City of Lighthouse Point

Florida



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Prepared By: Finance Department

Cori Olympio, CPA Finance Director

Table of Contents

Introductory Section:	
Letter of Transmittal	i-v
Government Finance Officers Association Certificate of Achievement	vi
City Governmental Structure	vii
List of Principal Officials	viii
Financial Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Not covered by Independent Auditors' Report)	4-21
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	22
Statement of Activities	23
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	24-25
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	27-28
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Funds Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	29
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	30
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	31
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	32
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	33-68

Table of Contents

Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Unaudited)	69
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Unaudited)	70
Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Unaudited)	71
Schedule of Contributions – Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Unaudited)	72
Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Unaudited)	73
Schedule of City Contributions – Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Unaudited)	74
Schedule of Investment Returns – Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Unaudited)	75
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited)	76
Other Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	77-81
Other Financial Information:	
Combining Financial Statements:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	82-83
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	84-85
Budgetary Schedules:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Tennis Center Fund	86
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Garbage and Trash Fund	87
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Stormwater Fund	88
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - 2002 Debt Service Fund	89
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - 2019 Debt Service Fund	90
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	91-92
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	93-94

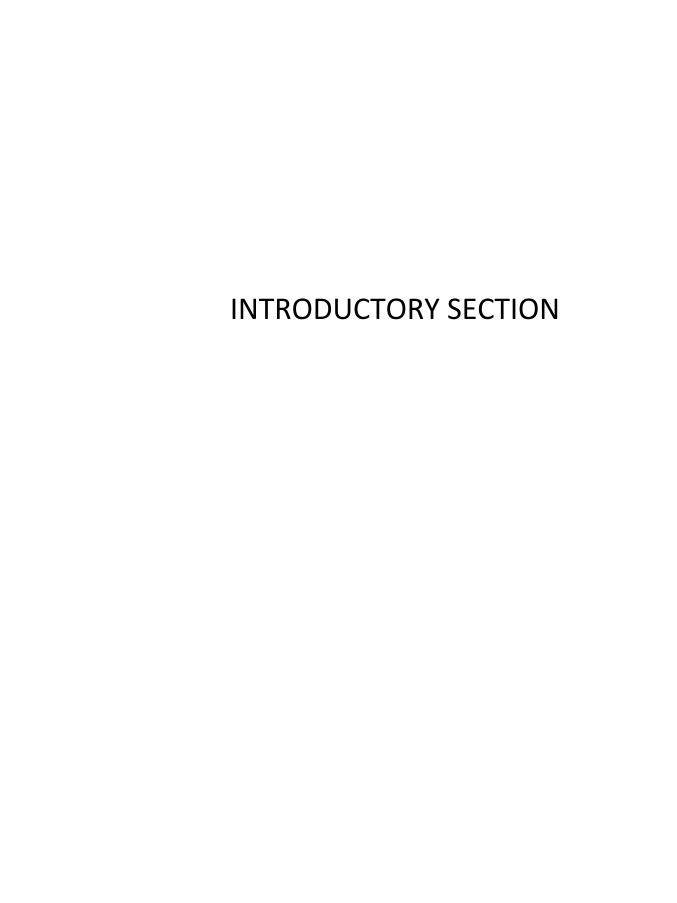
Table of Contents

Statistical Section:	
Financial Trends:	
Table 1 - Net Position by Component	95-96
Table 2 - Changes in Net Position	97-98
Table 3 - Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	99-100
Table 4 - Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	101-102
Revenue Capacity:	
Table 5 - Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property	103-104
Table 6 - Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	105-106
Table 7 - Principal Property Taxpayers	107
Table 8 - Property Tax Levies and Collections	108-109
Debt Capacity:	
Table 9 - Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	110
Table 10 - Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	111
Table 11 - Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	112
Table 12 - Legal Debt Margin Information	113
Table 13 - Pledged-Revenue Coverage	114
Demographics and Economics Information:	
Table 14 - Demographic and Economic Statistics	115
Table 15 - Principal Employers	116
Operating Information:	
Table 16 - Full and Part Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	117-118
Table 17 - Operating Indicators by Function/Program	119-120
Table 18 - Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	121-122

