accrued investment income net of prepaid city contributions not included in the fund.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018 updated to September 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	service based
Discount rate	7.40%
Investment rate of return	7.40%

Mortality rates were based on the RP2000 Fully Generational with Scale BB, with white collar and annuitant adjustments for healthy lives. Mortality rates for disabled lives were based on the RP2000 without projection.

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed on November 4, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return
Domestic equity	45.0%	7.50%
International equity	15.0%	8.50%
Broad market fixed income	25.0%	2.50%
Global fixed income	5.0%	3.50%
Real estate	10.0%	4.50%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.4%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension		
	Liability	Net Position	Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)		
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$ 40,494,661	\$ 40,778,139	\$ (283,478)		
Changes for a Year:					
Service Cost	1,149,974	-	1,149,974		
Interest	3,146,116	-	3,146,116		
Differences between expected and actual experience	(362,530)	-	(362,530)		
Changes of assumptions	(125,022)	-	(125,022)		
Contributions-employer	-	959,036	(959,036)		
Contributions-employee	-	673,662	(673,662)		
Net investment income	-	1,188,196	(1,188,196)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,099,182)	(2,099,182)	-		
Administrative Expense		(132,985)	132,985		
Net Changes	1,709,356	588,727	1,120,629		
Balances at September 30, 2019	\$ 42,204,017	\$ 41,366,866	\$ 837,151		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	Current Discount				
	1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase
	 6.40%		7.40%		7.40%
Net pension liability	\$ 5,730,891	\$	837,151	\$	(3,280,507)

### Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City will recognize a pension expense of \$(19,939). On September 30, 2019 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Defe	erred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	132,719 242,258	\$	398,299 93,768
investments		506,789		-
	\$	881,766	\$	492,067

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:	
2020	\$ 30,724
2021	(180,424)
2022	149,623
2023	389,776
2024	-
Thereafter	

*Concentrations* - The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represents 5 percent or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

*Rate of return* - For the year ended September 30, 2019 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 2.94 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

*Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)* - members are eligible following satisfaction of normal retirement requirements (age 60). For members hired after September 17, 2012, the eligibility for DROP participation is the attainment of age 62 and the completion of 10 years of credited service. Participation is not more than 84 months from age 60. For members hired after September 17, 2012, the DROP participation period shall not exceed 60 months from the first date of normal retirement eligibility. Earnings accrue at a fixed annual rate of 3%, credited quarterly. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2019 is \$383,552.

### Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Method used to value investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

#### Plan Description

*Plan Administration* - The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of two City Commission appointees, two members of the Plan elected by the membership, and a fifth member elected by the other four members, and appointed by City Commission.

Plan Membership - At September 30, 2019 plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	69
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	26
Active plan members	131
	226

Benefits Provided - The plans provide retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Normal Retirement - Date: Earlier of age 55 and 10 years of credited service, or 25 years of credited service, regardless of age.

Benefit: 3.5% of average final compensation times credited service. For firefighters hired after September 30, 2015 and Police Officers hired after May 16, 2017, the benefit accrual rate is 3.25% for each year of Credited Service. Maximum benefit for members hired before October 1, 2012, 100% of average final compensation. For member hired after September 30, 2012, 91% of average final compensation. For members hired under the 3.25% benefit accrual rate, the maximum benefit is 81.25% of average final compensation.

*Early Retirement* - *Eligibility*: Age 45 and 5 years of credited service. Accrued benefits are reduced 3% per year to age 50 and actuarially reduced from age 50 to age 45.

*Vesting* - Members are 100% vested after 5 years of credited service. For firefighters hired after September 30, 2015 and police officers hired after May 16, 2017, 100% vesting occurs after the completion of 7 years of credited service. Members will receive the vested portion of their accrued benefit payable at the otherwise early or normal retirement date.

*Disability* - For service incurred, covered from date of employment. For non-service incurred- 10 years of credited service. Benefit is accrued to date of disability but not less than 42% of average final compensation (service incurred). Additionally, the benefit cannot exceed a percentage of average final compensation as outlined above under maximum benefit.

*Pre-Retirement Death Benefits* - Vested: monthly accrued benefit payable to designated beneficiary for 10 years. Nonvested: refund of accumulated contributions without interest.

Supplement Benefit (Police only) - Initial crediting pursuant to a mutual consent agreement between the City and PBA, \$193,674 from the excess state monies reserve is allocated to eligible police officers. Annual crediting of 50% of annual Chapter 185 premium tax revenues received by the City in excess of \$223,377 shall be allocated based on a method to be determined. Investment earnings on the eligible share accounts shall be credited or debited annually, based on the Plan's net-of-fees investment performance for the immediately preceding plan year. Expenses are allocated annually in proportion to individual share account balances as a percentage of total plan assets.

*Contributions* - Member contributions are 8% of salary. The City contributions are the remaining amount required in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, as provided in Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

*Net Pension Liability* - The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date. The components of the net pension liability on September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 63,545,542 (57,904,806) *
Sponsor's net pension liability	\$ 5,640,736
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	91.12%

\* includes accrued investment income net of prepaid city contributions not included in the funds

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018 updated to September 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	service based
Discount rate	7.80%
Investment rate of return	7.80%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Generational Scale BB. Disabled lives. This assumption is believed to accommodate expected mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated October 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return
Domestic equity	45.0%	7.50%
International equity	15.0%	8.50%
Broad market fixed income	25.0%	2.50%
Global bond	5.0%	3.50%
Real estate	10.0%	4.50%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$	60,949,229	\$	55,186,237	\$	5,762,992
Changes for a Year:						
Service Cost		1,733,023		-		1,733,023
Interest		4,795,870		-		4,795,870
Share plan allocation		79,615				79,615
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,189,010)		-		(1,189,010)
Changes of assumptions		340,308		-		340,308
Changes of benefit terms		(13,236)		-		(13,236)
Contributions-employer		-		3,060,827		(3,060,827)
Contributions-state		-		709,268		(709,268)
Contributions-employee		-		658,066		(658,066)
Net investment income		-		1,559,613		(1,559,613)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,150,257)		(3,150,257)		-
Administrative expense		-		(118,948)		118,948
Net Changes		2,596,313		2,718,569		(122,256)
Balances at September 30, 2019	\$	63,545,542	\$	57,904,806	\$	5,640,736

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	Current Discount					
	 1% Decrease 6.80%		Rate 7.80%		1% Increase 8.80%	
Net pension liability	\$ 13,152,558	\$	5,640,736	\$	(605,017)	

#### Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City will recognize pension expense of \$(1,070,791). On September 30, 2019 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	erred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	430,583	\$	1,124,480	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		888,086		-	
investments		1,792,811		-	
	\$	3,111,480	\$	1,124,480	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:	
2020	\$ 462,405
2021	488,856
2022	730,267
2023	547,960
2024	(121,244)
Thereafter	(121,244)

*Concentrations* - The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represents 5 percent or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

*Rate of return* - For the year ended September 30, 2019 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 2.82 percent.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) Police and Fire - members are eligible within 12 months following satisfaction of normal retirement requirements. Participation is not more than 60 months. Rate of return: at election of member (may change once during DROP period) either: 1) actual net rate of investment return (total return net of brokerage commissions, transaction costs, and management fees), or 2) 6.5%. Earnings are credited each fiscal quarter (2% for members entering the DROP after September 30, 2012). Additionally, members entering the DROP after September 30, 2012 cannot choose the Plan return option for investment crediting. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2019 is \$2,229,130.

#### Aggregate Amounts of All Pension Plans

The aggregate amounts for all of the City's defined benefit pension plans at September 30, 2019 are as follows:

		Governmental Activities	
	Net Pension	Deferred Deferred	Pension & OPEB
	Asset (Liability)	Inflows Outflows	Expense
Police and Fire Pension Plan General Employees Pension OPEB Plan	\$ (5,640,736) (607,643) (2,814,302)	\$ (1,124,480) \$ 3,111,480 (321,755) 622,647 (314,619) 82,314	\$ (1,070,791) (14,342) 176,741
	\$ (9,062,681)	\$ (1,760,854) \$ 3,816,441	\$ (908,392)
		Business-type Activities	
	Net Pension	Deferred Deferred	Pension & OPEB
	Asset (Liability)	Inflows Outflows	Expense
General Employees Pension OPEB Plan	\$ (229,508) (633,585)	\$ (170,312) \$ 259,119 (66,895) 18,391	\$ (5,597) 37,180
	\$ (863,093)	\$ (237,207) \$ 277,510	\$ 31,583

### NOTE 12 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 112.0801, the City makes continued group health insurance through the City's current provider available to retirees and eligible dependents provided certain service requirements and normal age retirement requirements have been met. This benefit has no cost to the City, other than the implicit cost of including retirees in the group calculation. All premiums are paid by the retiree. The City has fifteen retirees currently receiving benefits. The City has chosen pay-as-you-go funding, but is recording the liability in the government wide financial statements. This plan does not issue standalone financial statements.

*Plan Description* - The City of Ocoee's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet eligibility requirements under one of the City's retirement plans to continue medical and life insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan. For purposes of applying Paragraph 4 under Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the Plan does not meet the requirements for an OPEB plan administered through a trust.

Employees Covered by Benefit terms - At September 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	72
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	321
	393

Benefits Provided - A retired employee and his or her spouse and eligible dependents are eligible to continue health insurance identical to active employees if they meet the eligibility for retirement under the applicable retirement plan. The retiree is responsible for paying the entire monthly premium for health coverage and that of any covered spouse or eligible dependents. Medicare coverage is assumed to become primary upon attainment of age 65.

## NOTE 12 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Eligible retirees may also elect \$10,000 in life insurance coverage. The retiree is responsible for paying the entire monthly premium for coverage.

#### Summary of Actuarial Methods & Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Varies by service
Discount rate	3.64%
Initial trend rate	8.50%
Ultimate trend rate	4.00%
Years to ultimate	55

All mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 mortality tables. All mortality rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2017 Florida Retirement System (FRS) valuation report.

*Discount Rate* - Given the City's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a highquality municipal bond rate of 4.18%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the week closest but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index as published by the Federal Reserve. The 20-Bond Index is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp.'s AA.

## NOTE 12 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Below are the details regarding the Total OPEB liability for the measurement period from October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019.

