

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

THE TOWN OF DAVIE, FLORIDA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Prepared by Budget and Finance Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

BUDGET AND FINANCE DEPARTMENT



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March 30, 2022

In accordance with Section 11.45, Florida Statutes and within Section 6(f), Part I of the Code of Ordinances in the Town of Davie's (the "Town") Charter, submitted herewith is the Town's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (the "Annual Report") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

The financial statements included in this report conform to the generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The Town is responsible for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. The financial statements have been audited by Keefe McCullough. The independent auditors have issued an unmodified opinion that this report fairly presents the financial position of the Town and complies with all reporting standards noted above.

The contents of this report are aimed at compliance with GASB pronouncements, including Statement No. 34, requiring the preparation of government-wide financial statements on a full accrual basis of accounting for all funds and including Management's Discussion and Analysis. Also included are additional and enhanced Statistical Tables required by GASB Statement No. 44.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The Town was first incorporated in 1925 and was subsequently dissolved as a municipal corporation by the State of Florida when local residents failed to adopt necessary taxing powers. The Town was reincorporated in 1961. The Town exists as a Council-Administrator form of municipal government. Under Florida law, Davie is considered a Municipal Corporation. The Mayor is elected by all registered voters of the Town, while the four Council members are each elected only by the registered voters of the specific District they are elected to represent. The Mayor serves as chairperson of public meetings and executes certain documents authorized by charter, ordinance, or resolution. The Council appoints the Town Administrator (who is the Chief Administrative Officer) and the Town Attorney. The Town Administrator is responsible for implementing policies adopted by the Council and appoints Department Directors or Division Managers. The Department Directors and Division Managers have the primary responsibility to hire and fire employees, however, the final decision ultimately rests with the Town Administrator. The Town is organized into various Departments and Divisions that are significantly reflected in the attached Illustration 1 (page vii). The Budget and Finance Department, which has the responsibility for preparation of this report, is shown in Illustration 2 (page viii).

The activities included in our report are those over which the Town has ultimate financial accountability. Any activity for which the Town, as a "primary" government, is ultimately financially accountable is presented within this report. No activity has been excluded which would cause our financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Town has a Community Redevelopment Agency ("CRA"), in which the main function is to assist with redevelopment in designated areas of the Town. It is financed by property tax revenues that are levied by the Town and certain other taxing authorities (i.e. Broward County, South Broward Hospital District, North Broward Hospital District and the Central Broward Water Control District) on the increased taxable values in those targeted areas that exceed a base year amount. This is called the tax increment. The CRA is a blended component unit of the Town and is therefore included within this report. Its resources are tracked from year to year and its surpluses, if any, are available for purposes approved by the CRA Board, which is comprised of the Town Council members.

The Town provides its residents and businesses with a full range of municipal services contemplated by state law or local charter. Services include police and fire, culture, recreation, community services, licensing and permitting, general administration, water and sewer utilities, public works and maintenance, development and redevelopment services, and code enforcement. Through franchise agreements, the Town also provides garbage disposal, electricity, and towing services.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

While part of the larger Fort Lauderdale metropolitan area, the Town has maintained much of its pioneering heritage, rustic, and rural lifestyle. Agriculture, though still present and important to the Town, is giving way to higher education facilities and research and development centers. The Town has grown to over 35.5 square miles and a population of 105,691 residents. The Town's Open Space and Recreational programs were the first of their kind in Florida and they are a source of great civic pride. With modern port facilities and a world-class airport only moments away and linked by several interstate and toll highways, the Town has proven to be a great location for individuals and businesses wishing to be part of the growing South Florida community. Only twenty minutes from downtown Miami and less than half that to Fort Lauderdale, Davie has capitalized on this central and important location.

Fiscal Year 2021

Since the inception of the global pandemic, The Town had to reassess and adapt to a new business model to effectively provide services. The fiscal year 2021 financial statements demonstrate the Town's ability to begin recovering from the coronavirus COVID-19 pandemic, when compared to the fiscal year 2020 financial statements. Although personnel and operating expenses remain negatively impacted, as well as some of the General Fund's revenue sources, the impact was not as severe as fiscal year 2020. The Town will continue to monitor the impacts of COVID-19 and will continue to seek financial aid when viable.

The Town's taxable value is approximately \$ 10.6 billion. After four consecutive years of declining property values due to the economic recession, the Town's taxable value increased this year, for the ninth consecutive year, by approximately \$ 279 million or 2.71% and overall property values also showed a modest increase. During the year, we continued to see positive signs that the local economy continued to improve as the activity within our building and engineering division increased. The Town's population continues to grow and is approaching 106,000 residents.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

In the continued effort of making maintenance of its infrastructure a priority, the Town's major capital improvements included the following expenditures during fiscal year 2021:

General Government:

- Town Hall \$ 2.9 million
- Road Improvements \$ 1.6 million
- Fire Engine and Equipment \$ 964K
- Park Improvements/Upgrades \$ 916K
- Nova Drive \$ 742K
- College Ave. Improvement \$ 533K
- Fire Station Renovation \$ 419K
- Drainage Upgrades/Stormwater \$ 354K
- Police Department Improvements \$ 272K

Water and Sewer:

- Collection System Rehabilitation \$ 1.1 million
- Meters, Equipment and Equipment Replacement \$ 500K
- Water Main Replacement \$ 279K
- Life Station Pumps and Motors \$ 133K
- Lift Station Rehabilitation \$ 125K

Additionally, the fiscal year 2021 budget included budgetary initiatives that had a significant impact on the Town's financial statements. For example, when comparing the original budget for fiscal year 2020 to the amended fiscal year 2021 budget, the Town increased the total number of budgeted positions from 824 to 833. The overall budgeted payroll costs increased \$ 1.4 million, or 1%. Additionally, when comparing the original budget of fiscal year 2020 to the original 2021 budget, the Town's capital expenditures in the annual budget increased 6%, increasing from \$ 36.3 million to \$ 38.3 million.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Accounting Control

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Town's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Control

An annual budget is adopted for all governmental funds, as well as a Capital Improvements Program ("CIP"). Although the CIP related funds are not inclusive in the annual budget, the Town Council approves, annually, the CIP. In accordance with Town Ordinance, appropriations are legally controlled at the Department or Division level. With the exception of projects approved within the CIP, all appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Encumbrances for projects within the Town's CIP do roll forward, under which purchase orders and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in the accounting records and are utilized throughout the fiscal year.

Overview of Financial Activity

The accompanying financial statements reflect that the Town has continued to expand its services to meet the demands of its residential and business communities. A summary of the major financial activities is included in the Management Discussion and Analysis Section of this report.

Financial Policies

The Town's Financial Policies set forth the basic framework for the overall fiscal management of the Town. These policies represent a foundation, provide guidelines for evaluating both current activities and proposals for future programs, and assist the Town Council and the Town Administrator in making decisions. Some examples of these type of policies relate to the Town's budget, revenue, expenditures and fund balances (which is discussed in more detail in the next paragraph).

Fund Balances

Previously, the Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, for its governmental activities. GASB Statement No. 54 establishes various classifications of fund balance based on a hierarchy which details constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments and those internally imposed. Fund balances classified as restricted are those with externally enforceable limitations on use. Fund balances classified as committed can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the Town Council through a resolution or ordinance (which are both equally binding and the highest level of decision making authority). Commitments can only be changed or lifted only by the Town Council through formal action. Assigned fund balances are amounts that the Town intends to use for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent to utilize these funds is delegated to the Budget and Finance Director in agreement with the Town Administrator, or designee. Unassigned fund balance can be viewed as the net resources available at the end of the year.

Retirement Programs

The Town contributed to three (3) defined benefit pension plans in accordance with the plan documents within each pension plan and one (1) defined contribution pension plan based on employee classifications created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The plans currently cover all full-time employees, except some contractual employees, of the Town. Under the defined benefit pension plans, the Town and the employees make contributions. Under the defined contribution plan, the Town contributes 11.4% while the employees do not make contributions. Employer contributions for the defined benefit plans for fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 were approximately as follows: Firefighters' Pension \$ 5.0 million, Police Employees' Pension \$ 6.2 million and Management and General Employees' Pension \$ 3.8 million.

A defined benefit pension plan provides a pension benefit that pays the employee a specific amount of money, typically per month, once the employee becomes eligible for receiving the retirement benefits. Some of the factors that are used to determine the retirement benefit include number of years of service, years of vesting, salary and the multiplier. Under a defined benefit pension plan, the benefits that are paid to the participant will be the sole responsibility of the employer.

A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments on those contributions, and forfeitures of other participant's benefits that may be reallocated to such participant's account.

In order to encourage employees to supplement their retirement income, a deferred compensation program is also available to all employees. Under this program, employees may voluntarily elect to defer a portion of their salary to future years. Both programs are administered by Voya under a trust agreement. The plan assets are separate and the Town does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the assets. Therefore, the assets, liabilities and transactions are not included in the Town's financial statements. Please see Notes 13 and 14 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for a detailed discussion of the retirement program.

Financing Programs and Debt Administration

The Town currently has 10 outstanding long-term debt issues. At September 30, 2021, the principal balance outstanding totaled approximately \$ 153 million.

General Obligation Bonds:

The Town previously issued \$ 12.4 million General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015. The purpose of this Refunding Note was to refund and defease the then outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006. The Note has a 16-year amortization, due August 2031, with a fixed rate of 2.59%. Ad valorem tax revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this Note issue.

The Town previously issued \$ 16.3 million Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015. The purpose of this Refunding Note was to refund and defease the then outstanding Limited General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006. The Note has a 11-year amortization, due August 2026, with a fixed rate of 2.18%. Ad valorem tax revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this Note issue up to a tax limit of 0.38 mills per annum.

Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds:

Previously, the Town issued \$ 10.0 million and \$ 7.4 million Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds, Series 2013A and 2013B, respectively. The purpose of these Refunding Bonds was to refund and defease the then outstanding \$ 20.0 million Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds, Series 2010. The Series 2013 Bonds have a 12-year amortization, due December 2025, with a fixed rate of 3.002% on Series A and 2.953% on Series B. The bonds are secured by a gross pledge and lien of tax increment revenues of Davie's CRA.

Water and Sewer Bonds:

In June 2020, the Town issued \$ 47.7 million Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020. The purpose of these Bonds was to refund and defease a significant portion of the then outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2011. The Refunding Bonds have a 22-year amortization, due October 2041, bearing interest between 1.004% and 3.111%. The Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues and contributions charges of the water and sewer system.

In August 2019, the Town issued \$ 49.9 million Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019. The purpose of these Bonds was to refund and defease the then outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010. The Refunding Bonds have a 22-year amortization, due October 2040, with a fixed rate of 2.76%. The Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues and contributions charges of the water and sewer system.

In October 2011, the Town issued Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, in the amount of \$ 49.9 million, due October 2041, bearing interest between 2.00% and 5.00%. The Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues and contributions charges of the water and sewer system.

In November 2012, the Town issued Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, in the amount of \$ 28.2 million, due October 2042, bearing interest between 2.00% and 4.00%. The Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues and contributions charges of the water and sewer system.

In September 2013, the Town issued \$ 14.4 million Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, for the purpose of providing funds, together with other legally available funds of the Town, to refund and defease the then outstanding amount of the Town's \$ 26.3 million Water and Sewer Refunding Bonds, Series 2003. The Series 2013 Bonds have an 8-year amortization, due October 2021, with a fixed rate of 2.08% per annum. The Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues and contributions charges of the water and sewer system.

State Revolving Loan:

In April 2012, the Town entered into a revolving loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Clean Water State Revolving Loan program to provide financing for the Town's Infiltration and Inflow Program and the Master Lift Station No. 8 and Force Main project. The loan is collateralized by a pledge on the revenues from the Town's Water and Sewer System, after payment of operation and maintenance expenditures and satisfaction of all senior revenue obligations. This facility is in junior position to the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds of the Town. The Town borrowed \$ 4.6 million, including capitalized interest and service fee charges of \$ 17,594 and \$ 89,782, respectively. Semiannual payments are due on each September 15th and March 15th. As of September 30, 2016, the project was deemed completed; therefore the amortization schedule was finalized, requiring semiannual installments of \$ 135,959, including interest at a fixed rate of 2.30%.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

In accordance with Section 11.45(3)(a) (4), Florida Statutes, and within Section 6(f), Part I of the Code of Ordinances in the Town's Charter, the Town engaged the firm of Keefe McCullough, to perform the independent audit of the Town's accounts and records. The independent auditor's report is included in the Financial section.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Davie for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate.

In addition, the Town also received the GFOA Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for the Town's budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. It was the tenth consecutive year the Town received the award for the document, which serves as the Town's primary fiscal policy document.

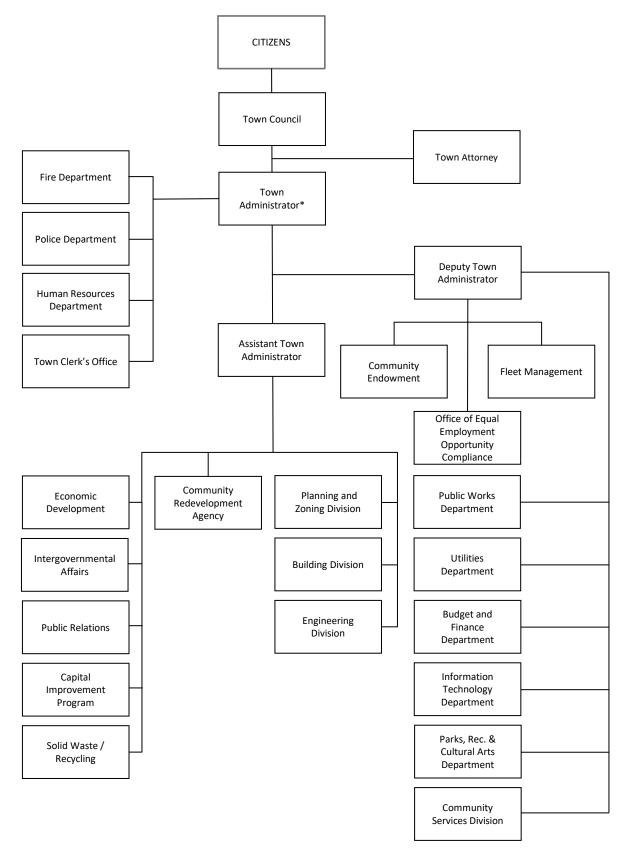
Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire Budget and Finance Department. We express our appreciation to all members of the Department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. We would like to express our thanks for the cooperation received from our independent auditors, Keefe McCullough, as they worked diligently with the Town. Of course, we greatly appreciate and thank the Town's Council and Town Administration for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Town.

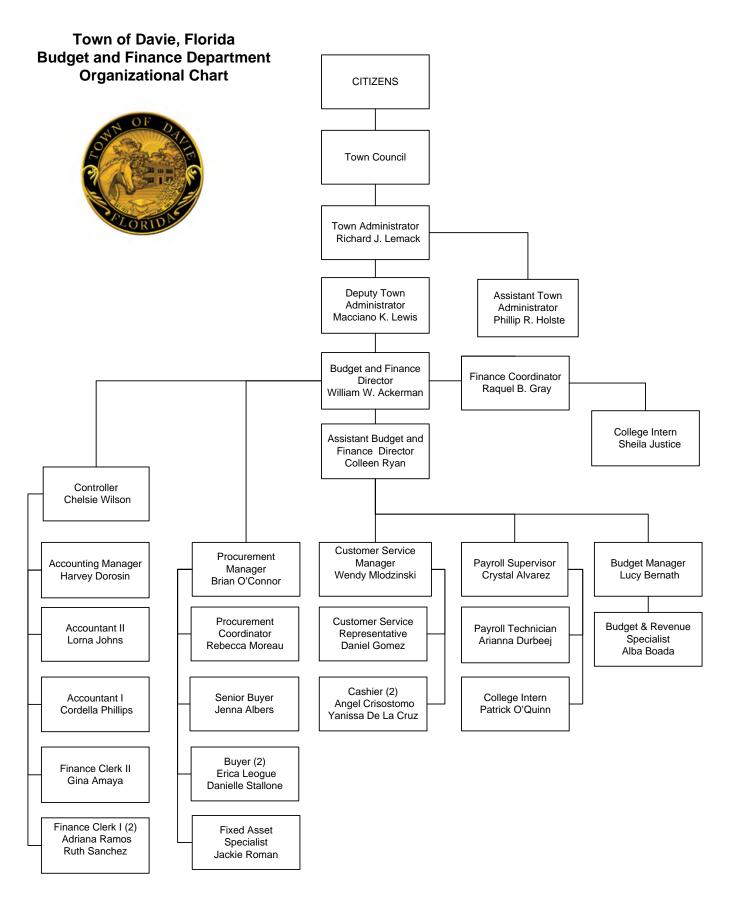
Respectfully submitted,

Richard J. Lemack, Town Administrator William W. Ackerman, Budget and Finance Director

Town of Davie Table of Organization FY 2021



 $^{^{*}}$ The Town Administrator also functions as the Executive Director of the Community Redevelopment Agency.



List of Principal Officials

2020-2021 Town Council

Judy Paul Mayor

Michelle Whitman Vice Mayor

Caryl Hattan Councilmember

Susan Starkey Councilmember

Marlon Luis Councilmember

Administrative Officials

Richard J. Lemack Town Administrator

Macciano K. Lewis Deputy Town Administrator

Phillip R. Holste Assistant Town Administrator/CRA Director

William W. Ackerman Budget and Finance Director

Julie Downey Fire Chief

Grace Garagozzo Human Resources Director

Nelson Martinez, Jr. Information Systems Director

Jeffrey Pohlman Parks, Recreation and Cultural Arts Director

Stephen Kinsey Police Chief

Osdel Fernandez-Larrea Public Works/Capital Projects Director

Allan Weinthal Town Attorney

Evelyn Roig Town Clerk

Renuka Mohammed Utilities Director

Keefe McCullough Town Auditors



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Davie Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Davie. Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Davie, Florida, (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Davie Firefighters' Pension Plan or the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan, which together represent 72%, 72%, and 61%, respectively, of the assets, fund balance/net position and revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Town of Davie Firefighters' Pension Plan and the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Davie, Florida, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules related to pensions and other post-employment benefits on pages 4 through 14 and 92 through 103, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2022, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 30, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Town of Davie's (the "Town") Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to provide an objective and easy to read analysis of the Town's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is intended to provide a broad overview on short-term and long-term analysis of the Town's activities based on information presented in the financial report and fiscal policies that have been adopted by the Town. Specifically, this section is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Town's financial activity, identify changes in the Town's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The Town presents its financial statements under the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34 — Basic Financial Statements — and Management's Discussion and Analysis — for State and Local Governments (Statement 34). As with other sections of this financial report, the information contained within this MD&A should be considered only a part of a greater whole. The reader of this statement should take time to read and evaluate all sections of this report, including the footnotes and the Required Supplementary Information (RSI), provided in addition to this MD&A.

Understanding the Basic Financial Statements

GASB Statement 34 represented a monumental change from the way in which government financial statements are recorded and presented. It provided for the first time a concise "entity-wide" Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, providing the user of the financial statements a combined overview of the Town's financial position and result of operations, eliminating interfund activities and "other people's money" such as pension funds, which can mislead users when incorporated in a combined manner. The Government-Wide Financial Statements also differentiate between Governmental and Business-Type Activities, further assisting the reader in their evaluation.

The reporting model requires the use of accrual accounting (which focuses on economic resources) at the top most level, while maintaining modified accrual accounting (which focuses on current financial resources—budgeted resources) at the individual fund level. This was an important change in governmental accounting. The impact of long-term financial decisions is accurately matched to the period in which the expense or revenue is attributed. In short, an accurate presentation of information is achieved and the impacts of long-term decisions are promptly recorded as the transactions occurred, as opposed to the traditional method of recording them when the bill is paid. A good example of this is the recording of compensated absences such as vacation time. Previously, this time was "expensed" as paid, not when earned. As a result, employees could accrue hundreds of hours in the past without that expense being attributed to the taxpayers who benefited from those employees' services. Once the employees separate from the Town it is future taxpayers who will bear the financial liability, but would not benefit from those employees' services. This is but one of many examples of "expenses" that have traditionally not been matched to the period of benefit.

Users interested in "budgetary performance" will find that information available in the required supplementary information and other financial information following the notes to the financial statements. An overview discussion of the different sections of this reporting model follows.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. Both statements represent an overview of the Town as a whole, separating its operations between governmental and business-type activities. All information is presented utilizing the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This method better matches revenues and expenses to the period in which the revenues are earned and the expenses attributed. The Town's Community Redevelopment Agency is shown as a blended component unit. Fiduciary funds, such as pension trust funds, are precluded from these Government-Wide Financial Statements because they represent money and funds legally set aside for use by the employee groups they benefit. Previously, the Town implemented the provisions of GASB No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This pronouncement established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expense/expenditures. Although Florida law requires municipalities to fund pension plans on an actuarially sound basis, it is important for the user to study the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (as explained in the following section) as well as the footnotes, required supplementary information, and statistical sections of this report. Previously, the Town implemented the provisions of GASB No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits offered to retirees other than pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB. Also, combined into the Government-Wide Financial Statements, are the Internal Service Funds of the Town.

The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to a bottom line for the Town and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations.

The Statement of Activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental, business-type and component unit), which are supported by the government's general tax and program revenues. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of cost of various governmental services and the local taxing efforts necessary to sustain each of those activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The Governmental Funds presentation is presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statements allow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith. The Fund Financial Statements also allow the government to address its Fiduciary (or Trust) Funds summarized by type (pension, investment, private purpose trusts and agency funds). While these Funds represent fiduciary responsibilities of the government, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, these assets are not presented as part of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. While the Total column on the Business-Type Fund Financial Statements is the same as the Business-Type column on the Government-Wide Financial Statements, after adjusting for internal service funds, the Governmental Funds Total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources) which is reflected on the page following each statement. The flow of current financial resources will reflect debt proceeds and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital expenditures and debt principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligations (debt and others), among other items, into the Governmental Activities column (in the Government-Wide statements).

Analysis of the Overall Financial Position and Results of Operations

In evaluating the financial position and short-term financial performance of the Town, two tools are particularly valuable: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

It is useful for the user to compare the current year with the prior year. This aids in spotting trends and other areas of concern or interest. For ease of relative comparisons, we include the percent change from one year to another (Tables 1 and 2).

The General Fund fiscal year 2021 financial statements was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. However, the General Fund did demonstrate improvement associated with costs and revenue loss from the coronavirus COVID-19 pandemic, when compared to the fiscal year 2020 financial statements. The Town will continue to monitor the impacts of COVID-19 and will continue to seek financial aid when viable.

Statement of Net Position

Net position of the Town represents the difference between (assets, deferred outflows) and (liabilities, deferred inflows) of the Town using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

In general terms, the governmental activities of the Town's total current and other assets increased 9%. The overall increase in governmental activities is primarily due to the increase in cash, cash equivalents and investments. The increase in cash, cash equivalents and investments in governmental activities is primarily due to the Town spending less than anticipated, particularly within personnel service and operating in the General Fund, and receiving disaster grant reimbursements for expenditures incurred in prior year.

The governmental activities of the Town's capital assets increased 4%, while the current liabilities of those activities increased 47%. The increase in capital assets in governmental activities is primarily due to some of the large projects that the Town has completed or are still in progress. Town-wide significant projects include the Community Redevelopment Agency purchasing two properties, a new Town Hall (and temporary Town Hall), Fire Engine and Equipment, Park Improvements / Upgrades, Nova Drive, College Avenue Improvements, Fire Station Renovation and and other Town-wide projects. The increase in current liabilities is primarily due to the receipt of approximately \$ 9.0 million of American Rescue Plan funds that are not yet recognized as revenue. Total liabilities in governmental activities decreased 8%, as this total includes an overall 19% decrease in the long-term liabilities due in more than one-year from the prior year and an overall 7% decrease in the long-term liabilities due within one-year. The significant decrease in liabilities is due to decreases in the Town's Net Pension Liability and Bonds Payable. Net Investment in capital assets increased by 7% and unrestricted net position now stand at \$ 135 million, an approximate \$ 14 million increase from the previous year.

The business-type activities of the Town's capital assets decreased 4%, while the current liabilities of those activities increased 7%. The changes under long term liabilities due in more than one-year are a direct result from liabilities related to current outstanding bonds.

Business-type activities, the Town's Water and Sewer system, had a decrease in total assets of approximately 1%, a 2% decrease in total liabilities, and a 1% increase in net position. The decrease in total assets is primarily due to the 4% decrease in net capital assets, which is due to accumulated depreciation (reduction of capital assets). In January 2008, the Town Council approved a water and sewer rate study which included predetermined rate increases to the Town's water and sewer rates through September 2012, all of which were implemented as recommended and with increases beyond September 2012, based on Consumer Price Index compared to a set rate. This approved study allowed the Town to adequately fund operations now and in the future, as well as support the capital improvement necessary for system growth. The increased rates charged to customers have positively impacted the system. As noted above, we had a reduction in total assets. Typically, some of this reduction in total assets would be offset due to a slight increase in water and sewer rates. However, for fiscal year 2021, the Consumer Price Index was negative so there was no increase in rates for fiscal year 2021.

On a total government basis, with both current assets and current liabilities both increasing, the Town is able to meet its short-term obligations (the Town has over 9 times the current assets than current liabilities). Total net position increased by 6% for the year and the reason for the increase will be explained below under Statement of Activities.

The table below presents a summary of net position as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, derived from the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:

Table 1
Summary of Net Position (in thousands)

	Cover	nmental Activ	itios	Pucing	occ Tuno Activ	itios		Total	
	2021	2020	Change	2021	ess-Type Activ 2020	Change	2021	2020	Change
	2021	2020	Change	2021	2020	Change	2021	2020	Change
Assets:									
Current and other	\$ 203,506	\$ 185,962	9% :	\$ 77,696	\$ 73,924	5%	\$ 281,202	\$ 259,886	8%
Capital assets, net	198,345	189,954	4%	116,499	121,677	-4%	314,844	311,631	1%
•									
Total assets	401,851	375,916	7%	194,195	195,601	-1%	596,046	571,517	4%
Total deferred outflows									
of resources:	37,341	48,814	-24%	6,299	7,261	-13%	43,640	56,075	-22%
Liabilities:									
Current	26,108	17,776	47%	4,072	3,813	7%	30,180	21,589	40%
Long-term:									
Due within 1 year	8,230	8,825	-7%	4,883	3,247	50%	13,113	12,072	9%
Due in more than 1 year	74,454	92,176	-19%	125,734	130,545	-4%	200,188	222,721	-10%
Total liabilities	108,792	118,777	-8%	134,689	137,605	-2%	243,481	256,382	-5%
Total deferred inflows									
of resources:	7,187	5,194	38%	700	797	-12%	7,887	5,991	32%
Net Position:									
Net investment in									
capital assets:	174,093	162,895	7%	(9,111)	(5,633)	62%	164,982	157,262	5%
Restricted for:									
Renewal and									
replacement, and				26.027	26.620	40/	26.027	26.620	40/
capital replacement	-	-	-	26,927	26,620	1%	26,927	26,620	1%
Building services	4,329	4,090	6%	4.706	4 700	- 00/	4,329	4,090	6%
Debt service	172	299	-42%	4,786	4,786	0%	4,958	5,085	-2%
Community	5,091	7,377	-31%				5,091	7 277	-31%
redevelopment Community development	5,091	7,377	-31%	-	-	-	5,091	7,377	-31%
projects and services	296	37	700%				296	37	700%
State housing initiatives	31	-	100%	_	_	-	31	-	100%
Parks and recreation -	31	_	100%	_	_	-	31	_	10076
parks and open space	988	1,107	-11%	_	_	_	988	1,107	-11%
Public safety - fire	1,081	1,176	-8%	_	_	_	1,081	1,176	-8%
Public safety - police	760	1,282	-41%	_	_	_	760	1,282	-41%
General government	700	1,202	41/0				700	1,202	41/0
activities	918	992	-7%	_	_	_	918	992	-7%
Affordable housing	516	353	46%	_	_	_	516	353	46%
Unrestricted	134,938	121,151	11%	42,503	38,687	10%	177,441	159,838	11%
	,,,,,			, 5 5 5	- 3,00.	20,0			
Total net position	\$ 323,213	\$ 300,759	7%	\$ 65,105	\$ 64,460	1%	\$ 388,318	\$ 365,219	6%

Statement of Activities

Activities of the Town (Table 2) reflected a 3% decrease in overall revenues when compared to the prior year and total Town expenses remain unchanged. The Statement of Activities illustrates some particular areas that need to be further discussed.

The governmental activities represent the most significant activity within the Town. Program revenues decreased 17% in governmental activities mainly due to the decreases in both operating and capital grants and contributions. The 3% increase in general revenues in governmental activities is primarily due to an increase in Ad Valorem (operating) revenues, franchise fees and intergovernmental which were offset by reductions in Ad Valorem (debt service), other general taxes, investment income and miscellaneous. Increase in Ad Valorem (operating) revenue is due to higher taxable values and new construction. Increases in franchise fees and intergovernmental revenue are due to improvements from the pandemic. The reduction in Ad Valorem (debt service) is due to a reduction in outstanding General Obligation bonds while the reduction in investment income is due to lower interest rates.

The business-type activities, which represent the water and sewer operations activities of the Town, included a 5% increase in program revenues. The increase in the Town's program revenues is attributed mainly to an increase in charges for services due to a growing customer base and a full fiscal year of revenue associated with new meters that have been replaced. During fiscal year 2021, the Town received capital contributions of approximately \$ 124K, which was a reduction from the previous fiscal year. The 75% decrease in general revenues in business-type activities is primarily due to a significant decrease in investment income from the previous year.

Total program expenses in governmental activities increased by 1% from the previous year with a significant increase occurring in general government and parks, recreation and cultural arts offset by significant decreases in interest and public works. The increase in general government expenses was primarily due to the Community Redevelopment Agency purchasing two locations totaling over \$ 5 million in fiscal year 2021. The decrease in interest expenses is due to two bonds being completely paid off during fiscal year 2020, which still had some interest expenses during fiscal year 2020: General Obligation Refunding, Series 2008B and Public Improvement Revenue, Series 2004. The increase in the parks, recreation and cultural arts department is offset by the decrease in public works department expenses due to transferring seven employees (along with two vehicles and their operating expenses) that handle park maintenance in January 2021 from the public works department to the parks, recreation and cultural arts department.

Program expenses of business-type activities decreased by 7%. This was primarily due to decreases in personnel services and maintenance. There was some offsetting increases in administration expenses.

Overall, net position increased 6% for the year, with a 7% increase noted for governmental activities and a 1% increase noted for business-type activities.