Table of Contents

Compliance Section:

•	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	123-124
Independent Auditor's Report to City Management	125-126
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Section 218.415 Florida Statutes	127





www.lighthousepoint.com

2200 N.E. 38th Street • Lighthouse Point, FL 33064 • Phone 954-943-6500 • Fax 954-784-3446

March 17, 2022

Honorable Mayor and Commissioners

Re: City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report - For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Dear Mayor and Commissioners:

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City"), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This report has been prepared by the Finance Department with input from all City departments. Although the financial statements have been audited by independent certified public accountants, the responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City staff. We believe the information, as presented here, fairly presents the City's financial position in all material respects. We have included the elements required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the State of Florida, and the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). This report should provide readers with a clear perspective of the City's operations and financial activity.

In accordance with Section 218.32(1) (a), Florida Statutes, an audit of the books of account, financial records and transactions of all administrative departments of the City has been conducted by a firm of independent Certified Public Accountants. Keefe McCullough, independent auditors, has issued an unmodified opinion on the financial statements as presented herein. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Lighthouse Point's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

Profile of the Government

The City of Lighthouse Point was incorporated in 1956. The City operates under the Mayor/Commission form of government with the Mayor serving as the chief executive officer and a five-member Commission that sets policy, approves ordinances, adopts the City's budget, and levies taxes. The City of Lighthouse Point provides a wide range of municipal services, including law enforcement, fire protection, emergency medical services, recreation, public works, library, building and land development regulation, refuse collection, stormwater management, and a community bus service. Water and sanitary sewer services are provided by other jurisdictions and those revenues and costs are not included in this report.

This report includes all funds of the City in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 entitled "The Financial Reporting Entity". Based on this pronouncement, the Entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the report to be misleading or incomplete. For the City of Lighthouse Point, the Entity is only the primary government. While there are other taxing jurisdictions which levy property taxes upon property within the corporate limits of Lighthouse Point (Broward County, the School Board, the North Broward Hospital District, and other special districts), they do not represent component units of the City of Lighthouse Point. Therefore, no financial information about those entities is included in the City's financial statements. This report does provide a schedule of overlapping debt including Broward County representing debt affecting property within the corporate limits of Lighthouse Point.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Lighthouse Point is a developed community that is bordered by Federal Highway on the west and the Intracoastal Waterway on the east. The City is comprised of 2.5 square miles in the northeast section of the County, and surrounded by the municipalities of Pompano Beach, Deerfield Beach, and Hillsboro Beach. The City's tax base is primarily residential, and although it was heavily impacted by the economic downturn of 2008-09, taxable values have recovered. Continued sustainable growth is anticipated for the foreseeable future; COVID-19 created a high demand due to lower interest rates and a low supply of available houses in South Florida. This has kept property values on an upward trend. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, which is the focus of this financial report, the final taxable real and personal property values increased by 5.05 percent to \$ 2.6 billion, marking the tenth consecutive year of assessed value increases for the City of Lighthouse Point. The City is fully built-out, however values continue to increase at a sustainable pace, and the average market and assessed values of single family homes in the City are among the highest in the County. This is attributed to the City's large amount of waterfront property and strong residential market that continues to see redevelopment as more affluent families make the City their home. The City's building permit revenue has been strong over the past several years, due to a large number of single family home rebuilds and remodels, contributing to the sustained increases in assessed values over the past several years. The City is well positioned with a sound General Fund spendable balance as shown in the financial statements in this report. Continued stabilization of the City's tax base has allowed the City to maintain the same operating ad valorem millage rate for FY 2020/2021 and each year since FY 2011/2012. In April 2019, the City issued \$ 16.5 million in General Obligation Bonds to provide for the acquisition of land and construction of a new Fire Station/Emergency Operations Center, a new Recreation Community Center, a new Public Works Administration Building and renovation of the existing building, and renovation of the Library. Due to the economic conditions of the City and its strong financial management practices, the City received a credit rating of AA+ from Standard and Poor's (S&P). The commercial sector continues to attract new business and retail establishments.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City of Lighthouse Point has continued to maintain and rehabilitate its capital facilities and equipment, while preserving a healthy level of fund balance and minimal use of debt. The City finances its capital projects through the use of accumulated fund balance cash and intergovernmental grants, with the balance funded via various debt mechanisms. The City has a capital improvement plan that details multiyear cyclical expenditures, and is published in the City's annual budget. This plan outlines maintenance, rehabilitation, or replacement of many of the City's facilities and infrastructure, including: bridges, canals, roads, seawalls, stormwater, and parks and recreation, and includes funding sources.

