THE CITY OF HOMESTEAD





FISCAL YEAR ENDED September 30, 2021

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NNUAL

COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

PREPARED BY

THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



City Council

Steven D. Losner Mayor

> Julio Guzman Vice Mayor

Erica G. Ávila Councilwoman

Jenifer N. Bailey Councilwoman

Patricia D. Fairclough-Staggers, Ed.S Councilwoman

> Sean L. Fletcher Councilman

> > Larry Roth Councilman

Jerry Estrada, M.P.A. *City Manager*

(ita Hall

100 Civic Court Homestead, FL 33030 305-224-4400 www.cityofhomestead.com June 7, 2022

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Residents of the City of Homestead.

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish, within nine months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and government auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Homestead for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 is hereby transmitted.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Homestead. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the City of Homestead has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Homestead's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh the benefits, the City of Homestead's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As such, management asserts that this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects to the best of managements' knowledge and belief.

Marcum LLP, a licensed, certified public accounting firm has audited the City of Homestead's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Homestead for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Homestead's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Homestead was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of Federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of Federal awards. This reporting is available in the City of Homestead's Reporting Section issued as part of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The entire report is available on the City's website at www.cityofhomestead.com.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Homestead's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

Profile of the Government

The City of Homestead was incorporated in 1913, making the second oldest city in Miami-Dade County. The City is located in the southern part of Florida, and currently occupies a land area of 16 square miles and serves a population of approximately 81,110. The City of Homestead is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It is also empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, with concurrent approval from Miami-Dade County, which occurs periodically when recommended by the City Manager and approved by the City Council.

The City of Homestead operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the Mayor and six other members. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve staggered four-year terms, and although the council seats include a geographical residency requirement for a specific area of the City, the Council members are elected at-large. The Mayor is elected to serve a two-year term and is elected at-large. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and boards, and hiring the City Manager, City Clerk, City Attorney and Council Auditor (a.k.a. "Internal Auditor"). The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and appointing the heads of the various departments.

The City of Homestead provides its residents with a full range of services, including general government, police protection, public works and street maintenance, parks and recreational activities, planning and zoning regulation, community development, library services, and utilities, including electric, sanitation, stormwater, and water and sewer. The City also provides local trolley services. Fire protection is provided by Miami-Dade County.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP, which establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is considered financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization, or has a financial benefit/burden relationship with the organization. Blended component units, although legally

separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Other than the operations of the primary government, the accompanying statements include the Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), and the Homestead Station QALICB as blended components.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Homestead are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager each year. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to Council for review. The Council is required to hold two public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund (e.g., general fund), department (e.g., police), and division (e.g., community service). No department may legally expend in excess of amounts appropriated for that department within an individual fund. Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. However, transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the fund level, except for the General Fund which is at the department level. The City adopts an annual budget for all its funds except the Sundries Grant Fund, the Community Development Block Grant Fund, and its fiduciary funds. Additionally, during the year, the City created the American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA") Fund to account for the City's awarded allocation, and adopted a budget by resolution. Because ARPA funds are not ongoing operating funds, this is not an annual budget, and it is not part of the City's annual adopted budget process. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system for budgetary control. Unencumbered appropriations in the annual operating budget will lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Unencumbered appropriations for capital items are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided for the general, and special revenue and capital project funds. These comparisons are presented on pages 132-136 as part of the basic financial statements and on pages 153-158 as part of the combining fund statements for the governmental funds.

Local Economy

Until the last quarter of 2008, the City of Homestead had experienced unprecedented economic growth in commercial and residential development. The City's population nearly doubled between 2004 and 2008. With the downturn in the housing market and the malaise in the general economy, the growth rate had declined considerably in 2009 and 2010. By 2011, the growth rate had rebounded, and the City's population reached 61,503, and in 2021 it was estimated at 81,110.

Under Florida's Constitution, residential properties are owner-occupied and have a homestead exemption limited to the Consumer Price Index increase or 3% whichever is less. The effect of this limitation burdens the City's tax base by exempting from taxation large portions of residential property value. The City has the ability to tax property up to 10 mills, or \$1 for each \$1,000 of taxable value. It is not anticipated the City will reach the tax rate cap anytime soon. In January 2008, Amendment One to the State Constitution, also known as "Portability of Save Our Homes", was passed through a statewide referendum. This amendment provided an additional \$25,000 homestead exemption, a \$25,000 tax exemption for tangible personal property, and portability whenever the property is sold. The new exemption negatively impacted the City by reducing its property tax base. Moreover, effective with the City's FY 2008 budget, the Florida Legislature had modified its roll-back requirement. This change will require the City to "roll-back" its tax rate each year to a rate that will produce the same property tax revenue as for the prior year plus the change in per capita personal income. The City Council can vote with a super majority to increase that amount, but ultimately the legislation will limit the ability of the City to increase its revenues from property taxes.

The impact of the economic decline on the real estate market resulted in a decline of the City's property values; between 2009 and 2014, property values had declined by over 51% for a total decline of \$2.0 billion.

After years of declining property values, recent values indicate signs of a recovery and growth. For FY 2022 the City's assessed valuation is estimated at \$3.749 billion, representing a 7.59% increase from the prior year. Despite the multi-year decrease in property values, the City has maintained its commitment to provide a high level of municipal services while maintaining or reducing its property tax operating millage rate. Between 2010 and 2012 the rate was maintained at 6.2917 mills, reducing it in 2013 to 6.2435 mills, and then again to 5.9215 mills for 2014 through 2020. For FY 2021, the millage rate was increased from 5.9215 to 6.2055. The .2840 increase resulted in no impact to the taxpayers, as that millage was previously paid to the County as a library tax. The increase in property revenues generated from the increased rate will fund the Cybrarium operations. For FY 2021 the millage rate remains the same at 6.2055. The debt millage rate was reduced from .4800 to .4485 mills in FY 2021. The City has been able to manage the economic downturn of the past, and continues its efforts to avoid returning to a dependency on (a) budget stabilization support from its utilities, and (b) the use of reserves. To that end, at the end of FY 2021, the General Fund was able to return \$1.8 million to the Water & Sewer Fund, for prior years' budget stabilization support. While the road ahead looked promising, FY2020 and the COVID-19 global pandemic, created new and complicated challenges for the City; challenges that were addressed and overcome.

Homestead Hospital, built in 2007, remains the largest employer in the City. The 307,000 square-foot hospital is located on a 60-acre site just east of the Florida Turnpike on the north side of Campbell Drive. The \$135 million facility was the first new hospital to be built in Miami-Dade County in more than 30 years, and is three times the size of the old hospital. It includes a medical office building, approximately 150 private patient rooms, an emergency room twice the size of the one at the old facility, ample clinical space for outpatient diagnostic services and minimally invasive surgery.

The City owns the Homestead-Miami Speedway, a world-class motorsports facility featuring a state-of-the-art 1.5-mile variable banked oval and a 2.3-mile road course. The Homestead-Miami Speedway has hosted many of the premier North American motorsport's championships. These major spectator events attract tourists from all over the world and stimulate not only the City economy, but the Miami-Dade County economy as well.

Another integral part of the Homestead community is the Homestead Air Reserve Base which is maintained and operated by the 482nd Fighter Wing, a fully combat-ready unit capable of providing F-16C Fighting Falcon fighter aircraft, along with mission ready pilots and support personnel for short-notice worldwide deployment. The base's economic impact on South Florida for FY2021 is estimated at approximately over \$363 million. In addition, the 482nd Fighter Wing supports several "tenant units" on Homestead Air Reserve Base. A Florida Air National Guard Detachment from the 125th Fighter Wing, Jacksonville, Fla., operates the North American Aerospace Defense Command (NORAD) alert facility providing F-15 fighter jets capable of intercepting, identifying, and if necessary, destroying unknown aircraft that penetrate U.S. airspace. Other tenant units include the U.S. Customs and Border Protection; the U.S. Coast Guard's Maritime Safety and Security Team Miami; the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; the Florida Army National Guard; and the U.S. Special Operations Command South – a subordinate command of U.S. Southern Command.

In addition to all the public schools operated by the Miami-Dade County School Board, the City has several private parochial schools, charter schools and a Medical Academy for Science and Technology (MAST). Founded in 2010, MAST has established its place by achieving notable national recognition as a Merit School of Excellence from Magnet Schools of America for several years. Miami-Dade College's Homestead Campus provides higher education opportunities to residents in the area. Offering associate in arts degrees, associate in science degrees and vocational and college credit certificates programs, Homestead Campus is home to hundreds of educational options that include in-demand fields, such as nursing, aviation, education and more. During FY2022, the Homestead Campus broke ground on a new student center facility to be located across the street from City Hall. For Homestead citizens seeking higher education beyond the limits of

CITY OF HOMESTEAD, FLORIDA

Miami-Dade College, Florida International University, a member of the State University System and the largest public university in South Florida is located 20 miles from the City. There are also several private colleges and universities located in the area including the University of Miami and Barry University.

In the past couple of years, the City has continued its progress on the revitalization of its downtown with the completion of several significant projects that represent a \$101 million investment in its downtown area in an effort to attract private investors, and stimulate the local economy. The projects include the following:

- *New City Hall* (\$26.5 million; completed in April 2016)
- *New Police Building* (\$18 million; completed in February 2017)
- Seminole Theatre refurbished into a Community Cultural Arts Center (\$5 million; Gala Grand Opening held in December 2015). Since reopening, it has been the host to many events and performances.
- Homestead Station: A Multimodal Transit Station (\$33.3 million for the public facility). In March 2017, the City Council approved a development agreement for the construction of a project that includes a seven-story parking garage with at least 1,038 parking spaces, and 30,500 square feet of street-level retail liner ("the public facility"). The agreement also provided for the simultaneous construction of a 65,000 square foot multilevel structure that houses a 10-screen movie theater, 14 bowling lanes, video arcade, food service and restrooms ("the private facility"). The public facility project is primarily funded with transportation surtax monies (through a bond issue, and currently available surtax monies on hand), while the private facility is privately funded by the developer. During 2018, the City successfully closed on a New Market Tax Credit ("NMTC") transaction that generated additional funding towards this project. The project will serve not only a public purpose, but it is expected to provide a fiscal and economic benefit to the City. A grand opening celebration was held in October 2019 to mark the opening of the private facility. The parking garage (the public facility) was completed in May 2020.
- *Homestead Cybrarium:* (\$18.2 million completed in March 2021) It is an ultra-modern, public library that bridges the gap between literacy and cutting-edge technology located in the downtown area. The facility hosts numerous programs throughout the year. Day-to-day operations of the facility are handled by a city-contracted administrator. Primary funding for the project is from a HUD loan, to be repaid from the City's annual CDBG Entitlement allocation. Additional funding for the project was made available from the CRA, grants, available funds on hand, and other financing sources.

For FY 2022, the City will continue focusing on the following projects that represent another \$17.5 million investment in its downtown:

- Losner Park Expansion (estimated at \$10 million; currently under construction). The current phase of the project is being funded with parks impact fees; grants and other financing sources will also be sought for a future phase of the project. This is for the redevelopments and expansion of the city park that is in the heart of the historic downtown.
- Homestead Sports Complex Phase 1 is for the design of the project and it is estimated at \$7.5 million, with design services expected to be out for bid in FY2022. The project is for the redevelopment of the site of the former baseball sports complex into a new regional recreational area. Funding is anticipated from ARPA funds, grant funds, parks impact fees, and proceeds from the sale of land.

The City has been given the distinguished designation of *Gateway to the Everglades & Biscayne National Parks*. As a result of this designation, the City has expanded its Trolley service to provide transportation and entry to the Everglades and Biscayne National Parks. The initial reaction has surpassed expectations, with hundreds of people participating in the weekend services. Participants include locals as well as out-of-towners, which get an opportunity to visit Homestead.

Long-Term Financial Planning

At fiscal year end, the City's general fund balance remains adequate to buffer additional severe economic blows without being excessive. The City is committed to a sound fiscal policy; it is maintaining financial stability with fiscal management controls by constantly reviewing and monitoring staff levels, and by comparing budget appropriations to actual expenditures, and estimated revenues to actual revenues.

Financial planning continues to be of significant importance to the City as we meet the challenges of the immediate and foreseeable future. Major projects undertaken by the City have long term financial implications for existing as well as future resources. The planning and decisions undertaken by the City are also weighed in the context of the financial burden that will be placed on both current and prospective residents, as well as the potential economic and environmental impacts. As the City grows and develops, the long-term strategy has to be targeted on the health, welfare, safety and quality of life of our residents, balanced against the fiscal health of the City.

The City's primary focus related to economic growth is the sale or lease of existing assets, the expansion of transportation systems, and the enhancement of residential and commercial values through revitalization of the downtown and southwest sections of the City.

In May 2014 the City voters approved a \$26 million bond referendum. On September 11, 2014, the City issued \$26 million in general obligation bonds: \$21 million in bond proceeds were used to fund the construction of a new police building (\$18 million), and to refurbish and renovate an existing facility into a temporary site for police operations (\$3 million). The old police building was built in 1910, but was found to be unsafe; the remaining \$5 million was used to renovate the historical Seminole Theatre transforming it into a Community Cultural Arts Center. The New Police Building was completed in 2017, and the Seminole Theatre reopened in 2015. The repayment of the bonds is funded through increased property tax revenues through the implementation of a debt millage rate of 0.4485 mills for FY 2021.

In 2016, the City completed the construction of a New City Hall located in the downtown area. The project's construction cost was \$26.5 million, and the building was completed on time and on budget in April 2016. The project was funded from \$16.6 million available in funds set aside for this project; the funds were realized from the sale of the Park of Commerce parcels several years ago. The gap between the project cost and the available funds was made possible through a \$10 million line of credit that was converted to a bank loan in August 2016. The City has always considered that the sale of the old City Hall site would generate the ultimate gap financing for the project. This loan had an approximately \$8 million balloon payment due in August 2021, that was ultimately expected to be paid from the sale of the old City Hall site; In July 2021, the City refinanced the loan to allow for an extended repayment period.

The New City Hall, the New Police Building, and the Seminole Theatre are all located in the City's downtown.

The City approved a development agreement for the construction of a parking garage with a retail liner (Homestead Station: a multimodal transit center), and the simultaneous construction of a family entertainment center at the site of the old police station in the heart of the downtown. The cost of this endeavor was \$33.3 million, and was funded with transportation surtax monies (including a bond issue being repaid primarily with transportation surtax monies). The entertainment complex opened in October 2019, and the parking garage was completed in May 2020.

The Cybrarium opened in March 2021. The City's funding of \$18.2 million includes a \$3.85 million HUD Section 108 Loan (to be repaid from CDBG annual entitlement funds), additional CDBG funds, funds on hand from the sale of an old bowling alley parcel, CRA funding, grants, and other financing sources.

In addition to these projects, the City's 5-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) identifies over \$45.1 million in projects to be undertaken in FY 2022- FY 2026, and funded by various sources.

The General Fund's spendable fund balance (including committed, assigned, and unassigned balances) at September 30, 2021 of \$16,588,228 represents 30% of General Fund expenditures. This ensures that the City will have sufficient funds for future unexpected events. The City continues to exercise cost stabilization measures, and seeks additional sources of recurring revenues whenever the opportunities arise.

Relevant Financial Policies

Over the past several years, the State of Florida has passed statutory legislation regarding the manner in which local governments may assess ad valorem taxes along with special voting requirements. Among the provisions of the legislation are special tax exemptions and maximum millage rate calculations based on the state's rate of growth. Further impairment of tax proceeds occurred with the housing crisis when the assessed value of property located within the City had declined from a peak of nearly \$4 billion at January 1, 2008 to just \$3.749 billion by the valuation date of January 1, 2021.

In response to the City's commitment to long-term sustainability, an ordinance was adopted beginning with fiscal year 2005 which requires a fund balance commitment equal to 10% of general fund budgeted revenues. These financial statements reflect this required reserve in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.

The City maintains an investment policy with the primary focus of capital protection while seeking investment earnings and providing for daily cash requirements. The City's investment portfolio at September 30, 2021 was \$63.1 million excluding investments of the fiduciary funds, and invested proceeds from a bond issue.

The City of Homestead has a combination of insurance policies and self-insured programs to address the City's risks as a municipality. The City is self-insured for public liability and workers' compensation. Insurance policies have been purchased to cover employee health insurance, damage to City property, including windstorm and acts of terrorism.

Major Initiatives

With the population growth, there is a growing demand for access to entertainment and recreational activities, quality health care and educational opportunities. There are several projects and endeavors underway or recently completed to provide citizens with the means to fulfill these needs within the City's limits or just a short ride away. The expansion of the South Miami-Dade County Busway was completed during 2008 and provides the citizens of Homestead improved access to other areas in the county north of the City via a connection to Metrorail. Conversely, it makes the City of Homestead more accessible to other residents of Miami-Dade County.

The City-Wide Transportation and Transit Master Plan serves to create a vision for the development of the roadway, pedestrian, bicycle and transit infrastructure in the City of Homestead to provide safe and efficient mobility within the City. The plan establishes parameters that provide guidance for all privately funded development within the City limits. The plan also sets priorities and timeframes for completion of several

projects to build and improve roadways and right-of-ways. During 2021, projects completed by the streets division included:

- 3,745 square feet of asphalt repair/replaced
- .9 miles of street repaved
- 1,591 pot holes and 20 trash holes filled/repair
- 28,959 square feet of sidewalk repair/installed
- 63 linear feet of curb and gutter were installed
- 6 handicap pedestrian ramps were repaired/installed

Additionally, the construction of Homestead Station in the downtown area was completed in May 2020. The facility serves as a transportation hub where one can park and either take a trolley to nearby locations, or ride the busway to other parts of South Florida. During 2019, City also constructed two temporary bus shelters allowing for bus service closer to the City's facility, and in anticipation of the County's Bus Rapid Transit.

Homestead has been designated the *Gateway to Everglades & Biscayne National Parks*, and to many it is also known as the gateway to the Florida Keys. The City provides a free guided trolley ride from Historic Downtown Homestead to the Everglades and Biscayne National Parks, allowing residents, neighbors, and visitors to explore the parks. This ground-breaking project is the first of its kind to offer public transportation to two national parks. The City's successful local trolley service was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic restrictions on social distancing, and as a result experienced the following ridership in 2021:

- 11,146 riders on its downtown route
- 10,532 riders on its East/West route
- 2,734 riders on the National Park program

The City has continued its commitment to providing safe, attractive and enjoyable park facilities for its citizens to engage in active and passive recreational pursuits by implementing the City's Parks Master Plan. During 2021, the Parks Department began construction on the Losner Park expansion, held a grand opening for the Homestead Cybrarium, held a virtual Martin Luther King Jr. breakfast that included the distribution of over 1,000 hot breakfast plates to the Southwest community, and held two extremely successful drive-thru holiday events: Easter Egg Hunt and 4th of July Fireworks Show.

During 2021, one of the major projects underway in the CRA is the continued redevelopment of Historic Downtown Homestead. Homestead Historic Downtown is listed on the National Register of Historic Places, and once served as the city center of the Homestead community. The CRA is committed to bringing back the energy, activity, development and prosperity of the downtown's early life, and is working to bring catalytic projects to the area. The two major projects in the Downtown that the CRA has been heavily involved in are: the Homestead Cybrarium, a 22nd century library that merges modern technology with traditional library services (opened in March 2021), and the Losner Park Expansion that will transform a quaint pocket park into a world-class destination (anticipated to open in Spring 2022). As part of Special Events sponsorship, once again the CRA sponsored the Annual Martin Luther King, Jr. celebration which was held virtually due to COVID restrictions, and it also continued with its annual unique display of Holiday lights and decorations along SW 4th Avenue. Additional sponsored events in partnership with Main Street included Fiesta USA and the downtown Farmer's Market.

On September 29, 2021 the CRA presented the Small Business Matchmaker in an effort to help local businesses and entrepreneurs grow their dreams and find their perfect match with available business resources. Attendees learned about grant opportunities, connected with experts in business planning and marketing, and met with local lenders. The CRA also created the Firt-Time Home Buyers Program for individuals purchasing homes within the CRA boundaries.

Funding for the CRA will continue from the Tax Increment Funds provided by the City and Miami-Dade County, as a result of the interlocal agreement executed in FY2021 which now extends the life of the CRA through September 30, 2051.

In FY 2021, the Development Services Department welcomed and supported new development activities, existing businesses and expansions. During FY 2020, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Department developed and implemented new processes and procedures to ensure that continuation of services remained ongoing without putting our customers and employees at risk. These processes and procedures, which continued through FY2021, included acceptance of electronic application submittals using City email, conducting electronic plan review, and developing new methods of providing inspection services.

The Business Services Division licensed approximately 2,650 businesses including 193 businesses that were new to the City of Homestead. The Division also provided consultation associated to process and procedures for opening a business. The Planning and Zoning Division guided new businesses and developments through the review and approval process effectively and efficiently. During 2021, it administered 134 applications involving site plans, rezoning, text amendments, administrative approvals, historic reviews, public art, plats, unity of title, variances, and comprehensive plan amendments. The Division also provided 82 zoning letters to customers and completed hundreds of zoning inquiries. The Building Safety Division provided support to residential and commercial customers. In FY 2021 the Division issued 4,193 permits, reviewed 5,281 construction plans, conducted 20,186 inspections, and issued 274 Certificates of Occupancy. The Division also responded to 2,805 public records requests/open permit searches, and processed 40/10-year building recertifications for 56 existing commercial buildings. Since March 18, 2020, the Building Safety Division has developed a system to allow all permit applications to be submitted electronically, utilized virtual inspections and third-party Private Provider services, as well as providing an online payment portal to allow a continuation of services without putting customers and employees at risk of exposure to the virus. The Department continues to review and refine aspects of the City's Land Development Code, and to assure that regulations are responsive to the current development climate of the community.

The Police Department accomplished a number of projects and initiatives during 2021. Highlights of these accomplishments included:

Administrative Division:

- Processed 14,305 incident/offense reports and crash reports
- Completed 198 public records requests
- Implemented the Body Camera Unit in December 2020
 - 51,885 videos produced (most with evidentiary value)
 - 798 responses to requests for production of footage for prosecution of arrest cases
- Anticipated deployment of ProPhonix as a replacement for the CAD, records management and report writing system; delayed due to COVID, and now anticipated completion is mid-2022
- Continued efforts on court overtime reduction program, and successfully reduced overtime for pre-file affidavits and juvenile court trials.

Community Services Division:

- Impounded 949 guns (e-traces processed for each)
- Impounded 3,491 property items
- Processed 11,898 reports
- Police Athletic League (PAL) provided youth services, athletics, and activities for more than 200 local students between the ages of 5-17.
- Police Explorers volunteered at several community events
- Community Policing Program

- Participated in 86 community events
- Attended 50 community meetings
- Attended 18 presentations
- Participated in 7 saturation details

Investigative Services Division:

- SIU: the unit's aggressive policing of the street level narcotics problem has resulted in arrests that have forced street level dealers to move out of the City. During 2021, detectives made 195 drug-related arrests.
- GIU: reviewed 7,677 incident reports, with 2,176 cases assigned to detectives and 304 cases cleared by arrest

Operations Division:

- Responded to approximately 30,549 calls for service
- Special Patrol Division:
 - 1,286 total crash investigations
 - o 3,379 citations and made 73 arrests

Code Compliance Division:

• 2,040 new cases were initiated

Numerous officers successfully completed various forms of training

Additionally, the Police Department continued to provide needed social services to the community through the Start Off Smart (SOS) Program. Throughout the years, SOS has been successful in obtaining various forms of funding for various programs that serve children and families. During FY2021, the police SOS continued to research, write and submit grant applications for the department, while administering approximately \$1.5 million of the department's grants. Some other services provided through SOS on an annual basis (and provided differently than in the past due to COVID-19) include the following:

- SOS annually provides support to over 1,400 families
- Continued support services in order to address family violence, domestic violence, children's exposure to violence in their community, and lack of basic needs and homelessness.
- Provided community education and awareness through various community-based events, many of which were held as drive-thru events to comply with CDC restrictions

Reaching a population of 50,000 in 2007 was a milestone that affords the City automatic appointment to the Board of the Metropolitan Planning Organization for the Miami Urbanized Area, (MPO). The MPO is responsible for guiding the transportation planning process and approving transportation projects for Miami-Dade County. The achievement also entitles the City to the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Entitlement Program. The CDBG Program is administered under the Finance Department. This funding source has provided the City over \$10.2 million between 2009 and 2021. Funding has provided assistance to not-for-profit organizations, and funded several City facility improvements that have benefited low-income communities as well as stormwater, and wastewater infrastructure projects. In 2017, the Finance Department successfully obtained a \$3.865 million HUD Section 108 Loan providing funding for the Cybrarium project. The loan is being repaid from the annual CDBG entitlement funds received and administered by the department. Along with the loan, the City is also provided approximately \$910,000 in CDBG entitlement monies as additional funding for the Cybrarium project which opened in FY2021. Finally, as a result of COVID-19, the City, through its entitlement, received \$1.1 million in CDBG-CV funding which was used to provide assistance to those residents and business impacted by the pandemic.

The Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) was established for the purpose of stabilizing communities that have suffered from foreclosures and abandonment. Through the purchase and redevelopment of foreclosed and abandoned homes, the goal of the program is being realized. The City used approximately

CITY OF HOMESTEAD, FLORIDA

\$2.6 million of the funds awarded through the program to purchase 15 foreclosed/abandoned homes and established financing mechanisms for potential homebuyers. Ten of the fifteen homes were sold to low-income individuals and families. The five remaining homes will be rehabilitated and sold to very low-income families by providing subsidies to eligible applicants. A request for proposals (RFP) will be issued in FY2022 to seek out developers and others who will assist in this project. This program is also administered through the Finance Department.

In addition to the aforementioned programs administered by the Finance Department, the department received the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its FY 2021 Budget, and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for its FY 2020 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). Throughout the year, the department participates in several seminars and webinars to ensure staff are educated on the latest reporting requirements, and that anyone who is certified is able to maintain their required continuing professional education credits. Cross-training of staff is an ongoing process throughout the year, and serves to make the department more efficient, as well as being an important factor in the department's succession plan. During 2021, the Finance Department was instrumental in the City's ability to refinance the \$8 million new city hall loan prior to the scheduled balloon payment, and in obtaining an \$8.7 million loan for the Electric Utility through the FMPA's pooled loan program.

During the year, the Electric Utility installed service to 217 new residential units, and 10 new commercial businesses. It installed or relocated approximately 3.3 miles of either new or relocated underground cable, and repaired 337 street lights. The installation of a new large power transformer on the growing east side of town provides further reliability gains through redundancy of the electrical grid and by providing sufficient capacity for future electrical growth. Engineering design for this major improvement began in 2017, construction was completed and the transformer was energized in 2021. The Utility also finalized the purchase of a parcel of land in 2020 with plans for a new electrical substation to be built which will serve new customers on the west side of town. Electrical design work was started in 2020 and the substation is planned to come online in the next two to three years. In 2018, the Electric Utility monitored the pilot program which installed "smart" meters and a meter data collection system. Following about eight months of successful operation, it was decided to fully implement the communication system necessary to streamline the collection of metering data. Data collection infrastructure installations were completed in FY2021. The full deployment of the smart meters began in FY2021.

The Utility continued its commitment to energy efficiency by conducting 301 free residential energy surveys and four commercial surveys. It processed 27 rebates to customers who installed energy efficient systems. It signed up 12 customers to its surge blocker program, and it entered into net metering contracts with 65 residential customers who have installed solar power systems that feed back into the electrical grid. During FY2021, the Utility had the 2nd lowest residential rate for electricity among the 38 municipal and investor-owned electrical utilities in the State of Florida. In a continued effort to help keep prices low, staff manages day to day purchases of power under several purchase power agreements (PPAs), including two recently negotiated agreements with very low energy prices. The Utility also brought extremely cost-effective participation in two large scale utility solar projects to the City. The solar projects are currently in progress and planned to go online in 2023. During the year, the Utility responded to 555 incidents where customers reported electrical concerns; this is a reduction of 28% since the prior year. The reduction in power problems can be credited to on-going reliability related to capital improvements, such as undergrounding of overhead power lines.

During this very challenging year, the Electric Utility maintained their RP3 (Reliable Public Power Provider) Diamond designation, the highest level achievable, that was upgraded from Platinum to Diamond in 2017.

The Water and Wastewater Utility completed many projects during 2021; the most notable included the following:

- Televised 18,841 linear feet of pipe
- Cleaned 39,325 linear feet of sewer main lines
- Changed out 1,5 meters for ten year old meter programs
- Installed 564 new meters for new water service accounts
- 30 sewer lines repaired throughout the City
- Treated 1.7 billion gallons of wastewater
- Produced 4.0 billion gallons of water
- Completed 64 water surveys to educate residents on water conservation
- Completed 5,364 Customer Service work orders
- Completed several repairs and refurbishment projects throughout the plant
- Purchased several equipment per the City's CIP Plan
- Applied for the following grants:
 - Filter design and decanter replacements from FDEP
 - Energy saving SBR blowers from FDACS
- Received the following DEO grant awards:
 - \$2.7 million to install three emergency generators to cover all operations for treating wastewater
 - \$1.67 million to update the Wittkop water chlorination system
 - Began design on several capital improvement projects including:
 - Well #7 at Harris field
 - Wittkop aboveground water storage tank

During 2021, the Solid Waste Department's most significant accomplishments included:

- Commercial Garbage 24,983 tons collected
- Residential Garbage 24,414 tons collected
- Bulk Trash 13,247 tons collected
- Industrial Trash/Garbage roll-off and compactor 9,080 tons collected
- Replaced two side loaders and one front-end loader
- The increase in the bulk trash and garbage collected in FY2020 was unprecedented, as a result of the Stay At Home orders imposed on resident at the height of the COVID-19 pandemic; this increase continued through FY2021

During FY 2021, the General Services Department's three divisions accomplished several projects. The Procurement Division continues to pursue purchasing certifications and training through the Universal Public Procurement Certification Council (UPPCC). Procurement worked on 37 formal solicitations, processed 297 contracts, and issued 2,532 Purchase Orders. Procurement continues to successfully complete end of year inventory under 1% discrepancy with FY 21 at -.15% based on a \$3,295,983.44 inventory. Procurement has also ordered and received all items for the Cybrarium for a successful and on-time opening and under budget. The Fleet Management Division successfully completed 6,662 work orders, implemented a preventative maintenance report to be used for vehicle replacement analysis, restructured organization chart and some job descriptions, and ordered 4 new hybrid vehicles in an effort to help reduce carbon emissions. In FY 2021, the Information Technology Services Division (ITS) began the implementation of a multi-factor authentication solution throughout the city. This solution verifies a user's identity through a two-step approval process on their device which proactively reduces the risk of a data breach. Additionally, the City's reporting software, which generates critical reports involving day to day operations, was upgraded and creates a more seamless and productive environment for all departments.

The City Clerk's office continues to pursue their goal for staff certifications as Certified Municipal Clerks, and during 2021 it also accomplished the following:

- Successfully completed the City's Primary and General Elections in collaboration with the Miami-Dade County Elections
- Processed 3,402 lien searches
- Provided responses to 789 public record requests; many in electronic format
- Prepared 212 resolutions, ordinances and final orders for execution and recording

The Customer Services Department's initiatives during FY2021 included the following:

- Improved online services by providing autopay reminders which also include cancellation option
- · Registered with OUR Florida to provide additional assistance to our utility customers

The Human Resources Department's FY2021 initiatives were, in part, the result of the COVID-19 pandemic as follows:

- Assisted approximately 275 employees and temporary staff members who were tested for COVID-19
- Established a Management Training program to develop and enhance the skills and knowledge of management staff on topics such as: harassment, discrimination, ADA, FMLA and time and attendance issues
- Enhanced recruitment program to promote job opportunities using social media tools and participated in four local job fairs within the community
- Modified employee engagement events due to COVID, and conducted several Drive-thru events in order to celebrate employees and promote employee engagement. One of the most successful was the Holiday Drive-Thru event which provided food, poinsettias, and holiday gifts for all employees while following COVID social distancing protocols

The Public Information Office ("PIO') continued its pursuit of excellence in video and communication at the 2021 Telly Awards with two impressive entries that competed against major media players like Conde Nast, ESPN, Fox, HBO, NBC, and more. The annual competition has been honoring excellence in video and television internationally for over forty years and received tens of thousands of entries this year. Below are the entries for which the City was recognized:

- <u>Staff Tribute: Together We'll Get Through This</u> is the Silver Telly Winner in Non-Broadcast: Low Budget
- <u>Cybrarium: Library of the Future</u> is the Silver Telly Winner in Non-Broadcast: Government Relations

The PIO successfully coordinated an information campaign regarding the closure of the existing Homestead Branch Library and Grand Opening of the Homestead Cybrarium on March 18, 2021. Prior to opening, 3,216 residents had already signed up for their new Cybrarium Cards. The PIO also managed the development of the Homestead History Experience at the Cybrarium; an immersive virtual reality look at the history of the City of Homestead. The Homestead History Experience is sponsored in part by the Department of State, Division of Historical Resources and the State of Florida. You can also view a web version of the Homestead History Experience online at www.cybrarium.org/history.

During 2021, the PIO, in coordination with Code Compliance and Community Policing, launched the "Keep Homestead Beautiful" conservation and beautification initiative that encourages residents and visitors to take care of the community by picking up litter, cleaning graffiti, recycling, and choosing native plants and trees.

CITY OF HOMESTEAD, FLORIDA

Additionally, PIO continued to facilitate the City's response to the COVID-19 pandemic by publishing hundreds of updates throughout the year in relation to testing, vaccination, financial assistance, and facilities reopening plans.

Recent Events Impacting the City

On September 10, 2017, the City was impacted by Hurricane Irma, a powerful Category 4 hurricane. The City has completed all power restoration efforts debris clearance and removal, and repairs to the few damaged facilities. The City has filed all pertinent documentation for federal and state funding, and is currently addressing any subsequent requests for information. As of September 30, 2021, hurricane-related costs were approximately \$13.9 million, while costs submitted for reimbursements were \$12.8 million. Staff is confident that most of the costs will be reimbursed from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), with any non-reimbursable costs to the City being paid from the City's hurricane fee reserves of over \$3 million.

As a result of the COVID-19 global pandemic, the City issued a declaration of emergency in March 2020. In an effort to combat and respond to this health emergency, the City has incurred certain expenditures that it anticipates getting reimbursed through various grants and public assistance programs. As the City responds to the situation, it continues to provide uninterrupted essential services to its residents while keeping their safety and well-being, as well as that of its employees as a top priority.

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 ("ARPA") was signed into law which provides for additional funding for state and local governments to help in the nation's recovery from the public health and economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as to equip cities and towns with the tools necessary to start building a stronger and more equitable future over the next decade.

On May 19, 2021, the City received the first tranche of ARPA funding of \$9,596,043. The City expects to receive the final tranche of \$9,596,043 in ARPA funding sometime during May 2022 or sometime soon after. As of September 30, 2021, the City expended a total of \$ 9,000 of ARPA funds and is also currently determining which projects will be completed and funded from the remaining ARPA funds.

Other Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Homestead for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. This was the eighteenth consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. A special note of thanks and appreciation is also extended to our auditors, Marcum LLP, for their professional approach and high standards in the conduct of their independent audit of the City's financial records and transactions. Acknowledgements are also given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Homestead's finances. Their guidance and

cooperation in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the City in a responsible and progressive manner is greatly appreciated.

Respectfully submitted, Carlos M. Perez, CPA, CPP1 Finance Director

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CITY OFFICIALS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

COUNCIL – MANAGER FORM OF GOVERNMENT

CITY COUNCIL 2021

Steven D. Losner, Mayor

Patricia D. Fairclough-Staggers, Vice Mayor Erica G. Ávila Jenifer N. Bailey Sean L. Fletcher Larry Roth Stephen R. Shelley

CITY MANAGER

Cate McCaffrey

CITY CLERK

Elizabeth Sewell, MPA, MMC

CITY ATTORNEY

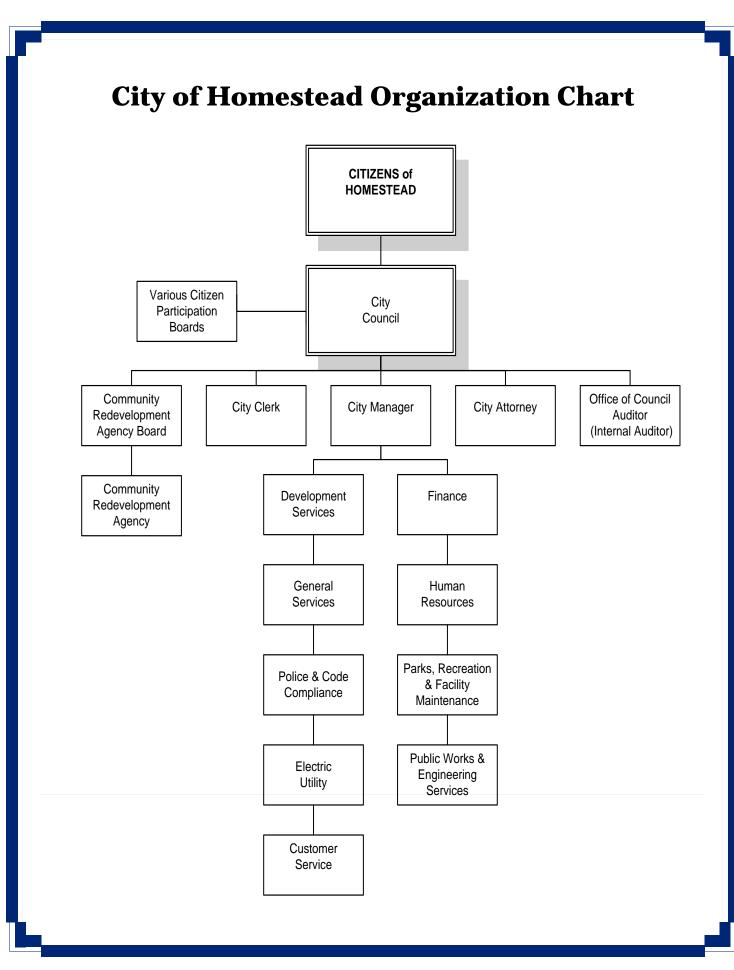
Weiss Serota Helfman Cole & Bierman P.L.

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Carlos M. Perez, CPA, CPPT

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Marcum LLP





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Homestead Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager **City of Homestead, Florida**

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Homestead, Florida, (the City), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Pension Trust Funds, which represent 88%, 93% and 60%, respectively, of the assets, net position/fund balance and revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the Pension Trust Funds are based solely upon the reports of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of

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expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions and the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 4-24 and 133-146 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for additional purposes and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 7, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Marcum LLP

Miami, FL June 7, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Homestead (the City), we offer the readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, we encourage readers to read it in conjunction with the Letter of Transmittal, beginning on page i and the City's financial statements, beginning on page 25 of this report. In this MD&A, all amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

Financial Highlights

- At September 30, 2021, the government-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$225,542 (*net position*), an increase of \$5,411 or 2.5% from prior year.
- The City's *total assets and deferred outflows of resources* of \$446,425 reflect a net increase of \$18,855 from prior year. Current assets increased by \$21,019 while non-current assets decreased by \$2,309. The increase in current assets resulted mostly from the increase in cash and investment; \$9,600 received from the American Rescue Plan of 2021 and \$8,500 received from the issuance of Electric debt, both of which have not yet been spent. The decrease in non-current assets was from the decrease in capital assets resulting mostly from capital assets being fully depreciated.
- The City's *total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources* reflect a net increase of \$13,444 from \$207,439 in FY 2020 to \$220,883 in FY 2021. Current liabilities increased by \$9,243 or 33% mostly from unearned revenue for American Rescue Plan Fund. Loan and note payable from refinancing of the old debts increased the noncurrent liabilities by \$5,256, equipment financing, compensated absences and claims and judgements increased \$1,129, while net pension liability and total OPEB liability decreased the noncurrent liabilities by \$5,554, resulting to the increase in noncurrent liabilities of \$831 or 1%. Deferred inflows of resources increased by \$3,370 mostly from increased deferred inflows for pension and OPEB.
- At September 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$66,037, an increase of \$3,353 from the prior year. The increase is mainly from the increase in cash and investment due to ARPA funding as mentioned earlier. Of the total fund balance, \$10,901 or 17% represents the *unassigned* fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- The City's enterprise funds reported combined ending net position of \$36,746 an increase of \$1,207 from the prior year; \$36,967 was *net investments in capital assets*, \$510 was *restricted* and (\$731) was *unrestricted*.
- At fiscal year end, the General Fund total fund balance increased by \$5,940 from \$43,065 in FY 2020 to \$49,005 in FY 2021, which represents approximately 85% of total General Fund expenditures. Of this total fund balance, \$30,556 was *nonspendable* and represents prepaid costs and long-term notes receivable, \$1,555 has been *restricted* for fiber optic and rock pit security, \$306 *restricted* for HUD section 108 loan security, \$5,223 has been *committed* for a required reserve, \$465 was *assigned* for subsequent year's budget, and \$10,901 was *unassigned*.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1) Government-wide financial statements,
- 2) Fund financial statements,
- 3) Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of the *government-wide financial statements* is on the overall financial position and activities of the City. Two government-wide statements are presented: *the statement of net position* and *the statement of activities*. These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances using the accrual basis of accounting in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes increases or decreases in economic resources as soon as the underlying transaction takes place. Therefore, all of the current year's revenues and expenses are reported regardless of the timing of the related cash flows to acquire these assets or liquidate such liabilities.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Although the purpose of the City is not to accumulate net position, in general, as this amount increases it indicates that the financial position of the City is improving over time.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works and services, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include electric, water and sewer, solid waste, stormwater services and Homestead Station QALICB.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Homestead (known as the *primary government*), but also legally separate entities (known as *component units*) for which the City is financially accountable. These blended *component units* are the Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency and the Homestead Station QALICB. In addition to the inclusion in the government-wide financial statements, more detailed information for the Homestead Station QALICB may be obtained from its separately issued financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 25-27 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of the fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the City rather than the City as a whole. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Government fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which focuses on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. The statements provide a short-term view of the City's ability to finance its programs and near-term financing requirements, in contrast to the long-term view provided by the government-wide statements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 28-31 of this report.

The City maintains sixteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency Fund, and the American Rescue Plan Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other thirteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is presented in the form of *combining* statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, the Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency Fund and eleven of the non-major governmental funds: Impact Fees, Confiscated Property, Disaster Relief, Homestead Miami Speedway, Taxable Transportation System Revenue Bonds, HERO Tax Increment Financing, General Obligation Bonds, People's Transportation Plan, Multimodal Transit Center, Capital Improvement, and Cybrarium Fund. The American Rescue Plan Fund, the Sundries Grant Fund and the Community Development Block Grant Fund do not have an annual adopted budget. Instead, the City adopts the budget by Resolution that coincide with the length of the grant or assistance which does not result in an annual budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual have been provided for these funds to demonstrate budgetary compliance. These schedules for the major governmental funds can be found on pages 133-136 and the schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual for the eleven non-major governmental funds can be found on pages 153-158 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are those funds where the City charges fees to customers for the use of specific goods or services. Proprietary fund financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and a statement of cash flows. Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds:

Enterprise funds are used to account for *business-type activities* that charge fees to customers for the use of specific goods or services. These funds are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City has six individual enterprise funds. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each of the four major funds, the Water and Sewer Utilities, the Electric Utility, the Solid Waste Fund and Homestead Station QALICB ("QALICB"). Data for the other two enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is presented in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs for goods and services provided internally among the City's various funds and functions. Any net increase or deficiency in net position in the internal service funds are allocated back to the different participating funds and functions. The City has five internal service funds, four of which are used to account for its fleet maintenance and self-insurance services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included as part of the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The remaining internal service fund, the Customer Service Fund, predominantly serves enterprise funds; therefore, it has been included as part of the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements used for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-34 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The City uses Fiduciary funds to account for its five pension plans. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own activities. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-36 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 37-132 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* such as budgetary comparison schedules between the City adopted and final budget and actual financial results for the General Fund, the Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency fund, and the American Rescue Plan Fund. Schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability as well as schedule of City contributions for the City's five pension plans are also presented in this section.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 133-146 of this report.

The combining and individual funds statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with major and non-major governmental, enterprise, internal service and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Combining and individual funds statements and schedules can be found on pages 147-166 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Summary of Net Position

The difference between a government's assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is its *net position*. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$225,542 at the close of fiscal year 2021 of which 84% was for governmental activities and 16% was for business-type activities.

A summary of government-wide net position and comparative balances between the current and last fiscal year is provided on the next page:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

) -				
	Government	al Activities	Busines Activi		Тс	otal
	2021	2020	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	2020
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Res	sourses:					
Current assets	\$ 88,973	\$ 77,385	\$ 44,576	\$ 35,145	\$ 133,549	\$ 112,530
Other assets, non current	2,465	1,852	-	-	2,465	1,852
Capital assets, net	219,115	221,526	75,803	76,314	294,918	297,840
Total assets	310,553	300,763	120,379	111,459	430,932	412,222
Total deferred outflows of resources	12,695	13,261	2,798	2,087	15,493	15,348
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Re	esourses:					
Current and other liabilities	19,226	11,094	17,961	16,850	37,187	27,944
Noncurrent liabilities	102,584	108,668	57,491	50,576	160,075	159,244
Total liabilities	121,810	119,762	75,452	67,426	197,262	187,188
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,642	9,670	10,979	10,581	23,621	20,251
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	182,857	168,780	37,055	38,354	219,912	207,134
Restricted	17,887	14,727	510	271	18,397	14,998
Unrestricted	(11,948)	1,085	(819)	(3,086)	(12,767)	(2,001)
Total net position	\$ 188,796	\$ 184,592	\$ 36,746	\$ 35,539	\$ 225,542	\$ 220,131

City of Homestead Summary of Net Position September 30, 2021 and 2020

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its *net investment in capital assets* (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, and utility plant and systems), net of accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding related debt and deferred inflows/outflows used to acquire the assets. The City uses those capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The City's net investment in capital assets for fiscal year 2021 had a balance of \$219,912 (98% of total net position.)

