### CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA

**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report** 

For The Year Ended September 30, 2019



## CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA

**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report** 

For The Year Ended September 30, 2019

PREPARED BY FINANCE DEPARTMENT

#### CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA

Commission Form of Government

#### CITY COMMISSION

#### ARTHUR PENNY, MAYOR

GAIL NEIDINGER VICE-MAYOR

DAVID MAGENHEIMER

MAX ELSON

BEN THOMAS

CITY OFFICIALS

CITY CLERK / DIRECTOR OF ADMINISTRATION CARLEY LEWIS

FINANCE DIRECTOR JAMES GRAHAM

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS GARRY ANDERSON CITY ATTORNEY JULIA MANDELL

FIRE CHIEF, PUBLIC SAFETY DIRECTOR DAVID MIXSON

DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT **Introductory Section** 

#### CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2019** 

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Letter of Transmittal



City of South Pasadena

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June 14, 2020

The Honorable Mayor, City Commission and Citizens City of South Pasadena South Pasadena, Florida 33707

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of South Pasadena, Florida, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, is submitted herewith pursuant to Florida State Statutes Chapter 218.39 and Chapter 10.550 of the rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. This Annual Report was prepared by the Finance Department and represents the official report of the City's financial condition and results of operations to the citizens, City Commission, City administrative personnel, investment firms, rating agencies, and other interested persons.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rest with the City. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City on a Government-Wide and on a Fund-Level basis. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

The State of Florida requires an annual audit of all the books of account, financial records, and transactions of any municipality chartered in the state, by independent certified public accountants. This requirement has been fulfilled and the auditor's report from the certified public accounting firm of Wells, Houser & Schatzel, P.A. has been included in this report.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to compliment the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of South Pasadena's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial and Statistical.

The Introductory section includes the table of contents, this transmittal letter and the City's organizational chart. The Financial section includes the Independent Auditor's opinion, Management Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, Combining Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules and Other Supplementary Schedules. The Statistical section includes selected financial and general information presented on a multi-year comparative basis.

#### THE REPORTING ENTITY

The funds and entities related to the City of South Pasadena are included in our Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The criteria used in determining the reporting entity are consistent with the principles of Section 2100, "Defining the Reporting Entity" of the GASB "Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards". Based on these criteria, all of the funds of the City shown in the Table of Contents are included in this report.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City was chartered in 1955. The City operates under the Commission form of government.

The City Commission is comprised of a mayor and four commission members and as a group is responsible for enacting ordinances, resolutions, and regulations governing the City, as well as appointing members to various statutory and advisory boards, the City Attorney and the City Clerk\Administrator. The Commissioner of each department shall have the right to appoint or dismiss the head of the department, subject to the approval of a majority of the entire commission.

The individual department heads are responsible for the enforcement of law and ordinances relating to their respective departments.

#### Services Provided

The City provides the full range of municipal services normally associated with a municipality, including fire protection, street construction and maintenance, planning and zoning, recreation and parks, library, as well as general administrative services. Police protection is provided through an annual contract with the Pinellas County Sheriff's Department. In addition, sewer services and reclaimed water are provided under an enterprise fund concept with user charges set by the City Commission to ensure adequate coverage of operating expenses and payments of any outstanding debt.

#### Accounting Systems and Budgetary Control

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis with the revenues recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the City's utilities, which are Enterprise Funds, are maintained on the accrual basis.

In developing the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

The safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and

The reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and

The evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments of management.

All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. We believe the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary control is maintained at the department level. By authorization, the departmental commissioner and department head may authorize the transfer of funds within their respective department. The budget is adopted and passed at a fund level, so any increase or decrease of any fund's total budget has to be approved by the City Commission.

#### ECONOMIC OUTLOOK, LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

#### Local Economy and Outlook

The City of South Pasadena covers approximately 0.6 of a square mile, most of which is developed. The City's population of 5,344 consists primarily of retirees, most of whom live in multi-unit condominiums and/or assisted living communities. The City has approximately 300 single-family residences located primarily on Pasadena Isle. The City also has a 220-unit mobile home community. The City's commercial district extends primarily along Pasadena Avenue (SR693), which connects mainland St. Petersburg with St. Peter Beach and along Gulfport Boulevard near the intersection of Pasadena Avenue.

Businesses within the City are primarily restaurants, banks, medical offices and retail grocery, gas, and merchandising outlets that serve the immediate residents of the City or traffic that is passing through to the Gulf Beaches. The City is also the home of the Palms of Pasadena Hospital. During fiscal year 2019 our Community Improvements Department focused on encouraging business expansion and growth within the City through its rigorous inspection and code enforcement processes. The Pasadena Shopping Center continues to be a primary site for expansion activity. In February of 2019, AutoZone opened its new storefront and KeKe's finished its renovations and opened their new restaurant in the shopping center. Near the end of fiscal 2019 construction started on a new storage facility on Pasadena Avenue. That project is the result of a Development Agreement under the City's Planned Redevelopment District regulations. The City looks forward to continued additions and improvements to the commercial properties located within the City.

After a five year period of dramatic reduction in property values, the City is in the sixth year of upward trending property values. Beginning in 2014 there has been positive growth in the commercial and secondary home market that had been particularly hard hit by the real estate downturn. Property values within the City have increased approximately 7.4% or \$42.8 million compared to the assessed values in 2018. Looking forward, fiscal 2020 property values continued the trend with a 5.3% or \$32.9 million increase over the 2019 fiscal year. Over the past several years tourism and construction activity in the City and surrounding areas has visibly improved and, up until January of 2020, economic prospects looked good. Unfortunately, in March 2020 the COVID-19 pandemic escalated in the State of Florida and the Governor's "Safer at Home" restrictions took affect, shutting down many businesses statewide.

The affect on real estate values and upon the City's revenue are hard to predict not knowing how long the affects of the pandemic will last. There will definitely be some impact on sales tax and local fuel tax collections due to the slowing economy.

State lawmakers established property tax reduction as a major goal in years 2007 through 2009. State lawmakers passed legislation that required cities and counties to lower the property tax to less than the prior year. These rules are still in effect and had a tax stabilization effect from 2010 through 2014. Under the current rules, millage can be raised up to the State 10 mill cap with a unanimous vote from the City Commission. In 2016, the City's millage was raised to 3.25 mills where it remained through fiscal 2018. The millage rate was increased to 3.5 mills for the current 2019 fiscal year. This rate is the millage rate that is required to maintain the City's General Fund reserves at approximately one half of a year's operating expenses.

The amendment passed by the legislature in 2008, referred to as Amendment 1, increases the current \$25,000 homestead exemption by another \$25,000 (for property values between \$50,000 and \$75,000), except for school district taxes. Amendment 1 also allows a transfer of up to \$500,000 of the "Save Our Homes" benefit to a resident's next homestead when they move. Save Our Homes became effective in 1995 and caps the annual increase in assessed value for homestead property to three percent (3%) or the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index, whichever is less. With respect to non-homesteaded property, Amendment 1 limits the annual increase in assessed value to ten percent (10%), except for school district taxes and provides for a \$25,000 exemption for tangible personal property. Amendment 1 was effective October 1, 2008, with the exception of the ten percent (10%) assessment cap on non-homestead property which became effective January 1, 2009.

Florida is dependent on sales tax dollars, and prior to COVID-19, revenue projections continued to show increases in conjunction with positive tourism numbers. Originally, the City projected \$335,000 in the half-cent sales tax collections for the next fiscal year. Depending on the length of the COVID-19 economic recovery, sales tax collections could be down \$60,000 for the initial three month period to \$125,000 for a phased-in nine month recovery. The "Penny for Pinellas" sales tax is a 1-percent sales tax paid by everyone who spends money in the County that has been in effect since 1990. The revenue is shared between the County and 24 cities to fund long-term capital investments such as improved roads, bridges and trails, water quality and flood prevention, public safety equipment and vehicles, fire stations, parks and environmental land acquisition. Pinellas County voters chose to renew this surtax for the years 2020 to 2030 in November 2017. The City's original estimated surtax revenues for fiscal year 2020 are projected at \$657,000 compared to fiscal 2019's actual collections of \$643,325. Likewise, due to COVID-19, these collections could be down an estimated \$120,000 for the initial three month period and up to \$240,000 for a nine month recovery. Again, the COVID-19 affects on the economy and potential tax revenues are hard to predict due to the uncertainty on the length of the recovery period and the amount of time before vaccines are developed to control the virus. The Penny for Pinellas cumulative revenues for the next 12 years (2019-2030) is projected at \$9.4 million, assuming a normal 4% annual growth rate.

#### **Financial Condition**

As in the past, a general evaluation of the City's financial position indicates excellent fund balances and cash balances in the General and Capital Improvement Funds, adequate cash coverage of year-end operating liabilities and excellent operating and infrastructure reserves. Although the current economy and the new COVID-19 "economic shutdown" presents certain challenges, the City continues to have

sufficient annual revenue flows, which coupled with reserves, will cover expected expenditures. Capital Improvements Fund short-term cash and investment balances are adequate to cover normal anticipated expenditures for fiscal year 2020's capital items. The City plans construction of a new Fire Station in fiscal years 2020 and 2021 which will require substantial funding. It is anticipated that financing will be required for a portion of the project cost.

#### Cash Management Policies and Practices

The City's cash and investment management program involves a theory of keeping principal and interest earnings free from risk and maintaining reasonable liquidity to meet obligations. The cash investments are held at BB&T, Florida Municipal Investment Trust, Florida Surplus Asset Trust Fund (Florida SAFE), State Board of Administration Local Government Surplus Trust Fund (Florida PRIME), and Wells Fargo Securities.

The city's cash, pooled cash and cash equivalents balance on September 30, 2019 totaled \$11,852,664.

#### Long Term Financial Planning

As part of the regular budgeting process, the City of South Pasadena prepares a five year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), which is updated on an annual basis. The CIP is an important component of the City's financial management process and should be considered when formulating the annual operating budget.

Annually, City Department Heads review any infrastructure and capital asset requirements to determine which items need to be replaced due to obsolescence or if any new additions are necessary. During the process the Department Heads consider Commission initiatives and goals, both formal and informal, which are established throughout the year in both the budget and non budgetary workshop process. Consideration is given to local economic trends as well as other outside influences on the City's operations and financial condition.

The five year plan schedules potential acquisitions with emphasis on monitoring fund balance and cash reserves and is an important planning tool in determining the proper timing of asset purchases.

The CIP is presented to the City Commission during the regular budget process. Once adopted, the initial year in the plan becomes the current appropriation for the Capital Improvement Funds and any capital assets in the City's Enterprise Funds. The latest CIP adopted by the City Commission covers fiscal year 2020 through fiscal year 2024. A summary of anticipated expenditures is as follows:

Expenditures	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Capital Improvement Fund	\$2,382,625	\$4,787,050	\$1,656,650	\$438,050	\$451,450
Sewer Fund	150,000	150,000	220,000	150,000	150,000
Reclaimed Water Fund	70,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-	11.7.7.8	-

The Five Year Plan makes provision for design and construction of a new fire station in fiscal years 2020 and 2021. Also included in the plan is the replacement of the City's Ladder Fire Truck (\$1,015,000) in fiscal year 2022. To date, the City has identified a potential land site near the Palms of Pasadena Hospital and is currently in the "Due Diligence" phase of finalizing a purchase contract for the new fire station property.

#### Major Initiatives

City beautification and creating a more pedestrian-friendly community are high on the City Commission's priority list for future initiatives, as well as renovation or replacement of the City's current fire station. Over the past two years the Commission has expanded its efforts to utilize Developer Agreements (and the new Planned Redevelopment District regulations) to encourage new business growth in the City. In fiscal 2018 and 2019 the City has utilized the City Code Enforcement Division to clean-up and remove structures in violation of City Codes for three vacant restaurant properties in the City. To date, one of these properties has been sold and renovated and has a new business ready for operations before the end of fiscal 2020. The other two properties remain vacant at the current time. Unfortunately, the COVID-19 pandemic and related "stay at home" orders initiated in March of 2020 have placed new challenges on the business community.

As part of City Beautification in fiscal 2020, the City anticipates the reconstruction of the Sunset Drive Stormwater Retention Boardwalk for approximately \$250,000 and renovations to Park Pavilions costing \$130,000.

The City has identified and has a pending contract for purchase of land subject to a due diligence period to verify the feasibility of placing a fire station structure on the site. There is \$1,375,000 budgeted for the fiscal year 2020 for land acquisition and preliminary engineering and design costs, and \$4,500,000 is budgeted for the fire station construction in fiscal 2021. The 2020 Capital Budget anticipates bank financing for a portion of the construction in the amount of \$2,162,500 over a fifteen year amortization period with the City's initial up-front cash outlay being \$3,712,500. The timing of the \$5.875 million project may slide forward due to current economic conditions and results of the "due diligence" engineering studies.

#### CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of South Pasadena for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This was the twenty-seventh consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Honorable Mayor and City Commission June 14, 2020

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Finance Department. I would like to express appreciation to city administrative staff, whose efforts throughout the year contributed to its preparation. The City would especially like to thank the accounting firm of Wells, Houser & Schatzel, PA for their continued professional assistance.

Respectfully submitted,

Jomes la.

James A. Graham, C.P.A. Finance Director

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Government Finance Officers Association

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of South Pasadena Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

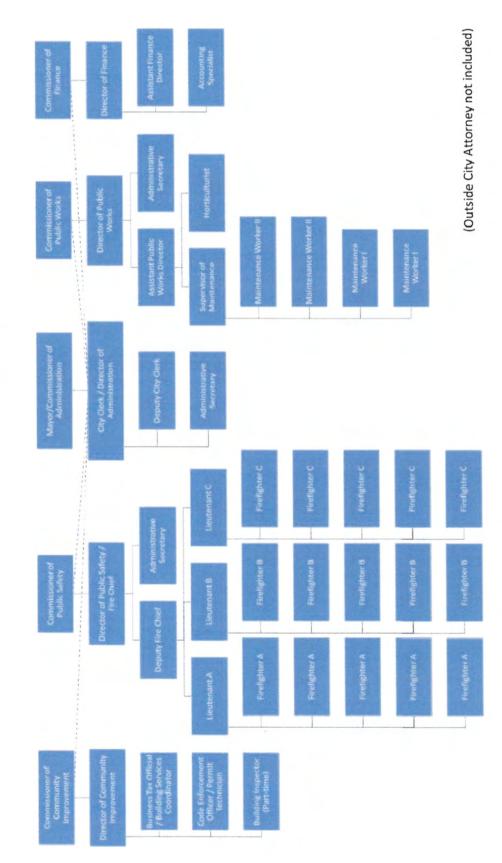
September 30, 2018

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

The City of South Pasadena, Florida has been awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada. CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA

# **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**



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#### **Financial Section**

This section contains the following subsections:

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

**Basic Financial Statements** 

**Required Supplementary Information** 

**Combining Financial Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules** 

**Other Supplementary Schedules** 

Independent Auditor's Report

#### WELLS, HOUSER & SCHATZEL, P.A.

CPA AND CONSULTING FIRM

John B. Houser, CPA Peter C. Schatzel, CPA Peter B. Wells, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Arthur Penny, Mayor and Members of The Board of Commissioners City of South Pasadena, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Pasadena, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

The prior year comparative information has been derived from the City's September 30, 2018 financial statements and, in our report dated May 25, 2019, we expressed an unmodified opinion on the respective statements of the governmentalactivities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Pasadena, Florida, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis (pages 3-15) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management



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about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of South Pasadena, Florida's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, other supplementary schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The required budgetary comparison schedule (pages 59-62) and the schedules of changes in net pension liability and net OPEB liability and contributions (pages 63 to 66), are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The required budgetary comparison schedule, schedules of changes in net pension liability and contributions, combining financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, the schedule of revenues and expenditures – Deepwater Horizon BP Oil Spill Settlement and other supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the required budgetary comparison schedule, the schedules of changes in net pension liability and contributions, the combining financial statements and budgetary comparison schedule, and the other supplementary schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 14, 2020, on our consideration of the City of South Pasadena, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of South Pasadena, Florida's internal control over financial.

Wella, Noven & Schatgel, P.A.

Wells, Houser & Schatzel, P.A. St. Petersburg, Florida

June 14, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of South Pasadena's (the "City") discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter (beginning on page v) and the City's financial statements (beginning on page 18).

#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

#### **Financial Highlights**

- For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, City-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources, totaling \$22,881,863, exceeded City-wide liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, totaling \$5,165,093, by \$17,716,770. The excess of City-Wide assets over liabilities represents the net position (equity) of the City. The City's \$17,716,770 of net position consists of \$9,148,907 that is invested in capital assets (buildings, equipment, vehicles, sewer and reclaimed water systems, etc.), \$5,199,997 that is restricted for future infrastructure improvements (Penny for Pinellas), \$1,651 that is restricted for other purposes, and \$3,366,215 that is unrestricted for general use in operating the City. The City's unrestricted net position decreased \$56,846 compared to the prior year. (Please see pages 18-19 for more detail.)
- For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, City-wide program revenues and general revenues, totaling \$7,763,713, was greater than expenses, totaling \$7,685,437, yielding an increase in net position (net gain) of \$78,276. This amount compares to an increase in net position (net gain) of \$745 for fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. (Please see pages 20-21 for more detail.)
- The increase in net position for Governmental Activities (police, fire, public works, administration, etc.) for 2019 was \$57,991. There was an increase in net position for the Business-type activities (sewer and reclaimed water operations) of \$20,285 in 2019. (Please see pages 20-21 for more detail.)
- General Fund revenues increased \$337,743 (6.4%) in fiscal year 2019 and were \$132,844 greater than the amount budgeted. The increase in revenues is primarily attributable to an increase in ad valorem taxes, utility taxes, and interest income. General Fund expenditures increased by \$335,300 (6.6%) in fiscal year 2019 and were \$200,835 less than the amount budgeted. The 2019 expenditures increased primarily as a result of increased personal services costs, which increased \$208,891 compared to 2018. The General Fund revenues of \$5,626,709 exceeded expenditures of \$5,419,310 by \$207,399 compared to fiscal year 2018 when the excess was \$204,956. The General Fund was budgeted as having a deficit of \$126,280 in 2019. The actual excess of revenues over expenditures of \$207,399 resulted in a favorable budget to actual variance of \$333,679. (Please see pages 59-62 for more detail.)

- Current unrestricted cash and investments totaled \$11,852,664 for fiscal year 2019, which represents an increase of \$931,174 over fiscal year 2018. When evaluating the availability of the City's current cash and investments, the amount of restricted net position totaling \$5,201,648 needs to be considered.
- The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in fiscal year 2017. In fiscal year 2019, the City recorded a Net Other Post Employments Benefit (OPEB) liability and deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide Statement of Net Position in the amounts of \$164,623 and \$13,423, respectively, as well as additional OPEB expense in the amount of \$28,004 in the Statement of Activities. In fiscal year 2018, the City recorded a Net Other Post Employments Benefit (OPEB) liability and deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide Statement of Net Post Employments Benefit (OPEB) liability and deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide Statement of Net Post Employments Benefit (OPEB) liability and deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide Statement of Net Position in the amounts of \$124,442 and \$1,246, respectively, as well as an OPEB expense in the amount of \$10,531 in the Statement of Activities.

#### City Highlights

- The governmental funds' revenue increased \$406,452 (6.8%) from \$5,973,550 in 2018 to \$6,380,002 in 2019 (please see page 24 for more detail). The largest sources of this increase were a \$299,482 increase in taxes, a \$50,897 increase in interest income, and a \$47,086 increase in intergovernmental revenue. The increase in ad valorem tax revenues of \$275,411 accounted for much of the increase in overall tax revenues. The receipt of the of the federal and state FEMA reimbursements totaling \$40,793 accounted for a significant portion of the intergovernmental revenue increase.
- The total expenditures for the governmental funds of the City increased \$266,215 (4.9%) from \$5,417,199 in 2018 to \$5,683,814 in 2019. This increase is comprised of an increase in current expenditures of \$238,405, and an increase in capital outlay expenditures of \$28,210. As noted above, the increase in personal services expenditures accounts for \$208,891 of the increase in current expenditures.
- In addition to the General Fund having a favorable budget to actual variance as discussed above, the Capital Improvements Fund had a favorable budget variance of \$3,324,794 while the Sewer and Reclaimed Water Funds achieved favorable budget-to-actual results of \$73,519 and \$135,208, respectively. The Capital Improvements Fund favorable budget variance was due to positive variances in the areas of fire department building improvements in the amount of \$4,525,150, and debt service principal and interest in the amount of \$184,505. These positive variances exist due to a delay in the purchase of the land on which the City will build a new fire station and the construction and resulting partial financing of the new building. The Sewer Fund and Reclaimed Water Fund favorable budget variances do not take into consideration depreciation expense as this is a non-cash expense. The 2019 depreciation expense for the Sewer Fund and Reclaimed Water Fund \$139,880 and \$102,949, respectively.

#### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

The financial statement's focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year or government-to-government) and enhance the City's accountability.

For the City of South Pasadena, both the General Fund and Capital Improvement Fund are considered major funds.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 18-21) are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to a bottom line for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long term obligations.

The Statement of Activities (see pages 20-21) is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type) which are provided by the government's general tax and other revenues. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of cost of various governmental services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities.

The Governmental Activities reflects the City's basic services, including general government, police, fire, community improvement and public works. Property, sales, and utility services taxes along with franchise fees fund the majority of these services. The Business-type Activities reflect private sector type operations (Sewer and Reclaimed Water management), where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is now on Major Funds, rather than (the previous model's) fund types. However, since all of the government-type funds of the City of South Pasadena are considered major funds, the presentation will not be significantly different than that of previous years.

The Governmental Major Fund (see pages 22-25) presentation is presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statements allow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith (beginning on page 59).

While the Total column on the Business-type Fund Financial Statements (see pages 26-28) is the same as the Business-type column in the Government-Wide Financial Statement, the Governmental Major Funds Total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources) which is reflected on the page following each statement (see pages 23 & 25). The flow of current financial resources will reflect capital expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligations such as accrued compensated absences, net pension liability, and net Other Post Employment Obligation into the Governmental Activities column (in the Government-wide statements).

#### Infrastructure Assets

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement #34, the City includes infrastructure capital assets in the Statement of Net Position for the governmental activities. The infrastructure assets represent the City's largest group of assets – buildings, roads, bridges, traffic signals, and underground pipes unless associated with a utility. The infrastructure assets for utilities are reported in the business-type activities – enterprise funds. The infrastructure assets for both the governmental and business-type activities are depreciated over their useful lives.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS**

#### **Statement of Net Position**

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position for the current year.

	As	of Fiscal Y					
	Govern Activ		Busines Activ		Total Primary Government		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>	
Current assets	\$ 8,788,409	\$ 8,019,076	\$ 3,280,322	\$ 3,131,517	\$ 12,068,731	\$ 11,150,593	
Non-current assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital assets, net	7,208,370	7,471,268	1,940,537	2,070,929	9,148,907	9,542,197	
Total assets	15,996,779	15,490,344	5,220,859	5,202,446	21,217,638	20,692,790	
Deferred outflows of resources	1,664,225	1,791,243			1,664,225	1,791,243	
Total assets and deferred outflows of	17,661,004	17,281,587	5,220,859	5,202,446	22,881,863	22,484,033	
Current liabilities	256,468	182,454	69,411	71,283	325,879	253,737	
Non-current liabilities	4,388,710	3,981,887			4,388,710	3,981,887	
Total liabilities	4,645,178	4,164,341	69,411	71,283	4,714,589	4,235,624	
Deferred inflows of resources	450,504	609,915			450,504	609,915	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	5,095,682	4,774,256	69,411	71,283	5,165,093	4,845,539	
Net Position:							
Net investments in capital assets	7,208,370	7,471,268	1,940,537	2,070,929	9,148,907	9,542,197	
Restricted	5,201,648	4,673,236	-	-	5,201,648	4,673,236	
Unrestricted	155,304	362,827	3,210,911	3,060,234	3,366,215	3,423,061	
Total net position	\$ 12,565,322	\$ 12,507,331	\$ 5,151,448	\$ 5,131,163	\$ 17,716,770	\$ 17,638,494	

# Table 1Statement of Net PositionAs of Fiscal Year End

(For more detailed information please see the Statement of Net Position (pages 18-19).

At the end of fiscal 2019, the City-wide net position reflects an increase of \$78,276 to \$17,716,770. Net position for Governmental Activities is \$12,565,322 (increase of \$57,991) and net position from Enterprise or Business Activities is \$5,151,448 (increase of \$20,285). Of the total net position, \$9,148,907 represents the City's net investment in capital assets and \$5,201,648 represents current and other assets restricted for specific purposes.

The Statement of Net Position on page 19 shows the specific restrictions to net position. The more significant restriction under the City's Governmental Activities includes \$5,199,997 in infrastructure taxes or "Penny for Pinellas" funds which must be used to fund municipal infrastructure or certain capital assets (Capital Improvements Fund).

An analysis of all City-wide assets reveals that current cash and investments of \$11,852,664 in 2019 and \$10,921,490 in 2018 represent 51.8% and 48.6% of the total assets and deferred outflows, respectively. At the end of 2019, current cash and investments available for governmental activities totaled \$8,689,011 (a \$797,951 or 10.1% increase from 2018), and funds available in the business activity accounts totaled \$3,163,653 (a \$133,223 or 4.4% increase from 2018).

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, totaling \$9,148,907 represent 40.0% of the City-wide total assets and deferred outflows of resources at September 30, 2019.

#### Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation.

<u>Net Results of Activities</u> - will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for Capital – will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital Assets</u> – will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in investment in capital assets and an increase in related net debt will not change the investment in capital assets, net of debt.

<u>Spending of Non-Borrowed Current Assets on New Capital Assets</u> – will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) will reduce unrestricted net position and increase investment in capital assets, net of debt.

<u>Principal Payment on Debt</u> – will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase investment in capital assets, net of debt.

<u>Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation</u> – will reduce capital assets and investment in capital assets, net of debt and increase unrestricted net position.

#### **Current Year Impacts**

The remaining basic transactions directly/indirectly affect the unrestricted net position as indicated in the following schedule. The adjusted results of operations and current assets used for capital clearly demonstrate the change in unrestricted net position.

At the end of fiscal 2019, as reported on page 19, City-wide unrestricted net position totaled \$3,366,215, a decrease of \$56,846 compared to the prior year. The unrestricted net position represents 19.0% of the City's total net position of \$17,716,770. In governmental activities, unrestricted net position decreased by \$207,523 to \$155,304. In business-type activities, unrestricted assets increased by \$150,667 to \$3,210,911.

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ	••	Total Primary Government		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Unrestricted Net Position – Beginning of Year	\$ 362,827	\$ 523,370	\$ 3,060,234	\$ 2,853,010	\$ 3,423,061	\$ 3,376,380	
Results of Operations (loss)	57,991	33,321	20,285	(32,576)	78,276	745	
Adjustments- restricted assets Infrastructure Scholarships Book Value of Assets Disposed Depreciation	(529,412) 1,000 6,826 506,245	(498,754) - 16,192 510,661	242,829	239,800	(529,412) 1,000 6,826 749,074	(498,754) 16,192 750,461	
Total adjustments	(15,341)	28,099	242,829	239,800	227,488	267,899	
Adjusted Results of Operations	\$ 42,650	\$ 61,420	\$ 263,114	\$ 207,224	\$ 305,764	\$ 268,644	
Principal payment on capital lease Capital Expenditures	(250,173)	(221,963)	(112,438)	-	(362,611)	(221,963)	
Unrestricted Net Position - End of Year	\$ 155,304	\$ 362,827	\$ 3,210,911	\$ 3,060,234	\$ 3,366,215	\$ 3,423,061	

## Table 2Change in Unrestricted Net Position

#### **Statement of Activities**

The Statement of Activities is presented below with a comparison of the current year and prior year revenues and expenses as reported on the Statement of Activities on pages 20-21.

