

TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Prepared by the Department of Finance

TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA

COMMISSION - MANAGER FORM OF GOVERNMENT

TOWN COMMISSION

Michael Wilkinson, Mayor

Tom Kurey Commissioner/Deputy Mayor

Coleen Chaney, Commissioner

Tom Shelly, Commissioner

Thomas Kessler, Commissioner

Town Manager

J. P. Murphy

Director of Support Services

Stefan Massol

Town Clerk

Christine Nicole

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL



September 3, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Commission, and Citizens of the Town of Belleair, Florida

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within one year of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted, in the United States of America, auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of Belleair, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, a copy of the Town's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, and the primary government's organization chart. This CAFR includes all funds of the Town. The Town has no component units. The financial section includes the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements for the primary government, and the primary government's combining and individual financial statements and schedules, as well as the independent auditor's report on the financial statements and schedules. GAAP requires that management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. It should be read in conjunction, overview, and analysis of the Town's financial statements. It should be read in conjunction with this letter of transmittal. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. In contrast to the financial section information, the statistical section information has not been audited.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Belleair, Florida. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of Belleair, Florida has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the presentation of the Town of Belleair, Florida's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of Belleair, Florida's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material

misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of Belleair, Florida's financial statements have been audited by Saltmarsh, Cleaveland & Gund, P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Belleair, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Town of Belleair, Florida's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Profile of the Government

The Town of Belleair, Florida was incorporated in 1925 and was chartered under Chapter 10335, Special Laws of Florida, with a Mayor form of government. The Town of Belleair, Florida currently occupies a land area of 2.5 square miles and serves a population of 4,097 according to the U.S. Census Bureau. The Town of Belleair, Florida is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The Town of Belleair's charter was changed in 1973 to provide for a council-manager type of government, and in 1997, due in part to additional provisions in the charter which strengthened the authority of the town manager, was officially recognized as a council-manager form of government by the International City/County Managers Association. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing commission consisting of the mayor and four other members. The Town Commission is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the government's manager and attorney. The town manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Town Commission, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The commission is elected on a non-partisan basis. Commission members serve three-year staggered terms, with two commissioner members elected every three years. The mayor is elected to serve a three-year term. The mayor and commission members are elected at large.

The Town of Belleair, Florida provides a full range of services, including police protection; permitting and development review; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; and recreational activities and cultural events. Fire & rescue services are provided on a contractual basis by the City of Largo.

The Town of Belleair, Florida also provides water and solid waste services. These departments are enterprise funds and are included in this report. Wastewater services are provided on a contractual basis by Pinellas County Utilities, and those financial impacts are also included in this report.

In May, budget requests are submitted to the town manager. The town manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The town manager then presents this proposed budget to the commission for review before July 31st. The commission is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than September 30, the close of the Town of Belleair, Florida's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund (e.g., general), and department (e.g., recreation). Department heads may request transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the special approval of the Town Commission. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund, this comparison is presented on page 21 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. There are no budget-to-actual comparisons for funds other than the General Fund. Also included in the governmental fund for which a project-length budget-to-actual comparisons for each governmental funds.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town of Belleair, Florida operates.

Local economy. The Town is mostly a residential community with three 18-hole golf courses. However, the region has a varied manufacturing and industrial base. Major industries with headquarters or divisions located within the government's boundaries or near include; computer hardware, software manufacturers, electrical controls, and several financial and insurance institutions. The unemployment rate in the Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwter Metro area is currently 5.7 percent, which is 2.3 percent lower than the national average. The median household income in Pinellas County is \$77,540 as compared to \$67,521 nationwide. The Town of Belleair, Florida currently has a challenging economic environment, but local indicators point to a slight upward fluctuation in the real estate market. This has had a positive impact on building permit revenues, which have risen substantially from \$382,371 in 2015-16, to \$526,281in 2016-17, and most recently remained fairly stable at \$547,425 in 2019-20. It is expected that building permit revenues will decline in future years as major development activities are completed.

Major developments are making significant progress towards completion, including Belleview Place and the Pelican Golf Club. Preliminary estimates indicate a \$400,000 annual increase in General Fund revenues from these developments. Full completion is expected for both properties sometime in early 2022.

At the end of 2012 John J. Osborne, a long-time resident of Belleair, passed away and left a bequest of over \$3.4 million to the town. His generous donation has measurably improved the net position of the Town of Belleair and to show respect for this great contribution the town dedicated the Public Works building to his memory.

In February 2013, the town acquired the Belleview Biltmore Golf Club to preserve green space

in Belleair and to prevent future development on the golf course property. The club was sold to Pelican Golf, LLC on June 1, 2017 and the buyer has constructed significant improvements having a positive effect on the valuation of the property.

In September 2017 the Town of Belleair was impacted significantly by Hurricane Irma. Large amounts of debris were collected from roadways, parks and public rights-of-way. In total, Hurricane Irma cost the town nearly \$700,000 in both personnel and operating costs. The majority of this cost will be reimbursed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and State of Florida, however repayment is a lengthy process that can take many months to complete. As of September 30, 2020 there were no some amounts outstanding.

The region (which includes the Town of Belleair, Florida and the surrounding unincorporated area within the same county) has a population base of approximately one million people, with three surrounding counties playing a vital role in the region's economy. The town serves as a premium residential community for nearby areas in the Tampa Bay region.

Long-term financial planning. The Town of Belleair, Florida has long-range plans for infrastructure improvements (streets, drainage, and water system). The town's long-range financial plan has several roadways and drainage improvements scheduled throughout Belleair over the next five years. In recent years the town completed roadway and drainage projects along Manatee Rd., Eagle's Nest, Druid Rd., Althea Rd., Bayview Dr., Rosery Rd. and Palmetto Rd. S. The Town has secured matching grant funding from the Southwest Florida Water Management District (SWFWMD) for the Bayview Dr., Manatee Rd., Rosery Rd. and Pinellas Rd. projects. In fiscal year 2018-19 the Town began construction on the Pinellas/Ponce stormwater improvements project which continued in fiscal year 2019-20. Stormwater projects are prioritized on a west to east basis as much of the town's stormwater flows towards the west and eventually into the intracoastal waterway. As a policy, staff continually seeks cooperative funding opportunities, and sometimes defers projects to ensure their eligibility for cooperative funding.

As of the 2019-20 fiscal year, the town has several revenue streams dedicated to capital improvements, including a stormwater fee, a municipal public services tax on electricity, the "Penny for Pinellas" discretionary sales surtax and a dedicated millage levy. These revenues are dedicated to funding the \$875,000 annual debt service on a \$12 million dollar bank note and continue to place money in capital reserve for future projects. The Belleview Biltmore Golf Club was sold June 2017 with \$3,400,000 dollars transferred to the Capital Projects Fund. In preparation for future capital needs the town will consider additional financing opportunities.

The Water Fund has benefited from a new, more sustainable rate structure that has stopped the recurring net loss from recent years. Furthermore, this rate structure will enable the department to fund capital improvements in the treatment and distribution system. However, for this model to be sustainable, consistent rate increases, commensurate with controlled rise in expenses will be required. Water infrastructure was included in the Manatee Rd., Eagle's Nest, Druid Rd., Althea Rd., Bayview Dr., Rosery Rd. and Palmetto Rd. S., and Ponce de Leon/Indian Rocks Rd. intersection improvements projects. Many of the distribution system improvements are scheduled to coincide with the street improvements thus increasing efficiency and reducing cost.

Additionally, staff will continue to seek the best long-term solution to the town's slowly deteriorating water supply. It is estimated that in five to ten years the salinity levels in the water sources will reach a level that cannot be treated using the current methodology. Several options exist including retrofitting a reverse osmosis system, purchasing water from a neighboring entity or providing for a system sale. Town staff and engineers will continue studying this issue to ensure that residents continue to receive excellent service at a reasonable cost.

Relevant financial policies. The town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Other Than Pensions" for its governmental activities and proprietary fund types. This statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures and if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The town finances the OPEB benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis but recognizes the cost of the benefits in the period when the employee's service is being received by the town. At the time of this transmittal, the town had three general retirees receiving OPEB benefits. Fiscal year 2017-18 was the first year of implementation for GASB Statement No. 75, which impacts the accounting and financial reporting requirements for other postemployment benefits (OPEB). A valuation study was performed for last year's report.

The Town of Belleair, Florida sponsors defined benefit pension plans for its public safety (sworn police officers) employees as is provided for under chapters 185 of state statute. Each year, an independent actuary engaged by the pension plan calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the Town of Belleair, Florida must make to the pension plan to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. As a matter of policy, the Town of Belleair, Florida fully funds each year's annual required contribution to the pension plan as determined by the actuary.

This year the Town implemented GASB 83, certain asset retirement obligations, for purposes of considering and reporting future liabilities to be realized at the time an asset is disposed. Additionally, the Town implemented GASB 88, certain disclosures related to debt, providing a definition of debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to the financial statements, as well as GASB implementation Guide No. 2018-1 covering a range of topics.

The Town of Belleair, Florida also provides a money purchase defined contribution retirement benefit for its non-public safety employees. This benefit is provided through the International City/County Managers Association Retirement Corporation. If the employee elects to contribute at least three percent (3%) to the plan, the town will contribute nine percent (9%). The Town of Belleair, Florida has no obligation in connection with employee benefits offered through this plan beyond its contribution to the employees' plan.

In addition, the Town has adopted GASB Statement No. 54 regarding "*Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*". The objective of this Statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily

on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The initial distinction that is made in reporting fund balance information is identifying amounts that are considered *nonspendable*, such as fund balance associated with inventories. This statement also provides for additional classification as *restricted, committed, assigned,* and *unassigned* based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how specific amounts can be spent. The first financial statements reflecting these changes occur during the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year 2010-11.

Annually, the town establishes conservative estimates of ongoing revenues and expenditures. The town's revenue estimates are developed on historical trends, local economic projections and reasonable assumptions of future conditions. The town maintains, as permitted by State law, a diverse revenue base to mitigate the effects of short-term fluctuations in any one (1) revenue.

In conjunction with its review of its revenues, the town calculates the full direct cost of activities supported by user fees and considers such information while establishing user fees and other charges for service. Similarly, the town's expenditures are estimated based on the prior year's expense while considering potential increases as well as efficient decreases. The town is legally mandated to have a balanced budget in all funds.

At the close of 2019-20 unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was thirty-seven percent of operating expenditures. To the extent that unreserved, undesignated fund balance exceeds twenty percent, the town may draw upon the fund balance to provide funding for capital projects or provide funding for nonrecurring expenses.

In two of the proprietary funds (solid waste, and wastewater funds) the budgeted unreserved, undesignated, cash reserve is set at \$250,000. In the Water Fund cash reserve is set at \$450,000. The Water Fund maintains an unrestricted fund balance of \$2,300,100. Meanwhile, Solid Waste holds an unrestricted fund balance of \$952,147. The Wastewater Fund has an unrestricted fund balance of \$345,444. All enterprise funds have sufficient fund balance to meet financial obligations at their present levels of service.

Risk management. By being a member of the Public Risk Management (PRM) pool, the town has been able to contain its costs by spreading the risk amongst all other members of the pool; increases or decreases are resultant as a function of a deviation factor for losses of the pool. Annually, the town evaluates its risk in a variety of areas including workers' compensation and potential natural disasters. The town in collaboration with the PRM staff continues to conduct risk assessments and subsequently implement any changes as they relate to workplace safety. The town has won numerous safety awards for its safety program which includes a safety committee that reviews all accidents and occupational hazards. Recent Florida Supreme Court decisions regarding worker's compensation and attorney's fees have led to the insurance market responding with double-digit increases to workers compensation premiums. This raises the likelihood of cost increases for the town and the pool as a whole.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Belleair, Florida for its comprehensive

annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This was the thirty-first consecutive year that the town had received this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Support Services and Administration departments. The Support Services Department works very hard to maintain strong internal controls to provide accurate financial reporting, to keep the public informed and to assist the Town Commission in decision-making. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the Commission for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Town of Belleair, Florida's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Stef March

Town Manager

Finance Director

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Belleair Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

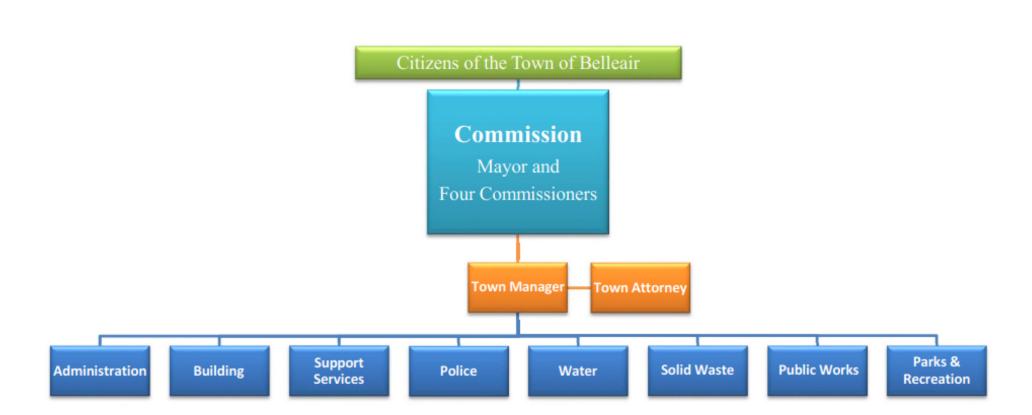
September 30, 2019

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA

DEPARTMENTS



TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA

LISTING OF TOWN OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor	Michael Wilkinson
Commissioner/Deputy Mayor	Tom Kurey
Commissioner	Tom Shelly
Commissioner	Coleen Chaney
Commissioner	Thomas Kessler

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Town Manager			

Town Attorney

J. P. Murphy

David Ottinger

DEPARTMENT HEADS AND SUPERVISORS

Director of Support Services	Stefan Massol
Police Chief	Richard Doyle
Water Department Director	David Brown
Director of Parks, Recreation and Public Works	Richard Allison
Town Clerk	Christine Nicole

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section contains the following subsections:

Independent Auditor's Report

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Town Commission Town of Belleair, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparisons for the general fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Belleair, Florida (Town), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, in making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

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The Honorable Mayor and Town Commission Town of Belleair, Florida

Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Belleair, Florida as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statement, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Honorable Mayor and Town Commission Town of Belleair, Florida

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Accounting Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2021, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Saltmansk Cleanslank & bunk

Tampa, Florida September 20, 2021

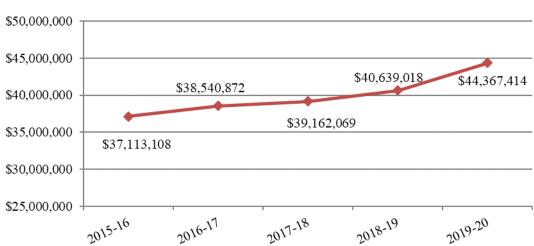
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This narrative overview and analysis of the Town of Belleair's financial statements for the fiscal year-ended September 30, 2020, provides readers with a comprehensive picture of the town's fiscal health, and its financial administration. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found starting on page vi of this report.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the Town of Belleair, Florida exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$44,367,414 (net position), inclusive of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Of this amount, \$4,618,492 (*Unrestricted*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The government's total net position increased by \$3,637,419.



Total Net Position Government-Wide

The net position of the Town of Belleair has increased since FY 2015-16. During that time net position has risen steadily, increasing a cumulative 20% from the end of FY 2015-16 thru the end of FY 2019-20. Several factors have had considerable impact on the net position of Belleair these past five years, including the following:

- 1) Construction of residential properties and redevelopment of the Belleview Inn,
- 2) Continuance of the Capital Improvement Plan to repair roads, curbs and utility structures throughout the town,
- 3) Cooperative grant funding provided by the Southwest Florida Water Management District for various water and drainage basin projects,
- 4) Donations from the Belleair Community Foundation for various projects, including Doyle park, Wall park, Tackett Park and other projects throughout town,
- 5) A large bequest from Mr. Robert Ahlf, a longtime resident of Belleair.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Belleair, Florida's General (governmental) Fund reported an actual ending fund balance of \$2,564,674, an increase of \$407,005 in comparison with the beginning fund balance. Recovery from Hurricane Irma was a significant cost that was unplanned in fiscal year 2017-18, resulting in more than \$600,000 of additional expenditures to the General Fund. The Town received reimbursement payments from FEMA and the State of Florida in fiscal year 2019-20 to help restore fund balance as well as more than \$130,000 from the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program used to purchase a new backup generator for the Police Department and Town Hall.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Belleair, Florida's basic financial statements. The Town of Belleair's basic financial statements consist of three elements: 1) Government-wide financial statements; 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Belleair's finances, in a manner similar to what one may observe for a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town of Belleair's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Belleair is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Belleair that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a signification portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town of Belleair include general government, public safety, transportation, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town of Belleair include the Water and Solid Waste Funds. A third business-type activity (wastewater) was sold to Pinellas County in 2004 though the town still manages billing operations for wastewater services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Town of Belleair, Florida itself (known as the *primary government*) but also a police officer's pension plan and an employee's 401(k) retirement fund for which the Town of Belleair is financially accountable. Financial

information for these funds is reported separately from the financial information represented for the primary government itself. The Water and Solid Waste Funds, although business-type funds, function as departments of the Town of Belleair, and, therefore, have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page sixteen of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Belleair, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Belleair can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. The town uses *Governmental funds* to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town of Belleair maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page twenty-three of this report.

Proprietary funds. The town maintains one kind of proprietary fund, *enterprise funds*, which are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The town uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Solid Waste

Funds. The other kind of proprietary fund is an *internal service fund*, an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally. This type of proprietary fund is not employed by the Town of Belleair.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water, Wastewater and Solid Waste Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the town.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page twenty-eight of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town of Belleair's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page twenty-seven of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31-99 of this report.

Implementation of GASB 83. The Town adopted GASB Statement No. 83, certain asset retirement obligations. The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for capital assets who, upon disposal, are expected to present an additional liability to the Town.

Implementation of GASB 88. The Town adopted GASB Statement No. 88, certain disclosures related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This statement would require additional disclosures In notes related to debt.

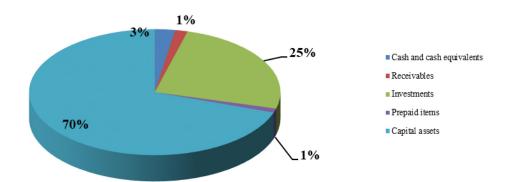
Implementation of GASB 2018-1. The Town adopted GASB Implementation Guide No. 2018-1, providing additional implementation guidance in a question-and-answer format for a range of topics. Such topics covered include, but are not limited to, pensions, postemployment benefits other than pensions, the statistical section, and tax abatement disclosures.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Town of Belleair's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page one hundred following the Notes to Financial Statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented beginning on page 107. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 107-116 of this report.

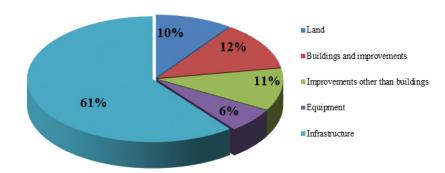
Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Town of Belleair, Florida, net position was \$44,367,414 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.



Government-Wide Assets

Government-Wide Capital Assets



By far the largest portion of the Town of Belleair's assets (70 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The town uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	 Governmental Activities			 Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities	 Т	otal	
	 2020		2019	 2020		2019	 2020		2019
Assets									
Current and other assets	\$ 13,591,554	\$	8,750,094	\$ 4,366,968	\$	4,199,367	\$ 17,958,522	\$	12,949,461
Capital assets	 37,995,177		34,566,821	 3,396,013		3,462,341	 41,391,190		38,029,162
Total Assets	 51,586,731		43,316,915	 7,762,981		7,661,708	 59,349,712		50,978,623
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Deferred Outflows of Resources	149,948		77,400	-		-	149,948		77,400
Long-term liabilities outstanding	13,523,210		8,780,171	65,023		584,547	13,588,233		9,364,718
Other liabilities	 784,498		826,886	704,254		174,434	 1,488,752		1,001,320
Total Liabilities	 14,307,708		9,607,057	 769,277		758,981	 15,076,985		10,366,038
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred Inflows of Resources	55,261		50,967	-		-	55,261		50,967
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	25,303,754		26,054,665	3,396,013		3,462,341	28,699,767		29,517,006
Restricted	11,049,155		6,657,800	-		-	11,049,155		6,657,800
Unrestricted	1,020,801		1,023,826	3,597,691		3,440,386	4,618,492		4,464,212
	\$ 37,373,710	\$	33,736,291	\$ 6,993,704	\$	6,902,727	\$ 44,367,414	\$	40,639,018
Total net position	\$ 37,373,710	\$	33,736,291	\$ 6,993,704	\$	6,902,727	\$ 44,367,414	\$	40,639,018

Town of Belleair, Florida's Net Position

An additional portion of the Town of Belleair's net position (twenty-five percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the *unrestricted portion of the net position* is \$4,618,492 and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the town reports positive balances in all categories of net position.

Governmental activities. Approximately one-fifth of the town's unrestricted net position (twenty-two percent) are held by governmental activities.

