

VILLAGE OF VIRGINIA GARDENS, FLORIDA
Financial Section, Required Supplementary Information, and
Supplementary Financial Reports Compliance Section
September 30, 2019
With Independent Auditor's Report



# Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Table of Contents September 30, 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Village Council

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the Auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



#### Other Matters - Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 8, and budgetary comparison information on page 28, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2020, on our consideration of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

February 14, 2020

Withem Smith + Brown, PC

As management of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village"), we offer readers of the Village's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Auditor's report, the basic financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements.

The Village implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" in fiscal year ended September 30, 2004. Under GASB Statement No. 34, retroactive infrastructure reporting for small governments is optional. Village management has reviewed the cost/benefit of the additional reporting requirements and determined not to retroactively apply the infrastructure reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34. The Village has capitalized infrastructure assets since implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

This discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Village's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns. The information contained within this section should be considered only a part of a greater whole.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,181,928 (net position). Of this amount, \$975,704 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.
- During the fiscal year, the Village's total net position decreased by \$238,260.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund equity of \$612,177, an decrease of \$168,933 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$442,041 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and supplementary financial reports compliance section. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Village:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Village's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Village government, reporting the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements show how general government services such as public safety were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the water fund.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information which further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Village's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, human services, and culture and recreation. The business-type activity of the Village includes a water fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental funds**. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows* and *outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Village maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the Village's law enforcement forfeiture fund and public works fund, which are considered to be special revenue funds.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and public works fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

**Proprietary fund.** The Village maintains one proprietary or enterprise fund. An *enterprise fund* is used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses an enterprise fund to account for its water fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 15 of this report.

**Notes to basic financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 27 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning budget to actual comparisons for the Village's general fund and public works fund. Required supplementary information can be found on page 28 of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The table below summarizes the statements of net position:

# Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	Septer	nber 30,	Septen	nber 30,	Septer	nber 30,	Amount	%
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Change	Change
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 846,794 3,883,453	\$ 975,884 3,959,667	\$ 682,321 152,635	\$ 649,497 161,697	\$ 1,529,115 4,036,088	\$ 1,625,381 4,121,364	\$ (96,266) (85,276)	(5.9) % (2.1)
Total assets	4,730,247	4,935,551	834,956	811,194	5,565,203	5,746,745	(181,542)	(3.2)
Long-term liabilities outstanding	61,516	48,857	-	-	61,516	48,857	12,659	25.9
Other liabilities	204,662	161,669	87,142	82,926	291,804	244,595	47,209	19.3
Total liabilities	266,178	210,526	87,142	82,926	353,320	293,452	59,868	20.4
Deferred inflows	29,955	33,105			29,955	33,105	(3,150)	(9.5)
Net position Investment in capital assets, net of								
related debt	3,883,453	3,959,667	152,635	161,697	4,036,088	4,121,364	(85,276)	(2.1)
Restricted Unrestricted	170,136 380,525	334,805 397,448	- 595,179	<u>566,571</u>	170,136 975,704	334,805 964,019	(164,669) 11,685	(49.2) 1.2
Total net position	\$ 4,434,114	\$ 4,691,920	\$ 747,814	\$ 728,268	\$ 5,181,928	\$ 5,420,188	\$ (238,260)	(4.4) %

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$5,181,928 at the close of the most recent fiscal year and total net position decreased by \$238,260 from the prior fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Village's net position (\$4,036,088 or 78%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery, equipment, and vehicles) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Village's net position, \$170,136, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions as to how they may be used.

The balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$975,704, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village is able to report positive balances in the three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The table below summarizes the statements of activities:

# Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Changes in Net Position

	Governmer	ntal Activities	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>		To	otal		
	Year	Ended		Ended	Year	Ended	•	
	Septer	mber 30,	Septen	nber 30,	Septen	nber 30,	Amount	%
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Change	Change
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Fees, fines, and								
charges for services	\$ 605,212	\$ 400,767	\$ 356,518	\$ 350,456	\$ 961,730	\$ 751,223	\$ 210,507	28.0 %
General revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	1,295,203	1,312,586	-	-	1,295,203	1,312,586	(17,383)	(1.3)
Utility taxes and								
franchise fees	470,839	487,429	-	-	470,839	487,429	(16,590)	(3.4)
Intergovernmental	599,819	990,988	-	-	599,819	990,988	(391,169)	(39.5)
Investment earnings	5	10	-	-	5	10	(5)	(50.0)
Miscellaneous	24,852	116,533			24,852	116,533	(91,681)	(78.7)
Total revenues	2,995,930	3,308,313	356,518	350,456	3,352,448	3,658,769	(306,321)	(8.4)
Expenses								
General government	1,022,425	985,617	-	-	1,022,425	985,617	36,808	3.7
Public safety	1,373,081	1,243,392	-	-	1,373,081	1,243,392	129,689	10.4
Physical environment	287,006	262,348	-	-	287,006	262,348	24,658	9.4
Transportation	288,535	302,254	-	-	288,535	302,254	(13,719)	(4.5)
Human services	44,281	34,472	-	-	44,281	34,472	9,809	28.5
Culture and recreation	238,408	304,729	-	-	238,408	304,729	(66,321)	(21.8)
Water			336,972	347,625	336,972	347,625	(10,653)	(3.1)
Total expenses	3,253,736	3,132,812	336,972	347,625	3,590,708	3,480,437	110,271	3.2
Increase (Decrease) in								
net position	(257,806)	175,501	19,546	2,831	(238,260)	178,332	(416,592)	233.6
Net position, beginning								
of year	4,691,920	4,516,419	728,268	725,437	5,420,188	5,241,856	178,332	3.4
Net position, end of year	\$ 4,434,114	\$ 4,691,920	\$ 747,814	\$ 728,268	\$ 5,181,928	\$ 5,420,188	\$ (238,260)	(4.4) %

**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities decreased net position \$257,806 due mainly to decreases in intergovernmental and ad valorem taxes revenues during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the Village's net position by \$19,546 due mainly to decreased operating expenses during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

#### **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the Village's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$612,177, an decrease of \$168,933.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$442,041. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents approximately 15% of total general fund expenditures.

**Proprietary fund.** The Village's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

The total increase in net position for the enterprise fund was \$19,546.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The following information is presented to assist the reader in comparing actual results with budgetary amounts:

- General fund revenues were \$7,470 higher than budgeted amounts, and expenditures were \$146,680 lower than budgeted amounts.
- Additional information on budgetary comparisons between the final budget and actual results can be found on page 28 of this report.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at September 30, 2019, amounts to \$4,036,088.

The table below summarizes the capital assets of the Village:

# Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Capital Assets

	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-Type Activities September 30,		To	otal		
	Septer	nber 30,			Septen	nber 30,	Amount	%
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Change	Change
Land	\$ 77,311	\$ 77,311	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 77,311	\$ 77,311	\$ -	- %
Buildings and improvements	2,663,255	2,535,578	-	-	2,663,255	2,535,578	127,677	5.0
Transportation equipment	580,674	535,642	57,486	57,486	638,160	593,128	45,032	7.6
Machinery and equipment	975,394	890,981	100,183	84,398	1,075,577	975,379	100,198	10.3
Infrastructure	2,917,752	2,917,752	-	700.044	2,917,752	2,917,752	-	-
Water systems			792,911	792,911	792,911	792,911		-
Total Accumulated depreciation	7,214,386 (3,330,933)	6,957,264 (2,997,597)	950,580 (797,945)	934,795 (773,098)	8,164,966 (4,128,878)	7,892,059 (3,770,695)	272,907 (358,183)	3.5 (9.5)
	\$ 3,883,453	\$ 3,959,667	\$ 152,635	\$ 161,697	\$ 4,036,088	\$ 4,121,364	\$ (85,276)	(2.1) %

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 23 of this report.

**Long-term obligations.** At year end, the Village had \$61,516 in long-term obligations outstanding versus \$48,857 last year. There were additions to compensated absences in the current year of \$12,659. Additional information on the Village's long-term obligations can be found in Note 9 on page 25 of this report.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Maritza Fernandez, Village Clerk, Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida.

