CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended September 30, 2020



Prepared by Department of Finance

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CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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Year Ended September 30, 2020

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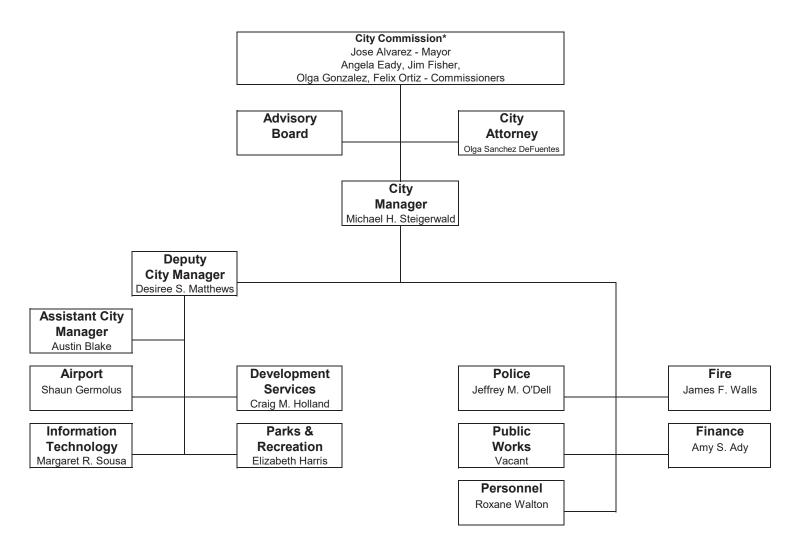
The City of Kissimmee, Florida City Officials

As of September 30, 2020

Elected Officials

Mayor/Commissioner	Jose Alvarez
Commissioner/Vice Mayor	Jim Fisher
Commissioner/Mayor Pro Tem	Angela Eady
Commissioner	Olga Gonzalez
Commissioner	Felix Ortiz
Financial Related Management	
City Manager	Michael H. Steigerwald
Deputy City Manager	Desiree S. Matthews
Finance Director	Amy S. Ady
Assistant Finance Director	Vacant
Other Departmental Officials	
Airport Director	Shaun Germolus
City Attorney	Olga Sanchez DeFuentes
Development Services Director	Craig M. Holland
Fire Chief	James F. Walls
Information Technology Director	Margaret R. Sousa
Parks & Recreation Director	Elizabeth Harris
Personnel & Risk Management Director	Roxane Walton

CITY OF KISSIMMEE ORGANIZATION CHART



^{*} The City Commission is composed of representatives elected by the citizens of the City of Kissimmee.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Kissimmee Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





101 CHURCH STREET - KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA 34741 - 407.518.2210

March 29, 2021

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee, Florida

Florida Statutes require that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby submit the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Kissimmee, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Kissimmee. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the City of Kissimmee has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Kissimmee's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Kissimmee's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Kissimmee's financial statements have been audited by Purvis, Gray and Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Kissimmee for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amount and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Kissimmee's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Kissimmee was performed in conjunction with a federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Kissimmee's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.





THE CITY

The City of Kissimmee (the "City"), near the geographic center of Florida, is the county seat of Osceola County. Of Florida's 67 counties, Osceola is the State's sixth largest in geographical size, with a land area of 1,506 square miles. There are approximately 21.9 square miles within the corporate limits of the City. The 2010 U.S. Census reported 59,682 people living within the City. The current State population estimate for the City is 75,644.

The City has a commission/manager form of government, with a Mayor-Commissioner and four other Commissioners who are elected at large for four-year staggered terms. Elections are held on the Tuesday, nine (9) weeks prior to the State of Florida General Elections. The City employs a full-time manager who is the chief executive and administrative officer of the City.

The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police, fire, public works, community development and housing services, public improvements, planning, economic development, zoning, recreational services and general administrative services. The City also provides garbage and trash collection and operates a municipal airport, stormwater utility as well as a charter school.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM, INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS, AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The City's accounting records for General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds are maintained on a modified accrual basis. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available, while expenditures are recorded at the time the related fund liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for Enterprise, Internal Service and Pension Trust Funds are maintained on a full accrual basis.

In designing and developing the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

- 1. The safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and
- 2. The reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

- 1. The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and
- 2. The evaluation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The Director of Finance maintains budgetary control, in conformance with the City Charter and Florida Statutes, through constant review. Budgetary responsibility for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Enterprise Funds is established at the sub-object of expenditure level. The City Manager is authorized to approve transfers between non-salary sub-object line items within departments; however, transfers from salary line items, transfers between departments and changes in total budget appropriations for a fund must have prior approval of the City Commission. However, the City Manager can approve transfers of unused amounts in salary account line items to advertising, recruiting and/or professional service account line items. Interim financial reports are provided for internal use.







THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The funds and entities related to the City, included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, are controlled by or dependent on the City. Determination of "controlled by or dependent on" is based on criteria and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 14 Defining the Reporting Entity. The criteria deal with the selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. Based on these criteria, the various funds shown in the Table of Contents are included in this report. This report, together with the accounting and budgeting systems, have been designed to conform to the standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Fund structure has also been designed to comply with the legal requirements of the various revenue bond covenants and resolutions.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City is primarily residential in character but also serves as a regional retail and commercial center. It derives a substantial portion of its economic activity from its proximity to Walt Disney World, its medical district which is the third largest in central Florida, its airport and its position as the County seat.

Osceola County has funded the \$160 million NeoCity project that will provide a state of the art advanced manufacturing research and development center for the nano sensor industry. This 500-acre technology and research district is currently under construction and has attracted investment from both national and international research and manufacturing partners. The center is expected to have a positive impact on the State of Florida's economy and presents significant opportunities for Kissimmee's future.

There are more than 50 attractions easily accessible from the Kissimmee Resort area. In addition to Walt Disney World, located approximately 7 miles west of the City, some of the tourist attractions near the City include Sea World, Gatorland Zoo, Reptile World Serpentarium, Medieval Times, and Kennedy Space Center. Special events that take place in the City each year are the Silver Spurs Rodeo, RAM National Rodeo, the festival series at Lakefront Park, and the Mecum Auto Auction.

The City's comprehensive plan, including a five-year capital growth program, has been developed to establish goals, objectives and policies for effective and realistic growth management. This plan is reviewed annually and revised as necessary. Management is committed and prepared to implement proactive alternatives that will insure the City's economic viability. The City will continue to budget and manage all resources in the most cost-effective manner. The City will maintain strict due-diligence measures and aggressively seek out opportunities to reduce or maintain expenditures on operations to within budgetary limits in order to develop and maintain the community's infrastructure and to enhance City services.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City prepares a rolling five-year capital budget each year. During this process, revenues and expenditures for key operating funds, such as General Fund, Local Option Sales Tax, Local Option Gas Tax, Stormwater, Sanitation and Airport funds, are analyzed to ensure the financial sustainability of each fund over the long term. With regard to the General Fund and Enterprise Funds, the goal is to ensure that a minimum reserve of 20% will be maintained at the end of each five-year period. This exercise allows the City to plan for major capital expenditures. Therefore, during the fiscal year 2019-2020 capital budget process, various projects for continued road and road related improvements, technology improvements, drainage projects, airport enhancements, parks and park land projects, and various pieces of heavy equipment were planned. The total projected cost for capital improvements identified in the 2020-2024 capital improvement plan totaled \$92,403,200.







MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City completed the fourth and final phase of the Lakefront Park project and continued to make progress on the Shingle Creek Regional Trail. Progress was also made on its road improvement plan, stormwater improvement projects, the Quiet Zone project and various grant funded projects. The municipally owned airport continued to embark on several improvement projects this past year as well. In fiscal year 2020, the City completed the construction of the new Public Safety Training Facility as well as renovations to Fire Station 14. Significant progress was also made during the year on the implementation of a City-wide ERP conversion. In addition to the myriad of capital projects that the City worked on during FY 2020, a tremendous amount of effort was focused on the City's response to the global pandemic. Since many City residents were negatively impacted by the pandemic, the City received and administered grant monies focused on assisting residents with rental/mortgage assistance as a result of the significant job loss experienced in the Kissimmee community.

FUND BALANCE

The City has established a fund balance policy in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". The purpose of the fund balance policy is to establish a key element of the financial stability of the City by setting guidelines for fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is an important measure of economic stability. It is essential that the City maintain adequate levels of unassigned fund balance to mitigate financial risk that can occur from unforeseen revenue fluctuations, unanticipated expenditures, and similar circumstances.

REVELANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies. In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the City now includes in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the cost-sharing and single employer pension plans in which it participates. This proportionate amount represents a share of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the cost sharing and single employer pension plans to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the cost-sharing and single employer pension plan's fiduciary net position. See note 8 to the financial statements for more information. In addition, the City previously implemented GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This standard replaced GASB 45 and moves the accounting for other postemployment benefits to the balance sheet and income statement rather than being in the notes to the financial statements.

FIDUCIARY OPERATIONS

The City has fiduciary responsibility for the self-directed deferred compensation plan that allows employees to defer a portion of salary for future years. The City also has separate Pension Trust Funds for General Employees, Police Officers and Firefighters. These Funds were created to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for the retirement annuities of all City employees. The City continues to contribute to these funds in accordance with City Commission established criteria that includes annual independent actuarial analyses.







STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS - INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Florida Statutes require the City's financial statements to be subjected to an annual examination by an independent Certified Public Accountant. Those provisions have been satisfied and the opinion of the independent accountant is included.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Kissimmee, Florida for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe the City's current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The presentation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. We would also like to thank the Commissioners for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Steigerwald City Manager Amy S. Ady Finance Director

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PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kissimmee, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Gainesville | Ocala | Tallahassee | Sarasota | Orlando | Lakeland purvisgray.com

Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants

An Independent Member of the BDO Alliance USA

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter - COVID-19

As more fully described in Note 13 to the financial statements, the City may be impacted by the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19), which was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization in the prior year. Our opinion has not been modified for this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents (collectively, the required supplementary information) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major funds and internal service funds financial statements and other schedules, budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state projects, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state projects is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The combining and individual non-major fund and internal service funds financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state projects are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund and internal service funds financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state projects are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

March 29, 2021

Purvis Gray

Ocala, Florida

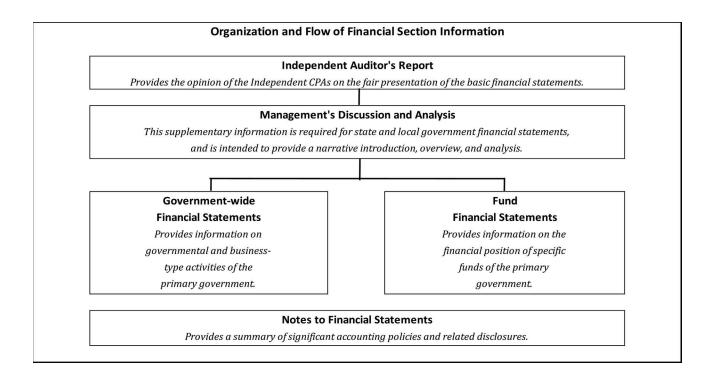
The City of Kissimmee, Florida's (the "City") Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A") presents an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the letter of transmittal in the introductory section, and the City's financial statements following the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2020 by \$261,428 (net position).
- The City's net position increased by \$7,271 from current year activities, of which governmental
 activities contributed \$6,430 of this increase.
- The fund balance for governmental funds decreased by \$7,906 from the prior year. The majority of this decrease resulted from the City's use of previously-acquired resouces for capital improvement projects in the current year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.



Government-wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements*, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Additionally, nonfinancial factors, such as a change in the City's property tax base or the condition of City facilities and infrastructure, should be considered to assess the overall financial health of the City.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during fiscal year 2020. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected but earned revenue and unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, transportation, economic environment, and culture/recreation. The business-type activities of the City include sanitation/solid waste services, storm water services, and the operation of an airport. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following the MD&A.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government) but also legally separate entities known as component units. Component units, which are other governmental units over which the City Commission can exercise influence and/or may be obligated to provide financial subsidy, are presented within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, and as an individual special revenue fund in the basic and fund financial statements. The City's component unit (the Community Redevelopment Agency) is a major fund of the City and will be addressed in this MD&A.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Shingle Creek Regional Trail, Community Redevelopment Agency, 2016 Revenue Note Debt Service, and 2016 Revenue Note Capital Projects, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation noted as Nonmajor Governmental Funds. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the other supplemental information section of this report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, most capital projects funds, debt service funds, and most special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate budgetary compliance.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. The *enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities relating to storm water, sanitation/solid waste, and airport operations. The *internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its risk management programs and to allocate costs from central services (such as information technology, warehouse, garage, and building maintenance). Because these activities predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Stormwater Utility Fund, the Airport Fund and the Solid Waste Fund, which are considered to be major funds of the City, and the aggregate of the internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds. The City has three pension trust funds to account for the general employees' pension plan, the police officers' pension plan, and the firefighters' pension plan.

Notes to the financial statements and Other Information

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, *required supplementary information* is included which presents budgetary comparison schedules for the City's General Fund, Shingle Creek Regional Trail, and Community Redevelopment Agency; schedule of total OPEB liability and related ratios for the City's Other Postemployment Benefits Plan; and required pension schedules for the City's three pension plans. Required supplementary information can be found following the notes to the financial statements.

The other supplementary information section of this report includes budgetary comparison schedules for the major 2016 Revenue Note Debt Service and 2016 Revenue Note Capital Project funds. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are also presented in this section. Combining and individual fund budgetary comparison schedules for nonmajor funds can be found after the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$261,428 at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. At the end of fiscal year 2020, the City is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position for its business-type activities, and two categories for its governmental activities.

The largest portion of the City's net position of \$227,358 reflects its net investment in capital assets (land, buildings, infrastructure and equipment less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The City has restricted net position of \$33,300 for construction projects, public safety programs, supplementary care, and other purposes. The remaining balance is unrestricted net position of \$770.

City of Kissimmee, Florida Net Position (In Thousands)

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-t	ype Activities	Total			
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 91,400	\$ 97,139	\$ 8,487	\$ 7,712	\$ 99,887	\$ 104,851		
Capital Assets (Net)	259,903	248,255	49,292	49,994	309,195	298,249		
Total Assets	351,303	345,394	57,779	57,706	409,082	403,100		
Deferred Outflows	6,840	6,360	529	367	7,369	6,727		
Current and Other Liabilities	14,005	12,624	848	1,724	14,853	14,348		
Long-term Liabilities	133,358	135,062	3,806	3,505	137,164	138,567		
Total Liabilities	147,363	147,686	4,654	5,229	152,017	152,915		
Deferred Inflows	2,898	2,616	107	139	3,005	2,755		
Net Position: Net Investment in								
Capital Assets	178,154	168,706	49,204	49,355	227,358	218,061		
Restricted	33,231	32,621	69	73	33,300	32,694		
Unrestricted	(3,503)	125	4,273	3,277	770	3,402		
Total Net Position	\$ 207,882	\$ 201,452	\$ 53,546	\$ 52,705	\$ 261,428	\$ 254,157		

There was a net increase of \$7,271 in the City's net position over fiscal year 2019. There was a net increase of \$6,430 in net position reported in connection with the City's governmental activities and an \$841 increase in business-type activities. Reasons for these changes are presented in the following pages for governmental and business-type activities.

Capital assets increased by \$10,946 from the prior year due to several large park improvements and transportation projects. Long term liabilities decreased by \$1,403 from the prior year, including a decrease of \$1,704 in connection with governmental activities for scheduled debt service payments made in the current year.

City of Kissimmee, Florida Change in Net Position (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities				Business-ty	ctivities	Total				
	2020		2019		2020		2019)19 2020		2019
REVENUES											
Program Revenues:											
Charges for Services	\$ 36,738	\$	38,375	\$	12,458	\$	11,798	\$	49,196	\$	50,173
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,236		2,900		157		-		1,393		2,900
Capital Grants and Contributions	5,815		7,545		580		2,022		6,395		9,567
General Revenues:											
Property Taxes	16,382		14,608		-		-		16,382		14,608
Other Taxes	25,342		26,997		-		-		25,342		26,997
Other	34,058		33,776		118		360		34,176		34,136
Total Revenues	119,571		124,201		13,313		14,180		132,884		138,381
EVDENCES											
EXPENSES General Government	48,354		41,436						48,354		41,436
Public Safety	45,599		42,946		-		-		45,599		42,946
•	8.049		13,908		-		-		8.049		13,908
Transportation Economic Environment	6,049 997		1,302		-		-		6,049 997		1,302
			*		-		-				•
Culture/Recreation	8,110		3,940		-		-		8,110		3,940
Interest on Long-term Debt	2,644		2,854		4.005		-		2,644		2,854
Stormwater	-		-		4,885		4,941		4,885		4,941
Airport	-		-		1,640		1,707		1,640		1,707
Solid Waste			-		5,335		5,131		5,335		5,131
Total Expenses	113,753		106,386		11,860		11,779		125,613	_	118,165
Excess Before Transfers	5,818		17,815		1,453		2,401		7,271		20,216
Transfers	612		701		(612)		(701)		<u> </u>		
		·									
Change in Net Position	6,430		18,516		841		1,700		7,271		20,216
Net Position - Beginning	201,452		182,936		52,705	51,005			254,157		233,941
Net Position - Ending	\$ 207,882	\$	201,452	\$	53,546	\$	52,705	\$	261,428	\$	254,157

Governmental activities

Governmental activities accounted for an increase of \$6,430 from the prior year net position. Charges for services decreased by \$1,637 from decreased use of City services by citizens and businesses due to COVID-19 shutdowns of many City facilities. Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$1,730 due to a slow down in construction of large grant-reimbursed capital projects because of COVID-19 lockdowns. Property tax revenue increased by \$1,774 from the prior year as property values continued to increase in the current year. Revenue from the sale of capital assets increased by \$1,935 due to a large sale of land.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

General government expenses increased by \$6,918 for expenses in response to COVID-19 safety measures, public awareness, and citizen assistance. Public safety expenses increased by \$2,653 due to additional first responder costs during the COVID pandemic. Transportation expenses decreased by \$5,859 from the prior year due to a slow down in construction of transportation projects due to the pandemic. Culture and recreation expenses increased by \$4,170 due to additional depreciation on large recreation projects that were completed during the year and at the end of the prior year.

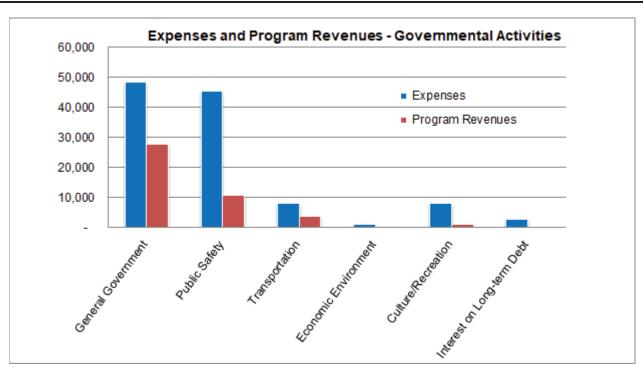
The following tables and graphs show the results of governmental activities for fiscal year ended 2020.

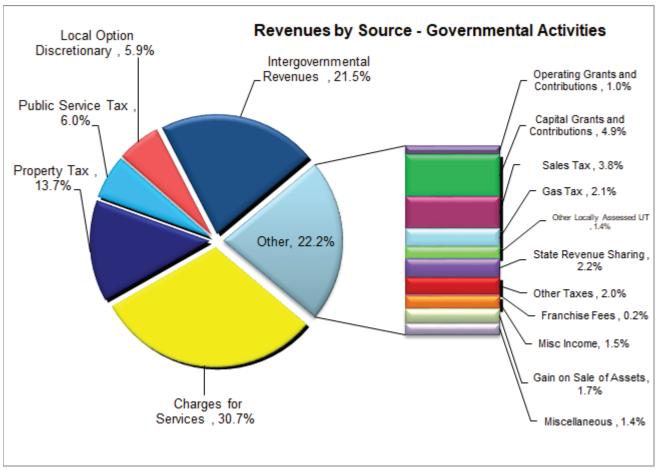
Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities (In Thousands)

	Expenses									Net Cost of Services				
			% of											
		2020	Total			2019		% Change	2020		2019		% Change	
Functions/Programs														
General Government	\$	48,354	4	3	%	\$	41,436	17 %	\$	(20,625)	\$	(15,520)	33 %	
Public Safety		45,599	4	-0	%		42,946	6 %		(34,805)		(30,393)	15 %	
Transportation		8,049		7	%		13,908	(42) %		(4,240)		(7,929)	(47) %	
Economic Environment		997		1	%		1,302	(23) %		(560)		1,062	(153) %	
Culture/Recreation		8,110		7	%		3,940	106 %		(7,090)		(1,932)	267 %	
Interest on Long-term Debt		2,644		2	%		2,854	(7) %		(2,644)		(2,854)	(7) %	
	\$	113,753	10	00	%	\$	106,386		\$	(69,964)	\$	(57,566)		

Revenue by Source – Governmental Activities (In Thousands)

Description		2020	% of Total			2019	% Change	
Program Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	36,738	29	%	\$	38,375	(4)	%
Operating grants and contributions	*	1,236	1	%	*	2,900	(57)	
Capital grants and contributions		5,815	5	%		7,545	(23)	
General Revenues		-,				,,,,,,	()	
Property tax		16,382	14	%		14,608	12	%
Sales tax		4,567	4	%		5,434	(16)	%
Public service tax		7,141	6	%		7,024	` ,	%
Gas tax		2,525	2	%		2,831	(11)	%
Local option discretionary tax		7,048	6	%		8,144	(13)	
Other locally assessed utility tax		2,397	2	%		1,650	` ,	%
Other taxes		2,397	2	%		1,914		%
State revenue sharing		2,654	2	%		2,914	(9)	%
Unrestricted intergovernmental		,				,-	(-)	
revenues		25,641	21	%		25,546	_	%
Franchise fees		177	0	%		184		%
Investment income		1.816	2	%		2,448	` '	%
Gain on sale of capital assets		2,062	2	%		127	` '	%
Miscellaneous		1,708	1	%		2,557	(33)	%
Transfers		612	1	%		701	(13)	
	\$	120,916	100	%	\$	124,902	(- /	





(In Thousands)

Business-type activities

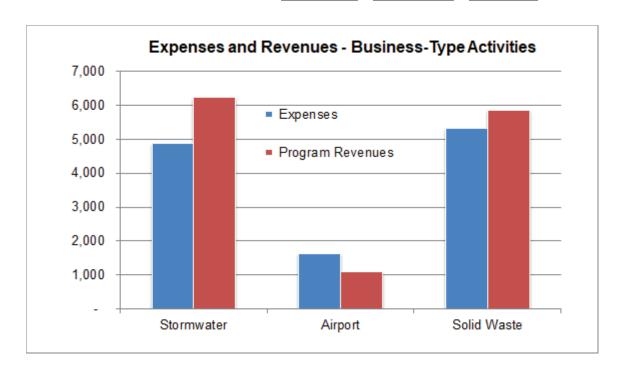
Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$841, a minimal increase from the prior year. The Stormwater, Airport, and Solid Waste expenses remained relatively unchanged from the prior year from operating strategies to provide cost effective services to users during the year. Additional information on the results of individual business-type activity funds is discussed in a different section.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities (In Thousands)

					N	et Incr	ease (Decre	ease)
		Expenses				in l	Net Position	
2020		2019	% Change		2020		2019	% Change
\$ 4,885	\$	4,941	(1) %	\$	1,365	\$	2,602	(48) %
1,640		1,707	(4) %		(539)		(792)	(32) %
5,335		5,131	4 %		509		231	120 %
\$ 11,860	\$	11,779		\$	1,335	\$	2,041	
\$	\$ 4,885 1,640 5,335	\$ 4,885 \$ 1,640 5,335	2020 2019 \$ 4,885 \$ 4,941 1,640 1,707 5,335 5,131	2020 2019 % Change \$ 4,885 \$ 4,941 (1) % 1,640 1,707 (4) % 5,335 5,131 4 %	2020 2019 % Change \$ 4,885 \$ 4,941 (1) % \$ 1,640 \$ 1,640 1,707 (4) % 5,335 5,131 4 %	Expenses 2020 2019 % Change 2020 \$ 4,885 \$ 4,941 (1) % \$ 1,365 1,640 1,707 (4) % (539) 5,335 5,131 4 % 509	Expenses in N 2020 2019 % Change 2020 \$ 4,885 \$ 4,941 (1) % \$ 1,365 \$ 1,640 \$ (539) 5,335 5,131 4 % 509 600	2020 2019 % Change 2020 2019 \$ 4,885 \$ 4,941 (1) % \$ 1,365 \$ 2,602 1,640 1,707 (4) % (539) (792) 5,335 5,131 4 % 509 231

Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities (In Thousands)

	 2020	% of Total		 2019	% Change
Charges for services	\$ 12,458	94	%	\$ 11,798	6 %
Operating grants and contributions	157	1	%	-	100 %
Capital grants and contributions	580	4	%	2,022	(71) %
Investment income	105	1	%	143	(27) %
Miscellaneous	7	-	%	48	(85) %
Gain on sale of capital assets	6	0	%	169	(96) %
	\$ 13,313	100	%	\$ 14,180	



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$66,295, a decrease of \$7,906 in comparison with the prior year. This decrease was largely the result of spending funds received in prior periods on capital projects in the current year. Components of fund balance are now comprised of nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The components of committed, assigned and unassigned are considered spendable unrestricted fund balance. The total spendable unrestricted fund balance of governmental funds in fiscal year 2020 was \$32,799 compared to \$31,537 for fiscal year 2019, an increase of \$1,262 for all governmental funds. The main cause of this increase was effective budgeting for services provided primarily from general revenue sources.

The City has five major governmental funds - the General Fund, Shingle Creek Regional Trail, Community Redevelopment Agency, 2016 Revenue Note Debt Service fund, and 2016 Revenue Note Capital Project fund. More detailed information regarding these major funds is provided in the following section.

Major Funds - Governmental

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2020, the spendable unrestricted fund balance (assigned for budgetary carryforward \$3,768 and unassigned fund balance \$30,432) of the General Fund totaled \$34,200 compared to \$32,459 in fiscal year 2019, an increase of \$1,741. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the spendable unrestricted fund balance of \$34,200 to the total fund's expenditures of \$70,638. This represents 48.4% of total expenditures compared to 47.6% in the prior fiscal year. Thus, the City was able to maintain its liquidity available to meet upcoming expenditures. The fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$1,510 during the current fiscal year. The General Fund overall maintained the same level of spending as the prior year. Taxes increased by \$1,896 mainly from property taxes as property values continue to increase each year. Although expenditures increased from the prior year by \$2,461, this was offset by a large sale of City land for \$2,200.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

Shingle Creek Regional Trail

The Shingle Creek Regional Trail fund total fund balance decreased minimally by \$101 from the prior year. Current year grant revenues were in line with expenditures for capital improvement projects. Future grant reimbursements should eliminate the deficit fund balance.

