CITY OF CLEWISTON, FLORIDA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1 and 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	13
Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of	
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	
Notes to Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget	
and Actual – General Fund	50
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Community Redevelopment	5 1
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – FRS	51
Schedule of Contributions – FRS	
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – HIS	
Schedule of Contributions – HIS	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Pension Trust Fund	
Schedule of Contributions – Pension Trust Fund	
Schedule of Pension Investment Returns – Pension Trust Fund	
Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	59
Other Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget	
and Actual – Grants Fund	
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Water and Sewer Fund	
Schedule to Determine Compliance with Interlocal Fire Protection Agreement	

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	<u>Page</u>
OTHER REPORTS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	64 and 65
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and on Internal Control over Compliance Required the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550,	
Rules of the Auditor GeneralSchedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance	68
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Summary Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings	72
Independent Auditor's Management Letter	



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission, City of Clewiston, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Clewiston**, **Florida** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9 and the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents on pages 50 through 59 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, (schedule of revenues, and expenses water and sewer fund, the schedule to determine compliance with interlocal fire protection agreement, and the schedule to determine compliance with interlocal animal control agreement) are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida June 25, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Management's discussion and analysis presents a narrative overview and analysis of the City of Clewiston's (the "City") financial performance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. It is designed to provide a broad overview and a short- and long-term analysis of the City's activities based on information presented in the financial statements. Specifically, this information is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the City's financial activities, identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), clarify material deviations from the approved budget, and explain individual fund issues. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements (beginning on page 10) and notes to the financial statements (pages 22 through 49).

HIGHLIGHTS

Financial Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 and Subsequent Financial Information are shown below:

- 1. The City's overall net position increased by \$2,223,059.
- 2. The total cost of all the City's programs was \$23,267,263 which was \$214,868 more than the prior year.
- 3. The City's governmental activities increased net position by \$1,998,303, substantially as a result of transfers from business-type activities of \$1,331,126.
- 4. During the year, the City had expenses of \$7,434,499 for governmental activities, which was \$200,218 less than the prior year.
- 5. The City's business-type activities increased net position by \$224,756 as a result of program and general revenues in excess of expenses of \$1,555,882 minus internal transfers-out of \$1,331,126.
- 6. The State Aid to Libraries Grant funding received in fiscal year 2021 totaled \$131,552.
- 7. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the City was awarded an additional \$3,652,000 in state funding to complete the C-21 Bridge Canal Crossing at the boat basin area. Funded with multiple grants, this project is expected to total approximately \$6,000,000; it is scheduled for completion in late 2024. The bridge crossing is anticipated to have favorable lasting impacts for the City, as it provides access to the Herbert Hoover Dike, while allowing boat traffic in the C-21 canal, and facilitates access to future development of the land located west of the bridge.
- 8. The City received a Small County Outreach Program (SCOP) Grant from the Florida Department of Transportation in the amount of \$465,130. The grant will provide funding support for a roadway improvement project for East Ventura Avenue from South Francisco Street to South Deane Duff Avenue. While the project has been in the design and permitting stages, construction is scheduled to begin in mid-2022.
- 9. The City received a Statewide Surface Restoration and Wastewater Projects Grant from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection in the amount of \$461,000. The project, entitled "East Ventura Water Quality", will provide two stormwater treatment areas (located on City parcels) as well as conveyance improvements. It will be completed in conjunction with the roadway improvement project for East Ventura from South Francisco Street to South Deane Duff Avenue.
- 10. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, through an inter-local agreement with Hendry County, the City received \$890,000 in CARES Act Funding to support personnel costs for public safety employees handling the COVID-19 response. As a result of receiving these reimbursement funds, the City was able to purchase a communications system upgrade within the Police Department, 22 self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBAs) for firefighters, as well as include the purchase of nine new police vehicles in the fiscal year 2022 Budget.
- 11. In 2021, approximately \$4 million in federal funding was allocated to the City by way of the "American Rescue Plan Act". As a non-entitlement unit (NEU), the City will receive this funding from the state in two equal installments, and anticipates utilizing these funds against revenue loss in the upcoming year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

- 12. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the City began working toward the implementation of automated Advanced Metering Infrastructure within its electric and water utilities. This is considered a key undertaking which will greatly enhance the overall data and system analytics of the two utilities as well as the utility billing processes of the City. The AMI project will cost approximately \$2.8 million and will be funded with a combination of a pooled loan from Florida Municipal Power Agency, with funds from the American Rescue Plan Act compensating for the cost of the water portion of the project.
- 13. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the City completed phase two of its comprehensive infiltration and inflow program (I & I) with funding received from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection State Revolving Loan Fund (SRF). Phase two, the "infiltration correction", was comprised of manhole repairs as well as televising and lining the main gravity lines. The SRF funding for this phase totaled \$2,080,275. It was comprised of \$1,631,588 in grant funding, with an additional \$448,687 in loan proceeds at 0% interest.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, developmental services, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include electric, water and sewer, and sanitation operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 and 11 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: (1) governmental funds, and (2) proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Community Redevelopment, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental fund is combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund, Community Redevelopment and Grants Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 through 15 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Clewiston, Florida maintains proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water and sewer, and solid waste.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the electric, water and sewer, and solid waste operations, which are considered to be major funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 49 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets (and deferred outflows of resources) exceeded liabilities (and deferred inflows of resources) by \$38.3 million (net position) at September 30, 2021.

\$21.8 million (57%) of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, construction in progress, buildings, vehicles, and machinery and equipment) less related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City reports investment in its capital assets net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of the City.

City of Clewiston, Florida's Net Position

	Governmen	ital Activities		Business-Type Activities			Totals				
	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020
Current and other assets	\$ 6,354,939	\$	2,860,623	\$	20,468,058	\$	16,407,784	\$	26,822,997	\$	19,268,407
Capital assets	8,337,029		9,695,320		30,295,617		29,677,709		38,632,646		39,373,029
Total assets	14,691,968		12,555,943		50,763,675		46,085,493		65,455,643		58,641,436
Total deferred outflows											
of resources	 436,950		731,843		26,630		31,956		463,580		763,799
Other liabilities	723,070		758,446		4,583,827		2,525,389		5,306,897		3,283,835
Long-term liabilities	 1,819,036		3,967,925		17,088,143		15,245,918		18,907,179		19,213,843
Total liabilities	2,542,106		4,726,371		21,671,970		17,771,307		24,214,076		22,497,678
Total deferred inflows											
of resources	2,663,619		636,525		733,677		186,240		3,397,296		822,765
Net position:											
Net investment in											
capital assets	8,142,623		9,335,551		13,737,408		15,199,071		21,880,031		24,534,622
Restricted	119,885		65,597		3,641,591		3,731,155		3,761,476		3,796,752
Unrestricted	1,660,685		(1,476,258)		11,005,659		9,229,676		12,666,344		7,753,418
Total net position	\$ 9,923,193	\$	7,924,890	\$	28,384,658	\$	28,159,902	\$	38,307,851	\$	36,084,792

A portion of the City's net position, \$3.8 million (10%), represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used. The unrestricted portion of net position, \$12.7 million, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The City's overall financial condition improved during the year ended September 30, 2021. The overall increase in the City's net position was \$2.2 million (6.2%) during the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

City of Clewiston, Florida's Changes in Net Position

		Governmen	tal Ac	tivities	Business-Ty	pe A	Activities	Totals				
		2021		2020	2021	2020		2021			2020	
Revenues:	-											
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	1,870,807	\$	1,788,157	\$ 17,274,702	\$	16,804,648	\$	19,145,509	\$	18,592,805	
Operating grants and												
contributions		1,436,200		589,844	-		-		1,436,200		589,844	
Capital grants and												
contributions		62,545		445,379	81,927		178,454		144,472		623,833	
General revenues:												
Property taxes		1,637,232		1,544,514	-		-		1,637,232		1,544,514	
Other taxes		2,969,171		2,617,398	-		-		2,969,171		2,617,398	
Other		125,721		149,474	32,017		115,031		157,738		264,505	
Total revenues		8,101,676		7,134,766	17,388,646		17,098,133		25,490,322		24,232,899	
Operating expenses:												
General government		1,898,842		1,507,348	-		-		1,898,842		1,507,348	
Public safety		2,444,104		3,112,531	-		-		2,444,104		3,112,531	
Transportation		686,868		711,041	-		-		686,868		711,041	
Physical environment		258,221		242,766	-		-		258,221		242,766	
Economic environment		105,082		23,491	-		-		105,082		23,491	
Culture and recreation		1,873,296		1,890,677	-		-		1,873,296		1,890,677	
Human services		159,153		137,337	-		-		159,153		137,337	
Interest on long-term debt		8,933		9,526	-		-		8,933		9,526	
Electric		-		-	10,329,778		9,966,116		10,329,778		9,966,116	
Water and sewer		-		-	4,142,945		4,094,549		4,142,945		4,094,549	
Solid waste		-		-	1,360,041		1,357,013		1,360,041		1,357,013	
Total operating expenses		7,434,499		7,634,717	15,832,764		15,417,678		23,267,263		23,052,395	
Increase in net position												
before transfers		667,177		(499,951)	1,555,882		1,680,455		2,223,059		1,180,504	
Transfers		1,331,126		1,290,303	 (1,331,126)		(1,290,303)		-			
Change in net position		1,998,303		790,352	224,756		390,152		2,223,059		1,180,504	
Net position, beginning		7,924,890		7,134,538	28,159,902		27,769,750		36,084,792		34,904,288	
Net position, ending	\$	9,923,193	\$	7,924,890	\$ 28,384,658	\$	28,159,902	\$	38,307,851	\$	36,084,792	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2021 is \$38.6 million (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, wastewater and drainage systems improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads and highways, and software. There was a net decrease of the City's investment in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2021 of \$740,383 due mostly to sale of land within the City's Commerce Park.

City of Clewiston, Florida's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmen	ital Activities			Business-Type Activities				Tot	tals		
	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Land	\$ 1,836,719	\$	2,697,047	\$	670,142	\$	670,142	\$	2,506,861	\$	3,367,189	
Construction in progress	775,342		672,521		1,416,149		2,157,300		2,191,491		2,829,821	
Buildings	2,115,872		2,243,731		82,495		93,224		2,198,367		2,336,955	
Improvemenets	2,325,920		3,067,056		24,668,571		23,227,394		26,994,491		26,294,450	
Machinery and equipment	1,283,176		1,014,965		3,458,260		3,529,649		4,741,436		4,544,614	
Total capital assets	\$ 8,337,029	\$	9,695,320	\$	30,295,617	\$	29,677,709	\$	38,632,646	\$	39,373,029	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Long-term debt. At September 30, 2021, the City had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$18.9 million. The debt amount represents notes payable and bonds payable secured by specified revenue sources and equipment.

City of Clewiston, Florida's Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding

	Governmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities					Totals			
	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Notes payable	\$ 194,406	\$	359,769	\$	4,764,209	\$	2,417,638	\$	4,958,615	\$	2,777,407	
Bonds payable	-		-		11,794,000		12,061,000		11,794,000		12,061,000	
Net pension liability	579,189		2,129,115		-		-		579,189		2,129,115	
Total OPEB liability	885,086		881,215		450,309		448,340		1,335,395		1,329,555	
Compensated absences	 160,355		171,651		79,625	79,216		239,980		250,867		
Total debt	\$ 1,819,036	\$	3,541,750	\$	17,088,143	\$	15,006,194	\$	18,907,179	\$	18,547,944	

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The City Commission considered many factors while determining the fiscal year 2022 budget, setting the new millage rate and analyzing the fees charged by the business-type activities.

Since the fees charged by the business-type activities had not been adjusted for several years, reviewing these fees on a fiscal basis has become paramount in fiscal planning as the cost of providing services has faced continued impacts by conditions experienced worldwide, while continued efforts to focus on addressing aging government-wide infrastructure remain vital to the City's overall resilience.

While state-wide financial conditions remain solid as tourism has significantly exceeded expectations, forecasting for the local market and economy is still challenging due to global supply chain shortages as well as the recent fast paced rising cost of fuel. The area's unemployment rate in April 2022 was 3.3% on an annual basis, a continued improvement over the last few years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Clewiston's local economy consists largely of agribusiness, retail, and service industries. Some of the largest business entities in the Clewiston area include sugar and vegetable growers, general merchandise, and grocery retail establishments.

