CITY OF WEST MELBOURNE

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019



Prepared by: THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT

CITY OF WEST MELBOURNE, FLORIDA

CITY COUNCIL

HAL J. ROSE, MAYOR
PAT BENTLEY, DEPUTY MAYOR
DANIEL BATCHELDOR, COUNCIL MEMBER
JOHN DITTMORE, COUNCIL MEMBER
ADAM GAFFNEY, COUNCIL MEMBER
BARBARA SMITH, COUNCIL MEMBER
ANDREA YOUNG, COUNCIL MEMBER

CITY MANAGER SCOTT MORGAN

CITY ATTORNEY
MORRIS RICHARDSON

FINANCE DIRECTOR
MARGI STARKEY

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MAYOR Hal J. Rose

DEPUTY MAYOR John Dittmore

COUNCIL MEMBERS
Daniel Batcheldor
Pat Bentley
Adam Gaffney
Barbara A. Smith
Andrea Young



City Hall 2240 Minton Road West Melbourne, FL 32904 Phone: (321) 727-7700 Fax: (321) 768-2390 www.westmelbourne.org

February 27, 2020

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of West Melbourne:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of West Melbourne, Florida (the "City"), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 is hereby submitted pursuant to Florida Statutes Chapter 218.39 and Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of West Melbourne's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2019. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the government

The City of West Melbourne was founded in 1959 and incorporated on July 2, 1970, as a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is located in east central Florida within Brevard County. It currently occupies 10.3 square miles and has an estimated population of 23,607. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries, which the City has levied continuously since fiscal year 2006. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The City of West Melbourne has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1970. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council consisting of the mayor and six other members, all elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members, since 2014, serve staggered four year terms, and are elected to represent the City at large. The Council appoints the City Attorney, Police Chief and City Manager. The City Manager appoints the heads of various City departments.

The City of West Melbourne provides a full range of services, including police protection services, street maintenance and construction, building inspections, parks and recreation amenities, and stormwater planning and construction. The City also operates a water distribution and sewer collection and treatment system, both systems of which are a single legal enterprise and reported as a proprietary fund.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Budgetary control is maintained to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The Council is required to hold two public hearings and adopt a final budget by no later than September 30th of each year.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. This comparison is presented as part of the Required Supplementary Information.

Local Economy

The City of West Melbourne is located in east central Florida, approximately forty-five miles south of the Kennedy Space Center and encompassing an area of 10.3 square miles. The area is a major hub for technology driven industry such as RELM Wireless, Lockheed Martin, Confluent RF Systems, Mack Technologies, Terry Laboratories and USSI. Corporate headquarters, manufacturers, and technology-oriented companies are located within the City of West Melbourne limits. The City's diverse business community includes traditional businesses, which encompass retail and wholesale trade, transportation, the utilities sector, the professional and business services sector, real estate, finance, and the construction sector, both light manufacturing and military contractors. The City remains attractive to such a vibrant mix of businesses because it maintains one of the lowest tax rates in Brevard County, which has given the City an edge as a better place to do business. The City continues to pursue technology oriented manufacturing, warehousing/distribution, and professional service companies seeking a competitive advantage in the marketplace.

The City has established an economic enhancement district (WAVE District) to allow access to state and federal job creation incentives, a tax abatement program to reduce operating expenses for manufacturers selecting West Melbourne, and has initiated a redevelopment and capital improvement program to focus public infrastructure improvements on its commercial corridors and business parks.

In 1970, West Melbourne's population was approximately 3,050. Since 2000, the City has experienced the highest population growth percentage of any municipality in Brevard County. The most recent State population estimate for the City is 23,607. The population in the City is relatively young and well educated with over 45% of its population under the age of 45. With a comparatively high median household income, combined with a relatively young and well-educated population, the City has ideal market conditions for the continued development of high-technology, knowledge-based businesses, as well as traditional businesses and service providers.

The unemployment rate for the State of Florida and Brevard County declined in 2019. As of September 30, 2019, the unemployment rate in the United States was 3.6%, down from 3.7% a year earlier. For Brevard County, the unemployment rate was 2.8%, down from 2.9% a year earlier as reported by the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity. It is expected that the unemployment rate for Brevard County will not significantly change in 2020.

Long-term financial planning and major initiatives

The City's strategic plans for its long-term financial planning and budgeting are crafted with a strong foundational financial position that has been balanced with deliberate thought to our resources, while reducing already healthy levels of debt. The City Council and the City Manager understand the need for expansion to meet the City's increasing population, and the resultant demands that such expansion will place on City resources. The City has determined that it will maintain a minimum fund balance reserve of 20% of the annual general fund expenditures, a rate that management considers to be a prudent reserve level for meeting unanticipated expenditure requirements, a major revenue shortfall, or an emergency.

The City is also cognizant of the other cities' financial challenges as a result of unmanaged expansion and excessive leverage. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unrestricted fund balance (which is the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of the fund balance) in the general fund, was 26% of total general fund expenditures. This is a strong position, which reduces the need to borrow to finance future construction and expansion projections.

Recent strategic projects for the City of West Melbourne include completion of sanitary sewer extensions along U.S. 192 and Fell Road capable of serving unserved properties that can be annexed into the City in the future, the start of a largely grant funded septic to sewer neighborhood conversion project for the Sylvan Drive neighborhood, the design of a new water main to serve properties west of Interstate 95 in the vicinity of U.S. 192, and completion of an engineering feasibility study for the future development of a new City potable water production plant. In addition, an expansion and renovation of the police station is nearing completion and various roadway improvement projects are in design. The cost of all these initiatives have been funded without the issuance of new debt.

Since 2000, the City of West Melbourne has been, by percentage, the fastest growing municipality in Brevard County. Since 2010, the City's population has grown 28.6%. In calendar year 2019, the City issued 236 certificates of occupancy for new single-family homes. Building permit revenues, representing both residential and significant commercial activity, increased by 8.6% in 2019 over the prior calendar year. The trend of growth in commercial development is anticipated to continue in the near term. This is expected to be both with continued infill site commercial development, as well as some remaining opportunities within three large commercial centers in the City that still have some remaining commercial parcels that can yet be developed. These are the Hammock Landing, Coastal Commerce, and the West Melbourne Interchange Centers.

The City Council has updated the Capital Improvements Element of the Comprehensive Plan in accordance with Florida Statutes 163.3177(3)(b), and management has projected the capital improvement program for the next five years as financially feasible. The 2020 to 2024 projection matches future sources of revenues with planned capital expenditures that incorporate long range plans of the City, with major water projects estimated at \$23.7 million, sewer projects estimated at \$14.1 million, stormwater system improvements at \$5.4 million, and transportation system improvements estimated at \$4.3 million. Combined capital improvements for all major and secondary projects are estimated at \$48.8 million over the five year span.

The millage rate for the City of West Melbourne was 2.6017 for fiscal year 2018 - 2019. This was increased from the fiscal year 2017 – 2018 millage rate of 2.4633.

The City was reviewed by Standard and Poors (S&P) on February 23, 2018. S&P upgraded the 2010D Florida Municipal Loan Council revenue bonds from AA- to AA.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City of West Melbourne has a policy that requires the adoption of a balanced annual operating budget (i.e., estimated revenues equal to or in excess of appropriations). Actual General Fund revenues exceeded the final budget by approximately \$2.8 million. During fiscal year 2019, General Fund appropriations increased by \$1,328,214, while actual expenditures were below the final budgeted amount. Overall, operational activity resulted in an excess of revenues over expenditures by \$1.3 million.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of West Melbourne for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the Finance department. We wish to also express our appreciation to members of other City departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their consistent support for management as it seeks to prudently manage the City of West Melbourne's finances.

Margaret Starley

Margi Starkey

Respectfully submitted,

scots wo gan

Scott Morgan

City Manager Finance Director

City Council

Hal J. Rose Mayor

Pat Bentley Deputy Mayor

Daniel Batcheldor Council Member

John Dittmore Council Member

Adam Gaffney Council Member

Barbara Smith Council Member

Andrea Young Council Member



Executive Management Team

Scott Morgan City Manager

Morris Richardson City Attorney

Richard T. Wiley Police Chief

Keith Mills, AICP, CPM Deputy City Manager

Mark Piccirillo Public Works Director

Margi Starkey Finance Director

Cynthia Hanscom City Clerk

Tom Forbes, CBO Building Official

Christy Fischer, AICP Planning & Economic Development Director

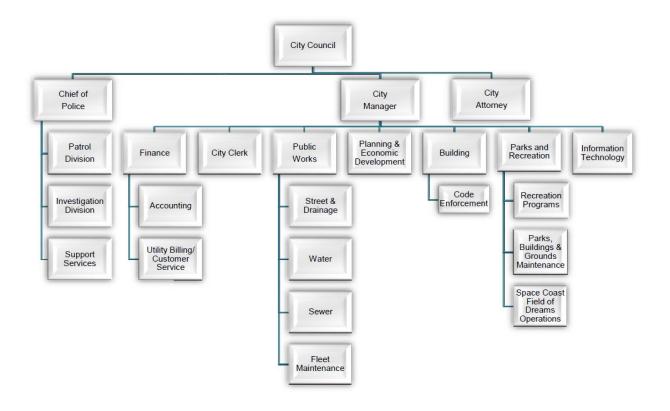
Thomas Bradford Information Technology Director

Richard Boprey Parks & Recreation Director

Kimberly Gale Human Resources Director

As of September 30, 2019

City of West Melbourne, Florida Organizational Chart September 30, 2019





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of West Melbourne Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



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Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 215 Baytree Drive Melbourne, Florida 32940 (321) 255-0088 (321) 259-8648 (fax) www.cricpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of West Melbourne, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Melbourne, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of West Melbourne, Florida's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Melbourne, Florida, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension and other post-employment benefits supplementary information and budgetary comparison information for the general fund and major special revenue funds as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of West Melbourne, Florida's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules of nonmajor special revenue and capital projects funds, statistical section, and secondary market disclosures are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the budgetary schedules of nonmajor governmental funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the budgetary

schedules of nonmajor governmental funds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, statistical section, and secondary market disclosures have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2020 on our consideration of the City of West Melbourne, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of West Melbourne, Florida's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of West Melbourne, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Melbourne, Florida

Caux Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

February 27, 2020



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As management of the City of West Melbourne (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 5-8 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$102,094,251 (net position).
 Of this amount, \$21,738,423 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$12,064,687 from fiscal year 2019 activities. The increase is largely due to increases in capital grants and contributions and donation of the Field of Dreams improvements in West Melbourne Community Park.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,818,368, an increase of \$2,096,644 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 25% of this amount (\$3,453,194) is available for spending at the government's discretion (assigned and unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the *committed*, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the general fund was \$3,980,665, or approximately 26% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total outstanding long-term debt, not including compensated absences and other post-employment benefits, decreased by \$1,878,441 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include a Water and Sewer System. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 28-31 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on nearterm inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the community redevelopment agency, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of West Melbourne adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and the community redevelopment agency fund to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-35 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund—an enterprise fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its Water and Sewer System.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer System, which is considered to be a major fund. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-41 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds *are not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City maintains one type of fiduciary fund. The *Pension trust fund* is used to report resources held in trust for retirees and beneficiaries covered by the *Police Officers' Retirement Plan*.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42-43 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 45-86 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the City's budgetary compliance and pension and other post-employment benefits obligations. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, community redevelopment agency fund, special revenue funds (recreation and storm water), and capital projects construction fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for each of these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 87-104 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 106-113 of this report.

The Statistical Section includes tables and schedules to provide a more detailed picture of the financial condition of the City than those presented in the financial statements. These include the schedule of bonded debt and interest to maturity and assorted multi-year financial and statistical information and can be found on pages 119-140 of this report.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of West Melbourne, Florida, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$102,094,251 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

City of West Melbourne's Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Current and other assets	\$ 15,485,281	\$ 14,178,509	\$ 22,686,434	\$ 17,346,519	\$ 38,171,715	\$ 31,525,028		
Capital assets	34,565,497	30,504,931	45,485,841	45,951,699	80,051,338	76,456,630		
Total assets	50,050,778	44,683,440	68,172,275	63,298,218	118,223,053	107,981,658		
Deferred outflows	2,147,425	2,085,693	405,133	356,386	2,552,558	2,442,079		
Long-term liabilities	4,661,078	3,718,125	9,666,511	11,352,145	14,327,589	15,070,270		
Otherliabilities	1,479,480	1,905,284	2,088,469	2,290,405	3,567,949	4,195,689		
Total liabilities	6,140,558	5,623,409	11,754,980	13,642,550	17,895,538	19,265,959		
Deferred inflows	736,118	1,069,069	49,704	59,145	785,822	1,128,214		
Net position:								
Net investment in								
capital assets	34,205,606	29,479,624	36,760,884	35,497,462	70,966,490	64,977,086		
Restricted	8,866,081	7,821,633	523,257	511,487	9,389,338	8,333,120		
Unrestricted	2,249,840	2,775,398	19,488,583	13,943,960	21,738,423	16,719,358		
Total net position	\$ 45,321,527	\$ 40,076,655	\$ 56,772,724	\$ 49,952,909	\$ 102,094,251	\$ 90,029,564		

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (69.5%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (9.2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$21,738,423 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At September 30, 2019, the City is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Statements of Activities

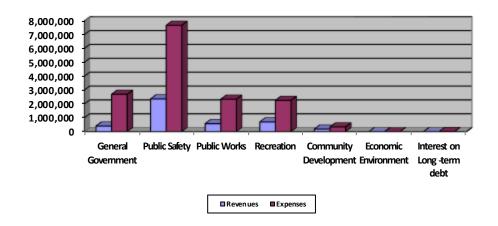
The following table reflects the condensed Statements of Activities for the current and prior year:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 4,229,875	\$ 3,154,259	\$ 12,327,560	\$ 11,600,678	\$ 16,557,435	\$ 14,754,937		
Capital grants and contributions	961,801	2,473,014	5,685,218	5,032,423	6,647,019	7,505,437		
General revenues:								
Local option gas tax	672,626	608,754	-	-	672,626	608,754		
Property taxes	3,990,738	3,310,658	-	-	3,990,738	3,310,658		
Public utility and telecommunication								
taxes	3,340,164	3,212,103	-	-	3,340,164	3,212,103		
Payment in lieu of taxes	344,588	377,318	-	-	344,588	377,318		
Franchise fees	1,870,513	1,798,337	-	-	1,870,513	1,798,337		
Shared revenues	2,219,476	2,123,578	-	-	2,219,476	2,123,578		
Unrestricted investment earnings	337,852	224,140	295,741	134,591	633,593	358,731		
Miscellaneous	145,939	149,163	-	-	145,939	149,163		
Transfers, net	34,400	18,900	(34,400)	(18,900)				
Total revenues	18,147,972	17,450,224	18,274,119	16,748,792	36,422,091	34,199,016		
Expenses:								
General government	2,697,267	2,487,264	-	-	2,697,267	2,487,264		
Public safety	7,668,450	6,833,193	-	-	7,668,450	6,833,193		
Public works	2,344,923	2,785,278	-	-	2,344,923	2,785,278		
Recreation	2,255,949	988,794	-	-	2,255,949	988,794		
Community development	339,529	323,027	-	-	339,529	323,027		
Economic environment	175	420	-	-	175	420		
Interest on long term debt	8,146	2,326	-	-	8,146	2,326		
Water and sewer			11,454,304	11,667,879	11,454,304	11,667,879		
Total expenses	15,314,439	13,420,302	11,454,304	11,667,879	26,768,743	25,088,181		
Special item:								
Donation - Field of Dreams	2,411,339				2,411,339			
Increase in net position	5,244,872	4,029,922	6,819,815	5,080,913	12,064,687	9,110,835		
Net position - beginning of year as								
previously reported	40,076,655	36,063,857	49,952,909	44,874,972	90,029,564	80,938,829		
Prior period adjustment	-	(17,124)	-	(2,976)	-	(20,100)		
Net position - beginning (restated)	40,076,655	36,046,733	49,952,909	44,871,996	90,029,564	80,918,729		
Net position - ending	\$ 45,321,527	\$ 40,076,655	\$ 56,772,724	\$ 49,952,909	\$ 102,094,251	\$ 90,029,564		

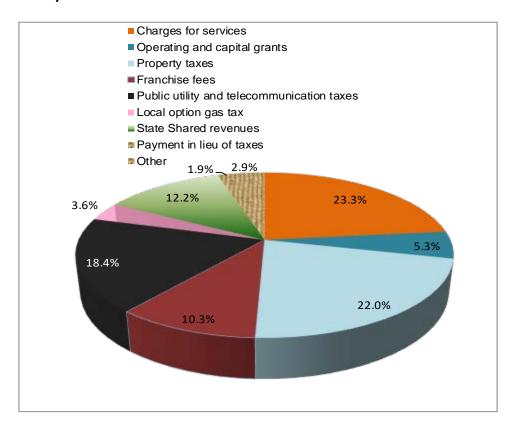
Governmental Activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased by \$5,244,872 from the prior fiscal year. General revenues increased by approximately 9.6% due to increases in local option gas taxes, property taxes, unrestricted investment earnings, and net transfers. Program revenues decreased by approximately 8%, primarily from a non-recurrence of an FDEP Grant of \$1.05m for the West Melbourne Community Park Phase II.

Governmental expenditures increased \$1,894,137 (14.1%) compared to the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018. The primary reasons for this increase was an increase in wages, repairs and maintenance, and increased expenditures on the police building expansion construction contract. The first chart that follows compares each program's expenses with the revenues generated by the program. The next chart displays the City's revenues by source. Public safety represents one of the City's major services and the majority of resources used to fund the service are not generated by the program. Revenues from taxes and other general resources provide the remaining funding necessary for public safety.

Expenses and Program Revenues-Governmental Activities



2019 Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$6,819,815. Operating revenues for the Water and Sewer System increased by approximately \$1.4 million and this is attributed primarily to an increase in meter installation fees for new homes, a grant for the Indian River Lagoon project, and interest earnings on investments. Operating expenses of the Water and Sewer System decreased by about \$214,000 due in part to a decrease in purchased water costs, and debt interest, which counteracted the increase in payroll expenditures.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,818,368, an increase of \$2,096,644 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 25% of this total amount (\$3,453,194) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which has not been appropriated for a specific purpose and is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance represents a legally restricted funding source, has been committed to a specific purpose by City action or is not in liquid form available for new spending. The \$2,836 of prepaid items represents funds that have been disbursed for future expenditures, such as insurance or maintenance agreements. The restricted funds include confiscated funds of \$23,473 that can only be spent on law enforcement purposes. The advance of \$873,800 represents the long-term portion of an interest bearing loan to the Stormwater Fund and a non-interest bearing loan to the Community Redevelopment Agency. These will become available to the fund for expenditure as the loans are satisfied.

The committed fund balances totaling \$1,496,257 in two of the non-major funds are being expended for replacement vehicles and recreation. The \$590,933 in the Capital Projects Fund and \$3,720,045 in the General Fund are restricted for construction and maintenance of roads. The \$3,625,421 amount represents funds collected through permits and is restricted to enforcing the State's building code. The Stormwater Utility had a negative unassigned fund balance of \$527,471 at September 30, 2019, due to capital and flood mitigation projects, and maintenance and repairs. The Community Redevelopment Agency had minimal expenditures during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and closed the year with a positive fund balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,980,665, while total fund balance reached \$12,231,943. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned and assigned fund balance represents 22% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 69% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$1,264,050 during the current fiscal year, compared to a \$2,580,200 decrease in the prior year. The City saw decreased expenditures in the General Fund. Key factors in these results are as follows:

Total revenues of the General Fund increased by \$1,179,570, largely as a result of an increase
in property taxes revenues, building permits and plan review fees, contracts with the Brevard
School District and two charter schools for school resource officers, interest earnings on

investments, and the cash portion of the Field of Dreams donation.

• General Fund expenditures decreased \$465,915 compared to the prior year. While there was increased payroll costs, this was counteracted with decreases largely in capital outlay as the US192 Lighting project was concluded.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer System at the end of the year amounted to \$19,488,583. The total increase in net position for this fund was \$6,819,815. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There was one budget revenue amendment of \$300,000 during the year ended September 30, 2019. There were five budget expenditure amendments totaling \$1,328,214 during the year ended September 30, 2019.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2019, amounted to \$80,051,338 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and other infrastructure items. The percentage increase from prior year (fiscal year 2018) in the City's investment in capital assets was approximately 4.7%.

City of West Melbourne's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Land	\$ 1,489,987	\$ 1,452,345	\$ 403,959	\$ 396,459	\$ 1,893,946	\$ 1,848,804	
Construction in progress	3,359,401	2,368,773	1,341,454	188,653	4,700,855	2,557,426	
Buildings	5,052,158	4,767,957	414,632	435,952	5,466,790	5,203,909	
Improvements other than							
buildings	11,023,357	10,040,072	40,317,653	41,768,538	51,341,010	51,808,610	
Machinery and equipment	2,943,410	1,996,935	3,008,143	3,162,097	5,951,553	5,159,032	
Infrastructure	10,697,184	9,878,849	_	_	10,697,184	9,878,849	
Total	\$ 34,565,497	\$30,504,931	\$ 45,485,841	\$ 45,951,699	\$80,051,338	\$ 76,456,630	

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

 In the City's governmental activities, the police station modifications, along with developer street donations for Cypress Landings – Imagine Way, Cypress Landings Phase II, Heritage Pointe, Palm Bay and Durham, Norfolk Parkway, and Field of Dreams were the significant impacts to the increases obtained.

• In the City's business-type activities, the City continued development of projects including the Sylvan Drive Septic to Sewer, Columbia Lane/Brandywine Interconnect, and the M-1 Canal Water Main Extension, and sewer upsizing for annexations. The City also received developer water and sewer system donations for Palm Gardens, Cypress Landings Phase II, Heritage Pointe, Minton Cove, among others during the fiscal year.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note IV. D. on pages 63-64 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt and loans outstanding of \$8,545,684, which represents obligations secured by business-type activities revenue sources.