# Table 3Statement of ActivitiesAs of September 30,

		Governmental Activities		ss-Type vities	Total Primary Government		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
REVENUES							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services							
Sewer Fees			\$ 1,133,869	\$ 977,692	\$ 1,133,869	\$ 977,692	
Reclaimed Water Fees			189,399	188,558	189,399	188,558	
Red Light Camera Fines	\$ 3,896	\$ 8,891			3,896	8,891	
Police Fines & Forfeitures	3,627	12,171			3,627	12,171	
Building Inspections / Permits	371,066	371,514			371,066	371,514	
Impact Fees	1,097	5,641			1,097	5,641	
Local Business Tax	104,819	105,383			104,819	105,383	
Hibiscus Hall Rents	11,335	9,950			11,335	9,950	
Operating Grants & Contributions Pinellas County EMS Contract	825,974	813,282			825,974	813,282	
Capital Grants & Contributions							
Grant - General Government	40,793	-			40,793	-	
Grant – Environmental / Recycle	2,979	5,990			2,979	5,990	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	2,095,658	1,820,247			2,095,658	1,820,247	
Franchise Fees	533,672	509,999			533,672	509,999	
Communications Service Tax	212,307	247,881			212,307	247,881	
Other Utility Taxes	703,744	663,585			703,744	663,585	
Sales Tax Infrastructure	643,325	609,637			643,325	609,637	
State Revenue Sharing	165,471	161,955			165,471	161,955	
Half-Cent Sales Tax	334,408	329,118			334,408	329,118	
Local Option Gas Tax	71,246	75,738			71,246	75,738	
Other Taxes	18,898	60,288			18,898	60,288	
Investment income	148,657	97,760	60,443	39,170	209,100	136,930	
Gain (Loss) fair value of investments	33,454	13,951			33,454	13,951	
Miscellaneous	53,576	50,569			53,576	50,569	
Total Revenues	\$ 6,380,002	\$ 5,973,550	\$ 1,383,711	\$ 1,205,420	\$ 7,763,713	\$ 7,178,970	
EXPENSES							
Program Activities							
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	999,635	\$ 887,455			\$ 999,635	\$ 887,455	
Public Safety- Police	810,378	786,522			810,378	786,522	
Public Safety- Fire	2,838,432	2,633,364			2,838,432	2,633,364	
Protective Inspections	458,251	397,196			458,251	397,196	
Public Works and Parks	992,511	1,014,262			992,511	1,014,262	
Culture & Recreation	56,469	54,475			56,469	54,475	
Physical Environment Human Services	156,934 9,402	156,794 10,162			156,934 9,402	156,794 10,162	
Business-Type Activities:	-,	,			-,	,	
Sewer & Reclaimed Water							
Sewer to Rectained Water			1,174,549	1,025,922	1,174,549	1,025,922	
Reclaimed Water			188,877	212,074	188,877	212,074	
Total Expenses	\$ 6,322,011	\$ 5,940,229	\$ 1,363,426	\$ 1,237,996	\$ 7,685,437	\$ 7,178,225	
Excess of Revenues over Expenses	\$ 57,991	\$ 33,321	\$ 20,285	\$ (32,576)	\$ 78,276	\$ 745	
Net Position – Beginning of Year	12,507,331	12,474,010	5,131,163	5,163,739	17,638,494	17,637,749	
Net Position- End of Year	\$12,565,322	\$12,507,331	\$ 5,151,448	\$ 5,131,163	\$17,716,770	\$17,638,494	

#### Normal Impacts

There are nine basic impacts on revenues and expenses as reflected below.

#### **Revenues**

**Economic Condition** – which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on property, sales, infrastructure, gas or other tax revenue as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees and volumes of consumption for electric or water usage for which the City collects taxes or franchise fees.

**Increase/Decrease in Commission approved rates** – while certain tax rates are set by statute, the City Commission has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (Sewer, reclaimed water, permitting, impact fee, property taxes, etc.)

**Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue** (both recurring and non-recurring) – certain recurring revenues, such as state revenue sharing, may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year-to-year comparisons.

**Contribution from the Reclaimed Water and Sewer Funds** – the City owns and operates certain Sewer and Reclaimed Water Utility systems. The City provides administrative support services for the utilities. The billing for each utility system is contracted with the City of St. Petersburg. Beginning in fiscal 2012 the City started charging an administrative service charge to each utility for accounting and legal overhead.

Historically, the Sewer and Reclaimed Water Utility systems have been managed on a selfsupporting basis using user fees. However, at the legislative body's discretion, any excess fees over expenses could be transferred to the City's other funds for use. Given the uncertain economic environment in which the City is now operating, the ongoing competitiveness and vitality of the utility funds is an important factor in evaluating the City's funding policies.

**Market Impacts on Investment income** – due to the type of investment portfolio and the varying nature of the market in general, City investment income may fluctuate from year to year.

#### **Expenses**

**Introduction of New Programs** – within the functional expense categories (General Government, Law Enforcement, Fire Protection, Public Works / Transportation, Community Improvement, etc.) individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

**Increase in Authorized Personnel** – changes in service demand may cause the Commission to increase or decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) in the General Fund represented 69.9% of the City's 2019 operating budget compared to 70.4% of the City's 2018 operating budget.

**Salary Increases (cost of living, merit and market adjustment)** – the ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the City to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

**Inflation** – while overall inflation appears to be low, the City is a major consumer of certain commodities and services such as chemicals, supplies, fuels and group health insurance. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases. In past years, costs of fuel, general insurance, employee health benefits and pension costs have tended to have large increases. Contract services for items such as law enforcement that have these personnel costs factored in can fluctuate based on these inflationary pressures.

#### **Current Year Impacts**

#### **Governmental Funds**

The ending fund balance for the General Fund increased \$207,399 to \$3,098,364 as of September 30, 2019. The Capital Improvements Fund ending fund balance increased \$488,789 to \$5,400,252, of which \$5,199,997 is restricted for infrastructure improvements (Penny for Pinellas).

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#### Revenues

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>Increase</u> (Decrease)	<u>Percentage</u>
Revenues				
Taxes (Property, Franchise & Utility)	\$ 3,546,478	\$ 3,246,996	\$ 299,482	9.22%
Licenses and Permits	475,885	476,897	(1,012)	-0.21%
Intergovernmental Revenues	2,103,094	2,056,008	47,086	2.29%
Fines and Forfeitures	7,523	21,062	(13,539)	-64.28%
Interest Income	148,657	97,760	50,897	52.06%
Change in fair value of investments	33,454	13,951	19,503	139.80%
Rental Hibiscus Hall	11,335	9,950	1,385	13.92%
Miscellaneous Revenues	53,576	51,286	2,290	4.47%
Total Revenues	\$ 6,380,002	\$ 5,973,910	406,092	6.80%

The breakdown of the net change in revenue by fund was an increase of \$337,743 for the General Fund and a \$68,349 increase for the Capital Improvements Fund. (Please see page 24 for more detail.)

As previously discussed, the increase in revenues is primarily attributable to an increase in ad valorem taxes, interest income, and intergovernmental revenue. (Please see pages 59-60 for additional detail.)

For fiscal 2019, the City had a millage rate of 3.5000, which increased from 3.2500 in 2018. The total taxable value of property located within the City in fiscal year 2019 was \$623,579,737 compared to the 2018 final taxable value of \$580,794,192. The increase in property values resulted in property tax collections increasing \$275,411.

Within the Capital Improvements Fund, infrastructure taxes increased \$33,688 to \$643,325.

#### **Expenditures**

		Table	5a					
Governmental Funds								
	Expenditures							
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>icrease</u> ecrease)	<u>Percentage</u>	
Expenditures								
General Government	\$	810,750	\$	771,751	\$	38,999	5.05%	
Public Safety		3,796,629		3,540,403		256,226	7.24%	
Transportation & Public Works		790,564		754,024		36,540	4.85%	
Culture, Recreation, Environment		28,469		25,825		2,644	10.24%	
Physical Environment		4,229		99,233		(95,004)	-95.74%	
Human Services		3,000		4,000		(1,000)	-25.00%	
Capital Outlay		250,173		221,963		28,210	12.71%	
Debt Service		-		-		-	0.00%	
Total Expenditures	\$	5,683,814	\$	5,417,199		266,615	4.92%	

As discussed in the City Highlights, the City had budgeted for the purchase of land and the construction of a new fire station in fiscal year 2019. As of September 30, 2019, the land had not yet been purchased. Expenditures for the land and fire station are likely to occur in fiscal years 2020 and 2021.

Although the Capital Improvements Fund is typically used for capital asset acquisitions, the City may use a portion of those funds for major repairs items which are operating in nature. Under the law, Infrastructure Taxes and any interest earned is restricted for use on capital assets. However, the City does have other revenue sources from years prior to the inception of the infrastructure tax. For fiscal 2019, the Capital Improvements Fund included \$14,331 of non-capital operating expenses.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the expenditures reported under the governmental funds approach totaling \$5,683,814 to the total expenses reported in the Statement of Activities for the same governmental activities totaling \$6,322,011.

The main differences will be for adjustments to governmental activities expenses for non-cash depreciation of \$506,245 and change in non-cash pension benefits of \$337,662, as well as the removal of capital expenditures totaling \$250,173 that are not included in the Statement of Activities.

#### Table 5b Reconciliation to Statement of Activities

2019

2018

	2017	2010
Expenditures Governmental Fund Approach	\$ 5,683,814	\$ 5,417,199
Less: Cash Outlay for Capital Asset Purchases	(250,173)	(221,963)
Add: Depreciation Capital Assets	506,245	510,661
Add: Un-depreciated cost of disposed assets	6,826	16,192
Change in non-cash expense-		
Compensated Absences	9,633	24,145
Change in non-cash Other Post Employment Benefits	28,004	10,531
Change in non-cash pension benefits	337,662	183,824
Proceeds from sale of capital assets offset		(360)
Expenditures - Statement of Activities	\$ 6,322,011	\$ 5,940,229

Table 6General Fund – Change in Fund Balance

	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>Increase</u> (Decrease)	
Nonspendable:						
Inventories and prepaids	\$	42,544	\$	38,991	\$	3,553
Restricted for:						
Scholarships		1,651		2,651		(1,000)
Assigned to:						
Future budgetary appropriations		208,260		126,280		81,980
Unassigned		2,845,909		2,723,043		122,866
Total General Fund Balance	\$	3,098,364	\$	2,890,965	\$	207,399

## Table 7Capital Improvements Fund – Change in Fund Balance

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	_	<u>Increase</u> (Decrease)	
Restricted for:					
Infrastructure	\$ 5,199,997	\$ 4,670,585	\$	529,412	
Assigned to:					
Capital improvement projects	200,255	240,878		(40,623)	
Total Fund Balance	\$ 5,400,252	\$ 4,911,463	\$	488,789	

#### **Business Type Funds**

The net position of the Sewer and Reclaimed Water enterprise funds increased \$20,285 in fiscal year 2019 compared to a decrease of \$32,576 in fiscal year 2018. The net income for the enterprise funds, which is net of investment earnings, including a loss of \$11,974 for the sewer operations and income of \$32,259 for reclaimed water operations. The net position for the Sewer Fund decreased 0.41% to \$2,926,317 at September 30, 2019 and the net position for the Reclaimed Water Fund increased 1.47% to \$2,225,131. (Please see page 27 for more detailed information.)

Net Income from Operations is a measure of profit before interest earnings and measures only the revenues and costs associated with the operation of the business activity. For fiscal 2019, the Sewer Fund showed a net operating loss before investment earnings of \$40,680 compared to an operating loss of \$48,230 for 2018.

For 2019 the Reclaimed Water fund showed net operating income of \$522 before investment earnings compared to 2018 when the fund had a net operating loss of \$23,516.

The Sewer fund was also allocated an administrative service charge from the General Fund in the amount of \$25,370. This is the eighth year in which the enterprise funds have been allocated their proportionate share of administrative costs. The administrative burden of operating the enterprise funds is now being allocated from the General Fund in order to arrive at a more accurate cost of operating these funds.

The largest operating expense for the Sewer Fund is the processing fees paid to the City of St. Petersburg for sewage processing. These processing charges for 2019 were \$866,460, which is an increase of 16.5% from the 2018 charges of \$743,924. The time spent by Public Works personnel in sewer and reclaimed water operations is allocated to each enterprise fund. The salary allocation to the Sewer Fund in 2019 was \$53,310, an increase of 5.0% from the allocation in 2018, which was \$50,750. The amount of 2019 non-cash depreciation charges in the Sewer Fund was \$139,880.

The amount of salary allocations to the Reclaimed Water Fund from the General Fund was \$43,165, a 5.8% increase from the amount allocated in 2018 in the amount of \$40,795. The cost of acquiring reclaimed water from Pinellas County was \$26,506 in 2019 compared to \$25,690 in 2018, an increase of 3.2%. The Reclaimed Water operating expenses for 2019 include non-cash depreciation charges of \$102,949.

#### **Budgetary Highlights – General Fund**

The General Fund budget was not amended during fiscal year 2019. The amount of budgeted revenues (amounts available for appropriation) was \$5,493,865. Actual revenues for fiscal year 2019 were \$5,626,709, which results in a favorable variance of \$132,844. The final amount of budgeted expenditures (charges to appropriations) for 2019 was \$5,620,145. The amount of actual expenditures was \$5,419,310, which represents a favorable variance of \$200,835. The overall favorable budget variance for fiscal year 2019 is \$333,679. (Please see pages 59-62 for more detailed information).

The difference of \$126,280 between the finalized budgeted revenues and budgeted expenditures in the General Fund represents that portion of the beginning fund balance that the City was planning to utilize in meeting 2019 budgeted expenditures.

# <u>Revenues</u>

Revenue budgets are based on projections using historic trend analysis. Typically, only the first seven months of the previous year's actual revenues are known at the time of budget preparation. Considering the current economic conditions, these initial months are conservatively trended to estimate the upcoming year's budget. Actual amounts collected may vary significantly depending on changing economic conditions and consumer spending habits.

General Fund budget-to-actual variances include the following:

- Building permit revenues were \$55,830 higher than anticipated.
- Mechanical permit revenues were \$27,609 higher than anticipated.
- Property tax revenue was \$19,962 lower than anticipated, but overall tax revenue was \$35,411 higher than the amount budgeted.

# **Expenditures**

Actual expenditures were 96.4% of the amount budgeted.

The following is an overview of General Fund variances from the final budget for fiscal 2019:

- The activities of the Legislative Department utilized 88.5% of its operating budget and had a positive variance of \$15,364 that is primarily attributable to other services and charges being \$12,877 under budget.
- The Finance and Administration Department utilized 96.1% of its operating budget and had a positive variance of \$27,941. The positive variance included other services and charges being \$20,508 below the budgeted amount.
- The Fire Department utilized 96.0% of its operating budget and had a positive variance of \$106,963 that is primarily attributable to personal services being \$36,097 under budget and other services and charges being \$37,679 under budget.
- The Community Improvement Department (Protective Inspections) utilized 93.0% of its operating budget and had a positive variance of \$29,461. The positive variance included personal services being \$108,203 below the budgeted amount, which was offset by other services and charges being \$80,999 above budget. These variances are due to the City's use of a consulting firm after the departure of the Director of Community Improvement.
- Public Works / Transportation Department utilized 98.0% of its operating budget and had a positive variance of \$15,993 that is primarily attributable to utilities being \$11,807 under budget.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

# **Capital Assets**

As of September 30, 2019, the City had \$21,538,141 (total cost) invested in a variety of capital assets as compared to \$21,267,829 as September 30, 2018. This represents a net increase (at cost) of \$270,312 or 1.3% from the end of last year. Capital additions in fiscal year 2019 purchased out of the Capital Improvement Fund totaled \$250,173 and \$112,438 of additions were purchased in the Sewer Fund.

### Table 8 Capital Assets at September 30, (Net of Depreciation)

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ	••	Total Primary Government		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Land and land rights	\$ 2,063,033	\$ 2,059,183	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,063,033	\$ 2,059,183	
Construction and projects in progress	18,168	12,429	-	-	18,168	12,429	
Structures and Improvements	4,365,452	4,280,266	-	-	4,365,452	4,280,266	
Infrastructure	4,505,918	4,457,180	7,204,517	7,092,079	11,710,435	11,549,259	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	3,381,053	3,366,692	-	-	3,381,053	3,366,692	
Total Cost of Assets	14,333,624	14,175,750	7,204,517	7,092,079	21,538,141	21,267,829	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(7,125,254)	(6,704,482)	(5,263,980)	(5,021,150)	(12,389,234)	(11,725,632)	
Total	\$ 7,208,370	\$ 7,471,268	\$ 1,940,537	\$ 2,070,929	\$ 9,148,907	\$ 9,542,197	

The following reconciliation summarizes the change in Capital Assets, which is presented in detail in the financial statement notes (See Note D to the financial statements – Capital Assets on page 43.)

		vernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Beginning balance as reported last year	\$	7,471,268	\$ 2,070,929	\$ 9,542,197
Additions		257,718	112,438	370,156
Retirements		(99,844)	-	(99,844)
Depreciation		(506,245)	(242,830)	(749,075)
Accumulated depreciation retirements		85,472	-	85,472
Ending Balance	\$	7,208,370	\$ 1,940,537	\$ 9,148,907

# Table 9Change in Capital Assets – (Net)

This year's major additions are:

Governmental Activities:

City Hall Patio and Stairway	\$ 58,077
2019 Ford F-350 Dump Truck	51,130
Paving - Hibiscus Avenue North	22,505
Hibiscus Hall - Two 10-Ton Split A/C Units	22,125
	\$ 153,837

# **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

Fiscal year 2019 demonstrated economic improvement as tax and certain intergovernmental revenues continued to increase. Real estate values maintained an upward trend for the sixth year after several years of decreasing values. For the current 2019 fiscal year, taxable values increased 7.4%, or \$42.8 million, to \$623,579,737.

The economic outlook for the City continues to look good, although fiscal year 2020 sales tax and local fuel tax collections are likely to decrease due to the economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Pasadena Shopping Center continues to be a primary site for commercial expansion activity. In fiscal year 2019, a major auto parts retailer opened and a restaurant completed its renovations and opened its new storefront. Additionally, near the end of fiscal year 2019, construction commenced on a new storage facility on Pasadena Avenue. While a timeline for recovery from the economic impact of COVID-19 remains uncertain, the City looks forward to continued additions and improvements to the commercial properties within the City.

The City does not have a formal fund balance policy. The September 30, 2019 unassigned General Fund balance totaling \$2,845,909 equates to 6.3 months of expenditure coverage.

### FINANCIAL CONTACT

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, contact the City's Finance Director at City Hall at 7047 Sunset Drive South, South Pasadena, Florida 33707, telephone (727) 347-4171.

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# **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements present financial information about the reporting government as a whole, except for fiduciary activities. The fund financial statements present financial information about major funds individually for the governmental and enterprise funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate. The notes to the financial statements present information essential for a fair presentation of the financial statements that is not displayed on the face of the financial statements.

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# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# September 30, 2019

With Comparative Total Amounts for September 30, 2018

		2018		
	Governmental	Business-type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	Total
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash, cash equivalents and				
pooled cash and investments	\$ 8,689,011	\$ 3,163,653	\$ 11,852,664	\$ 10,921,490
Receivables - other	27,192	-	27,192	10,110
Due from other governments	29,662	113,513	143,175	177,463
Inventory of supplies	6,112	-	6,112	9,686
Prepaid expense	36,432	3,156	39,588	31,844
Total current assets	8,788,409	3,280,322	12,068,731	11,150,593
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Land and land rights	2,063,033	-	2,063,033	2,059,183
Structures and improvements	4,365,452	-	4,365,452	4,280,266
Infrastructure	4,505,918	7,204,517	11,710,435	11,549,259
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3,381,053	-	3,381,053	3,366,692
Construction and projects in process	18,168	-	18,168	12,429
Accumulated depreciation	(7,125,254)	(5,263,980)	(12,389,234)	(11,725,632)
Total non-current assets	7,208,370	1,940,537	9,148,907	9,542,197
TOTAL ASSETS	15,996,779	5,220,859	21,217,638	20,692,790
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Net Other Post Employment Benefits	13,423	-	13,423	1,246
Defined benefit pension plans				
Firefighters' Retirement Fund	905,255	-	905,255	900,567
Florida Retirement System	745,547		745,547	889,430
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,664,225		1,664,225	1,791,243
TOTAL ASSETS AND				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 17,661,004	\$ 5,220,859	\$ 22,881,863	\$ 22,484,033

		2019					_	2018	
		mmental ivities		siness-type Activities		Total		Total	
LIABILITIES									
CURRENT LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	53,774	\$	69,411	\$	123,185	\$	103,455	
Due to other governments		-		-		-		4,364	
Accrued liabilities		156,706		-		156,706		102,253	
Current portion of:									
Accrued compensated absences		45,988		-		45,988		43,665	
Total current liabilities		256,468		69,411		325,879		253,737	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES									
Net Other Post Employment Benefits		164,623		-		164,623		124,442	
Accrued compensated absences		170,229		-		170,229		162,919	
Net pension liability:									
Firefighters' Retirement Fund	2,	367,953		-		2,367,953		2,201,777	
Florida Retirement System	1,	685,905		-		1,685,905		1,492,749	
Total non-current liabilities		388,710		-		4,388,710		3,981,887	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,	645,178		69,411		4,714,589		4,235,624	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred revenue - local business tax receipts		79,313		-		79,313		77,859	
Defined benefit pension plans:									
Firefighters' Retirement Fund		263,429		-		263,429		397,509	
Florida Retirement System		107,762		-		107,762		134,547	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		450,504		-		450,504		609,915	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND									
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,	095,682		69,411		5,165,093		4,845,539	
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	7,	208,370		1,940,537		9,148,907		9,542,197	
Restricted:	5	100.007				5 100 007		4 670 595	
Infrastructure	э,	199,997		-		5,199,997		4,670,585	
Scholarships		1,651		3,210,911		1,651		2,651	
Unrestricted		155,304		3,210,911		3,366,215		3,423,061	
TOTAL NET POSITION	12,	565,322		5,151,448		17,716,770		17,638,494	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF									
<b>RESOURCES AND NET POSITION</b>	\$ 17,	661,004	\$	5,220,859	\$	22,881,863	\$	22,484,033	

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

With Comparative Total Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	_	2019								
				-	Program Revenues					
	Char			0	perating	Capital				
			С	harges for	-	rants and		nts and		
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS		Expenses		Services Contributio		Contributions		ributions		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
General government	\$	999,635	\$	104,819	\$	40,793	\$	-		
Public safety - Police		810,378		7,523		-		-		
Public safety - Fire		2,838,432		-		825,974		-		
Public safety - Protective inspections		458,251		372,163		-		-		
Transportation - Public works		992,510		-		-		-		
Human services		9,402		-		-		-		
Culture and recreation		56,469		11,335		2,979		-		
Physical environment		156,934		-		-		-		
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		6,322,011		495,840		869,746		-		
<b>BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES</b>										
Sewer		1,174,549		1,133,869		-		-		
Reclaimed water		188,877		189,399		-		-		
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		1,363,426		1,323,268		-		-		
TOTAL	\$	7,685,437	\$	1,819,108	\$	869,746	\$	-		

General Revenues

Taxes: Ad valorem Franchise fees Utility taxes Communications service tax Sales tax - infrastructure Half-cent sales tax Local option gas tax Other taxes State revenue sharing - unrestricted Interest Change in fair value of investments Miscellaneous Total general revenues Change in net position Net position - beginning of year Net position - end of year

		2	019				2018
	Net	(Expense	e) Revenue	and			
	C	hanges in	Net Positi	on			
G	overnmental		ess-type				
	Activities	Act	ivities		Total		Total
\$	(854,023)	\$	_	\$	(854,023)	\$	(782,072)
Ŷ	(802,855)	Ŷ	_	Ŷ	(802,855)	Ŷ	(765,460)
	(2,012,458)		_		(2,012,458)		(1,820,082)
	(86,088)		_		(86,088)		(20,041)
	(992,510)		_		(992,510)		(915,029)
	(9,402)		-		(9,402)		(10,162)
	(42,155)		-		(42,155)		(38,535)
	(156,934)		-		(156,934)		(256,026)
	(4,956,425)				(4,956,425)		(4,607,407)
	(1,200,120)				(1,200,120)		(1,007,107)
	-		(40,680)		(40,680)		(48,230)
	-		522		522		(23,516)
	-		(40,158)		(40,158)		(71,746)
	(4,956,425)		(40,158)		(4,996,583)		(4,679,153)
	2,095,658		-		2,095,658		1,820,247
	533,672		-		533,672		509,999
	703,744		-		703,744		663,585
	212,307		-		212,307		247,881
	643,325		-		643,325		609,637
	334,408		-		334,408		329,118
	71,246		-		71,246		75,738
	18,898		-		18,898		60,288
	165,471		-		165,471		161,955
	148,657		60,443		209,100		136,930
	33,454		-		33,454		13,951
	53,576		-	_	53,576		50,569
	5,014,416		60,443	_	5,074,859	_	4,679,898
	57,991		20,285		78,276		745
	12,507,331	5,	131,163	_	17,638,494		17,637,749
\$	12,565,322	\$5,	151,448	\$	17,716,770	\$	17,638,494

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# September 30, 2019

With Comparative Total Amounts for September 30, 2018

		2019		2018
	General	Capital Improvements	Total Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS				
Cash, cash equivalents and				
pooled cash and investments	\$ 3,291,737	\$ 5,397,274	\$ 8,689,011	\$ 7,891,060
Receivables - other	27,192	-	27,192	9,991
Due from other governments	26,684	2,978	29,662	79,034
Inventory of supplies	6,112	-	6,112	9,686
Prepaid expenditures	36,432		36,432	29,305
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,388,157	\$ 5,400,252	\$ 8,788,409	\$ 8,019,076
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 53,774	\$ -	\$ 53,774	\$ 32,172
Due to other governments	-	-	-	4,364
Accrued liabilities	156,706		156,706	102,253
TOTAL LIABILITIES	210,480		210,480	138,789
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred revenue - local business tax receipts	79,313		79,313	77,859
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	79,313		79,313	77,859
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	289,793		289,793	216,648
FUND BALANCES				
Fund balances				
Non-spendable:				
Inventories and prepaids	42,544	-	42,544	38,991
Restricted for:				
Infrastructure	-	5,199,997	5,199,997	4,670,585
Scholarships	1,651	-	1,651	2,651
Assigned to:				
Capital improvement projects	-	200,255	200,255	240,878
Future budgetary appropriations	208,260	-	208,260	126,280
Unassigned	2,845,909		2,845,909	2,723,043
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	3,098,364	5,400,252	8,498,616	7,802,428
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,388,157	\$ 5,400,252	\$ 8,788,409	\$ 8,019,076

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

September 30, 2019

Fund Balances - total governmental funds			\$ 8,498,616
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Governmental capital assets	\$	14,333,624	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(7,125,254)	7,208,370
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Compensated absences		(216,217)	
Net Other Post Employment Benefit liability		(164,623)	
Net pension liability - Firefighters' Retirement Fund		(2,367,953)	
Net pension liability - Florida Retirement System		(1,685,905)	
			(4,434,698)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are			
not reported in the governmental funds but will be recognized in			
pension expense on a long-term basis and are therefore reported in			
the statement of net position.			
Deferred outflows of resources related to Other Post Employment Benefits		13,423	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions - Firefighters' Retirement Fund	1	905,255	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions - Florida Retirement System		745,547	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions - Firefighters' Retirement Fund		(263,429)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions - Florida Retirement System		(107,762)	
			 1,293,034
Net position of governmental activities.			\$ 12,565,322

