City of Wilton Manors, Florida

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

Prepared by the Finance Department



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Introductory Section:	
Letter of Transmittal	i-v
Organizational Chart	vi
List of Principal Officials	vii
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	viii
Financial Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-13
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14-15
Statement of Activities	16
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	21-22
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	24-25
Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	26
Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	27
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	28-67

Required Supplementary Information:

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	68
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Fire Assessment Fund	69
Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	70
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	71
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Pension Plan for General Employees and Police	72
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System	73
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	74
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program	74
Schedule of Contributions - Pension Plan for General Employees and Police	75
Schedule of Contributions - Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System	76
Schedule of Contributions - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	77
Schedule of Contributions - Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program	77
Other Financial Information:	
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	78-79
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	80-81
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Miscellaneous Grants Fund	82
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Federal Police Forfeiture Fund	83
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Police Training and Education Fund	84
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Road Improvement Fund	85

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - State Police Forfeiture Fund	86
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Jenada Assessment Fund	87
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Wilton Drive Improvement District	88
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – Capital Improvement Fund	89
Combining Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	90
Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	91
Statistical Section:	
Financial Tends:	
Table 1 - Net Position by Component	92
Table 2 - Changes in Net Position	93-95
Table 3 - Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	96
Table 4 - Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	97
Revenue Capacity:	
Table 5 - Net Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	98
Table 6 - Property Tax Millage Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	99
Table 7 - Principal Property Taxpayers	100
Table 8 - Property Tax Levies and Collections	101
Debt Capacity:	
Table 9 - Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	102
Table 10 - Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	103
Table 11 - Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	104
Table 12 - Legal Debt Margin Information	105
Table 13 - Pledged Revenue Coverage	106
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Table 14 - Demographic and Economic Statistics	107
Table 15 - Principal Employers	108

Operating Information:

Table 16 - Miscellaneous Statistics	109
Table 17 - Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	110
Table 18 - Operating Indicators by Function/Program	111
Table 19 - Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	112
Compliance Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	113-114
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	115-116
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	117
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	118
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	119
Management letter in Accordance with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida	120-121
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes	122

INTRODUCTORY SECTION





April 22, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners and Citizens of the City of Wilton Manors:

It is our pleasure to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Wilton Manors, Florida (the City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, pursuant to Section 218.39 of the State of Florida Statutes and the Rules of the Florida Auditor General, Chapter 10.550. This report was prepared by the City's Finance Department. The financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that was established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The firm of Keefe McCullough, Certified Public Accountants, was hired to perform the external audit of the City's financials and has issued an unqualified, ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it and the financial statements.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City of Wilton Manors was incorporated as a village in September 1947, and under its legislative authority, became a city in June 1953. The City's development was one of community pride and effort on the part of its residents. The first town meetings were held in a small store building on Wilton Drive. Later, the Wilton Manors Civic Association was organized and a meeting hall was built by volunteer labor from materials given by many of its residents on land donated by the City's first mayor which now houses the Wilton Manors Public Library.

After considering several locations, the city's first City Hall opened for business in 1957 at 524 NE 21st Court and was Broward County's oldest city hall when it was demolished in 2010. Construction of the new City Hall and Police Station on Wilton Drive was completed in January 2010. The beautiful and spacious Commission Chambers provide a fitting venue for meetings of the City Commission, various City advisory boards and community organizations.

The City of Wilton Manors has a City Manager-Commission type of government. The five-member non-partisan City Commission consists of four Commissioners elected at large for staggered fouryear terms and a mayor elected for a two-year term. The mayor is the head of state for the City and presides at City Commission meetings. The City Commission hires the City Manager and legal counsel; approves Ordinances and Resolutions; and sets overall policy for the City. The City Manager is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the City government and appoints its department heads. The City, with an estimated population of 12,385, is physically located in Broward County, on the extreme southeastern coast of Florida between Palm Beach County to the north, and Miami-Dade County to the south. The downtown area of the City of Fort Lauderdale lies 2.5 miles to the south. Since Wilton Manors is surrounded by the waters of the north and south forks of the Middle River, the City is affectionately known by residents as the "Island City."

Broward County has the second largest county population in the State of Florida with an estimated 1.89 million residents. The County's total land area is 1,197 square miles of which 787 lie in a conservation area and cannot be developed. The remaining 410 developable square miles have 31 municipalities and 23 miles of beaches.

Although Wilton Manors is continually experiencing redevelopment, as is typical in a built-out city, Wilton Manors has maintained its small hometown atmosphere. However, the City is in the process of planning for future redevelopment by establishing and/or expanding its transient oriented corridors (TOCs) and increasing urban density, all with the intent of maintaining the City's small town charm.

In May 1997 the City created the Island City Foundation, a non-profit organization to promote and support public purposes that benefit the residents of Wilton Manors. The Foundation is a legally separate entity and is governed by a Board of Directors, which is currently composed of the five members of the City Commission. The Foundation is considered a component unit of the City but, has not been included in the City's financial statements since the financial activities of the Foundation for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 are not considered material to the financial statements of the City.

In addition, in December 2014 the City created the Wilton Drive Improvement District, a dependent special district consisting of 56 commercial properties bordering Wilton Drive. The District is a legally separate entity and is governed by a Board of Supervisors which consists of seven members appointed by the City Commission. The board consists of four business representatives and one resident representative. The board held its first organizational meetings in 2016 and levied its first assessment for FY17. The District is considered a component unit of the City and its financial statements are included in the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

The City Commission is required to adopt an annual budget for the fiscal year no later than September 30 preceding the beginning of the fiscal year on October 1. This annual budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may transfer resources within a department, as they see fit, with the approval of the City Manager. Transfers between departments, however, need approval from the City Commission.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The County enjoys a diverse economy reflecting its active tourism, construction, marine and service industries; sea, air, and land transportation facilities; and other industrial sectors. Per capita personal income is higher than the state average. This fiscal year saw the local economy continuing its steady recovery from the Great Recession. As of February 2021, the Broward County unemployment rate was 5.6%, 2.3 percentage points higher than the previous year rate of 3.3%. The state of Florida and the National unemployment rates, at the same time, was 4.7% and 6.2% respectively. The increase in unemployment locally and nationwide was driven by the COVID-19 pandemic and the resulting economic downtown. Southeast Florida was considered a "hot spot" for the COVID-19 virus.

The foundation of the local Wilton Manors economy is its core of residential developments along with small retail and service businesses. Wilton Manors continues to experience commercial and multifamily residential redevelopment primarily centered on Wilton Drive in the heart of the City's Arts and Entertainment District. The local real estate market for single-family homes was strong throughout the fiscal year despite the economic turndown resulting from the pandemic. Sales prices continued their upward trend. Wilton Manors continues to lead the regional recovery of the housing market, with citywide taxable property values, as determined by the Broward County Property Appraiser, as of January 1, 2020, increased by 5.6% over the values as of January 1, 2019.

Strategic Plan

On May 19, 2015, the City Commission adopted a 5-year "2020 Strategic Plan." This Plan guides future policy development, budgeting, and management decisions toward the accomplishment of defined goals and objectives.

An important part of the process of developing the Plan was ensuring community participation. Focus group meetings with the City Commission, members of boards and advisory committees, and members of the business community were held. Participants were asked to assess and discuss the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and challenges of the City. A city-wide resident survey was also conducted. Feedback from these and other sources was used by City department leaders to develop vision and mission statements, goals, objectives, and strategies for each of the Plan's four priority areas:

- Proactive Public Safety
- Sound Governance
- Strategic Growth and Redevelopment
- Innovating and Adapting for the future

The City began the process of updating its strategic plan for the next five years, however, due to the lockdown resulting from the pandemic, work on the new strategic plan was delayed The new strategic plan is expected to be completed in FY 2020-2021.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City Commission annually adopts a five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) as a part of the formal budgeting process. The CIP is a roadmap for the City's future spending on both large and small capital projects. An important adjunct to the CIP is the City's Capital Replacement Plan (CRP) which was set up to provide funding for future capital expenditures of a recurring nature. Through the CRP the City provides for the replacement of vehicles and equipment that have come to the end of their useful lives.

The City is a candidate for a future transit rail station along the Florida East Coast Railroad (FEC). In FY15-16 the City began budgeting annual installments toward developing a fund to attract the rail station. This is shown in the financial statements as assigned fund balance in the General Fund. However, in an effort to counter lost revenues caused by the economic turndown and pandemic, the City did not set aside the annual funding for FY 2019-20.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City of Wilton Manors' financial policies set forth the basic framework for the overall fiscal management of the City. These policies operate independently of changing circumstances and conditions with the exception of when changes in financial policy are necessary to maintain the integrity of the City and its operations, in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These policies assist the decision making process of the City Commission and the City Administration and provide guidelines for evaluating both current activities and proposals for future programs.

General Financial Policies include: continuous monitoring and comparison of all revenues and expenditures to budget; the aggressive pursuit of grant revenues; cost sharing of health and life insurance between the City and its employees; limitations to budgeted overtime; scheduled maintenance of infrastructure, vehicles and other assets; and the establishment and regular review of user fees and charges.

Debt Policies include prohibitions on issuance of debt for operating activities; the prohibition of the use of general obligation debt for enterprise activities; the maintenance of sufficient restricted cash, reserves and restricted net assets to cover debt service; and the publication and distribution of official statements for revenue bond issues.

Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting Policies include requiring an annual audit by an independent Certified Public Accounting firm; the timely production and issuance of annual financial reports in accordance with GAAP, and the maintenance of financial records.

Additional Budgetary Guidelines include the pursuit of revenue sources that are alternatives to ad valorem taxes, and the periodic review of government structure and consolidation of departments when feasible.

One of the most important of the City's Budgetary Guidelines is to strive to maintain the General Fund's unassigned fund balance at 15% to 20% of the General Fund budget. If the unassigned fund balance falls below the minimum desired level, it is the practice of the City to budget additional contingency funds sufficient to bring the unassigned fund balance back up to the minimum level. This guideline was formally incorporated by the City Commission into the City's Fund Balance Policy which is in compliance with GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

Internal Controls

The City's management is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of accounting and other internal controls to ensure compliance with applicable laws and City policies so that financial transactions are properly recorded and documented to provide reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the City's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

In order to create and maintain a climate supportive of a strong system of internal controls, the City's management has instilled and nurtured a culture of integrity among City staff, clearly communicating their high expectations for staff to perform at the highest level of ethical conduct. Toward this end, management has also provided both the budgetary support and the moral support to enable staff to perform at this high level of professionalism.

Major Initiatives

The City progressed with its plan to achieve the goals and objectives of the 2020 Strategic Plan. However, the lock down resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, delayed work on many, if not all projects, during the year. The City's major projects and initiatives, some of which were started in prior years, are discussed below:

- Providing essential services to residents and businesses during the COVID-19 Pandemic, including a vaccination site and providing the Pfizer vaccine to 540 individuals.
- The City continued to invest in infrastructure spending for water and sewer improvements to ensure residents receive the best quality and service levels.

- Non-capital initiatives, which started in FY18, targeted investment in the City's economy to spur future property value growth and private investment in the commercial districts. This included hiring an Economic Development manager.
- Wilton Manors City Hall Property Site Plan Visioning The City has begun to have a robust public discussion of whether the property should be redeveloped. Over the years, many proposals have been offered for this property, and going forward the City would like to shape any future proposals based on our own collective vision for its best use.
- The City conducting an Urban Form and Density study and began the process of establishing or expanding existing transient oriented corridors (TOCs) and increasing allowable density levels in the TOCs.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Wilton Manors for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended September 30, 2019. This was the twenty-first consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements, meeting strict reporting guidelines.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for Fiscal Year 2018-19. To qualify for this award, the City's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communication device.

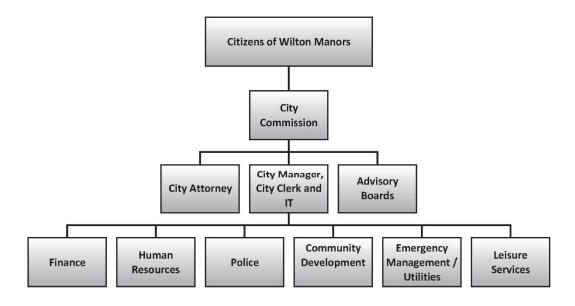
The coronavirus (COVID-19) has resulted in disruption of City operations and caused global, national and local economies to experience significant declines. However, the City of Wilton Manors has taken steps and will continue to make efforts to protect the safety and well-being of our residents. The city has also taken steps that will ensure continued financial stability. With the guidance of our city leadership we are hopeful that we will come out of this pandemic stronger than ever.

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report would not have been possible without the skill, effort and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Appreciation is extended to the members of the City Departments for their assistance in the preparation of the report, and the City's external auditors for their very significant role in the production of the report. Credit is also due to the mayor and city commissioners for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully,

Pennie L. Zuercher Finance Director

City of Wilton Manors



City of Wilton Manors, Florida

COMMISSION - MANAGER FORM OF GOVERNMENT LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS As of September 30, 2020

CITY COMMISSION

TOM GREEN Vice Mayor JULIE CARSON Commissioner

GARY RESNICK Commissioner PAUL ROLLI Commissioner

CITY MANAGER Leigh Ann Henderson

CITY ATTORNEY Kerry Ezrol

FINANCE DIRECTOR Pennie Zuercher

LEISURE SERVICES DIRECTOR Patrick Cann

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DIRECTOR Roberta Moore **CITY CLERK** Falth Lombardo

HUMAN RESOURCES DIRECTOR Dio Sanchez

> POLICE CHIEF Paul O'Connell

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT / UTILITIES DIRECTOR David Archacki



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Wilton Manors Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2019

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Vice Mayor, City Commissioners and City Manager City of Wilton Manors, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wilton Manors, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Pension Trust Funds, which represents 100% of the assets, additions, and deductions of the fiduciary funds. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Pension Trust Funds is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

 KMCcpa.com
 6550 N Federal Hwy, 4th Floor, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33308
 Phone: 954.771.0896
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BEST PLACES TO WORK

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules related to pensions and other post-employment benefits on pages 4 through 13 and pages 68 through 77, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, budgetary comparison information, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and budgetary comparison information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and budgetary comparison information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

City of Wilton Manors, Florida

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 22, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE MCCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida April 22, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)



This section of the City's financial statements presents management's analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter beginning on page i and the City's financial statements which begin on page 14.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$38,120,075 (net position). Of this amount (\$9,438,988) is unrestricted net position (deficit).
- The City's total net position increased by \$719,903. The net position of the governmental activities decreased by \$937,688, while the net position of the business-type activities increased by \$1,657,591.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$ 6,076,027, an increase of \$ 922,786 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 42.2% of this amount (\$ 2,567,086) is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the *committed*, *assigned*, and *unassigned* components of *fund balance*) for the *general fund* was \$ 3,529,995. Of this amount \$ 2,930,464 is unassigned fund balance of the general fund. This amount is 16.3% of the total budgeted general fund operating expenditures for the subsequent fiscal year (FY20-21, \$ 18,005,627), which met the city's formal policy of unassigned fund balance of 15%-20%.
- The City's total outstanding long-term debt decreased by \$503,646 during the current fiscal year due to regular debt service payments and refinancing of the 2008 general obligation note.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City of Wilton Manors' basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Wilton Manor's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, economic development, transportation, and culture and recreation. Business -type activities of the City include water & sewer utility, storm water utility, garbage and recycling services and a parking system.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. City categorizes funds into three basic fund types: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the City's two major governmental funds, the General Fund and the Fire Assessment Fund. Data from the eight other nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements section of this report on pages 78 through 81.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, special revenue funds and capital improvement fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and the Fire Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget, and is presented as required supplementary information. Budgetary comparison for nonmajor special revenue funds and capital improvement fund is presented in the Combining Fund Statements section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 20 of this report.

Proprietary funds - Proprietary funds comprised of the enterprise funds which are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Utility Fund, Drainage Fund, Parking Fund and Recycling Fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Utility, Parking and Recycling funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. A statement of cash flows is presented at the fund financial statement level for Proprietary funds, but no equivalent statements are presented in the government-wide financial statements for either governmental activities or business-type activities.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 25.

Fiduciary funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City maintains one fiduciary fund. The pension trust fund is used to report resources held in trust for retirees and beneficiaries covered by two pension plans - the Pension Plan for General Employees and Police and the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 and 27.

Notes to the financial statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 67 of this report.

Other financial information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 68 through 77 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pension and OPEB. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 78 through 89 of this report.

Government-Wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Wilton Manors, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 38,120,075 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

		Table 1 - I	Net Position			
	Governmental	Activities	Business-Ty	/pe Activities	Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Current and other assets \$ Internal balances	9,282,977 \$ (1,305,994)	8,855,201 \$ (1,372,994)	11,123,434 1,305,994	\$ 10,319,856 \$ 1,372,994	20,406,411 \$	19,175,057 -
Capital assets (net)	30,604,334	30,601,490	19,491,797	19,550,308	50,096,131	50,151,798
Total assets	38,581,317	38,083,697	31,921,225	31,243,158	70,502,542	69,326,855
Deferred outflows of resources	6,960,310	6,241,162	343,691	309,901	7,304,001	6,551,063
Current liabilities Long-term debt and other	2,944,464	3,305,806	2,303,400	3,241,144	5,247,864	6,546,950
noncurrent liabilities	30,910,482	27,555,656	2,579,497	2,547,538	33,489,979	30,103,194
Total liabilities	33,854,946	30,861,462	4,882,897	5,788,682	38,737,843	36,650,144
Deferred inflows of resources	894,845	1,733,873	53,780	93,729	948,625	1,827,602
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	27,206,964	26,856,340	18,377,713	18,280,358	45,584,677	45,136,698
Restricted	1,576,756	1,486,874	397,630	390,990	1,974,386	1,877,864
Unrestricted	(17,991,884)	(16,613,690)	8,552,896	6,999,300	(9,438,988)	(9,614,390)
Total net position \$	10,791,836 \$	11,729,524 \$	27,328,239	\$ 25,670,648 \$	38,120,075 \$	37,400,172

The largest portion of the City's net position (\$ 45,584,677) reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$ 1,974,386) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining portion of total net position (Unrestricted Net Position) is a deficit of (\$ 9,438,988). The governmental activities net position was negatively impacted when the City first recognized net pension liability and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability in fiscal year 2015 and 2018, respectively. Net pension liability at the close of the current fiscal year is \$ 28,466,060, an increase of \$ 3,744,945 from the prior year.

However, the City's overall net position increased by \$719,903. The business-type activities net position increased by \$1,657,591, while the government-wide activities net position decreased by \$937,688. The reasons for the overall increase in net position are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

	Governmer	ntal A	Activities		Business-T	уре	Activities		Т	otal	
	2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Revenues:						_					
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 3,996,309	\$	5,033,858	\$	12,884,607	\$	12,868,396	\$	16,880,916	\$	17,902,254
Operating grants											
and contributions	199,655		772,371		-		-		199,655		772,371
Capital grants											
and contributions	747,114		178,146		-		-		747,114		178,146
General revenues:											
Property taxes	9,049,908		8,748,807		-		-		9,049,908		8,748,807
Intergovernmental	1,466,222		1,581,997		-		-		1,466,222		1,581,997
Other taxes and fees	3,507,579		3,528,938		-		-		3,507,579		3,528,938
Other general revenues	 299,869		437,616		106,966		218,120	_	406,835		655,736
Total revenues	 19,266,656		20,281,733		12,991,573		13,086,516		32,258,229		33,368,249
F											
Expenses: General government	6,208,285		4,892,050						6,208,285		4,892,050
Economic development	6,208,285 59,649		4,892,050		-		-		6,208,285 59.649		4,892,050 69,970
Public safety	59,649 11,589,466		10,746,206		-		-		59,649 11,589,466		10,746,206
Culture and recreation					-		-				
	4,071,313		4,319,295		-		-		4,071,313		4,319,295
Physical environment	2,934		14,724		8,463,764		9,479,314		8,466,698		9,494,038
Transportation	570,906		773,807		398,180		573,936		969,086		1,347,743
Interest on long-term debt	 137,712	·	160,857	· -	36,117	· -	43,415	-	173,829	-	204,272
Total expenses	 22,640,265		20,976,909		8,898,061		10,096,665	_	31,538,326	_	31,073,574
Excess (deficiency) in net											
position before transfers	(3,373,609)		(695,176)		4,093,512		2,989,851		719,903		2,294,675
Transfers	 2,435,921		1,324,846		(2,435,921)		(1,324,846)	_	-	_	-
Changes in net position	(937,688)		629,670		1,657,591		1,665,005		719,903		2,294,675
Net position, beginning	 11,729,524		11,099,854		25,670,648		24,005,643	_	37,400,172	_	35,105,497
Net position, ending	\$ 10,791,836	\$	11,729,524	\$	27,328,239	\$	25,670,648	\$	38,120,075	\$	37,400,172

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position

This condensed Statement of Activities shows how the year's revenues, expenses, and transfers have affected the City's net position.

Governmental Activities:

During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities decreased by \$ 937,688 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$ 10,791,836.

While the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic definitely impacted the city's operations during fiscal year 2020, management was able to take various actions (e.g. delaying nonrecurring expenses and reducing program related expenses (including part-time wages), for programs that were ordered closed by state and county emergency orders, to minimize its effect on governmental activities. In spite of these measures, the governmental activities total expenses before transfers increased by \$ 1,663,356 due primarily to the increase in pension expense as a result of the increase in net pension liability at the end of the current year.

While property taxes increased by \$ 301,101 due to increased property values, this was offset by the decrease in almost all other revenue sources which can be attributed to the pandemic. Charges for services and intergovernmental revenues decreased by \$ 1,037,549 and \$ 115,775, respectively.

Business-type Activities:

The business-type activities increased its net position by \$ 1,657,591 to reach an ending balance of \$ 27,328,239. The utility fund increased its net position by \$ 1,513,390 ending at \$ 23,137,198. Parking fund and drainage fund increased their net position by \$ 95,136 and \$ 56,996, respectively, while recycling fund decreased its net position by \$ 7,931. Detailed analysis of this change is included in the analysis of the Proprietary Funds.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City Commission.

As of September 30, 2020, the City of Wilton Manors' governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balances of \$ 6,076,027, an increase of \$ 922,786 (17.9%) from the prior fiscal year. Approximately 42.2% of this amount (\$2,567,086) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is non-spendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$ 83,448), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$ 1,576,756), and 3) assigned for particular purposes (\$ 1,848,737).

General Fund - The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Wilton Manors. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$ 2,930,464, while total fund balance increased to \$ 4,166,636. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 17.9% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 25.4% of that same amount.

Unassigned fund balance at year end represents approximately 16.3% of the total budgeted general fund operating expenditures for the subsequent fiscal year (FY20-21, \$ 18,005,627). The amount of unassigned fund balance is within the target in the City's adopted fund balance policy of maintaining a minimum unassigned fund balance in the General Fund of 15% to 20% of the subsequent fiscal year's budgeted operating expenditures.

The general fund appropriated to spend \$845,000 from its fund balance but ended the fiscal year increasing its fund balance by \$20,876. This was a deliberate effort by management to minimize the impact of COVID-19 to its financial stability.

Revenues: While property taxes increased by \$301,101 as a result of increased property values, other sources of revenues decreased which can be attributed to the COVID-19 pandemic. Charges for services decreased by \$216,173 as a result of canceled programs and closure of city parks facilities. Fines and forfeitures and licenses also decreased by \$481,668 and \$230,938, respectively. During the year, the city refinanced its 2008 general obligation note resulting in \$2,993,370 debt proceeds and \$3,268,150 payment to the bond escrow agent.

Expenditures: The city created the Capital Improvement Fund in the current fiscal year to use for accounting the sources and uses of funds related to its capital improvement plan. This resulted in a decrease in the capital expenditures in the general fund by \$ 2,443,061 and a transfer to the capital improvement fund of \$ 1,405,922. Canceled programs and closure of city parks facilities mentioned above also contributed to the decrease of expenditures in the culture and recreation function.

Fire Assessment Fund - The Fire Assessment Fund, a major special revenue fund, accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with fire prevention and fire protection activities in the City. The Fire Assessment Fund employs a full-time Fire Marshal and Fire Inspector, and shares administrative staff with the General Fund's Community Development Services Department. The City contracts with the neighboring City of Fort Lauderdale to provide first responder services for both fire and emergency medical services. Emergency medical services are funded through the General Fund, but fire services are funded through the Fire Assessment Fund, whose primary revenue source is a Fire Assessment Fee levied as a non-ad valorem assessment and billed to property owners on their property tax bills.

As of September 30, 2020, the fire fund's fund balance increased by \$ 186,681 to end the year at \$ 550,004. The increase is mainly due to actual expenditures were lesser than budgeted amounts. All of the Fire Assessment Fund's fund balance is either restricted or committed to be used for fire operations.

Proprietary Funds:

The City of Wilton Manors' proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Utility Fund - Utility fund increased its net position by \$1,513,390 for the current year. Total operating revenues decreased by \$67,145. The decrease was a result of a combination of: decrease in water consumption rate charge by an average of 7.5%, increase in sewer rates by 5% and net decrease in cost of water supply and sewer treatment charges from Fort Lauderdale by 15.2%.

Parking Fund – Parking fund increased its net position by \$95,136 for the current year. Parking revenues decreased by \$342,903; while parking operating expenses decreased by \$175,756. These decreases were directly related to the suspension of parking fee enforcement from the start of the COVID-19 pandemic in March through the end of November.

Recycling Fund – Recycling fund ended the year with a net deficit of \$ 292,949. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic businesses downgrade or cancelled their solid waste services altogether. As a result, approximately \$ 400,000 opportunity gross revenue was lost.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original Budget Compared to Final Budget:

During the year there was a need to increase the original budgeted appropriations by \$3,953,361. The main components of the increase were:

- a. \$471,000 transfer to Capital Improvement Fund to fund carry over capital projects; and \$380,000 to carry over other unspent non-capital projects.
- b. \$ 121,900 in the Community Development Services Department to fund professional services for various projects related to the implementation of the Andrews/Oakland Park Boulevard Corridor Study.
- c. \$ 2,955,770 for principal payment of the refunded 2008 general obligation note.

Final Budget Compared to Actual Results:

Revenues - Actual revenues, excluding transfers and debt proceeds, were 4.4% or \$ 710,000 lower than the final budget. As mentioned earlier in this document, other than property taxes, all other revenues were significantly impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Property taxes are within the 98% collection rate history of the city.

Expenditures - Actual expenditures, excluding transfers, were \$ 1,234,221 or 7.0% below the final budget, a direct effect of management's actions to minimize the impact of COVID-19 to the city's financial stability.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2020, amounts to \$50,096,131 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building, infrastructure, vehicles and machinery and equipment.

	 Governmer	ntal A	Activities	_	Business-T	уре	Activities	_	1	otal	
	 2020	_	2019		2020		2019		2020	-	2019
Land	\$ 9,414,357	\$	9,387,477	\$	2,432,452	\$	2,432,452	\$	11,846,809	\$	11,819,929
Construction in progress	72,149		258,967		183,347		748,405		255,496		1,007,372
Intangibles	74,672		74,672		-		-		74,672		74,672
Infrastructure, buildings											
and improvements	18,969,482		18,573,206		15,960,835		15,369,552		34,930,317		33,942,758
Machinery and equipment	 2,073,674		2,307,168		915,163		999,899		2,988,837	_	3,307,067
Total	\$ 30,604,334	\$	30,601,490	\$	19,491,797	\$	19,550,308	\$	50,096,131	\$	50,151,798

Table 3 - Capital Assets

This year's major additions included:

Governmental Activities:	
Fire Station 16 alerting system	\$ 97,166
Vehicles and equipment	133,126
NE 26th St complete street project	973,227
Business-Type Activities:	
Loader backhoe	114,950
NE 6th Avenue Water Main Replacement	446,294
NE 26th Street Water Main Replacement	128,234
	\$ 1,892,997

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 44 and 45.

Debt Administration

The City had debt totaling \$ 4,511,454 at September 30, 2020. Of this amount, \$ 2,993,370 is general obligation debt.

Table 4 - Outstanding Debt

		Governmental /	Activities	Business-Type	Activities	Tota	I
	_	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Notes payable	\$	3,397,370 \$	3,745,150 \$	1,114,084 \$	1,269,950 \$	4,511,454 \$	5,015,100
Total	\$	3,397,370 \$	3,745,150 \$	1,114,084 \$	1,269,950 \$	4,511,454 \$	5,015,100

The city's total debt decreased by \$ 503,646 (10.04%) due to regular debt service payments and the refunding of the 2008 general obligation note.

The city refinanced its 2008 general obligation note to take advantage of favorable interest rates. The estimated savings from the refinancing is approximately \$ 245,000.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 46 through 48 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The following economic factors currently affect the City of Wilton Manors and were considered in developing the fiscal year 2020-2021 budget.

• The local economy is slowly showing positive signs; however, the COVID-19 pandemic affected the development of the 2020-2021 budget.

- The City's property values at July 1, 2020 increased 5.6% over the prior year. This is the eight consecutive increases after several years of decline due to the Great Recession. Operating millage rate is \$ 5.9000 which is 0.0587 or 1.0% less than prior year. The increase in property values brings in additional revenue to the general fund of \$ 378,911.
- Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the city expects to see an overall decrease in revenues of \$ 1,685,000. Departmental budget reductions were implemented as a result of the expected revenue decline.
- The residential fire assessment fee is \$ 260.88 compared to \$ 216.13 from prior year. Water rates decreased 3.6% while sewer rates increased 7%. The storm water fee will continue to increase by 5% and garbage rates increased by 2.5%.
- Interest rates are expected to continue to decrease.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide general overview of the City of Wilton manors finances for all those with interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information are welcome and may be directed to the Finance Department by phone at (954) 390-2144, by email to <u>ap@wiltonmanors.com</u>, or by mail to the City of Wilton Manors, Finance Department, 2020 Wilton Drive, Wilton Manors, FL 33305.

The City publishes this report and much more financial information on its website: <u>www.wiltonmanors.com</u> > Departments > Finance.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



		ſ	Prima	iry Governmer	nt	
				Business-		
		Governmental		type		Total
Assets:		Activities	-	Activities		Total
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	7,580,354	\$	9,616,331	\$	17,196,685
Accounts receivables, net	Ŧ	216,065	Ŧ	953,551	Ŧ	1,169,616
Due from other governments		799,235		-		799,235
Inventories		24,117		36,421		60,538
Prepayments and other assets		9,331		31,977		41,308
Note receivable		50,000		-		50,000
Restricted cash, cash equivalents						
and investments		470,969		485,154		956,123
Internal balances		(1,305,994)		1,305,994		-
Capital assets, non-depreciable		9,561,178		2,615,799		12,176,977
Capital assets, depreciable (net)		21,043,156		16,875,998		37,919,154
Net pension asset		132,906		-		132,906
Total assets		38,581,317	-	31,921,225		70,502,542
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred outflows of Resources.		118,420		5,580		124,000
Deferred outflows related to pensions		6,841,890		338,111		7,180,001
Deferred outlows related to pensions	•	0,041,000	-	330,111		7,100,001
Total deferred outflows						
of resources		6,960,310	-	343,691		7,304,001
Total assets and deferred outflows						
of resources	\$	45,541,627	\$	32,264,916	\$	77,806,543
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	922,349	\$	1,519,774	\$	2,442,123
Accrued liabilities	Ŧ	684,963	Ŧ	99,096	Ŧ	784,059
Customer deposits		-		485,154		485,154
Unearned revenues		160,738		-		160,738
Accrued interest payable		12,898		11,374		24,272
Due within one year:						
Compensated absences		731,512		28,183		759,695
Notes payable		432,004		159,819		591,823
Due in more than one year:						
Compensated absences		244,037		55,251		299,288
Notes payable		2,965,366		954,265		3,919,631
Net pension liability		26,928,446		1,537,614		28,466,060
OPEB liability		772,633	-	32,367		805,000
Total liabilities		33,854,946	-	4,882,897		38,737,843

	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	4,775	225	5,000
Deferred inflows related to pension	890,070	53,555	943,625
Total deferred inflows			
of resources	894,845	53,780	948,625
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	27,206,964	18,377,713	45,584,677
Restricted for:			
Sewer impact fees	-	397,630	397,630
Public safety impact fees	25,046	-	25,046
Public safety	315,586	-	315,586
Fire operations	549,404	-	549,404
EMS rescue unit	167,451	-	167,451
Culture and recreation impact fees	107,843	-	107,843
Affordable housing impact fees	260,686	-	260,686
Jenada Isle neighborhood			
improvements	12,286	-	12,286
Wilton Drive improvements	138,309	-	138,309
Library services	145	-	145
Unrestricted (deficit)	(17,991,884)	8,552,896	(9,438,988)
Total net position	10,791,836	27,328,239	38,120,075
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 45,541,627	\$ 32,264,916	\$ 77,806,543
			, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government	Revenue and let Position vernment	
Functions/ Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
Primary Government: Governmental activities: General government Economic development Public safety Culture and recreation Physical environment Transportation Interest expense	\$ 6,208,285 \$ 59,649 11,589,466 4,071,313 2,934 570,906 137,712	<pre>\$ 238,071 101,896 3,336,244 277,215 7,705 35,178</pre>	\$ 182,178 17,477 -	\$ - 97,480 - 649,634 -	\$ (5,970,214) \$ 42,247 (8,071,044) (3,679,141) (3,679,141) (113,906 (113,906 (137,712)	· · · · · · · ·	\$ (5,970,214) 42,247 (8,071,044) (3,679,141) 4,771 113,906 (137,712)
Total governmental activities	22,640,265	3,996,309	199,655	747,114	(17,697,187)	ı	(17,697,187)
Business-type activities: Utility Parking Recycling Drainage	5,048,984 419,525 3,148,790 280,762	8,293,260 588,555 3,503,485 499,307				3,244,276 169,030 354,695 218,545	3,244,276 169,030 354,695 218,545
Total business-type activities	8,898,061	12,884,607	ı	T	ŗ	3,986,546	3,986,546
Total Primary Government	\$ <u>31,538,326</u>	\$ 16,880,916	\$ 199,655	\$ 747,114	(17,697,187)	3,986,546	(13,710,641)
	General revenues: Taxes: Property Franchise Utility Other Intergovernmental revenue, not Interest income Miscellaneous Gain on sale of capital assets Transfers in (out)	ue, not restricted to specific functions	ecific functions		9,049,908 1,210,100 2,023,432 274,047 1,466,222 117,046 178,335 4,488 2,435,921	- - 106,966 - - (2,435,921)	9,049,908 1,210,100 2,023,432 274,047 1,466,222 224,012 178,335 4,488
	Total general revenues and	les and transfers			16,759,499	(2,328,955)	14,430,544
	Change in net position	sition			(937,688)	1,657,591	719,903
	Net position, beginning				11,729,524	25,670,648	37,400,172
ī	Net position, ending			-	\$ 10,791,836 \$	\$ 27,328,239	\$ 38,120,075

A A	_	General Fund	-	Fire Assessment Fund	(Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total
Assets:								
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Receivables, net:	\$	5,330,018	\$	604,944	\$	1,645,392	\$	7,580,354
Accounts receivable Due from other governments		209,921 313,006		6,144		- 486,229		216,065 799,235
Due from other funds		581,321		_		+00,225		581,321
Inventories		18,813		-		5,304		24,117
Prepayments		6,802		-		2,529		9,331
Note receivable		50,000		-		-		50,000
Restricted cash, cash equivalents								
and investments	-	167,451	-	303,387	-	131	-	470,969
Total assets	\$_	6,677,332	\$	914,475	\$_	2,139,585	\$_	9,731,392
Liabilities:	ć	452 450	ć	200.240	ć	100 645	ć	022.240
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	453,456	\$	288,248	\$	180,645 180	\$	922,349
Due to other funds		675,992		8,791		581,321		684,963 581,321
Advances due to other funds		1,305,994		-		-		1,305,994
Unearned revenues	_	75,254	-	67,432	_	18,052	_	160,738
Total liabilities	_	2,510,696	-	364,471	_	780,198	_	3,655,365
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories and prepayments		25,615		-		7,833		33,448
Note receivable Restricted for:		50,000		-		-		50,000
Public safety impact fees		25,046		_		_		25,046
Public safety		-		-		315,586		315,586
Fire operations		-		549,404		-		549,404
EMS rescue unit		167,451		-		-		167,451
Culture and recreation impact fees		107,843		-		-		107,843
Affordable housing impact fees		260,686		-		-		260,686
Jenada Isle neighborhood								
improvements		-		-		12,286		12,286
Wilton Drive improvements		-		-		138,309		138,309
Library services Assigned to:		-		-		145		145
Capital improvements		-		-		212,712		212,712
Next year's budget		416,531		600		1,035,894		1,453,025
Train station		119,000		-				119,000
Clay court		64,000		-		-		64,000
Unassigned (deficit)	_	2,930,464	-	-	-	(363,378)	_	2,567,086
Total fund balances	_	4,166,636	-	550,004	-	1,359,387	_	6,076,027
Total liabilities								
and fund balances	\$_	6,677,332	\$	914,475	\$_	2,139,585	\$_	9,731,392

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	6,076,027
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Governmental capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 69,367,914 (38,763,580)		30,604,334
Long-term liabilities, including loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Note and loans payable Net pension liability Net pension asset Other post employment benefits (OPEB) Compensated absences	(3,397,370) (26,928,446) 132,906 (772,633) (975,549)		(31,941,092)
Accrued interest payable is not reported in the governmental funds.			(12,898)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	6,960,310 (894,845)	_	6,065,465
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ _	10,791,836

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	General Fund	Fire Assessment Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 9,049,908	\$-	\$-	\$ 9,049,908
Franchise	1,210,100	-	-	1,210,100
Utility	2,023,432	-	-	2,023,432
Insurance premium	-	168,066	-	168,066
Intergovernmental	1,392,049	1,842	1,019,100	2,412,991
Special assessments	-	2,280,435	103,825	2,384,260
Charges for services	304,276	101,788	35,178	441,242
Licenses and permits	888,418	-	-	888,418
Fines and forfeitures	205,049	-	7,390	212,439
Interest income	89 <i>,</i> 445	16,313	11,298	117,056
Miscellaneous	326,269	30,762	1,713	358,744
Total revenues	15,488,946	2,599,206	1,178,504	19,266,656
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	5,291,739	-	-	5,291,739
Economic development	-	-	59 <i>,</i> 649	59,649
Public safety	7,649,319	2,146,664	89,133	9,885,116
Culture and recreation	3,024,415	-	60,373	3,084,788
Physical environment	-	-	2,934	2,934
Transportation	162,900	-	100,183	263,083
Debt service:				
Principal	73,000	-	-	73,000
Interest	150,930	-	-	150,930
Debt issuance cost	37,600	-	-	37,600
Capital outlay	8,615	108,980	1,538,577	1,656,172
Total expenditures	16,398,518	2,255,644	1,850,849	20,505,011
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(909,572)	343,562	(672,345)	(1,238,355)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	2,636,150	-	1,430,922	4,067,072
Transfers out	(1,430,922)	• • •	(43,348)	(1,631,151)
Payment to bond escrow agent	(3,268,150)	-	-	(3,268,150)
Debt proceeds	2,993,370		-	2,993,370
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	930,448	(156,881)	1,387,574	2,161,141
Net change in fund balances	20,876	186,681	715,229	922,786
Fund Balances, Beginning	4,145,760	363,323	644,158	5,153,241
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 4,166,636	\$ <u>550,004</u>	\$ 1,359,387	\$ 6,076,027

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	922,786
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:			
Expenditures for capital assets \$ Less: Current year provision for depreciation Add: Gain on disposal of capital assets	1,613,769 (1,615,413) 4,488		2,844
Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			73,000
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long- term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayment.			
Bond proceeds Payment to escrow agent for refunded bonds			(2,993,370) 3,268,150
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:			
Change in accrued compensated absences Change in other post employment benefits	(77,820)		
(OPEB) Change in net pension liability Change in net pension asset Change in the accrued interest payable on governmental debts	(157,575) (3,575,764) 28,667 13,218		(3,769,274)
Certain changes related to pension and other post employment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities are not reported in the net change in the governmental funds:			(-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -
Change in deferred outflows Change in deferred inflows	719,148 839,028	_	1,558,176
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ =	(937,688)

	_	Utility Fund	Parking Fund		Recycling Fund		Nonmajor Drainage Fund		Total	
Assets:					_		-			
Current assets:										
Cash, cash equivalents and										
investments	\$	6,391,847	\$	1,365,745	\$	284,673	\$	1,574,066	\$	9,616,331
Accounts receivable, net		796,383		-		136,073		21,095		953,551
Inventories		36,421		-		-		-		36,421
Prepayments and other assets		803		31,174		-		-		31,977
Restricted cash, cash equivalents										
and investments	-	485,154	-	-	-	-		-	-	485,154
Total current assets	_	7,710,608	_	1,396,919	_	420,746		1,595,161	_	11,123,434
Non-current assets:										
Advance to other funds		1,305,994		-		-		-		1,305,994
Capital assets, non-depreciable		1,663,245		929,529		-		23,025		2,615,799
Capital assets, depreciable (net)	_	15,275,794	_	794,081	_	112,863		693,260	_	16,875,998
Total non-current assets	_	18,245,033	_	1,723,610	_	112,863		716,285		20,797,791
Total assets	_	25,955,641	_	3,120,529	-	533,609		2,311,446	_	31,921,225
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred outflows related		4,178		162		596		644		5,580
to pensions	-	242,550	-	10,334	-	33,522		51,705	_	338,111
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	246,728		10,496	_	34,118		52,349	_	343,691
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	26,202,369	\$	3,131,025	Ś	567,727	\$	2,363,795	\$	32,264,916
	. =	, , ,	. =	, ,	. =	<u> </u>			. =	, ,
Liabilities: Current liabilities (payable from unrestricted assets):										
Accounts payable	\$	770,049	\$	45,142	\$	696,513	\$	8,070	\$	1,519,774
Accrued liabilities		91,072		428		3,034		4,562		99,096
Accrued interest payable		4,652		6,722		-		-		11,374
Compensated absences payable		19,246		131		5,787		3,019		28,183
Note payable		65,366		94,453		-		-		159,819
Current liabilities (payable from										
restricted assets):										
Customer deposits	_	485,154	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	485,154
Total current liabilities	-	1,435,539	_	146,876	_	705,334		15,651	_	2,303,400

	Utility Fund	Parking Fund	Recycling Fund	Nonmajor Drainage Fund	Total
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	46,154	105	6,420	2,572	55,251
Note payable	386,212	568,053	-	-	954,265
Net pension liability	1,134,960	64,889	141,447	196,318	1,537,614
OPEB liability	23,527	983	3,414	4,443	32,367
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,590,853	634,030	151,281	203,333	2,579,497
Total liabilities	3,026,392	780,906	856,615	218,984	4,882,897
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows related to OPEB	168	7	24	26	225
Deferred inflows related to pensions	38,611	5,161	4,037	5,746	53,555
Total deferred inflows of resources	38,779	5,168	4,061	5,772	53,780
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for sewer impact fees Unrestricted	16,487,461 397,630 6,252,107	1,061,104 - 1,283,847	112,863 - (405,812)	716,285 - 1,422,754	18,377,713 397,630 8,552,896
Total net position	23,137,198	2,344,951	(292,949)	2,139,039	27,328,239
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$26,202,369	\$3,131,025	\$567,727	\$ <u>2,363,795</u>	\$32,264,916

	_	Utility Fund	Parking Fund		Recycling Fund	_	Nonmajor Drainage Fund	-	Total
Operating Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	8,177,253	\$ 582,647	\$	3,471,201	\$	498,881	\$	12,729,982
Impact fees		6,640	-		-		-		6,640
Licenses and permits		6,394	-		-		-		6,394
Other services	_	102,973	5,908	-	32,284	_	426	-	141,591
Total operating revenues	_	8,293,260	588,555	-	3,503,485	_	499,307	-	12,884,607
Operating Expenses:									
Water/sewer system									
operations		2,918,181	-		-		-		2,918,181
Recycling operations		-	-		2,974,448		-		2,974,448
Personnel services		823,628	15,037		126,593		127,356		1,092,614
General and administrative expenses		395,862	334,145		27,854		42,908		800,769
Maintenance and repair		86,553	4,905		1,591		15,991		109,040
Depreciation	_	809,988	44,093	-	18,304	_	94,507	-	966,892
Total operating expenses	_	5,034,212	398,180	-	3,148,790	_	280,762	-	8,861,944
Operating income (loss)	_	3,259,048	190,375	-	354,695	_	218,545	-	4,022,663
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):									
Interest income		76,593	14,933		831		14,609		106,966
Interest expense	_	(14,772)	(21,345)	-	-	_	-	-	(36,117)
Total nonoperating									
revenues (expenses)	_	61,821	(6,412)		831	_	14,609	-	70,849
Income before transfers	_	3,320,869	183,963	-	355,526		233,154	-	4,093,512
Transfers:									
Transfers out	_	(1,807,479)	(88,827)		(363,457)	_	(176,158)	-	(2,435,921)
Total transfers	_	(1,807,479)	(88,827)		(363,457)	_	(176,158)	-	(2,435,921)
Change in net position		1,513,390	95,136		(7,931)		56,996		1,657,591
Net Position, Beginning	_	21,623,808	2,249,815	-	(285,018)	_	2,082,043	-	25,670,648
Net Position (Deficit), Ending	\$	23,137,198	\$ 2,344,951	\$	(292,949)	\$	2,139,039	\$	27,328,239

Cash Flows from Operating	_	Utility Fund	_	Parking Fund	-	Recycling Fund	_	Nonmajor Drainage Fund		Total
Activities:										
Receipts from customers, users and other	\$	8,193,744	\$	588,622	\$	3,460,471	\$	518,880	\$	12,761,717
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(4,344,699)		(438,861)		(2,798,252)		(129,207)		(7,711,019)
Payments to employees	-	(737,807)	-	(14,235)	-	(112,785)	-	(113,762)		(978,589)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	3,111,238	_	135,526	_	549,434	_	275,911	_	4,072,109
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:										
Transfer out to other funds	-	(1,807,479)	_	(88,827)	-	(363,457)	-	(176,158)		(2,435,921)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	_	(1,807,479)	_	(88,827)	-	(363,457)	_	(176,158)	_	(2,435,921)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt		(865,256) (63,749) (15,423)		(20,100) (92,117) (22,285)		- - -		(23,027) - -		(908,383) (155,866) (37,708)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	-	(944,428)	_	(134,502)	-	-	-	(23,027)		(1,101,957)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	_	76,593	_	14,933	-	831	_	14,609		106,966
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	76,593	_	14,933	_	831	_	14,609		106,966
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and investments		435,924		(72,870)		186,808		91,335		641,197
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments, beginning	_	6,441,077	_	1,438,615	-	97,865	_	1,482,731		9,460,288
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments, ending	\$	6,877,001	\$	1,365,745	\$	284,673	\$	1,574,066	\$	10,101,485
Reconciliation to Statement of Net										
Position: Unrestricted Restricted	\$	6,391,847 485,154	\$	1,365,745 -	\$	284,673 -	\$	1,574,066 -	\$	9,616,331 485,154
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$	6,877,001	\$	1,365,745	\$	284,673	\$	1,574,066	\$	10,101,485

	_	Utility Fund		Parking Fund	_	Recycling Fund		Nonmajor Drainage Fund	 Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income									
to Net Cash Provided by Operating									
Activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,259,048	\$	190,375	\$	354,695	\$	218,545	\$ 4,022,663
Adjustments to reconcile operating									
income to net cash provided by									
operating activities:									
Depreciation		809,988		44,093		18,304		94,507	966,892
Decrease (increase) in assets and									
deferred outflows of resources:				67				40 575	(400,000)
Accounts receivable		(166,516)		67		(43,014)		19,575	(189,888)
Inventories		3,231		-		-		-	3,231
Prepayments and other assets Advance to other funds		19,117		202		2,877		2,082	24,278
		67,000		-		-		- (5.02)	67,000
Deferred outflows relating to OPEB		(3,774)		(146)		(538)		(582)	(5,040)
Deferred outflows relating to pensions		(21,527)		(837)		(3,067)		(3,319)	(28,750)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:									
				(100.012)		202 764		(72,202)	(046.220)
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		(976,589)		(100,013)		202,764 446		(72,392)	(946,230)
		2,840		(2,422) 236		-		1,887	2,751
Compensated absences		8,837		236 4,797		2,389 18,038		(172)	11,290
Net pension liability OPEB liability		126,750 5,560		4,797		792		19,596 858	169,181 7,425
Customer deposits		7,255		-		792			7,425
Deferred inflows relating to OPEB		(34)		- (1)		- (5)		- (5)	(45)
Deferred inflows relating to pensions		(29,948)				(4,247)		(4,669)	(39,904)
Deferred innows relating to pensions	-	(29,940)	_	(1,040)	-	(4,247)	_	(4,009)	 (39,904)
Total adjustments	_	(147,810)		(54,849)	_	194,739		57,366	 49,446
Net cash provided by (used in) operating									
activities	\$	3,111,238	\$	135,526	\$_	549,434	\$	275,911	\$ 4,072,109

Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 710,671
Receivables:	
State contributions receivable	1,198
Accrued investment income	38,234
Total receivables	39,432
Investments, at fair value:	
Equity securities	17,578,504
Government securities	4,849,336
Corporate bonds	5,270,273
Fixed income mutual funds	1,082,644
Total investments	28,780,757
Total assets	29,530,860
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	24,815
Total liabilities	24,815
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Advanced contributions	29,055
Total deferred inflows of resources	29,055
Total deletted inflows of resources	25,055
Net Position:	
Net position restricted for DROP benefits	93,996
Net position restricted for defined benefits	28,825,951
Net position restricted for share benefits	69,889
Net position restricted for funding statndard account	487,154
Total net position	\$

Additions:

Contributions:	
State	\$ 85,359
Employer	1,666,916
Employee	42,595
Total contributions	1,794,870
Investment income:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	908,415
Interest and dividends	774,708
Total investment income	1,683,123
Less: investment expenses	56,035
Net investment income	1,627,088
Total additions	3,421,958
Deductions:	
Benefit payments	2,764,271
Share distributions	29,366
Administrative expenses	133,377
Total deductions	2,927,014
Changes in net position	494,944
Net Position, Beginning	28,982,046
Net Position, Ending	\$ 29,476,990

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Wilton Manors, in Broward County, was incorporated in 1947, and was created as a municipality under Chapter 165, Florida Statutes and named the Village of Wilton Manors. The Laws of Florida, 1953, Chapter 29609 established the present municipality, designated it the City of Wilton Manors and enacted its Charter. The City operates under the Commission/City Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its Charter; general government, economic development, public safety, transportation, culture and recreation, and physical environment. The City also provides water distribution, sewer collection, parking, recycling, and drainage services.

The Island City Foundation (the "Foundation") - The City passed Resolution No. 1979 on May 27, 1997 creating a non-profit organization to principally promote and support public purposes benefitting the residents of Wilton Manors, Florida, including but not limited to activities in the arts; various social services, construction, development, restoration or improvement of public facilities, improvement and expansion of programs in law enforcement, education, economic development, establish endowment fund for the purpose of generating a permanent dedicated revenue to complement other sources available to the City, and so forth. The Foundation is a legally separate entity and is governed by a Board of Directors, which is composed of five members of the City Commission. The Foundation is considered a component unit but has not been included in the financial statements of the City since the financial activities of the Foundation as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, are not considered material to the financial statements of the City.

The Wilton Drive Improvement District (the "District") - The City passed Ordinance No. 2014-0011 on December 9, 2014 creating a dependent special district for the purpose of creating a cleaner, safer, and more attractive district; ensuring the stable and predictable resource base to fund supplemental services and programs; to respond quickly to market changes and community needs; assisting in improving the sales and occupancy rates; funding physical improvements; providing for pedestrian safety; marketing the district; increasing parking opportunities for visitors and shoppers; fielding special events and street celebrations; and including paying the costs necessary and incidental thereto through non-ad valorem assessments. The District has been included in the financial statements of the City as a blended component unit because the City, through the appointed Board members, approves the budget, funds the operations, and has operational responsibility of the District. The District is designated as a Special Revenue Fund.

The General Employees and Police Pension Plan and the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System

are separate (closed) pension plans for general employees and police personnel, and volunteer firefighters, respectively. Each plan is administered by its own board of trustees. The pension plans are reported as fiduciary funds in the basic financial statements of this report, but are not included in the government-wide statements. Each of these pension plans issues a publicly available financial report which can be found on the City's website, www.wiltonmanors.com.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. All interfund activities, except interfund services provided and used, have been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities of the reporting entity, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and, therefore, cannot be used to support the government's own programs. Fiduciary funds include the two single-employer pension trust funds mentioned in Section A.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one (1) year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, utilities service taxes, franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenues and interest associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items such as fines and forfeitures and licenses and permits are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements with the exception of administrative expenses between the Proprietary Funds and the General Fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, rental income, licenses and permits, and fines and forfeitures, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City recognizes as operating revenue the portion of impact fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administration expenses, and provision for depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Fire Assessment Fund* accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with fire prevention, suppression, and emergency medical services.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Utility Fund* accounts for maintaining the financial operation of the City's water and wastewater transmission lines.

The *Parking Fund* accounts for parking fees collected for maintenance and capital improvement of the City's parking system.

The *Recycling Fund* accounts for solid waste fees, franchise and recycling revenue, as well as related contractual costs associated with waste disposal and recycling.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted legally to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The *Capital Improvement Fund* accounts for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of capital projects financed by the General Fund.

The *Drainage Fund* is used to account for fees collected to maintain the City's drainage system.

The *Pension Trust Funds* include the Pension Plan for General Employees and Police and Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System which accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for pension benefit payments to qualifying City employees, police officers and volunteer firefighters, and consequently, are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources are not available to support the City's own programs.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance/Net Position

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is included in the financial statements. Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are defined to include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with a state agency with original maturities of three months or less. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly to the respective funds based on average monthly balances.

2. Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from other governments and for other services provided by the City. Receivables are recorded and revenues are recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred based on the accounting basis required for that fund.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. An allowance for uncollectible accounts is provided for all trade receivables aging more than 60 days.

3. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

4. Inventories and Prepayments

Inventories are composed of materials and supplies for roads and utility system maintenance and are based on year-end physical counts. Inventories are valued at cost, using the weighted average cost method. Fuel is recognized as expenditure when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments both in government—wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepayments is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, intangibles, construction in progress, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment, are reported in the governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$ 500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Contributed capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Infrastructure	40 years
Buildings and improvements	10-40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years

6. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premiums or discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premium and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing resources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

8. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit eligible employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Upon separation from service, employees receive payment for a portion of unused vacation time and sick leave subject to length of service and contract classification. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Liability for accrued compensated absences of the governmental activities is not reported in the balance sheet of the governmental funds and, accordingly, represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

9. Fund Balance/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in categories as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These categories are based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund balances can be spent.

The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale.

<u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Commission is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

<u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Commission or through resolution by the Commission authorizing this responsibility to the City Manager.

The City Commission may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally can only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

<u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned Fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes.

When an expenditure is incurred for the purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted fund balance to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Commission or City Manager has provided otherwise in its commitment or assigned actions.

Net position of the government-wide and proprietary funds are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. The first category represents net position related to property, plant, equipment and infrastructure reduced by the depreciation and outstanding debt used to construct or purchase capital assets, and deferred inflow/outflow or resources that are attributed to the acquisition of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position. The restricted category represents the balance of assets restricted by requirements of revenue bonds and other externally imposed constraints or by enabling legislation in excess of the related liabilities payable from restricted assets. All remaining amounts are considered to be unrestricted.

It is the City's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestrictednet position is applied.

10. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in the General Fund, at each fiscal year end, ranging from 15% to 20% of the following year's projected budgeted expenditures and outgoing transfers. In any fiscal year where the City is unable to maintain a 15% minimum level of fund balance, the Fund Balance Policy calls for the City Manager to prepare and submit in conjunction with the proposed budget a plan for expenditure reductions and/or revenue increases necessary to restore the minimum requirements.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows relating to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), and additions to/deductions from FRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will periodically report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement section represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. These items are the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB and are discussed further in Notes 9 and 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. These items are the deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB and are discussed further in Notes 9 and 10.

13. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources; and disclosures of contingent assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reported period in the accompanying financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

14. Date of Management Review

The City's management has evaluated subsequent events through April 22, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of January 1 each year and are first billed (levied) and due the following November 1. Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal, school board and special district property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws for the State regulating tax assessments are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills (\$ 10 per \$ 1,000 of assessed taxable valuation). The operating millage rate assessed by the City for the year ended September 30, 2020 was 5.9587 mills.

The tax levy of the City is established by the Commission prior to October 1 of each year, and the County Property Appraiser incorporates the millage into the local tax levy, which includes Broward County, Broward County School Board and special taxing districts.

All property is reassessed according to its fair market value as of January 1 of each year. Each assessment roll is submitted to the Executive Director of the State Department of Revenue for review to determine if the rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of State Statutes.

All real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable on November 1 each year. Broward County mails to each property owner on the assessment roll a notice of the taxes due and Broward County also collects the taxes for the City.

Note 2 - Property Taxes (continued)

Taxes may be paid upon receipt of such notice from Broward County, with discounts at the rate of four percent (4%) if paid in the month of November, three percent (3%) if paid in the month of December, two percent (2%) if paid in the month of January and one percent (1%) if paid in the month of February. Taxes paid during the month of March are without discount, and all unpaid taxes on real and tangible personal property become delinquent and liens are placed on April 1 of the year following the year in which taxes were assessed. Procedures for the collection of delinquent taxes by Broward County are provided for in the Laws of Florida. There were no material delinquent property taxes at September 30, 2020, therefore, an allowance for uncollectible taxes has not been recorded.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

A. Primary Government

The City's deposits and investments, as reported in the accompanying government-wide statement of net position, balance sheet of the governmental funds and statement of net position of the proprietary funds, were as follows:

Cash, cash equivalents and investments Restricted cash, cash equivalents	\$	17,196,685
and investments	_	956,123
	\$ _	18,152,808
its and investments consisted of the followin	g at S	September 30, 2020:

The City's deposits and investments con	nsisted of the following	at September 30, 2020:

Deposit with financial institution	\$	1,544,683
Cash held by third party	·	470,969
State Board of Administration		
(Florida PRIME)		16,137,156
	_	
	\$	18,152,808

Deposits

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures* requires governments to disclose deposits and investments exposed to custodial credit risk. For deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government may not be able to recover deposits nor be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The City's deposits must be placed with banks and savings and loans which are qualified as public depositories under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Monies deposited in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are covered by the participation of the bank in the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. Accordingly, all amounts reported as deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name.

At September 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was approximately \$ 1,545,000 with a bank balance of approximately \$ 1,546,000. Included in the carrying amount of deposits was approximately \$ 200 of cash on hand.

Investments

The City's investment policy authorizes City officials to invest pooled funds in local government surplus funds or other intergovernmental investment pools, U.S. Government securities, time deposits and savings accounts, U.S. Agency obligations, U.S. instrumentalities, investment companies or trusts, bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper, state and local government debt, and money market mutual funds.

Investments are reported at fair value except for the position in the Florida State Board of Administration's Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund ("Florida PRIME"). Florida PRIME is governed by Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code and Chapter 215 and 218 of the Florida Statutes. These rules provide guidance and establish the policies and general operating procedures for the administration of Florida PRIME. Florida PRIME is not a registrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however, the Board has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a 2a-7 fund, which permits money market funds to use amortized cost to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) of \$ 1 per share. The value of the City's position is the same as the value of the pool shares and is recorded at amortized cost.

As of September 30, 2020, the City had the following investments and credit ratings:

			S&P
		Amortized	Credit
	_	Cost	Rating
	-		
Florida PRIME	\$	16,137,156	AAAm

The investments in Florida PRIME are not insured by FDIC or any other governmental agency.

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City invests its surplus funds in high quality highly liquid institutional money market funds where its share value remains constant.

The City's investment policy is designed to minimize the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates, by:

- Investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools.
- Structuring the investment portfolio so that securities do not have to be sold prior to maturity to meet cash flow requirements.

The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2020, is 48 days.

Credit risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The City's investment policy specifically sets parameters to minimize the City's credit risk by:

- Limiting investments to the safest types of securities.
- Pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the City will do business.
- Diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

B. Fiduciary Funds - Pension Funds

1. General Employees and Police Pension Plan (the "Plan")

Investment policy: The Plan's investment policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the Plan.

The investment policy statement was last amended during December 2017. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2020:

Authorized Investments	Minimum	Maximum
Domestic equities	25%	75%
Fixed income	25%	50%
Cash and cash equivalents	0%	20%

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Plan's investment policy does not use limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Plan's investment maturities are as follows:

				Investment Maturities (in Years)									
Investment Type		Fair Value	-	Less than 1		1 to 5		6 to 10		More than 10			
Fixed income mutual funds	 s	1,015,164	- Ś	221,610	_ s	742,491	- Ś	33,196	_ \$	17,867			
U.S. treasuries U.S. agencies Corporate bonds	Ŧ	480,781 4,066,301 4,941,782	-	- 1,800,053 -	- -	2,072,122 1,867,227	-	480,781 103,286 2,607,436	- -	90,840 467,119			
Totals	\$	10,504,028	\$	2,021,663	\$_	4,681,840	\$	3,224,699	\$_	575,826			

Credit risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO).

At September 30, 2020, the Plan's investments were rated by Moody's Services as follows:

Rating	 Fair Value
Aaa Aa1 A1 A2 A3 Baa1 Ba1 Unrated	\$ 4,060,925 99,283 855,354 2,870,632 1,164,213 280,287 608 1,172,726
Total	\$ 10,504,028

Concentration of credit risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk inherent in concentrating too high a portion of the portfolio in the securities of any one issuer or type of investment. The Plan limits investment in the securities of any one issuer, other than the U.S. Government and its agencies, to no more than 5% of net fiduciary position. The Plan had no investments in excess of 5% of fiduciary net position as of September 30, 2020.

2. Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System (the "System")

Investment policy: The System's investment policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees. System assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the System. The investment policy statement was last amended during December 2017. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2020:

Authorized Investments	Minimum	Maximum
Domestic equities	25%	75%
Fixed income	25%	50%
Cash and cash equivalents	0%	20%

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The System's investment policy does not use limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The System's investments had maturities as follows:

					Ir	vestment Ma	turit	ies (in Years)				
Investment Type		Fair vestment Type Value				Less than 1		1 to 5	_	6 to 10	_	More than 10
Fixed income mutual												
funds	\$	67,480	\$	14,731	\$	49,355	\$	2,206	\$	1,188		
U.S. treasuries		31,959		-		-	-	31,959		-		
U.S. agencies		270,295		119,653		137,738		6,866		6,038		
Corporate bonds	_	328,491	-	-		124,119	_	173,322	_	31,050		
	\$_	698,225	\$	134,384	\$_	311,212	\$_	214,353	\$_	38,276		

Credit risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO).

At September 30, 2020, the System's investments were rated by Moody's Services as follows:

Rating	 Fair Value
Aaa Aa1 A1 A2 A3 Baa1 Ba1 Unrated	\$ 269,938 6,599 56,857 190,817 77,388 18,631 40 77,955
Total	\$ 698,225

Concentration of credit risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk inherent in concentrating too high a portion of the portfolio in the securities of any one issuer or type of investment. The System limits investment in the securities of any one issuer, other than the U.S. Government and its agencies, to no more than 5% of net fiduciary position. The System had no investments in excess of 5% of fiduciary net position as of September 30, 2020.

C. Fair Value Measurement

The pension funds categorize their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are based upon quoted prices for identical assets in active markets.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology are based upon observable inputs for the assets either directly or indirectly, other than those considered Level 1 inputs, which may include quoted prices for identical assets in markets that are not considered to be active, and quoted prices of similar assets in active or inactive markets.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are based upon unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Government securities: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities.

Mutual funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the plans. Mutual funds held by the plans are open-ended mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value (NAV) and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the plans are deemed to be actively traded.

Corporate bonds: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing the value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. When quoted prices are not available for identical or similar bonds, the bond is valued under a discounted cash flows approach that maximizes observable inputs, such as current yield of similar instruments, but includes adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks or a broker quote, if available.

The pension funds had the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2020:

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General Employees and Police Pension Plan:

				Fair Value Measurement Unit								
				Quoted Prices		Significant						
				in Active		Other		Significant				
				Markets for		Observable		Unobservable				
		September 30,	1	dentical Assets		Inputs		Inputs				
Investment Type		2020	_	(Level 1)	-	(Level 2)		(Level 3)				
Equity mutual funds	\$	16,482,853	\$	16,482,853	\$	-	\$	-				
Fixed income mutual funds		1,015,164		1,015,164		-		-				
U.S. treasury securities		480,781		480,781		-		-				
U.S. agency securities		4,066,301		-		4,066,301		-				
Corporate bonds	-	4,941,782	_	-	-	4,941,782						
Total	\$	26,986,881	\$_	17,978,798	\$	9,008,083	\$					

Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System:

			Fair Value Measurement Unit							
Investment Type	S	eptember 30, 2020	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for dentical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Equity mutual funds Fixed income mutual funds U.S. treasury securities U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds	\$	1,095,651 67,480 31,959 270,295 328,491	\$ 1,095,651 67,480 31,959 - -	\$	- - 270,295 328,491	\$	- - - - -			
Total	\$ _	1,793,876	\$ 1,195,090	\$	598,786	\$				

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2020, including the allowances for uncollectible receivables are as follows:

Receivable Type:	 General	-	Special Revenue	_	Enterprise	Fiduciary	_	Total
Accounts Note receivable Interest and dividends State contributions Intergovernmental	\$ 209,921 50,000 - - 313,006	\$	6,144 - - - 486,229	\$	994,337 - - - - -	\$ - 38,234 1,198 -	\$	1,210,402 50,000 38,234 1,198 799,235
Gross receivables	572,927		492,373		994,337	39,432		2,099,069
Less allowance for uncollectibles	 	_	-	_	40,786	-	_	40,786
Net receivables	\$ 572,927	\$	492,373	\$	953,551	\$ 39,432	\$	2,058,283

Note receivable: In June 2019, the City issued a loan of \$ 50,000 to Equality Park, LLLP to help finance the construction of forty-eight (48) affordable housing units that will benefit the community within the City by providing affordable housing to individuals meeting certain low-income restrictions. The loan shall become due and payable in full upon the first to occur of the following: (i) upon acceleration of the loan by an event of default; (ii) upon thirty (30) years and six (6) months after the loan closing ("Maturity Date"); or (iii) upon the sale, transfer, conveyance, or refinance of the property or project. The loan may be prepaid at any time without penalty or premium. During the term of the loan, no interest shall be paid or accrued on the unpaid principal balance of the loan.

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, Transfers and Advances

Interfund activity balances for the City are summarized as follows as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020:

Interfund Receivables and Payables:

The interfund balance between the General Fund and the nonmajor governmental funds represents a short-term loan to cover the cash flows related to grant expenditures pending reimbursements from grantors as well as amounts to fund certain capital expenditures.

	Payable Fund
	Nonmajor
	Governmental
Receivable Fund	Funds
General Fund	\$ 581,321

Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers allow for appropriate allocation of resources when one fund is providing resources for another or a project calls for multiple sources of funds. Interfund transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 were as follows:

			Transfers In	
Transfers Out		General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund	Total
General Fund Fire Assessment Fund Road Improvement Fund Recycling Fund Parking Fund Utility Fund Drainage Fund	\$	- 156,881 43,348 363,457 88,827 1,807,479 176,158	\$ 1,430,922 - - - - - -	\$ 1,430,922 156,881 43,348 363,457 88,827 1,807,479 176,158
Total	\$ _	2,636,150	\$ 1,430,922	\$ 4,067,072

Advances to/from Other funds:

	_	Advance From	_	Advance To
General Fund Utility Fund	\$	_ 1,305,994	\$ 	1,305,994 -
Total	\$ _	1,305,994	\$ _	1,305,994

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, Transfers and Advances (continued)

The \$ 1,305,994 from the Utility Fund represents an internal loan made to the General Fund in the amount of \$ 1,380,000 for the purchase of real property. Terms of the loan would call for monthly interest only payments from the General Fund to the Utility Fund at the State Board of Administration (SBA) Florida PRIME interest rate (0.33% at September 30, 2020), which is subject to change on a monthly basis. In connection with the internal loan, the City passed a resolution to reimburse original expenditures in the acquisition of the real property with proceeds of certain tax-exempt obligations. The City has until December 2021 to secure a tax exempt debt obligation, at which time it will reimburse the Utility Fund for the internal loan.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

	_	Balance October 1, 2019	_	Increases	-	Decreases	Balance September 30, 2020
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	9,387,477	\$	26,880	\$	-	\$ 9,414,357
Intangible assets		74,672		-		-	74,672
Construction in progress	_	258,967	_	56,607	-	(243,425)	72,149
Total assets not being		0 701 110		02 407		(242 425)	0 5 6 1 1 7 0
depreciated	-	9,721,116	-	83,487	-	(243,425)	9,561,178
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure, buildings							
and improvements		48,439,652		1,337,466		-	49,777,118
Machinery and equipment	_	9,615,116	_	440,729	-	(26,227)	10,029,618
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	58,054,768	_	1,778,195		(26,227)	59,806,736
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure, buildings							
and improvements		(29,866,446)		(941,190)		-	(30,807,636)
Machinery and equipment	_	(7,307,948)	_	(674,223)		26,227	(7,955,944)
Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being	_	(37,174,394)	_	(1,615,413)	-	26,227	(38,763,580)
depreciated, net	_	20,880,374	_	162,782		-	21,043,156
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	30,601,490	\$	246,269	\$	(243,425)	\$ 30,604,334

Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

	-	Balance October 1, 2019	_	Increases	-	Decreases	Balance September 30, 2020
Business-type Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:		2 422 452					2 422 452
Land Construction in progress	\$	2,432,452 748,405	\$	- 114,202	\$	- (679,260)	\$ 2,432,452 183,347
Total assets not being depreciated	-	3,180,857	-	114,202	-	(679,260)	2,615,799
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure, buildings							
and improvements		34,380,321		1,338,390		-	35,718,711
Machinery and equipment	-	3,544,663	-	135,049	-	(40,000)	3,639,712
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	37,924,984	_	1,473,439	_	(40,000)	39,358,423
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure, buildings							
and improvements		(19,010,769)		(747,107)		-	(19,757,876)
Machinery & equipment		(2,544,764)	_	(219,785)		40,000	(2,724,549)
Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being	-	(21,555,533)	-	(966,892)	-	40,000	(22,482,425)
depreciated, net		16,369,451		506,547		-	16,875,998
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	19,550,308	\$	620,749	\$	(679,260)	\$ 19,491,797

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the City as follows:

Governmental activities: General government Public safety Culture and recreation Transportation	\$ 299,607 414,179 611,993 289,634
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,615,413
Business-type activities: Utility Parking Recycling Drainage	\$ 809,988 44,093 18,304 94,507
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 966,892

Note 7 - Restricted Assets

General Fund: The restricted assets in the General Fund of \$ 167,451 represent amounts held by a third party for fire rescue unit replacement per agreement dated October 1, 2015.

Fire Assessment Fund: Restricted assets consist of \$ 303,387 for fire truck replacement held by a third party per agreement dated October 1, 2015.

Utility Fund: Restricted assets of the Utility Fund consist of customer deposits amounting to \$485,154.

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Activities:

2008 City Hall General Obligation Note: On March 14, 2008, the City entered into a General Obligation Note in the amount of \$ 6,000.000. This debt was authorized by a vote of the citizens on March 14, 2006 for the purpose of the construction of the new City Hall and Police Station building. This note has an interest rate of 3.72% payable semi-annually for a term of 20 years. Principal is payable annually in varying amounts through 2028. The City has pledged ad valorem revenues to secure payment of the principal interest of the note. During 2020, this note was fully refunded by the 2020 General Obligation Refunding Note.

2020 General Obligation Refunding Note: On July 31, 2020, the City issued \$ 2,993,370 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 for the purpose of refunding the Series 2008 City Hall General Obligation Note. The refunding of the Series 2008 City Hall General Obligation Note will reduce the City's debt service payments over the life of the 2020 General Obligation Refunding Note by \$ 245,104 with an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$ 227,448. The Bonds are payable in annual principal installments through February 2028 with interest payable semiannually at a rate of 1.46% on the first day of February and August. The City covenants to levy ad valorem taxes in amounts adequate to provide for payment of principal and interest on the Note as it becomes due.

2015 Mickel Park Improvement Project Note: On March 12, 2015, the City entered into a bank note in the amount of \$ 744,200, in order to finance the design and construction of the renovations to Mickel Park. The note bears an interest rate of 4.1% per annum and is payable the 1st of June and December of each year through 2025. The note is secured by proceeds from the tax on communications services. The amount of pledged revenues collected by the City in each fiscal year should be equal to at least 120% of the debt service in each fiscal year on all indebtedness of the City that is secured by the pledged revenues. Total principal and interest payments and communication service tax (pledged revenue) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 amounted to approximately \$ 89,000 and \$ 450,000, respectively. For the current year, the pledged revenue requirement was met.

	_	2020 City Obliga				2015 N Improveme				
Fiscal Year Ending		Principal	_	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2021	Ś	357,004	Ś	41,218	Ś	75,000	Ś	13,223	Ś	486,445
2022	'	360,446	'	35,860	•	78,000		10,616	•	484,922
2023		365,709		30,559		81,000		7,923		485,191
2024		371,048		25,180		83,000		5,128		484,356
2025		376,465		19,724		87,000		2,247		485,436
2026-2028	_	1,162,698	_	25,627		-		-		1,188,325
	\$	2,993,370	\$	178,168	\$	404,000	\$	39,137	\$	3,614,675

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The following are the requirements to amortize debt at September 30, 2020:

Business-Type Activities:

2011 Utility and Parking System Revenue Note: On December 1, 2011, the City entered into a \$ 2,230,500 Utility and Parking System Revenue Note, Series 2011 Agreement with a bank to finance the design and construction of a sewer lift station and to develop surface parking facilities. The note bears an interest rate of 3.06% per annum and is payable on the 1st of June and December of each year through 2026 with semi-annual payment of principal and interest of approximately \$ 93,400. The loan is secured by proceeds from the tax on communication services. The amount of pledged revenues collected by the City in any fiscal year should equal to at least 120% of the debt service in each fiscal year on all indebtedness of the City that are secured by the pledged revenues. Total principal and interest payments and communication service tax (pledged revenue) during fiscal year 2020 amounted to approximately \$ 187,000 and \$ 450,000, respectively. For the current year, the pledged revenue requirement was met.

The following are the requirements to amortize debt at September 30, 2020:

	_	2011 Utilit System R		•	
Fiscal Year Ending	-	Principal	-	Interest	Total
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026-2028	\$	159,819 163,872 168,028 172,288 176,657 273,420	\$	27,074 23,022 18,866 14,605 10,236 6,919	\$ 186,893 186,894 186,894 186,893 186,893 280,339
	\$	1,114,084	\$	100,722	\$ 1,214,806

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance		Additions	A	Amortizations/ Retirements	_	Ending Balance	-	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Notes from Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements: 2008 City Hall General	4	2 200 150				2 200 150				
Obligation Note 2020 General Obligation Refunding Note 2015 Mickel Park Improvement Project	\$	3,268,150 -	\$	- 2,993,370	\$	3,268,150 -	\$	- 2,993,370	\$	- 357,004
Note Compensated absences Net pension liability OPEB liability		477,000 897,729 23,352,682 615,058		- 964,533 3,575,764 157,575		73,000 886,713 -		404,000 975,549 26,928,446 772,633		75,000 731,512 -
,		015,058	_	157,575	-	-	-	//2,035	-	-
Total governmental activities	\$	28,610,619	\$	7,691,242	\$	4,227,863	\$_	32,073,998	\$_	1,163,516
	_	Beginning Balance	_	Additions	A	Amortizations/ Retirements	_	Ending Balance	_	Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities: Notes from Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements: 2011 Utility and Parking										
System Revenue Note Compensated absences Net pension liability OPEB liability	\$	1,269,950 72,144 1,368,433 24,942	\$	41,431 169,181 7,425	\$	155,866 30,141 - -	\$	1,114,084 83,434 1,537,614 32,367	\$	159,819 28,183 - -
Total business-type activities	\$	2,735,469	\$	218,037	\$	186,007	\$	2,767,499	\$	188,002
Total primary government	\$	31,346,088	\$	7,909,279	\$	4,413,870	\$	34,841,497	\$	1,351,518

The City's compensated absences, OPEB liability and net pension liability that relate to governmental activities are generally liquidated by the general fund.

The City's compensated absences, OPEB liability and net pension liability that relate to business-type activities are liquidated by their respective enterprise fund.

The outstanding notes 2015, 2011 and 2020 arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as violation of covenants for a period of 30 days after written notice, payment defaults, false representation or warranty, bankruptcy, insolvency and default in any other obligations in excess of \$ 250,000. These events may declare any unpaid principal and interest (acceleration of maturity) due immediately. The lenders may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available to them as allowed by law.

Note 9 - Employee Pension Plans

General Information

Current and former employees of the City of Wilton Manors are covered by three pension plans. Since 2007, all new City employees have been covered under the Florida Retirement System (FRS). Before that time, City employees were covered by the City of Wilton Manors Pension Plan for General Employees and Police (the "Plan"). In addition, a small number of volunteer firefighters previously serving the City were covered by the City of Wilton Manors Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System (the "System"). The Plan and the System were closed to new members in 2007 when the City transitioned to FRS coverage.

Summary of significant accounting policies - The financial statements of the plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plans are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Single Employer Plans:

Pension Plan for General Employees and Police

Description of the Plan - The City of Wilton Manors' Pension Plan for General Employees and Police (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit plan established by the City pursuant to the provisions and requirements of Section 13 of the City Code of Ordinances. Effective August 1, 2007, the Plan elected to participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and closed the Plan to new members hired on or after August 1, 2007.

Benefits - The date upon which the participant completes twenty (20) years of credited service regardless of age or the date upon which the participant attains age sixty with five years of credited services, a participant may retire on a normal retirement benefit. Participants will receive a monthly Plan benefit equal to 3.0% of the average monthly compensation times the years of credited service. Early retirement, disability, death, and other benefits are also provided.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP") - Participants who continue employment with the City past normal retirement date may freeze their accrued benefit and enter the DROP. Maximum participation in the DROP shall be six years (five years prior to August 1, 2007). For participants electing participation in the DROP, an individual DROP account shall be created. Payment shall be made by the Plan into the participant's DROP account in an amount equal to the regular monthly retirement benefit which the participant would have received had the participant separated from service and commenced receipt of Plan benefits, plus interest. Interest shall be based on the actual earnings of the Plan for the preceding year. Upon termination of employment, a participant may receive distribution from the DROP account as a lump sum or defer payment in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code. A DROP participant shall not be entitled to receive a disability retirement package for benefit purposes. If a participant shall die during participation in the DROP, the participant shall be treated as any other vested participant of the Plan that dies prior to retirement. The value of the total DROP balance at September 30, 2020 was \$ 93,996.

Note 9 - Employee Pension Plans (continued)

Cost-of Living Adjustment - Effective October 1, 2004, an Ordinance providing for a temporary costof-living adjustment (COLA) was created for participants of the police bargaining unit and non-sworn participants participating in the Plan. The COLA will apply to police personnel who are in the DROP plan prior to October 1, 2002. The annual COLA adjustment will be 3%. The provisions of this Ordinance shall expire after September 30, 2005. Police officers with ten or more years of service as of October 1, 2006 will receive an annual 3% COLA, to begin six years after retirement.

Contributions - Participant contributions are equal to 10% of basic compensation for police officers and 11% of basic compensation for general employees. Any participant terminating participation in the Plan with less than one year of credited service shall receive a return of contributions with no interest. A participant who has completed more than one, but less than five years of credited service, shall receive a return of contributions plus 3% of the gross amount. After completion of five years of credited service, the terminated participant will be entitled to a deferred vested benefit commencing on the participant's normal retirement age, if living at such time.

Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System

Description of the Plan - The City of Wilton Manors Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System (the "System") is a single-employer defined benefit plan established by the City pursuant to the provisions and requirements of Chapter 21 of the City's Code of Ordinances.

Benefits - The normal retirement date for a participant shall be the first day of the month coinciding with or following the attainment of the earlier of the participant's 55th birthday, or the participant's 50th birthday and completion of 20 years of continuous service as an active participant of the Wilton Manors Volunteer Fire Department. A participant will be 100% vested at the attainment of the participants normal retirement date regardless of any other provisions of the System. Participants will receive a monthly pension benefit equal to \$ 56 (\$ 50 prior to November 14, 2006) multiplied by the years of credited service.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP") - DROP benefits are not available with this plan.

Cost-of Living Adjustment - Currently, there are no cost of living adjustments.

Contributions - Participants are not required to contribute to the System and benefits are not compensation related. Pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 175, contributions from the State of Florida Department of Insurance consist of an excise tax imposed by the State upon certain casualty insurance companies on the gross amount of receipts of premiums from policy holders on all premiums collected on casualty insurance policies covering property within the City. This amount totaled \$ 85,359 for the year ended September 30, 2020. This amount was recognized as revenue and expenditure in the General Fund, as appropriate.

Plan membership data at October 1, 2018 was as follows:

	General Employees and Police	Volunteer Firefighters
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to but	75	7
not yet receiving benefits Active employees	- 5	- 3
Total	80	10

Note 9 - Employee Pension Plans (continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The components of the net pension liability (asset) of the City as of September 30, 2019 were as follows:

	_	General Employees and Police	_	Volunteer Firefighters
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	38,381,343 27,173,363	\$	1,675,777 1,808,683
Total net pension liability (asset)	\$	11,207,980	\$	(132,906)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		70.80%		107.93%

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability (asset) at September 30, 2019 was determined by using actuarial valuations as of October 1, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to September 30, 2019. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

	General	
	Employees	Volunteer
	and Police	Firefighters
Inflation	3.0%	N/A
initiation	0.070	11//
Salary increases	5.5%	N/A

For the System, the mortality rates that were used were based on the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") for Special Risk Class members in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation.

For the Plan, the mortality rates that were used were based on the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Below Median Employee Male and Female Tables, with a 1- Year setback for males.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following tables:

	General			
	Employees	Volunteer		
	and Police	Firefighters		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Target Allocation		
Domestic equities	25%-75%	25%-75%		
Fixed income	25%-50%	25%-50%		
Cash and cash equivalents	0%-20%	0%-20%		

Note 9 - Employee Pension Plans (continued)	Note 9 - E	mployee	Pension Plan	s (continued)
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	General		
	Employees	Volunteer	
	and Police	Firefighters	
	Long-Term	-Term Long-Term	
	Expected Real	Expected Real	
Asset Class	Rate of Return	Rate of Return	
U.S. large cap equity	7.40%	7.40%	
U.S. mid cap equity	8.25%	8.25%	
U.S. small cap equity	8.76%	8.76%	
U.S. aggregate bond	2.75%	2.75%	

Rate of Return - For the year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 6.10% for the plans. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9% for the Plan and 6.0% for the System. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the plan participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contributions rates and the participant rate. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the plans was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan participants. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset):

General Employees and Police:	I	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Pension	Net Position	Liability	
	Liability (a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances, as of September 30, 2018,				
measurement date	37,910,178	\$ 26,823,715 \$	11,086,463	
Changes for the year:	· <u> </u>	Ý <u>, , ,</u> Ý	, ,	
Service cost	90,882	-	90,882	
Interest	2,568,156	-	2,568,156	
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	55 <i>,</i> 056	-	55,056	
Assumption changes	383,306	-	383,306	
Contributions - employer	-	1,674,468	(1,674,468)	
Contributions - employee	-	44,771	(44,771)	
Net investment income	-	1,341,884	(1,341,884)	
Benefit payments	(2,626,235)	(2,626,235)	-	
Administrative expenses	-	(85,240)	85,240	
Net changes	471,165	349,648	121,517	
Balances, as of September 30, 2019,				
measurement date	38,381,343	\$ <u>27,173,363</u> \$	11,207,980	

Volunteer Firefighters:	_	Increase (Decrease)							
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	-	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension (Asset) (a) - (b)			
Balances, as of September 30, 2018, measurement date Changes for the year:	\$	1,692,619	\$	1,796,858	\$	(104,239)			
Service cost Interest Differences between expected		3,552 98,032		-		3,552 98,032			
and actual experience Assumption changes		(5,758) -		-		(5 <i>,</i> 758) -			
Contributions - State Net investment income		-		83,904 93,588		(83,904) (93,588)			
Benefit payments Other (Change in State Contribution Reserve)		(124,604) 11,936		(124,604)		- 11,936			
Administrative expenses Net changes	-	(16,842)	-	(41,063) 11,825	· -	41,063			
Balances, as of September 30, 2019, measurement date	\$_	1,675,777	\$	1,808,683	\$_	(132,906)			

Sensitivity of the Net Liability (Asset) to the changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.9% for the Plan and 6.0% for the System, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate:

General Employees and Police:	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	(5.9%)	(6.9%)	(7.9%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ <u> 15,462,494 </u> \$	<u>11,207,980</u> \$	7,667,859
Volunteer Firefighters:	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	(5.0%)	(6.0%)	(7.0%)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ <u>55,572</u> \$	<u>(132,906)</u> ş	(289,789)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense in the Plan and the System of \$ 1,646,255 and \$ 46,375, respectively. At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

General Employees and Police:		Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Employer contributions made subsequent to the	\$	-	\$	574,660
measurement date		1,666,916		
Total	\$	1,666,916	\$	574,660
Volunteer Firefighters:				
Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$	- 85,359	\$	76,778
Total	ć	85,359	ć	76,778
1000	ç	00,000	Ş	, 0, , , 0

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting period. The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	General Employees and Police	Volunteer Firefighters
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ (297,969) (269,720) (107,179) 100,208 -	\$ (33,308) (30,180) (15,646) 2,356 -
Total	\$ (574,660)	\$ (76,778)

The City has issued stand-alone financial statements for the Plan and the System which may be obtained from the City of Wilton Manors, Finance Department at 2020 Wilton Drive, Wilton Manors, Florida, 33035. There is a significant amount of information about the City's pension plan and system on the City's website, www.wiltonmanors.com > Department > Finance > Pension Plans.

Multiple Employer Plans:

Florida Retirement System

General Information - On August 1, 2007, the City joined the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") to provide retirement and survivor benefits to all new hired employees. On that date, employees that were in the City of Wilton Manors General Employees and Police Officers Pension Plan had the option of making a one-time election of remaining in the plan or transferring to the FRS.

As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the ("FRS") provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan"), the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program ("HIS Plan") and a defined contribution pension plan. As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or by calling (877) 377-1737 or by visiting the website: http://www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications.

Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

Benefits Provided - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of creditable service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% times years of service times final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of creditable service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% times years of service times final average component class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of creditable service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% times years of service times final average compensation based on the five highest years of service times final average service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% times years of service times final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary.

Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of creditable service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% times the years of service times their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of creditable service. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of creditable service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% times the years of service times their final average compensation based on the five highest years of service times their final average compensation based on the five highest years of service times their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of creditable service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% times the years of salary for each year of creditable service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% times the years of service (3.33% for judges and justices) times their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of creditable service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of creditable service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, Senior Management Service, and Elected Officers' class members, and to age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk and Special Risk Administrative Support class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before August 1, 2011, the annual cost of living adjustment ("COLA") is three percent per year. The COLA formula for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP begin date on or after August 1, 2011, will be the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit divided by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

Contributions - Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 and from July 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020, respectively, were as follows: Regular - 8.47% and 10.00%; Special Risk Administrative Support - 38.59% and 35.84%; Special Risk - 25.48% and 24.45%; Senior Management Service - 25.41% and 27.29%; Elected Officers' - 48.82% and 49.18%; and DROP participants - 14.60% and 16.98%. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for the period October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020.

HIS Plan

Plan Description - The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided - For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$ 5 for each year of credited service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$ 30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$ 150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions - The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the HIS contribution was 1.66%. The City contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At September 30, 2020, the City reported liabilities of \$ 14,492,476 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability and \$ 2,765,604 for the HIS Plan's net pension liability for a total pension liability of \$ 17,258,080. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. At June 30, 2020, the City's proportionate share was .033437895 percent for the Pension Plan and .022650623 percent for the HIS Plan, which was an increase of .001125647 percent and .000246798 percent respectively, from the proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$ 3,222,084 for the Pension Plan and \$ 274,893 for the HIS Plan for a total pension expense of \$ 3,496,977. At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources						
		Pension		HIS				
		Plan		Plan		Total		
Contributions subsequent to	_							
measurement date	\$	296,016	\$	32,732	\$	328,748		
Changes of assumptions		2,623,295	•	297,381		2,920,676		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan								
investments		862,896		2,208		865,104		
Differences between expected and								
actual experience		554,657		113,130		667,787		
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions	_	465,200	_	180,211		645,411		
			_					
Total	\$_	4,802,064	\$_	625,662	\$	5,427,726		

		Deferred Inflows of Resources							
	_	Pension Plan		HIS Plan	Total				
Changes of assumptions Differences between expected and	\$	-	\$	160,809	\$	160,809			
actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and		-		2,133		2,133			
proportionate share of contributions	_	113,021		16,224	_	129,245			
Total	\$	113,021	\$	179,166	\$	292,187			

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting period. The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	_	Employer Share of Deferred Outflows/Inflows							
Year Ended	-	Pension		HIS					
September 30,	_	Plan	_	Plan	_	Total			
2021	\$	992,178	\$	126,692	\$	1,118,870			
2022		1,385,799		101,900		1,487,699			
2023		1,144,455		43,777		1,188,232			
2024		687,274		50,609		737,883			
2025		183,321		48,392		231,713			
Thereafter	-	-		42,394	_	42,394			
Total	\$	4,393,027	\$_	413,764	\$_	4,806,791			

Actuarial Assumptions - The Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumption Conference is responsible for setting the assumptions used in the funding valuations of both pension plans pursuant to section 216.136 (10), Florida Statutes. The Pension Plan's valuation is performed annually. The HIS Plan has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the Pension Plan was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because the HIS Plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the Pension Plan. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

	Pension Plan	HIS Plan
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25%, average including inflation	3.25%, average including inflation
Investment return	6.80%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A
Actuarial cost method Mortality table	Individual entry age PUB - 2010 with Projection Scale MP - 2018	Individual entry age PUB - 2010 with Projection Scale MP - 2018

Long-term Expected Rate of Return - The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Annual Arithmetic	Compound Annual (Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation (1)	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.2%	2.2%	1.2%
Fixed income	19.0%	3.0%	2.9%	3.5%
Global equity	54.2%	8.0%	6.7%	17.1%
Real estate	10.3%	6.4%	5.8%	11.7%
Private equity	11.1%	10.8%	8.1%	25.7%
Strategic investments	4.4%	5.5%	5.3%	6.9%
Total	100.00%			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.7%

(1) As outlined in the Pension Plan's investment policy

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80% for the Pension Plan. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.21% for the HIS Plan. In general, the discount rate for calculating the HIS Plan's total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS Plan benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the municipal bond rate of 2.21% was used to determine the total pension liability. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis, below, shows the impact to the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate on June 30, 2020.

	1% Decrease (5.80%)	Current Rate (6.80%)	1% Increase (7.80%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for			
Pension Plan	\$ <u>23,142,049</u>	\$ <u>14,492,476</u> \$	7,268,316
	1% Decrease (1.21%)	Current Rate (2.21%)	1% Increase (3.21%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for HIS Plan	\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$	\$\$\$	2,412,578

Investment Plan

The SBA (State Board of Administration) administered the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS Defined Benefit Plan. City employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual members' accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends, in part, on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class, as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment members' accounts during the 2019-2020 fiscal year, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular employees 6.30%, Special Risk class 14.00%, Senior Management 7.67% and Elected Officers class 11.34%.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan vesting is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on these funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the City.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lumpsum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The City's pension expense for the Investment Plan totaled \$227,106 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

	_	General Employees and Police	Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System	_	Florida Retirement System		nvestment Plan	_	Total
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	11,207,980	\$ (132,906)	\$	17,258,080	\$	N/A	\$	28,333,154
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,666,916	\$ 85,359	\$	5,427,726	\$	N/A	\$	7,180,001
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	574,660	\$ 76,777	\$	292,187	\$	N/A	\$	943,624
Pension expense	\$	1,646,255	\$ 46,375	\$	3,496,977	\$	227,106	\$	5,416,713

Aggregate amounts for all plans:

Note 10 - Other Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

Single Employer Plan:

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions specifies that governments must recognize their total OPEB liability and related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense in the financial statements based on the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments.

Plan Description and Funding Policy

The City of Wilton Manors, Florida provides Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) to employees as mandated by Florida Statutes 112.0801. The City has no formal plan that administers the City's post-employment healthcare and dental coverage to eligible individuals which includes all regular employees of the City who retire from active service and are eligible for retirement or disability benefits. The retirees and their spouses and dependents pay 100% of the blended premium rates to obtain their elected health, dental and other insurance benefits. The blended rates provide an implicit subsidy to them because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the employer.

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of the measurement date:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive plan members entitled to but	12
not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	157
Total plan members	169

Currently, the City's OPEB benefits are unfunded. The OPEB Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan, and this plan is not accounted for in a trust fund. To date, the City has followed a pay as you go funding policy, therefore, only those amounts necessary to provide for the City's reporting of current year benefit costs and expenses have been contributed from the General Fund. Contribution rates are determined by the City. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report and it is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or a report of another entity.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The actuarial valuation described below used the entry age normal cost method to determine the Plan's liabilities and costs. Under this cost method, the actuarial present value of projected benefits of every active participant as if the Plan's provisions on the valuation date had always been in effect, is determined as a level percentage of expected annual earnings for each future year of expected service. A normal cost for each year from the assumed entry date is determined by applying this level percentage of pay to the assumed earnings for that year (or if benefits are not pay related, the level amount for each year). Under this method, inactive participants have no normal cost, and their actuarial liability is the present value of the plan benefits to which they and their beneficiaries are entitled. The Plan's total annual normal cost and actuarial liability are the sum of the individual participant amounts. An experience gain or loss is a decrease or increase in the unfunded actuarial liability attributable to actual experience that differed from that expected by the actuarial assumptions. Such gains or losses are explicitly recognized under this method.

The total OPEB liability at September 30, 2020 was based on an actuarial valuation date of October 1, 2018 with a measurement date of October 1, 2019, using the following assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method: Amortized Method: Mortality:	Entry Age Normal Level percentage of payroll, open RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality with Base Year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2019
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:	9.72% for fiscal year end 2019 (to reflect actual experience), then 6.75% for fiscal year 2020, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%
Expected Return on Assets: Salary Scale: Discount Rate:	Not applicable 3.00% 2.75%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at October 1, 2019 was 2.75%. Because the City's OPEB costs are funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA or higher credit rating as of the measurement date was used to determine the total OPEB liability.

Total OPEB Liability of the City: The components of the City's net OPEB liability at September 30, 2020, are as follows:

Total OPEB liability\$OPEB Plan fiduciary net position	805,000
City's net OPEB liability \$	805,000
OPEB Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	0.00%
Changes in Total OPEB Liability	
Total OPEB liability: Service cost \$ Interest on total OPEB liability Differences between expected and actual experience Assumption changes Benefit payments	39,000 25,000 17,000 124,000 (40,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	165,000
Total OPEB liability, beginning	640,000
Total OPEB liability, ending \$	805,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following table presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.75%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than current discount rate:

				Current Discount		
	1	% Decrease (1.75%)	-	Rate (2.75%)	-	1% Increase (3.75%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	966,000	\$	805,000	\$	683,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current trend rate:

		1% Trend		Trend Rate		1% Trend
	De	crease 5.75%	A	Assumption		Increase 7.75%
		Decreasing	6.7	5% Decreasing	3	Decreasing
		to 4.00%		to 5.00%		to 6.00%
Total OPEB liability	-	662,000	_ د	805,000	¢	1,000,000
TOTAL OF LB HADIIITY	ې _	002,000	ې =	803,000	Ş	1,000,000

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB: For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$ 99,000. At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Dutflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	23,000	\$	-
Changes in Assumptions	_	101,000	_	5,000
Total	\$	124,000	\$	5,000

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting period. The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Deferred and outflows deferred inflows of resources
2021	\$ 28,000
2022	28,000
2023	28,000
2024	24,000
2025	11,000
Thereafter	
	\$ 119,000

Note 11 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The City adopted the provisions of IRS Section 457 deferred compensation plan. Employees have the option to join the plan and have the personal contributions to their individual accounts withheld from their paychecks. The City's involvement is limited to making the plan available to employees and remitting employee contributions directly to the third-party plan administrators who hold the funds in trust. The City does not make any matching contributions to the employees' accounts. The City makes no investment decisions and has no fiduciary responsibilities regarding the plan, therefore, the assets and liabilities of the plan are not included in the City's financial statements at September 30, 2020.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. In order to limit its exposure to these risks, the City is a participant in the Florida League of Cities (a not-for-profit corporation) self-insurance program for workers' compensation, general and auto liability, and property insurance. This self-insurance program purchases excess and specific coverage from third party insurance carriers. Participants in the program are billed annually for their portion of the cost of the program adjusted for actual experience during the period of coverage. Participants are not assessed for unanticipated losses incurred by the program. Premiums paid by the City during the year totaled approximately \$473,000. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the past three years.

Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

Revenues recognized from grants may be subject to audit by the grantor agencies. In the opinion of City management, as a result of such audits, disallowances of grant revenues, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on the City's condition.

Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Interlocal Agreement - EMS and Fire Protection Services

Effective October 1, 2015, the City renewed its Interlocal agreement (ILA) with the City of Fort Lauderdale to provide Emergency Medical and Fire Protection Services. The agreement was effective through September 30, 2020. The agreement calls for a maximum base annual service fee of \$ 2,707,704 to be adjusted each fiscal year by the amount equal to the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the South Urban Regions. The annual service fee is offset by about \$ 400,000 annually from revenues received by Fort Lauderdale for reimbursements for EMS services provided in Wilton Manors. The service fee also includes contributions towards vehicle replacements, as described below. Service fees paid by the City to the City of Fort Lauderdale for the year ended September 30, 2020 totaled \$ 2,351,128.

The Interlocal agreement also provides that the City will contribute \$55,000 annually to the Fort Lauderdale Vehicle Replacement Account for the replacement of one fire engine and \$31,485 annually towards replacement of one rescue unit. The accumulated amounts contributed to the replacement account earns interest at the monthly rate of 1/12 of the annual rate for U.S. Government Securities, Treasury Constant Maturities, 5-year Maturity, as published monthly in the U.S. Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 or its successor. The accumulated funds collected and earned under this agreement will be reviewed on an annual basis and will be adjusted accordingly to ensure sufficiency of funds towards meeting the goal of replacing one fire engine and one rescue unit. In the event of termination of the agreement, the City of Fort Lauderdale will return all the monies held, including interest earned, to the City of Wilton Manors. As of September 30, 2020, the City has approximately \$471,000 in funds held by City of Fort Lauderdale under the provisions of this agreement.

Subsequent to year end the agreement was renewed for another five years effective October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2025. The annual service fee for fiscal year 2020-2021 is \$ 3,386,204. The annual service fee shall not increase by more than ten (10) percent in any year. Under the new ILA, the City is required to continue to contribute to the vehicle replacement fund in the amount of \$ 5,914 monthly. The amounts previously contributed to the vehicle replacement fund and the new contributions shall earn interest at the monthly rate of one-half (1/2) of one (1) percent.

Interlocal Agreement - Water and Wastewater Services

The City has entered into an agreement with the City of Fort Lauderdale to provide the City with water and wastewater services. The expenditure by the City for the year ended September 30, 2020 relating to this agreement totaled approximately \$ 1,805,000 and \$ 1,087,400 for water and wastewater, respectively.

The Broward County Wastewater Plan requires the City to use the City of Fort Lauderdale wastewater facilities through the year 2030.

Parking Management Services

In 2019, the City entered into an agreement with Lanier Parking Meter Services, LLC (the "Company") to provide parking management and enforcement services for the City-owned on-street and offstreet parking spaces. The agreement is for a period of three (3) years beginning April 1, 2019 and may be extended for two additional two-year terms at the City's absolute discretion. The City reimburses the Company for its operating costs based on a budget approved by the City. The Company also receives a management fee in exchange for the services provided in an amount varying from 3.25% to 4.75% of all gross revenue, depending on the type of revenue. Total parking revenues generated, and parking management services and operating fees paid during the fiscal year ended 2020 amounted to approximately \$ 523,000 and \$ 247,000, respectively.

Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Contingencies

The City is involved in several ongoing litigation matters. The ultimate outcome of these matters, in the opinion of the City Attorney, will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the City.

Note 14 - Deficits in Fund Balances and Net Positions

At September 30, 2020, the Road Improvement Fund and Recycling Fund had a deficit fund balance and a deficit net position of approximately \$ 152,000 and \$ 293,000, respectively. The City expects to seek and obtain additional grant funding to reduce certain expenditures and any remaining deficiencies will be funded by the General Fund and recycling activities, respectively.

Note 15 - Risks and Uncertainties

In March 2020, the *World Health Organization* declared the outbreak of a coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic. As a result, the local and global financial markets are experiencing significant volatility. At this time, it is unknown how this negative outlook will impact the City's financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



City of Wilton Manors, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		 				
Taxes:						
Property \$	9,194,150	\$ 9,194,150	\$	9,049,908	\$	(144,242)
Franchise	1,275,313	1,275,313		1,210,100		(65,213)
Utility	2,136,783	2,136,783		2,023,432		(113,351)
Intergovernmental	1,433,341	1,433,341		1,392,049		(41,292)
Charges for services	470,613	470,613		304,276		(166,337)
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	794,900	899,900		888,418		(11,482) (154,751)
Interest income	359,800 148,690	359,800 148,690		205,049 89,445		(, ,
Miscellaneous	270,674	280,674		326,269		(59,245) 45,595
Total revenues	16,084,264	 16,199,264		15,488,946		(710,318)
Expenditures:	10,004,204	 10,133,204		13,400,540	_	(710,510)
Current:						
General government:						
City commission	156,248	156,248		120,253		35,995
City management	1,013,084	1,236,175		773,479		462,696
City clerk	271,620	281,152		277,958		3,194
Finance	664,968	704,947		701,776		3,171
Human resources	511,428	523,398		520,797		2,601
City attorney	342,656	350,374		284,886		65,488
Community development	1,187,444	1,342,302		1,178,360		163,942
Non-departmental	1,538,748	 1,580,203		1,434,230	_	145,973
Total general government	5,686,196	 6,174,799		5,291,739		883,060
Public safety:	C 020 200	C 022 021		6 047 257		(114 220)
Police department	6,828,399	6,833,031		6,947,357		(114,326)
Emergency management	625,215	 700,570		701,962		(1,392)
Total public safety	7,453,614	 7,533,601		7,649,319	_	(115,718)
Culture and recreation:	720 450	626 450		626 526		0.024
Library Parks and recreation	730,450 2,768,804	636,450 2,666,921		626,526 2,397,889		9,924 269,032
Total culture and recreation	3,499,254	 3,303,371		3,024,415		278,956
Transportation - public services	183,053	 183,053		162,900	-	278,950
Debt service:	185,055	 185,055		102,900	_	20,133
Principal	452,380	140,000		73,000		67,000
Interest	211,901	211,901		150,930		60,971
Debt issuance cost	-	37,600		37,600		-
- Total debt service	664,281	 389,501		261,530		127,971
Capital outlay	-	48,414		8,615		39,799
Total expenditures	17,486,398	17,632,739		16,398,518		1,234,221
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures	(1,402,134)	 (1,433,475)		(909,572)		523,903
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	2 662 004	2 6 6 9 9 4		2 626 452		(24.244)
Transfers in	2,660,994	2,660,994		2,636,150		(24,844)
Transfers out	(1,258,860)	(1,797,730)		(1,430,922)		366,808
Debt proceeds	-	2,993,370		2,993,370		-
Payment to bond escrow agent Use of fund balance	-	(3,268,150) 844,991		(3,268,150)		(844,991)
Total other financing	1 402 124	 1 422 475		020.449	_	(502.027)
sources (uses)	1,402,134	 1,433,475		930,448	_	(503,027)
Net change in fund balance \$	-	\$ -		20,876	\$	20,876
Fund Balance, Beginning				4,145,760	-	
Fund Balance, Ending			<u>_</u>	4,166,636		
			^ې	1,100,000		

See notes to budgetary comparison schedules

	_	Original Budget	-	Final Budget	_	Actual Amounts	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Insurance premium tax	\$	143,468	\$	143,468	\$	168,066	\$	24,598
Intergovernmental		1,920		1,920		1,842		(78)
Special assessments		2,295,501		2,295,501		2,280,435		(15,066)
Charges for services		105,000		105,000		101,788		(3,212)
Interest income		20,370		20,370		16,313		(4,057)
Miscellaneous	_	17,099	-	17,099	_	30,762	-	13,663
Total revenues	_	2,583,358	-	2,583,358	_	2,599,206	-	15,848
Expenditures:								
Public safety		2,333,391		2,333,391		2,146,664		186,727
Capital outlay		165,000		287,500		108,980		178,520
capital outlay	-	105,000	•	207,500	-	100,500	-	170,520
Total expenditures	_	2,498,391	-	2,620,891	_	2,255,644	-	365,247
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				()				
expenditures	_	84,967		(37,533)	_	343,562	-	381,095
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers out		(156,881)		(156,881)		(156,881)		_
Use of fund balance		71,914		194,414		()		(194,414)
	-		•		-		-	()
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	_	(84,967)		37,533	_	(156,881)	-	(194,414)
Net change in								
fund balance	\$_	_	\$			186,681	\$	186,681
Fund Balance, Beginning					_	363,323		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$_	550,004		

See notes to budgetary comparison schedules

Note 1 - Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used to establish the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all governmental funds. Budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), except for encumbrances, which are reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes. There were no encumbrances for these funds during the year.

During the month of June each year, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. This budget includes proposed expenditures as well as the expected means of financing them. The Commission holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than October 1.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted line items within a department classification; however, any revisions that alter the department totals must be approved by the City Commission. Therefore, the department level is the legal level of budgetary control. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended. Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end and are re-budgeted in the next fiscal year.

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	-	9/30/2020 10/1/2019	9/30/2019 10/1/2018	9/30/2018 10/1/2017
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Benefits payments Assumption changes	\$	39,000 25,000 17,000 (40,000) 124,000	\$ 45,000 23,000 15,000 (79,000) (7,000)	\$ 44,000 22,000 - (36,000) -
Net change in total OPEB liability		165,000	(3,000)	30,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	640,000 805,000	\$ 643,000 640,000	\$ 613,000 643,000
Covered payroll	\$	8,211,000	\$ 8,211,000	\$ 7,475,000
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered	pay	9.8%	7.8%	8.6%

Notes to Schedule:

* Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Plan Assets. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria of GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay benefits.

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	2021 2020	2020 2019	2019 2018	2018 2017	2017 2016	2016 2015	2015 2014
Total pension liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected	\$	90,882 2,568,156	\$ 131,863 2,591,888	\$ 141,672 2,547,674	\$ 141,736 2,545,418	\$ 129,615 2,571,868	\$ 112,087 2,578,844
and actual experience Assumption changes Benefit payments	(119,148) (135,320) (2,670,408)	55,056 383,306 (2,626,235)	(344,394) - (2,728,566)	68,713 549,447 (2,603,571)	(360,289) - (2,706,165)	60,844 2,522,504 (2,756,178)	54,908 - (3,224,482)
Net change in total pension liability	(266,947)	471,165	(349,209)	703,935	(379,300)	2,528,653	(478,643)
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability -	38,381,343	37,910,178	38,259,387	37,555,452	37,934,752	35,406,099	35,884,742
ending (a)	\$ <u>38,114,396</u> \$	38,381,343	\$ 37,910,178	\$ 38,259,387	\$ 37,555,452	\$ 37,934,752	\$_35,406,099
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Members Net investment earnings Benefit payments Administrative expenses Other	\$ 1,666,916 \$ 42,595 1,521,387 (2,670,408) (95,840) -	1,674,468 44,771 1,341,884 (2,626,235) (85,240) -		\$ 1,685,242 64,490 2,437,040 (2,603,571) (104,068) -	<pre>\$ 1,638,492 63,650 1,717,354 (2,706,165) (95,119) (1)</pre>	\$ 1,676,869 64,249 (1,489,322) (2,756,178) (88,375) 9,974	\$ 1,645,738 59,289 2,836,305 (3,224,482) (81,815) 2,154
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	464,650	349,648	1,660,827	1,479,133	618,211	(2,582,783)	1,237,189
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position -	27,173,363	26,823,715	25,162,888	23,683,755	23,065,544	25,648,327	24,411,138
ending (b)	\$ 27,638,013 \$	27,173,363	\$ 26,823,715	\$ 25,162,888	\$ 23,683,755	\$ 23,065,544	\$ 25,648,327
City net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 10,476,383 \$	11,207,980	\$ 11,086,463	\$ 13,096,499	\$ 13,871,697	\$ 14,869,208	\$9,757,772
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.51%	70.80%	70.76%	65.77%	63.06%	60.80%	72.44%
Covered payroll*	\$ 406,596 \$	426,154	\$ 523,862	\$ 604,422	\$ 595,805	\$ 600,852	\$ 937,125
City net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	2576.61%	2630.03%	2116.29%	2166.78%	2328.23%	2474.69%	1041.25%

* Beginning with the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015, covered payroll for the fiscal year is estimated from the actual member contributions to the Plan for the same period.

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:		2021 2020	-	2020 2019	,	2019 2018		2018 2017		2017 2016	2016 2015		2015 2014
Total pension liability Service cost Interest	\$	3,555 97,063	\$	3,552 98,032	\$	3,548 96,276	\$	2,785 136,401	\$	2,784 132,943	\$ 2,781 127,765	\$	3,420 124,087
Differences between expected and actual experience Assumption changes Other - increase in Share		24,799 -		(5,758) -		(5,234) -		(547,430) 157,023		(7,955) -	28,813 172,401		50,183 -
Plan reserve Benefit payments		14,929 (123,229)	-	11,936 (124,604)		43,915 (93,863)	,	- (93,206)		- (79,458)	- (76,201)	•	- (73,671)
Net change in total pension liability		17,117		(16,842)		44,642		(344,427)		48,314	255,559		104,019
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability -		1,675,777	-	1,692,619		1,647,977		1,992,404		1,944,090	1,688,531		1,584,512
ending (a)	\$	1,692,894	\$	1,675,777	\$	1,692,619	\$	1,647,977	\$	1,992,404	\$ 1,944,090	\$	1,688,531
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - State Net investment earnings Benefit payments Administrative expenses	\$	85,359 105,701 (123,229) (37,537)	\$	83,904 93,588 (124,604) (41,063)	\$	87,830 187,918 (93,863) (40,155)	\$	93,880 163,275 (93,206) (36,978)	\$	113,066 114,245 (79,458) (23,065)	\$ 143,468 (78,303) (76,201) (40,557)	\$	162,399 157,260 (73,671) (27,489)
Net change in plan fiduciary ne position	t	30,294	-	11,825		141,730		126,971	-	124,788	(51,593)		218,499
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,808,683	-	1,796,858		1,655,128		1,528,157		1,403,369	1,454,962		1,236,463
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,838,977	\$	1,808,683	\$	1,796,858	\$	1,655,128	\$	1,528,157	\$ 1,403,369	\$	1,454,962
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(146,083)	\$	(132,906)	\$	(104,239)	\$	(7,151)	\$	464,247	\$ 540,721	\$	233,569
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	n	108.63%		107.93%		106.16%		100.43%		76.70%	72.19%		86.17%
Covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A
City net pension liability (asset) percentage of covered payroll	as	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability -Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Measurement Date June 30,		2020	I	2019	I	2018	1	2017	I	2016	'	2015		2014
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.033437895%		0.032312248%		0.033128232%		0.032652342%		0.032051110%		0.027694466%		0.025975554%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	Ŷ	14,492,476	Ŷ	11,127,889	Ŷ	9,978,394	Ŷ	9,661,659	Ŷ	8,092,908	Ŷ	3,577,112	Ŷ	1,584,891
Covered payroll	Ŷ	7,861,742	Ŷ	7,492,433	Ŷ	7,385,148	Ŷ	6,853,289	Ŷ	6,479,124	Ŷ	5,794,868	ŝ	5,478,496
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		184.34%		148.52%		135.11%		140.98%		124.91%		61.73%		28.93%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.85%		82.61%		84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%		96.09%
		Schedule of Rei	e of F Ret	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - tiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program	Shar	e of the Net Pe ice Subsidy Prc	ensic	on Liability - m						
Measurement Date June 30,		2020	I	2019	I	2018	I	2017	I	2016		2015		2014
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.022650623%		0.022403825%		0.022586037%		0.001144711%		0.020854254%		0.019083075%		0.018133219%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	Ŷ	2,765,604	Ŷ	2,560,764	Ŷ	2,390,532	Ŷ	2,298,949	Ŷ	2,430,477	Ŷ	1,946,173	Ŷ	1,695,500
Covered payroll	Ŷ	7,861,742	Ŷ	7,492,433	ŝ	7,385,148	ŝ	6,853,289	ŝ	6,479,124	ŝ	5,794,868	ŝ	5,478,496
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		35.18%		34.18%		32.37%		33.55%		37.51%		33.58%		30.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		3.00%		2.63%		2.15%		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%		0.99%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Note:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Note:

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2020	\$ 1,666,916	\$ 1,666,916	\$ - \$	406,596	409.97%
2019	1,674,468	1,674,468	-	426,154	392.93%
2018	1,667,049	1,667,049	-	523,862	318.22%
2017	1,685,242	1,685,242	-	604,422	278.82%
2016	1,638,492	1,638,492	-	595,805	275.00%
2015	1,674,023	1,676,869	(2,846)	600,852	279.08%
2014	1,645,738	1,645,738	-	554,092	297.02%
2013	1,606,783	1,606,783	-	565,000	284.39%
2012	1,518,314	1,518,314	-	622,000	244.10%
2011	1,550,528	1,550,528	-	849,000	182.63%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: October 1, 2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar, closed
Remaining amortization	
period	15 years
Asset valuation method	Five year smoothed market
Salary increases	5.50%
Investment rate of	
return	6.60%
Cost of living	
adjustment	3.00%
Mortality	PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Below Median Employee Male and Female Tables, with a 1-Year setback for males.

Fiscal Year	De	ctuarially etermined ntribution	Co	Actual ontribution	c 	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	_	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2020	\$	94,996	\$	85,359	\$	9,637	\$	N/A	N/A
2019		95,516		83,904		11,612		N/A	N/A
2018		92 <i>,</i> 659		87 <i>,</i> 830		4,829		N/A	N/A
2017		91,007		93,880		(2 <i>,</i> 873)		N/A	N/A
2016		78,859		85,547		(6,688)		N/A	N/A
2015		80 <i>,</i> 349		85,547		(5,198)		N/A	N/A
2014		79 <i>,</i> 117		85,547		(6,430)		N/A	N/A
2013		83,951		83,951		-		N/A	N/A
2012		81,024		81,024		-		N/A	N/A
2011		77,607		77,607		-		N/A	N/A

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: October 1, 2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method	Entry age normal Level dollar, closed
Remaining amortization	
period	15 years
Asset valuation	
method	Five year smoothed market
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of	
return	6.00%
Mortality	RP-2000 mortality tables with blue collar adjustments and generational projections using scale BB.

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions Florida Retirement System

scneaule of Contributions Florida Retirement System							
	Sc Florida F	Schedule of Contributions - I Retirement System Pension Plan	ributions - em Pension Pla	c			
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contributions	\$ 998,033	\$ 932,938	\$ 944,128	\$ 850,021	\$ 781,617	\$ 675,215	\$ 568,975
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	998,033 \$	932,938 \$	944,128 \$	850,021 \$	781,617 \$	675,215 \$	568,975 \$
Covered payroll Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 7,742,038 12.89%	\$7,603,040 12.27%	\$7,371,373 12.81%	\$7,097,933 11.98%	\$ 6,473,081 12.07%	\$ 5,789,464 11.66%	\$ 5,473,387 10.40%
	Sc Retiree H	Schedule of Contributions - Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program	ributions - Subsidy Progra	Ē			
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contributions	\$ 128,517	\$ 126,211	\$ 122,485	\$ 113,788	\$ 106,891	\$ 72,947	\$ 62,118
contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	128,517 \$	126,211 \$	122,485 \$	113,788 \$	106,891 \$	72,947 \$	62,118 \$
Covered payroll Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 7,742,038 1.66%	\$7,603,040 1.66%	\$ 7,371,373 1.66%	\$ 7,097,933 1.60%	\$ 6,473,081 1.65%	\$ 5,789,464 1.26%	\$ 5,473,387 1.13%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) The amounts presented as of fiscal year end.

(2) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

COMBINING STATEMENTS



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital Improvement Fund - accounts for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of capital projects financed by the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Miscellaneous Grants Fund - accounts for the City's grant revenues from federal and state agencies, other governmental units or private foundations. This fund also accounts for the expenditures made with these grant funds.

Federal Police Forfeiture Fund - accounts for monies received for financial transactions involving confiscations through forfeitures. Monies spent out of this fund must first be legally appropriated by the City Commission.

Police Training and Education Fund - accounts for monies received for training and professional development.

Road Improvement Fund - accounts for the financial resources to be used to pave streets, perform right-of-way grounds maintenance, and purchase and repair of equipment.

State Police Forfeiture Fund - account for financial transactions involving confiscations through forfeitures. Monies spent out of this fund must first be legally appropriated by the City Commission.

Jenada Assessment Fund - account for special assessment collections and expenditures related to the operation of the Jenada Isle neighborhood gatehouse. This assessment is limited to residents located in the Jenada Isles neighborhood.

Wilton Drive Improvement District Fund - accounts for special assessment for the purpose of creating a cleaner, safer, and more attractive Wilton Drive.

				Special Re	eve	nue Funds	
	M	liscellaneous Grants Fund	5	Federal Police Forfeiture Fund		Police Training and Education Fund	Road Improvement Fund
Assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments Due from other governments Inventories Prepayments Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	62,369 - - -	\$	164,829 - - - -	\$	1,219 - - - -	\$ 423,860 5,304 -
Total assets	\$	62,369	\$	164,829	\$	1,219	\$ 429,164
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenues	\$	20,800 180 31,625 -	\$	- - -	\$	198 - - -	\$ 31,578 - 549,696 -
Total liabilities		52,605		-		198	581,274
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Inventories and prepayments Restricted for: Public safety Transportation Jenada Isle neighborhood		- - -		- 161,058 -		- 1,021 -	5,304 - -
improvements Wilton Drive improvements Library services Assigned to:		- - 145		- -		- -	- -
Capital improvements Next year's budget Unassigned (deficit)	_	9,619 -		3,771		-	205,964 (363,378)
Total fund balances	_	9,764	_	164,829		1,021	(152,110)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	62,369	\$	164,829	\$	1,219	\$ 429,164

	Spo	ecial Revenue	Fur	ıds				
State Police Forfeiture Fund	-	Jenada Assessment Fund		Wilton Drive Improvement District	- -	Capital Improvement Fund		Total
248,356 - -	\$	12,238 - -	\$	150,257 - -	\$	1,068,493 - -	\$	1,645,392 486,229 5,304
-		-		2,529		-		2,529
-		131		-		-		131
248,356	\$	12,369	\$	152,786	\$	1,068,493	\$	2,139,585
_	Ś	83	¢	11.948	¢	116.038	¢	180,645
-	,	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	180
18,052		-		-		-		581,321 18,052
18,052	-	83		11,948	-	116,038		780,198
-		-		2,529		-		7,833
153,507		-		-		-		315,586
-		-		-		-		-
-		12,286		- 138.309		-		12,286 138,309
-		-		_		-		145
-		-		-		212,712		212,712
/6,/9/	-	-	· -	-	• •	/39,/43 -		1,035,894 (363,378)
230,304	-	12,286		140,838	•	952,455		1,359,387
248,356	\$	12,369	\$	152,786	\$	1,068,493	\$	2,139,585
	State Police Forfeiture Fund 248,356 248,356 248,356 153,507 153,507	State Police Forfeiture Fund 248,356 \$ 248,356 \$ 248,356 \$ 248,356 \$ 248,356 \$ 18,052 \$ 18,052 \$ 18,052 \$ 1753,507 \$ 153,507 \$ 230,304 \$	State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund 248,356 \$ 248,356 \$ - - - - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ - - - - 248,356 \$ - - - - - - 248,356 \$ - - - - 131 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td>State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ - - - - - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ -<td>Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Drive Improvement District 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -</td><td>State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Wilton Drive Improvement District Wilton Drive Improvement District 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ - - - - - - - - 131 - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 152,786 \$ - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 11,948 \$ - - 248,3552 83 11,948 \$ -<td>State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Wilton Drive Improvement District Capital Improvement Fund 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 1,068,493 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 1,068,493 - - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 152,786 \$ 1,068,493 - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 11,948 \$ 116,038 - - - - - - - - 18,052 83 11,948 116,038 - - - - - - - - - -</td><td>State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Wilton Drive Improvement District Capital Improvement Fund 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 1,068,493 \$ -</td></td></td>	State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ - - - - - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ - <td>Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Drive Improvement District 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -</td> <td>State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Wilton Drive Improvement District Wilton Drive Improvement District 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ - - - - - - - - 131 - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 152,786 \$ - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 11,948 \$ - - 248,3552 83 11,948 \$ -<td>State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Wilton Drive Improvement District Capital Improvement Fund 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 1,068,493 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 1,068,493 - - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 152,786 \$ 1,068,493 - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 11,948 \$ 116,038 - - - - - - - - 18,052 83 11,948 116,038 - - - - - - - - - -</td><td>State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Wilton Drive Improvement District Capital Improvement Fund 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 1,068,493 \$ -</td></td>	Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Drive Improvement District 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Wilton Drive Improvement District Wilton Drive Improvement District 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ - - - - - - - - 131 - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 152,786 \$ - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 11,948 \$ - - 248,3552 83 11,948 \$ - <td>State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Wilton Drive Improvement District Capital Improvement Fund 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 1,068,493 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 1,068,493 - - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 152,786 \$ 1,068,493 - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 11,948 \$ 116,038 - - - - - - - - 18,052 83 11,948 116,038 - - - - - - - - - -</td> <td>State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Wilton Drive Improvement District Capital Improvement Fund 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 1,068,493 \$ -</td>	State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Wilton Drive Improvement District Capital Improvement Fund 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 1,068,493 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 1,068,493 - - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 152,786 \$ 1,068,493 - - - - - - - 248,356 \$ 12,369 \$ 11,948 \$ 116,038 - - - - - - - - 18,052 83 11,948 116,038 - - - - - - - - - -	State Police Forfeiture Fund Jenada Assessment Fund Wilton Drive Improvement District Capital Improvement Fund 248,356 \$ 12,238 \$ 150,257 \$ 1,068,493 \$ -

			Special Rev	venue Funds	
	M	iscellaneous Grants Fund	Federal Police Forfeiture Fund	Police Training and Education Fund	Road Improvement Fund
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	164,386 \$	- \$	-	\$ 854,714
Special assessments		-	-	-	-
Charges for services		-	-	-	35,178
Fines and forfeitures		-	-	3,441	- 017
Interest income Miscellaneous		10 384	1,721	50	817
Miscellaneous	_	504		121	473
Total revenues	_	164,780	1,721	3,612	891,182
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Economic development Public safety		49,429	-	- 11,105	-
Culture and recreation		22,710	-	11,105	37,663
Physical environment		-	-	-	
Transportation		_	-	-	100,183
Capital outlay		82,030	_	-	998,606
				11 105	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total expenditures	_	154,169		11,105	1,136,452
Excess (deficiency)					
of revenues					
over expenditures		10,611	1,721	(7,493)	(245,270)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in		25,000	-	-	-
Transfers out		-		-	(43,348)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	_	25,000		-	(43,348)
Net change in fund balances		35,611	1,721	(7,493)	(288,618)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning	_	(25,847)	163,108	8,514	136,508
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Ending	\$	9 <i>,</i> 764 \$	164,829 \$	1,021	\$ (152,110)
	' =	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	T	-	

-	Sp	ec	ial Revenue F	un	ds			
-	State Police Forfeiture Fund		Jenada Assessment Fund	I	Wilton Drive mprovement District	_	Capital Improvement Fund	Total
\$	- 3,949 2,660 348	\$	- 7,705 - - 131 11	\$	96,120 - 1,600 211	\$	- - - 4,309 165	\$ 1,019,100 103,825 35,178 7,390 11,298 1,713
-	6,957		7,847	-	97,931	-	4,474	1,178,504
	- 28,599 - -		- - - 2,934		59,649 - -		- - -	59,649 89,133 60,373 2,934
	-				-		- 457,941	100,183 1,538,577
-	28,599		2,934	-	59,649	-	457,941	1,850,849
-	(21,642)		4,913	-	38,282	_	(453,467)	(672,345)
-	-		-	-	-	_	1,405,922 -	1,430,922 (43,348)
-				-		_	1,405,922	1,387,574
	(21,642)		4,913		38,282		952,455	715,229
-	251,946		7,373		102,556	-	-	644,158
\$	230,304	\$	12,286	\$	140,838	\$_	952,455	\$ 1,359,387

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - Miscellaneous Grants Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

_	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	~	466.262	~	470 744	~	464.206	~	
Intergovernmental	\$	166,369	\$	178,711	\$	164,386	\$	(14,325)
Interest income		-		-		10		10
Miscellaneous	_	248	-	248		384		136
Total revenues	_	166,617	_	178,959		164,780		(14,179)
Expenditures:								
General government		25,248		25,248		-		25,248
Public safety		58,251		58,251		49,429		8,822
Culture and recreation		25,000		25,000		22,710		2,290
Capital outlay		83,118		95,460		82,030		13,430
Total expenditures	_	191,617	_	203,959	-	154,169		49,790
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(25,000)		(25,000)		10,611		35,611
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	_	25,000	-	25,000		25,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	25,000	_	25,000	-	25,000		
Net change in fund balance	\$_	_	\$_	-		35,611	\$	35,611
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning						(25,847)		
Fund Balance (Deficit), Ending					\$	9,764		

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		2 2 2 2				4 704		
Interest income	\$_	3,900	\$_	3,900	\$_	1,721	\$_	(2,179)
Total revenues	_	3,900		3,900	-	1,721	_	(2,179)
Expenditures:								
Public safety	_	5,000	_	5,000	_	-	_	5,000
Total expenditures	_	5,000	_	5,000	-		_	5,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(1,100)	_	(1,100)	_	1,721	_	2,821
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Use of fund balance	_	1,100	_	1,100	-	_	_	(1,100)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	1,100	_	1,100	-		-	(1,100)
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$_			1,721	\$_	1,721
Fund Balance, Beginning					_	163,108		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$_	164,829		

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - Police Training and Education Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

_	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Fines and forfeitures	\$	7 200	\$	7 200	\$	2 4 4 1	\$	(2,750)
Interest income	Ş	7,200 200	Ş	7,200 200	Ş	3,441 50	Ş	(3 <i>,</i> 759) (150)
Miscellaneous		63		63		121		(130)
Wiscenarieous	_	03	_	05	-	121		58
Total revenues	_	7,463		7,463		3,612		(3,851)
Expenditures:								
Public safety		11,033		11,033		11,105		(72)
	-	,	_	,	-		-	(/
Total expenditures	_	11,033		11,033	-	11,105		(72)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(3,570)		(3,570)		(7,493)		(3,923)
					-		•	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Use of fund balance	_	3,570		3,570				(3,570)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	3,570	_	3,570				(3,570)
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$ <u></u>			(7,493)	\$	(7,493)
Fund Balance, Beginning						8,514		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	1,021		

Devenue	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	\$ 1,240,781	ć 1 0 40 701	\$ 854,714	\$ (386,067)
Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ 1,240,781 38,096	\$ 1,240,781 38,096	\$	\$ (386,067) (2,918)
Interest income	6,660	6,660	817	(5,843)
Miscellaneous	519	519	473	(46)
				(- /
Total revenues	1,286,056	1,286,056	891,182	(394,874)
Expenditures:				
Culture and recreation	44,842	44,842	37,663	7,179
Transportation	270,510	318,716	100,183	218,533
Capital outlay	1,140,000	1,347,856	998,606	349,250
Total expenditures	1,455,352	1,711,414	1,136,452	574,962
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(169,296)	(425,358)	(245,270)	180,088
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	-	18,925	-	(18,925)
Transfers out	(43,348)	(43,348)	(43,348)	-
Use of fund balance	212,644	449,781	-	(449,781)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	169,296	425,358	(43,348)	(468,706)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>	(288,618)	\$(288,618)
Fund Balance, Beginning			136,508	
Fund Balance, Ending			\$(152,110)	

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - State Police Forfeiture Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amounts	_	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,949	\$	3,949
Interest income		6,100	6,100		2,660		(3,440)
Miscellaneous		11	11		348	_	337
Total revenues	_	6,111	6,111		6,957	_	846
Expenditures:							
Public safety		15,000	33,999		28,599		5,400
	_					-	0,100
Total expenditures	_	15,000	33,999		28,599	_	5,400
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	_	(8,889)	(27,888)		(21,642)	_	6,246
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Use of fund balance	_	8,889	27,888		-	_	(27,888)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	8,889	27,888			_	(27,888)
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$		(21,642)	\$_	(21,642)
Fund Balance, Beginning				,	251,946		
Fund Balance, Ending				\$	230,304		

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - Jenada Assessment Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Special assessments	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	7,705	\$	(295)
Interest income		300		300		131		(169)
Miscellaneous		12		12		11		(1)
			-		-		•	
Total revenues		8,312		8,312		7,847		(465)
	_		-		-		•	
Expenditures:								
Physical environment		6,812		6,812		2,934		3,878
Capital outlay		1,500		1,500		-		1,500
	_		-		-			,
Total expenditures		8,312		8,312		2,934		5 <i>,</i> 378
•	_		-		•			· · · ·
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						4 0 1 2		4.012
expenditures	_	-	-		-	4,913		4,913
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	_		4,913	\$	4,913
	=		-				:	
Fund Balance, Beginning						7,373		
					•			
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	12,286		
					-	-		

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - Wilton Drive Improvement District For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Special assessments	\$	96,000	\$	96,000	\$	96,120	\$	120
Interest income		1,200		1,200		1,600		400
Miscellaneous		-		-		211		211
	_		_		-		•	
Total revenues		97,200		97,200		97 <i>,</i> 931		731
	_		-		-		•	
Expenditures:								
Economic development		79,415		79,415		59,649		19,766
Capital outlay		17,785		17,785		-		17,785
	_		-		-			
Total expenditures		97,200		97,200		59,649		37,551
·	_	,	-	,	-	,	•	,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures						38,282		38,282
expenditures	_		-		-	30,202		30,202
Net change in fund balance	\$_	-	\$	-		38,282	\$	38,282
Fund Balance, Beginning					-	102,556		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	140,838		

_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Interest income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,309	\$ 4,309
Miscellaneous	> - 	> - 	\$	\$
Total revenues			4,474	4,474
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	1,152,622	1,710,040	457,941	1,252,099
Total expenditures	1,152,622	1,710,040	457,941	1,252,099
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,152,622)	(1,710,040)	(453,467)	1,256,573
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Use of fund balance	1,241,060 (88,438)	1,761,005 (50,965)	1,405,922 	(355,083) 50,965
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,152,622	1,710,040	1,405,922	(304,118)
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$ <u>-</u>	952,455	\$\$
Fund Balance, beginning				
Fund Balance, ending			\$\$\$\$\$\$\$	

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE FUNDS

Pension Trust Funds

Pension Plan for General Employees and Police - to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement benefits of the City's General Employees and Police Officers. Resources are contributed by employees at rates fixed by plan provisions and by the City at amounts determined by annual actuarial valuations.

Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System - to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement benefits of all active members of the City's Volunteer Fire Department. Contributions made by the State pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 175, are restricted to providing additional benefits only.

	Pension Plan for General Employees and Police		Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System	_	Total
Assets:		ć		ć	
Cash and cash equivalents \$	666,301	\$_	44,370	\$_	710,671
Receivables: State contributions receivable	_		1,198		1,198
Accrued investment income	35,851		2,383		38,234
		_		_	
Total receivables	35,851		3,581	_	39,432
Investments, at fair value: Equity securities	16,482,853		1,095,651		17,578,504
Government securities					4,849,336
	4,547,082		302,254		, ,
Corporate bonds	4,941,782		328,491		5,270,273
Fixed income mutual funds	1,015,164	_	67,480	_	1,082,644
Total investments	26,986,881		1,793,876	_	28,780,757
Total assets	27,689,033	_	1,841,827	_	29,530,860
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	21,965		2,850	_	24,815
Total liabilities	21,965		2,850	_	24,815
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Advanced contributions	29,055		-		29,055
	23,033			-	23,033
Total deferred inflows of resources	29,055		-	_	29,055
Net Position:	02.000				02.000
Net position restricted for DROP benefits	93,996		-		93,996
Net position restricted for defined benefits	27,544,017		1,281,934		28,825,951
Net position restricted for share benefits	-		69,889		69,889
Net position restricted for funding					
standard account		_	487,154	_	487,154
Total net position \$	27,638,013	\$	1,838,977	\$	29,476,990

		Pension Plan for General Employees and Police		Volunteer Firefighters Retirement System		Total
Additions:	-		-	,	-	
Contributions	ć		ć	05 250	ć	
State Employer	\$	1,666,916	\$	85,359	\$	85,359 1,666,916
Employee		42,595		-		42,595
	-		•		_	
Total contributions	-	1,709,511		85,359	_	1,794,870
Investment income:						
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		851,366		57,049		908,415
Interest and dividends		726,056		48,652		774,708
	-		•		-	
Total investment income	-	1,577,422		105,701	-	1,683,123
Less: Investment expenses	_	56,035			_	56,035
Net investment income	_	1,521,387		105,701	_	1,627,088
Total additions	_	3,230,898		191,060	_	3,421,958
Deductions:						
Benefit payments		2,670,408		93 <i>,</i> 863		2,764,271
Share distributions		-		29,366		29,366
Administrative expenses	-	95,840		37,537	-	133,377
Total deductions	_	2,766,248		160,766	_	2,927,014
Changes in net position		464,650		30,294		494,944
Net position, beginning	_	27,173,363		1,808,683	_	28,982,046
Net position, ending	\$	27,638,013	\$	1,838,977	\$_	29,476,990

STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the **City of Wilton Manors, Florida**'s comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>CONTENTS</u>	PAGE
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	92-97
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	98-101
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader asses the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	102-106
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	107-108
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	109-112

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Table 1 Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years Accrual Basis

	2019-20	27,206,964 1,576,756 (17,991,884)	10,791,836	18,377,713 397,630 8,552,896	27,328,239	45,584,677 1,974,386 (9,438,988)	38,120,075
	2018-19	26,856,340 \$ 1,486,874 (16,613,690)	11,729,524 \$	18,280,358 390,990 6,999,300	25,670,648 \$	45,136,698 \$ 1,877,864 (9,614,390)	37,400,172 \$
	2017-18	24,941,279 \$ 1,445,958 (15,287,383)	11,099,854 \$	18,372,508 \$ 298,446 5,334,689	24,005,643 \$	43,313,787 \$ 1,744,404 (9,952,694)	35,105,497 \$
	2016-17	24,594,127 \$ 1,105,478 (14,738,857)	10,960,748 \$	16,362,293 \$ 281,846 4,815,358	21,459,497 \$	40,956,420 \$ 1,387,324 (9,952,694)	32,391,050 \$
/ear	2015-16	24,627,757 \$ 1,008,904 (13,417,252)	12,219,409 \$	15,324,713 \$ 1,762,736 1,392,335	18,479,784 \$	39,952,470 \$ 2,771,640 (12,024,917)	30,699,193 \$
Fiscal Year	2014-15	22,977,296 \$ 2,125,600 (10,190,225)	14,912,671 \$	13,057,723 \$ 1,759,416 1,899,031	16,716,170 \$	36,035,019 \$ 3,885,016 (8,291,194)	31,628,841 \$
	2013-14	22,612,953 \$ 1,341,629 3,890,093	27,844,675 \$	11,643,985 \$ 1,444,317 2,720,126	15,808,428 \$	34,256,938 \$ 2,785,946 6,610,219	43,653,103 \$
	2012-13	22,487,584 \$ 1,239,952 4,385,843	28,113,379 \$	10,947,091 \$ 1,570,317 2,086,121	14,603,529 \$	33,434,675 \$ 2,810,269 6,471,964	42,716,908 \$
	2011-12	23,166,508 \$ 1,875,075 2,681,067	\$ 27,722,650 \$ 28,113,379	9,667,371 \$ 1,630,062 1,266,815	10,811,608 \$ 12,564,248 \$	32,833,879 \$ 3,505,137 3,947,882	40,286,898 \$
	2010-11	; 23,737,572 \$ 665,651 3,240,732	\$ 27,643,955 \$	8,939,594 \$ 926,868 945,146	\$ 10,811,608 \$; 32,677,166 \$ 1,592,519 4,185,878	38,455,563 \$
		Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital assets \$ Restricted Unrestricted	Total governmental activities net position \$	Business-type Activities: Net investment in capital assets \$ Restricted Unrestricted	Total business-type activities net position \$	Primary Government: Net investment in capital assets \$ Restricted Unrestricted (1)	Total primary government net position \$

(1) In Fiscal Year 2014-2015, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 and 71 which had a cumulative effect of reducing beginning net position by \$15,802,370.

92

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Table 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years Accrual Basis

	2010-11		2011-12	201	2012-13	2013-14	201	Fiscal Year 2014-15	ʻear 2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	7-18	2018-19	2019-20
Expenses: Governmental activities: General government (1) Economic development Public safety Culture and recreation Physical environment Transportation Interest on long-term debt	\$ 1,970,679 8,299,498 3,559,499 1,065,381 421,435 355,356	- - 498 381 381 381	1,986,280 - 8,133,602 3,460,822 567,036 818,896 233,405	\$ 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2,233,108 \$ 8,786,550 3,155,275 926,883 190,362	3,915,658 - 8,200,140 3,463,104 327,906 322,993 233,537	¢,	3,903,520 \$ 7,812,678 3,545,350 302,460 203,274	4,977,272 - 11,323,816 4,228,975 388,033 347,336 210,668	\$ 3,925,704 78,270 10,499,782 4,239,093 26,610 569,064 179,754	\$ 4 (04	4,314,647 \$ 4,31023 10,756,793 4,255,566 19,262 529,458 164,830	4,892,050 69,970 10,746,206 4,319,295 14,724 773,807 160,857	\$ 6,208,285 59,649 11,589,466 4,071,313 2,934 570,906 137,712
Total governmental activities	15,671,848	348	15,200,041	15,(15,646,000	16,463,238		16,114,907	21,476,100	19,518,277		20,083,579	20,976,909	22,640,265
Business-type activities: Utility Parking (2) Recycling (3) Drainage	4,822,600 - 323,867	600 - 367	4,740,281 - 323,817	4,	4,853,802 485,397 - 287,328	5,204,989 490,689 - 254,113		5,562,904 519,558 	5,644,074 528,339 396,419	5,429,082 563,910 3,155,606 352,139		5,099,709 571,632 3,187,561 360,407	5,828,081 599,594 3,226,478 442,512	5,048,984 419,525 3,148,790 280,762
Total business-type activities	5,146,467	467	5,064,098	5,6	5,626,527	5,949,791		6,363,633	6,568,832	9,500,737		9,219,309	10,096,665	8,898,061
Total expenses	\$ 20,818,315	315 \$	20,264,139	\$ 21,2	21,272,527 \$	22,413,029	ار بر	22,478,540 \$	28,044,932	\$ 29,019,014	ب م	29,302,888 \$	31,073,574	\$ 31,538,326
Program Revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government Economic development Public safety Culture and recreation Physical environment Transportation Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	\$	36,166 \$ - 18,414 54,179 54,179 54,179 54,179 54,179 517,958 118,981	46,297 - 2,338,079 323,177 64,64 479,964 343,135 354,340	\$ \$	48,885 \$ - 3,075,931 302,767 66,770 66,770 121,534 366,744	567,966 - 1,962,598 417,043 8,596 161, ³ 30 231,025	به من 10 10	963,752 \$ - 364,035 512,947 7,867 114,401 63,870	654,058 - 2,506,229 522,319 19,102 117,45 864,425	\$ 427,026 96,144 2,867,208 538,183 8,049 8,049 298,361 364,201	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	297,256 \$ 96,041 3,804,387 551,463 7,793 33,523 117,852 347,045	263,790 109,855 4,008,112 610,172 7,709 34,220 772,371 178,146	\$ 238,071 101,896 3,336,244 277,215 7,705 35,178 199,655 747,114
Total governmental activities	3,735,203	203	3,946,491	3,5	3,983,121	3,348,558		4,026,872	4,683,579	4,599,172		5,255,360	5,984,375	4,943,078

93

2019-20	8,293,260 588,555 3,503,485 499,307	12,884,607 17.827,685	(17,697,187) 3,986,546	(13,710,641)		9,049,908 3,507,579 117,046	1,466,222 182,823 2,435,921	ı	,	16,759,499
2018-19	8,360,405 931,458 3,081,132 495,401	12,868,396 18,852,771 \$	(14,992,534) \$ 2,771,731	(12,220,803) \$		8,748,807 \$ 3,528,938 231,260	1,581,997 206,356 1,324,846	ı		15,622,204
2017-18	8,406,967 1,016,807 3,429,113 482,865	13,335,752 18.591.112 \$	(14,828,219) \$ 4,116,443	(10,711,776) \$		8,243,228 \$ 3,017,704 166,103	1,655,660 172,691 1,711,939	ı	-	14,967,325
2016-17	8,992,974 983,436 3,503,750 461,922	13,942,082 18,541,254 \$	(14,919,105) \$ 4,441,345	(10,477,760) \$		7,480,408 \$ 3,093,179 91,835	1,745,682 265,711 1,647,552	(755,599)	591,569	14,160,337
ar 2015-16	8,520,740 831,325 - 433,291	9,785,356 14,468,935 \$	(16,792,521) \$ 3,216,524	(13,575,997) \$		6,994,529 \$ 3,686,020 56,504	1,570,712 316,494 1,475,000	ı		14,099,259
Fiscal Year 2014-15	8,209,883 701,150 413,123	9,324,156 13.351.028 \$	(12,088,035) \$ 2,960,523	(9,127,512) \$		6,504,190 \$ 3,696,224 65,504	1,480,817 880,509 1,482,000	ı		14,109,244
2013-14	7,446,700 645,009 388,822	8,480,531 11.829,089 \$	(13,114,680) \$ 2,530,740	(10,583,940) \$		6,214,184 \$ 3,536,255 14,136	1,423,396 313,572 1,344,433	ı		12,845,976
2012-13	7,507,695 606,800 358,129	8,472,624 12,455,745 \$	(11,662,879) \$ 2,846,097	(8,816,782) \$		5,854,126 \$ 3,429,338 58,042	1,327,199 536,314 848,589	ı		12,053,608
2011-12	7,135,703 - 334,785	7,470,488 11.416,979 \$		(8,847,160) \$		5,734,204 \$ 3,333,873 89,069	1,278,119 234,859 662,122	ı	,	11,332,246
2010-11	6,794,707 - 334,388	7,129,095 10.864.298 \$	(11,936,645) \$ 1,982,628	(9,954,017) \$		5,804,736 \$ 3,455,869 65,047	1,136,362 213,584 684,933	ı		11,360,531
	Business-type activities: Charges for services: Utility Parking (2) Recycling (3) Drainage	Total business-type activities Total program revenues \$	Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	Total net expense \$	General Revenues: Governmental activities: Taxes:	Property taxes \$ Other taxes Investment earnings	Intergovernmental, not restricted Other Transfers	Reassignment of assets and deferred outflows of resources to business-type activities Assumption of liabilities and	deferred inflows of resources by business-type activities	Total governmental activities

City of Wilton Manors, Florida **Changes in Net Position** Last Ten Fiscal Years Accrual Basis (continued) Table 2

						Fisca	Fiscal Year		07 8700		
	2010-11	 	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Business-type activities: Investment earnings	1,(1,667	8,372	8,485	5,393	7,143	14,764	45,797	121,282	218,120	106,966
Other				33,288	13,199	271,233	7,326		20,360		
Transfers	(684,933)	933)	(662,122)	(848,589)	(1,344,433)	(1,482,000)	(1,475,000)	(1,647,552)	(1,711,939)	(1,324,846)	(2,435,921)
Reassignment of assets and deferred outflows of resources to business-type activities Assumption of liabilities and		ī						755,599	·		
deterred inflows of resources by business-type activities		ו 	,	'	'	'	'	(591,569)		'	
Total business-type activities	(683,266)	266)	(653,750)	(806,816)	(1,325,841)	(1,203,624)	(1,452,910)	(1,437,725)	(1,570,297)	(1,106,726)	(2,328,955)
Total primary government	\$ <u>10,677,</u> 2	265 \$	10,678,496	10,677,265 \$ 10,678,496 \$ 11,246,792	\$ 11,520,135	\$ 12,905,620	\$ 12,646,349	\$ 12,722,612	\$ 13,397,028	\$ 14,515,478	\$ 14,430,544
Change in Net Position: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (576,114) 1,299,362	(576,114) \$,299,362	78,696 1,752,640	\$ 390,729 2,039,281	\$ (268,704) 1,204,899	\$ 2,021,209 1,756,899	\$ (2,693,262) 1,763,614	\$ (758,768) 3,003,620	\$ 139,106 2,546,146	\$ 629,670 1,665,005	\$ (937,688) 1,657,591
Total change in net position	\$ 723,	723,248 \$	1,831,336 \$	\$ 2,430,010	\$ 936,195	\$ 3,778,108	\$ (929,648)	\$ 2,244,852	\$ 2,685,252	\$ 2,294,675	\$ 719,903
(1) Starting in Fiscal Year 2013-2014, the Community Development Services Department was presented as part of general government function. This department was reported under the	1, the Communii	ty Develop	ment Services Do	epartment was pr	esented as part of g	eneral government .	function. This depa	rtment was reported	d under the		

Public Safety function in prior years. (2) In Fiscal Year 2012-13, the City started accounting for its parking program's transactions as a separate fund. (3) Starting in Fiscal Year 2016-2017, the Recycling Fund was presented as part of business-type activities. This fund was reported under the governmental activities in prior years.

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Table 3 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years Modified Accrual Basis

										Fiscal Year	Year									
		2010-11		2011-12	50	2012-13	201	2013-14	5	2014-15	50	2015-16	20	2016-17	50	2017-18	20	2018-19	201	2019-20
General Fund: Reserved	÷.	,	-0-	,	÷.	1		,	Ś	ı	÷	,	Ś	,	÷	-01		ب		,
Unreserved	ŀ	1	F	ı	ŀ	I	+	ī	F	ī	÷	ı	F	ī	+			•		ı
Nonspendable		130,156		171,348		55,986	Ч	148,853		165,564		138,623		115,174		221,050		289,005		75,615
Restricted		270,338		426,334		334,587	ŝ	356,472		334,692		307,223		322,402		443,090		512,330	10)	561,026
Committed		654,692		621,358		369,431		47,499		T				85,014		238,729		264,397		1
Assigned		1		I	-	1,407,233	1,3	1,367,463	Н	,391,918	1,	1,257,548		510,070		574,330		183,000	10)	599,531
Unassigned		2,878,929		3,201,898	2	2,949,403	2,8	2,893,169	2	2,862,742	2,	2,521,160	2,	2,972,791	5	2,985,801	2,	2,897,028	2,5	2,930,464
Total general fund	ۍ ک	3,934,115	ۍ ا	\$ 4,420,938 \$		5,116,640	\$ 4,8	4,813,456	Ş 4	4,754,916	\$ 4,	4,224,554	\$ 4,	4,005,451	Ş 4	4,463,000 \$	4,	4,145,760 \$	4,1	4,166,636
All Other Governmental Funds: Nonspendable	ŝ	15,715	Ŷ	15,207	Ś	12,323	Ŷ	15,700	Ś	6,297	Ś	8,727	Ś	11,100	Ŷ	14,571 \$		12,284 Ş		7,833
Restricted		395,313		1,448,741	-	1,250,991	S	509,566	Ч	,763,990		701,681		783,076	H	,002,868		974,544	1,0	,015,730
Committed		100,994		9,143		ı		ı		ı				81,787		20,000		46,500		
Assigned		557,897		102,855										1				ı	1,2	1,249,206
Unassigned	1	(264,034)		(154,465)		(157,568)	(1	(175,599)		(134,623)		(552,294)		(85,265)		(52,292)		(25,847)	E	(363,378)
Total all other governmental funds	پ ج	805,885	ۍ 	805,885 \$ 1,421,481 \$ 1,105,746	Ş 1		\$ S	349,667	Ş 1	1,635,664	\$	158,114	Ś	790,698	Ş	985,147 \$	1	1,007,481 \$	1,9	1,909,391

	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	Fiscal Year 2014-15	ear 2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Revenues:										
Dronerty taxes	\$ 5 804 736	\$ 5 734 204	\$ 5,854,126	¢ 6.214.184 5	\$ 6.504.190 \$	¢ 6.994.579	\$ 7 480 408	\$ 8,243,228	\$ 8 748 807	\$ 9.049.908
Erandico taxes			1 7 5 6 2 1	1 202 700	1 275 740		002 07 0			
l Hility service taxes	1 978 897	1 975 494	2 077 615	2 110 460	2 115 067	2 088 447	2 1 1 5 4 4 1	7 090 420	2 079 275	2 073 432
	1 788 577	1 978 346	1 815 476	1 783 353	1 765 846	1 890 114	768 895	2,003,154	2 532 514	2 412 991
Sherial assessments	1 420 365	1 281 432	1 406 168	1 509 399	1 677 225	1 976 996	2,200,000	2,323,131	2 333 350	2 384 760
Charges for services	877 895	889 859	515 908	541 298	630 940	649 399	698 169	659 961	658 871	441 242
licenses and permits	574.219	663.898	663.433	613.477	1.258.397	539.356	710.844	997.554	1.119.356	888.418
Fines and forfeitures (1)	512,666	586,660	1,026,213	363,676	593,871	483,639	432,975	626,126	719,235	212,439
Other	278,631	299,219	571,347	410,456	782,840	822,475	512,481	663,728	839,059	643,866
Total revenues	14,410,802	14,616,615	15,188,917	14,850,101	16,654,116	16,697,660	17,886,462	18,510,746	20,281,733	19,266,656
Expenditures:										
General government	1.603.626	1.656.255	1.933.165	2.990.784	3,164.475	3.531.503	3.370.493	3.769.098	4.266.986	5.291.739
Economic development							78.270	43.023	026.970	59.649
Public safety	8.005.903	7.921.223	8.519.198	7.848.658	8.391.065	9.060.223	9.810.544	9.971.742	9.816.536	9.885.116
Culture and recreation	2.610.015	2.549.042	2.520.254	2.791.604	3,116,285	3,273,590	3.431.939	3.492.475	3.574.564	3.084.788
Physical environment	616,455	331,363	306,282	308,600	320,254	343,661	5,928	10,036	3,646	2,934
Transportation	412,467	748,556	365,425	255,378	247,772	234,327	284,650	244,012	489,196	263,083
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	524,843	551,347	540,426	554,183	559,472	630,934	548,010	564,747	581,966	73,000
Interest	314,980	323,337	238,143	219,220	228,763	210,963	183,700	168,874	164,621	150,930
Debt issuance cost	. '	. '		. '	. '	. '		. '	. '	37,600
Capital outlay	499,511	1,240,945	862,253	1,503,402	2,406,741	2,895,371	1,291,766	1,306,680	2,934,000	1,656,172
Totol overcedit: 1000	11 507 000	15 277 060	15 205 1 46	000 121 31	700 V CV 01	JO 100 E77	10 005 200	10 570 607	31 001 AGE	20 E0E 011
l otal expenditures	UU0, 100, 14, 200	000(22C,C1	04T'CO7'CT	т0,47 1,023	10,404,01	7/C'NOT'N7	NUC, CUU, EL	100'01C'ET	C04/T02/T7	TTD'CDC'DZ
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over										
expenditures	(176,998)	(705,453)	(96,229)	(1,621,728)	(1,780,711)	(3,482,912)	(1, 118, 838)	(1,059,941)	(1,619,752)	(1,238,355)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Debt issuance		1,115,250			744,200					
Refunding debt issued		1,477,298		I	I		ı	I		2,993,370
Payment to refunded debt		11 116 708								(036 07C C)
Transfers in	1.169.406	1.166.450	1.922.909	1.760.213	2.355.390	1.915.780	1.912.014	1.896.580	1.429.666	4 067 072
Transfers out	(484,473)	(504,328)	(1,446,713)	(415,780)	(873,390)	(440,780)	(264,462)	(184, 641)	(104,820)	(1,631,151)
Reassignment of total assets										
to business-type activities					·		(568,036)			
Assumption of total liabilities by business-type activities							452,803			
Total other financing sources (uses)	684,933	1,807,872	476,196	1,344,433	2,226,200	1,475,000	1,532,319	1,711,939	1,324,846	2,161,141
Net change in fund balances	\$ 507,935	\$ 1,102,419	\$ 379,967	\$ (277,295)	\$ 445,489 \$	\$ (2,007,912)	\$ 413,481	\$ 651,998	\$ (294,906)	\$ 922,786
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	5.96%	6.21%	5.40%	5.17%	4.79%	4.87%	4.13%	4.02%	3.94%	1.19%
(1) In FY2012-13. the City settled and collected fines on long outstanding code enforcement fine	and collected fines o	n long outstanding (code enforcement fii	les.						

(1) In FV2012-13, the City settled and collected fines on long outstanding code enforcement fines.

97

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Table 5 Net Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Number of	Parcels	of Real	Property	5,497	5,495	5,502	5,502	5,520	5,551	5,544	5,553	5,554	5,560
Total	Assessed	Assessed	Value as a	Percentage	of Market	Value	71.3%	69.6%	70.0%	67.2%	64.5%	65.1%	64.7%	64.9%	65.0%	68.1%
			Estimated	Actual	Market	Value	1,245,928,377	1,225,873,235	1,252,956,727	1,387,542,918	1,581,437,951	1,681,355,489	1,830,067,054	2,030,659,813	2,171,367,428	2,224,206,550
						I	Ŷ	Ŷ	ŝ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	ŝ	Ŷ
					City Direct	Tax Rate	6.8483	6.9994	6.9605	6.9319	6.7225	6.6764	6.5547	6.4854	6.4298	6.2536
	Change	% Cildinge	in Total	Taxable	Assessed	Value	-14.6%	-3.9%	2.8%	6.2%	9.4%	7.3%	8.2%	11.4%	7.1%	7.2%
			Total	Taxable	Assessed	Value	888,120,558	853,444,447	877,177,625	931,961,518	1,019,730,798	1,094,024,008	1,184,034,874	1,318,634,401	1,411,615,750	1,513,862,086
						I	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ
					Less: Tax	Exemptions	357,807,819	372,428,788	375,779,102	455,581,400	561,707,153	587,331,481	646,032,180	712,025,412	759,751,678	743,576,580
							Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ
					Personal	Property	25,488,738	33,977,791	27,497,377	30,930,117	40,890,778	37,420,912	36,752,009	38,074,066	39,414,049	33,232,116
							Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	ŝ	Ŷ
				Other	Real	Property	114,187,900	108,185,404	105,385,600	107,501,341	111,172,493	109,902,987	110,748,195	111,555,467	111,590,029	114,530,580
							Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ
						Industrial	13,832,980	14,687,580	12,841,870	12,526,660	12,470,750	13,337,700	14,196,790	15,622,820	16,698,340	17,570,960
							Ŷ	Ŷ	ŝ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	ŝ	Ŷ
						Commercial	172,623,160	158,535,020	163,394,570	161,950,250	168,458,690	174,215,430	196,934,710	212,665,570	216,041,880	229,827,180
						I	Ŷ	Ş	Ş	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ş	Ŷ
						Residential	919,795,599	910,487,440	943,837,310	1,074,634,550	1,248,445,240	1,346,478,460	1,471,435,350	1,652,741,890	1,787,623,130	1,862,277,830
						I	Ŷ	Ş	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ
				City's	Fiscal	Year	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
				Тах	Roll	Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser and Florida Department of Revenue: Property Valuation and Tax Data Book.

