Comprehensive Annual Financial Statements Report

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

CITY OF LAYTON, FLORIDA AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	PAGE
Table of Contents List of City Officials	I
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4-11
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	12 13
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Governmental Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets - Government Funds Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Government Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	14 15 16
Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements	18 - 36
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP Bases) General Fund Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	37 38 39 40
COMPLIANCE SECTION: Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	41 - 42
Independent Auditor's Report to City Management	43 - 44
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes	45

CITY OFFICIALS CITY OF LAYTON, FLORIDA

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30TH, 2021

ELECTED OFFICIALS

MAYOR

Bruce Halle

VICE-MAYOR

Greg Lewis

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Yesenia Diaz

Cynthia Lewis

Philip Porter

Susan Grant

SMITH, BUZZI & ASSOCIATES, LLC.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 9425 SUNSET DRIVE, SUITE 180 MIAMI, FLORIDA 33173 TEL. (305) 598-6701 FAX (305) 598-6716

JULIO M. BUZZI, C.P.A. JOSE E. SMITH, C.P.A.

MEMBERS: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Layton, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information for the City of Layton, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which, collectively comprises the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information for the City of Layton, Florida as of September 30, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required supplementary information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, require that management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, budgetary comparison information and the other supplemental information section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison information and other financial information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, budgetary comparison information and other financial information are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Smith, Buggi & Associates, LLC.

Miami, Florida November 8, 2021

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The discussion and analysis of the City of Layton's financial statements is intended to provide a narrative introduction to the basic financial statements and an analytical overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30th, 2021.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Layton exceeded its liabilities at September 30th, 2021 by \$2,174,688 (net position). Of this amount, \$234,486 of unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$54,513 during fiscal year 2021.
- As of September 30th, 2021, the City of Layton's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,398,305. This is an increase of \$70,844 over the prior year ending fund balances. This entire total is reserved and unreserved.

Using this Report:

This report consists of a series of financial statements.

The **Statement of Net Position** (page 12) and the **Statement of Activities** (page 13) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. The statements separate governmental from business-type activities but both are measured and reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting.

The **Fund Financial Statements**, which report by fund type, begin on page 14. The governmental funds measure and report activities using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, you will find the reconciliation on

page 15 that converts this data to an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting for use in the entity-wide financial statements. Except for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds, all other funds of the City are combined in an "other funds" column. There were no "other funds" during the year. The Governmental Accounting Standards board (GASB) Statement No. 34 provides the authoritative guidance on the governmental financial reporting model.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Government-wide financial statements are intended to allow the reader to assess a government's operational accountability. Operational accountability is defined as the extent to which the government has met its operating objectives efficiently and effectively using all resources available for that purpose, and whether it can continue to meet its objectives for the foreseeable future. The statements separate governmental from business-type activities. For purposes of these statements, both types are measured and reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during fiscal year 2021. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as uncollected taxes.

Both of these financial statements distinguish the primary types of functions of the City, defined as follows:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including police, public works, parks and recreation, building inspection, planning, code enforcement and general administration. Major revenues supporting these activities are ad-valorem taxes, sales and gas taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Lesser revenues come from building permits, local business tax receipts, fees and investments.
- Business-type activities The City's business type activities would be reported here. Primarily user fees would support the activities. The City currently has no business type funds.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain financial control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the Funds of the City can be divided into three categories:

- Governmental Funds Account for most of the city's tax-supported activities: Examples are the General Fund and the Capital Project Funds. These funds focus on how money flows into and out of the funds, and the balances left at year-end. The accounting method used is called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, usually within a 60-day period. The two criteria used are that the revenue is measurable and available. Examples of differences from economic focus are that debt proceeds and grants are considered current revenue, and purchases of capital are considered expenditures whereas depreciation is not considered expenditure since there is no outlay of cash. In the City's highly regulatory environment, fund accounting serves a very important purpose, in that funds received for specific purposes are identified as such and can readily be audited.
- Proprietary Funds Are used to account for the business-type, or enterprise activities of the government. Proprietary funds use full accrual basis accounting and the economic measurement focus. Fees or charges are the primary revenue source for proprietary funds. There are no proprietary funds.
- Fiduciary Funds Are used to account for resources held for the benefit or parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the city's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds. There are no fiduciary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found beginning on page 18.

