Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

September 30, 2020

MAYOR Marshall Roddy

PRESIDENT Eva Jo Callahan

VICE PRESIDENT Frank Ciotti

COUNCIL MEMBERS Mark Naworensky

Suzanne Sindledecker

Melinda Jones

FINANCIAL SECTION



Richard C. Powell, Jr., CPA Marian Jones Powell, CPA 1359 S.W. Main Blvd. Lake City, Florida 32025 386 / 755-4200 Fax: 386 / 719-5504

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor
And Members of the Town Council
Town of McIntosh, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Town of McIntosh, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of McIntosh, Florida's basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Town of McIntosh, Florida as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 8–11 and 33-37 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of McIntosh, Florida's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 4, 2021, on our consideration of the Town of McIntosh's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Town of McIntosh's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

POWELL & JONES

Certified Public Accountants

Powel & Joxes

January 4, 2021

TOWN OF MCINTOSH, FLORIDA Management's Discussion and Analysis

This discussion and analysis is intended to be an easily readable analysis of the Town of McIntosh (Town) financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. This analysis focuses on current year activities and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that follow.

Report Layout

The Town has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. This statement requires governmental entities to report finances in accordance with specific guidelines. Among those guidelines are the components of this section dealing with management's discussion and analysis. Besides this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the report consists of government-wide statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and supplementary information. The first several statements are highly condensed and present a government-wide view of the Town's finances. Within this view, all Town operations are categorized and reported as governmental activities. Governmental activities include basic services such as fire control, public works, parks and recreation, human services, community development and general governmental administration. These government-wide statements are designed to be more corporate-like in that all activities are consolidated into a total for the Town.

Basic Financial Statements

- The Statement of Net Position focuses on resources available for future operations. In simple terms, this statement presents a snap-shot view of the assets the Town owns, the liabilities it owes and the net difference. The net difference is further separated into amounts restricted for specific purposes and unrestricted amounts. Governmental activities reflect capital assets including infrastructure and long-term liabilities. Also, governmental activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.
- The Statement of Activities focuses gross and net costs of the Town's programs and the
 extent to which such programs rely upon general tax and other revenues. This statement
 summarizes and simplifies the user's analysis to determine the extent to which programs are
 self-supporting and/or subsidized by general revenues.
- Fund financial statements focus on governmental funds. Governmental fund statements
 follow the more traditional presentation of financial statements. The Town has one major
 governmental fund which is presented in a separate column. A budgetary comparison is
 presented for the governmental fund.
- The notes to the financial statements provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information to assist the reader in understanding the Town's financial condition.

The MD&A is intended to explain the significant changes in financial position and differences in operation between the current and prior years.

Town as a Whole

Government-wide Financial Statements

A condensed version of the Statement of Net Position follows:

Net Position at September 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governmental Activities			
	2020	2019		
ASSETS	_			
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1 ,552,250	\$ 1,445,291		
Other assets	12,010	11,230		
Capital assets	477,984	436,034		
Total assets	2,042,244	1,892,555		
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities	15,596	15,630		
Total liabilities	15,596	15,630		
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets	477,984	436,034		
Unrestricted	1,153,643	1,070,289		
Restricted for streets	395,022	370,602		
Total net position	\$ 2,026,649	\$ 1,876,925		

23% of the Town's net position reflect its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment). The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The Town also has accumulated net assets of \$395,002 which are restricted for streets or other transportation purposes.

The balance of unrestricted net assets \$1,153,643 may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position. The increase during the year through Governmental Activities net position is due primarily to decreased debt.

The Town's net position increased \$149,724 over the year.

A condensed version of the Statement of Activities follows:

Change in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governmental Activities			
	2020	2019		
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 109,802	\$ 115,571		
Grants and contributions	818	19,361		
General revenues				
Taxes	254,638	246,727		
State shared revenues	51,178	55,502		
Interest	12,619	7,668		
Other miscellaneous revenue	26,146	25,565		
Gain on sale of commecial building		31,382		
	455,202	501,777		
Expenses				
General government	93,262	98,176		
Public safety	20,867	14,233		
Physical environment	96,491	134,305		
Transportation	84,839	74,035		
Culture/recreation	10,018	10,607		
Total expenses	305,477	331,355		
Increase in net position	149,724	170,421		
Beginning net position	1,876,925	1,706,504		
Ending net position	\$ 2,026,649	\$ 1,876,925		

Governmental activities:

Taxes provide 56% of the revenues for Governmental Activities, while most of the Governmental Activities resources are spent for General Government (31%), Physical Environment (32%), and Transportation (28%).