City of West Melbourne's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities				Total			
	2019	2018	201	L9		2018		2019		2018
Compensated absences	\$ 381,878	\$ 370,197	\$ 5	4,018	\$	54,381	\$	435,896	\$	424,578
Revenue bonds	-	-	5,96	4,068		7,673,850		5,964,068		7,673,850
Loans payable	-	-	2,58	1,616		2,750,275		2,581,616		2,750,275
Total	\$ 381,878	\$ 370,197	\$ 8,59	9,702	\$:	10,478,506	\$	8,981,580	\$	10,848,703

Additional information on the City's outstanding debt can be found in Note IV. F. on pages 65-68 of this report. The City's total debt was reduced by \$1,621,394 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in the City's fiscal year 2019 long-term debt decrease include the following:

- The City continued to pay off the bonded debt and loans payable as they fell due, and on January 10, 2019, made an advance principal payment in the amount of \$676,282 on the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2007.
- The liability for compensated absences increased by \$11,318.
- The liability for other post-employment benefits increased by \$245,729.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic factors currently affect the City of West Melbourne and were considered in developing the 2019-2020 fiscal year budget.

- As of the United States Census count of April 1, 2010, the City had an estimated population
 of 18,335 people residing within the City's then 9.9-square miles. The population estimate
 issued for 2019 by the State of Florida, Office of Economic and Demographic Research shows
 the City's population has increased to 23,607 within the City's now 10.32-square mile area.
- During fiscal year 2019, the City issued building permits for the construction of 284 new single family homes. The City expects continued local economic conditions to remain favorable in the near term. The City has three large commercial centers, Hammock Landing, the West

Melbourne Interchange Center and Coastal Commerce, where interest in new commercial development continues.

- As of September 2019, the unemployment rate in the United States was 3.6%. For the State of Florida, unemployment was 3.2%, down from 3.5% a year earlier. For Brevard County, the unemployment rate was 2.8% as reported by the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity. It is expected that the unemployment rate for Brevard County will not significantly change in 2020.
- The City was founded in 1959, primarily to prevent property taxes from being imposed by a neighboring municipality. The City continues to pride itself on its low tax rate. The millage rate for the City of West Melbourne was 2.6017 for fiscal year 2018 2019. This was an increase from the fiscal year 2017 2018 millage rate of 2.4633.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of West Melbourne, Florida's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of West Melbourne, Attention: Finance Director, 2240 Minton Road, West Melbourne, Florida, 32904.

CITY OF WEST MELBOURNE, FLORIDA

Basic Financial Statements

City of West Melbourne, Florida Statement of Net Position

	G	overnmental	Е	Business-type	
September 30, 2019		Activities		Activities	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,347,721	\$		\$ 6,273,234
Investments		11,770,807		15,481,457	27,252,264
Receivables, net		740,488		1,575,809	2,316,297
Due from other governments		263,795		2,514	266,309
Inventory		-		115,679	115,679
Prepaid items		2,836		-	2,836
Interfund balances		151,030		(151,030)	-
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents		208,604		1,736,492	1,945,096
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land		1,489,987		403,959	1,893,946
Construction in progress		3,359,401		1,341,454	4,700,855
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):					
Buildings		5,052,158		414,632	5,466,790
Improvements other than buildings		11,023,357		40,317,653	51,341,010
Machinery and equipment		2,943,410		3,008,143	5,951,553
Infrastructure		10,697,184		-	10,697,184
Total assets		50,050,778		68,172,275	118,223,053
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,937,850		359,323	2,297,173
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		209,575		36,154	245,729
Deferred amount on advanced refunding		-		9,656	9,656
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,147,425		405,133	2,552,558

	Governmental	Business-type	
September 30, 2019	Activities	Activities	Total
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	563,655	650,616	1,214,271
Contracts payable	70,997	188,927	259,924
Retainage payable	288,894	100,927	288,894
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	349,330	35,691	385,021
Payable from restricted assets:	349,330	33,031	363,021
•		160 512	160 513
Accrued interest payable Customer and developer escrow deposits	206 604	169,512	169,512
·	206,604	1,043,723	1,250,327
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year:		4 074 200	4 074 200
Revenue bonds payable	-	1,071,200	1,071,200
Loans payable, net of unamortized discounts	-	175,000	175,000
OPEB liability	57,392	9,900	67,292
Compensated absences	305,503	43,214	348,717
Due in more than one year:			
Revenue bonds payable	-	4,892,868	4,892,868
Loans payable	-	2,406,616	2,406,616
Total OPEB liability, less current portion	447,740	80,270	528,010
Net pension liability	3,774,068	976,639	4,750,707
Compensated absences	76,375	10,804	87,179
Total liabilities	6,140,558	11,754,980	17,895,538
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	548,685	49,704	598,389
Unearned revenue - business tax receipts	187,433	49,704	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total deferred inflows of resources	736,118	49,704	187,433 785,822
Total deferred lilliows of resources	730,116	45,704	765,622
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	34,205,606	36,760,884	70,966,490
Restricted for:	• •	, ,	
Long term portion of advances	873,800	_	873,800
Community development	26,706	-	26,706
Debt service		523,257	523,257
Transportation	4,310,978	-	4,310,978
Law enforcement	29,176	_	29,176
Building code enforcement	3,625,421	-	3,625,421
Unrestricted	2,249,840	19,488,583	21,738,423
Total net position	\$ 45,321,527	\$ 56,772,724	\$ 102,094,251
	7 .0,322,327	Ţ J J J J J J J J J J	+,,

City of West Melbourne, Florida Statement of Activities

Program Revenues

5,685,218

5,685,218

6,647,019

Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Co	Operating Grants and entributions	Co	Capital Grants and ontributions
Primary Government							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$	2,697,267	\$ 404,171	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		7,668,450	2,358,536		-		7,382
Public works		2,344,923	578,993		-		954,419
Recreation		2,255,949	704,031		-		-
Community development		339,529	184,144		-		-
Economic environment		175	-		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		8,146	-		-		-
Total governmental activities	:	15,314,439	4,229,875		-		961,801

For the year ended September 30, 2019

Business-type activities: Water and sewer

Total primary government

Total business-type activities

General revenues:

11,454,304

11,454,304

Taxes:

Property taxes

Franchise fees

Local option gas tax

\$ 26,768,743 \$ 16,557,435 \$

Public utility and telecommunication taxes

12,327,560

12,327,560

Payment in lieu of taxes

Intergovernmental shared revenue - unrestricted

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous revenue

Transfers, net

Total general revenues

Special item:

Donation - Field of Dreams

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

\$ (2,293,096) \$ - \$ (2,293,096) (5,302,532) - (5,302,532) (811,511) - (811,511) (1,551,918) - (1,551,918) (155,385) - (155,385) (175) - (175) (8,146) - (8,146) (10,122,763) - (10,122,763	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
- 6,558,474 6,558,474 - 6,558,474 6,558,474 (10,122,763) 6,558,474 (3,564,289) 3,990,738 - 3,990,738 1,870,513 - 1,870,513 672,626 - 672,626 3,340,164 - 3,340,164 344,588 - 344,588 2,219,476 - 2,219,476 337,852 295,741 633,593 145,939 - 145,939 34,400 (34,400) - 12,956,296 261,341 13,217,637 2,411,339 - 2,411,339 5,244,872 6,819,815 12,064,687 40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564	(5,302,532) (811,511) (1,551,918) (155,385) (175) (8,146)	\$ - - - - - - -	(5,302,532) (811,511) (1,551,918) (155,385) (175) (8,146)
- 6,558,474 6,558,474 (10,122,763) 6,558,474 (3,564,289) 3,990,738 - 3,990,738 1,870,513 - 1,870,513 672,626 - 672,626 3,340,164 - 3,340,164 344,588 - 344,588 2,219,476 - 2,219,476 337,852 295,741 633,593 145,939 - 145,939 34,400 (34,400) - 12,956,296 261,341 13,217,637 2,411,339 - 2,411,339 5,244,872 6,819,815 12,064,687 40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564	(10,122,/63)	<u>-</u>	(10,122,/63)
3,990,738 - 3,990,738 1,870,513 - 1,870,513 672,626 - 672,626 3,340,164 - 3,340,164 344,588 - 344,588 2,219,476 - 2,219,476 337,852 295,741 633,593 145,939 - 145,939 34,400 (34,400) - 12,956,296 261,341 13,217,637 2,411,339 - 2,411,339 5,244,872 6,819,815 12,064,687 40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564	- (10.122.763)	6,558,474	6,558,474
1,870,513 - 1,870,513 672,626 - 672,626 3,340,164 - 3,340,164 344,588 - 344,588 2,219,476 - 2,219,476 337,852 295,741 633,593 145,939 - 145,939 34,400 (34,400) - 12,956,296 261,341 13,217,637 2,411,339 - 2,411,339 5,244,872 6,819,815 12,064,687 40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564	(10,122,703)	0,330,474	(3,304,203)
3,340,164 - 3,340,164 344,588 - 344,588 2,219,476 - 2,219,476 337,852 295,741 633,593 145,939 - 145,939 34,400 (34,400) - 12,956,296 261,341 13,217,637 2,411,339 - 2,411,339 5,244,872 6,819,815 12,064,687 40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564	1,870,513	- -	1,870,513
344,588 - 344,588 2,219,476 - 2,219,476 337,852 295,741 633,593 145,939 - 145,939 34,400 (34,400) - 12,956,296 261,341 13,217,637 2,411,339 - 2,411,339 5,244,872 6,819,815 12,064,687 40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564		-	
2,219,476 - 2,219,476 337,852 295,741 633,593 145,939 - 145,939 34,400 (34,400) - 12,956,296 261,341 13,217,637 2,411,339 - 2,411,339 5,244,872 6,819,815 12,064,687 40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564		-	
337,852 295,741 633,593 145,939 - 145,939 34,400 (34,400) - 12,956,296 261,341 13,217,637 2,411,339 - 2,411,339 5,244,872 6,819,815 12,064,687 40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564	•	<u>-</u>	•
145,939 - 145,939 34,400 (34,400) 12,956,296 261,341 13,217,637 2,411,339 - 2,411,339 5,244,872 6,819,815 12,064,687 40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564		295.741	
12,956,296 261,341 13,217,637 2,411,339 - 2,411,339 5,244,872 6,819,815 12,064,687 40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564	•	-	•
2,411,339 - 2,411,339 5,244,872 6,819,815 12,064,687 40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564	34,400	(34,400)	-
5,244,872 6,819,815 12,064,687 40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564	12,956,296		13,217,637
40,076,655 49,952,909 90,029,564		6.819.815	
	• •		

City of West Melbourne, Florida Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

September 30, 2019	General	Red	Community development	Nonmajor Funds	G	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 763,273	\$	626,706	\$ 957,742	\$	2,347,721
Investments	10,619,307		-	1,151,500		11,770,807
Accounts receivable, net	740,488		-	-		740,488
Advance to other funds - current	339,730		-	-		339,730
Advance to other funds - long term	873,800		-	-		873,800
Due from other governments	263,795		-	-		263,795
Prepaid items	2,836		-	-		2,836
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	208,604		-	-		208,604
Total assets	\$ 13,811,833	\$	626,706	\$ 2,109,242	\$	16,547,781
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 477,616	\$	-	\$ 86,039	\$	563,655
Contracts payable	70,997		-	-		70,997
Retainage payable	288,894		-	-		288,894
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	348,346		-	984		349,330
Deposits	206,604		-	-		206,604
Advance from other funds - current	-		100,000	88,700		188,700
Advance from other funds - long term	-		500,000	373,800		873,800
Total liabilities	1,392,457		600,000	549,523		2,541,980
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unearned revenue - business tax receipts	187,433		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		187,433
Total deferred inflows of resources	187,433		-	-		187,433

				Total				
		Community	Nonmajor	Governmental				
September 30, 2019	General	Redevelopment	Funds	Funds				
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	2,836	-	-	2,836				
Long term portion of advances	873,800	-	-	873,800				
Restricted for:								
Police education	5,703	-	-	5,703				
Confiscated funds	23,473	-	-	23,473				
Transportation	3,720,045	-	590,933	4,310,978				
Building code enforcement	3,625,421	-	-	3,625,421				
Community development	-	26,706	-	26,706				
Committed for:								
Recreation	-	-	706,007	706,007				
Vehicle replacement	-	-	790,250	790,250				
Unassigned	3,980,665	-	(527,471)	3,453,194				
Total fund balances	12,231,943	26,706	1,559,719	13,818,368				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 13,811,833	\$ 626,706 \$	2,109,242					
			_					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,								
therefore, are not reported in the funds.								
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related			-					
are not recognized in the governmental funds	; however, they a	re recorded in the st	atement	1,598,740				
of net position under full accrual accounting.								
Long-term liabilities, including capital lease oblig	·							
liability (asset) and the total OPEB liability are	not due and paya	ble in the current pe	eriod					
and therefore are not reported in the funds.								
Net position of governmental activities				\$ 45,321,527				

City of West Melbourne, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds

								Total
				Community		Nonmajor	G	Governmental
For the year ended September 30, 2019		General	Re	development		Funds		Funds
_								
Revenues			_	_				
Taxes	\$	9,201,415	Ş	-	\$	578,993	Ş	9,780,408
Licenses and permits		2,142,236				-		2,142,236
Intergovernmental		3,064,868		556,858		-		3,621,726
Charges for services		372,058		-		264,534		636,592
Fines and forfeitures		468,765		-		-		468,765
Contributions and donations		1,310,840		-		-		1,310,840
Investment income		278,106		-		83,075		361,181
Miscellaneous		126,658		-		-		126,658
Total revenues		16,964,946		556,858		926,602		18,448,406
Expenditures								
Current:								
		2 172 462						2 172 462
General government		2,173,463		-		-		2,173,463
Public safety		6,836,498		-		-		6,836,498
Public works		1,420,102		-		316,617		1,736,719
Recreation		832,786		-		-		832,786
Community development		320,094		-		-		320,094
Economic environment		<u>-</u>		175		<u>-</u>		175
Capital outlay		3,828,024		-		728,828		4,556,852
Debt service:								
Interest		-		-		8,146		8,146
Total expenditures		15,410,967		175		1,053,591		16,464,733
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		1,553,979		556,683		(126,989)		1,983,673
Other financing courses (uses)								
Other financing sources (uses)						402.000		402.000
Transfers in		-		-		402,900		402,900
Transfers out		(368,500)		-		-		(368,500)
Insurance proceeds		42,819		-		-		42,819
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		35,752		-		-		35,752
Net other financing sources (uses)		(289,929)		-		402,900		112,971
Not shough in found halances		1 264 050		FFC 693		275 014		2 006 644
Net change in fund balances		1,264,050		556,683		275,911		2,096,644
Fund balances, beginning	Ś	10,967,893	ċ	(529,977)	ć	1,283,808	ć	11,721,724
Fund balances, ending	Þ	12,231,943	\$	26,706	\$	1,559,719	\$	13,818,368

City of West Melbourne, Florida

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended September 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,096,644
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	1,706,073
In the statement of activities, the gain (loss) on the disposal of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, disposals are not reported. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the disposed capital assets.	(56,846)
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	2,411,339
Some revenues will not be collected within 60 days after the close of the City's fiscal year-end and are not considered as "available" revenue in the governmental funds. In the statement of net position, presented on the accrual basis, these revenues are recognized.	(377,653)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, pension and OPEB expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available.	(931,273)
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB costs are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.	408,269
Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(11,681)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 5,244,872

City of West Melbourne, Florida Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund

Activities - Enterprise Fund ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable, net Accounts receivable earned, but not billed Assessments receivable Due from other governments Inventory Total current assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Inventory Total current assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account Total restricted assets Capital assets: Land Aday,595 Buildings Improvements other than buildings Total restricted assets Construction in progress Land Buildings Total restricted cash and equipment Restricted assets Construction in progress Land Aday,595 Buildings Total restricted assets Construction in progress Land Aday,595 Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding Peferred outflows of resources Total deferred outflows of resources Total deferred outflows of resources		Business-type			
ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Investments Accounts receivable, net Accounts receivable earned, but not billed Assessments receivable Due from other governments Inventory Total current assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents Inventory Total current assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account Total restricted assets Capital assets: Land Aug, 599 Buildings Land Aug, 599 Buildings Dimprovements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Intangibles Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 9,656		Activities -			
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Investments Investments Accounts receivable, net Accounts receivable earned, but not billed Assessments receivable Inventory Inventory Inventory Interpret Inte	<u>September 30, 2019</u>	Enterprise Fund			
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Investments Investments Accounts receivable, net Accounts receivable earned, but not billed Assessments receivable Inventory Inventory Inventory Interpret Inte	ACCETC				
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 3,925,513 Restricted current assets: 1,441,904 Cash and cash equivalents 15,481,457 Accounts receivable, net 900,684 Accounts receivable earned, but not billed 567,008 Assessments receivable 108,117 Due from other governments 2,514 Inventory 115,679 Total current assets 22,542,876 Noncurrent assets: 8 Restricted cash and cash equivalents: 294,588 Bond debt service account 294,588 Total restricted assets 294,588 Capital assets: 294,588 Land 403,959 Buildings 2,512,496 Improvements other than buildings 77,485,526 Machinery and equipment 8,579,942 Intangibles 1,341,454 Less accumulated depreciation (44,837,536) Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 45,485,841 Total noncurrent assets 45,780,429 Total assets 68,323,305 Deferred outflows related to opensio					
Restricted current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable, net Accounts receivable earned, but not billed Assessments receivable Assessments receivable Inventory Total current assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account Capital assets: Land Addings Buildings Capital assets: Land Auguster Buildings Buildings Construction in progress Intangibles Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 9,656		¢ 2.025.512			
Cash and cash equivalents1,441,904Investments15,481,457Accounts receivable, net900,684Accounts receivable earned, but not billed567,008Assessments receivable108,117Due from other governments2,514Inventory115,679Total current assets22,542,876Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account294,588Total restricted assets294,588Capital assets: Land403,959Buildings2,512,496Improvements other than buildings77,485,526Machinery and equipment8,579,942IntangiblesConstruction in progress1,341,454Less accumulated depreciation(44,837,536)Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation45,485,841Total noncurrent assets45,780,429Total assets68,323,305DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding359,323Deferred amount on advanced refunding9,656		3 3,323,313			
Investments 15,481,457 Accounts receivable, net 900,684 Accounts receivable earned, but not billed 567,008 Assessments receivable 108,117 Due from other governments 2,514 Inventory 115,679 Total current assets 22,542,876 Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account 294,588 Total restricted assets 294,588 Capital assets: 403,959 Land 403,959 Buildings 2,512,496 Improvements other than buildings 77,485,526 Machinery and equipment 8,579,942 Intangibles 1,341,454 Less accumulated depreciation (44,837,536) Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 45,485,841 Total noncurrent assets 45,780,429 Total assets 68,323,305 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 359,323 Deferred amount on advanced refunding 9,656		1 441 004			
Accounts receivable, net Accounts receivable earned, but not billed Accounts receivable earned, but not billed Assessments receivable 108,117 Due from other governments 2,514 Inventory 115,679 Total current assets 22,542,876 Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account 294,588 Total restricted assets 294,588 Capital assets: Land 403,959 Buildings 2,512,496 Improvements other than buildings 77,485,526 Machinery and equipment 8,579,942 Intangibles Construction in progress 1,341,454 Less accumulated depreciation (44,837,536) Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 45,485,841 Total noncurrent assets 68,323,305 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 56,154 Deferred amount on advanced refunding 9,656	·	-			
Accounts receivable earned, but not billed Assessments receivable Assessments receivable Due from other governments Inventory Total current assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account Total restricted assets Capital assets: Land Buildings Buildings Land Accounter tan buildings Accounter tan buildings Accounter to their than buildings Accounter than buildings Accoun					
Assessments receivable Due from other governments Inventory Total current assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account Total restricted assets Capital assets: Land Buildings Buildings Buildings Inprovements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Intangibles Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 115,679 115,679 125,542,876 1294,588 1294,588 1294,588 1403,959 1294,588 129	•	-			
Due from other governments Inventory Interpret Seeds Noncurrent assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account Total restricted assets Capital assets: Land Augustant Buildings Bu	·	-			
InventoryTotal current assetsRestricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account294,588Total restricted assets294,588Capital assets: Land403,959Buildings2,512,496Improvements other than buildings77,485,526Machinery and equipment8,579,942Intangibles1,341,454Construction in progress1,341,454Less accumulated depreciation(44,837,536)Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation45,485,841Total noncurrent assets45,780,429Total assets68,323,305DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred amount on advanced refunding36,154Deferred amount on advanced refunding9,656		-			
Total current assetsNoncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account294,588Total restricted assets294,588Capital assets: Land Buildings Huprovements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Intangibles Construction in progress Construction in progress Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets45,780,429Total assets68,323,305DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding36,154 9,656	_	-			
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account Total restricted assets Capital assets: Land Buildings Buildi					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Bond debt service account Total restricted assets Capital assets: Land Aug,959 Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Intangibles Construction in progress Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 294,588 294,588 403,959 77,485,526 8,579,942 1,341,454 Less accumulated depreciation 44,837,536) Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 45,485,841 Total noncurrent assets 68,323,305	Total current assets	22,342,670			
Bond debt service account294,588Total restricted assets294,588Capital assets:3403,959Land403,959Buildings2,512,496Improvements other than buildings77,485,526Machinery and equipment8,579,942Intangibles1,341,454Construction in progress1,341,454Less accumulated depreciation(44,837,536)Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation45,485,841Total noncurrent assets45,780,429Total assetsDeferred outflows of RESOURCESDeferred outflows related to pensions359,323Deferred outflows related to OPEB36,154Deferred amount on advanced refunding9,656	Noncurrent assets:				
Total restricted assets Capital assets: Land 403,959 Buildings 2,512,496 Improvements other than buildings 77,485,526 Machinery and equipment 8,579,942 Intangibles Construction in progress 1,341,454 Less accumulated depreciation (44,837,536) Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 45,485,841 Total noncurrent assets 45,780,429 Total assets 68,323,305 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 359,323 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 36,154 Deferred amount on advanced refunding 9,656	Restricted cash and cash equivalents:				
Capital assets: Land 403,959 Buildings 2,512,496 Improvements other than buildings 77,485,526 Machinery and equipment 8,579,942 Intangibles Construction in progress 1,341,454 Less accumulated depreciation (44,837,536) Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 45,485,841 Total noncurrent assets 45,780,429 Total assets 68,323,305 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 359,323 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 36,154 Deferred amount on advanced refunding 9,656	Bond debt service account	294,588			
Land 403,959 Buildings 2,512,496 Improvements other than buildings 77,485,526 Machinery and equipment 8,579,942 Intangibles Construction in progress 1,341,454 Less accumulated depreciation (44,837,536) Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 45,485,841 Total noncurrent assets 45,780,429 Total assets 68,323,305 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 359,323 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 36,154 Deferred amount on advanced refunding 9,656	Total restricted assets	294,588			
Buildings 2,512,496 Improvements other than buildings 77,485,526 Machinery and equipment 8,579,942 Intangibles Construction in progress 1,341,454 Less accumulated depreciation (44,837,536) Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 45,485,841 Total noncurrent assets 45,780,429 Total assets 68,323,305 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 359,323 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 36,154 Deferred amount on advanced refunding 9,656	Capital assets:				
Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Intangibles Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets Total assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 77,485,526 8,579,942 1,341,454 (44,837,536) 45,485,841 Total assets 68,323,305	Land	403,959			
Machinery and equipment Intangibles Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 45,485,841 Total noncurrent assets Total assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 8,579,942 1,341,454 44,837,536) 45,780,429	Buildings	2,512,496			
Intangibles Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 45,485,841 Total noncurrent assets Total assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 1,341,454 44,837,536) 45,485,841 45,780,429	Improvements other than buildings	77,485,526			
Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation (44,837,536) Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets Total assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 1,341,454 (44,837,536) 45,485,841 45,780,429 68,323,305	Machinery and equipment	8,579,942			
Less accumulated depreciation(44,837,536)Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation45,485,841Total noncurrent assets45,780,429Total assets68,323,305DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding359,323	Intangibles				
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets 45,485,841 Total assets 68,323,305 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 9,656	Construction in progress	1,341,454			
Total noncurrent assets Total assets 68,323,305 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 9,656	Less accumulated depreciation	(44,837,536)			
Total assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 36,154 9,656	Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	45,485,841			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 359,323 36,154 9,656	Total noncurrent assets	45,780,429			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 359,323 36,154 9,656					
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 359,323 36,154 9,656	Total assets	68,323,305			
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 359,323 36,154 9,656	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred amount on advanced refunding 9,656		259 272			
Deferred amount on advanced refunding 9,656	· ·	-			
		-			