The table below presents a summary of changes in net position for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, as derived from the Government-Wide Statement of Activities:

Table 2
Summary of Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	Gove	rnmental Activ	ities	Busine	ss-Type Activ	ities		Total	
	2021	2020	Change	2021	2020	Change	2021	2020	Change
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 37,509	\$ 39,404	-5%	\$ 26,380	\$ 25,055	5% \$	63,889	\$ 64,459	-1%
Operating grants and									
contributions	6,456	12,717	-49%	-	-	-	6,456	12,717	-49%
Capital grants and									
contributions	436	1,260	-65%	124	208	-40%	560	1,468	-62%
Total program revenues	44,401	53,381	-17%	26,504	25,263	5%	70,905	78,644	-10%
General revenues:									
Ad Valorem, operating	58,500	55,345	6%	-	-	-	58,500	55,345	6%
Ad Valorem, debt service	2,663	2,807	-5%	-	-	-	2,663	2,807	-5%
Utility service taxes	9,374	9,265	1%	-	-	-	9,374	9,265	1%
Other general taxes	3,996	4,116	-3%	-	-	-	3,996	4,116	-3%
Franchise fees	11,027	10,279	7%	_	_	_	11,027	10,279	7%
Intergovernmental, not	,		.,.				,	,	.,.
restricted for specific									
purposes	16,350	14,104	16%	71	_	100%	16,421	14,104	16%
Investment income	236	2,941	-92%	69	1,365	-95%	305	4,306	-93%
		•			•			•	
Miscellaneous	3,810	4,012	-5%	257	216	19%	4,067	4,228	-4%
Total general									
revenues	105,956	102,869	3%	397	1,581	-75%	106,353	104,450	2%
revenues	103,330	102,803	3/0	337	1,381	-7370	100,333	104,430	270
Total revenues	150,357	156,250	-4%	26,901	26,844	0%	177,258	183,094	-3%
Program expenses:									
General government	12,644	9,513	33%	-	-	-	12,644	9,513	33%
Building and engineering	6,675	6,780	-2%	-	-	-	6,675	6,780	-2%
Public safety - police	52,872	53,663	-1%	-	-	-	52,872	53,663	-1%
Public safety - fire	34,597	34,845	-1%	-	-	-	34,597	34,845	-1%
Public works	13,280	14,208	-7%	-	-	-	13,280	14,208	-7%
Parts, recreation and	•	,					•	,	
cultural arts	7,168	6,980	3%	_	_	_	7,168	6,980	3%
Interest	667	734	-9%	_	_	_	667	734	-9%
Water and sewer	-	-	-	26,256	28,141	-7%	26,256	28,141	-7%
vvater and sewer		. ——		20,230	20,141	770	20,230	20,141	770
Total expenses	127,903	126,723	1%	26,256	28,141	-7%	154,159	154,864	0%
·									
Reassignment of									
capital assets		4,818	-100%		(4,818)	-100%			
Transfers in (out)		754	-100%		(754)	-100%			
Change in net position	22,454	35,099	-36%	645	(6,869)	-109%	23,099	28,230	-18%
Net position,									
beginning of year	300,759	265,660	13%	64,460	71,329	-10%	365,219	336,989	8%
Segnining of year	300,739	203,000	13/0	0-7,400	11,323	-10/0	303,213	330,363	0/0
Net position,									
•	\$ 323,213	\$ 300,759	7%	\$ 65,105	\$ 64,460	1% \$	388,318	\$ 365,219	6%
cha or year	323,213	7 300,733	, , , 0	05,105	07,700	1/0	300,310	303,213	070

Individual Fund Performance

Governmental Funds Types

In the General Fund, the Town's revenues exceeded its expenditures by nearly \$ 21.6 million while the overall fund balance decreased by about \$ 1 million due to the Town transferring out approximately \$ 19 million for capital projects. The Community Endowment Fund did have an increase in fund balance of about \$ 4K. The amount available in this fund for Community Obligations is approximately \$ 189K.

The Community Redevelopment Agency had a decrease in their fund balance of approximately \$ 2.3 million. The amount available in the Community Redevelopment Agency now stands at approximately \$ 5.1 million, which is primarily due to a carryover from operating reserves. The Community Redevelopment Agency no longer has any remaining proceeds from a \$ 20 million issuance of Community Redevelopment Bonds in FY 2011, which were refunded during the year ended September 30, 2013.

For the other Special Revenue Funds, the approximate amounts available are as follows: Community Development Block Grant, \$ 296K; State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP), \$ 31K; Parks and Open Space Impact Fees, \$ 988K; Fire Impact Fees, \$ 1.1 million; Police Impact Fees, \$ 201K; Forfeitures, \$ 560K; General Government Impact Fees, \$ 918K; and Affordable Housing, \$ 516K.

The Capital Projects Fund provided projects of approximately \$ 9.4 million to the community this year, compared with approximately \$ 12.8 million in the previous year. Nearly \$ 2.9 million was spent on Town Hall (and temporary Town Hall), \$ 964K on Fire Engine and Equipment, \$ 916K on Park Improvement and Upgrades, \$ 742K on Nova Drive and \$ 533K on College Avenue Improvements.

Proprietary Fund Types

Enterprise Funds: The Town's Water and Sewer System experienced an operating income of \$ 4.1 million, compared to an operating income of \$ 1.3 million in FY 2020. The operations resulted in a pledged revenue coverage of 1.78x, which is an increase from FY 2020 which was 1.46x. The minimum pledged revenue coverage requirement is 1.15x. In January 2008, the Town's Council approved a water and sewer rate study which included recommended increases to the Town's water and sewer rates through September 2012, all of which were implemented as recommended and with increases beyond September 2012, based on Consumer Price Index compared to a set rate. This Council adopted rate increase helped contribute to the Town's ability to maintain the coverage ratio over the last several years. As part of monitoring the coverage requirement, the Town is finalizing a Master Plan Study for our Water and Sewer System. The Master Plan Study will give the Town guidance as to the necessary steps to ensure proper revenue coverage compliance. Additionally, the Town recently replaced all of our water and sewer meters which has generated additional revenue.

Internal Service Funds: The Vehicle Maintenance Fund net position increased by approximately \$ 376K resulting in a net position of approximately \$ 13.7 million, of which approximately \$ 4.1 million is unrestricted. The increase is due to not spending everything that was budgeted for operations. Vehicle charge rates to departments are reviewed periodically and adjusted accordingly. When the Town built a new garage facility several years ago, it was completed utilizing funding from the unrestricted net position of the fund which was sufficient to cover all anticipated outlays without affecting working capital needs.

The Self-Insurance Fund net position increased by approximately \$ 1.8 million resulting in a net position of approximately \$ 16.9 million, of which the full amount is unrestricted. The increase in the net position is due primarily to less than anticipated claims and less than anticipated administrative costs.

The Information Technology Fund net position increased by approximately \$ 1.3 million resulting in a net position of approximately \$ 7.9 million, of which approximately \$ 6.7 million is unrestricted. This fund is accumulating enough resources to sustain its operations. This Fund continues to focus on ensuring that the net position is sufficient to accommodate for the Town's planned improvements to information technology.

The use of these funds has served to insulate recurring capital replacement needs from the volatile budgetary process. As a result, the Town's needs for vehicles and information systems component replacement and maintenance have been adequately addressed.

Fiduciary Funds Types

The Town's pension funds posted increases of approximately \$89.4 million to the net position of the plans. The combined fair market value of the plans' holdings is \$496.7 million as of September 30, 2021. The net position held for pension and other post-employment benefits of the various trusts, total approximately \$502.5 million.

Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

Budget variance reporting is only included for the General Fund. Summarized below are the significant final variances accompanied by an explanation:

General Fund

 General Government, Favorable \$ 2.2 million. The personnel services favorable variance is primarily attributed as a result of unplanned vacancies during the year, in which some of those savings was used towards overtime. The operating favorable variance is due to not spending the budgeted amounts on legal expenses, special projects, contingency, insurance premiums, contractual services and training and education expenses.

- Public Safety, Favorable \$ 6.1 million. The personnel services favorable variance is primarily attributed as a result of unplanned vacancies during the year, in which some of those savings was used towards overtime. The operating favorable variance is due to not spending the full budgeted amounts on contractual services, electric, uniforms, fuel, communications, and training and education expenses. The capital outlay favorable variance is due to not spending budgeted grant related expenses.
- Public Works, Favorable \$ 1.4 million. The favorable variance in personnel services is primarily the result of unplanned vacancies during the year, in which some of those savings was used towards overtime. Additionally, savings was recognized based on the lower than anticipated actual expenses for contractual maintenance and electric.
- Parks, recreation and cultural arts, Favorable \$ 990K. The favorable variance is primarily the
 result of unplanned vacancies during the year, in which some of those savings was used
 towards overtime. Additionally, savings was recognized based on the lower than anticipated
 actual expenses for special projects, contractual services, electric, parks maintenance and
 training and education expenses.

Significant Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Activity

Debt has been issued as part of a long-term financing mechanism for some of the capital projects or significant capital outlay items. Additionally, the Town has utilized one-time revenue sources (for example General Fund Unrestricted Reserves) to also fund some capital projects.

The Town currently has ten (10) outstanding long-term debt issues as follows: two (2) General/Limited Obligation Bonds, two (2) Community Redevelopment Bonds, five (5) Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, and a loan (1) with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Clean Water State Revolving Loan Program. Additional information related to long-term debt activity can be found under Note 9 to the financial statements.

The Town spent approximately \$ 15.4 million in governmental funds on capital assets. Of this amount, the Town spent over \$ 5 million from the CRA on the purchase of two properties (4223 SW 64th Avenue and 6511 SW 45th Ave), \$ 2.9 million on Town Hall (and temporary Town Hall), \$ 964K on Fire Engine and Equipment, \$ 916K on Park Improvement and Upgrades, \$ 742K on Nova Drive and \$ 533K on College Avenue Improvements.

Approximately \$ 2.9 million in new capital assets was provided for in business-type activities, in which significant portions were related to the collection system rehabilitation, meters, equipment and equipment replacement, water main replacement, lift station pumps and motors and lift station rehabilitation.

Capital contributions from developers in the Water and Sewer system amounted to approximately \$ 123K, representing mostly contributions-in-aid of construction.

Additional information related to capital assets can be found under Note 6 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In the conduct of municipal government, various lawsuits, commitments, and contingencies will arise. Disclosure of these items appear in the accompanying notes to this report.

Florida has many limiting measures on residential property taxes, and all affect the Town. The first \$25,000 of assessed value is exempt from taxation on homestead property. A second \$25,000 exemption is available but only applies to the portion of the assessed value between \$50,000 and \$75,000 (excluding taxes paid to the School Board). Florida's Constitution further limits taxable values on homestead property through the Save-Our-Homes amendment. Although an increase in property values is anticipated in the future, Homestead property is limited to a maximum 3% increase in assessed value per year, or less if inflation is less, while commercial property is limited to a maximum 10% increase in assessed value per year. The Town's taxable value decreased over a four-year period, fiscal year 2009 through 2012. The taxable value has increased annually starting in fiscal year 2013 and the Town has fully recovered. FY 2021 represents the highest taxable value in the Town's history. There is no direct correlation with respect to the Town's tax base and the Town's budget as the former will likely not grow as quickly as the latter.

Additionally, the Town has a Community Redevelopment Agency that is making improvements on the east-side of the Town. This Agency encompasses an area which has most of the industrial lands within the Town. The growth in this area's tax base will benefit the component unit and not the governmental activities of the Town, restricting the Town's revenue growth potential even further until the Community Redevelopment Agency expires.

The Town's bargaining groups will continue to request for improve pay, benefits, and working conditions. Given the increasing cost of personnel, coupled with moderately increasing revenues, the Town continues to face a structural budget issue whereas the pace of expenses continues to exceed revenues. The Town has recognized this structural issue and will continue to address it and find solutions.

The Town is located within Broward County in South Florida. Davie is a desirable location for both residences and businesses. Fortunately, the "leading indicators" of growth, such as platting of parcels of lands, site plans of lands, requested land use and zoning changes, continue to increase, indicating the outlook for growth is somewhat positive. The Town is very heavily weighted towards residential properties and the mix of land use could be a problem in the future. The Town currently levies slightly more than half its legally available millage rate.

Impacting fiscal year 2008, the State Legislature required property tax revenues to be rolled back to fiscal year 2007 levels, and then required to be reduced by another 9%. This resulted in a net reduction in property tax revenues of 6% for fiscal year 2008. The Town's fiscal year 2010 and 2011 budget reflected similar operating millage rates, an increase from fiscal year 2009 to help offset the reduction in the assessed property tax values and does not recapture the loss in property tax revenue suffered from the implementation of the State Legislature requirements. The Town slightly lowered the operating millage for fiscal year 2012 and then maintained it for FY 2013. In order to offset increasing operating expenditures and address the structural budget issues, the Town increased the operating millage for FY 2014, which was kept the same for fiscal year 2015. In a symbolic gesture, the Town slightly reduced the operating millage for FY 2016 and had a slight reduction for FY 2017. During the FY 2018 Budget process, it was noted that future ad valorem revenue could decrease if the voters throughout the State of Florida voted for an increase in the homestead exemption. In preparation for this possibility, the Town increased the millage rate for FY 2018. The revenue that was generated from the increased millage rate was budgeted to be used towards necessary capital projects and would be used in the future to offset the loss of revenue if the homestead exemption was approved. Although the voters did not approve the additional homestead exemption initiative, the Town maintained the operating millage rate for FY 2019, FY 2020 and FY 2021 and continued to set aside some funding towards necessary capital projects.

The Town's adopted FY 2022 budget is \$ 262.0 million, which is approximately a \$ 26.7 million (or 11%) increase from the original adopted FY 2021 budget of \$ 235.3 million. The primary reason for the increase in the Town's budget relates to a \$ 12.3 million increase in the General Fund and an \$ 11.6 million increase in the Water & Sewer Fund. The increase in the General Fund is anticipated due to the following two reasons: first, the Town is significantly increasing the amount of funding that is being transferred to the Capital Projects Fund to fund future (and current) capital projects. Second, the General Fund includes step (merit) increases and cost of living adjustments (cola) for most members of each bargaining unit and non-represented employees of the Town. Since personnel expenses are 71% of the General Fund budget, these merit and cola adjustments had a significant impact on the FY 2022 General Fund Budget.

The increase in the Water and Sewer Fund is due to the following two reasons: first, when the Town recently refunded a Water & Sewer bond, the Town recognized some long-term savings as well as a one-time reduction that reduced our FY 2021 debt service budget. The one-time reduction that helped our FY 2021 budget no longer applied to our FY 2022 budget so our budget increased for FY 2022. Secondly, the Town significantly increased capital outlay based on the approved Capital Improvement Plan.

It is worth noting the continued unknown overall economic impact that the coronavirus COVID-19 pandemic will continue to have on the Town. As of the date of these financial statements, it is unknown how long the economic impacts will affect the Town, the State of Florida and/or the entire country. The Town will continue to use its resources to proactively protect the life, health and safety of the Town residents, business owners, employees and visitors.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, please contact the Town of Davie, Budget and Finance Department at 6591 Orange Drive, Davie, Florida, 33314-3399, or call (954) 797-1050.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Assets:			-			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	189,370,103	\$	42,090,727	\$	231,460,830
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	Y	-	Ψ	32,486,759	Ψ.	32,486,759
Receivables, net		3,997,237		2,136,691		6,133,928
Due from other governments		3,252,297		-//		3,252,297
Prepaid items		5,747,204		6,857		5,754,061
Inventories		45,729		738,784		784,513
Other assets		-		148,688		148,688
Capital assets not being depreciated		75,626,508		10,364,198		85,990,706
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		122,718,948		106,134,828		228,853,776
Net other post employment benefits (OPEB) asset		1,093,195		87,289		1,180,484
Total assets	_	401,851,221	-	194,194,821		596,046,042
Defermed Outflows of Bossesses	_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	, ,		· · ·
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		27 220 260		1 672 165		20,000,422
Deferred outflows relating to pensions		37,228,268		1,672,165		38,900,433
Deferred outflows relating to other post employment		112 407		0.000		122.007
benefits (OPEB)		113,407		9,690		123,097
Deferred charge on refunding	_			4,617,574		4,617,574
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	37,341,675	-	6,299,429		43,641,104
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		11,711,357		1,529,215		13,240,572
Insurance claims payable		2,375,565		-		2,375,565
Other liabilities		855,502		_		855,502
Unearned revenues		11,037,558		_		11,037,558
Customer deposits - payable from restricted assets		,,		774,321		774,321
Accrued interest payable		127,817		1,768,823		1,896,640
Due within one year:		127,017		1,700,023		1,030,010
Compensated absences payable		4,457,447		269,632		4,727,079
Bonds and notes payable		3,772,593		4,612,847		8,385,440
Due in more than one year:		3,772,333		4,012,047		0,303,440
Net pension liability		48,406,859		577,553		48,984,412
Compensated absences payable		6,440,194		218,574		6,658,768
Bonds and notes payable		19,606,704		124,938,064		144,544,768
Total liabilities	_		-			
	_	108,791,596		134,689,029		243,480,625
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows relating to pensions		7,010,658		685,779		7,696,437
Deferred inflows relating to other post employment						
benefits (OPEB)	_	176,829	-	14,902		191,731
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	7,187,487	-	700,681		7,888,168
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		174,093,393		(9,111,298)		164,982,095
Restricted for:						
Renewal and replacement, and capital replacement		-		26,926,816		26,926,816
Building services		4,329,448		-		4,329,448
Debt service		172,000		4,785,622		4,957,622
Community redevelopment		5,090,752		-		5,090,752
Community development projects and services		295,546		-		295,546
State housing initiatives		30,888		-		30,888
Parks and recreation - parks and open space		987,885		_		987,885
Public safety - fire		1,081,300		-		1,081,300
Public safety - police		760,260		_		760,260
General government activities		918,147		_		918,147
Affordable housing		515,737		-		515,737
Unrestricted		134,938,457		42,503,400		177,441,857
	_					

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 **Statement of Activities** Town of Davie, Florida

			Program Revenues		9N	Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position	and n
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs: Governmental activities:						•	
General government	\$ 12,643,662	5 1,883,276	\$ 6,322,336	\$ 786,/18	\$ (4,151,332)	٠ ٠	\$ (4,151,332) 328,607
Building and engineering Public safety - police	52,871,670	7,208,156		138.269	(45.525,245)		(45,525,245)
Public safety - fire	34,597,375	20,467,428	13,968	10,728	(14,105,251)	•	(14,105,251)
Public works	13,279,847	326,848	118,540		(12,834,459)	1	(12,834,459)
Parks, recreation and cultural arts	7,167,759	709,726	1,500	1	(6,456,533)	1	(6,456,533)
Interest on long-term debt	667,153	•			(667,153)	•	(667,153)
Total governmental activities	127,902,420	37,508,995	6,456,344	435,715	(83,501,366)		(83,501,366)
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	26,255,756	26,379,996	1	123,477		247,717	247,717
Total business-type activities	26,255,756	26,379,996	,	123,477	'	247,717	247,717
Total	\$ 154,158,176	\$ 63,888,991	\$ 6,456,344	\$ 559,192	(83,501,366)	247,717	(83,253,649)
	Į ŏ ž ž	aneral revenues: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes, levied for general purposes Ad valorem taxes, levied for debt service Utility service taxes Other general taxes Franchise fees on gross receipts Intergovernmental, not restricted for specific purposes Investment income Miscellaneous Change in net position et position, beginning of year	l purposes rvice specific purposes		58,500,437 2,662,520 9,374,155 3,995,604 11,027,274 16,349,765 236,407 3,809,915 105,956,077 22,454,711 300,759,102	71,246 69,072 256,709 397,027 644,744 64,459,796 \$ 65,104,540	58,500,437 2,662,520 9,374,155 3,995,604 11,027,274 16,421,011 305,479 4,066,624 106,353,104 23,099,455 365,218,898

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

	General	Community Endowment	Community Redevelopmen Agency	t Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	Jeneral	2downient	Agency	110,000	1 41143	i unus
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Receivables:	\$ 124,367,848	\$ 189,448	\$ 5,155,497	\$ 27,643,924	\$ 5,046,384	\$ 162,403,101
Property taxes, net Utility taxes and franchise fees, net	88,384	-	-	-	-	88,384
Other	2,485,271 1,219,686	-	-	-	-	2,485,271 1,219,686
Due from other governments	2,107,035	- -	- -	- -	1,145,262	3,252,297
Due from other funds	-	_	-	14,975,901	-	14,975,901
Prepaid items	309,135	-	-	48,965	-	358,100
Total assets	\$ 130,577,359	\$ 189,448	\$ 5,155,497	\$ 42,668,790	\$ 6,191,646	\$ 184,782,740
Liabilities:				-		
Accounts payable and					4	A
accrued liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 9,357,669	\$ -	\$ 64,745	\$ 993,677	\$ 544,166	\$ 10,960,257
Due to other funds	845,002 14,310,500	500	-	10,000	- 665,401	855,502 14,975,901
Unearned revenues	9,708,367	-	- -	936,875	392,316	11,037,558
Total liabilities		500	64.745		1,601,883	·
	34,221,538	500	64,745	1,940,552	1,001,883	37,829,218
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental and charges						
for services	582,469					582,469
Total deferred inflows of resources	582,469			<u> </u>		582,469
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures	309,135	-	-	48,965	-	358,100
Restricted for:						
Building services	4,329,448	-	-	-	-	4,329,448
Debt service	172,000	-	- F 000 7F3	-	-	172,000
Community redevelopment Community development	-	-	5,090,752	-	-	5,090,752
projects and services	_	_	_	_	295,546	295,546
State housing initiatives	_	_	_	_	30,888	30,888
Parks and recreation -						,
parks and open space	-	-	-	-	987,885	987,885
Public safety - fire	-	-	-	-	1,081,300	1,081,300
Public safety - police	-	-	-	-	760,260	760,260
General government activities	-	-	-	-	918,147	918,147
Affordable housing	-	-	-	-	515,737	515,737
Committed to: Hurricane/emergency and disaster						
recovery operating reserves	37,625,842	-	_	_	_	37,625,842
Community obligations	- , 5, 5	188,948	-	-	-	188,948
Capital projects	-	-	-	39,679,273	-	39,679,273
Wetland mitigation	608,822	-	-	1,000,000	-	1,608,822
Tree preservation	1,023,896	-	-	-	-	1,023,896
Assigned to:						
Subsequent year's expenditures	8,827,267	-	-	-	-	8,827,267
Engineering services	2,080,334	-	-	-	-	2,080,334
Unassigned	40,796,608	-	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	40,796,608
Total fund balances	95,773,352	188,948	5,090,752	40,728,238	4,589,763	146,371,053
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ <u>130,577,359</u>	\$ 189,448	\$ <u>5,155,497</u>	\$ 42,668,790	\$ 6,191,646	\$ <u>184,782,740</u>

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 146,371,053
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Cost of capital assets is Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 432,654,695 (234,309,239)	198,345,456
Accrued interest payable not reported in the governmental funds.		(127,817)
Certain revenues are considered deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements due to availability of funds; under full accrual accounting they are considered revenues.		582,469
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Net pension liability Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences	(48,406,859) (23,379,297) (10,897,641)	(82,683,797)
Other post employment benefits (OPEB) asset, is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the government funds.		1,093,195
Certain funds related to pension and other post employment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities; are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Prepaid pension contributions	4,180,795	
Deferred outflows relating to pensions	37,228,268	
Deferred outflows relating to other post employment benefits (OPEB)	113,407	
Deferred inflows relating to pensions Deferred inflows relating to other post employment	(7,010,658)	
benefits (OPEB)	(176,829)	34,334,983
Internal services funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities, other than capital assets and long-		
term liabilities already included above.		25,298,271
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 323,213,813

		General		Community Endowment	R	Community Redevelopment Agency		Capital Projects	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:											_	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	61,162,957	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	61,162,957
Utility service taxes		9,374,155		-		-		-		-		9,374,155
Franchise fees		10,942,939		84,335		-		-		-		11,027,274
Intergovernmental		17,109,108		-		3,284,727		650,409		2,922,589		23,966,833
Other general taxes		3,995,604		-		-		-		-		3,995,604
Permits and fees		6,660,873		-		-		-		162,558		6,823,431
Charges for services		15,884,095		-		5,973		-		326,765		16,216,833
Fire assessments		13,503,267		-		-		-		- -		13,503,267
Fines and forfeitures		983,933		-		-		-		138,269		1,122,202
Investment income		184,372		30,956		19,311		232		1,536		236,407
Miscellaneous		3,727,191		740	_		_	83,484	_	-	_	3,811,415
Total revenues		143,528,494	ļ	116,031	_	3,310,011	_	734,125	-	3,551,717	-	151,240,378
Expenditures:												
General government:												
General services department:												
Personnel services		6,680,559		-		298,051		-		251,069		7,229,679
Operating		3,914,856		112,059		1,039,682		-		2,127,262		7,193,859
Capital outlay		105,868		-		5,435,988		-		366,661		5,908,517
. ,	•	10,701,283		112,059	_	6,773,721	_	-	-	2,744,992	-	20,332,055
Building and	•	-, - ,		,	-		-		-	, ,	•	-,,
engineering division:												
Personnel services		4,780,128		_		-		_		_		4,780,128
Operating		1,550,831		_		-		_		_		1,550,831
Capital outlay		45,509		_		-		_		_		45,509
capital callay		6,376,468		-	_	-	_	-	-	_	•	6,376,468
Total general												
government		17,077,751	·	112,059	_	6,773,721	_	-	-	2,744,992	_	26,708,523
Public safety:												
Police department:												
Personnel services		41,676,678		-		-		-		-		41,676,678
Operating		8,093,372		-		-		-		417,067		8,510,439
Capital outlay		543,613		_		-		_		314,406		858,019
	•	50,313,663		-	-	-	-	-	-	731,473	•	51,045,136
Fire department:	•				_				-	·		
Personnel services		31,512,605		-		-		-		-		31,512,605
Operating		4,586,636		-		-		-		157,937		4,744,573
Capital outlay		201,039		-		-		-		, -		201,039
, ,		36,300,280		-	_	-	_	-	-	157,937	•	36,458,217
Total public safety		86,613,943	ļ		_		_	-	_	889,410	-	87,503,353

Town of Davie, Florida
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021
(continued)

	General Fund	Community Endowment	Community Redevelopment Agency	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Expenditures (continued):			geey			
Public works:						
Personnel services	4,545,894	-	-	-	-	4,545,894
Operating	4,959,140	-	-	-	-	4,959,140
Capital outlay	75,187					75,187
Total public works	9,580,221				<u> </u>	9,580,221
Parks, recreation and						
cultural arts:						
Personnel services	3,364,709	-	-	-	-	3,364,709
Operating	1,702,932	-	-	-	6,337	1,709,269
Capital outlay	183,116		=		244,282	427,398
Total parks, recreation and cultural arts	5,250,757	_	_	_	250,619	5,501,376
and calculat arts	3,230,737				250,015	3,301,370
Non-departmental:						
Operating	760,540	-				760,540
Total non-departmental	760,540					760,540
Debt service:						
Principal	2,200,000	-	1,480,541	_	_	3,680,541
Interest and other	_,,		_, ,			-,,-
fiscal charges	439,411		249,320			688,731
Total debt service	2,639,411		1,729,861			4,369,272
Capital outlay				9,433,359		9,433,359
Total expenditures	121,922,623	112,059	8,503,582	9,433,359	3,885,021	143,856,644
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	21,605,871	3,972	(5,193,571)	(8,699,234)	(333,304)	7,383,734
Other Financina Services (Heas):						
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	251 212		2.007.240	20 007 125		22 265 707
	351,313	-	2,907,349	20,007,125	(22.602)	23,265,787
Transfers out	(22,949,099)			(351,313)	(32,603)	(23,333,015)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(22,597,786)		2,907,349	19,655,812	(32,603)	(67,228)
Net change in						
fund balances	(991,915)	3,972	(2,286,222)	10,956,578	(365,907)	7,316,506
Fund Balances, beginning of year	96,765,267	184,976	7,376,974	29,771,660	4,955,670	139,054,547
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 95,773,352	\$ 188,948	\$ 5,090,752	\$ 40,728,238	\$ 4,589,763	146,371,053

Town of Davie, Florida Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	7,316,506
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.				
Expenditures for capital assets, net Less: current year depreciation	\$ _	15,390,713 (7,713,862)		7,676,851
Revenues that are earned but not received within the availability period are recognized in the statement of activities when earned and subsequently recognized in the governmental fund financial statements as they become available. The net difference is recorded as a reconciling item.				(883,247)
Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				3,680,541
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:				
Change in other post employment benefits (OPEB) asset Change in net pension liability Change in prepaid pension contributions Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences	_	51,375 14,932,188 181,504 21,578 (295,209)		14,891,436
Certain changes related to pension and other post employment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities; are not reported in the net change in the governmental funds:				
Change in deferred outflows relating to pensions Change in deferred outflows relating to other post employment benefits (OPEB) Change in deferred inflows relating to pensions Change in deferred inflows relating to other post		(11,453,651) (19,269) (2,050,581)		
employment benefits (OPEB)	_	57,096		(13,466,405)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The allocated change in net position of the internal service funds is reported				
with governmental activities.			, –	3,239,029
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ <u></u>	22,454,711

	Water and Sewer (Major Fund)	Internal Service Funds
Assets:		
Current assets:		
Cash, cash equivalents and investments \$	39,691,564	\$ 29,366,165
Restricted cash, cash equivalents		
and investments	32,486,759	-
Receivables, net of allowance for		
uncollectibles	2,136,691	203,896
Prepaid items	6,857	1,208,309
Inventories	738,784	45,729
Total current assets	75,060,655	30,824,099
Noncurrent assets:		
Other assets	148,688	-
Net other post employment		
benefits (OPEB) asset	87,289	-
Capital assets:		
Land	7,331,847	-
Construction in progress	3,032,351	648,831
Buildings and improvements	125,548,607	2,662,720
Infrastructure	25,868,599	-
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	46,088,327	26,018,365
Less accumulated depreciation	(91,370,705)	(18,526,147)
Net capital assets	116,499,026	10,803,769
Total noncurrent assets	116,735,003	10,803,769
Total assets	191,795,658	41,627,868
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred outflows relating to pensions	1,672,165	-
Deferred outflows relating to other	, , ,	
post employment benefits (OPEB)	9,690	-
Deferred charge on refunding	4,617,574	
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,299,429	

	Water and Sewer (Major Fund)	Internal Service Funds
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,529,215	751,100
Compensated absences payable	269,632	-
Insurance claims payable	- 1 700 022	2,375,565
Accrued interest payable Bonds and notes payable, current	1,768,823 4,612,847	<u>-</u>
Total current liabilities	8,180,517	3,126,665
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Customer deposits - payable from		
restricted assets	774,321	-
Net pension liability	577,553	-
Compensated absences payable Bonds and notes payable	218,574 124,938,064	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	126,508,512	
Total liabilities	134,689,029	3,126,665
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		3,120,003
Deferred inflows relating to pensions	685,779	-
Deferred inflows relating to other	,	
post employment benefits (OPEB)	14,902	
Total deferred inflows of resources	700,681	
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	(9,111,298)	10,803,769
Restricted for renewal and replacement, and capital replacement	26,926,816	_
Restricted for debt service	4,785,622	-
Unrestricted	40,104,237	27,697,434
Total net position	\$ 62,705,377	\$ 38,501,203
Explanation of difference between proprietary funds statement of net position and the government-wide statement of net position:		
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as vehicle maintenance, insurance and information technology, to individual funds. The portion attributable to business-type activities is reflected here and the residual assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position.	2,399,163	
Total net position - government-wide statement	A 0-10	
of net position	\$ 65,104,540	

	Water and Sewer (Major Fund)	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:	6 26 270 006	6 20 526 570
Charges for services	\$ 26,379,996	\$ 29,526,579
Operating expenses:	F 09C 901	2 020 052
Personnel services Professional fees	5,986,801 630,740	2,829,053
Utilities	1,594,714	<u>-</u>
Supplies and materials	921,682	-
Maintenance	1,492,075	4,433,471
Insurance	245,644	3,790,167
Claims and other fees	-	11,437,525
Administration	2,601,200	2,206,754
Other	734,386	-
Depreciation and amortization	8,109,537	2,434,047
Total operating expenses	22,316,779	27,131,017
Operating income (loss)	4,063,217	2,395,562
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Intergovernmental	71,246	-
Other income, net	256,709	996,841
Investment income	69,072	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	(4,159,579)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(3,762,552)	996,841
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	300,665	3,392,403
Contributions and transfers:		
Capital contributions	123,477	-
Transfers from (to) other funds		67,228
Total contributions and transfers	123,477	67,228
Change in net position	424,142	3,459,631
Net position, beginning of year	62,281,235	35,041,572
Net position, end of year	\$ 62,705,377	\$ 38,501,203
Explanation of difference between proprietary funds statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and the government-wide statement of activities:		
Change in net position - proprietary funds financial statements	\$ 424,142	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as vehicle maintenance, insurance and information technology, to individual funds. The portion attributable to business-type activities is reflected here.	220,602	
Change in net position - government-wide statement of activities	\$ 644,744	
Change in het position - government-wide statement of activities	> 044,744	

		Water and Sewer (Major Fund)		Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating				
Activities: Receipts from customers	\$	26,227,017	\$	
Receipts from interfund charges Payments to suppliers and service	Ş	-	Ş	29,570,057
providers		(8,629,871)		(22,655,773)
Payments to employees		(5,898,291)		(2,777,332)
Other receipts		327,955		918,426
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		12,026,810		5,055,378
Cash Flows from Non Capital Financing Activities:				
Transfers from (to) other funds				67,228
Net cash provided by (used in) non capital financing activities		-		67,228
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of				
capital assets, net Principal retirements on debt		(2,331,125) (2,933,149)		(3,262,261)
Interest and other fiscal charges paid on capital debt		(3,367,555)		-
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets		-		192,511
Capital contributions		123,477		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing				
activities		(8,508,352)		(3,069,750)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Investment income		69,072		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		69,072		
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents				
and investments		3,587,530		2,052,856

Town of Davie, Florida Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (continued)

		Water and Sewer (Major Fund)	Internal Service Funds
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, beginning of year		68,590,793	27,313,309
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, end of year	\$	72,178,323	\$ 29,366,165
Cash, cash equivalents and investments per Statement of Net Position:			
Unrestricted	\$	39,691,564	\$ 29,366,165
Restricted	*	32,486,759	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	72,178,323	\$ 29,366,165
Operating income (loss)	\$	4,063,217	\$ 2,395,562
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Other operating revenues, net		327,955	918,426
Depreciation and amortization		8,109,537	2,434,047
(Increase) decrease in assets: Receivables, net		104,675	43,478
Prepaid items		10,345	(199,533)
Inventories		(82,542)	6,803
Net other post employment benefits		, , ,	
(OPEB) asset		(3,877)	-
Deferred outflows relating			
to pensions		420,746	-
Deferred outflows relating to other		1 454	
post employment benefits (OPEB) Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		1,454	-
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities			
and compensated absences		(349,156)	(935,761)
Insurance claims payable		-	392,356
Customer deposits		(257,654)	-
Net pension liability		(221,520)	-
Deferred inflows relating to pensions		(92,061)	=
Deferred inflows relating to other post employment benefits (OPEB)		(4,309)	_
. , ,			2.650.046
Total adjustments		7,963,593	2,659,816
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	12,026,810	\$ 5,055,378

Assets: Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 9,000,626
Investments, at fair value: Domestic equity funds Equity securities, including mutual funds Real estate investment funds International equity funds Fixed income funds Absolute return funds United States agency securities Corporate notes/debt securities United States treasuries Pooled separate accounts - self directed DROP	\$ 127,204,669 150,829,415 59,612,405 53,456,418 48,186,742 10,906,158 13,652,360 10,220,089 15,823,750 6,791,193	496,683,199
Receivables: Interest and dividends Contributions Securities sold Other		251,218 201,126 1,093 3,028
Prepaid expenses		1,089,207
Total assets		507,229,497
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payable for securities purchased Prepaid contributions		233,259 270,043 4,180,795
Total liabilities		4,684,097
Net Position: Net position restricted for pensions Net position restricted for other post-employment benefits		499,398,329 3,147,071
Total net position		\$ 502,545,400

Additions: Contributions:		
Employer	\$	14,981,934
Plan members	т.	3,547,141
Buy back		271,029
DROP account		594,364
State of Florida		2,046,593
Total contributions		21,441,061
Investment income:		
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		84,209,012
Interest and dividends, net		5,457,852
Total investment income		89,666,864
Less:		
Investment expenses		1,171,209
Net investment income		88,495,655
Total additions		109,936,716
Deductions:		
Benefits paid		19,797,581
Refunds of contributions		306,536
Administrative expenses		416,775
Total deductions		20,520,892
Change in net position		89,415,824
Net Position, beginning of year		413,129,576
Net Position, end of year	\$	502,545,400

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Davie, Florida (the "Town") was first incorporated in 1925 and was subsequently dissolved as a municipal corporation by the State of Florida when local residents failed to adopt necessary taxing powers. The Town was reincorporated in 1961, as authorized by Special Acts – Chapter 61-2056 under the Laws of Florida, and exists as a Council-Administrator form of municipal government. All registered voters elect the Mayor and four Council members; each of the four Council members represents a specific district. The Mayor serves as chairperson of public meetings and executes certain documents authorized by charter, ordinance, or resolution. Each elected official serves a three-year term of office. Each year, the Council elects a Vice Mayor who serves in the capacity of the Mayor when the Mayor is unable to perform his or her duties.