Budgetary Highlights

The Town operated within its budgetary limits during the current year. The increase in net position of \$149,724 was primarily attributable to budgetary management during the year.

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2020, the Town had \$477,984 invested in capital assets, including the water system, park and recreation facilities, buildings, and streets.

Capital Assets at September 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governmental Activities			
	2020	2019		
Land	\$ 235,223	\$ 235,223		
Buildings and improvements	467,334	467,334		
Water plant	559,706	559,706		
Equipment	266,202	259,401		
Street paving	99,849	38,415		
Subtotal	1,628,314	1,560,079		
Accumulated depreciation	(1,150,330)	(1,124,045)		
Capital assets, net	\$ 477,984	\$ 436,034		

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Economic Factors and Rates

• The estimated population for the Town in 2020 was 477 and is estimated to be approximately the same in 2021.

Financial Contact

The Town's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, other interested parties, and creditors) with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability.

If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the Town Manager/Clerk at P.O. Box 165, McIntosh, Florida 32664 or TownofMcIntosh@windstream.net.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF MCINTOSH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities		
ACCETC			
ASSETS			
Current assets		4 000	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,026,796	
Accounts receivable		12,010	
Investments		525,454	
Total current assets		1,564,260	
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets, net			
Not being depreciated		235,222	
Being depreciated		242,762	
Total noncurrent assets		477,984	
Total assets	\$	2,042,244	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accrued liabilities		1,576	
Deposits		14,020	
Total liabilities		15,596	
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets		477,984	
Unrestricted		1,153,643	
Restricted for streets		395,022	
Total net position	\$	2,026,649	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

			Program Revenues Charges		F	t (Expenses) Revenues, nd Changes
	E	xpenses		for Services		Net Assets
Functions/Programs						
Governmental activities						
General government	\$	93,262	\$	-	\$	(93,262)
Public safety		20,867		-		(20,867)
Physical environment		96,491		109,802		13,311
Transportation		84,839		-		(84,839)
Culture/recreation		10,018				(10,018)
	\$	305,477	\$	109,802		(195,675)
		revenues				40.040
		perty taxes				42,613
		s taxes				99,275
		ty services taxes				75,748
	_	nchise taxes				37,002
		nses and permits				476
		e shared revenue	es .			51,178
		t and royalties				16,920
	Inte					12,619
		cellaneous				9,568
	_	eneral revenues				345,399
	_	s in net position				149,724
	-	ition - beginning				1,876,925
	Net pos	ition - ending			\$	2,026,649

TOWN OF MCINTOSH, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2020

ASSETS		Total rnmental Funds eneral Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,026,796
Accounts receivable	*	12,010
Investments		525,454
Total assets		1,564,260
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		
Accrued compensated absences		1,576
Deposits		14,020
Total liabilities		15,596
Fund balance		
Unassigned		1,153,643
Restricted for streets		395,022
Total fund balance		1,548,665
Amounto von outod for governmental		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets		
is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
		477.004
and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		477,984
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	2,026,649

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Governmental Funds General Fund		
REVENUES		_	
Taxes	\$	254,638	
Licenses and permits		476	
Intergovernmental		51,178	
Charges for services		109,802	
Rents and royalties		16,920	
Interest		12,619	
Miscellaneous		9,568	
Total revenues		455,202	
EXPENDITURES			
Current expenditures			
General government		82,127	
Public safety		20,867	
Physical environment		96,491	
Transportation		77,926	
Culture/recreation		1,781	
Capital outlay			
Physical environment		68,235	
Total expenditures		347,428	
Net change in fund balance		107,774	
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,440,891	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,548,665	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Net change in fund balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1	07,774
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement		
of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those		
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as		
depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for capital assets 68,235		
Less current year depreciation (26,285)		41,950
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1	49,724

TOWN OF MCINTOSH, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of McIntosh (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

In June, 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement 34-Basic Financial Statement and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. As provided by GASB 34, the Town has elected not to report retroactive infrastructure improvements in its financial statements due to the fact that its annual revenues are less than ten million. The Town has implemented all other applicable provisions of this Statement.