The capital improvement plan serves as a guide for the City administration in planning and executing future facility improvements.

During the past year, the City has undertaken or completed the following capital improvement plan projects:

- Began construction on the new Fire Station/EOC.
- Demolished the Civitan building at Dan Witt Park and began construction on the new Community Center.
- Converted the tennis center lighting to LED.
- Resurfaced two clay tennis courts.
- The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) completed construction of the new Ibis Bridge.
- Procured bridge repair services for seven bridges that required repairs based on FDOT inspection reports.

Financial Information and Relevant Policies

The City administration is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls. The City's accounting system is designed to allow for internal controls that are reasonable and provide assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that financial records are reliable to report on the City's finances and assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires the City administration to make estimates and judgments. All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. We believe that the City has established appropriate internal controls to reasonably assure proper recording of financial transactions and protection of assets.

Budgetary Control:

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred. Although the legal level of control (the point at which expenditures and encumbrances cannot legally exceed appropriations) is by character (Personal Services, Operating Expenses, Capital Outlay), budgetary control is maintained at the object level through the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Purchase orders, which result in an overrun of balances, are not released until additional appropriations are made available or sufficient resources are assured to cover the liability. Open encumbrances in excess of \$20,000 are reported as commitments of fund balance on September 30, 2021.

Financial Policies:

The City has adopted specific financial policies that have contributed to the sound financial position reflected in this report for FY 2020/2021. These include:

- A contingency policy that requires certain fund balance to be set aside for emergencies
- An investment policy that emphasizes safety and liquidity above all, with yield being of lowest importance
- Conservative budget practices that help to maintain healthy levels of fund balance

Employee Retirement System:

The City offers different retirement plan options to City employees depending upon their employment group. The City had a defined benefit plan for Firefighters and Police Officers that was implemented on October 1, 2003 and that closed to Firefighters on October 1, 2018 and Police Officers on March 1, 2019. All newly hired Firefighters and Police Officers are required to join the Florida Retirement System (FRS). Defined contribution (401a) plans cover General Employees and Management Employees as well as Firefighters and Police Officers that elected not to join the Florida Retirement System in FY 2019. The City offers a deferred compensation plan (457) and Roth IRA to all employees that wish to contribute, as well as a retirement health savings (RHS) plan to certain eligible groups of employees. The defined benefit plan requires ongoing City contributions based on actuarial valuations since all Police and Fire employees left the plan as of September 30, 2019. FRS requires both City and employee contributions, and the Florida State Legislature determines plan structure, benefit levels, and funding. The defined contribution plans require fixed contributions from both the City and the participating employee based upon union contracts and City Commission resolutions. The deferred compensation, Roth IRA, and RHS plans are funded exclusively through employee contributions. More information on the retirement plan is provided in the financial section of this report.

Major Initiatives

The City's major initiatives for FY 2021 included the following:

- Purchased one replacement Public Works maintenance vehicle and seven replacement Police Department vehicles.
- Procured a new Fire Rescue transport vehicle, stretcher, and chest compression system.
- Coordinated with FEMA and the State of Florida to closeout Hurricane Dorian reimbursement requests.
- Continued to work with FEMA and the State of Florida on recovering funds for Hurricane Irma.
- Submitted and received CARES Act funding from Broward County for applicable COVID-19 related expenses.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. This was the twenty-seventh consecutive year that the City has achieved this recognition. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report.