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	tal
	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	2019	2020	2019
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,647,966	\$ 1,850,251	\$ 3,912,832	\$ 3,748,994	\$ 5,560,798	\$ 5,599,245
Capital grants and contributions	495,817	372,679	-	-	495,817	372,679
Total program revenues	2,143,783	2,222,930	3,912,832	3,748,994	6,056,615	5,971,924
General revenues:						
Taxes	7,444,416	6,888,645	-	-	7,444,416	6,888,645
Other	2,111,322	398,465	65,563	118,899	773,267	517,364
Total general revenues	9,555,738	7,287,110	65,563	118,899	6,713,062	7,406,009
Total revenues	11,699,521	9,510,040	3,978,395	3,867,893	12,676,734	13,377,933
Expenses:						
General government	2,839,553	2,735,744	-	-	2,839,553	2,735,744
Public safety	2,476,292	2,612,097	-	-	2,476,292	2,612,097
Transportation	2,026,694	1,725,633	-	-	2,026,694	1,725,633
Culture and recreation	274,778	1,056,676	-	-	274,778	1,056,676
Interest on lotng term debt	313,009	306,033			313,009	306,033
Water	-	-	1,834,610	1,466,588	1,834,610	1,466,588
Wastewater	-	-	1,248,220	1,140,895	1,248,220	1,140,895
Solid Waste			936,364	857,318	936,364	857,318
Total expenses	7,930,326	8,436,183	4,019,194	3,464,801	11,949,520	11,900,984
Increase (decrease) in net position						
before transfers	3,769,195	1,073,857	(40,799)	403,092	727,214	1,476,949
Transfers	(131,776)		131,776	<u> </u>		-
Increase (decrease) in net position	3,637,419	1,073,857	90,977	403,092	3,728,396	1,476,949
Net position, Beginning	33,736,291	32,662,434	6,902,727	6,499,635	40,639,018	39,162,069
Net position, Ending	\$ 37,373,710	\$ 33,736,291	\$ 6,993,704	\$ 6,902,727	\$ 44,367,414	\$ 40,639,018

Town of Belleair, Florida's Statement of Activities

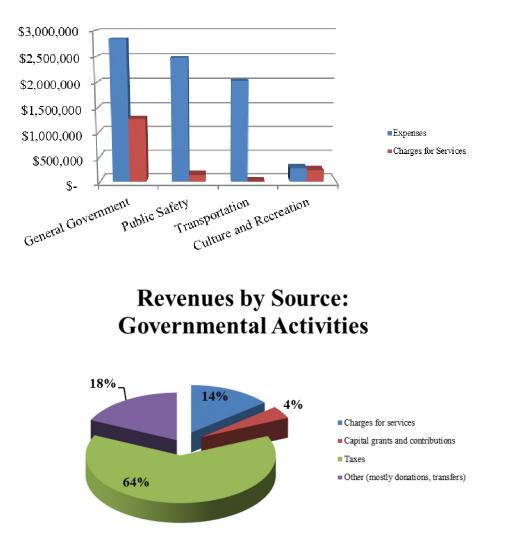
• The government-wide net position increased by \$3,728,396 at year-end.

• The net position for governmental activities increased by \$3,637,419 during the year, due in part to increased building permit revenues, grant proceeds, donations received and ongoing capital projects.

• The net position for business-type activities increased by \$90,977, largely due to a modest surplus in the Water Fund and investment pool earnings.

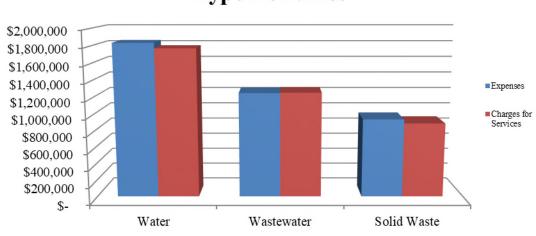
• This fiscal year saw additional investment earnings in comparison to past years, included in Other under General Revenues. These earnings were realized in all funds proportionally based on their respective pooled cash holdings.

Expenditure & Program Revenues: Governmental Activities



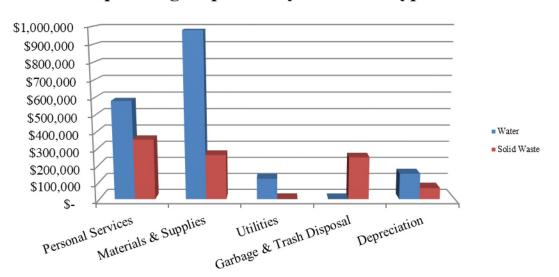
Business-type activities. Business-type activities represent 16 percent of the town's net position. Following the new rate structure implemented in October 2013, as well as an additional rate increase in January 2017 the Water Fund generates just less than sufficient revenue with service charge income slightly under operating expenses by (63,974). Solid Waste Fund continued to normalize with operating income of (48,519), though rising costs of disposal suggest that future years may be more challenging. The wastewater system is run by Pinellas County and charges for services are passed through to Pinellas County.





Expenses & Program Revenues: Business Type Activities

Operating Expenses by Fund - Business-type Activities



Operating Expenses by Business Type

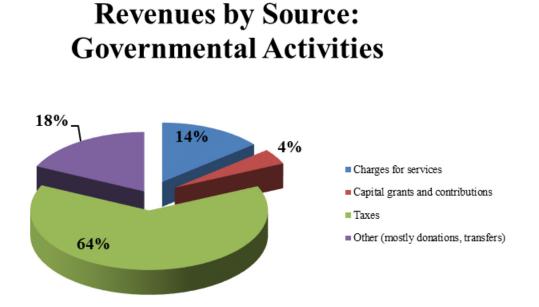
Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Government funds. The focus of the town's governmental funds is to provide information on

near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the town's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Revenues- Total Governmental Funds



As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Belleair's governmental funds reported combined ending total fund balances of \$13,761,217 an increase of \$4,707,892 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately eight percent of total fund balance, \$2,472,069, constitutes *unrestricted fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder is composed of *restricted* balances. The *restricted* balance totals to \$11,289,148,which is an amount that is earmarked for explicit purposes specified by external providers and the Town Commission, such as funding for capital improvement projects and capital equipment.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,472,069 while total fund balance reached \$2,564,674. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 37 percent of total General Fund expenditures while unrestricted total fund balance represents 38 percent of that same amount. The current fund balance policy requires that the town maintain unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund equivalent to 20% of expenditures. The fund balance of the town's General Fund increased by \$407,005 during the current fiscal year. Reserves were replenished largely through Federal and State assistance following Hurricane Irma. General Fund expenditures decreased by \$(97,477) as a whole over

the previous year.

Capital Projects Fund.

The Capital Projects Fund expended \$4,790,704 on \$4,310,698 of revenue. Prior to 2012, the Town Commission determined that the town would need to save for future projects and develop new sources of income to repair and improve the roads and stormwater structures throughout Belleair. To that end, the commission approved the stormwater fee and municipal public services tax, both of which went into effect in October 2012. The need for immediate improvement prompted the Town Commission to approve borrowing in the form of a \$10 million note, through BB&T, to be repaid over 20 years. In October 2019 the debt was refinanced at a lower interest rate, along with \$4M of additional borrowing. Revenue sources such as the stormwater fee, municipal public services tax and the Penny for Pinellas discretionary sales surtax are dedicated to debt service of the loan. Also, the town provided BB&T a covenant to budget and appropriate as assurance of repayment. Additionally, a millage is dedicated to the Capital Projects Fund as a means to save for future projects.

Special Revenue funds.

The Town of Belleair's special funds include the Local Option Gas Tax Fund, Transportation Impact Fee Fund, Tree Replacement Fund, and Capital Equipment Replacement Fund. The overall fund balance of these funds is \$687,708. The special revenue funds are subject specific, and the expenditures are always used for capital improvement.

Proprietary funds. The Town of Belleair's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted portions of net position of the water, wastewater and solid waste funds at the end of the year amounted to \$3,597,691, an increase of \$157,305 over the prior year. Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the town's business-type activities. Of particular note, the unrestricted net position for the Water Fund is \$2,300,100; \$1,850,100 above its policy mandated level of \$450,000.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

While there was a \$369,761 difference between the originally budgeted expenditures and the final amended budgeted expenditures, there were some variances between the final amended budget and the actuals. The revenue variance for the General Fund was \$599,359 (9 percent) higher than budgeted. The town generally uses conservative estimates for budgeted revenues so that actual revenues closely align or slightly exceed the established budget. Expenditures were \$279,188 (4 percent) less than budgeted partly due to residual equipment funds to be expended in the following year. Total other financing sources (uses) was also \$77,258 less than budgeted. The resulting net variance of change in fund balance was \$801,289.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt

Capital Assets. The Town of Belleair's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2020, amounts to \$28,699,767. This investment in

capital assets includes land, buildings & system, improvements, machinery & equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, seawalls, and bridges. The total decrease over the prior year in the town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$(817,239), a \$(750,911) decrease in governmental activities and a \$(66,328) decrease in business-type activities. This change was driven by infrastructure and construction-in-progress for the Capital Projects Fund along with significant removals of capital equipment disposed in the current year.

	Governm	ental Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2020	<u>2019</u>	2020	2019	2020	2019
Land	\$ 5,637,015	\$ 5,637,015	\$ 22,950	\$ 22,950	\$ 5,659,965	\$ 5,659,965
Building and system	6,765,495	5,973,181	307,432	307,432	7,072,927	6,280,613
Improvements other than buildings	867,039	554,625	5,338,481	5,206,705	6,205,520	5,761,330
Machinery and equipment	2,221,544	2,819,648	1,412,920	1,434,470	3,634,464	4,254,118
Infrastructure	38,068,621	34,516,932	-	-	38,068,621	34,516,932
Accumulated depreciation	(15,564,537) (14,934,580)	(3,685,770)	(3,509,216)	(19,250,307)	(18,443,796)
Total	\$ 37,995,177	\$ 34,566,821	\$ 3,396,013	\$ 3,462,341	\$ 41,391,190	\$ 38,029,162

Town of Belleair, Florida's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

Additional information on the town's capital assets can be found in note seven on pages 59-61 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the town had long-term debt obligations including:

- 1) 20-year \$12,000,000 revenue bond with an outstanding liability of \$12,000,000,
- 2) a five-year \$300,000 equipment loan with an outstanding liability of \$32,010,
- 3) a lease for facility improvements in the amount of \$762,390 with an outstanding liability of \$659,413,
- 4) and compensated absences and other post-employment benefits.

Sources of income such as the stormwater fee, Penny for Pinellas surtax, and municipal public services tax contribute to the repayment of the revenue bond. Annual debt service of approximately \$875,000 is covered by \$1,330,000 of annual revenue from those three streams. There is also a covenant to budget and appropriate other non Ad Valorem proceeds should there be a revenue shortfall.

The town receives an actuarial valuation of its other post-employment benefits (OPEB) as required under Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 every two years. The current valuation was performed in preparation for this year's CAFR.

Additional information on the town's long-term debt activity can be found in note 10 on pages 63-68 of this report.

	 Governmental Activities			 Business-Ty	pe Ac	tivities	Total			
	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		2020		<u>2019</u>
Revenue Bonds	\$ 12,000,000	\$	7,705,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	12,000,000	\$	7,705,000
Equipment Lease	32,010		94,600	-		-		32,010		94,600
Facility Lease	659,413		712,456	-		-		659,413		712,456
Compensated absences	431,809		383,645	86,698		100,702		518,507		484,347
Net Pension Liability	645,507		596,895	-		-		645,507		596,895
OPEB	 698,000		405,119	-		-		698,000		405,119
Total	\$ 14,466,739	\$	9,897,715	\$ 86,698	\$	100,702	\$	14,553,437	\$	9,998,417

Town of Belleair, Florida's Outstanding Debt and Compensated Absences

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Outlook has not changed much from the prior year; local and national economic conditions continue to be showing gradual improvement. Per capita income has increased slightly along with property values.
- The unemployment rate for Pinellas County, Florida for 2020 is 5.7 percent, which was up from 3.2 percent in 2019. This rate rose nationally as well during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare healthy to the national indices.
- The Belleview Place development is nearing completion with townhomes and some mid-rise buildings already receiving certificates of occupancy. This redevelopment is projected to generate additional Ad Valorem revenue in excess of \$400,000 once the project is fully completed. Significant building permit fees should again be collected in the coming year.
- The town sold the Belleview Biltmore Golf Club to Pelican Golf LLC, and the buyer is constructing significant improvements that are expected to have a positive effect on the valuation of the property.
- As chloride levels continue to rise, the town is exploring alternative water source options including Reverse Osmosis, wholesale purchase of water, and sale of the utility.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town of Belleair's annual operating & capital budget for the 2019-20 fiscal year.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Belleair's finances for all those with an interest in such matters. Questions concerning any of the information supplied in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the town's Finance Department, 901 Ponce de Leon Boulevard, Town of Belleair, Florida, 33756. The town's web address is http://www.townofbelleair.com.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section contains the following subsections:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -**Governmental Funds** Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities -**Governmental Funds** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual: General Fund **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements** Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -**Proprietary Funds** Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds **Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements** Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

				Primary Gover	rnme	nt
ASSETS		Governmental Activities	_	Business-type Activities		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	489,022	\$	1,061,555	\$	1,550,577
Investments		12,074,170		2,754,746		14,828,916
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		400,623		550,667		951,290
Prepaid items		627,739		-		627,739
Capital Assets:						
Land		5,637,015		22,950		5,659,965
Buildings and improvements		6,765,495		307,432		7,072,927
Improvements other than buildings		867,039		5,338,481		6,205,520
Equipment		2,221,544		1,412,920		3,634,464
Infrastructure		34,601,921		-		34,601,921
Construction in progress		3,466,700		-		3,466,700
Accumulated depreciation		(15,564,537)		(3,685,770)		(19,250,307)
	•	(,,)	-	(0,000,000)		(
Total Assets		51,586,731		7,762,981		59,349,712
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources related to						
pension plan		149,948		_		149,948
		119,910				119,910
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		141,220		193,444		334,664
Accrued salaries and wages		119,117		30,004		149,121
Accrued interest		10,632		-		10,632
Deposits		-		29,131		29,131
Advance		(430,000)		430,000		-
Non current liabilities:						
Due within one year		943,529		21,675		965,204
Due In More Than One Year:		13,523,210	-	65,023		13,588,233
Total Liabilities		14,307,708		769,277		15,076,985
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources related to						
pension plan		55,261		-		55,261
NET POSITION		, -				, -
Net investment in capital assets		25,303,754		3,396,013		28,699,767
Restricted for:				-,-,-,		
Capital equipment replacement		540,320		-		540,320
Capital projects		10,508,835		-		10,508,835
		, ,				10,000,000
Unrestricted	-	1,020,801	-	3,597,691		4,618,492
Total Net Position	\$	37,373,710	\$	6,993,704	\$	44,367,414

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		Program I	Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
		Tiogrami	Capital		imary Government				
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	<u> </u>			
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total			
Functions/Programs									
Primary government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$ 2,839,553 \$	1,274,041 \$	495,817	\$ (1,069,695) \$	- \$	(1,069,695)			
Public Safety	2,476,292	135,848	-	(2,340,444)	-	(2,340,444)			
Transportation	2,026,694	-	-	(2,026,694)	-	(2,026,694)			
Culture and recreation	274,778	238,077		(36,701)	-	(36,701)			
Interest on long-term debt	313,009		-	(313,009)		(313,009)			
Total governmental activities	7,930,326	1,647,966	495,817	(5,786,543)	-	(5,786,543)			
Business-Type Activities:									
Water	1,834,610	1,770,636	-	-	(63,974)	(63,974)			
Wastewater management	1,248,220	1,254,351	-	-	6,131	6,131			
Solid waste management	936,364	887,845			(48,519)	(48,519)			
Total business-type activities	4,019,194	3,912,832			(106,362)	(106,362)			
Total primary government	\$ <u>11,949,520</u> \$	5,560,798 \$	495,817	(5,786,543)	(106,362)	(5,892,905)			
	General Revenue	s:							
	Property taxe	s		5,112,067	-	5,112,067			
	Utility taxes			857,780	-	857,780			
	Franchise tax	es		424,836	-	424,836			
	Unrestricted								
	Intergovernm	ental							
	Revenues:								
	State reve	nue sharing		100,586	-	100,586			
	Communi	cation services tax	:	159,313	-	159,313			
	Half-cent			248,691	-	248,691			
	Local opt	ion gas tax		49,286	-	49,286			
	Infrastruc	ture sales surtax		474,084	-	474,084			
	Other tax			17,773	-	17,773			
	Unrestricted i	investment earning	S	114,969	28,519	143,488			
	Transfer in(c	out)		(131,776)	131,776	-			
	•	olus property		1,508,752	-	1,508,752			
	Donations			429,125	-	429,125			
	Miscellaneou	S		58,476	37,044	95,520			
	Total Gen	eral Revenues and	transfers	9,423,962	197,339	9,621,301			
	Changes in	n Net Position		3,637,419	90,977	3,728,396			
	Net Position - Beg	ginning		33,736,291	6,902,727	40,639,018			
	Net Position - End	ling		\$ 37,373,710 \$	6,993,704 \$	44,367,414			

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

ASSETS		General	Infrastructure	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	113,192 \$	314,455 \$	61,375	\$ 489,022
Investments		2,104,959	9,328,796	640,415	12,074,170
Receivables (net of allowance					
for uncollectibles):					
Taxes:					
Franchise taxes		47,970	-	-	47,970
Utility taxes		-	105,612	-	105,612
Accounts		19,332	-	-	19,332
Intergovernmental:					
State		65,690	-	-	65,690
County		-	149,858	12,161	162,019
Prepaid items		-	627,739	-	627,739
Advance to Water Fund	-	430,000	-		430,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,781,143 \$	10,526,460 \$	713,951	\$ 14,021,554

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$	97,352 \$ 119,117	17,625 \$	26,243	\$ 141,220 119,117
Total liabilities		216,469	17,625	26,243	260,337
Fund balances: Nonspendable					
Restricted		-	10,508,835	- 687,708	11,196,543
Assigned		92,605	-	-	92,605
Unassigned	-	2,472,069	-	-	 2,472,069
Total fund balances	-	2,564,674	10,508,835	687,708	13,761,217
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,781,143 \$	10,526,460 \$	713,951	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental funds.		37,995,177
Deferred outflows of resources		149,948
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the		
Governmental funds.		(14,477,371)
Deferred inflows of resources	—	(55,261)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	37,373,710

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

				Other Governmental	Total Governmental
REVENUES	_	General	Infrastructure	Funds	Funds
Taxes:					
Property	\$	4,131,134 \$	980,933 \$	- \$	5,112,067
Franchise		424,836	-	-	424,836
Utility		-	857,780	-	857,780
Licenses and permits		568,782	-	-	568,782
Intergovernmental		1,004,889	474,084	66,577	1,545,550
Charges for services		1,066,516	-	9,000	1,075,516
Fines		3,668	-	-	3,668
Investment earnings		30,739	82,086	2,144	114,969
Contributions and donations		29,125	1,908,225	-	1,937,350
Miscellaneous	-	29,371	7,590	<u> </u>	36,961
Total Revenues		7,289,060	4,310,698	77,721	11,677,479
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		2,539,165	-	-	2,539,165
Public safety		2,632,314	-	-	2,632,314
Transportation		806,444	3,989,695	6,687	4,802,826
Culture and recreation		725,800	-	-	725,800
Debt service:					
Principal		62,590	488,043	-	550,633
Interest	-	1,984	312,966		314,950
Total expenditures	_	6,768,297	4,790,704	6,687	11,565,688
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		520,763	(480,006)	71,034	111,791
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Sale of capital assets		527	-	-	527
Proceeds from debt		-	4,705,835	-	4,705,835
Proceeds from insurance		21,515	-	-	21,515
Transfers in		-	48,000	255,989	303,989
Transfers out	-	(135,800)	(131,776)	(168,189)	(435,765)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(113,758)	4,622,059	87,800	4,596,101
Net change in fund balances		407,005	4,142,053	158,834	4,707,892
Fund balances, October 1	-	2,157,669	6,366,782	528,874	9,053,325
Fund balances, September 30	\$ _	2,564,674 \$	10,508,835 \$	687,708 \$	13,761,217

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	4,707,892
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which		
capital outlays exceed depreciation in the current period.		3,428,356
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.	_	(4,498,829)
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$_	3,637,419

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		BUDGETEI	A	MOUNTS		
	_	ORIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET-POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:						
Taxes: Property Franchise Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$	4,112,650 379,000 475,700 547,900 1,151,874	\$	4,112,650 379,000 475,700 480,900 1,176,551	\$ 4,131,134 424,836 568,782 1,004,889 1,066,516	\$ 18,484 45,836 93,082 523,989 (110,035)
Fines		1,200		1,200	3,668	2,468
Investment earnings Contributions and donations		50,000		29,000	30,739 29,125	1,739 29,125
Miscellaneous		34,700		34,700	29,371	(5,329)
TOTAL REVENUES	_	6,753,024		6,689,701	7,289,060	599,359
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government:						
Manager		1,522,600		1,528,048	1,527,362	686
Finance and administration		804,500		1,075,221	856,761	218,460
Comprehensive planning		211,300		177,800	155,042	22,758
Total general government		2,538,400		2,781,069	2,539,165	241,904
Public safety:						
Police		1,795,150		1,829,619	1,826,644	2,975
Fire		622,500		622,500	618,822	3,678
Emergency & Disaster Relief	_	-	•	201,500	186,848	14,652
Total public safety		2,417,650		2,653,619	2,632,314	21,305
Transportation:						
Streets		832,000		822,264	806,444	15,820
Culture and recreation:						
Recreation		825,100		725,959	725,800	159
Debt service:						
Principal		62,590		62,590	62,590	-
Interest		1,984	•	1,984	1,984	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	6,677,724		7,047,485	6,768,297	279,188