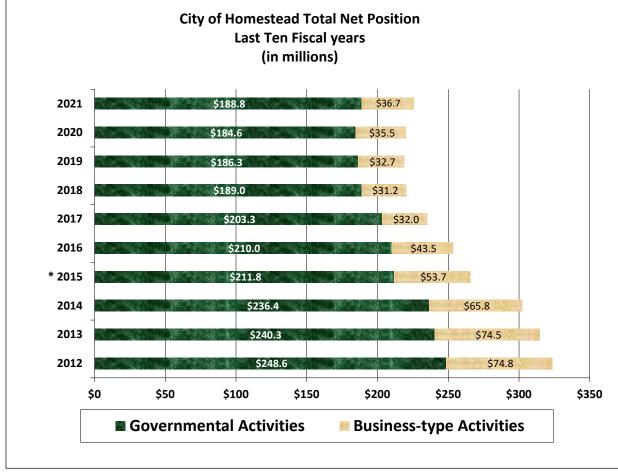
An additional portion of the City's net position is the *restricted net position* which represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These resources have been set aside for capital projects, debt service payments and other contractual obligations. The City's restricted net position as of the end of fiscal year 2021 had a balance of \$18,397 (8% of total net position).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Unrestricted net position represents assets that may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. For FY 2021 the City reported a total negative unrestricted net position of \$12,767.

Unrestricted net position for governmental activities showed a (\$11,948) deficit and business-type activities showed a (\$819) deficit at the end of the fiscal year. This deficit does not mean that the City does not have the resources to pay its obligations next year. Rather, it is the result of having long-term commitments that are greater than the currently available resources. Unfunded long-term commitments include long-term debt (bonds and loans), equipment financing obligations, accrued liabilities for compensated absences, net pension liability, total OPEB liability and an estimated liability for claims and judgements.

The following chart displays the City's total net position over the last ten fiscal years.



* Decreases between 2014 and 2015 resulted from a prior period adjustment for the implementation of GASB 68.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Summary of Activities

The following table provides a comparative summary of the government-wide statement of activities for the current and prior fiscal year.

City of Homestead Summary of Changes in Net Position Fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 Governmental

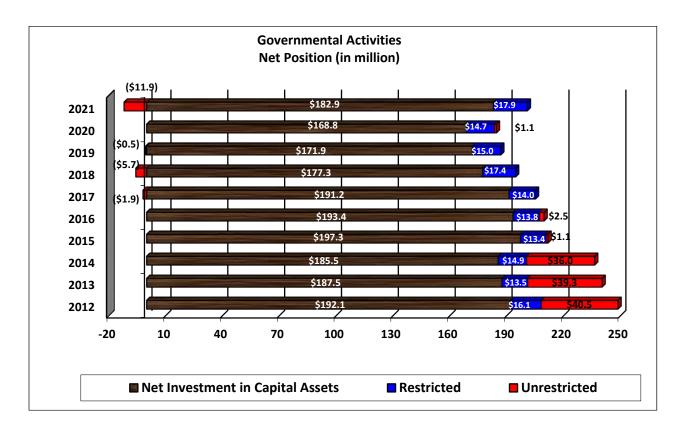
		Govern	nme	ental	Busine	ss-type		
		Acti	iviti	es	Acti	vities	To	otal
	4	2021		<u>2020</u>	2021	<u>2020</u>	2021	2020
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	15,846	\$	13,865	\$ 87,961	\$ 91,889	\$ 103,807	\$ 105,754
Operating grants and contributions		4,643		12,823	-	-	4,643	12,823
Capital grants and contributions		4,730		3,868	-	620	4,730	4,488
General revenues:								
Property taxes		23,886		20,720	-	-	23,886	20,720
Fuel taxes		1,216		1,137			1,216	1,137
Franchise fees		4,610		4,475	-	-	4,610	4,475
Utility taxes		1,566		1,554	-	-	1,566	1,554
Communication service taxes		1,598		1,383	-	-	1,598	1,383
Half cent sales taxes		6,364		5,025	-	-	6,364	5,025
Unrestricted intergovernmental		3,698		3,641	-	-	3,698	3,641
Payment in lieu of taxes		2,255		2,034	-	-	2,255	2,034
Other revenues		1,249		962	1,967	1,984	3,216	2,946
Unrestricted investment earnings		177		773	7	105	184	878
Total revenues		71,838		72,260	89,935	94,598	161,773	166,858
Expenses:								
General government		14,754		16,071	-	-	14,754	16,071
Public safety		32,382		36,940	-	-	32,382	36,940
Public works and services		4,053		4,913	-	-	4,053	4,913
Parks and recreation		9,723		8,587	-	-	9,723	8,587
Diasater relief		231		1,656	-	-	231	1,656
Interest on long-term debt		2,251		2,309	-	-	2,251	2,309
Unallocated depreciation		2,437		2,439	-	-	2,437	2,439
Water / Sewer utilities		-		-	19,558	19,829	19,558	19,829
Electric utility		-		-	54,539	57,350	54,539	57,350
Solid waste		-		-	13,590	13,697	13,590	13,697
Other enterprise		-		-	1,480	1,799	1,480	1,799
Homestead Station QALICB		-		-	1,364	210	1,364	210
Total expenses		65,831		72,915	90,531	92,885	156,362	165,800
Increase/(Decrease) in net position before transfers		6,007		(655)	(596)	1,713	5,411	1,058
Transfers		(1,803)		(1,085)	1,803	1,085	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in net position		4,204		(1,740)	1,207	2,798	5,411	1,058
Net position – beginning		184,592	_	186,332	35,539	32,741	220,131	219,073
Net position – ending	\$	188,796	\$	184,592	\$ 36,746	\$ 35,539	\$ 225,542	\$ 220,131

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Governmental activities

Total net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$4,204 from \$184,592 in FY 2020 to \$188,796 in FY 2021, or 2%. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$14,077 as a result of the exclusion of the City's capital debt related to the QALICB asset.

Restricted net position increased \$3,160 and unrestricted net position decreased \$13,033 due to the same exclusion of the City's capital debt from the NICA calculation.



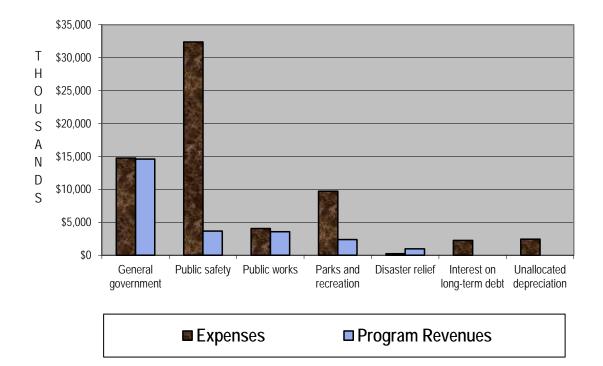
Key elements of the City's governmental activities are as follows:

- Total charges for services increased by \$1,981 primarily from the increase in permit fees, cost recovery, fines and forfeitures and impact fees. Some of these had been impacted by COVID in FY 2020.
- Gross property taxable value for the City increased for an eighth straight year, from \$3.144 billion in 2020 to \$3.484 billion in FY 2021. The City increased its property tax millage rate by 0.2840 mills, from 5.9215 mills in FY 2020 to 6.2055 mills in FY 2021. The increase was from the shift of library tax of 0.2840 mills from the County millage to be included as part of the City millage rate. Total property tax revenues increased by \$3,166 from the increase in the assessed property taxable value and the increase in the millage rate.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

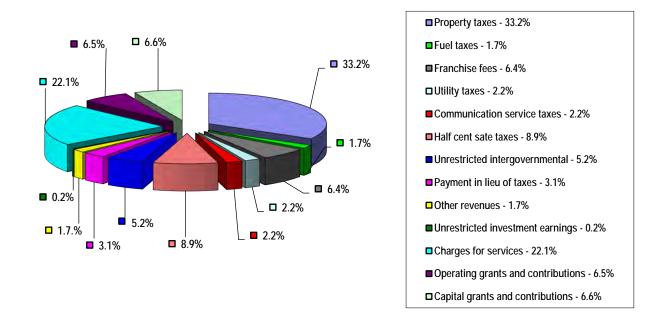
- Half cent sales tax and all other revenues increased by \$1,749 primarily because most businesses have reopened back up in 2021 after the "stay at home" orders issued during the COVID-19 pandemic in May 2020.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased by 64% from \$12,823 in FY 2020 to \$4,643 in FY 2021 due to FEMA funds obligated (related to Hurricane IRMA) in FY 2020 not repeated in FY 2021.
- Debt millage rate decreased from 0.4800 mills in FY 2020 to 0.4485 mills in FY 2021 due to increase in assessed property taxable value.
- Total governmental activities expenses decreased by \$7,084 from prior year mostly from the decrease in pension and OPEB liability.

The following charts compare expenses and program revenues and revenue by sources for governmental activities for fiscal year 2021:



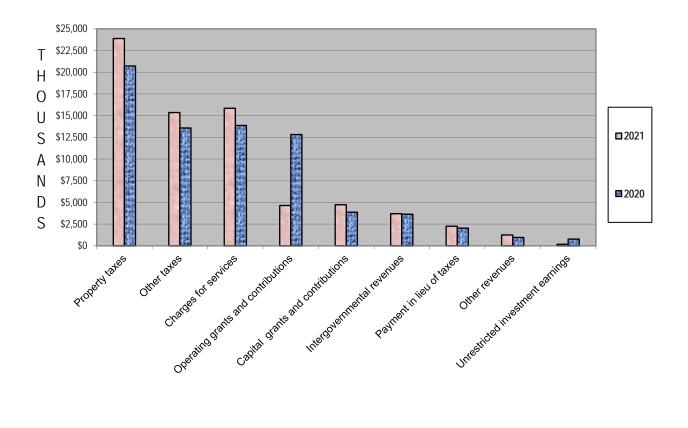
Governmental Activities - Expenses and Program Revenues

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



Governmental Activities – Revenues by Source

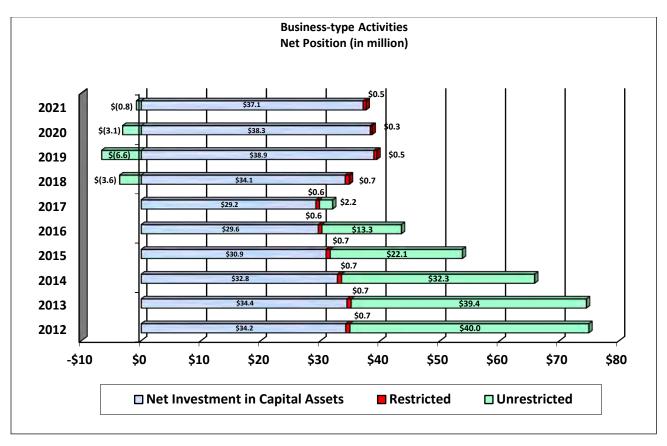




MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Business-type activities

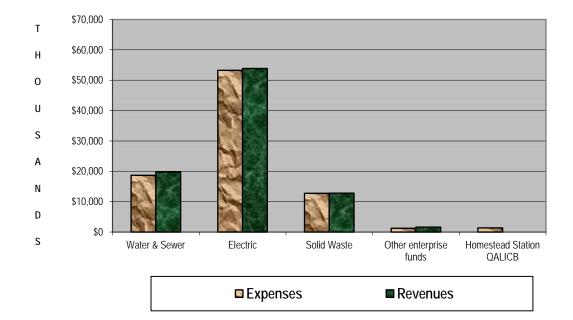
The City's net position of the business-type activities, which includes the customer service internal service fund and Homestead Station QALICB, increased by \$1,207 from \$35,539 to \$36,746, or 3% from the prior year.



Key elements of the City's business-type activities for fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

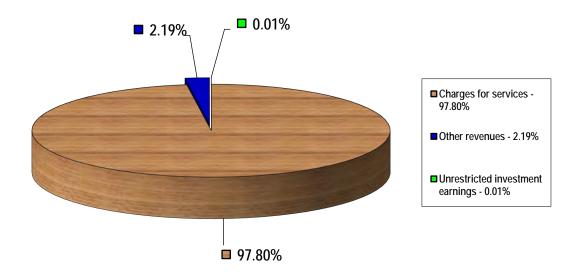
- Overall charges for services decreased by \$3,928 or 4% from the prior year. Electric Utility charges for services decreased by \$3,091 mostly from the increase in bad debt expense. Water and Sewer had an increase in charge for services of \$437 mostly from a CPI rate increase offset by the increase in bad debt expense. Stormwater charge for services decreased by \$656 and Solid Waste charges for services decreased by \$618, also the result of increase in bad debt expense.
- Electric Utility expenses decreased by \$2,811 primarily from the decrease of \$1,026 in purchased power costs and the capitalization of \$2,628 of labor cost. Depreciation increased by \$332 and transfer out also increased by \$300.
- The expenses for other utilities remained relatively stable.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



Business-type Activities – Expenses and Revenues

Business-type Activities – Revenues by Source



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Financial Analysis of the City of Homestead's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to help ensure as well as demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The focus of the fund financial statements is on major funds, rather fund types.

Governmental funds.

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending.

As of the end of fiscal year 2021, the City's governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$66,037, an increase of \$3,353 from prior year. Out of this amount, \$30,556 or 46% was in *nonspendable* which represents prepaid costs and the long-term note receivable. \$16,334 or 25% is *restricted* by third parties such as grantors, creditors, state statue or other governmental entities for specific type of expenditures. The City, through ordinances, has \$6,052, or 9%, in *committed* fund balance which includes: 1) *committed* fund balance represented a required reserve in the amount of 10% of the amount of originally budgeted revenues of the general fund of \$5,223, and 2) *committed* fund balance to be used for specific purposes such as public art and transportation of \$829.

The City also has *assigned* \$2,194 or 3% of the fund balance to be used for parks and recreation, capital projects and expenditures for next fiscal year. *Unassigned* fund balance is the portion of fund balance that is available for spending at the City's discretion. \$10,901 or 17% of the governmental fund balance constitutes *unassigned* fund balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. All revenues, other receipts, expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not required by law or contractual agreement to be accounted for in another fund are accounted for in the General Fund.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund reported a total fund balance of \$49,006, an increase of \$5,940 from prior year primarily from the increase in property taxes and half cent sales taxes while expenditures remained relatively stable. The unassigned fund balance of \$10,901 constitutes 22% of the total fund balance which represents an increase of \$4,274 from prior year. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 19% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 85% of that same amount.

Besides the General Fund, major governmental funds include the Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency, and the American Rescue Plan Fund. The Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency's fund balance increased \$1,195, from \$1,690 in 2020 to \$2,885 in 2021, primarily due to the unspent monies earmarked for land improvements and grants.

The American Rescue Plan Fund reflects \$9,606 in funds received from the U.S. Department of Treasury to address impacts of COVID-19, improve Broadband, and improve Water and Sewer infrastructure. At September 30, 2021 only \$9 had been expended. The balance of unspent funds is recorded as unearned revenue.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As for other non-major governmental funds, Impact Fees' fund balance decreased by \$2,237 due to parks impact fees being spent on a major park expansion. People's Transportation Plan's fund balance increased by \$981 due to higher than expect surtax revenues. The Cybrarium's fund balance decreased by \$3,030 mainly from the monies being spent on the construction of the Cybrariam which was opened on March 18, 2021.

Blended component unit - Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA): During fiscal year 2021 the CRA completed projects/activities included the sponsorship of three community events and one small business resource event, demolished one unsafe building, implemented a first-time home buyer program, and provided both commercial and residential grants to assist small business and CRA residents during the COVID-19 pandemic.

More detail information for the Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) may be obtained from its separately issued financial statements.

Proprietary funds.

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. Proprietary funds account for services that are generally supported by user fees charged to customers. Proprietary fund statements, like government-wide statements, provide both short and long-term financial information.

- For fiscal year 2021, Water & Sewer Utility is reporting an operating income of \$1,308. *Total net position* increased by \$3,075 while *unrestricted net position* has a negative balance of \$1,588 which was a big improvement from negative balance of \$5,927 in prior year. In January 2019, the City increased the Water & Sewer rate for the first time since FY 2008, and has since committed to an annual inflation adjustment based on the CPI. While the ultimate goal of the rate increases is to eliminate the operating losses and negative unrestricted net position, the results to net position will not be met in one year, but will instead be expected to take approximately 3-5 years to reach that goal. To that end, in 2021 the General Fund contributed \$1,800 back to Water & Sewer for its \$1,800 assistance to the General Fund between FY 2012 and FY 2014.
- For FY 2021, the Electric Utility reported an operating income of \$309. Revenues went down by \$3,396 resulting from the increase in bad debt expense. Total expenses also went down by \$2,811 due to the decrease in purchased power costs and the capitalization of labor cost. *Total net position* decreased by \$45 while *unrestricted net position* decreased by \$1,775 from a negative balance of \$2,476 in FY 2020 to a negative balance of \$4,251 in FY 2021. The negative unrestricted net position is primarily due to the \$6,438 in deferred inflows for power cost adjustment.
- Solid waste had operating loss of \$751 while other enterprise funds had an operating income of \$36. The Solid waste loss is attributed to increases in trash being disposed, some of it from illegal dumping, and for staff overtime. For FY 2021, council approved a change in the frequency of trash pick-up that is expected to improve operations.
- In summary, total net position for all proprietary funds increased by \$1,207 from \$35,539 in fiscal year 2020 to \$36,746 in fiscal year 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Blended component unit - Homestead Station QALICB: In FY 2018, the City formed Homestead Station QALICB ("QALICB"), Inc. a Florida nonprofit corporation, in connection with the purchase and development of the parking garage project. The formation of the QALICB resulted from the City engaging in a new market tax credit (NMTC) transaction. QALICB is considered to be a special-purpose governmental entity engaged only in business-type activities with a fiscal year ended of June 30.

In FY 2021, the City's proprietary financial statements include the QALICB's financial statements for the period from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021. QALICB reported a negative net position as of June 30, 2021 of \$1,424. More detail information for the Homestead Station QALICB may be obtained from its separately issued financial statements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original and final amended budget amounted to an increase of \$9,890 during FY 2021. The original budget was amended by \$8,090 needed for the refinancing of the new city hall loan, and \$1,800 was for the transfer back to Water & Sewer for prior years' assistance made to the General Fund by Water & Sewer.

The General Fund budgetary comparison schedules can be found on pages 133-134 of this report.

Budgeted revenues compared to actual revenues. Actual General Fund revenues before other financing sources were \$4,226 higher than the final budgeted amount.

- Property taxes were \$160 higher than the budgeted amount due to delinquent taxes collected within the current fiscal year.
- Fuel taxes, communication service taxes, half cent sales taxes and intergovernmental revenues were \$133, \$385, \$986 and \$1,800, respectively higher than the budgeted amount as a result of an economic rebounded after the shutdown in FY 2020. The City also received \$1,000 in FY 2021 in Cares Act reimbursement for costs incurred for COVID-19. This amount was included as part of intergovernmental revenues, as state revenues sharing.
- Licenses and permits actual revenues were \$392 above the budgeted amount showing the increase in development within the City.

Budgeted expenditures compared to actual expenditures. The General Fund's expenditures before transfers were \$2,832 lower than budgeted.

- General government showed a positive variance of \$768. All of the departments under general government reported positive variances. Mayor & Council had a \$280 positive variance mostly from unused internal audit fees and staff vacancies during the year. General administration had a \$219 positive variance from unused contingency and unused management and consulting fees.
- Public safety had a positive variance of \$2,217 mainly from unfilled positions in the police department.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

- Parks and recreation had a positive variance of \$525 mostly from lower-than-expected utilities charges, saving in maintenance and in wages and benefits due to vacancies.
- Capital Outlay showed a negative variance of \$1,030 due to items purchased under equipment financing which is offset by the proceeds received from the financing of \$1,172.
- In summary, the overall positive variances in general fund expenditures are primarily attributed to the efficiencies of operations, tighter budget constraints and careful management of the City's finances.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2021 amounted to \$294,918 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, furniture & fixtures & equipment, artworks, intangible assets, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. The City's investment in capital assets for FY 2021 decreased by \$2,922 or 1% from previous year. Major capital asset events that occurred during the fiscal year include the following:

- The Cybrarium was completed in fiscal year 2021. Building total \$13,341; artworks \$968; books \$757, and furniture and fixtures \$675, funded from various sources including a \$3.8 million HUD grant.
- Funded through new equipment financings in FY 2021 were 26 new vehicles for police and 1 cargo van for Parks for a total of \$1,204.
- Police also purchased an animal control vehicle for \$67, an ancillary building high density storage for \$47, and a new storage area network for \$146, funded by police impact fees.
- Street and sidewalk replacements and improvements totaling \$304 were funded by the General Fund, and People's Transportation Plan Fund.
- Parks completed the upgrade of a playground at Roscoe Warren Park for \$250, funded by grants and Parks impact fees.
- Governmental citywide construction-in-progress projects at fiscal year-end 2021 totaled \$5,292. These included projects such as traffic light signal upgrade, Losner Park expansion, Biscayne Everglades Greenway project, and Sports Complex Park expansion. Most of the projects are funded by grants, impact fees, and People's Transportation Plan fund.
- Electric completed several new underground, new overhead and new streetlights projects for \$1,903, meter replacement project for \$196, and upgrade of several generators for \$2,290. Major constructionin-progress at year end included various underground constructions for \$1,100, Renaissance power transformer for \$1,126, Renaissance substation expansion for \$1,618, advance metering infrastructure of \$697, and downtown infrastructure project for \$373.
- Water and Sewer annual trench rehab amounted to \$84 and received a credit for retainage for pump station in the amount of \$507.
- Solid waste purchased two Mack side loader garbage trucks for \$614 and a Mack front loader garbage truck for \$283, all were funded by new equipment financing in FY 2021.
- Capital assets at fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 for Homestead Station QALICB amounted to \$32,402, net of depreciation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

- Depreciation expense totaled \$10,605 and \$6,036 for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.
- During the year, the total of \$14,332 was transferred from construction in progress; \$13,382 to building & improvements, \$700 to artworks, and \$250 to other improvements for governmental activities. Business-type activities had a transfer of \$1,130 from construction in progress to other improvements; \$41 to building & improvements, and \$223 to computer software & hardware.

The following chart provides a condensed schedule of government-wide capital assets with comparative balances between the current and last fiscal year.

	<u>Governmer</u> <u>2021</u>	<u>ttal Activities</u> <u>2020</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u> 2021 2020	<u>Total</u> 2021 <u>2020</u>
Land	\$ 48,198	\$ 48,198	\$ 1,876 \$ 1,876	\$ 50,074 \$ 50,074
Land improvements	510	538		510 538
Buildings and improvements	111,474	102,078	32,200 32,927	143,674 135,005
Other improvements	10,841	12,187		10,841 12,187
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	6,503	6,132		6,503 6,132
Books	681	-		681
Artworks	1,671	3		1,671
Infrastructure	33,945	36,381		33,945 36,383
Utility plant and systems	-	-	36,008 35,346	36,008 35,346
Construction in progress	5,292	16,009	5,719 6,165	11,011 22,174
Total capital assets	\$ 219,115	\$ 221,526	\$ 75,803 \$ 76,314	\$ 294,918 \$ 297,840

City of Homestead Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) September 30, 2021 and 2020

Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note 8 on pages 64-65 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt and loans outstanding of \$105,681. The City's bonded debt represents bonds secured by specific revenue sources. Total governmental bonded debt and loans payable amounted to \$61,942. Of this amount \$22,378 was for General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014 and \$28,605 was for Taxable Transportation System Revenue Bonds, Series 2017. Business-type activities bonded debt and loans payable amounted to \$43,739. Electric FMPA Pooled Loan 2021 accounted for \$8,574 and Homestead QALICB Notes payable accounted for \$35,165.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City's total debt increased \$5,255 during the current fiscal year:

- Governmental activities debt decreased by \$1,744. During FY 2021, the City issued a capital improvement refunding note in the amount of \$8,064 to pay off the balloon payment of \$8,350 for the existing New City Hall loan. The remaining difference was due to principal payments made during FY 2021 on other debts.
- Business-type activities' debt increased by \$6,999. QALICB notes payable increased from \$34,340 in FY 2020 to \$35,165 in FY 2020; this debt is related to the NMTC transaction involving the parking garage project. The City also secured a new loan, Florida Municipal Power Agency (FMPA) Initial Pooled Loan Project, Series 2021, in the amount of \$8.574 to pay off the \$2,400 Electric Utility Bond, Series 2019 and to use the remaining loan proceeds for land acquisition and for the expansion of an electric utility substation.

Under Florida Statutes, no debt limit margin is placed on local governments. In December 2018, S&P affirmed an A+ rating on the City's general obligation bonds and increased the rating for the City's taxable transportation system revenue bonds from A to A+. On September 14, 2021, Moody's removed the City's negative outlook and affirmed Aa3 rating on its general obligation bonds and A1 on its taxable transportation system revenue bonds.

The following chart provides information on the City's outstanding long-term debt with comparative balances between the current and last fiscal year.

City of Homestead Bonded Debt and Loan payable September 30, 2021 and 2020

	Govern	nmental	Busine	ss-type		
	Acti	vities	Acti	vities	To	otal
	2021	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	2020
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014	\$ 21,045	\$ 21,580	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,045	\$ 21,580
Plus: Unamortized Bonds Premium	1,333	1,392			1,333	1,392
Total General Obligation Bonds	22,378	22,972	-	-	22,378	22,972
Taxable Transportation System Revenue						
Bonds, Series 2017	28,605	29,275	-	-	28,605	29,275
HUD Section 108 Loan	2,895	3,089	-	-	2,895	3,089
New City Hall \$10M Loan	-	8,350	-	-	-	8,350
New City Hall Refunding Notes, Series 2021	8,064	-	-	-	8,064	-
Electric Utility Bond, Series 2019	-	-	-	2,400	-	2,400
Electric FMPA Pooled Loan 2021	-	-	8,574	-	8,574	-
Homestead Station QALICB Notes payable			35,165	34,340	35,165	34,340
Total bonds and loans payable	\$ 61,942	\$ 63,686	\$ 43,739	\$ 36,740	\$ 105,681	\$ 100,426

Additional information on long-term debt and long-term liabilities can be found in Note 9 on pages 66-77 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The City's FY 2022 original adopted budget reflects anticipated revenues and expenditures of \$203,012.
- The FY 2022 budget provides funding for all capital improvement projects estimated at \$24,107.
- For FY 2022, the General Fund required reserve is \$5,531 or 10% of the 2022 adopted budgeted amount of General Fund revenues of \$55,308.
- The City's taxable property values increased for a ninth consecutive year. Values increased from \$3.484 billion for fiscal year 2021 to \$3.749 billion for fiscal year 2022, an increase of 7.59%; an indication that the housing market is still strong.
- For fiscal year 2022, the City chose to maintain its operating millage rate at 6.2055 mills, which is 0.3001 higher than its 2022 rolled back rate of 5.9054 mills.
- The City lowered its debt millage rate for the general obligation bonds for fiscal 2022 to 0.4150 mills from 0.4485 mills in FY 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, the General Fund balanced the budget without the use of reserves for the fourth consecutive year since FY 2009 when the City's property value was at an all-time high at \$3.965 billion.
- The City was able to balance the General Fund budget without using the fund balance while maintaining the same operating millage rate and the same service levels to its citizen.
- The City did not increase the electric, stormwater, or solid waste utility rates for the 2022 fiscal year; it did however adjust its water & sewer rates for inflation based on CPI. For Solid Waste, in lieu of increasing rates, the City will change the frequency of bulk trash and recycling pickups.
- According to U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, the City's total population increased from 76,334 in 2020 to 81,110 in 2021. The unemployment rate for the City decreased from 11.9.% in 2020 to 6.4% in 2021, a sign of an improved economy since the height of COVID-19 pandemic in FY 2020.
- General economic conditions both globally and in our state have required the City to closely monitor revenue and expenditure trends during the current year. Economic conditions can reflect a declining, stable or growing environment and has a substantial impact on property assessments, sales, gas, or other tax revenues as well as consumer spending habits for building permits, user fees and consumption. Like many local governments across the country, the City is working to strike the delicate balance of maintaining service levels to its citizens while keeping taxes and service charges as low as possible. Circumstances are looking more positive than originally expected since the effects of COVID-19 began to subside and the economy has started to rebound.
- Overall, the City's adopted budget is an economical and prudent financial plan that will ensure quality
 public services and needed capital improvements for all residents, both today and in the future. As
 preparation begins on the 2023 budget, the City's focus will be on revenue enhancements and
 expenditure containment as well as carefully monitoring the Florida Legislature's initiatives and their
 future impact on the City's ability to function at its present level.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. Additional information is also available on the City's website at <u>www.cityofhomestead.com</u>. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Carlos M. Perez, CPA, CPPT Finance Director City of Homestead 100 Civic Court Homestead, Florida 33030



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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,775,703	\$ 3,214,270	\$ 6,989,973
Investments	34,672,198	2,515,420	37,187,618
Receivables, net	9,040,283	19,834,204	28,874,487
Internal balances	(1,800,000)	1,800,000	-
Prepaid costs	19,298	172,336	191,634
Note receivable	30,536,505	-	30,536,505
Inventories Restricted assets:	210,669	3,664,588	3,875,257
Cash and cash equivalents	1,101,407	10,856,721	11,958,128
Investments	11,416,495	2,518,409	13,934,904
Total current assets	88,972,558	44,575,948	133,548,506
Non-current Assets:			
Capital assets not being depreciated	55,160,938	7,595,555	62,756,493
Capital assets being depreciated, net	163,954,103	68,207,501	232,161,604
Sub-total capital assets	219,115,041	75,803,056	294,918,097
Asset available for sale	807,346	-	807,346
Net pension asset	1,657,838		1,657,838
Total non-current assets	221,580,225	75,803,056	297,383,281
TOTAL ASSETS	310,552,783	120,379,004	430,931,787
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows for pensions	12,583,485	2,731,153	15,314,638
Deferred outflows for OPEB	111,840	67,329	179,169
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	12,695,325	2,798,482	15,493,807
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,015,796	11,833,697	15,849,493
Unearned revenue	14,052,863	967,992	15,020,855
Other liabilities	606,833	-	606,833
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:		4.070.010	4 070 010
Customer deposits	-	4,970,810	4,970,810
Current accrued interest payable	550,359	189,138	739,497
Total current liabilities	\$ 19,225,851	<u>\$ 17,961,637</u>	\$ 37,187,488

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

(Continued)

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	Total
LIABILITIES (continued):			
Non-current liabilities:			
Due within one year :			
Compensated absences	\$ 947,118	\$ 502,212	\$ 1,449,330
Equipment financing	931,912	586,058	1,517,970
Bonds, notes and loans	1,982,155	674,668	2,656,823
Claims and judgements	1,152,836	-	1,152,836
Due in more than one year:			
Compensated absences	2,209,941	1,171,829	3,381,770
Equipment financing	2,005,761	1,911,049	3,916,810
Bonds, notes and loans	59,960,343	43,064,316	103,024,659
Net pension liability	23,019,292	5,366,812	28,386,104
Total OPEB liability	6,999,970	4,213,941	11,213,911
Claims and judgements	3,375,113		3,375,113
Total non-current liabilities	102,584,441	57,490,885	160,075,326
TOTAL LIABILITIES	121,810,292	75,452,522	197,262,814
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows for power cost adjustment	-	6,438,305	6,438,305
Deferred inflows for pensions	6,522,250	857,048	7,379,298
Deferred inflows for OPEB	6,119,432	3,683,863	9,803,295
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	12,641,682	10,979,216	23,620,898
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	182,857,637	37,054,711	219,912,348
Restricted :			
Community redevelopment	2,884,936	-	2,884,936
Fiber optic and rock pit security	1,555,665	-	1,555,665
HUD section 108 loan security	306,000	-	306,000
Grants	625,298	-	625,298
Community development	926,766	-	926,766
Diasater relief	396,326	-	396,326
Parks and recreation	4,849,039	-	4,849,039
Law enforcement	1,911,622	-	1,911,622
Road improvements	666,709	-	666,709
Debt service	678,586	510,121	1,188,707
Transit & Transportation	1,427,703	-	1,427,703
Net pension asset	1,657,838	-	1,657,838
Unrestricted	(11,947,991)	(819,084)	(12,767,075)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 188,796,134	\$ 36,745,748	\$ 225,541,882

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		D	rogram Revenue	.c.		et (Expense) Revenue Changes in Net Positi	
		Charges	Operating	<u>s</u> Capital		Business-	
		for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	<u>Services</u>	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:	<u> </u>	<u></u>				<u></u>	
General government	\$ 14,754,516 \$	12,316,849	\$ 1,015,623	\$ 1,256,744	\$ (165,300)	\$ -	\$ (165,300)
Public safety	32,381,625	1,477,930	2,198,614	-	(28,705,081)	-	(28,705,081)
Public works and services	4,053,061	119,768	97,279	3,362,619	(473,395)	-	(473,395)
Parks and recreation	9,723,368	1,931,257	350,634	110,448	(7,331,029)	-	(7,331,029)
Disaster relief	230,593		980,756	-	750,163	-	750,163
Interest on long-term debt	2,250,655	-	-	-	(2,250,655)	-	(2,250,655)
Unallocated depreciation	2,436,921	_			(2,436,921)		(2,436,921)
Total governmental activities	65,830,739	15,845,804	4,642,906	4,729,811	(40,612,218)		(40,612,218)
Business-type activities:							
Water & sewer	19,558,048	19,774,024	-	-	-	215,976	215,976
Electric utility	54,539,331	53,867,721	-	-	-	(671,610)	(671,610)
Solid waste	13,590,850	12,802,595	-	-	-	(788,255)	(788,255)
Stormwater utility	1,480,030	1,516,562	-	-	-	36,532	36,532
Homestead station QALICB	1,363,737	-				(1,363,737)	(1,363,737)
Total business-type activities	90,531,996	87,960,902				(2,571,094)	(2,571,094)
Total	\$ 156,362,735 \$	103,806,706	\$ 4,642,906	\$ 4,729,811	(40,612,218)	(2,571,094)	(43,183,312)
	General revenues:						
	Property taxes				23,886,305	-	23,886,305
	Fuel taxes				1,216,531	-	1,216,531
	Franchise fees				4,609,837	-	4,609,837
	Utility taxes				1,566,050	-	1,566,050
	Communication	service taxes			1,598,216	-	1,598,216
	Half cent sales t	axes			6,364,097	-	6,364,097
	Unrestricted inte	ergovernmenta	l revenue		3,697,777	-	3,697,777
	Payment in lieu	of taxes			2,254,680	-	2,254,680
	Other revenues				1,248,754	1,967,396	3,216,150
	Unrestricted inv	estment earnin	igs		176,916	7,236	184,152
	Transfers				(1,802,811)	1,802,811	-
	Total general	revenues and t	transfers		44,816,352	3,777,443	48,593,795
	Change in net posi	tion			4,204,134	1,206,349	5,410,483
	Net position, begin	ning			184,592,000	35,539,399	220,131,399
	Net position, endir	ıg			\$ 188,796,134	\$ 36,745,748	\$ 225,541,882

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

				Special	Reve	enue				
			H	Homestead		American				
			C	Community		Rescue		Other		Total
			Re	development		Plan	G	overnmental	G	overnmental
		General		Agency		Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	126,443	\$	245,284	\$	-	\$	3,034,888	\$	3,406,615
Investments	Ψ	24,207,329	Ψ	1,877,706	Ψ	-	Ψ	8,587,163	Ψ	34,672,198
Interest receivable on investments		280,223		4,820		-		22,638		307,681
Account receivables, net		4,437,811		462		-		4,288,890		8,727,163
Due from other funds		-		885,000		-		960,000		1,845,000
Prepaid costs		19,298		-		-		-		19,298
Notes receivable		30,536,505		-		-		-		30,536,505
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents		10,503		-		1,000		1,089,904		1,101,407
Investments		1,555,665		-		9,599,082		261,748		11,416,495
Asset available for sale		-		-		_		807,346		807,346
Total Assets	\$	61,173,777	\$	3,013,272	\$	9,600,082	\$	19,052,577	\$	92,839,708
LIABILITIES:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,126,164	\$	128,336	\$	_	\$	1,243,944	\$	3,498,444
Due to other funds	Ψ	6,800,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	1,835,000	Ψ	8,645,000
Unearned revenue		2,635,084				9,587,043		1,830,736		14,052,863
Other liabilities		606,833		_				1,050,750		606,833
Total liabilities		12,168,081		128,336		9,597,043		4,909,680		26,803,140
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable :										
Prepaid costs		19,298		-		-		-		19,298
Long-term notes receivable		30,536,505		-		-		-		30,536,505
Restricted :				2 00 4 00 4						0.001.007
Community redevelopment		-		2,884,936		-		-		2,884,936
Fiber optic & rock pit security		1,555,665		-		-		-		1,555,665
HUD section 108 loan security Grants		306,000		-		3,039		- 622,259		306,000 625,298
Community development		-		-		5,059		622,239 926,766		623,298 926,766
Disaster relief		-		-		-		396,326		396,326
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		4,849,039		4,849,039
Law enforcement								1,911,622		1,911,622
Road improvements		_		_		_		666,709		666,709
General obligation bonds debt service		-		-		-		89,295		89,295
HERO tax increment revenue refunding bonds debt service		-		-		-		134,941		134,941
Taxable transportation system revenue bonds debt service		-		-		-		454,350		454,350
Cybrarium construction from HUD section 108 loan		-		-		-		7,264		7,264
Transit and transportation		-		-		-		1,427,703		1,427,703
Committed :										
Required reserve		5,222,610		-		-		-		5,222,610
Public Art		-		-		-		740,931		740,931
Transportation		-		-		-		88,402		88,402
Assigned :										
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		200,414		200,414
Capital projects		-		-		-		1,626,876		1,626,876
Appropriation of subsequent year's budget		464,985		-		-		-		464,985
Unassigned :		10.000								10.000
General fund		10,900,633		-		-		-		10,900,633
Total fund balances		49,005,696		2,884,936		3,039		14,142,897		66,036,568
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	61,173,777	\$	3,013,272	\$	9,600,082	\$	19,052,577	\$	92,839,708

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Fund balance - total governmental funds (Page 28)		\$ 66,036,568
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets (excluding internal service funds) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		218,998,750
Net pension assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not		
reported in the funds.		1,657,838
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds (excluding internal service funds).		
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt	(550,359)	
Bonds and loan payable	(61,942,498)	
Compensated absences	(3,026,642)	
Equipment financing	(2,928,499)	
Net pension liability	(22,658,571)	
Total OPEB liability	(6,742,789)	
Total long-term liabilities		(97,849,358)
Deferred outflows / inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB (excluding internal service funds)		
Deferred outflows for pensions	12,399,916	
Deferred outflows for OPEB	107,732	
Deferred inflows for pensions	(6,464,642)	
Deferred inflows for OPEB	(6,090,670)	
Total deferred outflows/inflows of resources		 (47,664)
Net position of governmental activities (Page 26)		\$ 188,796,134

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

				Special I	Reven	ue				
			H	Iomestead		merican				
			C	Community]	Rescue		Other		Total
			Red	development		Plan	G	overnmental	G	overnmental
		General		Agency		Fund		Funds		Funds
Revenues:	¢	10,472,002	¢		¢		¢	1 407 250	¢	10.050.050
Property taxes	\$	18,472,002	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,497,250	\$	19,969,252
Fuel taxes		1,216,531		-		-		-		1,216,531
Franchise fees		4,609,837		-		-		-		4,609,837
Utility taxes Communication service taxes		1,566,050		-		-		-		1,566,050
		1,598,216		-		-		-		1,598,216
Half cent sales taxes Licenses and permits		6,364,097 2,899,749		-		-		-		6,364,097
1		2,899,749 5,548,242		4 002 220		-		9,212,643		2,899,749
Intergovernmental				4,002,329		9,000		9,212,045		18,772,214
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		1,303,963		-		-		472,066		1,303,963
Interest income		410,786 165,951		2,951		3,039		4,975		882,852 176,916
				2,951		3,039		4,975		
Payments in lieu of taxes Rentals and other revenues		2,254,680		-		-		- 1,267,950		2,254,680
Total revenues		8,939,716		15,661		- 12,039		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10,223,327
1 otai revenues		55,349,820		4,020,941		12,039		12,454,884		71,837,684
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		11,213,636		1,767,417		9,000		1,273,808		14,263,861
Public safety		30,081,271		235,822		-		1,648,735		31,965,828
Public works and services		1,099,777		194,367		-		801,414		2,095,558
Parks and recreation		4,809,631		401,350		-		1,182,927		6,393,908
Diaster relief		-		-		-		230,593		230,593
Capital outlay		1,691,964		(36,427)		-		7,270,407		8,925,944
Debt service:										
Principal		8,350,066		-		-		1,399,000		9,749,066
Interest and fiscal charges		206,601		-		-		2,086,826		2,293,427
Total expenditures		57,452,946		2,562,529		9,000		15,893,710		75,918,185
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(2,103,126)		1,458,412		3,039		(3,438,826)		(4,080,501)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Issuance of debt (equipment financing)		1,171,716		-		-		-		1,171,716
Issuance of other long-term debt		8,063,923		-		-		-		8,063,923
Transfers in		1,007,921		89,956		-		1,948,924		3,046,801
Transfers out		(2,200,000)		(353,000)		-		(2,296,612)		(4,849,612)
Total other financing sources (uses)		8,043,560		(263,044)				(347,688)		7,432,828
Total other financing sources (uses)		8,043,300		(203,044)				(347,088)		7,432,828
Net change in fund balances		5,940,434		1,195,368		3,039		(3,786,514)		3,352,327
Fund balances, beginning		43,065,262		1,689,568	. <u> </u>	-		17,929,411		62,684,241
Fund balances, ending	\$	49,005,696	\$	2,884,936	\$	3,039	\$	14,142,897	\$	66,036,568

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Page 30)		\$ 3,352,327
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In the current period, this is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays		
The details of the difference are as follows: Capital outlay Depreciation expense (excluding depreciation on internal service funds) Net adjustment	8,755,057 (10,572,470)	(1,817,413)
The effect of various miscellaneous transactions increased (decreased) net position: Removal of capital assets		(560,592)
The net effect of pension deferred outflows/ inflows and retirement contribution expenses The net effect of OPEB deferred outflows/ inflows		(3,070,917) (712,379)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
The details of the differences are as follows:		
New City Hall Refunding Note, Series 2021 Equipment financing obligation	(8,063,923) (1,171,716)	
Principal payments: General obligation bonds Taxable tansportation system revenue bonds, series 2017 HUD section 108 loan New City Hall \$10M loan Equipment financing	535,000 670,000 194,000 8,350,066 989,936	
Amortization of bond premium	58,120	
Total Adjustment	50,120	1,561,483
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
The details of the difference are as follows: Compensated absences Change in net pension assets Changes in net pension liability Change in total OPEB liability Effect of accrued interest on long-term debt (difference between amount that would have been accrued in prior year and current year accrual)	(122,223) 613,323 3,949,087 1,026,784 (15,346)	
Total Adjustment		 5,451,625
Change in net position of governmental activities (Page 27)		\$ 4,204,134

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Water			Enterpr	ISE F	unus					
		water					Other	Н	lomestead	Total	Internal	
		and Sewer	Electric <u>Utility</u>		olid aste		Enterprise Funds	<u>(</u>	Station QALICB (1)	Enterprise <u>Funds</u>	Service Funds	
ASSETS									<u>(1)</u>			
Current assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	149,728	\$ 210,380		48,376	\$	738,202	\$	1,287,248		\$ 449,424	
Investments		33,919	63,589	2	57,283		2,160,629		-	2,515,420		
Interest receivable		87	1,207		660		5,547		-	7,501		
Account receivables, net		4,206,540	12,297,073		15,465		907,625		-	19,826,703	5,439	
Due from other funds		-	172,336	1,0	00,000		2,000,000		-	3,000,000	6,300,000	
Prepaid costs		-	,		-		-		-	172,336	210 66	
Inventories Restricted Assets:		-	3,664,588		-		-		-	3,664,588	210,669	
Cash and cash equivalents		971,908	8,804,710	5	97,098				483,005	10,856,721		
Investments		971,908	2,518,409	5			-		485,005	2,518,409		
Total current assets		5,362,182	 27,732,292	5.0	18,882		5,812,003		1,770,253	45,695,612	6,965,532	
Total current assets		3,302,182	 21,132,292	5,0	10,002		3,812,003		1,770,233	45,095,012	0,903,332	
Noncurrent assets:												
Capital assets not being depreciated		233,436	7,362,119		-		-		-	7,595,555		
Capital assets being depreciated, net		11,727,213	 21,822,674		24,648		208,036	_	32,401,991	68,084,562	239,230	
Total noncurrent assets		11,960,649	 29,184,793	1,9	24,648		208,036		32,401,991	75,680,117	239,230	
Total assets		17,322,831	 56,917,085	6,9	43,530		6,020,039		34,172,244	121,375,729	7,204,762	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred outflows for pension		334,259	1,394,365	6	62,612		62,620			2,453,856	460,866	
Deferred outflows for OPEB		13,469	21,926		14,970		4,954		-	55,319	16,118	
Total deferred outflows of resources		347,728	 1,416,291		77,582		67,574		-	2,509,175	476,984	
		,	 , ., .									
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities:		2 454 780	7 745 014	1.1	27.583		70 701		242 221	11.648.579	702 470	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2,454,780	7,745,214	1,1	27,585		78,781		242,221	,,.	702,470	
Due to other funds		1,000,000	1,500,000	1	-		12.025		-	2,500,000 470,972	70.264	
Compensated absences Unearned revenue		90,006	246,231		21,810 67,992		12,925		-	967,992	70,365	
Current portion of equipment financing		146,555	172,359		56,425		-		-	575,339	13,475	
Claims and judgements		140,555	172,559	2.	50,425		-		-	575,559	1,152,836	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:											1,152,050	
Customer deposits		971,908	3,991,175		7,727		_		_	4,970,810		
Accrued interest payable		-					-		189,138	189,138		
Current portion of notes payable		-	-		-				330,069	330,069		
Current portion of bonds payable		-	344,599		-		-		-	344,599		
Total current liabilities		4,663,249	 13,999,578	2,4	81,537		91,706		761,428	21,997,498	1,939,146	
Non-current liabilities:			 							i	· <u> </u>	
Compensated absences		210,015	574,537	2	84,225		30,160		-	1,098,937	164,184	
Equipment financing		296,755	276,253		13,084		50,100		-	1,886,092	31,375	
Notes payable				1,5			-		34,834,915	34,834,915	51,575	
Bonds payable		-	8,229,401		-		-			8,229,401		
Net pension liability		656,829	2,739,979	1.3	02,056		123,050		-	4,821,914	905,619	
Total OPEB liability		842,950	1,372,344		36,907		310,065		-	3,462,266	1,008,856	
Claims and judgements		-	-		-		-		-	-	3,375,113	
Total non-current liabilities		2,006,549	 13,192,514	3.8	36,272		463,275	-	34,834,915	54,333,525	5,485,147	
Total liabilities		6,669,798	 27,192,092		17,809		554,981		35,596,343	76,331,023	7,424,293	
			 								· <u> </u>	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred inflows for power cost adjustment		-	6,438,305		-		-		-	6,438,305		
Deferred inflows for pensions		104,891	437,559		07,931		19,650		-	770,031	144,625	
Deferred inflows for OPEB		966,135	 1,428,935		33,664		271,063		-	3,599,797	112,828	
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,071,026	 8,304,799	1,1	41,595		290,713		-	10,808,133	257,453	
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets		11,517,339	26,577,551	9.	44,510		208,036		(2,279,988)	36,967,448	194,380	
Restricted :		, ,,,,,,,,	, , ,	-	, -		- ,			, , .	. ,,	
Debt service		-	510,121		-		-		-	510,121		
Unrestricted		(1,587,604)	(4,251,187)	(7	82,802)		5,033,883		855,889	(731,821)	(194,380	
Total Net Position	\$	9,929,735	\$ 22,836,485		61,708	\$	5,241,919	\$	(1,424,099)		\$	
	<u> </u>		 		<u> </u>							
Net position of business-type activities										\$ 36,745,748		

