CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



City of Sanibel, Florida

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Prepared by the Finance Department

Steven C. Chaipel, CPA, CPFO Finance Director

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

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June 29, 2021



City of Sanibel

800 Dunlop Road Sanibel, Florida 33957-4096

www.mysanibel.com

AREA CODE - 239

| ADMINISTRATION/LEGISLATIVE | 472-3700 |
|----------------------------|----------|
| CITY COUNCIL | 472-4135 |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | |
| BUILDING | 472-4555 |
| PLANNING | 472-4136 |
| PUBLIC WORKS | 472-6937 |
| UTILITIES | 472-3179 |
| FINANCE | 472-9615 |
| INFORMATION TECHOLOGY | 472-3700 |
| LEGAL | 472-4359 |
| NATURAL RESOURCES | 472-3700 |
| POLICE | 472-3111 |
| EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT | 472-3111 |
| RECREATION | 472-0345 |
| CENTER 4 LIFE | 472-5743 |
| | |

Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and the Citizens of the City of Sanibel City of Sanibel, Florida
Sanibel, Florida

We are pleased to submit this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of Sanibel, Florida (City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The report fulfills the requirements set forth by law, in accordance with the Florida Statutes Section 166.241 and Chapter 10.500 Rules of the Auditor General which requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements each fiscal year presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft or misuse, and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. As the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Florida Statutes require that an annual financial audit be performed by independent certified public accountants. This year, the audit was performed by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The auditors expressed an opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 are fairly stated in conformity with accounting principles in the United States. This is the most favorable conclusion and is commonly known as an "unmodified" or clean opinion. The Independent Auditor's Report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

This annual financial report is used to assist in making economic decisions, as well as assisting citizens and elected officials by:

- Assessing financial conditions and results of operations
- Comparing actual financial results with legally adopted budgets
- Assisting in determining compliance with finance related regulations
- Assisting in evaluating the efficiency and effectiveness of City operations

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF SANIBEL

The City of Sanibel (City) incorporated on November 5, 1974 and is located on a barrier island in the Gulf of Mexico off the coast of southwest Florida in Lee County. The City is connected to the mainland by a three-mile causeway owned and operated by Lee County. The City is part of the Fort Myers-Cape Coral Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), which includes all of Lee County. The general concept of a metropolitan statistical area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration within that nucleus.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority is vested in a governing council consisting of five (5) non-partisan members elected at-large in staggered four (4) year terms. One council member is selected annually from among the five council members to serve as mayor and one is selected among the council to serve as vice-mayor. The City Council is responsible for the governance of the City, including adopting ordinances and resolutions, adopting the annual budget, appointing the planning commission and advisory committees and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for administering policies and ordinances of the City Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and appointing the Directors of the various City departments, the Chief of Police and the City Clerk.

The City provides a full range of municipal services for its citizens. These include public safety (fire protection is provided by an independent taxing district and emergency medical services are provided by Lee County), sewer utility, public works, parks and recreation facilities, code compliance, planning and zoning, and general and administrative services. A franchise contractor provides the City's sanitation services. Library services are provided by a separate independent taxing district, electric service is provided by a cooperative and water service is provided by a non-profit located on the island. Private, not-for-profit organizations also provide additional community services including a below market rate housing program, a historical village and museum and a cultural arts center.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager and these requests serve as the basis for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager, thereafter, proposes a budget to the Council for review. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. The budget is legally enacted through the passage of resolutions. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g. public safety, and department (e.g., police) and budget to actual comparisons are reviewed by City management monthly and the City Council quarterly.

No department may legally expend in excess of amounts appropriated for that department within an individual fund. The City Manager may authorize appropriation transfers within departments of the General fund and within the fund as a whole for all other funds. All other revisions to the adopted budget require approval by the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for the General fund and for each governmental and business-type fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General fund and major funds, this comparison is presented as part of the basic financial statements. For non-major funds, this comparison is presented as part of the combining statements and schedules.

This annual financial report includes all funds of the City of Sanibel and its component unit. The City as the primary government includes Community Housing and Resources, Inc. (CHR) as a component unit. CHR is under contract with the City to administer the City's below market rate housing program. Although the board of CHR is not selected by the City Council, CHR is fiscally dependent upon the City in that there is a financial obligation by the City and the nature and significance of the relationship between the City and CHR is such that excluding CHR from the City's financial statements would be misleading and incomplete.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Sanibel operates.

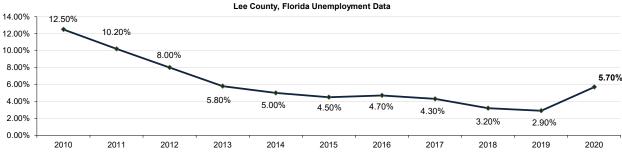
Local economy. The City of Sanibel is a world class visitor destination with a mild winter climate, 15 miles of white sandy beaches that are habitat for numerous endangered and threatened species, over 25 miles of paved shared use paths and numerous eco-tourist opportunities.

Sixty-seven percent of the island's land area is located within the J.N. Ding Darling National Wildlife Refuge; and other designated conservation land brings the City's total land under conservation to 70 percent. The island is a world-renowned location for birding and shelling. Protection of the island's natural environment is the paramount priority of the City and residents as evidenced in the City's vision statement.

The City experienced rapid growth in the 1970's and 1980's; however, since the 2010 census was taken, the number of permanent residents on the island has grown less than 5.0% to an estimated 6,756 residents. During the same time frame, Lee County's estimated population grew 18.8% and Florida increased an estimated 12.8% (Source: University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business Research *Population Studies Program* estimates for 2019). According to 2019 estimates from the United States Census Bureau, 54.2% of the City's residents are over the age of 65, which is significantly higher than Lee County's percentage of 28.6% and Florida's of 20.5%. This information is important when taken in context with the services the City must provide and its initiatives for the future. At the time of publication, final census number from 2020 were not available.

While the City's resident population has become relatively steady over the last several years, tourism and seasonal rentals continue to increase and have become the main economic driver of the local economy. According to the Lee County Visitor and Convention Bureau (VCB), tourism and related functions employ one out of every five people in Lee County. Additionally, according to the VCB, Lee County receives approximately five million visitors a year that generate over \$3 billion dollars in economic impact. The City's beaches are a major destination for many of the tourists that visit Southwest Florida and the VCB aggressively markets the beautiful beaches around the world. While the pandemic had a significant impact on tourism beginning in the spring of 2020, early indicators show that visitors are returning to the area and tourism numbers are expected to continue to improve in near term.

In the past decade Lee County has experienced the extremes of economic prosperity and economic decline. At the height of the economic recession, the County's unemployment level grew to 13.8%. As mentioned previously, tourism and related industries have boosted economic results in the region and as a result, unemployment has continued to drop to a 10-year low of 2.9% in 2019; however, the pandemic had a disproportionate effect on tourism jobs in the area as compared to other industries. The graph below displays the unemployment rate for Lee County during the last ten years. As of the date of this document, unemployment had rebounded slightly to 4.9% as tourism numbers increase and jobs return.

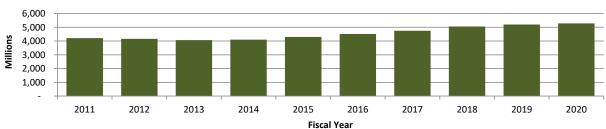


The sole means of vehicular access to Sanibel Island is via a toll causeway owned and operated by Lee County. Total vehicles entering the City over the causeway decreased approximately 9.1% in fiscal year 2020 due to the pandemic. As noted previously, visitation and traffic to the island has increased to typical levels in fiscal year 2021. An interlocal agreement with Lee County provides that the City receives 21% of net surplus toll revenue from Causeway operations. Revenue received is restricted for transportation expenditures and is accounted for in a separate special revenue fund.

Historically, in addition to tourism, real estate has been a major economic component of Southwest Florida, and the City is no exception. Sanibel's property values peaked in calendar year 2007 before beginning to decline as a result of the housing recession in Southwest Florida. In fiscal year 2014, property values began a slow rebound. In fiscal year 2020, the City's values hit an historical high of \$5.3 billion. The ten-year historical values are shown below.

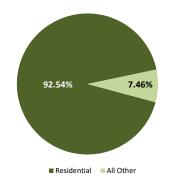
Historical Property Values

FY 2011-2020 Post Value Adjustment Board Results



Taxable Real Property by Category

Fiscal Year 2020



The primary revenue source for the City is the collection of ad valorem property taxes levied based on the City's taxable property. By far the largest portion of property tax revenue is received from residential properties located on the island. Residential properties include single family home, condominiums and multi-family building (such as duplexes). The chart to the left illustrates the significant difference between residential and commercial property.

Long-term financial planning. On September 30, 2020, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) in the General fund comprised 95.9% of the total fund balance. Additionally, unassigned fund balance available to the City was 38.0% of General fund operating expenditures, well above the 17.0% as prescribed by the City's Fund Balance policy. The policy dictates

that if the General fund's unassigned fund balance falls below the acceptable level, the City shall take action necessary to restore the unassigned fund balance to acceptable levels within two years. The City does not anticipate any near-term shortfalls in this area.

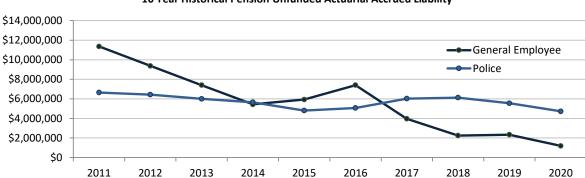
The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic significantly impacted the economy in the spring of 2020. While the City was not immune to the effects, the actions that were taken early in the pandemic resulted in a positive financial position at year end. As mentioned previously, recent economic indicators have shown positive growth, however the extent that future financial performance will be affected by the pandemic is still unknow.

Since the City as a whole receives most of its unrestricted revenue from ad valorem taxes levied on personal and real property, issues that could potentially affect property values are of utmost concern. The long-term effects of issues such as reduction in water quality and tourism have not been determined. Indeed, since property valuations occur only once annually (for purposes of taxable revenue valuation), it could potentially take several years for the full picture to emerge on how environmental issues will affect property owner's decisions to relocate to the island.

The City continues to meet all debt service requirements and is committed to reducing its outstanding debt. In the current year, the City paid all required debt service, including required contributions to the City's two defined benefit pension plans. Two capital bank loans and a capital lease were executed in fiscal year 2020. See note 9 for more information

Pension Plans

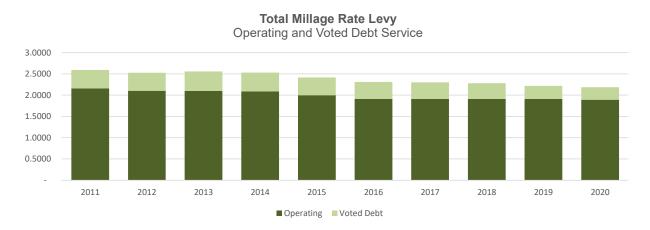
Recognizing the long-term financial impacts of the pension plans, the City has focused efforts in the last several years to reduce the unfunded liability associated with the plans. The funded ratio of the City's General Employee's Pension Plan and its Municipal Police Officers' Pension plans are 97.6% and 88.3%, respectively. The following chart presents a historical perspective of the unfunded liabilities of both plans.



10 Year Historical Pension Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

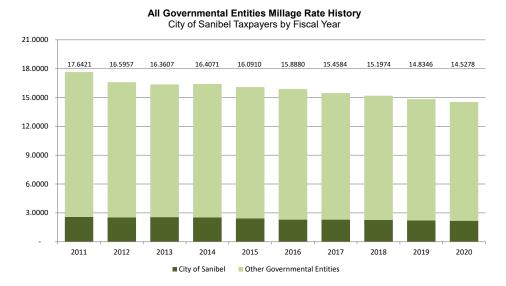
The City's priority is to maintain Sanibel as a world-class, safe, clean, environmentally, and fiscally sound municipality. The City maintains its strong financial position through prudent long-term financial planning and fiscal actions to reduce or contain fixed costs. In the current year, while the City experienced modest increases in taxable property values that hit an historic high, there remains concern how external forces will impact the City's values and future growth. Two items of significant concern are continuing issues surrounding possible changes to flood insurance rates and the impact of water quality on property values.

As property values have increased, the City Council has continued to focus on maintaining an appropriate millage rate to deliver maximum efficiency in service to the citizens of Sanibel, while reducing pressure on the tax burden to property owners. The total tax rate levied by the City (operating and debt service) has decreased from 2.5908 mills in fiscal year 2011 to 2.1855 in fiscal year 2020, a decrease of 15.6%. A ten-year history of the total City millage is presented below.



While the focus of lowering the overall tax burden to its citizens continues to be a priority for the City, challenges such as increased public safety expenditures, disaster preparedness and stagnating or declining revenue streams will need to be addressed in the near future.

Additionally, the City's overall taxing rate is a small portion of the total taxes levied to its citizens as shown in the chart below.



The City Council takes the responsibility of being stewards of the public's funds very seriously. Responsible management of public funds has enabled the City to build general fund reserves at an amount above the minimum established policy levels, leaving our City in a solid financial position.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Budgetary control is established by Section 3.12 of the City Charter, which requires the adoption of an annual budget and Section 3.13, which provides for supplemental amendments to increase, decrease or transfer funds within the annual budget framework. Budgetary control throughout the fiscal year is maintained through monitoring encumbrances of estimated purchase amounts. Encumbrances for goods or services not received by fiscal year-end lapse and must be rebudgeted in the following year.

Downward trends in the state and/or local economy would adversely impact the City's ability to realize its historical levels of revenues. Therefore, quarterly monitoring and conservative budgeting should mitigate any unforeseen circumstances. Complementing this practice is one in which certain expenses or expenditures are frozen and not released for use until it is clear that revenues will be at projected levels.

The City has an investment policy in place which places a priority on the safety of principal and liquidity. The policy incorporates the principles of limiting investment risk, maintaining adequate liquidity and flexibility to meet both scheduled and unscheduled obligations and lastly, maximizing returns.

The City does not issue debt (long or short term) to finance operational costs. The City does not have a maximum debt limit. Debt terms are matched with the life of the asset being financed. All debt service requirements are fully funded and paid each year.

The budget continues to reserve significant taxing capacity for future needs and avoids using one-time revenue sources to fund ongoing City services.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City will continue to provide quality services to the Sanibel community. In support of that goal, the City Council adopted the following goals for fiscal year 2021:

IMPROVE WATER QUALITY

Local Water Quality Priorities

The City of Sanibel has implemented numerous measures to improve water quality since incorporating in 1974. They include the acquisition of environmentally sensitive lands, native plant and mangrove protection, sod limitations, beach and dune protection, conversion from septic to central sewer, responsible development through reduction of impervious surfaces and onsite stormwater management, extensive water quality monitoring, adoption of a fertilizer ordinance and contractor education program, fertilizer and lake management Best Management Practices for golf courses, adoption of a Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plan, and implementation of the Sanibel Communities for Clean Water program www.SanibelCleanWater.org. The total investment by the City of Sanibel represents more than \$120 million. While the City has taken a very proactive role in improving water quality, the Sanibel Slough and many of the island's residential and golf course lakes remain "impaired" for nutrients such as nitrogen and phosphorus.

The Sanibel Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plan completed in 2017 identified several nutrient load reduction priorities for Sanibel. One of the primary sources of nitrogen and phosphorus in surface and groundwater on the island originates from the City's reuse water system (Thompson et al. 2017). In an effort to significantly reduce nutrient concentrations in reuse water, the City's project to upgrade the Donax Wastewater Reclamation Facility (WRF) to advanced wastewater treatment is nearing completion. Upgrades to the plant will reduce nutrient concentrations in reuse water provided to golf courses, multi-family, and residential properties by more than 50%. To compliment this effort, the City is also planning for construction of Phase 4 Sewer, which includes the remaining areas of the island not currently connected to central sewer.

• Sanibel Sewer Phase IV Expansion Project – Sections B, C, D, and F (remaining sections). As an environmentally sensitive barrier island, Sanibel has made it a top priority to expand centralized sewer and eliminate septic tanks. In 1998, the City adopted the island-wide Wastewater Master Plan. The primary goal of this plan is to further Sanibel's philosophy of environment protection and preservation through the ultimate elimination of on-site systems with the provision of city-wide central sewer service and advanced wastewater treatment and disposal. Thus far, efforts to expand centralized sewer throughout the island have resulted in 99% of all properties being connected to sewer. To date the citizens of Sanibel have invested over \$66 million into improvements to, and expansion of, the City's centralized sanitary sewer system. The City has budgeted \$500,000 for construction in FY21 (total project cost \$1 million).

Regional Water Quality/Quantity Priorities

Everglades Agricultural Area (EAA) Reservoir Project. The project includes construction of a 240,000 acre-feet above-ground reservoir and a 6,500-acre Storm Water Treatment Area (STA), located on the A-2 parcel and A-2 Expansion area. These features will work in conjunction with the existing 60,000 acre-feet A-1 Flow Equalization Basin (FEB), STA-2, and STA-3/4 to meet State water quality standards. The EAA Reservoir is estimated to reduce high-flow discharge events in the Caloosahatchee Estuary lasting more than 60 days by 40% and is expected to provide a 55% reduction in high-flow discharge events lasting more than 42 days in the St. Lucie Estuary. In combination with the previously authorized projects, the reservoir would provide a 55% reduction in discharge volumes and a 63% reduction in mean monthly high-flow discharge events to the Northern Estuaries from Lake Okeechobee. Governor Ron DeSantis made the EAA Reservoir Project a top priority in Executive Order No. 19-12, Achieving More Now for Florida's Environment.

We hope that the Florida Legislature will continue to make this project a top priority and fund project design and next steps of this important project and applaud the SFWMD for fully funding the STA component of this important project.

<u>C-43 West Basin Storage Reservoir (WBSR) Project & Water Quality Treatment Component</u>. The C-43 Reservoir is designed to store up to 170,000 acre-feet of water within the Caloosahatchee watershed. The reservoir is expected to supply enough water to meet the existing Minimum Flow and Level for the Caloosahatchee River 80% of the time. The estimated cost of project construction is \$523 million.

As currently designed, the reservoir does not include a water quality treatment component to remove nutrients prior to discharge to the River. The Caloosahatchee is currently "impaired" for nitrogen and it is imperative that a water quality treatment component be incorporated into the project. On January 10, 2019, Governor DeSantis' issued Executive Order No. 19-12, which provided clear direction to the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD), "to add a stormwater treatment to the C-43 Reservoir to provide additional treatment and improve the quality of water leaving this important storage component."

This was a monumental step towards developing a treatment component for the C-43 Reservoir. In response to the Governor's directive, the SFWMD secured a contractor to develop the C-43 Water Quality Treatment Component Feasibility Study. The District also developed a Feasibility Study Working Group, made up of state and local scientists and engineers to assist in the effort. The feasibility study was completed in October 2020.

The next phase of the project will be the C-43 WBSR Water Quality Component Plan which will further evaluate the top alternatives recommended in the Study and incorporate a siting study to ultimately identify the single alternative as the selected WQ Component Plan.

<u>C-43 Water Quality Testing Facility ("Boma").</u> The South Florida Water Management District, in partnership with Lee County, conducted a Water Quality Treatment and Testing Facility Project to evaluate cost-effective, wetland-based strategies for reducing nutrient loadings, particularly nitrogen, to the Caloosahatchee River and its downstream estuarine ecosystems. Excessive nitrogen in the Caloosahatchee has contributed to algal blooms and other ecological impacts to the estuary and coastal waters of Lee County. The project goals are to design, build and operate a test facility that will demonstrate effective removal or reduction in total nitrogen loads to the Caloosahatchee River Estuary. Sampling and design were completed in 2015. Phase I mesocosm construction was completed in 2018. Funding is needed for the next phase of the project to construct stormwater treatment areas and/or a flow equalization basin (FEB) on approximately 1,500 acres of land. Construction could be done in phases as funding becomes available.

Lake Hicpochee Phase II. Complete Construction of the Lake Hicpochee Restoration Project. This project will provide critical storage and treatment needed within the eastern Caloosahatchee watershed. During the 2016 Legislative Session, the Florida Legislature allocated \$16.9 million to purchase an additional 2,454 acres of land on the north side of Lake Hicpochee. This land will be used as flow equalization basin (FEB) to store and treat water from the C-19 basin and help restore freshwater flows to Lake Hicpochee and the eastern Caloosahatchee sub-basin. Phase I project construction is complete and operational.

<u>Harmful Algal Blooms</u>. 2018 proved to be a very challenging year for the coastal communities of Lee County. High-volume freshwater releases from Lake Okeechobee combined with runoff from the Caloosahatchee watershed resulted in extensive blue-green algae blooms that impacted the entire length of the river. The blooms resulted in beach closures and prompted the Florida Department of Health to post warnings to avoid contact with the algae. Extensive red tide blooms also severely impacted our coastal communities. The City of Sanibel removed more than 850,000 pounds of dead sea life from our beaches at a cost of more than \$1.6 million. The Sanibel-Captiva Chamber of Commerce reported lost revenue of \$46.8 million and cancellation rates of 78% in August, September, and October 2018.

In response to the harmful algal blooms and water quality issues, Governor DeSantis issued Executive Order No. 19-12., which established a Blue-Green Algae Task Force, charged with focusing on expediting progress toward reducing the adverse impacts of blue-green algae blooms. Executive Order No. 19-12 also provided support to the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission's (FWC) Red Tide HAB Task Force to study the impacts or red tide. We thank Governor DeSantis and the Florida Legislature for making this issue a top priority. Ongoing funding will be needed to support the efforts of the Blue-Green Algae Task Force and FWC's Red Tide HAB Task Force, including research, water, and air quality testing to evaluate the human health impacts of water and airborne toxins produced by algae, and prediction, notification, and mitigation strategies.

State Water Quality Priorities

F<u>unding for the Water Quality Improvements Grant Program</u>. Support continued recurring funding for the Water Quality Improvements Grant program to assist local governments in constructing critical stormwater and nutrient removal projects to meet the State's Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) Program.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

To improve citizen service for those investing in the community in relation to maintaining and redevelopment of their properties.

- Evaluate capital project structure and timing
 - o Center 4 Life Relocation and Renovation Project
 - o Police Modernization Project
 - o Bridge Replacement and Repair
- Phase IV Sanitary Sewer Expansion
 - o Extend system to remaining properties currently not covered by a low flow exemption
- Continued implementation and education on the City's Dwelling Rental License Program
 - o Calendar year 2020 licenses
 - o Renewals for calendar year 2021

Financial Sustainability

To continue to develop and identify strategies that will support an equitable allocation of City resources in a manner which most cost effectively and efficiently accomplishes the City's mission.

- Monitor and evaluate significant revenue streams that were directly affected by the coronavirus pandemic
 - Gas taxes
 - Causeway toll sharing revenues
 - o Beach parking fees, fines, and permits
- Evaluate capital project debt funding plans to take advantage of lower interest rates and consolidation opportunities
 - o Center 4 Life Relocation and Renovation Project
 - o Police Modernization Project

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Sanibel for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This was the 35th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirement and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We also wish to acknowledge all government departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit also is due to the Mayor and the Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Sanibel finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Judith A. Zimomra, MPA, JD

City Manager

Stéven C. Chaipel, CPA, CPFO

Finance Director





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Sanibel Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

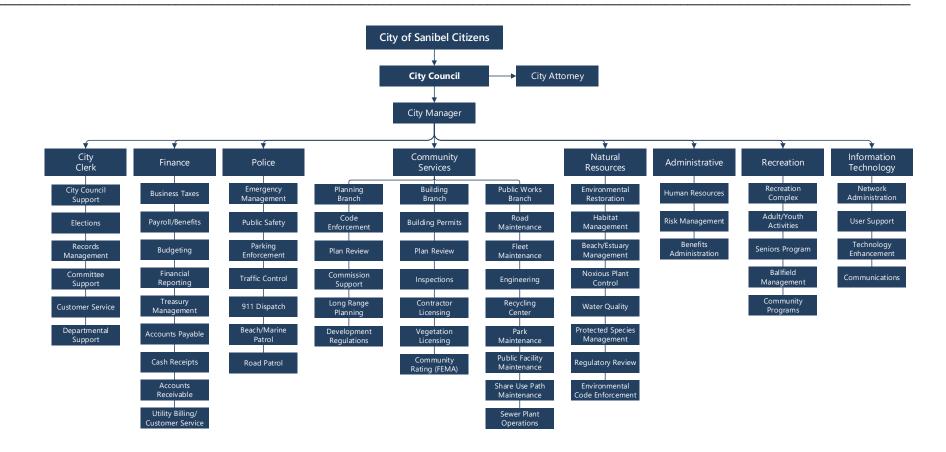
September 30, 2019

Chuitophu P. Morvill Executive Director/CEO

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A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART SEPTEMBER 30. 2020





Mayor Kevin Ruane Term of Office: March 2017 – March 2021

Mayor Ruane has served the citizens of Sanibel on the Council since 2007 and has served as Mayor since 2010. Mayor Ruane is the liaison to the Audit Committee, Traffic Work Group, Redevelopment Project, as well as the Island Seniors Board of Directors for building project and the Sanibel Seniors Board of Directors. He is the President-elect for the Florida League of Mayors; Chairman for the Lee County Coalition of Mayors; is the Vice Chair of the Florida Municipal Trust Insurance Trust Board of Trustees; is a voting delegate for the Florida League of Cities and serves on the League's Legislative Policy and Resolutions Committees; and received the Florida League of Cities Home Rule Hero Award in 2017 and 2019. He is an intense advocate for the City in the area of water quality, having been appointed by the Governor to serve on the South Florida Ecosystem Restoration Task Force and is the recipient of the 2016 National Everglades Coalition James D. Webb award.



Vice Mayor Mick Denham
Term of Office: March 2017 – March 2021

Vice-Mayor Denham has served the citizens of Sanibel as a Council member since 2005 and has held the position of Mayor or Vice-Mayor since 2006. He is the City's liaison to B.I.G. Arts, the Metropolitan Planning Organization and serves on several committees for the Florida League of Cities. He also serves on the J.N. "Ding" Darling Wildlife Society Advocacy Committee.

As a strong advocate for local and state water quality, Vice Mayor Denham has worked with various local entities to achieve significant water quality improvements for Sanibel and the surrounding region. He has also served as the City's liaison to Lee County and the local municipalities working in concert to educate the public on water quality issues, particularly the use of fertilizer. In 2012, 2018 and 2019 he was awarded the Florida League of Cities Hometown Hero Award and the recipient of the 2008 Conservationist of the Year award from the SW Florida Audubon Society.



Councilmember Richard Johnson Term of Office: March 2019 – March 2023

Councilman Johnson was first elected to Sanibel City Council in March 2019. Councilman Johnson currently serves as City Council's liaison to the Historical Preservation Committee, Historical Museum and Village, Inc., Recreation Financial Assistance Committee, and the Employee Dependent Scholarship Committee, Community Housing Resource Inc. (CHR), and CHR's Coast & Island Community Grant Trust. Councilman Johnson is liaison on the Lee County Causeway matters.



Councilmember Jason Maughan Term of Office: March 2017 – March 2021

Councilman Maughan was elected to the City Council in March 2017. Councilman Maughan currently serves as City Council's liaison to the General Employees' Pension Board of Trustees, the Sanibel Municipal Police Officers' Board of Trustees and Community Housing Resources, Inc., (CHR), the Florida League of Cities Legislative Committee on Finance, Taxation and Personnel and the Lee County School District.

Councilman Maughan previously has been recognized as the 2006 National Republican Congressional Committee (NRCC) Businessman of the Year and is the recipient of the 2006 Congressional Medal of Distinction and three separate Sanibel Independence Day parade float awards.



Councilmember Holly Smith Term of Office: March 2019 – March 2023

Councilwoman Smith was appointed to the Sanibel City Council to serve an interim position for a vacant seat in December 2017 and then re-elected in March 2019. Councilwoman Smith has served as Vice Chairwoman of the Sanibel Planning Commission for two years and has been a member of the commission since 2009. Councilwoman Smith currently serves as Council's liaison to the Planning Commission, the Contractor Review Board and the Sanibel Bike Club.

She is presently serving in her third term as a member of the F.I.S.H. (Food Programs, Island Based, Social Services and Helping Hands) Board of Directors. Councilwoman Smith has been appointed to serve as a member of the Lee County Tourist Development Council (TDC), and was also recently appointed to serve on the Municipal Administration Legislative Policy Committee for the Florida League of Cities. In 2018 and 2019 Councilwoman Smith was awarded the esteemed Florida League of Cities Home Rule Hero Award.



CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COUNCIL-MANAGER FORM GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020



ELECTED OFFICIALS

| Kevin Ruane | Mayor |
|--|---|
| Mick Denham | Vice Mayor |
| Richard Johnson | Councilmember |
| Jason Maughan | Councilmember |
| Holly Smith | Councilmember |
| APPOINTED OFFIC | CIALS |
| Judith A. Zimomra, MPA, JD | City Manager |
| John D. Agnew, Esq | City Attorney |
| | |
| EXECUTIVE STA | \FF |
| James R. Isom | |
| | Administrative Services Director |
| James R. Isom | Administrative Services Director Community Services Director/City Engineer |
| James R. Isom Keith L. Williams II, PE | Administrative Services Director Community Services Director/City EngineerChief of Police |
| James R. Isom | Administrative Services Director Community Services Director/City EngineerChief of PoliceCity Clerk |
| James R. Isom | Administrative Services Director Community Services Director/City Engineer |
| James R. Isom Keith L. Williams II, PE William Dalton Pamela Smith, MMC Steven C. Chaipel, CPA, CPFO | |

Contact:

City of Sanibel 800 Dunlop Road Sanibel, Florida 33957 (239) 472-3700

www.mysanibel.com

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida Sanibel, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sanibel, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Community Housing and Resources, Inc., which represents 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Community Housing and Resources, Inc., a discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Community Housing and Resources, Inc., were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.



An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and the transportation special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As described in Note 18, the City corrected an error related to revenue recognition. As a result of the error, the City reported a restatement of net position for the correction. Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to the restatement.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, schedules of investment returns, and schedules of contributions for the general employees' and the municipal police officers' pension plans, and the schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 25-44 and 112-121 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and schedules, introductory section, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance, as required by Chapter 10.550, Local Governmental Entity Audits, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida, is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida June 28, 2021

As management of the City of Sanibel (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which begins on page 6 of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At the close of fiscal year 2020, the City of Sanibel's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$98.9 million (net position). Governmental and business-type assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$48.6 million and \$50.3 million, respectively;
- The City's total net position increased by \$4.8 million in fiscal year 2020. The City's unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors, increased by \$4.4 million (24.1%) from the prior year, primarily due to better-than-expected financials results during the pandemic;
- The City's governmental activities reported a total net position of \$48.6 million, a \$1.3 million (2.7%) increase from the previous year net position of \$47.3 million. Approximately 15.2% of the total (\$7.4 million) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors;
- The City's business-type activities reported a total net position of \$50.3 million, which is an increase of \$3.5 million, or 7.5%, in comparison to the prior year, primarily driven by the performance in the Sewer fund. Approximately 30.1% of the total, or \$15.1 million, is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors;
- The City's total long-term liabilities increased by \$10.6 million during the current fiscal year. The City issued new debt for a senior center (\$5.0 million) and to partially fund the sewer plant renovation project (\$10.0 million). Additionally, the City entered into a capital lease for police vehicles in fiscal year 2020. All outstanding debt service payment were made according to established deadlines;
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the General fund was \$11.6 million, or approximately 95.9% of the total fund balance;
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$23.0 million, an increase of approximately \$4.6 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 24.5% of this amount (\$5.6 million) is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance). Approximately 72.1% of this amount (\$16.6 million) is unrestricted fund balance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business. The focus is on "activities", rather than "fund types". All information is presented utilizing the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This method matches revenues and expenses to the period in which the revenue is earned and the expense attributed.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The unrestricted portion of net position is designed to be like bottom line results for private sector companies. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund current resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include the Sanibel Sewer System and beach parking operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate non-profit operation for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for Community Housing Resources, Inc. (CHR) is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. CHR has issued separately audited financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over the resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund *balance sheet* and the governmental fund *statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances* provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains 19 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General fund and the Transportation fund, which are considered to be major funds in fiscal year 2020. Data for the other 17 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules immediately following the required supplementary information.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all major and non-major governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements for the General fund and Transportation fund are part of the basic financial statements and can be found beginning on page 52. Budgetary comparison schedules have also been provided for all other nonmajor governmental funds beginning on page 130.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 48 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one of the two proprietary fund types. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its sewer system utility fund and beach parking fund. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among a government's various functions. The City does not utilize internal service funds.

Fees and charges are the primary revenue sources for the proprietary funds. The City's sewer system enterprise fund also receives tax revenue from a voter-approved tax levy to pay debt service related to the sewer capital expansion projects.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer system utility fund and beach parking fund, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 54 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City maintains two different types of fiduciary funds. The *Pension trust fund* is used to report resources held in trust for retirees and beneficiaries covered by the *General Employees* and *Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plans*. The *Agency fund* reports resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations and other governments. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 59 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements in this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information relating to the City's employee pension plans and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligations. The combining schedules for the non-major governmental and fiduciary funds follow the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$98.9 million, at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Table 1
Statement of Net Position (Summary)
as of September 30, 2020 and 2019

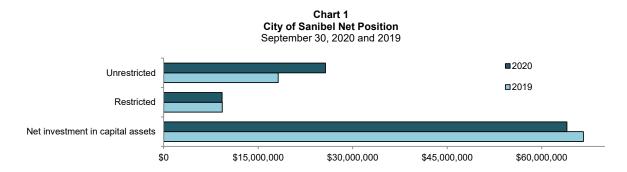
| | Governmental Activities | | Busines Activ | , | Total Primary Government | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| • | | | | 2019 | | 2019 |
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | as restated | 2020 | as restated |
| Current and other assets | \$24,049,496 | \$20,257,943 | \$19,919,470 | \$17,338,994 | \$43,968,966 | \$37,596,937 |
| Capital assets, net | 43,555,869 | 41,999,339 | 51,724,121 | 43,378,785 | 95,279,990 | 85,378,124 |
| Total assets | \$67,605,365 | 62,257,282 | 71,643,591 | 60,717,779 | 139,248,956 | 122,975,061 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 1,381,973 | 1,628,702 | 170,040 | 276,511 | 1,552,013 | 1,905,213 |
| Current and other liabilities | 972,177 | 1,632,289 | 2,709,917 | 2,277,771 | 3,682,094 | 3,910,060 |
| Long-term liabilities | 18,680,532 | 14,829,560 | 18,711,144 | 11,935,070 | 37,391,676 | 26,764,630 |
| Total liabilities | 19,652,709 | 16,461,849 | 21,421,061 | 14,212,841 | 41,073,770 | 30,674,690 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 697,455 | 79,637 | 112,164 | 25,640 | 809,619 | 105,277 |
| Net position: | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 35,276,082 | 35,484,434 | 31,811,206 | 31,130,996 | 67,087,288 | 66,615,430 |
| Restricted | 5,944,908 | 5,517,521 | 3,320,388 | 3,779,011 | 9,265,296 | 9,296,532 |
| Unrestricted | 7,416,184 | 6,342,543 | 15,148,812 | 11,845,802 | 22,564,996 | 18,188,345 |
| Total net position | \$48,637,174 | \$47,344,498 | \$50,280,406 | \$46,755,809 | \$98,917,580 | \$94,100,307 |

The largest portion of the City's net position (67.8%) reflect its net investment in capital assets (such as land, buildings, infrastructure, parks, machinery and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these assets to provide services to citizens – consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the capital assets are shown net of debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate and pay for these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position in the amount of \$9.3 million (9.4%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$22.6 million (22.8%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

The City's overall net position increased \$4.8 million, or 5.1%, as of September 30, 2020 compared to fiscal year 2019. Most of this increase was driven by results in the City's business-type activities.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City can report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the City as a whole and for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.



Governmental Activities

Revenues

Total governmental revenues received from external sources decreased 17.2% in fiscal year 2020 to \$20.9 million from \$25.3 million in fiscal year 2019. Revenues in governmental activities are categorized into program revenues and general revenues.

It is significant to note that the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic greatly impacted Florida beginning in March of 2020. However, many revenue streams the City receives were in line with budget expectations, although down in comparison with the prior year. Beyond this, significant explanations for year over year changes are described below.

Total program revenues decreased \$3.7 million (34.4%) in fiscal year 2020 from fiscal year 2019.

- Charges for services decreased 11.4% from the prior year. In response to the pandemic, the City closed
 the Recreation Center between March 19, 2020 and June 15, 2020. Additionally, reduced building and
 remodel activity reduced development permit fees;
- Operating grants and contributions decreased significantly in fiscal year 2020. The \$3.1 million (53.2%) decrease is almost entirely attributable to the reimbursement revenues received from Federal and State agencies for Hurricane Irma expenditures last year. In fiscal year 2020, the City did receive \$1.3 million in reimbursement from the Lee County Tourism Development Commission (TDC) for expenditures related to a road project to prevent erosion at the north end of the City. The expenditures for this project were recorded in the General Fund;
- Capital grants and contributions decreased approximately \$39,000 from the prior year due to decreased impact fee collections on new development within the City as noted above with permitting activity;

Total general revenues (excluding transfers) decreased \$640,000 (4.4%) in fiscal year 2020 from fiscal year 2019.

- Property taxes remained consistent with the prior year as the City Council adopted the rolled-back millage rate which was expected to bring in the same revenue as last year;
- Other taxes decreased \$501,000 primarily due to decreased gas tax collections received from the State of Florida that were significantly impacted by the pandemic;
- Other revenues decreased \$100,000 from fiscal year 2019 primarily from investment and interest earnings on the City's cash and investment accounts. Actual returns were less than expected.

The City's governmental and business-type activities transfer funds in and out to support operations in various functions. In fiscal year 2020, \$463,000 was transferred from the business-type activity funds to the General fund as payments in lieu of taxes. The Sewer funds transfers \$7,500 annually and the Beach Parking fund transfers 15.0% of gross parking revenue to the General fund each fiscal year. In fiscal year 2020, \$455,750 was transferred.

Expenses

Total government-wide expenses decreased approximately \$1.1 million (5.4%) to \$20.1 million from \$21.2 million in fiscal year 2019. This continued a trend of the City reducing expenditures to keep the tax rate stable; however, the effects of the pandemic necessitated additional reductions in personnel expenditures (to include furloughs of staff) and operating expenditures.

Governmental Activities

- Overall personnel expenses decreased approximately 30.4% in fiscal year 2020 (excluding defined benefit pension plans). Significant variances (positive and negative) include:
 - o In response to the pandemic, the City closed the Recreation Center between March 19, 2020 and June 15, 2020 and furloughed all staff;
 - o There was an overall City-wide focus on reducing personnel expenditures including overtime as the uncertainty with the pandemic continued through the summer and fall;
 - Overall vacancies remained at higher levels throughout many City departments than in fiscal year 2019;
 - In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, pension expense related to both defined benefit plans are computed annually by an actuarial consultant. In fiscal year 2020, recognized governmental pension expense decreased approximately \$818,000 from fiscal year 2019 based on investment results from each plan;
 - Overall operating expenses decreased approximately 39.2% from fiscal year 2019. Significant variances include the following:
 - During the fiscal year, the City completed significant repairs to SanCap Road at the northern end of the City to prevent further erosion concerns. The project cost \$1.3 million and as noted previously was reimbursed by the TDC;
 - As noted previously, the City took significant steps to reduced expenditures in the summer and fall of 2020 in response to the uncertainty of how the pandemic would affect revenues;

The schedule on the next page summarizes the changes in net position for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2020.