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

		BUDGETED AN	MOUNTS		
	_	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET-POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	75,300 \$	(357,784) \$	520,763	\$ 878,547
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Sale of capital assets Proceeds from insurance Transfers in:		2,000 18,500	2,000 18,500	527 21,515	(1,473) 3,015
Capital Equipment Replacement Fund Local Option Gas Tax Fund			10,800		(10,800)
Wastewater Management Transfer out:			68,000		(68,000)
Capital Equipment Replacement Fund Infrastructure Fund	_	(135,800)	(135,800)	(135,800)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(115,300)	(36,500)	(113,758)	(77,258)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(40,000)	(394,284)	407,005	801,289
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1		2,157,669	2,157,669	2,157,669	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30	\$ _	2,117,669 \$	1,763,385 \$	2,564,674	\$ 801,289

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

ASSETS

			Waste- Water		Solid Waste	
	Water		Management		Management	Totals
CURRENT ASSETS:		-		_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,003,486	\$	4,998	\$	53,071	\$ 1,061,555
Investments	1,653,695		250,000		851,051	2,754,746
Accounts receivable						-
(net of allowance for						
uncollectible accounts)	 226,470	-	198,246	-	125,951	 550,667
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	2,883,651		453,244		1,030,073	4,366,968
NONCURRENT ASSETS:						
Capital Assets:						
Land	22,950		-		-	22,950
Buildings	307,432		-		-	307,432
Improvements other						
than buildings	5,338,481		-		-	5,338,481
Equipment	 619,484	-	-	-	793,436	 1,412,920
			-			
Less accumulated depreciation	 3,172,469	-	-	-	513,301	 3,685,770
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF						
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION)	 3,115,878	-	-	_	280,135	 3,396,013
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,999,529	\$	453,244	\$	1,310,208	\$ 7,762,981

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

				Waste- Water		Solid Waste		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		Water	-	Management		Management		Totals
Accounts payable	\$	63,264	\$	107,800	\$	22,380	\$	193,444
Accrued payroll	Ψ	18,278	Ψ		Ψ	11,726	Ψ	30,004
Compensated absences		10,720	-	-	· <u> </u>	10,955	·	21,675
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		92,262		107,800		45,061		245,123
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:								
Utility deposits		29,131		-		-		29,131
Advance from General Fund		430,000		-		-		430,000
Compensated absences	_	32,158	· -	-	-	32,865	·	65,023
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	_	491,289	· -	-	· -	32,865	. <u> </u>	524,154
TOTAL LIABILITIES		583,551		107,800		77,926		769,277
NET POSITION								
Invested in capital assets		3,115,878		-		280,135		3,396,013
Unrestricted		2,300,100		345,444	-	952,147		3,597,691
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	5,415,978	\$	345,444	\$	1,232,282	\$	6,993,704

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	_	Water	Waste- Water Management	Solid Waste Management	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for sales and services	\$	1,770,636	\$ 1,254,351	\$ 887,845 \$	3,912,832
Total operating revenues		1,770,636	1,254,351	887,845	3,912,832
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personal services		579,046	-	354,731	933,777
Materials and supplies		980,716		264,205	1,244,921
Utilities		122,489	1,248,220	610	1,371,319
Garbage and trash disposal		-	-	249,996	249,996
Depreciation	_	152,359		66,822	219,181
Total operating expenses	_	1,834,610	1,248,220	936,364	4,019,194
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(63,974)	6,131	(48,519)	(106,362)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest revenue		22,667	-	5,852	28,519
Grant		-	-	2,863	2,863
Other income	_	1,542		24,946	26,488
Total nonoperating revenues	_	24,209		33,661	57,870
Income (loss) before contributions					
and transfers		(39,765)	6,131	(14,858)	(48,492)
Capital contributions - tap fees		7,693	-	-	7,693
Transfers in		131,776	-	-	131,776
Transfers (out)	_			<u> </u>	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		99,704	6,131	(14,858)	90,977
NET POSITION -					
Beginning of Year	_	5,316,274	339,313	1,247,140	6,902,727
NET POSITION -					
End of Year	\$	5,415,978	\$ 345,444	\$ 1,232,282 \$	6,993,704

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	_	Water		Waste- Water Management	_	Solid Waste Management		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,745,423	\$	1,208,152	\$	877,615	\$	3,831,190
Payments to suppliers for goods		(1.040.560)		(1.226.020)		(510, 620)		(0.70 (1.4 ()
and services Payments to employees for services		(1,048,569) (600,756)		(1,236,938)		(510,639) (342,925)		(2,796,146) (943,681)
r dyments to employees for services	_	(000,750)			-	(312,723)		() 13,001)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY								
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		96,098		(28,786)		24,051		91,363
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Other income	_	1,542		-	_	27,809		29,351
NET CASH USED BY NONCAPITAL								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		1,542		-		27,809		29,351
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Proceeds from capital contributions								
for tap fees		7,693		-		-		7,693
Transfer in		131,776						.,
Purchases of capital assets	_	(153,465)		-				(153,465)
NET CASH USED FOR CADITAL AND								
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(13,996)		_		_		(13,996)
		(10,550)						(10,550)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING								
ACTIVITIES:								
Purchase of investments Proceeds from sales and maturities		(16,708)		(10,200)		(16,734)		(43,642)
of investments		953,783		18,779		11,993		984,555
Repayment of Advance to General Fund		(40,000)				-		(40,000)
Interest on investments		22,667		-		5,852		28,519
	_							
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) IN		010 742		8.570		1 1 1 1		020 422
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	919,742	-	8,579	-	1,111		929,432
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH								
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,003,386		(20,207)		52,971		1,036,150
CASH AND CASH FOUNTAL ENTS								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, OCTOBER 1		100		25,205		100		25,405
	_	100	-	20,200	-			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,	¢	1 000 101 +		1 0 0 0	<i>ф</i>			1.041.777
SEPTEMBER 30	\$ =	1,003,486 \$	=	4,998	\$ =	53,071 \$	=	1,061,555

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (Continued)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Water	Waste- Water Management	Solid Waste Management	Totals
		INCOME (LOSS) TO NE PERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income (loss):	\$ (63,974)	\$ 6,131 \$	(48,519) \$	(106,362)
Adjustments to reconcile operating				
income to net cash provided (used)				
by operating activities:				
Depreciation	152,359	-	66,822	219,181
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts	(15.222)	(16.100)	(10.000)	(21 250)
receivable	(15,323)	(46,199)	(10,230)	(71,752)
Increase (decrease) in accounts	54 (2)	11 292	4 170	70.000
payable Increase (decrease) in accrued	54,636	11,282	4,172	70,090
payroll	1,322		2,778	4,100
Increase (decrease) in compensated	1,322	-	2,778	4,100
absences	(23,032)		9,028	(14,004)
Increase (decrease) in utility	(23,032)		,,020	(11,001)
deposits	(9,890)			(9,890)
Total adjustments	160,072	(34,917)	72,570	197,725
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$	96,098 \$	(28,786) \$	24,051 \$	91,363

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUND

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Assets

		_	Police Pension Fund
Receivables:			
Intergovernmental revenue		\$	57,098
Interest and dividends		-	683
Total receivables			57,781
Investment at fair value:			
U. S. Government agency securities			1,125
Domestic fixed income investment funds			1,547,942
International fixed income investment fund			142,292
Domestic equity investment funds			1,336,921
Domestic stock			875,774
International equity investment fund			737,388
Temporary investments		-	64,754
Total investments			4,706,196
Prepaid expenses		_	2,526
Total assets			4,766,503
	Liabilities		
Accounts payable			13,884
Accounts payable, broker dealers		-	944
Total liabilities		-	14,828
Net position restricted			
for pensions		\$ _	4,751,675

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	P	Police ension Fund
ADDITIONS:		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	297,808
Plan members		56,927
Total contributions		354,735
Intergovernmental revenue:		
State excise tax rebate		57,098
Investment earnings (loss): Net realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		308,569
Interest and dividends		127,762
Investment earnings		436,331
Less investment expenses		27,753
Net investment earnings		408,578
Total additions		820,411
DEDUCTIONS:		
Benefits		330,538
Administrative expenses		36,245
Total deductions		366,783
Net increase in net position		453,628
Net position restricted for pensions: October 1		4,298,047
Net position restricted for pensions: September 30	\$	4,751,675

NOTES TO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The Town of Belleair (Town) maintains its accounting records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below:

<u>Reporting Entity</u> - The Town is a political subdivision of the State of Florida, located in Pinellas County in the west central portion of the state. The Town was incorporated in 1925 under the provisions of the Laws of Florida, Chapter 10335 and since that time has operated under the same charter. The Town is approximately 2.5 square miles in area. The Town is a full service municipality providing its citizens with a full complement of municipal services. In addition, the Town owns and operates three utilities including: a water production and distribution system; a wastewater collection and treatment system; and a solid waste removal system.

In evaluating how to define the Town of Belleair, Florida (the primary government), for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, the Financial Reporting entity.

This governmental accounting standard requires that this financial statement present the Town of Belleair (the primary government) and its component units. Component units generally are legally separate entities for which a primary government is financially accountable. Financial accountability ordinarily involves meeting both of the following criteria: the primary government is accountable for the potential component unit (i.e., the primary government appoints the voting majority of its board) and the primary government is able to impose its will upon the potential component unit, or there is a possibility that the potential component unit may provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The Town's police officers' defined benefit pension fund is included in these financial statements as a pension fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

<u>Police Officers' Pension Fund</u> - The Town's police officers participate in the police officers' pension plan. The plan was created by the Town Commission under Florida Statutes Chapter 185 to provide pension services solely to the Town, functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two police officers, two Town residents and a fifth member elected by the other four members constitute the pension board. The Town and the plan participants are obligated to fund all plan costs based upon actuarial valuations. The Town is authorized to establish benefit levels and the board of pension trustees approves the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 the Town adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans which became effective for fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the Town adopted (GASB) Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. Since separate trust financial statements have not been issued for this police pension plan. The police pension plan is only reported as a fiduciary fund in these statements. All of the disclosures required by GASB 67 have been reported in these statements. Further, the Town has chosen to use September 30, 2020 as the measurement date for GASB 68 reporting purposes. This statement changes the focus of pension accounting for employers from where they are responsibly funding their plan over time to a point-in-time liability that is reflected in the employer's financial statements for any actuarially unfunded portion of pension benefits to date.

The Police Officers' Pension Fund financial statements include solely the account of the plan which include all programs, activities and functions relating to the accumulation and investment of the assets and related income necessary to provide the service, disability and death benefits required under the terms of the plan and the amendments thereto.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

<u>Employees' 401 (K) Fund</u> - The Town's full-time employees not covered under the police officers' pension plan participate in the Employees' 401(K) Plan. The plan is governed by a four-member retirement plan committee. The Town manager, the mayor and two representatives of the Town's finance committee constitute the retirement plan committee. The plan provides that the Town will match the participants' contributions with an employer contribution of nine percent of earnings. The participants are required to contribute at least three percent of their compensation to be eligible for the matching contribution.

Complete custodial statements of the above individual funds can be obtained from: Town of Belleair, finance director's office, 901 Ponce de Leon Boulevard, Belleair, Florida 33756.

<u>Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u> - As discussed more fully in Note 20 the town has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments." The government-wide financial statements required under this statement (the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds (i.e. the pension trust fund) are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Receivables and payables</u> - Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources/Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - GASB Concept Statement No. 4 "Elements of Financial Statements" introduced two new elements of the financial statements in addition to Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (changed to Net Position) which are:

Deferred Outflows of Resources - is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Deferred Inflows of Resources - is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

GASB Statement No. 63 "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" provides financial reporting guidance for Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of resources and also identifies Net Position (replacing Net Assets) as the residual of all the elements (Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources) presented in a statement of financial position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Deferred Outflows of Resources/Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65 "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities" establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

The Town has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- A. Pension contributions after measurement date. These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.
- B. Difference in projected and actual earning on pension assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five year period.

All tax, accounts and intergovernmental receivables, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles including those for the sewer and solid waste management enterprise funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Since the governmental fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the same page or the page following each statement, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund based financial statements to the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation.

The Town's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (pension). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third-party (pension participants) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation-</u> The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenues and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the town.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *infrastructure fund* accounts for the capital projects funded by the infrastructure sales surtax.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water fund</u> - to account for the assets, operation and maintenance of the town-owned water system.

Wastewater management - to account for operation of the sewer system.

<u>Solid waste management</u> - accounts for the assets, operation and maintenance of the town-owned refuse disposal system.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund type:

<u>Pension fund</u> - accounts for the activities of the public safety employees' pension plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water, wastewater and solid waste functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's water, wastewater management and solid waste management enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity:

<u>Deposits and investments</u> - The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

The Town's investment policy is to maintain funds in investments which yield the highest possible efficiency and return within the limitations established by Florida Statutes, Chapter 166.261. Provisions of those statutes authorize the Town to invest in:

- a) Florida State Board of Administration Local Government Pooled Investment Fund.
- b) Bonds, notes or other obligations of the United States or for which the credit of the United States is pledged for the payment thereof.
- c) Interest-bearing time deposits, savings accounts or collective investment funds in banks or savings and loan associations organized under the laws of the United States.
- d) Obligations of the federal farm credit banks and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.
- e) Obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association and the Government National Mortgage Association.

Investments in fixed income securities are stated at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The Florida State Board of Administration Local Government Pooled Investment Fund has met the criteria to be considered a "2A-7 like" Investment Fund as defined by GASB Statement No. 31. Therefore, amortized cost may be used for valuation. The fair value of the Town's investment in this pool is determined by the pool's share price (account balance).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Investments held by the Town's police officers' pension plan are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

<u>Property Taxes</u> - Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the county property appraiser and county tax collector.

The tax levy of the town is established by the town commission prior to October 1 of each year and the Pinellas County Property Appraiser incorporates the town's millages into the total tax levy, which includes the Pinellas County School Board tax requirements. The town is permitted by state law to levy taxes up to ten mills of assessed valuation, exclusive of taxes levied for the payment of bonds. The 2020 millage rate assessed by the town was 6.5000.

All property is reassessed according to its fair market value January 1 of each year. Each assessment roll is submitted to the executive director of the state department of revenue for review to determine if the rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of state statutes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All tax, accounts and intergovernmental receivables, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles including those for the water, wastewater and solidwaste management enterprise funds.

All taxes are due and payable on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the tax collector. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January and 1% in the month of February. The taxes paid in March are without discount.

Delinquent taxes on real property bear interest at 18% per year. On or prior to June 1 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on property. After sale, tax certificates bear interest at 18% per year or at any lower rate bid by the buyer. Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the certificate holder after a period of two years.

Delinquent taxes on personal property bear interest at 18% per year until the tax is satisfied either by seizure and sale of the property or by the five-year statute of limitations.

Because of the Pinellas County Tax Collector's Office efficient system for selling tax certificates and remitting the proceeds to the Town, any delinquent or uncollected property taxes at year end are immaterial. The Town's tax calendar is as follows:

Valuation Date:	January 1
Levy Date:	November 1
Due Date:	March 31, succeeding year
Lien Date:	April 1, succeeding year

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

<u>Franchise Fees</u> - The Town's franchise fees are based on payments to the Town which equal a percentage of the grantees' gross revenues net of any customer credits. The Town's current grantees include the electric and the natural gas utilities.

<u>Utility Tax</u> - The Town's utility tax represents billed stormwater fees as well as electric utility taxes. The stormwater fee is charged on each utility bill based on the amount of impervious surface area on the parcel. Electric utility tax payment to the Town equal a percentage of the grantees' gross revenues on eligible billed services.

<u>Capital assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, seawalls and stormlines), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the date of donation.

Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement should be reported at acquisition value rather than fair value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred, if any, during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued</u>

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	45 - 55
Building improvements	20 - 30
Improvements other than buildings	45 - 55
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15
Infrastructure	45 - 60

<u>Compensated absences</u> - It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits.

Regular, full-time, permanent employees earn vacation and sick leave starting with the first day of employment.

Vacation leave is earned based on years of continuous and creditable service as follows:

Years	Total
of Service	Days Per Year
1 to 5	10
5 to 15	15
15 years and over	20

A maximum of thirty days vacation leave may be carried over from one year to the next. An employee who has served one year or more and who voluntarily terminates employment with the Town is paid for any unused vacation leave accumulated to the time of termination.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of eight hours for each month of service and shall be cumulative up to a maximum of four hundred eighty hours all employees (both union and non-union). Each year employees have the option of receiving a lump-sum payment for sick leave earned in excess of eighty hours. Upon termination, providing the employee has two continuous years of service and that termination is not a dismissal, the employee is entitled to a lump-sum payment for all accrued unused sick leave.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in long-term debt. No expenditure is reported for these amounts. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

All sick and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

<u>Long-term obligations</u> - In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

<u>Fund equity</u> - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balances for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

<u>Net position</u> - The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is presented in three components - net investment in capital assets, restrict, and unrestricted.

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. This component does not include the position of debt attributable to the unspent proceeds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Restricted - This component consists of net position that have constraints placed on them either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$6,657,800 of restricted net position, which is restricted by enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" and "restricted".

Nature and Purpose of Classifications of Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either by

a) constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or

b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation are classified as restricted fund balances.

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Commission through a resolution are classified as committed fund balances. Amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes but are not either restricted nor committed are classified as assigned fund balances. Assignments are made by the Town's management based on Commission direction. Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Fund Balance Policy

The Town hereby establishes and will maintain Fund Balance, as defined herein, in accordance with Governmental Accounting and Financial Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. Fund Balance shall be composed of non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned amounts.

A Fund Balance Policy is adopted in order to secure and maintain investment-grade credit ratings, meet seasonal shortfalls in cash flow, and reduce susceptibility to emergency or unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls. Fund balance information is used to identify the available resources to repay long-term debt, reduce property taxes, add new governmental programs, expand existing ones, or enhance the financial position of the Town, in accordance with policies established by the Town Commission.

This Fund Balance Policy establishes:

- a. Fund balance policy for the general fund;
- b. The method of budgeting the amount of estimated unrestricted fund balance (also known as estimated beginning fund balance) available for appropriation during the annual budget adoption process (prior to the actual, audited fund balance being known) and what actions may need to be taken if the actual fund balance is significantly different than the budgeted fund balance; and
- c. Establish the spending order of fund balances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

NON-SPENDABLE FUND BALANCE

Amounts that are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE

Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers such as creditors (by debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

COMMITTED FUND BALANCE

Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Town Commission, the highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Town Commission taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

This includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Town Manager that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Assignments are made by the Town Manager based on Commission direction.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

MINIMUM LEVEL OF UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

If, after the annual audit, prior or committed or assigned fund balance causes the unassigned fund balance to fall below 20% of General Fund operating expenditures, the Manager will so advise the Commission in order for the necessary action to be taken to restore the unassigned fund balance to 20% of General Fund operating expenditures.

The Manager will prepare and submit a plan for Commission for assigned fund balance reduction, expenditure reductions and/or revenue increases to Commission. The Town shall take action necessary to restore the unassigned fund balance to acceptable levels within two years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

The Town policy hereby established the following assigned fund balance reserves in the General Fund:

Assignment to Subsequent Year's Budget - the subsequent year's budget fund balance reserve is assigned by Commission as set forth in the annual budget (and any amendments thereto) to appropriate a portion of existing unassigned fund balance to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent year's budget in an amount no greater than the projected excess of expected expenditures over revenues.

<u>Comparative data/reclassifications</u> - Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual pension funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

<u>Subsequent Events</u> - On January 20, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the Town's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Town is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2020.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 30, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were officially available to be issued.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. <u>Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

a. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance* - *total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The detail of this \$23,612,493 difference is as follows:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Governmental capital assets	\$	53,559,714		
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(15,564,537)	-	
			\$	37,995,177
Certain deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension plan.				149,948
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.				
Other post-employment benefits (OPEB)		(698,000)		
2019 A revenue bond		(7,313,000)		
2018 B revenue bond		(4,687,000)		
Equipment loan		(32,010)		
Lease		(659,413)		
Accrued interest		(10,632)		
Compensated absences	_	(431,809)	_	
				(13,831,864)
Certain liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
Net pension liability		(645,507)		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	-	(55,261)	_	
				(700,768)
Net adjustment to increase <i>fund balance - total Governmental funds</i> to arrive at <i>net position -</i> Governmental activities			\$	23,612,493

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

2. <u>Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)</u>

b. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expenses." The details of this \$3,428356 difference are as follows

Capital outlay	\$ 4,656,417
Depreciation expense	 (1,228,061)
Net adjustment to increase <i>net changes in fund balances</i> - <i>total governmental funds</i> to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,428,356

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$(4,498,829) difference are as follows:

Principal payment on bond	\$ 435,000
Principal payment on equipment loan	62,590
Principal payment on lease	53,043
Proceeds from debt	(4,705,835)
Compensated absences	(48,164)
OPEB obligation	(292,881)
Pension expense	(4,523)
Accrued interest	1,941

Net adjustment to increase *net changes in fund balances* total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities

\$ (4,498,829)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

3. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u>

<u>Budgetary information</u> - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and the enterprise funds and are controlled on a fund and department level. The Town adopts project-length budgets for its infrastructure capital projects fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

In accordance with the requirements of Section 4.04(c) of the Town's charter, budgetary data for the Town's enterprise funds have been reported in the combining and individual fund section of this report. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts within departments; however, any revision that alters the total expenditures of any department or fund must be approved by the Town Commission.

On or before May 31 of each year, all departments of the Town submit requests for appropriation to the Town Manager so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the Town Commission for review before August 1. The Town Commission holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the Town Manager or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the Town Commission.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the departmental level. During the year one supplementary appropriation was necessary.

