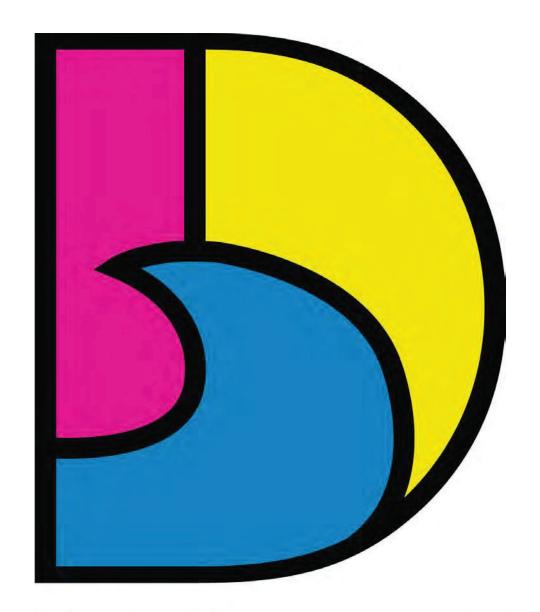


ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021





DANIA BEACH SEA IT. LIVE IT. LOVE IT.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 Prepared by the Finance Department

Table of Contents

Introductory Section	
Letter of Transmittal	i-vi
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	vii
List of Elected and Principal Officials	viii
Organizational Chart	ix
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)	4-18
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	19-20
Statement of Activities	21
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	22-23
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Governmental Funds	25-26
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	27
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	28-29
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	30
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	31-33
Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	34
Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	35
Notes to Financial Statements	36-80

Table of Contents (Continued)

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - General Fund	81-82
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - Community Redevelopment Agency Fund	83
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - Building Fund	84
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	85
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Police and Firefighters' Pension Fund	86-87
Schedule of Contributions - Police and Firefighters' Pension Fund	88
Schedule of Investment Returns - Police and Firefighters' Pension Fund	89
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - General Employees' Pension Fund	90-91
Schedule of Contributions - General Employees' Pension Fund	92
Schedule of Investment Returns - General Employees' Pension Fund	93
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	94
Schedule of Contributions - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	95
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program	96
Schedule of Contributions - Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Plan	97
Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Other Post-Employment Benefits	98-99
Schedule of Contributions - Other Post-Employment Benefits	100
Schedule of Investment Returns - Other Post-Employment Benefits	101
Other Supplementary Information	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	102
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	103

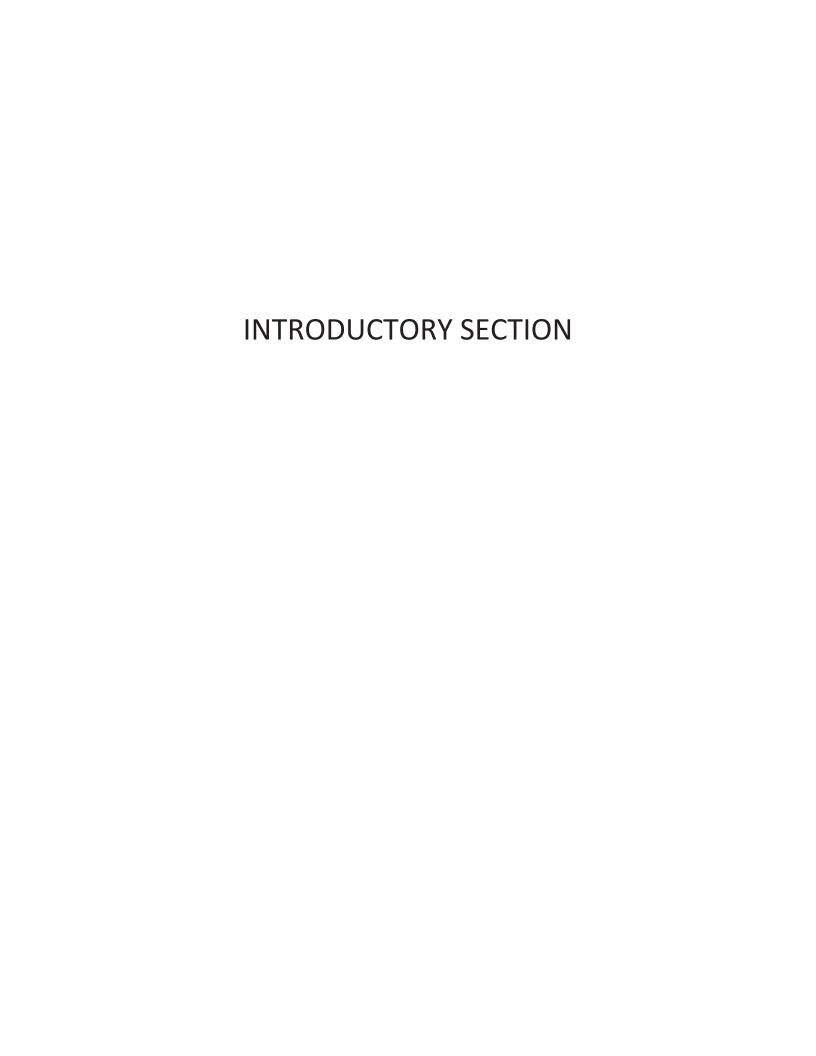
Table of Contents (Continued)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Debt Service Fund	104
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Solid Waste Fund	105
Combining Statement of Net Position - Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	106
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	107
Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Non-major Proprietary Funds	108-109
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	110
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	111
Statistical Section (Unaudited)	
Table 1 - Net Position by Component	112
Table 2 - Changes in Net Position	113-115
Table 3 - Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	116
Table 4 - Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	117-118
Table 5 - Value of Taxable Property	119
Table 6 - Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	120
Table 7 - Principal Property Taxpayers	121
Table 8 - Property Tax Levies and Collections	122
Table 9 - Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	123
Table 10 - Ratios of General Bonded Debt	124
Table 11 - Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	125
Table 12 - Pledged Revenue Coverage - Electric Utility Tax	126
Table 13 - Pledged Revenue Coverage - Electric Franchise Fees	127
Table 14 - Demographic and Economic Statistics	128
Table 15 - Principal Employers	129
Table 16 - Government Employees by Function/Program	130
Table 16 - Operating Indicators by Function/Program	131-132
Table 17 - Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	133

Table of Contents (Continued)

Compliance Section

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	134-135
Independent Auditor's Report to City Management	136-138
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Section 218.415. Florida Statutes	139





March 28, 2022

Mayor and Commission City of Dania Beach Dania Beach, FL 33004

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Dania Beach ("City") for the year ending September 30, 2021, is hereby submitted in compliance with the City Charter and Florida Statutes. The City is required to provide annually a report on its financial position and activities that is audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City of Dania Beach's activities have been included.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Dania Beach. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, City management has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to protect government assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America (US GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Dania Beach's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City of Dania Beach.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A compliments this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The City's independent auditors, Keefe McCullough, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City's financial statements and has issued an unmodified opinion on the financial statements as presented herein. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Dania Beach was incorporated in 1904 as Broward County's first city. The City is located immediately south of the Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International Airport, Port Everglades, and the Broward County Convention Center. Dania Beach operates under a Commission-City Manager form of government and provides services to an estimated 32,000 residents. Five Commission Members are elected at large on a non-partisan basis for four-year terms. The candidate with the highest number of votes will serve as the Mayor. The Commission appoints the City Manager, who is the Chief Administrative Officer of the City and is responsible for implementing policies adopted by the City Commission. The City Commission determines policy, adopts legislation, approves the City's budget, levies taxes, and sets fees.

The City of Dania Beach is a significant force in South Florida's academic, maritime, and tourism industries. The American Maritime Officer's (AMO) Training and the Simulation Training Assessment & Research Center for maritime ship licensing is located within the City's boundary, with state-of-the-art bridge and engine room simulators offering advanced merchant marine training. The City is also home to several boating and luxury yacht services such as Seahaven Superyacht Marina, Derecktor Shipyards, and the Dania Beach Mega Yacht Marina. Bass Pro Shops and Divers Direct remain major attractions in the City for people interested in outdoor sports, boating, diving, and fishing. The Casino at Dania Beach is a major revitalized attraction offering various entertainment options, including a casino, jai alai, dining, music, and a comedy club.

The City's location and proximity to the beach, seaport, airport, railway, and major highway systems in South Florida has made Dania Beach a prime location for redevelopment. Major projects are currently underway such as Dania Pointe, a mixed-use commercial and residential development. This is a 102-acre premier development with nearly 1 million square feet of retail and restaurants in addition to luxury apartments, hotels, Class A offices and public event space. The site boasts 1,600 linear feet of frontage on Interstate 95 with three I-95 access points, along with immediate proximity to the Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International Airport and the Port Everglades Cruise Port. Phases II & III, opened in 2020, providing an additional 417,000 square feet of lifestyle retail, dining and entertainment, along with two ground leased Marriott hotels and 800 ground leased residential apartment units. In addition, Spirit Airlines is currently developing 9 acres of land at Dania Pointe for a new \$250 million global headquarters, which will house employees in a ground leased corporate training residence. The recent merger of Frontier and Spirit Airlines may impact further development of the Spirit HQ, however the City is working with various state and local stakeholders to keep the project in South Florida. Future development phases will incorporate additional premium retail tenants.

Following a competitive selection process, the City recently established a Development/Lease Agreement with LM Restaurants to demolish the Dania Beach Grill and construct Lucky Fish, an oceanfront tiki bar restaurant concept. LM Restaurants have established the concept in Pompano Beach, where it is extremely popular and financially successful, providing beachgoers with casual full-service outdoor atmosphere and take away options for breakfast, lunch, and dinner. The concept for Dania Beach will incorporate both indoor and outdoor dining options with live entertainment at a family-friendly price. Construction should begin in calendar year 2022 and the restaurant is slated to open in late 2022/early 2023. This restaurant will only serve to enhance the beach atmosphere and complement the other existing amenities, including the Quarterdeck Restaurant and Fishing Pier.

Lastly, FPL has completed construction of its Dania Beach Clean Energy Center, consisting of an \$888 million investment in a modern energy production facility, fueled by U.S.-produced natural gas, replacing the existing, aging power generating units on the site. The new energy center will incorporate key components of the existing infrastructure — a facility that was initially constructed in 1927 and FPL's first power plant. This project will generate a tremendous amount of tax and tangible personal property revenues for the City long into the future.

SERVICES

The City provides the full range of municipal services. The public safety program includes the full range of fire rescue/medical services and police services contracted through the Broward County Sheriff's Office. The City's expansive recreation program includes a vibrant beach and fishing pier, pools, tennis courts, neighborhood parks, community centers, and a wide variety of programs for youth, adults, and senior citizens. The Public Services Department provides essential street maintenance, roadway maintenance/beautification, general service operations, and oversees Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) improvement projects. Public Services also oversees operation of the City's water, sewer, and stormwater utilities and provides internal support for grounds maintenance, fleet management and City facility maintenance. The newly enacted Beautification Excellence and Maintenance (BEAM) Team, consisting of four staff, will cover the four geographical zones within the City, with the aim to proactively address litter, graffiti, illegal dumping, roadway and sidewalk deficiencies, as well as report landscaping issues and possible City Code violations. The Community Development Department provides planning, zoning, building inspection, and code compliance services.

In addition, during budget year 2021-22. the City will be reclassifying the Parking Enforcement Officers to become Beach Rangers. The Beach Rangers will monitor the conditions of the beach, pier, marina, City structures, and parking areas to

ensure the beach is pristine. This includes patrol of the entire Ocean Park campus informing patrons about beach rules and regulations, the result of which is an increased quality of experience for all beachgoers.

The Department of Human Resources provides a critical internal support service, responsible for recruitment, compensation and benefits, employee relations, workers' compensation, property, casualty, and liability insurance. The City has continued to enhance benefits provided to staff and cultivate a highly engaged and productive workforce, and Human Resources is responsible for executing the innovate programs that will result in higher employee retention through increased morale and job satisfaction. The Finance Department handles all financial-related functions, including the City's debt, revenue collections, annual budget planning and preparation, financial reporting, the annual financial audit, cash and investment management, capital assets accounting, payroll and other disbursements, water and sewer utility meter reading, billing, and collection, property lien research, and business tax receipts. Additional administrative services are provided by the City Clerk's Office, the custodian of all City records, and the City Attorney, who is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the City Commission.

Finally, Information Technology is another critical internal services provider ensuring that all employees can work in a secure and productive manner and enhancing the customer experience by access to City services using innovative software and technology. Cybersecurity is one of the most important security aspects facing all municipalities and the City continues to make investments toward the goal of defending 100% of all cyber and ransomware attacks.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when considered from a broad perspective, similar to that environment in which the City of Dania Beach operates. The City of Dania Beach is geographically located in Southeastern Broward County on the Atlantic Ocean, with the City of Hollywood to the South, and the City of Fort Lauderdale to the North. Major economic influences in this area are predominantly the housing market (including home values, insurance, property taxes, and mortgage interest rates), travel and tourism (airport, seaport/cruising, Interstate and Turnpike access), the regional job market, new construction, weather events, and uncertainty about revenue diversification and tax reform. Consideration of these economic indicators play an important role in directing and prioritizing the use of City resources now and in the future.

The Florida Legislature placed limits on the property tax levies of local governments in the State of Florida. Increases to the property tax rate is limited to the annual growth rate of per capita personal income plus the value of new construction. Therefore, to ensure property tax revenues are more resistant to declines in property values, the City has been seeking redevelopment opportunities within its boundary. Increased development has increased values over the past several years, and moderate growth is expected to continue in the coming years, as the economy has fully recovered from the last recession, and the City has been attractive to developers seeking opportunities. The City has seen a surge of development over the past few years, with the redevelopment of various commercial and mixed-use industries, including the aforementioned Dania Pointe mixed-use development located on the I-95 corridor, which continues to complete development projects on their site. The City has also seen significant development in hotel construction due to the immediate proximity to the Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International Airport and the Port Everglades Cruise Port. Finally, there are several ongoing and planned multifamily residential construction projects throughout the City which will add thousands of new City residents over the next several years.

According to the Broward County Property Appraiser's Office, the final taxable value of the City for the year ended September 30, 2021 reflected an increase of 5.52% over the prior year. The City continues to see increases in property values as well as sustained success in its redevelopment efforts, indicating a full recovery from the previous economic downturn. Current economic forecasts indicate property values are expected to increase moderately over the next few years. Initially, it was projected that the Covid-19 pandemic would have a negative impact on property values, particularly commercial properties. However, as the world emerges from the throws of the pandemic, the outlook appears positive, and the City is poised for a continuance of the growth seen in the years prior.

In 2004, the State of Florida and Broward County passed a referendum for the operation of slot machines in four parimutuel sites, which includes the Casino at Dania Beach. A major reconstruction of the casino was completed in 2016

complete with full entertainment options, including a casino, jai alai, dining, music, and comedy club. This has generated new revenues to the City from the slot machine gaming area.

In 2010, the Florida Legislature approved a compact with the Seminole Tribe of Florida, Inc. authorizing blackjack and other card games at five Seminole casinos, including the Seminole Hard Rock Hollywood Casino, adjacent to the City border. Annually, the City receives a small portion of the net earnings attributed to the Hard Rock Casino, distributed in March/April, based on the previous year's annual earnings through September 30th.

The City's Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) was enacted in the early 2000's. Its goal is to revitalize areas running parallel to US1 and its adjacent neighborhoods. In 2010, the City Commission and the CRA successfully expanded the CRA boundaries with approval of the Broward County Commission. The City and CRA are continuing their efforts to attract new businesses, new developments, and increased property values, while respecting and preserving the City's historic character.

The Covid-19 virus emerged from Wuhan, China in December of 2019 and the resulting pandemic was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization on January 30, 2020. The operations and business results of the City were affected by the pandemic. The City closed all facilities and shifted administrative employees to telework. Field operations were adjusted as well, alternating staff on weekly rotations and accommodating for proper physical distancing, in accordance with CDC guidelines. In addition, staff required to report in the field were compensated with 10% premium pay for every hour worked due to the potential of risk of exposure while in the public. All public meetings were, conducted virtually, as the safety of the City staff and the public are of the utmost importance.

The City has received financial relief from several key legislative efforts, including the Cares Act (\$449k), FEMA (estimated \$150k), the Department of Justice (\$45.7k), and the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (SLFRF). The ARPA-SLFRF provides an award of just over \$16 million, and the City is currently in the planning phase, with the goal of maximizing the overall economic impact of the funding and achieving a number of both necessary and beneficial initiatives and improvements.

The extent to which the coronavirus may impact future governmental activity, business activity or investment results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which, may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions required to contain the coronavirus or treat its impact, among others.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City has been working diligently on an array of capital projects that encompass 1) economic development, 2) infrastructure improvement/replacement and 3) expansion of existing facilities. The number and magnitude of City capital projects will continue in the upcoming years. Most City capital projects are financed using accumulated fund balance cash; however, the City's large utility infrastructure improvements have primarily used loans from the State Department of Environmental Protection – State Revolving Fund (SRF loans). The Commission has adopted a debt policy to help provide guidance regarding the prudent use of debt and the reasonable total amount of debt to help ensure the City's continued financial stability in future years.

During the past year, the City has undertaken several projects and initiatives, including the following:

- Order of a new Fire Rescue Unit, as part of the City's ongoing commitment to supporting public safety
- Opening of the Dania Point BSO Police Substation
- Adoption of the Public Art Plan and board providing a process and funding source for opportunities to install artwork throughout the City, for the incorporation of public art on both private and City property
- Enhanced 40-Year Building Safety Program procedures to ensure that every building 40 years of age or older in the City have submitted the mandatory building safety report and have completed any required repairs, with the goal of ensuring that all structures located in Dania Beach are properly maintained and safe to occupy
- Implementation of the Executime timekeeping system for FLSA compliance and employee payroll

- COVID leadership and successful telework program, with no known employee to employee exposures
- Received ARPA funding award of \$16m and hired consultant to begin working with City to maximize use of funds
- Began implementation of Parks Masterplan Phase I with reconstruction of CW Thomas Park via bank loan financing
- Integrated procurement card invoice processing with New World Systems ERP
- Deployed payment kiosks at City Hall
- Completed upgrade of all audio/video equipment in the City Commission Chamber
- Implemented Laserfiche and assisted in training all departments
- Hosted Summer Camp at all three Community Centers, Frost Park, CW Thomas Park and PJ Meli Park, for the first time ever, with two of the three camps sold out
- Resumed many programs and events that were previously suspended due to Covid-19
- Completed the drainage improvement projects for Dania Cove and Ocean Park, effectively mitigating flooding
- Successfully constructed the SE 2nd Av Water Main Replacement, effectively providing more reliable, high-quality service, at a cost of \$2.5 million
- Pole electrification for enhanced holiday lights approximately 100 poles completed
- Refurbishing and modernization of three Sanitary Sewer Lift Stations, enhancing the reliability of this critical service at a cost of \$1.1 million
- Continued progress on design for the Southeast Drainage Improvement Project, with construction to begin in 2022

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City of Dania Beach has budgetary and financial policies that provide the basic framework for the overall fiscal management of the City. These policies are used in the development of current activities and planning for future programs, and are as follows:

Revenue Policy

The City will attempt to maintain a diversified and stable array of revenues to avoid reliance on any one revenue source and will attempt to minimize the dependence on property taxes. Charges for services recover the partial or full cost of providing services that benefit specific users. Additionally, it is the City's intent that new cyclical operating costs are funded with permanent revenues, although certain infrastructure and neighborhood improvements may cause future maintenance costs to increase. One-time operating costs should be tied to one-time revenue sources whenever practical, to ensure fund balance integrity.

Cash Management and Investment Policy

The City follows its adopted investment policy in its management of public funds. The intent of this policy is to 1) ensure the preservation of principal, 2) maintain sufficient cash flow to enable the City to meet its obligations, and 3) maximize the return on assets with an acceptably low exposure to risk. The investment policy meets the requirements of Florida Statutes, Section 218.415.

For fiscal year 2021, idle cash was invested in banks and local government investment pools, including the Florida Prime Local Government Surplus Trust Fund and FLCLASS.

Debt Policy

The City seeks to maintain the highest potential bond rating to minimize borrowing costs. Debt is issued when necessary to finance capital projects but is never used for current operations. The City reviews and evaluates its existing obligations and future borrowing needs regularly. The City continues to evaluate the market for bond refinancing opportunities that could potentially provide an economic gain to the City. During fiscal year 2021, the City authorized financing phase I of the Parks Masterplan, beginning with reconstruction of CW Thomas Park, through issuance of an \$18.1 million bank loan.

Fund Balance and Reserves Policy

The City adopted a target fund balance policy for the City's General Fund, establishing 25% of annual budgeted expenditures as a minimum unassigned fund balance to maintain. The City established this policy to ensure adequate cash flow is available

for general cash flow needs, competitive borrowing rates, significant or unknown economic uncertainties or revenue shortfalls, and for unforeseen emergency expenditures. The City Commission has placed several commitments and assignments using the General Fund to provide resources for an array of items including capital projects and emergency disaster recovery.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Dania Beach for its Annual Financial Report for the year ended September 30, 2020. This was the thirty-first (31st) consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report satisfied both US GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. The Finance Department believes that the September 30, 2021 Annual Financial Report continues to meet the award program's requirements, and will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

A report of this nature could not be prepared without the dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Special thanks must be given to Adam Segal, Deputy Director of Finance for his hard work and dedication in the creation of this comprehensive report. Credit and thanks are also given to the City Manager, Mayor and City Commission for their support and commitment to sound management practices, which provide the framework for long-term fiscal stability for the City of Dania Beach.

Respectfully submitted,

200

Frank L. DiPaolo CPA, CGMA, SHRM-CP

Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Dania Beach Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2020

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill



CITY OFFICIALS

CITY COMMISSION

Mayor: Tamara James

Vice Mayor: Marco Salvino

Commissioner: Joyce L. Davis

Commissioner: Lori Lewellen

Commissioner: Lauren Odman

CITY MANAGER

Ana M. Garcia, ICMA-CM

CITY ATTORNEY

Eve A. Boutsis

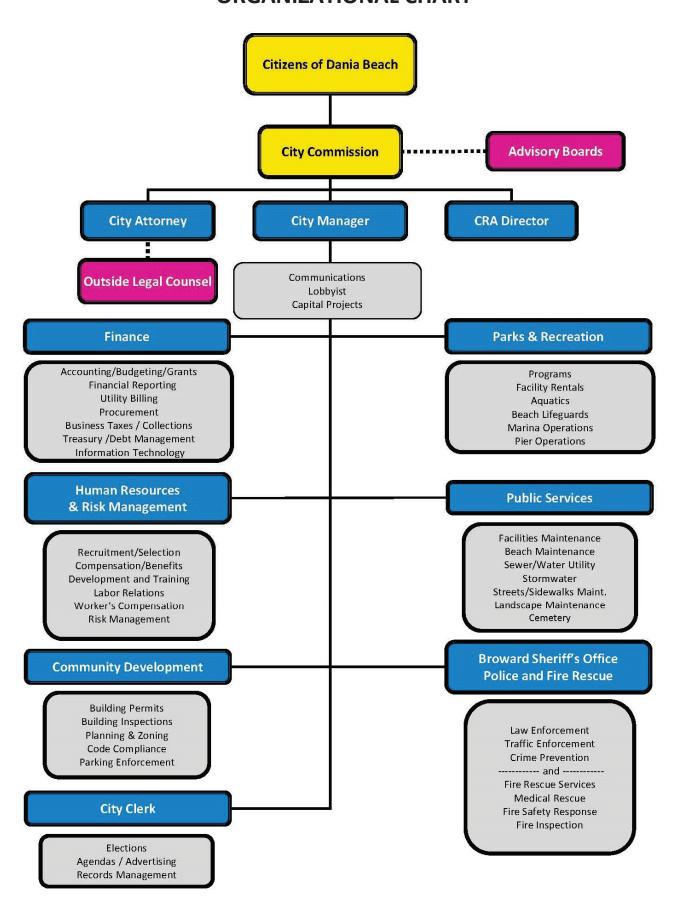
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Frank DiPaolo CPA, CGMA, SHRM-CP

DEPUTY FINANCE DIRECTOR

Adam Segal CPA, FCCA, CFE

CITY OF DANIA BEACH ORGANIZATIONAL CHART







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Dania Beach, Florida Dania Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dania Beach, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not the financial statements of the City of Dania Beach Police and Firefighters' Retirement System, which represents, 68%, 68%, and 74%, respectively of the assets, net position, and revenues of the Fiduciary Funds. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to those amounts included for the City of Dania Beach Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.





An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedules related to pensions and other post-employment benefits on pages 4 through 18 and 81 through 101, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 28, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE MCCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 28, 2022 As management of the City of Dania Beach, we offer readers this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The City's financial statements are designed to provide readers with easy to understand information and analysis of the City's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions and conditions. This section is specifically designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, changes in the City's financial position, and material deviations from the approved budget, and also to identify each individual funds issues and concerns. We encourage the reader to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the information provided in the letter of transmittal which can be found at the beginning this report.

Financial Highlights

- The City's net position at the close of the fiscal year is \$124.7m. Of this amount, \$51.4m is unrestricted net position to be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$20.6m as a result of this year's operations.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$50.6m. Approximately 51.3% of that amount or \$25.9m, is unassigned and available for spending at the City's discretion.
- The City's total debt decreased by \$2.4m (12.7%) during the current fiscal year.
- The City's business-type activities reported total net position of \$54.6m which is an increase of \$1.3m or 2.4%, in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 49.8% of the total or \$27.2m is unrestricted.
- City-wide depreciation expense recorded during the year amounted to \$5.0m. This reflected a decrease of \$132k from the prior year. Total net investment in capital assets was \$60.2m at year-end, reflecting a net decrease of \$496k over 2020.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Plantation's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Components of the Financial Section

	Government-wide		Fund Statements	
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary such as police, fire, parks	Activities the City operates similar to private business such as water and sewer system	Instances in which the City is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources, such as retirement plans for employees
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measure-ment focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon after, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenses when goods/services have been received and payment is due, during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide financial statements: The focus of the government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the City of Dania Beach. Reporting is similar to that of a private-sector business. The City's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities. As described below, these statements do not include the City's fiduciary funds as resources of these funds cannot be used to finance the City's operations. However, the financial statements of the fiduciary funds are included in the City's fund financial statements as the City is financially accountable for those resources.

The Statement of Net Position provides information on the assets and deferred outflows held and liabilities and deferred inflows owed by the City. Assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, meaning assets are recorded when the City acquires ownership, and liabilities are reported when they are incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid. The difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows and total liabilities and deferred inflows is net position. This statement combines and consolidates the governmental entity's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term financial obligations.

The Statement of Activities focuses on both the gross and net cost of various activities. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and the local taxing effort necessary to sustain each of those activities. The operations of City of Dania Beach are divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here. It includes police, fire, public services, community development, parks and recreation, the Dania Beach Community Redevelopment Agency, and administrative departments. These services are principally supported by property taxes, franchise fees and utility taxes, license and permit fees, intergovernmental revenues, special assessments, and state, federal and local grant revenues.
- Business-type activities City's services for which fees and charges are implemented with the intention to cover all or significant portion of the related costs. These services include water, sewer, stormwater, beach/pier, marina, and parking systems.

These two statements report net position and the changes in that position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Many non-financial or external factors, such as the City's tax base are reflected in the quality of its housing and commercial properties, the condition of City buildings and roads, and the number and types of businesses in the City, which all contribute to the overall health of the City.

Fund Financial Statements: Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the presentation of the fund financial statements more familiar. Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the City rather than the City as a whole. Except for the General Fund, separate funds are established to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements as required by state and federal laws, bond covenants and the governmental accounting standards. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and on the balance left at year-end that is available for future spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available for allocation to future budgets and programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities, as reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, and governmental funds is reconciled on the page following the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

The City maintains twelve (14) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet, Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the major funds: General Fund, Grants Fund, Community Redevelopment Agency Fund, Building Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund. Information from the other (non-major) governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these other governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements.

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for its General Fund, Community Redevelopment Agency Fund, Building Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Solid Waste Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with annually adopted budgets.

Proprietary Funds: Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, stormwater, pier/beach, parking and marina operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements except in more detail. The financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, stormwater, beach/pier, marina, and parking systems.

Fiduciary Funds: The City reports pension trusts for its two closed defined benefit pension plans and for its other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan in the fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes to the financial statements provide additional information essential to a complete understanding of data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to employees, as well as other post-employment benefits.

The following schedule is a summary of the fiscal year 2021 Statement of Net Position with comparative information for fiscal year 2020. The schedule presents net position, defined as the difference between the City's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, as a way to measure the City's financial health or position.