The Community Redevelopment Agency

The Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) total fund balance increased by \$565 from the prior year. There were no significant increases or decreases in revenues; however, expenditures increased slightly from the prior year for capital projects started in the prior year. The fund balance of \$3,418 is restricted for economic development.

2016 Revenue Note Debt Service

The 2016 Revenue Note Debt Service fund is used to account for debt service on the 2016 Revenue Note. Current year transfers in covered the cost of debt service expenditures of \$2,961. Debt service expenditures were the same as the prior year. It had an ending fund balance of \$17 from bond refunding transactions and transfers for current debt service payments that is assigned for future debt service.

2016 Revenue Note Capital Project

The 2016 Revenue Note Capital Project fund is used to track the spending of the 2016 Revenue Note. It had an ending fund balance of \$742 from bond issuance during a previous year that is restricted for future capital improvements and \$6,939 was expended during the year on capital projects. Capital projects expenditures were \$6,014 less than the prior year, as the City draws closer to completion of the projects and using up the residual proceeds from the Note.

Major funds - Enterprise

The City's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City has three major enterprise funds – the Stormwater Fund, the Airport Fund, and the Solid Waste Fund. Unrestricted net position in the Stormwater Fund increased by \$276, in the Airport Fund increased by \$84, and in the Solid Waste Fund increased by \$636 over the prior year. All three funds experienced increases in operating revenues for increased use of services. Additionally, the Airport received CARES Act grants of \$157 to assist with operational safety measures.

Stormwater Fund

The Stormwater Fund had an increase in net position of \$1,089. The increase of \$1,089 shows the fund is operating effectively on current rates. Operating expenses were consistent with the prior year; however, charges for services increased by \$225 from the prior year due to increased service.

Airport Fund

The Airport Fund had a decrease in net position of \$525. The Airport benefited from capital contributions for current improvements of \$116; however, operating revenue decreased by \$47 and operating expenses increased by \$65 for personnel and contracted costs.

Solid Waste Fund

The Solid Waste Fund had an increase in net position of \$277 from the prior year. Operating revenues were greater than operating expenses by \$511 in the current year, confirming that the City's rates are sufficient to cover operational costs of the solid waste system.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund's original budget was amended to increase expenditures by \$2,753 (not including transfers out). The changes for expenditures within functions are summarized in the table below. Adjustments were made for additional grant-funded expenditures, COVID-19 related expenditures, and personnel changes during the course of the year.

	Orig	ginal Budget	 Final Budget	Change		
General Government	\$	15,709	\$ 17,817	\$	2,108	
Public Safety		40,842	41,626		784	
Transportation		5,998	6,362		364	
Culture/Recreation		7,460	7,913		453	
Non-departmental		32,727	 31,771		(956)	
	\$	102,736	\$ 105,489	\$	2,753	

The General Fund under-spent the final budget by \$34,596 during fiscal year 2020. All departments spent less than their final budget (from reduced personnel costs and delayed capital purchases) during the year while trying to provide the same levels of service to the City's citizens. The largest reduction resulted as the non-departmental budget included reserves for capital that were not spent in the current year. The general government and public safety functions experienced the greatest reductions from the final budget totals primarily in personnel costs. The changes within functions are summarized in the table presented here.

	_	Actual	-	in al Decelorat		D:#	
	E	kpenditures	FI	inal Budget	Difference		
General Government	\$	16,291	\$	17,817	\$	1,526	
Public Safety		39,381		41,626		2,245	
Transportation		5,173		6,362		1,189	
Culture/Recreation		6,556		7,913		1,357	
Non-departmental		3,237		31,771		28,534	
Transfers Out		2,791		2,536		(255)	
	\$	73,429	\$	108,025	\$	34,596	

Capital Assets and Long-term Debt

Capital Assets

The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2020 amounts to \$309,195 (net of accumulated depreciation). These capital assets include land, software, parking capacity, buildings, improvements other than buildings (including leasehold improvements), equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total increase in the City's capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$10,946. Governmental activities increased capital assets by \$11,648 and business-type activities decreased by \$702.

Within governmental activities, the largest increases from the beginning balances were in improvements for \$22,867 and equipment for \$1,504, offset by a decrease in construction in progress of \$4,819. These were primarily attributed to the Lakefront Park improvements project, Shingle Creek Regional Trail, and other major transportation projects. Additionally, depreciation expense remained in line with the prior year as most of the large projects were put in service at the end of the fiscal year.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

The capital assets of business-type activities increased for system improvements for \$3,087 offset by a decrease in construction in progress for \$2,366 for stormwater and airport improvements. Depreciation expense remained consistent with the prior year.

City of Kissimmee, Florida Capital Assets (Net) (In Thousands)

	Governmer	ntal <i>i</i>	Activities	Business-type Activities				Total			
	2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Land	\$ 44,082	\$	43,861	\$	1,892	\$	1,892	\$	45,974	\$	45,753
Intangibles, net	2,938		3,500		226		234		3,164		3,734
Buildings	18,525		18,307		12,076		12,076		30,601		30,383
Improvements Other than Buildings	201,781		178,914		46,283		43,196		248,064		222,110
Equipment	35,737		34,233		11,772		10,926		47,509		45,159
Construction in Progress	44,245		49,065		3,155		5,521		47,400		54,586
	347,308		327,880		75,404		73,845		422,712		401,725
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(87,405)		(79,554)	((26,112)		(23,851)	(113,517)		(103,405)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 259,903	\$	248,326	\$	49,292	\$	49,994	\$	309,195	\$	298,320

Additional information on the City's capital assets, including major construction commitments, can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2020, governmental activities had total debt outstanding of \$80,969. This is a decrease of \$4,387 from the prior year, due to scheduled debt service payments and amortization of premium. Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements and revenue bonds account for the majority of the City's overall outstanding debt.

City of Kissimmee, Florida Outstanding Long-term Debt (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Total					
	2020		2020 20		2020		2019			2020		2019		
Notes from Direct														
Borrowings and Placements	\$	38,975	\$	41,860	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,975	\$	41,860		
Revenue Bonds		41,902		43,358		-		-		41,902		43,358		
Capital Lease Payable		92		138						92		138		
	\$	80,969	\$	85,356	\$		\$		\$	80,969	\$	85,356		

Additional information on the City's debt, including the current year issuance and any major changes to the City's credit ratings, can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the City at September 30, 2020 was 6.9%, which is an increase of 3.7% from the 3.2% unemployment rate from the prior year, primarily due to local COVID-19 lockdowns.
- Population increased by 844 to 75,644 compared to 74,800 in the prior fiscal year.
- The ad valorem tax rate for the General Fund stayed constant at 4.6253 for the 2021 approved fiscal year budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's Finance Department, 101 Church Street, Kissimmee, Florida 34741.

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CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 45,079	\$ 4,920	
Restricted Cash and Investments	33,231	-	33,231
Receivables (net)	3,145	1,081	4,226
Due from Other Governments	6,082	2,486	8,568
Due from KUA	2,062	-	2,062
Due from TWA	1,341	-	1,341
Inventories	233	-	233
Prepaid Items	227	-	227
Capital Assets not Boing Depreciated	88,327	5,047	93,374
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Amortized (Net)	2,938	226	3,164
Capital Assets Being Amortized (Net) Capital Assets Being Depreciated (Net)	168,638	44,019	212,657
Total Capital Assets Total Capital Assets	259,903	49,292	309,195
Total Assets	351,303	57,779	409,082
101417100010		01,110	100,002
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	929	69	998
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	5,911	460	6,371
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,840	529	7,369
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	6,756	807	7,563
Contracts Payable	135	-	135
Accrued Liabilities	5,379	_	5,379
Due to Other Governments	1,199	12	1,211
Unearned Revenue	529	29	558
Deposits	7		7
Long-term Liabilities:	·		·
Due Within One Year	7,454	66	7,520
Due in More Than One Year	125,904	3,740	129,644
Total Liabilities	147,363	4,654	152,017
DEEEDDED INCLOSES OF DECOURAGE			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	050	70	4.004
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	959	72	1,031
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	1,939	35	1,974
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,898	107	3,005
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	178,154	49,204	227,358
Supplementary Care - Nonexpendable	1,059	-	1,059
Construction Projects	15,270	_	15,270
Public Safety	525	_	525
Charter School	3,105	_	3,105
Building Safety	6,646	-	6,646
Community Redevelopment	3,418	-	3,418
Airport Projects	-	69	69
Other Purposes	3,208	-	3,208
Unrestricted	(3,503)	4,273	770
Total Net Position	\$ 207,882	-	\$ 261,428

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

Program Revenues

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

									_				
Functions/Programs		Expenses		rges for rvices		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities) 	Total
Governmental Activities:													
General Government	\$	48,354	\$	26,837	\$	599	\$	293	\$	(20,625)	\$	- \$	(20,625)
Public Safety		45,599		9,077		235		1,482		(34,805)		-	(34,805)
Transportation		8,049		347		-		3,462		(4,240)		-	(4,240)
Economic Environment		997		-		329		108		(560)		-	(560)
Culture/Recreation		8,110		477		73		470		(7,090)		-	(7,090)
Interest on Long-term Debt		2,644		-	_	-	_			(2,644)	-		(2,644)
Total Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities:		113,753		36,738	-	1,236	-	5,815	_	(69,964)			(69,964)
Stormwater		4,885		5,786		-		464		-	1,365	5	1,365
Airport		1,640		828		157		116		-	(539)	(539)
Solid Waste		5,335		5,844		-					509)	509
Total Business-Type Activities		11,860		12,458		157		580			1,335	<u> </u>	1,335
Total	\$	125,613	\$	49,196	\$	1,393	\$	6,395		(69,964)	1,335	5	(68,629)
	Gas Ta Other I Other ¹ Local (State F Unrest Franch Investr Gain o	Service Tax ax Locally Asses Taxes Option Discre Revenue Sha ricted Intergo ise Fees ment Income n Sale of Cap	etionary Ta ring overnmenta	x al Revenue	es					4,567 7,141 2,525 1,664 2,397 7,048 2,654 25,641 177 1,816 2,062	108	6	4,567 7,141 2,525 1,664 2,397 7,048 2,654 25,641 177 1,921 2,068
	Miscell Transfe	laneous rs								1,708 612	(612		1,715 -
	Total G	eneral Rever	nues and T	ransfers					_	76,394	(494)	75,900
	Change	in Net Positi	ion							6,430	84		7,271
	Net Pos	sition - Beginr	ning						_	201,452	52,705	<u> </u>	254,157
	Mat Day	sition - Ending									\$ 53,546		261,428

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	 General	Shingle Creek Regional Trail	ommunity levelopment Agency
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 29,514	\$ 117	\$ 3,527
Restricted Cash and Investments	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable (net)	3,120	-	-
Special Assessments Receivable (net)	24	-	-
Due from KUA	2,062	-	-
Due from TWA	755	-	-
Due from Other Funds	1,000	-	-
Due from Other Governments	2,465	1,356	-
Prepaid Items	226	-	-
Inventories	 92		
Total Assets	\$ 39,258	\$ 1,473	\$ 3,527
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,887	\$ 559	\$ 109
Contracts Payable	-	108	-
Accrued Liabilities	_	-	-
Due to Other Funds	-	466	-
Due to Other Governments	1,199	-	-
Deposits Payable	7	-	-
Revenue Collected in Advance	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	3,093	1,133	109
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Unavailable Earned Revenues	 1,168	1,356	 _
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 1,168	1,356	
Fund Balances (Deficits):			
Nonspendable Prepaids and Inventories	318	-	-
Nonspendable Supplementary Care	-	-	-
Restricted for Transportation Projects	-	-	-
Restricted for Public Safety Projects	479	-	-
Restricted for Development Services	-	-	-
Restricted for Economic Development	-	-	3,418
Restricted for Recreation Projects	-	-	-
Restricted for Charter School	-	-	-
Restricted for Construction Projects	-	-	-
Restricted for Other Capital Improvements	-	-	-
Assigned for Budgetary Carryforward	3,768	-	-
Assigned for Debt Service Unassigned (Deficits)	-	-	-
General Fund	30,432	-	-
Special Revenue Funds	 _	(1,016)	 _
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	 34,997	(1,016)	 3,418
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 39,258	\$ 1,473	\$ 3,527

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

	2016 Revenue Note Debt Service		2016 Revenue Note Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	2,132	\$	3,057	\$	29,162	\$	67,509
Ψ	_,	Ψ	-	Ψ.	3,182	Ψ.	3,182
	_		_		_		3,120
	_		-		_		24
	-		-		-		2,062
	-		-		5		760
	-		-		-		1,000
	-		-		2,070		5,891
	-		-		-		226
	-		-		-		92
\$	2,132	\$	3,057	\$	34,419	\$	83,866
\$	-	\$	2,315	\$	1,391	\$	6,261
	_		-		27		135
	2,115		-		3,264		5,379
	-		-		534		1,000
	-		-		-		1,199
	-		-		-		7
	-		-		529		529
_	2,115	_	2,315	_	5,745		14,510
			_	_	537	_	3,061
_	-	_	-	_	537	_	3,061
	-		-		-		318
	-		-		1,059		1,059
	-		-		9,190		9,190
	-		-		-		479
	-		-		6,646		6,646
	-		-		203		3,621
	-		-		1,716		1,716
	-		-		3,105		3,105
	-		742		1,645		2,387
	-		-		4,975		4,975
	- 17		-		42		3,768 59
	-		-		-		30,432
	_		-		(444)		(1,460)
	17		742		28,137		66,295
\$	2,132	\$	3,057	\$	34,419	\$	83,866

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RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

as of September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

Total fund balances of governmental funds		\$	66,295
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$354,683, the accumulated depreciation is \$82,392, and the accumulated amortization is \$14,805. The difference does not include the net capital assets of the internal service funds which are included below.			257,486
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of risk management services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.			3,867
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities-both current and long term-are reported in the statement of net position. The amount does not include the long-term liabilities of the internal service funds which are included above. Long-term liabilities at yearend consist of: Bonds payable Bonds premium Notes from direct borrowing and direct placements Capital leases Other postemployment benefits liability Compensated absences	\$	(37,708) (4,194) (38,975) (92) (6,653) (2,397)	(90,019)
Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			(36,479)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position. Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		872 5,625 (902) (1,924)	3,671
Amount for earned but unavailable revenues recognized as revenue of the current period			3,061
Total net position of governmental activities The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.	nents.	\$	207,882

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

		General		Shingle Creek Regional Trail	R	Community edevelopment Agency
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	23,794	\$	-	\$	_
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	•	179	·	-		-
Intergovernmental Revenues		36,297		1,671		1,603
Charges for Services		8,782		-		-
Fines and Forfeitures		403		-		-
Investment Income		837		-		94
Miscellaneous Revenues		799			-	60
Total Revenues		71,091		1,671		1,757
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General Government		19,459		_		1,495
Public Safety		39,381		_		1,400
Transportation		5,173		1,916		_
Economic Environment		-				_
Culture/Recreation		6,556		_		_
Capital Outlay Debt Service:		-		-		-
Principal Retirement		46		_		_
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		_		_
Professional Fees		23		_		_
Total Expenditures	-	70,638		1,916		1,495
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		453		(245)		262
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES and (USES)						
Transfers In		1,493		144		1,193
Transfers (Out)		(2,791)		-		(890)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		2,355		-		· -
Total Other Financing					-	
Sources and (Uses)		1,057		144		303
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,510		(101)		565
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning		33,487		(915)		2,853
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Ending	\$	34,997	\$	(1,016)	\$	3,418

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

2016 Revenu Note Debt Service	e 	2016 Revenue Note Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	- \$	-	\$	9,573	\$	33,367
Ψ	-	-	Ψ	3,034	Ψ	3,213
	-	-		7,971		47,542
	-	-		89		8,871
	-	-		-		403
	-	48		690		1,669
				140	_	999
		48		21,497		96,064
	_	-		5,912		26,866
	-	-		5,168		44,549
	-	-		2,834		9,923
	-	-		997		997
	-	-		571		7,127
	-	6,939		3,505		10,444
1,27	0	-		2,910		4,226
1,69	1	-		1,091		2,782
				-		23
2,96	1	6,939		22,988	_	106,937
(2,96	1)	(6,891)		(1,491)		(10,873)
2,96	1	38		4,967		10,796
	-	-		(6,503)		(10,184)
		<u> </u>				2,355
2,96	1	38		(1,536)		2,967
	-	(6,853)		(3,027)		(7,906)
1	7	7,595		31,164		74,201
\$ 1	7 \$	3 742	\$	28,137	\$	66,295

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(7,906)
Governmental funds report capital purchases as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated and amortized over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital purchases (\$20,326) and donations (\$0) exceeds depreciation (\$7,695, which excludes the amount related to internal service funds accounted for below) and amortization (\$1,075).			11,556
The issuance of bonds and similar long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds and thus contributes to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The amounts of the items that make up these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are:			
Debt issued or incurred: Proceeds from notes Principal repayments: Bonds Amortization of bond premium Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements Capital leases	\$ 1,295 161 2,885 46	,	4,387
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. These adjustments are as follows:	/405	`	
Compensated absences	(435		(435)

Continued

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - Continued

For The Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

Cash pension and OPEB contributions recorded in the funds were less than the calculated pension and OPEB expenses on the statement of activities and therefore decreased net position.	\$ (1,231)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, governmental revenues are recognized when both the measureable and available criteria have been met. Those revenues earned in the current year were not recognized since the availability criteria	
was not met. Under full accrual accounting, all revenues would be recognized.	68
In the statement of activities, only the loss on the sale/disposal of capital assets is reported. The change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold/disposed or adjusted in value.	(293)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of risk management services to other funds. The net revenue of the internal service fund is reported	
with governmental activities.	 284
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,430

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

	Busir Stormwater		ties - Enterprise Solid Waste	Funds Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,627	\$ 708	\$ 2,585	\$ 4,920	\$ 7,619
Accounts Receivable (net)	420	106	φ 2,565 555	1,081	Ψ 7,019
Due from Other Governments	2,446	38	1	2,485	191
Due from TWA	2,440	-		2,400	581
Prepaids	_	_	_	_	1
Inventories	_	_	_	_	141
Total Current Assets	4,493	852	3,141	8,486	8,534
Capital Assets:					
Land	1,583	309	-	1,892	_
Buildings	509	11,160	407	12,076	289
Improvements Other Than Buildings	30,067	16,011	205	46,283	4,203
Software, Net	40	186	-	226	3
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	6,289	804	4,679	11,772	2,938
Construction in Progress	324	2,831	-	3,155	-
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(11,325)	(11,404)	(3,383)	(26,112)	(5,016)
Total Capital Assets	27,487	19,897	1,908	49,292	2,417
Total Noncurrent Assets	27,487	19,897	1,908	49,292	2,417
Total Assets	31,980	20,749	5,049	57,778	10,951
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	33	8	28	69	57
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	217	48	195	460	286
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	250	56	223	529	343

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - Continued

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	Busin	Governmental Activities -			
LIABILITIES	Stormwater	Airport	Solid Waste	Total	Internal Service Funds
Current Liabilities:	¢ 474	Φ 05	Ф СОО	Φ 007	Φ 405
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities	\$ 174	\$ 25 12	\$ 608	\$ 807 12	\$ 495
Deposits	-	29	-	29	-
Compensated Absences Payable	23	6	14	43	38
Other Postemployment Benefits Current	10	4	9	23	18
Estimated Claims Payable	-	-	-	-	2,255
Total Current Liabilities	207	76	631	914	2,806
Noncurrent Liabilities:			-		
Compensated Absences Payable	91	23	55	169	152
Other Postemployment Benefits	354	83	302	739	433
Net Pension Liability	1,343	302	1,187	2,832	1,709
Estimated Claims Payable					2,255
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,788	408	1,544	3,740	4,549
Total Liabilities	1,995	484	2,175	4,654	7,355
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	35	9	28	72	57
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	13	2	20	35	15
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	48	11	48	107	72
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	27,399	19,897	1,908	49,204	2,359
Restricted for Airport Projects	-	69	-	69	-
Unrestricted	2,788	344	1,141	4,273	1,508
Total Net Position	\$ 30,187	\$ 20,310	\$ 3,049	\$ 53,546	\$ 3,867

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Stormwater	Airport	Solid Waste	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 5,786 5	\$ 828	\$ 5,844 2	\$ 12,458 7	\$ 20,416 204
	-	·	-		
Total Operating Revenues	5,791	828	5,846	12,465	20,620
Operating Expenses:					
Personal Services	2,565	650	2,169	5,384	3,305
Contracted Services	569	31	1,531	2,131	2,041
Supplies and Materials Repairs and Maintenance	219 298	19 59	251 487	489 844	188 2,686
Other Services and Charges	298	183	338	529	1,678
Depreciation	1,148	682	479	2,309	662
Claims/Premium Expense	78	16	80	174	10,533
Total Operating Expenses	4,885	1,640	5,335	11,860	21,093
Operating Income (Loss)	906	(812)	511	605	(473)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Operating Grants	-	157	-	157	-
Investment Income	31	16	58	105	146
Insurance Recoveries	-	-	-	-	606
Gain or (Loss) from Sale of Capital Assets	10		(4)	6	5
	10	·	(4)		5
Total Nonoperating Revenues	41	470	54	200	757
(Expenses)	41	173	54	268	757
Income (Loss) Before Contributions					
and Transfers	947	(639)	565	873	284
Capital Contributions	464	116	-	580	-
Transfers (Out)	(322)	(2)	(288)	(612)	
Change in Net Position	1,089	(525)	277	841	284
Net Position - Beginning	29,098	20,835	2,772	52,705	3,583
Net Position - Ending	\$ 30,187	\$ 20,310	\$ 3,049	\$ 53,546	\$ 3,867

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	Busines	ss-type Activiti	es - Enterprise	Funds	
	Stormwater	Airport	Solid Waste	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 5,282	\$ 814	\$ 5,764	\$ 11,860	\$ 20,577
Payments to Suppliers	(2,048)	(304)	(2,675)	(5,027)	(16,474)
Payments to Employees	(2,531)	(623)	(2,120)	(5,274)	(3,213)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					
Operating Activities	703	(113)	969	1,559	890
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Transfers (to) Other Funds	(322)	(2)	(288)	(612)	(146)
Transfers from Other Funds	-	-	-	-	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					'
Noncapital Financing Activities	(322)	155	(288)	(455)	(146)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Acquisition/Construction of Capital Assets	(1,437)	(66)	(124)	(1,627)	(997)
Capital Contributions	464	79	-	543	-
Proceeds from Insurance Recoveries	-	-	-	-	606
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	10	-	-	10	5
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital					
and Related Financing Activities	(963)	13	(124)	(1,074)	(386)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment Income	31	16	58	105	146
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					
Investing Activities	31	16	58	105	146
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(551)	71	615	135	504
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	2,178	637	1,970	4,785	7,115
Cash and Cash Equivalents at					

Continued

End of Year

1,627 \$

708 \$

2,585 \$

4,920 \$

7,619

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - Continued PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

(876)

38

(14)

103

(6)

(9)

(203)

703

4

(3)

3

15

7

25

(3)

(2)

\$

699

\$ (113)

Governmental **Activities -**Internal Solid Service Stormwater Waste Total **Funds** Airport 906 \$ (812) \$ \$ \$ 511 \$ 605 (473)1,148 682 662 479 2,309 (45)(11)(84)(140)(1) 105 (464)3 (461)(147)(1) (1) -(22)(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows OPEB (24)(5)(20)(49)(41)(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows Pensions (54)(13)(46)(113)(73)

12

33

8

_

86

(5)

(7)

458

969

(860)

(3)

3

1

214

(14)

(18)

954

\$ 1,559

86

(53)

67

22

727

139

(10)

(12)

1,363

890

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

There are no noncash investing, capital, and financing activities in the Proprietary Funds.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating

(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable

Activities

Depreciation

Operating Income (Loss)

Change in Assets and Liabilities:

Other Governments

(Increase) Decrease in Due from

(Increase) Decrease in Due from KUA

(Increase) Decrease in Due from TWA

Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable

Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits

Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities

Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable

Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating

Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability

Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows OPEB

Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows Pensions

(Increase) Decrease in Inventories

Increase (Decrease) in OPEB

Total Adjustments

Activities

Increase (Decrease) in **Compensated Absences**

\$

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,754
Receivables:	
Interest Receivable	185
Total Receivables	185
Investments, at Fair Value:	
Fixed Income	48,198
Equities	127,894
Mutual Funds	44,646
Commingled Funds	14,911
Total Investments	235,649
Total Assets	242,588
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	13
Total Liabilities	13
Net Position Restricted	
for Pension Benefits	\$ 242,575

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

ADDITIONS		
Contributions:	\$	6.004
Employer Plan Members	Ф	6,891
State		1,445
		1,482
Total Contributions		9,818
Investment earnings:		
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		16,231
Interest and dividends		5,199
Total Investment Earnings		21,430
Less Investment Expense ¹		873
Net Investment Earnings		20,557
Other		1,435
Total Additions		31,810
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits		15,437
Administrative Expense		147
Total Deductions		15,584
Change in Net Position		16,226
Net Position - Beginning of Year		226,349
Net Position - End of Year	\$	242,575

¹ Investment related expenses include investment advisory, custodial and performance monitoring fees.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

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CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Kissimmee, Florida (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant City accounting policies are described below.