This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that the current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the requirements of this peer review program and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report is the result of the combined efforts of all who contribute to the success of the City of Lighthouse Point, including its elected officials, staff and residents. Due credit and thanks is given to the Mayor and City Commission for their support and for maintaining high standards of professionalism in the oversight and administration of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Cori Olympio Finance Director John D. Lavisky City Administrator



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Lighthouse Point Florida

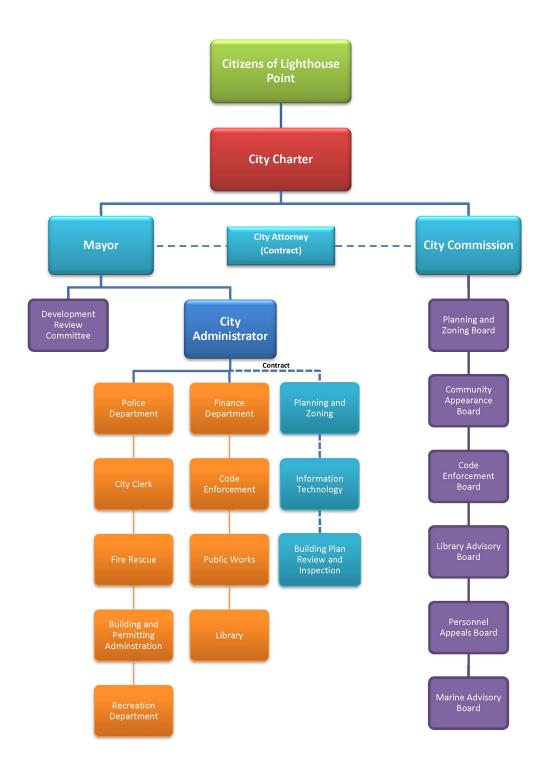
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Lighthouse Point City Governmental Structure September 30, 2021



Mayor Glenn Troast

Commission President Kyle Van Buskirk

Commission Vice President Sandy Johnson

Commissioner Jason D. Joffe

Commissioner Michael S. Long

Commissioner Earl Maucker

City Administrator John D. Lavisky

City Attorney Michael D. Cirullo, Jr.