A. Reporting Entity - The Town of McIntosh, Florida is a municipal, political subdivision of the State of Florida, created and organized under Chapter 6732 *Laws of Florida*. Accordingly, it is controlled by the Florida Constitution and various Florida Statutes as well as its own local charter, ordinances and policies. It is governed by an elected Mayor and Town Council.

In evaluating how to define the Town, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, management determined that no component units existed which should be included within the reporting entity.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - The basic financial statements of the Town are comprised of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include a separate column for the governmental activities of the Town. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The primary government is reported separately from any legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 33 – "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. As applicable, the Town also chooses to eliminate the indirect costs between governmental activities to avoid the "doubling up" effect.

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the Town is organized and operated on the basis of a single fund. The operations of this fund is accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the Town's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about the major fund.

Governmental Funds - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be

available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Franchise fees, licenses, sales taxes, gas taxes, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the Town.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenue and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Any non-current portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus.

Non-current portions of other long-term receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts. Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as another financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

C. Basis of Accounting - GASB Statement 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures, expenses of either fund category and the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The Town has used GASB 34 minimum criteria for major fund determination. The Town has only one major fund.

1. Governmental Major Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. For the year ended September 30, 2020, the Town utilized the General Fund to record all of its financial transactions.

2. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities:

GASB Statement 34 requires non-current governmental assets, such as land and building, and noncurrent governmental liabilities, such as general obligation bonds and capital leases, be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Investments – Cash deposits are held by a bank qualified as a public depository under Florida law. All deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance and collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

Investments consist of amounts placed with the State Board of Administration for participation in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund and the Fund B. Surplus Funds Trust Fund investment pools created by Sections 218.405 and 218.417, *Florida Statutes*, and those made locally. On December 4, 2007, the State Board of Administration restructured the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Pool) to also establish the Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund. The State Board of Administration has distributed the original principal balances in full to each Fund B participant as of September 30, 2020, and the Town held no investment in Fund B as of that date. The local investments operate under the guidelines established by Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*. The Town's investments in the Pool, which the State Board of Administration indicates is a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, as of September 30, 2020, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. These investments are reported at fair value, which is amortized cost.

Investments made locally consist of certificates of deposit and are reported at fair value. Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year end are described in a subsequent note on investments.

- 2. Inventories The costs of governmental fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. The actual amounts of any inventory type goods on hand at year end would not be material.
- 3. Fund Equity As applicable in fiscal periods, reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. At September 30, 2020, the Town had restricted fund balances of \$395,022, which was restricted for transportation expenditures.
- 4. Encumbrances Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not utilized by the Town.
- 5. Capital Assets Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, right-of-ways, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$500 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Except for roads and bridges constructed prior to October 1, 1981, assets are recorded as historical costs. Roads and bridges constructed prior to October 1, 1981 are generally not reported. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donations.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

- 6. Capitalization of Interest Interest related to borrowings are capitalized during the construction period. These costs are netted against applicable interest earnings on construction fund investments. During the current period, the Town did not have any capitalized interest.
- 7. **Deferred Revenues** Deferred revenues reported in government-wide financial statements represent unearned revenues. The deferred revenues will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. During the current period, the Town did not have any deferred revenues.

8. Accrued Compensated Absences - Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid vacation and sick leave. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. The non-current portion is the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years. Both the current and non-current estimated accrued compensated absences amount for governmental funds are maintained separately and would represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentation. At September 30, 2020, the Town had a liability for compensated absences of \$422.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

"Total fund balance" of the Town's governmental fund \$1,548,665 differs from "net position" of governmental activities \$2,026,649 reported in the statement of net position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds balance sheet.