September 30, 2020

Table 2 **Changes in Net Position (Summary)** For the Year Ended September 30,

| | Governmental | | Busines | s-type | Total | | |
|---|---------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|--|
| | Activ | rities | Activ | | Primary Go | | |
| | | | | 2019 | | 2019 | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | as restated | 2020 | as restated | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues | A 450 000 | A 4 000 044 | A. 44.004.400 | 0.44.007.440 | # 45 400 404 | Ø 45 000 404 | |
| Charges for services | \$ 4,159,302 | \$ 4,693,041 | \$ 11,004,182 | \$ 11,207,443 | \$ 15,163,484 | \$ 15,900,484 | |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 5,886,070 | 1,929,334 | 1,526,807 | 4,692,179 | 7,412,877 | |
| Capital grants and contributions General revenues | 163,200 | 201,857 | 758,608 | 1,968,098 | 921,808 | 2,169,955 | |
| Property taxes | 10,423,064 | 10,420,198 | 698,879 | 698,785 | 11,121,943 | 11,118,983 | |
| Other taxes | 2,164,234 | 2,666,021 | - | - | 2,164,234 | 2,666,021 | |
| Intergovernmental revenues | 739,904 | 780,781 | - | - | 739,904 | 780,781 | |
| Other | 528,786 | 638,219 | 349,787 | 454,858 | 878,573 | 1,093,077 | |
| Total revenues | 20,941,335 | 25,286,187 | 14,740,790 | 15,855,991 | 35,682,125 | 41,142,178 | |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | | |
| General government | 3,024,102 | 3,404,377 | = | - | 3,024,102 | 3,404,377 | |
| Public safety | 6,579,164 | 6,796,956 | = | - | 6,579,164 | 6,796,956 | |
| Physical environment | 843,172 | 755,440 | 6,639,549 | 6,646,110 | 7,482,721 | 7,401,550 | |
| Public works/Transportation | 4,889,081 | 5,103,352 | - | - | 4,889,081 | 5,103,352 | |
| Beach parking | - | - | 4,666,745 | 4,846,982 | 4,666,745 | 4,846,982 | |
| Economic development | 434,337 | 434,452 | - | - | 434,337 | 434,452 | |
| Culture/recreation | 4,129,016 | 4,607,626 | - | - | 4,129,016 | 4,607,626 | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 213,030 | 155,987 | 336,397 | 326,251 | 549,427 | 482,238 | |
| Total expenses | 20,111,902 | 21,258,190 | 11,642,691 | 11,819,343 | 31,754,593 | 33,077,533 | |
| Increase (decrease) in net position | | | | | | | |
| before transfers | 829,433 | 4,027,997 | 3,098,099 | 4,036,648 | 3,927,532 | 8,064,645 | |
| Net transfers in(out) | 463,243 | 520,863 | (463,243) | (520,863) | - | - | |
| Increase (decrease) in net position | 1,292,676 | 4,548,860 | 2,634,856 | 3,515,785 | 3,927,532 | 8,064,645 | |
| Net position - beginning of year as | | | | | | | |
| previously reported | 47,344,498 | 42,795,638 | 46,755,809 | 43,240,024 | 94,100,307 | 86,035,662 | |
| Adjustment | | | 889,741 | | 889,741 | - | |
| Net position - beginning of year | 47,344,498 | 42,795,638 | 47,645,550 | 43,240,024 | 94,990,048 | 86,035,662 | |
| Net position - end of year | \$ 48,637,174 | \$ 47,344,498 | \$ 50,280,406 | \$ 46,755,809 | \$ 98,917,580 | \$ 94,100,307 | |

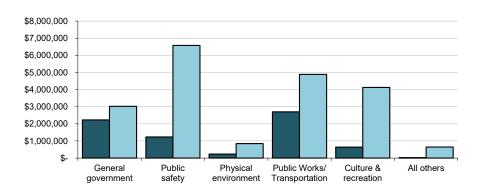
The table below presents the total cost of services for each of the City's five largest programs as well as each program's net cost; that is, total cost less program revenues (i.e., excluding taxes), generated by the activities. The net cost represents the portion of each program that is supported by various general revenues, including taxes.

Table 3 **Program Revenues and Expenses** Governmental Activities

| | Total Cost Of Services | | N | et (Cost) Earni | ings Of Services | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|----|------------|-----------------|------------------|----|--------------|
| | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| General government | \$ 3,024,102 | \$ | 3,404,377 | \$ | (790,899) | \$ | (461,518) |
| Public safety | 6,579,164 | | 6,796,956 | | (5,336,126) | | (4,741,790) |
| Physical environment | 843,172 | | 755,440 | | (605,211) | | 74,154 |
| PW/Transportation | 4,889,081 | | 5,103,352 | | (2,183,711) | | (5,894,360) |
| Culture/Recreation | 4,129,016 | | 4,607,626 | | (3,491,366) | | (3,586,272) |
| All others | 647,367 | | 590,439 | | (619,242) | | (538,187) |
| Totals | \$ 20,111,902 | \$ | 21,258,190 | \$ | (13,026,555) | \$ | (15,147,973) |

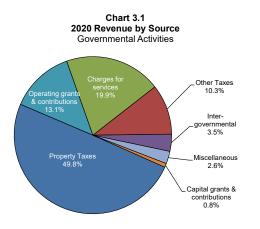
The total cost of all governmental activities provided this fiscal year was approximately \$20.1 million, a 5.4% decrease from the prior year due to items previously discussed. As detailed in the statement of activities on page 47, the net cost ultimately paid through taxes and other general revenues was approximately \$13.0 million. As shown in the chart below, comparing program expenses to program revenue it can be easily seen that most of the funding for governmental activities is not from program revenues.

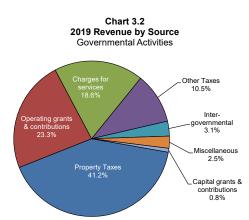
Chart 2
Program Revenue and Expenses
Governmental Activities



■Program Revenue ■Program Expense

The following charts compare the composition of revenues for the City's governmental activities for the period ending September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively:





Business-type activities Overview

Total revenues from the operations of the City's business-type activities totaled \$14.7 million in fiscal year 2020, a 7.0% decrease from the previous year. Total expenses for 2020 were \$11.6 million, a 1.5% decrease from fiscal year 2019. Net transfers from governmental activities decreased 11.1% in fiscal year 2020. These results generated an 7.5% (\$3.5 million) increase in net position, consistent with the previous year.

Revenues

Total program revenues generated from the City's business-type activities decreased from the prior year \$1.0 million. The largest component of program revenues is charges for services, which generated a decrease of 1.8% (\$204,000) in fiscal year 2020.

- In the Sewer fund, charges for services increased \$187,000 (2.5%) from the prior primarily due to an increase in user rates adopted for the fiscal year;
- In the Beach Parking fund, total program revenues decreased \$390,000 (10.8%) from the prior year due to the effects of the pandemic. The City's beach parking lots were closed between March 18, 2020 and May 31, 2020.

Operating grants and contributions increased 26.4%, from \$1.5 million in fiscal year 2019 to \$1.9 million in fiscal year 2020. The City receives grants pursuant to an interlocal agreement with the Lee County Tourist Development Council (TDC) to fund beach maintenance and prevention of erosion activities. All operating grants in the current year are reflected in the Beach Parking Fund.

Capital grants and contributions decreased 61.5% in fiscal year 2020 to \$759,000. Significant activities are noted below.

- The Sewer fund received grants of \$610,000 from the State of Florida related to the continued renovation of the main sewer plant. In the prior year, approximately \$890,000 was recognized as revenue received from the State;
- The Beach Parking fund capital grants decreased \$761,000 in fiscal year 2020. Capital project funding is typically received from the TDC and is based on a five-year schedule of projects. No significant projects were completed in fiscal year 2020.

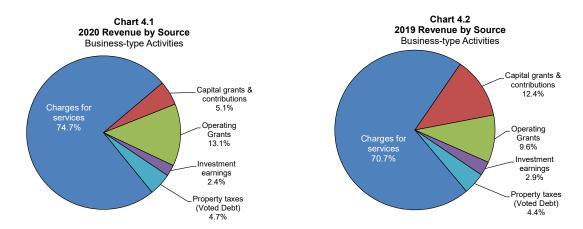
General revenues are received from three main sources in the City's business-type activities. Most of the revenue comes from tax revenue received from voter-approved tax levies to pay debt service related to the Sewer fund capital expansion projects. Tax revenue received in 2020 totaled approximately \$699,000 based on debt service needs for the year.

The second source of revenue is received from interest on special assessment financing the Sewer fund provides to property owner who elect to defer their assessment for sewer connections. In fiscal year 2020, \$100,850 was received in interest.

The final source of general revenues is received from the Sewer and Beach Parking fund's investment and banking activity. Revenue decreased 25.5% to \$249,000 in this area, partially due to market fluctuations during 2020.



The following graphs compare the composition of revenues for the City's business-type activities for the period ending September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively:



Expenses

Total business-type expenses (excluding Interfund transfers) decreased 1.5% (\$177,00) in fiscal year 2020 compared to the same period in 2019. The Sewer fund total expenses were consistent with the prior year, increasing \$3,585 (0.1%) and the Beach Parking total fund expenses decreased 3.7%.

Significant fluctuations in the Sewer fund's expenses are detailed below.

- Debt service expenses in the Sewer fund increased 3.1% due to the issuance of additional debt related to the renovation of the sewer plant. All debt service payments were made based on established debt repayment schedules;
- Personnel expenses decreased 3.2% (\$54,181) in fiscal year 2020. Employment activity remained fairly consistent with prior year;
- Operating expenses (not including depreciation) increased 3.2% in fiscal year 2020 primarily due to increases in utility and insurance costs;

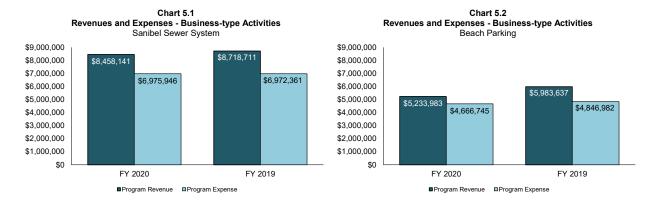
Non-operating expenses and transfers in the Sewer fund were consistent with the prior year. Issuance costs related to the bank loan for the sewer plant renovation were included in the total debt amount.

Significant fluctuations in the Beach Parking fund's expenses are detailed below.

- Public Safety: Personnel expenses decreased \$325,000 (31.6%). As mentioned previously, in response to the pandemic, the City furloughed certain employees. All traffic aides were furloughed while the beach parking lots were closed. Additionally, certain other public safety vacancies were not filled. Operating expenses decreased 4.0% due to operation reductions as noted above;
- Physical Environment: Total expenses decreased \$29,375 (5.3%) as a result of the reduction of operations due to the pandemic;
- Public Works: Total expenses increased approximately \$470,000 (20.7%). Staff were still responsible for maintaining the beaches and surrounding areas while the parking lots were closed to the public. Most of the personnel and operating expenses for public works relate to beach maintenance and are primarily reimbursed to the City from the Lee County Tourism Development Council (TDC). Revenue associated with these reimbursements is included intergovernmental revenues.

Interfund transfers to the General fund for payments in lieu of taxes decreased 11.1% from the prior year due to the reduction in user revenues in the Beach Parking fund.

The following charts compare program expenses with program revenues for the City's business-type activities for fiscal years 2020 and 2019:



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

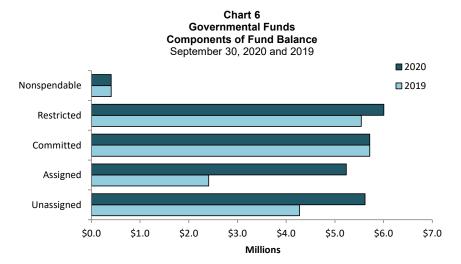
The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City Council.

At September 30, 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$23.0 million, an increase of approximately \$4.6 million (25.2%) in comparison with the prior year. As previously discussed, the primary reason for the increase relates to the City's overall response to the pandemic. The city significantly reduced expenditures early on in the pandemic due to the uncertainty as to how revenues would be affected. While the State's revenues were significantly affected, the City's revenue results were better than was anticipated.

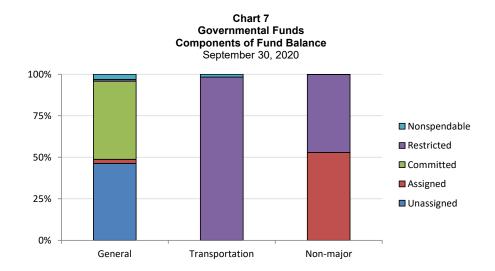
Of the \$23.0 million in total fund balances, approximately 24.4% of this amount (\$5.6 million) is comprised of unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is not in spendable form, restricted for specific purposes, committed for specific purposes, or assigned to specific purposes.



The following chart compares the various components of governmental funds fund balance between fiscal year 2020 and 2019:



A comparison of the allocation of fund balance as of September 30, 2020 for all major funds and the aggregate of non-major funds is presented below.



General Fund

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. At the end of fiscal year 2020, the unassigned fund balance of the General fund was \$5.6 million, while total fund balance was \$12.1 million.

As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unrestricted (total of committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance and total fund balance to total General fund expenditures. Unrestricted fund balance represents approximately 78.6% of the total General fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 82.0% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the General fund increased \$1.4 million, or 11.9%, during fiscal year 2020 to a total of \$12.1 million. As noted previously, this increase is due to the City's response to the pandemic in the area of expenditure reductions and revenues recovering better than anticipated. Revenue in the General fund (excluding transfers) decreased 12.8% while total expenditures (excluding transfers) increased 7.7% (see note below).

Key factors in the current year results are the net effect of the following items:

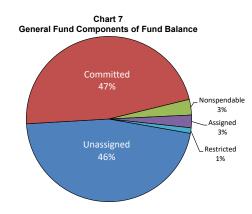
- Revenues decreased 12.8% in the current year to \$17.0 million. Significant explanations are as follows:
 - Collections of property taxes remained consistent with the prior year at \$9.6 million due to the adoption of the rolled-back millage rate;
 - o Intergovernmental revenue decreased \$2.3 million (50.1%). In fiscal year 2019, the City received \$3.8 million from FEMA as reimbursement for prior year Hurricane Irma expenditures. In fiscal year 2020, the City received a \$1.3 million grant from the TDC for a road erosion project on SanCap Road.
 - Charges for services decreased \$145,000 (4.8%) primarily due to reduction in permitting and development activity because of the pandemic.
- Total expenditures in the General fund increased \$1.1 million (7.7%) in fiscal year 2020.
 - As previously noted, the City received a \$1.3 million grant for a road erosion project from the TDC. The total expenditures for this project were expended from the General fund and then reimbursed by the TDC. Negating this one-time project, total General fund expenditures decreased 1.8% in fiscal year 2020;
 - Overall personnel costs decreased 2.8% from the prior year. Negotiated wages between the City and its bargaining units resulted in a \$1,000 one-time increase to staff at October 1, 2020 and a 3.0% increase in wages for staff on April 1, 2020. However, as a result of the furloughs previously discussed and other personnel cost reduction measures, overall costs were less than the previous year;
 - o Other reductions in operating expenditures were made as a result of the pandemic;
 - Net transfers decreased 42.1% (\$577,000) in fiscal year 2020 due to the reduced need for operating support in funds that receive General fund transfers. \$1.9 million was transferred to the Center4Life Capital Project fund to purchase a building. The \$1.9 million was transferred back to the General fund before year end.

For information on the General fund's budgetary performance for fiscal year 2020, see the statement on page 52.

Transportation Fund

The *Transportation* fund, a major special revenue fund, was established to account for all activities necessary to provide repaving, maintenance and repairs and other expenditures related to the City's streets, shared-use paths and drainage infrastructure.

Revenues are received from the local option gas taxes, municipal fuel allocation portion of the State of Florida's municipal shared revenues, fuel tax rebates and surplus toll revenues from the Sanibel Causeway. Per an interlocal agreement with Lee County, the City receives 21% of the surplus toll revenue that Lee County receives from the Sanibel Causeway. The City receives these funds on a biannual basis. The City also receives gas tax revenue from the State of Florida through an interlocal agreement with Lee County. Both revenue sources are restricted for use for transportation related operational and capital expenditures.



Gas tax revenue decreased approximately 26.0% in fiscal year 2020. In September 2019, the City renewed the interlocal agreement for the distribution of gas taxes with Lee County for a period of 3 years beginning January 1, 2020. The updated agreement provides that the City will receive 3.5% of gas taxes collected by Lee County. However, the pandemic significantly reduced gas tax collections on a state-wide basis.

Revenue received from Lee County for toll operations decreased 28.4% to \$1.2 million in fiscal year 2020 due to significantly reduced traffic coming onto the island as a result of the pandemic limiting travel. Additionally, as noted previously, beach parking lots were closed for a period of time which reduced the opportunity for beach traffic.

Operating expenditures decreased 31.1% in fiscal year 2020 primarily due to planned reductions. The annual repaving program was delayed until fiscal year 2021. Other projects that were deemed not necessary for public safety were also delayed due to the pandemic.

The Transportation fund received \$100,000 in a transfer from the Transportation Capital Projects fund to support the annual operations.

Based on the results noted above, the ending fund balance of the Transportation fund was \$1.5 million (27.90% increase from 2019) at September 30, 2020. Fund balance is 100% is restricted for transportation expenditures.

For information on the Transportation fund's budgetary performance for fiscal year 2020, see the comparison on page 53.

Other Governmental Funds

All other governmental funds are accounted for in the column entitled Other Governmental Funds (17 funds in total). Other governmental funds include nonmajor special revenue, debt service and capital project funds. Total fund balance for this group increased 44.1% from 2019 to \$9.3 million at September 30, 2020.

Key factors in the performance for fiscal year 2019 are the net effect of the following items:

- Total revenue decreased 12.4% to \$3.0 million
 - Voter approved debt service ad valorem tax receipts are based on scheduled debt service requirements. Total tax collected decreased 4.4% to \$794,000;
 - Charges for services decreased 57.4% (\$264,000). All of the decrease is related to Recreation Center membership fees. As previously discussed, the Recreation Center was closed between March 19, 2020 and June 15, 2020 due to the pandemic.
- Total expenditures increased 31.0% to \$7.3 million
 - Operating expenditures decreased 36.3% (\$697,000) from fiscal year 2019. The majority of the reduction was in the Recreation fund as noted above;
 - Debt Service expenditures increased 88.0% due to new debt issued as follows:
 - A master lease agreement was entered into to lease public safety vehicles;
 - \$5.0 million bank load was issued to finance the purchase and renovation of a building for a new senior center (Center4Life).
 - o Capital Outlay expenditures increased 88.1% to \$3.1 million in fiscal year 2020
 - A \$968,000 capital lease master agreement was executed to lease 16 public safety vehicles
 - A building was purchased for \$1.9 million to relocate the existing senior center
 - Both of these debt issuances are also included in the Debt Proceeds line item.

- Net transfers in and out of these funds decreased \$956,000 fiscal year 2020
 - Transfers in from other funds for operating support were significantly reduced in 2020 in response to the pandemic – specifically to the Recreation Center (down \$810,000) and the Recreation Sinking Fund (down \$225,000);
- The proceeds from the \$5.0 million debt issuance were transferred to the Center4Life Capital Project fund to support the purchase and renovation of a building for a new senior center

For more detailed information (as well as budgetary comparisons), see the combining financial statements for the City's non-major governmental funds beginning on page 123.

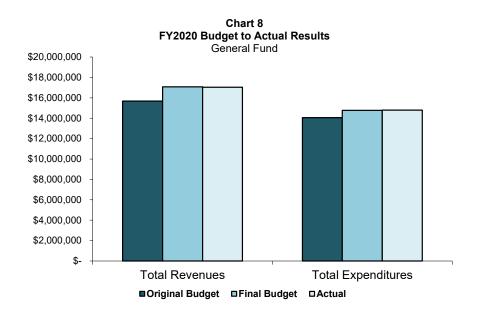
Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds are comprised of two enterprise funds – the Sewer fund and the Beach Parking fund. An enterprise fund is used to account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. These funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements business-type activities.

See the discussion of business-type activities beginning on page 32. For additional detail, see the propriety fund statements beginning on page 54.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During fiscal year 2020, there was a \$1.4 million (8.9%) increase in budgeted total revenue and a \$706,000 (5.0%) increase in budgeted total expenditures between the original and final amended budget in the General fund.



Following are the key factors for the variance in revenues between the original and final budget:

• The intergovernmental revenue budget was increased \$1.4 million related to the aforementioned SanCap Road erosion project. The final project cost was \$1.3 million.

At the end of fiscal year 2020, there was a \$46,000 (0.3%) negative variance between final budgeted total revenue and actual total revenue.

Following are the key factors for the variances in expenditures between the original and final budget:

- The budget was reduced by approximately \$414,000 in personnel costs during the initial response to the pandemic;
- The Public Works budget was increased approximately \$1.3 million for the erosion project previously discussed.

Final budget-to-actual expenditures show a \$28,000 (0.2%) negative variance (actual more than budget). Following are key factors for the variance:

- Total personnel expenditures were 4.5% over the final budget (\$397,000). Several COVID-19 related factors contributed:
 - While the budget was reduced for furloughed staff, termination payouts for vacation and medical time were made in accordance to established policy;
 - Staff affected by the coronavirus were eligible for Emergency Paid Sick Time as directed by Federal Law;
 - o To assist in pandemic relief, at year end the City granted permission to staff to have excess accrued time be paid out as opposed to rolling into the next year.
- Operating expenditures City-wide were reduced in response to the pandemic and the increased personnel costs described above.

A more detailed presentation of the general fund budget comparison can be found in the budgetary comparison statement found on page 52 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The City's total capital assets as of September 30, 2020 reflect an investment of \$95.3 million, net of accumulated depreciation. The following schedule provides a comparative summary of net capital assets by category for both governmental and business-type activities. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Table 4
Capital Assets (net of depreciation)
as of September 30,

| | Governi | mental | Busines | ss-type | Total | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Activ | ities | Activ | rities | Primary Government | | | | | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | | | | |
| Land | \$24,966,425 | \$24,966,425 | \$ 1,864,013 | \$ 1,864,013 | \$ 26,830,438 | \$ 26,830,438 | | | | |
| Buildings | 11,278,759 | 10,006,956 | 1,883,479 | 2,042,570 | 13,162,238 | 12,049,526 | | | | |
| Improvements | 657,502 | 780,234 | 1,470,273 | 1,553,853 | 2,127,775 | 2,334,087 | | | | |
| Vehicles and equipment | 2,166,444 | 1,489,530 | 1,129,039 | 1,275,930 | 3,295,483 | 2,765,460 | | | | |
| Infrastructure | 4,319,505 | 4,756,194 | 27,996,087 | 30,341,312 | 32,315,592 | 35,097,506 | | | | |
| Construction work in progress | 167,234 | - | 17,381,230 | 6,301,107 | 17,548,464 | 6,301,107 | | | | |
| Total capital assets | \$43,555,869 | \$41,999,339 | \$51,724,121 | \$43,378,785 | \$ 95,279,990 | \$ 85,378,124 | | | | |

Notable capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Police department vehicles
 - o 12 Police SUV's Patrol (\$725,613)
 - o 4 Police Supervisor Vehicles (\$242,011)
 - o Honda ATV (\$10,779)
- 22 Defibrillators (\$28,786)
- Public Works vehicles
 - Utility Division Truck (\$32,812)
 - o John Deere Gator (\$14,313)
 - o Truck (\$33,145)
 - o 2 F150 Trucks (\$65,625)
- Building for Senior Center (\$1.9 million)
- Current Year Additions to Construction projects in process at year end:
 - o Phase 4B Sewer Expansion (\$39,471)
 - Donax wastewater treatment plant renovation (\$11.0 million)
 - o Police Wind Modernization (\$152,959)

The above list is not all inclusive. Annually, the City disposes of equipment that is obsolete or non-functioning as part of routine operations.

Long-term liabilities. As of September 30, 2020, the City had \$17.8 million in outstanding long-term liabilities. The following schedule provides a comparative summary of the City's outstanding long-term liabilities:

Table 5.1 Long-term Liabilities as of September 30,

| | Govern | nmental Business-type | | ss-type | Tot | :al | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | Activ | rities | Activ | ities | Primary Go | overnment | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| General obligation bonds directly | | | | | | | |
| placed with financial institution | \$ 5,515,000 | \$ 6,255,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 5,515,000 | \$ 6,255,000 | |
| Revenue bonds directly placed | | | | | | | |
| with financial institution | - | - | 1,324,668 | 2,630,595 | 1,324,668 | 2,630,595 | |
| Notes payable from direct | | | | | | | |
| borrowings | 5,018,000 | - | 16,252,145 | 7,730,059 | 21,270,145 | 7,730,059 | |
| Capitalized lease | 850,011 | - | - | - | 850,011 | - | |
| Compensated absences | 986,689 | 928,026 | 304,892 | 262,622 | 1,291,581 | 1,190,648 | |
| Total | \$12,369,700 | \$ 7,183,026 | \$17,881,705 | \$10,623,276 | \$30,251,405 | \$17,806,302 | |
| | | | | | | | |

The City's total long-term liabilities increased \$12.4 million during the current fiscal year from the issuance of debt for a new senior center and a capital lease for public safety vehicles. All debt service payments were made according to established schedules. The liability for compensated absences is based on the payable accrued leave time for employees at September 30, 2020.

Long-term liability amounts for the City's pension and OPEB plans are actuarially calculated. A comparison of the current and prior year calculated amounts is shown below.

Table 5.2
Pension and Other Post Employments Liabilities as of September 30,

| | Govern | mental | Business-type | | | | | Total | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------|----------|-----------|----|--------------------|----|-----------|--|--|
| | Activ | ies Ac | | Activ | tivities | | | Primary Government | | | | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | |
| Net pension liability | \$ 5,987,327 | \$ 7,373,970 | \$ | 712,442 | \$ | 1,214,629 | \$ | 6,699,769 | \$ | 8,588,599 | | |
| Total OPEB liability | 323,505 | 272,564 | | 116,997 | | 97,165 | | 440,502 | | 369,729 | | |
| Total | \$ 6,310,832 | \$ 7,646,534 | \$ | 829,439 | \$ | 1,311,794 | \$ | 7,140,271 | \$ | 8,958,328 | | |

Additional information about the City's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 9 beginning on page 86 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City's two most important economic factors that will affect its financial stability are property values (which are used to calculate the tax levy) and tourism revenues.

Property Values

Property values increased 1.6% and were valued at \$5.3 billion for fiscal year 2021 (the upcoming budget year), an historic high for the City.

The following chart shows the history of property values since fiscal year 2011. All years presented are final after any adjustment from the Value Adjustment Board (VAB), which evaluates property valuation on a case-by-case basis annually.

Chart 9



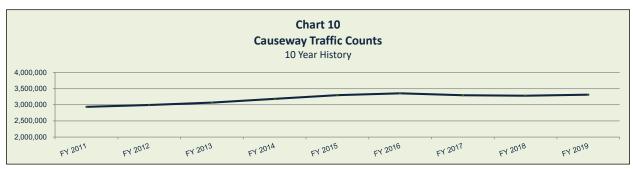
With the recent water quality concerns (Lake Okeechobee releases, red tide blooms, etc.), property values continue to be uncertain in the upcoming year. As the City relies on ad valorem tax revenue for most of its revenue, there is significant focus placed annually on the following year's values.

Tourism

Based on information from the Lee County Toll system's (LeeWay) traffic reports, the Sanibel causeway's fiscal year 2020 vehicle total decreased 9.1% from fiscal year 2019. As previously discussed, traffic over the causeway was significantly impacted by the pandemic.

As the causeway is the only entrance to the City, using traffic counts is a good indicator of trends in tourism. Additionally, per an interlocal agreement with Lee County, the City receives a portion of each toll that is paid for transportation purposes (21.0% of surplus tolls).

The following graph shows the traffic trend over the last ten years. While the traffic to the island continues to increase and brings tourists and business to the City, the City continues to be focused on addressing traffic concerns that arise from the high volume during seasonal peaks.



Other Economic Factors

The Southwest Florida economy is very dependent on tourism, and the City of Sanibel is a premier tourist destination for the area. According to data from the Lee County Visitor and Convention Bureau, 21.0% of jobs in Lee County are tied to tourism.

Next Year's Budget and Rates

The following items were considerations in developing the fiscal year 2021 budget:

- The July 1st real and personal property value for the City of Sanibel was assessed at \$5.4 billion by the Lee County Property Appraiser. This represents a 2.56% increase in value from the fiscal year 2020 final valuation;
- The budget includes a total millage rate of 2.1818, which represents the lowest total tax rate assessed to citizens since fiscal year 2004. An operating millage rate of 1.8922 was used to calculate the ad valorem tax levy in the General Fund. This is the same operating millage rate that was levied by the City last year;
- The budget reflects continued cuts and project delays city-wide in response to effects of the coronavirus pandemic previously discussed. Services periodically offered such as Independence Day fireworks, weekend and evening hours at the Recreation Center, and off-season operating of the Center 4 Life (senior center) have not been included;
- The budget reflects the reduced operating hours for the Recreation that are currently in place (Monday to Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Additionally, the budget assumes the Center 4 Life will not reopen until January 4, 2021;
- Due to budgetary constraints, the \$225,000 annual transfer to the recreation complex sinking fund is not included in the fiscal year 2021 budget;
- A 2.0% increase in sewer and reclaimed water fees is included in the Sewer Fund budget based on the Revenue Sufficiency Study completed during the fiscal year to provide funds for operating expenses and approved sewer related capital projects;
- The sewer fund secured a loan for \$10.0 million in June 2020 to support the continued funding of the Donax wastewater treatment plan rehabilitation. The budget includes interest only payments as per the debt agreement. Principal payments begin in fiscal year 2022;

- Consistent with City Council policy, the budget includes a 1.5% increase in the General Fund transfer to the Recreation Fund to \$1.37 million. This increase is based on the Consumer Price Index for calendar year 2019;
- Funding for the City's supported non-profits is budgeted per contractual agreements. Community Housing Resources funding support increased 5.0% to \$375,943 from fiscal year 2020 and the Historical Village and Museum support is budgeted at \$50,000;
- In fiscal year 2020, the City purchased land and a building to relocate the existing Center 4 Life (Senior Center). A \$5.0 million bank loan was obtained to support the project. The budget includes interest only debt payments and project expenditures. A new debt service fund and a new capital project fund was created to account for the project expenditures;
- The budget includes a new debt service fund to account for the lease of public safety vehicles approved last year;
- The combined unfunded pension liability from the City's two defined benefit plans decreased 5.9% from fiscal year 2018 to \$7.9 million at the end of fiscal year 2019 based on the most current actuarial assumptions. For fiscal year 2021 total defined benefit pension costs are budgeted to remain consistent with last year at \$2.2 million, primarily due to above average performance in the General Employee Pension Plan (GE) investment program. The City's annual contribution to the existing GE pension plan will decrease 9.4% and the contribution to the Municipal Police Officers' pension plan will increase 6.5% in fiscal year 2021 from the actual contributions made by the City in fiscal year 2020. Both plans had actuarial studies completed to determine the required funding levels;
- The City Defined Contribution Plan expenditures are budgeted to increase 5.0% in fiscal year 2021. Since 2012, the City has continued the transition phase with the defined contribution plan. As employees retire out of the General Employees' (GE) Pension Plan (which has been closed to new employees since 2012) the 401(a) plan expenses are expected to continue to increase. The benefit to the City from the defined contribution plan is the expenses are "pay as you go" and therefore there is no future liability associated with this expenditure;
- All reserves have been restored to fiscal year 2020 levels a total of \$5.89 million in the General fund;
- The fiscal year 2021 planned capital expenditures have been significantly impacted and reduced by the coronavirus pandemic. Many projects have been delayed or outright cancelled. The fiscal year 2021 capital improvement plan is budgeted at \$13.2 million and allocated as follows:
 - o General Fund: \$758,549 (\$408,000 in new requested funding);
 - Special Revenue Funds: \$3.0 million (\$2.5 million in new requested funding);
 - Sewer Fund: \$7.6 million (\$5.8 million in new requested funding mainly for the sewer plant renovation);
 - Beach Parking Fund: \$822,000 (\$580,000 in new funding requested). \$452,000 of the capital budget will be reimbursed to the City from the TDC.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City of Sanibel's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability.

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information may be addressed to the Finance Director, City of Sanibel, 800 Dunlop Road, Sanibel, Florida 33957. Information is also available on the City's website at www.mysanibel.com.



CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2020

| | | F | | Component Unit | | | | |
|--|----|---------------------------|----|---------------------------|----------|------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| | | overnmental Activities | | siness-type Activities | | Total | H | Community Housing & sources, Inc. |
| ASSETS | | Activities | | Activities | | Total | 1103 | sources, inc. |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 11,015,809 | \$ | 14,410,627 | \$ | 25,426,436 | \$ | 1,484,103 |
| Investments | | 12,462,952 | | - | | 12,462,952 | | - |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts | | 72,852 | | 401,257 | | 474,109 | | 2,173 |
| Interest | | 251,087 | | - | | 251,087 | | - |
| Due from other governments | | 640,702 | | 763,692 | | 1,404,394 | | - |
| Note receivable from component unit | | 187,715 | | - | | 187,715 | | - |
| Internal balances | | (1,000,000) | | 1,000,000 | | - | | - |
| Inventories | | 14,945 | | 1,500 | | 16,445 | | - |
| Prepaids | | 225,848 | | 22,006 | | 247,854 | | 96,874 |
| Restricted assets: | | 176 702 | | 1 047 040 | | 1 224 026 | | 202 450 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 176,793 793 | | 1,047,243 | | 1,224,036 793 | | 283,450 |
| Interest & taxes receivable Assessments receivable | | 193 | | 2,273,145 | | 2,273,145 | | - |
| Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation | | - | | 2,273,143 | | 2,273,143 | | - |
| where applicable): | | | | | | | | |
| Land | | 24,966,425 | | 1,864,013 | | 26,830,438 | | 768,913 |
| Buildings | | 11,278,759 | | 1,883,479 | | 13,162,238 | | 3,276,519 |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 657,502 | | 1,470,273 | | 2,127,775 | | - |
| Vehicles and equipment | | 2,166,444 | | 1,129,039 | | 3,295,483 | | 6,542 |
| Infrastructure | | 4,319,505 | | 27,996,087 | | 32,315,592 | | |
| Construction in progress | | 167,234 | | 17,381,230 | | 17,548,464 | | - |
| Total Assets | | 67,605,365 | | 71,643,591 | | 139,248,956 | | 5,918,574 |
| | | | | | _ | | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred outflows - pensions | | 1,314,735 | | 130,028 | | 1,444,763 | | - |
| Deferred outflows - other post employment benefits | | 67,238 | | 24,317 | | 91,555 | | - |
| Deferred charge on refunding | Φ. | 1 201 072 | Φ. | 15,695 | <u>_</u> | 15,695 | <u>r</u> | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 1,381,973 | \$ | 170,040 | \$ | 1,552,013 | \$ | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities | | 645,566 | | 2,553,320 | | 3,198,886 | | 37,400 |
| Accrued interest payable | | 60,531 | | 125,106 | | 185,637 | | - |
| Unearned revenue | | 266,080 | | 31,491 | | 297,571 | | - |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Due within one year | | 1,722,196 | | 3,114,092 | | 4,836,288 | | 67,335 |
| Due in more than one year: | | | | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | | 5,987,327 | | 712,442 | | 6,699,769 | | - |
| Total OPEB liability | | 323,505 | | 116,997 | | 440,502 | | 4 005 570 |
| Other long-term liabilities | | 10,647,504 | | 14,767,613 | _ | 25,415,117 | | 1,825,579 |
| Total Liabilities | | 19,652,709 | | 21,421,061 | _ | 41,073,770 | | 1,930,314 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred inflows - pensions | | 627,957 | | 87,030 | | 714,987 | | _ |
| Deferred inflows - other post employment benefits | | 69,498 | | 25,134 | | 94,632 | | - |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | \$ | 697,455 | \$ | 112,164 | \$ | 809,619 | \$ | - |
| NET DOCITION | | | | | | | | |
| NET POSITION | | 35,276,082 | | 21 011 206 | | 67 007 200 | | 2 704 405 |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: | | 33,270,002 | | 31,811,206 | | 67,087,288 | | 2,794,495 |
| Public safety | | 1,815,660 | | | | 1,815,660 | | |
| Transportation | | 1,502,557 | | - | | 1,502,557 | | - |
| Capital projects | | 2,109,622 | | - | | 2,109,622 | | - |
| Debt service | | 177,586 | | 3,320,388 | | 3,497,974 | | - |
| Donations received | | 177,300 | | 5,520,500 | | 174,992 | | 246,050 |
| Special Assessments | | 164,491 | | - | | 164,491 | | 2-70,000 |
| Unrestricted | | 7,416,184 | | 15,148,812 | | 22,564,996 | | 947,715 |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 48,637,174 | \$ | 50,280,406 | \$ | 98,917,580 | \$ | 3,988,260 |
| term trest establi | _ | , , , , | _ | ,, | <u></u> | , , | _ | , -, |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

| | | | F | Program Revenue | s | Net (Exp | ense) Revenue a | ind Changes in N | et Position |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | F | rimary Governme | ent | Component Unit |
| | F | Indirect Expense | Charges for | Operating Grants and | Capital Grants and | Governmental | Business-type | T. 4.1 | Community Housing & |
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Allocation | Services | Contributions | Contributions | Activities | Activities | Total | Resources, Inc. |
| Primary government: | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | Φ 5.700.405 | Φ (0.744.000) | A 0.000.000 | • | • | A (700.000) | | 4 (700,000) | |
| General government | \$ 5,768,135 | . (, , , | | • | \$ - | \$ (790,899) | | \$ (790,899) | |
| Public safety Physical environment | 6,151,022 703,830 | 428,142 139,342 | 1,193,038 194,845 | 50,000 43,116 | - | (5,336,126) (605,211) | | (5,336,126) (605,211) | |
| Public works/Transportation | 4,830,666 | 58,415 | 90,805 | 2,464,625 | 149,940 | (2,183,711) | | (2,183,711) | |
| Economic environment | 401,622 | 32,715 | 90,003 | 28,125 | 149,940 | (406,212) | | (406,212) | |
| Culture/recreation | 3,372,120 | 756,896 | 447,411 | 176,979 | 13,260 | (3,491,366) | | (3,491,366) | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 213,030 | - | - | - | - | (213,030) | | (213,030) | |
| Total governmental activities | 21,440,425 | (1,328,523) | 4,159,302 | 2,762,845 | 163,200 | (13,026,555) | | (13,026,555) | |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Sewer system | 6,351,983 | 623,963 | 7,771,690 | - | 686,451 | - | \$ 1,482,195 | 1,482,195 | |
| Beach parking | 3,962,185 | 704,560 | 3,232,492 | 1,929,334 | 72,157 | | 567,238 | 567,238 | |
| Total business-type activities | 10,314,168 | 1,328,523 | 11,004,182 | 1,929,334 | 758,608 | | 2,049,433 | 2,049,433 | |
| Total primary government | 31,754,593 | | 15,163,484 | 4,692,179 | 921,808 | (13,026,555) | 2,049,433 | (10,977,122) |) |
| Component unit: | | | | | | | | | |
| Community Housing & Resources, Inc. | \$ 1,094,788 | <u> </u> | \$ 566,085 | \$ 1,028,382 | \$ - | | | | \$ 499,679 |
| | | General revenu | es: | | | | | | |
| | | Property taxes | , levied for gene | ral purpose | | 9,629,100 | - | 9,629,100 | - |
| | | Property taxes | , levied for debt | service | | 793,964 | 698,879 | 1,492,843 | - |
| | | Gas taxes | | | | 1,363,115 | - | 1,363,115 | - |
| | | Local business | taxes | | | 272,045 | - | 272,045 | - |
| | | Communication | ns taxes | | | 529,074 | - | 529,074 | - |
| | | Intergovernmen | tal revenues, no | t restricted to sp | ecific programs | 739,904 | - | 739,904 | _ |
| | | Investment ear | | | 1 3 | 390,742 | 349,787 | 740,529 | 6,352 |
| | | Miscellaneous | 95 | | | 138,044 | - | 138,044 | 6,674 |
| | | Transfers | | | | 463,243 | (463,243) | 100,044 | 0,074 |
| | | | *********** | | | 14,319,231 | 585,423 | 14,904,654 | 13,026 |
| | | Total general | | | | | | | |
| | | Change in ne | • | | | 1,292,676 | 2,634,856 | 3,927,532 | 512,705 |
| | | Net position - beg | | is previously repo | orted | - | 46,755,809 | 46,755,809 | - |
| | | - | See Note #18) | | | | 889,741 | 889,741 | |
| | | Net position - beg | | as restated | | 47,344,498 | 47,645,550 | 94,990,048 | 3,475,555 |
| | | Net position - end | 1 | | | \$ 48,637,174 | \$ 50,280,406 | \$ 98,917,580 | \$ 3,988,260 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2020

