

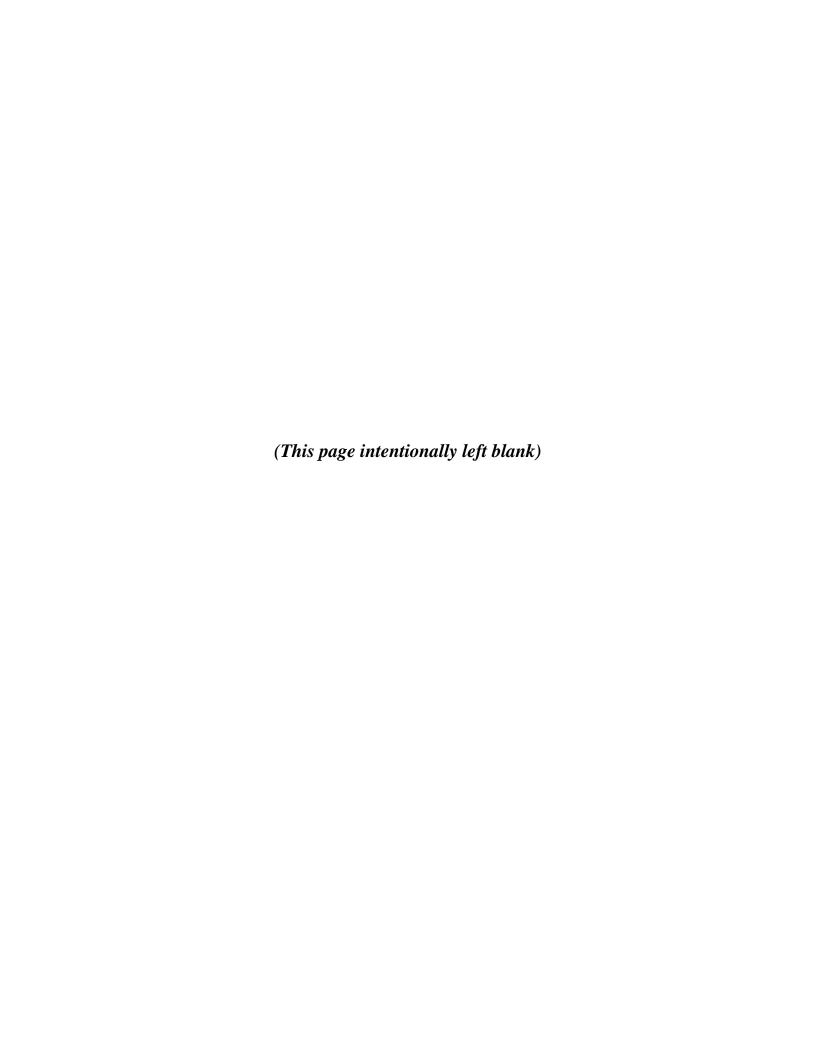
City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

for the FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2020



WORKING TOGETHER

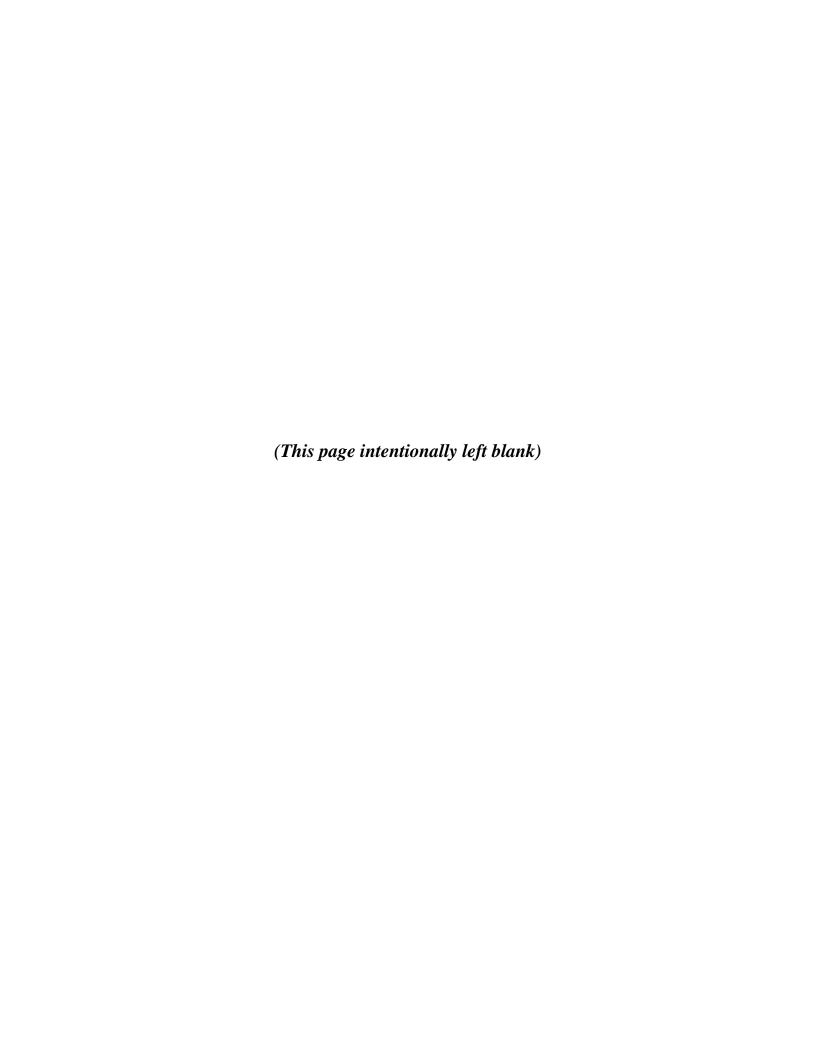


CITY OF INDIAN ROCKS BEACH, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL

FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended September 30, 2020

Prepared by the Finance Department



CITY OF INDIAN ROCKS BEACH, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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The City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida City Officials

Elected Officials

Financial Related Management

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Administrative 727/595-2517 727/595-4627 (Fax) Building/Planning & Zoning 727/517-0404 727/596-4759 (Fax) City Clerk 727/517-0204 727/595-4627 (Fax) Library 727/596-1822 727/595-4627 (Fax) Public Services 727/595-6889 727/593-5137(Fax)

March 29, 2021

The Honorable Commissioners, and Citizens of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, as mandated by both local ordinances and State Statutes. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was compiled by the City Finance Director & City Manager, in close cooperation with the external auditor and associates, and represents the official report of the City's financial operations and condition to the citizens, City Commission, the financial community, and other persons interested in the financial affairs of the City of Indian Rocks Beach. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City.

We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included. To maintain a reasonable basis for making these representations, management maintains an internal control structure that provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's accounting policies.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with the MD&A. The City of Indian Rocks Beach's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The City of Indian Rocks Beach financial statements have been audited by MSL, P.A., a firm of certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2020 are free of material misstatement. The audit involved examining evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statements. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the Fiscal Year ended September 30,

2020 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented on page 1 of this report.

Profile of the Government

The City of Indian Rocks Beach was incorporated on June 25, 1955 under the provisions of the Laws of Florida, Chapter 30852, and since that time, has operated under the same Charter. The City is an independent reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The City is a political subdivision of the State of Florida, located in Pinellas County, operating under a City Manager/City Commission form of government. The City is located on a barrier island on the southwest coast of the state and is approximately 1.4 square miles in area and is part of the Tampa Bay metropolitan area. Please visit www.indian-rocks-beach.com for more information about the City and for links to other sites within the area.

The City provides municipal services that include solid waste collection, community planning, street repair and maintenance, drainage repair and maintenance, parks, and library services. The City contracts with Pinellas County for building permitting services. Pinellas County government provides potable water, sewer collection & treatment, solid waste disposal, and the jail/court systems while Pinellas Suncoast Fire and Rescue District provides fire and rescue services. The City contracts with the Pinellas County Sheriff's Office for law enforcement services.

The City operates under a commission-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the City Commission consisting of five members. The City Commission is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's Manager, City Attorney and City Clerk. The City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer of the City and is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Commission, for the day-to-day operations of the City, for appointing the heads of the various departments, and the hiring and supervision of all City employees. In addition, the City Manager is responsible for the supervision of the City Attorney and City Clerk. The City Commission is elected on a non-partisan basis and serves a two-year term.

The annual budget is the foundation for the City's financial planning and control systems. All City department heads are involved in the annual budget process. A Finance and Budget Review Committee, as established in the City Code of Ordinances, reviews the request for appropriation as submitted by the City Manager. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the City Commission for review in June of each year. The City Commission is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and by department, and as the year progresses, budget to actual comparisons are provided to each department, as well as the City Commission.

Local Economy

The City primarily consists of residential properties including single and multi-family homes. Commercial properties include hotels, restaurants, and real estate offices. Property values for both residential and commercial continue to increase throughout the City. In total, taxable property values rose 6.2% in 2021. The City is "built out" so new construction does not occur, although several properties are being redeveloped. The City continues to experience large numbers of conversions of full-time residences to short term or vacation rental properties. Additional highlights

of the local economy include the influx of visitors from states locked down due to the COVID 19 pandemic. Historically low interest rates continue to prevail.

Long-term Financial Planning

Financial planning for the immediate and foreseeable future remains a key stabilizing factor for the City. The City Manager proposes and the City Commission adopts a five-year capital improvement plan, which is updated annually. Replacing and maintaining infrastructure throughout the City, including road, drainage, and parks facilities, remains a primary responsibility. Property tax projections are to be determined due to the uncertainty regarding recent and future tax reform initiatives and changes in the economy. Maintaining strong fund balances, the receipt of sufficient revenues and operating efficiencies all continue to be focal points of the City and its efforts to meet the service demands of residents.

Major Initiatives

The City will continue to address the strategic needs for services and investing in its capital infrastructure. In total, over \$675 thousand in capital project funding is budgeted for fiscal year 2021. Major projects include:

- > \$550,000 Road milling, Resurfacing & Curbing;
- > \$40,000 City Park upgrades and improvements;
- > \$135,000 Energy efficient LED lighting @ Campalong Baseball field

Relevant Financial Policies

It is the policy of the City Commission to maintain a General Fund reserve equal to six months of operating expenditures (50%) of the General Fund. This is the target that the unassigned fund balance should not fall below without establishing a replenishment plan. Funds in excess of these required reserves may be appropriated by the City Commission for specific capital improvement projects or other one-time needs. Funds are invested in a manner which provides the highest investment return with the maximum security, while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City.

It is the policy of the City Commission that enterprise fund operations shall be self-supporting. Periodic review of rate schedules help to ensure that enterprise funds are self-supporting. Additionally, Commission policy requires that unrestricted fund balances of the enterprise funds be maintained at a level equivalent to the greater of three months of operation and maintenance expenses for the solid waste fund.

Internal and Budgetary Control

A major emphasis is placed by the City on effective internal control in the City's accounting system. Internal control seeks to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that financial records are reliable for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. In addition, the independent certified public accountants perform annual reviews as part of their examination of the financial statements.

Budgetary control is maintained at the department level by using comparisons to budgeted amounts before releasing purchase orders to vendors. Any increase or decrease in the total budget of a fund must be approved by the City Commission. City approved financial policies allow management to allocate funds for specific projects, not spent during the current year, as a re-appropriation to the subsequent year.

Award for Financial Reporting

The City participates in the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program. This program encourages governments to prepare financial reports in accordance with standards which promote consistency, full disclosure and uniformity among all governmental entities. The Certificate of Achievement recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that conforms to rigorous program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City last received the award for its FY 2019 CAFR. The administration believes the current CAFR also conforms to all program requirements and will, therefore, be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

Preparation of this CAFR was made possible through the dedicated efforts of everyone in the Finance Department. We would like to thank all City department heads for their contribution to the audit process by ensuring the accuracy of accounting information recorded throughout the year.

We also wish to thank the members of the City Commission and citizens for WORKING TOGETHER to support planning and conducting proactive financial operations of the City in a responsive and progressive manner.

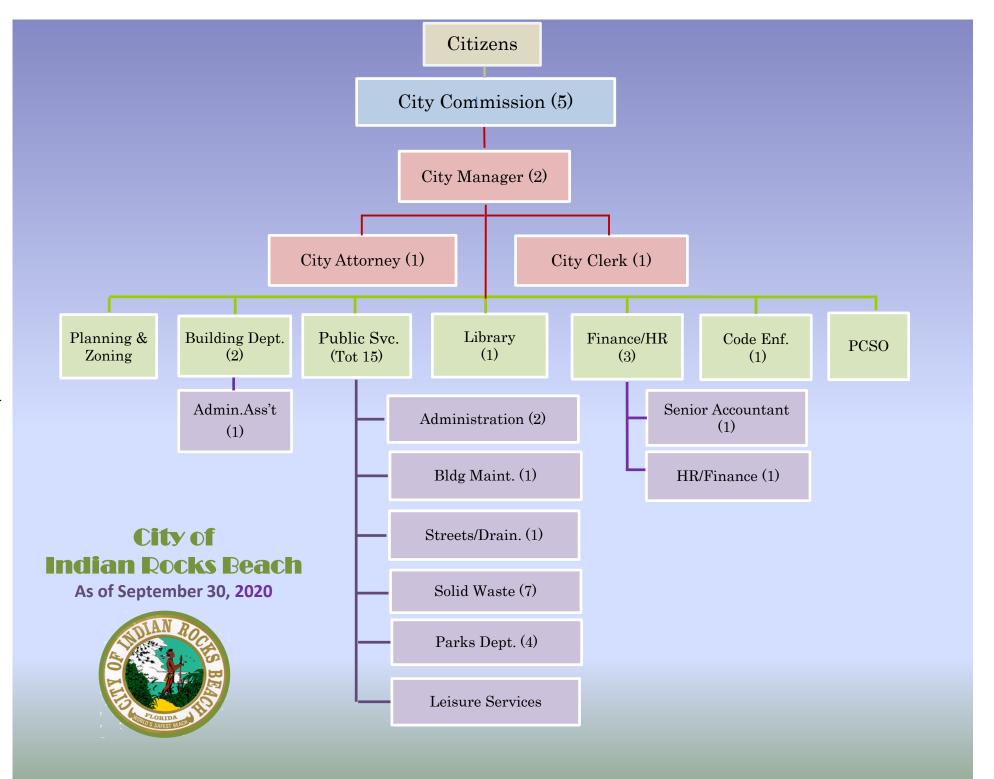
Respectfully Submitted,

Brently Gregg Mims,

City Manager

Dan Carpenter

City Finance Director



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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Indian Rocks Beach Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2019

Chuitophu P. Morrill
Executive Director/CEO

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Concluded)

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, the other supplemental information section, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The other supplemental information section is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements, or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida March 29, 2021

CITY OF INDIAN ROCKS BEACH, FLORIDA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2020

The City of Indian Rocks Beach's (the "City") Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A") presents an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. This document should be read in conjunction with the letter of transmittal in the introductory section, and the City's financial statements following the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2020 by \$19.6 million (net position). Of this amount, \$3.5 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At September 30, 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5.7 million, a decrease of \$.3 million in comparison with the prior year.
- At September 30, 2020, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3.4 million, or 91% of total General Fund expenditures.
- Governmental funds revenues of \$4.9 million decreased \$1.9 million, or 27% from the prior fiscal year, due largely to the decrease in intergovernmental revenues attributed to capital projects.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements*, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during fiscal year 2020. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected but earned revenue and unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation and culture/recreation. The business-type activities of the City include solid waste collection and disposal. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following the MD&A.