The City of Clewiston's estimated population as of July 1, 2021 is 7,548.

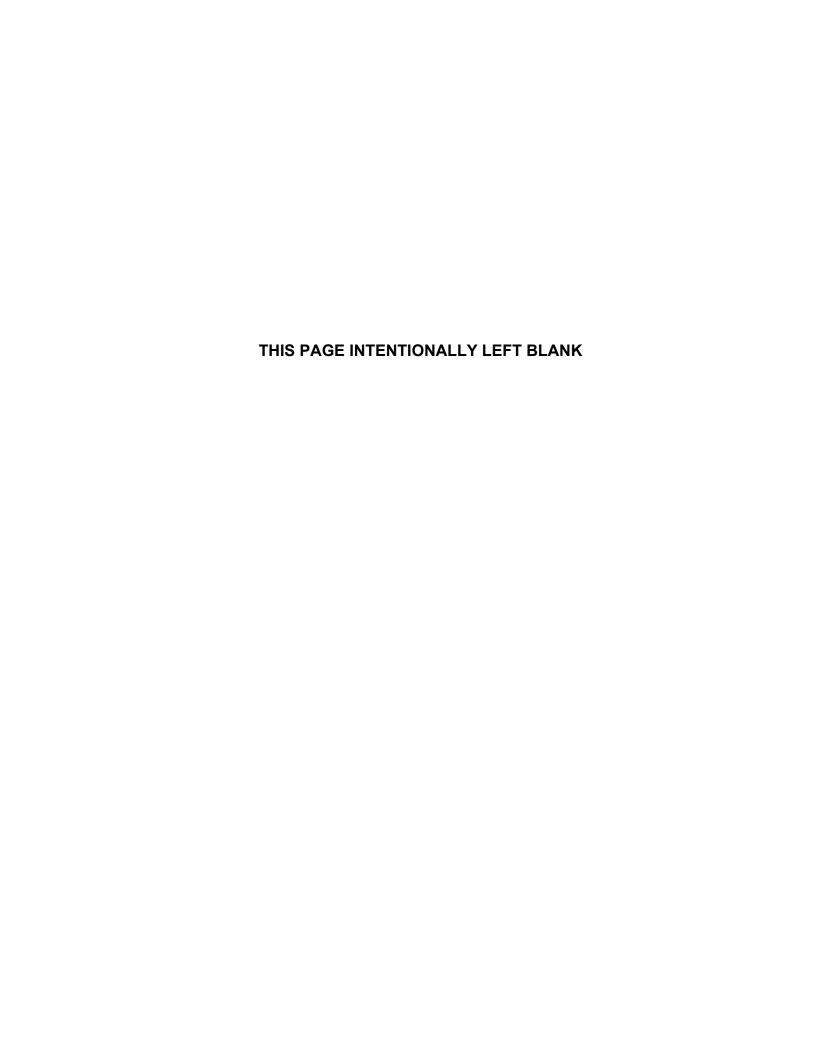
During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, benefit considerations for volunteer firefighters were expanded to include the provision of a pension plan; steps were taken to formally initiate the process to establish the pension plan consistent with state guidelines that will allow the City to access property insurance proceeds, which have been collected and distributed by the state for decades to other participating departments, to offset a portion of the pension fund associated costs. Ordinance Number 2022-03, adopted February 21, 2022, created the Firefighters Pension Trust Fund with an effective date of January 1, 2022. The pension plan will be administered by a five-member Board of Trustees: two firefighters who are members of the plan, elected by a majority of the firefighters of the plan; two legal residents of the City, appointed by the City Commission; one individual chosen by a majority of the previous four Trustees.

Requests for Information

This discussion and analysis is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for readers of the City's financial statements. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Clewiston Finance Department, 115 West Ventura Avenue, Clewiston, Florida 33440. Additional information can be found on the City's website at http://www.clewiston-fl.gov.







STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	F	Primary Governmen	t
	Governmental	Business-Type	·
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,697,452	\$ 9,877,435	\$ 14,574,887
Accounts receivables, net	591,598	3,089,855	3,681,453
Due from other governments	597,098	8,915	606,013
Internal balances	(652,604)	652,604	-
Prepaid items	4,479	-	4,479
Inventory	162,748	735,018	897,766
Restricted asset, cash and cash equivalents	-	3,119,073	3,119,073
Restricted investments	-	2,023,232	2,023,232
Restricted accounts receivable	-	425,207	425,207
Net pension asset	954,168	536,719	1,490,887
Capital assets			
Non-depreciable	2,612,061	2,086,291	4,698,352
Depreciable, net	5,724,968	28,209,326	33,934,294
Total assets	14,691,968	50,763,675	65,455,643
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred outflows - pension	384,608	-	384,608
Deferred outflows - OPEB	52,342	26,630	78,972
Total deferred outflows of resources	436,950	26,630	463,580
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	286,365	1,530,050	1,816,415
Accrued liabilities	111,349	39,603	150,952
Due to other governments	779	-	779
Accrued interest payable	-	48,726	48,726
Customer deposits payable	40,663	940,037	980,700
Unearned revenue	283,914	2,025,411	2,309,325
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	95,872	466,747	562,619
Due in more than one year	1,723,164	16,621,396	18,344,560
Total liabilities	2,542,106	21,671,970	24,214,076
Deferred inflows of resources			
Deferred inflows - pension	2,502,197	651,549	3,153,746
Deferred inflows - OPEB	161,422	82,128	243,550
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,663,619	733,677	3,397,296
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	8,142,623	13,737,408	21,880,031
Restricted for	-, ,	., . ,	,,
Capital improvements	_	3,022,555	3,022,555
Community development	119,885	-,,	119,885
Debt service	-	619,036	619,036
Unrestricted	1,660,685	11,005,659	12,666,344
Total net position	\$ 9,923,193	\$ 28,384,658	\$ 38,307,851

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

			Program Revenues	Capital	Net (Expense)	Net (Expense) Kevenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government	n Net Position	İ
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Functions/Programs Primary government:								[
Governmental activities: General government	\$ 1,898,842	\$ 1,496,422	€	€	\$ (402,420)	ı \$	\$ (402,420)	50)
Public safety	2,444,104	374,385	890,570	15,260	(1,163,889)	•	(1,163,889)	(68
Transportation	898,868	•	•	47,285	(639,583)	•	(639,583)	33)
Physical environment	258,221	•	•	•	(258,221)	•	(258,221	21)
Economic environment	105,082	•	' !	•	(105,082)	•	(105,082	32)
Culture and recreation	1,873,296	•	438,155	•	(1,435,141)	•	(1,435,141	1)
Human services	159,153	•	107,475	•	(51,678)	•	(51,678)	(8)
Interest on long-term debt	8,933	•	•	•	(8,933)		(8,933)	33)
Total governmental activities	7,434,499	1,870,807	1,436,200	62,545	(4,064,947)		(4,064,947)	47)
Business-type activities:								
Electric	10,329,778	12,072,672	•	81,927	•	1,824,821	1,824,821	7
Water and sewer	4,142,945	3,617,118	•	•	•	(525,827)	(525,827)	27)
Solid waste	1,360,041	1,584,912	•	•	•	224,871	224,871	71
Total business-type activities	15,832,764	17,274,702	•	81,927	•	1,523,865	1,523,865	35
Total primary government	\$ 23,267,263	\$ 19,145,509	\$ 1,436,200	\$ 144,472	(4,064,947)	1,523,865	(2,541,082)	32)
		General revenues			1 637 232	,	1 637 232	5
		Cas taxes			1,037,732		262, 160, 1	7 0
		Sales taxes			414,139	•	414,139	2 6
		Sales laxes			1,244,033		00,447,1	2 9
		Communication services	rvices		183,422		183,422	75
		Utility service taxes	"		597,979	1	597,979	6
		Franchise taxes			71,051	•	71,051	21
		Tax increments for	Tax increments for redevelopment districts	cts	23,967		53,967	37
		Other taxes			41,910	1	41,910	10
		Unrestricted state revenue sharing	revenue sharing		362,070		362,070	2
		Investment earnings	St		35,807	18,916	54,723	23
		Miscellaneous			89,914		89,914	4
		Gain on sale of capital asset	oital asset		•	13,101	13,101	71
		Fransfers			1,331,126	(1,331,126)		,
		Total general rev	Total general revenues and transfers		6,063,250	(1,299,109)	4,764,141	
		Change in net position	sition		1,998,303	224,756	2,223,059	29
		Vet position, beginni	ng of vear		7,924,890	28,159,902	36.084.792	32
	_	Net position, end of year	/ear		\$ 9.923,193	\$ 28,384,658	\$ 38,307,851	115
								ĺ

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		General Fund	Red	lewiston evelopment Agency	N	lonmajor Grants Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets	ф	4 444 000	Φ.	400 450	Φ.	440.040	Φ.	4 007 450	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,441,960	\$	136,450	\$	119,042	\$	4,697,452	
Accounts receivable, net		591,598		-		-		591,598	
Due from other funds		515,950		-		8		515,958	
Due from other governments		597,098		-		-		597,098	
Inventory		162,748		-		-		162,748	
Prepaid items	_	4,479		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		4,479	
Total assets	\$	6,313,833	\$	136,450	\$	119,050	\$	6,569,333	
Liabilities and fund balances (deficit)									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	266,203	\$	15,000	\$	5,162	\$	286,365	
Accrued liabilities		108,252		-		712		108,964	
Due to other governments		779		-		-		779	
Customer deposits		40,663		-		-		40,663	
Unearned revenue		170,266		-		113,648		283,914	
Due to other funds		1,164,701		1,565		48		1,166,314	
Advances from other funds		2,248						2,248	
Total liabilities		1,753,112		16,565		119,570		1,889,247	
Deferred inflows of resources									
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		237,839						237,839	
Fund balances (deficit)									
Nonspendable		422,155		-		-		422,155	
Restricted		•						•	
Community redevelopment		_		119,885		_		119,885	
Unassigned		3,900,727		-		(520)		3,900,207	
Total fund balances (deficit)		4,322,882		119,885		(520)		4,442,247	
Total liabilities and fund		.,022,002		110,000		(320)		.,	
balances (deficit)	\$	6,313,833	\$	136,450	\$	119,050	\$	6,569,333	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different be	ecause:		
Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 4,442,247
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, a not reported in the funds.	are		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 27,3	73,049	
Accumulated depreciation		36,020)	8,337,029
Revenues not available to pay current period expenditures are reported as unavailable			
revenue in the governmental funds.			237,839
Deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and the net pension asset and liability related to the 0	City's pension	1	
and OPEB plans are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial r	esources		
and, therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Deferred outflows - pension	3	84,608	
Deferred outflows - OPEB		52,342	
Deferred inflows - pension	(2,5	02,197)	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	•	61,422)	
Net pension asset	9	54,168	
Net pension liability	(5	79,189)	
Total OPEB liability		85,086)	(2,736,776)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds.			
Accrued interest payable		(2,385)	
Compensated absences		60,355)	
Notes payable	•	94,406)	(357,146)
· •	·		
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 9,923,193

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

			 ewiston	Nonmajor	Total Governmental		
		General Fund	velopment gency	Grants Fund	Governmental Funds		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	1,637,232	\$ 19,997	\$ -	\$	1,657,229	
Utility taxes		597,979	, -	· -		597,979	
Business taxes		41,910	-	-		41,910	
Communication services tax		183,422	-	-		183,422	
Licenses and permits		81,298	-	-		81,298	
Intergovernmental revenues		3,802,989	33,970	111,927		3,948,886	
Charges for services		1,373,651	-	-		1,373,651	
Franchise fees		71,051	_	-		71,051	
Fines and forfeitures		29,455	_	-		29,455	
Investment earnings		35,285	321	201		35,807	
Miscellaneous revenues		89,914	_	_		89,914	
Total revenues		7,944,186	54,288	112,128		8,110,602	
Expenditures							
Current							
General government		1,580,358	_	-		1,580,358	
Public safety		2,781,738	_	-		2,781,738	
Transportation		520,826	_	-		520,826	
Physical environment		258,478	_	-		258,478	
Economic environment		84,425	_	-		84,425	
Culture and recreation		1,610,701	_	112,128		1,722,829	
Human services		152,534	_	-		152,534	
Debt service		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				,,,,,,,	
Principal retirement		165,363	_	_		165,363	
Interest		8,933	_	_		8,933	
Capital outlay		592,941	_	_		592,941	
Total expenditures		7,756,297		112,128		7,868,425	
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures		187,889	 54,288			242,177	
Other financing sources							
Sale of capital assets		1,011,147	_	-		1,011,147	
Transfers in		1,331,126	-	-		1,331,126	
Total other financing sources	_	2,342,273	-			2,342,273	
Change in fund balances		2,530,162	54,288	-		2,584,450	
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year		1,792,720	65,597	(520)		1,857,797	
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$	4,322,882	\$ 119,885	\$ (520)	\$	4,442,247	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds		\$ 2,584,450
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.		
Capital outlay Less current year depreciation	\$ 649,368 (599,964)	49,404
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales) is to decrease net position.		(1,407,695)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal consumes the current finacial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Principal repayment of long-term debt		165,363
Revenues that are reported in the statement of activities that do not create current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. This activity consists of:		
Intergovernmental revenue		(8,926)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences Change in total OPEB liability Change in net pension liability	11,296 (23,337) 627,748	615,707
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,998,303

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Electric Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Total
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,358,653	\$ 7,464,220	\$ 54,562	\$ 9,877,435
Accounts receivable, net	1,561,516	1,226,208	302,131	3,089,855
Due from other governments		8,915	-	8,915
Due from other funds	5,368,527	-	510,895	5,879,422
Advances to other funds		2,248	-	2,248
Inventory	532,187	202,831	-	735,018
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,500,714	1,618,359	-	3,119,073
Restricted investments	405.007	2,023,232	-	2,023,232
Restricted accounts receivable	425,207	- 40.540.040		425,207
Total current assets	11,746,804	12,546,013	867,588	25,160,405
Noncurrent assets				
Net pension asset	327,995	134,180	74,544	536,719
Capital assets, non-depreciable	260,113	1,826,178	-	2,086,291
Capital assets, net	4,189,846	23,644,036	375,444	28,209,326
Total noncurrent assets	4,777,954	25,604,394	449,988	30,832,336
Total assets	16,524,758	38,150,407	1,317,576	55,992,741
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred outflows - OPEB	11,016	11,001	4,613	26,630
Total deferred outflows of resources	11,016	11,001	4,613	26,630
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	1,295,729	166,738	67,583	1,530,050
Notes payable	39,422	107,808	-	147,230
Accrued liabilities	20,509	13,366	5,728	39,603
Due to other funds	76,809	4,948,413	203,844	5,229,066
Unearned revenue	-	2,025,411	· -	2,025,411
Compensated absences	23,522	12,205	5,790	41,517
Liabilities payable from restricted assets				
Liabilities payable from restricted assets Accrued interest	5,178	43,548	_	48,726
Customer deposits payable	940,037		_	940,037
Bonds payable - current portion	3-10,007	278,000	_	278,000
Total current liabilities	2,401,206	7,595,489	282,945	10,279,640
Noncurrent liabilities				
Compensated absences	12,610	19,786	5,712	38,108
Notes payable, net of current portion	1,310,578	3,306,401	0,7 12	4,616,979
Revenue bonds payable, net of current portion	1,010,010	11,516,000	_	11,516,000
Total OPEB liability	186,287	186,021	78,001	450,309
Total non-current liabilities	1,509,475	15,028,208	83,713	16,621,396
Total liabilities	3,910,681	22,623,697	366,658	26,901,036
Deferred inflows of resources	200.400	460.007	00.402	CE4 E40
Deferred inflows - pension	398,169	162,887	90,493	651,549
Deferred inflows - OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	33,975 432,144	33,927 196,814	14,226 104,719	82,128 733,677
Total deferred inflows of resources	432,144	190,014	104,719	133,011
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	3,099,959	10,262,005	375,444	13,737,408
Restricted for			•	
Debt service	-	619,036	_	619,036
Capital improvements	-	3,022,555	_	3,022,555
FMPA	425,207	-,,-30	_	425,207
	•	1,437,301	475,368	10,580,452
Unrestricted	8,667,783	1,437.301	470.000	[0.560.457

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	 Electric Fund	-	Vater and ewer Fund	w	Solid aste Fund	Total
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 11,871,789	\$	3,611,919	\$	1,584,882	\$ 17,068,590
Impact fees	-		5,199		-	5,199
Miscellaneous	200,883		-		30	 200,913
Total operating revenues	 12,072,672		3,617,118		1,584,912	 17,274,702
Operating expenses						
Purchased electricity	7,667,685		-		-	7,667,685
Personnel services and benefits	913,437		747,388		259,443	1,920,268
Operating expenses	1,290,455		2,067,761		1,020,341	4,378,557
Depreciation	449,701		818,920		80,257	1,348,878
Total operating expenses	10,321,278		3,634,069		1,360,041	15,315,388
Operating income (loss)	 1,751,394		(16,951)		224,871	 1,959,314
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
Investment earnings	3,912		14,759		245	18,916
Gain on disposal of capital assets	4,506		5,895		2,700	13,101
Interest expense	(8,500)		(508,876)		<u>-</u>	 (517,376)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (82)		(488,222)		2,945	 (485,359)
Income (loss) before transfers and capital contributions	1,751,312		(505,173)		227,816	1,473,955
and capital contributions	1,731,312		(303,173)		221,010	1,473,933
Capital contributions	-		81,927		-	81,927
Transfers out	 (929,309)		(286,957)		(114,860)	 (1,331,126)
Changes in net position	822,003		(710,203)		112,956	224,756
Total net position, beginning of year	11,370,946		16,051,100		737,856	28,159,902
Total net position, end of year	\$ 12,192,949	\$	15,340,897	\$	850,812	\$ 28,384,658

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Electric Fund	-	Water and ewer Fund	w	Solid aste Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities								
Cash received from customers	\$	11,634,518	\$	4,024,481	\$	1,309,999	\$	16,968,998
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(8,313,511)		(1,941,697)		(834,262)		(11,089,470)
Cash paid to employees for services and benefits		(1,241,246)		(797,471)		(288,577)		(2,327,294)
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,079,761		1,285,313		187,160		3,552,234
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities								
Transfer to other funds		(929,309)		(286,957)		(114,860)		(1,331,126)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(929,309)		(286,957)		(114,860)		(1,331,126)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(811,454)		(1,080,332)		(75,000)		(1,966,786)
Cash received from sale of capital assets		4,506		5,895		2,700		13,101
Issuance of notes payable		1,350,000		2,258,243		-		3,608,243
Principal paid on notes payable		-		(86,317)		-		(86,317)
Principal paid on bonds payable		-		(267,000)		-		(267,000)
Capital grants received		-		2,107,338		-		2,107,338
Interest paid		(8,500)		(508,771)		-		(517,271)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related								
financing activities		534,552		2,429,056		(72,300)		2,891,308
Cash flows from investing activities								
Cash paid for purchase of investments		-		(3,146)		-		(3,146)
Interest received		3,912		14,759		245		18,916
Net cash provided by investing activities		3,912		11,613		245		15,770
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		1,688,916		3,439,025		245		5,128,186
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,170,451		5,643,554		54,317		7,868,322
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	3,859,367	\$	9,082,579	\$	54,562	\$	12,996,508
Cash and cash equivalents classified as								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,358,653	\$	7,464,220	\$	54,562	\$	9,877,435
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	¥	1,500,714	Ψ.	1,618,359	~	,552	~	3,119,073
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,859,367	\$	9,082,579	\$	54,562	\$	12,996,508
Total odoli alia odoli oquivalorito	Ψ	3,000,001	Ψ	5,002,013	Ψ	07,002	Ψ	12,000,000

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Electric Fund	-	Vater and ewer Fund	w	Solid aste Fund		Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net								
cash provided by operating activities	_		_	(_	
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,751,394	\$	(16,951)	\$	224,871	\$	1,959,314
Adjustment to reconcile operating income (loss)								
to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation		449,701		818,920		80,257		1,348,878
Change in operating assets and liabilities:								
(Increase) decrease in assets:								
Accounts receivable		181,827		47,183		(37,569)		191,441
Notes receivable		(640,351)		-		-		(640,351)
Due from other funds		13,507		360,180		(237,344)		136,343
Prepaids		-		(15,503)		-		(15,503)
Net pension asset		(327,995)		(134,180)		(74,544)		(536,719)
Deferred outflows - OPEB		2,204		2,200		922		5,326
Inventory		(60,503)		-		-		(60,503)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:								
Accounts payable		497,132		(499,094)		5,745		3,783
Accrued liabilities		4,332		2,120		2,317		8,769
Due to other funds		-		640,661		180,334		820,995
Compensated absences payable		186		1,288		(1,065)		409
Net pension liability		(146,498)		(59,931)		(33,295)		(239,724)
Total OPEB liability		814		814		341		1,969
Deferred inflows - pension		331,747		135,714		75,397		542,858
Deferred inflows - OPEB		1,894		1,892		793		4,579
Customer deposits		20,370				-		20,370
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,079,761	\$	1,285,313	\$	187,160	\$	3,552,234

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Pension Trust Fund
Assets	
Investments at fair value	\$ 15,504,543
Total assets	15,504,543
Net position Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 15,504,543

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Additions	Per	Pension Trust Fund	
Contributions			
Employer	\$	68,106	
Investment income	*	55,155	
Interest and dividends		2,950,660	
Total additions		3,018,766	
Deductions Pension benefits Administrative expenses Total deductions		604,047 8,677 612,724	
Change in net position		2,406,042	
Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year	\$	13,098,501 15,504,543	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Clewiston, Florida (the "City") is a municipal corporation, incorporated by the Laws of Florida, 1923, Chapter 9712, which was amended by the Laws of Florida, 1925, Chapter 10434. Both of said acts were repealed by the Laws of Florida 1925, Chapter 10433, Article IX, Paragraph 11. Chapter 10433, as amended, constitutes the present Charter of the City. The City is governed by an elected five-member Board of City Commissioners. The Board appoints a City Manager to administer the policies emanating from its statutory powers and authority. The City's major operations include police and fire protection, parks and recreation, library, public works, general administrative services, and community redevelopment. In addition, the City owns and operates electric, water, sewer, and solid waste collection systems.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America applicable to governmental units and the Uniform Accounting System mandated by Chapter 218.33, Florida Statutes. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting in the United States.

Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, this report presents the financial statements of the funds of the City (the primary government). In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units for which the City may or may not be financially accountable and included within the City's financial statements. Management utilized criteria set forth in GASB Statement 61 as amended for determining financial accountability of potential component units in evaluating potential component units. In accordance with GASB Statement 61 as amended, the City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the potential component unit's governing board, and it is able to impose its will on the organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to or impose specific financial burden on the City. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As of September 30, 2020, the City had two component units, as defined by GASB Statement 61 as amended, which has been presented in the financial statements of the primary government using the blended presentation method, and is presented as a governmental fund type with a fiscal year-end of September 30. The Clewiston Community Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") was established by the City under Ordinance No. 2005-1 pursuant to the "Community Development Act of 1969" and Chapter 163, Part III of the Florida Statutes to prepare a community redevelopment plan for a designated geographic area within the City. The Agency's governing body is the same as the governing body of the City. The Agency functions as a department of the City. City management has operational and fiscal responsibility for the Agency's activities.

The City of Clewiston Retirement Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Securian Retirement Services, which act as the administrator of the Plan. The Board consists of the members of the City Commission. The Plan is reported as a fiduciary component unit in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 84.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund services provided and used have not been eliminated. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as with accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Hendry County Tax Collector bills and collects property taxes for the City in accordance with the laws of the State of Florida. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the date of assessment and remain in effect until discharge by payment. Taxes are payable when levied (on November 1, or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll becomes available to the Tax Collector).

The following is the current property tax calendar:

Lien date January 1
Levy date November 1
Due date November 1
Delinquent date April 1
Sale of tax certificates by June 1

Discounts of 1% are granted for each month taxes are paid on or before February 28, with a maximum discount of 4% if paid by November 30. Revenue recognition criteria for property taxes under GASB requires that property taxes expected to be collected within 60 days of the current period be accrued. Current year ad valorem taxes, which are uncollected as of the end of the fiscal year, are generally immaterial in amount, therefore, are not recorded as a receivable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's utility functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services.

Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

GASB Statement 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise funds combined) for the determination of major funds. The City has used GASB Statement 34 minimum criteria for major fund determination to determine which funds are required to be reported as major funds. The following two broad classifications are used to categorize the fund types used by the City:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) and not net income. The City has the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Community Redevelopment Fund is used to account for the tax increment development receipts and expenditures thereof.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The following is a description of the City's major proprietary funds:

Electric Fund – Accounts for the operations and activities related to the electric system within the City.

Water and Sewer Fund – Accounts for the operations and activities related to the water and sewer system within the City.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Solid Waste Fund – Accounts for the operations and activities related to the solid waste system within the City.

The City also reports special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support City programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

The City's fiduciary fund is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (pension, private purpose and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (pension participants) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

The fiduciary fund of the City is the Pension Trust Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Each fund's cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments are considered cash and cash equivalents. For purposes of these statements, all highly liquid debt instruments (including restricted assets), with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, are considered to be cash equivalents.

Deposits and Investments

Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, requires the investment of surplus public funds and prescribes the instruments in which those investments are authorized. Specifically, allowable investments include:

- The State of Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969.
- Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories.
- Direct obligations of the United States.

The City adheres strictly to the provisions of those cited statutes, as well as with Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, which requires the City to maintain deposits only with qualified public depositories. The City maintains a cash and investment pool available for use by all funds. Earnings from such investments are allocated to the respective funds based on applicable cash participation by each fund. In addition, restricted cash accounts and money market deposit accounts are separately maintained by several City funds in accordance with bond ordinances and other contractual agreements. Investments are stated at fair value, based on quoted market prices.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The City's cash and investment pool and certain individual funds participate in the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) Florida PRIME. The SBA is governed by Chapter 19-1 of the Florida Administrative Code (FAC). The FAC provides guidance and establishes the general operating procedures for the administration of the Local Government Surplus Trust Funds. Additionally, the Florida Auditor General performs an operational audit of activities and investments of the SBA. GASB Statement 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, applies to Florida PRIME. GASB Statement 31 outlines the two options for accounting and reporting for money market investment pools as either "2a-7 like" or fluctuating net asset value (NAV). GASB Statement 31 describes a "2a-7 like" pool as an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Rule 2a-7 is the rule that permits money market funds to use amortized cost to maintain a constant NAV of \$1.00 per share, provided that such funds meet certain conditions. City investments with the SBA may be made or liquidated by wire on a same day basis, subject to limitations described in Note 3. These funds are considered a SEC "2a-7 like" fund and are recorded at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans between funds outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to other funds" or "due from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances" and are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market, or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide columnar presentation. All proprietary fund receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The City's allowance estimate is based on historical collection experience and a review of the current status of accounts receivable.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory in governmental funds is valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. A portion of the General Fund balance equal to the inventory amount has been reserved in the fund financial statements to indicate that it is not available for appropriation.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, infrastructure, water and sewer distribution systems and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets costing in excess of \$1,000 with estimated useful lives in excess of one year. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized in proprietary funds as projects are constructed. The amount of interest capitalized during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of borrowing until the completion of the project with interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Capital assets are stated at cost, except for contributed assets, which are recorded at acquisition value on the date received by the City. Property, plant and equipment of the primary government are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method generally over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 40
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave and associated employee-related costs. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary funds statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

The difference between the reacquisition price (new debt) and the net carrying value of the old debt creates a deferred gain/loss from advance refunding of debt. This difference is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense using the bonds outstanding method over the shorter of the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt. The deferred account is offset against the new liability.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, gains/loss from refunding, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and gains from refundings received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts and losses from refundings on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Pension Trust Fund (the "Plan"), as well as the Florida Retirement Systems (FRS) and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan and FRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions, if any) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB Statement 54, are as follows:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, deposits, prepaids, and advances to other funds.

Restricted – includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes that are internally imposed by a formal action (Resolution) of the government's highest level of decision making authority, the City Commission. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City taking the same formal action (Resolution) that imposed the constraint. Contractual obligations are included to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual obligations.

Assigned – includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Intent is expressed by the City Commission or a body (for example: a budget or finance committee) or official to which the City Commission has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. This indicates that resources in these funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purposes of that fund. The City Commission has not authorized a specific party to assign fund balance. The City Commission may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's budget.

Unassigned – includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed on fund balances. Fund balance can have different levels of restraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification with the General Fund. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance (Continued)

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Net Position

Net position is classified in three categories. The general meaning of each is as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – represents the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – this category includes resources restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – indicates that portion of net position that is available for future periods.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Note 8 and Note 11 for additional information on the City's deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City currently has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category which relates to the City's pension plan. See Note 6 for additional information on the City's deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted by ordinance for all governmental and proprietary funds. However, budgets for proprietary funds are not legally required to be reported on and are not included in these financial statements. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end except for appropriations related to multi-year capital projects. Florida Statutes provide that it is unlawful to make expenditures that exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, governs the manner in which the budget may be legally amended once it has been approved. Therefore, the fund level is the legal level of control for budget considerations according to Florida Statutes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Budgets (Continued)

The City sets the legal level of budgetary control at the fund level. The transfer of budgeted amounts within departments may be requested by department heads and may be made upon approval by the Finance Director and City Manager. Budgetary transfers between funds or changes in the total budget of a fund require approval of the City Commission through the passage of a resolution which is required to be posted on the City's website. The schedule of expenditures by department budget and actual is presented in the financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the previous City policy which required budget approvals at the total department level. The City issues a separate budgetary report to demonstrate compliance with the new policy due to the exceptionally low level at which budgetary control has been set.

If, during the fiscal year, additional revenue becomes available for appropriations in excess of those estimated in the budget, the City Commission by resolution can make supplemental appropriations for the year. During the current fiscal year, various supplemental appropriations were approved by the City Commission. Budgetary data presented in the accompanying basic financial statements in the final budgeted amounts column represents the final budgetary data. In this column, the effects of budget amendments have been applied to original budgetary data.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources that are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as commitments of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year. All encumbrances were closed at the end of the year. Therefore, no provision for encumbrances has been made at September 30, 2021.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposit policies – The City's cash and cash equivalents (including restricted assets) include cash on hand, demand deposits, short-term highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, pooled investments and money market funds.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk — There is a risk that in the event of failure of a depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover their deposits. It is the City's policy to maintain its deposits only with qualified public depositories as defined in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. The provisions of this statute allow qualified public depositories to participate in a multiple financial institution collateral pool to ensure security for public deposits. All qualified public depositories must place with or in the name of the Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida, collateral in the amount of the average daily balance of public deposits multiplied by the average monthly balance of public deposits or 125% of the average daily balance of public deposits greater than capital. In the event of default by a qualified public depository, excess losses over insurance and collateral will be recovered through assessments from all qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default. Under this method, all City's deposits are considered fully insured. The City has no further custodial credit risk policy.

At September 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the City's checking accounts was \$17,693,960 and the bank balance was \$17,793,748.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

City Investments

Florida Statutes authorize investments that include money market accounts, savings accounts, repurchase agreements, the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) Florida PRIME, obligations of the U.S. Government, governmental agencies guaranteed by the U.S. Government, and certain bond mutual funds.

At September 30, 2021, the City held \$2,023,232 in Florida PRIME. Florida PRIME is an external investment pool governed by Chapters 215 and 218, Florida Statutes, and SBA Rules, Chapter 19-7, *Florida Administrative Code*. The purpose of Chapter 218, Part IV, Florida Statutes, is to promote through state assistance, the maximization of net interest earnings on invested surplus funds of units of local government, based on the principles of investor protection, mandated transparency, and proper governance, with the goal of reducing the need for imposing additional taxes. The primary investment objectives, in priority order, are safety, liquidity, and competitive returns with minimization of risks. Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's Rating Services. The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida Prime at September 30, 2021 is 49 days. The weighted average life (WAL) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2021 is 64 days.

Interest rate risk – The City does not have a formal policy relating to interest rate risk.

Credit risk – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. All the City's investments are excluded from the definition of custodial credit risk. The City has no investment policy regarding credit risk.

Concentrations of credit risk – The City places no limits on the amount it may invest on any one issuer. As of September 30, 2021, the City did not hold any investments that were considered to be a concentration of credit risk.

Investments are stated at amortized cost in accordance with GASB 79. Per GASB 79, if a participant has an investment in a qualifying external investment pool that measures for financial reporting purposes all of its investments at amortized cost it should disclose the presence of any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals (such as redemption notice periods, maximum transaction amounts, and the qualifying external investment pool's authority to impose liquidity fees or redemption gates) in notes to the financial statements.

Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states, The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the Executive Director may extend the moratorium until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days.

As of September 30, 2021, there were no redemption fees, maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100% of their account value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund Investments

As of September 30, 2021, the City's pension trust fund had the following investments:

Pension Trust Fund						
Investments	Fair Value					
Fixed income	\$	11,199,160				
Domestic equity		2,702,322				
International equity		1,603,061				
	\$	15,504,543				

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs for similar assets, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2021:

	Level 1		Level 1 Level 2		/el 3	Fair Value
Pension Trust Fund Investments						
Fixed income	\$	-	\$ 11,199,160	\$	-	\$ 11,199,160
Domestic equity		-	2,702,322		-	2,702,322
International equity		<u>-</u>	1,603,061			1,603,061
	\$		\$ 15,504,543	\$	-	\$ 15,504,543

Securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Securities classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques.

NOTE 4 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	General Fund		Electric Fund		Water and Sewer Fund		So	lid Waste	
							Fund		Total
Accounts receivable	\$	575,681	\$	1,651,282	\$	743,528	\$	317,722	\$ 3,288,213
Due from other governments		597,098		-		8,915		-	606,013
Assessments receivable		27,276		-		534,933		-	562,209
Less allowance for									
doubtful accounts		(11,359)		(89,766)		(52,253)		(15,591)	(168, 969)
	\$ 1	,188,696	\$	1,561,516	\$	1,235,123	\$	302,131	\$ 4,287,466

Due from Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments in the General Fund relate to the grant and other intergovernmental revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2021 is as follows:

Due From/To Other Funds

Due from/to other funds generally represent recurring activities between funds, as well as temporary cash deficits. Balances as of September 30, 2021 were as follows:

				Due Fron	n							
			Clewiston	nmajor		9	14/	. 4	•	12 -1 3444 -		
Due To	General Fund	l Re	development Agency	rants [:] und		lectric Fund		ater and wer Fund	So	lid Waste Fund		Total
General Fund	\$	- \$	1,565	\$ 48	\$	-	\$	310,493	\$	203,844	\$	515,950
Grants Fund		-	-	-		8		-		-		8
Electric Fund	1,164,70)1	-	-		-	4	1,203,826		-	Ę	5,368,527
Solid Waste Fund		-	-	-		76,801		434,094		-		510,895
Total	\$1,164,70)1 \$	1,565	\$ 48	\$	76,809	\$4	1,948,413	\$	203,844	\$6	3,395,380

Additionally, the City reports an advance payable due from the General Fund to the Water and Sewer fund in the amount of \$2,248.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers represent transfers of funds for operating purposes from the fund that collected them to the fund that is authorized to expend them.

		Transfers Out								
	Electric	Wate	r and Sewer	So	lid Waste					
Transfers In	Fund	Gov	ernmental	Gov	ernmental	Total				
General Fund	\$ 929,309	\$	286,957	\$	114,860	\$1,331,126				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 were as follows:

Governmental activities Capital assets not being depreciated \$ 2,697,047 \$ - \$ (860,328) \$ - \$ 1,836,719 Construction in progress 672,521 109,531 (6,710) - 775,342 Total assets not being depreciated 3,369,568 109,531 (867,038) - 2,612,061 Capital assets being depreciated Buildings 5,423,534 5,423,534 5,423,534 Improvements other than buildings 10,877,097 - (554,520) - 10,322,577 Machinery and equipment 8,500,600 539,837 (25,560) - 9,014,877 Total assets being depreciated 24,801,231 539,837 (580,080) - 24,760,988 Less accumulated depreciation Buildings (3,179,803) (127,859) (3,307,662) Improvements other than buildings (7,810,041) (200,479) 13,863 - (7,996,657) Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net
Land \$ 2,697,047 \$ - \$ (860,328) \$ - \$ 1,836,719 Construction in progress 672,521 109,531 (6,710) - 775,342 Total assets not being depreciated 3,369,568 109,531 (867,038) - 2,612,061 Capital assets being depreciated 8uildings 5,423,534 - - - 5,423,534 Improvements other than buildings 10,877,097 - (554,520) - 10,322,577 Machinery and equipment 8,500,600 539,837 (25,560) - 9,014,877 Total assets being depreciated 24,801,231 539,837 (580,080) - 24,760,988 Less accumulated depreciation 8,179,803 (127,859) - - (3,307,662) Improvements other than buildings (7,810,041) (200,479) 13,863 - (7,996,657) Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 <td< td=""></td<>
Construction in progress 672,521 109,531 (6,710) - 775,342 Total assets not being depreciated 3,369,568 109,531 (867,038) - 2,612,061 Capital assets being depreciated Buildings 5,423,534 - - - 5,423,534 Improvements other than buildings 10,877,097 - (554,520) - 10,322,577 Machinery and equipment 8,500,600 539,837 (25,560) - 9,014,877 Total assets being depreciated 24,801,231 539,837 (580,080) - 24,760,988 Less accumulated depreciation 8,179,803 (127,859) - - (3,307,662) Improvements other than buildings (7,810,041) (200,479) 13,863 - (7,996,657) Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (
Total assets not being depreciated 3,369,568 109,531 (867,038) - 2,612,061 Capital assets being depreciated Buildings 5,423,534 5,423,534 Improvements other than buildings 10,877,097 - (554,520) - 10,322,577 Machinery and equipment 8,500,600 539,837 (25,560) - 9,014,877 Total assets being depreciated 24,801,231 539,837 (580,080) - 24,760,988 Less accumulated depreciation Buildings (3,179,803) (127,859) (3,307,662) Improvements other than buildings (7,810,041) (200,479) 13,863 - (7,996,657) Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (540,657) - 5,724,968
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings
Buildings 5,423,534 - - 5,423,534 Improvements other than buildings 10,877,097 - (554,520) - 10,322,577 Machinery and equipment 8,500,600 539,837 (25,560) - 9,014,877 Total assets being depreciated 24,801,231 539,837 (580,080) - 24,760,988 Less accumulated depreciation Buildings (3,179,803) (127,859) - - (3,307,662) Improvements other than buildings (7,810,041) (200,479) 13,863 - (7,996,657) Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (540,657) - 5,724,968
Buildings 5,423,534 - - 5,423,534 Improvements other than buildings 10,877,097 - (554,520) - 10,322,577 Machinery and equipment 8,500,600 539,837 (25,560) - 9,014,877 Total assets being depreciated 24,801,231 539,837 (580,080) - 24,760,988 Less accumulated depreciation Buildings (3,179,803) (127,859) - - (3,307,662) Improvements other than buildings (7,810,041) (200,479) 13,863 - (7,996,657) Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (540,657) - 5,724,968
Improvements other than buildings 10,877,097 - (554,520) - 10,322,577 Machinery and equipment 8,500,600 539,837 (25,560) - 9,014,877 Total assets being depreciated 24,801,231 539,837 (580,080) - 24,760,988 Less accumulated depreciation Buildings (3,179,803) (127,859) - - (3,307,662) Improvements other than buildings (7,810,041) (200,479) 13,863 - (7,996,657) Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (540,657) - 5,724,968
Machinery and equipment 8,500,600 539,837 (25,560) - 9,014,877 Total assets being depreciated 24,801,231 539,837 (580,080) - 24,760,988 Less accumulated depreciation Buildings (3,179,803) (127,859) - - (3,307,662) Improvements other than buildings (7,810,041) (200,479) 13,863 - (7,996,657) Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (540,657) - 5,724,968
Total assets being depreciated 24,801,231 539,837 (580,080) - 24,760,988 Less accumulated depreciation Buildings (3,179,803) (127,859) - - (3,307,662) Improvements other than buildings (7,810,041) (200,479) 13,863 - (7,996,657) Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (540,657) - 5,724,968
Buildings (3,179,803) (127,859) - - (3,307,662) Improvements other than buildings (7,810,041) (200,479) 13,863 - (7,996,657) Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (540,657) - 5,724,968
Buildings (3,179,803) (127,859) - - (3,307,662) Improvements other than buildings (7,810,041) (200,479) 13,863 - (7,996,657) Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (540,657) - 5,724,968
Improvements other than buildings (7,810,041) (200,479) 13,863 - (7,996,657) Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (540,657) - 5,724,968
Machinery and equipment (7,485,635) (271,626) 25,560 - (7,731,701) Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (540,657) - 5,724,968
Total accumulated depreciation (18,475,479) (599,964) 39,423 - (19,036,020) Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (540,657) - 5,724,968
Total assets depreciated, net 6,325,752 (60,127) (540,657) - 5,724,968
ψ (1, 101, 100) ψ (1, 101, 100)
Beginning Ending
Balance Additions Deletions Transfers Balance
Business-type activities
Capital assets not being depreciated
Land \$ 670,142 \$ - \$ - \$ 670,142
Construction in progress 2,157,300 1,153,870 - (1,895,021) 1,416,149
Total assets not being depreciated 2,827,442 1,153,870 - (1,895,021) 2,086,291
Capital assets being depreciated
Buildings 440,756 440,756
Improvements other than buildings 42,428,505 455,495 - 1,895,021 44,779,021
Machinery and equipment 12,236,617 357,421 (371,136) - 12,222,902
Total assets being depreciated 55,105,878 812,916 (371,136) 1,895,021 57,442,679
10tal assets being depreciated 00,100,070 012,010 (071,100) 1,000,021 07,442,070
Less accumulated depreciation
Buildings (347,532) (10,729) (358,261)
Improvements other than buildings (19,201,111) (909,339) (20,110,450)
Machinery and equipment (8,706,968) (428,810) 371,136 - (8,764,642)
Total accumulated depreciation (28,255,611) (1,348,878) 371,136 - (29,233,353)
Total assets depreciated, net 26,850,267 (535,962) - 1,895,021 28,209,326
Business-type activities, net \$ 29,677,709 \$ 617,908 \$ - \$ - \$ 30,295,617

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 30,925
Public safety	173,573
Transportation	173,465
Physical environment	24
Economic environment	22,313
Culture and recreation	188,004
Human services	11,660
	\$ 599,964
Business-Type Activities	
Electric	\$ 449,701
Water and sewer	818,920
Solid waste	80,257
	\$ 1,348,878

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 is summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions	R	Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities				-					
Notes payable from direct									
borrowings									
Notes payable - bank	\$ 327,276	\$	-	\$	(132,870)	\$	194,406	\$	59,717
FDEO agreement	32,493		-		(32,493)		-		-
Net pension liability	2,129,115		694,376		(2,244,302)		579,189		-
Total OPEB liability	881,215		76,390		(72,519)		885,086		-
Compensated absences	 171,651		23,806		(35,102)		160,355		36,155
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,541,750	\$	794,572	\$	(2,517,286)	\$	1,819,036	\$	95,872
Business-type activities									
Bonds payable	\$ 12,061,000	\$	-	\$	(267,000)	\$	11,794,000	\$	278,000
Notes payable from direct									
borrowings	2,417,638		2,432,888		(86,317)		4,764,209		147,230
Total OPEB liability	448,340		38,862		(36,893)		450,309		-
Compensated absences	 79,216		40,718		(40,309)		79,625		41,517
Total business-type activities	\$ 15,006,194	\$	2,512,468	\$	(430,519)	\$	17,088,143	\$	466,747

For the governmental activities, the net pension liability, total OPEB liability, and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The beginning balances above have been adjusted to remove the net pension related balances which have become net pension assets during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Notes Payable from Direct Borrowings

\$300,000 note payable to a bank, dated October 31, 2019, payable in monthly payments of \$5,329, including interest at 2.50%, with the first payment due on December 1, 2019. The final maturity date of the loan is November 1, 2024. Proceeds were used to purchase golf carts.

\$ 194,406

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Revenue Bonds

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds - Series 2007A. 4.125% revenue bonds payable, isued on June 7, 2007, to finance improvements to the water system; payment of principal, interest, and reserve account contributions are secured by net revenues of the water and sewer system; bonds mature serially on September 1, each year until the year 2046.

\$ 6,552,000

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds - Series 2007B. 4.125% revenue bonds payable, isued on June 7, 2007, to finance improvements to the water system; payment of principal, interest, and reserve account contributions are secured by net revenues of the water and sewer system; bonds mature serially on September 1, each year until the year 2046.

5,242,000

Notes Payable from Direct Borrowings

Notes payable to Florida Department of Environmental Protection, State Revolving Fund with the beginning of the repayment period on October 15, 2010. The two notes are payable in 40 semi-annual payments in a combined amount of \$30,940, including interest at the rate of 1.42%, beginning April 15, 2011. The maturity date of the loans is October 15, 2030. Loans are secured by net revenues of the water and sewer systems. Proceeds from the loans were used to construct improvements to the sewer system.

548,299

Note payable to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection - State Revolving Fund with the beginning of the repayment period to be first principal payment due on January 15, 2019. The payments are principal only and are made semiannually in the amount of \$10,676. There are 60 payments. The final maturity date of the loan is July 15, 2048. Proceeds from the loan were used to update the Master Lift Station of the City Sewer system.

576,492

Note payable to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection - State Revolving Fund with the beginning of the repayment period to be first principal payment due on October 15, 2020. The payments are principal only and are made semiannually in the amount of \$16,126. Proceeds from the loan were used for an inflow and infiltration study.

209,143

Note payable to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection - State Revolving Fund with the beginning of the repayment period to be first principal payment due on March 15, 2022. The payments are principal only and are made semiannually in the amount of \$12,265. Proceeds from the loan were used for an inflow and infiltration study.

2,080,275

Note payable to the Florida Municipal Power Agency with the beginning of the repayment period to be first principal payment due on April 1, 2022. The payments are principal only and are made semiannually in the amount of \$51.435.

1,350,000 \$16,558,209

Total business type activities

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of September 30, 2021 are outlined in the table below. For business-type activities, the City's SRF loan in the amount of \$1,005,817 is excluded as this loan is still in the draw down phase and final maturities have not yet been established.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Fiscal		Notes Payable from Direct Borrowings								
Year	Principal		In	iterest	Total					
2022	\$	59,717	\$	4,235	\$	63,952				
2023		61,248		2,704		63,952				
2024		62,816		1,136		63,952				
2025		10,625		33		10,658				
	\$	194,406	\$	8,108	\$	202,514				

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Fiscal		Revenue Bonds					Notes Payable from Direct Borrowings					
Year	P	rincipal	I	nterest		Total		Principal	Interest		Total	
2022	\$	278,000	\$	486,503	\$	764,503	\$	147,230	\$	22,356	\$	169,586
2023		290,000		475,035		765,035		188,739		32,349		221,088
2024		301,000		463,073		764,073		191,079		30,009		221,088
2025		314,000		450,656		764,656		193,457		27,631		221,088
2026		327,000		437,704		764,704		195,874		25,213		221,087
2027-2031		1,848,000		1,974,761		3,822,761		986,097		88,401		1,074,498
2032-2036		2,262,000	•	1,560,900		3,822,900		813,075		10,304		823,379
2037-2041		2,770,000		1,054,144		3,824,144		267,611		1,524		269,135
2042-2046		3,404,000		433,620		3,837,620		106,758		-		106,758
2047-2048		-		-		-		42,701		-		42,701
	\$	11,794,000	\$ 7	7,336,396	\$	19,130,396	\$	3,132,621	\$	237,787	\$	3,370,408

The above amount for business-type activities maturities for notes payable does not include \$1,631,588 which is anticipated to be forgiven in the upcoming fiscal year.

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS

A – Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plans

The City participates in two defined benefit pension plans (Plans) that are administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The Plans provide retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plans. That report is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website at www.dms.myflorida.com.

Membership in the Florida Retirement System is compulsory for all of the City's certified police officers hired after February 1, 2004. All certified police officers hired prior to February 1, 2004, were allowed to elect to participate in the Florida Retirement System or remain in the existing City pension plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A – Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

The FRS has five classes of membership. The City's certified law enforcement officers belong to one of the five classes, the Special Risk Class.

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under Sections 121.053 or 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retirees' Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a state administered retirement system must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under FRS are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the employer are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. Employees are required to contribute 3% of their salary to FRS. The employer's contribution rates for the period October 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021, and July 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, were as follows: Regular Class 10.00% and 10.82%, Senior Management 27.29% and 29.01%, Special Risk Employee Class 24.45% and 25.89%, Elected Officials 49.18% and 51.42%, and DROP Participants 16.98% and 18.34%.

The City's contributions for the year ended September 30, 2021 were \$149,720 to FRS and \$12,804 to HIS.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A - Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

In its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2021, the City reported a liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability were determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2021. The City's proportions of the net pension liabilities were based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

	FRS		HIS	
Net pension liability	\$ 300,921	\$	278,268	
Proportion at:				
Current measurement date	0.003983670%	0.	002268520%	
Prior measurement date	0.004303663%	0.002160915%		
Pension expense (benefit)	\$ (61,215)	\$	11,254	

As of September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		FR	S		HIS					
	Defer	ed Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows	Deferre	ed Outflows	Defer	red Inflows		
Description	of F	Resources	of	Resources	of R	esources	of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	51,578	\$	-	\$	9,312	\$	117		
Change of assumptions		205,905		-		21,866		11,465		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Pension Plan investments		-		1,049,836		290		= .		
Changes in proportion and differences between City Pension Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions		42,635		253,469		11,953		29,001		
City Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date		38,069		-		3,000		= .		
Total	\$	338,187	\$	1,303,305	\$	46,421	\$	40,583		

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year-end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending September 30, 2021. Other pension related amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		
September 30:	FRS	HIS
2022	\$ (176,686)	\$ 782
2023	(206,033)	249
2024	(272,914)	514
2025	(349,720)	682
2026	2,166	510
Thereafter		101
	\$ (1,003,187)	\$ 2,838

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A - Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans, measured as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2021, using the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following significant actuarial assumptions:

	FRS	HIS
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25%	3.25%
Investment rate of return	6.80%	N/A
Discount rate	6.80%	2.16%

Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the PUB-2010 tables with Scale MP-2018.

For both plans, the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation dated July 1, 2021 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The following changes in key actuarial assumptions occurred in 2021:

HIS: The municipal bond index rate and the discount rate used to determine the total pension liability increased from 2.21 % to 2.16%.

The long-term expected investment rate of return was not based on historical returns, but instead was based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. For the FRS Pension Plan, the table below summarizes the target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class:

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation (1)	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.1%	2.1%	1.1%
Fixed income	20.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.3%
Global equity	54.2%	8.2%	6.7%	17.8%
Real estate	10.3%	7.1%	6.2%	13.8%
Private equity	10.8%	11.7%	8.5%	26.4%
Strategic investments	3.7%	5.7%	5.4%	8.4%
Total	100.0%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.2%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the Pension Plan's investment policy

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

A – Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for FRS was 6.80%. FRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because HIS is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, a municipal bond rate of 2.16% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation Bond 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was used as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1% higher or 1% lower than the current discount rate.

	FRS		HIS			
	Current					
	1% Decrease (5.80%)	Discount Rate (6.80%)	1% Increase (7.80%)	1% Decrease (1.16%)	Discount Rate (2.16%)	1% Increase (3.16%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,345,739	\$ 300,921	\$ (572,430)	\$ 321,705	\$ 278,268	\$ 242,681

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2021, the City reported a payable in the amount of \$0 for outstanding contributions to the Pension Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

B – Frozen Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The City sponsors a single employer defined benefit pension plan. Securian Retirement Services was appointed by the City as plan administrator and is responsible for all administrative, actuarial, and investment management decisions for the City of Clewiston Pension Plan (Plan). Future retirees will have their benefits paid directly from the plan assets instead of through purchased annuities.

The City elected to freeze the benefits, except for cost of living increases, under the defined benefit plan effective October 1, 2012. No new members will be added to the plan after September 30, 2012.

The Plan does not issue a separate stand-alone financial report. The financial information is included as a Pension Trust Fund in the City's financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B - Frozen Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Membership

Membership in the Plan consisted of the following at October 1, 2021 the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active plan members	28
Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	58
Terminated with vested deferred benefits	72
Total	158

Contributions

The City's actual contribution for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 was \$68,106.

Investment Policy

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2021:

		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Allocation	Expected Real	Expected Nominal
Asset Class	Policy	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	70%	3.15%	5.90%
International equity	10%	4.91%	7.66%
Fixed income	20%	1.10%	3.85%
Real estate and alternatives	0%	3.98%	6.73%
General account	0%	1.00%	3.75%
Total (weighted avg. rounded to 1/4%)	100%	6.50%	6.90%

Concentrations

There were no investments (other than U.S. Government and U.S. Government-guaranteed obligations) that represent more than 5% of net position restricted for benefits.

There are no investments in, loans to, or leases with, any City official, government employer official, party related to a town official or government employer official, non-employer contributor, or organization included in the reporting entity.

Rate of Return

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the City's pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 6.50%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Asset of the City

Effective October 1, 2014, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, as well as Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The information disclosed on the following pages is presented in accordance with these standards. The City's Plan does not issue separate financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B - Frozen Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The measurement date for the City's net pension asset is September 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined as of that date. The components of the net pension asset of the City for its September 30, 2021, financial statements, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 14,013,656
Plan fiduciary net position	(15,504,543)
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$ (1,490,887)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of total pension liability	110.64%

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense (benefit) of (\$580,739) for the Plan. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to its pension plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ -	\$ 1,809,858
Total	\$ -	\$ 1,809,858

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plans will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30,	
2022	\$ (480,090)
2023	(407,518)
2024	(498,860)
2025	(423,390)
Total	\$ (1,809,858)

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability (asset) and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Actuarial Assumptions

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B - Frozen Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Allocation	Expected Real	Expected Nominal
Asset Class	Policy	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	70%	3.15%	5.90%
International equity	10%	4.91%	7.66%
Fixed income	20%	1.10%	3.85%
Real estate and alternatives	0%	3.98%	6.73%
General account	0%	1.00%	3.75%
Total (weighted avg. rounded to 1/4%)	100%	6.50%	6.90%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Plan was 6.50%.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) of the City

The changes in the components of the net pension liability (asset) of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a-b)	
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$ 13,764,400	\$ 13,098,501	\$ 665,899	
Changes for the year:				
Interest	875,054	-	875,054	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(21,751)	-	(21,751)	
Assumption changes	-	-	-	
Benefit payments and refunds	(604,047)	(604,047)	-	
Contributions - employer	-	68,106	(68, 106)	
Net investment income	-	2,950,660	(2,950,660)	
Administrative expenses	-	(8,677)	8,677	
Net change	249,256	2,406,042	(2,156,786)	
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$ 14,013,656	\$ 15,504,543	\$ (1,490,887)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B - Frozen Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate.

The following presents the net pension liabilities of the City, calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the City's net pension liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Decrease Di		iscount Rate	1	% Increase
		5.50%		6.50%		7.50%	
City's Net Pension Liability (asset) - September 30, 2021	\$	286,375	\$	(1,490,887)	\$	(2,936,428)	

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of September 30, 2021 and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

Applicable totals for all of the City's defined benefit pension plans are reflected below:

Pension Trust			FRS	HIS		
	Fund	Р	ension	Pens	sion	Total
\$	(1,490,887)	\$	-	\$		\$(1,490,887)
	-		300,921	278	,268	579,189
	-		338,187	46	,421	384,608
	1,809,858	1	,303,305	40	,583	3,153,746
	(580,739)		(61,215)	11	,254	(630,700)
	\$	\$ (1,490,887) - - 1,809,858	Fund P \$ (1,490,887) \$ - - 1,809,858 1	Fund Pension \$ (1,490,887) \$ - - 300,921 - 338,187 1,809,858 1,303,305	Fund Pension Pension \$ (1,490,887) \$ - \$ - 300,921 278 - 338,187 46 1,809,858 1,303,305 40	FundPensionPension\$ (1,490,887)\$ -\$300,921278,268-338,18746,4211,809,8581,303,30540,583

NOTE 9 - CURRENT DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN FOR EMPLOYEES OTHER THAN CERTIFIED POLICE OFFICERS

Effective October 1, 2012, the City adopted a Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, a defined contribution plan, for all full-time regular employees other than firefighters, police officers, and City Commissioners. The plan is administered by the City of Clewiston in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The City Commission has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The City contributes 6% of each employee's qualified salary (excluding firefighters, police officers, City Commissioners, and all part-time employees) and all amounts are vested immediately. All contributions to the plan are to be made by the City. The City Commission has the authority to establish and amend contribution requirements. All of the required contributions for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 were made by the City which totaled \$173,798.

NOTE 10 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Employees of the City may defer a portion of their compensation under the City sponsored deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under this plan, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until the funds are distributed to them. The laws governing deferred compensation plans require plan assets to be held by a trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Because the assets held under these plans are not the City's property and are not subject to City Commission control, they have been excluded from these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 11 – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION

Plan Description and Funding Policy

The City administers a single employer defined benefit health care and life insurance plan. The plan provides lifetime healthcare and life insurance for eligible retirees and their dependents, as long as they pay the full premium, through the City's group health and life insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. This conforms with the minimum requirement for governmental employers under Florida state law. The City's contributions to active employees is limited to a fixed dollar contribution as approved by the City Commission, and the City is not required to contribute any additional amounts to provide benefits. Funding is on a "pay as you go" basis. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Plan Membership

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at September 30, 2020 updated to September 30, 2021:

Active participants	90
Retirees, beneficiaries, and disabled members	28
Covered spouses	
Total	118

Total OPEB Liability of the City

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020 updated to September 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020 updated to September 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate 2.43%

Healthcare cost trend rate Initial rate of 7.00% in fiscal year, grading down to the

ultimate trend rate of 4.00% in fiscal 2075

Inflation rate 2.50%

Salary increase 2.50% per year

Participation rate 100% participation assumed, with 50% electing spouse

coverage

Mortality rates were based on the mortality tables used in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System. They are based on the results of a statewide experience study covering the period 2013 through 2018.

Discount Rate

Under GASB Statement No. 75, when there are currently no invested plan assets held in trust to finance the OPEB obligations, the discount rate equals the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. The rate used in the September 30, 2021 valuation was 2.43%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability of the City

The changes in the total OPEB liability of the City for the year ended September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Т	otal OPEB Liability
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$	1,329,555
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		85,524
Interest on the total OPEB liability		29,729
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		(57,421)
Benefit payments		(51,992)
Net changes		5,840
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	1,335,395

The required schedule of changes in the City's total OPEB liability and related ratios in the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.43%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.43%) than the current discount rate:

		Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	1.43%	2.43%	3.43%		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,550,339	\$ 1,335,395	\$ 1,163,008		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Current			
	1% Decrease	Healthcare Cost	1% Increase		
	3.00% - 6.50%	Trend Rate	5.00% - 8.50%		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,280,381	\$ 1,335,395	\$ 1,399,687		

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revisions as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of September 30, 2019 and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and inactive employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

NOTE 11 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (CONTINUED)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$88,755. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	81,798		
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		78,972		161,752		
Total	\$	78,972	\$	243,550		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended September 30,	
2022	\$ (28,047)
2023	(28,047)
2024	(28,047)
2025	(28,047)
2026	(14,713)
Thereafter	 (37,677)
Total	\$ (164,578)

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Florida Municipal Power Agency - Power Sales and Project Support Contracts

The City is a member of the Florida Municipal Power Agency (FMPA) with a membership of 31 municipal electric systems. The City is a participant in FMPA's St. Lucie and All-Requirements Projects. The FMPA issued revenue bonds to acquire an ownership interest in the St. Lucie Project and the All-Requirements Project. FMPA has pledged its interest under certain Power Sales Contracts and Project Support Contracts entered into with the participants of the project as security for the bonds. Under the Power Sales Contract, the City has agreed to purchase its entitlement share of the generation capability of the St. Lucie and All-Requirements Projects along with the transmission services for any month electric capacity or energy was made available to the City.

The City's entitlement share totals approximately 2.2% of FMPA's entitlement in the St. Lucie Project and 2.1% of FMPA's entitlement in the All-Requirements Project. In the event payments are not required to be made for any month by the City under its Power Sales Contract because electric capacity and energy were not available, the City would be required to make monthly payments under its Project Support Contract equal to the payment which would have been required under the Power Sales Contract.

Payments under the Power Sales Contract are operating expenses of the electric system, but payments under the Project Support Contracts are not and, therefore, are to be made after payment of operating expenses, debt service and any other payments required to be made under debt instruments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The City previously entered into a Capacity and Energy Sales Contract with certain other participants. Under this contract, the City agreed to sell the capacity and energy from its respective entitlement share of the project to certain purchasing systems. The purchasing systems agreed to purchase such capacity and energy and to provide back-up capacity and energy. The City remains obligated for payments pursuant to its Power Sales and Project Support Contracts. The City's pro rata share of the Agency's operating deficit for the year ended September 30, 2021 was not material in relation to the City's total electrical system expenditures.

Grants and Assistance

Activities of certain funds of the City are financed in whole or in part by various forms of grants and assistance, principally from Hendry County, the State of Florida, and the federal government. There can be no absolute assurance that such assistance will continue in the future at the present levels. Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit or adjustment by grantor agencies. Also, any amounts disallowed could constitute liabilities of the applicable funds.

Litigation

The City, in accordance with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various judgments, claims, and litigation. It is expected that the final settlement of these matters will not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of a public entity risk pool which is a cooperative group of governmental entities joining together to finance an exposure, liability, or risk. The pool provides coverage for property, liability, public officials' liability, workers' compensation, automobile physical damage, general liability, and automobile liability. The cost of the property and casualty insurance and workers' compensation is accounted for in the governmental activities and business-type activities of the City. There were no settled claims which exceeded insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

A loss fund is established to pay the self-insured retention amounts. Self-insured per occurrence limits are \$100,000 for property and liability claims, \$150,000 for workers' compensation, and \$25,000 for crime related claims. Any claims in excess of these established limits are covered by aggregate excess or stop loss insurance. The City financial reporting entity is covered by Florida Statutes under the Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity, which effectively limits the liability of individual claims to \$100,000/\$200,000 for all claims relating to the same incident.

The City provides hospitalization and medical coverage through commercial insurance carriers.

Major uninsurable risks include damages to infrastructure assets and damages or governmental fines due to, pollution, or contamination of any kind. Since the amounts of loss cannot be reasonably estimated and the likelihood is undeterminable, no provision for such occurrences is included in these financial statements.

NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The City has evaluated all subsequent events through June 25, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.





SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 1,751,679	\$ 1,751,679	\$ 1,637,232	\$ (114,447)		
Utility taxes	551,000	551,000	597,979	46,979		
Business taxes	35,000	35,000	41,910	6,910		
Communication services tax	167,501	167,501	183,422	15,921		
Licenses and permits	88,000	88,000	81,298	(6,702)		
Intergovernmental revenues	4,455,577	4,943,505	3,802,989	(1,140,516)		
Charges for services	1,379,443	1,379,443	1,373,651	(5,792)		
Franchise fees	28,800	28,800	71,051	42,251		
Fines and forfeitures	22,100	22,100	29,455	7,355		
Investment earnings	17,000	17,000	35,285	18,285		
Miscellaneous revenues	60,854	75,204	89,914	14,710		
Total revenues	8,556,954	9,059,232	7,944,186	(1,115,046)		
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	2,547,646	1,980,703	1,580,358	400,345		
Public safety	2,809,983	2,857,943	2,781,738	76,205		
Transportation	905,693	978,671	520,826	457,845		
Physical environment	342,183	342,183	258,478	83,705		
Culture and recreation	1,893,182	1,903,961	1,610,701	293,260		
Human services	156,855	156,855	152,534	4,321		
Debt service						
Principal retirement	212,519	212,519	165,363	47,156		
Interest	8,207	8,207	8,933	(726)		
Capital outlay	2,130,585	3,033,089	592,941	2,440,148		
Total expenditures	11,006,853	11,474,131	7,756,297	3,717,834		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(2,449,899)	(2,414,899)	187,889	2,602,788		
	<u>-</u>					
Other financing sources			4 044 447	4 044 447		
Sale of capital assets	0.440.000	- 0.440.000	1,011,147	1,011,147		
Transfers in	2,449,899	2,449,899	1,331,126	(1,118,773)		
Total other financing sources	2,449,899	2,449,899	2,342,273	(107,626)		
Change in fund balance	-	35,000	2,530,162	2,495,162		
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,792,720	1,792,720	1,792,720			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,792,720	\$ 1,827,720	\$ 4,322,882	\$ 2,495,162		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with		
	C	riginal		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$	19,997	\$	19,997	\$	19,997	\$	_	
Intergovernmental revenues		33,970		33,970		33,970		-	
Investment earnings		260		260		321		61	
Total revenues		54,227		54,227		54,288		61	
Expenditures									
Current									
Economic environment		119,824		119,824		_		119,824	
Total expenditures		119,824		119,824		-		119,824	
Change in fund balance		(65,597)		(65,597)		54,288		119,885	
Fund balance, beginning of year		65,597		65,597		65,597			
Fund balance, end of year	_\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	119,885	\$	119,885	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Reporting period ending Measurement date		9/30/2021 6/30/2021		9/30/2020 6/30/2020		9/30/2019 6/30/2019		9/30/2018 6/30/2018
City's proportion of the FRS net pension liability City's proportionate share of the		0.0039837%		0.0022685%		0.0040771%		0.0048330%
FRS net pension liability	\$	300,921	\$	1,865,271	\$	1,404,107	\$	1,455,720
City's covered payroll City's proportionate share of the pension liability as a percentage	\$	823,197	\$	749,992	\$	713,598	\$	732,313
of its covered payroll FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the FRS total		36.56%		248.71%		196.76%		198.78%
pension liability		96.40%		78.85%		82.61%		84.26%
Reporting period ending		9/30/2017		9/30/2016		9/30/2015		9/30/2014
Measurement date		6/30/2017		6/30/2016		6/30/2015		6/30/2014
City's proportion of the FRS net pension liability City's proportionate share of the		0.0060161%		0.0063403%	(0.005830618%	(0.005825680%
								055.450
	\$	1,779,521	\$	1,600,919	\$	753,103	\$	355,452
FRS net pension liability City's covered payroll City's proportionate share of the	\$ \$	1,779,521 812,857	\$ \$	1,600,919 844,735	\$ \$	753,103 903,630	\$ \$	355,452 815,567
FRS net pension liability City's covered payroll						,		,

Notes to the Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Reporting period ending Measurement date Contractually required FRS contribution FRS Contributions in relation to the contractually required FRS contribution	-	/30/2021 /30/2021 149,720	-	/30/2020 /30/2020 148,276	-	/30/2019 /30/2019 124,336	-	/30/2018 /30/2018 160,758
FRS Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll FRS Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	738,920 20.26%	\$	743,921 19.93%	\$	695,971 17.87%	\$	732,313 21.95%
Reporting period ending Measurement date	9/30/2017 6/30/2017		9/30/2016 6/30/2016		9/30/2015 6/30/2015		9/30/2014 6/30/2014	
Contractually required FRS contribution FRS Contributions in relation to the contractually required FRS contribution	\$	171,481 171,481	\$	171,537 171,537	\$	192,022 192,022	\$	167,764 167,764
FRS Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	_
Covered payroll FRS Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	812,857 21.10%	\$	844,735 20.31%	\$	903,630 21.25%	\$	815,567 20.57%

Notes to the Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN

Reporting period ending Measurement date		9/30/2021 6/30/2021		9/30/2020 6/30/2020		9/30/2019 6/30/2019		9/30/2018 6/30/2018
City's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0	.003983670%	0.	002268520%	0.0	002136683%	0.	002279917%
City's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	¢	278,268	\$	263,844	\$	293,073	\$	241,308
City's covered payroll	\$ \$	276,266 823,197	\$ \$	749.992	\$ \$	293,073 713,598	\$ \$	732,313
City's proportionate share of the pension liability as a percentage	Ψ	020,137	Ψ	143,332	Ψ	7 13,530	Ψ	702,010
of its covered payroll HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the HIS total		33.80%		35.18%		41.07%		32.95%
pension liability		3.56%		3.00%		2.63%		2.15%
Reporting period ending	,	9/30/2017	9	/30/2016	9.	/30/2015	ç	9/30/2014
Measurement date		6/30/2017	6	/30/2016	6/30/2015		6/30/2014	
City's proportion of the HIS net pension liability City's proportionate share of the	0	0.002592564%		0.002719782%		002872070%	0.002889907%	
HIS net pension liability	\$	277,209	\$	316,979	\$	292,906	\$	270,213
City's covered payroll	\$	2,325,831	\$	844,735	\$	903,630	\$	2,286,632
City's proportionate share of the pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		11.92%		37.52%		32.41%		11.82%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the HIS total								
pension liability		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%		0.99%

Notes to the Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN

Reporting period ending Measurement date	-	/30/2021 /30/2021	_	/30/2020 /30/2020	-	/30/2019 /30/2019	-	/30/2018 /30/2018
Contractually required HIS contribution HIS Contributions in relation to the	\$	12,804	\$	12,892	\$	11,572	\$	12,156
contractually required HIS contribution		12,804		12,892		11,572		12,156
HIS Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Covered payroll HIS Contributions as a percentage of	\$	738,920	\$	743,921	\$	695,971	\$	732,313
covered payroll		1.73%		1.73%		1.66%		1.66%
Reporting period ending Measurement date	6	/30/2017 /30/2017	6	/30/2016 /30/2016	6	/30/2015 /30/2015	6	/30/2014 /30/2014
Contractually required HIS contribution HIS Contributions in relation to the contractually required HIS contribution	\$	13,493 13,493	\$	14,023 14,023	\$	12,283 12,283	\$	9,902 9,902
HIS Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll HIS Contributions as a percentage of	\$	812,857	\$	844,735	\$	903,630	\$	815,567
covered payroll		1.66%		1.66%		1.36%		1.21%

Notes to the Schedule:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION TRUST FUND

	9/30/2015	9/30/2016	9/30/2017	9/30/2018	9/30/2019	9/30/2020	9/30/2021
Total pension liability							
Interest on total pension liability	\$ 772,612	\$ 786,296	\$ 822,797	\$ 831,801	\$ 886,595	\$ 895,190	\$ 875,054
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	(81,151)	(295,687)	(183,367)	514,628	(165,205)	(151,332)	(21,751)
Changes in assumptions	373,079	94,020	-	-	-	532,168	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
member contributions	(438,937)	(467,103)	(491,350)	(530,225)	(597,092)	(600,119)	(604,047)
Net change in total pension liability	625,603	117,526	148,080	816,204	124,298	675,907	249,256
Total pension liability - beginning	11,256,782	11,882,385	11,999,911	12,147,991	12,964,195	13,088,493	13,764,400
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 11,882,385	\$ 11,999,911	\$ 12,147,991	\$ 12,964,195	\$ 13,088,493	\$ 13,764,400	\$ 14,013,656
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$ 126,960	\$ 122,907	\$ 106,286	\$ 81,053	\$ 79,681	\$ 47,861	\$ 68,106
Net investment income	(19,352)	1,105,728	1,389,749	1,175,403	403,680	1,227,936	2,950,660
Benefit payments, including refunds of	, , ,						
employee contributions	(438,937)	(467,103)	(491,350)	(530,225)	(597,092)	(600,119)	(604,047)
Administrative expenses	(8,373)	(17,020)	(8,812)	(8,994)	(8,647)	(9,136)	(8,677)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(339,702)	744,512	995,873	717,237	(122,378)	666,542	2,406,042
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	10,436,417	10,096,715	10,841,227	11,837,100	12,554,337	12,431,959	13,098,501
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 10,096,715	\$ 10,841,227	\$ 11,837,100	\$ 12,554,337	\$ 12,431,959	\$ 13,098,501	\$ 15,504,543
City's net pension liability (asset) -							
ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,785,670	\$ 1,158,684	\$ 310,891	\$ 409,858	\$ 656,534	\$ 665,899	\$ (1,490,887)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	84.97%	90.34%	97.44%	96.84%	94.98%	95.16%	110.64%
of the total pension liability							
Covered payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A						

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION TRUST FUND

	9/30/2015	9/30/2016	9/30/2017	9/30/2018	9/30/2019	9/30/2020	9/30/2021
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 75,515	\$ 122,907	\$ 106,286	\$ 81,053	\$ 79,681	\$ 47,861	\$ 68,106
Contributions in relation to the actuarially							
determined contribution	126,690	122,907	106,286	81,053	79,681	47,861	68,106
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (51,175)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes to the Schedule:

Valuation date October 1, 2021

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding method: Entry age normal actuarial cost method.

Amortization method: Level percentage of pay, closed.

Remaining amortization period: 3 years (as of 10/1/2021).

Mortality: PUB-2010 Weighted General Below Median Employee for females.

PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Below Median Employee for males, set back 1 year.

Interest rate: 6.50% per year, compounded annually, net of investment-related expenses.

Retirement age: Actives: Earlier of age 62 with 10 years of service or age 65 with 5 years of participation.

Inactives: Normal Retirement Date.

Early retirement: Commencing with the earliest early retirement age (50), members are assumed to retire with an immediate

subsidized benefit at the rate of 5% per year.

Disability and termination rates: 1987 Commissioner's Group Disability Table.

Salary increases: None. Payroll growth: None.

Asset valuation method: The actuarial value of assets equals the fair market value as of the valuation date (including any discounted

receivable contributions), plus 2/3 of the actual earnings munus expected earnings for the preceding 12 months (plan year), plus 1/3 of the actual earnings minus expected earnings for the 12 months (plan year) predecing that date, as described in Internal Revenue Notice 2009-22. The actuarial value of assets is

adjusted to be within 90-110% of the fair market value on the valuation date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION INVESTMENT RETURNS PENSION TRUST FUND

	9/30/2015	9/30/2016	9/30/2017	9/30/2018	9/30/2019	9/30/2020	9/30/2021
Pension Trust Fund: Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses	-0.19%	11.16%	13.17%	10.20%	3.29%	10.13%	10.13%

Notes to the Schedules:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Measurement year ended September 30,	 2021	2020	2019	 2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 85,524	\$ 80,648	\$ 68,747	\$ 75,716
Interest on the total OPRB liability	29,729	53,248	53,249	47,588
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(109,064)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	(57,421)	(77,548)	126,356	(106,702)
Benefit payments	(51,992)	(48,519)	(44,925)	(41,406)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 5,840	(101,235)	203,427	(24,804)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,329,555	1,430,790	1,227,363	1,252,167
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,335,395	\$ 1,329,555	\$ 1,430,790	\$ 1,227,363
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,084,172	\$ 3,984,558	\$ 3,815,585	\$ 3,722,522
City's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	32.70%	33.37%	37.50%	32.97%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Covered Employee Payroll was projected one year forward from the valuation date to the measurement date for the reporting period ending September 30, 2020.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used each period:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2021:	2.43%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2020:	2.14%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019:	3.58%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2018:	4.18%
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2017:	3.64%





SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GRANTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amou	unts				Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual		nal Budget		
Revenues										
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	157,017	\$	212,930	\$	111,927	\$	(101,003)		
Investment earnings		500		500		201		(299)		
Total revenues		157,517		213,430		112,128		(101,302)		
Expenditures										
Current		157 517		242 420		110 100		101 202		
Culture/recreation Total expenditures		157,517 157,517		213,430 213,430		112,128 112,128	-	101,302 101,302		
Total experiultures		137,317		213,430		112,120		101,302		
Change in fund balance		-		-		-		-		
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year		(520)		(520)		(520)				
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	_\$	(520)	\$	(520)	\$	(520)	\$			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES WATER AND SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Water System	Sewer System	Total
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$	2,317,323	\$ 1,294,596	\$ 3,611,919
Impact fees		201	4,998	5,199
Total operating revenues		2,317,524	 1,299,594	 3,617,118
Operating expenses				
Personal services		359,347	388,041	747,388
Contractual services		298,139	229,241	527,380
Supplies		117,776	188,337	306,113
Utilities		368,931	178,076	547,007
Insurance		24,381	15,558	39,939
Repairs and maintenance		209,631	419,008	628,639
Depreciation		507,730	311,190	818,920
Miscellaneous		10,073	8,610	18,683
Total operating expenses		1,896,008	 1,738,061	 3,634,069
Operating income (loss)		421,516	 (438,467)	 (16,951)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment earnings		9,151	5,608	14,759
Gain on disposal of capital assets		3,655	2,240	5,895
Interest expense		(499,580)	(9,296)	(508,876)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) Income (loss) before transfers		(486,774)	 (1,448)	 (488,222)
and capital contributions		(65,258)	(439,915)	(505,173)
Capital contributions		50,795	31,132	81,927
Transfers out		(177,913)	(109,044)	(286,957)
Changes in net position	_\$	(192,376)	\$ (517,827)	\$ (710,203)

SCHEDULE TO DETERMINE COMPLIANCE WITH INTERLOCAL FIRE PROTECTION AGREEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Departmental expenditures of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of governmental funds	
Expenditures - current Public safety Fire	\$ 524,654
Less first responder costs to be paid by Hendry County	
Total fire department expenditures, as adjusted	524,654
Hendry County's reimbursement percentage of fire department expenditures per agreement	67%
Portion of fire department expenditures to be paid by Hendry County	349,279
Year 4 of 5 allocation of fiscal year 2018 capital expenditures	9,887
Total fire and first responder expenditures to be reimbursed by Hendry County	359,166
Total previously received from Hendry County for fire services	 247,110
Amount due from Hendry County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021	\$ 112,056

SCHEDULE TO DETERMINE COMPLIANCE WITH INTERLOCAL ANIMAL CONTROL AGREEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Departmental expenditures of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of governmental funds	
Expenditures - current Human services Animal control	\$ 152,534
Hendry County's reimbursement percentage of animal control expenditures per agreement	67%
Portion of animal control expenditures to be paid by Hendry County	102,198
Total previously received from Hendry County for animal control services	79,437
Amount due from Hendry County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021	\$ 22,761







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission, City of Clewiston, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clewiston, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Genkins, LLC



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission, City of Clewiston, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the City of Clewiston, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the *Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2021. The City's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Assistance Listing/ CSFA Number	Grant ID Number	Actual Expenditures
Federal Awards			
Department of Treasury			
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund Total Department of Treasury	21.019		\$ 890,000 890,000
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 890,000
State Financial Assistance			
Florida Department of Environmental Protection			
Passed through South Florida Water Management District			
Statewide Water Quality Restoration Projects	37.039	LPA0006	\$ 8,915
Statewide Water Quality Restoration Projects	37.039	LPQ0027	11,031
Wastewater Treatment Facility Construction	37.077	WW260421	1,033,669
Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection			1,053,615
Florida Department of State			
State Aid to Libraries Grant	45.030	20-ST-18	94,023
State Aid to Libraries Grant	45.030	21-ST-18	17,904
Total Florida Department of State			111,927
Florida Department of Transportation			
Small County Outreach Program	55.009	G0X82	21,000
Small County Outreach Program	55.009	G1U44	14,105
Local Transportation Projects	55.039	G1L00	40,092
Total Florida Department of Transportation			75,197
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance			\$ 1,240,739

Notes to the Schedule

The above Schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting and is presented in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. As such, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

For reporting entity purposes, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance includes all the activities of the City of Clewiston's primary government and its blended component unit. The City had no discretely presented component units.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The determination of when an award is expended is based on when the activity related to the award occurred.

Program Type Determination

Type A programs are defined as federal programs with federal expenditures exceeding the larger of \$750,000 or 3% of total federal expenditures. The threshold of \$750,000 was used in distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs.

State major programs are defined as those programs that the larger of \$300,000 or 30% of total state financial assistance. The threshold of \$372,222 was used in distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs.

Method of Major Program Selection

The risk-based approach was used in the selection of federal and state programs to be tested as major programs. The City did not qualify as a low-risk auditee for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

De-Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

During 2021, the City did not use the de-minimis indirect cost rate.

NOTE 3 – STATE REVOLVING FUND LOANS

The City had the following State Revolving Fund loan balances outstanding at September 30, 2021. Current year additions to the loan balances to be included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 were \$1,033,669.

Program Title	State CSFA Number	Grant Number	Total Outstanding As of September 30, 2021	
State Revolving Fund	37.075	WW260421	\$	2,080,275
State Revolving Fund	37.077	WW260420		209,141
State Revolving Fund	37.077	WW260410		576,492
			\$	2,865,908

NOTE 4 – SUBRECIPIENTS

The City provided state financial assistance to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	State CSFA Number	Grant Number	t Transferred ubrecipient
State Aid to Librarites Grant	45.030	20-ST-18	
Harlem Public Library			\$ 23,560
Barron Public Library			25,029
			\$ 48,589

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements	6		
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the statements audited were prepared in accordance.		Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?		yes	<u>X</u> no
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?		yes	Xno
Noncompliance material to financial statements	noted?	yes	Xno
Federal Programs and State Financial Assist			
Internal Control over major federal or state progr Material weaknesses identified?	rams:	yes	Xno
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?		yes	X_ none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance fo federal programs and state financial assistance		Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Gu and Chapter 10.550, Florida Statutes?	idance	yes	Xno
Identification of major federal program:			
CFDA Number	Name	of Federal Program	or Cluster
21.019	U.S. Department	of the Treasury – C	oronavirus Relief Fund
Identification of major state financial assistance	projects:		
CSFA Number	Name of St	ate Project or Cluste	er
37.077	Wastewater Trea	tment Plant Facility	Construction
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal programs:		\$750,000	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B state awards:		\$372,222	
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?		yes	X no

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2021-001. Interfund Activity (Management Letter Comment)

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to support effective and efficient processing of transactions to support a financial reporting framework that provides decision makers with the ability to make timely decisions. As part of the audit process, we noted that the City maintained significant interfund balances as of September 30, 2021.

Condition: During our testing of interfund activity, we noted that the City's General Fund reported net interfund liability amounts of approximately \$1.2 million at September 30, 2021. These net amounts were owed to the City's Electric Fund, which reported interfund asset amounts of approximately \$5.4 million. Additionally, the Water and Sewer Fund reports interfund liabilities of approximately \$4.2 million.

Context: Per discussions with management, the City's previously reported all of the City's operating disbursements within the General Fund operating bank account, and all of the operating receipts within the Water and Sewer Fund operating bank account, and then would subsequently settle the amounts through cash transfers between the respective fund's bank accounts. Based on recommendations in prior periods, management has implemented a pooled cash system during fiscal year 2022 to allow for these transactions to be processed automatically through its general ledger system.

Effect: While there is no income statement impact, as of September 30, 2021 significant Interfund balances were maintained that need to be settled by the City's Accounting staff.

Recommendation: We recommend the City make the necessary adjustments to true up the interfund balances owed. This, in conjunction with the pooled cash system implemented, would provide a more efficient approach to reporting the true cash and interfund balances within each fund.

View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: The City began implementing the pooled cash system early in fiscal year 2022. It is our intention to make all adjustments and fully implement the process before September 30, 2022.

SECTION III STATE PROJECTS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None noted.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

2020-001. Interfund Activity (Management Letter Comment)

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to support effective and efficient processing of transactions to support a financial reporting framework that provides decision makers with the ability to make timely decisions. As part of the audit process, we noted that the City maintained significant interfund balances as of September 30, 2020.

Condition: During our testing of interfund activity, we noted that the City's General Fund reported net interfund liability amounts of approximately \$1.2 million at September 30, 2020. These net amounts were owed to the City's Electric Fund, which reported interfund asset amounts of approximately \$5.4 million. Additionally, the Water and Sewer Fund reports interfund liabilities of approximately \$4.2 million.

Auditee Response/Status: Partially Resolved. Repeated as Finding 2021-001.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission, City of Clewiston, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Clewiston, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and On Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated June 25, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. Finding 2020-001 was repeated in fiscal year 2021.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed within the City's footnotes.

Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by the same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we noted item 2020-001 as noted in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c, Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3 Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor and Members of the City Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission, City of Clewiston, Florida

We have examined the City of Clewiston, Florida's (the "City") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