	Ir	ncreases and
	(Decreases) in	
		Total OPEB
		Liability
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$	3,392,729
Changes for a Year:		
Service Cost		245,728
Interest		130,806
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes of assumptions		(230,864)
Benefit payments		(90,512)
Other changes		-
Net Changes		55,158
Balances at September 30, 2019	\$	3,447,887

The following represents the Total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

		Cur	rent Discount	
	 1% Decrease 3.18%		Rate 4.18%	 1% Increase 5.18%
Net OPEB liability	\$ 3,893,976	\$	3,447,887	\$ 3,073,510

The following represents the Total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		He	althcare Cost			
	 1% Decrease 3.0% - 7.5%	Trend Rates 4.0% - 8.5%			1% Increase 5.0% - 9.5%	
Net OPEB liability	\$ 3,112,069	\$	3,447,887	\$	3,847,141	

For the year ended September 30, 2019 the City will recognize OPEB expense of \$213,921.

## NOTE 12 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

On September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows of Resources	Defe	rred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	-
Changes of assumptions	-		381,515
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 100,706		-
	\$ 100,706	\$	381,515

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:	
2020	\$ (69,707)
2021	(69,707)
2022	(69,707)
2023	(69,707)
2024	(69,709)
Thereafter	(32,978)

### NOTE 13 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees three deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans are administered by Great West, ICMA Retirement Corporation, Principal Group and Hartford. The plans permit participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Because the Plan Assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries, the Plan is not accounted for in the City's fund financials.

### NOTE 14 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; jobrelated illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Risk of loss from above is transferred by the City to various commercial insurers through the purchase of insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year, and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the past three years.

The City became self-insured for employee health insurance effective November 1, 2007. As permitted by GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, the City accounts for its self-insured assets, liabilities, net position and activities in an internal service fund.

The general, water and wastewater, solid waste, and stormwater funds participate in the program and make payments to the internal service fund based on the number of employees in each fund.

## NOTE 14 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The City's health internal service fund covers claims up to \$100,000 per individual event and related claims. The City purchased excess stop loss coverage with an aggregate limit of \$1,000,000 per policy period.

The claims liability of \$83,215 represents claims processed through December 2019 which were applicable to the current fiscal year and any additional claims are deemed to be immaterial. Changes to the claims liability are as follows for the years ended September 30:

	2019	2018
Claims liability, beginning of year	\$ 65,574	\$ 387,519
Incurred claims	6,363,616	4,759,774
Payments on claims	 (6,345,975)	 (5,081,719)
Claims liability, end of year	\$ 83,215	\$ 65,574

The City also became self-insured for workers' compensation effective October 1, 2007. The City covers events up to \$600,000 even if more than one employee is involved in the event. The City has purchased excess stop loss coverage with an aggregate limit of \$1,000,000 per event. The City also has an aggregate retention limit of \$1,364,543 for all claims, and when this aggregate is reached, then the excess stop loss coverage up to \$1,000,000 in excess of the aggregate covers claims.

Worker's compensation claims are paid from each fund as incurred and, therefore, is not included in the internal service fund. Also, actuarial probabilities are not needed since no claims are pending at September 30, 2019.

### NOTE 15 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government and the State of Florida. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

# NOTE 16 FUND BALANCE

At September 30, 2019, the City's governmental fund balances were as follows:

	Ge	eneral Fund	F	Road Impact	Red	Community development Agency		7 Capital cts Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable											
Inventory and prepaids	\$	1,178,228	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,178,228
Spendable											
Restricted for:											
Debt service		-		-		-		-		162,958	162,958
Community redevelopment		-		-		2,261,379		-		-	2,261,379
Highways and streets		-		6,761,025		-		-		-	6,761,025
Fire		-		-		-		-		2,045,534	2,045,534
Police		-		-		-		-		1,320,668	1,320,668
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		2,903,853	2,903,853
Capital projects		-		-		-	13	219,278		-	13,219,278
Assigned to:											
Subsequent year expenditures		3,747,245		-		-		-		-	3,747,245
Capital projects		1,772,533		-		-		-		2,728,953	4,501,486
Unassigned		16,780,792		-		-		-		(4,235)	 16,776,557
Total fund balance	\$	23,478,798	\$	6,761,025	\$	2,261,379	\$ 13	219,278	\$	9,157,731	\$ 54,878,211

## NOTE 17 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In response to the COVID - 19 pandemic, the City followed the Governors executive safer at home order. These events are ongoing as of the date of these statements and carry a high level of uncertainty. The outcome and ultimate effect on the City cannot be determined at this time. The City continues to evaluate the effects on revenue and potential financial support from FEMA and the CARES Act.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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#### **Retiree Continuation Insurance Plan**

#### Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

	 9/30/2018	 9/30/2019
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest	\$ 265,605 109,613	\$ 245,728 130,806
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit Payments Other changes	 (257,084) (83,229)	 (230,864) (90,512) -
Net change in total OPEB liability	34,905	55,158
Total OPEB liability, beginning	 3,357,824	 3,392,729
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 3,392,729	\$ 3,447,887
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll*	\$ 16,884,918	\$ 17,103,823
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	20.09%	20.16%

\*FY 2019 Covered Payroll, projected based on actual FY 2017 Covered Payroll.

*Changes of assumptions.* Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

FY2019	4.18%
FY2018	3.64%
FY2017	3.06%

\*Only 2 years of data available; additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Total Pension Liability	<b>A</b> 4 4 4 A A <b>-</b> 7 4	• • • • • • • • •		<b>•</b> • • • • • • = •	<b>A</b> 4 400 <b>-</b> 40	<b>A</b> 4 000 045
Service cost Interest	\$ 1,149,974	\$ 1,211,261	\$ 1,143,018	\$ 1,134,150	\$ 1,130,748	\$ 1,099,915
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,146,116	2,960,746	2,805,205	2,555,534	2,440,626	2,265,121
Changes of assumptions	(362,530)	162,806	(316,002)	175,180 1,211,288	(480,737)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(125,022) (2,099,182)	- (1,664,134)	- (1,722,831)	(2,004,076)	- (1,218,647)	(1,043,921)
Net change in total pension liability	1,709,356	2,670,679	1,909,390	3,072,076	1,871,990	2,321,115
Total pension liability, beginning	40,494,661	37,823,982	35,914,592	32,842,516	30,970,526	28,649,411
l otal pension liability, ending (a)	\$ 42,204,017	\$ 40,494,661	\$ 37,823,982	\$ 35,914,592	\$ 32,842,516	\$ 30,970,526
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions, employer	959,036	972,370	860,420	934,082	1,077,570	1,629,738
Contributions, employee	673,662	664,834	631,835	633,073	603,922	588,154
Net investment income	1,188,196	3,637,465	3,929,617	2,745,277	454,266	2,447,920
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,099,182)	(1,664,134)	(1,722,831)	(2,004,076)	(1,218,647)	(1,043,921)
Administrative expense	(132,985)	(100,468)	(70,099)	(86,300)	(89,735)	(60,184)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	588,727	3,510,067	3,628,942	2,222,056	827,376	3,561,707
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	40,778,139	37,268,072	33,639,130	31,417,074	30,589,698	27,027,991
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$ 41,366,866	\$ 40,778,139	\$ 37,268,072	\$ 33,639,130	\$ 31,417,074	\$ 30,589,698
Net pension liability, ending (a) - (b)	\$ 837,151	\$ (283,478)	\$ 555,910	\$ 2,275,462	\$ 1,425,442	\$ 380,828
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	98.02%	100.70%	98.53%	93.66%	95.66%	98.77%
Covered payroll	\$ 9,144,437	\$ 9,025,137	\$ 8,579,221	\$ 8,591,994	\$ 8,671,290	\$ 7,988,910
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	9.15%	-3.14%	6.48%	26.48%	16.44%	4.77%

### Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 9/30/2019, resulted from an experience study dated November 9, 2019 the Board approved the following changes:

- Assumed rates of individual salary increases
- Investment return assumption
- Assumed rates of pre-retirement withdrawal
- Assumed rates of retirement

For measurement date 9/30/2016, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System.

The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

\*- only six years of data available

Total Pension Liability		9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Service cost	\$	1,733,023	\$ 1,597,646	\$ 1,479,035	\$ 1,222,895	\$ 1,245,860	\$ 1,315,099
Interest		4,795,870	4,514,299	4,202,389	3,985,189	3,784,844	3,562,111
Changes in Excess State Money		-	-	(664,444)	135,836	95,618	94,656
Share plan allocation		79,615	58,503	231,069	-	-	-
Changes of benefit terms		(13,236)	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual							
experience		(1,189,010)	304,104	455,694	(315,979)	(146,497)	-
Changes of assumptions		340,308	329,525	475,896	416,293	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee							
contributions		(3,150,257)	 (2,800,461)	(2,559,339)	 (2,478,996)	 (2,234,870)	 (1,812,744)
Net change in total pension liability		2,596,313	4,003,616	3,620,300	2,965,238	2,744,955	3,159,122
Total pension liability, beginning	_	60,949,229	56,945,613	53,325,313	 50,360,075	 47,615,120	 44,455,998
l otal pension liability, ending (a)	\$	63,545,542	\$ 60,949,229	\$ 56,945,613	\$ 53,325,313	\$ 50,360,075	\$ 47,615,120
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions, employer		3,060,827	2,297,293	1,813,985	1,762,326	1,726,011	1,943,350
Contributions, state		709,268	636,589	564,098	557,160	516,942	515,980
Contributions, employee		658,066	616,991	601,901	593,431	584,706	616,402
Net investment income		1,559,613	3,892,569	4,915,076	3,474,566	343,322	3,922,191
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee							
contributions		(3,150,257)	(2,800,461)	(2,559,339)	(2,478,996)	(2,234,870)	(1,812,744)
Administrative expense		(118,948)	 (132,147)	 (80,547)	 (100,422)	 (93,962)	 (81,677)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,718,569	4,510,834	5,255,174	3,808,065	842,149	5,103,502
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		55,186,237	 50,675,403	 45,420,229	 41,612,164	 40,770,015	 35,666,513
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	57,904,806	\$ 55,186,237	\$ 50,675,403	\$ 45,420,229	\$ 41,612,164	\$ 40,770,015
Net pension liability, ending (a)- (b)	\$	5,640,736	\$ 5,762,992	\$ 6,270,210	\$ 7,905,084	\$ 8,747,911	\$ 6,845,105
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total			 	 	 	 	 
pension liability		91.12%	90.54%	88.99%	85.18%	82.63%	85.62%
Covered payroll	\$	8,225,822	\$ 7,712,391	\$ 7,523,761	\$ 7,417,886	\$ 8,310,219	\$ 7,705,028
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered							
payroll		68.57%	74.72%	83.34%	106.57%	105.27%	88.84%

The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 9/30/15 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

### Changes of benefit terms:

For measurement date 9/30/19, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms resulted from the provisions of Chapter 112.1816, Florida Statutes. The Statutes state that, effective July 1, 2019, a death or disability (under the Plan's definition of total and permanent disability) for a Firefighter due to the diagnosis of cancer or circumstances that arise out of the treatment of cancer will be treated as duty-related.