(1) Homestead Station QALICB fiscal year end is June 30, 2021.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

						Business-typ Enterpris								
	Water and <u>Sewer</u>			Electric <u>Utility</u>		Solid <u>Waste</u>		Other Enterprise <u>Funds</u>		Homestead Station <u>QALICB</u> (<u>1)</u>		Total Enterprise <u>Funds</u>		nternal Service <u>Funds</u>
Operating revenues:														
Charges for services	\$	19,774,024	\$	53,841,558	\$	12,802,595	\$	1,516,562	\$	-	\$	87,934,739	\$ 1	8,363,922
Other revenues		1,072,230		877,408		17,758	_	-	_	-		1,967,396		63,473
Total operating revenues		20,846,254		54,718,966		12,820,353		1,516,562		-		89,902,135	1	8,427,395
Operating expenses:														
Personnel services		2,844,230		4,724,307		4,042,969		788,181		-		12,399,687		2,024,553
Administration		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,434,035
Purchased power		-		32,763,109		-		-		-		32,763,109		-
Insurance and claims		-		-		-		-		4,556		4,556	1	0,224,709
Other operating expenses		15,585,417		13,556,451		9,076,681		594,237		97,650		38,910,436		4,635,215
Depreciation		1,108,692		3,366,379		451,847		97,612		962,659		5,987,189		81,599
Total expenses		19,538,339		54,410,246		13,571,497		1,480,030		1,064,865		90,064,977	1	8,400,111
Operating income (loss)		1,307,915		308,720		(751,144)		36,532		(1,064,865)		(162,842)		27,284
Non-operating revenues (expenses):														
Interest income		19		2,502		2,383		2,332		-		7,236		-
Interest expense		(19,709))	(129,085)		(19,353)		-		(298,872)		(467,019)		(1,121)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(19,690))	(126,583)		(16,970)		2,332		(298,872)		(459,783)		(1,121)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		1,288,225		182,137		(768,114)		38,864		(1,363,737)		(622,625)		26,163
Transfers in		1,800,000		109,000				300,000				2,209,000		
Transfers out		(13,082)		(336,197)		(24,206)		(6,541)		-		(380,026)		(26,163)
Total contribution and transfers		1,786,918	′ —	(227,197)		(24,206)		293,459				1,828,974		(26,163)
Change in net position		3,075,143	_	(45,060)		(792,320)		332,323		(1,363,737)		1,206,349		-
Net position, beginning		6,854,592		22,881,545		954,028		4,909,596		(60,362)				
Net position, ending	\$	9,929,735	\$	22,836,485	\$	161,708	\$	5,241,919	\$	(1,424,099)			\$	
Change in not position of husiness tupe activi	tion										¢	1 206 240		

Change in net position of business-type activities

\$ 1,206,349

(1) Homestead Station QALICB fiscal year end is June 30, 2021.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Ward and Server Uservic Liking Other Ward Server Date Liking Instruct Baselon Exercise Baselon Exercise Baselon Cab from operating activitie: Cath growthe surgifice. 5 20/04.125 \$7,252.88 \$13,411,14 \$1,166,161 \$ \$ 9 \$1,020,072.8 \$ Cab growthe surgifice. (45,351,10) \$5,351,00 \$6,352,100 \$6,352,100 \$6,352,100 \$6,353,100 \$1,353,050		Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds											
Cash Record processing activities S 30,24,125 S 1,54,11,145 S 1,54,11,145 S 1,54,11,145 S 1,55,110 S 1,55,110 S 1,55,110 S 1,55,110 S 1,55,110 1,55,110 1,55,110 1,55,110 1,55,110 1,55,110 1,55,110 1,55,110 1,55,120 <		and				Solid	Ot Enter	rprise	Station QALICB		Enterprise	5	Service
Cash properties suppliers. (15.551.10) (43.33.237) (54.146) (685.71.5) (615.71.5) (715.71.5) (715.71.5) (715.71.5) (715.71.5) (715.71.5) (715.71.5) (715.71.5) (715.71.5) (715.71.5) (715.71.5) (715.71.5) (715.71.5) (715.71.5)													
Cash propredis to employees C325.577 C/0.01929 (41.56.09) 6.891.687 - (1.33.53.61) (2.890.65) Cash Devised for used in operating activities - - - (41.599) Transfer from other lands - - (2.800.65) - (2.800.65) - (2.800.65) Ne cale provided ty used in somephal financing activities - - - - 852.293 - (2.800.65) - - - 852.293 - - - - - - 852.293 - - - - - - - 852.293 - - - - - - - 25.852.93 - <t< td=""><td>Cash payments to suppliers.</td><td>(15,355,110)</td><td>)</td><td>(43,833,233)</td><td>\$</td><td>(8,471,283)</td><td>(</td><td>543,416)</td><td></td><td></td><td>(68,858,760)</td><td>(1</td><td></td></t<>	Cash payments to suppliers.	(15,355,110))	(43,833,233)	\$	(8,471,283)	(543,416)			(68,858,760)	(1	
Name Procession frame (1.989.068) (1.999.068) (1.999.078)									-				
Transfer from other funds 1,800,000 199,000 - 300,000 - 2,299,000 - - Net cash provided by (used in) nonceptal financing artivities 1726,018 (227,197) C42,000 - - (281,072) (261,072) (271,072) (261,072) (271,072) (261,072) (261,072) (271,072) (261,072) (261,072) (261,072) (271,072) (261,072) (271,072) (261,072) (271,072) (271,072) (271,072) (271,072) (271,072) (271,072)			-				-		(655,718)				
Transfer from other funds 1,800,000 199,000 - 300,000 - 2,299,000 - - Net cash provided by (used in) nonceptal financing artivities 1726,018 (227,197) C42,000 - - (281,072) (261,072) (271,072) (261,072) (271,072) (261,072) (261,072) (271,072) (261,072) (261,072) (261,072) (271,072) (261,072) (271,072) (261,072) (271,072) (271,072) (271,072) (271,072) (271,072) (271,072)	Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:												
Net cash provided by (used in) managinal financing Image	Transfers from other funds	1,800,000		109,000		-		300,000	-		2,209,000		-
activities 1.786.918 (.227.197) (.24.208) 2.92.459 . J.82.874 (.26.163) Cock horse form septement familing dath .		(13,082))	(336,197)		(24,206)		(6,541)			(380,026)		(26,163)
Proceeds from support financing deft .		1,786,918		(227,197)		(24,206)		293,459			1,828,974		(26,163)
Princept from bank prophe . <td>• · ·</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>825,293</td> <td></td> <td>825,293</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	• · ·	-		-				_	825,293		825,293		-
Interest paid on long irem dolts (19,709) (12,085) (19,33) . (200,467) (36,8614) (1,12) Net cash provided by (used in operating activities: 126,984 1,203,171 (149,425) (49,973) 430,752 (7,012,491) (14,315) Cash flows from investing activities: 10 2,203 2,218 2,233 . 7,235 . . Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (1) 2,203 2,218 2,233 .<	Acquisition and construction of capital assets	288,775				159		(49,973)					-
Net cach provided by (used in) ceptial and related image								-	-				
financing activities 126,984 1.203,171 (149,425) (49,973) 430,752 (7,012,49) (143,15) Cash flows from investing activities: 0 (2,15,942) - (2,13,942) - Proceeds from siles and maunities of investments 292 2333 2.333 2.333 - 2.213 - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (1) (1,010,807) (2,266) (1,010,807) (2,13,942) - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (1) (1,010,807) (2,236) (1,010,807) (2,13,942) (1,01,747) Cash and cash equivalents, ending 1,197,433 4,822,208 343,207 90,557 1,995,219 8,448,624 531,217 Cash and cash equivalents, ending 1,107,915 5 308,720 5 (1,702,35) 5 (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) (1,64,855) <td></td> <td>(19,709)</td> <td>)</td> <td>(129,085)</td> <td></td> <td>(19,353)</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>(200,467)</td> <td></td> <td>(368,614)</td> <td></td> <td>(1,121)</td>		(19,709))	(129,085)		(19,353)		-	(200,467)		(368,614)		(1,121)
Proceeds for worksments (312) (2,119,07) (2,238) (2,1375) · Proceeds for usis and mattines of investments 19 2,502 2,383 2,332 . 7,236 . Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (1) (1,900,007) 2,226 1,101 .		126,984		1,203,171		(149,425)		(49,973)	430,752		(7,012,491)		(14,315)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments 292 2005/98 2.2.18 18.627 - 224,735 - Interest received (1) (1.900,807) 2.236 1,101 - (1.907,471) - Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (15,797) 4.192,882 1.002,207 647,645 (224,966) 5,542,031 (81,847) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 1.107,633 4.822,208 343,207 90,557 1.895,219 8.448,624 531,271 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 5 1.121,636 \$ 9,015,090 \$ 1.345,474 \$ 78,802 \$ 1.770,253 \$ 1.399,0655 \$ 449,424 Recorditation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by queating activities: Depretating income (loss) \$ 1.307,915 \$ 3.86,379 4.51,847 9.76,828 \$ (1.064,865) \$ (1.02,829) \$ 27,224 Adjustments recorable provided by queating activities: Depretating income (loss) \$ 1.408,692 3.366,379 4.51,847 97,612 962,659 5.987,189 \$ 1.599 Charease diteremet inflows/outflows: (1.96,692 <td>0</td> <td></td>	0												
Interstructivide 19 2.502 2.338 2.332 7,236 Net cash provide by (and in investing activities: (1) (1.900,000) 2.236 1,101 (1.907,471) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents, beginning 1,197,433 4.822,208 343.207 90.57 1.995.219 8.448,624 531,271 Cash and cash equivalents, ending \$ 1,121,636 \$ 9.015.090 \$ 1,345,474 \$ 738.200 \$ 1,770,233 \$ 13,990,655 \$ 449,424 Reconcillation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depretating income (loss) \$ 1,307,915 \$ 366,379 451,847 97,612 962,659 5,987,189 81,599 Change in power cost adjustment . . . 740,996 . . . 740,996 . . . 740,996 . . . 740,996 740,996)					(. ,,	-				-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (1)									-				-
Cosh and cash equivalents, beginning 1.197,433 4.822.208 343.207 90.557 1.995.219 8.448.624 531.271 Cash and cash equivalents, ending § 1.121,636 § 9.015.090 \$ 1.345.474 \$ 738.202 \$ 1.770.253 \$ 1.3990.655 \$ 449.424 Reconcillation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: S 1.307.915 \$ 308.720 \$ (751.144) \$ 36.532 \$ (1.064.865) \$ (1.62.842) \$ 27.284 Adjustments to reconcil operating income (loss) \$ 1.307.915 \$ 308.720 \$ (751.144) \$ 36.532 \$ (1.064.865) \$ (1.62.842) \$ 27.284 Adjustments to reconcil operating income (loss) 1.108.692 3.366.379 451.847 97.612 962.659 \$ \$ \$ 740.996 - - 740.996 - - 740.996 - - 740.996 - - 100.000 <th< td=""><td>Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities</td><td></td><td>)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></th<>	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities)						-				-
Cash and cash equivalents, ending § 1.121.63 § 9.015.000 § 1.345.474 § 738.20 § 1.309.055 § 449.424 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ 1.307.915 \$ 308.720 \$ (1064.865) \$ (162.842) \$ 27.284 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) 1.108.692 3.366.379 451.847 97.612 962.659 5.987.189 81.599 Change in avery cost adjustment - 740.996 - - - 740.996 - - - 740.996 - - 100.000 100.000 350.000 - - 100.000 100.000 350.000 100.000 100.000 350.000 - - 19.415 - - 19.415 - - 19.415 - - 19.415 - - 19.415 - - 19.415 - - 19.415	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(75,797))	4,192,882		1,002,267		647,645	(224,966)		5,542,031		(81,847)
Reconciliation of operating nicome (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ 1,307,915 \$ 308,720 \$ (751,144) \$ 36,552 \$ (1,064,865) \$ (162,842) \$ 27,284 Adjustments to reconcile operating activities: Depreciation 1,108,602 3,366,379 451,847 97,612 962,659 5,987,189 81,599 Change in power cost adjustment - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - Interest receivable - 501 (3) (31) - 467 - Accounts receivables (75,602) 2,069,372 282,213 169,630 - 2,445,613 5,100 Due from other funds - - 100,000 300,000 - 100,000 300,000 10,000,00 300,000 - 10,000,00 30,000 - 100,000 30,000 - 10,000,00 30,000 - 10,000,00 30,000 - 10,000,00 30,000 - 10,000,00 30,000 - 10,000,00 30,000 -	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	1,197,433		4,822,208		343,207		90,557	1,995,219		8,448,624		531,271
provided by (used in) operating activities: § 1,307,915 § 0,807,20 \$ 7(51,144) § 36,532 § (1,064,865) § (162,842) § 27,284 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: 36,532 § (1,064,865) § (162,842) § 27,284 Depreciation 1,108,692 3,366,379 451,847 97,612 962,659 5,987,189 81,599 Change in power cost adjustment - 740,996 - - 740,996 - 740,996 - 740,996 - 740,996 - 740,996 - - 740,996 - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - - - 100,000 - - - 100,000 - - 100,000 - - 109,415 (10,232) </td <td>Cash and cash equivalents, ending</td> <td>\$ 1,121,636</td> <td>\$</td> <td>9,015,090</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,345,474</td> <td>\$</td> <td>738,202</td> <td><u>\$ 1,770,253</u></td> <td>\$</td> <td>13,990,655</td> <td>\$</td> <td>449,424</td>	Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 1,121,636	\$	9,015,090	\$	1,345,474	\$	738,202	<u>\$ 1,770,253</u>	\$	13,990,655	\$	449,424
Operating income (loss) § 1,307,915 § 308,720 § (751,144) § 36,532 § (1,064,865) § (162,842) § 27,284 Adjustments to recordie operating income (loss) to not cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Interast provided by (used in) operating activities: Interast provided by (used in) operating activities: 5 27,284 Depreciation 1,108,692 3,366,379 451,847 97,612 962,659 5,987,189 81,599 Change in power cost adjustment - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - 740,996 - - 740,996 - - 740,996 - - 740,996 - - 740,996 - - 740,996 - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - - - - - - - - - - -													
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Depreciation 1,108,692 3,366,379 451,847 97,612 962,659 5,987,189 81,599 Change in power cost adjustment - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - Net changes in assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows: (Increase) decrease in: - - 740,996 - - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - 740,996 - - - - - - - -													
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(Increase) decrease in: - 501 (3) (31) - 467 - Interest receivable (75,602) 2,069,372 282,213 169,630 - 2,445,613 5,190 Due from other funds - - - 100,000 - 100,000 350,000 Prepaid costs - 19,415 - - 3,012 (5,843) - Inventories - 19,415 - - - 19,415 (10,232) Deferred outflows for pensions 23,951 (376,891) (194,473) (13,569) - (560,982) (188,366) Deferred outflows for OPEB (2,718) (6,568) (4,526) (1,576) - (15,388) (5,245) Increase (decrease) in: - - - 318,391 - (5,100,000) - (5,100,000) - (3,13,202) 0.10,368 (3,322) Uncarned revenue - - - 318,391 - - - 101,368 (3,322) Uncarned revenue - - - -								-					-
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Due from other funds - - - 100,000 - 100,000 350,000 Prepaid costs - (8,855) - - 3,012 (5,843) - Inventories - 19,415 - - 3,012 (5,843) - Deferred outflows for pensions 23,951 (376,891) (194,473) (13,569) - (560,982) (188,366) Deferred outflows for OPEB (2,718) (6,568) (4,526) (1,576) - (15,388) (5,245) Increase (decrease) in: - - - 318,391 - - (5,100,000) - (5,100,000) - 0.56,681 45,404 Due to other funds (3,500,000) (2,000,000) 400,000 - - 318,391 - - 131,631 - - 318,391 - - 318,391 - - 131,631 - - 218,531 - 70,161 221,554 - 70,161 221,554 - 70,161 221,554 - 70,161 221,554 - <		(75,602))						-				5,190
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Deferred outflows for OPEB (2,718) (6,568) (4,526) (1,576) - (15,388) (5,245) Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (332,829) 1,199,326 595,887 50,821 (556,524) 956,681 45,404 Due to other funds (3,500,000) (2,000,000) 400,000 - - (5,100,000) - Compensated absences 38,740 13,012 53,532 (3,916) - 101,368 (3,322) Unearned revenue - - 318,391 - - 318,391 - - 318,391 - - 226,874) - - 101,368 (3,322) Unearned revenue - - - 318,391 - - - 318,391 - - - 226,874) - - - 268,874) -		- 23 951				- (194 473)		- (13 569)	-				
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Unearned revenue - - 318,391 - - 318,391 - Customer deposits (76,527) (200,547) (9,800) - - (286,874) - Net pension liability (242,401) 185,774 126,873 (85) - 70,161 221,554 Total OPEB liability (287,288) (242,282) (161,038) (45,152) - 284,484 Deferred inflows for pensions (140,309) (258,917) (112,516) (13,926) - - 284,484 Deferred inflows for OPEB 188,678 318,280 178,419 26,718 - 712,095 (673,515) Total adjustments (3,297,613) 4,818,995 1,924,806 366,526 409,147 4,221,861 (68,653) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$ (1,989,698) \$ 5,127,715 \$ 1,173,662 \$ 403,058 \$ (655,718) \$ 4,059,019 \$ (41,369) Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities: Borrowing under equipment financing \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -)					-	-				-
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Total OPEB liability (287,288) (242,282) (161,038) (45,152) - (735,760) (134,298) Claims and judgements - - - - - - 284,484 Deferred inflows for pensions (140,309) (258,917) (112,516) (13,926) - (525,668) (41,906) Deferred inflows for OPEB 188,678 318,280 178,419 26,718 - 712,095 (673,515) Total adjustments (3,297,613) 4,818,995 1,924,806 366,526 409,147 4,221,861 (68,653) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$ (1,989,698) \$ 5,127,715 \$ 1,173,662 \$ 403,058 \$ (655,718) \$ 4,059,019 \$ (41,369) Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities: Borrowing under equipment financing \$		(76,527))	(200,547)				-	-				-
Claims and judgements 284,484 Deferred inflows for pensions (140,309) (258,917) (112,516) (13,926) - (525,668) (41,906) Deferred inflows for OPEB 188,678 318,280 178,419 26,718 - 712,095 (673,515) Total adjustments (3,297,613) 4,818,995 1,924,806 366,526 409,147 4,221,861 (68,653) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$ (1,989,698) \$ 5,127,715 \$ 1,173,662 \$ 403,058 \$ (655,718) \$ 4,059,019 \$ (41,369) Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities: Borrowing under equipment financing \$									-				
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Deferred inflows for OPEB 188,678 318,280 178,419 26,718 - 712,095 (673,515) Total adjustments (3,297,613) 4,818,995 1,924,806 366,526 409,147 4,221,861 (68,653) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$ (1,989,698) \$ 5,127,715 \$ 1,173,662 \$ 403,058 \$ (655,718) \$ 4,059,019 \$ (41,369) Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities: Borrowing under equipment financing \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ 896,220 \$, .	- (140.309))	- (258.917)		- (112.516)		- (13,926)	-		(525.668)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$ (1,989,698) \$ 5,127,715 \$ 1,173,662 \$ 403,058 \$ (655,718) \$ 4,059,019 \$ (41,369) Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities: Borrowing under equipment financing \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 896,220 \$ _ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$													
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Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities: Borrowing under equipment financing \$ - \$ 896,220 \$ - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 \$ - - \$ 896,220 <td< td=""><td></td><td><u>\$ (1,989,698)</u></td><td>) <u>\$</u></td><td>5,127,715</td><td>\$</td><td>1,173,662</td><td>\$</td><td>403,058</td><td><u>\$ (655,718)</u></td><td>\$</td><td>4,059,019</td><td>\$</td><td>(41,369)</td></td<>		<u>\$ (1,989,698)</u>) <u>\$</u>	5,127,715	\$	1,173,662	\$	403,058	<u>\$ (655,718)</u>	\$	4,059,019	\$	(41,369)
Borrowing under equipment financing \$ - \$ 896,220 \$<	Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities				_					_			
		\$	\$		\$	896,220	\$	_	<u></u> -	\$	896,220	\$	
	Change in fair value of investments	\$ (289)	\$	(10,120)	\$	(2,189)	\$	(18,379)	\$ -	\$	(30,977)	\$	

(1) Homestead Station QALICB fiscal year end is June 30, 2021.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Pension Trust <u>Funds</u>		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalent	\$	13,699,140	
Receivables:			
Other receivables		3,413	
Contributions		201,328	
Due from broker		220,466	
Accrued investment income		709,916	
Total receivables		1,135,123	
Other Asset		366,986	
Investments:			
U.S. Government Securities		13,194,172	
Municipal obligations		7,399,443	
Corporate bonds		42,965,344	
Mortage backed securities		9,832,462	
Hedge funds		448,304	
Preferred stock		54,080	
Mutual funds - fixed income		1,854,009	
Mutual funds - equities		16,355,021	
Common stocks		134,660,297	
Other		5,328,010	
Total investments		232,091,142	
Total Assets		247,292,391	
LIABILITIES			
DROP Payable		84,572	
Accounts payable		741,110	
Total Liabilities		825,682	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Prepaid City contribution		115,306	
Total deferred inflows of resources		115,306	
Total deferred finlows of resources		113,300	
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$	246,351,403	

Note:: Data from Elected Officials' retirement Plan, the New Elected Officials' and Senior Management Retirement Plan, and the Firefighters' Retirement System are reported as of December 31, 2020.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Pension Trust <u>Funds</u>
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
City	\$ 7,492,601
Employees	1,091,497
State	 894,941
Total contributions	 9,479,039
Investment income:	
Investment earnings	6,134,037
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	33,503,387
Less investment expenses	 (1,233,998)
Net investment income	 38,403,426
Other revenues	 4,841
Total additions	 47,887,306
DEDUCTIONS	
Pension benefits	11,613,308
DROP benefits	1,002,364
Refunds	62,898
Administrative expenses	503,349
Total deductions	 13,181,919
Change in net position	34,705,387
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS	
Beginning of year	 211,646,016
End of year	\$ 246,351,403

Note: Data from Elected Officials' retirement Plan, the New Elected Officials' and Senior Management Retirement Plan, and the Firefighters' Retirement System are reported as of December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Homestead, Florida (the City) located in Miami-Dade County is a municipal entity established under the Home Rule Charter in 1913 and provides a full range of services to its citizens. The City operates under a council-manager form of government in which the Council acts as the policy making arm of the City and the City Manager acts as the chief executive. The powers of the City Council include the ability to enact legislation, adopt budgets, determine policies and appoint the City Manager, City Attorney, Council Auditor (Internal Auditor) and City Clerk.

The basic financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units which are entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City (the primary government) is considered financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to or impose specific financial burden on the City.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Other than the operations of the primary government, the accompanying statements include:

 <u>Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA)</u> as a blended component unit. The CRA was created under Chapter 163 Florida Statutes, The Community Redevelopment Act. This entity is included as a blended component unit in the financial statements of the City because (1) the CRA's governing body is the same as the governing body of the City and (2) management of the City has operational responsibility for the CRA.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY (Continued)

2) <u>Homestead Station QALICB, Inc.</u>, as a blended component unit. Homestead Station QALICB, a Florida nonprofit corporation, was incorporated on March 1, 2018, and was classified by the Internal Revenue Service as tax-exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of the Homestead Station QALICB is to carry out the charitable public purposes of the City of Homestead (the "City"), including more specifically, to support the establishment of a mixed-use facility as a vital piece of economic development in the City. Homestead Station QALICB'S fiscal year end is June 30.

Homestaed Station QALICB is considered to be a special-purpose governmental entity engaged only in business-type activities for the purpose of applying accounting and financial reporting standards; that is, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") has jurisdiction over the organization's accounting standards.

This organization is included as a blended component unit in the financial statements of the City because 1) the majority of its officials are appointed by the City, 2) the organization is fiscally dependent on the City and there is a potential for the organization either to provide specific financial benefits, or impose specific financial burdens on the City and 3) the organization's total debt outstanding is expected to be repaid (liquidated) almost entirely with the resources of the City.

For FY 2021, the City's financial statements include Homestead Station QALICB's financial statements for the period from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. Both sets of statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the City's governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are those supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for services provided.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining nonmajor funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental or enterprise funds, as appropriate.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's business-type activities and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise fees, business taxes, and interest income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period since they are measurable and available. Revenues and receivables for expenditure driven grants are recognized when the qualifying expenditures are incurred. All other revenue items (licenses and permits, charges for services and miscellaneous revenues) are recorded as revenue when cash is received by the City because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Proprietary fund financial statements distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for using a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, fund equities, revenues and expenditures or expenses. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America set forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined), for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are presented in one column in the basic financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all of the financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenue is derived primarily from property taxes, utility taxes, state and federal distributions and other intergovernmental revenue. The general operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital outlay costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), formerly known as the Homestead Economic and Rebuilding Organization (HERO)

This fund is used to account for monies received from Tax Increment Financing (TIF) from the City of Homestead and Miami-Dade County for use in the area designated as the CRA.

American Rescue Plan Fund (ARPA)

This fund was established to account for the receipt and expenditure related to federal funding provided to assist with Covid-19/post pandemic related costs and lost revenue recovery.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water & Sewer Fund</u> This fund accounts for the operating activities related to the water and sewer utility.

Electric Utility Fund

This fund accounts for the operating activities related to the electric utility.

Solid Waste Fund

This fund accounts for the operating activities related to solid waste operations.

Homestead Station QALICB

This fund accounts for the operating activities related to Homestead Station QALICB operations.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds

The internal service funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The City maintains three internal service funds classified as governmental activities; Fleet Management, Health Self-Insurance and Other Self-Insurance which includes Property, Liability and Workers' Compensation insurance funds. The City maintains one internal service fund, Customer Service, which is classified as a business-type activity since it only provide services to the enterprise funds.

Fiduciary Funds

The fiduciary funds are accounted for in the same manner as the proprietary funds, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting. The fiduciary funds account for the assets and operations of the City's five pension plans. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are paid. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

D. GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (GASB) PROUNCEMENTS

The basic financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States (GAAP) as applies to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following GASB Pronouncements have been implemented during the current fiscal year:

- GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, was effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to improve the guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported. The new effective date for this Statement is for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The implementation of this pronouncement did not result in an impact to the City.
- GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests An Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 16 issued in August 2018, was effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The new effective date for this Statement is for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The implementation of this pronouncement did not result in an impact to the City.
- GASB Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. This statement establishes the annual comprehensive financial report and ACFR in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local government and eliminates the prior name and acronym. Otherwise, no changes were made to the report's structure or content.
- GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Date of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, extends the effective dates of certain accounting and financial reporting provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that were first effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The adoption of GASB No. 95 did not have a significant impact on the City financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, and all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased. Resources of all funds, except for the Homestead Station QALICB, proceeds from HUD Section 108 loan for the Cybrarium project, proceeds from U.S Treasury for the America Rescue Plan Act, proceeds from Electric Utility bond series 2019, proceeds held with fiscal agent for Electric Utility FMPA Pooled Loan Project Note, Series 2021-1, as well as escrow accounts for unspent proceeds from equipment financing, have been combined into a pooled cash and investment system for the purpose of maximizing earnings. Pooled cash and cash equivalents are classified as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" in the Statement of Net Position. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly based upon the month end equity of the respective funds.

2. Investments

The City has adopted an investment policy that adheres to state statutes. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, State Treasurer's Investment Pool and the Florida Municipal Investment Trust. City investments are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which establishes a hierarchy based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

The City's government securities and corporate bonds have fair value measurements using level 1 and 2 valuation inputs using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. There are no assets valued using non-recurring fair value measurements. Money market mutual funds are reported at amortized cost.

3. Receivables and Payables

All trade and other receivables are shown net of an allowance for estimated uncollectible amounts. Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to other funds" or "due from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". As of September 30, 2021, the internal balances between between governmental activities and business-type activities is \$1,800,000.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

3. Receivables and Payables (continued)

Payables at year end include amounts owed to (1) suppliers for goods and services rendered but not yet paid; (2) retainage payable on construction contracts and (3) accrued liabilities such as accrued payroll expenses.

Transactions to transfer revenue or contributions between funds are recorded as transfers in or transfers out.

4. Prepaid Costs

Prepaid costs are payments for expenditures/expenses that are applicable to future accounting periods and are reported as prepaid costs in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid costs is recorded using the consumption method whereby expenditures/expenses are recorded when consumed rather than when purchased.

5. Inventories

The supplies and merchandise inventories as well as diesel fuel and gasoline are recorded at cost using the weighted average method. Perpetual inventory records are maintained and adjusted annually to physical inventory amounts as of September 30th of each year. Inventory is reported using the consumption method whereby inventories are recorded as expenditures/expenses when used.

6. Restricted Assets / Payables from Restricted Assets

Certain of the City's assets are required to be segregated as to use and are therefore identified as restricted assets. Restricted assets include resources subject to externally imposed restrictions such as creditors, grantors, laws and regulations. Restricted assets are also set aside to make debt service payments and for customer deposits (payable from restricted assets). All applicable assets in the governmental funds and in the enterprise funds have been restricted in amounts sufficient to meet restrictive purposes.

7. Capital Assets

Assets, whether tangible or intangible, with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year are classified as capital assets. Property, plant and equipment, and certain infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

7. Capital Assets (continued)

Capital assets are recorded at actual cost or estimated cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date received.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are expensed as incurred.

Capital assets of the City except artworks, which do not depreciate, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated Useful Lives (Years)
Buildings and building improvements	10-50
Utility plant and systems	20-50
Furniture, fixtures and equipment and other improvements	3-10
Books	5
Infrastructure	40-50

8. Deferred Power Cost Adjustment

The City's Electric Utility Fund capitalized its power cost adjustment in accordance with accounting standards which in part state that a rate-regulated utility should capitalize a cost if it is probable that, through the ratemaking process, there will be a corresponding increase or decrease in future revenues. Purchase cost adjustment (PCA) is a mechanism that allows for the recovery of the difference between the cost of purchased energy and the revenue generated from the sale of that energy, without resorting to a permanent rate change. If, from time to time, the PCA rate is not revised, the result could be an under-recovery (where revenues generated by the PCA do not cover the purchased energy) or over-recovery (where the revenues generated by the PCA exceed the purchased energy). The Electric Utility reduced the PCA rate in September 2020 but none in FY 2021. At September 30, 2021, the Electric Utility has an over-recovery of \$6,438,305.

9. Unearned Revenues

Inflows that do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition, such as business tax receipts, miscellaneous receivables, grants, hurricane fees and lease payments received in advance are classified as liabilities and recorded as unearned revenue in the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

10. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. Currently, the government has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: pensions outflows related to pension investment gains and losses and employer pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized in the future fiscal years, and OPEB outflows which is a GASB-75 term for actuarial losses.

11. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Currently, the City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category: pension inflows which is the difference between the expected and actual pension expenses which is amortized over the investment terms of the pension assets, OPEB inflows which is a GASB-75 term for actuarial gains, and the deferred power cost adjustment described on the prior page. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized as revenue in the period that the amounts meet the recognition criteria.

12. Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service. Upon separation from service, employees are paid the value of their accumulated vacation and unused sick leave within certain limits. All vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In the governmental funds, a liability is recorded only for leave that has matured. The fund in which the employee's payroll expense is recorded, is used to liquidate such amounts, or primarily the General Fund when related to governmental activities.

13. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

13. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond proceeds, premiums, and discounts are recognized during the period in which the bonds are issued. Issue costs are reported as debt service expenditures/expenses in the year incurred.

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's pension plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

The City is financing the post-employment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis as no assets are held in trust for payment of the OPEB liability. The City records the OPEB liability, as determined by an actuarial valuation, in its proprietary and government-wide financial statements. See Note 12 for further information on OPEB.

14. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position. Net position is the result of assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net position of the government-wide and proprietary funds are categorized as *net investment in capital assets* (capital assets reduced by the accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt or deferred outflows/inflows incurred to acquire, construct or improve those assets excluding unexpended debt proceeds), *restricted* or *unrestricted*. The first category represents net investments related to property, plant, equipment and infrastructure. The *restricted* category represents the balance of assets restricted by requirements of revenue bonds and other externally imposed constraints or by enabling legislation in excess of the related liabilities payable from restricted assets. *Unrestricted* net position consists of all net position that does not meet the definition of either of the other two components.

Fund Balance. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The City reports the following fund balance classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance. Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form such as inventories or prepaid costs or long-term notes receivable or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

14. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects the constraints on resources either (a) imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority that can, by adoption of a resolution or an ordinance (equally binding), commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation remains in place until the City Council removes or revises the limitation by taking the same type of action (the adoption of another resolution or ordinance). This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City's policy is that the Council and City Manager have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover the gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. The City Council authorizes assignments to the City Manager by the adoption of an ordinance. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

15. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued)

16. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last, unless the City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions by either ordinance or resolution.

17. Fund Balance Policy

Commencing with the fiscal year beginning on October 1, 2004 and thereafter, the City Council adopted an ordinance which required the General Fund to maintain a minimum fund balance in an amount which is at least equal to ten percent (10%) of the general fund budgeted revenues for the fiscal year and report this amount as "required reserve" under committed fund balance. Monies from the committed fund balance may be utilized under circumstances in which unforeseen events prohibit other budgeted funds from being timely available to meet the expenditures of the City and it is determined by the affirmative vote of five (5) members of the City Council to be necessary to temporarily allocate and expend such monies. However, any committed fund balance monies which are so utilized shall be replenished pursuant to the budget for the next ensuing fiscal year so that the committed fund balance is maintained at the percentage level described above. Any action to establish, modify or rescind classifications would be taken through the adoption of either an ordinance or resolution by the City Council.

F. OTHER SIGNIFICANT POLICIES

1. Utility Billings

Utility customers are billed monthly on a cycle basis. Unbilled revenue is recognized in the accompanying financial statements based upon estimates of revenue for services rendered between billing cycle dates and fiscal year end.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

F. OTHER SIGNIFICANT POLICIES (Continued)

2. Rebatable Arbitrage

The City has elected the option of treating rebatable arbitrage as a reduction of investment income. However, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, there was no rebatable arbitrage required to be recorded.

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes (ad valorem taxes) are assessed on January 1 (the lien date) and are billed and payable November 1. They are due March 31 and become delinquent April 1. On June 1, delinquent taxes are offered for sale in the form of tax certificates. Assessed values are established by the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser for all properties in the County at approximate fair market value. The County bills and collects all property taxes for the City. The assessed value of property at January 1, 2020, upon which the 2020-2021 levy was based was approximately \$3.48 billion.

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal, school district and special district property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The City is permitted by Article 7, Section 8 of the Florida Constitution to levy taxes up to 10 mills (\$10 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) for general governmental services other than general obligation debt service. To the extent required by voter approved general obligation debt, unlimited amounts may be levied to pay debt service. The millage rate levied to finance general governmental services for the 2020-2021 fiscal year is 6.2055 mills (\$6.2055 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) and 0.4485 mills for the debt service.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

F. OTHER SIGNIFICANT POLICIES (Continued)

5. Procurement Authorization Limits

Prior to the execution of any purchase order where the total amount to be expended is greater than \$25,000 but not greater than \$35,000, City Council approval and a minimum of three vendors' quotations must be obtained. Where the sums to be paid for the purchase of such supplies, materials, equipment or improvements or services is in excess of \$35,000, no contract shall be entered into until public invitation to bid shall have been published one (1) time in a newspaper published in Miami-Dade County and of general circulation in the City. The notice shall be published as required by law. In all cases, such bids shall be awarded to the lowest and most responsible bidder, subject to the right of the City to reject any and all bids which shall be specifically reserved in such advertisements, and subject also to the right of the City to award bids and contracts to such bidders as the City Council may desire, notwithstanding that the award is to a bidder other than the low bidder. Notice may also be posted electronically.

6. Encumbrances

Budgets in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders, contracts or other forms of legal commitments. While appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, the succeeding year's budget amendment ordinance specifically provides for the reappropriation of year-end encumbrances.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. DEPOSITS

In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under Florida Statutes Chapter 280, *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act*, the State Treasurer requires all Florida qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. Accordingly, all amounts reported as deposits are deemed as insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. INVESTMENTS - CITY (Continued)

The City has adopted an investment policy to establish guidelines for the efficient management of its cash reserves. The City is authorized to invest in those instruments authorized by the Florida Statutes, and the City's investment policy, including obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Government Agencies and instrumentalities, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreement, corporate notes and bonds, commercial papers and certain money market mutual funds.

At fiscal year end, the City had the following deposits and investments:

Pooled Investments	<u>Maturity</u>	Fair Value or	Rating
		Amortized Cost	(Moody's)
Money Market Mutual Funds	Daily	\$ 1,523,917	
U.S. Government Agencies:			
Federal Farm Cr Banks Cons Systemwide Bonds	2023	3,002,099	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Banks	4/15/2024	999,260	Aaa
Federal National Mortgage Asssociation	6/14/2024	4,987,650	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Bks Cons Bond	8/28/2024	1,998,020	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Bks Cons Bond Step-up	1/29/2026	990,040	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Banks	6/22/2026	4,980,850	Aaa
Small Business Administration Guaranteed Loan Pool Certificates	2023	13,568	Aaa
Small Business Administration Guaranteed Loan Pool Certificates	2/25/2024	26,365	Aaa
Small Business Administration Guaranteed Loan Pool Certificates	2026	76,661	Aaa
Small Business Administration Guaranteed Loan Pool Certificates	2027	141,457	Aaa
Small Business Administration Guaranteed Development Participation Debt	11/1/2027	79,280	AAA
Small Business Administration Guaranteed Development Participation Certificate	9/1/2028	113,742	AAA
Small Business Administration Guaranteed Development Participation Debt	6/1/2031	205,911	AAA
Small Business Administration Guaranteed Development Participation Certificate	7/1/2031	197,086	AAA
Small Business Administration Guaranteed Development Participation Debt	4/1/2033	336,455	AAA
Municipal Bonds:			
Nashua N H Taxable Go Bonds	1/15/2022	151,167	Aaa
Scottdale Ariz Taxable Go Bonds	7/1/2022	408,664	Aaa
New York St Environmental Facs Corp Rev St Revolving Fds	7/15/2022	1,011,900	Aaa
New York St Environmental Facs Corp Rev St Revolving Fds	11/15/2023	360,409	Aaa
Maryland St Go Bds 2017 A	8/1/2022	405,624	Aaa
New York NY City Transitional Fin Auth Rev Taxable Sub Future Tax Secured	11/1/2023	890,438	Aal
Pennsylvania St Tpk Common Spl Oblig Spl Oblig Bonds 2014	12/1/2023	157,959	Aaa
Los Angeles County Calif Met Transn Auth Sales Tax Rev	6/1/2024	239,213	Aal
Upper Occoquan Sew Auth VA Regl Sew Rev Rev Ref Bonds 2013A	7/1/2024	791,115	Aal
Lake Cnty Illinois Go Sales tax Alt Rev Source Ref Bonds 2018	11/30/2024	286,405	Aaa

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

B. INVESTMENTS - CITY (Continued)

Pooled Investments (continued)	Maturity	Fair Value or Amortized Cost	<u>Rating</u> (Moody's)
Corporate Bonds:			
Bank of Montreal GTD Covered BD Reg S	1/11/2022	\$ 2,012,480	Aaa
Microsoft Corp Fixed Rate Note	2/12/2022	2,012,660	Aaa
The Toronto Dominion Bank	4/3/2023	1,016,470	Aaa
Commercial Paper:			
Banco De Credito E Inversions Miami	10/4/2021	2,999,966	P1
Mountcliff FDG LLC	5/9/2022	4,994,782	P1
Certificates of Deposit		 1,555,665	
Total Pooled Investments		 38,967,278	
Deposits		 11,670,833	
Total Pooled Cash & Investments		\$ 50,638,111	

Proceeds from HUD Section 108 loan for the Cybrarium project, proceeds received from the U.S. Treasury on May 26, 2021 for the American Rescue Plan Act, proceeds from Electric Utility bond issuance on July 29, 2019 for the acquisition of land and the construction of an expansion to an Electric Utility Substation, proceeds held with fiscal agent for Electric Utility FMPA Pooled Loan Project Note, Series 2021, dated June 30, 2021, escrow accounts for unspent proceeds from equipment financing, as well as Homestead Station QALICB's cash & cash equivalent and restricted cash are not part of the City's pooled cash & investments and their balances as of September 30, 2021 are as follow:

	<u>Maturity</u>	Fair Value or Amortized Cost
Money Market Mutual Funds	Daily	\$ 3,339,171
Certificates of Deposits		205,488
Commercial Paper: Bank China Ltd		5,498,946
Corporate Bonds: Banco Santander SA		 999,682
Total Non-Pooled Investments		10,043,287
Deposits		 2,373,980
Total Non-Pooled Cash & Investments :		\$ 12,417,267
TD Bank as Fiscal Agent for Electric FMPA Pooled Loan		\$ 6,363,212
Equipment financing escrow		 652,033
Total Cash and Investments for the City		\$ 70,070,623

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES - CITY

The City invests in various investment securities. Investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, custodial and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with investments and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term would materially affect balances and the amounts reported in the financial statements. The City, through its investment advisor, monitors the investments and the risks associated therewith on a regular basis, which the City believes minimizes these risks.

1. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rates could adversely affect an investment's fair value. The City limits its exposure to fair value losses from rising interest rates by limiting the duration of the securities in which the City invests. The City's investment policy limits the duration of investments to be 10 years or less. There were no investments in the City's portfolio that exceed the maximum durations at September 30, 2021.

2. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodian credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are held by the counterparty. The City does not have any investments in the possession of counterparties; all are held by the master custodian under the City's name.

3. Credit Risk

Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counter-party to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. The City's investment policy requires all fixed income investment vehicles to be rated in one of the two highest rating categories by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard and Poor's Corporation or Fitch Investor Services at the time of purchase. All City investments are rated within the policy guidelines.

4. Concentration of Credit Risk

In addition to describing the credit risk of investments in the portfolio, governmental entities need to disclose the concentration of any single investment type or holding per single issuer. The City's investment policy allows investment concentrations in various percentages for different types of investments. The investments held at year end are all within the allowable percentages.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

C. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES - CITY (Continued)

4. Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued)

The following summarizes the City's policy on the allowable and the actual concentration in each investment type on September 30, 2021:

	Policy	Actual
Investment Type	Maximum	Investment
Money Market Mutual Funds	100%	7.0%
U.S. Government Agency Securities (Bonds & ABS)	75%	25.9%
Obligations Issued by any State of the U.S. (Municipal Bonds)	50%	6.7%
Collateralized Variable Bonds (Corporate Bonds)	20%	8.6%
Commercial Papers	20%	19.2%
Certificates of Deposit	100%	2.5%
Deposits (includes equipment financing escrow & TD Fiscal Agent))	100%	30.1%
		100.0%

GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure when 5% or more of the portfolio is invested in any one issuer. At September 30, 2021, the City held the following concentrations:

	Percentage
Issuer	<u>of Portfolio</u>
Federal Home Loan Banks	12.8%
Federal National Mortgage Asssociation	7.1%
Mountcliff FDG LLC	7.1%
Bank China Ltd	7.8%

The concentrations listed are within the City's investment policy limits and the City does not view the concentrations in excess of 5% to be an additional risk.

D. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT- CITY

GASB Statement No. 72 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

D. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT- CITY (Continued)

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets;
- Level 2 inputs are based on other significant observable inputs such as indices for fixed income bonds and quoted prices for similar assets in markets that are not active;
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of fair value techniques for the City's investments:

Short-term investments, which consist of money market mutual funds, are reported at amortized cost.

Debt securities consist primarily of negotiable obligations of the U.S. Government and U.S. Government-sponsored agencies, preferred securities, and bond funds. These securities can typically be valued using the close or last traded price on a specific date (quoted prices in active markets). When quoted prices are not available, fair value is determined based on valuation models that use inputs that include market observable inputs. These inputs included recent trades, yields, price quotes, cash flows, maturity, credit ratings, and other assumptions based upon the specifics of the investment's type.

The City has a central deposit custodian, Bank of New York Pershing. The custodian contracts SIX Financial Company to obtain pricing on most securities.

The following summarizes the fair value hierarchy of the fair value investments for the City as of September 30, 2021:

- U.S Government bonds of \$16.96 million are valued using observable market prices in active markets (Level 2);
- Asset backed securities of \$1.19 million are valued using multi-demensional, collateral specific spread/price/prepayment spread tables (Level 2);
- Municipal bonds of \$4.70 million are valued using matrix pricing models (Level 2);
- Corporate bonds of \$6.04 million are valued using quoted market prices of similar assets (Level 2).