The Town provides its residents and businesses with a full range of municipal services contemplated by state law or local charter. Services include police and fire, parks, recreation and cultural arts, community services, licensing and permitting, general administration, water and sewer utilities, public works and maintenance, development and redevelopment services, and code enforcement. Through franchise agreements, the Town also provides garbage disposal, electricity, and towing services.

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's governmental accounting policies are described below.

As required by various GASB Statements, the accompanying financial statements present the Town and its component unit, an entity for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. The Town is financially accountable if the Town Council appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and the Town is able to impose its will on that organization, or the Town has a financial benefit/burden relationship or operational responsibility with the organization. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the Town's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the Town.

Blended Component Unit - The Town of Davie Community Redevelopment Agency ("CRA"), although an entity legally separate from the Town, is governed by the Town's Council. In December 1988, Ordinance No. 88-75 created the Town of Davie Community Redevelopment Agency, pursuant to Sec. 163.330 et. seq., Florida Statutes. While the Town Council is not the CRA Board, the CRA's own five-member board, appointed by the Town Council, serves in the capacity of an advisory board since the CRA's annual budget, contracts, grants and all other actions must be authorized directly by resolutions of the Town Council. In addition, the Town has issued bonds to finance CRA projects and is financially responsible for the CRA. The CRA is reported as a blended component unit (special revenue fund) since its Board of Directors is the same as the governing body of the Town and the Town has the financial benefit/burden relationship and operational responsibility for the CRA relating to its assets and debts. All redevelopment activities of a contractual, financial and programmatic nature shall have a maximum duration of 30 years from date of adoption. The Town of Davie CRA is due to expire in 2027. The CRA is the Town's only component unit.

Separate financial statements have been prepared for the CRA. Effective for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the Florida Legislature enacted Chapter 2019-163, Laws of Florida, which amended Section 163.387(8), Florida Statues, to require that each CRA meeting the specified \$ 100,000 threshold provide for a separate audit and that the resultant audit report accompany the Town's annual financial report filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services. The CRA audit is to be separate from the audit of the County or the municipality that created the CRA, which must include within their reporting entities the CRA as a component unit. In addition, the separate CRA audit report must present stand-alone financial statements which include basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, management's discussion and analysis, and other required supplementary information.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> – There are currently no discretely presented component units for the Town.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Town. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund (enterprise and internal service funds) and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

All governmental fund financial statements are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town considers revenue to be available if it is collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that debt service on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due. Expenditures related to pension and other post-employment benefits are recognized when the Town has made a decision to fund those obligations with current available resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise fees, utility taxes, other general taxes, assessments, and investment earnings associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Permits, certain charges for services, fines and forfeitures, contributions and miscellaneous revenues are considered measurable and available when cash is received by the government. Revenue received in advance of fiscal year to which they apply is presented as unearned on the balance sheet.

Internal service funds of a government are presented in summary form as part of the proprietary fund financial statements. Since the principal users of the internal services are the Town's governmental activities, financial statements of internal service funds are consolidated mainly into the governmental column when presented at the government-wide level.

The Town's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds and fiduciary-type component units, as applicable, are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The financial transactions of the Town are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u>: The focus of governmental fund measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net position. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town:

General Fund (a major fund)

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Community Endowment, Special Revenue Fund (a major fund)

The Community Endowment Fund was established in a prior fiscal year with a fund transfer from a terminated General Employees' Pension Plan. The funds are to assist with certain unfunded liabilities; projects or programs that need capital creation that will be repaid over time; or community projects or charitable programs that have one-time needs.

Community Redevelopment Agency, Special Revenue Fund (a major fund)

The Community Redevelopment Agency Fund ("CRA") is used to account for the activities of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency, a blended component unit of the Town. The Town presents the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund as a major fund. Revenue is derived primarily from tax incremental revenue, which is the revenue that the CRA collects from the Town, Broward County, Central Broward Water Control District, Children's Services Council of Broward County, and the South & North Broward Hospital District. Those taxes are based on the incremental increase of the real property value and are dedicated to the redevelopment of the area. The annual audit of the Town included an evaluation of the CRA in light of the applicable requirements of Section 163.387, Florida Statues. Per the Town's management, the year end fund balance of \$ 5.1 million has been restricted for specific redevelopment projects pursuant to the Community Redevelopment Plan.

Capital Projects Fund (a major fund)

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the cost of acquiring, constructing, and placing into service those capital assets which are associated with activities in the governmental funds and are typically financed by the General Fund or long-term debt issues, which are repaid by the recurring operating revenues and assessments in the General Fund. Improvements made from resources provided by this fund are approved in the Town's ten-year capital program and generally have no regard for fiscal periods. In addition, the fund accounts for capital projects funded by the Broward County Transportation Surtax. These capital projects will focus on improved traffic management, transportation connectivity, transit service, and multimodal transportation options.

Community Development Block Grant, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Community Development Block Grant Fund is mainly used to account for the activities of the Town's grants received from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development and/or the State of Florida related to community development and housing.

State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP), Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Fund accounts for funds provided through the State of Florida's State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Program, to produce and preserve affordable homeownership and multifamily housing.

Parks and Open Space Impact Fees, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Parks and Open Space Impact Fees Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees received for its open space, parks and recreational facilities.

Fire Impact Fees, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Fire Impact Fees Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to the provision of fire and rescue services.

Police Impact Fees, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The *Police Impact Fees Fund* is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to the provision of law enforcement services.

Forfeitures, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Forfeitures Fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures from State and Federal forfeitures that the Town receives from various law enforcement agencies.

General Government Impact Fees, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The General Government Impact Fees Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to its general governmental services.

Affordable Housing Fund, Special Revenue Fund (a non-major fund)

The Affordable Housing Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of funds associated with the Town's affordable housing incentive program as defined in the Town's applicable Land Development Code.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u>: Proprietary Funds include Enterprise and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (including depreciation and amortization) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one Town department to another Town department on a cost reimbursement basis and to accumulate working capital for the renewal and replacement of assets in those funds. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the Town:

Water and Sewer, Enterprise Fund (a major fund)

The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the operations of the water and sewer utility system. The cost of operating the water and sewer system is recovered almost entirely by user charges. Tax dollars are not permanently used in this fund. The acquisition, maintenance, and improvement of the physical plant facilities are financed from existing cash resources, issuance of revenue bonds and state or federal grants.

Internal Service Fund for Vehicle Maintenance (a non-major fund)

The Internal Service Fund for Vehicle Maintenance is used to accumulate the cost of operating the central garage facility for vehicle and equipment maintenance. The cost allocation utilized provides for capital accumulation for the purpose of replacement vehicles. Costs of operating vehicles (replacement reserve, insurance reserve, maintenance, etc.) are established as a monthly rental rate per class of vehicle and the user department is charged for each vehicle it uses.

Internal Service Fund for Self-Insurance (a non-major fund)

The Internal Service Fund for Self-Insurance was established to account for and finance the Town's insured and uninsured risks of loss related to worker's compensation and employee health benefits.

Internal Service Fund for Information Technology (a non-major fund)

The Internal Service Fund for Information Technology is used to accumulate the costs associated with the acquisition and maintenance of information systems equipment, networks, software and support. The cost allocation utilized provides for operational costs of the IT department and for capital accumulation for the purpose of replacing and maintaining the Town's equipment.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the Town's programs. The reporting focus is upon net position and changes in net position and employs accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. The following is a description of the fiduciary funds of the Town:

Firefighters' Pension

The *Firefighters' Pension* is maintained solely for the retirement benefit of the firefighters employed by the Town.

Police Employees' Pension

The *Police Employees' Pension* is maintained solely for the retirement benefit of the sworn police officers employed by the Town.

Management and General Employees' Pension

The Management and General Employees' Pension is maintained solely for the retirement benefit of employees that are not represented under any other deferred benefit pension plan.

OPEB Trust

The *OPEB Trust* is maintained solely for the benefit of retired employees of the Town to provide specified post-employment health care benefits for participants.

D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds, with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund and the State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Fund. The SHIP Fund is budgeted together with the Community Development Block Grant Fund and has been presented in this report as legally adopted.

Per the Town's charter, interdepartmental budget transfers of \$ 5,000 and under may be approved by the Town Administrator and carried out by the Budget and Finance Department. Budget transfers exceeding \$ 5,000, budget transfers between departments in the same fund and all budget amendments require the approval by the Town Council. The Town Administrator may approve some interdepartmental transfers over \$ 5,000, if the Town Council has delegated such authority for the fiscal year and so long as the net change in a department's total appropriation is zero. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's "cash and cash equivalents" are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposits, money market funds, and deposits held with the State Board of Administration ("SBA") Investment pool. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

F. Investments

Investments are carried at estimated fair value. Unrealized gains and losses in fair value are recognized.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any remaining balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

The Town recognizes receivables in its various funds based on the accounting basis required for that fund. Allowances are provided for possible uncollectible accounts.

H. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost (first-in, first-out method) or weighted average method. Inventories are maintained on a consumption basis of accounting where items are purchased for inventory and charged as an expenditure/expense as items are consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items in the governmental fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable fund balance. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Town's proprietary fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because the funds are segregated and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants and other similar arrangements. The Town is required to maintain capital replacement, and renewal and replacement resources for unexpected contingencies or to fund asset renewals or replacements. See Note 8 for additional information.

J. Capital Assets

Property, plant, and equipment purchased or acquired at a minimum cost of \$ 1,500 is carried at historical cost. Where cost could not be determined from the available records, estimated historical cost was used to record the estimated value of the assets. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value at the date of acquisition, as applicable. Interest expense is capitalized in the enterprise funds during the time a project is under construction and begins upon the issuance of bonds to finance the construction of a capital asset. Capitalization begins when expenditure is made by a payment to a vendor from the bond proceeds. Depreciation has been provided over estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives for each major class of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Infrastructure	15-40 years
Buildings and improvements	15-30 years
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	5-20 years

Upon disposal of property, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposal reported currently. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs, and minor renewals and betterments are charged as incurred. Renewals and betterments of a major character are capitalized. In the fund financial statements, acquisition of capital assets is recorded as expenditure and no depreciation is recorded.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In general, the Town has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. The first is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the water and sewer fund – statement of net position and the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is the deferred outflows relating to the pension plans, and other post employment benefits, as applicable, and discussed in further detail in Notes 14 and 15.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In general, the Town has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. The first item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from intergovernmental revenue and certain charges for services. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item are the deferred inflows relating to the pension plans, and other post-employment benefits, as applicable, and discussed in further detail in Notes 14 and 15.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond issue costs are expensed at issuance. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premiums or discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, and principal payments, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit full-time employees to accumulate limited amounts of earned vacation leave and earned sick leave. Upon separation from service, employees may receive payment for all unused vacation time and, subject to length of service, generally from 50% to 75% of all unused sick leave.

Accumulated compensated absences are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when earned. Expenditures for accumulated compensated absences have been recorded in the governmental funds only if they have matured, (e.g., resulting from employee resignations and retirements).

N. Net Position and Fund Balance

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary funds is categorized as net investment in capital assets; restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets is the difference between the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets plus unspent bond proceeds, as applicable.

Restricted consists of net position with constraints placed on their use by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted indicates that portion of net position that is available to fund future operations.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

For fund balance disclosures, please refer to Note 10.

O. Pension Plans

As of year-end, the Town sponsors four pension plans: three defined benefit plans (Note 14) and a Money Purchase Plan (Note 13), covering substantially all of its full-time employees. The Town also has an Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) trust plan (Note 15) maintained for the health care benefit of retired employees. The investments of the pension plans and OPEB trust are all carried at fair value.

P. Unearned Revenues

Inflows that do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition, such as business tax receipts collected in advance, are recorded as unearned revenues in the governmental funds and the government-wide financial statements.

Q. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

R. Subsequent events

Subsequent events are evaluated by management through March 30, 2022, the date the financial statements were available for issuance.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

As required by Florida Statutes, the Town Council has adopted a written investment policy, which may, from time to time, be amended. Under the current policy, Town officials are generally authorized to invest funds in the Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (SBA Pool), intergovernmental investment pools, United States Government Securities, guaranteed agencies and sponsored agencies, commercial paper, corporate notes, taxable and/or tax-exempt municipal debt, asset-backed securities, interest bearing certificates of deposit or savings accounts, repurchase agreements, and registered investment companies-money market mutual funds. The Community Endowment Special Revenue Fund is authorized to invest in corporate equity securities in addition to the previously listed investments.

The Town's investment policy does not apply to funds not under the direct control of the Town; such as, the deferred contribution plan, deferred benefit plans (Firefighters, Police, Management and General), the OPEB trust fund, or accounts created under resolution or ordinance pursuant to the issuance of debt. The defined benefit pension plans' investment policy is determined by their respective Boards of Trustees and invests in securities as summarized in the tables below.

As of September 30, 2021, the Town had the following deposits and investments:

	Carrying Amount (Fair Value)								
	ų.	Primary Fiduciary							
Investment Type		Government	_	Funds		Total			
MCIET. Cana Diva Finad									
MSIFT - Core Plus Fixed		440 704				110 701			
Income Portfolio	\$	119,781	\$	-	\$	119,781			
Florida Municipal Investment Trust									
Funds		5,689,659		108,547,984		114,237,643			
United States treasuries		29,323,263		15,823,750		45,147,013			
United States agency securities		23,435,808		13,652,360		37,088,168			
Corporate notes/debt securities		19,302,085		10,220,089		29,522,174			
Fixed income funds		-		13,963,098		13,963,098			
Equity securities, including mutual									
funds		46,662		150,829,415		150,876,077			
Domestic equity funds		_		84,355,726		84,355,726			
International equity funds		-		31,143,381		31,143,381			
Real estate investment funds		-		50,450,045		50,450,045			
Absolute return funds		-		10,906,158		10,906,158			
State Board of Administration -									
Florida PRIME		24,782,220		-		24,782,220			
Pooled separate accounts - self		, ,				. ,			
directed DROP		_		6,791,193		6,791,193			
Plus: Cash and money market funds	,	161,248,111	_	9,000,626		170,248,737			
Total	\$	263,947,589	\$	505,683,825	\$	769,631,414			

Deposits: The Town's cash balances were entirely covered by Federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. As of September 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$ 161,227,263, with a bank balance of \$ 162,699,340. Cash balances held by the fiduciary funds generally exists temporarily as cash is in the process of collection from sales or to acquire securities.

Investments:

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rate could adversely affect the fair value of the investments. Generally, the longer the time to maturity, the greater the exposure is to interest rate risk. The Town, primary government, limits their risk by requiring all non-amortizing securities maturities to a maximum of seven years. All amortizing securities are limited by their effective duration rather than their final maturity. The effective duration of the amortizing securities held by the Town is limited to a maximum of five years. At year end, the weighted average effective duration of the Town's securities ranges from 0.84 to 2.19 years. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, fiduciary funds diversify investments by security type and institution, and aim to provide sufficient liquidity to meet any required payments.

The table below summarizes the Town's Primary Government Investment Funds scheduled maturities (in years) of the investments held as of September 30, 2021:

Investment Type		Total Fair Value	_	Less than 1	_	1 to 5	. <u>-</u>	6 to 10	More than 10
United States treasuries United States agency	\$	29,323,263	\$	2,703,190	\$	26,620,073	\$	-	\$ -
securities		23,435,808		1,077,543		14,678,935		3,991,679	3,687,651
Corporate notes/debt securities	-	19,302,085	_	1,566,685	_	17,735,400	_	-	
Total	\$	72,061,156	\$_	5,347,418	\$	59,034,408	\$	3,991,679	\$ 3,687,651

The table below summarizes the Town's Fiduciary Investment Funds scheduled maturities (in years) of the investments held as of September 30, 2021:

Investment Type	 Total Fair Value	-	Less than 1	1 to 5	 6 to 10	More than 10
Unites States treasuries United States agency	\$ 15,823,750	\$	-	\$ 14,152,920	\$ 1,313,644	\$ 357,186
securities Corporate notes/debt	13,652,360		-	-	11,389,764	2,262,596
securities	10,220,089		-	409,908	9,810,181	-
Fixed income funds	13,963,098	_	-	-	 5,138,942	8,824,156
Total	\$ 53,659,297	\$		\$ 14,562,828	\$ 27,652,531	\$ 11,443,938

Credit risk: Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the debt issuer may be unable to fulfill its obligations. The Town controls this risk by investing primarily in U.S. Government backed securities, and setting minimum credit ratings for other securities, rated by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization ("NRSRO"). The fiduciary funds investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control this risk, and provide for certain minimum ratings as established by policy. The SBA Florida, PRIME has a credit rating by Standard & Poor's ("S&P") of AAAm, while the money market mutual funds are not rated.

The NRSRO ratings for the Town's investments, including those held in pension trust funds as of September 30, 2021, are summarized below.

NRSRO Rating	_	Total Fair Value	Primary Government	_	Fiduciary Funds
AAA/Aaa	\$	9,541,607	\$ 5,831,871	\$	3,709,736
AA+		57,945,293	53,204,333		4,740,960
AA		25,553,216	642,070		24,911,146
AA-		559,965	559,965		-
A+		2,157,727	2,157,727		-
Α		6,886,136	6,024,589		861,547
A-		3,907,153	3,003,232		903,921
A-AAA		8,571,416	-		8,571,416
BBB+		744,752	-		744,752
BBB		2,904,145	-		2,904,145
BB		1,189,972	-		1,189,972
В		469,612	-		469,612
B-		724,823	-		724,823
NR	_	4,564,636	637,369	_	3,927,267
	_				
Total	\$_	125,720,453	\$ 72,061,156	\$_	53,659,297

Concentration risk: The Town's and fiduciary funds policy is to maintain a diversified portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific issuer. Specific limits have been established which limit the percentage of portfolio assets that can be invested with a specific issuer. GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires disclosure when the percentage is 5% or more of the total investments in any one issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investments pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this disclosure requirement. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more in any one issuer at September 30, 2021.

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town and fiduciary funds would not recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The investment policy of the Town and fiduciary funds minimizes this risk by establishing minimum standards for institutions and dealers used by the Town. Consistent with the Town's and Plans' investment policy, the investments are held by custodial banks/institutions in the Town's and Plans' name, or in street name or nominee name as the agent, as applicable.

Foreign currency risk: Foreign currency risk is the risk that fluctuations in the currency exchange rate may materially affect transactions conducted in currencies other than U.S. Dollars and the carrying value of foreign investments. The Town's investments are not subject to foreign currency risk. The Fiduciary Funds exposure to foreign currency risk derives mainly from investments in international equity funds.

Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds: The Town manages its Defined Benefit Pension Plan investments for its management and general employees and the OPEB trust with the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund ("FMPTF"). The FMPTF is managed through the Florida Municipal Investment Trust ("FMIvT"), a Local Government Investment Pool. The Town also has investments of the primary government with the FMIvT. Required disclosures are as follows:

<u>Credit Risk</u> :	Fitch Rating	_	Amount
Fixed Income Funds: FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund FMIvT 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund FMIvT 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund FMIvT Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	AAf/S4 AAAf/S1 AAAf/S2 Not rated	\$	16,969,901 61,152 5,628,507 17,253,744
Equity Portfolios: FMIvT Diversified Large Cap Equity Portfolio FMIvT Diversified Small to Mid Cap Equity Portfolio FMIvT International Equity Portfolio FMIvT Core Real Estate Fund	Not rated Not rated Not rated Not rated	_	27,656,173 15,192,770 22,313,037 9,162,359
		\$_	114,237,643

Interest Rate Risk (In Years):

Fixed Income Funds:	Duration	WAM
FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund	5.39	6.30
FMIvT 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund	0.70	0.80
FMIvT 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund	1.42	1.50
FMIvT Core Plus Fixed Income Fund	3.98	8.21

Fair Value Hierarchy: GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, establishes a hierarchy disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investment at fair value. Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of investments. These inputs are categorized into a fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial statement purposes as follows:

- Level 1 investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable assets, either
 directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be
 active.
- Level 3 investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

The following is a general description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Investments classified as Level 1 for the primary government and fiduciary funds, in the tables below, are valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical securities.

Investments classified as Level 2 for the primary government and fiduciary funds, in the tables below, are valued based on significant other observable inputs, which may include, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, cash flows, maturity, and credit ratings), or other market corroborated inputs specific to the investment type.

Investments classified as Level 3 for the fiduciary funds, in the table below, are valued based on significant unobservable inputs to the extent observable inputs are not available. The fair value of classified level 3 investments represents the value of unit positions in funds that are not publicly traded on an exchange. The fair value of the funds may be impacted by redemption restrictions imposed by the fund managers.

Fair values of investments held by the Town's Primary Government Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2021 as follows:

Investment Type		Total Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	-	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	 Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	_	Investments Valued at NAV
MSIFT-Core Plus Fixed								
Income Portfolio	\$	119,781	\$ 119,781	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Florida Municipal		5 600 650			5 600 650			
Investment Trust Funds		5,689,659	-		5,689,659	-		-
United States treasuries		29,323,263	29,323,263		-	-		-
United States agency securities		23,435,808	23,435,808					
Corporate notes/debt		23,433,606	23,433,606		-	-		-
securities		19,302,085	19,302,085		_	_		_
Equity securities, including		13,302,003	13,302,003					
mutual funds		46,662	46,662		-	-		-
	_	·		-			-	
Total investments measured								
at fair value		77,917,258	\$ 72,227,599	\$	5,689,659	\$ -	\$ =	
Investments measured at amortized cost:								
Florida PRIME		24,782,220						
Money market funds and								
other deposits	_	161,248,111						
Total	\$_	263,947,589						

A description of the valuation techniques used in the fair value measurement for Level 2 and 3 inputs above, as applicable, are as follows: Level 2 investments in the Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds have observable level 1 quoted pricing inputs or observable level 2 significant other observable pricing inputs. Most of the security prices were obtained from a pricing service, Interactive Data Corporation (IDC). While the underlying asset values are based on quoted prices or market-corroborated inputs, the net asset value of the portfolio is not publicly quoted.

Fair values of investments held by the Town's Fiduciary Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2021 as follows:

Investment Type		Total Fair Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	-	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	 Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	-	Investments Valued at NAV
Florida Municipal									
Investment Trust Funds	\$	108,547,984	\$	-	\$	82,131,881	\$ 26,416,103	\$	-
United States treasuries		15,823,750		15,823,750		-	-		-
United States agency									
securities		13,652,360		-		13,652,360	-		-
Corporate notes/debt									
securities		10,220,089		-		10,220,089	-		-
Fixed income funds		13,963,098		13,963,098		-	-		-
Equity securities, including									
mutual funds		150,829,415		150,829,415		-	-		-
Domestic equity funds		84,355,726		-		84,355,726	-		-
International equity funds		31,143,381		-		31,143,381	-		-
Real estate investment funds		50,450,045		-		-	-		50,450,045
Absolute return funds		10,906,158		10,906,158		-	-		-
Pooled separate accounts -									
self directed DROP	_	6,791,193	_			6,791,193			
Total investments measured at fair value		496,683,199	\$	191,522,421	\$	228,294,630	\$ 26,416,103	\$	50,450,045
Money market funds and									
other deposits	_	9,000,626							
Total	\$_	505,683,825							

A description of the valuation techniques used in the fair value measurement for Level 2 and 3 inputs above, as applicable, are as follows: Level 2 investments in the Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds have observable level 1 quoted pricing inputs or observable level 2 significant other observable pricing inputs. Most of the security prices were obtained from a pricing service, Interactive Data Corporation (IDC), while others were calculated using net asset value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, as provided by the individual funds. While the underlying asset values are based on quoted prices or market-corroborate inputs, the net asset value of the portfolio is not publicly quoted. Level 3 investments in the Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds invest in single underlying funds where the shares of the funds are not publicly quoted. The value has been determined by the investment manager. These funds are generally measured based on specific pricing models, internal assumptions, and the weighting of the best available pricing input, including quarterly real estate appraisals. Individual investment holdings may, in turn, include investments in both non-marketable and market-traded securities.

Debt securities classified in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy were valued using a matrix pricing technique. This includes basing the value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings, and discounted cash flows with adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks or a broker quote, if available. Also, matrix pricing considered valuation from International Data Pricing and Reference Data, LLC based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Equity funds, including pooled separate accounts, classified in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy were valued based on the net asset value of the underlying investments at the close of business for the next day's open. The underlying assets themselves may include a variety of level 1 and level 2 securities and some may be valued using matrix pricing which interpolates the price of a security based on the price of similar securities.

Additional information for investments classified as Level 3, measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share, or equivalent, is presented in the table below as of September 30, 2021.

	_	Fair Value	<u>C</u>	Unfunded commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Real estate investment funds (1) Florida Municipal Investment	\$	50,450,045	\$	2,160,099	Quarterly	10-90 days
Trust Funds (2)	_	26,416,103	_	-	Monthly to Quarterly	1-5 days
Total	\$_	76,866,148	\$_	2,160,099		

- (1) Real estate funds hold investments in open-end commingled private equity real estate portfolios; in an open-end diversified core real estate commingled fund; and in an open-end commingled real estate fund. The funds held in open-end commingled private equity real estate portfolios are structured as limited partnerships; their primary focus is to invest in well-based income producing properties within major U.S. markets. The amounts held in the open-end diversified core real estate commingled fund invests primarily in core institutional office, retail, industrial and multi-family properties located throughout the United States. The amounts held in the open-end commingled real estate fund invests in a pool of real estate assets that are diversified by geography and property type, with a focus on yield-driven investments and, to a lesser extent, on value-added investments. The fair values of the investments in these funds have been determined using the NAV per unit of the trusts ownership interest in partners' capital.
- (2) Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds consists of core real estate funds and core plus fixed income funds. The core real estate fund invests in core real estate in the United States; while the core plus fixed income fund invests in a variety of financial instruments, including equity investments, asset-backed securities, debt securities, swaps, forward exchange contracts, credit-linked notes, escrow accounts, and litigation trusts for both United States and foreign companies and governments. These funds are considered level 3 investments, since the value is based on unobservable inputs.

Given the inherent nature of investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the value of investments held by the primary government and its fiduciary funds will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Note 3 - Property Taxes

The Town's property tax is levied and becomes a lien on real and personal property on October 1 of each year based on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1. The Broward County Property Appraiser establishes assessed values. Broward County mails tax bills for the Town as the collection agent on or about October 1 of each year and is payable beginning November 1, with discounts of one to four percent if paid before March 1 of the following calendar year. All unpaid taxes on real and personal property become delinquent on April 1.

At September 30, material uncollected current year amounts are classified as delinquent taxes receivable in the General Fund and offset by an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent taxes collected in subsequent periods are recognized as revenue in the General Fund during the fiscal year in which they are received.