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

With Comparative Total Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Total         Total           REVENUES         Governmental Improvements         Funds         Total           Taxes         \$ 3,545,381         \$ 1.097         \$ 3,546,478         \$ 3,246,996           Licenses and permits         475,885         -         1.135         1502         1.1335         1502         -         53,576         -         53,576         -         53,576         -         53,576         -         53,576         -         53,576         -         53,576         -         53,576         -         53,240,403         376,629         -         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         -			2019		2018
Taxes         \$ 3,545,381         \$ 1,097         \$ 3,546,478         \$ 3,246,996           Licenses and permits         475,885         -         475,885         -         475,885         476,897           Intergovernmental revenue         1,456,790         646,304         2,103,094         2,055,008           Fines and forfeits         7,523         -         7,523         21,062           Interset         61,128         87,529         148,657         97,760           Change in fair value of investments         15,091         18,363         33,454         13,3951           Rent         11,335         -         11,335         9,950           TOTAL REVENUES         5,626,709         753,293         6,380,002         5,973,550           EXPENDITURES         -         4,229         4,229         9,233           General government         -         4,229         4,229         9,233           Human services         3,000         -         3,000         4,000           Culture and recreation         28,469         -         28,469         25,825           Capital outlay:         -         33,962         33,962         114,986           Transportation - public works         - </th <th></th> <th>General</th> <th>Capital</th> <th>Governmental</th> <th></th>		General	Capital	Governmental	
Licenses and permits         475,885         -         475,885         476,897           Intergovernmental revenue         1,455,790         646,304         2,103,094         2,056,008           Fines and forfeits         7,523         -         7,523         21,062           Interest         61,128         87,529         148,657         97,760           Change in fair value of investments         15,091         18,363         33,454         13,951           Rent         11,335         -         11,335         9,950           Miscellaneous revenues         53,576         -         53,576         50,926           TOTAL REVENUES         5,626,709         753,293         6,380,002         5,973,550           EXPENDITURES         Current:         General government         810,300         450         810,750         771,751           Public safety         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         3,540,403         754,024           Physical environment         -         4,229         4,229         92,33         Human services         3,000         -         3,000         4,000           Culture and recreation         28,469         -         28,469         2,82,825         Capital outlay: <td< th=""><th>REVENUES</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>	REVENUES				
Intergovermental revenue         1,456,790         646,304         2,103,094         2,056,008           Fines and forfeits         7,523         -         7,523         21,062           Interest         61,128         87,529         148,657         97,760           Change in fair value of investments         15,091         18,363         33,454         13,951           Rent         11,335         -         11,335         9,950           Miscellaneous revenues         5,576         -         53,576         50,926           TOTAL REVENUES         5,626,709         753,293         6,380,002         5,973,550           EXPENDITURES         5,626,709         753,293         6,380,002         5,973,550           Current:         General government         810,300         450         810,750         771,751           Public safety         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         3,544,403         74,024           Transportation - public works         780,912         9,652         790,564         754,024           Physical environment         -         4,229         4,229         92,233           Human services         3,000         -         3,000         4,000           Culture an	Taxes	\$ 3,545,381	\$ 1,097	\$ 3,546,478	\$ 3,246,996
Fines and forfeits         7,523         -         7,523         21,062           Interest         61,128         87,529         148,657         97,760           Change in fair value of investments         11,335         -         11,335         9,950           Miscellaneous revenues         53,576         -         53,576         50,926           TOTAL REVENUES         5,626,709         753,293         6,380,002         5,973,550           EXPENDITURES         -         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         3,540,403           Transportation - public works         780,912         9,652         790,564         754,024         Physical environment         -         4,229         4,229         99,233           Human services         3,000         -         3,000         -         3,000         4.000           Culture and recreation         28,469         -         28,469         28,469         28,469         28,469         28,469         28,469         28,825           Capital outlay:         -         33,962         33,962         33,962         33,962         33,962         31,292         1,868           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         -         31,292	Licenses and permits	475,885	-	475,885	476,897
Interest         61,128         87,529         148,657         97,760           Change in fair value of investments         15,091         18,363         33,454         13,351           Rent         13,355         -         11,335         9,950           Miscellaneous revenues         53,576         -         53,576         50,926           TOTAL REVENUES         5,626,709         753,293         6,380,002         5,973,550           EXPENDITURES         -         -         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         3,540,403           Transportation - public works         780,912         9,652         790,564         754,024           Physical environment         -         4,229         4,229         4,229         9,233           Human services         3,000         -         3,000         4,000         4,000           Culture and recreation         28,469         -         28,469         25,825         Capital outlay:         -         33,962         31,9862         114,986           Transportation - public works         -         181,719         181,719         98,912         98,912         98,912         114,986           Transportation - public works         -         181,719	Intergovernmental revenue	1,456,790	646,304	2,103,094	
Change in fair value of investments         15,091         18,363         33,454         13,951           Rent         11,335         -         11,335         9,950           Miscellaneous revenues         53,576         -         53,576         50,925           TOTAL REVENUES         5,626,709         753,293         6,380,002         5,973,550           EXPENDITURES         -         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         3,540,403           Current:         General government         810,300         450         810,750         771,751           Public safety         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         3,540,403         780,912         9,652         790,564         754,024           Physical environment         -         4,229         4,229         99,233         Human services         3,000         4,000         Culture and recreation         28,469         -         28,469         28,2459         -         33,962         31,992         114,986         114,986         114,986         Transportation - public works         -         1181,719         181,719         9,8112         14,986         114,986         114,986         149,986         12,920         13,8962         33,962         31,292         148,986<	Fines and forfeits	7,523	-	7,523	21,062
Rent         11,335         -         11,335         9,950           Miscellaneous revenues         53,576         -         53,576         50,926           TOTAL REVENUES         5,626,709         753,293         6,380,002         5,973,550           EXPENDITURES         -         5,626,709         753,293         6,380,002         5,973,550           Current:         -         -         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         3,540,403           Transportation - public works         780,912         9,652         790,564         754,024           Physical environment         -         4,229         4,229         99,233           Human services         3,000         -         3,000         4,000           Culture and recreation         28,469         -         28,469         25,825           Capital outlay:         -         33,962         114,986         114,986           Transportation - public works         -         181,719         181,719         98,912           Physical environment         -         3,200         6,197         98,912           Physical environment         -         31,292         31,292         18,688           TOTAL EXPENDITURES	Interest	61,128	87,529	148,657	97,760
Miscellaneous revenues         53,576         -         53,576         50,926           TOTAL REVENUES         5,626,709         753,293         6,380,002         5,973,550           EXPENDITURES         Current:         General government         810,300         450         810,750         771,751           Public safety         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         3,796,629         3,540,403           Transportation - public works         780,912         9,652         790,564         754,024           Physical environment         -         4,229         4,229         99,233           Human services         3,000         -         3,000         4,000           Culture and recreation         28,469         -         28,469         25,825           Capital outlay:         -         32,000         3,200         6,197           Public safety         -         33,962         114,986         114,986           Transportation - public works         -         181,719         181,719         98,912           Physical environment         -         32,200         3,804         5,417,199           EXCESS OF REVENDTURES         207,399         488,789         696,188         556,351	Change in fair value of investments	15,091	18,363	33,454	13,951
TOTAL REVENUES       5,626,709       753,293       6,380,002       5,973,550         EXPENDITURES       Current:       General government       810,300       450       810,750       771,751         Public safety       3,796,629       -       3,796,629       3,540,403         Transportation - public works       780,912       9,652       790,564       754,024         Physical environment       -       4,229       4,229       99,233         Human services       3,000       -       3,000       4,000         Culture and recreation       28,469       -       28,469       25,825         Capital outlay:       -       33,962       33,962       114,986         Transportation - public works       -       181,719       181,719       9,912         Physical environment       -       32,200       5,633,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER       -       181,719       181,719       9,812         (UNDER) EXPENDITURES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       360         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       -       360         NE	Rent	11,335	-	11,335	9,950
EXPENDITURES           Current:           General government         \$10,300         450         \$10,750         771,751           Public safety         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         3,540,403           Transportation - public works         780,912         9,652         790,564         754,024           Physical environment         -         4,229         4,229         99,233           Human services         3,000         -         3,000         4,000           Culture and recreation         28,469         -         28,469         25,825           Capital outlay:         0         -         32,000         6,197           Public safety         -         33,962         114,986           Transportation - public works         -         181,719         181,719         98,912           Physical environment         -         -         31,292         1,868           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         207,399         488,789         696,188         556,351           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         -         -         -         360           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         -         -         -         360           NET CHANGE IN FUND BAL	Miscellaneous revenues		-	53,576	50,926
Current:       810,300       450       810,750       771,751         Public safety       3,796,629       -       3,796,629       3,540,403         Transportation - public works       780,912       9,652       790,564       740,024         Physical environment       -       4,229       4,229       99,233         Human services       3,000       -       3,000       4,000         Culture and recreation       28,469       -       28,469       25,825         Capital outlay:       -       3,200       6,197         Public safety       -       33,962       33,962       114,986         Transportation - public works       -       181,719       181,719       98,912         Physical environment       -       31,292       31,292       1,868         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       5,419,310       264,504       5,683,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       360         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789	TOTAL REVENUES	5,626,709	753,293	6,380,002	5,973,550
General government         810,300         450         810,750         771,751           Public safety         3,796,629         -         3,796,629         3,540,403           Transportation - public works         780,912         9,652         790,564         754,024           Physical environment         -         4,229         4,229         99,233           Human services         3,000         -         3,000         4,000           Culture and recreation         28,469         -         28,469         25,825           Capital outlay:         -         33,962         33,962         114,986           Transportation - public works         -         181,719         181,719         181,719           Physical environment         -         31,292         31,292         1,868           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         5,419,310         264,504         5,683,814         5,417,199           EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         207,399         488,789         696,188         556,351           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         -         -         -         360           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES         207,399         488,789         696,188         556,711           FUND BALANCES - BEGIN	EXPENDITURES				
Public safety       3,796,629       -       3,796,629       3,540,403         Transportation - public works       780,912       9,652       790,564       754,024         Physical environment       -       4,229       4,229       99,233         Human services       3,000       -       3,000       4,000         Culture and recreation       28,469       -       28,469       25,825         Capital outlay:       -       -       3,200       6,197         Public safety       -       33,962       33,962       114,986         Transportation - public works       -       181,719       181,719       98,912         Physical environment       -       31,292       31,292       1,868         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       5,419,310       264,504       5,683,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       360         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,80,	Current:				
Transportation - public works       780,912       9,652       790,564       754,024         Physical environment       -       4,229       4,229       99,233         Human services       3,000       -       3,000       4,000         Culture and recreation       28,469       -       28,469       25,825         Capital outlay:       -       3,200       6,197         General government       -       33,962       33,962       114,986         Transportation - public works       -       181,719       181,719       98,912         Physical environment       -       31,292       31,292       1,868         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       5,419,310       264,504       5,683,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       360         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	General government	810,300	450	810,750	771,751
Physical environment       -       4,229       4,229       99,233         Human services       3,000       -       3,000       4,000         Culture and recreation       28,469       -       28,469       25,825         Capital outlay:       -       3,200       6,197         General government       -       3,200       3,962       31,962         Public safety       -       33,962       33,962       114,986         Transportation - public works       -       181,719       181,719       98,912         Physical environment       -       31,292       31,292       1,868         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       5,419,310       264,504       5,683,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       360         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	Public safety	3,796,629	-	3,796,629	3,540,403
Human services       3,000       -       3,000       4,000         Culture and recreation       28,469       -       28,469       25,825         Capital outlay:       -       3,200       3,200       6,197         Public safety       -       33,962       314,986         Transportation - public works       -       181,719       181,719       98,912         Physical environment       -       31,292       31,292       1,868         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       5,419,310       264,504       5,683,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       360         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	Transportation - public works	780,912	9,652	790,564	754,024
Culture and recreation       28,469       -       28,469       25,825         Capital outlay:       -       3,200       3,200       6,197         Public safety       -       33,962       33,962       114,986         Transportation - public works       -       181,719       181,719       98,912         Physical environment       -       31,292       31,292       1,868         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       5,419,310       264,504       5,683,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       360         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	Physical environment	-	4,229	4,229	99,233
Capital outlay:       -       3,200       3,200       6,197         Public safety       -       33,962       33,962       114,986         Transportation - public works       -       181,719       181,719       98,912         Physical environment       -       31,292       31,292       1,868         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       5,419,310       264,504       5,683,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       360         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	Human services	3,000	-	3,000	4,000
General government       -       3,200       3,200       6,197         Public safety       -       33,962       33,962       114,986         Transportation - public works       -       181,719       181,719       98,912         Physical environment       -       31,292       31,292       1,868         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       5,419,310       264,504       5,683,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       360         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       360         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	Culture and recreation	28,469	-	28,469	25,825
Public safety       -       33,962       33,962       114,986         Transportation - public works       -       181,719       181,719       98,912         Physical environment       -       31,292       31,292       1,868         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       5,419,310       264,504       5,683,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       360         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       -       360         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	Capital outlay:				
Transportation - public works       -       181,719       181,719       98,912         Physical environment       -       31,292       31,292       1,868         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       5,419,310       264,504       5,683,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       -       360         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	General government	-	3,200	3,200	6,197
Transportation - public works       -       181,719       181,719       98,912         Physical environment       -       31,292       31,292       1,868         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       5,419,310       264,504       5,683,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       -       360         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	Public safety	-	33,962	33,962	114,986
Physical environment       -       31,292       31,292       1,868         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       5,419,310       264,504       5,683,814       5,417,199         EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       -       360         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	•	-	181,719	181,719	98,912
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,351         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       360         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       -       -       -       360         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	Physical environment	-	31,292	31,292	1,868
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES207,399488,789696,188556,351OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets360TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)360NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES207,399488,789696,188556,711FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR2,890,9654,911,4637,802,4287,245,717	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,419,310	264,504	5,683,814	5,417,199
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets360TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)360NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES207,399488,789696,188556,711FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR2,890,9654,911,4637,802,4287,245,717	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets360TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)360NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES207,399488,789696,188556,711FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR2,890,9654,911,4637,802,4287,245,717	(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	207,399	488,789	696,188	556,351
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       360         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       207,399       488,789       696,188       556,711         FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	Proceeds from sale of capital assets				360
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR       2,890,965       4,911,463       7,802,428       7,245,717	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				360
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	207,399	488,789	696,188	556,711
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR       \$ 3,098,364       \$ 5,400,252       \$ 8,498,616       \$ 7,802,428	FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,890,965	4,911,463	7,802,428	7,245,717
	FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,098,364	\$ 5,400,252	\$ 8,498,616	\$ 7,802,428

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

### For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 696,188
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.		
Expenditures for capital assets Less: Current year depreciation	\$ 250,173 (506,245)	(256,072)
In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported on the disposal of capital assets based on the sale price less the remaining un-depreciated cost, whereas in the governmental funds the proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. The remaining un-depreciated cost of assets disposed of results in a decrease in net position.		
Un-depreciated cost of capital assets sold as surplus or disposed of		(6,826)
Some expenses, or reductions to expenses, reported in the statement of activities do not require the use, or receipt, of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures, or reductions to expenditures, in governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences Current year cost - Other Post Employment Benefits Pension expense - Firefighters' Retirement Fund Pension expense - Florida Retirement System	 (9,633) (28,004) (27,408) (310,254)	 (375,299)
Change in net position of governmental activities.		\$ 57,991

### BALANCE SHEET PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### September 30, 2019

With Comparative Total Amounts for September 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
				2019		<u> </u>		2018
			]	Reclaimed				
		Sewer		Water		Total		Total
ASSETS								
CURRENT ASSETS								
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,538,707	\$	1,624,946	\$	3,163,653	\$	3,030,430
Receivables - other		-		-		-		119
Due from other governments		97,701		15,812		113,513		98,429
Prepaid expense		3,156		-		3,156		2,539
Total current assets		1,639,564		1,640,758		3,280,322		3,131,517
NON-CURRENT ASSETS								
Capital Assets:								
Infrastructure		4,116,045		3,088,472		7,204,517		7,092,079
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(2,759,912)		(2,504,068)		(5,263,980)		(5,021,150)
Total non-current assets		1,356,133		584,404		1,940,537	-	2,070,929
Total non-current assets		1,550,155		564,404		1,940,937		2,070,929
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,995,697	\$	2,225,162	\$	5,220,859	\$	5,202,446
LIABILITIES								
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	69,380	\$	31	\$	69,411	\$	71,283
Total current liabilities	Ψ	69,380	Ψ	31	Ψ	69,411	Ψ	71,283
		07,500				0,111		/1,205
TOTAL LIABILITIES		69,380		31		69,411		71,283
NET POSITION								
Investment in capital assets		1,356,133		584,404		1,940,537		2,070,929
Unrestricted		1,570,184		1,640,727		3,210,911		3,060,234
TOTAL NET POSITION		2,926,317		2,225,131		5,151,448		5,131,163
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	2,995,697	\$	2,225,162	\$	5,220,859	\$	5,202,446

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

With Comparative Total Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	2019		2018		
		Reclaimed			
	Sewer	Water	Total	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 1,133,869	\$ 189,399	\$ 1,323,268	\$ 1,166,250	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	1,133,869	189,399	1,323,268	1,166,250	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Supervisory services	53,310	43,165	96,475	91,545	
Utilities	8,822	-	8,822	8,775	
City of St. Petersburg:					
Sewer processing	866,460	-	866,460	743,924	
Administration charge	2,514	444	2,958	5,331	
Pinellas County:					
Reclaimed water	-	26,506	26,506	25,690	
Audit and consulting	3,080	415	3,495	3,280	
Insurance	11,479	-	11,479	9,466	
Repairs, maintenance, renewals and replacements	58,486	2,808	61,294	66,141	
Administrative service charge	25,370	12,590	37,960	40,025	
Miscellaneous	5,148	-	5,148	4,019	
Depreciation	139,880	102,949	242,829	239,800	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,174,549	188,877	1,363,426	1,237,996	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(40,680)	522	(40,158)	(71,746)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUE					
Interest earned	28,706	31,737	60,443	39,170	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(11,974)	32,259	20,285	(32,576)	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,938,291	2,192,872	5,131,163	5,163,739	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,926,317	\$ 2,225,131	\$ 5,151,448	\$ 5,131,163	

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

With Comparative Total Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	I	Business-type Activi	ties - Enterprise Fun	ıds
		2019		2018
		Reclaimed		
	Sewer	Water	Total	Total
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,118,846	\$ 189,338	\$ 1,308,184	\$ 1,160,086
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(954,189)	(34,462)	(988,651)	(876,632)
Cash payments to employees for services	(53,310)	(43,165)	(96,475)	(91,545)
Cash paid for general government allocated expenses	(25,370)	(12,590)	(37,960)	(40,025)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	85,977	99,121	185,098	151,884
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(112,437)		(112,437)	
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(112,437)		(112,437)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and dividends on cash and cash equivalents	28,761	31,801	60,562	42,077
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	28,761	31,801	60,562	42,077
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,301	130,922	133,223	193,961
POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,536,406	1,494,024	3,030,430	2,836,469
POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,538,707	\$ 1,624,946	\$ 3,163,653	\$ 3,030,430
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (40,680)	\$ 522	\$ (40,158)	\$ (71,746)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net				
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	139,880	102,949	242,829	239,800
Changes in assets and liabilities:	159,000	102,919	212,029	239,000
(Increase) Decrease in Due From Other Governments	(15,023)	(61)	(15,084)	(6,164)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expense	(13,023)	(01)	(13,004)	(672)
		- (4.280)	. ,	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	2,417	(4,289)	(1,872)	(9,334)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	126,657	98,599	225,256	223,630
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 85,977	\$ 99,121	\$ 185,098	\$ 151,884

There were no non-cash investing or financing activities for the years ended September 30, 2019 or 2018

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2019

# With Comparative Amounts for September 30, 2018

	E	Employee Retirement Funds		
		2019		2018
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	190	\$	122
Investments, at fair value				
Short term investments / money market funds		246,085		738,700
U. S. government and agency				
fixed income securities		834,711		710,673
Corporate bonds		1,054,539		1,162,113
Equities - common stock		3,729,072		3,764,142
Real estate investment funds		686,637		-
Plan administrator's mutual funds		1,564,804		1,477,704
		8,115,848		7,853,332
Receivables		60,541		150,667
TOTAL ASSETS		8,176,579		8,004,121
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		13,711		13,409
Employer prepaid contribution		470		531
TOTAL LIABILITIES		14,181		13,940
NET POSITION				
Restricted for pensions	\$	8,162,398	\$	7,990,181

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

With Comparative Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	]	Employee Retirement Funds		
		2019		2018
ADDITIONS				
Contributions				
Employer	\$	455,310	\$	347,477
Employee		161,622		185,612
Total contributions		616,932		533,089
Intergovernmental revenue				
State excise tax rebate		-		44,492
Investment earnings				
Net change in fair				
value of investments		158,121		410,083
Interest and dividends		181,416		175,411
Total investment earnings (loss)		339,537		585,494
Less investment expense		(46,886)		(41,981)
Net investment earnings (loss)		292,651		543,513
TOTAL ADDITIONS		909,583		1,121,094
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits		658,708		1,008,454
Participant distributions		30,472		14,734
Professional services		44,337		30,852
Trustee / plan administrator's expenses		3,849		3,784
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		737,366		1,057,824
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		172,217		63,270
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		7,990,181		7,926,911
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	8,162,398	\$	7,990,181

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared to conform with the standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant accounting and reporting policies.

#### **1.** The Reporting Entity

The City of South Pasadena, Florida (the City) is a municipal corporation established in 1955 pursuant to the laws of Florida and operates under applicable provisions of Florida Statutes.

The City follows the principles of Section 2100, "Defining the Reporting Entity" of GASB "Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards" which established standards for defining and reporting on the "Financial Reporting Entity". The financial reporting entity includes the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which, if excluded, would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority to an organization will impose or provide a financial burden or benefit to the primary government, or management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit and manages the component unit in essentially the same manner in which it manages its own programs or departments. The City has no such applicable organizations that meet these requirements; therefore, the accompanying financial statements include only information relative to the primary government.

#### 2. Basic Financial Statements – GASB Statement #34

The City presents its comprehensive annual financial report in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34 – "Basic Financial Statements – and – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments". This standard establishes the financial reporting requirements for state and local governments. The Statement establishes specific standards for basic financial statements, management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), and certain required supplementary information.

As part of reporting pursuant to GASB Statement #34, there is a reporting requirement regarding infrastructure; that is roads, sidewalks, curbing, and drainage improvements, etc. All major general infrastructure assets that were acquired or significantly reconstructed, or that received significant improvements, in fiscal years ending after June 30, 1980, are required to be retroactively reported. All newly acquired or improved infrastructure assets must be reported in accordance GASB Statement #34. The City has included infrastructure assets acquired prior to June 30, 1980 that still have remaining useful lives.

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are presented using a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables and long-term liabilities. Governmental activities include the General Fund and the Capital Improvements Fund. Business-type activities include the Sewer and Reclaimed Water Enterprise Funds. The City's Fiduciary Funds, which consist of the Firefighters' Retirement and Employees' Deferred Compensation Plans, are not included in the government-wide financial statements since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports the gross and net cost for the various functional categories (general government, police, fire, etc.) of the City that are otherwise supported by general government revenues. The expenses for each functional category are reduced by program revenues to ascertain the net costs for that function. Program revenues are defined as charges for services, operating and capital grants that specifically relate to a specific program function. Charges for services include revenue

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

arising from charges to customers or applicants, who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided. Operating and capital grants consist of revenues received from governments, organizations or individuals that are specifically attributable to a program and are restricted for either operating expenditures / expenses or capital expenditures / expenses associated with the specific program.

The fund financial statements are similar to the financial statements presented in the previous reporting model. The emphasis in the new model is on major funds in both the governmental activities and business-type activities, and non-major funds are summarized into a single column. As a result, the City does not have any non-major funds.

#### **3.** Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (expenses) as appropriate. City resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The accompanying basic financial statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements:

<u>Governmental Funds</u>: This fund category accounts for the acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities, except for those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds. Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The City has presented the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

<u>Capital Improvements Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for intergovernmental revenue that is restricted in use for infrastructure improvements or vehicles with a life expectancy of at least five (5) years, as well as other funds received and expended for construction, renovation, expansion and major improvement of various City facilities, acquisition of land and other large nonrecurring projects.

<u>Proprietary Fund</u>: This fund category accounts for all assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, and expenses related to the City's activities similar to businesses in the private sector. The measurement focus of a Proprietary Fund is on determination of net income, financial position and cash flows using the accrual basis of accounting. The City's Proprietary Funds are presented in accordance with GASB Statement #62 – "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Pronouncements". The City's Proprietary Fund types consist of the following:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Enterprise Fund</u>: This fund type is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City has two Enterprise Funds that are presented as major proprietary funds:

<u>Sewer Fund:</u> This fund is used to account for the provision of Sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities of the sewer system include operations and maintenance of the system. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers.

<u>Reclaimed Water Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the provision of Reclaimed Water services to the residents of the City. Activities of the reclaimed water system include operations and maintenance of the system and collection of system user fees. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in conjunction with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of personnel, contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenue and expenses.

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u>: This fund category accounts for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The measurement focus is like a proprietary fund for the pension trust fund.

<u>Trust Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity. The Pension Trust Fund is a single trust fund used to account for the Firefighters' Retirement Pension Plan. The Deferred Compensation Trust Fund is a trust fund used to account for the Deferred Compensation Plan.

#### 4. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

<u>Modified Accrual</u>: The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized for the governmental fund types. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current period. Substantially all intergovernmental revenues and interest are susceptible to accrual. Property taxes are billed and substantially collected within the same fiscal year.

Revenues for reimbursement of grant expenditures are recognized as the expenditures are incurred up to the grant award amount.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general long-term debt are recognized when due.

<u>Accrual</u>: The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for the Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund - Trust Funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period that the liability is incurred.

### 5. Budget And Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a) By July 1, the City Finance Director submits to the City Commission a proposed budget for the ensuing fiscal year. It contains proposed expenditures and the means to finance them, including a proposed property tax millage rate.
- b) Public hearings are conducted in August and September to obtain taxpayer comments on the proposed budget and property tax millage rate.
- c) The budget and property tax millage rate is approved by the City Commission in September and adopted as a budget ordinance. This budget ordinance is adopted at the fund level.
- d) The budget is reviewed after the first six months of the fiscal year and any unusual and unforeseen changes are incorporated into the budget on a fund level by a modifying ordinance. This action requires the approval of the City Commission. Typically, the City does not make any budget line item revisions within departments or any inter-department budget transfers.
- e) Annual budgets were adopted for the following funds: General Fund, Capital Improvements Fund and the Sewer and Reclaimed Water Enterprise Funds. The budget serves as legal authorization for all expenditures except for the Fiduciary Fund types, which are controlled through alternate means. The budget is adopted and passed at the fund level. However, budgeted expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level for the General Fund and on an individual fund basis for the Capital Improvements Fund and the Sewer and Reclaimed Water Enterprise Funds. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, neither the General Fund budgeted appropriations nor the Capital Improvements Fund budgeted appropriations were amended.
- f) All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The City does not use an encumbrance method of accounting for appropriations.
- g) Budgets for governmental fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The budgets for the proprietary fund types (Sewer Fund and Reclaimed Water Fund) are adopted on a financial flow basis (depreciation is excluded) and as a result are not consistent with GAAP.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 6. Assets, Liabilities And Fund Equity

<u>Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Cash and Investments</u>: Cash balances of each fund, except for the Fiduciary Fund types, are pooled for investment purposes. The interest earned is allocated to each fund based on the fund's average balance in the pooled cash account. Cash in excess of each fund's immediate needs is placed in interest bearing accounts with several financial institutions.

The City considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Deposits with the State Board of Administration, which are investments, are considered to be a cash equivalent for purposes of determining cash flows.

<u>Investments</u>: Investments consist of money market accounts, funds invested with the State Board of Administration, funds invested with the Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIT), and funds invested with the Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (Florida SAFE). The investments are reported at fair value. Investments in the Fiduciary Funds consist of mutual funds, money market funds, U. S. Government and Federal Agency securities and bonds, corporate bonds, a real estate investment fund, and equities – common stocks. Investments in the Fiduciary Funds are accounted for at fair value. Funds invested with the State Board of Administration in the Florida Prime Trust Fund are valued at amortized cost. Deposits with the FMIT and Florida SAFE are reported at net position value.

<u>Inventory of Supplies</u>: Inventory is valued using the average cost basis and consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of the supplies are recorded as expenditures at the time the inventory is consumed.

<u>Prepaid expenses</u>: Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2019 are recorded as prepaid items under the consumption method of accounting.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable government or business-type activity in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. These assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual cost information is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art or similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are capitalized at their acquisition value on the date donated. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of the asset are also capitalized.

Depreciation, which is computed on a straight-line basis, is provided for in amounts sufficient to charge the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is not provided for capital projects in process. Interest cost incurred on construction in progress is capitalized as part of the cost of assets acquired in an enterprise fund. The estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Category	Useful Life
Structures and improvements	15 – 50 years
Infrastructure	20-40 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3-20 years
Sewer system equipment	12 years
Sewer system	40 years
Reclaimed water system	30 years

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Accrued Compensated Absences</u>: All full-time employees are allowed to carry over a maximum of 20 days of accumulated vacation time and 116 days of sick leave. General employees that have served the City for a minimum of 10 years are eligible for retirement and are paid a portion of their accumulated sick leave upon separation from the City; general employees with 10 to 14 years of service are paid 20% of their sick leave up to 116 days, and general employees with 15 or more years of service are paid 25% of their sick leave up to 116 days.

Firefighters are permitted to accumulate up to 1,400 hours of sick leave. Firefighters are paid 50% of their sick leave in excess of 700 hours upon retiring from the City.