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Table 6 Property Tax Millage Rates* Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Total	Millage	Kate	23.0354	22.7951	22.7795	22.8240	22.3843	21.9912	21.3271	20.7723	20.4010	20.4940
		North	Broward	Hospital	DISTRICT	1.8750	1.8750	1.8564	1.7554	1.5939	1.4425	1.3462	1.2483	1.0855	1.0324
		Broward	Children's	Services	Council	0.4696	0.4789	0.4902	0.4882	0.4882	0.4882	0.4882	0.4882	0.4882	0.4882
g Rates**		Florida	Inland	Navigation	DISTRICT	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0320	0.0320	0.0320	0.0320	0.0320
Overlapping Rates**	South	Florida	Water	Management	DISTRICT	0.6240	0.4363	0.4289	0.4110	0.3842	0.3551	0.3307	0.3100	0.2936	0.2795
			Broward	County	SCHOOIS	7.6310	7.4180	7.4560	7.4800	7.4380	7.2740	6.9063	6.5394	6.4029	6.7393
				Broward	county	5.5530	5.5530	5.5530	5.7230	5.7230	5.7230	5.6690	5.6690	5.6690	5.6690
				Total	CITY	6.8483	6.9994	6.9605	6.9319	6.7225	6.6764	6.5547	6.4854	6.4298	6.2536
		ors		Debt	Service	0.7628	0.7926	0.7537	0.7153	0.6542	0.6081	0.5647	0.5017	0.4711	0.2949
		City of Wilton Manors			Operating	6.0855	6.2068	6.2068	6.2166	6.0683	6.0683	5.9900	5.9837	5.9587	5.9587
		City		Fiscal	Year	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
			Тах	Roll	rear	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

For example, tax on property with a taxable value of \$ 100,000 taxed at 2.0000 mills would be \$ 200. Millage rates are used to calculate property taxes on each \$ 1,000 of taxable property.

* State law requires all counties to assess at 100% valuation and limits millage for operating purposes to ten mills. ** Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City.

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser.

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Table 7 Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Year 2019-20			Fiscal Year 2010-11	
	Taxable		Percent of Total Taxable	Taxable		Percent of Total Taxable
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Valuation	Value	Rank	Valuation
Ascend Wilton Twenty Fourth	\$ 37,500,000	1	2.5% \$	I	I	I
LG Wilton Park LLC	29,260,310	2	1.9%	17,389,980	2	2.0%
2262 Wilton Drive Owner LLC	17,999,400	Ω	1.2%	,		ı
RKOF - Wilton Tower LLC	17,791,190	4	1.2%	12,959,590	4	1.5%
Marrinson Group Inc	16,477,440	ß	1.1%	19,843,950	1	2.2%
2701 North Andrews Property	13,402,510	9	0.9%	ı	ı	ı
Real Sub LLC	9,139,890	7	0.6%			
Tamuz-Camelot 2625 LLC	6,629,080	8	0.4%			
Carol S Williams Trust	6,604,130	6	0.4%	7,724,800	7	0.9%
Battiata, Shirley	5,853,660	10	0.4%	I	ı	ı
Carol Williams Trust		I	ı	ı	I	ı
High Acres TIC LLC	ı	I	ı	13,988,730	c	1.6%
Wilton Station LLC		I	ı	8,140,200	5	0.9%
2727 Palm Gardens LLC		·		7,710,920	∞	0.9%
CAR Five Corners Plaza	ı	I	ı	7,836,400	9	0.9%
2675 N Andrews Ave LLC				4,967,970	6	0.6%
Moss Office Building LLC		ı		4,095,880	10	0.5%
	\$ 160,657,610		10.6% \$	104,658,420		11.8%
Total City taxable assessed value	\$ 1,513,862,086		\$	888,120,558		

Source: Property Appraiser, Broward County, Florida.

100

		Property		Collecte Fiscal Yea	 	(Collections in		Total Collect	tions to Date
Fiscal Year	. <u>-</u>	Tax Levy	-	Amount	 Percent of Levy	9	Subsequent Years	_	Amount	Percent of Levy
2010-11	\$	5,404,658	\$	5,139,150	95.1%	\$	4,287	\$	5,143,437	95.2%
2011-12	\$	5,297,159	\$	5,091,549	96.1%	\$	(31,098)	\$	5,060,451	95.5%
2012-13	\$	5,438,412	\$	5,084,776	93.5%	\$	119,991	\$	5,204,767	95.7%
2013-14	\$	5,793,632	\$	5,443,308	94.0%	\$	111,276	\$	5,554,584	95.9%
2014-15	\$	6,188,032	\$	5,786,223	93.5%	\$	140,463	\$	5,926,686	95.8%
2015-16	\$	6,638,866	\$	6,238,480	94.0%	\$	117,956	\$	6,356,436	95.7%
2016-17	\$	7,113,394	\$	6,727,380	94.6%	\$	153,672	\$	6,881,052	96.7%
2017-18	\$	7,982,891	\$	7,451,863	93.3%	\$	2,559	\$	7,454,422	93.4%
2018-19	\$	8,444,403	\$	8,105,199	96.0%	\$	(2,615)	\$	8,102,584	96.0%
2019-20	\$	9,020,650	\$	8,625,847	95.6%	\$	-	\$	8,625,847	95.6%

Sources: Broward County Property Appraiser and Broward County Tax Collector

Note: Since Florida Statutes allow for up to a 4% early payment discount on as valorem taxes, the City of Wilton Manors has a policy of budgeting only 96% of the Property Tax Levy as revenue in the General Fund.

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Table 9 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Gov	rernn	Governmental Activities	ties							Busin	ess-Ty	Business-Type Activities	ities						
													2007 Water	iter									
	2008 City Hall	1999 Parks	ks	2011 Parks		2015	2020 Genera	eral					and Sewer	/er	2011	2011 Utility							
	General	General	_	General	2	Mickel Park	Obligation	uc					Revenue	Je	and	and Parking				Total	Percentage		
Fiscal	Obligation	Obligation	Ľ	Obligation	Ľ	Improvement	Refunding	gu	Note	te E	Cap	Capital	Refunding	ng	Sy	System	0	Capital	٦	Primary	of Personal		Per
Year	Note	Bonds	I	Note	٩	Project Note	Note		Payable	ble	Le	Lease	Bonds	٢	Reven	Revenue Note		Lease	go	Government	Income (1)	Ga	Capita (2)
2010-11	\$ 5,395,840	\$ 1,527,993	Ş	1	ŝ	1	10-		\$ 500,000	000	\$ 52,	52,789	\$ 6,550,648	48	ŝ		\$ 1	121,742	\$ 14,	14,149,012	0.019%	ŝ	1,216
2011-12	\$ 5,162,610	ŗ	ŝ	3 1,385,946	ŝ	1	10-	ı	\$ 400,000	000	\$ 40,	40,634	\$ 5,535,919	19	\$ 2,2.	,230,500	ŝ	88,298	\$ 14,	14,843,907	0.020%	ŝ	1,264
2012-13	\$ 4,920,710	÷	ŝ	\$ 1,200,313	ŝ	1	10-		\$ 300,000	000	\$ 27,	27,742	\$ 4,482,514	14	\$ 2,1.	,127,451	Ŷ	53,799	\$ 13,	13,112,529	0.017%	ŝ	1,104
2013-14	\$ 4,669,810	ŗ	ŝ	3 1,010,705	ŝ	1	10-		\$ 200,000	000	\$ 14,	14,066	\$ 3,424,100	00	\$ 1,9	,993,330	ŝ	18,212	\$ 11,	11,330,223	0.014%	Ŷ	939
2014-15	\$ 4,409,570	ŗ	ŝ	\$ 817,037	ŝ	744,200	10-		\$ 100,000	000	Ş		\$ 2,325,230	30	\$ 1,8.	,855,807	Ş		\$ 10,	0,251,844	0.012%	Ŷ	843
2015-16	\$ 4,139,650	ŗ	ŝ	619,223	ŝ	681,000	10-		Ŷ		Ş		\$ 1,184,357	57	\$ 1,7	.714,798	ŝ	·	\$ 8,	8,339,028	0.009%	Ŷ	669
2016-17	\$ 3,859,690	÷	ŝ	\$ 417,173	ŝ	615,000	10-		Ŷ		Ş		۔ ج		\$ 1,5	.,570,213	Ŷ	·	\$ 6,	6,462,076	0.007%	Ŷ	510
2017-18	\$ 3,569,320	ŗ	ŝ	\$ 210,796	ŝ	547,000	10-		Ŷ		Ŷ		ې خ		\$ 1,4.	.,421,961	Ŷ	·	ς Σ	5,749,077	0.006%	Ŷ	450
2018-19	\$ 3,268,150	÷	ŝ	1	ŝ	477,000	10-		Ŷ		Ŷ		ج		\$ 1,2	,269,950	Ŷ	ı	ς 5,	5,015,100	0.005%	Ŷ	393
2019-20	\$	ې ک	Ŷ	1	ŝ	404,000	\$ 2,993,370	370	Ŷ		Ş		ۍ ۲		\$ 1,1	,114,084	Ŷ	ı	\$ 4,	4,511,454	0.004%	Ş	351

(1) Personal Income Data is not available for Wilton Manors. The data used is for Broward County. Source: US Bureau of Economic Analysis. Population Data is from the University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business Research, and the Florida Department of Revenue.

(2) See Table 14 for personal income and population data.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Fiscal Year	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	 General Obligation Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Population	Per Capita
2010-11	\$ 888,120,558	\$ 6,923,833	0.78%	11,632	595
2011-12	\$ 853,444,447	\$ 6,548,556	0.77%	11,743	558
2012-13	\$ 877,177,625	\$ 6,121,023	0.70%	11,878	515
2013-14	\$ 931,961,518	\$ 5,680,515	0.61%	12,071	471
2014-15	\$ 1,019,730,798	\$ 5,226,607	0.51%	12,160	430
2015-16	\$ 1,094,024,008	\$ 4,758,873	0.43%	12,466	382
2016-17	\$ 1,184,034,874	\$ 4,276,863	0.36%	12,662	338
2017-18	\$ 1,318,634,401	\$ 3,780,116	0.29%	12,773	296
2018-19	\$ 1,411,615,750	\$ 3,268,150	0.23%	12,773	256
2019-20	\$ 1,513,862,086	\$ 2,993,370	0.20%	12,857	234

Direct Debt		Outstanding Debt (1)	Estimated Percent Applicable (2)	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Direct Debt	\$	3,397,370	100%	\$ 3,397,370
Overlapping Debt: Broward County School Board of Broward County	-	134,458,000 1,873,985,000	0.75% 0.70%	1,008,435 13,117,895
Total Overlapping Debt	\$	2,008,443,000		\$ 14,126,330
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt (2)	\$_	2,011,840,370		\$ 17,523,700

Sources: Broward County Property Appraiser, Broward County Accounting Division, and School Board of Broward County.

- (1) Includes all governmental activities debt.
- (2) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using total population. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of Broward County's population that is within the City of Wilton Manors' boundaries and dividing it by Broward County's total population.

There is no legal debt margin established either by City /charter or by Florida Statutes. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Fiscal Year	-	Utility Service Charges	-	Less: Operating Expenses**	Net Available Revenue	-	Principal (1)	-	Interest (1)	_	Coverage (1)
2010-11	\$	6,671,550	\$	3,864,803	\$ 2,806,747	\$	977,371	\$	261,370	\$	2.27
2011-12	\$	7,087,433	\$	3,837,977	\$ 3,249,456	\$	1,014,729	\$	231,629	\$	2.61
2012-13	\$	7,368,825	\$	3,946,201	\$ 3,422,624	\$	1,053,406	\$	191,526	\$	2.75
2013-14	\$	7,382,000	\$	4,338,565	\$ 3,043,435	\$	1,058,413	\$	151,165	\$	2.52
2014-15	\$	8,169,570	\$	4,704,523	\$ 3,465,047	\$	1,098,870	\$	111,534	\$	2.86
2015-16	\$	8,438,856	\$	4,821,873	\$ 3,616,983	\$	1,140,873	\$	63,711	\$	3.00
2016-17	\$	8,861,678	\$	4,610,294	\$ 4,251,384	\$	1,184,357	\$	22,697	\$	3.52
2017-18	\$	8,290,247	\$	4,320,164	\$ 3,970,083	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2018-19	\$	8,187,024	\$	4,989,831	\$ 3,197,193	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2019-20	\$	8,293,260	\$	4,224,224	\$ 4,069,036	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

* Pledged revenues consist of essentially all revenues of the Utility Fund.

** Total Operating Expenses less depreciation, amortization and interest expenses.

(1) The bonds associated with this pledged revenue were fully paid during the 2016-17 year.

Fiscal Year	Wilton Manors Population (1)	Broward County Population (1)	Broward County Total Personal Income (2) (in Thousands)	_	County Per Capita Personal Income (2)	County Unemployment Rate (3)
2010-11	11,632	1,780,172	\$ 74,604,276	\$	41,908	9.0%
2011-12	11,743	1,771,099	\$ 75,805,807	\$	42,802	7.3%
2012-13	11,878	1,784,715	\$ 75,421,141	\$	42,259	5.9%
2013-14	12,071	1,803,903	\$ 80,462,283	\$	44,605	5.2%
2014-15	12,160	1,827,367	\$ 87,014,524	\$	47,617	4.9%
2015-16	12,466	1,854,513	\$ 89,572,271	\$	48,300	4.4%
2016-17	12,662	1,873,970	\$ 94,239,376	\$	48,680	3.3%
2017-18	12,773	1,890,416	\$ 92,810,970	\$	47,977	2.8%
2018-19	12,773	1,951,260	\$ 98,087,689	\$	50,269	3.3%
2019-20	12,857	1,952,778	\$ 102,145,579	\$	52,308	6.6%

Sources: (1) Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida.

(2) Bureau of Economic Analysis, U. S. Department of Commerce.

(3) Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

Reliable information is not available on City of Wilton Manors employers. However, the following employers are believed to be the City's principal employers. (Listed in alphabetical order).

City of Wilton Manors CSL Plasma Kids in Distress Marrinson Group Moss Construction Pace Center for Girls Publix Supermarkets School Board of Broward County Somerset Charter School Wilton Manors Rehabilitation Center/Palm Court Date of Incorporation: September, 1947

Date of Adoption of City Charter: June 4, 1953

Form of City Government: City Commission/ Manager

City Commission: Consists of Mayor and Four Commissioners Elected At-Large

Area:	
Square Miles	2.7
Miles of streets	47
Miles of waterways	13.7
Miles of sidewalks	9.4
Police Department:	
Stations	1
Sworn officers	34
Non-Sworn officers	16
Water & Sewer Utilities:	
Active accounts - Water	4,231
Active accounts - Sewer	4,149
Recreation & open space (approximately 66 acres):	
Andrews Avenue Extension Pocket Park	
Apachee Pass Park	
Colohatchee Park and Boat Ramp Coral Gardens Park	
Donn Eisele Park	
Hagen Park	
Island City Park Preserve	
Jaycee Park	
M. E. DePalma Park	
Mickel Field	
NE 15th Avenue Extension Pocket Park	
Rachel Richardson Park	
Richardson Historical Park	
Snook Creek Park and Boat Ramp	
Veteran's Park	
Waterways	
Wilton Manors Elementary School	
Woman's Club	

Source: Various City Departments.

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Table 17 Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

C77CT 0/7CT 0/7CT 077CT C70CT 04007T C70CT C70CT 100/1T 740CT

Sources: Human Resources Department.

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Table 18 Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
General Government: Local business tax licenses issued (occupational licenses) Building permits issued	898 1,213	877 1,232	924 1,425	1,044 1,645	1,505 1,505	1,143 2,364	1,041 2,701	910 2,640	889 1,490	923 2,536
Public Safety: Physical arrests Traffic violations Parking violations	371 5,155 10,504	555 4,730 9,184	726 3,875 8,033	695 4,033 6,960	731 5,816 6,199	587 6,066 4,872	626 6,406 6,468	760 7,100 7,646	612 6,012 6,736	273 1,839 4,022
Fire/EMS emergency responses Fire inspections	2,352 1,832	2,333 2,124	2,322 1,638	2,322 1,517	2,777 1,528	3,074 1,725	2,874 1,541	2,752 1,612	2,607 1,541	2,536 796
Physical Environment: New water connections Water main breaks Average daily water	ω σ	ப	Q 4	8 Q	м 7	3 19	16 24	17 36	12 41	11 24
consumption* Average daily sewage treatment*	1,361 1,509	1,371 1,447	1,358 1,680	1,392 1,957	1,433 1,674	1,432 1,437	1,391 1,080	1,132 1,172	1,332 1,184	1,315 1,452
Culture and Recreation: Athletic programs Volumes in library collection Total volumes borrowed	4 38,648 51,230	- 40,041 54,591	- 39,739 56,622	- 41,167 53,939	- 41,015 49,375	- 36,927 43,429	- 44,669 40,148	- 43,178 36,384	- 47,092 35,032	- 47,776 20,646

* Thousands of Gallons.

Sources: Various City Departments.

111

City of Wilton Manors, Florida	ble 19	Capital Assets Statistic by Function/Program	Last Ten Fiscal Years
City of Wilton	Table 19	Capital Assets	Last Ten Fisca

Function/Program	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018 -19	2019 -20
Public Safety: Police stations Police patrol units Fire stations Fire hydrants	1 25 1 268	1 25 1268	1 27 1 268	1 27 268	1 27 268	1 34 268	1 34 268	1 34 268	1 34 268	1 34 268
Physical Environment: Miles of sanitary sewers Miles of storm sewers Wastewater lift stations Acres of lakes and canals	35.7 3.8 12 14	35.7 3.8 12 29.7	35.7 3.8 12 29.7	35.7 3.8 12 29.7	35.7 3.8 12 29.7	35.7 3.8 12 29.7	35.7 3.8 12 29.7	35.7 3.8 12 29.7	35.7 3.8 12 29.7	35.7 3.8 12 29.7
Culture and Recreation: Parks acreage Parks/schools Playgrounds Baseball/softball diamonds Soccer/football fields Basketball courts Volleyball courts Wulti-use fields Tennis courts Boat ramps Canoe launch sites Shelters/pavilions Fitness center Community multipurpose centers	66 16 10 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	66 67 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	66 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	66. 151 12 2 2 2 2 2 4 1 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 1 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 1 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 1 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	66 15 12 2 2 2 2 2 4 1 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 1 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 1 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	66.0 151 18 2 0 2 2 2 2 2 4 1 18 2 2 6 2 2 2 2 2 4 1 18 2 2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	66.0 15 18 2 2 2 3 0 2 4 4 18 2 6 2 2 3 0 2 4 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8	66.5 15 1 1 8 2 1 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	66.01 15 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	66 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15

Sources: Various City Departments.

COMPLIANCE SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Vice Mayor, City Commissioners and City Manager City of Wilton Manors, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wilton Manors, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Pension Trust Funds, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida April 22, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Vice Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Wilton Manors, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Wilton Manors, Florida, (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

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BEST PLACES TO WORK

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida April 22, 2021

City of Wilton Manors, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2020	Federal Agency/

Transfers to Subrecipients	۰ ب		T	1	
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Expenditures	2,172	74,770	649,634	86,147	812,723
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Contract/Grant Number	N/A	CDBG 44th Year	438122-1-58-01	Z0467	
CFDA Number	16.607	14.218	20.205	97.036	
Federal Agency/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Awards: Direct Programs: United States Department of Justice - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	Indirect Programs: United States Department of Housing and Urban Development - Passed through Broward County, Environmental Protection and Growth Management, Housing Finance and Community Development Division Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants	United States Department of Transportation - Passed through the State of Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction	United States Department of Homeland Security - Passed through State of Florida Department of Emergency Management Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the City for the year ended September 30, 2020. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards,* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net position, or cash flows of the City.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, as well as other applicable provisions of contracts and grant agreements, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The City elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4 - Contingency

The grant and contract revenue amounts received are subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditures or expenses are disallowed by the grantor agencies as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor/contract agencies would become a liability of the City. In the opinion of management, all grant and contract expenditures are in compliance with the terms of the agreements and applicable Federal and state laws and other applicable regulations.

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor	's report issued:	Unmodified	Opinion	
Internal control	over financial reporting:			
Material weal	<pre>kness(es) identified?</pre>	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Significant de	ficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X_none reported	
Noncomplian	ce material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Federal Awards	<u>i</u>			
Internal control	over major federal programs:			
Material weal	<pre>kness(es) identified?</pre>	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Significant de	t deficiency(ies) identified?yesX_none re			
Type of auditor major federal p	's report issued on compliance for programs:	Unmodified Opinion		
•	lings disclosed that are required d in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Identification o	f major federal program:			
<u>CFDA No.</u>	Federal Program or Cluster			
20.205	US Department of Transportation -Highway Planning and Construction			
Dollar threshold and Type B pro	d used to distinguish between Type A grams:	\$ 750,000		
Auditee quialifi	ed as low-risk auditee?	yes	<u>X</u> no	
SECTION II - FIN	IANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS			
None Reported				
SECTION III - FE	DERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTION	IED COSTS		
None Reported				
SECTION IV - PF	RIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS			

None Reported.



MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Honorable Vice Mayor, City Commissioners and City Manager City of Wilton Manors, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Wilton Manors, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards,* AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports which are dated April 22, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City of Wilton Manors was established as authorized by Chapter 29609, Laws of Florida, 1953. The City operates under a Commission/City Manager form of government. The City is financially independent as evidenced by the authority to make and approve its own budget, the power to tax, the authority to buy and sell property, and the authority to incur debt. The City included the following blended component unit: The Wilton Drive Improvement District, which was established by Ordinance No. 2014-0011 in December 2014. The City has one potential component unit that was not included in the financial statements due to the insignificance to the primary government.

 KMCcpa.com
 6550 N Federal Hwy, 4th Floor, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33308
 Phone: 954.771.0896
 Fax: 954.938.9353

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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the City Commissioners and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida April 22, 2021



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S EXAMINATION REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415. FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Vice Mayor, City Commissioners and City Manager City of Wilton Manors, Florida

We have examined the City of Wilton Manors, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, for the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with the specific requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specific requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance with those requirements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Commissioners, management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida April 22, 2021



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