The Town levied a total rate of 5.8836 per \$ 1,000 of assessed valuation for the fiscal year commencing October 1, 2020.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2021 for the Town's major and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, were as follows:

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Governmental funds:			
Accounts receivable, other	\$ 1,016,923	\$ -	\$ 1,016,923
Interest	207,114	-	207,114
Property taxes and assessments	88,384	-	88,384
Utility taxes and franchise fees	2,485,271	-	2,485,271
Intergovernmental	2,107,035	1,145,262	3,252,297
Gross receivables	5,904,727	1,145,262	7,049,989
Less: allowance for uncollectible	(4,351)		(4,351)
Net receivables	\$ <u>5,900,376</u>	\$ <u>1,145,262</u>	\$ <u>7,045,638</u>

Note 4 - Receivables (continued)

Receivables at September 30, 2021 for the Town's Water and Sewer Fund, and Internal Service Funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, were as follows:

	Water and Sewer Fund		Internal Service Funds
Accounts receivable Less: allowance for	\$ 3,086,283	\$_	203,929
uncollectible	(949,592)	_	(33)
Net receivables	\$ 2,136,691	\$_	203,896

Note 5 - Interfund Transactions

A summary of interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2021 is as follows:

Interfund items (current)	Receivables	Payables
Due to/from other funds: General Fund Capital Projects Fund Community Development Block Grant	\$ - 14,975,901	\$ 14,310,500 -
Fund (non major governmental fund)	<u> </u>	665,401
Total	\$ 14,975,901	\$ 14,975,901

The outstanding balances between funds may result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2021 is as follows:

Transfers	In	Out
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 351,313	\$ 22,949,099
Community Redevelopment Agency Fund	2,907,349	· -
Capital Projects Fund	20,007,125	351,313
General Government Impact Fees Fund		
(nonmajor governmental fund)	-	32,603
Proprietary Funds:		
Vehicle Maintenance Fund	67,228	
Total	\$ 23,333,015	\$ 23,333,015

Transfers were used to move funds from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to provide for certain capital improvement projects, as approved within the Capital Improvement Program and for future projects. Funds were also transferred from the Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund for completed or canceled projects. Funds were also transferred from the General Fund to the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund related to tax increment funding. Funds were also transferred from General Fund and General Government Impact Fees Fund to the Vehicle Maintenance Fund, as the Town purchased vehicles during the year.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

	_	Balance October 1, 2020	_	Additions and Transfers	_	Retirements and Transfers		Balance September 30, 2021	
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	65,816,613	\$	5,494,415	\$	-	\$	71,311,028	
Construction in progress	•	16,702,074		4,315,480	-	(16,702,074)		4,315,480	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	82,518,687	-	9,809,895	_	(16,702,074)	_	75,626,508	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Infrastructure		169,473,107		7,767,938		-		177,241,045	
Buildings and improvements		91,272,414		10,826,910		-		102,099,324	
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	-	73,084,000	-	6,950,304	_	(2,346,486)	_	77,687,818	
Total capital assets, being									
depreciated	-	333,829,521		25,545,152	-	(2,346,486)	-	357,028,187	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Infrastructure		101,674,464		3,224,772		-		104,899,236	
Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment and		65,346,658		2,665,957		-		68,012,615	
vehicles	_	59,372,599	-	4,257,180	-	(2,232,391)	-	61,397,388	
Total accumulated									
depreciation	-	226,393,721	-	10,147,909	_	(2,232,391)	-	234,309,239	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	-	107,435,800	-	15,397,243	_	(114,095)	-	122,718,948	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	189,954,487	\$	25,207,138	\$	(16,816,169)	\$	198,345,456	

Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

		Balance October 1, 2020		Additions and Transfers		Retirements and Transfers		Balance September 30, 2021	
Business-type activities:					-				
Capital assets, not being									
depreciated:									
Land	\$	7,331,847	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,331,847	
Construction in progress	-	879,843	_	2,152,508	-		-	3,032,351	
Total capital assets,									
not being depreciated		8,211,690		2,152,508		_		10,364,198	
not being depreciated	-	0,211,030	_	2,132,300	•		-	10,304,130	
Capital assets, being									
depreciated:									
Infrastructure		25,741,888		126,711		-		25,868,599	
Building and improvements		125,492,770		55,837		-		125,548,607	
Machinery, equipment and									
vehicles	_	45,499,610	_	588,717	_	-		46,088,327	
Tatal socital assets being									
Total capital assets, being depreciated		106 724 260		771,265				107 505 522	
depreciated	-	196,734,268	-	771,203	-		-	197,505,533	
Less accumulated depreciation									
for:									
Infrastructure		18,592,674		1,060,128		-		19,652,802	
Buildings and improvements		45,334,138		5,168,166		-		50,502,304	
Machinery, equipment and									
vehicles	_	19,341,790	_	1,873,809	_	-	_	21,215,599	
Total accumulated									
depreciation	-	83,268,602	_	8,102,103		<u> </u>	-	91,370,705	
Total capital assets, being									
depreciated, net		113,465,666		(7,330,838)		_		106,134,828	
acpreciated, net	-	113,403,000	_	(7,550,658)	•		-	100,134,028	
Business-type activities									
capital assets, net	\$	121,677,356	\$_	(5,178,330)	\$		\$	116,499,026	

Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	244,976
Building and engineering		214,170
Public safety - police		876,128
Public safety - fire		1,058,891
Public works		3,547,319
Parks, recreation and cultural arts		1,772,378
Subtotal		7,713,862
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are charged to the various functions based on their usage		
of the assets	•	2,434,047
Total depreciation expense Governmental activities	\$	10,147,909
Governmental activities	Υ :	10,147,303
Business type - activities: Water and sewer	\$	8,102,103
Total depreciation expense		
Business type - activities	\$	8,102,103

Note 7 - Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities reported by the governmental and proprietary funds at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

Governmental Funds:

	_	General Fund	Community Redevelopment Agency		nt Capital Projects			ļ.		
Accounts Contracts and retainage Payroll, taxes and	\$	4,809,721 -	\$	32,758 26,245	\$	147,156 846,521	\$	302,086 -	\$	5,291,721 872,766
benefits Other	_	4,301,579 246,369		5,742 -	_	-	_	5,285 236,795	_	4,312,606 483,164
	\$	9,357,669	\$_	64,745	\$_	993,677	\$	544,166	\$	10,960,257

Note 7 - Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (continued)

Proprietary Funds:

	_	Water and Sewer	_	Internal Service Funds	_	Total
Accounts Contracts and retainage Payroll, taxes and benefits	\$	695,247 676,987 156,981	\$	439,056 - 312,044	\$	1,134,303 676,987 469,025
	\$	1,529,215	\$	751,100	\$	2,280,315

Note 8 - Restricted Assets

At September 30, 2021, the Town had \$32,486,759 in restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments in the Water and Sewer Fund. This balance is comprised of the following items:

Restriction	_	
Renewal and replacement Capital replacement Debt service reserve Customer deposits	\$	15,472,285 11,454,531 4,785,622 774,321
Total	\$	32,486,759

Renewal and replacement – In accordance with the Town's water and sewer indentures, the Town was required to establish a renewal and replacement account, including capital contribution charges, for its water and sewer plants. The funds may be used only for certain water and sewer system capital improvements/repairs and may be withdrawn and used anytime for this or other prescribed purposes. Since such withdrawn funds represent previously collected revenues (and income earned thereon), the amount of withdrawn funds need not be replaced or returned to the renewal and replacement account, unless recommended by a consultant.

Capital replacement – Previously, the Town hired consultants to perform a rate study and determined that the Town should commence a capital replacement reserve to be funded with an annual deposit of 7.5% of total operating revenues of the facilities. This account was established to provide an additional mechanism to fund the costs of renewals, replacements, betterments and upgrades to the water and sewer system. The Town anticipates that it will continue to make deposits in the same approximate amount in future years in order to maintain the system.

Debt service reserve – As described in Note 9, the Town was required to establish a debt service reserve fund equating to 10% of the par amount of the 2013 issuance and the maximum annual debt service on the 2019 issuance.

Customer deposits – Amount represents the total amount of customer deposits held by the Town.

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Activities: The following is a summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2021:

	_	Balance October 1, 2020	_	Additions	Reductions		Balance September 30, 2021	_	Due Within One Year
Community Redevelopment									
Bonds, Series 2013A *	\$	4,955,090	\$	-	\$ 851,245	\$	4,103,845	\$	872,696
Community Redevelopment									
Bonds, Series 2013B *		3,659,748		-	629,296		3,030,452		644,897
General Obligation Refunding									
Note, Series 2015 *		9,100,000		-	725,000		8,375,000		745,000
Limited General Obligation									
Refunding Note, Series 2015 *		9,345,000	_	-	1,475,000	_	7,870,000	_	1,510,000
		27,059,838		-	3,680,541		23,379,297		3,772,593
Insurance claims payable Compensated absences		1,983,209		11,067,359	10,675,003		2,375,565		2,375,565
payable		10,602,432		7,329,044	7,033,835		10,897,641		4,457,447
	_	12,585,641		18,396,403	17,708,838		13,273,206		6,833,012
Total	\$	39,645,479	\$	18,396,403	\$ 21,389,379	\$	36,652,503	\$	10,605,605

^{*} Notes from direct borrowing and private placements have an outstanding balance of \$ 23,379,297 as of September 30, 2021.

For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The entire insurance claims liability is reported in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund and will be liquidated by that fund.

Community Redevelopment Agency ("CRA") Bonds - The CRA previously issued \$ 20,000,000 Community Redevelopment Bonds, Series 2010, to make various infrastructure improvements, including drainage, road, and water and sewer improvements, and to acquire land for redevelopment purposes. On August 28, 2013 and September 28, 2013, the CRA issued Community Redevelopment Bonds, Series 2013A and 2013B, amounting to \$ 10,000,000 and \$ 7,394,769, respectively, to currently refund the then outstanding Series 2010 Bonds. The 2013A and 2013B Bonds bear interest at the fixed rate of 2.470% and 2.430%, respectively, subject to adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event and by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. During fiscal year 2018, the interest rates were increased to 3.002% and 2.953% for the 2013A and 2013B Bonds, respectively, due to a change in the corporate tax rate. Principal and interest on both series is payable semiannually on each June 10 and December 10 through maturity in December 2025. The Bonds are secured by a pledge and lien on tax increment revenues of the Town's CRA. In addition, the Town covenants to annually budget and appropriate legally available non-ad valorem revenues to cover any shortfall in tax increment revenue of the CRA to pay for scheduled principal and interest.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds, Series 2013A are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	Total
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$	872,696 894,688 917,104 940,344 479,013	\$	118,329 91,600 64,355 36,110 7,310	\$ 991,025 986,288 981,459 976,454 486,323
Total	\$ _	4,103,845	- \$ _	317,704	\$ 4,421,549

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Community Redevelopment Agency Bonds, Series 2013B are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2022	\$	644,897	\$	85 <i>,</i> 960	\$	730,857
2023		660,883		66,530		727,413
2024		677,172		46,733		723,905
2025		694,053		26,217		720,270
2026	_	353,447	_	5,306	_	358,753
Total	\$_	3,030,452	\$_	230,746	\$_	3,261,198

The outstanding CRA Series 2013A and 2013B arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as payment defaults, violation of covenants, insolvency, false representation, and failure to budget and appropriate. These events may increase the current interest rate to the lesser of 18% or the maximum lawful rate during the continuation of an event of default. The events may declare any unpaid principal and interest (acceleration of maturity) due immediately. The lender may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available and allowed by law. These facilities are also subject to rate adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. Prepayment fees/premiums may also apply.

\$ 12,465,000 General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015 - Previously, the Town issued \$ 12,465,000 of a General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015, maturing August 1, 2031, with a fixed interest rate of 2.59%, to refund the then outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006. The entire proceeds of the 2015 Note were applied to refund the principal balance of the 2006 Bonds; therefore, no proceeds were received by the issuer. The original bonds were issued in connection with constructing and furnishing fire and rescue facilities, and the procurement of certain equipment and technology, including the improvement of emergency management and terrorism preparedness. Interest is paid semiannually on each February 1 and August 1. Principal on the Note is paid annually commencing August 2016 through August 2031. Ad valorem tax revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this Note issue.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	-	Interest	_	Total
2022	\$	745,000	\$	216,913	\$	961,913
2023	•	760,000	•	197,617	•	957,617
2024		785,000		177,933		962,933
2025		805,000		157,602		962,602
2026		825,000		136,752		961,752
2027-2031	_	4,455,000	_	352,111	_	4,807,111
Total	\$_	8,375,000	\$_	1,238,928	\$_	9,613,928

\$ 16,260,000 Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015 – Previously, the Town issued \$ 16,260,000 of a Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015, maturing August 1, 2026, with a fixed interest rate of 2.18%, to refund the then outstanding Limited General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006. The entire proceeds of the 2015 Note were applied to refund the principal balance of the 2006 Bonds; therefore, no proceeds were received by the issuer. The original bonds were issued in connection with acquiring land to protect the quality of water bodies, preserving and improving wildlife habitat and parks, and constructing and improving recreational areas. Interest is paid semiannually on each February 1 and August 1. Principal on the Note is paid annually commencing August 2016 through August 2026. Ad valorem tax revenues from the General Fund are pledged to repay this Note issue up to a tax limit of 0.38 mills per annum.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$	1,510,000 1,535,000 1,575,000 1,610,000 1,640,000	\$	171,566 138,648 105,185 70,850 35,752	\$	1,681,566 1,673,648 1,680,185 1,680,850 1,675,752
Total	\$_	7,870,000	\$_	522,001	\$_	8,392,001

The outstanding Series 2015 (both general and limited general obligation) arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as payment defaults, violation of covenants, insolvency, false representation, and the downgrade to certain ratings assigned by nationally recognized agencies. These events may result in a late charge on overdue payments of 6% (G.O. Series 2015); and may increase, during default, the current interest rates on these arrangements to the higher of the then prime rate or adjusted one-month LIBOR rate plus a spread ranging from 4% to 6%. The events may declare any unpaid principal and interest (acceleration of maturity) due immediately. The lenders may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available to them and allowed by law. These facilities are also subject to rate adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event by margin rate factor as calculated by lenders. Prepayment fees/premiums may also apply.

The aggregate annual debt service estimated to maturity for the governmental activities debt is as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2022	\$	3,772,593	\$	592,768	\$	4,365,361
2023		3,850,571		494,395		4,344,966
2024		3,954,276		394,206		4,348,482
2025		4,049,397		290,779		4,340,176
2026		3,297,460		185,120		3,482,580
2027-2031	_	4,455,000	_	352,111	_	4,807,111
Total	\$	23,379,297	\$_	2,309,379	\$	25,688,676

Business -Type Activities: The following is a summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2021:

		Balance					Balance		Due
	_	October 1, 2020	_	Additions	_	Reductions	September 30, 2021	_	Within One Year
Bonds Payable:									
Water and Sewer Revenue									
Bonds, Series 2011	\$	1,810,000	\$	-	\$	555,000	\$ 1,255,000	\$	1,255,000
Water and Sewer Revenue									
Bonds, Series 2012		27,025,000		-		215,000	26,810,000		220,000
Water and Sewer Revenue									
Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 *		3,400,000		-		1,960,000	1,440,000		1,440,000
Water and Sewer Revenue									
Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 *		49,915,000		-		-	49,915,000		1,000,000
Water and Sewer Revenue									
Refunding Bonds, Series 2020		47,650,000		-		-	47,650,000		490,000
State Revolving Fund Loan									
Program*		3,040,450		-		203,149	2,837,301		207,847
Bond Discounts	_	(373,361)	_	-	_	(16,971)	(356,390)		-
	_	132,467,089	_	-	_	2,916,178	129,550,911	_	4,612,847
Compensated Absences	_	526,452	_	300,608	_	338,854	488,206	_	269,632
	\$	132,993,541	\$	300,608	\$	3,255,032	\$ 130,039,117	\$_	4,882,479

^{*} Notes from direct borrowing and private placements have an outstanding balance of \$ 54,192,301 as of September 30, 2021.

\$ 49,930,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 - Previously, the Town issued \$ 49,930,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, originally to mature on October 1, 2041, with an interest rate ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%. The Bonds were issued in connection with the acquisition and construction of improvements to the Town's water and sewer system, and for paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. Interest is payable semiannually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal on the Bonds was to be paid annually commencing October 2012 through October 2041. During the year ended September 30, 2020, the Bonds were partially advanced refunded with the Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020. The 2011 Bond Indenture provides for a reserve insurance policy to be obtained in place of funding for the Debt Service Reserve Fund. At issuance, the Town obtained the required insurance policy and is in compliance with the reserve requirement.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$_	1,255,000	\$ 18,825	\$ 1,273,825
Total	\$_	1,255,000	\$ 18,825	\$ 1,273,825

\$ 28,190,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 — Previously, the Town issued \$ 28,190,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, maturing October 1, 2042, with an interest rate ranging from 2.0% to 4.0%. The Bonds were issued in connection with the acquisition and construction of improvements to the Town's water and sewer system, and for paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. Interest is payable semiannually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal on the Bonds is paid annually commencing October 2014 through October 2042. The Bond Indenture provides for a reserve insurance policy to be obtained in place of funding for the Debt Service Reserve Fund. At issuance, the Town obtained the required insurance policy and is in compliance with the reserve requirement.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal		Interest	_	Total
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2031 2032-2036 2037-2041 2042-2043	\$	220,000 255,000 295,000 340,000 380,000 2,805,000 4,630,000 7,200,000 10,685,000	\$	899,225 893,806 886,800 878,300 863,100 4,059,650 3,458,939 2,416,225 309,925	\$	1,119,225 1,148,806 1,181,800 1,218,300 1,243,100 6,864,650 8,088,939 9,616,225 10,994,925
Subtotal		26,810,000	\$	14,665,970	\$	41,475,970
Less: unamortized discount Total	- \$ <u>-</u>	(356,390) 26,453,610	•		=	

\$ 14,405,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 – Previously, the Town issued \$ 14,405,000 of Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, to refund the then outstanding Series 2003 Bonds, with a fixed rate of 1.93%, subject to adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event and by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. During fiscal year 2018, the interest rate was increased to 2.08% due to a change in the corporate tax rate. The gross proceeds of the 2013 issuance were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the cost of issuance, the establishment of a debt service reserve fund and the required debt service payment on the call date of October 2013. Interest on the Series 2013 Bonds is paid semi-annually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal on the Series 2013 Bonds is paid annually commencing October 2014 through October 2021.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	Total
2022	\$_	1,440,000	\$_	14,966	\$ 1,454,966
Total	\$_	1,440,000	\$_	14,966	\$ 1,454,966

\$ 49,915,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 - Previously, the Town issued \$ 49,915,000 of Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, to refund the then outstanding Series 2010 Bonds, with a fixed rate of 2.76%, subject to adjustment based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event and by margin rate factor as calculated by lender. The gross proceeds from the 2019 issuance were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the cost of issuance, the establishment of a debt service reserve fund, and the required debt service payments on the call date of October 2020. Interest on the Series 2019 Bonds is paid semi-annually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal on the Series 2019 Bonds is paid annually commencing October 2021 through October 2040.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	Interest	_	Total
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2031 2032-2036 2037-2041	\$	1,000,000 1,995,000 2,050,000 2,105,000 2,160,000 11,740,000 13,450,000 15,415,000	\$ 1,363,854 1,322,523 1,266,702 1,209,363 1,150,506 4,811,232 3,075,606 1,086,957	\$	2,363,854 3,317,523 3,316,702 3,314,363 3,310,506 16,551,232 16,525,606 16,501,957
Total	\$	49,915,000	\$ 15,286,743	\$	65,201,743

\$ 47,650,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 - Previously, the Town issued \$ 47,650,000 of Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020, with an interest rate ranging from 1.004% to 3.111%, for the primary purpose of refunding on an advance basis a significant portion of the then outstanding Series 2011 Bonds. The gross proceeds from the Series 2020 issuance, along with other funds of the Town, were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the cost of issuance and the required debt service payments through the redemption (call) date of October 1, 2021, at which time the principal balance of \$ 44,365,000 is defeased. As a result of this transaction, the Series 2011 Bonds scheduled maturities from October 1, 2022 through October 1, 2041 were considered legally defeased. The scheduled maturities from October 1, 2021 remain outstanding and payable by the Town (principal outstanding is \$ 1,255,000) as of September 30, 2021. Interest on the Series 2020 Bonds is paid semi-annually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal on the Series 2020 Bonds is paid annually commencing October 2021 through October 2041. The Bond indenture provides for a reserve insurance policy to be obtained in place of funding for the Debt Service Reserve Fund. At issuance, the Town obtained the required insurance policy and is in compliance with the reserve requirement.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	Interest	_	Total
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2031 2032-2036 2037-2041 2042	\$	490,000 1,790,000 1,810,000 1,835,000 1,860,000 9,830,000 11,050,000 12,685,000 6,300,000	\$ 1,186,326 1,174,164 1,153,276 1,128,291 1,099,296 4,930,615 3,694,051 1,990,807 97,997	\$	1,676,326 2,964,164 2,963,276 2,963,291 2,959,296 14,760,615 14,744,051 14,675,807 6,397,997
Total	\$	47,650,000	\$ 16,454,823	\$	64,104,823

The Series 2011, 2012, 2013, 2019 and 2020 Bonds were issued in parity as to the lien of the pledged revenues. The Water and Sewer Bonds are payable from the pledged net revenues derived from the Town's water and sewer system and proceeds from contribution charges received by the Town in connection with the system.

The Town is subject to certain rate covenants outlined in the Bond Indentures. The Bond Indentures contain certain other covenants related to the operation of the water and sewer fund, including the establishment of a renewal and replacement fund and capital replacement fund.

The Series 2011 (unrefunded portion), 2012, 2013, 2019 and 2020 arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults as failure to make payment (principal and interest), inability to pay debts – bankruptcy, and violation of material covenants or conditions. However, those violations of covenants or conditions that cannot be remedied within thirty days, shall not constitute an event of default if the Town shall begin to remedy such default within a thirtyday period and is diligently pursuing such remedy. Events of defaults may declare any unpaid principal and interest (acceleration of maturity) due immediately; however, the Town may obtain consent of the holders of not less than fifty-one percent to not force or effect the acceleration of maturities provision. In general, upon occurrence and continuation of an event of default, the default rate is set at the lesser of prime rate plus 5% or the maximum rate permitted by law; or in the event that the consent described above is received, the default rate is then set at the lesser of 18% or the maximum rate permitted by law. Certain bonds may also be subject to rate adjustments based on occurrence of a determination of taxability event by margin rate factor as calculated by trustee/lender. Prepayment fees/premiums may also apply. The Series 2011, 2012 and 2020 scheduled payments of principal and interest when due are guaranteed under insurance policies issued concurrently with the delivery of each bond. The Series 2013 and 2019 have established debt service reserve accounts as required at issuance.

\$4,601,081 State Revolving Fund Loan - In April 2012, the Town entered into a revolving loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan program to provide financing for the Town's Infiltration and Inflow Program and the Master Lift Station No. 8 and Force Main project. The loan is collateralized by a pledge on the revenues from the Town's Water and Sewer System, after payment of operation and maintenance expenditures and satisfaction of all senior revenue obligations. This facility is in junior position to the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds of the Town. The Town borrowed \$4,601,081, including capitalized interest and service fee charges of \$17,594 and \$89,872, respectively. Semiannual payments are due on each September 15th and March 15th. As of September 30, 2016, the project was deemed completed; therefore, the amortization schedule was finalized, requiring semiannual installments of \$135,959, including interest at a fixed rate of 2.30%.

Annual debt service requirements estimated to maturity for the State Revolving Fund Loan, are as follows:

	Principal		Interest		Total
\$	207,847	\$	64,071	\$	271,918
•	212,655	•	59,263	•	271,918
	217,574		54,344		271,918
	222,607		49,311		271,918
	227,757		44,161		271,918
	1,220,292		139,298		1,359,590
	528,569		13,739		542,308
\$	2,837,301	\$	424,187	\$	3,261,488
	\$	\$ 207,847 212,655 217,574 222,607 227,757 1,220,292 528,569	\$ 207,847 \$ 212,655 217,574 222,607 227,757 1,220,292 528,569	\$ 207,847 \$ 64,071 212,655 59,263 217,574 54,344 222,607 49,311 227,757 44,161 1,220,292 139,298 528,569 13,739	\$ 207,847 \$ 64,071 \$ 212,655 59,263 217,574 54,344 222,607 49,311 227,757 44,161 1,220,292 139,298 528,569 13,739

The State Revolving Fund Loan arrangement discussed above include other financial provisions for events of defaults such as failure to make monthly deposits and semiannual loan payments, violation of covenants or actions required by the arrangement with such failure continuing for a period of sixty days after written notice, insolvency-bankruptcy, and false representations. Non-payment may result in acceleration of the repayment schedule or increasing the financing rate on the unpaid principal balance to as much as 1.667 times the financing rate. The lender may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available and allowed by law.

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The aggregate annual debt service estimated to maturity for the business-type activities is as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	_	Interest	Total
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2031 2032-2036	\$ 4,612,847 4,252,655 4,372,574 4,502,607 4,627,757 25,595,292 29,658,569	\$	3,547,267 3,449,756 3,361,122 3,265,265 3,157,063 13,940,795 10,242,335	\$ 8,160,114 7,702,411 7,733,696 7,767,872 7,784,820 39,536,087 39,900,904
2037-2041 2042-2043	35,300,000 16,985,000		5,493,989 407,922	40,793,989 17,392,922
Total	\$ 129,907,301	\$	46,865,514	\$ 176,772,815

Pledged Revenues:

The Town's debt is collateralized by multiple sources. The following table provides the gross revenue received in the current year and pledged for each debt issuance, the current year principal and interest paid on the debt, the date through which the revenue is pledged under the debt agreement, and the total pledged future revenue for each debt, which is the amount remaining of principal and interest on the indebtedness at September 30, 2021:

Pledged Revenue		Gross Revenue Received	_	Principal and Interest Paid	_	Future Maturities Principal and Interest	Pledged Through:
Tax increment revenues of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency	\$	6,192,076	\$	1,729,861	\$	7,682,747	2026
Ad valorem tax	\$	969,128	\$	960,690	\$	9,613,928	2031
Ad valorem tax	\$	1,693,305	\$	1,678,721	\$	8,392,001	2026
Net revenues from the water and sewer system	ć	26 000 500	ė	6 200 704	ċ	176 772 915	2043
	Tax increment revenues of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency Ad valorem tax Ad valorem tax Net revenues from the water and sewer system	Tax increment revenues of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency \$ Ad valorem tax \$ Ad valorem tax \$	Pledged Revenue Received Tax increment revenues of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency \$ 6,192,076 Ad valorem tax \$ 969,128 Ad valorem tax \$ 1,693,305	Pledged Revenue Revenue Received Tax increment revenues of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency \$ 6,192,076 \$ Ad valorem tax \$ 969,128 \$ Ad valorem tax \$ 1,693,305 \$	Pledged Revenue Tax increment revenues of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency Ad valorem tax \$ 969,128 \$ 960,690 Ad valorem tax \$ 1,693,305 \$ 1,678,721 Net revenues from the water and sewer system	Pledged Revenue Received Tax increment revenues of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency Ad valorem tax \$ 969,128 \$ 960,690 \$ Ad valorem tax \$ 1,693,305 \$ 1,678,721 \$ Net revenues from the water and sewer system	Pledged Revenue Received Paid Maturities Principal and Interest Principal and Interest Poid Tax increment revenues of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency \$ 6,192,076 \$ 1,729,861 \$ 7,682,747 Ad valorem tax \$ 969,128 \$ 960,690 \$ 9,613,928 Ad valorem tax \$ 1,693,305 \$ 1,678,721 \$ 8,392,001 Net revenues from the water and sewer system

Note 10 - Fund Balance

The Town follows GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which requires that governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. In fiscal year 2021, this category represents \$ 358,100.

Restricted fund balance - This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. In fiscal year 2021, this category represents \$ 14,181,963.

Committed fund balance – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision making. The Town Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance or resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance or resolution (which are both equally binding and the highest level of decision making authority) remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance or resolution) to remove or revise the limitation. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category. In fiscal year 2021, this category represents \$ 80,126,781.

Assigned fund balance — This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Town for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The Town Council through a resolution authorized the Budget and Finance Director in agreement with the Town Administrator, or designee, to assign fund balance. The Town Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover differences in estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assignments are generally temporary and normally the same formal action need not be taken to remove the assignment. In fiscal year 2021, this category represents \$ 10,907,601.

Unassigned fund balance - This classification includes the remaining fund balance for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes. In fiscal year 2021, this category represents \$ 40,796,608.

The Town considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal agreements that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending.

Note 10 - Fund Balance (continued)

Additionally, the Town would first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Hurricane/Emergency and Disaster Recovery Operating Reserves - This reserve is to be maintained at 25% of the upcoming fiscal year General Fund's budgeted revenues, including other financing sources. This reserve is established for the purposes of responding to and providing relief and recovery efforts to ensure the maintenance of services to the public during hurricane/emergency/disaster situations. Such emergencies include, but are not limited to, hurricanes, tropical storms, tornadoes, flooding, terrorist activity and other natural or man-made disasters. In the event these funds are utilized, they should be replenished in order to prepare for possible future events. The Town will make every effort to replenish this reserve over a five-year period beginning with the completion of recovery from the event for which the reserve funds were used. At September 30, 2021, the 25% operating reserve to be maintained is \$ 37,625,842 and is reported under committed fund balance.

Contingency and Capital Reserve - It is the Town's Council intent to maintain reserve funds "minimum fund balance" to provide for a mechanism to fund unanticipated expenditures or to finance future capital outlay requirements providing a degree of financial stability by reducing reliance on indebtedness. This category includes two separate items. The first item requires 3% (\$ 4,515,101 at September 30, 2021) of the upcoming fiscal year General Fund's budgeted revenues, including other financing sources, to be set aside. If such reserve is to be used, it is the Town's intention to replenish this reserve over a five-year period beginning with the completion of the contingency for which the reserve funds were used. The second item recognizes the need to identify ongoing funding sources for capital projects. If available, the Town intends to dedicate 0.1 mills of the upcoming fiscal year operating millage to capital projects. Such amount will then be used for the upcoming Capital Improvement Plan; unless during the budget process, it is determined that such funds must be utilized to offset general fund operational expenditures. At September 30, 2021, the Town elected not to dedicate such amount for capital projects.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town has established a Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its insured and uninsured risks of loss.

Previously, the Town joined the Preferred Governmental Insurance Trust ("PGIT"), a Public Entity Insurance Program primarily for the Town's liability and workers compensation exposures. The members of PGIT include over 400 governmental agencies who have entered into agreements with the trust. Should a deficit develop in PGIT, after excess reinsurance recoveries, whereby claims or other expenses cannot be paid, each member assumes liability for the costs of claims brought against that member as if individually self-insured.

Effective July 2002, the Town became self-insured for health benefits. In 2021, the Town conducted a study on its liability for unpaid claims relating to its health benefits and workers compensation. As a result of this study, the Town recorded a liability of \$ 2,375,565 based upon actuarial calculations.

Note 11 - Risk Management (continued)

Changes in the estimated liability for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Beginning Liability	Claims Incurred and Changes in Estimates	Claims (Paid) Adjustments	Ending Liability
2020	\$ 2,359,309	\$ 9,305,038	\$ 9,681,138	\$ 1,983,209
2021	\$ 1,983,209	\$ 11,067,359	\$ 10,675,003	\$ 2,375,565

The estimated liability for health care claims and workers compensation claims as of September 30, 2021 was approximately \$837,000 and \$1,539,000, respectively.

There were no significant reductions in coverage from the prior fiscal year. The Town purchases insurance for exposures not covered by the Fund and for all other risks of loss. During the past three (3) fiscal years, no settlements exceeded the coverage provided by this insurance.

Amounts are paid into the Self-Insurance Fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, premiums and administrative costs of the program.

Note 12 - Litigation, Commitments, Encumbrances, Contingencies and Conduit Debt

Litigation: The Town is involved in various pending lawsuits incidental to its operations. In the opinion of management, any potential losses resulting from claims against the Town, not covered by insurance, are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Town.

Commitments: The Town has entered into various agreements related to major infrastructure projects. Outstanding commitments at September 30, 2021 amounted to approximately \$ 17,150,000, which are included in the encumbrances discussed below.

In addition, as a prerequisite for approval of development plats, the Town requires developers to install certain infrastructure elements (roadways, drainage, sidewalks, lighting, landscaping, etc.) that accrue to a development as a whole. Should the developer fail to install the required infrastructure, the Town would be obligated to complete the amenities. To reduce the financial risk that may exist, the Town also requires the developer to guarantee, through third parties, the estimated amount of money that would be necessary to complete the project. At September 30, 2021, the Town held the following guarantees for developers' infrastructure requirements.

Surety bonds Irrevocable letters of credit Cash bonds	\$ 22,815,811 1,741,472 130,795
Total	\$ 24,688,078

Note 12 - Litigation, Commitments, Encumbrances, Contingencies and Conduit Debt (continued)

Encumbrances: Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At September 30, 2021, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor/contractor in the next year are estimated to be as follows:

\$	1,884,912
•	16,993,045
	33,521
	2,775,921
_	124,620
_	
\$	21,812,019
	\$ - \$ _

The encumbrances and related appropriation lapse at the end of the year, but are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget because performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year.

Contingencies:

Financial Assistance

The Town receives financial assistance from numerous federal, state, and local governmental agencies in the form of grants and revenue sharing. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, such disallowed claims, if any, are not expected to have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the Town at September 30, 2021.

Conduit Debt: In June 2018, the Town authorized the issuance of \$ 141 million Educational Facilities Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2018, as conduit debt on behalf of Nova Southeastern University. The bond proceeds were earmarked to refund existing debt, and to pay for the acquisition, construction, improving and equipping of dormitory facilities, residence halls and classroom facilities, located on the University Campus. The outstanding balance on these Bonds at September 30, 2021 was \$ 138,315,000. The Town is not obligated to repay these Bonds.

Note 13 - Defined Contribution Plan

The Town of Davie is a single employer that contributes to the Town of Davie Money Purchase Plan (the "Plan"), which is a defined contribution pension plan. The Plan currently covers all eligible full-time employees hired prior to October 1, 2007, not covered by the Police Employees' or Firefighters' Pension Plans, and who opted not to join the Management and General Employees' Defined Benefit Plan. At September 30, 2021, there were 21 plan members. Contributions for fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 for the Plan were approximately \$ 182,000 (representing approximately \$ 1,600,000 in covered payroll).