Required Supplementary Information

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) call for certain unaudited information to accompany the audited basic financial statement and accompanying footnotes. This information is called required supplementary information (RSI) and includes this analysis, called the MD & A and budgetary comparisons.

The City's combined net position as of September 30th, 2021 were \$2,174,688. The City's combined revenues, including charges for services, shared revenues, taxes and investment earnings, were \$408,271. Total expenses city-wide was \$353,758. The increase to city-wide net position was \$54,513. The following Table 1 reflects the condensed Statement of Net Positions with comparative data for the previous year.

Table 1 - Net Assets

	2021	2020
Governmental Activities		
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$1,413,928 776,383	1,342,962 792,714
Total Assets	2,190,311	<u>2,135,676</u>
Other Liabilities	15,623	<u> 15,501</u>
Net Position: Invested in capital assets, net of Related debt Restricted and unrestricted	776,383 1,398,305	792,714 1,327,461
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ <u>2,190,311</u>	<u>2,135,676</u>

The largest portion of the City's net position \$776,383 or 35.7% are its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, machinery and equipment, less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these assets to provide services to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. It is also important to recognize that other resources will be required to repay any outstanding debt on capital assets; there is currently no outstanding debt. There were restricted net assets, leaving the balance as unrestricted net assets of \$234,486 that may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The City's overall financial position continues to be healthy.

Table 2 is the condensed Statement of Activities for the fiscal year ended September 30th, 2021 with comparative data for the previous year.

Table 2 - Net Assets

Governmental Activities		
D.		
Revenues:		
Program revenues		0.7.04.0
	\$ 27,035	27,910
Grants	_	_
General revenues		
Property taxes	181 , 972	166,546
Other taxes	44 , 458	42,300
Intergovernmental revenues	137,263	102,035
Fines and forfeitures	5 , 786	2,105
Interest/Investment earnings	5 , 769	10,121
Rental income	-	2,000
Other	5 , 988	22,371
Total Revenues	408,271	375 , 388
Expenses:		
General government	234,990	208,430
Public safety	70,114	69,969
Physical environment	26 , 986	20,970
Transportation	21,453	11,167
Culture/recreation	215	8,785
Total Expenses	353,758	319,321
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	54,513	56,067
Net Position - Beginning	2,120,175	2,064,108
Net Position - Ending	\$2,174,688	2,120,175

Governmental Activities

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's programs as well as each program's net cost (total cost less program revenues -i.e. excluding taxes-), generated by the activities. The net cost represents the portion of each program that is supported by various taxes.

The cost of all governmental activities this fiscal year was \$353,758. As shown in the Statement of Activities (see page 13), the net cost ultimately paid through taxes and other resources was \$326,723 and the remaining \$27,035 was provided by:

• \$27,035 in charges for services - the business tax fees of \$175 and development-type fees of \$26,860 were the most significant.

Table 3 - Governmental Activities

	Net cost of Services
	<u>2021</u>
General Government Public Safety Physical Environment Transportation Culture/Recreation	\$ 234,990 43,079 26,986 21,453 215
Totals	\$ <u>326,723</u>

Financial Analysis of the Governments Fund

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are comprised of the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds and capital project funds. Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus that provides information on the near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$234,486, which was also the total of the general Fund, as none was reserved. The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$33,885 during the current fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were no differences between the General fund's original budget and final amended budget other than line item allocations that did not affect the total budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The City's capital assets as of September 30, 2021 reflect an investment of \$776,383 net of accumulated depreciation.