Capital related items

When capital assets (property, plant, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of these assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position included those capital assets among the assets of the Town as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$:	1,628,314
Accumulated depreciation	(:	1,150,330)
Total	\$	477,984

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets

	Go	Total overnmental Funds		Capital Related Items	Statement of let Position
ASSETS			•		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,424,978	\$	-	\$ 1,424,978
Accounts receivable		12,010		-	12,010
Investments		127,273		-	127,273
Capital assets - net		-		477,984	477,984
Total assets	\$	1,564,260	\$	477,984	\$ 2,042,245
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Accrued liabilities		1,576		-	1,576
Deposits		14,020		-	14,020
Total liabilities		15,596		-	15,596
Fund equity/net position		1,548,665		477,984	 2,026,649
Total liabilities and fund equity/net position	\$	1,564,260	\$	477,984	\$ 2,042,245

B. Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances for the governmental fund \$107,774 differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities \$149,724 reported in the statement of activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decreases by the amount of depreciation expense charges for the year.

Capital outlay	\$ 68,235
Depreciation expense	(26,285)
	\$ 41,950

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B.Explanation of Differences Between Government Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

	Total Governmental Funds		Capital Related Items		Statement of Activities	
REVENUES			 			
Taxes	\$	254,638	\$ -	\$	254,638	
Licenses and permits		476	-		476	
Intergovernmental		51,178	-		51,178	
Charges for services		109,802	-		109,802	
Rents and royalties		16,920	 -		16,920	
Total revenues		433,014	 <u>-</u>		433,014	
EXPENDITURES Current expenditures						
General government		82,127	11,135		93,262	
Public safety		20,867	-		20,867	
Physical environment		96,491	-		96,491	
Transportation		77,926	6,913		84,839	
Culture/recreation		1,781	8,237		10,018	
Capital outlay						
Physical environment		68,235	 (68,235)			
Total expenditures		347,428	(41,950)		305,477	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			 		_	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		85,586	41,950		127,537	
Non-operating revenues						
Miscellaneous		9,568	-		9,568	
Interest		12,619	 <u>-</u>		12,619	
Total Non-operating reveneus		22,188	 <u>-</u>		22,188	
Net change in fund balance		107,774	41,950		149,724	
Fund balance - beginning of year		1,440,891	 436,034		1,876,925	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	1,548,665	\$ 477,984	\$	2,026,649	

NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE-BUDGETS

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 1, the Town Council develops a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted by the Town Council through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Any revision that alters the total expenditures of any fund or transfers budgeted amounts between departments within any fund must be approved by the Town Council.
- 5. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Town Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

1. Deposits

At September 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the Town's bank deposits was \$1,026,796. All deposits with financial institutions were 100% insured by federal depository insurance or by collateral provided by qualified public depositories to the State Treasurer pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida. The Act established a Trust Fund, maintained by the State Treasurer, which is a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a member fails.

2. Investments

As of September 30, 2020, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	Maturities	Fai	r Value
State Board of Administration Local Government			
Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool (Florida PRIME)	48 days	\$	23,866
Florida Fixed Investment Trust (FL-FIT)	Daily		398,182
Certificates of Deposit	2020		103,407
Total Investments		\$	525,454

A. The Town's investment in Florida PRIME is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA). Florida PRIME is an external investment pool that is not a registrant with the SEC; however, the SBA has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a SEC Rule 2a-7 fund. Florida PRIME is governed by Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code, which identifies the Rules of the SBA. These rules provide guidance and establish the general operating of Florida PRIME. Additionally, the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General performs the operational audit of the activities and investments of the SBA. Throughout the year and as of

September 30, 2020, Florida PRIME contained certain floating rate and adjustable rate securities that we indexed based on the prime rate and/or on-and three-month LIBOR. These floating rate and adjustable rate securities are used to hedge against interest risk and provide diversification to the portfolio. Exposure to a single issuer is limited to 5% of the portfolio's amortized cost. Investments in Florida PRIME are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The current rating for the Florida PRIME is AAA by Standard and Poors. The weighted average of days to maturity of the Florida PRIME at September 30, 2020 is 48 days. The fair value of the Town's position in the pool approximates the value of the pool shares. At September 30, 2020 the value of the pool shares. At September 30, 2020, the Town had \$23,866 invested in Florida PRIME Florida Prime's most recent financial statements can be found at:

https://www.sbafla.com/prime/Audits/tabid/582Default.aspx.

Fair Value Measurements

In February 2015, GASB issued GASB Statement No. 72. GASB 72 applicability related to the application of fair value is limited to assets and liabilities that are currently measured at fair value and certain investments that are not currently measured at fair value.

