TOWN OF HAVERHILL HAVERHILL, FLORIDA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TOWN OF HAVERHILL HAVERHILL, FLORIDA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council Town of Haverhill Haverhill, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Town of Haverhill, Florida (the "Town") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Town as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information as shown in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 19, 2022 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

B you & Associates

July 19, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Haverhill, Florida (the "Town") provides a narrative overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's Independent Auditor's Report, basic financial statements, accompanying notes and supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets plus deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year resulting in a net position balance of \$3,203,518.
- The change in the Town's total net position in comparison with the prior fiscal year was \$737,838, an increase. The key components of the Town's net position and change in net position are reflected in the table in the government-wide financial analysis section.
- At September 30, 2021, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,199,047, an increase of \$689,487 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. A portion of total fund balance is non-spendable for prepaid items, restricted for infrastructure projects, building activities and coronavirus relief, assigned to subsequent expenditures and the remainder is unassigned fund balance which is available for spending at the Town's discretion.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as the introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the residual amount being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by ad valorem taxes, non-ad valorem assessments, intergovernmental revenues, rental revenue and franchise fees. The Town does not have any business-type activities. The functions/programs are: general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, and parks and recreation.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Town has one fund category, governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains three governmental funds for external reporting. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, infrastructure surtax fund and building fund, all of which are considered major funds.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for all funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Key components of the Town's net position are reflected in the following table:

NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30,

	,		
		2021	2020
Current and other assets	\$	2,273,852	\$ 1,568,696
Capital assets, net of depreciation		1,657,288	1,727,186
Total assets		3,931,140	3,295,882
Deferred outflows of resources		89,979	139,164
Current liabilities		423,510	499,076
Long-term liabilities		156,781	458,660
Total liabilities		580,291	957,736
Deferred inflows of resources		237,310	11,630
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets		1,308,583	1,287,246
Restricted		801,385	228,419
Unrestricted		1,093,550	950,015
Total net position	\$	3,203,518	\$ 2,465,680

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

A portion of the Town's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, land improvements, infrastructure and furniture and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the Town's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the Town's other obligations.

The Town's net position increased during the most recent fiscal year. The majority of the increase is the result of the Town receiving \$511,960 in American Rescue Pan Act funds in the current fiscal year.

Key elements of the change in net position are reflected in the following table:

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,						
		2021		2020		
Revenues:						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$	359,135	\$	351,071		
Operating grants and contributions		511,960		-		
Capital grants and contributions		225,433		185,492		
General revenues						
Taxes and other revenue		873,535		797,753		
Miscellaneous		6,192		17,539		
Total revenues		1,976,255		1,351,855		
Expenses:						
General government		479,964		495,125		
Public safety		214,725		213,782		
Physical environment		302,186		422,930		
Transportation		218,946		211,841		
Parks and recreation		11,501		13,788		
Interest		11,095		13,646		
Total expenses		1,238,417		1,371,112		
Change in net position		737,838		(19,257)		
Net position - beginning		2,465,680		2,484,937		
Net position - ending	\$	3,203,518	\$	2,465,680		

CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

As noted above and in the statement of activities, the cost of all governmental activities during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 was \$1,238,417. The costs of the Town's activities were primarily funded by program revenues and general revenues. Program revenues are comprised primarily of non ad-valorem assessments levied to fund solid waste costs, rental revenues from cell towers, operating and capital grants and license and permits fees. General revenues are comprised primarily of property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and franchise fees. The remainder of the current fiscal year revenue includes interest and miscellaneous revenues. The majority of the increase in total revenues is the result of the Town receiving \$511,960 in American Rescue Pan Act funds in the current fiscal year. Total expenses decreased from the prior fiscal year primarily as a result of less repair costs in the current fiscal year than in the prior fiscal year.

GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the Town pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Town Council. Actual general fund, infrastructure surtax fund and building fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2021, the Town had \$4,227,876 invested in capital assets. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. In the government-wide financial statements, depreciation of \$2,570,588 has been taken resulting in a net book value of \$1,657,288. More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in the notes of the financial statements.