City of Plantation's Net Position

	Gove	ernmental		Busii	ess-ty	/pe					
	Ad	ctivities		Ac	tivities	5		Total			
	2021	2020	_	2021		2020	_	2021		2020	
Current and other assets \$	- / -/	\$ 49,445,703	\$	40,175,465	\$	39,212,985	\$	102,604,471	\$	88,658,688	
Capital assets	42,330,864	44,335,851	_	34,336,939	_	35,074,236	_	76,667,803	_	79,410,087	
Total assets	104,759,870	93,781,554	_	74,512,404	_	74,287,221	_	179,272,274	_	168,068,775	
Total deferred outflows											
of resources	11,469,181	1,624,079	_	2,001,452	_	-	_	13,470,633	_	1,624,079	
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities: Due in less than	11,940,453	5,718,901		2,620,851		2,049,024		14,561,304		7,767,925	
one year Due in more than	915,569	1,028,624		1,160,640		1,193,542		2,076,209		2,222,166	
one year	19,919,517	37,916,266	_	13,275,288	_	16,686,592	_	33,194,805	_	54,602,858	
Total liabilities	32,775,539	44,663,791	_	17,056,779		19,929,158	_	49,832,318	_	64,592,949	
Total deferred inflows of resources	13,407,409		_	4,831,164		993,606	_	18,238,573	_	993,606	
Net position: Net investment in											
capital assets	36,130,161	36,843,197		24,116,355		23,899,561		60,246,516		60,742,758	
Restricted	9,682,079	5,621,643		3,291,443		3,119,693		12,973,522		8,741,336	
Unrestricted	24,233,863	8,277,002	_	27,218,115	_	26,345,203	_	51,451,978	_	34,622,205	
Total net position \$	70,046,103	\$ 50,741,842	\$_	54,625,913	\$	53,364,457	\$	124,672,016	\$_	104,106,299	

The overall financial position of the City increased by \$20.6m to \$124.7m during fiscal year 2021. Unrestricted net position increased by \$16.8m due to decreases in both the net pension liability and the net other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability. The change in net position over time is a good and useful indicator of financial position. Key elements of the reconciliation of the statements are that the government-wide statement of activities reports the issuance of debt as a liability, the purchases of capital assets as assets, which are then charged to expense over their useful lives through annual depreciation charges and changes in long-term liabilities as adjustments of expenses. Conversely, the governmental fund statements report the issuance of debt as an other financing source of funds, the repayment of debt and the purchase of capital assets as expenditures, and changes in long-term liabilities are not reported in the fund financial statements.

The majority of the City's total net position (48%) is in capital assets, such as land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and infrastructure such as roads, parks and utility, furniture, fixtures and equipment, less any related debt outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. This capital investment decreased slightly in the current year, an indication that the City depreciated or retired more capital assets than it acquired. The City uses capital assets to provide basic services to residents and foster a vibrant business climate. Although City investments in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources because it is unlikely that these capital assets would be sold or liquidated.

The City's combined total unrestricted net position may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. The City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, and for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

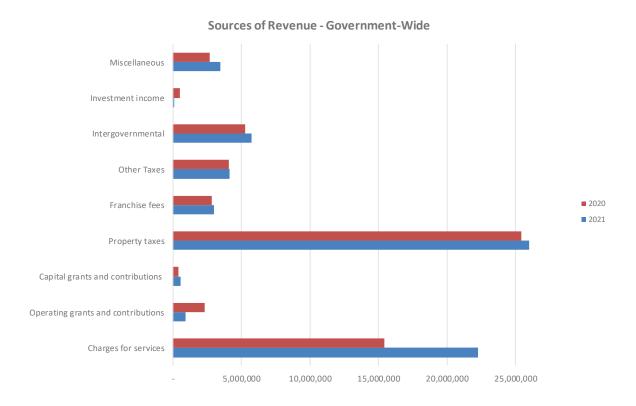
The following schedule is a summary of the fiscal year 2021 Statement of Activities compared to 2020.

			rnme tivitie				ness-1	• •		Total					
	-	2021		2020	-	2021	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2020	-	2021	0 tu.	2020			
_					_				_						
Revenues:															
Program revenues: Charges for services	\$	22,247,535	\$	15,415,665	\$	17,523,408	\$	16,761,918	\$	39,770,943	\$	32,177,583			
Operating grants	Ş	22,247,333	Ş	13,413,003	Ş	17,323,406	Ş	10,701,910	Ş	39,770,943	Ş	32,177,303			
and contributions		904,290		2,293,337				_		904,290		2,293,337			
Capital grants		304,230		2,293,337		_		-		304,230		2,293,337			
and contributions		538,960		368,600		_		_		538,960		368,600			
General revenues:		330,300		300,000						330,300		300,000			
Property taxes		26,015,122		25,434,453		_		_		26,015,122		25,434,453			
Franchise fees		2,997,119		2,835,651		_		_		2,997,119		2,835,651			
Utility taxes		4,115,707		4,065,872		_		_		4,115,707		4,065,872			
Intergovernmental		5,708,915		5,268,361		_		_		5,708,915		5,268,361			
Miscellaneous		3,467,303		2,654,259		1,789,113		473,254		5,256,416		3,127,513			
Investment income		86,292		510,769		68,416		399,569		154,708		910,338			
investment income	-	00,232	_	310,703	-	00,410	_	333,303	-	134,708	_	310,338			
Total revenues	_	66,081,243	_	58,846,967	_	19,380,937	_	17,634,741	_	85,462,180	_	76,481,708			
Expenses:															
Program Expenses:															
General government		6,807,756		8,202,258		_		_		6,807,756		8,202,258			
Public safety		34,699,279		29,250,346		_		_		34,699,279		29,250,346			
Highway and streets		773,140		3,139,639		_		_		773,140		3,139,639			
Physical environment		2,872,389		5,523,584		_		_		2,872,389		5,523,584			
Community		,- ,		-,,-						,- ,		-,,-			
redevelopment		4,046,214		5,316,738		_		_		4,046,214		5,316,738			
Culture and recreation		629,444		4,861,312		_		_		629,444		4,861,312			
Interest on long-term		,		, ,-						,		, ,-			
debt		165,373		200,174		-		-		165,373		200,174			
Water		· -		-		6,662,228		4,235,036		6,662,228		4,235,036			
Sewer		-		-		4,466,630		4,443,108		4,466,630		4,443,108			
Stormwater		-		-		1,537,868		1,144,655		1,537,868		1,144,655			
Marina		-		-		785,320		842,432		785,320		842,432			
Parking		-		-		1,052,650		895,556		1,052,650		895,556			
Pier operations						398,172		458,500	_	398,172	_	458,500			
Total expenses		49,993,595		56,494,051	_	14,902,868		12,019,287	_	64,896,463		68,513,338			
	-	10,000,000	_	00,101,000	-	_ :,::=,:::	_		-	5 1,55 5, 155	_				
Change in net position															
before transfers		16,087,648		2,352,916		4,478,069		5,615,454		20,565,717		7,968,370			
Transfers	_	3,216,613	_	3,433,535	_	(3,216,613)	_	(3,433,535)	_	-	_	-			
Increase in net position		19,304,261		5,786,451		1,261,456		2,181,919		20,565,717		7,968,370			
Net position-beginning		50,741,842		44,955,391		53,364,457		51,182,538		104,106,299		96,137,929			
Mer hosition-negiming	_	30,741,042	_	44,533,331	-	J3,304,43/	_	31,102,338	_	104,100,239	_	30,137,323			
Net position-ending	\$_	70,046,103	\$_	50,741,842	\$	54,625,913	\$_	53,364,457	\$_	124,672,016	\$_	104,106,299			

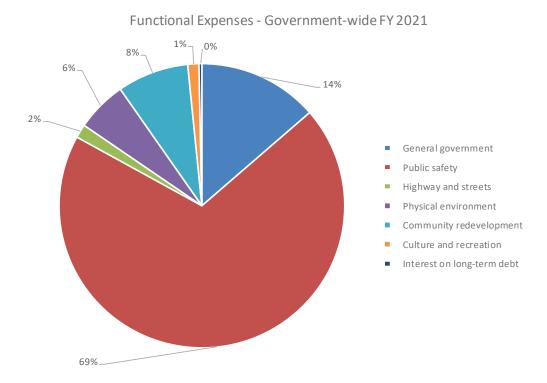
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by a total of \$16.1m for the fiscal year on an operating basis, before transfers. Governmental revenues increased by \$7.2m over the prior year, primarily due to an increase in charges for services, which include building permits and impact fees, as the City's activities increased from the pandemic lows in 2020. Expenses decreased by a total of \$6.5m from the prior year as the net effect of fluctuations across all functions. The decrease is also the result of a change in the pension and OPEB liabilities due to favorable market conditions.

The chart below illustrates the distribution of program and general revenues for governmental activities for fiscal year 2021 and 2020:



The pie chart below illustrates the program expenses for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2021:



BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

The City operates six business-type activity funds. The combined result of these funds shows positive operating income of approximately \$4.5m, which was a decrease of \$1.1m from the prior year, primarily due to the following reasons:

- Water Fund operations reflect a decrease of approximately \$1.8m in net position. Operating income decreased slightly to \$526k. Unrestricted net position of the Water Fund shows a balance of approximately \$2.3m reflecting a decrease of approximately \$1.7m from the prior year due to changes in long-term liabilities and an increase in various operating expenses. Investments in other capital infrastructure improvements, net of debt, decreased from the prior year slightly to a total \$8.8m as depreciation of existing assets exceeding the value of newly constructed or acquired assets.
- The Sewer Fund experienced an increase in net position of approximately \$1.8m due to increased operating revenue and expenses remaining flat. Unrestricted net position of the Sewer Fund totaled approximately \$14.9m reflecting an increase of approximately \$1.4m from the prior year due to positive operating results.
- The Stormwater Fund experienced an increase in net position of approximately \$545k, although the assessment rate did not change. The increase was due to increased operating revenues. Unrestricted net position of the Stormwater Fund increased by approximately \$330k due to a reduction in long-term liabilities.
- The Marina Fund improved under the continued management of Westrec Marinas and income before transfers increased from \$257k to \$430k due to increased activity while reducing expenses.
- The Parking Fund, one of the City's two nonmajor business-type funds, continues to experience strong collections with operating revenues totaling nearly \$1.7m. Revenues are derived almost entirely from beach parking fees and fines from enforcement, and both were higher than the prior year. The City's Beach was closed for several months during FY2020 due to Covid-19, which negatively impacted revenues. Downtown development initiatives by the CRA continue to work toward developing demand and use of the downtown parking garage. Operating costs for both the beach and downtown garage areas are reflected in this fund.
- The Pier Operations Fund, the other nonmajor business-type fund, had operating revenues of approximately \$952k, an increase of \$456k from the prior year, attributable to the impacts of Covid-19 and closure of the Pier in the prior year. The Pier Fund also accounts for rental income from the pier restaurant, which is higher than the prior year due to mandated closure in response to the Pandemic in the prior year. Following the three-month closure, business has been strong in the months since and are reflective of normal operations.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The City of Dania Beach uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$50.6m, an increase of \$6.7m from the prior year. Approximately 51% or \$25.9m of the ending balance is unassigned, and available for spending at the City's discretion, with \$8.3m assigned by City management for disaster recovery uses. A balance of \$3.1m is committed for capital projects, \$1.6m for community redevelopment, and \$1.8m for City cemetery and tree preservation use. The remaining restrictions are restricted for specific use by laws, debt covenants, and grant agreements.

Below is the analysis of the fund balance for fiscal year 2021:

				Capital				
		General		Projects		Other		
	_	Fund		Fund	_	Funds	_	Total
Fund balances,								
September 30, 2020	\$	36,449,972	\$	1,829,947	\$	5,549,296	\$	43,829,215
Revenues		55,099,294		3,772		10,439,217		65,542,283
Expenditures		(53,209,545)		(339,824)		(8,466,503)		(62,015,872)
Other financing sources (uses)	_	1,458,191	_	320,531	_	1,437,891	_	3,216,613
Fund balances,								
September 30, 2021		39,797,912		1,814,426		8,959,901		50,572,239
Nonspendable		(115,080)		-		-		(115,080)
Restricted		(5,416,393)		-		(4,265,686)		(9,682,079)
Committed		-		(1,814,426)		(4,694,215)		(6,508,641)
Assigned		(8,329,879)	_	_	_	-	_	(8,329,879)
	_		_		_			
Unassigned	\$_	25,936,560	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	25,936,560

General Fund: The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of September 30, 2021, the fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$3.3m to a total of \$39.8m. Total General Fund revenues increased by approximately \$106k to a total of \$55.1m, primarily due to increases in property taxes and offset by decreases in investment earnings. Expenditures decreased by \$1.2m from fiscal year 2020 to a total of \$53.2m in 2021, reflecting significant decreases in general government (pension costs) and other expenditures.

Revenues

The amount of General Fund revenue by type, their percent of the total and the amount of change compared to the last three fiscal years are shown in the following schedule:

	Current year 9/30/21	_	1 year ago 9/30/20	_	2 Years Ago 9/30/19	_	3 Years Ago 9/30/18		Change Over Past 3 Years	Change Percentage
General Fund Revenues:										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 26,015,122	\$	25,434,453	\$	24,372,949	\$	23,028,779	\$	2,986,343	12.97%
Special assessments	6,789,857	·	6,333,454	·	6,316,109	·	6,249,500	·	540,357	8.65%
Franchise taxes	2,997,119		2,841,162		2,936,311		2,755,614		241,505	8.76%
Utility taxes	4,115,707		4,065,872		4,108,466		3,909,123		206,584	5.28%
Licenses and permits	2,893,578		1,573,630		1,982,035		1,618,889		1,274,689	78.74%
Intergovernmental	6,252,155		5,268,361		5,748,048		5,537,821		714,334	12.90%
Charges for services	2,432,158		4,648,344		4,649,862		4,393,137		(1,960,979)	(44.6%)
Fines and forfeitures	296,523		453,882		496,691		382,418		(85,895)	(22.5%)
Investment income	73,653		456,670		1,025,022		659,470		(585,817)	(88.8%)
Grants	558,184		2,090,112		-		-		558,184	100.00%
Miscellaneous	2,675,238	_	1,827,197	_	2,024,377	_	2,137,962		537,276	25.13%
Total revenues	\$ 55,099,294	\$	54,993,137	\$	53,659,870	\$	50,672,713	\$	4,426,581	8.74%

The increase in ad valorem taxes has been steady due to sustained increases in property values and new development coming on to the tax roll. For the current and last three fiscal years the City adopted a millage rate of 5.9998 mils. Property values continue to grow and are the highest ever seen in the City's history, as construction and development activity continues. Most projects that were initially delayed due to the Covid-19 pandemic and the inherent economic uncertainty are now moving forward and the City anticipates continued future growth in the commercial and residential sectors evidenced by the increase in licenses and permits of \$1.27 million. Non-ad valorem assessment rates for fire rescue services increased for fiscal year 2021 primarily due to the increase in the fire rescue contract with Broward Sheriff's Office. Grant revenues decreased by approximately \$1.53 million or 73% as the prior year saw the receipt of Federal and State grant funding as reimbursement of expenditures related to the recovery from Hurricane Irma in 2017. Intergovernmental revenues increased to beyond pre-pandemic levels as the easing of Covid-19 travel restrictions boosted State Shared Revenues and Half Cent Sales Tax. Franchise and utility taxes also bounced back to levels exceeding those before the pandemic, indicating that the economic effects of Covid-19 are behind the City. Interest revenues continued to decrease as the Federal Reserve cut its target for the Federal Funds Rate in response to the Covid-19 pandemic, seeking to increase liquidity in the lending markets. It is anticipated that interest rates will be increased during FY2022 resulting in stronger returns on City investments.

Expenditures. The amount of General Fund expenditures by type, their percentage of the total and the amount of change compared to the last two fiscal years are shown in the following schedule:

	Current Year 9/30/21	_	1 Year Ago 9/30/20	_	2 Years Ago 9/30/19	_	3 Years Ago 9/30/18	Change Over Past 3 Years	Change Percentage
General Fund Expenditures:									
General government	\$ 8,757,497	\$	8,349,044	\$	7,321,171	\$	8,116,504	\$ 640,993	7.90%
Public safety	35,105,459		34,883,422		33,616,978		31,676,478	3,428,981	10.83%
Highways and streets	2,112,637		2,041,909		2,361,886		2,052,860	59,777	2.91%
Physical environment	3,051,208		5,282,627		5,127,398		4,931,826	(1,880,618)	(38.1%)
Community development	576,034		629,069		733,420		628,849	(52,815)	(8.4%)
Culture and recreation	3,606,710	_	3,213,951		3,448,266	_	2,993,706	613,004	20.48%
Total expenditures	\$ 53,209,545	\$	54,400,022	\$_	52,609,119	\$	50,400,223	\$ 2,809,322	5.57%

General Government increased due to higher costs of salary and benefits for City employees.

- Public safety costs were higher than the prior year due to increases in the cost of police and fire services provided by Broward Sheriff's Office (BSO) under the operating contract.
- Highways and streets increased due to larger investments in both maintenance and capital expenditures.
- Community development decreased from the prior year due to a reduction in operating expenditures resulting from the timing of planning and zoning activity.
- Culture and recreation costs increased from the prior year due to an increase in the number of full-time and part-time positions, resulting in higher personal services costs.

Other Major Governmental Funds: The Capital Projects Fund received inter-fund net transfers of \$320k during fiscal year 2021 for use on various governmental infrastructure projects approved by the City Commission. Capital project expenditures totaled approximately \$339k, which included funding from projects approved in the prior year. Expenditures were made for an array of approved projects including the traffic calming and beautification on NW 1st Street, expenditures to energize City light poles for holiday lighting displays, and renovations to the City Hall West Wing.

The CRA Fund received net transfers of nearly \$1.6m from the General Fund. Typically, Community Redevelopment Agencies receive tax increment financing from both the County and City. However, upon its inception, the City's CRA was not approved by the County to receive any tax increment financing and therefore, receives nearly all of its operational funding from City General Fund transfers. Expenditures of the CRA totaled \$1.3m, which included all personnel of the CRA, operations of the Patch neighborhood garden, and the promotion of the local business economy through various means, such as matching grants for local business improvements. Certain events, including the signature annual Arts and Seafood Festival event, were canceled due to Covid-19 restrictions on gatherings. The City and CRA anticipate a resumption of scheduled events and festivities during FY2022.

The Grant Fund reported \$246k in revenues and had expenditures of \$17k during fiscal year 2021 related to the completion of the State of Florida Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP) grant.

The Debt Service Fund received approximately \$1.0m in transfers from the General Fund to pay down various debt obligations

The Building Fund reported \$5.3m in revenues and had expenditures of \$3.2m during fiscal year 2021, including inter-fund net transfers of \$(1.0m) during fiscal year 2021, in accordance with the City's cost allocation program.

Proprietary Funds: The fund financial statements for the proprietary funds provide essentially the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. There are six proprietary funds for fiscal year 2021: Water, Sewer, Stormwater, Parking, Pier Operations, and Marina Fund. The net changes of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City Commission approves the original budget (adopted budget) in September prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The final budget (amended budget) reflects departmental/divisional changes made administratively and approved by the City Manager, prior year encumbrances, and supplemental appropriations approved by the City Commission during the year.

General Fund reserves in the amount of \$1.2m were appropriated to cover traffic calming and beautification of NW 1st Street (\$ 250k), a mid-year budget amendment to energize City light poles for holiday lighting (\$200k), installation of an artificial underwater ocean reef (\$100k), to provide funding for professional financial advisory and bond counsel services for the parks masterplan financing (\$99.5k), to cover costs related to the Jai Alai litigation (\$80k) and the rollover of encumbrances and funds from the prior year (\$383k). Finally, the City Commission also approved appropriating funding to cover a number of small but necessary repairs and improvements to various City parks (\$61.3k).

Expenditures were amended in conjunction with the projects mentioned above, and as well as numerous other amendments approved by the City Commission and administrative amendments (approved at the department level).

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The City of Dania Beach total capital assets for Governmental and Business-Type Activities as of September 30, 2021 amount to approximately \$76.7m (net of accumulated depreciation), representing a decrease of \$2.7m from last year's balance (depreciation of existing assets exceeded new asset additions). The City's investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, utility system, furniture, fixtures and equipment.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of accumulated depreciation)

		Gover Ac	nmer tivitie:			Busin Ac	ess-T tivitie	, ,		Total					
	_	2021	2020	2020		2020		2021		_	2020				
Land Utility system	\$	16,184,221	\$	16,184,221	\$	220,976 27,829,888	\$	220,976 28,908,151	\$	16,405,197 27,829,888	\$	16,405,197 28,908,151			
Buildings		9,985,286		10,961,257		2,584,426		2,831,190		12,569,712		13,792,447			
Equipment Infrastructure		1,716,769 13,669,079		1,769,328 14,294,628		1,382,338 -		1,444,030 -		3,099,107 13,669,079		3,213,358 14,294,628			
Construction in progress	_	775,509	_	1,126,417	_	2,319,311	_	1,669,889	_	3,094,820	_	2,796,306			
Total	\$	42,330,864	\$	44,335,851	\$	34,336,939	\$_	35,074,236	\$	76,667,803	\$	79,410,087			

In the governmental funds, major additions included completion of the Oasis XV project at SW 25th Terrace, replacement air conditioners at several facilities, upgrades to the Southwest Community Center, City Hall breakroom, and Finance offices, purchase of several new vehicles for Public Services, replacement of the City Commission Chamber audio/video system, the purchase and installation of payment kiosks at City Hall, and various upgrades to the pool equipment at PJ Meli Aquatic Center.

Long-term debt: As of September 30, 2021, the City had a total outstanding debt of approximately \$16.4m. This debt consists of bonds, notes, and capital leases payable that are secured by non-ad valorem revenues or through covenants to budget and appropriation, and general obligation bonds secured by ad valorem revenues.

The City's debt total decreased by a net amount of \$2.4 during FY2021 due to the regular pay down of existing debt and the forgiveness of the CRA parking garage loan from Broward County has been forgiven through a loan-to-grant agreement. Additional information on the City's debt and other long-term liabilities can be found in Note 7 of the footnotes section of this report.

Outstanding Long Term Debt at Year-End

		rnmen tivities			Busin Act	ess-Ty	, ·	Total					
	2021	_	2020	=	2021	2020		2021		_	2020		
Sales tax bonds General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Capital leases State revolving loan	\$ 345,000 5,855,703 - - -	\$	510,000 6,354,717 538,960 88,977	\$	1,380,000 - 8,840,584	\$	- 1,530,000 - 9,782,675	\$	345,000 5,855,703 1,380,000 - 8,840,584	\$	510,000 6,354,717 2,068,960 88,977 9,782,675		
Total	\$ 6,200,703	\$	7,492,654	\$	10,220,584	\$	11,312,675	\$_	16,421,287	\$	18,805,329		

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's continuing investment in economic development, significant branding and marketing efforts, coupled with its proximity to attractive amenities and transportation hubs will continue to improve the tax base in future years. The City Commission and the Executive Leadership Team have completed the strategic planning process, which has marked the shift from a City that has largely operated in a reactive manner to one that is managed through proactive measures, adhering to a comprehensive set of goals and objectives. The strategic plan includes a framework for which the City's adopted FY2022 budget was focused, based on the efforts of the City Commission and City Administration investing in those initiatives that have been identified to best serve the community in the long term.

Business and property redevelopment efforts will help maintain the City's financial stability as local and State economies continue to strengthen, recovering from the effects of the Covid-19 pandemic. Continued investments in beautification, recreation, infrastructure, and business economic incentives over the coming years will continue to attract growth in the form of commercial development and an increase in population.

The steady growth in private development seen in recent years translates directly into an increase in assessed property values, resulting in increased ad valorem tax revenues. The City continues to attract new development due to its proximity to the air and sea ports as well as the beach and coastal areas, combined with a cost of land below that of neighboring municipalities. The City continues to see redevelopment and expansion in the downtown area including new multifamily residential and hotels. There are currently several large residential projects that are underway, and several more in the application and permitting phase. The Dania Pointe project along Interstate 95, featuring both residential and commercial development and the corporate headquarters of Spirit Airlines, is expected to be completed in the next few years, with the first phase having already opened in 2019. Construction of Spirit Airlines headquarters at Dania Pointe has begun and will bring hundreds of jobs to Dania Beach. Florida Power and Light has completed the FPL Dania Beach Clean Energy Center located west of the Fort Lauderdale airport, and combined effect of these improvements will come in the form of substantial economic benefits to the City of Dania Beach through increased property values, tax revenues, and increased employment opportunities. The Casino at Dania Beach was redeveloped in recent years and offers a future economic opportunity to the City as well as a viable community partnership.

As private investment continues to flow into the community, the City is focused on infrastructure improvements, specifically those that support its economic engines, namely the Beach, Pier, and Ocean Park. The City has a full-service restaurant tenant at the Pier and is accumulating the rent payments and other Pier revenues in a fund for future rehabilitation and improvements of the beach amenities. The City recently was awarded a FRDAP grant to rehabilitate the Frank C. "Tootie" Adler Park at the Beach. In the fall of 2021, shortly after fiscal year end 2021, the City approved a Developer Agreement with LM Restaurants to redevelop the Dania Beach Grill, injecting new life into the Beach area along with a new revenue stream that will provide funding for continued improvements. The City continues development of the Beach Master Plan, and seeks to preserve the beach to the extent possible, as erosion has become an area of concern with the onset of king tides and the lack of natural sand deposits from the north. Therefore, additional beach improvements are being carefully planned to ensure erosion is taken into proper consideration before proceeding. This will include a complete re-visioning of the entire beach area that will reroute traffic and construct a parking garage, resulting in a larger beach that is more resistant to natural forces.

There are significant capital projects in process, including lighting, utility infrastructure, and smaller neighborhood development projects known as "Oasis" projects that improve the surrounding areas with sidewalks, lighting, storm drainage, and overall beautification. In addition, the Broward Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) has awarded projects that were on the Cycle I funding list, including road rehabilitation and key drainage improvements. Most City infrastructure projects are being planned and carried out utilizing a combination of grant awards and loan financing, allowing the use of accumulated reserves only when absolutely necessary. When possible, the City places high priority on projects with grant awards, moderate priority on loan financing projects, and a lower priority on projects paid entirely by accumulated reserve funds.

The City is also investing in its own facilities, ensuring not only that buildings are safe for occupancy by its employees and the public, but provide a clean and desirable space to conduct City business and hold public events. The City received a \$1.8 million FEMA hardening grant to replace all doors and windows at City Hall and install a new generator system. The City has also invested in the currently vacant West Wing area of City Hall, providing an additional 2,500 square feet of office and meeting space. All parks received an update during FY2021 through budgeted investments in buildings, pools, and outdoor recreation spaces. Lastly, the City added a facilities foreman position to ensure all maintenance is taking place according to schedule and address other issues in a proactive manner.

The City continues to undertake projects that aim to rehabilitate or improve its water, sewer, and stormwater systems. The Public Services Division works to identify areas of the water distribution system that are either aging or cannot provide the water pressure needed to service customers. The City has undertaken one such project involving an 8,000 linear foot section that is being replaced at a cost of approximately \$2 million. The City also received a \$3.9 million FEMA grant to rehabilitate a number of its sewer lift stations. Drainage is a significant concern throughout the City and a number of projects are currently underway or in planning stages, including Ocean Park, Dania Cove, the Southeast area of the City, and several other streets in the Southwest area. The Southeast Drainage project, funded in large part by the Transportation Surtax, is moving forward with design and planning.

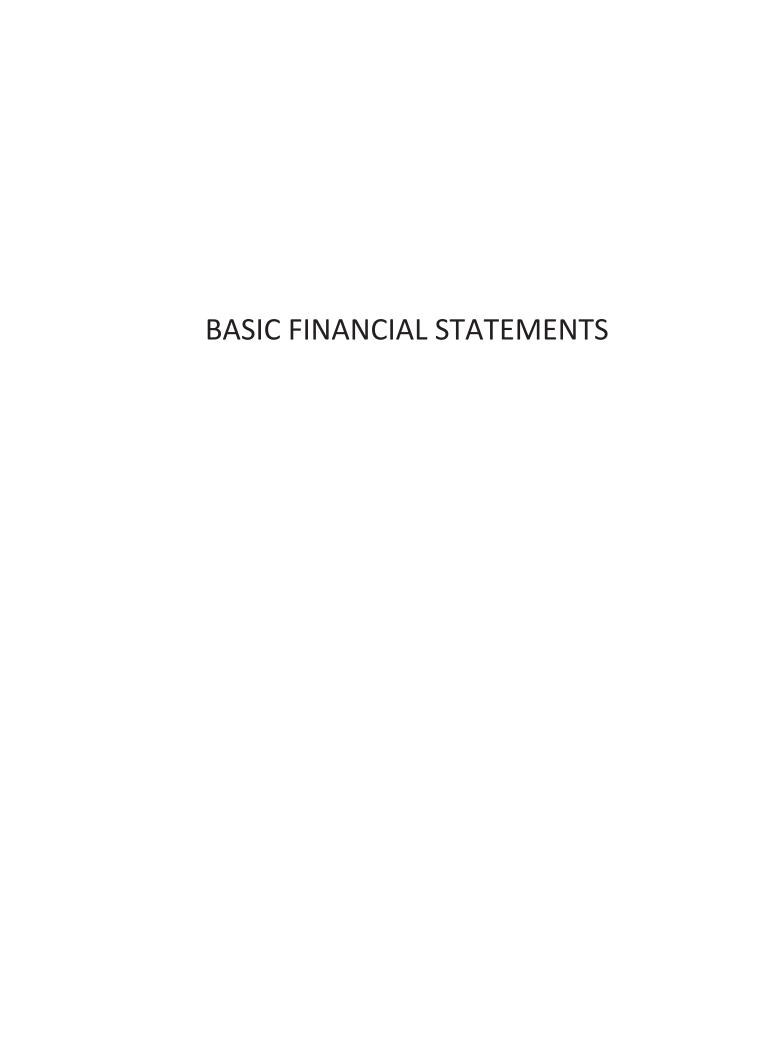
The City's Community Redevelopment Agency continues its initiatives to pursue economic development opportunities in support of its goals and objectives. The CRA does not receive tax increment financing (TIF) and is funded nearly entirely by transfer from the City's General Fund. In lieu of a TIF, Broward County provides support through other mechanisms, including loans and grants. The CRA received a five-year interest free loan from the County of over \$5 million tied to certain development goals. The funds were used for construction of a four-level parking garage adjacent to City Hall and the County Library in the downtown "City Center" area. As the CRA and City have met development goals over time, nearly all of this loan has been converted to a grant and the remaining \$539k has been forgiven as of September 30, 2021. Additionally, the County awarded the CRA a \$1 million grant for public improvements at the Soleste residential project on the corner of Federal Highway and Dania Beach Boulevard.