A. The Reporting Entity

The City was established pursuant to 65-1775 laws of Florida. The legislative branch of the City is composed of a five (5) member elected Commission, including a city-wide elected mayor. The City Commission is governed by the City Charter, and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Commission is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Commission-appointed City Manager.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component unit, an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. A blended component unit, although legally separate, is in substance, part of the City's operations. The City has only one blended component unit, the Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"). The CRA is an incremental taxing district created by City Ordinance #1893, in April of 1993, pursuant to Florida Statute 163.356. The City Commission serves as the governing board, approves the budget, provides funding and performs all accounting functions for the CRA. The CRA's services are provided exclusively to the City. The CRA has been presented as a blended component unit classified as a special revenue fund. The CRA issues a stand-alone statement that can be obtained from the City's Finance Department. The City has no discretely presented component units.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses and indirect costs of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are those costs that are allocated to functions and activities in accordance with the City's adopted indirect cost allocation plan. The "Expenses" column includes both direct and indirect expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items properly not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, enterprise funds, internal service funds and the pension trust funds. The pension trust funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The internal service funds are grouped together and shown alongside the enterprise funds. The internal service funds are combined with the governmental funds to aggregate governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

2. Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Community Redevelopment Agency Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for operations of the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA). Costs will ultimately be funded with restricted incremental tax increases of property located within the CRA.
- The Shingle Creek Regional Trail fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the LAP Agreement with the FDOT to provide the construction of the Shingle Creek Regional Trail.
- The 2016 Revenue Note Debt Service fund is a debt service fund used to account for the proceeds and refunding payments from the 2016 Refunding Revenue Note.
- The 2016 Revenue Note Capital Projects fund is a capital projects fund used to account for the capital improvement projects funded from the 2016 Refunding Revenue Note proceeds.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

- The Stormwater Fund accounts for the fiscal activities of the City's stormwater operations and maintenance.
- The Airport Fund accounts for the fiscal activities of the City's airport operations and maintenance.
- The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the fiscal activities of the City's solid waste removal service operations.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes.
- Debt Service Funds account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.
- Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays (excluding proprietary fund capital outlays).
- Internal Service Funds account for certain activities of the City's centralized services and risk management program. Centralized services include information technology, purchasing, warehouse, garage, building maintenance, and printing. Risk management activities include legal expenses incurred related to activities not specifically covered by City insurance policies and collections of settlements or refunds from related cases.
- Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the City's General Employees', Police Officers', and Firefighters' Pension Plans, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, claims expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use unrestricted resources first, and then restricted resources, as they are needed for their intended purposes. For unrestricted resources, the City considers that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

D. Budgetary Requirements

The following procedures are used to establish the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements pursuant to Florida Statutes and the City Charter:

- 1) The City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. Work sessions are held to review the proposed budget.
- 2) Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3) Prior to October 1, the City Commission conducts the final budget hearing to consider additional public comments and to adopt the final ad valorem millage and final budget.
- 4) Budgets are legally adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, certain special revenue funds, certain debt service funds, and all capital projects funds. Budgets are not adopted for the Pension Trust Funds, Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Fund, Section 8 HAPP Fund, and Supplementary Care special revenue funds.
- 5) Budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6) The City Manager is authorized to approve transfers between line items other than salary accounts within any department, with all such adjustments reported on a monthly basis to the City Commission. However, the City Manager can approve transfers of unused amounts in salary account line items to advertising, recruiting and/or professional service account line items. Transfers between departments, other transfers between salary account line items and changes in total budget appropriations for a fund must have prior approval of the City Commission. During the current fiscal year, various appropriations were approved in accordance with this policy. Budgeted amounts shown in the financial statements are as originally adopted and as further amended.
- 7) Budget appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are charged against the ensuing year's budget, and thus are not shown in budget to actual presentations and are carried forward.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, savings accounts, investments in the State Board of Administration (SBA) Florida PRIME (Florida PRIME), and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

F. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, with the exception of the investments with Florida PRIME, which are reported at amortized cost in accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. GASB Statement No. 79 establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The City's investments in the Florida PRIME are similar to money market funds in which units are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from Florida PRIME; although in the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, the fund's executive director may limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund for a period of 48 hours.

G. Receivables

Property Taxes Receivable

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws of the State regulating tax assessments are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State Statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills. The City's millage for the fiscal year 2019-2020 is 4.6253 mills. All real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable on the levy date of November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified by the Osceola County Property Appraiser (levy date). Osceola County mails to each property owner on the assessment roll a notice of the taxes due and the County also collects the taxes for the City. Taxes may be paid upon receipt of such notice from the County, with discounts at the rate of four percent (4%) if paid in the month of November, three percent (3%) if paid in the month of December, two percent (2%) if paid in the month of January, and one percent (1%) if paid in the month of February.

Taxes paid during the month of March are without discount and all unpaid taxes on real and tangible property become delinquent on April 1 (the lien date) of the year following the year in which taxes were assessed. Procedures for collecting delinquent taxes, including applicable tax certificate sales, are provided for by the Laws of Florida.

Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable are recorded at the time the related project is completed and are secured by liens on the property benefited. Revenue in governmental funds is deferred until such time it becomes an available, spendable or appropriable resource. Special assessment revenues are recorded in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements when earned.

H. Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Prepaids represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit the City beyond September 30, 2020. These payments are recorded as expenditures or expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Restricted Assets

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of governmental funds arise from provisions within revenue bonds issued by the City and are so designated on the statement of net position and balance sheets of governmental funds.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, intangibles, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant, equipment, and intangibles with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed one thousand dollars and estimated useful lives of over one year are recorded as capital assets. Infrastructure is capitalized when the initial costs equal or exceed \$25 and has an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Infrastructure capital assets are included in improvements other than buildings for financial statement classification.

Intangibles assets are amortized over their useful lives, when the length of their lives is limited by contractual or legal limitations. Buildings, improvements, infrastructure, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	25
Improvements Other than Buildings	4-12
Infrastructure	20-50
Equipment	5-20

K. Bond/Note Issuance Costs

These costs are charged to current expenditures/expenses when bonds are issued.

L. Compensated Absences

City policy allows each employee to accumulate up to three times the accrual rate, ranging from 30 to 60 days of vacation leave. Time accrued beyond that is forfeited unless an exception is granted by the City Manager. The majority of employees utilize their annual accrual of vacation leave during the year accrued. Employees are allowed to accumulate up to 60 days of medical leave. Time accrued beyond that is paid to the employees every year at the rate of one-half their pay rate. The City records compensated absences in governmental funds, only if they have matured, as expenditures for the amount accrued during the year that would normally be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources. The City accrues compensated absences in the period they are earned in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements.

M. Total Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

The total OPEB liability of the City's Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (the OPEB Plan) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits, and OPEB expense. Current payroll costs are used as a basis to allocate deferred elements, total OPEB liability, and OPEB expense. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The plan is not administered through a trust.

N. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue in the governmental funds represent paving assessment receivables and grant receivables that are measurable but the revenue was unearned.

O. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. In the statement of net position, the deferred outflow for pensions is an aggregate of items related to pensions and the deferred outflow for

OPEB is an aggregate of items related to OPEB. The deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as either expense or a reduction in the related liability in future reporting years. Details on the composition of the deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB are further discussed in the Notes. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In the statement of net position, the deferred inflow for pensions is an aggregate of items related to pensions and the deferred inflows for OPEB is an aggregate of items related to OPEB. The deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as reductions to expense in future reporting years. Details on the composition of the deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB are further discussed in Notes 8 and 9.

P. Pensions/Net Pension Liability

In the government-wide financial statements and also the proprietary funds statements, net pension liability represents the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the cost-sharing and single employer pension plans to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Current contributions are used as a basis to allocate deferred elements, net pension liability, and pension expense.

Q. Contributions

Contributions consist primarily of donations from federal and state aid programs. Contributions are recognized when earned or when legal title is transferred to the City for contributed capital assets.

R. Fund Balances

The City classified governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance represents fund balance that is (a) not in a spendable form such as
 prepaid items or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as an endowment.
- Restricted Fund Balance consists of amounts that can be spent only on the specific purposes stipulated by law or by the external providers of those resources.
- <u>Committed Fund Balance</u> self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the fiscal period.
 These amounts can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the
 City Commission, which is the highest level of decision-making authority, and that require the same
 level of formal action to remove the constraint. The City Commission can establish, modify or
 rescind committed fund balance through the formal approval of an ordinance.
- <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the City Commission or by their designated body or official. The City Manager was appointed with the authority to assign fund balance through the City Commission's approval of the City's fund balance policy. Formal action is *not* necessary to impose, remove, or modify a constraint in assigned fund balance. Additionally, this category is used to reflect the appropriation of a portion of existing fund balance to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent year's budget.

• <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - represents the residual classification or fund balance and includes all spendable amounts not contained within the other classifications of the General Fund. Unassigned fund balances may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes. Currently, the Shingle Creek Regional Trail Fund, the Victim of Crime Act, Justice Assistance Grant, CARES Act Relief, Neighborhood Stabilization and HOME, Community Development Block Grant, and the W Oak Street Improvement Grant have negative unassigned fund balances.

S. Net Position Restricted by Enabling Legislation

In the government-wide financial statements, governmental activities report restricted net position of \$33,231, of which management has determined \$6,646 for building code enforcement is restricted by enabling legislation.

T. Tax Abatements

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, requires disclosure of tax abatement information about the City's tax abatement agreements and those entered by other governments that would reduce the City's tax revenues. The City has evaluated this statement and has determined no agreements meet the criteria to be disclosed.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Deposits consist of demand accounts (interest and non-interest bearing). All deposits with financial institutions were 100% insured by Federal depository insurance or by collateral pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida. The bank balance of demand accounts was \$8,504. The carrying amount of the demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent, and cash on hand at September 30, 2020 was \$9,664 due to timing of transactions.

Investments

The City's investment policy is governed by local resolution and bond covenants. Allowable investments include: the SBA Florida PRIME; negotiable direct obligations, or obligations the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States government; bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by United States agencies, provided such obligations are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government; bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by United States Government agencies which are not full faith and credit agencies; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances; commercial paper; state and/or local government taxable and tax-exempt debt; and fixed income mutual funds. In addition, the City's retirement plans may invest in corporate bonds and stocks as well as limited partnerships.

The City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy has three levels based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. GASB 72 allows for the use of quoted prices provided by third parties. The City uses quoted prices provided by its third-party custodians for its pension trust funds.

The following is a summary of the City's pooled investments at September 30, 2020. The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is also presented.

			Weighted Average	
Measured using the net asset value:	Fa	ir Value	Maturity (Yrs)	Credit Rating
FLGIT Short Term Bond Fund	\$	21,867	2.00	Fitch AAAf/S1
FL FIT Enhanced Cash Pool		436	.89 *	S&P AAAf/S1
FL FIT Select Pool		32,268	2.1 *	S&P AA+f/S1
Total fair value investments		54,571	_	
Measured at amortized cost:				
Florida PRIME		18,995	48 days	S&P AAAm
Total City investments	\$	73,566		
Investments measured at NAV	Fá	air Value	Unfunded Commitments	
FLGIT Short Term Bond Fund	\$	21.867	\$ -	-
FL FIT Enhanced Cash Pool	*	436	-	
FL FIT Select Pool		32,268	-	

^{*} Weighted average life in years

For investments in the FL FIT, there is no limitation or restriction on participant withdrawals, and the Trust has not put in place a redemption gate. The FL FIT Enhanced Cash investments consist of money market mutual funds, FDIC deposits, U.S. treasury bonds, U.S. government agency bonds, commercial paper, and corporate bonds. The FL FIT Select Pool investments consist primarily of CMOs, government agency and U.S. treasury bonds, corporate bonds, and money market and FDIC insured deposits. Fair value of the investments is determined daily for calculation of the pool participants' net asset value.

For investments in the FLGIT Short Term Bond Fund, there is no limitation or restriction on participant withdrawals, and there is no redemption gate in place. The FLGIT investments consist primarily of U.S. treasury notes, U.S. Government agency notes, asset-backed securities, corporate bonds, and municipal bonds.

The following is a summary of the City's Pension Trust Funds at September 30, 2020.

	General Employees' Pension							lice Offic	Pension	F	Firefighters' Pension			
	(Quoted	d Observ		ι	Inobserv	Quoted		Observ		Quoted		Observ	
		Prices	Input		Input Input		Prices		Input		Prices			Input
		evel 1	L	Level 2		Level 3	Level 1		Level 2		Level 1		Level 2	
Fixed Income	\$	12,570	\$	14,997	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,870	\$	-	\$	3,761
Equities		82,464		505		-		8,412		15,208		11,488		9,817
Mutual Funds		-		9,355		-		14,086		-		14,830		-
Commingled Funds & Real Estate		-		-		6,375		5,756		7,141		-		2,014
Total Investments	\$	95,034	\$	24,857	\$	6,375	\$	28,254	\$	39,219	\$	26,318	\$	15,592
Money Market		2,146						4,079				529		
Total Investment Fair Values	\$	128,412					\$	71,552	;		\$	42,439		

As mentioned previously, for the City's pension trust fund investments, quoted prices provided by its third-party custodians are used. Debt securities classified in Level 2 are valued using a matrix pricing model. Real estate investments in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques.

Interest Rate Risk - To mitigate interest rate risk, the City's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio structure maturities to meet the City's cash needs for ongoing operations and that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term securities. Of the City's investments outstanding at year-end, all of them have maturities less than three years. The City's policy requires that investments have maturities that match known cash needs and anticipated cash-flow requirements.

For the City's General Employees' Pension investments, the weighted average maturity (in years) for Eaton Vance is 7.45, Pimco Diversified Fund (PDIIX) is 9.04, and Vanguard Inflation Protected (VAIPX) is 8.60. For the City's Police Officers' Pension investments, the weighted average maturity (in years) for Galliard Intermediate Core is 3.89, Pimco Diversified Fund (PDIIX) is 9.41, and Vanguard Inflation Protected (VAIPX) is 8.40. For the City's Firefighters' Pension investments, the weighted average maturity (in years) for their collective portfolio is 8.68.

Credit Risk – To mitigate credit risk, the City's investment policy limits the minimum credit quality rating of investments, as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The City primarily invests in U.S. government securities, mutual funds, corporate stocks, corporate bonds, and overnight repurchase agreements. Money market accounts are held with qualified public depositories who meet the State of Florida requirements.

Custodial Risk – To mitigate custodial risk, broker/dealers must meet established capital requirements as set forth by the Securities Exchange Commission, be registered in the State of Florida, provide proof of registration, complete a broker/dealer questionnaire, certify understanding of the City's investment policy, and provide a copy of the most recent audit report. The City's investment policy does not place any limits on the amount allowed to be held by counterparties.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City's investment policy requires that investments be diversified by security type and institution. No more than 50% of the City's funds will be invested with the same issuer, dealer or banking institution and no more than 20% of the City's funds will be invested beyond five years in any security with the same maturity date.

A reconciliation of the City's cash and investments to the financial statements is as follows:

	City
Cash in Bank and On Hand	\$ 9,664
Investments	73,566
	83,230
Financial Statements:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	49,999
Restricted Cash and Investments	 33,231
	\$ 83,230

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

The following is a detail listing of receivables for the City's individual major funds and the aggregate of nonmajor funds at September 30, 2020. Special assessment receivables are secured by liens placed on benefited properties at the time of the original assessment.

						Nonmajor and Internal							
5			0.1		Α		Solid		Service		ension		.
Description	G	eneral	Stor	mwater	 Airport		Waste		Funds		Funds		Total
Accounts	\$	7,837	\$	420	\$ 106	\$	555	\$	1	\$	-	\$	8,919
Interest		-		-	-		-		-		185		185
Special assessments		24			 	_		_					24
		7,861		420	106		555		1		185		9,128
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles		(4,717)			 	_						_	(4,717)
	\$	3,144	\$	420	\$ 106	\$	555	\$	1	\$	185	\$	4,411

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACCOUNTS

Individual interfund receivables, payables and transfers with a description of their purpose at September 30, 2020 are:

	Due From	Due To	Purpose
General Fund	\$ 1,000	\$ -	To cover negative pooled cash position of Funds
Shingle Creek Regional Trail	-	466	To cover negative pooled cash position of Funds
Nonmajor Funds:			
Special Revenue Funds		534	To cover negative pooled cash position of Funds
	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	
	Transfer In	Transfers Out	Purpose
General Fund	\$ 1,493	\$ 2,791	Transfer to cover debt service payments
Shingle Creek Regional Trail	144	-	Transfer for project expenditures
Community Redevelopment Agency	1,193	890	Transfer to cover debt service and tax increment funds
2016 Revenue Note Debt Service	2,961	-	Transfer to cover debt service payments
2016 Revenue Note Capital Projects	38	-	
Stormwater	-	322	Transfer to General Fund for PILOT
Airport	-	2	
Solid Waste	-	288	Transfer to General Fund for PILOT
Nonmajor Funds:			
Special Revenue Funds	966	6,503	Transfer for grant match funding and debt service
Debt Service Funds	4,001		Transfer to cover debt service payments
	\$ 10,796	\$ 10,796	

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Changes in Capital Assets

The following tables show the changes in capital assets by governmental activities and business-type activities. Also shown is a summary of depreciation and amortization expense by function:

Governmental Activities	В	ginning alance /01/2019	Increases Decreases					Ending Balance 9/30/2020
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	43,861	\$	221	\$	-	\$	44,082
Construction In Progress		49,065		8,497		(13,317)		44,245
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		92,926	_	8,718		(13,317)		88,327
Capital Assets, Being Amortized, Net:								
Software - Charter School		-		2		(2)		-
Software - Other City		1,430		581		(1,072)		939
Parking Capacity		1,999						1,999
Total Capital Assets Being Amortized, Net		3,429	_	583		(1,074)		2,938
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		4 404						4 404
Charter School Other City		1,464 16,843		-		- 218		1,464 17,061
Improvements other than buildings		10,040				210		17,001
Charter School		183		_		_		183
Other City		178,731		22,713		154		201,598
Equipment		,		,				
Charter School		1,098		18		_		1,116
Other City		33,135		2,658		(1,172)		34,621
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		231,454		25,389		(800)		256,043
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings								
Charter School		(513)		(87)		-		(600)
Other City		(8,328)		(497)		-		(8,825)
Improvements other than buildings								
Charter School		(115)		(9)		-		(124)
Other City		(47,590)		(4,612)		(372)		(52,574)
Equipment								
Charter School		(960)		(47)		_		(1,007)
Other City	_	(22,048)		(3,108)	_	881	_	(24,275)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(79,554)		(8,360)		509		(87,405)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		151,900	_	17,029		(291)		168,638
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	248,255	\$	26,330	\$	(14,682)	\$	259,903

	Balance				Balance
Business-type Activities	10/01/2019		Increases	Decreases	9/30/2020
Stormwater Fund					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,5	83 \$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,583
Construction In Progress	2,6	53	600	(2,929)	324
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:	4,2	36	600	(2,929)	1,907
Capital Assets, Being Amortized, Net:					
Software		43	(3)		40
Total Capital Assets, Being Amortized, Net		43	(3)		40
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings	5	09	_	_	509
Improvements other than Buildings	27,1		2,955	_	30,067
Equipment	5,5		784	(2)	6,289
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	33,1		3,739	(2)	36,865
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:			<u> </u>		
Buildings	(3	66)	(20)	_	(386)
Improvements other than Buildings	(6,4	,	(606)		(7,010)
Equipment	(3,4	,	(519)	2	(3,929)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(10,1		(1,145)	2	(11,325)
' Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	22,9		2,594		25,540
Solid Waste Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$ 27,2	<u>25</u> <u>\$</u>	3,191	\$ (2,929)	\$ 27,487
Airport Fund					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	•	09 \$	-	\$ -	\$ 309
Construction In Progress	2,7		36		2,831
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	3,1	04	36		3,140
Capital Assets, Being Amortized, Net:					
Software		<u>91</u> _	<u>(5)</u>		186
Total Capital Assets, Being Amortized, Net	1	91	(5)		186
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings	11,1		-	-	11,160
Improvements other than Buildings	15,9		20	- (45)	16,011
Equipment	-	98	21	(15)	804
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	27,9	<u> 49</u>	41	(15)	27,975
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Buildings	(6,9	60)	(303)	-	(7,263)
Improvements other than Buildings	(3,1	39)	(331)	-	(3,470)
Equipment	(6	43)	(43)	15	(671)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(10,7	42)	(677)	15	(11,404)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	17,2	07	(636)		16,571

		eginning Balance						Ending Balance
Solid Waste Fund	1	0/01/2019	_	Increases	D	ecreases	_	9/30/2020
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Construction In Progress	\$	73	\$	-	\$	(73)	\$	<u>-</u>
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		73	_	-		(73)	_	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	407	\$	-	\$	-	\$	407
Improvements other than Buildings		93		112		-		205
Equipment		4,621		84		(26)		4,679
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		5,121		196		(26)		5,291
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings		(299)		(15)		_		(314)
Improvements other than Buildings		(45)		(44)		_		(89)
Equipment		(2,583)		(420)		23		(2,980)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(2,927)		(479)		23		(3,383)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		2,194	_	(283)		(3)	_	1,908
Solid Waste Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,267	\$	(283)	\$	(76)	\$	1,908
Total Business-type Activities								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,892	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,892
Construction In Progress		5,521		636		(3,002)		3,155
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		7,413	_	636		(3,002)		5,047
Capital Assets, Being Amortized, Net:								
Software		234		(8)				226
Total Capital Assets, Being Amortized, Net		234	_	(8)			_	226
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		12,076		-		-		12,076
Improvements other than Buildings		43,196		3,087		-		46,283
Equipment		10,926	_	889		(43)	_	11,772
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		66,198	_	3,976		(43)		70,131
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings		(7,625)		(338)		-		(7,963)
Improvements other than Buildings		(9,588)		(981)		-		(10,569)
Equipment		(6,638)	_	(982)		40	_	(7,580)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(23,851)	_	(2,301)		40	_	(26,112)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		42,347	_	1,675		(3)	_	44,019
Total Business-type Activities, Net	\$	49,994	\$	2,303	\$	(3,005)	\$	49,292

Governmental Activities:	
Depreciation and Amortization Expense By Function	
General Government	\$ 2,195
Public Safety	2,160
Transportation	2,521
Culture/Recreation	1,896
Capital assets held by the City's internal service funds are charged	
to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	 662
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 9,434
Business-type Activities:	
Depreciation Expense By Function	
Stormwater	\$ 1,148
Airport	682
Solid Waste	 479
	\$ 2,309

B. Net Capital Assets

The following is a summary of net capital assets as shown on the government-wide statement of net position:

	Governmental		Business-type			
	Α	ctivities		Activities		Total
Land	\$	44,082	\$	1,892	\$	45,974
Software, net		939		226		1,165
Parking Capacity, net		1,999		-		1,999
Buildings		18,525		12,076		30,601
Improvements other than Buildings		201,781		46,283		248,064
Equipment		35,737		11,772		47,509
Construction in Progress		44,245		3,155	_	47,400
		347,308		75,404		422,712
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(87,405)		(26,112)		(113,517)
Capital Assets, net	\$	259,903	\$	49,292	\$	309,195

C. Construction Commitments

The following is a schedule of significant capital construction projects with remaining commitment amounts of greater than \$1 million as of September 30, 2020:

			Re	maining		
Projects	Sper	nt-to-Date	Commitment			
Shingle Creek Regional Trail	\$	1,084	\$	1,387		
Airfield Electrical Vault		2		3,329		
Right of Way Acquisition at John Young and Oak		190		3,206		
Lancaster Ranch Park		-		3,623		
Mill Slough Restoration		276		1,483		
Total	\$	1,552	\$	13,028		

NOTE 6 - INCOME FROM LEASED PROPERTY

The City is the lessor on various leases at the Airport. Assets available for lease consist primarily of land, land improvements and buildings. As of September 30, 2020, the book value of assets in these categories is \$11,469 with accumulated depreciation of \$7,263. The following is a schedule of minimum future lease income on non-cancellable operating leases:

Year	_	Α	mount
2021		\$	670
2022			749
2023			761
2024			816
2025			824
After 2025			864
	Total minimum lease income	\$	4,684

Total income on non-cancellable operating leases for the year ended September 30, 2020 was \$718.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Schedule of Changes in Long-term Liabilities

The City's outstanding long-term liabilities includes revenue bonds payable, notes from direct borrowings and direct placements, capital leases payable, claims payable, net pension liability, other postemployment benefits, and compensated absences. The following is a schedule of changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020:

	E	Balance					E	Balance	D	ue Within	L	ong-term
	_	10/01/19		Additions	F	Reductions		9/30/20	(One Year		Portion
Governmental Activities:												
Notes from Direct Borrowings and												
Direct Placements	\$	41,860	\$	-	\$	(2,885)	\$	38,975	\$	2,990	\$	35,985
Revenue Bonds		39,003		-		(1,295)		37,708		1,351		36,357
Bond Premium		4,355		-		(161)		4,194		-		4,194
subtotal Revenue Bonds		43,358		-		(1,456)		41,902		1,351		40,551
Capital Lease Payable		138		-		(46)		92		46		46
Claims Payable		3,783		10,122		(9,395)		4,510		2,255		2,255
Net Pension Liability		37,767		8,015		(7,594)		38,188		-		38,188
Other Postemployment Benefits		6,026		1,336		(258)		7,104		295		6,809
Compensated Absences	_	2,130	_	2,799		(2,342)		2,587		517	_	2,070
Governmental Activity												
Long-term Liabilities	\$	135,062	\$	22,272	\$	(23,976)	\$	133,358	\$	7,454	\$	125,904
Business-type Activities:												
Net Pension Liability	\$	2,618	\$	214	\$	-	\$	2,832	\$	-	\$	2,832
Other Postemployment Benefits		676		106		(20)		762		23		739
Compensated Absences	_	211	_	255	_	(254)	_	212	_	43	_	169
Business-type Activity												
Long-term Liabilities	\$	3,505	\$	575	\$	(274)	\$	3,806	\$	66	\$	3,740

Governmental activities' compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefits liability will be liquidated in future periods primarily by the General Fund and Central Services Fund.

B. Debt Service Requirements

The following are the debt service requirements to maturity on the City's outstanding revenue bonds and notes payable:

Notes from Direct											
Governmental Activities:	Borro	Borrowings and Placements			Revenu						
Fiscal Year	Pı	Principal		terest	Principal		Interest		_	Total	
2021	\$	2,990	\$	931	\$	1,351	\$	1,643	\$	6,915	
2022		19,450		839		1,402		1,575		23,266	
2023		3,210		483		1,430		1,505		6,628	
2024		2,385		385		820		1,476		5,066	
2025		2,475		313		855		1,443		5,086	
2026-2030		5,865		880		3,400		6,757		16,902	
2031-2035		2,600		189		7,625		5,669		16,083	
2036-2040		-		-		9,245		4,048		13,293	
2041-2045	_			<u>-</u>		11,580		1,707	_	13,287	
Total	\$	38,975	\$	4,020	\$	37,708	\$	25,823	\$	106,526	

C. Debt Defeasance and Refundings

The City refunds and/or defeases long-term debt primarily to reduce debt service requirements. Since U.S government securities are held in escrow for the payment of principal and interest on these bonds, they are not liabilities to the City and are not included in the City's financial statements. As of September 30, 2020, the City has no outstanding bonds issued by the City, which were funded in previous years by the placement of assets in an irrevocable trust to be used for satisfying debt service requirements:

D. Capital Leases

The City has capital leases outstanding at year-end. The gross cost of the equipment acquired with capital lease proceeds is \$3,223 for governmental activities. The following is a summary schedule of these capital lease obligations and their net present value.