The portion of the compensated absences liability that pertains to accrued vacation and compensatory time that is to be paid out of current available resources for terminated employees is recorded in the government–wide financial statements as a current liability. The remainder of the liability, which includes all accumulated sick time that is not expected to be paid within the next year, is reported as a component of long-term liabilities in the government–wide financial statements. There is no liability for compensated absences recorded in the Enterprise Funds as there are no employees in these funds.

Post Retirement Health and Life Insurance Benefits and Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability: The City provides post retirement health insurance benefits to employees upon completion of 10 years of service. The City does not provide any life insurance benefits. The City adopted GASB Statement Number 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions* for fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, the City reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle as of October 1, 2016.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans that are derived from the difference between projected and actual earnings on the respective plan investments are amortized to pension expense over a closed five year period. Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB that are derived from differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors (difference between expected and actual experience) in the measurement of the respective pension plan's total pension liability or changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs are amortized to pension or OPEB expense over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions or OPEB through the respective pension or OPEB plan (active and inactive employees) determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Contributions to the pension plan from the employer subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability and before the end of the reporting period are reported as a deferred outflow of resources related to pensions. This contribution is included as an increase in the respective pension plan fiduciary net position in the subsequent fiscal year.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u>: The City adopted GASB Statement Number 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement Number 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date* for fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. As a result of the implementation of GASB Statements 68 and 71, the City reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle as of October 1, 2014 for the Firefighters' Retirement Fund and for the

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

City's proportionate interest in the Florida Retirement System cost-sharing – multiple employer plan. The Net Pension Liability as defined by GASB 68 is the difference between the actuarial present value of projected pension benefits attributable to a participant's past services and the respective pension plan's fiduciary net position. The City did not have the information necessary to adopt GASB Statements 68 and 71 as of October 1, 2013 for the City's proportionate interest in the Florida Retirement System. To facilitate the understanding of the impact of GASB Statements 68 and 71, the City therefore used the same implementation date for the Firefighters' Retirement Fund.

<u>Net Position:</u> The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net Position is presented in three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. The net investment in capital assets component consists of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and any related long-term debt. Restricted assets consist of net position that has constraints placed on them either externally by third parties (grantors and contributors) or by law through provisions of enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of items that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted". The government-wide statement of net position reports \$5,201,648 of restricted net position, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u>: The City reports fund balances in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement Number 54 – "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". GASB Statement Number 54 provides that governmental fund financial statements will present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City has classified Supplies Inventory and Prepaid Items as being Nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next current year.

<u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources through either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City has included restrictions for a portion of the fund balance that has been legally segregated for the funding of infrastructure improvements as required by Florida Statutes. The City has also included restrictions for future scholarship awards based upon the restrictions imposed by the donors.

<u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action by the City Council, in this case by ordinance. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations (encumbrances) to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 the City did not have any funds classified in this category.

<u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2019** 

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

expressed by the City Commission through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The City has assigned funds for future budgetary appropriations within the General Fund.

<u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund and also includes negative residual fund balances of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by the offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The City would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first and to defer the use of these other classified funds.

#### 7. Revenues

<u>Property Taxes</u>: The Pinellas County Tax Collector bills and collects all property taxes levied within the county. Ad valorem taxes are levied on property values as of January 1 of each year and are considered to be based upon the final millage rate adopted by the City Commission. The taxes are generally due November 1 and become delinquent April 1 of the following year at which time they become a lien. Tax certificates are sold by the Pinellas County Tax Collector on May 15. Property taxes are budgeted and recognized as revenues in the fiscal year during which the taxes are billed and substantially collected.

<u>Grants</u>: Amounts received are restricted as to use in accordance with applicable grant requirements. Generally, these funds are subject to compliance audits and must be returned to the grantors if they exceed the cost of the program or are used in violation of the grant regulations.

#### 8. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables and are subject to elimination in the government-wide financial statements. Services provided are deemed to be at market or near market rates and are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses and are not eliminated in the consolidation of the government-wide financial statements. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost and charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

#### 9. Comparative Data

The financial statements include summarized prior year comparative information that does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2108, from which such summarized information was derived.

#### NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Cash and Pooled Cash**

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for all funds except the Fiduciary Fund types. The investments of the Pension Trust Fund and the Expendable Trust Funds are held separately from those of other City funds.

#### **Deposits**

Florida Statutes and City policy require that all City demand accounts be in financial institutions that pledge collateral with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. The City is required to verify

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

that monies are on deposit with "qualified public depositories" as defined in Florida Statutes Section 280.02. Florida Statutes require that all qualified public depositories provide collateral each month equal to a least 50 percent of the public funds on deposit with the institution that are in excess of deposit insurance amounts. The carrying amount of the City's deposits as of September 30, 2019 was \$2,435,382 excluding \$600 of petty cash funds that are maintained. The amounts on deposit in money market type accounts as of September 30, 2019 that do not qualify as public funds totaled \$1,669,251.

The State Treasurer may assess other qualified public depositories for a pro rata share of any loss suffered by a public depositor in excess of its depository's collateral. Since the City uses only authorized public depositories, all funds, including time deposits, deposited with financial institutions are in compliance with the City's policies.

#### Investments

Florida Statutes (218.415) authorize municipalities to invest excess funds in time deposits or savings accounts of financial institutions approved by the State Treasurer, obligations of the U. S. Government, U. S. Government Instrumentalities, State of Florida Local Government Surplus Trust Fund (State Board of Administration), and mutual funds investing in U. S. Government Securities.

The City adopted its own investment policy that also authorizes the City to invest in the following: a) Florida Municipal Investment Trust Fund; b) Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust; c) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; d) Certificates, notes, bonds, or bills of the United States, or other obligations of the United States or its Agencies which are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. and include, but are not limited to: Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), Farmers Home Administration, Small Business Administration (SBA), General Services Administration (GSA), Federal Housing Administration, and Housing and Urban Development (HUD); d) Obligations of government-sponsored corporations (Instrumentalities) which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve (Instrumentalities are usually AAA rated, but have no explicit government guarantee) and include, but are not limited to: Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Farm Credit Banks, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Student Loan Marketing Association, and Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA); e) Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit, which can be insured, collateralized at the Federal Reserve or qualify as State Public Deposits, as defined by Florida Statutes; f) Taxable or Tax Exempt Government bonds, notes or other obligations of investment grade quality (as established by a nationally recognized rating agency), municipal corporation, special district, and authority or political subdivision thereof; g) Repurchase Agreements with primary dealers or with the City's primary state qualified public depository that are evidenced by a Master Agreement to engage in this investment option and are fully collateralized by U. S. Government Obligations or any Agency or Instrumentality thereof (Reverse Repurchase Agreements are prohibited); h) Securities in, or other interests in, any open-ended or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided the portfolio is limited to obligations of the U. S. Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof (Mutual Funds); and i) Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured corporate bonds.

The City's investment policy states that, to the extent possible, investment maturities and liquidity shall be matched to anticipated cash flow requirements and unless an investment is matched to a specific cash flow such as a reserve requirement or other longer-term investment horizon, investments shall not have a maturity date of more than three (3) years from the date of purchase.

The Local Government Surplus Trust Fund (Florida Prime) is an external investment pool administered by the Florida State Board of Administration, which is a three member board made up of the State elected officials of Governor, Chief Financial Officer and Attorney General. This Board is empowered by Florida

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

law to invest funds at the request of local governments. The Florida Prime is treated as a "2a-7 like" pool in accordance with GASB Statements No. 31 and No. 59 and is valued using the pooled share price (amortized cost), which approximates fair value. As of September 30, 2019, the weighted average maturity of Florida Prime investments was 37 days.

The Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (Florida Safe Investment Pool) is a common law trust organized in 2007 under the laws of the State of Florida. An elected five member Board of Trustees oversees all actions and decides on general policies. The trust is administered by Florida Management and Administrative Services, LLC and the investment advisor is Prudent Man Advisors, Inc. The trust includes a liquid money market-like investment called the "FL SAFE Fund" and one or more Term Series portfolios that have a fixed duration. Participants in the trust may invest in the Fund and any Term Series portfolios and in a value-added program called the "Fixed Income Investment Program," through which the participants may purchase investments for their own portfolio. The Fund is accounted as a Stable Net Position Value investment pool. The Florida SAFE Fund and the Term Series portfolios are treated as "2a-7 like" pools in accordance with GASB Statements No. 31 and No. 59 and is valued using the pooled share price (amortized cost), which approximates fair value As of September 30, 2019, the weighted average maturity of FL SAFE Fund investments was 50 days. The Florida SAFE Fund and the Term Series portfolios seek to maintain a constant net value per share of \$1.00.

<u>Fair Value of Investments</u> – The City categorizes its fair value of investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles pursuant to GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are other than quoted prices that are derived from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or by other means, and Level 3 are significant unobservable inputs.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – In compliance with the City's investment policy, as of September 30, 2019, the City minimized the interest rate risk, related to the decline in value of securities due to rising interest rates, by limiting the effective duration of security types not to exceed three years and investing in short-term securities or similar investment pools so that securities mature to meet the cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the secondary market prior to maturity. The City minimizes interest rate risk with regard to external investment pools by investing in investment pools that maintain a short average maturity period.

 $\underline{\text{Credit Risk}}$  – In compliance with the City's investment policy, as of September 30, 2019, the City minimized credit risk due to default of a security issuer or backer, by limiting investments to the safest types of securities and government investment pools, and by pre-qualifying the financial institutions with which the City does business.

The City's investments carried at fair value with recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2019, are:

		Fair Value		Rating
Investment	Maturity	Measurement	Fair Value	
State Board of Administration -				
Florida Prime	N/A	Net Asset Value	\$2,472,104	AAAm (S&P)
Florida Municipal Investment Trust –				
0-2 and 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Funds	N/A	Level 2 inputs	1,181,504	AAA / V1(Fitch)
Florida SAFE Investment Pool	N/A	Net Asset Value	4,093,823	AAAm (S&P)
Total investments			\$7,747,431	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The City does not participate in any securities lending transactions nor has it used held or written derivative financial instruments.

A reconciliation of the amount of petty cash, deposits and investments reported as cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position as of September 30, 2019, is as follows:

Petty cash	\$ 600
Deposits – public funds	2,435,382
Deposits – non-public funds	1,669,251
Investments	 7,747,431
Total	\$ 11,852,664
As reported in Statement of Net Position: Cash, cash equivalents and pooled cash and investments	\$ 11,852,664

#### **Firefighters' Retirement Fund**

#### **Deposits**

Salem Trust periodically holds un-invested cash in its capacity as custodian of the Firefighters' Retirement Fund (the Retirement Fund). These funds exist as cash in the process of collection from the sale of securities. The cash is deposited in to the Financial Square Treasury Obligations Fund (a money market fund).

#### Investments

The Board of Trustees of the Firefighters' Retirement Fund is authorized to invest and reinvest in: securities; annuities; life insurance contracts; time deposits or savings accounts; obligations of the United States or its instrumentalities; and real estate. Such investments may include, but are not limited to: stocks, common or preferred, and bonds, so long as such stocks or bonds retain one of the three highest quality ratings on a major recognized rating service, and other evidence of indebtedness or ownership, including shares or units of common trust funds approved as investments for pension and profit sharing plans. All investments are to be approved by the Board of Trustees of the Firefighters' Retirement Fund.

The Firefighters' Retirement Plan held the following deposits and investments with recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2019:

	Fair Value		
Salem Trust Retirement Funds:	Measurement	Fair Value	Rating
Deposits			
Financial Square Treasury Obligations Fund	N/A	\$ 246,085	N/A
Investments			
Bonds			
U.S. government and agency			
fixed income securities	Level 2 inputs	834,711	N/A
Corporate Bonds	Level 1 inputs	1,054,539	*
Equities - Common Stock and Mutual Funds	Level 1 inputs	3,729,072	N/A
Limited partnership interest -			N/A
real estate investment fund (American Core Realty)	Level 3 inputs	686,637	
Total Deposits and Investments		\$ 6,551,044	

\* Investment complies with State of Florida investment requirements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

<u>Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk</u> – State law provides that retirement plan fixed income securities must have a quality rating of "A" or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating services at the time of purchase. Fixed income investments which are downgraded to a "BAA" or equivalent rating must be liquidated within a reasonable period of time not to exceed twelve months. Fixed income investments that are downgraded below a "BAA" rating are to be liquidated immediately.

#### **Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan**

#### Investments

Employees can elect to defer a portion of their compensation and invest these amounts with the ICMA Retirement Corporation. Investments consist of ICMA Retirement Corporation Fixed Income and Equity Funds that employees can select from.

The fair value of the investments held by the ICMA Retirement Corporation as of September 30, 2019, was \$1,564,804.

<u>Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk</u> – The Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan minimizes credit risk and interest rate risk by investing in mutual type funds.

#### **NOTE C - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS**

The amounts due from other governments consist of the following as of September 30, 2019:

General Fund	
Pinellas County	
EMS Reimbursement	\$ 7,802
State of Florida	
Communications Service Tax	16,962
Fire Supplemental (education pay)	1,920
	\$ 26,684
Capital Improvement Fund	
Pinellas County – Recycling Grants proceeds	 2,978
Total – governmental funds	\$ 29,662
Sewer Fund	
City of St. Petersburg – sewer service fees	97,701
Reclaimed Water Fund	
City of St. Petersburg – reclaimed water fees	15,812
Total – business-type activities	\$ 113,513
Total	\$ 143,175

The amounts due from other governments are unsecured and represent concentrations of credit risk in the event that any of the governmental entities were unable to remit the amount due the City.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE D – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance 10-1-18	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance 9-30-19
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land and land rights	\$2,059,183	\$ 3,850	\$ -	\$2,063,033
Construction and projects in progress	12,429	13,285	7,546	18,168
Depreciable assets:				
Structures and improvements	4,280,266	85,186	-	4,365,452
Infrastructure	4,457,180	64,316	15,578	4,505,918
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3,366,692	91,081	76,720	3,381,053
Total at historical cost	14,175,750	257,718	99,844	14,333,624
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Structures and improvements	2,540,241	125,969	-	2,666,210
Infrastructure	2,043,323	176,309	13,241	2,206,391
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,120,918	203,967	72,232	2,252,653
Total accumulated depreciation	6,704,482	506,245	85,473	7,125,254
Capital assets, net	\$7,471,268	\$ (248,527)	\$ 14,371	\$7,208,370
-	\$7,171,200	\$ (210,527)	φ 11,571	\$1,200,310
	Beginning			Ending
<b>T</b>	Balance		511	Balance
Business-type Activities	10-1-18	Additions	Deletions	9-30-19
Depreciable assets:	<b>*</b> • • • • • • • •	<b>* 112 12</b> 0	<b>^</b>	<b>.</b>
Infrastructure – sewer system	\$ 4,003,607	\$ 112,438	\$ -	\$ 4,116,045
Infrastructure – reclaimed water system	3,088,472	-		3,088,472
Total at historical cost	7,092,079	112,438		7,204,517
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure – sewer system	2,620,031	139,881	-	2,759,912
Infrastructure – reclaimed water system	2,401,119	102,949	-	2,504,068
Total accumulated depreciation	5,021,150	242,830		5,263,980
Capital assets, net	\$ 2,070,929	\$(130,392)	\$ -	\$ 1,940,537
Cupitul associs, not	$\psi 2,010,727$	$\varphi(150,572)$	Ψ	ψ 1,740,557

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

epicelation was charged to governmental activities as follows.	
General government	\$ 37,781
Public safety – fire	175,978
Public safety – protective inspections	22,782
Transportation – public works	82,837
Human services	6,162
Culture and recreation	28,000
Physical environment	152,705
	\$ 506,245

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement #51 – "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets", the City includes computer software purchases as a capital asset in the category of "Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment" and property easements are included within the category of "Land and Land Rights".

#### NOTE E - DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue as of September 30, 2019 consists of local business tax receipts in the amount of \$79,313 received in advance that pertain to fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The deferred revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

#### NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt as of September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Amounts Due Within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities Accrued compensated					
absences	\$ 206,584	\$ 28,963	\$ 19,330	\$ 216,217	\$ 45,988

Long-term debt for the governmental activities is comprised of the following as of September 30, 2019:

Accrued Compensated Absences: The vested portion of accumulated vacation and sick	
leave benefits due employees:	\$ 216,217
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt	\$ 216,217

The compensated absences liability will be paid from the General Fund.

#### NOTE G - PENSION PLANS

The City is involved with three pension plans: the Firefighters' Retirement Fund (a single employer defined benefit pension plan); the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (a defined contribution pension plan), and the Florida Retirement System (a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan).

As further explained within this note, the City has recognized pension expense for each of the retirement plans as follows:

\$ 482,718
310,254
792,972
12,172
\$ 805,144

#### **Firefighters' Retirement Fund**

The City administers the Firefighters' Retirement Fund pension plan (the Plan) pursuant to Chapter 175 of the Florida Statutes. The investments of the Plan are held by the City in a trustee capacity and are maintained in

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE G – PENSION PLANS (continued)

a segregated trust account. The trust account is managed by a professional trustee pursuant to a trust agreement with the City. The Plan's financial statements are included within the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

*Plan Administration:* The Plan is administered by a five-member Board of Trustees that is comprised of two Commission appointees, two members of the department that are elected by the membership, and a fifth member who is elected by the other four members and appointed by Commission.

Membership in the Plan: Membership of the plan as of October 1, 2017:

Group	
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	17
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active plan members:	16
Total	34

*Basis of Accounting:* The plans' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The plan does not issue separate financial statements. The financial statements for the Plan are presented within this footnote and also presented on pages 71 and 72 as part of the combining financial statements.

*Method Used to Value Investments*: Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term money market type investments are reported at cost which is equal to fair value.

Administrative Costs: The costs incurred in administering the Plan are paid for out of the Plan's assets.

Actuarial Information: The City utilizes the most recent actuarial valuation report for purposes of disclosing the required actuarial information pertaining to the Firefighters' Retirement Fund. The most recent actuarial report available is as of October 1, 2018.

*Plan Description and Benefits Provided*: Employees who are classified as full-time Firefighters participate in the plan as a condition of employment. The Plan provides for pension benefits after 10 years of service upon retirement at age 55 or after completion of 25 years of service upon retirement at age 52. The Plan also provides for early retirement at age 50 upon completion of 10 years of service. Benefits for normal retirement are calculated as follows: average final compensation, which is the average of the best five out of the last ten years salary benefits excluding bonuses, is multiplied by years of full-time service. The product of average final compensation and years of service is multiplied by a factor of 3.0% for all credited service. The Plan contains a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) that is available to firefighters that have satisfied the normal retirement requirements. Participation in the DROP, whereby firefighters are able to defer retirement benefits, cannot exceed 60 months. The deferred retirement benefits are credited with the actual net rate of investment return, which is defined as the total return net of brokerage commissions, management fees and transaction costs. Benefits vest 100% upon completing 10 years of credited service and the members will receive the vested portion of their benefits at age 55.

The Plan also provides death and disability benefits for participants with coverage beginning from the date of employment. Service incurred disability benefits are accrued to the date of disability but not less than 42% of average final compensation. Pre-retirement death benefits are based on monthly accrued benefit and are paid to the designated beneficiary for a 10 year period.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE G - PENSION PLANS (continued)

*Investments:* The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and related long-term expected rate of return based on best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of September 30, 2018:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Return
Domestic Equity	45%	7.5%
International Equity	15%	8.5%
Domestic Fixed Income	25%	2.5%
Global Fixed Income	5%	3.5%
Real Estate	10%	4.5%
Total	100%	

The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represents 5% or more of the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position.

For the year ended September 30, 2018 the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments net of investment expense was 6.36%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

*Net Pension Liability:* As noted previously, during the year ended September 30, 2015, the City adopted GASB 68 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.* This required the City to record on its financial statements its net pension liability for the Firefighters' Retirement Fund. The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The components of the Net Pension Liability on September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 8,817,203
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(6,449,250)
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,367,953
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of Total Pension Liability	73.14%

The City's pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018.

The discount rate used to measure the Plan's total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member (employees) contributions will be made at the current contribution rate of 6% of salary and that plan sponsor (employer) contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the plan member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
\$ 3,297,086	\$ 2,367,953	\$ 1,580,190

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE G - PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2016 and updated to September 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	4.00% to 10.00%
Discount rate	7.75%
Investment rate of return	7.75%
Mortality rates	RP2000 Generational
	Healthy – Sex Distinct
	Female – 100% Annuitant white collar, Scale BB
	Male – 10% Annuitant White Collar, 90% Annuitant Blue Collar

#### Changes of Assumptions for September 30, 2018 Measurement Date:

As a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed as of September 30, 2016 to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees. Additionally, the inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant. There have been no changes in assumptions since the September 30, 2016 measurement date.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

*Change in Net Pension Liability*: The change in the net pension liability for the year ended September 30, 2019 based on a September 30, 2018 measurement date is as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total	Plan	
	Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	a	b	a -b
Beginning balance	\$ 8,898,652	\$ 6,696,875	\$ 2,201,777
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	202,965	-	202,965
Interest	663,963	-	663,963
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	120,334	-	120,334
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	340,140	(340,140)
Contributions - State	-	44,493	(44,493)
Contributions - employees	-	68,864	(68,864)
Net investment income (loss)	-	405,725	(405,725)
Benefit payments, including refund of			
employee contributions	(1,068,711)	(1,068,711)	-
Administrative expense	-	(38,136)	38,136
Net changes	(81,449)	(247,625)	166,176
Ending balance	\$ 8,817,203	\$ 6,449,250	\$ 2,367,953

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE G - PENSION PLANS (continued)

For the year ended September 30, 2019, using a measurement date of September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense for the Plan under GASB 68 in the amount of \$482,718.

The City has reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions in the Statement of Net Position as of September 30, 2018 from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience with		
regard to economic or demographic assumptions	\$ 136,981	\$ 81,596
Change of assumptions	122,148	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	190,816	181,833
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	455,310	-
Total	\$ 905,255	\$ 263,429

Amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the Plan, exclusive of employer contributions received subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	Amount
2020	\$ 133,103
2021	17,133
2022	(5,380)
2023	41,660
2024	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ 186,516

The financial statements for the Firefighters' Retirement Fund as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019 are as follows: Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2019	
Assets	
Cash	\$ 190
Investments, at fair value	6,551,044
Receivables	60,541
Total Assets	6,611,775
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	13,711
Employer prepaid contribution	470
Total Liabilities	14,181
Net Position	
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$ 6,597,594

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE G- PENSION PLANS (continued)

Statement of Changes in Net Position For the year Ended September 30, 2019	
Additions	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 455,310
Employee	78,932
Total contributions	534,242
Intergovernmental revenue	
State excise tax rebate	-
Investment earnings	
Net change in fair value of investments	123,234
Interest and dividends	181,416
Total investment earnings (loss)	304,650
Less investment expense	(46,886)
Net investment earnings (loss)	257,764
Total additions	792,006
Deductions	
Benefits	658,708
Professional services	44,337
Trustee expenses	3,844
Total deductions	706,889
Change in Net Position	85,117
Net Position – October 1, 2018	6,512,477
Net Position – September 30, 2019	\$ 6,597,594

Pension contributions made by the State of Florida on behalf of the City to the Firefighters' Retirement Fund were not received during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. These contributions will be recognized as revenues in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, with a corresponding expenditure, in the General Fund during the period.

#### Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund

*Plan Description*: The City, in accordance with Florida Statute 121, elected to opt out of the Florida Retirement System for newly hired general employees effective January 1, 1996. General employees are all employees of the City who are not required to be certified as firefighters as a condition for employment. The City contributes to the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF), a defined contribution pension plan that covers all full-time employees as of the first day of the month following one year from the date of hire, and is administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc. FMPTF provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Florida Statute 121 and 185 assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plans that participate in FMPTF to the respective employer entities; for the City this is the City Commission. The Florida League of Cities, Inc. issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FMPTF.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE G - PENSION PLANS (continued)

That report may be obtained by writing to Florida League of Cities, Inc., P.O. Box 1757, Tallahassee, Florida 32302-1757 or by calling (850) 222-9684.

*Funding Policy*: The City is required to contribute 10% of eligible wages pursuant to the plan agreement. The City's contribution to the FMPTF for the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 was \$12,172, \$11,723, and \$11,805, respectively. The City contributed the required amount in each of the three years.

Effective March 1, 2015, the City Commission approved rejoining the Florida Retirement System for all new eligible employees, other than certified firefighters, hired on or after the effective date. All employees participating in the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund can elect to participate in the Florida Retirement System.

#### Florida Retirement System

*Plan Description:* The City contributes to the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multipleemployer public employee retirement system (PERS) defined benefit pension plan controlled by the State Legislature and administered by the State of Florida Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. FRS provides retirement and disability, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Chapter 121 of Florida Statutes assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the State of Florida Department of Administration. The Division of Retirement issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for FRS. That report may be obtained by writing to The Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, Research, Education & Policy Section, Cedars Executive Center, Building C, 2639 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1560 or by calling (850) 488-5706.

*Funding Policy*: Effective July 1, 2011, FRS requires contributions from covered members at a rate of 3%. The City is required by State statute to contribute, on a monthly basis, at an actuarially determined rate. Effective July 1, 2018 the contribution rates were 8.26% (regular members) and 24.06% (senior management members). As of July 1, 2019 these rates changed to 8.47% (regular members) and 25.41% (senior management members). The City's contributions to FRS for the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$137,420, \$132,879, and \$124,957, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Employees hired before January 1, 1996, other than certified firefighters, participate in the Florida Retirement System. As previously disclosed, effective March 1, 2015, all new employees, other than certified firefighters, will participate in the Florida Retirement System. Additionally, employees hired between January 1, 1996 and March 1, 2015, other than certified firefighters, can elect to participate in the Florida Retirement System and discontinue participating in the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund.

*Deferred Retirement Option Program:* The FRS Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) is a defined contribution plan and is available to a member when the member first reaches eligibility for normal retirement. The Plan is controlled by the State Legislature and administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Chapter 121 of the Florida Statutes assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the State of Florida Department of Management Services. DROP allows a member to retire while continuing employment up to 60 months. During DROP participation, the member's retirement benefits (increased by a cost-of-living adjustment each July) accumulate in the FRS Trust Fund and earn monthly interest equivalent to an annual rate of 6.5%. The member must cease employment after a maximum of 60 months, must satisfy the termination requirements for retirement, and is

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### **NOTE G – PENSION PLANS** (continued)

subject to reemployment restrictions thereafter. The member's DROP accumulation may be paid out as a lump sum payment, a rollover, or a combination partial lump sum payment and rollover. During the DROP eligibility period, the City is required to make contributions to FRS. The current rate, effective July 1, 2019 and continuing through September 30, 2019, based upon employees' gross earnings is 14.60%. The rate for the period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 was 14.03%.

Pension liabilities, Pension expense and Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources related to pensions-At September 30, 2019, as required by GASB 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the City reported a net pension liability of \$1,338,036 for the FRS Plan component and \$347,869 for the HIS Plan component for its proportionate share of the FRS Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability, totaling \$1,685,905, was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

The City's proportionate share at June 30, 2019 for the FRS Plan component was .003885280%. The City's proportionate share at June 30, 2019 for the HIS Plan component was .003109028%. The City's proportionate shares at June 30, 2018 were .003859612% and .003119899% for the FRS and HIS Plan components, respectively. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 the City recognized pension expense of \$275,473 and \$34,781 for the FRS and HIS Plan components, respectively. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of resources related to pensions are from the following sources:

#### FRS Plan Component

	Deferred Outflo	ws Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 79,3	\$63 \$ 830
Changes in assumptions	343,6	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	_	74,027
Changes in proportion and differences between City		· · · ·
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	156,9	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	29,4	
	\$ 609,4	\$ 74,857
HIS Plan Component	Deferred Outflo	ws Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,2	\$ 426
Changes in assumptions	40,2	278 28,432
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
investments	2	
Changes in proportion and differences between City		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	86,9	4,047
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,4	-46 -
	\$ 136,0	\$ 32,905
Combined FRS and HIS Plan Components	\$ 745,5	\$ 107,762

The deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts related to net deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

# NOTE G - PENSION PLANS (continued)

Fiscal year ending September 30,	FRS component	HIS component
2020	\$ 55,535	\$ 25,347
2021	47,466	27,427
2022	33,594	23,143
2023	12,346	5,998
2024	2,328	958
Thereafter	353,893	15,859
	\$ 505,162	\$ 98,732
Net Pension Liability		
	FRS component	HIS component
City's proportionate share of Total Pension Liability	\$ 7,693,334	\$ 357,260
City's proportionate share of Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(6,355,298)	(9,391)
City's proportionate share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,338,036	\$ 347,869
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the		
Total Net Pension Liability	82.61%	2.63%
<u>Change in Net Pension Liability</u> –		
	FRS component	HIS component
Beginning balance – City's proportionate share	\$ 1,162,535	\$ 330,214
Service cost	98,028	7,217
Interest on total pension liability	512,659	13,001
Plan changes	443	-
Effect of economic / demographic gain or loss	10,248	(16)
Effect of assumptions	64,133	16,038
Employer contributions	(115,303)	(18,392)
Member contributions	(29,249)	(6)
Net investment income	(366,219)	(193)
Administrative expense	761	6
Ending balance – City's proportionate share	\$ 1,338,036	\$ 347,869

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	FRS component	HIS component
Valuation date	July 1, 2019	July 1, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Salary increases	3.25%, average, includes inflation	3.25%, average, includes inflation
Investment rate of return	6.90%, net of expense, includes inflation	3.50%, Municipal Bond Rate
Mortality tables	PUB2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with	Generation RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables
Discount rate	Scale MP-2018 6.90%	3.50%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### **NOTE G – PENSION PLANS** (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018. The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2019 for the FRS component: the long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.00% to 6.90%. Additionally, for the HIS component, a change in the actuarial assumption was made decreasing the municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability from 3.87% to 3.50%.