In compliance with GASB # 34, the City has separated out an infrastructure asset category, which was formerly, included in Improvements other than buildings. The City's infrastructure, such as roads, multi-use paths, bridges, piers and sewer pipe, are to be recorded at actual costs for all assets placed in service after October 1st, 2003. Infrastructure assets acquired prior to this date have not been capitalized.

Table 4 provides a comparative summary of net capital assets by category for both governmental and business-type activities for which there were

Table 4 - Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation)

		2021
Land Buildings and improvements Vehicles and equipment	\$	587,608 147,163 41,612
Total Capital Assets	\$_	776,383

Capital assets did not change during this fiscal year.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rate

Although the City currently enjoys a healthy economy because of the accumulation of adequate reserves, as revenues decrease due to current economic conditions and as expenses continually increase, the City must monitor finances to preserve these reserves.

These factors were a consideration when preparing the City's fiscal year 2019-20 budget. Although the fiscal year 2021/2022 budget is being funded by the same tax rate as was levied in the prior year, expenses continue to rise and the City remains prudent to protect the reserves that have been slowly and carefully accumulated and to match current revenues with current expenditures.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Layton's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be address to the:

City Clerk City of Layton P.O. Box 778 Long Key, Fl 33031

Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	<u>Total</u>
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable	\$ 248,899 - 1,210	\$ 248,899 - 1,210
Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,163,819	1,163,819
Capital Assets-Net of Accumulated Depreciation Land Buildings and improvements Vehicles, Equipment and Furniture	587,608 147,163 41,612	587,608 147,163 41,612
Total Assets	2,190,311	2,190,311
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts Payable	15,623	15,623
Total Liabilities	15,623	<u>15,623</u>
Net Position		
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt Restricted and unrestricted	776,383 1,398,305	776,383 1,398,305
Total Net Position	\$ <u>2,174,688</u>	\$ <u>2,174,688</u>

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Program Revenues			ense) Revenues s in Net Positi		
				Primar	y Government	
	Expenses	Charges For Services	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	
Functions/Programs: Primary Government: Governmental activities:						
General Government	\$ 234,990	_	_	(234,990)	_	(234,990)
Public Safety	70,114	27 , 035	-	(43,079)	-	(43,079)
Physical Environment	26 , 986	_	-	(26 , 986)	-	(26,986)
Transportation	21,453	_	-	(21,453)	-	(21,453)
Culture/Recreation Total Governmental	215			(215)		(215)
Activities	353 , 758	27 , 035	_	(326,723)	_	(326,723)
Business-type activities:						
Total Primary Government	\$ <u>353,758</u>	<u>27,035</u>		<u>(326,723</u>)		(326,723)
	General Rev					
		xes, for g	general purpose	181 , 972	-	181 , 972
	Gas taxes			44,458	-	44 , 458
	Infrastruct			83 , 357	-	83 , 357
	Intergovern			53 , 906	-	53 , 906
	Fines and F			5 , 786	-	5 , 786
	Interest/In		earnings	5 , 769	-	5 , 769
	Rental inco	-		-	-	-
	Miscellaneo	us and Oth	er income	<u>5,988</u>		5,988
	Total genera	l revenues	and transfers	381,236		381,236
	Change in N	et Positio	n	54,513	_	54,513
			ng of year,	2,120,175		2,120,175
	Net Positio	n, end of	year	\$ <u>2,174,688</u>		2,174,688

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	General Fund	Gas Tax	Infrastructure Surtax	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 248,899	831,243	332,576	1,412,718
Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenses and other assets	1,210	_ 		1,210
Total Assets	\$ <u>250,109</u>	<u>831,243</u>	<u>332,576</u>	<u>1,413,928</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	15,623			15,623
Total Liabilities	15,623		-	15,623
Fund Balances				
Unassigned Fund Balance Committed Fund Balance Assigned Fund Balance	234,486	831,243	- - 332,576	234,486 831,243 332,576
Total Fund Balances	234,486	831,243	332,576	1,398,305
Total Liabilities and Fund Equities	\$ <u>250,109</u>	<u>831,243</u>	<u>332,576</u>	<u>1,413,928</u>

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet To the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Fund Balance Totals - Governmental Funds

\$1,398,305

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The cost of the assets is \$952,556, and the accumulated depreciation is \$159,842.