City Clerk Kathryn Sims

Finance Director Cori Olympio

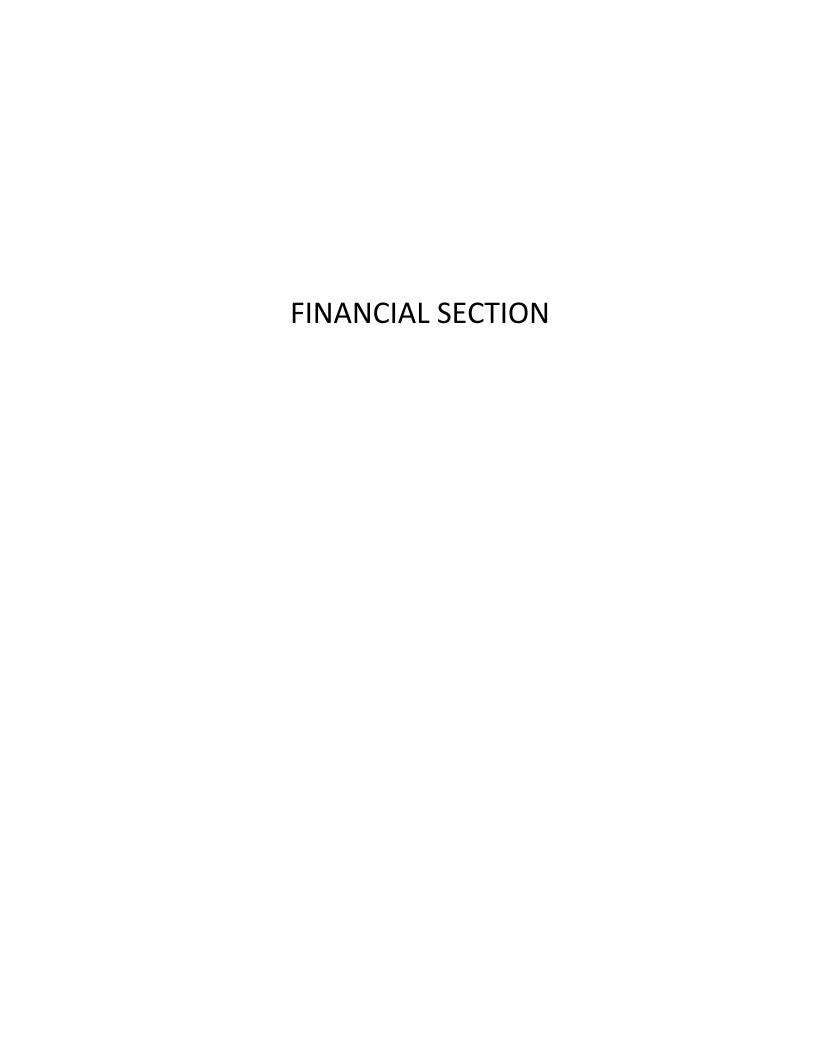
Fire Chief Jeff Moral

Library Director Christy Keyes

Police Chief Ross Licata

Public Works Director Charles Schramm

Recreation Director Becky Word





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Lighthouse Point, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



SOUTH FLORIDA BUSINESS TOURNAL

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules related to pensions and other post-employment benefits on pages 4 through 21 and 69 through 76, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, other financial information, and statistical section as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the other financial information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the other supplementary information and the other financial information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 17, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 17, 2022

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(NOT COVERED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT)

As management of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the City), we offer readers this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This section of the financial report is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, changes in the City's financial position and material deviations from the approved budget; further, to identify issues and concerns within each individual fund. Readers are encouraged to review the information presented here in conjunction with the information presented throughout this report, including the letter of transmittal, financial statements, and notes to the financial statements that follow. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The following are highlights of financial activity for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021:

- The City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$35,306,667 (net position). The entire amount was derived from governmental fund activities. Of this amount, \$6,633,989 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City's revenues for governmental activities were \$ 26,521,273, including \$ 10,510,595 for program related services. Expenditures for all governmental activities were \$ 21,168,215.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Lighthouse Point's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 21,540,692, a decrease of \$ 3,999,347. The General Fund increased by \$ 135,990.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance for the General Fund was \$7,237,087 including \$132,332 Nonspendable; \$645,388 Restricted; \$2,107,043 Committed; \$3,750,000 Assigned; and \$602,324 Unassigned.
- The total value of the City's governmental cash and investments at September 30, 2021 was \$ 22,840,228. The City's balances of cash were up \$ 435,886 and invested funds were down \$ 4,032,526.

Overview of Financial Statements

The organization of the City's financial statements is guided by the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and its reporting model prescribed in Pronouncement 34. This annual report consists of four parts: 1) Introductory Section, 2) Financial Section, 3) Statistical Section, and 4) Compliance Section. The Financial Section is comprised of the Independent Auditor's Report, this Management Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and an additional section that presents Combining Statements for nonmajor governmental and fiduciary funds.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City's financial activity. The following table summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements:

		Fund Statements						
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the City that are not fiduciary, such as police, fire, parks, etc.	Instances in which the City is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources, such as employee retirement plans					
Required financial	• Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position 					
statements	• Statement of Activities	 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 	 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon after; capital assets are not included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term					
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the fiscal year; expenses when goods/services have been received and payment is due, during the year or soon thereafter	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, and are designed to provide a broad overview of the City's financial position as an entity, similar to a private corporation.

The statement of net position shows the total assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows for the City with the difference representing net position. The change in net position over time may be an indicator of the City's financial health. (Table 1 in the Statistical Section provides such a comparison of the growth in the City's net position.)