CITY OF INDIAN ROCKS BEACH, FLORIDA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - continued

September 30, 2020

Fund financial statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, and the Sales Surtax Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the other supplemental information section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and all of the special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the budgeted funds to demonstrate budgetary compliance. The basic governmental fund financial statements may be found immediately following the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds

The City maintains one proprietary fund. The *enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities relating to solid waste disposal.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Solid Waste Disposal Fund, which is considered to be a major fund of the City. The basic proprietary fund financial statements follow the governmental fund financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found after the proprietary fund financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements, *required supplementary information* is included which presents budgetary comparison schedules for the City's General Fund and the major special revenue funds. Required supplementary information can be found following the notes to the financial statements. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented in the other supplemental information section of this report. Combined and individual fund budgetary comparison schedules can be found after the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$19.6 million at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. At the end of fiscal year 2020, the City continues to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Net Position

	Governmental Activities					Business-ty	ре Ас	tivities	Total			
	2020 20			2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Current and other assets	\$	5,860,409	\$	6,087,610	\$	592,132	\$	571,316	\$	6,452,541	\$	6,658,926
Capital Assets (Net)	1	3,555,837		13,472,323		438,124		418,929		13,993,961		13,891,252
Total Assets	1	9,416,246		19,559,933		1,030,256		990,245		20,446,502		20,550,178
Deferred outflows of resources		97,755		111,438		32,809		35,042		130,564		146,480
Current and other liabilities		191,826		148,716		51,684		48,177		243,510		196,893
Long-Term Liabilities		470,296		448,330		160,937		152,133		631,233		600,463
Total Liabilities	-	662,122		597,046		212,621		200,310		874,743		797,356
Deferred inflows of resources		63,650		61,274	-	26,189		25,801		89,839		87,075
Net Position:												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1	3,555,837		13,472,323		438,124		418,929		13,993,961		13,891,252
Restricted		2,103,066		2,418,621		-		-		2,103,066		2,418,621
Unrestricted		3,129,326		3,122,107		386,131		380,247		3,515,457		3,502,354
Total Net Position	\$ 1	8,788,229	\$	19,013,051	\$	824,255	\$	799,176	\$	19,612,484	\$	19,812,227

Of total net position, the City has \$14.0 million (71%) invested in *capital assets* (e.g., land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. The City has *restricted net position* of \$2.1 million for capital projects and special revenues. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* of \$3.5 million may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Change in Net Position

	Governm	Activities	Business-ty	pe Ac	tivities	Total				
	2020		2019	2020		2019		2020		2019
REVENUES										
Program Revenues:										
Charges for Services	\$ 556,57	\$	762,852	\$ 1,472,301	\$	1,377,842	\$	2,028,872	\$	2,140,694
Operating Grants and Contributions			69,899	16,286		162,824		16,286		232,723
Capital Grants and Contributions	521,002		2,028,104	-		-		521,002		2,028,104
General Revenues:								-		-
Property Taxes	2,222,434		2,084,008	-		-		2,222,434		2,084,008
Other Taxes	1,527,736		1,656,971	-		-		1,527,736		1,656,971
Other	95,920		198,098	 -				95,920		198,098
Total Revenues	4,923,663		6,799,932	1,488,587		1,540,666		6,412,250		8,340,598
EXPENSES										
General Government	1,322,34		1,357,139	-		-		1,322,341		1,357,139
Public Safety	1,496,878		1,373,914	-		-		1,496,878		1,373,914
Physical Environment	703,773		2,191,695	-		-		703,773		2,191,695
Transportation	649,72	;	645,878	-		-		649,725		645,878
Culture/Recreation	975,768		962,088	-		-		975,768		962,088
Solid Waste Disposal		<u> </u>		 1,463,508		1,470,227		1,463,508		1,470,227
Total Expenses	5,148,48	<u> </u>	6,530,714	 1,463,508		1,470,227		6,611,993		8,000,941
Change in Net Position	(224,82	2)	269,218	25,079		70,439		(199,743)		339,657
Net Position - Beginning	19,013,05		18,743,833	 799,176		728,737		19,812,227		19,472,570
Net Position - Ending	\$ 18,788,229	\$	19,013,051	\$ 824,255	\$	799,176	\$	19,612,484	\$	19,812,227

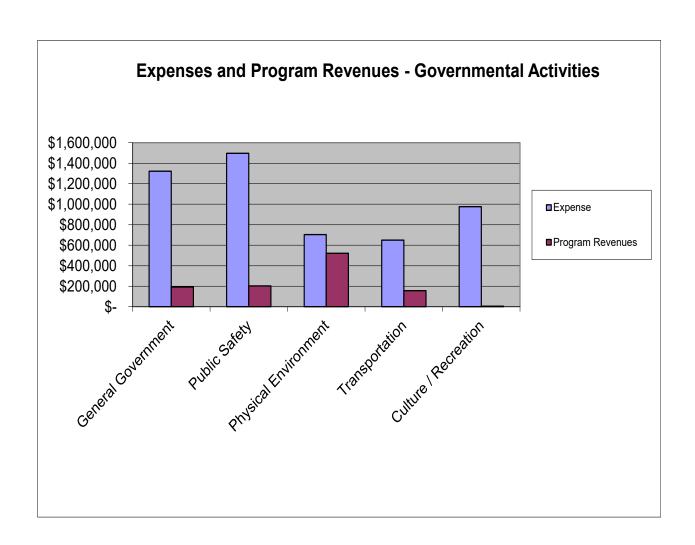
Governmental activities

The Change in Net Position of the Governmental Activities of approximately (\$225) thousand represented a decrease compared to prior year. This decrease resulted primarily from the 2020 outsourcing of building inspection services to Pinellas County and the subsequent decrease in inspection revenues. In addition, 2020 revenues were adversely affected by the COVID 19 pandemic and the material slowdown in economic activity. Other taxes, including state revenue sharing and half cent sales tax collections were materially reduced during the economic slowdown resulting from the on set of the COVID 19 pandemic and forced government shutdowns state-wide.

Business-type activities

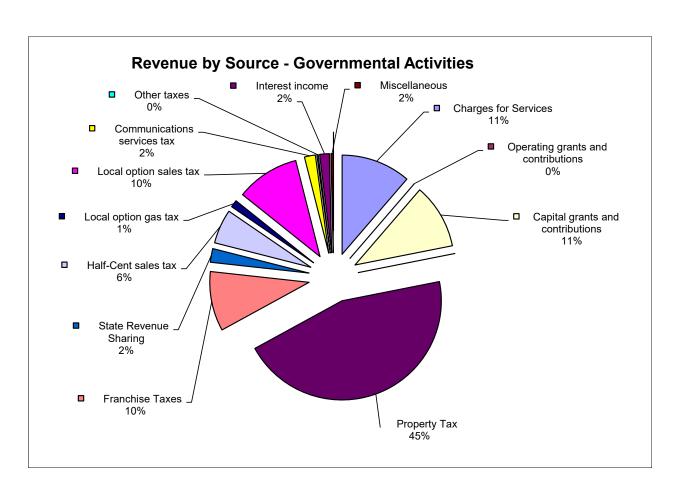
The Change in Net Position of Business-type Activities of \$25 thousand represented a decrease compared to prior fiscal year. The net position for the solid waste operations fund was increased by \$25k, in total, program or fee revenue exceeded solid waste fund expenses in 2020. Solid waste fund revenues in total decreased by \$52k or 3% for 2020 mostly due to large intergovernmental receipts from disaster recovery in 2019.

		Ex	pense	es	 Net Cost of Services						
	% of 2020 Total			2019	% Change	 2020	2019		% Change		
Functions / Programs											
General Government	\$ 1,322,341	26%	\$	1,357,139	-2.6%	\$ (1,130,190)	\$	(1,129,539)	0.1%		
Public Safety	1,496,878	28%		1,373,914	8.9%	(1,294,196)		(983,273)	31.6%		
Physical Environment	703,773	14%		2,191,695	-67.9%	(182,771)		(163,591)	11.7%		
Transportation	649,725	13%		645,878	0.6%	(493,441)		(437,318)	12.8%		
Culture / Recreation	975,768	_19%_		962,088	1.4%	 (970,314)		(956,138)	1.5%		
	\$ 5,148,485	100%	\$	6,530,714		\$ (4,070,912)	\$	(3,669,859)			



Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities

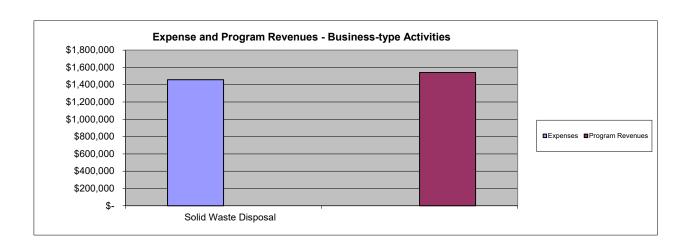
Description	 2020	% of Total	2019	% of Total
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 556,571	11%	\$ 762,852	11%
Operating grants and contributions	-	0%	69,899	1%
Capital grants and contributions	521,002	11%	2,028,104	7%
General Revenues				
Property Tax	2,222,434	45%	2,084,008	37%
Franchise Taxes	478,634	10%	490,616	8%
State Revenue Sharing	109,824	2%	116,410	2%
Half-Cent sales tax	275,175	6%	289,884	5%
Local option gas tax	58,412	1%	70,108	2%
Local option sales tax	507,737	10%	586,002	10%
Communications services tax	87,329	2%	88,165	2%
Other taxes	10,625	0%	15,786	0%
Interest income	77,922	2%	93,095	1%
Miscellaneous	 17,998	0%	 105,003	14%
	\$ 4,923,663	100%	\$ 6,799,932	100%



Expenses and Net Change in Net Position – Business-type Activities

Expenses and Net Change in Net Assets - Business-type Activities

						ivet	iiici eas	e (Decrease)			
		E	xpenses		 In Net Position						
	2020	2019	C	 2020	2020 2019 Chang						
Functions / Programs											
Solid Waste Disposal	 1,463,508		1,470,227		(6,719)	25,079		70,439	(45,360)		
	\$ 1,463,508	\$	1,516,579	\$	(6,719)	\$ 25,079	\$	(346,215)	\$ (45,360)		



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities

		% of		
	 2020	Total	2019	% Change
Charges for Services	\$ 1,472,301	98.9%	\$ 1,377,842	6.9%
Operating Grants and contributions	 16,286	<u>1.1%</u>	 162,824	<u>-90.0%</u>
	\$ 1,488,587	100.0%	\$ 1,540,666	-3.4%

CITY OF INDIAN ROCKS BEACH, FLORIDA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – continued September 30, 2020

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the *unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5.7 million, a decrease of \$270K in comparison with the prior year. Unassigned fund balance is \$3.4 million and is available for spending, subject to regulatory, statutory and budgetary restrictions. The remainder of fund balance is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for: 1) capital projects (\$2.0 million), 2) emergencies (\$100 thousand), and 3) impact fee programs (\$91 thousand).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2020, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3.45 million, while total fund balance was \$3.65 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures and transfers out. Unassigned fund balance represents 91% of the total General Fund expenditures. Total fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$45 thousand, or 3%, during the fiscal year. The increase in fund balance resulted from strong property tax collection revenues and cost controls within all areas of expenditures.

The Sales Surtax Fund is used to account for the receipts of a local option sales tax that is to be utilized for the City's capital projects. For the fiscal year 2020, the fund balance decreased by \$328 thousand. Local option sales tax revenues decreased by \$79K due to slower economic activity brought on by the COVID 19 pandemic. Capital expenditures for fiscal 2020 were allocated towards road milling and resurfacing, underground utility projects along Gulf Blvd., and park facility improvements. In total, over \$1.35 million of capital projects were completed in fiscal year 2020.

Enterprise funds

The City's enterprise fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City has one enterprise fund: the Solid Waste Disposal Fund, which is a major fund. Unrestricted net position of the Solid Waste Fund, at the end of the year, was \$386 thousand.