<u>776,</u>383

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$2,174,688

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	General	Local Option Gas Tax	Infrastructure Surtax	Total
Revenues				
Grants - Waste Water System	\$ -	_	_	_
Taxes:				
Property	181 , 972	_	_	181 , 972
Gas	_	44,458	_	44,458
Licenses and Permits	27 , 035	_	_	27 , 035
Intergovernmental Revenues	53 , 906	_	83 , 357	137,263
Fines and Forfeitures	5 , 786	_	_	5 , 786
Interest/Investment Earnings	2,339	2,536	894	5 , 769
Rental Income	_	_	_	_
Other Revenues and Donations	5,988	_	_	5 , 988
Total Revenues	277,026	46,994	84,251	408,271
Expenditures				
Current:	160 550		FO 107	010 650
General Government	168,552	_	50,107	218,659
Public Safety	70,114	_	_	70,114
Physical Environment	-	-	26,986	26,986
Transportation	-	21,453	_	21,453
Culture and Recreation	215	_	_	215
Capital Outlay				
Total Expenditures	238,881	21,453	<u>77,093</u>	337,427
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	38,145	25,541	7,158	70,844
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers from (to) Other Funds	(4,260)	3,308	952	_
				
Net Changes in Fund Balances Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	33,885 200,601	28,849 802,394	8,110 324,466	70,844 1,327,461
rana barance at beginning of feat	200,001	002/334	321,100	1,527,401
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ <u>234,486</u>	<u>831,243</u>	<u>332,576</u>	<u>1,398,305</u>

Reconciliation of the Governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances -Total Governmental Funds

\$ 70,844

Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.

Depreciation (16,331)

Change in Net Position of
Governmental Activities \$ 54,513

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Layton, Florida (the "City") is a political subdivision of the state of Florida, located in Monroe County. The City as established by Chapter 24386, Special Acts of 1963 of the Florida Legislature, operates under a Mayor-Commission form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its Charter; public safety (building department), highway and streets, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The Mayor and the Council are responsible for legislative and fiscal control of the City. The operating activities are conducted by the Mayor.

The basic financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant City accounting policies are described below.

The accompanying financial statements present the combined financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the applicable fund types and account groups governed by the City.

Financial Reporting Entity

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Government Accounting Standards, which establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The definition of the financial reporting entity is based upon the concept that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. One of the objectives of financial reporting is to provide users of financial statements with a basis for assessing the accountability of the elected officials. The financial reporting entity consists of the City, organizations for which the City is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statement to be misleading or incomplete. The City is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose the specific financial burdens on the City. Based upon the application of these criteria, there were no organizations that met the criteria described above.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont.)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. There are currently no enterprise funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont.)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to apply liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditure related to compensated absences and claims and, judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements governmental column, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each statement, which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities of the government-wide presentation.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont.)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation - (Cont.)

The City reports the following major Governmental Funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be reported in another fund.

Additionally, the City would report the following fund type when a project is so designated:

Capital Projects Funds to account for financial resources that are limited to expenditures for capital outlay.

As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds, when existing, distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of services, personnel costs, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont.)

<u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u> and Financial Statement Presentation - (Cont.)

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including any special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. General Revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use unrestricted resources first and then restricted resources, as they are needed for their intended purposes.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand and cash on deposit with financial institutions. The City maintains separate cash accounts for substantially all City funds including those for restricted cash and investments held with trustees. Interest income is directly allocated based upon the earnings of each accounts' cash and investments. For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The City has no investments currently and deposits funds into interest bearing money market and certificate of deposit accounts.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont.)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity - (Cont.)

Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, there may be transactions which occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are reported as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". At the year end there were none.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, land, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, bike paths, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure assets acquired after October $1^{\rm st}$, 2003 are capitalized at cost as acquired. Infrastructure assets that were place in service prior to that date were not reported.

The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$750 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at an estimated fair market value at the date of donation. During 2013, three (3) parcels of land whose appraised value was \$250,000 were donated to the City with a corresponding credit to Miscellaneous income and donations.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont.)

Capital As<u>sets</u> - (Cont.)

The costs of normal maintenance or repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. They are included as ordinary expenditures for the appropriate function.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The ranges of useful lives are as follows:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	15 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	15 - 20
Infrastructure	30
Vehicles and equipment	5 - 10

The cost of assets retired or sold, together with the related accumulated depreciation, is removed from the accounts and any gain or loss on disposition is credited or charged to earnings.

Interest is capitalized on enterprise fund assets constructed with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project construction with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has no items that qualify for reporting in this category. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont.)

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. At September 30, 2021 all vacation earned had been used. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate such amounts.

Unearned/Unavailable Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Unearned revenues at the government—wide level arise only when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net assets in the financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net positions represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute. Unrestricted net positions consist of all net position that do not meet the definition of the other two components.

Fund Balance

The City presents fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent. The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Cont.)

Net Position/Fund Balances - (Cont.)

Non-spendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is \underline{not} an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaid Items - portion of fund balance that is \underline{not} an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid expense for the City which is not a spendable resource.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote of City's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of the specific purpose requires majority action by the governing bodies that approved the original action.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that City intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance - the portion of fund balance that has not been assigned to another fund or restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

(2) Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgets -

Legal Compliance

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, certain capital project funds, and enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and are not automatically re-appropriated the following fiscal year. On July 1st of each year, the Monroe county Property Appraiser supplies the city with the assessed taxable valuation of the property located within the City on which the City's millage (property tax) rate for the next budget year will be based. Prior to July 31st, a public hearing is held at which a proposed budget is presented to the City commission and, by resolution, the City commission establishes a proposed millage (property tax) rate.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(2) Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability - (Cont.)

Budgets -

Legal Compliance - (Cont.)

Based on the State of Florida "TRIM" (Truth in Millage) calendar, the City holds two public hearings on the tentative millage rate and tentative budget during the month of September. The budget is adopted by Resolution. Project-length financial plans are also adopted for all Capital Project Funds.

Budget amounts are presented as originally adopted and as amended by the City Council. Budget amendments, adopted by Resolution of the City Council, are used to revise the budgeted amounts throughout the year. The City Council may amend the budget within existing appropriations of individual funds; there were minor amendments during the year.

The level of control whereby expenditures cannot exceed appropriations is at the fund level. During the fiscal year ended September 30th, 2021, there were no supplemental appropriations approved by the City Council in accordance with this policy.

Property Taxes

All real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable on November $1^{\rm st}$ of each year, or as soon thereafter as the tax roll is certified by the Monroe County Property Appraiser, and become delinquent on April $1^{\rm st}$ of the following year. The billing and collection of all property taxes is done for the City by the Monroe County Tax Collector.

The Tax collector mails to each property owner on the tax roll a notice of taxes levied by the various governmental entities in the County. Discounts are allowed for payment of property taxes made between November 1st and March 1st. Tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes or assessments must be sold no later than June 1st of each year. Procedures for collecting delinquent taxes, including applicable tax certificate sales, tax deed sales and tangible personal property seizure and sales, are provided for by the laws of Florida. Enforceable lien date is approximately two years after taxes become delinquent and occurs only upon request of a holder of a delinquent tax certificate. Key dates in the property tax cycle (latest date, where appropriate) are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(2) Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability - (Cont.)

Property Taxes - (Cont.)

 $\it July~1^{\rm st}$ - Assessment roll certified, unless extension granted by Florida Department of Revenue.