Encumbrances accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

<u>Establishment/Elimination of Funds</u> - No funds were established or eliminated during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

4. Deposits

At year-end the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$1,550,577 and the bank balance was \$1,795,939. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and, for the amount in excess of such federal depository insurance, by the State of Florida's Security for Public Deposits Act. Provisions of the act require that public deposits may only be made at qualified public depositories. The act requires each qualified public depository to deposit with the state treasurer eligible collateral equal to or in excess of the required collateral as determined by the provisions of the act. In the event of a failure by a qualified public depository, losses in excess of federal depository insurance and proceeds from the sale of the securities pledged by the defaulting depository, are assessed against the other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

5. Investments

Investments that are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form include investments in open-ended mutual funds and pools managed by other governments.

	_	Fair Value	Bond Rating	Weighted Average Duration (Years)
Investments not subject to categorization:				
U.S. Government Securities and Agencies	\$	1,125	AA	Daily
Domestic fixed income investment funds		1,547,942	AA	Daily
International fixed income investment fund		142,292	AAA	Daily
Domestic Stock		875,774	N/A	N/A
Domestic equity investment funds		1,336,921	N/A	N/A
International equity investment fund		737,388	N/A	N/A
Temporary investments		64,754	N/A	N/A
Florida State Board of Administration Local				
Government Pooled Investment Fund (SBA)		11,264,489	Not Rated	N/A
Florida Safe Investment Fund	_	3,564,427	Not Rated	N/A
Total investments	\$	19,535,112		

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment in debt securities. Generally, the longer the time to maturity, the greater the exposure to interest rate risk. The Town manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates through its adopted investment policies. The Town limits the effective duration of its investment portfolio through the adoption of nationally recognized risk measure bench marks.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Credit risk is the risk that a debt issuer will not fulfill its obligations. Consistent with chapter 218 of the Florida Statutes the Town's investment guidelines limit its fixed income investments to a quality rating of 'A' or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating service at the time of purchase. Fixed income investments which are downgraded to 'BAA' or equivalent must be liquidated within a reasonable period of time not to exceed twelve months. Fixed income investments which are downgraded below 'BAA' shall be liquidated immediately.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

5. Investments (Continued)

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the Plan may not recover cash and investments held by another party in the event of a financial failure. The Plan requires all securities to be held by a third party custodian in the name of the Plan. Securities transactions between a broker-dealer and the custodian involving the purchase or sale of securities must be made on a "delivery vs. payment" basis to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in hand at the conclusion of the transaction. The investments in mutual funds are considered *unclassified* pursuant to the custodial credit risk categories of GASB Statement No. 3, because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

The Town has adopted a written investment policy in accordance with Florida Statute 218(16). That statute is intended to minimize interest rate, credit and custodial risk by directing the Town to invest only in authorized investments summarized as follows:

- (a) The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund or any Intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act as provided in s. 163.01.
- (b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- (c) Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories as defined in s. 280.02.
- (d) Direct obligations of the United States Treasury.
- (e) Federal agencies and instrumentalities.
- (f) Securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end managementtype investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. ss. 80a-1 et seq., as amended from time to time, provided that the portfolio of such investment company or investment trust is limited to obligations of the United States Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States Government obligations, and provided that such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

5. <u>Investments (Continued)</u>

The investment in the MBS-FNMA 30 year conventional represents the purchase of a security as a part of an overnight repurchase agreement under a bank sweep account contract. Terms of the master repurchase agreement permit investment only in U.S. government or agency securities. At September 30, 2020 this investment was held by the Town's bank in the Town's name and is recorded in the general fund.

Investments in common stock, U.S. government and agency bonds and investment funds are assets of the Town's police officers' pension plan and are traded on a national securities exchange and are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the year.

The temporary federated treasury fund is an asset of the Town's police officers' pension plan. The fair value of this investment was determined by the funds' share price as of September 30, 2020.

The State Board of Administration (SBA) was established on June 21, 1928, pursuant to chapter 14486, 1929, Laws of Florida. The SBA was subsequently created as a constitutional body corporate on January 1, 1943, under the provisions of senate joint resolution No. 324, 1941; approved by the electorate in November 1942. The SBA is composed of the Governor, as chairman, the state treasurer, as treasurer, and the state Comptroller, as Secretary, and provides the following services by law: (1) investment of funds of the Florida Retirement System (FRS); (2) administration of debt service funds; (3) investment of trust and agency funds; and (4) distribution of the "second gas tax."

The local government pooled investment fund is governed by ch. 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code, which identifies the rules of the State Board of Administration. These rules provide guidance and establish the general operating procedures for the administration of the local government pooled investment fund. Additionally, the Office of the Auditor General performs the operational audit of the activities and investments of the State Board of Administration.

Since the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) local government pooled investment fund typically owns a substantial amount of treasury bills and notes, the fund has utilized security lending programs to generate supplemental income. This income is used to pay a significant portion of the fees associated with the fund which otherwise would have

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

5. <u>Investments (Continued</u>)

to be paid from regular fund earnings. Any residual is used to build the fund's reserve on behalf of participants. Both of these goals have been accomplished without impacting the regular earnings in the fund with no change in the fund's investment strategy. The investment in the Florida SBA pool is carried at the pool's share price at September 30, 2020. The Florida SBA and the Florida safe investment fund are both 2a-7 like pools.

The Florida SAFE Investment Pool (FLSAFE) is an independent local government investment pool created under the laws of Florida to provide eligible units of local government with investment vehicles to pool their surplus funds. FLSAFE investment pools are Stable Net Asset Value investment pools rated AAAm by Standard & Poors. The investment advisor and administrator for the FLSAFE investment pool is PMA Financial Network.

Florida Safe Investment Pool (FLSAFE) has no unfunded commitments and all provide same day or next day redemption. The investment strategies prioritize safety of principal and liquidity over return, consistent with the Town's investment strategy, investing in high-quality short-term investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

6. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at of September 30, 2020 for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are summarized as follows:

	_	General	Infra- structure	<u>.</u>	Water	N	Waste- Water Management	_	Solid Waste Management	_	Nonmajor and Other Funds		Police ension	Total
Receivables:														
Taxes	\$	47,970	\$ 105,612	2 \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	5	- \$	153,582
Accounts		19,332		-	251,470		213,246		135,951		-		683	620,682
Intergovernmental	_	65,690	149,85	3	_		_	_	_	_	12,161		57,098	284,807
Gross receivables		132,992	255,470)	251,470		213,246		135,951		12,161		57,781	1,059,071
Less: Allowance for														
uncollectibles	_				25,000		15,000	_	10,000	-	-		<u> </u>	50,000
Net total receivables	\$	132,992	\$ <u>255,47</u>	2 \$	226,470	\$	198,246	\$	125,951	\$	12,161 \$	5	57,781 \$	1,009,071

As the operator of three utilities, (water, wastewater management and solid waste management enterprise funds) the Town grants credit to their customers, substantially all of whom are Town residents.

Revenues of the water, wastewater and solid waste funds are reported net of uncollectible amounts. There were no uncollectible amounts related to revenues that were written off during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

7. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

Capital asset activity for the	Balance October 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	S: Balance September 30, 2020
Governmental activities:				
Land	\$ 5,637,015	5 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,637,015
Construction in Progress		3,466,700		3,466,700
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,637,015	3,466,700	-	9,103,715
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	5,973,181	792,314	-	6,765,495
Improvements other than buildings	554,625	312,414	-	867,039
Machinery and Equipment	2,819,648		(598,104)	2,221,544
Infrastructure	34,516,932	84,989		34,601,921
Total capital assets, being depreciated	43,864,386	5 1,189,717	(598,104)	44,455,999
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(1,674,566)	(135,290)	-	(1,809,856)
Improvements other than buildings	(335,142)	(94,248)	-	(429,390)
Machinery and equipment	(1,519,625)	(287,210)	598,104	(1,208,731)
Infrastructure	(11,405,247)	(711,313)		(12,116,560)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,934,580)	(1,228,061)	598,104	(15,564,537)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	28,929,806	(38,344)		28,891,462
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 34,566,821	\$ 3,428,356	\$	\$ 37,995,177

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

7. <u>Capital Assets (Continued</u>)

	Balance October 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance September 30, 2020
Business-type activities:		mercases	Decreases	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 22,950	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,950
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	22,950	-	-	22,950
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	307,432	-	-	307,432
Improvements other than buildings	5,206,705	131,776	-	5,338,481
Machinery and Equipment	1,434,470	21,689	(43,239)	1,412,920
Total capital assets, being depreciated	6,948,607	153,465	(43,239)	7,058,833
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(289,598)	(1,484)	-	(291,082)
Improvements other than buildings	(2,234,198)	(120,623)	-	(2,354,821)
Machinery and equipment	(985,420)	(97,074)	42,627	(1,039,867)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,509,216)	(219,181)	42,627	(3,685,770)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	3,439,391	(65,716)	(612)	3,373,063
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$3,462,341	\$ (65,716)	\$(612)	\$3,396,013

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

7. <u>Capital Assets (Continued</u>)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 292,164
Public safety	29,653
Streets	885,933
Culture and recreation	 20,311
Total depreciation expenses - governmental activities	\$ 1,228,061
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 152,359
Wastewater	-
Solid waste	 66,822
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 219,181

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

8. Interfund Transfers

Transfers were made from the Capital Equipment Replacement and Infrastructure Funds to subsidize the budgeted acquisition of capital asset additions for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

The remaining transfers were made to cover budgeted expenses/expenditures for 2020.

	_	Transfers In	_	Transfers Out
General fund	\$	-	\$	135,800
Infrastructure fund		48,000		131,776
Water fund		131,776		-
Nonmajor governmental funds	_	255.989	_	168,189
Total	\$	435,765	\$_	435,765

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

9. Intra-Governmental Charges

The costs of certain general and administrative functions of the Town are recorded and controlled in the general fund. These administrative costs have been allocated to the Town's enterprise funds for the year ended September 30, 2020, as shown in the following table:

Enterprise Fund	Administrative Costs Allocated					
Water Solid Waste Management	\$	364,050 209,600				
Total	\$	573,650				

10. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt includes accrued leave as of September 30, 2020:

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term debt:

	Balance				Balance	Due Within	
	October 1		Additions	Reductions	September 30	One Year	
Governmental activities:							
Revenue bonds	\$ 7,705,000	\$	- \$	7,705,000 \$	- \$	-	
2019A Revenue bond		-	7,313,000	-	7,313,000	582,950	
2019B Revenue bond		-	4,687,000	-	4,687,000	164,650	
Facility lease	712,456	5	-	53,043	659,413	55,967	
Equipment loan	94,600)	-	62,590	32,010	32,010	
Accrued leave	383,645	i	48,164	-	431,809	107,952	
Net pension liability	596,895	i	48,612	-	645,507	-	
Other post-employment							
benefits (OPEB)	405,119)	292,881	-	698,000	-	
Total Government activities	9,897,715	; = =	12,389,657	7,820,633 \$	14,466,739 \$	943,529	
Business-type activities:							
Accrued leave	\$ 100,702	\$	46,564 \$	60,568 \$	86,698 \$	21,675	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

10. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund for governmental activities. The general fund has typically been used to liquidate pension liabilities. The general fund, water fund, and solidwaste management fund typically have been used to liquidate other post-employment benefit liabilities.

Capital Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2021

On September 19, 2012, the Town Commission adopted Resolution 2012-37 to approve the issuance of \$10,000,000 of revenue bonds. The bonds are to finance a portion of the construction of stormwater and roadway improvements and a new municipal services building.

Pledged revenues for these bonds are sales surtax revenues, public service utility tax revenues, and stormwater fee revenues.

BB&T Bond Issuance

September 21, 2012 through October 1, 2032
\$10,000,000
3.61%
\$340,000 to \$685,000
<u>\$ -0-</u>

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the balance of \$7,705,000 for these revenue bonds was paid off.

Some of the proceeds from the 2019A and 2019B bonds were used to repay this debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

10. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

SunTrust Equipment Loan

On March 30, 2016 the Town entered into a loan agreement with SunTrust Bank for \$300,000. The Town Commission adopted Resolution 2016-03 authorizing the execution of the loan agreement.

Term:	March 30, 2016 through September 30, 2021
Amount issued:	\$300,000
Interest rate:	3.00%
Annual Debt Service	\$63,843
Amount outstanding at	
September 30, 2020:	<u>\$ 32,010</u>

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	
2021	\$ <u>32,010</u>	\$ <u>278</u>	\$ <u>32,288</u>	
	\$32,010	\$ <u>278</u>	\$32,288	

Facility lease

On March 6, 2018, the Town entered into a master lease agreement with the City National Capital Finance, Inc. for \$762,390. The Town Commission adopted Resolution 2018-16 authorizing the execution of the lease agreement.

Term:	March 6, 2018 through April 1, 2030
Amount:	\$762,390
Interest rate:	3.529%
Annual Debt Service	\$78,716
Amount outstanding at	
September 30, 2020	<u>\$ 659,413</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

10. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Lease (Continued)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	 Principal		Interest		Debt Service
2021	\$ 55,967	\$	22,749	\$	78,716
2022	57,960		20,756		78,716
2023	60,024		18,692		78,716
2024	62,160		16,556		78,716
2025	64,374		14,342		78,716
2026-2030	 358,928		34,652		393,580
	\$ 659,413	\$	127,747	\$	787,160

Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond Series 2019A

On October 15, 2019, the Town Commission adopted Resolution 2019-21 to approve the issuance of \$7,313,000 of revenue bonds. The bonds are for the purpose of refunding all of the outstanding Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2012.

Pledged revenues are non-ad valorem funds.

October 17, 2019 through October 1, 2032
\$7,313,000
2.46%
\$493,000 to \$647,000
<u>\$ 7,313,000</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

10. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond Series 2019A (Continued)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	<u>P</u>	rincipal	Interest	Debt Service	
2021	\$	493,000	\$ 171,904	\$ 664,904	
2022		496,000	167,772	663,772	
2023		507,000	155,571	662,571	
2024		522,000	143,098	665,098	
2025		532,000	130,257	662,257	
2026-2030	2	2,868,000	448,114	3,316,114	
2031-2033	1	,895,000	93,947	1,988,947	
	\$ <u>7</u>	7,313,000	\$ <u>1,310,663</u>	\$ <u>8,623,663</u>	

Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond Series 2019B

On November 5, 2019 the Town Commission adopted Resolution 2019-24 to approve the issuance of \$4,687,000 of revenue fonds. The bonds are to finance capital improvement projects.

Pledged revenues are non-ad valorem funds.

Term:	November 7, 2019 through October 1, 2034
Amount issued:	\$4,687,000
Interest rate:	2.46%
Annual Debt Service	\$107,000 to \$949,000
Amount outstanding at	
September 30, 2020:	<u>\$ 4,687,000</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

10. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond Series 2019B (Continued)

		Principal	 Interest		bebt Service
2021	\$	107,000	\$ 113,984	\$	220,984
2022		196,000	110,257		306,257
2023		202,000	105,362		307,362
2024		205,000	100,356		305,356
2025		212,000	95,227		307,227
2026-2030		1,138,000	394,534		1,532,534
2031-2034		2,627,000	 212,876		2,839,876
	\$ <u></u>	4,687,000	\$ 1,132,596	\$	5,819,596

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

11. Detail of Constraints on Fund Balances of General Fund

	General Fund		
Fund balances:			
Assigned:			
Recreation donations	\$ 74,874		
Master landscaping	12,533		
Police equipment	 5,198		
Total assigned	92,605		
Unassigned:	 2,472,069		
Total fund balances	\$ 2,564,674		

12. Lease Commitments

The Town currently leases certain equipment under a month-to-month operating lease. Total lease expense for 2020 was \$5,739. The following is a schedule of future minimum annual lease payments remaining under this lease.

Year	Amount
2021 2022	\$ 1,705 1,705
Total	\$ <u>3,410</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

13. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In an effort to reduce the rising costs of commercial insurance, the Town purchases all of its insurance coverages from Public Risk Management of Florida (PRM). The Town does not retain any risk of loss as a member of the PRM program which operates as any commercial insurance carrier.

The PRM program is structured under a protected self-insured retention insurance program with the following retention levels:

· Property	\$200,000
• Liability	\$200,000
· Errors and Omissions	\$200,000
· Workers' Compensation	\$650,000
• Crime	\$ 25,000

This is a "protected self-insurance retention program," not a self-funded program with insurance.

Specific excess insurance provides coverage to losses above the self-insured retention. A loss fund which is funded 100% by the program's members on a pro-rata basis pays the self insured retention amounts.

In the event that the loss fund is exhausted, stop loss insurance is provided. The only deductible payable by members is \$1,000 for property, inland marine, automobile physical damage and crime. In the event of a hurricane a Shared Named Wind Deductible is 3% of total value per Unit involved in the loss. Cyber liability has been recently added to the coverage and the deductible is \$5,000 per loss. Members' contributions are allocated into three categories as follows:

· insurance premiums

· loss fund (paid annually as part of the Town's insurance premium)

 \cdot administrative costs

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

13. Risk Management (Continued)

The excess insurance carriers and their coverage areas are summarized as follows:

Carrier	Coverage
Markel	excess property, general liability & law enforcement
Markel & NY Marine	
& General Insurance Company	excess workers' compensation
Chartis	crime

The PRM program provides specified insurance coverages for 61 governmental entities. The major benefits of such a pooling approach include:

- 1) Broader insurance coverage through mass purchasing power;
- 2) The reduction of insurance costs, with some measure of cost stabilization;
- 3) The availability of insurance from year to year; and
- 4) The development of a loss prevention program common to all members.

As indicated above, the Town continues to carry commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

14. <u>Contingent Liabilities</u>

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the State of Florida. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Town is involved in certain ongoing construction projects. Management's estimate of the costs of these projects through the next two fiscal years ending September 30, 2021 is still under discussion. The funding for these projects will come from the countywide one percent infrastructure sales surtax.

All encumbrances are intended to lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

The Town did not receive federal grant funds during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and is not, therefore, subject to the program compliance audit by the grantee under the Office of Management and Budget circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations".

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Town attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

The Town has not entered into any operating leases with scheduled rent increases as of September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

15. Investment Measurement at Fair Value

Fair Value Hierarchy

The accounting standards break down the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on how observable the inputs are that make up the valuation. The most observable inputs are classified as Level 1 where the unobservable inputs are classified as Level 3.

Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Town and Police Officers' Pension Fund (Plan) has the ability to access.

As a general rule, any asset that has a daily closing price and is actively traded will be classified as a Level 1 input.

Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Inputs to the valuation methodology include: (1) quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, (2) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in active markets, (3) inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and (4) inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

As a general rule, if an asset or liability does not fall into the requirements of a Level 1 or Level 3 input, it would default to Level 2. With Level 2 inputs, there is usually data that can be easily obtained to support the valuation, even though it is not as easily obtained as a Level 1 input would be.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

15. Investment Measurement at Fair Value (Continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (Continued)

Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

As a general rule, Level 3 inputs are those that are difficult to obtain on a regular basis and require verification from an outside party, such as an auditor or an appraisal, to validate the valuation.

Net asset value (NAV) is a common measurement of fair value for Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 investments. A fund's NAV is simply its assets less its liabilities, and is often reported as a per share amount for fair value measurement purposes. The Town and Plan would multiply the NAV per share owned to arrive at fair value. Level 1 investment in funds such as mutual funds report at a daily NAV per share and are actively traded. NAV also comes in to play for Level 2 and 3 investments. As a matter of convenience (or referred to in accounting literature as a "practical expedient"), a Plan can use the NAV per share for investments in a nongovernmental entity that does not have a readily determined fair value, such as an alternative investment. Investments measured at NAV as a practical expedient would be excluded from the fair value hierarchy because the valuation is not based on actual market inputs but rather is quantified using the fund's reported NAV as a matter of convenience. The Town and Plan have no NAV investments.

The Town and Plan categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town and Plan have the following total recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2020:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

15. Investment Measurement at Fair Value (Continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (Continued)

- *Debt securities* Debt securities classified in Level 1 or Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used by International Data Pricing and Reference Data, LLC to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.
- *Mutual funds* The rationale for inclusion in Level 1 or Level 2 points to the unobservable inputs involved in mutual fund pricing. Mutual funds do not trade using bid and ask, as with ETF's or common stock. Instead, the prices are determined by the net asset value of the underlying investments at the close of business for the next day's open. The underlying assets themselves may include a variety of Level 1 and Level 2 securities and some may be valued using matrix pricing which interpolates the price of a security based on the price of similar securities.
- *Fixed income funds* Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable input for similar securities. This includes basing value on yield currently available on comparable securities of issues with similar credit ratings.
- Equity funds Valued at market prices for similar assets in active markets.
- *Common stock* Valued at quoted market prices for identical assets in active markets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

15. Investment Measurement at Fair Value (Continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (Continued)

The Plan categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town and Plan have the following total recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2020:

			Fair Value Measurements Using		
Investments at fair value level		September 30, 2020	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Debt Securities:					
U.S. Government agency securities	\$	1,125 \$	- \$	1,125 \$	-
Domestic fixed income investment funds		1,547,942	1,547,942	-	-
International fixed income investment fund	_	142,292	142,292	<u> </u>	-
Total debt securities		1,691,359	1,690,234	1,125	-
Equity securities:			-		-
Domestic equity investment funds		1,336,921	1,336,921	-	-
Domestic stock		875,774	875,774	-	-
International equity investment fund		737,388	737,388	<u> </u>	
Total equity securities		2,950,083	2,950,083	-	-
Temporary investments	_	64,754	64,754	<u> </u>	
Total investments at fair value level	\$	<u>4,706,196</u> \$	4,705,071 \$	1,125 \$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

16. Employee Retirement System

The Town maintains a single employer, defined benefit pension plan (police officers' pension plan) which covers all of its police officers as well as a defined contribution 401(k) plan which covers substantially all of the Town's remaining general employees.

