Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020



Prepared by the Finance Department

#### **Table of Contents**

Introductory Section (Unaudited):	
Letter of Transmittal	i-v
List of Principal Officials	vi
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	vii
Organizational Chart	viii
Financial Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Not Covered by Independent Auditor's Report)	4-15
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Activities	17
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	21
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	24-25
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund	26
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund	27
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	28-58

# Table of Contents (continued)

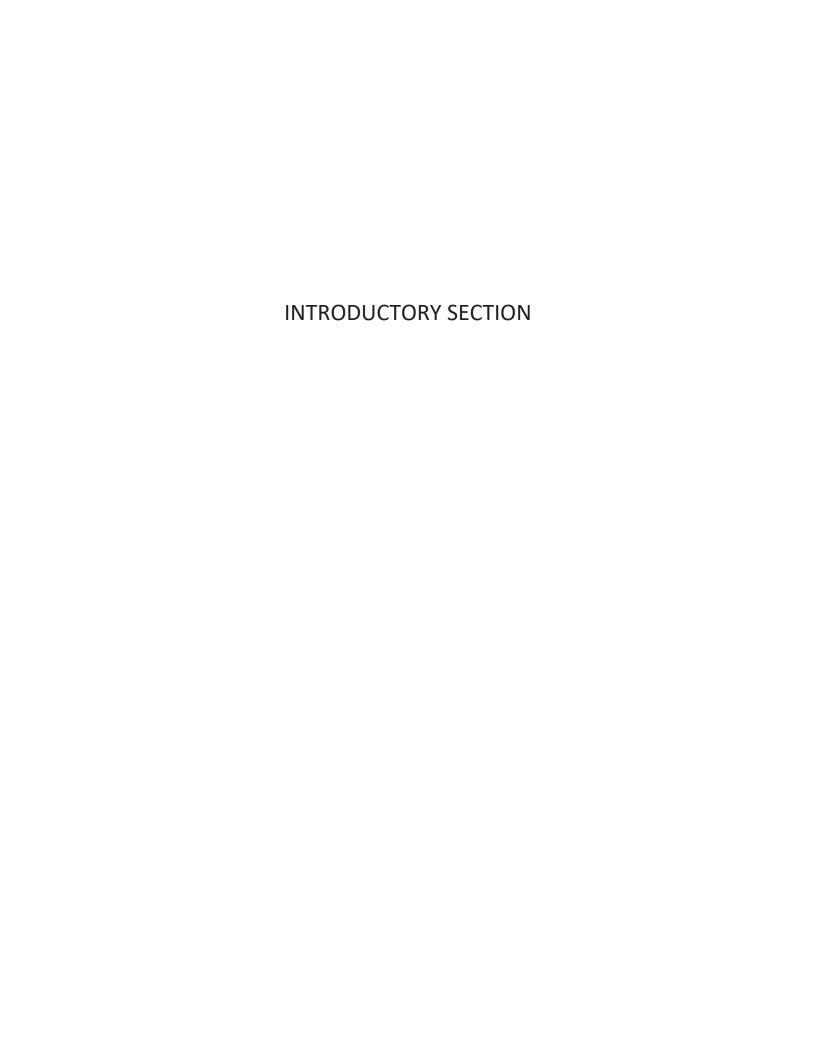
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	59
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Street Maintenance Fund	60
Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	61
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund (Unaudited)	62-63
Schedule of Contributions - Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund (Unaudited)	64
Schedule of Investment Returns - Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund (Unaudited)	65
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Unaudited)	66
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Unaudited)	67
Schedule of Contributions - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Unaudited)	68
Schedule of Contributions - Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Unaudited)	69
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	70
Other Financial Information:	
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	71
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	72
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Infrastructure Fund	73-74
Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	75-76

# Table of Contents (continued)

Statistical Section (Unaudited):	
Net Position by Component	77-78
Changes in Net Position	79-82
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	83-84
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	85-86
Net Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	87
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	88
Principal Property Taxpayers	89
Property Tax Levies and Collections	90
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	91
Computation of Direct and Estimated Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	92
Pledged Revenue Coverage	93
Demographic and Economic Statistics	94
Principal Employers	95
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	96
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	97
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	98
Compliance Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	99-100
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	101-102
Independent Auditor's Report to City Management	103-104
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes	105

# Table of Contents (continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	106-107
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	108
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	109





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March 31, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Governing Council, and Citizens of the City of Marathon:

It is our pleasure to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Marathon, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and Government Auditing Standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Marathon. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Marathon has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Marathon's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Marathon's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Marathon's financial statements have been audited by Keefe, McCullough & Co. LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Marathon for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Marathon's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth above, the independent audit was also designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies as provided for in the Federal Single Audit Act, Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Guidance and Florida Single Audit Act in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. These standards require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These reports are presented in the compliance section of this report.



In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Marathon's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report on the basic financial statements.

#### Profile of the Government

The City of Marathon, incorporated November 30, 1999, with a population of 9,097 residents, is located approximately one hour from Key West, Florida and Key Largo, Florida. Marathon is known as the "Heart of the Florida Keys." Its boundaries run from the east end of the Seven Mile Bridge, mile marker 47, to the west end of Tom's Harbor Bridge, approximately mile marker 60. The islands of Marathon include Boot Key, Knights Key, Hog Key, Vaca Key, Stirrup Key, Crawl and Little Crawl Key, East and West Sister's Island, Deer Key, Little Deer Key, Fat Deer Key, Long Point Key, and Grassy Key. The City of Marathon is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

The City of Marathon operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and four other members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, resolutions, and regulations governing the city, adopting the budget, and appointing the city manager, city attorney, and members of various boards. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances adopted by the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, appointing the heads of the various departments, and submission of the budget to City Council for approval. The mayor and four council members are elected at large every three years with a term limit of two consecutive terms.

The City of Marathon provides a wide variety of services, including police, fire protection, and emergency medical services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure; planning and zoning; building and code enforcement; and recreational activities and community events. The City also manages two enterprise funds; a City marina facility and a wastewater and stormwater utilities fund.

The financial reporting entity (the City of Marathon) includes all of the funds of the City. The City does not have any component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable or the nature and significance of the relationship between the City and the entity was such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.



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The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Marathon's financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Marathon are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to City Council for review prior to September 1. The City Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30, the close of the City of Marathon's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g. public safety), and department (e.g. police). Department heads may make transfers within a department with the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the approval of the City Council. comparison for the general fund is included as Required Supplementary Information on page 59 following the notes to the basic financial statements. A budget-to-actual comparison for the street maintenance fund is also included as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the basic financial statements on page 60. A budget-to-actual comparison for the capital infrastructure fund is included as other financial information on pages 73 and 74. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, street maintenance fund and capital infrastructure fund, this comparison is presented in the non-major governmental fund subsection of this report, on pages 75 and 76.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

#### Local Economy

The Florida Keys are often referred to as the "American Caribbean" and Marathon is known as "The Heart of the Keys." Marathon's ideal location between Key Largo and Key West makes it a desirable place in which to live and work. Tourism is an important economic engine. The local environment offers excellent sport fishing and recreational diving opportunities. The tropical climate, in addition to the recreational water activities, makes the City a major tourist destination as well as a desirable retirement and second home location. The Florida Keys have continually ranked among the top tourist destinations in the Country. In addition to tourism, commercial seafood harvesting is a significant aspect of the local economy as the Florida Keys are one of the largest providers of seafood products in the country, serving both national and international markets.

During March of 2020 COVID-19 impacted the City due to the closure of the Florida Keys to all tourists until late June of 2020, however, the City of Marathon's economic outlook is strong. The tourism industry in the Florida Keys is vibrant and has proven to be extremely resilient. The City experienced decreased sales tax revenues due to the impacts of COVID-19. The City is experiencing growth in the commercial and residential sector with new; resorts, restaurants, businesses and residences coming online. In December 2020, the area's unemployment rate was 3.8%, compared with the statewide rate of 6.1%.

#### Long-term Financial Planning and Relevant Financial Policies

The City has a 5-Year Capital Plan and prioritizes needs based on its expected available resources. This effort identifies capital purchases that will be needed to continue its critical core public safety services, as well as other departmental needs.



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The City has limited its borrowing to prudent levels that are able to be satisfied with existing revenue and cash flow projections. In order to minimize our debt issuance (and related costs) to when it is absolutely necessary, the City has a pay-as-you-go financing policy for CIP projects which includes:

- Projects having a small dollar value
- Projects which can be broken into phases with a portion completed each year without impairing the overall effectiveness of the project
- Projects which are of a recurring natures
- Projects where the assets acquired will have relatively short useful lives.

The City has adopted a cash management policy that is designed to maintain earnings free from risk, maintain adequate liquidity to meet the City's obligations, and maximize investment return. To ensure the safety of the City's funds, all investments are with depositories that are qualified under Florida law and thus are fully collateralized in accordance with Chapter 280 of the State statutes.

#### **Major Initiatives**

On September 10, 2017 The City of Marathon was hit with a Category 4 hurricane. Hurricane Irma caused severe damage to City infrastructure, commercial and residential properties. Over 400 homes were destroyed, placing a greater strain on affordable housing. The City is still in the process of recovery and is using this time to focus on the redevelopment and mitigation of older amenities.

The City will continue to pursue its long-term goals as outlined in the Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan. The City continues to devote resources to affordable housing, transportation and traffic concerns. The City also has various bridge repair, culvert and canal restoration efforts underway. Other major projects currently included in the Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan are:

- Seawall and amenities at the Quay property
- Improvements at City parks and beaches
- The continued implementation of the Fire Safety Program

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Marathon for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This was the seventeenth consecutive year that the City of Marathon achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.



# CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA

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A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that the September 30, 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been accomplished without the dedicated and efficient service of the entire staff of the finance department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of other City departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We would also like to express a special note of thanks to our independent certified public accountants, Keefe, McCullough & Co., LLP, for their cooperation and assistance. Their professional approach and high standards in the conduct of their independent audit of the City's financial records and transactions is greatly appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,

George Garrett

Jennifer Johnson

### CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

#### **CITY COUNCIL**

Steven Cook, Mayor Luis Gonzalez, Vice-Mayor

Dr. Dan Zieg, Councilmember John Bartus, Councilmember Mark Senmartin, Councilmember

#### **CITY MANAGER**

George Garrett

#### **CITY CLERK**

Diane Clavier

#### **CITY ATTORNEY**

Steven Williams

#### **FINANCE DIRECTOR**

Jennifer Johnson

#### **CITY AUDITORS**

Keefe McCullough CPA's + Trusted Advisors



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

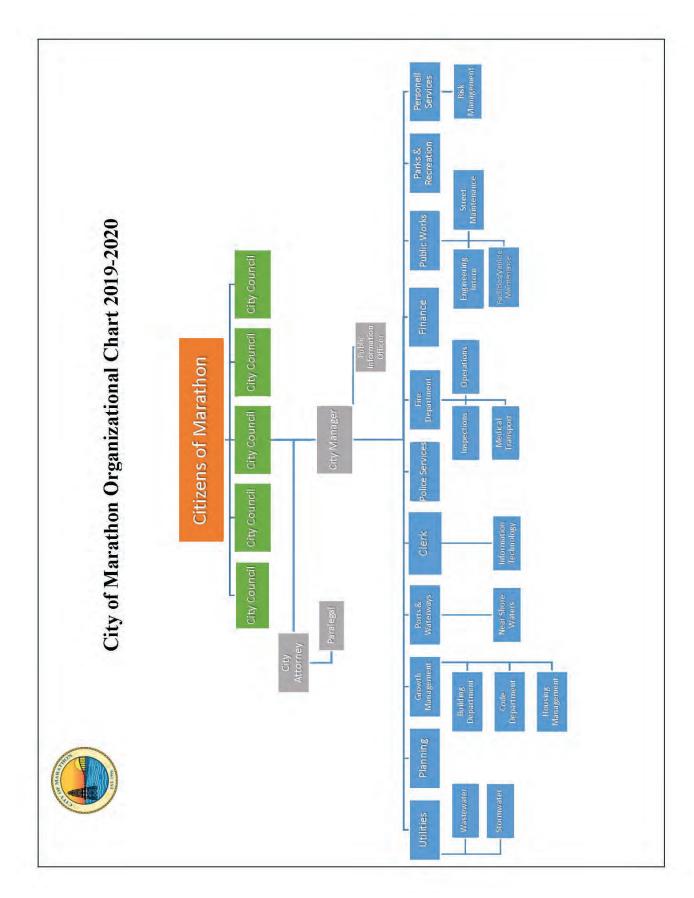
City of Marathon Florida

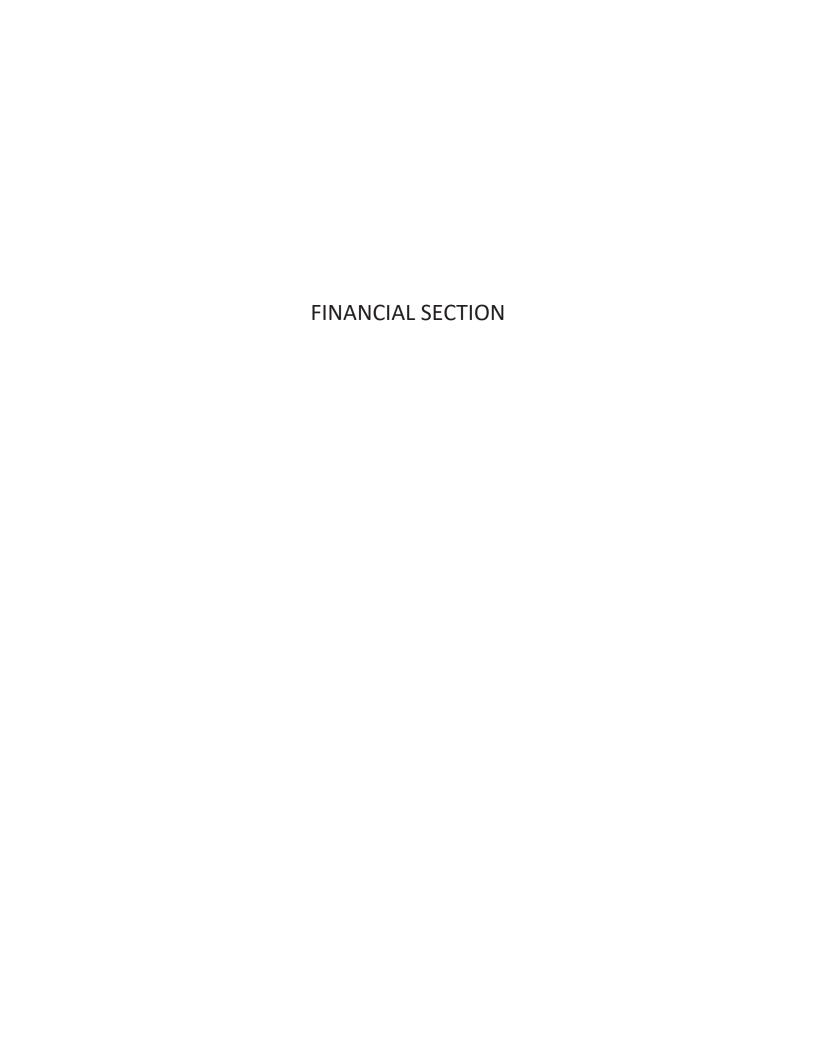
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

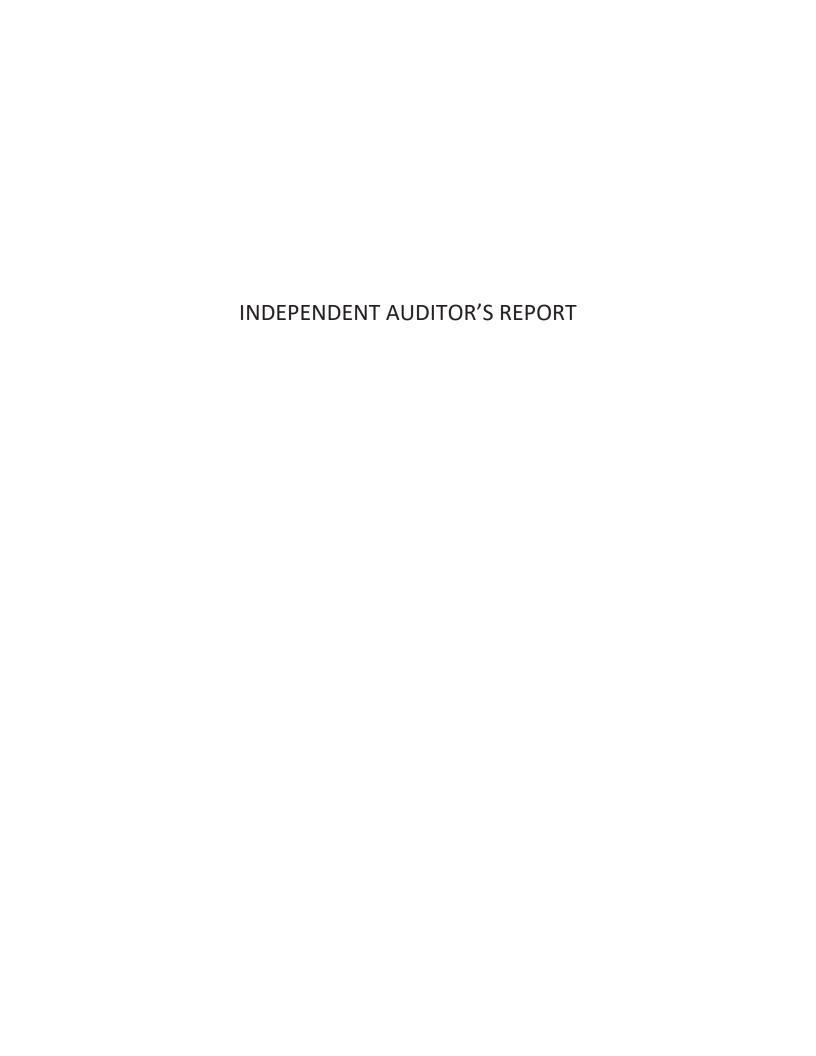
September 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marathon, Florida Marathon, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marathon, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules related to pensions and other post-employment benefits on pages 4 through 15 and pages 62 through 70, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, budgetary comparison information, other financial information and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison information, other financial information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison information, other financial information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keefe McCullough

**KEEFE MCCULLOUGH** 

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 31, 2021

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

As management of the City of Marathon, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i through v of this report.

Fund-based financial reporting and government-wide reporting are not viewed as being in conflict; however, they are not comparable. A significant portion of this analysis focuses on the changes in the government-wide statements, while still providing information on the City's fund-based comparative changes.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Marathon exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$ 149,750,092 (net position), as compared with \$ 131,216,726 for the previous year. Of this amount, \$ 41,251,408 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors as compared with \$ 28,010,159 for the previous year. This increased from the prior year due to an increase in intergovernmental revenues for Hurricane Irma reimbursements received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the State of Florida.
- The City's total net position increased by \$18,533,366 or 12.38% during the current fiscal year. Included in the total net position is governmental net position that increased by \$15,268,681 and business-type activities net position that increased by \$3,264,685.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 20,766,653, an increase of \$ 13,083,935 in comparison with the prior year. \$ 12,291,091 (59.19%) of this total amount is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance in the General Fund).
- The City's total debt decreased by \$5,259,282 (9.01%) during the current fiscal year due to annual payments.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Marathon's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements contain three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenditures are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Marathon that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, community services (public works, street and bridge maintenance, parks and recreation, nearshore waters), public safety (fire, EMS, police), and community development (planning, building, code). The business-type activities of the City include a full-service marina and a wastewater and stormwater utility.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16 and 17 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Marathon, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Marathon can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds**. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The City of Marathon previously implemented Governmental Accounting and Financial Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The objective of Statement No. 54 is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. Fund balances are now presented in the following classifications:

**Non-Spendable Fund Balance** - Amounts that are not in a spendable form (for example, inventory, long-term portion of loans, prepaid expenses, and notes receivable), or are required to be maintained intact (for example, the principal of an endowment fund).

**Restricted Fund Balance** - Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers (i.e. grant providers), constitutionally, or through enabling legislation (legislation that creates a new revenue source and restricts its use). Effectively, a restriction may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

**Committed Fund Balance** - Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. City Council). Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the government taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

**Assigned Fund Balance** - Amounts intended to be used by the government for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority (the authority for making an assignment is not required to be the government's highest level of decision making authority).

**Unassigned Fund Balance** - the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Marathon maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Street Maintenance Fund, and Capital Infrastructure Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* on pages 71 and 72 of this report.

The City of Marathon adopted an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, four of its special revenue funds, the Capital Project Fund and the Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget (page 59). A budgetary comparison schedule has also been provided for the major special revenue fund, which is the Street Maintenance Fund (page 60) and the Capital Infrastructure Fund, which is a capital project fund (pages 73 and 74).

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 21 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The City of Marathon maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its wastewater and stormwater utility and its marina.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the wastewater and stormwater utilities and the marina (nonmajor).

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 25 of this report. Data from the only nonmajor proprietary fund, the Marina Enterprise Fund, is also included in this presentation.

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund is the only fiduciary fund for the City.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 and 27 of this report.

#### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 58 of this report.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*, concerning the City of Marathon's budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue fund and the progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to certain employees and council members, as well as other post-employment benefits.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 59 through 70 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 71 through 76 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

**Net Position:** As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Marathon, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 149,750,092 at the close of the most recent fiscal year, compared to net position of \$ 131,216,726 the prior year.