Note 13 - Defined Contribution Plan (continued)

A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depends solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments on those contributions, and forfeitures of other participants' benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account. The Plan provides for two contribution rate levels based on job classifications. For full-time managers, professionals, and certain technical non-unionized personnel, the Town is required to contribute an amount equal to 10% of the employees' gross earnings. The employees must contribute 1.4% of their pretax pay to the Plan; however, under IRC 401(a), the Town has elected to "pick-up" the employees' mandatory contribution. The Town has no liability to the employees covered by this Plan other than the employer contribution to the Plan. For all other employees covered by the Plan, the Town is currently required to contribute 11.4% of the employees' gross earnings. There is no mandatory employee contribution to the Plan. Employees hired before January 1, 1996 are 100% vested for all amounts contributed. Employees hired after January 1, 1996 are vested 100% for Town contributions after five years of eligible service. These contribution rates are established in the Plan documents which were adopted by resolution of the Town Council and which may be amended only by the Town Council.

The Town does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plan's assets. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, and transactions are not included in the Town's financial statements.

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The Firefighters' Pension Plan, Police Employees' Pension Plan and the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan (the "Plans") are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. Town contributions are recognized when due pursuant to actuarial valuations and the Town has made a formal commitment to provide such contributions. State contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are approved by the State of Florida. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plans.

For purposes of measuring the net pension (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans.

Method Used to Value Investments

Plan investments are reported at fair value. The overall valuation processes and information sources by major investment classification are as follows: 1) equity securities and similar funds traded on a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the fiscal year. Securities traded in the over-the-counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at the last reported bid price. International equities are valued based upon quoted foreign market prices and translated into U.S. dollar at the exchange rate in effect at September 30. Securities which are not traded on a national security exchange are valued by the respective fund manager or other third parties based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings; 2) debt securities and similar fixed income funds can typically be valued using the close or last traded price on a specific date (quoted prices in active markets). When quoted prices are not available, fair value is determined based on valuation models that use inputs that include market observable inputs. These inputs included recent trades, yields, price quotes, cash flows, maturity, credit ratings, and other assumptions based upon the specifics of the investment's type; 3) alternative investments and similar real estate investment funds typically include investments where no readily ascertainable market value exists. To value these investments, management, in consultation with the general partner and investment advisors, determines the fair values for the individual investments based upon the partnership's or limited liability company's most recent available financial information adjusted for cash flow activities through year end - the estimated fair value of these investments may differ from values that would have been used had a ready market existed; and 4) mutual funds are generally valued by a third party pricing source who strikes the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the holdings at year end. Other mutual funds held by the Plans are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission; publish the NAV on a daily basis; and are deemed actively traded.

Unrealized gains and losses are presented as net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments on the statement of changes in fiduciary net position along with gains and losses realized on sales of investments. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recognized as earned and dividend income is recorded as of the ex-dividend date. Realized gains and losses on the sale of investments are generally based on average cost identification methods.

Given the inherent nature of investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the value of those investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of fiduciary net position.

B. General Information About the Plans

Firefighters' Pension Plan:

The following summary description of the Firefighters' Pension Plan is provided for general information purposes only. The Firefighters' Pension Plan was originally established by Town Ordinance 80-42 and has subsequently been amended from time to time by the Town Council. Participants should refer to the Plan documents for more complete information. Additionally, a separate public employee retirement system annual report for the Firefighters' Pension Plan is publicly available from the Pension Plan Administrator, 22233 Drawbridge Dr., Leesburg, Florida 34748.

<u>Plan Description</u>: The Town is the sponsor of a single-employer, Public Employee Retirement System ("PERS"). This defined benefit pension plan covers substantially all of the Town's full-time firefighters that have met the conditions of eligibility. The PERS is considered part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is therefore included in this financial report as a pension trust fund. The Board of Trustees make plan amendment recommendations to the Town Council for approval. Tier one members are members hired prior to January 20, 2016 and Tier two members hired on or after such date.

<u>Contributions:</u> Members are required to contribute 9% of their earnable compensation, starting at their eligibility date and continuing to their date of retirement, disability, termination, death, or entry into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP"), whichever comes first. Payouts of accrued vacation and sick leave are excluded from earnable compensation. The State contributes pursuant to Chapter 175 of the Florida Statutes, a premium tax on certain casualty insurance contracts written on Town of Davie properties. The premium tax is collected by the State and remitted to the Town. The Town received \$ 1,045,628 from the State and recorded as revenues and expenditures in the General Fund, as appropriate. The Town contributions are based upon actuarially determined amounts, which together with earnings, plan member and State contributions, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay for benefits when due.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The Plan provides various types of retirement including normal service, early service, disability service, and death benefits. A Tier One member may retire on the first day of the month which falls on, or next follows, the date on which the member completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age, or the date on which a member attains age 55 and completes 10 years or more of credited service. A Tier Two member is eligible for retirement after completion of 24 years of credited service, regardless of age, or age 55 with at least 10 years of credited service.

For a Tier One member the amount of normal retirement income is 3% times final monthly compensation multiplied by credited service for the first 10 years. Normal retirement benefit is a 4% multiplier for years 11 to 15, and a 5% multiplier for years 16 through 20, resulting in a 75% benefit after 20 years of service. After 20 years of service, the multiplier shall be 2% per year. The maximum retirement benefit cannot exceed 95% of final monthly compensation.

For a Tier Two member, the amount of normal retirement income is 3.125% times final monthly compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. The maximum retirement benefit cannot exceed 80% of final monthly compensation.

Early retirement is the first day of the month coincident with or next following the date the member attains age 50 with 10 or more years of credited service. The amount of early retirement income is the monthly accrued benefit earned by a member at his or her early retirement date, reduced by 3% per year for commencement prior to normal retirement date.

Share Plan benefit: In addition to the monthly pension benefit, individual "share accounts" have been created for each participant. The Share Plan is funded exclusively with excess Chapter 175 premium tax revenues. Participants receive "shares" for each full year of service rendered. Partial shares are allocated for full months of service. Vesting occurs when the participant has completed ten years of credited service; or the participant becomes eligible for a normal, early, disability, deferred vested or death benefit. Each year, after receipt of the annual distribution of chapter money from the State, the Board of Trustees, with the advice of their actuary, determines the amount of excess chapter money received during the fiscal year that has not been otherwise committed for benefits. Allocation of shares are credited to the participants who are on the Town's payroll on September 30 of the year. Upon retirement, participants become eligible to receive a distribution of their share account balance.

Effective upon the ratification of the 2017-2020 collective bargaining agreement, it was agreed that all of the Chapter 175 premium tax revenues that were then being held in reserve (including but not limited to any available funds as defined in the Share Plan, which have not yet been allocated to individual share accounts as of the date of ratification) and any premium tax revenues received on or after that date shall be used to offset the Town's contributions to the pension plan. As a result of this, beginning on the 2020 fiscal year, these amounts are no longer used to fund the Share Plan.

<u>Cost-of-Living Adjustment ("COLA")</u>: In a year where a COLA reserve check is awarded, the retiree will receive 5% of the annual retirement benefit times the number of years that the participant has been retired up to a maximum of 10 years, resulting in a benefit not to exceed the lesser of 50% of the participant's annual pension or \$ 26,500. In the event of an actuarial gain, a positive market value return on assets, or both, retirees receive a "13th check," subject to adjustments.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP")</u>: Effective September 30, 1998, members who continue in employment past normal retirement date and have attained the 20 years of credited service may enter the DROP. The rate of return earned by the DROP is the same as that earned by the Plan less a \$ 10 per month adjustment for expenses. Once a member enters the DROP, the monthly retirement benefit is frozen, and the monthly benefit is paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment, the balance in the member's DROP account, including interest, is payable to them and they also begin to receive the (frozen) monthly retirement benefit. In general, the maximum period of DROP participation is five years for all members entering the DROP after June 21, 2007. The total years of credited service plus DROP participation cannot exceed 31 years.

For the Plan year beginning October 1, 2011, DROP participants have the option to "self-direct" their DROP account balances using certain investment options available under the DROP program. The Board approved that the self-directed DROP be administered by Mass Mutual. Any losses, charges or expenses incurred by the DROP participant shall be borne by the participant, not the Town or the Plan.

The value of the total DROP balance, including amounts pertaining to "self-directed" balances, at September 30, 2021 was \$ 11,648,537.

Police Employees' Pension Plan:

The following summary description of the Police Employees' Pension Plan is provided for general information purposes only. The Police Employees' Pension Plan was originally established by Town Ordinance 76-13 and has subsequently been amended from time to time by the Town Council. Participants should refer to the Plan documents for more complete information. Additionally, a separate public employee retirement system annual report for the Police Employees' Pension Plan is publicly available from the Pension Plan Administrator, 13790 NW 4th Street, Suite 105, Sunrise, Florida 33325.

<u>Plan Description</u>: The Town is the sponsor of a single-employer, Public Employee Retirement System ("PERS"). This defined benefit pension plan covers substantially all of the Town's full-time sworn police officers. The PERS is considered part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is therefore included in this financial report as a pension trust fund. The Board of Trustees make Plan amendment recommendations to the Town Council for approval. Tier One members are members hired prior to October 1, 2010 and Tier Two members are members hired on or after such date.

<u>Contributions:</u> Members are required to contribute 9% of their basic compensation to the Plan, starting on their eligibility dates and continuing to their date of retirement, disability, termination or death, whichever comes first. Effective January 1, 2013, the limit of the amount of overtime that is included in pensionable compensation was lowered from 400 hours to 300 hours. Pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 185, contributions from the State of Florida Department of Insurance consist of an excise tax imposed by the Town upon certain casualty insurance companies on the gross amount of receipts of premiums from policy holders on all premiums collected on casualty insurance policies covering property within the Town. The Town received \$ 1,000,965 from the State and recorded as revenues and expenditures in the General Fund, as appropriate. The Town pays into the Plan such amount as is determined actuarially to provide for benefits under the Plan not met by member contributions. This amount is reduced by any allowable Chapter 185 State contributions.

<u>Benefits Provided:</u> The Plan provides various types of retirement including normal service, early service, disability service, and death benefits.

Tier One members - The member may retire the earlier of the date on which they attain 20 years of benefit service or the date on which they attain age 55. For members terminating service with more than 15 years but less than 20 years of benefit service, the normal retirement benefit will commence on the first day of the month coincident with or next following the date the member would have completed 20 years of benefit service. A member has vested benefits after 10 years of continuous service. Upon retirement, a member will receive a monthly benefit amount equal to the number of years of benefit service multiplied by 3% of final average earnings for the first 10 years of service plus 4% for the next 5 years of benefit service, plus 5% for the next 5 years of benefit service, plus 2% for the next 10 years of benefit service, with a 95% maximum. However, after 47 ½ years of benefit service, benefits shall recommence at a rate of 2% of final average earnings per year.

Tier Two members - Tier Two benefits shall be administered in the same manner as Tier One benefits, except as follows: the normal retirement benefit for Tier Two members shall be calculated using a 3% multiplier for the first 20 years of service, and 2% for each additional year, up to a maximum benefit of 80%. Notwithstanding the 80% cap, benefits shall accrue at a rate of 2% per year for any active Tier Two member after 40 years of service. The member's benefits commence on the first day of the month following their retirement date and are continued until death; however, benefits may be payable to the members' beneficiaries, depending on the optional form of payment elected. A member with the consent of the Town may continue to work beyond their normal retirement date and retire on any subsequent first day of the month.

Any member who has completed 10 years of benefit service and attained age 50 may retire early, with the consent of the Town. Upon retirement, a member will receive a monthly benefit amount equal to the number of years of benefit service multiplied by 3% of final average earnings for the first 10 years of service plus 4% for the next 5 years of benefit service, plus 5% for the next 5 years of benefit service, plus 2% for the next 10 years of benefit service. The benefit will be reduced for early payment so that it is actuarially equivalent to the normal retirement benefit. Effective May 1, 2011, the early retirement reduction shall be no more than 3% per year. The member also has the option of deferring the commencement of the monthly benefit to the normal retirement date, the earlier of the date the member would have attained 20 years of benefit service (provided the member has completed 15 years of actual benefit service) or age 55. In such case, there would be no actuarial reduction to the monthly benefit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment ("COLA"): An annual COLA will be granted to retirees and beneficiaries. Disability retirees are not eligible for a COLA. The amount of the COLA will be 2% per year. For officers who retired prior to October 1, 1997, the monthly benefit after the yearly COLA will not exceed 115% of the original monthly benefit prior to COLA. For post October 1, 1997 retirees, the limit for future monthly benefits after COLA will be 130% of the original benefit amounts prior to any COLA. The first annual COLA will commence on the fifth anniversary of retirement, but no earlier than November 1, 2004.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP"):</u> A Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP") was implemented for the year ended September 30, 1998. The DROP is administered by the Police Officers' Pension Board of Trustees. The rate of return earned by the DROP is the same as that earned by the Plan less a \$ 10 per month adjustment for expenses. Once a member enters the DROP, the monthly retirement benefit is frozen, and the monthly benefit is paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment, the balance in the member's DROP account is payable to them and they also begin to receive the (frozen) monthly retirement benefit. The DROP has a five (5) year maximum participation period. Effective October, 1, 2010, DROP participants may remain in the DROP for up to 5 years. Effective October 1, 2020 the maximum period increases from 5 to 6 years for members who enter DROP on or after October 1, 2020. In no event can the total of the sum of years of credited service and years of DROP participation exceed 30 years.

All members electing to participate in the DROP are required upon entering DROP to transfer any accumulated leave balances above four hundred and eighty (480) hours into the member's DROP account, subject to the annual limit set forth in the Internal Revenue Code.

The value of the total DROP balance at September 30, 2021 was \$ 15,455,631.

Management and General Employees' Pension Plan:

The following summary description of the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan is provided for general information purposes only. The Management and General Employees' Pension Plan was originally established by Town Ordinance 2004-2 and has been subsequently amended from time to time by the Town Council. Participants should refer to the Plan documents for more complete information. Additionally, there is no separate public employee retirement system annual report for the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan.

<u>Plan Description:</u> On October 1, 2003 the Town Council created, under the laws of the State of Florida, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan covers substantially all full-time management and general employees. Management level employees include the Town Administrator, Assistant Town Administrator, Directors, Police and Fire Chief, Deputy Police and Fire Chief, Town Clerk, Deputy Town Clerk, Redevelopment Administrator and Assistant Directors. General employees are full-time employees not classified as management and are not otherwise restricted. The plan is administered by the Florida Municipal Investment Trust Fund ("FMITF"). The Plan is considered part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is therefore included in this financial report as a pension trust fund. The Board of Trustees make Plan amendment recommendations to the Town Council for approval.

Contributions: The Town provides all funding requirements for the Plan, based on actuarial determined amounts. All active members hired prior to October 1, 2013 are required to contribute 2.5% of salary. All active members hired on or after October 1, 2013 shall make regular contributions to the Plan of 3% of salary. Overtime in excess of 300 hours per year after September 30, 2012 (for bargaining members) and after June 30, 2011 (for non-bargaining members); and payments for unused sick and annual leave accrued after those dates are excluded from compensation. Annual compensation in excess of \$ 200,000 is excluded in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The Plan provides various types of retirement including normal service, early service, disability service, and death benefits. Management level employees are eligible for benefits after attaining age 52 and three years of vested service or age 48 and twenty years of vested service. General employees are eligible for benefits after attaining age 60 and six years of vested service or age 56 and thirty years of vested services. For all members hired on or after October 1, 2013, the normal retirement date is attainment of age 65 with ten years of vested service or thirty years of vested service and age 60.

Normal benefits for management level employees are equal to the number of years of credited service times the average final compensation and multiplied by 3%. Average final compensation, for management, means the one-twelfth of the highest average earnings during the best three years of credited service or career average, whichever is greater. Normal benefits for general employees are equal to the number of years of credited service times the average final compensation and multiplied by 2%. Average final compensation, for general employees, means one-twelfth of the highest average earnings during the best five years of credited service or career average, whichever is greater.

For all members hired on or after October 1, 2013, the normal benefits shall be a monthly benefit equal to the number of years of credited service multiplied by average final compensation and multiplied 1.80%. For all members hired on or after October 1, 2013, average final compensation means one-twelfth of the highest average earnings during the six best years of credited service prior to separation as an active member or the career average, whichever is greater.

The employee contributions accumulated with interest at the rate of 6% per annum; if a non-vested participant terminates employment, the member receives the accumulated contributions in lieu of any other benefits payable from the Plan; vested participants may optionally elect to receive their accumulated contributions in lieu of any other benefits payable from the Plan.

<u>Cost-of-Living Adjustment ("COLA")</u>: All benefits include an automatic 3% annual cost-of-living adjustment which is effective for payments made at least five years after initial retirement.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP")</u>: A member is eligible to participate in the management and general employees Deferred Retirement Option Plan (the "DROP") at attainment of normal retirement age for a period of up to 60 months. The Plan earns a 6.5%, per annum, rate of return. Once a member enters the DROP, their monthly retirement benefit is frozen, and their monthly benefit is paid into their DROP account. Upon termination of employment, the balance in the member's DROP account, including interest, is payable to them.

The value of the total DROP balance at September 30, 2021 was \$ 693,541.

Plan Membership: Employee membership data for the plans at October 1, 2020 was as follows:

	Firefighters' Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
Inactive employees:			
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but			
not yet receiving them Deferred retirement option plan	89	128	212
participants	14	27	12
Active plan participants	<u> 154</u>	159	283
Total	257	314	507

C. Net Pension Liability

The Town's net pension liability was determined based on a measurement date of September 30, 2020 for all three plans.

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at September 30, 2021, were as follows:

	_	Firefighter's Pension Plan	_	Police Employees' Pension Plan	_	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan	Total Pension Trust Funds
Total pension liability	\$	154,628,320	\$	214,890,355	\$	89,950,391	\$ 459,469,066
Plan fiduciary net position		(133,843,746)	_	(189,572,081)	_	(87,068,827)	(410,484,654)
Town's net pension liability	\$	20,784,574	\$	25,318,274	\$	2,881,564	\$ 48,984,412
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		86.56%		88.22%		96.80%	89.34%

For governmental activities, net pension liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> The total net pension liability at September 30, 2021 was determined by using actuarial valuations as of October 1, 2019, with update procedures used to roll forward the total net pension liability to September 30, 2020 (the measurement date). The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Firefighters' Pension Plan:

Inflation: 3.00%

Salary increases: 5.00% per annum.

Investment rate of return: 7.40%, net of plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality: PUB-2010, Scale MP-2018

Police Employees' Pension Plan:

Inflation: 3.00%

Salary increases: 5.50% per annum.

Investment rate of return: 7.50%, net of plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality: PUB-2010. Scale MP-2018

Management and General Employees' Pension Plan:

Inflation: 2.77%

Salary increases: 5.00% per annum.

Investment rate of return: 7.00%, net of plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality: Sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Combined Mortality

Table with full generational improvements in mortality using

Scale BB.

<u>Investment Policy</u> -The Firefighters, Police, and Management and General Employees' Pension Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by their respective Boards. Plan assets are managed on total return basis with long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension plans.

The following are the adopted target asset allocations:

Asset Class	Firefighter's Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
Domestic equity	55.00%	50.00%	45.00%
International equity	10.00%	12.50%	15.00%
Fixed income	25.00%	27.50%	
Real estate funds	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%
Core bonds			15.00%
Core plus			15.00%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Long-term Expected Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Firefighter's Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
Domestic equity	4.60% - 5.00%	5.50% - 7.40%	4.60% - 5.50%
International equity	5.20%	3.04%	6.70%
Fixed income	1.50%	2.18%	
Real estate funds	4.50%	5.30%	5.00%
Core bonds			1.60%
Core plus			2.10%
Absolute return	3.00%		
Global infrastructure	4.00%		

Rate of Return: For the year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 22.30%, 20.30%, and 19.42% for the Firefighters, Police, and Management and General Employees' Pension Plan, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, the Plans did not have concentrations (individual investment; 5% or more of fiduciary net position) that required disclosure.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40%, 7.50% and 7.00% per annum for the Firefighters' Pension Plan, Police Employees' Pension Plan and the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that the Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates (statutorily required) and the member rates. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the Plans was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

D. Changes in the Net Pension (Asset) Liability

Fire Fighter's Pension Plan:

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)				
Balances, as of September 30, 2019, Measurement Date	\$ 149,345,365 \$	124,046,407 \$	25,298,958				
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	4,334,532	-	4,334,532				
Expected interest growth	10,914,826	-	10,914,826				
Contributions - employer	-	4,764,356	(4,764,356)				
Contributions - state	-	994,485	(994,485)				
Contributions - members	-	1,447,141	(1,447,141)				
Net investment income (loss)	-	10,281,303	(10,281,303)				
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of member contributions	(7,568,321)	(7,568,321)	-				
Change in assumptions	(4,088,573)	-	(4,088,573)				
Demographic experience	1,690,491	-	1,690,491				
Administrative expenses	-	(121,625)	121,625				
Net changes	5,282,955	9,797,339	(4,514,384)				
Poloness of Contember 20, 2020							
Balances, as of September 30, 2020, Measurement Date	\$ 154,628,320 \$	133,843,746 \$	20,784,574				

Note 14 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Police Employees' Pension Plan:

	Increase (Decrease)						
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	et Pension set) Liability (a) - (b)					
Balances, as of September 30, 2019, Measurement Date	\$ 207,634,786 \$ 172,983,320 \$	34,651,466					
Changes for the year: Service cost Expected interest growth Contributions - employer Contributions - state Contributions - members Contributions - buy back DROP account	4,362,363 - 15,293,941 6,367,000 - 1,055,365 - 1,456,925 - 45,108 - 754,421	4,362,363 15,293,941 (6,367,000) (1,055,365) (1,456,925) (45,108) (754,421) (15,746,361)					
Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Demographic experience Assumption changes Administrative expenses Net changes Balances, as of September 30, 2020, Measurement Date	- 15,746,361 (8,645,596) (8,645,596) 2,795,825 - (6,550,964) (190,823) 7,255,569 16,588,761 \$ 214,890,355 \$ 189,572,081 \$	2,795,825 (6,550,964) 190,823 (9,333,192) 25,318,274					

Management and General Employees' Pension Plan:

		Increase (Decrease)						
	<u>-</u>	Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances, as of September 30, 2019, Measurement Date	\$.	83,621,418	\$_	79,433,722	\$	4,187,696		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		3,783,983		-		3,783,983		
Expected interest growth		6,040,080		-		6,040,080		
Contributions - employer		-		3,895,203		(3,895,203)		
Contributions - members		-		544,347		(544,347)		
Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including		-		5,406,011		(5,406,011)		
refunds of member contributions		(2,091,222)		(2,117,320)		26,098		
Demographic experience		(1,403,868)		-		(1,403,868)		
Administrative expenses		-		(93,136)		93,136		
Net changes	•	6,328,973	-	7,635,105	,	(1,306,132)		
Balances, as of September 30, 2020, Measurement Date	\$	89,950,391	\$_	87,068,827	\$	2,881,564		

The net pension liability for the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan is allocated to the governmental activities and business-type activities based on the distribution of current year contributions to the Plan. At September 30, 2021, it is distributed 83% to governmental activities and 17% to business-type activities.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes In the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.40%, 7.50% and 7.00% for the Firefighters' Pension Plan, Police Employees' Pension Plan and the Management and General Employees' Pension Plan, respectively, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (6.40%)	Current Discount Rate (7.40%)	1% Increase (8.40%)
Firefighters' Pension Plan: Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$ 37,351,250	\$ <u>20,784,574</u>	\$
	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Police Employees' Pension Plan: Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$ 50,228,725	\$ 25,318,274	\$ 4,750,079
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Management and General Employees':			
Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$ 16,271,845	\$ 2,881,564	\$ <u>(7,952,667)</u>

E. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense as follows:

					Management		
			Police		and General		Total
	Firefighter's		Employees'		Employees'		Pension
	Pension		Pension		Pension		Trust
	 Plan	_	Plan	_	Plan	_	Funds
Total Pension Expense	\$ 3,031,769	\$_	8,405,128	\$_	4,244,741	\$_	15,681,638

At September 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions from the following sources:

				Management		
		Police		and General		Total
Firefighters'		Employees'		Employees'		Pension
Pension		Pension		Pension		Trust
Plan		Plan		Plan		Funds
					•	
\$ 6,064,124	\$	7,210,965	\$	3,753,438	\$	17,028,527
-		1,167,195		-		1,167,195
-		3,201,710		6,030,049		9,231,759
4,794,845		6,678,107		-	_	11,472,952
\$ 10,858,969	\$	18,257,977	\$	9,783,487	\$	38,900,433
\$ \$ \$	Pension Plan \$ 6,064,124 - - - 4,794,845	Pension Plan \$ 6,064,124 \$	Firefighters' Pension Plan Employees' Pension Plan \$ 6,064,124 \$ 7,210,965 - 1,167,195 - 3,201,710 4,794,845 6,678,107	Firefighters' Pension Plan Plan \$ 6,064,124 \$ 7,210,965 \$ - 1,167,195 - 3,201,710 4,794,845 6,678,107	Police Employees' Employees' Pension Plan Plan \$ 6,064,124 \$ 7,210,965 \$ 3,753,438 -	Police

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the subsequent fiscal period, September 30, 2022.

At September 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Inflows:	Firefighters' Pension Plan		Police Employees' Pension Plan		Management and General Employees' Pension Plan	_	Total Pension Trust Funds
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and	\$ 868,390 2,938,103	\$	-	\$	218,843 -	\$	1,087,233 2,938,103
actual experience	-	i,	-	i i	3,671,101		3,671,101
Total	\$ 3,806,493	\$	-	\$	3,889,944	\$	7,696,437

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Firefighters' Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan	Total Pension Trust Funds
2022	\$ (1,260,240)	\$ 4,144,009	\$ 629,352	\$ 3,513,121
2023	(268,014)	3,903,721	1,128,641	4,764,348
2024	913,670	2,917,409	571,135	4,402,214
2025	718,157	838,660	43,000	1,599,817
2026	954,540	46,890	(232,023)	769,407
Thereafter	(69,761)	(803,677)		(873,438)
	\$ 988,352	\$ 11,047,012	\$ 2,140,105	\$ 14,175,469

F. Pension Trust Funds

The Town maintains three pension trust funds to account for its fiduciary responsibility. The following condensed statements present the net position restricted for pension benefits at September 30, 2021 and the changes in net position for the year then ended:

Condensed Statements of Net Position:

		Firefighters' Pension Plan	Police Employees' Pension Plan	Management and General Employees' Pension Plan	Total Pension Trust Funds
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,062,909	\$ 7,185,202	\$ 743,074	\$ 8,991,185
Investments		167,215,107	220,920,108	105,410,354	493,545,569
Receivables		159,954	182,039	114,472	456,465
Prepaid expenses	_	385,929	 703,278	 -	1,089,207
Total assets	-	168,823,899	 228,990,627	 106,267,900	504,082,426
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		55,384	177,875	-	233,259
Payable for securities purchased		214,995	55,048	-	270,043
Prepaid contributions	_	4,180,795	 -	 -	4,180,795
Total liabilities	-	4,451,174	 232,923	 -	4,684,097
Net position restricted for pensions	\$_	164,372,725	\$ 228,757,704	\$ 106,267,900	\$ 499,398,329

Condensed Statements of Changes in Net Position:

	_	Firefighters' Pension Plan	·	Police Employees' Pension Plan	 and General Employees' Pension Plan		Total Pension Trust Funds
Additions:							
Contributions	\$	7,570,587	\$	9,550,300	\$ 4,320,174	\$	21,441,061
Net investment income		30,625,461		39,822,297	 17,538,904		87,986,662
Total additions	=	38,196,048	•	49,372,597	 21,859,078	•	109,427,723
Deductions:							
Benefits paid		7,503,403		9,942,722	2,351,456		19,797,581
Refunds of contributions		38,494		60,704	207,338		306,536
Administrative expenses	_	125,172	,	183,548	 101,211		409,931
Total deductions	-	7,667,069	•	10,186,974	 2,660,005		20,514,048
Change in net position	\$	30,528,979	\$	39,185,623	\$ 19,199,073	\$	88,913,675

Management

Note 15 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions specifies that governments must recognize their total OPEB liability (asset) and related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense in the financial statements based on the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments.

Pursuant to Section 112.081, Florida Statutes, the Town is required to permit eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to participate in the Town's health insurance program at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. The Town does not provide retirees with any subsidy for this benefit.

The Town elected to establish an irrevocable other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") trust and began funding the obligation during fiscal year 2009, leaving no unfunded obligation.

Plan Description: In September 2008, the Town established the OPEB Trust, a single employer defined benefit health care plan for all of its employees except for part-time employees and full-time employees who either resign or are terminated. The Town Council is authorized to establish and amend benefit levels, subject to minimum requirements set forth by Florida Statutes, and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

As of October 1, 2020, employee membership data related to the OPEB Plan was as follows:

Inactive employees:	
Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	39
Active plan participants	683
Total	722

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The actuarial valuation of the calculation of OPEB involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Town and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

Funding Policy: The plan allows its employees and their beneficiaries, at their own cost to continue to obtain health, dental and other insurance benefits upon retirement. The Town does not directly make a contribution to the plan on behalf of retirees. Retirees and their beneficiaries pay the same group rates as are charged to the Town for active employees. However, the Town's actuaries, in their actuarial valuation, calculate an offset to the cost of these benefits as an Employer Contribution, based upon an implicit rate subsidy. This offset equals the total age-adjusted costs paid by the Town or its active employees for coverage of the retirees, and their dependents for the year, net of the retiree's own payments for the year.

Actuarially Determined Contribution Requirements and Contributions Made: Since inception, the Town has contributed \$ 968,000 to the plan through the Florida League of Cities-Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF) to pre-fund the Town's OPEB costs. There were no employee contributions to the plan.

OPEB Trust Fund: The Town maintains an OPEB trust fund to account for its fiduciary responsibility, but there are no annual minimum required employer contributions. The following condensed statements present the net position restricted for OPEB benefits at September 30, 2021 and the changes in net position for the year then ended:

Condensed Statement of Net Position:

	OPEB Trust
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 9,441 3,137,630
Total assets	3,147,071
Liabilities:	
Net position restricted for other post-employment benefits	\$ 3,147,071
Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position:	
	OPEB Trust
Additions:	
Additions: Net investment income	\$
	\$ Trust
Net investment income	\$ <u>Trust</u> 508,993
Net investment income Total additions	\$ <u>Trust</u> 508,993
Net investment income Total additions Deductions:	\$ 508,993 508,993

Investment Policy: The Town's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Town's Council. Plan assets are managed on total return basis with long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the OPEB plan. The following is the adopted target asset allocation:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Core bonds Core plus U.S. large cap equity U.S. small cap equity Non-U.S. equity Core real estate	15.00% 15.00% 34.00% 11.00% 15.00% 10.00%
Total	100.00%

<u>Rate of Return</u>: For the year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense, was 19.42%. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, the Plan did not have concentrations (individual investment; 5% or more of fiduciary net position) that required disclosure.

Net OPEB (Asset) Liability of the Town: The components of the net OPEB (asset) liability of the Town at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$	1,464,438
Plan fiduciary net position	_	(2,644,922)
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ <u>-</u>	(1,180,484)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability (asset)		180.61%

For governmental activities, net other post employment obligations are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total OPEB liability at September 30, 2021 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018, with update procedures used to roll-forward the total net OPEB (asset) liability to September 30, 2020 (measurement date). The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Retirement age:

Firefighters and police officers retirement is assumed at the earlier of age 55 with 10 years of service or any age with 20 to 24 years of service, based on date of hire. Management employees retirement is assumed at the earlier of age 52 with 3 years service or age 48 with 20 years of service. General employees retirement is assumed at the earlier of age 60/65 with 6/10 years of service or age 56/60 with 30 years of service, based on date of hire.

Healthcare cost trend rates: Increases in healthcare costs are assumed to be 7.00% for

the 2018-2019 fiscal year graded down by 0.50% per year to

5.00% for the 2022-2023 and later fiscal years.

Discount rate: 7.00% per annum; this rate was used to discount all future

benefit payments and is based on the expected long-term return on assets, which was determined as of the valuation

date by the Asset Consulting Group.

Cost-of-living increases: Retiree contributions and health insurance claims have been

assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost

trend rates.

Inflation: 2.77%

Salary increases: 3.00% per annum.

Investment rate of returns: 7.00%, net of plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality: Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Mortality Table

(without income adjustments) for general and public safety employees, with full generational improvements in mortality

using Scale MP-2017.