Business-type



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City of West Melbourne, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

	Activities		
For the year ended September 30, 2019	Enterprise F		
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	12,085,048	
Other charges and fees		242,512	
Total operating revenues		12,327,560	
Operating expenses			
Operating expenses: Personnel services		1 412 724	
Contractual services		1,413,724	
		1,763,909	
Supplies and other expenses		4,362,974	
Depreciation		3,533,574	
Total operating expenses		11,074,181	
Operating income		1,253,379	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Investment income		295,741	
Interest expense		(380,123)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(84,382)	
		•	
Income before capital contributions and transfers		1,168,997	
Capital contributions		5,685,218	
Transfers out		(34,400)	
		(2 1, 130)	
Change in net position		6,819,815	
Net position, beginning of year		49,952,909	
Net position, end of year	\$	56,772,724	

City of West Melbourne, Florida Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund

		Business-type
For the year anded Contamber 20, 2010	г.	Activities -
For the year ended September 30, 2019	EI	nterprise Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers for sales and services	\$	14,609,924
Cash payments to employees	Ψ	(1,259,227)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(6,269,325)
Net cash provided by operating activities		7,081,372
		- 700 - 701 -
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Cash paid to other funds to repay advances		(176,036)
Transfers (to) other funds		(34,400)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(210,436)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(3,067,716)
Collections of special assessment revenue		5,675
Principal paid on revenue bonds		(1,709,782)
Principal paid on loans		(170,000)
Capital contributions		5,685,218
Interest paid on long-term debt		(433,967)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		309,428
Cash flows from investing activities:		207 744
Investment income		295,741
Purchase of investments		(6,937,416)
Net cash used in investing activities		(6,641,675)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		538,689
- -		-
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		5,123,316
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	Ş	5,662,005
Cash and cash equivalents reconciliation:		
Current assets:	.	2 025 542
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,925,513
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted Noncurrent assets:		1,441,904
		201 E00
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted Total cash and cash equivalents	Ś	294,588
rotar cash and cash equivalents	<u> </u>	5,662,005

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	1,25
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	•	, -
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		3,53
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Accounts receivable		7
Accounts receivable earned but not billed		4
Advance to other funds		2,17
Due from other governments		(
Inventory		1
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(1
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		(3
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts and contracts payable		(15
Retainage payable		(4
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		2
Total OPEB liability		4
Net pension liability		14
Customer and developer escrow deposits		3
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		
Total adjustments		5,82
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	7,08
Noncash capital and related financing activities: activities:		
Amortization of bond discount	\$	
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	\$	

City of West Melbourne, Florida Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Police Employees' Pension Trust Fund

	Police
	Employees'
	Pension Trust
September 30, 2019	Fund
	_
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 144,855
Investments at fair value:	
Fixed income mutual funds	1,011,062
U.S. and international stock mutual funds	9,700,924
U.S. government obligations	1,859,128
Mortgage-asset backed securities	76,233
Corporate bonds	1,308,084
Real estate funds	1,587,015
Contribution receivable	10,104
Interest receivable	18,566
Total assets	15,715,971
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	10,315
Total liabilities	10,315
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 15,705,656

City of West Melbourne, Florida Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Police Employees' Pension Trust Fund

		Police Employees'	
	Pension Trus		
For the year ended September 30, 2019		Fund	
To the year chaca september 50, 2015			
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
City	\$	447,784	
Employees		227,943	
State		169,767	
Total contributions		845,494	
Investment income:			
Net appreciation in the fair value of investments		173,203	
Interest, dividends and other income		369,032	
Total investment gains		542,235	
Less investment-related expense		(44,649)	
Net investment gains		497,586	
Total additions		1,343,080	
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefit payments		797,294	
Refunded contributions		38,701	
Administrative expenses		56,825	
Total deductions		892,820	
Change in net position		450,260	
		,	
Fiduciary net position, beginning of year		15,255,396	
Fiduciary net position, end of year	\$	15,705,656	



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NOTE I: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting entity

The City of West Melbourne, Florida (the "City") was originally chartered as a Town on September 11, 1959. On July 2, 1970, the City was incorporated as a political subdivision of the State of Florida with a six member Council, including a Mayor and Deputy-Mayor. In November 1989, a seventh Council member was added and the Mayor became a voting member. The Mayor and Council are elected by the registered voters of the City of West Melbourne, with the entire Council selecting the Deputy-Mayor. The Council appoints the City Manager, who in turn functions as the administrator of the everyday operations of the City. The Council also appoints the Chief of Police and City Attorney. The City provides a full range of municipal services as directed by the City Charter including general government, public safety, public improvements, planning and zoning, water and sewer service, refuse collection, a recycling program and related general and administrative services to its residents.

In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units in accordance with Section 2100: *Defining the Financial Reporting Entity* of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification.

Blended component unit

West Melbourne–Brevard County Joint Redevelopment Agency – The West Melbourne-Brevard County Joint Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA" or "Community Redevelopment") was organized under Section 163 of the Florida Statutes and formally came into existence during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. The Joint Community Redevelopment Agency uses property tax incremental revenues derived from taxable real property within the geographic boundaries of the community redevelopment area to finance development within that area. Although legally separate, the CRA is reported as if it were part of the City, as a special revenue fund, because it is governed by a board comprised primarily of the City's elected Council members. Additionally, the services provided by the CRA create a primarily financial benefit relationship with the City. The CRA does not issue separate financial statements. Their financial statements are included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended September 30, 2019.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment,

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary fund and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The only proprietary fund is reported in the basic financial statements as a business-type activity.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for federal, state, local or private grants or awards, for which the period is 4 months. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenues, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary and pension benefit trust funds are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

• The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (continued)

• The West Melbourne-Brevard County Joint Community Redevelopment Agency Fund ("Community Redevelopment") is used to account for tax increment revenues derived from taxable real property within the geographic boundaries of the community redevelopment area to finance development within that area.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

• The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for water and sewer operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The fund is intended to be predominantly self-supported from user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

• The *Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund* accounts for the activities of the City's police pension and retirement system, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified police officers.

The City's nonmajor governmental funds consist of two special revenue funds (Recreation and Stormwater Utility) and two capital projects funds (Capital Projects and Vehicle Replacement).

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the various functions concerned. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues generally result from producing and delivering goods and providing services such as water and sewer to the general public. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services and connection fees. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition of operating are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned resources. When expenditures have been incurred for which resources in more than one classification can be used, restricted resources are used first, then unrestricted resources are used as they are needed.

D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position or equity

1. Cash, cash equivalents and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Deposits available within various funds, except pension trust funds, were consolidated for investment purposes. Substantially all deposits at September 30, 2019, were invested using the pooled investment concept. Interest earned was allocated monthly to the various funds based on their month-ending cash and investment balances.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value except for the positions in the Florida PRIME, Florida SAFE and the Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FTIP) Day to Day Fund external investment pools. The Florida PRIME, Florida SAFE and FTIP Day to Day Fund external investment pools meet all of the specified criteria in Section I50: *Investments* of the GASB Codification to qualify to elect to measure their investments at amortized cost. Accordingly, the fair value of the City's position in the pool is equal to the value of pooled shares.

The City of West Melbourne is empowered by statute to invest in the following instruments and may divest itself of such investments, at prevailing market prices or rates subject to the limitations of Section 218.415 – a) the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, administered by the Florida State Board of Administration or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, as provided in s. 163.01, Florida Statutes; b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; c) savings accounts in state-certified qualified public depositories, as defined in Florida Statute 280.02; d) certificates of deposit and Repurchase Agreements in state-certified qualified public depositories, as defined in Florida Statute 280.02; e) direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury; and f) Federal agencies and instrumentalities.

The Police Pension Fund is authorized to invest surplus funds in a) equity investments (common stock, convertible bonds and preferred stock) in a corporation listed on one or more of the recognized international exchanges or electronic network; b) fixed income investments with a minimum rating of investment grade or higher as reported by a nationally recognized rating agency except that up to 5% of fixed income investments may be below investment grade; c) money market funds or short-term investment fund options provided by the Plan's custodian with a minimum rating of Standard & Poor's "A1" or Moody's "P1"; d) real estate investments and e) pooled funds including, but not limited to, mutual funds, commingled funds, exchange-traded funds, limited partnerships and private equity.

Banks and savings and loans in which City funds are deposited must be classified as a qualified public depository as defined in the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, before any deposits are made with those institutions.

D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position or equity (continued)

2. Receivables and payables

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Long-term advances between funds are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable, available financial resources. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All account and tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectible accounts.

The City is permitted by State law to levy taxes up to 10 mills on assessed valuation. However, Chapter 74-430, Laws of Florida, a special act applicable only to governmental units in Brevard County, limits the annual increase to 10% of the prior year's millage. During a Special Session in June 2007, the Florida Legislature adopted HB1B, which limits municipal property tax rates effective with the 2007-2008 fiscal year. This legislation establishes reductions in the millage rate based on a calculated growth in per capita taxes between the 2002 and 2007 fiscal years. The Legislature did authorize local governments to use the rolled back millage rate if approved by a super majority vote of the governing body. The West Melbourne City Council levy for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was 2.6017 mills, which is higher than the rolled back rate.

As provided by law, the Brevard County Property Appraiser assesses all properties for ad valorem taxing purposes and the Brevard County Tax Collector collects and distributes all taxes. Ad valorem taxes are levied based on property valuation as of January 1. The fiscal year for which ad valorem taxes are levied begins on October 1. Taxes are due beginning November 1, delinquent on April 1, and liened on May 30. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which they are budgeted and also become due and payable. Virtually all unpaid taxes are collected via tax sale certificates sold on or prior to June 1; therefore, no material taxes are receivable at fiscal year end.

3. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. The governmental funds did not have any inventories on hand at year end. Inventory in the proprietary fund consists of materials and supplies used in the production of goods and services.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Costs are recorded as expenditures or expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position or equity (continued)

4. Restricted assets

Certain assets of the City are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. Special restricted asset accounts have been established to account for the sources and uses of these limited use assets, as follows:

- **Customer and Developer Deposit Accounts** Deposited in non-interest bearing accounts and refunded upon termination of service with the City and satisfaction of all obligations due.
- Bond and Capital Lease Debt Service Accounts Includes certain proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for the repayment of bonds or capital lease obligations.
- Law Enforcement Fines and Confiscated Property Account Fines and property generated and applied toward further education and enhancement of the police department.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major capital outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	10 to 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	2 to 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10 years
Infrastructure	10 to 40 years

D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position or equity (continued)

6. Deferred outflows of resources

The financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred amount for advance refunding of debt in the Water and Sewer fund, which is a result of the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price, is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the amount of \$9,656 at September 30, 2019 and is being amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

7. Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation pay benefits. All vacation is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund type financial statements. A liability for this amount is reported in governmental funds only if it has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements or if they will be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources.

8. Long-term debt and other long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium and discount.

9. Deferred inflows of resources

The financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a futures period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City records its deferred business tax receipts in this category. This is a result of tax receipts received in advance of the associated tax year for which the receipts apply. This amount of \$187,433 at September 30, 2019 is deferred and recognized in the period it becomes available.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Police Officers' pension trust fund and the Florida Retirement System Pension

D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position or equity (continued)

10. Pensions (continued)

Plan and Health Insurance Subsidy Program and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms.

The deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with GASB Codification (GASBC) Section P20: *Pension Activities* – *Reporting for Benefits Provided through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria*.

11. Other Postemployment Benefits

The City participates in a single employer, defined benefit, other post-employment plan. The City does not have a trust for the plan, and there is no actuarial determined contribution. The OPEB liability is determined in accordance with GASBC Section P52: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions – Reporting for Benefits Not Provided through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria.

The deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are an aggregate of items related to OPEB as calculated in accordance with GASBC Section P52: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions – Reporting for Benefits Not Provided through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria.

12. Fund equity

Fund balance, under Section 1800 of the GASB Codification, is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The five classifications provide clarity of the level of restrictions, as fund balance can have different levels of restraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. The constraints placed on fund balance for governmental funds are presented below:

Nonspendable Fund Balance — Amounts that are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (inventories, prepaid expenditures) and items such as the long-term amount of interfund advances, property acquired for resale, as well as unrealized gains.

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts that have externally enforceable limitations on use of resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position or equity (continued)

12. Fund equity (continued)

Committed Fund Balance – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the City Council, the City's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may only be removed or changed by the City Council taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned Fund Balance – Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. The authority to assign fund balance lies with the City Council and may occur through the budget process or formal action.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual classification for the General Fund resources. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes. According to the City's Fund Balance policy, the General Fund shall maintain an unassigned, unappropriated fund balance equivalent to a minimum of twenty (20%) of the current fiscal year expenditures less capital outlay and transfers out. At September 30, 2019, this minimum balance is \$2,316,589.

Restricted amounts shall be spent first unless there are legal documents/contracts prohibiting this, such as grant agreements. Further, the order of priority shall be Committed Fund Balance, followed by Assigned Fund Balance, and then Unassigned Fund Balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the classifications could be used.

13. Use of estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

14. Subsequent events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, February 27, 2020. See Note V.F. for relevant disclosures. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position or equity (continued)

15. Recently issued and implemented accounting pronouncements

In fiscal year 2019, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. The objective of this statement is to provide for the measurement and accounting of legally enforceable liabilities associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets. Additional information related to the implementation of this standard can be found in Note V.E.

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The implementation of this statement did not result in any change in the City's financial statements. GASB Statement No. 88 requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. For notes to the financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placement of debt separately from other debt. Additional information can be found in Note IV.F.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued statements that will become effective in future years. These statements are as follows:

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement seeks to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB 84 will be effective for the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

D. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position or equity (continued)

15. Recently issued and implemented accounting pronouncements (continued)

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

The City is currently evaluating the effects that these statements will have on its financial statements.

NOTE II: RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$(4,661,078) difference are as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ (505,132)
Net pension liability	(3,774,068)
Compensated absences	(381,878)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (4,661,078)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net change in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *change in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense." The details of this \$1,706,073 difference are as follows:

NOTE II: RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (continued)

Capital outlay	\$ 4,556,852
Depreciation expense	(2,850,779)
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund balances - total governmental	
funds to arrive at change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,706,073

NOTE III: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Deficit fund equity

At September 30, 2019, the Stormwater Utility Fund had a deficit unassigned fund balance of \$527,471. This deficit was the result of capital and flood mitigation projects completed in advance of receipt of designated funding. The Stormwater Utility Fund has received loans from the General Fund, which will be repaid from future stormwater fees collections. This deficit will be eliminated as resources (future stormwater fees) are obtained.

NOTE IV: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and investments

At September 30, 2019, the City's carrying amount of cash deposits was \$8,214,230, not including petty cash and change accounts totaling \$4,100, and the bank balance was \$8,520,715. At September 30, 2019, the City's carry amount and bank balance of cash deposits in the City's pension trust funds was \$144,855. As of September 30, 2019, \$500,000 of the City's bank balances was covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC). Monies invested in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the qualified public depositories pledging securities with the State Treasurer in such amounts required by the Florida Security for Public Depositories Act. In the event of a default or insolvency of a qualified public depositor, the State Treasurer will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the City pursuant to Section 280.08, Florida Statutes.

The investment program is established in accordance with the City's investment policy, pertinent bond resolutions and Section 218.45, Florida Statutes, which allows the City to invest in the Florida State Board of Administration intergovernmental investment pool or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, direct obligations of the United States Government, obligations of the different agencies of the Federal Government, registered money market funds and accounts of state qualified public depositories.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE IV: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Deposits and investments (continued)

The investing of public funds with the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund ("Florida PRIME") is governed by Section 218.407, Florida Statutes. The SBA is under regulatory oversight of the State of Florida. The investment pool consists largely of corporate notes and commercial paper. On September 30, 2019, the City had \$10,035,455 invested in the SBA. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is equal to the value of the pooled shares.

The Florida Local Government Investment Trust (Florida SAFE) is a common law trust organized under the laws of the State of Florida as an intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, as provided in Section 163.01 of the Florida Statutes. The investment pool consists of obligations guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States, U.S. government agency obligations, commercial paper, bank obligations and other obligations permitted by applicable Florida Statutes. At September 30, 2019, the City's share of Florida SAFE was \$9,909,435. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is equal to the value of the pooled shares.

The Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FTIP) Day to Day Fund is a common law trust organized under the laws of the State of Florida as an intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, as provided in Section 163.01 of the Florida Statutes. The investment pool offers two open-ended managed funds available only to public entities in Florida. The investment pools consist of short-term to intermediate-term securities permitted by applicable Florida Statutes. At September 30, 2019, the City's share of the FTIP Day to Day Fund was \$5,199,736. The fair value of the City's position in the FTIP Day to Day Fund investment pool is equal to the value of the pooled shares.

Under GASB Codification I50: *Investments*, if a participant has an investment in a qualifying external investment pool that measures for financial reporting purposes all of its investments at amortized cost it should disclose the presence of any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals (such as redemption notice periods, maximum transaction amounts, and the qualifying external investment pool's authority to impose liquidity fees or redemption gates) in notes to the financial statements. As of September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit the City's access to 100 percent of their account value in the Florida PRIME, Florida SAFE or FTIP external investment pools.

Cash with escrow and paying agents of \$523,257 accounted for in the Water and Sewer Fund represents reserves and balances to service outstanding bonds.

Deposits available within various funds, except pension trust funds, were consolidated for investment purposes. Interest earned was allocated monthly to the various funds based on their month-end cash and investment balances. The pension trust funds are authorized to invest in corporate bonds and stocks, money markets funds, mortgages and notes, real estate and other investments.

A. Deposits and investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk — Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government may not be able to recover deposits. Monies placed on deposit with financial institutions in the form of demand deposits, time deposits or certificate of deposits are defined as public deposits. The financial institutions in which the City places its deposits are certified as "qualified public depositories," as required under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act.

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of September 30, 2019, the City's pension investments are held in street name in the form of stock, debt securities and U.S. government bonds through financial brokerage firms segregated out from the assets and investments held by other clients of the investment firm and their own assets.

Interest rate risk_— Interest rate risk is the possibility that interest rates will rise and reduce the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy limits interest rate risk by requiring that an attempt be made to match investment maturities with known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements. In addition, investments of current operating funds are required to have maturities of no longer than twelve months. The City's Police Officers' Plan does not address interest rate risk.

Credit risk — Section I50: Investments of the GASB Codification requires that governments provide information about credit risk associated with their investments by disclosing the credit rating of investments in debt securities as described by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City's investment policy and the investment policy for the City's Police Officers' Plan, limit investments to securities with specific ranking criteria.

Concentration risk — Section I50: Investments of the GASB Codification requires disclosures of investments in any one issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S government, investments in mutual funds, external investments pools and other pooled investments. The City's investment policy does not address concentration risk. The Police Officer & Pension Plan restricts the percentage of assets that may be held in the stock of any one company and the bonds issued by any one issuer.

At September 30, 2019, the City had the following investments:

		Investment Maturities (in years)									
									More	_	
Investment type	Fair Value	Less than 1			1-5		6-	10	than 10	Rating	Agency
Primary government:											
State Board of Administration											
Florida Prime	\$10,035,455	\$10,035,455	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	AAAm	S&P
Florida Trust Investment Pool											
Day to Day Fund	5,199,736	5,199,736			-		-		-	AAAm	S&P
Short Term Bond Fund	2,107,638	2,107,638			-		-		-	AAAf/S1	S&P

A. Deposits and investments (continued)

		lı	Investment Maturities (in years)							
	F :			4.5		5.40		More	5	
Investment type	Fair Value	Less than 1		1-5		6-10		than 10	Rating	Agency
Florida SAFE Investment										
Pool	9,909,435	9,909,435		-		-		-	AAAm	S&P
Total primary government										
investments	\$27,252,264	\$27,252,264	\$	-	\$	-	\$			
Pension trust funds:										
Money market funds	\$ 144,855	\$ 144,855	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	Not Rated	
US and international stock										
mutual funds	9,700,924	9,700,924		-		-		-	3★	MS*
Corporate bonds:										
Corporate bonds (A)	860,707	60,167		772,820		27,720		-	AA+ -A-	S&P
Corporate bonds (B)	447,377	-		336,688		110,689		-	BBB+ - BBB	S&P
Fixed income mutual funds	1,011,062	1,011,062		-		-		-	3-4★	MS*
US government obligations	1,859,128	329,619		679,371		850,138		-	Not Rated	
Mortgage/asset backed										
securities	76,233	-		-		76,233		-	Not Rated	
Real estate funds	1,587,015	-		-		-	1	1,587,015	Not Rated	
Total fiduciary fund										
investments	\$15,687,301	\$11,246,627	\$ 1	1,788,879	\$	1,064,780	\$ 1	1,587,015		

^{*}MS = Morningstar

Fair value

GASB Codification Section 3100: Fair Value Measurements establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under the codification are described as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

A. Deposits and investments (continued)

Fair value (continued)

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the City's assets at fair value as of September 30, 2019:

		Qι	oted Prices				
			in Active		Observable		
		- 1	Markets for	Ir	nputs Other		Significant
			Identical	tł	nan Quoted	Ur	nobservable
	Fair	-	Assets		Prices		Inputs
	Value	<u> </u>	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
Investments by fair value level:							
Fiduciary fund:							
Money market funds	\$ 144,855	\$	144,855	\$	-	\$	-
Mutual funds - stock	9,700,924		9,700,924		-		-
Corporate bonds	1,308,084		-		1,308,084		-
Fixed income mutual funds	1,011,062		-		1,011,062		-
US government obligations	1,859,128		-		1,859,128		-
Mortgage/asset backed securities	76,233		-		76,233		-
Total investments measured by		•					
fair value level	14,100,286	\$	9,845,779	\$	4,254,507	\$	_

Investments measured at the net asset

value (NAVI).

value (IVAV).	
Primary government:	
Florida Trust Investment Pool (FTIP)	
Short Term Bond Fund	2,107,638
Fiduciary fund:	
Real estate funds	1,587,015
	_
Total investments measured at NAV	3,694,653
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 17,794,939

A. Deposits and investments (continued)

Fair value (continued)

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at September 30, 2019.