#### City of Marathon's Net Position

		Governme	ntal	Activities		Business-T	ype	Activities		ī	otal	
	_	2020		2019	_	2020		2019		2020		2019
Current and other assets Capital assets (net)	\$	26,217,130 41,897,849	\$	14,739,059 39,781,880	\$	21,166,287 116,787,554	\$	22,277,099 118,355,880	\$	47,383,417 158,685,403	\$	37,016,158 158,137,760
Total assets	_	68,114,979	_	54,520,939	_	137,953,841	_	140,632,979	_	206,068,820	_	195,153,918
Deferred outflows of resources	_	1,119,640	_	518,036	_	73,109	_	2,892	_	1,192,749	_	520,928
Current and other liabilities Long term liabilities	_	2,364,744 6,093,358	_	2,367,633 6,955,932	_	5,300,122 42,912,823	_	7,065,592 47,026,514	_	7,664,866 49,006,181	_	9,433,225 53,982,446
Total liabilities	_	8,458,102	_	9,323,565	_	48,212,945	_	54,092,106	_	56,671,047	_	63,415,671
Deferred inflows of resources	_	813,131	_	1,020,705	_	27,299	_	21,744	_	840,430	_	1,042,449
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets		35,592,849		32,346,880		69,923,370		67,362,414		105,516,219		99,709,294
Restricted		2,982,465		3,497,273		- 		- 		2,982,465		3,497,273
Unrestricted	_	21,388,072	_	8,850,552	_	19,863,336	_	19,159,607	-	41,251,408	_	28,010,159
Total net position	\$_	59,963,386	\$	44,694,705	\$_	89,786,706	\$_	86,522,021	\$	149,750,092	\$_	131,216,726

The largest portion of the City's net position (70.46%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. This investment in capital assets reflects a 5.83% increase from the prior year. The City uses its capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$2,982,465 (2.00%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. This represents a decrease of 14.72% from the previous year's balance of \$3,497,273. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$41,251,408 (27.54%) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### **Changes in Net Position**

Governmental activities and business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$18,533,366 from the previous fiscal year. The relevant revenue and expense categories and their effect on net position are summarized in the table below. The information presented in this table will be used in the subsequent discussion of governmental and business-type activities:

#### **City of Marathon's Changes in Net Position**

		Governme	ntal A	Activities		Business-1	Гуре	Activities		Т	otal	
		2020	_	2019	_	2020		2019	-	2020		2019
Revenues:					_		_	•	-	•	_	
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	5,250,652	\$	7,529,118	\$	7,607,102	\$	7,693,897	\$	12,857,754	\$	15,223,015
Operating grants												
and contributions		9,936,824		4,553,389		975,811		5,022,018		10,912,635		9,575,407
Capital grants												
and contributions		6,569,796		3,754,846		7,420,604		11,599,984		13,990,400		15,354,830
General revenues:												
Property taxes		6,847,271		6,351,257		-		-		6,847,271		6,351,257
Other taxes		496,713		472,628		-		-		496,713		472,628
Intergovernmental												
revenues		1,807,035		2,124,983		-		-		1,807,035		2,124,983
Gain on sale of												
capital assets		-		-		-		94,239		-		94,239
Investment earnings		97,297		76,554		125,482		154,963		222,779		231,517
Miscellaneous		61,902	_	78,220	_	-	_			61,902	_	78,220
		_						_	_	_		_
Total revenues	_	31,067,490	_	24,940,995	_	16,128,999	_	24,565,101	-	47,196,489	_	49,506,096
Expenses:												
General government		3,681,557		3,550,307		-		-		3,681,557		3,550,307
Public safety		6,384,915		6,401,157		-		-		6,384,915		6,401,157
Community services		3,529,226		3,272,628		-		-		3,529,226		3,272,628
Community development		1,721,852		1,549,785		-		-		1,721,852		1,549,785
Interest on												
long-term debt		251,504		282,110		-		-		251,504		282,110
Marina		-		-		917,801		816,160		917,801		816,160
Wastewater		-		-		10,239,572		9,447,716		10,239,572		9,447,716
Stormwater	_	-	_	-	_	1,936,696	_	6,407,316	_	1,936,696	_	6,407,316
Total expenses	_	15,569,054	_	15,055,987	_	13,094,069	_	16,671,192		28,663,123	_	31,727,179
Increase in net position												
before transfers		15,498,436		9,885,008		3,034,930		7,893,909		18,533,366		17,778,917
before transfers		13,438,430		3,883,008		3,034,930		7,893,909		18,333,300		17,778,917
Transfers		(229,755)	_	(290,000)	_	229,755	_	290,000	_		_	
Increase in net position		15,268,681		9,595,008		3,264,685		8,183,909		18,533,366		17,778,917
Net position-beginning		44,694,705	_	35,099,697	_	86,522,021	_	78,338,112	_	131,216,726	_	113,437,809
Net position-ending	\$	59,963,386	\$_	44,694,705	\$_	89,786,706	\$_	86,522,021	\$	149,750,092	\$_	131,216,726

Governmental activities increased the City of Marathon's net position by \$ 15,268,681 as compared to an increase in net position of \$ 9,595,008 in the prior fiscal year. This increase is due to increased intergovernmental revenues for Hurricane Irma reimbursements received from FEMA and the State of Florida.

Program revenues, comprised of charges for services as well as operating and capital grants, and contributions represent 70.4% of the governmental activities total revenues. Property taxes, which represent 22.1% of total revenues for governmental activities, are non-program specific and are used to fund all activities not covered by program revenues.

#### Investment Earnings & Intergovernmental Miscellaneous Revenue 0.1% 5.8% Charges for Services Capital Grants &\_ 17.0% Contributions 21.2% **Property Taxes** 22.1% Operating Grants -& Contributions

**Revenue Sources - Governmental Activities** 

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Business-type activities increased the City of Marathon's net position by \$ 3,264,685.

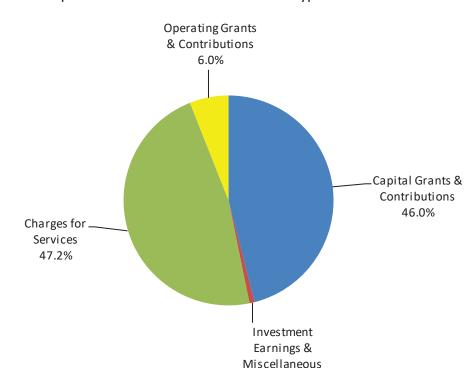
32.2%

This is the seventeenth year of operation for the Marina Enterprise Fund, and the fifteenth year of operation for the Wastewater and Stormwater Utility Enterprise Fund.

Other Taxes

1.6%

- In total, the City's business-type activities reflected an operating loss of \$4,349,559. This is primarily due to the Wastewater and Stormwater's operating loss of \$4,330,309. The operating loss is primarily due to the provision for depreciation of \$5,079,685.
- The Marina Fund's operating loss of \$ 19,250 is down \$ 96,822 from its operating income from the previous year of \$ 77,572. The operating loss is primarily due to the provision for depreciation of \$ 158,880.



Charges for services represent 47.2% of the total business-type revenues.

#### **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

As noted earlier, the City of Marathon uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

0.8%

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Marathon's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 20,766,653 an increase of \$ 13,083,935 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$ 12,291,091 is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance: \$ 83,156 is restricted for police education, \$ 252,479 is restricted for firefighter pension, \$ 297,050 is restricted for street maintenance projects, \$ 2,349,780 is restricted for capital projects, \$ 29,667 is nonspendable fund balance for prepaid items, \$ 5,463,430 is committed fund balance to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is already committed for a variety of restricted purposes.

**General Fund:** The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City of Marathon. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$ 12,291,091 while total fund balance was \$ 12,656,393.

The fund balance of the City of Marathon's General Fund increased by \$12,944,234 during the current fiscal year. Total General Fund revenues increased 53% while expenditures increased 4%, due to increased reimbursements received from FEMA and the State of Florida for Hurricane Irma.

The amount of General Fund revenue by type, the percent of the total and the amount of change compared to last fiscal year are shown in the following schedule:

		2020 Amount	Percentage of Total	2019 Amount	Percentage of Total	Increase (Decrease) From 2019	Percentage of Increase (Decrease)
Davisson							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	6,847,271	28%	\$ 6,351,257	39%	\$ 496,014	8%
Intergovernmental		13,147,314	53%	3,979,592	25%	9,167,722	230%
Licenses and permits		2,721,267	11%	3,756,614	23%	(1,035,347)	-28%
Charges for services		1,257,636	5%	1,388,284	9%	(130,648)	-9%
Fines and forfeitures		126,148	1%	141,389	1%	(15,241)	-11%
Communication services							
taxes		496,713	2%	472,628	3%	24,085	5%
Interest		39,342	0%	-	0%	39,342	8%
Miscellaneous	_	45,384	0%	 45,360	0%	 24	0%
Total revenues	\$	24,681,075	100%	\$ 16,135,124	100%	\$ 8,545,951	53%

- Intergovernmental revenue increased \$ 9,167,722 (230%) primarily due to grant revenue reimbursements related to Hurricane Irma recovery efforts that were received from the FEMA and the State of Florida
- Licenses and permits revenue decreased \$ 1,035,347 (-28%) due to a decrease in building permit fee activity related to Hurricane Irma recovery efforts.

Expenditures in the General Fund are shown in the following schedule:

	_	2020 Amount	Percentage of Total	_	2019 Amount	Percentage of Total	 Increase (Decrease) From 2019	Percentage of Increase (Decrease)
Expenditures:								
City Council	\$	481,005	4%	\$	563,359	5%	\$ (82,354)	-15%
Administration		2,063,275	17%		1,815,150	15%	248,125	14%
Legal		594,375	5%		493,473	4%	100,902	20%
Police services		1,770,618	14%		1,715,543	14%	55,075	3%
Fire/EMS		4,054,339	32%		4,206,355	36%	(152,016)	-4%
Public works		318,443	3%		276,038	2%	42,405	15%
Parks and recreation		1,475,616	12%		1,306,606	11%	169,010	13%
Bridge and near shore								
waters		26,017	0%		33,273	0%	(7,256)	-22%
Non departmental		49,492	0%		138,728	1%	(89,236)	-64%
Community development		1,623,247	13%		1,434,355	12%	188,892	13%
Interest	_	-	0%		29,101	0%	 (29,101)	-100%
Total expenditures	\$_	12,456,427	100%	\$	12,011,981	100%	\$ 444,446	4%

- Administration expenditures increased \$ 248,125 (14%) due to increased information technology expenditures for cyber security and upgraded computer equipment.
- Community development expenditures increased \$ 188,892 (13%) due to increased building department expenditures for contracted professional services.

**Other governmental funds:** Significant items pertaining to other governmental funds are as follows:

- The Street Maintenance Fund decreased its fund balance by \$ 1,049,860 due to the ongoing Aviation Trail project, which will partially be reimbursed by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT).
- The Capital Infrastructure Fund increased its fund balance by \$ 1,208,825 due to reimbursements received from FEMA and the State of Florida for Hurricane Irma repairs at Sombrero Beach.

**Proprietary Funds:** In addition to the items already addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities, other significant items pertaining to the City's business-type activities are as follows:

#### **Wastewater and Stormwater Utility Fund**

• The City-wide stormwater collection and wastewater collection and treatment systems have been online and operating since the end of fiscal year 2013. This activity resulted in an increase in the Wastewater and Stormwater Utility Fund net position of \$2,374,333 which is mainly attributed to grant revenue reimbursements from the Army Corp of Engineers, FEMA and the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

#### **Marina Fund**

• The activities at the City's marina resulted in an increase of net position of \$890,352 due to reimbursements received from FEMA and the State of Florida for Hurricane Irma repairs to the Marina.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in an increase of \$3,148,531 in total budgeted revenues. The significant changes to the individual departments (budgetary level of control for the General Fund) from the original to the final amended budget can be briefly summarized as follows:

- The Planning Department budget was decreased by \$519,031 due to personnel and professional services being less than originally anticipated.
- The Legal Department budget was increased by \$220,000 due to outsourced services for litigation matters.

Actual expenditures were \$ 1,699,105 below the final budgeted amounts. The significant variances can be summarized as follows:

• Public Safety (\$820,599), and Community Services (\$219,275) were under budget due to operating costs being less than projected.

Resources available for appropriations were \$1,055,913 over the budgeted amount. The significant variance can be summarized as follows:

• Intergovernmental revenues were \$ 945,432 over budget due to local grant revenues from the Monroe County Land Authority (\$ 800,000) being more than anticipated.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets:** The City of Marathon's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2020, amounts to \$158,685,403 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and park facilities. The investment does not include governmental infrastructure assets acquired prior to 2004, as GASB 34 does not require Phase III governments to report infrastructure retroactively. The total net increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$547,643 as compared to the \$1,520,848 net increase in the prior year.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

#### **Governmental Activities**:

- Construction in progress had a net increase of \$ 673,627. Notable items include a \$ 1,705,832 increase for work completed on the Aviation Pedestrian Trail project. Also, a decrease of \$ 1,018,755 for the Sombrero Beach Hurricane Irma Reconstruction Project that was placed into service during the year.
- \$ 950,713 increase in land for the purchase of land for a future affordable housing project with Habitat of Humanity of the Middle Keys.

#### **Business Activities:**

- Construction in progress had a net decrease of \$ 3,563,476. A significant change was the decrease of \$ 4,037,278 for the Service Area 5 Wastewater Project being placed into service during the year as an increase to improvements other than buildings.
- Improvements other than buildings increased by \$434,961 and construction in progress decreased by the same amount for the Marina Hurricane Irma Dingy Dock project that was placed into service during the year.

		Governme	ntal A	Activities		Business-T	уре л	Activities		Т	otal	
		2020		2019	_	2020	_	2019	_	2020		2019
Capital assets,												
net of depreciation:												
Land :	5	12,213,790	\$	11,263,077	\$	4,695,647	\$	4,695,647	\$	16,909,437	\$	15,958,724
Intangibles		3,822		3,822		1,618,093		1,618,093		1,621,915		1,621,915
Construction in progress		2,398,895		1,725,268		1,163,314		4,726,790		3,562,209		6,452,058
Buildings		14,869,555		15,479,040		3,452,991		22,691,953		18,322,546		38,170,993
Improvement other												
than buildings		9,985,830		8,582,270		103,625,243		82,439,185		113,611,073		91,021,455
Land improvements		-		-		88,233		109,719		88,233		109,719
Fire equipment and vehicles		1,872,597		2,137,461		-		-		1,872,597		2,137,461
Vehicles		-		-		846,879		924,204		846,879		924,204
Furniture and equipment		553,360	_	590,942	_	1,297,154	_	1,150,289	_	1,850,514	_	1,741,231
Total	<u> </u>	41,897,849	\$	39,781,880	\$_	116,787,554	\$_	118,355,880	\$	158,685,403	\$_	158,137,760

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 38 through 40 of this report.

**Long-term liabilities:** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Marathon had governmental activities improvement revenue bond debt outstanding of \$5,255,000. This debt is secured by the City's local discretionary sales surtax revenues. The City's Wastewater and Stormwater Enterprise Fund also had State Revolving Fund debt outstanding of \$46,864,184. The State Revolving Fund debt is secured by the pledge of future non-ad valorem assessments for utility construction, the capital infrastructure funds, and the gross revenues derived yearly from the operation of the sewer and stormwater systems after payment of operating and maintenance expenses and the satisfaction of all yearly payment senior obligations.

	Governme	ental A	ctivities		Business-1	Гуре А	ctivities		7	otal	
_	2020		2019		2020		2019	_	2020		2019
Long-term liabilities: Improvement Revenue Bon \$ Note payable	5,255,000 1,050,000	\$	5,860,000 1,575,000	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	5,255,000 1,050,000	\$	5,860,000 1,575,000
State Revolving Fund Loan Compensated absences Net pension liability	204,004 97,355		211,260 83,282		46,864,184 81,032		50,993,466 54,894 -		46,864,184 285,036 97,355		50,993,466 266,154 83,282
Other post-employment benefit obligation	652,399	_	377,516	_	203,123		112,764	_	855,522	_	490,280
Total \$	7,258,758	\$	8,107,058	\$	47,148,339	\$	51,161,124	\$	54,407,097	\$	59,268,182

The City of Marathon's total long-term liabilities decreased by \$4,861,085 (8.21%) during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the City of Marathon's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 40 through 43 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The unemployment rate for Monroe County was 3.8% in December of 2020, which is an increase from a rate of 1.8% a year ago. The rate compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 6.1%

During March of 2020 COVID-19 impacted the City of Marathon due to the closure of the Florida Keys to all tourists until late June of 2020. The City experienced decreased sales tax revenues due to the impacts of COVID-19. Yet, the City of Marathon's economic outlook is strong. The tourism industry in the Florida Keys is vibrant and has proven to be extremely resilient.

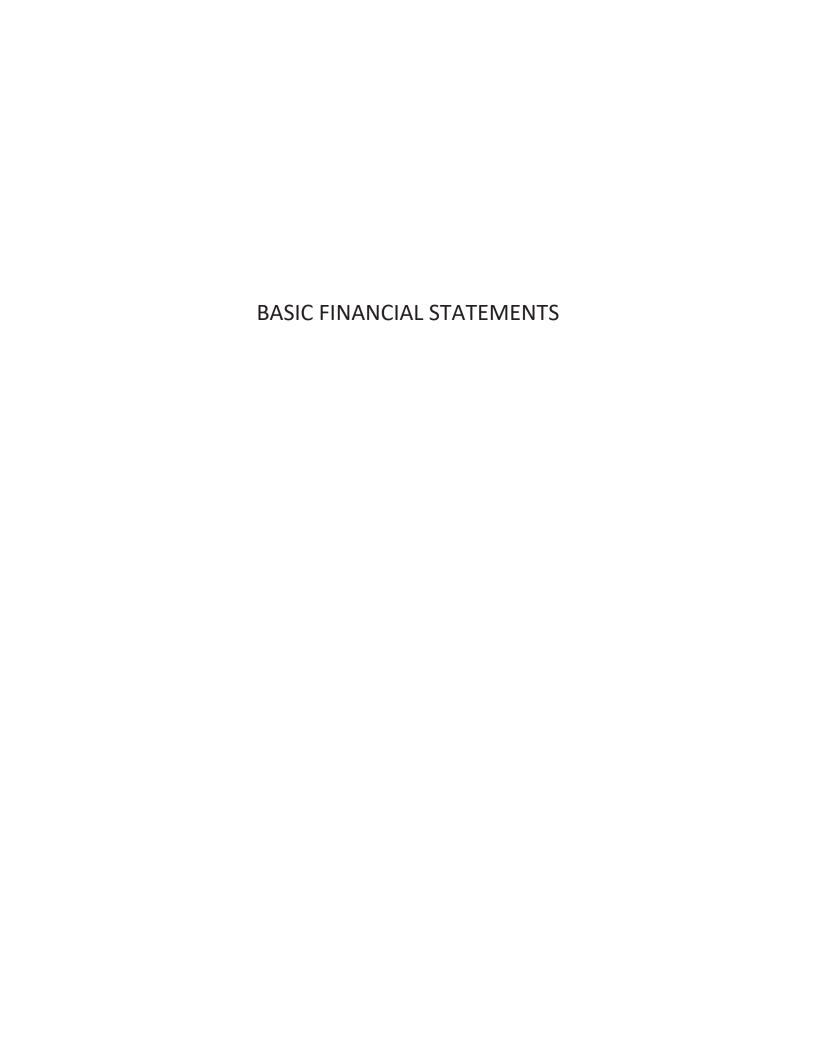
An increase in property values resulted in a roll-back rate, which is the tax rate that would bring in the same amount of money from the previous year of 2.4631. For fiscal year 2021, the City adopted a final millage rate of 2.5900 mills which is 5.15% above the roll-back rate, as compared to 2.5900 mills in fiscal year 2020.

During fiscal year 2021, the City will be working on the following programs/projects:

- Hurricane Irma Recovery Projects
- City parks & beaches
- City Marina and Parks & Recreation buildings
- Street repairs, street signs and stormwater culvert cleanouts
- Canal restoration and stormwater projects

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Marathon's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Finance Director, City of Marathon, 9805 Overseas Highway, Marathon, Florida 33050.



Accotos		Governmental Activities	_	Business- type Activities	_	Total
Assets:	_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,338,075	\$	19,568,664	\$	38,906,739
Investments		45,996		-		45,996
Receivables, net		990,309		379,458		1,369,767
Due from other governments		3,892,179		1,218,165		5,110,344
Prepaid items		29,667		-		29,667
Net pension asset		1,920,904		_		1,920,904
Capital assets not being depreciated		14,616,507		7,472,705		22,089,212
Capital assets, being depreciated		27,281,342		109,314,849		136,596,191
Capital assets, being depreciated		27,201,342	-	109,314,649	_	130,390,191
Total assets		68,114,979	-	137,953,841	_	206,068,820
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred outflows related to pension		896,359		-		896,359
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		223,281	_	73,109	_	296,390
Total deferred outflows						
of resources		1,119,640	_	73,109	_	1,192,749
Liabilities: Accounts payable and						
accrued liabilities		1,121,907		927,244		2,049,151
Accrued interest payable		77,437		137,362		214,799
• •		77,437		137,302		214,733
Noncurrent liabilities:		4.465.400		4 225 546		F 400 046
Due within one year		1,165,400		4,235,516		5,400,916
Due in more than one year		6,093,358	_	42,912,823	_	49,006,181
Total liabilities		8,458,102	_	48,212,945	_	56,671,047
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows related to pension		723,438		-		723,438
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		89,693	_	27,299	_	116,992
Total deferred inflows of resources		813,131	_	27,299	_	840,430
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		35,592,849		69,923,370		105,516,219
Restricted for:				00,0 = 0,0 : 0		,
Capital projects		2,349,780		_		2,349,780
Street maintenance		297,050		_		297,050
Police education		83,156		_		
		-		-		83,156
Firefighter pension		252,479		-		252,479
Unrestricted		21,388,072	-	19,863,336	_	41,251,408
Total net position	\$	59,963,386	\$	89,786,706	\$ =	149,750,092

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 City of Marathon, Florida **Statement of Activities** 

			Program Revenues		Net (Expenson Changes in	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business- type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 3,681,557	\$ 523,924	\$ 9,584,993	\$ 1,283,063	\$ 7,710,423	· \$	\$ 7,710,423
Public safety	6,384,915	1,686,584	158,031		(4,540,300)		(4,540,300)
Community services	3,529,226	847,335	193,800	3,900,023	1,411,932		1,411,932
Community development	1,721,852	2,192,809		1,386,710	1,857,667		1,857,667
Interest and other debt service costs	251,504	1	1	,	(251,504)		(251,504)
Total governmental activities	15,569,054	5,250,652	9,936,824	962'69'29	6,188,218	1	6,188,218
Business-Type Activities:							
Wastewater	10,239,572	6,718,556	368,488	5,091,942	•	1,939,414	1,939,414
Stormwater	1,936,696		607,323	1,361,815		32,442	32,442
Marina	917,801	888,546	1	966,847	1	937,592	937,592
Total business-type activities	13,094,069	7,607,102	975,811	7,420,604	1	2,909,448	2,909,448
Total	\$ 28,663,123	\$ 12,857,754	\$ 10,912,635	\$ 13,990,400	6,188,218	2,909,448	9)092,696
	General revenues:						
	Property taxes				6,847,271	•	6,847,271
	Communications services tax	services tax			496,713		496,713
	Unrestricted inter	Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue	ne		1,807,035		1,807,035
	Unrestricted investment earnings	stment earnings			97,297	125,482	222,779
	Miscellaneous				61,902	. !	61,902
	Iransters				(229,755)	229,755	1
	Total general revenues	venues			9,080,463	355,237	9,435,700
	Change in net position	ion			15,268,681	3,264,685	18,533,366
	Net position, beginning	ning			44,694,705	86,522,021	131,216,726
	Net position, ending	ъ.			\$ 59,963,386	\$ 89,786,706	\$ 149,750,092