For measurement date 9/30/2017, the following plan changes were made:

- 1. Ordinance 2017-016, adopted and effective May 16, 2017, implemented changes to the benefit accrual rate, maximum benefit, vesting, in addition to the establishment of a Share Plan. An Actuarial Impact Statement dated May 23, 2017 was issued for this amendment.
- 2. Ordinance 2017-032, adopted and effective December 5, 2017, provided details regarding the Share Plan established with Ordinance 2017-016. A letter of no actuarial impact was submitted for this amendment.

## Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 9/30/19, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from lowering the investment return from 7.85% to 7.80% (net of fees).

For measurement date 9/30/2018, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from lowering the investment return from 7.9% to 7.85% (net of fees).

For measurement date 9/30/2017, as required by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality have been changed from those in the July 1, 2015 FRS valuation report to those used in the July 1, 2016 FRS valuation report. Additionally, the investment return assumption has been reduced from 7.95% to 7.90% (net of fees). This assumption will be reduced annually by 5 basis points until it reaches an ultimate rate of 7.75% with the October 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

For measurement date 9/30/16, amounts reported as changes of assumptions were a result of the Experience Study dated October 30, 2015, the Board has made the following changes:

- 1. Salary Increases the assumed rate of individual salary increases was changed from a flat 6.0% each year to a service-based table.
- 2. Mortality Rates The assumed rates of mortality were changed to match what is used by the Florida Retirement System (FRS) for special risk participants
- 3. Retirement Rates Modified for Normal and Early Retirement, per results of the Experience Study
- 4. Withdrawal Rates The assumed rates of turnover changed from an age-based table to a service-based table.

Additionally, the investment return assumption was lowered from 8.0% to 7.95% (net of fees).

Furthermore, the inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

\*- only six years of data available

Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Con	tributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Co	overed Payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
9/30/2019	\$ 955,594	\$	959,036	\$ (3,442)	\$	9,144,437	10.49%
9/30/2018	971,105		972,370	(1,265)		9,025,137	10.77%
9/30/2017	857,922		860,420	(2,498)		8,579,221	10.03%
9/30/2016	921,062		934,082	(13,020)		8,591,994	10.87%
9/30/2015	1,077,570		1,077,570	-		8,671,290	12.43%
9/30/2014	1,629,738		1,629,738	-		7,988,910	20.40%
9/30/2013	1,778,969		1,778,969	-		7,896,000	22.53%
Notes to schedule							
Valuation date	10/1/2017						

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

rotation y actornine a contribution			a of the need your in which c	
Methods and assumptions used to	determine contribution rates:			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal			
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Pay,	Closed		
Remaining Amortization Period	24 years (as of 10/1/2017)	)		
Mortality	mandated by Chapter 201	Ithy mortality table (sex distinc 15-157, Laws of Florida. This law Retirement System (FRS). The lives.	mandates the use of the as	sumption u
nterest Rate	7.75% per vear. compoun	ded annually, net of investment	expenses	
lormal Retirement	Contribution Members Hir years of credited service.	red Prior to 9/18/2012 : age 60. Non-Contributory Members : Ag ment is assumed to continue em	Contribution Members Hire e 60 and completion of 9 yea	ars of cred
arly Retirement	Members Hired After 9/17	red Prior to 9/18/2012: 8% per //2: 2% per year from ages 50 59; 9 year service requirement a	to 61; 7 year service require	
Termination Rates	Credited Service	Termination Probability		
	Less than 1 year	15%	-	
	1-10 years	10%		
	11 Years and Greater	2%		
alary Increases	Credited Service	Increase		
	First 10 years	5%	-	
	Greater than 10 years	4%		
inal Year Salary Load	Years of Credited service as of October 1, 2011	Assumption	]	
	less than 1 year	No Load	-	
	1 to 10 years	10%		
	10 or more years	20%		
sset Smoothing Methodology		ets is brought forward using the in a deminis bias that is above c		-
Payroll Increases	1.96% per year			

\*- only seven years of data available

Fiscal Year Ended		arially mined pution	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		Contribution deficiency (excess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
9/30/2019	\$ 3,06	0,828 \$	3,535,451	\$	(474,623)	\$	8,225,822	42.98%
9/30/2018	2,71	8,618	2,750,804		(32,186)		7,712,391	35.67%
9/30/2017	2,23	5,309	2,246,389		(11,080)		7,523,761	29.86%
9/30/2016	2,17	1,957	2,183,650		(11,693)		7,417,886	29.44%
9/30/2015	2,14	7,335	2,147,334		1		8,310,219	25.84%
9/30/2014	2,36	4,673	2,364,673		-		7,705,028	30.69%
9/30/2013	2,42	1,668	2,421,668		-		7,414,782	32.66%
Notes to schedule								
Valuation date	10/1	/2017						
Actuarially determined contribut in which contributions are report		calculated a	as of October 1, two	years	prior to the end	of th	ne fiscal year	
Methods and assumptions used	to determine	contributio	n rates:					
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age N	lormal						
Amortization Method	Level Perce	entage of Pa	ay, Closed					
Remaining Amortization Period	26 years (a	s of 10/1/20	)16)					
Mortality	assumed rause of the	ates of mor assumption above rate	tality are mandated used in either of th	by Ch ne two	apter 2015-157 most recent va	7, La Iluati	ws of Florida. ons of the Flori	rward five years. The This law mandates the ida Retirement System iluation report for non-
Interest Rate	7.9% per ye	ear, compou	unded annually, net	of inve	stment expens	es		
Normal Retirement	Based on t	ne results o	f an experience stud	dy date	d October 30,	2015		le reflects the assumed st 25 years of credited
				Nev	v rates- 25 or			
	Age		Prior Rates		ore years of dited service			
	45	· ·	100.00%		25.00%			
	46		100.00%		25.00%			
	47		100.00%		25.00%			
	48		100.00%		66.70%			
	49		100.00%		66.70%			
	50+		100.00%		100.00%			
		100% ass	sumed retirement u	ipon tł		of at	t least 27 yea	rs of credited service,
Early Retirement	In conjunct	ion with thi	s valuation, membe	ers elig	ible for early r	etire	ment between	the ages of 45-54 are ear (except for a 25%

In conjunction with this valuation, members eligible for early retirement between the ages of 45-54 are assumed to retire with an immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 4% per year (except for a 25% assumption at age 50). The new rates were adopted as the result of the October 25, 2015 experience study

Disability Rate	See table below. It deaths are service r		f disablements and active member
		Disabled During the	
	Age	Year	
	20	0.14%	
	30	0.18%	
	40	0.30%	
	50	1.00%	
Termination Rate	According to the tab	le below, based on the Oc	ctober 30, 2015 experience Study
		Assumed	
	Credited Service	Termination Rate	
	Less than 10 years	5.00%	
	10-14 years	2.00%	
	15 or more years	0.00%	
Salary Increases	According to the tab	le below, based on the Oc Assumed Salary	ctober 30, 2015 experience Study
	Credited Service	increase	
	Less than 1 year	13.00%	
	1-9 years	5.00%	
	10 or more years	4.50%	
Payroll Growth	2.64% per year		
Actuarial Asset Method	average market val		is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric four-year t is possible that over time, this technique will produce an et value.

\*- only seven years of data available

	General Employees	Police and Fire
	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of
Fiscal Year Ended	Return Net of Investment Expense	Return Net of Investment Expense
9/30/2019	2.94%	2.82%
9/30/2018	9.79%	7.74%
9/30/2017	11.75%	10.90%
9/30/2016	8.82%	8.41%
9/30/2015	1.47%	84.00%
9/30/2014	8.92%	10.95%

\*- only six years of data available

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# Nonmajor Governmental Funds

# **Special Revenue Funds**

Fire Impact -	Accounts for Fire Impact fees collected from new developments which are restricted for acquisition of facilities and equipment determined to be needed to provide fire protection for new development within the City.
Police Impact -	Accounts for Police Impact fees collected from new developments which are restricted for acquisition of facilities and equipment determined to be needed to provide police protection for new development within the City.
Recreation Impact -	Accounts for the land and/or money received from owners or developers as a recreational facilities assessment when lands are subdivided within the City. Funds are restricted for the improvement or expansion of City parks.
Police Trust -	Accounts for the proceeds from property confiscated in police enforcement activities pursuant to F.S. 932.701 (Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act). Funds are restricted for funding police operations.
Police Training -	Accounts for the revenues received pursuant to F.S. 943.25(8) which imposes a \$2.00 court cost against every person convicted for violation of state penal or criminal statute or convicted of a municipal or county ordinance violation where said offense occurred within the City of Occee. Funds are restricted for education and training of law enforcement personnel.