The Solid Waste Disposal Fund is used to account for the City's solid waste disposal operations. For fiscal year 2020, the Solid Waste Disposal Fund increased \$25 thousand in Net Position for the year. Solid waste fund revenues in total decreased by \$52k or 3% for 2020 as a result of large FEMA reimbursements received in 2019 from Hurricane Irma.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The following table shows the differences between actual expenditures and the final budget for the General Fund:

		Actual					
September 30, 2020	Ex	penditures	Fi	nal Budget	Difference		
General Government	\$	1,222,949	\$	1,266,950	\$	(44,001)	
Public Safety (Law Enforcement, Code Enforcement & Permitting)		1,493,399		1,429,990		63,409	
Physical Environment		273,581		258,140		15,441	
Transportation		210,986		265,300		(54,314)	
Culture / Recreation		590,353		641,140		(50,787)	
	\$	3,791,268	\$	3,861,520	\$	(70,252)	

For 2020, conservative spending across all areas of the General Fund helped with budgetary savings, specifically the General Government, Transportation, and Cultural Recreation functions. Increased contractual services costs, along with COVID 19 related facility cleaning efforts, led to over expenditures compared to budget appropriations for the Public Safety and Physical Environment functions. In total, the 2020 General fund expenditures were \$70,252 short of approved budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2020 amounts to \$14.0 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles and construction in progress. The City's investment in capital assets increased \$103K million or approximately 1% for fiscal year 2020. The major capital asset events during the year included road reconstruction, park facility upgrades and improvements, and a underground utility project along Gulf Blvd., and the retirement of \$169k in equipment.

Capital Assets

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Land	\$ 2,225,254	\$ 2,225,254	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,225,254	\$ 2,225,254		
Buildings	2,576,836	2,576,836	79,675	79,675	2,656,511	2,656,511		
Improvements Other than Buildings	17,474,164	16,954,289	-	-	17,474,164	16,954,289		
Equipment	1,205,811	1,205,811	1,156,579	1,183,032	2,362,390	2,388,843		
Construction in Progress	337,141	22,280			337,141	22,280		
	23,819,206	22,984,470	1,236,254	1,262,707	25,055,460	24,247,177		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(10,263,369)	(9,512,147)	(798,130)	(843,778)	(11,061,499)	(10,355,925)		
Capital Assets, net	\$13,555,837	\$13,472,323	\$ 438,124	\$ 418,929	\$13,993,961	\$13,891,252		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note F of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the City had a compensated absences liability of \$103,822, and a liability for other postemployment benefits of \$90,824. Net Pension Liability totaled \$436,587 at the end of fiscal year 2020.

Long-term Debt

	 Governmen	t <u>al Ac</u>	ctivities	Business-type Activities					Total				
	2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019		
Compensated Absences	\$ 78,112	\$	67,329	\$	25,710	\$	20,668	\$	103,822	\$	87,997		
Other Postemployment Benefits	61,151		53,860		29,673		26,548		90,824		80,408		
Net Pension Liability	331,033		327,141		105,554		104,917		436,587		432,058		
	\$ 470,296	\$	448,330	\$	160,937	\$	152,133	\$	631,233	\$	600,463		

Additional information on the City's debt can be found in Note G of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Factors considered in preparing the City's budget for fiscal year 2021 included:

- The adopted budget maintains the previously approved mill levy rate of 1.8326 that was adopted and approved for 2020.
- Population remained unchanged at 4,432 in 2021 according to the U.S. Census Bureau.
- Full-time equivalent positions City-wide were approved at 23.5 for fiscal 2021, a reduction of one and one-half FTE's over the previous year.
- The continued reduction of 25% of the cost allocation from the Solid Waste Budget to the General Fund Budget.
- A reduction of 20% in budgeted General Fund revenues from Half Cent Sales Tax and State Revenue Sharing due to projected impacts of COVID 19 on the state economy.
- Budgeted Solid Waste utility revenues for 2021 reflect no increase in solid waste user rates from the prior year for both residential and commercial customers.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's Finance Department, (727-595-2517), 1507 Bay Palm Boulevard, Indian Rocks Beach, Florida 33785.

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,535,116	\$	340,246	\$ 5,875,362
Accounts receivable (net)	306,352		251,886	558,238
Prepaid items	18,941		-	18,941
Capital assets				
Land	2,225,254		-	2,225,254
Buildings	2,576,836		79,675	2,656,511
Improvements other than buildings	17,474,164		-	17,474,164
Equipment	1,205,811		1,156,579	2,362,390
Construction in progress	337,141		-	337,141
Less accumulated depreciation	(10,263,369)		(798,130)	(11,061,499)
Total assets	19,416,246		1,030,256	 20,446,502
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	97,755		32,809	 130,564
Total deferred outflows of resources	97,755		32,809	130,564
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	167,919		51,684	219,603
Due to other governments	38		-	38
Unearned revenue	23,869		-	23,869
Non-current liabilities:				
Due within one year				
Compensated absences payable	23,433		7,713	31,146
Due in more than one year				
Compensated absences payable	54,679		17,997	72,676
Other post employment benefits payable	61,151		29,673	90,824
Net pension liability	331,033		105,554	436,587
Total liabilities	662,122		212,621	 874,743
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	63,650		26,189	 89,839
Total deferred inflows of resources	 63,650		26,189	 89,839
Not Decition				
Net Position	40 FFF 007		400 404	42 002 004
Net invested in capital assets	13,555,837		438,124	13,993,961
Restricted for:	00 000			00,000
Transportation projects per Florida Statutes	66,202		-	66,202
Infrastructure projects per Florida Statutes	2,011,856		-	2,011,856
Recreation improvements per Florida Statutes	12,872		-	12,872
Development improvements per Florida Statutes	12,136		-	12,136
Unrestricted	3,129,326		386,131	 3,515,457
Total net position	\$ 18,788,229	\$	824,255	\$ 19,612,484

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Program Revenues							
Function/Program		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital rants and ntributions
Primary government: General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Culture and recreation	\$	1,322,341 1,496,878 703,773 649,725 975,768	\$	192,151 202,682 - 156,284 5,454	\$	- - - -	\$	- - 521,002 -
Total governmental activities Business-type activities:		5,148,485		556,571				521,002
Solid waste disposal Total business-type activities		1,463,508 1,463,508		1,472,301 1,472,301		16,286 16,286		<u>-</u>
Total primary government	\$	6,611,993	\$	2,028,872	\$	16,286	\$	521,002

General revenues:

Property taxes

Franchise taxes

Unrestricted state revenue sharing

Half-cent sales tax

Local option gas tax

Local option sales tax

Communications services tax

Other taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues,

and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Go	overnmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Total		
\$	(1,130,190) (1,294,196) (182,771) (493,441) (970,314)	\$ - - - -	\$	(1,130,190) (1,294,196) (182,771) (493,441) (970,314)	
	(4,070,912)			(4,070,912)	
	- -	- 25,079		- 25,079	
		 25,079		25,079	
	(4,070,912)	 25,079		(4,045,833)	
	2,222,434 478,634 109,824 275,175 58,412 507,737 87,329 10,625 77,922 17,998	- - - - - - - -		2,222,434 478,634 109,824 275,175 58,412 507,737 87,329 10,625 77,922 17,998	
	3,846,090			3,846,090	
	(224,822)	25,079		(199,743)	
	19,013,051	799,176		19,812,227	
\$	18,788,229	\$ 824,255	\$	19,612,484	

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

	Ge	eneral Fund	Sa	ales Surtax Fund	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts):	\$	3,649,115	\$	1,796,850	\$	89,151	\$	5,535,116
Taxes Franchise taxes Intergovernmental		21,477 50,549		-		-		21,477 50,549
State County		6,876 3,161		52,015 163,677		8,597		67,488 166,838
Prepaid items		18,941		103,077		- -		18,941
Total assets	\$	3,750,119	\$	2,012,542	\$	97,748	\$	5,860,409
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts and contracts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$	120,786 39,909 38	\$	686 - -	\$	6,538 - -	\$	128,010 39,909 38
Unearned revenue		23,869						23,869
Total liabilities		184,602		686		6,538		191,826
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid items		18,941		-		_		18,941
Restricted for:		•				25.000		•
Impact fee programs Capital projects		-		- 2,011,856		25,008 -		25,008 2,011,856
Transportation		-		-		66,202		66,202
Committed to: Emergencies		100,000		_		_		100,000
Unassigned		3,446,576		_				3,446,576
Total fund balances		3,565,517		2,011,856		91,210		5,668,583
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,750,119	\$	2,012,542	\$	97,748	\$	5,860,409
Total governmental fund balance							\$	5,668,583
Amounts reported for governmental activities in th Capital assets used in governmental activities a reported in the funds.								13,555,837
Long-term liabilities, including compensated abs benefits, are not due and payable in the current								(470,296)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relation not reported in governmental funds.	ed t	o pensions ar	e app	olicable to futu	re perio	ods and, ther	efore,	are
Deferred outflows of resources for pensions Deferred inflows of resources for pensions	S							97,755 (63,650)
Net position of governmental activities							\$	18,788,229

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	General Fund	Sales Surtax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Taxes				
Ad valorem	\$ 2,222,434	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,222,434
Franchise taxes	478,634	-	-	478,634
Utility taxes	87,329	-	-	87,329
Other taxes	285,800	507,737	58,412	851,949
Licenses and fees	240,143	-	-	240,143
Intergovernmental	109,824	521,002	-	630,826
Charges for services	297,106	-	-	297,106
Fines	19,322	-	-	19,322
Interest	77,922	-	-	77,922
Miscellaneous	17,998			17,998
Total revenues	3,836,512	1,028,739	58,412	4,923,663
Expenditures				
General government	1,222,949	-	-	1,222,949
Public safety	1,493,399	-	-	1,493,399
Physical environment	273,581	825,260	-	1,098,841
Transportation	210,986	392,339	46,400	649,725
Culture and recreation	590,353	138,707		729,060
Total expenditures	3,791,268	1,356,306	46,400	5,193,974
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	45,244	(327,567)	12,012	(270,311)
Net change in fund balances	45,244	(327,567)	12,012	(270,311)
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,520,273	2,339,423	79,198	5,938,894
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,565,517	\$ 2,011,856	\$ 91,210	\$ 5,668,583

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (270,311)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$834,735) is more than depreciation (\$751,222).	83,513
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. These adjustments are as follows:	
Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits	(10,783) (7,291)
Governmental funds report City pension contributions as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of contributions is reported as pension expense.	
Difference between pension contributions and net pension expense	 (19,950)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (224,822)

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds	s
Accepta	Solid Waste Disposal	
Assets Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net of	\$ 340,246	3
allowance for uncollectible accounts)	251,886	3
Total current assets	592,132	2_
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets	70.075	_
Buildings Equipment	79,675 1,156,579	9
Logo accumulated depreciation	1,236,254 (798,130	
Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets (net)	438,124	
Total noncurrent assets	438,124	1
Total assets	1,030,256	3_
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferred outflows related to pension	32,809)
Total deferred outflows of resources	32,809	
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	39,414	
Accrued liabilities	12,270	
Compensated absences payable	7,713	3
Total current liabilities	59,397	7
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences payable	17,997	
Other postemployment benefits	29,673	
Net pension liability	105,554	1
Total noncurrent liabilities	153,224	1
Total liabilities	212,621	<u> </u>
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred inflows related to pension	26,189	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	26,189)
Net position		
Net Invested in capital assets	438,124	
Unrestricted	386,131	
Total net position	\$ 824,255)

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

		s-type Activities rprise Funds
	Solid V	Vaste Disposal
Operating revenues Charges for services Intergovernmental Miscellaneous revenues Total operating revenues	\$	1,412,679 16,286 59,622 1,488,587
Operating expenses Personal services Materials and supplies Garbage and trash disposal Overhead allocated charges Depreciation Total operating expenses Operating income (loss)		527,913 232,290 436,280 143,380 117,801 1,457,664 30,923
Nonoperating revenues Gain/(Loss) on disposal of fixed assets Total nonoperating revenues		(5,844) (5,844)
Net Income (loss)		25,079
Change in net position		25,079
Total net position - beginning		799,176
Total net position - ending	\$	824,255

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds					
	Solid V	Vaste Disposal				
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers and users Receipts from grantor agency Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,464,194 16,286 (810,318) (514,613)				
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition/construction of capital assets Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(142,840) (142,840)				
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		12,709				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		327,537				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	340,246				
(continued)						

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Statement of Cash Flows - Continued Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds			
	Solid W	aste Disposal			
Reconciliation of operating Income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$	30,923			
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:		117,801			
Decrease in accounts receivable		(8,107)			
Increase in deferred outflows of resources		2,233			
Increase in Accounts Payable		1,244			
Increase in accrued liabilities		2,263			
Increase in accrued liabilities		5,042			
Increase in OPEB		3,125			
Increase in accrued liabilities Increase in deferred inflows of resources		637 388			
increase in deferred lilliows of resources		300			
Total adjustments		124,626			
Net cash provided by operating					
activities	\$	155,549			

There are no noncash investing, capital, and financing activities.

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

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Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Reporting Entity

The City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida, (the "City") located in Pinellas County, is a political subdivision of the State of Florida pursuant to Article VIII, Section 1(a), of the Constitution of the State of Florida. The City was incorporated on June 25, 1955 and since that time has operated under the same Charter. The City is approximately 0.865 square miles in area. The legislative branch of the City is composed of a five-member elected Commission. The City Commission is governed by the City Charter and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Commission is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Commission-appointed City Manager. With the exception of fire protection, the City is a full-service municipality providing its citizens with a full complement of municipal services. In addition, the City owns and operates one utility, a solid waste disposal system.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. GAAP requires management to make use of estimates that affect reported amounts in the basic financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Based upon the application of the criteria, as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement Number 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, there are no potential component units or related organizations of the City. Following is a summary of the more significant policies of the City.

2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements report information on all activities of the primary government as a whole. As part of the consolidation process, all interfund activities are eliminated from these statements except for the residual amounts between governmental and business-type activities reported as "internal balances." On both statements, governmental and business-type activities are reported separately.