	Govern	nmental
Year Ending September 30	Acti	vities
2021	\$	46
2022		46
Total minimum lease payments		92
Less: amount representing interest		
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	92

E. Bonds and Notes Outstanding

The City has revenue bonds and notes outstanding at September 30, 2020. The revenue bonds and notes under governmental activities are secured by several pledged revenue sources. The following is a summary schedule of these long-term obligations of the City including purpose of issue, interest rate, debt maturity, and their impact on those present and future pledged revenue sources:

	Revenue	Amount	Total Principal Pledged		Future Pledged Revenue Over Debt Service	Current Year Debt Srvc	Current Year Total
Governmental Activities: Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct	Pledged	Issued	Outstanding	Revenue (1)	Required (2)	Paid	Revenue
2010A Capital Improvement Refunding Note Maturity: 2023, Interest Rate: 2.61% Purpose: Refunding 2005 Series Note		\$ 9,500	\$ 2,630	\$ 2,799	11.6%	\$ 815	\$ 7,048
2010B Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2025, Interest Rate: 2.79% Purpose: Road Improvements	Local option sales tax	8,000	3,435	3,728	8.9%	630	7,048
2010C Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.69% Purpose: Road Improvements	N/A	4,000	2,550	2,949	N/A	205	N/A
2017 Commercial Paper Note Maturity: 2022, Interest Rate: 1.60% Purpose: Various	N/A	16,350	16,350	16,873	N/A	-	N/A
2011B Capital Improvement Refunding Note Maturity: 2025, Interest Rate: 2.86% Purpose: Road Improvements	Local option sales tax	9,140	3,580	3,958	9.2%	645	7,048
2014A Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2034, Interest Rate: 2.86% Purpose: Lakefront Park and Road Improvements	Local option sales tax	9,600	7,525	9,280	5.6%	395	7,048
2015B CRA Refunding Revenue Note Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.81% Purpose: Refund 2009 CRA Note	N/A	3,820	2,905	N/A	N/A	195	N/A
	Total Revenu	ie Notes	38,975				

	Revenue	Amount		ncipal		Total ledged	Future Pledged Revenue Over Debt Service	Currer Year Debt Sr	vc	,	urrent Year Total
Governmental Activities:	Pledged	Issued	Outs	tanding	Re	venue (1)	Required (2)	Paid		Re	venue
Revenue Bonds:											
2016 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds	1/2 Cent Sales Tax,	\$ 42,930	\$	37,655	\$	63,473	10.9%	\$ 1,2	70	\$	11,708
Maturity: 2045, Interest Rate: 4.803%	Public Serv & Comm Taxes										
Purpose: Capital Improvements											
and Refunding											
Excise Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 1982	Occupational License	500		53		58	9.3%		25		270
Maturity: 2022, Interest Rate: 5.00%	Tax										
Purpose: Refunding											
	Total Revenue	Bonds		37,708							
Total Revenue Notes and Bonds - Governme	ental Activities		\$	76,683							

⁽¹⁾ Total pledged revenue is the total outstanding principal and interest.

The City's revenue bonds and notes from direct borrowings and direct placements contain remedies for events of default that are dependent upon judicial actions that may be limited. For most of the City's debt, in the event a default is longer than 30 days after notice to the City, the registered owners of not less than 25% in aggregate principal of the individual outstanding debt instruments shall be entitled to the appointment of a receiver of the pledged revenues. The receiver shall be entitled to take possession of various funds and accounts established by the City upon issuance of that debt, and shall collect all pledged revenues to apply towards satisfaction of the outstanding principal and interest.

In the event of default under the City's line of credit, the bank shall have the right to declare all outstanding loan balances immediately due and payable or take legal action as necessary to collect the amounts then due.

⁽²⁾ Future pledged revenue over debt service required is calculated using the current year total revenues for the remaining years of debt service.

⁽³⁾ Total pledged infrastructure surtax for each outstanding debt issue is calculated based on its proportionate share of total annual debt service paid.

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The City administers three public employee retirement systems for all full-time employees. The employees of the Tohopekaliga Water Authority (TWA) also participate in the general employees' retirement plan.

Actuarial studies were conducted on all three plans as of October 1, 2020. None of the three plans issue audited GAAP-basis stand-alone reports. All required disclosures and financial data are contained in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

A. Description of Plans

The City administers the general employees', municipal police officers', and municipal firefighters' retirement plans. The general employees' retirement plan is a multi-employer cost sharing defined benefit plan while the municipal police officers' and municipal firefighters' retirement plans are both single employer defined benefit plans. All three plans are established by ordinance pursuant to Florida Statutes. These plans provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. All three plans may be amended by ordinances adopted by the City Commission for benefits, funding policies, contribution requirements, investment policies and other plan administration changes. However, the City must adhere to the restrictions and limitations set forth in Florida Statutes for the police officers' and firefighters' pension plans.

Each plan has a board of trustees that is responsible for the proper operation of the plan. The general employees' board consists of seven trustees, two of whom shall be appointed by the City Manager, two of whom shall be members of the system and who shall be elected by a majority of the general employees who are employed by the City and who are members of the system, one of whom shall be appointed by the TWA executive director and one of whom shall be a member of the system and elected by a majority of the general employees who are employed by TWA and who are members of the system. The seventh trustee shall be chosen by a majority of the previous six.

The police officers' and firefighters' boards consist of five trustees each, two of whom, unless otherwise prohibited by law, shall be legal residents of the City, who shall be appointed by the City Commission and two of whom shall be members of the system, who shall be elected by a majority of the police officers/firefighters who are members of the system. The fifth trustee shall be selected by a majority of the previous four trustees, and such person's name shall be submitted to the City Commission. Upon receipt of the fifth person's name, the City Commission shall, as a ministerial duty, appoint such person to the board of trustees as its fifth trustee.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – The pension trust fund financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to each plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contribution (i.e., the annual budget process). Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. Costs of administering the plans are charged to the pension trust fund and factored into the City's contribution rate. Total net position in all three pension trust funds are held in trust for plan benefits.

<u>Method Used to Value Investments</u> – Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at amortized cost. Each pension plan board of trustees has the authority to establish and amend its investment policy. There were no investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of plan total assets in any of the pension trust funds.

(In Thousands)

C. Membership and Contribution Information

Membership of each plan consisted of the following at October 1, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuations:

	Pension Plans					
	General	Police				
	Employees'	Officers'	Firefighters'			
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently						
Receiving Benefits	320	121	74			
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet						
Receiving Benefits	121	24	25			
Active Plan Members	436	136	95			
Total	877	281	194			

The City's contributions to the plans are actuarially determined and during fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 the City contributed \$2,930 to the General Employees Plan, \$2,951 to the Police Officers Plan, and \$2,490 to the Firefighters Plan. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the following plan provisions are listed below:

	Pension Plans	
General	Police	
Employees'	Officers'	Firefighters'
3.69% Tier 1	3.70% 1	1.00% 2
7.50% Tier 2		
Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Level Dollar, closed	Level % of pay, closed	Level % of pay, closed
12 Years	27 Years	27 Years
20% of the difference	4 yr geometric average	5 yr smooth mkt
between FMV and	of market value returns	
expected actuarial value		
7.30%	7.40%	7.60%
4.00% to 6.50%	Service based	Service based
3.00%	3.50%	3.50%
2.50%	2.5%, 0%	2.7%, 0%
None	1% per year	None
	age 55 to 65	
	Employees' 3.69% Tier 1 7.50% Tier 2 Entry Age Normal Level Dollar, closed 12 Years 20% of the difference between FMV and expected actuarial value 7.30% 4.00% to 6.50% 3.00% 2.50%	General Police Employees' Officers' 3.69% Tier 1 3.70% 1 7.50% Tier 2 Entry Age Normal Level Dollar, closed 12 Years 27 Years 20% of the difference between FMV and expected actuarial value 7.30% 7.40% 4.00% to 6.50% Service based 3.00% 3.50% 2.50% 2.5%, 0% None 1% per year

¹ 5.00% for Members hired after May 6, 2014

D. Benefits Provided

General Employees'

Retirement Age

Normal: A member may retire following age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

Early: A member may elect to retire early upon the attainment of age 55 with 10 years of credited service.

^{2 3.00%} for Members hired after December 31, 2012

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

Retirement Benefits

Normal: Tier 1 Members: 2.8% of Average Final Compensation (AFC) multiplied by years of credited service up to a maximum of 30 years. Tier 2 Members: 3% of AFC multiplied by years of credited service up to a maximum of 30 years.

Early: The normal retirement benefit is reduced by 2% for each year before normal retirement.

Delayed: Benefit continues to accrue.

Termination Benefits

Less than five years of credited service-return of employee contributions. five years or more receive vested portion of accrued pension payable at age 60 or earlier, if contributions are left in the fund, or refund of contributions with interest, when applicable. Vested portion is as follows:

Service	Vested %
5 years	25%
6	40
7	55
8	70
9	85
10	100

Disability

Any member with two or more years of service is eligible for service connected disability with a benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited until the date of disability with a minimum equal to 42% of AFC. Any member with two or more years of service is eligible for a non-service connected disability with a benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited until the date of disability with a minimum equal to 25% of AFC.

Death Benefits (Pre-Retirement)

Upon the death of a member with at least five years of credited service before early or normal retirement date, beneficiary will receive monthly income, payable in the form of a 10 year certain and life annuity, which can be provided by (a) or (b), whichever is greater, where: (a) is the single-sum value of the member's accrued pension, and (b) is the smaller of 24 times average compensation or 100 times the anticipated monthly normal retirement benefit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment

There is no cost-of-living adjustment.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Members who continue in employment past normal retirement date may either accrue larger pensions or freeze their accrued benefit and enter the DROP. Each participant in the DROP has an account credited with benefits not received and investment earnings. The DROP period is 60 months, but no more than five years from the date of eligibility. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2020 is \$2,427.

Police Officers'

Retirement Age

Normal: Earlier of 1) Age 50 with 10 years of credited service or 2) the attainment of 25 years of credited service, regardless of age.

Early: Age 40 and 10 years of credited service. Age 40 with 15 years of credited service for members hired after May 6, 2014.

Retirement Benefits

Normal: 3.5% of the AFC for each year of service subject to a maximum of 100% of AFC. For members hired after May 6, 2014, 3% of AFC for each year of service subject to a maximum of 100% of AFC.

Early: Same as normal except reduced actuarially from Normal Retirement.

Delayed: Benefit continues to accrue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

Termination Benefits

Less than five years of credited service-return of employee contributions with 4.5% interest. Five years or more receive vested portion of accrued pension payable at age 50 or earlier, if contributions are left in the fund, or refund of contributions with interest. Vested portion is as follows:

Service	Vested %
5 years	25%
6	30
7	35
8	40
9	45
10	100

Members' hired after May 6, 2014 are 100% vested upon the completion of 10 years of credited service.

Disability

All members are eligible for line of duty benefit; five years of credited service is needed for non-line of duty. Accrued pension benefit with a minimum of 42% of AFC if line of duty or 25% if non-line of duty. Under certain conditions, the minimum line of duty benefit is 80% of AFC.

Death Benefits (Pre-Retirement)

Upon the death of a member with at least five years of credited service before early or normal retirement date, beneficiary will receive monthly income, payable in the form of a 10 year certain and life annuity, which can be provided by (a) or (b), whichever is greater, where: (a) is the single-sum value of the member's accrued pension, and (b) is the smaller of 24 times average compensation or 100 times the anticipated monthly normal retirement benefit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

Each retiree, beneficiary and disability retiree will receive a 1% increase in benefits each year on October 1st from age 55 to age 65.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Members who continue in employment past normal retirement date may either accrue larger pensions or freeze their accrued benefit and enter the DROP. Each participant in the DROP has an account credited with benefits not received and investment earnings. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2020 is \$572.

Firefighters'

Retirement Age

Normal: Earlier of 1) Age 50 with 10 years of credited service or 2) the attainment of 30 years of credited service, regardless of age. For members hired prior to January 1, 2013, the normal retirement date is the earlier of 1) Age of 50 and 10 years of credited service and 2) the completion of 25 years of credited service regardless of age.

Early: Age 50 and 10 years of credited service. Age 40 with 15 years of credited service for members hired prior to January 1, 2013.

Retirement Benefits

Normal: 3% of the AFC for each year of service, up to 30 years, and 2% for each year in excess of 30 years, subject to a maximum of 100% of AFC. Members hired prior to January 1, 2013, 3.23% of AFC for the first 30 years of credited service.

Early: Same as normal, reduced actuarially for commencement of benefits prior to the normal retirement date.

Delayed: Benefit continues to accrue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

Termination Benefits

Less than 10 years of credited service-return of employee contributions with 4.5% interest. 10 years or more receive vested portion of accrued pension payable at age 50 or earlier, if contributions are left in the fund, or refund of contributions with interest. Vested portion is as follows:

Service	Vested %
5 years	25%
6	30
7	35
8	40
9	45
10	100

Disability

All members are eligible for service connected disability benefit; five years of credited service is needed for non-service. Accrued pension benefit with a minimum of 42% of AFC if service connected or 25% if non-service.

Death Benefits (Pre-Retirement)

Upon the death of a member with at least five years of credited service before early or normal retirement date, beneficiary will receive monthly income, payable in the form of a 10 year certain and life annuity, which can be provided by (a) or (b), whichever is greater, where: (a) is the single-sum value of the member's accrued pension, and (b) is the smaller of 24 times average compensation or 100 times the anticipated monthly normal retirement benefit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment

There is no cost-of-living adjustment

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Members who continue in employment past normal retirement date may either accrue larger pensions or freeze their accrued benefit and enter the DROP. Each participant in the DROP has an account credited with benefits not received and investment earnings. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2020 is \$2,386.

E. Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor

The components of the net pension liability of the sponsor as of September 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Pension Plans					
	General*		Police			
	Employees'			Officers'	Firefighters'	
Total Pension Liability	\$	152,678	\$	82,706	\$	56,121
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		128,513		71,621		42,442
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability		24,165		11,085		13,679
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of						
Total Pension Liability		84.17%		86.60%		75.63%

^{*} Information shown above is for the City and Toho combined

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

The total pension liability for all plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020 using the following actuarial assumption applied to all measurement periods.

		Pension Plans				
	General	Police				
	Employees'	Officers'	Firefighters'			
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	2.70%			
Salary Increases	4.00% to 6.50%	Service based	Service based			
Investment Rate of Return	7.30%	7.40%	7.60%			

Mortality rates for the General Employees' Fund were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table, projected to all future years after 2000 using scale BB. Mortality rates for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Funds were based on the PubG.H-2010 and PubS.H-2010 mortality tables, projected generationally with mortality improvement scale MP-2018.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on all pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflations) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocations as of September 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Pension Plans							
	General E	mployees'	Police	Officers'	Firefig	ghters'		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity	45%	7.50%	-	-	38%	8.50%		
International Equity	15%	8.50%	15%	8.50%	15%	4.10%		
All Cap Value Equity	-	-	20%	7.50%	-	-		
Broad Growth Equity	-	-	20%	7.50%	-	-		
Domestic Fixed	20%	2.50%	-	-	-	-		
Broad Market Fixed	-	-	25%	2.50%	-	-		
Global Fixed	10%	6.20%	-	-	-	-		
Real Estate	10%	4.50%	10%	4.50%	-	-		
Private Equity	-	-	5%	8.50%	-	-		
Global Bond	-	-	5%	3.50%	-	-		
Bonds	-	-	-	-	26%	3.70%		
Convertibles	-	-	-	-	10%	7.90%		
REITs	-	-	-	-	5%	7.90%		
Infrastructure	-	-	-	-	6%	0.40%		

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

<u>Rate of Return</u> – The following is a schedule for the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of plan investment expense as of September 30, 2020:

	Pension Plans					
	General	Police				
Fiscal Year 2020	Employees'	Officers'	Firefighters'			
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return						
Net of Investment Expense	8.06%	9.61%	9.42%			

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total General Employees' pension liability was 7.30%, the total Police Officers' pension liability was 7.40%, and the total Firefighters' pension liability was 7.60%. In the development of a single discount rate for the General Employees' pension liability, a long-term municipal bond rate of 2.75% was used based on the Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO Bond Index.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and the sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as shown in the table below.

			(Current Discount		
	1% Decrease Rate			1% Increase		
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability	6.30%		7.30%			8.30%
General Employees' Fund City and Toho	\$	42,198	\$	24,165	\$	9,052
General Employees' Fund City only		28,387		16,256		6,090
			(Current Discount		
	1%	Decrease		Rate		1% Increase
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability		6.40%		7.40%		8.40%
Police Officers' Fund	\$	21,272	\$	11,085	\$	2,646
			(Current Discount		
	1%	Decrease		Rate		1% Increase
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability		6.60%		7.60%		8.60%
Firefighters' Fund	\$	20,153	\$	13,679	\$	8,307

(In Thousands)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	General Employees'			Police Officers'		Firefighters'	
Total pension liability							
Service Cost	\$	1,860	\$	1.835	\$	1.070	
Interest	*	7,123	*	5,852	•	4,149	
Change in Excess State Money		-		-		-	
Share Plan Allocation		-		-		-	
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		616		-	
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience		631		702		(560)	
Change in Employer's Proportion		6,991		-		- ′	
Changes of Assumptions		1,098		508		1,115	
Contributions - Buy Back		-		-		-	
Benefit Payments		(4,787)		(4,761)		(3,560)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		12,916		4,752		2,214	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		89,790		77,954		53,907	
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	102,706	\$	82,706	\$	56,121	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - Employer	\$	2,935	\$	1,871	\$	2,089	
Contributions - State		-		1,081		401	
Contributions - Member		632		378		142	
Change in Employer's Proportion		5,824		-		-	
Net Investment Income		7,069		6,349		3,723	
Benefit Payments		(4,787)		(4,761)		(3,560)	
Administrative Expense		(39)		(49)		(51)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		11,634		4,869		2,744	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		74,816		66,752		39,698	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	86,450	\$	71,621	\$	42,442	
Tian Tabbary Not Codabin Enamy (5)		00,100	<u> </u>	7 1,021	<u> </u>	12, 112	
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)		16,256		11,085		13,679	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		84.17%		86.60%		75.63%	
Covered Payroll	\$	17,506	\$	9,068	\$	6,712	
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		92.86%		122.25%		203.80%	

^{*} Information shown above for the General Employees' plan is for the City portion only.

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$9,513, and had ending balances of deferred outflows for pensions of \$6,371, net pension liability of \$41,020, and deferred inflows for pensions of \$1,974 for its activities in three pension plans. The City recognized a pension expense of \$3,433 related to the general employees' pension fund in 2020. The City's proportionate share of the total Plan's net position is 67.27%. Employer contributions were used as a basis to determine the allocation; the allocation increased 4.86% from the prior year allocation of 62.41%. The City also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the general employees' pension from the following sources.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

	Deferred Outflows		Deferre	Deferred Inflows		Net Deferred Outflows	
	of R	esources	of Re	sources	of R	esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	474	\$	148	\$	326	
Change in cost-sharing allocation percentage		965		45		920	
Assumptions changes		1,064		-		1,064	
Net Difference between projected and actual							
earnings on pension plan investments		156		-		156	
Total	\$	2,659	\$	193	\$	2,466	

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources by year to be recognized in future pension expenses for the General Employees' Plan:

Year Ending	Net	Net Outflows		
September 30	of R	lesources		
2021	\$	726		
2022		1,042		
2023		933		
2024		(235)		
Total	\$	2.466		

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized a pension expense of \$3,381 related to the police officers' pension fund. The City also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the police officers' pension from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Net Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	943	\$	231	\$	712
Change of assumptions		750		-		750
Net Difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments				577		(577)
Total	\$	1,693	\$	808	\$	885

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources by year to be recognized in future pension expenses for the Police Officers' Plan:

Year Ending		Net Outflows		
September 30			of Resources	
2021		\$		10
2022				491
2023				422
2024				(38)
To	otal	\$		885

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized a pension expense of \$2,699 related to the firefighters' pension fund. The City also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the firefighters' pension from the following sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Net Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	620	\$	973	\$	(353)
Change of assumptions		1,342		-		1,342
Net Difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		57		-		57
Total	\$	2,019	\$	973	\$	1,046

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources by year to be recognized in future pension expenses for the Firefighters' Plan:

Year Ending	Net Outf	lows
September 30	of Resou	rces
2021	\$	262
2022		596
2023		210
2024		(22)
Total	\$	1,046

F. Combining Statements of the Pension Trust Funds

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

PENSION TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

	Em	General ployees' Pension	e Officers' ension	Firefighters'	 Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	\$	2,146	\$ 4,079	\$ 529	\$ 6,754
Receivable:					
Interest Receivable		101	 68	16	 185
Total Receivable:		101	68	16	185
Investments, at Fair Value:					
Fixed Income		27,567	16,870	3,761	48,198
Equities		82,969	23,620	21,305	127,894
Mutual Funds		15,730	14,086	14,830	44,646
Commingled Funds		-	 12,897	2,014	14,911
Total Investments:		126,266	67,473	41,910	235,649
Total Assets		128,513	 71,620	42,455	 242,588
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable		<u>-</u>	 	13	 13
Total Liabilities		<u>-</u>	 	13	 13
Net Position Restricted					
for Pension Benefits	\$	128,513	\$ 71,620	\$ 42,442	\$ 242,575

September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

General

	•	Jenerar						
	Employees' Pension		Police Officers'		Firefighters'			
			Р	Pension		ension	Totals	
ADDITIONS								
Contributions:								
Employer	\$	2,931	\$	1,871	\$	2,089	\$	6,891
Plan Members		939		364		142		1,445
State				1,081		401		1,482
Total Contributions		3,870		3,316		2,632		9,818
Investment earnings:								
Net increase (decrease) in fair value								
of investments		7,793		5,369		3,069		16,231
Interest and dividends		3,261		1,149		789		5,199
Total investment earnings		11,054		6,518		3,858		21,430
Less investment expense		569		169		135		873
Net investment earnings		10,485		6,349		3,723		20,557
Other		1,435				<u>-</u>		1,435
Total Additions		15,790		9,665		6,355		31,810
DEDUCTIONS								
Benefits		7,116		4,761		3,560		15,437
Administrative Expense		39		57		51		147
Total Deductions		7,155		4,818		3,611		15,584
Change in Net Position		8,635		4,847		2,744		16,226
Net Position - Beginning of Year		119,878		66,773		39,698		226,349
Net Position - End of Year	\$	128,513	\$	71,620	\$	42,442	\$	242,575

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description, Benefit Terms and Contribution Requirements

The Other Postemployment Benefit Plan ("OPEB Plan") is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the City. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected. However, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. Since the older retirees actually have higher costs, it means that the City is subsidizing the cost of the retiree coverage because it pays all or a significant portion of that premium on behalf of the active employees. GASB Statement No.75 calls this the "implicit rate subsidy".

Retirees and their dependents are permitted to remain covered under the City's respective medical and insurance plans as long as they pay a full premium applicable to coverage elected. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Ch. 112.08, F.S. The City Commission has the authority to amend the benefits of the OPEB Plan. The OPEB Plan does not issue a audited GAAP-basis stand-alone report. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

(In Thousands)

At management data Contambar 20, 2040, the following ampleyons years according to hamafit towns.

At measurement date September 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits 26
Active employees 548
574

Contributions (benefit payment reductions) to the OPEB Plan are shared by the retiree and the City. OPEB Plan participants must reimburse the City for the City's average blended cost. Contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended through action by the City Commission.

B. Total OPEB Liability and Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The measurement date for the City's total/net OPEB liability was September 30, 2019, one year prior to the City's fiscal reporting date of September 30, 2020. The measurement period for OPEB cost was October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019. The components of the changes in the total OPEB liability are as follows:

	Fisc	al Year
Total OPEB Liability	2	.020
Service cost	\$	402
Interest		267
Change in benefit terms		1
Difference between expected and actual experience		-
Change of assumptions and other inputs		772
Benefit payments		(278)
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,164
Total OPEB liability - beginning		6,702
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	7,866

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.83% at the beginning of the measurement period to 2.75% as of September 30, 2019.

C. Actuarial Assumptions and Total OPEB Liability Sensitivity to Healthcare Trend Rate

The total OPEB liability reported at September 30, 2020 was based on an actuarial valuation dated September 30, 2018 rolled forward to measurement date September 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per annum

Discount rate 2.75%

Salary increases Rates used in Oct 1, 2018 valuations of City pension plans Mortality rates Tables used in July 1, 2018 valuation of the Florida Retirement

System (based on results of statewide experience study covering

period 2008 through 2013)

Healthcare trend Trend starting at 6.75% for claims costs and thereafter

trends based on Getzen model, with trend rate of 6.50% and gradually decreasing to ultimate trend rate of 4.24%

plus .65% increase for excise tax

The development of per capita costs included aging factors based on the 2013 Society of Actuaries Study "Healthcare Costs – From Birth to Death". There have been no significant changes (other than premium rate increases) in any health benefits or life insurance benefits between September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2020.

(In Thousands)

Sensitivity of OPEB liability to healthcare cost trend rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate.

		Current						
	1% Decrease		Tre	end Rate	1%	Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	6,904	\$	7,866	\$	9,014		

D. Discount Rate and Total OPEB Liability Sensitivity to Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability reported as of September 30, 2020 was 2.75%. Because the City's OPEB costs are essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate was used to determine the total OPEB liability for the OPEB Plan. Fidelity's 20-Year Municipal G.O. AA Index daily rate closest but not after the measurement date was used for this purpose.

Sensitivity of OPEB liability to discount rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate.

				Current					
	1% I	1% Decrease Disco			1% Decrease Discount Rate			19	6 Increase
	•	1.75%		2.75%		3.75%			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	8.676	\$	7.866	\$	7.148			

E. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$587. At September 30, 2020, the City had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred nflows esources
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Transactions after measurement	\$	- 680	\$	193 838
date		318		-
	\$	998	\$	1,031

Deferred outflows of resources of \$318 are reported by the City for employer benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2021. Deferred inflows of resources shown above will be recognized in OPEB expense in the following years.

	Net
Fiscal Year Ending	Inflows
2021	\$ (84)
2022	(84)
2023	(84)
2024	(84)
2025	(74)
Thereafter	59
	\$ (351)

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City has a risk management program accounted for in two internal service funds. The funds are used to account for the costs of employee health, workers' compensation, automobile, and general property and casualty programs. Other City funds are charged by this fund for policy premiums and claims for which the City is self-insured. The City maintains cash reserves in excess of \$1 million and carries excess coverage for claims between \$100 thousand and \$5 million on all coverage except criminal liability. Criminal liability excess coverage is carried for claims between \$50 thousand and \$250 thousand. During 2020, there were no reductions in insurance coverage, and over the past three years there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage. As of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the total outstanding unpaid claims were \$4,510 which includes an estimate for incurred but not reported claims. Insurance premiums paid out of this fund totaled \$9,395 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The change in the claims liability for the past two years is as follows:

	Bal	ance at	Cur	rrent Year Claims	Current	Year Claims		
	Beginni	ng of Fiscal	а	and Changes in	Payme	nts or Other	Balan	ice at End of
		Year		Estimates	Adjustments		Fis	scal Year
2019-2020	\$	3,783	\$	10,122	\$	(9,395)	\$	4,510
2018-2019		3,669		8,752		(8,638)		3,783

NOTE 11 - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS CALCULATION

The elements for the calculation of this component of net position are as follows:

	Governmental		Business-type		
	A	ctivities	A	ctivities	 Total
Capital Assets (Net)	\$	259,903	\$	49,292	\$ 309,195
Debt Related to Capital Assets		(80,969)		-	(80,969)
Other Liabilities Related to Capital Assets		(2,188)		(88)	(2,276)
Unspent Proceeds of Capital-Related Debt		1,408		_	1,408
	\$	178,154	\$	49,204	\$ 227,358

NOTE 12 - FUND BALANCE DEFICITS

The following funds have a deficit fund balance at September 30, 2020:

Fund Name	Deficit Amounts		
Deficit Fund Balance			
Shingle Creek Regional Trail Nonmajor Funds:	\$	1,016	
Special Revenue Fund:			
Victim of Crime Act		2	
Justice Assistance Grant		35	
CARES Act Relief		92	
Neighborhood Stabilization and HOME		12	
Community Development Block Grant		155	
W Oak Street Improvement Grant		148	

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued
September 30, 2020
(In Thousands)

Deficits in the grant funds represent amounts spent on grant programs that will ultimately be reimbursed from federal and state grantor agencies, or transfers from City funds for City match requirements in the subsequent period.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS, RELATED PARTIES, AND CONTINGENCIES

Charter School - The City entered into an interlocal agreement with the Osceola County School Board to operate a charter elementary school within the City. Originally the City issued a tax-exempt note and built the school facilities. In 2011, the debt was refinanced at a fixed rate. The City entered into a contract with a management company to run the day-to-day operation of the school. The management company is required to report to the City Commission all activities and results of operations on a monthly and an annual basis. The City pays the management company based upon an approved operating budget. The City records revenue received from the Osceola County School Board, makes debt service payments on the notes, and pays the management company. The charter school is not a separate legal entity and is reflected in the City's financial statements as part of the City's governmental funds.