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

		General Fund	ı	Street Maintenance Fund	ı	Capital nfrastructure Fund	(	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other governments Prepaid items	\$	11,823,964 30,081 270,309 2,745,756 29,667	\$	579,003 13,944 - 604,191	\$	4,010,871 1,971 - 542,232	\$	2,924,237 - 720,000 - -	\$	19,338,075 45,996 990,309 3,892,179 29,667
Total assets	\$_	14,899,777	\$_	1,197,138	\$_	4,555,074	\$_	3,644,237	\$	24,296,226
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$_	680,559	\$_	337,971	\$_	103,377	\$		\$	1,121,907
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenue	_	1,562,825	_	562,117	_	282,724	-	-	-	2,407,666
Fund Balances (Deficit): Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items Restricted for:		29,667		-		-		-		29,667
Capital projects		-		-		2,349,780		-		2,349,780
Street maintenance Police education		83,156		297,050 -		-		-		297,050 83,156
Firefighter pension Committed to:		252,479		-		-		-		252,479
Vehicle replacement		-		-		1,819,193		-		1,819,193
Infrastructure improvements Affordable housing Restoration projects		-		-		-		1,640,663 1,778,484 225,090		1,640,663 1,778,484 225,090
Unassigned	_	12,291,091	_	-	_		_	-	_	12,291,091
Total fund balances	_	12,656,393	_	297,050	_	4,168,973	_	3,644,237	_	20,766,653
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	14,899,777	\$	1,197,138	\$	4,555,074	\$	3,644,237	\$	24,296,226
	· =	,, -	' =	, ,	' =	, -,-	´ =	, , , -	· =	,, -

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	20,766,653
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation		62,615,289 (20,717,440)
Accrued interest payable not reported in the governmental funds		(77,437)
Unavailable revenue in governmental funds is susceptible to full accrual on the government-wide statements.		2,407,666
Certain assets are not an available resource and certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets and liabilities are comprised of the following:		
Net pension asset Net pension liability Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to pensions Net OPEB obligation Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB Compensated absences payable Note payable Governmental revenue bonds payable	_	1,920,904 (97,355) 896,359 (723,438) (652,398) 223,281 (89,693) (204,005) (1,050,000) (5,255,000)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	59,963,386

	_	General Fund	Street Maintenance Fund	Capital Infrastructure Fund	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Property taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits	\$	6,847,271 13,147,314 2,721,267	\$ - 1,371,302 -	\$ - 4,401,457 -	\$ 800,000 -	\$	6,847,271 19,720,073 2,721,267
Charges for services		1,257,636	-	-	_		1,257,636
Fines and forfeitures		126,148	-	-	-		126,148
Communications services tax		496,713	-	-	-		496,713
Impact fees		-	-	-	686,783		686,783
Interest		39,342	7,614	23,080	27,261		97,297
Miscellaneous	_	45,384	318	20,000		_	65,702
Total revenues	-	24,681,075	1,379,234	4,444,537	1,514,044		32,018,890
Expenditures: Current:							
General government		3,112,085	_	_	_		3,112,085
Public safety		5,824,957	_	_	_		5,824,957
Community services		1,806,908	697,129	_	3,500		2,507,537
Community development		1,623,247	-	_	-		1,623,247
Capital outlay		89,230	1,719,719	1,531,500	950,713		4,291,162
Debt service:		00,200	_,,,,	_,55_,555	330). 23		.,
Principal		-	-	-	1,130,000		1,130,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_				220,529		220,529
Total expenditures		12,456,427	2,416,848	1,531,500	2,304,742		18,709,517
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over							
expenditures	-	12,224,648	(1,037,614)	2,913,037	(790,698)		13,309,373
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Insurance proceeds		4,317	-	-	-		4,317
Transfers in		720,269	-	566,044	1,355,529		2,641,842
Transfers out	_	(5,000)	(12,246)	(2,270,256)	(584,095)		(2,871,597)
Total other financing							
sources (uses)		719,586	(12,246)	(1,704,212)	771,434		(225,438)
Net change in fund balances		12,944,234	(1,049,860)	1,208,825	(19,264)		13,083,935
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	_	(287,841)	1,346,910	2,960,148	3,663,501	_	7,682,718
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	12,656,393	\$ 297,050	\$ 4,168,973	\$ 3,644,237	\$	20,766,653
	-						

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	13,083,935
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:		
Expenditures for capital assets Less current year provision for depreciation		4,291,162 (2,157,882)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales and donations) is to decrease net assets		(17,311)
Revenues that are earned but not received within the availability period are recognized in the statement of activities when earned and subsequently in the governmental fund financial statements when they become available. The net difference is recorded as a reconciling item.		(955,717)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds and notes payable) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position		
Principal payments		1,130,000
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Change in accrued interest payable Change in net pension asset Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows related to pension Change in deferred inflows related to pension Change in net OPEB obligation Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB Change in deferred inflows related to OPEB Change in compensated absences payable	_	(30,975) (602,009) (14,073) 388,003 224,471 (274,882) 213,601 (16,897) 7,255
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ =	15,268,681

	_		iness-Type Activit Enterprise Funds	ies	
		Major Fund Wastewater and tormwater Fund	Nonmajor Fund Marina Fund	_	Total Enterprise Funds
Assets:					
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other governments	\$	18,213,686 379,458 882,673	\$ 1,354,978 - 335,492	\$	19,568,664 379,458 1,218,165
Total current assets	-	19,475,817	1,690,470	_	21,166,287
	-	15,475,617	1,030,470	-	21,100,207
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated		6,729,280	743,425		7,472,705
depreciation	_	107,852,789	1,462,060	_	109,314,849
Total noncurrent assets	_	114,582,069	2,205,485	_	116,787,554
Total assets	_	134,057,886	3,895,955	_	137,953,841
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</b> Deferred outflows relating to OPEB	_	56,104	17,005	_	73,109
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Current portion of loans payable		942,028 4,227,412	122,578		1,064,606 4,227,412
Current portion of compensated absences	-	6,115	1,989	_	8,104
Total current liabilities	-	5,175,555	124,567	-	5,300,122
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences, net of					
current portion		55,031	17,897		72,928
Loans payable OPEB liability		42,636,772 157,535	- 45,588		42,636,772 203,123
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	42,849,338	63,485		42,912,823
Total liabilities	_	48,024,893	188,052	_	48,212,945
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b> Deferred inflows relating to OPEB	_	21,276	6,023	_	27,299
Net Position:  Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	_	67,717,885 18,349,936	2,205,485 1,513,400	_	69,923,370 19,863,336
Total net position	\$ _	86,067,821	\$ 3,718,885	\$ _	89,786,706

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

			EI	nterprise Funds		
		Major Fund		Nonmajor		
	V	Vastewater and		Fund		Total
		Stormwater	-	Marina		Enterprise
		Fund				Funds
		ruliu	_	Fund		rulius
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	6,670,712	\$	887,863	\$	7,558,575
Charges for services	٦	0,070,712	- ۲	007,003	٠,	7,336,373
Total operating revenues		6,670,712	_	887,863		7,558,575
Operating Expenses:						
Personnel costs		1,910,357		510,365		2,420,722
				•		
Operating expenses		4,010,979		237,868		4,248,847
Provision for depreciation		5,079,685	_	158,880		5,238,565
Total operating expenses		11,001,021	_	907,113		11,908,134
Operating income (loss)		(4,330,309)		(19,250)		(4,349,559)
operating moome (1955)		(1,000,000)	-	(13)230)		(1)013)0337
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Intergovernmental		975,811		-		975,811
Insurance proceeds		47,844		683		48,527
Gain (loss) on disposal of property		-		(10,688)		(10,688)
Interest income		112 000				
		113,609		11,873		125,482
Interest expense		(1,175,247)	_			(1,175,247)
Total nonoperating						
, e		(27.002)		1 060		(26.115)
revenues (expenses)		(37,983)	-	1,868		(36,115)
Income (loss) before capital						
contributions		(4 260 202)		(17 202)		(4 205 674)
Continuations		(4,368,292)	-	(17,382)		(4,385,674)
Capital Contributions:						
Special assessments		4,759,548		_		4,759,548
Grants		1,694,209		066 047		
Grants		1,694,209	-	966,847		2,661,056
Total capital contributions		6,453,757	_	966,847		7,420,604
Income before transfers		2,085,465		949,465	_	3,034,930
Transfers:						
		650.000				650.000
Transfers in		650,000		-		650,000
Transfers out		(361,132)	_	(59,113)		(420,245)
Total transfers		288,868		(59,113)		229,755
Change in net position		2,374,333	-	890,352	•	3,264,685
Net Position, Beginning		83,693,488		2,828,533		86,522,021
			_			
Net Position, Ending	\$	86,067,821	\$ =	3,718,885	\$	89,786,706

Business-Type Activities
<b>Enterprise Funds</b>
Nonmaior

		Enterprise Funds					
		Major Fund		Nonmajor		_	
		Wastewater and		Fund		Total	
		Stormwater		Marina		Enterprise	
		Fund		Fund		Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:							
Receipts from customers and users	\$	6,700,273	\$	887,863	\$	7,588,136	
Payments to employees	т	(1,832,991)	т.	(490,557)	7	(2,323,548)	
Payments to suppliers		(4,259,757)		(480,180)		(4,739,937)	
		(1)=20):01)		(100)200)	,	(1)100)001)	
Net cash provided by (used in)		607.525		(02.074)		F24.0F4	
operating activities		607,525		(82,874)		524,651	
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:							
Due from other funds		1,039,746		-		1,039,746	
Transfers to other funds		(361,132)		(59,113)		(420,245)	
Net cash provided by (used in)							
non-capital and related financing							
activities		678,614		(59,113)		619,501	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related							
Financing Activities:							
Acquisition of capital assets		(2,925,405)		(763,678)		(3,689,083)	
Proceeds from capital grants		3,992,058		639,847		4,631,905	
Proceeds from capital assessments		4,759,548		-		4,759,548	
Insurance proceeds		47,844		683		48,527	
Transfers from other funds		650,000		-		650,000	
Repayments of capital debt		(4,129,282)		-		(4,129,282)	
Interest paid		(1,187,531)				(1,187,531)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital							
and related financing activities		1,207,232		(123,148)		1,084,084	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:							
Interest received		113,609		11,873	·	125,482	
Net cash provided by							
investing activities		113,609		11,873		125,482	
Net increase (decrease) in cash				_			
and cash equivalents		2,606,980		(253,262)		2,353,718	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		15,606,706		1,608,240		17,214,946	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	18,213,686	\$	1,354,978	\$	19,568,664	

City of Marathon, Florida Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		ness-Type Activit Enterprise Funds	ies	
	Major Fund Wastewater and Stormwater Fund	Nonmajor Fund Marina Fund		Total Enterprise Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (4,330,309)	\$ (19,250)	\$.	(4,349,559)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:				
Provision for depreciation (Increase) decrease in:	5,079,685	158,880		5,238,565
Receivables	29,561	-		29,561
Deferred outflows relating to OPEB Increase (decrease) in:	(53,840)	(16,377)		(70,217)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(208,239)	(237,512)		(445,751)
Compensated absences	17,123	9,015		26,138
Deferred inflows relating to OPEB	4,259	1,296		5,555
OPEB liability	69,285	21,074		90,359
Total adjustments	4,937,834	(63,624)		4,874,210
Net cash provided by (used in)		4		
operating activities	\$ 607,525	\$ (82,874)	\$	524,651

Assets:		
Cash	\$	87,281
Investments:		
Bond funds		3,043,929
Equity funds		7,778,929
	-	
Total investments		10,822,858
	-	
Receivables:		
City (including State)		74,143
,	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total assets		10,984,282
	-	, ,
Liabilities:		
Reserve for additional benefits		165,909
	-	
Net Position:		
Net position restricted for pensions	\$	10,818,373
Net position restricted for pensions	۶ <u>-</u>	10,010,373

Plan members \$ 90,891 City (including State) \$ 90,891 Total contributions \$ 515,006  Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments \$ 666,724  Total additions \$ 1,181,730  Deductions: Distributions \$ 45,307 Administrative expenses \$ 51,932  Total deductions \$ 97,239  Change in net position \$ 1,084,491  Net Position, Beginning \$ 9,733,882	Additions: Contributions:		
City (including State)424,115Total contributions515,006Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments666,724Total additions1,181,730Deductions: Distributions Administrative expenses45,307 51,932Total deductions97,239Change in net position1,084,491		\$	90 891
Total contributions 515,006  Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments 666,724  Total additions 1,181,730  Deductions: Distributions 45,307 Administrative expenses 51,932  Total deductions 97,239  Change in net position 1,084,491		7	•
Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments  Total additions  1,181,730  Deductions: Distributions Administrative expenses  Total deductions  Change in net position  1,084,491	City (including State)	-	727,113
Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments  Total additions  1,181,730  Deductions: Distributions Administrative expenses  Total deductions  Change in net position  1,084,491	Total contributions		515 006
Net appreciation in fair value of investments666,724Total additions1,181,730Deductions: Distributions Administrative expenses45,307 51,932Total deductions97,239Change in net position1,084,491	Total Contributions	-	313,000
Net appreciation in fair value of investments666,724Total additions1,181,730Deductions: Distributions Administrative expenses45,307 51,932Total deductions97,239Change in net position1,084,491	Investment income:		
Total additions 1,181,730  Deductions:  Distributions 45,307 Administrative expenses 51,932  Total deductions 97,239  Change in net position 1,084,491			666.724
Deductions:Distributions45,307Administrative expenses51,932Total deductions97,239Change in net position1,084,491	The appreciation in rail value of investments	-	
Deductions:Distributions45,307Administrative expenses51,932Total deductions97,239Change in net position1,084,491	Total additions		1 181 730
Distributions 45,307 Administrative expenses 51,932  Total deductions 97,239  Change in net position 1,084,491	Total additions	-	1,101,730
Distributions 45,307 Administrative expenses 51,932  Total deductions 97,239  Change in net position 1,084,491	Deductions:		
Administrative expenses 51,932  Total deductions 97,239  Change in net position 1,084,491			45.307
Total deductions 97,239  Change in net position 1,084,491			
Change in net position 1,084,491	Administrative expenses	-	31,332
Change in net position 1,084,491	Total deductions		97 239
	Total acadetions	-	37,233
	Change in net nosition		1 08/1 /191
Net Position, Beginning 9,733,882	change in het position		1,004,431
<u> </u>	Net Position Reginning		9 733 882
	rect osition, beginning	-	3,733,002
Net Position, Ending \$ 10,818,373	Net Position, Ending	\$	10,818,373

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The City of Marathon (the "City") is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 99-427, Laws of Florida and is located in Monroe County (the "County"). The City was incorporated on November 30, 1999. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: general government, public safety, community services and community development. The City also operates two enterprise funds which provide wastewater, stormwater and marina services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

**Financial reporting entity:** The financial statements were prepared in accordance with GASB pronouncements for *The Financial Reporting Entity*, which establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The definition of the financial reporting entity is based upon the concept that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. One of the objectives of financial reporting is to provide users of financial statements with a basis for assessing the accountability of the elected officials. The financial reporting entity consists of the City, organizations for which the City is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. Based upon the application of these criteria, there were no organizations that met the criteria for component units described above.

**Government-wide and fund financial statements:** The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the proprietary funds, and the fiduciary fund, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees and other taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Revenues for expenditure driven grants are recognized when the qualifying expenditures are incurred. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Street Maintenance Fund, a special revenue fund, is used to account for revenues derived from a portion of state shared revenues, and the local option gas tax. Funds can only be used for road construction and maintenance.

The Capital Infrastructure Fund, a capital projects fund, accounts for revenues derived from local government infrastructure surtax levied in the County, as well as other income sources, including grant revenues. Funds can only be expended to finance, plan and construct infrastructure and to acquire land for public recreation, conservation or protection of natural resources.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Wastewater and Stormwater Fund accounts for the provision of wastewater services and stormwater control services to City residents, businesses and government agencies.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary fund type:

The Firefighters' Pension Fund is used to account for the City's single-employer defined benefit pension plan covering its firefighters.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's Proprietary Funds and the General Fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of services, personnel costs, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

**Deposits and investments:** The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments. Deposits include cash on hand and interest bearing checking accounts.

City administration is authorized to invest in those instruments authorized by the Florida Statutes. Investments include the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund. Investment in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the State Board of Administration is reported at the fair value of its position in the pool, which is the same as the value of the pool shares.

**Receivables and payables:** Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Capital assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and certain infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the asset constructed.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and structures	10-50 years
Leasehold improvements	5-20 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-50 years
Fire equipment and vehicles	5-12 years
Furniture and equipment	3-20 years

**Prepaid items:** Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than purchased.

**Deferred outflows/inflows of resources:** In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is the deferred outflows related to the pension liability (asset) and is discussed further in Note 10. The second item is the deferred outflows related to OPEB and is discussed further in Note 11.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is the deferred inflows related to the net pension liability (asset) and is discussed further in Note 10. The second item is the deferred inflows related to OPEB and is discussed further in Note 11. The third item appears in the governmental funds as unavailable revenues that are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

**Compensated absences:** It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate such amounts.

**Unearned/unavailable revenue:** Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Unearned revenues at the government-wide level arise only when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Long-term obligations: In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses.

**Fund balance:** The City presents fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement requires that governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent.

The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by resolution of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

<u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The Council has by resolution authorized the City Manager to assign fund balance. The Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenues and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments; assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.

<u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

**Net position:** Net position of the government-wide and proprietary funds are categorized as net investment in capital assets; restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets is that portion of net position that relates to the City's capital assets reduced by accumulated depreciation and by any outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct or improve those assets, excluding unexpended proceeds. Restricted net position is that portion of net position that has been restricted for general use by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of all net position that does not meet the definition of either of the other two components.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first.

**Use of estimates:** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

Allowance for doubtful accounts: The City's contracted service provider processes receivables associated with emergency medical services (EMS). An allowance account of \$2,561,001 is established for EMS receivables based on historical collection rates.

**Date of management review:** Subsequent events were evaluated through March 31, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

**Deposits:** In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, deposits which consist of cash on hand and interest bearing checking accounts are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under Florida Statutes Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, the State Treasurer requires all Florida qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. Therefore, all amounts presented as deposits are insured or collateralized.

**Investments - City:** The City is authorized to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury, its agencies, instrumentalities and the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the State Board of Administration. The investments follow the investment rules defined in Florida Statutes Chapter 215. The investment policy defined in the statutes attempts to promote, through state assistance, the maximization of net investment earnings on invested surplus funds of local units of governments while limiting the risk to which the funds are exposed.

The City has funds invested in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (the "Florida PRIME"). Florida PRIME is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration ("SBA"), who provides regulatory oversight. Florida PRIME has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirement for a 2a7-like fund. The City's investment in the Florida PRIME is reported at amortized cost. The fair value of the position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares.

#### Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

As of September 30, 2020, the City had the following investments:

	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (In Years)
Florida PRIME	\$ 45,996	Less than 1

<u>Interest rate risk</u>: The City has an investment policy of structuring the investment portfolio so that the securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools. The weighted average maturity of the securities held in Florida PRIME is 48 days.

<u>Credit risk</u>: The City's investment policy limits investments to the highest ratings issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Investments - Firefighters' Pension Plan: The Firefighters' Pension Plan is part of the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund ("FMPTF") which is an external investment pool (the "Pool") established for the purpose of funding the individually designed employee pension plans of the participating Florida municipalities. The assets of defined benefit plans are invested through the Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIvT), an external investment pool open to eligible units of local governments to invest in one or more investment portfolios under the direct and daily supervision of an investment advisor. FMIvT is not subject to SEC or other regulatory oversight. The FMIvT Board of Trustees provides oversight. The fair value of the positions in the FMIvT portfolios is the same as the value of the portfolio shares. The Florida League of Cities, Inc. serves as Administrator for both the Fund and FMIvT.

As of September 30, 2020, the City's Firefighters' Pension Plan has the following required disclosures:

<u>Credit Risk</u> :	Fitch Rating	Amount
Fixed Income Funds:		
FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund	AAf/S4	\$ 1,516,509
FMIvT Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	Not rated	1,527,420
Equity Portfolios:		
FMIvT Diversified Large Cap Equity Portfolio	Not rated	3,938,560
FMIvT Diversified Small to Mid Cap Equity Portfolio	Not rated	1,112,834
FMIvT International Equity Portfolio	Not rated	1,734,712
FMIvT Core Real Estate Fund	Not rated	992,823
		\$ 10,822,858
Interest Rate Risk (In Years):		
Fixed Income Funds:	Duration	WAM
FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund	5.52	6.60
FMIvT Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	3.35	5.82

#### Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy: GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, establishes a hierarchy disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investment at fair value. Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of investments. These inputs are categorized into a fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial statement purposes as follows:

- Level 1 investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset, either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

The following is a general description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Investments classified as Level 2 for the FMIvT, in the table below, are valued based on significant other observable inputs, which may include, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, cash flows, maturity, and credit ratings), or other market corroborated inputs specific to the investment type.

Investments classified as Level 3 for the FMIvt, in the table below, are valued based on significant unobservable inputs based on all information available in the circumstances to the extent observable inputs are not available. Shares of the underlying funds of the FMIvT Core Plus Fixed Income Fund are not publicly quoted. These underlying funds invest in a variety of financial instruments, including equity investments, asset-backed securities, swaps, forward exchange contracts, credit-linked notes, escrow accounts and litigation trusts for both U.S. and foreign companies and governments. Shares of the underlying fund of the FMIvT Core Real Estate Fund are also not publicly quoted. The underlying fund invests in core real estate in the U.S. The value of the investments was determined based on quarterly real estate appraisals which were calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Fair values of investments held by the City's Firefighters' Pension Plan are classified at September 30, 2020 as follows:

Investments	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Investments Valued at NAV
Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds	\$ 10,822,858	\$	\$8,302,615	\$ 2,520,243	\$ <u>-</u>

### Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Additional information for investments measured at Level 3 is presented in the table below as of September 30, 2020.

					Redemption	
					Frequency	Redemption
		Fair	ıU	nfunded	(If Currently	Notice
	_	Value	Com	mitments	Eligible)	Period
FMIvT Core Plus Fixed						1 business
Income Fund	\$	1,527,420	\$	-	Monthly	day
FMIvT Core Real Estate						5 business
Portfolio	_	992,823		-	Quarterly	days
	\$ =	2,520,243	\$	-		

Given the inherent nature of investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the value of those investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

#### Note 3 - Property Taxes

Property values are assessed on a county-wide basis by the Monroe County Property Appraiser as of January 1, the lien date, of each year and are due the following November 1st (levy date). Taxable value of property within the City is certified by the Property Appraiser and the City levies a tax millage rate upon the taxable value, which will provide revenue required for the fiscal year beginning October 1.