**Debt Service Funds** 

Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	<ul> <li>Accounts for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest payments on the 2017 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, issued to refund the 2011 Capital Improvement Refunding Note, and the 2012 Transportation Improvement Refunding Note, and finance certain capital improvements.</li> </ul>
Capital Projects Funds	
Capital Projects Reserve	<ul> <li>Accounts for resources segregated for capital projects approved by the commission but not completed at year end.</li> </ul>
Transportation Improvements	<ul> <li>Accounts for resources to finance the design, construction, paving and improvement of certain roads and drainage improvements within the City.</li> </ul>
Coca Cola Property Improvements	<ul> <li>Accounts for the resources for the development - including infrastructure for the Crown Point area.</li> </ul>

			Spe	cial Revenue			
	 Fire Impact	 Police Impact		Recreation Impact	 Police Trust	Poli	ice Training
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds	\$ 1,040,484 1,005,050 - -	\$ 1,106,042 - - -	\$	3,302,395 - -	\$ 128,856 - - -	\$	85,770 - -
Total assets	\$ 2,045,534	\$ 1,106,042	\$	3,302,395	\$ 128,856	\$	85,770
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Accounts payable Matured bonds payable Matured interest payable Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	148,542 - 250,000 398,542	\$ - - - -	\$	- - - -
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	- 2,045,534 - -	- 1,106,042 - -		- 2,903,853 - -	- 128,856 - -		- 85,770 -
Total fund balances	 2,045,534	 1,106,042		2,903,853	128,856		85,770
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,045,534	\$ 1,106,042	\$	3,302,395	\$ 128,856	\$	85,770

	 	 Debt S	e	
	Total Special evenue Funds	2017 Debt Service	S	Total Debt ervice Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds	\$ 5,663,547 1,005,050 - -	\$ 1,690,477 - -	\$	1,690,477 - -
Total assets	\$ 6,668,597	\$ 1,690,477	\$	1,690,477
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Accounts payable Matured bonds payable Matured interest payable Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ 148,542 - - 250,000 398,542	\$ - 685,000 842,519 - 1,527,519	\$	- 685,000 842,519 - 1,527,519
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	 6,270,055 -	 1,527,517 - 162,958 - -		1,527,517 - 162,958 - -
Total fund balances	 6,270,055	 162,958		162,958
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 6,668,597	\$ 1,690,477	\$	1,690,477
				Continued

Continued

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	Capital Projects Funds									
	Capital Projects		Transportation Improvements		Coca Cola Property		Total Capital		Go	Total-Other overnmental
	R	eserve Fund		Fund	In	prov Fund		Projects		Funds
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,510,550	\$	441,835	\$	28	\$	2,952,413	\$	10,306,437
Investments		-		-		-		-		1,005,050
Receivables, net		8,695		960		-		9,655		9,655
Due from other funds		-		58		-		58		58
Total assets	\$	2,519,245	\$	442,853	\$	28	\$	2,962,126	\$	11,321,200
Liabilities and Fund Balances:										
Accounts payable	\$	192,697	\$	_		4,263	\$	196,960	\$	345,502
Matured bonds payable	Ψ	172,077	Ψ			4,200	Ψ	170,700	Ψ	685,000
Matured bonds payable Matured interest payable		_								842,519
Unearned revenue		40,448						40,448		290,448
						-				i
Total liabilities		233,145		-		4,263		237,408		2,163,469
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		-		_		-		-		_
Restricted		_		-		_		-		6,433,013
Assigned		2,286,100		442,853		-		2,728,953		2,728,953
Unassigned						(4,235)		(4,235)		(4,235)
C C		2 207 100		442.052				· · ·		
Total fund balances		2,286,100		442,853		(4,235)		2,724,718		9,157,731
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,519,245	\$	442,853	\$	28	\$	2,962,126	\$	11,321,200

	Special Revenue Funds									
		Fire Impact	I	Police Impact		Recreation Impact		Police Trust	Poli	ce Training
Revenues: Taxes and impact fees	\$	452,371	\$	346,097	\$	814,320	¢		\$	
Fines and forfeitures	ф	402,571	Ф	540,097	Ф	014,320	\$	- 25,548	φ	- 10,294
Investment income		29,103		15,281		49,883		2,142		1,259
Total revenues		481,474		361,378		864,203		27,690		11,553
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government Public safety		-		-		-		۔ 42,691		-
Public salety Physical environment		-		-		-		42,091		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service:										
Principal		-		111,000		109,288		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		20,827		29,615		-		-
Capital Outlay: General government										
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-
Physical environment		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		431,853		-		-
Total expenditures		-		131,827		570,756		42,691		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		481,474		229,551		293,447		(15,001)	1	11,553
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources(uses)	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-		-
Net change in fund balances	_	481,474	_	229,551		293,447	_	(15,001)		11,553
Fund balances, beginning		1,564,060		876,491		2,610,406		143,857		74,217
Fund balances, ending	\$	2,045,534	\$	1,106,042	\$	2,903,853	\$	128,856	\$	85,770

		Debt S	Service
	Total Special Revenue Funds	2017 Debt Service	Total Debt Service Funds
Revenues: Taxes and impact fees Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$ 1,612,788 35,842 97,668	\$ 	\$
Total revenues	1,746,298	6,912	6,912
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Physical environment Culture and recreation	- 42,691 -	350 - -	350
Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Capital Outlay: General government Public safety Physical environment	220,288 50,442 - -	685,000 1,685,037 - - -	685,000 1,685,037 - -
Culture and recreation Total expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	431,853 745,274	2,370,387	2,370,387
Expenditures	1,001,024	(2,363,475)	(2,363,475)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	-	2,402,840	2,402,840
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	2,402,840	2,402,840
Net change in fund balances	1,001,024	39,365	39,365
Fund balances, beginning	5,269,031	123,593	123,593
Fund balances, ending	\$ 6,270,055	\$ 162,958	\$ 162,958

Continued

	Capital Projects Reserve Fund	Transportation Improvements Fund	Coca Cola Property Improv Fund	Total Capital Projects	Total-Other Governmental Funds
Revenues:	•	•	•	•	<b>* 4</b> ( <b>4</b> 0 <b>7</b> 00
Taxes and impact fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,612,788
Fines and forfeitures Investment income	- 40,975	-	-	۔ 40,975	35,842 145,555
			-		
Total revenues	40,975			40,975	1,794,185
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	-	-	-	-	350
Public safety	-	-	-	-	42,691
Physical environment	-	-	4,263	4,263	4,263
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:					005 000
Principal	-	-	-	-	905,288
Interest and fiscal charges Capital Outlay:	-	-	-	-	1,735,479
General government	1,599,910	_	-	1,599,910	1,599,910
Public safety	218,522	-	-	218,522	218,522
Physical environment	1,181,718	-	-	1,181,718	1,181,718
Culture and recreation	386,486	-	-	386,486	818,339
Total expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	3,386,636		4,263	3,390,899	6,506,560
Expenditures	(3,345,661)		(4,263)	(3,349,924)	(4,712,375)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	1,311,303	-	-	1,311,303	3,714,143
Transfers out	(138,960)	-		(138,960)	(138,960)
Total other financing sources(uses)	1,172,343			1,172,343	3,575,183
Net change in fund balances	(2,173,318)	-	(4,263)	(2,177,581)	(1,137,192)
Fund balances, beginning	4,459,418	442,853	28	4,902,299	10,294,923
Fund balances, ending	\$ 2,286,100	\$ 442,853	\$ (4,235)	\$ 2,724,718	\$ 9,157,731

	Budgeted	Amount	s	А	ctual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final			 <u>    (                                </u>
Revenues:						
Taxes and impact fees Investment income	\$ 335,286 140	\$	335,286 140	\$	452,371 29,103	\$ 117,085 28,963
Total revenues	 335,426		335,426		481,474	 146,048
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety:						
Fire	85,426		85,426		-	85,426
Total expenditures	 85,426		85,426		-	 85,426
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 250,000		250,000		481,474	 231,474
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out	 (250,000)		(250,000)			 250,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(250,000)		(250,000)		-	250,000
Net change in fund balance	 -		-		481,474	481,474
Fund balance, beginning	1,564,060	_	1,564,060		1,564,060	-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,564,060	\$	1,564,060	\$	2,045,534	\$ 481,474

	 Budgeted	Amounts	Final	Ac	ctual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Original		Filidi			
Taxes and impact fees Investment income	\$ 243,347	\$	214,653	\$	346,097 15,281	\$ 131,444 15,281
Total revenues	 243,347		214,653		361,378	 146,725
Expenditures: Current:						
Public Safety: Police	103,347		74,653		-	74,653
Debt Service:						
Principal and Interest	 140,000		140,000		131,827	 8,173
Total expenditures	243,347		214,653		131,827	 82,826
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	 -		-		229,551	 229,551
Net change in fund balance	-		-		229,551	229,551
Fund balance, beginning	876,491		876,491		876,491	-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 876,491	\$	876,491	\$	1,106,042	\$ 229,551

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		<u> </u>
Revenues: Taxes and impact fees Investment income	\$     510,120	\$       510,120 1,000	\$	\$ 304,200 48,883
Total revenues	511,120	511,120	864,203	353,083
Expenditures: Culture and recreation: Parks and recreation Debt Service: Principal and Interest	340,120 121,000	340,120 121,000	431,853 138,903	(91,733) (17,903)
				i
Total expenditures	461,120	461,120	570,756	(109,636)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	50,000	50,000	293,447	243,447
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out	(50,000)	(50,000)		50,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(50,000)	(50,000)		50,000
Net change in fund balance	-	-	293,447	293,447
Fund balance, beginning	2,610,406	2,610,406	2,610,406	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 2,610,406	\$ 2,610,406	\$ 2,903,853	\$ 293,447

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

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	Ge	neral Employees Pension	 Police and Fire Pension	 Total Employee Pension Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value:	\$	906,473	\$ 2,350,975	\$ 3,257,448
Common funds, equity Real estate investment trust		25,972,304 4,694,482	34,970,507 5,880,969	60,942,811 10,575,451
Common funds, bonds		9,822,265	 14,269,748	 24,092,013
Total investments Total assets		40,489,051 41,395,524	 55,121,224 57,472,199	 95,610,275 98,867,723
Liabilities Accounts payable		-	 -	 -
Total liabilities		-	 -	 -
Net Position: Restricted for pensions	\$	41,395,524	\$ 57,472,199	\$ 98,867,723

Additions:	Ge	neral Employees Pension	 Police and Fire Pension	 Total Employee Pension Funds
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	959,036	\$ 3,060,828	\$ 4,019,864
Plan members		673,662	658,066	1,331,728
State		-	 709,269	 709,269
Total contributions		1,632,698	 4,428,163	 6,060,861
Investment Income:				
Interest		1,116,346	1,999,302	3,115,648
Net appreciation (depreciation) on fair value of				
investments		259,146	62,301	321,447
Less investment expense		(228,063)	(522,776)	 (750,839)
Net investment income		1,147,429	 1,538,827	 2,686,256
Total additions		2,780,127	 5,966,990	 8,747,117
Deductions:				
Benefits		2,099,531	3,180,493	5,280,024
Administrative expenses		70,513	 121,220	 191,733
Total deductions		2,170,044	 3,301,713	 5,471,757
Change in net position		610,083	2,665,277	3,275,360
Net position, beginning		40,785,441	 54,806,922	 95,592,363
Net position, ending	\$	41,395,524	\$ 57,472,199	\$ 98,867,723