Net position, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, as presented in the Statement of Net Position, is subdivided into three categories: amounts net investment in capital assets,; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net Position is reported as restricted when constraints are imposed on the use of the amounts either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment and its program revenues, and displays the extent to which each function or segment contributes to the change in net position for the fiscal year. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable to a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are costs the City has allocated to functions through various allocation methods.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Program revenues consist of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Charges for services refer to amounts received from those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Grants and contributions consist of revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Revenues not classified as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements report detailed information about the City's governmental and proprietary funds. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Therefore, major funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements and nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented as a single column on each statement. The results of governmental fund accounting are converted to the government-wide presentation by reconciliation.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's utilities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements, as well as the proprietary fund financial statements, are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

All governmental fund financial statements are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Available is defined as collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, usually considered sixty (60) days.

The primary revenue sources for governmental funds are property taxes, public utility taxes, franchise fees, and sales and fuel taxes. Primary revenue sources associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenues, such as licenses and permits, charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues, are considered to be measurable and available only when payment is received.

Expenditures of governmental funds are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, accumulated sick and vacation pay, prepaid insurance and similar items are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Proprietary funds distinguish between operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues generally result from producing and delivering goods or providing services, such as waste disposal services, to the general public. Operating expenses for these operations include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition of operating are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Major funds are those whose revenues, expenditures and liabilities are at least ten (10%) percent of corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds, and at least five (5%) percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental *and* enterprise funds for the same item.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Sales Surtax Fund - The Sales Surtax Fund accounts for the capital projects funded by the local option sales tax.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

Solid Waste Disposal Fund - The Solid Waste Disposal Fund accounts for the activities of the government's solid waste disposal service to both commercial enterprises and residents.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as needed.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly-liquid, short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The City maintains centralized checking accounts for all funds.

Cash equivalents include pooled investments with the Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust. The Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust ("SAFE") is a 2a7-like pool carried at amortized cost which approximates market. A 2a7-like pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company but nevertheless, has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, which comprises the rules governing money market funds. Thus, these pools operate essentially as a money market fund. Additionally, cash equivalents include pooled investments with the Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS), and Florida Fixed Income Trust (FLFIT), both of which are independent local government investment pools, designed to provide a safe and competitive investment alternatives to Florida governmental entities. Both FLCLASS and FLFIT are rated 'AAAm' by S&P Global Ratings Services, the highest rating assigned to principal stability government investment pools.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

5. Investments

The City's investment activities are governed by Chapter 218.415, Florida Statutes. In accordance with this statute, the City may invest any surplus funds in (a) the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund ("SBA"); (b) SEC registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally-recognized rating agency; (c) interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories; and (d) direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury. Securities listed in (c) and (d) must be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they become due. The City has adopted an investment policy, in compliance with Florida Statutes, to establish a formal policy on the investing of City funds.

Investments are stated at fair value. Changes in the fair value during the year are included in investment income or loss.

6. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds, representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by fund balance classifications or components in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Trade receivables consist of account balances less than 180 days overdue. Account balances exceeding 180 days compromise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectible.

7. Prepayments and Deposits

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These amounts are offset by fund balance classifications or components which indicate that they do not constitute available resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

8. Property and Equipment

Capital assets, including land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, infrastructure (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if constructed. Contributions or donations of capital assets received from federal, state or local sources are recorded as contributions when received and are stated at acquisition value.

Major additions, improvements and expenditures that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest is capitalized on projects during the construction period based upon average accumulated project expenditures. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the life of the respective assets are not capitalized.

Capital asset depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset Classification	Range of Lives
Buildings	45 – 55 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 – 30 years
Machinery, equipment and other	5 – 15 years

9. Compensated Absences

Annual Leave:

The City permits employees to accumulate earned annual leave (vacation). Vacation is earned at 6.67 hours per month, not to exceed 80 hours or two work weeks (ten working days) per year for employees during their first five years. Employees with five full years of uninterrupted service receive ten hours per month, not to exceed 120 hours or three weeks (fifteen working days) per year. Annual leave may be accumulated from year to year up to a maximum accrual of 240 hours (thirty working days). An employee with a minimum of six months of continuous employment shall be compensated for all accrued unused annual leave hours at their basic straight-time, hourly rate upon separation from employment. In the event of an employee's death, all accumulated vacation will be paid to the employee's estate.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as general long-term debt. No expenditure is reported for these amounts. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

Accumulated compensated absences for annual leave are recorded as expense in the government-wide and proprietary funds when incurred. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Sick Leave:

Sick leave is earned at the rate of 3.08 hours per payroll period by full-time employees. Unused sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 720 hours. Since sick leave is forfeited upon separation from City employment, no liability for sick leave has been recorded in these financial statements.

10. <u>Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets and liabilities, the City reports the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure or expense) until that applicable time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that applicable time.

The City reports two items that qualify as deferred outflows of resources on its government-wide and proprietary statements of net position, deferred outflows contributions and deferred outflows for pensions. The deferred outflows contributions and deferred outflows for pensions are aggregates of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. Both deferred outflows will be recognized as pension expense or a reduction of the net pension liability in future reporting years.

The City reports one item that qualifies as deferred inflows of resources on its government-wide and proprietary statements of net position, deferred inflows for pensions. The deferred inflows for pensions is an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated under the same principles as deferred outflows for pensions, and will be recognized as a reduction to pension expense in future reporting years.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

11. Net Pension Liability

In the government-wide and proprietary statements, net pension liability represents the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the cost-sharing, defined-benefit pension plans to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The City allocated the net pension liability, deferred outflows for pensions, deferred inflows for pensions, and pension expense to funds and functions/activities based on their respective contributions made to the pension plans during the fiscal year.

12. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

13. Fund Equity

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Non-spendable – This component includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This component consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Committed – This component comprises amounts which can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, to include the City Charter, ordinances and resolutions, individually or in combination, to be construed as equally binding. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (City charter, ordinance or resolution) it employed to commit those amounts. At September 30, 2020, the City had a committed amount for emergencies of \$100,000. This commitment was established by the City Commission in City Ordinance No. 555, paragraph 1, 6/15/1994. The ordinance defines an "emergency" as a natural disaster such as a hurricane or tornado, declarations of such by the governor or president, or other sudden and unexpected occurrences causing extensive damage to the essential infrastructure of municipal operation or unanticipated costs to the community. In the event there are expenditures from this fund, the balance shall be replenished no later than the next fiscal year, as reflected in the passage of the next fiscal year budget. Funds within this commitment shall be used for an emergency as declared by at least three affirmative commissioner votes.

Assigned – This component consists of amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the City Commission, City Manager or their designee.

Unassigned – This classification represents amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

The nature and purpose of the classifications are explained on the face of the financial statement.

When both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – This component consists of net position that have constraints placed on them either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City would typically use restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but may selectively defer the use of these funds.

Unrestricted – This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed. In the general fund, the City strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance of three months of operating expenditures (50%) of the general fund. This is the target that the unassigned fund balance should not fall below without establishing a replenishment plan.

14. Revenues, Contributions, Expenditures, and Expenses

The City's accounting treatment and recognition policies for certain revenues, expenditures, and expenses having unique accounting requirements are as follows:

Property taxes

Property taxes are billed in November and attach as a lien on the property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes become delinquent on April 1, and tax certificates on all property on which taxes are delinquent are sold at the end of May of each year. Property taxes are fully collected prior to the end of the fiscal year. Therefore, no material amounts of property taxes are receivable.

The tax levy of the City is established by the City Commission prior to October 1 of each year, and the Pinellas County Property Appraiser incorporates the City's millage into the total tax levy, which includes the Pinellas County School Board tax requirements. The City is permitted by state law to levy taxes up to ten mills of assessed valuation exclusive of taxes levied for the payment of bonds. A mill levy of 1.8326 was approved for 2020.

All property is reassessed according to its fair market value on January 1 of each year. Each assessment roll is submitted to the Executive Director of the State Department of Revenue for review to determine if the rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of State Statutes.

All taxes are due and payable on November 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the Tax Collector. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment at a rate of 4% in the month

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January, and 1% in the month of February. The taxes paid in March are without discount.

Delinquent taxes on real property bear interest at 18% per year until the tax is either satisfied by seizure and sale of property, or by the five-year statute of limitations. On or prior to June 1 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on property. After sale, tax certificates bear interest at 18% per year, or at any lower rate bid by the buyer. Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the certificate holder after a period of two years.

Due to the Pinellas County Tax Collector's efficient system for selling tax certificates and remitting the proceeds to the City, any delinquent or uncollected property taxes at year-end are immaterial. The City's tax calendar is as follows:

Valuation Date	January 1
Levy Date	November 1
Due Date	March 31, succeeding year
Lien Date	April 1, succeeding year

Administrative service charges

Administrative services are provided to the solid waste enterprise fund by various departments within the general fund. These charges are recorded as revenues in the general fund and as operating expenses in the fund being charged.

Grants

Operating and capital grants for both governmental and proprietary funds are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable project costs are incurred. Grant revenues received in advance of meeting all eligibility criteria are deferred.

B. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

An annual budget is prepared for all funds of the City, which is effectively controlled through governing agreements and related City ordinances. The annual operating budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Annual budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are charged against the ensuing year's budget and thus are not shown in budget-to-actual presentations, but are presented as an assigned fund balance.

The City follows the procedures set forth below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

B. BUDGETARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Budget Information – Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, special revenue funds, and the enterprise funds and are controlled on a fund and department level. On or before May 31 of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriation to the Finance Officer so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current-year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The proposed budget is presented by the City Manager to the City Commission for review on or before July 1. The City Commission holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and unassigned fund balances estimated as available by the Finance Officer.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

- Revenues are projected from rate structures, historical data, estimates and statistical trends available from City sources and outside agencies.
- Expenses are estimated on cost analyses, expected needs, and historical data produced by the finance and operating departments.

The final adoption of the City's budget complies with the "Truth in Millage" statute of Florida that mandates two public hearings prior to adoption of the ad valorem tax millage rate and the budget. Prior to October 1 of each year, the public hearings are completed, and the Commission adopts the Final Budget and establishes the ad valorem tax millage rate.

C. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly-liquid, short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The City maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed as "Cash and Cash Equivalents."

1. Deposits

As of September 30, 2020, the total carrying amount of cash deposits at a local financial institution was \$155,355. The City has complied with the requirements of the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") by maintaining its accounts at a qualified public depository, as provided by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. Under the Act, qualified public depositories must deposit with the State Treasurer eligible collateral in such amounts as required by the Act. Therefore, all cash deposits held by banks can be classified as fully insured.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

C. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Investments

The City's investment policy allows the City to invest surplus money in instruments provided by Florida Statute, Chapter 218.415. Those utilized by the City are:

- Certificates of deposit
- Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust, FLSAFE LGIP
- Florida Cooperative Liquid Asset Securities System
- Florida Fixed Income Trust Preferred Deposit Fund

Investments are categorized into the following four (4) categories of risk:

- (1) Interest Rate Risk To mitigate interest rate risk, the City's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio be structured with securities that maintain the greatest degree of liquidity and flexibility. The portfolio will maintain a structure with maturities staged to meet the City's obligations as they become due.
- (2) Credit Risk To mitigate credit risk, the City, in compliance with policy, primarily invests in U.S. Government securities and the State of Florida Local Government Surplus Trust Fund pool (the "Pool").
- (3) Custodial Risk To mitigate custodial risk, all cash and securities are held in accounts bearing the name of the City. Securities in such accounts, even though held in the "street name," are considered held in the name of the City.
- (4) Concentration of Credit Risk The City's investment policy requires that investments be diversified by security type and institution. No more than fifty (50%) percent of the City's funds will be invested with the same issuer, except direct obligations of the United States Treasury. No more than fifty (50%) percent of the City's funds will be invested through the same investment institution or dealer. No more than twenty (20%) percent of the City's funds will be invested beyond five (5) years in any security with the same maturity date.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

C. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the City's pooled investments at September 30, 2020:

	Credit		Maturity Less Than
	Ratings	Fair Value	One Year
	Trauligs	- I all value	One real
Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust	AAAm	\$ 2,127,136	\$2,127,136
Florida Cooperative Liquid Asset Securities System	AAAm	2,062,953	2,062,953
Florida Fixed Income Trust - Preferred Deposit Fund	n/a	530,414	530,414
AXIOM BANK, NA, FL	n/a	333,000	-
City National bank of Florida	n/a	333,000	333,000
Florida Community Bank/Synovus	n/a	333,000	-
Total Investments		\$ 5,719,503	\$5,053,503

The hierarchy of fair value investments does not apply to the above assets. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals as it relates to the City's investments in external investment pools.

D. RECEIVABLES

The following is a detail listing of receivables for the City's individual major funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts at September 30, 2020:

Description		General		Sales Surtax Fund		Solid Waste		nmajor ⁻ unds	Total	
Accounts	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 251	,891	\$	_	\$ 251,891	1
Taxes		21,477		-		-		-	21,477	7
Franchise Fees		50,549		-		-		-	50,549	9
Intergovernmental		10,037	21	5,692		-		8,597	234,326	3
		82,063	21	5,692	251	,891		8,597	558,243	3
Less: Allowance for Uncollectable		-		-		(5)		-	(5	5)
	\$	82,063	\$ 21	5,692	\$ 251	,886	\$	8,597	\$ 558,238	3

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

	Durina	fiscal v	ear 2020,	interfund	transfers	were as	follows
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There were no interfund transfers at September 30, 2020.