	Governmental Activities		iness-Type ctivities	Total
Assets			 	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	884,398	\$ -	\$ 884,398
Receivables, net		86,122	65,776	151,898
Due from other governments		373,550	24,496	398,046
Internal balances		(530,674)	530,674	-
Prepaid items		33,398	-	33,398
Restricted assets – cash and cash equivalents			 61,375	 61,375
Total current assets		846,794	682,321	1,529,115
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		3,883,453	 152,635	 4,036,088
Total assets		4,730,247	 834,956	 5,565,203
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		108,423	25,767	134,190
Accrued liabilities		33,465	-	33,465
Compensated absences		62,774	-	62,774
Customer deposits		-	61,375	61,375
Long-term obligations				
Due in more than one year		61,516	 	 61,516
Total liabilities		266,178	 87,142	 353,320
Deferred Inflows				
Deferred revenue		29,955	 <u>-</u>	 29,955
Total deferred inflows		29,955	 <u>-</u>	 29,955
Net Position				
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		3,883,453	152,635	4,036,088
Restricted		170,136	-	170,136
Unrestricted		380,525	 595,179	 975,704
Total net position	\$	4,434,114	\$ 747,814	\$ 5,181,928

# Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Government-Wide Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Progra	m Revenues	Net Revenues (Ex	xpenses) and Chang	es in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities						
General government	\$ 1,022,425	\$ 596,311	1 \$ -	\$ (426,114)	\$ -	\$ (426,114)
Public safety	1,373,081	8,901	1 -	(1,364,180)	-	(1,364,180)
Physical environment	287,006	-	-	(287,006)	-	(287,006)
Transportation	288,535	-	-	(288,535)	-	(288,535)
Human services	44,281	-	-	(44,281)	-	(44,281)
Culture and recreation	238,408			(238,408)		(238,408)
Total governmental activities	3,253,736	605,212	2 -	(2,648,524)	-	(2,648,524)
Business-type activity						
Water fund	336,972	356,518	<u> </u>		19,546	19,546
	\$ 3,590,708	\$ 961,730	<u> </u>	(2,648,524)	19,546	(2,628,978)
		General revenue	es			
		Ad valorem ta	ixes	1,295,203	-	1,295,203
		Utility taxes ar	nd franchise fees	470,839	-	470,839
		Intergovernme	ental	599,819	-	599,819
		Investment ea	arnings	5	-	5
		Miscellaneous	3	24,852		24,852
		Total ge	eneral revenues	2,390,718		2,390,718
		Change	es in net position	(257,806)	19,546	(238,260)
		Net position, be	ginning of year	4,691,920	728,268	5,420,188
		Net position, en	d of year	\$ 4,434,114	\$ 747,814	\$ 5,181,928

			Мај	or Funds				
		General Fund		Law orcement orfeiture Fund	Public Works Fund		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	884,398	\$	-	\$	-	\$	884,398
Receivables		86,122		-		-		86,122
Due from other governments		298,523		-		75,027		373,550
Due from other funds		3,604		37,011		108,667		149,282
Prepaid items		33,398						33,398
Total assets		1,306,045		37,011		183,694		1,526,750
Liabilities								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		78,471		-		29,952		108,423
Accrued liabilities		33,465		-		-		33,465
Compensated absences		62,774		-		-		62,774
Due to other funds		625,941		-		54,015		679,956
Total liabilities		800,651				83,967		884,618
Deferred Inflows								
Deferred revenue		29,955						29,955
Total deferred inflows		29,955						29,955
Fund Equity								
Fund balance								
Nonspendable		33,398		-		-		33,398
Restricted		-		37,011		99,727		136,738
Unassigned		442,041						442,041
Total fund equity	\$	475,439	\$	37,011	\$	99,727	<u>\$</u>	612,177
Reconciliation of the balance sheet of government	menta	al funds to the	stateme	ent of net po	sition			
Total fund balance - total governmental funds							\$	612,177
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	the s	tatement of net	position	are different	becaus	se:		
<ul> <li>Capital assets of \$7,214,386, net of accumulation</li> </ul>	lated	depreciation of S	\$3,330,9	933, are not fi	nancial			
resources and, therefore, are not reported in	the fu	ınds.						3,883,453
<ul> <li>Long-term liabilities of \$61,516 are not due a</li> </ul>	ind pa	ayable in the cur	rent per	iod and are n	ot repoi	rted		
in the funds.								(61,516)
Net position of governmental activities							\$	4,434,114

# Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2019
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			Major F	unds				
		General Fund	Law Enfor Forfeiture	rcement Fund	Put	olic Works Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,295,203	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,295,203
Utility taxes and franchise fees		470,839		-		-		470,839
Charges for services		493,638		-		-		493,638
Intergovernmental		424,608		-		175,211		599,819
Licenses, permits, and fees		102,673		-		-		102,673
Fines and forfeitures		8,901		-		-		8,901
Miscellaneous	_	24,852	-	5				24,857
Total revenues		2,820,714		5		175,211		2,995,930
Expenditures								
Current operating								
General government		964,947		-		-		964,947
Public safety		1,260,218		-		-		1,260,218
Physical environment		170,297		-		-		170,297
Transportation		-		-		288,535		288,535
Human services		35,201		-		-		35,201
Culture and recreation		188,543		-		-		188,543
Capital outlay		257,122		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		257,122
Total expenditures		2,876,328		-	-	288,535		3,164,863
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(55,614)		5		(113,324)		(168,933)
Other financing sources (uses) – interfund transfers		(139,900)		-		139,900		-
Fund balances, beginning of year		670,953		37,006		73,151		781,110
Fund balances, end of year	\$	475,439	\$	37,011	\$	99,727	\$	612,177
Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expen	ditures	s, and changes i	n fund balanc	es of				
governmental funds to the statement of activities	5							
Net change in fund balances - total governmental	funds						\$	(168,933)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	ne state	ement of activities	are different l	because:				
<ul> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlays as e</li> </ul>	xpendi	tures. However, ir	n the statemer	nt of activit	ties the c	ost of		
those assets is allocated over their estimated u	ıseful li	ves and reported	as depreciation	n expense	e. This is	the		
amount by which depreciation of \$333,336 exce	eeded o	capital outlays of	\$257,122 in th	ne current	period.			(76,214)
Change in long-term portion of compensated all	bsence	S.						(12,659)
Change in net position of governmental ac	ctivities						\$	(257,806)

# Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund September 30, 2019

Assets	Water Fund
Current assets	
Receivables, net	\$ 65,776
Due from other governments	24,496
Due from other funds	534,277
Restricted assets – cash and cash equivalents	61,375
Total current assets	685,924
Capital assets, net	152,635
Total assets	838,559
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	25,767
Due to other funds	3,603
Payable from restricted assets – customer deposits	61,375
Total current liabilities	90,745
Net Position	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	152,635
Unrestricted	595,179
Total net position	\$ 747,814

# Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund September 30, 2019

	Water Fund
Operating revenues	
User charges	\$ 333,775
Service and hook-up charges	14,753
Miscellaneous	7,990
Total operating revenues	 356,518
Operating expenses	
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	121,950
Contractual services, materials, and supplies	190,175
Depreciation	 24,847
Total operating expenses	 336,972
Operating income	19,546
Net position, beginning of year	 728,268
Net position, end of year	\$ 747,814

	Wat Fur	
Operating activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 35	0,025
Payments to suppliers	(18	35,018)
Payments to employees	(12	21,950)
Net cash provided by operating activities	4	3,057
Capital and related financing activities		
Acquisition of capital assets	(1	5,785)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1	5,785)
Noncapital financing activities		
Change in due to or from other funds	(2	27,272)
Change in customer deposits		(940)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(2	28,212)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(940)
Cash and cash equivalents		
Beginning of year	6	5 <u>2,315</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 6</u>	31,37 <u>5</u>
Recorded in the statement of net position as follows		
Restricted assets – cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 6</u>	61,37 <u>5</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Operating income	\$ 1	9,546
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Depreciation	2	24,847
Changes in		
Receivables		2,499
Due from other governments	(	(8,992)
Accounts payable		5,157
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 4</u>	3,057

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Nature of Operations**

The Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village") was incorporated in 1953 under Chapter 29576 of the laws of Florida. The Village operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture, recreation, public works, improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The Village complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Village's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles are discussed in subsequent sections of this note. The remainder of the notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

#### **Financial Reporting Entity**

The Village is a Florida municipal corporation with a five-member Village Council which acts as the legislative branch and a Mayor who is the chief executive officer of the Village. As required by U.S. GAAP, these financial statements present the Village (the primary government). Using applicable GASB criteria, management has determined that the Village has no component units.

#### **Reporting Model**

GASB Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" allows small governments to elect not to retroactively record infrastructure. Management has decided not to retroactively implement the recording of infrastructure assets.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and one proprietary fund. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when liabilities are incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures for claims and judgments, are recorded only when payments are due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of a specific revenue source that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The Village uses these funds to account for the activities of the law enforcement forfeiture fund and the public works fund.