| | | General | Tr | ansportation | Go | Other overnmental Funds | G | Total overnmental Funds |
|---|----|-----------------------|----|----------------|----|-------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|
| ASSETS | _ | | | | _ | | _ | |
| Cash and cash equivalents Investments | \$ | 350,327 12,462,952 | \$ | 1,452,001 - | \$ | 9,390,274 | \$ | 11,192,602 12,462,952 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts | | 46,381 | | 1,170 | | 25,301 | | 72,852 |
| Interest | | 251,880 | | - | | - | | 251,880 |
| Due from other funds | | 25,738 | | - | | - | | 25,738 |
| Due from other governments | | 407,077 | | 196,473 | | 37,152 | | 640,702 |
| Note receivable from component unit | | 187,715 | | - | | - | | 187,715 |
| Inventories | | 10,564 | | - | | 4,381 | | 14,945 |
| Prepaid items | | 193,273 | | 26,036 | _ | 6,539 | _ | 225,848 |
| Total assets | \$ | 13,935,907 | \$ | 1,675,680 | \$ | 9,463,647 | \$ | 25,075,234 |
| LIABILITIES Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 249,321 | \$ | 126,038 | \$ | 46,138 | \$ | 421,497 |
| Retainages payable | Ψ | - 10,021 | Ψ | 2,196 | Ψ | - | Ψ | 2,196 |
| Due to other funds | | 1,000,000 | | 2,100 | | 25,738 | | 1,025,738 |
| Deposits | | 5,900 | | _ | | 20,700 | | 5,900 |
| Accrued liabilities | | 167,341 | | 18,853 | | 29,779 | | 215,973 |
| Unearned revenue | | 219,134 | | - | | 46,946 | | 266,080 |
| Total liabilities | _ | 1,641,696 | _ | 147,087 | | 148,601 | | 1,937,384 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue | | 158,783 | | | | | | 158,783 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | | | |
| Inventories | | 10,564 | | _ | | 4,381 | | 14,945 |
| Prepaid items | | 193,273 | | 26,036 | | 6,539 | | 225,848 |
| Long-term loans to component unit | | 167,715 | | · - | | , <u> </u> | | 167,715 |
| Restricted for: | | • | | | | | | • |
| Building permits/operations | | - | | - | | 1,686,612 | | 1,686,612 |
| Transportation capital projects | | - | | 1,502,557 | | - | | 1,502,557 |
| Other capital projects | | - | | - | | 2,109,622 | | 2,109,622 |
| Debt service | | - | | - | | 238,116 | | 238,116 |
| Hazard mitigation | | 129,048 | | - | | - | | 129,048 |
| Donations received | | - | | - | | 174,992 | | 174,992 |
| Canal dredging and trimming | | - | | - | | 164,491 | | 164,491 |
| Committed to: | | | | | | | | |
| Disaster reserve | | 4,500,000 | | - | | - | | 4,500,000 |
| Environmental initiative reserve | | 1,000,000 | | - | | - | | 1,000,000 |
| Insurance deductible reserve | | 215,000 | | - | | - | | 215,000 |
| Assigned to: | | | | | | | | |
| Parks and recreation | | - | | - | | 60,114 | | 60,114 |
| Other capital projects | | - | | - | | 4,891,007 | | 4,891,007 |
| Subsequent year's budget | | 301,323 | | - | | - | | 301,323 |
| Unassigned: | _ | 5,618,505 | _ | | _ | (20,828) | _ | 5,597,677 |
| Total fund balances | _ | 12,135,428 | _ | 1,528,593 | | 9,315,046 | _ | 22,979,067 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances | \$ | 13,935,907 | \$ | 1,675,680 | \$ | 9,463,647 | \$ | 25,075,234 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

| , undante reported for governmental activities in the statement of het position are amoretic because. | |
|---|---------------|
| Total fund balances - governmental funds | \$ 22,979,067 |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | 43,555,869 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to be reported as revenue, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | 158,783 |
| Debt interest payable that will not be liquidated with current financial resources, is not reported in the funds. | (60,531) |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting. | 1,314,735 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to other post employment benefits are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting. | 67,238 |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting. | (627,957) |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to other post employment benefits are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting. | (69,498) |
| Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | (5,987,327) |
| Total other post employment liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | (323,505) |
| Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. | |
| Bonds and notes payable \$ (10,533,000) | |
| Campage at a decape (850,011) | |
| Compensated absences (986,689) | (12,369,700) |
| Net position of governmental activities | \$ 48,637,174 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

| | | General | Tra | ansportation | Go | Other overnmental Funds | G | Total overnmental Funds |
|---|----|--------------|-----|--------------|----|-------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 0 600 400 | φ | | φ | 702.064 | Φ | 10 402 064 |
| Property Gas | Ф | 9,629,100 | \$ | 1 262 115 | \$ | 793,964 | \$ | 10,423,064 |
| Business tax receipts | | 272,045 | | 1,363,115 | | - | | 1,363,115 272,045 |
| Communications services | | 529,074 | | _ | | _ | | 529,074 |
| Casualty insurance premium | | 99,767 | | _ | | _ | | 99,767 |
| Permits, fees, special assessments | | 967,962 | | _ | | 1,169,248 | | 2,137,210 |
| Intergovernmental revenues | | 2,298,301 | | 1,167,960 | | 178,282 | | 3,644,543 |
| Charges for services | | 2,850,689 | | -, 107,000 | | 460,019 | | 3,310,708 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 21,433 | | _ | | 18,474 | | 39,907 |
| Other revenue | | 362,317 | | 31,115 | | 379,358 | | 772,790 |
| Total revenues | _ | 17,030,688 | | 2,562,190 | _ | 2,999,345 | | 22,592,223 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 5,921,722 | | - | | 25,253 | | 5,946,975 |
| Public safety | | 4,973,398 | | - | | 1,075,269 | | 6,048,667 |
| Physical environment | | 658,359 | | - | | | | 658,359 |
| Public works/Transportation | | 2,028,883 | | 2,318,470 | | 89,779 | | 4,437,132 |
| Economic environment | | 401,622 | | - | | - | | 401,622 |
| Culture/recreation | | 778,470 | | - | | 1,922,174 | | 2,700,644 |
| Debt service | | | | | | 0== 040 | | 0== 010 |
| Principal retirement | | - | | - | | 857,613 | | 857,613 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | | | - | | 176,286 | | 176,286 |
| Capital outlay | | 31,535 | | 10,309 | _ | 3,141,743 | | 3,183,587 |
| Total expenditures | | 14,793,989 | | 2,328,779 | | 7,288,117 | _ | 24,410,885 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | | 2,236,699 | | 233,411 | _ | (4,288,772) | _ | (1,818,662) |
| OTHER FINANCING COURCES (HEFE) | | | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in | | 2,395,492 | | 100,000 | | 8,320,191 | | 10,815,683 |
| Transfers out | | (3,187,007) | | 100,000 | | (7,165,433) | | (10,352,440) |
| Long-term notes issued | | (3, 107,007) | | _ | | 5,985,624 | | 5,985,624 |
| | | (701 515) | | 100,000 | | 7,140,382 | | 6,448,867 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | (791,515) | | <u> </u> | _ | 7,140,302 | _ | |
| Net change in fund balances | | 1,445,184 | | 333,411 | | 2,851,610 | | 4,630,205 |
| Fund balances - beginning of year | | 10,690,244 | | 1,195,182 | | 6,463,436 | _ | 18,348,862 |
| Fund balances - end of year | \$ | 12,135,428 | \$ | 1,528,593 | \$ | 9,315,046 | \$ | 22,979,067 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | | \$ | 4,630,205 |
|--|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. | l | | |
| Capital Outlay Depreciation | | | |
| | | | 1,637,333 |
| Net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e. disposals, transfers, donations) which decrease net position. | | | (80,803) |
| Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmenta funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. | • | | |
| Principal debt payments made during the fiscal year Note payable issued in fiscal year 2020 Capital lease entered into in fiscal year 2020 | (5,018,000) | | (5,128,011) |
| The (increase) decrease in certain accrued liabilities reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. | | | |
| Current year change in accrued compensated absences | (58,663) |) | |
| Current year change in accrued interest payable | (36,744) | <u> </u> | |
| Revenue recognized in the statement of activities from a previous period that provides a current financial resource is reported in the funds in the current year. This change represents the change caused by the "available" revenue recognition | | | (95,407) |
| criteria. | | | (141,794) |
| Cash pension contributions reported in the funds were more than the calculated pension expense on the statement of activities and therefore increased net position. | | | 479,851 |
| Other post employment benefits expenses are not reported in government funds | | | |
| but are recognized in the statement of activities. | | | (8,698) |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | | \$ | 1,292,676 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

| | Budgets | | | | | | Variance with | | |
|---|---------|-------------|----|-------------|----|--------------|---------------|------------|--|
| | | Original | | Final | | Actual | | nal Budget | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | | | | | |
| Property, net | \$ | 9,690,381 | \$ | 9,690,381 | \$ | 9,629,100 | \$ | (61,281 | |
| Communications services | | 540,000 | | 540,000 | | 529,074 | | (10,926 | |
| Business tax receipts | | 295,000 | | 295,000 | | 272,045 | | (22,955 | |
| Casualty insurance premium | | 90,240 | | 90,240 | | 99,767 | | 9,527 | |
| Permits, fees, special assessments | | 945,000 | | 945,000 | | 967,962 | | 22,962 | |
| Intergovernmental revenues | | 871,000 | | 2,269,450 | | 2,298,301 | | 28,851 | |
| Charges for services | | 3,096,781 | | 3,096,781 | | 2,850,689 | | (246,092 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 45,000 | | 45,000 | | 21,433 | | (23,567 | |
| Other revenue | | 105,000 | _ | 105,000 | _ | 362,317 | | 257,317 | |
| Total revenues | _ | 15,678,402 | | 17,076,852 | | 17,030,688 | | (46, 164 | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | | | | | 4-0 4-4 | | | |
| Legislative | | 570,244 | | 570,244 | | 472,174 | | 98,070 | |
| Administrative | | 716,895 | | 716,895 | | 689,876 | | 27,019 | |
| Finance | | 1,070,860 | | 1,070,860 | | 1,075,802 | | (4,942 | |
| Legal | | 477,067 | | 477,067 | | 408,770 | | 68,297 | |
| Planning | | 1,081,107 | | 1,008,316 | | 899,907 | | 108,409 | |
| Information technology | | 1,408,211 | | 1,408,211 | | 1,446,141 | | (37,930 | |
| Other General Government | | 868,286 | | 871,551 | _ | 929,052 | | (57,501 | |
| Total General Government | _ | 6,192,670 | | 6,123,144 | | 5,921,722 | | 201,422 | |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | | | |
| Police | | 4,875,579 | | 4,470,072 | | 4,736,281 | | (266,209 | |
| SEMP | | 269,560 | | 260,320 | | 237,117 | | 23,203 | |
| Total Public Safety | | 5,145,139 | _ | 4,730,392 | | 4,973,398 | | (243,006 | |
| Physical Environment | | | | | | | | | |
| Garbage recycling | | 80,699 | | 80,699 | | 75,845 | | 4,854 | |
| Natural resources management | | 577,444 | | 577,444 | | 582,514 | | (5,070 | |
| Total Physical Environment | | 658,143 | | 658,143 | | 658,359 | | (216 | |
| Public Works | | 796,157 | | 2,069,607 | | 2,028,883 | | 40,724 | |
| Economic Environment | | 375,041 | | 375,041 | | 401,622 | | (26,581 | |
| Culture/Recreation | | | | | | | | | |
| Public facilities | | 712,055 | | 629,055 | | 579,968 | | 49,087 | |
| Museum | | 160,672 | | 160,672 | | 156,809 | | 3,863 | |
| Performing arts facility | | 20,000 | | 20,000 | | 41,693 | | (21,693 | |
| Total Culture/Recreation | | 892,727 | | 809,727 | | 778,470 | | 31,257 | |
| Capital Outlay | | | | _ | | 31,535 | | (31,535 | |
| Total Expenditures | _ | 14,059,877 | | 14,766,054 | | 14,793,989 | | (27,935 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | | 1,618,525 | | 2,310,798 | _ | 2,236,699 | | (74,099 | |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 521,430 | | 312,231 | | 2,395,492 | | 2,083,261 | |
| Reserves | | (5,890,000) | | (5,857,240) | | - | | 5,857,240 | |
| Transfers out | | (2,335,080) | | (3,187,007) | | (3,187,007) | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | (7,703,650) | | (8,732,016) | | (791,515) | | 7,940,501 | |
| Net change in fund balance | | (6,085,125) | | (6,421,218) | _ | 1,445,184 | | 7,866,402 | |
| Fund balance - beginning of year | | 9,310,973 | | 10,690,244 | | 10,690,244 | | , -, | |
| Fund balance - end of year | \$ | 3,225,848 | \$ | 4,269,026 | \$ | 12,135,428 | \$ | 7,866,402 | |
| i una balance - ena oi yeal | Ψ | 3,223,040 | Ψ | 1,200,020 | Ψ | .2, 100, 420 | Ψ | 7,000,702 | |

There are no differences between the budgetary basis and Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – TRANSPORTATION FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

| | Transportation Fund | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------|------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-------------|--|--|
| | | Bud | gets | 3 | | | | riance with | | |
| | | Original | | Final | | Actual | | nal Budget | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gas | \$ | 1,422,100 | \$ | 1,422,100 | \$ | 1,363,115 | \$ | (58,985) | | |
| Intergovernmental revenues | | 1,636,950 | | 1,197,922 | | 1,167,960 | | (29,962) | | |
| Other revenue | | 10,000 | | 10,000 | | 31,115 | | 21,115 | | |
| Total revenues | | 3,069,050 | | 2,630,022 | _ | 2,562,190 | | (67,832) | | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public Works/Transportation | | 3,723,962 | | 3,156,658 | | 2,318,470 | | 838,188 | | |
| Capital Outlay | | - | | - | | 10,309 | | (10,309) | | |
| Total expenditures | _ | 3,723,962 | | 3,156,658 | | 2,328,779 | | 827,879 | | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over (under) | | | | | | | | | | |
| expenditures | | (654,912) | | (526,636) | | 233,411 | | 760,047 | | |
| Other financing sources | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 100,000 | | 100,000 | _ | 100,000 | | - | | |
| Net change in fund balance | | (554,912) | | (426,636) | | 333,411 | | 760,047 | | |
| Fund balance - beginning of year | | 614,527 | | 1,195,182 | | 1,195,182 | | - | | |
| Fund balance - end of year | \$ | 59,615 | \$ | 768,546 | \$ | 1,528,593 | \$ | 760,047 | | |

There are no differences between the budgetary basis and Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2020

| | Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Sanibel | | | | | | | |
| | Sewer | Beach | | | | | | |
| | System | Parking | Total | | | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 12,534,238 | \$ 1,876,389 | \$ 14,410,627 | | | | | |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts | 401,257 | - | 401,257 | | | | | |
| Restricted assessments receivable | 445,065 | - | 445,065 | | | | | |
| Due from other funds | 1,000,000 | - | 1,000,000 | | | | | |
| Due from other governments | 1,491 | 762,201 | 763,692 | | | | | |
| Prepaids | 8,503 | 13,503 | 22,006 | | | | | |
| Inventories | 1,500 | | 1,500 | | | | | |
| Total current assets | 14,392,054 | 2,652,093 | 17,044,147 | | | | | |
| Noncurrent assets | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,047,243 | - | 1,047,243 | | | | | |
| Assessments receivable | 1,828,080 | - | 1,828,080 | | | | | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 2,875,323 | | 2,875,323 | | | | | |
| Capital assets | | | | | | | | |
| Land | 1,474,795 | 389,218 | 1,864,013 | | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,419,054 | 2,474,444 | 3,893,498 | | | | | |
| Improvements other than buildings | - | 2,230,621 | 2,230,621 | | | | | |
| Vehicles and equipment | 2,369,261 | 2,108,622 | 4,477,883 | | | | | |
| Infrastructure | 70,336,085 | - | 70,336,085 | | | | | |
| Construction in progress | 17,365,590 | 15,640 | 17,381,230 | | | | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (45,736,599) | (2,722,610) | (48,459,209) | | | | | |
| Total capital assets, net | 47,228,186 | 4,495,935 | 51,724,121 | | | | | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 50,103,509 | 4,495,935 | 54,599,444 | | | | | |
| Total assets | 64,495,563 | 7,148,028 | 71,643,591 | | | | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred outflows - pensions | - | 130,028 | 130,028 | | | | | |
| Deferred outflows - other post employment benefits | 11,719 | 12,598 | 24,317 | | | | | |
| Deferred charge on bond refunding | 15,695 | - | 15,695 | | | | | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | \$ 27,414 | \$ 142,626 | \$ 170,040 | | | | | |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2020

| | Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds | | | | | |
|---|---|------------|----|-----------|----|------------|
| | Sanibel | | | | | |
| | | Sewer | | Beach | | |
| | | System | | Parking | | Total |
| LIABILITIES | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Current liabilities | | | | | | |
| Account payable and other current liabilities | \$ | 850,061 | \$ | 177,089 | \$ | 1,027,150 |
| Accrued liabilities | | 1,482,475 | | 43,695 | | 1,526,170 |
| Unearned Revenue | | 31,491 | | - | | 31,491 |
| Accrued interest payable | | 125,106 | | - | | 125,106 |
| Compensated absences | | 114,980 | | 113,689 | | 228,669 |
| Debt: | | | | | | |
| Revenue bonds | | 1,324,668 | | - | | 1,324,668 |
| Notes Payable | | 1,560,755 | | | | 1,560,755 |
| Total debt | | 2,885,423 | | | | 2,885,423 |
| Total current liabilities | | 5,489,536 | | 334,473 | _ | 5,824,009 |
| Noncurrent liabilities | | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | | 129,974 | | 582,468 | | 712,442 |
| Compensated absences | | 38,327 | | 37,896 | | 76,223 |
| Total other post employment benefits liability | | 56,384 | | 60,613 | | 116,997 |
| Debt: | | , | | , | | , |
| Notes Payable | | 14,691,390 | | _ | | 14,691,390 |
| Total debt | | 14,691,390 | | - | | 14,691,390 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | | 14,916,075 | | 680,977 | | 15,597,052 |
| Total liabilities | | 20,405,611 | | 1,015,450 | | 21,421,061 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Deferred inflows - pensions | | 26,931 | | 60,099 | | 87,030 |
| Deferred inflows - other post employment benefits | | 12,113 | | 13,021 | | 25,134 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 39,044 | | 73,120 | | 112,164 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 27,413,492 | | 4,397,714 | | 31,811,206 |
| Restricted for: | | .,, | | ., | | ,, |
| Debt service | | 3,320,388 | | - | | 3,320,388 |
| Unrestricted | | 13,344,442 | | 1,804,370 | | 15,148,812 |
| Total net position | \$ | 44,078,322 | \$ | 6,202,084 | \$ | 50,280,406 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

| | Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds | | | |
|---|---|-----------|------------------|--------------------|
| | Sanibel | | | |
| | Sewer | | Beach | |
| | System | | Parking | Total |
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 7,604,8 | 35 \$ | 2,852,593 | \$ 10,457,428 |
| Licenses and permits | 0.5 | - | 172,047 | 172,047 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 9,5 157.2 | | 204,810 3,042 | 214,320 160,387 |
| Other revenue | 157,3 | | | |
| Total operating revenues | 7,771,6 | 90 _ | 3,232,492 | 11,004,182 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | |
| Personnel services | 1,621,4 | 26 | 1,625,107 | 3,246,533 |
| Professional and Contractual services | 462,0 | | 727,151 | 1,189,231 |
| Materials and supplies | 233,0 | | 155,008 | 388,061 |
| Utilities | 318,5 | 97 | 79,425 | 398,022 |
| Depreciation | 2,456,9 | | 384,129 | 2,841,127 |
| Insurance | 16,7 | | 82,973 | 99,685 |
| Administrative charges | 727,6 | | 942,894 | 1,670,583 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 802,9 | | 670,798 | 1,473,792 |
| Total operating expenses | 6,639,5 | 49 | 4,667,485 | 11,307,034 |
| Operating income (loss) | 1,132,1 | 41 _ | (1,434,993) | (302,852) |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | | |
| Taxes | 698,8 | 79 | - | 698,879 |
| Investment earnings | 205,2 | 63 | 43,674 | 248,937 |
| Special assessment interest income | 100,8 | 50 | - | 100,850 |
| Intergovernmental | | - | 1,929,334 | 1,929,334 |
| Contributions to other organizations | | - | (5,000) | (5,000) |
| Gain on disposition of equipment | | - | 5,740 | 5,740 |
| Interest expense and fiscal charges | (336,3 | 97) | | (336,397) |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses) | 668,5 | 95 | 1,973,748 | 2,642,343 |
| Income before capital contributions and transfers | 1,800,7 | 36 | 538,755 | 2,339,491 |
| CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS | | | | |
| Capital contributions | 76,1 | 92 | - | 76,192 |
| Capital contributions intergovernmental | 610,2 | 59 | 72,157 | 682,416 |
| Total capital contributions | 686,4 | 51 | 72,157 | 758,608 |
| TRANSFERS | | | | |
| Transfers out to other funds | (7,5 | 00) | (455,743) | (463,243) |
| Total net transfers | (7,5 | | (455,743) | (463,243) |
| Change in net position | 2,479,6 | | 155,169 | 2,634,856 |
| Net position - beginning of year as previously reported | 40,708,8 | | _ | 40,708,894 |
| Adjustment (See Note #18) | 889,7 | | _ | 889,741 |
| Net position - beginning of year, as restated | 41,598,6 | | 6,046,915 | 47,645,550 |
| Net position - end of year | \$ 44,078,3 | | 6,202,084 | \$ 50,280,406 |
| Hot position - one or your | Ψ 11,070,0. | <u></u> Ψ | 5,252,004 | |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

| | Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------|----|-------------|----|---------------------|
| | | Sanibel | | | | |
| | | Sewer | | Beach | | |
| | | System | | Parking | | Total |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | · | | | | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ | 7,769,205 | \$ | 3,232,492 | \$ | 11,001,697 |
| Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services | | (2,563,415) | | (2,737,631) | | (5,301,046) |
| Cash payments to employees for services | | (1,701,229) | | (1,786,585) | | (3,487,814) |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | 3,504,561 | _ | (1,291,724) | _ | 2,212,837 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Contributions to other entities | | _ | | (5,000) | | (5,000) |
| Transfers to other funds | | (7,500) | | (455,743) | | (463,243) |
| Repayment of interfund borrowing | | 5,890,000 | | (100,710) | | 5,890,000 |
| Interfund borrowing cash payments | | (2,890,000) | | _ | | (2,890,000) |
| Subsidy from intergovernmental grants | | (=,000,000) | | 1,909,645 | | 1,909,645 |
| Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities | | 2,992,500 | | 1,448,902 | | 4,441,402 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Collection of taxes for bond debt service | | 608 87 <i>1</i> | | _ | | 608 87/ |
| Collection of taxes for bond debt service | | 698,874 | | - | | 698,874 |
| Capital contributions from intergovernmental grants | | 2,500,000 | | 72,157 | | 2,572,157 |
| Capital contributions | | 76,192 | | - | | 76,192 |
| Collection of special assessments | | 525,162 | | - | | 525,162 |
| Acquisition/construction of capital assets | | (10,646,826) | | (119,506) | | (10,766,332) |
| Proceeds from capital debt issuance | | 10,036,000 | | - | | 10,036,000 |
| Principal paid on capital debt | | (2,819,841) | | - | | (2,819,841) |
| Interest paid on capital debt | | (261,982) | | - 13,650 | | (261,982) 13,650 |
| Proceeds from sales of capital assets | _ | | _ | 13,650 | _ | 13,030 |
| Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities | | 107,579 | _ | (33,699) | _ | 73,880 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | |
| Interest and investment earnings | | 306,113 | | 43,674 | | 349,787 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | _ | 306,113 | _ | 43,674 | _ | 349,787 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 6,910,753 | | 167,153 | | 7,077,906 |
| Cash and equivalents, beginning of year | | 6,670,728 | | 1,709,236 | _ | 8,379,964 |
| Cash and equivalents, end of year | \$ | 13,581,481 | \$ | 1,876,389 | \$ | 15,457,870 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

| | Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------|----|-------------|----|------------|--|
| | | Sanibel | | | | _ | |
| | | Sewer | | Beach | | | |
| | | System | | Parking | | Total | |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net | | | | | | | |
| cash provided (used) by operating activities | | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 1,132,141 | \$ | (1,434,993) | \$ | (302,852) | |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to | | | | | | | |
| net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 2,456,998 | | 384,129 | | 2,841,127 | |
| Non-cash expenses | | | | | | | |
| Decrease in net pension liability | | (166,003) | | (336, 184) | | (502, 187) | |
| Decrease in net pension liability | | | | | | | |
| deferred outflows of resources | | 14,283 | | 87,555 | | 101,838 | |
| Increase in net pension liability | | | | | | | |
| deferred inflows of resources | | 26,931 | | 58,350 | | 85,281 | |
| Increase in other post employment benefits | | | | | | | |
| liability | | 8,282 | | 11,550 | | 19,832 | |
| Increase in other post employment benefits lial | oility | | | | | | |
| deferred outflows of resources | | (7,747) | | (8,546) | | (16,293) | |
| Increase in other post employment benefits lial | oility | | | | | | |
| deferred inflows of resources | | 286 | | 957 | | 1,243 | |
| Net (increase) decrease in assets: | | ,_ ,, | | | | | |
| Accounts receivables | | (7,475) | | - | | (7,475) | |
| Inventories | | 1,150 | | - | | 1,150 | |
| Other assets | | (1,037) | | (676) | | (1,713) | |
| Net increase (decrease) in liabilities: | | 0.507 | | (70.700) | | (70.440) | |
| Accounts payable/other current liabilities | | 2,587 | | (78,706) | | (76,119) | |
| Accrued liabilities/compensated absences | _ | 44,165 | | 24,840 | | 69,005 | |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$ | 3,504,561 | \$ | (1,291,724) | \$ | 2,212,837 | |
| | _ | | _ | | | | |
| Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: | | | | | | | |
| Capital acquisitions at year end included in accounts | | | | | | | |
| payable and paid subsequent to year end | \$ | 2,253,576 | \$ | 98,221 | \$ | 2,351,797 | |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2020

| | | Pension Trust Funds | Agency Funds | | |
|--|-----------|---------------------------|-----------------|--------|--|
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | <u>\$</u> | 4,964,922 | \$ | 19,893 | |
| Investments, at fair value | | | | | |
| Domestic equities | | 23,572,837 | | - | |
| International equities | | 8,672,068 | | - | |
| Fixed income securities | | 8,049,366 | | - | |
| Government securities | | 2,315,222 | | - | |
| Convertibles | | 2,821,411 | | - | |
| Real estate investments | | 5,043,764 | | _ | |
| Total investments at fair value | | 50,474,668 | | | |
| Investment asset transfer receivable | | 374,259 | | - | |
| Interest and dividends receivable | | 57,754 | | | |
| Total receivables | | 432,013 | | | |
| Total assets | | 55,871,603 | \$ | 19,893 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Accrued benefits and other liabilities | | 22,502 | | - | |
| Due to other governments | | | | 19,893 | |
| Total liabilities | | 22,502 | \$ | 19,893 | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | |
| Net position restricted for pensions | \$ | 55,849,101 | | | |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

| ADDITIONS Contributions \$ 2,186,720 State of Florida 99,767 Plan members 192,545 Total contributions 2,479,032 Investment income 2,826,527 Net appreciation in fair value of investments 2,826,527 Interest and dividends 1,499,871 Total investment earnings 4,326,398 Less investment expense (238,000) Net investment earnings 4,088,398 Total additions 6,567,430 DEDUCTIONS 285,383 Refunds of contributions 285,383 Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 Net position - end of year 55,849,101 | | | Pension Trust Funds |
|---|---|----|---------------------------|
| Employer \$ 2,186,720 State of Florida 99,767 Plan members 192,545 Total contributions 2,479,032 Investment income 2,826,527 Net appreciation in fair value of investments 2,826,527 Interest and dividends 1,499,871 Total investment earnings 4,326,398 Less investment expense (238,000) Net investment earnings 4,088,398 Total additions 6,567,430 DEDUCTIONS 3 Benefits paid 3,221,320 Lump sum DROP distributions 285,383 Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | | | |
| State of Florida 99,767 Plan members 192,545 Total contributions 2,479,032 Investment income 2,826,527 Net appreciation in fair value of investments 2,826,527 Interest and dividends 1,499,871 Total investment earnings 4,326,398 Less investment expense (238,000) Net investment earnings 4,088,398 Total additions 6,567,430 DEDUCTIONS 3 Benefits paid 3,221,320 Lump sum DROP distributions 285,383 Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | | | |
| Plan members 192,545 Total contributions 2,479,032 Investment income | | \$ | |
| Total contributions 2,479,032 Investment income 2,826,527 Net appreciation in fair value of investments 2,826,527 Interest and dividends 1,499,871 Total investment earnings 4,326,398 Less investment expense (238,000) Net investment earnings 4,088,398 Total additions 6,567,430 DEDUCTIONS 3,221,320 Lump sum DROP distributions 285,383 Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | | | |
| Investment income | Plan members | _ | 192,545 |
| Net appreciation in fair value of investments 2,826,527 Interest and dividends 1,499,871 Total investment earnings 4,326,398 Less investment expense (238,000) Net investment earnings 4,088,398 Total additions 6,567,430 DEDUCTIONS 3,221,320 Lump sum DROP distributions 285,383 Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | Total contributions | | 2,479,032 |
| Interest and dividends 1,499,871 Total investment earnings 4,326,398 Less investment expense (238,000) Net investment earnings 4,088,398 Total additions 6,567,430 DEDUCTIONS Senefits paid Lump sum DROP distributions 285,383 Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | Investment income | | |
| Total investment earnings 4,326,398 Less investment expense (238,000) Net investment earnings 4,088,398 Total additions 6,567,430 DEDUCTIONS Benefits paid 3,221,320 Lump sum DROP distributions 285,383 Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | Net appreciation in fair value of investments | | 2,826,527 |
| Less investment expense (238,000) Net investment earnings 4,088,398 Total additions 6,567,430 DEDUCTIONS Benefits paid 3,221,320 Lump sum DROP distributions 285,383 Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | Interest and dividends | | 1,499,871 |
| Net investment earnings 4,088,398 Total additions 6,567,430 DEDUCTIONS | Total investment earnings | | 4,326,398 |
| Total additions 6,567,430 DEDUCTIONS 3,221,320 Lump sum DROP distributions 285,383 Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | Less investment expense | | (238,000) |
| DEDUCTIONS 3,221,320 Benefits paid 3,221,320 Lump sum DROP distributions 285,383 Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | Net investment earnings | | 4,088,398 |
| Benefits paid 3,221,320 Lump sum DROP distributions 285,383 Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | Total additions | | 6,567,430 |
| Lump sum DROP distributions 285,383 Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | DEDUCTIONS | | |
| Refunds of contributions 14,330 Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | Benefits paid | | 3,221,320 |
| Administrative expenses 85,376 Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | Lump sum DROP distributions | | 285,383 |
| Total deductions 3,606,409 Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | Refunds of contributions | | 14,330 |
| Change in net position 2,961,021 Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | Administrative expenses | | 85,376 |
| Net position - beginning of year 52,888,080 | Total deductions | | 3,606,409 |
| | Change in net position | | 2,961,021 |
| Net position - end of year \$ 55,849,101 | Net position - beginning of year | | 52,888,080 |
| | Net position - end of year | \$ | 55,849,101 |

The Notes to the Financial Statements include a summary of significant accounting principles and other disclosures necessary for a clear understanding of the City of Sanibel's financial transactions and position. The Notes to the Financial Statement are an integral part of the financial statements and should be considered together when reading.

This section contains the following subsections:

| Note 1 | Summary of Significant Accounting Policies | 62 |
|---------|--|-----|
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Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated November 5, 1974. The Charter of the City was adopted pursuant to the Laws of Florida, Chapter 74-606, as from time to time amended. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides municipal services such as police protection, public works, parks, recreation, natural resources, below market housing and all the necessary functions of general government. The City also has two enterprise operations consisting of wastewater (sewer) utility services and beach parking services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) accepted in the United States of America, as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the City's more significant accounting policies.

The accompanying financial statements present the combined financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the applicable fund types governed by the City of Sanibel.

As prescribed by the GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government are financially accountable and other organizations whose exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Each potential component unit is individually evaluated using specific criteria outlined by the GASB to determine whether the entity is: a) part of the primary government; b) a component unit which should be included in the reporting entity (blended or discretely presented); or c) an organization which should be excluded from the reporting entity entirely. The principal criteria for classifying a potential component unit include: a) the legal separateness of the organization; and b) the financial accountability to the primary government resulting from either the primary government's ability to impose its will on the potential component unit or the potential component unit's fiscal dependency on the primary government.

In determining the agencies, boards, or authorities to be included in the comprehensive annual financial report, the City has considered all potential component units. Under criteria established by the GASB, component units are to be either blended with the primary government or presented discretely. For a component unit to be blended it must meet one or both of the following two situations: 1) the board of the component unit is substantively the same as that of the primary government; or 2) the component unit serves the primary government exclusively, or almost exclusively.

Discretely-Presented Component Unit – Based upon the application of these criteria, the following entity was determined to be a discretely-presented component unit:

Community Housing and Resources, Inc. (CHR) is a legally separate organization with its own board that is not selected by the City Council. CHR provides services almost entirely to the citizens of the City of Sanibel. CHR is fiscally dependent upon the City in that there is a financial burden to the City and the nature and significance of the relationship between the City and CHR is such that excluding CHR from the City's financial statements would be misleading and incomplete. Additionally, the support that the City provides to CHR is a significant financial component of its overall operations. CHR has issued separate financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2020, which may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices located at 2401 Library Way, Sanibel, Florida, 33957.

B. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the City has a discretely presented component unit. While CHR is not considered to be a major component unit, it is nevertheless shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's sewer and beach parking functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of the City's governmental and business-type activities. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment including depreciation. The City does not allocate the interest expense of governmental fund debt, but the City does allocate certain indirect costs such as finance, personnel, legal, etc., from general government to other functions and/or segments. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

C. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds and agency funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Since the governmental fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, a reconciliation statement is provided which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the results of governmental fund accounting to the government-wide presentations.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the Sanibel Sewer System and of the Beach Parking enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Operating expenses for the Sanibel Sewer System and Beach Parking enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. The GASB sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined), for the determination of major funds. In addition, the City can choose to report certain funds as major funds for qualitative reasons. The nonmajor funds are presented in one column in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- **General Fund** the general fund is the City's primary operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to another fund are accounted for in this fund. Most current operating expenditures of the City, other than proprietary fund activities, are financed through revenues received by the general fund.
- Transportation Fund a special revenue fund used to account for the public works department's street division. All activities necessary to provide repaving, maintenance and repairs to the City's streets, shared-use paths, and drainage system. Revenues are received from local option gas taxes, municipal fuel allocation portion of the State of Florida's municipal shared revenues and fuel tax rebates. Additionally, an interlocal agreement with Lee County provides the City with 21% of the Causeway's surplus tolls.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Sewer System Fund an enterprise fund used to account for the provision of wastewater
 collection and disposal services and wastewater reuse services to the residents and businesses of
 the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including
 administration, operations, construction, maintenance, financing and related debt service costs,
 billing, and collection.
- Beach Parking Fund an enterprise fund used to account for the provision of parking and shareduse path access to the beaches, public safety services, beach facilities maintenance services and
 beach maintenance services. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in
 this fund, including administration, operations, construction, maintenance, and collection of
 parking fees and parking violation fines. This fund receives operating grants from local agencies
 that augment beach maintenance.

Governmental and enterprise funds which do not meet the criteria for reporting as major funds are grouped together for financial reporting in one column. The City has no nonmajor enterprise funds, and reports certain nonmajor governmental funds of the following fund type:

- Special Revenue Funds to account for and report the proceeds of certain specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.
- **Debt Service Funds** to account for and report financial resources that are restricted to the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs for governmental fund types.
- Capital Project Funds to account for and report financial resources that are received or appropriated for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

In addition, the City reports the following fiduciary fund types:

- Pension Trust Funds to account for resources used to finance the City's retirement programs.
 These funds are accounted for in the same manner as proprietary fund types. The City has two pension trust funds which accumulate resources to provide retirement benefits to City employees.
 The two pension trust funds are the Municipal Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund and the General Employees' Pension Trust Fund.
- Agency Funds to account for fees collected and held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental agencies. The City collects and remits funds to the Sanibel Fire Rescue District, the Lee County School Board, and various departments within Lee County.

During the normal course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available.

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise fees, other local taxes, revenue sharing, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

The proprietary and pension funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities. They are merely clearing accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governmental entities.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. The City considers cash on hand, the cash and investment pool and non-pooled investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

The City's cash and investment pool allows individual funds, at any time, to deposit additional cash or make withdrawals without prior notice or penalty. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to funds based on their average daily balances. Investments include non-pooled investments with original maturities of three months or more when purchased.

For all funds except the pension trust funds, investments consist of U.S. Government securities, U.S. Government Agency securities, bonds issued by corporations organized under the laws of the United States or District of Columbia with superior investment grade ratings, investment grade obligations of state and local governments and public authorities with a maturity greater than three months and are carried at fair value. In addition, investments in the City's pension funds include U.S. Government securities, corporate bonds, equity securities, comingled real estate fund and mutual funds.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. See note 3 for more information on fair value measurements. The difference between cost and fair value of investments held is recorded as net unrealized gains or losses and is included in net investment earnings.

F. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are reported as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

G. Inventories

Inventories consisting of materials and supplies held for consumption are stated at cost (first in, first-out method). The City utilizes the consumption method of accounting for inventories consisting of materials and supplies, which provides that expenditures/expenses are recognized when inventory is used. Inventories held for resale are stated at the lower of cost or market. Perpetual inventory records are maintained and adjusted annually to physical inventory amounts as of September 30th of each year for inventories held for resale.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the City's bonds and notes (both governmental and proprietary funds), as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or other legal agreements. The debt service funds are used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months. The reserve funds are used to report resources set aside to pay debt service if the sources of the pledged revenues do not generate sufficient funds to satisfy the debt service requirements. Additionally, there are restricted assets in capital project funds and special revenue funds that are to be used only for specific purposes.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, shared-use paths, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The difference between the acquisition value and the amount paid for bargain purchase assets transferred between governmental entities at nominal amounts is treated as if it were a donated asset. In the governmental funds only, the amount paid in cash is reported as a capital expenditure. The difference between acquisition value and the capital expenditure is reported as capital contribution revenue in the government-wide financial statement. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The ranges of useful lives are as follows:

| <u>Assets</u> | <u>Years</u> |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Buildings | 15-50 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 15 |
| Infrastructure | 30 |
| Vehicles and Equipment | 5-10 |

The cost of assets retired or sold, together with the related accumulated depreciation, is removed from the accounts and any gain or loss on disposition is credited or charged to earnings.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

K. Compensated Absences

The City's regular full-time (40-hour-per-week) employees may accrue a maximum of 240 vacation hours. Regularly scheduled part-time employees who regularly work at least 16 hours per week accrue vacation leave in proportion to the amount of time worked. Sick leave accumulation is unlimited. Upon termination, employees can be paid for all accrued vacation time and 1/4 of all accrued sick time to a maximum of 390 hours. These benefits plus their related taxes are classified as compensated absences. The accumulated compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds.

The expenditure and liability for compensated absences are recognized in the governmental funds only when they have matured. That is, the only portion of the liability reported in the governmental funds is that amount of reimbursable unused vacation leave and sick leave payable to employees who have terminated their employment as of the end of the fiscal year.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond insurance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City has five items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds' statement of net position a deferred charge on refunding is reported, resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The City is also reporting a deferred outflow related to pensions in two components (for the net differences between actual and projected earnings and differences between expected and actual experience) in both the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds' statement of net position. The deferred net differences between actual and projected earnings and differences between expected and actual experience are amortized over five years using the straight-line method.

The City is also reporting a deferred outflow in the other post-employment benefits plan for employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as an expense in the next fiscal year. Additionally, a deferred outflow related to other post-employment benefits is recognized for a change of assumptions and is being amortized over 9 years. See note 12 for more information. Finally, the deferred difference between expected and actual experience is amortized over 5 years using the straight-line method in the Municipal Police Officers' pension plan.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has five items that qualifies for reporting in this category.

Deferred inflows related to the Municipal Police Officers' pension plan for the net differences between actual and projected experience are reported on the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds' statement of net position in the City's basic financial statements. The deferred difference between actual and expected experience are amortized over 5 years. See note 12 for more information. Additionally, a change of assumptions is reported related to the Municipal Police Officers' pension plan and is being amortized over 5 years. A deferred inflow is also being reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds' statement of net position related to the General Employees' Pension Plan for the difference between actual and projected earnings and is being amortized over 5 years.

Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits for a change in assumptions and the difference between actual and expected experience are reported on the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds' statement of net position in the City's basic financial statements. These items are amortized over 8-10 years.

N. Utility Connection (Impact) Fees

The City utilizes utility connection fees as a means for funding capital expansion required to meet sewer system demands resulting from growth. These fees are recorded as capital contribution revenue in the Sewer Fund when charged.

O. Special Assessments

The City levies special assessments against benefited property owners for construction of wastewater utility expansion in certain areas of the City. The special assessments are recorded as capital contributions, net of refunds, in the enterprise funds.

P. Unearned Revenue

Receipts that do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition, such as business tax receipts collected in advance, are reported as unearned revenues for both the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

Q. Intragovernmental Allocation of Administrative Expenses

The general fund incurs certain administrative expenses for other funds, including accounting, legal, information technology, personnel administration, and other administrative services. The governmental activities that received these services were charged \$1,415,510 and the business-type activities that received these services were charged \$1,328,523. Administrative expenses not directly charged to a fund are allocated as indirect expenses on the Statement of Activities.

R. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balance is reported in five components: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Nonspendable – This component includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This component consists of amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers such as creditors (by debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – This component consists of amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City Council taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned – This component consists of amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the City Council or City Manager as established in the City's fund balance policy.

Unassigned — Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents spendable fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The City uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy – The City's policy is to maintain an adequate general fund unassigned fund balance to provide liquidity to meet seasonal shortfalls in cash flow and reduce susceptibility to emergency or unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls. Fund balance information is used to identify the available resources to repay long-term debt, reduce property taxes, add new governmental programs, expand existing ones, or enhance the financial position of the City, in accordance with policies established by the City Council. The City Council adopted a financial standard to maintain a general fund minimum unassigned fund balance of 17% of general fund operating expenditures.

S. Net Position

The net positions reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. The first category represents property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, less outstanding debt related to the acquisition of those assets. The restricted category represents the balance of assets restricted by requirements of revenue bonds and other externally or legislatively imposed constraints in excess of the related liabilities payable from restricted assets. The unrestricted category represents all other resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgets - Legal Compliance

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, and enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and are not automatically re-appropriated the following fiscal year.

On July 1st of each year, the Lee County Property Appraiser supplies the City with the assessed taxable valuation of the property located within the City on which the City's millage (property tax) rate for the next budget year will be based. Prior to July 31st a public hearing is held at which a proposed budget is presented to the City Council and, by resolution, the City Council establishes a proposed millage (property tax) rate for the subsequent fiscal year, which begins on October 1st.

Based on the State of Florida Truth in Millage (TRIM) calendar, the City holds two public hearings on the tentative millage rate and tentative budget during the month of September. State statutes require that on or before September 30th of each year the budget should be legally adopted by resolution. The fiscal year 2020 budget was adopted on September 23, 2019. Five-year financial plans are also adopted for all capital project funds.

Budget amounts are presented as originally adopted and as amended by the City Council. Budget amendments, which are adopted by resolution of the City Council, are used to revise the budgeted amounts through the year. The City Manager may amend the budget within existing appropriations of individual funds. The level of control whereby expenditures cannot exceed appropriations is at the fund level. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, various supplemental appropriations were approved by the City Council in accordance with this policy.

B. Budgeted Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Shell Harbor Dredging fund by \$60,938 (mostly provided by ending fund balance, however a deficit of \$1,880 was carried into the next fiscal year); in the 2020 Public Safety Vehicle Capital Lease fund by \$133,184 (which was provided by a transfer in from the General Fund); in the 2020 \$5.0 Capital Improvement Revenue Note fund by \$18,000 (which was provided by debt proceeds), in the Capital Asset Acquisition fund by \$8,984 (provided by ending fund balance), in the Center 4 Life Capital Improvement Project fund by \$14,274 (provided by ending fund balance), and in the Recreation Center Sinking Fund by \$32,570 (provided by ending fund balance).

C. Property Taxes

All real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable on November 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as the tax roll is certified by the Lee County Property Appraiser and become delinquent on April 1 of the following year. The Lee County Tax Collector bills and collects all property taxes levied with the City. The tax collector mails to each property owner on the tax roll a notice of taxes levied by the various governmental entities in the County. Discounts are allowed for payment of property taxes made between November 1 and March 1. Tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes or assessments must be sold no later than June 1st of each year.

The laws of Florida provide for procedures for collecting delinquent taxes, including applicable tax certificate sales, tax deed sales and tangible personal property seizure and sales. Enforceable lien date is approximately two years after taxes become delinquent and occurs only upon request of a holder of a delinquent tax certificate. Key dates in the property tax cycle (latest date, where appropriate) are as follows:

July 1: Assessment roll certified

 93 Days later: Millage resolution approved, and taxes levied following certification of assessment roll

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

November 1: Property taxes become due and payable (maximum discount 4%)

April 1: Taxes become delinquent (lien date)

• June 1: Tax certificates sold

The City is generally permitted by the State of Florida to levy taxes up to \$10 per \$1,000 of assessed real and personal property valuation for general governmental services. The tax rates for the year ended September 30, 2020 (tax year 2019) that were adopted by City Council are as follows: 1) 1.8922 mils for general governmental operations; 2) 0.1373 mils for voted debt service for the sewer expansion project; 3) 0.0500 mils for the 2012 series general obligation refunding bonds used to purchase environmentally sensitive land; and 4) 0.1060 mils for the 2006 series general obligation refunding bonds used to construct a recreational facility. All rates are per \$1,000 of assessed property valuation.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

At September 30, 2020, the carrying amount of cash on hand and on deposit with banks and investment accounts, including interest-bearing deposits, was \$16,276,236.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the city's deposits may not be returned to it. In accordance with its policy, all the City's deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to State of Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. Under the Act, every qualified public depository shall deposit with the Treasurer eligible collateral of the depository to be held subject to his or her order. The Treasurer, by rule, shall establish minimum required collateral pledging levels. The pledging level may range from 25% to 200% of the average monthly balance of public deposits depending upon the depository's financial condition and establishment period. All collateral must be deposited with an approved financial institution. Any potential losses to public depositors are covered by applicable deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral and, if necessary, assessments against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

B. City Investments

By Florida Statutes 218.415 and by Ordinance No. 15-008, the City is authorized to invest in the Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, intergovernmental investment pools authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, as provided in Section 163.01 Florida Statutes, Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds, interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposit, direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, Federal agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, and collateralized mortgage obligations when the purpose of the purchase is to hold such investment to maturity, prime commercial paper of a United States corporation, finance company or banking institution, regulated bond mutual funds, corporate bonds or other corporate debt securities and investment grade obligations of state and local governments and public authorities. Additionally, the pension trust funds are authorized to invest in equity securities.

The City seeks to optimize return on investments within the constraints of safety and liquidity. Securities are not sold prior to maturity with the following exceptions: a) a declining credit security could be sold early to minimize loss of principal; b) a security swap would improve the quality, yield or target duration in the portfolio; or c) liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

The City's investment policy defines suitable/authorized investment instruments and investment guidelines for each investment program: operating funds (pooled investments), reserve funds (non-pooled investments), surplus funds (pooled investments) and restricted funds (non-pooled investments).

Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

The City's investment programs' portfolios are under the direction and daily supervision of an investment adviser (Integrity Fixed Income Management, LLC). Investment compliance and performance is monitored by Burgess Chambers & Associates, Inc.

The City maintains an investment pool that is available for use by all funds, except the Pension Trust Funds. The investments of the Pension Trust Funds are held separately from those of other City funds and are governed by individual boards of trustees. Interest income earned as a result of pooling is allocated based upon the proportionate balance of each fund's equity in pooled cash and pooled investments.

The following tables provide a summary of the City's investments in pooled and non-pooled investments as of September 30, 2020.

| Pooled Investments | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Investment Maturities | | | | | | |
| | Percent of | | Less Than | 3-12 | 1-3 | Over | | | | |
| Investment Type | Portfolio | Fair Value | 3 Months | Months | Years | 3 Years | | | | |
| Florida PRIME | 2.66% | \$ 267,719 | \$ 267,719 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | | |
| Federated Treasury Obligation | 0.13% | 12,605 | 12,605 | - | - | - | | | | |
| U.S. Gov Obligations | 0.15% | 15,200 | - | 15,200 | - | - | | | | |
| Taxable Municipal Obligations | 86.97% | 8,744,928 | 1,635,034 | 1,965,912 | 3,448,768 | 1,695,214 | | | | |
| Corporate Bonds | 10.09% | 1,014,727 | - | 282,012 | 414,497 | 318,218 | | | | |
| | | \$10,055,179 | \$1,915,358 | \$2,263,124 | \$3,863,265 | \$2,013,432 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | Non- | Pooled I | nvestm | ents | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|--------|---------------------|--------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|------|---------|
| | | | | | | lnv | estmen | t Matu | rities | | |
| | Percent of | | | Less | Less Than 3-12 | | | 1-3 | | Over | |
| Investment Type | Portfolio | Fair | Fair Value 3 Months | | Mor | Months | | ears | 3 Years | | |
| GNMA | 0.00% | \$ | 313 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 313 | \$ | - |
| Florida PRIME | 2.38% | 3 | 305,062 | 30 | 5,062 | | - | | - | | - |
| Federated Treasury Obligation | 0.26% | | 33,888 | 3 | 3,888 | | - | | - | | - |
| Taxable Municipal Obligations | 93.55% | 11,9 | 976,400 | 5,92 | 7,073 | 2,16 | 1,803 | 3,3 | 327,526 | | 559,998 |
| Corporate Bonds | 3.81% | 4 | 186,239 | 18 | 0,520 | 17 | 6,615 | 1 | 29,104 | | - |
| | | \$12,8 | 301,902 | \$6,44 | 6,543 | \$2,33 | 8,418 | \$3,4 | 156,943 | \$ | 559,998 |
| | | | | | | | | - | | | |

The City and both pension plans categorize their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2020:

- Investments in the U.S. government securities of \$15,200 are valued based on the closing prices reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded (Level 1 inputs).
- Taxable municipal obligations of \$20.7 million and corporate bonds of \$1.5 million are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, Florida PRIME currently meets all the necessary criteria to elect to measure all the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost. Therefore, the City's participant account balance should also be considered the fair value of its investment and exempt from the GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At September 30, 2020, the weighted average days to maturity (WAM) was 48 days and the weighted average life (WAL) was 63 days. The Florida PRIME is rated by Standard & Poor's as AAAm and is administered by the State Board of Administration under the regulatory oversight of the State of Florida, Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code.

With regard to redemption gates relating to the SBA trust fund, Florida Statutes, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), provides that the principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund.

However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days.

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2020, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value. Florida PRIME did not participate in a securities lending program in the period October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020. Florida PRIME meets all the necessary criteria to elect to measure all the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost.

| | Portfolio Cha | racteristics | at 9/30/2020 | ı | nvestment P | olicy | | |
|---|---------------|--------------|--------------|------------|-------------|----------------|--|--|
| | % Invested | Average | | Maximum | Minimum | Average | | |
| | in Corporate | Credit | Effective | % in Corp. | Credit | Maximum | | |
| PORTFOLIO | Bonds | Rating | Maturity | Bonds | Rating | Maturity | | |
| Pooled Investments | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Portfolio | 7.1% | AA/Aa3 | 12/21/2024 | Short term | A- / A3 | High Liquidity | | |
| Surplus Portfolio | 11.9% | AA / Aa3 | 02/07/2023 | 15.0% | A- / A3 | 3 years | | |
| Non-Pooled Investments | | | | | | | | |
| Reserves Portfolio | 3.6% | AA- / A1 | 04/17/2022 | 10.0% | A- / A3 | 1 year | | |
| Prepared by City's investment manager, Integrity Fixed Income Management, LLC | | | | | | | | |
| Minimum credit rating shown as Standard & Poor's / Moody's | | | | | | | | |

The Federated Treasury Obligations Fund is rated AAAm and Aaa-mf with Standard & Poor's, and Moody's, respectively. The securities are valued at amortized cost to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00 per share. The weighted average days to maturity (WAM) at September 30, 2020, was 47 days.

All the municipal bonds and notes that are rated with Standard and Poor's are investment grade with ratings of A- to AAA. All municipal bonds and notes that are rated with Moody's have a rating of A3 to Aaa. All municipal bonds and notes are rated by at least one of the rating companies.

Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

Except for two investments rated BBB+ all investments in corporate bonds are rated A- to AA by Standard and Poor's. All corporate bonds are rated by Moody's between A3 and Aa1, except for one investment in the surplus portfolio rated at Baa1. All investments are considered investment grade.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates, the City's investment policy limits the City's investment portfolio to maturities of five years. Investments held to meet bond reserve requirements may be invested in debt instruments exceeding five years if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of funds. The pension plans may invest in longer-term debt instruments.

Credit Risk. The City's policy requires limiting investments to the safest types of securities and diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. All the City's investments are rated as investment grade.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the quantity of the government's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy allows for investing in a variety of securities based on the issuer.

The operating portfolio is limited to demand deposits, money market funds and other highly liquid, short-term investments. The allowable concentration in corporate bonds is up to ten (10%) percent in the reserve investment portfolio and up to fifteen (15%) percent in the surplus investment portfolio. In addition, no more than two (2%) percent of the reserve or surplus portfolios may be invested with any one corporate bond issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk. The City's investment policy requires securities be held with a third-party custodian and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by the City should be properly designated as an asset of the City. The securities must be held in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution. A third-party custodian is defined as any bank depository chartered by the federal government, the State of Florida, or any other state or territory of the United States which has a branch or principal place of business in the State of Florida, or by a national association organized and existing under the laws of the United States which is authorized to accept and execute trusts, and which is doing business in the State of Florida. All the City's investment portfolios are held with third-party custodians as required by the City's investment policy.

The City does not have a formal policy relating to foreign currency risk.

C. Pension Trust Funds' Deposits and Investments

The City has two defined benefit single-employer pension plans: the General Employees' (General) and the Municipal Police Officers' (Police), collectively, the Pension Funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

At September 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the Pension Funds' cash and cash equivalents was \$5.0 million.

Investment Portfolio

Each Board of Trustees of the City's Pension Funds adopted a comprehensive investment policy, pursuant to Florida Statutes Section 112.661, that established permitted investments, asset allocation limits, issuer limits, credit rating requirements, and maturity limits to protect the Pension Funds' cash and investment assets.

Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

The table below show the General Employees' Pension Plan cash and investment categories at September 30, 2020:

| General Employees' Pension I | nvestments | | | | | | Maturities | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------|-------|-----------|----------|----------|------|------------|----------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Percent of | | | | | Le | ess Than | 1-5 | | 0 | ver |
| Investment Type | Portfolio | Fa | ir Value | Equit | Equities | | 1 Year | Years | | 5 Ye | ears |
| Cash Equivalents: | | | | | | ` | | | | | |
| Money market funds | 1.23% | \$ | 409,572 | \$ | - | \$ | 409,572 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Investments: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Domestic equities | 46.15% | 15 | 5,404,698 | 15,404 | 1,698 | | - | | - | | - |
| International equities | 15.60% | 5 | 5,207,645 | 5,207 | 7,645 | | - | | - | | - |
| Fixed Income (bonds) | 17.63% | 5 | 5,885,133 | | - | | 942,271 | 4,482 | ,282, | 46 | 0,580 |
| Government securities | 6.94% | 2 | 2,315,222 | | - | | 157,906 | 2,101 | ,189 | 5 | 6,127 |
| Convertibles | 1.29% | | 432,278 | 432 | 2,278 | | - | | - | | - |
| Real estate | 11.16% | 3 | 3,727,111 | 626 | 3,277 | | - | | - | 3,10 | 0,834 |
| Total investments | | 32 | 2,972,087 | 21,670 | ,898 | | 1,100,177 | 6,583 | ,471 | 3,61 | 7,541 |
| | | \$ 33 | 3,381,659 | \$21,670 |),898 | \$ ^ | 1,509,749 | \$ 6,583 | ,471 | \$3,61 | 7,541 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

The General Employees' Pension Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2020:

| Investments | Fair Value | Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Signficant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
|---|---------------|--|---|---|
| Measured by fair value level: | | | | |
| Equity securities | \$ 20,612,343 | \$ 20,612,343 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Government securities | 2,315,222 | - | 2,315,222 | - |
| Convertibles | 432,278 | - | 432,278 | - |
| Fixed income (bonds) | 5,885,133 | - | 5,885,133 | - |
| Real estate | 626,277 | 626,277 | - | - |
| | \$ 29,871,253 | \$ 21,238,620 | \$ 8,632,633 | \$ - |
| Measured at net asset value (NAV): | | | | |
| Real estate holdings | 3,100,834 | | | |
| Total investments measured at fair value: | \$ 32,972,087 | | | |

Level 1 Inputs

Investments in the money market mutual funds (or mutual funds) are valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset (NAV) and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held are deemed to be actively traded.

Investments in equity securities include domestic and international equities, convertibles, and master limited partnerships and are valued based on closing prices reported on the active market on which the individual securities are listed.

Level 2 Inputs

Investments in U.S. government obligations are valued based on the closing prices reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded. Investments in level 2 equity securities are valued based on the fair market value of the underlying assets. Mortgage securities and obligations and corporate bonds are valued using a matrix pricing model.

Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

Level 3 Inputs

Investments in private real estate are valued based on independent appraisals performed for assets held by the open-end fund annually, with restricted-scope appraisals conducted on a quarterly basis for those assets not receiving a full appraisal. The fair value of real estate is determined as the price that the Fund would expect to receive if the asset was sold to a market participant assuming the highest and best use of each asset at the date of the Consolidated Statement of Net Assets.

As of September 30, 2020, the City's Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan had the following investment types:

| Municipal Police Officers' Per | sion Investm | ents | | Maturities | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|--|--|
| | Percent of | | | Less Than | 1-5 | Over | | |
| Investment Type | Portfolio | Fair Value | Equities | 1 Year | Years | 5 Years | | |
| Cash Equivalents: | | | | | | | | |
| Money Market Funds | 20.65% | \$ 4,555,407 | \$ - | \$4,555,407 | \$ - | \$ - | | |
| Investments: | | | | | | | | |
| Domestic equities | 37.03% | 8,168,139 | 8,168,139 | - | - | - | | |
| International equities | 15.71% | 3,464,423 | 3,464,423 | - | - | - | | |
| Fixed Income (bonds) | 9.81% | 2,164,233 | - | 71,367 | 2,019,365 | 73,501 | | |
| Convertibles | 10.83% | 2,389,133 | 2,389,133 | - | - | - | | |
| Real estate | 5.97% | 1,316,653 | 1,316,653 | - | - | - | | |
| Total investments | | 17,502,581 | 15,338,348 | 71,367 | 2,019,365 | 73,501 | | |
| | | \$22,057,988 | \$15,338,348 | \$4,626,774 | \$ 2,019,365 | \$ 73,501 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

The Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2020:

| | | Quoted Prices in Active | Significant Other Observable | Signficant Unobservable |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | Markets | Inputs | Inputs |
| Investments | Fair Value | (Level 1) | (Level 2) | (Level 3) |
| Measured by fair value level: | | | | |
| Equity Securities | \$ 11,632,562 | \$ 11,632,562 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Convertibles | 2,389,133 | - | 2,389,133 | - |
| Fixed Income (bonds) | 2,164,233 | - | 2,164,233 | - |
| Real Estate Investment Trust | 1,316,653 | 1,316,653 | - | - |
| | \$ 17,502,581 | \$ 12,949,215 | \$ 4,553,366 | \$ - |
| | | | | |

Level 1 Inputs

Investments in the money market mutual funds (or mutual funds) are valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset (NAV) and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held are deemed to be actively traded.

Investments in equity securities include domestic and international equities, and convertibles and are valued based on closing prices reported on the active market on which the individual securities are listed.

Level 2 Inputs

Investments in fixed income securities (bonds) are valued using a matrix pricing model.

Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

Master limited partnerships – This type of investment consists of a common trust fund that is a private investment vehicle comprised of commingled investments held in trusts that are valued using the net asset value (NAV) calculated by the administrator of the Fund. The NAV is calculated using indirectly observed inputs, as the unit price is based on the market value of the underlying investments traded on an active market. Withdrawals from the Fund may transact daily as needed for liquidity and there are no restrictions on redemptions as of September 30, 2020.

Credit Risk

The Pension Funds' investment policy permits the following investments, which are limited as described below.

Equity Securities

General: Domestic equity investments (common stocks, Master Limited Partnerships, convertible bonds, convertible preferred issues, and preferred stock) issued by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or the District of Columbia provided the corporation is listed on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or OTC. Convertible bonds, convertible preferred issues, and preferred stock will be deemed as equity and shall not be held to the same rating standards as fixed income. Foreign securities convertibles are limited to those that settle in U.S. dollars and trade on one or more of the national exchanges. Domestic equity managers may only invest in foreign securities designated as American Depository Receipts (ADR).

Police: Equity investments include publicly traded REITS, common stock, Master Limited Partnerships, convertible bonds, convertible preferred issues, and preferred stock in a corporation listed on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ stock market or the OTC. Convertible securities will be deemed as equity and shall not be held to the rating standards of fixed income. Foreign convertibles are limited to those that settle in U.S. dollars and trade on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ stock market or the OTC.

Fixed Income Securities

General: The credit quality of fixed income securities shall hold a rating of Baa2/Mid BBB or above by Moody's and Standard & Poor's respectively. In the event of a split rating, the lower rating shall prevail. In the event of a downgrade, the active fixed income manager may hold up to 5% at fair value of their total portfolio in bonds rated below Baa2/Mid BBB. The active fixed income manager must notify the pension fund's consultant in writing within ten (10) business days of any such downgrade. Permitted fixed income securities rated below A3/A- shall be limited to 20% of the total bond portfolio.

Police: Bonds or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or the District of Columbia.

Custodial Credit Risk

The Pension Funds' investment policy pursuant to Section 112.661(10), Florida Statutes, states that securities should be held with a third-party custodian and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by the Pension Funds should be properly designated as an asset of the Pension Fund.

The General Employees' Pension Trust Fund equity investments are held with a third-party custodian as required by Florida Statutes. Its investments in the external investment pools and in mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risks because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

The Municipal Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund equity investments are held with a third-party custodian as required by Florida Statutes. Its investments in mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Its investments in equity and equity index funds, equity mutual funds and fixed income funds securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by the counterparty.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Pension Funds' investment policy has established asset allocation and issuer limits on the following investments, which are designed to reduce concentration of credit risk of the Pension Funds' investment portfolio.

Equity Securities

General: A target of 38% at fair value of its fund's total asset value may be invested in domestic equity securities, a target of 10% at fair value of its fund's total asset may be invested in convertibles, a target of 5% at fair value of its fund's total asset value may be invested in master limited partnerships and a target of 15% at fair value of its fund's total asset value may be invested in international equity securities. Investments in equities shall not exceed 70% of the Fund's assets at fair value. Not more than 5% of the Fund assets, based on fair value, shall be invested in the securities of any one issuing company. The aggregate investment in any one issuing company shall not exceed 5% of the outstanding capital stock of the company.

Police: A maximum of 70% of the fund's total asset value may be invested in equity securities (including convertible bonds). A target of 10% of the fund's total asset value may be invested in convertibles and a target of 5% of the fund's total asset value may be invested in Master Limited Partnerships. Not more than 5% of the fund's total asset cost value may be invested in a single corporate issuer nor shall the aggregate investment in any one corporate issuer exceed 5% of the outstanding capital stock of the company. Foreign equity securities are limited to 25% of total assets value.

Fixed Income Securities

General: A target of 23% at fair value of the fund's total asset value may be invested in domestic fixed income securities. Non-government bond investments in any one issuing company shall be limited to 2.0% of the total bond portfolio. Foreign issued fixed-income securities may not exceed 10% of the fair value of the total fund portfolio.

Police: A target of 30% at fair value of the fund's total asset value may be invested in fixed income securities. A maximum of 5% at cost of the fund's total asset value may be invested in the securities of any single fixed income issuer (excludes issues of the United States Government or any governmental agency).

The following tables detail the respective pension Board's adopted asset allocation policy and actual allocations as of September 30, 2020:

| | General Employees' | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| | Actual | Target | Ra | nge | | | | |
| Asset Class | Allocation | Allocation | Min | Max | | | | |
| Domestic Equity | 46.15% | 38.0% | 26.0% | 47.0% | | | | |
| International Equity | 15.60% | 15.0% | 7.0% | 25.0% | | | | |
| Fixed Income (Bonds) | 17.63% | 23.0% | 20.0% | 64.0% | | | | |
| Government Securities | 6.94% | 2.0% | 0.0% | 5.0% | | | | |
| Convertibles | 1.29% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 12.0% | | | | |
| Real Estate | 11.16% | 5.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | | | | |
| Master Limited Partnerships | 0.00% | 5.0% | 3.0% | 8.0% | | | | |
| Cash | 1.23% | 2.0% | N/A | N/A | | | | |
| | 100.00% | 100.0% | | | | | | |

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

| | | Municipal Police Officers' | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| | Actual | Target | Ra | nge | | |
| Asset Class | Allocation | Allocation | Min | Max | | |
| Domestic Equity | 37.03% | 35.0% | 26.0% | 47.0% | | |
| International Equity | 15.71% | 15.0% | 7.0% | 25.0% | | |
| Fixed Income (Bonds) | 9.81% | 30.0% | 20.0% | 60.0% | | |
| Convertibles | 10.83% | 10.0% | 7.0% | 13.0% | | |
| Real Estate | 5.97% | 5.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | | |
| Master Limited Partnerships | 0.00% | 5.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | | |
| Cash | 20.65% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 10.0% | | |
| | 100.00% | 100.0% | | | | |

Concentration

The General Employee and Police Officers' Plans did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of the individuals pension plan's fiduciary net position.

Rate of Return

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. For the year ended September 30, 2020 the annual money-weighted rate of return on the General Employees' and Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plans investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 8.6% and 6.8%, respectively.

D. Restricted Cash and Investments

As of September 30, 2020, \$176,793 and \$1,047,243 in cash and cash equivalents was restricted for debt service in governmental and business-type activities, respectively. Additionally, \$176,592 is restricted for debt reserves for business-type activities.

There were no restricted investments at September 30, 2020.



Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

E. Additional Information

The following table details the City's total deposits and investments, including those held in fiduciary funds, at September 30, 2020.

| Cash & Cash Equivalents and Investments | |
|--|------------------|
| Туре | Fair Value |
| US Govt Agency Securities | \$ 313 |
| Pension Investments | 50,474,668 |
| City Investments - Non-Pooled Accounts | 12,462,639 |
| Total Investments | 62,937,620 |
| PLUS: Cash Equivalents | |
| Checking Accounts | 16,274,784 |
| Florida PRIME | 572,781 |
| City Pool Investment - Pooled Accounts | 9,774,855 |
| City Money Market Funds | 46,493 |
| Pension Money Market Funds | 4,964,922 |
| Total Cash Equivalents | 31,633,835 |
| TOTAL Cash Equivalents and Investments | 94,571,455 |
| PLUS: Cash on Hand | 1,452 |
| TOTAL: Cash & Cash Equivalents and Investments | \$ 94,572,907 |

The following schedule reconciles the deposit and investment information to the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:

| | Unres | tricted | Resti | ricted | Total |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Cash & | | Cash & | | Cash & |
| | Equivalents | Investments | Equivalents | Investments | Investments |
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIV | /ITIES | | | | |
| General Fund | \$ 350,327 | \$12,462,952 | \$ - | \$ - | \$12,813,279 |
| Major Funds | 1,452,001 | - | - | - | 1,452,001 |
| Other Govt'l Funds | 9,213,481 | | 176,793 | | 9,390,274 |
| Total Governmental | 11,015,809 | 12,462,952 | 176,793 | | 23,655,554 |
| | | | | | |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIV | ITIES | | | | |
| Sewer System | 12,534,238 | - | 1,047,243 | - | 13,581,481 |
| Beach Parking | 1,876,389 | | <u>-</u> | | 1,876,389 |
| Total Business-type | 14,410,627 | | 1,047,243 | | 15,457,870 |
| | | | | | |
| FIDUCIARY FUNDS | | | | | |
| Pension Trust Fund | - | - | 4,964,922 | 50,474,668 | 55,439,590 |
| Agency Funds | | | 19,893 | | 19,893 |
| Total Fiduciary | | | 4,984,815 | 50,474,668 | 55,459,483 |
| TOTAL | \$25,426,436 | \$12,462,952 | \$ 6,208,851 | \$50,474,668 | \$94,572,907 |

Note 4. Receivables

Accounts receivable reported in the general fund represent miscellaneous receivables for insurance, public works services, restitution, code enforcement violations, false alarm fees and special event services provided by the City. Accounts receivable in the recreation fund is for after school programs. Accounts receivable in the other governmental funds is for services provided and other miscellaneous receivables. No allowance for uncollectible accounts was considered necessary in any governmental fund.

Due from other governments are generally tax revenues and reimbursement grants not received at year end. The due from related party is a receivable from the City's component unit, Community Housing Resources, Inc.

Receivables as of year-end for the City's governmental funds are as follows:

| | | | | | Other | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|----|------------------------|----|-------------------|----|-----------|--|
| | General Fund | | Transportation Fund | | Govermental Funds | | Total | |
| Accounts receivable | \$ 46,381 | \$ | 1,170 | \$ | 25,301 | \$ | 72,852 | |
| Interest receivable | 251,880 | | - | | - | | 251,880 | |
| Due from other governments | 407,077 | | 196,473 | | 37,152 | | 640,702 | |
| Due from component unit | 187,715 | | _ | | - | | 187,715 | |
| Total receivables | \$ 893,053 | \$ | 197,643 | \$ | 62,453 | \$ | 1,153,149 | |

Accounts receivable reported in the enterprise funds represent fees for sewer services provided by the City (billed and unbilled). No allowance for uncollectible accounts is considered necessary and all receivables are presumed to be fully collectible.

Receivables as of year-end for the City's business-type activities are as follows:

| | Se | Sanibel wer System | Beach Parking Fund | Total |
|----------------------------|----|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Unrestricted | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | \$ | 401,257 | \$ - | \$ 401,257 |
| Due from other governments | | 1,491 | 762,201 | 763,692 |
| Total unrestricted | | 402,748 | 762,201 | 1,164,949 |
| Restricted | | | | |
| Assessments receivable | | 2,273,145 | | 2,273,145 |
| Total receivables | \$ | 2,675,893 | \$ 762,201 | \$ 3,438,094 |
| | | | | |

Special assessments were approved by the City Council to cover the cost of expanding the sewer system to service the entire City. The special assessment receivables are to be collected over a twenty-year period. Interest earnings are based on various rates depending on when each phase was assessed. The special assessment receivable is restricted for debt service. In accordance with full accrual accounting, the special assessments were recognized as revenue when assessed. The interest is recognized when earned.

The amounts due from other governments are reimbursement grants not received at year end.

Note 5. <u>Unearned Revenues</u>

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds and business-type funds also delay revenue recognition for resources that have been received but not yet earned (unearned). The various components of unearned revenue reported in the governmental and business-type funds were as follows:

| Governmental Funds: | Un | available | U | nearned |
|---|----|-----------|----|---------|
| Revenue earned but not available: | | | | |
| Reimbursement for Hurricane Irma expenditures | \$ | 158,783 | \$ | - |
| Unearned revenues: | | | | |
| Prepaid business tax receipts | | - | | 219,134 |
| Prepaid contractor license renewals | | - | | 31,320 |
| Recreation center gift cards | | - | | 26 |
| FY2021 revenue received for sign sponsorships | | <u>-</u> | | 15,600 |
| Subtotal Governmental Funds | | 158,783 | | 266,080 |
| Business-type Funds: | | | | |
| Unearned revenues: | | | | |
| Subtotal Business-type Funds | | - | | 31,491 |
| | | 158,783 | | 297,571 |
| Total deferred revenue | | | \$ | 456,354 |

Note 6. <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers</u>

The following schedule details the interfund receivables and payables in the fund financial statements at September 30, 2020:

| Receivable | Payable | | |
|------------|---|--|--------------|
| Fund | Fund | Purpose for Balance | Amount |
| General | Elementary School Ball Park Maintenance Fund | Short term loan expected to be collected in FY 2021. | \$ 5,266 |
| General | Recreation Center Fund | Short term loan expected to be collected in FY 2021. | 18,265 |
| General | Shell Harbor Dredging Fund | Short term loan expected to be collected in FY 2021. | 2,207 |
| Sewer Fund | General | Short term loan expected to be collected in FY 2021. | \$ 1,000,000 |
| | | TOTAL | \$ 1,025,738 |

Note 6. <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers</u> (Continued)

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects or debt service and subsidies of various City operations. The following schedules briefly describe the City's transfer activity:

| | Transfers In | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|-----------|------|-------------|----|------------|----|------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Other | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Tra | nsportation | | Total | | | | | | |
| Transfers Out | | General | Fund | | | Fund Funds | | Funds | | | | |
| General Fund | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 3,187,007 | \$ | 3,187,007 | | | | |
| Other Governmental Funds | | 1,932,249 | | 100,000 | | 5,133,184 | | 7,165,433 | | | | |
| Sewer Fund | | 7,500 | | - | | - | | 7,500 | | | | |
| Beach Parking Fund | | 455,743 | | - | | - | | 455,743 | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 2,395,492 | \$ | 100,000 | \$ | 8,320,191 | \$ | 10,815,683 | | | | |
| | _ | | | | _ | | _ | | | | | |

| Source | Transfer to Fund | Amount | Purpose |
|----------------------|----------------------|------------------|--|
| General Fund | Special Revenue | \$ 14,580 | City expense for Shell Harbor dredging |
| General Fund | Capital Projects | 2,377,177 | Capital Projects |
| General Fund | Special Revenue | 3,000 | Sanibel Estates canal trimming |
| General Fund | Special Revenue | 5,000 | Sanibel Isles/Water Shadows dredging |
| General Fund | Recreation Fund | 677,250 | To support Recreation Center operations |
| General Fund | Special Revenue | 110,000 | City share of ball park maintence expenditures |
| Special Revenue | General Fund | 33,072 | To reimburse City expense for dredging |
| Capital Project Fund | Special Revenue Fund | 100,000 | Support for projects |
| Capital Project Fund | General Fund | 1,899,177 | Reimburse General Fund for building purchase |
| Debt Service Fund | Capital Project Fund | 5,000,000 | Transfer debt proceeds for Senior Center project |
| Capital Project Fund | Debt Service Fund | 133,184 | Transfer for payment of capital lease |
| Sewer Fund | General Fund | 7,500 | Payment in lieu of taxes |
| Beach Parking Fund | General Fund | 455,743 | Payment in lieu of taxes |
| TOTAL | - | \$ 10,815,683 | |



Note 7. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

| | Beginning | | | Ending |
|---|--------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|
| Governmental activities | Balances | Increases | Decreases | Balances |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$24,966,425 | \$ - | \$ - | \$24,966,425 |
| Construction in progress | | 167,234 | | 167,234 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 24,966,425 | 167,234 | | 25,133,659 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings | 19,340,813 | 1,910,791 | (177,182) | 21,074,422 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 5,466,374 | 5,946 | (6,416) | 5,465,904 |
| Infrastructure | 14,413,694 | - | - | 14,413,694 |
| Vehicles and equipment | 5,390,061 | 1,099,616 | (329,992) | 6,159,685 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 44,610,942 | 3,016,353 | (513,590) | 47,113,705 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings | (9,333,857) | (638,988) | 177,182 | (9,795,663) |
| Improvements other than buildings | (4,686,140) | (128,678) | 6,416 | (4,808,402) |
| Infrastructure | (9,657,500) | (436,689) | - | (10,094,189) |
| Vehicles and equipment | (3,900,531) | (341,899) | 249,189 | (3,993,241) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (27,578,028) | (1,546,254) | 432,787 | (28,691,495) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 17,032,914 | 1,470,099 | (80,803) | 18,422,210 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$41,999,339 | \$ 1,637,333 | (80,803) | \$43,555,869 |

| | Beginning | | | Ending |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Business-type activities | Balances | Increases | Decreases | Balances |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 1,864,013 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,864,013 |
| Construction in progress | 6,301,107 | 11,080,123 | | 17,381,230 |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated | 8,165,120 | 11,080,123 | | 19,245,243 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings | 3,893,498 | - | - | 3,893,498 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 2,229,056 | 1,565 | - | 2,230,621 |
| Infrastructure | 70,336,085 | - | - | 70,336,085 |
| Vehicles and equipment | 4,378,425 | 112,685 | (13,227) | 4,477,883 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | 80,837,064 | 114,250 | (13,227) | 80,938,087 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings | (1,850,928) | (159,091) | - | (2,010,019) |
| Improvements other than buildings | (675,203) | (85,145) | - | (760,348) |
| Infrastructure | (39,994,773) | (2,345,225) | - | (42,339,998) |
| Vehicles and equipment | (3,102,495) | (251,666) | 5,317 | (3,348,844) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (45,623,399) | (2,841,127) | 5,317 | (48,459,209) |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | 35,213,665 | (2,726,877) | (7,910) | 32,478,878 |
| Business-type activities capital assets, net | \$43,378,785 | \$ 8,353,246 | <u>\$ (7,910)</u> | \$51,724,121 |

Note 7. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| Governmental activities: | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| General government | \$ 35,676 |
| Public safety | 193,827 |
| Physical environment | 57,813 |
| Transportation | 510,674 |
| Culture/recreation | 748,264 |
| Total governmental activities | \$ 1,546,254 |
| Business-type activities: | |
| Sanibel Sewer System | \$ 2,456,998 |
| Beach Parking | 384,129 |
| Total business-type activities | \$ 2,841,127 |

Note 8. Operating Leases

In the governmental funds, rental expenditures under operating leases for the year ended September 30, 2020 was \$21,470. The schedule to the right details the future minimum lease payments for the governmental funds under non-cancellable long-term operating leases as of September 30, for the years presented.

| Fiscal Year | _ | Amount | | | |
|-------------|---|--------|--------|--|--|
| 2021 | | \$ | 20,810 | | |
| 2022 | | | 19,887 | | |
| 2023 | | | 6,629 | | |
| TOTAL | _ | \$ | 47,326 | | |

Note 9. Long-term Debt

Changes in long-term debt and other long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2020, are as follows:

| | | Beginning | | | | | | Ending | | Due Within |
|--------------------------------------|---------|------------|-----------|------------|-----|-------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| Governmental Activities | Balance | | Additions | | _ F | Reductions | | Balance | | One Year |
| General obligation bonds directly | | | | | | | | | | |
| placed with financial institutions | \$ | 6,255,000 | \$ | - | \$ | (740,000) | \$ | 5,515,000 | \$ | 755,000 |
| Notes payable from direct borrowing | | - | | 5,018,000 | | - | | 5,018,000 | | - |
| Capitalized Lease | | - | | 967,624 | | (117,613) | | 850,011 | | 227,179 |
| Compensated absences | | 928,026 | | 439,559 | | (380,896) | | 986,689 | | 740,017 |
| Governmental activities totals | \$ | 7,183,026 | \$ | 6,425,183 | \$ | (1,238,509) | \$ | 12,369,700 | \$ | 1,722,196 |
| Business-type Activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue bonds directly placed with | | | | | | | | | | |
| financial institution | \$ | 2,630,595 | \$ | - | \$ | (1,305,927) | \$ | 1,324,668 | \$ | 1,324,668 |
| Notes payable from direct borrowings | | 7,730,059 | | 10,036,000 | | (1,513,914) | | 16,252,145 | | 1,560,755 |
| Compensated absences | | 262,622 | | 111,445 | | (69,175) | | 304,892 | | 228,669 |
| Business-type Activities Totals | \$ | 10,623,276 | \$ | 10,147,445 | \$ | (2,889,016) | \$ | 17,881,705 | \$ | 3,114,092 |

The City's outstanding Center4Life Senior Center note from a direct borrowing related to governmental activities of \$5.0 million and the Wastewater Treatment Plant Renovation note from a direct borrowing related to business-type activities of \$10.0 million contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding principal and interest become due and payable.

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Liquidation

Bond Resolution - Resolutions for various debt obligations establish certain funds and accounts and determine the order in which certain revenue is to be deposited into the funds and accounts. The City has also covenanted to budget and appropriate sufficient non-ad valorem revenue sources to pay the various debt obligations when due. All required balances at year-end were maintained.

Compensated Absences – In the governmental funds, the liability for compensated absences is typically liquidated from the general fund. In the proprietary funds, the liability for compensated absences is typically liquidated from the Sanibel Sewer System fund and Beach Parking fund.

Capital Lease Obligation

In 2020, the City entered into a lease agreement as a lessee for financing the acquisition of 16 new vehicles (4 supervisor and 12 patrol vehicles) for the City's Police Department under a Master Lease Agreement that provides financing for vehicles over 4 years. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and was recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the general funds and as functional expenditures in the budgetary statement.

Capitalized vehicles that are subject to lease financing agreements for governmental activities as of September 30, 2020:

| Governmental Activities - Public Safety (Police) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sı | upervisor | | Patrol | | | | | | | | |
| Ve | Vehicles (4) | | nicles (12) | | Total | | | | | | |
| \$ | 242,011 | \$ | 725,613 | \$ | 967,624 | | | | | | |
| | (12,100) | | (36,281) | | (48,381) | | | | | | |
| \$ | 229,911 | \$ | 689,332 | \$ | 919,243 | | | | | | |
| | Ve \$ | Supervisor Vehicles (4) \$ 242,011 (12,100) | Supervisor Vehicles (4) \$ 242,011 \$ (12,100) | Supervisor Patrol Vehicles (4) Vehicles (12) \$ 242,011 \$ 725,613 (12,100) (36,281) | Supervisor Patrol Vehicles (4) Vehicles (12) \$ 242,011 \$ 725,613 \$ (12,100) (36,281) | | | | | | |

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as reported in governmental activities are as follows:

| Governmental Activities - Public Safety (Police) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|------------|-----|-------------|----|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | S | upervisor | | Patrol | | | | | | | |
| Year Ending September 30: | Ve | hicles (4) | Veł | nicles (12) | | Total | | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 66,639 | \$ | 199,728 | \$ | 266,367 | | | | | |
| 2022 | | 66,639 | | 199,728 | | 266,367 | | | | | |
| 2023 | | 66,639 | | 199,728 | | 266,367 | | | | | |
| 2024 | | 32,820 | | 99,364 | | 132,184 | | | | | |
| Total minimum lease payments | \$ | 232,737 | \$ | 698,548 | \$ | 931,285 | | | | | |
| Less: amount representing interest | | (20,640) | | (60,634) | | (81,274) | | | | | |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | \$ | 212,097 | \$ | 637,914 | \$ | 850,011 | | | | | |
| | • | | | | | | | | | | |

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities long-term debt at September 30, 2020, is comprised of the following issuances. Both bond issuances have been directly placed with separate financial institutions:

Note Payable from Direct Borrowing

\$5,018,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2020, issued to purchase and renovate a builing for the relocation of the Center 4 Life Senior Center, collateralized by non ad-valorem general revenues, with a fixed interest rate of 2.34% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing October 1, 2021 through 2035, and principal payments annually on April 1, commencing April 1, 2022 through 2035.

\$ 5,018,000

Capitalized Lease

\$967,624 capital lease with U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Finance was issued to finance the acquisition of vehicles for the City's Police Department. The lease is collateralized by the related equipment. The lease requires quarterly debt service payments including principal and interest through April 2024.

850,011

General Obligation Bonds

\$2,970,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, issued to retire General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002 that were issued to purchase environmentally sensitive land. The 2012 GO Bonds have fixed interest rate of 2.07% due semiannually on August 1 and February 1, principal payments are due annually on August 1, collateralized with Voted Debt Service Ad Valorem Taxes, final payment is due August 2022.

645,000

\$6,515,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016, issued to refund bonds that were used to construct a recreation facility, have interest rate of 2.32% due semiannually on August 1 and February 1, principal payments are due annually on August 1, collateralized with Voted Debt Service Ad Valorem Taxes, final payment is due August 2030.

Total General Obligation Bonds 5,515,000

Compensated absences 986,689

Total Governmental Activities \$ 12,369,700

Taxable Line of Credit

In fiscal year 2018, the City entered into an agreement with a financial institution to provide a \$5.0 million non-revolving taxable line of credit to reimburse the City on an as-needed basis for costs associated with Hurricane Irma recovery and possible future disaster recovery projects. The line of credit is secured with Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) reimbursements and non-ad valorem revenues. The line of credit carries a variable interest rate calculated as the one-month LIBOR rate plus 0.49% (0.65% at September 30, 2020) and matures on July 1, 2021.

As of September 30, 2020, the City has not drawn down any amounts on the line of credit.

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements for governmental activities by debt classification are detailed below:

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--------|---------|---|-----------|----|---|----|---------|----|--------|----|------------|----------|-----------|
| Year ending September 30, | | GO Bonds D With Financia Principal | al Ins | • | Note Payable from Direct Borrowing Principal Interest | | | Capital Lease Obligation Principal Interest | | | | | | | Interest | |
| 2021 | \$ | 755,000 | \$ | 126,336 | \$ | - | \$ | 91,980 | \$ | 227,179 | \$ | 39,188 | \$ | 982,179 | \$ | 257,504 |
| 2022 | | 770,000 | | 109,618 | | 307,059 | | 117,422 | | 239,391 | | 26,976 | | 1,316,450 | | 254,016 |
| 2023 | | 460,000 | | 92,568 | | 314,244 | | 110,236 | | 252,256 | | 14,111 | | 1,026,500 | | 216,915 |
| 2024 | | 470,000 | | 81,896 | | 321,597 | | 102,882 | | 131,185 | | 1,999 | | 922,782 | | 186,777 |
| 2025 | | 480,000 | | 70,992 | | 329,122 | | 95,358 | | - | | - | | 809,122 | | 166,350 |
| 2026-2030 | | 2,580,000 | | 182,352 | | 1,764,803 | | 357,596 | | - | | - | | 4,344,803 | | 539,948 |
| 2031-2035 | | | | | _ | 1,981,175 | _ | 141,224 | _ | - | _ | - | | 1,981,175 | | 141,224 |
| Total | \$ | 5,515,000 | \$ | 663,762 | \$ | 5,018,000 | \$ | 1,016,698 | \$ | 850,011 | \$ | 82,274 | \$ | 11,383,011 | \$ | 1,762,734 |



Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities long-term debt at September 30, 2020, is comprised of the following issuances.

Revenue Bonds Directly Placed With a Financial Institution

\$9,493,598 Sanibel Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2014, issued to realize debt service savings from the 2003 Refunding bonds and the State of Florida revolving loan for the Phase 2 expansion notes payable, collateralized by the net revenues of the sewer system, with a fixed interest rate of 1.43% payable semi-annually, and principal payments payable annually from 2014 through 2021.

\$ 1,324,668

Notes Payable From Direct Borrowings

\$10,054,000 Sanibel Sewer System Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2020, issued to partially fund improvements and rehabilitation of the Donax wastewater treatment plant, collateralized by the net revenues of the sewer system, with a fixed interest rate of 2.34% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing October 1, 2020 through 2035, and principal payments annually on April 1, commencing April 1, 2022 through 2035.

10,036,000

Disbursements, service fees and capitalized interest for a \$5,424,184 State of Florida revolving loan #835090, issued to finance Phase 2B collection system expansion, collateralized by voted debt service ad valorem taxes, special assessments and net revenues of the sewer system, accrued interest payable at 3.08%; due December, 2022.

683,396

Disbursements, service fees and capitalized interest for a \$8,501,591 State of Florida revolving loans #WWG83510, issued to finance Phase 2C collection system expansion, collateralized by voted debt service ad valorem taxes, special assessments and net revenues of the sewer system, accrued interest payable at 3.11%; due June, 2023.

1,528,526

Disbursements, service fees and capitalized interest for a \$6,274,127 State of Florida revolving loans # WW83511, issued to finance Phase 3A collection system expansion, collateralized by voted debt service ad valorem taxes, special assessments and net revenues of the sewer system, accrued interest payable at 2.67%, due August, 2023.

1,350,169

Disbursements, service fees and capitalized interest for a \$5,353,820 State of Florida revolving loan # WW83512S, issued to finance Phase 3B collection system expansion, collateralized by voted debt service ad valorem taxes, special assessments and net revenues of the sewer system, accrued interest payable at 3.40% due June 2026.

2,654,054 16,252,145

304,892

Subtotal Notes Payable
Compensated absences payable
Total Business-Type Activities

\$ 17,881,705

Note 9. <u>Long-term Debt (Continued)</u>

Annual debt service requirements for business-type activities by debt classification are detailed below:

| | Business-type Activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|------|------------|----|------------|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----|-----------|
| Revenue Bonds Directly Placed Notes Payable from | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Year ending | | With Financi | al I | nstitution | | Direct Bo | rro | wings | | То | tal | |
| September 30, | | Principal | | Interest | | Principal | Principal Interest Principal | | Principal | | | Interest |
| 2021 | \$ | 1,324,668 | \$ | 14,224 | \$ | 1,560,755 | \$ | 366,138 | \$ | 2,885,423 | \$ | 380,362 |
| 2022 | | - | | - | | 2,223,171 | | 368,720 | | 2,223,171 | | 368,720 |
| 2023 | | - | | - | | 1,929,657 | | 307,280 | | 1,929,657 | | 307,280 |
| 2024 | | - | | - | | 1,443,399 | | 256,425 | | 1,443,399 | | 256,425 |
| 2025 | | - | | - | | 1,122,762 | | 218,928 | | 1,122,762 | | 218,928 |
| 2026-2030 | | - | | - | | 4,010,048 | | 727,478 | | 4,010,048 | | 727,478 |
| 2031-2035 | _ | | _ | - | _ | 3,962,353 | _ | 282,446 | _ | 3,962,353 | | 282,446 |
| Total | \$ | 1,324,668 | \$ | 14,224 | \$ | 16,252,145 | \$ | 2,527,415 | \$ | 17,576,813 | \$ | 2,541,639 |

Note 10. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in a public entity risk pool administered by Florida League of Cities, Inc. with insurance programs for general/professional liability, automobile, property, and workers compensation. The City pays an annual premium to Florida League of Cities, Inc. for these insurance programs.

Participation in this risk pool is non-assessable. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage as compared to the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City retains the risk of loss up to a deductible amount (normally \$50,000) with the risk of loss in excess of this amount transferred to the pool with limits of liability of \$5,000,000 per occurrence for general and professional liability and \$5,000,000 for automobile liability.

The Florida League of Cities, Inc. published financial report for the year ended September 30, 2020, can be obtained from Florida League of Cities, Inc., Public Risk Service, 135 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Florida 32853-0065.

Note 11. Restricted Assets

The balances of the restricted asset accounts in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for governmental activities and business-type activities and the Statement of Net Position for Proprietary funds are related to debt service and are \$177,586 and \$3,320,388, respectively.

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The City has two (2) defined benefit single-employer pension plans: The General Employees' Pension Plan and the Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan. The plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports and are not included in any other retirement system's or entity's financial report. The City accounts for both plans as pension trust funds; therefore, they are accounted for in substantially the same manner as proprietary funds, with an economic resources measurement focus and employment of the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions, employer contributions and contributions from other entities are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

For financial statement purposes, plan assets are valued at fair value in each plan, as reported within the annual trustee statements. The plans do not issue stand-alone GAAP financial reports. Therefore, the individual financial reports are presented for each of the plans in this section.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

The aggregate amount of net pension liability related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and pension expense for the City's defined benefit pension plans are summarized below:

| | | General | N | Municipal | |
|---|------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|
| | Employees' | | Police Officers | | Total |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 1,015,425 | \$ | 5,684,344 | \$ 6,699,769 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pension | \$ | - | \$ | 1,444,763 | \$ 1,444,763 |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | \$ | 210,395 | \$ | 504,592 | \$ 714,987 |
| Pension expense | \$ | 201,475 | \$ | 1,283,968 | \$ 1,485,443 |

Pension Trust Funds Individual Plan Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:

| | Pension Trust Funds | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| | | Municipal | Total | | |
| | General | Police | Trust | | |
| | Employees' | Officers' | Funds | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 408,636 | \$ 4,556,286 | \$ 4,964,922 | | |
| Investments, at fair value | | | | | |
| Domestic equities | 15,404,698 | 8,168,139 | 23,572,837 | | |
| International equities | 5,207,645 | 3,464,423 | 8,672,068 | | |
| Fixed income securities | 5,885,133 | 2,164,233 | 8,049,366 | | |
| Government securities | 2,315,222 | - | 2,315,222 | | |
| Convertibles | 432,278 | 2,389,133 | 2,821,411 | | |
| Real estate investments | 3,727,111 | 1,316,653 | 5,043,764 | | |
| Total investments at fair value | 32,972,087 | 17,502,581 | 50,474,668 | | |
| Investment asset transfer receivable | 374,259 | - | 374,259 | | |
| Interest and dividends receivable | 54,472 | 3,282 | 57,754 | | |
| Total receivables | 428,731 | 3,282 | 432,013 | | |
| Total assets | 33,809,454 | 22,062,149 | 55,871,603 | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Accrued benefits and other liabilities | 9,717 | 12,785 | 22,502 | | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | |
| Net position restricted for pensions | \$ 33,799,737 | \$ 22,049,364 | \$ 55,849,101 | | |

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Pension Trust Funds Individual Plan Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position:

| | Pension Trust Funds | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| | <u>-</u> | Municipal | Total | | |
| | General | Police | Trust | | |
| | Employees' | Officers' | Funds | | |
| ADDITIONS | | | | | |
| Contributions | | | | | |
| Employer | \$ 953,846 | \$ 1,232,874 | \$ 2,186,720 | | |
| State of Florida | - | 99,767 | 99,767 | | |
| Plan members | 36,464 | 156,081 | 192,545 | | |
| Total contributions | 990,310 | 1,488,722 | 2,479,032 | | |
| Investment income | | | | | |
| Net appreciation in fair value | | | | | |
| of investments | 2,078,707 | 747,820 | 2,826,527 | | |
| Interest, dividends and other | 782,039 | 717,832 | 1,499,871 | | |
| Total investment earnings | 2,860,746 | 1,465,652 | 4,326,398 | | |
| Less investment expense | (173,041) | (64,959) | (238,000) | | |
| Net investment earnings | 2,687,705 | 1,400,693 | 4,088,398 | | |
| Total additions | 3,678,015 | 2,889,415 | 6,567,430 | | |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | | | |
| Benefits paid | 2,012,083 | 1,209,237 | 3,221,320 | | |
| Lump sum DROP disbursement | - | 285,383 | 285,383 | | |
| Refunds of contributions | 5,838 | 8,492 | 14,330 | | |
| Administrative expenses | 38,548 | 46,828 | 85,376 | | |
| Total deductions | 2,056,469 | 1,549,940 | 3,606,409 | | |
| Change in net position | 1,621,546 | 1,339,475 | 2,961,021 | | |
| Net position - beginning of year | 32,178,191 | 20,709,889 | 52,888,080 | | |
| Net position - end of year | \$ 33,799,737 | \$ 22,049,364 | \$ 55,849,101 | | |

In addition to other disclosures, the GASB requires a schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios; a schedule of contributions; and a schedule of investment returns that include historical trend information. These schedules are included as required supplementary information to the financial statements.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

A. General Employees' Pension Plan

The Plan and any amendments thereto were adopted by Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Sanibel. The City, which is responsible for the management of plan assets, has delegated the authority to manage plan assets to the General Employees' Pension Board of Trustees. All costs of administering the plan are paid from plan assets.

| Plan Membership as of October 1, 2019: | |
|--|------------|
| Active Plan member | 12 |
| Inactive Plan members | 49 |
| Retirees receiving benefits | 82 |
| Active DROP members | 3 |
| Beneficiaries receiving benefits | 7_ |
| | <u>153</u> |

Plan Description

On February 7, 2012 the City Council approved Ordinance 12-002 closing the plan to all employees hired on or after February 7, 2012. Prior to February 7, 2012 all full-time employees who were non-sworn police officers, and who had attained age 18 but not attained age 65, were required to participate in the City's General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan. On March 1, 2011, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 11-001 which provided current participants (excluding police dispatchers) a one-time opportunity to make an irrevocable election to opt out of the defined benefit plan and participate in a defined contribution plan. The irrevocable election had to be made by April 30, 2011 with May 1, 2011 effective date. Subsequently, on November 1, 2011, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 11-011 which provided the police dispatchers the same option. The irrevocable election had to be made by December 31, 2011 with January 1, 2012 effective date. All general employees except police dispatchers who become participants after March 1, 2011 and police dispatchers after November 1, 2011 shall have a one-time, irrevocable option to opt out of the plan and participate in a defined contribution plan.

The plan is administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of the following: two employee members of the Plan (one with under 15 years of service, one with 15 years of service or more) elected by the Plan members, one member appointed by the City Manager, five Council appointees, and one chosen by the other eight members of the Board and appointed by Council.

The General Employees' Pension Plan is broken down into two sub-plans, Plan A and Plan B. Both defined benefit plans provide retirement and pre-retirement death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries and provide 5-year cliff vesting for participants except police dispatchers with 5 or more years of vesting service on September 30, 2011 and police dispatchers with 5 or more years of vesting service on January 1, 2012. The plan provides 6-year cliff vesting for participants except police dispatchers with less than 5 years of vesting service on September 30, 2011 and police dispatchers with less than 5 years of vesting on January 1, 2012.

The annual retirement benefit shall be an amount equal to 3 percent of average compensation (as defined for Plan A and Plan B members) multiplied by the number of years of credited service prior to May 1, 2011 for all participants other than police dispatchers and prior to January 1, 2012 for police dispatchers, and 1.68 percent of average compensation (as defined for Plan A and Plan B members) multiplied by the number of years of credited service on and after May 1, 2011 for all participants other than police dispatchers and on and after January 1, 2012 for police dispatchers, with a combined maximum of 30 years of credited service.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Average compensation is calculated differently for each Plan. Plan A, which is mandatory for all new hires beginning January 1, 2005 calculates average compensation as the highest five (5) years of compensation. Plan B, which was closed on January 1, 2005 to new participants, average compensation is based on career average.

Normal retirement is the attainment of age 65 with 6 years of credited service. For members with 15 years or more of credited service as of September 30, 2011 (December 31, 2011 for police dispatchers), it is the attainment of age 60 with 5 years of credited service. Early retirement is the attainment of age 60 with 6 years of credited service. For members with 15 years or more of credited service as of September 30, 2011 (December 31, 2011 for police dispatchers), early retirement is age 55. Accrued benefit on early retirement date is reduced by 5 percent for each year that early retirement date precedes the normal retirement date. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the early retirement benefit for an employee with 15 or more years of city service on September 30, 2011 the accrued benefit will be reduced by 2.5 percent for each year that the early retirement date precedes age 60; and the benefit will not be reduced if the employee has attained age 60 at the time of retirement.

Members are 100% vested after 6 or more years of service. Terminated members with less than 6 years of service do not attain vested benefits. Additionally, members with at least 5 years of credited service as of September 30, 2011 (December 31, 2011 for police dispatchers), are 100% vested in their accrued benefit. Vested accrued benefit payable at the normal retirement date (unreduced) or the early retirement date (reduced).

Pre-retirement Death Benefits: If a vested participant dies while in the service of the city before he or she has taken early, normal or late retirement, one-half of the actuarially reduced accrued benefit payable for the life of the spouse or beneficiary beginning at the member's otherwise early retirement date.

Cost-of-living adjustments are provided to all normal and early retirees after October 17, 2006.

For participants other than police dispatchers who retire or opt-out of the plan after October 17, 2006 and before May 1, 2011 who are 100% vested in the plan on April 30, 2011; and for police dispatchers who retire or opt-out of the plan after October 17, 2006 and before January 1, 2012 who are 100% vested on December 31, 2011 the cost-of-living adjustment is 2.75% per year beginning October 1 after receipt of 36 monthly retirement payments and continue for twenty-five (25) years thereafter or the length of the monthly retirement benefit period, whichever is less.

For participants who elect to continue participating in the plan and all participants other than police dispatchers hired on or after May 1, 2011, and police dispatchers hired on or after January 1, 2012, the cost-of-living adjustment is 2.00% per year beginning October 1 after receipt of 60 monthly retirement payments and continue for twenty-five (25) years thereafter or the length of the monthly retirement benefit period, whichever is less.

The Plan provides a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for participants having attained age 60 and having been a plan participant for a minimum of five (5) years. Ordinances 11-001 and 11-011 amended the age to 65 and the participant must be 100% vested with an effective date of May 1, 2011 for all participants other than police dispatchers and January 1, 2012 for police dispatchers. DROP is a program that provides an alternative method for payment of retirement benefits wherein an employee may retire and have their benefits accumulate, at 6% interest, while continuing to work for the City. Participation in the DROP does not change conditions of employment. When the DROP period ends, maximum of 60 months, employment must be terminated. At the time of termination of employment, the employee will receive payment of the accumulated DROP benefits and begin receiving their monthly retirement benefit in the same amount determined at retirement, plus annual cost-of-living increases.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

As of September 30, 2020, there were four members in the DROP program with a combined balance of \$216,082.

Contributions

Active members of Plan A are required to contribute 5% of base wages to the Plan. Active members of Plan B are not required to contribute to the Plan. The City contributes the remaining amount required to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, as provided in Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date. The components of the net pension liability of the City for the General Employees' Pension Plan at year end were as follows:

| Total pension liability | \$ 34,815,162 |
|---|------------------|
| Total plan fiduciary net position | (33,799,737) |
| City's net pension liability | \$ 1,015,425 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability | 97.08% |

General Employee pension obligations are typically liquidated as follows: General fund 60.0%, Special Revenue funds 20.0%, and Enterprise funds 20.0%.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019 updated to September 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

| Inflation | .2.70% |
|---------------------------|------------|
| Salary Increases | .Age Based |
| Discount Rate | .6.75% |
| Investment Rate of Return | .6.75% |

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives Female: PubG.H-2010 for employees

Male: PubG.H-2010 for employees, set back one year

Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree Lives Female: PubG.H-2010 for healthy retirees

Male: PubG.H-2010 for healthy retirees, set back one year

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives

Female: PubG.H-2010 for healthy retirees

Male: PubG.H-2010 for healthy retirees, set back one year

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives

PubG.H-2010 for disabled retirees, set forward three years

All rates are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018. The most recent actuarial experience study used to review the other significant assumptions was dated December 4, 2008.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

For 2020 the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.30%. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long Term Expected Real |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Rate of Return |
| Domestic Equity | 38.00% | 8.50% |
| International Equity | 15.00% | 4.10% |
| Bonds | 23.00% | 3.70% |
| TIPS | 2.00% | 2.60% |
| Convertibles | 10.00% | 7.90% |
| Private Real Estate | 5.00% | 5.00% |
| Infrastructure | 5.00% | 6.40% |
| Cash | 2.00% | 0.50% |

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that city contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | | 1% | | 1% Current | | | | 1% |
|------------------------------|----|-----------|----|---------------|----|-------------|--|----|
| | | Decrease | | Discount Rate | | Increase | | |
| | | 5.75% | | 6.75% | | 7.75% | | |
| City's net pension liability | \$ | 4,775,517 | \$ | 1,015,425 | \$ | (2,157,837) | | |
| | | | | | | | | |



Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

| CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|----|--------------|-----|-------------|--|--|--|
| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | | | |
| | To | otal Pension | | an Fiduciary | N | et Pension | | | |
| | _ | Liability | | let Position | | Liability | | | |
| Balances at September 30, 2019 | \$ | 34,256,682 | \$ | 32,178,191 | \$ | 2,078,491 | | | |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 101,372 | | - | | 101,372 | | | |
| Interest | | 2,251,064 | | - | | 2,251,064 | | | |
| Differences between expected | | | | | | | | | |
| and actual experience | | 214,926 | | - | | 214,926 | | | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 9,039 | | - | | 9,039 | | | |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 953,846 | | (953,846) | | | |
| Contributions - employee | | - | | 36,464 | | (36,464) | | | |
| Net investment income | | - | | 2,687,705 | | (2,687,705) | | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | | | | | | | | | |
| of employee contributions | | (2,017,921) | | (2,017,921) | | - | | | |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (38,548) | | 38,548 | | | |
| Net changes | • | 558,480 | | 1,621,546 | | (1,063,066) | | | |
| Balances at September 30, 2020 | \$ | 34,815,162 | \$ | 33,799,737 | \$ | 1,015,425 | | | |
| | | | | | === | | | | |

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2020 the City has recognized a pension expense of \$201,475. On September 30, 2020 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred | Deferred |
|---|-------------|------------|
| | Outflows of | Inflows of |
| | Resources | Resources |
| Actual investment earnings different than assumed | \$ - | \$ 210,395 |
| Total | \$ - | \$ 210,395 |
| | | |

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Total year ended September 30, | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 2020 | \$ (263,661) |
| 2021 | 79,354 |
| 2022 | 84,244 |
| 2023 | (110,332) |

Changes in Plan Benefits

There have been no changes in benefits in the Plan since the prior valuation.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

B. Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan

This plan and all amendments were adopted by Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Sanibel. This plan is self-trusteed and is administered by the Municipal Police Officers' Pension Board comprised of members elected pursuant to Section 185, Florida Statutes for local law plans. All costs of administering the plan are paid from plan assets.

| Plan Membership as of October 1, 2018: | |
|--|----|
| Active Plan members | 23 |
| Inactive Plan members | 9 |
| Retirees receiving benefits | 20 |
| Active DROP members | 2 |
| Beneficiaries receiving benefits | 1 |
| Disability retirees | 3_ |
| | 58 |

Plan Description

All full-time sworn police officers who have attained age 18 are required to participate in the City's Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan. The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of two City Council appointees, two members of the Plan elected by a majority of the other covered Police Officers, and one member elected by the other four and appointed by City Council. There is a 5-year cliff vesting in the Plan. Members terminating with less than five years of credited service receive a refund of their contribution. Members terminating with 5 years or more accrued benefits are payable at early retirement date (reduced) or normal retirement date (unreduced). The Normal Retirement Benefit of the Plan is three percent of average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of service (maximum 30 years). Average compensation is calculated by taking the average of the total compensation paid during the 5 highest years of service. In 2011 the Florida Legislature amended Florida Statute 185, restricting overtime hours at a maximum of 300 per year and eliminating the payout of vacation and medical leave in the calculation of average compensation upon retirement.

On November 1, 2011, the City Council approved Ordinance 11-010 amending the Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan's average compensation calculation to coincide with the October 1, 2011 effective date of the new Fraternal Order of Police labor agreement. Effective with fiscal years on or after September 30, 2011, average compensation calculations includes overtime payments not to exceed 300 hours per fiscal year and excludes the payment for vacation and medical leave accrued at the time of retirement, except for the value of vacation and medical leave that was accrued and eligible for payout as of September 30, 2011, unless the actual value of the vacation and medical leave payout is less than the September 30, 2011 value, in which case the lesser value will be included.

Normal retirement eligibility is the earlier of 1) age 60 with 5 years vesting credits, or 2) age 55 with 10 years vesting credits, or 3) 25 years vesting credits regardless of age. Early retirement eligibility is age 50 and attainment of 5 years vesting credits. Accrued benefits will be reduced 2.5 percent for each year prior to normal retirement date.

Disability eligibility is ten years of contributing service for non-service related; coverage from date of hire for service incurred. Benefit amount is three (3.0%) percent of average final compensation times credited service, but not less than forty-two (42%) percent of average final compensation for service-related disabilities.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Death benefits for a vested member the accrued pension is paid to the beneficiary at otherwise early retirement date (reduced basis) or normal retirement date (unreduced). Benefits are paid for ten years only. Beneficiary receives a refund of the member's contribution for non-vested member. Supplemental benefit of \$36.00 times credited service paid monthly to age 67. Minimum payment period is five years.

Annual cost-of-living adjustments are provided at the rate of three (3.0%) percent annually. These increases occur October 1 and commence the October 1 following receipt of at least 12 monthly payments.

The Plan provides a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for participants having attained normal retirement requirements. DROP is a program that provides an alternative method for payment of retirement benefits wherein an employee may retire and have their benefits accumulate, at four (4%) percent interest credited quarterly, while continuing to work for the City. Participation in the DROP does not change conditions of employment. When the DROP period ends, maximum of 60 months, employment must be terminated. At the time of termination of employment, the employee will receive payment of the accumulated DROP benefits and begin receiving their monthly retirement benefit in the same amount determined at retirement, plus annual cost-of-living increases. The DROP balance at September 30, 2020 is \$316,878, with two members participating.

Contributions

Active members are required to contribute eight (8%) percent of their compensation to this Plan until Normal Retirement Age and four (4%) percent thereafter. The State of Florida makes contributions from taxes on casualty insurance premiums. The State of Florida's contribution to the Municipal Police Officer's Plan for the year ended September 30, 2020, was \$99,767. The City recognized these onbehalf payments from the State as revenues and expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. The City contributes the remaining amount required to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, as provided in Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date. The components of the net pension liability of the City at year end were as follows:

| Total pension liability | \$ 27,733,708 |
|---|------------------|
| Total plan fiduciary net position | (22,049,364) |
| City's net pension liability | \$ 5,684,344 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability | 79.50% |

Municipal Police Officer pension obligations are typically liquidated as follows: General fund 87.0% and Enterprise funds 13.0%.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019 updated to September 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

| Inflation | 2.70% |
|---------------------------|-------|
| Salary Increases | |
| Discount Rate | 7.50% |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7 50% |

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives

Female: PubS.H-2010 for employees, set forward one year

Male: PubS.H-2010 (below medium) for employees, set forward one year

Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree Lives

Female: PubS.H-2010 for healthy retirees, set forward one year Male: PubS.H-2010 for healthy retirees, set forward one year

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives

Female: PubG.H-2010 for healthy retirees

Male: PubG.H-2010 for healthy retirees, set back one year

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives

80% PubG.H-2010 for disabled retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010 for disabled retirees

All rates are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018. The most recent actuarial experience study used to review the other significant assumptions was dated May 2, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long Term Expected Real Rate |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Asset Class | Target Allocation | of Return |
| Domestic Equity | 35.00% | 8.50% |
| International Equity | 15.00% | 4.10% |
| Bonds | 30.00% | 3.70% |
| Convertibles | 10.00% | 7.90% |
| REITS | 5.00% | 7.90% |
| Infrastructure | 5.00% | 6.40% |

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that city contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

| | | 1% | Current | | 1% | |
|------------------------------|----|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| | 1 | Decrease | Discount Rate | | Increase | |
| | | 6.50% | 7.50% | | 8.50% | |
| City's net pension liability | \$ | 9,251,090 | \$ | 5,684,344 | \$ | 2,741,505 |
| | | | | | | |

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

| CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY | | | | | | | |
|---|----|--------------|-------|----------------|----|-------------|--|
| | | | Incre | ase (Decrease) | | | |
| | To | otal Pension | PI | an Fiduciary | N | Net Pension | |
| | | Liability | N | Net Position | | Liability | |
| Balances at September 30, 2019 | \$ | 27,219,997 | \$ | 20,709,889 | \$ | 6,510,108 | |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 607,857 | | - | | 607,857 | |
| Interest | | 2,030,722 | | - | | 2,030,722 | |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | | | |
| experience | | (278,118) | | - | | (278,118) | |
| Changes of assumptions | | (343,638) | | - | | (343,638) | |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 1,232,874 | | (1,232,874) | |
| Contributions - state | | - | | 99,767 | | (99,767) | |
| Contributions - employee | | - | | 156,081 | | (156,081) | |
| Net investment income | | - | | 1,400,693 | | (1,400,693) | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | | | | | | | |
| of employee contributions | | (1,503,112) | | (1,503,112) | | - | |
| Administrative expense | | | | (46,828) | | 46,828 | |
| Net changes | | 513,711 | | 1,339,475 | | (825,764) | |
| Balances at September 30, 2020 | \$ | 27,733,708 | \$ | 22,049,364 | \$ | 5,684,344 | |

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2020 the City has recognized a pension expense of \$1,283,968. On September 30, 2020 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | | Deferred | С | eferred | |
|--|----------|-------------|----|-----------|--|
| | 0 | Outflows of | | nflows of | |
| | R | Resources | | Resources | |
| Differences between actual and expected experience | \$ | 697,860 | \$ | 229,682 | |
| Changes of assumptions | | - | | 274,910 | |
| Actual investment earnings different than assumed | | 746,903 | | - | |
| Total | \$ | 1,444,763 | \$ | 504,592 | |
| | <u> </u> | | | | |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Total year ended September 30, | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| 2020 | \$ 397,522 |
| 2021 | 484,202 |
| 2022 | 152,701 |
| 2023 | (94,254) |

Note 13. <u>Defined Contribution Plan</u>

On March 1, 2011, the City Council passed Resolution No. 11-020, which amended the City's governmental money purchase plan and trust known as City of Sanibel 401(a) Plan to include the City's general employees other than police dispatchers. On December 6, 2011, Council passed Resolution No. 11-110 which amended the Plan to include the police dispatchers and to comply with the Internal Revenue Service guidelines requiring the initial additional contribution decision by employees to be an irrevocable decision for the contribution to be considered a pre-tax contribution.

Plan Description

The plan is a pre-tax defined contribution governmental money purchase plan in which participants contribute a percentage of their base pay to the plan each pay period and receive a matching contribution from the City as outlined in the plan. Participants are not taxed on the contributions until the funds are withdrawn, usually at retirement. The Plan was established on September 13, 2002 at which time the only participants were the City Manager and City Attorney. The Plan was revised by City of Sanibel Resolution 11-020 on March 1, 2011 and Resolution 11-110 on December 6, 2011 to extend the Plan to all regular, full-time employees, who are not sworn police officers and who are not participants of the General Employees' Retirement Plan, a defined benefit plan. Regular, full-time employees, who are not sworn police officers, hired on or after February 7, 2012 are automatically enrolled in this Plan.

The normal retirement age is 60.

Mandatory and Irrevocable Additional Contributions

All participants are required to contribute 5% of their base pay on a bi-weekly basis. Additional contributions of 1% to 10% may also be contributed to the Plan. The additional contribution amount initially selected is an irrevocable decision. Participants may not decrease the initial additional selected contribution. Increases are permitted after the initial selected contribution rate if the original contribution was less than the 15% maximum, however, the increased amount will be an after-tax contribution.

City Matching

The City will match the participant's mandatory contribution of 5% of base pay at 100%. The first 1% to 5% of the voluntary contribution will be matched by the City at 50%. The additional 6% to 10% of the voluntary contribution permitted will not be matched by the City. The maximum City match is 7.5% of base pay. The City's contributions to the Plan for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$308,684 and \$318,231, respectively.

Forfeitures

A participant who separates from service prior to obtaining full vesting shall forfeit that percentage of his/her employer contribution account balance which has not vested as of the date such participant incurs a break in service of five (5) consecutive years or, if earlier, the date such participant receives, or is deemed to have received, distribution of the entire non-forfeitable interest in his/her employer contribution account. All amounts forfeited by terminated participants shall be allocated to a suspense account and used to reduce dollar for dollar employer contributions otherwise required under the Plan for the current plan year and succeeding plan years, if necessary. Forfeitures may first be used to pay the reasonable administrative expenses of the Plan, with any remainder being applied to reduce employer contributions. The amount of forfeitures available at September 30, 2020 was \$3,677.

Rollover Contributions by Participants

Participants may rollover funds contained in another qualified retirement plan or IRA to the Plan.

Note 13. Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)

Accrued Leave Contributions by Participants

At initial enrollment participants may irrevocably elect to contribute 100% of accrued leave payout to the plan. Once elected, an employee's decision will remain in force and may not be revised or revoked.

Vesting Provisions

Former participants of the City of Sanibel General Employees' Defined Benefit Plan who opted out of that plan to participant in this Plan on or before April 30, 2011 and on or before December 31, 2011 for police dispatchers are vested immediately for the City's matching contributions. New hires are vested for the City's matching contributions at 20% per year of service.

Participants are eligible to withdraw the retirement funds when they are no longer employed by the City or reach age 60. Participants may choose distribution in a single payment, installment payments, life annuity or rollover to another qualified retirement account.

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

The postemployment healthcare benefits plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the City. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes former employees and eligible dependents who retire from the City may continue to participate in the City's group medical, dental and vision insurance plans. The City subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the plan at a reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rate. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. The postemployment benefits plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Plan Membership as of September 30, 2019:

| Inactive Plan members, covered spouses or beneficiaries receiving benefits | 7 |
|--|-----|
| Inactive Plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits | 0 |
| Active Plan members | 126 |
| | 133 |

The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. All employees of the City are eligible to receive post-employment benefits.

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements for the postemployment healthcare benefits of the City are established and may be amended by City Council. The City has not advance funded or established a funding methodology for the annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) costs or the total OPEB obligation. Currently, retirees pay 100% of the cost of the healthcare insurance premiums. The City's actuarially required contributions are based on a projected pay-as-you-go basis. No trust or agency fund has been established for the plan.

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and termination, mortality and the healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan provisions, as understood by the employer and participating members, and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and participating members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019. Liabilities in this report were calculated as of the valuation date and rolled forward to the measurement date using the standard actuarial roll-forward techniques.

The assumptions used in the actuarial valuation were as follows:

| Inflation | 2.50% |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Salary rate increases | Service based |
| Discount rate | |
| Healthcare Cost Trend Rates | |
| Initial trend rate | 7.50% |
| Ultimate trend rate | 4.00% |
| Years to ultimate | 55 |

The discount rate was based on the high-quality municipal bond rate of 3.8%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Down Jones Indices.

Mortality - Active Lives:

For female lives, 100% of the Combined Healthy White-Collar table was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, a 50% Combined Healthy White-Collar table, 50% Combined Healthy Blue-Collar table blend was used. For male special risk lives, a 10% Combined Healthy White-Collar table, 90% Combined Healthy Blue-Collar table blend was used. All tables include fully generational adjustments for mortality improvements using improvement scale BB.

Mortality - Inactive Healthy Lives:

For female lives, 100% of the Annuitant White-Collar table was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, a 50% Annuitant White-Collar table, 50% Annuitant Blue-Collar table blend was used. For male special risk lives, a 10% Annuitant White-Collar table, 90% Annuitant Blue-Collar table blend was used. All tables include fully generational adjustments for mortality improvements using improvement scale BB.

Mortality - Disabled Lives:

For female (non-special risk) lives, 100% of the Disabled Female table was used, set forward two years. For female special risk lives, a 60% Disabled Female table, 40% Annuitant White Collar table with no setback blend was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, 100% of the Disabled Male table was used, set back four years. For Male special risk lives, a 60% Disabled Male table, 40% Annuitant White Collar table with no setback blend was used. Disabled mortality has not been adjusted for mortality improvements.

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

The following changes have been made since the prior valuation:

Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience reflects the impact of changes to the census data from the prior valuation to the valuation as of September 30, 2019.

Changes of Assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.18% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2019, to 3.58% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2020. Additionally, the annual per capita claims cost and premiums have been updated to consider current plan experience and enrollment. Lastly, health care inflation rates have been updated to reflect recent healthcare trend surveys.

The following table shows the changes in the City's total OPEB liability for the year ended September 30, 2020:

| CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY | | |
|--|----|-----------|
| | I | ncrease |
| | (| Decrease) |
| | То | tal OPEB |
| | | Liability |
| Balances at September 30, 2019 | \$ | 369,729 |
| Changes for the year: | | |
| Service cost | | 24,968 |
| Interest | | 16,033 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | (18,511) |
| Changes of assumptions | | 70,817 |
| Benefit payments | | (22,534) |
| Net changes | | 70,773 |
| Balances at September 30, 2020 | \$ | 440,502 |
| | | |

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.58%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.58%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.58%) than the current rate:

| | 1% | | Current | | 1% | |
|-----------------------------|----------|---------|---------------|---------|----------|---------|
| | Decrease | | Discount Rate | | Increase | |
| | 2.58% | | 3.58% | | 4.58% | |
| City's total OPEB liability | \$ | 469,514 | \$ | 440,502 | \$ | 413,657 |

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | | 1% Decrease 3.0% - 6.5% | | Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 4.0% - 7.5% | | 1% Increase 5.0% - 8.5% | |
|-----------------------------|-----|-------------------------------|----|---|----|-------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| | 3.0 | | | | | | |
| City's total OPEB liability | \$ | 404,223 | \$ | 440,502 | \$ | 482,464 | |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2020 the City has recognized an OPEB expense of \$42,087. On September 30, 2020, the City reported a deferred outflow and a deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | _ | eferred atflows of | Deferred Inflows of | | | |
|--|----|-----------------------|------------------------|---------|--|--|
| | Re | sources | Re | sources | | |
| Changes of assumptions | \$ | 62,948 | \$ | 32,896 | | |
| Differences between actual and expected experience | | - | | 61,736 | | |
| Employer benefit payments made subsequent to the | | | | | | |
| measurement date | | 28,607 | | - | | |
| Total | \$ | 91,555 | \$ | 94,632 | | |
| | | | | | | |

The employer benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized into OPEB expense in fiscal year 2021. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be amortized over 8-10 years and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Total year ended September 30: | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| 2021 | \$ (6,914) |
| 2022 | (6,914) |
| 2023 | (6,914) |
| 2024 | (6,914) |
| 2025 | (6,914) |
| Thereafter | 2,886 |

Note 15. Other Revenues

Other revenue in the governmental fund types at September 30, 2020 is as follows:

| | | Other | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|-------|-------------|-----|------------|----|---------|--|
| | General | Trai | nsportation | Gov | ernmental/ | | | |
| | Fund | | Fund | | Funds | | Total | |
| Investment earnings (loss) | \$ 168,293 | \$ | 29,362 | \$ | 193,087 | \$ | 390,742 | |
| Rents & royalties | 46,023 | | - | | - | | 46,023 | |
| Impact fees | - | | - | | 163,200 | | 163,200 | |
| Sale of surplus equipment | 71,416 | | - | | - | | 71,416 | |
| Contributions and donations | 12,561 | | - | | 21,110 | | 33,671 | |
| Rebates | 6,781 | | - | | - | | 6,781 | |
| Other Miscellaneous Revenues | 57,243 | | 1,753 | | 1,961 | | 60,957 | |
| Total Other Revenues | \$ 362,317 | \$ | 31,115 | \$ | 379,358 | \$ | 772,790 | |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

Note 16. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to compliance audits by grantor agencies, principally federal, state, and local governments. Any disallowed expenses, including amounts already collected, might constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The City does not believe any contingent liabilities are material.

The City is a defendant in lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of the cases does not appear to present significant monetary exposure to the City in the event of unfavorable outcomes.

During the fiscal year, the World Health Organization declared the spread of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic is having significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Specific to the City, COVID-19 may impact various parts of its 2021 operations and financial results. Management believes the City is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as events associated with the pandemic continue to develop.

Note 17. Commitments

The City's commitments with significant contractors as of September 30, 2020, are as follows:

| | | | | Remaining |
|---------------------------------|----|---------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | T | otal Contract | Spent to Date | Contract |
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Transportation Fund | | | | |
| 2020 River Clearing Project | \$ | 79,850 | \$ 21,959 | \$ 57,891 |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Beach Parking Fund | | | | |
| City Wide Beach Management Plan | | 125,000 | 100,000 | 25,000 |
| Sewer Fund | | | | |
| Donax WRF Process Improvements | | 20,132,100 | 12,582,124 | 7,549,976 |
| Total business-type activities | | 20,257,100 | 12,682,124 | 7,574,976 |
| Total construction commitments | \$ | 20,336,950 | \$ 12,704,083 | \$ 7,632,867 |

Component Unit

In fiscal year 2018, the City renewed an agreement with its component unit, Community Housing and Resources, Inc. (CHR) to provide financial support for operations. The agreement provides that effective October 1, 2017, the City will pay CHR \$324,753 annually, with a 5.0% increase each year through September 30, 2022. The agreement also provides for free use of at least 800 square feet of office space and related utilities and phone services for CHR at a City owned facility. The agreement also includes a provision for reimbursement of up to \$15,000 per year paid to CHR for its annual audit and financial statement preparation.

The City paid CHR \$373,041 in total under this agreement for the year ended September 30, 2020. At September 30, 2020 there were no amounts due to or from CHR under this agreement.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

Note 18. Prior Period Adjustment

The City has restated the financial statements to correct for revenue related to a 2019 reimbursable grant expense in the Sanibel Sewer System proprietary fund. The effect of this restatement increased the beginning net position for the business-type activities and the proprietary fund by \$889,741 for the year ended September 30, 2020.

| Statement of Activities - Business-type Activities | |
|---|---------------|
| Net position, September 30, 2019 as previously reported | \$ 46,755,809 |
| Adjustment | 889,741 |
| Net position, September 30, 2019 as restated | \$ 47,645,550 |

| Proprietary Funds - Sanibel Sewer System | |
|---|---------------|
| Net position, September 30, 2019 as previously reported | \$ 40,708,894 |
| Adjustment | 889,741 |
| Net position, September 30, 2019 as restated | \$ 41,598,635 |



The Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section contains supporting information to the Basic Financial Statements.

This section contains the following subsections:

| - | |
|---|-----|
| General Employees' Pension Plan | |
| Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios | 112 |
| Schedule of Contributions | 114 |
| Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan | |
| Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios | 116 |
| Schedule of Contributions | 118 |
| Pension Plans Schedule of Investment Returns | 120 |
| Other Post Employment Benefit Plan | |
| Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios | 121 |

GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Eight Fiscal Years

| | 2020 | | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|------------------|----|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| Total pension liability | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 101,372 | \$ | 130,166 | \$ 129,602 | \$ 161,673 |
| Interest | 2,251,064 | | 2,230,037 | 2,220,510 | 2,136,997 |
| Changes of benefit terms | - | | 357,668 | - | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 214,926 | | (53,922) | (759,405) | 612,956 |
| Changes of assumptions | 9,039 | | - | - | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (2,017,921) | | (1,914,033) | (1,701,568) | (1,583,256) |
| Net change in total pension liability | 558,480 | | 749,916 | (110,861) | 1,328,370 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | 34,256,682 | | 33,506,766 | 33,617,627 | 32,289,257 |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ 34,815,162 | \$ | 34,256,682 | \$ 33,506,766 | \$ 33,617,627 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 953,846 | \$ | 1,677,105 | \$ 1,947,323 | \$ 1,595,492 |
| Contributions - employee | 36,464 | | 43,972 | 51,991 | 52,815 |
| Net investment income | 2,687,705 | | 1,130,612 | 1,992,545 | 3,441,239 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (2,017,921) | | (1,914,033) | (1,701,568) | (1,583,256) |
| Administrative expense | (38,548) | | (37,611) | (40,535) | (36, 157) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 1,621,546 | | 900,045 | 2,249,756 | 3,470,133 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 32,178,191 | | 31,278,146 | 29,028,390 | 25,558,257 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ 33,799,737 | \$ | 32,178,191 | \$ 31,278,146 | \$ 29,028,390 |
| City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ 1,015,425 | \$ | 2,078,491 | \$ 2,228,620 | \$ 4,589,237 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 97.08% | | 93.93% | 93.35% | 86.35% |
| Covered payroll* | \$ 729,288 | \$ | 879,443 | \$ 1,039,827 | \$ 1,056,286 |
| City's net position liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 139.24% | | 236.34% | 214.33% | 434.47% |

Notes to Schedule:

- * The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period (includes DROP payroll)
- * Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- * Changes of benefit terms: For measurement date 09/30/2019, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms resulted from a legal opinion offered at the August 14, 2019 Board Meeting, the Trustees approved that Vested Terminated members terminating on or after October 17, 2006 (the effective date of Ordinance 2006-013) are eligible for cost-of-living adjustments.
- * Effective for fiscal year ending 09/30/2020, the GASB 68 measurement date of the Pension Expense has been approved and changed from 09/30/2019 to 09/30/2020.
- * Changes of assumptions: For measurement date 09/30/2020, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the rates used in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for non-special-risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics.

GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Eight Fiscal Years

| | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | 2013 | |
|--|------|-------------|------------------|----|-------------|------------------|--|
| Total pension liability | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 174,843 | \$ 191,061 | \$ | 196,178 | \$ 183,773 | |
| Interest | | 1,993,132 | 1,945,199 | | 1,895,908 | 1,851,553 | |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | - | | - | - | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | (230, 237) | 48,718 | | - | - | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 1,738,848 | - | | - | - | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (1,480,738) | (1,436,535) | | (1,276,944) | (1,504,296) | |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 2,195,848 | 748,443 | | 815,142 | 531,030 | |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 30,093,409 | 29,344,966 | | 28,529,824 | 27,998,794 | |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ | 32,289,257 | \$ 30,093,409 | \$ | 29,344,966 | \$ 28,529,824 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 1,457,338 | \$ 1,795,876 | \$ | 1,681,948 | \$ 1,691,261 | |
| Contributions - employee | | 60,710 | 63,855 | | 65,431 | 64,908 | |
| Net investment income | | 1,509,708 | (553,543) | | 2,424,391 | 2,436,581 | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (1,480,738) | (1,436,535) | | (1,276,944) | (1,504,296) | |
| Administrative expense | | (34,576) | (37,648) | | (27,489) | (31,229) | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 1,512,442 | (167,995) | | 2,867,337 | 2,657,225 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 24,045,815 | 24,213,810 | | 21,346,473 | 18,689,248 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 25,558,257 | \$ 24,045,815 | \$ | 24,213,810 | \$ 21,346,473 | |
| City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 6,731,000 | \$ 6,047,594 | \$ | 5,131,156 | \$ 7,183,351 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 79.15% | 79.90% | | 82.51% | 74.82% | |
| Covered payroll* | \$ | 1,214,204 | \$ 1,396,431 | \$ | 1,308,625 | \$ 1,298,166 | |
| City's net position liability as a percentage of covered payroll | | 554.35% | 433.08% | | 392.10% | 553.35% | |

GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | - | ontributions | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----|-------------|-----|---------------|-----|--------------|----|-----------|-----------------|----------|--|----------|--|-------------------------------|--|----------------------|---------|
| | | | ın | relation to | | | | | Contributions | | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal | Α | ctuarially | the | e Actuarially | C | Contribution | | | as a percentage | | | | | | | | |
| Year | D | etermined | | etermined | - 1 | Deficiency | | Covered | of Covered | | | | | | | | |
| Ended | C | ontribution | Co | Contributions | | (Excess) | | (Excess) | | (Excess) | | (Excess) | | (Excess) Payroll ¹ | | Payroll ¹ | Payroll |
| 09/30/2020 | \$ | 953,846 | \$ | 953,846 | \$ | - | \$ | 729,288 | 130.79% | | | | | | | | |
| 09/30/2019 | \$ | 1,677,105 | \$ | 1,677,105 | \$ | - | \$ | 879,443 | 190.70% | | | | | | | | |
| 09/30/2018 | \$ | 1,947,320 | \$ | 1,947,323 | \$ | (3) | \$ | 1,039,827 | 187.27% | | | | | | | | |
| 09/30/2017 | \$ | 1,595,492 | \$ | 1,595,492 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,056,286 | 151.05% | | | | | | | | |
| 09/30/2016 | \$ | 1,457,341 | \$ | 1,457,341 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,214,204 | 120.02% | | | | | | | | |
| 09/30/2015 | \$ | 1,629,315 | \$ | 1,795,876 | \$ | (166,561) | \$ | 1,396,431 | 128.60% | | | | | | | | |
| 09/30/2014 | \$ | 1,659,991 | \$ | 1,681,948 | \$ | (21,957) | \$ | 1,308,625 | 128.53% | | | | | | | | |
| 09/30/2013 | \$ | 1,668,403 | \$ | 1,691,261 | \$ | (22,858) | \$ | 1,298,166 | 130.28% | | | | | | | | |
| 09/30/2012 | \$ | 1,397,764 | \$ | 5,587,616 | \$ | (4,189,852) | \$ | 1,325,935 | 421.41% | | | | | | | | |
| 09/30/2011 | \$ | 1,448,913 | \$ | 1,448,913 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,306,071 | 110.94% | | | | | | | | |

¹ The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: 10/1/2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Mortality Rate: Healthy Active Lives:

Female: Pub G.H-2010 for Employees

Male: Pub G.H-2010 for Employees, set back one year

Healthy Retiree Lives:

Female: Pub G.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees

Male: Pub G.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set back one year

Beneficiary Lives

Female: Pub G.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees

Male: Pub G.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set back one year

Disabled Lives:

Pub G.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees, set forward three years

The assumed rates of mortality were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of

Florida. This law mandates the use of the mortality assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those

outlined in the July 1, 2019 FRS actuarial valuation report for non-special risk lives.

Interest Rate: 6.75% per year compounded annually, net of investment expenses. This is supported by

the Plan's investment policy and the expected long-term return by asset class.

Retirement Age: One year following satisfaction of the Plan's requirement for normal retirement.

Early Retirement: Commencing at eligibility for early retirement, Members are assumed to retire with an

immediate benefit at the rate of 5% per year.

Disability Rates: See following table. These rates are consistent with other municipal Florida non-special

risk plans.

Termination Rate: See following table. These rates were adopted by the Board with the October 1, 2013 valuation,

based on historical experience.

Salary Increases: See following table. These rates are consistent with long term Plan experience.

Payroll Increase: None for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Cost of Living Adjustment: 2.0% for 25 years, beginning 5 years after retirement, payable to normal and early retirees.

For Members who retired prior to May 1, 2011, the adjustments are 2.75% annually for

25 years, beginning 3 years after retirement.

Funding Method: Entry age normal actuarial cost method. The following loads are applied for determination

of the Sponsor dollar funding requirement:

Interest - a half year, based on the current 6.75% assumption Salary - a full year, based on the current 3.56% assumption

Amortization Method: Level percentage of pay, closed Remaining Amortization: 10 years (as of 10/01/2019)

Asset Smoothing Method: Fair market value, net of investment-related expenses.

Termination, Disability and Salary Rate Tables:

| | % Terminating | % Becoming | |
|-----|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | During the | Disabled During | Average |
| Age | Year | the Year | Salary Increase |
| 20 | 9.30% | 0.14% | 7.80% |
| 30 | 5.50% | 0.18% | 6.30% |
| 40 | 4.60% | 0.30% | 5.40% |
| 50 | 4.10% | 1.00% | 4.80% |

MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Eight Fiscal Years

| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 |
|--|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|
| Total pension liability | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 607,857 | \$ | 590,775 | \$ | 559,426 | \$ | 432,384 |
| Interest | | 2,030,722 | | 1,921,932 | | 1,733,759 | | 1,688,084 |
| Change in excess State funds | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | (278,118) | | 260,629 | | 1,353,706 | | (35,929) |
| Changes of assumptions | | (343,638) | | - | | - | | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (1,503,112) | | (1,176,760) | | (1,161,657) | | (2,043,511) |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 513,711 | | 1,596,576 | | 2,485,234 | | 41,028 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 27,219,997 | | 25,623,421 | | 23,138,187 | | 23,097,159 |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ | 27,733,708 | \$ | 27,219,997 | \$ | 25,623,421 | \$ | 23,138,187 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 1,232,874 | \$ | 1,347,550 | \$ | 1,248,046 | \$ | 1,124,726 |
| Contributions - state | • | 99.767 | • | 93,284 | · | 90,240 | · | 82,263 |
| Contributions - employee | | 156,081 | | 153,503 | | 149,191 | | 133,974 |
| Net investment income | | 1,400,693 | | 533,239 | | 1,089,498 | | 1,682,841 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (1,503,112) | | (1,176,760) | | (1,161,657) | | (2,043,511) |
| Administrative expense | | (46,828) | | (51,997) | | (44,943) | | (45,206) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 1,339,475 | | 898,819 | | 1,370,375 | | 935,087 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 20,709,889 | | 19,811,070 | | 18,440,695 | | 17,505,608 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 22,049,364 | \$ | 20,709,889 | \$ | 19,811,070 | \$ | 18,440,695 |
| City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 5,684,344 | \$ | 6,510,108 | \$ | 5,812,351 | \$ | 4,697,492 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 79.50% | | 76.08% | | 77.32% | | 79.70% |
| Covered payroll* | \$ | 1,951,013 | \$ | 1,918,791 | \$ | 1,858,989 | \$ | 1,680,575 |
| City's net position liability as a percentage of covered payroll | | 291.35% | | 339.28% | | 312.66% | | 279.52% |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period (includes DROP payroll)

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

^{*} Effective for fiscal year ending 09/30/2020, the GASB 68 measurement date of the Pension Expense has been approved and changed from 09/30/2019 to 09/30/2020.

^{*} Changes of assumptions: For measurement date 09/30/2020, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the rates used in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics.

MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Eight Fiscal Years

| | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|------|------------|------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| Total pension liability | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 492,835 | \$ | 469,734 | \$ 509,101 | \$ 473,582 |
| Interest | | 1,620,290 | | 1,528,830 | 1,445,430 | 1,373,741 |
| Change in excess State funds | | (27,317) | | - | - | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | (287,593) | | 58,554 | - | - |
| Changes of assumptions | | 594,128 | | - | - | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (867,064) | | (854,438) | (751,882) | (1,102,107) |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 1,525,279 | | 1,202,680 | 1,202,649 | 745,216 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 21,571,880 | | 20,369,200 | 19,166,551 | 18,421,335 |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | _\$_ | 23,097,159 | \$ | 21,571,880 | \$ 20,369,200 | \$ 19,166,551 |
| | | | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 1,050,106 | \$ | 1,138,692 | \$ 961,952 | \$ 2,072,711 |
| Contributions - state | | 85,154 | | 77,754 | 65,862 | 62,542 |
| Contributions - employee | | 117,033 | | 108,536 | 114,679 | 105,628 |
| Net investment income | | 1,607,425 | | (730,080) | 1,564,849 | 1,435,540 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (867,064) | | (854,438) | (751,882) | (1,102,107) |
| Administrative expense | | (42,535) | | (41,503) | (38,332) | (32,304) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 1,950,119 | | (301,039) | 1,917,128 | 2,542,010 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 15,555,489 | | 15,856,528 | 13,939,400 | 11,397,390 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 17,505,608 | \$ | 15,555,489 | \$ 15,856,528 | \$ 13,939,400 |
| City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 5,591,551 | \$ | 6,016,391 | \$ 4,512,672 | \$ 5,227,151 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 75.79% | | 72.11% | 77.85% | 72.73% |
| Covered payroll* | \$ | 1,462,915 | \$ | 1,599,122 | \$ 1,433,491 | \$ 1,320,347 |
| City's net position liability as a percentage of covered payroll | | 382.22% | | 376.23% | 314.80% | 395.89% |

MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | | ctuarially etermined | in the | ontributions relation to Actuarially determined | _ | Contribution | | Covered | Contributions as a percentage of Covered |
|----------------|----|-------------------------|-----------|--|----|--------------|----|----------------------|--|
| Ended | _ | ontribution | _ | ontributions | , | | | Payroll ¹ | Employee Payroll |
| 09/30/2020 | \$ | 1,330,200 | \$ | 1,332,641 | \$ | (2,441) | \$ | 1,951,013 | 68.31% |
| 09/30/2019 | \$ | 1,343,730 | \$ | 1,440,834 | \$ | (97, 104) | \$ | 1,918,791 | 75.09% |
| 09/30/2018 | \$ | 1,338,286 | \$ | 1,338,286 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,858,989 | 71.99% |
| 09/30/2017 | \$ | 1,206,989 | \$ | 1,206,989 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,680,575 | 71.82% |
| 09/30/2016 | \$ | 1,162,579 | \$ | 1,162,579 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,462,915 | 79.47% |
| 09/30/2015 | \$ | 967,464 | \$ | 1,216,446 | \$ | (248, 982) | \$ | 1,599,122 | 76.07% |
| 09/30/2014 | \$ | 1,027,813 | \$ | 1,027,813 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,433,491 | 71.70% |
| 09/30/2013 | \$ | 729,756 | \$ | 2,135,253 | \$ | (1,405,497) | \$ | 1,320,347 | 161.72% |
| 09/30/2012 | \$ | 687,550 | \$ | 1,721,305 | \$ | (1,033,755) | \$ | 1,284,662 | 133.99% |
| 09/30/2011 | \$ | 548,612 | \$ | 566,977 | \$ | (18,365) | \$ | 1,527,468 | 37.12% |

¹ The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Notes to Schedule

Retirement Age:

Valuation Date: 10/1/2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Mortality Rate: Healthy Active Lives:

Female: Pub S.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year

Male: Pub S.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year

Healthy Retiree Lives:

Female: Pub S.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year Male: Pub S.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year

Beneficiary Lives:

Female: Pub S.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees

Male: Pub S.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set back one year

Disabled Lives:

80% Pub G.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% Pub S.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees

The assumed rates of mortality were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of

Florida. This law mandates the use of the mortality assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in the July 1, 2019 FRS actuarial valuation report for special risk employees.

Interest Rate: 7.5% per year compounded annually, net of investment expenses. This is supported by the target asset allocation of the trust and the expected long-term return by asset class.

Two years after the earlier of age 60 with 5 years of service, age 55 with 10 years of service, or 25 years of service regardless of age. Also, any member who reached Normal Retirement

plus two years is assumed to continue employment for one additional year.

Early Retirement: Commencing at eligibility for early retirement (age 50), members are assumed to retire with an

immediate benefit at the rate of 2.0% per year.

Disability Rates: See table. It is assumed that 75% of disablements and active Member deaths are service

related. The assumed rates of disablement were developed from those used by other plans

containing Florida municipal Police Officers.

| Termination Rate: | Credited Service | Termination Probability |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | 0 - 1 | 15% |
| | 2 - 4 | 10% |
| | 5+ | 0% |
| Salary Increases: | Years of Service | Increase Rate |
| | 0 | 7.25% |
| | 1 | 7.00% |
| | 2 | 6.75% |
| | 3 | 6.50% |
| | 4 | 6.25% |
| | 5 - 9 | 6.00% |
| | 10 - 14 | 5.25% |
| | 15+ | 4.50% |

The assumed rates of salary increases were approved from a special actuarial study completed in April 2016. Projected salary in the year of retirement is increased 10% for Members who had 10 or more years of Credited Service as of September 30, 2011 and 5% for Members who had less than 10 years of Credited Service as of September 30, 2011. These increases are to account for non-regular compensation.

Cost of Living Adjustment: 3.00% automatic COLA to Normal and Early Retirees, beginning one year after retirement

Payroll Growth Assumption: None.

Funding Method: Entry age normal actuarial cost method

Amortization Method: Level percentage of pay, closed Remaining Amortization: 19 years (as of 10/01/2017)

Actuarial Asset Method: Each year, the prior actuarial value of assets is brought forward utilizing the historic

geometric 4-year average market value returns, net of fees. It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below market value.

Disability Rate Table:

| | % Becoming Disabled |
|-----|---------------------|
| Age | During the Year |
| 20 | 0.051% |
| 30 | 0.058% |
| 40 | 0.121% |
| 50 | 0.429% |

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Last Eight Fiscal Years

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses for the pension plans:

| For the year ended | GENERAL EMPLOYEES' | MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS' |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| September 30, | PENSION PLAN | PENSION PLAN |
| 2020 | 8.46% | 6.73% |
| 2019 | 3.60% | 2.62% |
| 2018 | 6.80% | 5.91% |
| 2017 | 13.22% | 9.83% |
| 2016 | 6.17% | 10.07% |
| 2015 | -2.23% | -4.50% |
| 2014 | 11.00% | 10.91% |
| 2013 | 12.96% | 12.01% |

Note to Schedule:

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF SANIBEL OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Three Fiscal Years

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Total OPEB liability | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 24,968 | \$ 27,596 | \$ 29,110 |
| Interest | 16,033 | 16,590 | 14,065 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | (18,511) | (60,376) | - |
| Changes of assumptions | 70,817 | (26,824) | (18, 256) |
| Benefit payments | (22,534) | (30,633) | (23,932) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | 70,773 | (73,647) | 987 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | 369,729 | 443,376 | 442,389 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | \$ 440,502 | \$ 369,729 | \$ 443,376 |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ 7,194,401 | \$ 8,118,828 | \$ 7,796,542 |
| City's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 6.12% | 4.55% | 5.69% |

Notes to Schedule:

- * Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be presented as it becomes available
- * Benefit payments: The plan sponsor did not provie actual net benefits paid by the Plan for the fiscal year ending on September 30, 2020. Expected net benefit payments produced by the valuation model for the same period are shown in the table above.
- * Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience reflects the impact of changes to the census data from the prior valuation to the valuation as of September 30, 2019
- * Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of modifying the annual per capita claims cost and premium to consider current plan experience and enrollment, health care inflation rates, and the change due to the discount rate in each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2020: 3.58% Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019: 4.18% Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2018: 3.64%



The Combining Financial Statements and Schedules include the non-major governmental funds. The non-major governmental funds include special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital project funds.

This section contains the following subsections:

| Description of Non-major Governmental Funds | 124 |
|--|-----|
| Combining Balance Sheet – Non-major Governmental Funds | 126 |
| Combing Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-major Governmental Funds | 128 |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual | |
| Road Impact Fees | 130 |
| Community Park Impact Fees | 130 |
| Building Department | 131 |
| Recreation Center | 132 |
| Recreation Financial Assistance | 133 |
| Elementary School Ball Park Maintenance | 133 |
| Shell Harbor Dredging | 133 |
| Sanibel Estates Canal Trimming | 134 |
| Sanibel Isles/Water Shadows Dredging | 134 |
| 2012 \$2.97M General Obligation Refunding Bonds | 135 |
| 2020 Public Safety Capital Lease Obligation | 135 |
| 2020 \$5.0M Capital Improvement Revenue Note | 136 |
| 2016 \$6.52M General Obligation Refunding Bonds | 136 |
| Capital Asset Acquisition | 137 |
| Transportation Capital Projects | 138 |
| Center4Life Capital Improvement Project | 139 |
| Recreation Facility Sinking Fund | 130 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2020

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

- Road Impact Fees to account for revenue collected by the City at the time of building permit issuance based on a county-wide ordinance assessing road impact fees which funds are used to improve roads on Sanihel
- Community Park Impact Fees to account for revenue collected by the City at the time of building permit
 issuance based on a county-wide ordinance assessing community park impact fees which funds are used
 to improve community parks on Sanibel.
- **Building Department** to account for the receipts and disbursements of building-type permit revenues and the associated inspection and operations expenditures related thereto.
- Recreation Center to account for the recreation center programs and the Center-4-Life Seniors program. Revenues are received from membership fees and program fees. The Recreation Center is also partially supported by transfers from the General Fund.
- Recreation Financial Assistance to account for the receipt and disbursement of donations received from
 private citizens to support income-based reduction of fees for the City's Recreation Center before and
 after school programs.
- **Elementary School Ball Park Maintenance** to account for the operation and maintenance of the ball fields, formerly Lee County School Board facilities, pursuant to interlocal operation and reimbursement agreements with Lee County and with the Lee County School Board.
- **Shell Harbor Dredging** to account for financial resources including special assessments from benefiting property owners used to retain navigability for both property owners and public access.
- Sanibel Estates Canal Trimming to account for financial resources including special assessments from benefiting property owners used to retain navigability and roadway drainage in canals.
- Sanibel Isles/Water Shadows Dredging to account for financial resources including special assessments from benefiting property owners used to retain navigability for both property owners and public access.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

- 2012 \$2.97M General Obligation Bonds to account for the debt service payments and administrative costs for the 2002 GO Bonds and the 2012 GO Refunding Bonds issued to retire the 2002 GO Bonds. Revenues are received from voter approved ad valorem property taxes.
- **2020 Public Safety Vehicle Capital Lease Obligation** to account for the debt service payments related to the leasing of vehicles for the City's Police Department.
- 2020 \$5.0 Million Capital Improvement Revenue Note to account for the debt service payments related
 to a \$5.0 million bank loan that was issued to acquire and renovate a building for a new senior center in
 the City.
- 2006/2016 \$6.52M General Obligation Bonds (Construction of New Recreation Center) to account for the debt service payments and administrative costs of the \$6.52 million General Obligation Bonds issued in 2016 that refunded the original 2006 issue. Revenues are received from voter approved ad valorem property taxes.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2020

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Project Funds account for all resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital facilities.

- Capital Asset Acquisition to account for financial resources to be used for on-going and/or routine capital acquisitions such as vehicle replacement, equipment, and other capital assets.
- Transportation Capital Projects to account for financial resources to be used for the maintenance and upgrading of roads and streets, including drainage, resurfacing, reshelling, shared-use paths and the professional engineering cost associated therewith.
- **Center4Life Capital Improvement Project** to account for the financial resources to be used to renovate a new senior center in the City.
- Recreation Facility Sinking Fund sinking fund to accumulate funds necessary for the rehabilitation and replacement of components and equipment at the Recreation Complex.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2020

Special Revenue Funds

| | | | | | Special Re | venue Funas | | | | |
|--|----------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | | 0 | | | Danastian | Elementary | Ob all | Sanibel | Sanibel Isles/ | |
| | Deed | Community | Destilation of | D | Recreation | School | Shell | Estates | Water | |
| | Road | Park | Building | Recreation | Financial | Ball Park | Harbor | Canal | Shadows | T-4-1 |
| | Impact Fees | Impact Fees | Department | Center | Assistance | Maintenance | Dredging | Trimming | Dredging | Total |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,457,534 | \$ 30,027 | \$ 1,742,803 | | | \$ 33,338 | \$ - | \$ 26,421 | \$ 139,048 | \$ 3,619,853 |
| Prepaid items | - | - | 1,262 | 5,277 | | - | - | - | - | 6,539 |
| Accounts receivable | - | - | - | 24,151 | 1,110 | - 20.405 | 40 | - | - | 25,301 |
| Due from other governments | - | - | - | 3,525 4,381 | - | 32,425 | 287 | 66 | 56 | 36,359 4,381 |
| Inventories | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total assets | \$ 1,457,534 | \$ 30,027 | \$ 1,744,065 | \$ 38,534 | \$ 190,592 | \$ 65,763 | \$ 327 | \$ 26,487 | <u>\$ 139,104</u> | \$ 3,692,433 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 9,215 | \$ 15,410 | \$ - | \$ 383 | \$ - | \$ 1,100 | \$ - | \$ 26,108 |
| Due to other funds | · - | _ | - | 18,265 | | 5,266 | 2,207 | - | · - | 25,738 |
| Accrued liabilities | - | _ | 15,656 | 14,123 | - | · - | - | - | - | 29,779 |
| Unearned revenue | - | - | 31,320 | 26 | 15,600 | - | - | - | - | 46,946 |
| Total liabilities | - | - | 56,191 | 47,824 | 15,600 | 5,649 | 2,207 | 1,100 | | 128,571 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | 4.004 | | | | | | 4.004 |
| Inventory | - | - | 4.000 | 4,381 | | - | - | - | - | 4,381 |
| Prepaid items | - | - | 1,262 | 5,277 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,539 |
| Restricted: | | | 1,686,612 | | | | | | | 1,686,612 |
| Building permits/operations Capital projects | - 1,457,534 | 30,027 | 1,000,012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,487,561 |
| Debt service | 1,437,334 | 30,027 | _ | _ | - | - | - | - | _ | 1,407,301 |
| Donations received | _ | _ | | _ | 174,992 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 174,992 |
| Canal dredging and trimming | _ | _ | _ | _ | 174,552 | _ | _ | 25,387 | 139,104 | 164,491 |
| Assigned: | | | | | | | | 20,007 | 100,101 | 101,101 |
| Parks and recreation | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | 60.114 | _ | - | _ | 60,114 |
| Other capital projects | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | - |
| Unassigned: | - | _ | - | (18,948 |) - | - | (1,880) | _ | - | (20,828) |
| Total fund balances | 1,457,534 | 30,027 | 1,687,874 | (9,290 | · —— | 60,114 | (1,880) | 25,387 | 139,104 | 3,563,862 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of | | | | | | | | | | |
| resources, and fund balances | \$ 1,457,534 | \$ 30,027 | \$ 1,744,065 | \$ 38,534 | \$ 190,592 | \$ 65,763 | \$ 327 | \$ 26,487 | \$ 139,104 | \$ 3,692,433 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2020

| | | | | | Debt Service | | | | | Capital Projects | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|---|------|--|---|----|--|----|----------|------------------|---------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|----|---|----|---|----|-----------|----|---|
| | | 012 \$2.97M General Obligation Bonds | Safe | 20 Public ety Vehicle bital Lease bligation | 2020 \$5.0M Capital Improvement Revenue Note | | 016 \$6.52M General Obligation Bond | | Total | | Capital Asset Acquisition | Tra | ansportation Capital Projects | | Center4Life Capital nprovement Project | F | Recreation Facility Sinking Fund | | Total | | Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds |
| ASSETS | • | 040.070 | • | | | • | 47.050 | • | 007.000 | • | 000 000 | • | 201.001 | • | 0.000.540 | • | 000 005 | • | 5 500 000 | • | 0.000.074 |
| Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid items | \$ | 219,970 | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | 17,353 | \$ | 237,323 | \$ | 898,863 | \$ | 624,061 | \$ | 3,086,549 | \$ | 923,625 | \$ | 5,533,098 | \$ | 9,390,274 6,539 |
| Accounts receivable | | - | | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | _ | | - | | - | | 25,301 |
| Due from other governments | | 259 | | | _ | | 534 | | 793 | | _ | | _ | | - | | - | | - | | 37,152 |
| Inventories | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 4,381 |
| Total assets | \$ | 220,229 | \$ | | \$ - | \$ | 17,887 | \$ | 238,116 | \$ | 898,863 | \$ | 624,061 | \$ | 3,086,549 | \$ | 923,625 | \$ | 5,533,098 | \$ | 9,463,647 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 8,567 | \$ | 2,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 9,463 | \$ | 20,030 | \$ | 46,138 |
| Due to other funds | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 25,738 |
| Accrued liabilities | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 29,779 |
| Unearned revenue | | | | | | | | _ | <u>-</u> | | | | | | | | | _ | <u>-</u> | _ | 46,946 |
| Total liabilities | _ | | | <u> </u> | | | <u>-</u> | _ | <u>-</u> | _ | 8,567 | _ | 2,000 | _ | <u>-</u> | | 9,463 | _ | 20,030 | _ | 148,601 |
| FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inventory | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 4,381 |
| Prepaid items Restricted: | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 6,539 |
| Building permits/operations | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 1,686,612 |
| Capital projects | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | 622,061 | | - | | - | | 622,061 | | 2,109,622 |
| Debt service | | 220,229 | | - | - | | 17,887 | | 238,116 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 238,116 |
| Donations received | | - | | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 174,992 |
| Canal dredging and trimming | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 164,491 |
| Assigned: Parks and recreation | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 60,114 |
| | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 2.006.540 | | - 014 162 | | 4 004 007 | | , |
| Other capital projects | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | 890,296 | | - | | 3,086,549 | | 914,162 | | 4,891,007 | | 4,891,007 |
| Unassigned: | | - | - | - | | | 47.007 | _ | - | | - | | - | | | - | - | | | _ | (20,828) |
| Total fund balances | _ | 220,229 | | | | _ | 17,887 | _ | 238,116 | | 890,296 | - | 622,061 | | 3,086,549 | | 914,162 | | 5,513,068 | _ | 9,315,046 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances | \$ | 220,229 | \$ | | \$ - | \$ | 17,887 | \$ | 238,116 | Φ. | 898,863 | \$ | 624,061 | \$ | 3,086,549 | \$ | 923,625 | \$ | 5,533,098 | \$ | 9,463,647 |
| 1030ui003, and fund balances | φ | 220,229 | φ | | ψ - | φ | 17,007 | φ | 230,110 | φ | 090,003 | φ | 024,001 | φ | 5,000,549 | φ | 323,023 | φ | 5,555,086 | φ | 3,403,047 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

| | | | | | Special Re | venue Funds | | | | |
|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|---|--------------|
| | Road Impact Fees | Community Park Impact Fees | Building Department | Recreation Center | Recreation Financial Assistance | Elementary School Ball Park Maintenance | Shell Harbor Dredging | Sanibel Estates Canal Trimming | Sanibel Isles/ Water Shadows Dredging | Total |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes - Property | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments | - | - | 1,078,443 | - | - | - | 74,299 | 6,760 | 9,746 | 1,169,248 |
| Intergovernmental revenue | - | - | - | 24,923 | - | 153,359 | - | - | - | 178,282 |
| Charges for services | - | - | 12,608 | 447,411 | - | - | - | - | - | 460,019 |
| Fines and forfeitures | - | - | 18,474 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 18,474 |
| Other revenue | 184,265 | 13,839 | 41,598 | 17,334 | 20,927 | | 621 | 800 | 3,384 | 282,768 |
| Total revenues | 184,265 | 13,839 | 1,151,123 | 489,668 | 20,927 | 153,359 | 74,920 | 7,560 | 13,130 | 2,108,791 |
| EXPENDITURES Current | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public safety | - | - | 1,073,477 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,073,477 |
| Public Works/Transportation | - | - | - | - | - | - | 62,138 | 7,909 | 239 | 70,286 |
| Culture/recreation | - | - | - | 1,580,495 | 2,594 | 230,506 | - | - | - | 1,813,595 |
| Debt Service | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Interest & fiscal charges | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Capital outlay | | | 5,243 | | | | | | | 5,243 |
| Total expenditures | | | 1,078,720 | 1,580,495 | 2,594 | 230,506 | 62,138 | 7,909 | 239 | 2,962,601 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | 184,265 | 13,839 | 72,403 | (1,090,827) | 18,333 | (77,147) | 12,782 | (349) | 12,891 | (853,810) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USI | ES) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | _ | _ | 677,250 | _ | 110,000 | 14,580 | 3,000 | 5,000 | 809,830 |
| Transfers out | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | - | (33,072) | -, | - | (33,072) |
| Debt proceeds | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | _ | (,, | _ | _ | (==,==,=, |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | | 677,250 | | 110,000 | (18,492) | 3,000 | 5,000 | 776,758 |
| rotal other interioring courses (acce) | | | | 011,200 | | 110,000 | (10,102) | 0,000 | 0,000 | 110,100 |
| Net change in fund balances | 184,265 | 13,839 | 72,403 | (413,577) | 18,333 | 32,853 | (5,710) | 2,651 | 17,891 | (77,052) |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | 1,273,269 | 16,188 | 1,615,471 | 404,287 | 156,659 | 27,261 | 3,830 | 22,736 | 121,213 | 3,640,914 |
| End of year | \$ 1,457,534 | \$ 30,027 | \$ 1,687,874 | \$ (9,290) | \$ 174,992 | \$ 60,114 | \$ (1,880) | \$ 25,387 | \$ 139,104 | \$ 3,563,862 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

| _ | | | | Debt Service Fund | ds | | | Capital Projects | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|---|----|---|---------------|------------------|---------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|----|---|----|---|----|-------------|----|---|
| | 2012 \$2. Gener Obligat Bond | al ion | 2020 Public Safety Vehicle Capital Lease Obligation | 2020 \$5.0M Capital Improvement Revenue Note | | 016 \$6.52M General Obligation Bonds | Total | | Capital Asset Acquisition | Tra | ansportation Capital Projects | | enter4Life Capital provement Project | F | Recreation Facility Sinking Fund | | Total | | Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes - Property | \$ 254 | 4,516 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | 539,448 | \$ 793,964 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 793,964 |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments | | - | - | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 1,169,248 |
| Intergovernmental revenue | | - | - | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 178,282 |
| Charges for services | | - | - | - | | - | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 460,019 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | | - | - | | | | | | | - | | - | | | | | | 18,474 |
| Other revenue | | 1,770 | | | | 9,533 | 21,303 | _ | 31,345 | | 18,239 | | <u>-</u> | | 25,703 | | 75,287 | _ | 379,358 |
| Total revenues | 260 | 6,286 | | | | 548,981 | 815,267 | _ | 31,345 | _ | 18,239 | | | | 25,703 | _ | 75,287 | _ | 2,999,345 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | - | - | - | | - | - | | 25,253 | | - | | - | | - | | 25,253 | | 25,253 |
| Public safety | | - | - | - | | - | - | | 1,792 | | - | | - | | - | | 1,792 | | 1,075,269 |
| Public Works/Transportation | | - | - | - | | - | - | | - | | 19,493 | | - | | - | | 19,493 | | 89,779 |
| Culture/recreation | | - | - | - | | - | - | | 76,110 | | - | | - | | 32,469 | | 108,579 | | 1,922,174 |
| Debt Service | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 31 | 5,000 | 117,613 | - | | 425,000 | 857,613 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 857,613 |
| Interest & fiscal charges | 19 | 9,872 | 15,571 | 18,000 | | 122,843 | 176,286 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 176,286 |
| Capital outlay | | | | | | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | _ | 1,211,228 | | | | 1,913,451 | | 11,821 | | 3,136,500 | _ | 3,141,743 |
| Total expenditures | 334 | 4,872 | 133,184 | 18,000 | | 547,843 | 1,033,899 | _ | 1,314,383 | _ | 19,493 | | 1,913,451 | | 44,290 | _ | 3,291,617 | _ | 7,288,117 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | (68 | 3,586) | (133,184) | (18,000) | | 1,138 | (218,632) | _ | (1,283,038) | | (1,254) | | (1,913,451) | | (18,587) | | (3,216,330) | _ | (4,288,772) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE | =e) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | -0, | | 133,184 | | | | 133,184 | | 478,000 | | | | 6,899,177 | | | | 7,377,177 | | 8,320,191 |
| Transfers out | | - | 133,104 | (5,000,000) | | - | (5,000,000) | | (133,184) | | (100,000) | | (1,899,177) | | - | | (2,132,361) | | (7,165,433) |
| Debt proceeds | | - | - | 5,018,000 | ' | - | 5,018,000 | | 967,624 | | (100,000) | | (1,099,177) | | - | | 967,624 | | 5,985,624 |
| • | | | 122 104 | | | <u>-</u> | | _ | | | (100,000) | | <u>-</u> | | | | | _ | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | 133,184 | 18,000 | | <u>-</u> | 151,184 | _ | 1,312,440 | _ | (100,000) | | 5,000,000 | | <u>-</u> | | 6,212,440 | _ | 7,140,382 |
| Net change in fund balances | (68 | 3,586) | - | - | | 1,138 | (67,448) | | 29,402 | | (101,254) | | 3,086,549 | | (18,587) | | 2,996,110 | | 2,851,610 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | 28 | 8,815 | | | | 16,749 | 305,564 | | 860,894 | | 723,315 | | | | 932,749 | | 2,516,958 | _ | 6,463,436 |
| End of year | \$ 220 | 0,229 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | 17,887 | \$ 238,116 | \$ | 890,296 | \$ | 622,061 | \$ | 3,086,549 | \$ | 914,162 | \$ | 5,513,068 | \$ | 9,315,046 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS

| | Road Impact Fees Fund | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Buc | lgets | _ | Variance with | | | | | | | | | |
| | Original | Final | Actual | Final Budget | | | | | | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other revenue | \$ 171,000 | \$ 171,000 | <u>\$ 184,265</u> | \$ 13,265 | | | | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES Total expenditures | | | | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Net change in fund balances | 171,000 | 171,000 | 184,265 | 13,265 | | | | | | | | | |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | 1,270,818 | 1,273,269 | 1,273,269 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ 1,441,818 | \$ 1,444,269 | \$ 1,457,534 | <u>\$ 13,265</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Community Park Impact Fees Fund | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|----|--------|----|--------|------|------------|
| | Budgets | | | | | | Vari | iance with |
| | | Original | | Final | | Actual | Fina | al Budget |
| REVENUES Other revenue | \$ | 15,100 | \$ | 15,100 | \$ | 13,839 | \$ | (1,261) |
| EXPENDITURES Total expenditures | | | | | | | | <u>-</u> |
| Net change in fund balances | | 15,100 | | 15,100 | _ | 13,839 | | (1,261) |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 16,216 | | 16,188 | | 16,188 | | |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 31,316 | \$ | 31,288 | \$ | 30,027 | \$ | (1,261) |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED)

| | Building Department Fund | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Rud | gets | | Variance with | | | | |
| | Original | Final | Actual | Final Budget | | | | |
| REVENUES | Original | I IIIaI | Actual | i mai buuget | | | | |
| Licenses & Permits | \$ 1,265,097 | \$ 1,265,097 | \$ 1,078,443 | \$ (186,654) | | | | |
| Charges for services | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,608 | 608 | | | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | 25,000 | 25,000 | 18,474 | (6,526) | | | | |
| Other revenue | 27,500 | 27,500 | 41,598 | 14,098 | | | | |
| Total revenues | 1,329,597 | 1,329,597 | 1,151,123 | (178,474) | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| Public safety | 1,270,480 | 1,270,480 | 1,073,477 | 197,003 | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | 675,000 | 675,000 | 5,243 | 669,757 | | | | |
| Total expenditures | 1,945,480 | 1,945,480 | 1,078,720 | 866,760 | | | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | (615,883) | (615,883) | 72,403 | 688,286 | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| Reserves for wage adjustments | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Transfers in | | | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | |
| Net change in fund balances | (615,883) | (615,883) | 72,403 | 688,286 | | | | |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | 1,591,994 | 1,615,471 | 1,615,471 | | | | | |
| Fund balances, end of year | <u>\$ 976,111</u> | \$ 999,588 | \$ 1,687,874 | \$ 688,286 | | | | |

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED)

| | Recreation Center Fund | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------|-----|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|------|-----------------|
| | Budgets | | | | | Variance with | | |
| | | Original | | Final | | Actual | Fina | al Budget |
| REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services | \$ | 15,000 691,678 | \$ | 15,000 417,422 | \$ | 24,923 447,411 | \$ | 9,923 29,989 |
| Other revenue | | 12,500 | _ | 12,500 | _ | 17,334 | | 4,834 |
| Total revenues | _ | 719,178 | _ | 444,922 | _ | 489,668 | | 44,746 |
| EXPENDITURES Current Culture/recreation | | 2,285,234 | | 1,746,236 | | 1,580,495 | | 165,741 |
| Culture/recreation | | 2,203,234 | | 1,740,230 | _ | 1,300,493 | | 103,741 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures | | (1,566,056) | | (1,301,314) | _ | (1,090,827) | | 210,487 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in | | 1,354,500 | | 677,250 | _ | 677,250 | | <u>-</u> |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | _ | 1,354,500 | _ | 677,250 | _ | 677,250 | | |
| Net change in fund balances | _ | (211,556) | | (624,064) | _ | (413,577) | | 210,487 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | _ | 312,336 | | 404,287 | | 404,287 | _ | <u>-</u> |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 100,780 | \$ | (219,777) | \$ | (9,290) | \$ | 210,487 |
| | | Red | | | al <i>i</i> | Assistance F | | ance with |
| | | Original | gou | Final | , | Actual | | al Budget |
| REVENUES Other revenue EXPENDITURES | \$ | 20,500 | \$ | 20,500 | \$ | 20,927 | \$ | 427 |
| Current Culture/recreation | | 22,000 | | 22,000 | | 2,594 | | 19,406 |
| Net change in fund balances | | (1,500) | - | (1,500) | _ | 18,333 | | 19,833 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 157,334 | - | 156,659 | _ | 156,659 | | |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 155,834 | \$ | 155,159 | \$ | 174,992 | \$ | 19,833 |

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED)

| | Elementary School Ball Park Maintenance Fund | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|------|--|-----|---|------|---|
| | | Bud | gets | | | | Vari | ance with |
| | | Original | | Final | | Actual | Fina | al Budget |
| REVENUES Intergovernmental Other revenue | \$ | 145,519 250 | \$ | 145,519 250 | \$ | 153,359 | \$ | 7,840 (250) |
| Total revenues | _ | 145,769 | | 145,769 | _ | 153,359 | | 7,590 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| Culture/recreation | | 283,702 | | 283,702 | _ | 230,506 | | 53,196 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures | | (137,933) | | (137,933) | _ | (77,147) | | 60,786 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in | | 110,000 | | 110,000 | | 110,000 | | |
| Net change in fund balances | | (27,933) | | (27,933) | | 32,853 | | 60,786 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 33,558 | | 27,261 | _ | 27,261 | | |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 5,625 | \$ | (672) | \$ | 60,114 | \$ | 60,786 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | Dd | | ell Harbor D | red | lging Fund | \ | |
| | | Bud ₍ Original | | | rec | dging Fund | | ance with |
| REVENUES Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues | \$ | Budy Original 65,270 1,000 66,270 | | | \$ | | | 9,029 (379) 8,650 |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue | | Original 65,270 1,000 | gets | Final 65,270 1,000 | | Actual 74,299 621 | Fina | 9,029 (379) |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current | | Original 65,270 1,000 66,270 | gets | Final 65,270 1,000 66,270 | | Actual 74,299 621 74,920 | Fina | 9,029 (379) 8,650 |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current Public Works Excess (deficiency) of revenue over | | 0riginal 65,270 1,000 66,270 | gets | Final 65,270 1,000 66,270 | | Actual 74,299 621 74,920 62,138 | Fina | 9,029 (379) 8,650 (60,938) |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current Public Works Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in | | 0riginal 65,270 1,000 66,270 1,200 65,070 14,580 | gets | Final 65,270 1,000 66,270 1,200 65,070 14,580 | | Actual 74,299 621 74,920 62,138 12,782 14,580 | Fina | 9,029 (379) 8,650 (60,938) |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current Public Works Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfers out | | 0riginal 65,270 1,000 66,270 1,200 65,070 14,580 (33,072) | gets | Final 65,270 1,000 66,270 1,200 65,070 14,580 (33,072) | | Actual 74,299 621 74,920 62,138 12,782 14,580 (33,072) | Fina | 9,029 (379) 8,650 (60,938) |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current Public Works Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) | | 0riginal 65,270 1,000 66,270 1,200 65,070 14,580 (33,072) (18,492) | gets | Final 65,270 1,000 66,270 1,200 65,070 14,580 (33,072) (18,492) | | Actual 74,299 621 74,920 62,138 12,782 14,580 (33,072) (18,492) | Fina | 9,029 (379) 8,650 (60,938) (52,288) |

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED)

| | Sanibel Estates Canal Trimming Fund | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|------|--|-------|--|---------------|------------------------------|
| | Budgets | | | | Varia | ance with | | |
| | | Original | | Final | | Actual | <u>Fina</u> | l Budget |
| REVENUES Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues | \$ | 6,775 500 7,275 | \$ | 6,775 500 7,275 | \$ | 6,760 800 7,560 | \$ | (15) 300 285 |
| EXPENDITURES Current Public Works | | 10,500 | | 10,500 | | 7,909 | | 2,591 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures | | (3,225) | | (3,225) | | (349) | | 2,876 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in | | 3,000 | | 3,000 | | 3,000 | | |
| Net change in fund balances | | (225) | | (225) | | 2,651 | | 2,876 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 17,216 | | 22,736 | | 22,736 | | <u> </u> |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 16,991 | \$ | 22,511 | \$ | 25,387 | \$ | 2,876 |
| | Sanibel Isles/Water Shadows Dredging Fund Budgets Varian | | | | | | | |
| | | | | s/Water Sh | nado | ws Dredgin | | d ance with |
| | | | | s/Water Sh | nado | ws Dredgin | Varia | |
| REVENUES Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues | \$ | Bud | | | \$ | _ | Varia | ance with |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue | | Bud Original 9,750 1,750 | gets | Final 9,750 1,750 | | Actual 9,746 3,384 | Varia Fina | ance with I Budget (4) 1,634 |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current | | Bud Original 9,750 1,750 11,500 | gets | 9,750 1,750 11,500 | | 9,746 3,384 13,130 | Varia Fina | (4) 1,634 1,630 |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current Public Works Excess (deficiency) of revenue over | | Budg Original 9,750 1,750 11,500 | gets | 9,750 1,750 11,500 | | 9,746 3,384 13,130 | Varia Fina | (4) 1,634 1,630 |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current Public Works Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | Budgoriginal 9,750 1,750 11,500 240 11,260 | gets | 9,750 1,750 11,500 240 11,260 | | 9,746 3,384 13,130 239 12,891 | Varia Fina | (4) 1,634 1,630 |
| Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current Public Works Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in | | Budgoriginal 9,750 1,750 11,500 240 11,260 5,000 | gets | 9,750 1,750 11,500 240 11,260 5,000 | | 9,746 3,384 13,130 239 12,891 5,000 | Varia Fina | (4) 1,634 1,630 1 1,631 |

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

| | 2012 \$2.97M General Obligation Refunding Bonds Fund | | | | | | ds Fund | |
|---|--|-------------|------|--------------|------|---------------|---------|------------------|
| | Budgets | | | _ | | Variance with | | |
| | | Original | | Final | | Actual | Fir | nal Budget |
| REVENUES | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | > |
| Taxes | \$ | 256,061 | \$ | 256,061 | \$ | 254,516 | \$ | (1,545) |
| Other revenue | | 4,000 | | 4,000 | | 11,770 | | 7,770 |
| Total revenues | | 260,061 | | 260,061 | | 266,286 | | 6,225 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | 315,000 | | 315,000 | | 315,000 | | - |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 19,872 | | 19,872 | | 19,872 | | |
| Total expenditures | | 334,872 | | 334,872 | | 334,872 | | |
| Net change in fund balances | | (74,811) | | (74,811) | | (68,586) | | 6,225 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 281,361 | | 288,815 | | 288,815 | _ | <u>-</u> |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 206,550 | \$ | 214,004 | \$ | 220,229 | \$ | 6,225 |
| | | 2020 Bud | | lic Safety V | ehic | cle Capital L | | e riance with |
| | | Original | 90.0 | Final | • | Actual | | al Budget |
| EXPENDITURES | | <u> </u> | | | | 710144 | <u></u> | di Daaget |
| Debt Service | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 117,613 | \$ | (117,613) |
| Interest and fiscal charges | Ψ | _ | Ψ | _ | * | 15,571 | • | (15,571) |
| Total expenditures | | | | _ | | 133,184 | | (133,184) |
| · | | | | | | · · · · · · | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | | | | | | (133,184) | | (133,184) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in | | _ | | _ | | 133,184 | | 133,184 |
| Handiolo III | | | | | _ | 100, 104 | | 100, 104 |
| Net change in fund balances | | | | - | | | | |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | | _ | | | | | |

Fund balances, end of year

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

| | | 2020 \$5. | .OM | Capital Imp | ro۱ | vement Reven | ue l | Note |
|--------------------------------------|---------|--------------|-------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------|-------------|
| | Budgets | | | | Variance with | | | |
| | | Original | | Final | • | Actual | Fin | al Budget |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | | | | | 18,000 | | (18,000) |
| Total expenditures | | | | - | | 18,000 | | (18,000) |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over | | | | | | //\ | | (1) |
| (under) expenditures | | | | | _ | (18,000) | | (18,000) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| Debt Proceeds | | - | | - | | 5,018,000 | | 5,018,000 |
| Transfers out | | | | | _ | (5,000,000) | | (5,000,000) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | 18,000 | | (18,000) |
| Net change in fund balances | | | | | _ | | | |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | <u>-</u> | | - | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | , | 0016 ¢6 52N | 1 Cc | anoral Obliga | otic | on Refunding | Don | de Eund |
| | | 2010 \$0.521 | /I Ge | erierai Obliga | auc | on Returnaling | БОІ | us Fullu |
| | | Bud | gets | ; | _ | | Va | riance with |
| | | Original | | Final | | Actual | Fir | nal Budget |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 542,850 | \$ | 542,850 | \$ | • | \$ | (3,402) |
| Other revenue | | 2,500 | | 2,500 | _ | 9,533 | | 7,033 |
| Total revenues | | 545,350 | | 545,350 | _ | 548,981 | - | 3,631 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | 425,000 | | 425,000 | | 425,000 | | - |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 122,844 | | 122,844 | _ | 122,843 | | 1 |
| Total expenditures | _ | 547,844 | | 547,844 | _ | 547,843 | | 1 |
| Net change in fund balances | | (2,494) | | (2,494) | _ | 1,138 | | 3,632 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 9,083 | | 16,749 | _ | 16,749 | | <u>-</u> |

6,589

14,255 \$

17,887

3,632

Fund balances, end of year

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

| | Capital Asset Acquisition Fund | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Buc | lgets | | Variance with | | | | |
| | Original | Final | Actual | Final Budget | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ - | \$ 48,750 | \$ - | \$ (48,750) | | | | |
| Other revenue | 13,000 | 13,000 | 31,345 | 18,345 | | | | |
| Total revenues | 13,000 | 61,750 | 31,345 | (30,405) | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | |
| General government | - | - | 25,253 | (25,253) | | | | |
| Public safety | - | - | 1,792 | (1,792) | | | | |
| Culture/recreation | - | - | 76,110 | (76,110) | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | 1,377,494 | 1,305,399 | 1,211,228 | 94,171 | | | | |
| Total expenditures | 1,377,494 | 1,305,399 | 1,314,383 | (8,984) | | | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | (1,364,494) | (1,243,649) | (1,283,038) | (39,389) | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 623,000 | 478,000 | 478,000 | - | | | | |
| Transfers out | - | - | (133, 184) | (133, 184) | | | | |
| Debt proceeds | - | - | 967,624 | 967,624 | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 623,000 | 478,000 | 1,312,440 | 834,440 | | | | |

(741,494)

745,768

4,274

(765,649)

860,894

95,245

29,402

860,894

890,296

795,051

795,051

Net change in fund balances

Fund balances, end of year

Fund balances, beginning of year

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED)

| | Transportation Capital Projects Fund | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------------|------|----------------------------|-----|--------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| | Budgets | | | | | Va | riance with | |
| | | Original | _ | Final | | Actual | Fir | nal Budget |
| REVENUES Intergovernmental Other revenue Total revenues | \$ | 15,000 15,000 | \$ | 51,474 15,000 66,474 | \$ | - 18,239 18,239 | \$ | (51,474) 3,239 (48,235) |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current Transportation Capital Outlay | | - 613,500 | | - 214,000 | | 19,493 <u>-</u> | | (19,493) 214,000 |
| Total expenditures | _ | 613,500 | | 214,000 | | 19,493 | _ | 194,507 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures | _ | (598,500) | _ | (147,526) | _ | (1,254) | | 146,272 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out | | (100,000) | _ | (100,000) | _ | (100,000) | | <u>-</u> |
| Net change in fund balances | | (698,500) | _ | (247,526) | _ | (101,254) | | 146,272 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | _ | 704,665 | | 723,315 | | 723,315 | _ | <u>-</u> |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 6,165 | \$ | 475,789 | \$ | 622,061 | \$ | 146,272 |
| | | Cente | er 4 | Life Capital | lmį | provement P | rojed | ot |
| | | Budg | get | | | A - 41 | | riance with |
| EXPENDITURES | | Original | | Final | | Actual | Fir | nal Budget_ |
| Capital Outlay | \$ | | \$ | 1,899,177 | \$ | 1,913,451 | \$ | (14,274) |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures | | | _ | (1,899,177) | _ | (1,913,451) | | (14,274) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfers out | | - | | 1,899,177 <u>-</u> | | 6,899,177 (1,899,177) | | 5,000,000 (1,899,177) |
| Total other financing sources | | | _ | 1,899,177 | _ | 5,000,000 | | 3,100,823 |
| Net change in fund balances | | | _ | | | 3,086,549 | | 3,086,549 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | - | _ | <u>-</u> | | | | <u> </u> |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | _ | \$ | | \$ | 3,086,549 | \$ | 3,086,549 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED)

| | Recreation Facility Sinking Fund | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | Bud | gets | | Variance with | | | |
| | Original | Final | Actual | Final Budget | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| Other revenue | \$ 12,000 | \$ 12,000 | \$ 25,703 | \$ 13,703 | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | |
| Culture/recreation | - | - | 32,469 | (32,469) | | | |
| Capital Outlay | 326,875 | 11,720 | 11,821 | (101) | | | |
| Total expenditures | 326,875 | 11,720 | 44,290 | (32,570) | | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | (314,875) | 280 | (18,587) | (18,867) | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | |
| Transfer in | 225,000 | - | - | - | | | |
| Reserves | (750,000) | (750,000) | | 750,000 | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (525,000) | (750,000) | | 750,000 | | | |
| Net change in fund balances | (839,875) | (749,720) | (18,587) | 731,133 | | | |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | 895,756 | 932,749 | 932,749 | | | | |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ 55,881 | \$ 183,029 | \$ 914,162 | \$ 731,133 | | | |



| Trust funds are used to account for the assets of the public employee retirement systems | |
|---|-----|
| Combining Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds | 142 |
| Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds | 143 |
| Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in the capacity of an agent for other governments, private organizations or individuals. | |
| Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – | |

Fiduciary Funds are funds held in trust by the City of Sanibel for employees' retirement or

funds held in an agency capacity for other organizations.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2020

| | Pension Trust Funds | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Municipal | Total | | | | |
| | General | Police | Trust | | | | |
| | Employees' | Officers' | Funds | | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 408,636 | \$ 4,556,286 | \$ 4,964,922 | | | | |
| Investments, at fair value | | | | | | | |
| Domestic equities | 15,404,698 | 8,168,139 | 23,572,837 | | | | |
| International equities | 5,207,645 | 3,464,423 | 8,672,068 | | | | |
| Fixed income securities | 5,885,133 | 2,164,233 | 8,049,366 | | | | |
| Government securities | 2,315,222 | - | 2,315,222 | | | | |
| Convertibles | 432,278 | 2,389,133 | 2,821,411 | | | | |
| Real estate investments | 3,727,111 | 1,316,653 | 5,043,764 | | | | |
| Total investments at fair value | 32,972,087 | 17,502,581 | 50,474,668 | | | | |
| Investment asset transfer receivable | 374,259 | - | 374,259 | | | | |
| Interest and dividends receivable | 54,472 | 3,282 | 57,754 | | | | |
| Total receivables | 428,731 | 3,282 | 432,013 | | | | |
| Total assets | 33,809,454 | 22,062,149 | 55,871,603 | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Accrued benefits and other liabilities | 9,717 | 12,785 | 22,502 | | | | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | | |
| Net position restricted for pensions | \$ 33,799,737 | \$ 22,049,364 | \$ 55,849,101 | | | | |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

| | Pension Trust Funds | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------|----------------|----|------------|--|--|--|
| | | | Muni | cipal | | Total | | | |
| | Genera | al | | lice | | Trust | | | |
| | Employe | es' | Officers' | | | Funds | | | |
| ADDITIONS | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions | | | | | | | | | |
| Employer | \$ 953 | ,846 | | 232,874 | \$ | 2,186,720 | | | |
| State of Florida | | - | | 99,767 | | 99,767 | | | |
| Plan members | 36 | <u>,464</u> | 1 | 56,081 | | 192,545 | | | |
| Total contributions | 990 | ,310 | 1,4 | 88,722 | | 2,479,032 | | | |
| Investment income | | | | | | | | | |
| Net appreciation in fair value | | | | | | | | | |
| of investments | 2,078 | ,707 | 7 | 47,820 | | 2,826,527 | | | |
| Interest, dividends and other | 782 | ,039 | 7 | 17,832 | | 1,499,871 | | | |
| Total investment earnings | 2,860 | ,746 | 1,4 | 65,652 | | 4,326,398 | | | |
| Less investment expense | (173 | <u>,041</u>) | (| (64,959) | | (238,000) | | | |
| Net investment earnings | 2,687 | <u>,705</u> | 1,4 | 00,693 | | 4,088,398 | | | |
| Total additions | 3,678 | ,01 <u>5</u> | 2,8 | 889,415 | | 6,567,430 | | | |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | | | | | | | |
| Benefits paid | 2,012 | ,083 | 1,2 | 209,237 | | 3,221,320 | | | |
| Lump sum DROP disbursement | | - | 2 | 285,383 | | 285,383 | | | |
| Refunds of contributions | 5 | ,838 | | 8,492 | | 14,330 | | | |
| Administrative expenses | 38 | <u>,548</u> | | 46,828 | | 85,376 | | | |
| Total deductions | 2,056 | <u>,469</u> | 1,5 | <u>349,940</u> | | 3,606,409 | | | |
| Change in net position | 1,621 | <u>,546</u> | 1,3 | 39,475 | | 2,961,021 | | | |
| Net position - beginning of year | 32,178 | ,191 | 20,7 | 09,889 | | 52,888,080 | | | |
| Net position - end of year | \$ 33,799 | ,737 | \$ 22,0 | 49,364 | \$ | 55,849,101 | | | |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

| | | | | | | Agency | Fui | nds | | | | | | |
|--|------|-----------|-----|---------------|-----|-------------|-----|-----------|-----|-----------|----|----------|----|----------|
| | | | | | | Fire | | | Le | e County | Le | e County | | Total |
| | Regi | onal Park | | EMS | | Control | | Fire | ; | Septic | | School | 1 | Agency |
| | Imp | act Fees | Imp | act Fees | Dis | strict Fees | Imp | pact Fees | Aba | andonment | | Board | | Funds |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year Additions - Collections | \$ | 1,302 | \$ | 110 | \$ | 3,036 | \$ | 1,532 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,210 | \$ | 11,190 |
| Collections | | 9,765 | | 825 | | 14,376 | | 11,490 | | 325 | | 39,897 | | 76,678 |
| Deductions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Remittances to other governmental agencies | | (8,463) | | (715) | _ | (14,475) | | (9,958) | | (225) | _ | (34,139) | | (67,975) |
| Cash and cash equivalents - end of year | \$ | 2,604 | \$ | 220 | \$ | 2,937 | \$ | 3,064 | \$ | 100 | \$ | 10,968 | \$ | 19,893 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Due to other governments - beginning of year | \$ | 1,302 | \$ | 110 | \$ | 3,036 | \$ | 1,532 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,210 | \$ | 11,190 |
| Additions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Collections | | 9,765 | | 825 | | 14,376 | | 11,490 | | 325 | | 39,897 | | 76,678 |
| Deductions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Remittances to other governmental agencies | | (8,463) | _ | <u>(715</u>) | _ | (14,475) | _ | (9,958) | _ | (225) | _ | (34,139) | _ | (67,975) |
| Total due to other governments - end of year | \$ | 2,604 | \$ | 220 | \$ | 2,937 | \$ | 3,064 | \$ | 100 | \$ | 10,968 | \$ | 19,893 |

This part of the City of Sanibel's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents historical and comparative information to provide a context for understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information as well as the City's overall financial health.

| Fina | ancia | ıl Tre | nds |
|------|-------|--------|-----|

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

| Net Position by Component | ŧ6 |
|---|----|
| Changes in Net Position 14 | 17 |
| Fund Balances of Governmental Funds | 19 |
| Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds | 50 |
| Tax Revenue by Source – Governmental Funds | |

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.

| Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property | 152 |
|---|-----|
| Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates | 153 |
| Principal Property Taxpayers | 154 |
| Property Tax Levies and Collections | 155 |
| Sanibel Sewer System Sewer Rates | 156 |

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future (NOTE: Legal Debt Margin Information omitted as per Florida State Statutes, §200.181 and the City of Sanibel Code of Ordinances, there are no legal debt limits).

| Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type | 157 |
|---|-----|
| Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding | 158 |
| Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt | 159 |
| Wastewater Revenue Bond Coverage | 160 |
| Wastewater Revenue Note Coverage | 161 |

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

| Demographic and Economic Statistics | . 162 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|
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Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

| Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program | 164 |
|--|-----|
| Operating Indicators by Function/Program | |
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| Schedule of Insurance Coverage | |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

| | | | | | Fiscal | Year | | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 35,276,082 | \$ 35,484,434 | \$ 36,245,903 | \$ 36,654,567 | \$36,620,841 | \$ 37,386,612 | \$ 37,809,068 | \$ 38,084,139 | \$ 38,489,185 | \$ 38,851,134 |
| Restricted | 5,944,908 | 5,517,521 | 5,275,186 | 5,502,498 | 4,577,917 | 4,486,575 | 3,088,775 | 2,412,824 | 2,321,002 | 2,276,723 |
| Unrestricted | 7,416,184 | 6,342,543 | 1,274,549 | 1,660,316 | 2,696,964 | 3,185,205 | 4,085,080 | 20,959,613 | 22,207,926 | 21,852,858 |
| Total governmental activities net position | 48,637,174 | 47,344,498 | 42,795,638 | 43,817,381 | 43,895,722 | 45,058,392 | 44,982,923 | 61,456,576 | 63,018,113 | 62,980,715 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 31,811,206 | 31,130,996 | 26,240,152 | 25,118,198 | 23,771,834 | 23,457,165 | 22,473,067 | 21,561,359 | 21,228,648 | 21,085,016 |
| Restricted | 3,320,388 | 3,779,011 | 4,387,166 | 4,929,408 | 5,567,631 | 6,253,240 | 7,178,063 | 8,708,211 | 9,510,488 | 10,441,174 |
| Unrestricted | 15,148,812 | 11,845,802 | 12,612,706 | 9,768,978 | 8,797,604 | 7,129,486 | 4,555,122 | 4,353,893 | 3,124,595 | 1,693,021 |
| Total business-type activities net position | 50,280,406 | 46,755,809 | 43,240,024 | 39,816,584 | 38,137,069 | 36,839,891 | 34,206,252 | 34,623,463 | 33,863,731 | 33,219,211 |
| Primary government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 67,087,288 | 66,615,430 | 62,486,055 | 61,772,765 | 60,392,675 | 60,843,777 | 60,282,135 | 59,645,498 | 59,717,833 | 59,936,150 |
| Restricted | 9,265,296 | 9,296,532 | 9,662,352 | 10,431,906 | 10,145,548 | 10,739,815 | 10,266,838 | 11,121,035 | 11,831,490 | 12,717,897 |
| Unrestricted | 22,564,996 | 18,188,345 | 13,887,255 | 11,429,294 | 11,494,568 | 10,314,691 | 8,640,202 | 25,313,506 | 25,332,521 | 23,545,879 |
| Total primary government net position | \$ 98,917,580 | \$ 94,100,307 | \$ 86,035,662 | \$ 83,633,965 | \$82,032,791 | \$ 81,898,283 | \$ 79,189,175 | \$ 96,080,039 | \$ 96,881,844 | \$ 96,199,926 |

Note: Fiscal year 2018 includes the implementation of GASB Statement 75, which required the recognition of deferred outflows of resources, net other post-employment liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources related to the City's other post-employment plan. The net effect of these changes decreased the City's total net position by \$145,294 in fiscal year 2018. Prior years have not been restated to reflect the changes required by GASB Statement 75.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

| | | | | | Fisca | l Year | | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 3,024,102 | \$ 3,404,377 | \$ 2,877,238 | \$ 3,440,910 | \$ 3,852,797 | \$ 3,059,243 | \$ 1,989,435 | \$ 2,645,474 | \$ 1,060,457 | \$ 1,247,993 |
| Public safety | 6,579,164 | 6,796,956 | 6,057,803 | 5,874,586 | 5,660,436 | 4,914,342 | 4,818,715 | 4,968,234 | 4,943,006 | 5,110,249 |
| Physical environment | 843,172 | 755,440 | 537,456 | 587,814 | 646,824 | 646,509 | 625,663 | 657,770 | 693,096 | 757,467 |
| Public Works/Transportation | 4,889,081 | 5,103,352 | 7,631,231 | 5,260,537 | 5,215,574 | 4,150,278 | 4,114,671 | 4,207,936 | 4,654,009 | 3,452,975 |
| Economic development | 434,337 | 434,452 | 364,022 | 349,427 | 352,019 | 330,604 | 319,055 | 310,986 | 303,739 | 288,989 |
| Human services | - | - | - | - | 24,579 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Culture/recreation | 4,129,016 | 4,607,626 | 4,448,505 | 5,059,094 | 4,932,373 | 4,962,842 | 4,580,446 | 4,526,040 | 4,219,856 | 4,173,267 |
| Interest on long-term debt | 213,030 | 155,987 | 174,165 | 189,885 | 344,918 | 346,967 | 357,954 | 381,058 | 477,463 | 435,469 |
| Total governmental activities expenses | 20,111,902 | 21,258,190 | 22,090,420 | 20,762,253 | 21,029,520 | 18,411,785 | 16,806,939 | 17,698,498 | 16,352,626 | 15,467,409 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sewer | 6,975,946 | 6,972,361 | 6,717,142 | 6,743,168 | 7,048,610 | 6,729,763 | 6,651,541 | 7,197,611 | 7,659,796 | 7,182,495 |
| Beach parking | 4,666,745 | 4,846,982 | 5,870,972 | 4,644,671 | 4,160,279 | 3,373,708 | 2,687,152 | 2,593,668 | 2,552,587 | 2,316,959 |
| Total business-type activities expenses | 11,642,691 | 11,819,343 | 12,588,114 | 11,387,839 | 11,208,889 | 10,103,471 | 9,338,693 | 9,791,279 | 10,212,383 | 9,499,454 |
| Total primary government expenses | 31,754,593 | 33,077,533 | 34,678,534 | 32,150,092 | 32,238,409 | 28,515,256 | 26,145,632 | 27,489,777 | 26,565,009 | 24,966,863 |
| Program Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 2,233,203 | 2,370,152 | 2,415,720 | 2,343,738 | 2,181,005 | 1,679,310 | 1,575,060 | 1,608,000 | 1,521,597 | 1,416,763 |
| Public safety | 1,193,038 | 1,369,342 | 1,274,813 | 1,420,555 | 958,104 | 717,757 | 753,675 | 846,565 | 854,433 | 825,845 |
| Other activities | 733,061 | 953,547 | 946,088 | 925,324 | 968,431 | 954,614 | 854,529 | 787,727 | 780,585 | 742,762 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 2,762,845 | 5,886,070 | 2,146,324 | 2,155,509 | 2,024,197 | 1,933,338 | 1,735,335 | 364,063 | 361,386 | 477,869 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 163,200 | 201,857 | 159,502 | 139,201 | 229,515 | 291,238 | 199,669 | 125,231 | 143,227 | 208,811 |
| Total governmental activities program revenues | 7,085,347 | 10,780,968 | 6,942,447 | 6,984,327 | 6,361,252 | 5,576,257 | 5,118,268 | 3,731,586 | 3,661,228 | 3,672,050 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sewer | 7,771,690 | 7,584,605 | 7,384,735 | 7,089,913 | 6,764,243 | 6,554,024 | 6,294,512 | 6,090,467 | 6,130,374 | 5,937,048 |
| Beach Parking | 3,232,492 | 3,622,838 | 3,345,777 | 3,294,169 | 3,109,403 | 2,615,434 | 1,822,700 | 1,665,215 | 1,574,009 | 1,469,464 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 1,929,334 | 1,526,807 | 2,869,652 | 1,702,698 | 1,346,166 | 1,337,995 | 1,083,325 | 1,036,029 | 1,070,180 | 957,377 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 1,648,349 | 1,968,098 | 1,540,659 | 251,391 | 532,492 | 1,019,340 | 174,830 | 483,358 | 462,902 | 289,561 |
| Total business-type activities program revenues | 14,581,865 | 14,702,348 | 15,140,823 | 12,338,171 | 11,752,304 | 11,526,793 | 9,375,367 | 9,275,069 | 9,237,465 | 8,653,450 |
| Total primary government program revenues | 21,667,212 | 25,483,316 | 22,083,270 | 19,322,498 | 18,113,556 | 17,103,050 | 14,493,635 | 13,006,655 | 12,898,693 | 12,325,500 |
| Net (Expense) Revenue | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | (13,026,555) | (10,477,222) | (15,147,973) | (13,777,926) | (14,668,268) | (12,835,528) | (11,688,671) | (13,966,912) | (12,691,398) | (11,795,359) |
| Business-type activities | 2,939,174 | 2,883,005 | 2,552,709 | 950,332 | 543,415 | 1,423,322 | 36,674 | (516,210) | (974,918) | (846,004) |
| Total primary government net expense | \$(10,087,381) | \$ (7,594,217) | \$(12,595,264) | \$(12,827,594) | \$(14,124,853) | \$(11,412,206) | \$(11,651,997) | \$(14,483,122) | \$(13,666,316) | \$(12,641,363) |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

| | | | | | Fisca | l Year | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes, levied for general purpose | \$ 9,629,100 | \$ 9,591,726 | \$ 9,306,158 | \$ 8,763,435 | \$ 8,321,949 | \$ 8,286,932 | \$ 8,253,344 | \$ 8,283,542 | \$ 8,460,871 | \$ 8,742,177 |
| Property taxes, levied for debt service | 793,964 | 828,472 | 897,108 | 882,153 | 843,545 | 839,254 | 850,501 | 853,159 | 748,558 | 755,021 |
| Gas taxes | 1,363,115 | 1,841,835 | 1,825,291 | 1,793,496 | 1,754,319 | 1,660,529 | 1,534,406 | 1,478,765 | 1,408,442 | 1,418,333 |
| Local business taxes | 272,045 | 279,820 | 291,847 | 291,040 | 283,506 | 294,163 | 284,521 | 284,903 | 289,220 | 290,214 |
| Communications taxes | 529,074 | 544,366 | 547,094 | 564,302 | 538,068 | 551,012 | 568,157 | 576,179 | 550,011 | 540,080 |
| Casualty insurance premium tax | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 62,542 | 63,574 | 57,487 |
| Intergovernmental revenues | 739,904 | 780,781 | 770,090 | 732,672 | 721,892 | 698,136 | 657,804 | 614,949 | 581,420 | 554,641 |
| Investment earnings | 390,742 | 525,455 | 91,561 | 82,228 | 102,796 | 100,762 | 135,333 | 31,057 | 303,612 | 251,382 |
| Gain on Disposal of Assets | - | - | 47,534 | 20 | 103,078 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous | 138,044 | 112,764 | 146,257 | 113,447 | 98,264 | 480,209 | 443,333 | 220,279 | 323,088 | 304,894 |
| Transfers | 463,243 | 520,863 | 311,766 | 476,792 | 455,467 | | (126,975) | <u>-</u> | | |
| Total governmental activities | 14,319,231 | 15,026,082 | 14,234,706 | 13,699,585 | 13,222,884 | 12,910,997 | 12,600,424 | 12,405,375 | 12,728,796 | 12,914,229 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes, levied for debt service | 698,879 | 698,785 | 881,546 | 891,306 | 880,934 | 880,713 | 907,735 | 949,124 | 949,140 | 1,007,540 |
| Investment earnings | 349,787 | 454,858 | 337,769 | 314,669 | 328,295 | 329,605 | 360,330 | 326,818 | 670,298 | 582,775 |
| Miscellaneous | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 13,196 |
| Transfers | (463,243) | (520,863) | (311,766) | (476,792) | (455,467) | | 126,975 | | | |
| Total business-type activities | 585,423 | 632,780 | 907,549 | 729,183 | 753,762 | 1,210,318 | 1,395,040 | 1,275,942 | 1,619,438 | 1,603,511 |
| Total primary government | 14,904,654 | 15,658,862 | 15,142,255 | 14,428,768 | 13,976,646 | 14,121,315 | 13,995,464 | 13,681,317 | 14,348,234 | 14,517,740 |
| Change in Net Position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | 1,292,676 | 4,548,860 | (913,267) | (78,341) | (1,445,384) | 75,469 | 911,753 | (1,561,537) | 37,398 | 1,118,870 |
| Business-type activities | 2,634,856 | 3,515,785 | 3,460,258 | 1,679,515 | 1,297,177 | 2,633,640 | 1,431,714 | 759,732 | 644,520 | 757,507 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | | | | | Fisca | al Year | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
| General Fund | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non Spendable | \$ 371,552 | \$ 378,628 | \$ 400,272 | \$ 682,980 | \$ 897,127 | \$ 922,550 | \$ 1,208,759 | \$ 1,476,730 | \$ 2,305,341 | \$ 2,477,715 |
| Spendable . | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted | 129,048 | 129,048 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Committed | 5,715,000 | 5,715,000 | 2,215,000 | 4,915,000 | 5,715,000 | 5,715,000 | 5,815,000 | 6,115,000 | 6,115,000 | 6,115,000 |
| Assigned | 301,323 | 195,125 | 511,273 | 122,705 | 1,177,603 | 917,032 | 1,715,502 | 2,307,319 | 1,467,261 | 4,692,583 |
| Unassigned | 5,618,505 | 4,272,443 | 3,136,154 | 2,670,247 | 2,576,648 | 2,679,581 | 2,802,118 | 2,471,724 | 4,048,953 | 4,125,963 |
| Total General Fund | 12,135,428 | 10,690,244 | 6,262,699 | 8,390,932 | 10,366,378 | 10,234,163 | 11,541,379 | 12,370,773 | 13,936,555 | 17,411,261 |
| All Other Governmental Funds | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non Spendable | 36,956 | 30,404 | 6,375 | 5,313 | 4,597 | 5,449 | 5,001 | 6,406 | 5,776 | 3,605 |
| Spendable | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted | 5,876,390 | 5,412,259 | 5,301,629 | 5,531,542 | 4,610,474 | 4,544,047 | 3,146,318 | 2,527,749 | 2,384,739 | 2,355,723 |
| Assigned | 4,951,121 | 2,215,955 | 2,021,573 | 2,337,204 | 2,082,806 | 2,069,973 | 2,528,014 | 2,421,574 | 3,211,503 | 4,500,043 |
| Unassigned | (20,828) | | | (465) | | | | | | |
| Total All Other Governmental Funds | \$ 10,843,639 | \$ 7,658,618 | \$ 7,329,577 | \$ 7,873,594 | \$ 6,697,877 | \$ 6,619,469 | \$ 5,679,333 | \$ 4,955,729 | \$ 5,602,018 | \$ 6,859,371 |
| Total Fund Balance | \$ 22,979,067 | \$ 18,348,862 | \$ 13,592,276 | \$ 16,264,526 | \$ 17,064,255 | \$ 16,853,632 | \$ 17,220,712 | \$ 17,326,502 | \$ 19,538,573 | \$ 24,270,632 |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | | | | | Fi | scal Year | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$12,687,065 | \$13,179,503 | \$12,957,738 | \$12,376,689 | \$11,826,541 | \$ 11,709,644 | \$ 11,556,791 | \$ 11,539,090 | \$ 11,520,676 | \$ 11,803,312 |
| Permits, Fees, Special Assessments | 2,137,210 | 2,211,829 | 2,136,075 | 1,998,263 | 1,820,429 | 1,609,319 | 1,570,322 | 1,674,784 | 1,707,053 | 1,708,807 |
| Intergovernmental | 3,644,543 | 6,370,358 | 2,912,330 | 2,888,181 | 2,746,089 | 2,631,474 | 2,486,300 | 983,573 | 948,867 | 1,143,026 |
| Charges for services | 3,310,708 | 3,716,805 | 3,603,386 | 3,329,569 | 3,097,552 | 2,621,821 | 2,434,107 | 2,298,709 | 2,236,711 | 2,167,400 |
| Fines and forfeits | 39,907 | 78,537 | 49,382 | 346,679 | 76,534 | 45,048 | 63,881 | 66,576 | 70,208 | 80,127 |
| Miscellaneous | 772,790 | 850,074 | 455,358 | 334,896 | 538,138 | 919,712 | 719,342 | 403,709 | 787,693 | 730,766 |
| Total revenues | 22,592,223 | 26,407,106 | 22,114,269 | 21,274,277 | 20,105,283 | 19,537,018 | 18,830,743 | 16,966,441 | 17,271,208 | 17,633,438 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 5,946,975 | 6,009,301 | 6,323,672 | 5,981,496 | 5,532,422 | 5,805,909 | 5,017,528 | 6,005,996 | 8,411,612 | 4,180,658 |
| Public safety | 6,048,667 | 6,152,386 | 5,966,360 | 5,597,452 | 5,119,170 | 4,850,267 | 4,906,573 | 4,500,436 | 4,514,438 | 4,050,699 |
| Physical environment | 658,359 | 601,040 | 550,602 | 537,534 | 556,326 | 611,690 | 598,395 | 592,915 | 619,264 | 691,637 |
| Public Works/Transportation | 4,437,132 | 4,606,844 | 7,393,724 | 4,704,479 | 4,404,527 | 3,149,238 | 3,152,618 | 3,073,641 | 3,550,891 | 2,491,009 |
| Economic environment | 401,622 | 409,325 | 339,762 | 328,461 | 322,064 | 293,305 | 284,346 | 279,380 | 269,328 | 261,087 |
| Human services | - | - | - | - | 24,579 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Culture/recreation | 2,700,644 | 3,127,773 | 3,223,986 | 3,539,272 | 3,452,154 | 3,659,882 | 3,215,943 | 3,119,489 | 2,816,149 | 2,725,028 |
| Debt service | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | 857,613 | 720,000 | 705,000 | 690,000 | 7,020,000 | 490,000 | 480,000 | 465,000 | 3,255,000 | 275,000 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 176,286 | 158,710 | 176,764 | 193,397 | 369,833 | 347,040 | 360,336 | 373,630 | 514,607 | 469,438 |
| Issuance Costs | - | - | - | - | 39,503 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Capital outlay | 3,183,587 | 386,004 | 418,415 | 978,707 | 307,263 | 695,767 | 792,819 | 767,025 | 1,020,979 | 1,861,846 |
| Total expenditures | 24,410,885 | 22,171,383 | 25,098,285 | 22,550,798 | 27,147,841 | 19,904,098 | 18,809,558 | 19,178,512 | 24,973,268 | 17,007,402 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (1,818,662) | 4,235,723 | (2,984,016) | (1,276,521) | (7,042,558) | (367,080) | 21,185 | (2,212,071) | (7,702,060) | 626,036 |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 10,815,683 | 2,643,647 | 2,992,156 | 4,213,846 | 3,147,075 | 2,497,479 | 2,632,647 | 3,940,773 | 4,350,291 | 3,327,756 |
| Transfers out | (10,352,440) | (2,122,784) | (2,680,390) | (3,737,054) | (2,691,608) | (2,497,479) | (2,759,622) | (3,940,773) | (4,350,291) | (3,327,756 |
| Debt proceeds/bond refunding | 5,985,624 | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | 6,515,000 | <u>-</u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | 2,970,000 | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 6,448,867 | 520,863 | 311,766 | 476,792 | 6,970,467 | | (126,975) | | 2,970,000 | |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ 4,630,205 | \$ 4,756,586 | \$ (2,672,250) | \$ (799,729) | \$ (72,091) | \$ (367,080) | \$ (105,790) | \$ (2,212,071) | \$ (4,732,060) | \$ 626,036 |
| Debt service as a percentage of | | | | | | | | | | |
| noncapital expenditures | 4.87% | 4.03% | 3.57% | 4.10% | 27.57% | 4.36% | 4.66% | 4.55% | 15.74% | 4.92% |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

| Fiscal | Property | Tayes | Local Business Tax | Local Option | Communications | Casualty Insurance | |
|-----------------------|-----------|------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------|
| Year | Operating | Voted Debt | Receipts | Gas Tax | Services Tax | Premium Tax | Total |
| 2011 | 8,742,177 | 755,021 | 290,214 | 1,418,333 | 540,080 | 57,487 | 11,803,312 |
| 2012 | 8,460,871 | 748,558 | 289,220 | 1,408,442 | 550,011 | 63,574 | 11,520,676 |
| 2013 | 8,283,542 | 853,159 | 284,903 | 1,478,765 | 576,179 | 62,542 | 11,539,090 |
| 2014 | 8,253,344 | 850,501 | 284,521 | 1,534,406 | 568,157 | 65,862 | 11,556,791 |
| 2015 | 8,286,932 | 839,254 | 294,163 | 1,660,529 | 551,012 | 77,754 | 11,709,644 |
| 2016 | 8,321,949 | 843,545 | 283,506 | 1,754,319 | 538,068 | 85,154 | 11,826,541 |
| 2017 | 8,763,435 | 882,153 | 291,040 | 1,793,496 | 564,302 | 82,263 | 12,376,689 |
| 2018 | 9,306,158 | 897,108 | 291,847 | 1,825,291 | 547,094 | 90,240 | 12,957,738 |
| 2019 | 9,591,726 | 828,472 | 279,820 | 1,841,835 | 544,366 | 93,284 | 13,179,503 |
| 2020 | 9,629,100 | 793,964 | 272,045 | 1,363,115 | 529,074 | 99,767 | 12,687,065 |
| Change 2011 - 2020 | 10.15% | 5.16% | (6.26%) | (3.89%) | (2.04%) | 73.55% | 7.49% |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30, | Gross Real Property | Gross Personal Property | Less: Tax Exempt Property | Total Taxable Assessed Value | Total Direct Tax Rate (1) | Estimated Actual Market Value | Assessed Value (2) as a Percentage of Actual Value |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 2011 | 4,641,799,875 | 81,951,085 | 511,635,339 | 4,212,115,621 | 2.5908 | 5,609,943,002 | 84.20% |
| 2012 | 4,624,238,049 | 74,419,950 | 538,798,711 | 4,159,859,288 | 2.5260 | 5,575,589,058 | 84.27% |
| 2013 | 4,602,176,246 | 71,523,730 | 603,301,194 | 4,070,398,782 | 2.5570 | 5,544,368,141 | 84.30% |
| 2014 | 4,657,905,800 | 72,758,525 | 627,420,629 | 4,103,243,696 | 2.5307 | 5,612,177,404 | 84.29% |
| 2015 | 4,932,685,591 | 71,847,252 | 703,183,864 | 4,301,348,979 | 2.4145 | 5,933,790,886 | 84.34% |
| 2016 | 5,241,764,132 | 70,375,655 | 796,395,390 | 4,515,744,397 | 2.3105 | 6,294,737,068 | 84.39% |
| 2017 | 5,556,071,121 | 67,907,947 | 870,248,386 | 4,753,730,682 | 2.3013 | 6,660,023,255 | 84.44% |
| 2018 | 6,002,809,007 | 72,447,339 | 1,024,540,396 | 5,050,715,950 | 2.2797 | 7,193,850,678 | 84.45% |
| 2019 | 6,008,800,947 | 75,880,627 | 888,160,709 | 5,196,520,865 | 2.2186 | 7,207,142,361 | 84.43% |
| 2020 | 6,008,220,449 | 77,778,576 | 808,137,390 | 5,277,861,635 | 2.1855 | 7,209,910,239 | 84.41% |