Capital Debt

At September 30, 2021, the Town had \$348,705 loans outstanding for its governmental activities. More detailed information about the Town's capital debt is presented in the notes of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Town's local economy is primarily based upon residential activity, while commercial retail and service activity combine for a small segment. The Town estimates a 100% occupancy rate among the business establishments.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Haverhill's finances for all of those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Town Administrator at the Town of Haverhill, 4585 Charlotte Street, Haverhill, FL 33417.

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	_	overnmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,591,024
Investments		467,011
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents		137,944
Accounts receivable		9,218
Accounts receivable		50,481
Prepaid items		18,174
Capital assets:		
Non-depreciable		15,224
Depreciable, net		1,642,064
Total assets	. <u> </u>	3,931,140
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension		89,979
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other governments Unearned revenues Non-current liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension liability Total liabilities		49,721 6,538 18,546 93,807 254,898 156,781 580,291
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension		237,310
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for infrastructure projects Restricted for building activities Restricted for coronovirus relief funds Unrestricted Total net position	\$	1,308,583 108,882 180,543 511,960 1,093,550 3,203,518

See notes to the financial statements

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	(Governmental Activities		\$ 31,996	(155,362)	(18,784)	(159,819)	(11,501)	171,581	(141,889)		486,038		295,257	92,240	933	5,259	879,727	737,838
	Capital Grants	and Contributions		۰ ډ		166,306	59,127	,	-	225,433			estricted					·	
Program Revenues	Operating	Grants and Contributions		\$ 511,960	•	•	·	ı	•	511,960			I revenues, not r	grams		stment earnings		venues	lion
Å	ō	Charges tor Services		۰ ج	59,363	117,096			182,676	359,135	General revenues:	Ad valorem taxes	Intergovernmental revenues, not restricted	for specific programs	Franchise fees	Unrestricted investment earnings	Miscellaneous	Total general revenues	Change in net position
		Expenses		\$ 479,964 \$	214,725	302, 186	218,946	11,501	11,095	1,238,417	0								0
		Functions/Programs	Primary government: Governmental activities:		Public safety	Physical environment	Transportation	Parks and recreation	Interest on long-term debt	Total governmental activities									

See notes to the financial statements

2,465,680 3,203,518

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Net position - beginning Net position - ending

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Major Funds Infrastructure Surtax General Fund Fund Building Fund					Go	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,545,826	\$	137,944	\$	45,198	\$	1,728,968
Investments		467,011		-		-		467,011
Accounts receivable		27,992		-		-		27,992
Due from other governments		20,385		11,322		-		31,707
Prepaid items		18,174		-		-		18,174
Due from other funds		40,384		-		138,245		178,629
Total assets	\$	2,119,772	\$	149,266	\$	183,443	\$	2,452,481
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:	¢	40.470	¢		¢	4 554	¢	40 704
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	48,170	\$	-	\$	1,551	\$	49,721
Due to other governments		5,189		-		1,349		6,538
Unearned revenue		18,546		-		-		18,546
Due to other funds		138,245		40,384		-		178,629
Total liabilities		210,150		40,384		2,900		253,434
Fund balance: Non spendable:								
Prepaid items		18,174		-		-		18,174
Restricted for:								
Infrastructure		-		108,882		-		108,882
Building activities				-		180,543		180,543
Coronavirus relief funds		511,960		-		-		511,960
Assigned to subsequent year's budget		49,688		-		-		49,688
Unassigned		1,329,800		-		-		1,329,800
Total fund balance		1,909,622		108,882		180,543		2,199,047
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	2,119,772	\$	149,266	\$	183,443	\$	2,452,481

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 2,199,047
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of any accumulated depreciation, in the net position of the government as a whole. Cost of capital assets 4,227,876	
Accumulated depreciation (2,570,588)	1,657,288
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are recorded in the statement of net position.	89,979
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are recorded in the statement of net position.	(237,310)
Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term are reported in the government-wide financial statements.	
Loan payable (348,705)	
Net pension liability (156,781)	(505,486)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,203,518