The *law enforcement forfeiture fund* accounts for funds received under the provisions of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act, which are to be expended for unbudgeted law enforcement purposes.

The *public works fund* accounts for funds received under Chapters 336.021(1)(a) and 206.605(3), Florida Statutes, which are to be expended for establishment, purchase, and maintenance of transportation systems and facilities and road and street rights of way.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The water fund accounts for the activities of the Village's water services.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The Village has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Village also recognizes as operating revenues the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

(1) Deposits - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Florida Statutes provide for risk sharing collateral pools by banks and savings and loan associations. These collateral pools collateralize local government deposits and certificates of deposit with the participating depositories. The Village's demand deposits and certificates of deposit are placed in such authorized depositories.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned or the Village will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits was \$945,773, and the bank balances of the Village's deposits were \$1,050,380. Bank balances were covered by certain levels of federal deposit insurance and the remainder was covered by pledged collateral as required by Florida Statutes. All collateral is pledged in the Village's name and is held by a third-party financial institution.

Highly liquid financial instruments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Village are considered to be cash equivalents.

- (2) Village of Virginia Gardens' Investment Policies
  - (a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation.

Investing is performed in accordance with investing policies prescribed by State Statutes, Village Charter, and Village Policies. Funds may be invested in (1) direct obligations of the United States Government, its agencies, or instrumentalities to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the government of the United States is pledged, (2) Florida State Board of Administration local government surplus funds trust fund, and (3) collateralized or insured certificates of deposit and other evidence of deposits in financial institutions.

All of the Village's nonpension investments are certificates of deposit in regional or national financial institutions.

#### (b) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The Village's policy provides that to the extent practical investments are to be matched to cash flow requirements. The Village manages interest rate risks by purchasing certificates of deposit with maturities of 180 days or less.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investments in a single issuer.

#### (3) Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to or from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to or from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." See Note 12 for details of interfund transactions and balances, including receivables and payables, at September 30, 2019.

Management has determined that no allowance for bad debt is required for the general fund receivables.

Management evaluates the collectability of its user charges receivable in the water fund based on a combination of factors, including analysis of historical trends, aging of receivables, write-off experience, amounts held as deposit, and identification of specific accounts known as collection problems. The results of the evaluation are used to estimate the allowance amount, which management determined to be \$22,085 at September 30, 2019. An account is charged off when management determines a customer's inability to meet their financial obligations. This will occur after the water is shut off and the deposit is forfeited. There was no bad debt expense for the year ended September 30, 2019.

#### (4) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, transportation equipment, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and water systems, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of ordinary maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Buildings and improvements	7 – 40 years	N/A
Transportation equipment	3 – 7 years	5 years
Machinery and equipment	7 – 10 years	5 – 10 years
Infrastructure	25 years	N/A
Water systems	N/A	50 years

#### (5) Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amounts become available. The general fund reports unavailable revenues from local business taxes and grant monies collected in advance.

#### (6) Compensated Absences

The policy of the Village is to allow vesting of employee leave benefits with the right to receive compensation under certain conditions. The liability for accrued compensated absences in the enterprise fund is accrued in that fund. The liability for employees of governmental funds is reported in the general fund.

#### (7) Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

As of September 30, 2019, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because of their nature (such as prepaid items) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Village itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Village Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the Village intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Village Council or by an official or body to which the Village Council delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Village Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Village Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for a specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

In the general fund, the Village strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for unanticipated emergencies of approximately 25% of the actual U.S. GAAP basis expenditures and other financing sources and uses.

#### Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

<u>Budgetary Information</u> – The following procedures are used by the Village in legally adopting the budget for the general fund:

Legally Adopted Appropriated Budgets:

- Prior to August 1, the Mayor submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.
- The Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Village Council.
- The budgets for the general fund and the public works fund are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP.

There are no encumbrances outstanding at year end. All outstanding purchase orders are canceled and appropriations lapse at that time. Therefore, the Village did not report any fund balances reserved for encumbrances at year end.

The Village does not budget for the law enforcement forfeiture fund.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Village Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. For the year ended September 30, 2019, actual expenditures were lower than the final budgeted amounts by \$146,680 in the General Fund.