Individual interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2020 are:

There were no interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

F. CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

	ı	Beginning						Ending		
	Balance						Balance			
Governmental Activities	9/30/2019			Increases	!	Decreases	9/30/2020			
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:										
Land	\$	2,225,254	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,225,254		
Construction In Progress		22,280		345,966		(31,105)		337,141		
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	2,247,534			345,966		(31,105)		2,562,395		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:										
Buildings		2,576,836		-		-		2,576,836		
Improvements Other Than Buildings		16,954,289		519,875		-		17,474,164		
Equipment		1,205,811		<u>-</u>		_		1,205,811		
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		20,736,936		519,875				21,256,811		
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:										
Buildings		(954,992)		(79,912)		-		(1,034,904)		
Improvements Other Than Buildings		(7,929,724)		(599,235)		-		(8,528,959)		
Equipment		(627,431)		(72,075)		-		(699,506)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(9,512,147)		(751,222)				(10,263,369)		
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		11,224,789		(231,347)			_	10,993,442		
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	13,472,323	\$	114,619	\$	(31,105)	\$	13,555,837		

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance			Balance
Business-type Activities	9/30/2019	Increases	Decreases	9/30/2020
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	79,675	-	-	79,675
Equipment	1,183,032	142,840	(169,293)	1,156,579
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,262,707	142,840	(169,293)	1,236,254
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	(5,976)	(1,992)	-	(7,968)
Equipment	(837,802)	(115,809)	163,449	(790, 162)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(843,778)	(117,801)	163,449	(798,130)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	418,929	25,039	(5,844)	438,124
Total Business-type Activities, Net	\$ 428,929	\$ 25,039	\$ (5,844)	\$ 448,124

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

F. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Depreciation Expense By Function	
Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 64,844
Public Safety	3,479
Physical Environment	353,272
Culture/Recreation	329,627
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 751,222
Depreciation Expense By Function	
Business-type Activities:	
Solid Waste	\$ 117,801
	\$ 117,801

G. LONG-TERM DEBT

Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt

The City's long-term debt includes compensated absences and other postemployment benefits. The following is a schedule of changes in the City's long-term debt for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020:

	Balance			Balance	nce Due Within		Long-Term			
	9/30/19	Ad	ditions	Red	ductions	9/30/20	One Year		Portion	
Governmental Activities:										
Compensated Absences	\$ 67,329	\$	17,843	\$	(7,060)	\$ 78,112	\$	23,433	\$	54,679
Other Postemployment Benefits	53,860		7,291		-	61,151		-		61,151
Net Pension Liability	327,141		3,902		(10)	331,033		_		331,033
	\$ 448,330	\$	29,036	\$	(7,070)	\$470,296	\$	23,433	\$	446,863
Business-type Activities:										
Compensated Absences	\$ 20,668	\$	5,479	\$	(437)	\$ 25,710	\$	7,713	\$	17,997
Other Postemployment Benefits	26,548		3,125		-	29,673		-		29,673
Net Pension Liability	104,917		637		_	105,554				105,554
	\$ 152,133	\$	9,241	\$	(437)	\$160,937	\$	7,713	\$	153,224

General Fund revenues have been used in prior years to liquidate the liability for pension liabilities, compensated absences and other post-employment benefit obligations.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

H. RISK MANAGEMENT

In September 2000, the City entered into a contract with Public Risk Management of Florida ("PRM") to provide insurance coverage, and became self-insured and a member of PRM, a risk-management pool and self-insurance association for public entities within the State of Florida. Coverage includes a deductible of \$1,000 per occurrence for all perils.

PRM is organized under an Interlocal Agreement with each member having a Board Member and Alternate Member on the PRM Board of Directors. Claims service is provided by Gallagher Bassett Services who provides claims services, to over 150 public entities in Florida. Included in the claims services is managed care through Genex for workers' compensation. The City pays an annual premium to PRM for property, liability and workers' compensation coverage. PRM provides a reinsurance program that consists of both specific excess and aggregate excess insurance, which offers financial security for its members.

The City has established an active Safety Committee (the "Committee") and Safety Program (and has received a 3% discount on the workers' compensation premium for the 2019 fiscal year). The Committee reviews any problems relating to safety, and makes suggestions to improve safety practices. One employee maintains certification annually as a safety professional through the Safety Council of Pinellas County.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including health, wind, flood, and employee accident insurance. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past four fiscal years. The City has not had any significant coverage reductions under these policies from the prior years.

I. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS

1. Florida Retirement System

All of the City's general employees hired before January 1, 1996 participate in the Florida Retirement System ("FRS"), a cost-sharing, defined-benefit, multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

The City of Indian Rocks Beach contributes to the FRS, which is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Chapter 121 of the Florida Statutes, which may be amended by the Florida Legislature, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Department of Management Services through the Division of Retirement. The FRS issues a publicly-available financial report that

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

I. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

includes financial statements and required supplementary information for FRS. That report may be obtained by writing to:

State of Florida Division of Retirement 3639-C North Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1560

The FRS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially-determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The percentage level of payroll employer contribution rates, established by state law, is determined using the entry-age actuarial funding method. Future plan benefit changes, assumption changes, and methodology changes are amortized over 30 years, using level-dollar amounts. Except for gains reserved for rate stabilization, future actuarial gains and losses are amortized on a rolling 10% basis as a level-dollar amount.

Retirement benefits, and the City's contribution rate, are summarized as follows:

Membership Category	Retirement Benefit	Vesting	Contribution Rates Beginning July 1, 2020 (of covered payroll)
Regular	1.6% times years of service times average compensation (8 highest years) if age 65 or 33 years of service at any age.	After 8 years of creditable service.	Employer 10.00% Employee 3.00%
Elected State, County and City Officers	1.6% times years of service times average compensation (8 highest years) if age 65 or 33 years of service at any age.	After 8 years of creditable service.	Employer 49.18% Employee 3.00%
Senior Management	1.6% times years of service times average compensation (8 highest years) if age 65 or 33 years of service at any age.	After 8 years of creditable service.	Employer 27.29% Employee 3.00%

The City's contributions include 1.66% for a post-retirement health insurance subsidy. FRS also provides disability and survivors' benefits. Benefits are established by Florida State Statute.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

I. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

The Florida Retirement System

1. Plan Description, Membership and Plan Benefits, and Contribution Requirements

Plan Description

Three active City employees hired prior to 1996 participate in the FRS, two in regular class membership and one in senior management class membership. All three FRS members are covered by the FRS, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined-benefit pension plan. The FRS was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") under the defined-benefit plan, and amended in 2000 to provide a defined-contribution plan alternative to the defined-benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined-contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan ("INV"). Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS") Program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined-benefit pension plan to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

The FRS and HIS are administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and Florida Retirement System Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. The Florida Legislature has the authority to establish and amend retirement legislation and related bills of significance to members of the FRS and HIS plans (including benefit terms and contribution rates). Passed bills are presented to the Governor of Florida and approved before they may be enacted into law.

The FRS and HIS financial information is included in the Florida Retirement System ("System") Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR"). The System CAFR, including audited financial information to support the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Schedules of Pension Amounts by Employer, are available online at:

http://www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications.

The System CAFR and actuarial reports may also be obtained by contacting the Division of Retirement by mail or phone at:

Department of Management Services
Division of Retirement
Bureau of Research and Member Contributions
P.O. Box 9000

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

I. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000 850-907-6500 or toll-free 844-377-1888

Membership and Plan Benefits - FRS

The FRS has two classes of membership applicable to the City, including regular class and senior management class. Employees enrolled in the FRS vested after six years of creditable service and are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. The FRS provides retirement, disability, death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments. The FRS also includes an early retirement provision, but imposes a penalty for each year a member retires before the normal retirement date.

Benefits are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, creditable years of service, and accrual value by membership class. As provided in Section 121.101 Florida Statutes, if the member's service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost of living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost of living adjustment.

A DROP was established effective July 1, 1998, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes. It permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer. An employee may participate in the DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Membership and Plan Benefits - HIS

HIS membership is available to all members within the FRS and INV plans. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. Eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive HIS benefits, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

I. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contribution Requirements

The contribution rates for FRS and HIS members are established, and may be amended, by the State of Florida. Employer contribution rates are actuarially recommended but set by the Legislature. These rates are a percentage of covered payroll. The FRS and HIS contribution rates were as follows:

FRS Class:	10/19 - 06/20	07/20 - 09/20
Regular	8.47%	10.00%
Senior Management	25.41%	27.29%
DROP	14.60%	16.98%

Employer rates include 1.66% from 10/19 - 09/20 for the HIS program. In addition, other than for the DROP, rates include .06% from 10/19 - 09/20 for administrative costs.

The City's contributions recognized during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 by the FRS and HIS were \$29,026 and \$3,253, respectively.

2. FRS and HIS Rate of Return, Discount Rate Sensitivity and Significant Actuarial Assumptions

Long-Term Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2020 the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference reviewed assumptions by Milliman's Capital Markets Assumption team. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Target	Annual Arithmetic
Allocation	Return
1.0%	2.2%
19.0%	3.0%
54.2%	8.0%
10.3%	6.4%
11.1%	10.8%
4.4%	5.5%
100.0%	
	Allocation 1.0% 19.0% 54.2% 10.3% 11.1% 4.4%

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

I. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

The HIS is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and the depletion date is considered to be immediate. As such, there is no assumption for a long-term expected rate of return on a portfolio, no assumptions for cash flows into and out of the plan, or assumed asset allocation.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact if the discount rate was 1.0% higher or 1.0% lower than the current discount rate at June 30, 2020

FRS Net Pension Liability (Asset)					HIS Net Pension Liability (Asset)			set)		
	Cur	rent Discount					Cur	rent Discount		
1% Decrease		Rate	•	1% Increase	1%	Decrease		Rate	1	l% Increase
 5.80%		6.80%		7.80%		1.21%		2.21%		3.21%
\$ 587,527	\$	367,933	\$	184,527	\$	79,361	\$	68,654	\$	59,890

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions for both the FRS and HIS are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS has a valuation performed annually and the HIS has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS and HIS was completed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The total pension liability for the FRS and HIS was determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2020 using the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.40%. Payroll growth for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the PUB210 base table varied by member category and sex, projected generationally with scale MP-2018; and on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables for the HIS. Both the discount rate and long-term expected rate of return used for FRS investments is 6.80% a decrease from 6.90 in the prior year. The FRS fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because the HIS program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 2.21% was used to determine its total pension liability (a decrease from 3.50% in the prior year). In October 2020, the Actuarial Assumptions Conference adopted the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index as the applicable municipal bond index.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

I. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Pension Expense for City Defined Benefit Pension Plans

1. Proportionate Share of FRS and HIS Plans

Employers participating in the FRS and HIS were provided pension allocation schedules for use in recording their proportionate share of the FRS and HIS collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense at measurement date June 30, 2020 in accordance with GASB Statements No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - An Amendment of Statement No. 68. The underlying financial information used to prepare the pension allocation schedules was based on the same basis as mentioned previously and on an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 for the FRS and HIS. The City's proportionate share was calculated using retirement contributions for employees that were members of the FRS and HIS during the measurement year ended June 30, 2020. The aggregate employer contribution amounts in the pension allocation schedules agree to the total employer contribution amounts reported in the System CAFR.

At September 30, 2020, the City reported a net pension liability of \$436,587 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability of the FRS and HIS. The following table presents information on the City's proportionate share of the FRS and HIS:

			City
	 FRS	HIS	Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension	\$ 367,933	\$ 68,654	\$ 436,587
Liability at June 30, 2020			
City's proportion at June 30, 2020	0.00000849	0.00000562	
City's proportion at June 30, 2019	0.00001021	0.00000718	
Change in proportion during current year	-0.00000172	-0.00000156	

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

I. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

2. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$29,671 related to the FRS, and \$(6,463) related to the HIS. At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

								C	City Total
		FRS	;		HI	S		Deferi	red Outflows
	De	f Outflow	Def Inflow	De	of Outflow	D	ef Inflow	/ (Defe	erred Inflows)
Differences between expected and	\$	14,082		\$	2,808			\$	16,890
actual experience			\$ -			\$	(53)		(53)
Changes of assumptions		66,607	_		7,382				73,989
		·			·		(3,992)		(3,992)
Net difference between projected					55				55
and actual investment earnings		21,907	-				-		21,907
Changes In proportion		6,683			2,995				9,678
			(51,975)				(33,819)		(85,794)
City contributions subsequent to the measurement data		7,293			752				8,045
Total Deferred Outflows	\$	116,572		\$	13,992				130,564
Total Deferred (Inflows)	Ψ	110,012	\$(51,975)	Ψ	10,002	\$	(37,864)	\$	(89,839)
rotal Deletted (Illinows)			Ψ(01,370)			Ψ	(37,004)	Ψ	(03,003)

Deferred outflows of resources of \$8,045 are reported by the City for employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

				City Total
Reporting Year			D	eferred Outflows
Ending June 30,	FRS	HIS	([Deferred Inflows)
2021	\$ 8,158	\$ (7,295)	\$	863
2022	25,497	(4,290)		21,207
2023	19,805	(3,589)		16,216
2024	7,461	(3,680)		3,781
2025	(3,617)	(3,495)		(7,112)
Thereafter	 -	(2,275)		(2,275)
Totals	\$ 57,304	\$ (24,624)	\$	32,680

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

I. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

3. Payables to the Pension Plans

Included in the amounts reported as accrued liabilities is \$0 payable to the Florida Retirement System. The amount is for required contributions based on September 2020 payroll not remitted to the plans until October 2020, and is reported in the General Fund. The amount includes required employer contributions for the FRS and HIS plans.

Deferred Retirement Option Program:

The FRS DROP is available to a member when the member first reaches eligibility for normal retirement. DROP allows a member to retire while continuing employment for up to 60 months. During DROP participation, the member's retirement benefits accumulate in the FRS Trust Fund and earn monthly interest equivalent to an annual rate of 6.5% (1.3% for members who enter DROP on or after 07/01/2011). The member must cease employment after a maximum of 60 months, must satisfy the termination requirements for retirement, and is subject to re-employment restrictions thereafter. The member's DROP accumulation may be paid out as a lump-sum payment, a rollover, or a combination partial lump-sum payment and rollover. Employers must pay contributions at a rate of 14.03% of salary for all DROP participants. FRS also provides disability and survivors' benefits.