93 days later (normally October $1^{\rm st}$). Millage resolution approved and taxed levied following certification of assessment roll.

November 1^{st} - Property taxes become due and payable (maximum discount, i.e., 4 percent).

April 1st - Taxes become delinquent (lien date).

Prior to June 1st - Tax certificates sold.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepting in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future they may ultimately differ from actual results.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through November 8, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(3) Detailed Notes on All Funds

Deposits and investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except for those in which the cash must be segregated due to bond indenture or other legal restrictions such as in the deferred compensation plan.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (Cont.)

Deposits

In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, deposits which consist of cash on hand and interest bearing checking accounts are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under Florida Statutes Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, the State Treasurer requires all Florida qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any losses. Therefore, all amounts presented as deposits are insured or collateralized.

Investments

The City is authorized to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury, its agencies, instrumentalities and the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the State Board of Administration. The investments follow the investment rules defined in Florida Statutes Chapter 215. The investment policy defined in the statues attempts to promote, through state assistance, the maximization of net investment earnings on invested surplus funds of local units of governments while limiting the risk to which the funds are exposed. All funds are invested in checking, money market and certificates of deposit accounts.

There were no losses during the period due to default by counterparties to investment transactions, and the City had no other types of investments during the year other than those described above.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (Cont.)

Investments (Cont.)

Туре	Cate	gory 1	<u>Fai</u>	r Value
<pre>General Investments Investments (F.M.I.T.)</pre>	\$	-	\$	_
Investments not Subject to Categorization Certificates of Deposits			1	72,493
Total Investments Plus Deposits:			1	.72,493
Checking Accounts			1,2	39 , 605
Total Deposits and Investments			1,4	12,098
Plus Cash on Hand:				620
Total Cash, Deposits and Investme	nts		\$ <u>1,</u> 4	112,718

Inherent rate risk

The City has an investment policy of structuring the investment portfolio so that the securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and investing operating funds in money market accounts and certificates of deposit.

The following schedule reconciles the deposit and investment information above to the City-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (Cont.)

Investments (Cont.)

The following schedule reconciles the deposit and investment information above to the City-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:

	Current		Restricted		Total	
	Cash and		Cash and		Cash and	
	Equivalents	Investments	Equivalents	Investments	Investments	
Governmental						
Activities						
General	\$ 248,899	_	1,163,819	_	1,412,718	
	,					
Other Governmental						
Total Governmental	248,899	_	1,163,819	_	1,412,718	
Total	\$ 248,899	_	1,126,860	_	1,412,718	
	. ===,===		=,===,===		<u>=7 == 7 ·= v</u>	
				_		
			Specia			
			Reve			
		Gener	ral Fund	ds <u>T</u>	otal	
Accounts Receivabl	0					
Accounts Receivable	<u>. e</u>					
Governmental Act	ivities					
Unrestricted:	IVICICS					
Accounts Rece	ivables	\$ 1,	210 -		1,210	
	_	· +				
Total unrest	ricted					
Receivable	S	\$ <u>1,</u> :	210 -		1,210	
		· 		====	<u></u>	
Accounts Payable	and Other	Accrued				
Expenses						
Governmental Act						
Accounts Paya		\$10,		1	.0 , 979	
Accrued Liabi	lities	4,	644 –		4,644	
m : 3 ~	. 3	A 1 =	600		F 600	
Total Gover	nmental	\$ <u>15,</u>	623 -	<u>1</u>	<u>.5,623</u>	

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (Cont.)

Investments (Cont.)