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Major Funds							
			Inf	rastructure				Total
				Surtax			G	overnmental
	Ge	neral Fund		Fund	Buil	ding Fund		Funds
REVENUES								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	486,038	\$	-	\$	-	\$	486,038
Non ad valorem assessments		182,676		-		-		182,676
Intergovernmental revenue		339,621		166,306		-		505,927
Rental revenue		96,636		-		-		96,636
Franchise fees		92,240		-		-		92,240
Grant revenue		526,723		-		-		526,723
Licenses and permits		17,411		-		59,363		76,774
Fines and forfeitures		3,049		-		-		3,049
Miscellaneous		5,259		-		-		5,259
Investments income		933		-		-		933
Total revenues		1,750,586		166,306		59,363		1,976,255
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government		498,591		-		-		498,591
Public safety		152,392		-		62,333		214,725
Physical environment		244,282		-		-		244,282
Transportation		120,866		-		-		120,866
Parks and recreation		5,714		-		-		5,714
Debt service:		0,111						0,111
Principal		-		91,235		-		91,235
Interest		-		11,095		-		11,095
Capital outlay		100,260		-		-		100,260
Total expenditures		1,122,105		102,330		62,333		1,286,768
				,		,,		, ,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		628,481		63,976		(2,970)		689,487
Fund balance - beginning		1,281,141		44,906		183,513		1,509,560
Fund balance - ending	\$	1,909,622	\$	108,882	\$	180,543	\$	2,199,047

See notes to the financial statements

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 689,487
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, the cost of capital assets is eliminated in the statement of activities and capitalized in the statement of net position.	42,356
Repayment of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements, but such repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net position and are eliminated in the statement of activities.	91,235
Changes to the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are recorded as adjustments to expenses in the statement of activities.	27,014
Depreciation of capital assets is not recognized in the governmental fund financial statements, but is reported as an expense in the statement of activities.	(112,254)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 737,838

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Town of Haverhill, Florida (the "Town"), was incorporated May 11, 1950, and organized pursuant to the Laws of Florida, Chapter 59-1330, House Bill 1753. The Town is governed by a five member Council, elected at large for two year staggered terms. A Mayor and Vice Mayor are elected annually from among the sitting Council Members. The Town Administrator serves as the Chief Administrative Officer of the Town. The Town provides the following services to its residents: public safety, sanitation, streets, and general administrative services. The Town Council is responsible for legislative and fiscal control of the Town.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statements. Under the provisions of those standards, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the Town Council is considered to be financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that, if excluded, the financial statements of the Town would be considered incomplete or misleading. There are no entities considered to be component units of the Town; therefore, the financial statements include only the operations of the Town.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; operating-type special assessments for maintenance and debt service are treated as charges for services and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are to be recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Assessments

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments levied each November 1 on property of record as of the previous January. The fiscal year for which annual assessments are levied begins on October 1 with discounts available for payments through November 30 and become delinquent on April 1. The assessments are billed and collected by the County Tax Assessor/Collector on behalf of the Town. The amounts remitted to the Town are net of applicable discounts or fees.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Property Taxes

Property taxes are ad valorem and levied each November 1 on property as of the previous January 1. The fiscal year for which annual assessments are levied begins on October 1 with a maximum discount available for payments through November 30 and become delinquent on April 1. The taxes are billed and collected by the County Tax Assessor/Collector on behalf of the Town. The amounts remitted to the Town are net of applicable discounts or fees.

Assessments, property taxes, franchise fees, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized in revenues of the current fiscal period. The portion of receivables due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue for the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Infrastructure Surtax Fund

This fund is used to account for resources restricted by Florida Statutes for infrastructure expenditures.

Building Fund

This fund is used to account for resources related to building activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first for qualifying expenditures, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Restricted Assets

These assets represent cash and receivables set aside pursuant to Florida Statutes or other contractual restrictions.

Deposits and Investments

The Town considers cash on hand, demand deposits, and all other short-term investments that are highly liquid as cash equivalents. Highly liquid short-term investments are those readily convertible to a known amount of cash, and at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months. In addition, nonnegotiable certificates of deposits held by the Town are considered cash deposits.

The Town has elected to proceed under the Alternative Investment Guidelines as set forth in Section 218.415 (17) Florida Statutes. The Town may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- c) Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
- d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The State Board of Administration's ("SBA") Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund ("Florida PRIME") is a "2a-7 like" pool. A "2a-7 like" pool is an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, which comprises the rules governing money market funds. Thus, the pool operates essentially as a money market fund. The Town has reported its investment in Florida PRIME at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

Securities listed in paragraph c and d shall be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. In addition, surplus funds may be deposited into certificates of deposit which are insured.

The Town records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds. Investments are measured at amortized cost or reported at fair value as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Receivables

The Town's policy is to report accounts and property tax receivable net of an allowance for uncollectible balances. All of the Town's receivables are considered collectible at September 30, 2021; therefore, no allowance has been estimated.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings	10-50 20-40
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Infrastructure	25-50

In the governmental fund financial statements, amounts incurred for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as fund expenditures. Depreciation expense is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Fund Equity/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non spendable and restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The Town can establish limitations on the use of fund balance as follows:

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Town Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Town Council taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – Includes spendable fund balance amounts, established by the Towns' Council, that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. The Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover differences in estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assignments are generally temporary and normally the same formal action need not be taken to remove the assignment.

The Town first uses committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position in the government-wide financial statements are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents net position related to infrastructure and property, plant and equipment. Restricted net position represents the assets restricted by the Town's Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position not meeting the definition of either of the other two components.

Other Disclosures

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The Town is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general and infrastructure surtax funds and all annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a) Each year the Town Administrator submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the Town Council.
- d) All budget changes must be approved by the Town Council.
- e) The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- f) Unused appropriation for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector, respectively. All property is reassessed according to its fair market value on January I of each year and each assessment roll is submitted to the State Department of Revenue for review to determine if the assessment rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of State law.

The tax levy of the Town is established by the Council prior to October 1 of each year during the budget process and levied on November 1. The Palm Beach County Property Appraiser incorporates the Town's millage into the total tax levy, which includes the County, County School Board, and special Town tax requirements. The millage rate assessed by the Town for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, was 4.5000 (\$4.5000 for each \$1,000 of assessed valuation).

Taxes may be paid less a 4% discount in November or at declining discounts each month through the month of February. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Delinquent taxes on real property bear interest at 18% per year. On or prior to June I following the tax year, certificates are offered for sale for all delinquent taxes on real property. After sale, tax certificates bear interest at 18% per year or at any lower rate bid by the buyer. Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the certificate holder after a period of two years. Unsold certificates are held by Palm Beach County.

NOTE 5 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The Town's cash balances, including certificates of deposit as shown below, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

Investments

The Town's investments were held as follows at September 30, 2021:

	Amo	rtized cost	Credit Risk	Maturities
Bank United certificates of deposit	\$	445,475	N/A	11/30/2021
				Weighted average of the fund
Florida PRIME		21,536	S&P AAAm	portfolio: 49 days
	\$	467,011		

Credit risk – For investments, credit risk is generally the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investment ratings by investment type are included in the preceding summary of investments.

Concentration risk – The Town places no limit on the amount the Town may invest in any one issuer.

Interest rate risk – The Town does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Fair Value Measurement – When applicable, the Town measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established in accordance with GASB Statements. The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques.

These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, in order of highest priority, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical investments in active markets that the Town has the ability to access;
- Level 2: Investments whose inputs other than quoted market prices are observable either directly or indirectly; and,
- Level 3: Investments whose inputs are unobservable.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

For external investment pools that qualify to be measured at amortized cost, the pool's participants should also measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. In addition, non-negotiable, non-transferable certificates of deposits that do not consider market rates are also required to be reported at amortized cost. Accordingly, the Town's investments have been reported at amortized cost above.

NOTE 5 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

External Investment Pool – With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2021, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100% of their account value.

NOTE 6 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2021 for the Town are as follows:

	General	<u>Infrastructure</u> Surtax			
Receivables:			<u>••••••</u>		
State of Florida	\$ 20,385	\$	11,322		
Franchise fees	 27,992				
Total	\$ 48,377	\$	11,322		

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	R	eceivable	Payable		
General Fund	\$	40,384	\$	138,245	
Infrastructure Surtax Fund		-		40,384	
Building Fund		138,245		-	
	\$	178,629	\$	178,629	

The outstanding balances between funds result primarily from the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made. The balances between the general fund and the infrastructure surtax fund relate to infrastructure surtax expenditures paid by the general fund that have not yet been reimbursed to the general fund by the infrastructure surtax fund. The balances between the general fund and the building fund relate to permit revenues collected in the general fund that have not yet been transferred to the building fund.

NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Additions	Red	luctions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 15,224	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 15,224
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 15,224	-		-	15,224
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	228,126	-		-	228,126
Improvements other than buildings	765,079	-		-	765,079
Machinery and equipment	261,832	9,024		-	270,856
Infrastructure	 2,915,259	33,332		-	2,948,591
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 4,170,296	42,356		-	4,212,652
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	135,189	6,798		-	141,987
Improvements other than buildings	442,023	16,961		-	458,984
Machinery and equipment	227,171	13,748		-	240,919
Infrastructure	1,653,951	74,747		-	1,728,698
Total accumulated depreciation	 2,458,334	112,254		-	2,570,588
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 1,711,962	(69,898)		-	1,642,064
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,727,186	\$ (69,898)	\$	-	\$ 1,657,288

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs as follows:

8,387
98,080
 5,787
\$ 112,254
\$

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Seacoast Loan

During the current fiscal year, the Town entered into a loan agreement with Seacoast National Bank for \$650,000 with a fixed interest rate of 2.75% per annum in order to fund its Park and Cyprus Lanes drainage project. Principal and interest is due monthly starting on May 27, 2019 through April 27, 2025 when the remaining unpaid principal balance and accrued interest shall be due and payable in full. The infrastructure surtax revenue is pledged for repayment of the loan.

Long-term Debt Activity

Changes in long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	E	Beginning					Ending	Due	within one
		Balance	A	Additions	D	Deletions	Balance		year
Seacoast Loan	\$	439,940	\$	-	\$	(91,235)	\$ 348,705	\$	93,807
Total	\$	439,940	\$	-	\$	(91,235)	\$ 348,705	\$	93,807

At September 30, 2021, the scheduled debt service requirements on the long-term debt were as follows:

	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$	93,807	\$	8,523	\$	102,330
2023		96,456		5,874		102,330
2024		99,171		3,159		102,330
2025		59,271		550		59,821
Total	\$	348,705	\$	18,106	\$	366,811

NOTE 10 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE

Intergovernmental revenues for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 are comprised of the following:

Communications services tax	\$ 25,685
First local option fuel tax	30,484
Second local option fuel tax	13,880
State revenue sharing	86,328
Half cent sales tax	183,244
Infrastructure surtax	 166,306
Total	\$ 505,927

NOTE 11 – OPERATING LEASES

The Town owns a parcel of land, which it has leased to various cell phone providers in connection with the provision for wireless communications services. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, there were three lease agreements in effect. One lease requires a five year commitment with 3 consecutive 5 year renewal options. The other two leases are annual commitments. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 the Town received rental income of approximately \$96,500. In addition, one provider pays its rent in advance; therefore, advanced rent totaling \$12,593 has been recorded as unearned revenue at September 30, 2021.

Future minimum rentals on non-cancellable leases in the aggregate for the next five fiscal years and thereafter are as follows:

2022	\$ 71,451
2023	31,482
2024	31,482
2025	 13,118
	\$ 147,533

NOTE 12 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

General Information about FRS

Effective October 1, 2004, the Town is contributing to the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

All regular employees of the Town are eligible to enroll as members of the FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The Town's pension expense totaled \$42,681 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

<u>Plan Description</u> – The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The classes of membership within the Town are as follows:

- Regular Class Member of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in another class.
- Senior Management Service Class Members in senior management level positions.