Changes in the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB Plan Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)			Net OPEB (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances, as of September 30, 2019, Measurement Date	\$ 1,370,545	\$	2,495,777	\$	(1,125,232)	
Changes for the year: Service cost Expected interest growth Benefit payments and refunds Net investment income (loss) Administrative expenses Net changes	30,401 96,916 (33,424) - - - 93,893		164,102 (14,957) 149,145		30,401 96,916 (33,424) (164,102) 14,957 (55,252)	
Balances, as of September 30, 2020, Measurement Date	\$ 1,464,438	\$	2,644,922	\$	(1,180,484)	

Long-term Expected Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	of Return
Core bonds	1.60%
Core plus	2.10%
U.S. large cap equity	4.60%
U.S. small cap equity	5.50%
Non-U.S. equity	6.70%
Core real estate	5.00%

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% per annum. The OPEB's plan fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes In the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the net OPEB (asset) liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate:

		Current				
	-	1% Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)
Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$	(1,063,216)	\$	(1,180,484)	\$	(1,286,105)

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes In the Healthcare Cost Trends Rates</u>: The following presents the net OPEB (asset) liability of the Town, calculated using current health care cost trend rates, as well as what the Town's net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
	(6.00% graded	(7.00% graded	(8.00% graded
	down to 4.00%)	down to 5.00%)	down to 6.00%
Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$ (1,329,029)	\$ (1,180,484)	\$ (1,008,429)

OPEB Expense (Credit) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Town recognized OPEB expense (credit) of \$ (95,934).

At September 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources relating to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Demographic experience Assumption changes Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan	\$	- 123,097	\$ 188,659 -
investments	_		3,072
	\$	123,097	\$ 191,731

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Amount
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 Thereafter	\$	(30,595) (5,257) (2,350) (9,022) (11,038) (10,372)
	\$ _	(68,634)

Note 16 - Stewardship and Accountability

Budget: The Town is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund; and State Housing Initiative Program Fund (SHIP). The SHIP Fund is budgeted together with the Community Development Block Grant Fund and has been presented in this report as legally adopted. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Appropriations at the year-end that are encumbered are brought forward and become part of the subsequent year's original budget.

Note 17 - Pronouncements Issued, But Not Yet Adopted

The GASB has issued several Statements not yet implemented by the Town. The Statements which might impact the Town are as follows:

Note 17 - Pronouncements Issued, But Not Yet Adopted (continued)

Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued in June 2017. The Statement will better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It also increases the usefulness of the financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities previously classified as operating leases to be recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on contract payment provisions. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, was issued in June 2018. This Statement will enhance information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period by simplifying accounting requirements for interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period. The provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, was issued in May 2019. This Statement will provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice related to commitments extended by issues, arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and related note disclosures. This Statement will also clarify the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional/voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, was issued in January 2020. This Statement will enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Certain provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, was issued in March 2020. The objective of this Statement is to address accounting and other financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate (IBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, governments will need to replace certain rates, such as LIBOR by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, was issued in March 2020. This Statement will improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. In addition, the Statement provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

Note 17 - Pronouncements Issued, But Not Yet Adopted (continued)

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, was issued in May 2020. This Statement will provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments) by defining a SBITA; establishing the asset as an intangible asset with a corresponding subscription liability; providing capitalization criteria; and requiring certain note disclosures related to a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITA, are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, was issued in June 2020. This Statement increases consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board would typically perform; mitigates costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contributions other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and enhances the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Codes (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Certain provisions for this Statement are effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

The Town's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the Town's financial statements.

Note 18 - Risks and Uncertainties

The coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak has continued to cause disruption in international and U.S. economies and markets. The coronavirus and fear of further spread has caused quarantines, cancellation of events, and overall reduction in business and economic activity. On March 11, 2020, the *World Health Organization* designated the coronavirus outbreak a pandemic. Management and the Town Council continues to evaluate and monitor the potential adverse effect that this event may have on the Town's financial position, operations, and cash flows. The full impact of COVID-19 is unknown at this time and cannot be reasonably estimated as these events are still continuing to develop.

Note 19 - Subsequent Events

In December 2021, the Town issued \$ 36,600,000 in Special Obligation Bonds for the purpose of financing the new Davie Town Hall project and certain other capital costs related to the Davie Wetlands Park. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 4% to 5%. Principal payments are due annually starting in October 2022 through 2041, with additional tranches due in October 2046 and October 2051.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Town of Davie, Florida
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Ad valorem taxes Utility service taxes Franchise fees Intergovernmental Other general taxes Permits and fees Charges for services Fire assessments Fines and forfeitures Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 60,514,780	\$ 60,514,780	\$ 61,162,957	\$ 648,177
	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,374,155	194,155
	10,233,894	10,333,879	10,942,939	609,060
	10,883,116	17,236,356	17,109,108	(127,248)
	3,609,000	3,709,000	3,995,604	286,604
	6,498,620	6,469,102	6,660,873	191,771
	16,406,480	15,630,330	15,884,095	253,765
	13,190,123	13,215,123	13,503,267	288,144
	1,463,400	968,800	983,933	15,133
	1,350,000	505,500	184,372	(321,128)
	3,224,456	3,425,956	3,727,191	301,235
Total revenues	136,553,869	141,188,826	143,528,494	2,339,668
Expenditures: General government: General services department: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	7,096,218	7,094,485	6,680,559	413,926
	4,941,632	4,987,335	3,914,856	1,072,479
	130,530	137,978	105,868	32,110
	12,168,380	12,219,798	10,701,283	1,518,515
Building and engineering division:	5,213,700	5,085,445	4,780,128	305,317
Personnel services	1,700,571	1,877,437	1,550,831	326,606
Operating	136,500	136,500	45,509	90,991
Capital outlay	7,050,771	7,099,382	6,376,468	722,914
Total general government	19,219,151	19,319,180	17,077,751	2,241,429
Public safety: Police department: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	44,066,342	43,958,642	41,676,678	2,281,964
	8,609,217	8,680,817	8,093,372	587,445
	741,722	777,822	543,613	234,209
	53,417,281	53,417,281	50,313,663	3,103,618
Fire department: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	32,571,374	33,928,054	31,512,605	2,415,449
	5,154,199	5,118,199	4,586,636	531,563
	221,040	272,540	201,039	71,501
	37,946,613	39,318,793	36,300,280	3,018,513
Total public safety	91,363,894	92,736,074	86,613,943	6,122,131

See notes to required supplementary information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Town of Davie, Florida
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021
(continued)

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Expenditures (continued): Public works:				
Personnel services Operating	5,598,837 5,578,734	5,207,286 5,658,378	4,545,894 4,959,140	661,392 699,238
Capital outlay	150,195	93,195	75,187	18,008
Total public works	11,327,766	10,958,859	9,580,221	1,378,638
Parks, recreation and cultural arts: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	3,373,973 2,254,016 123,251	3,762,128 2,231,497 247,441	3,364,709 1,702,932 183,116	397,419 528,565 64,325
Total parks, recreation and cultural arts	5,751,240	6,241,066	5,250,757	990,309
Non-departmental: Operating	2,030,222	1,059,045	760,540	298,505
Total non-departmental	2,030,222	1,059,045	760,540	298,505
Debt service: Principal Interest and other fiscal charges	2,200,000 439,411	2,200,000 439,411	2,200,000 439,411	<u>-</u>
Total debt service	2,639,411	2,639,411	2,639,411	
Total expenditures	132,331,684	132,953,635	121,922,623	11,031,012
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	4,222,185	8,235,191	21,605,871	13,370,680
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriated (excess) fund balance Transfers in Transfers out	395,205 75,000 (4,692,390)	14,369,011 351,313 (22,955,515)	351,313 (22,949,099)	(14,369,011) - 6,416
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,222,185)	(8,235,191)	(22,597,786)	(14,362,595)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u> </u>	\$	(991,915)	\$ (991,915)
Fund balance, beginning of year			96,765,267	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 95,773,352	

See notes to required supplementary information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Town of Davie, Florida Community Endowment Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Dudanto	۸ له					Variance with Final Budget
	_	Budgete	a A			Actual		Positive
	_	Original	-	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Franchise fees	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$	84,335	\$	14,335
Investment income	•	-	•	-	•	30,956	•	30,956
Miscellaneous		500		500		740		240
Wilderianeous	_	300	-	300	_	740	-	240
Total revenues	_	70,500	-	70,500	_	116,031	_	45,531
Expenditures: General government: General services department:								
Operating		113,533	_	113,533		112,059	_	1,474
Total expenditures	_	113,533	-	113,533		112,059	_	1,474
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(43,033)	-	(43,033)	_	3,972	_	47,005
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated (excess) fund balance		43,033		43,033		_		(43,033)
,		· · · · ·	-	<u>, </u>	_		_	, , ,
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		43,033	_	43,033		-		(43,033)
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$			3,972	\$_	3,972
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	184,976		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	188,948		

								Variance with Final Budget
	-		d A	Amounts				Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	3,103,700	\$	3,103,700	\$	3,284,727	5	181,027
Charges for services	Ą	3,103,700	ڔ	-	Ą	5,973	,	5,973
Investment income		10,000		10,000		19,311		9,311
mvestment meome	_	10,000		10,000	_	13,311	_	3,311
Total revenues	_	3,113,700		3,113,700	_	3,310,011	_	196,311
Expenditures:								
General government:								
General services department:								
Personnel services		343,160		343,660		298,051		45,609
Operating		1,506,595		1,509,530		1,039,682		469,848
Capital outlay		8,652,290		9,784,542		5,435,988		4,348,554
Total general government	_	10,502,045		11,637,732	_	6,773,721	_	4,864,011
	_				_			
Debt service:								
Principal		1,480,544		1,480,544		1,480,541		3
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	249,322		249,322	_	249,320	_	5
Total debt service	_	1,729,866		1,729,866	_	1,729,861	_	5
Total expenditures	_	12,231,911		13,367,598	_	8,503,582	_	4,864,016
Evenes (deficionar) of								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(9,118,211)		(10,253,898)		(5,193,571)		5,060,327
revenues over expenditures	-	(9,110,211)		(10,233,838)	_	(3,193,371)	_	3,000,327
Other Financing								
Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated (excess) fund balance		6,209,821		7,345,508		-		(7,345,508)
Transfers in		2,908,390		2,908,390		2,907,349		(1,041)
					_			
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	_	9,118,211		10,253,898	_	2,907,349	_	(7,346,549)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>_</u>	-	\$	-		(2,286,222)	\$_	(2,286,222)
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	7,376,974		_
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	5,090,752		

See notes to required supplementary information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual appropriated budget is adopted for all governmental funds with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund and the State Housing Initiative Partnership Fund (see reconciliation below). In September, formal public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted. Budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

The legal level of control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed the budget, is at the department level. The Town Administrator is authorized to execute intradepartmental budget transfers within the department budgets as long as the net change in a department's total appropriation is zero. Any budget transfers between departments which increase or decrease a department's budget and all amendments that alter the budget in total must be approved by the Town Council. All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

2. Explanation of Differences Between – Budget to Actual and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Special Revenue Funds)

Explanation of differences between change in fund balance - budget to actual and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Community Development Block Grant

Total revenues, per budget and actual, Page 107.

\$ 2,953,790

Amounts reported for budget to actual are different because:

Revenues from the Town's State Housing Initiative Partnership are reported in the Community Development Block Grant for budgetary purposes but in the State Housing Initiative Partnership for the purpose of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

State Housing Initiative Partnership Fund Revenues

(292,606)

Total revenues, per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Page 105.

2,661,184

Total expenditures, per budget and actual, Page 107.

\$ 2,664,759

Amounts reported for budget to actual are different because:

Expenditures from the Town's State Housing Initiative Partnership are reported in the Community Development Block Grant for budgetary purposes but in the State Housing Initiative Partnership for the purpose of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

State Housing Initiative Partnership Fund Expenditures

(261,718)

Total expenditures, per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Page 105.

\$ 2,403,041

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Firefighters' Pension Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	9/30/2022 9/30/2021	9/30/2021 9/30/2020	9/30/2020 9/30/2019	9/30/2019 9/30/2018	9/30/2018 9/30/2017	9/30/2017 9/30/2016	9/30/2016 9/30/2015 9/30/2015 9/30/2014
Total pension liability Service cost Expected interest growth Demographic experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 4,635,251 11,551,244 1,731,765 1,011,838 (7,541,897)	\$ 4,334,532 10,914,826 1,690,491 (4,088,573) (7,568,321)	\$ 4,249,641 10,457,898 655,040 1,420,307 (4,870,970)	\$ 4,094,128 9,741,256 2,287,868 491,896 (4,382,442)	\$ 3,736,220 8,870,894 1,857,324 4,290,680 (3,897,474)	\$ 3,763,362 7,880,847 (1,334,314) 1,123,055 (5,231,413)	\$ 3,662,229 \$ 4,492,271 7,534,708 6,644,317 2,896,606 - (12,277,911) - (4,807,524) (3,462,249)
Net change in total pension liability	11,388,201	5,282,955	11,911,916	12,232,706	14,857,644	6,201,537	(2,991,892) 7,674,339
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (A)	\$\frac{154,628,320}{166,016,521}	149,345,365 \$ 154,628,320	137,433,449 \$ 149,345,365	125,200,743 \$ 137,433,449	\$\frac{110,343,099}{125,200,743}	104,141,562 \$ 110,343,099	107,133,454 99,459,115 \$ 104,141,562 \$ 107,133,454
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - members Contributions - state Net investment and other income (loss)	\$ 5,018,496 1,506,463 1,045,628	\$ 4,764,356 1,447,141 994,485 10,281,303	\$ 5,270,253 1,490,415 952,655 4,916,515	\$ 5,319,720 1,340,288 872,448	\$ 5,111,468 1,281,189 886,398	\$ 3,892,289 1,102,176 919,987 8,278,023	\$ 4,216,386 \$ 4,036,070 1,060,367 1,122,208 984,329 966,799 848,808 7,424,391
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses	(7,541,897) (125,172)	(7,568,321) (121,625)	(4,870,970) (134,572)	(4,382,442) (143,489)	(3,897,474)	(5,231,413) (148,650)	(4,807,524) (3,462,249) (144,044) (126,638)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	30,528,979	9,797,339	7,624,296	13,953,619	14,903,331	8,812,412	2,158,322 9,960,581
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	133,843,746	124,046,407	116,422,111	102,468,492	87,565,161	78,752,749	76,594,427 66,633,846
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$ 164,372,725	\$ 133,843,746	\$ 124,046,407	\$ 116,422,111	\$ 102,468,492	\$ 87,565,161	\$ 78,752,749 \$ 76,594,427
Town's net pension (asset) liability- ending (A) - (B)	\$ 1,643,796	\$ 20,784,574	\$ 25,298,958	\$ 21,011,338	\$ 22,732,251	\$ 22,777,938	\$ 25,388,813 \$ 30,539,027
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	99.01%	86.56%	83.06%	84.71%	81.84%	79.36%	75.62% 71.49%
Covered payroll	\$ 15,689,368	\$ 15,008,291	\$ 14,614,321	\$ 13,995,127	\$ 13,101,270	\$ 10,905,908	\$ 12,095,009 \$ 12,085,728
Town's net pension (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll	10.48%	138.49%	173.11%	150.13%	173.51%	208.86%	209.91% 252.69%

Note: This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Police Employees' Pension Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	9/30/2022 9/30/2021	9/30/2021 9/30/2020	9/30/2020 9/30/2019	9/30/2019 9/30/2018	9/30/2018 9/30/2017	9/30/2017 9/30/2016		/30/2015 /30/2014
Total pension liability Service cost Expected interest growth Demographic experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 4,499,322 16,071,892 588,690 2,211,069 (10,003,426)	\$ 4,362,363 15,293,941 2,795,825 (6,550,964) (8,645,596)	\$ 4,413,896 14,835,448 2,026,532 - (10,013,274)	\$ 4,574,502 13,924,970 497,848 3,193,344 (6,438,104)	\$ 4,567,940 12,970,707 5,256,258 5,409,186 (6,036,548)	\$ 4,172,243 11,090,225 229,588 - (6,691,573)	10,820,739 10 (698,115) 21,912,756	3,065,753 0,387,808 - - - 5,771,558)
Net change in total pension liability	13,367,547	7,255,569	11,262,602	15,752,560	22,167,543	8,800,483	28,869,225	7,682,003
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (A)	214,890,355 \$ 228,257,902	207,634,786 \$ 214,890,355	196,372,184 \$ 207,634,786	180,619,624 \$ 196,372,184	\$\frac{158,452,081}{180,619,624}	149,651,598 \$ 158,452,081	. 	3,100,370 0,782,373
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - state Contributions - members Contributions - buy back DROP account Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses	\$ 6,210,000 1,000,965 1,473,942 271,029 594,364 39,822,297 (10,003,426) (183,548)	\$ 6,367,000 1,055,365 1,456,925 45,108 754,421 15,746,361 (8,645,596) (190,823)	\$ 6,625,000 1,051,508 1,442,754 12,888 557,598 3,714,484 (10,013,274) (206,958)	\$ 6,223,000 938,653 1,382,963 643,473 431,816 13,757,131 (6,438,104) (200,479)	\$ 6,472,000 905,664 1,417,689 686,748 129,155 16,147,239 (6,036,548) (197,732)	\$ 5,672,500 858,749 1,359,147 365,598 221,440 10,696,539 (6,691,573) (192,512)	784,261 1,128,753 256,789 106,274 844,685	5,503,045 747,469 1,670,986 - - - 9,398,648 5,771,558) (171,358)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	39,185,623	16,588,761	3,184,000	16,738,453	19,524,215	12,289,888	1,519,474 1	1,377,232
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	189,572,081 \$ 228,757,704	172,983,320 \$ 189,572,081	169,799,320 \$ 172,983,320	153,060,867 \$ 169,799,320	133,536,652 \$ 153,060,867	121,246,764 \$ 133,536,652		8,350,058 9,727,290
Town's net pension (asset) liability- ending (A) - (B)	\$ (499,802)	\$ 25,318,274	\$ 34,651,466	\$ 26,572,864	\$ 27,558,757	\$ 24,915,429	\$ 28,404,834 \$	1,055,083
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	100.22%	88.22%	83.31%	86.47%	84.74%	84.28%	81.02%	99.13%
Covered payroll	\$ 15,490,823	\$ 15,564,522	\$ 15,236,338	\$ 15,388,083	\$ 15,278,632	\$ 14,068,195	\$ 13,411,960 \$ 1	13,916,944
Town's net pension (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll	-3.23%	162.67%	227.43%	172.68%	180.37%	177.10%	211.79%	7.58%

Note: This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Management and General Employees' Pension Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	9/30/2022 9/30/2021	9/30/2021 9/30/2020	9/30/2020 9/30/2019	9/30/2019 9/30/2018	9/30/2018 9/30/2017	9/30/2017 9/30/2016	9/30/2016 9/30/2015 9/30/2015 9/30/2014
Total pension liability Service cost Expected interest growth Demographic experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 3,846,854 6,473,034 (902,598) (1,654,672) (2,544,828)	\$ 3,783,983 \$ 6,040,080 (1,403,868) - (2,091,222)	3,754,711 \$ 5,645,966 (1,666,386) - (1,976,083)	3,706,722 \$ 5,281,827 (1,804,327) - (1,946,180)	3,664,762 \$ 4,294,721 99,312 7,656,456 (1,578,479)	2,927,750 \$ 3,100,243 (972,917) 12,806,161 (1,400,451)	1,955,824 \$ 2,250,901 4,028,736 3,255,473 (449,761) - (5,257,095) - (1,298,996) (1,154,833)
Net change in total pension liability	5,217,790	6,328,973	5,758,208	5,238,042	14,136,772	16,460,786	(1,021,292) 4,351,541
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (A)	\$ 95,168,181	83,621,418 \$ 89,950,391 \$	77,863,210	72,625,168 77,863,210 \$	58,488,396 72,625,168 \$	42,027,610 58,488,396 \$	43,048,902 42,027,610 5 43,048,902
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - members Contributions - buy back Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses	\$ 3,753,438 566,736 - 17,538,904 (2,558,794) (101,211)	\$ 3,895,203 \$ 544,347 - 5,406,011 (2,117,320) (93,136)	\$ 4,029,322 \$ 495,591 \$ 313,056 \$ 4,259,240 \$ (1,998,008) \$ (92,337)	4,389,592 \$ 481,568 - 5,065,294 (1,965,892) (91,507)	2,995,010 \$ 446,412 - 7,747,395 (1,596,059) (94,733)	2,951,697 \$ 417,945 - 4,102,297 (1,415,811) (98,335)	2,885,279 \$ 3,388,803 363,834 204,808 (31,289) 3,755,706 (1,242,993) (1,223,456) (112,831) (98,690)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	19,199,073	7,635,105	7,006,864	7,879,055	9,498,025	5,957,793	1,862,000 6,027,171
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$ 106,267,900	79,433,722 \$ 87,068,827 \$	72,426,858 79,433,722 \$	64,547,803 72,426,858 \$	55,049,778 64,547,803 \$	49,091,985 55,049,778 \$	47,229,985 49,091,985 41,202,814 47,229,985
Town's net pension (asset) liability- ending (A) - (B)	\$ (11,099,719)	\$ 2,881,564 \$	\$ 4,187,696 \$	5,436,352 \$	8,077,365 \$	3,438,618 \$	(7,064,375) \$ (4,181,083)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	111.66%	96.80%	94.99%	93.02%	88.88%	94.12%	116.81% 109.71%
Covered payroll	\$ 20,078,565	\$ 18,916,341 \$	\$ 18,315,307 \$	17,699,671 \$	16,597,598 \$	14,841,440 \$	13,954,054 \$ 12,904,184
Town's net pension (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll	-55.28%	15.23%	22.86%	30.71%	48.67%	23.17%	-50.63% -32.40%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Town Contributions
Firefighters' Pension Plan
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

(5)																	
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	l	2021	2	2020	7	2019	2018		2017		2016	2015		2014	2013	20	2012
Actuarially determined contribution	❖	6,258	❖	6,031	❖	6,350	¢ (6,7	6,210 \$	5,992	₩.	4,740 \$	5,076	₩	4,892 \$	4,964	❖	4,661
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		6,258		6,031		6,350	6,3	6,210	5,992		4,740	5,076		4,892	4,964		4,661
Contribution deficiency (excess)	ۍ ا	•	\$		ب		\$	\$ 	1	√	\$ -	ı	δ.	٠ '		\$	
Covered payroll	\$	15,689	\$	15,008	↔	14,614	\$ 13,9	\$ 366'£1	13,101	\$	\$ 906'01	12,095	\$	11,510 \$	11,259	\$	10,709
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		39.9%		40.2%		43.5%	44	44.4%	45.7%		43.5%	42.0%		42.5%	44.1%		43.5%
Notes to Schedule: Valuation date:					Octo	October 1, 2020	0										
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:	، deter	mine contrib	ution ra	ates:													
Actuarial cost method					Entry	Entry-Age-Normal.	nal.										
Asset valuation method					Phasi The a	ing in the (actuarial va	deviations l alue is limit	betwee	Phasing in the deviations between the actual and expected return on assets at the rate of 25% per y The actuarial value is limited to be within the corridor of 80% to 120% of the market value of assets.	and expe	cted return oi of 80% to 120	n assets at th % of the mai	ne rate o rket valu	Phasing in the deviations between the actual and expected return on assets at the rate of 25% per year. The actuarial value is limited to be within the corridor of 80% to 120% of the market value of assets.	ن		
Amortization method					Layeı	Layered amortization.	zation.										
Remaining amortization period	eriod				30 years.	ars.											
Investment rate of return					7.309	7.30%, net of p	of pension investment expense.	sstmen	t expense.								
Projected salary increases					5.00%	%											
Inflation					3.00%	%											
Retirement rates					For T For T Age 5	For Tier 1 - Ran For Tier 2 - Ran Age 55 with 10	iging from ; ging from ; or more ye	20 year 20 year 3ars of	For Tier 1 - Ranging from 20 years of service at 50% to 25 years of service or more at 100%. For Tier 2 - Ranging from 20 years of service at 25% to 24 years of service or more at 100%. Age 55 with 10 or more years of credited service, 100% of retiring upon eligibility.	t 50% to t 25% to ce, 100%	25 years of se 24 years of se 6 of retiring up	ervice or mor ervice or mor oon eligibility	e at 100 e at 100 '.)%.)%.			
Mortality					Mort For d	Mortality rates For disabled pa	are calcula rticipants, ·	ited wi the Sca	th the Scale N ile MP-2018 D	1P-2018 isability	Mortality Tab Table was use	le with sepaા ક્વે with sepaા	rate rate rate rate	Mortality rates are calculated with the Scale MP-2018 Mortality Table with separate rates for males and females. For disabled participants, the Scale MP-2018 Disability Table was used with separate rates for males and females.	nd females. nd females.		
Changes from most recent valuation	t valuat	tion			The t retui	terminatio rn was cha	The termination rates were reduced by 309 return was changed from 7.40% to 7.30%.	re redu 7.40%	ced by 30% fr. to 7.30%.	om the (October 1, 20:	19 Valuation	and the	The termination rates were reduced by 30% from the October 1, 2019 Valuation and the assumed fund investment return was changed from 7.40% to 7.30%.	d investment		

For additional information related to this schedule as a whole, please refer to the stand-alone audited report dated January 27, 2022.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Town Contributions
Police Employees' Pension Plan
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

(Chadaica)													
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:		2021	I	2020	2(2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Actuarially determined contribution	↔	7,088	↔	7,115	↔	7,175 \$	7,171 \$	7,272 \$	6,419 \$	6,361 \$	6,430 \$	\$ 6,347 \$	6,847
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		7,088	ļ	7,115		7,175	7,171	272,7	6,419	6,361	6,430	6,347	6,847
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	↔	-	Ş	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-
Covered payroll	\$	15,491	↔	15,565	\$	15,236 \$	15,388 \$	15,279 \$	14,068 \$	13,412 \$	13,917 \$	3, 13,014 \$	13,006
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		45.8%		45.7%		47.1%	46.6%	47.6%	45.6%	47.4%	46.2%	48.8%	52.6%
Notes to Schedule: Valuation date:					October 1,	oer 1, 2020							
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:) deteri	mine contri	ibutic	າກ rates:									
Actuarial cost method					Entry-	Entry-Age-Normal.							
Asset valuation method					Deter over t	mined by smo	oothing the diff mited to betwe	Determined by smoothing the differences between the actual investment earnings and assumed investment return over three years (limited to between 80% and 120% of the market value).	the actual invest 6 of the market vo	ment earnings a alue).	and assumed inw	estment return	
Amortization method					Layer	Layered amortization.	on.						
Remaining amortization period	eriod				30 years.	ars.							
Investment rate of return					7.40%, net	s, net of pensi	of pension investment expense.	expense.					
Projected salary increases					5.50%								
Inflation					3.00%								
Retirement rates					Partic and c Partic	Participants with 20 and over at 100%. Participants who at	0 or more years ttain age 55 witl	Participants with 20 or more years of benefit service: ranging from 20 years of service at 65% to 25 years of service and over at 100%. Participants who attain age 55 with 10 or more years of benefit service, 100% of retiring upon eligibility.	e: ranging from 2 rs of benefit servi	0 years of serviice, 100% of ret	ce at 65% to 25 ₎ iring upon eligibi	/ears of service llity.	
Mortality					Morta For di	ality rates are sabled partici	calculated with ipants, the Scale	Mortality rates are calculated with the Scale MP-2018 Mortality Table with separate rates for males and females. For disabled participants, the Scale MP-2018 Disability Table was used with separate rates for males and females.	18 Mortality Tab lity Table was use	le with separate ed with separate	rates for males rates for males	and females. and females.	
Changes from most recent valuation	t valuat	tion			The a: The e	ssumed intera arly retiremer	The assumed interest to be earned was changed i The early retirement assumptions were removed	The assumed interest to be earned was changed from 7.50% to 7.40%. The early retirement assumptions were removed.	om 7.50% to 7.40	%			

For additional information related to this schedule as a whole, please refer to the stand-alone audited report dated March 25, 2022.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Town Contributions
Management and General Employees' Pension Plan
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

(5)33333															Ī
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2021	11 12		2020	2019]	2018	2017	2016	2015		2014	2013	2012	5
Actuarially determined contribution		3,616	↔	3,790 \$	3,94	\$ 44	4,502 \$	\$, 253	3,091 \$	3,062	\$	3,007 \$	3,583	\$ \$	3,592
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	.,	3,739		3,869	4,00	07_	4,370	2,977	2,936	2,873	ا	3,389	3,689	en L	3,592
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(123)	\$	\$ (62)	, (6	\$ (89)	132 \$	276 \$	155 \$	\$ 189	\$ 6	(382) \$	(106)	\$,
Covered payroll	\$ 20	20,079	\$	\$ 916,81	3 18,31	15 \$	17,700 \$	16,598 \$	14,841 \$	3,954	\$ 1	12,904 \$	13,169	\$ 13	13,685
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		18.6%		20.5%	21.9%	%6	24.7%	17.9%	19.8%	20.6%	%	26.3%	28.0%	2	26.2%
Notes to Schedule: Valuation date:					October 1, 2020	2020									
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:	mine contr	ibution r	rates:												
Actuarial cost method					Aggregate (Aggregate Cost Method.	Ö								
Asset valuation method					Market valu	ue of assets,	, adjusted to ref	lect a five-year ph	Market value of assets, adjusted to reflect a five-year phase-in of the net investment appreciation.	ivestment appi	reciation.				
Investment rate of return					7.00%, net	of pension i	7.00%, net of pension investment expense.	ense.							
Projected salary increases					2.00%										
Inflation					2.62%										
Retirement rates					In general, f prior to age five years, a retirement i at each of th	for particips 60, 70% ar and 100% ar is assumed he next two	e assumed to re e assumed to re e assumed to ro to occur at the	met the age and s etire at normal rel etire six years afte rate of 70% upon % three years afte	In general, for participants who have met the age and service requirements with a normal retirement benefit prior to age 60, 70% are assumed to retire at normal retirement age, 10% are assumed to retire each of the next five years, and 100% are assumed to retire six years after normal retirement age. For all other participants, retirement is assumed to occur at the rate of 70% upon the attainment of normal retirement age, 10% per year at each of the next two years, and 100% three years after normal retirement age.	ts with a norm: are assumed to nt age. For all c normal retirem nt age.	al retirem o retire ea other parti nent age, 1	ent benefit ch of the next icipants, 10% per year			
Mortality					Pre-retirem Below Med mortality us on the sex-c Mortality Ta	ient mortali ian Employi sing Scale IV distinct rate able for gen	Pre-retirement mortality is based on the Below Median Employee Mortality Take mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the Mortality Table for general employees, and with male ages set back one year.	ne sex-distinct ratione for general errich male ages set be PUB-2010 Head , with full generat	Pre-retirement mortality is based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median Employee Mortality Table for general employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with male ages set back one year; post-retirement mortality is based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table for general employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with male ages set back one year.	'UB-2010 Head generational im- retirement mc slow Median H	Icount-We oprovement ortality is k lealthy Red using Scalk	eighted nts in pased tiree e MP-2018			
Changes from most recent valuation	ation				Since the prior Table with generation with generation 7.50% to 7.00% future benefits.	rior measur generationa stional impr 00% per anı ifits.	ement date, the il improvements ovements in moovements in moovements in moovements in moovements.	e mortality basis v in mortality usini ortality using Scalk ise loading was re	Since the prior measurement date, the mortality basis was changed from the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB to selected PUB-2010 Mortality Tables with generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018. The discount rate was decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% per annum. The expense loading was reduced from 1.25% to 0.75% of the present value of future benefits.	he RP-2000 Co ed PUB-2010 N count rate was to 0.75% of thu	mbined N Aortality T s decrease e present	Aortality ables ed from value of			

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns Firefighters' Pension Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	22.30%	8.30%	4.10%	10.50%	12.30%	10.30%	1.00%	10.60%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns Police Employees' Pension Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment								
expense	20.30%	9.15%	2.30%	8.90%	11.80%	8.40%	0.50%	9.10%

Note: This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is

available.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns Management and General Employees' Pension Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	19.42%	6.60%	5.40%	7.43%	13.44%	8.11%	-0.05%	8.55%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios
Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	9/30/2022 9/30/2021		9/30/2021 9/30/2020	_	9/30/2020 9/30/2019		9/30/2019 9/30/2018	-	9/30/2018 9/30/2017
Total OPEB liability Service cost Expected interest growth Assumption changes Demographic experience Benefit payments and refunds - implicit	\$ - 102,511 - (1,566,949) -	\$	30,401 96,916 - - (33,424)	\$	30,401 96,057 164,543 (252,181) (19,910)	\$	35,911 89,813 - - (41,739)	\$	35,911 84,384 - - - (43,692)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,464,438)		93,893		18,910		83,985		76,603
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending (A)	\$ 1,464,438	\$	1,370,545 1,464,438	\$	1,351,635 1,370,545	\$	1,267,650 1,351,635	\$	1,191,047 1,267,650
Plan fiduciary net position Net investment income (loss) Administrative expenses	\$ 508,993 (6,844)	\$	164,102 (14,957)	\$	132,379 (7,953)	\$	169,197 (14,776)	\$	263,795 (10,798)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	502,149	į	149,145	_	124,426	•	154,421		252,997
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$ 2,644,922 3,147,071	\$	2,495,777	\$	2,371,351 2,495,777	\$	2,216,930 2,371,351	\$	1,963,933 2,216,930
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability ending (A) - (B)	\$ (3,147,071)	\$	(1,180,484)	\$_	(1,125,232)	\$	(1,019,716)	\$	(949,280)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	N/A		180.61%		182.10%		175.44%		174.89%
Covered payroll	\$ 55,169,146	\$	48,117,836	\$	48,117,836	\$	44,542,602	\$	44,542,602
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability as percentage of covered payroll	-5.70%		-2.45%		-2.34%		-2.29%		-2.13%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the OPEB plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Contributions Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (Unaudited)

The Town does not currently contribute to the OPEB Plan and therefore there is no funding schedule.