Intergovernmental Revenues	<u>General</u>	Special Revenue Funds	<u>Total</u>
ineergoverimenear nevenaee			
Governmental Activities			
Operating Grants and Shares			
Revenues			
State Shared Revenues	\$53 , 906	83 , 357	137,263
Local Shared Revenues	_	_	_
Capital Grant Revenues	_	_	_
Other Inter-local Agreements			
Total	\$ <u>53,906</u>	83,357	137,263

Capital Assets

Capital Assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance 10/1/2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance 9/30/2021
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ <u>587,608</u>			<u>587,608</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Vehicles, Furniture and equipment	222,272 24,822 - 117,854	- - - -	- - - -	222,272 24,822 - 117,854
Total capital assets being depreciated	364,948	-	-	364,948
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Vehicles, Furniture and Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	68,574 24,459 66,809	5,556 1,342 - 9,433 16,331	- - - -	74,130 25,801 - 76,242 176,173
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	205,106	(16,331)		188,775
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>792,714</u>	<u>(16,331</u>)		<u>776,383</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(3) Detailed Notes on All Funds (Cont.)

Capital Assets (Cont.)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities

General government

\$16,331

Total deprecation expense-governmental activities

\$16,331

(4) Other Information

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The city purchases commercial insurance and also participates in a public entity risk pool administered by Florida League of Cities, Inc. with insurance programs for general professional liability and workers compensation. The City pays an annual premium to Florida League of Cities, Inc. for Participation in this risk pool is nonthis insurance coverage. There were no significant reductions in insurance assessable. coverages as compared to the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City retains the risk of loss up to a deductible amount with the risk of loss in excess of this amount transferred to the pool with limits of liability of \$1,000,000 per occurrence for general and professional liability. The City is not aware of any ongoing, pending or threatened litigation or claims as of September 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(4) Other Information

Miscellaneous Revenues

Other Revenue in the General Government Fund types as of September 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Special Revenue General Funds Total				
Rents	\$ -	-	_		
Other Income and donations	<u>5,988</u>		<u>5,988</u>		
Total Other Revenue	\$ <u>5,988</u>		5,988		

Restatements

Due to provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, the beginning net assets of governmental activities were restated to include the governmental long-term debt and governmental fixed assets as of September 30, 2004.

Litigation

The City is not involved in any litigation or disputes incidental to its operations. Legal counsel is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements do not include any provision for such matters.

Commitments and Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to compliance audits by grantor agencies, principally federal and state governments. Any disallowed expenses, including amounts already collected, might constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The City does not believe any contingent liabilities are material. The City did not receive any grants in fiscal 2021 and accordingly, the City does not believe any contingent liabilities exist at September 30, 2021 and if any exist, they are immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(4) Other Information - (Cont.)

Reserve/Designations

The City maintains special revenue funds to account for external or internal restrictions placed on revenue sources. A summary of restrictions that meet the criteria for restricted net assets is as follows:

Special Revenue Funds:

 ${\it Local~Option~Gas~Tax}$ - Tax levied for transportation projects and restricted per Florida Statutes.

 $Infrastructure \ Surtax - Tax \ levied, \ restricted \ for infrastructure purposes only as to use per agreement with Monroe county and Florida Statutes.$

Operating Leases

The City was not committed under any operating leases for office equipment.

Law Enforcement Agreement

The City entered into a contract with the Monroe County Sheriff's Office for local law enforcement services. The charge for these services for fiscal 2021 amounted to \$25,151. The rate is based on the lesser of the millage rate for unincorporated areas of the County or 1.0~mills.

Violations of Law

The audit did not disclose any violations of law, significant or otherwise, for material over expenditures at the legal level of control identified in the budgetary comparison schedules.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

(5) Other Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

GASB Statement No. 45; Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions ("OPEB"), established new accounting standards for post-retirement benefits. The new standard does not require funding of OPEB expense, but any difference between the annual required contribution ("ARC") and the amount funded during the year is required to be recorded in the employer's Statement of Net Position as an increase (decrease) in the OPEB obligation.

The City does not offer post-retirement benefits to retired employees.

(6) COVID-19

In early March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of the Covid-19 virus a pandemic. Normal business continuity/operations could be impacted for months as significant and unprecedented measures are taken to mitigate the consequences of the pandemic. Management is continually monitoring the situation and evaluating its options during this time. Resulting economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively affect the results of operations or other impacts whose effect is unknown at this time. No adjustments have been made to these financial statements as a result of this uncertainty.