⁽¹⁾ Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Source: Lee County Property Appraiser

Note: Property values are assessed on January 1st for the ad valorem tax levy which generates the property tax revenue for the subsequent fiscal year Real property is assessed at approximately 85% of estimated market value and personal property at 55%. The estimated actual market value is calculated by dividing assessed values by those percentages

⁽²⁾ Includes tax exempt property.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Per \$1,000 of assessed value)

| | | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
| DIRECT RATES CITY OF SANIBEL | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Operating | 1.8922 | 1.9139 | 1.9139 | 1.9139 | 1.9139 | 1.9995 | 2.0861 | 2.1000 | 2.1038 | 2.1561 |
| Voted Debt - Land | 0.0500 | 0.0598 | 0.0690 | 0.0720 | 0.0761 | 0.0800 | 0.0860 | 0.0855 | 0.0599 | 0.0595 |
| Voted Debt - Recreation Facility | 0.1060 | 0.1055 | 0.1155 | 0.1207 | 0.1179 | 0.1225 | 0.1291 | 0.1308 | 0.1263 | 0.1268 |
| Voted Debt - Sewer | 0.1373 | 0.1394 | 0.1813 | 0.1947 | 0.2026 | 0.2125 | 0.2295 | 0.2407 | 0.2360 | 0.2484 |
| Total direct rates | 2.1855 | 2.2186 | 2.2797 | 2.3013 | 2.3105 | 2.4145 | 2.5307 | 2.5570 | 2.5260 | 2.5908 |
| OVERLAPPING RATES LEE COUNTY: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Revenue | 4.0506 | 4.0506 | 4.0506 | 4.0506 | 4.1506 | 4.1506 | 4.1506 | 3.6506 | 3.6506 | 3.6506 |
| Capital Improvements | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.5000 |
| INDEPENDENTS DISTRICTS: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sanibel Public Library | 0.4350 | 0.4350 | 0.4100 | 0.3725 | 0.3725 | 0.3725 | 0.3725 | 0.3750 | 0.3750 | 0.3750 |
| Hyacinth Control | 0.0230 | 0.0239 | 0.0248 | 0.0263 | 0.0263 | 0.0277 | 0.0291 | 0.0298 | 0.0310 | 0.0310 |
| Mosquito Control | 0.2539 | 0.2636 | 0.2800 | 0.2397 | 0.2397 | 0.2397 | 0.2520 | 0.2300 | 0.2388 | 0.2388 |
| Fire Control District | 1.1089 | 1.1089 | 1.1089 | 1.1089 | 1.1089 | 1.0239 | 1.0239 | 0.9660 | 0.9446 | 0.9446 |
| WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICTS | | | | | | | | | | |
| South Florida Water Management | 0.2795 | 0.2936 | 0.3100 | 0.3307 | 0.3551 | 0.3842 | 0.4110 | 0.4289 | 0.4363 | 0.6240 |
| West Coast Inland Waterway | 0.0394 | 0.0394 | 0.0394 | 0.0394 | 0.0394 | 0.0394 | 0.0394 | 0.0394 | 0.0394 | 0.0394 |
| SCHOOL BOARD: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Operating | 6.1470 | 6.4010 | 6.6790 | 6.9890 | 7.2850 | 7.4160 | 7.5980 | 7.5840 | 7.8540 | 8.0150 |
| Total Direct and Overlapping Rates | 14.5228 | 14.8346 | 15.1824 | 15.4584 | 15.8880 | 16.0685 | 16.4072 | 15.8607 | 16.0957 | 17.0092 |

Source: Lee County Tax Collector

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

| | | F | iscal Year 20 | 20 | | Fi | scal Year 20 | 11 |
|----------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|---------------|---|----|------------------------------|--------------|---|
| Taxpayer | , | Taxable Asssessed Value | Rank | Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value | A | Taxable sssessed Value | Rank | Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value |
| Casa Ybel Beach Resort | \$ | 26,947,100 | 1 | 0.51% | \$ | 29,758,042 | 1 | 0.71% |
| Sanibel Island Hospitality LLC | \$ | 24,478,758 | 2 | 0.46% | | | | |
| RLR Investments, LLC | | 22,431,616 | 3 | 0.43% | | 10,952,496 | 6 | 0.26% |
| BRE/Sanibel Inn Owners, LLC | | 19,844,468 | 4 | 0.38% | | 10,108,217 | 8 | 0.24% |
| West Wind Association of Sanibel | | 15,742,198 | 5 | 0.30% | | 16,765,420 | 2 | 0.40% |
| Tortuga Beach Club | | 14,526,000 | 6 | 0.28% | | 14,403,528 | 3 | 0.34% |
| Sanibel Cottages | | 14,240,800 | 7 | 0.27% | | 11,528,895 | 5 | 0.27% |
| Dahlmann Periwinkle Partners | | 14,201,892 | 8 | 0.27% | | | | |
| Judith Hook Trust | | 10,517,445 | 9 | 0.20% | | | | |
| Perwinkle Park Limited | | 10,221,962 | 10 | 0.19% | | | | |
| Shell Island Beach Club | | - | N/A | N/A | | 10,931,940 | 7 | 0.26% |
| 1231 Middle Gulf Drive | | - | N/A | N/A | | 13,435,871 | 4 | 0.32% |
| Periwinkle Place Partners | | - | N/A | N/A | | 8,705,041 | 10 | 0.21% |
| Rochester Resorts | | - | N/A | N/A | | 8,876,375 | 9 | 0.21% |
| | \$ | 173,152,239 | | 3.28% | \$ | 135,465,825 | | 3.22% |

Source: Lee County Property Appraiser

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS OPERATING LEVY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy* Total Collections to Date Collections of Fiscal year Ended Taxes Levied for Percentage Previous Percentage Sept. 30 the Fiscal Year Amount of Levy Years Amount of Levy 2011 8,485,790 256,387 8,742,177 9,081,742 93.44% 96.26% 8,437,584 96.38% 23,012 96.64% 2012 8,754,881 8,460,596 94.81% 3,524 94.85% 2013 8,733,402 8,280,019 8,283,543 8,580,499 8,973 8,253,344 2014 96.08% 96.19% 8,244,371 2015 8,600,547 8,286,932 96.35% 8,286,932 96.35% 2016 8,642,683 8,321,949 96.29% 8,321,949 96.29% 2017 9,116,455 8,763,435 96.13% 8,763,435 96.13%

96.36%

96.38%

96.39%

9,306,158

9,591,726

9,629,100

96.36%

96.38%

96.39%

9,306,158

9,591,726

9,629,100

9,657,514

9,952,312

9,990,083

2018

2019

2020

^(*) Includes discount taken for early payment.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SANIBEL SEWER SYSTEM MONTHLY SEWER RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | Residential Commercial | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------|
| Fiscal Meter Size | | | | | | | | Consumption Per |
| Year | Flat Fee | 5/8" | 1" | 1-1/2" | 2" | 3" | 4" | 1,000 gallons |
| 2011 | 51.94 | 30.17 | 75.35 | 150.66 | 215.94 | 481.92 | 755.64 | 7.81 |
| 2012 | 53.50 | 31.08 | 77.61 | 155.18 | 222.42 | 496.38 | 778.31 | 8.04 |
| 2013 | 54.04 | 31.39 | 78.39 | 156.73 | 224.64 | 501.34 | 786.09 | 8.12 |
| 2014 | 54.86 | 31.70 | 79.17 | 158.30 | 226.87 | 506.35 | 793.95 | 8.24 |
| 2015 | 56.50 | 32.82 | 81.96 | 163.85 | 234.85 | 524.13 | 821.82 | 8.49 |
| 2016 | 58.20 | 33.80 | 84.42 | 168.77 | 241.90 | 539.85 | 846.47 | 8.74 |
| 2017 | 59.95 | 34.81 | 86.95 | 173.83 | 249.16 | 556.05 | 871.86 | 9.00 |
| 2018 | 62.35 | 36.20 | 90.43 | 180.78 | 259.13 | 578.29 | 906.73 | 9.36 |
| 2019 | 64.22 | 37.29 | 93.14 | 186.20 | 266.90 | 595.64 | 933.93 | 9.64 |
| 2020 | 66.15 | 38.41 | 95.94 | 191.79 | 274.91 | 613.51 | 961.95 | 9.93 |

^{*} The table above presents monthly sewer charges - customers are charged quarterly

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | Governmen | tal Activities | | Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government | | | nment | |
|-------------|------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---|---------------|------------|---------------|------------|
| Fiscal year | General | | | | | | | Percentage of | |
| Ended | Obligation | Capital | Capital | | Wastewater | Wastewater | | Personal | |
| Sept. 30 | Bonds | Revenue Bonds | Revenue Notes | Capital Leases | Revenue Bonds | Revenue Notes | Total Debt | Income | Per Capita |
| 2011 | 10,595,000 | - | - | - | 3,250,970 | 27,752,296 | 41,598,266 | N/A | 6,429 |
| 2012 | 10,310,000 | - | - | - | 2,971,895 | 25,848,164 | 39,130,059 | N/A | 6,030 |
| 2013 | 9,845,000 | - | - | - | 2,687,823 | 23,882,161 | 36,414,984 | N/A | 5,605 |
| 2014 | 9,365,000 | - | - | - | 8,888,260 | 14,645,081 | 32,898,341 | N/A | 5,069 |
| 2015 | 8,875,000 | - | - | - | 7,672,137 | 13,344,984 | 29,892,121 | N/A | 4,597 |
| 2016 | 8,370,000 | - | - | - | 6,438,561 | 12,004,703 | 26,813,264 | N/A | 4,068 |
| 2017 | 7,680,000 | | | | 5,187,282 | 10,622,989 | 23,490,271 | N/A | 3,528 |
| 2018 | 6,975,000 | - | - | - | 3,918,046 | 9,198,551 | 20,091,597 | N/A | 2,998 |
| 2019 | 6,255,000 | - | - | - | 2,630,595 | 7,730,059 | 16,615,654 | N/A | 2,459 |
| 2020 | 5,515,000 | - | 5,018,000 | 850,011 | 1,324,668 | 16,252,145 | 28,959,824 | N/A | 4,228 |

Notes: N/A indicates that statistical information is not available

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

| | | Bollada Bobt Gate | ariaring | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|--------|
| | | | | Percentage of | |
| | | Less: Amounts | | Estimated Actual | |
| Fiscal year Ended | General Obligation | Available in Debt | Net General | Value of Taxable | Per |
| Sept. 30 | Bonds | Service (1) | Bonded Debt | Property | Capita |
| 2011 | 10,595,000 | 249,383 | 10,345,617 | 0.19% | 1,599 |
| 2012 | 10,310,000 | 249,106 | 10,060,894 | 0.18% | 1,550 |
| 2013 | 9,845,000 | 265,161 | 9,579,839 | 0.17% | 1,475 |
| 2014 | 9,365,000 | 294,562 | 9,070,438 | 0.15% | 1,398 |
| 2015 | 8,875,000 | 307,695 | 8,567,305 | 0.14% | 1,318 |
| 2016 | 8,370,000 | 271,817 | 8,098,183 | 0.12% | 1,229 |
| 2017 | 7,680,000 | 282,987 | 7,397,013 | 0.10% | 1,111 |
| 2018 | 6,975,000 | 309,959 | 6,665,041 | 0.09% | 995 |
| 2019 | 6,255,000 | 281,778 | 5,973,222 | 0.08% | 884 |
| 2020 | 5,515,000 | 177,586 | 5,337,414 | 0.07% | 779 |

⁽¹⁾ This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT September 30, 2020

| Governmental Unit | De | bt Outstanding | Estimated Percentage Applicable to Sanibel | Amount Applicable to Primary Government |
|-----------------------------------|----|----------------|--|---|
| Lee County School Board | \$ | 527,737,061 | 5.91% | \$ 31,189,260 |
| Lee County | | 196,163,000 | 5.91% | 11,593,233 |
| Subtotal, overlapping debt | | | | 42,782,493 |
| City of Sanibel direct debt | | | | 11,383,011 |
| Total direct and overlapping debt | | | | \$ 54,165,504 |

Source: Lee County Clerk of Courts Finance Division; Lee County School Board Comprehensive Annual Financial

Report as of June 30, 2020; and the City of Sanibel Finance Department

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the

City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the City of Sanibel. This process recognizes that, when considering a government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Calculation: The estimated percentage of debt is calculated as a ratio of the taxable property value in the City of Sanibel to the total taxable valuation of property in Lee County.

City of Sanibel \$ 5,277,861,635 Lee County \$ 89,309,256,740

5.91%

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA WASTEWATER REVENUE BOND COVERAGE SANIBEL SEWER SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2014 Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds

| | | | Net Revenue Available for Debt Service | | Net Revenue Available for Debt Service | | | | Coverage Ca | lculation ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ |
|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------|--|-----------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| | (1) | (2) | Excluding | 0 | Including | Debt S | ervice Requirem | ents | Excluding | Including |
| Fiscal Year | Gross Revenue | Operating Expenses | Connection Fees | Connection Fees | Connection Fees | Principal | Interest | Total | Connection Fees | Connection Fees |
| 2011 | 3,562,210 | 3,035,214 | 526,996 | 60,321 | 587,317 | 300,000 | 119,266 | 419,266 | 1.26 | 1.40 |
| 2012 | 4,374,694 | 3,780,265 | 594,429 | 113,409 | 707,838 | 305,000 | 110,266 | 415,266 | 1.43 | 1.70 |
| 2013 | 4,019,254 | 3,393,652 | 625,602 | 111,282 | 736,884 | 315,000 | 101,116 | 416,116 | 1.50 | 1.77 |
| 2014 | 6,393,616 | 2,991,556 | 3,402,060 | 65,376 | 3,467,436 | 1,216,123 | 122,770 | 1,338,893 | 2.54 | 2.59 |
| 2015 | 6,651,060 | 3,250,201 | 3,400,859 | 110,136 | 3,510,995 | 1,233,576 | 105,317 | 1,338,893 | 2.54 | 2.62 |
| 2016 | 6,881,446 | 3,691,576 | 3,189,870 | 79,549 | 3,269,419 | 1,251,279 | 87,614 | 1,338,893 | 2.38 | 2.44 |
| 2017 | 7,220,297 | 3,357,546 | 3,862,751 | 93,822 | 3,956,573 | 1,269,236 | 69,657 | 1,338,893 | 2.89 | 2.96 |
| 2018 | 7,562,689 | 3,362,227 | 4,200,462 | 103,235 | 4,303,697 | 1,287,451 | 51,442 | 1,338,893 | 3.14 | 3.21 |
| 2019 | 7,885,118 | 3,587,076 | 4,298,042 | 56,393 | 4,354,435 | 1,305,927 | 32,965 | 1,338,892 | 3.21 | 3.25 |
| 2020 | 7,976,953 | 3,558,333 | 4,418,620 | 38,096 | 4,456,716 | 1,324,668 | 14,224 | 1,338,892 | 3.30 | 3.33 |

⁽¹⁾ Total revenues (including interest) exclusive of connection fees and user fees pledged and used for repayment of subordinated State Revolving Loan debt.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses of the Donax plant exclusive of depreciation and indirect costs.

⁽³⁾ The coverage requirement is (A) net revenues adequate at all times to pay in each fiscal year at least 120% (110% prior to fiscal year 2014) of the current annual debt service requirement becoming due in such fiscal year on each series of outstanding bonds or (B) net revenues, together with connection fees, adequate at all times to pay in each fiscal year at least one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the current annual debt service requirement becoming due in such fiscal year on each series of the outstanding bonds, provided, however, that with respect to (B), net revenues, excluding connection fees must be adequate at all times to pay in each fiscal year at least one hundred percent (100%) of the current annual debt service requirement becoming due in such fiscal year on the outstanding bonds.

⁽⁴⁾ Coverage calculations updated in fiscal year 2014 due to refunding of bond senior debt.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA WASTEWATER REVENUE NOTE COVERAGE SANIBEL SEWER SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| _ | | | State R | evolving Loan Notes | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|--|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|------------|---|
| Fiscal Year | (1) Net Revenue | (2) Special Assessments, Transmission Main and Connection Fees | Net Revenue Available for Debt Service Including Assessments and Fees | Debt S | Service Requirement Interest | s Total | ⁽³⁾ Coverage Calculation |
| 2011 | 3,959,164 | 999,710 | 4,958,874 | 1,904,133 | 878,896 | 2,783,029 | 1.78 |
| 2012 | 3,362,132 | 994,733 | 4,356,865 | 1,966,002 | 817,029 | 2,783,031 | 1.57 |
| 2013 | 3,332,060 | 876,811 | 4,208,871 | 2,029,899 | 753,132 | 2,783,031 | 1.51 |
| 2014 | 3,014,512 | 898,721 | 3,913,233 | 1,300,098 | 403,247 | 1,703,345 | 2.30 |
| 2015 | 2,999,812 | 958,484 | 3,958,296 | 1,340,280 | 402,652 | 1,742,932 | 2.27 |
| 2016 | 2,726,999 | 764,785 | 3,491,784 | 1,381,714 | 361,217 | 1,742,931 | 2.00 |
| 2017 | 3,398,846 | 732,046 | 4,130,892 | 1,424,438 | 318,495 | 1,742,933 | 2.37 |
| 2018 | 3,612,115 | 645,475 | 4,257,590 | 1,468,490 | 274,441 | 1,742,931 | 2.44 |
| 2020 | 3,511,060 | 664,548 | 4,175,608 | 1,513,914 | 229,018 | 1,742,932 | 2.40 |
| 2019 | 4,174,937 | 626,012 | 4,800,949 | 1,560,755 | 366,138 | 1,926,893 | 2.49 |

⁽¹⁾ Includes portion of remaining gross user rate revenues not used for senior debt calculations, interest earnings on special assessments financed and ad valorem tax revenue from voted debt service property tax levy pledged specifically to the repayment of the wastewater expansion State Revolving Loan notes.

⁽²⁾ For financial reporting, Special Assessments, Transmission Main and Connection Fees are recognized in the year in which the levy is adopted and the lien placed upon the benefitting properties. The levy can be paid in full or financed over 20 years at 3.5% interest, collected utilizing the Uniform Method of Collection pursuant to Chapter 197, Florida Statues. For debt service requirements, payments are recognized when collected.

⁽³⁾ Coverage calculations updated in fiscal year 2014 due to refunding of bond senior debt.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Yea | ar City Populatio | City Personal | Per Capita Personal Income | Unemployment Rate |
|-----|-------------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 201 | 1 6,470 | N/A | N/A | 10.5% |
| 201 | 2 6,489 | N/A | N/A | 8.6% |
| 201 | 3 6,497 | N/A | N/A | 6.9% |
| 201 | 4 6,490 | N/A | N/A | 5.9% |
| 201 | 5 6,502 | N/A | N/A | 5.0% |
| 201 | 6 6,591 | N/A | N/A | 4.6% |
| 201 | 7 6,659 | N/A | N/A | 4.3% |
| 201 | 8 6,701 | N/A | N/A | 3.2% |
| 201 | 9 6,756 | N/A | N/A | 2.9% |
| 202 | 6,849 | N/A | N/A | 4.8% |

Source: Population data estimates provided by Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida. Per Capita income data is from the U.S. Census Bureau. Unemployment rate is for the Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL Statistical Area as of October 2020 from the U.S. Department of Labor.

Unemployment data for previous years have been updated to the most current available information.

N/A indicates that statistical information is not available

NOTE: Information from the 2020 U.S Census was not available at date of publication

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS⁽¹⁾ CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

| | | 2020 | | | 2011 | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|------|---------------|-----------|------|---------------|
| | | | Percentage of | | | Percentage of |
| | | | Total County | | | Total County |
| Employer | Employees | Rank | Employment | Employees | Rank | Employment |
| Lee Health | 13,595 | 1 | 4.25% | 9,500 | 1 | 3.99% |
| Lee County School District | 12,936 | 2 | 4.04% | 9,270 | 2 | 3.89% |
| Lee County Local Government | 9,038 | 3 | 2.82% | 2,364 | 4 | 0.99% |
| Publix Super Markets | 4,624 | 4 | 1.45% | 3,071 | 3 | 1.29% |
| Florida Gulf Coast University | 3,430 | 5 | 1.07% | 993 | 10 | 0.42% |
| Wal-Mart Corporation | 3,067 | 6 | 0.96% | 1,967 | 5 | 0.83% |
| City of Cape Coral | 2,253 | 7 | 0.70% | 1,409 | 7 | 0.59% |
| Hope Hospice | 1,630 | 8 | 0.51% | - | - | - |
| McDonald's | 1,482 | 9 | 0.46% | - | - | - |
| Florida Southwestern State College | 1,441 | 10 | 0.45% | - | - | - |
| Lee County Sheriff's Office | - | - | - | 1,585 | 6 | 0.67% |
| Chico's FAS Inc. | - | - | - | 1,388 | 8 | 0.58% |
| Target | - | - | - | 1,100 | 9 | 0.46% |
| Total | 53,496 | | 16.72% | 32,647 | | 13.71% |

⁽¹⁾ Information listed is for Lee County as statistics for the City of Sanibel are not available.

Data is the same as was reported in 2019 since 2020 information was not available at publication

Source: Lee County Clerk of Courts

Total County employment for 2019 320,000
Total County employment for 2010 238,095

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Function/Program | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 20104 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
| General Government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Legislative | 6.00 | 5.40 | 5.40 | 5.40 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 2.76 | 2.76 | 2.00 |
| Administrative | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4.75 |
| IT | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4.75 | 4.40 | 4.40 | 4.40 | 4.40 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| Finance | 7.75 | 7.75 | 7.75 | 7.75 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 8.00 | 7.00 |
| Legal | 0.75 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Planning | 9.20 | 10.35 | 10.35 | 10.35 | 8.95 | 8.90 | 9.45 | 8.80 | 8.85 | 7.95 |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police | 37.95 | 36.95 | 37.95 | 32.95 | 32.75 | 35.12 | 35.12 | 35.12 | 33.22 | 35.72 |
| Building | 8.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 5.55 | 4.80 | 4.80 | 4.50 | 4.35 | 4.25 |
| Physical Environment | 3.00 | 3.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 2.96 | 2.96 | 3.00 |
| Transportation | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 8.00 | 7.94 | 8.00 | 7.70 | 8.66 |
| Public Works (General Fund) | 6.20 | 5.58 | 5.58 | 5.58 | 5.58 | 5.58 | 5.58 | 5.58 | 5.58 | 5.58 |
| Culture/Recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Recreation Facility | 25.65 | 25.65 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 27.65 | 26.85 | 26.05 | 24.24 | 24.24 | 24.06 |
| Public Facilities | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| Senior Programs | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.57 | 1.57 | 1.57 |
| Utility Operations | 17.45 | 17.30 | 17.30 | 18.30 | 18.30 | 18.30 | 17.22 | 18.22 | 18.29 | 18.33 |
| Beach Parking Operations | 29.08 | 28.25 | 27.25 | 27.74 | 27.74 | 20.24 | 16.88 | 15.63 | 14.58 | 13.18 |
| TOTAL | 175.03 | 172.23 | 171.98 | 168.47 | 165.67 | 158.44 | 153.69 | 149.03 | 145.85 | 145.05 |

Source: City of Sanibel Annual Budget

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | | | | Fiscal | Year | | | | |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Function/Program | 2020 | 2019 | 2019 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Calls for Service | 57,971 | 36,026 | 34,186 | 26,146 | 28,772 | 28,346 | 21,606 | 24,790 | 23,161 | 23,542 |
| Parking Citations | 3,491 | 3,495 | 3,267 | 3,623 | 3,256 | 3,713 | 3,401 | 2,969 | 2,439 | 2,583 |
| Traffic Citations | 434 | 505 | 684 | 749 | 1,049 | 1,093 | 1,031 | 1,300 | 1,113 | 1,081 |
| Total Arrests | 53 | 72 | 113 | 74 | 106 | 133 | 137 | 171 | 116 | 249 |
| General Government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Building permits issued | 2,929 | 3,092 | 3,079 | 2,821 | 3,546 | 2,828 | 2,677 | 2,725 | 2,828 | 2,430 |
| Building inspections conducted | 7,100 | 7,896 | 7,745 | 6,689 | 7,158 | 6,465 | 6,546 | 7,277 | 6,726 | 6,266 |
| Dwelling units permitted | 20 | 23 | 21 | 21 | 36 | 24 | 23 | 17 | 23 | 17 |
| Transportation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Streets resurfaced/reconstructed (miles) ⁽²⁾ | - | 3.10 | 4.53 | 1.43 | 1.80 | 3.27 | 5.96 | 4.80 | 5.80 | 5.93 |
| Shared-use Paths Constructed (linear feet) ⁽²⁾ | - | - | 2,640 | - | 580 | - | 1,540 | 196 | 6,758 | 4,730 |
| Road and Shared-use Path Miles Swept | 131 | 119 | 123 | 61 | 278 | 139 | 176 | 235 | 59 | 491 |
| Sanibel Harbor Mangroves trimmed (linear feet) | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Physical Environment (Wastewater) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons) | 1,564 | 1,419 | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,445 | 1,390 | 1,278 | 1,408 | 1,038 | 1,122 |
| Placement of new collection pipe (linear feet) | - | - | - | 1,795 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,120 |
| Sewer equivalent residential units (ERU) ⁽¹⁾ | 9,547 | 9,533 | 9,521 | 9,480 | 9,455 | 9,392 | 9,375 | 9,360 | 9,344 | 9,323 |
| Culture/Recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| After-school program participants | 54 | 70 | 71 | 98 | 129 | 173 | 118 | 121 | 138 | 147 |
| Senior Program membership | 702 | 765 | 806 | 828 | 729 | 724 | 738 | 707 | 712 | 746 |
| Senior Aerobics participants | 6,758 | 10,728 | 10,744 | 11,317 | 11,535 | 10,989 | 10,013 | 9,845 | 9,023 | 8,196 |
| RecCenter annual memberships | 659 | 960 | 976 | 1,013 | 1,168 | 1,153 | 1,091 | 1,085 | 1,093 | 1,005 |
| RecCenter six-month memberships | 593 | 708 | 727 | 750 | 728 | 770 | 787 | 788 | 744 | 729 |

⁽¹⁾ ERU's are calculated based on an estimated 240 gallons of wastewater generation per ERU

Source: Various City departments annual reports

⁽²⁾ Hurricane Irma delayed the annual street resurfacing program in fiscal year 2017 until fiscal year 2018

⁽³⁾ Certain information for fiscal years 2015-2017 was restated based on new information

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Function/Program | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | . ' | | . ' | |
| Police Stations | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Vehicle Patrol Units | | | | | | | | | | |
| Patrol cars | 23 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 12 | 9 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 9 |
| Motorcycles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Emergency Communication Van | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Unmarked vehicles | 12 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 |
| Patrol boats | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Traffic Control | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Physical Environment | | | | | | | | | | |
| Environmentally Sensitive Land (acres) | 622 | 622 | 622 | 622 | 622 | 622 | 622 | 622 | 622 | 622 |
| Wastewater Treatment Capacity (thousands) | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| Transportation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Paved Public Streets (miles) | 53.67 | 53.67 | 53.67 | 53.67 | 53.67 | 53.67 | 53.67 | 53.67 | 53.67 | 53.56 |
| Unpaved Public Streets (miles) | 8.16 | 8.16 | 8.16 | 8.16 | 8.16 | 8.16 | 8.16 | 8.16 | 8.16 | 8.27 |
| Shared Use Paths (miles) | 26.06 | 26.06 | 26.06 | 25.54 | 25.54 | 25.06 | 25.06 | 25.06 | 25.03 | 23.75 |
| Culture/Recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of Parks (non-beach facilities) | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Recreation centers/gymnasiums | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Senior centers | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Swimming pools | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Baseball/softball diamonds | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Beach Parking | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parking Enforcement Vehicles | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of Beach Parking Facilities | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Parking Spaces | 637 | 637 | 637 | 637 | 637 | 637 | 637 | 637 | 637 | 610 |
| Restrooms | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 6 |
| Fishing Piers | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Boat ramps | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Source: Various City departments annual reports. Previous numbers have been updated to include additional categories.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE September 30, 2020

| Type of Policy and Type of Coverage | Limits of Liability | Company | Expiration Date | Annual Premium | |
|--|--|---|-----------------|----------------|---------|
| Property ⁽¹⁾ Real Personal Business Income Inland Marine | \$ See below 49,156,002 9,518,232 2,000,000 1,128,408 | Florida Municipal Insurance Trust | 10/01/2021 | \$ | 394,169 |
| General Liability Extra Contractual Legal Expense (per action) Fire Legal Liability Errors and Omissions Liability Law Enforcement Liability Faithful Performance Blanket Bond Employee Theft Bond Crime Equipment Breakdown Limit | 5,000,000 25,000 500,000 5,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 100,000 50,000,000 | Florida Municipal Insurance Trust | 10/01/2021 | | 231,455 |
| Workers' Compensation | 1,000,000 | Florida Municipal Insurance Trust | 10/01/2021 | | 300,626 |
| Automobile Liability and Automobile Physical Damage | 5,000,000 | Florida Municipal Insurance Trust | 10/01/2021 | | 29,560 |
| Statutory Accidental Death & Disability Unlawful and Intentional Act | 75,000.00 225,000.00 | National Union Fire Insurance Co of Pitt, PA | 10/01/2021 | | 1,630 |
| Pollution Liability Aggregate Limit | 20,000,000 | Commerce and Industry Insurance Company (\$1,000,000 maximum per claim) | 10/01/2021 | | 17,206 |
| Flood | 11,135,500 | Wright National Flood Insurance Group | Various | | 231,412 |

⁽¹⁾ Includes real, personal, inland marine equipment, EDP, watercraft, valuable papers and records, business interruption, rental value, contractors' equipment, computer equipment and software and windstorm



The Single Audit section of this report details the amount of State assistance grants the City received in the current year as well as reports on compliance with those various programs.

This section contains the following subsections:

| Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed | |
|--|-----|
| In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards | 1/(|
| Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements for Each Major State Project and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of Auditor General | 172 |
| Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance | 174 |
| Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance | 175 |
| Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs | 176 |



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida Sanibel, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Sanibel, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Community Housing and Resources, Inc., as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. The financial statements of Community Housing and Resources, Inc., were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Response to Finding

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida June 28, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida Sanibel, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Project

We have audited City of Sanibel, Florida's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Florida Department of Financial Services *State Projects Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2020. The City's major state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state financial assistance applicable to its state projects.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements of and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards and Chapter 10.550 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.



Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida

Opinion on Each Major State Project

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Chapter 10.550, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Chapter 10.550. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida June 28, 2021

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE Year Ended September 30, 2020

| State Agency/Program Title | CSFA Number | State or Pass Through Grant Number | Expenditures | Passed Through to Subrecipients |
|---|----------------|---|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| STATE OF FLORIDA, DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECT | ION | | | |
| Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects | 37.039 | LP36030 | 1,000,00 |) - |
| Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects | 37.039 | LPA0043 | 500,00 |) |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE | ≣ | | \$ 1,500,00 |) \$ - |

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE Year Ended September 30, 2020

Note 1. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance (Schedule) presents the activity of all state financial assistance of the City of Sanibel, Florida (City), for the year ended September 30, 2020. The City's reporting entity is described in Note 1 in the main section of this document. State financial awards received directly from state agencies as well as state financial awards, if any, passed through other government agencies are included on the Schedule. This Schedule is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for grants reported in governmental funds and the accrual basis for grants reported in the proprietary funds. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Note 2. Relationship to Basic Financial Statements

\$1,500,000 in state financial assistance expenditures are included in the City's basic financial statements in the Sewer fund.

Note 3. Expenses Recorded in Schedule

Included in the schedule is \$889,741 of expenses that were reported in the 2019 financial statements and omitted from the 2019 schedule.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statement Section

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

State Financial Assistance Section

Internal control over major state projects:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Were significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material

None Reported

weakness(es)?

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major state projects:

Unmodified

Identification of major state projects:

37.039

CSFA Number Name of State Project

Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects

Dollar threshold used to determine Type A State projects

\$450,000

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Our audit disclosed one matter required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

2020-001 Prior Period Adjustment

Type of Finding: Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Criteria

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls and for the fair presentation of the financial statements including the related disclosures, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Condition

During the testing of grant revenue, it was determined grant revenues received and recorded in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020 were for expenditures made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019 and the resulting revenue should have been recorded in 2019.

Cause

The City's internal controls related to grants did not detect the misstatement until 2020.

Effect

An adjustment to the financial statements in the amount \$889,000 was made to reflect the adjustment to beginning net position and to decrease revenue in 2020.

Recommendation

For projects whose funding is provided by several sources, management should review all expenditures on the project as of yearend and carefully determine which funding source will be used. We recommend allowable expenditures be allocated to the grants first, then to any other outside funding sourced and finally to existing City sources. This should allow the City to record the outside funding sources revenues in the same period as the expenditures.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions

Agree with finding. Effective for fiscal year 2021 we have included additional review procedures by the Finance Director and Accounting Operations Manager for all quarterly grant reimbursements. This review will ensure that all expenditures that are reimbursable by grant funds are prepared and requested timely. Additionally, during the annual budget process a schedule of eligible grants will be prepared to include eligible expenditures and timing of reimbursements.

Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major State Projects

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with Section 10.557, Rules of the Auditor General.



This section contains the following subsections:

| Independent Auditors' Management Letter | 180 |
|--|-----|
| Management's Response to Management Letter | 182 |
| Independent Accountants' Report | 183 |



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida Sanibel, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Sanibel, Florida (the City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2021.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated June 28, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City discloses this information in the notes to the financial statements.



Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate a failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, provided the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. The City does not have any special district component units.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Council Members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida June 28, 2021



City of Sanibel

800 Dunlop Road Sanibel, Florida 33957-4096

www.mysanibel.com

AREA CODE - 239

| ADMINISTRATION/LEGISLATIVE | 472-3700 |
|----------------------------|----------|
| CITY COUNCIL | 472-4135 |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | |
| BUILDING | 472-4555 |
| PLANNING | 472-4136 |
| PUBLIC WORKS | 472-6937 |
| UTILITIES | 472-3179 |
| FINANCE | 472-9615 |
| INFORMATION TECHOLOGY | 472-3700 |
| LEGAL | 472-4359 |
| NATURAL RESOURCES | 472-3700 |
| POLICE | 472-3111 |
| EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT | 472-3111 |
| RECREATION | 472-0345 |
| CENTER 4 LIFE | 472-5743 |
| | |

June 29, 2021

Office of the Auditor General Local Government Audits/342 Claude Pepper Building, Room 401 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1450

RE: Response to Auditor Management Letter

Dear Sir or Madam:

Pursuant to Chapter 10.550, "Rules of the Auditor General – Local Government Entity Audits", the City of Sanibel's auditors, CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, prepared a management letter based on their audit of the City's general purpose financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None noted.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None noted.

The City of Sanibel appreciates the review of its procedures by CliftonLarsonAllen and intends to continue its practice of thorough compliance with all generally accepted accounting principles and internal controls.

Sincerely,

Steven C. Chaipel, CPA, CPFO

Finance Director



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

City of Sanibel, Florida Sanibel, Florida

We have examined the City of Sanibel, Florida's (the City) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2020. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2020.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton/arsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida June 28, 2021





BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Steven C. Chaipel, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of the City of Sanibel which is a local government entity of the State of Florida;
- The governing body of the City of Sanibel authorized the City of Sanibel to receive and expend proceeds of an impact fee implemented by Lee County, Florida; and
- 3. The City of Sanibel has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Finance Director, City of Sanibel

(Chaisel

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF LEE

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 23rd day of August, 2021.

NOTARY PUBLIC
Print Name Donna L Christian Tucker

Personally known vor produced identification _____

Type of identification produced:

My Commission Expires:

July 24, 2024





CITY OF SANIBEL

800 Dunlop Road Sanibel, Florida 33957 (239) 472-3700

www.mysanibel.com