Police Officers' Pension Fund

Plan Description:

The following brief description of the Town of Belleair police officers' retirement plan (plan) is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the plan ordinance for more complete information.

The plan is a single employer defined benefit pension plan covering all full-time sworn police officers of the Town of Belleair, Florida (Town). Participation in the plan is required as a condition of employment. Originally established by Town ordinance in 1977 and amended in 1997, 2002, 2007 and 2020, the plan provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The plan is subject to provisions of chapter 185 of the State of Florida statutes.

Basis of accounting is the method by which revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and are reported in the financial statements. The accrual basis of accounting is used for the plan. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are earned and collection is reasonably assured, and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Town contributions to the plan, as calculated by the plan's actuary, are recognized as revenue when due and the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Basis of accounting:

A State excise tax (rebate) collected from the Town's residents by the State of Florida is restricted to fund the plan under Florida Statutes, Chapter 185. This rebate has been included in the general fund's revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Contributions are received from the Town in amounts sufficient to fund the plan at an actuarially determined rate specified by state statute, chapter 185. The plan's administrative costs are financed through investment earnings. The plan has no undue investment concentrations.

The plan has not issued a stand-alone financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

The plan, in accordance with the above statute, is governed by a five member pension board. Two police officers who are elected by a majority of the members of the plan, two are residents of the Town who are appointed by the Town Commission and a fifth member elected by the other four members constitute the pension board. The Town and the plan participants are obligated to fund all plan costs based upon actuarial valuations. The Town is authorized to establish benefit levels and the board of trustees approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Benefits Provided: The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

Eligibility: Earlier of age 55 and the completion of 5 years of Credited Service for members hired before January 21, 2020. The age and service requirements amended to be age 55 with 10 years of credited service for members hired after January 21, 2020 or the completion of 25 years of Credited Service, regardless of age for members hired on or after January 21, 2020.

Benefit Amount: 3.50% of Average Final Compensation times Credited Service if hired prior to January 21, 2020. If hired after January 21, 2020, 3% of average final compensation times credited service.

Early Retirement:

Eligibility: Age 50 and 10 years of Credited Service.

Benefit Amount: Accrued benefit, reduced 3% for each year that benefit commencement precedes normal retirement.

Disability:

Eligibility: Total and permanent disability prior to Normal Retirement Date. 10 years of Creditable Service required for non-service related disability.

Benefit Amount: Unreduced accrued benefit, but not less than 42% of Average Final Compensation.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits:

Vested or On-Duty: Member's accrued benefit payable at what would have been the Member's Normal or Early (reduced) retirement date for 10 years. Non-Vested, Off-Duty: Refund of Member contributions.

Vesting (Termination);

Less than 10 years of Credited Service: Refund of Member's contributions.

10 or more years of Credited Service Accrued benefit payable at age 50 or later, on Credited an actuarially reduced basis if to commence prior to Normal Retirement Date, or a refund of member's contributions with interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued):

Chapter 185 Share Account:

Pursuant to Chapter 2015-39, Laws of Florida, a supplemental benefit component for special benefits exists but is currently not funded as no premium tax allocations have been made to the share accounts.

Contributions:

.

Employee 6% of salary increased to 8% of salary for members hired on or after January 21, 2020

Remaining amounts required in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, as provided in Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Net Pension Liability

The measurement date is October 1, 2019 The measurement period for the pension expense was October 1, 2019 to September 30, 2020.

The reporting period is October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

The Town's net liability was measured as of September 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019 updated to September 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Service based
Discount rate	7.40%
Investment rate of return	7.40%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives:
Female: PubS.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year.
Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year.
Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree Lives:
Female: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.
Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year
Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives:
Female: PubDGH-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees
Male: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees
Male: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.
Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:
80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees.

All rates are projected geneerationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018. We feel this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements.

The above assumption rates were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on Plan demographics.

75% of active deaths are assumed to be service-incurred.

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated October 15, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns; Net of Pension Plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For 2020 the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.50%. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage made by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Pension Plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocations	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	45%	7.50%
International Equity	15%	10.0%
Domestic Fixed Income	30%	2.5%
Global Fixed Income	10%	3.5%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40 percent.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Т	otal Pension		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension
		Liability		Net Position		Liability
		(a)	-	(b)		(a)-(b)
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$	4,894,942	\$	4,298,047	\$	596,895
Changes for a year:						
Service cost		258,175		-		258,175
Interest		379,016		-		379,016
Differences between expected and actual experience		299,896		-		299,896
Changes of assumptions		(104,309)		-		(104,309)
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Contributions - Employer		-		297,808		(297,808)
Contributions - State		-		57,098		(57,098)
Contributions - Employees		-		56,927		(56,927)
Net Investment earnings		-		408,578		(408,578)
Benefit Payments, including						
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(330,538)		(330,538)		-
Administration expense		-	_	(36,245)	_	36,245
Net changes		502,240	_	453,628	_	48,612
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$	5,397,182	\$	4,751,675	\$	645,507

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Town calculated using the discount rate of 7.40%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.40 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.40 percent) than the current rate.

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	6.40%	7.40%	8.40%
Town' Net Pension Liability	\$ <u>1,162,777</u> \$	645,507 \$	203,093

<u>Rate of Return</u> - For the year ended September 30, 2020 the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 9.13 percent.

The money-weighted rate of return expenses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Concentrations:

The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represents 5 percent or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Current membership in the plan is comprised of all full-time sworn police officers of the Town of Belleair and is summarized as follows:

Group	September 30,2020
Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	12
Terminated plan members entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	6
Active plan members:	
Fully vested	1
Nonvested	12

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSION

For the year ended September 30, 2020 the Town will recognize a pension expense of \$335,264. On September 30, 2020 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	0	Outflows of		Inflows of
]	Resources	-	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	149,948	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		52,155
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		-	_	3,106
Total	\$	149,948	\$	55,261

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	
2021	\$ 84,787
2022	15,886
2023	10,044
2024	(16,030)
2025	-
Thereafter	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Employees' 401(k) fund

The Town provides retirement benefits for all of its full-time employees not covered under the police officers' pension plan through a defined contribution 401(k) plan administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation as a third party administrator and investment advisor under their prototype profit-sharing plan and trust agreement. At September 30, 2018 there were 48 plan members. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate after one year of employment. The 401(k) plan requires that participants contribute at least three percent (but not to exceed fourteen percent or the maximum amount allowed by the Internal Revenue Code whichever is greater) of their compensation which, if made, will be matched by a nine percent Town contribution. The Town's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested after three years of continuous service. Town contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before three years of service are used to reduce the Town's current-period contribution requirement. The 401(k) plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Town Commission.

The Town's total payroll in fiscal year 2020 was \$3,126,289. The Town's contributions were calculated using the participants' salary amount of \$2,377,378. Both the Town and the covered employees made the required contributions in addition to certain voluntary participant contributions summarized as follows:

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			Percentage
	С	ontribution	of current
		amount	covered payroll
Required:			
Town	\$	213,964	9.0 %
Employee		71,321	3.0
Voluntary:			
Employee		65,476	
Total contributions	\$	350,761	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Employees' 401(k) Plan (Continued)

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2001 the 401(k) plan was amended to increase the amount that the Town will contribute to the 401(k) plan from 6% of earnings to 9% of earnings for each plan year starting with the first pay period commencing after October 1, 2001.

The 401(k) plan has not issued a stand alone financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

17. <u>Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements</u>

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of *fair value* is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

Fair value is described as an exit price. Fair value measurements assume a transaction takes place in a government's principal market, or a government's most advantageous market in the absence of a principal market. The fair value also should be measured assuming that general market participants would act in their economic best interest. Fair value should not be adjusted for transaction costs. Its implementation did not have any effect on the Town's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

17. <u>Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (Contnued)</u>

Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the effective dates of certain authoritative guidelines." The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for per8iods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements that are effective for the Town are postponed by one year.

Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period.

Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months.

Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Earlier applications of the provisions addressed in this Statement is encouraged and is permitted to the exctent specified in each pronouncements as origi8nally issued.

The requirements of this Statement are effective immediately.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

18. <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

The Town maintains a deferred compensation plan (plan) under the provisions of section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. This law stipulates that all assets and income of the plan must be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. The Town's plan is administered by the international city management association retirement corporation and provides the plan participants with the option to invest in thirteen different registered investment funds (mutual funds). Although the Town is the trustee of the plan, the Town has no administrative involvement and performs no investing function for the plan and has not therefore, reported the plan in this financial report.

19. <u>Sale of Surplus Property</u>

On May 5, 2020, the Town passed Ordinance No. 530 which authorized the sale and conveyance in fee of certain Town owned real property. The property was donated to the Town by Robert Ahlf, subject to his continuing life estate interest in the property. After Mr. Ahlf died in 2019, the Town became the sole owner.

The two parcels of property were sold to the highest bidder for \$1,508,225. The revenue was recorded in the Infrastructure Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

20. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

GASB Statement No. 75: Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB), established new accounting standards for postretirement benefits. The new standard does not require funding of OPEB expense, but any difference between the annual required contribution (ARC) and the amount funded during the year is required to be recorded in the employer's financial statement as an increase (or decrease) in the net OPEB obligation. The effective date for implementation of GASB 75 by the Town of Belleair, Florida was October 1, 2017. Accordingly, the Town did obtain an actuarial valuation in accordance with GASB 75 standards as of October 1, 2019 and discloses the following:

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 16, the Town provides postretirement health care benefits in accordance with an employment policy adopted for the Town's seven full-time department heads during the year ended September 30, 1993. Under terms of this policy, department heads who retire from the Town on or after attaining age fifty-five with at least twenty-five years of service will receive family medical coverage (medical, dental and hospitalization) until age sixty-five at which time a medicare supplement will be provided until the age of seventy. The Town will pay for this supplemental coverage for the employee and his or her spouse, at the rate in effect at the time of the employee's retirement with the employee paying any increased cost after that date. During the year ended September 30, 2020 the Town had two employees eligible to receive these benefits. These postemployment benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

20. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)

Except for the department heads who qualify for postretirement health care benefits (as previously discussed), the Town provides no funding for any portion of the premiums after retirement. However, the Town recognizes that there is an "implicit subsidy" arising as a result of the blended rate premium since retiree health care costs, on average, are higher than active employee healthcare costs. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund as an irrevocable trust has not been established to fund the plan. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

The employer is the sole employer in a plan with fewer than one hundred plan members.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Town's annual other post-employment benefits (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 75. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to determine the liabilities under GASB 75 depends upon Town's funding policy. The discount rate for governments that do not prefund benefits is based on 20-year general obligation bond (GO bond) rates.

The discount rate assumption for disclosure purposes for FYE 2020 is 2.21%, the 20-year GO bond index as of 9/30/2020. The rate at the beginning of the year was 3.58%, the 20-year Go bond index as of 9/30/2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

20. <u>Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)</u>

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

Funding Policy

The Town will pay benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Plan Description

The Town provides post-employment medical benefits (OPEB) to eligible Town employees and their eligible dependents and retirees and their eligible dependents. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraphs 4 of GASB Statement 75.

OPEB Expense:

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the Town will recognize OPEB Expense of \$292,881.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

20. <u>Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)</u>

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

OPEB LIABILITY

	F	FY 2019/20
Total OPEB Liability - beginning of year	\$	405,119
Service Cost		27,740
Interest		14,807
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		(23,396)
Changes in Assumptions		313,969
Changes of Benefit Terms		-
Benefit Payments	_	(40,239)
Net changes in total OPEB Liability	_	292,881
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$_	698,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	\$	-
Contributions - employer		
Contributions - active employees		-
Net investment income		-
Benefit payments		
Trust administrative expenses		-
Net changes in plan fiduciary net position	_	-
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year	\$_	
Net OPEB Liability - end of year	\$	698,000
Plan fiduciary net position as % of total OPEB		0.0%
Covered employee payroll	\$	3,069,520
Net OPEB liability as % of covered payroll		22.7%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

20. <u>Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)</u>

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the Town as well as what the Town's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	Current			
	1%	6 Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		1.21%	2.21%	3.21%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	802,000 5	698,000 \$	605,000

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the Town as well as what the Town's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Medical		
	1%	b Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
		4.18%	5.18%	6.18%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	653,000 \$	698,000 \$	740,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

20. <u>Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)</u>

Annual OPEB Cost

Reporting Period Ending	0	9/30/2020
Measurement Date	0	9/30/2020
OPEB Expense		
Service Cost	\$	27,740
Interest		14,807
OPEB Administrative Expense		-
Changes in benefit terms		-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		(23,396)
Projected earnings on OPEB investments		-
Reduction for contributions from active employees		-
Current period recognition of deferred		
Outflows/(inflows) of resources		-
Changes of assumptions		313,969
Benefit payments		(40,239)
Total OPEB expense	\$	292,881

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

20. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)

Plan Provisions

Eligibility Criteria

Department Heads

Postemployment benefits are provided to employees who attain age 55 with at least 25 years of service.

General Employees

Postemployment benefits are provided to employees who attain age 65.

Police

Postemployment benefits are provided to employees who attain any of the following:

Date of Hire Prior to January 21, 2020

- 1. Age 55 with 5 years of service, or
- 2. 25 years of service at any age

Date of Hire On or After January 21, 2020

- 1. Age 55 with 10 years of service, or
- 2. 25 years of service at any age

Health Benefit Duration

Postemployment benefits for retirees and their spouses is available for live.

Monthly Medical Insurance Premiums

Medical coverage through the Town-sponsored plans is available to eligible retirees. When retirees attain Medicare eligibility, they are charged fully insured age-rated premiums.

Dental and Vision Benefits

Dental and vision coverage through the Town-sponsored plans are available to eligible retirees.

The fully insured premuims provided for dental and vision coverage are sufficient to pose minimal implicit liability to the employer.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

20. <u>Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)</u>

Plan Provisions (Continued)

Retiree Premium Subsidy Description

General and Police Retirees

None of the postemployment benefits are subsidized by the employer. Retirees must pay 100% of premium rates in order to continue coverage at retirement.

Department Heads

The Town's subsidy is frozen at the dollar premium amount in effect at the time of retirement until the retiree is eligible for Medicare. Upon Medicare eligibility, the Town will subsidize the Medicare Supplement coverage until the retire reaches age 70 at the same dollar amount in effect at the time of retirement. Spouse is also eligible for this explicit subsidy while the retiree is alive.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Valuation Date	September 30, 2020
Discount Rate	 3.58% per annum (as of September 30, 2019) 2.21% per annum (as of September 30, 2020) Discount rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index Rate.
Attribution Method	Alternative Measurement Method
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age Normal based on level percentage of projected salary
Salary Increase Rate	3.50% per annum
Census Data	The census was provided by the Town as of January 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

20. <u>Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)

Marriage Rate	The assumed number of eligible dependents is based on the current proportions of single and family contract in the census provided. It is assumed that 12% of future retirees are married.
Spouse Age	Spouse dates of birth were provided by the Town.
Medicare Eligibility	All current and future retirees are assumed to be eligible for Medicare at age 65.
Plan Participation Percentage	The participation percentage is the assumed rate of future eligible retirees who elect to continue health coverage at retirement. It is assumed that 100% of all eligible department heads and their dependents, and 10% of all other eligible employees, will participate in the retiree medical plan. This assumes that a one-time irrevocable election to participate is made at retirement. Actives who are currently waving coverage are assumed to continue waving coverage until retirement.
Mortality Rates	PUB-2010 generational table scaled using MP-19 and applied on a gender-specific basis.
Retirement Age	Employees are assumed to retire at the latest of age 58 or the age that they first become eligible for benefits.
Termination Rates	The <i>rate of withdrawal</i> is based on the withdrawal rates from the Florida Retirement system July 1, 2020 Actuarial Valuation.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT

BENEFITS

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TOWN OF BELLEAIR

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last Fiscal Years

Total OPEB Liability	2020		2019		
Service Cost	\$	27,740	\$	26,781	
Interest		14,807		17,480	
Difference Between Expected and					
Actual Experience		(23,396)		(20,471)	
Change in Assumptions		313,969		13,060	
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-	
Benefit Payments	_	(40,239)		(51,807)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		292,881		(14,957)	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		405,119		420,076	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	698,000	\$	405,119	
Covered payroll	\$	3,069,520	\$	2,802,121	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of					
covered-payroll		22.7%		14.50%	

Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

POLICE OFFICERS'

PENSION FUND

GASB STATEMENT 68

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHR THAN MD&A

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last Seven Fiscal Years

Measurement date Reporting period ending	9/30/2020 9/30/2020	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Total pension liability:								
Service cost	\$	258,175	\$ 271,607	\$ 276,250 \$	235,024 \$	237,141	\$ 202,940 \$	239,594
Interest		379,016	358,831	329,454	321,366	280,727	270,052	236,179
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-	(29,812)	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		299,896	(101,933)	83,595	(137,418)	(123,703)	(127,034)	-
Change in assumptions		(104,309)	-	12,638	-	143,054	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contrib	utions	(330,538)	(244,759)	(193,311)	(180,671)	(158,004)	(141,005)	(141,832)
Net change in total pension liability		502,240	283,746	508,626	208,489	379,215	204,953	333,941
Total pension liability - beginning		4,894,942	4,611,196	4,102,570	3,894,081	3,514,866	3,309,913	2,975,972
Total pension liability ending (a)	\$	5,397,182 \$	4,894,942 \$	4,611,196 \$	4,102,570 \$	3,894,081 \$	3,514,866 \$	3,309,913
Plan fiduciary net position:								
Contributions - employer	\$	297,808 \$	273,200 \$	168,361 \$	176,105 \$	150,036 \$	213,760 \$	237,836
Contributions - state		57,098	55,311	52,950	48,160	48,560	47,291	44,305
Contributions - employees		56,927	61,708	54,471	52,223	46,400	47,017	46,612
Net investment income (loss)		408,578	176,763	257,192	408,804	166,378	(17,732)	242,548
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contrib	utions	(330,538)	(244,759)	(193,311)	(180,671)	(158,004)	(141,005)	(141,832)
Administrative expenses		(36,245)	(48,852)	(35,850)	(29,286)	(27,832)	(28,373)	(20,917)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		453,628	273,371	303,813	475,335	225,538	120,958	408,552
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		4,298,047	4,024,676	3,720,863	3,245,528	3,019,990	2,899,032	2,490,480
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	4,751,675 \$	4,298,047 \$	4,024,676 \$	3,720,863 \$	3,245,528 \$	3,019,990 \$	2,899,032
Net pension liability (asset) (a) - (b)	\$	645,507 \$	596,895 \$	586,520 \$	381,707 \$	648,553 \$	494,876 \$	410,881

Note: The above schedule is intended to show information for ten years.

The additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHR THAN MD&A

SCHEDULE OF RATIOS

Last Seven Fiscal Years

	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	88.03%	87.81%	87.29%	90.70%	83.34%	85.92%	87.59%
Covered payroll	\$ 948,665	\$ 1,028,474 \$	907,853	\$ 870,386	\$ 773,326	\$ 783,615	738,422
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	68.04%	58.04%	64.61%	43.85%	83.87%	63.15%	55.64%

Note: The above schedule is intended to show information for ten years. The additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHR THAN MD&A

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Seven Fiscal Years

Report period ending Measurement date	9/30/2020 9/30/2020							
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018	_	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 350,458 \$	321,361	\$ 221,881	\$	223,396 \$	197,989	\$ 261,051 \$	286,371
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	354,906	328,511	221,881	_	223,396	198,596	261,051	286,371
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (4,448)	\$ (7,150)	\$	\$	\$	(607)	\$\$	
Covered payroll	\$ 948,665	\$1,028,474	\$ 907,853	\$	870,386 \$	773,326	\$ 783,615 \$	5 738,422
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	37.41%	31.94%	24.44%	=	25.67%	25.60%	33.31%	38.78%

Note: The above schedule is intended to show information for ten years.

The additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last Seven Fiscal Years

Notes to Schedule

:

Valuation date 10/01/2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates can be found in the October 1, 2018 Actuarial Valuation for the Town of Belleair Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Systems prepared by Foster & Foster Actuaries and Consultants.

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHR THAN MD&A

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Last Seven Fiscal Years*

	September 30,						
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return net of investment expense	9.13%	4.41%	7.11%	12.48%	5.68%	-0.75%	9.80%

*Schedule will continue to be expanded until ten years are presented.

NONMAJOR

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND SCHEDULES

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are established to finance particular activities and are created out of receipts of specific taxes or other earmarked revenues. Such funds are authorized by legal, regulatory or administrative action to pay for certain activities with some form of continuing revenues.

Park and Public District Enhancement Fund - to account for the receipt of fees in lieu of the replacement of trees removed from Town property as required by the Town's Land Development Code. All fees collected must be used for landscape planning, tree and other plantings and maintenance of public properties.

Local Option Gas Tax Fund - to account for proceeds from the local option gas tax as levied by the Pinellas County, Florida Board of County Commissioners.