Property taxes levied each November 1 by the City and all other taxing authorities within the County, are centrally billed and collected by Monroe County, with remittances to the City of their proportionate share of collected taxes. Taxes for the fiscal year beginning October 1 are billed in the month of November, subject to a 1% per month discount for the periods November through February, and are due no later than March 31. On April 1, unpaid amounts become delinquent with interest and penalties added thereafter. Beginning June 1, tax certificates representing delinquent taxes with interest and penalties are sold by the County, with remittance to the City for its share of those receipts. At September 30, 2020, there were no significant delinquent taxes.

#### **Note 4 - Receivables and Payables**

Receivables for the City's individual major funds, nonmajor funds and fiduciary fund in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	<u> </u>	Street Maintenance	Capital Infrastructure	_	Affordable Housing
Customers billed Intergovernmental Loans Miscellaneous	\$ 2,821,101 2,745,756 - 16,457	\$	- 604,191 - -	\$ - 542,232 - -	\$	- - 720,000 -
Gross receivables	5,583,314		604,191	542,232		720,000
Less allowance for uncollectibles	(2,567,249)	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u> _
Net receivables	\$ 3,016,065	\$	604,191	\$ 542,232	\$	720,000

Note 4 - Receivables and Payables (continued)

	Wastewater/ Stormwater	_	Marina	_	Pension Trust Fund	_	Total
Customers billed	\$ 379,458	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,200,559
Intergovernmental	882,673		335,492		-		5,110,344
Loans	-		-		-		720,000
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		16,457
Contributions		_	-	_	74,143	_	74,143
Gross receivables	1,262,131		335,492		74,143		9,121,503
Less allowance for uncollectibles		_	-	_	-	_	(2,567,249)
Net receivables	\$ 1,262,131	\$	335,492	\$	74,143	\$	6,554,254

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities for the City's individual major and nonmajor funds are as follows:

										Marina		
	_	General	N	Street laintenance	Ir	Capital nfrastructure	_	Wastewater/ Stormwater	_	(Nonmajor Fund)	_	Total
Vendors	\$	358,223	\$	134,029	\$	103,377	\$	693,312	\$	29,361	\$	1,318,302
Payroll liabilities		322,336		19,159		-		100,510		21,220		463,225
Retainage		-		184,783		-		10,844		71,997		267,624
Accrued interest	_	-	_	-	_	-		137,362	_	-	_	137,362
Total	\$	680,559	\$	337,971	\$	103,377	\$	942,028	\$	122,578	\$	2,186,513

#### Note 5 - Interfund Balances and Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers is as follows:

	_	Transfer In											
Transfer Out		General Fund	lı	Capital nfrastructure Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Wastewater/ Stormwater Fund		Total			
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	5,000			
Capital Infrastructure Fund		269,727		-		1,350,529		650,000		2,270,256			
Street Maintenance													
Fund		-		12,246		-		-		12,246			
Nonmajor Governmental													
Funds		30,297		553,798		-		-		584,095			
Marina Fund		59,113		-		-		-		59,113			
Wastewater/Stormwater													
Fund	_	361,132	_	-				_		361,132			
Total	\$	720,269	\$	566,044	\$	1,355,529	\$	650,000	\$	3,291,842			

Transfers of \$ 420,245 were made from the Marina and Wastewater/Stormwater Utility Enterprise Funds to the General Fund to support general administration costs.

Transfers totaling \$ 566,044 were made from the Street Maintenance and Non-Major Funds to the Capital Infrastructure Fund in order to set aside funds for the purchase of new City vehicles and improvement projects.

Transfers of \$ 1,350,529 and \$ 650,000 were made from the Capital Infrastructure Fund to the Debt Service Fund and the Wastewater/Stormwater Fund, respectfully, as well as \$ 5,000 from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund in order to satisfy debt service requirements.

# Note 5 - Interfund Balances and Transfers (continued)

A transfer of \$ 269,727 from the Capital Infrastructure Fund to the General Fund was made for the fiscal year 2020 10% of discretionary sales tax proceeds in accordance with the exception under Florida Statues for areas of Critical State concern.

A transfer of \$ 30,297 was made from Non-Major Funds to the General Fund for an impact fee study.

**Note 6 - Capital Assets** 

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

Governmental Activities: Capital assets not	-	Beginning Balance		Increases	_	Decreases	_	Transfers	_	Ending Balance
being depreciated: Land Intangibles Construction-in-progress	\$	11,263,077 3,822 1,725,268	\$	950,713 - 1,740,119	\$	- - -	\$	- - (1,066,492)	\$	12,213,790 3,822 2,398,895
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	12,992,167		2,690,832	_			(1,066,492)		14,616,507
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and structures Improvements other		20,898,929		31,954		-		-		20,930,883
than buildings  Fire equipment and vehicles  Furniture and equipment  Intangibles	_	17,451,832 5,025,322 2,261,552 7,600		1,273,022 149,637 145,717	_	193,945 119,330 -	_	1,066,492 - - - -	_	19,791,346 4,981,014 2,287,939 7,600
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	45,645,235		1,600,330		313,275		1,066,492		47,998,782
Total capital assets		58,637,402		4,291,162		313,275	_	-		62,615,289
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and structures Improvements other		5,419,889		641,439		-		-		6,061,328
than buildings Fire equipment and vehicles Furniture and equipment Intangibles	_	8,869,562 2,887,861 1,670,610 7,600		935,954 404,524 175,965	_	- 183,968 111,996 -	_	- - -	_	9,805,516 3,108,417 1,734,579 7,600
Total accumulated depreciation	_	18,855,522		2,157,882	_	295,964		-	_	20,717,440
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	26,789,713	-	(557,552)	_	17,311	_	1,066,492	_	27,281,342
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$	39,781,880	\$	2,133,280	\$_	17,311	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	41,897,849

# Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Transfers	Ending Balance
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>	_		_		_		-		
Capital assets not									
being depreciated:									
Land	\$	4,695,647	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	4,695,647
Intangibles		1,613,744		-		-		-	1,613,744
Construction-in-progress	_	4,726,790	_	959,029	_	-	_	(4,522,505)	1,163,314
Total capital assets									
not being depreciated	_	11,036,181	_	959,029	_		-	(4,522,505)	7,472,705
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings		37,625,957		32,288		27,881		(32,955,475)	4,674,889
Improvements other									
than buildings		102,476,213		2,095,847		-		37,477,980	142,050,040
Land improvements		280,354		-		-		-	280,354
Intangibles		19,969		-		-		-	19,969
Equipment		2,120,579		502,022		-		-	2,622,601
Vehicles	_	1,380,079	_	91,741	_		_	<u> </u>	1,471,820
Total capital assets									
being depreciated	_	143,903,151	_	2,721,898	_	27,881	_	4,522,505	151,119,673
Total capital assets	_	154,939,332	_	3,680,927	_	27,881	_		158,592,378
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings		14,934,004		161,052		17,193		(13,855,965)	1,221,898
Improvements other									
than buildings		20,037,028		4,531,804		-		13,855,965	38,424,797
Land improvements		170,635		21,486		-		-	192,121
Intangibles		15,620		-		-		-	15,620
Equipment		970,290		355,157		-		-	1,325,447
Vehicles	_	455,875	_	169,066	_	-	_	<u> </u>	624,941
Total accumulated									
depreciation	_	36,583,452	_	5,238,565	_	17,193	_	<u> </u>	41,804,824
Total capital assets,									
being depreciated, net	_	107,319,699	_	(2,516,667)	_	10,688	_	4,522,505	109,314,849
Business activities									
capital assets, net	\$ =	118,355,880	\$ _	(1,557,638)	\$_	10,688	\$ _	*\$_	116,787,554

Depreciation was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	559,545
Public safety		511,210
Community services		996,237
Community development	_	90,890
Total provision for depreciation -	_	
governmental activities	\$_	2,157,882

#### Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation was charged to the business-type activities of the City as follows:

Business-type activities:		
Enterprise - Wastewater/Stormwater	\$	5,079,685
Enterprise - Marina		158,880
Total provision for depreciation -	_	
business-type activities	\$	5,238,565

### Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the City for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2020:

		Balance October 1, 2019		Increases		Decreases		Balance September 30, 2020		Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:			-		-		-		-	
Direct borrowings and private placements:  Bonds payable:										
Series 2013A	\$	5,860,000	\$	-	\$	605,000	\$	5,255,000	\$	620,000
Note payable		1,575,000		-		525,000		1,050,000		525,000
Compensated absences										
payable		211,260		52,221		59,477		204,004		20,400
Net pension liability		83,282		14,073		-		97,355		-
Other post-employment										
benefit liability		377,516		274,883		-		652,399		-
Governmental activities,	Ś	8,107,058	s -	341,177	Ś	1,189,477	Ś	7,258,758	s	1,165,400
iong-term debt	٠.	8,107,038	- ا	341,177	· =	1,105,477	= ۲	7,238,738	- ا	1,103,400

**Public Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A:** During fiscal year 2014, the City issued \$10,000,000 in Public Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2013A for the purposes of refinancing the Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2004 and to finance the construction and acquisition of certain capital projects, including a City Hall. The bonds bear interest at 2.59%, subject to adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event and by margin factor as calculated by vendor, with quarterly principal and interest payments due through January 1, 2028. Effective November 1, 2018, the interest rate was increased to 3.09% due to a change in the corporate tax rate. The bonds are secured by certain non ad-valorem revenues of the City. The Series 2013A Bond may be prepaid at the option of the City in whole or in part, at any time, together with a prepayment penalty equal to the greater of (i) one percent (1%) of the principal balance being prepaid multiplied by the remaining term in years or (ii) a yield maintenance fee as outlined in the Bond Indenture.

If any principal or interest on the Series 2013A Bond is not paid when due, from the date three (3) days after such default, the Series 2013A Bond shall bear interest at the interest rate plus four percent (4.00%). Further, if any principal or interest on the Series 2013A Bond is not paid within fifteen (15) days of the payment date, a late charge of six percent (6%) of the overdue payment shall be assessed. In no event shall the Series 2013A Bond bear interest in excess of the highest rate of interest allowed by applicable law.

# Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Annual debt service requirements of the Public Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2013A are as follows:

September 30,	_	Principal	Interest		_	Total
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$	620,000 640,000 650,000 675,000 685,000	\$	155,303 135,952 115,983 95,666 74,615	\$	775,303 775,952 765,983 770,666 759,615
2026-2028	-	1,985,000	_	87,389	-	2,072,389
	\$	5,255,000	\$_	664,908	\$	5,919,908

**Note Payable:** During fiscal year 2019, the City issued a \$ 1,575,000 note payable for the purposes of financing the acquisition of real property. The note bears interest at 2.95%, with annual principal and interest payments due through October 4, 2021. The note may be prepaid in whole or in part without penalty. A late charge of five percent (5%) shall be imposed on each and every payment not received within ten (10) days after it is due. Upon default of this note, interest shall be payable at the highest rate permitted by applicable law.

Annual debt service requirements of the note payable are as follows:

_	September 30,	_	Principal	,	Interest	Total
	2021 2022	\$	525,000 525,000	\$	30,975 15,488	\$ 555,975 540,488
		\$_	1,050,000	\$	46,463	\$ 1,096,463

**Line of Credit:** During fiscal year 2019, the City renewed the non-revolving line of credit agreement not to exceed \$ 9,750,000 to finance the costs and expenditures associated with the clean-up and reconstructive efforts related to the aftermath of Hurricane Irma. The line of credit matures on December 31, 2020 and bears interest at 2.80%. The line of credit is secured by the reimbursement proceeds from the Federal Emergency Management Agency. At September 30, 2020, the line of credit carried a balance due of \$ 0.

# Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the City's business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2020:

	_	Balance October 1, 2019	_	Increases		Increases		Increases		Increases Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Balance September 30, 2020	_	Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities: Direct borrowings and private placements: Bonds payable: State Revolving Fund																				
Loan Program	\$	50,993,466	\$	-	\$	4,129,282	\$	46,864,184	\$	4,227,412										
Compensated absences																				
payable		54,894		31,283		5,145		81,032		8,104										
Other post-employment benefit liability	_	112,764	-	90,359		-		203,123	_											
Business-type activities,																				
long-term debt	\$	51,161,124	\$	121,642	\$	4,134,427	\$	47,148,339	\$	4,235,516										

**State Revolving Fund Loans:** As of September 30, 2020, the City has four revolving loan agreements with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan program to finance its wastewater and stormwater utility capital projects. The loans are collateralized by a pledge of the wastewater and stormwater non-ad valorem assessments. The loans require the City to provide pledged revenues equal to or exceeding 1.20 times the sum of the loan amounts due in each fiscal year. It is estimated that 100% of the pledged revenue will cover debt service to maturity. Through September 30, 2020, the City has borrowed a total of \$ 46,864,184 under these agreements and repayments have begun on all loan agreements which have outstanding balances. The breakdown as of September 30, 2020 of the total amounts authorized, the fixed weighted average interest rates, the estimated semi-annual payment amount and the amounts drawn to date on each loan is as follows:

SRF Loan Agreement	 Total Loan Authorized Amount	Interest Rate	_	Semi-Annual Payment Amount		Total Obligation September 30, 2020
WW 63702P	\$ 31,308,211	2.25-2.54%	\$	1,010,699	\$	16,273,287
WW 637060	21,541,520	2.08-2.73%		710,253		14,154,115
WW 637090	10,373,801	2.02-2.66%		330,170		6,015,773
WW 637020	 17,131,172	2.08%	_	607,285	į	10,421,009
Total	\$ 80,354,704		\$	2,658,407	\$	46,864,184

#### Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Annual debt service requirements of the State Revolving Fund loans are approximately as follows:

September 30,	Principal		Interest		ipal Interes		Total	
2021 2022	\$	4,227,412 4,328,064	\$	1,089,400 988,750	\$ 5,316,812 5,316,814			
2023 2024		4,431,134 4,536,679		885,679 780,133	5,316,813 5,316,812			
2025 2026-2030		4,644,762 22,297,388		672,051 1,657,992	5,316,813 23,955,380			
2031-2032		2,398,745		62,021	2,460,766			
	\$	46,864,184	\$	6,136,026	\$ 53,000,210			

The State Revolving Fund Loan arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as failure to make monthly deposits and semiannual loan payments, violation of covenants or actions required by the arrangements with such failure continuing for a period of sixty days after written notice, insolvency-bankruptcy, and false representations. Non-payment may result in acceleration of the repayment schedule or increasing the financing rate on the unpaid principal balance to as much as 1.667 times the financing rate. The lender may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available and allowed by law.

#### **Note 8 - Commitments and Contingencies**

**Risk management:** The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City purchases commercial insurance. There was no reduction in insurance coverage from coverages in the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage during the past three years.

**Litigation:** The City is a defendant in various lawsuits including personal injury, property damage, and other miscellaneous claims. For one of these cases, there is a reasonable possibility that a loss has been incurred. The City estimates its possible exposure could be between \$1,000,000 and \$3,000,000. Due to the uncertainty of the outcome, no liability has been recorded in the financial statements for this case. The remainder of the legal proceedings are incidental to the City's operations, the outcome of which, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

**Grant contingency:** Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government and the State of Florida. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

# **Note 8 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)**

**Construction commitment:** At September 30, 2020 the City had the following outstanding construction commitments:

Project		Total Project Authorization	-	Expended at September 30, 2020		Contracts and Retainage Payable	Balance to Complete	
Marathon Area 3 & 4 Wastewater								
Treatment Plant upgrades	\$	7,373,056	\$	6,989,699	\$	383,357	\$	-
Pump Station Rehabilitation								
Phase 2 C, E, and D Manhole		419,415		-		8,440		410,975
Hurricane Irma Damage Repairs		719,973		635,202		84,771		-
Aviation Blvd Multi-Use Trail	_	1,847,831		1,596,905	_	250,926	_	
	\$	10,360,275	\$	9,221,806	\$	727,494	\$	410,975

Agreement for Police Services: The City has a contract with Monroe County Sheriff's Office (the "Sheriff") to provide professional police services through September 2021. Pursuant to the agreement, the Sheriff will provide law enforcement coverage within the City. Services for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021 are budgeted to be approximately \$ 1,891,060. Costs for police services for the year ended September 30, 2020 were approximately \$ 1,770,620.

**Collective Bargaining Agreement:** The City has a collective bargaining agreement between the City and the professional firefighters of Marathon, International Association of Firefighters Local 4396. The agreement is effective through September 30, 2023 (and shall be renewed on an annual basis thereafter, unless either party provides the other written notice of its intent to terminate or modify the agreement not less than ninety days prior to expiration date).

Agreement to Provide Fire Rescue and Emergency Medical Services: The City previously entered into an interlocal agreement for the provision of fire rescue and emergency medical services to Key Colony Beach ("KCB") by the City's own fire rescue department through September 30, 2023. Fees received for these services for the year ended September 30, 2020 were \$550,000 from ad valorem revenue and \$25,000 from KCB's discretionary sales tax revenues.

#### Note 9 - Defined Contribution Plans

The City as a single-employer contributes to the City of Marathon Money Purchase Plan, which is a defined contribution plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). Under the Plan, the City contributes 10% for employees hired prior to August 9, 2011 and 5% for those hired thereafter. Normal retirement is defined as age 59-1/2. The employees are not required to make contributions and are fully vested on their first day of employment. Amendments to the Plan must be authorized by the City Council.

The City also has a deferred compensation pension plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Service Code Section 457(b). The City Manager and City Attorney receive an automatic 10% contribution with no match requirement.

#### Note 9 - Defined Contribution Plans (continued)

The 401(a) and 457(b) plans mentioned above are administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. The City provided contributions to these plans for the year ended September 30, 2020 of approximately \$ 285,290.

The elected officials of the City have the option of participating in the Florida Retirement System Investment Plan ("Investment Plan") which is a defined contribution plan or the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") which is a defined benefit plan (Note 10). The Investment Plan is qualified under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Service Code. The employer and employee contributions for the Investment Plan are defined by law. Employees are required to contribute 3% of their salary. The amount contributed by the City is the same whether the elected official participates in the Investment Plan or the Pension Plan (Note 10). The City contributed \$ 2,041 to the Investment Plan for the year ended September 30, 2020.

#### Note 10 - Employee Pension Plans

#### **Firefighters' Pension Plan**

Plan Description: The City established The City of Marathon Firefighters' Pension Plan and Trust Fund (the Plan) as a Local Law Plan in accordance with Chapter 175, Florida Statutes on October 1, 2005 as per a City adopted ordinance. The Plan is a single-employer, defined benefit plan that covers all full-time firefighters. This replaces the previous Firefighters Pension Fund first created on December 9, 2003 and is treated as a newly created Plan from an actuarial standpoint. From a financial statement perspective, the ending net position of the old Plan became the beginning net position of the new Plan on October 1, 2005. The administrative duties for this Plan are handled through the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund ("FMPTF"). A more detailed description of the Plan appears in the ordinances constituting the Plan and in the Summary Plan Description. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report, but is included in the reporting entity of the City as a pension trust fund. Amendments to the Plan document can only be authorized by the City Council.

The Board of Trustees is comprised of the following five members: two of the members shall be legal residents of the City and are appointed by the City Council; two of the members shall be full-time firefighters of the City elected by a majority of the active firefighters who are members of the Plan; and the fifth member of the Board shall be chosen by a majority of the previous four Board members. The name of the fifth Board member is then submitted to City Council who appoints such person to the Board.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: The financial statements of the Plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. City contributions are recognized when due pursuant to actuarial valuations. State contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are approved by the State of Florida. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed through investment earnings.

<u>Investments</u>: *Investment Policy*. The policy regarding the allocation of invested assets is established by its Board of Trustees which currently has all of its funds invested in the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund, 60% equities and 40% fixed income - Fund A Option. The investment policy may be amended by the Board by a majority vote of its trustees. It is the policy of the Board of Trustees to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. Overall asset allocation targets are reviewed on an annual basis. The following is the adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2020:

Asset Class/Investment Category	Target Allocation
Equity Securities and Similar Funds: U.S. Large Cap Equity U.S. Small Cap Equity Non - U.S. Equity Real Estate	34.00% 11.00% 15.00% 10.00%
Fixed Income and Similar Funds: Core Bonds Multi-Sector	15.00% 15.00%
Total	100.00%

Concentrations: Governmental entities need to disclose the concentration of credit risk with a single issuer. If 5.00% or more of the total assets of the portfolio are invested with one issuer, an additional disclosure is required. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are excluded from the concentration of credit risk disclosure requirements. There were no individual investments that represent 5.00% or more, at September 30, 2020, that met the criteria for disclosure.

Rate of return: For the year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 1.47%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Method used to value investments: Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Net appreciation/depreciation in fair value of investments includes realized and unrealized gains and losses. Interest and dividends are reported in investment earnings. Realized gains and losses are determined on the basis of specific cost. Purchases and sales are recorded on the trade-date basis.

Reserves: Chapter 175, Florida Statutes, established a revenue sharing program whereby participating local governments can receive a portion of the state excise tax of property and casualty insurance premiums collected in their jurisdictions to fund pension benefits for firefighters. Chapter 99-1, Laws of Florida amended Chapter 175 to require future increases in premium tax revenues over those received in 1997 must be used solely to pay for extra retirement benefits for firefighters. Since these increases in premiums tax revenues do not support current benefits the City has recorded a liability of \$ 165,909 for the monies received as of September 30, 2020.

<u>Pension benefits</u>: Normal retirement is defined by the Plan as the attainment of age 55 with 6 years of credited service or 20 years of credited service with no age requirement. Upon normal retirement, participants are entitled to 3.5% of their average final compensation for each year of credited service. Benefit options include a ten year certain payout or a life annuity. Early retirement is defined by the Plan as the attainment of age 50 with 6 years of credited service. Upon early retirement, accrued benefits are reduced by 3% per year.

At October 1, 2019, the following employees were covered by the pension benefits:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefit	6
Inactive employees entitled to but	
not receiving benefit	8
Active plan members	26
Total members	40

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Program</u>: Members who continue in employment after reaching their normal retirement date may either accrue larger pensions or freeze their accrued benefit and enter the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). Each participant in the DROP has an account credited with benefits not received plus interest. Participation in the DROP must end no later than 84 months after normal retirement. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by City ordinance. The City did not have any members participating in the DROP for the year ending September 30, 2020.

<u>Contributions and Funding Policy</u>: Firefighters are required to contribute 5% of their salary to the Plan. Contributions from the State of Florida are based on the amount of fire insurance premiums written by private insurers on property within City limits. The City is required to contribute if there is any shortfall between the State's contributions and funding requirements of the Plan.