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

			Compound	
	Target	Annual	Annual	Standard
	Allocation	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Deviation
Asset Class	(1)	Return	Return	
Cash	1.00%	3.30%	3.30%	1.20%
Fixed Income	18.00%	4.10%	4.10%	3.50%
Global Equity	54.00%	8.00%	6.80%	16.50%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.70%	6.10%	11.70%
Private Equity	11.00%	11.20%	8.40%	25.80%
Strategic Investments	6.00%	5.90%	5.70%	6.70%
Total	100.00%			
Assumed Inflation – Mean			2.60%	1.70%

(1) As outlined in the Pension Plan's Investment Policy

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated at the respective discount rates and the proportionate share using a rate 1% less than and 1% more than the current rate.

FRS component	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(5.90%)	Rate (6.90%)	(7.90%)
City's Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,313,019	\$ 1,388,036	\$ 523,761
HIS component	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(2.50%)	Rate (3.50%)	(4.50%)
City's Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 397,110	\$ 347,869	\$ 306,857

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### **NOTE H – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" (OPEB) provides for the determination and disclosure of the Net OPEB Liability and the annual cost of providing other postemployment benefits. The City provides other postemployment benefits in the form of the Retiree Health Care Plan.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) and additions to / deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

*Plan Description:* The City's Retire Health Plan is a single employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet eligibility requirements under one of the City's retirement plans to continue medical insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan.

In accordance with Section 112.0801, of the Florida Statutes, because the City provides a medical and dental plan to active employees of the City and their eligible dependents, the City is also required to provide retirees with the opportunity to participate in this Plan. The Plan is currently unfunded. There is no separate trust through which benefits for retirees are funded. No assets are currently accumulated or earmarked for the Plan.

*Employees covered by benefit terms:* To be eligible to participate in the Plan, *general* employees must have a minimum of 10 years of service with the City. *Firefighter* employees are eligible to participate in the Plan after 10 years of service upon retirement at age 55 or after completion of 25 years of service upon retirement at age 52. At September 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members:	40
Total	41

*Benefits Provided*: The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical, dental and vision coverage. All employees of the City are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits.

*Contributions*: The retired employees, including their eligible dependents, that are eligible to participate in the Plan are required to pay 100% of their respective health care insurance premiums. The City does not contribute toward this payment. In future years, contributions are assumed to increase the same rate as the premiums. The City subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. Medicare eligible retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible. The City does not issue stand-alone financial statements for the plan.

*Funding Policy.* While the City does not contribute directly towards the cost of retiree premiums via an explicit subsidy, the ability of retirees to obtain health insurance coverage at a group rate which includes active employees, constitutes a significant economic benefit to retirees, or an implicit subsidy. This implicit subsidy is considered to be another post employment benefit (OPEB) obligation of the City. The annual required contribution to fund the OPEB obligation is currently based on a pay-as-you-go funding approach.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2019** 

#### NOTE H - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

*Actuarial Assumptions*. The actuarial valuation is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of September 30, 2018 with a measurement date of September 30, 2018 that is applicable to the year ended September 30, 2019. The Total OPEB Liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	5	8	1
Inflation	2.50%	Initial health care trend rate	8.00%
Salary increases	2.50%	Ultimate health care trend rate	4.00%
Discount rate	4.18%	Years until ultimate trend rate	56
Investment rate of return	n 0.00%		

For all lives, mortality rates were RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables projected to the valuation date using Projection Scale AA.

*Discount Rate:* Given the City's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high quality municipal bond rate of 4.18%. The high quality municipal bond rate was based on the week closest but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index as published by the Federal Reserve. The 20-Bond Index consists of 20 general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years. The average rating of the 20 bonds is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp.'s AA. A discount rate of 3.64% was used for the September 30, 2017 valuation.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability:	Increase (Decrease)
Reporting period ending September 30, 2018	\$ 124,442
Changes for the year:	0.550
Service cost	9,552
Interest	4,856
Differences between expected and actual	
experience	18,098
Changes of assumptions	8,921
Contributions - employer	-
Net investment income (loss)	-
Benefit payments, including refund of	
employee contributions	(1,246)
Administrative expense	-
Net changes	40,181
Reporting period ending September 30, 2019	\$ 164,623

Sensitivity lf the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate: the following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's Net OPEB Liability would be if calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one-percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(3.18%)	Rate (4.18%)	(5.18%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 185,194	\$ 164,623	\$ 147,334

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates : The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the City, as well as what the City's Net OPEB Liability would be if calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2019** 

#### **NOTE H – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS** (continued)

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Healthcare Rates	1% Increase
	(3.00% - 7.00%)	(4.00% - 8.00%)	(5.00% - 9.00%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 145,874	\$ 164,623	\$ 187,173

*OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position:* The plan is unfunded and as result the OPEB Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is \$-0-.

*OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB:* For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City will recognize OPEB expense of \$41,427 including administrative expenses.

On September 30, 2019, the City reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	-	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	13,423	
	\$ 13,423	\$ -

The deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

#### NOTE I - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers certain employees a deferred compensation plan (the Plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan is managed by independent plan administrators and permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts and all income attributable to those amounts are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The City has been appointed the Plan trustee and, accordingly, the plan is reported as a fiduciary fund.

#### NOTE J - RISK FINANCING

The City is subject to losses in the normal course of operations resulting from general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, employee health and accident, environmental, and antitrust matters. The City has purchased commercial insurance to protect against employee health losses. The City participates in Public Risk Management of Florida for purposes of protecting against workers' compensation losses; real and personal property losses; automobile damage; and general liability, including malpractice and errors and omissions.

The City does not self-insure against any risks. To the extent that the City has purchased commercial insurance, all risk of loss has been transferred to the insurance underwriter.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

#### NOTE J - RISK FINANCING (continued)

Public Risk Management of Florida is a risk pool that assumes the risk of loss for all participating members. The members are subject to additional premium assessments in the event that the risk pool requires additional funding to satisfy all claims. The City has not been assessed any additional insurance premiums during the year ended September 30, 2019, nor is the City aware of any contingent assessments. The City has not reduced insurance coverage from the prior year for any category of insurance risk. Settlement claims, if any, have not exceeded insurance coverage at any time for each of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE K – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Law Enforcement: The Pinellas County Sheriff's Department has full and complete responsibility for providing the City with appropriate and necessary law enforcement services. The cost of the contracted services for the current fiscal year was \$810,378. The City has renewed its contract with the Pinellas County Sheriff's Department to provide law enforcement services, effective October 1, 2019, continuing until September 30, 2020. The amount of the contract with the Pinellas County Sheriff's Department for the 2019–2020 year is \$834,420.

<u>Sewer Service</u>: The City has contracted with the City of St. Petersburg whereby St. Petersburg accepts into its sanitary sewer system the flow from South Pasadena's sanitary sewer system. The City of South Pasadena is charged on the basis of average monthly flow rates and capacity charges determined by the City of St. Petersburg. Sewer disposal expense for the year ended September 30, 2019, was \$866,460.

<u>Hurricane Irma Clean-up</u>: The City entered into a Participant Agreement for Disaster Debris Monitoring and Management Services to provide clean-up from the damage caused by Hurricane Irma in September, 2017. The cost of these services was originally estimated to be in excess of \$80,000. In the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the City received reimbursement from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) in the amount of \$37,835, and reimbursement from the State of Florida in the amount of \$2,958. As of the audit report date of June 14, 2020, the City has received reimbursements in the amount of \$36,891 from FEMA and the State of Florida subsequent to September 30, 2019. As of the audit report date, reimbursements from FEMA and the State of Florida in excess of \$3,000 are still outstanding.

# NOTE L – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated whether any other events have occurred subsequent to September 30, 2019, and before the issuance of the financial statements, that would have an impact on the City's financial condition as of September 30, 2019 or would influence the conclusions reached by the reader of the financial statements regarding the City's overall financial condition. The City has determined that no such events occurred through June 14, 2020, which is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

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# **Required Supplementary Information**

The required supplementary information consists of a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund and schedules presenting funding progress and contributions for the defined benefit pension plans.

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		2018			
	Budgetee	d Amounts	019 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	Actual
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	¥		<u>·</u>	<b>e</b>	
Taxes					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,115,620	\$ 2,115,620	\$ 2,095,658	\$ (19,962)	\$ 1,820,247
Utility taxes	663,050	663,050	703,744	40,694	663,585
Communications service tax	231,800	231,800	212,307	(19,493)	247,881
Electric franchise	446,000	446,000	479,138	33,138	452,317
Gas franchise	3,500	3,500	3,962	462	4,320
Refuse franchise	50,000	50,000	50,572	572	53,362
Total taxes	3,509,970	3,509,970	3,545,381	35,411	3,241,712
Licenses and permits					
Local business tax	100,500	100,500	104,819	4,319	105,383
Building permits	175,760	175,760	231,590	55,830	271,242
Fines / code enforcement	12,500	12,500	24,397	11,897	30,972
Electrical permits	16,000	16,000	26,890	10,890	19,130
Sewer, plumbing and gas permits	15,000	15,000	37,080	22,080	18,810
Mechanical permits	20,250	20,250	47,859	27,609	29,460
Planning and zoning fees	1,100	1,100	2,250	1,150	500
Grease management permits	2,400	2,400	1,000	(1,400)	1,400
Total licenses and permits	343,510	343,510	475,885	132,375	476,897
Intergovernmental revenue					
County Emergency Medical					
Services Authority	822,565	822,565	825,974	3,409	813,282
State revenue sharing	162,000	162,000	165,471	3,471	161,955
Local 1/2 cent sales tax	330,200	330,200	334,408	4,208	329,118
State pro-rata share of alcoholic					
beverage licenses	5,700	5,700	5,457	(243)	5,680
State mobile home licenses					
distribution	3,600	3,600	3,420	(180)	3,118
State municipal tax refund	1,200	1,200	1,231	31	1,548
State excise tax rebate - Fire Pension	52,000	52,000	-	(52,000)	44,492
Local option gas tax	79,800	79,800	71,246	(8,554)	75,738
Fire Fighters supplemental	,	,	. ,	()	,,
compensation	5,760	5,760	8,790	3,030	5,450
Federal FEMA reimbursement	- ,		37,835	37,835	
State FEMA reimbursement			2,958	2,958	-
Total intergovernmental revenue	1,462,825	1,462,825	1,456,790	(6,035)	1,440,381

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2019 (continued)

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		2018			
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	Actual
RESOURCES (INFLOWS) (continued)					
Fines and forfeits - Police fines	\$ 6,000	\$ 6.000	\$ 3,627	¢ (2.272)	¢ 10.171
Red light fines	\$ 6,000	\$ 0,000	\$ 3,627 3,896	\$ (2,373) 3,896	\$ 12,171 8,891
Red light lines	6,000	6,000	7,523	1,523	21,062
	0,000	0,000	1,525	1,020	21,002
Interest	43,900	43,900	61,128	17,228	41,449
Change in fair value of investments	-	-	15,091	15,091	6,229
Rent	8,500	8,500	11,335	2,835	9,950
Miscellaneous	119,160	119,160	53,576	(65,584)	50,926
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-			360
	177,560	177,560	148,653	(28,907)	129,976
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR APPROPRIATION	5,493,865	5,493,865	5,626,709	132,844	5,288,966
AFTROFRIATION	5,495,805	5,475,805	5,020,709	132,844	3,288,900
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current General government					
Legislative					
Personal services	43,570	43,570	43,564	6	43,582
Other services and charges	80,000	80,000	67,123	12,877	61,046
Travel and conventions	9,000	9,000	6,440	2,560	10,806
Supplies	1,250	1,250	1,329	(79)	878
	133,820	133,820	118,456	15,364	116,312
Finance and administration					
Personal services	577,835	577,835	573,780	4,055	539,658
Other services and charges	59,410	59,410	38,902	20,508	40,039
Insurance	35,540	35,540	36,436	(896)	30,161
Supplies	6,000	6,000	4,586	1,414	6,163
Maintenance	2,500	2,500	1,847	653	525
Utilities	14,200	14,200	14,572	(372)	14,349
Audit and accounting	16,300	16,300	13,910	2,390	16,405
Telephone	8,000	8,000	7,811	189	7,523
	719,785	719,785	691,844	27,941	654,823
Total general government	853,605	853,605	810,300	43,305	771,135

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2019 (continued)

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		2018			
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Budget	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	Actual
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) (continued) Public Safety Law enforcement Pinellas County Sheriff -	¢ 010.110	¢ 910.110	¢ 010 270	¢ (260)	¢ 796 500
Department contract	\$ 810,110	\$ 810,110	\$ 810,378	\$ (268)	\$ 786,522
	810,110	810,110	810,378	(268)	786,522
Fire department					
Personal services	2,353,870	2,353,870	2,317,773	36,097	2,143,626
Other services and charges	142,400	142,400	104,721	37,679	109,926
Insurance	64,210	64,210	65,818	(1,608)	62,963
Supplies	9,750	9,750	7,657	2,093	7,369
Maintenance	66,300	66,300	68,336	(2,036)	66,364
Utilities	19,550	19,550	15,041	4,509	19,392
Small tools and equipment	250	250	294	(44)	338
Traffic signals	34,360	34,360	4,816	29,544	4,204
Telephone	7,200	7,200	7,471	(271)	7,016
Capital outlay	1,000	1,000		1,000	
	2,698,890	2,698,890	2,591,927	106,963	2,421,198
Protective inspections					
Personal services	369,690	369,690	261,487	108,203	288,594
Other services and charges	42,850	42,850	123,849	(80,999)	27,390
Supplies	3,760	3,760	3,148	612	3,856
Insurance	5,385	5,385	5,369	16	5,515
Maintenance	1,600	1,600	471	1,129	2,281
Capital outlay	500	500		500	
	423,785	423,785	394,324	29,461	327,636
Total public safety	3,932,785	3,932,785	3,796,629	136,156	3,535,356
Transportation - public works					
Personal services	585,900	585,900	588,883	(2,983)	561,136
Other services and charges	61,435	61,435	59,544	1,891	48,618
Insurance	51,985	51,985	52,751	(766)	45,720
Supplies	8,000	8,000	7,309	691	7,521
Maintenance	32,800	32,800	27,789	5,011	31,239
Telephone	5,650	5,650	5,308	342	5,020
Utilities	51,135	51,135	39,328	11,807	48,440
Total transportation	796,905	796,905	780,912	15,993	747,694

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2019 (continued)

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	2019									2018
	Variance with Final Budget Budgeted Amounts Actual Amounts Positive									
	Origi	nal		Final	(Bud	lgetary Basis)	(N	egative)		Actual
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS										
(OUTFLOWS) (continued)										
Human services - welfare and										
other services	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	3,000	\$	1,000	\$	4,000
Culture and recreation										
Library	1	5,750		15,750		18,325		(2,575)		14,500
Culture services		500		500		500		-		-
Special events	1	6,600		16,600		9,644		6,956		11,325
Total culture and recreation	3	32,850		32,850		28,469		4,381		25,825
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	5,62	20,145		5,620,145		5,419,310		200,835		5,084,010
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES										
TO APPROPRIATIONS	(12	26,280)		(126,280)		207,399		333,679		204,956
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,89	00,965		2,890,965		2,890,965				2,686,009
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,76	64,685	\$	2,764,685	\$	3,098,364	\$	333,679	\$	2,890,965

# EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENSES

# SOURCES / INLOWS OF RESOURCES

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$	5,626,709
Differences - budget to GAAP:		
None		-
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,		
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	5,626,709
USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from		
the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$	5,419,310
Differences - budget to GAAP:		
None		-
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,		
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	5,419,310
	-	

#### CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FIREFIGHTERS' RETRIEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

Reporting period ending: Measurement date:	9-30-19 <i>9-30-18</i>		9-30-18 9-30-17		9-30-17 9- <i>30-16</i>		9-30-16 9-30-15		9-30-15 9-30-14	
Measurement date.		9-30-18	;	7-30-17		9-30-10		9-30-13		9-30-14
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$	202,965	\$	139,049	\$	131,806	\$	121,564	\$	109,667
Interest on the total pension liability		663,963		670,563		659,566		634,381		622,005
Change in excess state money		-		(15,444)		-		-		-
Share plan allocation		-		7,722		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		120,334		67,857		(203,988)		129,765		-
Change of assumptions		-		-		305,372		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,068,711)		(999,844)		(516,349)		(625,616)		(542,143)
Net change in total pension liability		(81,449)		(130,097)		376,407		260,094		189,529
Total pension liability beginning		8,898,652		9,028,749		8,652,342		8,392,248		8,202,719
Total pension liability ending (a)	\$	8,817,203	\$	8,898,652	\$	9,028,749	\$	8,652,342	\$	8,392,248
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<i>•</i>	240.140	¢	200 215	<i>•</i>	202.240	<b></b>	206.401		100.010
Contributions - employer	\$	340,140	\$	298,315	\$	303,240	\$	286,491		198,912
Contributions - State		44,493		43,206		50,450		48,347		48,975
Contributions - employees		68,864		54,426		45,265		42,620		39,662
Net investment income (loss)		405,725		785,892		466,375		(79,221)		636,387
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,068,711)		(999,844)		(516,349)		(625,616)		(542,143)
Administrative expenses		(38,136)		(34,501)		(40,775)		(30,445)		(27,419)
Net Change in plan fiduciary net position		(247,625)		147,494		308,206		(357,824)		354,374
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,696,875		6,549,381		6,241,175		6,598,999		6,244,625
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	6,449,250	\$	6,696,875	\$	6,549,381	\$	6,241,175	\$	6,598,999
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a - b)	\$	2,367,953	\$	2,201,777	\$	2,479,368	\$	2,411,167	\$	1,793,249
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the										
total pension liability		73.14%		75.26%		72.54%		72.13%		78.63%
Covered Payroll	\$	1,147,416	\$	907,112	\$	753,762	\$	708,754	\$	661,032
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		206.37%		242.72%		328.93%		340.20%		271.28%
Money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments		6.36%		12.51%		7.54%		-1.25%		10.35%

**NOTE**: GASB 68 requires 10 year of information. Information is only available for five years. Additional years of information will be added as the information becomes available.

#### CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FIREFIGHTERS' RETRIEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Reporting period ending	 9-30-19	9-30-18		9-30-17		9-30-16		9-30-15		9-30-14	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 455,310	\$	391,969	\$	341,520	\$	352,204	\$	328,458	\$	247,885
Contributions in relation to the											
actuarially determined contribution:											
City's contribution	455,310		347,477		298,315		301,754		280,111		198,910
State excise tax - contribution	-		44,492		43,205		50,450		48,347		48,975
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$ 1,364,701	\$	1,147,416	\$	907,112	\$	753,762	\$	708,754	\$	661,032
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	33.36%		34.16%		37.65%		46.73%		46.34%		37.50%

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

October 1, 2017

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Us	ed to Determine Contribution Rates:
Funding Method:	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

Funding Method:	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization Method:	Level % of Pay, Closed
Remaining Amortization	
Period:	30 years as of 10-01-16
Mortality:	RP-2000 Generational - Female 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB;
	Male 10% Annuitant White Collar / 90% Annuitant Blue Collar Scale BB.
	Disability 60% RP2000 - Female set forward 2 years, Male setback 4 years.
Interest Rate:	7.75% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.
Inflation:	2.5% per year.
Retirement Rates:	Age and experience-based probability table considering eligibility for normal retirement.
Salary Increases	First year of credited service - 10%, years 2 to 10 - 6%, greater than 10 years 4%.
Disability Rates	Age based probability table.
Retirement Age	Earlier of the age 55 with 10 years of service or the completion of 25 years of
	service (earlier of age 55 or 25 years of service upon retirement at age 52).
	Also, any member who has reached normal retirement age is assumed to continue employment for one additional year.
Early Retirement	Commencing with eligibility at age 50 upon completion of 10 years of service.
	Members are assumed to retire with an immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 5% per year.
Actuarial Asset Method	Each year the prior actuarial value of assets is brought forward utilizing the
	historical geometric 4-year average market value return net of fees. It is
	possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above
	or below the market value of assets.
Payroll Growth:	None
Projected Dollar Requirements	Costs as of the valuation date are increased by 3.875% interest and 5.04% salary
	growth (average assumed rate of individual salary increase as of valuation
	date) to determine dollar funding requirements for the applicable costs.

**NOTE**: GASB 68 requires 10 year of information. Information is only available for six years. Additional years of information will be added as the information becomes available.

Valuation date:

#### CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM - CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

	9-30-19			9-30-18		9-30-17		9-30-16		9-30-15	
FRS Pension Plan Employer's Proportion for the FRS Pension	0.	003885280%	0.	.003859612%	0.003723260%		0.002924305%		0.001829231%		
City's Proportionate Share											
Total Pension Liability	\$	7,693,334	:	\$ 7,384,109	\$	6,837,119	\$	4,884,496	\$	2,951,844	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(6,355,298)		(6,221,574)		(5,735,804)		(4,146,107)		(2,715,574)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,338,036		\$ 1,162,535	\$	1,101,315	\$	738,389	\$	236,270	
Plan Net Position as a Percentage of Total Net Pension Liability		82.61%		84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%	
Service Cost	\$	98,028	\$	93,556	\$	173,845	\$	86,833	\$	44,049	
Interest on the total pension liability		512,659		495,880		1,046,562		492,974		244,236	
Plan changes		443		-		7,728		1,315		-	
Effect of economic/demographic gain or loss		10,248		25,269		118,408		39,905		33,773	
Effect of assumptions		64,133		99,844		871,705		41,960		-	
Employer contributions		(115,303)		(85,683)		(218,233)		(99,280)		(50,801)	
Member contributions		(29,249)		(28,807)		(62,441)		(28,934)		(14,550)	
Net investment income		(366,219)		(539,618)		(1,576,186)		(33,407)		(115,085)	
Administrative expense		761		779		1,538		753		376	
Net change in net pension liability		175,501		61,220		362,926		502,119		141,998	
Net pension liability - beginning		1,162,535		1,101,315		738,389		236,270		94,272	
Net pension liability - ending	\$	1,338,036	\$	1,162,535	\$	1,101,315	\$	738,389	\$	236,270	
Covered payroll	\$	1,052,168	\$	1,021,075	\$	988,476	\$	942,075	\$	608,026	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		127%		114%		111%		78%		39%	
Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS Plan)											
Employer's Proportion for the HIS Plan	0.	003109028%	0.	.003119899%	0	.003059396%	0.	.002962991%	0.	001434881%	
City's Proportionate Share											
Total Pension Liability	\$	357,260		\$ 337,466	\$	332,580	\$	348,698	\$	147,064	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Ψ	(9,391)		(7,252)	Ψ	(5,455)	Ψ	(3,374)	Ψ	(729)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	347,869	\$	330,214	\$	327,125	\$	345,324	\$	146,335	
Plan Net Position as a Percentage of Total Net Pension Liability		2.63%		2.15%		1.64% 0.97%		0.97%		50%	
Service Cost	\$	7,217	\$	8,063	\$	5,761	\$	35,080	\$	14,624	
Interest on the total pension liability	Ψ	13,001	Ψ	12,158	Ψ	6,384	Ψ	53,398	Ψ	27,258	
Effect of economic/demographic gain or loss		(16)		5,857		-		(4,212)		40,856	
Effect of assumptions		16,038		(12,098)		(20,310)		184,818		-	
Employer contributions		(18,392)		(10,790)		(10,011)		(70,044)		(25,700)	
Member contributions		(10,5)2) (6)		(10,790)		-		-		(25,700)	
Net investment income		(193)		(99)		(26)		(77)		(27)	
Administrative expense		6		5		3		26		13	
Not change in not pension lightlity		17,655		3,089		(18,199)		198,989		57,024	
Net change in net pension liability Net pension liability - beginning		330,214				345,324		146,335		89,311	
	\$		¢	327,125 330,214	¢		¢		\$		
Net pension liability - ending	2	347,869	\$	550,214	\$	327,125	\$	345,324	\$	146,335	
Covered payroll	\$	1,052,168	\$	1,021,075	\$	988,476	\$	942,075	\$	608,026	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		33%		32%		33%		37%		24%	
Combined FRS and HIS Pension Plan											
Total Pension Liability	\$	8,050,594	\$	7,721,575	\$	7,169,699	\$	5,233,194	\$	3,098,908	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	*	(6,364,689)		(6,228,826)	*	(5,741,259)		(4,149,481)		(2,716,303)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,685,905	\$	1,492,749	\$	1,428,440	\$	1,083,713	\$	382,605	

NOTE: GASB 68 requires 10 year of information. Information is only available for five years. Additional

years of information will be added as the information becomes available.

#### CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

(Five years of data available for GASB 67 and 68) \* September 30, 2019

September 30, 2019	9/30/2019 9		9/	9/30/2018 9/3		9/30/2017		9/30/2016		9/30/2015	
<b>FRS Pension Plan</b> Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	119,395 (119,395)	\$	116,387 (116,387)	\$	108,450 (108,450)	\$	72,614 (72,614)	\$	55,948 (55,948)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$		
Covered payroll	\$	1,085,837	\$	993,506	\$	994,407	\$	928,886	\$	612,282	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.00%		11.71%		10.91%		7.82%		9.14%	
Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS Plan) Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	18,025 (18,025)	\$	16,492 (16,492)	\$	16,507 (16,507)	\$	15,420 (15,420)	\$	10,164 (10,164)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered payroll	\$	1,085,837	\$	993,506	\$	994,407	\$	928,886	\$	612,282	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%	
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY Reporting period ending: Measurement date:		9-30-19 9-30-18		9-30-18 9- <i>30-17</i>		9-30-17 9-30-16					
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Change in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total OPEB liability beginning Total pension liability ending	\$	9,552 4,856 - 18,098 8,921 (1,246) 40,181 124,442 164,623	\$	3,903 (6,410) (1,145) 5,667 118,775	\$	7,977 4,034 - - 6,579 (1,145) 17,445 101,330 118,775					
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	2,490,858	\$	2,277,871	\$	2,168,110					
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	ψ	6.61%	φ	5.46%	φ	5.48%					

**NOTE**: GASB 75 requires 10 year of information. Information is only available for three years. Additional years of information will be added as the information becomes available.

# **Combining Financial Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules**

These financial statements provide a more detailed view of the individual fiduciary funds that were combined in the basic financial statements. Also, budgetary comparison schedules are presented for the Capital Improvements Fund, Sewer Fund and Reclaimed Water Fund.