Legally Authorized Nonappropriated Budget:

A legally authorized nonappropriated budget is prepared for the enterprise fund. The Mayor is authorized to transfer budget amounts between line items of the authorized budget.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of basic financial statements in accordance with the bases of accounting described in the previous paragraphs, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets or liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Subsequent Events**

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through February 14, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, the Village has determined that no subsequent events have occurred which would require disclosure in the financial statements.

#### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2019, consist of the following:

	Governmental Fund Types					oprietary nd Type				
	General Fund		Special Revenue Funds		Enterprise Fund		Total All Funds		Financial Institution Balance	
Cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted Demand deposits	\$	884,398	\$	-	\$	-	\$	884,398	\$	1,000,099
Restricted Demand deposits						61,375 (1)		61,375		50,281
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	884,398	\$		\$	61,375	\$	945,773	\$	1,050,380

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Restricted for customer utility deposits

#### 3. RECEIVABLES AND DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Receivables and due from other governments consist of the following at September 30, 2019:

	C	General Fund		Water P Fund		Public Works Fund		Total
Receivables								
Utility taxes	\$	22,360	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,360
Franchise fees		50,227		-		-		50,227
User charges		-		87,811		-		87,811
Other		13,535		50				13,585
Total receivables		86,122		87,861		-		173,983
Less allowance for doubtful accounts				(22,085)				(22,085)
Total receivables, net	\$	86,122	\$	65,776	\$	-	\$	151,898
Due from other governments								
Miami-Dade County		1,464		24,496		24,999		50,959
State of Florida		131,808		-		7,539		139,347
United States Government-FEMA		165,251				42,489		207,740
Total due from other								
governments	\$	298,523	\$	24,496	\$	75,027	\$	398,046

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance, ctober 1, 2018	Ad	ditions	De	letions	Trai	nsfers	Balance, etember 30, 2019
Governmental activities								 •
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$ 77,311	\$		\$		\$		\$ 77,311
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 77,311							 77,311
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements	2,535,578	1	127,677		-		-	2,663,255
Transportation equipment	535,642		45,032		-		-	580,674
Machinery and equipment	890,981		84,413		-		-	975,394
Infrastructure	 2,917,752							 2,917,752
Total capital assets being depreciated	 6,879,953	2	257,122			-		 7,137,075
Accumulated depreciation per capital asset group	(0.10.10.1)		(0= 00 4)					(000 000)
Buildings and improvements	(813,164)		(95,824)		-		-	(908,988)
Transportation equipment	(325,104)		(78,215)		-		-	(403,319)
Machinery and equipment	(730,180)		(42,587)		-		-	(772,767)
Infrastructure  Total accumulated depreciation per capital	 (1,129,149)		116,710)					 (1,245,859)
asset group	 (2,997,597)	(3	333,336)	_				 (3,330,933)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	 3,882,356		(76,214)	_				 3,806,142
Governmental activities – capital assets, net	\$ 3,959,667	\$	(76,214)	\$		\$		\$ 3,883,453
	Balance, ctober 1, 2018	_Add	ditions	_De	letions	Trai	nsfers	Balance, otember 30, 2019
Business-type activities								
Capital assets being depreciated								
Water systems	\$ 792,911	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 792,911
Transportation equipment	57,486		-		-		-	57,486
Machinery and equipment	 84,398		15,785					 100,183
Total capital assets being depreciated	 934,795		15,785					 950,580
Accumulated depreciation per capital asset group								
Water systems	(645,575)		(12,665)		-		-	(658,240)
Transportation equipment	(57,486)		-		-		-	(57,486)
Machinery and equipment	 (70,037)		(12, 182)		-		-	(82,219)
Total accumulated depreciation per capital								
asset group	 (773,098)		(24,847)					 (797,945)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	 161,697		(9,062)					 152,635
Business-type activities – capital assets, net	\$ 161,697	\$	(9,062)	\$		\$		\$ 152,635

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government for the year ended September 30, 2019, as follows:

General government	\$ 57,478
Public safety	100,204
Physical environment	116,709
Human services	9,080
Culture and recreation	 49,865
	\$ 333,336