As of September 30, 2021, the City did not have any Level 1 or Level 3 investments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

C. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT- CITY (Continued)

			Fair Value Measurements Using						
			Active for Id	Prices in Markets entical sets	U	nificant Other Dbservable Inputs	Unobs	ficant ervable puts	
Investments by Fair value level	9/30/2021		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)		
Debt Securities:									
U.S. Government bonds	\$	16,957,919	\$	-	\$	16,957,919	\$	-	
Asset Backed Securities		1,190,525		-		1,190,525		-	
Municipal bonds		4,702,894		-		4,702,894		-	
Corporate bonds		6,041,292		-		6,041,292		-	
Total investments measured by fair value level		28,892,630	\$	-	\$	28,892,630	\$	-	
Money markets funds (exempt)		4,863,088							
Commercial paper (exempt)		13,493,694							
Certificates of deposit (exempt)		1,761,153							
Total investments deposit with fiscal agent		2,111,957							
Total investments	\$	51,122,522							

Recociliation of Cash and Investments for the City:

	<u>U</u>	nrestricted	:	Restricted	Total
Total demand deposits	\$	6,989,973	\$	7,054,840	\$ 14,044,813
Total equipment financing escrow		-		652,033	652,033
Total deposit with fiscal agent		-		4,251,255	 4,251,255
Total cash and cash equivalents		6,989,973		11,958,128	 18,948,101
Total investments measured at fair value level		27,668,953		1,223,677	28,892,630
Total money market mutual funds		1,523,917		3,339,171	4,863,088
Total commercial paper		7,994,748		5,498,946	13,493,694
Total certificates of deposits		-		1,761,153	1,761,153
Total investments deposit with fiscal agent		-		2,111,957	 2,111,957
Total investments		37,187,618		13,934,904	 51,122,522
Total cash and investments for the City @ 09/30/21	\$	44,177,591	\$	25,893,032	\$ 70,070,623

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 3. <u>RESTRICTED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

Restricted and limited use assets of the City represent monies required or designated for debt service, customer deposits and restricted under the terms of bond covenants, City ordinances or grants.

The City had the following restricted assets at September 30, 2021:

Governmental activities:

Forfeiture	\$ 803,743
Fiber optic ring security	100,000
Rock pit security	1,455,665
American Rescue Plan proceed	9,600,082
Equipment financing escrow	10,503
General obligation bonds debt service	86,295
Taxable transportation system revenue bonds debt service	454,350
HUD Section 108 loan proceed	 7,264
Subtotal governmental activities	 12,517,902

Business-type activities:

Customer deposits	4,970,810
Electric utility 2021 FMPA pooled loan debt service	510,121
QALICB restricted deposits	483,005
Equipment financing escrow	641,530
Electric Bonds Series 2019 proceed	406,453
Electric utility 2021 FMPA loan proceed held with fiscal agent	 6,363,211
Subtotal business-type activities	 13,375,130
Total restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 25,893,032

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 4. <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables as of September 30, 2021 for the City's major and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

Governmental activities receivables:

	Homestead		Other		Internal				
	General		CRA		Governmental		Service		Total
Utility Billed	\$	331,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 331,900
Utility Unbilled		108,054		-		-		-	108,054
Property taxes receivables		58,768		-		3,000		-	61,768
Grant receivables		-		-		2,033,721		-	2,033,721
Intergovernmental receivables (1)		3,774,370		-		2,249,917		-	6,024,287
Miscellaneous receivables		642,715		462		2,252		5,439	 650,868
Gross receivables		4,915,807		462		4,288,890		5,439	9,210,598
Less allowance for uncollectibles		477,996				-		-	 477,996
Sub-Total:		4,437,811		462		4,288,890		5,439	8,732,602
Interest on investments		280,223		4,820		22,638		-	 307,681
Governmental activities receivables, net	\$	4,718,034	\$	5,282	\$	4,311,528	\$	5,439	\$ 9,040,283

(1) Includes \$3,468,407 in receivables from FEMA for reimbursements of Hurricane Irma related expenditures incurred in previous years; receivables recognized upon funds being obligated by FEMA.

	Water & Sewer <u>Utilities</u>		Electric <u>Utility</u>		Solid <u>Waste</u>		Other Proprietary		<u>Total</u>
Utility Billed	\$	5,109,008	\$ 15,774,110	\$	3,516,968	\$	2,057,337	\$	26,457,423
Utility Unbilled		1,135,118	4,244,671		423,398		62,796		5,865,983
Miscellaneous receivables		40,329	 37,822		786		-		78,937
Gross receivables		6,284,455	20,056,603		3,941,152		2,120,133		32,402,343
Less allowance for uncollectibles		2,077,915	 7,759,530		1,525,687		1,212,508		12,575,640
Sub-Total:		4,206,540	12,297,073		2,415,465		907,625		19,826,703
Interest on investments		87	 1,207		660		5,547		7,501
Business-type activities receivables, net	\$	4,206,627	\$ 12,298,280	\$	2,416,125	\$	913,172	\$	19,834,204
Total government-wide net receivables								\$	28,874,487

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. NOTES RECEIVABLES

New Market Tax Credit (NMTC) Bridge Loan-Direct Borrowing

In June 2018, the City arranged New Market Tax Credit ("NMTC") financing toward the construction of the parking garage project (the "Project") in downtown Homestead. NMTC is a program of the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund ("CDFI Fund"), a division of the U.S. Department of the Treasury. Under the NMTC program, an investor can receive a federal income tax credit for making a qualified equity investment ("QEI") in a Community Development Entity ("CDEs") that has been certified and granted allocations by the CDFI Fund. The funds provided by these investors are used to provide favorable debt or equity financing to qualified borrowers in connection with qualifying projects located in low-income communities. The NMTC compliance period is for seven years ("Compliance Period") during which time substantially all of the QEI must be invested in qualified low-income community investments ("QLICIs"), the majority of which take the form of investments in borrowers that must maintain their status as a qualified active low-income community business as specified in the Treasury Regulations.

The City formed Homestead Station QALICB, Inc. (the "QALICB"), a Florida nonprofit corporation, in connection with the purchase and development of the Project. On June 27, 2018, the City obtained a loan from Capital One, National Association, a national banking association, in the principal amount of \$12,829,100 (the "Bridge Loan"). The Bridge Loan was secured by the Collateral as defined in the Pledge and Security Agreement dated June 27, 2018.

The purpose of the Bridge Loan was to make a "Leverage Loan" of \$10,766,000 to COCRF Investor 129, LLC with the remaining funds used for other purposes for the Project. The planned source of funds to pay off the Bridge Loan came from the QALICB as it reimbursed the City for the construction costs. The Bridge Loan was paid off during FY 2019.

As of June 30, 2021, the QALICB reported \$32,401,991 in net capital assets consisting of the Project that was placed in service in May 2020. Accordingly, the QALICB also reports \$35,164,984 in total loans payable, of which \$19,624,984 is owed to the City, and the balance is owed to the various CDEs. At September 30, 2021 the City reported the note receivable related to the NMTC Project of \$30,536,505; \$10,766,000 from the COCFR Investor 129, LLC and \$19,770,505 from the QALICB. This long-term note receivable is reported as a non-spendable component of the General Fund's fund balance.

Interest on the note accrues at 0.50%, with payments of principal and interest due quarterly in the amount of \$105,185. Accrued interest on the loan at September 30, 2021 is \$99,021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 6. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts and purchase orders issued for good and services. Significant encumbrances as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Significant encumbrances:

Major funds:	
General Fund	\$ 465,000
Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency	 444,000
Total major funds	909,000
Other governmental funds:	
Impact Fees Fund	3,909,000
Grant Fund	2,632,000
Multimodal Transit Center Fund	970,000
Others governmental funds	 745,000
Total other governmental funds	 8,256,000
Total encumbrances	\$ 9,165,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 7. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Transfers

					Transfers	Out								
				Other	Water	Water			Other Internal					
	General		Go	vernmental	&	Electric		Solid	En	terprise	Service			
Transfers In	Fund	<u>CRA</u>		Funds	Sewer	<u>Utiltiy</u>		Waste		Fund	Fund		Total	
General Fund	\$ -	\$-	\$	210,000	\$-	\$ -		\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$	210,000	(1)
General Fund	-	-		42,735	-	-		-		-	-		42,735	(2)
General Fund	-	353,000		-	-	-		-		-	-		353,000	(3)
General Fund	-	-		402,186	-	-		-		-	-		402,186	(4)
CRA	-	-		89,956	-	-		-		-	-		89,956	(5)
Other Governmental Funds	400,000	-		1,400,000	-	-		-		-	-		1,800,000	(6)
Other Governmental Funds	-	-		42,735	-	-		-		-	-		42,735	(7)
Other Governmental Funds	-	-		-	13,082	36,197		24,206		6,541	26,163		106,189	(8)
Water & Sewer Fund	1,800,000	-		-	-	-		-		-	-		1,800,000	(9)
Electric Utility Fund	-	-		109,000	-	-		-		-	-		109,000	(10)
Other Enterprise Funds				-		300,000)			-			300,000	(11)
Total	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 353,000	\$	2,296,612	\$ 13,082	\$ 336,197		\$ 24,206	\$	6,541	\$ 26,163	\$	5,255,801	

(1) Transfers of \$210,000 from Disaster Relief Fund to General Fund was to cover cost of Hurricane Irma disaster expenditures incurred in previous years.

(2) Transfer of \$42,735 from Multimodal to General Fund was to cover costs of capital assets transferred to Homestead Station QALICB.

- (3) Transfer totalling \$353,000 from CRA to General Fund was to help fund Cybrarium operations.
- (4) Transfers of \$402,186 from Homestead Miami Speedway to General Fund to help fund new police officers.
- (5) Transfer of \$89,956 from CDBG to CRAfor its administration of CDBG funded COVID programs.
- (6) Transfer of \$1,800,000 from General Fund and People's Transportation Plan into other governmental funds was for debt service payments.
- (7) Transfer of \$42,735 from Disaster Relief Fund to Multimoda Transit Center was to help fund capital project.
- (8) Transfer of \$106,189 from Water & Sewer, Electric Utility, Solid Waste, other enterprise fund and internal service fund into other governmental funds was to fund the cost of different capital projects.
- (9) Transfers of \$1,800,000 from General Fund to Water & Sewer was for prior years' Budget Stabilization contributions made to the General Fund by Water & Sewer.
- (10) Transfers of \$109,000 from Disaster Relief Fund to Electric Utility was to cover cost of Hurricane Irma disaster expenditures incurred in previous years.
- (11) Transfers of \$300,000 from Electric Utility to Utilities Repair, Replacement and Improvements Fund (URR&I) was for future Electric Utility projects.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 7. <u>INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS</u> (Continued)

Interfund Payables and Receivables

Interfund payables and receivables are used exclusively to eliminate negative pooled cash balances of individual funds for purposes of financial statement reporting. For government-wide financial statement presentation, the interfund payables and receivables are eliminated as part of interfund activity.

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

		e from er Funds	<u>0</u>	Due to ther Funds
General Fund	\$	-	\$	6,800,000
Major Governmental Fund:				
Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency		885,000		-
American Rescue Plan		-		10,000
Total Major Governmental Funds		885,000		10,000
Other Governmental Funds:				
Impact fees		-		250,000
Sundries Grant		-		700,000
Confiscated Property Disaster Relief		960,000		- 885,000
Total Other Governmental Funds		960,000		1,835,000
Total Governmental Funds		1,845,000		8,645,000
Major Proprietary Funds:		1,010,000		0,010,000
Water and Sewer		_		1,000,000
Electric Utility		_		1,500,000
Solid Waste		1,000,000		_
Total Major Proprietary Funds		1,000,000		2,500,000
Other Proprietary Fund:				
Stormwater		500,000		-
Utilities Repair, Replacement and Improvement		1,500,000		-
Total Other Proprietary Fund		2,000,000		-
Total Proprietary Funds		3,000,000		2,500,000
Internal Service Funds:				
Other Self Insurance		4,800,000		-
Customer Services		1,300,000		-
Fleet Management		200,000		-
Total Internal Service Funds		6,300,000		-
Total Interfund Balances	<u>\$</u>	1,145,000	\$	11,145,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 8. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental activities:	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 48,198,536	\$ -	\$-	\$ 48,198,536
Artworks	¢ 40,190,590 2,780	(<i>a</i>) 1,667,770	Ψ	φ 40,170,550 1,670,550
Construction in Progress	16,009,025	4,175,233	(<i>a</i>) 14,892,406	5,291,852
Total capital assets not being depreciated	64,210,341	5,843,003	14,892,406	55,160,938
	07,210,371		14,072,400	
Capital assets being depreciated:	(0(505			()(505
Land improvements	606,505	<i>(a)</i> 13,381,814	-	606,505 174 409 285
Buildings and improvements	161,116,571		-	174,498,385
Other improvements	59,173,520	(<i>a</i>) 687,969	-	59,861,489
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	45,690,605	2,417,239	-	48,107,844
Books	-	756,846	-	756,846
Infrastructure	118,580,871			118,580,871
Total capital assets being depreciated	385,168,072	17,243,868		402,411,940
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	68,121	28,284	-	96,405
Buildings and improvements	59,038,800	3,985,281	-	63,024,081
Other improvements	46,986,892	2,032,782	-	49,019,674
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	39,559,134	2,046,288	-	41,605,422
Books	-	75,685	-	75,685
Infrastructure	82,199,649	2,436,921	-	84,636,570
Total accumulated depreciation	227,852,596	10,605,241	-	238,457,837
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	157,315,476	6,638,627	-	163,954,103
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 221,525,817	\$ 12,481,630	\$ 14,892,406	\$ 219,115,041

(a) Of the \$14,892,406 deletions to Construction in Progress, \$13,381,814 was transferred to Building & Improvements, \$250,000 was transferred to Other Improvements, \$700,000 was transferred to Artworks and \$560,592 was removed.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 8. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (Continued)

	Beginning						Ending
Business-type activities:	Balance		Additions		Deletions		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 1,876,063		\$	-		\$ -	\$ 1,876,063
Construction in Progress	 6,164,960			948,584	<i>(a)</i>	1,394,052	 5,719,492
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 8,041,023			948,584		1,394,052	 7,595,555
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	33,087,611			194,074		-	33,281,685
Utility plant and systems	 134,478,405	(<i>a</i>)		6,284,100		507,382	 140,255,123
Total capital assets being depreciated	 167,566,016			6,478,174		507,382	 173,536,808
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	154,648			927,886		-	1,082,534
Utility plant and systems	 99,138,642			5,108,131			 104,246,773
Total accumulated depreciation	 99,293,290			6,036,017			 105,329,307
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 68,272,726			442,157		507,382	 68,207,501
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 76,313,749		\$	1,390,741		\$ 1,901,434	\$ 75,803,056

(a) Construction in Progress of \$1,394,052 was transferred to Utility plant and systems.

Depreciation expense for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 has been recored as follows:

	Depreciation			
		Expense		
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$	1,613,019		
Public safety		1,673,323		
Public works		1,322,495		
Parks and recreation		3,526,712		
Capital assets held by the City's internal service funds are				
charged to the various functions based on their usage of assets		32,771		
Unallocated		2,436,921		
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	10,605,241		
Business-type activities:				
Water/Sewer	\$	1,108,691		
Electric		3,366,379		
Solid waste		451,847		
Other enterprise funds		97,612		
QALICB		962,659		
Capital assets held by the City's internal service funds are				
charged to the various functions based on their usage of assets		48,829		
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	6,036,017		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of changes in governmental long-term liabilities at September 30, 2021:

	Beginning Balance <u>Additions</u> <u>Reductions</u>		Ending <u>Balance</u>	<u>(</u>	Due within <u>One Year</u>					
Bonds payable:										
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014	\$	21,580,000	\$	-	\$	535,000	\$	21,045,000	\$	565,000
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premium		1,391,695	_			58,120		1,333,575		58,120
Total General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014		22,971,695		-		593,120		22,378,575		623,120
Taxable Transportation System Revenue Bonds,										
Sereis 2017		29,275,000		-		670,000		28,605,000		685,000
Total bonds payable		52,246,695		-		1,263,120		50,983,575		1,308,120
Loans and notes payable:										
HUD section 108 loan**		3,089,000		-		194,000		2,895,000		193,000
New City Hall \$10M loan**		8,350,066		-		8,350,066		-		-
New City Hall Refunding Note, Series 2021 **		-		8,063,923				8,063,923		481,035
Total loans and notes payable		11,439,066		8,063,923		8,544,066		10,958,923		674,035
Total bonds, loans and notes payable		63,685,761		8,063,923		9,807,186		61,942,498		1,982,155
Compensated absences		3,015,198		807,619		665,758		3,157,059		947,118
Equipment financing obligation**		2,758,590		1,171,716		992,633		2,937,673		931,912
Net pension liability		26,924,315		266,795		4,171,818		23,019,292		-
Total OPEB liability		8,040,829		17,341		1,058,200		6,999,970		-
Claims and judgements		4,243,465	_	1,778,483	_	1,493,999		4,527,949		1,152,836
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	108,668,158	\$	12,105,877	\$	18,189,594	\$	102,584,441	\$	5,014,021

**Direct Borrowings

Note: Pension liabilities, compensated absences and OPEB liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Pension contributions are paid by the General Fund as actuarially determined by the actuaries of the pension plans.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014

On May 13, 2014, the City's voters approved a bond referendum for the issuance of \$26 million in General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014, ("GO Bonds"). The GO Bonds were approved to be issued in an amount not to exceed \$21 million for the construction of the new police building and related improvements for a temporary police facility, and not to exceed \$5 million for the renovations to the Seminole Theatre to provide a cultural arts center for the City.

The GO Bonds were issued on September 11, 2014. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City as a whole and not its individual funds. In each year the debt is outstanding, an ad valorem tax will be levied equal to principal and interest due. These bonds are issued as 30-year serial bonds, due in annual installments of \$565,000 to \$1,420,000 through July 1, 2044. Interest rates on the bonds range from 3% to 5% and is paid semi-annally on January 1 and July 1.

In the event of any default in payment, the defaulted interest shall be payable by the paying agent to the registered owners of the bonds not less than fifteen (15) days preceding such special record date. During an event of default, the bondholders may enforce and compel the performance of all duties required by the City's resolution and the bonds or by any applicable statute to be performed by the City or any officer thereof. The City complies with Federal arbitrage regulations and has no rebate liability due as of September 30, 2021.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity:

	Principal Interest		Total	
Fiscal year ending September 30:				
2022	\$ 565,000	\$	920,988	\$ 1,485,988
2023	590,000		892,738	1,482,738
2024	620,000		863,238	1,483,238
2025	655,000		832,238	1,487,238
2026	685,000		799,488	1,484,488
2027-2031	3,755,000		3,663,525	7,418,525
2032-2036	4,475,000		2,946,450	7,421,450
2037-2041	5,630,000		1,788,600	7,418,600
2042-2044	 4,070,000		386,850	 4,456,850
Sub-Total	21,045,000		13,094,115	34,139,115
Plus: Unamortized Bonds Premium	 1,333,575		-	 1,333,575
Total	\$ 22,378,575	\$	13,094,115	\$ 35,472,690

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

B. Taxable Transportation System Revenue Bonds, Series 2017

On September 24, 2017, the City issued \$31,440,000 Taxable Transportation System Revenue Bonds to partially finance the cost of land acquisitions and construction for a parking garage/retail facility (Multimodal Transit Center) in the City's downtown.

The bonds are payable annually through July 1, 2047 in principal amounts ranging from \$685,000 to \$1,725,000. Interest rates on the bonds range from 1.671% to 4.194% and is paid semi-annally on January 1 and July 1. The revenue bond indentures contain significant limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirements. The City continually monitors compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions. The bonds will be repaid primarily from transportation surtax revenues and other non-ad valorem revenues.

In the event of default of the payment of principal or interest with respect to the insured bonds when all or a portion becomes due, any registered owner of the insured bonds shall have a claim under the bond insurance policy for such payments. Under most circumstances, default of payment of principal and interest does not obligate acceleration of the obligations of the bond insurer without appropriate consent. The bond insurer may direct and must consent to any remedies. In the event the bond insurer is unable to make payment of principal and interest as such payments become due under the bond insurance policy, the insured bonds are payable solely from the sources of security described in the bond resolution.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

		Principal	Interest			Total
Fiscal year ending September 30:						
2022	¢	COE 000	¢	1 1 1 2 0 9 4	¢	1 707 004
2022	\$	685,000	\$	1,112,984	\$	1,797,984
2023		700,000		1,095,346		1,795,346
2024		720,000		1,076,012		1,796,012
2025		745,000		1,054,685		1,799,685
2026		765,000		1,031,642		1,796,642
2027-2031		4,250,000		4,737,930		8,987,930
2032-2036		5,130,000		3,858,996		8,988,996
2037-2041		6,245,000		2,743,215		8,988,215
2042-2046		7,640,000		1,347,805		8,987,805
2047		1,725,000		72,347		1,797,347
	\$	28,605,000	\$	18,130,962	\$	46,735,962

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

C. HUD Section 108 Loan-Direct Borrowing

In 2017, the City entered into an agreement with U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for a Section 108 loan to provide funding for the new Cybrarium Project. The total amount of the loan is \$3,865,000, which is the maximum allowable amount based on the City's Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) allocation. The loan is being repaid over 20 years and the payments consist of principal (approximately \$194,000 annually) and interest (approximately \$67,000 annually).

The City began drawing on the loan prior to the commencement of construction, \$194,000 in FY2017, \$194,000 in FY2018, \$194,000 in FY2019 in order to be in compliance with the loan requirements and to keep the loan active subsequent to the fiscal year end. The drawdown period for the loan was extended from September 30, 2019 to March 31, 2020. On March 31, 2020 the final loan drawdown was submitted. The City declined the option to convert the Section 108 loan to a fixed rate. The initial variable interest rate on this borrowing is set on the first day of each month at twenty (20) basis points above the 90 day LIBOR. Interest on the unpaid principal balance is due and payable quarterly on the first day of February, May, August and November. Principal payment is due annually on August 1st and continue through maturity on August 1, 2036. The HUD Section 108 Loan contains a provision that in the event of default, an acceleration payment to the fiscal agent or the trustee, as applicable, equal to the unpaid aggregate principal amount of the note, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon to such acceleration payment date or interest due date, as applicable. The outstanding balance of the Section 108 loan as of September 30, 2021 is \$2,895,000.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

		(1)							
	Principal			Interest		Total			
Fiscal year ending September 30:									
2022	\$	193,000	\$	14,392	\$	207,392			
2023		193,000		13,422		206,422			
2024		193,000		12,451		205,451			
2025		193,000		11,481		204,481			
2026		193,000		10,511		203,511			
2027-2031		965,000		38,001		1,003,001			
2032-2036		965,000		13,745		978,745			
	\$	2,895,000	\$	114,003	\$	3,009,003			

(1) Computed at 0.5027%, which is 20 basis points above 90 day LIBOR rate of 0.3027% times amount outstanding.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

D. \$10 million Loan for New City Hall-Direct Borrowing

On June 18, 2014, the City Council adopted a Resolution accepting the proposal from Capital Bank, N.A. to provide a portion of the financing for the New City Hall in the form of a line of credit in an amount not to exceed ten million dollars at a fixed rate of 1.6%.

The line of credit was fully drawn down upon the completion of the New City Hall. On August 7, 2016, the City converted the line of credit to a five-year bank loan with Capital Bank, at a fixed rate of 2.55% with a ballon payment due on August 1, 2021. The bank loan has the option to be prepaid without penalty. Upon the occurrence of any event of default, the bank may declare all obligations of the City under the loan documents to be immediately due and payable without further action of any kind and upon such declaration the note and the interest accrued thereon shall become immediately due and payable. The City paid off this loan on July 1, 2021, with the issuance of the Capital Improvement Refinancing Note, Series 2021.

E. New City Hall Loan-Capital Improvement Refunding Note, Series 2021-Direct Borrowing

On June 16, 2021, the City Council adopted a Resolution authorizing the issuance of a capital improvement refunding note in the amount not to exceed \$8,090,000 for the purpose of refinancing the balloon payment to Capital Bank for the existing \$10 million loan for the New City Hall, and awarded the note to Regions Capital Advantage, Inc to provide the refinancing.

The interest rate is fixed at 1.85% for a 14-year term and a maturity date of September 1, 2035. Principal is payable annually starting on September 1, 2022 through September 1, 2035 in the amounts ranging from \$481,035 to \$654,355. Interest is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1.

	Principal Interest		<u>Total</u>	
Fiscal year ending September 30:				
2022	\$ 481,035	\$	186,277	\$ 667,312
2023	517,170		150,141	667,311
2024	527,410		139,901	667,311
2025	537,853		129,459	667,312
2026	548,502		118,809	667,311
2027-2031	2,909,780		426,775	3,336,555
2032-2035	 2,542,173		127,071	 2,669,244
	\$ 8,063,923	\$	1,278,433	\$ 9,342,356

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

F. Equipment Financing-Direct Borrowing

The City enters into financing agreements periodically to finance the purchase of City vehicles and other equipment such as computers. The value of capital assets acquired under new equipment financing during fiscal year 2021 for governmental activities totaled \$1,203,640. The capital assets acquired under the equipment financing remain as collateral for repayment of the outstanding principal obligations. In the event of default, the lender may provide a written notice to declare all amounts then due under the financing agreements, and all remaining payments due during the fiscal year in effect when the default occurs to be immediately due and payable, or request the City promptly deliver the equipment to the lessor. In the event of a default the lender, by written notice to the City, may declare all financing agreements payments and other amounts payable by the City thereunder to the end of the then-current budget year of the City to be due, and such amounts shall thereafter bear interest at the rate of 12% per annum, or the maximum rate permitted by applicable law, whichever is less.

Future minimum payments and the present value of net minimum payments at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Governmental Equipment Financing:

Fiscal year ending September 30:

2022	\$ 988,363
2023	859,139
2024	786,878
2025	297,701
2026	 121,591
Total minimum payments	3,053,672
Less amount representing interest	 115,999
Present value of net minimum payments	\$ 2,937,673

Capital assets acquired through governmental equipment financings above are as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$ 6,342,457
Accumulated depreciation	 (3,359,473)
Total	\$ 2,982,984

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Business-type Activities

The following is a summary of changes in business-type long-term liabilities at September 30, 2021:

		Beginning					Ending		Due within
	Balance		Additions	Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Bonds payable:									
Electric Utility Bond, Series 2019**	\$	2,400,000	\$ -	\$	2,400,000	\$	-	\$	-
Total bonds payable		2,400,000	-		2,400,000		-		-
Loans and notes payable:									
Electric FMPA pooled loan 2021**		-	8,574,000		-		8,574,000		344,599
Notes payable (1)		34,339,691	 825,293				35,164,984		330,069
Total loans and notes payable		34,339,691	 9,399,293				43,738,984		674,668
Total bonds, loans and notes payable		36,739,691	9,399,293		2,400,000		43,738,984		674,668
Compensated absences		1,595,632	827,434		749,025		1,674,041		502,212
Equipment financing obligation**		2,051,449	896,220		450,562		2,497,107		586,058
Net pension liability		5,119,161	597,741		350,090		5,366,812		-
Total OPEB obligation		5,069,924	 -		855,983		4,213,941		
Buiness-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	50,575,857	\$ 11,720,688	\$	4,805,660	\$	57,490,885	\$	1,762,938

**Direct Borrowings

(1) The \$35,164,984 notes payable is NMTC-related and represents the balance at June 30, 2021 per the QALICB's separately issued financial statements. Please refer to those statements for additional information.

A. Electric Utility Bonds, Series 2019-Direct Borrowing

On July 29, 2019, \$2,400,000 of Electric Utility Bonds, Series 2019 were issued for use in the purchase of the land and in the expansion to an electric substation. The bonds were payable annually through January 1, 2030 in principal amounts ranging from approximately \$215,000 to \$267,000. Interest was at 2.44% and was paid semi-annally on January 1 and July 1. The bonds were paid off on June 30, 2021, with the issuance of the FMPA Initial Pooled Loan Project Series 2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Business-type Activities (Continued)

B. Florida Municipal Power Agency (FMPA) Initial Pooled Loan Project, Series 2021-Direct Borrowing

On June 16, 2021, the City Council adopted a Resolution authorizing the issuance of a note in an amount not to exceed \$8,700,000 to secure a loan from the FMPA to provide funding to build a new electric utility substation, for the costs of undergrounding electric utility lines, and to refinance the Series 2019 Electric Bonds.

The interest rate is fixed at 2.06% for a 10-year term and a maturity date of June 30, 2031. Principal and interest are payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, with a balloon payment of approximately \$5 million to be refinanced or paid on June 30,2031.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity:

	Principal			Interest	Total		
Fiscal year ending September 30:							
2022	\$	344,599	\$	165,521	\$	510,120	
2023		351,352		158,768		510,120	
2024		358,236		151,884		510,120	
2025		365,256		144,864		510,120	
2026		372,413		137,707		510,120	
2027-2031		6,782,144		552,443		7,334,587	
Total	\$	8,574,000	\$	1,311,187	\$	9,885,187	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Business-type Activities (Continued)

C. Equipment Financing-Direct Borrowing

The value of capital assets acquired under new equipment financing during fiscal year 2021 for business-type activities totaled \$1,078,450. In the event of default, the lender may provide a written notice to declare all amounts then due under the financing agreements, and all remaining payments due during the fiscal year in effect when the default occurs to be immediately due and payable, or request the City promptly deliver the equipment to the lessor. In the event of a default the lender, by written notice to the City, may declare all payments and other amounts payable by the City thereunder to the end of the then-current budget year of the City to be due, and such amounts shall thereafter bear interest at the rate of 12% per annum, or the maximum rate permitted by applicable law, whichever is less. Future minimum payments and the present value of net minimum payments at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Business-type Equipment Financing:

Fiscal year ending September 30:

.

2022	\$ 637,681
2023	637,681
2024	446,917
2025	339,675
2026	245,931
2027 - 2028	 331,361
Total minimum payments	2,639,246
Less amount representing interest	 142,139
Present value of net minimum payments	\$ 2,497,107

Capital assets acquired through business-type equipment financing above are as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$ 3,599,429
Accumulated depreciation	 (593,424)
Total	\$ 3,006,005

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Pledged Revenues

The City issues debt that is secured by a pledge of specific revenues. Total pledged revenue that collateralizes the repayment of principal and interest on the debt as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014 Source of Revenue Pledged	Voted debt millage
Description of debt	General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014
Purpose of debt	Construction of New Police Building and the renovation of
r u pose or debr	Seminole Theatre
Current revenue pledged	\$1,484,567 (as budgeted)
Total debt service to maturity (1)	\$35,472,690
Term of commitment	2015-2044
Current year debt service	\$1,482,738
Percentage of debt service to	
pledged revenues (current year)	100%

Taxable Transportation System Revenue Bonds, Series 2017

Source of Revenue Pledged	Transportation System Sales Surtax ("Surtax") and Covenant to				
	Budget and Appropriate Non Ad-Valorem Revenues				
Description of debt	Taxable Transportation System Revenue Bonds, Series 2017				
Purpose of debt	Construction of Multimodal Transit Center				
Current revenue pledged	\$2,311,395 (Surtax portion only, as budgeted)				
Total debt service to maturity (1)	\$46,735,962				
Term of commitment	2018-2047				
Current year debt service	\$1,798,562				
Percentage of debt service to					
pledged revenues (current year)	78%				

(1) Total future principal and interest payments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Pledged Revenues (Continued)

Business-Type Activities:

Net Electric Utility Revenues
Electric Utility Bonds, Series 2019
Substation Expansion/ Land Acquisition
\$3,677,600
\$0
2020-2021 (paid off June 2021)
\$2,441,016
66.38%

Source of Revenue Pledged	Net Electric Utility Revenues
Description of debt	Electric Utility FMPA Pooled Loan 2021
Purpose of debt	New substation, undergrounding electric utility lines,
	and refinancing of Sereis 2019 Electric Utility Bonds
Current revenue pledged	\$3,677,600
Total debt service to maturity (1)	\$9,885,187
Term of commitment	2021-2031
Current year debt service (2)	\$42,263
Percentage of debt service to	
pledged revenues (current year)	1.15%

(1) Total future principal and interest payments.

(2) There was no principal payment due in FY 2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent the portion of the applicable funds' total estimated liability for employees' compensation for future absences. The estimated liability includes an accrual for salary related costs (employer's share of the social security and medicare taxes).

The estimated liability is measured using rates in effect at the balance sheet date; benefits are computed at the current salary rates at the time of payment. Upon separation from the City service, vacation leave is paid at 100% up to 360 hours for regular employees and 380 hours for police. Sick leave is paid at 50% to 100% depending on years of service (for years of services equal to or greater than 15 years), up to 800 hours for regular employees and 880 hours for police. The General Fund has primarily been used in prior years to liquidate the liability for compensated absences for governmental activities.

At September 30, 2021, the liability for compensated absences was as follows:

Governmental Activities	\$ 3,157,059
Business-type Activities	 1,674,041
	\$ 4,831,100

NOTE 10. <u>SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAMS</u>

The City is exposed to various risks of loss including public liability, workers' compensation and property and casualty. The City administers its self-insurance program through two internal service funds, the Workers' Compensation Fund and the Self-Insurance Fund, which are combined for financial statement presentation. All operating departments of the City participate in the program and make payments to the self-insurance funds. The self-insurance funds allocate the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging these departments a pro rata share of these costs, based on a percentage of each operating departments estimated current year payroll and also by the actual property insurance paid by the Self-Insurance Fund.

The self-insurance fund liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but have not been reported. Because actual claims liabilities depend on a number of factors, the process used in computing claims liability does not result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are re-evaluated annually to incorporate claims settlements, court decisions and additional information as determined by a self-insurance actuarial review performed by outside consultants.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 10. <u>SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAMS</u> (Continued)

A claims liability of approximately \$4,528,000 was actuarially determined by an outside actuary at September 30, 2021. Changes in liabilities during the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 are presented in the following table:

	Liability at			Current				Liability	
	Beginning			Year		Claim	at End		
		Year		<u>Claims</u>		Payments		of Year	
<u>2021</u>									
Worker's compensation	\$	1,340,317	\$	801,942	\$	634,139	\$	1,508,120	
General and auto liabilities		2,903,148		976,541		859,860		3,019,829	
2021 Total	\$	4,243,465	\$	1,778,483	\$	1,493,999	\$	4,527,949	
<u>2020</u>									
Worker's compensation	\$	1,059,326	\$	1,030,854	\$	749,863	\$	1,340,317	
General and auto liabilities		2,519,795		1,040,737		657,384		2,903,148	
2020 Total	\$	3,579,121	\$	2,071,591	\$	1,407,247	\$	4,243,465	

The Self-Insurance Fund accounts for the following lines of coverage:

Workers' Compensation – Since 1985, the City has provided workers' compensation coverage through self-insurance and purchased excess insurance commercially. The City's self-insured retention has been \$250,000 per claim since October 2014.

General and Automobile Liabilities – The City's primary policy for its liability risks has a \$6,000,000 general aggregate with a \$100,000 self-insured retention deductible per occurrence. There have been no judgments or settlement of claims during the past three years that have exceeded the City's commercial insurance limits. This self-insurance program was created in 1977 and is subject to the limitations of sovereign immunity.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS

The City is the sponsor of five single-employer Public Employee Retirement Systems (PERS) that are administered by the City to provide pension benefits to its employees. The City contributes to the General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP), the Police Officiers' Retirement Plan (PORP), the Firefighters' Retirement System (HFRS), the Elected Officials' Retirement Plan (EORP), and the New Elected Officials' and Senior Management Retirement System (NEOSMRS), which are all defined benefit pension plans.

The information reported below is a brief summary of information reported in more detail in the independently published financial statements for each pension plan. Separate financial statements for each of these Plans may be obtained by contacting the Board of Trustees c/o City of Homestead, 100 Civic Court, Homestead, FL 33030.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of each Plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions to the Plans are recognized when due rather than when incurred and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Expenses incurred, benefits and refunds owed are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plans rather than when paid.

Plan Membership Information

As of the various dates of the latest actuarial valuation for each of the Plans, the membership consisted of:

	General Employees' Retirement <u>Plan*</u>	Police Officers' Retirement <u>Plan</u>	Elected Officials' Retirement <u>Plan*</u>	New Elected Officials' and Senior Management Retirement <u>System</u>	Firefighters' Retirement <u>System*</u>
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	218	101	5	5	8
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	45	4	1	3	-
Active plan members	97	98	1	6	
Total	360	203	7	14	8

Note: * Plans are closed to new members.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

A. GENERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (GERP)

Plan Description

The City maintains a single employer defined benefit pension system established by City Ordinance No. 85-11-107 dated December 3, 1985, as amended, which covers substantially all of the City employees except for elected officials, senior management, and police officers. Membership begins on the date of hire. GERP provides retirement, disability and death benefits to members and beneficiaries. A more detailed description of the Plan and its provisions appear in ordinances constituting the Plan and in the summary Plan description. The Plan year end is September 30, 2021. The Plan issues a publicly available financial statement that includes fiduciary financial statements and required supplementary information. The financial statements may be obtained by writing to: Board of Trustees – General Employees' Retirement Plan, c/o City of Homestead, Finance Department, 100 Civic Court, Homestead, FL 33030.

Eligibility

All regular full-time employees of the City who agree to make employee contributions plus hospital employees who elected to stay in the Plan in 1990 are eligible. Part-time employees are not covered. Participation was mandatory for all employees hired on and after July 1, 2000. The City Council adopted Ordinance No. 2009-04-13 to close membership to new employees hired on or after April 1, 2009.

Service Retirement Benefits

Upon normal retirement, a participant will receive a monthly pension of 3% of the final average earnings (FAE), which is the base salary and longevity during the last sixty (60) months of continuous employment times the number of years and completed months of continuous service as a participant. There is no cap on maximum benefits.

Early Retirement

A member may retire early after attaining age 55 and completing 10 years of service. Benefits are reduced by 1/6% for each month prior to normal retirement date.

Disability Benefits

A participant is eligible for disability benefits after ten (10) or more years of credited service and if totally and permanently disabled. Disability benefits include the accrued benefit or 35% of FAE, whichever is greater, subject to a cap of 100% of FAE on benefits from this Plan including social security, worker's compensation, or other similar benefits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

A. GENERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (GERP) (Continued)

Funding Policy

The City is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount that, when combined with participants' contributions, will fully provide for all benefits as they become payable. The funding policy can only be amended by authorization of the City Council. Participants are required to contribute 4% of annual earnings. The City's required contribution is based on the actuarial report using the percentage of covered payroll.

Investments

The Board of Trustees has developed certain investment guidelines and has retained investment managers to implement the investment objectives. The investment managers are expected to maximize the return on the investment portfolio and may make transactions consistent with that expectation pursuant to the Board's guidelines.

The investment balances held by the Plan as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Fair	Less than	1-5	6-10	More than
Investment Type	Value	One Year	Years	Years 1	10 Years
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 4,146,948	\$ 4,146,948	\$ -	\$ -	\$-
Fixed income: Municipal obligations	7,244,738	368,802	2,056,567	2,799,562	2,019,807
Fixed income: Foreign Bonds Notes & Debuntures	1,199,585	-	1,199,585	-	-
Fixed income: Corporate bonds	 20,304,626	1,348,346	 14,316,989	 4,480,770	158,521
Sub-total	32,895,897	\$ 5,864,096	\$ 17,573,141	\$ 7,280,332	\$ 2,178,328
Hedge funds	448,304				
Mutual funds-equity	12,354,030				
Common Stocks	54,416,567				
Limited partnerships	 4,624,661				
Total cash and investments	\$ 104,739,459				

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk refers to the portfolio's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Interest rate risk disclosures are required for all debt investments as well as investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments that do not meet the definition of a 2a7-like pool. The Plan's investment policy established benchmarks based on credit quality and duration. The benchmarks are monitored and changed when warranted by the investment market environment. Fixed income portfolios are structured and managed to produce returns based on risk inherent in the selected benchmarks.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

A. GENERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (GERP) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The Plan's investment policy currently does not allow for investments in fixed income securities with a maturity in excess of 30 years. As of September 30, 2021, the weighted average maturity of the fixed income portfolio was 6.23 years.

Credit Risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The Plan limits its credit risk by limiting its purchases of investments in fixed income securities to U.S. Government and agency securities or corporate bonds which meet or exceed a credit rating of BBB for Standard & Poor's or Fitch or a Baa2 for Moody's. However, the investment policy does not force an investment sale in the event that there is a credit rating cut by either of the rating agencies. The investments in the portfolio that are currently rated below BBB had a rating in compliance with the policy at the time of purchase.

The following table provides a summary of the fixed income investment balances by credit rating.

		Percentage
<u>S&P</u>		of Fixed
Rating	Fair value	Income
AAA	\$ 66,903	0.23%
AA+	309,574	1.08%
AA	4,033,336	14.03%
AA-	653,505	2.27%
A+	503,180	1.75%
А	1,122,979	3.91%
A-	498,216	1.73%
BBB+	2,551,832	8.88%
BBB	7,973,197	27.73%
BBB-	5,858,946	20.38%
BB+	2,112,627	7.35%
NR	 3,064,654	<u>10.66%</u>
Total	\$ 28,748,949	<u>100.00</u> %

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

A. GENERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (GERP) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are held by the counterparty. The Plan has third party custodian arrangements with financial institutions to accept securities on a delivery vs payment basis for direct purchase agreements. All securities purchased by the Plan are designated as an asset of the Plan in the Plan's name and are held in safekeeping by the Plan's custodian bank or a third party custodian institution.

Concentration of Credit Risk – GASB standards require disclosure of investments in any one issuer that represents five percent (5%) or more of the total of the Plan's investment. The Plan's investment policy places investment limitations and provides target allocations to its investment managers to limit credit risk due to concentration. The Plan's investment policy limits investments in any one government agency should not exceed 30% of the total assets to no more than 60% of the total Plan's total assets are permitted in corporate bonds. No more than 20% of the portfolio is permitted in mortgage and asset backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations. As of September 30, 2021, none of the Plan's investments were held with any single issuer that represents 5% or more of the Plan's investment.

Fair Value Measurements – Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for the Plan's investments measured at fair value:

- Equity securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price or current exchange rates. This includes common stock and equity mutual funds.
- Fixed income securities are valued using pricing inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use to price an asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. This includes government securities, corporate bonds, and mortgage backed securities.
- Hedge funds are valued based on the net asset value per share, without further adjustment. Net asset value is based upon the fair value of the underlying investment.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

A. GENERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (GERP) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

• Money market funds are valued at amortized cost.

The Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2021:

	Fair Value Measurements Using						
			~	ted Prices in ive Markets	Sim	nificant Other	
			fo	or Identical	\mathcal{O}	Dbservable	
		Value as of		Assets	Inputs		
Investments Type		9/30/2021		(Level 1)	(Level 2)		
Equity securities:							
Common stocks	\$	39,680,651	\$	39,680,651	\$	-	
Foreign stocks		14,735,916		7,321,065		7,414,851	
Mutual funds/equity		12,354,030		-		12,354,030	
Total equity securities		66,770,597		47,001,716		19,768,881	
Debt securities:							
Municipal obligations		7,244,738		-		7,244,738	
Corporate bonds		20,304,625		-		20,304,625	
Foreign bonds notes & debentures		1,199,586		-		1,199,586	
Total debt securities		28,748,949		-		28,748,949	
Total fair value		95,519,546	\$	47,001,716	\$	48,517,830	
Investment measured at net asset value (NAV) (a)							
Hedge funds		448,304					
Limited partnerships		4,624,661					
Total investments @NAV		5,072,965					
Total investmenst	\$	100,592,511					

(a) As required by GAAP, certain investments that are measured at net asset value have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value heirarchy to the total investment line item in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

The following table summarizes investments that use NAV per share to value investments, including unfunded commitments and restrictions:

			Net Asset Value Measurement at Reporting Date						
		v	alue as of	ι	Infunded	Redemption			
Investments Type		9	9/30/2021		mmitments	Frequency			
Hedge Funds	(1)	\$	448,304	\$	-	N/A			
Limited Partnerships	(2)	\$	4,624,661	\$	1,918,478	N/A			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

A. GENERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (GERP) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

(1) Investments in private investment companies (the "investee funds"), are valued, as a practical expedient, utilizing the net asset valuations provided by the underlying investee fund without adjustment, when the net asset valuations of the investments are calculated (or adjusted by the fund if necessary) in a manner consistent with GAAP for investment companies. The fund applies the practical expedient to its investments in investee funds on an investment-by-investment basis, and consistently with the fund's entire position in a particular investment, unless it is probable that the fund will sell a portion of an investment at an amount different from the net asset valuation or in other situations where the practical expedient is not available, the fund considers other factors in addition to the net asset valuation, such as features of the investment, including subscription and redemption rights, expected discounted cash flows, transactions in its determination of fair value.

The underlying investee funds value securities and other financial instruments on a mark-tomarket or other estimated fair value basis. The estimated fair values of substantially all of the investments of the underlying investee funds, which may include securities for which prices are not readily available, are determined by the general partner or management of the respective underlying investee funds and may not reflect amounts that could be realized upon immediate sale, nor amounts that ultimately may be realized. Accordingly, the estimated fair value may differ from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for these investments.

(2) Portfolio Advisors Private Equity Fund IX, L.P. (the "Domestic Fund") and Portfolio Advisors Private Equity Fund IX (Offshore), L.P. (the "Offshore Fund") seek to offer their investors participation in high quality private equity funds and co-investments managed by leading private equity fund managers. The terms of the Domestic Fund and the Offshore Fund are generally the same, except where noted, and references to the "Fund" in this Confidential Private Placement Memorandum (the "Memorandum") should be understood as referring to the terms of, or other disclosures that relate to, each of the Domestic Fund, the Offshore Fund and Portfolio Advisors Private Equity Fund IX Intermediate, L.P. (the "Intermediate Partnership"), as the context requires. The Fund is sponsored by Portfolio Advisors, LLC ("Porfolio Advisors" or, together with its affiliates, the "Investment Manager"), which may also sponsor and manage certain alternative parallel and/or special purpose feeder vehicles that invest in or alongside the Fund, including, but not limited to a special purpose vehicle organized in Ireland.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

A. GENERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (GERP) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured by the actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019 and rolled forward to the September 30, 2020 (measurement date). The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Methods and assumption used to determine net pension liability:

Actuarial Cost Method Salary increase	Entry Age Normal 5.0%
Investment rate of return	6.75%
Retirement Age	Experience-base table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table (for pre-retirement mortality) and the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Annuitants (for post-retirement mortality), with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates include a 50% blue collar adjustment and a 50% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment. These are the same rates used for Regular Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation, in compliance with Florida Statutes.