Debt and equity securities – Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted market prices for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique based on the price or yield of similar debt securities.

Mutual funds – Mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted market prices for those investments. Mutual funds classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, while underlying securities have observable Level 1 pricing inputs or observable Level 2 significant other pricing inputs, are not publicly quoted and are based on market-corroborated data.

Fixed income funds – Fixed income funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted market prices for those investments. Fixed income funds classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are not publicly quoted and are based on market-corroborated data.

Real estate funds – Real estate funds are valued at net asset value.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the City believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Fair value of investments in entities that use Net Asset Value (NAV)

The following table summarizes investments measured at fair value based on NAV per share as of September 30, 2019:

			Redemption	
		Unfunded	Frequency	Redemption
	Fair Value	Commitments	(if currently eligible)	Notice Period
FTIP Short Term Bond Fund	\$ 2,107,638	None	Monthly	None stated
				30 days prior to last
Real estate funds	1,587,015	None	Quarterly	day of the quarter
Total investments measured				
at net asset value	\$ 3,694,653			

FTIP Short Term Bond Fund – The pool is valued using the quoted value of underlying assets or similar assets and multiplied by the City's percentage of ownership in the pool.

A. Deposits and investments (continued)

Real estate funds — The real estate funds invest primarily in U.S. commercial and multi-family residential real estate. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. The funds were formed as open-ended investments and will have perpetual existence unless terminated by the ownership (partners). Because it is not probable that any individual investment will be sold, the fair value of each individual investment has been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the City's ownership interest in partners' capital.

B. Restricted assets

The balances of the restricted asset accounts in the governmental activities and business-type activities at September 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Gov	vernmental	Βu	ısiness-type
		Activities		Activities
Customer and developer deposit accounts	\$	206,604	\$	1,043,723
Law enforcement fines and confiscated property account		2,000		
Accrued interest		-		169,512
Bond debt service accounts - current		-		228,669
Bond debt service account - noncurrent		-		294,588
Total	\$	208,604	\$	1,736,492

C. Receivables

Receivables and amounts due from other governments as of fiscal year end for the individual major funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Go	overnmental	Business-type	
Receivables:		Activities	Activities	Total
Taxes	\$	317,043	\$ -	\$ 317,043
Solid waste		81,515	-	81,515
Utilities		-	1,576,533	1,576,533
Franchise fees		306,358	-	306,358
Special assessments		-	108,117	108,117
Other		35,572	-	35,572
Gross receivables		740,488	1,684,650	2,425,138
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts		-	(108,841)	(108,841)
Total receivables, net	\$	740,488	\$ 1,575,809	\$ 2,316,297

The City provides an allowance for water and sewer accounts receivable that may become uncollectible. At September 30, 2019, this allowance was \$108,841. No other allowances for doubtful accounts are maintained since all other accounts receivable are considered collectible at September 30, 2019.

D. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental activities: Balance Increases Transfers Balance Capital assets, not being depreciated: \$ 1,452,345 \$ 94,200 \$ (56,558) \$ 1,489,987 Construction in progress 2,368,773 1,568,992 (578,364) 3,359,401 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 3,821,118 1,663,192 (634,922) 4,849,388 Capital assets, being depreciated: 8 Buildings 7,547,667 585,822 (27,643) 8,105,846 Improvements other than buildings 12,660,735 1,774,824 (25,071) 14,410,488 Machinery and equipment 5,898,970 1,763,871 (614,851) 7,047,990 Infrastructure 15,333,025 1,758,846 (2,000) 17,089,871 Total capital assets being depreciated 41,440,397 5,883,363 (669,565) 46,654,195 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 Buildings (2,779,710) (301,622) 27,644 (3,053,688) Improvements other than buildings (2,620,663) (791,539) 25,071 (3,387,131) Maschingry and equipment (3,003,035) (917,107) (917,539) 25,071 (3,387,131)
Land \$ 1,452,345 \$ 94,200 \$ (56,558) \$ 1,489,987 Construction in progress 2,368,773 1,568,992 (578,364) 3,359,401 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 3,821,118 1,663,192 (634,922) 4,849,388 Capital assets, being depreciated: 8 8,105,846 1,7547,667 585,822 (27,643) 8,105,846 Improvements other than buildings 12,660,735 1,774,824 (25,071) 14,410,488 Machinery and equipment 5,898,970 1,763,871 (614,851) 7,047,990 Infrastructure 15,333,025 1,758,846 (2,000) 17,089,871 Total capital assets being depreciated 41,440,397 5,883,363 (669,565) 46,654,195 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 8 10,000 10,00
Construction in progress 2,368,773 1,568,992 (578,364) 3,359,401 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 3,821,118 1,663,192 (634,922) 4,849,388 Capital assets, being depreciated: 8 8,105,846 1,7547,667 585,822 (27,643) 8,105,846 Improvements other than buildings 12,660,735 1,774,824 (25,071) 14,410,488 Machinery and equipment 5,898,970 1,763,871 (614,851) 7,047,990 Infrastructure 15,333,025 1,758,846 (2,000) 17,089,871 Total capital assets being depreciated 41,440,397 5,883,363 (669,565) 46,654,195 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 (2,779,710) (301,622) 27,644 (3,053,688) Improvements other than buildings (2,620,663) (791,539) 25,071 (3,387,131)
Total capital assets, not being depreciated 3,821,118 1,663,192 (634,922) 4,849,388 Capital assets, being depreciated: 8uildings 7,547,667 585,822 (27,643) 8,105,846 Improvements other than buildings 12,660,735 1,774,824 (25,071) 14,410,488 Machinery and equipment 5,898,970 1,763,871 (614,851) 7,047,990 Infrastructure 15,333,025 1,758,846 (2,000) 17,089,871 Total capital assets being depreciated 41,440,397 5,883,363 (669,565) 46,654,195 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings (2,779,710) (301,622) 27,644 (3,053,688) Improvements other than buildings (2,620,663) (791,539) 25,071 (3,387,131)
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 7,547,667 585,822 (27,643) 8,105,846 Improvements other than buildings 12,660,735 1,774,824 (25,071) 14,410,488 Machinery and equipment 5,898,970 1,763,871 (614,851) 7,047,990 Infrastructure 15,333,025 1,758,846 (2,000) 17,089,871 Total capital assets being depreciated 41,440,397 5,883,363 (669,565) 46,654,195 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings (2,779,710) (301,622) 27,644 (3,053,688) Improvements other than buildings (2,620,663) (791,539) 25,071 (3,387,131)
Buildings 7,547,667 585,822 (27,643) 8,105,846 Improvements other than buildings 12,660,735 1,774,824 (25,071) 14,410,488 Machinery and equipment 5,898,970 1,763,871 (614,851) 7,047,990 Infrastructure 15,333,025 1,758,846 (2,000) 17,089,871 Total capital assets being depreciated 41,440,397 5,883,363 (669,565) 46,654,195 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings (2,779,710) (301,622) 27,644 (3,053,688) Improvements other than buildings (2,620,663) (791,539) 25,071 (3,387,131)
Improvements other than buildings 12,660,735 1,774,824 (25,071) 14,410,488 Machinery and equipment 5,898,970 1,763,871 (614,851) 7,047,990 Infrastructure 15,333,025 1,758,846 (2,000) 17,089,871 Total capital assets being depreciated 41,440,397 5,883,363 (669,565) 46,654,195 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings (2,779,710) (301,622) 27,644 (3,053,688) Improvements other than buildings (2,620,663) (791,539) 25,071 (3,387,131)
Machinery and equipment 5,898,970 1,763,871 (614,851) 7,047,990 Infrastructure 15,333,025 1,758,846 (2,000) 17,089,871 Total capital assets being depreciated 41,440,397 5,883,363 (669,565) 46,654,195 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 (2,779,710) (301,622) 27,644 (3,053,688) Improvements other than buildings (2,620,663) (791,539) 25,071 (3,387,131)
Infrastructure 15,333,025 1,758,846 (2,000) 17,089,871 Total capital assets being depreciated 41,440,397 5,883,363 (669,565) 46,654,195 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 (2,779,710) (301,622) 27,644 (3,053,688) Improvements other than buildings (2,620,663) (791,539) 25,071 (3,387,131)
Total capital assets being depreciated 41,440,397 5,883,363 (669,565) 46,654,195 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings (2,779,710) (301,622) 27,644 (3,053,688) Improvements other than buildings (2,620,663) (791,539) 25,071 (3,387,131)
Less accumulated depreciation for: (2,779,710) (301,622) 27,644 (3,053,688) Improvements other than buildings (2,620,663) (791,539) 25,071 (3,387,131)
Buildings (2,779,710) (301,622) 27,644 (3,053,688) Improvements other than buildings (2,620,663) (791,539) 25,071 (3,387,131)
Improvements other than buildings (2,620,663) (791,539) 25,071 (3,387,131)
Machinary and equipment (2.003.03E) (917.107) (14.104.E90)
Machinery and equipment (3,902,035) (817,107) 614,562 (4,104,580)
Infrastructure (5,454,176) (940,511) 2,000 (6,392,687)
Total accumulated depreciation (14,756,584) (2,850,779) 669,277 (16,938,086)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 26,683,813 3,032,584 (288) 29,716,109
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$ 30,504,931 \$ 4,695,776 \$ (635,210) \$ 34,565,497
Beginning Decreases / Ending
Business-type activities: Balance Increases Transfers Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:
Land \$ 396,459 \$ 7,500 \$ - \$ 403,959
Construction in progress 188,653 1,153,301 (500) 1,341,454
Total capital assets, not being depreciated 585,112 1,160,801 (500) 1,745,413
Capital assets, being depreciated:
Buildings 2,512,496 - 2,512,496
Improvements other than buildings 75,877,510 1,621,697 (13,681) 77,485,526
Machinery and equipment 8,336,727 285,718 (42,503) 8,579,942
Total capital assets being depreciated 86,726,733 1,907,415 (56,184) 88,577,964
Less accumulated depreciation for:
Buildings (2,076,544) (21,320) - (2,097,864)
Improvements other than buildings (34,108,972) (3,072,582) 13,681 (37,167,873)
Machinery and equipment (5,174,630) (439,672) 42,503 (5,571,799)
Total accumulated depreciation (41,360,146) (3,533,574) 56,184 (44,837,536)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 45,366,587 (1,626,159) - 43,740,428
Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 45,951,699 \$ (465,358) \$ (500) \$ 45,485,841

Special item – Current year capital additions in the governmental activities include the donation of the Field of Dreams complex with an estimated acquisition value of \$2,411,339 on the date of the donation.

D. Capital assets (continued)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental a	ctivities:
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General government	\$ 299,202
Public safety	620,480
Public works	1,366,258
Recreation	564,839
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,850,779
Business-type activities:	
Water and Sewer	\$ 3,533,574

E. Interfund receivables, payable and transfers

Interfund balances – The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2019, is as follows:

Advances to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Current:		_
General Fund	Community Redevelopment Fund	\$ 100,000
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	151,030
General Fund	Stormwater Utility	88,700
Total current		339,730
Noncurrent:		
General Fund	Community Redevelopment Fund	500,000
General Fund	Stormwater Utility	373,800
Total noncurrent		873,800
Total		\$ 1,213,530

Between the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund the advances are interfund loans to cover cash shortfalls and the cost of construction projects. The amount is being repaid to the General Fund with interest.

Between the General Fund and the CRA Fund the advances are interfund loans used for working capital for the CRA to begin operations. The amount is being repaid to the General Fund over 10 years without interest, administration or service charges.

Between the General Fund and the Stormwater Utility Fund the advances are interfund loans used for working capital to purchase land and equipment. The amount is being repaid to the General Fund with interest.

E. Interfund receivables, payable and transfers (continued)

Interfund transfers – The composition of interfund transfers as of September 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Transfers In							
				Govern	men	tal		Proprietary
		Total				Nonmajor		_
		Transfers		General	Gov	vernmental		Water and
Description		Out		Fund		Funds		Sewer Fund
Governmental funds:								_
General Fund	\$	(368,500)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Nonmajor governmental fund		-		-		402,900		-
Total - governmental funds		(368,500)		-		402,900		-
Proprietary funds:								
Water and Sewer Fund		(34,400)		-		-		-
Total	\$	(402,900)	\$	-	\$	402,900	\$	-

The transfers from the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund to the Vehicle Replacement Fund reflect the City's budgeted transfers to fund future replacement of City-owned vehicles and are based on a capital replacement schedule developed during the budgeting process.

F. Long-term debt and liabilities

Revenue bonds

The City issues revenue bonds to pay the costs of constructing certain capital projects and to refund all or a portion of previously issued revenue bonds. The bonds are secured by and payable from the gross revenues of the City's water and sewer system. The bond resolutions provide that revenues in excess of debt service requirements may be used for general operating purposes. Debt service sinking fund requirements, where applicable, on outstanding bonds have been met or exceeded, in accordance with the bond resolutions.

Revenue bonds outstanding at year-end are as follows:

Business-type activities:

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2007	\$ 3,152,268
Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	2,811,800
Total business-type activities	\$ 5,964,068

F. Long-term debt and liabilities (continued)

Revenue bonds (continued)

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 – \$8,015,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 (\$3,152,268 remaining at September 30, 2019) - On July 25, 2007, the City issued the West Melbourne Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 in the principal amount of \$8,015,000. These bonds were sold to: (i) pay the cost of constructing certain capital improvements to the System, and (ii) finance the costs of issuance of the Series 2007 Bonds. The Series 2007 bonds bear interest at 5.45706% per annum, payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. Principal is due annually beginning April 1, 2017, in amounts increasing from \$35,000 to \$795,000. The final maturity is April 1, 2024.

Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 – On September 4, 2014, the City issued \$5,778,300 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 (\$2,811,800 remaining at September 30, 2019), a refunding bank loan. These bonds were sold to: (i) fully refund \$960,000 of outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1999, (ii) fully refund \$1,300,000 of outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2004, (iii) partially refund \$2,925,000 of outstanding Florida Municipal Loan Council Series 2005D, and (iv) partially refund \$1,200,000 of outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2007. The Series 2014 bonds bear interest at 2.30% per annum, payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. Principal is due annually beginning October 1, 2014, in amounts that range from \$104,700 to \$1,039,500, until final maturity on October 1, 2026.

Loan payable

The City obtained a loan to pay the costs of constructing certain capital projects and to finance costs of issuance of revenue bonds. This loan is secured by and payable from the gross revenues of the City's water and sewer system. The loan outstanding at year end, excluding discounts, is as follows:

Business-type activities:

Florida Municipal Loan Council, Series 2010D	\$ 2,590,000
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,590,000

Loan Payable - Florida Municipal Loan Council, Series 2010D — \$3,820,000 loan payable (\$2,590,000 remaining at September 30, 2019) Florida Municipal Loan Council - On August 25, 2010, the City entered into a loan agreement to: (i) to pay the cost of constructing certain capital improvements to the System, and (ii) finance the City's pro-rata costs of issuance of the FMLC Series 2010D Bonds. The loan bears interest at rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.25% per annum, payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. Principal is due annually beginning October 1, 2011, in amounts increasing from \$160,000 to \$270,000 at final maturity on October 1, 2030.

F. Long-term debt and liabilities (continued)

Annual debt service requirements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds and loans outstanding as of September 30, 2019 excluding premiums and discounts are as follows:

	Business-type Activities			
Year ending September 30,	Principal		Interest	
2020	\$ 1,246,200	\$	349,833	
2021	1,283,600		314,928	
2022	1,329,200		260,521	
2023	1,377,900		203,657	
2024	743,268		144,466	
2025-2029	2,048,900		260,278	
2030-2031	525,000		22,632	
Totals	\$ 8,554,068	\$	1,556,315	

Pledged revenue

Pledged revenues and principal and interest payments are as follows:

			Future	Current	Current	Current
	Debt		principal	pledged	principal	percentage
	issue	Term	and interest	revenue	and interest	of revenue
Pledged Revenue						
Non ad-valorem	2010D	2030	\$3,007,096	\$ 6,205,789	\$ 273,832	4%
Water and sewer	2007	2023	2,875,784		900,473	
net revenues	2014	2027	2,631,470		421,728	
Total water and						
sewer net revenues			5,507,254	6,854,215	1,322,201	19%
Total business-type activities			\$8,514,350	\$13,060,004	\$1,596,033	

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions Reductions			Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:							
Compensated absences	\$ 370,197	\$ 317,635	\$	(305,954) \$	381,878	\$ 305,503	
Governmental activities							
long-term liabilities	\$ 370,197	\$ 317,635	\$	(305,954) \$	381,878	\$ 305,503	

F. Long-term debt and liabilities (continued)

<u>Changes in long-term liabilities (continued)</u>

	Beginning					Ending		Due Within
	Balance	Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year
Business-type activities:								_
Loan payable:								
Loans payable	\$ 2,760,000	\$ -	\$	(170,000)	\$	2,590,000	\$	175,000
Plus/less deferred amounts:								
For issuance discount	(9,725)	1,341	1,341 -			(8,384)		-
Total loans payable	2,750,275	1,341	(170,000)			2,581,616		175,000
Bonds payable:								_
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 7,673,850	\$ -	\$	(1,709,782)	\$	5,964,068	\$	1,071,200
Total bonds from								
direct borrowings	7,673,850	-		(1,709,782)		5,964,068		1,071,200
Compensated absences	54,381	59,572		(59,935)		54,018		43,214
Business-type activities								
long-term liabilities	\$ 10,478,506	\$ 60,913	\$	(1,939,717)	\$	8,599,702	\$	1,289,414

Long-term liabilities such as compensated absences are liquidated by the respective funds that are obligated for the related cost. For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

G. Employee retirement plans – defined contribution plan

General Employees' Retirement Plan

<u>Plan description</u>. The City of West Melbourne General Employees' Retirement Plan is a defined contribution plan administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. All full time general employees hired prior to July 1, 2008 are eligible to participate after six months of service.

Employer contributions are vested according to the following schedule: 50% after three years of service; 75% after four years; 100% after five years. There are currently two employees participating in this plan.

<u>Funding policy</u>. Contributions under the plan were established by the Plan & Trust adoption agreement with ICMA Retirement Corporation and may be amended at the City's discretion. Required contributions are 2% and 8% of eligible earnings for employees and employer, respectively. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings. Required and actual contributions for the year ended September 30, 2019 were \$4,154 from employees and \$16,621 from the employer. Of the employer's portion, \$1,515 was paid from forfeitures remaining in the plan.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE IV: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

G. Employee retirement plans – defined contribution plan (continued)

General Employees' Retirement Plan (continued)

<u>Participant loans</u>. The Plan allows participants to borrow from their fund accounts the lesser of \$50,000 or 50% of their vested account balance. The loans are secured by the balance in the participant's account and bear interest at a fixed rate of prime plus 0.5%, as determined on the last day of the month preceding the month the loan is disbursed. Principal and interest are paid ratably through bi-weekly payroll deductions over a period not to exceed five years.

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans

Florida Retirement System

<u>Plan description</u>. The City participates in two defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The plans provide retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. That report is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options.

FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under Sections 121.053 or 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees and surviving beneficiaries of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a state administered retirement system must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

<u>Benefits provided</u>. Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans (continued)

Florida Retirement System (continued)

initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

<u>Contributions</u>. The contribution requirements of plan members and the employer are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. Employees are required to contribute 3.00% of their salary to the FRS. The employer's contribution rates as of September 30, 2019, were as follows:

	FRS	HIS
Regular class	6.81%	1.66%
Senior management service class	23.75%	1.66%
DROP from FRS	12.94%	1.66%

The employer's contributions for the year ended September 30, 2019, were \$273,679 to the FRS and \$61,481 to the HIS.

<u>Pension liabilities and pension expense</u>. In its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2019, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the FRS Pension Plan and its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of the HIS Program. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019. The City's proportions of the net pension liabilities were based on its share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

	FRS	HIS
Net pension liability	\$ 2,931,379 \$	1,199,732
Proportion at:		
Current measurement date	0.0085%	0.0107%
Prior measurement date	0.0080%	0.0099%
Increase (decrease) in proportionate share	0.0005%	0.0008%
Pension expense (benefit)	\$ 763,308 \$	126,830

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans (continued)

Florida Retirement System (continued)

<u>Deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions</u>. At September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS					HIS			
		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows		Inflows		Outflows		Inflows	
	0	f Resources	c	of Resources	of	Resources	of	f Resources	
Differences between expected and									
actual experience	\$	173,868	\$	1,819	\$	14,572	\$	1,469	
Changes of assumptions		752,904		-		138,918		98,056	
Difference between projected and actual									
earnings on pension plan investments		-		162,179		774		-	
Changes in proportion and differences									
between employer contributions and									
proportionate share of contributions		147,977		-		156,509		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the									
measurement date		77,233		-		16,891			
Total	\$	1,151,982	\$	163,998	\$	327,664	\$	99,525	

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending September 30, 2020. Other pension-related amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30,	FRS	HIS
2020	\$ 315,491	\$ 58,352
2021	114,347	52,001
2022	224,837	40,290
2023	177,734	14,561
2024	57,017	20,946
Thereafter	21,325	25,098
Total	\$ 910,751	\$ 211,248

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u>. The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2019. For the HIS Program, the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2018 and using standard actuarial roll forward procedures to develop the liability at June 30, 2019.