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Ocoee's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents		Page
Financial Tre	nds	85
	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Cap	pacity	92
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacit	у	96
	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic	c and Economic Information	100
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Inf	ormation	102
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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#### City Of Ocoee

#### Net Position by Component

#### Last Ten Years Accrual Based Accounting (amount expressed in thousands)

					Fisca	l Year				
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 87,258	\$ 86,671	\$ 87,154	\$ 87,432	\$ 87,717	\$ 87,359 \$	87,677	\$ 87,143	\$ 88,420	\$ 89,356
Restricted	6,814	6,909	5,549	4,112	3,560	3,943	4,831	7,737	12,679	15,455
Unrestricted	16,938	14,491	11,810	11,959	9,816	3,661	8,983	11,448	17,919	21,112
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 111,010	\$ 108,071	\$ 104,512	103,503	101,093	\$ 94,963 \$	101,491	\$ 106,328	\$ 119,018	\$ 125,923
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 42,827	\$ 41,936	\$ 41,155	\$ 41,661	\$ 45,527	\$ 44,515 \$	44,787	\$ 47,653	\$ 48,326	\$ 48,925
Restricted	98	7,604	7,519	7,583	8,670	9,066	10,001	10,462	10,007	11,390
Unrestricted	29,348	23,385	24,461	24,305	22,110	23,137	23,931	24,485	27,975	29,024
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 72,273	\$ 72,925	\$ 73,135	\$ 73,549	\$ 76,307	\$ 76,718 \$	78,719	\$ 82,600	\$ 86,308	\$ 89,339
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 130,085	\$ 128,607	\$ 128,309	\$ 129,093	\$ 133,244	\$ 131,874 \$	132,464	\$ 134,796	\$ 136,746	\$ 138,281
Restricted	6,912	14,513	13,068	11,695	12,231	13,009	14,832	18,199	22,686	26,845
Unrestricted	46,286	37,876	36,271	36,246	31,926	26,798	32,914	35,933	45,894	50,136
Total primary government net position	\$ 183,283	\$ 180,996	\$ 177,647	\$ 177,034	\$ 177,401	\$ 171,681 \$	180,210	\$ 188,928	\$ 205,326	\$ 215,262

#### Change in Net Position

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses Governmental activities:										
General Government	\$ 9,458,398	\$ 9,441,940	\$ 9,416,758	\$ 9,938,792	\$ 10,681,945	\$ 12,495,444	\$ 13,039,440	\$ 13,649,539	\$ 13,178,601	\$ 15,118,912
Physical Environment	6,469,634	5,943,872	6,504,465	5,555,374	5,218,225	5,476,916	5,105,153	5,332,183	5,298,461	7,926,217
Public Safety	14,684,243	15,197,572	15,541,748	16,076,453	15,926,441	14,919,303	15,174,974	15,190,761	16,229,129	18,486,749
Parks & Recreation	2,664,419	2,480,771	2,666,475	2,737,947	3,035,914	3,197,256	2,944,167	2,972,836	2,953,950	3,676,540
Interest on Long Term Debt	1,588,285	1,511,332	1,402,016	895,124	798,482	746,693	711,401	1,153,474	1,777,286	1,751,138
Total governmental activities	34,864,979	34,575,487	35,531,462	35,203,690	35,661,007	36,835,612	36,975,135	38,298,793	39,437,427	46,959,556
Business-type activities										
Water & Wastewater	7,721,263	7,851,659	8,087,860	8,132,179	8,293,957	9,094,414	10,615,152	9,157,504	9,366,129	9,698,307
Stormwater	2,463,252	2,497,936	2,456,562	2,770,460	2,841,248	2,849,891	2,658,963	3,009,574	2,745,162	2,784,591
Sanitation	2,443,280	2,388,845	2,104,964	2,178,409	2,720,559	2,300,596	2,552,590	2,809,579	4,064,133	2,874,263
Total business-type activities	12,627,795	12,738,440	12,649,386	13,081,048	13,855,764	14,244,901	15,826,705	14,976,657	16,175,424	15,357,161
Total Expenses	47,492,774	47,313,927	48,180,848	48,284,738	49,516,771	51,080,513	52,801,840	53,275,450	55,612,851	62,316,717
Program Revenues										
Governmental activies: Charges for services:										
General Government	445,380	413,648	404,022	404,374	400,175	419,721	410,555	414,888	423,657	433,855
Physical Environment	1,826,899	1,491,414	994,221	2,311,995	1,282,450	3,245,152	3,023,769	3,817,488	4,746,061	4,917,421
Public Safety	1,375,767	1,169,318	1,135,693	1,526,424	2,289,219	3,771,840	3,852,085	4,123,370	4,370,274	5,267,762
Parks & Recreation	820,505	877,217	849,167	1,162,865	1,021,146	1,239,553	1,212,834	1,654,969	1,510,022	1,525,561
Oper. Grants & Contributions	1,643,592	1,740,436	1,861,636	2,032,462	2,062,887	2,032,603	2,119,977	2,157,004	2,798,378	3,501,863
Capital Grants & Contributions	2,604,902	664,533	1,540,435	1,163,135	219,160	225,719	449,106	487,181	662,282	1,256,247
Total governmental activities	8,717,045	6,356,566	6,785,174	8,601,255	7,275,037	10,934,588	11,068,326	12,654,900	14,510,674	16,902,709
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water & Wastewater	7,832,384	8,470,715	8,485,818	8,716,867	9,155,979	9,661,139	10,541,635	11,471,245	11,494,750	13,272,537
Stormwater	3,141,760	3,401,041	3,360,566	3,349,634	3,199,105	2,918,911	2,825,072	3,094,732	3,513,024	3,439,673
Solid Waste	2,727,633	2,750,381	2,810,349	2,875,741	2,925,054	2,991,560	3,021,514	3,066,449	3,165,442	3,207,790
Oper. Grants & Contributions	-	-	41,304	14,661	11,620	-	248,077	1,115,283	129,410	-
Capital Grants & Contributions	319,899	1,015,687	500,838	1,395,220	3,469,260	1,718,056	3,890,008	2,652,962	2,109,731	1,135,134
Total business-type activities	14,021,676	15,637,824	15,198,875	16,352,123	18,761,018	17,289,666	20,526,306	21,400,671	20,412,357	21,055,134
Total program revenues	22,738,721	21,994,390	21,984,049	24,953,378	26,036,055	28,224,254	31,594,632	34,055,571	34,923,031	37,957,843

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Net (expense) revenue										
Governmental activities	(26,147,934)	(28,218,921)	(28,746,288)	(26,602,435)	(28,385,970)	(25,901,024)	(25,906,809)	(25,643,893)	(24,926,753)	(30,056,847)
Business-type activities	1,393,881	2,899,384	2,549,489	3,271,075	4,905,254	3,044,765	4,699,601	6,424,014	4,236,933	5,697,973
Total net expense	(24,754,053)	(25,319,537)	(26,196,799)	(23,331,360)	(23,480,716)	(22,856,259)	(21,207,208)	(19,219,879)	(20,689,820)	(24,358,874)

#### General Revenue (Expenses) and Other Changes in Net Position

Total change in net position

\$ (221,350) \$ (2,286,880) \$ (3,348,170)

Governmental activities										
Property Taxes	11,188,564	9,715,104	9,643,175	9,325,520	9,192,829	9,884,437	11,060,960	11,725,114	12,604,617	13,858,591
Franchise fees and utility taxes	5,801,550	5,566,196	5,283,990	5,276,556	5,703,266	5,833,539	5,809,867	5,886,336	6,277,216	6,946,302
Intergovernment Revenue	6,660,226	7,030,532	7,328,477	7,780,675	8,276,562	8,789,064	9,350,920	9,667,495	10,458,407	10,906,810
Investment income and misc.	616,865	557,380	351,594	570,883	412,895	775,716	699,409	476,935	2,079,913	1,574,294
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,641,378	56,476	3,731,097	35,181
Transfers	2,204,225	2,410,292	2,581,232	2,640,910	2,414,089	2,605,550	2,872,166	2,669,804	1,108,409	3,645,437
Total governmental activities	26,471,430	25,279,504	25,188,468	25,594,544	25,999,641	27,888,306	32,434,700	30,482,160	36,259,659	36,966,615
Business-type activities										
Investment income and misc.	265,498	163,445	241,393	86,970	266,193	145,188	173,027	127,519	273,422	977,310
Transfers	(2,204,225)	(2,410,292)	(2,581,232)	(2,640,910)	(2,414,089)	(2,605,550)	(2,872,166)	(2,669,804)	(1,108,409)	(3,645,437)
Total business-type activities	(1,938,727)	(2,246,847)	(2,339,839)	(2,553,940)	(2,147,896)	(2,460,362)	(2,699,139)	(2,542,285)	(834,987)	(2,668,127)
Total government	24,532,703	23,032,657	22,848,629	23,040,604	23,851,745	25,427,944	29,735,561	27,939,875	35,424,672	34,298,488
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	323,496	(2,939,417)	(3,557,820)	(1,007,891)	(2,386,329)	\$ 1,987,282	\$ 6,527,891	\$ 4,838,267	\$ 11,332,906	\$ 6,909,768
Business-type actitivies	(544,846)	652,537	209,650	717,135	2,757,358	584,403	2,000,462	3,881,729	3,401,946	3,029,846

371,029 \$ 2,571,685 \$

8,528,353 \$

8,719,996 \$ 14,734,852 \$

(290,756)