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	2019								2018	
	B	Budgeted	l Amou			al Amounts	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive		
	Origi			Final		getary Basis)		egative)	Actual	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)					<u>``</u>	ć <u></u>		<u> </u>		
Taxes, licenses and permits -										
Impact fees/assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,097	\$	1,097	\$	5,284
Intergovernmental revenue										
Infrastructure tax	61	3,000		613,000		643,325		30,325		609,637
Environmental grants	6	0,250		60,250		2,979		(57,271)		5,990
Interest	4	7,300		47,300		87,529		40,229		56,311
Change in fair value of investments		-		-		18,363		18,363		7,722
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR										.,
APPROPRIATION	72	0,550		720,550		753,293		32,743		684,944
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) Current General government										
Finance and administration										
Supplies		_		_		450		(450)		616
Supplies						450		(450)		616
Public Safety		-		-		450		(450)		010
Fire Department and Protective Inspections										
Maintenance		_		_		_		_		5,047
Municipalee		-		-		-		-		5,047
Physical environment										
Flood control		-		-		4,229		(4,229)		77,630
Visioning		-		-		-		-		14,614
Maintenance		-		-		-		-		6,989
		-		-		4,229		(4,229)		99,233
Transportation										
Public Works										
Professional services		-		-		5,712		(5,712)		-
Maintenance		-		-		3,940		(3,940)		6,330
		-		-		9,652		(9,652)	·	6,330
Total current charges to appropriations		-		-		14,331		(14,331)		111,226
Debt service										
Principal	11	0,130		110,130		-		110,130		-
Interest	7	4,375		74,375	. <u> </u>			74,375		
Total debt service	18	4,505		184,505		-		184,505		-
Capital outlay										
General government										
Legislative										
Equipment		2,500		2,500		-		2,500		-
Finance and administration										
Equipment		7,850		17,850		3,200		14,650		6,197
Total general government	2	0,350		20,350		3,200		17,150		6,197

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2019 (continued)

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		20	019		2018
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	Actual
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS) (continued)					
Public Safety					
Fire Department					
Building improvements	\$ 4,529,000	\$ 4,529,000	\$ 3,850	\$ 4,525,150	\$ 17,920
Equipment	29,000	29,000	28,691	309	71,269
	4,558,000	4,558,000	32,541	4,525,459	89,189
Protective inspections					
Vehicle	-	-	-	-	24,763
Equipment	48,200	48,200	1,421	46,779	1,034
	48,200	48,200	1,421	46,779	25,797
Total Public Safety	4,606,200	4,606,200	33,962	4,572,238	114,986
Transportation - public works					
Building improvements	83,500	83,500	77,640	5,860	7,546
Dredging	165,000	165,000	13,285	151,715	4,883
Equipment	27,000	27,000	6,640	20,360	15,090
Vehicle	50,000	50,000	51,130	(1,130)	24,908
Highways and streets	50,000	50,000	33,024	16,976	25,710
Land purchases	340,000	340,000	-	340,000	
Total Transportation - public works	715,500	715,500	181,719	533,781	78,137
Physical environment					
Visioning / beautification	50,000	50,000	-	50,000	-
Recreation	30,000	30,000	-	30,000	20,775
Flood control	75,000	75,000	31,292	43,708	1,868
Total Physical environment	155,000	155,000	31,292	123,708	22,643
Total capital outlay charges					
to appropriations	5,497,050	5,497,050	250,173	5,246,877	221,963
	5 (01 555	5 (01 555	264 504	5 417 051	222 100
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	5,681,555	5,681,555	264,504	5,417,051	333,189
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	(4,961,005)	(4,961,005)	488,789	5,449,794	351,755
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Debt proceeds	2,125,000	2,125,000	_	(2,125,000)	
Debt proceeds	2,125,000	2,125,000		(2,123,000)	
Total other financing sources	2,125,000	2,125,000		(2,125,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,836,005)	(2,836,005)	488,789	3,324,794	351,755
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,911,463	4,911,463	4,911,463		4,559,708
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,075,458	\$ 2,075,458	\$ 5,400,252	\$ 3,324,794	\$ 4,911,463

#### NOTE

The budgetary basis for the Capital Improvement Fund is the same as that used for generally accepted accounting principles.

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SEWER FUND

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		2018			
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Actual	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)					
Charges for services	\$ 1,165,000	\$ 1,165,000	\$ 1,133,869	\$ (31,131)	\$ 977,692
Interest earned	24,100	24,100	28,706	4,606	19,456
AMOUNT AVAILABLE FOR					
APPROPRIATION	1,189,100	1,189,100	1,162,575	(26,525)	997,148
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)					
Supervisory services	53,310	53,310	53,310	-	50,750
Utilities	9,550	9,550	8,822	728	8,775
City of St. Petersburg:					
Sewer processing	920,635	920,635	866,460	54,175	743,924
Sewer administration charge	6,315	6,315	2,514	3,801	4,480
Insurance	11,040	11,040	11,479	(439)	9,466
Audit	3,080	3,080	3,080	-	2,910
Repairs, maintenance, renewals					
and replacement	195,700	195,700	58,486	137,214	38,597
Capital outlay	18,000	18,000	112,437	(94,437)	-
Administrative service charge	25,370	25,370	25,370	-	26,150
Miscellaneous	4,150	4,150	5,148	(998)	4,019
TOTAL CHARGES TO					
APPROPRIATIONS	1,247,150	1,247,150	1,147,106	100,044	889,071
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$ (58.050)	\$ (58.050)	\$ 15.469	\$ 73 510	\$ 108,077
TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$ (58,050)	\$ (58,050)	\$ 15,469	\$ 73,519	\$ 108,0

# EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENSES

USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from	
the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$ 1,147,106
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
Depreciation	139,880
Capital outlay	 (112,437)
Total expenses as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses,	
and changes in net position - proprietary funds	\$ 1,174,549

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RECLAIMED WATER

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	2019									2018	
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Variance with Final BudgetActual AmountsPositive(Budgetary Basis)(Negative)				Actual			
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)		5		1 11101	(244)	<u>Betary Dubley</u>		eguite)		1100000	
Charges for services	\$	188,500	\$	188,500	\$	189,399	\$	899	\$	188,558	
Interest earned		25,675		25,675		31,737		6,062		19,714	
AMOUNT AVAILABLE FOR											
APPROPRIATION		214,175		214,175		221,136		6,961		208,272	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)											
Supervisory services		43,165		43,165		43,165		-		40,795	
City of St. Petersburg:											
Administration charge		1,260		1,260		444		816		851	
Pinellas County:											
Reclaimed water		26,750		26,750		26,506		244		25,690	
Audit		415		415		415		-		370	
Consultants		1,000		1,000		-		1,000		-	
Repairs, maintenance, renewals											
and replacement		128,995		128,995		2,808		126,187		27,544	
Administrative service charge		12,590		12,590		12,590		-		13,875	
TOTAL CHARGES TO											
APPROPRIATIONS		214,175		214,175		85,928		128,247		109,125	
EXCESS OF RESOURCES OVER											
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$	-	\$	-	\$	135,208	\$	135,208	\$	99,147	

#### OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENSES

USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from	
the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$ 85,928
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
Depreciation	 102,949
Total expenses as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses,	
and changes in net position - proprietary funds	\$ 188,877

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# September 30, 2019

# With Comparative Total Amounts for September 30, 2018

	Employee Ret	irement Funds		
		Employees'	То	tals
	Firefighters'	Deferred		
	Retirement	Compensation	2019	2018
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 190	\$ -	\$ 190	\$ 122
Investments, at fair value				
Short term investments / money market funds	246,085	-	246,085	738,700
U. S. government and agency				
fixed income securities	834,711	-	834,711	710,673
Corporate bonds	1,054,539	-	1,054,539	1,162,113
Equities - common stock	3,729,072	-	3,729,072	3,764,142
Real estate investment funds	686,637	-	686,637	-
Plan administrator's mutual funds		1,564,804	1,564,804	1,477,704
	6,551,044	1,564,804	8,115,848	7,853,332
Receivables	60,541		60,541	150,667
TOTAL ASSETS	6,611,775	1,564,804	8,176,579	8,004,121
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	13,711	-	13,711	13,409
Employer prepaid contribution	470		470	531
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14,181		14,181	13,940
NET POSITION				
Restricted for pensions	\$ 6,597,594	\$ 1,564,804	\$ 8,162,398	\$ 7,990,181

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

With Comparative Total Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	E	Employee Ret	iremer	nt Funds					
				Employees'		Totals			
	Fi	refighters'	Deferred			2019			
	R	etirement	Cor	Compensation				2018	
ADDITIONS									
Contributions									
Employer	\$	455,310	\$	-	\$	455,310	\$	347,477	
Employee		78,932		82,690		161,622		185,612	
Total contributions		534,242		82,690		616,932		533,089	
Intergovernmental revenue									
State excise tax rebate		-		-		-		44,492	
Investment earnings									
Net change in fair									
value of investments		123,234		34,887		158,121		410,083	
Interest and dividends		181,416		-		181,416		175,411	
Total investment earnings (loss)		304,650		34,887		339,537		585,494	
Less investment expense		(46,886)		-		(46,886)		(41,981)	
Net investment earnings (loss)		257,764		34,887		292,651		543,513	
TOTAL ADDITIONS		792,006		117,577		909,583		1,121,094	
DEDUCTIONS									
Benefits		658,708		-		658,708		1,008,454	
Participant distributions		-		30,472		30,472		14,734	
Professional services		44,337		-		44,337		30,852	
Trustee / plan administrator expenses		3,844		5		3,849		3,784	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		706,889		30,477		737,366		1,057,824	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		85,117		87,100		172,217		63,270	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		6,512,477		1,477,704		7,990,181		7,926,911	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	6,597,594	\$	1,564,804	\$	8,162,398	\$	7,990,181	

# **Other Supplementary Schedules**

These schedules, including the Schedule of Revenues and Expenditure - Deepwater Horizon – BP Oil Spill Settlement, are presented to provide greater detailed information than reported in the preceding financial statements. These schedules are not necessary for a fair presentation in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - DEEPWATER HORIZON - BP OIL SPILL SETTLEMENT

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

REVENUES Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill Settlement	\$ -
EXPENDITURES Operating - Legal and related settlement costs	 
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ -
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 76,206
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 76,206

Reflected in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet as:

Fund Balance - General Fund Unassigned

\$ 76,206

# COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND

	Septem	1ber 30,
	2019	2018
ASSETS		
Cash, cash equivalents and	¢ 2 001 727	¢ 2.016.000
pooled cash and investments Receivables - other	\$ 3,291,737	\$ 3,016,990
	27,192 26,684	9,776 24.264
Due from other governments	20,084 6,112	34,264 9,686
Inventory of supplies Prepaid expenditures	36,432	29,305
Flepald expenditules		29,303
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,388,157	\$ 3,100,021
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 53,774	\$ 28,944
Accrued liabilities	156,706	102,253
TOTAL LIABILITIES	210,480	131,197
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Local business tax receipts	79,313	77,859
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	79,313	77,859
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	289,793	209,056
FUND BALANCES		
Fund balances		
Nonspendable:		
-	42,544	38,991
Inventories and prepaids Restricted for:	42,344	30,991
Scholarships	1 651	2 651
•	1,651	2,651
Assigned to: Future budgetary appropriations	208,260	126,280
Unassigned	2,845,909	2,723,043
Chassigned	2,843,909	2,723,043
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	3,098,364	2,890,965
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,388,157	\$ 3,100,021
	· · · ·	· · · · ·

# COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	September 30,		
	2019	2018	
ASSETS Cash equivalents and pooled cash and investments Receivables - other	\$ 5,397,274 -	\$ 4,874,070 215	
Due from other governments	2,978	44,770	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,400,252	\$ 4,919,055	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$ - -	\$ 3,228 4,364	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u> </u>	7,592	
FUND BALANCES Fund balances Restricted for:			
Infrastructure	5,199,997	4,670,585	
Assigned to: Capital improvement projects	200,255	240,878	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	5,400,252	4,911,463	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 5,400,252	\$ 4,919,055	

#### RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL FUND BALANCE FOR THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO TOTAL NET POSITION FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

September 30, 2019

	Total Governmental Funds		Long Term Assets, Liabilities		Adjustments and Eliminations		Statement of Net Position Totals	
ASSETS								
Cash, cash equivalents and								
pooled cash and investments	\$	8,689,011	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,689,011
Receivables - other		27,192		-		-		27,192
Due from other governments		29,662		-		-		29,662
Inventory of supplies		6,112		-		-		6,112
Prepaid expenditures		36,432		-		-		36,432
Land and land rights	-		2,063,033		-			2,063,033
Structures and improvements	-		4,365,452			-		4,365,452
Infrastructure		-	4,505,918		-			4,505,918
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		-	3,381,053		-			3,381,053
Construction and projects in process	-			18,168		-		18,168
Accumulated depreciation		-		(7,125,254)		-		(7,125,254)
Deferred outflows of resources:								
Net Other Post Employment Benefits		-		13,423		-		13,423
Defined benefit pension plans:				-, -				-, -
Firefighters' Retirement Fund		-		905,255		-		905,255
Florida Retirement System		-		745,547		-		745,547
5				·				· · · · · ·
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	8,788,409	\$	8,872,595	\$	-	\$	17,661,004
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES & DEFERRED INFLOWS								
Accounts payable	\$	53,774	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,774
Due to other governments		_		-		-		_
Accrued liabilities		156,706		_		_		156,706
Current portion of:		100,700						150,700
Accrued compensated absences	_		45,988		-			45,988
Non-current portion of:				,				,,
Net Other Post Employment Benefits		-		164,623		-		164,623
Accrued compensated absences		-		170,229		-		170,229
Net pension liability:								
Firefighters' Retirement Fund		-		2,367,953		-		2,367,953
Florida Retirement System		-		1,685,905		-		1,685,905
Deferred inflows of resources:				, ,				, ,
Deferred revenue - local business tax receipts		79,313						79,313
Defined benefit pension plans		,						,
Firefighters' Retirement Fund		-		263,429				263,429
Florida Retirement System		-		107,762				107,762
5				·				· · · · · ·
TOTAL LIABILITIES & DEFERRED INFLOWS		289,793		4,805,889		-		5,095,682
TOTAL FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION		8,498,616		4,066,706		-		12,565,322
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS &								
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION	\$	8,788,409	\$	8,872,595	\$	-	\$	17,661,004

# RECONCILIATION OF NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Total Governmental Funds	Depreciation, Asset Retirements and Capital Outlay	Long-term Debt Transactions	Pensions, Other Items, Adjustments and Reclass- ifications	Statement of Activities Totals
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 3,546,478	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (3,546,478)	\$ -
Licenses and permits	475,885	-	-	(475,885)	-
Intergovernmental revenue	2,103,094	-	-	(2,103,094)	-
Fines and forfeits	7,523	-	-	(7,523)	-
Interest	148,657	-	-	(148,657)	-
Change in fair value of investments	33,454	-	-	(33,454)	-
Rent	11,335	-	-	(11,335)	-
Miscellaneous revenues	53,576	-	-	(53,576)	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	495,840	495,840
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	869,746	869,746
General revenues				5,014,416	5,014,416
TOTAL REVENUES	6,380,002		-	-	6,380,002
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	810,750	37,781	8,211	142,893	999,635
Public safety	3,796,629	-	-	(3,796,629)	-
Public safety - police	-	-	-	810,378	810,378
Public safety - fire	-	176,742	18,260	2,643,430	2,838,432
Public safety - protective inspections	-	22,782	(12,434)	447,903	458,251
Transportation - public works	790,564	88,659	(4,404)	117,691	992,510
Human services	3,000	6,402	-	-	9,402
Culture and recreation	28,469	28,000	-	-	56,469
Physical environment	4,229	152,705	-	-	156,934
Capital outlay	250,173	(250,173)			-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,683,814	262,898	9,633	365,666	6,322,011
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION	\$ 696,188	\$ (262,898)	\$ (9,633)	\$ (365,666)	\$ 57,991

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# **Statistical Section - Supplemental Information**

Statistical schedules differ from financial statements because they usually cover more than one fiscal year and may present non-accounting data. These schedules reflect social and economic data, and financial trends of the government.

The City of South Pasadena has had no general bonded debt or revenue bonded debt in the last ten fiscal years requiring sinking fund deposits from general government revenues or other pledged revenues, respectively.

The City of South Pasadena's Charter makes no provision for a general obligation legal debt margin.

The City of South Pasadena has had no special assessment collections during the last ten fiscal years.

# **Schedules of Financial Trends Information**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. (BLANK)

## City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 1 Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2010	 2011	 2012	 2013
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 6,644,902	\$ 6,590,600	\$ 6,586,069	\$ 7,304,979
Restricted	4,277,160	4,469,039	4,591,514	4,015,421
Unrestricted	4,335,758	4,137,629	4,263,985	3,696,741
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 15,257,820	\$ 15,197,268	\$ 15,441,568	\$ 15,017,141
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,735,955	\$ 3,595,599	\$ 3,341,945	\$ 3,111,889
Unrestricted	2,156,710	2,169,926	2,411,657	2,536,170
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 5,892,665	\$ 5,765,525	\$ 5,753,602	\$ 5,648,059
Primary Government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 10,380,857	\$ 10,186,199	\$ 9,928,014	\$ 10,416,868
Restricted	4,277,160	4,469,039	4,591,514	4,015,421
Unrestricted	 6,492,468	 6,307,555	 6,675,642	 6,232,911
Total primary government activities net position	\$ 21,150,485	\$ 20,962,793	\$ 21,195,170	\$ 20,665,200

 2014		2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019
\$ 7,101,744	\$	7,199,435	\$ 7,248,467	\$ 7,776,157	\$ 7,471,268	\$ 7,208,370
4,350,523		4,313,043	4,569,676	4,174,483	4,673,236	5,201,648
3,056,789		690,581	860,223	523,370	362,827	155,304
\$ 14,509,056	\$	12,203,059	\$ 12,678,366	\$ 12,474,010	\$ 12,507,331	\$ 12,565,322
\$ 2,940,647	\$	2,686,418	\$ 2,550,469	\$ 2,310,729	\$ 2,070,929	\$ 1,940,537
2,609,344	·	2,766,363	2,734,889	2,853,010	3,060,234	3,210,911
\$ 5,549,991	\$	5,452,781	\$ 5,285,358	\$ 5,163,739	\$ 5,131,163	\$ 5,151,448
\$ 10,042,391	\$	9,885,853	\$ 9,798,936	\$ 10,086,886	\$ 9,542,197	\$ 9,148,907
4,350,523		4,313,043	4,569,676	4,174,483	4,673,236	5,201,648
5,666,133		3,456,944	3,595,112	3,376,380	3,423,061	3,366,215
\$ 20,059,047	\$	17,655,840	\$ 17,963,724	\$ 17,637,749	\$ 17,638,494	\$ 17,716,770