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans (continued)

Florida Retirement System (continued)

The individual entry age normal actuarial cost method was used for each plan, along with the following significant actuarial assumptions:

	FRS	HIS
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Payroll growth, including inflation	3.25%	3.25%
Investment rate of return	6.90%	N/A
Discount rate	6.90%	3.50%

Mortality assumptions for the FRS Pension Plan were based on PUB2010 base tables projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. Mortality assumptions for the HIS Program were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

For both plans, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The following changes in key actuarial assumptions occurred in 2019:

FRS: The long-term expected rate of return and the discount rate used to determine the total pension liability decreased from 7.00% to 6.90%.

HIS: The municipal bond index rate and the discount rate used to determine the total pension liability decreased from 3.87% to 3.50%.

The long-term expected investment rate of return was not based on historical returns, but instead was based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. For the FRS Pension Plan, the table below summarizes the consulting actuary's assumptions based on the long-term target asset allocation.

		Annual	Compound Annual
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return
Cash	1%	3.3%	3.3%
Fixed income	18%	4.1%	4.1%
Global equity	54%	8.0%	6.8%
Real estate	10%	6.7%	6.1%
Private equity	11%	11.2%	8.4%
Strategic investments	6%	5.9%	5.7%
Total	100%		

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans (continued)

Florida Retirement System (continued)

<u>Discount rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was 6.90%. FRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because the HIS Program is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, a municipal bond rate of 3.50% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation Bond 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was used as the applicable municipal bond index.

<u>Sensitivity analysis</u>. The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate.

				FRS				HIS	
		1%		Current	1%	1%		Current	1%
	[Decrease	Di	scount Rate	Increase	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	Increase
		(5.90%)		(6.90%)	(7.90%)	(2.50%)		(3.50%)	(4.50%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net									
pension liability	\$ 5,0	067,378	\$	2,931,379	\$1,147,458	\$ 1,369,556	\$	1,199,732	\$1,058,288

<u>Pension plans' fiduciary net position</u>. Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the State's separately issued financial reports.

<u>Payables to the pension plans</u>. As of September 30, 2019, the City had no outstanding payables to the FRS or HIS plans for regular employee and employer contributions that were legally required to be paid to the plans but not remitted prior to the end of the year.

Police Officers' Pension Plan

The City maintains and administers a separate single-employer pension plan for all eligible police officers, which assets are included in the Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund (the "Police Officers' Pension Plan" or the "Plan"). The plan does not issue stand-alone financial reports and is not included in any other retirement system's or the entity's financial report.

<u>Plan description</u>. The City of West Melbourne Police Officers' Retirement Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Plan is administered by a five-member Board of Trustees (two West Melbourne citizens appointed by the City Council, two plan participants selected by the plan membership, and a fifth board member selected by the other four board members and confirmed by the City Council as a ministerial action).

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans (continued)

Police Officers' Pension Plan (continued)

The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The Plan's financial statements as of September 30 are included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Pension plan data is provided from the respective actuarial reports as of September 30, 2019.

<u>Basis of accounting</u>. The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

<u>Method used to value investments</u>. Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments.

<u>Description of benefits</u>. Benefits under the Plan are established in accordance with requirements of City Ordinance and Florida Statutes Chapter 185. Benefit provisions may be amended by the City Council but may not be reduced below the minimum specified by statute.

The Plan provides retirement, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Retirement benefits vest with the participants based on years of credited service at 20% per year after six years with full vesting provided after ten years. Employees qualifying for normal retirement are entitled to monthly benefits based on 3% of average final compensation times years of service. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011 additionally receive \$10 per month per year of service. Generally, normal retirement occurs at attained age 55, or with 25 years of service, regardless of age. Early retirement benefits are available at attained age 50 and 10 years of service using reduced benefit formulas.

Service incurred disability benefits are available to employees with no vesting period and provide monthly income (as defined by the plan payable until death or recovery). Non-service incurred disability benefits (available to employees with ten years of plan participation) provide monthly income (as defined by the Plan) payable until death or recovery. In the event of death, the Plan provides for a 10-year certain and life annuity benefit.

Optional forms of benefits are available and may be elected by the employee as provided in the Plan.

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans (continued)

Police Officers' Pension Plan (continued)

<u>Contribution requirements and funding policy</u>. The employer, employee and State contribution requirements are actuarially determined on an annual basis. Most administrative costs of the Plan are financed through investment earnings of the Plan. Plan members hired on or after January 1, 2011 are required to contribute 8.44% of pensionable pay and Plan members hired before January 1, 2011 are required to contribute 8.54% of pensionable pay. The City recognized as revenues and expenditures on-behalf payments relating to contributions for its public safety employees that the State paid to the Plan in the amount of \$169,767. These contributions are funded by an excise tax levied on certain casualty and property insurance premiums. If the remittance from the State is less than estimated by the actuary, the City pays the balance required to fund the total actuarial requirement.

The City's contributions to the Plan for the year ended September 30, 2019 totaled \$617,551, which includes the amount contributed by the State. Plan members contributed \$227,943 for the same fiscal year.

<u>Plan administration</u>. The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of two (2) Council appointees, two (2) members of the Department elected by the Membership and a fifth member elected by the other four (4) members of the Board of Trustees.

Plan membership as of October 1, 2018:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	16
, ,	10
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	4
Active plan members	43
Total plan members	63

Benefits provided. The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

<u>Normal retirement</u>. Normal retirement is the earlier of: 1) Age 55 and 10 years of credited service, or 2) 25 years of credited service, regardless of age. Upon retirement, the member receives a monthly benefit equal to 3.0% of Average Final Compensation (AFC) for each year of credited service.

<u>Early retirement</u>. Members are eligible for early retirement upon attaining age 50 and completing 10 Years of credited service. Accrued benefits are reduced by 3% for each year from the otherwise normal retirement date.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE IV: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans (continued)

Police Officers' Pension Plan (continued)

<u>Vesting</u>. Vesting begins after 6 years of credited service. The members vest at 20% after 6 years of credited service plus 20% per year thereafter up to 100% after 10 years. Each member will receive an unreduced benefit payable at the later of age 55 or when the member would have attained 10 years of service. Reduced benefits are payable at the later of age 50 or when the member would have attained 10 years of service.

<u>Disability</u>. Eligibility for a service incurred disability is covered from date of employment. Eligibility for a non-service incurred liability vests after 10 years of credited service. The benefit for a service incurred disability is the member's accrued benefit but not less than 42% of AFC and not less than 25% of AFC for a non-service incurred disability.

<u>Pre-Retirement death benefits</u>. Eligibility for pre-retirement death benefits vests after 10 years of credited service. The benefit is the member's accrued benefit paid as 50% of the actuarially equivalent 50% Joint and Survivor form of benefit.

<u>Cost of living adjustment</u>. For Members hired before January 1, 2011, the base benefit is increased annually by a pro-rated portion of 2.0% each October 1 beginning 5 years after retirement. The proration will be years of service prior to February 19, 2013 over total years of service at retirement. Minimum COLA for those hired before January 1, 2011 will be 1.0%.

<u>Supplemental Benefit</u>. Members hired before January 1, 2011 receive a monthly supplemental benefit equal to \$10 for each year of Credited Service. This supplemental benefit is not subject to cost-of-living adjustments, and is not provided to vested terminated members.

Share Plan. Effective September 30, 2017, the individual share account of each active member who has accrued at least one complete year of credited service under the plan and who is not participating in the DROP will receive a one-time allocation equal to \$1,200 plus \$400 for each additional complete year of service in excess of one year, subject to a maximum allocation of \$5,200. This is funded by the existing Excess State Monies Reserve with any remaining amounts applied to reduce the UAAL as of September 30, 2017. Effective September 30, 2017 and each September 30 thereafter, the sum of \$600 shall be allocated to the individual share account of each member hired on or after January 1, 2011 who has at least one year of credited service. The annual allocations will be funded solely by the annual state monies received with any remaining amounts applied to reduce the City's annual contribution requirement.

<u>Contributions</u>. Remaining amount required in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, as provided in Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

<u>Investment policy</u>. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2019:

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans (continued)

Police Officers' Pension Plan (continued)

	Target
Asset Class:	Allocation
Domestic equity	45.0%
International equity	15.0%
Global tactical asset allocation funds	2.5%
Broad market fixed income	22.5%
Global fixed income	5.0%
Real estate	10.0%
Total	100.0%

<u>Concentrations</u>. The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

<u>Rate of return</u>. For the year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 3.17%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP).

Eligibility: Members who are eligible for Normal Retirement.

Participation: Earlier of (a) 60 months in the DROP program, or (b) 31 years of

employment with the City as a Police Officer.

Rate of Return: 6.5% per annum, compounded monthly and credited quarterly for those

who entered DROP prior to February 19, 2013. 2.0% per annum for

those who enter on or after February 19, 2013.

The DROP balance on September 30, 2019 was \$29,795.

<u>Net pension liability of the sponsor</u>. The components of the net pension liability of the sponsor on September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 16,325,252
Plan fiduciary net position	(15,705,656)
Sponsor's net pension liability	\$ 619,596
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	
total pension liability	96.20%

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans (continued)

Police Officers' Pension Plan (continued)

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u>. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018 updated to September 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to the September 30, 2019 measurement period:

Inflation2.50%Salary increasesService basedDiscount rate6.95%Investment rate of return6.95%

Mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2000 Generational Table (100% Annuitant White Collar for females, 10% Annuitant White Collar / 90% Annuitant Blue Collar for males) using scale BB for active or inactive members. For disabled members, the mortality rates were based on 60% RP-2000 Disabled Female set forward 2 years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback and no projection scale for females and 60% RP- 2000 Disabled Male setback 4 years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback and no projection scale for males.

<u>Plan changes</u>. For the measurement period ended September 30, 2019, there were no changes in key plan provisions.

<u>Actuarial assumption changes</u>. For the measurement period ended September 30, 2019 and since the prior valuation, there were no changes of actuarial assumptions or methods.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.95%.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans (continued)

Police Officers' Pension Plan (continued)

These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term
	Expected Real
Asset Class:	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	7.50%
International equity	8.50%
Broad market fixed income	2.50%
Global fixed income	3.50%
Global tactical asset allocation funds	3.50%
Real estate	4.50%

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate</u>. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.95%)	(6.95%)	(7.95%)
Sponsor's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,029,325	\$ 619,596	\$ (1,340,354)

<u>Net pension liability and changes in the net pension liability</u>. The net pension liability for the Plan was measured as of September 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was also determined as of that date.

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans (continued)

Police Officers' Pension Plan (continued)

	Increase (Decrease)							
		Total Pension	Net Pension					
		Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset)				
		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)				
Reporting period ending September 30, 2018	\$	15,732,281 \$	15,255,396 \$	476,885				
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		587,360	-	587,360				
Interest		1,105,163	-	1,105,163				
Change in excess State money		-	-	-				
Share plan allocation		16,350	-	16,350				
Differences between expected and								
actual experience		(279,907)	-	(279,907)				
Changes of assumptions		-	-	-				
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-				
Contributions - Employer		-	447,784	(447,784)				
Contributions - State		-	169,767	(169,767)				
Contributions - Employee		-	227,943	(227,943)				
Net investment income		-	497,586	(497,586)				
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(835,995)	(835,995)	-				
Administrative expense		-	(56,825)	56,825				
Net changes		592,971	450,260	142,711				
Reporting period ending September 30, 2019	\$	16,325,252 \$	15,705,656 \$	619,596				

<u>Pension expense and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions</u>. For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$666,462 for the Police Employees' Pension Plan. At September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
	C	Outflows of	Inflows of
		Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	503,432	\$ 328,644
Changes of assumptions		286,703	6,222
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments		27,392	-
Total	\$	817,527	\$ 334,866

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

H. Employee retirement plans – defined benefit plans (continued)

Police Officers' Pension Plan (continued)

Year ending September 30:	
2020	\$ 21,995
2021	65,132
2022	187,666
2023	254,519
2024	(46,651)
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 482,661

The Plans' fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the pension plans and is equal to the fair value of assets calculated under the accrual basis of accounting.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to financial statements provides multiyear trend data to help determine whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

<u>Fiduciary fund financial statements</u>. The City does not issue separate financial statements for the Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund. The basic financial statements of the City include a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the pension trust fund.

I. Pension expense summary

The total of the City's pension expense for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 is as follows:

pense
6,621
0,138
9,610
6,369

Pension liabilities are liquidated by the respective funds that are obligated for the related costs. For governmental activities, pension liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund.

J. Post-employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB)

The City follows Section P52: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions – Reporting for Benefits Not Provided through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria of the GASB Codification for certain postemployment health care benefits provided by the City.

<u>Plan description</u>. The OPEB plan is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the City. Medical insurance benefits are provided to employees and their eligible dependents through an employee group medical insurance plan. In accordance with Section 112.0801 of the Florida Statutes, because the City provides a medical plan to active employees and their eligible dependents, the City is also required to provide retirees with the opportunity to participate in this insurance. Benefit provisions for the insurance are established and may be amended by the City Council. The retirees pay the full group premium amount for health insurance with no explicit subsidy from the City.

<u>Funding policy</u>. Contribution rates for the insurance are established on an annual basis. Eligible retirees and their covered dependents receiving benefits contribute 100% of their premium costs for medical insurance. While the City does not directly contribute toward the costs of retiree premiums via an explicit subsidy, the ability of retirees to obtain health insurance coverage at a group rate which includes active employees constitutes a significant economic benefit to retirees, or an OPEB obligation of the City. The City is currently funding this OPEB obligation on a pay-as-you-go basis, contributing only those amounts necessary to provide for its portion of current year benefit costs and expenses. OPEB liabilities are liquidated by the respective funds that are obligated for the related costs. For governmental activities, OPEB liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund. For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City estimated it subsidized \$11,503 of medical costs for its retirees and their covered dependents.

As of September 30, 2019, no trust has been established for the other postemployment benefits.

Plan membership. At October 1, 2018, OPEB membership consisted of the following:

	Number of
	covered individuals
Inactive members currently receiving benefits	7
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active members	112
Total	119

<u>Actuarial assumptions and other inputs.</u> The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2019 actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary Increases 3.00% projected annual salary increase

Discount rate 3.58% investment rate of return

Health care cost trend rates 7.50% using Society of Actuaries Long-Term Model

J. Post-employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) (continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.50% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.00% after five years. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The October 1, 2018 actuarial valuation included changes in assumptions for the discount rate (decrease from 3.67% in the prior valuation to 3.58%) and in the health care cost trend rates (decrease from 8.00% in the prior valuation to 7.50%). The methods, assumptions, and participant data used are detailed in the actuarial valuation report dated October 1, 2018. These calculations are based on the Entry Age Normal cost method required by GASBC P52.

At September 30, 2019, the City reported a total OPEB liability of \$595,302. The other postemployment benefit information has been provided as of the September 30, 2019 measurement date.

	Increa	ase (Decrease)
		Total OPEB
Change in total OPEB liability		Liability
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$	282,281
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		44,485
Expected interest growth		11,494
Demographic experience		21,682
Benefit payments and refunds		(11,503)
Assumption changes		246,863
Net changes		313,021
Balance, September 30, 2019	\$	595,302

<u>Sensitivity of the OPEB liability.</u> The following presents the City's OPEB liability as if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or higher than the current discount rate:

	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(2.58%)	(3.58%)	(4.58%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	680,380	\$ 595,302	\$ 524,291

J. Post-employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) (continued)

The following presents the City's total OPEB liability as if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percentage-point lower or higher than the current trend rate:

			Hea	althcare Cost		
	19	% Decrease		Trend Rate	2	1% Increase
		(6.50%)		(7.50%)		(8.50%)
						_
Total OPEB Liability	\$	506,364	\$	595,302	\$	705,288

<u>OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.</u> For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized an OPEB expense of \$67,292. At September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Amortization payments	\$ (22,816) \$	-
Demographic gain (loss)	21,682	-
Assumption changes	246,863	-
Total	\$ 245,729 \$	-

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30,	
2020	\$ 22,816
2021	22,816
2022	22,816
2023	22,816
2024	22,816
Thereafter	131,649
Total	\$ 245,729

NOTE V: OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; worker's compensation and natural disasters.

NOTE V: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. Risk management (continued)

In fiscal year 2018-2019, the City was a member of the Florida Municipal Insurance Trust (the "Trust"). The Trust is a self-insurance program established to provide worker's compensation, property, and casualty coverage to participating units of local government in Florida pursuant to various provisions of Florida Statutes. The Trust's underwriting and vote-setting policies are established after consultation with an independent actuary. The Trust is non-assessable and therefore, the City has no liability for future deficits of the Trust, if any. Only workers compensation is subject to audit thus avoiding additional premium charges beyond policy expirations.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the fiscal year 2019. Also, there have been no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

B. Concentration - Water Supply

The City purchases all of its residents' water needs from the City of Melbourne, Florida under an agreement dated May 16, 2013, which is currently scheduled to expire December 31, 2026, with an optional fifteen year extension. During the year, approximately \$2.8 million (442,994,000 gallons) of water was purchased and management believes it will be able to continue purchasing water from the City of Melbourne, Florida, sufficient to meet all of its residents' water needs, for the foreseeable future.

C. Litigation

Various other suits in the ordinary course of operations are pending against the City. While the ultimate effect of such litigation cannot be ascertained at this time, in the opinion of counsel for the City, the liabilities that may arise from such actions would not result in losses that would exceed the liability insurance limits in effect at the time the claim arose or otherwise materially affect the financial position of the City or results of operations.

D. Commitments and contingencies

In February of 2011, the City entered into a contract for the management, operation and maintenance of the wastewater treatment, collection and disposal facility. On December 15, 2015, the City Council approved a five-year extension of the contract. The term of the contract extension ends on April 30, 2021. The base fee for the first year was \$1,214,768 and is subject to annual adjustment. For fiscal year 2019, the City paid \$1,470,482 under this contract.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally federal and state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE V: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

D. Commitments and contingencies (continued)

The City has active construction projects as of September 30, 2019 for various projects including the construction of the Veteran's Memorial Center wall and fence and the Police Department Station renovation. At year-end, the City's commitments with contractors totaled \$194,194. The commitments are being financed by general revenues and from capital contributions received from developers.

E. Asset Retirement Obligations

Asset retirement obligations generally apply to legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset that result from the acquisition, construction, or development and the normal operation of a long-lived asset. The City assesses asset retirement obligations on a periodic basis. If a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made, the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation is recognized in the period in which it is incurred or a change in estimate occurs.

The City operates a wastewater treatment plant which is regulated by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, and requires certain cleanup and remediation activities if use of the wastewater treatment plant is discontinued. The City Plans ongoing refurbishment to the plant as needed and has no plans to discontinue use of the plant. As such, the City is not able to readily estimate the fair value of the liability for discontinuing use of the plant, and has not recorded an asset retirement obligation for this asset.

F. Subsequent Events

On December 17, 2019, the City Council awarded a contract to Young's Communication Co., Inc. in the amount of \$1,099,764 for construction of a new water main to serve property to be developed west of Interstate 95.

On January 8, 2020, the City made an additional (unscheduled) principal payment on the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, in the amount of \$472,840. As a result of the additional principal payment, principal is now due annually in amounts increasing to \$765,000 and the final maturity is April 1, 2023.

On February 4, 2020, the City Council adopted a resolution approving an agreement with Brevard County for the City to receive \$3,991,000 in Transportation Impact Trust Fund revenues for the City to construct four roadway improvement projects by September 30, 2024.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

City of West Melbourne, Florida Required Pension Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last Five Fiscal Years

Florida Retirement System (FRS)	2019		2018		2017
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0085%		0.0080%		0.0077%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,931,379	\$	2,418,611	\$	2,276,922
Employer's covered payroll ⁽²⁾	\$ 3,587,314	\$	3,221,038	\$	2,980,912
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	81.72%		75.09%		76.38%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.61%		84.26%		83.89%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)	2019		2018		2017
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0093%		0.0093%		0.0093%
Employer's proportion of the net pension	\$	\$		\$	
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Employer's proportionate share of the net	\$ 0.0093%	\$	0.0093%	\$	0.0093%
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0093% 1,199,732	•	0.0093%	·	0.0093% 999,100

- ⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which was June 30th of the current fiscal year.
- (2) GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73*, was implemented during fiscal year 2017. Covered payroll shown includes the payroll for defined benefit plan actives, members in DROP and investment plan members.
- (3) GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information only for those years for which it is available.

2016	2015
0.0076%	0.0076%
\$ 1,924,137	\$ 981,132
\$ 2,866,110	\$ 2,616,648
67.13%	37.50%
84.88%	92.00%
2016	2015
0.0093%	0.0086%
\$ 1,082,043	\$ 879,605
\$ 2,866,110	\$ 2,616,648
37.75%	33.62%
0.97%	0.50%

City of West Melbourne, Florida Required Pension Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Last Five Fiscal Years

Florida Retirement System (FRS)	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 273,679	\$ 236,670	\$ 205,301
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	273,679	236,670	205,301
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _
Employer's covered payroll ⁽¹⁾	\$ 3,704,208	\$ 3,275,014	\$ 3,048,186
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.39%	7.23%	6.74%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 61,481	\$ 54,377	\$ 50,569
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	61,481	54,377	50,569
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Employer's covered payroll ⁽¹⁾	\$ 3,704,208	\$ 3,275,014	\$ 3,048,186
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%

⁽¹⁾ Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members and members in DROP.

⁽²⁾ GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information only for those years for which it is available.

2016	2015
\$ 199,039	\$ 185,321
199,039	185,321
\$ -	\$ -
\$ 3,022,624	\$ 2,654,154
6.58%	6.98%
2016	2015
\$ 50,187	\$ 35,935
50,187	35,935
\$ -	\$ -
\$ 3,022,624	\$ 2,654,154
1.66%	1.35%

City of West Melbourne, Florida Required Pension Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Seven Fiscal Years

Police Employees' Pension Plan			
For the year ended September 30,	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 587,360	\$ 545,010	\$ 426,777
Interest	1,105,163	985,384	917,986
Change in Excess State Money	-	-	(214,182)
Share plan allocation	16,350	13,800	121,800
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	(5,606)
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	(279,907)	748,684	(129,422)
Changes of assumptions	-	364,891	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(835,995)	(518,254)	(493,963)
Net change in total pension liability	592,971	2,139,515	623,390
Total pension liability - beginning	15,732,281	13,592,766	12,969,376
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 16,325,252	\$ 15,732,281	\$ 13,592,766
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 447,784	\$ 559,041	\$ 694,581
Contributions - state	169,767	157,737	141,328
Contributions - employee	227,943	201,707	194,487
Net investment income	497,586	1,199,335	1,463,500
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(835,995)	(518,254)	(493,963)
Administrative expense	(56,825)	(54,986)	(46,693)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	450,260	1,544,580	1,953,240
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	15,255,396	13,710,816	11,757,576
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 15,705,656	\$ 15,255,396	\$ 13,710,816
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 619,596	\$ 476,885	\$ (118,050)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.20%	96.97%	100.87%
Covered payroll ⁽²⁾	\$ 2,689,396	\$ 2,389,899	\$ 2,304,347
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	23.04%	19.95%	-5.12%

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of September 30. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 67 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. As a result this information is only available for the past seven fiscal years.
- (2) During fiscal year ending September 30, 2017, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73. The covered payroll amounts shown are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, except for the 9/30/2015, 9/30/2014 and 9/30/2013 measurement periods, which include DROP payroll.