The contribution requirements of employers are established and may be amended by the Division of Retirement. The City's contributions, and its required contributions for the three years ended September 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	R	equired	1	Actual	Percentage
Fiscal Year	Contributions		Cor	ntributions	Contributed
2020	\$	29,026	\$	29,026	100%
2019		30,463		30,463	100%
2018		36,029		36,029	100%

General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan

The City provides retirement benefits for all of its full-time employees hired after January 1, 1996 through a non-contributory, defined-contribution plan administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation under their prototype Profit-Sharing Plan and Trust Agreement. In a defined-contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate after three months of employment. The Plan requires that the City contribute 10% of all participants' earnings. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested after five years of continuous service. City contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before five years of service are used to reduce the City's current-period contribution requirement. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Commission. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report and is not included in any other retirement system or entity's financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

I. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The total payroll in fiscal year 2020 was \$1,379,919. The City's contributions were calculated using the participants' salary amount of \$1,107,240. The City made the required 10% contributions (net of forfeitures) for the current year and previous two years, as follows:

2020	\$ 110,724	\$ 110,724	100%
2019	108,233	108,233	100%
2018	113,239	113,239	100%

J. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description:

The City's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under the applicable retirement plan to continue medical insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan.

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2019:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	1
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	0
Active Plan Members	<u>23</u>
	<u>24</u>

Benefits Provided:

The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical coverage. All employees of the City are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. All retiree and dependent coverage is at the expense of the retiree. Medicare eligible retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible.

Total OPEB Liability

The measurement date is September 30, 2020.

The measurement period for the OPEB expense was October 1, 2019 to September 30, 2020. The reporting period is October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

The Sponsor's Total OPEB Liability was measured as of September 30, 2020.

Note - The Sponsor's Total OPEB Liability for the City's ledger adjustment was measured as of October 1, 2019 using a discount rate of 2.14%.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

J. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Discount Rate	2.14%
Initial Trend Rate	7.50%
Ultimate Trend Rate	4.00%
Years to Ultimate	55

For all lives, mortality rates were PubG-2010 Mortality Tables projected to the valuation date using Projection Scale MP-2019.

Discount Rate:

Given the City's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 2.14%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by the S&P Dow Jones Indices. The S&P Municipal 20 Year High Grade Rate Index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity of 20 years. Eligible bonds must be rated at least AA by Standard & Poor's Rating Services, Aa2 by Moody's or AA by Fitch. If there are multiple ratings, the lowest rating is used.

OPEB Expense:

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the Sponsor will recognize OPEB Expense of \$22,657.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Increases and (Decreases) in Total OPEB Liability			
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2019	\$	80,408		
Changes for a Year:				
Service Cost		6,822		
Interest		3,289		
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		9,289		
Changes of Assumptions		382		
Benefit Payments		(9,366)		
Net Changes		10,416		
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2020	\$	90,824		

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

J. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.58% for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019 to 2.14% for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. Also reflected as assumption changes are updated mortality rates, updated health care costs and premiums, and updated health care cost trend rates.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the Sponsor, as well as what the Sponsor's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	2.58%	3.58%	4.58%
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 98,511	\$ 90,824	\$ 84,098

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the Sponsor, as well as what the Sponsor's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
	3.00% - 7.50%	4.00% - 8.50%	5.00% - 9.50%
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 83,169	\$ 90,824	\$ 99,617

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SPONSOR'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Reporting Period Ending	9	/30/2020
Measurement Date	9	/30/2020
Total OPEB Liabiity		
Service Cost	\$	6,822
Interest		3,289
Changes of Benefit terms		9,289
Changes of Assumptions		382
Benefit Payments		(9,366)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		10,416
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		80,408
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	90,824

Covered Payroll* \$ 1,305,850
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of Covered Payroll 6.96%

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

J. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Notes to Schedule:

Covered payroll:

Covered payroll is projected to the measurement date based on actual covered payroll as of the valuation date using applicable salary increase assumptions.

Changes of assumptions:

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2020 2.14% Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019: 3.58% Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2018: 4.18%

K. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

1. Litigation

At September 30, 2020, there were no lawsuits or legal claims pending against the City of Indian Rocks Beach.

2. Commitments

The City annually contracts with the Sheriff of Pinellas County, Florida, for law enforcement services. The cost of these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 was \$1,066,170.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP BASIS):

• General Fund

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability
Schedules of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
Schedules of Contributions

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget vs. Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Revenues Taxes: Ad valorem \$ 2,233,800 \$ 2,233,800 \$ 2,222,434 \$ (11,30) Franchise fees 433,000 433,000 478,634 45,63 Other taxes 384,200 384,200 373,021 (11,11) Licenses and fees 332,510 332,510 240,143 (92,30) Intergovernmental 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,57) Charges for services 143,380 143,380 143,380	Original Final Amounts Over (Under) \$ 2,233,800 \$ 2,233,800 \$ 2,222,434 \$ (11,366) 433,000 433,000 478,634 45,634 384,200 384,200 373,021 (11,179) 332,510 332,510 240,143 (92,367) 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,576)
Revenues Taxes: Ad valorem \$ 2,233,800 \$ 2,233,800 \$ 2,222,434 \$ (11,36) Franchise fees 433,000 433,000 478,634 45,63 Other taxes 384,200 384,200 373,021 (11,11) Licenses and fees 332,510 332,510 240,143 (92,36) Intergovernmental 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,57) Charges for services 143,380 143,380 143,380	\$ 2,233,800 \$ 2,233,800 \$ 2,222,434 \$ (11,366) 433,000 433,000 478,634 45,634 384,200 384,200 373,021 (11,179) 332,510 332,510 240,143 (92,367) 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,576) 143,380 143,380 143,380 - 9,000 9,000 19,322 10,322 75,000 75,000 77,922 2,922
Ad valorem \$ 2,233,800 \$ 2,233,800 \$ 2,222,434 \$ (11,30) Franchise fees 433,000 433,000 478,634 45,63 Other taxes 384,200 384,200 373,021 (11,17) Licenses and fees 332,510 332,510 240,143 (92,30) Intergovernmental 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,57) Charges for services 143,380 143,380 143,380	433,000 433,000 478,634 45,634 384,200 384,200 373,021 (11,179) 332,510 332,510 240,143 (92,367) 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,576) 143,380 143,380 - 9,000 9,000 19,322 10,322 75,000 75,000 77,922 2,922
Franchise fees 433,000 433,000 478,634 45,63 Other taxes 384,200 384,200 373,021 (11,13) Licenses and fees 332,510 332,510 240,143 (92,30) Intergovernmental 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,5) Charges for services 143,380 143,380 143,380	433,000 433,000 478,634 45,634 384,200 384,200 373,021 (11,179) 332,510 332,510 240,143 (92,367) 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,576) 143,380 143,380 - 9,000 9,000 19,322 10,322 75,000 75,000 77,922 2,922
Other taxes 384,200 384,200 373,021 (11,11) Licenses and fees 332,510 332,510 240,143 (92,30) Intergovernmental 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,51) Charges for services 143,380 143,380 143,380	384,200 384,200 373,021 (11,179) 332,510 332,510 240,143 (92,367) 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,576) 143,380 143,380 - 9,000 9,000 19,322 10,322 75,000 75,000 77,922 2,922
Licenses and fees 332,510 332,510 240,143 (92,30) Intergovernmental 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,5) Charges for services 143,380 143,380 143,380	332,510 332,510 240,143 (92,367) 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,576) 143,380 143,380 - 9,000 9,000 19,322 10,322 75,000 75,000 77,922 2,922
Intergovernmental 113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,5) Charges for services 143,380 143,380 143,380	113,400 113,400 109,824 (3,576) 143,380 143,380 143,380 - 9,000 9,000 19,322 10,322 75,000 75,000 77,922 2,922
Charges for services 143,380 143,380 143,380	143,380 143,380 143,380 - 9,000 9,000 19,322 10,322 75,000 75,000 77,922 2,922
	9,0009,00019,32210,32275,00075,00077,9222,922
FINES 9 000 9 000 19 327 10 3.	75,000 75,000 77,922 2,922
	132,330 171,632 19,482
Miscellatieous 132,330 171,032 19,40	
Total revenues 3,876,640 3,876,640 3,836,512 (40,12)	3,876,640 3,876,640 3,836,512 (40,128)
Expenditures	
Current:	
General government:	
Public safety: 340,030 340,030 300,280 (45,74	340,030 340,030 300,200 (43,744)
·	1,073,670 1,073,670 1,072,992 (678)
& Bldg. Permitting)	3 - 110,101
Physical environment:	
	131,120 131,120 128,237 (2,883)
Other maintenance 127,020 127,020 145,344 18,33	127,020 127,020 145,344 18,324
Transportation:	
	265,300 265,300 210,986 (54,314)
Culture and recreation:	
Total expenditures 3,861,520 3,861,520 3,791,268 (70,25)	3,861,520 3,861,520 3,791,268 (70,252)
Revenues over (under) expenditures 15,120 15,120 45,244 30,12	res <u>15,120</u> <u>15,120</u> <u>45,244</u> <u>30,124</u>
Net change in fund balances 15,120 15,120 45,244 30,12	15,120 15,120 45,244 30,124
Fund balance, beginning of year 2,986,605 2,986,605 3,520,273 533,60	<u>2,986,605</u> <u>2,986,605</u> <u>3,520,273</u> <u>533,668</u>
Fund balance, end of year \$\\\\\$3,001,725 \\\\\$3,001,725 \\\\\$3,001,725 \\\\\$3,565,517 \\\\\$563,79	

Notes to Schedule:

The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). There is no difference between GAAP and the budgetary basis of accounting.

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability September 30, 2020

Reporting Period Ending	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018
Measurement Date	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018
Total OPEB Liabiity Service Cost	\$ 6,822	\$ 5,401	\$ 8,359
Interest Changes of Benefit terms	3,289	3,148	2,716
	9,289	-	-
Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments	382	4,026	(3,502)
	(9,366)	(4,097)	(3,776)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	10,416	8,478	3,797
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	80,408	71,930	68,133
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 90,824	\$ 80,408	\$ 71,930
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$1,305,850	\$1,244,539	\$ 1,214,184
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	6.96%	6.46%	5.92%

Notes to Schedule

Other Items:

This information is required for ten years. However, only three years of information is available.

⁽¹⁾ Plan Assets

⁻ No Assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System (FRS) Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020 0.0008489%		2019		2018		2017		2016			2015	2014		
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)			0	0.0010212%		0.0010788%		0.0010804%		0.0009654%		0.0010696%		0.0016320%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	367,933	\$	351,687	\$	324,951	\$	319,691	\$	243,771	\$	138,159	\$	99,577	
City's covered payroll	\$	195,156	\$	240,236	\$	285,882	\$	281,179	\$	251,465	\$	269,051	\$	366,930	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		188.53%		146.39%		113.67%		113.70%		96.94%		51.35%		27.14%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (Note 2)		78.85%		82.61%		84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%		96.09%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for only those years for which information is available.

Note 2: The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is published in Note 4 of the Plan's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020 0.0005623%		2019		2018		2017		2016			2015	2014		
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)			0	0.0007183%		0.0008753%		0.0008821%		0.0008146%		0.0008868%		0.0012350%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	68,654	\$	80,370	\$	92,640	\$	94,323	\$	94,935	\$	90,444	\$	115,474	
City's covered payroll	\$	195,156	\$	240,236	\$	285,882	\$	281,179	\$	251,465	\$	269,051	\$	366,930	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		35.18%		33.45%		32.40%		33.55%		37.75%		33.62%		31.47%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (Note 2)		3.00%		2.63%		2.15%		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%		0.99%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for only those years for which information is available.

Note 2: The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is published in Note 4 of the Plan's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Schedule of Contributions Florida Retirement System (FRS) Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 29,026	\$ 30,463	\$ 31,360	\$ 27,925	\$ 23,130	\$ 22,242	\$ 36,058
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (29,026)	\$ (30,463)	\$ (31,360)	\$ (27,925)	\$ (23,130)	\$ (22,242)	\$ (36,058)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -						
City's covered payroll	\$ 195,970	\$ 221,616	\$ 281,161	\$ 276,883	\$ 264,336	\$ 229,833	\$ 367,356
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.81%	13.75%	10.94%	10.09%	8.75%	8.92%	9.82%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for only those years for which information is available.

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Schedule of Contributions Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,253	\$ 3,680	\$ 4,669	\$ 4,597	\$ 4,325	\$ 2,888	\$ 4,272
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (3,253)	\$ (3,680)	\$ (4,669)	\$ (4,597)	\$ (4,325)	\$ (2,888)	\$ (4,272)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -						
City's covered payroll	\$ 195,970	\$ 221,616	\$ 281,161	\$ 276,883	\$ 264,336	\$ 229,833	\$ 367,356
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.66%	1.66%	1.69%	1.66%	1.64%	1.36%	1.16%

 $^{^{\}star}$ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for only those years for which information is available.

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Major Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP BASIS):

Sales Surtax Fund

To account for receipt and expenditure of the City's portion of the Local Option Infrastructure Surtax levied by Pinellas County for a ten year period. These funds are to be used for acquisition or construction of infrastructure assets.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

 Combining Financial Statements for All Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Individual Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP BASIS) for All Budgeted Nonmajor Governmental Funds

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget vs. Actual Sales Surtax Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues Taxes:				
Other taxes Intergovernmental Other - Donations	\$ 440,000 150,000 50,000	\$ 440,000 150,000 50,000	\$ 507,737 521,002	\$ 67,737 371,002 (50,000)
Total revenues	640,000	640,000	1,028,739	388,739
Expenditures Current: Physical environment Public works	1 000 000	1 605 704	1 217 500	(409 402)
Culture and recreation Parks and recreation	1,088,000	1,625,701	1,217,599	(408,102)
Total expenditures	1,218,000	1,755,701	1,356,306	(399,395)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(578,000)	(1,115,701)	(327,567)	788,134
Net change in fund balance	(578,000)	(1,115,701)	(327,567)	788,134
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,348,866	1,348,866	2,339,423	990,557
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 770,866	\$ 233,165	\$ 2,011,856	\$ 1,778,691

Note to Schedule:

The budget for the Sales Surtax Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). There is no difference between GAAP and the budgetary basis of accounting.