Florida PRIME currently meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost. Therefore, the participant account balance is considered the fair value of the investment. Florida PRIME Investment is exempt from the GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures.

As of September 30, 2020, the Town's investment in the Florida PRIME investment pool is rated AAA by Standard and Poors.

Investment Objective

The primary investment objective for Florida PRIME, in priority order, are safety, liquidity, and competitive returns with minimization of risks. Investment performance of Florida PRIME will be evaluated on a monthly basis against the Standard and Poors U.S. AAA & AA Rated GIPP All 30 Day Net Yield Index. While there is no assurance that Florida PRIME will achieve its investment objectives, it endeavors to do so by following the investment strategies described in this Policy.

Interest Rate Risk

The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2020, is 33 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating rate securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2020, is 85 days.

Foreign Currency Risk

Florida PRIME was not exposed to any foreign currency risk during the period from October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

Securities Lending

Florida PRIME did not participate in a securities lending program in the period October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Florida PRIME currently meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost; therefore, participant account balances should be also reported at amortized cost. The Town's investments in Certificates of Deposit are in a qualified public depository.

Custodial Credit Risk

- ➤ Section 218.415(18), Florida Statutes, requires the Town to earmark all investments and 1) if registered with the issuer or its agents, the investment must be immediately placed for safekeeping in a location that protects the governing body's interest in the security; 2) if in book entry form, the investment must be held for the credit of the governing body by a depository chartered by the Federal Government, the State, or any other state or territory of the United States which has a branch or principal place of business in this State, or by a national association organized and existing under the laws of the United States which is authorized to accept and execute trusts and which is doing business in this State, and must be kept by the depository in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution; or 3) if physically issued to the holder but not registered with the issuer or its agents, must be immediately placed for safekeeping in a secured vault. All Town investments complied with this provision of law.
- B. The Town's investment in Florida Fixed Income Trust (FIT) are administered by the Board of Trustees of U.S. Fixed Income Trust. Each investment pool is established and created by inter-local agreement in accordance with the requirements of Florida Statute 163.01, and the Trust Agreement. In addition, each FL-FIT Pool is designed to qualify as an "authorized investment" under Florida Statute 218.415(16). Each FL-FIT Pool as defined in the Trust Agreement; U.S. Bank National Association serves as the Custodian; U.S. Bank Global Fund services serves as the Administrator. The fair value of the Towns position in the Pool approximates the value of the Pool shares.

The FL-FIT Select Cash Pool offers a duration strategy different than the Cash Pool or the Enhanced Cash Pool. This pool is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings and offers diversification through multiple asset classes. The Select Cash Pool is designed to minimize volatility while providing next day liquidity, interest income, and preservation of principal. This portfolio provides an efficient approach for local governments that want to utilize a longer-term strategy without developing a separately managed account. As of September 30, 2020, the Town had \$398,182 invested in Florida FIT.

Interest Rate Risks

The prices of the fixed-income securities in the which the pools will invest rise and fall in response to changes in the interest rates paid by similar securities. The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) for the FL-FIT SC Pool is 1.46 years.

Fair Value Measurements

FL-FIT investments in each of the pools within the Trust are measured and reported at fair market value using the guidelines established by GAAP.

Credit Quality

As of June 30, 2020, the Trust's pools were rated by Fitch Ratings. The FL-FIT Select Cash Pool ("FL-FIT SC") is currently rated AAAf/S1.

NOTE 5. PROPERTY TAX REVENUES

Taxable values for all property are established as of January 1, which is the date of lien, for the fiscal year starting October 1. Property tax revenues recognized for the 2019-2020 fiscal year were levied in October 2018. All taxes are due and payable on November 1 or as soon as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the Tax Collector. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in November, 3% in December, 2% in January and 1% in February. Taxes paid in March are without discount. All unpaid taxes become delinquent as of April 1. Virtually all unpaid taxes are collected via the sale of tax certificates on or prior to June 1; therefore, there were no material taxes receivable at fiscal year end.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental Activities:	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets:	_			
Not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 235,223	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 235,223
Being depreciated:				
Water plant	559,706	-	-	559,706
Buildings and improvements	467,334	-	-	467,334
Street paving	38,415	61,434	-	99,849
Equipment and vehicles	259,401	6,801	-	266,202
Total capital assets	1,560,079	68,235	-	1,628,314
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,124,045)	(26,285)	-	(1,150,330)
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 436,034	\$ 41,950	\$ -	\$ 477,984