Police Employees' Pension Plan									
	2016		2015		2014		2013		
_		_		_		_			
\$	431,817	\$	373,517	\$	349,217	\$	325,155		
	881,847		852,748		802,323		753,170		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	10,052		(184,074)		-		-		
	(14,515)		-		304,099		-		
	(740.400)		/CE2 525\		(20 1 22=)		/F72 222\		
	(740,129)		(652,537)		(304,307)		(572,002)		
	569,072		389,654		1,151,332		506,323		
_	12,400,304	_	12,010,650	_	10,859,318	_	10,352,995		
\$	12,969,376	\$	12,400,304	\$	12,010,650	\$	10,859,318		
\$	573,560	\$	582,408	\$	606,424	\$	605,565		
	138,223		119,977		117,718		110,917		
	161,203		151,179		139,016		135,524		
	1,078,301		(67,763)		1,003,043		948,930		
	(740,129)		(652,537)		(304,307)		(572,002)		
	(48,793)		(46,398)		(41,892)		(36,475)		
	1,162,365		86,866		1,520,002		1,192,459		
	10,595,211		10,508,345		8,988,343		7,795,884		
\$	11,757,576	\$	10,595,211	\$	10,508,345	\$	8,988,343		
\$	1,211,800	\$	1,805,093	\$	1,502,305	\$	1,870,975		
	90.66%		85.44%		87.49%		82.77%		
\$	1 900 205	¢	1 020 150	\$	1 625 200	\$	1 500 17 <i>6</i>		
Ş	1,899,385	\$	1,938,150	Ş	1,635,200	Ş	1,599,176		
	63.80%		93.13%		91.87%		117.00%		

City of West Melbourne, Florida Required Pension Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions Last Seven Fiscal Years

Police Employees' Pension Plan									
For the year ended September 30,		2019		2018		2017			
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	505,875	\$	494,231	\$	539,217			
Contributions in relation to the actuarially									
determined contributions		617,551		716,778		835,909			
Contribution deficiency (surplus)	\$	(111,676)	\$	(222,547)	\$	(296,692)			
Covered payroll ⁽²⁾	\$	2,689,396	\$	2,389,899	\$	2,304,347			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		22.96%		29.99%		36.28%			

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of September 30. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 67 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. As a result this information is only available for the past seven fiscal years.
- During fiscal year ending September 30, 2017, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73. The covered payroll amounts shown are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, except for the 9/30/2015, 9/30/2014 and 9/30/2013 measurement periods, which include DROP payroll.

Police Employees' Pension Plan										
2016	2013									
\$ 502,767	\$	532,371	\$	567,905	\$	588,816				
\$ 711,783 (209,016)	\$	702,385 (170,014)	\$	724,142 (156,237)	\$	663,726 (74,910)				
\$ 1,899,385	\$	1,938,150	\$	1,635,200	\$	1,599,176				
37.47%		36.24%		44.28%		41.50%				

City of West Melbourne, Florida Required Pension Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns Last Seven Fiscal Years

Police Employees' Pension Plan											
For the year ended September 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013				
Annual money-weighted rate of return											
net of investment expense	3.17%	8.75%	12.36%	9.80%	-0.65%	10.96%	11.98%				

City of West Melbourne, Florida Required Pension Supplementary Information Police Employees' Pension Plan Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: October 1, 2017

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding method: Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method.

Amortization method: Level dollar, closed.

Remaining amortization period: 29 years (as of 10/01/2017 valuation)

Asset smoothing method: All assets are valued at market value with an adjustment made to

uniformly spread actuarial gains and losses (as measured by actual market value investment made to uniformly spread actuarial investment gains and losses (as measured by actual market value investment returns against expected market value

investment return) over a five-year period.

Inflation: 2.5% per year.

Salary increases: 6.0% per year until the assumed retirement age. The assumed

salary increases were utilized and carried over from the prior

actuary.

Interest rate: 7.10% per year, compounded annually, net of investment related

expenses.

Payroll growth: None assumed for amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial

Accrued Liability.

Normal Retirement Rates:

Number of Years after First	
Eligibility for Normal Retirement	Probability of Normal Retirement
0	60%
1	40%
2	40%
3	40%
4	40%
5 or more	100%

The assumed rates of normal retirement were utilized and carried over from the prior actuary. We feel these rates are reasonable based on longterm expectations and based upon plan provisions.

Early retirement rate: Commencing upon eligibility for Early Retirement, Members are

assumed to retire with an immediate benefit at the rate of 5.0% per year. The assumed rates of early retirement were utilized and carried over from the prior actuary. We feel these rates are reasonable based on long-term expectations and based upon plan

provisions.

Termination rates: See table below.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Required Pension Supplementary Information Police Employees' Pension Plan Notes to Schedule

Disability rates: See table below. **Mortality rate:** *Healthy Lives:*

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale

BB.

Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar / 90%

Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Disabled Lives:

Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years / 40%

Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years / 40%

Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

The assumed rates of mortality were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in the July 1, 2016 FRS actuarial valuation report for special risk employees. We feel this assumption sufficiently accommodates

future mortality improvements.

Terminating Rate Table

	% Terminating During
Age	the Year
20	12.4%
25	11.7%
30	10.5%
35	8.3%
40	5.7%
45	3.5%
50	1.5%
55	0.6%
60	0.5%

The assumed rates of termination were utilized and carried over from the prior actuary. We feel these rates are reasonable based on long-term expectations.

Disability Rate Table

	% Becoming Disabled
Age	During the Year
25	0.15%
30	0.18%
35	0.23%
40	0.30%
45	0.51%
50	1.00%
55	1.55%

City of West Melbourne, Florida Required Pension Supplementary Information Police Employees' Pension Plan Notes to Schedule

It is assumed that 75% of disablements and active Member deaths are service related.

The assumed rates of disablement were utilized and carried over from the prior actuary. The Plan feels these rates are consistent with those utilized for plans containing other Florida municipal police officers.

Changes of benefit terms:

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, Ordinance No. 2017-10 implemented the following changes:

- * Provided clarification that the pre-retirement death benefit shall be reduced by 3% per year for each year that commencement precedes the Normal Retirement Date, with a maximum reduction of 15%.
- * Provided details regarding the treatement of the existing Excess State Monies Reserve and how future annual State Monies will be allocated between the City and the Share Plan.
- * Provided that members hired on or after January 2, 2011 will be able to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP).

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 9/30/18, based on the actuarial experience study dated August 9, 2018, the Board reduced the interest rate to 6.95%, modified the salary increase rates to use a service-based table and updated retirement rates.

For measurement date 9/30/16, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees, the inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.5%, and the investment rate of return was lowered from 7.20% to 7.10%.

For measurement date 9/30/14, amounts reported as changes of assumptions were resulted from lowering the investment rate of return from 7.40% to 7.20%.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Required Other Postemployment Benefits Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Two Fiscal Years

September 30,	2019	2018
Service cost	\$ 44,485 \$	29,429
Expected interest growth	11,494	10,007
Demographic experience	21,682	-
Benefit payments and refunds	(11,503)	(5,255)
Administrative expenses	-	-
Changes in benefit terms	-	-
Assumption changes	246,863	-
Net change in total OPEB liability	313,021	34,181
Total OPEB liability - beginning	282,281	248,100
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 595,302 \$	282,281
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,280,225 \$	4,992,342
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.27%	5.65%

Notes to the schedule:

9/30/2017 - 3.35%

9/30/2018 - 3.64%

9/30/2019 - 3.58%

⁽¹⁾ GASB 75 requires an employer to disclose a 10-year history. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information will be presented only for those years which information is available.

⁽²⁾ The following discount rate was used in each period:

City of West Melbourne, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund

		Original Final			,	Variance with		
For the year ended September 30, 2019		Budget		Budget		Actual		Final Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	8,839,600	\$	8,839,600	\$	9,201,415	\$	361,815
Licenses and permits	-	1,345,400		1,345,400	·	2,142,236	·	796,836
Intergovernmental		2,797,700		2,797,700		3,064,868		267,168
Charges for services		330,000		330,000		372,058		42,058
Fines and forfeitures		410,200		410,200		468,765		58,565
Contributions and donations		-		300,000		1,310,840		1,010,840
Investment income		65,600		65,600		278,106		212,506
Miscellaneous		112,000		112,000		126,658		14,658
Total revenues		13,900,500		14,200,500		16,964,946		2,764,446
Expenditures								
General government:								
City Council and Clerk		313,550		316,600		287,617		28,983
Executive and administration		429,200		443,700		418,821		24,879
Finance		372,400		377,350		312,713		64,637
Legal counsel		312,050		312,050		299,665		12,385
Information technology		541,800		543,600		507,588		36,012
Other general services		469,300		469,300		405,818		63,482
Total general government		2,438,300		2,462,600		2,232,222		230,378
Public Safety:								
Law enforcement		8,393,100		9,497,814		8,312,466		1,185,348
Protective inspections		1,096,250		1,105,150		1,026,817		78,333
Total public safety		9,489,350		10,602,964		9,339,283		1,263,681
Public works		2,630,700		2,664,950		2,526,601		138,349
Recreation		903,850		1,054,850		992,767		62,083
Community development		370,300		375,350		320,094		55,256
Total expenditures		15,832,500		17,160,714		15,410,967		1,749,747
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(1,932,000)		(2,960,214)		1,553,979		4,514,193
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out		(368,500)		(368,500)		(368,500)		-
Insurance proceeds		15,000		15,000		42,819		27,819
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		24,500		24,500		35,752		11,252
Net other financing sources (uses)		(329,000)		(329,000)		(289,929)		39,071
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and								
other financing sources over								
(under) expenditures and other				1 0 - 00 - 11 - 1				
financing uses		(2,261,000)		(3,289,214)		1,264,050		4,553,264
Fund balances, beginning of year		10,967,893		10,967,893		10,967,893		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	8,706,893	\$	7,678,679	\$	12,231,943	\$	4,553,264

City of West Melbourne, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – Community Redevelopment

	Original	Final		Variance with
For the year ended September 30, 2019	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
_				
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 330,000 \$	330,000 \$	556,858 \$	226,858
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	330,000	330,000	556,858	226,858
Funanditures				
Expenditures				
Current:				
Economic environment	450	450	175	275
Debt service:				
Principal	100,000	100,000	-	100,000
Total expenditures	100,450	100,450	175	100,275
- // 6:) (
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	229,550	229,550	556,683	327,133
Fund balances, beginning of year	(529,977)	(529,977)	(529,977)	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (300,427) \$	(300,427) \$	26,706 \$	327,133

City of West Melbourne, Florida Budgetary Notes to Required Supplementary Information

A. Budgetary information

An annual budget is prepared for all Funds of the City except for the Pension Trust Funds, which are effectively controlled through governing agreements and related City ordinances. The annual operating budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except for the Enterprise Fund, uses a modified basis that includes debt proceeds, capital contributions, capital outlay and debt service principal.

Budgets are adopted by the City Council pursuant to City Charter using the following procedures:

- Budget preparation begins with the formulation of a budget calendar by the City Manager,
 which is distributed generally during April of each year.
- Workshops with the City Council are then held regarding budget priorities.
- Budget instructions containing City Council priorities are then distributed to department heads along with forms and worksheets.
- Each department of the City submits an initial expenditure budget proposal to the Finance
 Director during May of each year. The Finance Director prepares a proposed budget
 showing each fund, organization unit (department), program activity, purpose or object of
 expenditure for the past three years, the current years actual to date and budget, and the
 next year's proposed budget.
- The City Manager reviews the departmental request, and then meets with department heads, where proposed departmental budgets are amended.
- The City Manager and Finance Director prepare their final revenue estimates, which contain comparative and estimated data for each fund and revenue source, during June.
- The proposed budget is presented to the City Council during July each year. At this time, the City Clerk advertises the public hearing on the proposed budget.
- The City Council holds a series of budget workshops and public hearings on the proposed budget, and adopts the official annual budget of the City during September of each year.
- When the budget is formally approved, budget documents are distributed to departments
 for budget implementation on October 1. During the fiscal year, the Finance Director
 monitors and reviews budgetary activities and prepares projections to be used to determine
 year-end cash balance and to prepare for the upcoming fiscal year budget.

Budgetary integration is established in the accounting records for management control purposes at the object of expenditure level; however, the City Charter establishes the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed the total City-wide appropriations. Therefore, the City Manager may, at any time, transfer appropriation amounts between line items, expenditure classifications, departments and funds without formal approval by City Council.

However, any revisions that increase the total appropriations at the fund level of the City must be approved through amendment by the City Council. The Council approved several budgetary amendments during the year.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Budgetary Notes to Required Supplementary Information

B. Encumbrances

Open purchase orders and other commitments are recognized as expenditures in the period in which the actual goods or services are received and a liability is incurred. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase order, contracts) outstanding at year end for unfulfilled obligations are cancelled and reappropriated in the succeeding year's budget. Accordingly, there were no encumbrances outstanding at year end.

CITY OF WEST MELBOURNE, FLORIDA

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Recreation – The Recreation Special Revenue Fund was established to ensure that impact-generating development bear a proportionate share of the cost of improvements to the City's recreation system.

The recreation fee paid to the City is based upon the appraised value of the land, prior to development (per acre value), multiplied by the required recreation acreage on site, less any approved recreational improvements (\$ value of acreage value).

Stormwater Utility Fund – The Stormwater Utility Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of assessments to pay for drainage improvements within the City. The Stormwater Utility Fund is provided for in the City Code of Ordinances, Sections 58-411 and 58-412.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition of capital assets or the construction of major capital projects.

Capital Improvement Construction — The Capital Improvement Construction Fund is used to purchase or construct certain capital assets, exclusive of capital improvements financed by proprietary funds or trust funds, including proceeds from an agreement with Brevard County to collect road impact fees from developers in the City.

Vehicle Replacement – The Vehicle Replacement Fund is used to account for vehicle replacement resources which are derived from periodic charges to operations to ensure timely replacement of vehicles.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	 Special Revenue				Capital Projects
September 30, 2019	Recreation		Stormwater Utility		Capital Projects
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Total assets	\$ 111,196 597,330 708,526	\$	19,533 - 19,533	\$	36,763 554,170 590,933
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 2,519	\$	83,520	\$	-
Accrued payroll and related liabilities Advance from other funds - current	-		984 88,700		-
Advance from other funds - long-term Total liabilities	- 2,519		373,800 547,004		<u>-</u> -
FUND BALANCES Restricted	_		_		590,933
Committed Unassigned	706,007 -		- (527,471)		-
Total fund balances	706,007		(527,471)		590,933
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 708,526	\$	19,533	\$	590,933

	Capital		
P	rojects		
			Total
		_	Nonmajor
	Vehicle	Go	overnmental
Re	placement		Funds
\$	790,250	\$	957,742
•	-	τ.	1,151,500
\$	790,250	\$	2,109,242
\$	-	\$	86,039
	-		984
			88,700
	-		373,800
	-		549,523
	-		590,933
	790,250		1,496,257
			(527,471)
	790,250		1,559,719
<u>\$</u>	790,250	\$	2,109,242

City of West Melbourne, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Special Revenue								
				Stormwater		Capital			
For the year ended September 30, 2019		Recreation		Utility		Projects			
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	-	\$	578,993	\$	-			
Charges for services		264,534		-		-			
Investment income		13,938		48,501		20,636			
Total revenues		278,472		627,494		20,636			
EVENIDITUES									
EXPENDITURES									
Current:				216 617					
Public works Capital outlay		- 9,319		316,617 719,509		-			
Debt service:		3,313		713,303		-			
Interest		_		8,146		_			
Total expenditures		9,319		1,044,272					
		-,-		,- ,					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		269,153		(416,778)		20,636			
Other financing sources									
Transfers in		_		_		_			
Transiers in									
Net change in fund balances		269,153		(416,778)		20,636			
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year		436,854		(110,693)		570,297			
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	706,007	\$	(527,471)	\$	590,933			

	Capital rojects		
			Total
			Nonmajor
	Vehicle	Go	vernmental
Re	placement		Funds
\$	-	\$	578,993
	-		264,534
	-		83,075
	-		926,602
	-		316,617
	-		728,828
	-		8,146
	-		1,053,591
	-		(126,989)
	402,900		402,900
	402,900		275,911
	387,350		1,283,808
\$	790,250	\$	1,559,719

City of West Melbourne, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Recreation Fund

	Original	Final		Var	iance with
For the year ended September 30, 2019	Budget	Budget	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 260,000	\$ 260,000	\$ 264,534	\$	4,534
Investment income	6,000	6,000	13,938		7,938
Total revenues	266,000	266,000	278,472		12,472
Expenditures Current:					
Recreation	535,000	535,000	9,319		525,681
Total expenditures	535,000	535,000	9,319		525,681
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(269,000)	(269,000)	269,153		538,153
Fund balances, beginning of year	436,854	436,854	436,854		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 167,854	\$ 167,854	\$ 706,007	\$	538,153

City of West Melbourne, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – Stormwater Utility Fund

	Original	Final		Variance with			
For the year ended September 30, 2019	Budget	Budget	Actual	Fir	nal Budget		
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 588,600	\$ 588,600	\$ 578,993	\$	(9,607)		
Investment income	1,500	1,500	48,501		47,001		
Total revenues	590,100	590,100	627,494		37,394		
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public works	299,900	299,650	316,617		(16,967)		
Capital outlay	560,400	746,750	719,509		27,241		
Debt service:							
Interest	7,350	7,600	8,146		(546)		
Total expenditures	867,650	1,054,000	1,044,272		9,728		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(277,550)	(463,900)	(416,778)		47,122		
Fund (deficit), beginning of year	(110,693)	(110,693)	(110,693)		-		
Fund (deficit), end of year	\$ (388,243)	\$ (574,593)	\$ (527,471)	\$	47,122		

City of West Melbourne, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Fund

For the year ended September 30, 2019	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Tor the year ended September 30, 2013	Dauget	Dauget	Actual	- ' '	nai baaget	
Revenues						
Investment income	\$ 15,400	\$ 15,400	\$ 20,636	\$	5,236	
Total revenues	15,400	15,400	20,636		5,236	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public works	-	-	-		-	
Total expenditures	-	-	-		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	15,400	15,400	20,636		5,236	
Fund balances, beginning of year	570,297	570,297	570,297		-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 585,697	\$ 585,697	\$ 590,933	\$	5,236	

City of West Melbourne, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – Vehicle Replacement Fund

For the year ended September 30, 2019	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues						
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$		
Total revenues	-	-	-		-	
Expenditures Current:						
Capital Outlay	-	-	-			
Total expenditures	-	-	-		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	-		-	
Other financing sources						
Transfers in	402,900	402,900	402,900		-	
Net change in fund balance	402,900	402,900	402,900		-	
Fund balances, beginning of year	387,350	387,350	387,350		-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 790,250	\$ 790,250	\$ 790,250	\$	-	



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STATISTICAL SECTION



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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of West Melbourne, Florida's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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A. Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Schedule A1 Net Position by Component
 Schedule A2 Changes in Net Position – Governmental Activities
 Schedule A3 Changes in Net Position – Business Type Activities
 Schedule A4 Changes in Net Position – Total Government
 Schedule A5 Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Schedule A6 Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

B. Revenue Capacity

Schedule B7

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local own-source revenues - ad valorem property taxes, occupational license taxes, and building permits revenues.

Schedule B1 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Schedule B2 Tax Revenues by Source Governmental Funds

Schedule B3 Other Non-source Governmental Revenues

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Schedule B5 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates

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Property Tax Levies and Collections

C. Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of debt outstanding and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future, as necessary.

Schedule C1 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Schedule C2 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

Schedule C3 Pledged Revenue Coverage

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Schedule C5 Legal Debt Margin Information

D. Demographic and Economic Information Financial Trends

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Schedule D1 Demographic and Economic Statistics

Schedule D2 Principal Employers

E. Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Schedule E1 Employees by Function/Program

Schedule E2 Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Schedule E3 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Additional Notes

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the relevant year.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule A1

	2019	2018	2017 2016		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Governmental activities										
Net investment in										
capital assets	\$ 34,205,606	\$ 29,479,624	\$ 21,230,403	\$ 18,758,700	\$ 17,684,340	\$ 16,495,227	\$ 16,539,186	\$ 17,064,967	\$ 16,332,610	\$ 16,410,297
Restricted	8,866,081	7,821,633	7,214,372	6,076,253	4,874,993	4,819,617	3,943,676	3,566,201	4,730,711	6,036,950
Unrestricted	2,249,840	2,775,398	7,619,082	7,002,945	7,174,709	10,199,474	9,737,050	8,651,915	7,870,008	4,501,006
Total governmental activities										
net position	45,321,527	40,076,655	36,063,857	31,837,898	29,734,042	31,514,318	30,219,912	29,283,083	28,933,329	26,948,253
Business-type activities										
Net investment in										
capital assets	36,760,884	35,497,462	33,382,704	30,394,742	29,978,165	27,276,931	27,230,064	27,697,548	26,335,220	25,464,007
Restricted	523,257	511,487	508,640	504,046	797,698	931,435	860,751	168,289	129,795	597,249
Unrestricted	19,488,583	13,943,960	10,983,628	8,608,312	6,276,583	6,325,820	6,808,543	7,074,313	8,350,179	8,828,740
Total business-type activities										
net position	56,772,724	49,952,909	44,874,972	39,507,100	37,052,446	34,534,186	34,899,358	34,940,150	34,815,194	34,889,996
Primary government										
Net investment in										
capital assets	70,966,490	64,977,086	54,613,107	49,153,442	47,662,505	43,772,158	43,769,250	44,762,515	42,667,830	41,874,304
Restricted	9,389,338	8,333,120	7,723,012	6,580,299	5,672,691	5,751,052	4,804,427	3,734,490	4,860,506	6,634,199
Unrestricted	21,738,423	16,719,358	18,602,710	15,611,257	13,451,292	16,525,294	16,545,593	15,726,228	16,220,187	13,329,746
Total primary government										
net position	\$ 102,094,251	\$ 90,029,564	\$ 80,938,829	\$ 71,344,998	\$ 66,786,488	\$ 66,048,504	\$ 65,119,270	\$ 64,223,233	\$ 63,748,523	\$ 61,838,249

Notes:

Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted only (a) when an external party, (b) a constitutional provision, (c) or enabling legislation imposes legally enforceable limits on how they may be used.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Changes in Net Position – Governmental Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Expenses:										
General government	\$ 2,697,267	\$ 2,487,264	\$ 2,369,589	\$ 2,129,445	\$ 2,021,970	\$ 1,862,813	\$ 1,735,188	\$ 2,043,225	\$ 1,511,738	\$ 1,485,649
Public safety	7,668,450	6,833,193	5,968,523	5,548,176	5,403,754	5,034,270	4,942,386	5,171,866	5,132,249	5,334,155
Public works	2,344,923	2,785,278	2,037,325	1,997,169	2,035,490	1,666,681	1,487,912	1,962,606	1,269,753	1,627,575
Recreation	2,255,949	988,794	746,068	1,714,308	2,859,495	775,071	765,755	681,544	490,099	408,002
Community development	339,529	323,027	311,233	260,560	263,056	295,950	280,870	270,453	259,291	280,768
Economic environment	175	420	176	6,956	15,000	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on long term debt	8,146	2,326	4,603	6,832	9,014	8,346	1,109	2,894	5,241	6,770
Total Expenses	15,314,439	13,420,302	11,437,517	11,663,446	12,607,779	9,643,131	9,213,220	10,132,588	8,668,371	9,142,919
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services:										
General government	404,171	414,793	386,096	412,040	375,474	362,026	248,423	357,434	1,482,850	1,001,515
Public safety	2,358,536	1,759,180	1,645,309	1,492,599	956,302	942,241	814,871	717,671	159,752	141,957
Public works	578,993	373,159	366,577	362,326	360,351	356,485	345,826	343,331	-	-
Recreation	704,031	428,879	177,282	351,800	69,165	153,527	107,632	151,600	54,613	2,627
Community development	184,144	178,248	237,847	202,729	344,996	271,592	139,910	100,802	123,014	156,677
Operating grants and										
contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	275,000	194,171	25,206	312,779
Capital grants and										
contributions	961,801	2,473,014	2,036,754	4,273	404,657	10,553	10,020	110,603	900,000	329,613
Total Program Revenues	5,191,676	5,627,273	4,849,865	2,825,767	2,510,945	2,096,424	1,941,682	1,975,612	2,745,435	1,945,168
Net (Expense) Revenue	(10,122,763)	(7,793,029)	(6,587,652)	(8,837,679)	(10,096,834)	(7,546,707)	(7,271,538)	(8,156,976)	(5,922,936)	(7,197,751)
General Revenues:										
Property taxes	3,990,738	3,310,658	2,990,353	2,685,306	2,406,066	2,146,830	1,998,440	1,972,161	2,352,766	2,589,851
Franchise taxes	1,870,513	1,798,337	1,671,784	1,639,785	1,611,017	1,551,463	1,415,125	1,421,808	1,426,016	1,427,271
Local option gas tax	672,626	608,754	601,336	578,739	523,989	493,346	479,425	449,903	349,443	321,778
Public utility taxes	3,340,164	3,212,103	3,058,189	3,006,729	2,926,332	2,875,172	2,787,819	2,641,329	2,556,430	2,607,033
Payment in lieu of taxes	344,588	377,318	295,743	1,155,353	2,542,187	27,706	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental shared										
revenue - unrestricted	2,219,476	2,123,578	1,981,183	1,810,749	1,704,254	1,561,377	1,442,388	1,309,239	1,155,303	1,116,715
Investment income	337,852	224,140	128,282	45,184	86,879	49,030	51,936	61,239	43,423	59,164
Miscellaneous revenue	145,939	149,163	80,641	19,690	6,787	136,189	33,234	48,221	24,631	76,803
Transfers,net	34,400	18,900	6,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total General Revenues	12,956,296	11,822,951	10,813,611	10,941,535	11,807,511	8,841,113	8,208,367	7,903,900	7,908,012	8,198,615
Special item:										
Donation - Field of Dreams	2,411,339	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change in Net Position	\$ 5,244,872	\$ 4,029,922	\$ 4,225,959	\$ 2,103,856	\$ 1,710,677	\$ 1,294,406	\$ 936,829	\$ (253,076)	\$ 1,985,076	\$ 1,000,864

City of West Melbourne, Florida Changes in Net Position – Business-Type Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Expenses:										
Water and sewer	\$ 11,454,304	\$ 11,667,879	\$ 11,139,291	\$ 10,686,656	\$ 10,925,645	\$ 10,481,059	\$ 10,068,335	\$ 9,735,530	\$ 9,576,024	\$ 8,578,538
Total Expenses	11,454,304	11,667,879	11,139,291	10,686,656	10,925,645	10,481,059	10,068,335	9,735,530	9,576,024	8,578,538
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services:										
Water and sewer	12,085,048	11,589,300	11,155,390	10,449,117	9,843,569	9,255,274	8,853,461	8,739,148	8,438,991	8,089,606
Other charges and fees	242,512	11,378	30,175	11,280	61,599	13,290	14,731	11,570	39,036	-
Operating grants and										
contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63,500	-	-
Capital grants and										
contributions	5,685,218	5,032,423	5,253,638	2,653,015	3,918,895	1,019,375	1,158,156	1,037,225	999,903	1,310,947
Total Program Revenues	18,012,778	16,633,101	16,439,203	13,113,412	13,824,063	10,287,939	10,026,348	9,851,443	9,477,930	9,400,553
Net (Expense) Revenue	6,558,474	4,965,222	5,299,912	2,426,756	2,898,418	(193,120)	(41,987)	115,913	(98,094)	822,015
General Revenues:										
Interest income	295,741	134,591	74,060	27,898	25,238	6,343	1,195	9,043	23,292	32,445
Transfers, net	(34,400)	(18,900)	(6,100)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total General Revenues	261,341	115,691	67,960	27,898	25,238	6,343	1,195	9,043	23,292	32,445
Change in Net Position	\$ 6,819,815	\$ 5,080,913	\$ 5,367,872	\$ 2,454,654	\$ 2,923,656	\$ (186,777)	\$ (40,792)	\$ 124,956	\$ (74,802)	\$ 854,460

City of West Melbourne, Florida Changes in Net Position – Total Government Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018		2017		2016	2015	2014	2013		2012	2011	2010
Expenses:													
Governmental activities	\$ 15,314,439	\$ 13,420,302	\$	11,437,517	\$ 1	1,663,446	\$ 12,607,779	\$ 9,643,131	\$ 9,213,220	\$ 1	10,132,588	\$ 8,668,371	\$ 9,142,919
Business-type activities	11,454,304	11,667,879)	11,139,291	1	.0,686,656	10,925,645	10,481,059	10,068,335		9,735,530	9,576,024	8,578,538
Total Expenses	26,768,743	25,088,181		22,576,808	2	22,350,102	23,533,424	20,124,190	19,281,555	1	19,868,118	18,244,395	17,721,457
Total Expenses	20,700,743	23,000,101	•	22,370,000		2,550,102	23,333,424	20,124,130	13,201,333		15,000,110	10,244,333	17,721,437
Program Revenues:													
Governmental activities	5,191,676	5,627,273		4,849,865		2,825,767	2,510,945	2,096,424	1,941,682		1,975,612	2,745,435	1,945,168
Business-type activities	18,012,778	16,633,101		16,439,203	1	3,113,412	13,824,063	10,287,939	10,026,348		9,851,443	9,477,930	9,400,553
Total Program Revenues	23,204,454	22,260,374	ļ	21,289,068	1	15,939,179	16,335,008	12,384,363	11,968,030	1	11,827,055	12,223,365	11,345,721
Net (Expense) Revenue	(3,564,289)	(2,827,807	')	(1,287,740)	((6,410,923)	(7,198,416)	(7,739,827)	(7,313,525)		(8,041,063)	(6,021,030)	(6,375,736)
General Revenues:													
Governmental activities	12,956,296	11,822,951		10,813,611	1	.0,941,535	11,807,511	8,841,113	8,208,367		7,903,900	7,908,012	8,198,615
Business-type activities	261,341	115,691		67,960		27,898	25,238	6,343	1,195		9,043	23,292	32,445
Total General Revenues	13,217,637	11,938,642		10,881,571	1	10,969,433	11,832,749	8,847,456	8,209,562		7,912,943	7,931,304	8,231,060
Special Item:													
Donated assets	2,411,339	-		-		-	-	-	-		-	-	
Total Special Item	2,411,339	-		-		-	-	-	-		-	-	
Change in Net Position	\$ 12,064,687	\$ 9,110,835	\$	9,593,831	\$	4,558,510	\$ 4,634,333	\$ 1,107,629	\$ 896,037	\$	(128,120)	\$ 1,910,274	\$ 1,855,324

City of West Melbourne, Florida Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011*	2010
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,638,927
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,228,294
Nonspendable	876,636	1,190,472	1,105,899	1,398,180	894,365	1,103,899	1,220,001	1,517	62,030	-
Restricted	7,374,642	6,132,806	5,248,234	4,133,311	3,258,871	3,031,364	2,744,493	215,020	273,932	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,317,956	3,627,226	-
Assigned	-	-	2,894	51,623	155,779	206,048	206,048	-	-	-
Unassigned	3,980,665	3,644,615	7,191,066	6,895,802	7,594,271	7,124,662	5,646,888	5,044,908	4,081,845	-
Total General Fund	\$ 12,231,943	\$ 10,967,893	\$ 13,548,093	\$ 12,478,916	\$ 11,903,286	\$ 11,465,973	\$ 9,817,430	\$ 8,579,401	\$ 8,045,033	\$ 6,867,221
All other governmental funds										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,673,717
Unreserved, reported in										
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,138,704
Non-spendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	337	-	39	-
Restricted	617,639	570,297	939,073	645,006	804,328	796,967	1,199,183	957,653	2,051,590	-
Committed	1,496,257	824,204	2,587,460	2,502,820	2,333,426	2,516,167	2,513,709	2,392,011	2,343,120	-
Unassigned	 (527,471)	(640,670)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total all other	•	•	•		•		•	•	•	
governmental funds	\$ 1,586,425	\$ 753,831	\$ 3,526,533	\$ 3,147,826	\$ 3,137,754	\$ 3,313,134	\$ 3,713,229	\$ 3,349,664	\$ 4,394,749	\$ 3,812,421

^{*} Beginning in FY 2011, GASB 54 was implemented classifying fund balances as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	3	2017		2016		2015	201	4		2013		2012	2	011		2010
Revenues:																		
Taxes	\$ 9,780,408	\$ 8,694	,257	\$ 8,086,903	\$	7,694,146	\$	7,303,766	\$ 6,92	9,950	\$	6,547,210	\$	6,378,629	\$ 6,	691,869	\$	6,953,768
Licenses and permits	2,142,236	1,766	,648	1,714,142		1,589,162	:	1,007,632	95	5,661		874,496		777,293		819,462		890,762
Intergovernmental	3,621,726	4,169	,003	2,919,512		3,549,114	4	4,772,241	2,09	2,982		2,206,833		2,063,916	2,	429,952		1,681,659
Charges for services	636,592	715	,832	500,737		658,953		507,942	50	8,704		360,969		352,927		250,022		270,057
Fines and forfeits	468,765	244	,705	172,536		168,169		184,607	22	1,516		207,706		167,385		159,752		171,457
Developer contributions	1,310,840	1,036	,007	1,995,504		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Investment income	361,181	224	,140	128,282		45,184		86,879	4	9,030		51,936		61,669		74,764		59,164
Miscellaneous	126,658	100	,142	64,187		47,077		455,389	28	2,172		50,401		77,693		55,826		116,916
Total Revenues	18,448,406	16,950	,734	15,581,803	1	13,751,805	14	4,318,456	11,04	0,015	1	10,299,551		9,879,512	10,	481,647	1	0,143,783
Expenditures:																		
General government	2,173,463	1,982	,479	1,915,566		1,765,503	:	1,687,452	1,60	0,523		1,484,670		1,880,897	1,	345,429		1,309,978
Public safety	6,836,498	6,363	,198	6,114,550		5,340,909	į	5,051,196	4,78	9,545		4,702,132		5,011,051	5,	066,521		5,079,371
Public works	1,736,719	1,640	,772	1,208,491		1,235,765	:	1,299,929	1,06	3,471		927,617		1,242,174		819,315		1,195,661
Recreation	832,786	724	,950	549,453		1,541,003	:	2,611,184	56	7,119		561,500		546,884		438,518		353,683
Community development	320,094	313	,823	303,003		257,482		278,462	30	2,462		280,870		275,079		267,912		279,871
Economic environment	175		420	176		6,956		15,000		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay	4,556,852	11,313	,665	4,035,502		2,923,358	3	3,032,901	1,39	4,338		1,277,442		1,369,943		769,812		869,577
Debt service:																		
Principal retired	-	108	,298	106,021		103,792		101,609	11	2,053		22,351		61,306		74,184		58,970
Interest	8,146	2	,326	4,603		6,832		9,014		8,346		1,109		2,894		5,240		6,770
Total Expenditures	16,464,733	22,449	,931	14,237,365	1	13,181,600	14	4,086,747	9,83	7,857		9,257,691	1	.0,390,228	8,	786,931		9,153,881
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																		
over (under) expenditures	1,983,673	(5,499	,197)	1,344,438		570,205		231,709	1,20	2,158		1,041,860		(510,716)	1,	694,716		989,902
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																		
Insurance proceeds	42,819	103	,991	75,573		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital lease proceeds			-	-		-		-		-		522,120		-		65,424		-
Transfers in	402,900	223	,650	97,800		65,900		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out	(368,500)	(204	,750)	(91,700)		(65,900)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of																		
capital assets	35,752	25	,404	21,773		15,497		30,224	4	6,290		37,614		-		-		-
Net other financing																		
sources (uses)	112,971	146	,295	103,446		15,497		30,224	4	6,290		559,734		-		65,424		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 2,096,644	\$ (5,352	,902)	\$ 1,447,884	\$	585,702	\$	261,933	\$ 1,24	8,448	\$	1,601,594	\$	(510,716)	\$ 1,	760,140	\$	989,902
Debt Service as a % of																		
Noncapital Expenditures	0.07%	:	L. 00 %	1.10%		1.10%		1.02%		1.45%		0.29%		0.72%		1.00%		0.80%

City of West Melbourne, Florida
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tayable

Schedule B1

Ended			Tax-Exempt	Assessed	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2019	\$ 1,924,744,240	\$ 102,312,218	\$ 440,020,275	\$ 1,587,036,183	\$ 2.6017	\$ 2,166,783,115	73.24%
2018	1,708,466,860	91,455,621	406,728,438	1,393,194,043	2.4633	1,967,838,460	70.80%
2017	1,543,748,475	98,537,137	383,216,930	1,259,068,682	2.4633	1,712,215,741	73.53%
2016	1,405,729,894	94,515,457	369,581,311	1,130,664,040	2.4633	1,490,776,551	75.84%
2015	1,321,519,510	79,727,214	357,842,747	1,043,403,977	2.3850	1,303,447,014	80.05%
2014	1,162,011,200	72,647,356	335,035,441	899,623,115	2.2975	1,171,566,553	76.79%
2013	1,159,336,830	61,140,731	333,036,486	887,441,075	2.2975	925,900,650	95.85%
2012	1,326,472,340	71,618,712	350,293,610	1,047,797,442	2.2975	890,107,311	117.72%
2011	1,438,821,470	70,169,982	334,066,861	1,174,924,591	2.2975	1,094,995,651	107.30%
2010	1,592,050,010	68,429,240	389,672,684	1,270,806,566	2.2975	1,195,750,438	106.28%
	ptember	Ended ptember 30 Real Property 2019 \$ 1,924,744,240 2018 1,708,466,860 2017 1,543,748,475 2016 1,405,729,894 2015 1,321,519,510 2014 1,162,011,200 2013 1,159,336,830 2012 1,326,472,340 2011 1,438,821,470	Ended ptember 30 Real Personal Property Property 2019 \$ 1,924,744,240 \$ 102,312,218 2018 1,708,466,860 91,455,621 2017 1,543,748,475 98,537,137 2016 1,405,729,894 94,515,457 2015 1,321,519,510 79,727,214 2014 1,162,011,200 72,647,356 2013 1,159,336,830 61,140,731 2012 1,326,472,340 71,618,712 2011 1,438,821,470 70,169,982	Ended ptember 30Real Personal PropertyProperty PropertyProperty Property2019\$ 1,924,744,240\$ 102,312,218\$ 440,020,27520181,708,466,86091,455,621406,728,43820171,543,748,47598,537,137383,216,93020161,405,729,89494,515,457369,581,31120151,321,519,51079,727,214357,842,74720141,162,011,20072,647,356335,035,44120131,159,336,83061,140,731333,036,48620121,326,472,34071,618,712350,293,61020111,438,821,47070,169,982334,066,861	Ended ptember Real Personal Tax-Exempt Assessed 2019 \$ 1,924,744,240 \$ 102,312,218 \$ 440,020,275 \$ 1,587,036,183 2018 1,708,466,860 91,455,621 406,728,438 1,393,194,043 2017 1,543,748,475 98,537,137 383,216,930 1,259,068,682 2016 1,405,729,894 94,515,457 369,581,311 1,130,664,040 2015 1,321,519,510 79,727,214 357,842,747 1,043,403,977 2014 1,162,011,200 72,647,356 335,035,441 899,623,115 2013 1,159,336,830 61,140,731 333,036,486 887,441,075 2012 1,326,472,340 71,618,712 350,293,610 1,047,797,442 2011 1,438,821,470 70,169,982 334,066,861 1,174,924,591	Ended ptember ptember as of potential size as of potential size as of potential size as of potential size as of property. Personal Property Property. Less: Total Taxable Assessed Potential Assessed Property. Total Taxable Assessed Property. Total Taxable Assessed Property. Total Taxable Property. Total Taxable Assessed Property. Total Taxable Property. 2.6011 Total Taxable Property. Total Taxable Property. 2.6011 2.6011 2.6013 2.6013 2.2014 2.2015 2.2015 2.2015 2.2015 2.2015 2.2015 2.2015 2.2015 2.2015 2.2015<	Ended ptember Real 30 Personal Property Less: Personal Property Less: Personal Property Total Taxable Assessed Assessed Direct Actual Taxable Value Total Taxable Poince Actual Tax Rate Actual Taxable Value 2019 \$ 1,924,744,240 \$ 102,312,218 \$ 440,020,275 \$ 1,587,036,183 \$ 2.6017 \$ 2,166,783,115 2018 1,708,466,860 91,455,621 406,728,438 1,393,194,043 2.4633 1,967,838,460 2017 1,543,748,475 98,537,137 383,216,930 1,259,068,682 2.4633 1,712,215,741 2016 1,405,729,894 94,515,457 369,581,311 1,130,664,040 2.4633 1,490,776,551 2015 1,321,519,510 79,727,214 357,842,747 1,043,403,977 2.3850 1,303,447,014 2014 1,162,011,200 72,647,356 335,035,441 899,623,115 2.2975 925,900,650 2012 1,326,472,340 71,618,712 350,293,610 1,047,797,442 2.2975 890,107,311 2011 1,438,821,470 70,169,982 334,066,861 1,174,924,591 2.2975

Source: Brevard County Property Appraiser

Schedule B2

		Utility Taxes and Franchise	Inter-	Other Inter-	
Fiscal Mear	Property Taxes	Fees	Governmental ⁽¹⁾	Governmental ⁽²⁾	Totals
2019	\$ 3,990,738	\$ 5,789,670	\$ 3,585,622	\$ 36,104	\$ 13,402,134
2018	3,310,658	5,383,599	4,136,639	32,364	12,863,260
2017	2,990,353	5,096,550	2,887,943	31,569	11,006,415
2016	2,685,306	4,646,514	2,510,672	31,020	9,873,512
2015	2,406,066	4,897,700	2,282,524	31,985	9,618,275
2014	2,146,830	4,783,120	2,028,461	26,262	8,984,673
2013	1,998,440	4,548,770	1,896,041	25,772	8,469,023
2012	1,972,161	4,406,468	1,729,977	29,265	8,137,871
2011	2,352,766	4,339,103	1,483,399	21,347	8,196,615
2010	2,589,851	4,363,909	1,412,628	25,865	8,392,253

⁽¹⁾ Includes half-cent sales taxes, cigarette and motor fuel taxes, local option gas taxes and police pension premium taxes.

Note: Includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds, as applicable. Source: Financial Statements and records, City of West Melbourne.

⁽²⁾ Includes mobile home taxes, alcohol beverage licenses, and municipal fuel rebate taxes. Amounts do not include non-recurring grants or contributions.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Other Non-Source Governmental Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule B3

Fiscal Year ended	Business Tax	Building	
September 30,	Receipts	Permits	Total Revenues
2019	\$ 252,659	\$ 1,889,577	\$ 2,142,236
2018	253,218	1,513,430	1,766,648
2017	242,099	1,472,043	1,714,142
2016	264,587	1,324,575	1,589,162
2015	236,257	771,375	1,007,632
2014	234,882	720,779	955,661
2013	234,918	639,578	874,496
2012	213,699	563,593	777,292
2011	229,515	589,948	819,463
2010	207,018	683,744	890,762

City of West Melbourne, Florida
Water and Sewer Consumption – Rates and Revenue
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule B4

		Total Direct				_	Total Direct Rate			
	Gallons of		Water	Water	Gallons of		Sewer	Sewer		
	Water	Water	Base	Usage	Sewer	Sewer	Base	Usage		
Fiscal Year	Consumed	Revenue ⁽²⁾	Rate	Rate (1)	Treated	Revenue ⁽²⁾	Rate	Rate		
2019	572,459,500	\$ 6,819,384	13.88	6.25	623,400,000	\$ 5,265,664	13.87	4.93		
2018	560,679,460	6,448,955	13.88	6.25	655,310,000	5,140,345	13.87	4.93		
2017	542,695,780	6,135,825	13.88	6.25	639,000,000	5,019,565	13.87	4.93		
2016	526,709,790	5,746,972	13.88	6.25	633,100,000	4,702,145	13.87	4.93		
2015	505,787,700	5,428,686	13.90	5.93	574,240,000	4,414,883	12.75	4.86		
2014	492,565,900	5,124,447	13.90	5.93	593,380,000	4,130,827	12.75	4.86		
2013	483,408,300	4,829,164	14.08	5.10	465,599,000	4,024,297	12.00	4.75		
2012	484,424,200	4,794,699	14.08	5.10	465,519,400	3,944,449	12.03	4.60		
2011	476,281,600	4,560,391	14.20	4.85	457,828,400	3,878,600	12.03	4.60		
2010	464,586,000	3,942,966	14.30	4.67	444,153,400	4,146,640	21.20	4.60		

Beginning in fiscal year 2011, the consumption rate for water was tiered to promote conservation. The rate shown is for zero to three thousand gallons.