CITY OF INDIAN ROCKS BEACH, FLORIDA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources which, by law are designated to finance particular functions or activities of government. The City has the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

Local Option Gas Surtax Fund

To account for the receipt of a local gas tax that is to be used for the City's capital projects.

Transportation Impact Fee Fund

To account for the receipt and expenditure of transportation impact fees, as levied by the City. This fund is also used to collect for and disburse to the County its share of transportation impact fees.

Recreation Impact Fee Fund

To account for the receipt and expenditure of recreation impact fees as levied by the City. The funds collected are used exclusively for the purpose of additional recreation space, the reconstruction or refurbishing of existing recreation areas, or the purchase of recreation equipment.

Developmental Impact Fee Fund

To account for the receipt and expenditure of developmental impact fees as levied by the City. The funds collected are to be specifically allocated for the payment of expenditures for construction of roads, utilities, sidewalks, curbs, drainage, seawalls, installation of streetlights, and any other activity which is not directly related to the City's sanitary sewage system.

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

			Spec	ial Revenu	ie											
	al Option s Surtax	sportation pact Fees		creation pact Fees		elopmental pact Fees	Gov	l Nonmajor ernmental Funds								
Assets																
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$ 42,130	\$ 22,013	\$	12,872	\$	12,136	\$	89,151								
Intergovernmental	 8,597	-		-		-		8,597								
Total assets	\$ 50,727	\$ 22,013	\$	12,872	\$	12,136	\$	97,748								
Liabilities and fund balances																
Liabilities:																
Accounts payable	\$ 3,871	\$ 2,667	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,538								
Total liabilities	 3,871	 2,667		-				6,538								
Fund balances: Restricted for:																
Impact fee programs	-			12,872		12,136		25,008								
Transportation	46,856	 19,346				<u> </u>		66,202								
Total fund balances	46,856	19,346		12,872		12,136		91,210								
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 50,727	\$ 22,013	\$	12,872	\$	12,136	\$	97,748								

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

		S	pecial	Revenue			
	Option Gas Surtax	portation act Fees		creation act Fees	lopmental act Fees	Gove	tal Non- major ernmental Funds
Revenues							
Other taxes	\$ 52,619	\$ 2,793	\$	1,500	\$ 1,500	\$	58,412
Total revenues	52,619	2,793		1,500	 1,500		58,412
Expenditures Transportation	46,400	_		_	_		46,400
Total expenditures	46,400	-					46,400
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 6,219	 2,793		1,500	 1,500		12,012
Net change in fund balance	6,219	2,793		1,500	1,500		12,012
Fund balances, beginning of year	 40,637	 16,553		11,372	 10,636		79,198
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 46,856	\$ 19,346	\$	12,872	\$ 12,136	\$	91,210

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget vs. Actual Local Option Gas Surtax Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Budget /	Amou	ınts	Actual		iance with al Budget
	C	Original		Final	Actual		er (Under)
Revenues Taxes:						1	
Other taxes	\$	73,260	\$	73,260	\$ 52,619	\$	(20,641)
Total revenues		73,260		73,260	52,619		(20,641)
Expenditures							
Total expenditures		55,000		55,000	 46,400		8,600
Excess of revenues over expenditures		18,260		18,260	6,219		(12,041)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfer in					 		
Net change in fund balance		18,260		18,260	6,219		(12,041)
Net change in fund balance		18,260		18,260	6,219		(12,041)
Fund balance, beginning of year		46,850		46,850	 40,637		(6,213)
Fund balance, end of year	\$	65,110	\$	65,110	\$ 46,856	\$	(18,254)

Note to schedule:

The budget for the Local Option Gas Surtax Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). There is no difference between GAAP and the budgetary basis of accounting.

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget vs. Actual Transportation Impact Fee Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Fin	iance with al Budget er (Under)
Revenues	Φ	F 000	Φ.	0.700	Φ.	(0.007)
Transportation impact fees	\$	5,000	_\$	2,793	\$	(2,207)
Total revenues		5,000		2,793		(2,207)
Expenditures Total expenditures				<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balance		5,000		2,793		(2,207)
Fund balance, beginning of year		16,944		16,553		(391)
Fund balance, end of year	\$	21,944	\$	19,346	\$	(2,598)

Note to schedule:

The budget for the Transportation Impact Fee Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). There is no difference between GAAP and the budgetary basis of accounting.

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget vs. Actual Recreation Impact Fee Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual mounts	Fina	ance with al Budget r (Under)
Revenues				
Recreation impact fees	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,500	\$	500
Total revenues	1,000	1,500		500
Expenditures Total expenditures		 		
Net change in fund balance	1,000	1,500		500
Fund balance, beginning of year	11,372	 11,372		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 12,372	\$ 12,872	\$	500

Note to schedule:

The budget for the Recreation Impact Fee Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). There is no difference between GAAP and the budgetary basis of accounting.

City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Scedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget vs. Actual Developmental Impact fee Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	-	Final udget		Actual nounts	Fina	ance with Il Budget r (Under)
Revenues	_		_		_	()
Developmental impact fees	\$	2,000	\$	1,500	\$	(500)
Total revenues		2,000		1,500		(500)
Expenditures Total expenditures						
Net change in fund balance		2,000		1,500		(500)
Fund balance, beginning of year		13,636		10,636		(3,000)
Fund balance, end of year	\$	15,636	\$	12,136	\$	(3,500)

Note to schedule:

The budget for the Developmental Impact Fee Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). There is no difference between GAAP and the budgetary basis of accounting.

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City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida Statistical Section September 30, 2020

This part of the City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

PAGE Financial Trends
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These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time70
Revenue Capacity
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax
Debt Capacity
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future76
Demographic and Economic Information
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place
Operating Information
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs

<u>Sources:</u> Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.

Schedule 1 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (accrual basis of accounting)

Last Eight Fiscal Years

		2013		2014	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
Governmental activities															
Invested in capital assets, net of	_		_			_		_		_		_		_	
related debt	\$	8,735,245	\$	8,431,195	\$ 8,934,989	\$	10,871,053	\$	12,836,327	\$, ,	\$	13,472,323	\$	13,555,837
Restricted		315,391		681,649	3,655,044		2,540,930		2,974,683		2,342,024		2,418,621		2,103,066
Unrestricted		2,185,457		2,276,082	 3,724,728		3,974,138		2,412,767		2,724,045		3,122,107		3,129,326
Total governmental activities net position	\$	11,236,093	\$	11,388,926	\$ 16,314,761	\$	17,386,121	\$	18,223,777	\$	18,743,833	\$	19,013,051	\$	18,788,229
Business-type activities															
Invested in capital assets, net of															
related debt	\$	2,724,294	\$	2,896,483	\$ 411,206	\$	533,859	\$	691,939	\$	555,433	\$	418,929	\$	438,124
Unrestricted		2,910,533		3,248,704	1,634,621		1,340,977		836,682		173,304		380,247		386,131
0															
Total business-type activities net position	\$	5,634,827	\$	6,145,187	\$ 2,045,827	\$	1,874,836	\$	1,528,621	\$	728,737	\$	799,176	\$	824,255
															
Primary government															
Invested in capital assets, net of															
related debt	\$	11,459,539	\$	11,327,678	\$ 9,346,195	\$	11,404,912	\$	13,528,266	\$	14,233,197	\$	13,891,252	\$	13,993,961
Restricted		315,391		681,649	3,655,044		2,540,930		2,974,683		2,342,024		2,418,621		2,103,066
Unrestricted		5,095,990		5,524,786	5,359,349		5,315,115		3,249,449		2,897,349		3,502,354		3,515,457
Total primary government net position	\$	16,870,920	\$	17,534,113	\$ 18,360,588	\$	19,260,957	\$	19,752,398	\$	19,472,570	\$	19,812,227	\$	19,612,484

Schedule 2 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (accrual basis of accounting)

Last Eight Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 593.479	\$ 1,113,943	\$ 1,012,307	\$ 1,031,977	\$ 689.377	\$ 1,080,973	\$ 1,357,139	\$ 1,322,341
Public safety	1.106.389	1,111,628	1,226,629	1,172,316	1,265,574	1,355,796	1,373,914	1,496,878
Physical environment	814,073	438,968	491,731	376,869	161,293	1,492,383	2,191,695	703,773
Transportation	213,531	186,082	232,956	842,723	1,228,135	795,206	645,878	649,725
Culture/recreation	728,857	691,594	815,416	1,015,131	899,885	1,167,609	962,088	975,768
Total governmental activities expenses	3,456,329	3,542,215	3,779,039	4,439,016	4,244,264	5,891,967	6,530,714	5,148,485
Business-type activities:								
Solid Waste	1,273,283	1,210,598	1,216,712	1,394,631	1,507,075	1,516,579	1,470,227	1,457,664
Total business-type activities expenses	3,115,130	2,858,398	1,216,712	1,394,631	1,507,075	1,516,579	1,470,227	1,457,664
Total primary government expenses	6,571,459	6,400,613	4,995,751	5,833,647	5,751,339	7,408,546	8,000,941	6,606,149
Program revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services								
General government	268,098	267,139	190,483	205,439	192,490	251,302	227,600	192,151
Public safety	216,449	332,689	334,180	352,032	308,718	364,056	390,641	202,682
Other	67,031	84,685	140,856	97,422	110,742	137,818	144,611	161,738
Operating grants and contributions	14,184	5,156	7,059	4,256	8,903	29,386	69,899	-
Capital grants and contributions	127,928		375,130	264,431	372,774	1,345,841	2,028,104	521,002
Total governmental activities program revenues	693,690	689,669	1,047,708	923,580	993,627	2,128,403	2,860,855	1,077,573
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services								
Solid Waste Disposal	1,215,963	1,261,417	1,211,283	1,223,640	1,210,613	1,217,864	1,377,842	1,472,301
Operating grants and contributions							162,824	16,286
Total business-type activities program revenues	3,299,907	3,368,758	1,215,289	1,223,640	1,210,613	1,217,864	1,540,666	1,488,587
Total primary government program revenues	3,993,597	4,058,427	2,262,997	2,147,220	2,204,240	3,346,267	4,401,521	2,566,160
Net (expense) / revenue								
Governmental activities	(2,762,639)	(2,852,546)	(2,731,331)	(3,515,436)	(3,250,637)	(3,763,564)	(3,669,859)	(4,070,912)
Business-type activities	184,777	510,360	(1,423)	(170,991)	(296,462)	(298,715)	70,439	30,923
Total primary government net expense	(2,577,862)	(2,342,186)	(2,732,754)	(3,686,427)	(3,547,099)	(4,062,279)	(3,599,420)	(4,039,989)

Continued next page

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Schedule 2 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - Continued

(accrual basis of accounting) Last Eight Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General revenues and other changes in net po	sition							
Governmental activities:								
Property taxes	\$ 1,433,488	\$ 1,539,661	\$ 1,617,785	\$ 1,728,283	\$ 1,827,453	\$ 2,033,059	\$ 2,084,008	\$ 2,222,434
Franchise fees	397,988	434,540	444,758	424,728	426,621	450,704	490,616	478,634
Unrestricted state revenue sharing	101,276	101,550	103,194	104,570	109,089	113,364	116,410	109,824
Half-cent sales tax	225,705	237,599	252,682	262,547	266,090	283,566	289,884	275,175
Local option gas tax	70,694	99,204	121,204	273,310	88,735	63,331	70,108	58,412
Local option sales tax	422,643	449,883	484,918	512,331	527,477	554,362	586,002	507,737
Communications services tax	96,878	94,245	94,155	92,360	92,468	94,688	88,165	87,329
Other taxes	9,220	9,720	10,200	9,509	9,315	9,029	15,786	10,625
Unrestricted investment earnings	219	1,794	10,778	33,875	52,551	74,584	93,095	77,922
Miscellaneous revenues	21,942	37,183	1,128,357	497,357	688,494	105,764	105,003	17,998
Transfers in (out)	-	-	3,593,940	-	-	501,169	-	-
Extraordinary item - Gain from fire				647,926				
Total governmental activities	2,780,053	3,005,379	7,861,971	4,586,796	4,088,293	4,283,620	3,939,077	3,846,090
Business-type activities:								
Loss on disposal of assets	-	-	(429,273)	-	(49,753)	-	-	(5,844)
Transfers in (out)			(3,593,940)			(501,169)		
Total business-type activities			(4,023,213)		(49,753)	(501,169)		(5,844)
Total primary government	2,780,053	3,005,379	3,838,758	4,586,796	4,038,540	3,782,451	3,939,077	3,840,246
Change in net position								
Governmental activities	17.414	152,833	5,130,640	1.071.360	837.656	520,056	269,218	(224,822)
Business-type activities	184,777	510,360	(4,024,636)	(170,991)	(346,215)	(799,884)	70,439	25,079
Total change in net position	\$ 202,191	\$ 663,193	\$ 1,106,004	\$ 900,369	\$ 491,441	\$ (279,828)	\$ 339,657	\$ (199,743)

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Schedule 3 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Last Eight Fiscal Years

