

W FLORIDA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE

FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2021

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA

Prepared by: Marge Strausbaugh

Finance Director

Donna Morse Deputy Finance Director This page intentionally left blank

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA

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INTRODUCTION



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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Belleview Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





CITY OF BELLEVIEV 5343 S.E. Abshier Boulevard - Belleview, Florida 34420 Telephone: (352) 245-7021 - Fax: (352) 245-6532 "City With Small Town Charm"

February 9, 2022

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners Citizens of the City of Belleview

It is a pleasure to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Belleview, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish a complete set of audited financial statements within nine months of the close of each fiscal year. This report fulfills the requirements set forth in the Florida Statutes Chapter 166.241(4) and the Rules of the Florida Auditor General, Chapter 10.550.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the City of Belleview has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse. It is additionally designed to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Belleview's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the government's financial activities have been included.

Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Belleview's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of our belief and knowledge, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of the operation of the City of Belleview.

Financial Statement Presentation:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical and Compliance. The Introductory Section contains the Table of Contents, this transmittal letter, the City's organization chart and a list of principle officials.

The *Financial Section* includes the Independent Certified Public Accountants Report on the City's Basic Financial Statement, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), Basic Financial Statements, Notes to Financial Statements, and the Required Supplementary Information. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. It also provides "financial highlights" and interprets the financial reports by analyzing trends and explaining changes, fluctuations and variances in the financial data. In addition, the MD&A is intended to disclose any known significant events or

MAYOR: Christine K. Dobkowski COMMISSIONERS: Michael J. Goldman · Gary W. Ernst · Ronald T. Livsey· Robert "Bo" Smith decisions that affect the financial condition of the City. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Both of these items are written to aid Belleview Citizens in understanding what the financial information included in the ACFR document means, what changes have occurred during the fiscal year and why they have changed from the previous fiscal year.

The Notes to Financial Statements in this section are necessary to understand the statements. The notes include a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other necessary disclosures relating to the financial position of the City.

The *Statistical Section* includes selected unaudited financial and demographic information designed to enhance the reader's understanding of the City's past and its future potential.

The *Compliance Section* includes information and reports not included in the previous sections. These include the external auditor's report on Internal Controls, Management Letter and grant information as required by the Comptroller General of the United States, Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General* and Uniform Guidance contained in the *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations*, as applicable.

Profile of Belleview:

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates. Belleview is located in south Marion County, approximately half-way between the City of Ocala to the north and The Villages to the south. One of five municipalities, Belleview is the second largest city in Marion County. The population and area of Belleview have grown at a slow and steady pace. The April 1, 2021 Bureau of Economic and Business Research estimates cite the population at 5,586 residents and the most recent annexations show the area of the incorporated City limits has grown to 5.78 square miles.

Founded in the spring of 1884, Belleview was officially incorporated May 4, 1885, by a special act of the legislature. Sixty-three of the 350 citizens elected the first Mayor. Belleview, which means "beautiful view", was named for Belle, the daughter of John P. Pelot, who owned most of the land on which the city was founded. The streets, which were lined with beautiful oak trees, led to the City also being known as the "the City of Oaks". Belleview has been able to maintain the ambience that creates our "City with Small Town Charm" coupled with the innovation required to operate a growing and progressive community.

The City is governed by a Commission form of government. The City Commission is comprised of a Mayor/Commissioner and four Commissioners. The Mayor/Commissioner is recognized as one of three executive officers of the City. The Mayor/Commissioner presides at all meetings of the City Commission, has the power to organize the Commission, subject to Commission approval, and performs such other duties consistent with the office. The Mayor/Commissioner may use the title in the execution of legal instruments and shall be recognized as the official head of the City by the courts for the purpose of serving civil processes; by the government in the exercise of military law; and for all ceremonial purposes. The Mayor/Commissioner does not have veto power, but does vote last in all votes of the Commission, thus being a potential tie-breaker.

The Commission is vested with all legislative powers including the power to pass ordinances – including zoning, adopt resolutions and approve contracts and the annual budget. The Commission also sets policies and oversees the general operations of the City. Each Commissioner may be assigned specific duties pertaining to each department of the City and if so be apprised of all matters affecting the department. The Commission currently meets the first and third Tuesday of each month, with workshops and special meetings scheduled as needed.

City elections are held only on even numbered years coinciding with the county, state and federal elections. This not only significantly decreases election costs, but also has the effect of higher voter turnout. The citizens elect the Mayor and Commissioners to a four-year term. Candidates must declare if they are running for the Mayor's seat or a specifically numbered Commission seat.

The Charter has designated the Mayor, the City Administrator and the City Clerk as the Executive Officers of the City. The City Administrator, who is also the Administrative Head of the City, reports directly to the City Commission, while the City Clerk reports to the City Administrator. The Police Chief, also a Charter employee, is under the direction of the Mayor/Commissioner.

There are currently a total of five departments under the direction of designated Department Heads, including the Police Department, Information Technology, Public Works, Finance, and Development Services. These five departments, in addition to the Administrator's Office, provide a full range of general governmental services including police protection and investigation, financial and customer services, roads and streets, drainage, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, development review and permitting, licensing, code enforcement, and promotional events. All of the departments coordinate through the City Administrator.

Fire protection is provided through an interlocal agreement with Marion County with the residents paying the county assessment. Solid waste collection and building permitting are privatized, with individual contractual agreements. There is also a City-owned cemetery and mausoleum.

The City operates a water and sewer utility. Services are provided to not only those residences and businesses inside the City limits, but also to those within the 27 square mile area service area in south Marion County. The water and sewer utility includes potable water, wastewater collection and treatment, and reclaimed water production and distribution.

In addition to the governmental services, law enforcement provided and utility services to our citizens, the City has a number of internal services that are provided to staff and the elected officials. These include:

> Administrative services including events and promotions.

 \triangleright

Financial services including oversight of accounts payable and receivable, utility billing, payroll, budget preparation and monitoring, accounting and capital asset tracking. Cash flow and debt and cemetery management.

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- > Technology services support of hardware, software and website development
- \triangleright
- > Public Works provides Streets, Parks, Cemetery and Fleet maintenance
- \triangleright
- Human resources and Risk Management
- \triangleright

Factors affecting the City's Financial Condition:

Local Economy:

The economy appears to be in recovery mode according to several indicators. While COVID-19 did have an effect on the local economy Belleview seemed to rebound fairly quickly. The unemployment rate for the Ocala / Marion County area includes the City of Belleview. According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the rate had dropped to 3.2% in December 2019. The Ocala Metropolitan Service Area credits the largest jump in job creation to the manufacturing industry. New jobs in the manufacturing industry in Marion County have also reduced the unemployment rate.

Even though Belleview is slightly under six square miles in area, it is the residential and commercial hub in south Marion County. It is located on a major commercial corridor and intersected by six thoroughfares including Highways 441/301/27 running north and south together through the center of town, Highway 484 running west toward Interstate I-75, County Road 25 running east toward Ocklawaha and Baseline Road (County Road 35), running north and south on the east side of town.

Belleview's population has continued to increase consistently over the years, largely due to annexations and development of the annexed lands. Therefore, the number of building permits issued for both residential and commercial new construction and remodeling have also continued to rise correspondingly. The City Commission has been pro-active in preparing for *planned* growth for the provision of services for the businesses that choose to locate in the city.

Belleview may be nestled in the rolling hills of south Marion County and appear to be a sleepy little community, but it has much to offer. Most of the businesses in Belleview are the locally owned "mom and pop" establishments which lends to our "small town charm". The Commission has designated the business license tax funds to be used to support economic development. The City promotes the unique aspects of our City through various advertising outlets, community events and job fairs.

The Commission established the Downtown Belleview Community Redevelopment Area in 2013. This area encompasses a large portion of the commercial corridor running through Belleview as well as the scenic historical area surrounding Lake Lillian Park. The City Commission approved a master plan for the development of the Lake Lillian Park area. The purpose of the expanded plan is to create a focal point to raw large events and thus more people to the area. The plan also includes developing design standards, including economic development incentives to convert the older historic homes into small businesses to create a combination small business/residential atmosphere.

The Hwy 441 corridor now has both water and sewer services making this busy corridor a prime attraction for commercial development. The City has offered incentives, such as fee waivers and impact fee reductions, for connection to our services and annexation into the City along with an infill incentive for those vacant lots scattered throughout the City.

Within the City and our surrounding service area, there are three elementary schools, a middle school, a high school, several private schools, and a nursing college. There is also a library and one of the most active sports recreational park in Marion County. Passive recreation is provided at several small pocket parks inside the city limits, and one of the best hiking/biking trails in Florida is just minutes away. Belleview is not only a great place to start a business, but also a great place to live and raise a family.

Long Term Financial Planning:

Both the General Fund and the Water and Sewer fund develop a five-year capital improvements plan that lists specific capital and construction projects. These projects are developed with either a committed funding source or with monies that have been saved over the course of several fiscal years and assigned in the fund balance for that specific project. Following are projects completed in the 2021 fiscal year. These projects will enhance the City and surrounding area:

a. Buildings:

Over the last several years the City has constructed a new Public Works Complex, Renovation and addition to the Police Building and Renovation of City Hall. A Waste Water Treatment Plant Office and Lab building was completed in the 2020 fiscal year. In 2021 The City began looking at future building needs in lieu of planned new growth.

b. DBCRA - Park Development:

Lake Lillian Park:

The Master Plan includes clean-up of the old Public Works Complex and converting the building to a community center; purchase of an out-parcel in the park area and demolition of the existing house; demolition and relocation of the playground to be closer to the Splash Park; demolition of the Lion's Den building; repaving and widening of the walking trail and exercise path; event poles for event vendors; additional parking and restrooms; and finally, vintage lighting throughout park and along the Robinson Road entryway. This project will be funded over several years with CRA funds, Recreation Impact Fees, and Pennies for Parks donations. In the 2019 fiscal year, the City obtained through Marion County a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) for \$300,000 to construct a Community Building from the old Public Works Complex building in Lake Lillian Park. This building construction was completed in the 2020 fiscal year with supportive funding from the CRA and Gas Taxes. In the 2021 fiscal year an electric upgrade and event pedestal project was completed along with new, decorative lights installed around Lake Lillian.

Cherokee Park:

The CRA also includes Cherokee Park – a small neighborhood park that houses the Fred King Playground for children and the Cherokee Park building. Cherokee Park will look at developing a master plan in the 2022 fiscal year.

c. Sidewalk Projects:

Pedestrian walkways that provide connectivity to the area parks, schools and shopping centers have always been important to Belleview and add to the "small town charm" of the City. One such sidewalk is planned on SE 110 Street, connecting Hwy 441 to the Lake Lillian Park. This will be moved to the forefront once the right-of-way issues are resolved. The sidewalk will pass a retirement community, enabling the residents to walk to shopping or the park area.

Another priority sidewalk is planned for SE 102 Place, from Hwy 441 to SE 52 Court. This will link to the school bus pick up and drop off sites as well as a local route to shopping, thereby providing a safe pedestrian route for the children.

Tying into one or both of these projects is a proposed multi-use trail connecting the City of Belleview to the Cross Florida Greenway beginning at the Lake Lillian Park. Future plans for the project are detailed in the Belleview to the Cross Florida Greenway Trail Feasibility Study.

d. Street Projects:

The Public Works Department annually monitors the street conditions for consideration of paving, resurfacing and striping projects. These projects are funded with gas tax funds that have generally been saved over a several year period. To increase efficiency and save dollars, the Public Works Director will review the water and sewer infrastructure at the same time for possible repair and replacement needs.

e. Water and Sewer Utilities:

There are several projects in the works that will increase efficiency and improve services in Belleview. The City installed an electronic read water meter system throughout the City over the past several years. In addition to increasing staff efficiency and reporting capabilities for the billing process, this system will also be able to more accurately monitor usage and help in leak detection analysis for the citizen. To move the project forward and be able to contract a City-wide install, the City obtained a low interest (0.75%) loan/grant for \$960,000. Of that amount \$634,524 was forgiven leaving the amount of the loan at \$324,976. Those meters were installed in the 2018/2019/2020 fiscal years.

The City is continuing the line replacement program for all of the old asbestos, galvanized and cast-iron lines throughout the system. As this program has been on-going, there are only a few areas of the City left that need to be addressed.

The City applied for loan/forgiveness State Funds in 2021 to design a future sewer expansion project and to construct new water wells and system upgrades.

f. Transparency in Government:

The City has been diligent in not only safe-guarding the data in all of our programs and proactive in creating a more interactive website. Staff is continually striving to make improvements that will provide the public with not only quick and easy access to a variety of information but also the ability to process forms and requests on-line. City records, such as the minutes, resolutions and ordinances are reduced to a digital format for quick and easy search and retrieval and linked to the City's website for quick and ready access by the citizens. Citizens can sign up for meeting notifications and a variety of emergency alerts, including non-payment status notices.

The City has increased its use of social media by using Facebook on a consistent basis to broadcast items of interest to the public. Because of the expanded use of smart phones for a multitude of tasks, the city has also developed and released a mobile app which links to the website. This has taken a team of multi-talented users under the direction of the IT Director to implement and monitor the variety of programs required to stay current in the world of social media. Additionally, in the 2017/2018 fiscal year, the city installed an information electronic sign in front of City Hall. This sign will give citizens important information and emergency information. In 2021 the City continues to increase its usage of this sign for public notices, including Hurricane information.

Key Management Practices:

Budget Preparation and Monitoring:

The City regularly reviews revenues and expenditures throughout the fiscal year. The City's financial software package makes it possible to issue monthly reports to the elected officials and post them on our website for the benefit of the citizens. It has also increased staff awareness of the budget and the need to quickly address any deviations that may require immediate action. Any unexpected shortfalls in revenues or emergency expenses are routinely taken to the Commission for consideration of the appropriate budget amendment. Budget preparation begins in early spring, with a review of current projects and a look ahead to anticipated needs. Operational and long-term plans as well as the anticipated funding sources are discussed.

Purchasing Policy:

In 2019 the Commission revised and expanded the purchasing policy to include sections further defining the purchase order process, professional service agreements, the FDLE purchasing requirements and conflicts of interest. That policy remained in effect for the 2021 fiscal year.

Fund Balance Policy:

The 2013 Fund Balance Policy was designed in accordance with GASB requirements. The fund balance reserves provide cash flow, offset economic downturns or revenue shortfalls, and provide funds for unforeseen emergencies or expenses and ensure financial stability by maintaining prudent levels of resources.

In addition to the mandated restricted and committed accounts, the Commission has several assigned accounts that are used to plan for future projects. These accounts are reviewed on an annual basis for inclusion in the budget process or by a formal motion of the Commission to be reserved for future use. At the time of use, the funds are budgeted as a "fund balance forward" to offset the capital expense for the designated use. Fund Balance is reviewed each year as part of the Budget process.

Awards and Acknowledgements:

Independent Audit:

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Purvis Gray & Company, LLP completed this year's audit. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules are included in the financial section of the report.

Awards:

The City has been awarded the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) for the thirteenth year in a row for its Budget Manual prepared for the 2021/2022 fiscal year. In order to receive this award, which is valid for a period of one year only, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan and as a communications medium.

The City has also received its twelfth Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020 for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). To receive this recognition, the ACFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

Acknowledgements:

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service and cooperation of a variety of staff from different departments. A special thanks to all of those who ensure the accuracy of all of the City's financial records on a daily basis. Sincere appreciation is especially extended to the entire Finance Department who worked diligently to gather and compile information prior to the audit and the creation of this document. A special thank you to the Mayor and the Commission for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

anu

Sandi McKamey City Administrator

Marge Strausbaugh Finance Director



EXECUTIVE DIRECTORY

CITY COMMISSION

Christine K. Dobkowski MAYOR MICHAEL J. GOLDMAN GARY W. ERNST Commissioner - Seat 1

Commissioner - Seat 2

RONALD T. LIVSEY Commissioner - Seat 3

ROBERT "BO" SMITH Commissioner - Seat 4

SANDI McKAMEY City Administrator

TERRY HOLLAND Police Chief

BOB TITTERINGTON Public Works Director, City Engineer

SHAWNA CHANCEY Development Services Director KEVIN TOWNE Information Technology Director

MARGE STRAUSBAUGH Finance Director



FINANCIAL SECTION

PURVISGRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Belleview Belleview, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Belleview, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion about the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Gainesville | Ocala | Tallahassee | Sarasota | Orlando | Lakeland purvisgray.com Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants An Independent Member of the BDO Alliance USA Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Belleview Belleview, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension and other postemployment benefits related schedules, and budgetary comparison information listed on the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section and the statistical section are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied on the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated February 9, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Belleview Belleview, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, in accordance with the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

www. Gray

February 9, 2022 Ocala, Florida

As management of the City of Belleview (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the letter of transmittal, the City's financial statements and the other required supplemental information.

This discussion and analysis is designed to: (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues; (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity; (c) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges); (d) identify any material deviation from the financial plan (the approved budget); and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns. The information contained within this section should be considered only as a part of a greater whole.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows (net position) at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$27,216,584.
- Of this amount, \$4,393,245 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the governments ongoing obligations to citizen and creditors.
- The City's total net position *increased* by \$3,234,229, with business-type activities experiencing an *increase* of \$2,010,539 and Governmental activities experiencing an *increase* of \$1,223,690.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$3,601,137, an *increase* of \$833,472 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance for the general fund was \$3,581,780. Of that amount \$2,610,374 was non spendable, restricted, committed or assigned and \$971,406 was unassigned with that amount of unassigned dollars comprising approximately 27.0% of total general fund balance.
- The City created the Belleview Downtown Community Redevelopment Area (CRA) in 2013. Fund Balance at September 30, 2021 was \$19,357. To date the CRA has assisted the City with improvements to Lake Lillian Park that included demolition of an old building in the park and purchase of property adjacent to Lake Lillian Park and demolition of a blighted house. The CRA also assisted in the redevelopment of the blighted former Public Works Complex into a new Lake Lillian Community Center. In 2021 the CRA assiste with upgrades to the electric at Lake Lillian
- Late in September of the 2021 fiscal year, the City received \$1,277,427 in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds. The funds are located in the Business Type financial section as unearned revenue. It is anticipated they will primarily be used for water/sewer repairs, however, the actual determination of expensing these ARPA funds will be determined in the 2022 fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) governmental-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all of a significant portion of its costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer utility.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other State and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, enterprise funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the governmental-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the governmental-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains one major governmental fund. The City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 19-22 of this report.

Proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer operations.