⁽²⁾ Revenues are not adjusted for bad debt.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule B5

	City Direct					
	Rate	Oı	verlapping	Rates		
			Brevard			Total
	Operating	Brevard	County	Special	Total	Overlapping
Fiscal Year	Millage	County	Schools	Districts	Overlapping	and Direct
2019	2.6017	6.3833	6.0860	0.2734	12.7427	15.3444
2018	2.4633	5.3540	6.2990	0.3759	12.0289	14.4922
2017	2.4633	6.0802	6.5680	0.3981	13.0463	15.5096
2016	2.4622	C 4C2C	C 01C0	0.0053	14.0720	1.6 5272
2016	2.4633	6.4626	6.9160	0.6953	14.0739	16.5372
2015	2.3850	6.4568	7.2750	0.4412	14.1730	16.5580
2015	2.3030	0.4300	7.2730	0.4412	14.1750	10.5500
2014	2.2975	6.4492	7.6060	0.4782	14.5334	16.8309
2013	2.2975	6.7334	8.0960	0.4782	15.3076	17.6051
2012	2.2975	6.7334	8.1120	0.4782	15.3236	17.6211
2011	2.2975	5.9271	7.6530	0.5627	14.1428	16.4403
2040	2 2075	F 4300	7.6076	0.5627	42 2005	45 6070
2010	2.2975	5.1398	7.6870	0.5627	13.3895	15.6870

Source: Brevard County Property Appraiser website Brevard County Tax Collector website

City of West Melbourne, Florida Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Prior

Schedule B6

	2	2019		20		
		Percentage			Percentage	
			of Total			of Total
	Taxable		Assessed	Taxable		Assessed
Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Rank	Value	Assessed Value	Rank	Value
Passco Haven Distributors	\$ 36,000,000	1	2.27%			
The Reserves of Melbourne LLC	22,880,000	2	1.44%			
Grand Oaks Pennington LLC	20,790,000	3	1.31%			
Northland Lakeside LLC	16,885,000	4	1.06%			
West Melbourne Town Center, LLC	16,583,220	5	1.04%			
ARC SMWMBFL001 LLC	14,820,190	6	0.93%			
DHIC-Minton Cove LLC	11,696,100	7	0.74%			
Wal-Mart Stores East Inc.	11,272,010	8	0.71%			
Windover Station LLC	8,684,900	9	0.55%			
West Melbourne Associates LC	7,441,280	10	0.47%			
Total taxable assessed value for principal property taxpayers	\$ 167,052,700		10.53%	\$ 0		0.00%

⁽¹⁾ Data unavailable for this year.

Sources:

Brevard County Property Appraiser Brevard County Tax Collector Florida Department of Revenue

City of West Melbourne, Florida Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule B7

			Collected With Year of th		-	Total Collections to Date				
Fiscal \ En Septen	nded '	Total Tax Levy for scal Year	Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy			
2019	\$ 4,0	099,877	\$ 3,990,738	97.3%	\$ -	\$ 3,990,738	97.3%			
2018	3,	433,258	3,310,658	96.4%	-	3,310,658	96.4%			
2017	3,0	095,920	2,990,353	96.6%	-	2,990,353	96.6%			
2016	2,	771,935	2,685,306	96.9%	-	2,685,306	96.9%			
2015	2,	488,332	2,406,066	96.7%	640	2,406,706	96.7%			
2014	2,:	224,378	2,146,830	96.5%	-	2,146,830	96.5%			
2013	2,0	067,347	1,998,440	96.7%	-	1,998,440	96.7%			
2012	2,0	038,901	1,969,168	96.6%	1,677	1,970,845	96.7%			
2011	2,	407,318	2,225,208	92.4%	804	2,226,012	92.5%			
2010	2,	699,257	2,576,965	95.5%	15,074	2,592,039	96.0%			

Source: City cash receipt source documents Brevard County Tax Collector Brevard County Property Appraiser

Schedule C1

	Governmental Activities	Business-type	e Activities					
Fiscal Year	Capital Leases	Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds	Notes and Loans Payable	Total Outstanding Debt ⁽²⁾	Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of Personal Income	Population	ebt per Capita
2019	\$ -	\$ 5,964,068	\$ 2,581,616	\$ 8,545,684	582,388,884	1.47%	23,607	\$ 362
2018	-	7,673,850	2,750,275	10,424,125	573,782,152	1.82%	21,990	474
2017	108,298	9,531,900	2,913,845	12,554,043	562,862,617	2.23%	21,360	588
2016	214,319	11,623,400	3,085,000	14,922,719	557,289,720	2.68%	20,640	723
2015	318,111	12,414,000	3,455,829	16,187,940	535,855,500	3.02%	20,250	799
2014	419,720	12,593,300	3,834,257	16,847,277	550,823,000	3.06%	19,834	849
2013	531,773	10,805,344	7,175,776	18,512,893	534,092,160	3.47%	19,464	951
2012	31,974	11,355,324	7,533,550	18,920,848	524,597,920	3.61%	19,118	990
2011	93,115	11,884,329	7,866,288	19,843,732	522,064,800	3.80%	18,712	1,060
2010	101,906	12,393,334	8,063,994	20,559,234	579,485,705	3.55%	18,355	1,120

⁽¹⁾ Personal income represents Brevard County since municipal data is not tracked.

Source: Space Coast Economic Development Commission (www.spacecoastedc.org)

⁽²⁾ All debt presented above is net of applicable discounts, premiums, and losses on refundings, as applicable.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2019

Schedule C2

		Percentage of	
		Debt	City's Share
	Net Debt	Applicable to	of
Governmental Unit	Outstanding	the City ⁽¹⁾	Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Brevard County General Obligation Debt			
Limited Ad Valorem Tax Refunding Bond, Series 2013	\$13,640,000	4.06%	\$ 553,784
South Brevard Recreation Special District, Limited			
Ad Valorem Tax Bonds, Series 2016	20,275,000	4.06%	823,165
Subtotal, overlapping debt			1,376,949
City of West Melbourne direct debt			
Capital Leases			-
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 1,376,949

Sources:

- (a) Net general obligation debt data was provided by Brevard County Finance
- (b) The taxable assessed values for City and the County were provided by the Brevard County Property Appraiser

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of Brevard County's net general obligation debt that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of West Melbourne. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using the taxable assessed value of properties located within the City of West Melbourne divided by the county's total taxable assessed value. FY2019 total taxable assessed value for City of West Melbourne is \$2,606,803,390 and the total County taxable assessed value is \$64,193,867,630.

Schedule C3

Debt Service Requirements

		Less: Direct	Ν	let Revenue					
Fiscal	Gross	Operating	4	Available for				Coverage	Coverage
Year	Revenues ^(a)	Expense (b)	[Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	(c)	(d)
2019	\$16,911,038	\$ 7,238,370	\$	9,672,668	\$ 1,879,782	\$ 434,204	\$ 2,313,986	4.18	1.74
2018	15,070,110	7,708,734		7,361,375	2,023,050	465,440	2,488,490	2.96	1.61
2017	13,663,993	7,261,494		6,402,499	2,251,500	519,689	2,771,189	2.31	1.44
2016	12,839,769	6,968,263		5,871,506	1,175,600	527,208	1,702,808	3.45	2.36
2015	11,269,847	7,383,777		3,886,070	559,300	514,131	1,073,431	3.62	2.55
2014	10,294,282	6,962,321		3,331,961	980,000	741,080	1,721,080	1.94	1.41
2013	10,027,543	6,580,977		3,446,566	950,000	822,702	1,772,702	1.94	1.29
2012	9,860,486	6,326,095		3,534,391	905,000	856,140	1,761,140	2.01	1.42
2011	9,501,223	6,408,777		3,092,446	875,000	781,867	1,656,867	1.87	1.26
2010	9,432,998	5,893,677		3,539,321	865,000	727,707	1,592,707	2.22	1.40
2009	10,234,891	5,688,480		4,546,411	840,000	760,318	1,600,318	2.84	2.04

Notes:

⁽a) Includes operating, non-operating revenue and connection fees.

⁽b) Excludes depreciation expense, interest expense, amortization and non-recurring losses.

⁽c) & (d) Coverage ratio required by most restrictive bond document is at least 1.1 without connection fees and 1.25 including connection fees. The 2019 coverage of 4.18 includes the connection fees and the coverage without connection fees was 1.74. Both requirements were met.

City of Wes	t Melbourne,	Florida
Ratios of General Bond	ed Debt Outst	tanding
	Last Ten Fisca	l Years

Schedule C4

The City of West Melbourne has no general bonded debt.

Schedule C5

City of West Melbourne, Florida Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

The City of West Melbourne has no Legal debt limit.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule D1

		Personal	Per Capita	Public School	Unemployment
Year	Population (a)	Income	Income ^(b)	Enrollment ^(c)	Rate ^(d)
2019	23,607 \$	582,388,884	45,425	3,405	2.8%
2018	21,990	573,782,152	36,188	3,405	2.9%
2017	21,360	562,862,617	26,351	3,431	3.6%
2016	20,640	557,289,720	27,000	3,314	4.3%
2015	20,250	535,855,500	26,462	3,497	5.6%
2014	19,834	550,823,000	27,772	3,787	6.5%
2013	19,464	534,092,160	27,440	3,498	7.2%
2012	19,118	524,597,920	27,440	3,445	8.8%
2011	18,712	522,064,800	27,900	3,394	11.0%
2010	18,355	579,485,705	31,571	3,442	11.0%

Sources:

Notes:

- (b) Per capita income is for Brevard County, statistics aren't maintained for the City of West Melbourne.
- (d) Unemployment rates are for Brevard County, statistics aren't maintained for the City of West Melbourne.

⁽a) University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business Research

⁽b) Space Coast Economic Development Commission and U.S. Census Bureau.

⁽c) Meadowlane Elementary School, Central Junior High School and West Melbourne Elementary School of Science called Brevard County Schools within municipal boundaries.

⁽d) U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Schedule D2

	2019	2010 ⁽¹⁾		
	Number of		Number of	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank
Harris Corporation	462	1		
Publix Stores - Palm Bay Rd. #695	173	2		
Publix Stores - New Haven #258	171	3		
Harris Sanitation Inc	156	4		
City of West Melbourne	136	5		
Home Depot USA Inc.	134	6		
The Olive Garden	124	7		
Buena Vida Estates Inc	122	8		
Cinemaworld Of Florida Inc	120	9		
USSI Global	113	10		
	1,711			

⁽¹⁾ Data unavailable for this year.

Source:

Principal employers in City of West Melbourne were determined by discussions with management, Economic Development Commission of Florida's Space Coast, or phone calls were made to the employers for employment numbers.

City of West Melbourne, Florida Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule E1

Function	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
General Government										
City Council/City Clerk	9	7	7	9	9	9	8	9	9	9
City Administration	4	4	4	3	3	3	2	2	3	2
Legal	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance	11.5	11.5	11	14	14	11	10	10	9	8
Non-Departmental	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Information Technology	2.5	2.5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total General Government	29	27	26	30	30	27	24	25	25	24
Public Safety										
Police	56.5	51	51	52	48	45	46	46	50	48
Code Enforcement	13	12	12	12	9	9	9	9	11	13
Total Public Safety	69.5	63	63	64	57	54	55	55	61	61
Highways and Streets										
Public Works	10	11	11	11	12	10	10	8	10	12
Public Works - Water	10	8	9	8	8	9	7	10	10	10
Total Highways and Streets	20	19	20	19	20	19	17	18	20	22
Recreation and Parks	13	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	9	9
Community Development	4	4	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
Total Employees	135.5	122	121	125	120	113	110	112	119	120

City of West Melbourne, Florida
Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule E2

Function	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Police										
Dispatched calls	40,256	37,929	24,763	26,463	24,751	27,332	30,244	23,603	25,444	26,485
Alarms	1,082	1,633	743	921	862	525	728	755	768	723
Physical arrests	860	731	565	471	462	522	616	514	819	792
Traffic accidents	1,386	1,220	1,072	1,334	1,051	841	621	617	656	636
Traffic citations	4,500	3,851	2,932	2,008	2,363	3,157	3,495	3,311	4,546	7,126
Finance										
Purchase orders issued	496	665	592	590	682	660	716	608	696	506
Accounts payable checks	4,812	4,873	4,530	4,806	4,644	4,165	4,905	4,041	3,957	3,166
Highways and streets										
Street resurfacing (miles)	4.15	6.12	6.00	2.07	1.80	2.40	1.95	0.50	1.25	0.72
Culture and Recreation										
Recreation fees	\$ 264,534	\$ 363,927	\$ 94,298	\$ 271,483	\$ -	\$ 65,208	\$ 9,506	\$ 59,366	\$ 2,941	\$ 2,475
Building/Code Enforcement										
Permits issued (construction)	284	263	307	375	147	147	172	194	183	208
Licenses issued/renewed	1,670	1,806	1,248	1,132	1,802	1,835	1,763	1,623	1,968	1,972
Building Inspections	14,078	16,191	17,867	13,094	14,488	10,159	15,224	11,636	11,854	16,882
Municipal Water Department										
New connections	1161	284	398	282	135	128	174	180	174	218
Average daily consumption (1)	1,556,190	1,520,316	1,486,838	1,443,205	1,385,720	1,349,496	1,324,406	1,327,190	1,304,881	1,365,851
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment	1,890,000	1,780,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,570,000	1,640,000	1,624,000	1,627,000	1,605,000	1,666,000

Notes:

Source: Various City Departments

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Average daily consumption is calculated using total gallons sold for year divided by 365 day year

City of West Melbourne, Florida
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule E3

Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
General Government:										
General government buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety:										
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works:										
Public works buildings	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1
Paved streets (lane miles)	103	99	99	99	98	98	98	98	98	98
Unpaved streets (lane miles)	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	3	3	3	3	3	3
Recreation and Community Development:										
Parks acreage	53	53	53	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Parks	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Tennis courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Racquet ball courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Exercise Trail	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Potable Water lines (linear miles)	125	124	118	118	118	118	118	117	117	114
Sewer										
Sanitary sewer lines (linear miles)	111	110	100	100	100	100	100	100	97	97
Permitted sewer capacity(gallons)	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Lift stations	78	73	73	63	63	63	63	63	63	63

Source: Various city departments



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 215 Baytree Drive Melbourne, Florida 32940 (321) 255-0088 (321) 259-8648 (fax) www.cricpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of West Melbourne, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Melbourne, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of West Melbourne, Florida's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of West Melbourne, Florida's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of West Melbourne, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of West Melbourne, Florida's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of West Melbourne, Florida's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Melbourne, Florida February 27, 2020

Caux Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 215 Baytree Drive Melbourne, Florida 32940 (321) 255-0088 (321) 259-8648 (fax) www.cricpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of West Melbourne, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of West Melbourne, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2020.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an Examination Conducted in Accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 27, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

<u>Prior Year Mai</u>	nagement Letter Comments: *	Status	
IC 2018-001	Segregation of duties	Corrected	b

^{*}The finding listed above originated in the fiscal year 2018 audit.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority of the City of West Melbourne, Florida and its component units are disclosed in the footnotes. The City of West Melbourne, Florida includes the following component unit:

Component Unit:

Established by:

City of West Melbourne – Brevard County Joint Community Redevelopment Agency City Ordinance

Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the City of West Melbourne, Florida has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City of West Melbourne, Florida did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City of West Melbourne, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we have the following recommendation.

IC 2019-001 UNEXPENDED BALANCE – BUILDING PERMITS

<u>Criteria</u>: Section 553.80(7)(a) of Florida Statutes has been updated to limit the amount of unexpended building permit funds carried forward to future fiscal years to no more than the City's average operating budget for enforcing the Florida Building Code for the previous four (4) fiscal years. A local government must use any funds in excess of this limitation to rebate or reduce fees.

<u>Condition</u>: The City's unexpended building permit funds at September 30, 2019 exceeded the City's average operating budget for enforcing the Florida Building Code for the previous four (4) fiscal years by \$2,728,896.

<u>Cause</u>: Prior to July 1, 2019, there was no provision in the Florida Statutes limiting the amount of carryforward of unexpended building permit funds. In prior fiscal years, the annual revenue derived from building permit fees exceeded anticipated amounts.

Effect: The City has excess unexpended balances at September 30, 2019.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should identify how it intends to reduce the amount of unexpended building code balances in order to comply with Section 553.80(7)(a) of Florida Statutes. Such action may require the City to modify its fiscal year 2019-20 budget.

<u>Management Response</u>: The City recognizes the need to reduce the fund balance restricted for Building Code Enforcement and has drafted a resolution to reduce building permit fees by 50% until such time the fund balance meets the requirements of the new statute.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal, State and other granting agencies, the members of the City Council, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Melbourne, Florida February 27, 2020

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POLICIES

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of West Melbourne, Florida

We have examined the City of West Melbourne, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the City of West Melbourne, Florida is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of City Council, management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Melbourne, Florida February 27, 2020

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SECONDARY MARKET DISCLOSURES



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City of West Melbourne, Florida Secondary Market Disclosures Anti-Dilution Test

Revenues		FY2018		FY2019	Pri	ior Two-Year Average
Total Governmental Funds	\$	16,950,734	\$	18,491,225	\$	17,720,980
Less: Grant Revenue & Capital Contributions	۶	(2,473,014)	Ą	(1,339,454)	٦	(1,906,234)
Less: Ad Valorem Revenues		(3,310,658)		(3,990,738)		(3,650,698)
Total Governmental Non-Ad Valorem Revenues	-	11,167,062		13,161,033		12,164,048
Less: Restricted Funds		11,107,002		13,101,033		12,104,040
Stormwater Utility Fund		(395,915)		(627,494)		(511,705)
Capital Projects Fund		-		-		-
Community Redevelopment Agency		(377,318)		(344,588)		(360,953)
Nonmajor Funds		(392,125)		(299,108)		(345,617)
		(00-)		(===,===,		-
Adjusted Non-Ad Valorem Revenues		10,001,704		11,889,843		10,945,774
Expenditures]					
Essential Expenditures						
Public Safety		6,363,198		6,836,498		6,599,848
General Government		1,982,479		2,173,463		2,077,971
Total Essential Expenditures		8,345,677		9,009,961		8,677,819
Less: Ad-Valorem Revenues Available to pay Essential		(2.240.650)		(2,000,720)		(2.650.600)
Expenditures		(3,310,658)		(3,990,738)		(3,650,698)
Adjusted Essential Expenditures		5,035,019		5,019,223		5,027,121
Net Non-Ad Valorem Revenues available for Debt Service	\$	4,966,685	\$	6,870,620	\$	5,918,653
Ad Valorem Revenues Restricted for Debt Service		-				-
Debt Proceeds		-				-
Test 1 - Prior Two Year Average of Non-Ad Valorem Reven	nues c	covers projecte	ed IV	IADS by 150%		
Net Non-Ad Valorem Revenues available for Debt Service		-				5,918,653
Maximum Annual Non-Ad Valorem Debt Service						281,475
Coverage						2102.7%
Test 2 - Projected MADS does not exceed 20% of Governm	nenta	al Fund Revenu	ıes,			
less ad valorem revenues restricted for debt service and c			-			
Two-Year Average Net Total Governmental Funds	-					17,720,980
Maximum Annual Non-Ad Valorem Debt Service						281,475
Percentage						1.6%

City of West Melbourne, Florida Secondary Market Disclosures Historical Non-Ad Valorem Revenues

Revenues	FY2015	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019
Total Governmental Funds	\$14,318,456	\$13,751,805	\$13,586,299	\$16,950,734	\$18,491,225
Less: Grant Revenue & Capital Contributions	(2,050,000)	(1,007,422)	(41,250)	(2,473,014)	(1,339,454)
Less: Ad Valorem Revenues	(2,406,066)	(2,685,306)	(2,990,353)	(3,310,658)	(3,990,738)
Total Governmental Non-Ad Valorem	9,862,390	10,059,077	10,554,696	11,167,062	13,161,033
Less: Restricted Funds					
Stormwater Utiilty Fund	-	-	-	(395,915)	(627,494)
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	-	-	-
Community Redevelopment Agency	(86,267)	(152,204)	(295,743)	(377,318)	(344,588)
Nonmajor Funds	(375,141)	(645,873)	(490,519)	(392,125)	(299,108)
Adjusted Non-Ad Valorem Revenues	9,400,982	9,261,000	9,768,434	10,001,704	11,889,843
Expenditures	1				
expenditures	J				
Essential Expenditures					
Public Safety	5,051,196	5,340,909	6,114,550	6,363,198	6,836,498
General Government	1,687,452	1,765,503	1,915,566	1,982,479	2,173,463
Total Essential Expenditures	6,738,648	7,106,412	8,030,116	8,345,677	9,009,961
Less: Ad-Valorem Revenues Available to pay					
Essential Expenditures	(2,406,066)	(2,685,306)	(2,990,353)	(3,310,658)	(3,990,738)
Adjusted Essential Expenditures	4,332,582	4,421,106	5,039,763	5,035,019	5,019,223
Net Non-Ad Valorem Revenues available for					
Debt Service	\$ 5,068,400	\$ 4,839,894	\$ 4,728,671	\$ 4,966,685	\$ 6,870,620
DEDUCTION OF THE PROPERTY OF T	→	7 4,033,034	7 4,720,071	7 4,500,005	→ 0,070,020
Maximum Annual Debt Service on 2010D	\$ (281,475)	\$ (281,475)	\$ (281,475)	\$ (281,475)	\$ (281,475)
Legally Available Non-Ad Valorem Revenues	\$ 4,786,925	\$ 4,558,419	\$ 4,447,196	\$ 4,685,210	\$ 6,589,145
Existing Coverage	18.01	17.19	16.80	17.65	24.41