		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	 2019	 2020
General fund									
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$ 294	\$ 1,116	\$ 810	\$ 23,294	\$ 18,437	\$ 20,948	\$ 18,941
Committed		100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Assigned		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	2	,158,038	2,249,568	4,004,554	4,276,070	2,627,792	2,959,128	 3,399,325	 3,446,576
Total general fund	\$ 2	,258,038	\$ 2,349,862	\$ 4,105,670	\$ 4,376,880	\$ 2,751,086	\$ 3,077,565	\$ 3,520,273	\$ 3,565,517
All other governmental funds Restricted for:									
Impact fee programs		59,309	76,780	158,984	165,008	15,008	15,008	22,008	25,008
Transportation		36,434	67,431	101,520	184,976	80,279	100.454	57,090	66,202
Capital projects		219,648	537,438	3,294,540	2,090,946	2,879,396	2,226,562	2,339,423	2,011,856
governmental funds	\$	315,391	\$ 681,649	3,555,044	\$ 2,440,930	\$ 2,974,683	2,342,024	2,418,521	2,103,066
Total fund balances	\$ 2	,573,429	\$ 3,031,511	\$ 7,660,714	\$ 6,817,810	\$ 5,725,769	\$ 5,419,589	\$ 5,938,794	\$ 5,668,583

Schedule 4 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Last Eight Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 2,656,616	\$ 2,864,852	\$ 2,975,702	\$ 3,103,020	\$ 3,223,319	\$ 3,488,739	\$ 3,612,880	\$ 3,634,553
Licenses and permits	241,469	276,134	350,113	367,010	326,249	404,133	429,584	240,143
Impact fees	-	76,780	102,204	200,048	14,840	-	11,689	5,793
Intergovernmental revenues	243,388	106,706	485,383	373,257	490,765	1,488,591	2,214,413	630,826
Charges for services	299,515	320,427	246,349	170,870	269,231	339,999	321,000	297,106
Fines	10,594	11,172	16,853	19,591	16,470	9,044	12,268	19,322
Investment income	219	1,794	10,778	33,875	52,551	74,584	93,095	77,922
Miscellaneous revenues	21,942	37,183	1,128,357	199,315	688,494	105,764	105,003	17,998
Total revenues	3,473,743	3,695,048	5,315,739	4,466,986	5,081,919	5,910,854	6,799,932	4,923,663
Expenditures								
General government	1.323.488	1,191,917	1,195,972	1,136,139	1.558.605	1.665.874	1.251.296	1,222,949
Public safety	1,103,063	1,107,473	1,238,531	1,169,659	1,261,051	1,351,739	1,370,435	1,493,399
Physical environment	564,998	258,374	430,132	2,219,425	1,228,399	1,672,159	2,276,288	1,098,841
Transportation	213,531	186,082	234,739	841,480	1,225,056	792,190	645,317	649,725
Culture/Recreation	560,548	493,120	1,181,102	986,578	900,849	1,236,241	737,289	729,060
Total expenditures	3,765,628	3,236,966	4,280,476	6,353,281	6,173,960	6,718,203	6,280,625	5,193,974
Excess of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(291,885)	458,082	1,035,263	(1,886,295)	(1,092,041)	(807,349)	519,307	(270,311)
Oth 5								
Other financing sources (uses)			2 502 040	447.000	4 050 000	F04 400		
Transfers in	-	-	3,593,940	147,000	1,650,000	501,169	-	-
Transfers (out) Extraordinary item - insurance proceeds	-	-	-	(147,000)	(1,650,000)	-	-	-
			3,593,940	1,043,390		501,169		
Total other fin. sources (uses)			3,593,940	1,043,390		501,109		
Net change in fund balances	\$ (291,885)	\$ 458,082	\$ 4,629,203	\$ (842,905)	\$ (1,092,041)	\$ (306,180)	\$ 519,307	\$ (270,311)
Debt service as a percentage								
of non-capital expenditures	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Schedule 5 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Annual Percentage Change in Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (1) (Mills)
2011	\$ 795,292	\$ 10,813	\$ 806,105	-12.3%	2.0000
2012	738,602	7,504	746,106	-7.4%	2.0000
2013	732,458	7,723	740,181	-0.8%	2.0000
2014	769,571	7,976	777,547	5.0%	2.0000
2015	827,427	8,021	835,448	7.4%	2.0000
2016	885,051	8,380	893,431	6.9%	2.0000
2017	972,371	8,173	980,544	9.8%	1.9300
2018	1,079,891	10,705	1,090,596	11.2%	1.9300
2019	1,165,836	9,696	1,175,532	7.8%	1.8326
2020	1,246,711	9,051	1,255,762	6.8%	1.8326

⁽¹⁾ Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser's Office.

⁽²⁾ The basis of assessed value required by the state is 100% of actual value.

Schedule 6 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (Mills)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Taxable Value)

Fiscal	City of Indian	Dinalla	s County		
Year	Rocks Beach	Government	School Board	Other	Total
2011	2.0000	4.8730	8.3400	2.5843	17.7973
2012	2.0000	4.8730	8.3850	2.8201	18.0780
2013	2.0000	5.0727	8.3020	2.9497	18.3244
2014	2.0000	5.2755	8.0600	3.0044	18.3399
2015	2.0000	5.3377	7.8410	2.9262	18.1049
2016	2.0000	5.3377	7.7700	2.9092	18.0169
2017	1.9300	5.3377	7.3180	2.9106	17.4963
2018	1.9300	5.2755	7.0090	2.9755	17.1900
2019	1.8326	5.2755	6.7270	2.9579	16.7930
2020	1.8326	5.2755	6.5840	2.9425	16.6346
Source:	Pinellas County Ta	x Collector's Office.			

Schedule 7 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Ten Years Ago

			Septem	ber 30, 2020		 Septem	ber 30, 2010	
		_	Taxable	Percent of Total Taxable		 Taxable	Percent of Total Taxable	
Hotel	Gulfcoast Marina LTD	\$	12,684,266	1.08%	1	\$ 9,251,898	1.01%	1
Condos	CR Clearwater LLC	\$	11,000,002	0.94%	2			
Condos	Orion Beach Development LLC	\$	5,627,538	0.48%	3	\$ 3,516,430	0.38%	4
Condos	Cameron Cove Resort	\$	4,278,979	0.36%	4	\$ 3,130,800	0.34%	6
Condos	1900 1st LLC	\$	4,000,000	0.34%	5			
Condos	Michael Savino	\$	3,986,860	0.34%	6	\$ 3,250,307	0.35%	5
Rental Units	David Wilkerson	\$	3,697,880	0.31%	7	\$ 2,722,889	0.34%	9
Condos	BC Indain Rocks LLC	\$	3,290,560	0.28%	8			
Condos	Brendan O'Carroll	\$	2,921,714	0.25%	9			
Restaurant	Crabby Bill's Seafood Inc	\$	2,787,440	0.24%	10			
	Totals	\$	54,275,239	4.62%		\$ 21,872,324	2.42%	

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser's Office.

Schedule 8 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collections Fiscal Year o			Total Colle	ctions to Date
Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Amount	Percent of Levy	Collections for Previous Years of Levy	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2011	\$ 1,614,686	\$1,562,977	96.8%	\$ -	\$1,562,977	96.8%
2012	1,481,363	1,444,099	97.5%	-	1,444,099	97.5%
2013	1,485,615	1,433,488	96.5%	-	1,433,488	96.5%
2014	1,556,018	1,504,390	96.7%	35,271 *	1,539,661	98.9%
2015	1,671,824	1,616,600	96.7%	1,185	1,617,785	96.8%
2016	1,789,711	1,725,711	96.4%	2,572	1,728,283	96.6%
2017	1,892,450	1,827,256	96.6%	197	1,827,453	96.6%
2018	2,108,284	2,031,629	96.4%	1,430	2,033,059	96.4%
2019	2,149,806	2,081,285	96.8%	2,723	2,084,008	96.9%
2020	2,302,883	2,221,964	96.5%	470	2,222,434	96.5%

Notes: * Collections for Previous Years of Levy calculations started in FY 2014

Source: Pinellas County Tax Collector's Office.

Schedule 9 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities Long-term Note Payable	Pri	Total Primary Government		an Rocks Beach Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2011	\$ -	\$	-	\$	162,283,324	0.00%	\$ -
2012	-		-		172,597,932	0.00%	-
2013	-		-		178,165,251	0.00%	-
2014	-		-		184,280,993	0.00%	-
2015	-		-		193,022,775	0.00%	-
2016	-		-		204,846,626	0.00%	-
2017	-		-		211,126,845	0.00%	-
2018	-		-		238,201,100	0.00%	-
2019	-		-		231,341,536	0.00%	-
2020	-		-		226,602,684	0.00%	

Sources: Population data from University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research

Data for personal income not available before 2002 or after 2005; therefore, was calculated

based on CPI increase.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial

statements.

Debt limitation: There are no legal debt limits for Florida municipalities.

Schedule 10 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

September 30, 2020

Taxing District	Net General Obligation Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City Taxpayers (1)	App	Amount blicable to Taxpayers
Pinellas County School Board	\$ 3,887,480	1.35%	\$	52,659
Pinellas County Government	13,307,305	1.46%		194,295
Total Overlapping Debt	\$ 17,194,785	<u>_</u>	\$	246,954

Source: Pinellas County School Board and Pinellas County Government.

⁽¹⁾ Based on the City's total taxable assessed value as a percentage of Pinellas County's total taxable assessed value. The City is not responsible for the debt of the School Board. However, in the event of default, the taxpayers would be required to pay off the debt.

Schedule 11 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Personal Income (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2011	4,102	\$ 39,562	\$ 162,283,324	10.7%
2012	4,113	41,964	172,597,932	7.9%
2013	4,179	42,635	178,165,251	6.2%
2014	4,250	43,360	184,280,993	6.2%
2015	4,203	45,925	193,022,775	5.7%
2016	4,373	46,844	204,846,626	5.0%
2017	4,380	48,202	211,126,845	3.7%
2018	4,430	53,770	238,201,100	4.3%
2019	4,432	52,198	231,341,536	3.4%
2020	4,158	54,498	226,602,684	3.1%

Sources:

- (1) The U.S. Census reported 5100 and 4100 for the years 2000 and 2010 respectively The population numbers shown here reflect projections provided by the University of Florida,
- (2) Bureau of Economic and Demographic Research.
 U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Information System.
 The actual per capita personal income is for Pinellas County. The per capita figures are calculated by dividing total personal income (from sch.9) by population.
- (3) Florida Agency for Workforce Innovation, Labor Market Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Schedule 12 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Eight Years Ago

	Sep	tember 30, 2020 Percent of Total		Sep	Percent of Total	
Employer	Employees	City Employment (1)	Rank	Employees	City Employment(1)	Rank
Crabby Bill's Seafood	136	17.0%	1	112	12.4%	2
Holiday Inn Harbourside	120	15.0%	2	120	13.3%	1
Guppy's on the Beach	59	7.4%	3	53	5.9%	3
Slyce	55	6.9%	4	44	4.9%	4
Century 21 Beggins	50	6.3%	5	35	3.9%	7
PJ's Oyster bar	42	5.3%	6	36	4.0%	6
Keegan's	30	3.8%	7	27	3.0%	9
JD's Restaurant	25	3.1%	8	42	4.7%	5
City of Indian Rocks Beach	24	2.9%	9	32	3.6%	8
Plumlee Realty	19	2.4%	10	20	2.2%	10
Total	560	69.94%		521	57.89%	

Source: Phone survey.

⁽¹⁾ Total employed estimated at 950 employees within the City.

Schedule 13
City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020
General Fund										
Administration Finance Community Devlmt. Library Public Services	3.25 3.00 3.63 1.00 10.67	3.25 3.00 3.63 1.00 10.67	3.25 3.00 3.63 1.00 10.67	3.25 3.00 3.63 1.00 10.67	3.25 3.00 4.13 1.00 10.67	3.00 3.00 4.00 1.00	3.00 3.00 4.00 1.00	3.00 3.00 4.00 1.00	2.90 3.00 3.60 1.00 9.50	2.40 3.00 3.60 1.00 7.20
Sub-total	21.55	21.55	21.55	21.55	22.05	21.00	21.00	21.00	20.00	17.20
Solid Waste Fund	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.50	7.80
TOTAL	31.55	31.55	31.55	31.55	30.05	29.00	29.00	29.00	27.50	25.00

Source: City of Indian Rocks Beach Finance Department

Schedule 14 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Building Inspections Building permits issued (a)	710	736	706	788	779	846	928	1,024	1,014	540
Public Works - Streets Division Streets resurfaced (miles)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Streets new surface (miles)	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

(a) Separate permits were issued for each trade

Source: Various City Departments

Schedule 15 City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020
Public Safety										
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks and Recreation	1									
Park acreage	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41
Number of community parks	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
<u>Wastewater</u>										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22

Source: Various City Departments.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, of the City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, grant agreements, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated March 29, 2021.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida March 29, 2021



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

We have examined the compliance of the City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida (the "City") with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied with those requirements, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida March 29, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Indian Rocks Beach, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have also issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in these reports, which are dated March 29, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In connection with the preceding audit, there were no findings or recommendations.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission Indian Rocks Beach, Florida

Financial Condition and Management (Continued)

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based, in part, on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor, City Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida March 29, 2021

CITY OF INDIAN ROCKS BEACH IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Daniel Carpenter of the City of Indian Rocks Beach, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of the City of Indian Rocks Beach which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida;
- 2. The governing body of the City of Indian Rocks Beach adopted Ordinance No. 2013-16 implementing an impact fee or authorized the City of Indian Rocks Beach to receive and expend proceeds of an impact fee implemented by the City of Indian Rocks Beach; and
- 3. The City of Indian Rocks Beach has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT. Daniel Carpenter, Finance Director STATE OF FLORIDA **COUNTY OF PINELLAS** COUNTY SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 20 day of April Lorin A. Kornijtschuk Morin A. Kornijtschuk NOTARY PUBLIC Print Name Lorin A. Kornijtschuk Notary Public. State of Florida Commission No. GG 291722 Ay Commission Expires: 02/04/23 Personally known X or produced identification _____ Type of identification produced: My Commission Expires: