

CITY OF TITUSVILLE, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020
TITUSVILLE "GATEWAY TO NATURE & SPACE"

CITY OF TITUSVILLE, FLORIDA



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020

Prepared by the Finance Department



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City of Titusville

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April 9, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Titusville:

It is with great pleasure that we present to you the City of Titusville Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, as required by City Charter and Florida Statutes.

Management is responsible for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control established for this purpose. The objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

James Moore, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Titusville's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A should be considered to complement this letter of transmittal and used in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Titusville was founded in 1867 and incorporated on July 13, 1887 as a political subdivision of the State of Florida and a municipal corporation with a five-member Council, including a Mayor and Vice-Mayor. It is located on the east coast of Florida, approximately 40 miles east of Orlando bordering the John F. Kennedy Space Center along the Indian River Lagoon in Brevard County, Florida. The City of Titusville currently occupies 30.49 square miles and serves an estimated population of 48,678 citizens. The City of Titusville is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries. It is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

Titusville voters elect five Council members for four-year terms on a staggered-term basis. The Mayor is a member of the City Council and is elected in the same manner as other City Council

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Titusville: Page 2 of 5

members. City Council members run for office in non-partisan elections. Titusville has "atlarge" elections; that is all City voters have the opportunity to vote for the candidate of their choice to fill each vacancy and to represent the City as a whole.

The City Council, as the legislative body, determines all municipal policies which are not set forth in the City Charter or by State legislation. The City Council adopts ordinances and resolutions, votes appropriations, approves the budget and determines the tax rate. The City Council appoints interested citizens to serve on various City advisory boards and commissions. The Council appoints the City Manager. The following are general duties of the City Manager, broadly stated:

- assures that all laws and ordinances are enforced
- appoints and remove department heads and employees on the basis of merit
- exercises control over all departments
- advises the City Council on the financial condition of the City government
- informs the public on the City government operations

The City of Titusville provides a full range of services, including law enforcement; fire and emergency services; streets and traffic maintenance; neighborhood and social services; water, sewer, and solid waste operations; storm water management; community development; building and planning and zoning; marina; economic development; emergency management; and general and administrative functions. The City of Titusville is financially responsible for the Downtown Titusville Community Redevelopment Agency and collaborates with Brevard County in funding the North Brevard Economic Development Zone.

The City Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Titusville's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and by department. The City Manager may make transfers within a department within the same fund. Any other budget transfers or amendments require approval by City Council, which are submitted throughout the fiscal year by departments through the City Manager.

Local Economy

The region continues to diversify its economy, which includes tourism, higher education, aerospace, health care, retirement living, retail trade, commercial and recreational sport fishing, boating, and cycling. Major industries that influence the economy include space-themed tourism, i.e., Kennedy Space Center; Port Canaveral logistics and tourism commerce; satellite processing facilities; aerospace manufacturing; wireless communications services; armament manufacturing; experimental space research; helicopter flight training; national wildlife refuge and seashore; and the Central Florida tourist attractions. Titusville is the County Seat of Brevard County, which stretches almost 73 miles and is known as and referred to as the Space Coast. The City is a key component of the Central Florida/Orlando metropolitan area, as well as the Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville Metropolitan Statistical Area (PB-M-T MSA).

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Titusville: Page 3 of 5

As the entire North Brevard area seeks to further expand its tax base, Titusville continues to experience steady, yet manageable, population growth, as well as significant gains in housing starts, which are essential for the City's ability to entice additional retail and commercial businesses. Aerospace companies, such as Lockheed Martin, Boeing, Blue Origin, and SpaceX, all strive to break new ground in space research and exploration, while other types of industrial and manufacturing operations are exploring Titusville for the location of new, or the expansion of current, businesses. City staff and elected officials are continuously interacting with multiple economic-development partners in an effort to attract and secure additional companies for our area, while also remaining mindful of the needs of our existing commercial, retail, and industrial employers.

The Milken Institute, a nonprofit, nonpartisan think tank that utilizes job, wage and salary, and high-tech gross domestic product (GDP) indicators to analyze regional performance, the Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville Metropolitan Statistical Area (PB-M-T MSA) landed in the nation's top-10 best performing large cities for the second year in a row. In fact, between 2018 and 2020, the PB-M-T MSA soared 47 places to garner Milken's number-10 slot, and Milken's 2021 data lists the PB-M-T MSA as number two in the nation. Additionally, the Hartland Forward, a nonpartisan, nonprofit research institute focused on improving economic performance in the United States ranked the PB-M-T MSA in the top-25 of "Most Dynamic Metropolitan Regions in the United States.

The PB-M-T MSA is exhibiting growth across a number of economic indicators, including personal income, average annual wage, and employment. With regard to unemployment, the most current data available from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (Dec. 2020) indicates that the unemployment rate for the PB-M-T MSA is 4.8 percent, while statewide, the Department of Economic Opportunity indicates the unemployment rate is 6.1 percent. The PB-M-T MSA descended to a low point of 2.7 percent for unemployment in December 2019, which then escalated to 12.8 percent in April 2020 as a direct result of the pandemic. Still, the PB-M-T MSA area saw an average unemployment rate of 3.9 percent for calendar year 2020.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City's strategic plan and the departmental balanced scorecards are the cornerstones for its long-term financial planning and budgeting. The General Fund operating budget, adopted in September 2019 at a millage tax rate of \$7.7210, is an increase of 3.01% above the rollback rate of \$7.4951. The governing budget supports the City's five-year capital improvement plan and the State's comprehensive plan concurrency elements for Fiscal Year 2020. The City uses a blended budget approach to reduce the reliance on property tax revenues and continues to initiate alternative revenue sources.

As part of the City's efforts to "maintain financial sustainability," the City continues to seek new ways to contain costs by creating a culture of continuous improvement. While healthcare costs continue to increase, the City continues to work towards favorable trends. While Fiscal Year 2020 claims costs were higher than Fiscal Year 2019 costs by 15 percent, they were below the adopted budgeted amount by 10 percent. Along these lines, the City continues with its

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Titusville: Page 4 of 5

commitment of recurring contributions towards the Other Post Employment Benefit's (OPEB) annually required contribution. In Fiscal Year 2020, the OPEB Trust Fund's funded status increased by almost half a percent. For the second consecutive year, the City's pension funds have exceeded the ninety percent funding level, thus maintaining the City's low unfunded liability balance. Additionally, the City maintains its General Fund operating reserve balance, which supports sixty days of operations for use during times of emergencies as approved by City Council.

The largest enterprise activity, the water and sewer utility, continues to support its operating and capital improvement plan with rate structure changes to ensure operating stability and a fully funded capital plan. In Fiscal Year 2020, the City reduced the utility's overall debt, by executing a forward delivery agreement, refinancing its bonds, which closed in January 2020. This refunding saved the utility over \$1 million.

The City adopted a five-year capital improvement plan that identifies future funding needs to maintain, repair and upgrade capital assets and infrastructure. Included in these long term capital needs are road resurfacing and water line upgrades within funding constraints aligned with the approved comprehensive plan concurrency elements. The City recognizes that with the population growth variation, residential and commercial development, changes in assessed values and increased cost of operations, a clearer vision was important to the proper allocation of financial resources based on both legal debt capacity and a reasonable amount of debt the City can afford to fund capital projects.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City's revenue policies establish the use of one-time revenue sources for non-recurring appropriations and prioritizes the use of restricted funding sources. Coupled with this is the City's budgetary focus to have all its Enterprise and Internal Service Fund activities be self-supporting.

The City's risk management program administers certain worker's compensation and property/casualty self-insured claims. The estimated amount of the claim reserves is fully funded by the program participants and recorded as liabilities of the respective Internal Service Funds and is determined through a formal actuarial study of the City's self-insured property, worker's compensation and casualty programs.

Major Initiatives

Furthering the City's continuous improvement journey requires measureable goals. In Fiscal Year 2020, the City Council identified measureable goals promoting economic development and quality of life as well as maintaining financial sustainability and efficient/effective municipal services.

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Titusville: Page 5 of 5

Some notable strategic accomplishments under these initiatives include:

- completed baffle box projects to improve Indian River Lagoon water quality
- improved fire department's Insurance Services Office (ISO) rating, placing our city in the top 4 percent nationwide
- completed over six miles of road resurfacing and patching
- improved water quality
- improved technology efforts through upgrading enterprise wide and 911 systems
- awarded national accreditation to code enforcement department
- worked, in cooperation with partners, to attract new corporations
- achieved an Insurance Services Office (ISO) rating of 2 which places our Fire Department within the top 4% in the nation
- maintained accreditation by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement
- furthered citywide continuous improvement initiatives saving resources and increasing efficiencies through cultural changes in our workforce.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Titusville for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. This was the thirty-seventh consecutive year that the City of Titusville has received this prestigious award. This report must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we have submitted it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We want to express our appreciation to our external auditors who prepared this very comprehensive and very detailed quality report.

In closing, we want to thank the Mayor and City Council for their leadership, unyielding support and steadfast commitment to maintaining the financial integrity of the city.

Respectfully submitted,

William S. Larese City Manager

Bridgette Clements
Director of Finance

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Titusville Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

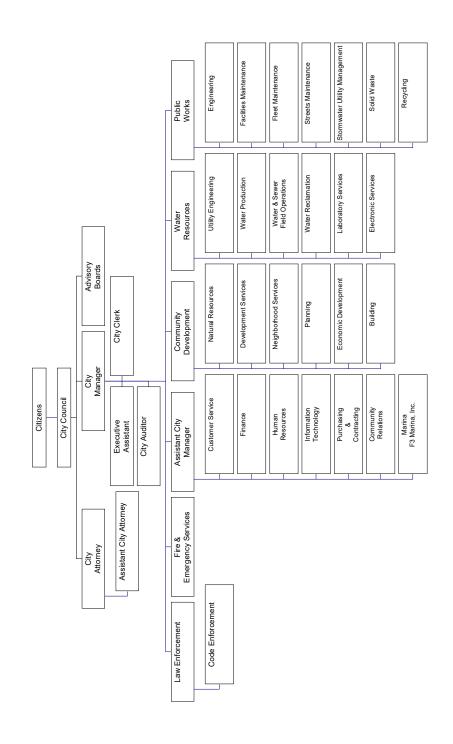
September 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF TITUSVILLE

City-Wide Organization Chart



CITY OF TITUSVILLE, FLORIDA List of Elected and Appointed Officials

CITY COUNCIL

Dan Diesel, Mayor

Jo Lynn Nelson, Vice-Mayor Dr. Sarah Stoeckel, Member Robert L. Jordan Jr., Member Joe C. Robinson, Member

ADMINISTRATION

CITY MANAGER
William S. Larese
FINANCE DIRECTOR
Bridgette Clements

CITY ATTORNEY
FIRE CHIEF
Richard C. Broome
Michael Woodward

CITY CLERK
Wanda F. Wells
POLICE CHIEF
John Lau

WATER RESOURCES DIRECTOR
Sean Stauffer

PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR
Kevin Cook

ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER
Thomas A. Abbate
PLANNING & GROWTH
MANAGEMENT DIRECTOR
Peggy Busacca

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ENGINEER Kwabena Ofosu



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Titusville, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Titusville, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of TIFA, LLC, a joint venture project in which the City has a 50% ownership interest and represents approximately 4% of the assets and 1% of the revenues of the business-type activities and water and sewer utility funds, respectively. The joint venture was audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the investment in TIFA, LLC, are based solely on the report of the other auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Titusville, Florida, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, fiduciary fund schedules, statistical section, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, fiduciary fund schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 9, 2021 on our consideration of City of Titusville, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Maore ; Co., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida April 9, 2021



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The City of Titusville, Florida's ("the City") Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A") presents this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Titusville for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the letter of transmittal in the introductory section and the City's financial statements following the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

- The City has \$118.4 million invested in capital assets, restricted net position of \$4.9 million for capital improvement projects, debt service and special revenues, and the remaining unrestricted net position of negative \$(11.6) million due to a combination of GASB 75 implementation as well as significant change in City's policy for retiree healthcare funding.
- There was a net increase of \$2.7 million in net position reported in connection with the City's governmental
 activities. The Fleet fund deficit of \$(1.59) million represents consequences due to the restatement of the
 OPEB liability. The City will seek to reduce the OPEB liability by reforming health care cost and also
 contributing to the OPEB trust fund.
- There was a net increase of \$6.9 million in net position reported in connection with the City's business-type
 activities, which include the Water/Sewer Utility, Solid Waste System, Municipal Marina, and Stormwater
 Utility. There is a deficit in the Solid Waste Fund of \$(0.6) million which represents consequences due to the
 restatement of OPEB liability.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements have three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements and
- Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information which is in addition to the basic financial statements.

The financial statement focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. The following graph shows the relationship between the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and the basic financial statements and the Required Supplementary Information ("RSI").

Relationship Between Comprehensive Annual **Financial Report (CAFR)** And **Basic Financial Statements and Required** Supplementary Information (RSI) General information on the government structure, Introductory services and environment Section Management's Discussion and Analysis Government-wide Financial Statements Basic Government Fund Financial Statements **Financial** Proprietary Fund Financial Statements **CAFR Statements** Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements **Financial** Section and Notes to the Financial Statements RSI Additional Required Supplementary Information Information on Individual funds and discretely presented component units and other Supplementary Information not required by GAAP Statistical Trend data and nonfinancial data Section

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements consist of the following two statements:

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include legislative, executive, legal counsel, community development, public works, public safety, support services and general administrative. The business-type activities of the City include the water/sewer utility, solid waste system, stormwater utility and municipal marina.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Titusville itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate Community Redevelopment Agency for which the City of Titusville is financially accountable. The Community Redevelopment Agency, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a part of the Community Development department of the City and, therefore, has been included as an integral part of the primary government as a Major Fund. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following the MD&A on pages 30-32 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations can be found on pages 35-37.

The City maintains thirteen individual governmental funds. Information for major funds is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, located on pages 34 and 36 of this report. General Fund, and Downtown Community Redevelopment Agency Fund are considered major funds. Financial data for the other eleven governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is presented in the form of *combining statements* in this report on pages 126-127.

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for its *governmental funds*. Budgetary comparison schedules for the major and non-major funds have been provided in this report on pages 121-122 and 126-141, respectively, to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water/sewer utility, solid waste system, stormwater utility and municipal marina. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles, management information systems and consolidated risk management and insurance activities. Because these services predominately benefit governmental activities rather than business-type functions; the internal service funds have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements separate information for each of the City's major enterprise funds and one non-major enterprise fund and can be found on pages 38-43 of this report. Conversely, internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* and can be found on pages 144-149 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of fiduciary funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 44-45 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 46-106 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 104-122 of this report. The combining statements referred to previously in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules can be found on pages 126-141 of this report.

Government-Wide Position Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$111.7 million at the close of fiscal year 2020.

The City used these capital assets to provide services to the citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Some of the highlights of capital spending include water and sewer cure-in-place pipeline upgrades, software replacement and integration for City administrative functions, new police vehicles, replacement of the Public Works complex, and roadway resurfacing and sidewalk preparations throughout the City. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay

City of Titusville, Florida

Management's Discussion and Analysis

this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Titusville's Statement of Net Position (in whole dollars)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type	Activities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Current and other assets	\$ 23,667,959 \$	23,556,799 \$	39,911,381 \$	38,757,356 \$	63,579,340 \$	62,314,155	
Capital Assets	68,513,206	69,345,436	85,644,923	84,828,629	154,158,129	154,174,065	
Non-current assets	-	-	4,683,391	4,824,423	4,683,391	4,824,423	
Total Assets	\$ 92,181,165 \$	92,902,235 \$	130,239,695 \$	128,410,408 \$	222,420,860 \$	221,312,643	
Deferred outflow of resources	\$ 12,588,506 \$	4,109,012 \$	5,144,464 \$	1,973,724 \$	17,732,970 \$	6,082,736	
Current Liabilities	\$ 6,108,944 \$	9,200,662 \$	6,263,297 \$	7,404,487 \$	12,372,241 \$	16,605,149	
Non-Current Liabilities	70,061,436	59.137.749	42,351,919	41.933.779	112,413,355	101,071,528	
Total Liabilities	\$ 76,170,380 \$	68,338,411 \$	48,615,216 \$	49,338,266 \$	124,785,596 \$	117,676,677	
Deferred Inflows of resources	\$ 2,553,894 \$	4,928,176 \$	1,114,089 \$	2,307,913 \$	3,667,983 \$	7,236,089	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	54,987,825	54,435,616	63,396,871	59,138,117	118,384,696	113,573,733	
Restricted *							
Roads & Streets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public Safety	262,385	997,617	-	-	262,385	997,617	
City Hall	6,711	6,586	-	-	6,711	6,586	
Community Development	1,770,118	1,319,607	-	-	1,770,118	1,319,607	
Water Conservation	-	-	254,231	267,802	254,231	267,802	
Debt Service	165,714	157,988	-	-	165,714	157,988	
Grants	-	-	-	-	•	-	
Capital Projects	2,421,557	2,015,933	-	-	2,421,557	2,015,933	
Unrestricted	 (33,568,913)	(35,188,687)	22,003,752	19,332,034	(11,565,161)	(15,856,653)	
Total Net Position	\$ 26,045,397 \$	23,744,660 \$	85,654,854 \$	78,737,953 \$	111,700,251 \$	102,482,613	

The City has restricted net position of \$4.9 million for capital improvement projects, debt service, and special revenues.

There was a net increase of \$2.3 million in net position reported in connection with the City's governmental activities. A detailed explanation is provided, beginning on page 19 of this report.

There was a net increase of \$6.9 million in net position reported in connection with the City's business-type activities, which include the Water/Sewer Utility, Solid Waste System, Municipal Marina, and Stormwater Utility. A detailed explanation is provided beginning on page 20 of this report.

There was an overall increase in the City's net position of \$9.2 million. A comparative analysis of government-wide changes in net position is presented in the following table:

City of Titusville's Changes in Revenue, Ex	(penses and Net Position (in whole dollars)	
Causemental Astivities	Dualmana Tuma Antivittian	Total

•	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	oe Activities	Total		
Revenues	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 3,189,732	\$ 3,453,449	\$ 32,674,903	\$ 31,776,032	\$ 35,864,635 \$	35,229,481	
Operating grants and contributions	1,184,552	1,451,448	709,772	1,680,402	1,894,324	3,131,850	
Capital grants and contributions	1,406,321	2,030,003	1,121,048	705,947	2,527,369	2,735,950	
General Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property	17,093,601	16,059,562	-	-	17,093,601	16,059,562	
Local option gas tax	1,098,581	1,173,179	-	-	1,098,581	1,173,179	
Utility and franchise taxes	9,069,408	9,147,941	-	-	9,069,408	9,147,941	
Intergovernmental	4,779,657	4,892,671	-	-	4,779,657	4,892,671	
Investment earnings	186,195	78,381	1,933,555	1,889,197	2,119,750	1,967,578	
Miscellaneous revenue	211,132	163,954	683,769	85,278	894,901	249,232	
Total revenues	38,219,179	38,450,588	37,123,047	36,136,856	75,342,226	74,587,444	
Expenses							
Program Activities:							
Governmental Activities:							
Legislative	80,467	60,968	-	-	80,467	60,968	
Executive	977,617	1,020,028	-	-	977,617	1,020,028	
Legal counsel	462,074	502,691	-	-	462,074	502,691	
Community development	3,985,580	3,762,343	-	-	3,985,580	3,762,343	
Public works	5,262,205	3,569,096	-	-	5,262,205	3,569,096	
Public safety	22,173,029	18,106,979	-	-	22,173,029	18,106,979	
Support services	3,303,871	3,399,598	-	-	3,303,871	3,399,598	
General government	664,980	963,862	-	-	664,980	963,862	
Interest on debt	307,260	339,788	-	-	307,260	339,788	
Business-type activities:							
Water/sewer utility	-	-	19,322,361	19,264,281	19,322,361	19,264,281	
Solid waste system	-	-	5,274,737	4,633,032	5,274,737	4,633,032	
Municipal marina	-	-	1,279,906	1,278,431	1,279,906	1,278,431	
Stormwater utility	-	-	2,641,371	2,290,323	2,641,371	2,290,323	
Total expenses	37,217,083	31,725,353	28,518,375	27,466,067	65,735,458	59,191,420	
Excess before transfers	1,002,096	6,725,235	8,604,672	8,670,789	9,606,768	15,396,024	
Transfers	1,687,771	1,721,663	(1,687,771)	(1,721,663)	-	-	
Capital Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Increase in net position	2,689,867	8,446,898	6,916,901	6,949,126	9,606,768	15,396,024	
Net position-beginning	23,355,530	15,297,762	78,737,953	71,788,828	102,093,483	87,086,590	
Net position-ending	\$ 26,045,397 \$	23,744,660	85,654,854 \$	78,737,953 \$	111,700,251 \$ 1	02,482,614	

Governmental Activities

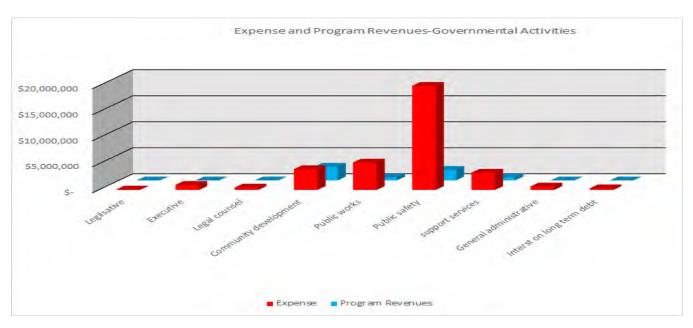
As mentioned previously, governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$2.3 million. The key elements of the activities increase are as follows:

- Capital grants decreased by \$(0.6) million reflecting an increase of federal and state funded grant projects.
- Property tax revenues increased by \$1.0 million or 6.4%.
- Charges for services decreased by \$0.3 million or (7.6)% due to community development services activities.
- OPEB liability increased by \$7.9 million or 17.0%.

The following tables show expenses and program revenue and the components of program and general revenues, respectively, as a percentage of totals for governmental activities:

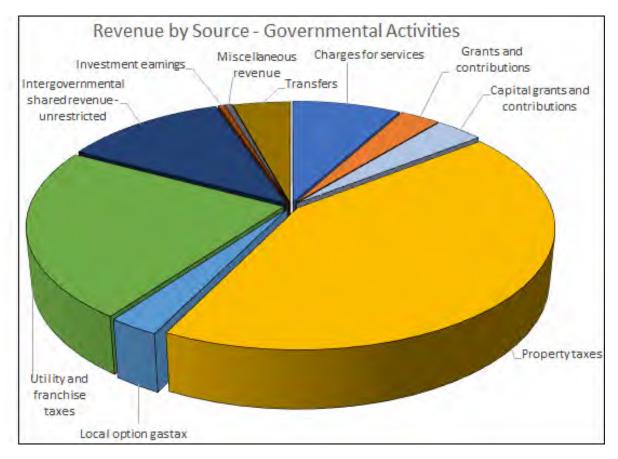
Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

			Program	% of	Net (Expenses)
Functions/Programs	Expenses	% of Total	Revenues	Total	Revenue
Legislative	\$ 80,467	0.22% \$	-	0.0% \$	(80,467)
Executive	977,617	2.63%	-	0.0%	(977,617)
Legal counsel	462,074	1.24%	-	0.0%	(462,074)
Community development	3,985,580	10.71%	2,622,333	45.4%	(1,363,247)
Public works	5,262,205	14.14%	563,536	9.7%	(4,698,669)
Public safety	22,173,029	59.58%	2,019,614	34.9%	(20,153,415)
Support services	3,303,871	8.88%	575,122	9.9%	(2,728,749)
General administrative	664,980	1.79%	-	0.0%	(664,980)
Interest on long-term debt	 307,260	0.83%	-	0.0%	(307,260)
	\$ 37,217,083	100.0% \$	5,780,605	100.0% \$	(31,436,478)



Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities

Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 3,189,732	7.99%
Grants and contributions	1,184,552	2.97%
Capital grants and contributions	1,406,321	3.52%
General Revenues:		
Property taxes	17,093,601	42.83%
Local option gas tax	1,098,581	2.75%
Utility and franchise taxes	9,069,408	22.73%
Intergovernmental shared revenue - unrestricted	4,779,657	11.98%
Investment earnings	186,195	0.47%
Miscellaneous revenue	211,132	0.53%
Transfers	1,687,771	4.23%
	\$ 39,906,950	100.00%



Business-Type Activities

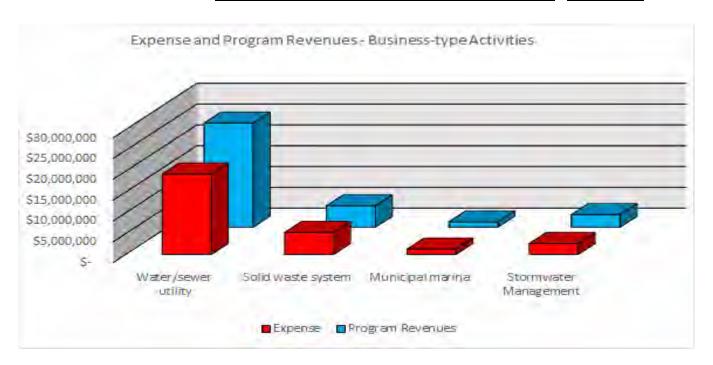
As mentioned, business-type activities net position increased by \$6.9 million. This compared to an increase in 2019 of \$6.9 million, before considering the cumulative effect of an accounting change. Key elements of the change in business-type activities are as follows:

- An decrease in Stormwater grant revenue of \$(364,411);
- An increase in Water and Sewer grant revenue of \$320,017;
- A increase in investment earnings of \$44,358;

The following tables show expenses & program revenues and the components of program & general revenues, respectively, as a percentage of totals for business-type activities:

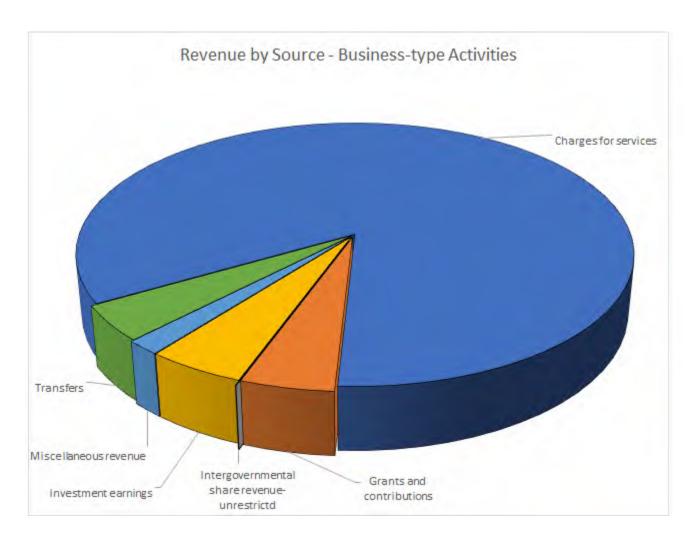
Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities

					Net
			Program		(Expenses)
Functions/Programs	Expenses	% of Total	Revenues	% of Total	Revenue
Water / Sewer Utility	\$ 19,322,361	67.8%	\$ 25,036,076	72.6%	\$ 5,713,715
Solid Waste System	5,274,737	18.5%	5,157,954	14.9%	(116,783)
Municipal Marina	1,279,906	4.5%	1,279,128	3.7%	(778)
Stormwater Management	2,641,371	9.3%	3,032,565	8.8%	391,194
	\$ 28,518,375	100%	\$ 34,505,723	100%	\$ 5,987,348



Revenue by Source - Business-type Activities

\$ 32,674,903	92.2%
1,830,820	5.2%
-	-%
1,933,555	5.5%
683,769	1.9%
(1,687,771)	(4.8)%
\$ 35,435,276	100.0%
\$	1,830,820 - 1,933,555 683,769 (1,687,771)



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's reporting of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16.3 million, which is an increase of \$2.1 million when compared to the prior year. Intergovernmental revenue decreased by \$(1.1) million and taxes increased by \$1.0 million, with the total expenditures decreased by \$(0.2) million. Unassigned fund balance is \$5.2 million and is available for spending, subject to regulatory, statutory, and budgetary restrictions. The remainder of the fund balances is \$0.05 million for nonspendable inventories, \$4.7 million is restricted, \$6.3 million is committed and \$0.03 million is assigned.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2020, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$5.2 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and transfers out. Unassigned fund balance represents 13.4% of the total fund expenditures, which is a increase of 1.9% from fiscal year 2019. The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$1.9 million during the current fiscal year due to increases in revenues of \$0.2 million and increases of expenses of \$0.6 million, which are outlined in the General Fund budgetary highlights beginning on page 26 of this report.

The Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) Fund is a major Governmental fund used to account for monies from the incremental increase in property tax revenue collected within the designated redevelopment area. Consistent with State law, revenues are utilized and expended in accordance with the Community Redevelopment Plan.

The Titusville Community Redevelopment Agency fund has a total fund balance at year end of \$1,244,489 an increase of \$260,574 over the prior year. The increase is due primarily to an increase in tax increment due to higher taxable values and a reduction in liabilities.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds include the business-type activities enterprise funds and the governmental activities internal service funds. They provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City has four enterprise funds, of which the Water/Sewer Utility, Solid Waste System and Stormwater Utility are the major funds. Unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds at the end of the year was \$22.0 million or 25.7% of total net position. The total unrestricted net position increased by \$2.7 million a result of operations. The Solid Waste Fund reported an operating loss of \$(0.2) million for the fiscal year of 2020 versus an operating income of \$0.2 million in 2019 due to additional operating costs. The Municipal Marina reported an operating loss of \$(30,019) for the fiscal year 2020 as compared to an operating income of \$45,887 in 2020. The Stormwater Utility reported a net position increase of \$0.5 million for fiscal year 2020. Stormwater utility operating income was \$43,899 in 2020 versus \$266,811 in 2019. Water/Sewer utility income before capital contributions and transfers was \$5.0 million in 2020 versus \$4.3 million in 2019.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund expenditure budget totals \$38.4 million, representing a increase of \$1.5 million from fiscal year 2019. The budget continues existing City services while taking measures to ensure fiscal stability. Some of the significant changes in programs funded in this year's budget include:

- Investing in employees through pay adjustments, restoring work hours and reinstating adequate staffing levels.
- Preserving and enhancing municipal revenues.
- Investing in the City's infrastructure including road resurfacing, utilities, heavy equipment and other rolling stock and technology.
- Investment in the long-term vision of the City through increased efforts in natural resource and economic development activities.
- Continuing process improvement efforts City-wide by LEAN principles, additional emphasis on performance measurement and cross training.

Revenues were more than budgeted amounts by \$0.9 million. The City realized revenues in utility and franchise taxes, as well as licenses and permits.

General Fund departments met their total bottom line budget at the major department level. Total General Fund expenses were less than budget by \$1.8 million because of salary savings and timing of capital purchases.

Any differences between the Original and Final Budgets were approved by City Council in accordance with our Budget Policies. The most significant changes occurred because of department reorganizations, reassignments, and capital outlay purchases associated with these changes.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. At September 30, 2020, the City had \$154.2 million invested in various capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for all activities as reflected on the following schedule. This represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$(15,936.0) million over the prior year. The increase in the City's investment in capital assets resulted from more construction in progress projects throughout the City and the retirement and/or sale of assets, net of depreciation. See Footnote 4E for further details on capital assets.

City of Titusville's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in whole dollars)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2020	2020 2019		2020 2019		2019	
Land	\$ 29,679,024	\$ 29,679,024	\$ 4,479,538	\$ 4,477,859	\$ 34,158,562	\$ 34,156,883	
Buildings	1,428,707	1,188,274	5,049	5,354	1,433,756	1,193,628	
Easements	199,220	199,220	99,554	99,554	298,774	298,774	
Improvements other than buildings	30,068,519	30,681,661	21,274,646	20,528,772	51,343,165	51,210,433	
Machinery and equipment	5,421,733	5,580,859	4,954,856	4,990,228	10,376,589	10,571,087	
Utility plant	-	-	49,292,746	48,563,943	49,292,746	48,563,943	
Construction in progress	1,716,003	2,016,398	4,769,796	6,162,919	6,485,799	8,179,317	
Total	\$ 68,513,206	\$ 69,345,436	\$ 84,876,185	\$ 84,828,629	\$ 153,389,391	\$ 154,174,065	

Major events include the following:

- Continuation of Road Resurfacing program totaling \$2.3 million.
- General construction totaling \$0.6 million.
- Outlay of \$4.6 million to improve and maintain the infrastructure in the Water & Sewer Utility.
- Completed \$1.7 million in Stormwater Capital Projects.

Long-term bonded debt. Additional information on the City's long-term debt and other non-current liabilities can be found in Note 4F of the notes to the financial statements on pages 72-76 of this report.

City of Titusville's Long-term Bonded Debt (in whole dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total		
	2020	2019		2020	2019	2020		2019	
General obligation bonds Series 2015	\$ 3,233,000 \$	4,446,000	\$	-	-	\$	3,233,000 \$	4,446,000	
Public Improvement Revenue Note Series 2009	965,000	1,115,000		-	-		965,000	1,115,000	
Capital Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2017	5,340,000	6,535,000		-	-		5,340,000	6,535,000	
State Revolving Fund Loan Series 2010	-	-		3,248,149	3,345,944		3,248,149	3,345,944	
2010 Water/Sewer Refunding		-		15,965,000	22,620,000		15,965,000	22,620,000	
Total	\$ 9,538,000 \$	12,096,000	\$	19,213,149 \$	25,965,944	\$	28,751,149 \$	38,061,944	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Fiscal Year 2020 saw continued economic recovery in many facets of the City. The City continued to realize an increase in its property tax roll thus building on the foundation of growth from the prior year. Likewise, the City continues to realize growth in other revenue sources, such as building and development fees, which are viewed as strong economic indicators.

Continued efforts in economic development has generated both new industry and expansion of long-established businesses during fiscal year 2020. Through collaborating with the North Brevard Economic Development Zone and Brevard County, the City has been able to generate multi-million dollar investments in projects to create jobs and improve amenities in the local area. Growth in highly technical, recreational and service industries provides a catalyst as the City furthers its revitalization efforts. Increased marketing efforts are expected to improve the City's visibility and in turn impact long-term fiscal sustainability.

As the City benefits from steady economic growth, further emphasis continues to be on the overall improvement of the quality of life for its citizens. Projects such as Lean Six Sigma improve operational efficiencies when providing essential City services; the redevelopment of the mall and other vacant properties provide opportunities for revitalization of blighted areas with economic benefits; and the continual commitment to maintaining infrastructure ensures the City's thoroughfares and facilities can support the ever increasing demands. This is an exciting time as the City continues to grow and define itself. With the continued support of Mayor and Council, we will continue to improve upon the high levels of service needed to further the long-term goals of the City.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for fiscal year 2021.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Titusville's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, City of Titusville, P.O. Box 2806, Titusville, Florida 32781-2806.



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Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	Sovernmental ype Activities	-	Business Type Activities	 Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$ 2,726,218	\$	1,046,061	\$ 3,772,279
Investments	18,269,444		32,815,566	51,085,010
Restricted Assets:				
Cash	217,000		93,064	310,064
Receivables, net	2,337,577		5,222,278	7,559,855
Inventories	 117,720		734,412	 852,132
Total Current Assets	 23,667,959		39,911,381	 63,579,340
Noncurrent Assets: Restricted:				
Prepaid items	_		768,738	768,738
Investment in TIFA, LLC	_		4,683,391	4,683,391
Capital assets not being depreciated:			1,000,071	1,000,071
Land and land rights	29,679,024		4,479,538	34,158,562
Easements	199,220		99,554	298,774
Construction in progress	1,716,003		4,769,796	6,485,799
Capital assets, net of depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	1,428,707		5,049	1,433,756
Improvements other than buildings	30,068,519		21,274,646	51,343,165
Furniture and equipment	5,421,733		4,954,856	10,376,589
Utility plant	-		49,292,746	49,292,746
Total Noncurrent Assets	 68,513,206		90,328,314	158,841,520
Total Assets	 92,181,165		130,239,695	 222,420,860
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
Deferred loss on refunding	-		354,079	354,079
Deferred pension outflows	5,166,625		1,480,140	6,646,765
Deferred OPEB outflows	 7,421,881		3,310,245	 10,732,126
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 12,588,506		5,144,464	 17,732,970

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	Governmental Type Activities	В	usiness Type Activities		Total
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 1,777,570	\$	1,403,316	\$	3,180,886
Accrued interest payable	111,571		158,448	•	270,019
Payable from Restricted Assets:	•		•		,
Deposits	1,313,000		1,650,935		2,963,935
Unearned revenue	61,594		-		61,594
Claims payable	702,351		-		702,351
Compensated absences	594,698		184,426		779,124
Bonds payable	1,316,000		2,344,665		3,660,665
Capital leases payable	1,545,160		521,507		2,066,667
Total Current Liabilities	7,421,944		6,263,297		13,685,241
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	2,606,033		583,589		3,189,622
Net OPEB liability	46,179,169		20,596,442		66,775,611
Net Pension Liability	9,299,013		2,395,575		11,694,588
Bonds Payable	8,222,000		17,612,599		25,834,599
Capital Leases Payable	2,442,221		1,163,714		3,605,935
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	68,748,436		42,351,919		111,100,355
Total Liabilities	 76,170,380		48,615,216		124,785,596
DEFERRED INFLOWS					
Deferred inflows/pension	56,002		-		56,002
Deferred OPEB inflows	2,497,892		1,114,089		3,611,981
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,553,894		1,114,089		3,667,983
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	54,987,825		63,396,871		118,384,696
Restricted	0.,,0.,020		00/070/01		
Public safety	262,385		-		262,385
City hall	6,711		-		6,711
Community development	1,770,118		-		1,770,118
Water conservation	, , , <u>-</u>		254,231		254,231
Debt service	165,714		-		165,714
Capital projects	2,421,557		-		2,421,557
Unrestricted	(33,568,913)		22,003,752		(11,565,161)
Total Net Position	\$ 26,045,397	\$	85,654,854	\$	111,700,251

City of Titusville, Florida

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

					Ρ	rogram Revenues	;			Net (Expense) R	eve	enue and Changes i	in Ne	t Position
											Pri	mary Government		
Functions/Programs Primary Government:		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities	_	Business-type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities:														
General administrative services	\$	664,980	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(664,980)	\$	- \$;	(664,980)
Legislative		80,467		-		-		-		(80,467)		-		(80,467)
Executive		977,617		-		-		-		(977,617)		-		(977,617)
Legal counsel		462,074		-		-		-		(462,074)		-		(462,074)
Community development		3,985,580		1,576,960		218,403		826,970		(1,363,247)		-		(1,363,247)
Public works		5,262,205		48,918		473,245		41,373		(4,698,669)		-		(4,698,669)
Public safety		22,173,029		991,839		492,904		534,871		(20,153,415)		-		(20,153,415)
Support services		3,303,871		572,015		-		3,107		(2,728,749)		-		(2,728,749)
Interest on long-term debt		307,260		-		-		-		(307,260)		<u> </u>		(307,260)
Total Governmental Activities		37,217,083		3,189,732		1,184,552	_	1,406,321		(31,436,478)	_	<u> </u>		(31,436,478)
Business-type Activities:														
Water / sewer utility		19,322,361		23,705,357		572,035		758,684		-		5,713,715		5,713,715
Solid waste system		5,274,737		5,049,458		108,496		-		-		(116,783)		(116,783)
Stormwater utility		2,641,371		2,670,201		-		362,364		-		391,194		391,194
Municipal marina		1,279,906		1,249,887		29,241		-		-	_	(778)		(778)
Total Business-type Activities		28,518,375		32,674,903		709,772	_	1,121,048	_	-		5,987,348		5,987,348
Total Primary Government	\$	65,735,458	\$	35,864,635	\$	1,894,324	\$	2,527,369	. —	(31,436,478)	_	5,987,348		(25,449,130)
	Pr Lc U In In M Trans To C	eral Revenues: roperty Tax roperty Tax coral Option Gas tility and Franchi attergovernmenta restment Earnin liscellaneous sfers otal General Rev hange in Net Po Position - Beginni Position - Ending	ise Ta I Sha ngs /enue sitior	red Revenue - u es and Transfers 1		stricted			<u>\$</u>	17,093,601 1,098,581 9,069,408 4,779,657 186,195 211,132 1,687,771 34,126,345 2,689,867 23,355,530 26,045,397	\$ =	1,933,555 683,769 (1,687,771) 929,553 6,916,901 78,737,953 85,654,854		17,093,601 1,098,581 9,069,408 4,779,657 2,119,750 894,901 - 35,055,898 9,606,768 102,093,483 111,700,251



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Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

Major Funds

		General Fund	Downtown Community Redevelopment Agency	Non Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash	\$	1,811,351	\$ 143,113	\$ 776,956	\$ 2,731,420
Investments		8,869,755	1,154,919	2,711,749	12,736,423
Receivables, net		2,255,520	-	68,785	2,324,305
Advances to other funds		31,472	-	-	31,472
Inventories		21,283	-	-	21,283
Total assets	_	12,989,381	1,298,032	3,557,490	17,844,903
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		338,556	12,871	88,628	440,055
Accrued liabilities		1,013,394	9,200	34,749	1,057,343
Advances from other funds		-	31,472	-	31,472
Unearned Revenue		539	-	61,594	62,133
Total liabilities		1,352,489	53,543	184,971	1,591,003
Fund balance					
Nonspendable		52,755	-	-	52,755
Restricted		121,048	1,244,489	3,372,519	4,738,056
Committed		6,273,931	-	-	6,273,931
Assigned		25,322	-	-	25,322
Unassigned		5,163,836	-	-	5,163,836
Total fund balance		11,636,892	1,244,489	3,372,519	16,253,900
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	12,989,381	\$ 1,298,032	\$ 3,557,490	\$ 17,844,903

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

Total governmental funds fund balance		\$	16,253,900
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Total governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	163,316,843 (96,066,076)	-	67,250,767
On the governmental fund statements, a net pension liability is not recorded until an amount is due and payable and the pension plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the statement of net position, the City's net pension liability of the defined benefit pension plans is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are also reported. Net pension liability Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to pensions	(8,916,591) 4,930,340 (56,002)		(4,042,253)
On the governmental fund statements, a net OPEB liability is not recorded unless an amount is due and payable (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the Statement of Net Position, the City's net OPEB liability is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB are also reported.		-	(1,012,200)
Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(44,088,370) 7,085,849 (2,384,797)	_	(39,387,318)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of data processing, insurance, fleet lease and maintenance, building maintenance, and internal loans to individual funds. These assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.			2,097,969
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities, deferred outflows, and other debt-related deferred charges consist of the following: Bonds and notes payable Capital leases Accrued interest payable Compensated absences	(9,538,000) (3,454,791) (111,571) (3,023,306)		(16,127,668)
Total net position of governmental activities	,	\$	26,045,397

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Major	Fu	ınds		
	General Fund		Downtown Community Redevelopment Agency	Non Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 15,337,495	\$	961,910	\$ 794,196	\$ 17,093,601
Local option gas tax	1,098,581		-	-	1,098,581
Utility and franchise taxes	9,069,408		-	-	9,069,408
Intergovernmental	5,750,557		-	1,304,624	7,055,181
Licenses and permits	441,743		-	1,110,020	1,551,763
Charges for services	5,924,248		-	-	5,924,248
Fines and forfeitures	206,040		-	31,020	237,060
Investment earnings (loss)	50,927		38,451	32,219	121,597
Impact fees	-		· •	279,892	279,892
Miscellaneous revenue	213,433		6,081	23,115	242,629
Total revenues	38,092,432		1,006,442	3,575,086	42,673,960
Expenditures Current:					
Legislative	72,393		_	_	72,393
Executive	963,291		_	_	963,291
Legal counsel	462,074		<u>-</u>	_	462,074
Community development	1,628,046		278,536	1,495,541	3,402,123
General administrative services	4,780,520		-	341,003	5,121,523
Public works	3,696,666		_		3,696,666
Public safety	20,186,474		_	32,468	20,218,942
Support Services	3,582,793		_	32,100	3,582,793
Debt Service	0,002,170				0,002,170
Principal	1,265,696		<u>-</u>	1,293,000	2,558,696
Interest	79,045		_	243,459	322,504
Capital Outlay/Improvements	1,688,893		108,023	1,105,599	2,902,515
Total expenditures	 38,405,891		386,559	4,511,070	43,303,520
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	 ,			7. 7.	
expenditures	(313,459)		619,883	(935,984)	(629,560)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	1,990,254		<u>-</u>	1,441,354	3,431,608
Transfers out	(838,877)		(134,529)	(770,431)	(1,743,837)
Capital leases	1,014,068		(10.70=27)	(,	1,014,068
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,165,445		(134,529)	670,923	2,701,839
Net change in fund balances	 1,851,986		485,354	(265,061)	2,072,279
Beginning fund balances, as restated	 9,784,906		759,135	3,637,580	14,181,621
Ending fund balances	\$ 11,636,892	\$	1,244,489	\$ 3,372,519	\$ 16,253,900

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	2,072,279
Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense 2,598,1 (3,262,5)		(664,465)
Bond and loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds. However, the issuance of debt is reported as long-term debt payable in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment of debt principal reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. These amounts are as follows:		
Principal repayment of general long-term debt 2,558,6 Issuance of governmental long-term debt (1,517,2		1,041,432
Governmental funds report contributions to defined benefit pension plans as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans reduces future net pension/OPEB liability. Also included in pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities are amounts required to be amortized Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions 1,224,0	03	
Change in net OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to OPEB (555,4)		668,561
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditure are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. These adjustments are as follows:		
Change in accrued interest on long-term debt 11,8 Change in compensated absences liability (236,6 Principal repayments		(224,785)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue/expense of internal service funds is reported within governmental activities.		(203,155)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	2,689,867

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

		Major Funds		N	on-Major Funds	_		
	Water/Sewer Utility	Solid Waste System	Stormwater Utility		Municipal Marina		Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets								
Current assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 500,555	\$ 61,138	\$ 27,356	\$	457,012	\$	1,046,061	\$ (5,202)
Investments	29,768,273	1,428,981	1,618,312		-		32,815,566	5,533,021
Receivables, net	4,090,278	1,066,522	65,002		476		5,222,278	13,272
Inventories	706,478	-	-		27,934		734,412	96,437
Restricted current assets:								
Other Assets	-	631,691	137,047		-		768,738	-
Current Restricted Cash and Cash								
Equivalents	93,064	-	-		-		93,064	217,000
Total current assets	35,158,648	3,188,332	1,847,717		485,422		40,680,119	5,854,528
Noncurrent assets:								
Investment in TIFA, LLC	4,683,391	-	-		-		4,683,391	-
Capital assets:								
Land and Land Rights	3,492,038	-	987,500		-		4,479,538	-
Easements	90,485	-	9,069		-		99,554	-
Buildings and Improvements	3,958,514	-	-		98,468		4,056,982	104,206
Improvements Other than Buildings	23,156,807	-	15,939,803		4,779,009		43,875,619	148,542
Furniture and Equipment	9,999,914	7,350,302	2,388,197		178,143		19,916,556	3,651,416
Utility Plant	124,537,333	-	1,456,969		-		125,994,302	-
Construction in Progress	3,551,678	-	1,218,118		-		4,769,796	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(104,629,920)	(5,705,321)	(5,461,184)		(2,519,737)		(118,316,162)	(2,641,725)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	64,156,849	1,644,981	16,538,472		2,535,883		84,876,185	1,262,439
Total noncurrent assets	68,840,240	1,644,981	16,538,472		2,535,883		89,559,576	1,262,439
Total assets	103,998,888	4,833,313	18,386,189		3,021,305		130,239,695	7,116,967
Deferred outflows of resources								
Deferred Loss on Refunding	354,079	-	-		-		354,079	-
Deferred Pension Outflow	1,039,393	292,615	148,132		-		1,480,140	236,285
Deferred OPEB Outflow	2,170,840	600,252	351,683		187,470		3,310,245	336,032
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 3,564,312	\$ 892,867	\$ 499,815	\$	187,470	\$	5,144,464	\$ 572,317

Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds September 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

		Major Funds		Non-Major Funds		
	Water/Sewer Utility	Solid Waste System	Stormwater Utility	Municipal Marina	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	746,413	3,483	196,981	47,989	994,866	132,884
Interest Payable from Restricted Assets	158,448	-	-	-	158,448	-
Accrued Payroll Liabilities	291,519	80,280	34,737	1,914	408,450	68,706
Contracts Payable	-	-	-	-	-	78,043
Customer Deposits	1,089,657	546,274	-	-	1,635,931	-
Self-Insured Claims Payable	-	-	-	-	-	2,015,351
Capital Leases Payable	=	335,978	185,529	15,004	536,511	352,604
Compensated Absences	143,480	23,186	17,760	-	184,426	22,088
Current Revenue Bonds	2 244 / / 5				2 244 //5	
Payable/Restricted Assets	2,344,665	-	-		2,344,665	-
Total current liabilities	4,774,182	989,201	435,007	64,907	6,263,297	2,669,676
Noncurrent liabilities:	407.500	F0 700	07.054		500 500	455.007
Noncurrent Compensated Absences	486,532	59,703	37,354	-	583,589	155,337
Net OPEB Liability	13,507,032	3,734,782	2,188,184	1,166,444	20,596,442	2,090,799
Long-Term Capital Leases Payable	47 (40 500	845,354	318,360	-	1,163,714	179,986
Long-Term Debt Payable	17,612,599	-	-	-	17,612,599	-
Net Pension Liability	1,682,236	473,591	239,748	-	2,395,575	382,422
Total noncurrent liabilities	33,288,399	5,113,430	2,783,646	1,166,444	42,351,919	2,808,544
Total liabilities	38,062,581	6,102,631	3,218,653	1,231,351	48,615,216	5,478,220
Deferred inflows of resources						
Deferred OPEB Inflow	730,613	202,019	118,362	63,095	1,114,089	113,095
Total deferred inflows of resources	730,613	202,019	118,362	63,095	1,114,089	113,095
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	44,429,778	463,649	15,967,561	2,535,883	63,396,871	729,849
Restricted:	,,	,,		_,,500		
Water Conservation	254,231	-	_	-	254,231	-
Unrestricted	24,085,997	(1,042,119)	(418,572)	(621,554)	22,003,752	1,368,120
Total net position	\$ 68,770,006	\$ (578,470) \$	15,548,989	\$ 1,914,329	\$ 85,654,854	\$ 2,097,969

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 	Business-1	Гуре	Activities - Ente	erpri	se Funds		
		Major Funds			N	Ion-Major Funds		
	Water/Sewer Utility	Solid Waste System		Stormwater Utility		Municipal Marina	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:								
Charges for sales and services Claims settlements	\$ 23,705,357	\$ 5,049,458	\$	2,670,201 -	\$	1,249,887	\$ 32,674,903 \$	\$ 14,571,127 176,591
Total operating revenues	 23,705,357	5,049,458		2,670,201		1,249,887	32,674,903	14,747,718
Operating expenses:								
Salaries and employee benefits	6,706,310	2,113,567		960,637		28,514	9,809,028	1,578,026
Supplies and materials	1,418,679	80,367		54,355		375,416	1,928,817	2,041,252
Contract services	228,923	240,549		73,867		472,646	1,015,985	752,923
Other services and charges	5,774,259	2,210,702		746,854		237,316	8,969,131	10,445,932
Depreciation	 4,594,249	604,716		790,589		166,014	6,155,568	349,183
Total operating expenses	18,722,420	5,249,901		2,626,302		1,279,906	27,878,529	15,167,316
Operating income (loss)	4,982,937	(200,443)		43,899		(30,019)	4,796,374	(419,598)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Investment earnings	1,606,473	59,064		268,018		_	1,933,555	64,598
Miscellaneous	629,360	23,907		4,804		1,000	659,071	202,426
Intergovernmental revenue	572,035	108,496		· -		29,241	709,772	2,784
Interest expense	(599,941)	(24,836)		(15,069)		· -	(639,846)	(21,974)
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	6,437	18,261		-		-	24,698	(31,391)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 2,214,364	184,892		257,753		30,241	2,687,250	216,443
Income/(loss) before transfers and capital contributions	7,197,301	(15,551)		301,652		222	7,483,624	(203,155)
Capital contributions	758,684	-		362,364		-	1,121,048	-
Transfers in	-	175,388		-		-	175,388	-
Transfers out	 (1,687,771)	-		(175,388)		-	(1,863,159)	-
Change in net position	6,268,214	159,837		488,628		222	6,916,901	(203,155)
Total net position - beginning	 62,501,792	 (738,307)	_	15,060,361		1,914,107	78,737,953	 2,301,124
Total net position - ending	\$ 68,770,006	\$ (578,470)	\$	15,548,989	\$	1,914,329	\$ 85,654,854	\$ 2,097,969

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



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Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Business-type	Activities - Ente	erprise Funds		_
		Major Funds		Non-Major Fund		Governmental Activities
	Water/ Sewer Utility	Solid Waste System	Stormwater Utility	Municipal Marina	Total	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts-customers and users	\$ 22,952,682	\$ 5,386,553	\$ 3,270,719	\$ 1,238,984	\$ 32,848,938	\$ 15,188,035
Payments-suppliers	(7,654,752)	(2,271,728)	(877,739)	(9,046)	(10,813,265)	(1,573,532)
Payments-employees	(7,336,331)	(3,142,071)	(902,402)	(1,085,591)	(12,466,395)	(13,730,625)
Other receipts	629,360	23,907	4,804	1,000	659,071	202,426
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	8,590,959	(3,339)	1,495,382	145,347	10,228,349	86,304
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Loans to other funds	-	175,388	-	-	175,388	-
Loans from other funds	(1,687,771)	-	(175,388)	-	(1,863,159)	-
Intergovernmental grants	572,035	108,496	-	29,241	709,772	2,784
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing						
activities	(1,115,736)	283,884	(175,388)	29,241	(977,999)	2,784
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Impact fees	758,684	-	-	_	758,684	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(4,107,639)	(190,492)	(1,847,717)	(57,276)	(6,203,124)	(212,807)
Capital grants	-		362,364		362,364	`
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	6,437	18,261		-	24,698	-
Interest payments on debt	(1,039,706)	(24,836)	(15,069)	-	(1,079,611)	(21,974)
Principal paid on debt	(20,137,464)	(272,782)	(159,963)	-	(20,570,209)	(1,401,082)
Proceeds from debt issued	15,965,000	631,691	137,047	-	16,733,738	1,058,080
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing		·	•			
activities	(8,554,688)	161,842	(1,523,338)	(57,276)	(9,973,460)	(577,783)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Investment earnings(loss)	979,839	43,992	209,478	_	1,233,309	48,114
Purchase of investment securities	(2,790,143)	(425,241)	-	-	(3,215,384)	(802,250)
Sale of investment securities	-	-	21,222	-	21,222	737,416
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(1,810,304)	(381,249)	230,700	-	(1,960,853)	(16,720)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash						
equivalents	(2,889,769)	61,138	27,356	117,312	(2,683,963)	(505,415)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	3,483,388	-	-	339,700	3,823,088	717,213
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 593,619	\$ 61,138	\$ 27,356	\$ 457,012	\$ 1,139,125	\$ 211,798
Cash and cash equivalents classified as:	± =		4			<u>.</u>
Unrestricted	\$ 500,555	\$ 61,138	\$ 27,356	\$ 457,012	\$ 1,046,061	\$(5,202)
Restricted	93,064	-	<u> </u>	-	93,064	217,000
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 593,619	\$ 61,138	\$ 27,356	\$ 457,012	\$ 1,139,125	\$ 211,798

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Busi	ness-type Activiti	es - Enterprise Fu	nds	
		Major Funds		Non-Major Fund		Governmental Activities
	Water/ Sewer Utility	Solid Waste System	Stormwater Utility	Municipal Marina	Total	Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net						
cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$ 4,982,937	\$(200,443)	\$ 43,899	\$(30,019) \$	4,796,374	\$(419,598)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation	4,594,249	604,716	790,589	166,014	6,155,568	349,183
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	629,360	23,907	4,804	1,000	659,071	202,426
(Increase) decrease in assets						
Accounts receivables, net	(576,752)	(113,635)	(126,369)	3,379	(813,377)	443,149
Due from other governments	(191,565)	470,794	726,887	(2,530)	1,003,586	(2,832)
Inventories	4,566		-	2,677	7,243	(3,061)
Prepaid items	-	(631,691)	(137,047)	-	(768,738)	-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities				4		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	80,964	21,238	109,721	(2,890)	209,033	(577,076)
Customer deposits	15,642	(20,064)		(11,752)	(16,174)	-
Compensated absences	63,665	13,428	10,548	-	87,641	47,872
Claims payable	-	-	-	-	-	89,619
Net OPEB liability	(872,227)	(130,403)	91,655	19,468	(891,507)	(35,290)
Net pension liability	(139,880)	(41,186)	(19,305)		(200,371)	(8,088)
Total adjustments	3,608,022	197,104	1,451,483	175,366	5,431,975	505,902
Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities	\$ 8,590,959 \$	(3,339) \$	1,495,382 \$	145,347 \$	10,228,349 \$	86,304
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:						
Transfer of assets to joint venture, net of proceeds	141,032	-	-	-	141,032	-
Change in fair value of investments	\$ 3,557,809	\$ 440,313	\$ 37,318	\$ -	4,035,440	\$ 16,722

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2020

		Trust Funds	Agency Funds
Assets			
Cash	\$	262,239	\$ 406,931
Cash with fiscal agent		1,145,593	-
Money market		1,343,717	-
Federal agency bonds/notes		2,486,584	-
U.S. Treasury bonds/notes		8,481,982	-
Municipal bonds/notes		864,486	-
Corporate bonds		7,478,160	-
Corporate stock		67,440,636	-
Mutual funds - bonds		9,776,105	-
Mutual fund - equity		17,841,105	-
Real estate	_	12,644,124	<u>-</u>
Total assets	_	129,764,731	406,931
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable		3,446	406,931
Total liabilities		3,446	406,931
Net Position			
Restricted for pensions		126,545,599	-
Restricted for other post employment benefits	_	3,215,686	
Total Net Position	\$	129,761,285	\$ <u> </u>

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Trust Funds
Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 5,734,768
Employee	1,379,327
State of Florida	 781,108
Total contributions	 7,895,203
Investment earnings:	
Net change in the fair value of investments	 3,672,648
Total investment income	 3,672,648
Interest & dividends	3,251,021
Less investment expense	 (439,308)
Total	 14,379,564
Deductions:	
Pension and other employee benefits	11,163,595
Administrative expenses	 245,686
Total	 11,409,281
Change in net position	2,970,283
Net position - beginning of year	 126,791,002
Net position - end of year	\$ 129,761,285

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the applicable fund types governed by the City Council of the City of Titusville, Florida ("City") and are prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Titusville was founded in 1867 and incorporated on July 13, 1887 as a political subdivision of the State of Florida and a municipal corporation with a five-member Council, including a Mayor and Vice-Mayor. The registered voters of the City of Titusville elect the Mayor and the City Council. The entire Council selects the Vice-Mayor. The Council appoints the City Manager, who in turn performs as the administrator of the everyday operations of the City. The City provides a full range of municipal services as directed by the City Charter including general government, public safety, public improvements, planning and zoning, water and sewer service, refuse collection, a recycling program, a stormwater utility program, and related general and administrative services to 48,678 residents.

The accompanying basic financial statements present the City of Titusville and its component unit, entities for which the City of Titusville is considered financially accountable in accordance with GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended. Blended component units are, in substance, a part of the City's operations although they are legally separate entities. The blended component unit is reported as part of the major governmental funds.

Blended Component Unit. The Downtown Community Redevelopment Agency ("CRA") was created by Resolution 25-1982 pursuant to Florida Statutes Chapter 163.357. Membership consists of all five members of the Titusville City Council and two citizen members. The CRA has two units of revenue which are Ad Valorem Taxes paid by Brevard County, Florida and the Ad Valorem Taxes paid by the City of Titusville. The uses for these two sources of funding are the restoration/redevelopment and elimination/prevention of slum and blighted areas and may include clearance, rehabilitation, and /or conservation in the redevelopment area in accordance with their respective community redevelopment plans as authorized by the CRA Board. The former plan was created in 1985 and CRA is reported as a major fund of the City.

Equity Interest in Joint Venture. On May 24, 2010, the City entered into a joint venture with Farmton Water Resources LLC (Farmton) for establishing a cooperative arrangement for the construction, installation and operation of a well field for the supply of water to the benefit of existing and future customers. The partnership created a limited liability company TIFA LLC (TIFA) for that purpose. The City and Farmton are required to contribute 50% each to the cost of constructing and maintaining the well field. A management committee manages the business operations and the affairs of TIFA. The management committee designated by the City and by Farmton, respectively, is made up of two members. Distribution of the amount equal to all cash receipts less all cash expenditures will be made, no less frequently than annually, based on membership interest at the time.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

On dissolution, the members' capital of TIFA will be distributed based on the membership interest at the time. At September 30, 2020, the City's membership interest was 50%. The City's investment in TIFA as of December 31, 2019, TIFA's latest financial statements during the City's fiscal year, is reported as a business-type activity noncurrent asset in the statement of net position. TIFA's activities for the year ended December 31, 2019 are separately presented on the financial statements for TIFA and can be obtained at the City of Titusville, Mourning Dove Water Treatment Plant, 2386 Garden Street, Titusville, Florida 32796.

The Titusville City Council makes appointments to the membership of the following agencies and, in some cases, approves funding assistance on an annual basis. However, since these organizations are governed by a separate autonomous body and do not meet the criteria for inclusion as a component unit, the agencies listed below have been excluded as a part of the reporting entity.

Titusville Housing Authority consists of nine members appointed by the City's Mayor with approval required by City Council but otherwise has no substantive relationship with the City. The Housing Authority has the power to purchase property, lease property, construct or rehabilitate property, hire employees and, in general, transact their official affairs much like the City Council. The Authority has the responsibility to initiate housing programs that will lead to a safe, sanitary, and healthy dwelling unit for low-income families at rents that such persons can afford. The Housing Authority is partially funded by Brevard County and the Federal government and is responsible for preparing its own annual financial statements.

North Brevard Parks and Recreation Commission consists of nine members, four of which are appointed by the Titusville City Council, four appointed by the Brevard County Board of County Commissioners ("County"), and one appointed by the Brevard County Board of Public Instruction. The objective of this commission is to provide, administer, and maintain joint parks and recreational and cultural facilities for use by and benefit of the Brevard County Commission District I and participating municipalities. Although the City Council may approve funding assistance by means of a funding agreement and though the services are provided within the City's geographical area, the County is responsible for budget adoption, fiscal management, financial reporting, etc.

North Brevard Hospital District Board consists of nine members; three of which are appointed by the Titusville City Council, three appointed by the Brevard County Board of County Commissioners ("County"), and the remaining three are also appointed by the County but are subject to confirmation by the City. The hospital district is charged with the responsibility of establishing, constructing, equipping, operating, maintaining, repairing, and/or leasing a hospital(s). This board operates as an independent special district created by the Florida Legislature and is responsible for its own financial activities and ensuring that an annual independent audit be conducted.

North Brevard Library District Board consists of seven members; the Titusville City Council appoints five and the County appoints two. The Library board has no substantive relationship with the City; it is charged with the responsibility of operating the City and County libraries within the North Brevard District. This board operates as a dependent district of the County. The County funds the operations of this board; controls surplus funds, and is responsible for funding deficits and financial reporting.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

North Brevard Economic Development Zone Board consists of nine members, the City of Titusville appoints three, the District 1 County Commissioner ("County") appoints three, and the Board of County Commissioners ("County") appoint three with the approval of the Titusville City Council. This board provides economic development assistance which are valuable tools available to the County, the City and their respective Economic Development agencies for attracting business to all parts of North Brevard County. All economic development activities, operations, services, acquisitions and functions performed by the Board are funded from the Tax Increment established, levied and collected in accordance with the Tax Increment Ordinance or other revenues or funds available to the Board.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect expenses are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and segments. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary fund and trust fund financial statements use a flow of economic resources measurement focus to determine net income and financial position. Agency funds do not measure results of operations, but assets and liabilities are measured on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due. Expenditures related to pensions and OPEB are recognized when the City has made a decision to fund those obligations with current available resources.

Property taxes are levied for governmental revenue when eligibility requirements are met. Franchise taxes, certain other tax revenues, licenses, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be measurable and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, if available. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the City receives cash.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Downtown Community Redevelopment Agency Fund is to account for revenues provided by an incremental increase in Ad Valorem taxes levied each year and donations from private sources, which are restricted to the redevelopment of designated areas within the City's downtown area.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Water and Sewer Utility Fund is used to account for the activities of the City's water and wastewater systems, which are financed similar to private business enterprises, where the costs, including depreciation, of providing services to the general public on an ongoing basis are financed through user charges.
- The Solid Waste System Fund accounts for the activities of the City's refuse collection and recycling services.
- The Stormwater Utility Fund accounts for the activities of the City's stormwater management, conservation, protection, control, use and enhancement of stormwater.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types as non-major and fiduciary funds:

 Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue resources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specific purposes.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on certain long-term debt.
- Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities.
- Municipal Marina Fund accounts for the provision of a special recreation facility to the residents of the City and County.
- Internal Service Funds account for fleet management services, management information systems, and employees' group and self-insured loss activities (workers compensation and liability).
- Fiduciary Trust Funds account for the activities of the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Trust,
 the General Employees' Pension Trust and the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust, which accumulate resources for retirement and other post-employment benefit payments to qualified employees.
- Agency Funds account for the collection and payments of Performance Bonds held by the City in escrow.

As a rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the inter-fund services provided and other charges between the government's enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include:

- 1. Charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privilege provided,
- 2. Operating grants and contributions, and
- 3. Capital grants and contributions.

Internal, dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer Utility Fund, the Solid Waste System Fund, the Stormwater Utility Fund and the Municipal Marina Fund and of the City's Internal Service Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Utility Fund also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap connection fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the Enterprise Fund and Internal Service Fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make use of estimates that affect reported amounts in the basic financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources before unrestricted resources.

D. Tax Abatements

Effective December 15, 2015, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. The City enters into property tax abatement agreements with local business under Florida Statue Chapter 196.1995 (Economic Development AD Valorem Tax Exemption Regulation of Titusville, Florida, Ordinance No. 3-1995). Under the Ordinance, localities may grant property tax abatements of up to 100% of a business' property tax bill for the purpose of attracting or retaining business within their jurisdictions. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to the City.

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, the City abated property taxes totaling \$116,384 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreements that each exceeded the 10% of the total amount abated:

- 100% property tax abatement to an industrial business for increasing its size and employment = \$13,265
- 100% property tax abatement to an industrial business for increasing its size and employment = \$21,265
- 90% property tax abatement to a direct marketing company for increasing its size and employment = \$57,964
- 85% property tax abatement to a manufacturing facility for purchasing and opening an empty business, and increasing its size and employment = \$8,560
- -60% property tax abatement to a an industry business for increasing its size and employment=\$15,330

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposits, and equity in pooled cash. The equity in pooled cash represents a fund's share of a cash pool maintained by the City for the use of all funds except the trust funds and funds that require separate bank accounts.

Florida Statutes and/or the respective investment policies authorize, limit and restrict the City's investments and the investments of the City's pension funds (General Employees' and the Police Officers' and Firefighters'). Investments are stated at fair value (based on quoted market price).

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds". The current portion of the advances to/from other funds represents the amount of the receivable/payable that is due within one year, and the remaining outstanding balance is the non-current portion of these interfund loans. Accounts receivable balances are shown net of the allowance for uncollectibles. The allowances are determined based on management estimates of uncollectible amounts considering the customers' ability to pay and historical experience.

3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, using the first-in/first-out ("FIFO") method or the weighted-average method. Inventories of supplies are reported at cost, whereas invetories held for resale are reported at lower of cost or market. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Payments made to vendors for services that will provide benefit beyond the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items.

4. Donations

Many assets are measured based on measurement attributes other than fair value. Donated capital assets, works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement should be reported at acquisition value, not fair value. Entry price measurement is more appropriate than an exit price because (a) the transaction represents the government acquiring the asset and (b) it would result in a similar measurement as if the government had purchased the asset.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets in the government-wide financial statements and the enterprise fund statements because their use is limited by applicable legal indentures imposed by bond covenants. The restricted assets are used to report resources set aside to provide a reserve for debt service and for the acquisition of capital assets.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

6. Capital Assets

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, property, infrastructure, plant and equipment purchased or acquired are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. General infrastructure assets (such as roads, bridges, and similar items) are reported at actual cost or are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement costs. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs to these assets that do not add materially to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' useful lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, and furniture and equipment (including assets depreciated under lease purchase contracts) are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Infrastructure	10 - 40
Buildings and improvements	20 - 25
Improvements other than buildings	20 - 50
Furniture and equipment	4 - 15
Utility plant	20 - 50

In the governmental fund financial statements, capital assets acquired are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures and are not capitalized or depreciated.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows/inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City currently has a deferred loss on refunding and a deferred net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments that meet this criterion.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then.

The deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions and OPEB are calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75. The deferred outflows/inflows related to pension and OPEB will be recognized as a component of pension/OPEB expense in future reporting years. Details on the composition of deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions and OPEB are reported in subsequent notes.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

8. Compensated Absences

The City records the vested portion of accumulated unused compensated absences at year-end based on each employee's earned, unused vacation and sick hours and current rate of pay, including the City's share of Social Security and Medicare taxes. All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as accrued liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The liability for compensated absences in the enterprise fund types is liquidated in the enterprise fund in which the liability originally incurred. The estimated obligation recorded in the government-wide statements, for governmental activities, is to be funded from future financial resources from the general fund.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which is not materially different than the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Payments on debt are recorded as expenditures. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Fund Balance and Net Position Reclassifications and Restatements

Fund balances and net position at September 30, 2019 have been adjusted as follows:

	Internal Service Funds Information Technology		
Fund Balance/Net Position, September 30, 2019, as previously reported	\$	678,917	
To decrease net position for impact of fixed asset activity recognized in prior year		(389,130)	
Fund Balance/Net Position, September 30, 2019, as restated	\$	289,787	

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

11. Fund Equity and Net Position

Fund Balance Stabilization Policy: The City's policy is to maintain a General Fund Stabilization Fund Balance to provide for severe economic downturns where more than 20% of revenues supporting critical basic operations are projected to decline for more than two years or permanently or when there are unreimbursed expenditures for major natural disasters affecting the safety of citizens (hurricanes, wildfires, tornadoes). The City Council has adopted a resolution establishing a committed fund balance reserve of \$5,760,356 for the Stabilization Fund, which is equal to 60 days of annually budgeted operating expenditures.

Below is a table of fund balance categories and classifications at September 30, 2020 for the City's governmental funds:

	General Fund	Downtown Community Redevelopment Agency	Non Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances:		<u> </u>		
Nonspendable:				
Advance	\$ 31,472	_	-	\$ 31,472
Inventories	21,284	-	-	21,284
Restricted for:				
Public Safety	114,337	-	148,047	262,384
Capital Expansion	· -	-	933,649	933,649
Community Development	-	1,244,489	525,629	1,770,118
Debt Service	-	· · ·	277,285	277,285
Roadway Improvements	-	-	1,487,910	1,487,910
Grants	-	-	-	-
U.S. Flag Memorial Services	5,534	-	-	5,534
U.S. Flag Replacement	1,177	-	-	1,177
Committed to:				
Stabilization/Disaster Fund	5,760,356	-	-	5,760,356
Tree/Landscape Mitigation New Landscape	423,525	-	-	423,525
Enhancement	90,050			90,050
Assigned to:				
Community Development	25,000	_	_	25,000
Student Advisory Council	322	-	-	322
Unassigned:	5,163,836	-	-	5,163,836
Total Fund Balances	11,636,893	\$ 1,244,489	\$ 3,372,520	\$ 16,253,902

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In the Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, net positions are classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets will reduce this category.

Restricted Net Position – This category represents the net position of the City which are restricted by constraints placed on the use by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents the net position of the City which is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the Fund Financial Statements, fund balances of governmental funds are classified in five separate categories. The five categories, and their general meanings, are as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - includes that portion of fund equity that is not in a spendable form (such as inventories) or is required to be maintained intact (such as principal of an endowment fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers (for example grant providers), constitutionally, or through legislation (that is, legislation that creates a new revenue source and restricts its use). Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.

Committed Fund Balance - includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority, which is generally adoption of a City ordinance but may also be through adoption of a City resolution in certain cases. The formal action needed to commit fund balance amounts could be a resolution or ordinance. The adoption of the resolution or ordinance occurs during formal City Council meetings, with the Council determining whichever is the highest authority required for the subject matter. The resolution or ordinance remain in effect until the City Council changes or revokes them. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the government taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned Fund Balance - comprises amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes. Intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund. Assignments may be made only by City Council or, as provided by Resolution 29-2011, the Finance Director.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Unassigned Fund Balance - is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, then it will be reported as a negative amount in the unassigned classification in that fund. Positive unassigned amounts will be reported only in the general fund. The City considers unassigned amounts as spent when an expense is incurred.

Spending order of fund balance per Resolution 29-2011: The City uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position:

The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities* as reported in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Government-wide Statement of Activities:

The Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities.

Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

The annual operating budgets are adopted by City Council using the following procedures:

- Annual budgets are adopted for all funds of the City except for the Pensions and OPEB Trust funds.
 These three funds are effectively monitored by governing agreements and by related City Ordinances.
 The annual operating budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year, except for unexpended appropriations on open grant programs and capital projects, which are reappropriated in subsequent annual budgets.
- Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances represent open purchase
 orders and other commitments for goods/services that are not yet received and are recorded to reserve
 that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances are recognized as expenditures in the period
 in which the actual goods/services are received and a liability is incurred. Encumbrances outstanding at
 year-end are canceled and re-appropriated in the succeeding year's budget; such amounts, if material,
 are disclosed in the notes as commitments.
- Prior to the first day of August of each year, the City Manager prepares a recommended budget for the
 next succeeding fiscal year and submits it to the City Council. The recommended budget includes
 proposed expenditures and the source of receipts to finance them.
- City Council holds a series of special budget workshops in addition to a minimum of two public hearings on the proposed budget and adopts the official annual budget of the City, by ordinance, prior to September 30.
- The budget, as adopted, may only be amended through formal approval by City Council. Budgetary
 integration is established in the accounting records for control purposes at the object of expenditure
 level; however, the City Charter establishes the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed the
 budget at the major department level. Therefore, the City Manager may transfer budgeted amounts
 within a department of the City without formal approval by City Council.

B. Ad Valorem Property Taxes

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collections of all county, municipal, and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and the County Tax Collector. Florida Statutes regulating tax assessment are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State Statutes permit cities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to ten (10) mills. The millage rate in effect for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, was 7.7210 and the Series 2015 General Obligation Bond voted debt millage was 0.3463 for a total millage of 8.0673.

The tax levy of the City is established by the City Council prior to October 1 of each year and the Brevard County Property Appraiser incorporates the millage into the total tax levy, which includes the municipalities, independent districts and the County School Board tax requirements.

Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

Property taxes are levied in November and attached as a lien on property as of January 1 of each year. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% for payments received in the month of November, 3% for payments received in the month of December, 2% for payments received in the month of January and 1% for payments received in the month of February. The taxes paid in March are not subject to discount. Tax certificates on all property for which taxes are delinquent are sold on or about June 1 of each year.

C. Connection Fees and Impact Fees

Water and sewer connection fees represent reimbursement of the costs incurred to perform the connection of the respective utilities. These fees are recorded as operating revenue at the time of service. Impact fees, which are not considered connection fees since they substantially exceed the cost of connection, are recorded as non-operating revenue in the period earned in the appropriate enterprise fund.

D. Administrative Service Charges

Administrative services are provided by various departments within the general fund to other funds of the City. Charges for these services are based on a formal independent third-party cost allocation plan review that is based on work unit factors relative to the funds involved. The administrative service charges are recorded as revenues in the general fund and as operating expenses in the fund being charged.

E. Transportation Impact Fees

The City entered into an interlocal agreement with Brevard County, Florida to ensure that the transportation impact fees necessary for adequate provision of roadways are imposed upon and collected from new development in an equitable and fair manner, and are appropriated and expended in accordance with the applicable laws. All transportation impact fees collected by the County within the City are deposited by the County in a trust fund and may be used for eligible improvements within the City's corporate limits at the County's discretion. There were no appropriations of transportation impact fees this fiscal year by the County due to an approved moratorium on these fees in an effort to promote economic development.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds

A. Deposits

At September 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the City's bank deposits and petty cash for governmental and business-type activities was \$4,082,343 and the trust funds' carrying amount of bank deposits was \$262,239. The bank balance at September 30, 2020 was \$3,356,212, all of which is held by a bank that qualifies as a public depository, as required by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. All of the deposits were covered by the FDIC or collateralized in accordance with the "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act". Under the Act, every qualified public depository shall deposit with the Treasurer eligible collateral having a market value equal to 50% of the average daily balance for each month that all public deposits are in excess of any applicable deposit insurance. If the public deposits exceed the total amount of the regulatory capital accounts of a bank or the regulatory net worth of a saving association, the required collateral shall have a market value equal to 125% of the deposits. Of the bank balance, no amount was uninsured and uncollateralized in banks not qualifying under the Act at September 30, 2020.

B. Investments

Government-wide

On May 12, 2009, the City Council approved Resolution 25-2009, updating the City's investment policy. Pursuant to Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, the City's investment policy establishes permitted investments, asset allocation limits and issuer limits, credit rating requirements and maturity limits to protect the City's cash and investment assets. The City maintains a cash and investment pool for the use of all funds except the pension & OPEB trust funds and funds that require separate bank accounts.

The City's investment policy allows for the following investments: United States Government Securities, United States Government Agencies, Federal Instrumentalities, Repurchase Agreements, Commercial Paper, Corporate Notes, Corporate Obligations, Bankers' Acceptances, State and/or Local Government Taxable and/or Tax-Exempt Debt, Registered Investment Companies (Money Market Mutual Funds) and Intergovernmental Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits interest rate risk by attempting to match investment maturities with known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements and investments of current operating funds that will have maturities of no longer than twenty-four (24) months. Investments of bond reserves, construction funds, and other non-operating funds shall have a term appropriate to the need for funds and in accordance with debt covenants, but should not exceed five (5) years.

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

As of September 30, 2020, the City's governmental and business-type activities had the following investments and effective duration presented in terms of years:

Government-wide	_	Fair	Less	
Investment Type		Value	Than 1	1-5
Investments Subject to Rate Risk:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	1,904,017 \$	1,904,017 \$	-
Federal Agency Bonds/Notes		15,765,924	716	15,765,208
Supra-National Agency Bond Note		2,655,511	420,428	2,235,083
Asset-Backed Security/Collateralized		6,866,872	65,097	6,801,775
Municipal Bonds/Notes		512,493	-	512,493
U.S. Treasury Bonds/Notes		13,725,597	-	13,725,597
Corporate Debt		9,654,596	3,278,751	6,375,845
Total Investments	\$	51,085,010 \$	5,669,009 \$	45,416,001

Money market mutual funds are valued at amortized cost. All other investments are valued by fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Above investments measured at fair value are based on Level 2 inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2020:

- U.S. Treasury Bonds of \$ 13.7 million are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)
- Corporate Debt of \$ 9.7 million are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).
- Federal Agency Bond of \$ 15.8 million are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)
- Municipal Bonds of \$ 512,493 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

Credit Risk

The City's investment policy permits investments, which are limited to credit quality ratings from nationally recognized rating agencies as follows:

Commercial Paper of any United States company that is rated, at the time of purchase, "Prime-1" by Moody's and "A-1" by Standard & Poor's (prime commercial paper). Corporate Notes issued by corporations organized and operating within the United States or by depository institutions licensed by the United States that have a minimum long term debt rating, at the time of purchase, of "Aa" by Moody's and "AA" by Standard & Poor's. Bankers' Acceptances issued by a domestic bank which, at the time of purchase, has an unsecured, uninsured and unguaranteed obligation rating of at least "Prime-1" by Moody's or "A-1" Standard & Poor's and is ranked in the top fifty (50) United States banks in terms of total assets by the American Banker's yearly report. State and/or local Government Taxable and/or Tax-Exempt Debt, general obligation and/or revenue bonds, rated at least "Aa" by Moody's and "AA" by Standard &

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

Poor's for long-term debt, or rated at least "MIG-2" by Moody's and "SP-2" by Standard & Poor's for short-term debt. Money market funds shall be rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another rating agency.

Intergovernmental Investment Pools shall be rated "AAA" by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another rating agency.

As of September 30, 2020, the City had the following credit exposure as a percentage of total investments:

		% of Portfolio
Security Type	Credit Rating	Subject to
		Credit Risk
Federal Instrumentalities Bonds/Notes	AA+	38.07%
Corporate Debt	BBB+	17.79%
Corporate Debt	Α	15.45%
Municipal Bonds/Notes	A+	1.03%
U.S. Treasury Bonds/Notes	AA+	27.66%
Total		100.00%

Custodial Credit Risk

City's investment policy pursuant to Section 218.415(18), Florida Statutes requires securities, with the exception of certificates of deposits, shall be held with a third party custodian; and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by the City should be properly designated as an asset of the City. The securities must be held in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution. A third party custodian is defined as any bank depository chartered by the Federal Government, the State of Florida, or any other state or territory of the United States which has a branch or principal place of business in the State of Florida, or by a national association organized and existing under the laws of the United States which is authorized to accept and execute trusts and which is doing business in the State of Florida. Certificates of deposits will be placed in the provider's safekeeping department for the term of the deposit.

As of September 30, 2020, the City's investment portfolio was uninsured and held with a third-party custodian in the City's name as required by the City's investment policy.

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy has established asset allocation and issuer limits on the following investments, which are designed to reduce concentration of credit risk of the City's investment portfolio. At September 30, 2020, the City had no asset allocations or issuers in excess of these limits. The City had no investments in any one issuer that exceeded five percent or more of the total investments held by the City, other than those exempted under GASB Statement No. 40. A maximum of 100% of available funds may be invested in United States Government Securities, 50% of available funds may be invested in United States Government Agencies with a 25% limit on individual issuers, 80% of available funds may be invested in Federal Instrumentalities with a 40% limit on individual issuers, 25% of available funds may be directly invested in Corporate Notes with a 5% limit on individual issuers, 50% of available funds may be invested in Corporate Obligations with a 25% limit on individual issuers, 50% of available funds may be invested in Interest Bearing Time Deposit or Saving Accounts with a 25% limit on individual issuers, 50% of available funds may be invested in Repurchase Agreements with a 25% limit on individual issuers, 25% of available funds may be directly invested in Commercial Paper with a 15% limit on individual issuers, 35% of available funds may be directly invested in Bankers' Acceptances with a 20% limit on individual issuers, 20% of available funds may be invested in State and/ or Local Government Taxable and/or Tax-Exempt Debt, and 50% of available funds may be invested in Registered Investment Companies (Money Market Mutual Funds) with a 25% limit of individual issuers and 25% of available funds may be invested in Intergovernmental Investment Pools.

Fiduciary Funds

Investments of the General Employees' and the Police Officers' & Firefighters' Pension Trust Funds (Pension Trust Funds) are limited by Florida Statutes, Chapters 112, 175 & 185 and by investment policies adopted by the Trusts' Board of Trustees. The allowable investment instruments include time deposits, savings and money market deposit accounts of a national bank, a state bank insured by the Bank Insurance Fund, a state or federal chartered credit union whose share accounts are insured by the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund; obligations issued by the United States Government or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States Government or by an agency of the United States Government; stocks, commingled funds, mutual funds and bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or the District of Columbia; bonds issued by the State of Israel; foreign stocks traded on the official exchange as recognized by the government where the exchange is located or on any of the major equivalent electronic exchanges; real estate investments made through participation in diversified commingled funds of real properties; commercial paper; and bankers acceptances.

The Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust's assets are invested in a manner consistent with the standards set forth in Chapters 112 & 518 of the Florida Statutes, City of Titusville Ordinances and/or the Trust's Investment Policy. The authorized investments include commingled and mutual funds that comply with the Investment Company Act of 1940's diversification requirement, cash equivalents, common stock, preferred stock, publicly traded Real Estate Investment Trusts and U.S. Treasury, Federal Agencies and U.S. Government guaranteed obligations, investment grade municipal or corporate issues including convertibles.

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The Pension Trust Funds and the OPEB Trust Fund do not have formal investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair market value losses arising from increased interest rates. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of pension investments to market interest rate fluctuations is shown below. As of September 30, 2020, the Pension Trust Funds and the OPEB Trust Fund had the following investments and effective duration (based upon the fiscal year-end date) presented in terms of years:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Fiduciary Funds		Carrying	Less	<u> </u>	-	More
Investment Type		Value	Than 1	1-5	6-10	Than 10
Investments Subject to Rate						_
Risk:						
Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$	1,180,395 \$	1,180,395 \$	- \$	- \$	-
Money Market Mutual Funds		1,308,915	1,308,915	-	-	-
Federal Agency Bonds/Notes		2,486,584	-	361,997	900,315	1,224,272
U.S. Treasury Bonds/Notes		8,481,982	-	6,043,688	1,928,722	509,572
Municipal Bonds/Notes		864,486	-	543,500	320,986	-
Corporate Debt		7,478,160	81,063	4,025,852	2,497,783	873,462
	\$	21,800,522 \$	2,570,373 \$	10,975,037 \$	5,647,806 \$	2,607,306
Other Investments:						
Corporate Stock		67,440,636				
Mutual Funds - Bonds		9,776,105				
Mutual Funds - Equity		17,841,105				
Real Estate Funds		12,644,124				
Total Investments	\$	129,502,492				

The carrying value of cash with fiscal agent and money market mutual funds is based on amortized cost. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2020:

- U.S. Treasury Bonds of \$8.5 million are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)
- Corporate Debt of \$7.5 million are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).
- Federal Agency Bond of \$2.5 million are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)
- Municipal Bonds of \$864,486 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

The Pension Trust Funds and OPEB Trust Fund include investments in mutual bond funds that are not rated by nationally recognized rating agencies. These investments maintain an average maturity of 1-10 years and represent 7.55% of the plan net position.

Credit Risk

As a means of limiting exposure to credit risk, the pension trust funds are diversified by security type and institution, and holdings are limited in any one type of investment with any one single issuer with various durations of maturities.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

The following table discloses credit ratings of debt securities by investment type, as of September 30, 2020, as applicable:

		% of Portfolio Subject to Credit
Security Type	Credit Rating	Risk
Agency MBS	AA+	10.98%
Corporate Notes	AA-	0.39%
Corporate Notes	A+	2.09%
Corporate Notes	Α	2.33%
Corporate Notes	A-	8.43%
Corporate Notes	BBB+	11.23%
Corporate Notes	BBB	7.97%
Corporate Notes	BBB-	1.09%
Corporate Bonds	Α	1.57%
Corporate Bonds	A-	2.66%
Corporate Bonds	BBB+	1.95%
Federal Agency Bonds	AA+	10.14%
Municipal Bonds	AAA	0.36%
Municipal Bonds	AA+	0.65%
Municipal Bonds	AA	0.44%
Municipal Bonds	AA-	0.34%
Municipal Bonds	A+	2.05%
Municipal Bonds	Α	0.30%
US Government Bonds	AA+	35.04%
Total		100.0%

Custodial Credit Risk

As of September 30, 2020, the Pension Trust Funds and the OPEB Trust investments were uninsured, and held with a third-party custodian in the particular Trusts' names, as required by the respective investment policies.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policies of the Pension Trust Funds and the OPEB Trust include limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer, as well as maximum portfolio allocation percentages. At September 30, 2020, the fiduciary funds had no investments in excess of their respective policy limits. The City had no investments in any one issuer that exceeded five percent or more of the total investments held by the City, other than those exempted under GASB Statement No. 40.

C. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end, including the applicable allowances for uncollectibles accounts, are as follows:

		I	Downtown		
Governmental Funds	G	eneral Fund	CRA N	lon-major Funds	Total
Receivables:					
Accounts	\$	1,265,879 \$	- \$	- \$	1,265,879
Special Assessments		-	-	10,268	10,268
Intergovernmental		1,104,927	-	61,349	1,166,276
Gross receivables		2,370,806	-	71,617	2,442,423
Less: allowance for uncollectibles		(104,846)	-	-	(104,846)
Net total receivables	\$	2,265,960 \$	- \$	71,617 \$	2,337,577

	Water and	Non-major			
Business-Type Funds	Sewer	Solid Waste	Stormwater	Marina Fund	Total
Receivables:					_
Accounts	\$ 6,074,648 \$	1,203,447 \$	646,832 \$	- \$	7,924,927
Intergovernmental	759,282	411,448	318	476	1,171,524
Gross receivables	 6,833,930	1,614,895	647,150	476	9,096,451
Less: Allowance for					
uncollectibles	(2,743,652)	(548,373)	(582,148)	-	(3,874,173)
Net total receivables	\$ 4,090,278 \$	1,066,522 \$	65,002 \$	476 \$	5,222,278

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of Interfund Balances as of September 30, 2020, is as follows:

Fund		Receivable	Payable
Major Funds:			
General Fund	\$	31,472 \$	-
CRA		-	31,472
Total	\$	31,472 \$	31,472

The amount payable by the Community Redevelopment Agency represents funds used for the purchase of YMCA property.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

	Trans	sfers In:		
	General Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Solid Waste	Total
Transfers Out:				
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 838,877 \$	- \$	838,877
Downtown Community Development	14,716	119,813	-	134,529
Nonmajor Governmental				
Agency Water and	287,767	482,664	-	770,431
Sewer	1,687,771	-	-	1,687,771
Stormwater	-	-	175,388	175,388
Total	\$ 1,990,254	\$ 1,441,354 \$	175,388 \$	3,606,996

The funds transferred to the General Fund are to finance various programs that the City must account for in accordance with budgetary authorizations such Administrative Costs. The transfer to Nonmajor Governmental Funds is related to funding the maintenance of streets & sidewalks. The transfer from Solid Waste is for shared cost of the Street Sweepers.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental activities: (includes Internal Service Funds) Capital assets not being depreciated:	Beg	inning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	\$	29,679,024 \$	10,695,346 \$	(10,695,346) \$	29,679,024
Easements	Ф	29,679,024 \$ 199,220	10,090,340 \$	(10,090,340) \$	29,679,024 199,220
Construction in progress		2,016,398	1,189,693	(1,490,088)	1,716,003
Total assets not being depreciated		31,894,642	11,885,039	(12,185,434)	31,594,247
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		4,937,887	376,710	(289,065)	5,025,532
Improvement other than buildings		110,536,166	1,490,084	(376,710)	111,649,540
Furniture and equipment		19,372,430	1,611,520	(2,048,343)	18,935,607
Total assets being depreciated	-	134,846,483	3,478,314	(2,714,118)	135,610,679
3	-	, ,		() ()	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements		(3,749,613)	(136,277)	289,065	(3,596,825)
Improvement other than buildings		(79,854,505)	(1,755,165)	28,649	(81,581,021)
Furniture and equipment		(13,791,571)	(1,732,889)	2,010,586	(13,513,874)
Total accumulated depreciation		(97,395,689)	(3,624,331)	2,328,300	(98,691,720)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		37,450,794	(146,017)	(385,818)	36,918,959
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	69,345,436 \$	11,739,022 \$	(12,571,252) \$	68,513,206
Business-type activities:		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	¢	4,477,859 \$	1,679 \$	¢	4,479,538
Land		4.4//.007 D	1.079 3	- \$	
Land Facements	\$.,,,,,		
Easements	Þ	99,554	-	- (6 573 533)	99,554
Easements Construction in progress	<u> </u>	99,554 6,162,919	5,180,409	(6,573,532) (6,573,532)	99,554 4,769,796
Easements		99,554	-	(6,573,532) (6,573,532)	99,554
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated	<u> </u>	99,554 6,162,919	5,180,409		99,554 4,769,796
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated:		99,554 6,162,919 10,740,332	5,180,409		99,554 4,769,796 9,348,888
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated	-	99,554 6,162,919	5,180,409		99,554 4,769,796
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	*	99,554 6,162,919 10,740,332 4,056,982	5,180,409 5,182,088		99,554 4,769,796 9,348,888 4,056,982
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings	* 	99,554 6,162,919 10,740,332 4,056,982 41,771,090	5,180,409 5,182,088 - 2,104,529	(6,573,532)	99,554 4,769,796 9,348,888 4,056,982 43,875,619
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment		99,554 6,162,919 10,740,332 4,056,982 41,771,090 19,074,289	5,180,409 5,182,088 - 2,104,529 1,320,387	(6,573,532)	99,554 4,769,796 9,348,888 4,056,982 43,875,619 19,916,556
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment Utility Plant Total assets being depreciated		99,554 6,162,919 10,740,332 4,056,982 41,771,090 19,074,289 121,824,653	5,180,409 5,182,088 - 2,104,529 1,320,387 4,169,649	(6,573,532) - - - (478,120) -	99,554 4,769,796 9,348,888 4,056,982 43,875,619 19,916,556 125,994,302
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment Utility Plant Total assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:		99,554 6,162,919 10,740,332 4,056,982 41,771,090 19,074,289 121,824,653 186,727,014	5,180,409 5,182,088 5,182,088 2,104,529 1,320,387 4,169,649 7,594,565	(6,573,532) - - - (478,120) -	99,554 4,769,796 9,348,888 4,056,982 43,875,619 19,916,556 125,994,302 193,843,459
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment Utility Plant Total assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements		99,554 6,162,919 10,740,332 4,056,982 41,771,090 19,074,289 121,824,653 186,727,014	5,180,409 5,182,088 5,182,088 2,104,529 1,320,387 4,169,649 7,594,565	(6,573,532) - - - (478,120) -	99,554 4,769,796 9,348,888 4,056,982 43,875,619 19,916,556 125,994,302 193,843,459 (4,051,933)
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment Utility Plant Total assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings		99,554 6,162,919 10,740,332 4,056,982 41,771,090 19,074,289 121,824,653 186,727,014 (4,051,627) (21,242,316)	5,180,409 5,182,088 5,182,088 2,104,529 1,320,387 4,169,649 7,594,565 (306) (1,358,656)	(6,573,532) (478,120) - (478,120)	99,554 4,769,796 9,348,888 4,056,982 43,875,619 19,916,556 125,994,302 193,843,459 (4,051,933) (22,600,972)
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment Utility Plant Total assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment		99,554 6,162,919 10,740,332 4,056,982 41,771,090 19,074,289 121,824,653 186,727,014 (4,051,627) (21,242,316) (14,084,061)	5,180,409 5,182,088 - 2,104,529 1,320,387 4,169,649 7,594,565 (306) (1,358,656) (1,355,761)	(6,573,532) - - - (478,120) -	99,554 4,769,796 9,348,888 4,056,982 43,875,619 19,916,556 125,994,302 193,843,459 (4,051,933) (22,600,972) (14,961,702)
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment Utility Plant Total assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment Utility Plant		99,554 6,162,919 10,740,332 4,056,982 41,771,090 19,074,289 121,824,653 186,727,014 (4,051,627) (21,242,316) (14,084,061) (73,260,710)	5,180,409 5,182,088 - 2,104,529 1,320,387 4,169,649 7,594,565 (306) (1,358,656) (1,358,656) (1,355,761) (3,440,845)	(6,573,532) - (478,120) - (478,120) - 478,120	99,554 4,769,796 9,348,888 4,056,982 43,875,619 19,916,556 125,994,302 193,843,459 (4,051,933) (22,600,972) (14,961,702) (76,701,555)
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment Utility Plant Total assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment Utility Plant Total accumulated depreciation		99,554 6,162,919 10,740,332 4,056,982 41,771,090 19,074,289 121,824,653 186,727,014 (4,051,627) (21,242,316) (14,084,061) (73,260,710) (112,638,714)	5,180,409 5,182,088 - 2,104,529 1,320,387 4,169,649 7,594,565 (306) (1,358,656) (1,355,761) (3,440,845) (6,155,568)	(6,573,532) (478,120) - (478,120)	99,554 4,769,796 9,348,888 4,056,982 43,875,619 19,916,556 125,994,302 193,843,459 (4,051,933) (22,600,972) (14,961,702) (76,701,555) (118,316,162)
Easements Construction in progress Total assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment Utility Plant Total assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Improvement other than buildings Furniture and equipment Utility Plant	* 	99,554 6,162,919 10,740,332 4,056,982 41,771,090 19,074,289 121,824,653 186,727,014 (4,051,627) (21,242,316) (14,084,061) (73,260,710)	5,180,409 5,182,088 - 2,104,529 1,320,387 4,169,649 7,594,565 (306) (1,358,656) (1,358,656) (1,355,761) (3,440,845)	(6,573,532) - (478,120) - (478,120) - 478,120	99,554 4,769,796 9,348,888 4,056,982 43,875,619 19,916,556 125,994,302 193,843,459 (4,051,933) (22,600,972) (14,961,702) (76,701,555)

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Legislative	\$ 6,273
Executive	83,478
Legal Counsel	40,043
Community Development	328,961
Public Works	432,903
Public Safety	320,349
Support Services	1,752,660
General Administrative	310,481
Capital Assets held by the government's internal service fund are charged	
to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	349,183
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 3,624,331
Business-type activities:	
Water Sewer Utility	\$ 4,594,249
Solid Waste System	604,716
Stormwater System	790,589
Municipal Marina	166,014
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 6,155,568

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

F. Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for Governmental Activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Balance 10/1/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/2020	Due Within One Year (Current)
Governmental Activities					_
Bonds Payable:					
Capital Improvement Revenue Bond,					
Series 2017	\$ 5,945,000 \$	- \$	(605,000) \$	5,340,000 \$	615,000
General Obligation Bonds Series 2015	3,846,000	-	(613,000)	3,233,000	620,000
Public Improvement Revenue Note Series					
2009	 1,040,000	-	(75,000)	965,000	81,000
Total bonds payable	10,831,000	-	(1,293,000)	9,538,000	1,316,000
Compensated absences	2,916,248	968,722	(684,239)	3,200,731	594,698
Capital leases	 4,078,815	1,517,262	(1,608,696)	3,987,381	1,545,150
Total governmental activities	\$ 17,826,063 \$	2,485,984 \$	(3,585,935) \$	16,726,112 \$	3,455,848

Changes in long-term liabilities for Business-type Activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Balance 10/1/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 09/30/2020	Due Within One Year (Current)
Business-Type Activities					,,,,,,
Bonds Payable:	40.000.000		+ (40.000.000\ +		
2010 Water/Sewer Bonds	\$ 19,830,000	\$ -	\$ (19,830,000) \$	- \$	-
2020Water/Sewer Refunding	-	15,965,000	-	15,965,000	2,030,000
State Revolving Fund Loans	3,555,612	-	(307,463)	3,248,149	314,709
Unamortized bond premiums	930,144	-	(186,029)	744,115	186,029
Total bonds payable	 24,315,756	\$ 15,965,000	(20,323,492)	19,957,264	\$ 2,530,738
Compensated absences	680,376	377,171	(289,532)	768,015	184,426
Capital leases	1,349,227	768,738	(432,744)	1,685,221	521,507
Total business-type activities	\$ 26,345,359	\$ 17,110,909	\$ (21,045,768) \$	22,410,500 \$	3,236,671

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

Governmental Activities Debt

During 2017, the City issued \$6,535,000 in Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2017. The Bonds were issued to provide funds relating to the financing of public improvements for the Miracle City Mall Redevelopment Project (Titus Landing Project). The Bonds constitutes obligations of the City, with an Interlocal Agreement between the City of Titusville and The North Brevard Economic Development District (NBEDD). NBEDD is to provide for the transfer to the City, of a pledged portion of it's tax increment for repayment of principal and interest of the Bond. The interest rate on the Series 2017 Bonds is a fixed rate of 2.28%. The amount payable is \$5,340,000 at September 30, 2020, with payments due annually in November for principal and semi-annual payments for interest due in November and May.

Upon Events Defaults of payments not made within five (5) days, failure to perform any provisions of the Bond, insolvency, bankruptcy, the Bondholder shall have the right to bring a mandamus action to require the City to perform its obligations to appropriate funds. Any amount not paid when due shall bear interest at the Default Rate for interest of the Bond plus two (2%) per annum, along with cost and expenses for collection and proceedings.

The City may prepay the Bond in whole any time after June 2020 with ten (10) days prior written notice to the Holder without penalty provided all accrued interest to date of prepayment is made.

During 2015, the City issued \$6,220,000 in General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015. The Bonds were issued to provide funds sufficient, together with other available monies to: (1) finance the purchase, acquisition and improvement of real property on the Indian River with the City for public use and, (2) pay certain costs and expenses resulting from the issuance of the Bonds. The Bonds constitute general obligations of the City, and the full faith, credit of the City and a special limited Ad Valorem tax levy at a rate not to exceed 0.5930 mills per annum (for a period not to exceed 20 years) on all taxable property therein to pay the principal and interest on the Bonds. The interest rate on the Series 2015 Bonds is a fixed rate of 1.82%. The amount payable is \$3,233,000 at September 30, 2020, with payment due annually in January for interest and July for principal and interest.

Upon Events of Default of failure to pay within five (5) days of due date, failure to perform or misrepresentation of any provision of the Bond, insolvency or bankruptcy, the Bondholder has the right to bring mandamus action against the City requiring the City to perform its obligation and for payment of any unpaid payments, cost and expenses resulting from the Default.

Prepayment without penalty is allowed within a ten (10) day notice prior to any principal payment date, along with payment of all principal and interest accrued to date. Any partial repayment shall be in multiples of \$1,000.

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

On May 29, 2009, the City issued a \$2,535,000 Public Improvement Revenue Note (PIRN), Series 2009, maturing on October 1, 2029, bearing interest at a per annum rate equal to 4.47%, payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 commencing October 1, 2009. Principal is payable annually on October 1, commencing October 1, 2010. Proceeds from the Note are being used for downtown street, curb and parking lot improvements. The principal and interest on the 2009 Note shall be a special obligation of the City payable from and collateralize by non-ad valorem revenues budgeted and appropriated pursuant to the Note Purchase and Loan Agreement between the City and Branch Banking and Trust Company (BB&T). The non-Ad Valorem revenues to pay the PIRN Note are from a department transfer from Community Redevelopment Agency. On March 12, 2013 the City Council approved the amendment of the 2009 PIRN Note, to execute prepayment of \$830,000 and the 2% corresponding prepayment penalty, to reduce the debt service. A Sinking Fund is budgeted and appropriated in the amount required to be used for the principal and interest due under the 2009 Note. A name change in FY2014 for the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) and Bank Loan 2009 also known as Public Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2009 (PIRN) to Community Redevelopment Agency/Public Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2009 (CRA/PIRN2009) was made. The amount payable is \$965,000 at September 30, 2020.

Upon Events of Default for failure to pay, failure to perform or misrepresentation of the conditions of the Note, dissolution, or bankruptcy and it continues for a period of ten (10) days or more, the Lender shall have the right to declare the principal, together with interest thereon at the Default Rate of 12%, be immediately due from the date of default, along with cost to recover damages for the breach of the Agreement.

Prepayment may be made in whole on any date commencing after April 1, 2019 without penalty at par plus accrued interest to the payment date.

Business-Type Activities Debt

On February 25, 2010, the City issued \$40,385,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, maturing on October 1, 2024, bearing a true interest cost at a per annum rate equal to 3.997%. Principal is paid annually on October 1, 2010 through October 1, 2024. Interest is paid semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing April 1, 2010. Proceeds from the Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 were used to refund all of the City's Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 outstanding of \$43,030,000. They paid the costs of issuance associated with this refunding. The Series 2010 Bonds were to be redeemed on April 1, 2020, which was less than 90 days from the expected date of issuance of the Series 2020 Bond. The amount payable is \$0 at September 30, 2020.

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

On January 9, 2020 the City issued the 2020 Water and Sewer Bonds in connection with the execution of a Forward Delivery Bond Purchase Agreement dated July 9, 2019, for the purpose of refunding all of the City's Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010. The refunding of the 2010 Water ad Sewer Bonds was undertaken by the City in order to realize significant interest cost saving of more than \$1.2 million dollars over the remaining life of the Bonds. The balance owed for the 2020 Water and Sewer Bonds is \$5,965,000 with the final payment being October 15, 2024. Principal payments on the 2020 Water and Sewer Bonds will be on October15 of each calendar year and interest will be paid on October 15 and April 15 of each calendar year at a rate of 1.856%.. The amount payable is \$15,695,000 at September 30, 2020.

Upon Events of Default for failure to pay when due, failure to perform any of the applicable covenants contained in the Resolution, the Bond Owner may bring proceedings to enforce and compel the City to perform all required duties of the Agreement.

The City has a prepayment option, if at any time, the Issuer (City) pays the principal, interest, amortization installments and redemption premiums, with respect to all or any of the Bonds and all rebate payment required under the Tax Code, with respect to the Bonds to be defeased, then the pledge of and lien on the pledged funds and all other covenants and pledges in this Resolution in favor of the Owners of such Bonds shall no longer be in effect.

State Revolving Fund Loans

On December 18, 2009, the City entered into a financing agreement for construction of approximately 75,000 linear feet of new 20-inch diameter transmission main that will convey raw water from the Area IV Well Field to the City's Mourning Dove Water Treatment Plant. The City received financing through the State Revolving Fund Loan for this project. As part of that program, the City would be obligated to only pay back 57% of the amount received; the remaining 43% is "forgiven".

On December 28, 2012, the City closed out the project and received the final amendment to the loan agreement with payments being made semi-annually on June 15 and December 15. Payments are based on an amortization schedule from The Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

Each of the loans through the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, as described above, are federal grants and are recorded in the financial statements as current and noncurrent liabilities. The balance as of September 30, 2020 is \$ 3,248,149.

The City is required to maintain rates and charges for the services furnished by the Water and Sewer Systems which will be sufficient to provided pledged revenues equal to or exceeding 1.15 times the sum of the semi-annual loan payments due in each fiscal year. The City shall satisfy the coverage requirements of all senior and parity debt obligations. As of September 30, 2020, management believes the City complies with this covenant.

Upon Events of Default for failure to pay when due, failure to perform any of the applicable covenants contained in the Resolution, the Bond Owner may bring proceedings to enforce and compel the City to perform all required duties of the Agreement.

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

The City has a prepayment option, if at any time, the Issuer (City) pays the principal, interest, amortization installments and redemption premiums, with respect to all or any of the Bonds and all rebate payment required under the Tax Code, with respect to the Bonds to be defeased, then the pledge of and lien on the pledged funds and all other covenants and pledges in this Resolution in favor of the Owners of such Bonds shall no longer be in effect.

Debt Service Requirements on All Outstanding Debt

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on all long-term debt outstanding at September 30, 2020, excluding interfund advances and compensated absences, to maturity are as follows:

Year	 Governmental Activities		Business-Ty		
Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	1,316,000	214,907	2,344,664	355,038	4,230,609
2022	1,347,000	185,809	3,712,177	297,273	5,542,259
2023	1,378,000	155,944	3,779,827	226,148	5,539,919
2024	1,407,000	125,399	3,852,660	153,679	5,538,738
2025	1,442,000	94,096	3,925,685	79,812	5,541,593
2026-2030	2,648,000	134,815	1,360,671	118,865	4,262,351
2031-2036	-	-	237,565	4,721	242,286
Total	\$ 9,538,000 \$	910,970 \$	19,213,249 \$	1,235,536 \$	30,897,755

G. Leases

Capital Leases

On March 7, 2016, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$383,727 with Environmental Products of Florida Corporation for the acquisition of one Vactor Sewer Cleaner. This agreement has a six year fixed term rate of 3.12% and calls for annual payments of \$68,144 with a final payment of \$77,000. The cost of the equipment and depreciation expense has been recorded in Stormwater Fund.

Upon an Event Default of failure to pay, unable to insure, failure to abide by conditions of the Agreement, insolvency or bankruptcy, all payments accrued and unpaid shall become immediately due, along with cost and expenses incurred by Lender for collection and enforcement.

The City shall have the options to prepay it obligations in whole for the applicable Prepayment Price and a Prepayment Fee.

Event of termination such as Non-Appropriation, requires notice of not less than ninety (90) days prior to the end of the Fiscal Year for which appropriations were made. All equipment shall be returned or payment of the Prepayment Price plus cost and expenses for collection, including attorney fees.

On May 12, 2016, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$540,515 with SunTrust Leasing Corporation for the acquisition of eleven public safety vehicles and one tractor. The agreement has a five year fixed term rate of 1.99% and calls for bi-annual payment of \$56,772. The cost of the equipment and depreciation expense has been recorded in Governmental Activities.

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

Upon an Event Default of failure to pay, unable to insure, failure to abide by conditions of the Agreement, insolvency or bankruptcy, payment accrued and unpaid as of the default date will be due immediately along with cost and expenses incurred by the Lender.

The City shall have the option to prepay its obligations in whole for the applicable Prepayment Price which shall include a prepayment fee.

Termination under this Direct Borrowing resulting from Non-Appropriation of funds, requires not less than ninety (90) days notice, prior to the end of the Fiscal Year for which appropriations were last made. The City shall return all equipment or pay the Prepayment Price plus any payment of all accrued and unpaid principal and interest.

On May 26, 2017, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,633,327 with SunTrust Leasing Corporation for the acquisition of twenty public safety vehicles, 10 public safety radios, one fire truck, one fire vehicle and four water resource vehicles. The agreement has a five year fixed term rate of 2.080% and calls for bi-annual payments of \$171,496. The cost of the equipment and depreciation expense has been recorded in Governmental Activities.

Upon an Event Default of failure to pay, unable to insure, failure to abide by conditions of the Agreement, insolvency or bankruptcy, payment accrued and unpaid as of the default date will be due immediately along with cost and expenses incurred by the Lender.

The City shall have the option to prepay its obligations in whole for the applicable Prepayment Price which shall include a prepayment fee.

Termination under this Direct Borrowing resulting from Non-Appropriation of funds, requires not less than ninety (90) days notice, prior to the end of the Fiscal Year for which appropriations were last made. The City shall return all equipment or pay the Prepayment Price plus any payment of all accrued and unpaid principal and interest.

On October 2, 2017, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$581,954 with Leasing 2, Inc. for the acquisition of two Elgin Street Sweepers. This agreement has a 5 year fixed term rate of 3.08% and calls for annual payments of \$137,327 with a final payment of \$174,586. The cost of the equipment and depreciation expense has been recorded in Solid Waste Fund.

Upon an Event Default of failure to pay, unable to insure, failure to abide by conditions of the Agreement, insolvency or bankruptcy, all payments accrued and unpaid shall become immediately due, along with cost and expenses incurred by Lender for collection and enforcement.

The City shall have the options to prepay it obligations in whole for the applicable Prepayment Price and a Prepayment Fee.

Event of Termination such as Non-Appropriation of funds, requires notice of not less than ninety (90) days prior to the end of the Fiscal Year for which appropriations were made. All requirement shall be returned or payment of the Prepayment Price plus cost and expenses for collection, including attorney fees.

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

On May 31, 2018 the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,859,045 with City National Capital Finance, Inc. (BciCapital Inc.) for the acquisition of 10 police vehicles, 1 code enforcement vehicle, 1 fire vehicle, 1 solid waste sideloader, 1 public works vehicle, 1 backhoe and police and fire communication equipment. The agreement has a five year fixed term rate of 2.99% and calls for bi-annual payment of \$184,904. The cost of vehicles, equipment, and depreciation has been recorded in Governmental Activities, except for the solid waste sideloader which will be recorded in the Business-Type Activities.

Upon Event of Default for failure to pay, failure to perform or misrepresent of the Agreement, insolvency or bankruptcy, the Lessor shall have the right without further notice to require the Rental Payments immediately due and payable. By written notice the Lender may request the return of the equipment, the cost and expenses incurred in securing and disposing of the equipment.

The City has the option of prepayment in whole on any Payment Date, with not less than a thirty (30) day notice prior to the Payment Date and the payment of \$1.00 to the Lender.

Event of Termination such as Non-Appropriation of funds, the City is required to notify the Lender in writing no later than thirty (30) days following and Event of Non-Appropriation. Return of the equipment within ten (10) days in good and proper working order, at the Lenders discretion. Payment of any other loss suffered by the Lender as a result of the City's failure to take actions as required.

On May 14, 2019 the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,838,335 with City National Capital Finance, Inc. (BciCapital Inc.)for the acquisition of 10 police vehicles, the buy out of 11 leased police vehicles, 1 fire vehicle, fire safety equipment, 4 public works vehicles, 1 solid waste frontloader, 1 excavator for stormwater. The agreement has a five year fixed term rate of 2.86% and calls for bi-annual payment of \$195,800. The cost of vehicles, equipment, and depreciation has been recorded in Governmental Activities, except for the solid waste frontloader and the stormwater excavator which will be recorded in the Business-Type Activities.

Upon Event of Default for failure to pay, failure to perform or misrepresent of the Agreement, insolvency or bankruptcy, the Lessor shall have the right without further notice to require the Rental Payments immediately due and payable. By written notice the Lender may request the return of the equipment, the cost and expenses incurred in securing and disposing of the equipment.

The City has the option of prepayment in whole on any Payment Date, with not less than a thirty (30) day notice prior to the Payment Date and the payment of \$1.00 to the Lender.

Event of Termination such as Non-Appropriation of funds, the City is required to notify the Lender in writing no later than thirty (30) days following and Event of Non-Appropriation. Return of the equipment within ten (10) days in good and proper working order, at the Lenders discretion. Payment of any other loss suffered by the Lender as a result of the City's failure to take actions as required.

On May 14, 2019 the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,058,080 with City National Capital Finance, Inc. (BciCapital Inc.) for the acquisition of new software and equipment. The agreement has a three year fixed term rate of 2.78% and calls for bi-annual payment of \$182,488. The cost of software, equipment, and depreciation has been recorded in Internal Services Activities.

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

Upon Event of Default for failure to pay, failure to perform or misrepresent of the Agreement, insolvency or bankruptcy, the Lessor shall have the right without further notice to require the Rental Payments immediately due and payable. By written notice the Lender may request the return of the equipment, the cost and expenses incurred in securing and disposing of the equipment.

The City has the option of prepayment in whole on any Payment Date, with not less than a thirty (30) day notice prior to the Payment Date and the payment of \$1.00 to the Lender.

Event of Termination such as Non-Appropriation of funds, the City is required to notify the Lender in writing no later than thirty (30) days following and Event of Non-Appropriation. Return of the equipment within ten (10) days in good and proper working order, at the Lenders discretion. Payment of any other loss suffered by the Lender as a result of the City's failure to take actions as required.

On May 26, 2020 the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$2,286,000 with Truist Bank for the acquisition of 18 police vehicles and equipment, 4 fire vehicles, 5 public works vehicles, 1 customer service vehicle, 3 solid waste vehicles and 1 Stormwater vehicle. The agreement has a five yer fixed term rate of 1.870% and calls for bi-annual payments of \$238,676. The cost of the police, fire, public works, and customer service vehicles and depreciation has been recorded in Governmental Activities. The Solid Waste and Stormwater vehicles and depreciation has been recorded in Business-Type Activities.

Upon an Event of Default for failure to make payments, failure to perform or misrepresent any terms of the Agreement, insolvency or bankruptcy, the Lender may declare all unpaid principal and interest due immediately, avail itself of remedies under the Agreement and recovery any attorney fees or other expense.

Prepayment is allowed at any time by paying all outstanding principal and interest accrued and unpaid to the prepayment date.

Termination Events such as Non-Appropriation of funds requires that the Lender be notified within fifteen (15) days of the adoption of the annual budget and to surrender possession of the equipment on the date of such termination. Termination will be on the last day of the Fiscal Year for which appropriations were received.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments:

Year Ending	G	overnmental	Business-Type
September 30,		Activities	Activities
2021	\$	1,632,057 \$	561,768
2022		1,221,301	546,027
2023		710,316	343,538
2024		435,072	238,079
2025		158,414	80,262
Total minimum lease payments		4,157,160	1,769,674
Less: amount representing interest		(169,779)	(84,453)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	3,987,381 \$	1,685,221

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 4. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

Assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Assets:			
Equipment	\$	10,136,070 \$	2,762,198
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(3,996,467)	(738,562)
Assets net of accumulated depreciation	\$	6,139,603 \$	2,023,636

Operating Leases

The City leases copier equipment and certain vehicles under operating leases with varying duration. The total cost of Governmental Activity Leases was \$69,164 for the year ended September 30, 2020. Based on non-renewal options, future minimum lease payments for such operating leases were nominal in amount at September 30, 2020.

The City leases copier equipment and certain vehicles under operating leases with varying duration. The total cost of Business-type Activity Leases was \$23,035 for the year ended September 30, 2020. Based on non-renewal options, future minimum lease payments for such operating leases were nominal in amount at September 30, 2020.

The following are future minimum operating lease payments:

Year Ending	Gov	Business-type		
September 30,	P	Activities	Activities	
2021	\$	69,164	23,035	
2022		69,164	23,035	
Total minimum lease payments	\$	138,328 \$	46,070	

Arbitrage Rebate

Certain City long-term debt obligations are subject to Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code that requires that interest earned on debt proceeds from tax-exempt debt be rebated to the federal government to the extent that those earnings exceed the interest cost on the related tax-exempt debt. The City has no arbitrage rebate liability at September 30, 2020.

Note 5. Other Matters

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. During fiscal year 2020:

- There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year.
- No settlements in excess of insurance coverage in the three fiscal years ended September 30, 2020.

Liabilities of the funds (Loss Fund) are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR's) if such information is available. The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are re-evaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent settlement trends and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. An estimated recovery, for example subrogation, is another component of the claims liability estimate. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual property and liability claims in excess of \$100,000.

In 1998, the City established the Self-Insured Loss Fund covering workers compensation, and various lines of property and liability claims for the City. The program provides monetary coverage for losses in lieu of covering losses with traditional insurance policies that have a deductible. The Self-Insured Loss Fund is accounted for as an Internal Service Fund and is funded by the charges to other funds in amounts determined to finance the claims.

Charges under the Self-Insured Loss Fund for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 are summarized as follows:

	Self-Insured Loss Fund			
		FY2020	FY2019	
General Fund	\$	735,385 \$	624,958	
Special Revenue Funds		720	751	
Enterprise Funds		918,836	682,687	
Internal Service Funds		89,731	56,636	
Trust Funds		300	300	
Total Charges		1,744,972	1,365,332	
Claims Settlements		176,591	715,706	
Total Charges/Claims Settlements	\$	1,921,563 \$	2,081,038	

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

Changes in the balance of claims liability during the past three years based on actuarial analysis and discounted at a rate of 3.5% are as follows:

	Self-Insured Loss Fund		
	FY2020 FY2019		
Unpaid claims, beginning of the year	\$ 1,232,000 \$	1,302,000	
Incurred claims (including IBNR's)	269,025	187,119	
Claim payments	 (188,025)	(257,119)	
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 1,313,000 \$	1,232,000	

In October 2009, the City entered into an agreement with The Crowne Group, Care Here and Parrish Medical Center to establish an employer health center program with a shift to a Partially Self-Insured Health Fund cost arrangement, which provides medical insurance benefits to its employees and their eligible dependents. In accordance with Section 112.0801 of the Florida Statutes, the City is also required to provide retirees with the opportunity to participate in this plan. The Partially Self-Insured Health Fund is accounted for as an Internal Service Fund. Premiums are paid into the fund and are available to pay claims, claims reserves and administrative costs of the program.

Partially Self- Insured Health			
	FY2020	FY2019	
\$	2,966,562 \$	2,929,029	
	1,730,495	1,708,600	
	247,214	244,086	
	988,049	1,016,333	
	5,932,320	5,898,048	
	201,757	270,028	
\$	6,134,077 \$	6,168,076	
		FY2020 \$ 2,966,562 \$ 1,730,495 247,214 988,049 5,932,320 201,757	

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

The City purchased a Stop-Loss Policy to reduce the City's exposure to large losses on health insurance claims. This policy reimburses the City for expenses related to claims exceeding \$135,000. Settlements for Partially Self-Insured Health Insurance Fund have not exceeded coverage for each of the three fiscal years ended September 30, 2020. Changes in the balance during the past two year's based on an actuarial analysis are as follows:

	<u></u>	Partially Self-Insured Health		
		FY2020 FY20 ²		
Unpaid claims, beginning of the year	\$	602,000 \$	602,000	
Incurred claims (including IBNR's)		4,915,222	4,220,304	
Claim payments		(4,915,222)	(4,220,304)	
Unpaid claims, end of year	<u>\$</u>	602,000 \$	602,000	

In addition, the City has a Self-Insured Dental Fund, also accounted for as an Internal Service Fund. Premiums are paid into the fund and are available to pay claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program. Resources accumulated in the Self-Insured Dental Fund are dedicated to pay future dental claims of employees.

	Self-Insured Dental			
		FY2020	FY2019	
General Fund	\$	203,252 \$	195,340	
Special Revenue Funds		3,630 3,4		
Enterprise Funds		116,143 111,6		
Internal Service Funds		14,518	13,954	
Employees		25,406	24,417	
Total Charges	\$	362,949 \$	348,822	

City Council approved a reserve of \$70,000 to be set aside for future dental claims. Changes in the balance of claims liability during the past two years are as follows:

	Self-Insured Dental		
		FY2020	FY2019
Unpaid claims, beginning of the year	\$	91,734 \$	95,477
Incurred claims (including IBNR's)		339,724	266,692
Claim payments		(331,107)	(270,435)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$	100,351 \$	91,734

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City's Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Fiduciary Trust Fund are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan members and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due; benefits are recognized as expenses when they are payable. The City established a new OPEB Fiduciary Trust Fund (the Trust) under Ordinance No. 1-2009 on January 27, 2009 pursuant to the requirements of implementing GASB 43 and GASB 45 for fiscal year 2009 governed by Section 115 of Internal Revenue Code. The OPEB Trust Fund is accounted for as a separate fiduciary fund of the City and governed by a five-member board of trustees (the Board) solely responsible for the oversight of the assets of the Trust; the Board does not have any other expressed or implied authority regarding the OPEB Plan. The City Council is solely responsible for the OPEB Plan itself.

Plan Description

The City of Titusville's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under one of the City's retirement plans to continue medical and dental coverage as a participant in the City's plan.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At October 1, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	314
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	429
	743

Benefits Provided

The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical coverage. All employees of the City of Titusville are eligible to receive post-employment health care benefits. Coverage for retirees and their spouses and dependents is provided for the life of the retiree. The Trust was established to advance fund benefits provided under the Plan.

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

Contributions

The City of Titusville adopted health-related benefit changes during 2013 with effective dates varying by employee class (December 2013 for service workers represented by LIUNA, April 2014 for Fire and Non- represented employees, and June 2014 for Police employees).

For employees who retire after the effective dates listed above, the City of Titusville will contribute the greater of 50% of the active health premium or \$8/month for every year of service for retirees participating in the City's group insurance plans. This benefit is capped at \$500 a month.

For retirees who were hired after 10/1/2003, the City provides a credit of \$8/month for every year of service, up to a maximum of \$200/month, toward the premium of the City's group insurance plans. The retiree is responsible for 100% of the costs of dental coverage.

For all retirements prior to the effective dates listed above, the City of Titusville will continue to contribute a portion (either 75% or 100%) of the active health and dental premiums for retirees participating in the City's group insurance plans who were hired prior to 10/1/2003. The City's subsidy is no longer capped for these retirees, per the City Council's decision to rescind the cap at its May 9, 2017 meeting. For retirees who were hired after 10/1/2003, the City provides a credit of \$8/month for every year of service, up to a maximum of \$200/month, toward the premium of the City's group insurance plans.

Retirees may purchase spouse coverage through the City's group insurance plans at their own expense.

An employer-provided implicit subsidy for the health plan will still exist even for those participants receiving 50%, 75% or 100% of the premium paid by the City.

In future years, contributions are assumed to increase at the same rate as premiums.

Note that the projected premiums for the dental benefit are assumed to cover the entire cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability

The measurement date for GASB 75 reporting is September 30, 2020. The measurement period for the OPEB expense was October 1, 2019 to September 30, 2020. The reporting period is October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

The Sponsor's Net OPEB Liability was measured as of September 30, 2020
The Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined as of that date.

Note - The Sponsor's Net OPEB Liability for the City of Titusville's ledger adjustment was measured as of September 30, 2020 using a discount rate of 2.15%.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017, updated to September 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increase Rates	Varies by Service
Discount Rate	2.15%
Initial Trend Rate	7.50%
Ultimate Trend Rate	4.00%
Years to Ultimate	55
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Mortality Rate Healthy Lives:

For general employees, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 mortality tables. For female lives, 100% of the white collar table was used. For male lives, a 50% white collar table, 50% blue collar table blend was used. All tables include fully generational adjustments for mortality improvements using improvement scale BB. For disabled lives, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 sex-distinct disabled mortality tables with female lives set forward two (2) years, males lives set back four (4) years. Disabled mortality has not been adjusted for mortality improvements.

For police and fire employees, mortality rates were also based on various RP-2000 mortality tables. For female lives, 100% of the white collar table was used. For male lives, a 10% white collar table, 90% blue collar table blend was used. All tables include fully generational adjustments for mortality improvements using improvement scale BB. For disabled female lives, a blend of 60% of the RP-2000 disabled female mortality table set forward two (2) years, and 40% of the white collar table with no setback was used. For disabled male lives, a blend of 60% of the RP-2000 disabled male mortality table set back four (4) years and 40% of the white collar table with not setback was used. Disabled mortality has not been adjusted for mortality improvements.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was determined using the Investment Policy approved by council on March 14, 2017.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Target Allocations	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
42%	7.50%
23%	8.50%
35%	2.50%
0%	0.00%
100.00%	-
	42% 23% 35% 0%

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

Asset Class allocations were provided by the City. Long term expected real rates of return by asset class match those used in the pension valuation for the respective asset classes.

Discount Rate:

The City contributes a portion of the ARC to the fund annually, but otherwise funds benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The expected rate of return on trust investments is 7.00%. This rate was used to discount projected benefit payments for years that benefits were funded, however the trust is projected to become insolvent in one year. The remaining projected benefit payments were discounted at a municipal bond rate. The high quality municipal bond rate, 2.14% was based on the week closest but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index as published by the Federal Reserve. The 20-Bond Index consists of 20 general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years. The average rating of the 20 bonds is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Services' Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp's AA.

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability Other Post employment Benefits Trust Fund For fiscal year ended September 30, 2020

	Tota	I OPEB Liability		Net Plan Position	Net OPEB Liability
Reporting Period Ending Sept. 30, 2019	\$	58,937,598	\$	2,459,404 \$	56,478,194
Changes for the Year:					
Service Cost		980,693		-	980,693
Interest		2,248,081		-	2,248,081
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Experience		4,230,879		-	4,230,879
Changes of Assumptions		6,312,050		-	6,312,050
Changes of Benefit Terms		(13,012))		(13,012)
Explicit Contributions - Employer		-		1,895,091	(1,895,091)
Implicit Contributions - Employer		-		717,511	(717,511)
Explicit Contributions - Retiree		-		531,523	(531,523)
Net Investment Income		-		340,793	(340,793)
Explicit Gross Benefit Payments		(1,987,481)		(1,987,481)	-
Implicit Net Benefit Payments		(717,511))	(717,511)	-
Administrative Expense		-		(23,644)	23,644
Other		-		-	-
Net Changes		11,053,699		756,282	10,297,417
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$	69,991,297	\$	3,215,686 \$	66,775,611

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the Sponsor, as well as what the Sponsor's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Changes in the Discount Rate

	1% Decrease	С	urrent Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	1.15%		2.15%	3.15%	
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 78,862,827	 \$	66,775,611	\$ 57,244,105	

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the Sponsor, as well as what the Sponsor's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rates that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	3.00% - 6.50%		4.00% - 7.50%	5.00% - 9.008.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 57,811,353	_	\$ 66,775,611	\$ 77,654,940

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB Expense of \$2,772,766. On September 30, 2020, the Sponsor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deterrea		Deterrea
		inflows		outflows
	(of resources		of resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,384,704	\$	402,140
Changes of assumptions		7,347,422		3,114,633
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		95,208
Total	\$	10,732,126	\$	3,611,981
	_		_	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30,

roun on anny copionists co,		
2021	\$	(279,444)
2022	\$	3,232,736
2023	\$	2,089,586
2024	\$	2,077,767
2025	\$ -	
Thereafter	\$ -	

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

Money-Weighted Rate of Return:

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 12.74%.

C. Employee Retirement Pension Plans

The City maintains two contributory single-employer defined benefit pension plans, which are maintained as pension trust funds and are reported herein as components of the City's reporting entity. Separate stand-alone financial statements for the two plans are not prepared. Separate boards of trustees independently govern each system.

Assets may not be transferred from one plan to another or used for any purpose other than to benefit each system's participants as defined in their authorizing ordinances.

For the year ended September 30, 2020 the City of Titusville recognized pension expense of \$1,811,622 for the General Employees' Pension Plan and \$1,377,091 for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan for a total pension expense of \$3,188,713. OPEB expense is \$2,772,766 for a total of \$5,961,479 expense for OPEB and pensions.

Ger	neral Employee Pension	Police	e & Fire Pension	Total Pension	OPEB	-	Total Pension & OPEB
\$	1,811,622	\$	1,377,091	\$ 3,188,713	\$ 2,772,766	\$	5,961,479

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Basis of accounting:</u> The City's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to each plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. Administrative expenses and fees attributable to each plan are deducted from the plan assets.

<u>Method used to value investments</u>: Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

General Employees' Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Plan is a single-employer defined pension plan administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of: three full-time General Employees of the system elected by the membership, one General Employee appointed by the Board and confirmed by the City Manager, one citizen selected by the Board and appointed by the City Council as a ministerial duty.

Plan Membership as October 1, 2019:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	367
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	146
Active Plan Members	293
	806

The General Employees' Pension Plan covers all permanent, full-time City employees (excluding firefighters and sworn police officers). Civilians, clerical, and other non-combat employees of the police and fire departments are also included in the General Employees' Pension Plan. The City is required to contribute funds as necessary to maintain the plan actuarially.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the October 1, 2020 actuarial valuation report, which incorporated any changes to the pension plan provisions, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method with the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability determined by the entry age actuarial cost method, and amortization of unfunded past service liability over a 29 year period. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) 7.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increase based on service, and (c) 2.5% annual inflation. The assumptions did not include post-retirement benefit increases.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability, and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

For the frozen accrued benefit for all Members and for all benefits for Members with at least 10 Years of Service as of August 26, 2013:

Date: First of the month coinciding with or following the earlier of: 1) age 58 and the completion of 7.5 years of Credited Service, or 2) the completion of 28 years of Credited Service, regardless of age.

Benefit: 2.482% of Average Final Compensation as of August 26, 2013 times Credited Service through

August 26, 2013 (Members who are eligible for Normal Retirement as of August 26, 2013 continue to accrue benefits under the old benefit structure).

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

Form of Benefit: Life Annuity (options available).

For the benefits accrued on and after August 26, 2013:

Date: First of the month coinciding with or following the earlier of: 1) age 58 and the completion of 7.5 years of Credited Service, or 2) the completion of 28 years of Credited Service, regardless of age.

Benefit: 2.0% of Average Final Compensation times Credited Service on and after August 26, 2013.

Form of Benefit: Life Annuity with 120 payments guaranteed (options available).

For the benefits accrued on and after August 26, 2013 for Members with less than 10 Years of Service as of that date:

Date: First of the month coinciding with or following the earlier of: 1) age 62 and the completion of 10 years of Credited Service, or 2) the completion of 30 years of Credited Service, regardless of age.

Early Retirement:

For the frozen accrued benefit for all Members and for all benefits for Members with at least 10 Years of Service as of August 26, 2013:

Date: Later of age 48 and the completion of 7.5 years of Credited Service.

Benefit: Same as for Normal Retirement but reduced 3% for each year that Early Retirement precedes Normal Retirement.

For benefits accrued on and after August 26, 2013 for Members with less than 10 Years of service as of that date:

Date: Later of age 52 and the completion of 10 years of Credited Service.

Benefit: Same as for Normal Retirement but actuarially reduced for Early Retirement.

Vesting:

Schedule: 0% for less than 10 years, 100% after 10 years. Members are 100% vested in their frozen accrued benefit as of August 26, 2013.

Benefit: Vested accrued benefit (determined as for Normal Retirement) paid beginning at the otherwise Normal Retirement Date.

Disability:

Eligibility: Total and permanent (as determined by the Board) after completion of 10 years of Credited Service. Benefit: Accrued Benefit (determined as for Normal Retirement).

Maximum: Total of Plan, Workers Compensation, and Social Security benefits shall not exceed 100% of Average Final Compensation.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

Death Benefits:

Vested: Beneficiary receives a monthly benefit which is the actuarial equivalent of 50% of the Member's accrued benefit at the date of death.

Prior to Vesting: None.

Contributions

Members: 2.5% of Salary

City: Remaining amount necessary to pay the Normal Cost and fund the accrued, past service liability over 30 years.

Net Pension Liability

The measurement date is September 30, 2020.

The measurement period for the pension expense was October 1, 2019 to September 30, 2020.

The reporting period is October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

The Sponsor's Net Pension Liability was measured as of September 30, 2020.

The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019 updated to September 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

Inflation2.50%Salary IncreasesService BasedDiscount Rate7.50%Investment Rate of Return7.50%

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives: Female: PubG.H-2010 for Employees.

Male: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set back one year.

Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree Lives: Female: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees.

Male: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives:

Female: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees. Male: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees, set forward three years.

All rates are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018. We feel this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

The previously described mortality assumption rates were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for non-special-risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics.

The most recent actuarial experience study used to review the other significant assumptions was dated August 20, 2018.

Investments:

Investment Policy

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocations	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
All Cap Value Equity	27.50%	7.50%
Broad Growth Equity	27.50%	7.50%
Foreign Equity Securities	10.00%	8.50%
Broad Market Fixed Income	20.00%	2.50%
Global Fixed Income	5.00%	3.50%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate:

The Discount Rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.50 percent.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the plan member contributions are made at the current contribution rate and sponsor contributions are made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments are applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability General Employees' Retirement Trust Fund For fiscal year ended September 30, 2020

	T	otal Pension Liability	Net Plan Position	Net Pension Liability
Departing Devied Furding Contember 20, 2010				
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2019		65,413,423	61,671,199	\$ 3,742,224
Changes for the year				
Service Cost		1,055,101	-	1,055,101
Interest		4,970,974	-	4,970,974
Difference Expected/Actual Experience		276,775	-	276,775
Changes of assumptions		640,200	-	640,200
Contributions - Employer		-	2,295,879	(2,295,879)
Contributions - Employee		-	344,340	(344,340)
Contributions - Buy Back		21,909	21,909	0
Net Investment Income		-	2,119,258	(2,119,258)
Benefit Payments/Refunds		(4,653,848)	(4,653,848)	-
Administrative Exp		-	(105,220)	105,220
Net Changes		2,311,111	22,318	2,288,793
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$	67,724,534	61,693,517	\$ 6,031,017

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Changes in the Discount Rate

	1% Decrease	Cu	rrent Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	6.50%		7.50%	8.50%	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,878,160	\$	6,031,017	\$ 231,850	

For the year ended September 30, 2020 the City recognized pension expense of \$1,811,622 for the General Employees' Pension Plan. On September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the General Employees Pension Plan from the following sources:

Difference between expected and actual experience \$\ \text{317,635} \text{\$ - \\ Changes of assumptions} \ \text{426,800} \ \text{-} \\ Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments} \ \text{2,981,912} \ \text{-} \\ Total \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		Deferred outflows	Deferred inflows
Changes of assumptions 426,800 - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 2,981,912 -		of resources	of resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 2,981,912 -	Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 317,635	\$ -
	Changes of assumptions	426,800	-
Total \$ 3,726,347 \$ -	Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	 2,981,912	
	Total	\$ 3,726,347	\$ -

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30,	
2021	\$ 784,695
2022	\$ 12,900,542
2023	\$ 1,135,309
2024	\$ 515,801
2025	\$ -
Thereafter	\$ -

Money-Weighted Rate of Return:

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments was 3.49%.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan

Plan Description

Board of Trustees:

The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of:

Police Chief, Fire Chief, Commander designated by Police Chief, Division Chief designated by Fire Chief, two elected members from each department, one citizen selected by a majority of other members and appointed by the City Council as a ministerial duty.

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2019:

130
45
138
313

The Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan covers all permanent, full-time employees classified as combat firefighters and sworn police officers and became a contributory plan on December 22, 1986. The plan requires participating employees to contribute 8% of gross earnings to the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Fund by its members, and earns interest at the rate of 8% per annum compounded as of the first of January of each calendar year. The payments are deducted from the employees' wages and remitted by the City to the fund bi-weekly. If a police officer or firefighter terminates prior to vesting, he/she is entitled to withdraw their portion of the contributions plus normal interest. The State of Florida also contributes payments to the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Plan as provided in Chapters 175 and 185 of the Florida Statutes. This contribution by the State of Florida is first recognized as revenue in the General Fund before being transferred to the Pension Fund. The City contributes the amount necessary to pay the normal cost and fund the actuarial-accrued liability over not more than a 30 year period.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

Benefit for Service Prior to June 1, 2013:

Date: First of the month coinciding with or following the earlier of age 55 and the completion of eight (8) years of Credited Service or the completion of twenty-five (25) years of Credited Service regardless of age.

Benefit: 3.0% of Average Final Compensation (Before June 1, 2013) times Credited Service.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

Benefit Accrued for Service After June 1, 2013:

Date: Remains the same for those with at least ten (10) years of service as of this date. For members with less than ten (10) years of service, is the earlier of age 55 and the completion of ten (10) years of Credited Service or age 52 with twenty-five (25) years of Credited Service.

Benefit: 2.5% of Average Final Compensation (5-Years) times Credit Service.

Members eligible for retirement prior to June 1, 2013 will continue to follow the same structure as before these amendments were adopted.

Early Retirement:

Eligibility: With at least ten (10) years of Credited Service, age 50.

Benefit: Same as for Normal Retirement but reduced by 3% per year prior to age 55 to reflect early payment.

Vesting:

Schedule: Before June 1, 2013: 0% for first seven (7) years, 100% after eight (8) years.

After June 1, 2013: 100% for ten (10) years (All members are 100% vested in their frozen accrued benefit as of June 1, 2013).

Benefit: Before June 1, 2013: Frozen vested accrued benefit as of June 1, 2013 paid beginning at age 55.

After June 1, 2013: Vested accrued benefit based on service earned after June 1, 2013.

Terminated vested members may elect a refund of contributions or a monthly annuity payable upon reaching age 55. Non-vested members receive a refund of contributions.

Disability:

Eligibility: Total and permanent (as determined by the Board). Members covered from date of hire (Service incurred) or after completion of ten (10) years of Credited Service (Non-service incurred).

Benefit: Accrued benefit (determined as for Normal Retirement). Benefit shall not be less than 50% of Average Final Compensation for service incurred disability.

Maximum: Total of Plan and Workers Compensation benefits shall not exceed 100% of Average Monthly Wage.

Death Benefits:

Service Incurred: Coverage from date of employment; beneficiary receives greater of accrued benefit or 50% of Average Final Compensation for life, with a maximum payment period of twenty-five (25) years for non-spouse beneficiaries only.

Non-Service Incurred: Coverage after eight (8) years of service; same benefit as Service Incurred.

Cost of Living Adjustment:

Eligibility: Normal and Early Retirees (and Disability Retirees who otherwise meet the requirements for Normal or Early Retirement at the time of Disability Retirement) hired before June 1, 2013.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

Benefit: 1.277% automatic lifetime COLA, beginning the first October 1 following one full year of retirement. For members not eligible for Normal Retirement as of June 1, 2013 shall only apply to credited service earned prior to June 1, 2013.

Contributions

Members: 6.5% of salary.

State: Tax on premiums for fire and casualty insurance issued to residents of the City as provided in Chapter 175 and 185, Florida Statutes.

City: Remaining amount necessary to pay the normal cost and fund the accrued past service liability over 30 years.

Net Pension Liability

The measurement date is September 30, 2020.

The measurement period for the pension expense was October 1, 2019 to September 30, 2020.

The reporting period is October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

The Sponsors' Net Pension Liability was measured as of September 30, 2020.

The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Service Based
Discount Rate	7.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives:

Female: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year. Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree Lives:

Female: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.

Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives:

Female: PubG.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees. Male: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees.

All rates are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018. We feel this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

The previously described mortality assumption rates were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics.

The most recent actuarial experience study used to review the other significant assumptions was dated August 17, 2018.

Investments:

Investment Policy

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocations	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
All Cap Value Equity	27.50%	7.50%
Broad Growth Equity	27.50%	7.50%
Foreign Equity Securities	10.00%	8.50%
Broad Market Fixed Income	20.00%	2.50%
Global Fixed Income	5.00%	3.50%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate:

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions are made at the current contribution rate and sponsor contributions are made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Trust Fund For fiscal year ended September 30, 2020

	Total Pension Liability	Net Plan Position	Net Pension Liability
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2019	\$ 67,378,861 \$	62,614,414	\$ 4,764,447
Changes for the year			
Service Cost	954,126	-	954,126
Interest	5,120,422	-	5,120,422
Share Plan Allocation	390,554		390,554
Difference Expected/Actual Experience	792,420	-	792,420
Changes of Assumptions	365,429	-	365,429
Contributions - Employer	-	1,544,188	(1,544,188)
Contributions - State	-	781,108	(781,108)
Contributions - Employee	-	503,074	(503,074)
Net Investment Income	-	4,002,262	(4,002,262)
Benefit Payments/Refunds	(4,526,052)	(4,526,052)	-
Administrative Exp	-	(106,805)	106,805
Net Changes	 3,096,899	2,197,775	899,124
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$ 70,475,760 \$	64,812,189	\$ 5,663,571

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

Sensitivity to the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	1% Decreases	C	Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	6.50%		7.50%		8.50%	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 13,648,231	\$	5,663,571	\$	(1,019,707)	

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City of Titusville recognized pension expense of \$1,377,091 for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan. On September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
		outflows	inflows
		of resources	of resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	793,446	\$ 56,002
Changes of assumptions		763,700	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,363,272	-
Total	\$	2,920,418	\$ 56,002
	_		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2021	\$ 406,873
2022	\$ 1,051,156
2023	\$ 1,018,731
2024	\$ 387,656
2025	\$ -
Thereafter	\$ -

Money-Weighted Rate of Return:

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments was 6.51%.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

City of Titusville, Florida Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds September 30, 2020

F	General Employees' Retirement Trust	Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Trust	Other Post Employment Benefits Trust	Total
Assets				
Cash \$	100,713	\$ 83,977 \$	77,549 \$	262,239
Accounts Receivable / Accruals	-	-	-	-
Investments				
Cash with fiscal agent	-	1,145,593	-	1,145,593
Money market	1,085,515	223,400	34,802	1,343,717
Federal agency bonds/notes	1,228,793	1,257,791	-	2,486,584
U.S. Treasury bond/notes	2,651,146	5,830,836	-	8,481,982
Municipal bonds/notes	238,495	625,991	-	864,486
Corporate bonds	2,285,486	5,192,674	-	7,478,160
Corporate stock	36,921,180	30,519,456	-	67,440,636
Mutual fund - bonds	4,888,228	3,869,799	1,018,078	9,776,105
Mutual fund - equity	5,998,893	9,756,955	2,085,257	17,841,105
Real estate	6,312,529	6,331,595	-	12,644,124
Total investments	61,610,265	64,754,090	3,138,137	129,502,492
Total assets	61,710,978	64,838,067	3,215,686	129,764,731
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	1,324	2,122	-	3,446
Total liabilities	1,324	2,122	-	3,446
Net Position				
Restricted for pension & other post-employment $\underline{\$}$	61,709,654	\$ 64,835,945 \$	3,215,686 \$	129,761,285

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

City of Titusville, Florida Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds September 30, 2020

Additions	General Employees' Retirement Trust			Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Trust	Other Post- Employment Benefits Trust	Total
	Ke	urement must	- 1	Keurenieni Husi	Delicilis Hust	TULAI
Contributions:	_			4 = 40 = 00 Å	4 005 004 +	
Employer	\$	2,295,879	\$	1,543,798 \$	1,895,091 \$	5,734,768
Employee		344,340		503,463	531,524	1,379,327
State of Florida		-		781,108	-	781,108
Total contributions		2,640,219		2,828,369	2,426,615	7,895,203
Investment earnings:						
Net change in the fair value of investments		1,489,171		1,920,476	263,001	3,672,648
Interest & dividends		896,871		2,276,358	77,792	3,251,021
Total invest income		2,386,042		4,196,834	340,793	6,923,669
Less invest-related expense		(263,264)		(176,044)	-	(439,308)
Total		4,762,997		6,849,159	2,767,408	14,379,564
Deductions						
Pension and other employee benefits		4,633,313		4,542,801	1,987,481	11,163,595
Administrative expenses		108,740		113,302	23,644	245,686
Total		4,742,053		4,656,103	2,011,125	11,409,281
Change in net position		20,944		2,193,056	756,283	2,970,283
Net position - beginning of year		61,688,710		62,642,888	2,459,404	126,791,002
Net position - end of year	\$	61,709,654	\$	64,835,944 \$	3,215,687 \$	129,761,285

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

D. Deferred Compensation Plans

The City offers its employees a choice of two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457; i.e., International City Managers' Association (ICMA) or Nationwide Retirement Solutions (PEBSCO). The plans are available to all City employees and permit employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in either of the plans is optional. Deferred compensation withdrawals are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

In accordance with current professional pronouncements, the City has not included such funds in its financial statements.

On June 11, 2013, the City approved Resolution 18-2013 adopting a Money Purchase Defined Contribution Plan that is qualified under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code, to eligible employees who participate in the City's 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan. Effective for plan years beginning June 30, 2013 for Police and Firefighters and August 26, 2013 for General Employees, the City has made matching contributions to the City's 401(a) Money Purchase Defined Contribution Plan on a dollar for dollar basis, up to three percent of the employee base pay that the employee contributes to the City's 457(b) plan.

The Plan will provide for immediate vesting of the employee contributions and earnings on employee contributions to the 457(b) plan, however, employer contributions and earnings on employer contributions to the 401(a) defined contribution plan is vested after five years of participation in the DC Plan.

E. Equity Interest in Joint Venture

On May 24, 2010, the City entered into a joint venture with Farmton Water Resources LLC (Farmton) for the purpose of establishing a cooperative arrangement for the construction, installation and operation of a well field for the supply of water to the benefit of existing and future customers. TIFA LLC (TIFA), a limited liability company, was created for that purpose. The City and Farmton are required to contribute 50% each to the cost of constructing and maintaining the well field. Business and affairs of TIFA are managed by a management committee that is made up of two members, designated by the City and Farmton, respectively. Distributions of the amount equal to all cash receipts less all cash expenditures will be made, no less frequently than annually, based on membership interest at the time. On dissolution, the net assets of TIFA will be distributed based on membership interest at the time. If the reader should require further information, such as the financial statements of the joint venture, please contact: Sean Stauffer, 555 S. Washington Avenue, Titusville, Florida 32781.

F. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivables from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor, cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 5. Other Matters (continued)

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcomes of these lawsuits are not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Note 6. Subsequent Events

The City expects to receive \$169,110 from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hurricane Irma, \$88,414 for Hurricane Dorian, and an additional \$245,334 for Hurricane Matthew.

Note 7. New Accounting Pronouncements

- a. GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, in January 2017. GASB 84 improves guidance regarding the identification and reporting of fiduciary activities. The provisions in GASB 84 are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. (Effective date revised by GASB Statement No. 95)
- b. GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases, in June 2017. GASB 87 aims to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The provisions in GASB 87 are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. (Effective date revised by GASB Statement No. 95)
- c. GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, in June 2018 to (1) enhance the relevances and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (s) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The provisions in GASB 89 are in effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. (Effective date revised by GASB Statement No. 95)
- d. GASB issued Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, in August 2018. GASB 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The provisions in GASB 90 are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. (Effective date revised by GASB Statement No. 95)
- e. GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, in May 2019, to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures, by clarifying the definition of a conduit debt obligation, establishing standards for accounting and financial report, and improving note disclosures. Statement No. 91 requirements are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020. (Effective date revised by GASB Statement No. 95)
- f. GASB issued Statement No 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance in May 2020, to provide temporary relief in light of GOVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are schedule to become effective for periods beginning June 15, 2018 and later. The

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 7. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

effective dates are postponed by one year for Statements 83, 84, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92 and 93. A one year postponement for Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1 and 2019-2. The effective date of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months. Statement 87 and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3. The requirements of this Statement are effective immediately.

- g. GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements in May 2020, to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). The statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset-an intangible asset-and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments; and (4) requires note disclosure regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective June 15, 2022.
- h. GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No 84 and a suppression of GASB Statement No. 32. The objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing: (2) mitigate cost associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans that meet the definition of a pension plan. The requirements are effective June 15, 2021. (Effective date revised by GASB Statement No. 95).

Note 8. Deficit Fund Balance and Net Position

- a. The Proprietary Fund, Solid Waste System, has a deficit net position of \$.58 million. This is the result of long-term other post-employments benefit (OPEB) liabilities. These liabilities do not impact cash flows and will not affect the ability to provide services.
- b. The Internal Service Fund, Fleet, has a deficit net position of \$1.59 million. This is the result of long-term other post-employments benefit (OPEB) liabilities. These liabilities do not impact cash flows and will not affect the ability to provide services.



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Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017
Total Pension Liability					_
Service Cost	\$	980,693 \$	822,394 \$	990,753 \$	1,097,474
Interest		2,248,081	2,230,251	2,217,837	2,062,341
Changes of benefit terms		(13,012)	-	-	-
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		4,230,879	-	(1,608,563)	-
Changes of assumptions		6,312,050	4,595,562	(8,119,717)	(5,423,507)
Explicit Gross Benefit Payments		(1,987,481)	(1,973,978)	(2,009,347)	(1,884,080)
Explicit Contributions - Retiree		531,523	470,609	482,054	-
Implicit Net Benefit Payments		(1,249,034)	(958,432)	(1,003,129)	(566,062)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	11,053,699 \$	5,186,406 \$	(9,050,112) \$	(4,713,834)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		58,937,598	53,751,192	62,801,304	67,515,138
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	69,991,297 \$	58,937,598 \$	53,751,192 \$	62,801,304
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Explicit Contributions - Employer		1,895,091	1,903,735	1,527,293	1,657,884
Implicit Contributions - Employer		1,249,034	958,432	1,003,129	566,062
Explicit Contributions - Employee		531,523	470,609	482,054	443,463
Net Investment Income		340,793	93,542	204,104	263,882
Explicit Gross Benefit Payments		(1,987,481)	(1,973,978)	(2,009,347)	(1,884,080)
Implicit Net Benefit Payments		(1,249,034)	(958,432)	(1,003,129)	(566,062)
Other		-	-	(693,616)	-
Administrative Expense		(23,644)	(29,677)	(42,143)	(23,689)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net		756,282	464,231	(531,655)	457,460
Position					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		2,459,404	1,995,173	2,526,828	2,069,368
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)		3,215,686	2,459,404	1,995,173	2,526,828
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	_	66,775,611	56,478,194	51,756,019	60,274,476
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a					
percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		4.59%	4.17%	3.71%	4.02%
Covered Payroll*	\$	21,299,817 \$	19,879,378 \$	18,754,131 \$	18,754,131
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage					
of Covered Payroll		313.50%	284.10%	275.97%	321.39%
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^{*10} years of data will be presented as it becomes available

Schedule of Contributions Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Contributions in Relation

		0	mulbadolis ili itoladoli			
	Actuarially		to the Actuarially	Contribution		Contributions as a
Fiscal Year	Determined		Determined	Deficiency		Percentage of
Ended	Contribution		Contributions	(Excess)	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
9/30/2020 \$	3,225,302	\$	1,895,091 \$	1,330,211 \$	21,299,817	8.90%
9/30/2019	3,170,359		1,903,735	1,266,624	19,879,378	9.58%
9/30/2018	3,046,637		1,527,293	1,519,344	18,754,131	8.14%
9/30/2017	3,297,320		1,657,884	1,639,436	16,889,001	9.82%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates shown above are calculated as of October 1, 2019 for the plan/fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates are the same as those found in Note 5. The only exception is that an investment return rate of 6.0% was used for funding valuation purposes.

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

General Employees' Pension Trust

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios General Employees' Pension Last 10 Fiscal Years**

		9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$	1,055,101 \$	997,001 \$	989,921 \$	933,328
Interest		4,970,974	4,836,266	4,831,550	4,718,214
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual					
experience		276,775	399,357	(355,627)	411,551
Changes of assumptions		640,200	-	1,044,973	-
Contributions - Buy Back		21,909	24,202	28,879	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of					
Contributions		(4,653,848)	(4,499,667)	(4,575,782)	(4,830,173)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		2,311,111	1,757,159	1,963,914	1,232,920
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		65,413,423	63,656,264	61,692,350	60,459,430
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)		67,724,534	65,413,423	63,656,264	61,692,350
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Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions – Employer		2,295,879	2,628,066	2,358,577	2,293,318
Contributions -		344,340	323,634	312,111	296,609
Contributions - Buy Back		21,909	24,202	28,879	
Net Investment Income		2,119,258	1,620,007	5,338,971	7,364,236
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of					
Contributions		(4,653,848)	(4,499,667)	(4,575,782)	(4,830,173)
Administrative Expense		(105,220)	(116,965)	(89,003)	(86,989)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	22,318	(20,723)	3,373,753	5,037,001
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		61,671,199	61,691,922	58,318,169	53,281,168
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)		61,693,517	61,671,199	61,691,922	58,318,169
	_				
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	6,031,017 \$	3,742,224 \$	1,964,342 \$	3,374,181
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of					
the Total Pension Liability		91.09%	94.28%	96.91%	94.53%
Covered Payroll* Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of covered	\$	13,785,792 \$	12,986,665 \$	12,485,720 \$	11,864,349
Payroll		43.75%	28.82%	15.73%	28.44%

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

General Employees' Pension Trust (continued)

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios General Employees' Pension Last 10 Fiscal Years** (continued)

		9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014	9/30/2013
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$	821,468 \$	738,499	\$ 751,425 \$	695,764
Interest		4,552,082	4,573,039	4,541,119	4,491,722
Changes of benefit terms		(88,592)	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual					
experience		5,321	(870,999)	-	-
Changes of assumptions		1,589,756	-	-	-
Contributions - Buy Back		11,869	_	4,201	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		•		-	
Employee Contributions		(5,201,251)	(4,192,511)	(5,577,127)	(3,674,232)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,690,653	248,028	(280,382)	1,513,254
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		58,768,777	58,520,749	58,801,131	57,287,877
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	_	60,459,430	58,768,777	58,520,749	58,801,131
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Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - Employer		2,659,078	3,260,781	3,318,730	2,696,739
Contributions - Employee		274,825	234,781	217,529	401,924
Contributions - Buy Back		11,869		4,201	-
Net Investment Income		5,382,430	(10,393)	6,042,957	6,162,982
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		,	(1,111,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , ,
Employee Contributions		(5,201,251)	(4,192,511)	(5,577,127)	(3,674,232)
Administrative Expense		(64,283)	(66,386)	(63,273)	(56,206)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		3,062,668	(773,728)	3,943,017	5,531,207
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		50,218,500	50,992,228	47,049,211	41,518,005
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	_	53,281,168	50,218,500	50,992,228	47,049,212
g (-)	_	00,201,100	00/2:0/000	00///2/220	.,,0.,,2.12
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,178,262 \$	8,550,277	\$ 7,528,521 \$	11,751,919
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of					
the Total Pension Liability		88.13%	85.45%	87.14%	80.01%
Covered Dover!!*	.	10 002 007 ¢	0.700.100	¢0.701.1/0. ¢	0.550.010
Covered Payroll*	\$	10,993,097 \$	9,798,102	\$ 8,701,160 \$	ช,55U, ∠ Iช
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of					
Covered Payroll		65.30%	87.26%	86.52%	137.45%
Cuveleu Fayıvıı		05.50%	01.20%	00.32%	137.43%

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

General Employees' Pension Trust (continued)

Notes to Schedule:

*Information is not available prior to fiscal year 2013.

¹The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/2020, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates fo mortality were changed to the rates used in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for non-special-risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics. Additionally the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50% net of investment-related expenses.

For measurement date 09/30/2018, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following changes:

- 1. The investment return assumption was reduced from 8.00% to 7.75% per year, net of investment-related expenses.
- 2. The assumptions for salary increases, withdrawal, disability, Early Retirement, and Normal Retirement were updated to better align with anticipated future plan experience.

For measurement date 09/30/2016, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System. The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

Changes of benefit terms:

For measurement date 09/30/2016, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms resulted from presuming passage of a proposed ordinance which clarifies that the normal form of payment for the benefit accrued on and after August 23, 2013 is a life annuity instead of a life annuity with the first 120 payments guaranteed. An Impact Statement was submitted for this proposed clarification.

Schedule of Investment Returns General Employees' Pension Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense

2020	3.49%
2019	2.66%
2018	9.14%
2017	14.08%
2016	10.92%
2015	-0.02%
2014	12.97%
2013	14.89%

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

General Employees' Pension Trust (continued)

Schedule of Investment Contributions General Employees' Pension Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		(Contributions in				
			Relation to the				
	Actuarially		Actuarially	Contribution			Contributions as
Fiscal Year	Determined		Determined	Deficiency	Cove	ered Payroll	a Percentage of
Ended	Contribution		Contributions	(Excess)		(1)	Covered Payroll
9/30/2020	\$ 2,295,879	\$	2,295,879	\$ -	\$ 13	3,785,792	16.65%
9/30/2019	2,628,056		2,628,066	(10)	1	2,986,665	20.24%
9/30/2018	2,358,554		2,358,577	(23)	1	2,485,720	18.89%
9/30/2017	2,293,207		2,293,318	(111)	1	1,864,349	19.33%
9/30/2016	2,659,078		2,659,078	-	1	10,993,097	24.19%
9/30/2015	3,260,781		3,260,781	-		9,798,102	33.28%
9/30/2014	3,318,730		3,318,730	-		8,701,160	38.14%
9/30/2013	2,696,739		2,696,739	-		8,550,218	31.54%

^{*}Information is not available prior to fiscal 2013.

¹ The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

General Employees' Pension Trust Notes to Schedules

Valuation Date to calculate actuarially determined contributions: 10/01/2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding Method: Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. The following loads are applied for

determination of the sponsor funding requirement:

Interest - a half year, based on the current 8.0% assumption. Salary - a full year based on the current 5.0% assumption.

Amortization Method: Level percentage of pay, closed. Remaining Amortization Period: 29 Years (as of 10/01/2016).

Asset Valuation Method: Each year, the prior Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward utilizing the

historical geometric 4 year average Market Value return. It is possible that over time this technique will produce insignificant bias above or below Market

Value.

Inflation: 3.0% per year.

Salary Increases: 5.0% per year until the assumed retirement age.

For members eligible for Normal Retirement as of August 26, 2013: Projected salary at retirement is increased 25% to account for non-regular

compensation.

For members not eligible for Normal Retirement as of August 26, 2013 with at least ten (10) years of service as of that date: The projected frozen benefit as of

August 26, 2013 includes a 25% load for the final year included in the

averaging period.

For members with less than ten (10) years of service as of August 26, 2013: No

load is assumed.

Interest Rates: 8% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

Payroll Growth: Up to the actual ten-year average payroll growth; 0% used for the October 1,

2014 valuation.

Retirement Age: Those with at least ten (10) years of service as of August 26, 2013:

Earlier of: 1) age 58 and 7.5 years of service or 2) twenty-eight (28) years of service, regardless of age. Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. Those with less than ten (10) years of service as of August 26, 2013: Earlier of: 1) age 62 and ten (10) years of service or 2) thirty (30) years of service, regardless of age. Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement is assumed to continue employment for one additional year.

Early Retirement: Commencing at eligibility for Early Retirement members are assumed to retire

with an immediate benefit at the rate of 5% per year.

Mortality: RP2000 Combined Healthy Table (sex distinct), projected to valuation date

using scale AA (previously static). Disabled lives are set forward 5 years.

Termination and Disability Rate Tables:

_	Age	%Terminating During the Year	% Becoming Disabled During the Year
	20	38.0%	0.051%
	30	24.0%	0.058%
	40	13.2%	0.121%
	50	7.0%	0.429%



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Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

Police Officers' and Firefighter's Pension Trust

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Last 10 Fiscal Years**

	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 954,126	\$ 935,609	\$ 996,049	\$ 978,374
Interest	5,120,422	4,985,073	4,948,098	4,845,726
Change in excess state money	390,554	-	-	-
Change in benefit terms	-	(16,714)	-	-
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	792,420	265,852	(140,006)	125,344
Changes of assumptions	365,429	-	1,178,390	-
Contribution - Buy Back	-	-	-	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of				
Employee Contributions	(4,526,052)	(4,391,162)	(4,474,998)	(4,899,952)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	3,096,899	1,778,658	2,507,533	1,049,492
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	67,378,861	65,600,203	63,092,670	62,043,178
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	70,475,760	67,378,861	65,600,203	63,092,670
				_
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	1,544,188	1,688,193	1,681,919	1,662,032
Contributions - State	781,108	753,963	724,200	681,740
Contributions - Employee	503,074	478,472	463,439	475,109
Contributions - Buy Back	-	-	-	-
Net Investment Income	4,002,262	1,878,838	5,490,249	7,397,792
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of				
Employee Contributions	(4,526,052)	(4,391,162)	(4,474,998)	(4,899,952)
Administrative Expense	(106,805)	(112,786)	(87,020)	(81,782)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,197,775	295,518	3,797,789	5,234,939
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	62,614,414	62,318,896	58,521,107	53,286,168
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	64,812,189	62,614,414	62,318,896	58,521,107
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 5,663,571	\$ 4,764,447	\$ 3,281,307	\$ 4,571,563
, , , , ,		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of				
the Total Pension Liability	91.96%	92.93%	95.00%	92.75%
the Total Pension Liability	71.70/0	72.73 /0	95.00 /6	72.1370
Covered Payroll*	\$ 7,745,593	\$ 7,319,880	\$ 7,123,928	\$ 6,666,701
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of	ψ 1,140,073	ψ 1,317,000	ψ 1,123,720	φ 0,000,701
Covered Payroll	73.12%	65.09%	46.06%	68.57%
Covereu Fayruii	13.1270	03.07%	40.00%	00.37 //

Police Officers' and Firefighter's Pension Trust (continued)

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Last 10 Fiscal Years**(continued)

		9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014	9/30/2013
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$	937,776 \$	879,893 \$	844,189 \$	781,656
Interest		4,597,357	4,548,755	4,489,894	4,427,655
Change in excess state money		(214,112)	-	-	-
Change in benefit terms		(4,647)	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual					
experience		156,069	(1,094,130)	-	-
Changes of assumptions		1,822,308	-	-	-
Contribution - Buy Back		-	45,901	33,664	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of					
Employee Contributions		(3,999,048)	(3,653,202)	(5,682,176)	(3,305,528)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		3,295,703	727,217	(314,429)	1,903,783
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		58,747,475	58,020,258	58,334,687	56,430,904
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)		62,043,178	58,747,475	58,020,258	58,334,687
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - Employer		1,925,864	2,320,434	2,445,395	2,200,133
Contributions - State		731,350	670,201	724,287	671,213
Contributions - Employee		513,866	495,762	451,474	447,451
Contributions - Buy Back		-	45,901	33,664	-
Net Investment Income		5,588,136	(1,138,997)	5,183,029	5,960,691
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of					
Employee Contributions		(3,999,048)	(3,653,202)	(5,682,176)	(3,305,528)
Administrative Expense		(72,096)	(75,162)	(64,150)	(69,845)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		4,688,072	(1,335,063)	3,091,523	5,904,115
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		48,598,096	49,933,159	46,841,636	40,937,521
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)		53,286,168	48,598,096	49,933,159	46,841,636
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	8,757,010 \$	10,149,379 \$	8,087,099 \$	11,493,051
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of					
the Total Pension Liability		85.89%	82.72%	86.06%	80.30%
and rotal ronsion Elability		00.0770	02.7270	00.0070	00.0070
Covered Payroll*	\$	6,423,341 \$	6,514,768 \$	6,629,574 \$	5,990,707
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of	•	.,.==,, +	-,,	.,==-,=- , +	-,,
Covered Payroll		136.33%	155.79%	121.99%	191.85%
,					

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

Police Officers' and Firefighter's Pension Trust (continued)

Notes to Schedule:

- *Information is not available prior to fiscal year 2013.
- ¹ The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Changes in benefit terms:

For measurement date 09/30/2019, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms resulted from the provisions of Chapter 112.1816, Florida Statutes. The Statutes state that, effective July 1, 2019, a death or disability (under the Plan's definition of total and permanent disability) for a Firefighter due to the diagnosis of cancer or circumstances that arise out of the treatment of cancer will be treated as duty-related.

For measurement date 09/30/2016, amounts reported as change of benefit terms resulted from an Actuarial Impact Statement dated February 10, 2017

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/2018, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the August 20, 2018 experience study. For measurement date 09/30/2016, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees. The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

Schedule of Investment Returns Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense

2020	6.51%
2019	3.06%
2018	9.55%
2017	14.17%
2016	11.65%
2015	-2.27%
2014	11.20%
2013	14.41%

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

Police Officers' and Firefighter's Pension Trust (continued)

Schedule of Investment Contributions Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		(Contributions in			
			Relation to the			
	Actuarially		Actuarially	Contribution		Contributions as
Fiscal Year	Determined		Determined	Deficiency	Covered Payroll	a Percentage of
Ended	Contribution		Contributions	(Excess)	(1)	Covered Payroll
9/30/2020	\$ 2,064,227	\$	1,934,742	\$ 129,485 \$	7,745,593	24.98%
9/30/2019	2,369,493		2,442,156	(72,663)	7,319,880	33.36%
9/30/2018	2,413,269		2,406,119	7,150	7,123,928	33.78%
9/30/2017	2,378,374		2,343,772	34,602	6,666,701	35.16%
9/30/2016	2,544,678		2,657,214	(112,536)	6,423,341	41.37%
9/30/2015	2,990,635		2,990,635	-	6,514,768	45.91%
9/30/2014	3,169,682		3,169,682	-	6,629,574	47.81%
9/30/2013	2,871,346		2,871,346	-	5,990,707	47.93%

^{*}Information is not available prior to fiscal 2013.

¹ The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Notes to Schedules

Valuation Date to calculate actuarially determined contributions: 10/01/2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding Method: Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. The following loads are applied for

determination of the Sponsor funding requirement:

Interest - a half year, based on the current 8.0% assumption. Salary - a full year, based on the current 6.0% assumption.

Amortization Method: Level percentage of pay, closed. Remaining Amortization Period: 29 Years (as of 10/01/2016).

Asset Smoothing Methodology: The Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward using the four-year

geometric average of Market Value returns (net-of-fees). Over time, this may result in a deminis bias that is above or below the Market Value of Assets.

Inflation: 3.0% per year.

Salary Increases: 6.0% per year until the assumed retirement age.

For members eligible for retirement on June 1, 2013:

Projected salary at retirement is increased 25% to account for non-regular

compensation.

Interest Rates: 8.0% per year compounded annually, net of related expenses.

Payroll Growth: 1.5%

Retirement Age: Those with at least ten (10) years of service as of June 1, 2013:

Earlier of: 1) age 55 and (8) years of service or (25) years regardless of age.

Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. Those with less than ten (10) years of service as of June 1, 2013:

Earlier of age 55 and ten (10) years of service or age 52 with twenty-five (25)

vears of service.

Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement is assumed to continued

employment for one additional year.

Early Retirement: Commencing at eligibility for Early Retirement (age 50 with 10 years of service),

members are assumed to retire with an immediate benefit at the rate of 5% per year. The assumption is 2% per year for members who have at least ten (10)

years of service on June 1, 2013.

Mortality: RP2000 (combined healthy with no projection). Disabled lives are set forward 5

years. Based on a study of over 650 public safety funds, this reflects a 10%

margin for future mortality improvements.

Termination and Disability Rate Tables:

Age	%Terminating During the Year	% Becoming Disabled During the Year
20	9.4%	0.14%
30	8.7%	0.19%
40	6.7%	0.32%
50	4.1%	1.10%
52	3.4%	1.31%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	15,068,529	\$	15,068,529	\$	15,337,495	\$	268,966
Local option gas tax		1,092,843		1,092,843		1,098,581		5,738
Utility and franchise taxes		8,857,544		8,857,544		9,069,408		211,864
Intergovernmental		5,604,751		5,770,766		5,750,557		(20,209)
Licenses and permits		430,000		420,000		441,743		21,743
Charges for services		5,530,027		5,658,277		5,924,248		265,971
Fines and forfeitures		174,000		174,000		206,040		32,040
Investment earnings (loss)		90,000		90,000		50,927		(39,073)
Miscellaneous revenue		110,700		54,614		213,433		158,819
Total revenues		36,958,394		37,186,573		38,092,432		905,859
Expenditures								
Current:								
Legislative		83,544		83,544		72,393		11,151
Executive		1,019,637		1,022,406		963,291		59,115
Legal counsel		486,244		486,244		462,074		24,170
Community development		2,226,027		2,098,203		1,628,046		470,157
Public works		3,610,766		3,788,979		3,696,666		92,313
Public Safety:								
Law enforcement		13,027,610		13,352,758		12,983,701		369,057
Fire and emergency services		6,856,827		7,207,443		7,202,773		4,670
Support Services		3,899,828		3,905,952		3,582,793		323,159
General administrative services Debt Service:		4,849,650		8,265,554		4,780,520		3,485,034
Principal		1,251,828		_		1,265,696		(1,265,696)
Interest		98,284		_		79,045		(79,045)
Capital Outlay/Improvements		1,919,668		_		1,688,893		(1,688,893)
Total expenditures	_	39,329,913		40,211,083		38,405,891		1,805,192
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,371,519)		(3,024,510)		(313,459)		2.711.051
'	-	(2,371,317)		(3,024,310)		(313,437)		2,711,031
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in		1 702 400		1 000 254		1 000 254		
		1,702,488		1,990,254		1,990,254		745 242
Transfers out		(1,226,152)		(1,554,190)		(838,877)		715,313
Capital leases	-	1,516,000		1,516,000		1,014,068		(501,932)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	1,992,336	¢	1,952,064		2,165,445	¢	213,381
Net change in fund balance	a	(379,183)	Þ	(1,072,446)	_	1,851,986	\$	2,924,432
Beginning fund balances					_	9,784,906	_	
Ending fund balances					\$	11,636,892	=	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Downtown Community Redevelopment Agency Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$	946,541 \$	946,541	\$ 961,910	\$ 15,369
Investment earnings (loss)		-	-	38,451	38,451
Miscellaneous revenue		-	-	6,081	6,081
Total revenues		946,541	946,541	1,006,442	59,901
Expenditures					
Current:					
Community development		398,852	1,319,440	278,536	1,040,904
Capital Outlay/Improvements		376,150	-	108,023	(108,023)
Total expenditures		775,002	1,319,440	386,559	932,881
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures		171,539	(372,899)	619,883	992,782
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		376,150	1,408,702	-	(1,408,702)
Transfers out		(510,679)	(1,663,231)	(134,529)	1,528,702
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(134,529)	(254,529)	(134,529)	120,000
Net change in fund balances	\$	37,010 \$	(627,428)	485,354	\$ 1,112,782
Beginning fund balances				759,135	
Ending fund balances				\$ 1,244,489	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Reporting For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Note A. Budgetary Process

See Note 3A for an explanation of the budgetary process.

Note B. Basis of Budgeting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") See Note 3A.

Note C. Reconciliation between Budget Basis and GAAP

None required

Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources (other than for major capital projects) that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

Impact Fee Fund – To account for impact fees assessed on all new development within the City, which are restricted to capital acquisitions – roads and streets, public safety and parks – as a result of new growth and development.

Forfeiture/Contraband Fund – To account for confiscated property/revenues. Funds may only be used in accordance with Florida Statutes 932,705.

Community Development Block Grant Fund ("CDBG") – To account for grants received under Title 1 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, Public Law 93-383, which are restricted to finance the City's community development program activities.

Brevard County Home Investment Partnership Program Fund ("HOME") – To account for financial assistance received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for production of affordable housing- as authorized by the National Affordable Housing Act of 1990 and implemented through an interlocal agreement (pursuant to Florida Statute163.01) with Brevard County.

State Housing Initiative Partnership Program Fund ("SHIP") – To account for State grants received under the William E.Sadowski Affordable Housing Act (Florida Statute 420.901 and Rule 91-37 of the Florida Administrative Code) which are used to increase the availability of affordable housing to eligible citizens of Titusville.

Building Inspections Fund - To account for revenue and expenditures generated through building inspections and permits.

Debt Service Funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

General Obligation Bonds Series 2015 – To account for the pledged revenues and debt service on the Series 2015 General Obligation Bonds.

Capital Improvement Series 2017 Fund - To account for the revenue provided by debt for the production of the Titusville Landing project. The expenses will be reimbursed to the City by the North Brevard Economic Development Board.

CRA PIRN Loan 2009 - To account for the debt service on the Public Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2012.

Capital Projects Funds are established to account for resources used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities by the City, except for those financed by proprietary funds.

General Construction Fund – To account for the financing and construction of major capital facilities and improvements other than streets, sidewalks and drainage systems.

Roads and Streets Fund - To account for construction of major capital facility and improvements to roads and streets.

Riverfront Acquisition Fund – To account for the purchase, acquisition and improvement of real property on the Indian River within the City for Public use.



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Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

Special Revenue Funds

	 Impact Fee	Forfeiture/ Contraband	CDBG	НОМЕ	SHIP	Building Inspections
Assets						
Cash	\$ 14,402	\$ 17,645	\$ 15,474	\$ 18,284	\$ 346,849	\$ 203,595
Investments	919,246	130,403	-	-	30,652	-
Receivables, net	 -	-	21,198	37,069	=	<u> </u>
Total assets	 933,648	148,048	36,672	55,353	377,501	203,595
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	-	-	10,623	-	-	40,526
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	34,749
Unearned Revenue	-	-	=	-	61,594	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	 -	-	10,623	-	61,594	75,275
Fund balance						
Restricted	 933,648	148,048	26,049	55,353	315,907	128,320
Total fund balance	 933,648	148,048	26,049	55,353	315,907	128,320
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 933,648	\$ 148,048	\$ 36,672	\$ 55,353	\$ 377,501	\$ 203,595

			Debt Service			_					
_	General Obligation Bond Series 2015	Sond Capital Improv		CRA PIRN 2009			General Construction	Roads and Streets		Riverfront Acquisition	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	45,537	\$	5	\$	2,710	\$	92,653	\$ 19,802	\$	- \$	776,956
	228,782		-		-		203,109	1,199,557		-	2,711,749
	251				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	10,267		-	68,785
_	274,570		5		2,710		295,762	1,229,626		-	3,557,490
	-		-		-		-	37,479		-	88,628
	-		-		-		-	-		-	34,749
	-		-		-		-	-		-	61,594
_	-		-		-		-	37,479		-	184,971
	274,570		5		2,710		295,762	1,192,147		-	3,372,519
	274,570		5		2,710		295,762	1,192,147		-	3,372,519
\$	274,570	\$	5	\$	2,710	\$	295,762	\$ 1,229,626	\$	- \$	3,557,490

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

			Special Re	venue Funds		
	Impact Fee	Forfeiture/ Contraband	CDBG	НОМЕ	SHIP	Building Inspections
Revenues						
Taxes: Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	292,854	43,266	234,855	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	272,034	43,200	234,033	1,110,020
Fines and forfeitures	_	31,020	_	-	-	1,110,020
Investment earnings (loss)	23,092	31,020	_	_	1,359	_
Impact fees	279,892	_		-	1,337	<u>.</u>
Miscellaneous revenue	147	_	8,913	_	3,184	
Total revenues	303,131	31,020	301,767	43,266	239,398	1,110,020
Expenditures	000,101	01,020	001,707	10,200	207,070	1,110,020
Current:						
Community development	_	_	297,197	43,315	238,029	917,000
General administrative services	_	_		-	-	341,003
Public safety	-	32,468	-	-	-	-
Debt service:		, , , , ,				
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay/Improvements		-	-	-	-	
Total expenditures		32,468	297,197	43,315	238,029	1,258,003
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	303,131	(1,448)	4,570	(49)	1,369	(147,983)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	179,665	=	-	-	-	107,250
Transfers out	(303,000)	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(123,335)		-	-	-	107,250
Net change in fund balances	179,796	(1,448)	4,570	(49)	1,369	(40,733)
Beginning fund balances, as restated	753,852	149,496	21,479	55,402	314,538	169,053
Ending fund balances	\$ 933,648	\$ 148,048	\$ 26,049	\$ 55,353	\$ 315,907	\$ 128,320

	Debt Service			Capital Projects		
 General Obligation Bond Series 2015	Capital Improv Bond 2017	CRA PIRN 2009	General Construction	Roads and Streets	Riverfront Acquisition	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 794,196	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	794,196
-	733,649	-	-	=	-	1,304,624
-	=	-	-	-	=	1,110,020
-	-	-	-	-	-	31,020
7,768	-	-	-	-	-	32,219
-	-	-	-	-	-	279,892
 464	-	28	8,956	1,423	-	23,115
 802,428	733,649	28	8,956	1,423	-	3,575,086
						1 405 541
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,495,541 341,003
-	-	-	-	-	-	32,468
613,000	605,000	75,000	-	-	_	1,293,000
69,998	128,649	44,812	_	-	-	243,459
-	-	-	384,150	721,449	-	1,105,599
682,998	733,649	119,812	384,150	721,449	-	4,511,070
 119,430		(119,784)	(375,194)	(720,026)	-	(935,984)
-	-	119,812	21,000	1,013,466	161	1,441,354
 -	-	-	(121,109)	(346,322)	-	(770,431)
 -	-	119,812	(100,109)	667,144	161	670,923
119,430	-	28	(475,303)	(52,882)	161	(265,061)
 155,140	5	2,682	771,065	1,245,029	(161)	3,637,580
\$ 274,570	\$ 5	\$ 2,710	\$ 295,762	\$ 1,192,147	\$ - \$	3,372,519

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances Budget and Actual Impact Fee Annually - Budgeted Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	_	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Investment earnings (loss)	\$	- \$	-	\$	23,092	\$ 23,092
Impact fees		20,000	20,000		279,892	259,892
Miscellaneous revenue		-	-		147	147
Current:						
Total revenues		20,000	20,000		303,131	283,131
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		-	179,665		179,665	-
Transfers out		(303,000)	(303,000)		(303,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(303,000)	(123,335)		(123,335)	-
Net change in fund balance	\$	(283,000) \$	(103,335)	_	179,796	\$ 283,131
Beginning fund balances					753,852	
Ending fund balances				\$	933,648	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances Budget and Actual Forfeiture Contraband Annually - Budgeted Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ - \$	- \$	31,020 \$	31,020
Total revenues	 -	-	31,020	31,020
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public safety	15,000	36,684	32,468	4,216
Total expenditures	15,000	36,684	32,468	4,216
Net change in fund balance	\$ (15,000) \$	(36,684)	(1,448) _\$	35,236
Beginning fund balances			149,496	
Ending fund balances		\$	148,048	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances Budget and Actual CDBG Annually - Budgeted Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ - \$	915,970	\$	292,854	\$	(623,116)
Miscellaneous revenue	-	61,344		8,913		(52,431)
NOT CODED	-	185,292		-		(185,292)
Total revenues	 -	1,162,606		301,767		(860,839)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Community development	 -	657,750		297,197		360,553
Total expenditures	 -	657,750		297,197		360,553
Net change in fund balance	\$ - \$	504,856	_	4,570	\$	(500,286)
Beginning fund balances				21,479		
Ending fund balances			\$	26,049	:	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances Budget and Actual HOME Annually - Budgeted Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Bu	riginal dgeted nounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
		ilouino	rinounts	runounts	(recgative)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	486,308 \$	43,266 \$	(443,042)
Total revenues		•	486,308	43,266	(443,042)
Expenditures					
Current:					
Community development		-	545,376	43,315	502,061
Total expenditures		-	545,376	43,315	502,061
Net change in fund balance	\$	- \$	(59,068)	(49) _\$	59,019
Beginning fund balances				55,402	
Ending fund balances			\$	55,353	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances Budget and Actual SHIP Annually - Budgeted Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	_	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	685,598	\$ 234,855	\$	(450,743)
Investment earnings (loss)		-	523	1,359)	836
Miscellaneous revenue		-	116,552	3,184		(113,368)
Total revenues	_	-	802,673	239,398		(563,275)
Expenditures Current:						
Community development		-	507,468	238,029		269,439
Total expenditures		-	507,468	238,029)	269,439
Net change in fund balance	\$	- \$	295,205	1,369	\$	(293,836)
Beginning fund balances				314,538		
Ending fund balances				\$ 315,907	=	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances Budget and Actual Building Inspections Annually - Budgeted Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Licenses and permits	\$ 700,000 \$	710,000	\$	1,110,020 \$	400,020
Total revenues	700,000	710,000		1,110,020	400,020
Expenditures					
Community development	872,903	1,320,576		917,000	403,576
General administrative services	342,783	342,783		341,003	1,780
Total expenditures	 1,215,686	1,663,359		1,258,003	405,356
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (515,686)	(953,359)		(147,983)	805,376
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	 515,686	822,563		107,250	(715,313)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 515,686	822,563		107,250	(715,313)
Net change in fund balance	\$ - \$	(130,796)	_	(40,733) \$	90,063
Beginning fund balances				169,053	
Ending fund balances			\$	128,320	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
General Obligation Bond Series 2015 Debt Service
Annually - Budgeted Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 682,998	\$ 682,998	\$	794,196	\$ 111,198
Investment earnings (loss)	-	-		7,768	7,768
Miscellaneous revenue	 -	-		464	464
Total revenues	 682,998	682,998		802,428	119,430
Expenditures					
General administrative services	-	682,998		-	682,998
Principal	613,000	-		613,000	(613,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	 69,998	-		69,998	(69,998)
Total expenditures Net change in	 682,998	 682,998		682,998	-
fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	=	119,430	\$ 119,430
Beginning fund balances				155,140	
Ending fund balances			\$	274,570	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Improv Bond 2017 Debt Service Annually - Budgeted Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 778,649	\$ 778,649	\$	733,649	\$ (45,000)
Total revenues	778,649	778,649		733,649	(45,000)
Expenditures					
Community development	-	733,649		-	733,649
Principal .	605,000	-		605,000	(605,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	 128,649	-		128,649	(128,649)
Total expenditures	 733,649	733,649		733,649	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000	_	-	\$ (45,000)
Beginning fund balances Ending fund balances				<u>5</u>	
Enuling lunu balances			D	3	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual CRA PIRN 2009 Debt Service Annually - Budgeted Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Miscellaneous revenue	\$ - \$	-	\$	28	\$ 28
Total revenues	 -	-		28	28
Expenditures					
Community development	-	119,812		-	119,812
Principal	75,000	-		75,000	(75,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	 44,812	-		44,812	(44,812)
Total expenditures	 119,812	119,812		119,812	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	 (119,812)	(119,812)		(119,784)	28
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	119,812	119,812		119,812	-
Total other financing sources	119,812	119,812		119,812	-
Net change in					
fund balances	\$ - \$	-	=	28	\$ 28
Beginning fund balances				2,682	
Ending fund balances			\$	2,710	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
General Construction Capital Projects Fund
Annually - Budgeted Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Miscellaneous revenue	\$ -	\$ - :	\$ 8,956	\$	8,956
Total revenues	 -	-	8,956		8,956
Expenditures					
Current:					
Community development	-	670,959	-		670,959
Capital Outlay/Improvements	-	-	384,150		(384,150)
Total expenditures	 -	670,959	384,150		286,809
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 	(670,959)	(375,194)		295,765
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-	21,000	21,000		-
Transfers out	-	(121,109)	(121,109)		-
Total other financing sources (uses):	-	(100,109)	(100,109)		-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (771,068)	(475,303)	\$	295,765
Beginning fund balances			771,065		
Ending fund balances		:	\$ 295,762	•	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Roads and Streets Capital Projects Fund Annually - Budgeted Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Miscellaneous revenue	\$ -	\$ (29,327)	\$ 1,423	\$ 30,750
Total revenues	 -	(29,327)	1,423	30,750
Expenditures				
Current:				
Community development	-	1,224,447	-	1,224,447
Debt Service:				
Capital Outlay/Improvements	 1,013,466	-	721,449	(721,449)
Total expenditures	 1,013,466	1,224,447	721,449	502,998
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (1,013,466)	(1,253,774)	(720,026)	533,748
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	1,013,466	1,013,466	1,013,466	-
Transfers out	-	(346,322)	(346,322)	-
Total other financing sources (uses):	 1,013,466	667,144	667,144	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (586,630)	(52,882)	\$ 533,748
Beginning fund balances			 1,245,029	
Ending fund balances			\$ 1,192,147	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Riverfront Acquisition Capital Projects Fund Annually - Budgeted Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	\$ - \$	161 \$	161 \$	<u>-</u> _
Total other financing sources (uses):	 -	161	161	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ - \$	161	161 <u>\$</u>	-
Beginning fund balances			(161)	
Ending fund balances		<u>\$</u>	-	



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Internal Service Funds September 30, 2020

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of centralized services to City departments on a cost-reimbursement basis (including depreciation).

Fleet - To account for the cost of operating a maintenance facility for automotive equipment used by other City departments/divisions.

Information Technology - To account for data processing operations and the cost of computer services used by other City departments/divisions.

Self-Insured Dental - To account for the accumulation of resources to be used for group dental coverage for City employees and their dependents.

Self-Insured Loss Fund - To account for various lines of property and liability coverage.

Fully Insured Health - To account for health benefits as provided by Connecticut General Life Insurance Co. ("CIGNA").

Partially Self-Insured Health – To account for the accumulation of resources to be used for group health coverage for City employees and their dependents as a cost savings measure.

Health Clinic – To account for cost savings measures to reduce the health program costs for the City by providing an operational health clinic those employees can visit during working hours.

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds September 30, 2020

		Fleet		Information Technology	Self-Insured Dental		Self-Insured Loss Fund
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	21,182	\$	29,308	\$ 2,346	\$	(145,718)
Investments		92,043		161,139	353,593		2,141,248
Receivables, net		3,106		2,788	-		6,484
Inventories		96,437		-	-		-
Current Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		-			<u> </u>		100,000
Total current assets		212,768		193,235	355,939		2,102,014
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets:							
Buildings and Improvements		104,206		-	-		-
Improvements Other than Buildings		148,542		-	-		-
Furniture and Equipment		255,193		3,396,223	-		-
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(403,895)		(2,237,830)	-		<u> </u>
Total capital assets (net of accumulated							
depreciation)		104,046		1,158,393	-		
Total noncurrent assets		104,046		1,158,393	-		-
Total assets		316,814		1,351,628	355,939		2,102,014
Deferred outflows of resources							
Deferred Pension Outflow		95,897		140,388	_		_
Deferred OPEB Outflow		302,389		33,643	_		_
Total deferred outflows of resources		398,286		174,031	_		-
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts Payable		87,180		31,245	9,064		3,441
Accrued Payroll Liabilities		28,110		40,596	,,oo :		-
Contracts Payable		-		-	_		8,842
Self-Insured Claims Payable		_		-	100,351		1,313,000
Capital Leases Payable		_		352,604	-		-
Compensated Absences		9,345		12,743	-		-
Total current liabilities	·	124,635		437,188	109,415		1,325,283
Noncurrent liabilities:		.,					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Noncurrent Compensated Absences		42,915		112,422	-		-
Net OPEB Liability		1,881,473		209,326	-		-
Long-Term Capital Leases Payable		-		179,986	-		-
Net Pension Liability		155,207		227,215	-		-
Total liabilities		2,204,230		1,166,137	109,415		1,325,283
Deferred inflows of resources							
Deferred OPEB Inflow		101,772		11,323	-		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		101,772		11,323			
Net Position		101,772		11,020			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		104,046		43E 003			
Unrestricted		(1,694,948)		625,803 (277,604)	246,524		- 776,731
Total net position	¢		¢			¢	
rotarnet position	\$	(1,590,902)	Þ	348,199	\$ 246,524	\$	776,731

	Fully Insured Health				Health Clinic		Total
\$	87,680	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(5,202)
Ψ	51,060	Ψ	2,601,667	Ψ	132,271	Ψ	5,533,021
	-		894		-		13,272
	_		-		_		96,437
	-		117,000		-		217,000
	138,740		2,719,561		132,271		5,854,528
	-		-		-		104,206
	-		-		-		148,542
	-		-		-		3,651,416
	-		-		•		(2,641,725)
	-		_		-		1,262,439
	-		-		_		1,262,439
_	138,740		2,719,561		132,271		7,116,967
			, , , , ,				
	-		-		-		236,285
	-		-		-		336,032
	-		-		-		572,317
	1,590		364		_		132,884
	· -		-		-		68,706
	-		69,201		-		78,043
	-		602,000		-		2,015,351
	-		-		-		352,604
	-		-		-		22,088
	1,590		671,565		-		2,669,676
	-		-		-		155,337
	-		-		-		2,090,799
	-		-		-		179,986
	-		-		-		382,422
	1,590		671,565		-		5,478,220
			_				113,095
_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		113,075
	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		113,073
	-		-		-		729,849
	137,150		2,047,996		132,271		1,368,120
\$	137,150	\$	2,047,996	\$	132,271	\$	2,097,969

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Fleet	Information Technology	Self-Insured Dental	Self-Insured Loss Fund
Operating revenues:					
Charges for sales and services	\$	2,780,740	\$ 2,502,803 \$	362,950	\$ 1,750,299
Claims settlements	-		-	- 0/0.050	176,591
Total operating revenue		2,780,740	2,502,803	362,950	1,926,890
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and employee benefits		683,736	894,290	-	-
Supplies and materials		1,971,012	69,550	-	690
Contract services		-	28,953	42,865	91,681
Other services and charges		416,988	1,068,181	295,341	1,926,142
Depreciation		17,582	331,601	-	-
Total operating expenses		3,089,318	2,392,575	338,206	2,018,513
Operating income (loss)		(308,578)	110,228	24,744	(91,623)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Investment earnings		-	-	-	64,598
Miscellaneous		294	20	355	-
Intergovernmental revenue		-	2,784	-	-
Interest expense		-	(21,974)	-	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		1,255	(32,646)	-	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		1,549	(51,816)	355	64,598
Change in net position		(307,029)	58,412	25,099	(27,025)
Total net position - beginning, restated		(1,283,873)	289,787	221,425	803,756
Total net position - end	\$	(1,590,902)	\$ 348,199 \$	246,524	\$ 776,731

	Fully Insured Health	Partially Self-Insured Health	Health Clinic	Total
_	House	House	Trouter Cinno	. O.u.
\$	924,726	\$ 5,932,320	\$ 317,289	\$ 14,571,127 176,591
_	924,726	5,932,320	317,289	14,747,718
	_	_	_	1,578,026
	-	-	-	2,041,252
	6,916	189,915	392,593	752,923
	866,742	5,872,538	-	10,445,932
	-	-	-	349,183
	873,658	6,062,453	392,593	15,167,316
_	51,068	(130,133)	(75,304)	(419,598)
	-	-	-	64,598
	-	201,757	-	202,426
	-	-	-	2,784
	-	-	-	(21,974)
	-	-	-	(31,391)
_	-	201,757	-	216,443
	51,068	71,624	(75,304)	(203,155)
	86,082	1,976,372	207,575	2,301,124
\$	137,150	\$ 2,047,996	\$ 132,271	\$ 2,097,969

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Fleet	Information Technology	Self-Insured Dental	Self-Insured Loss Fund
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 2,777,736	\$ 2,577,940	\$ 363,000	\$ 2,295,564
Cash paid to employees	(712,120)	(861,412)	-	-
Cash paid to suppliers	(2,364,344)	(1,671,167)	(330,604)	(1,938,822)
Other receipts	294	20	355	-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(298,434)	45,381	32,751	356,742
Cash flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Intergovernmental grant proceeds		2,784		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	-	2,784	-	-
Cash flows from Capital and related Financing Activities				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	1,256	(236,037)	-	-
Principal payments of long-term debt	-	(1,401,082)	-	-
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	-	1,058,080	-	-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	1,256	(579,039)	-	-
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest received	-	-	-	48,114
Purchase of investment	-	-	(100,000)	(698,116)
Sale of investment	318,360	343,752	-	-
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	318,360	343,752	(100,000)	(650,002)
Net Increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	21,182	(187,122)	(67,249)	(293,260)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		216,430	69,595	247,542
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,182	\$ 29,308	\$ 2,346	\$(45,718)
Cook and cook or invalents alocalised on				
Cash and cash equivalents classified as: Unrestricted	\$ 21,182	\$ 29,308 \$	2,346 \$	(145,718)
Restricted	3 21,102	\$ 27,300 I	2,340 p	100,000
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,182	¢ 20.200 ¢	2,346 \$	
Total Cash and Cash equivalents	\$ Z1,10Z	\$ 29,308 \$	2,340 \$	(45,718)
Reconciliation of operating (loss) income to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Operating income(loss)	\$(308,578)	\$ 110,228	\$ 24,744	\$(91,623)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	. (
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation	17,582	331,601	_	_
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)	294	20	355	_
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	(3,004)	75,137	50	368,674
Imventories	(3,061)	-	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	26,717	(504,483)	(1,017)	(1,309)
Compensated absences	13,744	34,128	-	-
Claims payable			8,619	81,000
Net Pension liability	(9,116)	1,028	· -	· -
Net OPEB liability	(33,012)	(2,278)	-	-
Total Adjustments	10,144	(64,847)	\$ 8,007	\$ 448,365
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(298,434)		32,751	356,742
	, , , , , ,	,		-,
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:				
Change in fair value of investments	\$(318,360)	\$(343,752)	\$ 100,000	\$ 714,600
		•		

Fully Insured Health	Partially Self-Insured Health	Health Clinic	Total
\$ 924,726	5,931,780	\$ 317,289	\$ 15,188,035
Ψ 724,720	5,751,700	Ψ 317,207	(1,573,532)
(903,692)	(6,129,403)	(392,593)	(13,730,625)
-	201,757	-	202,426
21,034	4,134	(75,304)	86,304
	-	-	2,784
	-	-	2,784
			(004 704)
-	-	-	(234,781)
-	-	-	(1,401,082) 1,058,080
	-	-	(577,783)
-	-	-	(377,763)
-	_	-	48,114
-	(4,134)	-	(802,250)
-	-	75,304	737,416
-	(4,134)	75,304	(16,720)
21,034	-	-	(505,415)
66,646	117,000	<u>-</u>	717,213
\$ 87,680	\$ 117,000	\$ -	\$ 211,798
			41
87,680	-	-	(5,202)
- 07 /00	117,000	-	\$ 217,000
87,680	117,000	-	\$ 211,798
51,068	(130,133)	(75,304)	(419,598)
			240 102
-	- 201 757	-	349,183 202,426
-	201,757	-	202,420
-	(540)	_	440,317
-	-	-	(3,061)
(30,034)	(66,950)	-	(577,076)
-	-	-	47,872
-	-	-	89,619
-	-	-	(8,088)
<u> </u>		-	(35,290)
(30,034)	134,267	-	505,902
21,034	4,134	(75,304)	86,304
	4 1 2 4	/7E 204\	£ 014
	4,134	(75,304)	6,014

Other Supplemental Information September 30, 2020

Agency Funds

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Performance Bonds									
		Balance			Balance					
	Se	ptember 30,			September 30,					
		2019	Additions	Deductions	-					
Assets										
Cash	\$	400,554 \$	180,762 \$	174,385 \$	406,931					
Total Assets		400,554	180,762	174,385	406,931					
Liabilities										
Deposits held in Custody for others		400,554	180,762	174,385	406,931					
Total Liabilities	\$	400,554 \$	180,762 \$	174,385 \$	406,931					



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Statistical Section

This part of the City of Titusville, Florida's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Pages</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	155-159
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax, and the municipal sales tax.	160-164
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	165-169
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	170-171
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	172-175
Secondary Market Disclosure The City of Titusville is required to provide ongoing disclosure for its holders of Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010. Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year September 30, 2020.	176-179

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the relevant fiscal year. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that fiscal year.



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City of Titusville, Florida
Schedule 1 - Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

				Fisc	Fiscal Year					
	2020	2019	2018	2017*	2016	2015**	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 54,987,825 4,626,485 (33,568,913)	\$ 54,435,616 4,497,731 (35,188,687)	\$ 51,637,754 3,671,117 (40,271,546)	\$ 50,852,623 5,538,066 (46,561,152)	\$ 54,951,652 5,660,781 (10,200,449)	\$ 51,072,498 5,758,186 (9,257,410)	\$ 49,475,070 6,566,912 5,798,714	\$ 46,883,144 7,368,140 6,560,789	\$ 45,356,791 9,337,169 5,559,063	\$ 45,094,612 10,094,003 6,631,319
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 26,045,397	\$ 23,744,660	\$ 15,037,325	\$ 9,829,537	\$ 50,411,984	\$ 47,573,274	\$ 61,840,696	\$ 60,812,073	\$ 60,253,023	\$ 61,819,934
Business-Type Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 63,396,871 254,231 22,003,752	\$ 59,138,117 267,802 19,332,034	\$ 55,083,599 284,046 16,421,187	\$ 51,973,123 302,986 14,760,301	\$ 50,397,886 317,727 30,866,489	\$ 48,047,333 338,038 29,212,802	\$ 43,639,537 2,452,850 31,675,735	\$ 41,594,206 2,674,646 30,812,872	\$ 43,460,824 2,072,578 28,026,303	\$ 38,892,756 6,052,327 26,593,402
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 85,654,854	\$ 78,737,953	\$ 71,788,832	\$ 67,036,410	\$ 81,582,102	\$ 77,598,173	\$ 77,768,122	\$ 75,081,724	\$ 73,559,705	\$ 71,538,485
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 118,384,696 4,880,716 (11,565,161)	\$ 113,573,733 4,765,533 (15,856,653)	\$ 106,721,353 3,955,163 (23,850,359)	\$ 102,825,746 5,841,052 (31,800,851)	\$ 105,349,538 5,978,508 20,666,040	\$ 99,119,831 6,096,224 19,955,392	\$ 93,114,607 9,019,762 37,474,449	\$ 88,477,350 10,042,786 37,373,661	\$ 88,817,615 11,409,747 33,585,366	\$ 83,987,368 16,146,330 33,224,721
Total Net Position	\$ 111,700,251 \$ 102,482,61	\$ 102,482,613	\$ 86,826,157	\$ 76,865,947	\$ 131,994,086	\$ 125,171,447	\$ 139,608,818	\$ 135,893,797	\$ 133,812,728	\$ 133,358,419

*Note the decrease in Net Positon is due to implementation of GASB 75 and City's policy changes for retiree health care.

^{**}Note the decrease in Net Position is due to implementation of GASB 68 and the City's changes for pensions.

City of Titusville Florida
Schedule 2 - Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Yea	/ear				
1	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Charace for Conings:										
General Administrative	\$	\$ 537,094	\$	\$ 2,372,680	\$ 3,588,417	\$ 3,956,986	\$ 3,497,639	\$ 3,262,044	\$ 3,442,739	\$ 3,275,826
Public Safety Dublic Mode	991,839	1,016,316	997,183	684,559	776,506	588,621	527,916	543,183	532,621	570,601
Public Works	40,910	10,642	94,090	, 200 040	- 286 700	137 067	113 746	104 640	c C	•
Opmeninity Development	1 576 960	1,391	1 447 903	1 730 201	1 327 600	150,751	1 033 275	011,049	28/ 17/	785 508
Operating Create and Contributions	1,070,900	1,700,000	1,447,903	1,7 39,291	680,126,1	1,11,193	0.72,000,1	000,118	004,174 1 648 012	1 270 802
Operating Status and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	1,406.321	2.030.003	373.716	652.698	3.194.258	591.307	1.675.702	30.958	154.499	950.335
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	\$ 5,780,605	\$ 6,934,900	\$ 4,944,126	\$ 7,123,136	\$ 10,162,751	\$ 7,456,657	\$ 8,085,942	\$ 7,075,983	\$ 6,662,081	\$ 6,953,162
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services: Water/Sewer Utility	\$ 23.705.357	\$ 23.058.725	\$ 22,939,943	\$ 22,022,657	\$ 21,451,871	\$ 20,728,148	\$ 20,166,475	\$ 19.512.508	\$ 19.266.027	\$ 19.252.970
Solid Waste System	5,049,458	4,846,476	4,677,036	4,472,488	4,223,943	4,275,839	4,320,466	4,059,381	4,267,136	4,626,040
J Municipal Marina	1,249,887	1,319,937	1,201,864	1,157,687	911,231	894,958	1,059,994	1,074,298	1,004,520	1,060,283
Stormwater Utility	2,670,201	2,550,893	2,722,494	2,528,604	2,461,608	2,413,480	2,379,810	2,369,051	2,381,092	2,277,298
	709,772	1,680,402	1,087,087	•	1	•	1	1	•	3,972
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,121,048	705,947	831,266	704,285	2,221,174	429,306	376,472	457,678	1,486,650	400,104
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	\$ 34,505,723	\$ 34,162,380	\$ 33,459,690	\$ 30,885,721	\$ 31,269,827	\$ 28,741,731	\$ 28,303,217	\$ 27,472,916	\$ 28,405,425	\$ 27,620,667
Total Covernment Dingram Bayanuas	\$ 40 286 328	\$ 41 097 280	\$ 38 A03 816	\$ 38 008 857	¢ 11 139 578	¢ 36 108 388	¢ 36 380 150	\$ 31 518 800	\$ 35 067 506	\$ 37 573 879
	440,200,320	007, 160,14 ¢	010,000,000 ¢	100,000,00 ¢	0 10,704,14 \$	9 00,000 ¢	9 50,509,139	4,040,033	000, 100,00 \$	4 04,01 0,029
Expenses Governmental Activities:										
Legislative	\$ 80,467	\$ 60,968	\$ 55,138	\$ 77,155	\$ 68,246	\$ 69,301	\$ 62,698	\$ 60,891	\$ 66,184	\$ 60,124
Executive	977,617	1,020,028	971,371	1,093,220	901,634	870,317	1,220,863	1,123,711	971,969	998,729
Legal Counsel	462,074	502,691	478,511	514,173	433,632	385,562	382,983	388,022	334,304	342,187
Community Development	3,985,580	3,762,343	3,712,123	3,738,409	4,089,732	3,385,671	3,103,216	4,116,151	3,926,273	3,669,445
Public Works	5,262,205	3,569,096	3,245,500	3,663,000	3,693,211	2,745,407	2,891,833	2,531,435	2,796,167	3,022,985
Public Safety	22,173,029	18,106,979	17,128,416	22,514,517	18,428,899	17,027,210	17,286,390	18,248,965	17,683,764	17,488,239
Support Services	3,303,871	3,399,598	3,464,954	3,846,468	3,925,823	3,567,122	2,975,303	2,865,875	2,634,676	2,868,959
General Administrative	664,980	963,862	1,068,191	5,817,554	4,444,741	4,961,895	4,207,782	3,603,528	3,913,496	3,607,083
Interest on long-term debt	307,260	339,788	452,808	423,457	250,221	490,409	311,300	463,453	609,877	553,753
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$ 37,217,083	\$ 31,725,353	\$ 30,577,012	\$ 41,687,953	\$ 36,236,139	\$ 33,502,894	\$ 32,442,368	\$ 33,402,031	\$ 32,936,710	\$ 32,611,504
Business-Type Activities:					:					
Water/Sewer Utility	\$ 19,322,361	\$ 19,264,281	\$ 19,932,981	\$ 18,572,285	\$ 18,501,812	\$ 18,236,685	\$ 18,012,973	\$ 17,476,523	\$ 17,705,551	\$ 16,635,848
Solid Waste System	5,274,737	4,633,032	5,264,382	4,905,446	4,713,042	4,422,132	4,418,196	4,293,769	4,782,562	4,601,093
Municipal Marina	1,279,906	1,278,431	1,038,877	1,054,554	998,834	1,058,699	1,207,676	1,186,744	1,091,664	1,245,028
Stormwater Utility	2,641,371	2,290,323	2,020,340	2,262,651	2,035,386	1,891,378	1,801,318	1,865,072	2,638,085	1,690,681
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	\$ 28,518,375	\$ 27,466,067	\$ 28,256,580	\$ 26,794,936	\$ 26,249,074	\$ 25,608,894	\$ 25,440,163	\$ 24,822,108	\$ 26,217,862	\$ 24,172,650
Total Government Expenses	\$ 65,735,458	\$ 59,191,420	\$ 58,833,592	\$ 68,482,889	\$ 62,485,213	\$ 59,111,788	\$ 57,882,531	\$ 58,224,139	\$ 59,154,572	\$ 56,784,154

City of Titusville, Florida
Schedule 2 - Changes in Net Position (continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year					
!	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$(31,436,478) 5,987,348	\$(24,790,453) 6,696,313	\$(25,632,886) 5,203,110	\$(34,564,817) 4,090,785	\$(26,073,388) 5,020,753	\$(26,046,237) 3,132,837	\$(24,356,426) 2,863,054	\$(26,326,048) 2,650,808	\$(26,274,629) 2,187,563	\$(25,658,342) 3,448,017
Total Governmental Net Expenses	\$(25,449,130)	\$(18,094,140)	\$(20,429,776)	\$(30,474,032)	\$(21,052,635)	\$(22,913,400)	\$(21,493,372)	\$(23,675,240)	\$(24,087,066)	\$(22,210,325)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Property taxes Local option gas tax Utility and franchise taxes Intergovernmental shared revenue	\$ 17,093,601 1,098,581 9,069,408 4,779,657	\$ 16,059,562 1,173,179 9,147,941 4,892,671	\$ 14,309,785 966,174 9,360,451 4,224,693	\$ 12,999,764 1,185,532 8,785,489 6,066,481	\$ 12,502,147 1,072,899 8,640,128 4,300,071	\$ 11,719,825 1,036,494 8,766,066 4,799,583	\$ 11,171,994 919,352 8,539,831 3,837,111	\$ 10,676,406 969,484 8,515,529 4,675,341	\$ 10,442,608 1,060,039 8,496,299 3,511,077	\$ 11,566,134 846,739 8,540,437 3,364,937
Investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers	186,195 211,132 1,687,771	78,381 163,954 1,721,663	126,327 171,239 1,682,005	114,824 117,284 2,080,049	136,352 682,420 1,578,081	241,867 1,390,810 430,737	(44,612) 537,388 423,985	157,338 1,064,994 826,006	647,757 685,629 (135,691)	308,964 483,601 407,698
5 Votal Governmental Activities	\$ 34,126,345	\$ 33,237,351	\$ 30,840,674	\$ 31,349,423	\$ 28,912,098	\$ 28,385,382	\$ 25,385,049	\$ 26,885,098	\$ 24,707,718	\$ 25,518,510
Business-Type Activities: Intergovernmental shared revenue Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$- 1,933,555 683,769	\$ - 1,889,197 85,278	\$- 887,567 343,746	\$ 365,125 646,178 344,540	\$ 3,821 372,001 165,435	\$- 457,664 140,564	\$- 178,680 68,649	385,778	\$- 522,934 51,982	\$ 28,100 390,091 1,879
Special Item: Valuation adjustment Transfers	(1,687,771)	(1,721,663)	(1,682,005)	(2,080,049)	(1,578,081)	(430,737)	(423,985)	(826,006)	135,691	(407,698)
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 929,553	\$ 252,812	\$(450,692)	\$(724,206)	\$(1,036,824)	\$ 167,491	\$(176,656)	\$(440,228)	\$ 710,607	\$ 12,372
Total Government	\$ 35,055,898	\$ 33,490,163	\$ 30,389,982	\$ 30,625,217	\$ 27,875,274	\$ 28,552,873	\$ 25,208,393	\$ 26,444,870	\$ 25,418,325	\$ 25,530,882
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,689,867 6,916,901	\$ 8,446,898 6,949,125	\$ 5,207,788 4,752,419	\$(3,215,394) 3,199,222	\$ 2,838,710 3,983,929	\$ 2,339,145 3,300,328	\$ 1,028,623 2,686,398	\$ 559,050 2,210,580	\$(1,566,911) 2,898,170	\$(139,832) 3,460,389
Total Government Change in Net Position	\$ 9,606,768	\$ 15,396,023	\$ 9,960,207	\$(16,172)	\$ 6,822,639	\$ 5,639,473	\$ 3,715,021	\$ 2,769,630	\$ 1,331,259	\$ 3,320,557

City of Titusville, Florida
Schedule 3 - Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year					
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Fund										
Reserved	- \$	-	\$	\$	\$	s	÷	\$	- S	\$
Non-Spendable	52,755	62,371	89,183	11,233	21,243	13,637	1,992	9,742	14,959	6,105
Restricted	121,048	269,908	192,589	233,673	216,116	188,115	155,054	175,420	585,668	581,370
Committed	6,273,931	6,213,575	5,810,774	4,951,732	4,931,532	5,312,635	5,060,285	5,060,285	5,057,410	4,816,060
Assigned	25,322	179,701	205,276	180,122	58,318	365,121	249,942	44,402	32,101	38,924
Unassigned Unreserved	5,163,836	3,228,404	2,099,959	327,667	2,240,409	3,019,978	2,232,156	2,912,046	356,962	1,997,809
Total General Fund	\$ 11,636,892	\$ 9,953,959	\$ 8,397,781	\$ 5,704,427	\$ 7,467,618	\$ 8,899,486	\$ 7,699,429	\$ 8,201,895	\$ 6,047,100	\$ 7,440,268
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved	\$	- -	\$	÷	\$	- - -	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-Spendable	•	•		•	•	•		622,633	752,246	371,259
Restricted	4,617,008	4,227,823	3,478,186	5,166,096	5,114,333	5,515,564	6,250,413	7,046,518	8,753,135	9,512,633
Unassigned		(161)				(15,603)	(31,876)	(170,586)		
Total All Other Govemmental Funds	\$ 4,617,008	\$ 4,227,662	\$ 3,478,186	\$ 5,166,096	\$ 5,114,333	\$ 5,499,961	\$ 6,218,537	\$ 7,498,565	\$ 9,505,381	\$ 10,252,442
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 16,253,900	\$ 14,181,621	\$ 11,875,967	\$ 10,870,523	\$ 12,581,951	\$ 14,399,447	\$ 13,917,966	\$ 15,700,460	\$ 15,552,481	\$ 17,692,710

City of Titusville, FloridaSchedule 4 - Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	0000	0700	0,000	1700	2000	7.400	7 700	0700	0,00	7700
	2020	2019	2018	701/	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Kevenues Property tax	\$ 17 093 601	\$ 16 059 562	\$ 14 309 785	\$ 11 487 418	\$ 12 502 147	\$ 11 719 825	\$ 11 171 994	\$ 10 676 406	\$ 10 442 608	¢ 11 566 134
l operty tax	1 098 581	1 173 179	966 174	1 185 532	1 072 899	1 036 494	919.352	969,484	1,060,039	846 739
Hility and franchise taxes	00,000,0	0 1 1 7 0 4 1	0 360 451	200,001	8 640 128	9 766 066	8 530 831	8 515 530	8 406 200	8 540 A37
y and manchise taxes	3,009,400	147,741	0,000,40	0,100,100	0,040,120	0,700,000	0,00,00	0,010,00	6,430,433	0,040,40
ıntergoverninental	1,000,101	0,100,917	0,289,520	4,924,030	0,021,740	0,374,193	0,014,000	0,970,090	9,527,574	0,072,449
Licenses and permits	1,551,763	1,917,929	1,567,410	1,705,748	1,281,937	1,141,829	1,006,678	896,229	863,182	/64,06/
Charges for services	5,924,248	5,233,550	4,301,555	4,439,720	4,341,592	4,426,260	3,934,975	3,502,775	3,671,417	3,657,020
Fines and forfeitures	237.060	226.732	496,413	282.275	355.892	291.674	231.098	422.372	324,970	210.848
nvestment earnings	121,597	22.084	118.641	99,073	122,276	184.271	(7,902)	130,557	584,769	260,651
Miscellaneous	070 620	352 554	341 979	331 217	360 545	1 023 940	496 535	1 175 055	1 203 391	13 207
miscellalicous miscellalicous	270,272	102,00	0.00,-10	4,	80,000	74 140	40,000	000,000	790,80	183.601
מכו ופפא	760,672	#21,101 # 40,400,720	c	' 070	0	41,102	0	0	707'07	403,001
l otal Kevenues	\$ 42,673,960	\$ 42,409,572	\$ 38,181,541	\$ 33,241,310	\$ 36,788,997	\$ 35,005,716	\$ 32,849,946	\$ 32,290,097	\$ 32,002,316	\$ 32,015,153
Expenditures										
Legislative	\$ 72,393	\$ 72,888	\$ 70,629	\$ 65,233	\$ 58,888	\$ 60,434	\$ 59,497	54,397	63,570	56,126
Fxecutive	963 291	971 631	940 270	924 681	840,114	796 335	1,158,533	1 003 882	930,817	932,318
	162,034	162,554	445,564	100,120	407,005	250,230	262,027	346,000,	210,276	240,422
al courser	402,074	100,004	100,000	454,925	60,704	928,128	009,430	340,040	0/0,010	0.19,400
General administrative services	5,121,523	4,524,983	4,302,908	4,889,996	4,479,120		4,010,035	3,313,482	3,734,265	3,367,231
Community development	3,402,123	3,677,157	3,498,702	2,458,018	3,119,287	7,859,074	2,940,001	3,902,333	3,825,962	3,504,215
Public works	3 696 666	3 400 409	3 156 957	3 096 985	2 755 122	2 519 256	2 743 854	2 261 490	2 614 815	2 821 972
Public safety	20 218 942	19 778 319	19,068,358	18 581 072	17 537 423	16 520 680	16 403 815	16.315.530	17 228 841	16 340 757
illo dalloty	20,017,03	0,0,0,0	0,000,000	2,00,00,01	2,100,7	0,020,000	0,000,0	20,000	9097000	0,010,01
Support services	3,302,733	2,050,012	3,401,133	7,20,02,0	7,991,111	777,11,7	0,000,000	4,202,104	2,394,030	7,444,010
Debt service:	1									
Principal	2,558,696	2,404,151	1,586,078	746,801	1,236,969	1,550,204	1,424,934	2,189,831	1,189,679	1,117,231
Interest and fiscal charges	322,504	346,970	328,869	38,127	192,141	412,449	399,907	472,249	501,240	560,316
Other			•	200	•	•	•	•	•	
Capital outlay	2,902,515	4,283,444	4,309,685	1,989,413	5,377,859	2,818,771	3,977,310	1,500,974	1,261,347	2,263,281
Total Expenditures	\$ 43,303,520	\$ 43,454,115	\$ 41,109,170	\$ 36,478,776	\$ 38,995,129	\$ 35,668,154	\$ 35,988,186	\$ 33,642,918	\$ 34,063,548	\$ 33,727,690
Cycons of Doyconion										
over (Under) Expenditures	\$(629,560)	\$(1,044,543)	\$(2,927,629)	\$(3,237,466)	\$(2,206,132)	\$(662,438)	\$(3,138,240)	\$(1,352,821)	\$(2,061,232)	\$(1,712,537)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers In	3 431 608	\$ 3,634,895	\$ 2,104,539	\$ 1,284,706	\$ 3,310,889	\$ 3,197,670	\$ 2,811,747	\$ 2.019.051	\$ 1,512,125	\$ 1,750,773
Transfers Out	(1 743 837)	(1 930 433)		(659 431)	(3 303 387)	(2 766 933)	(2 402 530)		(1 591 122)	(1 343 075)
Canital lease	1 014 068	1 385 298	2 364 834	849 000	381 134	713 182	946 529		(==: (: >>(:)	462 719
Proceeds of bond issue)				. '	6 220 000	2 '		•) ' Î
Premium of bond issue	•	•	•	•	•	(6.220,000)	•	•	•	•
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 2.701.839	\$ 3.089.760	\$ 3.933.073	\$ 1.474.275	\$ 388.636	\$ 1,143,919	\$ 1.355.746	\$ 1.500,800	\$(78.997)	\$ 870,417
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 2,072,279	\$ 2,045,217	\$ 1,005,444	\$(1,763,191)	\$(1,817,496)	\$ 481,481	\$(1,782,494)	\$ 147,979	\$(2,140,229)	\$(842,120)
Debt Service as a Percentage of										
Noncapital Expenditures	7.56%	7.02%	5.20%	2.28%	4.25%	2.97%	2.70%	8.28%	5.15%	5.33%
-										

City of Titusville, Florida
Schedule 5 - Tax Revenues by Source of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		20,1000		
Fiscal Year	Property Taxes	Gas Tax	Ounty and Franchise Taxes	Total
2020	\$ 17,093,601	\$ 1,098,581	\$ 9,069,408	\$ 27,261,590
2019	16,059,562	1,173,179	9,147,941	26,380,682
2018	14,309,785	966,174	9,360,451	24,636,410
2017	13,107,683	1,185,532	8,677,570	22,970,785
2016	12,502,147	1,072,899	8,640,128	22,215,174
2015	11,719,825	1,036,494	8,766,066	21,522,385
2014	11,171,994	919,352	8,539,831	20,631,177
2013	10,676,406	969,484	8,515,529	20,161,419
2012	10,442,608	1,060,039	8,496,299	19,998,946
2011	11,566,134	846,739	8,540,437	20,953,310

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule 6 - Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Property (1)	Personal Property (1)	Centrally Assessed Property (1)	Estimated Actual Value (1)	Exemptions Real Property (1)	Total Taxable Assessed Total Direct Tax Value (1) Rate (2)	Total Direct Tax Rate (2)
2020	\$ 1,900,392,394	\$ 135,188,578	\$ 10,585,575	\$ 2,046,166,547	\$ 40,036,876	\$ 2,006,129,671	7.7210
2019	1,746,520,115	124,692,121	10,804,616	1,882,016,852	62,239,573	1,819,777,279	7.9517
2018	1,552,285,487	119,223,963	11,319,401	1,682,828,851	27,205,930	1,655,622,921	7.7900
2017	1,417,424,364	115,939,437	10,845,755	1,544,209,556	13,493,990	1,530,715,566	7.6575
2016	1,312,233,100	119,468,452	10,080,184	1,441,781,736	18,556,070	1,423,225,666	7.9011
2015	1,244,276,160	117,442,841	7,374,129	1,369,093,130	7,982,690	1,361,110,440	7.7000
2014	1,191,673,050	117,647,334	6,721,239	1,316,041,623	4,617,970	1,311,423,653	7.6000
2013	1,157,348,020	113,814,077	8,046,101	1,279,208,198	7,610,681	1,271,597,517	7.5000
2012	1,220,301,180	99,132,810	6,477,387	1,325,911,377	8,696,780	1,317,214,597	7.0000
2011	1,489,867,820	127,042,488	6,069,184	1,622,979,492	17,838,900	1,605,140,592	6.4196

Sources: (1) Brevard County Certification of Taxable Value (2) City of Titusville Ordinance No 31-2019

City of Titusville, Florida
Schedule 7 - Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	20.3836	21.0566	21.5036	22.0644	24.7408	24.9223	23.4642	23.9643	23.4518	21.5991
Other (2)	0.2734	0.2882	0.3044	0.3205	0.3343	0.3509	0.3628	0.3658	0.3658	0.4503
Brevard County School District Millage	980'9	6.299	6.568	6.916	7.275	7.339	7.606	8.096	8.112	7.653
Brevard County Millage (1)	5.9569	6.1535	6.4333	6.6993	8.7284	8.9525	7.3024	7.4095	7.4095	6.5839
Debt Service Millage	0.3463	0.3642	0.4079	0.4711	0.5020	0.5799	0.5930	0.5930	0.5645	0.4923
City of Titusville Millage	7.7210	7.9517	7.7900	7.6575	7.9011	7.7000	7.6000	7.5000	7.0000	6.4196
Fiscal Year	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011

(1) IncludesG eneral Fund, Recreation Districta ndL ibrary District (2) IncludesF lorida Inland NavigationD istricta nd St. JohnsR iver WaterM anagement District

Sources:B revard County PropertyA ppraiser's Office

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule 8 - Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	2020		2020		2011		2011
	Real		Percentage		Real		Percentage
	Property Assessed		or Iotal Assessed		Property Assessed		of Lotal Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Valuation		Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Titusville Harrison Once LLC	\$ 25,111,920	_	1.25%	↔	4,400,000	10	0.27%
The Solamere Grand LLC	20,180,000	2	1.01%			16	%-
Summerhill Partners LLC	18,150,000	က	0:00%		10,950,000	_	%89.0
BM Crossroads LLC	14,284,210	4	0.71%		5,600,000	2	0.35%
Canaveral Port Authority	12,762,250	2	0.64%		•	17	%-
Wal-Mart Stores East LP	12,015,260	9	%09:0		7,700,000	က	0.48%
Astrotech Space Operations LLC	11,545,280	7	0.58%		10,520,000	7	%99.0
Titusville Station LLC	10,560,390	∞	0.53%		2,400,000	13	0.15%
Custom Florida Medical LLC	9,366,720	တ	0.47%		•	8	%-
Timber Trace Apartments LTD	8,592,100	9	0.43%		4,600,000	တ	0.29%
AHF Windover Oaks LLC	7,562,500	=	0.38%		3,600,000	=	0.22%
Grissom Centroplex LLC	7,444,760	12	0.37%		235,490	15	0.01%
American Eagle Titusville LLC	7,372,120	13	0.37%		4,818,950	7	0.30%
RH Coastal LLC	7,259,820	14	0.36%		•	19	%-
Target Corporation	7,246,720	15	0.36%		5,050,000	9	0.31%
Lowe's Home Centers Inc	7,093,870	16	0.35%		4,800,000	∞	0.30%
Titusville Lodging Associates LLP	6,734,860	17	0.34%		2,000,000	14	0.12%
Village Charter Holdings LLC	6,106,470	8	0.30%		2,500,000	12	0.16%
Publix Supermarkets Inc	5,802,230	19	0.29%		•	20	%-
Antigua Bay Development LLC	5,730,290	702	0.29%		6,259,580	4	0.39%
Total	\$ 210,921,770		10.51%		\$ 75,434,020		4.70%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 2,006,129,671	•			\$ 1,605,140,592		

Source: Brevard County Property Appraiser's Office

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule 9 - Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1)	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collections To Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy
2020	\$ 15,925,580	\$ 15,303,841	96.10%	\$ 73,747	\$ 15,377,588	%99.96
2019	14,994,714	14,394,757	%00'96	85,293	14,480,050	%299
2018	13,175,372	12,702,862	96.41%	26,247	12,729,109	96.61%
2017	11,886,242	11,455,516	%86.38	30,353	11,485,869	%89.96
2016	11,410,505	10,999,775	96.40%	30,968	11,030,743	%29.96
2015	10,588,620	10,552,909	%99.66	35,711	10,588,620	100.00%
2014	10,000,599	9,677,806	%22.96	10,021	9,687,827	%28.96
2013	9,582,588	9,282,830	%28.96	9,398	9,292,228	%26.96
2012	9,294,768	9,000,745	96.84%	14,206	9,014,951	%66.96
2011	10,377,629	10,032,799	%89'96	38,951	10,071,750	97.05%

(1) 2015 forward includes voter approved Series 2015 General Obligation Bonds. Source: Brevard County Property Appraiser and Tax Collector

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule 10 - Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Debt Per Capita	722.46	872.63	932.54	977.91	922.89	1,012.58	1,087.66	1,116.91	1,202.35	1,258.09
	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	2.77%	3.42%	3.76%	4.02%	3.85%	4.36%	4.73%	4.54%	4.86%	2.66%
	Total	3,248,149 \$ 35,167,864	40,574,798	43,141,929	45,002,530	41,892,689	45,117,440	48,081,219	48,875,887	52,616,210	55,055,280
Ø	State Revolving Loan	3,248,149	3,555,612	3,345,944	3,589,771	3,827,793	3,745,978	3,299,637	3,451,606	3,614,935	•
Business-Type Activities	Capital Leases	1,685,221 \$	1,349,227	925,654	260,385	433,615	237,869	357,985	475,444	108,856	456,660
Busines	Unamortized Bond (Premiums	744,115 \$	930,144	1,116,174	1,302,202	1,488,232	1,674,261	1,860,290	2,045,040	2,229,791	2,401,313
	2020 Water Ur and Sewer Bonds F	15,965,000 \$	ı	٠					٠	٠	ı
	2010 Water 2 and a Sewer Bonds	⇔ '	19,830,000	22,620,000	25,275,000	27,800,000	30,230,000	32,570,000	32,570,000	34,845,000	39,190,000
	Capital Leases	3,987,379 \$	4,078,815	3,038,157	1,818,172	1,475,049	1,693,332	1,510,307	818,797	463,628	678,307
	Capital Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2017	5,340,000 \$	5,945,000	6,535,000	6,535,000	•	•	•	•	•	•
ies	Public Ir Improvement Re Revenue Note	\$ 000'596	1,040,000	1,115,000	1,185,000	1,250,000	1,316,000	1,378,000	1,450,000	2,369,000	2,454,000
Governmental Activities	Multi-Purpose Revenue Refunding In Note Re	⇔ '	•	•	•	•	•	200,000	985,000	1,450,000	1,900,000
90	M General Obligation Bonds	3,233,000 \$	3,846,000	4,446,000	5,037,000	5,618,000	6,220,000	6,605,000	7,080,000	7,535,000	7,975,000
	Fiscal Year	2020 \$	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011

(1) See Demographic & Economic Statistics for personal income

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

City of Titusville, Florida
Schedule 11 -Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(2)										
Per Capita (2)	\$ 66.42	82.72	96.10	109.45	123.76	139.60	149.41	161.79	172.19	182.24
Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	0.16%	0.21%	0.27%	0.33%	0.39%	0.46%	0.50%	0.56%	0.57%	0.50%
Net Debt Payable	3,067,286	3,688,012	4,340,811	4,879,744	5,529,784	6,131,784	4,905,213	4,752,307	3,803,618	4,059,855
Less Debt Service Monies Available	\$ 165,714	157,988	105,189	157,256	88,216	88,216	1,699,787	2,327,693	3,731,382	3,915,145
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 3,233,000	3,846,000	4,446,000	5,037,000	5,618,000	6,220,000	6,605,000	7,080,000	7,535,000	7,975,000
Fiscal Year	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011

(1) See assessed value and actual value of taxable property for total taxable assessed value (2) Source: US Census Bureau Quick Facts
Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule 12 - Direct and Overlapping Debt September 30, 2020

Governmental Unit		Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable To This Government Unit(1)		Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
School District Brevard County	क क	402,242,429 30,652,180	2.96% 2.96%	↔	11,906,376 907,305
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt					12,813,681
City Direct Debt					13,525,379
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				↔	26,339,060

Source: Brevard County Property Appraiser and Brevard County Finance Department

process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. The schedule estimates and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Titusville. This repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(1) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt was determined by taking the City's assessed taxable value of \$1,819,777,279 and dividing it by Brevard County's assessed taxable value of \$61,536,303,295 for 2019.