Notwithstanding this continued growth and expansion, the City is still faced with the challenge of balancing its limited revenue resources with continually increasing levels of service delivery costs. The City continues to manage and control costs in several areas, including: 1) repayment of existing debt and limiting additional debt, 2) continued investment in the City's infrastructure, 3) retirement funding costs, 4) public safety contractual costs, and 5) employee and retiree health care costs. The City is beginning to see increases in revenues related to private development, and therefore the City Commission and City Administration are working to establish priorities for the annual allocation of available funds among service delivery areas. The City has a healthy level of debt, considering its size and budget. However, the use of debt must be considered when financing long-term capital projects and infrastructure improvements; for example, the City adopted a Parks Master Plan, that will require a large investment, which cannot be funded by reserves. Similarly, the City has infrastructure needs that cannot be funded 100% on a pay-as-you-go basis. Annual required contributions to the City's legacy general employee and police/firefighter pension plans must also be funded. The costs of public safety services provided by the Broward Sheriff's Office (BSO) continue to increase each year, even if other City service levels are maintained. New private residential development projects are increasing the City's population, resulting in increased demand on public safety services. Finally, the City's successful effort to bid, share costs, and better control annual employee health and other benefit costs will be a significant help in controlling personal services and benefits expenditures in the coming years.

The economy has continued to improve and City property values increased by 6.37% for the fiscal year 2021-22 budget. The City has adopted the same millage rate of 5.9998 and therefore, received an increase in ad valorem tax revenues. This is a result of the increase in private development and a growing property tax base. A cautious approach to additional City infrastructure improvements is warranted to ensure funds are generally being used from annual recurring resources without depleting unassigned fund balance. Examining funding levels for annual economic development initiatives, capital improvements and prudent fiscal restraint in discretionary costs will aid Dania Beach in maintaining a stable financial position in coming years.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 100 West Dania Beach Boulevard, Dania Beach, FL 33004.



	Primary	Gove	rnment		
	Governmental		Business-Type		
	Activities		Activities	_	Total
Assets:					
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments Receivables	\$ 59,632,598	\$	37,567,859	\$	97,200,457
Franchise, utility and other taxes	615,050		-		615,050
Customer/other, net	363,461		2,157,751		2,521,212
Internal balances	336,073		(336,073)		-
Due from other governments	1,329,044		-		1,329,044
Inventory and prepaid items	62,581		139,318		201,899
Property held for resale	90,199		-		90,199
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and					
investments	-		646,610		646,610
Capital assets not being depreciated	16,959,730		2,540,287		19,500,017
Capital assets being depreciated	25,371,134		31,796,652	_	57,167,786
Total assets	104,759,870		74,512,404	_	179,272,274
Defermed Outflows of Beautiform					
Deferred Outflows of Resources: OPEB related	928,333		270 170		1 207 511
	•		379,178		1,307,511
Pension related	10,540,848		1,622,274	_	12,163,122
Total deferred outflows of resources	11,469,181		2,001,452	_	13,470,633
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,517,773		1,329,524		3,847,297
Accrued interest payable	83,686		87,610		171,296
Due to other governments	131,048		13,290		144,338
Deposits	287,488		583,548		871,036
Unearned revenue	8,920,458		542,295		9,462,753
Other liabilities	-		64,584		64,584
Due within one year:			,		,
Compensated absences	246,555		68,551		315,106
Current portion of long-term debt	669,014		1,092,089		1,761,103
Due in more than one year:	•		, ,		, ,
Compensated absences	1,397,147		388,455		1,785,602
Long-term debt	5,531,689		9,128,495		14,660,184
Other post-employment benefits (OPEB)	3,306,229		1,350,432		4,656,661
Net pension liability	9,684,452		2,407,906	_	12,092,358
Total liabilities	32,775,539		17,056,779	_	49,832,318

	Primary G	overnment	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
OPEB related	8,234,590	3,363,425	11,598,015
Pension related	5,172,819	1,467,739	6,640,558
	3,2: 2,323		2,010,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	13,407,409	4,831,164	18,238,573
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	36,130,161	24,116,355	60,246,516
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,	, ,
Impact fees:			
Water and sewer	-	2,644,840	2,644,840
General government	850,595	-	850,595
Recreation	1,855,973	-	1,855,973
Public safety	2,877,714	-	2,877,714
Building code costs	3,791,504	-	3,791,504
Community redevelopment	37,700	-	37,700
Grants	169,531	-	169,531
Debt service	99,062	646,603	745,665
Unrestricted	24,233,863	27,218,115	51,451,978
Total net position	\$70,046,103_	\$54,625,913_	\$ 124,672,016

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 City of Dania Beach, Florida Statement of Activities

	Total		1,822,150 (24,848,362)	(30,753)	(3,401,408) 847,970	(165,373)	(26,302,810)	(575 167)	2,406,005	427,755	421,735	405,695	(001,00)	2,620,540	(23,682,270)		26,015,122	4.115.707	5,708,915	154,708	5,256,416	44,247,987	20,565,717	104,106,299	124,672,016
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Business-Type Activities		⋄		1 1			(575 167)	2,406,005	427,755	421,735	405,695	(001,001)	2,620,540	2,620,540					68,416	1,789,113 (3,216,613)	(1,359,084)	1,261,456	53,364,457	54,625,913 \$
Net Cl	Governmental Activities		\$ 1,822,150 \$ (24,848,362)	(527,034)	(3,401,408) 847,970	(165,373)	(26,302,810)			•					(26,302,810)		26,015,122	4,115,707	5,708,915	86,292	3,216,613	45,607,071	19,304,261	50,741,842	\$ 70,046,103 \$
	Capital Grants and Contributions		· ·		538,960	1	538,960				1			1	\$ 538,960										
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and Contributions		\$ 558,184	246,106	100,000	•	904,290			•	•			1	\$ 904,290				/enue			sfers			
	Charges for Services		\$ 8,071,722 9,850,917	2,841,636	5,846 1,477,414	•	22,247,535	170 772	6,872,635	1,965,623	1,207,055	1,458,345		17,523,408	\$ 39,770,943	es:			Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue	ome		Total general revenues and transfers	Change in net position	eginning	nding
	Expenses		\$ 6,807,756 34,699,279	2,872,389	4,046,214 629,444	165,373	49,993,595	866 633 3	4,466,630	1,537,868	785,320	1,052,650	2 11 (000	14,902,868	\$ 64,896,463	General revenues:	Property taxes	Utility taxes	Unrestricted in	Investment income	Transfers	Total genera	Change	Net position - beginning	Net position - ending
	Francisco / Description	runctions/ rograms: Primary government: Governmental activities:	General government Public safety	nignways and streets Physical environment	Community redevelopment Culture and recreation	Interest on long-term debt	Total governmental activities	Business-type activities:	Vvatei Sewer	Stormwater	Marina	Parking Diar operations		Total business-type activities	Total primary government										

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

	Total Governmental Funds	59,632,598	615,050 363,461 549,547 1,329,044 62,581 90,199	62,642,480	2,517,773 213,474 131,048 287,488 8,920,458	12,070,241
		⋄		∽	v. I	ı
Other	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	3,769,379	450	3,769,829	484,107 598 - -	484,705
	ğ	⋄			v.	I
	Capital Projects	1,880,321	1 1 1 1 1 1	1,880,321	65,895	65,895
		⋄		↔	v.	1
	Debt Service	99,462		99,462	400	400
		<^-		-	v.	ı
	Building	4,363,408		4,363,408	435,872 7,091 128,941	571,904
nds					₩	ı
Special Revenue Funds	Community Redevelopment Agency	1,606,552	13,500 40,000 10,542 - 37,700	1,708,294	51,853 41,686 - 75	93,614
Speci	Ä		·	٠	⋄	'
	Grants	228,462	- - 105,168 -	333,630	164,099	164,099
		↔		-	.	ı
	General	47,685,014	615,050 349,511 509,547 1,213,334 62,581 52,499	50,487,536	1,479,646 - 2,107 287,413 8,920,458	10,689,624
		<>	'	∽	ν ,	•
		Assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments Receivables, net Franchise. utility and other	taxes Customer/other, net Due from other funds Due from other governments Inventory and prepaid items Property held for sale	Total assets	Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Deposits Unearned revenue	Total liabilities

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Continued) September 30, 2021

			Special Revenue Funds Community Redevelopment	S	Debt	Capital	Other Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
General	a a	Grants	Agency	Building	Service	Projects	Funds	Funds
69	62 581	,	,	,	,	,	,	62 581
52,	52.499	,		٠	,	•		52,499
ì								
850,595	595	•	•		•	•		850,595
1,855,973	973			•	•	•		1,855,973
2,709,825	325		•	•		•	167,889	2,877,714
	,	•		3,791,504	•			3,791,504
					99,062	•		99,062
	,	169,531		•	•	•	•	169,531
			37,700	,	•	•	•	37,700
			1,576,980		1	1		1,576,980
		•	•	1	•	•	479,934	479,934
•						1,814,426	1,285,164	3,099,590
•						1	5,970	5,970
'		ı	ı	1	ı	1	1,346,167	1,346,167
8,287,702	05				1	1		8,287,702
42,177	77						•	42,177
25,936,560	09	•	'	'	1	'		25,936,560
39,797,912	912	169,531	1,614,680	3,791,504	99,062	1,814,426	3,285,124	50,572,239
\$ 50,487,536	36	\$ 333,630	\$ 1,708,294	\$ 4,363,408	\$ 99,462	\$ 1,880,321	\$ 3,769,829	\$ 62,642,480

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 50,572,239
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Governmental capital assets \$ 100,119,896 Less: accumulated depreciation (57,789,032)	42,330,864
Certain funds related to pension assets and liabilities are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Deferred outflows of resources related to: Other post-employment benefits Pensions	928,333 10,540,848
Deferred inflows of resources related to: Other post-employment benefits Pensions	(8,234,590) (5,172,819)
Interest payable, not reported in the governmental funds	(83,686)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Bonds payable	(6,200,703)
Net OPEB Liability	(3,306,229)
Net pension liability Compensated absences	(9,684,452) (1,643,702)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 70,046,103

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 City of Dania Beach, Florida

Total Governmental	Funds		\$ 26,015,122	6,789,857	2,997,119	4,115,707	8,723,712	6,252,155	5,205,274	328,499	86,292	804,290	4,224,256	65,542,283			8,795,388	35,111,359	2,250,211	5,962,750	5,105,430	3,606,710	246,933		752,991	184,100	62,015,872	3,526,411	
Other Nonmajor Governmental	Funds		- \$				269,668		2,773,116	31,976	2,786		1,050,663	4,428,209				2,900	65,236	2,911,542						•	2,982,678	1,445,531	
Capital	Projects		- \$		1	•	1		•		3,772	1	•	3,772			37,891		55,000	•	1	•	246,933		•	1	339,824	(336,052)	
Debt	Service		- \$	1	ı	1	1		1		12	ı	•	12			1	1			ı		ı		752,991	184,100	937,091	(937,079)	
SI	Building		- \$,	5,260,466		,		4,819		4,038	5,269,323			,				3,207,323				,	•	3,207,323	2,062,000	
Special Revenue Funds Community Redevelopment	Agency		- \$	•	1	•	ı	•	•	•	1,250	1	494,317	495,567			•		•	•	1,322,073	,	1		•		1,322,073	(826,506)	
	Grants		· \$	•	1	•	ı	•	•	•	•	246,106	•	246,106			•		17,338	•	1	,	1		•	1	17,338	228,768	
	General		\$ 26,015,122	6,789,857	2,997,119	4,115,707	2,893,578	6,252,155	2,432,158	296,523	73,653	558,184	2,675,238	55,099,294			8,757,497	35,105,459	2,112,637	3,051,208	576,034	3,606,710			•	•	53,209,545	1,889,749	
		Revenues:	Property taxes	Special assessments	Franchise fees	Utility taxes	Licenses and permits	Intergovernmental	Charges for services	Fines and forfeitures	Investment income	Grants	Miscellaneous	Total revenues	Expenditures:	Current operating:	General government	Public safety	Highways and streets	Physical environment	Community redevelopment	Culture and recreation	Capital outlay	Debt service:	Principal payments	Interest and other	Total expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Dania Beach, Florida
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

(Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Special Revenue Funds	spu			Other	Total
	General	Grants	Redevelopment Agency	Building	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	4,655,883 (3,197,692)	8,811	2,022,424 (372,287)	(1,043,533)	1,036,141	850,000 (529,469)	(213,665)	8,573,259 (5,356,646)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,458,191	8,811	1,650,137	(1,043,533)	1,036,141	320,531	(213,665)	3,216,613
Net change in fund balances	3,347,940	237,579	823,631	1,018,467	99,062	(15,521)	1,231,866	6,743,024
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning	36,449,972	(68,048)	791,049	2,773,037		1,829,947	2,053,258	43,829,215
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 39,797,912	\$ 169,531	\$ 1,614,680	\$ 3,791,504	\$ 99,062	\$ 1,814,426	\$ 3,285,124	\$ 50,572,239

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	6,743,024
Capital outlays, reported as expenditures in governmen funds, are shown as capital assets in the statement of net position.	tal			753,994
Provision for depreciation on governmental capital assets is included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.				(2,758,981)
Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmen funds, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:				
Forgiveness of debt Principal payments	\$ _	538,960 752,991		1,291,951
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:				
Change in OPEB liability and deferral amounts Change in pension liability and deferral amounts Change in accrued interest Change in compensated absences			-	(4,384,814) 17,822,893 18,727 (182,533)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$_	19,304,261

	Water	Sewer	Stormwater	Marina	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Assets: Current assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments Receivables, net Inventory and prepaid items	\$ 8,374,895 855,529 122,877	\$ 16,262,518 988,457 4,587	\$ 7,025,926	\$ 1,197,121 283,525	\$ 4,707,399	\$ 37,567,859 2,157,751 139,318
Total current assets	9,353,301	17,255,562	7,037,780	1,480,646	4,737,639	39,864,928
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated	487,388 269,525 14,910,672	119,290 1,347,757 4,031,002	39,932 752,556 7,612,856	5,154,496	170,449	646,610 2,540,287 31,796,652
Total noncurrent assets	15,667,585	5,498,049	8,405,344	5,154,496	258,075	34,983,549
Total assets	25,020,886	22,753,611	15,443,124	6,635,142	4,995,714	74,848,477
Deferred Outflows of Resources: OPEB related Pension related	235,352 839,729	65,376	52,300 278,452		26,150 262,454	379,178 1,622,274
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,075,081	307,015	330,752	•	288,604	2,001,452
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Deposits Unearned revenue Other liabilities Compensated absences - current Current maturities of long-term debt Total current liabilities	298,898 49,212 14,965 6,519 508,882 71,102 60,752 38,595 724,353	460,589 13,015 4,635 - - 3,832 13,069 167,393	494,378 3,725 3,725 - - 9,492 50,343	16,263 21,600 293,389 4,198 64,271 13,257 - 150,000	59,396 19,359 2,573 10,395 457,936 - 7,395	1,329,524 87,610 336,073 13,290 583,548 542,295 64,584 68,551 1,092,089

City of Dania Beach, Florida Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds (Continued) September 30, 2021

	l	Water	Sewer	Stormwater	Marina	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences Long-term debt Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) Net pension liability		218,703 5,621,226 838,199 1,242,259	74,056 1,522,732 232,833 464,573	53,791 754,537 186,267 411,021	1,230,000	41,905 - 93,133 290,053	388,455 9,128,495 1,350,432 2,407,906
Total long-term liabilities		7,920,387	2,294,194	1,405,616	1,230,000	425,091	13,275,288
Total liabilities		9,693,665	2,956,727	1,967,337	1,792,978	982,145	17,392,852
leferred Inflows of Resources: OPEB related Pension related	I	2,087,643 765,777	579,901 63,814	463,921 255,259		231,960 382,889	3,363,425 1,467,739
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,853,420	643,715	719,180	1	614,849	4,831,164
let Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Debt service Impact fees Unrestricted	Ι,	İ		7,560,532 39,931 - 5,486,896	3,774,496 - 1,067,668		
Total net position	ω	13,548,882 \$	19,460,184	\$ 13,087,359	\$ 4,842,164	\$ 3,687,324	\$ 54,625,913

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Water	ı	Sewer	I	Stormwater		Marina		Nonmajor Funds	ı	Total
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous	⋄	5,717,061	❖	6,872,635 - 247,076	⋄	1,965,623	↔	1,207,055	↔	1,761,034 259,467 681,264	↔	17,523,408 259,467 1,491,946
Total operating revenues	ı	5,961,938		7,119,711	ı	2,276,424	I	1,214,983	ı	2,701,765	I	19,274,821
Operating Expenses: Operations and maintenance Depreciation	I	5,424,363 1,063,640	I	4,045,458 382,479	I	1,105,145 413,853	ļ	406,217 336,446	ļ	1,427,089	I	12,408,272 2,220,151
Total operating expenses	l	6,488,003	ļ	4,427,937	I	1,518,998	ļ	742,663	ı	1,450,822	I	14,628,423
Operating income (loss)	ı	(526,065)	I	2,691,774	ı	757,426	l	472,320	ı	1,250,943	I	4,646,398
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Miscellaneous Investment income Interest (expense)	I	4,400 32,265 (174,225)	I	1,100 17,106 (38,693)	I	32,200 11,524 (18,870)		- 405 (42,657)	l	7,116		37,700 68,416 (274,445)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	I	(137,560)	I	(20,487)	I	24,854		(42,252)	I	7,116	I	(168,329)
Income before transfers	ı	(663,625)	ı	2,671,287	ı	782,280	ı	430,068	ı	1,258,059	ı	4,478,069
Transfers: Transfers in Transfers out	ı	(1,170,966)	l	(816,389)	I	77,625 (314,502)		(253,650)		(738,731)	I	77,625 (3,294,238)
Total transfers	ı	(1,170,966)	I	(816,389)	ı	(236,877)	I	(253,650)	ı	(738,731)	I	(3,216,613)
Change in net position		(1,834,591)		1,854,898		545,403		176,418		519,328		1,261,456
Net Position, Beginning	ı	15,383,473	I	17,605,286	ı	12,541,956	ı	4,665,746	ı	3,167,996	ı	53,364,457
Net Position, Ending	 	13,548,882	\$	19,460,184	ۍ اا	13,087,359	ۍ	4,842,164	δ.	3,687,324	ۍ اا	54,625,913

City of Dania Beach, Florida Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Business-Type Activities	es		
	Water	Sewer	Stormwater	Marina	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash payments to suppliers Cash payments to employees Other receipts	\$ 5,911,578 (3,044,407) (2,157,464) 4,400	\$ 7,028,913 (4,223,251) (653,823) 1,100	\$ 2,276,424 (391,340) (600,446) 32,200	\$ 1,190,415 (438,016)	\$ 3,012,891 (763,345) (409,035)	\$ 19,420,221 (8,860,359) (3,820,768) 37,700
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	714,107	2,152,939	1,316,838	752,399	1,840,511	6,776,794
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers in Transfers out	(1,170,966)	(816,389)	77,625 (314,502)	(253,650)	(738,731)	77,625 (3,294,238)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(1,170,966)	(816,389)	(236,877)	(253,650)	(738,731)	(3,216,613)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets, net Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt	(72,908) (724,355) (179,911)	(656,597) (167,394) (40,055)	(578,904) (50,342) (19,104)	(150,000) (49,616)	(174,445)	(1,482,854) (1,092,091) (288,686)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(977,174)	(864,046)	(648,350)	(199,616)	(174,445)	(2,863,631)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Business-	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	rprise Funds		
	Water	Sewer	Stormwater	Marina	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Investments on earnings	32,265	17,106	11,524	405	7,116	68,416
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	32,265	17,106	11,524	405	7,116	68,416
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and investments	(1,401,768)	489,610	443,135	299,538	934,451	764,966
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments at Beginning of Year	10,264,051	15,892,198	6,622,723	897,583	3,772,948	37,449,503
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments at End of Year	\$ 8,862,283	\$ 16,381,808	\$ 7,065,858	\$ 1,197,121	\$ 4,707,399	\$ 38,214,469
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Cash, cash equivalents and investments Destricted cash cash can invaluate and	\$ 8,374,895	\$ 16,262,518	\$ 7,025,926	\$ 1,197,121	\$ 4,707,399	\$ 37,567,859
investments	487,388	119,290	39,932	1		646,610
	\$ 8,862,283	\$ 16,381,808	\$ 7,065,858	\$ 1,197,121	\$ 4,707,399	\$ 38,214,469

City of Dania Beach, Florida Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Business-	Type Ac	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	prise Fuı	spu				
		Water		Sewer	St	Stormwater		Marina	I	Nonmajor Funds	ļ	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:												
Operating income (loss)	٠	(526,065)	φ.	2,691,774	Ş	757,426	Ŷ	472,320	Ş	1,250,943	φ.	4,646,398
Adjustments to reconcile operating												
income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:												
Other nonoperating revenues		4,400		1,100		32,200				ı		37,700
Provision for depreciation		1,063,640		382,479		413,853		336,446		23,733		2,220,151
(Increase) decrease in:												
Receivables, net		(70,228)		(86,798)		1		(36,704)		(30,220)		(227,950)
Inventory and prepaid items		29,735		11		(369)		1		1		29,377
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		(235,352)		(65,376)		(52,300)		ı		(26,150)		(379,178)
Deferred outflows related to pensions		(839,729)		(241,639)		(278,452)		ı		23,422		(1,336,398)
Increase (decrease) in:												
Accounts payable and accrued												
liabilities		(49,446)		(15,923)		304,384		(30,677)		(362)		207,376
Interfund payable, net		461		477		436		ı		(315)		1,059
Due to other governmental agencies		ı		ı		1		(1,122)		110		(1,012)
Deposits		19,868		ı		•		11,416		458		31,742
Unearned revenue		ı				•		720		340,888		341,608
Other liabilities		4,435		1,919		•		ı		ı		6,354
Compensated absences		(2,274)		(16,282)		2,629		1		8,426		(7,501)
Net pension liability		(956,049)		(208,086)		(295,156)		1		(457,804)		(1,917,095)
OPEB obligation		(70,883)		(337,698)		(112,071)		1		93,133		(427,519)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		2,087,643		579,901		463,921		ı		231,960		3,363,425
Deferred inflows related to pensions		253,951	١	(528,920)		80,337		,	ı	382,889	ļ	188,257
Total adjustments		1,240,172	- 1	(538,835)		559,412		280,079	ı	589,568	I	2,130,396
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		714,107		2,152,939	\$	1,316,838	-55	752,399	\$	1,840,511	⋄	6,776,794

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		Pension Trust Funds
Assets:	_	
	\$	22,691
Receivables:		450.003
State contributions		459,092
Employee contributions Employer contributions		39,783 302,911
Other		57,044
Accrued interest receivable		193,574
Loans to DROP participants		765,345
Louis to Bhor participants	-	703,343
Total receivables	-	1,817,749
Investments, at fair value:		
Equity securities		88,579,077
Corporate and foreign bonds		6,531,933
Money market funds		4,868,878
Partnership/joint venture		2,628,272
Real estate		12,662,061
Government securities	-	14,363,771
Total investments	_	129,633,992
Total assets	_	131,474,432
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		108,396
Due to broker for securities purchased		48,827
Total liabilities	_	157,223
Net Position:		
Net position restricted for other post-employment benefits		12,438,335
Net position restricted for DROP benefits		2,581,246
Net position restricted for defined benefits		116,297,628
The production of defined benefits	-	
Total net position	\$ <u>-</u>	131,317,209

	Pension Trust Funds
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employees	\$ 522,087
Employer	7,579,040
Buybacks	582,275
State	459,092
Total contributions	9,142,494
Investment Income:	
Interest and dividends	18,692,393
Net change in fair value of investments	4,226,495
Total investment income	22,918,888
Less: Investment expenses	(652,386)
Net investment income	22,266,502
Other income	7,016
Total additions	31,416,012
Deductions:	
Benefit payments	6,957,351
Administrative expenses	264,879
Total deductions	7,222,230
Change in net position	24,193,782
Net Position - Beginning	107,123,427
Net Position - Ending	\$ 131,317,209

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

The City of Dania Beach, Florida (the "City") located in Broward County, is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. The legislative branch of the City is composed of a five-member elected commission. The City Commission is governed by the City Charter and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Commission is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Commission-appointed City Manager. In addition to the general government function, the City provides its residents with public works, public safety, culture and recreation, building, zoning and planning functions, water and sewer utilities, storm water management, marina, parking and pier operations.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The financial statements were prepared in accordance with government accounting standards which establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The definition of the financial reporting entity is based upon the concept that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. One of the objectives of financial reporting is to provide users of the financial statements with a basis for assessing the accountability of the elected officials. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which the City may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be includable within the City's financial statements. The City is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the component unit's governing board, and it is able to impose its will on that potential component unit, or there is a possibility for the potential component unit to provide specific financial benefits, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

The Dania Beach Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA") is governed by the CRA Board which is substantially the same as the City Commission. Although it is legally separate from the City, the CRA is reported as part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and redevelop the City's designated redevelopment areas and provides services entirely to the primary government. The CRA is reported as a major special revenue fund type using the blended method.

Governmental-wide and fund financial statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and fines and forfeitures and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: Measurement focus is commonly used to describe the types of transactions and events that are reported in a fund's operating statement. Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers receivables collected within 60 days after the year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, franchise fees, licenses and investment earnings associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, recognition occurs when all eligibility requirements are met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the City receives cash.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in a separate fund.

The Grants Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures related to federal, state and local grants received by the City with the exception of FEMA reimbursements for hurricane-related expenses.

The Community Redevelopment Agency Fund accounts for funds received to be used for eliminating slum and blight conditions existing in the community redevelopment area. The CRA does not receive tax increment financing (TIF). Instead, it is funded through the General Fund of the City.

The Building Fund accounts for all monies received from the issuance of building permits for development within the City.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the funds received to pay the City's long-term debt, as well as proceeds received from new debt issues.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the resources accumulated for the completion of the five-year capital budget.

The City reports the following major proprietary (enterprise) and fiduciary funds:

The City's Water Fund and Sewer Fund are funded primarily by user charges. The Stormwater Fund is funded primarily through a non-ad valorem assessment levied against properties. The City's Marina Fund, which accounts for the operation of the City's Marina, is funded through user charges.

The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the General Employees' Retirement System, the Police and Firefighters' Retirement System and OPEB Trust Plan. These funds accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees and other post-employment benefits for qualified retirees.

Other considerations for financial statement presentation: As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Water, Sewer, and Marina enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services, while the Stormwater Fund levies a non-ad valorem assessment against properties.

The Water and Sewer Funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Assets, liabilities and net position or fund balance:

Deposits and investments: The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, time and demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Short-term investments, except the State Board Investment Pool and the Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Investment Pool (FLCLASS) are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. The State Board Investment Pool is recorded at the value of the pool shares (2A-7 Pool), which is fair value.

The nature of the City's investments is governed by the provisions of Florida Statues Section 218. Under this statute, authorized investments are limited, unless otherwise authorized by law or ordinance, to the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, money market funds, direct or unconditionally guaranteed obligations of the United States Government, obligations of certain government agencies, interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts.

Receivables and payables: Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as due to/from other funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable, available financial resources.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. Assessment and collections are made on behalf of the City by Broward County. Property values are assessed as of January 1 of each year, at which time taxes become an enforceable lien on property. Tax bills are mailed for the City by Broward County on or about October 1 of each year and are payable with discounts of up to 4% offered for early payment. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment and State law provides for enforcement of collection of property taxes by seizure of the personal property or by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid property taxes. All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Accounts receivable allowances are based on historical trends.

Operating revenues in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billings rendered monthly. The Marina Fund billings are also recognized when billed on a monthly basis. Revenues for services delivered during the last month of the fiscal year that have not been read by September 30 are accrued based on meter reads and Marina dockage fees for the applicable consumption period and billed in October.

Inventories and prepaids: All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed. The reported governmental fund type inventories are offset by a nonspendable fund balance, indicating that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements under the consumption method.

Restricted assets: Certain assets of the Debt Service Fund have been classified as restricted because their use is wholly restricted by a bond indenture agreement for the City's debt service requirements and by grant agreements.

Impact fees collected in the General, Water, and Sewer Funds are also restricted for costs associated with newly constructed Public Safety, Recreation, or Administrative facilities, as well as those costs necessary to increase capacity or expand the water and sewer utility system.

The Building Fund's fund balance is restricted for costs associated with the administration and enforcement of the Florida Building Code.

Capital assets: Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, construction in progress, infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) and utility systems are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of more than \$ 5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. For infrastructure assets, the City defines capital assets with an initial cost of more than \$ 10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Purchased or constructed assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets, including works of art and similar items, and capital assets received through a concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as those projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	10-40 years
Infrastructure	20-30 years
Utility system	5-50 years
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3-10 years

Compensated absences: It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. An employee may, either on an annual basis or upon termination, redeem a portion of these unused benefits. Vacation and sick pay benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported and recorded in governmental funds only if they have matured; for example, as a result of employee resignation or retirement. When the liability is liquidated, it is expended in the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds.

Long-term obligations: In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds and issuance costs are treated as expenditures. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Equity classification:

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements

Equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components:

- a. <u>Net investment in capital assets</u> consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.
- b. <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by:
 - 1) External groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, or
 - 2) Law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is City policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as needed.

Fund Equity

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- a. <u>Nonspendable:</u> This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as the long-term portion of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) or a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be nonspendable.
- b. <u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. <u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Commission usually through a resolution or ordinance, which are equally binding as the highest decision-making authority. The action may only be undone by the City Commission in the same manner.
- d. <u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that have been identified by the City Commission that should be assigned for a specific purpose or as required by certain funding sources. The Finance Director, at the direction of the City Commission, is authorized to assign fund balances. The City Commission may also assign fund balance. Assignments are generally temporary and no formal action is required to remove the assignment.
- e. <u>Unassigned:</u> This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. In other funds, the unassigned classification should only be used to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City spends restricted balances first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring matching spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The City's informal policy is to maintain an adequate General Fund unassigned fund balance of at least three (3) months of operating expenditures (25% of the current year adopted operating budget) in accordance with Government Finance Officers' Association (GFOA) recommendations, in the event of a prolonged economic downturn, natural disaster, or other unforeseeable catastrophe.

Deferred inflows and outflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The items are the deferred outflows relating to the pension plans and the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) and they are discussed in further detail in Notes 10, 11 and 14, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The items are the deferred inflows relating to the pension plans and the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) and they are discussed in further detail in Notes 10, 11 and 14, respectively.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires that management make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, disclosures of contingent liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. All such estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, and they may ultimately differ from actual results.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Deposits: GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures requires governments to disclose deposits and investments exposed to custodial credit risk. For deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government may not be able to recover deposits nor be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, all deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under Florida Statutes Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, the State Treasurer requires all Florida qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or other banking institution eligible collateral. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. Accordingly, all amounts reported as deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name.

At September 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was approximately \$ 13,910,000, with a bank balance of approximately \$ 14,419,000. Included in the carrying amount of deposits was approximately \$ 900 cash on hand.

As of September 30, 2021, the carrying value of the City's cash, cash equivalents and investments, was as follows:

	_	Cash	_	Cash Equivalents	_	Investments	_	Total
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments Restricted cash, cash	\$	13,263,301	\$	38,868,460	\$	45,068,696	\$	97,200,457
equivalents and investments	_	646,610			_	-	_	646,610
Total	\$	13,909,911	\$	38,868,460	\$	45,068,696	\$_	97,847,067

Investments: The City's investment policy follows the guidance defined in Florida Statutes Chapter 218.415. The parameters defined in the statutes attempt to promote the maximization of net investment earnings on invested surplus funds of local units of governments while limiting the risk to which the funds are exposed. The City is authorized to invest in obligations of the Unites States Treasury, its agencies, instrumentalities, and the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the State Board of Administration.

The City invests surplus funds in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund ("Florida PRIME"). Florida PRIME is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration ("SBA"), who provides regulatory oversight. The Florida PRIME has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirement for a 2a7-like pool. The City's investment in the Florida PRIME is reported at amortized cost in accordance with GASB 79 "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." As a result, the Florida PRIME investment is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. As of September 30, 2021 there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit the City's daily access to 100 percent of the account value.

The City also invests surplus funds in the Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System ("FLCLASS"). FLCLASS which is an independent local government investment pool supervised by a Board of Trustees comprised of eligible Participants of the FLCLASS program. The City's investment in the FLCLASS is reported at amortized cost, as a result, the FLCLASS investments are exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures as of September 30, 2021.

Investments - City: As of September 30, 2021, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment M	aturities (in years)	S&P
	Amortized	Less	Greater	Credit
Investment Type	Cost	than 1	than 1	Rating
Florida PRIME FLCLASS	\$ 19,651,760 25,416,936	\$ 19,651,760 25,416,936	\$ - -	AAAm AAAm
Total investments	\$ 45,068,696	\$ 45,068,696	\$	

Interest rate risk: The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME and FLCLASS at September 30, 2021 is 49 and 47 days, respectively. Next interest rate reset dates for floating rate securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of Florida PRIME and FLCLASS at September 30, 2021, is 64 and 84 days, respectively.

Credit risk: The City's investment policy mitigates credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities by prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the City will do business. Further, the policy diversifies the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. In addition, Florida state law limits investments in bonds, stocks or other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States, any state or organized territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, unless the corporation is listed on any one or more of the recognized national stock exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ Stock Market and in the case of bonds only, holds a rating in one of the three highest classifications by a major rating service.

Foreign currency risk: Florida PRIME and FLCLASS were not exposed to any foreign currency risk during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

Investments - Fiduciary Funds: As of September 30, 2021, the City's fiduciary funds had the following investments:

Common stocks	\$	68,150,202
Mutual funds		20,428,875
Corporate and foreign bonds		6,531,933
Money market funds		4,868,878
Hedge funds		2,628,272
Real estate funds		12,662,061
Government securities	_	14,363,771
	_	
	\$	129,633,992

Interest rate risk: State law does not limit maturity term on fixed income holdings. The term "interest rate risk" refers to the portfolio's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. As of September 30, 2021, the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan and General Employees' Pension Plan held fixed income securities with the following maturities:

Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan

Investment Type		Fair Value	_	Less Than 1	_	1 to 5	_	6 to 10	_	More Than 10
U.S. Agencies	\$	5,323,852	\$	29,767	\$	342,269	\$	603,109	\$	4,348,707
U.S. Treasuries		3,945,839		-		1,289,680		1,835,611		820,548
Corporate and foreign bonds		4,088,061		-		75,969		2,562,613		1,449,479
Municipal obligations	-	2,445,701	_		_	770,058	-	1,187,024	_	488,619
Total fixed income securities	\$	15,803,453	\$	29,767	\$_	2,477,976	\$_	6,188,357	\$_	7,107,353

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

General Employees' Pension Plan

Investment Type		Fair Value	_	Less Than 1	_	1 to 5	_	6 to 10	_	More Than 10
U.S. Agencies U.S. Treasuries Corporate and foreign bonds	\$	1,869,882 778,497 2,443,872	\$	85,266 150,033 342,737	\$	1,082,617 93,724 1,251,763	\$	490,583 93,774 719,095	\$	211,416 440,966 130,277
Total fixed income securities	\$_	5,092,251	\$_	578,036	\$_	2,428,104	\$_	1,303,452	\$	782,659

Custodial credit risk: Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City and the Fiduciary Funds would not recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. State law limits investments in bonds, stocks or other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States, any state or organized territory of the Unites States, or the District of Columbia, unless the corporation is listed on any one or more of the recognized national stock exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ Stock Market and in the case of bonds only, holds a rating in one of the three highest classifications by a major rating service.

As of September 30, 2021, the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan and the General Employees' Pension Plan investments subject to credit risk were rated by Moody's Investors Services as follows:

		F	air Value	9
		Police and		General
Rating		Firefighters		Employees
	•		•	
Aaa	\$	4,521,627	\$	1,134,825
Aa1	-	1,351,403	•	-
Aa2		579,953		-
Aa3		199,908		-
A1		651,845		143,575
A2		1,005,908		259,730
A3		537,788		61,300
Baa1		604,690		-
Baa2		322,411		-
Unrated		6,027,920	_	3,492,821
			-	
Total	\$	15,803,453	\$	5,092,251

The following are the adopted assets allocation policies for the General Employees' and Police and Firefighters' Plans as of September 30, 2021:

Type of Investment	General Employee Target Allocation	Police and Firefighters Target Allocation
Large cap equity	7.5%-15%	15%-45%
Mid cap equity	0%-5%	7%-13%
Small cap equity	0%-5%	7%-13%
Developed markets equity	5%-10%	0%-18%
Emerging markets equity	5%-10%	0%-7%
Real estate	0%-15%	7%-20%
Hedge funds	0%-12%	0
Fixed income	20%-35%	15%-30%
Cash and cash equivalents	Minimum	Minimum

Concentration risk: The City's investments and fiduciary funds policy is to maintain a diversified portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific issuer. Specific limits have been established which limit the percentage of portfolio assets that can be invested with a specific issuer. GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, requires disclosure when the percentage is 5% or more of the total investments in any one issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investments pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this disclosure requirement. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more in any one issuer at September 30, 2021.

Foreign credit risk: For an investment, foreign currency risk is the risk that fluctuations in currency exchange rate may affect transactions conducted in currencies other than U.S. dollars as well as the carrying value of foreign investments. The exposure to foreign currency risk derives mainly from its investments in international equity funds and foreign bonds. The total amount of foreign investments as of September 30, 2021 was \$ 8,720,086 for the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan. The investment policy limits the foreign investments to no more than 25% of the fund's investment balance. As of September 30, 2021, foreign investments consisted of 10% of total investments for the Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan. The General Employees' plan contained no foreign investments. The FMIvT is not subject to foreign credit risk.

Risks and uncertainties: The Plans have investments that are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term would materially affect balances and the amounts reported in the statement of Net Position available for benefits and the statement of changes in net position available for benefits. The Plans, through their investment advisers, monitor the Plans' investments and risk associated therewith on a regular basis, which the Plans believe minimizes their risks.

Fair value measurements: GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, establishes a hierarchy disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investment at fair value. Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of investments. These inputs are categorized into a fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial statement purposes as follows:

- Level 1 investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable assets, either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The following is a general description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Common stock: Valued at the closing price reported on the New York Stock Exchange.

Government securities: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities.

Mutual funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the Plan. Mutual funds are open-ended mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value (NAV) and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the Plan are deemed to be actively traded.

Corporate and foreign bonds: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing the value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. When quoted prices are not available for identical or similar bonds, the bond is valued under a discounted cash flows approach that maximizes observable inputs, such as current yield of similar instruments, but includes adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks or a broker quote, if available.

Real estate funds and commingled trust fund: Valued at the net asset value of shares held by the Plan at year end.

Fair value of Investments held by the City's Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2021 as follows:

Investments	_	Totals at September 30, 2021	·	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Common stocks	\$	22,085,332	\$	22,085,332	\$ -	\$ -
Mutual funds		27,921,718		27,921,718	-	-
U.S. Agency securities		5,323,852		-	5,323,852	-
Corporate and foreign bonds		4,088,061		-	4,088,061	-
U.S. Treasury securities		3,945,839		2,534,513	1,411,326	-
Municipal obligations		2,445,701			2,445,701	
Total investments measured at fair value		65,810,503	\$	52,541,563	\$ 13,268,940	\$
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV):						
Real estate funds		12,662,061				
Commingled trust fund		5,155,151				
Total assets valued at NAV		17,817,212				
Money market funds (exempt)		4,277,931				
Total investments	\$	87,905,646				

The following table summarizes investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share practical expedient, including their related unfunded commitments and redemption restrictions.

	_	Police and Firefighters	-	nfunded nmitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Real estate funds (1) Real estate funds (2) Commingled trust fund (3)	\$ _	10,470,293 2,191,768 5,155,151	\$	- - -	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	10 days 10 days 1 business day
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$_	17,817,212	\$	-		

- (1) Real estate fund: The fund was formed as an open-end real estate fund consisting primarily of real estate properties in core stable institutional quality offices, retail, industrial and multi-family residential properties that are substantially leased and have minimal deferred maintenance or functional obsolescence. The investment is valued at NAV and redemption requests may be made at any time and are effective at the end of the calendar quarter in which the request is received.
- (2) Real estate fund: The fund was formed as an open-end real estate investment fund consisting of real estate property investments solely in the United States in specific product types including but not limited to multifamily, industrial, retail, office, hotel and other properties. The investment is valued at NAV and redemption requests may be made at any time and are effective at the end of the calendar quarter in which the request is received.
- (3) Commingled trust fund: The fund seeks to apply a systematic and disciplined approach designed to identify high-quality companies with forward-looking secular EPS growth of at least 10% per annum over the next three to five years when they are trading at an attractive valuation. The portfolio will invest in 20 to 30 companies located outside the United States, diversified by industry and country. The investment is valued at NAV and redemption requests may be made at any time and are effective on the next business day in which the request is received.

As of September 30, 2021, the fair value of investments held by the City's General Employees' Pension Plan are classified as follows:

Investments Measured at Fair Value		Totals at September 30, 2021	_	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	_	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Money market mutual funds	\$	590,947	\$	590,947	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Treasury securities		1,869,881		-		1,869,881		-
U.S. Agency securities		778,498		-		778,498		-
Corporate and foreign bonds		2,443,872		-		2,443,872		-
Common stocks		18,143,152		18,143,152		-		-
Mutual funds		2,835,389		2,835,389				
Hedge funds	_	2,628,272	_	-	_	-	·	2,628,272
Total investments measured at								
fair value	\$	29,290,011	\$	21,569,488	\$	5,092,251	\$	2,628,272

The City invests OPEB fund assets in the Florida Municipal Investment Trust ("FMIvT") which was created under the laws of the State of Florida to provide eligible units of local government with an investment vehicle to pool their surplus funds and to reinvest such funds in one or more investment portfolios under the direction and daily supervision of an investment adviser. The Florida League of Cities serves as the administrator, investment manager and secretary-treasurer of the Trust. The FMIvT is not a registrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however, the Board has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a "2a-like" pool. The fair value of the position in the FMIvT portfolio is the same as the value of the portfolio shares.

As of September 30, 2021, the OPEB Plan Investments has the following required disclosures:

	Fitch Rating		Amount
Credit Risk:			
Fixed Income Funds:			
FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund	AAf/S4	\$	2,599,612
FMIvT Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	Not rated	·	2,587,174
Equity Portfolios:			
FMIvT Diversified Large Cap Equity	Not rated		2,723,995
FMIvT Diversified Small to Mid Cap Equity	Not rated		1,293,587
FMIvT International Equity	Not rated		2,251,339
FMIvT Core Real Estate Fund	Not rated		982,628
		\$	12,438,335
	Duration		WAM
Interest Rate Risk (In Years):			
Fixed Income Funds:			
FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund	5.39		6.30
FMIvT Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	3.98		8.21

Rate of Return: For the year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 21.32% and 6.50% for the Police and Firefighters' and General Employees' Pension Plans, respectively. The money weighted rate of return for the OPEB plan was 6.35%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables as of September 30, 2021 for the City's individual funds in the aggregate including the allowances for uncollectible receivables are as follows:

	_	General Fund	Community Redevelopment Agency	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Water Fund
Customers billed Franchise fees Utility taxes Other	\$	251,440 467,533 428,910 98,071	\$ - - - 13,500	\$ - - - 450	\$ 1,040,731 - - 20,668
Gross receivables		1,245,954	13,500	450	1,061,399
Less: allowance for uncollectible		(281,393)			(205,870)
Total receivables, net	\$	964,561	\$ 13,500	\$ 450	\$ 855,529
	_	Sewer Fund	Marina Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total
Customers billed Franchise fees Utility taxes Other	\$	1,200,051 - - -	\$ 283,525 - - -	\$ 30,240 - - -	\$ 2,805,987 467,533 428,910 132,689
Gross receivables		1,200,051	283,525	30,240	3,835,119
Less: allowance for uncollectible	_	(211,594)	-	-	(698,857)
Total receivables, net	\$ _	988,457	\$ 283,525	\$ 30,240	\$ 3,136,262

Note 5 - Interfund, Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. The composition of net interfund balances as of September 30, 2021 is as follows:

Funds		From	_	То
General Fund	\$	509,547	\$	_
Grants Fund	Ų	-	Ų	164,099
CRA Fund		40,000		41,686
Building Fund		-		7,091
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	;	-		598
Water Fund		-		14,965
Sewer Fund		-		4,635
Stormwater Fund		-		3,725
Marina Fund		-		293,389
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds			_	19,359
	\$	549,547	\$	549,547

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2021 is as follows:

Funds	Transfers in	Transfers out
General Fund Grants Fund CRA Fund Building Fund Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Water Fund Sewer Fund Stormwater Fund Marina Fund Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	\$ 4,655,883 8,811 2,022,424 - 1,036,141 850,000 - - 77,625 -	\$ 3,197,692 - 372,287 1,043,533 - 529,469 213,665 1,170,966 816,389 314,502 253,650 738,731
ajo. Enterprise runus	\$ 8,650,884	\$ 8,650,884

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the Debt Service Fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, 2) move restricted amounts from borrowings to the Debt Service Fund to establish mandatory reserve accounts, and 3) move unrestricted General Fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in the other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

-	Beginning Balance		Additions	_	Deletions	_	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land \$ Construction in progress	16,184,221 1,126,417	\$	- 293,118	\$	- (644,026)	\$	16,184,221 775,509
Total capital assets,	· · ·	•	<u> </u>	_	, , ,	_	
not being depreciated	17,310,638		293,118	_	(644,026)	_	16,959,730
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and imrpovements	24,712,731		_		_		24,712,731
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Infrastructure	7,350,183 49,992,350		330,733 774,169	_	-	_	7,680,916 50,766,519
Total capital assets,							
being depreciated	82,055,264		1,104,902	_		_	83,160,166
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and imrpovements	13,751,474		975,971		-		14,727,445
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5,580,855		383,292		-		5,964,147
Infrastructure -	35,697,722		1,399,718	-		-	37,097,440
Total accumulated depreciation	55,030,051		2,758,981	_		-	57,789,032
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	27,025,213		(1,654,079)	_		_	25,371,134
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$	44,335,851	\$	(1,360,961)	\$ _	(644,026)	\$ _	42,330,864
Business-type activities: Capital assets,							
not being depreciated: Land \$	220,976	\$	-	\$	-	\$	220,976
Construction in progress	1,669,889		1,153,720	_	(504,298)	_	2,319,311
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,890,865		1,153,720		(504,298)	_	2,540,287
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and imrpovements Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4,962,983 3,601,297		- 191,793		-		4,962,983 3,793,090
Utility system	60,205,058		641,639	_	-	_	60,846,697
Total capital assets,							
being depreciated	68,769,338		833,432	_		-	69,602,770
Less accumulated depreciation for:	2 121 702		246.764				2 270 557
Buildings and imrpovements Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,131,793 2,157,267		246,764 253,485		-		2,378,557 2,410,752
Utility system	31,296,907		1,719,902	_	-	_	33,016,809
Total accumulated depreciation	35,585,967		2,220,151	_		_	37,806,118
Total capital assets,							
being depreciated, net	33,183,371		(1,386,719)	-		_	31,796,652
Business-type activities capital assets, net \$	35,074,236	\$	(232,999)	\$ _	(504,298)	\$ _	34,336,939

Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2021 was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	1,391,246
Public safety	•	545,812
Highways and streets		609,657
Physical environment		4,614
Community redevelopment		22,336
Culture and recreation		185,316
Total depreciation expense -		
governmental activities	\$	2,758,981
-	· ·	
Business-type activities:		
Water Fund	\$	1,063,640
Wastewater Fund		382,479
Stormwater Fund		413,853
Marina Fund		336,446
Nonmajor Funds		23,733
Total depreciation expense -		
business-type activities	\$	2,220,151

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the city for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2021:

		Beginning Balance	-	Additions	_	Reductions	_	Ending Balance	_	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:										
Sales tax revenue bonds	\$	510,000	\$	-	\$	(165,000)	\$	345,000	\$	170,000
General obligation bonds		6,354,717		-		(499,014)		5,855,703		499,014
Notes payable		538,960		-		(538,960)		-		-
Capital leases		88,977		-		(88,977)		-		-
Compensated absences		1,461,169		724,666		(542,133)		1,643,702		246,555
Other post-employment										
benefits liability		6,227,672		-		(2,921,443)		3,306,229		-
Net pension liability	_	23,763,395	_	-	_	(14,078,943)	_	9,684,452	_	
Total governmental										
activities	\$	38,944,890	\$	724,666	\$	(18,834,470)	\$	20,835,086	\$ _	915,569

Bonds Payable - Governmental Funds: The City previously issued \$ 3,500,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010 (Refunded in April 2016). The proceeds of the Series 2010 Bonds were used to finance a portion of the parking garage and entry road with associated infrastructure related to a downtown library facility and paying costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds were payable in annual principal installments beginning October 15, 2010 through October 15, 2025.

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

The refunding of the Series 2010 Bonds reduced the City's debt service payments over the next 20 years by approximately \$ 417,942 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$ 346,280 at a present value rate of approximately 2.279%. The bonds are payable in annual principal installments of various amounts based on the maturity of the bonds beginning October 15, 2016 through October 15, 2025 plus interest at 2.28% as accrued between each payment date with a final balloon payment of \$ 1,253,160.

In December 2012, the City issued the Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2012 for \$1,615,000. The bonds were issued to refund the Series 1994 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds. The refunding of the series 1994 Bonds reduced the City's debt service payments over the next 13 years by approximately \$968,700 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$415,000. The bonds are payable in annual principal installments beginning October 1, 2013 through October 1, 2022. Interest at 1.65% is payable semiannually on the first day of each April and October. The bonds are limited obligations of the City payable solely from sales tax revenues.

The City previously issued Series 2006 General Obligation Bonds for \$6,800,000 to fund the construction of a fire station in the annexed area, parks and recreation centers improvements, and neighborhood improvements for lighting projects, sidewalk improvements and traffic calming devices. These bonds were refunded in 2015 by \$5,440,773 in General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 in order to save interest expense of more than \$1m. The new bonds are payable in semi-annual principal installments of \$139,507 beginning October 1, 2016 through October 1, 2035 including interest at 3.06% as accrued between each payment date. The installments are due on the first day of April and October. The bonds are collateralized entirely by ad-valorem revenue over the life of the debt.

Annual debt service requirements of the Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, the General Obligations Bonds, Series 2015 and the General Obligations Bonds, Series 2016 are as follows:

	Principal		Interest		Total
\$	669,014	\$	165,432	\$	834,446
•	684,014	•	148,252	•	832,266
	519,014		132,632		651,646
	524,014		118,566		642,580
	1,144,014		97,374		1,241,388
	1,395,070		309,496		1,704,566
	1,265,563		95,647		1,361,210
				•	<u> </u>
\$	6,200,703	\$	1,067,399	\$	7,268,102
		\$ 669,014 684,014 519,014 524,014 1,144,014 1,395,070 1,265,563	\$ 669,014 \$ 684,014 \$ 519,014 \$ 524,014 \$ 1,144,014 \$ 1,265,563	\$ 669,014 \$ 165,432 684,014 148,252 519,014 132,632 524,014 118,566 1,144,014 97,374 1,395,070 309,496 1,265,563 95,647	\$ 669,014 \$ 165,432 \$ 684,014 148,252 519,014 132,632 524,014 118,566 1,144,014 97,374 1,395,070 309,496 1,265,563 95,647

As of September 30, 2021, the City has complied with all of the provisions outlined within its Series 2012 Sales Tax Revenue Bond Indenture Agreement.

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

Notes Payable - Governmental Funds: On February 21, 2006, the City entered in to an interlocal agreement with Broward County to fund specific projects totaling \$ 6,345,866 which was amended in March 2011 for an amount not to exceed \$ 6,038,899. Between March 2009 and September 2013, the City entered into various loan agreements with the County under the interlocal agreement to borrow \$ 5,343,024 for eligible projects under the County Redevelopment Capital Program. The City received the first draw in March 2009 in the amount of \$ 2,334,200 for the purchase of Land Parcel 109. The City received its second draw in the amount of \$ 2,730,909 in September 2010 toward the construction of the Parking Garage Facility on Parcel 109. The loan was held to conditions requiring the City to complete the project within five years of the first draw and to demonstrate a net increase in the tax base of the Community Redevelopment Area. If the conditions are met the note is forgiven using a predetermined schedule. If the conditions are not met the note will be payable to the County over a fifteen-year period commencing at the end of the initial five-year interest free period (March 2019) with interest at the Municipal Market Data (MMD) "A" revenue bond rate in effect at the time repayment begins. As of September 30, 2021, the above conditions were met, and have formally been indicated as such by the County. The outstanding balance of \$ 538,960 was formally forgiven by the County during fiscal year 2021.

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt for business-type activities:

	_	Beginning Balance	_	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance	_	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities:	_				_		_		_	
Revenue bonds	\$	1,530,000	\$	-	\$	(150,000)	\$	1,380,000	\$	150,000
State revolving loans		9,782,675		-		(942,091)		8,840,584		942,089
Compensated absences		464,507		180,612		(188,113)		457,006		68,551
Other post-employment										
benefits liability		1,777,951		-		(427,519)		1,350,432		-
Net pension liability	_	4,325,001	_	-		(1,917,095)	_	2,407,906	_	-
Total business-type										
activities	\$_	17,880,134	\$_	180,612	\$_	(3,624,818)	\$_	14,435,928	\$_	1,160,640

State Revolving Loans Payable - Enterprise Funds: In previous years, the City entered into various loan agreements with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program and Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program to borrow up to \$25,350,941. As of September 30, 2021, the City has a total of \$8,840,584 outstanding which it has borrowed to finance the planning, design and construction of water, wastewater and stormwater infrastructure improvements. The City is required to maintain rates and charges for the services furnished by the water, sewer, and stormwater systems which will be sufficient to provide revenues equal to or exceed 1.15 times the sum of the semiannual loan payments (debt service). The loans payable in semi-annual payments are calculated based on the actual amount of the principal drawn under the agreements.

The financing interest rates and principal amounts of the loans are as follows:

Fund	Rate	_	Amount
Water Fund Sewer Fund Stormwater Fund	2.50%-2.82% 0.905%-1.355% 1.125%-1.355%	\$	6,345,579 1,690,125 804,880
		\$	8,840,584

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

Annual debt service requirements for the state revolving loans are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	942,089	\$ 188,222	\$ 1,130,311
2023 2024		941,053	167,476	1,108,529
2024		962,396 984,263	146,221 124,444	1,108,617 1,108,707
2026		1,006,666	102,130	1,108,796
2027-2031		3,503,615	224,414	3,728,029
2032-2035		500,502	9,609	510,111
Total	\$	8,840,584	\$ 962,516	\$ 9,803,100

As of September 30, 2021, the City complied with all of its bond covenants associated with the State Revolving Fund Loan Program.

Revenue Bonds - Enterprise Funds: In February 2013, the City issued the Taxable Marina Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 for \$ 2,400,000. The bonds were issued for the purpose of financing a portion of the costs of rehabilitating the Dania Beach Municipal Marina. Principal payments are due annually beginning October 15, 2013 through October 14, 2028. Interest at 3.41% is due semiannually on April 15 and October 15 of each year beginning on April 15, 2013.

Annual debt service requirements for the revenue bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 150,000	\$ 44,501	\$ 194,501
2023	160,000	39,215	199,215
2024	165,000	33,674	198,674
2025	170,000	27,962	197,962
2026	175,000	22,080	197,080
2027-2029	560,000	29,155	589,155
Total	\$ 1,380,000	\$ 196,587	\$ 1,576,587

As of September 30, 2021, the City complied with all bond covenants associated with the Taxable Marina Revenue Bonds.

Note 8 - Leases

Operating Leases, Lessor: The parking garage lease consists of the rental of 84 parking spaces and roadway access between a hotel and surrounding area. The parking garage lease contains an option provision to extend the initial term for two additional ten-year periods.

The marina lease is subject to contingency rentals, which are calculated as a percentage of gross receipts.

Note 8 - Leases (continued)

The pier restaurant lease payment is the greater of the base rent or 7% of the gross revenues for each lease year. The pier restaurant lease contains an option provision to extend the initial term for up to four separate, consecutive additional renewal terms of five years each. Total City rental income of approximately \$ 651,107 is included as revenue in the General Fund, \$ 30,240 in the Parking Fund, and \$ 500,282 in the Pier Fund.

The following is a schedule of minimum future rental income of non-cancelable operating leases as of September 30, 2021:

Year Ending September 30,		
2022	\$	500,697
2023	Ψ	445,885
2024		451,896
2025		458,092
2026		419,113
2027-2031		1,225,754
2032-2036		1,000,085
2037-2040		800,068
Total	\$	5,301,590

As of September 30, 2021, leased assets consist of the following:

	_	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	_	Net Book Value
Land Building	\$	7,527,378 1,907,300	\$ - 1,076,543	\$	7,527,378 830,757
Total	\$_	9,434,678	\$ 1,076,543	\$	8,358,135

Note 9 - Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation: Various suits and claims arising in the ordinary course of operations are pending against the City. While the ultimate effect of such litigation cannot be ascertained at this time, in the opinion of legal counsel, the City has sufficient insurance coverage to cover any claims and/or liabilities which may arise from such action. The effect of such losses would not materially affect the financial position of the City or the results of its operations. No such settlements exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past three (3) years.

Note 9 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Interlocal Agreement with Broward County Sheriff's Office for Police Services: A contract exists between the Broward County Sheriff's Office ("BSO") and the City, whereby the BSO provides police officers to serve the City which expires in September 2025, with an option to renew for five additional years. These police officers are paid on the BSO payroll. The City pays the BSO for the police services based on the contract. The City paid the BSO approximately \$ 14,400,000 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Interlocal Agreement with Broward County Sheriff's Office for Fire Rescue and Emergency Medical Services: The City has an Interlocal Agreement with the BSO to provide fire rescue and emergency medical services which expires in September 2025, with an option to renew for five additional years. All fire personnel are paid on the BSO payroll. The City pays the BSO for the fire rescue and emergency medical services based on the contract. The City paid the BSO approximately \$ 13,600,000 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Interlocal Agreement with City of Hollywood: The City has an Interlocal Agreement with the City of Hollywood for utilization of a common area-wide wastewater collection, treatment and disposal facility. The City of Hollywood is required to provide the City of Dania Beach an estimate of all costs at the beginning of each fiscal year. The annual estimate is the basis for monthly billings and is adjusted annually based upon actual flows and actual costs when known. Charges for services provided by the City of Hollywood include operation, maintenance and administrative costs, debt service charges, depreciation charges and renewal replacement and improvement account contributions. For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized expenses of approximately \$ 3,600,000 under this agreement. The agreement will continue in existence until modified by mutual consent or termination by one of the parties after giving one year's notice. Should the City terminate the agreement, it would be required to pay all debt service charges which would otherwise have been chargeable to the City (based upon a weighted average for future years using projected flows) and a sum equal to the present value of five years of all other payments based on the annual payment in the year of termination. Management considers the chances of termination of this agreement to be remote. Future payments under this agreement cannot be estimated.

Construction Commitments: The City has numerous active construction projects as of September 30, 2021. The City's significant commitments with contractors are as follows:

Capital Projects Fund	Remaining Commitment
Beach Revitalization II Oasis XIV - Planning and Design Traffic Calming & Beautification Project Roadway and Median Electrical Project	\$ 772,974 47,149 250,000 90,000
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 1,160,123
Grant Fund	
Oasis XIV - 45th Year - CDBG	\$ 172,549

Note 9 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Water, Sewer, Stormwater, Pier Funds

NW 1st Ave Water Main Stirling-City Hall Lift Rehab Projects 5,7,10	\$	375,767 11,805
SE Stormwater Phase II SW 43rd Terrace, SW 40th Court and		6,120,725
SW 49th Street Project		540,511
Pier Refurbishing	_	236,051
Total Water, Sewer, Stormwater,	_	7 204 050
Pier Funds	Ş	7,284,859

ENCUMBRANCES*

Governmental Funds	Amount Encumbered
General Fund Community Redevelopment Agency Fund Building Permit Operations Fund Capital Projects Fund Nonmajor Funds	\$ 818,075 8,638 7,226 280,937 178,322
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,293,198
Enterprise Funds	
Water Stormwater Sewer Nonmajor Funds	\$ 527,311 1,525,297 561,501 114,730
Total Enterprise Funds	\$ 2,728,839

^{*} Encumbrances include construction commitments

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Plan Description: The City is the sponsor of two single-employer Public Employee Retirement Systems ("PERS") defined benefit pension plans established to provide pension, disability and death benefits for its employees and beneficiaries. The two plans are the General Employees' Pension Plan (GEPP) and Police and Firefighters' (P&F Plan). The P&F Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Both plans are closed to new entrants. The financial reports for the Police and Firefighters' Plan may be obtained by writing to the Board of Trustees c/o City of Dania Beach, 100 West Dania Beach Boulevard, Dania Beach, Florida 33004.

The governing boards for the plans have been set by City ordinance. The composition of the governing board for the General Employees' Pension Fund is two active employees of the City and three residents of the City. The board also serves as plan trustees. The composition of the governing board for the Police and Firefighters' is one City commissioner, two active or DROP participant Firefighters, two active or DROP participant Police Officers, three residents of the City and one other approved by these eight appointed members.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting: The Plans' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

At October 1, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the Plan's membership consisted of:

	General <u>Employees</u>	Police and Firefighters
Retirees and beneficiaries Inactive, nonretired members Active members	83 - 11	75 - 14
Total	94	

Funding Policy

General Employees' Pension Plan:

Plan description: The Plan was established under the Code of Ordinances for the City of Dania Beach, Florida, Chapter 18, Article III, and was most recently amended under Ordinance No. 2014-001 passed and adopted on January 28, 2014. The Plan is also governed by certain provisions of Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes (F.S.) and the Internal Revenue Code. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan.

The GEPP does not issue a stand-alone financial report and is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or a report of another entity. The GEPP however, is audited in conjunction with the City's financial statements. The Plan financial statements can be found within the Fiduciary Fund financial statements contained within this report.

Contributions: City ordinance establishes the contribution requirements of GEPP members and the City. City employee members are required to contribute 19.74% of their annual covered salary of which 16.08% is contributed by the City on behalf of the employee. City and employee contributions for the year ended September 30, 2021, were \$ 1,209,601 and \$ 176,468 respectively. The annual required contribution for the current year was determined based on an October 1, 2019, actuarial valuation date.

Eligibility: Under the provisions of the GEPP, all full-time employees who were hired prior to March 1, 2006 were eligible to participate. Pension benefits were vested after six years of credited service. Members were eligible to retire at age 55 with 6 years of credited service or at age 50 with 25 years of credited service at a benefit of 2.5% (for each year of credited service) of final average salary based on the highest 3 years' salary during the last 10 years of employment. The benefit multiplier was raised to 3% for those who retired after December 31, 1998. City ordinance established these benefit provisions. Amendments to the Plan must be authorized by the City Commission.

Benefits – Normal Retirement Benefit: A member may retire on the first day of the month coincident with or next following the earlier of age 50 with 25 years of credited service or age 55 with 6 years of Credited Service. The benefit is 3% of average monthly earnings ("AME") multiplied by the years of credited service.

Early Retirement: A member may elect to retire earlier than the normal retirement eligibility upon attainment of age 50 with 10 years of credited service (8 years for elected officials). The normal retirement benefit is reduced by 6.0% for each year by which the early retirement date precedes what would have been the member's normal retirement date.

Cost of Living Adjustment "COLA": On April 1 of each year, a cost of living increase is given based on the actuarial gain realized in the prior fiscal year ending September 30 and upon the percentage of such gain attributable to retirees as a percentage of the total number of participants in the plan. If there is no actuarial gain in the prior fiscal year, then there is no cost of living adjustment the following April 1. The annual increase is limited to the annual increase in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan "DROP": Plan members are eligible for the DROP upon meeting the eligibility requirements for Early or Normal Retirement. The member's Credited Service and AME are frozen upon entry into the DROP. The monthly retirement benefit as described under Early or Normal Retirement is calculated based upon the frozen Credited Service and AME. The maximum DROP period is 5 years for those who enter the DROP on or after March 1, 2006. The member's DROP account is credited or debited quarterly at a rate equal to the actual net rate of investment return realized by the Plan for that quarter. Upon termination, the options to receive the benefit include a lump sum, annual payments, or equal monthly installments.

Health Insurance Subsidy: Seventy-five percent of each year's actuarial gain in excess of that used for the COLA would be used first to pay one-third of health insurance premiums for those whose benefits are in pay status. If any money remains after the first use, it would be used to pay the remaining two-thirds of health insurance premiums for those whose benefits are in pay status. If there is still money remaining, it will be accrued in a "future benefit reserve account" to be used to provide future benefits for retirees and survivors.

Police and Firefighters' Plan:

Plan description: The Plan was first established on March 1, 1977 and later amended to provide retirement, disability and death benefits for all full-time firefighters of the City, and those police officers who elected to remain in the Plan prior to the transfer of the Police Department to the BSO. It is defined in Chapter 18 of the Code of Ordinances of the City, which is amended from time to time. The Plan is also governed by certain provisions of Part VII, Chapter 112, Chapter 175 and Chapter 185 of the Florida Statutes. There is a Board of Trustees in whom the general administration, management and responsibility for the proper operation of the system is vested.

Contributions: Firefighters currently make contributions to the Plan at a rate equal to 24.6% of earnings. Police Officers make contributions to the Plan at a rate equal to 7% of their annual covered salary. For fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, there were no active Police Officers in the Plan. Firefighters hired prior to September 30, 2001 and those hired on or after October 1, 2001 contribute 2% and 6.46%, respectively, of their earnings through payroll deductions. The remaining employee contributions are made by the City on behalf of the employee. Effective January 29, 2011, and amended September 25, 2013, the City and BSO agreed that for the year ending September 30, 2013, and for all future fiscal years as long as annual employer pension contributions are required, BSO will contribute \$513,354 to both the City Fire Pension and the City General Employee Pension. The contributed amount of \$513,354 will be divided between the Fire Pension and the General Employee Pension by \$497,927 and \$15,427, respectively. In the event the annual required employer pension is less than \$513,354 in any fiscal year, BSO's annual required employer contribution shall be the lesser amount.

BSO refunds to the City of Dania Beach the amount that the Sheriff's office would have paid to the Florida Retirement System (FRS) on behalf of those Police Officers who remained in the City Plan. For the year ended September 30, 2021, no active Police Officers were participants in the City Plan. The entire 7% contribution for the Police Officers would be made entirely by the City of Dania Beach on behalf of those employees if the City had any remaining active Officers in the City Plan. Additionally, the City/BSO is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate for Firefighters in the fiscal year. For active participants, BSO and City of Dania Beach make an annual contribution to the City Plan in a percentage of pensionable wages determined by the actuary by taking into consideration the amounts contributed by employees and the State of Florida (the "State") under State law. BSO and Employer, Employee and State contributions for the year ended September 30, 2021, were \$ 6,169,439, \$ 345,619 and \$ 459,092 respectively.

Eligibility: Eligible for the Plan are Firefighters of the City and certain Police Officers that were formerly employed by the City but now are employed by BSO. As of October 1, 1988, the Police Officers of the City of Dania Beach became employees of BSO pursuant to a service agreement dated August 30, 1988, between the City of Dania Beach and the BSO. As of January 29, 2011, Firefighters of the City also became employees of BSO. The Plan became closed to new participants at that time. The Plan covers 26 active employees as well as 63 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

Benefits: Normal Retirement Benefit: Police Officers who have attained 55 years of age and completed 10 years of continuous service, and Firefighters who have attained age 55 and completed 8 years of continuous service may retire with normal retirement benefits. Either Firefighters or Police Officers that have completed 25 years of continuous service, regardless of age, may retire with normal retirement benefits. The monthly retirement benefit for Firefighter members retiring before October 1, 1989, and for Police Officers who retire before October 1, 1991, shall equal 2.5% of average monthly earnings for each of the first 30 years of continuous service and 2% of average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service in excess of 37 and one-half years, subject to a maximum of 100% of average monthly earnings. Average monthly earnings are defined as one twenty-fourth of the arithmetic average of earnings for the highest consecutive 24-month period preceding the member's date of termination.

The monthly retirement benefit for Firefighters retiring after October 1, 1989, and for Police Officers who retire after October 1, 1991, shall equal 3% of average monthly earnings for each of the first 25 years of continuous service and 2% of average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service in excess of 37 and one-half years, subject to a maximum of 100% of average monthly earnings. The monthly retirement benefit for Firefighter members retiring on or after January 1, 1999, shall equal 3% of average monthly earnings for each of the first 15 years of continuous service and 4% of average monthly earnings for each of the next 10 years of continuous service and 2% of average monthly earnings for each year of continuous service in excess of 37 and one-half years, subject to a maximum of 100% of average monthly earnings.

Early Retirement Benefit: Early retirement date shall be when a member completes 20 years of continuous service or both attains 50 years of age and completes 8 years of continuous service. A member retiring on or after his early retirement date but before his normal retirement date shall receive their normal retirement benefits actuarially reduced to consider the member's younger age and the earlier commencement of retirement income payments, but not by more than 3% for each year the retiree is younger than the normal retirement age.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP"): A member may enter in the DROP after 25 but less than 30 years of credited service. The maximum duration of participation in the DROP shall be limited to seven years. Election into the DROP is voluntary; however, the election is irrevocable once DROP payments begin. Members will cease to accrue a benefit and will not be eligible for disability or preretirement death benefits once the DROP election is made. Monthly normal retirement benefits that would be paid to members upon date of retirement are paid into the DROP account while the member is able to continue employment with the City.

Health Insurance Subsidy: All Firefighter retirees and Firefighter survivors receiving benefits shall be eligible for an annual health insurance subsidy equal to 75% of the prior year's actuarial gain allocable to Firefighters, Firefighter retirees and their survivors remaining after the annual cost of living adjustments are applied. Seventy-Five percent (75%) of any increase in the percentage of covered payroll received by the City of Dania Beach pursuant to Section 175.121, Florida Statutes, over the amount received by the City in 1997 shall be defined as the "available actuarial gain". The available actuarial gain for a fiscal year is to be used to subsidize up to one-year's payments for retiree health insurance due from each Firefighter retiree and Firefighter survivor who receives benefits from the system to cover one-third of the premium cost for such insurance or 100% of the cost if enough funds are made available. Should the available actuarial gain not be fully expended by the subsidy, then the balance together with any unexpended available actuarial gain from prior years shall be accrued by the retirement system. DROP participants shall receive credit for any such future benefits paid while participating in the DROP, but not for the health insurance subsidy.

The Police and Firefighters' Plan issues a standalone financial report which may be obtained from the plan administrator at 113 SW 1st Street, Dania Beach, FL 33004.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources: At September 30, 2021, the City reported a net pension liability of \$ 3,406,144 and \$ 3,852,002 in the GEPP and P&F Plans, respectively. The net pension liabilities for both plans were measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019.

Component of the Plans' expense for fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, (based on measurement period ended September 30, 2020) are as follows:

	General Employees	_	Police and Firefighters
Service cost Current period benefit changes Interest on the total plan liability Employee contributions Projected earnings on plan investments Pension plan administrative expense	\$ 189,819 - 1,826,148 (154,407) (1,584,446) 83,127	\$	679,390 (1,967) 4,949,503 (1,040,221) (4,351,497) 178,901
Other (Change in state and health insurance reserves and present value of buybacks)	_		917,260
Recognition of outflow (inflow) of resources due to liabilities Recognition of outflow (inflow) of	(86,190)		(1,869,412)
resources due to assets	25,024		(434,702)
Total pension expense (income)	\$ 299,075	\$	(972,745)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense (income) in the GEPP of \$299,075 and in the P&F Plan of \$(972,745). In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans from the following sources.

General	LIIIP	loyees		
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources	_	Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		400.853		
investments City contributions subsequent to	\$	409,853		-
City contributions subsequent to measurement date		1,209,601	_	
Total	\$	1,619,454	\$ _	
Police and	Fire	fighters		
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources	_	Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan			-	
actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$		\$	
actual earnings on pension plan	\$		\$ -	Resources
actual earnings on pension plan investments Pension contributions subsequent to	\$	Resources -	\$ - \$ <u>-</u>	Resources

The deferred outflows of resources related to City and State contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date, but before the end of the City's current reporting period, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period rather than the current fiscal period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plans will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	_	General Employees	Police and Firefighters
2022 2023 2024 2025 Thereafter	\$	2,061 147,513 211,043 49,236	\$ (422,450) 22,893 258,460 (117,981)
Total	\$	409,853	\$ (259,078)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Component	_	General Employees	,	Police and Firefighters
A. Total Pension Liability: Service cost Interest Benefit payments, including refunds	\$	189,819 1,826,148	\$	679,390 4,949,503
of employee contributions Difference between expected and		(1,886,729)		(4,671,185)
actual experience Change of assumptions Change of benefit terms Other		(86,190) - - - -		(67,164) (1,802,248) (1,967) 917,260
Net change		43,048		3,589
Total pension liability, beginning		28,848,137	,	74,982,165
Total pension liability, ending	\$	28,891,185	\$	74,985,754
B. Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - city Contributions - state Contributions - employee (includes buyback contributions and picked up	\$	1,356,798 -	\$	6,798,153 463,157
member contributions) Net investment income		154,407 1,338,270		1,040,221 4,941,406
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses		(1,886,729) (83,127)		(4,671,185) (178,901)
Net change		879,619		8,392,851
Total pension liability, beginning		24,605,422	,	62,740,901
Total pension liability, ending	\$	25,485,041	\$	71,133,752
C. Net Pension Liability	\$	3,406,144	\$	3,852,002

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the October 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all periods included in the measurement date of September 30, 2020. Methods and assumptions used to determine the total pension liability:

Police and Firefighter:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal Amortization Method: Level Dollar, Closed Remaining Amortization Period: 5 years

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market

Inflation: 2.50% Salary Increases: 6.0%

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Mortality: The mortality tables used are the same as those used in the July 1, 2019 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) for Special Risk members. These tables are based on the PUB-2010 mortality tables with mortality improvements projected for healthy lives to all future years after 2010 using Scale MP-2018.

General Employees:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal Amortization Method: Fixed Dollar Remaining Amortization Period: 5 Years

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market

Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: 4.00%

Investment Rate of Return: 6.50%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table for males and females with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates include a 50% blue collar adjustment and a 50% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment. These are the same rates currently in use for Regular Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS).

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50% and 6.75% for the GEPP and P&F plans, respectively. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments of 6.50% and 6.75% for the GEPP and P&F plan, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (6.50% and 6.75% for the GEPP and P&F plan, respectively) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rates of 6.50% and 6.75% for the GEP and P&F Plans, respectively, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate schedule of investment returns:

	1% Decrease (5.75%)		Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)
Police and firefighters	\$ 11,907,381	\$	3,852,002	\$ (2,911,128)
	1% Decrease (5.50%)	_	Current Discount Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
General employees	\$ 6,407,819	\$	3,406,144	\$ 872,874

The aggregate amounts for all pension liabilities, expenditures, deferred outflows and inflows for all of the plans are as follows:

	_	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Pension Expenses (Income)		Pension Liability
Police and Firefighters' Plan General Employees' Plan	\$	6,169,439 1,619,454	\$	259,078 -	\$	(972,745) 299,075	\$	3,852,002 3,406,144
Florida Retirement System (Note 11) Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Note 11)	_	3,388,043 986,186	_	6,254,836 126,644	_	403,086 366,496	_	1,791,433 3,042,779
	\$ _	12,163,122	\$_	6,640,558	\$_	95,912	\$_	12,092,358

Condensed Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for General Employees' Pension Plan

	_	General Employees
Assets:	_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,157
Receivables, net		404,671
Investments		29,290,011
Total assets		29,704,839
Liabilities:		
Net position restricted for pension benefits	\$_	29,704,839
	_	

Condensed Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for General Employees' Pension Plan

	_	General Employees
Additions:	_	
Contributions	\$	1,386,069
Net investment gain		4,762,874
Other income	_	6,932
Total additions		6,155,875
Deductions:		
Benefits paid		1,845,989
Administrative expenses		90,088
Total deductions		1,936,077
iotal deddetions	-	1,930,077
Change in net position	\$	4,219,798

Note 11 - Florida Retirement System

General Information: The City participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan, and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan (Note 12). Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other non-integrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

All general employees hired after March 1, 2006, participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, city government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

Plan Description: The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

Benefits Provided: Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service, regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service or 25 years of service, regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement Officers, Firefighters, and correctional Officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service, or with 25 years of service, regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Senior Management Service Class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service, regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five (5) highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Elected Officers Class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service, regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% (3.33% for judges and justices) of their final average compensation based on the five (5) highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, Senior Management Service, and Elected Officers Class members, and to age 60 or 30 years of service, regardless of age, for Special Risk and Special Risk Administrative Support class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is three percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of three percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by three percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

Contributions: Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent (3.00%) of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 and from July 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, respectively, were as follows: Regular - 10.00% and 10.82%; Special Risk Administrative Support - 35.84% and 37.76%; Special Risk - 24.45% and 25.89%; Senior Management Service - 27.29% and 29.01%; Elected Officers - 49.18% and 51.42%; and DROP participants - 16.98% and 16.98%. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy and a 0.06% plan administrative and educational expense for the periods October 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021, and from July 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At September 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$ 1,791,433 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2019-20 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportionate share was 0.02372%, which was an increase of 0.00315% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

Basis of Accounting: The cost-sharing defined benefit plans are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$ 403,086. In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$ 307,055 1,225,788	\$	- -
investments	-		6,249,861
Employer-specific amounts due to changes in employer proportion City contributions subsequent to the	1,585,115		4,975
measurement date	270,085	_	-
Total	\$ 3,388,043	\$	6,254,836

The deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability during the subsequent fiscal period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	_	Amount
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 Thereafter	\$	(430,781) (575,218) (919,998) (1,341,988) 131,107
	\$ <u>_</u>	(3,136,878)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all period included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.80%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Mortality	Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010
	with Projection Scale MP-2018

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. Further information can be found in the FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80%. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.80%) or one percentage point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

				Current		
				Discount		
		1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase
	_	5.80%	_	6.80%		7.80%
	_	_			•	
City's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability (asset)	\$_	8,011,410	\$_	1,791,433	\$	(3,407,770)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

HIS Plan

Plan Description: The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided: For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$ 5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$ 30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$ 150 per month pursuant to section 112.363 Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a state-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions: The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the HIS contribution for the period October 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 and from July 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021 was 1.66%, respectively. The City contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At September 30, 2021, the City's reported a liability of \$ 3,042,779 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2019-20 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportionate share was 0.02481%, which was an increase of 0.00277% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$ 366,496. In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred in flows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	101,819	\$	1,274
Change in assumptions	-	239,094		125,370
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan				
investments		3,172		-
Employer-specific amounts due to changes in employer proportion		602,105		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		39,996	_	
Total	\$	986,186	\$_	126,644

The deferred outflows of resources related to City contributions subsequent to the measurement date, but before the end of the City's current reporting period, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		
September 30,		Amount
	-	
2022	\$	196,756
2023		141,166
2024		150,495
2025		158,514
2026		136,234
Thereafter	_	36,381
	\$ _	819,546

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Municipal bond rate	2.16%
Mortality	Mortality rates were based on the Generational
	PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.16%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.16%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current rate:

				Current	
				Discount	
		1% Decrease		Rate	1% Increase
	_	1.16%	_	2.16%	3.16%
City's proportionate share of the					
net pension liability	\$ _	3,517,747	\$ _	3,042,779	\$ 2,653,649

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The system's ACFR and the actuarial valuation reports are available online at:

http://www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications

Payables to the Pension Plan: The City reported no payables for outstanding contributions to the HIS Plan as of September 30, 2021.

Note 12 - Defined Contribution Plan

Eligible FRS members have the option of participating in the Florida Retirement System Investment Plan ("Investment Plan") which is a defined contribution plan or the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") which is a defined benefit plan (Note 11). The Investment Plan is qualified under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Service Code. The employer and employee contributions for the Investment Plan are defined by law. Employees are required to contribute 3% of their salary. The amount contributed by the City is the same whether the employee participates in the Investment Plan or the Pension Plan (Note 11). The City contributed \$391,263 to the Investment Plan for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Note 13 - Deferred Compensation

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (457b) with a financial institution. Upon employment, all full-time employees have a one-time benefit election to enroll in the plan and will receive a match of up to a maximum of 1.8% of their compensation by the City. For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City contributed a total of \$ 112,407 to the Plan.

Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions specifies that governments must recognize their total OPEB liability (asset) and related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense in the financial statements based on the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments.

Pursuant to Section 112.081, Florida Statutes, the City is required to permit eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to participate in the City's health insurance program at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. The City does not provide retirees with any subsidy for this benefit.

Plan Description: The Employee Health Benefit Plan (the "Plan") is fully insured by a third party on behalf of the City. Coverage under the Plan is a benefit available to retirees of the City and their eligible dependents. On July 28, 2009, the City adopted Ordinance 2009-010 creating the Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, a single employer post—employment benefit plan in accordance with Florida Statutes Chapter 115. The City entered into a master trust agreement with Florida Municipal Pensions Trust Fund ("FMPTF"), a pooled trust fund established to provide retirement and other post-employment benefit plan administration.

As of October 1, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, employee membership data related to the Plan was as follows:

Inactive employees:	
Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	133
Active members	125
Total	258

Actuarial Methods: The actuarial valuation of the calculation of OPEB involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to the point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce those effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Funding Policy: The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to pre-fund benefits when earned and determined annually by the City's actuary. For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City made contributions of \$ 200,000 to the OPEB plan. It is the City's intent to base future OPEB Trust contributions on the actuarially determined annual required contribution (ARC) less pay-as-you-go financing; however, no future Trust contributions are legally or contractually required. The City shares the insurance premium costs by subsidizing two-thirds of the cost. Retiree plan members are responsible for the remaining portion. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the City Commission.

Financial Reports: The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report and is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or a report of another entity. However, the financial statements are included in the Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements contained in this report. Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position:

The following condensed statements represent the fiduciary net position restricted for OPEB benefits at September 30, 2021 and the changes in net fiduciary position for the year then ended:

Condensed Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

		OPEB Trust
Assets: Investments	\$	12,438,335
Total assets		12,438,335
Liabilities		-
Net position restricted for other post-employment benefits	\$	12,438,335
Condensed Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		
	,	OPEB Trust
Additions: Employer contributions Net investment income	\$	200,000 1,733,701
Total additions		1,933,701
Deductions		
Change in net position	\$	1,933,701

Net OPEB Liability of the City: The components of the net OPEB liability of the town at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 15,161,295 (10,504,634)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 4,656,661
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	69.3%

The actuarial valuation for the calculation of OPEB involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information is designed to provide multi-year trend information to show whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Net OPEB Liability: The total OPEB liability was determined as of September 30, 2020 (the valuation date) with a measurement date of September 30, 2020, the date as of which the total OPEB liability is determined as follows:

The following table provides information concerning actuarial methods and assumptions:

Inflation	2.30% annual increase
Salary increases	4.00%, compounded annually
Discount rate	6.50%, compounded annually
Martality	Healthy Pre-retirement - Pub-20

Mortality Healthy Pre-retirement – Pub-2010 General Employees

Headcount - Weighted Mortality using MP 2021

Healthy Post-retirement - Pub-2010 General Retirees Headcount

- Weighted Mortality using MP 2021

Disabled Retirement Participants - Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Headcount - Weighted Mortality using MP 2021 Mortality improvements are projected to all future years after

2010 using Scale MP-2021

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total OPEB		Plan Fiduciary		Total OPEB
	Liability		Net Position		Liability
	(a)		(b)	_	(a)-(b)
Balance at September 30, 2019,					
measurement date	\$ 17,693,618	\$.	9,687,995	\$ _	8,005,623
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	225,162		-		225,162
Interest	1,155,942		-		1,155,942
Economic/demographic gains or losses	(2,504,895)		-		(2,504,895)
Assumption changes	(1,134,089)		-		(1,134,089)
Benefit payments	(274,443)		(274,443)		-
Employer contributions	-		474,443		(474,443)
Net investment income (loss)	-		626,879		(626,879)
Administrative expense			(10,240)	-	10,240
Net changes	(2,532,323)		816,639	-	(3,348,962)
Balance at September 30, 2020,					
measurement date	\$ 15,161,295	\$	10,504,634	\$	4,656,661

Money Weight of Return: For the year ended September 30, 2021, the net money weighted rate of return was 6.35%. The money-weighted rate of return considers the changing amounts actually invested during a period and weights the amount of plan investments by the proportion of time they are available to earn a return during that period. External cash flows are determined on a monthly basis and are assumed to occur at the beginning of each month. External cash inflows are netted with external cash outflows, resulting in a net external cash flow in each month. The money-weighted rate of return is calculated net of investment expenses.

Discount Rate: The plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total OPEB liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is not projected to be sufficient.

	September 30, 2021
Discount Rate	6.500%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	6.500%
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municpal Bond	2.210%

Sensitivity Analysis: The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the City of Dania Beach, Florida's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
		Discount	
	1% Decrease (5.50%)	Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 6,157,612	\$ 4,656,661	\$ 3,380,148

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current trend rates:

	Current						
		Trend					
	_	1% Decrease	_	Rate	•	1% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability	\$_	3,270,526	\$_	4,656,661	\$	6,301,788	

OPEB Expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB: For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$ 4,070,362. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	-	\$	5,299,416
Changes in assumtions	•	-	•	5,824,635
Net difference between projected				
and actual earnings		-		473,964
Contributions subsequent to				
measurement date		1,307,511		
Total	\$	1,307,511	\$	11,598,015

The subsequent contributions made after the measurement date of the Net OPEB liability but before the City's reporting period will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal period rather than the current fiscal period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

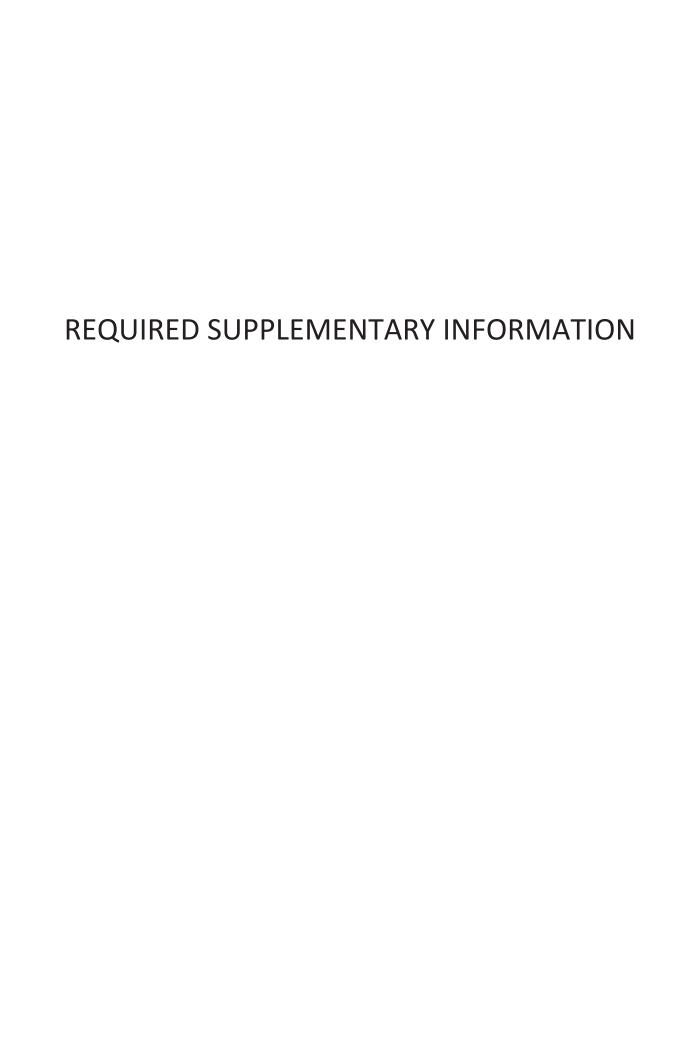
Year Ended	
September 30,	
2022	\$ (4,344,693)
2023	(3,962,848)
2024	(2,079,265)
2025	(604,715)
2026	(606,494)
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (11,598,015)

Note 15 - Risks and Uncertainties

The coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak has caused disruption in international and U.S. economies and markets. The City continues to evaluate and monitor the effect that this may have on the City's financial position and operations. The City was awarded \$ 16.2 million through the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) which includes \$ 10 million of revenue replacement funds to stabilize any potential revenue losses as a result of the pandemic.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

In March 2022, the City issued a \$ 18,100,000 Capital Improvement Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Note, Series 2022 for the purpose of financing Phase I of the Parks Masterplan for construction at CW Thomas Park and Public Safety facility capital improvements. The note bears interest of 2.52% through maturity on October 15, 2042. Interest and principal payments begin on October 15, 2022.



	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	. <u>-</u>	Variance
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	26,482,264	\$	26,482,264	\$	26,015,122	\$	(467,142)
Special assessments	Υ	6,706,902	Υ	6,706,902	Ψ	6,789,857	Υ	82,955
Franchise fees		2,935,740		2,935,740		2,997,119		61,379
Utility taxes		4,002,932		4,002,932		4,115,707		112,775
Licenses and permits		351,316		351,316		2,893,578		2,542,262
Intergovernmental		5,559,735		6,018,829		6,810,339		791,510
Charges for services		1,857,487		1,857,487		2,432,158		574,671
Fines and forfeitures		459,345		459,345		296,523		(162,822)
Investment income		725,000		725,000		73,653		(651,347)
Miscellaneous		1,552,311		1,634,217		2,675,238		1,041,021
Wiscenarieous	-	1,332,311	-	1,034,217	_	2,073,238	-	1,041,021
Total revenues	-	50,633,032	_	51,174,032	_	55,099,294	_	3,925,262
Expenditures:								
General government:								
Legislative		801,495		954,015		653,177		300,838
Executive:								
City clerk		382,208		382,208		367,542		14,666
City manager		775,332		961,697		759,421		202,276
Finance and administration:		•		·		·		·
Human resources		653,525		669,624		609,157		60,467
Finance and information systems		1,978,306		2,042,562		2,064,868		(22,306)
General services		2,743,427		2,855,145		3,339,592		(484,447)
Legal		881,575		983,849		963,740		20,109
Total general government	-	8,215,868	_	8,849,100	_	8,757,497		91,603
Public safety:								
Code enforcement		867,166		869,389		876,501		(7,112)
Police		15,744,719		16,026,628		15,375,421		651,207
Fire		18,706,904		18,821,546		18,853,537		(31,991)
Total public safety	-	35,318,789	-	35,717,563	_	35,105,459	-	612,104
Total public surety	-	33,310,703	_	33,717,303	_	33,103,133	-	012,101
Highways and streets		4,735,129		4,657,856		2,112,637		2,545,219
Physical environment		2,991,374		3,111,505		3,051,208		60,297
Community redevelopment		589,602		646,847		576,034		70,813
Culture and recreation	_	4,160,896	_	4,271,135	_	3,606,710	_	664,425
Total expenditures	_	56,011,658	_	57,254,006	_	53,209,545		4,044,461
Excess (deficiency)								
of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	_	(5,378,626)	_	(6,079,974)	_	1,889,749	_	7,969,723

City of Dania Beach, Florida General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Variance
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Debt proceeds	2,200,000	2,200,000	-	(2,200,000)
Transfers in	4,546,313	4,566,971	4,655,883	88,912
Transfers out	(3,332,000)	(3,959,075)	(3,197,692)	761,383
Appropriation of prior year reserves	1,964,313	3,272,078		(3,272,078)
Total other financing sources				
(uses)	5,378,626	6,079,974	1,458,191	(4,621,783)
Net change in				
fund balances	\$\$	s <u> </u>	3,347,940 \$	3,347,940

		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
Revenues:			-		_		_	
Investment income	\$	13,000	\$	13,000	\$	1,250	\$	(11,750)
Miscellaneous	_	585,820	-	604,320	_	494,317	_	(110,003)
Total revenues	_	598,820	-	617,320	_	495,567	_	(121,753)
Expenditures:								
Community redevelopment	_	2,744,854	_	2,946,221	_	1,322,073	_	1,624,148
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	_	(2,146,034)	_	(2,328,901)	_	(826,506)	_	1,502,395
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriations of prior year								
reserves		495,897		678,764		-		(678,764)
Transfers in		2,022,424		2,022,424		2,022,424		-
Transfers out	_	(372,287)	_	(372,287)	_	(372,287)	_	
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	_	2,146,034	_	2,328,901	_	1,650,137	_	(678,764)
Net change in	_				_		_	
fund balances	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	823,631	\$_	823,631

		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
Revenues:	_				_		_	
Licenses and permits	\$	4,304,500	\$	4,304,500	\$	5,260,466	\$	955,966
Investment income Miscellaneous		30,000		30,000		4,819		(25,181)
Miscellaneous	_	1,000		1,000	-	4,038	-	3,038
Total revenues	_	4,335,500		4,335,500	_	5,269,323	_	933,823
Expenditures:								
Community redevelopment	_	3,733,798		3,758,454	_	3,207,323	_	551,131
Total expenditures		3,733,798		3,758,454		3,207,323		551,131
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		601,702	•	577,046	-	2,062,000	-	1,484,954
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriations of prior year								
reserves		441,831		466,487		-		(466,487)
Transfers out	_	(1,043,533)		(1,043,533)	-	(1,043,533)	-	
Total other financing	_	(601,702)		(577,046)	-	(1,043,533)	-	(466,487)
Net change in								
fund balances	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	1,018,467	\$	1,018,467

Note 1 - Budgets and Budgetary Comparisons

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (a) The City Manager submits to the Commission a proposed operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The operating budget includes appropriations and the means of financing them with an explanation regarding each expenditure that is not of a routine nature.
- (b) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (c) Prior to October 1, the annual budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution.
- (d) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General Fund.
- (e) The Annual Budgets for the General Fund, Building Fund, Community Redevelopment Agency Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Solid Waste Fund are legally adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).
- (f) Annual budgets are prepared when required for the Grants Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Donations Fund, Perpetual Care Fund, Tree Preservation Fund, Law Enforcement Fund, RAC Traffic Mitigation Fund, Payment In-Lieu of Parking Fund, Public Art Board Fund, but they are not legally adopted.
- (g) The City Manager is authorized to transfer part or all of an encumbered appropriation balance within departments within a fund; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any department or fund must be approved by the City Commission. The classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is at the departmental level.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) Police and Firefighters' Pension Fund Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years *

	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019		!					0.000	1	9/30/2014*
\$ 6 6,4	606,318	\$ 679,390	\$ 724,803 4,747,703	\$ 839,069 4,709,586	-∨-	891,121 4,574,753	•	1,226,373	∽	1,145,724 4,171,246	⋄	1,067,760 3,944,144
2	252,612	(67,164)	595,694	(922,961)		506,187		1,314,433		392,918		(23,067)
3,8	3,835,936	(1,802,248)	1	1		1,869,158		(1,436,329)		1,666,373		2,894,544
(5,1	(5,111,362)	(4,671,185)	(4,291,509)	(4,497,632)		(4,299,948)		(3,122,665)		(3,803,361)		(2,922,426)
∞ 	849,423	(1,967) 917,260	1,448,186.00	447,835.00	!	1,027,652.00	I	1,994,483		435,428	l	210,585
Net change in total pension liability 5,3	5,362,884	3,589	3,224,877	575,897		4,568,923		4,313,758		4,008,328		5,171,540
Total pension liability - beginning 74,9 Total pension liability - ending (a) \$ 80,3	74,985,754 80,348,638	74,982,165	71,757,288 \$ 74,982,165	71,181,391		66,612,468	√	62,298,710 66,612,468	•	58,290,382 62,298,710	√	53,118,842 58,290,382
·	007	¢ 700 700 152	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	001 001 3	•	6 733 668	•	000 200	٠	600 355 6	•	2 705 5 42
)	448,880) -	446,780) -	441,891) -	466,381
3	345,619	394,173	412,395	495,099		526,594		644,675		730,772		745,561
15,7	15,770,011	4,941,406	2,067,568	4,568,934		5,074,159		2,582,275		(197,718)		2,435,693
Benefit payments, including refunds												
(5,1	(5,111,362)	(4,671,185)	(4,291,509)	(4,497,632)		(4,299,948)		(3,122,665)		(3,803,361)		(2,922,426)
(1	(174,791)	(178,901)	(181,485)	(209,337)		(179,172)		(160,786)		(141,008)		(135,697)
2	582,275	646,048	1,210,895	185,895		(357,645)	١	966,824		58,192		173,969
2	18 040 283	8 202 851	28.4	127 737		7 036 476		6 894 403		96A 771		2 550 022
0,01	40,203	0,392,031	0,304,011	1,00,1		7,930,420		0,094,403		004,771		5,339,023
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 71,1	71,133,752	62,740,901	56,356,890	48,689,459		40,753,033	ı	33,858,630		32,993,859	ı	29,434,836
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) \$ 89,1	89,174,035	\$ 71,133,752	\$ 62,740,901	\$ 56,356,890	\$\ \ !	48,689,459	❖	40,753,033	❖	33,858,630	❖	32,993,859

City of Dania Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited)

Police and Firefighters' Pension Fund Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

(Continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years *

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date: Net pension liability (asset) -	6 6	9/30/2022 9/30/2021	6 6	9/30/2021		9/30/2020 9/30/2019		9/30/2019 9/30/2018		9/30/2018 9/30/2017	5, 6,	9/30/2017 9/30/2016		9/30/2016 9/30/2015	01 01	9/30/2015 9/30/2014
ending (a) - (b) **	\$	\$ (8,825,397) \$ 3,852,002	پ	3,852,002		12,241,264	\$	15,400,398	ۍ ا	\$ 22,491,932	\$ \$	25,859,435	\$	\$ 28,440,080	\$	\$ 25,296,523
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension																
liability		110.98%		94.86%		83.67%		78.54%		68.40%		61.18%		54.35%		26.60%
Covered payroll	φ.	1,404,955	.	1,602,329	⋄	1,676,402	❖	2,012,598	⋄	2,140,626	❖	2,620,630	↔	3,020,808	↔	3,002,671
Net pension liability (asset) as percentage of covered payroll		-628.16%		240.40%		730.21%		765.20%		1050.72%		986.76%		941.47%		842.47%

Schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which information is available.

Position reflects an October 1, 2019 valuation date and "rolled forward" to the measurement date, September 30, 2020. to the measurement date, September 30, 2021. The GASB 68 net pension liability that appears on the Statement of Net ** Under GASB 67 the net pension liability in this schedule reflects an October 1, 2020 valuation date and "rolled forward" This methodology is acceptable under GASB standards and allows for timelier reporting at the end of the year.

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2021	\$ 6,361,384	\$ 6,361,384	\$ -	1,404,955	452.78%
2020	6,990,098	6,990,098	-	1,602,329	436.25%
2019	6,928,856	6,928,856	-	1,676,402	413.32%
2018	6,920,425	6,920,425	-	2,012,598	343.86%
2017	6,915,503	6,915,503	-	2,140,626	323.06%
2016	5,729,245	5,729,245	-	2,620,630	218.62%
2015	3,967,948	3,967,948	-	2,970,618	133.57%
2014	2,987,487	2,987,487	-	3,030,736	98.57%

^{*} Schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes: Covered payroll in 2021 was calculated by dividing total member contributions for the fiscal year (excluding buybacks) by the total member contribution rate of 24.6%

The actuarially determined and actual contributions shown in the Police and Firefighters schedule above include both City contributions and the portion of State Chapter 175/185 revenue used to offset the City's contribution requirement

Valuation date: October 1, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1 which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Amortization method Level Dollar, Closed

Remaining amortization period Five years

Asset valuation method Five year smooth market

Inflation2.50%Salary increases6.00%Investment rate of return6.75%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to

the type of eligibility condition

Mortality Pub-2010 Mortality Table with improvements

projected for healthy lives to all future years

after 2010 using Scale MP-2018

City of Dania Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) Police and Firefighters' Pension Fund Schedule of Investment Returns Last Ten Fiscal Years

2012	17.28%
2013	11.69%
2014	8.49%
2015	(0.57%)
2016	7.47%
2017	12.67%
2018	9.45%
2019	3.35%
2020	7.80%
2021	21.32%
	Annual money-weighted rate of return (loss), net of investment expense

City of Dania Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) General Employees' Pension Fund Schedule of Changes in Net Position Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years *

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	ı	9/30/2022 9/30/2021	Į	9/30/2021	I	9/30/2020	1	9/30/2019		9/30/2018		9/30/2017 9/30/2016	I	9/30/2016 9/30/2015		9/30/2015 9/30/2014
Total pension liability Service cost	₩	198,897	↔	189,819	↔	329,480	↔	311,154	↔	295,811	↔	272,229	❖	245,645	<>	237,731
Interest		1,830,861		1,826,148		1,828,705		1,813,975		1,798,696		1,761,138		1,796,159		1,788,524
Differences between expected and		303 306		(86 190)		32 010		750 354		185 259		225 302		(648 964)		(46 534)
Changes of assumptions		(268,493.00)		(00, -00)		2,10,10		1000		1		1,148,450.00		604,864.00		593,408.00
Benefit payments	ı	(1,845,989)	'	(1,886,729)	•	(2,292,994)	•	(2,061,387)		(2,058,718)	ı	(1,640,067)	1	(1,545,461)	_[(1,643,035.00)
Net change in total pension liability		218,602		43,048		(102,799)		324,096		221,048		1,767,052		452,243		930,094
Total pension liability - beginning		28,891,185		28,848,137		28,950,936		28,626,840		28,405,792		26,638,740		26,186,497		25,256,403
Total pension liability - ending (a)		29,109,787		28,891,185	·∽	28,848,137	∙∿	28,950,936	·	28,626,840		28,405,792	↔	26,638,740	-γ-	26,186,497
Plan fiduciary net position																
Contributions - employer	❖	1,209,601	❖	1,356,798	\$	1,875,779	↔	1,941,463	❖	1,608,734	❖	1,538,811	δ.	1,387,882	❖	1,123,817
Contributions - member		176,468		154,407		266,554		268,632		273,005		241,501		218,073		214,524
Net investment income (loss)		4,769,806		1,338,270		749,289		1,903,704		2,055,278		1,191,779		(425,789)		1,330,113
Benefit payments		(1,845,989)		(1,886,729)		(2,292,994)		(2,061,387)	_	(2,058,718)		(1,640,067)		(1,545,461)		(1,643,035)
Other		1		1		1		(74,150)	_	(29,967)		1		1		1
Administrative and other expenses	I	(880'06)	'	(83,127)		(85,525)		(227,014)		(83,809)	- 1	(84,542)		(77,849)	١	(90,200)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,219,798		879,619		513,103		1,751,248		1,764,523		1,247,482		(443,144)		935,219
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		25,485,041		24,605,422		24,092,319	1	22,341,071	,	20,576,548		19,329,066	١	19,772,210		18,836,991
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		29,704,839	-γ-	25,485,041	. ∥	24,605,422	-γ-	24,092,319	· ∽ "	22,341,071	V	20,576,548	Ϋ́	19,329,066		19,772,210

City of Dania Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) General Employees' Pension Fund Schedule of Changes in Net Position Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios (Continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years *

\$ 72.56% 7,309,674 1,108,089 9/30/2015 9/30/2016 Ŷ 72.44% 7,829,244 1,223,409 9/30/2016 9/30/2017 ş 78.04% 6,285,769 1,223,738 9/30/2018 9/30/2017 S 83.22% 4,858,617 1,282,631 9/30/2019 9/30/2018 s 4,242,715 85.29% 1,271,226 9/30/2020 9/30/2019 \$ 3,406,144 88.21% 782,204 9/30/2021 9/30/2020 S Ś (595,052) 102.04% 893,961 9/30/2022 9/30/2021 φ. City net pension liability (asset) percentage of the total pension Plan fiduciary net position as a Measurement Date: ending (a) - (b) ** Covered payroll liability (asset) Fiscal Year:

6,414,287

9/30/2015 9/30/2014

75.51%

1,086,708

590.25%

899.659

639.95%

513.65%

378.80%

333.75%

435.45%

-66.56%

Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage

of covered payroll

Schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which information is available.

to the measurement date, September 30, 2021. The GASB 68 net pension liability that appears on the Statement of Net Position reflects an October 1, 2019 valuation date and "rolled forward" to the measurement date, September 30, 2020. ** Under GASB 67 the net pension liability in this schedule reflects an October 1, 2020 valuation date and "rolled forward" This methodology is acceptable under GASB standards and allows for timelier reporting at the end of the year.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) General Employees' Pension Fund Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2021	\$ 1,209,601	\$ 1,209,601	\$ -	893,961	135.31%
2020	1,356,798	1,356,798	-	782,204	173.46%
2019	1,815,438	1,875,779	(60,341)	1,271,226	147.56%
2018	1,894,959	1,894,959	-	1,282,631	147.74%
2017	1,608,604	1,608,734	(130)	1,223,738	131.46%
2016	1,538,811	1,538,811	-	1,223,409	125.78%
2015	1,387,882	1,387,882	-	1,108,089	125.25%
2014	1,123,817	1,123,817	-	1,086,708	103.41%

^{*} Schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes: Covered payroll for 2020 and later years was calculated by dividing total member contributions for the fiscal year by the total member contribution rate of 19.74%

The actuarially determined and actual contributions shown in the Police and Firefighters schedule above include both City contributions and the portion of State Chapter 175/185 revenue used to offset the City's contribution requirement

Valuation date: October 1, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1 which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-Age Normal
Amortization method	Fixed Dollar
Remaining amortization period	Ten years
Asset valuation method	Five year smoothed market
Inflation	2 50%

Salary increases 4.00% Investment rate of return 6.50%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the

type of eligibility condition

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table (for preretirement

mortality) and the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Annuitants with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB

City of Dania Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) General Employees' Pension Fund Schedule of Investment Returns Last Ten Fiscal Years *

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return (loss), net								
of investment expense	%05'9	6.23%	2.98%	8.06%	10.20%	6.31%	(2.35%)	7.25%

^{*} Schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which information is available.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years *

\$ 6,132,936 \$ \$ 4,969,544 \$ \$ 123.41%	\$ 8,913,291 \$ 6,132,936 \$ 4 \$ 5,273,239 \$ 4,969,544 \$ 4 169.03% 123.41%	2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 0.01602% 0.01467% 0.01387 0.01444% -
5% 82.61%	78.85%	\$ 4,824,802 \$ 4,338,181 \$ 3,503,415 \$ 4,350,123 \$ 4,086,957 \$ 3,676,377 110.91% 106.15% 95.30%
	\$ 8,9	
\$ 1,791,433 \$ 6,041,747 29.65%		Proportion of the net pension liability

^{*} Schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which information is available.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years *

Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions In Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	_	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2021	\$ 658,184	\$ 658,184	\$ -	\$	6,082,847	10.82%
2020	683,293	683,293	-		5,980,590	11.43%
2019	552,201	552,201	-		5,129,222	10.77%
2018	456,509	456,509	-		4,462,931	10.23%
2017	381,368	381,368	-		4,165,705	9.15%
2016	338,361	338,361	-		3,976,972	8.51%
2015	352,058	352,058	-		3,543,934	9.93%
2014	283,505	283,505	-		2,936,276	9.66%

^{*} Schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Required Supplementary Information City of Dania Beach, Florida (unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years *

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.02481	0.02204%	0.01867%	0.01814%	0.01788%	0.01716%	0.01600%	0.01492%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,042,779	\$ 2,691,126	\$ 2,111,000	\$ 1,919,895	\$ 1,912,155	\$ 1,999,651	\$ 1,631,743	\$ 1,395,192
Covered payroll	\$ 6,041,747	\$ 5,273,239	\$ 4,969,544	\$ 4,350,123	\$ 4,086,957	\$ 3,676,377	\$ 3,518,245	\$ 2,863,691
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	50.36%	51.03%	42.48%	44.13%	46.79%	54.39%	46.38%	46.38%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0:50%	0.99%

^{*} Schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which information is available.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years *

Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contribution	in C	ontributions Relation to ontractually Required Contribution	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	_	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2021	\$ 148,022	\$	148,022	\$	-	\$	6,082,847	2.43%
2020	99,278		127,010		(27,732)		5,980,590	2.12%
2019	85,145		104,765		(19,620)		5,129,222	2.04%
2018	74,085		98,370		(24,285)		4,462,931	2.20%
2017	69,151		94,643		(25,492)		4,165,705	2.27%
2016	66,018		87,944		(21,926)		3,976,972	2.21%
2015	58,829		61,162		(2,333)		3,543,934	1.73%
2014	36,997		51,116		(14,119)		2,936,276	1.74%

^{*} Schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which information is available.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Five Fiscal Years *

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	-	9/30/2022 9/30/2021	-	9/30/2021 9/30/2020	-	9/30/2020 9/30/2019
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Effect of economic/demographic	\$	290,832 968,961	\$	225,162 1,155,942	\$	771,852 993,212
(gains) or losses Effect of assumption changes		(2,734,543)		(2,504,895)		-
or inputs Benefits payments	-	(1,153,194) (1,107,511)	-	(1,134,089) (274,443)	_	(6,538,332) (1,034,066)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(3,735,455)		(2,532,323)		(5,807,334)
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	-	15,161,295 11,425,840	-	17,693,618 15,161,295	-	23,500,952 17,693,618
Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expenses	-	1,307,511 1,745,870 (1,107,511) (12,169)	-	474,443 626,879 (274,443) (10,240)	-	1,034,066 820,877 (1,034,066) (9,587)
Net change in fiduciary net position		1,933,701		816,639		811,290
Fiduciary net position, beginning Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	-	10,504,634 12,438,335	-	9,687,995 10,504,634	-	8,876,705 9,687,995
Net OPEB liability (asset), ending = (a)-(b)	\$	(1,012,495)	\$	4,656,661	\$ _	8,005,623
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		108.9%		69.3%		54.8%
Covered payroll	\$	8,340,663	\$	8,365,123	\$	8,076,850
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		-823.8%		179.6%		100.9%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

	9/30/2019 9/30/2018	9/30/2018 9/30/2017
\$	842,806 1,179,145	\$ 1,507,395 1,056,799
	(7,935,537)	-
	(1,750,814) (765,029)	(3,164,379) (1,033,310)
	(8,429,429)	(1,633,495)
	31,930,381 23,500,952	33,563,876 31,930,381
	765,029 497,974 (765,029) (9,079)	- 898,862 - (8,280)
•	488,895	890,582
	8,387,810 8,876,705	7,497,228 8,387,810
\$	14,624,247	\$ 23,542,571
	37.8%	26.3%
\$	8,616,155	\$ 3,454,112
	58.9%	14.7%

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2021	\$ 1,051,558 **	\$ 1,307,511	\$ (255,953)	8,365,123	15.63%
2020	474,433	474,433	-	8,365,123	5.67%
2019	1,034,066	1,034,066	-	8,076,850	12.80%
2018	765,029	765,029	-	8,616,155	8.88%
2017	1,806,102	1,033,310	772,792	3,454,112	29.92%
2016	1,036,853	982,376	54,477	3,914,405	25.10%

^{*} Schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the OPEB plan will present information for those years for which information is available.

Valuation date: September 30, 2020

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Dollar
Remaining amortization period	20 years
Asset valuation method	Market Value
Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	4.00%
Discount rate	6.50%
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the
	type of eligibility condition
Mortality	Healthy Pre-retirement – Pub-2010 General Employees Headcount -
	Weighted Mortality using MP 2021
	Healthy Post-retirement - Pub-2010 General Retirees Headcount -
	Weighted Mortality using MP 2021
	Disabled Retirement Participants - Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees
	Headcount - Weighted Mortality
	Mortality improvements are projected to all future years after 2010 using
	Scale MP-2021

Effective with the 2020 valuation, the City has adopted a written funding policy that will allow Fiduciary Net Position to grow with both employer contribution and investment return for a 10 year period. During the same

^{**} Includes \$ 200,000 in cash contributions and \$ 1,107,511 in retiree benefit payments.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan Schedule of Investment Returns

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return (loss), net				
of investment expense	6.35%	9.25%	5.94%	12.00%

^{*} Schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the OPEB plan will present information for those years for which information is available.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources legally restricted for the financing of particular activities or projects.

Donations Fund - Accounts for contributions from local civic organizations for the administration of cultural and recreational activities within the City.

Perpetual Care Fund - Accounts for funds received from the General Fund for the administration of the City's cemeteries.

Tree Preservation Fund - Accounts for the collection of tree removal fees to be used for the preservation, maintenance, relocation, or restoration of tree ecosystems.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund - Accounts for funds received from forfeitures to be used for the police equipment, training or crime prevention programs.

RAC Traffic Mitigation Fund - Accounts for a transportation mitigation fee for new development in the Regional Activity Center.

Payment in Lieu of Parking Fund - Accounts for funds generated by developers used to support the provision of parking structures and facilities.

Public Art Fund - Accounts for donations and contributions from contractors and other entities for the promotion of the arts and support of efforts to procure and install art in public places. To account for public safety, parks, library and other general projects. Revenues are derived from impact fees collected during the building permit process.

Solid Waste Fund - Accounts for all costs associated with the City's solid waste collection function. This function is funded primarily through a residential solid waste collection special assessment, paid by property owners on their annual property tax notice.