Enterprise fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The water and sewer utility fund is considered a major fund of the City. The basic enterprise fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-27 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the governmental entity. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-29 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 3-58 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 59-69 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$27,216,584 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	Governmen	tal	Activities	Business-typ	be .	Activities	Tot	al	
	 2021		2020	 2021		2020	 2021		2020
Current and other Assets	\$ 4,411,690	\$	3,367,505	\$ 8,413,983	\$	5,179,257	\$ 12,825,673	\$	8,546,762
Capital Assets	 7,693,529		7,524,335	 13,359,925		13,346,777	 21,053,454		20,871,112
Total Assets	\$ 12,105,219	\$	10,891,840	\$ 21,773,908	\$	18,526,034	\$ 33,879,127	\$	29,417,874
Deferred Outflows									
Related to Pensions/OBEB	215,275		62,882	1,339		1,786	216,614		64,668
	\$ 12,320,494	\$	10,954,722	\$ 21,775,247	\$	18,527,820	\$ 34,095,741	\$	29,482,542
Long-term liabilities									
outstanding	\$ 1,296,287	\$	1,418,493	\$ 2,759,608	\$	2,897,652	\$ 4,055,895	\$	4,316,145
Other liabilities	 441,201		475,627	 1,785,990		411,058	 2,227,191		886,685
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,737,488	\$	1,894,120	\$ 4,545,598	\$	3,308,710	\$ 6,283,086	\$	5,202,830
Deferred Inflows									
Related to Pensions	 596,071		297,357	 0		0	 596,071		297,357
	\$ 2,333,559	\$	2,191,477	\$ 4,545,598	\$	3,308,710	\$ 6,879,157	\$	5,500,187
Net Position									
Net Investment in capital									
assets	\$ 6,929,071	\$	6,611,490	\$ 10,681,838	\$	10,526,470	\$ 17,610,909	\$	17,137,960
Restricted	1,241,520		699,287	3,970,910		2,224,680	5,212,430		2,923,967
Unrestricted	 1,816,344		1,452,468	 2,576,901		2,467,960	 4,393,245		3,920,428
Total Net Position	\$ 9,986,935	\$	8,763,245	\$ 17,229,649	\$	15,219,110	\$ 27,216,584	\$	23,982,355

CITY OF BELLEVIEW'S NET POSITION

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position, \$17,610,909 or 64.7%, reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, improvements, infrastructure and equipment), less any related debt issued to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. In addition, the City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, the assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position \$5,212,430 or 19.2% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$4,393,245 or 16.1% may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the governmental as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

During the current fiscal year, the government's net position *increased* by \$3,234,229.

Governmental activities *increased* the City's net position by \$1,223,690 of the overall increase to net position. Business-type activities experienced an *increase* in net position of \$2,010,539. Key elements of these changes are as follows:

		Governme	ntal	Business-ty	/pe		
	Activities			Activitie	S	Total	
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Service	\$	1,561,953 \$	1,635,534 \$	3,518,756 \$	3,217,702 \$	5,080,709 \$	4,853,236
Operating grants and							
contributions		36,673	158,525	-	-	36,673	158,525
Capital grants and							
contributions		-	299,660	2,173,481	1,171,095	2,173,481	1,470,755
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes		1,273,459	1,204,352	-	-	1,273,459	1,204,352
Other Taxes		1,482,321	1,317,164	-	-	1,482,321	1,317,164
Other Revenues		1,059,750	839,729	50,794	30,864	1,110,544	870,593
Total revenues	\$	5,414,156 \$	5,454,964 \$	5,743,031 \$	4,419,661 \$	11,157,187 \$	9,874,625
Expenses:							
General government	\$	2,473,025 \$	2,238,983		\$	2,473,025 \$	2,238,983
Public safety		1,731,400	1,628,733			1,731,400	1,628,733
Physical Environment		376,483	351,171			376,483	351,171
Transportation		677,326	584,718			677,326	584,718
Culture/Recreation		194,014	181,931			194,014	181,931
Interest on Long Term Debt		29,276	49,787			29,276	49,787
Economic Development Council							
Water utility				2,441,434	2,311,619	2,441,434	2,311,619
Total expenses	\$	5,481,524 \$	5,035,323 \$	2,441,434 \$	2,311,619 \$	7,922,958 \$	7,346,942
Increase (Decrease) in net							
position before transfers		(67,368)	419,641	3,301,597	2,108,042	3,234,229	2,527,683
Transfers		1,291,058	1,119,484	(1,291,058)	(1,119,484)	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in net position		1,223,690	1,539,125	2,010,539	988,558	3,234,229	2,527,683
Net Position Beginning		8,763,245	7,224,120	15,219,110	14,230,552	23,982,355	21,454,672
Net Position Ending	\$	9,986,935 \$	8,763,245 \$	17,229,649 \$	15,219,110 \$	27,216,584 \$	23,982,355

CITY OF BELLEVIEW'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION



Overall, total revenues had an *increase* of \$1,282,562. Property Taxes *increased* by \$69,107. Without the millage rate changing for the 2021 fiscal year from the previous fiscal year, this shows that property value is increasing. Additionally, new growth is occurring that increases property taxes as property is revitalized.

Charges for service in 2021 *decreased* in the Governmental Activities by \$(73,581) or (4)%. The decrease in charges for service is due for the most part to the increase in building permits, new residential and two large commercial projects. Charges for services *increased* in the Business-type Activities by \$301,054 or 9.4%. The City performed a water/sewer rate study in the 2018 fiscal year and approved a five year plan. This included 5% rate



increases for 2019 and 2020 with a CPI cost of living increase each year following 2020, however, the City did not increase the rates in 2021 due to COVID-19. New housing and commercial accounts that helped increase charges for services supported that action.

In the Business-type activities, grant revenue was *increased* in 2021 from 2020. The \$2,173,481 in Capital grants and contributions, was reimbursement from State DEP grants along with City Impact Fees for capital projects. This *increase* of 86% was due to grant and American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds in 2021.

The grant receipts in the Governmental activities in 2021 were \$36,673 of which \$36,673 was reimbursement for COVID-19 expenses. -

Overall, total expenses increased by \$576,016.

General government expenses *increased* in 2021 by \$234,042 or 10.45%. This increase in expenses is correlated to increasing operational costs to maintain essential services along with increased building inspections. Additionally two employees were added during the fiscal year; one to Finance and one to Development Services.

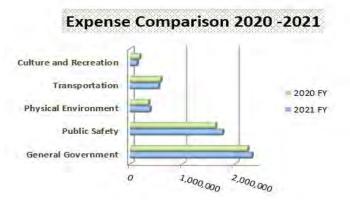
Public Safety expenses *increased* in 2021 by \$102,667 or 6%. This was due to operational increases, mainly due to the purchase of body cameras.

Transportation expenses *increased* in 2021 by \$92,608 or 16%. Tree removal and the purchase of 2 vehicles contribute to this increase.

Culture and Recreation expenses *increased* in 2021 by \$12,083 or 7 % mainly due to improvements to Lake Lillian.

Physical environment (this includes Garbage) expenses *increased* in 2021 by \$25,312 or 7%. This slight increase demonstrates that the number of houses are increasing.

Interest on Long Term Debt *decreased* by \$(20,511) or(41)%. This is due the discontinuance of vehicle leasing program. The following charts compares expenses with program revenues for the City's **governmental** activities:



•	Charges for Service	\$1,561,953
•	Capital Grants & Contributions	36,673
		\$1,598,626
Genera	al Revenues are comprised of:	
•	Property Taxes	\$1,273,459
•	Other Taxes	1,482,321
	Other Revenues	1,059,750
		\$3,815,530



Transfers In are comprised of:

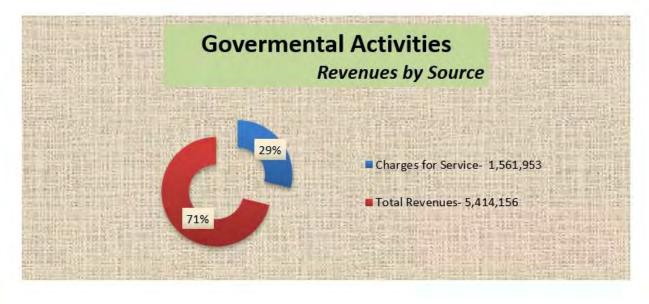
Transfers In \$1,291,058

Total Revenue	\$5,414,156	

Note: Transfers in Revenue comes from Water/Sewer to pay for expenses that are covered by the General Government. Examples: use of buildings, debt payments, use of staffing & related services, IT shared costs and other shared miscellaneous expenses. In 2021 \$100,000 was transferred from CRA to help with upgrades to the electrical system at Lake Lillian Park.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities (before transfers in)

In Governmental Activities revenue sources consist of Charges for Service, Operating Grants and General Revenues that are made up of grants, taxes and other revenues and taxes.

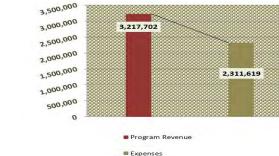


Note: Total expenses in the Governmental Activities were \$5,481,524. This is (67,368) more expense than revenues.

Business-type activities *increased* the City's net position by *\$2,010,539* an *increase of \$1,021,981* from the 2020 fiscal year. Key elements of the increase (comparing last year to this year) are as follows:

- Revenues *increased* by \$1,323,370 or 29.9% in 2021 from the 2020 fiscal year mainly due to new accounts. Capital and Operating grants *increased* by \$1,002,386, mainly due to recovery funds received. Charges for Service *increased* by \$301,054 mainly due to new commercial construction.
- Total expenses *increased* by \$129,815 in 2021 from the 2020 fiscal year due to the increase in supplies.
- Of that total expense, transfers to the General Fund *increased* by \$171,574 in 2021 fiscal year mainly due to a the increasing cost of operational costs, especially in IT.
 2021 Business Type Comparison

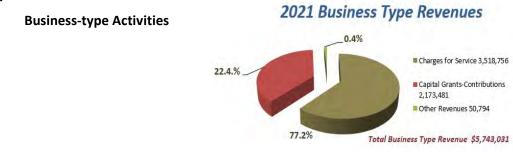
Expenses and Program Revenues-



(prior to transfers out)

Business-type Activities

Revenues by Source-



The key factor in the City's Business-type *increase* of revenue is the increase for Capital Grants.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

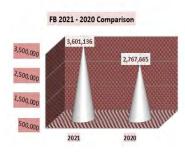
As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are depicted below:

Special Revenue Funds-CRA. Under the Governmental Funds is a Special Revenue Fund-CRA. The City uses this fund to track the *Belleview Downtown Community Redevelopment Area* activities. Revenues are derived from tax increments for property value above the 2013 base year levels paid into the CRA from Marion County and the City of Belleview. Currently the CRA is using these funds for land purchases and projects for this redevelopment area, where these funds are restricted to be spent. At the end of the 2021 fiscal year, the CRA Fund Balance was \$19,357.

Fund Balance-The General Fund is the chief operating fund for the City. The City reorganized its fund balance allocations to more correctly align with the intent of each project designation via a Fund Balance Resolution that has the City reviewing Fund Balance allocations at budget time of each fiscal year. The budget correlates back to the Fund Balance allocations for a more transparent look at how the City reserves or "saves" money for needed City projects.

2021 Fund Balance		2020 Fund Balance	-
Non Spendable	65,619	Non Spendable	62,393
Retricted	1,241,520	Retricted	699,287
Committed	222,459	Committed	200,491
Assigned	1,100,133	Assigned	1,086,269
Unassigned	971,406	Unassigned	719,225
	3,601,137	a harry the second	2,767,665



At the end of the 2021 fiscal year, the City's Governmental funds reported a total ending fund balance of \$3,601,137, a *increase* from the 2020 fiscal year. This was due to the re-adoption of the Local Option Sales Tax. At the end of the 2021 fiscal year, the *unassigned fund balance* of the General Fund was \$971,406. The *unassigned fund balance* amount is 27% of the total fund balance and is available for spending at the City's discretion. At the end of the 2021 fiscal year, the combined *non-spendable, committed, assigned and restricted fund balances* of the General Fund was \$2,610,374. These fund balance accounts are not available for new spending as a result of meeting the criteria that places

the funds into their individual fund balance categories.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the non-spendable, restricted, committed, and assigned balances to the unassigned balance. (Included in this comparison is the CRA fund balance amount.)

Unassigned	971,406
Assigned	1,100,133
Committed 222,459	
Retricted	1,241,51
Non Spendable 65,619	

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds (*water and sewer utilities*) provide essentially the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Utility fund at the end of the year amounted to \$2,576,901, an *increase* of \$108,941. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Government Budgetary Highlights

Although the economic fluctuations are still evident and make it more difficult to forecast, Belleview is seeing an increase in commercial building along with potential for more local jobs and income. New homes both inside the City and outside the City affect the budget from beginning of the fiscal year to end.

Two positions were added during the year; one to Finance and one to Development Services. This, along with the increased cost of supplies increased the original to final expense buget in General Government.

Increased tax revenue from the renewed Local Option Sales Tax that occurred mid-year increased General Governement Actual to Final Revenue

The increase in new homes and two large commercial construction projects increased both revenues and expenditures' original to final budget in the Business Type area.

Budgeted Revenues:

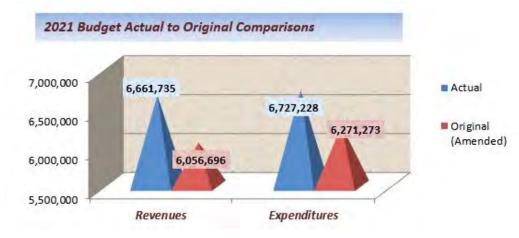
Belleview saw continued commercial and residential construction occur in the 2021 fiscal year. Property values and subsequently the corresponding taxable values increased in 2021. The *increase* of \$69,107 in property taxes between 2021 and 2020 was a combination of increases in property value and new construction growth. The City maintained its previous millage rate of 5.0000 for its base property tax.

In 2021 the General Government saw an *increase* in actual revenues of \$605,039 in excess of what was originally budgeted and amended. The increase in actual revenues was mainly due to increased tax revenue and COVID-19 reimbursement.

Budgeted Expenditures:

Expenditures for the General Fund were under the original amended budget by \$455,955, primarily a result of spending oversight and staffing vacancies.

In 2021 the General Fund saw an excess of expenditures over revenues of \$65,493. In other words, the City took in less revenues than what it spent. The revenue totals include a transfer in from the Water/Sewer Fund to cover that funds expenses incurred in the General Fund.



Capital Asset and Debt Administration

	Government Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Land and Improvements	\$ 1,767,390 \$	1,686,555	\$ 191,596 \$	5 199,133	\$ 1,958,986	\$ 1,885,688		
Buildings	4,342,306	3,819,761	-	-	4,342,306	3,819,761		
Imprv other than Bldgs	775,627	794,280	-	-	775,627	794,280		
Buildings & Improvements	-	-	18,985,990	18,637,173	18,985,990	18,637,173		
Infrastructure	2,296,121	2,192,551	5,086,248	5,086,248	7,382,369	7,278,799		
Vehicles/Accessories	929,669	763,630	-	-	929,669	763,630		
Machinery, Furniture, Equipment	931,516	835,545	485,284	596,084	1,416,800	1,431,629		
Intangible Assets	197,867	138,327	50,449	50,449	248,316	188,776		
Construction in Progress	237,635	905,979	146,382	16,854	384,017	922,833		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 11,478,131 \$	11,136,628	\$ 24,945,949 \$	5 24,585,941	\$ 36,424,080	\$ 35,722,569		
	<u> </u>							
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 7,693,529 \$	6,983,395	\$ 13,359,925 \$	5 13,541,768	\$ 21,053,454	\$ 20,525,163		

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2021 is \$21,053,454 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles.

The *increase* in the City's total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) was \$528,291. The government activities *increased by* \$710,134 and the business-type activities *decreased* by \$(181,843), both of which occurred because disposal of items was greater in the 2021 fiscal year for the business-type activities while the government activities added a community center building.

City of Belleview's Capital Asset:

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on pages 42-43 of this report.

City of Belleview's Outstanding Debt - Revenue Bonds and Loans.

Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year the City had no bonded debt outstanding having paid off the 1977 Farmers' Home/USDA bond and refinancing the 1986 and 1988 Farmers' Home/USDA combined bond debt with Community Bank & Trust (in 2014). This reduced the debt time remaining by seven years and reduced the loan interest by 39%.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had loans payable of \$2,678,087 and notes payable of \$764,458. The loans payable represent water and sewer utility system debt, both secured by specified revenue sources. The notes payable are also secured by specified revenue sources in General Government for purchase of the Public Works Complex land, the construction of the Public Works Complex and the renovation of City Hall.

Governmental Activities. On March 7, 2007, the City entered into a Land Acquisition note, Series 2007 with SunTrust Bank for \$1,246,000 at an interest rate of 4.02% to purchase approximately 27 acres of land on Highway 484 for future governmental use. In March 2009 this note was extended for two years with \$200,000 reduction in principal and an interest rate of 3.79%, due March 31, 2011. In March 2011 the City paid off the note with SunTrust Bank and refinanced this note with Center State Bank for a lower amount of \$937,874, with a fixed five year interest rate of 2.98%. However, a new fixed interest rate for years 6-10 was to be recalculated after year five with a \$131,563 balloon payment due at the end of the ten year term. The City established a new loan with Community Bank & Trust of Florida in 2016, paid off the Center State note and combined the remaining amount due for the land with an additional amount to address a portion of City Hall. The new CBT capital loan is a \$1,500,000 loan for 10 years at a fixed interest rate of 3.41%. The development of this property and construction of City Hall construction project was completed by the end of the 2016 fiscal year. In 2018 the renovation of City Hall construction project was completed using the rest of the CBT capital loan.

In 2018, the Police Department discontinued their leasing of vehicles and applied for a USDA grant to purchase new vehicles in the 2019 fiscal year. All remaining leased Police vehicles were paid off in 2020 along with a three year lease program covering 2018 – 2020 fiscal years for Police radios.

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total		
		2021	2020		2021	2020		2021	2020
Loans Payable	\$	- \$	-	\$	2,678,087 \$	2,820,307	\$	2,678,087 \$	2,820,307
Note Payable		764,458	912,845		-	-		764,458	912,845
Total Notes & Loans	\$	764,458 \$	912,845	\$	2,678,087 \$	2,820,307	\$	3,442,545 \$	3,733,152

In 2017 the City obtained a 1.5 million dollar - five year loan at an interest rate of 2.250% for the Police Department building construction. This project is actually funded through the four year Local Option Sales Tax which begin distribution in the 2017 fiscal year. The Local Option Sales Tax proceeds paid off the loan annually and the remainder of the loan during this revenue tax period. In the 2018 fiscal year the loan funds were used for the renovation/addition construction of the Belleview Police Department building. In 2020 the City paid this loan off in full ahead of it's loan deadline.

Note: The above demonstrates the City's strong desire and efforts to pay down its debt whenever revenue streams assist in this endeavor.

Business-Type Activities. The City has four low interest rate state revolving loans through the Department of Environmental Protection. The loan that was issued in 2003 was for sewer upgrades and expansion. The Highway 441 North and South Water Extension projects that were also funded by state revolving loans and grants with construction completed in the 2012 fiscal year. Completed in 2019 was a loan/grant to pay for the replacement of all existing water meters with electronic reading meters. All of the loans are secured with water and sewer system user revenues.

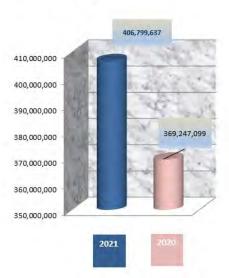
Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 on pages 43-45 of this report.



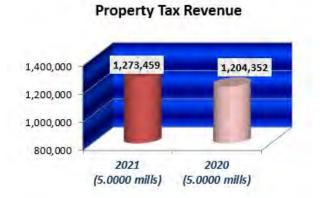
Currently Known Economic Facts

Property Tax: The tax base for the City is composed of real property, personal property and centrally assessed property. The taxable value of such property *increased* from the previous year by 9.23% in 2021. The assessed value increased from \$369,247,099 in 2020 to \$406,799,637 in 2021.

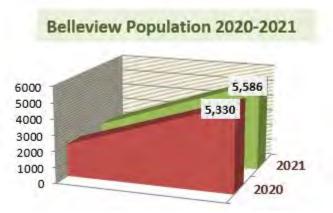
Property Tax Value



The General Fund property tax millage remained the same as it was in 2020 at 5.0000 in the 2021 fiscal year. This millage rate generated \$1,204,352 in 2020 and \$1,273,459 in 2021.



Population Changes: The City's population increased from 5,330 in 2020 to 5,586 in 2021.



FINANCIAL CONTACT:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Belleview, Florida's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Department, Finance Director, City of Belleview, 5343 SE Abshier Blvd, Belleview, Florida 34420. You can also access the City's website at www.belleviewfl.org.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	G	overnmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,564,185 \$		\$ 11,611,674
Accounts Receivable, Net		174,878	318,126	493,004
Due from Other Governments		237,657	-	237,657
Inventories		3,847	41,543	45,390
Prepaid Expenses		61,772	6,825	68,597
Net Pension Asset		369,351	-	369,351
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		2,005,025	337,978	2,343,003
Capital Assets Depreciable, Net		5,688,504	13,021,947	18,710,451
Total Assets		12,105,219	21,773,908	33,879,127
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions and OPEB		215,275	1,339	216,614
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows		12,320,494	21,775,247	34,095,741
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		244,777	118,974	363,751
Other Accrued Liabilities		98,583	21,925	120,508
Unearned Revenue		97,096	1,277,427	1,374,523
Customer Deposits		, -	356,157	356,157
Accrued Interest Payable		-	11,507	11,507
Due to Other Funds		745	-	745
Non-Current Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year		215,789	156,232	372,021
Due in More Than One Year		1,080,498	2,603,376	3,683,874
Total Liabilities		1,737,488	4,545,598	6,283,086
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		596,071	-	596,071
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	_	2,333,559	4,545,598	6,879,157
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		6,929,071	10,681,838	17,610,909
Restricted for:		-,,-	-,,	,,
Debt Service		-	71,649	71,649
Capital Projects		989,359	3,899,261	4,888,620
Parks and Recreation		167,262	-	167,262
Law Enforcement		65,542	-	65,542
Community Redevelopment		19,357	-	19,357
Unrestricted		1,816,344	2,576,901	4,393,245
Total Net Position	\$	9,986,935 \$		\$ 27,216,584

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

			Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Re	venue and Change in N	let Position
				-		Pr		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$	2,473,025 \$	963,066 \$	27,536 \$	- \$	5 (1,482,423) \$	- \$	(1,482,423)
Public Safety	Ŷ	1,731,400	156,935	9,137	-	(1,565,328)	- -	(1,565,328)
Physical Environment		376,483	390,982		-	14,499	-	14,499
Transportation		677,326	-	-	-	(677,326)	-	(677,326)
Culture and Recreation		194,014	50,970	-	-	(143,044)	-	(143,044)
Interest		29,276	-	-	-	(29,276)	-	(29,276)
Total Governmental Activities		5,481,524	1,561,953	36,673	-	(3,882,898)	-	(3,882,898)
Business-Type Activities								
Water and Sewer Utility		2,441,434	3,518,756	-	2,173,481	-	3,250,803	3,250,803
Total Business-Type Activities		2,441,434	3,518,756	-	2,173,481	-	3,250,803	3,250,803
Total Primary Government	\$	7,922,958 \$	5,080,709 \$	36,673 \$	2,173,481	(3,882,898)	3,250,803	(632,095)
		ral Revenues						
		xes:						
		Property Taxes				1,273,459	-	1,273,459
		Public Service Taxes				353,276	-	353,276
		Local Option Sales Gas Tax	lax			833,763	-	833,763
		Business Tax				262,189 33,093	-	262,189 33,093
		ate-Shared Revenue	s (Uprostricted)			800,802	-	800,802
		estment Income	s (on estricted)			9,736	16,015	25,751
		scellaneous				249,212	34,779	283,991
		ansfers, Net				1,291,058	(1,291,058)	- 205,551
		General Revenues	and Transfers		-	5,106,588	(1,240,264)	3,866,324
		ge in Net Position			-	1,223,690	2,010,539	3,234,229
		osition, Beginning	of Year			8,763,245	15,219,110	23,982,355
		Position, End of Yea			\$	9,986,935 \$		27,216,584

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund - CRA	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,544,828	\$ 19,357	\$ 3,564,185
Accounts Receivable		174,878	-	174,878
Due from Other Governments		237,657	-	237,657
Inventory		3,847	-	3,847
Prepaid Items		61,772		61,772
Total Assets		4,022,982	19,357	4,042,339
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		244,778	-	244,778
Due to Other Funds		745	-	745
Other Accrued Liabilities		98,583	-	98,583
Unearned Revenue		97,096	-	97,096
Total Liabilities		441,202	-	441,202
Fund Balances				
Non-Spendable:				
Inventory		3,847	-	3,847
Prepaid Items		61,772	-	61,772
Restricted for:				
Police Education		336	-	336
Gas Tax		384,937	-	384,937
One Cent Sales Tax		604,422	-	604,422
Police Automation		62,548	-	62,548
Evidence Room Money		2,658	-	2,658
Parks Impact Fees		167,262	-	167,262
Community Redevelopment		-	19,357	19,357
Committed to:				
Mausoleum Maintenance		18,800	-	18,800
Cemetery Maint.& Improve		82,798	-	82,798
Economic Development		107,733	-	107,733
False Alarms		13,128	-	13,128
Assigned for:				
Emergency Reserves		500,000	-	500,000
Cash Flow		533,457	-	533,457
Insurance Claims Reserve		18,000	-	18,000
Pennies for Parks		800	-	800
Code Enforcement		47,876	-	47,876
Unassigned		971,406		971,406
Total Fund Balances	<u> </u>	3,581,780	19,357	3,601,137
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,022,982	\$ 19,357	\$ 4,042,339

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$ 3,601,137
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$11,478,131 and the accumulated depreciation is \$3,784,602.	7,693,529
Long-term net pension assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as fund level assets.	369,351
Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources are not available in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources at year-end consist of:	
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions and OPEB Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	\$ 215,275 (596,071) (380,796)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
OPEB Liability Notes Payable Compensated Absences	(221,155) (764,458) (310,673) (1,296,286)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 9,986,935

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund - CRA	 Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 2,699,159	\$ 56,621	\$ 2,755,780
Permits and Fees	962,016	-	962,016
Intergovernmental Revenue	800,802	-	800,802
Charges for Service	391,882	-	391,882
Fines and Forfeitures	95 <i>,</i> 446	-	95 <i>,</i> 446
Grant Revenue	113,073	-	113,073
Miscellaneous Revenue	 371,298	259	 371,557
Total Revenues	 5,433,676	56,880	 5,490,556
Expenditures			
Current:			
General Government	2,311,250	5,175	2,316,425
Public Safety	1,758,583	-	1,758,583
Physical Environment	376,025	-	376,025
Transportation	543,026	-	543,026
Culture and Recreation	131,949	-	131,949
Capital Outlay	644,125	-	644,125
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	148,387	-	148,387
Interest	 29,276	-	 29,276
Total Expenditures	 5,942,621	5,175	 5,947,796
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over/(Under)			
Expenditures	 (508,945)	51,705	 (457,240)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)			
Transfer in	1,425,999	64,051	1,490,050
Transfer (out)	 (99,338)	(100,000)	 (199,338)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	 1,326,661	(35,949)	 1,290,712
Net Change in Fund Balances	817,716	15,756	833,472
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 2,764,064	3,601	 2,767,665
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 3,581,780	\$ 19,357	\$ 3,601,137

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	833,472
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:			
Governmental funds report capital purchases as expenditures, However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$644,125 were less than depreciation expense of (\$446,723) in the current period.			197,402
Impact of gain/loss on sale of capital assets and transfers.			(28,208)
Various grant funds were recorded as a receivable and deferred revenue at the fund level as funds were not received within 60 days after year-end. At the government-wide level this was recorded as a receivable and revenue due to the economic resource measurement focus.			(76,400)
Governmental funds report contributions to defined benefit pension plans as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans reduces future net pension liability:			
Net Effect of Adjustments to Pension Expense			176,413
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. Notes, Leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following are effects of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt:			
Principal Payments on Notes Payable	\$ 148,387	-	148,387
Some expenses reported in the government-wide statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Compensated Absences - Net Net Effect of Adjustments to OPEB Expense	 38,534 (65,910)	<u>. </u>	(27,376)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	1,223,690

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities Water and Sewer Utility Fund
Assets	
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,704,480
Restricted Cash Available for Current Liabilities	\$ 3,704,480 1,800,092
Receivables:	1,800,092
Customers (Net of Allowance for	
Uncollectible Accounts of \$20,000)	311,004
Other Receivables	7,122
Inventories	41,543
Prepaid Expense	6,825
Total Current Assets	5,871,066
Non-Current Assets	
Restricted Cash:	260 502
Customer Deposits	360,592
Water Development	1,277,953
Sewer Development	2,621,308
State Revolving Loan Sinking	55,271
State Revolving Loan Reserve	27,885
(Current Portion)	(1,800,092)
Total Restricted Cash	2,542,917
Capital Assets:	101 506
Land Duilding and Improvements	191,596
Building and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	24,072,238
Machinery and Equipment Intangible Assets	485,284 50,449
Construction in Progress	146,382
(Accumulated Depreciation)	(11,586,024)
Total Capital Assets - Cost Less Depreciation	13,359,925
Total Capital Assets - Cost Less Depreciation	13,333,323
Total Non-Current Assets	15,902,842
Total Assets	21,773,908
Deferred Outflow of Resources	
Deferred Outflow OPEB	1,339
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 21,775,247

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (Concluded)

	Business-Type Activities Water and Sewer Utility Fund	
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	118,975
Accrued Expenses		21,925
Current Portion of Compensated Absences		5,952
Total Current Liabilities		146,852
Current Liabilities (Payable from Restricted Assets)		
Customer Deposits		356,157
Unearned Revenue		1,277,427
Current Portion of State Revolving Loans		150,280
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Liabilities		11,507
Total Current Liabilities (Payable from Restricted Assets)		1,795,371
Long-Term Liabilities		
State Revolving Loans Payable		2,527,807
OPEB Liability		51,762
Compensated Absences		23,806
Total Long-Term Liabilities		2,603,375
Total Liabilities		4,545,598
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		10,681,838
Restricted for Debt Service		71,649
Restricted for Capital Projects		3,899,261
Unrestricted		2,576,901
Total Net Position	\$	17,229,649

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities Water and Sewer Utility Fund
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 3,518,756
Miscellaneous Revenue	39,731
Total Operating Revenues	3,558,487
Operating Expenses	
Personnel Expenses	631,592
Operating Expenses	1,126,650
Depreciation and Amortization	636,967
Total Operating Expenses	2,395,209
Operating Income (Loss)	1,163,278
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest Income	16,015
Interest Expense	(46,225)
Gain(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	(5,298)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(35,508)
Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	1,127,770
Capital Contributions and Transfers	
Capital Contributions - Impact Fees	2,173,481
Transfers (out)	(1,290,712)
Total Contributions and Transfers	882,769
Change in Net Position	2,010,539
Net Position, Beginning of Year	15,219,110
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 17,229,649

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities Water and Sewer Utility
Cash Elows from Operating Activities	Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers, Including	
Cash Deposits	\$ 3,676,070
Payments to Suppliers and Service Providers	(1,062,700)
Payments to Employees for Salaries and Benefits	(629,254)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,984,116
Net cash i tonaca by operating Activities	1,304,110
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfers to Other Funds	(1,290,712)
Net Cash (Used in) Non-Capital Financing Activities	(1,290,712)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing	
Activities	2 4 7 2 4 0 4
Capital Contributions from Customers	2,173,481
Capital Asset Acquisitions	(701,831)
Capital Grant Revenues	1,277,427
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets Issuance of Debt	46,418
	- (142,220)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(142,220) (50,945)
Net Cash Provided by Capital and	(50,945)
Related Financing Activities	2,602,330
Related Financing Activities	2,002,550
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest Income	16,015
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	16,015
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash	
Equivalents	3,311,749
	=
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	4,735,740
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 8,047,489
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CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (Concluded)

	Business-Type Activities Water and Sewer Utility Fund	
Shown in the Financial Statements as		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Total	\$ <u>\$</u>	3,704,480 4,343,009 8,047,489
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		
Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	\$	1,163,278
Depreciation and Amortization Changes in Assets - Decrease (Increase) and Liabilities - Increase (Decrease):		636,967
Accounts and Other Receivables, Net Inventories Prepaid Expense Due From Other Governments		74,969 (20,044) 22,098 -
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses OPEB Liability Customer Deposits Compensated Absences		61,896 (2,284) 7,962 42,614 (3,340)
Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	820,838 1,984,116

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Total
Assets		
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments:		
Short-Term Investments	\$	211,151
Money Market		523,119
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income		2,262,268
Mutual Funds - Equity		3,494,462
Mutual Funds - Guaranteed Lifetime Income Fund		23,466
Mutual Funds - Fund of Funds		632,289
Mutual Funds - Allocation		14,829
Loans Receivable		90,177
Due from General Fund		745
Interest Receivable		2,602
Total Assets	_	7,255,108
Net Position		
Net Position Restricted		
for Pensions	\$	7,255,108

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Total
Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 207,833
State	49,685
Employee	 34,971
Total Contributions	 292,489
Investment Earnings	 1,195,665
Total Additions	 1,488,154
Deductions	
Pension Benefit Payments and Refunds	322,930
General and Administrative	 70,530
Total Deductions	 393,460
Net Increase	 1,094,694
Net Position Restricted for Pensions,	c 4 co 44 c
Beginning of the Year	 6,160,414
Net Position Restricted for Pensions,	
End of Year	\$ 7,255,108

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Description of Funds and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Belleview, Florida (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant City accounting policies are described below:

Reporting Entity

The City is a political subdivision of the State of Florida located in Marion County, Florida. The City was established in 1885, under the legal authority of the Laws of Florida 3638. The City operates under a mayor-commissioner form of government. The legislative branch of the City is composed of a fourmember elected City Commission and an elected mayor. The City Commission is governed by the City Charter and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Commission is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the City Commission's appointed the City Administrator.

The City's major operations include water and sewer utilities, as well as public safety (police), road and street maintenance, parks and recreation, and general administration services.

The reporting entity for the City (the primary government) includes component units for which the City Commission has financial accountability. Financial accountability is present if the City Commission appoints a voting majority of a component unit's governing body and has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or if there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The accompanying financial statements include the City and its component units, collectively referred to as the financial reporting entity. In accordance with GASB Statement 14, as amended by GASB Statement 39, GASB Statement 61, GASB Statement 80, and GASB Statement 84, the component units discussed below have been included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship to the City.

Blended Component Units

Downtown Belleview Community Redevelopment Agency

The Downtown Belleview Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) was created on June 18, 2013, to revitalize the historical area of Belleview. The statutory life of this community redevelopment agency is 30 years unless extended and mutually agreed on by all parties. The governing body is the City Commission and they retain the corporate powers of this agency, since the City is able to impose its will on the CRA and there is a potential for specific financial benefits or burdens on the City.

The CRA fund was established in 2015 and received its initial incremental tax revenues. Separate financial statements are issued for this agency. The CRA is treated as a blended component unit within the City's financial statements.

Fiduciary Component Units

General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan

The City contributes, on behalf of general employees, to a single-employer defined contribution plan administered through Mission Square with oversight by the City Commission. The Plan was established by City Ordinance in October 1995 and amended by the City Commission in October 2007 to further clarify eligible employees and vesting provisions. The General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan is included in the accompanying financial statements as a Pension Trust Fund.

Police Officers' Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The City contributes to the Police Officers' Defined Benefit Pension Plan on behalf of its police officers. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan established by City ordinance and Florida State Law. It is administered by the Plan's Board of Trustees, comprised of two commission appointees, two members of the department elected by membership and one member elected by the other four members and appointed by the Commission. The Police Officers' Defined Benefit Pension Plan is included in the accompanying financial statements as a Pension Trust Fund.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The effect of inter-fund activity, if any, has been removed from the financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are allocated automatically and certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

- Government Fund
 - The **General Fund** is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
 - •
 - The **Special Revenue Fund**—Community Redevelopment Agency was established in 2013. Incremental tax revenues received are restricted to redevelopment and rehabilitation of areas established in the redevelopment trust fund.

• Proprietary Fund

Proprietary funds are used to account for a government's ongoing activities, which are similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

• Water and Sewer Utility Fund accounts for the fiscal activity of providing water and wastewater services to residential and commercial customers.

• Fiduciary Fund

The **Pension Trust Fund** accounts for the activities of the City's General Employees' and Police Officers' Retirement Funds, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments for qualified retiring employees. They are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they are fiduciary in nature and do not represent resources available to the government for operations.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City conforms all significant accounting policies to GAAP applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant principles and practices used in the preparation of these financial statements:

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds charge customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to generally use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed for their intended purposes; however, this decision is frequently made on a case-by-case basis based upon facts and circumstances. Revenues of the enterprise funds are recognized on the basis of services rendered. Billing cycles of the enterprise funds that overlap September 30 are prorated based upon meter reading dates.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City's procedures in preparing and adopting the annual budget are as follows:

- The City Commission is responsible for preparing a proposed operating budget for the upcoming year prior to September 30 that includes estimated revenues, proposed expenditures, and other financing sources and uses.
- Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments and suggestions. The budget is enacted through passage of a resolution.
- The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within any fund, but may not revise total fund expenditures without the approval of the City Commission. The budgetary data presented is in agreement with the originally adopted budget as amended by the City Commission.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except that the provision for depreciation expense is not included in the budget of the proprietary funds. Total budgetary appropriations within a governmental fund type may not be exceeded legally. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year. Encumbrance accounting is not used. Budget data, when presented in the basic financial statements, is prepared on the same basis of accounting as that prescribed for the fund. An annual operating budget was prepared for all funds, except for the fiduciary fund. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for all governmental funds.

During the year, the City made supplemental budget appropriations, which increased or decreased the budgets as necessary.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits with banks, and money market funds. The City's pooled cash account is considered to be a cash equivalent since each fund can effectively deposit or withdraw funds at any time without prior notice or penalty. The deposits and investments of the pension trust funds are held separately from those of other City funds.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all cash and cash equivalents held by the pooled cash system to be included in the statement.

Transfers

Transfers are recognized in the accounting period in which the interfund receivable and payable arise. Transfers are made from the utility funds to finance operations of the general fund.

Investments

The City's investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The method of measuring the fair value of investments uses the fair value hierarchy as defined by GASB.

Capital Grants and Contributions

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors. Program and capital grants for general capital assets are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable costs are incurred or when funds are obligated by the grantor agency, as applicable. Revenues received in advance of costs being incurred are deferred.

Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the federal, state, or local government, State of Florida, or Marion County for shared revenues or costs. The amount is considered collectible within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Receivables

Utility operating revenues are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billing rendered monthly. The amount of services delivered after the last billing date and up to September 30 is estimated and accrued at year-end.

Inventory

Inventories of supplies held by the business-type activities and gas inventory in the general fund are priced at cost using the average cost method of accounting. Inventories are recorded as assets when purchased and charged to operating when used.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments made to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads,

bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant and equipment with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$5,000 and estimated useful lives of over one year are

recorded as capital assets. Roads, bridges, and sidewalks are also capitalized. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. Software is recorded as intangible assets and amortized on a three-year life.

Capital asset purchases are recorded as capital outlay expenditures in the fund level governmental funds in the year of acquisition.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	50 Years
Machinery, Equipment, Vehicles, and Intangibles	3 - 10 Years
Water Distribution System	40 Years
Pumping Station/Water Tank	10 - 40 Years
Sewer System	20 - 40 Years
Infrastructre	40 Years

Proprietary fund expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expenses when incurred. Additions, major renewals, and replacements, which increase the useful lives of the assets, are capitalized. Software is recorded as intangible assets and amortized on a three-year life.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify as deferred outflows of resources on its government-wide and proprietary statement of net position, the deferred outflows for OPEB and deferred outflows for pension. The deferred outflows for OPEB are an aggregate of items related to OPEB as calculated in accordance with GASB Statements No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. The deferred outflow for OPEB and pensions will be recognized as pension expense or a reduction of the total OPEB or net pension liabilities in future reporting periods.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one type of deferred inflows on its government- wide statement, the deferred inflows related for pensions. The deferred inflows for pensions are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated under the sample principles as the deferred outflows for pensions. They will be recognized as a reduction to pension expense in future reporting periods. The City also reports deferred inflows of resources on applicable governmental fund statements that represent revenues, which are measurable but not available, in accordance with the

modified basis of accounting. These deferred inflows will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned or become available. The deferred inflows of resources represent grant funds.

Compensated Absences

In governmental fund financial statements, the amount of compensated absences associated with employee vacations that are recorded as expenditures represent the amounts paid during the year plus the amount accrued at year-end that would normally be liquidated with available spendable resources. Only the amount of the compensated absences liability that has matured (i.e. unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement) that would normally be liquidated with current expendable available resources in the next fiscal year is recorded in the fund financial statements of the governmental fund. In the government-wide financial statements the governmental fund compensated absences are recorded and split between the current and non-current portions.

In proprietary funds, the amount of compensated absences associated with employee vacations that are recorded as expenses represent the amounts paid during the year and accrued at year-end. The entire liability for compensated absences of these funds is reflected in the respective financial statements split between the current and non-current portion.

The City's personnel policies allow general employees to accumulate a maximum of 300 hours of vacation leave and 1,040 hours of sick leave. Upon termination, employees are paid for their accrued vacation leave and 30% of their accrued sick leave after five years of service, or 50% after ten years of service. Police officers have the same accrual policy as general employees.

The City also has a compensatory time policy under which non-exempt employees accrue compensatory time at a rate of one and one-half times the amount of overtime worked, up to a maximum of 60 hours. Special detail work by police officers is excluded from compensatory time.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments are recorded as expenditures in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the City for budgetary purposes.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues include amounts collected before the revenue recognition criteria are met and receivables which, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, are measurable but not yet available.

Fund Balance Classification

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This statement provides more clearly defined fund categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength to the spending constraints:

- Non-Spendable Fund Balance—Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted Fund Balance**—Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

- **Committed Fund Balance**—Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City Commission as a body of City officials with the only authority to bind and constrain funds. To be constrained as committed funds, the City Commission must adopt the binding constraint via a City Ordinance, the highest level action that can establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment constraint.
- Assigned Fund Balance—The City's fund balance policy dictates the amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the City Commissioners or by an official or body to which the City Commission delegates authority. Assigned fund balances include set-asides for future projects that are not included in the restricted or committed classifications, technology and equipment replacement, insurance reserves, and reserves for emergencies that are not classified as restricted or committed.
- **Unassigned Fund Balance**—Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are only reported in the General Fund.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose for both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be utilized about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Types

Reserves of the proprietary fund and pension trust funds are used to indicate a segregation of a portion of net position equal to the current assets that are restricted for meeting various covenants as may be specified and defined in the revenue bond indenture and City ordinance. Usage of the reserves includes the following:

• Water and Sewer Development Charges

By ordinance, the City has established user development charges for all new connections to the City's water or sewer system. The use of these proceeds is restricted by the ordinance to system expansion and construction of new facilities and other similar needs. Water and sewer development charges are recorded as capital contributions when received.

• Revenue Bond Sinking and Reserve

As more fully described in Note 4, City bond issues require that certain debt service and debt service reserve accounts be set aside for the payment of bond interest and principal.

Property Taxes

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal, and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws of the state regulating tax assessments are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method state-wide. Florida Statutes permit municipalities to levy

property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills. The City levied a rate of 5.0000 in 2018/2019 tax roll.

The tax levy of the City is established by the City Commission prior to October 1 of each year, and the Marion County Property Appraiser incorporates the City's millage into the total tax levy, which includes the County and the County School Board tax requirements.

All property is reassessed according to its fair market value January 1 of each year. Each assessment roll is submitted to the Executive Director of the Florida Department of Revenue for review to determine if the rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of Florida Statutes.

All taxes are levied on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter, as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the County Tax Collector. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January, and 1% in the month of February. Taxes paid in March are without discount.

On or prior to June 1 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property. After sale, tax certificates bear interest of 18% per year or at any lower rate bid by the buyer. Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the certificate holder after a period of two years. Unsold certificates are held by the County.

Delinquent taxes on personal property bear interest of 18% per year until the tax is satisfied either by seizure and sale of the property or by the five-year statute of limitations.

The City does not accrue its portion of the County held tax sale certificates or personal property tax warrants because such amounts are not measurable and available as of the balance sheet date.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City Police Defined Benefit Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The governmental fund has been used in prior years to liquidate the net pension obligation and OPEB.

On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits

The City receives on-behalf payments from State of Florida to be used for Police Officers' Retirement Plan Contributions. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the on-behalf payments to the City totaled \$49,685 for the Police Retirement Plan. Such payments are recorded as intergovernmental revenue and public safety expenditures.

Unearned Revenue.

Revenue for which the City has not completed the earning process at September 30 is reflectd in both the fund level and Entity-wide statements as Unearned Revenue. As of 9/30/2021, the largest balance in this category is \$1,277,427 of American Rescue Plan Act funds which were received in September 2021 by the City.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits and Money Market Account

All cash deposits of the City are entirely insured either by the federal public depository insurance corporation (FDIC) or via banks' participation as qualified public depositories pursuant to the Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, *Security for Public Deposits Act* and, therefore, not subject to custodial credit risk. The City is required to verify that monies are invested in "qualified public depositories" as defined in Florida Statutes, Section 280.02.

Cash equivalents consist of amounts placed on deposit with South State Bank, a bank that qualified as a Public Depository Bank.

The City's cash and cash equivalents, investments, and required disclosures for the year ended September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Туре	Fair Value	
Cash on Hand	\$ 1,87	375
Cash on Deposit	548,80	309
Public Funds Money Market	11,060,99) 90
Total	\$ 11,611,67	574

Investments

Florida Statutes (218.415) authorizes municipalities to invest excess funds in time deposits or savings accounts of financial institutions approved by the State Treasurer, obligations of the United States Government, United States Government Instrumentalities, Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, and mutual funds investing in United States Government Securities. Investments may also include repurchase agreements collateralized by United States Treasury Securities and Market-to-Market, and deposit with the State Board of Administration pool (SBA), or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the *Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act*. The City is further authorized to invest in securities of, or other interests in, any open-ended or close-ended management-type investment company or investment trust registered under the *Investment Company Act of 1940*, 15 United States Code.

Pension Plan Investments

The City reports two pension funds in the accompanying financial statements. Each fund has a separate Governing Board of Trustees, a separate investment policy, and differing investment restrictions/risks. Consequently, each is disclosed separately below. The Police Officers' retirement system is a Defined Benefit Plan and the General Employees' retirement plan is a Defined Contribution Plan. All investments at year-end were in compliance with the respective plan investment policies.

Police Officers' Retirement Fund

Investment Policy - Authorized Investments: The Board of Trustees of the Police Officers' Retirement Fund is authorized to invest in:

• Time, savings, and money market accounts of a national bank, a state bank, or savings and loan association insured by the FDIC provided the amount deposited does not exceed the insured

amount, and the cash instruments have a quality rating of at least Standard & Poor's A1 or Moody's P1.

- Obligations issued by the United States or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States government or by an Agency of the United States government excluding real estate.
- Bonds or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or District of Columbia, the corporation is listed on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ stock market.
- Equity investment (common stock, convertible bonds, and preferred stock) in a corporation listed on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or on the NASDAQ stock market such that not more than 5% of the plan's assets shall be invested in the common stock of any one issuing company.
- Commingled (and mutual funds) stock, bonds, and money market funds whose investments are restricted to securities meeting the criteria.

The City's Police Officers' Retirement Fund investments and required disclosures for the year ended September 30, 2021, are as follows:

				Weighted Average
Investment Type	F	air Value	Credit Ratings	Maturity
Short-Term Investments:				
Federated U.S. Treasury				
Cash Reserves Fund	\$	191,667	Aaa-mf	51 days
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income:				
iShares Convertible				
Bd ETF		636,940	AAA-Not Rated	3.75 years
Vanguard High-Yield Corporate				
Fund		181,593	Aaa-Not Rated	5.0 Years
Vanguard Intermediate Term				
Bond Index		579,366	AAA-Not Rated	7.2 years
Vanguard Interim Term				
Investment Grade Fund		568,553	AAA-Not Rated	7.1 years
Vanguard Short-Term				
Corporate Bond Fund		123,203	Aaa-Not Rated	3.0 years
Mutual Funds - Equity:				
Fidelity Large Cap Growth Index				
Fund		822,200	N/A	N/A
Fidelity Large Cap Value Index Fund		377,411	N/A	N/A
Vanguard Equity Income Fund		361,519	N/A	N/A
Fidelity Mid Cap Index Fund		599,841	N/A	N/A
Fidelity Small Cap Index Fund		149,841	N/A	N/A
Vanguard Small-Cap Value ETF		144,886	N/A	N/A
American Funds Europacific				
Growth R6		474,612	N/A	N/A
Total Investments	\$	5,211,632		

Investments, including derivative instruments that are not holding derivatives, are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that GASB Statements require or permit in the statement of net positon at the end of the reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Police Officers' Retirement Plan Investments are as follows at September 30, 2021:

			Fair Value Measurements Using:							
		Fair Value	Le	vel 1 Inputs	Level 2	2 inputs	Level	3 Inputs		
Federated U.S. Treasury										
Cash Reserves Fund	\$	191,667	\$	191,667	\$	-	\$	-		
iShares Convertible Bd ETF		636,940		636,940		-		-		
Vanguard Intermediate Term Bond Index		579,366		579,366		-		-		
Vanguard Interim Term Investment Grade Fd		568,553		568,553		-		-		
Vanguard Short-Term Corp Bond Fund		123,203		123,203		-		-		
Vanguard High - Yield Corporate Fund		181,593		181,593		-		-		
Vanguard Equity Income Fund		361,519		361,519						
Vanguard Small Cap Value		144,886		144,886		-		-		
Fidelity Small Cap Index Fund		149,841		149,841		-		-		
Fideltiy Large Cap Growth Cap Index Fund		822,200		822,200		-		-		
Fideltiy Large Cap Value Index Fund		377,411		377,411		-		-		
Fidelity Mid Cap Index Fund		599,841		599,841		-		-		
American Funds Europacific Grwth-R6		474,612		474,612		-		-		
	\$	5,211,632	\$	5,211,632	\$	-	\$	-		

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that GASB requires or permits in the statement of net position at the end of the reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are valued based on matrix pricing techniques.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk is required to be disclosed if investments held by the local government are uninsured, unregistered, and held by either the counter-party or the counter-party's trust department or agent, but not in the government's name.

Investments through the Police Officers' Retirement Fund are evidenced by mutual and money market funds. They are not subject to custodial credit risk because the funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The City's investment is the mutual or money market fund, not the underlying security.

Credit Risk

Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counter-party to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. State law provides that the retirement plan fixed income securities must have a quality rating of "A" or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating services at the time of purchase. Fixed income investments which are downgraded to "Baa" or equivalent rating must be liquidated within a reasonable period of time not to exceed twelve months. Fixed income investments that are downgraded below a "Baa" rating are to be liquidated immediately.

Concentration Risk

In addition to describing the credit risk of investments in the portfolio, the City is required to disclose the concentration of credit risk with a single issuer. If 5% or more of the total assets of the portfolio are invested with one issuer, a footnote disclosure will be required. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the United States government and investments in mutual funds or pools are excluded from the concentration of credit risk disclosure requirements.

The City's investments in mutual funds are excluded from the concentration of credit risk disclosure requirements.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rates could adversely affect an investment's fair value. Interest rate risk disclosures are required for all debt investments as well as investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Both pension plans' interest rate risk is measured using the weighted average maturity method (WAM). The WAM method expresses investment time horizons, the time when investments become due and payable-in years or months, weighted to reflect the dollar size of individual investments.

Foreign Currency Risk

The City's investments are not exposed to this risk.

The City has no formal investment policy but adheres to the Florida Statutes as required.

General Employees' Retirement Fund

• Deposits

The General Employees' Retirement Fund is a defined contribution plan and all contributions are self- directed by the plan participants (including the non-vested portion) to their investment choices. There is no un-invested cash with ICMA-RC (International City/County Management Association Retirement Corporation) the Administrator of the plan.

Investments

Investment Policy-Authorized Investments: The plan participants to the General Employees' Retirement System may elect to allocate investments among a variety of mutual funds, money market funds, and fixed return funds.

Fair

The City's General Employees' Retirement Fund Investments and required disclosures for the year ended September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Investment Name				Credit		Fair Value
	Investment Type	Fair Value	% of Plan	Ratings	WAM	Level
MissionSquare PLUS Fund	Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	\$ 523,119	26.83%	AA	4.61	1
MissionSquare Cash Management	Short-Term Investments (MM)	19,484	1.00%	AAAm	38 Days	1
MissionSquare Core Bond Index	Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	41,713	2.14%	AA	8.26	1
MSQ Western Asset Core Plus Bond I	Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	75,296	3.86%	BBB	13.21	1
MissionSquare Inflation Focused	Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	44,162	2.26%	AA	8.23	1
MSQ PIMCO High Yield Fund	Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	11,444	0.59%	**	5.67	1
MissionSquare Retirement Target Income	Mutual Funds - Fund of Funds	109,034	5.59%	BBB	7.30	1
MissionSquare Retirement Target 2020	Mutual Funds - Fund of Funds	87,725	4.50%	BBB	7.32	1
MissionSquare Retirement Target 2025	Mutual Funds - Fund of Funds	229,166	11.75%	BBB	7.14	1
MissionSquare Retirement Target 2030	Mutual Funds - Fund of Funds	64,986	3.33%	BBB	7.16	1
MissionSquare Retirement Target 2035	Mutual Funds - Fund of Funds	105,023	5.39%	BBB	7.02	1
MissionSquare Retirement Target 2040	Mutual Funds - Fund of Funds	15,485	0.79%	BBB	6.57	1
MissionSquare Retirement Target 2045	Mutual Funds - Fund of Funds	2,265	0.12%	BBB	6.10	1
MissionSquare Retirement Target 2050	Mutual Funds - Fund of Funds	13,028	0.67%	BBB	5.15	1
MissionSquare Model Portfolio LT Growth	Mutual Funds - Fund of Funds	5,577	0.29%	BBB	6.94	1
MissionSquare Model Portfolio Global						
Growth	Mutual Funds - Equity	145,824	7.48%	N/A	N/A	1
MSQ Puritan Fund	Mutual Funds - Allocation	14,829	0.76%	N/A	N/A	1
MissionSquare Equity Income	Mutual Funds - Equity	19,289	0.99%	N/A	N/A	
MSQ MFS Value Fund	Mutual Funds - Equity	63,261	3.24%	N/A	N/A	1
MissionSquare 500 Stock Index	Mutual Funds - Equity	51,667	2.65%	N/A	N/A	1
MissionSquare Broad Market Income	Mutual Funds - Equity	8,760	0.45%	N/A	N/A	1
MSQ Parnassus Core Equity	Mutual Funds - Equity	21,930	1.12%	N/A	N/A	1
MSQ Victory Sycamore Established Value						
Fund	Mutual Funds - Equity	64,071	3.29%	N/A	N/A	1
MSQ AMG TimesSquare Mid Cap Growth						
Fund	Mutual Funds - Equity	4,132	0.21%	N/A	N/A	1
MSQ Mid/Small Company Index	Mutual Funds - Equity	10,523	0.54%	N/A	N/A	
MSQ Small Cap Discover	Mutual Funds - Equity	9,714	0.50%	N/A	N/A	
MSQ Invesco Discovery	Mutual Funds - Equity	21,167	1.09%	N/A	N/A	1
MissionSquare International	Mutual Funds - Equity	35,991	1.85%	N/A	N/A	1
MissionSquare Overseas Equity Index I	Mutual Funds - Equity	45,580	2.34%	N/A	N/A	1
MissionSquare Diversified International	Mutual Funds - Equity	7,575	0.39%	N/A	N/A	1
MissionSquare Emerging Markets	Mutual Funds - Equity	37,179	1.91%	N/A	N/A	
MSQ Nuveen Real Estate Secs	Mutual Funds - Equity	17,487	0.90%	N/A	N/A	1
MSQ Retirement Income Advantage Fund	Mutual Funds- Guaranteed Lifetime Income	23,466	1.20%	N/A	N/A	1
		\$ 1,949,952	100.00%			

** Due to a change in the position at the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) on the use of the average credit quality statistics and credit quality ratings, beginning April 7, 2010, PIMCO has discontinued use of average credit quality portfolio statistic along with quality table representations on all US based "marketing" materials.

Note 3 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

		Beginning								Ending
		Balance	<u> </u>	ncreases	De	creases	Tran	sfers		Balance
Governmental Activities										
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:										
Land	\$	1,686,555	\$	80,835	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,767,390
Construction in Progress		905,979		555,372	(1	,223,716)		-		237,635
Total Capital Assets Not Being										
Depreciated		2,592,534		636,207	(1	,223,716)		-		2,005,025
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:										
Buildings		3,819,761		653,983		(131,438)		-		4,342,306
Improvements Other than Buildings		794,280		-		(18,653)		-		775,627
Infrastructure		2,192,551		103,570		-		-		2,296,121
Vehicles and Accessories		763,630		286,101		(120,062)		-		929,669
Furniture and Equipment		835,545		128,440		(32,815)		346		931,516
Intangibles - Software		138,327		59,540		-		-		197,867
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		8,544,094		1,231,634		(302,968)		346		9,473,106
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings		(940,187)		(139,747)		124,484				(955,450)
Improvements Other than Buildings				(159,747)		124,404		-		
Infrastructure		(491,310) (925,556)		- (108,242)		-		-		(491,310) (1,033,798)
Vehicles and Accessories				(108,242) (90,841)		- 120,062		-		
		(591,425)		. , ,						(562,204)
Furniture and Fixtures		(527,937)		(70,932)		29,868		-		(569,001)
Intangibles - Software		(135,878)		(36,961)		-		-		(172,839)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(3,612,293)		(446,723)		274,414		-		(3,784,602)
Total Capital Assets Being						()				
Depreciated, Net		4,931,801		784,911		(28,554)		346		5,688,504
Governmental Activities, Capital										
Assets, Net		7,524,335		1,421,118	(1	,252,270)		346	:	7,693,529
Ducing Trues Asticities										
Business-Type Activities										
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:		100 100				(7 5 7 7)				101 500
Land		199,133		-		(7,537)		-		191,596
Construction in Progress		16,854		599,494		(469,966)		-		146,382
Total Capital Assets Not Being		245 207				(477 500)				227.070
Depreciated		215,987		599,494		(477,503)		-		337,978
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:										
Buildings and Improvements		18,637,173		534,201		(185,384)		-		18,985,990
Infrastructure		5,086,248		-		-		-		5,086,248
Machinery and Equipment		596,084		38,102		(148,556)		(346)		485,284
Intangibles - Software		50,449		-		-		-		50,449
Total Capital Assets Being										
Depreciated		24,369,954		572,303		(333,940)		(346)		24,607,971
Less Accumulated Depreciation:										
Buildings and Improvements	(1	10,341,661)		(480,890)		148,841		-		(10,673,710)
Infrastructure		(397,979)		(127,156)		-		-		(525 <i>,</i> 135)
Equipment		(464,211)		(23,876)		141,266		-		(346,821)
Intangibles - Software	_	(35,313)	_	(5,045)		-				(40,358)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(11,239,164)		(636,967)		290,107	_	-		(11,586,024)
Total Capital Assets Being		<u> </u>	·	. , ,					·	<u> </u>
Depreciated, Net		13,130,790		(64,664)		(43,833)		(346)		13,021,947
Total Business-Type Activities, Net	-	13,346,777	\$		\$	(521,336)	Ś	(346)	\$	13,359,925
. eta: Busilieus Type Activities, Net	7		Ŷ	55 7,000	Ÿ	(321,330)	7	(340)	<u> </u>	_0,000,020

	Ending Balance
Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	
General Government and Administrative	\$ 119,330
Public Safety	132,883
Physical Environment	458
Tranportation	132,557
Culture and Recreation	61,495
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 446,723
Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	
Water and Sewer System	\$ 636,967

Note 4 - Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	I	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities								
Note Payable:								
Note Payable-Mid-FL CU Capital 2016, Direct Borrowing	\$	912,845	\$ -	\$	(148,387)	\$ 764,458	\$	153,654
Total Notes Payable		912,845	 -		(148,387)	 764,458		153,654
Other Liabilities:								
OPEB Liability		156,440	64,715		-	221,155		-
Compensated Absences		349,208	273,613		(312,147)	310,674		62,135
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,418,493	\$ 338,328	\$	(460,534)	\$ 1,296,287	\$	215,789
Business-Type Activities								
Loans Payable:								
State Revolving Loan - Waste								
Water Treatment Plant, Direct Borrowing		2,119,698	-		(100,287)	2,019,411		102,146
State Revolving Loan - S. Water								
Main Extension, Direct Borrowing		63,093	-		(5,307)	57,786		5,444
State Revolving Loan - N. Water								
Main Extension, Direct Borrowing		329,412	-		(27,652)	301,760		27,094
State Revolving Loan - Meter Project,								
Direct Borrowing		308,104	 -		(8,974)	 299,130		15,596
Total Loans Payable		2,820,307	 -		(142,220)	 2,678,087		150,280
Other Liabilities:								
OPEB Liability		44,247	7,515		-	51,762		-
Compensated Absences		33,098	51,354		(54,693)	29,759		5,952
Total Other Liabilities	_	77,345	 58,869		(54,693)	 81,521		5,952
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	2,897,652	\$ 58,869	\$	(196,913)	\$ 2,759,608	\$	156,232

For governmental activities, compensated absences and other post-employment benefits are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

• State Revolving Sinking Fund

In accordance with terms of the loan covenants, the City records monthly amounts into separate accounts to fund upcoming principal and interest payments on the bonds. Such cash and investments are reflected in the financial statements as restricted assets.

• State Revolving Loan Reserves

In addition to debt service deposit requirements above, loan agreements require reserve accounts to be used only to pay principal and interest in the event the monies in the sinking account are insufficient. All reserve requirements for State Revolving Loans are funded in accordance with the agreements.

The following is a schedule of loans, notes, and lease agreements outstanding as of September 30, 2021:

Туре	Purpose of Issue	Amount Issued		Amount utstanding	Rates	
Governmental-Type Activities Note Payable - Mid-FL Credit Union 2016, Direct Borrowing	Payoff 2014 Loan and Construction Project	\$ 1,	500,000	\$ 764,458	3.410%	
Business-Type Activities Loans and Notes Payable: State Revolving Loan, Direct Borrowing	Utility System Expansion	3.	.194.737	2.019.411	1.81/1.86%	
State Revolving Loan, Direct Borrowing	Utility System Expansion	- /	504,110	301,760	2.61%	
State Revolving Loan, Direct Borrowing State Revolving Loan, Direct Borrowing	Utility System Expansion Meter Project		107,230 326.349	57,786 299.130	2.57% Variable	

Debt service to maturity for the City's Mid-Florida Credit Union note payable obligation is as follows:

Due September	 Principal	 Total Interest	Total Requirements			
2022	\$ 153,654	\$ 24,009	\$	177,663		
2023	159,051	18,612		177,663		
2024	164,601	13,062		177,663		
2025	170,420	7,243		177,663		
2026	116,732	1,517		118,249		
Total	\$ 764,458	\$ 64,443	\$	828,901		

City's Mid-Florida Credit Union Capital Note Payable Direct Borrowings

Interest costs incurred for the governmental-type activities over the next 25 years amount to \$64,443. State Revolving Loan Fund has maturity dates and debt service requirements as follows:

Loans from Direct Borrowings

									Interest					
Due September			0		State Revolving Loan ARRA		State Revolving Companion Loan		ate Revolving oan-Meters		Total All Series	Total Requirements		
· · · ·					 	Loan-wieters		All Series		Net	•			
2022	\$	102,146	\$	5,444	\$ 28,378	\$	15,596	\$	49,396	\$	200,960			
2023		104,039		5,585	29,124		15,711		46,535		200,994			
2024		105,967		5,729	29,889		15,828		43,615		201,028			
2025		107,931		5,877	30,674		15,945		40,636		201,063			
2026		109,931		6,029	31,480		16,063		37,596		201,099			
2027-2031		580,980		29,122	152,215		82,120		119,139		963,576			
2032-2036		636,849		-	-		85,210		74,792		796,851			
2037-2039		271,568		-	 -		52,657		14,301		338,526			
Total	\$	2,019,411	\$	57,786	\$ 301,760	\$	299,130	\$	426,010	\$	3,104,097			

Note 5 - Pledged Revenue

The City has pledged certain revenues to repay bonds and notes outstanding as of September 30, 2021. The following table reports the revenues pledged for each debt issue, the amounts of such revenues received in the current year, the current year principal and interest paid on the debt, the approximate percentage of each revenue, which is pledged to meet the debt obligation, the date through which the revenue is pledged under the debt agreement, and the total pledged future revenues for each debt, which is the amount of the remaining principal and interest on the bonds and notes at September 30, 2021:

Description of Bonds	Pledged Revenue		Revenue Received	Principal and Interest Paid	Estimated Percentage Pledged		utstanding 'incipal and Interest	Pledged Through
Business-Type Activities								
State Revolving Loans	Net System Revenues (1)	Ś	1.800.245	\$ 191.144	58.00%	Ś	3.104.097	2,038
State Revolving Loans	Revenues (1)	\$	1,800,245	\$ 191,144	58.00%	\$	3,104,097	2,03

(1) Net System Revenues are defined as gross revenues less operating expenses, not including depreciation, and debt service payments.

Note 6 - Inter-Fund Transfers and Due To/Due From

Inter-Fund Transfers

Inter-fund transfers at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Transfer In	
General Fund	\$ 1,425,999
CRA Fund	 64,051
	\$ 1,490,050
Transfer (Out)	
General Fund	\$ 99,338
CRA Fund	100,000
Water Sewer Fund	 1,290,712
	\$ 1,490,050

Funds were transferred from the General Fund to the CRA for their portion of the property taxes. The Water Sewer Fund transferred funds to the General Fund to cover their portion of general and administrative costs, including finance, human resources, and information technology. The CRA fund transferred funds to the General Fund to assist with the cost of upgrades to the electrical system at Lake Lillian.

Note 7 - Receivables

Business-type activities receivables are composed entirely of amounts due from customers.

Note 8 - Payables

Payables in the governmental activities are composed entirely of amounts due to vendors. Business-type activities payables are composed entirely of amounts due to vendors.

Note 9 - Segment Information for Water and Sewer Proprietary Fund

The City operates only one proprietary fund for water and sewer operations. Segment information is available in the basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Note 10 - Concentration of Credit Risk

Customer receivables are comprised of uncollateralized utility billings from residential and commercial customers in and around the Belleview, Florida area.

Note 11 - Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

The City contributes, on behalf of general employees, to a single-employer defined contribution plan administered by the ICMA-RA. The City also contributes, on behalf of police officers of the City to a singleemployer defined benefit plan. These plans are maintained as a separate pension trust fund and are included as part of the City's reporting entity. City ordinance and state law require contributions to be determined by actuarial study at least every three years for the Police Officers' Defined Benefit Plan. Stand-alone financial reports are not issued.

General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan

After terminating its previous defined benefit plan effective October 1, 1995, the City created a new defined contribution plan covering all eligible general employees of the City. In terminating the previous defined benefit plan, the City's actuary calculated the present value of vested accrued benefits, which were transferred to the new defined contribution plan with the remaining unearned plan assets returned to the City.

Prior to October 1, 2007, the City contributed 7.5% of the employees' salary, with a 5-10 year vesting period. Employees had to be full-time and have 90 days of service to be eligible.

The Plan was revised October 1, 2007. Employees must now be full-time and have 6 months of service to be eligible. The revised vesting schedule was changed to a shorter vesting period of 3-7 years. Additionally, starting in October, for every 1% that an employee sets aside in their (457) Deferred Compensation plan, the City also matched an additional .5% up to a maximum of an additional 2.5%. The match amounts are deposited into the employees' 401(a) defined contribution account. The employees' pension savings now have the potential of totaling 15% of their salary.

Forfeitures are used to offset current contribution by the City. The normal retirement date is the first day of the month coinciding with the participant's sixtieth birthday.

The vesting schedule, based on the number of years of service, is as follows:

Greater Than 6 Months but Less Than 3 Years	0%
3 Years	20%
4 Years	40%
5 Years	60%
6 Years	80%
7 or More Years	100%

At termination, participants may choose the anniversary date or immediate distributions based on the balance of the participant's account as of the prior year's valuation. Transfers or rollovers from qualified plans are allowed and hardship distributions are permitted.

At September 30, 2020, there were 30 active members of the Plan.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City contributed \$118,336 to the Plan. There were no forfeitures utilized during the year.

Beginning in 2011, the City passed a resolution to permit loans to eligible participants in accordance with the plan documents.

Police Officers' Defined Benefit Plan

• Plan Description

Plan Administration

The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Plan's Board of Trustees comprised of:

- a) Two Commission Appointees
- b) Two Members of the Department Elected by the Membership
- c) Fifth Member Elected by the Other Four and Appointed by the Commission

Full-time employees who are classified as full-time sworn police officers shall participate in the Plan as a condition of employment.

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2020:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	7
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	4
Active Plan Members	13
Total Number of Participants	24

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability, and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

Eligibility: Earlier of Age 60, age 55 and 10 years of Credited Service, or age 52 and 25 years of Credited Service Benefit: 3.0% of Average Final Compensation times Credited Service.

Early Retirement:

Eligibility: Age 50 and 10 years of Credited Service Benefit: Accrued benefit, reduced 3% per year.

Vesting:

Schedule: 100% after 10 years of Credited Service

Benefit Amount: Member will receive the vested portion of his (her) accrued benefit payable at the otherwise Normal Retirement Date.

Disability:

Eligibility: Service Incurred: Covered from Date of Employment Non-Service Incurred: 10 years of Credited Service

Benefit: Benefit accrued to date of disability but less than 42% of Average Final Compensation (Service Incurred).

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits:

Vested: Monthly accrued benefit payable to designated beneficiary for 10 years at Member's Retirement Date.

Non-Vested: Refund of accumulated contributions without interest.

Supplemental Benefit: Chapter 185 Accounts:

Premium taxes monies received pursuant to Chapter 185, Florida Statutes, in excess of the 1997 Base Amount will be allocated to individual Member share accounts based on years of Credited Service effective September 30, 1999, and ended September 30, 2007.

• Contributions

Member Contributions: 5.0% of Salary

City and State Contributions: Remaining amount required in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, as provided in Part VII of Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The measurement date is September 30, 2021.

The measurement period for the pension expense is October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021. The reporting period is October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021.

The Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset) was measured as of September 30, 2021. The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability (Asset) was determined as of that date.

• Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020, updated to September 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods:

Inflation	2.7%
Salary Increases	Service Based
Discount Rate	7.5%
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives: Females: PubS.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year. Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Healthy Retirees Lives: Females: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year. Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives: Females: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees. Male:PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives: 80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees/ 20% PubS.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees.

All rates are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018.

The most recent actuarial experience study used to review the other significant assumptions was dated August 23, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building-block method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

For 2021, the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.30%.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	40.0%	8.3%
International Equity	10.0%	4.1%
Bonds	30.0%	3.1%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%	5.6%
Convertibles	10.0%	7.8%
Cash	5.0%	0.2%
Total	100%	

Investments

Investment Policy

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2021:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation
Domestic Equity	40.0%
International Equity	10.0%
Bonds	30.0%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%
Convertibles	10.0%
Cash	5.0%
Total	100%

Concentrations

The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represents 5% or one of the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position.

Rate of Return

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of Pension Plan investment expense, was 19.67%.

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and the sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net positions were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Pension Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Pension Plan liability.

• Deferred Retirement Option Program

Eligibility: Satisfaction of Normal Retirement Requirements Participation: Not to Exceed 60 Months Rate of Return: At Member's Election

- (1) Actual net rate of investment return (total return net of brokerage commissions, management fees, and transaction costs) credited each fiscal quarter.
- (2) 6.5% per annum compounded monthly. Members may elect to change form of return one time.

The Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) balance, as of September 30, 2021, is \$66,291.

• Net Pension Liability (Asset) of the Sponsor

The components of the net pension liability (asset) of the sponsor on September 30, 2021, were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 4,845,628
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(5,214,979)
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (369,351)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of Total Pension Liability (Asset)	107.62%

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Тс	otal Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position			et Pension bility (Asset)
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$	4,365,896	\$	4,413,708	\$	(47,812)
Changes for a Year:						
Service Cost		112,147		-		112,147
Interest		328,384		-		328,384
Share Plan Allocation		-		-		-
Differences between Expected and						
Actual Experience		238,390		-		238,390
Changes in Assumptions		-		-		-
Changes in Benefit Terms		-		-		-
Contributions - Employer		-		89,497		(89 <i>,</i> 497)
Contributions - State		-		49,685		(49 <i>,</i> 685)
Contributions - Employee		-		34,971		(34,971)
Net Investment Income		-		861,937		(861,937)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of						
Employee Contributions		(199,189)		(199,189)		-
Administrative Expense		-		(35 <i>,</i> 630)		35,630
Net Changes		479,732		801,271		(321,539)
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	4,845,628	\$	5,214,979	\$	(369,351)

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Single Discount Rate Assumption:

	1% Decrease 6.50%	С	urrent Discount Rate - 7.50%	1% Increase 8.50%
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$	182,825	\$	(369,351)	\$ (827,583)

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized negative pension expense of \$37,231. On September 30, 2021, the City reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Net Difference Between		209,552 -	\$	48,454 54,984	
Projected and Actual Earning on Pension Plan Investments				492,633	
Total	\$	209,552	\$	596,071	

Amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions will be recognized in Pension Expense as follows:

Year Ended	
September 30	 Amount
2022	\$ (86,834)
2023	(94,354)
2024	(125,749)
2025	 (79,582)
Total	\$ (386,519)

The following is a summarized schedule of the general and police pension plan assets and changes in the net position of the plans:

Schedule of Pension Plan Net Position as of September 30, 2021

		General Employees' Retirement Fund	F	Police Officers' Retirement Fund		Total
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	19,484	\$	191,667	\$	211,151
Investments		1,930,468		5,019,965		6,950,433
Due From General Fund		-		745		745
Loans Receivable		90,177		-		90,177
Interest Receivable		-		2,602		2,602
Total Assets	\$	2,040,129	\$	5,214,979	\$	7,255,108
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		-		-		-
Net Assets						
Net Position						
Restricted for Pensions	\$	2,040,129	\$	5,214,979	\$	7,255,108
Additions Contributions Employer State Employee Total Contributions Net Investment Income Total Additions	\$	118,336 118,336 307,344 425,680	\$	89,497 49,685 34,971 174,153 861,937 1,036,090	\$	207,833 49,685 34,971 292,489 1,169,281 1,461,770
Deductions						
Pension Benefit Payments and						
Refunds		123,741		199,189		322,930
General and Administrative		8,516		35,630		44,146
Total Deductions		132,257		234,819		367,076
Net Increase (Decrease)		293,423		801,271		1,094,694
Net Position Restricted		233,423		001,271		1,094,094
for Pensions						
Beginning of Year		1,746,706		4,413,708		6,160,414
End of Year	\$	2,040,129	\$	5,214,979	\$	7,255,108
	Ŷ	2,070,123	Ŷ	5,217,575	Ŷ	,,235,100

Note 12 - Contingencies and Construction Commitments

Grants and Loans

Under the terms of Federal and state grants and loans, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not allowable as expenditures under the terms of the grants, which could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. City management believes disallowances, if any, will not be material.