(7) Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and recognition through November 8, 2021, the date on which these financial statements were available to be issued.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Original	Budgeted <u>Final</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Revenues Fund Transfers Fines Interest and Investment Earnings Rental Income Other Income 400 Total Revenues	\$ 190,551 20,200 43,700	190,551 20,200 43,700	181,972 27,035 53,906	(8,579) 6,835 10,206
	3,150 600	3,150 600	5,786 2,339	2,636 1,739
	7,400	7,400	5 , 988	(1,412)
	265,601	265,601	277,026	11,425
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government:				
Legislative Financial and administrative Legal Comprehensive Planning Contingency Other General Governmental	350,050 16,000 8,000	350,050 16,000 8,000	140,651 20,026 7,875	209,399 (4,026) 125 -
Total General Government	374,050	374,050	168,552	205,498
Public Safety: Law Enforcement Emergency Management Protective Inspections	26 , 000 -	26 , 000 -	25 , 151	849
	46,000	46,000	44,963	<u> </u>
Total Public Safety	<u>72,000</u>	72,000	70,114	1,886
Cultural Recreation Special Events			215	(215)
Total Expenditures	446,050	446,050	238,881	207,169

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Infrastructure Surtax

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Original	Budgeted Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes: Infrastructure Tax	\$ <u>133,300</u>	133,300	83,357	(49,943)
<pre>Intergovernmental Revenues: Interest earnings Other</pre>	1,800	1,800	894 	(906)
Total Revenues	135,100	135,100	84,251	(50,849)
EXPENDITURES:				
Repairs and Improvements General Government	28,500 41,000	28,500 41,000	26,986 50,107	1,514 (9,107)
Total Expenditures	69,500	69,500	77,093	<u>(7,593</u>)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Option Gas Tax

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Original	Budgeted _ Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes: Local Option Gas Tax	\$ 42,000	42,000	44,458	2,458
Intergovernmental Revenues: State Shared Taxes Interest earnings		_ 6,400		(3,86 <u>4</u>)
Total Revenues	48,400	48,400	46,994	(1,406)
EXPENDITURES:				
Transportation Maintenance	30,500	30,500	21,453	9,047
Total Expenditures	30,500	30,500	21,453	9,047

Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedules

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund, Infrastructure Surtax Fund, and Local Option Gas Tax Fund on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a. Annually, the City Clerk submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearing are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to October $1^{\rm st}$, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- d. The City Council, by motion, may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of revenues in excess of those estimated.
- e. The City Clerk is authorized to transfer budget amounts within the departments within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any department must be approved by the City Council. Therefore, the legal level of control is at the department level.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The final budget included an amendment by City Council to reclassify expenditures in the General Fund; however, overall expenditures did not change from the original budget.
- g. Appropriations which are neither expended nor specifically designated to be carried over, lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

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MEMBERS: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED
ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Layton, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the general purpose financial statements of City of Layton, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, an accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose

Smith, Buggi & Associates, LLC.

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MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Layton, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Layton, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards, and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated November 8, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1) (i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City of Layton, Florida was established by Chapter 24386 special acts of 1963 of the Florida Legislature. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1) (i) 5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. The assessment was prepared as of fiscal year end.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and members of the City Council and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Smith, Buyir & Associates, LLC.

Miami, Florida November 8, 2021

SMITH, BUZZI & ASSOCIATES, LLC.

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MEMBERS: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC CCOUNTANTS FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

Honorable Mayor, and City Council City of Layton, Florida Layton, Florida

We have examined City of Layton, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415 Florida Statutes for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Purpose of this Letter

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Mayor, Council Members, others within the City and the Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

SMITH, BUZZI AND ASSOCIATES, LLC.

Smith, Burge & Associates, LLC.

Miami, Florida November 8, 2021