#### City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Severe spectra activities:         \$ 646.300         \$ 675.301         \$ 673.216         \$ 666.302           Public addry - Fric         2.066.546         2.211.481         2.278.934         2.210.25           Public addry - Fric         2.066.546         2.211.481         2.278.934         2.210.25         2.210.21         2.210.21         2.210.21         7         2.210.21         6.67.00         9.211.61         2.210.21         6.67.00         9.211.01         6.67.00         9.211.01         6.67.00         9.211.01         6.67.00         9.211.01         6.67.00         9.211.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.67.01         6.7.01.01         6.67.01         6.7.12.25.01         7.1.25.01         7.1.25.			2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
Covernmental activities:         6         6         6         6         6         6         5         5         5         5         6         6         6         6         6         6         6         5         5         5         5         5         6         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7 <td>Emongo</td> <td></td>	Emongo										
	-										
Public safey - Police         695,345         \$72,602         1,010,719         1,011,206         1,022,502           Public safey - Potective inspections         277,489         277,825         268,300         301,023         331,001           Transportation - Public Works         2,525,157         809,117         880,600         905,544         895,487           Human services         2,686         10,047         5,383         88,545         3,385           Culture and recreation         6,292,44         62,617         61,770         60,482         67,662           Physical environment         74,036         82,823         72,674         71,372         85,669           Interest         -         -         -         -         -         -         -           Swor         704,032         1,034,150         190,542         953,726         954,273           Total buinnes-type activities expenses         9,44,675         1,197,555         1,080,126         1,593,255         1,128,584           Total primary governmental activities:         -         6,56,554         670,060         712,559         710,034         712,767           Total primary governmental activities:         -         -         1,021,2767         1,057,446		\$	646 309	\$	632 581	\$	579 191	\$	633 246	\$	666 485
Public ar(c) - Fire         2.086.546         2.211.481         2.278.934         2.215.151         2.2.40.521           Public ar(c) - Protective impections         277.487         277.875         268.040         301.625         331.803           Transportation - Public Works         825.073         809.117         58.069         905.544         895.547           Human services         2.066         10.017         5.333         8.545         3.895           Culture and recreation         62.024         62.617         61.770         60.482         67.662           Physical environmental activities expenses         4.070.048         4.995.13         5.157.61         5.144.191         5.144.191           Business-type activities expenses         94.475         1.197.552         1.175.529         1.143.10           Governmental activities:         0         1.107.552         1.001.570         \$         8.33.462           Oral portennental activities:         0         1.000.071         1.05.356         -         7.742           Charge for services         9.213.26         5         1.001.570         \$         8.33.462           Operating grans and contributions         1.122.042         1.032.059         1.001.570         \$         8.33.462         0	5	Ψ	· · ·	Ψ	· · ·	Ψ	,	Ψ	,	Ψ	,
Problem         277,489         277,825         208,300         301,025         331,801           Transportion - Public Works         825,073         809,117         888,000         905,564         895,487           Ilurna services         2,686         10,047         5,383         85,453         3,895           Culture and recreation         62,924         62,617         61,770         60,482         67,662           Physical environment         74,036         82,823         72,674         71,172         85,689           Interest         -         -         -         124           Data services type activities expenses         44,670,408         4599,183         5,157,661         5,144,191         5,214,109           Total bisiness-type activities expenses         944,675         1,177,555         1,080,126         1,159,252         1,143,201           Total bisiness-type activities expenses         5,561,583         5,61,507,85         5,050,785         2,030,445         5,030,445         5,030,446         5,030,447         5,030,447         5,030,447         5,030,447         5,030,447         5,030,447         5,030,447         5,030,447         5,030,447         5,030,447         5,030,447         5,030,447         5,030,447         5,030,447 <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	-										
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $											
Physical environment Interest         74.036         82.823         72.674         71.372         85.689           Interest         -         -         1         124           Total governmental activities expenses         4.670,008         4.959,183         5.157,661         5.144,191         5.314,168           Business-type activities expenses         149,743         165,405         174,684         175,529         174,315           Total business-type activities expenses $944,675$ 1.197,555         1.198,253         1.188,584           Total primary government expenses $$5.5615,083$ \$6.156,738         \$6.303,446         \$6.442,752           Program Revenues         Governmental activities:         Charges for services         \$1.22,549         \$1.200,570         \$8.83,642           Oreal governmental activities:         1.120,902         1.559,859         1.064,157         1.072,454         1.044,8581         1.031,609           Total poissen-type activities program revenues         1.022,759         1.064,157         1.057,446         1.048,581         1.031,609           Total primary government program revenues         5         2.173,661         \$3.020,122         \$2.771,115         \$2.2471,589           Total primary government program revenues         5	Human services		2,686		10,047		5,383		8,545		3,895
	Culture and recreation		62,924		62,617		61,770		60,482		67,662
Total governmental activities expenses $4,670,408$ $4.959,183$ $5,157,661$ $5,144,191$ $5,314,168$ Busines-type activities:         Sever         794,932 $1034,150$ 905,442         983,726         954,274           Reclaimed water         149,743 $163,405$ $174,648$ 175,529 $174,510$ Total basines-type activities expenses $944,675$ $1107,555$ $1408,156$ $1152,587$ $1128,584$ Governmental activities:         Charges for services         \$ 291,302         \$ 818,064         \$ $1.004,571$ \$ $1.001,570$ \$ 835,462           Operating grants and contributions $172,746$ $21,733$ $165,536$ $-7,772,757$ Charges for services         1.022,759 $1.004,1571$ $1.004,851$ $1.031,669$ Total painary government program revenues $1.052,759$ $1.064,157$ $1.057,446$ $1.048,881$ $1.031,669$ Total primary government program revenues $5$ $2.173,661$ $5$ $3.021,122$ $5$ $3.021,122$ $5$ $3.021,122$ $5$ $3.03,493$ $5$ $3.03,697$ <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>74,036</td><td></td><td>82,823</td><td></td><td>72,674</td><td></td><td>71,372</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			74,036		82,823		72,674		71,372		
Busines-type activities:           Sever         794,932         1.034,150         905,442         983,726         954,274           Total bisines-type activities expenses $\overline{944,675}$ $1.197,555$ $1.138,534$ $\overline{11,52,253}$ $1.132,253$ Program Revenues $\overline{5,615,083}$ $\overline{5,615,0738}$ $\overline{5,633,446}$ $\overline{5,642,752}$ Program Revenues $\overline{102,0737}$ $\overline{5,633,446}$ $\overline{5,642,752}$ $\overline{72,2657}$ $\overline{72,20944}$ $\overline{72,2757}$ $\overline{5,633,446}$ $\overline{5,642,752}$ Program Revenues $\overline{112,20,902}$ $\overline{1,2735}$ $\overline{1.65,536}$ $-7,742$ $\overline{72,2654}$ $\overline{1.615,971}$ $\overline{1.041,577}$ $\overline{1.048,581}$ $\overline{1.061,5971}$ Busines-type activities program revenues $1.120,902$ $1.598,859$ $\overline{1.962,676}$ $\overline{1.722,554}$ $\overline{1.615,971}$ Busines-type activities program revenues $1.052,759$ $1.064,157$ $1.057,446$ $1.048,581$ $1.031,609$ Total poixnery porennent program revenues $5.2,754,016$ $\overline{5.3020,122}$ $\overline{5.775,95}$ $\overline{1.057,446}$ $1.044,581$ $1.031,609$ $\overline{1.044,517}$ $1.064,51$			-		-		-		-		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			4,670,408		4,959,183		5,157,661		5,144,191		5,314,168
Reclaimed water         149,743 $13,305$ $174,684$ $175,529$ $174,310$ Total primary government expenses $\frac{5}{5},615,083$ $\frac{5}{6},6156,738$ $\frac{5}{6},6237,787$ $\frac{5}{6},633,446$ $\frac{5}{6},6442,752$ Program Revenues           Governmental activities:           Charges for services $\frac{9}{2},21,22$ $\frac{8}{5},854$ $\frac{6}{6},10060$ $712,256$ $\frac{1}{122,254}$ $77,276$ Contrast and contributions $122,746$ $1,22,959$ $1,962,676$ $1,722,544$ $1,652,759$ $1,064,157$ $1,084,581$ $1,031,669$ Total spress-type activities program revenues $1,222,759$ $1,064,157$ $1,037,446$ $1,048,881$ $1,031,669$ Total business-type activities regram revenues $\frac{5}{2,171,615}$ $5$ $3,020,122$ $5$ $2,247,801$ Net (Expense)/Revenue           Governmental activities net expense $5$ $(3,549,506)$ $(3,449,324)$ $5$ $(3,421,637)$ $5$ $(3,698,197)$ Statistis net expense $5$ $(3,549,506)$ <											
Total business-type activities expenses $\frac{944.675}{5.615.083}$ $\frac{1.197.555}{5.6.237.87}$ $\frac{1.198.285}{5.6.237.87}$ $\frac{1.198.285}{5.6.303.446}$ $\frac{1.128.584}{5.6.427.22}$ Program Revenues         Governmental activities: $5.615.083$ $5.6.15.083$ $5.6.237.87$ $5.6.303.446$ $5.6.442.752$ Program Revenues         Governmental activities: $5.291.302$ $5.818.064$ $1.084.571$ $5.0.03.3466$ $5.772.767$ Charges for services $1.72.746$ $21.73.69$ $1.962.576$ $1.722.554$ $1.615.971$ Business-type activities program revenues $1.129.902$ $1.508.899$ $1.962.676$ $1.722.554$ $1.615.971$ Business-type activities program revenues $1.052.759$ $1.064.157$ $1.057.446$ $1.048.581$ $1.031.609$ Total business-type activities program revenues $5.(3.549.506)$ $5.(3.494.924)$ $5.(3.194.985)$ $5.(3.498.197)$ Oute (Expense)/Revenue         Governmental activities not revenue $5.(3.549.506)$ $5.(3.494.924)$ $5.(3.217.665)$ $5.(3.498.197)$ Business-type activities not revenue $5.(3.549.506)$ $5.(3.494.924)$ $5.(3.217.665)$			,				,		,		
Total primary government expenses $\overline{3}$ $5.615.083$ $\overline{3}$ $6.156.738$ $\overline{5}$ $6.237.787$ $\overline{5}$ $6.303.446$ $\overline{5}$ $6.442.752$ Program Revenues           Governmental activities:         Charges for services $72.046$ $71.094.571$ $\overline{5}$ $1.001.570$ $\overline{5}$ $835.462$ Operating grants and contributions $1.72.746$ $21.735.461$ $1.025.366$ $-7.742$ Total governmental activities program revenues $1.120.902$ $1.098.959$ $1.962.676$ $1.722.554$ $1.615.971$ Business-type activities: $1.052.759$ $1.004.157$ $1.057.446$ $1.048.581$ $1.031.609$ Total puisness-type activities program revenues $5$ $2.574.016$ $5$ $3.020.122$ $5$ $7.71.135$ $5$ $2.647.580$ Net (Expense)Revenue $5$ $(3.549.506)$ $5$ $(3.219.495)$ $5$ $(3.298.17)$ $5$ $(3.698.17)$ Business-type activities net revenue $5$ $1.022.599$ $5$ $(3.217.665)$ $5$ $(3.279.172)$											
Program Revenues Governmental activities:         S         291,302         \$         818,064         \$         1,084,571         \$         1,001,570         \$         835,462           Operating grants and contributions         172,744         21,735         1,005,570         \$         835,462           Total governmental activities program revenues         1,120,902         1,506,859         1,962,676         1,722,554         1,615,571           Business-type activities program revenues         1,052,759         1,064,157         1,057,446         1,048,581         1,031,609           Total business-type activities program revenues         1,052,759         1,064,157         1,057,446         1,048,581         1,031,609           Total business-type activities program revenues         1,052,759         1,064,157         1,057,446         1,048,581         1,031,609           Total primary government program revenues         5         3,549,506         \$         (3,149,855)         \$         3,421,637)         \$         3,698,197)           Business-type activities norgam revenue         5         (3,549,506)         \$         (3,149,825)         \$         (3,249,722)         \$         \$         3,249,752)           General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position         Governmental activities		¢	,	¢		\$	, ,	¢		¢	
	rotar primary government expenses	¢	3,013,085	\$	0,130,738	¢	0,237,787	\$	0,505,440	¢	0,442,732
Charges for services         \$ 291,302         \$ 818,064         \$ 1,041,571         \$ 1,001,570         \$ 835,462           Operating grants and contributions         172,746         21,735         1655,356         -         7,742           Total governmental activities program revenues         1,120,902         1,509,859         1,962,676         1,722,546         1,051,571           Business-type activities:         1,052,759         1,064,157         1,057,446         1,048,581         1,031,609           Total primary government program revenues         1,052,759         1,064,157         1,057,446         1,048,581         1,031,609           Total primary government program revenues         1,052,759         1,064,157         1,057,446         1,048,581         1,031,609           Roternment activities net revenue         5         2,173,661         \$ 2,574,016         \$ 3,032,022         \$ 2,771,135         \$ 2,647,580           Net (Expense)/Revenue         Governmental activities net revenue         5         3,444,422         \$ (3,49,24)         \$ (3,49,485)         \$ (3,421,637)         \$ (3,698,197)           Business-type activities net revenue         5         5 (3,441,422)         \$ (3,582,722)         \$ (3,217,665)         \$ (3,22,680)         (110,674)         (96,575)           Total primary goverm	Program Revenues										
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	8										
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Charges for services	\$	291,302	\$	818,064	\$	1,084,571	\$	1,001,570	\$	835,462
Total governmental activities program revenues         1,120,902         1,509,859         1,962,676         1,722,554         1,615,971           Business-type activities         Charges for services         1,052,759         1,064,157         1,057,446         1,048,581         1,031,609           Total business-type activities program revenues $$$2,173,661$         $$2,574,016$         $$3,020,122$         $$2,771,135$         $$2,647,580           Net (Expense)/Revenue         Governmental activities net expense         $$(3,549,506)$         $$(3,449,324)$         $$(3,194,985)$         $$(3,421,637)$         $$(3,698,197)$           Total primary government net expense         $$(3,549,506)$         $$(3,441,422)$         $$(3,582,722)$         $$(3,217,665)$         $$(3,242,637)$         $$(3,698,197)$           Total primary government net expense         $$(3,544,422)$         $$(3,582,722)$         $$(3,217,665)$         $$(3,242,637)$         $$(3,698,197)$           Taxes         Ad valorem         $$(3,441,422)$         $$(3,582,722)$         $$(3,217,665)$         $$(3,249,831$         $$(2,2780)$           Taxes         Ad valorem         $$1,022,599$         $$1,014,015$         $$1,066,851$         $$642,422$         $$712,589           Sales tax - infrastructure         $$23,967$         $200,530$         $$242,254$         $	Operating grants and contributions		656,854		670,060		712,569		720,984		772,767
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Total governmental activities program revenues		1,120,902		1,509,859		1,962,676		1,722,554		1,615,971
Total business-type activities program revenues $1.052,759$ $1.064,157$ $1.057,446$ $1.048,581$ $1.031,609$ Total primary government program revenues $$2,173,661$ $$2,574,016$ $$$3,020,122$ $$$2,771,135$ $$$2,647,580$ Net (Expense)/Revenue $$000000000000000000000000000000000000$	Business-type activities:										
Total primary government program revenues       \$       2.173.661       \$       2.2574.016       \$       3.020,122       \$       2.771,135       \$       2.647,580         Net (Expense)/Revenue         Governmental activities net expense       \$       (3.549,506)       \$       (3.144,324)       \$       (3.194,985)       \$       (3.217,665)       \$       (3.698,197)         Business-type activities net expense       \$       (3.549,506)       \$       (3.217,665)       \$       (3.532,311)       \$       (3.698,197)         Total primary government activities net expense       \$       (3.542,506)       \$       (3.217,665)       \$       (3.532,311)       \$       (3.698,197)         Governmental activities net expense         Total primary government actoper texpense         S       1.022,599       \$       1.014,015       \$       1.066,851       \$       642,422       \$       712,589         Communication services tax       227,099       243,932       269,547       244,085       240,224       \$       712,589       \$       102,2599       \$       1.014,015       \$       1.066,851       \$       642,422       \$       712,589       \$       102,2709       24	-										
Net (Expense)/Revenue         S $(3,549,506)$ S $(3,449,324)$ S $(3,194,985)$ S $(3,421,637)$ S $(3,698,197)$ Business-type activities net revenue $\frac{1}{5}$ $(3,441,422)$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $(3,522,722)$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $(3,217,665)$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $(3,522,712)$ General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position         Governmental activities: $\frac{5}{5}$ $(3,52722)$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $(3,522,311)$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $(3,522,311)$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $(3,522,311)$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $(3,795,172)$ General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position         Governmental activities: $712,589$			,,				,,				, ,
	Total primary government program revenues	\$	2,173,661	\$	2,574,016	\$	3,020,122	\$	2,771,135	\$	2,647,580
	Net (Evnense)/Revenue										
Business-type activities net revenue Total primary government net expense108,084 \$ (3,441,422)(133,398) \$ (3,582,722)(22,680) \$ (3,512,311)(110,674) \$ (3,592,311)(96,975) \$ (3,795,172)General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position 		\$	(3 549 506)	\$	(3 449 324)	\$	(3 194 985)	\$	(3 421 637)	\$	(3 698 197)
Total primary government net expense $$$ (3,441,422)$ $$$ (3,582,722)$ $$$ (3,532,311)$ $$$ (3,795,172)$ General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes Ad valorem $$$ 1,022,599$ $$$ 1,014,015$ $$$ 1,066,851$ $$$ 642,422$ $$$ 712,589$ Franchise fees507,853477,513458,889439,881502,227Utility taxes606,605597,352571,598595,950618,039Communication services tax227,099243,932269,547244,085240,254Sales tax - infrastructure453,033416,235440,385463,895449,4915Half-cent sales tax75,30574,27274,29475,51477,058Other taxes59,76760,07655,80161,16967,357State revenue sharing155,324155,245155,655156,238157,524Investment income83,03571,25358,64248,3165,471Change in fair value of investments42,086(3,883)(8,348)(26,865)(9,093)Miscellaneous19,74220,73235,41623,96533,086Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlementTotal governmental activities18,2216,24810,0424,591(2,496)Total governmental activities20,5246,22810,7575,131(1,093)Total primary government53,526,939\$,3,393,530\$,3,450,042\$,3,002,341\$	•	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Governmental activities:         Taxes       Ad valorem       \$ 1,022,599       \$ 1,014,015       \$ 1,066,851       \$ 642,422       \$ 712,589         Franchise fees       507,853       477,513       458,889       439,881       502,227         Utility taxes       606,605       597,352       571,598       595,950       618,039         Communication services tax       227,099       243,932       269,547       244,085       240,224         Sales tax - infrastructure       453,033       416,235       440,385       463,895       494,915         Half-cent sales tax       253,967       260,555       272,640       290,685       Local option gas tax       75,305       74,272       74,294       75,514       77,058         Other taxes       59,767       60,076       55,801       61,169       67,357         State revenue sharing       155,324       155,655       156,238       157,524         Investment income       83,035       71,253       58,642       48,316       5,471         Change in fair value of investments       42,086       (3,883)       (8,348)       (26,865)       (9,093)         Miscellaneous       19,742       20,732       3,439,285       2,997,210       3,		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Governmental activities:         Taxes       Ad valorem       \$ 1,022,599       \$ 1,014,015       \$ 1,066,851       \$ 642,422       \$ 712,589         Franchise fees       507,853       477,513       458,889       439,881       502,227         Utility taxes       606,605       597,352       571,598       595,950       618,039         Communication services tax       227,099       243,932       269,547       244,085       240,224         Sales tax - infrastructure       453,033       416,235       440,385       463,895       494,915         Half-cent sales tax       253,967       260,555       272,640       290,685       Local option gas tax       75,305       74,272       74,294       75,514       77,058         Other taxes       59,767       60,076       55,801       61,169       67,357         State revenue sharing       155,324       155,655       156,238       157,524         Investment income       83,035       71,253       58,642       48,316       5,471         Change in fair value of investments       42,086       (3,883)       (8,348)       (26,865)       (9,093)         Miscellaneous       19,742       20,732       3,439,285       2,997,210       3,											
TaxesAd valorem\$ 1,022,599\$ 1,014,015\$ 1,066,851\$ 642,422\$ 712,589Franchise fees507,853477,513458,889439,881502,227Utility taxes606,605597,352571,598595,950618,039Communication services tax227,099243,932269,547244,085240,254Sales tax - infrastructure453,033416,235440,385463,895494,915Half-cent sales tax253,967260,550272,640290,685Local option gas tax75,30574,27274,29475,51477,058Other taxes59,76760,07655,80161,16967,357State revenue sharing155,324155,245155,655156,238157,524Investment income83,03577,125358,64248,3165,471Change in fair value of investments42,086(3,883)(8,348)(26,865)(9,093)Miscellaneous19,74220,73235,41623,96533,086Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlementTotal governmental activities20,5246,24810,0424,591(2,496)Investment income2,303107155401,403Change in fair value of investments18,2216,24810,0424,591(2,496)Total governmental activities20,5246,25810,7575,131(1,093)Total primary government\$ 3,526,6939\$ 3,393,530<											
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Franchise fees507,853477,513458,889439,881502,227Utility taxes606,605597,352571,598595,950618,039Communication services tax227,099243,932269,547244,085240,254Sales tax - infrastructure453,033416,235440,3854663,895494,915Half-cent sales tax253,967260,550260,555272,640290,685Local option gas tax75,30574,27274,29475,51477,058Other taxes59,76760,07655,80161,16967,357State revenue sharing155,324155,245155,655156,238157,524Investment income83,03571,25358,64248,3165,471Change in fair value of investments42,086(3,883)(8,348)(26,865)(9,093)Miscellaneous19,74220,73235,41623,96533,086Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlementTotal governmental activities18,2216,24810,0424,591(2,496)Total primary government $\frac{5}{3,352,6939}$ \$ 3,393,530\$ 3,450,042\$ 3,002,341\$ 3,189,019Change in Net PositionGovernmental activities\$ (43,091)\$ (62,052)\$ 244,300\$ (424,427)\$ (508,085)Business-type activities128,608(127,140)(11,223)(105,543)(98,068)		¢	1 022 500	¢	1 014 015	¢	1.000.951	¢	(42,422	¢	712 590
Utility taxes $606,605$ $597,352$ $571,598$ $595,950$ $618,039$ Communication services tax $227,099$ $243,932$ $269,547$ $244,085$ $240,254$ Sales tax - infrastructure $453,033$ $416,235$ $440,385$ $463,895$ $494,915$ Half-cent sales tax $253,967$ $260,530$ $260,555$ $272,640$ $299,685$ Local option gas tax $75,305$ $74,272$ $74,294$ $75,514$ $77,058$ Other taxes $59,767$ $60,076$ $55,801$ $61,169$ $67,357$ State revenue sharing $155,324$ $155,245$ $155,655$ $156,238$ $157,524$ Investment income $83,035$ $71,253$ $58,642$ $48,316$ $5,471$ Change in fair value of investments $42,086$ $(3,883)$ $(8,348)$ $(26,865)$ $(9,093)$ Miscellaneous $19,742$ $20,732$ $35,416$ $23,965$ $33,086$ Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlement $   -$ Total governmental activities $3,506,415$ $3,387,272$ $3,439,285$ $2,997,210$ $3,190,112$ Business-type activities $18,221$ $6,248$ $10,042$ $4,591$ $(2,496)$ Total business-type activities $\frac{2}{3,526,939}$ $\frac{5}{3,393,530}$ $\frac{5}{3,302,341}$ $\frac{5}{3,3189,019}$ Change in Net Position $\frac{5}{3,526,939}$ $\frac{5}{3,393,530}$ $\frac{5}{3,443,000}$ $\frac{42,4,427}{5,513}$ $\frac{5}{5,050,085}$ Business-type activities $128,608$ $(127,140)$		Э		Э		Э	, ,	Э		\$	
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Sales tax - infrastructure $453,033$ $416,235$ $440,385$ $463,895$ $494,915$ Half-cent sales tax $253,967$ $260,530$ $260,555$ $272,640$ $290,685$ Local option gas tax $75,305$ $74,272$ $74,294$ $75,514$ $77,058$ Other taxes $59,767$ $60,076$ $55,801$ $61,169$ $67,357$ State revenue sharing $155,324$ $155,245$ $155,655$ $156,6238$ $157,524$ Investment income $83,035$ $71,253$ $58,642$ $48,316$ $5,471$ Change in fair value of investments $42,086$ $(3,883)$ $(8,348)$ $(26,865)$ $(9,093)$ Miscellaneous $19,742$ $20,732$ $35,416$ $23,965$ $33,086$ Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlement $   -$ Total governmental activities $3,506,415$ $3,387,272$ $3,439,285$ $2,997,210$ $3,190,112$ Business-type activities $18,221$ $6,248$ $10,042$ $4,591$ $(2,496)$ Total business-type activities $20,524$ $6,258$ $10,757$ $5,131$ $(1,093)$ Total primary government $$3,526,939$ $$3,393,530$ $$3,450,042$ $$3,002,341$ $$3,189,019$ Change in Net PositionGovernmental activities $$(43,091)$ $$(62,052)$ $$244,300$ $$(424,427)$ $$(508,085)$ Business-type activities $$128,608$ $(127,140)$ $(11,923)$ $(105,543)$ $(98,068)$											
Half-cent sales tax $253,967$ $260,530$ $260,555$ $272,640$ $290,685$ Local option gas tax $75,305$ $74,272$ $74,294$ $75,514$ $77,058$ Other taxes $59,767$ $60,076$ $55,801$ $61,169$ $67,357$ State revenue sharing $155,324$ $155,245$ $155,655$ $156,238$ $157,524$ Investment income $83,035$ $71,253$ $58,642$ $48,316$ $5,471$ Change in fair value of investments $42,086$ $(3,883)$ $(8,348)$ $(26,865)$ $(9,093)$ Miscellaneous $19,742$ $20,732$ $35,416$ $23,965$ $33,086$ Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlement $   -$ Total governmental activities $3,506,415$ $3,387,272$ $3,439,285$ $2,997,210$ $3,190,112$ Business-type activities $18,221$ $6,248$ $10,042$ $4,591$ $(2,496)$ Total business-type activities $20,524$ $6,258$ $10,757$ $5,131$ $(1,093)$ Total primary government $$3,3526,939$ $$3,393,530$ $$3,450,042$ $$3,002,341$ $$3,189,019$ Change in Net PositionGovernmental activities $$(43,091)$ $$(62,052)$ $$244,300$ $$(424,427)$ $$(508,085)$ Business-type activities $$128,608$ $(127,140)$ $(11,923)$ $(105,543)$ $(98,068)$							,				
Local option gas tax $75,305$ $74,272$ $74,294$ $75,514$ $77,058$ Other taxes $59,767$ $60,076$ $55,801$ $61,169$ $67,357$ State revenue sharing $155,324$ $155,245$ $155,655$ $156,238$ $157,524$ Investment income $83,035$ $71,253$ $58,642$ $48,316$ $5,471$ Change in fair value of investments $42,086$ $(3,883)$ $(8,348)$ $(26,865)$ $(9,093)$ Miscellaneous $19,742$ $20,732$ $35,416$ $23,965$ $33,086$ Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlement $    -$ Total governmental activities $3,506,415$ $3,387,272$ $3,439,285$ $2,997,210$ $3,190,112$ Business-type activities $18,221$ $6,248$ $10,042$ $4,591$ $(2,496)$ Total business-type activities $20,524$ $6,258$ $10,757$ $5,131$ $(1,093)$ Total primary government $$3,352,6939$ $$3,393,530$ $$3,450,042$ $$3,002,341$ $$3,189,019$ Change in Net PositionGovernmental activities $$(43,091)$ $$(62,052)$ $$244,300$ $$(424,427)$ $$(508,085)$ Business-type activities $$128,608$ $(127,140)$ $(11,923)$ $(105,543)$ $(98,068)$											
Other taxes $59,767$ $60,076$ $55,801$ $61,169$ $67,357$ State revenue sharing $155,324$ $155,245$ $155,655$ $156,238$ $157,524$ Investment income $83,035$ $71,253$ $58,642$ $48,316$ $5,471$ Change in fair value of investments $42,086$ $(3,883)$ $(8,348)$ $(26,865)$ $(9,093)$ Miscellaneous $19,742$ $20,732$ $35,416$ $23,965$ $33,086$ Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlement $    -$ Total governmental activities $3,506,415$ $3,387,272$ $3,439,285$ $2,997,210$ $3,190,112$ Business-type activities $18,221$ $6,248$ $10,042$ $4,591$ $(2,496)$ Total business-type activities $20,524$ $6,258$ $10,757$ $5,131$ $(1,093)$ Total primary government $\$$ $\$$ $3,526,939$ $\$$ $3,450,042$ $\$$ $3,002,341$ $\$$ $\$$ Change in Net Position $62,052$ $\$$ $244,300$ $\$$ $(424,427)$ $\$$ $(508,085)$ Business-type activities $128,608$ $(127,140)$ $(11,923)$ $(105,543)$ $(98,068)$											
Investment income $83,035$ $71,253$ $58,642$ $48,316$ $5,471$ Change in fair value of investments $42,086$ $(3,883)$ $(8,348)$ $(26,865)$ $(9,093)$ Miscellaneous $19,742$ $20,732$ $35,416$ $23,965$ $33,086$ Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlementTotal governmental activities $3,506,415$ $3,387,272$ $3,439,285$ $2,997,210$ $3,190,112$ Business-type activities $18,221$ $6,248$ $10,042$ $4,591$ $(2,496)$ Total business-type activities $20,524$ $6,258$ $10,757$ $5,131$ $(1,093)$ Total primary government $\$$ $3,526,939$ $\$$ $3,393,530$ $\$$ $3,450,042$ $\$$ $3,002,341$ $\$$ $3,189,019$ Change in Net PositionGovernmental activities $\$$ $(43,091)$ $\$$ $(62,052)$ $\$$ $244,300$ $\$$ $(424,427)$ $\$$ $(508,085)$ Business-type activities $128,608$ $(127,140)$ $(11,923)$ $(105,543)$ $(98,068)$											
Change in fair value of investments $42,086$ $(3,883)$ $(8,348)$ $(26,865)$ $(9,093)$ Miscellaneous $19,742$ $20,732$ $35,416$ $23,965$ $33,086$ Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlement $    -$ Total governmental activities $3,506,415$ $3,387,272$ $3,439,285$ $2,997,210$ $3,190,112$ Business-type activities $3,506,415$ $3,387,272$ $3,439,285$ $2,997,210$ $3,190,112$ Business-type activities $18,221$ $6,248$ $10,042$ $4,591$ $(2,496)$ Total business-type activities $20,524$ $6,258$ $10,757$ $5,131$ $(1,093)$ Total primary government $\$$ $3,526,939$ $\$$ $3,393,530$ $\$$ $3,450,042$ $\$$ $3,002,341$ $\$$ $3,189,019$ Change in Net PositionGovernmental activities $\$$ $(43,091)$ $\$$ $(62,052)$ $\$$ $244,300$ $\$$ $(424,427)$ $\$$ $(508,085)$ Business-type activities $128,608$ $(127,140)$ $(11,923)$ $(105,543)$ $(98,068)$	State revenue sharing		155,324		155,245		155,655		156,238		157,524
Miscellaneous $19,742$ $20,732$ $35,416$ $23,965$ $33,086$ Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlement $     -$ Total governmental activities $3,506,415$ $3,387,272$ $3,439,285$ $2,997,210$ $3,190,112$ Business-type activities $19,742$ $2,303$ $10$ $715$ $540$ $1,403$ Change in fair value of investments $18,221$ $6,248$ $10,042$ $4,591$ $(2,496)$ Total business-type activities $20,524$ $6,258$ $10,757$ $5,131$ $(1,093)$ Total primary government $\$$ $3,526,939$ $\$$ $3,393,530$ $\$$ $3,450,042$ $\$$ $3,002,341$ $\$$ $3,189,019$ Change in Net PositionGovernmental activities $\$$ $(43,091)$ $\$$ $(62,052)$ $\$$ $244,300$ $\$$ $(424,427)$ $\$$ $(508,085)$ Business-type activities $128,608$ $(127,140)$ $(11,923)$ $(105,543)$ $(98,068)$	Investment income		83,035		71,253		58,642		48,316		5,471
Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlement       -	Change in fair value of investments				(3,883)		(8,348)		(26,865)		(9,093)
Total governmental activities $3,506,415$ $3,387,272$ $3,439,285$ $2,997,210$ $3,190,112$ Business-type activities       Investment income $2,303$ 10 $715$ $540$ $1,403$ Change in fair value of investments $18,221$ $6,248$ $10,042$ $4,591$ $(2,496)$ Total business-type activities $20,524$ $6,258$ $10,757$ $5,131$ $(1,093)$ Total primary government $\$$ $3,526,939$ $\$$ $3,393,530$ $\$$ $3,450,042$ $\$$ $3,002,341$ $\$$ $3,189,019$ Change in Net Position         Governmental activities $\$$ $(43,091)$ $\$$ $(62,052)$ $\$$ $244,300$ $\$$ $(424,427)$ $\$$ $(508,085)$ Business-type activities $128,608$ $(127,140)$ $(11,923)$ $(105,543)$ $(98,068)$			19,742		20,732		35,416		23,965		33,086
Constrained in the problem of the pro			-		-		-		-		-
Investment income $2,303$ $10$ $715$ $540$ $1,403$ Change in fair value of investments $18,221$ $6,248$ $10,042$ $4,591$ $(2,496)$ Total business-type activities $20,524$ $6,258$ $10,757$ $5,131$ $(1,093)$ Total primary government $\$$ $3,526,939$ $\$$ $3,393,530$ $\$$ $3,450,042$ $\$$ $3,002,341$ $\$$ $3,189,019$ Change in Net Position         Governmental activities $\$$ $(43,091)$ $\$$ $(62,052)$ $\$$ $244,300$ $\$$ $(424,427)$ $\$$ $(508,085)$ Business-type activities $128,608$ $(127,140)$ $(11,923)$ $(105,543)$ $(98,068)$	Total governmental activities		3,506,415		3,387,272		3,439,285		2,997,210		3,190,112
Change in fair value of investments $18,221$ $6,248$ $10,042$ $4,591$ $(2,496)$ Total business-type activities $20,524$ $6,258$ $10,757$ $5,131$ $(1,093)$ Total primary government $$3,526,939$ $$3,393,530$ $$$3,450,042$ $$$3,002,341$ $$$3,189,019$ Change in Net Position       Governmental activities $$$$(43,091)$ $$$(62,052)$ $$$244,300$ $$$(424,427)$ $$$(508,085)$ Business-type activities $128,608$ $(127,140)$ $(11,923)$ $(105,543)$ $(98,068)$											
Total business-type activities $20,524$ $6,258$ $10,757$ $5,131$ $(1,093)$ Total primary government\$ 3,526,939\$ 3,393,530\$ 3,450,042\$ 3,002,341\$ 3,189,019Change in Net Position Governmental activities\$ $(43,091)$ \$ $(62,052)$ \$ 244,300\$ $(424,427)$ \$ $(508,085)$ Business-type activities $128,608$ $(127,140)$ $(11,923)$ $(105,543)$ $(98,068)$											
Total primary government       \$ 3,526,939       \$ 3,393,530       \$ 3,450,042       \$ 3,002,341       \$ 3,189,019         Change in Net Position       Governmental activities       \$ (43,091)       \$ (62,052)       \$ 244,300       \$ (424,427)       \$ (508,085)         Business-type activities       128,608       (127,140)       (11,923)       (105,543)       (98,068)	-										
Change in Net Position           Governmental activities         \$ (43,091) \$ (62,052) \$ 244,300 \$ (424,427) \$ (508,085)           Business-type activities         128,608 (127,140) (11,923) (105,543) (98,068)		¢	· · · · ·	\$		¢		¢		¢	
Governmental activities         \$ (43,091)         \$ (62,052)         \$ 244,300         \$ (424,427)         \$ (508,085)           Business-type activities         128,608         (127,140)         (11,923)         (105,543)         (98,068)	rotai primary government	φ	3,320,939	φ	3,373,330	¢	3,430,042	\$	3,002,341	φ	5,109,019
Governmental activities         \$ (43,091)         \$ (62,052)         \$ 244,300         \$ (424,427)         \$ (508,085)           Business-type activities         128,608         (127,140)         (11,923)         (105,543)         (98,068)	Change in Net Position										
Business-type activities 128,608 (127,140) (11,923) (105,543) (98,068)	0	\$	(43,091)	\$	(62,052)	\$	244,300	\$	(424,427)	\$	(508,085)
State         State <th< td=""><td>Business-type activities</td><td></td><td>128,608</td><td></td><td>(127,140)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(105,543)</td><td></td><td>(98,068)</td></th<>	Business-type activities		128,608		(127,140)				(105,543)		(98,068)
	Total primary government	\$	85,517	\$	(189,192)	\$	232,377	\$	(529,970)	\$	(606,153)

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
\$	808,125	\$	804,196	\$	840,118	\$	887,455	\$	999,635
	1,023,307		881,550		772,949		786,522		810,378
	2,185,829		2,331,312		2,558,760		2,633,364		2,838,432
	353,270		369,046		369,852		397,196		458,251
	879,520		931,613		926,658		1,014,262		992,511
	5,795		3,286		4,223		10,162		9,402
	72,858 90,854		62,198 108,423		62,164 110,779		54,475 156,794		56,469 156,934
	50,854 66		2						150,954
	5,419,624		5,491,626		5,645,503		5,940,229		6,322,011
	991,172		1,027,658		1,082,192		1,025,922		1,174,549
	179,451		195,261		191,780		212,074		188,877
	1,170,623		1,222,919		1,273,972		1,237,996		1,363,426
\$	6,590,247	\$	6,714,545	\$	6,919,475	\$	7,178,225	\$	7,685,437
\$	689,326	\$	857,705	\$	397,383	\$	513,550	\$	495,840
	810,767		730,936		744,612		819,272		869,746
	3,880		200,204		-				
	1,503,973		1,788,845		1,141,995		1,332,822		1,365,586
	1,065,857		1,046,723		1,133,811		1,166,250		1,323,268
	1,065,857		1,046,723		1,133,811		1,166,250		1,323,268
\$	2,569,830	\$	2,835,568	\$	2,275,806	\$	2,499,072	\$	2,688,854
\$	(2.015.651)	\$	(2 702 791)	\$	(1 502 509)	\$	(4,607,407)	\$	(4.056.425)
φ	(3,915,651) (104,766)	φ	(3,702,781) (176,196)	φ	(4,503,508) (140,161)	Ģ	(4,007,407) (71,746)	φ	(4,956,425) (40,158)
\$	(4,020,417)	\$	(3,878,977)	\$	(4,643,669)	\$	(4,679,153)	\$	(4,996,583)
							<u>, , , , ,</u>		
\$	894,391	\$	1,570,705	\$	1,730,425	\$	1,820,247	\$	2,095,658
φ	490,429	φ	467,936	φ	473,192	φ	509,999	φ	533,672
	632,972		648,746		650,481		663,585		703,744
	241,330		231,531		233,979		247,881		212,307
	534,832		563,632		581,267		609,637		643,325
	307,159		319,883		321,020		329,118		334,408
	78,796		81,708		81,739		75,738		71,246
	62,494		64,689		58,273		60,288		18,898
	159,685		160,186		161,033		161,955		165,471
	23,944		23,319		48,881		97,760		148,657
	3,231		7,161		8,176		13,951		33,454
	37,694		38,592		52,016		50,569		53,576
	131,898		4,178,088		4,400,482		4,640,728		5,014,416
	3,598,855		4,170,000		4,400,462		4,040,720		3,014,410
	7,556		8,773		18,542		30 170		60,443
	-,550		0,775		- 10,342		39,170		00,445
	7,556		8,773		18,542		39,170		60,443
\$	3,606,411	\$	4,186,861	\$	4,419,024	\$	4,679,898	\$	5,074,859
				-				-	
¢	(216 70 0)	¢	175 207	¢	(102.020)	¢	22.221	¢	E7 001
\$	(316,796) (97,210)	\$	475,307	\$	(103,026) (121,619)	\$	33,321 (32,576)	\$	57,991 20,285
\$	(414,006)	\$	(167,423) 307,884	\$	(121,619) (224,645)	\$	(32,576) 745	\$	78,276
		φ	507,004	φ	(224,043)	φ	743	Ψ	10,210