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town, as follows:

	\$ 26,285
Culture and recreation	11,135
Highways and streets	6,913
General government	\$ 8,237
Governmental activities:	

NOTE 7. RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2020, were as follows:

		Due Ironi	
		Other	
	Accounts	Governmental	Total
Government activities:	Receivable	Units	Receivables
General	\$ 5,039	\$ 6,971	\$ 12,010

Dug from

Based on upon historical data, all receivables are deemed to be fully collectable.

Payables

Payables at September 30, 2020, were as follows:

			(Other		
			Α	ccrued		Total
Government activities:	Ven	dors	Payable		Pa	ayables
General	\$		\$	1,576	\$	1,576

NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLAN

The Town has adopted a tax sheltered retirement plan. This plan is a qualified defined contribution plan under Section 401(A) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Town makes contributions for eligible employees at 5.75% of earnings. Eligibility extends to all full-time employees. Current contributions for the year ended September 30, 2020, were \$3,664.

Since this is a defined contribution plan, there is no unfunded liability, normal cost, past or prior service cost, nor any current effects on pension costs under ERISA. None of the benefits exceed the total value of the pension fund since this is a defined contribution type plan. The plan is administered by the Town through a contractual agreement with a servicing company.

NOTE 9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization made the assessment that the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) was characterized as a pandemic. As a result, uncertainties have arisen that may have a significant negative impact on the operating activities and results of the Town. The occurrence and extent of such an impact will depend on future developments, including (i) the duration and spread of the virus, (ii) government quarantine measures, (iii) voluntary and precautionary restrictions on ravel or meetings, (iv)the effects on the financial markets, and (v) the effects on the economy overall, all of which are uncertain.

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; and injury or death on the job of all employees. These risks are primarily covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial or workers' compensation insurance coverage for the past three years. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

NOTE 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the Town has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through January 4, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 12. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the Town classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

<u>Restricted</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under current practices, the assignment of amounts for specific purposes is approved by the Town Council.

<u>Unassigned</u> – All other spendable amounts.

At September 30, 2020, fund balances are composed of the following:

Restricted-streets	\$ 395,022
Unassigned	1,153,643
	\$ 1,548,665

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	Original and	Actual	Positive	
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 42,000	\$ 42,613	\$ 613	
Sales and use taxes				
Local option gas tax	-	37,393	37,393	
Florida gas tax	21,000	61,881	40,881	
Utility service taxes				
Electricity	33,000	40,066	7,066	
Water	6,500	6,789	289	
Propane	1,500	955	(545)	
Franchise taxes				
Electricity	28,000	37,002	9,002	
Communications service tax	17,000	27,938	10,938	
Total taxes	149,000	254,638	105,638	
Licenses and permits	150	476	326	
Intergovernmental				
State shared revenues				
State revenue sharing	16,500	17,391	891	
Half-cent sales tax	50,000	33,788	(16,212)	
Total intergovernmental	66,500	51,178	(15,322)	
Charges for services				
Physical environment				
Water supply system	71,000	66,928	(4,072)	
Garbage and solid waste	43,800	42,874	(926)	
Transportation				
Total charges for services	114,800_	109,802	(4,998)	
Miscellaneous				
Interest	3,000	12,619	9,619	
Rents	17,022	16,920	(102)	
Other	=	9,568	9,568	
Total miscellaneous	20,022	39,108	19,086	
Total revenues	350,472	455,202	104,730	

(continued)

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES			
General government			
Other general government			
Personnel services			
Salaries	\$ 14,821	\$ 13,686	\$ 1,135
FICA	1,134	5,907	(4,773)
Retirement	-	856	(856)
Insurance	6,800	8,971	(2,171)
Total personnel services	22,755	29,421	(6,666)
Operating expenses			
Professional services	14,000	16,627	(2,627)
Election expense	2,800	1,967	833
Communications	-	2,123	(2,123)
Utilities	6,400	3,164	3,237
Insurance	4,100	18,739	(14,639)
Repairs and maintenance	1,200	1,352	(152)
Legal advertising	960	-	960
Municipal codification	500	-	500
Pest control	6,000	214	5,786
Vehicle expense	2,000	-	2,000
Professional development	2,000	99	1,901
Other current charges			
and obligations	960	1,087	(127)
Taxes	13,500	1,406	12,094
Office supplies	5,000	5,929	(929)
Reserves	26,306	-	26,306
Total operating expenses	85,726	52,706	33,020
Total general government	108,481	82,127	26,354
Public safety			
Fire control			
Operating expenses			
Fire rescue services	-	20,867	(20,867)
Total operating expenses	-	20,867	(20,867)
Total public safety	-	20,867	(20,867)