9,939,614

# **Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source**

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Franchise Fees	Utility Tax	Half-Cent Sales Tax	Alcoholic Beverage License	County 6 Cent Gas Tax	Total
2010	\$ 11,188,564	\$ 2,643,596	\$ 3,157,954	\$ 3,956,965	\$ 9,593	\$ 1,115,594	\$ 22,072,266
2011	9,715,104	2,481,838	3,084,358	4,391,828	10,278	1,101,513	20,784,919
2012	9,643,175	2,372,389	2,911,601	4,598,067	19,745	1,110,779	20,655,756
2013	9,325,520	2,272,718	3,003,838	4,924,796	2,521	1,158,717	20,688,110
2014	9,192,829	2,461,250	3,242,016	5,314,028	21,206	1,269,929	21,501,258
2015	9,884,436	2,620,151	3,213,389	5,665,490	1,515	1,257,015	22,641,996
2016	11,060,960	2,457,176	3,352,691	6,084,185	9,703	1,373,709	24,338,424
2017	11,181,486	2,440,059	3,446,277	6,359,607	1,075	1,401,038	24,829,542
2018	12,604,617	2,675,962	3,601,254	7,013,913	11,809	1,472,446	27,380,001
2019	13,858,591	2,936,228	4,010,074	7,365,056	13,393	1,506,713	29,690,055

# Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

#### **Fund Balances of Governmental Funds**

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

2009	2010
\$ 97,06	62 \$ 106,203
12,575,88	12,801,901
\$ 12,672,94	19 \$ 12,908,104
	\$ 97,06 12,575,88 \$ 12,672,94

Reserved		
Debt Service Funds	\$ 142,131	\$ 143,138
Unreserved, reported in:		
Capital Projects Funds	3,877,476	3,375,480
Special Revenue Funds	 9,055,499	8,548,713
Total all other Governmental Funds	\$ 13,075,106	\$ 12,067,331

	Post GASB 54														
Fiscal Year	_	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	2018		2019
General Fund															
Non-Spendable	\$	127,412	\$	121,556	\$	86,901	\$	110,379	\$	135,781	\$	146,586	\$ 1,034,309	\$	1,178,228
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-					
Assigned		4,283,790	:	3,200,000		2,500,000		2,873,528		3,176,410		4,379,362	4,233,141		5,519,778
Unassigned		7,279,077		7,938,384		7,657,842		9,804,236		12,954,594		13,310,229	14,191,570		16,780,792
Total General Fund	\$	11,690,279	\$ 1	1,259,940	\$	10,244,743	\$	12,788,143	\$	16,266,785	\$	17,836,177	\$ 19,459,020	\$	23,478,798

#### All other Governmental Funds

Non-Spendable	\$ 1,818	\$ 4,700	\$ 3,445	\$ 5,572	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	5,548,030	4,106,828	3,558,497	3,937,663	4,831,346	31,859,663	30,538,812	28,674,695
Assigned	3,198,202	3,523,450	3,024,980	2,363,677	3,554,671	3,285,545	4,902,299	2,728,953
Unassigned	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	-	(4,235)
Total all other Governmental Funds	\$ 8,748,050	\$ 7,634,978	\$ 6,586,922	\$ 6,306,912	\$ 8,386,017	\$ 35,145,208	\$ 35,441,111	\$ 31,399,413

#### Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

-	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	2015	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019
Revenues										
Taxes and Impact Fees	\$ 18,540	\$ 16,524	\$ 15,563	\$ 16,408	\$ 15,704	\$ 18,318	\$ 19,936	\$ 21,698	\$ 23,679	\$ 26,268
Licenses and Permits	1,207	1,148	1,041	1,589	1,053	1,964	1,711	2,345	2,442	2,670
Intergovernmental	9,859	9,078	10,118	10,081	10,349	10,822	11,590	11,831	13,275	14,453
Charges for services	797	852	919	1,056	1,947	3,257	3,292	3,349	3,759	4,031
Fines and forfeitures	914	709	786	955	1,185	1,081	761	710	696	1,193
Contributions	850	358	265	188	210	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	299	211	142	34	63	112	82	93	283	1,073
Miscellaneous	511	343	207	535	288	553	616	382	1,789	376
Total revenues	32,977	29,223	29,041	30,846	30,799	36,107	37,988	40,408	45,923	50,064
Expenditures										
General government	8,611	8,323	8,343	9,080	9,559	11,077	12,281	13,298	14,178	15,083
Public safety	13,561	14,161	14,291	15,110	14,937	14,634	14,768	15,413	16,614	18,987
Physical environment	4,248	3,976	3,554	3,260	3,126	2,816	2,354	2,681	3,169	2,931
Culture and recreation	2,276	2,245	2,413	2,462	2,601	2,625	2,459	2,575	3,357	3,088
Capital outlay	4,383	1,605	2,797	2,515	2,515	3,359	2,534	2,915	8,025	12,241
Debt service										
Principal	6,706	1,840	24,730	8,266	2,182	2,517	5,113	20,010	2,241	2,330
Interest	1,588	1,522	1,402	938	802	749	712	1,206	1,871	1,860
Other charges	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	41,373	33,672	57,530	41,631	35,722	37,777	40,221	58,098	49,455	56,520
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,396)	(4,449)	(28,489)	(10,785)	(4,923)	(1,670)	(2,233)	(17,690)	(3,532)	(6,456)

#### Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	6,098	6,843	6,337	6,861	5,845	6,089	7,491	48,820	5,479	8,310
Transfers out	(3,906)	(4,408)	(3,755)	(4,220)	(3,431)	(3,495)	(4,617)	(46,150)	(4,371)	(4,664)
Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,415	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,143	-	-
Capital leases	391	51	40	310	373	1,185	1,161	732	580	1,745
Promissory notes	5,000	-	23,022	6,291	-	-	-	-	-	1,000
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds of refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	40	215	57	-	73	154	3,755	57	3,762	50
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,623	2,701	25,701	9,242	2,860	3,933	7,790	46,017	5,450	6,441
Net change in fund balances	\$ (773)	\$ (1,748)	\$ (2,788)	\$ (1,543)	\$ (2,063)	\$ 2,263	\$ 5,557	\$ 28,327	\$ 1,918	\$ (15)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11.48%	11.71%	10.87%	9.74%	9.87%	10.48%	15.45%	38.54%	8.86%	9.04%

# Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Real Property Assessed	Real Property Estimated Actual	Personal Property Assessed	Personal Property Estimated Actual	Total Assessed	Total Actual	Total Direct Tax Rate
2010	1,999,092	2,007,273	100,064	100,473	2,099,156	2,107,746	5.4974
2011	1,728,828	1,714,380	93,294	92,514	1,822,122	1,806,894	5.5574
2012	1,623,489	1,618,845	90,255	89,997	1,713,744	1,708,842	5.8460
2013	1,568,859	1,567,379	90,059	89,974	1,658,918	1,657,353	5.8460
2014	1,583,978	1,580,727	92,883	92,692	1,676,861	1,673,419	5.7855
2015	1,722,692	1,717,624	96,001	95,719	1,818,693	1,813,343	5.6371
2016	1,849,132	1,843,511	100,013	99,709	1,949,145	1,943,220	5.9104
2017	1,987,873	1,988,159	94,244	94,258	2,082,117	2,082,417	5.8291
2018	2,204,994	2,201,438	108,619	108,444	2,313,613	2,309,882	5.6546
2019	2,510,512	2,507,775	118,415	118,286	2,628,927	2,626,061	5.5000

# Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

#### Property Tax Rates

#### Direct and Overlapping<sup>1</sup> Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Overlapp	ing Rates						
			Orange	e County				School District					
Fiscal Year	City of Ocoee Operating Millage	General County Millage	Capital Projects County Millage	Parks County Millage	Total County Millage	Local Required School Millage	Local Discretionary School Millage	Supplementa I Discretionary School Millage	Local Capital Improvement School Millage	Total School Millage	Library Operating Millage	St. John's Water Manage- ment District	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
2010	5.4974	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	5.4250	0.7480	0.0000	1.5000	7.6730	0.3748	0.4158	18.3957
2011	5.5574	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	5.3960	0.7480	0.2500	1.5000	7.8940	0.3748	0.4158	18.6767
2012	5.8460	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	5.2970	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	8.5450	0.3748	0.3313	19.5318
2013	5.8460	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	5.2300	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	8.4780	0.3748	0.3313	19.4648
2014	5.7855	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	5.2260	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	8.4740	0.3748	0.3164	19.3854
2015	5.6371	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	4.9700	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	8.2180	0.3748	0.3023	18.9669
2016	5.9104	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	4.5630	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	7.8110	0.3748	0.4158	18.9467
2017	5.6546	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	4.5630	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	7.8110	0.0375	0.0272	17.9650
2018	5.5000	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	4.5630	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	7.8110	0.0375	0.0272	17.8104
2019	5.5000	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	3.8610	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	7.1090	0.3748	0.2414	17.6599

Source: Orange County Tax Collectors Office & Orange County Property Appraiser

<sup>1.</sup> Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Ocoee.

# Principal Property Taxpayers

# September 30, 2019 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Taxpayer	Taxab	le Assessed		Percentage of			Percentage	
Γαλμάγει	_	Value	Rank	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	
WINDERMERE OWNER LLC	\$	67,012	1	2.24%				
MAR CASA MIRELLA LLC		53,203	2	1.78%				
OASIS AT LAKE BENNET LLC		49,097	3	1.64%				
MAGUIRE PARK STREET OWNER LLC		45,534	4	1.52%				
ADVENIR AT THE OAKS LLC		44,857	5	1.50%				
ARBOURS AT CROWN POINT LLC		42,957	6	1.44%				
BCI IV PARK 429 LOGISTICS CENTER LLC		38,056	7	1.27%				
MANHEIM REMARKETING L P		22,741	8	0.76%	18,560	3	0.88%	
SUSO 4 GOOD HOMES LP		20,817	9	0.70%				
WEST OAKS MALL TRUST		16,121	10	0.54%	49,972	1	2.38%	
CITY NATIONAL BANK					30,909	2	1.47%	
OAK FOREST PARTNERS		-		-	13,744	4	0.65%	
WALMART STORES EAST INC		-		-	12,432	5	0.59%	
GOOD HOMES PLAZA (E&A) LLC					12,381	6	0.59%	
ARDEN PARK VENTURES LLC					8,448	7	0.40%	
DDRM WEST OAKS TOWNE CENTER LLC					8,311	8	0.40%	
ORLANDO PUNIT LLC					8,100	9	0.39%	
OCOE LLC					8,018	10	0.33%	
	\$	400,395		13.39%	\$ 170,875		8.08%	

Source:

Orange County Property Appraiser

2019 Tax Roll Total Assessed Value

2,989,919

# **Property Tax Levies and Collections**

# Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy				Total Collections to Date				
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy			
2010	11,587	11,167	96.38%	22	11,189	96.57%			
2011	10,042	9,683	96.43%	32	9,715	96.74%			
2012	9,990	9,631	96.41%	12	9,643	96.53%			
2013	9,689	9,324	96.23%	2	9,326	96.25%			
2014	9,682	9,315	96.21%	-122	9,193	94.95%			
2015	10,222	9,847	96.33%	37	9,884	96.69%			
2016	11,174	10,491	93.89%	4	10,495	93.92%			
2017	12,139	11,004	90.65%	177	11,181	92.11%			
2018	13,059	11,989	91.81%	20	12,009	91.96%			
2019	14,435	13,085	90.65%	166	13,251	91.80%			

#### Page | 95

### Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

# Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

	Governmenta	Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Refunding Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Leases	Water Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2010	24,170	12,635	536	14,715	5,505	35	57,596	6.02%	1,619
2011	23,280	11,925	346	12,500	7,051	155	55,257	6.17%	1,664
2012	- *	33,736	147	12,300	6,696	419	53,298	5.95%	1,605
2013	-	31,879	339	12,095	6,360	416	51,089	5.59%	1,513
2014	-	29,894	514	-	17,931	573	48,912	5.36%	1,233
2015	-	27,767	1,309	-	17,283	700	47,059	5.15%	1,171
2016	-	23,386	1,738	-	16,616	830	42,570	4.66%	1,016
2017	41,840 **	4,890	1,632	23,981	** -	1,059	73,402	5.98%	1,704
2018	41,065	4,212	1,319	22,938	-	1,016	70,550	5.74%	1,638
2019	40,275	4,456	2,176	21,870	-	1,498	70,275	5.01%	1,477

\* Bonds refunded with Notes during the 2012 Fiscal Year.

\*\* Notes refinanced with Bonds during the 2017 Fiscal Year.

Source: City of Ocoee

Metro Orlando Economic Development Commission US Department of Labor: Bureau of Labor Statistics US Department of Census Bureau

### **Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt**

As of September 30, 2019

#### (amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental Unit	Debt tstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Sha Over	mated are of lapping 0ebt
Overlapping Debt:				
Orange County Library District	\$ -		\$	-
Orange County School District	-			-
Orange County Government	-			-
St. John's River Water Management District	-			-
Subtotal, overlapping debt	-			-
Direct Debt:				
City of Ocoee Debt/All Funds (3)	46,907	-		-
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 46,907		\$	-

<sup>3</sup> City of Ocoee does not currently have any General Obligation Debt which is being repaid through general property taxes.

## LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

September 30, 2019

Assessed Value (FY2016)	\$ 2,985,508
Debt Limit 25% of Assessed Value	\$ 746,377
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:	\$ -
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 746,377
Total Bonded Debt	\$ -

Article VIII Section 53 of the City Charter states that the City shall have the power to issue general obligation bonds in an aggregate principal amount of bonds outstanding at any time not in excess of Twenty-Five percent (25%) of the assessed value of the taxable property within the City as shown on the pertinent tax records at the time of the authorization of the general obligation bonds for which the full faith credit of the City is pledged.

# City of Ocoee, Florida Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Debt Service Requirem	ents	
Fiscal Year End Sept. 30th	Gross Revenues	Operating Expenses	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2010	8,386,012	5,715,865	2,670,147	485,000	951,527	1,436,527	1.86
2011	8,730,055	5,962,597	2,767,458	531,000	883,390	1,414,390	1.96
2012	8,922,597	5,860,140	3,062,457	555,000	851,335	1,406,335	2.18
2013	9,149,151	6,172,153	2,976,998	541,000	748,854	1,289,854	2.31
2014	10,456,403	6,041,532	4,414,871	524,000	686,218	1,210,218	3.65
2015	11,252,533	6,785,561	4,466,972	648,000	608,657	1,256,657	3.55
2016	10,614,349	6,966,652	3,647,697	667,000	590,871	1,257,871	2.90
2017	11,537,885	7,361,092	4,176,793	725,000	829,099	1,554,099	2.69
2018	12,104,986	8,672,187	3,432,799	890,000	980,419	1,870,419	1.84
2019	14,705,060	8,953,674	5,751,386	915,000	953,719	1,868,719	3.08

#### Water/Sewer Revenue Bonds and Notes

#### **Demographic & Economic Statistics**

Fiscal Year	Population		Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	Unemploy ment Rate
2010		35,579	995,500	27,980	36.0	9.7
2011	2	36,020	978,015	27,152	33.5	9.3
2012	3	36,953	995,476	26,939	36.2	5.8
2013	4	37,615	979,870	26,050	36.7	5.0
2014	5	39,679	1,048,755	26,487	35.4	4.4
2015	6	40,171	1,023,275	25,473	35	4.2
2016	6	41,881	1,095,481	26,157	35.8	3.9
2017	2	43,072	1,228,198	28,515	35.9	2.7
2018	6	47,000	1,310,413	27.88	35.9	2.5
2019	6	47,580	1,402,611	29.48	36	2.4

Sources:

2 FY 2011 BEBR Demographics

3 FY 2012 Metro Orlando Economic Development Commission

4 FY 2013 Estimated-Metro Orlando Economic Development Commission

5 FY 2014 City of Ocoee Community Development Department

6 City of Ocoee Community Development Department

Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	<u>2019</u>		-		<u>2010</u>		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Health Central Hospital	1800	1	4.18%	Health Central Hospital	1600	1	4.82%
Publix	656	2	1.52%	Orange County Schools	706	2	2.19%
Westgate Resorts, LTD	606	3	1.41%	Westgate Resorts	75	10	4.66%
Orange County Schools	540	4	1.25%	Publix	500	7	1.49%
Sysco Foods	510	5	1.18%	Sysco Foods	540	6	1.82%
Wal-Mart	435	6	1.01%	Wal-Mart	650	5	1.93%
City of Ocoee	377	7	0.88%	Manheim Auto Auction	829	2	2.46%
Manheim Auto Auction	349	8	0.81%	City of Ocoee	350	8	1.04%
Wayne Automatic	249	9	0.58%	West Oaks Mall	800	3	2.38%
Bright Future Electric	189	10	0.44%	Best Buy	117	9	0.35%

Total	5,711	13.26%	Total	6,167	23.14%

Source:	City of Ocoee Planr	ning Department
20	10 Populatiion	35,579
20	19 Populatiion	47,580

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# City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Ye	ar						
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Approved Positions											
General Government	66	63	62	60	60	59	64	67	68	72.5	
Public Safety											
Police-Officers	15	15	15	16	23	23	22	15	14	12	
Police-Sworn	63	65	65	64	57	57	63	73	78	81	
Police-Support	11	10	9	9	9	10	11	10	10	13	
Fire Safety											
Firefighters	33	33	30	30	30	30	30	30	39	49	
Fire-Officers	15	15	19	18	18	18	18	19	20	19	
Fire-inspectors	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	
Fire-Civilian	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	
Communication Operators	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Public Works	32	32	30	29	29	29	29	31	33	37	
Parks & Recreation	39	39	38	39	42	41	44	44	68	71	*
Utilities Department	35	34	34	34	34	34	40	41	42	43	
Stomwater	5	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	7	7.5	
Sanitation	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	15.5	
Total	334	331	325	323	327	326	347	355	397	424.5	:

Source: City of Ocoee Budget

Includes full and part-time positions \*

# **Operating Indicators by Function**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year						
Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Police										
Employees	118	117	118	118	119	125	127	98	93	107
Auto Accidents	959	917	877	922	904	1,126	1,150	1,331	1,428	1,493
Arrests	1,072	1,337	972	1,074	1,434	1,454	982	1,035	1,666	1,018
Criminal Investigations	1,045	1,506	1,050	1,054	1,092	1,050	1,084	985	1,012	703
Total Service Calls	45,646	46,180	41,017	48,802	49,769	49,938	48,552	67,988	55,987	53,804
911 Calls Received	9,494	7,885	8,571	9,783	10,776	14,126	12,279	11,483	8,207	6,874
Pieces of Evidence Processed	3,851	3,147	2,385	7,035	5,458	4,005	2,014	4,986	3,248	3,042
Fire & Life Safety										
Employees	57	57	56	55	52	55	54	52	65	73
Total Permits Issued	77	164	139	312	259	199	171	250	329	147
Construction Inspections	1,257	747	625	590	568	754	701	551	763	579
Public Education Progams	83	85	79	139	139	285	105	266	228	138
Emergency Calls Answered/Vehicle	272	355	327	270	270	102	153	350	283	430
Emergency Calls Answered/Fire	800	772	798	401	116	106	83	200	183	128
Emergency Calls Answered/All Other	3,909	3,087	3,205	3,969	4,813	4,367	5,689	6,342	6,490	5,871
Miles of Streets, Sidewalks & Bike Paths	-,	-,	-,	- ,	,	,	-,	- , -	-,	- , -
Streets - paved	114	113.01	114.27	115.28	115.28	115.14	117.00	117.00	121.99	123.48
Streets - unpaved	1	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	1.00	1.00	0.70	1.64
Streets - brick	2	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	2.00	2.00	1.99	1.58
Sidewalks	175.4	175.4	175.4	175.4	175.4	175.4	175.4	175.0	175.0	175.0
Culture and recreation										
Multi-purpose recreation center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Center	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Athletic fields	10	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Tennis courts	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Racquetball courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Shuffleboard courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Passive parks	16	16	16	16	15	16	16	16	15	15
Parks & Rrecreation Ciity Playgrounds	10	10	10	10	9	10	10	10	10	10

# Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year						
Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Water										
New Connections	236	105	122	171	134	180	162	226	427	647
Number of Customers	12,908	11,292	11,300	11,314	11,745	13,319	13,563	14,164	14,683	15,330
Miles of water mains	151	149.51	153.03	155.04	156.04	159.72	164.50	180.00	179.16	182.00
Daily Average Consumption (gallons)	3.21	3.67	3.16	3.18	3.15	3.52	3.50	3.67	4.15	3.52
Plant capacity (Gallons)	4.33	4.66	4.66	4.66	4.88	4.88	4.88	4.88	4.88	4.88
Plant Permitted Daily capacity (MGD)	4.33	4.66	4.66	10.70	10.70	10.70	10.70	10.70	10.70	10.70
Service connections	12,908	10,609	11,080	11,314	11,319	11,424	16,290	11,709	11,833	11,897
Deep wells	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Fire hydrants	1,052	1,056	1,056	1,334	1,334	1,334	1,334	1,288	1,261	1,226
Sewer System:										
Miles of sanitary sewers	89	83.25	86.36	89.38	89.92	90.03	102.00	107.47	109.42	111.04
Lift stations	55	59	59	58	61	64	62	66	65	65
Daily average treatment (Gallons per day)	1.536	1.62	1.00	1.83	1.62	1.65	1.65	1.7	1.77	1.82
Plants capacity (MGD)	1.8	3.0	1.68	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Disposal sites	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
General Government										
Personnel actions processed	n/a	n/a	17	13	15	15	9	29	11	14
Legal Notices published	112	91	86	86	93	201	63	100	118	131
Occupational Licenses issued	1,703	1,703	1,798	1,607	1,760	1,835	1,582	1,555	1,456	1,925
Accidents & Injuries reviewed	36	56	37	39	43	43	43	36	23	30
Land Use amendments & rezonings	25	13	4	7	17	17	3	7	11	19
License/Permit Reviews	1,421	913	1,839	2,206	2,625	2,023	2,792	3,186	4,123	3,969
Employees paid	419	418	413	404	414	413	431	442	468	462
A/P Checks issued	3,898	3,751	4,279	4,239	4,422	4,785	4,664	4,285	4,057	4,549
Purchase orders/EPO's processed	691	643	615	661	663	680	708	778	704	572

# **Capital Assets Statistics by Function**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fisc	al Year						
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
Number of Municipal Employees	387	379	373	371	414	413	431	442	371	
Elections:										
Registered voters	18,452	17,949	21,296	22,056	23,013	22,950	24,941	25,361	25,663	6,790
Votes in Municipal Elections	1,286	4,608	3,426	531	-		6,264	14,944	2,119	596
Police Protection:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol cars	70	76	74	76	75	75	79	70	70	75
Other vehicles	33	26	24	26	29	26	26	33	33	31
Auto Accidents	959	917	877	922	904	1,126	1,150	1,331	1,428	1,493
Arrests	1,072	1,337	972	1,074	1,434	1,454	952	1,035	1,666	1,018
Criminal Investigations	1,045	1,506	1,050	1,054	1,092	1,050	1,084	985	1,012	703
Total Service Calls	45,646	46,180	41,017	48,802	49,769	49,938	48,552	67,988	55,987	53,804
911 Calls Received	9,494	7,885	8,571	9,783	10,776	14,126	12,279	11,483	8,207	6,874
Pieces of Evidence Processed	3,851	3,147	2,385	7,035	5,458	4,005	2,014	4,986	3,248	3,042
Fire Protection:										
Stations	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Recreation:										
Multi-purpose recreation center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Center	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Athletic fields	10	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Tennis courts	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Racquetball courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Shuffleboard courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Passive parks	16	16	16	16	15	16	16	16	15	15
City Playgrounds	10	10	10	10	9	10	10	10	10	10

# **Capital Assets Statistics by Function**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fisc	al Year						
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
Miles of Streets, Sidewalks & Bike Paths										
Streets - paved	112.85	113.01	114.27	115.28	115.28	115.14	117.15	117.00	121.66	123.48
Streets - unpaved	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.75	1.00	0.70	1.64
Streets - brick	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	2.00	1.99	1.58
Sidewalks	180.16	175.40	175.40	175.40	175.40	175.40	175.40	175.00	175.00	175.00
Bike paths	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.2
Water										
Miles of water mains	151.00	149.51	153.03	155.04	156.04	159.72	1645	180.00	179.16	182.0
Daily Average Consumption (MGD)	3.21	3.67	3.16	3.18	3.15	3.52	3.52	3.67	4.15	3.52
Plant capacity Permitted	10.70	10.70	10.70	10.70	10.70	10.70	10.70	10.70	10.70	10.70
Sewer System:										
Miles of sanitary sewers	88.64	83.25	86.36	89.38	89.92	90.03	102.18	107.47	109.42	111.0

# Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expense by Type

General Employees Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Year

	Reve	nue by Source		Expenses by Type					
Year	Investment Income Net	Contributions	Benefits & Refunds	Investment Related Expenses (1)	Admin Expenses	City Contribution as a Percent of Payroll			
2010	1,991,764	1,956,175	910,863	108,584	33,207	15.4%			
2011	(164,397)	2,138,622	1,136,431	132,769	51,092	17.2%			
2012	2,914,938	2,109,364	1,244,973	140,014	59,424	17.5%			
2013	3,142,906	2,425,260	1,101,837	173,577	41,069	22.5%			
2014	2,447,920	2,217,892	1,043,921	-	60,184	20.4%			
2015	454,266	1,681,492	1,218,647	-	89,735	13.1%			
2016	2,736,440	1,556,414	1,939,917	-	70,328	10.7%			
2017	4,182,436	1,492,256	1,801,475	-	264,918	10.5%			
2018	3,805,747	1,637,204	1,669,331	-	245,499	8.9%			
2019	1,147,429	1,632,698	2,099,531	-	70,513	10.5%			

# Schedule of Revenues by Sources and Expenses by Type

Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Year

	Reve	enue by Source		Expenses by Type					
Year	Investment Income Net	Contributions	Benefits & Refunds	Investment Related Expenses (1)	Admin Expenses	City Contribution as a Percent of Payroll			
2010	2,097,302	2,079,314	984,185	141,998	37,946	20.80%			
2011	(107,044)	2,319,644	1,072,077	137,073	16,778	19.60%			
2012	4,017,592	2,618,959	1,236,784	190,271	62,361	22.20%			
2013	4,387,664	3,063,043	1,714,899	227,152	45,396	26.70%			
2014	3,992,191	3,075,732	1,812,744	-	81,667	32.70%			
2015	343,322	2,827,659	2,234,870	-	93,962	30.70%			
2016	3,465,045	2,901,224	2,473,894	-	62,462	29.40%			
2017	5,142,602	2,979,985	2,707,152	-	337,352	29.30%			
2018	4,048,418	3,550,873	2,810,076	-	442,102	32.00%			
2019	1,538,827	4,428,163	3,180,493	-	121,220	37.21%			

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Other Reports

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners *City of Ocoee, Florida* 

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ocoee, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 22, 2020.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Ocoee's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weakness or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Ocoee's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDirmit Davis



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council *City of Ocoee, Florida* 

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the *City of Ocoee's* (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2019. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2019.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDirmit Davis

# City of Ocoee, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Award type				
Grantor				
Pass-through grantor	CFDA	Agency or Pass-through		
Grantor program title	Number	Entity Grant Number	Expenditure	es
Federal Grants				
United States Department of Justice				
COPS Hiring Program	16.710	UMWX0135	\$ 79,51	11
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance grant	16.738	2019-JAGC-ORAN-5-N2-076	\$ 10,54	49
Vest Grant			1,54	41
Total United States Department of Justice			91,60	01
Executive Office of the President -Office of National Drug Control Policy				
Seminole County Sherif Office				
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas	95.001	G18CF0008A	10,00	02
Total Executive Office of the President -Office of National Drug Control Policy			10,00	02
United States Department of Homeland Security				
Disaster Grants - Hurricane Irma *	97.036	4337	1,329,08	82
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	97.083	EMW-2016-FH-00366	650,38	81
Total United States Department of Homeland Security			1,979,46	63
Total federal awards			\$ 2,081,06	66
* Denotes a major program				

# NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Ocoee (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

# NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, amounts reported on the Schedule are based on expenditures incurred as of September 30, 2019, even if grant or loan was received subsequent to that date. Federal expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

# NOTE 3 PRIOR YEAR EXPENDITURES

The current year schedule includes prior fiscal year expenditures related to Hurricane Irma. Although the expenditures were incurred in prior fiscal years, the funding approvals for the expenditures were obtained in the current fiscal year.

# NOTE 4 INDIRECT COST RATE

Indirect cost rate is dictated by its federal contract terms. The 10-percent de Minimis indirect rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance is not in effect nor is available under its contracts.

# Section I - Summary of Independent Auditor's Results:

# Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency identified	Yes	X_None reported
Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted?	Yes	<u>X</u> No

# Federal Awards

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified	
Internal control over major Federal program:		
Material weakness identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency identified	Yes	X_None reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Identification of major Edderal Programs		Disaster grants Hurricana Irma

Identification of major Federal Programs	CFDA No. 97.036	Disaster grants - Hurricane Irma
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> Yes	No
Section II – Financial Statement Findings:	None	
Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:	None	
Section IV – Federal Award Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings:	No Prior Year Findings	



## MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and City Commission *City of Ocoee, Florida* 

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of *Ocoee*, *Florida*, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated May 22, 2020.

### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 22, 2020 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

### Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i.)1., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding annual financial report.

### Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

### **Financial Condition and Management**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the *City of Ocoee, Florida* has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statues, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the *City of Ocoee, Florida* did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statues.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the *City of Ocoee, Florida*'s financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had the following recommendation:

### Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

### Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the City Commission and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McDismit Davis



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Mayor and City Commission *City of Ocoee, Florida* 

We have examined City of Ocoee's (the City) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, City of Ocoee complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2019.

McDirmit Davis

<u>Mayor</u> Rusty Johnson

<u>City Manager</u> Robert Frank



<u>Commissioners</u> Larry Brinson, Sr., District 1 Rosemary Wilsen, District 2 Richard Firstner, District 3 George Oliver III, District 4

May 22, 2020

# AFFIDAVIT OF IMPACT FEE COMPLIANCE

Impact fee collections, expenditures and accounting are provided for in separate accounting funds and comply with Florida Statute 163.31801.

Rebecca Roberts Finance Director

Rebecca Roberts is personally known to me.

Cam M. Hall



Notary Public State of Fiorida Cam M Hail My Commission GG 081912 Expires 06/14/2021

e e stations

Sworn before me this  $\underline{\Pi \alpha}$ 2020. My Commission expires  $\frac{|\varphi||4|/202|}{202||.||}$ .

City of Ocoee • 150 N Lakeshore Drive • Ocoee, Florida 34761 phone: (407) 905-3100 • fax: (407) 905-3167 • www.ocoee.org