Note 13 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. Insurance against losses are provided through the Florida League of Cities, Inc. for the following type of risk:

• Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability

Insurance against losses are provided through Risk Management Association for the following types of risk:

- General and Automobile Liability
- Real and Personal Property Damage
- Public Officials' Liability
- Accidental Death and Dismemberment

The City's coverage for workers' compensation is under a retrospectively rated policy. Premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost to-date of the City's experience for this type of risk.

Any settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

Note 14 - State Financial Assistance and Federal Single Audit

During the fiscal year, the City did not expend greater than \$750,000 in state financial assistance awards or federal single audit awards; therefore, an audit in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General or the Uniform Guidance* was not required.

Note 15 - OPEB

Plan Description—The City administers a single-employer defined benefit health care plan (the Plan) that provides medical insurance to its employees and their eligible dependents. In accordance with Section 112.0801, of the Florida Statutes, because the City provides a medical plan to active employees of the City and their eligible dependents, the City is also required to provide retirees with the opportunity to participate in this Plan. Benefit provisions for the Plan are established by the City Commission and may be amended by the City Commission. These retirees are completely responsible for payment of their insurance premiums and the City does not contribute toward this payment. However, the City subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the Plan on average than those of active employees. Medicare eligible retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible. The City does not issue stand-alone financial statements for the Plan.

Plan Membership as of September 30, 2021:

Active Plan Members	53
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	-
Inactive Plan Members entitled to But Not yet Receiving Benefits	-

Benefits Provided – The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical coverage. All employees of the City are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. All retirees and dependent coverage is at the expense of the retiree. Medicare coverage is assumed to become primary upon attainment of age 65.

Total OPEB Liability

The measurement date is September 30, 2020. The measurement period for the OPEB expense was October 1, 2019 to September 30, 2020. The reporting period is October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021.

The Sponsor's Total OPEB Liability was measured as of September 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Discount Rate	2.14%
Initial Trend Rate	7.50%
Ultimate Trend Rate	4.00%
Years to Ultimate	55

For all lives, mortality rates were RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables projected to the valuation date using Projection Scale AA.

Discount Rate:

Given the City's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high- quality municipal bond rate of 2.14%. The high quality municipal bond rate was based the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices. The S&P Municipal 20 Year High Grade Rate Index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity fo 20 years. Eligible bonds must be rated at least AA by Standard and Poor's Rating Service, Aa2 by Moody's or AA by Fitch. If there are multiple ratings, the lowest rating is used.

OPEB Expense:

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Sponsor will recognize OPEB Expense of \$80,934.

Deferred Outflows

Since the plan uses the Alternative Measurement Method allowed by GASB 75, changes in Total OPEB Liability are not permitted to be included in deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources. Thus, for the year ended September 30, 2020, deferred outflows related to OPEB consist of \$7,062 for benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date.

Increase and

	(Decrease) Total OPEB		
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2020	\$	200,687	
Changes for a Year:			
Service Cost		25,361	
Interest		8,002	
Differences Between Expected			
and Actual Experience		-	
Changes of Assumptions		43,971	
Changes in Benefit Terms		-	
Benefit Payments		(5,104)	
Administrative Expense		-	
Other Changes		-	
Net Changes		72,230	
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2021	\$	272,917	

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.58% from the reporting period ended September 30, 2020, to 2.14% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the Sponsor, as well as what the Sponsor's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower than or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 1.14%	Current Discount Rate - 2.14%		1% Increase 3.14%	
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 311,041	\$ 272,917	\$	241,222	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the Sponsor, as well as what the Sponsor's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Costs					
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates			1% Increase	
	 3.00% - 6.50%		4.00% - 7.50%		5.00% - 8.50%	
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 235,287	\$	272,917	\$	318,795	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The following supplementary schedules present trend information regarding the retirement plans for the City's general employees, police officers, Other Post Retirement Benefits, and major fund budgetary comparison schedules. This information is necessary for a fair presentation in conformity with GAAP. The basis for budgetary comparisons shown is the same as GAAP.

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUND - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues								
Taxes								
Ad Valorem	\$	1,244,999	\$	1,244,999	\$	1,216,838	\$	(28,161)
Local Option Gas Tax		245,000		245,000		262,189		17,189
Discretionary Sales Surtax		155,000		624,140		833,763		209,623
Utility Tax:								
Electric		167,100		167,100		182,650		15,550
Communications Services and Business Taxes		189,635		189,635		203,719		14,084
Total Taxes		2,001,734		2,470,874		2,699,159		228,285
Permits and Fees								
Franchise Fees		477,777		477,777		537,086		59,309
Building Permits		173,600		263,600		424,930		161,330
Total Permits and Fees		651,377		741,377		962,016		220,639
Intergovernmental Revenue								
Half-Cent Sales Tax		360,000		360,000		462,910		102,910
Insurance Premium Tax - Police		48,079		48,079		49,685		1,606
State Revenue Sharing		190,000		197,000		227,338		30,338
Mobile Home Licenses		10,000		10,000		9,526		(474)
Alcoholic Beverage Licenses		4,000		4,000		10,829		6,829
State Revenue for Lighting		40,513		40,513		40,514		1
Total Intergovernmental Revenue		652,592		659,592		800,802		141,210
Grants								· · · · · · · · ·
USDA Police Department Vehicle Grant		76,400		152,800		76,400		(76,400)
Other Public Safety Grants		-		10,137		9,137		(1,000)
Local Grant		-		, -		27,536		27,536
Department of Transportation Beautification Grant		243,837		-		-		-
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance -		,						
Presidentially Declared Disasters		8,000		-		-		-
, Total Grants		328,237		162,937	·	113,073		(49,864)
Charges for Services								(,
Garbage/Solid Waste/Recycling		358,238		358,238		371,283		13,045
Mowing		100		100				(100)
Zoning Fees		6,500		6,500		11,549		5,049
Drainage Review		7,600		7,600		9,050		1,450
Total Charges for Services		372,438		372,438	·	391,882		19,444
Fines and Forfeitures		372,130		372,100		331,002		
Court Fines		41,883		41,883		55,330		13,447
Vehicle Impoundment		4,000		4,000		1,313		(2,687)
Police False Alarms		2,800		2,800		2,300		(500)
Investigation and Restitution		2,282		2,282		2,056		(226)
Other Revenue		15,400		15,400		34,447		19,047
Total Fines and Forfeitures		66,365		66,365		95,446		29,081
Miscellaneous Revenue		00,000		00,000		55,440		23,001
Investment Earnings		10,200		10,200		9,477		(723)
-		15,000		15,000		77,050		62,050
Cemetery Lots Recreation Impact Fees		30,000		50,800		50,970		170
Other		142,040		191,663		233,801		42,138
Total Miscellaneous Revenue		142,040		267,663				103,635
Total Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues	ć		\$	4,741,246	\$	371,298	ć	
	\$	4,269,983	ڊ 	4,741,240	ې 	5,433,676	\$	692,430

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUND - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
(penditures				
General Government				
Legislative:				
Personnel Services	\$ 91,150	\$ 91,150	\$ 81,800 \$	
Operating Expenses	34,553	99,553	65,288	34,2
Legislative - Debt Service – Principal	148,439	148,439	148,387	!
Legislative - Debt Service – Interest	 29,224	 29,224	 29,276	(1
Total Legislative	 303,366	 368,366	 324,751	43,6
Executive:			 	
Executive - Personnel Services	475,467	470,618	444,081	26,5
Operating Expenses	147,880	156,030	121,036	34,9
Executive_Reserve for Future Use – Sales Tax	, _	38,623	-	38,6
 Executive - Capital Outlay	-	8,167	8,167	,
Total Executive	 623,347	 673,438	 573,284	100,1
Finance and Administrative:	 020,017	 0,0,100	 070,201	100)1
Personnel Services	499,732	499,732	505,937	(6,20
Admin Operating Expenses	112,466	117,466	95,422	22,04
	112,400	146,879	93,422	
Admin_Reserve for Future Use – Sales Tax	4,000	4,000	4,000	146,8
Admin - Capital Outlay		 ,	 ·	162.7
Total Finance and Administrative	 616,198	 768,077	 605,359	162,7
Comprehensive Planning:				
Personnel Services	220,935	222,185	228,871	(6,68
Operating Expenses	180,713	412,260	399,581	12,6
Planning_Capital Outlay	 -	 14,208	 14,208	
Total Comprehensive Planning	 401,648	 648,653	 642,660	5,9
Information Technology:				
Personnel Services	194,996	186,996	175,302	11,6
Operating Expenses	208,938	208,938	193,932	15,0
Capital Outlay	 86,000	 122,000	 108,892	13,10
Total Information Technology	489,934	517,934	478,126	39,80
Total General Government	 2,434,493	2,976,468	2,624,180	352,2
Public Safety	 	 · ·	 · · ·	
Law Enforcement:				
Personnel Services	1,491,660	1,488,196	1,464,134	24,0
Operating Expenses	269,673	370,902	294,449	76,4
Law - Reserve for Future Use – Sales Tax	45,000			, c)
Capital Outlay	105,000	130,756	101,112	29,64
Total Public Safety	 1,911,333	 1,989,854	 1,859,695	130,1
Physical Environment	 1,511,555	 1,505,054	 1,000,000	150,1
Garbage/Solid Waste/Recycling:				
	250 220	250 220	260 500	(11.2)
Operating Expenses	358,238	358,238	369,590	(11,35
Cemetery:	10 700	10 700	6 405	1.2
Operating Expenses	10,700	10,700	6,435	4,2
Cemetery - Capital Outlay	 15,000	 15,000	 	15,0
Total Physical Environment	 383,938	 383,938	 376,025	7,9
Transportation				
Roads and Streets:				
Personnel Services	332,082	335,082	316,292	18,79
Operating Expenses	210,785	256,785	226,734	30,0
Capital Outlay	443,837	262,061	269,472	(7,4:

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUND - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (Continued)

		Original		Final Pudant		A stored		Mantanaa
Expanditures (Concluded)		Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Expenditures (Concluded) Culture and Recreation								
Parks and Recreation:								
Personnel Services	\$	43,807	Ś	43,807	Ś	45.579	5	(1,772)
Operating Expenses	Ŧ	87,192	Ŧ	89,192	Ŧ	86,370		2,822
Parks - Reserve for Future Use – Sales Tax		30,200		88,350		-		88,350
Capital Outlay		-		135,365		138,274		(2,909)
Total Culture and Recreation		161,199		356,714		270,223		86,491
Total Expenditures		5,877,667		6,560,902		5,942,621		618,281
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under)								
Expenditures		(1,607,684)		(1,819,656)		(508,945)		1,310,711
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in		1,398,212		1,448,212		1,425,999		(22,213)
Transfers (out)		(62,876)		(114,051)		(99 <i>,</i> 338)		14,713
Total Other Financing Sources		1,335,336		1,334,161		1,326,661		(7,500)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(272,348)		(485 <i>,</i> 495)		817,716		1,303,211
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		272,348		485,495		2,764,064		2,278,569
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,581,780	5	3,581,780

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CRA FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues	 v				
Taxes					
Ad Valorem	\$ 55,582	\$	56,621	\$ 56,621	\$-
Total Taxes	 55,582		56,621	56,621	-
Miscellaneous Revenue					
Investment Earnings	300		300	259	(41)
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	 300		300	259	(41)
Total Revenues	 55,882		56,921	56,880	(41)
Expenditures					
Admin_Operating Expenses	175		5,175	5,175	-
CRA_Reserve for Future Use	 11,083		8,297		8,297
Total Expenditures	 11,258		13,472	5,175	8,297
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	 44,624	·	43,449	51,705	8,256
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers in	62,876		64,051	64,051	-
Transfers (out)	 (107,500)		(107,500)	(100,000)	7,500
Total Other Financing Sources	 (44,624)		(43,449)	(35,949)	7,500
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-	15,756	15,756
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 -		-	3,601	3,601
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$		\$ 19,357	\$ 19,357

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

	Sep	tember 30, 2021	Sep	tember 30, 2020	Sep	tember 30, 2019
Total Pension Liability (Asset)						
Service Cost	\$	112,147	\$	93,241	\$	86,319
Interest		328,384		319,547		306,540
Differences Between Expected and Actual						(
Experience		238,390		(41,261)		(41,892)
Changes of Assumptions		-		(82,477)		-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of						
Employee Contributions		(199,189)		(181,091)		(187,815)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		479,732		107,959		163,152
Total Pension Liability, Beginning of Year		4,365,896		4,257,937		4,094,785
Total Pension Liability, End of Year (a)	\$	4,845,628	\$	4,365,896	\$	4,257,937
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - Employer	\$	89,497	\$	114,024	\$	106,933
Contributions - State		49,685		48,079		48,064
Contributions - Employee		34,971		37,578		32,981
Net Investment Income		861,937		490,266		172,612
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of						
Employee Contributions		(199,189)		(181,091)		(187,815)
Administrative Expense		(35,630)		(20,815)		(26,982)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net position		801,271		488,041		145,793
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning of						
Year		4,413,708		3,925,667		3,779,874
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, End of Year (b)	\$	5,214,979	\$	4,413,708	\$	3,925,667
Net Pension Liability (Asset), Ending (a) - (b)	\$	(369,351)	\$	(47,812)	\$	332,270
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset)		107.62%		101.10%		92.20%
Covered Payroll**	\$	699,409	\$	751,556	\$	659,626
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of				,		·
Covered Payroll		-52.81%		-6.36%		50.37%

Notes to Schedule:

* GASB Statement No. 67 was adopted for the 2014 Fiscal year and 10-year trend information will be developed from 2014 forward.

** The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, except for the September 30, 2015, measurement period, which includes DROP payroll.

Changes of Assumption:

For measurement date September 30, 2020, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the rates used in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics.

For measurement date September 30, 2017, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality have been changed from those in the July 1, 2015 FRS valuation report, to those used in the July 1, 2016 FRS valuation report. As a result of the Experience Study dated August 23, 2017, the Board approved the following assumption changes:

- 1. Reduce the investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.50% per year, net of investment related expenses.
- 2. Change the assumed rate of individual salary increases from a flat 6.0% per year to an assumption of 10.0% during the first year of employment, 6.5% for each of the next 4 years of employment, and 5.0% per year after that.
- 3. Reduce the expected rates of Early Retirement from 5.0% to 3.0% for each member eligible for Early Retirement and eliminate the assumption that all Members who are eligible for Normal Retirement on the valuation date will work one more year.
- 4. Change the expected rates of non-retirement terminations from an age-based table to an assumption of 10.0% per year during the first five years of employment, 7.0% per year during the next 5 years of employment, 5.0% per year for the next 10 years of employment, and 2% each year after 20 years of employment.

For measurement date September 30, 2016, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees. The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.70%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Sep	otember 30, 2018	Se	otember 30, 2017	Se	ptember 30, 2016	Se	ptember 30, 2015	Se	eptember 30, 2014
\$	84,154 287,696	\$	96,358 305,113	\$	100,889 301,989	\$	96,058 290,472	\$	84,044 277,418
	56,520		(247,488) 57,557		(141,785) 97,155		33,859		-
	(170,752)		(429,912)		(196,913)		(356,299)		(53,783)
	257,618		(218,372)		161,335		64,090		307,679
<u> </u>	3,837,167	<u> </u>	4,055,539	ć	3,894,204	<u> </u>	3,830,114	~	3,522,435
\$	4,094,785	\$	3,837,167	\$	4,055,539	\$	3,894,204	\$	3,830,114
\$	96,340 44,587 29,150 229,560	\$	119,318 42,005 28,530 347,464	\$	144,693 39,999 27,612 282,001	\$	153,180 37,571 26,237 (19,359)	\$	146,979 40,668 22,645 263,861
	(170,752) (22,973)		(429,912) (27,330)		(196,913) (22,283)		(356,299) (21,434)		(53,783) (13,641)
	205,912		80,075		275,109		(180,104)		406,729
	3,573,962		3,493,887		3,218,778		3,398,882		2,992,153
\$	3,779,874	\$	3,573,962	\$	3,493,887	\$	3,218,778	\$	3,398,882
\$	314,911	\$	263,205	\$	561,652	\$	675,426	\$	431,232
\$	92.31% 587,814	\$	93.14% 570,589	\$	86.15% 566,539	\$	82.66% 661,659	\$	88.74% 453,254
	53.57%		46.13%		99.14%		102.08%		95.14%

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

		Contributions			
		in			Contributions
		Relation to the			as a
	Actuarially	Actuarially	Contribution		Percentage of
	Determined	Determined	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2021	\$ 139,182	\$ (139,182)	\$-	\$ 699,409	19.90%
2020	162,336	(162,103)	233	751,556	21.57%
2019	160,289	(154,997)	5,292	659,626	23.50%
2018	136,960	(140,927)	(3,967)	587,814	23.97%
2017	159,765	(161,323)	(1,558)	570,589	28.27%
2016	184,692	(184,692)	-	566,539	32.60%
2015	190,751	(190,751)	-	661,659	28.83%
2014	187,647	(187,647)	-	453,254	41.40%

* GASB Statement No. 67 was adopted for the 2014 Fiscal Year and 10-year trend information will be developed from 2014 forward.