Kissimmee Utility Authority – The Kissimmee Utility Authority (KUA) provides a payment to the City's General Fund annually. The minimum payment is a charter requirement of KUA. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the payment made by KUA to the City was \$18.0 million. KUA's total operating revenues for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 were \$175.9 million. KUA also provides customer billing services to the City's Solid Waste and Stormwater Utility Funds.

Tohopekaliga Water Authority – The Tohopekaliga Water Authority (TWA) was created effective October 1, 2003. The TWA was created pursuant to a state legislative act. The City and Osceola County agreed to transfer all assets, liabilities and operations of their water and sewer systems to the TWA. The TWA issued in excess of \$100 million in revenue bonds to pay off the City's utility revenue bonds, other outstanding obligations, and to provide for new construction and system expansion. TWA provides a payment to the City's General Fund annually. The annual amount for 2020 was \$7.5 million and all future annual amounts will be calculated based on the gross annual revenues of the system for an additional 10 years.

Intergovernmental Grants - Amounts received or receivable from grantors are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts to be immaterial.

Litigation - Various suits and claims arising in the ordinary course of operations are pending against the City. While the ultimate effect of such litigation cannot be ascertained at this time, in the opinion of legal counsel, the City has sufficient insurance coverage to cover any claims and/or the liabilities that may arise from such action. The effect of such losses would not materially affect the financial position of the City or the results of its operations.

Contingency - In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. The outbreak of COVID-19 is affecting communities, business operations, as well as the US economy and financial markets. The City expects to continue to experience losses of various local and state shared revenues and declines in user fees. Federal financial assistance for state and local governments is expected to help offset the effects of the above; however, it is not currently known how much the City will be eligible to receive. The full extent to which COVID-19 will impact the City is uncertain at this time and will depend on new information that may emerge concerning COVID-19; the actions to contain and treat it; and its economic impact on local, state and national levels.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP BASIS):

- General Fund
- Major Special Revenue Funds:
 - Shingle Creek Regional Trail Fund
 - Community Redevelopment Agency

City Retirement Plans Schedules and Notes:

- Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions
- Plan Changes in Benefit Terms
- Change of Assumptions
- Methods and Assumptions used to Determine Contribution Rates
- Money-weighted Rate of Return

City Other Postemployment Benefits Plan Schedule:

Schedule of Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

		Budgeted	l An	nounts			Variance with		
					Α	ctual	Final Budget -		
	C	riginal		Final	Am	ounts	Over (Under)		
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES									
Taxes:									
Ad valorem	\$	16,185	\$	16,185	\$	16,382	\$ 197		
Utility taxes	Ψ	7,382	Ψ	7,382	Ψ	7,141	(241)		
Local business taxes		272		272		271	(1)		
Local business taxes		23,839		23,839		23,794	(45)		
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments:		20,000		20,000		20,704	(40)		
Franchise fees		184		184		177	(7)		
Other permits and fees		2		2		2	(1)		
Other permits and rees		186		186		179	(7)		
Intergovernmental Revenues:		100		100		119	(1)		
Federal grants				41		565	524		
State grants		180		180		141	(39)		
State grants State revenue sharing		3,000		3,000		2,654	(346)		
Half cent sales tax		5,500		5,500		4,567	(933)		
		323		762		•	, ,		
Shared taxes and licenses						638	(124)		
County shared revenue		2,224		2,224		2,217	(7)		
Kissimmee Utility Authority		18,127		18,127		17,965	(162)		
Tohopekaliga Water Authority		7,770		7,770		7,550	(220)		
		37,124		37,604		36,297	(1,307)		
Charges for Services:		550		550		004	0.4		
General government charges		550		550		634	84		
Public safety charges		7,325		7,284		7,361	77		
Physical environment charges		64		64		59	(5)		
Transportation charges		770		770		310	(460)		
Culture/recreation charges		1,068		1,068		418	(650)		
		9,777		9,736		8,782	(954)		
Fines and Forfeitures:									
Court fines and costs		532		532		403	(129)		
Miscellaneous Revenue:									
Investment income		438		438		837	399		
Rents		31		31		139	108		
Other revenue		315		437		475	38		
Sales of cemetery lots		172		172		185	13		
·		956		1,078		1,636	558		

Continued

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with		
			Actual	Final Budget -		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Over (Under)		
DEVENUES AND OTHER COURSES. Continues				Over (Onder)		
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES - Continue Transfers In:	a					
Stormwater Utility Fund	\$ 285	\$ 285	\$ 283	\$ (2)		
Charter School	ф 263 643	ф 263 643	φ 263 643	\$ (2)		
Airport	2	2	2	-		
Solid Waste Fund	273	273	288	- 15		
Other Nonmajor Funds	277	277	277	-		
Other Normajor Funds	1,480	1,480	1,493	13		
Other Sources:	1,400	1,400	1,400	10		
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	100	100	2,355	2,255		
1 1000000 Holli Gale of Capital Abooto	100	100	2,355	2,255		
			2,000	2,200		
Total Revenues and Other Sources	73,994	74,555	74,939	384		
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER (USES)						
General Government:						
City Commission:						
Personal Services	302	303	232	(71)		
Operating	611	641	563	(78)		
, ,	913	944	795	(149)		
City Manager:				(/		
Personal Services	1,387	1,400	1,341	(59)		
Operating	670	1,593	487	(1,106)		
Capital Outlay	165	195	990	795		
•	2,222	3,188	2,818	(370)		
Development Services:				<u> </u>		
Personal Services	1,575	1,459	1,478	19		
Operating	860	1,411	618	(793)		
Capital Outlay	73	308	22	(286)		
	2,508	3,178	2,118	(1,060)		
Legal:				<u>-</u>		
Personal Services	667	683	598	(85)		
Operating	326	653	88	(565)		
Capital Outlay	2	3	3			
	995	1,339	689	(650)		

Continued

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

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Continued

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED

GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with		
						Actual		ıl Budget -		
	_0	riginal		Final	A	mounts	Over (Under)			
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER (USES) - Continu	ued									
Culture/Recreation										
Recreation:										
Personal Services	\$	5,259	\$	5,286	\$	4,925	\$	(361)		
Operating		1,742		1,802		1,167		(635)		
Capital Outlay		459		825		464		(361)		
Total Culture / Recreation		7,460		7,913		6,556		(1,357)		
Non-Departmental										
Bad Debt		2,055		3,243		3,168		(75)		
Capital Reserves		29,720		27,606		,		(27,606)		
Operating Reserves		876		846		_		(846)		
Principal Retirement		46		46		46		-		
Debt Service Interest and Costs		30		30		23		(7)		
Total Non-Departmental		32,727		31,771		3,237		(28,534)		
Other (Uses)										
Transfers Out		2,670		3,894		2,791		(1,103)		
Total Other (Uses)		2,670		3,894		2,791		(1,103)		
Total Expenditures and Other (Uses)		105,406		109,383		73,429		(35,954)		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other (Uses)		(31,412)		(34,828)		1,510		36,338		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		31,412		34,828		33,487		(1,341)		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,997	\$	34,997		

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SHINGLE CREEK REGIONAL TRAIL

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ 2,369	\$ 1,671	\$ (698)
Total Revenues		2,369	1,671	(698)
EXPENDITURES				
Transportation	-	3,582	1,916	1,666
Total Expenditures		3,582	1,916	1,666
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(1,213)	(245)	968
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	-	144	144	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		144	144	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(1,069)	(101)	968
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		1,069	(915)	(1,984)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,016)	\$ (1,016)

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 1,602	\$ 1,602	\$ 1,603	\$ 1
Investment Income	35	35	94	59
Miscellaneous Revenues	60	60	60	
Total Revenues	1,697	1,697	1,757	60
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	3,705	3,785	1,495	2,290
Total Expenditures	3,705	3,785	1,495	2,290
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,008)	(2,088)	262	2,350
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	1,192	1,192	1,193	1
Transfers (Out)	(932)	(932)	(890)	42
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	260	260	303	43
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,748)	(1,828)	565	2,393
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	1,748	1,828	2,853	1,025
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,418	\$ 3,418

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (General Employees')

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability							
Service Cost	\$ 2,765	\$ 2,651	\$ 2,535	\$ 2,440	\$ 2,437	\$ 2,362	\$ 2,383
Interest	10,588	10,108	9,687	9,095	8,589	8,227	7,758
Benefit changes	-	1,063	-	-	-	-	339
Assumption changes	1,632	-	1,492	1,397	-	-	-
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience	938	(460)	(54)	595	919	(952)	(12)
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(7,116)	(6,865)	(5,822)	(5,592)	(4,857)	(4,902)	(3,483)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	8,807	6,497	7,838	7,935	7,088	4,735	6,985
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	143,871	137,374	129,536	121,601	114,513	109,778	102,793
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$152,678	\$143,871	\$137,374	\$129,536	\$121,601	\$114,513	\$109,778
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - Employer (from City and Toho)	\$ 4,361	\$ 4,338	\$ 4,119	\$ 3,851	\$ 3,579	\$ 3,587	\$ 3,135
Contributions - Member	939	875	880	849	856	841	844
Net Investment Income	10,509	4,225	7,866	12,906	8,257	1,129	7,817
Benefit Payments	(7,116)	(6,865)	(5,822)	(5,592)	(4,857)	(4,902)	(3,483)
Administrative Expense	(58)	(79)	(47)	(54)	(76)	(76)	(65)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	8,635	2,494	6,996	11,960	7,759	579	8,248
Dien Fiduciem, Net Besition - Besitation	440.070	447.004	110 200	00.400	00.000	00.000	04.040
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	119,878	117,384	110,388	98,428	90,669	90,090	81,842 © 00,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$128,513	\$119,878	\$117,384	\$110,388	\$ 98,428	\$ 90,669	\$ 90,090
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	24,165	23,993	19,990	19,148	23,173	23,844	19,688
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	84.17%	83.32%	85.45%	85.22%	80.94%	79.18%	82.07%
Covered Payroll	\$ 23,521	\$ 22,188	\$ 21,266	\$ 20,671	\$ 20,342	\$ 19,872	\$ 20,096
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	102.74%	108.14%	94.00%	92.63%	113.92%	119.99%	97.97%

This schedule represents entire plan with City and Toho combined.

Notes to the Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues* .

This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (General Employees' City Only)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability							
Service Cost	\$ 1,860	\$ 1,654	\$ 1,594	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,442	\$ 1,378	\$ 1,390
Interest	7,123	6,308	6,090	5,535	5,084	4,798	4,524
Benefit Changes	´-	664	´-	´-	´-	-	198
Change in Employer's Proportion	6,991	(632)	2,605	2,030	997	-	-
Change in Assumptions	1,098	-	938	850	-	-	-
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience	631	(287)	(34)	362	544	(555)	(7)
Benefit Payments	(4,787)	(4,284)	(3,661)	(3,403)	(2,875)	(2,859)	(2,032)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	12,916	3,423	7,532	6,859	5,192	2,762	4,073
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	89,790	86,367	78,835	71,976	66,784	64,022	59,949
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$102,706	\$89,790	\$86,367	\$78,835	\$71,976	\$66,784	\$64,022
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - Employer	\$ 2,935	\$ 2,708	\$ 2,591	\$ 2,345	\$ 2,119	\$ 2,088	\$ 1,984
Contributions - Member	632	546	554	517	507	490	492
Change in Employer's Proportion	5,824	(541)	2,218	1,641	789	-	-
Net Investment Income	7,069	2,637	4,945	7,855	4,887	663	4,404
Benefit Payments	(4,787)	(4,284)	(3,661)	(3,403)	(2,875)	(2,859)	(2,032)
Administrative Expense	(39)	(49)	(30)	(33)	(45)	(44)	(38)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	11,634	1,017	6,617	8,922	5,382	338	4,810
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	74,816	73,799	67,182	58,260	52,878	52,540	47,730
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 86,450	\$74,816	\$73,799	\$67,182	\$58,260	\$52,878	\$52,540
City's Proportionate % of Total Plan Net Position	67.27%	62.41%	62.87%	60.86%	59.19%	58.32%	58.32%
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	16,256	14,974	12,568	11,653	13,716	13,906	11,482
		/		/		/	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of	84.17%	83.32%	85.45%	85.22%	80.94%	79.18%	82.07%
Total Pension Liability							
Covered Payroll	\$ 17,506	\$16,032	\$14,740	\$13,947	\$13,653	\$12,852	\$12,758
20.0.0a . ayıon	Ψ 17,000	Ψ10,002	Ψ1-1,1-10	Ψ10,0-1	Ψ10,000	Ψ 12,002	Ψ 12,100
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of							
Covered Payroll	92.86%	93.40%	85.26%	83.55%	100.46%	108.20%	90.00%
• • • •							

This schedule represents only the City's portion of the Net Pension Liability.

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years available is presented.

Notes to the Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Police Officers')

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability							
Service Cost	\$ 1,835	\$ 1,773	\$ 2,008	\$ 1,838	\$ 1,911	\$ 1,841	\$ 1,815
Interest	5,852	5,590	5,544	5,299	4,818	4,577	4,317
Change in Excess State Money	-	-	-	-	(328)	-	-
Share Plan Allocation	-	-	-	-	218	-	-
Change of Benefit Terms	616	-	-	-	(68)	-	-
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience	702	(88)	953	(889)	1,136	(427)	-
Changes of Assumptions	508	-	861	-	1,127	-	-
Benefit Payments	(4,761)	(4,171)	(3,611)	(3,116)	(3,122)	(2,849)	(2,957)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	4,752	3,104	5,755	3,132	5,692	3,142	3,175
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	77,954	74,850	69,095	65,963	60,271	57,129	53,954
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$82,706	\$77,954	\$74,850	\$69,095	\$65,963	\$60,271	\$57,129
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,871	\$ 1,893	\$ 1,971	\$ 1,882	\$ 1,948	\$ 1,907	\$ 2,476
Contributions - State	1,081	799	747	655	582	521	501
Contributions - Member	378	366	321	295	275	270	253
Net Investment Income	6,349	2,480	6,229	5,845	4,519	1,144	4,412
Benefit Payments	(4,761)	(4,171)	(3,611)	(3,116)	(3,122)	(2,849)	(2,957)
Administrative Expense	(49)	(65)	(47)	(42)	(46)	(48)	(51)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	4,869	1,302	5,610	5,519	4,156	945	4,634
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	66,752	65,450	59,840	54,321	50,165	49,220	44,586
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$71,621	\$66,752	\$65,450	\$59,840	\$54,321	\$50,165	\$49,220
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	11,085	11,202	9,400	9,255	11,642	10,106	7,909
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	86.60%	85.63%	87.44%	86.61%	82.35%	83.23%	86.16%
Covered Payroll	\$ 9,068	\$ 8,550	\$ 7,921	\$ 7,725	\$ 7,506	\$ 7,754	\$ 6,841
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	122.25%	131.03%	118.68%	119.81%	155.10%	130.33%	115.61%

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years available is presented.

Note to the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Police Officers')

Notes to the Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*, except for the 09/30/15 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Changes of Benefit Terms.

For measurement date 09/30/20, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms was a result of the adoption of Ordinance No. 3027 amended provisions for Pre-Retirement Death. An Actuarial Impact was issued for this change.

For measurement date 09/30/16, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms was a result of the adoption of Ordinance No. 2939 which made the following changes:

- Resumption of prior graded vesting schedule for Members who were employed prior to 05/06/14.
- Allocation of a portion of the Excess State Monies Reserve necessary to cover the increase in the present value of benefits associated with the proposed vesting change described above. For purposes of this Impact Statement, \$110 is the increase in present value of benefits for the proposed vesting change. Accordingly, the Excess State Monies Reserve was diminished by this amount, leaving \$218 as allocation to Plan.
- Future share allocations once the annual State Monies exceed \$1,177.

Changes of Assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/20, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees.

For measurement date 09/30/18, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted from an experience study dated September 2018, and the Board approved changes in salary increases, retirement and withdrawal rates, and investment return.

For measurement date 09/30/16, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees.

The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.0% to 2.5%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Firefighters')

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability							
Service Cost	\$ 1,070	\$ 992	\$ 915	\$ 693	\$ 761	\$ 826	\$ 846
Interest	4,149	4,064	3,836	3,787	3,573	3,512	3,366
Change in Excess State Money	-	-	-	-	-	-	(555)
Change in Benefit Terms	-	(31)	72	-	-	-	-
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience	(560)	(567)	1,552	(920)	58	(606)	-
Changes of Assumptions	1,115	370	463	211	2,097	-	-
Contributions - Buy Back	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
Benefit Payments	(3,560)	(3,475)	(3,700)	(3,713)	(3,168)	(2,657)	(2,063)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	2,214	1,353	3,138	61	3,321	1,075	1,594
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	53,907	52,554	49,416	49,355	46,034	44,959	43,365
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$56,121	\$53,907	\$52,554	\$49,416	\$49,355	\$46,034	\$44,959
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - Employer	\$ 2,089	\$ 1,908	\$ 2,095	\$ 1,542	\$ 834	\$ 1,434	\$ 1,392
Contributions - State	401	368	377	370	337	385	417
Contributions - Member	142	136	117	104	74	63	68
Net Investment Income	3,723	1,671	2,986	3,709	2,985	(1,773)	4,343
Benefit Payments	(3,560)	(3,475)	(3,700)	(3,713)	(3,168)	(2,657)	(2,063)
Administrative Expense	(51)	(55)	(62)	(59)	(54)	(52)	(52)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,744	553	1,813	1,953	1,008	(2,600)	4,105
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	39,698	39,145	37,332	35,379	34,371	36,971	32,866
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$42,442	\$39,698	\$39,145	\$37,332	\$35,379	\$34,371	\$36,971
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	13,679	14,209	13,409	12,084	13,976	11,663	7,988
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	75.63%	73.64%	74.49%	75.55%	71.68%	74.66%	82.23%
Covered Payroll	\$ 6,712	\$ 6,183	\$ 5,756	\$ 5,829	\$ 4,557	\$ 4,987	\$ 4,218
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	203.80%	229.81%	232.96%	207.33%	306.71%	233.87%	189.39%

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years available is presented.

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Firefighters')

Notes to the Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*, except for the 9/30/15 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Changes of Benefit Terms:

For measurement date 9/30/19, changes of benefit terms resulted from provisions of Chapter 112.1816, Florida Statutes, regarding death or disability due to a diagnosis of cancer. The expected deaths and disabilities in line-of-duty were increased from 75% to 90%.

For measurement date 9/30/18, changes of benefit terms resulted from Ordinance 2986, adopted in 2018.

Changes of Assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/20, as required by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality have been changed from to those used in the July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees. Additionally, the investment return was lowered from 7.80% to 7.60%, and rates for early retirement hired pre-01/01/13 have been reduced from 4.5% to 3.0%.

For measurement date 09/30/19, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following changes:

The investment return has been reduced from 7.85% to 7.80%. Rates for early retirement for members pre-07/01/13 reduced from 6.0% to 4.5%.

For measurement date 09/30/18, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following changes:

A 100% retirement probability for the addition of the Normal Retirement Date for members hired after December 31, 2012. The investment return has been reduced from 7.90% to 7.85%. The rates for early retirement members hired prio to January 2013 reduced from 9.0% to 6.0%.

For measurement date 09/30/17, as required by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality have been changed from those in the July 1, 2015 FRS valuation report to those used in the July 1, 2016 FRS valuation report. Additionally, the assumption of investment return was lowered from 7.95% to 7.90% compounded annually, net of investment related expense.

For measurement date 09/30/16, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following changes:

The investment return was lowered from 8.0% to 7.95%. This assumption rate will be reduced annually until it reaches an ultimate rate of 7.75% in the 10/1/20 actuarial valuation. The normal retirement and early retirement rates for members hired before 1/1/13 have been updated based on the experience study dated 10/28/16. The Tier 1 early retirement rates for ages 44 to 49 have been reduced to 9%, and will be reduced annually until it reaches an ultimate rate of 3% is reached in the 10/1/20 actuarial valuation. The termination and salary increase assumptions have been updated to better reflect anticipated future Plan experience. As a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees. Also, the inflation rate was lowered from 3.0% to 2.7%.

For measurement date 09/30/15, the inflation assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 3.0%.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions (General Employees' City Only)

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 2,927	\$ 2,707	\$ 2,590	\$ 2,344	\$ 2,119	\$ 2,160	\$ 1,980
Actuarially Determined Contributions	2,930	2,707	2,590	2,344	2,119	2,088	1,984
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	(3)	-	-	-	-	72	(4)
Covered Payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 17,506	\$ 16,032	\$ 14,740	\$ 13,947	\$ 13,653	\$ 12,852	\$ 12,758
Covered Payroll	16.74%	16.88%	17.57%	16.81%	15.52%	16.25%	15.55%

This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Notes to Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues.

Valuation Date: 10/1/18

General Employees' only includes the City portion.

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is 15 months prior to the expected contribution date.

Prepaid contributions were used to meet the remaining of the actuarially determined contribution for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method: Level Dollar, closed
Remaining Amortization Period: 12 Years (as of 10/01/2019)

Asset Valuation Method: 20% of the difference between FMV and expected

actuarial value

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increase: 4.00% to 6.50%

Interest Rate 7.3%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates specific to type of eligibility condition

Early Retirement Age 55 and 10 years of service

Cost-of-Living Adjustment None

Changes of Benefit Terms:

There have been no changes in benefits since the prior valuation.

Changes of Assumptions:

For 2020, there were no significant assumption changes to calculate the contribution.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions (Police Officers')

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 2,793	\$ 2,554	\$ 2,640	\$ 2,626	\$ 2,464	\$ 2,469	\$2,408
Actuarially Determined Contributions	2,951	2,693	2,717	2,537	2,530	2,428	2,977
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	(158)	(139)	(77)	89	(66)	41	(569)
Covered Payroll	\$ 9,068	\$ 8,550	\$ 7,921	\$ 7,725	\$ 7,506	\$ 7,754	\$6,841
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll	32.54%	31.50%	34.30%	32.84%	33.71%	31.31%	43.52%

This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Notes to Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*, except for the 09/30/15 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Valuation Date: 10/1/19

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method: Level % of pay, closed

Remaining Amortization Period: 30 Years (as of 10/01/2019)

Asset Valuation Method: 4 Year geometric average of market value returns

Salary Increase: Service based

Interest Rate 7.4%, net of investment related expenses

Mortality: PubG.H-2010 and PubS.H-2010, separate assumptions for Healthy

Active Lives, Healthy Inactive Lives, and Disabled Lives

Retirement Age Age 50 and 25 years of credited service

Early Retirement Subsidized benefit - 2% age 40-44, 10% age 45 and older

Cost-of-Living Adjustment 1% increase in benefits annually

Changes of Benefit Terms:

For measurement date 09/30/20, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms was a result of the adoption of Ordinance No. 3027 which made changes. Please see Required Supplementary Information Schedule "Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Police Officers" for details.

Changes of Assumptions:

For measurement dates 09/30/20, 09/30/18 and 09/30/16, the assumed rates of mortality were changed. Please see Required Supplementary Information Schedule "Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Police Officers" for details.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions (Firefighters')

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 2,647	\$ 2,450	\$ 2,286	\$ 2,465	\$ 1,880	\$ 1,774	\$ 1,851
Actuarially Determined Contributions	2,490	2,276	2,472	1,912	1,171	1,819	2,363
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	157	174	(186)	553	709	(45)	(512)
Covered Payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 6,712	\$ 6,183	\$ 5,756	\$ 5,829	\$ 4,557	\$ 4,987	\$ 4,218
Covered Payroll	37.10%	36.81%	42.95%	32.80%	25.70%	36.47%	56.02%

This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Notes to Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*, except for the 09/30/15 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Valuation Date: 10/1/19

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method: Level % of pay, closed
Remaining Amortization Period: 30 Years (as of 10/01/2019)

Asset Valuation Method: 5 Year Smooth

 Inflation:
 2.70%

 Interest Rate
 7.80%

Mortality: PubG.H-2010 and PubS.H-2010, separate assumptions for Healthy

Active Lives, Healthy Inactive Lives, and Disabled Lives

Retirement Age Age 50 and 10 years of service, or any age with 25 years of

credit service

Early Retirement Age 40 with ten years service or age 50 - subsidized benefit

at 10% per year

Cost-of-Living Adjustment None

Changes in Benefit Terms:

For measurement date 9/30/19, changes of benefit terms resulted from provisions of Chapter 112.1816 F.S.

Changes of Assumptions:

For measurement dates 9/30/20, 9/30/18, 9/30/17 and 9/30/16, several assumptions were changed. Please see Required Supplementary Information Schedule "Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Firefighters" for details.

Money-weighted Rate of Return

	General Employees'									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return										
Net of Investment Expense	8.06%	3.53%	7.04%	6.09%	6.09%	1.54%	11.45%			
	Police Officers'									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return										
Net of Investment Expense	9.61%	3.82%	10.42%	10.74%	8.99%	2.29%	9.71%			
	Firefighters'									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return										
Net of Investment Expense	9.42%	4.27%	8.03%	10.75%	8.90%	-4.79%	13.20%			

This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until full 10 year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 402	\$ 531	\$ 544
Interest	267	271	233
Change of benefit terms	1	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	(255)	-
Change of assumptions and other inputs	772	(894)	(270)
Benefit payments	(278)	(323)	(234)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,164	(670)	273
Total OPEB liability - beginning	6,702	7,372	7,099
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 7,866	\$ 6,702	\$ 7,372
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 30,714	\$ 28,415	\$ 26,226
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	25.61%	23.59%	28.11%

Fiscal year 2018 presents information on the Plan's measurement year ended September 30, 2017.

Notes to the Schedule:

Note 1: GASB 75 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for only those years for which information is available.

Note 2: No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75.