City of Dania Beach, Florida Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds September 30, 2021

Total	3,769,379	450	3,769,829	484,107	484,705	167,889	479,934	5,970	3,285,124	3,769,829
1	₩.	ı	۰		ı				1 1	۰ اا
Solid Waste	234,775	1	234,775	228,207 598	228,805	1	1 1	5,970	5,970	234,775
ا%	<>-	ļ		•	ļ					
Public Art	864,904		864,904	250,000	250,000	ı	-614.904		614,904	864,904
ı	↔	ļ	∏	⋄	ı				1 1	⋄
Payment In-Lieu of Parking	652,500		652,500			ı	652.500		652,500	652,500
'	↔	'	-γ"	-γ-	'					
RAC Traffic Mitigation	73,510	,	73,510	1 1		73,510			73,510	73,510
	₩.		γ"	⋄						∽"
Law Enforcement	100,279	1	100,279	5,900	5,900	94,379			94,379	100,279
ات	<.	ļ	۰ اا	❖	l				1 1	
Tree Preservation	1,346,167		1,346,167			ı		1,346,167	1,346,167	1,346,167
-1	₩.		۰. اا	٠,	!					
Perpetual Care	479,484	450	479,934		,		479,934	1 1	479,934	479,934
'	❖	'	-γ"							∽"
Donations	17,760	1	17,760	1 1		ı	17.760		17,760	17,760 \$
-1	<>	J	<u>^</u>		ļ				1 1	⋄
	Assets: Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	receivables, net Customer/other, net	Total assets	Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to other funds	Total liabilities	Fund Balances: Restricted for: Public safety impact fees Committed for:	Maintenance of cemeteries Capital projects	Solid waste Tree preservation	Total fund balances	Total liabilities and fund balances

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 City of Dania Beach, Florida

			Perpetual	Tree	Law	RAC Traffic	Payment In-Lieu of			
	Donations	ns 	Care	Preservation	Enforcement	Mitigation	Parking	Public Art	Solid Waste	Total
Licenses and permits Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Investment income Miscellaneous	<.		58,102 - 1,610	\$ 886 886 196,215	31,976	\$ 14,668	\$ 555,000	\$	\$ 2,715,014	\$ 569,668 2,773,116 31,976 2,786 1,050,663
Total revenues		۱ ا.	59,712	197,101	32,266	14,668	555,000	591,950	2,977,512	4,428,209
Expenditures: Public safety Highways and streets Physical environment		, , <u>,</u>		65,236	5,900				2,911,542	5,900 65,236 2,911,542
Total expenditures		 - 	1	65,236	5,900	1	•	•	2,911,542	2,982,678
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			59,712	131,865	26,366	14,668	555,000	591,950	65,970	1,445,531
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out			(123,665)	(30,000)		1		1	(60,000)	(213,665)
Net change in fund balances			(63,953)	101,865	26,366	14,668	555,000	591,950	5,970	1,231,866
Fund Balances, Beginning	17,	17,760	543,887	1,244,302	68,013	58,842	97,500	22,954	•	2,053,258
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 17,7	17,760 \$	479,934	\$ 1,346,167	\$ 94,379	\$ 73,510	\$ 652,500	\$ 614,904	\$ 5,970	\$ 3,285,124

	_	Original	_	Final	-	Actual	_	Variance
Revenues: Investment income	\$	_	\$	_	\$	12	\$	12
investment income	_ ر		- ۲		٠,	12	٦_	12
Total revenues	_		_		_	12	_	12
Expenditures: Debt Service:								
Principal		752,988		752,988		752,991		(3)
Interest and fiscal charges		183,703		283,153		184,100		99,053
5	_		-	,	-	,	-	,
Total expenditures	_	936,691	_	1,036,141	_	937,091	_	99,050
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		(026 601)		(1.026.141)		(027.070)		00.063
expenditures	_	(936,691)	-	(1,036,141)	-	(937,079)	-	99,062
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	_	936,691	_	1,036,141	_	1,036,141	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	936,691	_	1,036,141	-	1,036,141	_	
Net change in fund balances	\$_		\$ <u>_</u>	-	\$	99,062	\$ <u></u>	99,062

	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	Variance
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	2,670,000 7,500 270,000	\$	2,702,000 7,500 270,000	\$	2,715,014 - 262,498	\$	13,014 (7,500) (7,502)
Total revenues	_	2,947,500	_	2,979,500	_	2,977,512	_	(1,988)
Expenditures: Physical environment	_	2,887,500	_	2,919,500	_	2,911,542	_	7,958
Total expenditures	_	2,887,500	_	2,919,500	_	2,911,542	_	7,958
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	60,000	_	60,000	_	65,970	-	5,970
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	_	(60,000)	_	(60,000)	_	(60,000)	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(60,000)	_	(60,000)	_	(60,000)	-	
Net change in fund balances	\$_		\$_	_	\$_	5,970	\$	5,970

NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis are to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Additionally, enterprise funds may be operated in a manner such that the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned and expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The City maintains two non-major enterprise funds:

Parking Fund: to account for revenues and expenses of the City's parking-related operations. The Parking Fund includes all parking costs of the City's beach and marina parking areas as well as operation of the City's downtown parking garage facility and future on-street metered parking. Annual expenses include parking compliance staff and automobiles, equipment and banking collection costs, direct costs of collection equipment, facility insurance, and allocation of the City's overlapping administrative efforts.

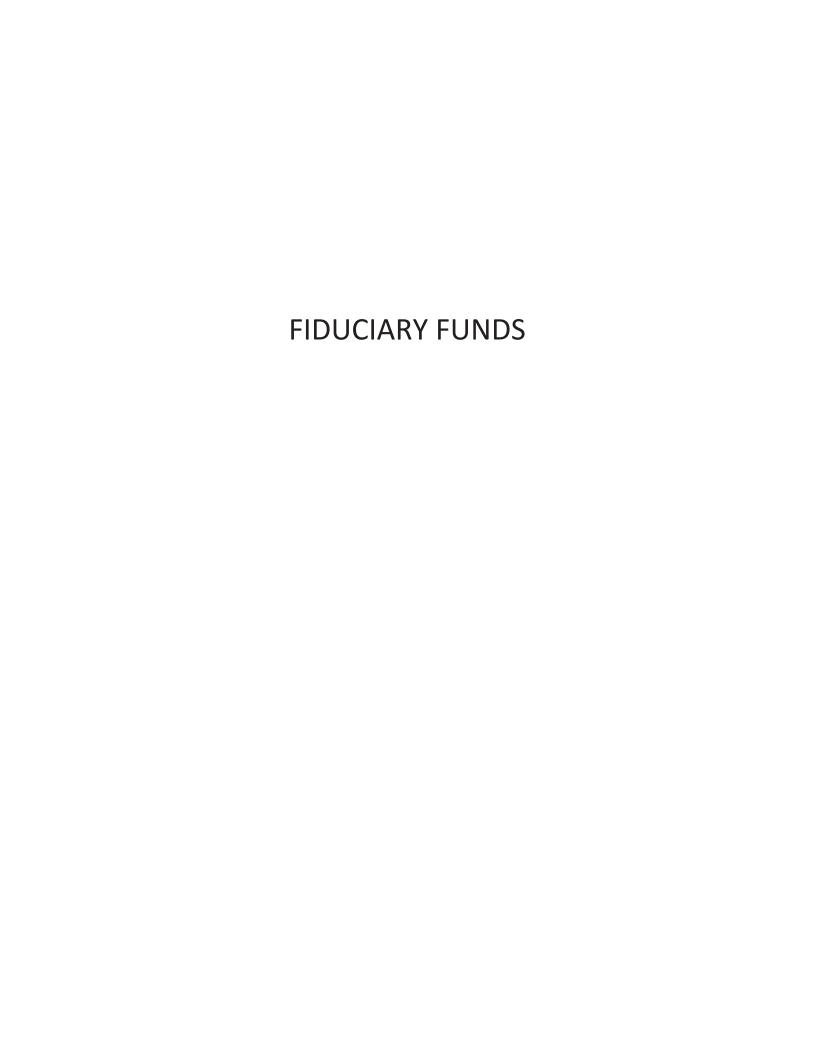
Pier Operations Fund: to account for revenues and expenses of the City's public Pier that is located in Dania Beach on the Atlantic Ocean. The Pier Fund includes revenues and expenses from Pier areas which are open to the public for fishing and spectator access. The fund also accounts for the rental operations of the City's restaurant facility located at the Pier entrance. Annual expenses include contracted staffing, direct merchandise sales, equipment and bank collection costs, maintenance and capital improvements of the pier and restaurant facilities, and an allocation of the City's overlapping administrative efforts.

		Parking	Pier Operations		Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Assets:	_				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$	3,572,586 30,240	\$ 1,134,813	\$	4,707,399 30,240
Total current assets	_	3,602,826	1,134,813		4,737,639
Non-current assets: Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net	_	- 86,043	170,449 1,583		170,449 87,626
Total non-current assets	-	86,043	172,032		258,075
Total assets	_	3,688,869	1,306,845		4,995,714
Deferred Outflows of Resources: OPEB related Pension related	_	26,150 262,454	- -		26,150 262,454
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	288,604	-		288,604
Liabilities and Net Position: Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governmental agencies Deposits payable Unearned revenue Compensated absences	-	39,482 2,359 - 10,395 7,145 7,395	19,914 17,000 2,573 - 450,791		59,396 19,359 2,573 10,395 457,936 7,395
Total current liabilities	_	66,776	490,278		557,054
Non-current liabilities: Compensated absences Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) Net pension liability	-	41,905 93,133 290,053	- - -		41,905 93,133 290,053
Total non-current liabilities	-	425,091			425,091
Total liabilities	-	491,867	490,278		982,145
Deferred Inflows of Resources: OPEB related Pension related	-	231,960 382,889	- -		231,960 382,889
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	614,849		-	614,849
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	-	86,043 2,784,714	172,032 644,535	-	258,075 3,429,249
Total net position	\$ =	2,870,757	\$ 816,567	\$	3,687,324

	Parking	Pier Operations	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Operating Revenues:			
	\$ 1,458,34	5 \$ 302,689	\$ 1,761,034
Fines and forfeitures	259,46	,	259,467
Miscellaneous	31,440		681,264
Total operating revenues	1,749,25	952,513	2,701,765
Operating Expenses:			
Operations and maintenance	1,029,91	7 397,172	1,427,089
Depreciation	22,73		23,733
21. 22.22.			
Total operating expenses	1,052,650	0 398,172	1,450,822
Operating income	606 60	2 554.241	1 250 042
Operating income	696,60	2 554,341	1,250,943
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Investment income	7,11	-	7,116
Total nonoperating \		_	
revenues (expenses)	7,11	<u> </u>	7,116
Income before transfers	703,71	8 554,341	1,258,059
Transfers:			
Transfers out	(641,46	<u>(97,265)</u>	(738,731)
Total transfers	16.11.16	6) (07.265)	(720 721)
Total transfers	(641,46)	6) (97,265)	(738,731)
Change in net position	62,25	2 457,076	519,328
Net Position, Beginning of Year	2,808,50	5 359,491	3,167,996
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 2,870,75	7 \$ 816,567	\$ 3,687,324

	-	Parking	Pier Operations		Total Nonmajor Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	1,724,200 (372,997) (409,035)	\$ 1,288,691 (390,348) -	\$	3,012,891 (763,345) (409,035)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-	942,168	898,343	-	1,840,511
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Transfers out	-	(641,466)	(97,265)	-	(738,731)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	-	(641,466)	(97,265)		(738,731)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets, net	-	(3,996)	(170,449)	•	(174,445)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	(3,996)	(170,449)	-	(174,445)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Investment earnings	-	7,116		-	7,116
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	-	7,116		-	7,116
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and investments		303,822	630,629		934,451
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments, Beginning of Year	_	3,268,764	504,184		3,772,948
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments, End of Year	\$ <u>-</u>	3,572,586	\$ 1,134,813	\$	4,707,399

	_	Parking		Pier Operations	_	Total Nonmajor Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income						
to Net Cash Provided by (Used In)						
Operating Activities:						
Operating income	\$	696,602	\$	554,341	\$	1,250,943
Adjustments to reconcile operating income						
to net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities:						
Provision for depreciation		22,733		1,000		23,733
(Increase) decrease in:						
Receivables, net		(30,220)		-		(30,220)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		(26,150)		-		(26,150)
Deferred outflows related to pensions		23,422		-		23,422
(Increase) decrease in:		(= a=a)				(0.00)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(7,676)		6,714		(962)
Due to other governmental agencies		- (0.4.5)		110		110
Interfund payable, net		(315)		-		(315)
Deposits		458		-		458
Unearned revenue		4,710		336,178		340,888
Compensated absences		8,426		-		8,426
Net pension liability		(457,804)		-		(457,804)
OPEB obligation Deferred inflows related to OPEB		93,133		-		93,133
		231,960		-		231,960
Deferred inflows related to pensions		382,889	_	-	-	382,889
Total adjustments	_	245,566	_	344,002	_	589,568
Net cash provided by						
operating activities	\$	942,168	\$	898,343	\$	1,840,511



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Pension Trust Funds

Trust fund accounts for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or funds. The City has three Pension trust funds:

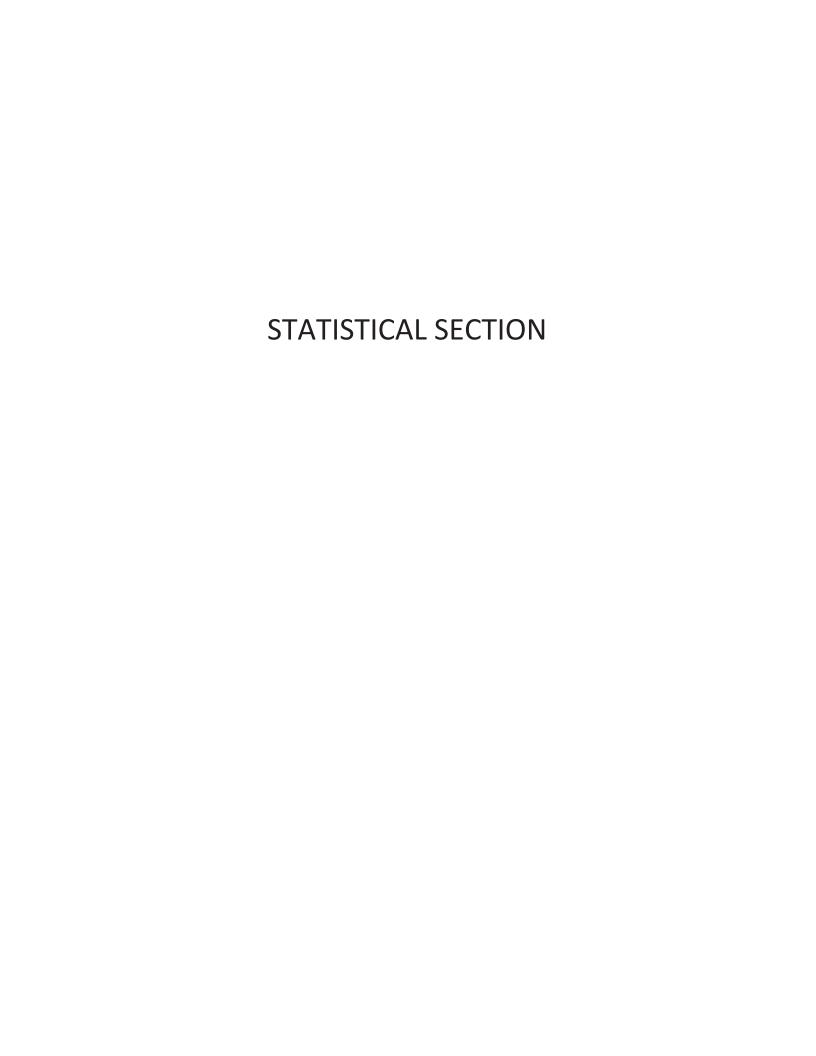
General Employees' Pension Fund - To account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement benefit payments to the City's general employees.

Police and Firefighters' Pension Fund – To account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement benefit payments to the City's police officers and firefighters.

OPEB Trust Fund – To account for the accumulation of resources to be used for other post-employment benefit (OPEB) payments on behalf of the City's employees. Resources are contributed by the City at rates determined by the City's actuary.

	General Employees' Pension		Police and Firefighters' Pension	_	Other Post- Employment Benefits		Total
Assets:							
Cash \$	10,157	\$_	12,534	\$_	-	\$_	22,691
Investments, at fair value: Equity securities Corporate and foreign bonds Money market funds Hedge funds Real estate funds Government securities	20,978,541 2,443,872 590,947 2,628,272 - 2,648,379		55,162,201 4,088,061 4,277,931 - 12,662,061 11,715,392		12,438,335 - - - -		88,579,077 6,531,933 4,868,878 2,628,272 12,662,061 14,363,771
dovernment securities	2,040,379	-	11,/13,392	-		-	14,303,771
Total investments	29,290,011	_	87,905,646	-	12,438,335	_	129,633,992
Receivables: State contributions Employee contributions Employer contributions Other Accrued interest receivable Loans to DROP participants Total receivables Total assets Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued	39,783 302,911 2,728 59,249 - 404,671 29,704,839	-	459,092 - - 54,316 134,325 765,345 1,413,078 89,331,258		- - - - - 12,438,335	-	459,092 39,783 302,911 57,044 193,574 765,345 1,817,749
liabilities Due for securities purchased	<u>-</u>	-	108,396 48,827	-	<u>-</u>	-	108,396 48,827
Total liabilities		_	157,223	_		_	157,223
Net Position: Net position restricted for other post-employment benefits Net position restricted for DROP benefits Net position restricted for defined benefits	- 378,642 29,326,197	-	- 2,202,604 86,971,431	-	12,438,335 - -	-	12,438,335 2,581,246 116,297,628
Total net position \$	29,704,839	\$	89,174,035	\$	12,438,335	\$	131,317,209

	_	General Employees' Pension		Police and Firefighters' Pension	-	Other Post- Employment Benefits	Total
Additions: Contributions: Employees Employer Buybacks State	\$	176,468 1,209,601 - -	\$	345,619 6,169,439 582,275 459,092	\$	- 200,000 - -	\$ 522,087 7,579,040 582,275 459,092
Total contributions	_	1,386,069	-	7,556,425	_	200,000	9,142,494
Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments Interest and dividends	_	4,374,170 547,087	-	14,442,077 1,821,853	_	(123,854) 1,857,555	18,692,393 4,226,495
Total investment income		4,921,257		16,263,930		1,733,701	22,918,888
Less: Investment expenses	_	(158,383)	-	(494,003)	_		(652,386)
Net investment income	_	4,762,874		15,769,927	_	1,733,701	22,266,502
Other income	_	6,932	_	84	_		7,016
Total additions	_	6,155,875		23,326,436	_	1,933,701	31,416,012
Deductions: Pension benefits paid Administrative expenses	_	1,845,989 90,088		5,111,362 174,791	-	- -	6,957,351 264,879
Total deductions	_	1,936,077	-	5,286,153	_		7,222,230
Change in net position		4,219,798		18,040,283		1,933,701	24,193,782
Net Position, Beginning	_	25,485,041	-	71,133,752	_	10,504,634	107,123,427
Net Position, Ending	\$_	29,704,839	\$	89,174,035	\$	12,438,335	\$ 131,317,209



STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	
These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	112-118
Revenue Capacity	
These tables contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	119-122
Debt Capacity	
These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	123-127
Demographic and Economic Information	
These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	128-129
Operating Information	
These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	130-133

Table 1
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

Table 2
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

											Fiscal Year	Ŀ									
	ı	2012	١	2013		2014	•	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	ı	2020	I	2021	
Expenses:																					
Governmental activities:																					
General government	Ş	8,741,494	Ş	7,404,873	Ş	6,097,585	Ś	6,112,551	Ş	6,337,517	S	6,653,185	ς,	8,817,587	S	7,267,443	Ş	8,202,258	Ş	6,807,756	
Public safety		22,030,147		22,673,356		24,070,777		25,400,964		28,314,440		28,842,274		30,850,159		27,349,962		29,250,346		34,699,279	
Highways and streets		1,795,574		2,165,939		2,454,846		2,717,458		3,346,142		3,135,336		3,510,801		3,835,758		3,139,639		773,140	
Physical environment		2,905,797		3,133,648		3,846,522		3,774,582		3,915,075		5,210,822		4,191,203		4,604,282		5,523,584		2,872,389	
Community redevelopment		1,513,049		3,808,510		3,298,782		3,539,737		3,928,473		3,785,536		4,268,391		5,852,726		5,316,738		4,046,214	
Culture and recreation		3,663,648		3,253,312		3,299,230		3,147,016		3,934,643		4,903,343		3,985,340		4,320,723		4,861,312		629,444	
Interest expense	١	620,546	I	962,465		484,334	١	208,425		317,545		256,483	•	239,327	•	213,827	ı	200,174	١	165,373	
Total governmental activities	J	41,270,255	- 1	43,402,103		43,552,076	•	44,900,733	•	50,093,835	١	52,786,979	•	55,862,808	•	53,444,721	ı	56,494,051		49,993,595	
Business-type activities:																					
Water		4,086,778		3,884,997		3,947,252		4,117,523		4,138,087		4,332,499		4,108,462		3,909,321		4,235,035		6,662,228	
Sewer		5,120,193		5,345,282		4,422,730		3,693,787		4,561,554		4,496,988		4,689,446		4,840,610		4,443,108		4,466,630	
Stormwater		1,315,519		1,010,648		904,203		877,269		1,052,413		1,244,627		1,097,556		1,114,442		1,144,655		1,537,868	
Marina operations				169,614		351,774		718,044		827,467		833,373		804,092		802,576		842,432		785,320	
Parking		227,461		273,966		340,574		548,092		573,544		633,638		736,788		819,848		895,556		1,052,650	
Pier operations	ı	243,403	ı	330,729	'	275,754	١	415,719	•	463,596	•	459,381	•	449,187	•	466,893	ı	458,501		398,172	
Total business-type activities	ı	10,993,354	ı	11,015,236	'	10,242,287	'	10,370,434	'	11,616,661	'	12,000,506	'	11,885,531	'	11,953,690	ı	12,019,287		14,902,868	
Total expenses	۰۰ اا	52,263,609	∏	54,417,339	∽	53,794,363	Ϋ́	55,271,167		61,710,496	⋄	64,787,485	φ."	67,748,339	φ."	65,398,411	φ.	68,513,338	φ.	64,896,463	
Program Revenues:																					
Governmental activities:																					
General government	v	3 948 721	v	3 714 622	•	3 440 054	₩.	4 550 523	v	3 370 035	•	4 703 252	v	5 333 766	v	7 776 310	٠,	3 898 704	٠,	8 071 722	
Public safety)	5,286,026) -	5,297,301) -	6,824,324)	6,656,338) -	7,314,079)	7,858,423)	8,259,288)	8,783,650)	8,374,942)	9,850,917	
Highways and streets		26,973		. '		. '		957		2,998		13,000		78,000		. '		. '		. '	
Physical environment		1,904,606		2,037,219		2,012,046		2,064,089		2,512,473		2,561,659		2,589,596		2,641,273		2,741,314		2,841,636	
Community redevelpment		,		1		,		1		57,120		17,858		19,672		20,856		15,241		5,846	
Culture and recreation		403,927		128,635		121,649		240,469		164,541		208,602		250,727		257,089		385,464		1,477,414	
Operating grants and contributions		866,809		265,678		486,672		1,001,165		395,138		•		2,506,200		2,225,732		2,293,337		904,290	
Capital grants and contributions		525,236	1	603,553	'	4,895,611		205,326	•	136,075	•	175,491	•	135,492	•		ı	368,600	١	538,960	
Total governmental activities	ı	12,962,298		12,047,008		17,780,356		14,718,867	'	13,952,459		15,538,285	•	19,172,241		21,654,910	ı	18,077,602	I	23,690,785	

Table 2
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Continued)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Water	5,335,472	5,479,402	5,518,175	5,619,733	5,550,941	5,783,284	6,085,312	5,969,968	5,591,899	5,717,061
Sewer	6,285,784	6,771,028	7,035,606	6,653,703	6,651,066	6,597,427	6,817,314	7,104,089	6,756,123	6,872,635
Stormwater	2,083,596	1,949,507	1,927,483	2,033,947	1,949,987	2,029,035	1,975,809	2,004,790	1,970,221	1,965,623
Marina operations	•	162,114	307,557	775,742	861,501	902,157	983,120	1,050,666	1,081,945	1,207,055
Parking	699,946	1,052,362	7	1,644,600	1,378,063	1,454,663	1,289,059	1,285,446	1,128,022	1,458,345
Pier operations	373,536	362,849	356,454	463,542	268,694	279,128	291,993	295,290	233,708	302,689
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions										
Total business-type activities program revenues	14,778,334	15,777,262	16,566,872	17,191,267	16,660,252	17,045,694	17,442,607	17,710,249	16,761,918	17,523,408
Total primary government program revenue	\$ 27,740,632	\$ 27,824,270	\$ 34,347,228	\$ 31,910,134	\$ 30,612,711	\$ 32,583,979	\$ 36,614,848	\$ 39,365,159	\$ 34,839,520	\$ 41,214,193
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (28,307,957) 3,784,980) \$ (31,355,095) 4,762,026) \$ (25,771,720) 6,324,585	\$ (30,181,866) 6,820,833	\$ (36,141,376) 5,043,591	\$ (37,248,694) 5,045,188	\$ (36,690,567) 5,557,076	\$ (31,789,811) 5,756,559	\$ (38,416,449) 4,742,631	\$ (26,302,810) 2,620,540
Total primary government net expense	\$ (24,522,977)	(26,593,069)	(19,447,135)	\$ (23,361,033)	\$ (31,097,785)	\$ (32,203,506)	\$ (31,133,491)	\$ (26,033,252)	\$ (33,673,818)	\$ (23,682,270)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 15,604,005	\$ 15,467,882	\$ 16,135,270	\$ 16,650,291	\$ 17,835,092	\$ 19,429,124	\$ 23,028,779	\$ 24,372,949	\$ 25,434,453	\$ 26,015,122
Franchise taxes	2,238,321			2,614,609	2,571,950	2,673,255	2,755,614	2,936,311	2,835,651	2,997,119
Utility taxes	4,300,248	4,617,269	3,543,297	3,582,609	3,627,385	3,834,189	3,909,123	4,108,466	4,065,872	4,115,707
Intergovernmental	3,494,027	3,6	5,3	5,379,885	5,428,609	5,567,441	5,537,821	5,555,190	5,268,361	5,708,915
Investment income	183,364			111,579	253,495	534,207	729,344	1,129,466	510,769	86,292
Miscellaneous Transfers	1,029,975	3,393,790	2,020,684 (4.546.616)	1,898,046	2,987,140 3.380.840	3,556,073	2,671,201	3,331,903	2,654,259 3.433.535	3,467,303
	10,40		 -				10.711.70			
Total governmental activities	29,631,782	34,573,144	25,001,312	33,617,859	36,084,511	38,942,258	42,054,634	45,188,769	44,202,900	45,607,071

Table 2
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Continued)

										Fisca	Fiscal Year								
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	2021
Business-type activities:	l																		
Investment earnings		20,729		13,261		11,528		24,821		67,555		161,320		581,905		894,958		399,569	68,416
Miscellaneous		,				,		,		573,819		517,550		807,539		921,982		473,254	1,789,113
Transfers		(2,781,842)		(5,050,838)		4,546,616		(3,380,840)		(3,380,840)		(3,347,969)		(3,422,752)		(3,754,484)		(3,433,535)	(3,216,613)
Total business-type activities	l	(2,761,113)	l	(5,037,577)		4,558,144		(3,356,019)	l	(2,739,466)		(2,669,099)		(2,033,308)		(1,937,544)		(2,560,712)	(1,359,084)
Total primary government	\$	26,870,669	⋄	\$ 26,870,669 \$ 29,535,567 \$ 29,559,456	\$·	29,559,456	\$	30,261,840	\$	33,345,045	⋄	36,273,159	\$	40,021,326	 -	43,251,225	\$ \$	41,642,188	\$ 44,247,987
Change in Net Position: Governmental activities Business-type activities	₩.	1,323,825 1,023,867	₩.	3,218,049 (275,551)	\$	(770,408) 10,882,729	-γ-	3,435,993	-∨-	(56,865)	-γ-	1,693,564 2,376,089	•	5,364,067 3,523,768	\$	13,398,958 3,819,015	-∨-	5,786,451 2,181,919	 19,304,261 1,261,456
Total change in net position	⋄	2,347,692 \$		2,942,498 \$	S	10,112,321	\$	6,900,807	-	2,247,260		4,069,653	\$	8,887,835	\$	17,217,973	\$	7,968,370	 20,565,717

Table 3
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2021	115,080 5,416,393 - 8,329,879 25,936,560	39,797,912	4,265,686 6,508,641	10,774,327
		₩.	ş II	\$	∏
	2020	70,856 2,848,606 6,8439,874 25,090,636	36,449,972	2,937,592 4,509,699 - (68,048)	7,379,243
		⋄	↔	•	
	2019	72,060 2,207,056 - 11,006,815 20,962,373	34,248,304	5,162,669 4,401,316	9,563,985
		⋄	δ.	₩.	
	2018	119,840 1,193,954 229,894 8,607,252 21,645,608	31,796,548	3,004,017 4,036,615 - (112,306)	6,928,326
	'	-γ-	.v.	⋄	۰, ۱۱
ear	2017	109,914 628,431 567,560 4,227,115 22,431,697	27,964,717	3,274,537 4,484,518 - (63,348)	7,695,707
Fiscal Year	'	-γ-	.v.	⋄	۰, ۱۱
Ħ	2016	29,499 541,405 397,856 2,246,576 23,475,784	26,691,120	2,456,989 5,579,582 - (178,991)	7,857,580
		· .	↔		
	2015	36,549 860,150 128,567 2,732,145 20,416,162	24,173,573	2,376,070 7,619,905 - (88,798)	9,907,177
		<>	❖	₩.	⋄
	2014	124,952 699,319 125,051 2,966,278 17,234,790	\$ 21,150,390	1,797,320 2,591,068 4,618,785 (180,049)	8,827,124
	'	-γ-	.v.	₩.	
	2013	936,147 635,544 - 2,884,649 14,349,377	18,805,717	1,495,442 1,836,528 6,367,074 (2,983,873)	6,715,171
	ı	⋄	∏	₩	∏
	2012	906,147 329,498 - 3,375,944 11,040,070	\$ 15,651,659 \$ 18,805,717	2,204,824 2,482,732 7,686,301 (1,970,335)	\$ 10,403,522 \$ 6,715,171 \$ 8,827,124
		√ >	.v.	√ >	۰
		General Fund: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	Total General Fund	All Other Governmental Funds: Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	Total all other governmental funds

Note: Information for fiscal years 2012 to 2013 have not been restated for Governmental Accouting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No.54 classifications.