<u>**Transportation Impact Fee Fund</u></u> - to account for proceeds from the transportation impact fee as levied by the Pinellas County, Florida Board of County Commissioners.</u>**

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital projects fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

<u>Capital Equipment Replacement Fund</u> - To account for the planned acquisition of equipment, tools, and vehicles. The general fund will transfer the funding for these purchases to the capital equipment replacement fund.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

			Special I	Revenue		Capital Projects	Total
		Public District Enhancement	Local Option Gas Tax	Transportation Impact Fee	Total	Capital Equipment Replacement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,812 \$	100 \$,			61,375
Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts):		50,105	183	60,127	110,415	530,000	640,415
Accounts County	-	-	12,161	-	- 12,161	-	- 12,161
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	59,917 \$	12,444 5	\$ 101,270	\$ 173,631	\$ <u>540,320</u> \$	713,951
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Accounts payable	\$	\$	8,952 5	\$ 17,291	\$ 26,243	\$\$	26,243
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-	8,952	17,291	26,243	-	26,243
FUND BALANCES							
FUND BALANCES: Restricted	-	59,917	3,492	83,979	147,388	540,320	687,708
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	59,917	3,492	83,979	147,388	540,320	687,708
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ _	59,917_\$	12,444 5	\$ 101,270	\$ <u>173,631</u>	\$ <u>540,320</u> \$	713,951

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special	Revenue		Capital Projects	Total
	Park and Public Distric Enhancement	Local t Option	Transportation Impact Fee	Total	Capital Equipment Replacement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 49,286 \$	17,291	\$ 66,577	\$ - \$	66,577
Charges for services	9,000	-	-	9,000	-	9,000
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest earned	507	1,020	617	2,144		2,144
TOTAL REVENUES	9,507	50,306	17,908	77,721	-	77,721
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Recreation		-	-	-	-	-
Transportation		- <u> </u>			6,687	6,687
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	-	-	-	6,687	6,687
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	9,507	50,306	17,908	77,721	(6,687)	71,034
OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in:						
Solid Waste Management Fund	-	-	-	-		-
Water Fund	-	-	-	-		-
General Fund	-	-	-	-		-
Capital Equipment Replacement	-	-				-
Infrastructure Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out:				\		
General Fund	-		-		135,800	135,800
Infrastructure Fund		-	-	-	-	-
Local Option Gas Tax Fund	-	-	-	-	120,189	120,189
Capital Equipment Replacement	-	(168,189)	-	(168,189)		(168,189)
Solid Waste Management Fund		-				
Total other financing sources						
and (uses)		(168,189)		(168,189)	255,989	87,800
NET CHANGE						
IN FUND BALANCES	9,507	(117,883)	17,908	(90,468)	249,302	158,834
FUND BALANCES,						
OCTOBER 1	50,410	121,375	66,071	237,856	291,018	528,874
FUND BALANCES,						
SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 59,917	\$ 3,492 \$	83,979	\$ 147,388	\$ 540,320 \$	687,708

<u>CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND -</u> <u>BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FROM INCEPTION</u>

Infrastructure fund

To account for proceeds from the Pinellas County, Florida one-cent sales surtax collections, other governmental resources and grant revenues used for the acquisition or construction of capital assets identified in the town's five-year capital improvement plan.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Infrastructure Fund						
		Project	Prior	Current	Total		
	_	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date		
REVENUES:							
Taxes:							
Property	\$	3,344,600 \$	9,212,035 \$	980,933 \$	10,192,968		
Utility		1,150,000	5,234,669	857,780	6,092,449		
Intergovernmental:							
Infrastructure sales surtax		1,992,600	7,164,442	474,084	7,638,526		
Grant		5,162,800	2,107,848		2,107,848		
Interest earnings		193,000	364,627	82,086	446,713		
Donations		4,098,000	4,291,871	400,000	4,691,871		
Miscellaneous			118,519	7,590	126,109		
TOTAL REVENUES		15,941,000	28,494,011	2,802,473	31,296,484		
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay:							
Manager		-	709,597	-	709,597		
Finance and administration		-	2,504,788	-	2,504,788		
Streets		43,131,628	28,344,275	3,989,695	32,333,970		
Culture and recreation		-	7,020,701	-	7,020,701		
Debt service:							
Principal		-	2,344,934	474,358	2,819,292		
Interest and fees			2,435,618	326,651	2,762,269		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		43,131,628	43,359,913	4,790,704	48,150,617		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(27,190,628)	(14,865,902)	(1,988,231)	(16,854,133)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from debt		10,000,000	10,762,390	4,705,835	15,468,225		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				1,508,225			
Transfers in (out):							
General Fund		3,160,000	6,501,671	48,000	6,549,671		
Golf Fund		3,960,614	4,023,940	-	4,023,940		
Water Fund		-	(982,016)	(131,776)	(1,113,792)		
Wastewater Management Fund		-	100,000	-	100,000		
Local Option Gas Tax Fund			614,700				
Equipment Replacement Fund		-	95,200		95,200		
Total other financing sources (uses)		17,120,614	21,115,885	6,130,284	25,123,244		
NET CHANGE IN							
FUND BALANCE	\$	(10,070,014) \$	6,249,983	4,142,053 \$	8,269,111		
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1				6,366,782			
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30			\$	10,508,835			

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of governmental facilities and services which are entirely or predominantly self-supporting by user charges.

water fund - to account for the assets, operation and maintenance of the town-owned water system.

<u>wastewater management</u> - to account for the assets, operation and maintenance of the town-owned sewer system.

<u>solid waste management fund</u> - to account for the assets, operation and maintenance of the town-owned refuse disposal system.

WATER ENTERPRISE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	ORIGINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS	FINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS	ACTUAL AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for sales and services	\$ 1,564,000 \$	1,564,000 \$	1,770,636	\$	206,636
Total operating revenues	1,564,000	1,564,000	1,770,636		206,636
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personal services Materials and supplies Utilities Depreciation	559,750 751,350 84,800 142,000	559,750 1,095,704 84,800 142,000	579,046 980,716 122,489 152,359	-	(19,296) 114,988 (37,689) (10,359)
Total operating expenses	1,537,900	1,882,254	1,834,610	-	47,644
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	26,100	(318,254)	(63,974)		254,280
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest revenue Gain on disposal of assets Grant Other income	1,000 -	1,000	22,667 	_	21,667
Total nonoperating revenues	1,000	1,000	24,209	_	23,209
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	27,100	(317,254)	(39,765)		277,489
Capital contributions - tap fees	5,600	5,600	7,693		2,093
Transfers in	-	-	131,776		131,776
Transfers (out)			-	-	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	32,700	(311,654)	99,704		411,358
NET POSITION, OCTOBER 1	5,316,274	5,316,274	5,316,274	-	
NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 5,348,974 \$	5,004,620 \$	5,415,978	\$	411,358

WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

-	ORIGINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS	FINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for sales and services \$	1,250,000 \$	1,250,000 \$	1,254,351	\$ 4,351
OPERATING EXPENSES: Materials and supplies Utilities Depreciation	1,318,000	1,318,000	1,248,220	(69,780)
Total operating expenses	1,318,000	1,318,000	1,248,220	(69,780)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(68,000)	(68,000)	6,131	74,131
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest revenue Other income Loss on disposal of fixed assets	- -	- - -	- -	- - -
Total nonoperating revenues (expense			-	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers Transfers in Transfers out	(68,000)	(68,000) - -	6,131 - -	74,131
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(68,000)	(68,000)	6,131	74,131
NET POSITION, OCTOBER 1	339,313	339,313	339,313	
NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30	271,313 \$	271,313 \$	345,444	\$ 74,131

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	_	ORIGINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS	FINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for sales and services	\$	878,050 \$	878,050 \$	887,845	\$ 9,795
Total operating revenues		878,050	878,050	887,845	9,795
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personal services		320,100	320,100	354,731	(34,631)
Materials and supplies		272,050	272,050	264,205	7,845
Utilities		1,450	1,450	610	840
Garbage and trash disposal		251,750	269,750	249,996	19,754
Depreciation	-	142,200	142,200	66,822	75,378
Total operating expenses	_	987,550	1,005,550	936,364	69,186
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(109,500)	(127,500)	(48,519)	78,981
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest revenue		500	500	5,852	5,352
Grant		3,300	3,300	2,863	(437)
Gain (loss) on disposal				12,158	12,158
Other income	_			12,788	12,788
Total nonoperating revenues	_	3,800	3,800	33,661	29,861
Income (loss) before transfers		(105,700)	(123,700)	(14,858)	108,842
Transfers in		-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	<u> </u>	-	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(105,700)	(123,700)	(14,858)	108,842
NET POSITION,					
OCTOBER 1	_	1,247,140	1,247,140	1,247,140	
NET POSITION,					
SEPTEMBER 30	\$	1,141,440 \$	1,123,440 \$	1,232,282	\$ 108,842

CAPITAL ASSETS

USED IN THE OPERATION

OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY SOURCE(1)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

		2020	 2019
Governmental Funds Capital Assets:			
Land Buildings and improvements	\$	5,637,015	\$ 5,637,015
Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings		6,765,495 867,039	5,973,181 554,625
Equipment		2,221,544	2,819,648
Infrastructure Construction in progress		34,601,921 3,466,700	34,516,932
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$	53,559,714	\$ 49,501,401
Governmental Funds Capital Assets by Source:			
General Fund	\$	29,471,186	\$ 25,412,873
Special revenue funds		3,576,547	3,576,547
Capital projects fund		20,480,912	20,480,912
Federal revenue sharing entitlements	_	31,069	 31,069
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$	53,559,714	\$ 49,501,401

(1) This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY(1)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

		2020							
			Buildings	Improvements					
			and	Other Than		Infra-			
Function and Activity	Total	Land	Improvements	Buildings	Equipment	structure			
General Government:									
	\$ 137.827 \$	- \$	13.600	\$ 67.965 \$	56,262 \$	-			
Finance and Administration	5,041,507	3,186,474	1,385,014	143,330	326,689	-			
Comprehensive Planning	9,751	-	-	2,195	7,556	-			
Town Clerk	14,935	-	-	-	14,935	-			
					· · · ·	<u> </u>			
Total general government	5,204,020	3,186,474	1,398,614	213,490	405,442	-			
Public Safety:									
Police	526,306	-	5,300	-	521,006	-			
Transportation:									
Streets	42,463,160	1,597,999	1,852,900	24,305	919,335	38,068,621			
Culture and Recreation:									
Parks	1,277,774	749,300	_	447,158	81,316	-			
Recreation	4,088,454	103,242	3,508,681	182,086	294,445	-			
Recreation	1,000,101	105,212	5,500,001	102,000	271,113	<u> </u>			
Total culture and recreation	5,366,228	852,542	3,508,681	629,244	375,761				
T. (.1.)									
Total governmental funds Capital Assets	\$ 53,559,714 \$	5,637,015 \$	6,765,495	\$ 867.039 \$	2,221,544 \$	38,068,621			
Capital Assets	\$ <u></u> 33,339,714_\$	5,057,015 \$	0,703,495	φ 007,039 \$	2,221,344 \$	30,000,021			

⁽¹⁾ This schedule represents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY(1)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019								
-			Buildings	Improvements					
			and	Other Than		Infra-			
Function and Activity	Total	Land	Improvements	Buildings	Equipment	structure			
General Government:									
	270,108 \$	- \$	- \$	53,642 \$	216,466 \$				
Manager \$ Finance and Administration	7,049,953	- » 3,186,475	3,019,456	239,800	604,222	-			
		5,160,475	5,019,450	239,800		-			
Comprehensive Planning	9,751	-	-	-	9,751	-			
Town Clerk	14,935				14,935				
Total general government	7,344,747	3,186,475	3,019,456	293,442	845,374	-			
Public Safety:									
Police	360,273	-	-	-	360,273	-			
	200,200								
Transportation:									
Streets	36,901,486	1,598,000	6,592	-	779,962	34,516,932			
Culture and Recreation:									
Parks	1,246,077	749,300	-	111.928	384.849	-			
Recreation	3,648,818	103,240	2,947,133	149,255	449,190	-			
		· · · · ·	· · · ·	· · · · · · · ·	· · · ·				
Total culture and recreation	4,894,895	852,540	2,947,133	261,183	834,039				
Total governmental funds									

Total governmental funds Capital Assets

 \$ 49,501,401 \$ 5,637,015 \$ 5,973,181 \$ 554,625 \$ 2,819,648 \$ 34,516,932

⁽¹⁾ This schedule represents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY⁽¹⁾

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		Governmental Funds Capital Assets October 1,					Governmental Funds Capital Assets September 30,
Function and Activity	_	2019		Additions	-	Deductions	 2020
General Government:							
Manager	\$	270,108	\$	-	\$	132,281	\$ 137,827
Finance and Administration		7,049,953		356,986		2,365,432	5,041,507
Comprehensive Planning		9,751		-		-	9,751
Town Clerk	_	14,935		-		-	 14,935
Total general government	_	7,344,747		356,986		2,497,713	 5,204,020
Public Safety:							
Police		360,273		166,033			526,306
Transportation:							
Streets		36,901,486		5,675,076		113,402	42,463,160
Culture and Recreation:							
Parks		1,246,077		31,697			1,277,774
Recreation		3,648,818	_	439,636			 4,088,454
Total culture and recreation	_	4,894,895		471,333	. <u> </u>	-	 5,366,228
Total governmental funds							
Capital Assets	\$	49,501,401	\$	6,669,428	\$	2,611,115	\$ 53,559,714

⁽¹⁾ This schedule represents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Belleair, Florida's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Content		Page
Financia	Trends	116
	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time	
Revenue	Capacity	127
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Cap	pacity	132
	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the gov ernment's ability to issue debt in the future.	
Demogra	phic and Economic Information	136
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operatin	g Information	138
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

COMMENTS ON THE STATISTICAL SECTION

September 30, 2020

The following statistical tables recommended by GASB Statement No. 44 are not included for the reasons stated below:

A table on ratios of outstanding debt by type, ratios of general bonded debt outstanding, and pledged revenue coverage has been omitted because the town has no general obligation or revenue bonded debt.

A table on the computation of legal debt margin has been omitted because the constitution of the State of Florida, Florida Statutes 200.181 and the charter of the Town of Belleair, Florida have no set legal debt margin.

Additional schedules which are felt to be useful to various users, principally investors, underwriters, and rating agencies, have been included in this section.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

(accrual basis of accounting)

	-	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	25,303,754 \$ 11,049,155 1,020,801	26,054,665 \$ 6,657,800 1,023,826	24,865,070 \$ 6,932,001 865,363	26,107,346 \$ 5,206,043 1,494,089	26,838,533 \$ 2,951,253 1,621,008	24,653,063 \$ 4,743,141 1,991,762	23,677,895 \$ 7,109,356 2,094,892	24,452,960 \$ 6,257,868 2,409,635	20,407,306 \$ 6,605,664 2,258,858	19,934,854 4,821,760 5,106,852
Total governmental activities net position	\$	37,373,710 \$	33,736,291 \$	32,662,434 \$	32,807,478 \$	31,410,794 \$	31,387,966 \$	32,882,143 \$	33,120,463 \$	29,271,828 \$	29,863,466
Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	3,396,013 \$ - 3,597,691	3,462,341 \$ - 3,440,386	3,481,032 \$ - 3,018,603	3,701,788 \$ - 2,471,849	3,797,561 \$ - 1,904,753	3,311,142 \$ - 1,540,083	2,581,793 \$ - 1,326,702	2,394,821 \$	2,929,249 \$ - 1,106,435	1,141,684 1,560,745 1,690,031
Total business-type activities net position	\$ _	6,993,704 \$	6,902,727 \$	6,499,635 \$	6,173,637 \$	5,702,314 \$	4,851,225 \$	3,908,495 \$	3,591,624 \$	4,035,684 \$	4,392,460
Primary government: Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ _	28,699,767 \$ 11,049,155 4,618,492	29,517,006 \$ 6,657,800 4,464,212	28,346,102 \$ 6,932,001 3,883,966	29,809,134 \$ 5,206,043 3,965,938	30,636,094 \$ 2,951,253 3,525,761	27,964,205 \$ 4,743,141 3,531,845	26,259,688 \$ 7,109,356 3,421,594	26,847,781 \$ 6,257,868 3,606,438	23,336,555 \$ 6,605,664 3,365,293	21,076,538 6,382,505 6,796,883
	\$	44,367,414 \$	40,639,018 \$	39,162,069 \$	38,981,115 \$	37,113,108 \$	36,239,191 \$	36,790,638 \$	36,712,087 \$	33,307,512 \$	34,255,926

CHANGE IN NET POSITION <u>LAST TEN FISCALYEARS</u> (accrual basis of accounting)

EXPENSES	2	020	2019	2018	_	2017		2016	_	2015	_	2014	_	2013		2012	 2011
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt	2, 2,	839,553 \$ 476,292 026,694 274,778 313,009	2,735,744 2,612,097 1,725,633 1,056,676 306,033	\$ 2,421,895 2,706,521 2,218,908 1,117,694 315,254	\$	1,967,156 2,039,913 1,850,840 1,314,695 313,991	\$	2,053,304 2,034,289 1,526,427 1,593,065 325,571	\$	2,054,234 1,897,974 1,960,039 1,562,682 335,549	\$	1,184,964 1,983,092 2,850,323 2,103,713 348,726	\$	1,342,208 1,894,025 1,228,942 2,643,548 371,028	\$	1,773,552 1,853,235 1,728,212 1,328,378	\$ 1,697,883 1,818,641 607,758 631,017
Total governmental activities expenses	7,	930,326	8,436,183	8,780,272	_	7,486,595	<u> </u>	7,532,656	_	7,810,478	_	8,470,818	_	7,479,751		6,683,377	 4,755,299
Business-type activities: Water Waste water management Solid waste management	1,	834,610 248,220 936,364	1,466,588 1,140,895 857,318	1,510,558 1,120,917 853,704		1,340,841 1,161,092 820,199		1,258,032 1,090,771 777,415	_	1,330,521 1,029,745 730,794	_	1,357,055 1,018,861 768,853	_	1,286,178 1,088,648 779,554		1,293,463 898,706 801,014	 1,295,431 817,919 827,307
Total business-type activities expenses	4,	019,194	3,464,801	3,485,179	_	3,322,132	_	3,126,218	_	3,091,060	_	3,144,769	_	3,154,380	_	2,993,183	 2,940,657
Total primary government expenses	\$ <u>11,</u>	949,520 \$	11,900,984	\$ 12,265,451	\$	10,808,727	\$	10,658,874	\$	10,901,538	\$	11,615,587	\$	10,634,131	\$	9,676,560	\$ 7,695,956
PROGRAM REVENUES																	
Governmental activities: Charges for services Capital grants and contributions		647,966 \$ 495,817	1,850,251 372,679	\$ 1,767,065 	\$	1,685,143 583,095	\$	1,558,152 711,739	\$	1,730,392 765	\$	2,075,803 67,928	\$	2,353,821 28,527	\$	1,194,490 29,360	\$ 1,179,717 4,465
Total governmental activities program revenues	2,	143,783	2,222,930	2,566,748		2,268,238		2,269,891		1,731,157		2,143,731		2,382,348		1,223,850	1,184,182
Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water Waste water management Solid waste management	1,	770,636 254,351 887,845	1,755,946 1,153,884 839,164	1,683,742 1,132,032 814,788	_	1,730,516 1,167,614 794,404		1,473,926 1,105,844 780,881	_	1,430,682 1,089,009 792,490	_	1,664,602 1,059,708 802,262	_	889,344 1,056,848 834,709	_	905,418 946,043 818,764	 989,853 811,867 792,796
Total business-type activities revenues	3,	912,832	3,748,994	3,630,562		3,692,534		3,360,651	_	3,312,181		3,526,572	_	2,780,901		2,670,225	 2,594,516
Total primary government program revenues	\$ <u>6,</u>	056,615 \$	5,971,924	\$ 6,197,310	\$	5,960,772	\$	5,630,542	\$	5,043,338	\$	5,670,303	\$	5,163,249	\$	3,894,075	\$ 3,778,698
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE																	
Governmental activities Business-type activities		786,543) \$ 106,362)	(6,213,253) 284,193	\$ (6,213,524) 148,266	\$	(5,218,357) 373,302	\$	(5,262,765) 245,087	\$	(6,079,321) 221,121	\$	(6,327,087) 381,803	\$	(5,097,403) (373,479)	\$	(5,459,527) (322,958)	\$ (3,571,117) (346,141)
Total primary government net expense	\$(5,	892,905) \$	(5,929,060)	\$ (6,065,258)	\$	(4,845,055)	\$	(5,017,678)	\$	(5,858,200)	\$	(5,945,284)	\$	(5,470,882)	\$	(5,782,485)	\$ (3,917,258)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) <u>LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS</u> (accrual basis of accounting)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 5,112,067 \$	4,706,991 \$	4,079,505 \$	3,848,662	\$ 3,634,385	\$ 3,475,114	\$ 3,403,996 \$	3,341,656	\$ 3,427,519	\$ 3,097,480
Utility taxes	857,780	822,809	772,139	773,455	774,675	762,198	781,857	547,536	-	-
Franchise fees	424,836	418,425	381,011	367,097	362,980	388,063	395,205	359,533	372,119	401,711
Intergovernmental revenues:										
Infrastructure sale surtax	474,084	457,013	434,396	409,965	398,838	379,217	352,312	330,116	312,431	295,159
Sales taxes	248,691	260,508	255,019	245,186	244,096	237,384	225,502	214,026	213,743	204,003
Communications										
service tax	159,313	167,527	177,863	172,563	173,413	182,916	187,353	201,448	205,018	198,023
Other taxes	67,059	55,372	56,369	122,867	60,177	58,013	59,345	57,738	56,922	57,961
State revenue sharing	100,586	107,007	103,932	101,460	97,630	96,097	91,596	88,164	86,813	86,232
Investment earnings	114,969	196,825	75,121	5,165	3,853	19,784	13,562	9,713	14,704	21,001
Miscellaneous	58,476	94,633	249,873	104,342	131,810	84,770	451,656	3,714,808	129,120	120,188
Gain on sale of capital assets	1,508,752	-	81,795	551,138	-	-	8,883	-	-	-
Donations	429,125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	(131,776)	-	(158,300)	(86,859)	(596,264)	(687,531)	117,500	81,300	49,500	(18,500)
Total governmental activities	9,423,962	7,287,110	6,508,723	6,615,041	5,285,593	4,996,025	6,088,767	8,946,038	4,867,889	4,463,258
Business-type activities:										
Capital contributions	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	925	1,957	3,988
Investment earnings	28,519	88,151	2,747	1,233	628	7,394	163	130	99	1,768
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	37,044	30,748	16,685	9,929	9,110	26,684	52,405	9,664	13,626	18,983
Transfers	131,776	-	158,300	86,859	596,264	687,531	(117,500)	(81,300)	(49,500)	18,500
				<u> </u>			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>			·
Total business-type activities	197,339	118,899	177,732	98,021	606,002	721,609	(64,932)	(70,581)	(33,818)	43,239
Total primary government	\$ <u>9,621,301</u> \$	7,406,009 \$	6,686,455 \$	6,713,062	\$5,891,595	\$5,717,634	\$ <u>6,023,835</u> \$	8,875,457	\$ 4,834,071	\$4,506,497
CHANGE IN NET POSITION										
Governmental activities	\$ 3,637,419 \$	1,073,857 \$	295,199 \$	1,396,684	\$ 22,828	\$ (1,083,296)	\$ (238,320) \$	(591,638)	\$ 892,141	\$ (1,042,992)
Business-type activities	90,977	403,092	325,998	471,323	\$ 22,828 851,089	942,730	316,871	(356,776)	(302,902)	(97,011)
Dusiness type activities	70,777	T05,072	545,770	T/1,525	031,009	772,730	510,071	(550,770)	(302,702)	(77,011)
Total primary government	\$ 3,728,396 \$	1,476,949 \$	621,197 \$	1,868,007	\$ 873,917	\$ (140,566)	\$ 78,551 \$	(948,414)	589,239	\$ (1,140,003)