Note 3: Significant assumption changes 2020: discount rate decreased to 2.75% from 3.83%.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP BASIS):

- Major Debt Service Fund:
 - o 2016 Revenue Note Debt Service
- Major Capital Projects Fund:
 - o 2016 Revenue Note Capital Project

Non-Major Governmental Funds:

Combining Financial Statements for All Non-major Governmental Funds and Individual Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP Basis) for All Budgeted Nonmajor Governmental Funds

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 2016 REVENUE NOTE DEBT SERVICE For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

	Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Budget - Over (Under)	
REVENUES						
Total Revenues		-				
EXPENDITURES	•	4-	•		•	4-7
General Government Principal Retirement	\$	17 1,270	\$	1,270	\$	17
Interest and Fiscal Charges Professional Fees		1,691		1,691		<u> </u>
Total Expenditures		2,978		2,961		17
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,978)		(2,961)		17
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)						
Transfers In		2,961		2,961		
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		2,961		2,961		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(17)		-		17
Fund Balance - Beginning		17		17		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$	17	\$	17

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 2016 REVENUE NOTE CAPITAL PROJECTS

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)	
REVENUES Investment Income	\$ -	\$ 48	\$ 48	
Total Revenues	-	48	48	
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	7,566	6,939	627	
Total Expenditures	7,566	6,939	627	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,566)	(6,891)	675	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	38	38	<u>-</u>	
Total Other Financing Sources	38	38		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,528)	(6,853)	675	
Fund Balance - Beginning	7,528	7,595	67	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 742	\$ 742	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The City has the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

Budgeted Special Revenue Funds (GAAP Basis)

Local Option Gas Tax

To account for the City's share of the six-cent local option gas tax revenues designated for road improvements and maintenance projects.

Recreation Impact Fee Fund

To account for impact fees collected and spent based on charges to new living units constructed. Revenue is restricted for park acquisition and improvements. Impact fees are assessed based upon City ordinance and adopted pursuant to Florida Law.

Local Option Sales Tax

To account for the City's share of the local option sales tax revenues designated for improvements and infrastructure projects.

Building Division

To account for the collection of building permit revenues and payment of expenditures associated with providing inspection related services.

Mobility Fee Fund

To account for mobility fees collected and spent based on charges to new living units constructed. Revenue is restricted for transportation improvements. Mobility fees are assessed based upon City ordinance and replace the transportation impact fee program.

State Housing Initiative Program

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the State Housing Initiative Program with funding provided by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation. These funds are used to provide down payment assistance, housing rehabilitation, foreclosure prevention, and rental deposit assistance.

Victims of Crime Act Grant

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the U.S. DOJ grant established under the 1984 Victims of Crime Act awarded for the various prevention programs.

Justice Assistance Grant

To account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the U. S. Department of Justice (DOJ), Bureau of Justice Assistance, Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) program which allows states and local governments to support a broad range of activities to prevent and control crime and to improve the criminal justice system.

Paving Assessments

To account for the costs associated with paving projects. One-third of the project costs are paid by the Gas Tax Fund while the remaining two-thirds are assessed to property owners.

Charter School

To account for the funds received from the Osceola County School District and related expenditures to the management firm that operates the City's charter school.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CONTINUED

CARES Act Relief

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the U.S. Department of the Treasury COVID-19 assistance..

Neighborhood Stabilization and HOME

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) housing assistance programs to qualifying low-income families.

Community Development Block Grant

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the U.S. Department of HUD Community Development Block Grant.

W Oak Street Improvement Grant

To account for the revenues and expenditures related to the LAP Agreement with the FDOT to provide for the construction of improvement along West Oak Street.

Non-Budgeted Special Revenue Funds

Section 8 HAPP

To account for expenditures associated with various housing related projects.

Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Trust

To account for excise tax imposed on homeowners' insurance premiums collected by the State of Florida Department of Revenue and remitted to the City. These tax revenues are to be used as retirement contributions to Police and Firefighters' Pension plans.

Supplementary Care

To account for revenue received from individuals buying supplementary care in the City cemetery. Interest can be transferred to the General Fund to defray the cost of cemetery operations and maintenance.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The City has the following nonmajor debt service funds:

Budgeted Debt Service Funds (GAAP Basis)

FmHA Bond

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 1980 and 1981 Excise Tax Revenue Bonds. Occupational license revenue is pledged for payment of these bonds. Transfers are made from the General Fund.

2015B Refunding Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2015B Refunding Note to refund the 2004 CRA Revenue Note. Tax increment financing revenues are used for annual debt service payments.

2014A Revenue Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2014A Revenue Note. Monies from the one-cent sales tax are used for annual debt service payments.

Series 2017 Revenue Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2017 Revenue Note. Monies from the one-cent sales tax are used for annual debt service payments.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CONTINUED

2010A Refunding Revenue Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2010A Refunding Revenue Note to advance refund the 2005 Revenue Note. Monies from the one-cent sales tax are used for annual debt service payments.

2010B Refunding Revenue Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2010B Refunding Revenue Note. Monies from the Local Option sales tax are used for annual debt service payments.

2010C Refunding Revenue Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2010C Refunding Revenue Note. Monies from the Local Option gas tax are used for annual debt service payments.

2011B Capital Refunding Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2011B Capital Refunding Note. Revenue received from Local Option sales tax is used for annual debt service payments.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital outlay. The City has the following capital projects funds:

Budgeted Capital Projects Fund (GAAP Basis)

2014A Note Capital Project

To account for the proceeds of the 2014A Revenue Note to be used for Lakefront Park and road improvement projects.

2010C Note Capital Project

To account for the proceeds of the 2010C Revenue Note to be used for road improvement projects.

Lakefront Sales Tax 2009A Capital Project Fund

To account for the proceeds of the 2009A Revenue Note to be used for the construction of projects in the Lakefront Restoration Project.

2018 Line of Credit

To account for the proceeds of the 2018 Line of Credit Direct Borrowing to be used for various improvement projects.

2017 Note Capital Projects

To account for the proceeds of the 2017 Commercial Note to be used for various improvement projects.

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CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Investments Due from TWA Due from Other Governments	\$	25,856 1,486 5 2,070	\$	3,306 - -	\$	1,696	\$	29,162 3,182 5 2,070
Total Assets	\$	29,417	\$	3,306	\$	1,696	\$	34,419
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	-		=	,		,		
Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds	\$	1,340 27 - 534	\$	3,264 -	\$	51 - - -	\$	1,391 27 3,264 534
Revenue Collected in Advance Total Liabilities		529 2.430	_	3.264			-	529 5.745
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Earned Revenues		537		- 3,204				537
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		537		-		-		537
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Supplementary Care Restricted for Transportation Projects Restricted for Development Services Restricted for Economic Development Restricted for Recreation Projects Restricted for Charter School Restricted for Construction Projects Restricted for Other Capital Improvements Assigned for Debt Service Unassigned (Deficit) Total Fund Balances		1,059 9,190 6,646 203 1,716 3,105 - 4,975 - (444) 26,450		- - - - - - - 42		1,645	_	1,059 9,190 6,646 203 1,716 3,105 1,645 4,975 42 (444) 28,137
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund			_		-	.,010	_	
Balances	\$	29,417	\$	3,306	\$	1,696	\$	34,419

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	9,573	\$	-	\$ -	\$	9,573
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments		3,034		-	-		3,034
Intergovernmental Revenues Charges for Services		7,971 89		-	-		7,971 89
Investment Income		662		_	28		690
Miscellaneous Revenues		140		-	-		140
Total Revenues		21,469		-	28		21,497
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		5,912		-	-		5,912
Public Safety		5,168		-	-		5,168
Transportation Economic Environment		2,834 997		-	-		2,834 997
Culture/Recreation		571		-	-		571
Capital Outlay		-		_	3,505		3,505
Debt Service:					,		,
Principal Retirement		-		2,910	-		2,910
Interest and Fiscal Charges		=	_	1,091			1,091
Total Expenditures		15,482	_	4,001	3,505		22,988
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		5,987	_	(4,001)	(3,477)		(1,491)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES and (USES)							
Transfers In		966		4,001	-		4,967
Transfers (Out)	_	(6,503)	_				(6,503)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(5,537)	_	4,001			(1,536)
Net Change in Fund Balances		450		-	(3,477)		(3,027)
Fund Balances - Beginning		26,000	_	42	5,122		31,164
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	26,450	\$	42	\$ 1,645	\$	28,137

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

		Local Option Gas Tax	_	Recreation Impact Fee Fund		Local Option Sales Tax	Building Division
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Investments	\$	3,411	\$	1,637	\$	4,607	\$ 6,676 -
Due from TWA Due from Other Governments	_	5 203		102	_	1,173	
Total Assets	\$	3,619	\$	1,739	\$	5,780	\$ 6,676
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable Contracts Payable	\$	328 15	\$	109 12	\$	559 -	\$ 30
Due to Other Funds Revenue Collected in Advance		- -		- -	-	23	 - -
Total Liabilities		343		121		582	30
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Earned Revenues				102		23	<u>-</u> .
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		102		23	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Supplementary Care Restricted for Transportation Projects		- 3,276		- -		- -	- -
Restricted for Development Services Restricted for Economic Development Restricted for Recreation Projects		- -		- - 1,516		- - 200	6,646 - -
Restricted for Charter School Restricted for Other Capital		-		-		-	-
Improvements Unassigned (Deficit)		- -		-		4,975 	 <u> </u>
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	3,276		1,516		5,175	 6,646
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	3,619	\$	1,739	\$	5,780	\$ 6,676

 Mobility Fee Fund		State Housing Initiative Program	_	Victim of Crime Act	 Justice Assistance Grant	Paving Assessments	
\$ 5,914	\$	199	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
-		-		-	-	-	
-		-		4	34	-	
\$ 5,914	\$	199	\$	4	\$ 34	\$ -	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1	\$ -	
-		-		6	34	-	
-		-		-	-	-	
-	_	-	_	6	35		
-		-		-	34	-	
-		-		-	34		
_		_		_	_	_	
5,914		-		-	-	-	
-		-		-	-	-	
-		199		-	-	-	
-		-		-	-	-	
-		_		_	_	-	
	_		_	(2)	(35)		
5,914		199		(2)	(35)		
\$ 5,914	\$	199	\$	4	\$ 34	\$ -	

Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	Charter School	 CARES Act Relief	 Neighborhood Stabilization and Home	 Community Development Block Grant
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Investments Due from TWA	\$ 1,805 1,486	\$ 485 - -	\$ 34 - -	\$ 25 - -
Due from Other Governments	-	101	113	193
Total Assets	\$ 3,291	\$ 586	\$ 147	\$ 218
LIABILITIES	_		_	_
Accounts Payable Contracts Payable	\$ 186	\$ 48	\$ -	\$ 22
Due to Other Funds Revenue Collected in Advance	<u>-</u>	 101 529	 46 -	 233
Total Liabilities	186	678	46	255
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Earned Revenues		 	 113_	 118
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	-	113	118
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Supplementary Care Restricted for Transportation Projects Restricted for Development Services Restricted for Economic Development Restricted for Recreation Projects Restricted for Charter School Restricted for Other Capital Improvements	- - - - 3,105	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
Unassigned (Deficit)		 (92)	(12)	 (155)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	3,105	 (92)	 (12)	(155)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$ 3,291	\$ 586	\$ 147	\$ 218

	W Oak Street Improvement Grant	Sec	tion 8 HAPP Fund	 Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Trust	Su	oplementary Care	_	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	-	\$	4	\$ -	\$	1,059	\$	
	-		-	-		-		1,486
	- 147		-	-		-		5 2,070
\$	147	\$	4	\$ _	\$	1,059	\$	
\$	57	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,340 27
	91		- - -	 - - -		- - -		534 529
_	148			 			_	2,430
	147		-	_		_		537
_	147			 			_	537
	-		-	-		1,059		1,059 9,190
	_		_	_		_		6,646
	-		4	-		-		203
	-		-	-		-		1,716
	-		-	-		-		3,105
	- (148)		-	-		-		4,975 (444)
	(148)		4	-		1,059		26,450
\$	147	\$	4	\$ 	\$	1,059	\$	29,417

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMA IOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020
(In Thousands)

Permits, Fees and Special Assessments - 318 Intergovernmental Revenues - - Charges for Services 16 - Investment Income 87 35 Miscellaneous Revenues - - Total Revenues 2,628 353 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government - -	tion ax
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments - 318 Intergovernmental Revenues - - Charges for Services 16 - Investment Income 87 35 Miscellaneous Revenues - - Total Revenues 2,628 353 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government - - Public Safety - - Transportation 2,070 - Economic Environment - -	
Intergovernmental Revenues - - Charges for Services 16 - Investment Income 87 35 Miscellaneous Revenues - - Total Revenues 2,628 353 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government - - Public Safety - - Transportation 2,070 - Economic Environment - -	,048
Charges for Services 16 - Investment Income 87 35 Miscellaneous Revenues - - Total Revenues 2,628 353 EXPENDITURES Current: - - General Government - - Public Safety - - Transportation 2,070 - Economic Environment - -	-
Investment Income 87 35 Miscellaneous Revenues - - Total Revenues 2,628 353 7 EXPENDITURES State of the contract of	76
Total Revenues 2,628 353 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government - - Public Safety - - Transportation 2,070 - Economic Environment - -	136
EXPENDITURES Current:	-
Current: General Government	,260
Public Safety	
Transportation 2,070 - Economic Environment	877
Economic Environment	,406
	526
	284
Total Expenditures 2,070 287	,093
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 558 66	,167
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES and (USES)	
Transfers In 502 -	106
Transfers (Out)(911)(132)(4	,372)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses) (409) (132) (4	,266)
Net Change in Fund Balances 149 (66)	(99)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning3,1271,582	,274
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Ending \$ 3,276 \$ 1,516 \$,175

 Building Division	Mobility Fee Fund	State Housing Initiative Program	Victim of Crime Act	Justice Assistance Grant	Paving Assessments
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
1,295	1,395	-	-	-	26
73	-	140	34	-	-
73 154	134	4	-	-	-
-	-	29	_	_	_
1,522	1,529	173	34	-	26
4 770	-	-	-	-	-
1,773	23	-	75	331	24
-	-	282	-	-	-
 -					
 1,773	23	282	75	331	24
 (251)	1,506	(109)	(41)	(331)	2
40	_	_	20	291	<u>-</u>
 	(443)				(2)
40	(443)		20	291	(2)
(211)	1,063	(109)	(21)	(40)	-
6,857	4,851	308	19	5	
\$ 6,646	\$ 5,914	\$ 199	\$ (2)	\$ (35)	\$ -

Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Charter School	CARES Act Relief	Neighborhood Stabilization and Home	Community Development Block Grant
REVENUES				
Taxes Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental Revenues	5,751	76	-	368
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-
Investment Income Miscellaneous Revenues	79 -	9	71	- -
Total Revenues	5,830	85	71	368
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	5.005			
General Government Public Safety	5,035	101	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-
Economic Environment Culture/Recreation	-	76	181	458
Total Expenditures	5,035	177	181	458
•	5,033			430
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	795	(92)	(110)	(90)
OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES and (USES) Transfers In			7	
Transfers (Out)	(643)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing				
Sources and (Uses)	(643)		7	
Net Change in Fund Balances	152	(92)	(103)	(90)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning	2,953		91	(65)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Ending	\$ 3,105	\$ (92)	\$ (12)	\$ (155)

_	W Oak Street Improvement Grant	Section 8 HAPP Fund	Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Trust	Supplementary Care	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,573
	-	-	-	-	3,034
	44	-	1,482	-	7,971
	-	-	-	24	89 662
	-	-	-	40	140
_			4 400	· 	
	44		1,482	64_	21,469
	-	-	-	-	5,912
	-	-	1,482	-	5,168
	191	-	-	-	2,834
	-	-	-	-	997
_				<u> </u>	571
_	191		1,482	- <u>-</u>	15,482
	(147)			64_	5,987
	-	_	-	_	966
_				- -	(6,503)
					(5,537)
	(147)	-	-	64	450
	(1)	4		995	26,000
\$	(148)	\$ 4	\$ -	\$ 1,059	\$ 26,450

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

LOCAL OPTION GAS TAX
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020
(In Thousands)

		Actual Amounts		Variance with Budget - Over (Under)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	2,827	\$ 2,52	5 \$	(302)
Charges for Services		2	1	6	14
Investment Income		20	8	7	67
Miscellaneous Revenues		1_			(1)
Total Revenues		2,850	2,62	8	(222)
EXPENDITURES					
Transportation		5,120	2,07	0	3,050
Capital Outlay		_			-
Total Expenditures		5,120	2,07	0	3,050
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,270)	55	8	2,828
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)					
Transfers In		505	50	2	(3)
Transfers (Out)		(920)	(91	1)	9
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(415)	(40	9)	6
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,685)	14	9	2,834
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		2,685	3,12	7	442
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$		\$ 3,27	6 \$	3,276

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RECREATION IMPACT FEE FUND

	Budget		 Actual Amounts		iance with lget - Over Under)
REVENUES					
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$	400	\$ 318	\$	(82)
Intergovernmental Revenues		732	-		(732)
Investment Income		15	 35		20
Total Revenues		1,147	 353		(794)
EXPENDITURES					
Culture/Recreation		2,121	287		1,834
Capital Outlay		<u> </u>	_		_
Total Expenditures		2,121	 287		1,834
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(974)	 66		1,040
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)					
Transfers In		-	-		-
Transfers (Out)		(132)	 (132)		-
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(132)	 (132)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,106)	(66)		1,040
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		1,106	 1,582		476
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$		\$ 1,516	\$	1,516

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

		Budget	Actual Amounts		Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	8,638	\$ 7,048	\$	(1,590)
Intergovernmental Revenues		-	76		76
Investment Income		50	 136	_	86
Total Revenues		8,688	 7,260		(1,428)
EXPENDITURES					
General Government		4,480	877		3,603
Public Safety		2,037	1,406		631
Transportation		2,316	526		1,790
Culture/Recreation		1,074	284		790
Capital Outlay		-	-		-
Debt Service:	-		 	_	
Total Expenditures		9,907	 3,093	_	6,814
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,219)	 4,167	_	5,386
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)					
Transfers In		106	106		-
Transfers (Out)		(4,471)	(4,372)		99
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(4,365)	 (4,266)	_	99
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,584)	(99)		5,485
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		5,584	 5,274		(310)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$		\$ 5,175	\$	5,175

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUILDING DIVISION

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$ 2,035	5 \$ 1,295	\$ (740)
Charges for Services	89	73	(16)
Investment Income	85	154	69
Total Revenues	2,209	1,522	(687)
EXPENDITURES			
Public Safety	8,551	1,773	6,778
Capital Outlay		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	8,551	1,773	6,778
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,342	(251)	6,091
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)			
Transfers In	40	40	<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	40	40	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,302	(211)	6,091
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	6,302	6,857	555
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$	\$ 6,646	\$ 6,646

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MOBILITY FEE FUND

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Buc	iance with lget - Over Under)
REVENUES				
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$ 954	\$ 1,395	\$	441
Charges for Services	5	-		(5)
Investment Income	 50	 134		84
Total Revenues	 1,009	 1,529		520
EXPENDITURES				
Transportation	5,087	23		5,064
Capital Outlay	 _	 		
Total Expenditures	 5,087	 23		5,064
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (4,078)	 1,506		5,584
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)				
Transfers (Out)	 (443)	 (443)		
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 (443)	 (443)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,521)	1,063		5,584
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 4,521	 4,851		330
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 	\$ 5,914	\$	5,914

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STATE HOUSING INITIATIVE PROGRAM

	E	Budget		Actual Amounts	Bu	riance with dget - Over (Under)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	140	\$	140	\$	-
Investment Income		1		4		3
Miscellaneous Revenues	-			29		29
Total Revenues		141		173		32
EXPENDITURES						
Economic Environment		447		282		165
Total Expenditures		447		282		165
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(306)		(109)		197
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)						
Transfers In		_		-		-
Transfers (Out)		_				
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)					-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(306)		(109)		197
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		306		308		2
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$	_	\$	199	\$	199

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE VICTIM OF CRIME ACT

	Bu	dget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	54 \$	34	\$ (20)
Total Revenues		54	34	(20)
EXPENDITURES				
Public Safety		77	75	2
Total Expenditures		77	75	2
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(23)	(41)	(18)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Transfers In		23	20	(2)
				(3)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		23	20	(3)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(21)	(21)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning			19	19
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$	\$	(2)	\$ (2)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE JUSTICE ASSISTANCE GRANT

	E	Budget	 Actual Amounts	 riance with dget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	35	\$ 	\$ (35)
Total Revenues		35	 	 (35)
EXPENDITURES				
Public Safety		332	 331	 1
Total Expenditures		332	331	 1
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(297)	 (331)	 (34)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)				
Transfers In		293	 291	 (2)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		293	 291	 (2)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4)	(40)	(36)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		4	 5	 1_
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$	-	\$ (35)	\$ (35)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PAVING ASSESSMENTS

	B	udget	 ctual nounts	Variand Budget (Un	- Over
REVENUES					
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments Investment Income	\$	28	\$ 26 -	\$	(2)
Total Revenues		28	 26		(2)
EXPENDITURES					
Transportation		25	24		1
Bad Debt			 		
Total Expenditures		25	 24		1_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		3	 2		(1)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)					
Transfers (Out)		(3)	 (2)		1
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(3)	 (2)		1_
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning			 		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$		\$ 	\$	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CHARTER SCHOOL

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 5,798	\$ 5,751	. ,
Investment Income	45	79	34
Total Revenues	5,843	5,830	(13)
EXPENDITURES			
General Government	7,962	5,035	2,927
Operating Reserves			
Total Expenditures	7,962	5,035	2,927
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,119)	795	2,914
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)			
Transfers (Out)	(643)	(643)	
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(643)	(643)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,762)	152	2,914
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	2,762	2,953	191
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ 3,105	\$ 3,105

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CARES ACT RELIEF

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 605	\$ 76	\$ (529)
Investment Income	 -	 9	 9
Total Revenues	 605	 85	 (520)
EXPENDITURES			
Public Safety	101	101	-
Economic Environment	 504	 76	 428
Total Expenditures	 605	 177	 428
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(92)	(92)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 -	 	 <u>-</u>
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 	\$ (92)	\$ (92)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION AND HOME

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Investment Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Miscellaneous Revenues	313	71	(242)
Total Revenues	313	71	(242)
EXPENDITURES			
Economic Environment	1,060	181	879
Capital Outlay			
Total Expenditures	1,060	181	879
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(747)	(110)	637
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)			
Transfers In	7	7	
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	7	7	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(740)	(103)	637
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	740	91	(649)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ (12)	\$ (12)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts		Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 1,088	\$ 368	\$	(720)
Total Revenues	 1,088	 368		(720)
EXPENDITURES				
Economic Environment	 1,592	 458		1,134
Total Expenditures	 1,592	 458		1,134
Net Change in Fund Balance	(504)	(90)		414
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 504	 (65)	_	(569)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ (155)	\$	(155)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE W OAK STREET IMPROVEMENT GRANT

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 3,380	\$ 44	\$ (3,336)
Total Revenues	 3,380	 44	 (3,336)
EXPENDITURES			
Transportation	 3,397	 191	 3,206
Total Expenditures	 3,397	 191	 3,206
Net Change in Fund Balance	(17)	(147)	(130)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 17	 (1)	 (18)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 	\$ (148)	\$ (148)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	 FmHA Bond	2015B Refunding Note	2014A Revenue Note	Series 2017 Revenue Note	2010A Refunding Revenue Note
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 42	\$ 239	\$ 508	\$ 	\$ 870
Total Assets	\$ 42	\$ 239	\$ 508	\$ 	\$ 870
LIABILITIES					
Accrued Liabilities	\$ 	\$ 239	\$ 508	\$ 	\$ 870
Total Liabilities	 	239	 508	 -	 870
FUND BALANCE Assigned for Debt Service	 42	_	_		 <u> </u>
Total Fund Balances	 42			 	 <u> </u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 42	\$ 239	\$ 508	\$ 	\$ 870

_	2010B Refunding Revenue Note		2010C Refunding Revenue Note		2011B Capital Refunding Note		Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
\$	687	\$	242	\$	718	\$	3,306
\$	687	\$	242	\$	718	\$	3,306
\$	687	\$	242	\$	718	\$	3,264
_	687	_	242	_	718	_	3,264
	-		-		-		42
	-		_		_		42
\$	687	\$	242	\$	718	\$	3,306

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	 FmHA Bond	2015B Refunding Note	2014A Revenue Note	Series 2017 Revenue Note	2010A Refunding Revenue Note
REVENUES					
Investment Income	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Revenues	 -				
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Principal Retirement	25	195	395	-	815
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 4	87	227	330	109
Total Expenditures	 29	282	622	330	924
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (29)	(282)	(622)	(330)	(924)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Transfers In	 29	282	622	330	924
Total Other Financing Sources And (Uses)	 29	282	622	330	924
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances - Beginning	 42				
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 42	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

_	2010B Refunding Revenue Note	2010C Refunding Revenue Note	2011B Capital Refunding Note	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
_				·
	630 113	205 74	645 147	2,910 1,091
	743	279	792	4,001
_	(743)	(279)	(792)	(4,001)
	743	279	792	4,001
	743	279	792	4,001
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	42
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

FmHA BOND

	E	Budget	 Actual Amounts	Bud	ance with get - Over Jnder)
REVENUES			 		
Total Revenues		-	 		
EXPENDITURES General Government Debt Service	\$	42	\$ -	\$	42
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges		25 4	 25 4		-
Total Expenditures		71	 29		42
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(71)	 (29)		42
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In		29	 29		
Total Other Financing Sources		29	 29		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(42)	-		42
Fund Balance - Beginning		42	 42		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	_	\$ 42	\$	42

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

2015B REFUNDING NOTE For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Total Revenues		<u> </u>	-	
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$ 199 87	5 \$	195 87	\$ - -
Total Expenditures	282	<u> </u>	282	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(282	2)	(282)	 -
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				

282

282

- \$

282

282

Transfers In

Total Other Financing Sources

Net Change in Fund Balance

Fund Balance - Beginning

Fund Balance - Ending

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

2014A REVENUE NOTE For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES		 	
Total Revenues	 -	 	
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$ 395 227	\$ 395 227	\$ -
Total Expenditures	 622	622	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (622)	 (622)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	 622	 622	
Total Other Financing Sources	 622	 622	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning	 -	 	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

2017 REVENUE NOTE For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	E	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES	¢.		Φ	r.
Investment Income Total Revenues	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$ -	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES Interest and Fiscal Charges		480	330	150
Total Expenditures		480	330	150
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(480)	(330)	150
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In		480	330	(150)
Total Other Financing Sources		480	330	(150)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning				<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$ -	\$ -

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 2010A REFUNDING REVENUE NOTE For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)	
REVENUES	r.	r.	r.	
Investment Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Total Revenues		·		
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Principal Retirement	815	815	-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	109	109		
Total Expenditures	924	924		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(924)	(924)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	924	924		
Total Other Financing Sources	924	924		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	
Fund Balance - Beginning				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	

BUDGETARY COMPARISÓN SCHEDULE 2010B REFUNDING REVENUE NOTE For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	B	Budget		Actual mounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)	
REVENUES						
Total Revenues						
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$	630 113	\$	630 113	\$	- -
Total Expenditures		743		743	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(743)		(743)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In		743		743		
Total Other Financing Sources		743		743		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning						
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$		\$	

BUDGETARY COMPARISÓN SCHEDULE 2010C REFUNDING REVENUE NOTE For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual Amounts	ariance with udget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Total Revenues			 	
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$	205 74	\$ 205 74	\$ - -
Total Expenditures		279	 279	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(279)	 (279)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In		279	 279	
Total Other Financing Sources		279	 279	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning			 	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$ 	\$