Town of Davie, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investments Returns Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,:	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	19.42%	6.60%	5.40%	7.43%	13.44%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the OPEB plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for funds received with specific restrictions on how the funds must be spent.

Community Development Block Grant - This fund accounts for revenue received mainly from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and/or State of Florida. The revenue is restricted to accomplish the various objectives of the community development and housing related programs.

State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Fund – This fund accounts for funds provided from the State of Florida's Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) Program, to produce and preserve affordable homeownership and multifamily housing.

Parks and Open Space Impact Fees - This Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees received for its open space, parks and recreational facilities.

Fire Impact Fees - This Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to the provisions of fire and rescue services.

Police Impact Fees - This Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to the provisions of law enforcement services.

Forfeitures - This Fund is used to account for the revenue and expenses from State and Federal forfeitures that the Town receives from various law enforcement agencies.

General Government Impact Fees - This Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town's impact fees relating to its general governmental services.

Affordable Housing - This fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of funds associated with the Town's affordable housing incentive program as defined in the Town's applicable Land Development Code.

Town of Davie, Florida Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

								Special Revenue Funds	enne	Funds								
		Community Development Block Grant	•	State Housing Initiative Partnership		Parks and Open Space Impact Fees		Fire Impact Fees		Police Impact Fees]	Forfeitures		General Government Impact Fees		Affordable Housing	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	jor ental s
Assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments Due from other governments	∽	1,145,262	φ.	423,204	⋄	987,885	⋄	1,081,300	-	323,773	 	796,338	-	918,147		515,737 \$		5,046,384 1,145,262
Total assets	❖	1,145,262	❖	423,204	❖	987,885	❖	1,081,300	ۍ ا	323,773		796,338	ۍ اا	918,147		515,737 \$		6,191,646
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenues	v.	184,315 665,401	•∽	392,316	v.				•	123,056	۰	236,795	•	1 1 1	•	· · · ·		544,166 665,401 392,316
Total liabilities	I	849,716		392,316	I	1		'		123,056	I	236,795	I	,	l	,	1,601	1,601,883
Fund Balances: Restricted for: Community development projects and services State housing initiatives		295,546		30,888		1 1				1 1		1 1		1 1		1 1	295 3C	295,546 30,888
open space Dublic safety, fire						987,885		- 1 081 300		1 1							987	987,885
Public safety - me General government activities Affordable housing	I				l		l			200,717	l	559,543		918,147	l	515,737	760 767 918 515	760,260 918,147 515,737
Total fund balances	I	295,546		30,888		987,885		1,081,300		200,717	I	559,543	I	918,147	ı	515,737	4,585	4,589,763
Total liabilities and fund balances	∞ ∥	1,145,262	\$	423,204	\$	987,885	⋄	1,081,300	<u>~</u>	323,773	√	796,338	⋄	918,147	.	515,737	\$ 6,191	6,191,646

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 Town of Davie, Florida

	Community Development Block Grant	State Housing Initiative Partnership	Parks and Open Space Impact Fees	Fire Impact Fees	Police Impact Fees	Forfeitures	General Government Impact Fees	Affordable Housing	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Nevenues: Intergovernmental Permits and fees Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$ 2,660,871	\$ 261,718 \$	131,790	63,086	61,768	\$	39,233	\$ 162,558	\$ 2,922,589 162,558 326,765 138,269 1,536
Total revenues	2,661,184	292,606	131,790	980'£9	61,768	139,492	39,233	162,558	3,551,717
Expenditures: General government: General services department: Personnel services Operating Capital outlay	251,069 1,791,511 360,461	261,718					74,033 6,200		251,069 2,127,262 366,661
Total general government	2,403,041	261,718					80,233		2,744,992
Public safety: Police department: Operating Capital outlay Total police department				[.]	148,066 314,406 462,472	269,001	[.]	[.]	417,067 314,406 731,473
Fire department: Operating Total fire department			1	157,937 157,937					157,937 157,937
Total public safety	'	1	•	157,937	462,472	269,001	1	•	889,410
Parks, recreation and cultural arts: Operating Capital outlay Total narks recreation			6,337 244,282						6,337 244,282
and cultural arts			250,619						250,619
Total expenditures	2,403,041	261,718	250,619	157,937	462,472	269,001	80,233	•	3,885,021
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	258,143	30,888	(118,829)	(94,851)	(400,704)	(129,509)	(41,000)	162,558	(333,304)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 **Nonmajor Governmental Funds** Town of Davie, Florida (continued)

Police General Government Impact Impact Impact Sees Affordable Housing Fees Fees Housing - (32,603) - - (32,603) - - (32,603) - (400,704) (129,509) (73,603) 162,558 601,421 689,052 991,750 353,179 200,717 \$ 559,543 \$ 918,147 \$ 515,737 \$ 5	Special	Community State Parks and Development Housing Open Space F Block Initiative Impact Im Grant Partnership Fees F			258,143 30,888 (118,829)	37,403 - 1,106,714 1,	295,546 \$ 30,888 \$ 987,885 \$ 1,0
General Government Impact Affordable Fees Housing	Special Revenue Funds	e Fire Impact Fees	-		(94,851)	1,176,151	\$ 1,081,300 \$
		'	- (32,603)	- (32,603)			
Total Nonmajor Svernmental Funds (32,603) (32,603) (365,907) 4,955,670		2 6 	9)				

		Budgete	od An	nounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	.u /\.	Final		Actual		(Negative)
	_				_		-	(-0
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	3,191,971	\$	4,040,188	\$	2,922,589	\$	(1,117,599)
Charges for services		-		-		30,888		30,888
Investment income	_		_	-	_	313	_	313
Total revenues	_	3,191,971	_	4,040,188	_	2,953,790	_	(1,086,398)
Expenditures: General government: General services department:								
Personnel services		234,355		267,134		251,069		16,065
Operating		1,170,269		2,520,761		2,053,229		467,532
Capital outlay	_	1,787,347	_	1,263,834	_	360,461	-	903,373
Total expenditures	_	3,191,971		4,051,729	_	2,664,759	_	1,386,970
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over expenditures	_			(11,541)	_	289,031	_	300,572
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated fund balance	_		_	11,541	_		_	(11,541)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	_		_	11,541	_	-	-	(11,541)
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$_			289,031	\$ <u>_</u>	289,031
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	37,403		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	326,434		

								Variance with Final Budget
	_	Budgete Original	d Am	ounts Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
	-	Original	_	Finai	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$_	75,000	\$_	75,000	\$_	131,790	\$_	56,790
Total revenues	_	75,000		75,000	_	131,790	_	56,790
Expenditures: Parks, recreation and cultural arts:								
Operating		54,100		37,012		6,337		30,675
Capital outlay	_	598,700		673,159	_	244,282	_	428,877
Total expenditures	_	652,800		710,171	_	250,619	_	459,552
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(577,800)		(635,171)	_	(118,829)	_	516,342
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated (excess) fund balance	_	577,800	_	635,171	_	-	_	(635,171)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	577,800		635,171	_	<u>-</u>	_	(635,171)
Net change in fund balance	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$ <u></u>	-		(118,829)	\$_	(118,829)
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	1,106,714		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	987,885		

		Budgete	d Am	ounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	<u>u Aiii</u>	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services	\$_	50,000	\$	50,000	\$_	63,086	\$	13,086
Total revenues	_	50,000		50,000		63,086	_	13,086
Expenditures: Public safety: Fire department:								
Operating Capital outlay	_	- 3,719		- -		157,937 -	_	(157,937) -
Total expenditures	_	3,719		-	_	157,937	_	(157,937)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	46,281		50,000	_	(94,851)	-	(144,851)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated (excess) fund balance	_	(46,281)		(50,000)	_		-	50,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(46,281)		(50,000)	_	-	-	50,000
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$			(94,851)	\$_	(94,851)
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	1,176,151		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	1,081,300		

								Variance with Final Budget
	_	Budgete	d Am					Positive
	_	Original	_	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$_	50,000	\$_	50,000	\$	61,768	\$_	11,768
Total revenues	_	50,000	_	50,000		61,768	_	11,768
Expenditures: Public safety:								
Police department:								
Operating		-		_		148,066		(148,066)
Capital outlay	_	331,997		331,998		314,406	_	17,592
Total expenditures	_	331,997	_	331,998		462,472	_	(130,474)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(281,997)		(281,998)		(400,704)		(118,706)
revenues over expenditures	_	(201,337)	_	(201,330)	_	(400,704)	-	(110,700)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated (excess) fund balance	_	281,997		281,998			_	(281,998)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	_	281,997		281,998			_	(281,998)
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$	_		(400,704)	\$	(400,704)
S. III I III II Salance	~=		–			(100),01)	~=	(100)101)
Fund balance, beginning of year						601,421		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	200,717		

		Dudanto	-l A					Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Budgete Original	a Am	Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues: Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$	- -	\$ _	-	\$	138,269 1,223	\$	138,269 1,223
Total revenues		-		-		139,492		139,492
Expenditures: Public safety: Police department: Operating		307,000		280,610	_	269,001	_	11,609
Total expenditures		307,000		280,610		269,001		11,609
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(307,000)	_	(280,610)	_	(129,509)	_	151,101
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Appropriated (excess) fund balance		307,000		280,610		_		(280,610)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	307,000	_	280,610	_	-	_	(280,610)
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$_			(129,509)	\$_	(129,509)
Fund balance, beginning of year					_	689,052		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	559,543		

				·				Variance with Final Budget
	_	Budgete	d Am					Positive
	-	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	-	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$_	25,000	\$_	25,000	\$_	39,233	\$_	14,233
Total revenues	_	25,000	_	25,000	_	39,233	_	14,233
Expenditures: General government: General services department:								
Operating		56,000		56,000		74,033		(18,033)
Capital outlay		399,017		405,217		6,200	_	399,017
Total expenditures	-	455,017	_	461,217	_	80,233	-	380,984
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(430,017)	_	(436,217)	_	(41,000)	_	395,217
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Appropriated (excess) fund balance	_	(40,000) 470,017	_	(40,000) 476,217	_	(32,603)	_	7,397 (476,217)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	430,017	_	436,217	_	(32,603)	_	(468,820)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u></u>	-	\$_	_		(73,603)	\$	(73,603)
Fund balance, beginning of year						991,750		
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	918,147		

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues: Permits and fees	\$_	331,836	\$_	331,836	\$	162,558	\$_	(169,278)
Total revenues	_	331,836		331,836	_	162,558	_	(169,278)
Expenditures: Community services:								
Operating	_	331,836	_	331,836			_	331,836
Total expenditures	_	331,836	_	331,836			_	331,836
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	<u>-</u>				162,558	_	162,558
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$_	<u>-</u>		162,558	\$_	162,558
Fund balance, beginning of year						353,179		
Fund balance, end of year					\$ <u></u>	515,737		

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Vehicle Maintenance - This fund is used to accumulate the costs of operating the central garage facility for vehicle and equipment maintenance.

Self-Insurance - This fund is used to account for and finance the Town's insured and uninsured risks of loss related to worker's compensation and employee health benefits.

Information Technology - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of capital and distribution of costs associated with the acquisition and maintenance of information systems equipment, networks, software, and support.

	Vehicle Maintenance	Self- Insurance	Information Technology	Total
Assets: Current assets:				
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Receivables, net of allowance	\$ 4,275,738	\$ 19,017,659	\$ 6,072,768	\$ 29,366,165
for uncollectibles Prepaid items Inventories	11,134 7,067 45,729	192,762 254,432 	946,810 	203,896 1,208,309 45,729
Total current assets	4,339,668	19,464,853	7,019,578	30,824,099
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:				
Construction in progress Building and improvements Machinery, equipment and	648,831 2,662,720	- -	- -	648,831 2,662,720
vehicles Less accumulated depreciation	20,331,971 (14,053,652)	<u> </u>	5,686,394 (4,472,495)	26,018,365 (18,526,147)
Total noncurrent assets	9,589,870		1,213,899	10,803,769
Total assets	13,929,538	19,464,853	8,233,477	41,627,868
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued				
liabilities Insurance claims payable	255,929 	181,069 2,375,565	314,102	751,100 2,375,565
Total current liabilities	255,929	2,556,634	314,102	3,126,665
Total liabilities	255,929	2,556,634	314,102	3,126,665
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	9,589,870 4,083,739	_ 16,908,219	1,213,899 6,705,476	10,803,769 27,697,434
Total net position	\$ 13,673,609	\$ 16,908,219	\$ 7,919,375	\$ 38,501,203

	Vehicle Maintenance	Self- Insurance	Information Technology	Total
Operating revenues: Charges for services	4,959,626	\$ 18,304,505	\$ 6,262,448	\$ 29,526,579
Operating expenses: Personnel services Maintenance Insurance Claims and other fees Administration Depreciation Total operating expenses Operating income (loss)	138,779 2,517,601 359,838 - - 1,914,524 4,930,742 28,884	161,477 - 3,430,329 11,437,525 2,206,754 - 17,236,085 1,068,420	2,528,797 1,915,870 - - - 519,523 4,964,190 1,298,258	2,829,053 4,433,471 3,790,167 11,437,525 2,206,754 2,434,047 27,131,017
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Other income, net	280,158	707,410	9,273	996,841
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	280,158	707,410	9,273	996,841
Income (loss) before transfers	309,042	1,775,830	1,307,531	3,392,403
Transfers: Transfers from (to) other funds	67,228			67,228
Total transfers	67,228			67,228
Change in net position	376,270	1,775,830	1,307,531	3,459,631
Net position, beginning of year	13,297,339	15,132,389	6,611,844	35,041,572
Net position, end of year	13,673,609	\$ 16,908,219	\$ 7,919,375	\$ 38,501,203

	Vehicle Maintenance			Self- Insurance	-	Information Technology		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Receipts from interfund charges Payments to suppliers and	\$	4,963,813	\$	18,343,796	\$	6,262,448	\$	29,570,057
service providers Payments to employees Other receipts	_	(3,941,602) (138,261) 201,743		(16,523,786) (160,973) 707,410	_	(2,190,385) (2,478,098) 9,273		(22,655,773) (2,777,332) 918,426
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	1,085,693		2,366,447	_	1,603,238	-	5,055,378
Cash Flows from Non Capital Financing Activities: Transfers from (to) other funds	_	67,228			_	<u>-</u>		67,228
Net cash provided by (used in) non capital financing activities	_	67,228			_			67,228
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Proceeds from disposition of								
capital assets Acquisition and construction of		192,511		-		-		192,511
capital assets, net	_	(3,020,353)			-	(241,908)	•	(3,262,261)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	(2,827,842)			_	(241,908)		(3,069,750)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and investments	_	(1,674,921)		2,366,447	_	1,361,330	-	2,052,856
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, beginning of year	_	5,950,659		16,651,212	_	4,711,438	-	27,313,309
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, end of year	\$ <u>_</u>	4,275,738	\$	19,017,659	\$ <u></u>	6,072,768	\$	29,366,165

	Vehicle <u>Maintenance</u>	Self- Insurance	Information Technology	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$\$884\$	1,068,420	\$ <u>1,298,258</u> \$	2,395,562
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Other operating revenues, net	201,743	707,410	9,273	918,426
Depreciation	1,914,524	-	519,523	2,434,047
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Receivables, net	4,187	39,291	-	43,478
Prepaid items	(7,067)	16,568	(209,034)	(199,533)
Inventories	6,803	-	-	6,803
Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued				
liabilities	(1,063,381)	142,402	(14,782)	(935,761)
Insurance claims payable		392,356		392,356
Total adjustments	1,056,809	1,298,027	304,980	2,659,816
Net cash provided by (used in) operating				
activities	\$ <u>1,085,693</u> \$	2,366,447	\$ 1,603,238	5,055,378

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary trust funds are used to account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity.

Firefighters' Pension - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified firefighter employees of the Town of Davie.

Police Employees' Pension - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified police employees of the Town of Davie.

Management and General Employees' Pension – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments of employees that are not represented under any other deferred benefit pension plan of the Town of Davie.

OPEB Trust - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for other post- employment health care benefits of the Town of Davie retired employees.

	_	Firefighters' Pension	Police Employees' Pension	Management and General Employees' Pension	OPEB Trust	_	Total
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,062,909	\$ 7,185,202	\$ 743,074	\$ 9,441	\$	9,000,626
Investments, at fair value: Domestic equity funds Equity securities, including		-	84,355,726	41,612,144	1,236,799		127,204,669
mutual funds		109,286,307	41,543,108	-	-		150,829,415
Real estate investment funds		19,878,718	30,571,327	8,916,888	245,472		59,612,405
International equity funds		-	31,143,381	21,655,299	657,738		53,456,418
Fixed income funds		13,963,098	-	33,226,023	997,621		48,186,742
Absolute return funds		10,906,158	-	-	-		10,906,158
United States agency securities		2,262,596	11,389,764	-	-		13,652,360
Corporate notes/debt securities		1,648,673	8,571,416	-	-		10,220,089
United States treasuries		2,478,364	13,345,386	-	-		15,823,750
Pooled separate accounts - self directed DROP		6,791,193	-	-	-		6,791,193
Receivables:							
Interest and dividends		72,207	179,011	_	_		251,218
Contributions		86,654		114,472	_		201,126
Securities sold		1,093	_		_		1,093
Other		-	3,028	-	-		3,028
Prepaid expenses	_	385,929	703,278			_	1,089,207
Total assets	_	168,823,899	228,990,627	106,267,900	3,147,071	-	507,229,497
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		55,384	177,875	-	_		233,259
Payable for securities purchased		214,995	55,048	-	_		270,043
Prepaid contributions	_	4,180,795	-			_	4,180,795
Total liabilities	_	4,451,174	232,923			_	4,684,097
Net Position: Net position restricted for pensions		164,372,725	228,757,704	106,267,900	-		499,398,329
Net position restricted for other post-employment benefits					3,147,071		3,147,071
Total net position	\$	164,372,725	\$ 228,757,704	\$ 106,267,900	\$ 3,147,071	\$	502,545,400

	Firefighters' Pension	Police Employees' Pension	Management and General Employees' Pension	OPEB Trust	Total
Additions:					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$ 5,018,496	\$ 6,210,000		-	\$ 14,981,934
Plan members	1,506,463	1,473,942	566,736	-	3,547,141
Buy back	-	271,029	-	-	271,029
DROP account	-	594,364	-	-	594,364
State of Florida	1,045,628	1,000,965			2,046,593
Total contributions	7,570,587	9,550,300	4,320,174	_	21,441,061
Investment income:					
Net appreciation (depreciation)					
in fair value of investments	28,064,127	38,096,988	17,538,904	508,993	84,209,012
Interest and dividends, net	2,941,783	2,516,069			5,457,852
Total investment income	31,005,910	40,613,057	17,538,904	508,993	89,666,864
Less:					
Investment expenses	380,449	790,760			1,171,209
Net investment income	30,625,461	39,822,297	17,538,904	508,993	88,495,655
Total additions	38,196,048	49,372,597	21,859,078	508,993	109,936,716
Deductions:					
Benefits paid	7,503,403	9,942,722	2,351,456	-	19,797,581
Refunds of contributions	38,494	60,704	207,338	-	306,536
Administrative expenses	125,172	183,548	101,211	6,844	416,775
Total deductions	7,667,069	10,186,974	2,660,005	6,844	20,520,892
Change in net position	30,528,979	39,185,623	19,199,073	502,149	89,415,824
Net position, beginning of year	133,843,746	189,572,081	87,068,827	2,644,922	413,129,576
Net position, end of year	\$ <u>164,372,725</u>	\$ <u>228,757,704</u>	\$ <u>106,267,900</u> \$	3,147,071	\$ <u>502,545,400</u>

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This part of the Town of Davie's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Net position by component Changes in net position Governmental activities tax revenues by source Fund balances of governmental funds Changes in fund balances of governmental funds	120 121-122 123 124 125-126
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Assessed value and estimated actual value of taxable property Property tax rates - direct and overlapping governments Principal property taxpayers Property tax levies and collections	127 128 129 130
<u>Debt Capacity</u> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Ratios of outstanding debt by type Ratios of general bonded debt outstanding Direct and overlapping governmental activity debt Legal debt margin information Pledged-revenue coverage	131 132 133 134 135
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.	
Demographic and economic statistics Principal employers	136 137
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.	
Full-time equivalent town government employees by function/program Operating indicators by function/program Capital asset statistics by function/program	138 139 140

Sources: Unless otherwise indicated, information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the respective years.

Town of Davie, Florida Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2018 2019 2020 2021	141,487,954 \$ 146,079,895 \$ 162,894,649 \$ 174,093,393 18,723,026 15,255,824 16,713,155 14,181,963 74,810,077 104,324,444 121,151,298 134,938,457	235,021,057 265,660,163 300,759,102 323,213,813	4,717,415 2,025,211 (5,633,052) (9,111,298) 30,817,049 34,969,555 31,405,754 31,712,438 36,154,223 34,334,631 38,687,094 42,503,400	71,688,687 71,329,397 64,459,796 65,104,540	146,205,369 148,105,106 157,261,597 164,982,095 49,540,075 50,225,379 48,118,909 45,894,401 110,964,300 138,659,075 159,838,392 177,441,857	306,709,744 \$ 336,989,560 \$ 365,218,898 \$ 388,318,353
ſear	2017 3	128,321,610 \$ 18,334,762 83,974,637	230,631,009	7,645,777 31,257,099 33,936,829	72,839,705	135,967,387 49,591,861 117,911,466	303,470,714 \$
Fiscal Year	2016	\$ 123,156,231 \$ 18,283,193 72,638,771	214,078,195	10,610,125 31,667,288 32,962,336	75,239,749	133,766,356 49,950,481 105,601,107	\$ 289,317,944 \$
	2015	\$ 121,184,791 \$ 17,875,329 60,155,607	199,215,727	16,184,828 30,737,703 28,881,521	75,804,052	137,369,619 48,613,032 89,037,128	\$ 275,019,779 \$
	2014 2	\$ 125,162,180 \$ 15,546,687 40,775,626	181,484,493	17,818,422 29,549,241 25,237,613	72,605,276	142,980,602 45,095,928 66,013,239	254,089,769
	2013	\$ 120,789,981 \$ 14,982,045 55,947,315	191,719,341	18,351,139 26,049,822 18,177,518	62,578,479	139,141,120 41,031,867 74,124,833	241,562,514 \$ 254,297,820 \$
	2012 1	\$ 118,167,599 14,865,524 54,952,370	187,985,493	15,699,857 21,108,710 16,768,454	53,577,021	133,867,456 35,974,234 71,720,824	\$ 241,562,514
		Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	Total governmental activities net position	Business-Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	Total business-type activities net position	Primary Government: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	Total primary government net position

 $^{^{\}mathrm{1}}$ Fiscal year 2012, total net position has been restated due to the implementation of GASB 65.

² Fiscal year 2014, total net position has been restated due to the implementation of GASB 68.

 $^{^3}$ Fiscal year 2017, total net position has been restated due to the implementation of GASB 75.

Town of Davie, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	Fiscal Year	Year 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Expenses: Governmental activities: General government Building and engineering Public safety - police Public safety - fire Public works Parks, recreation and cultural arts Interest on long-term debt	2,383 8,568 7,602 3,336 3,786 5,439	1,076 3,708 3,875 3,166 5,525 5,310	\$ 11,195,092 \$ 4,153,971 39,713,301 26,864,502 10,611,584 61,22,393,950			9,892,198 4,858,164 47,024,033 29,420,157 12,012,003 6,841,915 1,187,592	\$ 22,313,374 \$ 5.953,001 50,793,842 31,228,673 13,102,659 6,875,546 1.082,179			., ., .,
Total governmental activities expenses	97,839,032	102,472,966	101,055,182	97,503,054	104,300,213	111,236,062	131,349,274	121,340,669	126,722,582	127,902,420
Business-type activities: Water and sewer Golf	14,767,222 271,483	15,103,264 143,208	17,752,622 106,123	26,205,254 158,796	26,705,805 133,986	27,566,881 199,089	29,405,466 205,982	30,462,905 190,840	28,141,027	26,255,756
Total business-type activities expenses	15,038,705	15,246,472	17,858,745	26,364,050	26,839,791	27,765,970	29,611,448	30,653,745	28,141,027	26,255,756
Total primary government expenses	\$ 112,877,737	\$ 117,719,438	\$ 118,913,927 \$	123,867,104 \$	131,140,004 \$	139,002,032	\$ 160,960,722 \$	151,994,414 \$	154,863,609 \$	154,158,176
Program Revenues: Governmental activities: General government Building and engineering Public safety - police Public safety - fire Public works Parks, recreation and cultural arts	\$ 8475,288 5,419,679 3,785,601 9,675,931 1,365,811 1,016,518	\$ 7,932,982 \$ 5,906,559 \$ 3,534,646	\$ 5,442,255 \$ 6,400,640 4,015,175 17,139,564 690,770 1,112,320	2,944,443 \$ 6,802,367 4,445,337 17,719,169 265,794 1,365,575	4,077,774 \$ 7,162,150 4,280,240 18,385,454 1,024,235 1,169,962	3,095,962 8,531,709 3,912,618 21,687,637 959,633 2,107,932	\$ 3.747,644 \$ 9.041,193 7,397,548 20,040,367 271,210 1,782,978	3,451,942 \$ 12,664,335 9,436,824 20,079,188 1,617,979 1,416,001	15,013,915 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	8 492,330 6,913,561 7,346,425 20,492,124 445,388 711,226
Total governmental activities program revenues	29,742,828	32,919,384	34,800,724	33,542,685	36,099,815	40,295,491	42,280,940	48,666,269	53,380,901	44,401,054
Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer Golf Capital grants and	20,447,839 26,902 648,849	21,460,796 51,913 1,055,448	21,619,002 68,132 3,828,250	22,138,550 73,565 2,701,909	22,584,362 59,873 1,989,676	22,601,271 36,413 1,285,972	23,666,225	24,330,000	25,055,372	26,379,996
Total business-type activities program revenues	21,123,590	22,568,157	25,515,384	24,914,024	24,633,911	23,923,656	26,444,518	27,403,107	25,263,075	26,503,473
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 50,866,418	\$ 55,487,541	\$ 60,316,108 \$	\$ 8,456,709 \$	60,733,726 \$	64,219,147	\$ 68,725,458 \$	\$ 926,690,376	78,643,976 \$	70,904,527

Town of Davie, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (continued)

						Fiscal Year	Year				
	2	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Net (Expense) Revenue: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (68)	(68,096,204) 6,084,885	\$ (69,553,582) 7,321,685	\$ (66,254,458) 7,656,639	\$ (63,960,369) (1,450,026)	\$ (68,200,398) \$ (2,205,880)	\$ (70,940,571) \$ (3,842,314)	\$ (89,068,334) \$ (3,166,930)	(72,674,400) \$ (3,250,638)	(73,341,681) (2,877,952)	\$ (83,501,366)
Total primary government, net expense	\$ (62,	\$ (65,011,319)	\$ (62,231,897)	\$ (58,597,819)	\$ (65,410,395)	\$ (70,406,278) \$	\$ (74,782,885)	\$ (92,235,264) \$	\$ (75,925,038)	(76,219,633)	\$ (83,253,649)
General Revenues, Transfers, and Other Change in Net Position: Governmental activities:											
Ad valorem taxes Utility service taxes Other general taxes Franchice face on groce	\$ 37, 6, 4, 0	37,490,024 \$ 6,917,439 4,095,094	38,132,831 7,289,144 3,911,368	\$ 41,399,721 8,078,298 3,780,827	\$ 42,385,856 8,209,059 3,881,030	\$ 44,666,126 \$ 8,402,373 3,384,206	\$ 47,756,767 \$ 8,630,327 3,750,301	\$ 50,905,694 \$ 8,932,428 4,314,907	55,494,922 \$ 9,192,055 4,204,111	58,151,265 9,265,030 4,115,796	\$ 61,162,957 9,374,155 3,995,604
Intergovernmental, not restricted for specific purposes	ი რ	9,753,717	10,245,884	10,742,696	11,535,082	11,998,577	12,492,468	14,547,591	15,109,657	14,103,989	16,349,765
Investment income Miscellaneous Transfers	ਜਜੇ	1,029,857	386,625 4,449,017	620,238 3,997,275	966,065 7,942,197	973,382 3,842,705	648,353 4,509,340 52,227	808,057 3,520,429	3,376,739 5,177,489	2,940,510 4,012,110 754 336	236,407 3,809,915
Reassignment of capital assets to governmental activities		(200,000)			(200,440,6)					4,818,432	
Total governmental activities	99	68,690,745	73,287,430	78,164,489	81,691,603	83,062,866	87,992,311	93,458,382	103,313,506	108,440,620	105,956,077
Business-type activities: Intergovernmental, not restricted for specific purposes Investment income Miscellaneous Transfers Reassignment of capital assets to governmental activities	тī	52,630 1,159,704 500,000	12,443 1,742,330 (75,000)	40,267	19,058 1,585,692 3,044,052	105,886 1,535,691	90,115 1,347,570 (52,227)	287,286 1,728,626	1,184,418 1,735,340 (28,410)	1,365,459 215,660 (754,336) (4,818,432)	71,246 69,072 256,709
Total business-type activities	1,	1,712,334	1,679,773	1,427,078	4,648,802	1,641,577	1,385,458	2,015,912	2,891,348	(3,991,649)	397,027
Total primary government general revenues, transfers, and other change in net position	\$ 70	70,403,079 \$	74,967,203	\$ 79,591,567	\$ 86,340,405	\$ 84,704,443 \$	\$ 89,377,769	\$ 95,474,294 \$	106,204,854 \$	104,448,971	\$ 106,353,104
Change in Net Position: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	594,541 \$ 7,797,219	3,733,848 9,001,458	\$ 11,910,031	\$ 17,731,234 3,198,776	\$ 14,862,468 \$ (564,303)	\$ 17,051,740 (2,456,856)	\$ 4,390,048 \$ (1,151,018)	30,639,106 (359,290)	35,098,939 (6,869,601)	\$ 22,454,711 644,744
Total primary government	\$	8,391,760	\$ 12,735,306	\$ 20,993,748	\$ 20,930,010	\$ 14,298,165 \$	\$ 14,594,884	\$ 3,239,030 \$	\$ 30,279,816 \$	28,229,338	\$ 23,099,455