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	PROGRAM REVENUES										
	_	2020	2019	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
CTIONS/PROGRAMS											
ernmental Activities: General government Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation	\$	1,274,041 \$ 135,848 	1,255,116 \$ 198,184 - 396,951	1,255,116 \$ 198,184 - 396,951	1,344,599 \$ 60,100 - 362,366	1,214,939 \$ 7,105 - 463,099	1,032,888 \$ 15,468 509,796	989,962 \$ 161,572 578,858	876,498 \$ 79,047 - 1,120,258	693,805 \$ 8,093 - 1,651,923	864,629 13,659 - 316,202
otal governmental activities		1,647,966	1,850,251	1,850,251	1,767,065	1,685,143	1,558,152	1,730,392	2,075,803	2,353,821	1,194,490
ness-type activities: Water Waste water management Solid waste management	_	1,770,636 1,254,351 887,845	1,755,946 1,153,884 839,164	1,755,946 1,153,884 839,164	1,683,742 1,132,032 814,788	1,730,516 1,167,614 794,404	1,473,926 1,105,844 780,881	1,430,682 1,089,009 792,490	1,417,237 1,059,708 802,262	889,344 1,056,848 834,709	905,418 946,043 818,764
otal business-type activities		3,912,832	3,748,994	3,748,994	3,630,562	3,692,534	3,360,651	3,312,181	3,279,207	2,780,901	2,670,225
l primary government	\$	5,560,798 \$	5,599,245 \$	5,599,245 \$	5,397,627 \$	5,377,677 \$	4,918,803 \$	5,042,573 \$	5,355,010 \$	5,134,722 \$	3,864,715

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	20	20	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Fund:											
Nonspendable	\$	- \$	4,486 \$	4,487 \$	\$ 1,617 \$	3,599	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-
Assigned	9	2,605	91,590	88,029	88,029	95,531	109,505	102,220	101,510	93,173	107,113
Unassigned	2,47	2,069	2,061,593	1,868,171	2,039,028	1,137,936	1,372,003	1,275,946	1,631,544	1,931,887	4,473,212
Total general fund	\$ 2,56	54,674 \$	2,157,669 \$	1,960,687	\$ 2,128,674 \$	1,237,066	\$ 1,481,508	\$ 1,378,166 \$	1,733,054 \$	2,025,060 \$	4,580,325
All Other Governmental Funds:	¢	۴	¢	1 102 200 0	105 000 \$	200.000	ф.	ф ф	¢	۴	
Nonspendable	\$	- \$	- \$	1,182,390 \$	405,000 \$	390,000	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-
Restricted, reported in:	10.50			5 (3 0 005	1 1 5 0 0 1 5						
Capital projects fund		08,835	6,366,782	5,420,805	4,178,843	1,864,603	4,051,391	6,653,456	5,981,668	6,356,164	4,860,157
Special revenue funds	68	37,708	528,874	568,392	848,198	1,942,902	1,925,143	1,663,049	1,473,789	785,296	825,202
Total all other											
governmental funds	\$ 11,19	6,543 \$	6,895,656 \$	7,171,587 5	\$ 5,432,041 \$	4,197,505	\$ 5,976,534	\$ 8,316,505 \$	7,455,457 \$	7,141,460 \$	5,685,359

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
REVENUES										
Taxes Utility taxes Franchise fees Licenses, fees and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits Contributions and donations Investment earnings Resource management fees Miscellaneous	\$ 5,112,067 \$ 857,780 424,836 568,782 1,545,550 1,075,516 3,668 429,125 114,969 - 36,961	4,706,991 \$ 822,809 418,425 542,801 1,419,177 1,302,078 5,371 63,357 196,825 - 25,878	4,079,505 \$ 772,139 381,011 528,529 1,827,261 1,231,794 6,742 188,193 75,121 - 50,740	3,848,662 \$ 773,455 367,097 548,624 1,631,310 1,133,033 3,485 68,198 5,165 - 37,895	3,634,385 \$ 774,675 362,980 412,204 1,682,506 1,141,953 3,995 82,487 3,853 - 52,710	3,475,114 \$ 762,198 388,063 352,039 954,392 1,375,347 3,006 18,985 19,784 - 119,517	3,403,996 \$ 781,857 395,205 387,263 979,203 1,686,268 2,272 319,435 13,562 - 135,791	3,341,656 \$ 547,536 359,533 208,161 915,803 2,142,641 3,019 3,630,924 9,713 - 84,320	3,427,519 \$ 372,119 232,258 899,012 955,660 6,573 28,179 14,704 - 66,814	3,097,480 - 401,711 234,098 839,415 912,815 32,804 29,065 21,001 2,382 95,169
Total revenues	10,169,254	9,503,712	9,141,035	8,416,924	8,151,748	7,468,445	8,104,852	11,243,306	6,002,838	5,665,940
EXPENDITURES										
General government Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Debt service:	2,539,165 2,632,314 4,802,826 725,800	3,230,576 2,544,733 2,144,679 847,380	2,503,628 2,541,087 1,547,216 912,595	1,969,983 2,071,733 3,921,145 1,257,937	2,009,528 2,014,029 3,752,295 1,378,191	2,036,543 1,965,930 2,935,891 1,446,373	3,125,430 1,989,357 4,742,506 1,934,255	1,822,605 1,839,766 6,819,411 5,851,451	1,822,411 1,860,604 2,292,156 1,256,015	1,562,911 1,805,437 1,980,596 693,292
Principal Interest	550,633 314,950	532,233 308,892	461,954 299,822	447,785 313,991	403,362 325,571	365,000 509,912	340,000 354,863	190,528	-	-
Total expenditures	11,565,688	9,608,493	8,266,302	9,982,574	9,882,976	9,259,649	12,486,411	16,523,761	7,231,186	6,042,236
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING DURCES (USES)	(1,396,434)	(104,781)	874,733	(1,565,650)	(1,731,228)	(1,791,204)	(4,381,559)	(5,280,455)	(1,228,348)	(376,296)
Proceeds from debt issuance	4,705,835	-	762,390	-	300,000	-	4,750,341	5,214,659	35,000	-
Proceeds from insurance Sale of equipment Transfers in Transfers out	21,515 1,508,752 303,989	6,328 19,504 261,450	10,940 81,796 301,844	2,076 - 3,776,637 5,417,015	3,961 656,400	1,000 241,106 717,150	1,263 18,615 653,900	3,780 2,707 1,150,775	39,401 5,283 2,188,700	13,075 14,300
Total other financing sources (uses)	(435,765) 6,104,326	(261,450)	(460,144)	(5,503,874)	-292,303	-445,425	(536,400)	(1,069,475)	(2,139,200)	(112,800) (5,425)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,707,892 \$	(78,949) \$	1,571,559 \$	2,126,204 \$	(2,023,531) \$	-2,236,629 \$	506,160 \$	21,991 \$	(1,099,164) \$	(381,721)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.53%	11.86%	9.36%	11.11%	12.19%	11.81%	8.66%	1.20%	0.00%	0.00%

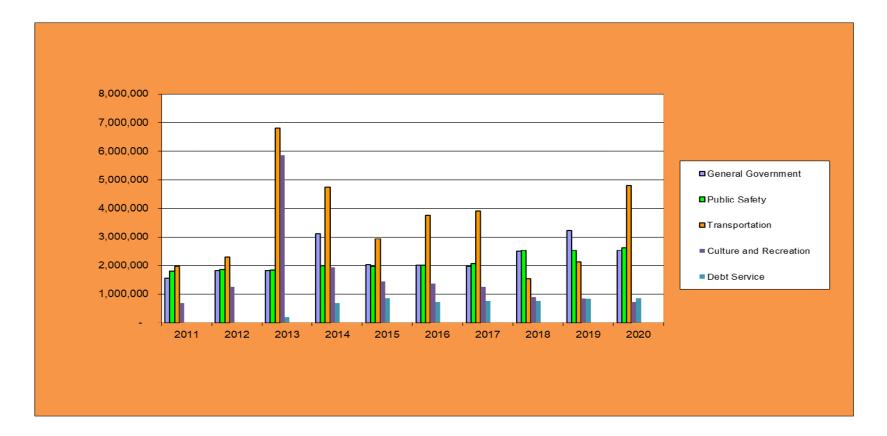
GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION⁽¹⁾ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	General Government	Public Safety	Transportation	Culture and Recreation	Debt Service	Total
2011	\$ 1,562,911 \$	1,805,437 \$	1,980,596 \$	693,292 \$	- \$	6,042,236
2012	1,822,411	1,860,604	2,292,156	1,256,015	-	7,231,186
2013	1,822,605	1,839,766	6,819,411	5,851,451	190,528	16,523,761
2014	3,125,430	1,989,357	4,742,506	1,934,255	694,863	12,486,411
2015	2,036,543	1,965,930	2,935,891	1,446,373	874,912	9,259,649
2016	2,009,528	2,014,029	3,752,295	1,378,191	728,933	9,882,976
2017	1,969,983	2,071,733	3,921,145	1,257,937	761,776	9,982,574
2018	2,503,628	2,541,087	1,547,216	912,595	761,776	8,266,302
2019	3,230,576	2,544,733	2,144,679	847,380	841,125	9,608,493
2020	2,539,165	2,632,314	4,802,826	725,800	865,583	11,565,688

⁽¹⁾ Includes general, special revenue and capital projects funds.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE $^{(1)}$ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 Taxes	License and Permits	Intergovern- mental	Charge for Services	Fines	Resource Management Fees	Interest	Contri- ⁽²⁾ butions and Donations	Miscel- laneous	Total
2011	\$ 3,499,191 \$	234,098 \$	\$ 839,415 \$	912,815 \$	32,804 \$	2,382 \$	21,001 \$	29,065 \$	95,169 \$	5,665,940
2012	3,799,638	232,258	899,012	955,660	6,573	-	14,704	28,179	66,814	6,002,838
2013	4,248,725	208,161	915,803	2,142,641	3,019	-	9,713	3,630,924	84,320	11,243,306
2014	4,581,058	387,263	979,203	1,686,268	2,272	-	13,562	319,435	135,791	8,104,852
2015	4,625,375	352,039	954,392	1,375,347	3,006	-	19,784	18,985	119,517	7,468,445
2016	4,772,040	412,204	1,682,506	1,141,953	3,995	-	3,853	82,487	52,710	8,151,748
2017	4,989,214	548,624	1,631,310	1,133,033	3,485	-	5,165	68,198	37,895	8,416,924
2018	5,232,655	528,529	1,827,261	1,231,794	6,742	-	75,121	188,193	50,740	9,141,035
2019	5,948,225	542,801	1,419,177	1,302,078	5,371	-	196,825	63,357	25,878	9,503,712
2020	6,394,683	568,782	1,545,550	1,075,516 GENERAL GO		AL TAX REVENUE I FISCAL YEARS	114,969 ES BY SOURCE	429,125	36,961	10,169,254

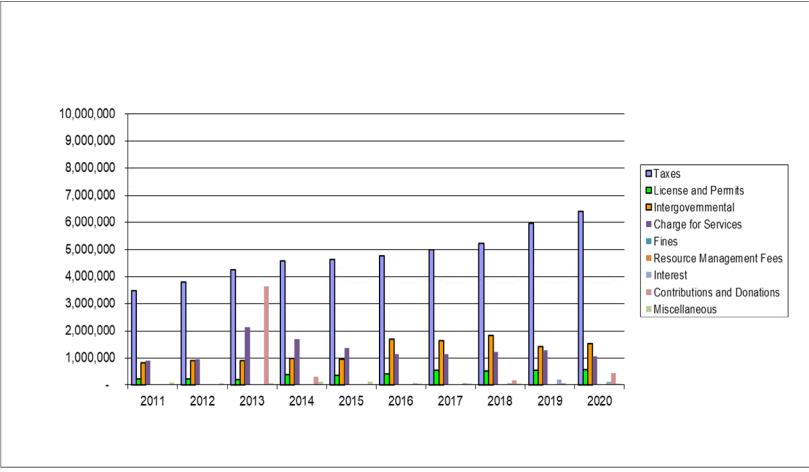
Fiscal	Property	Utility		Franchise	
Year	 Tax	 Tax	_	Taxes	 Total
2011	\$ 3,097,480	\$ -	\$	401,711	\$ 3,499,191
2012	3,427,519	-		372,119	3,799,638
2013	3,341,656	547,536		359,533	4,248,725
2014	3,403,996	781,857		395,205	4,581,058
2015	3,475,114	762,198		388,063	4,625,375
2016	3,634,385	774,675		362,980	4,772,040
2017	3,848,662	773,455		367,097	4,989,214
2018	4,079,505	772,139		381,011	5,232,655
2019 2020	4,706,991 5,112,067	822,809 857,780		418,425 424,836	5,948,225 6,394,683

⁽¹⁾ Includes general, special revenue and capital projects funds.

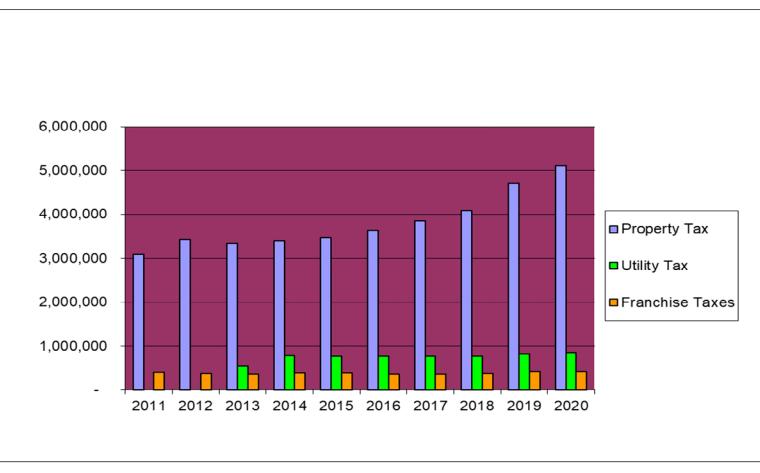
⁽²⁾ Public contributions to community center construction campaign.

⁽³⁾ Town rescinded the utility tax ordinance effective October 2006. The ordinance was reinstated effective October 2013.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



REVENUE CAPACITY

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Percentage													
Fiscal	-	Real	Prop	ertv	Ass	essed Valuations Personal	Total		Total	Total	Assessed Values to Estimated	Yearly I	ocreases	Total Direct Tax
Year		Residential		Commercial		Property	Taxable	_	Exempt	All	Market	Taxable	Total	Rate
2011	\$	716,297,284	\$	42,395,511	\$	6,544,496 \$	621,660,713	\$	98,321,464 \$	765,237,291	100	2.6	(33.00)	5.1465
2012		646,755,411		38,131,356		6,371,040	595,307,227		93,950,580	691,257,807	100	(4.2)	(3.99)	5.9432
2013		631,565,876		37,570,826		6,271,935	580,712,681		94,695,956	675,408,637	100	(2.5)	(2.29)	5.9432
2014		638,202,678		35,915,734		6,155,922	583,340,612		96,933,722	680,274,334	100	0.5	0.72	6.0257
2015		665,671,571		37,040,034		6,493,542	608,453,321		100,751,826	709,205,147	100	4.3	4.25	5.9257
2016		693,397,101		37,338,994		6,209,050	634,941,314		102,003,831	736,945,145	100	4.4	3.91	5.9257
2017		726,160,817		37,716,905		6,647,392	670,528,380		99,996,734	770,525,114	100	5.6	4.56	5.9257
2018		773,387,886		34,876,143		6,991,442	712,561,991		102,693,480	815,255,471	100	6.3	5.81	5.9257
2019		807,310,245		36,441,504		6,496,517	748,088,940		102,159,326	850,248,266	100	5.0	4.29	6.5000
2020	\$	873,385,330	\$	41,746,131	\$	8,127,504 \$	816,492,865	\$	106,766,100 \$	923,258,965	100	9.1	8.59	6.5000

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

ASSESSED VALUATIONS, MILLAGE AND TAXES LEVIED AND COLLECTED LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total valuations	\$	765,237,291 \$	733,408,184 \$	703,970,361 \$	727,998,327 \$	840,716,261 \$	910,085,866 \$	980,956,983 \$	1,049,653,182 \$	1,084,969,859 \$	1,186,251,969
Real estate exemptions:											
Government exemption		10,926,288	9,948,748	9,917,835	10,151,058	10,959,550	12,930,053	12,917,336	13,089,895	11,378,429	12,330,347
Institutional exemption		8,153,630	7,860,638	7,636,217	8,101,802	8,089,887	8,155,004	8,190,515	8,425,801	9,004,696	9,215,850
Assessment differential											
(F.S. 193.155) ⁽³⁾		45,255,114	42,150,377	28,561,724	47,723,993	131,511,114	173,140,721	210,431,869	234,397,711	234,721,593	262,993,004
Individual or homestead											
exemptions	_	78,914,247	78,141,194	77,141,904	78,680,862	81,702,389	80,918,774	81,585,629	80,643,630	81,776,201	85,219,903
Total exemptions and adjustments	_	147,729,065	138,100,957 -	123,257,680 -	144,657,715 -	232,262,940 -	275,144,552	313,125,349	336,557,037	336,880,919	369,759,104
Total taxable valuation	\$	617,508,226 \$	595,307,227 \$	580,712,681 \$	583,340,612 \$	608,453,321 \$	634,941,314 \$	667,831,634 \$	713,096,145 \$	748,088,940 \$	816,492,865
Millage levied	_	5.1465	5.9432	5.9432	6.0257	5.9257	5.9257	5.9257	5.9257	6.5000	6.5000
Total taxes levied		3,199,377	3,538,030	3,451,292	3,515,036	3,605,512	3,762,472	3,957,370	4,225,594	4,862,578	5,307,204
Less: Adjustments and discounts		101,897	110,511	109,636	111,040	130,398	128,088	108,708	146,089	155,587	195,138
Net taxes levied	\$	3,097,480 \$	3,427,519 \$	3,341,656 \$	3,403,996 \$	3,475,114 \$	3,634,384 \$	3,848,662 \$	4,079,505 \$	4,706,991 \$	5,112,066
Net collected ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$	3,097,480 \$	3,427,519 \$	3,341,656 \$	3,403,996 \$	3,475,114 \$	3,634,384 \$	3,848,662 \$	4,079,505 \$	4,706,991 \$	5,112,066

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser

⁽¹⁾Florida Statutes provide for a discount of up to four percent for early payment of ad valorem taxes. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1, and are sold at auction on June 1 of each year as tax certificates. The Town, after all tax certificates are sold, has fully collected all ad valorem revenues

⁽³⁾ Florida Statutes provide for a three percent maximum increase in annual taxable property values.

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Town of Belleair:										
Operating	5.1465	5.9432	5.9432	6.0257	5.9257	5.9257	5.9257	6.5000	6.5000	6.5000
Total Town millage	5.1465	5.9432	5.9432	6.0257	5.9257	5.9257	5.9257	6.5000	6.5000	6.5000
Pinellas County School Board:										
Operating	8.3400	8.3850	8.3020	8.0600	7.8410	7.7700	7.3180	7.0090	6.7270	6.5840
Pinellas County										
Operating	4.8730	4.8730	5.0727	5.2755	5.2755	5.2755	5.2755	5.2755	5.2755	5.2755
Debt service		-		-						
Total County millage	4.8730	4.8730	5.0727	5.2755	5.2755	5.2755	5.2755	5.2755	5.2755	5.2755
County-wide millage set by other										
taxing authorities:										
-Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority	0.5601	0.7305	0.7305	0.7305	0.7305	0.7305	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500
-Pinellas County Planning Council	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0160	0.0160	0.0160	0.0150	0.0150	0.0150	0.0150
-Juvenile Welfare Board	0.7915	0.8337	0.8981	0.8981	0.8981	0.8981	0.8981	0.8981	0.8981	0.8981
-South West Florida Water										
Management District	0.3770	0.3928	0.3928	0.3818	0.3658	0.3488	0.3317	0.3131	0.2955	0.2801
-Pinellas Anclote River Basin	0.2600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-Health	-	-	-	0.0622	0.0622	0.0622	0.0622	0.0835	0.0835	0.0835
-EMS	0.5832	0.8506	0.9158	0.9158	0.9158	0.9158	0.9158	0.9158	0.9158	0.9158
Total County-wide millage	2.5843	2.8201	2.9497	3.0044	2.9884	2.9714	2.9728	2.9755	2.9579	2.9425
TOTAL	20.9438	22.0213	22.2676	22.3656	22.0306	21.9426	21.4920	21.7600	21.4604	21.3020

Source: Pinellas County Tax Collector

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAPERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Principal Property Taxpayers	Rank	2020 Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	2011 Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Chateau Galinski, LLC		\$ 12,460,798	1.53 %	Belleview Biltmore Owner LLC	1	\$ 10,794,762	1.74 %
Belleview Biltmore Country Club Corp	2	8,467,159	1.04	Belleview Biltmore Country Club Corp	2	7,894,621	1.27
Muma, Leslie M	3	6,773,010	0.83	Muma, Leslie M	3	6,664,894	1.07
Sjouwerman, Stu	4	6,525,374	0.80	St Louis, James	4	6,414,751	1.03
Emanuel, James M	5	4,976,441	0.61	Bollea, Terry Gene	5	5,912,908	0.95
Thomas, John	6	4,862,654	0.60	Heye, Hans F	6	5,349,407	0.86
Hakim, Jean F	7	4,681,314	0.57	Rinker, Mary E	7	4,013,513	0.65
Hawkins, Kevin E	8	4,373,114	0.54	Thomas, Fred A	8	3,849,727	0.62
Belleview Place - Inn LLC	9	4,250,000	0.52	Doganiero, Philip	9	3,246,686	0.52
Arenberg, Tim	10	3,826,649	0.47	Boesch, Gary	10	2,891,690	0.47
TOTAL	5	\$61,196,513	7.50 %	TOTAL		\$	9.17 %

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

PROPERTY LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Collections wi		Collections		
	Total	Taxable			 Fiscal Year o	f Levy	in	 Collection	ns to Date
Fiscal	Assessed	Assessed				Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage
Year	 Valuation	 Valuation]	Levy	 Amount	of Levy	Years	 Amount	of Levy
2011	\$ 765,237,291	\$ 621,660,713 \$		3,199,377	\$ 3,097,480	97%	-	\$ 3,097,480	97%
2012	733,408,184	595,307,227		3,538,029	3,427,529	97%	-	3,427,519	97%
2013	703,970,361	580,712,681		3,451,292	3,341,656	97%	-	3,341,656	97%
2014	727,998,327	583,340,612		3,515,036	3,403,996	97%	-	3,403,996	97%
2015	840,716,261	608,453,321		3,605,512	3,463,754	96%	-	3,463,754	96%
2016	910,085,866	634,941,314		3,762,472	3,634,384	97%	2	3,634,386	97%
2017	980,956,983	670,528,380		3,973,350	3,848,662	97%	-	3,848,662	97%
2018	1,049,653,182	712,561,991		4,222,429	4,079,505	97%	-	4,079,505	97%
2019	1,084,969,859	748,088,940		4,862,578	4,706,991	97%	-	4,706,991	96%
2020	\$ 923,258,965	\$ 816,492,865 \$		5,307,204	\$ 5,112,066	96%		\$ 5,112,066	96%

(1) Florida Statutes provide for a discount of up to four percent for early retirement of ad valorem taxes.

All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1, and are sold at auction on June 1 of each year as tax certificates.

The Town, after all tax certificates are sold, has fully collected all ad valorem tax revenues.

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

DEBT CAPACITY

PERCENTAGE OF ANNUAL GENERAL DEBT SERVICE TO GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES -GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT AND MORTGAGE NOTE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Debt Serv	vice		Total	Percentage of Debt Service
Fiscal Year		Obligation ed Debt Interest	Paying	Mortgage Note	Total Debt	General Governmental Expenditures ⁽¹⁾	to General Governmental Expenditures
					- <u> </u>		
2011	\$ -	\$-	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ 6,042,236	-
2012	-	-	-	35,000	35,000	7,231,186	0.5 %
2013	-	-	-	190,528	190,528	16,523,761	1.2 %
2014	-	-	-	694,863	694,863	12,486,411	5.6 %
2015	-	-	-	707,138	707,138	9,259,649	7.6 %
2016	-	-	-	728,933	728,933	9,882,976	7.4 %
2017	-	-	-	761,776	761,776	9,982,574	7.6 %
2018	-	-	-	63,843	63,843	8,266,302	0.8 %
2019	-	-	-	698,151	698,151	9,608,493	7.3 %
2020	\$ -	\$-	\$ - \$	710,674	\$ 710,674	\$ 11,565,688	6.1 %

⁽¹⁾ Includes general and special revenue funds, and capital projects funds.

PERCENTAGE OF DEBT TO TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION AND DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Gross General Obligation Bonded Debt	Capital Project Revenue Note	Facilities Financing Note	Equipment Financing Note	Total	Percent of Actual Taxable Value of Real Property	Per Capita
2011	3,869 \$	621,660,713 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	- \$	-
2012	3,877	595,307,227	-	35,000	-	-	35,000	0.01%	9.03
2013	3,795	580,712,681	-	5,214,659	-	-	5,214,659	0.90%	1,374.09
2014	3,887	583,340,612	-	9,660,000	-	-	9,660,000	1.66%	2,485.21
2015	4,022	608,453,321	-	9,295,000	-	-	9,295,000	1.53%	2,381.50
2016	4,022	634,941,314	-	8,920,000	-	271,638	9,191,638	1.45%	2,285.34
2017	4,088	670,528,380	-	8,530,000	-	213,853	8,743,853	1.30%	2,138.91
2018	4,217	712,561,991	-	8,125,000	762,390	156,899	9,044,289	1.27%	2,144.72
2019	4,097	748,088,940	-	7,705,000	712,456	94,600	8,512,056	1.14%	2,077.63
2020	4,095 \$	816,492,865 \$	- \$	12,000,000 \$	659,413 \$	32,010 \$	12,691,423	1.55% \$	3,099.25

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Bureau of Census estimate and the University of Florida.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND REVENUE BONDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	_	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Town of Belleair	 Amount Applicable to Town of Belleair
Direct debt:				
Town of Belleair				
Bonds/Notes	\$	12,000,000	100%	\$ 12,000,000
Capital Leases		691,423	100%	691,423
Subtotal Town of Belleair direct debt	_	12,691,423	100%	 12,691,423
Overlapping debt: Pinellas County School Board (1)				
Certificates of Participation		61,059,813	0.88%	535,998
Bonds/Notes		14,000	0.88%	5,337
Capital Leases		3,873,480	0.88%	41,039
Pinellas County (2)				
Bonds/Notes		12,691,808	0.96%	175,609
Capital Leases		615,497	0.96%	2,811
Subtotal overlapping debt	_	78,254,598	0.96%	 760,793
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$_	90,946,021	15%	\$ 13,452,216.39
RATIO:				
Overall debt to 2020 taxable value			1.65%	
Overall debt per capita		\$	3,285	

 The Town's share is calculated based on the ratio of the FY 2020 School Board Taxable Value of \$93,013,302,612 to the Town's Taxable Value of \$816,492,865

(2) The Town's share is calculated based on the ratio of the FY 2020 County Taxable Value of \$85,468,863,997 to the Town's Taxable Value of \$816,492,865

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Public Service (Electric)	Infrastructure	Stormwater	Net Available	Debt Ser	vice	
Year	Tax ⁽²⁾	Sales Surtax	Fee ⁽³⁾	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2011	-	295,159	-	295,159	-	-	-
2012	-	312,431	-	312,431 (1)	-	-	-
2013	224,919	330,116	322,617	877,652	-	190,528	460.6
2014	442,298	352,312	339,559	1,134,168	340,000	354,863	163.2
2015	423,379	379,217	309,400	1,111,996	365,000	342,138	157.3
2016	437,310	398,838	337,365	1,173,513	375,000	322,012	168.4
2017	436,610	409,965	336,845	1,183,420	390,000	307,933	169.6
2018	438,873	434,396	333,266	1,206,535	405,000	293,313	172.8
2019	488,860	457,013	333,948	1,279,822	420,000	278,151	183.3
2020	527,147	474,084	330,633	1,331,864	435,000	275,674	187.4

(1) First year of debt

(2) Debt issue in last month of Reporting Period, MPST enacted in 2012-2013

(3) Debt issue last month of Reporting Period, Stormwater fee enacted in 2012-2013

DEMOGRAPHIC AND

ECONOMIC

INFORMATION

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Number of Households ⁽²⁾	Per Household Income ⁽³⁾	Median Age ⁽¹⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽¹⁾
2011	3,869		57,740	57.4	9.8
2012	3,888		57,097	54.9	8.6
2013	3,795	*1,783	50,011	56.7	8.5
2014	3,887	2,323	53,133	53.6	7.1
2015	3,958	2,238	57,307	44.7	5.8
2016	4,022	2,163	59,164	53.0	3.7
2017	4,088	2,230	66,244	53.1	3.8
2018	4,217	2,437	64,467	55.0	3.3
2019	4,097	2,290	93,979	55.2	3.2
2020	4,095	2,306	77,540	49.4	5.7

(1) U.S. Bureau of Census estimate and the University of Florida.

(2) New Statistic As of 2013, Estimate provided by factfinder.census.gov, 2013 did not include condos

(3) Data is for Pinellas County. Published by the Office of Economic & Demographic Research NOTE: Data is for an unspecified point each year, not specifically September 30.

<u>TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA</u> PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS, PINELLAS COUNTY <u>CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO</u>

	2020		2011	
	Employees		Employees	
Employer	Full-Time	Rank	Full-Time	Rank
Raymond James Financial	4,000	1	2,600	4
Home Shopping Club	2,000	2	4,000	1
Tech Data Corp	2,000	3	2,500	5
Spectrum	2,000	4		
Fidelity Information Services	1,500	5	4,000	2
The Nielsen Company	1,500	6	3,000	3
Jabil Circuit, Inc.	1,500	7	1,700	7
Honeywell Aerospace	1,500	8		
Valpak	1,500	9		
Superior Uniform Group	1,000	10		
Agora Marketing Solutions			1,800	6
Western Reserve Life Assur.			1,500	8
Ceridian Benefit Services			1,200	9
Franklin Templeton Invest			1,200	10
-				
TOTAL	18,500		23,500	

Data is based on Pinellas County since numbers for Town of Belleair are not available. Source: Pinellas County Economic Development Department.

OPERATING

INFORMATION

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of September 30,

FUNCTION	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Government	14.00	15.00	15.00	14.00	11.00	14.00	16.00	14.00	12.00	11.00
Public Safety: Police:										
- Police Officers	13.00	13.00	13.00	15.00	12.00	13.00	13.00	14.00	13.00	13.00
- General employees	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Physical Environment	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	4.00	6.00	6.50	6.50	6.00
Transportation	3.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	3.00	2.00
Culture and Recreation	8.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	4.50	5.00
Water	7.00	9.50	9.50	8.00	8.50	10.00	12.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Solid Waste Management	5.50	5.00	5.00	5.00	7.50	5.50	5.50	6.50	6.00	6.00
Total	57.00	58.50	58.50	58.00	54.00	57.50	62.50	61.00	56.00	54.00

Source Town Finance Department

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Fiscal	Year Ended S	eptember 30,				
FUNCTION	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Police:										
Physical arrests	26	32	39	41	26	31	46	56	45	125
Parking violations	57	276	24	20	22	12	142	140	10	12
Traffic violations	363	67	230	116	76	110	157	7	397	397
									194	
Transportation:										
Resurfacing (miles)	1.52	1.15	0.77	0.77	0.7	0.5	0.5	4.5	0.5	1
Pothole repaired	75	105	50	50	50	110	120	150	~100	240
Culture and Recreation:										
Athletic Permits Issued			800	800	800	800	822	832	600	600
Memberships Issued	396	583								
Water:										
New connections	10	5	11	6	3	6	5	0	2	2
Main breaks	6	3	3	4	9	0	0	10	12	12
Average consumption	765,333	810,551	700,515	818,622	767,968	699,957	517,567	681,789	693,150	768,950
Solid Waste Management:										
Refuse collected tons per/day	11.36	9.80	10.56	10.03	10.5	7.12	7.19	7.78	11.83	8.01
Recyclables collected	0.68	5.30	1.22	0.95	2.78	0.60	1.19	0.43	0.80	0.75

Source: Town Finance Department

CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,									
FUNCTION	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Public Safety:										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	10	9	9	7	9	5	5	5	6	6
Transportation:										
Streets (Miles)	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Traffic signs	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	0.5	0.5
Culture and Recreation:										
Park acreage	24	24	24	24	24	33	33	33	33	33
Parks	19	19	19	17	17	19	19	19	19	19
Tennis Courts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water Mains (Miles)	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	80	80
Fire hydrants	151	151	138	135	135	135	135	135	135	135
Maximum daily capacity										
(thousands of gallons)	2.2MGD	2.2MGD	2.2MGD	2.2MGD	2.2 MGD					
Solid Waste Management:										
Trucks	6	6	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	10

Source: Town Finance Department

PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	New Commercial Construction		onstruction New Residential Construction		Additions, Improve Miscellaneous Co		
Fiscal Year	Number of Permits	Value	Number of Permits	Value	Permits ⁽¹⁾	Value	Bank Deposits ⁽²⁾ (In Thousands)
2011	- \$	-	- \$	817,398	584 \$	8,069,923	Not Available
2012	-	-	3	1,319,123	550	8,022,895	Not Available
2013	-	-	1	392,000	555	8,372,952	Not Available
2014	-	-	7	6,465,452	683	16,508,591	Not Available
2015	-	-	7	6,649,064	721	9,943,615	Not Available
2016	-	-	18	14,863,390	641	9,758,896	Not Available
2017	2	9,682,000	6	18,143,720	733	19,812,585	Not Available
2018	3	6,581,000	12	15,124,133	881	15,226,265	Not Available
2019	1	878,545	9	42,430,000	736	24,419,476	Not Available
2020	5 \$	3,478,911	10 \$	17,225,940	819 \$	18,200,191	Not Available

(1) Includes institutional, seawalls, pools, and non-valued building permits.

(2) Includes balances in commercial, savings, savings and loan, and building and loan banking institutions

(3) Significant increase is caused by destruction and rebuilding of many residential homes during the fiscal year.

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA September 30, 2020

Date of Incorporation	1925	Term of Office:
Date First Charter Adopted	1925	Mayor - 3 Years
Date Present Charter Adopted	1970	Commissioners - 3 Years
		Managan Amainted by Commission

Form of Government: Commission-Manager Commission Composed of: Mayor and Four Commissioners Mayor - 3 Years Commissioners - 3 Years Manager - Appointed by Commission Average Annual Temperature - 73 degrees Average Annual Rainfall - 51 inches Area - 2.50 square miles

MUNICIPAL UTILITIES, SERVICES AND EVENTS

Police Protection		Parks and Recreation		
Number of Employees	21	Community Centers	1	
Number of Vehicular Patrol L	10	Playgrounds	2	
Number of Law Violations:		Athletic Fields	2	
Physical Arrests	26	Parkland Acreage	24	
Traffic Violations	363	Walking Trails	1	
Parking Violations	57	Tennis Courts	3	
		Basketball Courts	1	
		Restroom Building	1	
		Picnic Shelter	1	
Sanitation Service System:		Transporation		
Number of accounts	1,414	Paved Street	22 miles	
Annual tonnage	2,873	Stormwater Lines	18 miles	
	,	Sidewalks	23 miles	
Water System:		Cultural Facilities Available in Belleai	r	
Miles of Water Mains	36	and the Tampa Bay Area:		
Daily Average Consumption (MGD)	.765	David A. Straz, Jr. Center for	Performing Arts	
Number of Lift Stations	0	Tampa, Florida		
Plant Capacity (MGD)	2.2 MGD	Ruth Eckerd Hall		
Number of Service Collections	1599	Clearwater, Florida		
Deep Wells Active	7	Heritage Village		
Number of Fire Hydrants	151	Largo, Florida		
Number of customers	1,540	Pinellas Park Performing Art	s Center	
		Pinellas Park, Florida		
Major Annual Community Events:	People Attending	Central Park Performing Arts Center		
Belleair Sunset 5k & Fun Run	750	Clearwater, Florida		
Winter Events (Parade, Gift Delive	750	Clear water, Tiorida		

1) Police data is for 2020 calendar year (January 1, 2020 - December 31, 2020)

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE September 30, 2020

Term for all types of coverage listed below is from October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

Type of Coverage	Policy Number	Company	Association Self-Insurance Retention (SIR)	Limited Liability (Includes SIR)	Original Premium
Stoploss Carriers:	PRM19-006	Public Risk Management of FL			Total for all primary and excess
Property			100,000	100,000	risk coverage-
General Liability/Auto Liability			100,000	2,000,000	
Excess Workers' Compensation and Employers' Liability			650,000	2,000,000	
Employee Benefits Liability			200,000	2,000,000	
Excess Workers' Compensation				Statutory 2,000,000	
Crime: Monies/Securities Forgery/Alteration Employee Dishonesty Public Officials' Errors and Omissions			25,000 25,000 25,000 100,000	500,000 500,000 500,000 2,000,000 Aggregate 6,000,000 per member	
Cyber Liability			1,000,000 5,000 deductible	5,000,000 per pool aggregate	
Boiler & Machinery	BME1-8751M435-TIL-19	Travelers Property Casualty Company		50,000,000/ 100,000 object sublimit 10,000 deductible	
Pollution Liability Certified Acts of Terrorism	PEC001275015	XL Group Insurance	25,000	1,000,000 per occurrence 21,000,000 Aggregate Liability	ý
				\$	317,536
**Cyber Private Policy					5,458
**Travel Accident Mayor, Commissioners, Dept. Heads	ADDN01063091	ACE American Insurance Co.		250,000 max 10,000 medical 5,000,000 aggregate limit	827
**Accidental Death & Dismemberment Law Enforcement	ADDNO4823138	ACE American Insurance Co.		75,000 in the line of duty/ add'l 75,000 fresh pursuit 225,000 unlawful and	
				intentional death **	1,145
				\$	324,966

** Paid to World Risk Management

OTHER REPORTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

AND

MANAGEMENT LETTER

AND

ATTESTATION REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415 FLORIDA STATUTES

AND

MANAGEMENT MEMORANDUM ON REVIEW OF INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE

September 30, 2020

SALTMARSH, CLEAVELAND & GUND, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable Mayor and Town Commissioners Town of Belleair, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Belleair, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Belleair, Florida's (Town) basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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The Honorable Mayor and Town Commissioners Town of Belleair, Florida

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Saltmansh Cleansland & Gund

Tampa, Florida September 20, 2021

MANAGEMENT LETTER



The Honorable Mayor and Town Commission Town of Belleair, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Belleair, Florida as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Controller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General her Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditors Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated May 1, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Other Reporting Requirements

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address finding and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report. There were no findings or recommendations made on internal control and compliance issues during the preceding annual financial audit.

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Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This disclosure has been included in the Town's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Financial Condition

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7) Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the Town of Belleair, Florida has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Section 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town of Belleair, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

The Honorable Mayor and Town Commission Town of Belleair, Florida

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Saltmansh Cleansland & Gund

Tampa, Florida September 20, 2021

ATTESTATION REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415 FLORIDA STATUTES



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Town Commission Town of Belleair, Florida

We have examined the Town of Belleair, Florida 's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the Town's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test bases, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Town and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Saltmansh Cleansland & Gund

Tampa, Florida September 20, 2021

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MEMORANDUM ON REVIEW OF INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE



September 20, 2021

The Honorable Mayor and Town Commissioners Town of Belleair, Florida

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Belleair, Florida as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2021.

We have issued our Report on Compliance and Internal Accounting Controls in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* dated September 20, 2021. Disclosures in that report, if any, should be considered in conjunction with this management memorandum.

We conducted our audit in accordance with United States generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Town of Belleair, Florida we considered the Town's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit we observed a matter that is an opportunity for strengthening internal control and operating efficiency.

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<u>2019-2020</u>

2020-1 GASB Statement No. 95

<u>2018-2019</u>

2019-1 New Reporting Model

2019-2020

2020-1 GASB Statement No. 95

The primary objective of GASB Statement No. 95, which became effective in May 2020, is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are schedule to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018 and later.

The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed and are effective as indicated in GASB Statement No. 95.

We recommend that the Director of Support Services become aware of the revised implementation dates in this standard.

2018-2019

2019-1 New Reporting Model

GASB is currently working on a project to change the full accrual financial statements that are presented in the Town's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report in accordance with Statement No. 34.

<u>Project Description</u>: The objective of this project is to make improvements to the financial reporting model, including Restatement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, and other reporting model-related pronouncements.

Last year we recommended that both the Town Manager and Director of Support Services become aware of the new GASB project.

This recommendation has been implemented.

* * * * * *

This memorandum is intended solely for the use of the Town of Belleair, Florida and the Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

We appreciate the courtesy and assistance provided to us by the Town's personnel during our audit. We will review the status of the above comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with Town personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

SALTMARSH, CLEAVELAND & GUND, P.A.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE



TO:	Mayor and Town Commissioners
FROM:	JP Murphy, Town Manager
DATE:	September 20, 2021
SUBJECT:	Response to auditor's report and management letter for the fiscal year 2019-2020

Town staff has reviewed the auditor's report and management letter for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. I offer the following comments in response to their recommendations and observations:

GASB Statement No. 95

The external auditor has recommended that the Director of Finance become aware of the ability to delay implementation of certain GASB statements in light of the COVID-19 pandemic, as provided for in the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 95. We accept the auditor's recommendation.