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Lighthouse Point that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The *governmental activities* of the City include general government (governing body, administration, records management, and finance), public safety (police, fire-rescue, land and building regulation, and code enforcement), physical environment (public works), and culture and recreation (library and park activities). The City of Lighthouse Point is the primary government and has no component units to report. These statements do not include the fiduciary funds because those resources are being held in trust for beneficiaries and cannot be used for the City's program activities.

Fund financial statements

A fund consists of a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Lighthouse Point, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the City rather than the City as a whole. The City of Lighthouse Point categorizes funds as governmental funds and fiduciary funds, since the City has no proprietary funds.

The governmental fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. Governmental funds include the functions summarized as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Lighthouse Point maintains eleven individual governmental funds. For the City's General Fund, Infrastructure Fund, and Bond Construction Fund, the information is presented separately in the governmental fund financial statements, as they are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriation for the General Fund, the Tennis Center Fund, the Garbage and Trash Fund, the Stormwater Fund, the 2002 Debt Service Fund, and the 2019 Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison is provided for each of the funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found starting on page 33 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required and other supplementary information is included in this report. The required supplementary information is comprised of schedules that demonstrate the City's progress in funding its pension and postemployment benefits obligations.

Other supplementary information includes budgetary comparison schedules for the City's General Fund, which demonstrate compliance with the City's annual adopted budget.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds is presented as other financial information, as well as budgetary comparison schedules for the City's Tennis Center Fund, Garbage and Trash Fund, Stormwater Fund, 2002 Debt Service Fund, and 2019 Debt Service Fund, immediately following the other supplementary information section.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Summary of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial health or position. For the City of Lighthouse Point, assets exceeded liabilities by \$ 35,306,667 at the close of the fiscal year. The table below summarizes Lighthouse Point's net position for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 compared to September 30, 2020.

Net Position September 30

	_	2021		2020
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$_	31,010,662 32,558,221	\$	30,542,485 23,486,449
Total assets	_	63,568,883		54,028,934
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	10,033,545		15,137,281
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	_	3,011,143 23,860,972	ı	2,476,239 36,054,459
Total liabilities	_	26,872,115		38,530,698
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	11,423,646		681,908
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	_	25,515,308 3,157,370 6,633,989		19,754,023 2,869,269 7,330,317
Total net position	\$_	35,306,667	\$	29,953,609

The overall financial position of the City increased in total by \$5,353,058 during FY 2021. Factors that contributed to the increase included an increase in the defined pension asset and net investment in capital assets.

Changes in net position over time are a good and useful indicator of financial position. Key elements of the reconciliation of the statements are that the Government-wide Statement of Activities reports the issuance of debt as a liability, the purchases of capital assets as assets which are then charged to expense over their useful lives through annual depreciation charges and changes in long-term liabilities as adjustments of expenses. Conversely, the governmental fund statements report the issuance of debt as an other financing source of funds, the repayment of debt and the purchase of capital assets as expenditures, and changes in long-term liabilities are not reported in the operating statements.

The majority of the City's total net position (\$ 25,515,308 or 72%) are in capital assets, such as land, construction in progress, buildings, land improvements, equipment and fixtures, infrastructure, and vehicles, less any related debt that was used to acquire those assets (approximately \$ 18.2 million) that is still outstanding. The City's portion of net assets invested in capital, net of related debt increased by approximately \$ 5.8 million due to the net effect of the acquisition of capital items and scheduled repayment of debt service. The City of Lighthouse Point uses its capital assets to provide services to its residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending or liquidation. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of net position (\$ 3,157,370 or 9%) represents resources that are subject to either external restrictions or City policy on how they may be used. The 2021 balance in restricted net position increased by approximately \$ 288,000.