<u>Long-term expected rate of return</u>: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using estimates of forward-looking average annual returns across all asset classes. These projections were developed using a 10 year forward-looking time horizon, interest rates, inflation, the equity risk premium, and the relative out performance of certain asset classes. Based on the Monte Carlo simulations, the best estimates of real return for each asset class included in the pension plan's target allocation as of September 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Group	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
F '	2 200/
Fixed Income	3.30%
U.S. Large Cap Equity-Gr	
U.S. Large Cap Equity-Va	alue 7.10%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	7.10%
International Equity	7.40%
Private Real Estate	5.80%
Private Equity	9.70%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

A. GENERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (GERP) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

<u>Discount rate</u>: A single discount rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate on pension plan investments of 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (6.75%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability:

	General Employees' Retirement Plan						
	Increase (Decrease)						
	To	otal Pension	Pl	an Fiduciary	Ν	et Pension	
		Liability	Net Position		Liability		
		(a)		(b)	(a) - (b)		
Total pension liability - beginning	\$	97,503,491	\$	89,365,048	\$	8,138,443	
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost		1,414,901		-		1,414,901	
Interest on the total pension liability		6,523,098		-		6,523,098	
Difference between expected and actual experience							
of the total pension liability		(1,085,959)		-		(1,085,959)	
Contributions - employer		-		2,476,457		(2,476,457)	
Contributions - employee		-		294,602		(294,602)	
Net investment income		-		3,706,972		(3,706,972)	
Benefit payments		(4,544,982)		(4,544,982)		-	
Refunds		(14,818)		(14,818)		-	
Pension plan administrative expense		-		(140,437)		140,437	
Net change in total pension liability		2,292,240		1,777,794		514,446	
Total pension liability - ending	\$	99,795,731	\$	91,142,842	\$	8,652,889	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

A. GENERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (GERP) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u>: The following *presents* the net pension liability of the City calculated using the current discount rates (6.75%) and the liability using discount rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75%) and one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rates:

	General Employees' Retirement Plan						
		Current					
	1% Decrease		di	scount rate	1%	6 Increase	
	5.75%		6.75%		7.75%		
Net pension liability (assets)	\$	20,090,912	\$	8,652,889	\$	(852,425)	

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 but based on a measurement date of September 30, 2020, the City recognized a reduction to GERP pension expense of \$1,484,366. This amount is included as a reduction to personal services expenses within the functional program activities.

At September 30, 2021, the City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the GERP as follows:

	General Employees' Retirement Plan			
	Deferred			Deferred
	Outflows of			Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	310,274
Changes in assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		1,176,151		_
Total	\$	1,176,151	\$	310,274

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments has a deferred outflows of resources of \$2,247,693 and deferred inflows of resources of \$1,071,542, resulting in the net outflows of resources of \$1,176,151. The City also has contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$2,155,733 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

A. GENERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (GERP) (Continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and as deferred inflows of resources related to GERP will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred
Year Ending	Outflows of
September 30,	Resources
2022	\$ (239,878)
2023	436,783
2024	216,961
2025	 452,011
	\$ 865,877

The schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios and the schedule of contributions, are presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes the financial statements, provides additional information about the net pension liability, plan assets and contribution.

B. POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (PORP)

Plan Description

The City maintains a single-employer defined benefit pension Plan established by City Ordinance No. 87-06-38 as amended for the police officers of the City. Membership begins on the date of hire. PORP provides retirement, disability and death benefits to police officers of the City. A more detailed description of the Plan and its provisions appear in ordinances constituting the Plan and in the summary Plan description. The Plan year end is September 30, 2021. The Plan issues a publicly available financial statement that includes fiduciary financial statements and required supplementary information. The financial statements may be obtained by writing to: Board of Trustees – Police Officers' Retirement Plan, c/o City of Homestead, Finance Department, 100 Civic Court, Homestead, FL 33030.

Eligibility

All regular permanent City of Homestead employees classified as police personnel.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

B. POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (PORP) (Continued)

Service Retirement Benefits

Upon normal retirement, a participant will receive 3.5% of the average of compensation during the highest 5 years out of the last 10 years of credited service prior to termination or retirement, multiplied by years of credited service to a maximum of 80% of average final compensation. Compensation used for the calculation of benefits under the Plan includes (1) base pay, (2) workers' compensation benefits and supplements, (3) longevity pay, (4) accumulated leave pay not to exceed 5% of an employee's base pay during the highest 5 years of employment prior to retirement, and (5) up to 254 hours for overtime compensation received during the highest 5 years of employment prior to retirement.

Early Retirement

A member may retire early after attaining age 50 and completing 10 years of service. Benefits are reduced by 2 1/3% for each year by which the early retirement date precedes the normal retirement date.

Disability Benefits

A participant with more than 5 years of credited service who becomes totally and permanently disabled in the line of duty and unable to render useful and efficient service as a police officer is eligible for a disability benefit equal to the participant's normal retirement benefits calculated in accordance with section 22.5-68.

Funding Policy

The City is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount that, when combined with participants' contributions and contributions from the State of Florida, will fully provide for all benefits as they become payable. The State of Florida contributions are recorded as revenues and expenditures in the City of Homestead's General Fund. Members of the Plan are required to contribute 7.65% of their base salary and overtime of up to two hundred fifty-four (254) hours.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

B. POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (PORP) (Continued)

Investments

The Board of Trustees has developed certain investment guidelines and has retained investment managers to implement the investment objectives. The investment managers are expected to maximize the return on the investment portfolio and may make transactions consistent with that expectation pursuant to the Board's guidelines. The investment balances held by the Plan as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Fair		Less than		1-5		6-10		More than	
Investment Type	Value	(One Year		Years		Years		10 Years	
Cash and short-term investments Fixed income	\$ 8,637,196 39,896,291	\$	8,637,196 1,365,950	\$	- 14,493,154	\$	- 5,569,028	\$	- 18,468,159	
Sub-total	 48,533,487	\$	10,003,146	\$	14,493,154	\$	5,569,028	\$	18,468,159	
Common Stocks	 75,979,691									
Total cash and investments	\$ 124,513,178									

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk refers to the portfolio's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Interest rate risk disclosures are required for all debt investments as well as investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments that do not meet the definition of a 2a7-like pool. The Plan's investment policy established benchmarks based on credit quality and duration. The benchmarks are monitored and changed when warranted by the investment market environment. Fixed income portfolios are structured and managed to produce returns based on risk inherent in the selected benchmarks.

The Plan's investment policy currently does not allow for investments in fixed income securities with a maturity in excess of 30 years. As of September 30, 2021 the weighted average maturity of the fixed income portfolio was 14.18 years.

Credit Risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The Plan limits its credit risk by limiting its purchases of investments in fixed income securities to U.S. Government and agency securities or a miximum of 20% of the portfolio in securities rated below BBB by Standard and Poor's.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

B. POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (PORP) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The following table provides a summary of the fixed income investment balances by credit rating.

	Fair value	Percentage of Portfolio
U.S. government guaranteed*	\$ 22,256,163	55.79%
Quality rating of credit risk debt securities:		
<u>S&P Rating</u>	667 104	1 (70)
AAA	667,194	1.67%
AA	624,694	1.57%
AA-	524,696	1.32%
A+	1,059,114	2.65%
А	2,398,524	6.01%
A-	4,182,788	10.48%
BBB+	2,212,719	5.55%
BBB	3,342,369	8.38%
BBB-	1,544,178	3.87%
BB+	669,725	1.68%
BB	73,594	0.18%
BB-	235,625	0.59%
N/R	104,908	0.26%
Total credit risk debt securities	17,640,128	44.21%
Total fixed income securities	\$ 39,896,291	100.00%

* Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not have purchase limitations.

Custodial Credit Risk – The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event failure of counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are held by the counterparty The Plan has third party custodian arrangements with financial institutions to accept securities on a delivery vs payment basis for direct purchase agreements. All securities purchased by the Plan are deposited as an asset of the Plan in the Plan's name and held in safekeeping by the Plan's custodian bank or a third party custodian institution.

Concentration of Credit Risk – GASB Standards require disclosure of investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of the total of the Plan's investments. The Plan's investment policy places investment limitations and provides target allocations to its investment managers to limit credit risks due to concentration. The Plan's investment policy limits investments in any one issuer of common stock or corporate bond to no more than 5% of the Plan's total assets. However, there are no limitations in government securities. As of September 30, 2021, none of he Plan's investments were held with any single issuer that represents 5% or more of the Plan's net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

B. POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (PORP) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements – Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for the Plan's investments measured at fair value.

- Cash equivalents which consist of investments with original maturities of three (3) months or less are reported at cost which approximates fair value.
- Equity securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price or current exchange rates. This includes common stock and equity mutual funds.
- Fixed income securities are valued using pricing inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use to price an asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. This includes government securities, corporate bonds, and mortgage backed securities.

	Fair Value Measurements Using								
		Quoted Prices in							
		Active Markets				Significant Other			
		for Identical			Observable				
		Value as of		Assets	Inputs				
Investments Type	<u>9/30/2021</u>			(Level 1)	<u>(Level 2)</u>				
Fixed income	\$	39,896,291	\$	8,534,262	\$	31,362,029			
Common stocks		75,979,691		75,979,691		-			
Total investmenst at fair value	\$	115,875,982	\$	84,513,953	\$	31,362,029			

The Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2021:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

B. POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (PORP) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured by the actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019 and rolled forward to the September 30, 2020 (measurement date). The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Methods and assumption used to determine net pension liability:

Actuarial Cost Method Salary increase Investment rate of return Retirement Age Mortality	Entry Age Normal 5.75% to 10.50% depending on service 7.25% Upon eligibility Pre-retirement: PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Below Median Employee Male Table, set forward one year, and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Employee Female Table, set forward one year. Post-retirement: PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Below Median Healthy Retiree Male Table, set forward one year, and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Female Table, set forward one year, and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Female Table, set forward one year. Mortality improvements are being made for each year after 2010 using gender-specific MP-2018 projection scales. The mortality assumption is the same as used for Special Risk Members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation, in compliance with Florida
	Statutes.

<u>Long-term expected rate of return</u>: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the long-term nominal building block data less the longterm inflation assumption of 2.50%. The building block long-term real return projections were developed considering the long-term historic capital market returns, 10-15 year expected capital market return assumptions, as well as, historical, current, and expected inflation data. Best estimates of arithmetic real return for each asset class included in the pension plan's target allocation as of September 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Group	Long-Term Expected Real rate of return
Domestic Equity	7.50%
International Equity	8.50%
Domestic Bonds	2.50%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

B. POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (PORP) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Discount rate: A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate on pension plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.25%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability:

	Police Officers' Retirement Plan Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Liability Net Position			
Total pension liability - beginning	\$ 119,141,267	\$ 95,236,234	\$ 23,905,033		
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost	3,106,405	-	3,106,405		
Interest on the total pension liability	8,875,260	-	8,875,260		
Difference between expected and actual experience					
of the total pension liability	206,308	-	206,308		
Changes of assumptions	601,956		601,956		
Contributions - employer	-	4,442,521	(4,442,521)		
Contributions - employer (from state)	-	665,319	(665,319)		
Contributions - employee	-	859,818	(859,818)		
Net investment income	-	11,215,703	(11,215,703)		
Benefit payments	(7,821,731)	(7,821,731)	-		
Pension plan administrative expense	-	(221,615)	221,615		
Other		1	(1)		
Net change in total pension liability	4,968,198	9,140,016	(4,171,818)		
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 124,109,465	\$ 104,376,250	\$ 19,733,215		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

B. POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (PORP) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u>: The following *presents* the net pension liability of the City calculated using the current discount rate (7.25%) and the liability using discount rates that are one percentage point lower (6.25%) and one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rates:

	Police Officers' Retirement Plan							
		Current						
	1% Decrease	discount rate	1% Increase					
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%					
Net pension liability	\$ 35,171,652	\$ 19,733,215	\$ 7,076,649					

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 but based on a measurement date of September 30, 2020, the City recognized a reduction in the Plan's pension expense of \$578,178. This amount is included as a reduction to personal services expenses within the functional program activities.

At September 30, 2021, the City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the PORP as follows:

	Police Officers' Retirement Plan				
	Deferred Outflows of			Deferred	
				Inflows of	
		Resources		Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	541,892	\$	-	
Change in assumptions		401,304		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		-		1,061,451	
Total	\$	943,196	\$	1,061,451	

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments has a deferred outflows of resources of \$3,096,104 and deferred inflows of resources of \$4,157,555, resulting in the net inflows of resources of \$1,061,451. Contributions from City and State subsequent to the measurement date of \$5,765,336 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

B. POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (PORP) (Continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (*Continued*)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and as deferred inflows of resources related to PORP will be recognized as pension expenses as follows:

Net Deferred
Outflows of
Resources
\$ 232,266
476,411
50,332
 (877,264)
\$ (118,255)
\$ \$

The schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios and the schedule of contributions, are presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, provides additional information about the net pension liability, plan assets and contributions.

C. ELECTED OFFICIALS' RETIREMENT PLAN (EORP)

Plan Description

The City maintains a single-employer defined benefit pension Plan established by City Ordinance 98-05-18 dated June 1, 1998 as amended, which was established to provide retirement benefits to elected officials. A more detailed description of the Plan and its provisions appears in the Ordinances constituting the Plan and in the summary Plan description. The Plan year end is December 31, 2020. The Plan issues a publicly available financial statement that includes fiduciary financial statements and required supplementary information. The financial statements may be obtained by writing to: Board of Trustees - Elected Officials' Retirement Plan, c/o City of Homestead, Finance Department, 100 Civic Court, Homestead, FL 33030.

In February 18, 2002, the City established the City of Homestead Elected Officials and Senior Management Retirement Plan (NEW Plan), which included senior management employees effective March 21, 2005 and closed the EORP to new members. The assets of the two plans were segregated to reflect the independence of the two plans.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

C. ELECTED OFFICIALS' RETIREMENT PLAN (EORP) (Continued)

Eligibility

Elected officials of the City of Homestead elected prior to February 18, 2002. No new participants entered the Plan after February 18, 2002.

Service Retirement Benefits

Upon normal retirement, a participant will receive an annual pension benefit equal to 20% of the annual average compensation paid during the highest three years of service. For any service beyond the four years required to vest in the retirement system, the pension shall be increased by 5% of annual average compensation for each and every year of service to a maximum of twenty years and an annual pension equal to 100% of annual average compensation. Said benefit shall increase by 3% as of January 1 of each year after the elected official has been retired for one year. Retirement age is 55 and 4 years of service.

Disability Benefits

Under the Plan, a participant with more than 10 years of credited service who is determined to be totally and permanently disabled and who no longer serves in office shall receive a disability retirement benefit equal to regular retirement benefits or 35% of final average compensation, whichever is greater. In addition there is a death benefit under the Plan that entitles participants' beneficiaries to a lump sum pay-out if the participant was not vested and a monthly benefit if the participant was vested.

Funding Policy

The City is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount that will fully provide for all benefits as they become payable. The funding policy can only be amended by authorization of the City Council. Participants are not required to contribute to the Plan.

Effective May 30, 2012, the Division of Retirement mandated that local governments confer with the Plan's actuary to select and maintain a method (percentage of payroll or fixed dollar contributions) that best fits the funding requirements of the Plan. The Plan determined to use the "percentage of payroll contribution" method for the year ended December 31, 2020. The actual contribution from the City for active members was actuarially determined using the latest actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2020.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

C. ELECTED OFFICIALS' RETIREMENT PLAN (EORP) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The Board of Trustees has developed certain investment guidelines and has retained an investment manager. The investment manager is expected to maximize the return on the investment portfolio and may make transactions consistent with that expectation within the Board's guidelines.

The investment balances held by the Plan as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	Fair		Fair		0-12		1-5
Investment Type	Value		Months			Years	
Fixed income-corporate bonds	\$	\$ 843,669		171,409		672,260	
Fixed income-foreign bonds		31,038		_		31,038	
Sub-total Fixed Income		874,707	\$	171,409	\$	703,298	
Common stock		1,606,003					
Foreign stock		219,282					
Preferred stock		54,080					
Mutual fund fixed income		59,940					
Mutual fund equities		289,213					
Partnerships		189,252					
Sub-total Equities		2,417,770					
Total Investments	\$	3,292,477					

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk refers to the portfolio's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Interest rate risk disclosures are required for all debt investments as well as investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments that do not meet the definition of a 2a7-like pool. The Plan's investment policy currently does not set a parameter on the duration of its fixed income securities. However, as of December 31, 2020 the weighted average maturity of the fixed income portfolio was 2.75 years.

Credit Risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The Plan limits its credit risk by limiting its purchases of investments in fixed income securities to U.S. Government and agency securities or corporate bonds which meet or exceed a credit rating of BBB for Standard & Poor's or a Baa for Moody's.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

C. ELECTED OFFICIALS' RETIREMENT PLAN (EORP) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The following table provides a summary of the fixed income investment balances by credit rating.

		Percentage
S&P		of Fixed
<u>Rating</u>	Fair Value	Income
А	\$ 51,311	5.87%
A-	81,159	9.28%
BBB+	281,538	32.19%
BBB	209,982	24.00%
BBB-	248,017	28.35%
CCC-	 2,700	0.31%
	\$ 874,707	<u>100.00%</u>

The credit ratings for investment purchases must be at least BBB by Standard & Poor's or Baa by Moody's. However, the investment policy does not force an investment sale in the event that there is a credit rating cut by either of the rating agencies. The investments in the portfolio that are currently rated below BBB or Baa, had a credit rating in compliance with the policy at the time of purchase.

Custodial Credit Risk – The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are held by the counterparty. The Plan has a third-party custodian agreement with a financial institution to accept securities on a delivery vs payment basis for direct purchase agreement. All securities purchased by the Plan are designated as an asset of the Plan in the Plan's name and are held in safekeeping by the Plan's custodian bank or a third party custodian institution.

Concentration of Credit Risk – GASB Standards require disclosure of investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of the total of the Plan's investments. The Plan's investment policy places investment limitations and provides target allocations to its investment managers to limit credit risk due to concentration. The Plan's investment policy limits investments in any issuer of common stock or corporate bonds to no more than 5% and 10% of the Plan's total assets, respectively. However there are no limitations in government securities. As of December 31, 2020 no investment by any one issuer was above the 5% threshold required for disclosure.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

C. ELECTED OFFICIALS' RETIREMENT PLAN (EORP) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements – Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Plan does not have any investments that are categorized as Level 3.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for the Plan's investments measured at fair value. Level 1 and Level 2, prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the Plan's custodian.

- Equity securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price or current exchange rates (Level 1). This includes common stock, foreign stock, preferred stock, mutual fund equities, and partnerships.
- Debt securities are valued using pricing inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use to price an asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (Level 2). This includes corporate bonds and foreign bonds.

The Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2020.

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
Investments Type	Value as of <u>12/31/2020</u>	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs <u>(Level 2)</u>					
Debt securities:								
Corporate and foreign bonds	\$ 874,707	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 874,707					
Total debt securities	874,707	-	874,707					
Equity securities:								
Common stock	1,606,003	1,606,003	-					
Foreign stock	219,282	132,304	86,978					
Preferred stock	54,080	54,080	-					
Mutual fund fixed income	59,940	59,040	-					
Mutual fund equities	289,213	289,213	-					
Partnerships	189,252	189,252						
Total equity securities	2,417,770	2,329,892	86,978					
Total investments at fair value	\$ 3,292,477	\$ 2,329,892	\$ 961,685					

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

C. ELECTED OFFICIALS' RETIREMENT PLAN (EORP) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The City's net pension liability was measured by the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020 and rolled forward to the December 31, 2020 (measurement date). The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Methods and assumption used to determine net pension liability:

Actuarial Cost Method Salary increase	Entry Age Normal 7.0%					
Investment rate of return	6.75% per year, net investment expenses					
Retirement Age	100% when first eligible for retirement					
Mortality	PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Below-Median					
	Employee Mortality Table, set back one year for males					
	(pre-retirement) and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted					
	Below-Median Healthy Retiree tables, set back one year					
	for males (post-retirement), with mortality improvements					
	projected to each future year after 2010 using Scale MP-					
	2018. These are the same mortality tables used for					
	Regular Class members of the Florida Retirement System					
	(FRS) in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation.					

<u>Long-term expected rate of return</u>: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was determined for equities using estimates of a *current risk-free* component that is the same for all asset classes and an *asset-class premium* component that varies by each asset class due to the differences in expected risk for each class. The *current risk-free rate* is estimated using a 20-year forward looking time horizon of the yield of 20-year U.S. Treasury bonds. The *asset-class premium component* was estimated considering historical return on large-cap stocks, interest rates and inflation data, adjusted for the historical income return provided by the risk free asset. The long term return for the fixed income securities was determined using the yield-to-maturity on the Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index adjusted for the 15-year horizon premium. The best estimates of arithmetic real return for each asset class included in the pension plan's target allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Group	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equities	5.25%
Fixed Income	2.53%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

C. ELECTED OFFICIALS' RETIREMENT PLAN (EORP) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

<u>Discount rate</u>: A single discount rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate on pension plan investments of 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (6.75%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset):

	Elected Officials Retirement Plan					
	Increase (Decrease)					
	To	tal Pension	Plan Fiduciary		N	et Pension
	Liability		Net Position		Liability (asset)	
		(a)	(b)			(a) - (b)
Total pension liability - beginning 12/31/2019	\$	3,477,941	\$	3,488,818	\$	(10,877)
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		37,445		-		37,445
Interest on the total pension liability		231,285		-		231,285
Difference between expected and actual experience						
of the total pension liability		(686,908)		-		(686,908)
Changes of assumptions		(56,606)				(56,606)
Contributions - employer		-		78,774		(78,774)
Net investment income		-		44,562		(44,562)
Benefit payments		(177,876)		(177,876)		-
Pension plan administrative expense		-		(37,952)		37,952
Other		-		3		(3)
Net change in total pension liability (asset)		(652,660)		(92,489)		(560,171)
Total pension liability (asset) - ending 12/31/2020	\$	2,825,281	\$	3,396,329	\$	(571,048)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

C. ELECTED OFFICIALS' RETIREMENT PLAN (EORP) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate</u>: The following *presents* the net pension liability (asset) of the City calculated using the current discount rates (6.75%) and the liability (asset) using discount rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75%) and one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rates:

	Elected Officials Retirement Plan								
			Current						
	1% Decrease 5.75%		dis	count rate 6.75%	1% Increase 7.75%				
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	(241,264)	\$	(571,048)	\$	(845,672)			

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 but based on a measurement date of December 31, 2020, the City recognized a reduction in the Plan's pension expense of \$712,528 This amount is included as a reduction to personal services expenses within the functional program activities.

At September 30, 2021, the City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the EORP as follows:

	Elected Officials Retirement Plan			ment Plan
	Deferred D			Deferred
	Outflows of			Inflows of
	Resources			Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		89,504		-
Total	\$	89,504	\$	-

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments has a deferred outflows of resources of \$263,539 and deferred inflows of resources of \$174,035, resulting in the net outflows of resources of \$89,504. The City also has contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$78,774, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

C. ELECTED OFFICIALS' RETIREMENT PLAN (EORP) (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred
Year Ending	Outflows of
September 30,	Resources
2022	\$ 33,875
2023	37,808
2024	(19,439)
2025	 37,260
	\$ 89,504

The schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios and the schedule of contributions, are presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, provides additional information about the net pension liability, plan assets and contributions.

D. NEW ELECTED OFFICIALS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NEOSMRS)

Plan Description

The City maintains a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established by City Ordinance 2002-02-06 dated February 18, 2002 as amended. The Plan was created to provide retirement benefits to all elected officials of the City of Homestead elected on or after February 18, 2002 and senior management. The Plan is administered by a pension board. The Board has the ability to make recommendations on establishing and amending pension plan provisions which can only be authorized by the City Council. During 2009, a unanimous decision was made to change the Plan year to a calendar year. Therefore, the presentation in these financial statements is as of year ending December 31. A more detailed description of the Plan and its provisions appears in the Ordinances constituting the Plan and in the summary Plan description. The Plan year end is December 31, 2020. The Plan issues a publicly available financial statement that includes fiduciary financial statements and required supplementary information. The financial statements may be obtained by writing to: Board of Trustees – New Elected Officials' and Senior Management Retirement Plan, c/o City of Homestead, Finance Department, 100 Civic Court, Homestead, FL 33030.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

D. NEW ELECTED OFFICIALS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NEOSMRS) (Continued)

Eligibility

Elected Officials elected on or after February 18, 2002, and the following senior managers if hired prior to April 20, 2009: City Manager, Assistant City Manager or Deputy City Manager

Pension Benefits

Upon normal retirement, a participant will receive a minimum of 20% of the average compensation paid during the highest three years of service subject to a maximum of 80%. Retirement age is 55 and 5 years of service. The benefits are increased by 2% each year on January 1st beginning after the elected official has been retired for at least five years. Under the Plan, a participant with more than 10 years of credited service who is determined to be totally and permanently disabled and who no longer serves in office shall receive a disability retirement benefit equal to regular retirement benefits or 35% of the participant's final average compensation, whichever is greater. In addition, there is a death benefit under the Plan that entitles participants' beneficiaries to a lump sum pay-out if the participant was not vested and a monthly benefit if the participant was vested.

Funding Policy

The City is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount that will fully provide for all benefits as they become payable. The funding policy can only be amended by authorization of the City Council. Participants are not required to contribute to the Plan, while the City is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount necessary to pay the annual normal cost of the Plan plus the additional amount needed to amortize any unfunded accrued liability.

Effective May 30, 2012, the Division of Retirement mandated that local governments confer with the Plan's actuary to select and maintain a method (percentage of payroll or fixed dollar contributions) that best fits the funding requirements of the Plan. The Plan determined to use the "percentage of payroll contribution" method for the year ended December 31, 2020. The actual contribution from the City for active members was actuarially determined using the latest actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2020.

Investments

The Board of Trustees has developed certain investment guidelines and has retained investment managers to implement the investment objectives. The investment managers are expected to maximize the return on the investment portfolio and may make transactions consistent with that expectation pursuant to the Board's guidelines.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

D. NEW ELECTED OFFICIALS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NEOSMRS) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The Plan had investment balances as of December 31, 2020:

	Fair		0-12	
Investment Type	<u>Va</u>	lue	Mor	<u>nths</u>
Government Bonds	\$	6	\$	6
Sub-total		6	\$	6
Mutual funds - fixed income	9	77,155		
Mutual funds - equity	3,7	11,778		
Real Estate Fund	5	14,097		
Total Investments at fair value	\$ 5,20	03,036		

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk refers to the portfolio's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Interest rate risk disclosures are required for all debt investments as well as investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments that do not meet the definition of a 2a7-like pool. The Plan's investment policy currently does not set a parameter on the duration of its fixed income securities. As of December 31, 2020 the weighted average maturity of the fixed income portfolio was 1 year.

Credit Risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The Plan limits its credit risk by limiting its purchases of investments in fixed income securities to U.S. Government and agency securities or corporate bonds which meet or exceed a credit rating of BBB for Standard & Poor's or a Baa for Moody's.

The following table provides a summary of the fixed income investment balances by credit rating:

		Percentage
		of Fixed
	Fair Value	Income
*U.S. government guaranteed	\$ 6	100.00%
	\$ 6	<u>100.00%</u>

* Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not have purchase limitations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

D. NEW ELECTED OFFICIALS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NEOSMRS) (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are held by the counterparty. The Plan has third party custodian arrangements with financial institutions to accept securities on a delivery vs payment basis for direct purchase agreements. All securities purchased by the Plan are designated as an asset of the Plan in the Plan's name and are held in safekeeping by the Plan's custodian bank or a third party custodian institution.

Concentration of Credit Risk – GASB Standards require disclosure of investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of the total of the Plan's investments. The Plan's investment policy places investment limitations and provides target allocations to its investment managers to limit credit risk due to concentration. The Plan's investment policy limits investments in any one issuer of common stock or corporate bonds to no more than 5% and 10% of the Plan's total assets, respectively. However there are no limitations in government securities. As of December 31, 2020, no investment by any one issuer was above the 5% threshold required for disclosure.

Fair Value Measurements –Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Plan does not have any investments that are categorized as Level 3.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for the Plan's investments measured at fair value. Level 1 and Level 2 prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the Plan's custodian.

- Equity securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price or current exchange rates (Level 1). This includes mutual funds.
- Debt securities are valued using pricing inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use to price an asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (Level 2). This includes mortage backed securities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

D. NEW ELECTED OFFICIALS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NEOSMRS) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The Plan has the following fair value measurements as of December 31, 2020:

	Fair Value Measurements Using				
	Quoted Prices in				
		Active Markets	Significant Other		
		for Identical	Observable		
	Value as of	Assets	Inputs		
Investments by fair value level:	12/31/2020	(Level 1)	(Level 2)		
Debt securities:					
Mortgage/Asset backed securities	\$ 6	<u>\$</u>	\$ 6		
Total debt securities	6		6		
Equity securities:					
Mutual Funds - fixed income	977,155	977,155	-		
Mutual Funds - equity	3,711,778	3,711,778			
Total equity securities	4,688,933	4,688,933			
Total investments at fair value	4,688,939	\$ 4,688,933	\$ 6		
Investments measured at the net asset value ("NAV")					
Real estate fund	514,097				
Total investments	\$ 5,203,036				

The Plan valuation methods for investments measured at the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Investments measured at the NAV:

			Redemption	Redemption
	Fair	Unfunded	Frequency (if	Notice
	 Value	Commitments	Currenty Eligible)	Period
Real estate fund (1)	\$ 514,097	\$ -	Quarterly	10 business days
Total investments measured at NAV	\$ 514,097			

(1) Real Estate Fund: This fund is an open-end diverdisied core real estate commingled fund whose primary objective is to provide returns that are attractive relative to other asset classes with stable income and the potential for market appreciation. The core fund invests primarily in core institutional, quality industrial, multifamily office, and retail properties located throughout the United States, and is diversified by product type, geographic region, and economic exposure in order to mitigate investment risk.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

D. NEW ELECTED OFFICIALS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NEOSMRS) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The City's net pension liability was measured by the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020 and rolled forward to the December 31, 2020 (measurement date). The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Methods and assumption used to determine net pension liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal					
Salary increase	1.0%					
Investment rate of return	6.75% per year, net investment expenses					
Retirement Age	100% upon eligibility for retirement					
Mortality	PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Below-Median					
	Employee Mortality Table, set back one year for males					
	(pre-retirement) and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted					
	Below-Median Healthy Retiree tables, set back one year					
	for males (post-retirement), with mortality improvements					
	projected to each future year after 2010 using Scale MP-					
	2018. These are the same mortality tables used for					
	Regular Class members of the Florida Retirement System					
	(FRS) in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation.					

<u>Long-term expected rate of return</u>: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the long-term nominal building block data less the long-term assumption of 2.5%. The building block long-term real return projections were developed considering the long-term historic capital market returns, 10-15 year expected capital market return assumptions, as well as, historical, current, and expected inflation data. Best estimates of arithmetic real return for each asset class included in the pension plan's target allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Group	Long-Term Expected Real rate of return
Domestic Equity	7.50%
International Equity	8.50%
Domestic Bonds	2.50%
International Bonds	3.50%
Real Estate	4.50%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

D. NEW ELECTED OFFICIALS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NEOSMRS) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

<u>Discount rate</u>: A single discount rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate on pension plan investments of 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (6.75%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

New Elected Officials' and

	New Elected Officials' and						
	Senior Management Retirement System						
		I	ncrea	ase (Decreas	e)		
	Тс	otal Pension	Pla	n Fiduciary	N	et Pension	
		Liability	Net Position		Lial	bility (asset)	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Total pension liability - beginning 12/31/2019	\$	4,864,249	\$	4,914,056	\$	(49,807)	
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost		63,256		-		63,256	
Interest on the total pension liability		321,611		-		321,611	
Difference between expected and actual experience							
of the total pension liability		34,588		-		34,588	
Changes of assumptions		(130,952)		-		(130,952)	
Contributions - employer		-		93,505		(93,505)	
Net investment income		-		671,544		(671,544)	
Benefit payments		(325,799)		(325,799)		-	
Pension plan administrative expense		-		(45,324)		45,324	
Net change in total pension liability (asset)		(37,296)		393,926		(431,222)	
Total pension liability (asset) - ending 12/31/2020	\$	4,826,953	\$	5,307,982	\$	(481,029)	

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset):

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

D. NEW ELECTED OFFICIALS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NEOSMRS) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate</u>: The following *presents* the net pension liability (asset) of the City calculated using the current discount rates (6.75%) and the liability (asset) using discount rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75%) and one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rates:

	New Elected Officials' and						
	Senior Management Retirement System						
	1% D	% Decrease discount rate			1% Increase		
	5.75% 6.75%		7.75%				
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	84,114	\$	(481,029)	\$	(949,314)	

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 but based on a measurement date of December 31, 2020, the City recognized a reduction in the Plan's pension expense of \$119,992. This amount is included as a reduction to personal services expenses within the functional program activities.

At September 30, 2021, the City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Plan as follows:

		New Elected Officials' and					
	Sei	Senior Management Retirement System					
	Deferred Defer						
		Inflows of					
		Resources		Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	37,935	\$	-			
Changes in assumptions		20,659		104,732			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings							
on pension plan investments				500,648			
Total	\$	58,594	\$	605,380			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

D. NEW ELECTED OFFICIALS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NEOSMRS) (Continued)

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments has a deferred outflows of resources of \$202,063 and deferred inflows of resources of \$702,711, resulting in the net inflows of resources of \$500,648. The City also has contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$94,435, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to NEOSMRS will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense as follows:

	N	et Deferred
Year Ending	(Outflows of
September 30,		Resources
2022	\$	(158,514)
2023		(96,495)
2024		(205,874)
2025		(85,903)
	\$	(546,786)

The schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios and the schedule of contributions, are presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, provides additional information about the net pension liability, plan assets and contributions.

E. FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (HFRS)

Plan Description

The following description of the City of Homestead Firefighters' Retirement System is provided for general information only. Participants should refer to the Plan agreement for more complete information. The Plan year end is December 31, 2020. The Plan issues a publicly available financial statement that includes fiduciary financial statements and required supplementary information. The financial statements may be obtained by writing to: Board of Trustees – Firefighters' Retirement System, C/O City of Homestead, Finance Department., 100 Civic Court, FL 33030.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

E. FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (HFRS) (Continued)

Eligibility

The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, covering members of the City of Homestead Firefighters. No new participants entered the Plan after 1978.

Pension Benefits

Participants are entitled to monthly pension benefits beginning at normal retirement age (55). Normal retirement benefit is in the form of an annuity equal to the lesser of 3% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of service or to a maximum 80% of average compensation.

Disability Benefits

A member who becomes permanently and totally disabled and has at least five years of credited service is entitled to receive a monthly benefit based upon the accrued benefit at date of disability reduced to reflect an early commencement date. Under all circumstances it will not be less than 50% of average compensation.

Termination Benefits

If a vested participant is terminated, the participant is entitled to receive a monthly benefit commencing on the normal retirement date or (b) a reduced early benefit on the date of eligibility for an early retirement benefit.

Death Benefit

The Plan provides a pre-retirement death benefit. The benefit payable for members with 10 or more years of credited service is equal to the amount the member would have received under early or normal retirement. Members with less than 10 years of credited service, the pre-retirement death benefit is payable in a lump sum amount equal to the participants contribution account.

Funding Policy

Contributions to the Plan are provided by the State of Florida and the City. The City is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount. State of Florida contributions are recorded as revenues and expenditures in the City of Homestead's General Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

E. FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (HFRS) (Continued)

State of Florida Excess Contributions

Florida Statutes outline minimum Plan benefits. Costs associated with making benefit improvements are required only to the extent that additional State contributions (premium tax revenue) are available. Premium tax revenue is determined as the excess of tax revenues earned subsequent to December 31, 1997 over the tax revenue earned for 1997. Excess revenues must be used to fund benefits in addition to or greater than those provided to participants.

Investments

The Board of Trustees has engaged outside investment professionals to manage Plan assets. Firms registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as investment advisors manage fixed income and equity assets of the Plan. The investment custodian is responsible for the activity and safeguarding of the investment assets. The Board also utilizes an investment consultant to provide advice on manager performance and investment policy amendments and benchmarks.

The Plan investments are managed by Highland Capital Management LLC. Plan assets are held in custodial accounts with Salem Trust.

The Plan had investment balances as of December 31, 2020:

	Fair		Fair		1-5	6-10		More than
Investment Type		Value	N	Months	Years		Years	10 years
Fixed income securities	\$	3,871,468	\$	50,177	\$ 1,347,337	\$	852,351	\$ 1,621,603
Sub-total : fixed income		3,871,468	\$	50,177	<u>\$1,347,337</u>	\$	852,351	\$ 1,621,603
Common stocks		2,438,754						
Mutual Funds equity		816,914						
Total Investments at fair value	\$	7,127,136						

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

E. FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (HFRS) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk refers to the portfolio's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Interest rate risk disclosures are required for all debt investments as well as investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments that do not meet the definition of a 2a7-like pool. The Plan does not have a written policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to losses arising from interest rate fluctuations. The Plan evaluates its portfolio to determine if based on the interest rate environment, other investment vehicles would provide higher yields that lower the cost of risk.

Credit Risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The Plan limits its credit risk by limiting its investments in fixed income securities to U.S. Government and agency securities or corporate bonds which meet or exceed a credit rating of BBB for Standard & Poor's or Baa for Moody's. As of December 31, 2020, the Plan's corporate bonds were rated between A1 and Baa3 by Moody's Investor Services.

	Corporate	Percentage
Moody's	Bonds	of Fixed
Rating	Fair Value	Income
Between A1 and Baa3	\$ 2,170,101	<u>56.05%</u>

Custodial Credit Risk – The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that investment securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Plan and are held by a counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Plan's name. The custodial risk, is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of the investment that is in the possession of an outside party.

Consistent with the Plan's investment policy, the investments are held by a third party custodian. Investments held by the custodian are registered in the custodian's name as nominee. The Plan requires that the custodian insure all Plan investments in accordance with terms of the custodial agreement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

E. FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (HFRS) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk – GASB Standards require disclosure of investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of its total investments. The Plan's investment policy places investment limitations and provides target allocations to its investment managers to limit credit risk due to concentration.

As of December 31, 2020, investments in Vanguard 500 Index Fund of \$798,830 exceeded 5% of the Plan's total investments.

Fair Value Measurements –Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Plan does not have any investments that are categorized as Level 3.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for the Plan's investments measured at fair value. Level 1 and 2 prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the Plan's custodian.

- Short-term investments, which consist of money market funds, are reported at cost.
- Equity securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price or current exchange rates (Level 1). This includes common stock, and American depository receipts and mutual fund equities.
- Debt securities are valued using pricing inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use to price an asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (Level 2). This includes U.S. Treasury bonds and notes, inflation-indexed bonds, U.S federal agencies, mortgage-backed and collateralized securities, municipal bonds, mutual bond funds and corporate obligations, including asset-backed, foreign bonds and notes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

E. FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (HFRS) (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The Plan has the following fair value measurements as of December 31, 2020:

	Fair Value Measurements Using								
			Quoted Prices in						
			Act	ive Markets	Significant Othe				
			fo	r Identical	Observable				
	V	alue as of		Assets	Inputs				
Investments Type	<u>1</u>	<u>12/31/2020</u> (Level 1)		<u>(Level 1)</u>		Level 2)			
Equity securities	\$	2,438,754	\$	1,876,385	\$	562,369			
Mutual Funds		816,914		816,914					
Corporate bonds		2,170,101		-		2,170,101			
Government securities		1,546,662		121,978	1,424,68				
Municipal obligations		154,705		-		154,705			
Total fair value	\$	7,127,136	\$	2,815,277	\$	4,311,859			

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The City's net pension liability was measured by the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020 and rolled forward to the December 31, 2020 (measurement date). The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Methods and assumption used to determine net pension liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.5%
Salary increase	N/A
Investment rate of return	5.00% net of investment related expenses
Retirement Age	N/A

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

E. FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (HFRS) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

Methods and assumption used to determine net pension liability (Continued):

Mortality

RP-2000 Mortality Table for annuitants (for healthy postretirement mortality), with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates include a 90% blue collar adjustment and a 10% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment. For disabled retirees, the mortality table used was 60% of the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Disabled Annuitants with ages set back 4 years for males and set forward 2 years for females, and 40% of the RP-2000 Mortality Table for healthy annuitants with a 100% white collar adjustment, with no provision being made for future mortality improvements. These are the same rates used for Special Risk Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in their July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation, in compliance with Chapter 112.63(1)(f), which requires use of the same mortality tables from either of the two most recently published actuarial valuation reports of FRS.

<u>Discount rate</u>: A single discount rate of 5.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate on pension plan investments of 5.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (5.00%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

E. FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (HFRS) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

<u>Long-term expected rate of return</u>: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the long-term nominal building block data less the longterm inflation assumption of 2.5%. The building block long-term real return projections were developed through a evaluation process overseen by the AndCo Investment Policy Committee. The Committee considered many factors, including but not limited to, the intellectual capital of tenured professionals, long-term historic capital market returns, 10-15 year expected capital market return assumptions, as well as, historical, current, and expected inflation data. The projection of long-term real returns for the plan's target allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Group	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	7.50%
International Equity	8.50%
Domestic Bonds	2.50%
International Bonds	3.50%

Firefighters Retirement system

Changes in Net Pension Liability (asset):

	r nonginers Rethement system						
	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Lial	et Pension pility (asset) (a) - (b)	
Total pension liability - beginning 12/31/2019 Changes for the year:	\$	6,740,216	\$	7,724,047	\$	(983,831)	
Interest on the total pension liability		386,794		-		386,794	
Difference between expected and actual experience							
of the total pension liability		98,587		-		98,587	
Change of assumptions		587,083		-		587,083	
Contributions - employer		-		76,407		(76,407)	
Contributions - employer (from state)		-		217,787		(217,787)	
Net investment income		-		630,592		(630,592)	
Benefit payments		(738,208)		(738,208)		-	
Pension plan administrative expense		-		(79,480)		79,480	
Other (change in share plan reserve)		150,912		-		150,912	
Net change in total pension liability (asset)		485,168		107,098		378,070	
Total pension liability (asset) - ending 12/31/2020	\$	7,225,384	\$	7,831,145	\$	(605,761)	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

E. FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (HFRS) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate</u>: The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City calculated using the current discount rates (5.00%) and the liability (asset) using discount rates that are one percentage point lower (4.00%) and one percentage point higher (6.00%) than the current rates:

	Firefighters Retirement System						
	Current						
	1% Decrease 4.00%		dis	count rate	1% Increase		
			5.00%		6.00%		
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	91,989	\$	(605,761)	\$	(1,192,843)	

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 but based on a measurement date of December 31, 2020, the City recognized the Plan's pension expense of \$378,364. This amount is included as an addition to personal services expenses within the functional program activities.

At September 30, 2021, the City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Plan as follows:

	Firefighters Retirement System				
	Deferred De			Deferred	
	Outflows of In			Inflows of	
	Resources			Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-	
Difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		-		516,153	
Total	\$	-	\$	516,153	

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments has a deferred outflows of resources of \$342,296 and deferred inflows of resources of \$858,449, resulting in the net inflows of resources of \$516,153. The City also has contributions from the State subsequent to the measurement date of \$66,875, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

E. FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (HFRS) (Continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to HFRS will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense as follows:

Ν	et Deferred
	Outflows of
	Resources
\$	(182,329)
	(63,053)
	(234,201)
	(36,570)
\$	(516,153)

The schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios and the schedule of contributions, are presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, provides additional information about the net pension liability, plan assets and contributions.

The following table summarized the aggregate amount for all five pension plans for the period as of the indicated measurement date:

	Measurement Date	Net Pension Asset	Net Pension (liability)	Deferred Outflows Resources	0	Deferred Inflows f Resources	Outf	Net Deferred Flows/(Inflows) f Resources	Pension Expense (income)
General Employees' Retirement Plan	9/30/2021	\$-	\$ (8,652,889)	\$ 2,247,693	\$	(1,381,816)	\$	865,877	\$ (1,484,366)
Police Officers' Retirement Plan	9/30/2021	-	(19,733,215)	4,039,300		(4,157,555)		(118,255)	(578,178)
Elected Officials' Retirement Plan	12/31/2020	571,048	-	263,539		(174,035)		89,504	(712,528)
New Elected Officials and Senior									
Management Retirement System	12/31/2020	481,029	-	260,657		(807,443)		(546,786)	(119,992)
Firefighters' Retirement System	12/31/2020	605,761	 -	 342,296		(858,449)		(516,153)	378,364
		\$ 1,657,838	\$ (28,386,104)	\$ 7,153,485	\$	(7,379,298)	\$	(225,813)	<u>\$ (2,516,700)</u>
By Activities type:									
Governmental Activ	vities	\$ 1,657,838	\$ (23,019,292)	\$ 5,759,390	\$	(6,522,250)	\$	(762,860)	\$ (1,533,596)
Business-type Acti	vities		 (5,366,812)	 1,394,095		(857,048)		537,047	(983,104)
Total:		\$ 1,657,838	\$ (28,386,104)	\$ 7,153,485	\$	(7,379,298)	\$	(225,813)	\$ (2,516,700)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

Reconciliation of Deferred Outflows of Resources to Statement of Net Position:

			(Contributions	Defe	Total erred Outflows
	Measurement	Per		made after		tatement of
	Date	GASB 68	mea	asurement date	ľ	Net Position
General Employees' Retirement Plan	9/30/2020	\$ 2,247,693	\$	2,155,733	\$	4,403,426
Police Officers' Retirement Plan	9/30/2020	4,039,300		5,765,336		9,804,636
Elected Officials' Retirement Plan	12/31/2020	263,539		78,774		342,313
New Elected Officials and Senior						
Management Retirement System	12/31/2020	260,657		94,435		355,092
Firefighters' Retirement System	12/31/2020	 342,296		66,875		409,171
		\$ 7,153,485	\$	8,161,153	\$	15,314,638
By Activities type:						
Governmental Activit	ies	\$ 5,759,390	\$	6,824,095	\$	12,583,485
Business-type Activit	ies	 1,394,095		1,337,058		2,731,153
Total:		\$ 7,153,485	\$	8,161,153	\$	15,314,638

F. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

City Managers' Defined Contribution Plan

The City offers a defined contribution plan for the City Manager created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 401(a) and Ordinance Number 97-01-06 dated January 21, 1997. The Plan covers only the City Manager. The City contributes 18% of salary. Plan provisions may be amended by the City Council. The Plan is held in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the participant and the participants' beneficiaries by a third party administrator. Consequently, the City has no fiduciary responsibility, and therefore, the assets of the Plan are not included in the City's financial statements. Because the current City Manager elected to not participate in the Plan, the City made no contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11. <u>MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS</u> (Continued)

F. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN (Continued)

Executive Employees' Defined Contribution Plan

The City offers a defined contribution plan for department directors, assistant directors, and assistant city managers created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 401(a) and Ordinance Number 97-03-15 dated April 1, 1997. At September 30, 2021 there were 11 Plan members. Plan members are required to contribute 5% to the Plan and are fully vested after one year of service. The City is required to contribute 13% of the participants' earnings. Plan provisions may be amended by the City Council. The Plan is held in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and the participants' beneficiaries by a third party administrator. Consequently, the City has no fiduciary responsibility, and therefore, the assets of the Plan are not included in the City's financial statements. The City contributed totaling \$191,052 to the Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan

As of April 1, 2009, general employees have the option of participating in the General Employees' defined contribution plan. The Plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 401(a) and Resolution Number R2009-03-37. The City will match employee contributions up to 8% of pay. Plan provisions may be amended by the City Council. The Plan is held in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and the participants' beneficiaries by a third party administrator. Consequently, the City has no fiduciary responsibility, and therefore, the assets of the Plan are not included in the City's financial statements. The City contributed \$474,448 to the Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTE 12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City administered a single-employer defined benefit plan (the "OPEB Plan") that provides medical and life insurance benefits to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The City presently offers retired employees the opportunity to retain post-employment health and life insurance at the same premium charged to regular employees. The Plan is not accounted for as a trust fund since an irrevocable trust has not been established to fund the plan. The Plan has no assets and does not issue a separate financial report.