** The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, except for the September 30, 2015, measurement period, which includes DROP payroll.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: October 1, 2019 Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Funding Method: Amortization Method: Remaining Amortization:	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. Level Percentage of Pay, Closed.
Period:	25 Years (as of 10/01/2016).
Mortality:	 Healthy Lives: Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy White Collar, Scale BB Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Combined Healthy White Collar/90% Combined Healthy Blue Collar, Scale BB. Healthy Inactive Lives: Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB. Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar/90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB Disabled Lives: Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward tow years/ 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale. Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years/ 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale. The assumed rates of mortality were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. The law mandates the use of the assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in the June 1, 2016 FRS actuarial valuation report for special risk employees. We feel this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements.
Interest Rate:	7.50% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses. This is supported by the target asset class allocation of the trust and the expected long-term return by asset class.

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* (Concluded)

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (Concluded):

Retirement Age:	This is the earlier of: 1) age 52 and 25 years of service, 2) age 55 and 10 years of service, o 3) age 60.						
	The assumption was developed from August 23, 20	17, Actuarial Experience Study.					
Early Retirement:	Commencing with the members eligibility for Early Retirement (Age 50 with 10 years of Service), members are assumed to retire with an immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 3.00% per year. This assumption was developed from an August 23, 2017, Actuarial Experience Study.						
Disability Rates:	See table below. It is assumed that 75% of disablement's are service related.						
Termination Rates: Years of Service < 5 Years 5 to 9 Years 10 to 19 Years 20 or More Years	Expected Rate of Termination 10.0% 7.0% 5.0% 2.0%						
	The current rates of termination resulted from an	August 23, 2017, Experience Study.					
Salary Increases:							
	Service	Current Assumption					
	< 1 Year	10.0%					
	1 - 4 Years	6.5%					
	5+ Years	5.0%					
Payroll Growth: Funding Method: Amortization Method: Remaining Amortization Period:	None Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method Level Percentage of Pay, Closed 24 Years (as of 10/1/2017)						
Asset Valuation Method:	Each year, the prior Actuarial Value of Assets is Brought forward utilizing the historical geometric 4-year average Market Return Value. It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below market value.						

Disability Rate Table:

	% Becoming Disabled During
Age 20	the Year 0.03%
30 40	0.04% 0.07%
50	0.18%

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense

19.67%
12.55%
4.62%
6.46%
10.05%
8.89%
-0.57%
8.75%

* GASB Statement No. 67 was adopted for the 2014 Fiscal Year and 10-year trend information will be developed from 2014 forward.

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND THE RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS * (UNAUDITED)

Reporting Period Ending Measurement Date		9-30-21 9-30-20	9-30-20 9-30-19	9-30-19 9-30-18		9-30-18 9-30-17
Total OPEB Liability Service Cost Interest	\$	25,361 8,002	\$ 16,156 8,180	\$ 16,927 6,917	\$	17,838 5,685
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments Net Change inTotal OPEB Liability		43,971 (5,104) 72,230	(31,727) 31,441 (5,790) 18,260	(11,823) (5,324) 6,697		(13,303) (4,907) 5,313
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		200,687	182,427	175,730		170,417
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$</u>	272,917	. ,	<u>\$ 182,427</u> \$	<u>\$</u>	175,730
Covered Employee Payroll Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	\$	2,387,482 11.43%	\$ 2,329,251 8.62%	Ŧ	\$	2,118,360 8.30%

Note to Schedule:

Covered Employee Payroll. Covered employee payroll is projected to the end of the fiscal year based on actual payroll as of the valuation date and applicable salary increase assumptions.

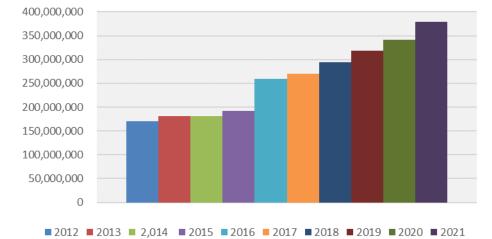
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience reflects changes in the demographic population since the last valuation conducted as of September 30,2017.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2021:	2.14%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2020:	3.58%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019:	4.18%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2018:	3.64%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2017:	3.06%

- * GASB Statement No. 75 was adopted for the 2018 Fiscal Year and the 10-year trend information will be developed from that date forward.
- * No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

STATISTICS



Property Assessed Value

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STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Belleview's comprehensive annual report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	73-75
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	76
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	83
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understan the environment within which the government's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time with other governments.	
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand he the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	90

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Governmental Activities																			
Net Investment in																			
Capital Assets	\$ 3,169,608	\$	3,406,922	\$	3,563,418	\$	3,488,325	\$	2,719,479	\$, - ,	\$	4,743,449	\$	5,084,165	\$	-/- /	\$	6,929,071
Restricted	1,235,876		1,256,577		1,578,053		1,817,051		1,142,746		2,667,481		753,501		1,103,121		699,287		1,241,520
Unrestricted	 1,371,399		1,477,101		1,240,800		637,720		1,078,772		958,987		860,318		1,036,834		1,452,468		1,816,344
Total Governmental																			
Activities, Net Position	\$ 5,776,883	Ş	6,140,600	Ş	6,382,271	Ş	5,943,096	Ş	4,940,997	Ş	5,361,177	Ş	6,357,268	Ş	7,224,120	Ş	8,763,245	Ş	9,986,935
Business-Type Activities																			
Net Investment in																			
Capital Assets	\$ 3,508,745	\$	3,199,672	\$	2,851,303	\$	4,276,988	\$	9,591,993	\$	10,316,263	\$	10,775,408	\$	10,643,372	\$	-// -	\$	10,681,838
Restricted	3,613,587		3,908,508		4,992,568		4,787,734		2,731,890		2,153,537		1,327,121		1,408,629		2,224,680		3,970,910
Unrestricted	 3,346,328		3,227,281		2,305,880		1,767,076		1,262,303		1,075,436		2,004,783		2,178,551		2,467,960		2,576,901
Total Business-Type		4	10 005 101						10 506 106		10 5 15 000	4						4	
Activities, Net Position	\$ 10,468,660	Ş	10,335,461	Ş	10,149,751	Ş	10,831,798	Ş	13,586,186	\$	13,545,236	\$	14,107,312	Ş	14,230,552	Ş	15,219,110	Ş	17,229,649
Primary Government																			
Net Investment in																			
Capital Assets	\$ 6,678,353	\$	6,606,595	\$	6,414,721	\$	7,765,313	\$	12,311,472	\$	12,050,972	\$	15,518,857	\$	15,727,537	\$	17,137,960	\$	17,610,909
Restricted	4,849,463		5,165,085		6,570,621		6,604,785		3,874,636		4,821,018		2,080,622		2,511,750		2,923,967		5,212,430
Unrestricted	 4,717,727		4,704,381		3,546,680		2,404,796		2,341,075		2,034,423		2,865,101		3,215,385		3,920,428		4,393,245
Total primary Government,																			
Net Position	\$ 16,245,543	\$	16,476,061	\$	16,532,022	\$	16,774,894	\$	18,527,183	\$	18,906,413	\$	20,464,580	\$	21,454,672	\$	23,982,355	\$	27,216,584

Information Source:

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 951,325	\$ 1,070,023	\$ 1,098,875	\$ 1,382,682	\$ 1,595,709	\$ 1,670,211	\$ 1,810,880	\$ 2,006,670	\$ 2,238,983	\$ 2,473,025
Public Safety	1,129,178	1,137,773	1,307,737	1,360,523	1,339,914	1,385,048	1,388,362	1,615,436	1,628,733	1,731,400
Physcial Environment	290,076	276,152	282,878	293,179	298,382	302,635	314,806	334,853	351,171	376,483
Transportation	508,517	444,270	503,924	450,274	461,073	600,902	648,044	631,331	584,718	677,326
Culture and Recreation	234,755	149,675	165,182	175,145	166,175	176,091	185,024	192,851	181,931	194,014
Interest on Long-Term Debt	31,050	31,569	27,313	25,412	42,221	73,339	80,073	64,125	49,787	29,276
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	3,144,901	3,109,462	3,385,909	3,687,215	3,903,474	4,208,226	4,427,189	4,845,266	5,035,323	5,481,524
Business-Type Activities:										
Water/Sewer Utility	2,081,151	2,157,283	2,100,185	2,077,990	2,063,965	2,286,485	2,214,843	3,318,562	2,311,619	2,441,434
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	2,081,151	2,157,283	2,100,185	2,077,990	2,063,965	2,286,485	2,214,843	3,318,562	2,311,619	2,441,434
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 5,226,052	\$ 5,266,745	\$ 5,486,094	\$ 5,765,205	\$ 5,967,439	\$ 6,494,711	\$ 6,642,032	\$ 8,163,828	\$ 7,346,942	\$ 7,922,958
	+ -)===)===	+ 0,200,00	+	+	+ -,,	+	+ 0/0 - 1/00 -	+ 0,200,020	+	+ .,
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General Government (1)	567,398	552,621	580,220	678,618	623,709	623,361	692,353	765,843	1,060,273	963,066
Culture and Recreation	63,401	4,733	2,052	-	-	42,692	57,478	44,861	86,918	50,970
Other Activities	344,160	363,755	388,310	398,496	390,543	397,662	431,358	497,306	488,343	547,917
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	210,354	158,525	36,673
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,005	1,490	27,129	11,102	12,133	9,087	725	81,102	299,660	-
Total Governmental Activities	i	<u> </u>	<u>·</u>	<u>·</u>	<u>·</u>	<i>`</i>	·	i	<u> </u>	
Program Revenues	976,964	922,599	997,711	1,088,216	1,026,385	1,072,802	1,181,914	1,599,466	2,093,719	1,598,626
	570,501	022,000								2,000,020
Business-Type Activities:										
Water/Sewer Utility CFS	2,075,032	2,109,242	2,155,226	2,403,679	2,557,669	2,553,277	3,821,919	2,999,741	3,217,702	3,518,756
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Capital Grants and Contributions	188,439	177,070	234,837	886,089	1,841,195	741,609	939,737	1,281,408	1,171,095	2,173,481
Total Business-Type Activities										
Program Revenues	2,263,471	2,286,312	2,390,063	3,289,768	4,398,864	3,294,886	4,761,656	4,281,149	4,388,797	5,692,237
Total Primary Government Program										
Revenues	\$ 3,240,435	\$ 3,208,911	\$ 3,387,774	\$ 4,377,984	\$ 5,425,249	\$ 4,367,688	\$ 5,943,570	\$ 5,880,615	\$ 6,482,516	\$ 7,290,863
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities	(2,167,937)	(2,186,863)	(2,388,198)	(2,598,999)	(2,877,089)	(3,135,424)	(3,245,275)	(3,245,800)	(2,941,604)	(3,882,898)
Business-Type Activities	182,320	129,029	289,878	1,211,778	2,334,899	1,008,401	2,546,813	962,587	2,077,178	3,250,803
Total Primary Government Net										
Expense	\$ (1,985,617)	\$ (2,057,834)	\$ (2,098,320)	\$ (1,387,221)	\$ (542,190)	\$ (2,127,023)	\$ (698,462)	\$ (2,283,213)	\$ (864,426)	\$ (632,095)

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Concluded)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Revenues and Other Changes										
in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes										
Property Taxes	750,858	710,692	707,275	746,682	879,090	915,145	1,061,467	1,123,721	1,204,352	1,273,459
Public Service Taxes	355,751	362,426	339,368	329,005	335,400	331,190	314,124	329,250	334,492	353,276
Local Option Sales Tax	-	-	-	-	-	389,497	625,432	659,364	699,648	833,763
Other Taxes	569,028	543,103	446,951	392,882	344,299	277,644	257,507	289,596	283,024	295,282
State-Shared Revenues (Unrestricted)	426,082	448,106	527,431	542,257	551,926	604,687	585,536	697,478	677,796	800,802
Investment Earnings	13,233	12,621	9,326	8,315	8,931	9,515	32,373	26,020	26,667	9,736
Gain/(Loss) on Capital Asset	-	28,820	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	74,960	158,064	94,279	130,255	161,132	132,692	211,504	118,902	135,266	249,212
Transfers	229,725	286,748	352,497	462,179	(405,788)	895,234	908,246	872,036	1,119,484	1,291,058
Total Governmental Activities	2,419,637	2,550,580	2,477,127	2,611,575	1,874,990	3,555,604	3,996,189	4,116,367	4,480,729	5,106,588
Business-Type Activities:										
Investment Earnings	26,741	24,520	20,221	17,490	12,890	13,281	18,455	32,689	29,788	16,015
Gain/(Loss) on Capital Asset	-	-	-	5,245	811	(167,398)	1,544	(2,992)	-	· -
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	, -	-	-	-	-	1,076	34,779
Transfers	(229,725)	(286,748)	(352,497)	(462,179)	405,788	(895,234)	(908,246)	(872,036)	(1,119,484)	(1,291,058)
Total Business-Type Activities	(202,984)	(262,228)	(332,276)	(439,444)	419,489	(1,049,351)	(888,247)	(842,339)	(1,088,620)	(1,240,264)
Total Primary Government	2,216,653	2,288,352	2,144,851	2,172,131	2,294,479	2,506,253	3,107,942	3,274,028	3,392,109	3,866,324
Change in Net Assets	054 700	0.00 7.17		40.576	(4.000.000)		750.044	070 5 67	4 500 405	4 999 699
Governmental Activities	251,700	363,717	88,929	12,576	(1,002,099)	420,180	750,914	870,567	1,539,125	1,223,690
Business-Type Activities	(20,664)	(133,199)	(42,398)	772,334	2,754,388	(40,950)	1,658,566	120,248	988,558	2,010,539
Total Primary Government	\$ 231,036	\$ 230,518	\$ 46,531	\$ 784,910	\$ 1,752,289	\$ 379,230	\$ 2,409,480	\$ 990,815	\$ 2,527,683	\$ 3,234,229

Information Source:

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes	Public Service Taxes	Gas Tax	Business Tax (1)	Local Option Sales Tax	Total Taxes
2012	750,858	355,751	524,367	44,661	-	1,675,637
2013	710,692	362,425	500,699	42,482	-	1,616,298
2014	707,275	339,368	405,861	41,090	-	1,493,594
2015	746,682	329,005	356,340	36,542	-	1,468,569
2016	879,090	335,400	256,104	40,591	-	1,511,185
2017	915,145	331,190	244,917	32,727	389,497	1,913,476
2018	1,061,467	314,124	225,661	31,846	625,432	2,258,530
2019	1,123,721	329,250	256,103	33,493	659,364	2,401,931
2020	1,204,352	334,492	251,366	31,658	699,648	2,521,516
2021	1,273,459	353,276	262,189	33,093	833,763	2,755,780

Information Source:

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Fund Non-Spendable Restricted Committed Assigned	\$ 18,427 1,235,876 72,947 256,481	\$ 66,995 1,241,484 22,605 1,309,494	\$ 101,690 1,578,053 58,218 1,128,294	\$ 54,420 1,803,911 64,652 1,076,298	\$ 134,888 1,132,811 98,666 1,495,576	\$ 48,842 2,664,541 121,235 1,417,098	\$ 97,147 729,391 127,266 848,222	\$ 26,131 - 111,494 939,402	\$ 62,394 695,686 200,491 1,086,269	\$ 65,619 1,222,163 222,459 1,100,133
Unassigned Total General Fund	1,565,380 \$ 3,149,111	493,440 \$ 3,134,018	530,723 \$ 3,396,978	457,714 \$ 3,456,995	416,214 \$ 3,278,155	456,602 \$ 4,708,318	622,768 \$ 2,424,794	752,897 \$ 1,829,924	719,224 \$ 2,764,064	971,406 \$ 3,581,780
CRA Fund Restricted Total CRA FUnd	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 13,140 \$ 13,140	\$	\$ 2,940 \$ 2,940	\$ 24,110 \$ 24,110	\$ 103,488 \$ 103,488	\$ 3,601 \$ 3,601	\$ 19,357 \$ 19,357

Information Source:

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2012	2013		2014		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues												
Taxes	\$ 1,675,637	\$ 1,616,222	\$	1,493,594	\$	1,461,449	\$ 1,550,029	\$ 1,913,206	\$ 2,258,631	\$ 2,401,932	\$ 2,521,516	\$ 2,755,780
Licenses and Permits	544,157	552,621		580,221		685,728	632,470	623,632	692,353	765,843	1,058,698	962,016
Intergovernmental	426,082	448,106		527,431		542,257	551,927	604,686	585,535	697,479	677,796	800,802
Grant Revenues	2,005	1,490		1,305		11,102	313,530	318,221	725	280,000	393,241	113,073
Charges for Services	372,634	305,878		335,224		314,058	77,012	77,765	337,563	345,144	367,079	391,882
Fines and Forfeitures	52,620	62,608		55,138		85,402	16,947	10,764	80,552	97,296	67,083	95,446
Investment Earnings	13,233	12,621		9,326		8,315	8,848	9,426	13,646	26,019	25,331	25,331
Miscellaneous	79,258	158,069		120,101		129,302	156,402	175,473	282,398	218,627	279,273	346,226
Total Revenues	 3,165,626	3,157,615		3,122,340		3,237,613	 3,307,165	 3,733,173	 4,251,403	 4,832,340	 5,390,017	5,490,556
Expenditures												
General Government	902,373	1,025,413		1,041,889		1,335,193	1,428,985	1,581,587	1,705,171	1,891,439	2,107,938	2,316,425
Public Safety	1,053,071	1,093,376		1,251,937		1,327,246	1,252,680	1,338,597	1,326,479	1,528,219	1,653,444	1,758,583
Physical Environment	288,326	275,296		282,219		292,721	297,924	302,177	314,348	334,394	350,713	376,025
Transportation	376,957	359,210		414,407		378,602	376,431	516,816	520,502	501,360	455,153	543,026
Culture and Recreation	197,774	113,108		130,794		139,406	120,826	130,181	142,597	146,307	136,653	131,949
Capital Outlay	179,342	392,342		159,019		78,581	356,613	510,272	2,932,116	275,173	934,808	644,125
Debt Service:												
Principal	65,994	70,510		78,373		96,680	733,329	252,270	498,536	479,218	986,385	148,387
Interest	27,885	28,402		27,313		25,412	42,221	73,339	80,073	64,125	49,787	29,276
Total Expenditures	 3,091,722	3,357,657		3,385,951		3,673,841	4,609,009	4,705,239	 7,519,822	 5,220,235	 6,674,881	 5,947,796
Excess of Revenues (Under)												
Expenditures	73,904	(200,042)		(263,611)		(436,228)	(1,301,844)	(972,066)	(3,268,419)	(387,895)	(1,284,864)	(457,240)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Issuance of Note Payable	-	-		755,397		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Refinancing	-	-		(755,397)		-	1,500,000	1,500,000	97,819	-	-	-
Capital Lease	22,331	47,295		24,980		47,206	25,587	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	-	-		-		-	(1,176,669)	(53,124)	(58,962)	939,536	(252,522)	(199,338)
Transfers in	229,725	286,748		352,497		462,179	770,881	948,358	967,208	(67,500)	1,372,006	1,490,050
Total Other Financing							 		 <u> </u>	 		
Sources (Uses)	252,056	334,043		377,477		509,385	1,119,799	2,395,234	1,006,065	872,036	1,119,484	1,290,712
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 325,960	\$ 134,001	\$	113,866	\$	73,157	\$ (182,045)	\$ 1,423,168	\$ (2,262,354)	\$ 484,141	\$ (165,380)	\$ 833,472
Debt Service as a Percentage of			_		_		 	 	 <u> </u>			
Non-Capital Expenditures	3.22%	3.34%		3.28%		3.40%	18.24%	7.76%	12.61%	10.99%	18.05%	3.30%

Information Source:

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Real Property Assessed Value	Personal Property Assessed Value	Centrally Assessed Property Value (1)	Total Taxable Assessed Value (2)	Total Direct Tax Rate
2012	169,836,217	28,527,444	213,502	198,577,163	3.9912
2013	181,340,796	27,734,256	263,049	209,338,101	3.9912
2014	181,441,210	28,133,020	259,729	209,833,959	3.9912
2015	192,066,747	28,143,106	269,908	220,479,761	3.9912
2016	258,795,413	27,954,672	293,877	287,043,962	4.500
2017	270,696,968	28,143,266	307,915	299,148,149	5.000
2018	294,458,683	26,789,035	321,430	321,569,148	5.000
2019	318,903,934	26,501,698	308,762	345,714,394	5.000
2020	340,997,956	27,905,845	343,298	369,247,099	5.000
2021	379,107,870	27,344,689	347,078	406,799,637	5.000

Information Source:

Marion county Property Appraiser

Notes:

Property is reassessed each year by the Marion County Property Appraiser. Property is assessed at 100% of actual value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

(1) Railroad systems are assessed by the State of Florida.