Table 4
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

									Fisc	Fiscal Year									
	2012		2013	1	2014	ı	2015	'	2016		2017	ı	2018	ı	2019	ı	2020	ı	2021
Revenues:																			
Property taxes	\$ 15,604,005	Ş	15,467,882	\$	16,135,270	s	16,650,291	Ş	17,835,092	\$	19,429,124	Ş	23,028,779	\$	24,372,949	Ş	25,434,453	ς,	26,015,122
Special asessments	4,082,820		4,065,279		5,052,071		5,081,535		5,821,427		6,356,104		6,249,500		6,316,109		6,333,454		6,789,857
Franchise fees	2,238,321		2,292,448		2,619,934		2,614,609		2,571,950		2,673,255		2,755,614		2,936,979		2,841,162		2,997,119
Utility taxes	4,300,248		4,617,269		3,543,297		3,582,609		3,627,385		3,834,189		3,909,123		4,108,466		4,065,872		4,115,707
Licenses and permits	2,188,191		3,280,797		3,301,706		4,195,456		3,380,233		4,824,367		5,832,071		8,403,419		4,351,890		8,723,712
Intergovernmental	3,494,027		3,669,786		5,165,694		5,379,885		5,428,609		5,567,441		5,537,821		5,748,048		5,268,361		6,252,155
Charges for services	3,277,333		3,455,651		3,582,482		3,669,894		4,219,586		4,162,467		4,429,307		4,688,126		4,709,569		5,205,274
Fines and forfeitures	738,356		376,050		461,816		565,491		512,683		538,478		386,951		554,902		459,442		328,499
Investment income	183,364		81,313		63,047		111,579		253,495		534,207		729,344		1,129,466		510,769		86,292
Grants	1,736,388		869,231		5,382,283		1,206,491		531,213		175,491		•		216		2,661,937		804,290
Miscellaneous	2,313,528		4,687,533	I	2,071,530	ı	1,944,997	'	2,474,457		3,037,453	ı	2,335,922	ı	2,857,357	- 1	2,215,761	ı	4,224,256
Total revenues	40,156,581		42,863,239		47,379,130	ı	45,002,837	'	46,656,130	- 1	51,132,576	ı	55,194,432	ı	61,116,037	ı	58,852,670		65,542,283
Expenditures:																			
General government	7,586,634		6,541,309		5,917,429		5,787,355		9,262,106		7,257,708		8,145,004		7,363,525		8,623,394		8,795,388
Public safety	21,664,048		22,369,619		23,550,421		25,363,517		28,087,146		30,583,369		31,676,478		33,819,103		35,025,473		35,111,359
Highways and streets	2,048,198		3,190,349		1,621,968		1,599,671		2,684,886		1,790,893		2,237,310		2,662,387		3,192,578		2,250,211
Physical environment	2,826,999		2,857,462		3,502,300		3,697,428		4,689,865		4,754,850		4,931,826		5,127,398		5,282,627		5,962,750
Community redevelopment	2,635,972		6,671,194		3,288,017		3,534,196		3,754,678		3,625,693		4,394,759		5,977,655		5,915,890		5,105,430
Culture and recreation	4,780,910		3,154,702		6,297,054		2,897,830		3,424,775		2,585,809		2,993,706		3,448,266		3,213,951		3,606,710
Capital outlay*	1		1		•		•		1		1,112,135		741,369		282,671		22,571		246,933
Debt service:																			
Principal**	1,042,551		3,066,126		1,065,831		6,300,947		659,064		773,574		838,574		838,574		853,575		752,991
Interest and fiscal charges	621,236		597,424	1	500,815	ı	457,262		181,798		367,170	ı	246,820	ı	225,827	ı	204,774	ı	184,100
Total expenditures	43,206,548		48,448,185	I	45,743,835	ı	49,638,206	1	52,744,318	'	52,851,201	ı	56,205,846	I	59,745,406	ı	62,334,833	-1	62,015,872
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(3,049,967)	-I	(5,584,946)	I	1,635,295	ı	(4,635,369)	1	(6,088,188)		(1,718,625)	ı	(1,011,414)	ı	1,370,631	I	(3,482,163)		3,526,411

Table 4
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Continued)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Note proceeds			1	5,440,773	2,881,909	ı			•	1
Debt issuance costs			,	(83,008)				1	,	,
Transfers in	13,214,460	13,145,974	10,642,062	8,548,499	9,299,410	7,250,819	11,252,069	8,827,844	7,773,159	8,573,259
Transfers out	(10,432,618)	(8,095,137)	(9,323,778)	(5,167,659)	(5,918,570)	(3,902,850)	(7,829,317)	(5,073,360)	(4,311,770)	(5,356,646)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,781,842	5,050,837	1,318,284	8,738,605	6,262,749	3,347,969	3,422,752	3,754,484	3,461,389	3,216,613
Net change in fund balances	\$ (268,125)	(268,125) \$ (534,109) \$ 2,953,579	\$ 2,953,579	\$ 4,103,236	\$ 174,561	\$ 1,629,344	\$ 2,411,338	\$ 5,125,115	\$ (20,774)	\$ 6,743,024
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	4.26%	8.18%	3.55%	16.16%	1.70%	2.29%	2.01%	1.85%	1.73%	1.53%

*Note: Capital Outlay was no longer treated as a separate line item after 2011 but is included in the natural classification. Refer to footnote 6 for the number which is backed out of the total expenditures. ** In 2016 the City refunded debt in the amount of \$ 2,935,000 which is included in the debt service fund general government expenditures and is not included under the principal line Item. The balance is included in the above calculation.

Table 5
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

Millage Rate	6.2507	6.2678	6.2688	6.2593	6.2432	6.2462	6.1909	6.1758	6.1688	6.1618
Total Taxable Assessed Value	2,627,417,566	2,599,226,093	2,749,389,190	2,893,029,298	3,092,708,354	3,420,890,402	4,103,189,739	4,332,509,250	4,497,276,573	4,613,021,305
1	Ş		_			_				
Less Tax Exempt Property	583,229,819	575,693,985	565,619,140	588,004,832	572,809,972	575,164,817	603,201,053	622,397,462	626,566,853	646,201,575
	Ŷ									
Gross Taxable Value	3,210,647,385	3,174,920,078	3,315,008,330	3,481,034,130	3,665,518,326	3,996,055,219	4,706,390,792	4,954,906,712	5,123,843,426	5,259,222,880
	Ş									
Taxable Value of Centrally Assessed Property for Operating Purposes	2,426,840	2,244,996	2,562,196	3,044,295	3,721,620	4,024,741	4,165,263	4,283,788	5,310,142	6,182,994
١	Ş	•								
Taxable Value of Personal and Real Property For Operating Purposes (1)	3,208,220,545	3,172,675,082	3,312,446,134	3,477,989,835	3,661,796,706	3,992,030,478	4,702,225,529	4,950,622,924	5,118,533,284	5,253,039,886
	·S									
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser (Form DR-403)

Notes: The Millage Rate is the rate used in the calculation for property taxes. One mil equals \$1 per \$1,000 of taxable value.

A millage of 6.1618 which is the current rate in effect of the City of Dania Beach is equal to \$ 6.1618 per each \$1,000 of taxable value on real property.

Estimated Actual Value (Just Value) obtained from the Broward County Appraiser.

⁽¹⁾ Except for the Save Our Homes cap noted below, Florida State Law requires all property to be assessed at current fair market value. The Save Our Homes cap, provides that property qualifying for and receiving Homestead Exemption is assessed at the lower of the annual percentage change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% of the previous year's assessment.

Table 6
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total Direct and Overlapping	20.9214	20.8304	20.8055	20.5135	20.2892	19.8339	19.3791	19.2029	19.5028	19.2436
South Broward Hospital District	0.7500	0.6000	0.4000	0.1863	0.1737	0.1615	0.1496	0.1414	0.1260	0.1199
Florida Inland Navigation District	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345	0.0320	0.0320	0.0320	0.0320	0.0320	0.0320
South Florida Water Management District	0.4363	0.4289	0.4110	0.3842	0.3551	0.3307	0.3100	0.2936	0.2795	0.2675
Children's Services Council	0.4696	0.4789	0.4902	0.4882	0.4882	0.4882	0.4882	0.4882	0.4882	0.4882
Broward County Schools	7.4180	7.4560	7.4800	7.4380	7.2740	6.9063	6.5394	6.4029	6.7393	6.5052
Broward County	5.5530	5.5530	5.7230	5.7230	5.7230	5.6690	5.6690	5.6690	2.6690	5.6690
Total Direct	6.2507	6.2678	6.2688	6.2593	6.2432	6.2462	6.1909	6.1758	6.1688	6.1618
Voted Debt Service	0.2509	0.2680	0.2690	0.2595	0.2434	0.2464	0.1911	0.1760	0.1690	0.1620
Basic Rate	5.9998	5.9998	5.9998	5.9998	5.9998	5.9998	5.9998	5.9998	5.9998	5.9998
Fiscal Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

Notes: The Millage Rate is the rate used in the calculation for property taxes. One mil equals \$1 per \$1,000 of taxable value.

A millage of 6.1618 which is the current rate in effect of the City of Dania Beach is equal to \$ 6.1618 per each \$1,000 of taxable value on real property.

Table 7
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Principal Property Taxpayers
Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2021	Dorotago		2012	Dorcontago
	Taxable		of Total Taxable	Taxable		of Total Taxable
` 	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
\$ 547	7,213,334	\leftarrow	12.0%	·	•	•
	1,648,140	2	1.8%			1
81	0,009,770	n	1.8%	•	1	1
57,	,447,320	4	1.2%	1	,	•
49,	,391,140	5	1.1%	29,927,130	4	1.1%
42,	,838,560	9	%6.0	ı	1	ı
40,	,506,410	7	%6:0	•	1	1
37,	,004,870	8	0.8%	ı	1	1
30,	,158,250	6	0.7%	ı	1	1
	,652,836	10	%9.0		1	1
	ı	1	1	347,032,167	1	13.2%
	1		1	64,593,180	2	2.5%
	1	ı	1	43,859,267	က	1.7%
	ı	ı	ı	24,435,720	5	%6:0
	ı	ı	1	23,122,990	9	%6.0
	1		,	22,122,990	7	0.8%
	ı	ı	1	21,802,180	∞	0.8%
	1	1	1	21,457,213	6	0.8%
	•	ı	1	20,288,270	10	%8.0
\$ 995,	870,630		21.7%	\$ 618,641,107		23.5%

Source: Broward County Revenue Collection Division

Note: Property values shown above assessed as of January 1, 2020 and Janaury 1, 2011

Table 8
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

for the for the 200, Year Amount Amount Amount Levy Collections in Subsequent Amount Amount Amount Of Levy Collections in Subsequent Amount Amount Amount Amount Amount Of Levy Collections in Subsequent Amount	i		Collected Within the	/ithin the	=	= (
for the Vear Percentage Amount Subsequent of Levy Percentage Amount Subsequent vears Amount Amoun	Fiscal Year	laxes Levied	Fiscal Year C	of the Levy	Collections in	Total Collecti	ons to Date
\$ 16,112,498	Ended September 30,	for the Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
16,141,29414,886,51592.2%581,36715,467,88216,850,21515,617,07092.7%518,20016,135,27017,474,30116,124,56092.3%525,73116,650,29118,530,24817,273,01493.2%562,07817,835,09220,150,60918,916,14293.9%511,98219,428,12423,987,95722,551,63394.0%477,14623,028,77926,374,03124,490,47092.5%806,93324,372,94927,043,20725,424,20594.0%590,91726,015,122	2012	\$ 16,112,498	14,824,418	92.0%	779,588	15,604,005	8.96
16,850,21515,617,07092.7%518,20016,135,27017,474,30116,124,56092.3%525,73116,650,29118,530,24817,273,01493.2%562,07817,835,09220,150,60918,916,14293.9%511,98219,428,12423,987,95722,551,63394.0%477,14623,028,77925,481,95923,566,01592.5%806,93324,372,94926,374,03124,490,47092.9%943,98325,434,45327,043,20725,424,20594.0%590,91726,015,122	2013	16,141,294	14,886,515	92.2%	581,367	15,467,882	95.8%
17,474,30116,124,56092.3%525,73116,650,29118,530,24817,273,01493.2%562,07817,835,09220,150,60918,916,14293.9%511,98219,428,12423,987,95722,551,63394.0%477,14623,028,77925,481,95923,566,01592.5%806,93324,372,94926,374,03124,490,47092.9%943,98325,434,45327,043,20725,424,20594.0%590,91726,015,122	2014	16,850,215	15,617,070	92.7%	518,200	16,135,270	95.8%
18,530,24817,273,01493.2%562,07817,835,09220,150,60918,916,14293.9%511,98219,428,12423,987,95722,551,63394.0%477,14623,028,77925,481,95923,566,01592.5%806,93324,372,94926,374,03124,490,47092.9%943,98325,434,45327,043,20725,424,20594.0%590,91726,015,122	2015	17,474,301	16,124,560	92.3%	525,731	16,650,291	95.3%
20,150,60918,916,14293.9%511,98219,428,12423,987,95722,551,63394.0%477,14623,028,77925,481,95923,566,01592.5%806,93324,372,94926,374,03124,490,47092.9%943,98325,434,45327,043,20725,424,20594.0%590,91726,015,122	2016	18,530,248	17,273,014	93.2%	562,078	17,835,092	96.2%
23,987,957 22,551,633 94.0% 477,146 23,028,779 25,481,959 23,566,015 92.5% 806,933 24,372,949 26,374,031 24,490,470 92.9% 943,983 25,434,453 27,043,207 25,424,205 94.0% 590,917 26,015,122	2017	20,150,609	18,916,142	93.9%	511,982	19,428,124	96.4%
25,481,959 23,566,015 92.5% 806,933 24,372,949 26,374,031 24,490,470 92.9% 943,983 25,434,453 27,043,207 25,424,205 94.0% 590,917 26,015,122	2018	23,987,957	22,551,633	94.0%	477,146	23,028,779	%0.96
26,374,031 24,490,470 92.9% 943,983 25,434,453 943,08 25,424,205 94.0% 590,917 26,015,122 943,00 25,424,205 26,015,122<	2019	25,481,959	23,566,015	92.5%	806,933	24,372,949	92.6%
27,043,207 25,424,205 94.0% 590,917 26,015,122	2020	26,374,031	24,490,470	92.9%	943,983	25,434,453	96.4%
	2021	27,043,207	25,424,205	94.0%	590,917	26,015,122	96.2%

Source: Broward County Revenue Collector

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type City of Dania Beach, Florida Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 9

•			Governmental Activities	ental.	Activities			Busine	Business-Type Activities		:	:
Fiscal	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds		General Obligation Bonds		Notes		Capital Leases Pavable	Notes/ Bonds	State Revolving Loan Pavable	Total	Per Capita for Government Artivities*	Per Capita for Business Artivities**
2012 \$	``	•	9,232,000	- ↔	6,438,646	- γ-	1,605,454	\$	\$ 13,919,426	\$ 33,165,526	644	2,962
2013	1,615,000		8,595,000		5,944,144		1,415,894	2,673,790	0 13,648,761	33,892,589	581	3,473
2014	1,455,000		8,295,000		5,585,553		1,226,334	2,598,790	0 13,754,837	32,915,514	546	3,479
2015	1,305,000		8,375,773		5,243,729		1,036,775	2,478,790	0 14,547,371	32,987,438	525	3,623
2016	1,150,000		8,273,866		5,069,234		847,216	2,353,790	0 13,532,157	31,226,263	493	3,380
2017	995,000		7,831,759		5,069,234		657,657	2,223,790	0 12,624,541	29,401,981	462	3,159
2018	835,000		7,342,745		2,868,824		468,098	1,815,000	0 11,698,548	25,028,215	363	2,920
2019	675,000		6,853,731		621,876		278,539	1,675,000	0 10,756,542	20,860,688	263	2,645
2020	510,000		6,354,717		538,960		88,977	1,530,000	0 9,782,675	18,805,329	233	2,357
2021	345,000		5,855,703		•			1,380,000	8,840,584	16,421,287	195	2,092

^{*} Total debt for Governmental Activities reflected as a percentage of personal income is 1.15% ** The majority of outstanding debt for Business-Type Activities is applicable to only 14.9% of the City's overall population.

Table 10 City of Dania Beach, Florida Ratios of General Bonded Debt Last Nine Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,		General Obligation Bonds	Total		Percentage of Actual Taxable Value	Per Capita
•	_			-		
2013	\$	8,595,000	\$ 8,595,000	\$	0.3307%	284
2014		8,295,000	8,295,000		0.3017%	273
2015		8,375,773	8,375,773		0.2942%	278
2016		8,260,773	8,260,773		0.2671%	266
2017		7,831,759	7,831,759		0.2289%	249
2018		7,342,745	7,342,745		0.1790%	231
2019		6,853,731	6,853,731		0.1582%	216
2020		6,354,717	6,354,717		0.1413%	197
2021		5,855,703	5,855,703		0.1269%	184

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Amounts restricted for debt service can be found on the Statement of Net Position, restricted for debt service.

Table 11 City of Dania Beach, Florida Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2021

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	ı	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes: Broward County General Obligation Debt	, 102,733,000	2.077%	❖	2,133,764
Other debt: Broward County Revenue Bonds Broward County Other Debt School Board of Broward County COP Debt School Board of Broward County Other Debt	3,864,311,000 544,380,000 1,319,468,000 618,159,000	2.077% 2.077% 1.936% 1.936%	ı	80,261,739 11,306,773 25,544,900 11,967,557
Subtotal, overlapping debt				131,214,734
City direct debt	6,200,703	100.000%	'	6,200,703
Total direct and overlapping debt				137,415,437

Source: Broward County and the School Board of Broward County (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is using taxable assessed property values. Taxable value that is within the City's boundaries is divded by the county and School Board's total taxable assessed value (source: Form DR-420)

Table 12
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Pledged Revenue Coverage - Electric Utility Tax
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Debt Coverage	16.39% 16.4% 17.9% 19.7%
Total Debt Service Coverage	139,395 139,397 139,358 139,335
_ 1	∽
Interest	26,560 20,014 13,049 5,698
	↔
Principal	112,835 119,382 126,309 133,637
I	↔
Electric Utility Tax	2,284,368 2,497,523 2,744,101 2,750,822
I	↔
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2012 2013 2014 2015

Electric utility tax revenues were not pledged to any outstanding debt after 2015. Note:

Table 13 City of Dania Beach, Florida Pledged Revenue Coverage - Electric Franchise Fees Last Ten Fiscal Years

Debt Coverage	6.91% 54.4%
Total Debt Service Coverage	282,081 35,841
ı	\$
Interest	6,473 865
I	φ.
Principal	275,608 34,975
I	↔
Electric Utility Tax	1,950,481 1,949,911
1	ب
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2012 2013

Note: Electric franchise fees revenues were not pledged to any outstanding debt after 2013.

Table 14
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Unemployment Rate (4)	7.7%	7.3%	6.1%	2.6%	4.9%	4.1%	3.3%	2.2%	9.7%	3.7%
School Enrollment (3)	1,778	1,627	1,603	1,503	1,576	1,540	1,485	1,484	1,435	1,372
Per Capita Personal (2)	\$ 43,351	43,792	43,283	44,429	46,906	48,680	50,269	52,308	N/A	A/N
Personal Income (2)	\$ 78,687,882	80,525,783	80,905,552	85,167,498	89,572,271	94,239,376	98,087,689	102,145,579	N/A	A/N
Population (1)	29,873	30,233	30,351	30,644	31,093	31,473	31,755	31,768	32,215	31,837

Sources:

(1) Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida

(2) Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce. Information was not available at the City level.

Totals are for all of Broward County.

(3) School Board of Broward County, Florida, 20th day counts

(4) Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor. Unemployment rates, Bureau of Labor and Statistics.

Miami - Ft. Lauderdale - Pompano Beach, FL Metropolitan Statistical Area (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

N/A Information is not available

Table 15 City of Dania Beach, Florida Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2021			2012	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Тахрауег	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
First Service Residential	641	Н	7.717%	ı	1	ı
Chewy Inc	550	2	6.622%	•	1	1
Chiquita Brands	385	8	4.635%	•	ı	ı
Cross Pointe Care Center	249	4	2.998%	•	ı	ı
Akam Onsight	208	2	2.504%	•	ı	1
Arrow Space ATC	180	9	1.999%	•	ı	1
Apex Parks Group	180	7	2.167%	•	ı	1
City of Dania Beach	166	8	2.167%	187	5	1.190%
American Maritime Office Safety	160	6	1.926%	1	ı	1
Hull & Company LLC	150	10	1.806%	•	1	1
Bass Pro Shops - Outdoor World	•	ı	1	359	1	2.285%
Publix Supermarkets, Inc.	•	ı	1	257	2	1.636%
School Board of Broward County	1	ı	1	231	က	1.470%
Boomers	1	ı	ı	197	4	1.254%
Dania Jai-Alai	1	ı	1	183	9	1.165%
Uniweld Products, Inc.	1	ı	ı	163	7	1.037%
American Maritime Officers		ı	1	160	∞	1.018%
Kenan Transport	1	ı	1	151	6	0.961%
Sheraton Ft. Lauderdale Airport	1	ı	1	120	10	0.764%
Total	2,869		34.5%	2,008		12.8%

Table 16 City of Dania Beach, Florida Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Fiscal Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function/Program:										
General government:										
Management	15.50	15.50	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.50	18.00	18.50	22.50	20.50
Finance	8.00	9.00	9.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00
Human Resources	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.50
Community development	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.75	11.65	11.75	16.80	16.10	16.10
Public safety / code	10.00	9.00	10.50	10.50	11.75	11.85	11.75	12.70	12.80	12.80
Highways and streets	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00
Physical environment	12.45	11.45	12.45	14.45	14.90	14.90	18.90	20.15	20.15	20.15
Culture and recreation	20.19	22.09	21.09	22.10	23.22	23.22	25.42	28.30	30.30	30.10
Water	16.95	16.95	16.95	17.95	17.50	17.50	17.50	18.95	19.90	19.70
Sewer	5.05	5.05	5.05	4.05	5.20	5.20	4.20	5.85	6.05	5.65
Stormwater	6.55	6.55	5.55	5.55	6.65	6.65	3.65	5.30	5.50	5.10
Total	114.19	116.09	118.59	121.60	129.47	129.47	134.17	149.55	156.30	155.60

Source: City of Dania Beach

Table 17
City of Dania Beach, Florida
Operating Indicators by Function/ Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Function/Program:					
Police:					
Physical arrests	3,700	1,343	1,492	1,240	935
Parking violations	40	69	N/A	46	466
Traffic violations	4,106	3,377	4,541	5,659	5,428
Fire protection/prevention:					
Emergency responses	4,844	6,249	6,176	6,338	6,617
Fires extiguished (approx.)	N/A	7,352	N/A	47	69
Fire inspections	1,802	1,830	3,124	1,647	2,514
Community development:					
Building permits issued	2,094	2,758	2,514	2,546	2,840
Building permits construction					
value	32,780,227	89,945,041	37,857,133	101,960,569	27,498,593
Number of cited code violations	612	538	1,642	663	1,729
Parking violations	-	-	-	-	-
Public works:					
Miles of roads resurfaced	-	-	-	4	5
Potholes repaired	680	823	560	250	316
Parks and recreation:					
Facility rentals	10,000	9,000	10,500	140	175
Parks/sports attendance	55,227	58,398	71,048	4,500	8,500
Programs attendance	6,730	15,060	14,385	11,850	16,297
Water:					
Average daily consumption					
(thousands of gallons)	1,875	1,926	1,889	1,891	1,937
Peak daily consumption					
(thousands of gallons)	3,600	2,640	2,235	2,361	2,333
Sewer:					
Average daily sewage treatment					
(thousands of gallons)	3,200	3,325	3,417	3,200	3,200

Note: City performs majority of parking violations

Source: City of Dania Beach, Public Works Department; Broward County Sheriff's Office

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
799 9	1,110	1,035	859 -	1,002
2,439	2,267	5,359	1,240	2,541
4,666 75 2,704	4,636 82 862	6,416 74 4,652	4,875 72 2,454	7,761 73 -
1,860	2,200	2,406	1,617	1,819
202,768,230 1,663 7,293	128,199,228 1,786 7,723	237,511,151 1,738 6,520	101,380,338 1,273 4,957	253,181,881 1,647 9,833
4 16,000	4 16,000	3 30	4 83	2 20
155 6,500 16,809	195 3,725 8,995	480 8,000 3,675	120 24,000 42,250	15,000 5,096
2,035	2,041	2,020	1,958	2,059
2,805	2,491	2,470	2,467	2,233
3,200	3,200	3,300	3,300	3,300

Table 18 City of Dania Beach, Florida Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function/Program:										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire Protection: Stations	6	2	6	2	0	2	6	2	6	6
Rescue units	1 4	1 4	1 4	7	7	7	7	7	7	5
Public works:										
Streets (miles)	150.4	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.3	97.3	97.3
Length of sidewalks	62	98	98	87	88	88	89	63	88	88
Parks and recreation:										
Park acreage	26.63	56.50	92.09	00.09	60.20	60.20	06.09	128.00	128.00	128.00
Baseball diamonds	9	5	9	9	9	9	4	9	9	9
Community centers Water:	4	S	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ŋ	Ω	4	4	4
Length of water mains (miles) Sewer/stormwater:	76.00	76.06	76.00	76.00	76.00	77.00	77.00	81.00	81.00	81.00
Length of sewer mains (miles)	44.00	46.00	46.00	46.00	45.00	47.00	47.00	62.00	62.00	62.00
Length of storm drains (miles)	14.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.50	15.50	15.50

Source: City of Dania Beach, Public Services Dept.; Parks and Recreation Dept.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Dania Beach, Florida Dania Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Dania Beach, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the City of Dania Beach Police and Firefighters Retirement System, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



SOUTH FLORIDA BUSINESS TOURNAL

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 28, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO CITY MANAGEMENT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Dania Beach, Florida Dania Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Dania Beach, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports which are dated March 28, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City of Dania Beach, Florida was established as authorized in Florida Chapter 163, Part III, as amended. Dania Beach Community Redevelopment Agency was authorized under Resolution No. 2002-275.



SOUTH FLORIDA BUSINESS TOURNAL

Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c, Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554 (1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the City reported the specific information in Exhibit 1 accompanying this report. The information for compliance with Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Members of the City Commission and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 28, 2022 City of Dania Beach, Florida Exhibit 1 Data Elements Required By Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes and Sections 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General (Unaudited)

Data Element	Dania Beach Community Redevlopment Agency
Number of district employees compensated at 9/30/2021	-
Number of independent contractors compensated in September 2021	3
Employee compensation for FYE 9/30/2021 (paid/accrued)	-
Independent contractor compensation for FYE 9/30/2021 (paid/accrued) Each construction project to begin on or after October 1; (>\$65K)	\$251,370
Trion Project	\$666,667
Budget variance report	Page 83



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH **SECTION 218.415 FLORIDA STATUTES**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Dania Beach, Florida Dania Beach, Florida

We have examined the City of Dania Beach, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with the specific requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specific requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specific requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Members of the City Commission, management, and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 28, 2022



SOUTH FLORIDA BUSINESS TOURNAL



IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Frank DiPaolo, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of the City of Dania Beach which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida; and
- 2. The governing body of the City of Dania Beach adopted Ordinance Nos. 2010-020, 2010-023, 2011-035, 2014-004, and 2014-005 implementing impact fees; and
- 3. The City of Dania Beach has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.	2002
	(Chief Financial Officer of the Entity)
STATE OF ELORIDA	
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF BROWARD	
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED befo	ore me this 30th day of Mc(Ch), 2022.
	Samara hummad
	NOTARY PUBLIC Print Name 1000000
Personally known or produced identification	on
Type of identification produced:	
My Commission Expires:	
January 07,2026	TAMARA DRUMMOND Notary Public - State of Florida Commission # HH 201615 My Comm. Expires Jan 7, 2026

Bonded through National Notary Assn.