At September 30, 2021, the OPEB Plan covered 206 active employees and 41 retirees for health insurance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Except for elected officials in the EORP Pension Plan, the City does not provide funding for any portion of the premiums after retirement; however, the City recognizes that there is an implicit subsidy arising as a result of the blended rate premium since retiree health care costs, on the average, are higher than active employee health costs.

Funding Policy

The City currently funds this benefit on a pay-as-you-go basis and intends to continue this practice.

Total OPEB Liability

Valuation Date:	10/01/2020
Measurement Date:	10/01/2020
Reporting date:	09/30/2021

At September 30, 2021, the City reported the following:

Total OPEB liability:\$11,213,911Total covered payroll:\$26,312,509OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll:43%.

Methods and assumption used to determine Total OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method Discount Rate Healthare Cost Trend Rates Mortality Rate Entry Age Normal 2.26% 5.0% for 2021 to later years RF-2014 mortality table (combined healthy lives) with projected mortality

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability:

	<u>Liability</u>
Total OPEB liability- beginning 9/30/2020	\$ 13,110,753
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	721,421
Interest cost	356,320
Difference between expected and actual experience	(4,016,426)
Change of assumptions	1,193,783
Benefit payments	 (151,940)
Net change in OPEB liability	 (1,896,842)
Total OPEB liability- ending 9/30/2021	\$ 11,213,911
By Activities type:	
Governmental Activities	\$ 6,999,970
Business-type Activities	 4,213,941
Total:	\$ 11,213,911

OPEB

<u>Sensitivity of OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate</u>: The following presents the OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.26%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.26%) than the current discount rate:

	Sensitivity Testing to change in interest discount assumption								
		Selected							
	1%	Decrease	di	scount rate	19	6 Increase			
Discount rate assumption	1.26%		2.26%		3.26%				
Total OPEB liability	\$	12,876,107	\$	11,213,911	\$	9,894,000			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of OPEB liability to changes in medical costs trend rate:</u> The following presents the OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a medical costs trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.5%) than the current medical costs trend rate rate:

	Sensitivity Testing to change in medical costs trend assumption							
	Selected							
	1% Decrease		-	Trend rate		% Increase		
Medical costs trend assumption	starts at 5.5%		starts at 6.5%		starts at 7.5%			
Total OPEB liability	\$	9,916,418	\$	11,213,911	\$	12,807,001		

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 but based on a measurement date of October 1, 2020, the City recognized a reduction to the Plan's OPEB expense of \$1,166,517. This amount is included as a decrease to personal services expenses within the functional program activities.

At September 30, 2021, the City reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Plan as follows:

	OPEB			
		Deferred	Deferred	
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	7,131,181
Changes in assumptions		-		2,672,114
Expected benefit payments subsequent to the				
measurement date of 10/1/2020		179,169		-
Total	\$	179,169	\$	9,803,295
By Activities type:				
Governmental Activities	\$	111,840	\$	6,119,432
Business-Type Activities		67,329		3,683,863
Total	\$	179,169	\$	9,803,295

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Net Deferred
Year Ending	Inflows of
September 30,	Resources
2022	\$ (1,254,150)
2023	(1,254,150)
2024	(1,254,150)
2025	(1,254,150)
2026	(1,254,150)
2027+	 (3,532,545)
	\$ (9,803,295)

The schedule of changes in the City's total OPEB liability and related ratios presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, provides additional information about the OPEB liability.

NOTE 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

a. Litigation

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is in the opinion of the City management and counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

b. Compliance Audits

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by Federal and State grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be insignificant.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

c. Florida Petroleum Reprocessors Superfund Site

In the late 1990s, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) identified the City, together with several hundred other entities, as a potentially responsible party (PRP) with respect to the Florida Petroleum Reprocessors Superfund Site (FPR site). According to the EPA, the City is jointly and severally liable for all necessary costs of response incurred in connection with the cleanup of the FPR site. The PRP group, including the City, have finalized a consent decree with the EPA to share the costs of undertaking the assessment of the FPR site and a cleanup of a portion of the site. The consent decree was entered as a final order by the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida on January 23, 2006. The City has contributed \$68,475 toward that effort to date. While a part of the cleanup has been completed (the onsite soil and groundwater), a large plume of contaminated groundwater extends offsite. The PRP group is responsible for the cleanup of the plume. The FPR site will remain on the U.S. EPA list of Superfund sites for at least several more years. Cleanup of the offsite groundwater contamination, which is being accomplished through "natural attenuation," is ongoing and no estimated completion date has been identified.

d. Power Sales Contracts

In connection with the City's participation in certain Florida Municipal Power Agency projects, the City is committed to purchase its entitlement share of capacity and must take energy generation of these projects as defined in the power sales contracts. The City's cost of power purchased under these power sales contracts, which extend through 2041, total approximately \$221 million plus interest imputed at annual rate at 5%. The City intends to meet its obligations under these agreements. Purchased power during fiscal 2021 was sufficient to meet the City's commitment under the power sales contracts.

Required purchase commitments under these contracts for future fiscal years are approximately as follows:

Fiscal year ending September 30:	
2022	\$ 15,090,000
2023	15,392,000
2024	15,700,000
2025	16,014,000
2026	16,334,000
2027 - 2031	52,284,000
2032 - 2036	42,824,000
2037 - 2041	 47,281,000
Total	220,919,000
Less amount representing interest	 69,165,000
Total present value	\$ 151,754,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

e. Motorsports Complex

The City of Homestead is a party in a long-term lease agreement with Homestead Motorsports Joint Venture to manage and operate the Motorsports Complex. The lease provides for the City to receive annual rental income through its expiration on December 31, 2032. Future lease income is as follows:

Fiscal year ending September 30:	
2022	\$ 1,000,000
2023	1,000,000
2024	1,000,000
2025	1,000,000
2026	1,000,000
2027 - 2031	5,000,000
2032	 1,000,000
Total	\$ 11,000,000

NOTE 14. HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

For fiscal year 2021 total property tax revenues for the CRA amounted to \$3,917,053. Of the total amount, \$1,688,079 was from property taxes levied by Miami-Dade County and \$2,228,974 was from property taxes levied by the City.

Projects completed in fiscal year 2021:

- Three (3) Community Events were sponsored by CRA.
- One (1) Small Business Resource Event was held and sponsored by CRA.
- One (1) unsafe building was demolished.
- Received and processed three (3) Commercial Enhancement Grant applications.
- Received and processed two (2) Residential Improvement Grant applications.
- Received two (2) Business Incentive Grant applications.
- Implemented First Time Homebuyers Program.
- Selected developer for the construction of homes for First Time Homebuyers program.
- The CRA Code Enforcement Officer issued 395 citations to residents.
- The Community Policing Officer participated in 29 community events and, made 499 business contacts. Also, they executed 18 arrests, completed 18 incident reports and 79 field interview reports and, responded to a total of 180 backup calls.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 14. <u>HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY</u> (Continued)

Projects planned for fiscal year 2022:

- Support for Seminole Theatre administration.
- Demolition of unsafe structures.
- Land acquisition.
- Construction of four (4) new homes for First Time Homebuyers.
- Complete Krome Avenue Lighting Improvement project.
- Begin construction on Southwest Senior Housing Development.
- Implement Downtown Krome Beautification Project.
- Implement SW 4th Street Beautification Project.
- Clean-Up of the arsenic contaminated Flagler Avenue Lot for future development.
- Losner Park grand opening event.
- Sponsor five (5) Community Events.
- Sponsor and host (1) business resource fair.
- New Down Payment Assistance Program for low to moderate income people.
- Award one (1) Commercial Incentive Grant to increase economic development.
- Award six (6) Commercial Enhancement and three (3) Residential Improvement grants.

Expenditures incurred during fiscal year 2021 related to these projects are as follows:

	Ex	penditures
General government	\$	1,767,417
Public safety		235,822
Public works		194,367
Parks & recreation		401,350
Capital outlay		(36,427)
Total Expenditures	\$	2,562,529

A separated indepentdently published financial statements for CRA may be obtained by contacting: CRA Director, 212 NW, 1st Avenue, Homestead, Florida 33030.

NOTE 15. HURRICANE IRMA

On September 10, 2017, the City was impacted by Hurricane Irma, a powerful Category 4 hurricane. The City has completed all power restoration efforts, debris clearance and removal, and repairs to the few damaged facilities. The City has filed all pertinent documentation for federal and state funding, and is currently addressing any subsequent requests for information. As of September 30, 2021, hurricane-related costs were approximately \$13.9 million, while costs submitted for reimbursement under the FEMA Public Assistance Program totaled \$12.8 million. Staff is confident that most of the costs will be reimbursed from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), with any non-reimbursable costs to the City ultimately being paid from the City's hurricane fee reserves of over \$3 million.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 16. CARES ACT/COVID-19

As a result of the COVID-19 global pandemic, the City issued a declaration of emergency in March 2020. In an effort to combat and respond to this health emergency, the City has incurred unbudgeted costs that it anticipates getting reimbursed through various grants and public assistance programs. As a sub-recipient of CARES Act funding, the City entered into an interlocal agreement with Miami-Dade County under their allocation from the Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF). As of September 30, 2021, the City has recognized the entire \$1,687,721 allotment of approved funding through this agreement, excluding the Miami-Dade County Municipal Housing Program, which funded \$395,870 in direct housing assistance to qualified City of Homestead residents. As of September 30, 2021, the City also expended approximately \$798,492 under CARES Act awards (CDBG-CV) from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"), \$653,525 has already been drawndown. The City is also seeking public assistance funding through FEMA for the remaining costs; however, as of September 30. 2021, no funds have been obligated to the City. Additionally, funds received through the CARES Act during Fiscal Year 2020 were initially reported as "Other financing Sources." However, upon further development of CRF guidance issued by the U.S. Department of Treasury regarding reporting standards, these funds were later reported as "Intergovernmental Revenues" starting Fiscal Year 2021.

As the City responds to the situation, it continues to provide uninterrupted essential services to its residents while keeping their safety and well-being, and that of its employees, as a top priority. The extent to which COVID-19 will impact the City's results of operations will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and unpredictable.

NOTE 17. AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT OF 2021 (ARPA)

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 ("ARPA") was signed into law which provides for additional funding for state and local governments to help in the nation's recovery from the public health and economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as to equip cities and towns with the tools necessary to start building a stronger and more equitable future over the next decade.

On May 19, 2021, the City received the first tranche of ARPA funding of \$9,596,043. The City expects to receive the final tranche of \$9,596,043 in ARPA funding sometime during May 2022 or sometime soon after. As of September 30, 2021, the City expended a total of \$ 9,000 of ARPA funds and is also currently determining which projects will be completed and funded from the remaining ARPA funds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted	l Am	ounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$ 18,311,675	\$	18,311,675	\$	18,472,002		160,327
Fuel taxes	1,083,845		1,083,845		1,216,531		132,686
Franchise fees	4,609,837		4,609,837		4,609,837		-
Utility taxes	1,617,848		1,617,848		1,566,050		(51,798)
Communication service taxes	1,212,672		1,212,672		1,598,216		385,544
Half cent sales taxes	 5,378,103		5,378,103		6,364,097		985,994
Total taxes	 32,213,980		32,213,980		33,826,733		1,612,753
Licenses and permits	2,507,500		2,507,500		2,899,749		392,249
Intergovernmental:							
State revenue sharing	2,793,060		2,793,060		4,514,905		1,721,845
State insurance premium taxes	880,051		880,051		929,117		49,066
County revenue sharing	75,000		75,000		104,220		29,220
Total intergovernmental	 3,748,111		3,748,111	_	5,548,242	_	1,800,131
Charges for services:							
Recreation fees	293,904		293,904		133,163		(160,741)
Other fees	890,820		890,820		1,170,800		279,980
Total charges for services	 1,184,724		1,184,724		1,303,963		119,239
Fines and forfeitures	420,000		420,000		410,786		(9,214)
Investment income	135,000		135,000		165,951		30,951
Payments in lieu of taxes	2,254,680		2,254,680		2,254,680		-
Rentals and other revenues	8,659,943		8,659,943		8,939,716		279,773
Total other revenues	 11,469,623		11,469,623		11,771,133		301,510
Total revenues	\$ 51,123,938	\$	51,123,938	\$	55,349,820	\$	4,225,882

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Am	ounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	 Original	1 1111	Final	•	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures:	<u>originai</u>		<u></u>		<u> </u>	<u>(1+0guti+0)</u>
General government:						
Mayor and Council	\$ 1,243,856	\$	1,194,856	\$	915,207	\$ 279,649
City Attorney	1,000,000		1,520,000		1,386,193	133,807
City Manager	780,875		815,875		811,322	4,553
City Clerk	635,327		635,327		582,041	53,286
Planning & Zoning	1,507,040		1,542,920		1,542,899	21
Finance	1,656,972		1,651,947		1,640,013	11,934
General Services	1,884,269		1,821,854		1,789,113	32,741
Genaral Administration	2,760,370		2,157,370		1,938,789	218,581
Human resources	 641,850		641,850		608,059	 33,791
Total general government	 12,110,559		11,981,999		11,213,636	 768,363
Public safety:						
Police	30,091,639		30,461,779		28,308,622	2,153,157
Building department	 1,842,220		1,836,720		1,772,649	 64,071
Total public safety	 31,933,859		32,298,499		30,081,271	 2,217,228
Public works and services:						
Streets	1,328,182		1,279,983		1,099,777	180,206
Total public works	 1,328,182		1,279,983		1,099,777	 180,206
Parks, recreation and facility maintenance	 5,806,246		5,334,173		4,809,631	 524,542
Total parks and recreation	 5,806,246		5,334,173		4,809,631	 524,542
Capital outlay	377,462		661,654		1,691,964	(1,030,310)
Debt service:						
Principal	430,896		8,458,896		8,350,066	108,830
Interest and fiscal charges	207,914		269,914		206,601	63,313
Total expenditures	 52,195,118		60,285,118		57,452,946	 2,832,172
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (1,071,180)		(9,161,180)		(2,103,126)	 7,058,054
	 (-,,,		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(_,,,,	 .,
Other financing sources (uses):						
Issuance of debt (equipment financing)	-		-		1,171,716	1,171,716
Issuance of other long-term debts	-		8,090,000		8,063,923	(26,077)
Transfers in	1,092,240		1,092,240		1,007,921	(84,319)
Transfers out	(400,000)		(2,200,000)		(2,200,000)	-
Appropriation of prior years' fund balance	 378,940		2,178,940		-	 (2,178,940)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,071,180		9,161,180		8,043,560	 (1,117,620)
Change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-		5,940,434	\$ 5,940,434
Fund balance - beginning					43,065,262	
Fund balance - ending				\$	49,005,696	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Revenues:		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts <u>Final</u>	-	<u>Actual</u>	,	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
	¢	2 0 1 7 0 5 2	\$	2 017 052	¢	4 002 220	¢	95 276
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$	3,917,053 21,000	Э	3,917,053 21,000	\$	4,002,329 2,951	\$	85,276 (18,049)
Other revenue		21,000		21,000		2,931 15,661		(18,049)
		2 029 052		2 029 052				
Total revenues		3,938,053		3,938,053		4,020,941		82,888
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		2,762,986		2,752,986		1,767,417		985,569
Public safety		252,484		252,484		235,822		16,662
Public works and services		288,988		298,988		194,367		104,621
Parks & recreation		-		429,468		401,350		28,118
Capital outlays		708,756		279,288		(36,427)		315,715
Total expenditures		4,013,214		4,013,214		2,562,529		1,450,685
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(75,161)		(75,161)		1,458,412		1,533,573
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		-		-		89,956		89,956
Transfers out		(653,000)		(653,000)		(353,000)		300,000
Appropriation of prior years' fund balance		728,161		728,161		-		(728,161)
Total other financing sources (uses)		75,161		75,161		(263,044)		(338,205)
Change in fund balance	\$	_	\$			1,195,368	\$	1,195,368
Fund balance - beginning						1,689,568		
Fund balance - ending					\$	2,884,936		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budge Original	eted	Am	ounts Final	-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (<u>Negative</u>)
Revenues:	-						
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	19,192,087	\$	9,000	\$ (19,183,087)
Investment income		-		-		3,039	 3,039
Total revenues		-		19,192,087		12,039	 (19,180,048)
Expenditures: Current: General government Total expenditures		-		19,192,087 19,192,087		9,000 9,000	 19,183,087 19,183,087
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-				3,039	 3,039
Change in fund balance	\$	-	\$			3,039	\$ 3,039
Fund balance - beginning							
Fund balance - ending					\$	3,039	

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The State of Florida requires that all units of local government prepare, adopt and execute an annual budget for such funds as may be required by law or by sound financial practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Accordingly, the City has established the following procedures for the budgeting process:

- 1. During the beginning of September, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to make budgetary transfers and amendments within any department. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a department or fund must be approved by the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level except for General Fund which is at the department level. Unencumbered appropriations in the annual operating budget lapse at fiscal year-end.
- 5. The City budgets revenues and expenditures for the General Fund, the Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency Fund and the American Rescue Plan Fund on the basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.
- 6. While the General Fund and the Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency annual budgets were adopted through an ordinance, the American Rescue Plan Fund does not have an annual adopted budget. Instead, the City adopts the budget by Resolution that coincide with the length of the grant or assistance which does not result in an annual budget.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts and purchase orders issued for goods and services. Encumbrances (primarily for capital items) outstanding at year end are reported as assigned fund balance as appropriations for subsequent year's budget and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

7. The General Fund had \$9,890,000 in supplemental appropriations in fiscal year 2021:

\$ 8,090,000	Issuance of a Capital Improvement Refunding Note	Ordinance 2021-07-11
<u>1,800,000</u>	Transfer to Water & Sewer Fund	Ordinance 2021-12-18
<u>9,890,000</u>		

REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

GENERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

Measurement date September 30,		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
A. Total pension liability														
Service Cost	\$	1,414,901	\$	1,493,602	\$	1,643,498	\$	1,667,916	\$	1,653,360	\$	1,693,876	\$	1,749,000
Interest on the total pension liability		6,523,098		6,275,331		6,090,423		5,674,844		5,618,813		5,415,394		5,207,957
Difference between expected and actual experience														
of the total pension liability		(1,085,959)		282,792		(740,698)		557,519		(807,532)		57,471		(588,885)
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		1,956,133		-		-		-
Benefit payments		(4,544,982)		(4,037,075)		(4,128,538)		(3,157,304)		(3,721,862)		(2,900,572)		(3,626,962)
Refunds		(14,818)		(7,903)		(34,398)		(30,307)		(57,959)		(30,096)		(256,423)
Net change in total pension liability		2,292,240		4,006,747		2,830,287		6,668,801		2,684,820		4,236,073		2,484,687
Total pension liability - beginning		97,503,491		93,496,744		90,666,457		83,997,656		81,312,836		77,076,763		74,592,076
Total pension liability - ending	\$	99,795,731	\$	97,503,491	\$	93,496,744	\$	90,666,457	\$	83,997,656	\$	81,312,836	\$	77,076,763
B. Plan fiduciary net position														
Contributions - employer	\$	2,476,457	\$	2,613,899	\$	2,794,643	\$	2,505,891	\$	2,725,022	\$	2,834,656	\$	2,874,430
Contributions - employee	Ŷ	294,602	Ψ	311,611	Ψ	336,745	Ψ	360,501	Ψ	353,824	Ψ	360,333	Ψ	368,500
Net investment income		3,706,972		6,791,312		4,307,216		6,830,581		7,438,130		1,652,437		5,985,552
Benefit payments		(4,544,982)		(4,037,075)		(4,128,538)		(3,157,304)		(3,721,862)		(2,900,572)		(3,626,962)
Refunds		(14,818)		(7,903)		(34,398)		(30,307)		(57,959)		(30,096)		(256,423)
Pension plan administrative expense		(140,437)		(134,505)		(114,953)		(114,280)		(121,737)		(94,114)		(115,419)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,777,794		5,537,339		3,160,715		6.395.082		6,615,418		1,822,644		5,229,678
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		89,365,048		83,827,709		80,666,994		74,271,912		67,656,494		65,833,850		60,604,172
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	91,142,842	\$	89,365,048	\$	83,827,709	\$	80,666,994	\$	74,271,912	\$	67,656,494	\$	65,833,850
C. Net pension liability (A-B)	\$	8,652,889	\$	8,138,443	\$	9,669,035	\$	9,999,463	\$	9,725,744	\$	13,656,342	\$	11,242,913
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of														
the total pension liability		91.33%		91.65%		89.66%		88.97%		88.42%		83.21%		85.41%
E. Covered payroll *	\$	7,365,050	\$	7,790,275	\$	8,403,325	\$	9,012,525	\$	8,845,600	\$	9,008,325	\$	11,891,551
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		117.49%		104.47%		115.06%		110.95%		109.95%		151.60%		94.55%

Note: This schedule is intended to have ten years of data. Additional data to be compiled as information becomes available.

* Covered payroll was calculated by dividing the member contributions (excluding buyback contributions) for the fiscal year by the member contribution rate of 4.0%.

REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT PLAN

Measurement date September 30,	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
A. Total pension liability							
Service Cost	\$ 3,106,405	\$ 2,861,164	\$ 2,555,719	\$ 2,457,445	\$ 2,303,862	\$ 2,038,250	\$ 1,867,237
Interest on the total pension liability	8,875,260	8,589,530	8,362,811	7,779,407	7,467,998	6,996,689	6,697,302
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	(636,892)
Difference between expected and actual experience							
of the total pension liability	206,308	1,302,913	147,491	(1,061,534)	2,137,361	9,760	868,752
Changes of assumptions	601,956	-	1,221,370	3,284,117	994,053	909,574	-
Benefit payments	(7,821,731)	(9,997,832)	(6,176,595)	(3,546,301)	(5,950,632)	(5,450,397)	(5,292,181)
Refunds	-	(14,319)	(16,764)	(23,031)	-	-	(27,559)
Other: Change in state sontribution reveived	 -	 (272,163)	 -	 -	 208,166	 204,003	 136,996
Net change in total pension liability	4,968,198	2,469,293	6,094,032	8,890,103	7,160,808	4,707,879	3,613,655
Total pension liability - beginning	 119,141,267	 116,671,974	 110,577,942	 101,687,839	 94,527,031	 89,819,152	 86,205,497
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 124,109,465	\$ 119,141,267	\$ 116,671,974	\$ 110,577,942	\$ 101,687,839	\$ 94,527,031	\$ 89,819,152
B. Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$ 4,442,521	\$ 3,917,203	\$ 3,233,825	\$ 3,996,869	\$ 3,726,793	\$ 3,816,076	\$ 4,057,242
Contributions - employer (from state)	665,319	605,683	652,393	577,817	532,808	528,645	461,638
Contributions - employee	859,818	740,591	723,982	663,039	665,451	580,028	680,063
Net investment income	11,215,703	2,501,251	6,130,868	9,517,349	6,354,619	498,007	10,520,035
Benefit payments	(7,821,731)	(9,997,832)	(6,176,595)	(3,546,301)	(5,950,632)	(5,450,397)	(5,292,181)
Refunds	-	(14,319)	(16,764)	(23,031)	-	-	(27,559)
Pension plan administrative expense	(221,615)	(161,057)	(113,859)	(103,626)	(108,083)	(84,733)	(82,376)
Other	 1	 (1)	 347,365	 -	 -	 -	 -
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	9,140,016	(2,408,481)	4,781,215	11,082,116	5,220,956	(112,374)	10,316,862
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 95,236,234	 97,644,715	 92,863,500	 81,781,384	 76,560,428	 76,672,802	 66,355,940
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 104,376,250	\$ 95,236,234	\$ 97,644,715	\$ 92,863,500	\$ 81,781,384	\$ 76,560,428	\$ 76,672,802
C. Net pension liability (A-B)	\$ 19,733,215	\$ 23,905,033	\$ 19,027,259	\$ 17,714,442	\$ 19,906,455	\$ 17,966,603	\$ 13,146,350
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of							
the total pension liability	84.10%	79.94%	83.69%	83.98%	80.42%	80.99%	85.36%
E. Covered payroll *	\$ 9,917,948	\$ 8,821,373	\$ 8,151,843	\$ 7,858,654	\$ 7,394,222	\$ 7,145,922	\$ 6,411,046
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	198.96%	270.99%	233.41%	225.41%	269.22%	251.42%	205.06%

Note: This schedule is intended to have ten years of data. Additional data to be compiled as information becomes available.

* Covered payroll was calculated by dividing the member contributions (excluding buyback contributions) for the fiscal year by the member contribution rate of 7.65%.

REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

ELECTED OFFICIALS RETIREMENT PLAN

Measurement date December 31,		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
A. Total pension liability														
Service Cost	\$	37,445	\$	32,138	\$	32,016	\$	33,062	\$	30,899	\$	28,777	\$	28,777
Interest on the total pension liability		231,285		225,325		229,217		221,813		213,296		205,503		196,249
Difference between expected and actual experience		(696 009)				(150.247)				(147, 122)				
of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions		(686,908) (56,606)		-		(150,347) 20		-		(147,132) 127,575		-		-
Benefit payments		(177,876)		(171,056)		(166,320)		(121,962)		(118,409)		(84,381)		(91,469)
Net change in total pension liability		(652,660)		86,407		(55,414)		132,913		106,229		149,899		133,557
Total pension liability - beginning		3,477,941		3,391,534		3,446,948		3,314,035		3,207,806		3,057,907		2,924,350
Total pension liability - ending	\$	2,825,281	\$	3,477,941	\$	3,391,534	\$		\$	3,314,035	\$	3,207,806	\$	3,057,907
B. Plan fiduciary net position														
Contributions - employer (from City)	\$	78,774	\$	259,658	\$	259,658	\$	297,864	\$	297,864	\$	136,611	\$	221,576
Net investment income	Ψ	44,562	Ψ	484,381	Ψ	(82,743)	Ψ	203,238	Ψ	162,124	Ψ	(254,296)	Ψ	3,474
Benefit payments		(177,876)		(171,056)		(166,320)		(121,962)		(118,409)		(84,381)		(91,469)
Pension plan administrative expense		(37,952)		(31,620)		(62,218)		(23,577)		(31,711)		(19,095)		(33,313)
Other		3		-		-		-				-		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(92,489)		541,363		(51,623)		355,563		309,868		(221,161)		100,268
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		3,488,818		2,947,455		2,999,078		2,643,515		2,333,647		2,554,808		2,454,540
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	3,396,329	\$	3,488,818	\$	2,947,455	\$	2,999,078	\$	2,643,515	\$	2,333,647	\$	2,554,808
C. Net pension liability (asset) (A-B)	\$	(571,048)	\$	(10,877)	\$	444,079	\$	447,870	\$	670,520	\$	874,159	\$	503,099
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of														
the total pension liability		120.21%		100.31%		86.91%		87.01%		79.77%		72.75%		83.55%
E. Covered payroll	\$	33,200	\$	33,200	\$	33,200	\$	33,200	\$	34,363	\$	56,167	\$	32,100
F. Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		-1720.02%		-32.76%		1337.59%		1349.01%		1951.28%		1556.36%		1567.29%

Note: This schedule is intended to have ten years of data. Additional data to be compiled as information becomes available.

REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS NEW ELECTED OFFICIALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Measurement date December 31,		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
A. Total pension liability														
Service Cost	\$	63,256	\$	62,683	\$	62,110	\$	58,646	\$	58,065	\$	44,342	\$	43,903
Interest on the total pension liability		321,611		317,262		311,494		306,336		301,228		288,559		284,923
Difference between expected and actual experience														
of the total pension liability		34,588		-		15,577		-		20,951		-		-
Changes of assumptions		(130,952)		-		(2,652)		-		100,119		-		-
Benefit payments		(325,799)		(306,374)		(296,941)		(287,120)		(281,288)		(278,718)		(272,069)
Net change in total pension liability		(37,296)		73,571		89,588		77,862		199,075		54,183		56,757
Total pension liability - beginning		4,864,249		4,790,678		4,701,090		4,623,228		4,424,153		4,369,970		4,313,213
Total pension liability - ending	\$	4,826,953	\$	4,864,249	\$	4,790,678	\$	4,701,090	\$	4,623,228	\$	4,424,153	\$	4,369,970
D. Dian fiduaiana nataositian														
B. Plan fiduciary net position	â		<u>^</u>		<i>.</i>		<u>^</u>				<u>^</u>		^	
Contributions - employer	\$	93,505	\$	106,700	\$	105,641	\$	108,151	\$	107,073	\$	54,580	\$	108,622
Net investment income		671,544		861,401		(194,291)		660,067		162,088		(64,059)		390,121
Benefit payments		(325,799)		(306,374)		(296,941)		(287,120)		(281,288)		(278,718)		(272,069)
Pension plan administrative expense Other		(45,324)		(39,620)		(47,118)		(66,113) (1,527)		(47,988)		(29,472)		(31,358)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		393,926		622,107		(432,709)		413,458		(60,115)		(317,669)		195,316
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		4,914,056		4,291,949		4,724,658		4,311,200		4,371,315		4,688,984		4,493,668
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	¢	5,307,982	\$	4,914,056	\$	4,291,949	\$	4,724,658	t	4,311,200	\$	4,371,315	\$	4,688,984
i ian nuuciary net position - chung	φ	5,507,982	φ	4,914,030	φ	4,291,949	φ	4,724,058	Þ	4,311,200	φ	4,571,515	φ	4,000,904
C. Net pension liability (asset) (A-B)	\$	(481,029)	\$	(49,807)	\$	498,729	\$	(23,568)	\$	312,028	\$	52,838	\$	(319,014)
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of														
the total pension liability		109.97%		101.02%		89.59%		100.50%		93.25%		98.81%		107.30%
E. Covered payroll	\$	180,000	\$	202,427	\$	180,000	\$	175,611	5	181,800	\$	154,744	\$	151,500
F. Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of														
covered payroll		-267.24%		-24.60%		277.07%		-13.42%		171.63%		34.15%		-210.57%

Note: This schedule is intended to have ten years of data. Additional data to be compiled as information becomes available.

REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Measurement date December 31,		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	·	2015		2014
A. Total pension liability Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	386,795	\$	447,154	\$	468,435	\$	477,065	\$	520,113	\$	511,447	\$	500,515
of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions		98,587 587,082		(860,624)		109,911 307,181		113,721		(314,459) (61,905)		- 433,681		87,812
Benefit payments Other: Change in share plan reserve		(738,208) 150,912		(735,220) 137,468		(808,468) 126,894		(888,166) 122,635		(993,410) 146,910		(1,031,456) 254,332		(1,000,057) 302,968
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning		485,168 6,740,216		(1,011,222) 7,751,438		203,953 7,547,485		(174,745) 7,722,230		(702,751) 8,424,981		168,004 8,256,977		(108,762) 8,365,739
Total pension liability - ending	\$	7,225,384	\$	6,740,216	\$	7,751,438	\$	7,547,485	\$	7,722,230	\$	8,424,981	\$	8,256,977
B. Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer	\$	76.407	\$	19.311	\$	302.000	\$	188,587	\$	181.617	\$	289,941	\$	195,529
Contributions - employer (from state) Net investment income	Ψ	217,787 630,592	Ψ	201,287 1,386,147	Ψ	180,355 (367,995)	Ψ	215,060 1,047,585	Ψ	239,335 475,187	Ψ	346,757 3,173	Ψ	395,393 381,316
Benefit payments Pension plan administrative expense		(738,208) (79,480)		(735,220) (76,003)		(808,468) (88,289)		(888,166) (72,089)		(993,410) (58,793)		(1,031,456) (61,629)		(1,000,057) (54,920)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		107,098 7,724,047		795,522 6,928,525		(782,397) 7,710,922		490,977 7,219,945		(156,064) 7,376,009		(453,214) 7,829,223		(82,739) 7,911,962
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	7,831,145	\$	7,724,047	\$	6,928,525	\$	7,710,922	\$	7,219,945	\$	7,376,009	\$	7,829,223
C. Net pension liability (asset) (A-B)	\$	(605,761)	\$	(983,831)	\$	822,913	\$	(163,437)	\$	502,285	\$	1,048,972	\$	427,754
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		108.38%		114.60%		89.38%		102.17%		93.50%		87.55%		94.82%
E. Covered payroll	\$	- 100.3070	\$	-	\$	09.30 <i>7</i> 0 -	\$	- 102.17	\$	95.50%	\$	07.55%	\$	94.82 70
F. Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Note: This schedule is intended to have ten years of data. Additional data to be compiled as information becomes available.

REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

]	Measurement date October 1,		2020	2019		2018		2017	
Total OPEB Liability:									
Α.	Service cost	\$	721,421	\$	1,183,074	\$	764,962	\$	1,040,917
В.	Interest cost		356,320		357,805		524,308		421,901
C.	Difference due to changes in benefit terms		-		5,045,956		-		-
D.	Difference between actual and expected experience		(4,016,426)		-		(5,045,546)		-
Ε.	Total difference due to changes in assumptions		1,193,783		(4,181,097)		561,410		(850,170)
F.	Benefit payments		(151,940)		(124,710)		(73,317)		(52,936)
G.	Net change in Total OPEB liability		(1,896,842)		2,281,028		(3,268,183)		559,712
Н.	Total OPEB liability - beginning		13,110,753		10,829,725		14,097,908		13,538,196
I.	Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	11,213,911	\$	13,110,753	\$	10,829,725	\$	14,097,908
J.	Assets *		-		_		-		-
К.	Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	11,213,911	\$	13,110,753	\$	10,829,725	\$	14,097,908
Covered payroll			26,312,509	\$	26,751,423	\$	25,697,804	\$	24,961,866
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll			42.62%		49.01%		42.14%		56.48%

Note: This schedule is intended to have ten years of data. Implementation of GASB No. 75 occurred in fiscal year 2018. Additional data to be compiled as information becomes available. * Zero for an unfunded plan.

REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST EIGHT YEARS

City's Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Employer Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll *	Actual contribution as a % of covered payroll				
General Employees' Retirement Plan											
09/30/21	\$ 2,155,733	\$ 2,155,733		\$ -	\$	6,689,975	32.22%	Valuation date	10/1/2019		
09/30/20	2,476,457	2,476,457		-		7,365,050	33.62%	Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal		
09/30/19	2,613,899	2,613,899		-		7,790,275	33.55%	Amortization method	level dollar amount, closed		
09/30/18	2,794,643	2,794,643		-		8,403,325	33.26%	Remaining amortization period	12 years		
09/30/17	2,505,891	2,505,891		-		9,012,525	27.80%	Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market		
09/30/16	2,725,022	2,725,022		-		8,845,600	30.81%	Salary increases	5.0% including inflation		
09/30/15	2,834,656	2,834,656		-		9,008,325	31.47%	Investment rate of return	6.75%		
09/30/14	2,874,430	2,874,430		-		9,212,500	31.20%	Retirement age Mortality	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table (for pre-retirement mortality) and the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Annuitants (for post-retirement mortality), with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates include a 50% blue collar adjustment and a 50% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment. These are the same rates currently in use for Regular Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation, as mandated by Florida Statutes.		
Police Officers' Retirement Plan											
09/30/21	\$ 5,765,336	\$ 5,765,336		\$-	\$	9,613,516	59.97%	Valuation date	10/1/2019		
09/30/20	5,107,840	5,107,840		-		9,917,948	51.50%	Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal		
09/30/19	4,776,061	4,522,886		253,175	**	8,821,373	51.27%	Amortization method	Level dollar, closed		
09/30/18	4,648,788	3,886,218		762,570	**	8,151,843	47.67%	Remaining amortization period	20 years		
09/30/17	4,321,511	4,574,686	***	(253,175)		7,858,654	58.21%	Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market		
09/30/16	4,051,435	4,259,601	***	(208,166)		7,394,222	57.61%	Salary increases	5.75% to 10.50% depaending on service		
09/30/15	4,076,435	4,344,721	***	(268,286)		7,145,922	60.80%	Investment rate of return	7.25%		
09/30/14	4,381,884	4,518,880	***	(136,996)		6,411,046	70.49%	Retirement age	Upon eligibility		

Pre-retirement: PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Below Median Employee Male Table, set forward one year, and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Employee Female Table, set forward one year. Post-retirement: PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Below Median Healthy Retiree Male Table, set forward one year, and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Female Table, set forward one year.

Notes to the schedule of contributions:

- Note 1 Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of October 1, which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. This schedule is intended to have ten years of data. Additional data to be compiled as information becomes available.
 - * Covered employee payroll was calculated by dividing total member contributions (excluding buyback contributions) for the fiscal year by the member contribution rate of 4% for the General Employees' Retirement Plan and 7.65% for the Police Officers' Retirement Plan.

Mortality

- ** Pursuant to Senate Bill 172, the City and Plan members mutually consented to use of the State contribution reserve of \$762,570 as an offset to the City's contribution requirement for fiscal year ending September 30, 2018 and \$253,175 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019.
- *** Restated to reflect contributions of excess state insurance tax premium monies previously made but not recognized until mutually consented by the City and the Plan members.

REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST EIGHT YEARS

-	Pension Plan YE 12/31/20 12/31/19 12/31/18 12/31/17 12/31/16 12/31/15 12/31/14 12/31/13	City's Fiscal Year Ended 09/30/21 09/30/20 09/30/19 09/30/19 09/30/17 09/30/16 09/30/14	Actuarially Determined Contribution \$ 78,774 259,658 259,658 297,864 297,864 136,611 136,611 221,576	Employer Contribution \$ 78,774 259,658 259,658 297,864 136,611 221,576 221,576	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll ** \$ 33,200 33,200 33,200 33,200 34,363 56,167 32,100 94,267	Actual contributior as a % of covered payroll 237.279 782.109 782.109 782.109 897.189 866.829 * 243.229 690.279 235.059	Elected Officials Retirement Plan Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Salary increases Investment rate of return	1/1/2020 Entry age, normal level dollar, closed 4 years Market value of assets 7.00% 6.75% 100% when first eligible for normal retirement PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Below-Median Employee Mortality Tables, set back 1 year for males (pre-retirement) and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Below-Median Healthy Retiree Tables, set back 1 year for males (post-retirement), with mortality improvements projected to each future year after 2010 using Scale MP-2018. These are the same mortality tables used for Regular Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation.
						Ν	New Elected Off	icials and Senior Management Ret	tirement System
-	12/31/20	09/30/21	\$ 93,505	\$ 93,505	\$ -	\$ 180,000	51.95%	6 Valuation date	1/1/2020
	12/31/19	09/30/20	106,700	106,700	-	202,427	52.719	6 Actuarial cost method	Aggregate
	12/31/18	09/30/19	105,641	105,641	-	180,000	58.69%	6 Amortization method	N/A
	12/31/17	09/30/18	108,151	108,151	-	175,611	61.59%	6 Remaining amortization period	N/A
	12/31/16	09/30/17	107,073	107,073	-	181,800	58.90%	e ,	Market value of assets
	12/31/15	09/30/16	54,580	54,580	-	154,744	35.27%	6 Salary increases	1% per year
	12/31/14	09/30/15	54,042	108,622	(54,580)	151,500	71.709	-	6.75%
			3 .,0 .2		(2 1,000)		/11/0/		

Retirement age

Mortality

100% when first eligible for normal retirement PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Below-Median Employee Mortality Tables, set back 1 year for males (pre-retirement) and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Below-Median Healthy Retiree Tables, set back 1 year for males (post-retirement), with mortality improvements projected to each future year after 2010 using Scale MP-2018. These are the same mortality tables used for Regular Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Notes to the schedule of contributions:

129,129

196.245

12/31/13 09/30/14

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of January 1, which is one year prior to the end of the plan year in which contributions are reported. Valuations are performed every other year. This schedule is intended to have ten years of data. Additional data to be compiled as information becomes available.

129.53%

* Reflects total pay for a rehired active member and an active member who retired during the plan year.

(67, 116)

151.500

** Covered payroll is estimated to be the covered payroll in the actuarial valuation except where otherwise noted.

REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST EIGHT YEARS

Pension Plan YE	City's Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual contribution as a % of covered payroll		
						Firefig	hters Retirement System	
12/31/20	09/30/21	\$ 143,282	\$ 143,282	\$-	\$ -	N/A	Valuation date	1/1/2020
12/31/19	09/30/20	83,130	83,130	-	-	N/A	Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal actuarial cost method
12/31/18	09/30/19	354,322	354,322	-	-	N/A	Amortization method	level dollar, closed
12/31/17	09/30/18	281,012	281,012	-	-	N/A	Remaining amortization period	5 years
12/31/16	09/30/17	274,042	274,042	-	-	N/A	Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
12/31/15	09/30/16	382,366	382,366	-	-	N/A	Inflation	2.25%
12/31/14	09/30/15	287,954	287,954	-	-	N/A	Salary increases	N/A
12/31/13	09/30/14	329,195	329,195 <u>ibutions:</u>	-	-		Investment rate of return Retirement age Mortality	4.5%, net of investment -related and administrative expenses N/A RP-2000 Mortality Table for Annuitants (for healthy post-retirement mortality), with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates include a 90% blue collar adjustment and a 10% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment. For disabled retirees, the mortality table used was 60% of the RP-2000 Mortality Table for disabled annuitants with ages set back 4 years for males and set forward 2 years for females, and 40% of the RP2000 Mortality Table for healthy annuitants with a 100% white collar adjustment, with no provision being made for future mortality improvements. These are the same rates currently in use for Special Risk Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), in their July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation, in compliance with Florida Statutes, Chapter 112.63(1)(f), which requires use of the same mortality tables from either of the two most recently published actuarial valuation reports of FRS.

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of January 1, which is one year prior to the end of the plan year in which contributions are reported. This schedule is intended to have ten years of data. Additional data to be compiled as information becomes available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Impact Fees Fund – This fund was established to account for the receipt and expenditure of impact fees assessed on residential and non-residential new developments. This fund is also used to account for the receipt and expenditure of public art fees.

Sundries Grants – This fund is used to account for expenditures and revenues derived from various grants.

Community Development Block Grants – This fund was established to account for expenditures and revenues derived from Community Development Block Grants obtained from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), and other local agencies.

Confiscated Property Law Enforcement Fund – This fund is used to account for monies received from federal and state confiscated and forfeited property and from county surcharges of traffic violations. The federal and state equitable shared property are to be used in accordance with State of Florida Statutes, Chapter 932, the United States Department of Justice publication, *A Guide to Equitable Sharing of Federally Forfeited Property for State and Local Law Enforcement Agencies,* and the United States Treasury Department publication, *Guide to Equitable Sharing for Foreign Countries and Federal, State, and Local Law Enforcement Agencies,* which govern the use of confiscated and forfeited funds. The county funds are restricted to use on police training activities.

Disaster Relief Fund_– This fund was established to account for expenditures and reimbursements related to natural disasters.

Homestead Miami Speedway – This fund is used to account for the lease rental income and the payments of property taxes.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the servicing of the certain governmental debt.

Taxable Transportation System Revenue Bonds Debt Service – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of the Taxable Transportation System Revenue Bonds, Series 2017.

HERO/Tax Increment Financing Debt Service – This fund was used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of the Homestead Economic and Rebuilding Organization (HERO) Increment Revenue Bonds. The bonds matured in April 2020. However, the fund remains open to account for future bonds that may be issued bt the CRA (formerly known as HERO).

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(Continued)

Debt Service Funds

(Continued)

GOB Debt Service – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

People's Transportation Plan – This fund is used to account for surtax revenues received from Miami-Dade County based on a one-half of one percent discretionary sales surtax on all transactions occurring in Miami-Dade County per an Interlocal agreement. At least 20% of the surtax revenue must be used for transit purposes such as buses, bus shelters and other transit-related infrastructure and the remainder be used for transportation.

Multimodal Transit Center Fund – This capital project fund is used to account for the costs associated with the construction of a parking garage/retail facility (Multimodal Transit Center).

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for various capital improvement projects for the General Fund, funded mostly from the equipment financing.

Cybrarium Fund – This fund is used to account for most of the costs associated with the construction of a new Cybrarium building, and the various sources of funding, including a HUD Section 108 Loan.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds													
		Impact Fees <u>Funds</u>		Sundries <u>Grants</u>		Community levelopment Block <u>Grants</u>	С	Confiscated Property		Disaster <u>Relief</u>		Homestead Miami <u>Speedway</u>		Total
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	67,242	\$	278,587	\$	220,481	\$	-	\$	16,486	\$	200,414	\$	783,210
Investments		7,763,886		30,488		-		-		-		-		7,794,374
Interest receivable on investments		19,931		-		-		653		-		-		20,584
Account receivables, net		-		1,770,111		263,610		357		1,336,309		-		3,370,387
Due from other funds		-		-		-		960,000		-		-		960,000
Restricted assets:								5 40 250						5 40 050
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-		549,259		-		-		549,259
Investments Asset available for sale		-		-		807,346		254,484		-		-		254,484 807,346
	\$	7.951.050	¢	2 070 196	\$		¢	1 7(4 752	\$	1 252 705	\$		\$	
Total Assets	\$	7,851,059	\$	2,079,186	2	1,291,437	\$	1,764,753	2	1,352,795	\$	200,414	2	14,539,644
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	7,851,059	\$	2,079,186	\$	1,291,437	\$	1,764,753	\$	1,352,795	\$	200,414	\$	14,539,644
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	529,224	\$	171,980	\$	33,708	\$	51,414	\$	71,469	\$	-	\$	857,795
Due to other funds		250,000		700,000		-		-		885,000		-		1,835,000
Unearned revenue		-		584,947		330,963		528,471		-		-		1,444,381
Total Liabilities		779,224		1,456,927		364,671		579,885		956,469		-		4,137,176
FUND BALANCES														
Nonspendable :														
Restricted :														
Grants		-		622,259		-		-		-		-		622,259
Community development		-		-		926,766		-		-		-		926,766
Disaster relief		-		-		-		-		396,326		-		396,326
Parks and recreation		4,849,039		-		-		-		-		-		4,849,039
Law enforcement		726,754		-		-		1,184,868		-		-		1,911,622
Road improvements		666,709		-		-		-		-		-		666,709
Committed :		5 40.001												540.001
Public art		740,931		-		-		-		-		-		740,931
Transportation		88,402		-		-		-		-		-		88,402
Assigned : Parks and recreation		_		-		_		_		_		200,414		200,414
														· · · · ·
Total fund balances		7,071,835		622,259	-	926,766	-	1,184,868		396,326	_	200,414		10,402,468
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,851,059	\$	2,079,186	\$	1,291,437	\$	1,764,753	\$	1,352,795	\$	200,414	\$	14,539,644

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

			Debt S	ervice Funds			
	Trans System	xable portation n Revenue <u>onds</u>	In	ERO/Tax crement inancing	Genaral Obligation <u>Bonds</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	134,941	\$	-	\$ 134,941
Account receivables, net		-		-		3,000	3,000
Restricted assets:				-			
Cash and cash equivalents		454,350		-		86,295	 540,645
Total Assets	\$	454,350	\$	134,941	\$	89,295	\$ 678,586
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted :							
Debt service		454,350		134,941		89,295	 678,586
Total fund balances		454,350		134,941		89,295	 678,586
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	454,350	\$	134,941	\$	89,295	\$ 678,586

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(Continued)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Total Other

	Capital Projects Funds									Governmental Funds	
	Tra	People's ansportation <u>Plan</u>		lultimodal Insit Center <u>Fund</u>	In	Capital provement	<u>Cybrarium</u>	•	<u>Total</u>		
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	248,603	\$	329,946	\$	458,254	\$ 1,079,934	\$	2,116,737	\$	3,034,888
Investments		722,556		-		-	70,233		792,789		8,587,163
Interest receivable on investments		1,855		-		-	199		2,054		22,638
Account receivables, net		913,251		-		-	2,252		915,503		4,288,890
Due from other funds		-		-		-	-		-		960,000
Restricted assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-	-		-		1,089,904
Investments		-		-		-	7,264		7,264		261,748
Asset available for sale		-		-		-	-		-		807,346
Total Assets	\$	1,886,265	\$	329,946	\$	458,254	\$ 1,159,882	\$	3,834,347	\$	19,052,577
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		72,207		231,922		-	82,020		386,149		1,243,944
Due to other funds		-		-		-	-		-		1,835,000
Unearned revenue		386,355		-		-	-		386,355		1,830,736
Total Liabilities		458,562		231,922		-	82,020	_	772,504		4,909,680
FUND BALANCES											
Restricted :											
Grants		-		-		_	_		_		622,259
Community development		-		_		_	_		_		926,766
Disaster relief		-		_		_	_		_		396,326
Parks and recreation		-		-		_	_		_		4,849,039
Law enforcement		-		-		_	_		_		1,911,622
Road improvements		-		_		_	_		_		666,709
Debt service		_		_		_					678,586
Capital Project		_		_		_	7,264		7,264		7,264
Transit and transportation		1,427,703		_			7,204		1,427,703		1,427,703
Committed :		1,427,705							1,427,705		1,427,705
Public art		_		_		_	_		_		740,931
Transportation		_		_		_	_		_		88,402
Assigned :		-		_		-	-		-		00,402
											200 414
Parks and recreation		-		-		-	-		-		200,414
Capital Project				98,024		458,254	1,070,598		1,626,876		1,626,876
Total fund balances		1,427,703		98,024	_	458,254	1,077,862		3,061,843		14,142,897
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,886,265	\$	329,946	\$	458,254	\$ 1,159,882	\$	3,834,347	\$	19,052,577

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds													
		Impact Fees <u>Fund</u>		Sundries <u>Grants</u>		Community evelopment Block <u>Grants</u>	С	onfiscated <u>Property</u>		Disaster <u>Relief</u>	Homestead Miami <u>Speedway</u>			<u>Total</u>
Revenues:														
Intergovernmental	\$	1,784,668	\$	1,827,856	\$	1,256,744	\$	-	\$	980,756	\$	-	\$	5,850,024
Fines and forfeitures		-		24,106		-		447,960		-		-		472,066
Investment income		(1,638)		-		-		2,473		-		4		839
Rentals and other revenues		_		189,000		-		-		-		1,078,950		1,267,950
Total revenues		1,783,030		2,040,962		1,256,744		450,433		980,756		1,078,954		7,590,879
Expenditures:														
Current:														
General government		-		180,000		876,975		-		-		-		1,056,975
Public safety		142,104		1,274,802		-		231,829		-		-		1,648,735
Parks and recreation		60,820		33,126		-		-		-		627,295		721,241
Disaster relief		-		-		-		-		230,593				230,593
Capital outlay		3,816,776		528,927		100,800		71,175		-		-		4,517,678
Debt service:														
Principal		-		-		194,000		-		-		-		194,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		10,526		-		-		-		10,526
Total expenditures		4,019,700		2,016,855		1,182,301		303,004		230,593		627,295		8,379,748
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
over expenditures		(2,236,670)		24,107		74,443		147,429		750,163		451,659		(788,869)
Other financing uses:														
Transfers out		-		-		(89,956)		-		(361,735)		(402,186)		(853,877)
Total other financing sources		-		-		(89,956)		-		(361,735)		(402,186)		(853,877)
Change in fund balances		(2,236,670)		24,107		(15,513)		147,429		388,428		49,473		(1,642,746)
Fund balances, beginning		9,308,505		598,152		942,279		1,037,439		7,898		150,941		12,045,214
Fund balances, ending	\$	7,071,835	\$	622,259	\$	926,766	\$	1,184,868	\$	396,326	\$	200,414	\$	10,402,468

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(Continued)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Taxable Transportation System Revenue <u>Bonds</u>	HERO/Tax Increment <u>Financing</u>	Genaral Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Total
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	\$ 1,497,250	\$ 1,497,250
Total revenues	<u> </u>		1,497,250	1,497,250
Expenditures:				
Debt service:				
Principal	670,000	-	535,000	1,205,000
Interest and fiscal charges	1,128,562		947,738	2,076,300
Total expenditures	1,798,562		1,482,738	3,281,300
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,798,562)		14,512	(1,784,050)
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	1,800,000		-	1,800,000
Total other financing sources	1,800,000			1,800,000
Change in fund balances	1,438	-	14,512	15,950
Fund balances, beginning	452,912	134,941	74,783	662,636
Fund balances, ending	\$ 454,350	\$ 134,941	\$ 89,295	\$ 678,586

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(Continued)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Total

						Other
		Canital Pr	ojects Funds			Governmental Funds
	People's Transportation <u>Plan</u>	Multimodal Transit Center <u>Fund</u>	Capital Improvement	<u>Cybrarium</u>	Total	Tunus
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,497,250
Intergovernmental	3,362,619	-	-	-	3,362,619	9,212,643
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	472,066
Investment income	438	-	-	3,698	4,136	4,975
Rentals and other revenues						1,267,950
Total revenues	3,363,057			3,698	3,366,755	12,454,884
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	216,833	-	216,833	1,273,808
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	1,648,735
Public works	801,414	-	-	-	801,414	801,414
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	461,686	461,686	1,182,927
Disaster relief	-	-	-	-	-	230,593
Capital outlay	180,549	-	-	2,572,180	2,752,729	7,270,407
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	1,399,000
Interest and fiscal charges						2,086,826
Total expenditures	981,963		216,833	3,033,866	4,232,662	15,893,710
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,381,094	_	(216,833)	(3,030,168)	(865,907)	(3,438,826)
over expenditures	2,301,094		(210,035)	(5,050,100)	(005,507)	(3,430,020)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	42,735	106,189	-	148,924	1,948,924
Transfers out	(1,400,000)	(42,735)			(1,442,735)	(2,296,612)
Total other financing sources	(1,400,000)		106,189		(1,293,811)	(347,688)
Change in fund balances	981,094	-	(110,644)		(2,159,718)	(3,786,514)
Fund balances, beginning	446,609	98,024	568,898	4,108,030	5,221,561	17,929,411
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 1,427,703</u>	\$ 98,024	\$ 458,254	\$ 1,077,862	\$ 3,061,843	\$ 14,142,897

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	_							
		Impact	Fees Fund			Confiscat	ed Property	
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 1,784,668	\$ 84,668	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	447,960	447,960
Investment income	99,000	99,000	(1,638)		3,000	3,000	2,473	(527)
Total revenues	1,799,000	1,799,000	1,783,030	(15,970)	3,000	3,000	450,433	447,433
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety	142,105	142,105	142,104	1	720,350	720,350	231,829	488,521
Parks and recreation	60,821	70,821	60,820	10,001	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	9,570,935	9,560,935	3,816,776	5,744,159	71,410	71,410	71,175	235
Total expenditures	9,773,861	9,773,861	4,019,700	5,754,161	791,760	791,760	303,004	488,756
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(7,974,861)	(7,974,861)	(2,236,670)	5,738,191	(788,760)	(788,760)	147,429	936,189
Other financing sources (uses):								
Appropriation of prior years' fund balance	7,974,861	7,974,861		(7,974,861)	788,760	788,760		(788,760)
Total other financing sources	7,974,861	7,974,861		(7,974,861)	788,760	788,760		(788,760)
Change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	(2,236,670)	<u>\$ (2,236,670)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ </u>	147,429	<u>\$ 147,429</u>
Fund balance - beginning			9,308,505				1,037,439	
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 7,071,835</u>				<u>\$ 1,184,868</u>	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

				Special Rev	venue Funds			
		Disaster R	elief Fund			Homestead Mi	ami Speedway	
	Budgeted A Original	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income Rentals and other revenues Total revenues	\$ - \$ - 	\$ 575,467 - - 575,467	\$ 980,756 	\$ 405,289 - - - -	\$ 1,077,186 1,077,186	\$	$ \begin{array}{r} $	\$ - 4 <u>1,764</u> <u>1,768</u>
Expenditures: Current: Parks and recreation Disaster relief Capital outlay Total expenditures		230,593	230,593	- - 	675,000 	675,000 	627,295 	47,705
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(16,861)	344,874	750,163	405,289	402,186	402,186	451,659	49,473
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out Appropriation of prior years' fund balance Total other financing sources	<u> </u>	(361,735) 16,861 (344,874)	(361,735)	(16,861) (16,861)	(402,186) (402,186)	(402,186)	(402,186)	-
Change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ </u>	388,428	\$ 388,428	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	49,473	<u>\$ 49,473</u>
Fund balance - beginning			7,898				150,941	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 396,326				\$ 200,414	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Debt Service Funds											
	Taxable	e Transportation	n System Revenu	e Bonds	<u>H</u>	IERO/Tax Inc	rement Financii	lg				
	Budgeted	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	Budgeted A	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)				
Revenues:												
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Total revenues	-				<u> </u>							
Expenditures: Current:	1 420	1 420		1 420	200.000	200.000		200.000				
General government Debt service:	1,438	1,438	-	1,438	300,000	300,000	-	300,000				
Principal	670,000	670,000	670,000	-	-	-	-	-				
Interest and fiscal charges	1,128,562	1,128,562	1,128,562	-	-	-	-	-				
Total expenditures	1,800,000	1,800,000	1,798,562	1,438	300,000	300,000	-	300,000				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,800,000)	(1,800,000)	(1,798,562)	1,438	(300,000)	(300,000)		300,000				
Other financing sources (uses):												
Transfers in	1,800,000	1,800,000	1,800,000		300,000	300,000		(300,000)				
Total other financing sources	1,800,000	1,800,000	1,800,000		300,000	300,000		(300,000)				
Change in fund balance	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	1,438	<u>\$ 1,438</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	-					
Fund balance - beginning			452,912				134,941					
Fund balance - ending			\$ 454,350				\$ 134,941					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Debt Service Funds										
				General Obli	gatic	on Bonds					
		Amounts Original		Final	-	<u>Actual</u>	V	Variance vith Final Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>			
Revenues:											
Property taxes	\$	1,484,567	\$	1,484,567	\$	1,497,250	\$	12,683			
Total revenues		1,484,567		1,484,567		1,497,250		12,683			
Expenditures: Debt service:											
Principal		535,000		535,000		535,000		-			
Interest and fiscal charges		949,567		949,567		947,738		1,829			
Total expenditures		1,484,567		1,484,567		1,482,738		1,829			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures						14,512		14,512			
Change in fund balance	\$	_	\$			14,512	\$	14,512			
Fund balance - beginning						74,783					
Fund balance - ending					\$	89,295					

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Capital Project Fund												
		People's Transpo	ortation Plan		Multimodal Transit Center Fund								
	Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive					
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)					
Revenues:													
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ 2,311,395	. , ,		\$ 1,051,224	\$ 1,012,463	\$ 1,012,463	\$ -	\$ (1,012,463)					
Total revenues	7,000 2,318,395	7,000 2,318,395	438 3,363,057	(6,562) 1,044,662	1,012,463	1,012,463		(1,012,463)					
Expenditures: Current:													
Public works Capital outlay	880,759 278,776	856,996 302,539	801,414 180,549	55,582 121,990	1,012,463	1,012,463	-	- 1,012,463					
Total expenditures	1,159,535	1,159,535	981,963	177,572	1,012,463	1,012,463		1,012,463					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,158,860	1,158,860	2,381,094	1,222,234									
Other financing sources::							10 705	40 505					
Transfers in Transfers out	- (1,400,000)	- (1,400,000)	- (1,400,000)	-		-	42,735 (42,735)	42,735 (42,735)					
Appropriation of prior years' fund balance Total other financing sources	<u>241,140</u> (1,158,860)	<u>241,140</u> (1,158,860)	(1,400,000)	$(241,140) \\ (241,140)$									
Change in fund balance	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	981,094	<u>\$ 981,094</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	-	<u>\$</u>					
Fund balance - beginning			446,609				98,024						
Fund balance - ending			\$ 1,427,703				<u>\$ 98,024</u>						

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Capital Project Funds												
		Capital Imp	provement		<u>Cybrarium</u>								
	Budgeted A	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>					
Revenues:	*	*	^	•	^	^	• • • • • •	A A A A					
Investment income	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,698	\$ 3,698					
Total revenues		-					3,698	3,698					
Expenditures: Current: General government	606,540	569,460	216,833	352,627				_					
Parks and recreation	-				324	486,086	461,686	24,400					
Capital outlay	68,794	105,874	-	105,874	3,202,489	2,716,727	2,572,180	144,547					
Total expenditures	675,334	675,334	216,833	458,501	3,202,813	3,202,813	3,033,866	168,947					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(675,334)	(675,334)	(216,833)	458,501	(3,202,813)	(3,202,813)	(3,030,168)	172,645					
Other financing sources (uses):													
Transfers in	106,189	106,189	106,189	-	-	-	-	-					
Appropriation of prior years' fund balance	569,145	569,145		(569,145)	3,202,813	3,202,813		(3,202,813)					
Total other financing sources	675,334	675,334	106,189	(569,145)	3,202,813	3,202,813		(3,202,813)					
Change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	(110,644)	<u>\$ (110,644)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	(3,030,168)	<u>\$ (3,030,168)</u>					
Fund balance - beginning			568,898				4,108,030						
Fund balance - ending			\$ 458,254				\$ 1,077,862						

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the government's Council is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the government's Council has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Stormwater Fund - This fund accounts for the daily operating activities related to the Stormwater Utility.

Utilities Repair, Replacement and Improvement Fund – This fund accounts for the accumulation of assets to be utilized for the repair, replacement and improvements of the electric, water, sewer, and solid waste facilities of the City.



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COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	<u>Stormwater</u>	Utilities Repair Replacement and <u>Improvements</u>	Total Other Enterprise <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 332,858	\$ 405,344	\$ 738,202
Investments	2,160,629	-	2,160,629
Interest receivable on investments	5,547	-	5,547
Account receivables, net	907,625	-	907,625
Due from other funds	500,000	1,500,000	2,000,000
Total current assets	3,906,659	1,905,344	5,812,003
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets being depreciated, net	208,036	-	208,036
Total noncurrent assets	208,036	-	208,036
Total assets	4,114,695	1,905,344	6,020,039
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows for pension	62,620	-	62,620
Deferred outflows for OPEB	4,954	-	4,954
Total deferred outflows of resources	67,574		67,574
		·	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	78,781	-	78,781
Compensated absences	12,925		12,925
Equipment financing			
Total current liabilities	91,706		91,706
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	30,160	-	30,160
Net pension liability	123,050	-	123,050
Total OPEB liability	310,065		310,065
Total noncurrent liabilities	463,275		463,275
Total liabilities	554,981		554,981
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows for pension	19,650	-	19,650
Deferred inflows for OPEB	271,063	-	271,063
Total deferred inflows of resources	290,713		290,713
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	208,036	-	208,036
Unrestricted	3,128,539	1,905,344	5,033,883
Total net position	\$ 3,336,575	\$ 1,905,344	\$ 5,241,919
	φ <u>3,330,373</u>	φ <u>1,703,511</u>	φ 5,271,717

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Stormwater	Utilities Repair Replacement and Improvements	Total Other Enterprise <u>Funds</u>
	Stormwater	<u>improvements</u>	<u>r unus</u>
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,516,562	\$ -	\$ 1,516,562
Total operating revenues	1,516,562		1,516,562
Operating expenses:			
Personnel services	788,181	-	788,181
Other operating expenses	594,237	-	594,237
Depreciation	97,612		97,612
Total expenditures	1,480,030		1,480,030
Operating income	36,532		36,532
Non-operating income:			
Interest income	2,332		2,332
Total non-operating income	2,332		2,332
Income before transfers	38,864		38,864
Transfers in	-	300,000	300,000
Transfers out	(6,541)	-	(6,541)
Total transfers	(6,541)	300,000	293,459
Change in net position	32,323	300,000	332,323
Net position, beginning	3,304,252	1,605,344	4,909,596
Net position, ending	\$ 3,336,575	\$ 1,905,344	\$ 5,241,919

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Cash flows from operating activities: \$ 1,686,161 \$ - \$ 1 Cash received from customers \$ 1,686,161 \$ - \$ 1 Cash payments to suppliers (543,416) - 1 Cash received from other funds - 100,000 Cash payments to employees (839,687) - 1 Net cash provided by operating activities 303,058 100,000 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: - 300,000 Transfers from other funds - 300,000 Transfers to other funds - 300,000 Transfers to other funds - 6,541 Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities: - 300,000 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: - 300,000 Net cash used in capital and related financing activities:	1,686,161 (543,416) 100,000 (839,687) 403,058 300,000 (6,541) 293,459 (49,973) (49,973) (19,858) 18,627 2,332
Cash payments to suppliers(543,416)-Cash received from other funds-100,000Cash payments to employees(839,687)-Net cash provided by operating activities303,058100,000Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:Transfers from other funds-300,000Transfers to other funds(6,541)-Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities(6,541)300,000Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:Acquisition and construction of capital assets(49,973)-Net cash used in capital and related financing activities(49,973)-Cash flows from investing activities:(49,973)-	(543,416) 100,000 (839,687) 403,058 300,000 (6,541) 293,459 (49,973) (49,973) (19,858) 18,627
Cash received from other funds - 100,000 Cash payments to employees (839,687) - Net cash provided by operating activities 303,058 100,000 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: - 300,000 Transfers from other funds - 300,000 Transfers to other funds - 300,000 Transfers to other funds (6,541) - Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (6,541) - Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities: - - Acquisition and construction of capital assets (49,973) - Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (49,973) - Cash flows from investing activities: - -	100,000 (839,687) 403,058 300,000 (6,541) 293,459 (49,973) (49,973) (19,858) 18,627
Cash payments to employees (839,687) - Net cash provided by operating activities 303,058 100,000 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: - 300,000 Transfers from other funds - 300,000 Transfers to other funds (6,541) - Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (6,541) - Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (6,541) 300,000 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: (49,973) - Acquisition and construction of capital assets (49,973) - Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (49,973) - Cash flows from investing activities: (49,973) -	(839,687) 403,058 300,000 (6,541) 293,459 (49,973) (49,973) (19,858) 18,627
Net cash provided by operating activities 303,058 100,000 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: - 300,000 Transfers from other funds - 300,000 Transfers to other funds (6,541) - Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (6,541) - Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: 300,000 - Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: - - Acquisition and construction of capital assets (49,973) - Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (49,973) - Cash flows from investing activities: - -	403,058 300,000 (6,541) 293,459 (49,973) (49,973) (19,858) 18,627
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers from other funds - 300,000 Transfers to other funds (6,541) Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (6,541) Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: 300,000 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: - Acquisition and construction of capital assets (49,973) Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (49,973) Cash flows from investing activities: -	300,000 (6,541) 293,459 (49,973) (49,973) (19,858) 18,627
Transfers from other funds - 300,000 Transfers to other funds (6,541) - Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (6,541) 300,000 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: (49,973) - Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (49,973) - Cash flows from investing activities: (49,973) -	(6,541) 293,459 (49,973) (49,973) (19,858) 18,627
Transfers from other funds - 300,000 Transfers to other funds (6,541) - Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (6,541) 300,000 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: (49,973) - Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (49,973) - Cash flows from investing activities: (49,973) -	(6,541) 293,459 (49,973) (49,973) (19,858) 18,627
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities (6,541) 300,000 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: (49,973) - Acquisition and construction of capital assets (49,973) - Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (49,973) - Cash flows from investing activities: (49,973) -	293,459 (49,973) (49,973) (19,858) 18,627
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net cash used in capital and related financing activities Cash flows from investing activities:	(49,973) (49,973) (19,858) 18,627
Acquisition and construction of capital assets (49,973) - Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (49,973) - Cash flows from investing activities: - -	(49,973) (19,858) 18,627
Acquisition and construction of capital assets (49,973) - Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (49,973) - Cash flows from investing activities: - -	(49,973) (19,858) 18,627
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (49,973) - Cash flows from investing activities: - -	(49,973) (19,858) 18,627
Cash flows from investing activities:	(19,858) 18,627
	18,627
Purchases of investments (19.858)	18,627
Proceeds from sale of investments 18,627 -	2.332
Interest received on investments 2,332 -	_,
Net cash provided by investing activities 1,101	1,101
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 247,645 400,000	647,645
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 85,213 5,344	90,557
Cash and cash equivalents, ending \$ 332,858 \$ 405,344 \$	738,202
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Operating income \$ 36,532 \$ - \$	36,532
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation 97,612 -	97,612
Net changes in assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows:	
(Increase) decrease in: Interest receivable (31) -	(21)
Interest receivable (31) - Accounts receivables 169.630 -	(31) 169,630
Due from other funds - 100,000	100,000
Deferred outflows for pensions (13,569) -	(13,569)
Deferred outflows for OPEB (1,576) -	(1,576)
Increase (decrease) in:	(1,570)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 50,821 -	50,821
Compensated Absences (3,916) -	(3,916)
Net pension liability (85) -	(85)
Total OPEB liability (45,152) -	(45,152)
Deferred inflows for pensions (13,926) -	(13,926)
Deferred inflows for OPEB 26,718 -	26,718
Total adjustments 266,526 100,000	366,526
Net cash provided by operating activities <u>\$ 303,058</u> <u>\$ 100,000</u> <u>\$</u>	403,058
Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities: Change in fair value of investments \$ (18,379) \$\$	(18,379)



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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

					Business- type	
		Governme	ntal Activities		Activities	
	Health Self- Insurance	Other Self- Insurance	Fleet <u>Management</u>	Total Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Customer <u>Service</u>	Total Internal <u>Service</u>
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,487	\$ 141,920	\$ 137,681	\$ 369,088	\$ 80,336	\$ 449,424
Account receivables, net	-	-	5,439	5,439	-	5,439
Due from other funds	-	4,800,000	200,000	5,000,000	1,300,000	6,300,000
Inventories	-		210,669	210,669		210,669
Total current assets	89,487	4,941,920	553,789	5,585,196	1,380,336	6,965,532
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets being depreciated, net		2,661	113,630	116,291	122,939	239,230
Total assets	89,487	4,944,581	667,419	5,701,487	1,503,275	7,204,762
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows for pension	15,735	42,305	125,529	183,569	277,297	460,866
Deferred outflows for OPEB	429	569	3,110	4,108	12,010	16,118
Total deferred outflows of resources	16,164	42,874	128,639	187,677	289,307	476,984
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	21,705	297,084	198,563	517,352	185,118	702,470
Compensated absences	5,472	7,283	26,370	39,125	31,240	70,365
Equipmet financing	-	612	2,144	2,756	10,719	13,475
Claims and judgements		1,152,836		1,152,836		1,152,836
Total current liabilities	27,177	1,457,815	227,077	1,712,069	227,077	1,939,146
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences	12,767	16,994	61,531	91,292	72,892	164,184
Equipmet financing	-	1,427	4,991	6,418	24,957	31,375
Net pension liability	30,919	83,132	246,670	360,721	544,898	905,619
Net OPEB liability	26,846	35,705	194,630	257,181	751,675	1,008,856
Claims and judgements		3,375,113		3,375,113		3,375,113
Total noncurrent liabilities	70,532	3,512,371	507,822	4,090,725	1,394,422	5,485,147
Total liabilities	97,709	4,970,186	734,899	5,802,794	1,621,499	7,424,293
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows for pension	4,940	13,276	39,392	57,608	87,017	144,625
Deferred inflows for OPEB	3,002	3,993	21,767	28,762	84,066	112,828
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,942	17,269	61,159	86,370	171,083	257,453
NET POSITION						
		622	106 405	107 117	07 060	104 200
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	-	(622)	106,495 (106,495)	107,117 (107,117)	87,263 (87,263)	194,380 (194,380)
	<u> </u>					
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ </u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Health	Governm	nental Activities	Total	Business- type <u>Activities</u>	Total
	Self-	Self-	Fleet	Governmental	Customer	Internal
	Insurance	Insurance	Management	Activities	Service	Service
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 7,255,915	\$ 4,661,371	\$ 3,457,568	\$ 15,374,854	\$ 2,989,068	\$ 18,363,922
Other revenues			63,473	63,473		63,473
Total operating revenues	7,255,915	4,661,371	3,521,041	15,438,327	2,989,068	18,427,395
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services	109,461	148,180	500,438	758,079	1,266,474	2,024,553
Administration	62,749	1,371,286	-	1,434,035	-	1,434,035
Insurance and claims	7,083,705	3,141,004	-	10,224,709	-	10,224,709
Other operating expenses	-	-	2,988,504	2,988,504	1,646,711	4,635,215
Depreciation		850	31,921	32,771	48,828	81,599
Total operating expenses	7,255,915	4,661,320	3,520,863	15,438,098	2,962,013	18,400,111
Operating income		51	178	229	27,055	27,284
Non-operating expenses:						
Interest expense		(51)	(178)	(229)	(892)	(1,121)
Total non-operating expenses		(51)	(178)	(229)	(892)	(1,121)
Other financing uses:						
Transfer out	-	-			(26,163)	(26,163)
Total other financing uses					(26,163)	(26,163)
Change in net position	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net position, beginning						
Net position, ending	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -

CITY OF HOMESTEAD, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Health Self-	Other Self-	ntal Activities	Total Governmental	Business- type <u>Activities</u> Customer	Total Internal
	Insurance	Insurance	Management	Activities	Service	Service
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash payments to suppliers	\$ (7,142,034)	\$ (4,199,895)	\$ (3,005,195)	\$ (14,347,124)	\$ (1,621,989)	\$ (15,969,113)
Cash received from other funds	7,255,915	4,261,371	3,771,041	15,288,327	3,489,068	18,777,395
Cash payments to employees	(94,556)	(163,842)	(695,578)	(953,976)	(1,895,675)	(2,849,651)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	19,325	(102,366)	70,268	(12,773)	(28,596)	(41,369)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Transfers to other funds					(26,163)	(26,163)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activies					(26,163)	(26,163)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Principal paid on long term debt	-	(599)	(2,099)	(2,698)	(10,496)	(13,194)
Interest paid on long term debt	-	(51)	(178)	(229)	(892)	(1,121)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(650)	(2,277)	(2,927)	(11,388)	(14,315)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	19,325	(103,016)	67,991	(15,700)	(66,147)	(81,847)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	70,162	244,936	69,690	384,788	146,483	531,271
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	<u>\$ 89,487</u>	<u>\$ 141,920</u>	<u>\$ 137,681</u>	\$ 369,088	<u>\$ 80,336</u>	\$ 449,424
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$ -	<u>\$ 51</u>	\$ 178	\$ 229	\$ 27,055	\$ 27,284
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to						
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation	-	850	31,921	32,771	48,828	81,599
Net changes in assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and de (Increase) decrease in:	ferred inflows:					
Account receivables	-	-	5,190	5,190	-	5,190
Due from other funds	-	(400,000)	250,000	(150,000)	500,000	350,000
Inventories	-	-	(10,232)	(10,232)	-	(10,232)
Deferred outflows for pension	(4,331)	(13,381)	(39,715)	(57,427)	(130,939)	(188,366)
Deferred outflows for OPEB	(306)	(263)	(960)	(1,529)	(3,716)	(5,245)
Increase (decrease) in:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,420	27,911	(11,649)	20,682	24,722	45,404
Compensated Absences	12,072	8,788	(1,223)	19,637	(22,959)	(3,322)
Net pension liability	2,292	10,524	31,248	44,064	177,490	221,554
Total OPEB liability	13,929	3,412	(31,416)	(14,075)	(120,223)	(134,298)
Claims and judgements Deferred inflows for pension	(2,868)	284,484 (6,522)	(19,349)	284,484 (28,739)	(13,167)	284,484 (41,906)
Ĩ	())		,			
Deferred inflows for OPEB	(5,883)	(18,220)		(157,828)	(515,687)	(673,515)
Total adjustments	19,325	(102,417)	70,090	(13,002)	(55,651)	(68,653)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 19,325	\$ (102,366)	\$ 70,268	<u>\$ (12,773)</u>	\$ (28,596)	\$ (41,369)



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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General Employees' Retirement <u>Plan</u>	Police Officers' Retirement <u>Plan</u>	Elected Officials' Retirement Plan (1)	New Elected Officials' and Senior Management Retirement System (1)	Firefighters' Retirement System (1)	Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,146,948	\$ 8,637,196	\$ 150,105	\$ 17,819	\$ 747,072	\$ 13,699,140
Receivables:						
Other receivables	3,413	-	-	-	-	3,413
Contributions	187,593	13,735	-	-	-	201,328
Due from broker	220,466	-	-	-	-	220,466
Accrued investment income	360,851	211,250	14,752	97,280	25,783	709,916
Total receivables	772,323	224,985	14,752	97,280	25,783	1,135,123
Other asset	357,351	9,635				366,986
Investments:						
U.S. Government Securities	-	11,647,504	-	6	1,546,662	13,194,172
Municipal obligations	7,244,738	-		-	154,705	7,399,443
Corporate bonds	21,504,211	18,416,325	874,707	-	2,170,101	42,965,344
Mortage backed securities	-	9,832,462	-	-	-	9,832,462
Hedge funds	448,304	-	-	-	-	448,304
Preferred stock	-	-	54,080	-	-	54,080
Mutual funds - fixed income	-	-	59,940	977,155	816,914	1,854,009
Mutual funds - equities	12,354,030	-	289,213	3,711,778	-	16,355,021
Common stocks	54,416,567	75,979,691	1,825,285	-	2,438,754	134,660,297
Other	4,624,661	-	189,252	514,097	-	5,328,010
Total investments	100,592,511	115,875,982	3,292,477	5,203,036	7,127,136	232,091,142
TOTAL ASSETS	105,869,133	124,747,798	3,457,334	5,318,135	7,899,991	247,292,391
LIABILITIES						
DROP payable	84,572					84,572
Accounts payable	276,006	428,571	9,950	10,153	16,430	741,110
* *				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	360,578	428,571	9,950	10,153	16,430	825,682
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Advance City contributions		11,835	51,055		52,416	115,306
Total deferred inflows of resources		11,835	51,055		52,416	115,306
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR						
PENSION BENEFITS	\$ 105,508,555	\$ 124,307,392	\$ 3,396,329	\$ 5,307,982	\$ 7,831,145	\$ 246,351,403

(1) Amounts reflected as of December 31, 2020, the date of the latest plan year.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General Employees' Retirement <u>Plan</u>	Police Officers' Retirement <u>Plan</u>		Elected Officials' Retirement Plan <u>(1)</u>	New Elected Officials' and Senior Management Retirement System (1)	Firefighters' Retirement System <u>(1)</u>	<u>Totals</u>
ADDITIONS							
Contributions:							
City	\$ 2,155,733	\$ 5,088,182	\$	78,774	\$ 93,505	\$ 76,407	\$ 7,492,601
Employees	267,599	823,898		-	-	-	1,091,497
State	 -	 677,154		-	 -	 217,787	 894,941
Total contributions	 2,423,332	 6,589,234	_	78,774	 93,505	 294,194	 9,479,039
Investment income:							
Investment mcome.	2,888,701	2,174,310		149,292	157,427	764,307	6,134,037
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	2,888,701	17,985,677		(77,216)	544,773	(85,961)	33,503,387
Less investment expenses	(737,427)	(408,147)		(27,514)	(30,656)	(30,254)	(1,233,998)
Net investment income	 17,287,388	 19,751,840	-	44,562	 671,544	 648,092	 38,403,426
Net investment income	 17,207,300	 19,731,840		44,302	 071,344	 048,092	 38,403,420
Other revenues	 4,841	 -		-	 -	 -	 4,841
Total additions	 19,715,561	 26,341,074	_	123,336	 765,049	 942,286	 47,887,306
DEDUCTIONS							
Pension benefits	4,147,724	6,223,701		177,876	325,799	738,208	11,613,308
DROP payments	1,002,364	-		-	-	-	1,002,364
Refunds	61,649	1,249		-	-	-	62,898
Administrative expenses	138,111	184,982		37,952	45,324	96,980	503,349
Total deductions	 5,349,848	 6,409,932	_	215,828	 371,123	 835,188	 13,181,919
Change in net position	14,365,713	19,931,142		(92,492)	393,926	107,098	34,705,387
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS							
Beginning of year	 91,142,842	 104,376,250		3,488,821	 4,914,056	 7,724,047	 211,646,016
End of year	\$ 105,508,555	\$ 124,307,392	\$	3,396,329	\$ 5,307,982	\$ 7,831,145	\$ 246,351,403

(1) Amounts reflected as of December 31, 2020, the date of the latest plan year.

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Homestead's comprehensive annual financial report represents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	167-171
The information presented in this section is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how a government's financial position has changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	172-176
These information presented in this section is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the City's two most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the electric utility revenues.	
Debt Capacity	177-181
The information presented in this section is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	182-183
The information presented in this section is intended to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment within which the City operates.	
Operating Information	184-186
The information presented in this section contains service and infrastructure data and is intended to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial reports relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant years.



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Financial Trends Information

Page

The information presented in this section is intended to assist users in understanding and	
assessing how a government's financial position has changed over time.	167-171



NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
										_
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 182,857,637	\$ 168,779,914	\$ 171,873,549	\$ 177,339,023	\$ 191,173,910	\$ 193,677,481	\$ 197,273,126	\$ 185,490,033	\$ 187,470,989	\$ 192,050,485
Restricted	17,886,488	14,726,787	14,980,268	17,404,061	13,992,265	13,803,772	13,390,211	14,940,715	13,458,908	16,119,168
Unrestricted	(11,947,991)	1,085,299	(521,798)	(5,692,542)	(1,908,807)	2,541,761	1,104,887	35,954,594	39,334,231	40,458,833
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 188,796,134	\$ 184,592,000	\$ 186,332,019	\$ 189,050,542	\$ 203,257,368	\$ 210,023,014	\$ 211,768,224	\$ 236,385,342	\$ 240,264,128	\$ 248,628,486
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 37,054,711	\$ 38,354,236	\$ 38,895,085	\$ 34,074,210	\$ 29,169,365	\$ 29,643,262	\$ 30,874,752	\$ 32,798,643	\$ 34,386,325	\$ 34,166,191
Restricted	510,121	270,752	476,460	715,800	552,719	559,257	716,527	716,755	717,861	718,177
Unrestricted	(819,084)	(3,085,589)	(6,630,871)	(3,567,329)	2,242,034	13,332,705	22,098,736	32,275,597	39,356,664	39,927,556
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 36,745,748	\$ 35,539,399	\$ 32,740,674	\$ 31,222,681	\$ 31,964,118	\$ 43,535,224	\$ 53,690,015	\$ 65,790,995	\$ 74,460,850	\$ 74,811,924
Primary government:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 219,912,348	\$ 207,134,150	\$ 210,768,634	\$ 211,413,233	\$ 220,343,275	\$ 223,320,743	\$ 228,147,878	\$ 218,288,676	\$ 221,857,314	\$ 226,216,676
Restricted	18,396,609	14,997,539	15,456,728	18,119,861	14,544,984	14,363,029	14,106,738	15,657,470	14,176,769	16,837,345
Unrestricted	(12,767,075)	(2,000,290)	(7,152,669)	(9,259,871)	333,227	15,874,466	23,203,623	68,230,191	78,690,895	80,386,389
Total primary government net position	\$ 225,541,882	\$ 220,131,399	\$ 219,072,693	\$ 220,273,223	\$ 235,221,486	\$ 253,558,238	\$ 265,458,239	\$ 302,176,337	\$ 314,724,978	\$ 323,440,410

Source: City of Homestead ACFR for fiscal years ending September 30, 2012 through September 30, 2021.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
Expenses:																				
Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$	14,754,516	\$	16,070,707	\$	19,120,054	\$	21,003,043	\$	16,344,478	\$	17.246.402	\$	17,351,952	\$	14,561,575	\$	14.686.466	\$	14.858.739
Public safety	+	32,381,625	+	36,940,046	Ŧ	31,313,525	Ŧ	31,399,222	-	31,277,616	+	29,168,711	-	29,690,875	+	29,019,865	-	27,353,700	+	26,979,350
Public works		4,053,061		4,913,009		4,972,723		5,082,373		5,259,020		4,189,826		4,119,974		5,584,695		3,759,122		4,432,773
Parks and recreation		9,723,368		8,586,509		8,605,167		8,831,440		8,626,647		7,931,471		7,594,640		7,559,260		7,572,711		6,052,374
Disaster relief		230,593		1,656,340		1,494,954		4,774,725		5,784,058		-		-		-				-
Interest on long-term debt		2,250,655		2,309,156		2,566,298		2,533,914		1,914,467		1,278,725		1,315,178		655,807		396,082		453,302
Unallocated depreciation		2,436,921		2,438,939		2,537,794		2,605,333		2,614,783		2,728,555		2,663,535		2,708,565		2,755,105		2,754,564
Total governmental activities expenses		65,830,739		72,914,706		70,610,515		76,230,050		71,821,069		62,543,690		62,736,154		60,089,767	_	56,523,186		55,531,102
Business-type activities:																				
Water & Sewer		19,558,048		19,829,160		18,630,219		18,327,873		19,568,630		20,517,653		16,957,507		17,081,653		15,602,707		13,708,238
Electric		54,539,331		57,349,765		65,511,531		63,631,753		63,978,883		62,909,804		60,464,609		60,900,056		57,702,125		56,466,721
Solid waste		13,590,850		13,696,451		12,444,373		12,618,609		12,151,517		12,433,778		10,933,920		10,656,568		10,216,304		9,360,903
Other enterprise funds		1,480,030		1,799,207		1,590,250		1,646,534		1,533,212		1,561,837		1,525,438		1,623,594		1,418,544		1,394,837
Homestead station QALICB		1,363,737		210,525		50,000		949,837		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total business-type activities expenses		90,531,996		92,885,108		98,226,373		97,174,606		97,232,242		97,423,072		89,881,474		90,261,871		84,939,680		80,930,699
Total primary government expenses	\$	156,362,735	\$	165,799,814	\$	168,836,888	\$	173,404,656	\$	169,053,311	\$	159,966,762	\$	152,617,628	\$	150,351,638	\$	141,462,866	\$	136,461,801
Program revenue:																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charge for services:																				
General government	\$	12,316,849	\$	11,110,086	\$	11,129,438	\$	11,114,484	\$	10,116,159	\$	10,605,142	\$	9,730,932	\$	9,154,625	\$	8,234,156	\$	7,316,643
Public safety		1,477,930		1,141,759		1,544,241		2,725,547		1,935,293		1,680,681		1,420,610		1,626,143		1,917,550		4,586,848
Public works		119,768		103,148		106,176		116,645		103,850		132,364		95,848		63,091		813,609		774,454
Parks and recreation		1,931,257		1,509,470		2,765,675		3,127,406		3,393,329		4,163,420		4,090,198		3,740,144		4,267,842		3,230,639
Operating grants and contributions		4,642,906		12,823,167		4,266,401		3,850,681		2,231,928		1,999,080		3,822,973		4,253,120		2,155,406		2,239,710
Capital grants and contributions		4,729,811		3,868,007		5,779,524		4,674,927		4,600,091		3,382,844		4,240,088		3,612,918		3,004,766		4,044,701
Total governmental activities programs revenues	_	25,218,521		30,555,637	_	25,591,455		25,609,690		22,380,650		21,963,531	_	23,400,649	_	22,450,041	_	20,393,329	_	22,192,995
Business-type activities:																				
Charge for services:																				
Water & sewer		19,774,024		19,337,106		16,815,050		14,001,983		13,574,254		13,139,628		12,869,453		12,125,905		12,098,206		10,950,319
Electric		53,867,721		56,958,932		63,749,905		62,652,734		61,077,521		61,272,008		61,307,335		58,534,274		58,494,058		55,455,597
Solid waste		12,802,595		13,421,214		12,679,156		12,082,839		12,198,899		11,673,675		11,690,965		11,017,194		11,304,868		10,589,790
Other enterprise funds		1,516,562		2,172,199		1,653,240		901,505		1,666,635		1,639,976		1,693,618		1,572,786		1,619,194		1,592,855
Capital grants and contributions		-		620,368		2,428,044		3,936,372		217,088		-		-		-		-		7,650
Total business-type activities programs revenues		87,960,902		92,509,819		97,325,395		93,575,433		88,734,397		87,725,287		87,561,371		83,250,159		83,516,326		78,596,211
Total primary government program revenues	\$	113,179,423	\$	123,065,456	\$	122,916,850	\$	119,185,123	\$	111,115,047	\$	109,688,818	\$	110,962,020	\$	105,700,200	\$	103,909,655	\$	100,789,206
Net (expense) revenue:																				
Governmental activities	\$	(40,612,218)	\$	(42,359,069)	\$	(45,019,060)	\$	(50,620,360)	\$	(49,440,419)	\$	(40,580,159)	\$	(39,335,505)	\$	(37,639,726)	\$	(36,129,857)	\$	(33,338,107)
Business-type activities		(2,571,094)		(375,289)		(900,978)		(3,599,173)		(8,497,845)		(9,697,785)		(2,320,103)		(7,011,712)		(1,423,354)		(2,334,488)
Total primary government net (expense) revenue	\$	(43,183,312)	\$	(42,734,358)	\$	(45,920,038)	\$	(54,219,533)	\$	(57,938,264)	\$	(50,277,944)	\$	(41,655,608)	\$	(44,651,438)	\$	(37,553,211)	\$	(35,672,595)
							_													

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017	2016	2015	<u>2014</u>	2013	2012
General revenues and other changes in net position:										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	\$ 23,886,305 \$	20,719,613 \$	18,835,686 \$	17,284,317 \$	15,571,327 \$	14,044,980 \$	13,507,112 \$	11,057,882 \$	11,533,264 \$	12,420,367
Fuel taxes	1,216,531	1,136,424	1,304,847	1,309,021	1,222,652	1,178,768	1,188,363	1,123,787	1,101,153	1,065,918
Franchise fees	4,609,837	4,475,352	4,383,291	4,115,956	4,011,858	3,767,938	3,662,823	3,516,008	3,526,787	3,480,840
Utility taxes	1,566,050	1,554,248	1,558,004	1,491,902	1,532,625	1,614,804	1,608,427	1,593,944	1,455,868	1,539,638
Communication service taxes	1,598,216	1,383,144	1,343,577	1,518,228	1,525,106	2,069,644	1,590,006	1,902,060	1,703,597	1,849,965
Half cent sales taxes	6,364,097	5,024,707	5,845,264	5,631,661	5,280,732	5,143,347	4,853,152	4,556,584	4,245,767	3,940,166
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue	3,697,777	3,036,391	3,391,630	3,328,071	3,024,983	2,727,254	2,556,091	2,177,574	1,861,245	1,442,294
Payment in lieu of taxes	2,254,680	2,034,292	1,849,088	1,704,671	1,512,374	1,414,284	1,193,843	1,193,843	1,189,468	738,800
Other revenues	1,248,754	962,164	2,549,135	2,226,906	751,200	844,417	665,798	713,289	752,749	573,881
Gain on sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-	594,715	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted investment earnings	176,916	773,526	1,101,826	628,804	237,216	402,984	883,602	1,451,380	(154,744)	1,108,830
Cares Act *	-	604,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	(1,802,811)	(1,084,811)	138,189	(745,500)	8,004,700	5,031,814	5,133,771	4,474,589	782,784	2,304,876
Total governmental activities	44,816,352	40,619,050	42,300,537	38,494,037	42,674,773	38,834,949	36,842,988	33,760,940	27,997,938	30,465,575
Business-type activities:										
Other revenues	1,967,396	1,907,506	2,449,147	2,916,645	4,898,995	4,355,998	2,067,761	2,074,862	2,674,964	2,164,072
Unrestricted investment earnings	7,236	104,600	108,013	37,928	32,444	218,810	470,857	741,584	(819,900)	638,326
Cares Act *	-	77,097	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	1,802,811	1,084,811	(138,189)	745,500	(8,004,700)	(5,031,814)	(5,133,771)	(4,474,589)	(782,784)	(2,304,876)
Total business-type activities	3,777,443	3,174,014	2,418,971	3,700,073	(3,073,261)	(457,006)	(2,595,153)	(1,658,143)	1,072,280	497,522
Total primary government	\$ 48,593,795 \$	43,793,064 \$	44,719,508 \$	42,194,110 \$	39,601,512 \$	38,377,943 \$	34,247,835 \$	32,102,797 \$	29,070,218 \$	30,963,097
Change in net position:										
Governmental activities	\$ 4,204,134 \$	(1,740,019) \$	(2,718,523) \$	(12,126,323) \$	(6,765,646) \$	(1,745,210) \$	(2,492,517) \$	(3,878,786) \$	(8,131,919) \$	(2,872,532)
Business-type activities	1,206,349	2,798,725	1,517,993	100,900	(11,571,106)	(10,154,791)	(4,915,256)	(8,669,855)	(351,074)	(1,836,966)
Total primary government	\$ 5,410,483 \$	1,058,706 \$	(1,200,530) \$	(12,025,423) \$	(18,336,752) \$	(11,900,001) \$	(7,407,773) \$	(12,548,641) \$	(8,482,993) \$	(4,709,498)

Source: City of Homestead ACFR for fiscal years ending September 30, 2012 through September 30, 2021.