(continued)

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original and	Actual	Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
	Filiai	Amounts	(Negative)
Physical environment			
Water system			
Personnel services			
Salaries	23,500	29,498	(5,998)
FICA	1,800	-	1,800
Retirement	-	1,720	(1,720)
Insurance	7,000		7,000
Total personnel services	32,300	31,218	1,082
Operating expenses			
Utilities	9,000	6,257	2,743
Insurance	6,800	8,952	(2,152)
Repairs and maintenance	27,000	5,170	21,831
Supplies	-	50	(50)
Miscellaneous	900	202	698
Total operating expenses	43,700	20,631	23,069
Capital outlay			<u> </u>
Garbage/solid waste services			
Operating expenses			
Contractual services	45,000	44,642	358
Total physical environment	121,000	96,491	24,509
Transportation			
Roads and streets			
Personnel services			
Salaries	35,491	32,956	2,535
FICA	2,500	-	2,500
Retirement	-	1,088	(1,088)
Insurance	9,000		9,000
Total personnel services	46,991	34,044	12,947

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted		Variance with
	Amounts		Final Budget
	Original and	Actual	Positive
	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Operating expenses			
Professional fees	-	-	-
Utilities	16,000	14,929	1,071
Insurance	6,800	1,898	4,902
Repairs and maintenance	30,000	10,989	19,011
Supplies	10,000	13,520	(3,520)
Miscellaneous		2,546	(2,546)
Total operating expenses	62,800	43,882	18,918
Total transportation	109,791	77,926	31,865
Culture/recreation			
Parks and recreation			
Operating expenses			
Other current obligations			
and expenses	11,200	1,781	9,419
Total operating expenses	11,200	1,781	9,419
Capital outlay	_	68,235	(68,235)
Total culture/recreation	11,200	70,016	(58,816)
Total culture/ recreation		70,010	(38,810)
Total expenditures	350,472	347,428	3,044
Net change in fund balance	-	107,774	107,774
Fund balance at beginning of year	955,392	1,440,891	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 955,392	\$ 1,548,665	\$ 107,774

TOWN OF MCINTOSH, FLORIDA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

I. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary information. The Town, in establishing its budgetary data reflected in the financial statements follows the procedures set out in Chapters 166 and 200, Florida Statutes. The Town prepares a tentative budget, which is used by the Town at a public workshop to prepare the budgets for the coming year. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Subsequently, these budgets are legally adopted through the passage of a resolution at an advertised public session. Such actions are recorded in the town's minutes.

The budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Estimated beginning fund balances are considered in the budgetary process, but are not included in the financial statements as budgeted revenues.

The annual budget serves as the legal authorization for expenditures. All budget amendments, which change the legally adopted total appropriation for a fund, are approved by the Town Council.

If during the fiscal year, additional revenue becomes available for appropriations in excess of those estimated in the budget, the Town Council, by resolution, may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of such excess.

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to September 1, the Town Clerk submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted in August and September to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level; however, the Town Council may, by formal motion, transfer appropriations between departments and may use surplus revenues not appropriated in the budget for any municipal purpose.
- 5. Budgets are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental fund types.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

TOWN OF MCINTOSH, FLORIDASCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

ODANITOD (DDOODAM TITLE	CFDA/CSFA	Contract Award	Award		Received in Prior Years		Revenue	Form and discussion
GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	Number	Number	AI	nount	Prior re	ars	Recognized	Expenditures
Federal awards								
Non major programs								
Federal Emergency Management Agency								
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	Z 0109	\$	818	\$	-	\$818	\$818
Total federal financial assistance				\$818	\$		\$818	\$818

See notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

TOWN OF MCINTOSH, FLORIDA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and presentation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards of the Town of McIntosh, Florida (the "Town") have been designed to conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

A. Reporting Entity

This reporting entity consists of the Town of McIntosh, Florida. The Town includes a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards in the compliance Section for the purpose of additional analysis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus.

The accrual basis of accounting is followed in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal awards. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Town Council Town of McIntosh, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the of the Town of McIntosh, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise The Town of McIntosh, Florida's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 4, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered The Town of McIntosh, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Town of McIntosh, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The Town of McIntosh, Florida's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Finding 2019-1 Financial Statement Preparation

A system of internal control over financial reporting includes controls over financial statement preparation, including footnote disclosures. While your auditor can assist with the preparation of your financial statements and related footnotes, the financial statements are the responsibility of management. A deficiency in internal control exists when the government does not have the expertise necessary to prevent, detect, and correct misstatements. A deficiency in internal control exists in instances where the Town of Mcintosh, Florida is not capable of drafting the financial statements and all required footnote disclosures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Possessing suitable skill, knowledge, or experience to oversee services an auditor provides in assisting with financial statement presentation requires a lower level of technical

knowledge than the competence required to prepare the financial statements and disclosures.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE

We agree with this finding. We are a very small government and have used our available resources to employ a competent bookkeeper who maintains excellent accounting records and provides accurate monthly financial reports prepared generally on the cash basis. We likewise have confidence in our audit firm to utilize these records and prepare annual financial statements in the required formats and with all associated note disclosures. Both staff and the Board of Commissioners review the annual financial reports and have the opportunity to ask the auditor any questions regarding the report prior to its formal presentation. The report is formally presented by the auditor at a scheduled meeting of the Board of Commissioners.

At this time, we do not believe it would be a justifiable expense to employ another accountant on either a part-time or full-time basis to prepare the annual financial statements. We thus accept this required disclosure finding and will continue to monitor this situation in the future.

This response was not subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit and thus we express no opinion on it.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The Town of McIntosh, Florida's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

POWELL & JONES

Certified Public Accountants

Powel & Joxes

MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Mayor and Council Members Town of McIntosh, Florida

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Town of McIntosh, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated January 4, 2021.

We have issued our Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards dated January 4, 2021. Disclosures in that report should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that the following be addressed in this letter.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year applicable to the management letter.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

Finding 2020-1 Water Sold vs. Water Pumped

From our audit procedures regarding water sales, we found a large discrepancy between the amount of gallons pumped and gallons sold. The guidelines of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection state that an acceptable amount of water loss is 16%. Based upon our testing we found a computed loss of 63% from gallons pumped and gallons sold for the year.

Upon our notification the Town commissioned the Florida Rural Water Association to investigate this issue. Their findings were that the water meters were substantially inaccurate and in need of being replaced. The Town is currently in the process of replacing the meters.

FINANCIAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

<u>Financial Emergency Status</u> – We determined that the Town of McIntosh, Florida had not met any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, that might result in a financial emergency.

<u>Financial Condition Assessment</u> – As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General*, (Sections 10.554(1)(I)6.c and 10.556(7)), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is

management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

We noted no deteriorating financial conditions as defined by Rule 10.554(2)(f). Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.550.

CONCLUSION

We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with our audit of the Town. We appreciate the courtesy and helpful assistance afforded us by Town employees and officials in completing our audit and also the generally high quality of the Town's financial records and internal controls.

POWELL & JONES

Certified Public Accountants

Poweel & Joxes

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Council Members
Town of McIntosh, Florida

We have examined the Town of McIntosh, Florida's compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the invstment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the Town's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Town and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

POWELL & JONES

Certified Public Accountants

Poweel & Joxes

Communication with Those Charged with Governance

Honorable Mayor and Council Members Town of McIntosh, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of McIntosh, Florida for the year ended September 30, 2020. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Town of McIntosh, Florida are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2020. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There are no sensitive estimates affecting the Town of McIntosh, Florida's financial statements.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. There are no sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. There were no such misstatements identified during our audit.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated January 4, 2021

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Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Town Council and management of the Town of McIntosh, Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

POWELL & JONES

Certified Public Accountants

Powel & Joxes

RESPONSE LETTER GOES HERE