The remaining balance of \$6,633,989 reflects unrestricted net position (19%) decreased by approximately \$696,000, and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities:

The following schedule is a summary of the FY 2021 Statement of Activities with comparative information for FY 2020:

Change in Net Position

Eartha Vaar

		For the Year							
		Ended September 30,							
		2021		2020					
Revenues:	-		_						
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	5,499,997	\$	4,963,281					
Operating grants and contributions		675,145		425,242					
Capital grants and contributions		4,335,453		-					
General revenues:									
Ad valorem taxes		10,411,394		10,027,872					
Other taxes		3,269,346		3,186,588					
Intergovernmental revenues		1,319,241		1,173,114					
Miscellaneous	_	1,010,697	_	680,769					
			_						
Total revenues	_	26,521,273	_	20,456,866					

		For the Year					
	Ended Sept	ember 30,					
	2021	2020					
Expenses: General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Culture and recreation	2,042,697 12,634,594 4,357,024 55,664 1,430,436	1,898,882 14,562,191 4,682,249 43,476 1,318,882					
Debt service	647,800	795,985					
Total expenses	21,168,215	23,301,665					
Change in net position	5,353,058	(2,844,799)					
Net Position, Beginning of Year	29,953,609	32,798,408					
Net Position, End of Year	\$ <u>35,306,667</u>	\$ <u>29,953,609</u>					

Revenues increased from prior year total by approximately \$6,064,000 (29.6%), and expenses came in lower than the prior year total by approximately \$2,133,000 (9.2%). Net position for the current fiscal year increased by \$5,353,058. The primary driver of the increase in revenue was an increase in capital grants and contributions due to the Ibis Bridge being replaced by the Florida Department of Transportation. Operating grants and contributions also increased during the year due to the CARES Act funding received from Broward County and the FEMA reimbursement received for Hurricane Dorian. Ad Valorem Taxes collection increased due to an increase in assessed property values. Other taxes, which includes Franchise Fees and Utility Service Taxes, increased slightly. Charges for Services, Intergovernmental Revenues, and Miscellaneous Revenues also increased.

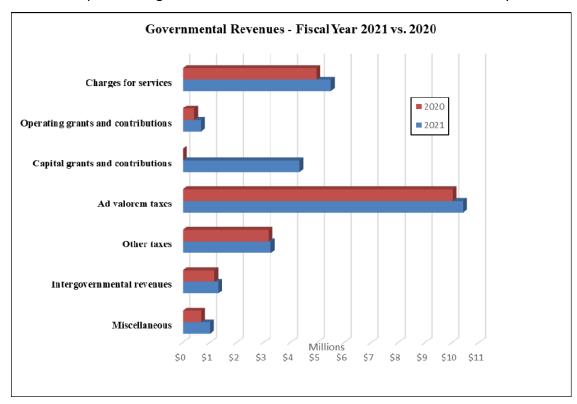
Total expenses for the year decreased by 9.2%. Public Safety expenses decreased due to the net effect of the pension income for the City's defined benefit plan and the FRS pension expense. Transportation and culture and recreation increased due to the gradual resumption of normal activities in those departments. Debt service decreased due to the capital leases being paid off during FY 2021.

Net investment in capital assets increased by approximately \$ 5.8 million due to the net effect of the acquisition of capital items and scheduled repayment of debt service, including the Ibis Bridge replacement and construction in progress for the Fire Station and Community Center.

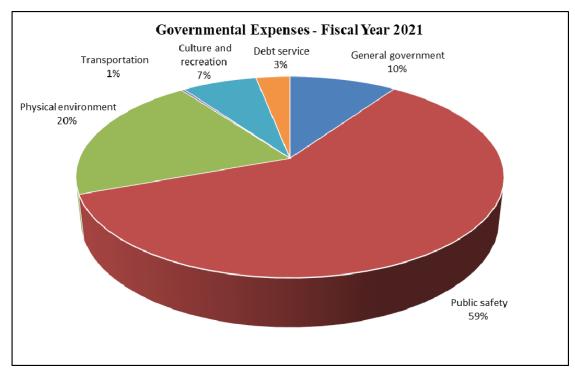
The City reported a Net Pension Asset for fiscal year 2021 in the amount of \$7,223,145. This represents an increase of approximately \$4.20 million from the fiscal year 2020 reported asset for the City's defined benefit plan, and was due to changes in demographic experience, assumption changes, and investment gains.