The City executed a collective bargaining agreement with the firefighter's union. A portion of the agreement addresses the City's firefighter pension contributions. The City would like to try and limit its required contribution to 12% of employee's pensionable pay. If the City is unable to achieve and maintain a net required contribution to the Plan at 12% of compensation or less, and the City's required net contribution actually exceeds 12% of compensation, the City will use the stabilization fund to reduce the net contribution to 12%. If the net contribution is still above 12% the Union agrees to use the excess 175 premium money disbursement for the year to decrease the City's required net contribution to 12%. If the City's net contribution is still above 12% after using the stabilization fund and the excess 175 premium money, the Union agrees to automatically increase the member contribution 1% of compensation for each \$ 25,000 (or part thereof) by which the City's net required contribution exceeded 12% of compensation not to exceed a total member contribution of 15% of compensation.

In the event the City's required net contribution is less than 12% of compensation, the difference will be set aside in a stabilization fund to be applied toward the short fall in any future year in which the City's required net contribution exceeds 12% of compensation. As of September 30, 2020, \$ 252,479 has been set aside in the General Fund.

The required contribution including interest to the Plan as determined by the actuarial valuation was \$365,080 for the year ended September 30, 2020. Contributions from the State totaled \$158,031 plus City contributions of \$266,084. State contributions are recognized as both revenue and expenditure during the period in the General Fund.

<u>Net Pension Liability (Asset) of the City</u>: The City's net pension liability (asset) was determined based on a measurement date of September 30, 2019.

The components of the net position (asset) liability of the City at September 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Firefighters' Pension Plan
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 7,812,978 (9,733,882)
City's net pension (asset) liability	\$ (1,920,904)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	124.59%

Actuarial assumptions. The total net pension liability at September 30, 2019 was determined by using (asset) actuarial valuations as of October 1, 2019. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Salary increases	4.0 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Mortality rates	RP2000 Generational with Scale BB.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Return
Core Bonds	1.6%
Multi-Sector	2.1%
U.S. Large Cap Equity	4.6%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	5.5%
Non-U.S. Equity	6.7%
Real Estate	5.0%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contribution will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in net pension liability (asset).

		Increases (Decreases)						
		Total Pension	ı	Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension		
		Liability		Position		Liability (Asset)		
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)		
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$	6,351,157	\$_	8,874,070	\$	(2,522,913)		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		646,079		-		646,079		
Interest cost		523,895		-		523,895		
Contributions - employer		-		185,139		(185,139)		
Contributions - employee		-		99,496		(99,496)		
Contributions - nonemployer								
contributing member		-		150,076		(150,076)		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		366,599		-		366,599		
Changes of assumptions		(50,801)		-		(50,801)		
Net increase (decrease) in								
fair value of investments		-		497,134		(497,134)		
Benefit payments, including								
refunds of member contributions		(23,951)		(23,951)		-		
Administrative expenses			_	(48,082)		48,082		
Net Changes		1,461,821	_	859,812		602,009		
Poloneos et Contember 20, 2010								
Balances at September 30, 2019,	,	7.042.070	<u> </u>	0.722.002	,	(4.020.004)		
measurement date	\$	7,812,978	\$ =	9,733,882	\$	(1,920,904)		

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current		1%
		Decrease		Discount		Increase
	_	(6.50%)	_	Rate (7.50%)	_	(8.50%)
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$	(547,824)	\$	(1,920,904)	\$	(3,022,462)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions: For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$431,092 for this Plan. At September 30, 2020 the City reported deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows		Inflows
		of Resources		of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent				
to year end	\$	424,115	\$	-
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		358,536		(564,081)
Changes of assumptions		83,218		(45,721)
Net difference between projected and actu	ıal			
earning on pension plan investments		_		(28,713)
		055.050		(520 545)
Total	\$	865,869	\$	(638,515)

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting period ending September 30, 2021. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
September 30,	
2021	\$ (93,498)
2022	\$ (84,715)
2023	\$ (2,229)
2024	\$ (2,035)
2025	\$ (38,441)
Thereafter	\$ 24,157

#### Florida Retirement System

General Information: As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). Membership in the FRS for the City includes only certain elected Council members as of September 30, 2020. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or by calling (877) 377-1737 or by visiting the Web site: www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications.

#### **Pension Plan**

<u>Plan Description</u>: The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

Benefits Provided: Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of creditable service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% times the years of service times their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of creditable service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of creditable service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Elected Officers' class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before August 1, 2011, the annual cost of living adjustment ("COLA") is three percent per year. The COLA formula for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP begin date on or after August 1, 2011, will be the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit divided by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

<u>Contributions</u>: Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates for the periods from October 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 and from July 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020, respectively, were 48.82% and 49.18% for the Elected Officers' class. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% to the HIS Plan subsidy for the periods October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

#### **HIS Plan**

<u>Plan Description</u>: The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$ 5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$ 30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$ 150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>: The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the HIS contribution was 1.66%. The City contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At September 30, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$ 91,023 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability and \$ 6,332 for the HIS Plan's net pension liability for a total pension liability of \$ 97,355. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. At June 30, 2020, the City's proportion was .000210013 percent for the Pension Plan and .000051863 percent for the HIS Plan, which was a decrease of .00001433 percent and a decrease of .000001958 percent respectively, from the proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense (income) of \$ 6,698 for the Pension Plan and \$ (2,771) for the HIS Plan. At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>				
Description		Pension Plan		HIS Plan	_	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	3,484 16,478	\$	259 681	\$	3,743 17,159
investments Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and		5,420		5		5,425
proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to		2,308		19		2,327
the measurement date	_	1,761	-	75	_	1,836
Total	\$_	29,451	\$	1,039	\$_	30,490

Note 10 - Employee Pension Plans (continued)

		De	eferre	ed Inflows of Reso	urces	
Description		Pension Plan	·	HIS Plan		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and	\$	-	\$	(5) (368)	\$	(5) (368)
proportionate share of contributions	_	(72,537)		(12,013)		(84,550)
Total	\$_	(72,537)	\$	(12,386)	\$	(84,923)

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting period ending September 30, 2020. The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the FRS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

_	Year Ended September 30,	Pension Plan	_	HIS Plan	_	Total
	2021	\$ (18,858)	\$	(3,211)	\$	(22,069)
	2022	\$ (16,904)	-	(3,265)	-	(20,169)
	2023	\$ (9,053)	\$	(3,177)	\$	(12,230)
	2024	\$ (423)	\$	(1,619)	\$	(2,042)
	2025	\$ 391	\$	(202)	\$	189
	Thereafter	\$ -	\$	52	\$	52

Actuarial Assumptions: The Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumption Conference is responsible for setting the assumptions used in the funding valuations of both pension plans pursuant to section 216.136 (10), Florida Statutes. The Pension Plan's valuation is performed annually. The HIS Plan has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the Pension Plan was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because the HIS Plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the Pension Plan. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Pension Plan	HIS Plan
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation	3.25%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.80%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age	Individual entry age
Morality table	PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018	PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018

#### Note 10 - Employee Pension Plans (continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.2%	2.2%	1.2%
Fixed income	19.0%	3.0%	2.9%	3.5%
Global equity	54.2%	8.0%	6.7%	17.1%
Real estate (property)	10.3%	6.4%	5.8%	11.7%
Private equity	11.1%	10.8%	8.1%	25.7%
Strategic investments	4.4%	5.5%	5.3%	6.9%
Total	100.0%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.7%

<sup>(1)</sup> As outlined in the Pension Plan's investment policy

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80% for the Pension Plan. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation of the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.21% for the HIS Plan. In general, the discount rate for calculating the HIS Plan's total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS Plan benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the municipal bond rate of 2.21% was used to determine the total pension liability. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

<u>Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>: The following table presents the sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis, below, shows the impact to the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate:

	Current				
	1%		Discount		1%
	Decrease		Rate		Increase
	(5.80%)		(6.80%)		(7.80%)
		-			
City's proportionate share of the					
net pension liability for Pension Plan \$	145,348	\$	91,023	\$	45,650
het pension hability for rension rian 3	143,340	ې <u>-</u>	71,023	₹.	43,030

Note 10 - Employee Pension Plans (continued)

	Current					
		1%		Discount		1%
		Decrease		Rate		Increase
		(1.21%)		(2.21%)		(3.21%)
			•		•	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for HIS Plan	\$	7,320	\$	6,332	\$	5,524

## Aggregate amounts for all plans:

	_	Firefighters' Pension Plan	_	FRS Pension Plan	_	FRS HIS Plan	_	Total
Net pension asset	\$	1,920,904	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,920,904
Net pension liability	\$	-	\$	91,023	\$	6,332	\$	97,355
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	865,869	\$	29,451	\$	1,039	\$	896,359
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	638,515	\$	72,537	\$	12,386	\$	723,438
Pension expense (income)	\$	389,658	\$	6,698	\$	(2,771)	\$	393,585

#### Note 11 - Other Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

The City previously implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. GASB Statement No. 75 specifies that governments must recognize their total OPEB liability and related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense in the financial statements based on the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments, rather than the smaller net OPEB obligation based on contribution requirements, under GASB Statement No. 45.

**Plan Description and Funding Policy:** Employees who retire from the City and their dependents are eligible to continue to participate ("single employer plan") in the City's health insurance plan currently offered through the City at the "blended" employee group rate which, is determined annually by the City. The retiree must continue to meet all participation requirements and pay all applicable premiums by the specified due date.

The City provides no funding for any portion of the premiums after retirement. However, the City recognizes that there is an "implicit subsidy" arising as a result of the blended rate premium since retiree health care costs, on average are higher than active employee healthcare costs. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund and an irrevocable trust has not been established to fund this plan. The plan does not issue a separate financial report. It is the City's current policy to fund the plan on a "pay-as-you-go" basis from the General Fund.

#### Note 11 - Other Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (continued)

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of October 1, 2017:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefit	2
Active plan members	96
Total members	98

**Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:** The actuarial valuation of the calculation of OPEB involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the City and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the City and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The total OPEB liability at September 30, 2020 was based on an actuarial valuation dated October 1, 2019 with a measurement date of September 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	2.15%
Salary Increases	2.80%
Mortality	Mortality rates are based on the SOA RP-2014
	Total Dataset Mortality with Scale MP-2019
	(Base Year 2006)
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Trend rate of 9.80% gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00%.

**Discount Rate**: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2020 was 2.15%. Because the City's OPEB costs are funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20 year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date was used to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate was 3.64% as of the beginning of the measurement year.

**Total OPEB Liability of the City:** The components of the City's net OPEB liability at September 30, 2020, are as follows:

Total OPEB liability OPEB Plan fiduciary net position	\$ _	855,522 -
City's net OPEB liability	\$ _	855,522
OPEB Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		0.00%

## Note 11 - Other Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (continued)

## **Changes in Total OPEB Liability**

Measurement year ended September 30, 2020

Total OPEB liability:		
Service cost	\$	95,343
Interest on total OPEB liability		16,297
Assumption changes		281,376
Difference between actual and		
expected experience		445
Benefit payments		(28,219)
	_	265.242
Net change in total OPEB liability		365,242
Total OPER liability heginning		490 280
rotar or 25 hasiney, seguring	-	130,200
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	855,522
Net change in total OPEB liability  Total OPEB liability, beginning	\$ .	365,242 490,280

**Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:** The following table presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.15%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than current discount rate:

	Current					
		1%		Discount		1%
		Decrease		Rate		Increase
	_	(1.15%)		(2.15%)		(3.15%)
			_	_	•	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ _	973,225	\$	855,522	\$	750,636

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current trend rate:

				Trend Rate	
				Assumption	
		1% Trend	9.8	0% Decreasing	1% Trend
	_	Decrease		to 5.00%	Increase
	_	<u> </u>			
Total OPEB liability	\$_	718,561	\$	855,522	\$ 1,020,508

## Note 11 - Other Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (continued)

**OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:** For the year ended September 30, 2020 the City recognized OPEB expense of \$ 132,095. At September 30, 2020, the City has deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

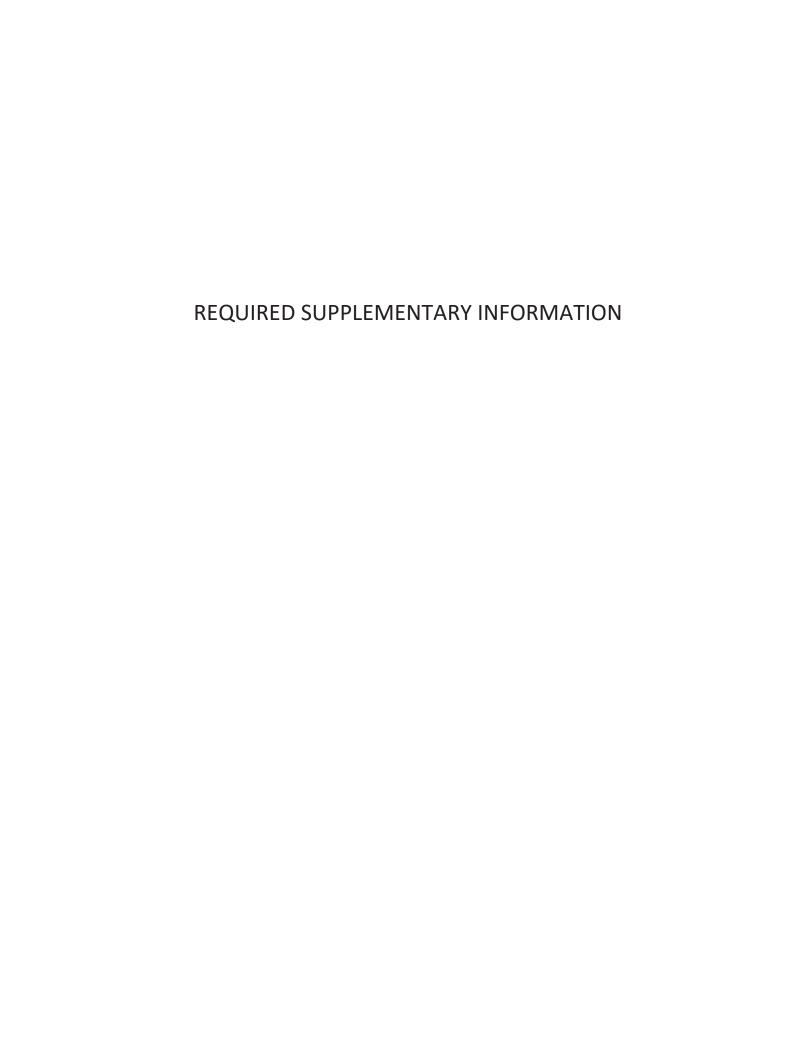
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in Assumptions	\$ 258,117	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	38,273	116,992
Total	\$ 296,390	\$ 116,992

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 Thereafter	\$ 20,455 20,455 20,455 20,455 20,455 77,123
	\$ 179,398

#### Note 12 - Risks and Uncertainties

The coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak has caused disruption in international and U.S. economies and markets. The coronavirus and fear of further spread has caused quarantines, cancellation of events, and overall reduction in business and economic activity. On March 11, 2020, the *World Health Organization* designated the coronavirus outbreak a pandemic. Management and the City Commission continue to evaluate and monitor the potential adverse effect that this event may have on the City's financial position, operations, and cash flows. The full impact of COVID-19 is unknown at this time and cannot be reasonably estimated as these events are still developing.



	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual Amounts		Variance
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	6,798,872	\$	6,798,872	\$	6,847,271	\$	48,399
Intergovernmental		9,676,851		12,201,882		13,147,314		945,432
Licenses and permits		1,763,000		2,703,000		2,721,267		18,267
Charges for services		1,570,050		1,249,050		1,257,636		8,586
Fines and forfeitures		139,100		124,600		126,148		1,548
Communications services taxes		462,958		462,958		496,713		33,755
Interest		20,000		39,000		39,342		342
Miscellaneous	_	45,800	_	45,800	_	45,384		(416)
Total revenues	_	20,476,631	_	23,625,162	_	24,681,075		1,055,913
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government:								
Elected officials		590,242		590,242		481,005		109,237
Administration		2,239,466		2,330,466		2,063,275		267,191
		2,239,400						•
Non departmental Legal		391,276		50,000 611,276		49,492 594,375		508 16,901
Total general government		3,220,984	-	3,581,984	-	3,188,147	•	393,837
			_		-	· · ·		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Public safety:								
Police		1,886,776		1,886,776		1,770,618		116,158
Fire/EMS	_	4,600,749	_	4,758,780	-	4,054,339		704,441
Total public safety	_	6,487,525	_	6,645,556	_	5,824,957		820,599
Community services:								
Public works		484,884		484,884		318,443		166,441
Parks and recreation		1,517,567		1,517,567		1,475,616		41,951
Near Shore Waters		36,900	_	36,900	_	26,017	_	10,883
Total community services	_	2,039,351	_	2,039,351	_	1,820,076		219,275
Community development		2,407,672	_	1,888,641	_	1,623,247		265,394
Total expenditures		14,155,532	_	14,155,532	_	12,456,427	-	1,699,105
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		6,321,099	_	9,469,630	_	12,224,648		2,755,018
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Insurance proceeds		-		-		4,317		4,317
Transfers in		697,282		716,593		720,269		3,676
Transfers out		-		-		(5,000)		(5,000)
Appropriation of prior year's						(5)555)		(5)555)
fund balance		(7,018,381)	_	(10,186,223)	_	-		10,186,223
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		(6 221 000)		(0.460.620)		710 506		10 100 216
sources (uses)	_	(6,321,099)	-	(9,469,630)	-	719,586		10,189,216
Net change in fund balance	\$ _		\$ =	<u>-</u>	\$ =	12,944,234	\$	12,944,234

	-	Original and Final Budget	_	Actual Amounts	-	Variance
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	5,779,196	\$	1,371,302	\$	(4,407,894)
Miscellaneous		-		318		318
Interest	-	13,000	_	7,614	-	(5,386)
Total revenues		5,792,196	_	1,379,234	_	(4,412,962)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community services		694,364		697,129		(2,765)
Capital outlay	-	5,933,889	_	1,719,719	_	4,214,170
Total expenditures	-	6,628,253		2,416,848	_	4,211,405
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures		(836,057)	_	(1,037,614)	_	(201,557)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		20,000		-		(20,000)
Transfers out		(62,276)		(12,246)		50,030
Appropriation of prior year's						
fund balance	-	878,333	_		_	(878,333)
Total other financing						
sources (uses)		836,057	_	(12,246)	_	(848,303)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	(1,049,860)	\$	(1,049,860)

#### Note 1 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund, Street Maintenance Fund, Capital Infrastructure Fund, Impact Fees Fund, Vehicle Replacement Fund, Restoration Fund, Affordable Housing Fund and the Debt Service Fund on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a. Annually, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to October 1st, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- d. The City Council, by motion, may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of revenues in excess of those estimated.
- e. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts within the departments within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any department must be approved by the City Council. Therefore, the legal level of control is at the department level.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The final budget included an amendment by City Council to account for unanticipated revenues that took place during the fiscal year.
- g. Appropriations which are neither expended nor specifically designated to be carried over, lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Schedule of Changes in Net Position Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) City of Marathon, Florida

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date: Total nension liability	6	9/30/2021 9/30/2020	5, 5,	9/30/2020 9/30/2019		9/30/2019 9/30/2018	[	9/30/2018 9/30/2017	6 6	9/30/2017 9/30/2016	ର ଗ	9/30/2016 9/30/2015	6 6	9/30/2015 9/30/2014
Service cost Interest	<b>⋄</b>	630,244 588,136	❖	646,079 523,895	<b>⋄</b>	579,233 451,266	<b>⋄</b>	526,211 411,938	↔	465,383 346,447	<b>⋄</b>	421,863 305,220	<b>⋄</b>	402,517 255,647
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		(605,574) 500,500		366,599 (50,801)		(102,921)		(558,330) 124,828		44,937		(187,760)		1 1
Benefit payments, including retunds of member contributions		(45,308)	ı	(23,951)	I	(28,124)	ı	(38,480)	ı	(50,293)		(16,003)	ı	(17,052)
Net change in total pension liability		1,067,998		1,461,821		899,454		466,167		806,474		523,320		641,112
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	₩.	7,812,978	\   ∥	6,351,157 7,812,978	<b> </b>	5,451,703 6,351,157	∥	4,985,536 5,451,703	<b> </b>	4,179,062 4,985,536	<b> </b>	3,655,742 4,179,062	\sqrt{\sq}\}}}\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}}}}\sqit{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}	3,014,630 3,655,742
Plan fiduciary net position														
Contributions - employer Contributions - member	<b>⋄</b>	266,084 90,890	<b>⋄</b>	185,139 99,496	❖	158,078 89,805	\$	223,687 107,272	₩	157,589 79,045	φ.	143,152 79,753	<b>⋄</b>	69,826 58,208
Contributions - nonemployer contributing member Net investment income		158,031		150,076		140,288		143,010		163,986		176,093		193,515
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(45.308)		(23.951)		(28,124)		(38.480)		(50,293)		(16.003)		(17.052)
Administrative expenses		(51,932)	ı	(48,082)	l	(34,743)	l	(31,860)	I	(24,668)		(27,473)		(35,373)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,051,646		859,812		933,970		1,327,169		816,509		345,177		686,455
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<b>∽</b>	9,733,882	<b> </b>	8,874,070 9,733,882	<b> </b>	7,940,100		6,612,931 7,940,100	<b> </b>	5,796,422 6,612,931	<b> </b>	5,451,245 5,796,422	<b> </b>	4,764,790 5,451,245
City net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(1,904,552)		(1,920,904)		(2,522,913)	<b>\$</b>	(2,488,397)	<b>⋄</b>	(1,627,395)	₩.	(1,617,360)	\$	(1,795,503)

City of Marathon, Florida

Required Supplementary Information

(Unaudited)

Schedule of Changes in Net Position Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

(Continued)

**Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund** 

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		121.45%		124.59%		139.72%		145.64%	132.64%		138.70%		149.11%
Covered payroll	↔	1,760,652	↔	1,969,908	↔	1,759,178	↔	1,602,399	\$ 1,502,540	❖	1,358,418 \$	↔	1,347,342
City net pension liability (asset) as percentage of covered payroll		(108.18%)		(97.51%)		(143.41%)		(155.29%)	(108.31%)		(119.06%)		(133.26%)

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

City of Marathon, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
(Unaudited)
Schedule of Contributions
Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund
Last Ten Fiscal Years

2011	552,405	550,834	1,571	1,378,189	39.97%
20	15	55	ν. 	\$ 1,37	
ı	\$ \$	99	6; <b> </b>	<u>Γ</u>	%
2012	349,195	347,666	1,529	1,368,971	25.40%
ı	↔	ı	-	↔	
2013	375,384	377,579	(2,195)	1,164,340	32.43%
I	⋄	ı	<b>∽</b>	❖	
2014	260,648	264,774	(4,126)	1,295,521	20.44%
ı	<b>⋄</b>	ı	<b>⋄</b>	↔	
2015	314,079	319,245	(5,166)	1,358,418	23.50%
ı	<b>⋄</b>	ı	<b>⋄</b>	❖	
2016	317,899	321,575	(3,676)	1,502,540	21.40%
I	↔	Į	<b>⋄</b>	❖	
2017	362,276	366,697	(4,421)	1,602,399	22.88%
ı	\$	- 1	<b>⋄</b>	\$	
2018	294,839	298,366	(3,527)	1,759,178	16.96%
ı	⋄		∽	❖	
2019	\$ 320,324	335,215	\$ (59,035) \$ (14,891) \$	\$ 1,969,908	17.02%
ı	\$	,	∏		
2020	365,080	424,115	(59,035)	1,760,652	24.09%
ı	❖	ı	<b>⋄</b>	❖	
	Actuarially determined contribution Contribution	to the actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

Valuation date: October 1, 2019

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Investment rate of return Retirement rate

Mortality

Salary increases

7.0% including inflation and net of investment expenses

100% at normal retirement age

Pre-Retirement - Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Employee Mortality Table for public safety employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with ages set forward one year

Post-Retirement - For non-disabled retirees, sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table for public safety employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with ages set forward one year; for disabled retirees, sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table (80% general employee rates plus 20% public safety employee rates), with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018

City of Marathon, Florida Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Investment Returns Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund

2017 2016 2015	11.58% 8.11% (0.05%)
2018	3.63%
2019	14.76%
2020	1.47%
	Annual money-weighted rate of return (loss), net of investment expense

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

City of Marathon, Florida Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years \* (Unaudited)

	1	2020	I	2019		2018	l	2017		2016	ļ	2015	I	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability	_	0.000210013%		0.000224343%	0	0.000223873%	J	0.000579004%		0.001144711%		0.001241696%		0.000939789%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	<b>⋄</b>	91,023	₩.	77,260	<b>⋄</b>	67,432	<b>⋄</b>	171,324 ***	<b>⋄</b>	289,040	<b>⋄</b>	160,382	❖	57,341
Covered payroll **	↔	ı	↔	ı	↔	ı	\$		↔	ı	↔	ı	↔	ı
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		1		,		•		,		1		1		1
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		78.85%		82.61%		84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%		%60.96

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

<sup>\* \*</sup> There is no covered payroll because the Elected Officials for these years have chosen to participate in the Florida Retirement System defined contribution plan.