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 2011B CAPITAL REFUNDING NOTE

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Budge	nce with et - Over nder)
REVENUES		 		
Total Revenues	 _	 		
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$ 645 147	\$ 645 147	\$	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	 792	 792		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (792)	 (792)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	 792	 792		
Total Other Financing Sources	 792	 792		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning	 -	 		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$	

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

		2014A Note Capital Project		2010C Note Capital Project		Lakefront Sales Tax 2009A Capital Project		2018 Line of Credit
ASSETS								
Restricted Assets	Φ.	100	Ф	4.4	Φ	0	Φ.	004
Restricted Cash and Investments	\$	160	Ф	14	\$	2	\$	684
Total Restricted Assets	_	160	_	14	_	2	_	684
LIABILITIES				_	-			
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	51
Total Liabilities					_			51
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for Construction Projects		160		14	_	2		633
Total Fund Balances		160		14		2		633
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	160	\$	14	\$	2	\$	684
			_		_	_	_	_

2017 Not Capital Project		 Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
\$ 8	336	\$ 1,696
	336	 1,696
\$	-	\$ 51
	-	 51
	336	 1,645
	336	 1,645
\$ 8	336	\$ 1,696

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	 2014A Note Capital Project	 2010C Note Capital Project	_	Lakefront Sales Tax 2009A Capital Project	 2018 Line of Credit
REVENUES Investment Income	\$ 3	\$ 	\$		\$ 6
Total Revenues	3	_		_	6
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	 505	 	_		 3,000
Total Expenditures	505	_		_	3,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(502)	-		-	(2,994)
Fund Balances - Beginning	662	14		2	3,627
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 160	\$ 14	\$	2	\$ 633

 2017 Note Capital Project	 Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
\$ 19	\$ 28
 19	 28
 <u>-</u>	 3,505 3,505
19	(3,477)
 817	 5,122
\$ 836	\$ 1,645

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 2014A NOTE CAPITAL PROJECT For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	-	ariance with dudget - Over (Under)
REVENUES Investment Income	\$ _	\$ 3	\$	3
Total Revenues	 -	 3		3
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	 657	 505		152
Total Expenditures	 657	 505		152
Net Change in Fund Balance	(657)	(502)		155
Fund Balance - Beginning	 657	 662		5
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 160	\$	160

BUDGETARY COMPARISÓN SCHEDULE

2010C NOTE CAPITAL PROJECT For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES Investment Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Revenues			
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	14	<u> </u>	14
Total Expenditures	14		14
Net Change in Fund Balance	(14)	-	14
Fund Balance - Beginning	14	14	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 14	\$ 14

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

LAKEFRONT SALES TAX 2009A CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	Budget	<u> </u>	Actual Amounts	Budge	nce with et - Over nder)
REVENUES Investment Income	\$	_	\$ -	\$	
Total Revenues	Ψ	-	<u>Ψ</u> -	Ψ	<u> </u>
EXPENDITURES Culture and Recreation Capital Outlay		2	_		2
Total Expenditures		2	_		2
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2)	-		2
Fund Balance - Beginning		2	2		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	_	\$ 2	\$	2

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

2018 LINE OF CREDIT For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES	Φ.	Ф О	.
Investment Income	\$ -	\$ 6	\$ 6
Total Revenues		6	6
EXPENDITURES General Government Capital Outlay	6 3,588	3,000	6 588
Total Expenditures	3,594	3,000	594
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,594)	(2,994)	600
Fund Balance - Beginning	3,594	3,627	33
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 633	\$ 633

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 2017 NOTE CAPITAL PROJECTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

(In Thousands)

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES	Φ.	f 40	. 40
Investment Income	\$ -	\$ 19	\$ 19
Total Revenues		19	19_
EXPENDITURES General Government Capital Outlay	16 796	-	16 796
Total Expenditures	812	-	812
Net Change in Fund Balance	(812)	19	831
Fund Balance - Beginning	812	817	5
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 836	\$ 836

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The City has three internal service funds. These funds are used to accumulate costs related to various activities and charge them back to user departments. They are as follows:

Central Services

This fund accounts for costs associated with central services which include information technology, purchasing, warehouse, garage, building maintenance, and printing. Charges for services to other departments are based on actual costs incurred.

Health Insurance

This fund accounts for the City's self-funded employee health insurance plan. Costs include insurance costs, self-insurance claims expenses, and administrative costs. Charges for services are made to other departments based on estimated premiums.

Risk Management

This fund accounts for the City's risk management program. Costs include all insurance costs, self-insurance claims expenses, and administrative costs. Charges for services are made to other departments based on estimated premiums.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

		Central Services		Health Insurance	Risk Management		Total
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	983	\$	552	\$ 6,084	\$	7,619
Accounts Receivable (net)		_		1	-		1
Due from Other Governments		191		-	-		191
Due from TWA		85		15	481		581 1
Prepaids Inventories		141		-	1		141
Total Current Assets		1,400		568	6,566		8,534
Capital Assets:		1,400	_	300	0,300		0,004
Buildings		289		_	_		289
Improvements Other Than Buildings		3,584		91	528		4,203
Software, Net		3		-	-		3
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles		2,782		36	120		2,938
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(4,752)		(28)	(236)		(5,016)
Total Capital Assets		1,906		99	412		2,417
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		57		-	-		57
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		286					286
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		343					343
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts Payable		495		-	-		495
Compensated Absences Payable		38		-	-		38
Other Postemployment Benefits Current		18		-	-		18
Estimated Claims Payable	-	-		274	1,981		2,255
Total current liabilities	-	551		274	1,981		2,806
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated Absences Payable		152		-	-		152
Other Postemployment Benefits Net Pension Liability		433		-	-		433 1,709
Estimated Claims Payable		1,709		274	1,981		2,255
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,294		274	1,981		4,549
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,234		217	1,901		7,579
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		57		_	_		57
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		15		_	_		15
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		72	-				72
NET POSITION	-	·					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,848		99	412		2,359
Unrestricted		(1,116)		20	2,604		1,508
Total Net Position	\$	732	\$	119	\$ 3,016	\$	3,867
Total 116t I Osition	Ψ	102	Ψ	113	Ψ 5,010	Ψ	3,007

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	 Central Services		Health Insurance	Risk Management		Total
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 7,941 203	\$	9,855 1	\$ 2,620	\$	\$ 20,416 204
Total Operating Revenues	 8,144		9,856	2,620	_	20,620
Operating Expenses: Personal Services Contracted Services Supplies and Materials Repairs and Maintenance Other Services and Charges Depreciation Claims/Premium Expense	3,290 335 110 2,497 1,447 554 120		1,698 73 - 1 5 7,607	15 8 5 189 230 103 2,806		3,305 2,041 188 2,686 1,678 662 10,533
Total Operating Expenses	 8,353		9,384	3,356		21,093
Operating Income (Loss)	 (209)		472	(736)		(473)
Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses: Investment Income Insurance Recoveries Gain or (Loss) from Sale of Capital Assets	 16 - 5	_	- - -	130 606 -		146 606 5
Total Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses	 21			736		757
Change in Net Position	(188)		472	-		284
Total Net Position - Beginning	920		(353)	3,016		3,583
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 732	\$	119	\$ 3,016	\$	3,867

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2020 (In Thousands)

	_	entral rvices		lealth surance	Man	Risk agement		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers	\$	8,319 (4,584)	\$	9,889 (9,191)	\$	2,369 (2,699)	\$	20,577 (16,474)
Payments to Employees Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(3,198) 537		698		(15)	_	(3,213) 890
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers in		_		_		_		_
Transfers (out) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital				(146)				(146)
Financing Activities				(146)				(146)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Acquisition/Construction of Capital Assets Capital Contributions Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets		(760) - 5		-		(237)		(997) - 5
Proceeds from Insurance Recoveries Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital				<u>-</u>		606		606
and Related Financing Activities		(755)				369	_	(386)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment Income		16_				130		146
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		16		-		130		146
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(202)		552		154		504
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,185				5,930	_	7,115
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	983	\$	552	\$	6,084	\$	7,619
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	Ф	(200)	c	470	Ф	(720)	Ф	(472)
Operating Income (Loss) Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	\$	(209) 554	\$	472 5	\$	(736) 103	\$	(473) 662
(Increase) Decrease in Due from TWA (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		70 -		34 (1)		(251)		(147) (1)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories (Increase) Decrease in Due From Other Governments		(22) 105		-		-		(22) 105
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows OPEB (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows Pensions Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(41) (73) (53)		-		-		(41) (73) (53)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable				188		539		(33) - 727
Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		67 22		-		-		67 22
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows OPEB		139 (10)		-		-		139 (10)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows Pensions Total Adjustments		(12) 746	_	226		391	_	(12) 1,363
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	537	\$	698	\$	(345)	\$	890

City of Kissimmee, Florida Statistical Section September 30, 2020

This part of the City of Kissimmee, Florida's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs

<u>Sources</u>: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.

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Schedule 1 City of Kissimmee, Florida

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (accrual basis of accounting) (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental activities										
Net investment										
in capital assets	\$ 127,332	\$ 130,537	\$ 137,945	\$ 148,239	\$ 163,458	\$ 159,525	\$ 171,862	\$ 160,750	\$ 168,706	\$ 178,154
Restricted	16,573	17,963	14,019	12,220	16,865	20,474	21,469	26,878	32,621	33,231
Unrestricted	12,589	16,872	19,796	25,233	(5,079)	(3,698)	(2,528)	(4,692)	125	(3,503)
Total governmental										
activities net position	\$ 156,494	\$ 165,372	\$ 171,760	\$ 185,692	\$ 175,244	\$ 176,301	\$ 190,803	\$ 182,936	\$ 201,452	\$ 207,882
Business-type activities										
Net investment	0 04 004	0 04 400	6 07 074	© 44.055	£ 40.050	£ 40.400	A 40 705	£ 40.005	£ 40.055	£ 40.004
in capital assets Restricted	\$ 31,091 101	\$ 34,488 1,383	\$ 37,374 388	\$ 41,655 12	\$ 42,959 488	\$ 42,126 24	\$ 43,725	\$ 49,095 36	\$ 49,355 73	\$ 49,204 69
Unrestricted		2,842		4,509	1,858	2,996	1,879		3,277	
	4,896	2,042	3,549	4,509	1,000	2,990	1,079	1,874	3,211	4,273
Total business-type		0 00 740		0 10 170		0 45 440			. 50 705	. 50.540
activities net position	\$ 36,088	\$ 38,713	\$ 41,311	\$ 46,176	\$ 45,305	\$ 45,146	\$ 45,604	\$ 51,005	\$ 52,705	\$ 53,546
Primary government										
Net investment										
in capital assets	\$ 158,423	\$ 165,025	\$ 175,319	\$ 189,894	\$ 206,417	\$ 201,651	\$ 215,587	\$ 209,845	\$ 218,061	\$ 227,358
Restricted	16,674	19,346	14,407	12,232	17,353	20,498	21,469	26,914	32,694	33,300
Unrestricted	17,485	19,714	23,345	29,742	(3,221)	(702)	(649)	(2,818)	3,402	770
Total primary government	,				(-,)	(1.0-)	(0.10)	(2,010)		
net position	\$ 192,582	\$ 204,085	\$ 213,071	\$ 231,868	\$ 220,549	\$ 221,447	\$ 236,407	\$ 233,941	\$ 254,157	\$ 261,428
росион	ψ .52,002	Ψ =0 1,000	Ψ = .5,011	Ψ <u>=</u> 01,000	Ψ ==0,040	Ψ == 1, ++1	Ψ <u>200,401</u>	Ψ <u></u> 00,041	Ψ =01,107	ψ <u>_</u> 31,420

Schedule 2 City of Kissimmee, Florida

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (accrual basis of accounting) (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	_	2018		2019		2020
Expenses																			
Governmental activities:																			
General government	\$ 29.09	5 \$	29.314	\$	32.203	\$	34.892	\$	32.649	\$	38.386	\$	37.622	\$	38.402	\$	41.436	\$	48.354
Public safety	30,98		30.865	*	31.600	-	32,134	_	33.644	-	36,631	-	40.187	-	39,039	-	42,946	_	45,599
Physical environment	,	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transportation	6.96	6	5.883		6.559		7.738		8,437		18,435		6.651		10.834		13.908		8.049
Economic environment	1,93	9	845		1,526		1,053		962		389		1,103		1,944		1,302		997
Culture/Recreation	4,77		5,924		5,430		5,499		4,255		8,360		7,534		7,659		3,940		8,110
Interest on long-term debt	1,30	7	1,520		1,332		1,352		1,499		3,028		2,620		2,791		2,854		2,644
Total governmental							-			_									
activities expenses	\$ 75,06	5 \$	74,351	\$	78,650	\$	82,668	\$	81,446	\$	105,229	\$	95,717	\$	100,669	\$	106,386	\$	113,753
Business-type activities:																			
Stormwater	\$ 3.08	5 \$	3,312	\$	3.409	\$	3.546	\$	3,725	\$	4.029	\$	3.998	\$	4,633	\$	4,941	\$	4.885
Airport	1.06		1.181	Ψ	1,248	Ψ	1,231	Ψ	1.425	Ψ	2.160	Ψ	2.497	Ψ	1,564	Ψ	1,707	φ	1.640
Solid waste	3,85		3,855		3,773		4,107		4,288		4,436		4,497		4,559		5,131		5,335
Total business-type			3,033	_	3,113		4,107	_	4,200	-	4,430	_	4,431	_	4,000	_	3, 13 1	_	3,333
activities expenses	\$ 8,00	1 \$	8,348	\$	8,430	\$	8,884	\$	9,438	\$	10,625	\$	10,992	\$	10,756	\$	11,779	\$	11,860
-	φ 0,00	Ι φ	0,540	φ	0,430	Ψ	0,004	Ψ	3,430	Ψ	10,023	ψ	10,992	Ψ	10,730	Ψ	11,779	φ	11,000
Total primary government	\$ 83,06	6 \$	82,699	\$	87,080	\$	91,552	\$	00 004	Ф	115,854	Ф	106,709	•	111 125	Ф	110 165	Ф	125 612
net expenses	\$ 65,00	<u> </u>	02,099	φ	67,000	φ	91,002	φ	90,884	φ_	110,004	φ	100,709	φ	111,425	φ	118,165	φ	125,613
Program revenues																			
Governmental activities:																			
Charges for services -																			
general government	\$ 16,19			\$	18,661	\$	21,352	\$	21,837	\$		\$	22,162	\$	22,737	\$	25,376	\$	26,837
Charges for services - public safety	7,58	7	8,349		10,255		8,136		6,567		8,373		8,574		10,223		11,071		9,077
Charges for services - all others	2,43		2,998		1,956		2,030		2,454		2,064		1,981		2,094		1,928		824
Operating grants and contributions	1,01		445		1,039		894		594		951		1,374		1,296		2,900		1,236
Capital grants and contributions	4,79	0	2,210		1,988		7,455		7,040		11,361		5,322	_	10,921		7,545		5,815
Total governmental activities																			
program revenues	\$ 32,01	7 \$	32,330	\$	33,899	\$	39,867	\$	38,492	\$	44,604	\$	39,413	\$	47,271	\$	48,820	\$	43,789
Business-type activities:																			
Charges for services - stormwater	\$ 3,70	1 \$	3,886	\$	4,399	\$	4,432	\$	4,659	\$	4,732	\$	5,105	\$	5,188	\$	5,561	\$	5,786
Charges for services - airport	85	6	878		824		925		844		856		868		932		875		828
Charges for services - solid waste	3,92	8	4,324		4,608		4,822		4,773		4,772		5,066		5,010		5,362		5,844
Operating grants and contributions		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		157
Capital grants and contributions	28	9	3,152		1,749		3,890		934		1,007		651		2,615		2,022		580
Total business-type activities																			
program revenues	\$ 8,77	4 \$	12,240	\$	11,580	\$	14,069	\$	11,210	\$	11,367	\$	11,690	\$	13,745	\$	13,820	\$	13,195
Total primary government								_						_					
program revenues	\$ 40,79	1 \$	44,570	\$	45,479	\$	53,936	\$	49,702	\$	55,971	\$	51,103	\$	61,016	\$	62,640	\$	56,984
Net (expense) / revenue																			
Governmental activities	\$ (43,04	8) \$	(42,021)	\$	(44,751)	\$	(42,801)	\$	(42,954)	\$	(60,625)	\$	(56,304)	\$	(53,398)	\$	(57,566)	\$	(69,964)
Business-type activities	77		3.892	•	3,150	~	5,185	•	1,772	•	742	•	698	*	2.989	•	2,041	Ψ.	1,335
Total primary government		<u> </u>	-,	_	-,		-,	_	.,=	_		_		_	_,	_	_,	_	.,
net expense	\$ (42,27	5) \$	(38,129)	\$	(41,601)	\$	(37,616)	\$	(41,182)	\$	(59,883)	\$	(55,606)	\$	(50,409)	\$	(55,525)	\$	(68,629)
	Ψ (.=,27	<u>-/</u> Ψ	(30, .20)		(,)	<u> </u>	(31,010)	-	, ,)	<u> </u>	(30,000)	<u> </u>	(30,000)	<u> </u>	(50, 100)	<u> </u>	(-0,020)	<u> </u>	(30,020)

Continued next page

Schedule 2 City of Kissimmee, Florida

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (accrual basis of accounting)

(dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
General revenues and other	_																			
changes in net position																				
Governmental activities:																				
Property tax	\$	12,175	\$	11,146	\$	11,085	\$	11,456	\$	11,756	\$	11,620	\$	12,275	\$	13,228	\$	14,608	\$	16,382
Sales tax		8,832		9,135		9,601		10,420		11,106		11,885		12,412		5,318		5,434		4,567
Public service tax		5,755		6,480		6,389		6,572		6,556		6,703		6,892		6,979		7,024		7,141
Gas tax		2,284		2,397		2,634		2,581		2,582		2,773		2,657		2,811		2,831		2,525
Local option discretionary tax		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		7,986		8,144		7,048
State revenue sharing		1,597		1,672		1,838		2,517		2,564		2,339		2,579		2,735		2,914		2,654
Other Locally Assessed Utility Tax		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,650		1,664
Other taxes		2,069		2,262		2,389		2,032		2,257		2,738		2,872		3,109		1,914		2,397
Franchise fees (1)		142		133		141		140		159		165		154		179		184		177
Unrestricted intergovernmental																				
revenues		13,264		14,370		15,000		19,616		21,069		23,911		23,371		25,531		25,546		25,641
Investment income (loss)		90		920		178		138		233		418		688		881		2,448		1,816
Miscellaneous revenues		1,420		951		1,116		765		1,095		1,385		1,092		1,201		2,557		1,708
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		157		202		171		-		-		168		26		127		2,062
Transfers in (out)	_	340	_	1,276	_	566	_	325	_	651		780	_	1,212	_	669	_	701	_	612
Total governmental activities	\$	47,968	\$	50,899	\$	51,139	\$	56,733	\$	60,028	\$	64,717	\$	66,372	\$	70,653	\$	76,082	\$	76,394
Business-type activities:																				
Investment income (loss)	\$	8	\$	9	\$	14	\$	5	\$	17	\$	24	\$	29	\$	45	\$	143	\$	105
Miscellaneous revenues	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-		-		_	37	-	48	-	7
Gain on sale of capital assets		_		_		_		_		_		48		27		52		169		6
Transfers in (out)		(340)		(1,276)		(566)		(325)		(651)		(780)		(1,212)		(669)		(701)		(612)
(***,		(/	_	(, -,	_	(/	_	(/	_	(/	_	(/	_		_	(/	_	(- /	_	(- /
Total business-type activities	\$	(332)	\$	(1,267)	\$	(552)	\$	(320)	\$	(634)	\$	(708)	\$	(1,156)	\$	(535)	\$	(341)	\$	(494)
Total primary government	\$	47,636	\$	49,632	\$	50,587	\$	56,413	\$	59,394	\$	64,009	\$	65,216	\$	70,118	\$	75,741	\$	75,900
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			_	- /	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Change in net position																				
Governmental activities	\$	4,920	\$	8,878	\$	6,388	\$	13,932	\$	17,074	\$	4,092	\$	10,068	\$	17,255	\$	18,516	\$	6,430
Business-type activities	_	441		2,625		2,598		4,865		1,138		34		(458)		2,454		1,700		841
	\$	5,361	\$	11,503	\$	8,986	\$	18,797	\$	18,212	\$	4,126	\$	9,610	\$	19,709	\$	20,216	\$	7,271
	=	0,001	<u></u>	,000	=	0,000	<u></u>	.0,.07	=		=	.,0	<u> </u>	0,0.0	=	70,100	<u></u>	_0,0	<u> </u>	.,

⁽¹⁾ Franchise fees reported in charges for services in 2007 and 2008; however, clarification determined classification proper as general revenues in 2009; (2) During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented resulting in adjustments to beginning net position. Periods prior to that fiscal year were not adjusted for these changes. (3) During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, a restatement of net position for governmental activities was reported due to changes in accounting principles and prior period adjustments. Periods prior to September 30, 2014 were not adjusted for these changes.

(4) During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented resulting in adjustments to beginning net position. Periods prior to that fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented resulting in adjustments to beginning net position. Periods prior to that fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented resulting in adjustments to beginning net position.

year were not adjusted for these changes.

Schedule 3 City of Kissimmee, Florida

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (modified accrual basis of accounting) (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

	_	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General fund Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$	167 \$ 894 961 16,307	373 \$ 685 927 18,755	378 \$ 599 1,614 19,724	199 \$ 1,355 1,695 21,729	199 \$ 1,347 990 23,023	330 \$ 1,287 2,188 23,449	339 \$ 930 1,814 25,435	334 \$ 634 1,971 28,350	361 \$ 667 736 31,723	318 479 3,768 30,432
Total general fund	\$	18,329 \$	20,740 \$	22,315 \$	24,978 \$	25,559 \$	27,254 \$	28,518 \$	31,289 \$	33,487 \$	34,997
All other governmental funds Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$	678 \$ 25,421 1,354 (3,712)	703 \$ 21,696 42 (1,435)	739 \$ 15,199 42 (1,435)	5 762 \$ 15,863 42 (527)	802 \$ 20,123 86 (1,005)	839 \$ 52,800 103 (1,397)	883 \$ 48,117 59 (816)	1,033 \$ 45,341 59 (400)	995 \$ 40,641 59 (981)	1,059 31,640 59 (1,460)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	23,741 \$	21,006 \$	14,545 \$	16,140 \$	20,006 \$	52,345 \$	48,243 \$	46,033 \$	40,714 \$	31,298
Total fund balances all governmental funds	\$	42,070 \$	41,746 \$	36,860 \$	41,118 \$	45,565 \$	79,599 \$	76,761 \$	77,322 \$	74,201 \$	66,295

Schedule 4 City of Kissimmee, Florida

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (modified accrual basis of accounting) (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

_		2011		2012		2013		2014	:	2015		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues Taxes Permits, fees and	\$	25,621	\$	25,586	\$	25,967	\$	27,032	\$	26,866	\$	28,398 \$	29,524 \$	31,276 \$	32,873 \$	33,367
special assessments		4.523		5.047		4.218		2.276		3.702		3.452	5,252	5.674	5.167	3.213
Intergovernmental revenues		31,885		28,214		30,014		39,955		41,566		41,969	42,524	45,836	48,997	47,542
Charges for services		5,820		6,482		8,288		8,397		7,930		8,689	8,483	9,881	10,090	8,871
Fines and forfeitures		808		865		910		1,561		572		455	697	387	923	403
Investment income (loss)		76		909		157		137		211		390	643	823	2,277	1,669
Miscellaneous revenues	_	1,363	_	1,167	_	540	_	592		722	_	766	743	810	1,901	999
Total revenues	\$	70,096	\$	68,270	\$	70,094	\$	79,950	\$	81,569	\$	84,119 \$	87,866 \$	94,687 \$	102,228 \$	96,064
Expenditures																
General government	\$	16,765	\$	15,346	\$	16,136	\$	18,438	\$	16,524	\$	22,951 \$	23,576 \$	21,181 \$	24,413 \$	26,866
Public safety		29,637		29,552		33,003		31,708		33,638		33,906	37,393	39,453	43,991	44,549
Transportation		9,353		7,056		8,113		16,184		13,239		10,803	10,017	10,691	11,972	9,923
Economic environment Culture/Recreation		1,735 5,592		641 6,729		1,322 11,500		1,067 6,686		757 7,048		429 7,546	899 7,231	1,943 6,956	1,302 7,543	997 7,127
Debt service:		5,592		0,729		11,500		0,000		7,040		7,340	1,231	0,930	7,543	1,121
Principal retirement		2.562		2.722		3.661		3,906		3.853		3.832	4.163	4.144	4.088	4,226
Interest and fiscal charges		1,307		1.520		1,332		1,352		1,498		2,246	2.764	2,939	2,991	2.782
Professional fees		106		-,020		-,002		-,002		-,		438	17	13	24	23
Capital Outlay		6,210		6,461		2,615		6,784		1,450		6,504	10,778	14,058	15,391	10,444
Total expenditures	\$	73,267	\$	70,027	\$	77,682	\$	86,125	\$	78,007	\$	88,655 \$	96,838 \$	101,378 \$	111,715 \$	106,937
Excess of revenues																
over (under) expenditures	\$	(3,171)	\$	(1,757)	\$	(7,588)	\$	(6,175)	\$	3,562	\$	(4,536) \$	(8,972) \$	(6,691) \$	(9,487) \$	(10,873)
Other financing																
sources (uses)																
Transfers in	\$	30,961	\$	9,862	\$	9,381	\$	7,218	\$	12,419	\$	51,835 \$	11,351 \$	10,224 \$	10,909 \$	10,796
Transfers (out)		(30,621)		(8,586)		(8,772)		(6,893)		(11,751)		(50,716)	(10,112)	(9,537)	(10,162)	(10,184)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		157		202		508		110		147	165	126	219	2,355
Issuance of notes payable		28,215		-		-		9,600		3,875		42,930	4,730	6,220	5,400	-
Issuance of capital lease		-		-		1,891		-		-		-	-	219	-	-
Issuance Premium		-		-		-		-		-		4,838	-	-	-	-
Payment to bond escrow agent	_	(16,100)	_		_		_	-		(3,768)	_	(10,464)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	12,455	\$	1,433	\$	2,702	\$	10,433	\$	885	\$	38,570 \$	6,134 \$	7,252 \$	6,366 \$	2,967
Net change in fund balances	\$	9,284	\$	(324)	\$	(4,886)	\$	4,258	\$	4,447	\$	34,034 \$	(2,838) \$	561 \$	(3,121) \$	(7,906)
Debt service as a percentage of																
non-capital expenditures	_	6.6%		7.5%		8.4%		7.1%		8.3%		9.0%	9.4%	9.2%	8.9%	8.1%

Schedule 5 City of Kissimmee, Florida

ASSESSED AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

	A	ssessed Value	es					
Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Total	Less: Tax Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2011	\$ 3,018,690	\$ 231,486	\$ 3,250,176	\$ 848,389	\$ 2,401,787	4.6253	\$ 2,401,787	135.323%
2012	2,805,770	223,301	3,029,071	833,278	2,195,793	4.6253	2,195,793	137.949%
2013	2,776,988	469,255	3,246,243	1,071,233	2,175,010	4.6253	2,175,010	149.252%
2014	2,894,416	423,367	3,317,783	1,051,534	2,266,249	4.6253	2,266,249	146.400%
2015	3,046,246	430,402	3,476,648	1,057,067	2,419,581	4.6253	2,419,581	143.688%
2016	3,221,933	432,684	3,654,617	1,051,050	2,603,567	4.6253	2,603,567	140.370%
2017	3,672,184	565,323	4,237,507	1,261,016	2,976,491	4.6253	2,976,491	142.366%
2018	4,096,454	545,629	4,642,083	1,355,470	3,286,613	4.6253	3,286,613	141.242%
2019	4,576,175	657,682	5,233,857	1,555,998	3,677,859	4.6253	3,677,859	142.307%
2020	4,942,470	668,059	5,610,529	1,622,804	3,987,725	4.6253	3,987,725	140.695%

Source: Osceola County Property Appraiser's Office.