#### 5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following at September 30, 2019:

		Go	vernm	ental Activi			usiness- Type ctivities					
	•	General		General Public Work		lic Works	Total		Er	terprise	Government-	
		Fund		Fund	Gov	<u>rernmental</u>		Fund		Wide		
Accounts payable												
Vendors DERM taxes	\$ 	78,471 <u>-</u>	\$	29,952	\$	108,423	\$	- 25,767	\$	108,423 25,767		
	<u>\$</u>	78,471	\$	29,952	\$	108,423	\$	25,767	\$	134,190		
Accrued liabilities Salaries and benefits	\$	33,465	\$		\$	33,465	\$		\$	33,465		

#### 6. AD VALOREM TAX REVENUES

The Village levied a millage rate of \$5.1500 per \$1,000 of assessed value for the fiscal years 2019 and 2018. The County of Miami-Dade, Florida, bills and receives payments for all property taxes levied by the Village. Payments are then remitted to the Village.

Ad valorem taxes are levied on property values as of January 1 as assessed on July 1 with the millage rate established during September. The fiscal year for which taxes are levied begins October 1. Taxes are billed in October with a maximum discount available through November 30, and become delinquent April 1. Tax certificates are issued for delinquent taxes by May 31.

#### 7. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

#### A. Money Purchase Pension Plan

The Village participates in a single-employer defined contribution money purchase pension plan for full-time police officers and certain Village administrative personnel. The benefits to be received by a participant are based solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on the investment of those contributions, and forfeitures of nonvested terminated participants' accounts that may be allocated to remaining participants.

Since this plan qualifies as a defined contribution plan which is administered in its entirety under a pool arrangement by ICMA Retirement Corporation (a private sector plan administrator), the assets, liabilities, fund balances, and operations are not recorded within these basic financial statements.

<u>Funding Provisions</u> – Employees are required to contribute 5% of their compensation subject to certain limitations. The Village contributes an amount equal to 8% of participating employees' compensation. Total contributions were \$28,376 and \$17,734 for the Village and participants, respectively. Total eligible employees and participating employees were 11 and 8, respectively.

Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Village Council.

<u>Vesting Provisions of Village's Contributions</u> – An employee who leaves the employment of the Village is entitled to all of his or her contributions and a portion of the Village's contributions as follows:

	Percentage of
Years of Service	Balance Vested
0 years but less than 3	0%
3 years but less than 4	25%
4 years but less than 5 5 years or more	50% 100%

#### B. Deferred Compensation Plan

The Village offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all Village employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen non-reimbursed emergency. The plan assets have been placed in a trust with a third-party trustee and, as such, are not recorded in the basic financial statements.

#### 8. OPERATING LEASES AS LESSOR

The Village leases land that is used for cellular phone towers under various operating leases. The leases are renewable for terms of five years each. The current term expires during fiscal year 2021. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the Village received \$75,800 in rental income under these agreements. The amount of minimum rentals to be received is as follows:

2020	\$ 80,347
2021	 29,126
	\$ 109.473

#### 9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Governmental Fund Type Long-Term Obligations

Changes in governmental fund type long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2019, were as follows:

	alance, tober 1, 2018	ber 1,		Reduc	ctions_	Balance, September 30, 2019	
Compensated absences	\$ 48,857	\$	12,659	\$	<u> </u>	\$	61,516

The maturities for compensated absences are indeterminable.

#### **Disclosure of Legal Debt Margin**

The Village has no legal debt margin requirements set forth by either State Statute or Village ordinance.

#### 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village has obtained insurance from commercial underwriters for all the aforementioned risks, including workers' compensation for the year ended September 30, 2019.

The Village has not paid any settlements in excess of insurance coverage for each of the past three years. Furthermore, the Village has no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

#### 11. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

#### A. Litigation

During the ordinary course of its operations, the Village is party to various claims, legal actions, and complaints. Some of these matters are covered by the Village's insurance program. Those which are not covered are handled by various law firms retained by the Village. Management does not believe that any such matters would have a material impact on the Village's basic financial statements.

#### B. Grant Expenditures

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### C. Annexation

The Village is currently pursuing the annexation of additional lands which it believes will assist in the long-term growth by an increased tax base and job creation but will cost the Village additional monies for public safety and other services.

#### 12. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

U.S. GAAP requires disclosure, as part of the basic financial statements, of certain information concerning individual funds including:

#### A. Interfund Transactions and Balances

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2019, were:

 Interfund <u>Receivables</u>		
\$ 3,604	\$	625,941
37,011		-
108,667		54,015
 534,277		3,603
\$ 683,559	\$	683,559
Rec	\$ 3,604 37,011 108,667 534,277	\$ 3,604 \$ 37,011 108,667 534,277

The general fund collects revenues and pays expenditures/expenses for the water fund and the public works fund. These interfund accounts arise as a result of this net activity.

### B. Fund Balances

The Village's fund balances are as follows at September 30, 2019:

	_	General Fund	Lav Enforce Forfei Fun	 ic Works Fund	Total		
Nonspendable		_		_			
Prepaids	<u>\$</u>	33,398			 	\$	33,398
Restricted							
Law enforcement		-	3	7,011	-		37,011
Transportation		-		-	99,727		99,727
Total restricted		-	3	7,011	 99,727		136,738
Unassigned		442,041					442,041
Total fund balances	\$	475,439	\$ 3	57,011	\$ 99,727	\$	612,177



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General Fund						Public Works Fund					
	Original Budget	Budget Amendments	Final Budget	Actual	<u>Variance</u>	Original Budget	Budget Amendments	Final Budget	Actual	Variance		
Revenues												
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,376,104	\$ (80,800)	\$ 1,295,304	\$ 1,295,203	\$ (101)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Utility taxes and franchise fees	446,100	14,400	460,500	470,839	10,339	-	-	-	-	-		
Charges for services	368,100	111,900	480,000	493,638	13,638	400.450	(404.000)	- 070 050	475.044	(405.045)		
Intergovernmental	316,900	133,300	450,200	424,608	(25,592)	492,156	(121,300)	370,856	175,211	(195,645)		
Licenses, permits, and fees	105,000	(10,000)	95,000	102,673	7,673	-	-	-	-	-		
Fines and forfeitures	14,400	(7,000)	7,400	8,901	1,501	-	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	65,524	(40,684)	24,840	24,852	12							
Total revenues	2,692,128	121,116	2,813,244	2,820,714	7,470	492,156	(121,300)	370,856	175,211	(195,645)		
Expenditures												
Current operating												
General government	871,116	147,150	1,018,266	964,947	53,319	-	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	1,243,394	98,400	1,341,794	1,260,218	81,576	-	-	-	-	-		
Physical environment	191,828	(9,600)	182,228	170,297	11,931	-	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	492,156	131,565	623,721	288,535	335,186		
Human services	48,164	(17,570)	30,594	35,201	(4,607)	-	-	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation	281,826	(46,500)	235,326	188,543	46,783	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	55,800	159,000	214,800	257,122	(42,322)							
Total expenditures	2,692,128	330,880	3,023,008	2,876,328	146,680	492,156	131,565	623,721	288,535	335,186		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures	-	(209,764)	(209,764)	(55,614)	154,150	-	(252,865)	(252,865)	(113,324)	139,541		
Other financing sources (uses)												
interfund tranfers	-	(179,900)	(179,900)	(139,900)	40,000	-	179,900	179,900	139,900	(40,000)		
Fund balances, beginning of year	670,953		670,953	670,953		73,151		73,151	73,151			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 670,953	\$ (389,664)	\$ 281,289	\$ 475,439	\$ 194,150	\$ 73,151	\$ (72,965)	\$ 186	\$ 99,727	\$ 99,541		



# SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL REPORTS COMPLIANCE SECTION



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Village Council Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2020.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



#### **Purpose of This Report**

Withem Smith + Brown, PC

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

February 14, 2020

# Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Status of Prior Year Recommendations

**Prior Year Recommendations:** 

Prior Year Present in Reference Current Second Preceding Prior Year Findings Number Year Status Year Report

None



# MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY SECTION 10.550 OF THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Honorable Mayor and Village Council Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2020.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 14, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no such findings in the preceding audit report.

#### Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The information is disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements. There are no component units related to the Village.

#### **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not the Village has met one or more condition(s) described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Village did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.



Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Village's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### **Annual Financial Report**

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report of the Village for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports are in agreement.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### **Purpose of This Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the board members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 14, 2020

Withem Smith + Brown, PC



# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

Honorable Mayor and Village Council Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida

We have examined the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida's (the "Village") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for the Village's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Village's compliance with those requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Village complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Village complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Village's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Village complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 14, 2020

Withern Smith + Brown, PC