FRS Pension Plan

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of service. Members of the Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation (AFC). For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the AFC is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the AFC is the AFC is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	% Value
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 years of service	1.68
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

Per Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> – The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2021 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of Gross Salary October 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021		July 1,	Gross Salary 2021 to
Class	Employee	Employer (1)	Employee	er 30, 2021 Employer (1)
FRS, Regular	3.00%	10.00%	3.00%	10.82%
FRS, Senior Management Service Class	3.00%	27.29%	3.00%	29.01%
DROP, Applicable to all members in the above classes	0.00%	16.98%	0.00%	18.34%

(1) Employer rates include a postemployment HIS contribution rate of 1.66%. Also, employer rates include .06% for administrative costs of the Investment plan except for the DROP.

The Town's contributions to the Plan totaled \$9,947 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources Related to Pensions</u> – At September 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$65,513 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Town's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the contributions made during the year ended June 30, 2020 of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the Town's proportionate share was .0009%, which represents an increase of .0001% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 the Town recognized pension expense of \$4,184 related to the Pension Plan. In addition, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on FRS	\$	11,229 44,827	\$ -
pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Town FRS		-	(228,559)
contributions and proportionate share of FRS contributions Town FRS contributions subsequent to the measurement date		11,757 9,237	(125)
Total	\$	77,050	\$ (228,684)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$9,237, resulting from Town contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The net amount of the remaining deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the amount of (\$160,871) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30,	Amount	
2022	\$ (26,52	21)
2023	(32,27	78)
2024	(44,74	41)
2025	(58,39	92)
2026	1,06	61
Total	\$ (160,87	71)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	6.80%

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, with variations by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Target	Arithmetic	Geometric	Standard
Allocation (1)	Return	Return	Deviation
1.0%	2.1%	2.1%	1.1%
20.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.3%
54.2%	8.2%	6.7%	17.8%
10.3%	7.1%	6.2%	13.8%
10.8%	11.7%	8.5%	26.4%
3.7%	5.7%	5.4%	8.4%
100.0%	=		
		2.4%	1.2%
	Allocation (1) 1.0% 20.0% 54.2% 10.3% 10.8% 3.7%	Allocation (1) Return 1.0% 2.1% 20.0% 3.8% 54.2% 8.2% 10.3% 7.1% 10.8% 11.7% 3.7% 5.7%	Allocation (1) Return Return 1.0% 2.1% 2.1% 20.0% 3.8% 3.7% 54.2% 8.2% 6.7% 10.3% 7.1% 6.2% 10.8% 11.7% 8.5% 3.7% 5.7% 5.4%

(1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

<u>Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

			Curre	ent	
	19	6 Decrease	Discoun	t Rate	1% Increase
		5.80%	6.80	%	7.80%
Net Pension Liability	\$	292,980	\$	65,513	\$ (124,623)

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Florida Department of Management Services.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

HIS Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Contributions</u> – The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll from October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021 pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statues. The Town contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The Town's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$1,926 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources Related to Pensions</u> – At September 30, 2021, the Town reported a net pension liability of \$91,268 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the year ended June 30, 2021 contributions relative to the year ended June 30, 2020 contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the Town's proportionate share was .0007%, which does not represent a significant change from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$6,529 related to the HIS Plan. In addition, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	O	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,054	\$ (38)
Change of assumptions		7,172	(3,760)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on FRS			
pension plan investments		95	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town HIS			
contributions and proportionate share of HIS contributions		1,600	(4,828)
Town HIS contributions subsequent to measurement date		1,008	
Total	\$	12,929	\$ (8,626)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$1,008, resulting from Town contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30,		Amount
2022	\$	1,482
2023		128
2024		589
2025		741
2026		289
Thereafter		66
Total	\$	3,295

HIS Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	2.16%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational PUB-2010 with projection Scale MP-2018. Actuarial valuations for the HIS program are conducted biennially. The July 1, 2020, HIS valuation is the most recent actuarial valuation and was used to develop the liabilities for the June 30, 2021, financial reporting exhibits.

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.16%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was decreased from 2.21% to 2.16%.

<u>Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.16%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16%) than the current rate:

			Current		
	1	% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase
		1.16%	2.16%		3.16%
Net Pension Liability	\$	105,514	\$ 91,26	8 \$	79,596

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Town contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA, and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. Town employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected Local Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices.

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Continued)

Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2021 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percent of Gross
Class	Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30%
FRS, Senior Management	7.67%

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS covered employment within the five year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The Town's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$31,968 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Town has obtained commercial insurance from independent third parties to mitigate the costs of these risks; coverage may not extend to all situations. The Town is also covered by Florida Statutes under the Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity which effectively limits the amount of liability of municipalities to individual claims of \$100,000/\$200,000 for all claims relating to the same accident. There have been no claims from these risks that exceeded commercial insurance coverage over the past three years.

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original & Final Actual Amounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	•	400 700	•	400.000	^	(10 704)	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	496,799	\$	486,038	\$	(10,761)	
Non ad valorem assessments		196,134		182,676		(13,458)	
Franchise fees		97,000		92,240		(4,760)	
Grant revenue		-		526,723		526,723	
Licenses and permits		12,000		17,411		5,411	
Intergovernmental revenue		338,864		339,621		757	
Fines and forfeitures		3,500		3,049		(451)	
Investments income		7,500		933		(6,567)	
Rental revenue		90,000		96,636		6,636	
Miscellaneous		5,750		5,259		(491)	
Total revenues		1,247,547		1,750,586		503,039	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		595,300		498,591		96,709	
Public safety		185,000		152,392		32,608	
Physical environment		316,835		244,282		72,553	
Transportation		190,100		120,866		69,234	
Parks and recreation		10,000		5,714		4,286	
Capital outlay		-		100,260		(100,260)	
Total expenditures		1,297,235		1,122,105		175,130	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(49,688)		628,481		678,169	
		(10,000)		020,101		010,100	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		40.000				(40,000)	
Use of fund balance		49,688		-		(49,688)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		49,688		-		(49,688)	
Net change in fund balance	\$			628,481	\$	628,481	
Fund balance - beginning				1,281,141	-		
Fund balance - ending			\$	1,909,622			

See notes to required supplementary information

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original & Final Actual Amounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	•	105 000	^	400.000	•	4 000	
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	165,000	\$	166,306	\$	1,306	
Total revenues		165,000		166,306		1,306	
EXPENDITURES Current: Debt service: Principal Interest Capital outlay		91,235 11,095 62,670		91,235 11,095 -		- - 62,670	
Total expenditures		165,000		102,330		62,670	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$			63,976	\$	63,976	
Fund balance - beginning				44,906			
Fund balance - ending			\$	108,882			

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUILDING FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

					Vari	ance with	
	Budgeted				Final Budget -		
	An	nounts			Positive		
	Origin	al & Final	Actua	I Amounts	(N	egative)	
REVENUES							
Licenses and permits	\$	87,450	\$	59,363	\$	(28,087)	
Total revenues		87,450		59,363		(28,087)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:		07 460		60.000		05 117	
Public safety		87,450		62,333		25,117	
Total expenditures		87,450		62,333		25,117	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$	-		(2,970)	\$	(2,970)	
Fund balance - beginning				183,513			
Fund balance - ending			\$	180,543			

See notes to required supplementary information

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The Town is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget for the general and special revenue funds. The Town's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Council. The budget approximates a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Town Council. Actual general fund, infrastructure surtax fund and building fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION LIABILITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Schedule of Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

ו וטוועם וזכנווכוונכוון טאסוכווו רכווסוטו רומו	Last 10 Years (1) (2)	

	2	021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	~	015
Town's proportion of the FRS net pension liability	0	%6000.0	0.0008%	0.0008%	0.0008%	0.0008%	%2000.0	0	0.0008%
Town's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	φ	65,513 \$	\$ 65,513 \$ 368,124 \$ 286,338 \$ 248,885 \$ 237,246 \$ 188,004 \$ 98,007	286,338 \$	248,885	3 237,246	\$ 188,004	φ	98,007
Town's covered payroll	ۍ ص	111,463 \$	115,860 \$	94,689 \$	90,374	85,770	\$ 55,943	ŝ	42,658
Town's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a									
percentage of its covered payroll		58.78%	317.73%	302.40%	275.39%	276.61%	336.06%		229.75%
FRS plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension									
liability		96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%		92.00%

Schedule of Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan Last 10 Years (Measurement Date)

	2	021	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016		2015
Town's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0	%2000.0	0.00	%20	0.0008%	0.0007% 0.0008% 0.0008% 0.0008% 0.0008% 0.0008%	0.0008%	0.000	3%	0.0008%
Town's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	ŝ	91,268 \$	90'	536 \$	89,971 \$	85,044 \$	84,037	\$ 90,0	55 \$	78,675
Town's covered payroll	م	111,463 \$	115,8	360 \$	94,689 \$	90,374	85,770	\$ 55,9	43 \$	42,658
Town's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage										
of its covered payroll		81.88%	78.14%	14%	95.02%	94.10%	97.98%	160.98%	3%	184.43%
HIS plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		3.56%	3.0	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.9	0.97%	0.50%

The amounts presented for each year were determined as of the measurement date, June 30.
Information is only available for the years presented.

TOWN OF HAVERHILL, FLORIDA FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM CONTRIBUTION SCHEDULES SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Schedule of Town Contributions Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years (1) (2)

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required FRS contribution	φ	9,947 \$	8,432 \$	6,369 \$	5,829	5,196 \$	3,753 \$	19,201
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(9,947)	(8,432)	(6,369)	(5,829)	(5,196)	(3,753)	(19,201)
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)		ı	ı	ı				·
Town's covered payroll		116,008	119,206	95,663	91,769	87,060	66,014	44,797
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.57%	7.07%	6.66%	6.35%	5.97%	5.69%	42.86%
	Sched	Schedule of Town Contributions	Contributions					

(3,345) 44,797 7.47% 3,345 2015 ഗ 66,014 1.66% 1,096 (1,096) 2016 ю 1,445 87,060 1.66% (1,445) 2017 S 91,769 1.66% 1,522 (1,522) 2018 S 95,663 1.66% 1,586 (1,586) 2019 ഗ 119,206 1.66% 1,979 (1,979) 2020 ഗ 116,008 1.66% 1,926 (1,926) 2021 ഗ HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution HIS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll Contractually required HIS contribution HIS contribution deficiency (excess) Town's covered payroll

Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years (1)

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of September 30.
Information is only available for the years presented.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Council Town of Haverhill, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Town of Haverhill, Florida (the "Town") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our opinion thereon dated July 19, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

B hav & associates

July 19, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES, REQUIRED BY RULE 10.556(10) OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Council Town of Haverhill, Florida

We have examined the Town of Haverhill, Florida's ("Town") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, in accordance with Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Town's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced in Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Town complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, management, and the Council members of the Town of Haverhill, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Bran & Associates

July 19, 2022



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MANAGEMENT LETTER PURSUANT TO THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Town Council Town of Haverhill, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Town of Haverhill, Florida (the "Town") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated July 19, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated July 19, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Purpose of this Letter

The purpose of this letter is to comment on those matters required by Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General for the State of Florida. Accordingly, in connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Town, as described in the first paragraph, we report the following:

- I. Current year findings and recommendations.
- II. Status of prior year findings and recommendations.
- III. Compliance with the Provisions of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, as applicable, management, and the Council Members of the Town of Haverhill, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to thank the Town of Haverhill, Florida and the personnel associated with it, for the opportunity to be of service to them in this endeavor as well as future engagements, and the courtesies extended to us.

Byan & Associates

July 19, 2022

REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

I. CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

II. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

2020-01 Infrastructure Surtax Fund Budget:

Current Status: Recommendation has been implemented.

2020-02 Adjusting Journal Entries:

Current Status: Matter has been substantially resolved and will not be repeated.

III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Unless otherwise required to be reported in the auditor's report on compliance and internal controls, the management letter shall include, but not be limited to the following:

1. A statement as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, except as noted above.

2. Any recommendations to improve the local governmental entity's financial management.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, except as noted above.

3. Noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

- 4. The name or official title and legal authority of the Town are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- 5. The Town has not met one or more of the financial emergency conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.
- 6. We applied financial condition assessment procedures and no deteriorating financial conditions were noted. It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.