Note: * For FY 2021 Cares Act revenues were included in operating grants and contributions for governmental activities. Business-type activities reveived no Cares Act revenue in FY 2021.

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		2015		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		2012
General fund:																			
Nonspendable :																			
Prepaid costs	\$ 19.3	298	\$ 117,636	\$	7,179	\$	237,950	\$	1,824	\$	198,906	\$	371,951	\$	243,657	\$	251,961	\$	5,153
Long-term note receivable	30,536,		30,493,770	φ	28,264,033	ψ	10,841,000	φ	1,024	φ	178,700	φ	1,704,572	φ	1,704,572	ψ	1,704,572	φ	1,704,572
Long-term interest on notes receivable	50,550,	-			-		-		_		_		614,910		562,766		469,014		375,263
Restricted for:													014,910		502,700		409,014		575,205
Fiber optic & rock pit security	1,555,	665	100,000		100,000		100,000		100,000		100,000		100,000		100,000		100,000		100,000
HUD section 108 loan security	306,0		306,000		306,000		306,000		-		-		-		-		-		-
Committed to:	500,	000	500,000		500,000		500,000												
Required reserve	5,222,	610	5,041,946		4,791,848		4,958,948		4,807,159		4,576,236		4,472,930		4,043,243		3,885,681		3,678,189
Assigned to:	0,222,	010	0,011,010		1,771,010		1,500,510		1,007,109		1,0 / 0,200		.,2,>00		1,010,210		5,005,001		5,676,169
Appropriations of subsequent year's budget	464,	985	378,940		1,130,300		1,215,667		5,540,576		1,506,952		1,345,841		1,773,765		882,599		363,432
Unassigned :			,		-,,		-,,		-,,		-,,		-,,		-,,		,		,
General fund	10,900,	633	6,626,970		651,329		9,659,840		8,987,795		18,158,247		14,327,306		14,036,703		13,729,048		13,342,637
Total General fund	\$ 49,005,		\$ 43,065,262	\$	35,250,689	\$	27,319,405	\$	19,437,354	\$	24,540,341	\$	22,937,510	\$	22,464,706	\$	21,022,875	\$	19,569,246
Total General fund	φ 49,005,	070	φ 43,005,202	Ψ	33,230,007	Ψ	27,517,405	Ψ	17,457,554	Ψ	24,340,341	Ψ	22,757,510	φ	22,404,700	Ψ	21,022,075	Ψ	17,507,240
All other governmental funds:																			
Nonspendable :																			
Prepaid costs	\$		\$ -	\$	798	¢	811.129	¢	813.680	¢	705	¢		\$	-	\$	-	¢	17,379
Restricted :	φ	-	э -	φ	198	φ	811,129	φ	815,080	φ	703	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ	17,379
Community redevelopment	2,884,	036	1,689,568		2,126,663		1,617,889		1,232,375		1,514,383				454,815		828,044		3.508.305
Grants	2,884,1		1,540,431		1,356,523		1,017,009		1,232,373		1,314,383		1,343,737		434,813 541,078		828,044 312,397		3,308,303 188,444
Disaster relief	396,		7,898		1,330,323 6,999		13,803		1,502,578		1,554,221		1,545,757		541,078		512,597		100,444
Parks and recreation	4,849,0		6,686,342		6,743,389		7,334,454		6,210,608		5,337,151		2,927,388		3,455,413		2,546,385		1,325,705
Public safety	1,911,0		1,600,020		1,801,972		1,816,323		1,391,817		952,647		1,493,258		3,285,707		4,704,393		5,722,480
Public work	666,		642,768		464,842		636,262		572,283		528,707		389,159		588,519		1,262,214		1,175,830
Debt service	678,		662,636		988,278		2,326,352		1,943,526		2,126,806		3,001,657		2,365,573		2,387,738		2,425,897
Capital projects	,	264	105,285		672,340		2,320,332		29,205,881		3,819,621		17,089,440		24,026,258		2,307,730		2,425,677
Transit and transportation	1,427,		446,609		1,085,602		1,953,909		1,039,078		1,909,857		4,135,012		4,149,610		3,087,461		3,465,047
Committed :	1,427,	105	440,007		1,005,002		1,755,707		1,037,078		1,707,857		4,155,012		4,149,010		3,007,401		3,403,047
Public art	740,	031	1,328,412		1,752,057		1,489,868		1,110,345		734,932		204,000		184,416		184,416		155,666
Transportation	88,4		88,402		290,346		290,346		290,346		290,346		290,346		290,346		290,346		290,346
Assigned :	00,	+02	00,402		270,540		270,540		270,540		270,540		270,540		270,340		270,540		270,540
Parks and recreation	200,4	414	150,941		91,482		686,075		920,288		1,163,674		1,021,878		619,963		252,788		1,140,118
Capital projects	1,626,		4,669,667		6,033,116		1,561,030		1,843,364		844,806		734,178		14,715,076		17,041,770		17,955,005
Unassigned :	1,020,0	570	4,007,007		0,055,110		1,501,050		1,045,504		044,000		/54,170		14,715,070		17,041,770		17,955,005
Community redevelopment		_	-		_		-		_		-		(471,553)		_		_		_
Disaster relief		_	-		-		_		(784,058)		_		-		_		-		_
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 17,030,3	872	\$ 19,618,979	\$	23,414,407	\$	46,306,899	\$	47,292,111	\$	20,557,856	¢	32,158,500	¢	54,676,774	¢	32,897,952	\$	37,370,222
rotar an other governmental funds	φ 17,050,	012	φ 19,010,979	φ	23,414,407	φ	+0,300,699	¢	47,292,111	φ	20,337,830	φ	52,138,300	φ	34,070,774	φ	52,071,732	φ	51,510,222

Source: City of Homestead ACFR for fiscal years ending September 30, 2012 through September 30, 2021.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
_										
Revenues:			* an fa n for *	00.001.005		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			* 21 2 1 0 000 *	A1 00 7 055
Taxes	\$ 35,323,983	- , - ,		-,,				\$ 21,958,595		, ,
Licenses and permits	2,899,749	2,347,153	2,670,656	2,975,987	2,290,641	2,642,967	2,438,791	2,159,702	2,267,429	1,522,584
Intergovernmental	18,772,214	23,010,793	17,259,315	17,108,962	15,066,338	13,913,307	13,670,286	13,423,399	11,606,248	11,088,150
Charges for services	1,303,963	1,038,317	1,195,603	1,281,639	1,191,516	1,257,738	1,395,902	1,275,963	1,079,626	989,571
Fines and forfeitures	882,852	619,815	1,024,382	2,162,753	1,411,095	1,029,146	943,665	1,290,872	1,472,295	4,352,858
Investment income	176,916	773,526	1,101,826	628,804	237,216	402,984	883,602	1,451,380	(154,744)	1,108,830
Payment in lieu of taxes	2,254,680	2,034,292	1,849,088	1,704,671	1,512,374	1,414,284	1,193,843	1,193,843	1,189,468	738,800
Other revenues	10,223,327	10,679,748	11,038,578	10,085,131	8,423,407	10,949,231	9,959,984	8,851,988	8,762,347	8,445,600
Total revenues	71,837,684	71,655,498	66,669,135	64,819,722	56,998,719	57,353,044	55,077,434	51,605,742	47,463,649	50,143,445
Expenditures:										
General government	14,263,861	14,310,841	14,672,993	15,340,125	14,679,512	14,486,390	13,763,016	12,991,103	12,166,688	11,425,621
Public safety	31,965,828	31,423,383	28,936,300	29,707,966	29,256,336	28,488,480	29,049,243	27,081,896	25,702,013	25,618,812
Public works and services	2,095,558	2,583,804	2,655,675	3,217,709	2,635,509	2,245,038	2,482,943	4,370,948	2,271,098	2,996,406
Parks and recreation	6,393,908	5,040,326	5,167,095	5,208,629	5,029,756	4,662,815	4,410,229	4,370,531	4,278,914	3,279,983
Disaster relief	230,593	1,656,340	1,494,954	4,774,725	5,784,058	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	8,925,944	11,699,960	11,574,716	6,336,098	16,792,046	24,661,517	35,589,749	10,494,941	5,993,674	4,866,556
Debt service:	-,,,,	,,	,	-,		,,	,,,,-		-,,	.,,
Principal	9,749,066	2,063,274	15,446,822	2,757,403	1,862,363	1,856,187	1,734,203	1,394,203	1,394,203	1,394,203
Interest and fiscal charges	2,293,427	2,377,774	2,661,252	2,339,265	1,930,560	1,318,302	1,104,292	599,773	396,082	453,302
Total expenditures	75,918,185	71,155,702	82,609,807	69,681,920	77,970,140	77,718,729	88,133,675	61,303,395	52,202,672	50,034,883
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,080,501)	499,796	(15,940,672)	(4,862,198)	(20,971,421)	(20,365,685)	(33,056,241)	(9,697,653)	(4,739,023)	108,562
Other financing sources (uses):										
Cares Act *	-	604,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of debt (HUD section 108 loan)	-	3,283,000	194.000	194,000	194,000	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of debt (equipment financing)	1,171,716	717,160	647,275	226,008	2,895,000	765,000	447,000	2,361,115	-	-
General obligation bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,998,600	-	-
Taxable transportation system revenue bonds issued	-	-	-	-	31,440,000			- , ,		
Issuance of other long-term debt	8,063,923	-	-	12,829,100	-	4,570,000	5.430.000			
Transfer in	3,046,801	12,528,758	39,462,051	13,006,895	13,472,571	8,499,473	7,406,773	5,683,086	3,859,747	2,746,587
Transfer out	(4,849,612)	(13,613,569)	(39,323,862)	(12,602,395)	(5,398,882)	(3,466,601)	(2,273,002)	(1,124,495)	(1,906,926)	(420,000)
Transfer to Homestead Station QALICB (NMTC)	-	-	-	(1,150,000)	-	-	-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,432,828	3,519,349	979,464	12,503,608	42,602,689	10,367,872	11,010,771	32,918,306	1,952,821	2,326,587
Net change in fund balances	\$ 3,352,327	\$ 4,019,145	<u>\$ (14,961,208)</u> <u></u>	7,641,410	\$ 21,631,268	\$ (9,997,813)	\$ (22,045,470)	\$ 23,220,653	<u>\$ (2,786,202)</u> <u>\$</u>	2,435,149
Debt services as a percentage of noncapital expenditures ** Capital oulay P. 31	17.93% 8,755,057	7.46% 11,658,005	25.36% 11,218,365	8.01% 6,086,927	6.19% 16,681,586	5.90% 23,902,747	5.30% 34,608,361	3.91% 10,257,164	3.84% 5,640,948	4.06% 4,539,155

Source: City of Homestead ACFR for fiscal years ending September 30, 2012 through September 30, 2021.

Note: FY 2012 expenditures for general government have been restated due to prior year adjustment for grants.

* For FY 2021 Cares Act revenues were included in operating grants and contributions for governmental activities.

** FY 2019 debt service % reflected the payoff of \$12.8 million New Market Tax Credit Bridge Loan debt and FY 2021 refleted the refinancing of \$8 million New City Hall Loan debt.



Revenue Capacity Information

The information presented in this section is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the City's two most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the electric utility revenues.

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ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

							Estimated
							Value
	Real	Personal	Total		Total	Estimated	as a
City's	Property	Property	Taxable		Direct	Actual	Percentage
Fiscal	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Valuation	Tax	Taxable	of Assessed
Year	Value	Value	Value	Adjustments	Rate	Value	Value
2012	\$ 1,764,888	\$ 109,630	\$ 1,874,518	\$ (77,170)	6.2917	\$ 1,797,348	95.9%
2013	1,703,374	99,520	1,802,894	(63,028)	6.2435	1,739,866	96.5%
2014	1,705,252	99,762	1,805,014	(34,245)	5.9215	1,770,769	98.1%
2015	1,847,542	101,259	1,948,801	(40,766)	6.9315	1,908,035	97.9%
2016	2,035,141	103,169	2,138,310	(35,122)	6.5149	2,103,188	98.4%
2017	2,214,915	101,599	2,316,514	(13,593)	6.5149	2,302,921	99.4%
2018	2,500,479	108,154	2,608,633	(19,462)	6.4790	2,589,171	99.3%
2019	2,737,081	120,420	2,857,501	(38,654)	6.4515	2,818,847	98.6%
2020	3,022,973	120,737	3,143,710	(29,435)	6.4015	3,114,275	99.1%
2021	3,345,201	139,085	3,484,286	(32,204)	6.6540	3,452,082	99.1%

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

Source: Miami-Dade County Department of Property Appraiser.

PROPERTY TAX RATES

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Direct Rates					(Overlapping	Rates				
									Dade County			g Authorities	
	Ci	ty of Homestea	ad	Miar	ni-Dade Co	ounty		Scho	ol Board		and Speci	al Districts	Total
City's		Debt	Total		Debt	Total		Debt	Voted	Total		Special	Direct and
Fiscal	Operating	Service	City	Operating	Service	County	Operating	Service	Operating	School	State	District	Overlapping
Year	Millage (1)	<u>Millage</u>	Millage	<u>Millage</u>									
2011	6.2917	N/A	6.2917	5.4275	0.4450	5.8725	7.8640	0.3850	-	8.2490	0.6585	3.3793	24.4510
2012	6.2917	N/A	6.2917	4.8050	0.2850	5.0900	7.7650	0.2400	-	8.0050	0.4708	3.1422	22.9997
2013	6.2435	N/A	6.2435	4.7035	0.2850	4.9885	7.7650	0.2330	-	7.9980	0.4634	3.1352	22.8286
2014	5.9215	N/A	5.9215	4.7035	0.4220	5.1255	7.6440	0.3330	-	7.9770	0.4455	3.1348	22.6043
2015	5.9215	1.0100	6.9315	4.6669	0.4500	5.1169	7.7750	0.1990	-	7.9740	0.4187	3.2161	23.6572
2016	5.9215	0.5934	6.5149	4.6669	0.4500	5.1169	7.4130	0.1990	-	7.6120	0.3871	3.2133	22.8442
2017	5.9215	0.5934	6.5149	4.6669	0.4000	5.0669	7.1380	0.1840	-	7.3220	0.3627	3.2122	22.4787
2018	5.9215	0.5575	6.4790	4.6669	0.4000	5.0669	6.7740	0.2200	-	6.9940	0.3420	3.1795	22.0614
2019	5.9215	0.5300	6.4515	4.6669	0.4644	5.1313	6.5040	0.2290	-	6.7330	0.3256	3.1462	21.7876
2020	5.9215	0.4800	6.4015	4.6669	0.4780	5.1449	7.0250	0.1230	-	7.1480	0.3115	3.1727	22.1786
2021	6.2055	0.4485	6.6540	4.6669	0.4780	5.1449	6.1860	0.1930	0.7500	7.1290	0.2995	2.8714	22.0988

Source: Miami-Dade County Department of Property Appraiser

Note: All millage rates are based on \$1 for every \$1,000 of assessed value.

State millage includes Florida Inland Navigation District, South Florida Water Management District, Okeechobee Basin and Everglades Construction Project. Special Districts millage includes Children Trust Authority, Library District*, Fire and Rescue.

Starting with Fiscal Year 2021, Libray District* is now part of City of Homestead Operating Millage and removed from Special District.

N/A - Not applicable

(1) Beginning in 2021, the City's operating millage includes 0.2840 previously assessed by the County as a library tax and reported above under Special District Millage. This had no impact to a taxpayer's total millage.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

			2021			2012	
	Turns of Duringer	Taxable Assessed	Daul	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed	Faxable Assessed	Dard	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Value	<u>Rank</u>	Value	Value	<u>Rank</u>	Value
Fifteen Homestead COA Townhome	Residential Real Estate	\$ 61,420	1	1.76%			
City of Homestead	Municipal*	57,101	2	1.64%	26,716	2	1.05%
Homestead Pavilion Acquistition, LLC	Commercial Shopping Center	52,913	3	1.52%			
Florida Power & Light Company	Electric Utility	32,996	4	0.95%	26,631	3	1.05%
Kimco Reality Corp	Commercial Real Estate	20,610	5	0.59%	16,638	4	0.65%
Lennar Homes	Residential Real Estate	19,574	6	0.56%			
VF4 Crystal Lake LLC	Residential Real Estate	17,300	7	0.50%			
Palace at Homestead LLC	Residential Real Estate	16,220	8	0.47%			
Sarria Holdings IV Inc	Commercial Real Estate	14,371	9	0.41%	12,300	6	0.48%
Venice By Garco LLC	Residential Real Estate	13,251	10	0.38%			
Lowes Home Centers Inc	Retail Outlet			0.00%	14,400	5	0.57%
Yates Homestead LLC	Retail Outlet			0.00%	11,500	7	0.45%
DDR Homestead LLC	Retail Outlet / Vacant Land			0.00%	46,400	1	1.82%
Monterey Pointe Association	Residential Real Estate			0.00%	9,630	8	0.38%
CIP Group Homestead	Residential Real Estate			0.00%	9,400	9	0.37%
Campbell E III LLC	Retail Outlet	 			 9,062	10	0.36%
Total		\$ 305,756		8.78%	\$ 182,677		7.18%
Total a	assessed valuation of taxable property:	\$ 3,484,286			\$ 2,543,646		

*Homestead Miami Speedway

Source: Miami-Dade County Department of Property Appraiser

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

City's	Trans	Total Taxes Levied	Currer Collec	ctions		quent Tax ections		Tax ctions	Outstanding Delinquent	Ratio of Delinquent Taxes to Total
Fiscal	Tax	for the	•	%		%		%		Taxes
Year	Year	fiscal year	Amount	of Levy	Amount	of Levy	Amount	of Levy	Amount	Levied
2012	2011	\$ 11,794	\$ 11,365	96.4%	\$ 35	0.3%	\$ 11,400	96.7%	\$ 163	1.4%
2013	2012	11,256	10,568	93.9%	3	0.0%	10,571	93.9%	680	6.0%
2014	2013	10,688	10,216	95.6%	40	0.4%	10,256	96.0%	139	1.3%
2015	2014	13,508	12,668	93.8%	49	0.4%	12,717	94.1%	233	1.7%
2016	2015	13,931	13,097	94.0%	33	0.2%	13,130	94.3%	756	5.4%
2017	2016	15,092	14,522	96.2%	47	0.3%	14,569	96.5%	N/A	N/A
2018	2017	16,901	15,528	91.9%	667	3.9%	16,195	95.8%	1,256	7.4%
2019	2018	18,435	17,036	92.4%	599	3.2%	17,635	95.7%	2,786	15.1%
2020	2019	20,124	18,514	92.0%	822	4.1%	19,336	96.1%	3,533	17.6%
2021	2020	23,184	21,585	93.1%	613	2.6%	22,198	95.7%	665	2.9%

Source: Miami-Dade County Department of Property Appraiser

Note: Starting in fiscal year 2015, total tax levied also included tax levied on debt services. N/A - Not available

ELECTRIC UTILITY REVENUES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Residential	<u>Commercial</u>	<u>Industrial</u>	Inter- Departmental	Other <u>Sales</u>	Power Cost <u>Adjustment</u>	Total Sales <u>Revenue</u>	Bad Debt <u>Expense</u>	Net Sales <u>Revenue</u>
2012	\$ 19,242,947	\$ 3,418,843	\$ 11,112,865	\$ 2,757,915	\$ 449,325	\$ 19,389,358	\$ 56,371,253	\$ 952,720	\$ 55,418,533
2013	19,456,060	3,114,385	11,499,816	2,725,817	428,270	18,883,692	56,108,040	(472,547)	56,580,587
2014	21,086,195	2,945,868	12,101,655	2,807,666	461,406	19,971,059	59,373,849	860,026	58,513,823
2015	22,165,199	3,058,967	12,225,119	2,763,561	477,347	20,229,047	60,919,240	(314,916)	61,234,156
2016	23,427,301	3,090,886	12,320,252	2,907,270	455,513	19,183,647	61,384,869	795,484	60,589,385
2017	23,465,509	3,120,780	11,901,987	2,690,980	465,902	19,822,634	61,467,792	427,700	61,040,092
2018	23,830,578	3,106,131	11,919,665	2,911,566	477,011	19,242,248	61,487,199	(1,006,801)	62,494,000
2019	25,301,625	3,442,461	12,025,673	3,016,914	483,986	20,608,491	64,879,150	1,100,278	63,778,872
2020	26,731,468	3,396,554	11,770,156	2,947,813	514,542	9,845,711	55,206,244	(1,726,525)	56,932,769
2021	26,413,634	3,209,624	12,007,430	2,681,795	524,790	11,300,627	56,137,900	2,296,342	53,841,558

Source: City of Homestead ACFR for fiscal years ending September 30, 2012 through September 30, 2021.



Debt Capacity Information

The information presented in this section is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. 177-181

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RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

											Personal			
		Gover	rnmental Act	ivities ¹			Business-typ	e Activities ¹			Income	Percentage of		
Fiscal Year	General		Special	Long-Term			Long-Term			Total	(Thousands	debt to		Debt
Ended	Obligation	Revenue	Obligation	Notes and	Equipment	Electric	Notes and	Equipment	Other	Oustanding	of	Personal		Per
September 30,	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Loans	Financing	Bonds	Loans*	Financing	Debts**	Debt	Dollars) ^{2,}	Income	Population ²	Capita****
2012	\$-	\$ 2,274	\$ 6,140	\$ -	\$ 1,053	\$ 4,726	\$ -	\$-	\$ 3,920	\$ 18,113	\$ 890,490	2.03%	63,290	\$ 286
2013	-	1,989	5,030	-	1,517	4,178	-	-	3,430	16,144	1,128,414	1.43%	64,444	251
2014	25,995	1,705	3,920	-	3,059	3,608	-	115	2,940	41,342	1,014,305	4.08%	66,586	621
2015	25,597	1,421	2,810	5,430	2,560	3,016	-	90	2,450	43,374	1,198,123	3.62%	69,533	624
2016	25,109	1,137	1,700	9,968	2,317	2,243	-	65	1,960	44,499	1,225,709	3.63%	70,209	634
2017	24,606	32,293	1,150	9,579	4,158	1,597	-	39	1,470	74,892	1,285,086	5.83%	73,627	1,017
2018	24,083	31,143	600	22,009	3,193	1,102	15,615	1,655	980	100,380	1,285,586	7.81%	73,863	1,359
2019	23,540	30,214	-	8,770	2,963	2,820	24,638	1,911	490	95,346	1,402,285	6.80%	76,236	1,251
2020	22,972	29,275	-	11,439	2,759	2,400	34,340	2,051	-	105,236	1,473,127	7.14%	*** 80,737	1,303
2021	22,378	28,605	-	10,959	2,938	-	43,739	2,497	-	111,116	1,573,858	7.06%	81,110	1,370

Note: ¹ Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

² Office of Economic and Demographic Research.

* Refletcs the QALICB notes payable to the City and CDE's as part of the NMTC transaction. Electric FMPA Pooled loan was added to this column starting in FY 2021.

** This column was added in FY2019 to reflect other long-term liabilities for the business-type activities.

*** Updated population per 2020 U.S. Census Bureau.

**** This coulum has been revised to include other debts in the calculation.

RATIO OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

Fiscal Year Ended <u>September 30,</u>	Total General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Amount Externally <u>Restricted</u>	Net General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Assessed Value of Taxable <u>Property</u>	Percentage of Assessed Value of Taxable <u>Property</u>	Population	Per <u>Capita*</u>
2014	\$ 25,995	\$-	\$ 25,995	\$ 1,805,014	1.44%	66,586	\$ 390
2015	25,597	688	24,909	1,948,801	1.31%	69,533	358
2016	25,109	392	24,717	2,138,310	1.17%	70,209	352
2017	24,606	235	24,371	2,316,514	1.06%	73,627	331
2018	24,083	143	23,940	2,608,633	0.92%	73,863	324
2019	23,540	109	23,431	2,857,501	0.82%	76,236	307
2020	22,972	75	22,897	3,143,710	0.73%	** 80,737	284
2021	22,378	89	22,289	3,484,286	0.64%	81,110	275

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The City issued General Obligation Bonds in FY 2014.

* Per capital amount have been revised to reflect net bonded debt instead of total bonded debt.

** Updated population per 2020 U.S. Census Bureau.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Governmental Unit	<u>0</u>	Debt Putstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to City of <u>Homestead</u>		Estimated share of Overlapping <u>Debt</u>		
OVERLAPPING: School Board of Miami-Dade County (1)	\$	847,572	2.97%	(3)	\$	25,173	
Miami-Dade County (2)		2,339,296	2.97%	(3)		69,477	
Subtotal	\$	3,186,868			\$	94,650	
DIRECT DEBT: (4)							
General obligation bonds	\$	22,378	100.00%		\$	22,378	
Revenue bonds		28,605	100.00%			28,605	
Other long-term debt		10,959	100.00%			10,959	
Equipment financing obligation		2,938	100.00%			2,938	
Subtotal	\$	64,880			\$	64,880	
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT					\$	159,530	

- (1) Information obtained from Miami-Dade County School Board Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021.
- (2) Information obtained from Miami-Dade County, Finance Department.

(3) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated by dividing:	
City of Homestead's population (April 1, 2021 estimate) **	81,110
by Miami-Dade County's population (April 1, 2021 estimate) **	2,731,939
Source : ** Office of Economic and Demographic Research	
(4) City of Homostood ACED for fixed year anding Sontember 20, 2021	

- (4) City of Homestead ACFR for fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.
- Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates that portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the City of Homestead. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayers is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

PLEDGED-REVENUE BOND COVERAGE FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

		General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014											
Fiscal Year		Voted Debt											
Ended	Millage revenue												
September 30,	+ fund balance		Pri	Principal		Interest		Total	<u>Coverage</u>				
2015	\$	1,887	\$	340	\$	859	\$	1,199	1.57				
2016		1,472		430		1,056		1,486	0.99				
2017		1,506		445		1,039		1,484	1.01				
2018		1,499		465		1,021		1,486	1.01				
2019		1,494		485		997		1,482	1.01				
2020		1,501		510		973		1,483	1.01				
2021		1,497		535		948		1,483	1.01				

Taxable Transportation System Revenue Bonds, Series 2017

]	Frasportation							
	Syst	em Surtax &							
Fiscal Year	Covena	ant to Budget			Det	ot Servic	e		
Ended	А	ppropriation			Rec	luiremei	nt		
September 30,		revenue*	Prin	ncipal	Interest		<u>Total</u>		<u>Coverage</u>
2018	\$	2,929	\$	865	\$	932	\$	1,797	1.63
2019		3,343		645		1,154		1,799	1.86
2020		2,772		655		1,143		1,798	1.54
2021		3,363		670		1,128		1,798	1.87

Note : This schedule is intended to have ten years of data.

Additional data to be compiled as information becomes available.

* Only the surtax portion of the pledged revenue is shown above

PLEDGED-REVENUE BOND COVERAGE FOR BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

		Elec	etric Utility Bon Net	ds, Series 200	04 and 20)19	
		Less:	Revenue Available				Coverage by Net Revenue
Fiscal Year	Gross	Operating	for		bt Servio		Available
Ended	Revenue	<u>Expenses</u>	Debt		quireme	nt	for
September 30,	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>Service</u>	Principal I	Interest	<u>Total</u>	Debt Service
2012	\$ 56,838	\$ 53,293	\$ 3,545	\$ 525 \$	5 193	\$ 718	4.94
2013	60,032	54,669	5,363	548	169	717	7.48
2014	59,808	57,826	1,982	570	147	717	2.76
2015	62,616	57,116	5,500	592	124	716	7.68
2016	63,892	58,951	4,941	773	101	874	5.65
2017	62,092	60,601	1,491	645	77	722	2.07
2018	64,079	60,608	3,471	495	60	555	6.25
2019	65,142	62,496	2,646	683	42	725	3.65
2020	58,160	54,221	3,939	420	62	482	8.17
2021	54,721	51,043	3,678	2,400	41	2,441	1.51
		El	ectric Utility FN Net	MPA Pooled L	loan 202	1	

			Net				
			Revenue				Coverage by
		Less:	Available				Net Revenue
Fiscal Year	Gross	Operating	for	Debt	Service	e	Available
Ended	Revenue	Expenses	Debt	Requ	iremen	t	for
September 30,	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>Service</u>	Principal Inte	erest	Total	Debt Service
2021	54,721	51,043	3,678	-	42	42	87.57

(1) Gross revenue - all operating and non-operating revenue sources

(2) Operating expenses - total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation, amortization and operating transfers



Demographic and Economic Information Page

The information presented in this section is intended to assist users in understanding the	
socioeconomic environment within which the City operates.	182-183



CITY OF HOMESTEAD, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

											(1) Personal		(4)	
			(2)				(2)							
]	Per				Per					(3)
	(1)												*	Unemployment
					•				•		Dollars)		Income **	Rate
	<u> </u>		<u>c</u>		<u> </u>									
	63,290	\$	37,161,276	\$	587	\$	35,615,503	\$	563	\$	890,490	\$	14,070	8.0%
	64,444		39,237,145		609		37,346,134		580		1,128,414		17,510	7.5%
	66,586		41,593,600		625		40,890,733		614		1,014,305		15,233	6.5%
	69,533		45,153,064		628		44,290,837		616		1,198,123		17,231	6.5%
	70,209		49,427,679		704		47,827,570		681		1,225,709		17,458	5.8%
	73,627		52,844,703		718		54,622,724		742		1,285,086		17,454	6.1%
	73,863		68,706,210		930		54,678,618		740		1,285,586		17,405	4.1%
	76,236		69,742,910		915		68,990,256		905		1,402,285		18,394	4.0%
***	80,737		51,549,760		638		49,947,776		619		1,473,127		18,246	11.9%
	81,110		62,495,043		770		59,652,946		735		1,573,858		19,404	6.4%
	***	64,444 66,586 69,533 70,209 73,627 73,863 76,236 *** 80,737	Population 63,290 \$ 64,444 66,586 69,533 70,209 73,627 73,863 76,236 ****	Population Budget * 63,290 \$ 37,161,276 64,444 39,237,145 66,586 41,593,600 69,533 45,153,064 70,209 49,427,679 73,627 52,844,703 73,863 68,706,210 76,236 69,742,910 **** 80,737 51,549,760	General I (1) Fund Ca Population Budget * Bu 63,290 \$ 37,161,276 \$ 64,444 39,237,145 \$ 66,586 41,593,600 \$ 69,533 45,153,064 \$ 70,209 49,427,679 \$ 73,627 52,844,703 \$ 73,863 68,706,210 \$ 76,236 69,742,910 \$ **** 80,737 51,549,760	General Per (1) Fund Capita Population Budget * Budget 63,290 \$ 37,161,276 \$ 587 64,444 39,237,145 609 66,586 41,593,600 625 69,533 45,153,064 628 70,209 49,427,679 704 73,627 52,844,703 718 73,863 68,706,210 930 76,236 69,742,910 915 **** 80,737 51,549,760 638	General Per (1) Fund Capita Population Budget * Budget 63,290 \$ 37,161,276 \$ 587 64,444 39,237,145 609 66,586 41,593,600 625 69,533 45,153,064 628 70,209 49,427,679 704 73,627 52,844,703 718 73,863 68,706,210 930 76,236 69,742,910 915 **** 80,737 51,549,760 638	General Per General Fund Capita Fund Actual * (1) Fund Budget * Budget Budget Actual * Actual * 63,290 \$ 37,161,276 \$ 587 \$ 35,615,503 64,444 39,237,145 609 37,346,134 66,586 41,593,600 625 40,890,733 69,533 45,153,064 628 44,290,837 70,209 49,427,679 704 47,827,570 73,627 52,844,703 718 54,622,724 73,863 68,706,210 930 54,678,618 76,236 69,742,910 915 68,990,256 49,947,776	General Per General Fund Capita Fund Fund Fund	(1)General Fund Budget *Per Capita BudgetGeneral Fund Actual *Per Capita Actual *63,290\$37,161,276\$587\$35,615,503\$56364,44439,237,14560937,346,13458066,58641,593,60062540,890,73361469,53345,153,06462844,290,83761670,20949,427,67970447,827,57068173,62752,844,70371854,622,72474273,86368,706,21093054,678,61874076,23669,742,91091568,990,256905***80,73751,549,76063849,947,776619	General Per General Per (1) Fund Capita Fund Capita Population Budget * Budget Fund Capita 63,290 \$ 37,161,276 \$ 587 \$ 35,615,503 \$ 563 \$ 64,444 39,237,145 609 37,346,134 580 \$ \$ 66,586 41,593,600 625 40,890,733 614 \$ 69,533 45,153,064 628 44,290,837 616 70,209 49,427,679 704 47,827,570 681 73,627 52,844,703 718 54,622,724 742 73,863 68,706,210 930 54,678,618 740 76,236 69,742,910 915 68,990,256 905 **** 80,737 51,549,760 638 49,947,776 619	(2) (2) (2) Personal Income (1) Fund Capita Fund Capita of Population Budget * Budget Actual * Actual Dollars) 63,290 \$ 37,161,276 \$ 587 \$ 35,615,503 \$ 563 \$ 890,490 64,444 39,237,145 609 37,346,134 580 1,128,414 66,586 41,593,600 625 40,890,733 614 1,014,305 69,533 45,153,064 628 44,290,837 616 1,198,123 70,209 49,427,679 704 47,827,570 681 1,225,709 73,627 52,844,703 718 54,622,724 742 1,285,086 73,863 68,706,210 930 54,678,618 740 1,285,586 76,236 69,742,910 915 68,990,256 905 1,402,285 **** 80,737 51,549,760 638 49,947,776 619 1,473,127	(2) (2) Personal Income (1) Fund Capita Fund Capita Of Population Budget * Budget Actual * Actual Dollars) 63,290 \$ 37,161,276 \$ 587 \$ 35,615,503 \$ 563 \$ 890,490 \$ 64,444 \$ 39,237,145 609 37,346,134 580 1,128,414 66,586 41,593,600 625 40,890,733 614 1,014,305 69,533 45,153,064 628 44,290,837 616 1,198,123 70,209 49,427,679 704 47,827,570 681 1,225,709 73,627 52,844,703 718 54,622,724 742 1,285,086 73,863 68,706,210 930 54,678,618 740 1,285,586 76,236 69,742,910 915 68,990,256 905 1,402,285 **** 80,737 51,549,760 638 49,947,776 619 1,473,127	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Sources:

tes: (1) Office of Economic and Demographic Research, except for 2020 which is from U.S. Census.

(2) City of Homestead ACFR for fiscal years ending September 30, 2012 through September 30, 2021.

(3) US. Bureau of Labor Statistics (as of September 30, 2021).

(4) U.S. Census Bureau

Note : * Numbers have been corrected to include transfers.

** Per capita income in past 12 months (in 2020 Dollars), 2016-2020.

*** Updated population per 2020 U.S. Census Bureau.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2021			2012	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
			City			City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Homestead Hospital	3,586	1	11.61%	1,321	1	9.43%
City of Homestead	481	2	1.56%	457	2	3.26%
-				437	2	5.20%
Miami Dade College	358	3	1.16%			
Baptist Health	300	4	0.97%	292	2	2.020/
Publix Supermarkets	250	5	0.81%	283	3	2.02%
Contender Boats	250	6	0.81%			
South Dade Technical College-Homestead	218	7	0.71%			
Campbell Drive K-8 Center	158	8	0.51%			
Laura C Saunders	154	9	0.50%			
Automundo, Inc	153	10	0.49%			
BJ's Wholesale Club				180	5	1.28%
Signature Health Care				170	6	1.21%
Olive Garden Restaurant				118	9	0.84%
Sedano's Supermarket				146	7	1.04%
Sonic Beach				140	8	1.00%
Keys Gate Charter School				266	4	1.90%
Kohl's Department Store				112	10	0.80%
Kom s Department Store				112	10	0.0070
	5,908		19.13%	3,193		22.78%

Source: City of Homestead Community Redevelopment Agency (2021) City of Homestead Development Service Department (2012) Bureau of Labor Statistics

Note: Total labor force as of 9/2021 = 30,890

Operating Information

The information presented in this section contains service and infrastructure data and is intended to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial reports relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs. **184-186**

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CITY GOVERNMENT FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES BY DEPARTMENT/DIVISION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021	2020	2010	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2012	2012
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
City Council	10	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10
City Clerk	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3
City Managers' Office	8	9	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Community Redevelopment Agency	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	4	4
Development Services	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	10	10
Finance	13	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
General Services	20	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Customer Service	28	28	27	27	27	27	26	26	26	26
Human Resources	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Parks, Recreation & Maint Svcs.	19	17	16	16	16	17	17	17	17	15
Police	162	155	155	155	153	153	153	148	142	144
Public Works (Streets, Water&Sewer, Stormwater)	49	50	52	52	52	51	51	50	50	50
Solid Waste	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	29
Electric Utilities	51	50	50	50	49	49	49	49	49	49
Total Full-Time Employees	420	408	407	406	403	402	401	395	388	382

Source: City of Homestead Human Resources Department

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

-	<u>2021</u>	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Police:										
Adult arrest (1)	1,631	2,050	2,648	3,073	3,467	3,431	2,680	3,661	2,929	3,221
Juvenile arrest	163	256	245	234	359	431	407	535	358	434
Calls for service	30,549	31,897	34,149	36,374	37,281	37,379	37,401	41,245	37,824	38,228
Water:										
Number of service connections	26,037	25,330	24,987	25,465	23,969	23,177	23,597	21,962	21,000	19,377
Average daily billed consumption (millions of gallons)	6.20	6.20	5.70	5.80	6.00	5.50	5.10	7.14	4.76	N/A
Sewer:										
Number of service connections	22,857	22,203	21,837	22,313	20,656	20,137	20,488	18,905	18,012	16,489
Average daily billed consumption (millions of gallons)	5.00	5.00	4.70	4.70	4.30	4.40	4.20	7.30	3.87	N/A
Electric distribution system:										
Number of customers	26,124	25,853	25,606	25,115	25,031	23,863	23,086	22,701	22,000	21,798
Facilities and services not included in the primary government:										
Education:										
Number of schools	29	27	25	25	24	24	24	24	22	21
Number of instructors	1,311	1,464	1,229	1,229	1,040	1,040	1,040	1,040	1,085	1,074
Hospitals:										
Number of hospitals	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of patient beds	147	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	143
X7/A X7 / A 11.1.1										

N/A - Not Available

Sources: City of Homestead Police Department

City of Homestead Public Works Department

City of Homestead Electric Utilities Department

City of Homestead Development Services Department

www.greatschools.org/florida/homestead/schools

https://bapisthealth.net/locations/hospitals/homestead-hospital

(1) Fourth quarter data (July-Sept 2021) is not available due to technical issues with departmen'ts records system.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Police:	2021	2020	2017	2010	2017	2010	2015	2014	2015	2012
Station	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units/Sworn police officers	119	113	113	113	113	113	113	108	102	102
Other public works:										
Streets (miles)	164	161	157	142	136	133	124	124	124	124
Parks and recreation:										
Acreage	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275
Playgrounds	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Tennis court	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Community centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Baseball/Softball fields	17	17	17	17	19	19	19	19	19	19
Basketball courts	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	7
Soccer court	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Racketball	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	-
Football Stadium	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Multipurpose Fields (Soccer/Football)	6	6	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4
Water:										
Water mains (miles)	286.45	286	285	284	282	281	277	276	274	273
Fire hydrants	1,967	1,958	1,944	1932	1907	1,898	1,878	1,863	1,860	1,857
Daily capacity (millions of gallons)	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Sewer:										
Sanitary sewer (miles)	176.5	176	174	173	171	170	160	159	156	155
Daily capacity (millions of gallons)	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Electric distribution system:										
Miles of service	222	219	211	209	203	197	195	191	191	191
Number of distribution feeders	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Number of substations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

N/A - Not Available

Sources: City of Homestead Police Department

City of Homestead Public Works Department

City of Homestead Electric Utilities Department

City of Homestead Parks and Recreation Department



REPORTING SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager **City of Homestead, Florida**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Homestead, Florida (the City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 7, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Pension Trust Funds, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



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Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Marcum LLP

Miami, FL June 7, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager **City of Homestead, Florida**

Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Homestead's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each of the major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Programs

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each of the major federal programs and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Marcune LLP

Miami, FL June 7, 2022

CITY OF HOMESTEAD, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	AL	Grant	Transfers to	
Federal Agency, Pass Through Entity Federal Program Project	Number	Identifying Number	Sub recipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct programs:				
CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster	14.010	D 00 101 10 0011	¢	A 15 510
Community Development Block Grant Neighborhood Stabilization Program Community Development Block Grant 2014 Entitlement	14.218	B-08-MN-12-0011	\$ -	\$ 15,512
5 1	14.218 14.218	B-14-MC-12-0055	-	157,389 18,800
Community Development Block Grant 2015 Entitlement Community Development Block Grant 2016 Entitlement	14.218	B-15-MC-12-0055 B-16-MC-12-0055	-	21,324
Community Development Block Grant 2018 Entitlement	14.218	B-18-MC-12-0055	-	82,000
Community Development Block Grant 2020 Entitlement	14.218	B-10-MC-12-0055 B-20-MC-12-0055	100,000	187,573
Community Development Block Grant CARES ACT 2020	14.218	B-20-MC-12-0055	-	428,185
Community Development Block Grant CARES ACT 2021	14.218	B-20-MC-12-0055	-	361,473
Total CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster	1.1210	2 20 110 12 0000	100,000	1,272,256
CDBG Section 108 Loan Fund	14.248	B-15-MC-12-0055		3,089,000
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			100,000	4,361,256
U.S. Department of Justice				
Direct program:				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 2018	16.738	2018-DJ-BX-0580	-	387
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 2019	16.738	2019-DJ-BX-0732	-	575
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 2020	16.738	2020-DJ-BX-0899	-	29,411
Subtotal Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Programs			-	30,373
Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement:				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2021-JAGC-DADE-14-5R-128	-	7,215
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2020-JAGC-DADE-13-Y5-161		7,518
Subtotal Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Programs			-	14,733
				15 106
Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Programs				45,106
Direct programs:				
Office of Violence Against Women	16.590	2018-WE-AX-0014	-	212,037
Federal Equitable Sharing	16.922	N/A		11,916
Subtotal Direct Programs			-	223,953
Passed Through Florida Department of Children and Families:				
Violence Against Women Formula Grant	16.588	LN092	-	58,171
Violence Against Women Formula Grant	16.588	LN185	-	16,415
Subtotal Violence Against Women pass through			-	74,586
Passad Through State of Florida, Office of Attorney General:				
Passed Through State of Florida, Office of Attorney General: Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	2020-00738		144,755
Total Department of Justice	10.575	2020-00758		488,400
Four Department of Subject				-100,-100
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation:				
Highway Safety Cluster				
National Priority Safety Program (NHTSA 405 Funds)	20.616	G1U79	-	25,821
Total Highway Safety Cluster			-	25,821
Total Department of Transportation			-	25,821
U.S. Department of Treasury				
Direct Program:	21.01.6	NT (1)		21.125
Federal Equitable Sharing	21.016	N/A		71,175
Subtotal Direct Programs			-	71,175
Direct Program:				
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	N/A		9,000
Coronavirus Rener I unu	21.017	IVA),000
Passed Through Miami Dade County, Florida:				
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	N/A	-	1,006,623
Total Coronavirus Relief Fund				1,015,623
Total Department of Treasury			-	1,086,798
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Direct Programs:	07.020	7020		70.1.00
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	7920		70,169
Subtotal Direct Programs				70,169
Passed Through State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management -				
Disaster Relief Funding, Hurricane Irma	97.036	N/A		969,792
Total Department of Treasury	21.050	17/73		1,039,961
Total Solution of Trouble's				1,007,701
				'
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 100,000	\$ 7,002,236

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal activity of the City of Homestead, Florida (the City) under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 – OUTSTANDING LOANS WITH CONTINUING COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with Uniform Guidance requirements, loans outstanding at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the schedule. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grant – Section 108 Loan Guarantee for the cybrary project funded \$3,283,000 during the prior year. Principal payment of \$194,000 was paid during the fiscal year 2021 and the outstanding loan balance was \$2,895,000 as of September 30, 2021.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified	Unmodified Opinion Yes X No Yes X None reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes X No
<u>Federal Awards</u>	
Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X No Yes X None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Unmodified Opinion
Identification of major programs:	
Federal Program/Cluster	AL No.
Community Development Block Grants Entitlement Cluster - COVID	14.218
Entitlement Cluster - COVID	
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019
	21.019 \$750,000

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

SECTION III- FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.



MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager **City of Homestead, Florida**

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Homestead, Florida (the City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated June 7, 2022. We did not audit the financial statements of the Pension Trust Funds, which represent 88%, 93%, and 60%, respectively, of the assets, net position/fund balance and revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Requirements Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance): and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated June 7, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.



Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same. Our assessment was performed as of the fiscal year end.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Unit

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component unit that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, City Council, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Marcum LLP

Miami, FL June 7, 2022



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE PURSUANT TO SECTION 218.415 FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager **City of Homestead, Florida**

We have examined the City of Homestead's (the City) compliance with Section 218.415 Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415 Florida Statutes for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely to describe our testing of compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and it is not suitable for any other purpose.

Marcun LLP

Miami, FL June 7, 2022

MARCUMGROUP MEMBER

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IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Carlos M. Perez, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of the City of Homestead which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida;

2. The governing body of the City of Homestead adopted Ordinances 2001-09-31 and 2001-10-69 implementing impact fees, and Ordinances 2005-11-159 and 2011-10-19 amending the impact fees.

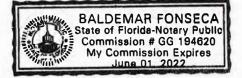
3. The City of Homestead has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

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Carlos M. Perez, Finar City of Homestead	nce Di	ector	8

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF MIAMI DADE

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 13 day of May, 2022.



NOTARY Print Name

Personally known _____ or produced identification ______

Type of identification produced: ______

My Commission Expires:

June 1, 2022





FISCAL YEAR ENDED **SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**



THE CITY OF HOMESTEAD 100 Civic Court, Homestead, FL 33030

www.cityofhomestead.com