<sup>\* \* \*</sup> Reflects restatement of beginning net pension liability at July 1, 2017, due to implementation of GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions .

City of Marathon, Florida Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last 10 Fiscal Years \* (Unaudited)

	2020	,	2019	ļ	2018	ı	2017		2016	l	2015	ļ	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.000051863%	<b>\</b> 0	0.000053821%	J	0.000055110%		0.000145883%		0.000280525%		0.000296985%		0.000297528%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,332	<b>↔</b>	6,022	<b>↔</b>	5,833	₩.	15,599	<b>⋄</b>	32,694	<b>⋄</b>	30,288	⋄	27,820
Covered payroll**		↔	•	↔	ı	↔	ı	↔	ı	↔	ı	↔	ı
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	1		1				1				1		1
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	3.00%	<b>\</b> 0	2.63%		2.15%		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%		%66:0

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

<sup>\* \*</sup> There is no covered payroll because the Elected Officials for these years have chosen to participate in the Florida Retirement System defined contribution plan.

City of Marathon, Florida Schedule of Contributions Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years \* (Unaudited)

	2020	0	201	919		2018	l	2017	l	2016	I	2015	I	2014
Contractually required contribution	<b>.</b>	6,464	❖	6,431	↔	5,994	↔	10,299	<b>⋄</b>	23,654	❖	29,956	↔	22,979
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		6,464		6,431	l	5,994		10,299		23,654	l	29,956		22,979
Contribution deficiency (excess)	₩.		₩.	1	↔	,	↔		<b>⋄</b>		↔	'	∏	
City of Marathon, Florida's covered payroll**	<b>⋄</b>		<b>↔</b>		<b>⋄</b>	•	↔	,	₩.	•	<b>⋄</b>	•	❖	•
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		ı				•		ı		1		1		1

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> There is no covered payroll because the Elected Officials for these years have chosen to participate in the Florida Retirement System defined contribution plan.

City of Marathon, Florida Schedule of Contributions Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last 10 Fiscal Years \* (Unaudited)

	2020	50	20	2019		2018		2017	I	2016	l	2015		2014	
Contractually required contribution	<b>\$</b>	299	<b>⋄</b>	299	<b>⋄</b>	299	↔	523	↔	1,221	❖	1,225	↔	1,074	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		299		299		299	ı	523		1,221		1,225		1,074	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	ν.		φ.		₩.		<b>⋄</b>	1	\$		\$		<b>√</b>		
City of Marathon, Florida's covered payroll** \$	<b>⋄</b>	1	<b>⋄</b>	1			↔	1	<b>⋄</b>	1	↔	1	❖		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll				1		1		1		1		1			

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> There is no covered payroll because the Elected Officials for these years have chosen to participate in the Florida Retirement System defined contribution plan.

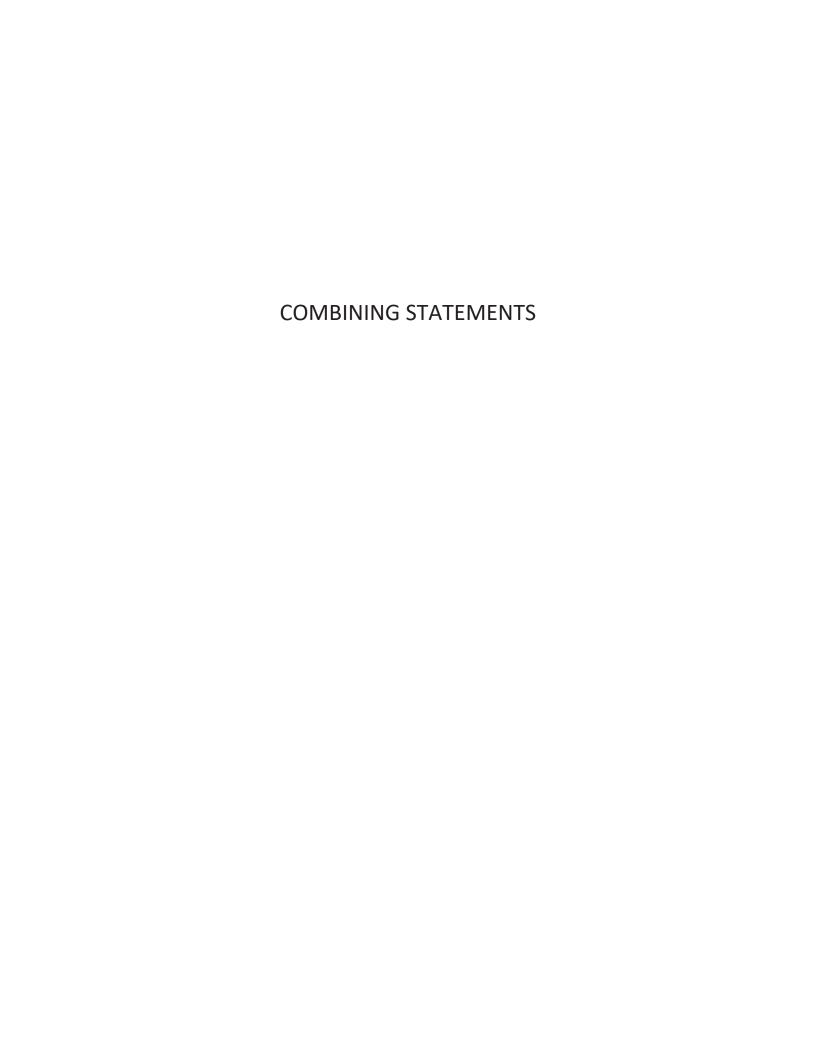
City of Marathon, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years \*

Fiscal Year and Measurement Date:		9/30/2020		9/30/2019	9/30/2018
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest Assumption changes Differences between actual and expected experience Benefits payments	\$	95,343 16,297 281,376 445 (28,219)	\$	50,667 14,692 - 26,763 (10,736)	\$ 49,670 12,033 - 21,526 (9,665)
Net change in total OPEB liability	·	365,242	·	81,386	73,564
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	490,280 855,522	\$	408,894 490,280	\$ 335,330 408,894
Covered payroll	\$	5,585,022	\$	6,127,014	\$ 5,967,531
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		15.32%		8.00%	6.85%

### Notes to Schedule:

*Plan Assets.* No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria of GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay benefits.

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

**Impact Fees Fund** - This fund is used to account for transportation, parks and public safety projects. Revenues are derived from impact fees collected during the building permit process.

**Affordable Housing Fund** - This fund is used to purchase land or homes to be used for affordable housing. These funds are also available to provide down payment assistance to qualified homebuyers.

**Restoration Fund** - This fund is used for restoration and management activities of public resource protection and conservation lands.

## Debt Service Fund

**Debt Service Fund** - This fund is used to account for the payment of principal, interest and expenditures on the long-term debt of the governmental funds.

			Specia	al Revenue Fun	ıds					Total
	_	Impact Fees Fund	_	Affordable Housing Fund		Restoration Fund	_	Debt Service Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	1,640,663	\$	1,058,484 720,000	\$	225,090	\$	- -	\$	2,924,237 720,000
Total assets	\$	1,640,663	\$	1,778,484	\$	225,090	\$	-	\$	3,644,237
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities	\$_		\$_		\$.		\$	-	\$ <u>_</u>	
Fund balances: Committed for: Infrastructure improvements Affordable housing Restoration projects	_	1,640,663 - -	_	- 1,778,484 -		- - 225,090	_	- - -	_	1,640,663 1,778,484 225,090
Total fund balances	_	1,640,663	_	1,778,484		225,090		-	_	3,644,237
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,640,663	\$	1,778,484	\$	225,090	\$	-	\$	3,644,237

# City of Marathon, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		:	Speci	al Revenue Fu					Total	
	_	Impact Fees Fund		Affordable Housing Fund		Restoration Fund		Debt Service Fund	G	Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds
Revenues:	_									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	800,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	800,000
Impact fees		491,374		169,000		26,409		-		686,783
Interest	-	16,424	_	9,130		1,707		-	-	27,261
Total revenues	_	507,798	_	978,130		28,116		-	-	1,514,044
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Community services		-		3,500		-		-		3,500
Capital outlay		-		950,713		-		-		950,713
Debt service:										
Principal		-		-		-		1,130,000		1,130,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-					220,529	-	220,529
Total expenditures	_		_	954,213	-		-	1,350,529	-	2,304,742
Excess (deficiency)										
of revenues										
over expenditures	-	507,798	_	23,917		28,116		(1,350,529)	-	(790,698)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in		-		-		-		1,355,529		1,355,529
Transfers out	_	(584,095)	-	-	-	-		-	-	(584,095)
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	_	(584,095)	_	-	-	-	-	1,355,529	-	771,434
Net change in										
fund balances		(76,297)		23,917		28,116		5,000		(19,264)
Fund Balances, Beginning	-	1,716,960	_	1,754,567		196,974		(5,000)	-	3,663,501
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ _	1,640,663	\$_	1,778,484	\$	225,090	\$	_	\$	3,644,237

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	-	Actual Amounts	_	Variance
Revenues: Intergovernmental Miscellaneous Interest	\$ 6,760,588 100,000 20,000	\$	4,332,074 - 10,700	\$	4,401,457 20,000 10,698	\$	69,383 20,000 (2)
Total revenues	6,880,588	_	4,342,774	-	4,432,155	_	89,381
Expenditures: Capital outlay	6,179,814	_	3,360,519	-	1,531,500	-	1,829,019
Excess of revenues over expenditures	700,774	_	982,255	-	2,900,655	_	1,918,400
Othe Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Appropriation of prior year's fund balance	738,000 (2,415,304) 976,530	_	887,000 (2,266,705) 397,450	-	594,994 (2,919,087) -	_	(292,006) (652,382) (397,450)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(700,774)	_	(982,255)	-	(2,324,093)	_	(1,341,838)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>-</u>	\$_		\$	576,562	\$_	576,562

<b>Explanation of Differences Between Change in Fund Balance</b>
<b>Budget to Actual and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures</b>
and Changes in Fund Balance - Capital Infrastructure Fund

Net change in	า fund b	alance, I	Page 73
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\$ 576,562

Amounts reported for budget to actual are different because:

The net change in fund balance in the City's Vehicle Replacement Fund are reported in the Vehicle Replacement Fund for budgetary purposes but in the Capital Infrastructure Fund for the purpose of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds:

Net change in fund balance - Vehicle Replacement Fund

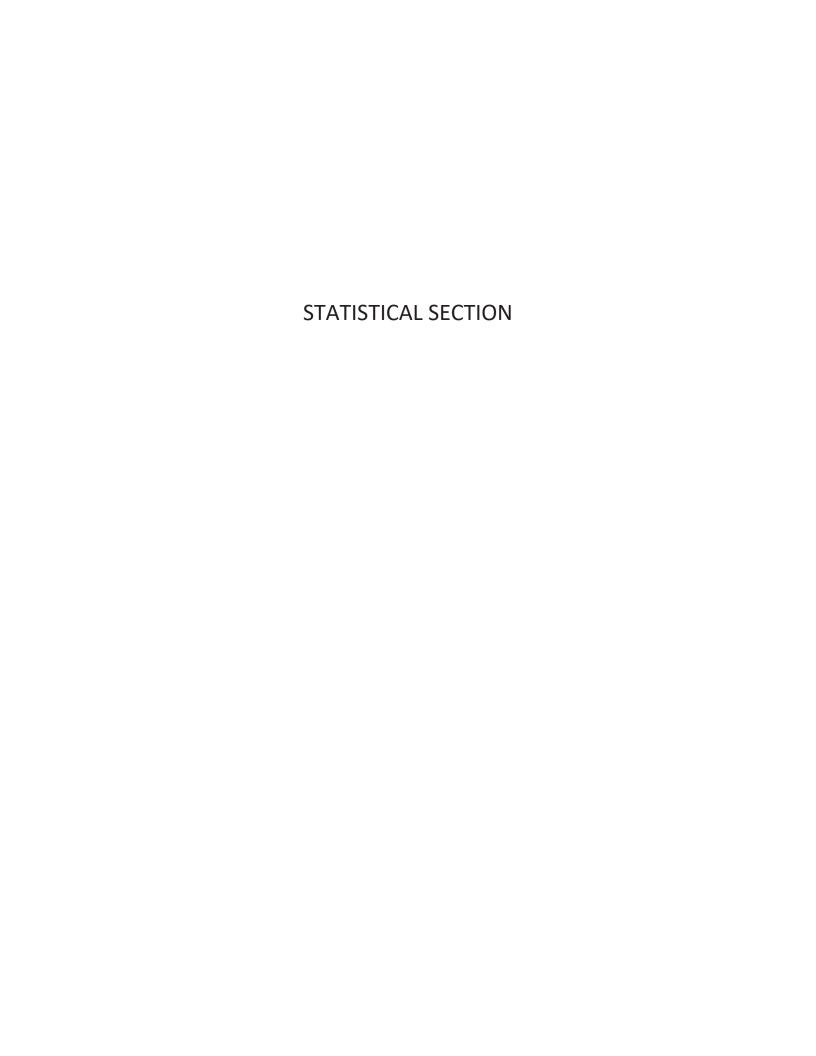
632,263

Net change in fund balance per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Capital Infrastructure Fund, Page 20

1,208,825

		Impa	act Fees		Vehicle Replacement Fund							
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance					
Revenues:												
Intergovernmental \$	-	\$ -	\$ - 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Impact fees	209,500	490,400	491,374	974	-	-	-					
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Interest	12,000	16,400	16,424	24	15,000	12,382	(2,618)					
Total revenues	221,500	506,800	507,798	998	15,000	12,382	(2,618)					
Expenditures:												
Current:												
Community services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Debt service:												
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-								
Total expenditures		_										
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures	221,500	506,800	507,798	998	15,000	12,382	(2,618)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Loan proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	661,077	661,077	-					
Transfers out	(405,000)	(584,297)	(584,095)	202	(333,000)	(41,196)	291,804					
Appropriation of prior												
year's fund balance	183,500	77,497	-	(77,497)	(343,077)	-	343,077					
Total other financing												
sources (uses)	(221,500)	(506,800)	(584,095)	(77,295)	(15,000)	619,881	634,881					
Net change in												
fund balances \$	-	\$	\$ (76,297)	\$ (76,297)	\$	\$ 632,263	\$ 632,263					

		Res	toration Fun	ıd					Debt Se	rvice	e Fund			Affordable Housing Fund				
_	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance	_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance	_	Original and Final Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance
\$	-	\$	- 26,409	\$	- 26,409	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	800,000 169,000	\$	800,000 169,000
_	1,600	_	1,707	_	107	_		_	<u>-</u>	_	-		_	9,700	_	9,130	_	(570)
_	1,600	_	28,116	-	26,516	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	9,700	-	978,130	_	968,430
	50,000		_		50,000		_		_		_	_		150,000		3,500		146,500
	-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-		950,713		(950,713)
_	-	_	-	_	-	_	779,191	_	1,130,000 220,654		1,130,000 220,529	- 125	_	-	_	-	_	-
_	50,000	_	-	-	50,000	-	779,191	_	1,350,654	-	1,350,529	125	-	150,000	_	954,213	-	(804,213)
_	(48,400)	_	28,116	_	76,516	_	(779,191)		(1,350,654)	_	(1,350,529)	125	_	(140,300)	-	23,917	_	164,217
	- - -		- - -		- - -		- 779,191 -		- 1,350,654 -		- 1,355,529 -	- 4,875 -		- - -		- - -		- - -
_	48,400	_	-	_	(48,400)	_		_		_		-	_	140,300	_		_	(140,300)
_	48,400	_		-	(48,400)	_	779,191	_	1,350,654	_	1,355,529	4,875	-	140,300	-		_	(140,300)
\$_	-	\$_	28,116	\$	28,116	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$ 5,000	\$	-	\$	23,917	\$	23,917



## STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Marathon's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>CONTENTS</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	77-86
<b>Revenue Capacity</b> These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	87-90
<b>Debt Capacity</b> These schedules present information to help the reader asses the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	91-93
<b>Demographic and Economic Information</b> These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	94-95
<b>Operating Information</b> These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	96-98

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

		2011		2012	_	2013	_	2014
Governmental Activities:								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	27,231,548	\$	28,142,616	\$	29,978,693	\$	30,819,582
Restricted		3,896,716		4,090,519		2,013,189		2,394,851
Unrestricted (Deficit)		3,986,495	_	4,157,687		4,952,275	_	7,065,123
Total governmental								
activities net position	_	35,114,759	_	36,390,822	_	36,944,157	_	40,279,556
Business-Type Activities:								
Net investment in capital assets		43,132,708		39,625,782		47,690,144		50,316,306
Restricted		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted	_	12,249,548	_	17,638,385	_	11,307,027	-	9,359,636
Total business-type								
activities net position	_	55,382,256	_	57,264,167	_	58,997,171	-	59,675,942
Total Government:								
Net investment in capital assets		70,364,256		67,768,398		77,668,837		81,135,888
Restricted		3,896,716		4,090,519		2,013,189		2,394,851
Unrestricted	_	16,236,043	_	21,796,072	_	16,259,302	_	16,424,759
Total government net position	\$	90,497,015	\$	93,654,989	\$	95,941,328	\$_	99,955,498

<sup>(1)</sup> Fiscal year 2014 unrestricted net assets have been restated due to the implementation of GASB 68.

	Fiscal Year										
	2015	_	2016		2017	_	2018		2019	_	2020
\$	30,963,072 3,089,957 9,299,203	\$_	31,282,555 3,361,757 10,285,136	\$	31,363,522 3,761,611 8,584,962	\$	31,361,460 4,112,540 (374,303)	\$ .	32,346,880 3,497,273 8,850,552	\$ _	35,592,849 2,982,465 21,388,072
-	43,352,232	_	44,929,448	-	43,710,095	_	35,099,697	-	44,694,705	_	59,963,386
	46,217,299		52,501,721		59,193,929		63,683,687		67,362,414		69,923,370
	12,623,760 58,841,059	-	12,220,979		9,693,724	-	14,654,425 78,338,112		19,159,607 86,522,021	_	19,863,336 89,786,706
	77,180,371 3,089,957 21,922,963	_	83,784,276 3,361,757 22,506,115		90,557,451 3,761,611 18,278,686		95,045,147 4,112,540 14,280,122		99,709,294 3,497,273 28,010,159	_	105,516,219 2,982,465 41,251,408
\$	102,193,291	\$	109,652,148	\$	112,597,748	\$	113,437,809	\$	131,216,726	\$	149,750,092

	_	2011		2012		2013		2014
Expenses:	_		-		_		_	
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	4,230,495	\$	2,596,950	\$	2,751,456	\$	2,718,127
Public safety		4,524,285		4,260,491		4,623,980		4,713,469
Community services		2,850,714		2,477,396		2,673,198		2,943,294
Community development		860,053		894,343		887,239		875,734
Interest on long-term debt	_	266,465	-	234,371	_	202,629	_	282,779
Total governmental activities		12,732,012	-	10,463,551	_	11,138,502	_	11,533,403
Business-type activities:								
Wastewater		3,903,661		6,502,017		8,772,782		9,594,935
Marina		658,901		645,935		748,329		710,071
Stormwater	_	714,940	_	1,098,948	_	1,278,604	_	1,369,870
Total business-type activities		5,277,502	_	8,246,900	_	10,799,715	_	11,674,876
Total governmental expenses	\$_	18,009,514	\$_	18,710,451	\$_	21,938,217	\$_	23,208,279
Program Revenues:								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	195,765	\$	182,481	\$	188,528	\$	194,134
Public safety	·	927,827	·	987,852		1,103,270	·	912,737
Community services		569,458		614,280		597,760		659,677
Community development		496,610		521,441		810,639		866,310
Operating grants and contributions		336,415		282,495		486,147		480,670
Capital grants and contributions		3,988,661	_	3,494,595	_	2,726,468	_	3,801,181
Total governmental								
activities program revenues		6,514,736		6,083,144		5,912,812		6,914,709
· -			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		_	
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:		2 266 214		4 16 4 4 4 2		F 07F 027		F 000 201
Wastewater Marina		2,266,214		4,164,443		5,875,927		5,989,281
Stormwater		643,428		650,698		695,901		828,357
Operating grants and contributions		- 16,921		92,292		- 135,379		41,873
Capital grants and contributions		6,754,484		4,926,863		5,546,634		5,145,621
capital grants and continuations	_	0,734,404	-	4,320,003	_	3,340,034	_	3,143,021
Total business-type								
activities program revenues	_	9,681,047	-	9,834,296	_	12,253,841	_	12,005,132
Total program revenues	\$_	16,195,783	\$	15,917,440	\$_	18,166,653	\$_	18,919,841
Net (Expense) Revenue:								
Governmental activities	\$	(6,217,276)	\$	(4,380,407)	\$	(5,225,690)	\$	(4,618,694)
Business-type activities	~	4,403,545	Ψ	1,587,396	7	1,454,126	7	330,256
	_	1,130,013	-	_,,	_	_, ,	_	
Total net (expense) revenue	\$	(1,813,731)	\$	(2,793,011)	\$_	(3,771,564)	\$_	(4,288,438)

Continued on next page

Fiscal Year										
2015	_	2016		2017		2018		2019	_	2020
2,609,926 4,883,718 2,894,577 1,060,108 241,217	\$	2,847,773 5,202,572 3,109,362 1,408,043 221,828	\$	5,299,558 5,633,501 3,420,249 1,387,809 202,657	\$	16,032,764 6,076,722 2,904,035 1,635,692 240,068	\$	3,550,307 6,401,157 3,272,628 1,549,785 282,110 15,055,987	\$ -	3,681,557 6,384,915 3,529,226 1,721,852 251,504 15,569,054
12,010,623 724,738 1,485,414 14,220,775	-	9,929,090 1,226,693 796,108 11,951,891	-	9,410,154 1,162,725 1,273,084 11,845,963	-	9,660,919 783,531 2,600,382 13,044,832	-	9,447,716 816,160 6,407,316 16,671,192	-	10,239,572 917,801 1,936,696 13,094,069
25,910,321	\$_	24,741,469	\$_	27,789,737	\$_	39,934,113	\$_	31,727,179	\$_	28,663,123
259,699 1,206,398 793,186 1,214,500 574,785 3,308,682	\$	335,352 1,309,008 790,447 1,410,332 371,539 3,351,896	\$	392,114 1,354,094 746,571 1,238,110 260,009 3,119,967	\$	832,882 1,927,826 793,956 2,495,302 1,062,030 3,188,292	\$	1,366,837 2,136,220 830,003 3,196,058 4,553,389 3,754,846	\$	523,924 1,686,584 847,335 2,192,809 9,936,824 6,569,796
7,357,250	-	7,568,574	-	7,110,865	-	10,300,288	-	15,837,353	-	21,757,272
6,166,141 851,989 - -		6,346,446 904,336 - -		6,463,033 933,084 - -		6,522,387 895,934 61,492 942,573		6,740,858 953,039 - 5,022,018		6,718,556 888,546 - 975,811
6,106,989	-	9,034,879	-	8,276,373	-	13,427,627	-	11,599,984	-	7,420,604
13,125,119	-	16,285,661	_	15,672,490	_	21,850,013	_	24,315,899	-	16,003,517
20,482,369	\$_	23,854,235	\$_	22,783,355	\$_	32,150,301	\$_	40,153,252	\$_	37,760,789
(4,332,296) (1,095,656)	\$	(5,221,004) 4,333,770	\$_	(8,832,909) 3,826,527	\$_	(16,588,993) 8,805,181	\$_	781,366 7,644,707	\$ -	6,188,218 2,909,448
(5,427,952)	\$_	(887,234)	\$	(5,006,382)	\$_	(7,783,812)	\$	8,426,073	\$	9,097,666
	2,609,926 4,883,718 2,894,577 1,060,108 241,217 11,689,546 12,010,623 724,738 1,485,414 14,220,775 25,910,321 259,699 1,206,398 793,186 1,214,500 574,785 3,308,682 7,357,250 6,166,141 851,989 - - 6,106,989 13,125,119 20,482,369 (4,332,296) (1,095,656)	2015  2,609,926 4,883,718 2,894,577 1,060,108 241,217  11,689,546  12,010,623 724,738 1,485,414  14,220,775  25,910,321  \$  259,699 1,206,398 793,186 1,214,500 574,785 3,308,682  7,357,250  6,166,141 851,989 6,106,989  13,125,119  20,482,369  \$  (4,332,296) (1,095,656)  \$  \$	2015         2016           2,609,926         \$ 2,847,773           4,883,718         5,202,572           2,894,577         3,109,362           1,060,108         1,408,043           241,217         221,828           11,689,546         12,789,578           12,010,623         9,929,090           724,738         1,226,693           1,485,414         796,108           14,220,775         11,951,891           25,910,321         \$ 24,741,469           259,699         \$ 335,352           1,206,398         1,309,008           793,186         790,447           1,214,500         1,410,332           574,785         371,539           3,308,682         3,351,896           7,357,250         7,568,574           6,166,141         6,346,446           851,989         904,336           -         -           6,106,989         9,034,879           13,125,119         16,285,661           20,482,369         \$ 23,854,235           (4,332,296)         \$ (5,221,004)           (1,095,656)         4,333,770	2015         2016           2,609,926         \$ 2,847,773         \$ 4,883,718         5,202,572         2,894,577         3,109,362         1,060,108         1,408,043         241,217         221,828         11,689,546         12,789,578         12,789,578         12,010,623         9,929,090         724,738         1,226,693         1,485,414         796,108         14,220,775         11,951,891         1,25,910,321         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 25,910,321         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 25,910,321         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 335,352         \$ 371,539         \$ 3308,682         3,351,896           7,357,250         7,568,574         7,568,574         4 6,166,141         6,346,446         851,989         904,336         1	2015         2016         2017           2,609,926         \$ 2,847,773         \$ 5,299,558           4,883,718         5,202,572         5,633,501           2,894,577         3,109,362         3,420,249           1,060,108         1,408,043         1,387,809           241,217         221,828         202,657           11,689,546         12,789,578         15,943,774           12,010,623         9,929,090         9,410,154           724,738         1,226,693         1,162,725           1,485,414         796,108         1,273,084           14,220,775         11,951,891         11,845,963           25,910,321         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 27,789,737           259,699         \$ 335,352         \$ 392,114           1,206,398         1,309,008         1,354,094           793,186         790,447         746,571           1,214,500         1,410,332         1,238,110           574,785         371,539         260,009           3,308,682         3,351,896         3,119,967           7,357,250         7,568,574         7,110,865           6,166,141         6,346,446         6,463,033           851,989         904,336	2015         2016         2017           2,609,926         \$ 2,847,773         \$ 5,299,558         \$ 4,883,718         5,202,572         5,633,501         2,894,577         3,109,362         3,420,249         1,060,108         1,408,043         1,387,809         241,217         221,828         202,657         20,657         11,689,546         12,789,578         15,943,774         12,010,623         9,929,090         9,410,154         7,24,738         1,226,693         1,162,725         1,485,414         796,108         1,273,084         14,220,775         11,951,891         11,845,963         25,910,321         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 27,789,737         \$ 25,910,321         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 27,789,737         \$ 260,009         3,312,410         574,785         371,539         260,009         3,308,682         3,351,896         3,119,967         7,357,250         7,568,574         7,110,865         7,357,250         7,568,574         7,110,865         6,166,141         6,346,446         6,463,033         851,989         904,336         933,084	2015         2016         2017         2018           2,609,926         \$ 2,847,773         \$ 5,299,558         \$ 16,032,764           4,883,718         5,202,572         5,633,501         6,076,722           2,894,577         3,109,362         3,420,249         2,904,035           1,060,108         1,408,043         1,387,809         1,635,692           241,217         221,828         202,657         240,068           11,689,546         12,789,578         15,943,774         26,889,281           12,010,623         9,929,090         9,410,154         9,660,919           724,738         1,226,693         1,162,725         783,531           1,485,414         796,108         1,273,084         2,600,382           14,220,775         11,951,891         11,845,963         13,044,832           25,910,321         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 27,789,737         \$ 39,934,113           25,9699         \$ 335,352         \$ 392,114         \$ 832,882           1,206,398         1,309,008         1,354,094         1,927,826           21,245,00         1,410,332         1,238,110         2,495,302           574,785         371,539         260,009         1,062,033           3,308,6	2015         2016         2017         2018           2,609,926         \$ 2,847,773         \$ 5,299,558         \$ 16,032,764         \$ 4,883,718         5,202,572         5,633,501         6,076,722         2,894,677         3,109,362         3,420,249         2,904,035         1,060,108         1,408,043         1,387,809         1,635,692         240,068         241,217         221,828         202,657         240,068         240,068         11,689,546         12,789,578         15,943,774         26,889,281         11,689,546         12,789,578         15,943,774         26,889,281         12,010,623         9,929,090         9,410,154         9,660,919         724,738         1,226,693         1,162,725         783,531         1,485,414         796,108         1,273,084         2,600,382         14,220,775         11,951,891         11,845,963         13,044,832         25,910,321         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 27,789,737         \$ 39,934,113         \$ 25,910,321         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 27,789,737         \$ 39,934,113         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 27,789,737         \$ 39,934,113         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 27,789,737         \$ 39,934,113         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 27,789,737         \$ 39,934,733         \$ 2,495,302         \$ 27,789,737         \$ 39,934,733         \$ 2,495,302         \$ 27,789,737         \$ 39,934,734 </td <td>2015         2016         2017         2018         2019           2,609,926         \$ 2,847,773         \$ 5,299,558         \$ 16,032,764         \$ 3,550,307           4,883,718         5,202,572         5,633,501         6,076,722         6,401,157           2,894,577         3,109,362         3,420,249         2,904,035         3,272,628           1,060,108         1,408,043         1,387,809         1,635,692         1,549,785           241,217         221,828         202,657         240,068         282,110           11,689,546         12,789,578         15,943,774         26,889,281         15,055,987           12,010,623         9,929,090         9,410,154         9,660,919         9,447,716           724,738         1,226,693         1,162,725         783,531         816,160           1,485,414         796,108         1,273,084         2,600,382         6,407,316           14,220,775         11,951,891         11,845,963         13,044,832         16,671,192           259,699         \$ 335,352         \$ 392,114         \$ 832,882         \$ 1,366,837           1,206,398         1,309,008         1,354,094         1,927,826         2,136,220           793,186         790,447</td> <td>2015         2016         2017         2018         2019           2,609,926         \$ 2,847,773         \$ 5,299,558         \$ 16,032,764         \$ 3,550,307         \$ 4,883,718         \$ 5,202,572         \$ 5,633,501         6,076,722         6,401,157         \$ 4,883,718         \$ 5,202,572         \$ 5,633,501         6,076,722         6,401,157         \$ 2,894,577         3,109,362         3,420,249         2,904,035         3,272,628         1,060,108         1,408,043         1,387,809         1,635,692         1,549,785         241,217         221,828         202,657         240,068         282,110           11,689,546         12,789,578         15,943,774         26,889,281         15,055,987           12,010,623         9,929,090         9,410,154         9,660,919         9,447,716         724,738         1,226,693         1,162,725         783,531         816,160         346,7316         14,220,775         11,951,891         11,845,963         13,044,832         16,671,192         25,910,321         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 27,789,737         \$ 33,934,113         \$ 31,727,179         \$ 31,727,179         \$ 31,206,333         1,927,826         2,136,220         793,186         790,447         746,571         793,956         830,003         1,214,500         1,410,332         1,238,110</td>	2015         2016         2017         2018         2019           2,609,926         \$ 2,847,773         \$ 5,299,558         \$ 16,032,764         \$ 3,550,307           4,883,718         5,202,572         5,633,501         6,076,722         6,401,157           2,894,577         3,109,362         3,420,249         2,904,035         3,272,628           1,060,108         1,408,043         1,387,809         1,635,692         1,549,785           241,217         221,828         202,657         240,068         282,110           11,689,546         12,789,578         15,943,774         26,889,281         15,055,987           12,010,623         9,929,090         9,410,154         9,660,919         9,447,716           724,738         1,226,693         1,162,725         783,531         816,160           1,485,414         796,108         1,273,084         2,600,382         6,407,316           14,220,775         11,951,891         11,845,963         13,044,832         16,671,192           259,699         \$ 335,352         \$ 392,114         \$ 832,882         \$ 1,366,837           1,206,398         1,309,008         1,354,094         1,927,826         2,136,220           793,186         790,447	2015         2016         2017         2018         2019           2,609,926         \$ 2,847,773         \$ 5,299,558         \$ 16,032,764         \$ 3,550,307         \$ 4,883,718         \$ 5,202,572         \$ 5,633,501         6,076,722         6,401,157         \$ 4,883,718         \$ 5,202,572         \$ 5,633,501         6,076,722         6,401,157         \$ 2,894,577         3,109,362         3,420,249         2,904,035         3,272,628         1,060,108         1,408,043         1,387,809         1,635,692         1,549,785         241,217         221,828         202,657         240,068         282,110           11,689,546         12,789,578         15,943,774         26,889,281         15,055,987           12,010,623         9,929,090         9,410,154         9,660,919         9,447,716         724,738         1,226,693         1,162,725         783,531         816,160         346,7316         14,220,775         11,951,891         11,845,963         13,044,832         16,671,192         25,910,321         \$ 24,741,469         \$ 27,789,737         \$ 33,934,113         \$ 31,727,179         \$ 31,727,179         \$ 31,206,333         1,927,826         2,136,220         793,186         790,447         746,571         793,956         830,003         1,214,500         1,410,332         1,238,110

		2011	_	2012	_	2013	_	2014
General Revenues:								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	3,580,301	\$	3,536,651	\$	3,777,989	\$	3,978,700
Other taxes	·	562,218	·	571,793	·	554,701	·	508,840
State shared revenues		1,684,366		1,564,952		1,643,871		1,766,483
Investment earnings		103,927		60,123		27,364		14,392
Miscellaneous		473,615		92,030		69,179		41,806
Transfers		(306,703)		(169,079)		(294,079)		(315,265)
Reassignment of capital assets to								
business type activities		-		-		-		-
			_				_	
Total governmental activities	_	6,097,724	_	5,656,470	_	5,779,025	_	5,994,956
Business-type activities:								
Investment earnings		167,282		125,436		46,463		33,250
Miscellaneous		275,000		-		-		-
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment		-		-		-		-
Transfers		306,703		169,079		294,079		315,265
Reassignment of capital assets								
from governmental activities			_	-	_	-	_	-
Total business-type activities		748,985		294,515		340,542		348,515
Total general revenues	\$ <u></u>	6,846,709	\$=	5,950,985	\$=	6,119,567	\$_	6,343,471
Change in Net Position:								
Governmental activities	\$	(119,552)	\$	1,276,063	\$	1,398,618	\$	1,376,262
Business-type activities	•	5,152,530	•	1,881,911		1,927,938	•	678,771
			_		_		_	
Total change in net position	\$ <u></u>	5,032,978	\$_	3,157,974	\$_	3,326,556	\$_	2,055,033

Fiscal Year											
	2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020
\$	4,216,763 576,608 1,884,755 20,755 935,331 (90,406)	\$	4,470,917 529,641 1,926,237 17,610 186,758 (332,943)	\$	5,236,773 515,229 1,984,812 67,555 95,052 (285,865)	\$	6,011,774 501,700 1,909,914 75,338 47,720 (653,249)	\$	6,351,257 472,628 2,124,983 76,554 78,220 (290,000)	\$	6,847,271 496,713 1,807,035 97,297 61,902 (229,755)
_	(138,834)	_	-	_	-	_	_			_	-
	7,543,806	_	6,798,220	_	7,613,556	_	7,893,197	_	8,813,642	_	9,080,463
	29,705 1,828		30,543 1,184,385		52,561 -		87,334 -		154,963 -		125,482 -
	90,406		- 332,943		- 285,865		20,637 653,249		94,239 290,000		- 229,755
_	138,834		-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-
	260,773	_	1,547,871	_	338,426		761,220	_	539,202	_	355,237
\$_	7,804,579	\$_	8,346,091	\$_	7,951,982	\$_	8,654,417	\$_	9,352,844	\$_	9,435,700
\$	3,211,510 (834,883)	\$	1,577,216 5,881,641	\$	(1,219,353) 4,164,953	\$	(8,695,796) 9,566,401	\$	9,595,008 8,183,909	\$_	15,268,681 3,264,685
\$_	2,376,627	\$_	7,458,857	\$_	2,945,600	\$_	870,605	\$_	17,778,917	\$_	18,533,366

		2011	_	2012	_	2013	_	2014
General Fund:								
Nonspendable	\$	131,006	\$	92,328	\$	63,583	\$	91,443
Restricted		33,974		38,818		39,044		81,995
Committed		1,247,077		-		-		-
Assigned		431,980		-		303,864		602,829
Unassigned (Deficit)		2,042,757	_	2,396,537	_	2,642,481	_	2,565,459
Total general fund		3,886,794		2,527,683		3,048,972	_	3,341,726
Special Revenue Funds:								
Nonspendable		3,171		1,200		1,200		1,500
Restricted		3,859,571		4,051,701		1,974,145		7,844,203
Committed		497,687	_	1,966,244	_	2,367,028	_	2,338,268
Total special revenue funds	_	4,360,429	_	6,019,145	_	4,342,373	_	10,183,971
Debt Service Fund:								
Unassigned (deficit)			_	-	_	-	_	-
Total governmental funds	\$	8,247,223	\$	8,546,828	\$	7,391,345	\$_	13,525,697

- 1	iscal Year										
_	2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020
\$	99,901 210,826	\$	98,770 235,850	\$	144,042 255,897	\$	334,294 326,131	\$	355,951 377,145	\$	29,667 335,635
_	834,104 3,398,554	_	463,756 4,521,269	_	3,690,416	_	- (6,862,727)	_	- (1,020,937)	_	- 12,291,091
-	4,543,385	_	5,319,645	_	4,090,355	_	(6,202,302)	_	(287,841)	_	12,656,393
_	1,500 5,661,189 3,431,379	_	5,244 3,125,907 3,772,815	_	3,505,714 3,457,850		25 3,786,409 4,141,624	_	- 3,120,128 4,855,431	_	- 2,646,830 5,463,430
-	9,094,068	_	6,903,966	_	6,963,564	_	7,928,058	_	7,975,559	_	8,110,260
-		_		_		_		_	(5,000)	_	
\$_	13,637,453	\$_	12,223,611	\$_	11,053,919	\$_	1,725,756	\$_	7,682,718	\$_	20,766,653

_	2011		2012		2013		2014
	_		_		_		_
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes \$	2 500 201	\$	2 526 651	\$	2 777 000	\$	2 079 700
	3,580,301	Ş	3,536,651	Ş	3,777,989 554,701	Ş	3,978,700 508,840
Communication services taxes	562,218		571,793 123,585		124,806		•
Impact fees	100,609						205,288
Licenses and permits	632,899		689,191		927,451		966,452
Intergovernmental revenue	6,429,133		5,612,220		5,267,575		6,494,328
Charges for services	897,555		959,924		1,067,452		840,115
Fines and forfeitures	122,385		81,959		157,311		169,149
Special assessments	12,461		12,427		12,308		<u>-</u>
Interest	103,927		60,123		27,364		14,392
Miscellaneous	477,675		92,030		68,959	_	66,308
Total revenues	12,919,163	_	11,739,903	_	11,985,916	_	13,243,572
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	4,749,262		2,442,659		2,568,096		2,579,453
Public safety	4,114,867		3,984,275		4,155,331		4,257,930
Community services	1,377,523		1,512,165		1,619,088		1,644,411
Community development	820,110		845,333		825,021		825,034
Capital outlay	2,655,130		1,511,676		2,736,415		2,479,661
Debt service:	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		_,= _,= ,= ,= ,=		_,, _,, ,		_,,
Principal	740,741		740,740		740,740		785,000
Interest and other fiscal charges	266,465		234,371		202,629	_	279,693
Total expenditures	14,724,098		11,271,219		12,847,320	_	12,851,182
Excess (Deficiency) of							
	(1 904 025)		468,684		(861,404)		202 200
Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,804,935)	_	408,084	_	(861,404)	_	392,390
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-		-		-		(4,277,773)
Sale of asset	30,000		-		-		-
Insurance proceeds	-		-		-		-
Transfers in	2,808,056		1,693,313		1,734,247		1,772,648
Transfers out	(3,114,759)		(1,862,392)		(2,028,326)		(2,087,913)
Issuance of debt							
Bonds Issued		_			-	_	10,335,000
Total other financing							
sources (uses)	(276,703)		(169,079)		(294,079)		5,741,962
Sources (uses)	(270,703)	_	(109,079)	_	(294,079)	_	3,741,902
Net Change in Fund Balances \$	(2,081,638)	\$_	299,605	\$_	(1,155,483)	\$_	6,134,352
Debt Service as a Percentage							
of Non-Capital Expenditures	8.03%		9.98%		9.27%		9.96%

F	iscal Year										
_	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
	_					_			_		
\$	4,216,763	\$	4,470,917	\$	5,236,773	\$	6,011,774	\$	6,351,257	\$	6,847,271
•	576,608	·	529,641	·	515,229	·	501,700		472,628		496,713
	1,222,462		470,614		489,340		621,797		914,021		686,783
	1,347,116		1,553,338		1,506,456		2,944,187		3,756,614		2,721,267
	5,763,603		6,055,246		5,822,821		5,864,220		8,242,793		19,720,073
	1,026,971		1,057,363		1,040,201		1,500,628		1,388,284		1,257,636
	274,429		288,331		232,565		106,266		141,389		126,148
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	20,755		17,610		67,555		75,338		76,554		97,297
_	520,255	_	98,410	_	39,878	_	76,581	_	95,485	_	65,702
_	14,968,962	_	14,541,470	_	14,950,818	-	17,702,491	_	21,439,025	_	32,018,890
	2,412,107		2,482,091		4,778,448		15,556,405		3,003,629		3,112,085
	4,438,161		4,645,986		5,015,503		5,528,311		5,921,898		5,824,957
	1,930,436		2,069,478		2,332,785		1,968,075		2,217,144		2,507,537
	954,675		1,314,896		1,263,455		1,514,815		1,434,355		1,623,247
	4,023,290		4,131,176		1,635,184		1,315,357		4,099,767		4,291,162
	770,000		760,000		740,000		735,000		785,002		1,130,000
_	238,131	_	218,742	_	199,571	-	236,982	_	232,565	_	220,529
_	14,766,800	_	15,622,369	_	15,964,946	_	26,854,945	_	17,694,360	_	18,709,517
_	202,162	_	(1,080,899)	_	(1,014,128)	_	(9,152,454)	_	3,744,665	_	13,309,373
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	- 2.107.061		-		130,301		427,539		877,296		4,317
	2,107,961		2,127,866		1,727,945		1,517,128		2,036,301		2,641,842
	(2,198,367)		(2,460,809)		(2,013,810)		(2,170,377) 50,001		(2,326,301) 1,625,001		(2,871,597)
	-		-		-				1,025,001		-
_						_					
_	(90,406)	_	(332,943)	_	(155,564)	_	(175,709)	_	2,212,297	_	(225,438)
\$=	111,756	\$_	(1,413,842)	\$_	(1,169,692)	\$_	(9,328,163)	\$=	5,956,962	\$_	13,083,935
	9.40%		8.50%		6.56%		3.71%		7.49%		9.37%

City of Marathon, Florida Net Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Estimated Actual Value as a Percentage of Net Assessed	Value (1)	N/A									
Estimated Actual	Value (1)	N/A	A/N	A/N	A/N	N/A	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/N
Total Direct Tax	Kate	1.8458	1.9999	2.1989	2.2969	2.3297	2.3000	2.5000	2.5900	2.5900	2.5900
Total Net Assessed	value	1,984,278,290	1,804,570,623	1,762,469,940	1,777,115,775	1,862,178,340	2,003,985,004	2,144,057,471	2,378,768,078	2,524,707,187	2,719,699,591
	l	Ş	Ŷ	٠	ᡐ	Ŷ	٠	ᡐ	ዯ	٠	Ş
Personal	Property	74,754,478	73,025,922	70,358,735	66,124,906	62,433,310	68,988,431	75,795,496	71,619,259	72,177,542	82,277,588
		ς,	φ.	φ.	<b>ب</b>	ş	φ.	<b>ب</b>	φ.	φ.	ş
Real	Property	1,909,523,812	1,731,544,701	1,692,111,205	1,710,990,869	1,799,745,030	1,934,996,573	2,068,261,975	2,307,148,819	2,452,529,645	2,637,422,003
	I	Ş	ş	ş	Ŷ	Ş	ş	Ŷ	ş	ş	٠
Tax Roll	Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Fiscal Year Ended	september 30,	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

non-homesteaded properties the just value is equal to the assessed value. For homesteaded properties, the just value is adjusted for both the Florida 'Save Our Homes' valuation cap and the homestead exemption amount to arrive at the assessed value. As a result, there is no formula Note (1): Property in the City is reassessed each year. The Property Appraiser estimates a just (market) value for all types of real property. For available to estimate the relationship between overall just (actual) value and assessed value.