#### City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 3 Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2010	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 43,268	\$ 27,766	\$ 25,720	\$ 26,281	\$ 23,357
Restricted	6,151	4,151	3,151	2,651	1,651
Assigned	183,205	169,155	680,055	744,110	754,970
Unassigned	3,520,386	3,453,879	3,021,434	2,493,922	1,955,827
Total general fund	\$ 3,753,010	\$ 3,654,951	\$ 3,730,360	\$ 3,266,964	\$ 2,735,805
All Other Governmental Funds					
Restricted	\$ 4,271,009	\$ 4,464,888	\$ 4,588,363	\$ 4,012,770	\$ 4,348,872
Assigned to:					
Capital improvement projects	782,241	675,133	701,527	592,556	472,523
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 5,053,250	\$ 5,140,021	\$ 5,289,890	\$ 4,605,326	\$ 4,821,395

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
\$	26,041	\$	24,403	\$	32,486	\$	38,991	\$	42,544
	1,651		1,651		2,651		2,651		1,651
	137,095		104,340		160,230		126,280		208,260
	2,099,926		2,467,165		2,490,642		2,723,043		2,845,909
\$	2,264,713	\$	2,597,559	\$	2,686,009	\$	2,890,965	\$	3,098,364
¢	1 2 1 1 2 2 2	٠	4 5 60 0.0 5	¢		<i>•</i>		¢	5 100 00 <b>5</b>
\$	4,311,392	\$	4,568,025	\$	4,171,832	\$	4,670,585	\$	5,199,997
	455,073		433,616		387,876		240,878		200,255
\$	4,766,465	\$	5,001,641	\$	4,559,708	\$	4,911,463	\$	5,400,252
				_				_	

# City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 4 Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	,115 ,940 ,842 ,316 ,865) ,050 ,491
Licenses and permits 276,742 190,715 181,551 293	,115 ,940 ,842 ,316 ,865) ,050 ,491
I , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,940 ,842 ,316 ,865) ,050 ,491
Intergovernmental revenue 1.887.228 1.658.153 1.864.795 1.748	,842 ,316 ,865) ,050 ,491
	,316 ,865) ,050 ,491
	,865) ,050 ,491
	,050 ,491
	,491
Rent 6,500 5,975 6,875 8	,
Total revenues         4,689,048         4,897,881         5,401,961         4,719	,477
Expenditures	
General government 588,213 594,869 547,153 601	,174
Public safety         2,930,898         3,243,016         3,451,446         3,349	
	,919
	,250
	,652
Physical environment         26,392         29,288         7,008	,032
Capital outlay 281,801 307,998 389,262 1,095	056
Debt service	,000
Principal retirement	_
Interest and fiscal charges	_
Total expenditures         4,561,618         4,909,169         5,176,683         5,867	.724
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         127,430         (11,288)         225,278         (1,148)	,247)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Proceeds from sale of surplus capital assets	287
Capital lease obligation incurred	-
Deepwater Horizon - BP Oil spill settlement	-
Transfers in 210,458	-
Transfers out         (210,458)         -         -	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	287
Net change in fund balances         127,430         (11,288)         225,278         (1,147)	,960)
Fund balances - beginning of year       8,646,125       8,773,555       8,762,267       8,987	
Fund balances - end of year       \$ 8,773,555       \$ 8,762,267       \$ 8,987,545       \$ 7,839	
Debt comvine of a memoratory	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures0.0%0.0%0.0%0.0%0.0%	0.0%

 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019
\$ 2,091,109	\$ 2,272,072	\$ 2,921,293	\$ 3,088,677	\$ 3,246,996	\$ 3,546,478
355,998	381,410	551,956	360,643	476,897	475,885
1,867,048	1,957,613	2,121,238	1,946,944	2,056,008	2,103,094
453,682	288,141	298,600	26,742	21,062	7,523
5,471	23,944	23,319	48,881	97,760	148,657
(9,093)	3,231	7,161	8,176	13,951	33,454
6,750	6,093	3,600	8,600	9,950	11,335
 35,118 4,806,083	 38,426 4,970,930	 39,766 5,966,933	 49,114 5,537,777	50,926 5,973,550	 53,576 6,380,002
 4,800,085	 4,970,930	 3,900,933	 3,337,777	3,975,550	 0,380,002
642,915	777,213	735,542	736,468	771,751	810,750
3,393,938	3,464,592	3,365,382	3,312,183	3,540,403	3,796,629
788,780	759,608	787,372	757,592	754,024	790,564
2,600	4,500	2,000	4,000	4,000	3,000
26,851	32,476	24,960	27,577	25,825	28,469
-	-	-	14,228	99,233	4,229
270,712	586,334	482,967	1,043,912	221,963	250,173
3,315	4,061	686	-	-	-
 124	 66	 2	 -	-	 -
 5,129,235	5,628,850	 5,398,911	 5,895,960	5,417,199	 5,683,814
(323,152)	(657,920)	568,022	(358,183)	556,351	696,188
-	-	-	4,700	360	-
8,062	-	-	-	-	-
-	131,898	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
 -	 -	 -	 -		 -
 8,062	 131,898	 -	 4,700	360	 -
(315,090)	(526,022)	568,022	(353,483)	556,711	696,188
 7,839,585	 7,524,495	 6,998,473	 7,599,200	 7,245,717	 7,802,428
\$ 7,524,495	\$ 6,998,473	\$ 7,566,495	\$ 7,245,717	\$ 7,802,428	\$ 8,498,616
0.40	 0.14	 0.041	 	 0.041	 0.00/
0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

# City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 5 Program Revenue by Function / Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012
Function / Program			
Governmental activities :			
Charges for services			
General government	\$ 88,484	\$ 101,182	\$ 84,193
Public safety - Police	7,958	621,131	895,870
Public safety - Protective inspections	188,360	89,776	97,633
Culture and recreation	6,500	5,975	6,875
Total charges for services	291,302	818,064	1,084,571
Operating grants and contributions			
General government	-	-	-
Public safety - Fire	652,831	670,060	712,569
Human services	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-
Physical environment	4,023	-	-
Total operating grants and contributions	656,854	670,060	712,569
Capital grants and contributions			
Public safety - Police	6,677	-	-
Public safety - Fire	160,000	-	-
Culture and recreation	4,354	-	-
Physical environment	1,715	21,735	165,536
Total capital grants and contributions	172,746	21,735	165,536
Sub-total governmental activities	1,120,902	1,509,859	1,962,676
Business-type activities:			
Charges for services			
Sewer	863,487	874,603	868,014
Reclaimed water	189,272	· · · · ·	189,432
Total charges for services	1,052,759		1,057,446
Sub-total business-type activities	1,052,759		1,057,446
Total primary government revenues	\$ 2,173,661	\$ 2,574,016	\$ 3,020,122

	2013		2014	2015			2016		2017	2018		2019	
\$	86,223	\$	103,963	\$	105,754	\$	87,309	\$	97,102	\$	105,383	\$	104,819
Ŧ	688,843	+	453,682	+	288,141	Ŧ	298,600	+	26,742	+	21,062	+	7,523
	218,454		271,067		289,339		468,196		264,939		377,155		372,163
	8,050		6,750		6,092		3,600		8,600		9,950		11,335
	1,001,570		835,462		689,326		857,705		397,383		513,550		495,840
	_		_		_		_		_		_		40,793
	719,484		771,767		810,767		730,936		743,612		813,282		825,974
									1,000				
	1,500		1,000		-		-		-		5,990		2,979
					-		-		-				_,,,,,,
	720,984		772,767		810,767		730,936		744,612		819,272		869,746
	· · · · ·						·		· · ·				· · · · · ·
	-		-		-		- 196,418		-		-		-
	-		7,742		3,880		3,786		-		-		-
	-		7,742		5,880		5,780		-		-		-
			7,742		3,880		200,204						
	1,722,554		1,615,971		1,503,973		1,788,845		1,141,995		1,332,822		1,365,586
	1,722,551		1,010,771		1,505,575		1,700,010		1,111,220		1,002,022		1,505,500
	859,051		842,519		876,912		857,922		945,215		977,692		1,133,869
	189,530		189,090		188,945		188,801		188,596		188,558		189,399
	1,048,581		1,031,609		1,065,857		1,046,723		1,133,811		1,166,250		1,323,268
	1,048,581		1,031,609		1,065,857		1,046,723		1,133,811		1,166,250		1,323,268
<b></b>		<i>•</i>		<b>^</b>		<b>•</b>		<b></b>	<b>0 055</b> 06 5	<b></b>		<i><b></b></i>	<b>a</b> (00.0 <b>%</b> )
\$	2,771,135	\$	2,647,580	\$	2,569,830	\$	2,835,568	\$	2,275,806	\$	2,499,072	\$	2,688,854

City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 6 Tax Revenues by Source, General Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Ad Valorem (1)		Franchise Fees		 Utility Tax	 munications ervice Tax	Total		
2019	\$	2,095,658	\$	533,672	\$ 703,744	\$ 212,307	\$	3,545,381	
2018		1,820,247		509,999	663,585	247,881		3,241,712	
2017		1,730,425		473,192	650,481	233,979		3,088,077	
2016		1,570,705		467,936	648,746	231,531		2,918,918	
2015		894,391		490,429	632,972	241,330		2,259,122	
2014		712,589		502,227	618,039	240,254		2,073,109	
2013		642,422		439,881	595,950	244,085		1,922,338	
2012		1,066,851		458,889	571,598	269,547		2,366,885	
2011		1,014,015		477,513	597,352	243,932		2,332,812	
2010		1,022,599		507,853	606,605	227,099		2,364,156	

 (1) - Ad Valorem revenues for 2010 to 2012 include the collection of Fire District ad valorem taxes. Beginning in 2013 the City no longer received the tax revenues from the Fire District and in 2013 the City repaid \$44,587 of tax revenues incorrectly remitted.

# Schedules of Revenue Capacity Information

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source - the property tax.

(BLANK)

City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 7 Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Residential Property		Commercial Property		Go	overnmental Property	I	nstitutional Property	Other Real Property		
2019	\$	650,233,004	\$	93,190,898	\$	4,876,837	\$	55,424,780	\$	328,937	
2018		604,199,011		90,577,695		4,363,171		53,634,619		241,263	
2017		554,928,355		88,608,662		3,588,527		57,196,449		210,427	
2016		519,146,873		84,195,176		3,108,304		36,473,740		209,884	
2015		470,490,791		74,575,275		2,999,066		36,606,693		209,236	
2014		416,957,697		70,357,296		2,871,130		35,902,406		209,611	
2013		379,130,319		69,109,516		2,787,512		35,628,874		203,913	
2012		390,719,797		70,902,376		2,752,570		35,861,143		218,180	
2011		409,992,006		76,154,077		2,853,490		37,071,275		333,457	
2010		463,783,418		91,833,047		3,254,132		37,589,806		314,464	

# Source:

Pinellas County Property Appraiser

 Personal Property	Total Assessed Value		,	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	 Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
\$ 36,112,949	\$	840,167,405	\$	216,587,668	\$ 623,579,737	3.5000
30,317,874		783,333,633		202,539,441	580,794,192	3.2500
30,406,520		734,938,940		184,848,867	550,090,073	3.2500
30,100,445		673,234,422		172,125,048	501,109,374	3.2500
27,467,331		612,348,392		151,684,702	460,663,690	2.0105
30,385,089		556,683,229		121,826,846	434,856,383	1.6985
32,067,956		518,928,090		100,078,239	418,849,851	1.6985
32,362,620		532,816,686		108,637,543	424,179,143	1.6985
33,399,275		559,803,580		122,564,823	437,238,757	1.6985
33,749,174		630,524,041		154,872,953	475,651,088	1.6985

# City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 8 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rates per \$1,000 of assessed value)

			Pinellas	County		Pi	inellas Count	y School Boar	ď
Fiscal Year	City	Operating	Mosquito Control	Health Department	Total County - Operating	School Board Operating	State School	Local School	Total School Board
2019	3.5000	5.2755	0.0000	0.0835	5.3590	N/A	3.9790	2.7480	6.7270
2018	3.2500	5.2755	0.0000	0.0835	5.3590	N/A	4.2610	2.7480	7.0090
2017	3.2500	5.2755	0.0000	0.0622	5.3377	N/A	4.5700	2.7480	7.3180
2016	3.2500	5.2755	0.0000	0.0622	5.3377	N/A	5.0220	2.7480	7.7700
2015	2.0105	5.2755	0.0000	0.0622	5.3377	N/A	5.0930	2.7480	7.8410
2014	1.6985	5.2755	0.0000	0.0622	5.3377	N/A	5.3120	2.7480	8.0600
2013	1.6985	5.0105	0.0000	0.0622	5.0727	N/A	5.5540	2.7480	8.3020
2012	1.6985	4.8108	0.0000	0.0622	4.8730	N/A	5.6370	2.7480	8.3850
2011	1.6985	4.8108	0.0000	0.0622	4.8730	N/A	5.3420	2.9980	8.3400
2010	1.6985	4.8108	0.0000	0.0622	4.8730	N/A	5.3480	2.9980	8.3460

## Notes:

- 1. N/A The detail for certain overlapping property tax rates was not available.
- 2. The Ad valorem tax rate for the City of South Pasadena pertains to operating expenditures only, and therefore, no further breakdown of the direct rate can be shown.

# Source:

Pinellas County Tax Collector

				Other Tax	ing Districts			
		Emerg.	Pinellas	Juvenile	SW Fla. Wtr.	Pinellas		
Trar	nsit	Medical	Planning	Welfare	Management	Anclote	Total	
Dist	rict	Services	Council	Board	District	River Basin	Other	Total
0.7	7500	0.9158	0.0150	0.8981	0.2955	N/A	2.1244	18.4604
0.7	7500	0.9158	0.0150	0.8981	0.3131	N/A	2.1420	18.5100
0.7	7500	0.9158	0.0150	0.8981	0.3317	N/A	2.1606	18.8163
0.7	7305	0.9158	0.0160	0.8981	0.3488	N/A	2.1787	19.2669
0.7	7305	0.9158	0.0160	0.8981	0.3658	N/A	2.1957	18.1154
0.7	7305	0.9158	0.0160	0.8981	0.3818	N/A	2.2117	18.0384
0.7	7305	0.9158	0.0125	0.8981	0.3928	N/A	2.2192	18.0229
0.7	7305	0.8506	0.0125	0.8337	0.3928	N/A	2.0896	17.7766
0.5	5601	0.5832	0.0125	0.7915	0.3770	0.2600	2.0242	17.4958
0.5	5601	0.5832	0.0125	0.7915	0.3866	0.3200	2.0938	17.5714

### City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 9 Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019			2010	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Watermark Boca Ciega Bay Owner LLC / Fountains Property, Inc Majestic Towers	\$ 40,120,694	1	6.43%	\$ -	-	-
Palms of Pasadena Hospital, Inc.	28,512,012	2	4.57%	24,357,068	1	5.12%
Waters Pointe Apartments LLC	26,750,000	3	4.29%	-	-	-
W-PT South Pasadena VII LLC $/$ V.V. FL, Inc.	19,425,000	4	3.12%	13,861,120	3	2.91%
Bay Pointe Tower Apartments LLC	9,400,000	5	1.51%	-	-	-
Causeway Village MHC LLC	9,261,911	6	1.49%	-	-	-
Extra Space Properties 113 LLC	7,880,000	7	1.26%	-	-	-
Duke Energy Florida / Progress Energy	7,126,857	8	1.14%	5,345,998	9	1.12%
Bayside Villas Apartments LLC	7,114,785	9	1.14%	-	-	-
Publix Super Markets	5,908,441	10	0.95%	5,834,621	8	1.23%
Sunrise IV Boca Ciega LLC				21,000,000	2	4.42%
Boca Ciega Bay, LLC				12,766,243	4	2.68%
N M E Hospitals Inc. (Pasadena Prof. Medical Bldg)				9,993,644	5	2.10%
Landmark at Water Point Partners (Shore Club)				7,955,360	6	1.67%
Gulfport Marina, LLC				7,110,000	7	1.49%
Denasan LLC		_		4,146,000	10	0.87%
Total Principal Taxpayers	161,499,700		25.90%	112,370,054		18.50%
All Other Taxpayers	462,080,037	_	74.10%	363,281,034		81.50%
Total	\$ 623,579,737	=	100.00%	\$ 475,651,088		100.00%

# Source:

Pinellas County Property Appraiser

City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 10 Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected v Fiscal Year of	
Ended September 30,	for the Fiscal Year (1)	Amount (1)	Percentage of Levy
2019	\$ 2,185,025	\$ 2,095,658	95.91%
2018	1,887,582	1,820,247	96.43%
2017	1,787,793	1,730,425	96.79%
2016	1,628,606	1,570,705	96.44%
2015	926,164	894,391	96.57%
2014	738,603	712,589	96.48%
2013	711,416	687,009	96.57%
2012	720,467	694,645	96.42%
2011	742,649	717,208	96.57%
2010	807,893	782,473	96.85%

#### Notes:

Subsequent year collections are minimal, therefore only total tax collected within the fiscal year is presented.

## Source:

Pinellas County Property Appraiser

 The City received Ad Valorem tax revenues from a fire district through 2012. The amount of taxes levied and taxes collected as reported above for 2010 to 2012 do not include the fire district tax revenues. (BLANK)

# **Schedules of Debt Capacity Information**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

# City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 11 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Governi Activi Capi Lea Obliga	ities tal se	Ac S Rev	ness-type tivities State Volving Loan	Total Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	0.00%	-
2018		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2017		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2016		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2015		686		-	686	0.00%	-
2014		4,747		-	4,747	0.00%	1
2013		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2012		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2011		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2010		-		-	-	0.00%	-

### Note:

The State Revolving Loan was paid in full in fiscal year 2010.

The City has had no general obligation bonded debt in the last ten years.

The Constitution of the State of Florida, Florida Statute 200.181 and the Charter of the City of South Pasadena, Florida set no legal debt margin.

City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 12 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2019

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	<ol> <li>Estimated</li> <li>Percentage</li> <li>Applicable</li> </ol>	S	stimated hare of erlapping Debt
Overlapping debt:				
Pinellas County Capital Leases (2)	\$ 5,050,657	0.786%	\$	39,678
Pinellas County Governmental Activities Bonds (2)	18,634,328	0.786%		146,391
Pinellas County School Board (2)	618,000	0.786%		4,855
City direct debt				-
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	190,924
Total direct and overlapping debt per capita			\$	36

Note:

(1) The City's share is calculated based on the ratio of the 2019 City Taxable Value of \$623,579,737 to the County's Taxable Value of \$79,376,212,411.

(2) The City of South Pasadena is not responsible for the debt of the County or School Board.

Source:

Pinellas County Property Appraiser Pinellas County School Board

# City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 13 Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Re	eclaimed												
		Water		Less:				Net						
	S	Service	C	perating		Add:	Α	vailable		St	ate R	Revolving lo	an	
Year	(	Charges	E	Expenses	De	preciation	ŀ	Revenue	I	Principal		Interest	Co	overage *
2019		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
2018		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
2017		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
2016		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
2015		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
2014		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
2013		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
2012		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
2011		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
2010	\$	189,272	\$	146,197	\$	102,934	\$	146,009	\$	594,312	\$	3,546		24.42%

## Note:

- \* The State Revolving Loan was paid in full in fiscal year 2010 utilizing restricted reserves of \$279,628 as well as unrestricted net assets for the portion of the debt repayment not covered by the restricted reserves and current year available revenues.
- The State Revolving Loan was secured by the reclaimed water service charges less the operating expenses of the Reclaimed Water Fund. Operating expenses are reduced by the non-cash depreciation to arrive at available net revenues.
- N/A The State Revolving Loan was fully retired in fiscal year 2010, therefore the pledged revenue coverage is not applicable for the subsequent years.

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# Schedules of Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

# City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 14 Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

		Personal	Per Capita Personal	Median	School	Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	Income (2)	Income (3)	Age (3)	Enrollment (4)	Rate (5)
2019	5,344	\$ 1,325,891,784	\$ 40,801	70.4	100,987	2.70%
2018	5,245	1,249,843,004	38,890	70.2	101,824	3.00%
2017	5,317	1,201,817,154	38,718	69.6	103,481	3.50%
2016	5,153	1,153,032,216	36,359	69.5	103,768	4.50%
2015	5,123	1,095,696,663	31,377	69.5	103,391	4.70%
2014	5,145	1,076,828,322	31,656	69.3	103,596	5.60%
2013	5,034	1,113,547,317	27,338	69.0	103,705	6.80%
2012	5,046	1,059,963,260	30,556	68.4	104,001	8.20%
2011	4,981	995,539,323	30,613	45.7	105,228	10.30%
2010	5,632	1,008,683,149	32,068	46.1	104,439	11.80%

#### Sources:

- (1) Pinellas County Economic Development Department.
- (2) U. S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis Numbers for Pinellas County used to approximate South Pasadena.
- (3) Pinellas County Economic Development Department -Comparative data for years 2003-2011 is county-wide data. Beginning in 2012, information was available specifically for the City of South Pasadena.
- (4) Florida Department of Education elementary through high school for Pinellas County School District.
- (5) U. S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics.

# City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 15 Principal Employers, Pinellas County Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	201	9	201	0
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank
Raymond James Financial	4,000	1	2,600	4
Home Shopping Network	2,000	2	4,000	2
Tech Data Corp.	2,000	3	2,500	5
Spectrum	2,000	4	-	-
Fidelity Information Svc.	1,500	5	4,000	1
Nielsen Media Research	1,500	6	3,000	3
Jabil Circuit Inc.	1,500	7	1,700	7
Honeywell Aerospace	1,500	8	-	-
Valpak Direct Marketing Systems	1,500	9	-	-
Superior Uniform Group	1,000	10	-	-
Special Data Processing	-	-	1,800	6
Western Reserve Life Assurance	-	-	1,500	8
Ceridian Benefits Services, Inc.	-	-	1,200	9
Franklin Templeton Investments		-	1,200	10
	18,500		23,500	

Note:

Numbers are based on Pinellas County since numbers for South Pasadena are not available. The percentage of each employer's employment to the total is not presented as the total

Pinellas County employment amount is not available.

# Source:

Pinellas County Economic Development

# **Schedules of Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

# City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 16 Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function / Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Full-t	ime Equiv	alent Emp	loyees as o	of Septemb	er 30		
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Function / Program										
General government										
Legislative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0
Administration	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Financial Administration	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Fire										
Administration	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Fire Operations	18.0	18.0	16.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	18.0	15.0	16.0
Fire Inspections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0
Public Works										
Administration	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Parks / Horticulture	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Bldg / Parks / Facility Maint.	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0
Building Permitting / Licensing										
Administration	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Inspectors	0.75	0.5	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Code Enforcement		-	-	-	-	-				-
	38.75	39.5	37.0	36.0	36.0	37.0	36.0	39.0	38.0	39.0

# Source:

City of South Pasadena Finance Department

#### City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 17 Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Function/Program										
Fire										
EMS responses	2,991	2,895	2,652	2,540	2,507	2,219	2,023	2,008	2,271	2,164
Fire dept. responses	497	503	755	783	702	627	661	626	749	744
Water										
New connections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Avg. daily consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	437	470	480	461	469	478	473	475	483	481
Sewer										
Average daily flow (mgd)	0.50	0.52	0.52	0.55	0.53	0.51	0.52	0.51	0.51	0.52

## Sources:

City of South Pasadena Fire and Public Works Departments

#### City of South Pasadena, Florida Schedule 18 Capital Asset Statistics by Function / Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Function/Program										
Police	Provided by Pinellas County Sheriff's Department (two patrol cars provide 24-hour protection)									
Fire			2	,	1	· 1	I	1	,	
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works										
Streets (miles)	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23	4.23
Recreation										
Number of playgrounds	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks (acres)	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32
Tennis courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water	Provided by the City of St. Petersburg									
Wastewater							-			
Sanitary sewers (miles)	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Treatment capacity (mgd)	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67

### Sources:

City of South Pasadena Fire and Public Works Departments

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# **Other Reports**

This section contains Auditor's Reports required by *Government Auditing Standards* (issued by the Comptroller General of the United States) and the Auditor General of the State of Florida.

# WELLS, HOUSER & SCHATZEL, P.A.

CPA AND CONSULTING FIRM

John B. Houser, CPA Peter C. Schatzel, CPA Peter B. Wells, CPA

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable Arthur Penny, Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners City of South Pasadena, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Pasadena, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 14, 2020.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on



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compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Wells, Houser & Schatzel, P.A. St. Petersburg, Florida

June 14, 2020

# WELLS, HOUSER & SCHATZEL, P.A.

CPA AND CONSULTING FIRM

John B. Houser, CPA Peter C. Schatzel, CPA Peter B. Wells, CPA

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Arthur Penny, Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners City of South Pasadena, Florida

#### **Report of the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the City of South Pasadena, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated June 14, 2020.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

#### Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in these reports, which are dated June 14, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

The Rules of the Auditor General Section 10.554 (1)(i) 1., requires that we comment as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

#### Official Title and Legal Authority

The Rules of the Auditor General Section 10.554 (1)(i) 4. requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City of South Pasadena, Florida, is a municipal corporation and was established in 1955 by the voters' adoption of a Charter for the City pursuant to Chapter 31277 (1955) of the Laws of Florida. The City of South Pasadena, Florida has no component units.

#### **Financial Condition**

Rules of the Auditor General Section 10.554 (1)(i) 5.a. and 10.556 (7), require us to apply appropriate procedures and to communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City of South Pasadena, Florida has met one or more conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, "Determination of Financial Emergency" and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City of South Pasadena, Florida, did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554 (1)(i) 5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City of South Pasadena, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.



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#### Special District Component Units

Rules of the Auditor General Section 10.554(1)(i) 5.c., requires that we determine whether or not a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, provided in the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that there were no special district component units.

#### **Additional Matters**

The Rules of the Auditor General Section 10.554 (1)(i) 2., requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

The Rules of the Auditor General Section 10.554(1)(i) 3., requires that we address violations or noncompliance with laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the determination of financial statement amounts that is less than material but more than inconsequential. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and State granting agencies, City Commission members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wells, House & Schatzel, P.A.

Wells, Houser & Schatzel, P.A. St. Petersburg, Florida

June 14, 2020

# WELLS, HOUSER & SCHATZEL, P.A.

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REGARDING COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL 10.556(10)

The Honorable Arthur Penny, Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners City of South Pasadena, Florida

We have examined the City of South Pasadena, Florida's (the City's) compliance with the requirements of Sections 218.415 and 288.8018, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City of South Pasadena, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2019.

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Wells, Houser & Schatzel, P.A. St. Petersburg, Florida

June 14, 2020



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REGARDING RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL 10.557(3)(n)

To the Honorable Arthur Penny, Mayor and Members of The Board of Commissioners City of South Pasadena, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the City of South Pasadena, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated June 14, 2020 which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Wells, Mouser & Schatzel, P.A.

Wells, Houser & Schatzel, P.A. St. Petersburg, Florida

June 14, 2020



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