(2) As depicted in the Marion County Property Appraiser's 2021 Final Tax/Value reporting.

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	City of Belleview		Overlappi	ng Rates		
Fiscal Year	Total & Operating Millage	Marion County Total & Operating Millage	EMS MSTU Total & Operating Millage	School District Total & Operating Millage	SJRWMD District Total & Operating Millage	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates
2012	3.9912	3.8900	0.8300	7.487	0.3313	16.5295
2013	3.9912	3.1900	0.7700	7.671	0.3313	15.9535
2014	3.9912	3.1900	0.7700	7.339	0.3283	15.6185
2015	3.9912	3.1900	0.7700	7.298	0.3164	15.5656
2016	4.500	3.1900	0.7700	7.9020	0.2885	16.6505
2017	5.0000	3.3300	0.7700	7.5600	0.2724	16.9324
2018	5.0000	3.3300	0.7700	7.3190	0.2562	16.6752
2019	5.0000	3.45000	1.1100	7.1840	0.2414	16.9854
2020	5.0000	3.45000	1.1100	7.0180	0.2287	16.8067
2021	5.0000	3.45000	1.1100	6.9030	0.2189	16.6819

Information Source:

Marion County Property Appraiser

Notes:

MSTU is an abbreviation for Municipal Service Taxing Unit. SJRWMD is an abbreviation for St. Johns River Water Management District.

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

			2021		2012							
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value					
Schreiber Co./Belleview Assoc.	\$	5,708,939	1	1.40% \$	9,188,444	1	4.73%					
French Construction, Inc.		3,665,901	2	0.90%	1,950,574	6	1.00%					
Embarq Florida, Inc./Sprint Florida, Inc.		3,181,386	3	0.78%	5,421,219	2	2.79%					
AEJ Belleview 2 Commons LLC		3,004,860	4	0.74%	3,117,378	4	1.60%					
Silver Oaks MHC, LLC		2,812,349	5	0.69%	1,823,547	7	0.94%					
Duke Energy		2,164,815	6	0.53%								
Crimi Michael, Jr., PA-CPA		2,124,489	7	0.52%	1,736,671	8	0.89%					
K & V Rose LLC		2,102,764	8	0.52%								
Belleview, LLC		2,087,670	9	0.51%	1,520,928	10	0.78%					
Spectrum Sunshine State LLC		1,930,525	10	0.47%	3,312,102	3	1.70%					
Ginsburg Dennis TR					1,989,050	5	1.02%					
Heat Treating Equipment, Inc.					1,735,525	9	0.89%					
Total Assessed Value	\$	28,783,698		\$	31,795,438							
Total Assessed Property Value	\$	406,799,637		\$	194,410,796							
Information Source: Marion Cour	nty	Property Ap	praiser									

Belleview Finance Department

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percentage of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2012	775,932	748,045	96.4%	3,500	750,858	96.8%
2013	708,003	698,402	98.6%	4,000	702,402	99.2%
2014	712,289	695,811	97.7%	11,463	707,274	99.3%
2015	766,603	746,682	97.4%	3,691	750,373	97.9%
2016	879,090	863,711	98.3%	3,072	866,783	98.6%
2017	905,494	893,603	98.7%	6,076	899,679	99.4%
2018	1,030,926	1,009,098	97.9%	957	1,010,055	98.0%
2019	1,065,863	1,086,292	101.9%	2,490	1,088,782	102.2%
2020	1,169,653	1,157,922	98.7%	3,948	1,157,923	99.0%
2021	1,281,167	1,213,115	99.6%	3,723	1,216,838	99.9%

Information Source:

Marion County Tax Collector Marion County Property Appraiser Finance Department

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA RATIO OF OUTSTANDIND DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmenta		Activities	Business-type	Business-type Activities		Percentage	
Fiscal	Loans	Capital	Sewer/Water	Loans	Total	of Personal	
Year	Payable	Leases	Bonds	Payable	Government	Income (1)	Per Capita(1)
2012	876,191	33,980	1,244,754	3,818,431	5,973,356	4.76%	1,330
2013	827,338	37,920	1,172,609	3,700,828	5,738,695	4.51%	1,258
2014	723,927	64,726	-	4,480,508	5,269,161	4.32%	1,206
2015	660,987	78,193	-	4,086,583	4,825,763	3.68%	1,043
2016	1,457,933	73,505	-	3,860,903	5,392,341	4.20%	1,165
2017	2,733,678	45,490	-	3,632,770	6,411,938	4.73%	1,317
2018	2,287,146	25,604	-	3,402,100	5,714,850	2.64%	1,109
2019	1,877,638	43,126	-	2,957,538	4,878,302	2.50%	926
2020	913,090	-	-	2,867,943	3,781,033	1.62%	709
2021	764,458	-	-	2,678,087	3,442,545	1.34%	625

Note:

Detail regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Information Source:

City of Belleview/Marion County

(1) US Census Bureau has Per Capita income in 2020 \$43,910 for Marion County.

Source of per capita income is US Census Bureau.

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (1) AS OF SEPTMEBER 30, 2021 SCHEDULE 10

The City has no direct and overlapping debt.

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA

The Constitution of the State of Florida, Florida Statute 200.181, Sets No Legal Debt Margin.

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE - WATER AND SEWER LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Water/Sewer	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt Service Requirements			Debt Coverage
 Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Ratio
2012	2,075,032	1,385,596	689,436	223,845	135,194	359,039	1.93%
2013	2,105,538	1,469,690	635,848	207,142	127,351	334,493	1.90%
2014	2,155,226	1,481,505	673,721	245,447	84,903	330,350	2.04%
2015	2,403,679	1,531,143	872,536	393,924	89,045	482,969	1.81%
2016	2,557,669	1,417,533	1,140,136	120,450	64,445	184,895	6.17%
2017	2,553,277	1,625,436	927,841	122,903	58,991	181,894	5.10%
2018	2,640,730	1,548,683	1,092,047	125,018	56,795	181,813	6.01%
2019	2,999,741	2,606,006	393,735	127,968	53,926	181,894	2.16%
2020	3,217,702	1,624,256	1,593,446	148,825	54,266	203,091	8.36%
2021	3,558,487	1,758,242	1,800,245	140,968	50,176	191,144	9.87%

Information Source:

Belleview Audited Financial Reports Belleview General Ledger

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population	% of Belleview to Marion County Population	Per Capita Personal Income	Personal Income	School Enrollment	Marion County Unemployment Rate
2012	4,561	1.34%	23,909	109,048,949	561	9.80%
2013	4,562	1.37%	24,234	110,556,249	571	7.10%
2014	4,629	1.39%	27,990	129,565,710	576	6.80%
2015	4,746	1.43%	28,046	133,106,316	589	5.90%
2016	4,868	1.39%	33,901	165,030,068	586	5.70%
2017	4,874	1.39%	34,765	169,444,610	598	4.40%
2018	5,152	1.39%	35,942	185,173,184	596	4.40%
2019	5,268	1.46%	36,997	194,900,196	601	4.40%
2020	5,330	1.45%	42,048	224,115,840	584	4.90%
2021	5,586	1.48%	42,969	240,024,834	636	4.60%

Information Source:

City of Belleview/Marion County

(1) DataUSA

(2) BEBR-applied Belleview Population to Marion County

(3) FRED Economic Research

(4) The per capita figures are multiplied by the population to determine the personal income

(5) www.ocala.com/news/

(6) Marion County School data

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND NINE YEARS AGO

			Fiscal Year 2021			Fiscal Year 2012			
Employer	Business	Employees	Percentage of Total City (1) Employment	Rank	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment	Rank		
Winn Dixie	Retail Sales	125	4.99%	1	80	4.83%	4		
Publix Supermarkets	Retail Sales	120	4.79%	2	125	6.10%	2		
Belleview Elementary School	Education	100	3.99%	3	100	6.04%	3		
Express Care	Medical	60	2.39%	4	120	6.53%	1		
City of Belleview	Government	56	2.23%	5	41	2.60%	9		
McDonalds	Restaurant	50	1.99%	6	55	3.81%	7		
Mojos	Restaurant	50	1.99%	6	-				
Rose's Discount Store	Retail Sales	32	1.28%	7	-				
Zaxby's	Restaurant	30	1.20%	8	-				
Hardees	Restaurant	30	1.20%	8	-				
Pasta Faire	Restaurant	30	1.20%	8	31	1.81%	10		
Family Doctors	Medical	26	1.04%	9	45	2.72%	8		
Sweetbay	Retail Sales				76	4.71%	5		
K Mart	Restaurant				80	4.65%	6		
Total		709	28.29%		725	43.80%			
All Others		1,798	71.72%		930	56.20%			
Total Employment		2,507	100.01%		1,655	100.00%			

Note:

(1) Total City Employment calculated using % of Belleview population to Marion County, FLorida

Information Source:

City of Belleview DATA USA

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function										
General Government	10	14	14	15	15	15	15.5	15.5	17	19
Public Safety:										
Sworn Officers	11	12	12	13	13	13	14	15	15	15
Civilians	2	3	3	3	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Public Works	18	14	14	15	16	17	18	17	15	16
Parks and Recreation	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Total	42	44	44	46	47	48	51	51	51	54

Source: City of Belleview 2020 FY Budget Book

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Function										
Area of City (square miles)	5.78	5.78	5.70	5.20	4.50	3.90	3.31	3.28	3.28	3.28
General Government:										
Number of Ordinances Sumbitted	20	13	18	14	11	11	18	15	14	17
Number of Resolutions Submitted	24	14	22	18	34	23	18	15	16	21
Number of Various Insurance Claims	19	19	15	6	18	2	2	1	7	6
Journal Entries Processed	45,832	4,200	41,700	41,500	43,583	41,333	52,280	18,230	13,817	12,500
Accounts Payable Checks Issued	1,550	1,911	1,820	2,000	1,747	2,016	1,970	1,836	1,690	1,350
Development Services:										
Building Permits Issued	633	533	430	425	400	420	388	316	325	316
Business Tax Receipts Issued	603	730	725	700	675	510	616	667	557	713
Code Inspections/Notices	149	235	225	205	175	250	262	150	153	150
Number of Site Plan Reviewed	14	20	22	20	17	15	10	23	20	17
Annexations Processed	7	2	5	3	3	2	2	1	0	1
Information Technology:										
Number of Computers Serviced	94	82	80	77	77	77	77	70	70	70
User Accounts Maintained	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
Number of Servers Serviced	41	40	34	14	14	14	14	16	16	16
Systems/Network Failures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Police:										
Calls Dispatched	23,500	25,450	25,000	23,231	22,300	13,129	20,180	19,159	18,875	21,574
Traffic Crash Reports	350	345	330	335	310	202	265	241	196	230
Calls Per Officer	2,310	2,200	2,100	2,320	131	1,313	2,242	2,129	2,097	2,222
Transportation:										
Paved Miles Maintained	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81
Park Acreage Maintained (miles)	31.69	31.69	31.69	31.69	31.69	31.69	31.69	31.69	31.69	31.69
Sidewalks Built or Repaired (miles)	4.83	4.83	4.83	4.83	4.83	4.83	4.83	4.83	4.83	4.83
Parks and Recreation:										
Number of Ball Fields Maintained	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Facility Set-Ups Completed by Staff	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Special Events Coordinated & Facilitated	2	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	9
Water and Wastewater:										
Wastewater Collections (millions)	218	155	148	145	143	141	141	135	135	131
Number of Customers	4,100	3,800	3,570	3,350	3,328	3,205	3,164	3,051	3,100	3,425
Gallons of Water Produced (in millions)	330	325	300	285	282	279	279	294	294	247

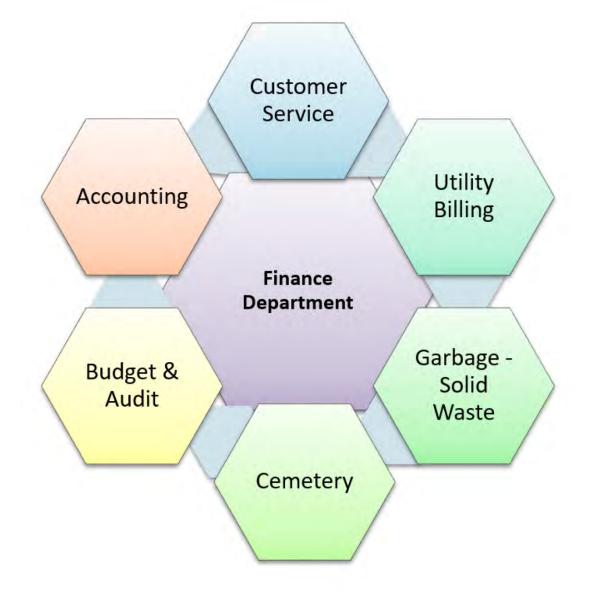
Source: City of Belleview Budget & Records

BS&A system

CITY OF BELLEVIEW, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

-	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Function										
Public Safety:										
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police Patrol Units	17	15	12	9	9	8	8	7	7	7
Transportation:										
Streets-Paved (miles)	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81	26.81
Streets-Unpaved (miles)	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73
Culture and Recreation:										
Park Acreage	39.55	39.55	39.55	39.55	39.55	39.55	39.55	39.55	39.55	39.55
Parks	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Water/Wastewater (W/WW):										
Water Mains (miles)	88	88	88	88	88	88	70	70	70	70
Hydrants	466	466	466	466	466	466	466	469	466	466
Lift Stations	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	34
WW Maximum Daily Capacity										
(millions of gallons)	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58
W Maximum Daily Capacity										
(millions of gallons)	3.740	3.740	3.740	3.740	3.740	2.232	2.232	2.232	2.232	2.232
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	197.0	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	10	10	10	10
General Government:										
Square Footage of Buildings	45,519	45,519	44,203	44,203	40,163	40,163	24,073	24,073	24,073	24,073
City Vehicles - Non-Patrol	23	23	20	18	16	14	14	10	10	10

Source: City Departments



COMPLIANCE SECTION

ADDITIONAL ELEMENTS OF REPORT PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, AND THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL, STATE OF FLORIDA.

PURVISGRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Belleview Belleview, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Belleview, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 9, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weakness may exist that have not been identified.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Gainesville | Deala | Tallahassee | Sarasota | Orlando | Lakeland purvisgray.com Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Belleview Belleview, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

writes Gray

February 9, 2022 Ocala, Florida

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES - INVESTMENTS OF PUBLIC FUNDS

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Belleview Belleview, Florida

We have examined the City of Belleview, Florida's (the City) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. City management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2021.

The report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Auditor General, the City Commissioners of the City of Belleview, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

win Gray

February 9, 2022 Ocala, Florida

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PURVISGRAY

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Belleview Belleview, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Belleview, Florida (the City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated February 9, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with the American Institutue of Certified Public Accountants Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor *General.* Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 9, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no prior year audit findings.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is included in Note 1 to the financial statements.

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Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Belleview Belleview, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that all special district component units provided the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) reported the following information that is required but not subject to audit procedures:

- The total number of CRA employees compensated in the last pay period of the CRA's fiscal year as 0.
- The total number of independent contractors to whom non-employee compensation was paid in the last month of the CRA's fiscal year as 0.
- All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$0.
- All compensation earned by or awarded to non-employee independent contractor, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$0.
- Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the CRA that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project, as transfer of \$100,000 for electric improvements for Lake Lillian. The cost of the project in the 2021 fiscal year was \$135,286.23.

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Belleview Belleview, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

 A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported in the CRA amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, noted there was no change from the original to the final budget as referenced in these financial statements.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection, with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and the use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the City Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

"wrives Gray

February 9, 2022 Ocala, Florida



CITY OF BELLEVIEW 5543 S.E. Abshier Boulevard Belleview, Florida 34420 Telephone: (352) 245, 1021 - Fax: (352) 245,6532 "City IFiah Smeet! Forum Chamm"

AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF MARION

BEFORE ME, this day personally appeared Marge Strausbaugh, Finance Director and <u>Chief</u> <u>Financial Officer for the City of Belleview, Florida</u> who being duly sworn, deposes and says:

- The City of Belleview is a political subdivision incorporated under the laws of the State of Florida.
- The City of Belleview adopted Ordinance 2007-04 implementing. Recreation Impact Fees on March 6, 2007.
- The City of Belleview has complied with Florida Statutes, Section 163.31801, Parts (3) (a) through (d) when adopting its Ordinance.

Marge Strausbaugh Finance Director Chief Financial Officer

Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me by means of physical presence this 1st day of December, 2021 by Marge Strausbaugh, Finance Director and Chief Financial Officer for the City of Belleview, Florida, who is personally known to me.

Notary Seal/Stamp



Notary Signature

MAYOR: Christine K. Dobkowski COMMISSIONERS: Michael J. Goldman · Gary W. Ernst · Ronald T. Livsey Robert "Bo" Smith This page intentionally left blank