Town of Davie, Florida Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Total	57,115,230	58,130,904	62,804,280	64,292,311	66,248,202	70,289,923	74,582,305	79,621,211	81,811,243	85,559,990
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Franchise Fees on Gross Receipts	8,612,673	8,797,561	9,545,434	9,816,366	9,795,497	10,152,528	10,429,276	10,730,123	10,279,152	11,027,274
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Utility Service Taxes	6,917,439	7,289,144	8,078,298	8,209,059	8,402,373	8,630,327	8,932,428	9,192,055	9,265,030	9,374,155
8	↔									
Other General Taxes	4,095,094	3,911,368	3,780,827	3,881,030	3,384,206	3,750,301	4,314,907	4,204,111	4,115,796	3,995,604
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Ad Valorem Tax	37,490,024	38,132,831	41,399,721	42,385,856	44,666,126	47,756,767	50,905,694	55,494,922	58,151,265	61,162,957
I	↔									
Tax Roll Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Town of Davie, Florida Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2021	309,135 4,501,448 39,258,560 10,907,601 40,796,608	95,773,352	48,965 9,680,515 40,868,221	50,597,701	146,371,053
		\$, 35 10 40	\$	\$	\$ 20	\$ 14(
	2020	236,509 4,388,841 36,270,513 4,001,395 51,868,009	96,765,267	71,844 (12,324,314 29,893,122	42,289,280	139,054,547
		ا ب	\$ 	۰ ا	 	 γ ΙΙ
	2019	182,683 4,149,230 24,423,779 3,260,526 39,850,096	71,866,314	96,800 11,633,283 38,033,807	49,763,890	\$ 121,630,204
		φ I	 - -	۰ ۱	 	
	2018	155,988 10,384,853 21,109,246 2,302,517 27,225,497	61,178,101	405,497 12,486,808 28,229,054	41,121,359	102,299,460
		ا ب	- -	۰ ا	 	
ear	2017	107,789 7,636,505 20,706,954 16,564,352 17,000,000	62,015,600	102,992 26,015,489 32,157,920	58,276,401	\$ 120,292,001
Fiscal Year		⋄	\$.v.	√ ∥	
L	2016	4,487 7,131,226 30,442,397 5,880,838 13,358,506	56,817,454	79 34,042,946 28,164,892	62,207,917	\$ 119,025,371
			 -		 	
	2015	3,850 6,153,040 28,053,495 5,624,999 14,212,084	54,047,468	40,000 34,883,256 21,429,807	56,353,063	110,400,531
		٠ •		۰ ا	 -	
	2014	29,573 5,293,299 27,890,072 3,699,215 7,293,332	\$ 44,205,491	40,000 33,847,498 15,231,842	47,780,414 \$ 46,020,942 \$ 49,119,340	93,324,831
		ა ი ი ღ ი ი	2 	. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5. 	6. €
	2013	114,899 4,640,866 24,741,783 3,941,040 7,333,689	38,054,784 \$ 40,772,277	40,000 35,103,283 11,540,573 (662,914)	46,020,94	86,793,21
	lı	\$8 \$ 77 69	\$ 	\$ 20 33)	4. ■	\$ 88
	2012	20,398 4,983,157 23,891,957 4,404,349 4,754,923	38,054,78	- 35,183,167 13,578,420 (981,173)	47,780,41	85,835,19
		∙∽		φ. '		٠ د
		General Fund: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	Total General Fund	All Other Government Funds: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)	Total all other governmental funds	Total all governmental funds \$ 85,835,198 \$ 86,793,219 \$ 93,324,831

Town of Davie, Florida Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

						Fiscal Year	Year				
		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues:											
Ad valorem taxes	٠٠,	37,490,024 \$	38,132,831 \$	41,399,721 \$	\$ 42,385,856 \$	\$ 44,666,126 \$	\$ 47,756,767 \$	\$ 50,905,694 \$	55,494,922 \$	58,151,265 \$	61,162,957
Utility service taxes		6,917,439	7,289,144	8,078,298	8,209,059	8,402,373	8,630,327	8,932,428	9,192,055	9,265,030	9,374,155
Franchise fees		8,612,673	8,797,561	9,545,434	9,816,366	9,795,497	10,152,528	10,429,276	10,730,123	10,279,152	11,027,274
Intergovernmental		13,358,215	15,299,531	13,153,551	12,145,881	12,805,620	13,955,628	19,072,642	18,517,232	26,997,992	23,966,833
Other general taxes		4,095,094	3,911,368	3,780,827	3,881,030	3,384,206	3,750,301	4,314,907	4,204,111	4,115,796	3,995,604
Permits and fees		6,149,751	6,560,604	6,952,973	7,392,240	7,722,855	9,210,223	8,739,976	12,111,749	8,847,134	6,823,431
Charges for services		10,534,036	12,336,183	13,339,187	13,783,812	14,410,193	15,625,682	16,553,995	18,051,652	16,377,496	16,216,833
Fire assessments		7,124,432	6,803,622	9,889,781	10,110,026	10,426,283	11,843,257	12,172,946	12,898,200	12,976,551	13,503,267
Fines and forfeitures		1,249,899	1,388,196	1,327,254	1,970,968	1,389,538	1,106,928	1,368,869	2,065,823	1,224,413	1,122,202
Investment income		1,029,857	386,625	620,238	966,065	973,382	648,353	808,057	3,376,739	2,940,510	236,407
Miscellaneous		1,412,712	4,922,110	5,258,879	7,425,918	4,259,292	4,238,622	3,686,554	5,234,380	4,248,026	3,811,415
Total revenues		97,974,132	105,827,775	113,346,143	118,087,221	118,235,365	126,918,616	136,985,344	151,876,986	155,423,365	151,240,378
Expenditures:											
General government		17,359,559	18,300,674	16,675,752	14,920,656	17,221,056	23,846,879	31,331,610	20,054,045	19,051,546	26,708,523
Public safety	-	59,990,689	61,148,274	64,415,889	65,483,238	69,282,330	75,422,433	79,987,940	81,980,266	84,497,415	87,503,353
Public works		6,812,650	7,071,640	7,047,481	7,372,191	7,496,375	8,108,498	8,631,348	8,683,451	9,849,941	9,580,221
Non-departmental		1,111,377	1,072,536	1,189,844	232,615	241,219	1,434,922	9,926,355	870,295	1,071,540	760,540
Parks, recreation											
and cultural arts		4,167,794	4,014,641	4,163,405	4,277,132	4,363,583	4,762,304	5,818,517	4,894,981	5,202,698	5,501,376
Capital outlay		2,991,147	3,892,084	5,190,071	5,051,591	7,159,809	6,803,684	11,953,331	9,677,684	12,844,627	9,433,359
Debt service:											
Principal		6,010,215	6,257,257	6,048,688	6,614,497	7,103,785	6,404,719	6,027,670	5,176,762	4,582,244	3,680,541
Interest and fiscal charges		3,272,583	3,187,648	2,462,067	2,456,049	1,476,029	1,249,135	1,105,114	976,860	809,207	688,731
Total convolution	÷	101 716 017	104 944 754	701 501 701	106 407 969	111 211 18E	178 027 577	15/ 721 885	127 211 211	910 000 721	112 856 611
i otal expellultules	1	01,710,014	104,344,734	161,661,101	TOC, 104,001	114,344,100	120,032,374	134,701,003	132,314,344	13,709,210	143,030,044
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(3,741,882)	883,021	6,152,946	11,679,252	3,891,179	(1,113,958)	(17,796,541)	19,562,642	17,514,147	7,383,734

Town of Davie, Florida Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (continued)

11	2012	2013	2014	2015	Fiscal Year 2016	ear 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
2,5	2,554,313	1,623,065	7,322,545	7,664,951	9,451,352	12,680,690	8,017,648	17,190,158	9,605,398	23,265,787
(2,0	(2,054,313)	(1,548,065)	(6,943,879)	(10,709,003)	(9,682,691)	(12,824,007)	(8,213,648)	(17,422,056)	(9,695,202)	(23,333,015)
	1	1		8,440,500	4,965,000	2,523,905	1	•	•	
	ı	17,394,769		28,725,000	1		1	•	•	
		(17,394,769)	•	(28,725,000)	,				,	-
2	200,000	75,000	378,666	5,396,448	4,733,661	2,380,588	(196,000)	(231,898)	(89,804)	(67,228)
(3,2	\$ (3,241,882) \$		958,021 \$ 6,531,612 \$	\$ 002,270,71	8,624,840 \$		(17,992,541) \$	1,266,630 \$ (17,992,541) \$ 19,330,744 \$ 17,424,343 \$	17,424,343 \$	7,316,506
	9.40%	9.45%	8.58%	8.96%	8.04%	6.81%	5.55%	2.09%	4.34%	3.40%

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Town of Davie, Florida Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable	65.86%	66.54%	%62.99	%00.99	64.48%	64.15%	64.72%	65.23%	65.24%	64.57%
Estimated Actual Taxable Value	9,979,210,203	9,939,798,474	10,223,709,690	11,085,286,065	12,020,234,773	13,070,563,470	14,033,435,693	14,822,705,163	15,784,674,086	16,377,976,137
Total Direct Rate	5.6007 \$	5.6422	5.9450	5.8910	5.7976	5.6962	5.8485	6.0121	5.9123	5.8836
Total Taxable Assessed Value	6,572,436,113 5	6,614,262,744 5	6,828,101,369 5	7,316,721,257 5	7,750,245,282 5	8,385,020,801 5	9,082,123,325 5	9,669,050,525	10,297,374,227 5	10,575,924,848 5
Less: Tax Exempt Property	\$ 1,242,462,810 \$	1,253,918,540	1,228,449,080	1,197,325,920	1,193,105,540	1,181,288,540	1,211,819,750	1,253,357,700	1,270,094,570	1,572,682,960
Personal Property	286,149,893	279,671,874	315,289,419	348,276,267	365,641,052	423,261,411	469,092,425	504,534,955	504,714,867	493,155,299
Real Property	7,528,749,030 \$	7,588,509,410	7,741,261,030	8,165,770,910	8,577,709,770	9,143,047,930	9,824,850,650	10,417,873,270	11,062,753,930	11,655,452,509
Tax Roll Year	2011 \$	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Source:

Broward County Property Appraiser. Property in the County is reassessed annually. Tax rates are per \$ 1,000 of assessed value. Note:

Town of Davie, Florida Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Tax Ended Roll September 30. Year			lown of Davie, Florida			3	Overlapping Rates	es				
					Broward							
					County	South Florida	North	South	Broward	Florida		
		Debt	Total	Broward	School	Water	Broward	Broward	Children's	Inland	Total Direct and	ect and
	Operating	Service	Direct	County	District	Management	Hospital	Hospital	Services	Navigational	Overlapping Rates	ng Rates
1	Millage	Millage	Rate	Millage	Millage	District	District	District	Council	District	(1)	(2)
	4.8122	0.7885	5.6007	5.5530	7.4180	0.4363	1.8750	0.7500	0.4789	0.0345	21.3964	20.2714
	4.8122	0.8300	5.6422	5.5530	7.4560	0.4289	1.8564	0.6000	0.4902	0.0345	21.4612	20.2048
2014 2013	5.0829	0.8621	5.9450	5.7230	7.4800	0.4110	1.7554	0.4000	0.4882	0.0345	21.8371	20.4817
	5.0829	0.8081	5.8910	5.7230	7.4380	0.3842	1.5939	0.1863	0.4882	0.0345	21.5528	20.1452
	5.0819	0.7157	5.7976	5.7230	7.2740	0.3551	1.4425	0.1737	0.4882	0.0320	21.1124	19.8436
	5.0799	0.6163	5.6962	2.6690	6.9063	0.3307	1.3462	0.1615	0.4882	0.0320	20.4686	19.2839
	5.3220	0.5265	5.8485	2.6690	6.5394	0.3100	1.2483	0.1496	0.4882	0.0320	20.1354	19.0367
	5.6270	0.3851	6.0121	2.6690	6.4029	0.2936	1.0855	0.1414	0.4882	0.0320	19.9833	19.0392
	5.6270	0.2853	5.9123	2.6690	6.7393	0.2795	1.0324	0.1260	0.4882	0.0320	20.1527	19.2463
	5.6270	0.2566	5.8836	2.6690	6.5052	0.2675	1.1469	0.1199	0.4882	0.0320	19.9924	18.9654

Source: Broward County Revenue Collector.

Overlapping rates are those of local and County governments that apply to property owners within the Town of Davie, Florida. Notes:

State law requires all counties to assess at 100% just valuation and limits millage for operating purposes to ten (10) mills.

(1) Excluding South Broward Hospital District.

(2) Excluding North Broward Hospital District.

		2021				2012	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	- -	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
SCG Atlas PalmTrace Landings LLC	\$ 117,995,120	1	1.12%	\$	-	_	-
Florida Power & Light	116,782,824	2	1.10%	·	62,565,671	2	0.95%
PPF AMLI 5971 Toscana Drive LP	114,748,380	3	1.08%		-	-	-
BP Avenue LLC	92,990,411	4	0.88%		-	-	-
33 West Owner LLC	85,138,010	5	0.81%		-	-	-
GSG Residential Sunforest LLC	70,803,320	6	0.67%		-	-	-
FR Tower Shops LLC	69,398,530	7	0.66%		41,258,240	3	0.63%
Rag Davie LLC	58,876,150	8	0.56%		-	-	-
SCG Atlas New River Cove LLC	53,961,160	9	0.51%		-	-	-
Nob Hill Partners LLC	52,794,000	10	0.50%		-	-	-
City National Bank of Trustee	-	-	-		96,423,386	1	1.47%
Equity One	-	-	-		37,369,430	4	0.57%
Davie Plaza	-	-	-		32,957,630	5	0.50%
James M. Dale Liv TR	-	-	-		31,127,830	6	0.47%
Florida Auto Auction	-	-	-		25,361,040	7	0.39%
EQR Marina Bay Apt LLC	-	-	-		25,018,978	8	0.38%
Palm Owner LLC	-	-	-		24,582,230	9	0.37%
595 CPC LLC		-	-	_	21,287,080	10	0.32%
Total	\$ 833,487,905	ı	7.89%	\$	397,951,515		6.05%

Source: Broward County Records, Taxes, and Treasury Division.

Town of Davie, Florida Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

ins to Date	Percentage	of the Levy	96.05%	95.71%	95.30%	95.43%	95.85%	95.87%	95.65%	95.57%	95.83%	92.36%
Total Collections to Date	Amount	Collected	35,118,247	35,690,303	38,622,143	41,100,419	43,070,261	45,833,034	50,853,831	55,565,705	58,327,454	60,733,179
		l	↔									
	Collections (Credits) in Subsequent	Years	90,036	(45,196)	(152,555)	48,831	39,370	40,414	13,684	(19,529)	127,583	ı
			φ.									
Vithin the of the Levy	Percentage	of the Levy	95.80%	95.83%	92.67%	95.32%	92.76%	95.79%	95.63%	82.60%	95.63%	92.36%
Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	Amount	Collected	\$ 35,028,211	35,735,499	38,774,698	41,051,588	43,030,891	45,792,620	50,840,147	55,585,234	58,199,871	60,733,179
	Total Tax Levy for the	Fiscal Year	36,562,490	37,291,063	40,528,241	43,066,409	44,936,250	47,805,550	53,166,153	58,142,998	60,862,442	63,690,768
		l	↔									
	Tax Roll	Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	Fiscal Year Ended	September 30,	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Broward County Revenue Collection Division Accountability Statement. Source:

	Governm	ent	al Activities	Business-Typ	e Ac	tivities			
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	 General Obligation Bonds	_	Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds	Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds		Note Payable	 Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Debt Per Capita (1)
2012	\$ 47,176,589	\$	28,098,872	\$ 113,081,654	\$	-	\$ 188,357,115	6.93%	\$ 2,028.66
2013	43,630,329		25,387,874	140,559,956		1,317,015	210,895,174	7.87%	2,253.18
2014	39,907,398		23,062,117	138,532,387		3,520,530	205,022,432	6.97%	2,146.85
2015	35,998,230		20,356,788	136,124,818		3,529,405	196,009,241	6.57%	2,022.63
2016	31,671,818		17,579,415	133,647,249		3,808,142	186,706,624	5.56%	1,877.58
2017	27,560,284		15,286,230	131,114,680		3,622,752	177,583,946	5.48%	1,763.79
2018	23,692,450		13,126,394	128,527,111		3,433,073	168,779,028	4.80%	1,636.01
2019	20,739,050		10,903,032	129,559,542		3,239,006	164,440,630	4.58%	1,577.38
2020	18,445,000		8,614,838	129,426,639		3,040,450	159,526,927	4.14%	1,518.52
2021	16,245,000		7,134,297	126,713,610		2,837,301	152,930,208	3.94%	1,446.96

Note: Debt is presented net of discounts and premiums, as applicable.

⁽¹⁾ Personal income and population data is disclosed in Table 15.

Town of Davie, Florida Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Per Capita (3)	502.34	463.68	414.98	369.97	316.60	271.40	227.14	196.23	172.73	152.08
ľ	Ş									
Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (2)	0.47%	0.44%	0.39%	0.32%	0.26%	0.21%	0.17%	0.14%	0.11%	0.10%
Total	46,641,589	43,400,329	39,629,898	35,852,930	31,482,618	27,325,784	23,432,450	20,456,350	18,145,900	16,073,000
l	Ş									
Less: Accumulated Resources Restricted To Repaying the Principal of General Bonded Debt	535,000	230,000	277,500	145,300	189,200	234,500	260,000	282,700	299,100	172,000
I	٠									
General Obligation Bonds (1)	47,176,589	43,630,329	39,907,398	35,998,230	31,671,818	27,560,284	23,692,450	20,739,050	18,445,000	16,245,000
	Ş									
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

(2) (3)

General bonded debt is presented net of discounts and premiums, as applicable. For property value data see Table 6: Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property. For population data see Table 15: Demographic and Economic Statistics.

Governmental Unit:	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable		Amount Applicable to Primary Government
Governmentar ome.				
Broward County School Board Broward County	\$ 548,096,000 605,165,000	7.45% 5.12%	\$	40,850,415 30,956,290
Bloward County	003,103,000	5.12/0	_	30,930,290
Subtotal, overlapping debt				71,806,705
Town of Davie, Florida			_	23,379,297
Takal diwast and available dalet			_	05 106 003
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ <u>_</u>	95,186,002

Source: Outstanding debt and applicable percentages provided by each governmental unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the Town. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt

of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the Town of Davie, Florida. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a

resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Town of Davie, Florida Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Debt limit	\$ 781,489,892	\$ 781,489,892 \$ 786,818,128 \$ 805,655,045		\$ 851,404,718 \$		\$ 956,630,934	894,335,082 \$ 956,630,934 \$ 1,029,394,308 \$ 1,092,240,823 \$ 1,156,746,880 \$ 1,214,860,781	\$ 1,092,240,823	\$ 1,156,746,880	\$ 1,214,860,781
Total net debt applicable to limit	46,641,589	43,400,329	39,629,898	35,852,930	31,482,618	27,325,784	23,432,450	20,456,350	18,145,900	16,073,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 734,848,303	\$ 734,848,303 \$ 743,417,799 \$ 766,025,147 \$	\$ 766,025,147		\$ 862,852,464	\$ 929,305,150	815,551,788 \$ 862,852,464 \$ 929,305,150 \$ 1,005,961,858 \$ 1,071,784,473 \$ 1,138,600,980 \$ 1,198,787,781	\$ 1,071,784,473	\$ 1,138,600,980	\$ 1,198,787,781
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	5.97%	5.52%	4.92%	4.21%	3.52%	2.86%	2.28%	1.87%	1.57%	1.32%
Taxable assessed value	\$ 6,572,436,113	\$ 6,572,436,113 \$ 6,614,262,744 \$ 6,828,101,369		\$ 7,316,721,257	\$ 7,750,245,282	\$ 8,385,020,801	7,316,721,257 \$ 7,750,245,282 \$ 8,385,020,801 \$ 9,082,123,325 \$	\$ 9,669,050,525	9,669,050,525 \$ 10,297,374,227 \$ 10,575,924,848	\$ 10,575,924,848
Tax exempt real property	1,242,462,810	1,253,918,540	1,228,449,080	1,197,325,920	1,193,105,540	1,181,288,540	1,211,819,750	1,253,357,700	1,270,094,570	1,572,682,960
	\$ 7,814,898,923	\$ 7,814,898,923 \$ 7,868,181,284 \$ 8,056,550,449 \$ 8,514,047,177 \$ 8,943,350,822 \$ 9,566,309,341	\$ 8,056,550,449	\$ 8,514,047,177	\$ 8,943,350,822	\$ 9,566,309,341	\$ 10,293,943,075 \$ 10,922,408,225 \$ 11,567,468,797 \$ 12,148,607,808	\$ 10,922,408,225	\$ 11,567,468,797	\$ 12,148,607,808

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2021:

Taxable Assessed Value Add back: exempt real property Debt limit (10% of total assessed value) General obligation bonds Less: Amounts set aside for repayment of general obligation debt	\$ 10,575,924,848 1,572,682,960 12,148,607,808 \$ 1,214,860,781 \$ 16,245,000
Total net debt applicable to limit	
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,198,787,781

Fiscal			W	ater and Sew	er R	evenue Bond	ls		
Year Ended	Water Charges	Less: Operating		Net Available		Debt	: Ser	vice	
September 30,	and Other *	Expenses		Revenue	_	Principal	_	Interest	Coverage
2012	\$ 21,231,766	\$ 9,477,833	\$	11,753,933	\$	1,435,000	\$	3,664,539	230.49%
2013	23,237,974	10,178,244		13,059,730		1,715,000		3,158,950	267.95%
2014	25,440,833	11,662,722		13,778,111		2,301,646		1,794,488	336.37%
2015	28,486,341	12,073,335		16,413,006		2,665,294		6,743,818	174.44%
2016	25,207,810	12,387,452		12,820,358		2,596,944		6,757,287	137.05%
2017	24,320,696	13,485,764		10,834,932		2,700,390		6,610,944	116.36%
2018	27,450,471	15,169,017		12,281,454		2,759,679		6,562,409	131.75%
2019	29,443,300	16,451,215		12,992,085		2,814,067		6,302,363	142.51%
2020	26,844,194	15,675,640		11,168,554		2,873,556		4,796,561	145.61%
2021	26,900,500	14,207,242		12,693,258		2,933,149		4,159,579	178.96%

^{*} Water charges and other includes charges for services, intergovernmental, other income, investment income, gain (loss) on sale of capital assets and capital contributions.

Year	Population (1,2,3)	Median Age (1,2)		Personal Income (1,3) (Thousands of Dollars)	_	Per Capita Personal Income (1,3)	School Enrollment (4)	Broward County Unemployment Rate (5,6)
2012	92,848	35.9	\$	2,716,732	\$	29,260	16,358	7.6%
2013	93,599	39.7	•	2,680,956	•	28,643	16,273	5.4%
2014	95,499	37.9		2,940,414		30,790	16,228	5.2%
2015	96,908	37.6		2,983,797		30,790	16,161	5.1%
2016	99,440	40.8		3,360,276		33,792	16,539	4.6%
2017	100,683	37.6		3,240,080		32,181	17,083	3.3%
2018	103,165	37.7		3,518,649		34,107	17,174	2.8%
2019	104,249	37.7		3,593,567		34,471	17,235	2.6%
2020	105,054	36.8		3,857,268		36,717	16,809	7.8%
2021	105,691	36.8		3,880,656		36,717	16,821	4.4%

Sources:

- U.S. Census Bureau. (1)
- (2) American Community Survey.
- University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Research. Broward County School 20th day Enrollment. (3)
- (4)
- State of Florida Unemployment Statistics. (5)
- U.S. Department of Labor. (6)

Town of Davie, Florida Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Employer	Type of Business	Employees	2021 Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	2012 Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Nova Southeastern University	Educational Complex	4,966	Н	0.53%	3,971	Н	0.42%
Broward College	Educational Complex	1,589	7	0.17%	1	•	1
Broward County Schools	Educational Complex	1,263	33	0.14%	250	7	0.03%
HCA Hospital	Medical	1,207	4	0.13%	1	1	ı
Publix Supermarkets	Retail	867	2	0.09%	809	4	%90.0
Town of Davie	Municipality	729	9	0.08%	642	က	0.07%
Rick Case Automotive	Auto/Cycle Dealership	929	7	0.07%	ı	1	ı
Home Depot	Retail	009	∞	%90.0	1	1	ı
Walmart	Retail	432	6	0.05%	1	1	ı
Teva/Actavis	Pharmaceutical	271	10	0.03%	1	1	ı
Actavis (Watson)	Pharmaceutical	ı	1	ı	1,200	2	0.13%
Mako Surgical Corp	Medical Device	ı	1	ı	436	2	0.05%
Maheim Auction	Auction House	ı	1	ı	354	9	0.04%
Signature Grand	Banquet Hall	ı	1	ı	230	∞	0.02%
Miami Dolphins LLC	Sports Entertainment	ı	1	1	200	6	0.02%
Target	Retail		•	1	177	10	0.02%
Total		12,594		1.35%	8,068		0.86%

Source: Greater Fort Lauderdale Broward Economic Development Alliance and Town of Davie Administration Department.

Town of Davie, Florida Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2021		2	93	122		53	27	298	184	782
	2020		2	66	120		52	27	286	184	773
	2019		2	100	115		74	25	277	177	773
tember 30,	2018		2	92	113		49	25	274	177	735
Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of September 30,	2017		2	101	113		49	24	264	176	732
uivalent Emplo	2016		2	94	111		49	24	258	162	703
Full-Time Eq	2015		2	79	106		48	29	253	157	677
	2014		2	75	105		48	29	251	156	699
	2013		2	9/	106		51	24	241	157	099
	2012		2	77	6		51	24	236	145	635
		Function/Program: General Government:	Legislative	Administrative	Public Works/Utilities	Parks, Recreation and	Cultural Arts	Building and Engineering Public Safety:	Police	Fire/Rescue	Total

Source: Various Town Departments.

Town of Davie, Florida Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

2021	1,278 5,746	14,338 8,771	203	6	822 319 1,090 257 25,489	9,956 4.00 MGD	3.60 MGD
2020	912	13,200 7,530	150	14	825 - 1,027 922 55,431	10,393 4.15 MGD	3.54 MGD
2019	1,134	13,964 10,599	284	9	1,614 495 946 3,324 136,415	9,876 4.42 MGD	3.76 MGD
2018	964	14,174 8,366	239	8	2,332 539 961 3,687 134,790	10,171 4.47 MGD	3.90 MGD
Year 2017	954 8,279	14,566 5,444	110	m	2,054 458 627 1,749 100,413	10,181 4.51 MGD	3.78 MGD
Fiscal Year	1,873	14,094 5,358	188	m	3,279 551 489 2,613 98,790	9,691 4.64 MGD	3.46 MGD
2015	1,237	13,649 5,457	157	10	2,984 498 424 2,464 94,088	9,517 3.73 MGD	3.30 MGD
2014	1,408	13,345 4,560	152	7	3,227 510 353 3,384 91,898	9,603 3.83 MGD	3.83 MGD
2013	3,381 14,330	13,119 4,170	108	∞	3,026 470 331 2,662 56,224	9,661 4.22 MGD	4.02 MGD
2012	1,558 11,841	12,144 5,966	111	0	2,296 339 517 1,549 2,716	9,801 4.43 MGD	3.76 MGD
	Function/Program: Police: Physical arrests Citations issued	Fire rescue: Numbers of calls answered Fire inspections	Community development: New Residential/Commercial building permits issued	Highway and streets: Street resurfacing (miles)	Parks, recreation and cultural arts: Athletic programs (participants) Youth camps (participants) Club memberships Facility rentals Pool admissions	Water: Number of water meters operating Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	Sewer: Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)

Source: Various Town Departments

Town of Davie, Florida Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	Fiscal Year 2016 2	Year 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function/Program: Public safety: Police stations Fire stations	1 10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9
Highway and streets: Streets (miles) Number of street lights	304 4,059	305 4,065	309 4,065	310 5,152	310 5,153	310 5,156	310 5,164	310 5,174	310 5,215	310 5,215
Parks, recreation and cultural arts: Number of parks Swimming pools Community centers Community bus shuttles	35 2 3	35 2 6 3	35 2 3	35 2 3	35 2 3	36 2 3	37 2 6 5	37 2 7 5	37 2 8 8	9 8 7 33
Water: Water mains (miles) Fire hydrants Maximum daily capacity (in thousand of gallons)	162 1,326 7.42 MGD	162 1,329 7.42 MGD	162 1,587 7.42 MGD	162 1,460 10.0 MGD	162 1,460 10.0 MGD	163 1,587 10.0 MGD	163 1,587 10.0 MGD	169 1,587 10.0 MGD	165 1,461 10.0 MGD	170 1,638 10.0 MGD
Sewer/stormwater: Sanitary sewers (miles) Storm sewers (miles) Maximum daily treatment	72 84	72 84	73 84	73	73 84	73 84	73	73	89	70 117
capacity (in millions of gallons per day - MGD)	4.85 MGD	8.35 MGD								

Source: Various Town Departments

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Davie, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Davie, Florida (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Town of Davie Firefighters' Pension Plan and the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan, as described in our report on the Town's financial statements. The financial statements of the Town of Davie Police Employees' Pension Plan were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



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Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 30, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Davie, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Davie, Florida's (the "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021. The Town's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Town's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance.



BEST PLACES TO WORK

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 30, 2022



MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Davie, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Davie, Florida (the "Town"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 30, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The name or official title and legal authority of the Town and its blended component unit are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.



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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Town met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Town. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Town reported the specific information in Exhibit 1 accompanying this report. The information for compliance with Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal, and other granting agencies, Members of the Town Council, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 30, 2022

 .	Town of Davie Community Redevelopment
Data Element	 Agency
Number of district employees compensated at 9/30/2021 Number of independent contractors compensated at	None
September 2021	None
Employee compensation for FYE 9/30/2021 (paid/accrued) Independent contractor compensation for FYE 9/30/2021	\$ -
(paid/accrued) Each construction project to begin on or after October 1, 2020; (>\$65K):	\$ -
Davie Road Phase III Budget variance report	\$ 5,516,768 Page 90



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Davie, Florida

We have examined the Town of Davie, Florida's (the "Town") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Town's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Town complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements, for the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management use of management, Members of the Town Council, and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 30, 2022



Town of Davie, Florida Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Transfers to Sub-recipients	ν.							\$
Expenditures	\$ 360,461 494,297 901,006 1,755,764	245,619	3,968	71,246	5,000 5,000 10,000	5,582	647,279	\$ 2,739,458
Contract/Grant Number	BC-18MC-12-0044 BC-20MC-12-0044 BC-20MW-12-0044 14.218 Total	ļ	I	I	CADET CERT 97.042 Total	Z1659	110-2020	
CFDA	14.218 14.218 14.218	16.922	93.136	97.039	97.042 97.042	97.036	21.019	
Federal Agency, Pass-through Entity, Federal Program	Federal Agency Name: Direct Programs: United States Department of Housing and Urban Development - Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants - Cluster	Indirect Programs: United States Department of Justice - Passed through Broward County Sheriff's Office - Equitable Sharing Program	United States Department of Health and Human Services - Passed through Florida Department of Health - Injury Prevention and Control Research and State and Community Based Programs	United States Department of Homeland Security - Passed through the Florida Division of Emergency Management - Hazard Mitigation Grant	Emergency Management Performance Grants	Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	United States Department of Treasury - Passed through Florida Housing Finance Corporation - Coronavirus Relief Funds	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards

See notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the Town of Davie, Florida (the "Town"). The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, as well as other applicable provisions of contracts and grant agreements, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement, as applicable.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The Town did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4 - Contingency

The grant and contract revenue received is subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditures or expenses are disallowed by the grantor agencies as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor/contract agencies would become a liability of the Town. In the opinion of management, all grant and contract expenditures are in compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal/state laws and other applicable regulations.

Financial Statements

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Type of audit	or's report issued:	Unmodified Opinion		
Internal cont	rol over financial reporting:			
Material we	eakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Significant of	deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported	
Noncomplian	ce material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Federal Prog	<u>rams</u>			
Internal cont	rol over major federal programs:			
Material we	eakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Significant o	deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported	
Type of audit major federa	or's report issued on compliance for all programs:	Unmodified Opinion		
•	dings disclosed that are required ed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	<u> X</u> no	
Identification	of major federal program:			
CFDA No.	Federal Program(s)			
14.218	United States Department of Housing and Urban Development - Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants - Cluster			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$ 750,000 federal programs		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		<u> </u>	no	
SECTION II - I	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS			
None Report	ed.			
SECTION III -	FEDERAL PROGRAMS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONE	D COSTS		
None Report	ed.			
SECTION IV -	PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS			
None Report	ed.			

AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared WILLIAM W. ACKERMAN, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Director of Finance of the Town of Davie which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida;
- 2. The Town of Davie adopted Ordinance No. 2007-38 and Ordinance No. 2009-21 implementing an impact fee; and
- 3. The Town of Davie has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

William W. Ackerman, Budget & Finance Director

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF Broward

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 30th day of March 2022.

NOTARY PUBLIC
Print Name RAQUE BI GRAM

Personally known ____ or produced identification _____

Type of identification produced: _____

My Commission Expires:

07/10/2022