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule 13 - Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Assessed Valuation	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Assessed taxable real property value Add back: exempt real property	\$ 2,006,129,671 \$ 1,819,777,279 40,036,876 62,239,573	\$ 1,819,777,279 62,239,573	\$ 1,655,622,921 27,205,930	\$ 1,530,715,566 13,493,990	\$1,423,225,666 18,556,070	1,655,622,921 \$1,530,715,566 \$1,423,225,666 \$1,361,110,440 \$1,311,423,653 \$1,271,597,517 \$1,317,214,597 27,205,930 13,493,990 18,556,070 7,982,690 4,617,970 7,610,681 8,696,780	\$ 1,311,423,653 4,617,970	\$ 1,271,597,517 7,610,681	\$ 1,317,214,597 8,696,780	\$ 160,514,052
l otal assessed value ot real property	\$ 2,046,166,547 \$ 1,882,016,852	\$ 1,882,016,852	\$ 1,682,828,851	\$ 1,544,209,556	\$ 1,441,781,736	1,682,828,851 \$1,544,209,556 \$1,441,781,736 \$1,369,093,130 \$1,316,041,623 \$1,279,208,198 \$1,325,911,377	\$ 1,316,041,623	\$ 1,279,208,198		\$ 160,514,052
Legal debt margin: Debt limit	\$ 122,769,993	\$ 112,921,011	\$ 100,969,731	\$ 92,652,573	\$ 86,506,904	\$ 82,145,588	78,962,497	76,752,492	\$ 79,554,683	\$ 96,308,436
Total net debt applicable to limit	9,538,000	10,831,000	12,096,000	6,222,000	6,868,000	7,431,000 \$	\$ 8,483,000	9,515,000	11,354,000	11,648,370
Legal debt margin	\$ 113,231,993	\$ 113,231,993 \$ 102,090,011	\$ 88,873,731	\$ 86,430,573	\$ 79,638,904	\$ 74,714,588	\$ 70,479,497	\$ 67,237,492	\$ 68,200,683	\$ 84,660,066
Total net debt applicable to the limit										
as a percentage of debt limit	7.77%	9.59%	11.98%	6.72%	7.94%	9.05%	10.74%	12.40%	14.27%	12.09%

Notes: Per Florida Statute 215.98, the city's outstanding legal debt should not exceed six percent of total assessed property value of \$2,046,166,547. Six percent of the total assessed property value is \$122,769,993 (legal debt limit) with the City's total debt applicable to this limit of \$9,538,000 or 7.77%. The City's total net debt of \$9,538,000 consists of \$3,233,000 General Obligation Bonds, \$965,000 Public Improvement Revenue Note, and Capital Improvement Bond Series 2017 \$5,340,000.

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule 14 - Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

		Coverage Total (3)	319 0.68	\$ 3,756 3.47	3,760 2.83	3,763 2.75	3,795 2.34	3,802 2.33	1,555 5.56	3,899 2.05	6,206 1.17	2,961 2.62
			\$ 19319	က် မှာ	က်	က်	က်	κ̈́	Ψ,	κ̈́	6,	2,
spuc	Debt Service	Interest	\$ 429	996	1,105	1,238	1,365	1,462	1,555	1,624	1,861	1,766
s 2010 Refunding Bo		Principal (4)	\$ 18,890	2,790	2,655	2,525	2,430	2,340	•	2,275	4,345	1,195
Water and Sewer Series 2010 Refunding Bonds		Net Available Revenue	\$ 13,197	13,032	10,654	10,341	8,885	8,846	8,650	7,990	7,264	7,751
W		Less: Operating Expenses (2)	\$ 14,059	14,144	14,032	12,964	13,229	11,937	11,994	11,409	12,862	11,566
		Gross Revenues (1)	\$ 27,256	27,176	24,686	23,305	22,114	20,783	20,644	19,399	20,126	19,317
		Fiscal Year	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011

According to the Resolution, Gross Revenues should exclude interest earnings on the Renewal and Replacement Fund and Construction Fund.

⁽²⁾ Operating expenses excludes depreciation, amortization and overhead charges from other funds and cannot be calculated using the financial statements.

⁽³⁾ Required coverage of 1.05 refers to the Series 2010 Refunding Bonds.

Notes: Detail regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽⁴⁾ Series 2010 Refunding Bond Principal for 2020 was \$2,925,000. Principal 2020 amount \$18,890,000 which included payoff of Series

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule 15 - Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar Year	Titusville Population (1)	Total Personal Income (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Median Household Income (1)	Unemployment Rate (2)	School Enrollment (3)
2020	48,678	\$ 1,268,840,748	\$ 26,066	\$ 46,609	3.4%	9,542
2019	46,497	1,184,836,554	25,482	43,765	3.7%	690'6
2018	46,263	1,148,016,345	24,815	42,561	4.4%	9,334
2017	46,019	1,119,458,194	24,326	42,064	5.3%	8,869
2016	45,393	1,087,116,957	23,949	40,830	%6:9	8,731
2015	44,557	1,034,658,097	23,221	40,420	%6:9	8,798
2014	44,206	1,017,135,854	23,009	40,880	8.4%	9,073
2013	43,940	1,075,563,320	24,478	44,148	%9.6	9,358
2012	43,761	1,082,034,486	24,726	44,790	11.5%	8,126
2011	43,761	972,544,464	22,224	39,912	12.5%	8,495

Note: Some information may be estimated.

Sources:

(1) US Census Bureau Quick Facts(2) US Dept of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics(3) American Fact Finder US Census BureauEnrollment number includes public, charter, private, preschool, elementary, middle, high and other schools.

Schedule 16 - Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago City of Titusville, Florida

	20	2020		2011	
	Number of	Percentage of Total County	Number of	Ü	Percentage of Total County
Employer	Employees	Employment	Employees		Employment
Brevard County School Board	666'6-000'6	4.30%	1	£)	ı
Health First, Inc	8,000-8,999	3.96%	6,350		2.68%
Harris Corporation	7,000-7,999	3.50%	6,130		5.48%
Northrop Grumman Corporation	3,000-3,999	1.63%	1,400		1.25%
John F Kennedy Space Center	2,000-2,999	1.17%			
Brevard County Government	2,000-2,999	1.17%	•	E	
Rockwell Collins, Inc.	1,000-1,999	0.70%	1,500		1.34%
Eastern Florida State College	1,000-1,999	0.70%		E	
Lockheed Martin Launch Operations	1,000-1,999	0.70%	1,010		%06:0
Florida Institue of Technology	1,000-1,999	0.70%		Ξ	
Brevad County Sheriff Office	1,000-1,999	0.70%	•	Ξ	
Steward Medical Group, Inc	1,000-1,999	0.70%		Ξ	•
Teletech Services	1,000-1,999	0.70%			
Jacobs Technology	1,000-1,999	0.70%		£	
SPC Command	1,000-1,999	%02'0	ı		1
Total	40,000-54,985	22.03%	16,390		14.65%
Total County Employment		214,461			111,874

(1) No information available for 2011.

Source: Spacecoast Economic Development and Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Note: Figures are for Brevard County. No City figures are available. Employers exclude retail operations.

Exact numbers are no longer available as of 2016 for security reasons per the EDC

City of Titusville, Florida
Schedule 17 - Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Government:										
Legislative	2.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	2.0
Executive	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	13.0	13.5	13.5	13.5	12.0	12.0
Customer Service	13.5	13.0	13.0	13.0	11.0	9.0	9.0	0.6	9.0	9.0
City Attorney	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	3.0
Finance	12.0	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0
Information Technology	10.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	8.0
Human Resources	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	5.5	5.5
Community Development	37.5	35.5	35.5	34.5	31.5	29.0	32.0	31.0	32.5	37.5
Support Services	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Public Safety:										
Police Department	149.0	148.0	146.0	142.5	139.5	139.0	135.0	134.0	134.5	134.5
Fire Department	0.69	70.0	73.0	63.0	62.0	61.5	60.5	60.5	60.5	60.5
Public Works	0.96	93.0	93.0	93.0	0.06	79.0	83.0	84.0	84.0	86.0
Water Resources	102.0	0.66	0.66	0.66	98.0	111.0	111.0	111.0	111.5	110.5
Totals:	519.5	508.5	509.5	495.0	481.0	477.0	477.5	476.5	477.0	484.5

Source: City of Titusville, Florida 2020 Adopted Budget

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule 18 - Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Government										
Land use applications	2	80	13	10	5	9	4	~	2	•
Acres of annexed property	•	•	•	•	_	2	9	•	•	•
Purchase orders issued	1,417	937	982	1,006	978	852	726	714	685	748
Checks issued	5,592	4,825	5,808	5,616	5,790	5,718	5,334	4,649	5,107	4,510
Police Department										
Traffic stops	8,120	6,803	4,697	4,682	5,277	6,495	8,208	7,116	9,978	15,794
Traffic citations issued	1,851	3,221	2,082	1,140	2,630	3,535	4,207	3,595	3,651	6,573
Recovered property	\$ 1,383,724	\$ 2,964,589	\$ 1,790,812	\$ 2,155,567	\$ 2,372,759	\$ 1,369,537	\$ 938,328	\$ 496,334	\$ 79,458	\$ 532,359
Physical arrests	1,274	1,351	1,132	1,295	1,360	3,497	1,258	1,049	1,206	1,269
	92,609	80,623	69,189	71,745	72,675	68,250	65,568	72,668	107,961	90,215
5.1 Fire Department										
Emergency responses	7,618	7,728	7,945	8,047	7,632	7,281	7,175	6,557	6,160	5,872
Average response time - minutes	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fires extinguished	146	166	168	225	187	195	304	156	187	205
Fire inspections	1,812	1,457	1,369	1,909	1,804	1,672	1,606	1,481	1,366	1,508
Fees charged - false alarm calls	\$ 10,116	\$ 18,936	\$ 16,419	\$ 32,560	\$ 9,814	\$ 11,020	\$ 18,320	\$ 17,110	\$ 20,458	\$ 17,456
Child seat inspections Public Works	81	62	94	22	53	31	40	22	54	201
Miles of street - repaved	7	8	2	6	6	1	4	4	•	2
Sidewalks-new construction -lineal ft	1	1,209	1,000	800	2,600	1,400	19,242	5,485	200	18,810
Sidewalk repair - lineal feet	3,529	3,450	2,000	4,106	3,298	1,421	1,000	328	1,000	1,195
Number of street lights	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179
Number of traffic signals	47	48	47	47	47	47	47	42	42	41
Pothole repairs	1,731	1,332	1,600	1,232	1,561	2,601	10,000	10,463	11,000	13,479

City of Titusville, Florida Schedule 18 - Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (continued)

Function/Program	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Community Development										
Occupational licenses issued	541	211	276	260	326	268	216	302	303	332
Building permits issued	4,179	3,764	4,525	3,599	2,952	2,713	2,156	2,139	2,072	1,779
Water Resources										
Water main breaks	15	34	23	21	24	4	19	19	4	80
Average daily consumption - mgd	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of water customers	22,161	21,939	21,793	21,689	21,498	21,308	21,230	21,238	21,048	20,731
Wastewater treated - avg daily	4	4	2	4	ო	4	က	က	4	က
Number of wastewater customers	19,455	19,208	19,103	19,019	18,906	18,798	19,158	18,894	18,346	18,776
Stormwater Utility										
Miles of storm drain maintained	75	75	75	75	75	09	09	09	09	09
Miles of ditches maintained	29	29	29	29	29	30	30	30	30	30
Lakes and ponds maintained	16	17	17	17	17	41	41	41	41	39
Solid Waste										
Tons of residential waste removed	12,424	22,054	21,630	19,487	11,654	16,881	17,696	10,284	10,869	12,330
Tons of commercial waste removed	14,151	14,822	16,171	14,938	14,083	22,536	12,822	10,967	11,345	12,201
Municipal Marina										
Transient dockage	1,208	1,502	1,292	1,601	2,165	1,557	1,794	1,710	1,700	2,159
Permanent dockage	143	194	194	200	200	162	163	152	200	200
Mooring buoy	25	17	17	14	30	27	31	33	35	•
Transient mooring	629	818	654	585	803	893	1,025	646	1,129	1
Percentage of available slips	95%	83%	91%	75%	%06	%89	74%	74%	64%	%69

Sources: Provided by the respective departments of the City of Titusville

City of Titusville, Florida
Schedule 19 - Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Police Department										
Police stations	~	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Police vehicles	121	112	122	117	105	105	93	94	96	110
Patrol zones	∞	∞	8	∞	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fire Department										
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fire vehicles	25	22	22	70	19	21	20	20	19	21
Public Works										
Streets (miles)	197	197	197	9	186	186	186	202	202	202
Number of street lights	6179	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179	6,179
Number of traffic signals	47	48	47	47	47	45	45	42	42	41
Vehicles	47	48	48	48	48	47	47	40	35	54
Water Resources										
Water mains (miles)	363	362	360	357	357	356	356	347	321	320
Fire hydrants	2,200	2,138	2,123	2,120	2,099	2,056	1,939	1,955	1,909	1,889
Vehicles	26	09	22	54	54	54	22	22	61	71
Storage capacity-(mil of gals)	7	7	9	9	9	9	9	4	4	4
Sanitary sewers (miles)	289	292	289	284	284	284	252	251	266	266
Treatment capacity-(mil of gals)	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Stormwater Utility										
Miles of drains	75	75	75	75	75	09	09	09	09	09
Vehicles	17	21	20	19	18	4	14	13	11	19
Miles of ditches / canals	29	29	29	53	29	30	30	30	30	30
Number of lakes and ponds	16	17	17	17	17	41	41	41	41	33
Solid Waste										
Vehicles	38	38	38	38	42	41	41	38	44	42
Municipal Marina										
Vehicles	•	•	,	_	_	_	—	—	_	_
Boats	2	_	_	_	2	2	2	2	2	7
Slips	194	194	194	200	200	205	205	205	200	200
Moorings	25	17	17	14	30	77	77	75	35	•

Sources: Provided by the respective departments of the City of Titusville

City of Titusville, Florida

Secondary Market Disclosure Schedule 20 - System Growth

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

he City of Titusville is required to provide ongoing disclosure for its holders of Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010. Rule 15c2-12(b) (5) promulgated data of the Water and Sewer Operation of the City of Titusville not disclosed elsewhere in the City of Titusville's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the by the Securities and Exchange Commission requires ongoing disclosure for bonds sold on or after July 3, 1995. This report provides financial and operational fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Customer Growth. The following table sets forth the amount of water and wastewater system customers for the last ten fiscal years, the percentage increase from year to year and the average daily flow.

Water System Customers Growth Last Ten Years

Average Daily	Flow (mgd)	4.453	4.481	4.468	4.184	4.120	3.982	4.280	4.169	4.156	4.108
Percent	Inc/(Dec)	1.01	0.67	0.48	0.89	0.89	0.37	(0.04)	06:0	1.53	(0.99)
Number of	Customers	22,161	21,939	21,793	21,689	21,498	21,308	21,230	21,238	21,048	20,731
	Year	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011

Waste Water System Customer Growth Last Ten Years

Daily	mgd)	72	72	6	9(5	73	96	13	13	7.
Average	Flow (mgd)	4.0	4.2	4.6	4.00	3.3	3.6	3.49	3.2	3.6	3.1
Percent	Inc/(Dec)	1.29	0.55	0.44	9.0	0.57	(1.88)	4.	2.99	(2.29)	0.52
Number of	Customers	19,455	19,208	19,103	19,019	18,906	18,798	19,158	18,894	18,346	18,776
	Year	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011

Source: City of Titusville Water Resources and Customer Services Department

City of Titusville, Florida Secondary Market Disclosure Schedule 21 - Significant Customers For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	% of Total Revenues	0.942%	0.912%	0.886%	0.554%	0.502%	0.480%	0.513%	0.288%	0.280%	0.541%		% of Total	Revenues	1.300%	1.069%	0.792%	0.671%	%9/90	0.707%	0.397%	0.387%	0.526%	%9200
<u>iers</u>	Total Sales	\$ 50,508.00	48,897.54	47,508.20	29,729.04	26,954.58	25,753.23	27,493.74	15,446.16	14,998.59	29,024.77	omers	Total	Sales	\$ 114,558.00	94,224.45	69,847.88	59,146.68	59,633.60	62,358.99	35,033.65	34,101.96	46,389.72	6,695.07
Ten Largest Water Customers	Total Consumption (1.000 Gallons)	12,200	11,811	10,728	8,928	7,711	7,098	6,641	6,531	5,989	5,902	Ten Largest Wastewater Customers	Total Treated	(1,000 Gallons)	12,200	10,728	8,928	7,711	7,098	6,641	6,531	5,989	5,902	5,806
	Customer	PARRISH MEDICAL CENTER	PARRISH MEDICAL CENTER	FF EMERALD PLACE LLC	SUMMERHILL PARTNERS LLC	ROYAL OAK CONDO ASSOC INC	HARBOR POINTE CONDOMINIUM	TITUSVILLE NURSING & CONVALSKILLED	T1 HOTELS INC	CRUZ-GOVIN INVESTMENTS LLC	HOUSING CARE SVC/FOREST PARK	I		Customer	PARRISH MEDICAL CENTER	FF EMERALD PLACE LLC	SUMMERHILL PARTNERS LLC	ROYAL OAK CONDO ASSOC INC	HARBOR POINTE CONDOMINIUM	TITUSVILLE NURSING & CONVALSKILLED	Ti HOTELS INC	CRUZ-GOVIN INVESTMENTS LLC	HOUSING CARE SVC/FOREST PARK	PARRISH MEDICAL CENTER

Source: City of Titusville Water Resources and Customer Services Department

City of Titusville, Florida

Sufficiency Analysis With Computation of Debt Service Coverage (\$000) (1) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020 Schedule 22 - Secondary Market Disclosure

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Water Sales	\$ 5,401	\$ 5,168	\$5,146	\$ 4,979	\$ 4,690	\$ 4,438	\$ 4,414	\$ 3,052	\$ 4,426	\$ 4,696
Sewer Service Charges	9,054	8,643	8,729	8,459	8,146	7,683	7,808	7,911	7,383	7,360
Utility Billing Charges	8,288	8,172	7,815	7,475	7,117	6,852	6,844	7,129	6,518	6,203
Total Rate Revenue	\$ 22,743	\$ 21,983	\$ 21,690	\$ 20,913	\$ 19,953	\$ 18,973	\$ 19,066	\$ 18,092	\$ 18,327	\$ 18,259
Other Revenues	\$ 2,907	\$3,167	\$ 2,151	\$ 1,704	\$ 1,826	\$ 1,558	\$ 1,489	\$ 1,533	\$ 1,768	\$ 988
Interest Income	1,606	2,026	845	889	335	301	264	223	328	704
Less: Interest on Renewal and Replacement Fund (2)			•	•		(48)	(175)	(160)	(297)	(634)
Gross Revenues	\$ 27,256	\$ 27,176	\$ 24,686	\$ 23,305	\$ 22,114	\$ 20,783	\$ 20,644	\$ 19,688	\$ 20,126	\$ 19,317
Operating Expenses										
Total Support Services (3)	\$ 5,423	\$5,112	\$ 4,628	\$ 4,202	\$ 3,942	\$3,766	\$ 4,239	\$ 3,679	\$ 3,796	\$3,750
Less: Overhead charges from other funds (4)	•	•			•			•		(279)
Support Service charges for coverage	5,423	5,112	4,628	4,202	3,942	3,766	4,239	3,679	3,796	3,471
Water System	3,731	3,746	3,586	3,500	3,517	3,649	3,644	3,227	3,522	3,352
Sewer System	3,844	4,113	4,126	3,749	3,502	3,672	3,532	3,067	3,553	3,345
Bad Debts and Other Misc Expenses	1,061	1,173	1,692	1,513	2,268	850	579	1,436	1,991	1,398
Total Operating Expense	\$ 14,059	\$ 14,144	\$ 14,032	\$ 12,964	\$ 13,229	\$ 11,937	\$ 11,994	\$ 11,409	\$ 12,862	\$ 11,566
Net Revenues Available for Debt Service	13,197	13,032	10,654	10,341	8,885	8,846	8,650	8,279	7,264	7,751
Parity Bond Debt Service Series 2010 Refunding Note (6)	3,354	3,756	3,761	3,763	3,795	3,802	1,555	3,899	6,206	2,961
Total Senior lien debt service	\$ 3,354	\$3,756	\$3,761	\$ 3,763	\$ 3,795	\$ 3,802	\$ 1,555	\$ 3,899	\$ 6,206	\$ 2,961
Debt Service Coverage (1.05 required) (5)	3.93	3.47	2.83	2.75	2.34	2.33	5.56	2.12	1.17	2.62

(1) Unless otherwise noted, based on the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the years shown. Figures are presented in light of Resolution requirements and may differ from audited financial statements of the City. Rate Schedule change effective FY2004, implemented a higher fixed monthly charge for water and sewer services (utility billing charges), the water and sewer consumption has seen a decrease with the utility billing charges increasing. (2) According to the Resolution, Gross Revenues should exclude interest earnings on the Renewal and Replacement Fund and Construction Fund. Such figures were provided by the City of Titusville finance department.

⁽³⁾ includes administration, laboratory services, customer service and engineering.

(4) Excluded from the definition of "Gross Revenues" in the Resolution.

(5) Required coverage of 1.05 refers to the Series 1994, 1998, and 2010 Bonds.

(6) During 2010, the City issued \$40,385,000 Water and Sewer Revenue refunding Note, Series 2010 to refund the remaining maturities of the City's Water and Sewer Revenue Bond, Series 1998.

(6) During 2010, the City issued \$40,385,000 Water and Sewer Revenue refunding Note, Series 2010 to refund the remaining maturities of the City's Water and Sewer Revenue Bond, Series 1998.

Notes: During this reporting period indebtedness payable in whole or in part from the Pledged Funds (as defined in the Official Statement) has remained unchanged. In addition, there have been no significant events which would warrant notification to the MRMSIRs or the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB") and to the SID.

City of Titusville, Florida Secondary Market Disclosure 23 - Current Water and Sewer System Rates a

Schedule 23 - Current Water and Sewer System Rates and Charges at September 30, 2020

WATER SERVICE			Fi	ixed Monthly	Charges		
	M (0'			Acu Monany	Multifamily		
	Meter Size 5/8 x 3/4" 1" 1 1/2" 2" 3" 4" 6" 8"	<u>Re</u> \$	10.18 21.82	\$	Residential Unit 8.64 8.64 8.64 8.64 8.64 8.64 8.64 8.64 8.64 8.64	\$	14.05 31.52 60.68 95.64 177.21 293.83 585.26 934.98
Usage Charge Per 1,000 Gallons:							
Block 1: 0 to 5,000 Gallons Per Month Block 2: 5,001 to 10,000 Gallons Per Month Block 3: 10,001 to 15,000 Gallons Per Month Block 4: 15,001 and over Gallons Per Month			\$ 3.30 4.95 6.59 12.52				\$ 4.14 4.14 4.14 4.14
Usage Charge Per 1,000 Gallons Multi-Family: Block 1: 0 to 3,000 Gallons Per Month Block 2: 3,001 to 6,000 Gallons Per Month Block 3: 6,001 to 9,000 Gallons Per Month Block 4: 9,001 and over Gallons Per Month					\$ 3.30 4.95 6.59 12.52		
Irrigation:			Fix	ed Monthly	Charges		
	Meter Size 5/8 x 3/4" 1" 1 1/2" 2" 3" 4" 6" 8"		esidential \$ 14.85 33.99		Multifamily Per Residential Unit	_	Commercial \$ 14.05 31.52 60.68 95.64 177.21 293.38 585.26 934.08
Usage Charge Per 1,000 Gallons: Block 1: 0 to 15,000 Gallons Per Month Block 2: 15,001 and over Gallons Per Month			\$ 7.86 12.52		Per Unit		\$ 6.59 12.52
SEWER SERVICE			Fix	ed Monthly C	Charges		
Hoogo Chargo Day 1 000 Callage:	Meter Size 5/8 x 3/4" 1" 1 1/2" 2" 3" 4" 6" 8"		dential		Multifamily Per Residential Unit \$ 12.61 12.61 12.61 12.61 12.61 12.61 12.61 12.61 12.61	C	97.78 155.15 289.09 480.44 958.83 1,532.87
Usage Charge Per 1,000 Gallons: Block 1: 0 to 15,000 Gallons Per Month		\$	7.86		Per Unit \$7.86		\$ 9.39

The above table sets forth the current rates and charges for system services pursuant to City Ordinance No. 47-2019.



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Total Expenditures of Federal & State Assistance

CFDA/CSFA Sub-recipient Number Grant/Contract Number Expenditures Payments Federal Agency, Pass-Through Entity, Federal Program US Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Programs: Community Development Block Grant 14.218 B-18-MC-12-0021 22,513 Community Development Block Grant 14.218 B-19-MC-12-0021 260,541 50,533 Neighborhood Stabilization Program 14.218 10-DB-4X-06-15-02-F25 1,148 Neighborhood Stabilization Program B-11-MN-12-0037 9.800 14.218 Total CDBG-Entitlement Grants Cluster 294,001 Indirect Programs: Pass-through Brevard County: HOME Investment Partnership Program 14.239 M-17-DC-14-0200 24 HOME Investment Partnership Program M-18-DC-14-0200 14.239 5,848 HOME Investment Partnership Program 14.239 M-19-DC-14-0200 37,408 Total US Department of Housing and Urban Development 331,409 US Department of the Interior - Fish & Wildlife Service Indirect Programs: Pass-through Florida Department of Environmental Protection: Clean Vessel Act 15.616 CVA18-889, MV307 8,996 Clean Vessel Act 15.616 CVA19-967, MV370 20,245 Total US Department of the Interior 8.996 US Department of Justice Indirect Programs: Pass-through Florida Office of Attorney General: VOCA-2019-Titusville Victims of Crime Act 16.575 Police Departm-00149 52,813 Direct Programs: No Contract Number Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16 607 12 001 2018-DJ-BX-0261 Edward Bryne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) 16.738 15.289 Edward Bryne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) 16.738 2019-DJ-BX-0896 3,664 **Total US Department of Justice** 83,767 US Department of the Treasury Indirect Programs: Pass-through Florida Housing Finance Corporation CRF - COVID Relief Fund 21.019 144-2020 93,321 Pass-through Brevard County CARES Act Funding 21.019 N/A 451,567 Total US Department of the Treasury 544,888 **US Department of Homeland Security** Direct Programs: Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response 97.083 EMW-2016-FH-00146 118.299 Total US Department of Homeland Security 118,299 **Total of Federal Awards** 1,087,360 STATE GRANTS State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection 37 039 LP05032 Titusville's 1.100-Acre Stormwater Treatment Train 83.682 Drinking Water State Revolving Fund -SRF Loan DW050331 66.468 20,496 Total State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection 104,178 State of Florida Housing Finance Corporation State Housing Initiatives Program (SHIP) 40.901 N/A 144,709 Total State of Florida Housing Finance Corporation 144.709 248,886 **Total Expenditures of State Assistance**

1.336.247

City of Titusville

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

Fiscal Year through September 30th 2020

Note 1. General

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "schedule") presents the activity for all federal, state and awards of the city for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the City's basic financial statements.

Note 2. Basis of Accounting

The schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting for expenditures in the governmental funds and the accrual basis of accounting for expenditures in the proprietary funds, which is described in Note 1 of the City's basic financial statements. The information in accordance to requirements by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and Chapter 10.550.

The City did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rates. There is no loan and/or loan guarantee program in effect for the City as described in 2 CFR section 200.502(b) included in rules of the Auditor General. Sub recipients of Federal Awards total \$50,533.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Titusville, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Titusville, Florida as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 9, 2021. We did not audit the financial statements of TIFA, LLC, a joint venture project in which the City has a 50% ownership interest and represents approximately 4% of the assets and less than 1% of the revenues of the business-type activities and water and sewer utility funds, respectively. The joint venture was audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the investment in TIFA, LLC, are based solely on the report of the other auditor.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs as item 2020-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Management's Response to Findings

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying management's response to audit findings as listed in the table of contents. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Meore : 6., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida April 9, 2021

CITY OF TITUSVILLE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

I. Summary of Auditors' Results:

Financial Statements:			
Type of audit report issued or	n the financial statements:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financia	l reporting:		
Material weakness(es) ide	entified?	yes	_X no
Significant deficiency(ies	s) identified?	_X_ yes	none reported
Noncompliance material to fi	inancial statements noted?	yes	X_no
Federal Awards:			
Internal control over major Fe	ederal programs:		
Material weakness(es) ide	entified?	yes	X_ no
Significant deficiency(ies	s) identified?	yes	_X_ none reported
Type of auditor's report issue Federal programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclo reported in accordance w	sed that are required to be ith 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	_X_ none reported
Auditee qualified as a lov	v-risk auditee?	X yes	no
Dollar threshold used to distin B programs:	nguish between type A and type		<u>\$750,000</u>
Identification of major Federa	al programs:		
CFDA Number	Program	n Name	
21.019	COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief	Fund	

II. Financial Statement Findings:

2020-001 - Debt and Capital Asset Reconciliation Adjustments

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles set forth the criteria for recording capital asset and long-term liability activity in a government environment.

Condition and Context: Audit adjustments were required in the information technology fund and water & sewer fund related to various debt and capital asset activity. While all activity was properly approved and paid, certain year-end closing entries for financial reporting purposes were not made.

Cause: An approximate \$116,000 variance was recorded in a "holding" account at the time of the initial transaction that was not subsequently reconciled and corrected. Additionally, \$301,000 of depreciation expense in the year was offset by a credit balance to a miscellaneous expense account. In the water and sewer fund, an audit adjustment of \$160,000 was necessary to record accrued interest expense on long-term debt.

Effect: Had correcting entries not been recorded, information technology fund and water and sewer fund net position would have been misstated by significant amounts.

Recommendation: We recommend a detailed review be performed upon the issuance of any new long-term debt to ensure all related assets and liabilities have properly been recorded, and that a detailed review of general ledger activity be performed at year-end to ensure all balance sheet accounts have been properly closed out and reconciled in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

- III. Federal Awards Programs Findings and Questioned Costs: None
- IV. **Prior Audit Findings:** See summary schedule of prior audit findings as listed in table of contents.
- V. Corrective Action Plan: See management's response as listed in table of contents.



555 SOUTH WASHINGTON AVENUE TITUSVILLE, FLORIDA 32796-3584 POST OFFICE BOX 2806 (32781-2806)



Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

2019-001 Debt and Asset Reconciliation Adjustments

Management Update: Management has strengthened controls as it relates to the "holding" accounts. The item resulting in the recurring comment is attributed to our recent software conversion. See Management's Response to Auditor's Comments.

2019-002 OPEB Liability

Management Update: Item has been cleared in current audit.



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Management's Response to Auditor's Comments

2020-001 Debt and Asset Reconciliation Adjustments

Management's Response: Management concurs with these recommendations and will record long term interest expense for the SRF loans going forward. With regard to the "holding" account finding, this account was cleared out properly prior to our software conversion. Post conversion, staff was unable to review all accounts where erroneous balances came over prior to commencement of the audit. The Finance Director is responsible for overseeing corrective action with is expected to occur immediately.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Titusville, Florida:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Titusville, Florida's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

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Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore ; Co., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida April 9, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Titusville, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Titusville, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated April 9, 2021. We did not audit the financial statements of TIFA, LLC, a joint venture project in which the City has a 50% ownership interest and represents approximately 4% of the assets and 2% of the revenues of the business-type activities and water and sewer utility funds, respectively. The joint venture was audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the investment in TIFA, LLC, are based solely on the report of the other auditor.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Examination Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated April 9, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. No comments remain uncorrected from the second preceding fiscal year. The following is a summary of prior year recommendations:

2019-001 Debt and Capital Asset Reconciliation Adjustments – Similar items noted in current year. See repeat comment 2020-001.

2019-002 Fund Deficits and Net OPEB Liability – Corrective action taken.

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Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority for the primary government and component units of the reporting entity is disclosed in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had no such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, City Council, management, others within the City, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Daytona Beach, Florida April 9, 2021 James Maore : Co., P.L.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Titusville, Florida:

We have examined the City of Titusville, Florida's (the City) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, for the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, for the year ended September 30, 2020, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance with those requirements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the City of Titusville, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Daytona Beach, Florida April 9, 2021

James Maore & Co., P.L.



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AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Bridgette Clements, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of The City of Titusville which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida;
- 2. The City of Titusville adopted Ordinance No. **9-2019** implementing an impact fee; and
- 3. The City of Titusville has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Seighte Clanes

Bridgette Clements

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF Brevard County

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 30 day of November, 2020.

NOTARY PUBLIC
Print Name Caitlin Rodnguz

Personally known or pr	oduced identification
Type of identification produc	ed:
My Commission Expires:	CAITLIN E RODRIGUEZ Notary Public-State of Florida Commission # HH 8029 My Commission Expires June 08, 2024



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