Note: Property is reassessed each year by the Osceola County Property Appraiser. Property is assessed at

actual value, therefore the assessed values are equal to the actual values. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of

assessed valuation.

Schedule 6 City of Kissimmee, Florida

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years

(per \$1,000 of Assessed Taxable Value)

		Ose	ceola County				
Fiscal	City of Kissimmee			School	Okeechobee and Everglades	South Florida Water Mgmt.	
Year	Florida	Government	Library	Board	Basins	Dist.	Total
2011	4.625	6.700	0.257	7.600	0.369	0.255	19.806
2012	4.625	6.700	0.257	7.577	0.369	0.255	19.783
2013	4.625	6.700	0.257	7.454	0.253	0.176	19.465
2014	4.625	6.700	0.257	7.375	0.243	0.169	19.369
2015	4.625	6.700	0.257	7.261	0.227	0.158	19.228
2016	4.625	6.700	0.257	6.905	0.195	0.136	18.818
2017	4.625	6.700	0.257	6.905	0.195	0.136	18.818
2018	4.625	6.700	0.300	6.411	0.173	0.129	18.338
2019	4.625	6.700	0.300	6.240	0.164	0.115	18.144
2020	4.625	6.700	0.300	6.026	0.157	0.110	17.918

Source: Osceola County Tax Collector's Office.

Schedule 7 City of Kissimmee, Florida

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	т	otal Tax Levy	Current Tax Ilections	Percent of Levy Collected	,	inquent Tax ections	otal Tax llections	Total Collections as a Percent of Current Levy
2011	\$	11,109	\$ 9,684	87.2%	\$	963	\$ 10,647	95.8%
2012		10,156	9,642	94.9%		72	9,714	95.6%
2013		10,060	9,357	93.0%		394	9,751	96.9%
2014		10,496	9,629	91.7%		516	10,145	96.7%
2015		11,191	10,470	93.6%		419	10,889	97.3%
2016		12,048	11,191	92.9%		429	11,620	96.4%
2017		12,732	11,937	93.8%		338	12,275	96.4%
2018		13,720	12,617	92.0%		611	13,228	96.4%
2019		15,143	14,140	93.4%		467	14,607	96.5%
2020		16,999	15,780	92.8%		604	16,384	96.4%

Souce: Osceola County Tax Collector's Office.

Schedule 8 City of Kissimmee, Florida

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS **Current Year and Nine Years Ago** (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

			Fiscal Ye	ar 2019 / 2020 (a)	_	Fiscal Yea	ır 2010 / 2011 (b)
Property Description	Use	Taxpayer	Taxable Value	Percent of Total Taxable Value	Rank		Taxable Value	Percent of Total Taxable Value	Rank
Local hospital	Medical care	Osceola Regional Hospital, Inc.	\$ 101,725	24.09%	1	\$	86,109	30.71%	1
Apartment complex	Rentals	Bedrock Holdings II Florida	52,346	12.40%	2		-	-	
Apartment complex	Rentals	Lake Tivoli LLC	50,595	11.98%	3		-	-	
Apartment complex	Rentals	FL Arrow Ridge LLC	41,913	9.93%	4		-	-	
Apartment complex	Rentals	Continental 330 Fund LLC	38,820	9.19%	5		-	-	
Retail store	Merchandising	Loop West LLC	31,944	7.56%	6		31,510	11.23%	2
Apartment complex	Rentals	Alliance HTFL Ltd Partnership	30,838	7.30%	7		15,302	5.46%	8
Apartment complex	Rentals	Goldelm at Valencia LLC	27,768	6.58%	8		-	-	
Apartment complex	Rentals	Vineland Investment Partners	25,532	6.05%	9		-	-	
Apartment complex	Rentals	Polos South United	20,813	4.92%	10		-	-	
Condominiums	Timeshare sales	Oak Plantation Realty Partners	-	-			30,720	10.95%	3
Condominiums	Rentals	G&I Vineyards LLC	-	-			28,232	10.07%	4
Retail store	Merchandising	Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	-	-			26,785	9.55%	5
Retail store	Communications	Embarq / Sprint Florida	-	-			16,127	5.75%	6
Apartment complex	Rentals	Dalcor Reef Club Apartments	-	-			15,343	5.47%	7
Apartment complex	Rentals	MPG Osceola Ltd	-	-			15,239	5.43%	9
Apartment complex	Rentals	Fountainhead Phase I, Inc.	 			_	15,096	5.38%	10
		Totals	\$ 422,294	100.00%		\$	280,463	100.00%	

(a) The fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 tax levy is based on the 2019 taxable value.(b) The fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 tax levy is based on the 2010 taxable value.

Source: Osceola County Property Appraiser's Office.

Schedule 9 City of Kissimmee, Florida

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts of debt are expressed in thousands)

		Gove	rnn	nental Activities	s			В	usiness-type Activities				
Fiscal Year	Tax Revenue Bonds	Sales Tax Revenue Notes		Commerical Notes		Covenant Revenue Notes	Capital Leases		Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	City of Kissimmee Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2011	\$ 343	\$ 25,635	\$	_	\$	22,974	\$ 135	\$	730	\$ 49,817	\$ 1,253,989	4.0%	0.83
2012	315	24,565		-		21,778	62		587	47,307	1,727,192	2.7%	0.76
2013	287	22,935		-		20,378	1,707		441	45,748	1,799,661	2.5%	0.72
2014	256	30,835		-		18,928	1,338		292	51,649	1,874,438	2.8%	0.80
2015	224	28,780		-		17,882	963		141	47,990	1,958,685	2.5%	0.72
2016	47,508	26,630		-		6,945	582		-	81,665	2,032,013	3.8%	1.14
2017	46,161	24,390		4,730		6,595	195		-	82,071	2,092,934	3.5%	1.04
2018	44,778	22,065		10,950		6,235	177		-	84,205	2,141,987	3.9%	1.18
2019	43,358	19,655		16,350		5,855	138		-	85,356	2,232,608	3.6%	1.09
2020	41,902	17,170		16,350		5,455	92		-	80,969	2,221,354	3.6%	1.11

Sources: Population and personal income data from University of Florida, Bureau of Economics and Business Research published August 2014. Annual increases for CPI of 3%.

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt limitation: There are no legal debt limits for Florida municipalities.

Schedule 10 City of Kissimmee, Florida

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL DEBT September 30, 2020

(dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Taxing District		Net Debt	Estimated Overlapping (1)	City	's Share of Debt
Osceola County School District		g	o romapping (i)	-	
State School Bonds:					
Series 2011ARFD	\$	455	11.8%	\$	54
Series 2014A	•	947	11.8%	,	112
Series 2017ARFD		742	11.8%		88
Series 2020		215	11.8%		25
District Revenue Bonds:					
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015		20,051	11.8%		2,366
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017		11,380	11.8%		1,343
Capital Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series					
2017		76,680	11.8%		9,048
Certificates of Participation:					
Series 2013A		27,700	11.8%		3,269
Series 2014A		3,605	11.8%		425
Series 2015A		4,855	11.8%		573
Series 2017A		49,770	11.8%		5,873
Series 2020A		6,340	11.8%		748
Qualified School Construction Bonds:					
Series 2010A		40,500	11.8%		4,779
Education Benefit Districts:					
Bellalago Benefit District		8,254	11.8%		974
Total Osceola County School District		251,494	11.8%		29,676
Osceola County					
Limited General Obligation Debt, Series 2006		6.165	12.7%		783
Environmental Land, Series 2010		11,185	12.7%		1,420
Total Osceola County		17,350	12.7%		2,203
Total Overlapping Debt	\$	268,844		\$	31,880
Total Overlapping Debt	Ψ	200,017		Ψ	01,000
Total Direct Governmental Activities Debt	\$	80,969	100.0%		80,969
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	349,813		\$	112,849

Sources: Osceola County Finance Department. City of Kissimmee Finance Department.

Osceola County School Board Finance Department.

Note:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Kissimmee, Florida. This process recognizes that when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(1) Allocated on the basis of assessed values used for the purpose of ad valorem taxation.

Schedule 11 City of Kissimmee, Florida

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Excise Tax Revenue Bonds									Sales Tax Revenue Bonds							
			Debt	Service	Require	ements				Del	t Service					
Fiscal Excise Tax Year Revenues		Principal		Interest		Coverage	Sales Tax Revenues		Principal		Interest		Coverage			
2011	\$	200	\$	26	\$	18	4.55	\$	4,385	\$	1,305	\$	575	2.66		
2012		195		27		17	4.43		5,408		1,070		676	3.10		
2013		166		29		16	3.69		4,759		1,630		676	2.06		
2014		211		31		14	4.69		6,211		1,700		742	2.54		
2015		176		32		13	3.91		6,642		2,055		859	2.28		
2016		301		34		12	4.37		7,102		2,150		803	2.41		
2017		292		36		10	6.35		7,408		2,240		743	2.48		
2018		271		37		8	6.02		6,715		2,325		728	2.20		
2019		266		39		6	5.91		8,144		2,410		671	2.64		
2020		270		25		4	8.18		7,048		2,485		596	1.91		

⁽¹⁾ Pledged revenues are half-cent sales tax, public service taxes, and communication services taxes; however, debt service paid from local option sales tax, CRA fund, Mobility Fund, and gas taxes.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Source: City of Kissimmee Finance Department.

Continued on next page

Tax Revenue Bonds (1)

Debt Service Requirements

Fiscal Year	Revenues (1)		Pr	rincipal		nterest	Coverage		
2011	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	_		
2012	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	_		
2013		_		_		_	-		
2014		-		-		-	-		
2015		-		-		-	-		
2016		11,487		450		1,199	6.97		
2017		11,897		1,150		1,813	4.02		
2018		12,297		1,185		1,779	4.15		
2019		12,458		1,220		1,739	4.21		
2020		11,708		1,270		1,691	3.95		

Schedule 12 City of Kissimmee, Florida

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	•		er Capita ersonal come (2)	Personal Income (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)		
2011	60,375	\$	20,770	\$ 1,253,989	54,167	10.3%		
2012	62,322		27,714	1,727,192	55,922	8.4%		
2013	63,662		28,269	1,799,661	57,639	6.6%		
2014	64,365		29,122	1,874,438	58,851	5.3%		
2015	66,592		29,413	1,958,685	64,689	5.5%		
2016	68,401		29,707	2,032,013	62,648	4.8%		
2017	69,962		29,915	2,092,934	65,179	3.6%		
2018	72,163		30,125	2,141,987	67,796	3.2%		
2019	74,800		30,336	2,232,608	69,114	3.2%		
2020	75,644		30,548	2,221,354	69,713	6.9%		

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Census of Population and Housing. University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research, "Florida Statistical Abstract".
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Information System.

 The actual per capita personal income is for Osceola County. The per capita figures are multiplied by the population to determine the total personal income.
- (3) Osceola County School Board. (Enrollment is determined in February of each year at the conclusion of the full-time equivalent survey period) http://www.osceolaschools.net/departments/businessfiscalservices/budget/f_t_e_enrollment/
- (4) Florida Agency for Workforce Innovation, Labor Market Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Orlando-Kissimmee (Lake, Orange, Osceola & Seminole) http://www.labormarketinfo.com/library/laus/MSAs/LFSoct2.xls

Schedule 13 City of Kissimmee, Florida

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS ¹ Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Y	ear 2019 / 2020	(1)	Fiscal Year 2010 / 2011				
Employer	Business	Employees	Percent of Total City Employment	Rank	Employees	Percent of Total City Employment	Rank		
Osceola County School District	Education	8,832	11.68%	1	6,425	10.64%	1		
Walt Disney Company	Entertainment	3,700	4.89%	2	3,700	6.13%	2		
Orange Lake Resorts	Resort	2,600	3.44%	3	· -				
Osceola Regional Medical									
Center	Retail	1,900	2.51%	4	1,357	2.25%	6		
Adventist Health System	Healthcare	1,658	2.19%	5	· -				
Gaylord Palms Resort	Resort	1,624	2.15%	6	1,445	2.39%	5		
Westgate Vacation Villas	Resort	1,500	1.98%	7	_				
Osceola County Government	Government	1,399	1.85%	8	1,604	2.66%	4		
Valencia Community College	Education	1,213	1.60%	9	_				
Wilson Resort Management	Resort	1,200	1.59%	10	_				
Walmart Stores	Retail	-			2,730	4.52%	3		
Publix Supermarkets	Retail	-			1,350	2.24%	7		
Florida Hospital Celebration	Healthcare	_			1,300	2.15%	8		
McLane/Suneast	Distribution	-	-		900	1.49%	9		
City of Kissimmee	Government	-			646	1.07%	10		
Total		25,626			21,457	•			

Sources: (1) Osceola County Office of Economic Development

Schedule 14 City of Kissimmee, Florida

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30									
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General government										
Central Services	31	28	34	35	35	32	35	35	40	42
City Attorney	3	3	3	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
City Commission	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
City Manager	12	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	14
Finance	10	12	12	12	13	12	13	13	13	13
Personnel	8	8	8	8	8	12	10	10	9	10
Public safety										
Fire	102	105	105	105	105	106	112	112	113	111
Police	198	198	199	201	204	208	208	210	227	230
Law Enforcement Grant	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
School Crossing Guard	21	11	11	11	11	11	-	-	-	-
Physical environment										
Public Works	39	37	38	40	40	40	39	40	41	45
Sanitation	26	24	26	26	26	26	27	27	27	28
Stormwater	29	30	30	34	33	34	34	36	36	37
<u>Transportation</u>										
Airport	8	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Local Option Gas Tax	10	10	12	10	10	12	12	12	12	12
Economic Environment										
Development Services	23	21	23	23	24	31	33	33	33	40
Community Development										
Blk Grant	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Culture / Recreation										
Parks & Recreation	66	80	78	80	82	85	69	67	68	68
Civic Center	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	609	598	611	621	628	645	628	631	655	673

Source: City of Kissimmee Office of Management and Budget. Budgeted full-time equivalents.

Public Safety: Police - 20 auxillary officers (unpaid positions) have been excluded.

Schedule 15 City of Kissimmee, Florida

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Building Inspections Building permits issued	2,855	3,335	2,964	4,099	4,206	4,371	5,894	7,855	5,374	5,564
<u>Law Enforcement</u> Physical arrests Traffic and parking violations	2,484	2,379	2,221	2,498	1,964	1,848	2,022	2,160	2,262	1,870
	13,680	15,092	14,499	11,613	11,390	9,603	11,225	7,449	7,083	4,536
Fire Emergency responses Fire incidents Emergency medical services incidents Fire safety inspections Fire plan reviews	10,285	10,746	11,273	11,875	12,191	12,879	13,394	13,322	13,817	12,131
	264	261	257	244	226	274	334	273	231	269
	8,709	8,979	9,553	9,863	10,194	10,547	10,988	10,562	11,113	9,699
	914	878	740	995	888	968	1,326	1,345	1,193	680
	760	780	760	871	1,065	1,041	1,002	889	853	719
Other Public Works Street resurfacing (tons of asphalt) Other street repairs (tons of asphalt) 1	1,369	681	3,013	3,582	5,134	-	1,524	3,067	1,524	2,589
	96	50,138	40,104	193	109	175	107	96	119	558

Note: Indicators are not currently available for the general government and culture/recreation functions.

Source: Various City Departments.

In FY 2016, there was no street resurfacing done by the City. All resurfacing was done by the Florida Department of Transportation.

⁽¹⁾ In FY 2012 and 2013, microsurfacing utilized sq. yd measurement replacing tons of asphalt measurement.

Schedule 16 City of Kissimmee, Florida

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

-	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Transportation										
Miles of streets (lane miles)	342	342	342	342	486	352	352	356	358	407
Refuse collection trucks	17	17	17	16	16	16	17	18	18	18
Other public works										
Traffic signals	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	50	51
Highways (miles)	17	17	17	17	15	8	8	8	8	8
Public Safety										
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units:										
Marked vehicles	120	126	126	131	118	120	127	140	147	147
Motorcycles	4	6	6	6	3	3	3	3	7	7
Parks and Recreation										
Park acreage	833	835	832	832	832	832	885	885	885	885
Number of regional parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of large urban parks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of community parks	3	3	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Number of neighborhood parks	11	12	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Number of special use parks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6

Source: Various City Departments.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kissimmee, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Dray March 29, 2021

Ocala, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the City of Kissimmee, Florida's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement*, and the requirements described in the Department of Financial Services, State Projects *Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2020. The City's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards and state projects applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance and the Department of Financial Services, State Projects *Compliance Supplement*). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance and State Compliance Supplement require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or the state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

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The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program or state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 29, 2021 Ocala, Florida

Purvis Dray

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title / Project Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
FEDERAL AWARDS				
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Emergency Watershed Protection Program	10.923	NR184209XXXXC041	\$ 292,223	\$ -
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			292,223	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
CDBG – Entitlement Grants Cluster Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218 14.218	B-19-MC-12-0051 B-18-MC-12-0051	292,737 14,139	120,743 5,803
COVID-19 - Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Total Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-20-MW-12-0051	136,966 443,843	57,539 184,085
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	B-11-MN-12-0012	97,743	
Home Investment Partnerships Program Home Investment Partnerships Program Home Investment Partnerships Program Home Investment Partnerships Program Total Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239 14.239 14.239		36,561 28,405 18,410 83,376	- - -
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			624,962	184,085
U.S. Department of Justice:				
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	2020-VD-BX-1628	101,318	-
Passed through the Florida Office of the Attorney General Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	VOCA-2019-City of Kissimmee Police -00063	34,398	-
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	None	12,450	-
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2018-DJ-BX-0842	34,356	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			182,522	
U.S. Department of Transportation:				
Airport Improvement Program Airport Improvement Program	20.106 20.106	3-12-0038-036-2019 3-12-0038-037-2020	30,851 1,500	-
COVID-19 - Airport Improvement Program Total Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-12-0038-038-2020	157,000 189,351	<u> </u>
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Passed through the Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205	FPN: 439069-1-58-01 / G1K91 FPN: 430225-9-58-01 / G1l12 FPN: 430225-1-48-01 / G0l40 FPN: 430225-1-38-90 / AQQ79 FPN: 439084-1-38-01 / G1084	101,914 975,189 190,540 408,131 607 1,676,382	- - - - - -
Passed through the Florida Department of Environmental Protection Recreational Trails Program Recreational Trails Program Total Program Project Program	20.219 20.219	T15019 T18009	200,000 81,932	
Total Recreational Trails Program Total U.S. Department of Transportation			281,932 2,147,664	
U.S. Department of the Treasury:				
Passed through the Florida Housing Finance Corporation				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	121-2020	75,959	
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			75,959	
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services:				
COVID-19 - Provider Relief Fund	93.498	None	40,646	
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services			40,646	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 3,363,976	\$ 184,085

Continued

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (Continued)

State Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title / Project Title	State CSFA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total State Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE				
Florida Department of Environmental Protection:				
Florida Recreation Development Assistance Program	37.017	A21125	\$ 50,000	\$ -
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects	37.039	LP49010	172,111	
Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection			222,111	
Florida Housing Finance Corporation:				
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP)	40.901 40.901 40.901 40.901 40.901 40.901		93,412 122,509 66,021 7,681 2,035 59,240 3,494	- - - - - - -
Total Florida Housing Finance Corporation			354,391	
Florida Department of Transportation:				
Aviation Grant Programs	55.004	FPN: 446255-1-94-01 / G1D49	3,166	-
Aviation Grant Programs	55.004	FPN: 438441-1-94-01 / GOJ80	15,064	-
Florida Shared-Use Nonmotorized (SUN) Trail Network Program	55.038	FPN: 439879-1-54-01 / G0N67	33,415	
Total Florida Department of Transportation			51,644	
Florida Department of Law Enforcement:				
Assistance with Investigative Operations	71.010	2020-SFA-ESST-49-M5-011	11,427	
Total Florida Department of Law Enforcement			11,427	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 639,573	\$ -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 4,003,549	\$ 184,085

NOTE 1 Basis of Presentation
The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance includes the federal and state grant activity of the City of Kissimmee, Florida, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General. Therefore, amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 Indirect Cost Rate
The City of Kissimmee has elected not to use the de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the OMB Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS CITY OF KISSIMMEE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1. Summary of Audit Results

I. Type of Audit Report Issued on Financial Statements:

Unmodified Opinion

II. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

Audit disclosed no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control.

III. Non-Compliance Material to Audited Financial Statements:

Audit disclosed no material instances of non-compliance.

IV. Significant Deficiencies and/or Material Weaknesses in Internal Control over Major Federal Award Programs:

Audit disclosed no material instances and/or significant deficiencies of non-compliance.

V. Type of Audit Report Issued on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Major Federal Awards Programs:

Unmodified Opinion

VI. Major Federal Programs:

- U.S. Department of Transportation
 - Florida Department of Transportation
 - ► Highway Planning and Construction Cluster CFDA 20.205

VII. Dollar Threshold Used to Distinguish Between Type A and Type B Federal Programs

\$750,000 for Federal Programs

VIII. Auditee Qualification as Low-Risk Auditee

The auditee does qualify as a low-risk auditee per the criteria set forth in Section .530 of the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS CITY OF KISSIMMEE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

2. <u>Findings Related to the Financial Statements Required to be Reported under Generally Accepted</u> *Government Auditing Standards* (GAGAS)

Noted no current year recommendations.

3. Findings and Questioned Costs for Major Federal Programs

Noted no current year recommendations.

4. **Prior Audit Findings**

Noted that all prior year recommendations have been addressed.

MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Kissimmee, Florida (the City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with American Institute of Certified Public Accountants *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 29, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this Management Letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. See 2019-1 and 2018-1.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City was established in 1907 and incorporated in 1937, under the legal authority of the Laws of Florida 18623. The Kissimmee Community Redevelopment Agency is considered a blended component unit and was established pursuant to Chapter 163 of the Florida Statutes. The three pension plans are not considered component units since they are not legally separate entities.

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Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants

An Independent Member of the BDO Alliance USA

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. Please see the attached Management Letter Comments.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies and pass-through entities, the Mayor and City Commission Members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

March 29, 2021

Purvis Gray

Ocala, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

During the course of our audit, the following items came to our attention. We offer this comment and recommendation to improve the financial management of the City of Kissimmee, Florida (the City):

Prior Year Comment and Recommendations Remaining

2019-1 Financial Reporting - Period End Closing Routine (Updated)

Our 2019 Auditor's Reports included a Management Letter Comment outlining our recommendations to improve the City's year-end financial reporting, which was delayed beyond the normal time line and required numerous post year-end adjusting entries and clean up due to areas not being fully reconciled during the year related primarily to capital assets and grant reporting.

In 2020 these conditions continued, which we attribute to the recent losses of several key accounting personnel, rapid City-wide growth with many special projects, only partial use of a documented period end closing routine, and suboptimal communication with other departments having decentralized accounting functions, especially grant related.

Communication with other departments, having decentralized accounting functions for grants is very important to ensure finance and accounting is being updated on all such grant activity, costs, and billing to ensure complete and accurate SEFA reporting.

During the 20-21 fiscal year, the City plans to implement a new accounting Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system, which will require a significant effort to accomplish. To be successful in this important project, make progress on the conditions described above, and maintain an appropriate segregation of duties, the City will need to fill 1 - 2 key positions that have been lost in the past several years with experienced accounting degreed individuals.

Accordingly, to accomplish these goals and maintain a desirable level of stewardship and accountability of the public resources, we recommend that the City continue its efforts to rebuild the base level of skilled accounting experience in the department that has been lost in recent years.

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Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

2018-1 Central Services and Airport Rates

During our 2018 audit, we noted both cash reserves for central services and the airport have decreased significantly after being relatively consistent over the prior years. The cause of the cash depletion appears to be different in each fund; for the airport fund, it is matching grant proceeds, and for central services fund, it is likely using older rates that have not been updated recently. Each fund needs to have adequate reserves for operation and/or matching.

Update: It was observed that the City completed a rate study and hired a new fleet director for central services. In addition the Airport Director was able to assist in reduction of the airport losses during the year.

Therefore, we further recommend the City continue to monitor the progress of both funds to ensure each fund's financial health and stability moving forward.

March 29, 2021

Purvis Dray

Ocala, Florida

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES – INVESTMENT OF PUBLIC FUNDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

We have examined the City of Kissimmee, Florida's (the City) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, as required by Section 10.556 (10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies and pass-through entities, the Mayor and City Commission Members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 29, 2021 Ocala, Florida

Purvis Dray

FINANCE DEPARTMENT



101 CHURCH STREET - KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA 34741 - 407.518.2210

March 29, 2021

City of Kissimmee
City Commission
101 Church Street
Kissimmee, Florida 34741-5054

Re: Response to Auditor's Management Letter Comments

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen:

The following is the response to the independent auditor's management letter for the Auditor Comments:

Prior Year Comment and Recommendations

2018-1 Central Services and Airport Rates

Management's Response

The City completed a study performed by a consulting firm that is an expert in the field of fleet operations. This consultant reviewed the City's controls, rates, costs and processes for billing. The new Fleet Manager is currently evaluating the recommendations in the consultant's final report and will begin making the necessary changes to ensure the financial sustainability of the fleet operation.

During the past year, the new Airport Director began reviewing the rent structure associated with all leased properties at the Airport and made several changes that resulted in increased revenues for the Airport. This type of analysis will continue in FY 2021.

2019-1 Financial Reporting - Period End Closing Routine (Updated)

Management's Response

As the City finalizes the transition to its new financial accounting software suite in the next year, monthly closings and timely reporting will become a requirement via the new software platform. In addition, the annual audit task list that had been used in years past will be updated to reflect all year end activities to ensure that none of the annual closing processes are overlooked. In the coming year, the Grant Review Committee will be reinstated to ensure that all parties to the grant process have a mechanism to effectively communicate information relative to not only the application process but also the reporting and reimbursement processes. Now that the current year audit and software implementation processes are drawing to a close, efforts will be redirected to replacing the two vital positions in the Finance Department that have been open for a number of months.

Respectfully Submitted,

any S. ady

Amy S. Ady Finance Director

Cc: Purvis Gray & Company Auditor General, State of Florida