Source: Monroe County Property Appraiser's Office and the City of Marathon Finance Department.

City of Marathon, Florida Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Total	Direct and	Rates	10.0974	9.8318	9.9278	10.0338	9.9498	9.6823	9.7275	9.4163	9.3928	9.7514
			Other	0.3691	0.2578	0.2532	0.2425	0.2265	0.2092	0.1948	0.1825	0.1727	0.7080
1)	FL Keys	Mosquito	District	0.4596	0.4836	0.5171	0.5069	0.4824	0.5019	0.5831	0.4646	0.4555	0.4508
Overlapping Rates (1)		S. Florida Water Met	District	0.2549	0.1785	0.1757	0.1685	0.1577	0.1459	0.1359	0.1275	0.1209	0.1152
Ove		School	Board	3.8235	3.5650	3.6600	3.6810	3.6260	3.5500	3.4840	3.3560	3.3580	3.3430
		Mongra	County	3.3445	3.3470	3.1229	3.1380	3.1275	2.9753	2.8297	2.6957	2.6957	2.5444
		Total	Rate	1.8458	1.9999	2.1989	2.2969	2.3297	2.3000	2.5000	2.5900	2.5900	2.5900
	City of Marathon	Debt Service	Millage		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	ı
	J	Onerating	Millage	1.8458	1.9999	2.1989	2.2969	2.3297	2.3000	2.5000	2.5900	2.5900	2.5900
		Tax Roll	Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
		Fiscal	Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

Note: All millage rates are based on \$ 1 for every \$ 1,000 of assessed value.

Note (1) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Marathon, Florida.

Note (2) The City of Marathon levies one millage rate for the services it provides, therefore, there are no other components of the direct rate to display.

Percent of Total City Net Assessed Value	1.54% 1.30% 1.12% 0.90% 0.83% 0.63% 0.52% 0.50%	8.59% Percent of Total City Net Assessed Value	2.01% 1.30% 0.77% 0.71% 0.47% 0.46% 0.43% 0.40% 0.39%
2020 Rank	1 2 3 4 4 7 7 7 9 9 9	2011 Rank	1 3 4 4 5 7 7 7 10
Net Assessed Value	\$ 41,837,638 35,367,776 30,509,755 24,435,839 22,676,028 20,641,353 17,292,448 14,062,799 13,505,442 13,426,627	\$ 233,755,705  Net Assessed Value	\$ 30,199,886 14,805,841 8,279,752 7,561,581 7,038,530 6,715,801 6,390,058 6,252,689 6,096,574 5,969,176 \$ 99,309,888
Тахрауег	SH3 LTD FLORIDA KEYS ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATION INC MARLIN BAY YACHT CLUB LLC MARATHON HOTELS LLC MARATHON OCEAN HOUSING LLC KNIGHTS KEY INVESTORS LLC MARATHON HOSPITALITY LLC SUNSET POINT FARM LLC REPUBLIC MARATHON LLC HOME DEPOT USA INC NO 6302	Тахрауег	BLUEGREEN RESORTS MANAGEMENT INC. CRE PROPERTIES INC FISHERMEN'S HOSPITAL, INC KNIGHTS KEY CORPORATION HOME DEPOT USA INC #6302 FL KEYS ELECTRIC CO-OP ASSN INC JACKSON DAVID G & CHARLINE SUMMIT MARATHON LLC BOAT HOUSE ASSOCIATES, INC HAWKS NEST CONDO ASSOCIATION INC

Source: Tax roll provided by Monroe County Property Appraisers Office.

City of Marathon, Florida Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

ctions	Percent of Levy	96.73%	96.55%	%68.96	%96.96	97.32%	96.42%	96.93%	98.24%	97.48%	97.74%
Total Collections to Date	Amount	3,580,301	3,536,651	3,777,989	3,978,700	4,216,763	4,470,917	5,236,773	6,011,774	6,351,257	6,847,271
Collections in	Subsequent Year's		ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	•
within Year evy	Percent of Levy	%8'.3%	96.55%	%68.96	%96'96	97.32%	96.42%	96.93%	98.24%	97.48%	97.74%
Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	Amount	3,580,301	3,536,651	3,777,989	3,978,700	4,216,763	4,470,917	5,236,773	6,011,774	6,351,257	6,847,271
Total Taxes Levied for	Fiscal Year	3,701,426	3,662,967	3,899,220	4,103,407	4,332,716	4,636,703	5,402,910	6,119,489	6,515,264	7,005,642
Fiscal Year	Ended September 30,	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

Source: City of Marathon Finance Department and Monroe County Tax Collector's Office.

City of Marathon, Florida Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Per Capita (1)	10,218	10,728	6)308	9,469	9,348	8,289	7,550	7,483	6,800	5,845
	Percent of Net Assessed Value (1)	4.28%	4.97%	4.45%	4.49%	4.24%	3.53%	3.09%	2.59%	2.31%	1.95%
	Total	84,976,732	89,710,849	78,369,463	79,777,974	78,888,929	70,840,217	66,252,355	61,621,766	58,428,200	53,168,918
usiness-Type Activities	State Revolving Fund Loan Program	39,429,612	56,074,089	74,110,203	70,227,974	70,108,929	62,820,217	58,972,355	55,026,765	50,993,466	46,864,184
Business-Type Activities	Revenue Bonds		28,636,760			1	1				1
ş	Loans Payable	,	•	•	•	1			50,001	1,575,000	1,050,000
Governmental Activities	Revenue Bonds	5,740,740	5,000,000	4,259,260	9,550,000	8,780,000	8,020,000	7,280,000	6,545,000	5,859,734	5,254,734
OĐ	General Obligation Bonds	ı				1	1				ı
	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

Note (1): Total personal income amounts not available for the City of Marathon jurisdiction. Personal income data provided in demographics section is for all of Monroe County. Therefore, assessed taxable value was used as the relevant economic base.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

	<b>-</b> 1.	Applicable to	City of	Marathon
	Debt Outstanding	Percentage	_	Amount
<b>Direct debt:</b> City of Marathon	\$ 6,304,734	100.00%	\$	6,304,734
Estimated overlapping debt: Monroe County, District School Board (1)	72,349,790	9.58%	(2)_	6,933,717
Total ad valorem tax supported debt	\$ 78,654,524		\$ _	13,238,451
Ratios: Overall debt to 2019 taxable valuation				0.49%
Overall debt per capita			\$	1,455

#### Notes:

- (1) Monroe County School Board debt is as of June 30, 2020
- (2) Overlapping debt percentage was determined by a ratio of the assessed value of property subject to taxation in the City of Marathon to the total assessed value of property subject to taxation in the overlapping unit.

				Improvement Revenue Bonds	venue Bonds			
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Local Govt. Infrastructure Tax	Special Assessments	Utility Operating Revenues	Less Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Debt Service Principal	Interest	Coverage
2011	2,448,373	5,268,340	2,266,214	(1,894,752)	8,088,175	2,717,333	1,936,248	1.74
2012	2,270,445	4,924,363	4,164,443	(2,901,151)	8,458,100	4,155,668	1,856,830	1.41
2013	2,410,693	5,546,634	5,875,927	(4,007,791)	9,825,463	4,905,134	2,202,143	1.38
2014	2,622,637	4,981,052	5,989,281	(5,100,009)	8,492,961	4,667,229	1,949,249	1.28
2015	2,822,655	5,277,288	6,166,141	(5,273,139)	8,992,945	3,239,045	3,363,662	1.36
2016	2,895,730	5,093,678	6,346,446	(5,673,930)	8,661,924 (1	.) 8,048,712	1,828,120	0.88
2017	2,986,561	4,859,730	6,463,033	(4,803,322)	9,506,002	4,587,862	1,657,092	1.52
2018	2,851,937	5,040,181	6,110,854	(6,134,428)	7,868,544	4,680,590	1,547,390	1.26
2019	3,263,444	5,016,903	6,059,548	(5,590,540)	8,749,355	4,818,252	1,463,285	1.39
2020	2,697,272	4,759,548	6,670,712	(5,921,336)	8,206,196	5,259,282	1,395,776	1.23

Notes: (1) Debt service principal payments include the early payoff of five State Revolving Fund loans.

Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (Amounts Expressed in Thousands) (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2011	8,316 (a)	4,473,432	61,097	6.4%
2012	8,362	4,622,667	62,485	4.5%
2013	8,419	5,174,156	69,334	3.8%
2014	8,425	4,941,002	65,087	3.2%
2015	8,439	5,477,252	71,606	3.3%
2016	8,546	5,660,751	73,513	3.2%
2017	8,775	6,160,642	79,694	3.4%
2018	8,235	6,417,335	83,328	2.6%
2019	8,593	6,911,436	92,119	1.8%
2020	9,097	7,516,454	101,262	3.8%

#### Sources:

- (1) Office of Economic and Demographic Research, FL Legislature.
- (2) United States Census Bureau for all of Monroe County and Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of FL.
- (3) Florida Department of Labor, Agency for Workforce Innovation. Rates are for the entire County of Monroe.
- (c) Data obtained from 2010 Federal census.

Note: When Marathon-specific data has not been available, Monroe County percentage projections were applied to Marathon's actual population figures from prior years.

		2020	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Monroe County	193	1	N/A
Monroe County School Board	151	2	N/A
Home Depot USA	150	3	N/A
Walgreens Co.	113	4	N/A
City of Marathon	102	5	N/A
Publix Supermarkets	99	6	N/A
Winn Dixie	93	7	N/A
K-Mart Corporation	44	8	N/A
Florida Keys Aquarium	33	9	N/A
West Marine	28	10	N/A
		2011	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment

Employer	Employees	Rank	Total City Employment
Monroe County	193	1	N/A
Monroe County School Board	151	2	N/A
Home Depot USA	150	3	N/A
Winn Dixie Supermarkets	93	4	N/A
Publix Supermarkets	90	5	N/A
Walgreens Co.	88	6	N/A
K-Mart Corporation	77	7	N/A
City of Marathon	56	8	N/A
Fishermen's Hospital	50	9	N/A
Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority	45	10	N/A

95

City of Marathon, Florida Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

2019 2020	9 9	15 21	37 39	8	105 102
2018	8 7	16	36	8	102
2017	8 6	31 16	34	8	97
2016	∞ ¢	14	35	9	91
2015	8 %	13	27	5	81
2014	9	13	19	9	70
2013	4 4	11	17	9	63
2012	4 66	10	13	9	26
2011	4 66	10	13	9	99
Employees	General Government	Community Development	Community Services	Marina	Total number of employees

Source: City of Marathon Finance Department

City of Marathon, Florida Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Public safety: Police:										
Police personnel and officers	15	14	14	20	27	27	31	31	32	32
Police calls for service	43,898	37,974	40,026	37,028	45,057	45,769	35,822	37,262	50,646	49,186
Fire/EMS:										
Fire personnel	23	23	23	26	27	27	27	27	27	34
Fire / emergency calls answered	441	436	530	619	704	655	624	501	490	547
Emergency medical services calls	1,321	1,329	1,662	1,806	1,655	1,947	1,590	1,286	1,324	1,045
Community development:										
Building permits issued	2,238	3,204	3,863	3,019	3,241	3,654	2,819	6,252	4,184	3,435
Commercial fire occupancy inspections	452	454	538	533	551	715	731	1,097	1,379	878
Community services: Transportation:										
ransportation. Public right of way maintenance (miles)	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63
Culture and recreation:										
Registrations for camp	109	104	52	147	184	339	126	326	247	
Registrations for athletic programs	1,345	1,268	1,222	1,539	2,392	3,354	3,758	3,380	526	150
Registrations for cultural programs	25,720	26,350	26,649	28,948	36,043	40,606	51,296	37,548	28,402	∞
Registrations for private events in public park areas	195	238	234	449	436	438	402	295	273	09
Marina:										
Mooring balls	226	226	226	226	226	226	226	226	226	226
Boat Slips	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13

N/A = not available

Sources: Various City Departments, Monroe County Sheriff's Office

Note: Police services are provided under contract with the Monroe County Sheriff's Department.

Note: Water utility services are provided by Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority.

Note: Business permits and occupational licenses are issued and regulated by Monroe County.

Note: Solid waste services are provided by an outside contractor through Monroe County.

City of Marathon, Florida Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

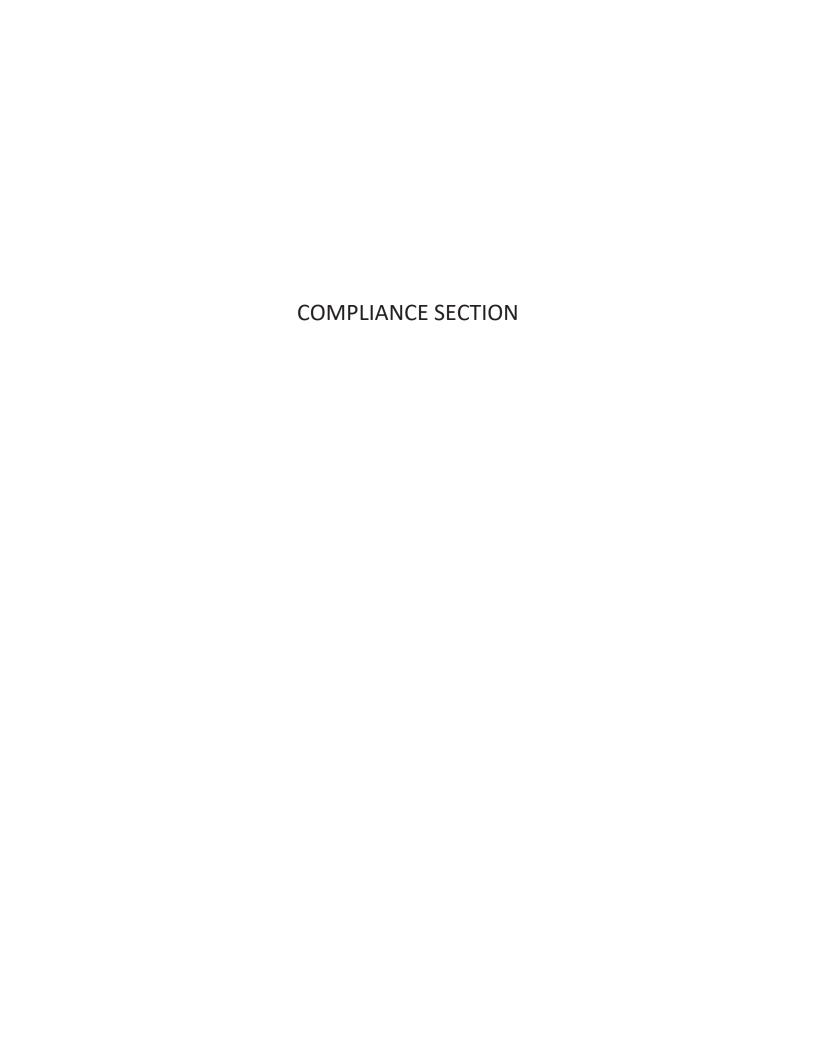
Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General government: Number of general government buildings	•	r		T		r	П	П	1	1
Public safety: Police: Police stations Fire:	, ,	. 2	. 2	. 2	. 2	. 7	. 2	. 2	. 2	. 2
<b>Transportation:</b> Miles of streets Number of street lights Number of traffic signals	66 188 8	66 188 8	66 188 8	63 188 8	63 188 8	63 188 8	63 188 8	63 188 8	63 188 8	63 188 8
Culture and recreation:  Amphitheater Parks Parks Parks acreage Beaches Community center Picnic pavilions In-line hockey rink Soccer fields Skate park Basketball courts Tennis courts Baseball/softball fields	1 4 4 5	1 4 4 5 1 1 1 8 8 1 1 1 8 8 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 4 4	1 4 4	1447 ' 21 21 44 2	1 4 4 5 ,	1 4 4 5 ,	1 4 4 2 ' 2 4 4 4 5	1 4 4 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	1 4 4 5 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Fire hydrants - City of Marathon Solid waste: Collection trucks	154	154	170	181	181	181	200	200	233	258

Sources: Various City Departments

Note: The City of Marathon does not own any police buildings. Police services are contracted from Monroe County.

Note: The City of Marathon's water utility is operated by the independent Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority.

Note: The City of Marathon does not own any solid waste collection trucks. Solid waste services are contracted to a private company.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marathon, Florida Marathon, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marathon, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2021.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.





#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keefe McCullough

**KEEFE McCULLOUGH** 

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 31, 2021



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marathon, Florida Marathon, Florida

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited City of Marathon, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.



BEST PLACES TO WORK

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project**

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charge with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weakness may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

**KEEFE McCULLOUGH** 

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 31, 2021



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO CITY MANAGEMENT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marathon, Florida Marathon, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Marathon, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2021.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General.* 

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 31, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

#### Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City of Marathon, Florida was established in 1999 under the provision of Chapter 99-427 of the laws of the State of Florida. The City does not have any component units.



SOUTH FLORIDA RUSINESS TOURNAL

#### **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Council Members and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 31, 2021



### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marathon, Florida Marathon, Florida

We have examined City of Marathon, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with the specific requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specific requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Council members, management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 31, 2021



BEST PLACES TO WORK

City of Marathon, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Transfers to Subrecipients		1 1	1	ı
Expenditures	1,245,000	10,044,091 1,401,237 11,445,328	41,421	1,307,351
Contract/Grant Number		Z0031 ** Z0031 97.036 Total	MV361	G1212
CFDA Number	12.113	* 97.036 * 97.036	15.616	20.205
Federal Agency/ Pass-through Entity/ Federal Program	Federal Programs:  Direct Programs: United States Department of the Army State Memorandum of Agreement Program for the Reimbursement of Technical Services	Indirect Programs: U.S. Department of Homeland Security - Passed through the Florida Department of Emergency Management: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	U.S. Department of Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service - Passed through Florida Department of Environmental Protection: Clean Vessel Act Program	U.S. Department of Transportation - Passed through Florida Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction

See notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

City of Marathon, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Transfers to Subrecipients	1	1	-
Expenditures	456,736	42,724	\$ 14,538,560 \$
Contract/Grant Number	NR184209XXXXC027	•	
CFDA	10.923	93.498	
Federal Agency/ Pass-through Entity/ Federal Program	U.S. Department of Agriculture - Passed through Monroe County: National Resources Conservation Service Grant	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Passed through Monroe County: Provider Relief Fund	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes a major program

See notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Denotes expenditure from fiscal year 2017 and 2018

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the City of Marathon, Florida (the "City"). The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

#### **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments as well as other applicable provisions of contracts and grant agreements, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursements, as applicable.

#### Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The City did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **Note 4 - Contingency**

The grant and contract revenue received is subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditures or expenses are disallowed by the grantor agencies as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor/contract agencies would become a liability of the City. In the opinion of management, all grant and contract expenditures are in compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal/state laws and other applicable regulations.

#### **Note 5 - Prior Year Expenditures**

The Schedule includes contracts/grants from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security in the amount of \$ 10,044,091 that represent expenditures from the 2017 and 2018 fiscal years.

#### **SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

Financial Stateme	<u>nts</u>		
Type of auditor's i	eport issued:	Unmodified Op	pinion
Internal control o	ver financial reporting:		
Material weak	ness(es) identified?	yes	Xno
Significant defi	ciency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported
Noncompliance	e material to financial statements noted?	yes	Xno
Federal Awards			
Internal control o	ver major federal programs:		
Material weak	ness(es) identified?	yes	Xno
Significant defi	ciency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported
Type of auditor's major federal pro	eport issued on compliance for grams:	Unmodified Op	oinion
-	ngs disclosed that are required in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	Xno
Identification of m	najor federal programs:		
CFDA No.	Federal Program or Cluster		
97.036	Disaster Grants - Public Assistance		
20.205	Highway Planning and Construction		
Dollar threshold u and Type B progr	sed to distinguish between Type A ams:	\$ 750,000	
Auditee qualified	as low-risk auditee?	Xyes	no
SECTION II - FINA	NCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS		
None Reported.			
SECTION III - FEDE	RAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED	COSTS	
None Reported.			
SECTION IV - PRIC	R YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS		
None Reported.			