The City also reported a Net Pension Liability for fiscal year 2021 in the amount of \$ 3,887,991. This represents the City's share of the Florida Retirement System's Pension and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) plan liability.

This chart is a comparison of governmental revenues for the current and last fiscal year:



The following pie chart shows program expenses for governmental activities for fiscal year 2021:



Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Lighthouse Point utilizes fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the governmental funds is to communicate near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. The information presented, particularly the unreserved fund balance, may serve as a useful measure of the government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the FY 2021, the City of Lighthouse Point's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 21,540,692.

Approximately 3% of the fund balance constitutes nonspendable fund balance, or \$632,332 that is not available for spending at the City's discretion, and represents prepaid insurance premiums for the next fiscal year, as well as the principal balance of the Walt and Mary Barker Library Trust Fund. The remainder is spendable but falls into four different categories:

- Restricted by external requirements (\$ 12,614,254 or 59%), comprised of General Fund building department earnings and unspent lease proceeds, Public Safety Fund Federal and State fines and forfeitures, Bond Construction Fund amounts for future capital improvement projects, Stormwater Fund special assessments, Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund library resources, and unspent debt proceeds of the 2002 Debt Service Fund and 2019 Debt Service Fund;
- Committed by the City Commission (\$ 4,213,495 or 20%) for minimum contingency balance, and use for purposes other than those restricted or nonspendable, including the balance of the Garbage and Trash Fund and the special purpose funds;
- Assigned by the Mayor (\$ 3,750,000 or 17%) for emergency recovery purposes;
- Unassigned (\$ 330,611 or 1%) is available for spending with no restrictions.

The following is a summary of changes and the breakdown of fund balances as of September 30, 2021:

	General		nfrastructure		Bond Construction	Nonmajor Governmental		
	Fund		Fund	i	Fund	Funds		Total
Fund balances, September 30, 2020 Revenues Expenditures Other financing	\$ 7,101,097 17,491,980 (17,091,923)	\$	588,683 4,764,258 (4,327,114)	\$	14,950,578 4,276 (5,267,562)	\$ 2,899,681 4,251,483 (4,159,452)	\$	25,540,039 26,511,997 (30,846,051)
sources (uses)	(264,067)	_	600,000		-	(1,226)	-	334,707
Fund balances, September 30, 2021	\$ 7,237,087	\$	1,625,827	\$	9,687,292	\$ 2,990,486	\$	21,540,692
Fund balances are represented as follows:								
Nonspendable	\$ 132,332	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 500,000	\$	632,332
Restricted	645,388		-		9,687,292	2,281,574		12,614,254
Committed	2,107,043		1,625,827		-	211,033		3,943,903
Assigned	3,750,000		-		-	-		3,750,000
Unassigned (deficit)	602,324	_	-		-	(2,121)		600,203
Fund balances,								
September 30, 2021	\$ 7,237,087	\$	1,625,827	\$	9,687,292	\$ 2,990,486	\$	21,540,692

General Fund:

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Lighthouse Point. At the end of FY 2021, total nonspendable and spendable fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,237,087. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both spendable fund balance and total fund expenditures. Assigned and unassigned fund balance represents 18% of the total general fund expenditures.

The following table summarizes the General Fund's revenues compared with the prior year:

		Fiscal Year 2021		Fiscal Year 2020		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:	_		-		_		
Ad Valorem	\$	9,017,990	\$	8,630,482	\$	387,508	4.5%
Franchise taxes		914,502		884,380		30,122	3.4%
Utility service taxes		2,398,806		2,441,650		(42,844)	-1.8%
Licenses and permits		1,130,182		902,297		227,885	25.3%
Intergovernmental revenues		1,941,435		1,740,485		200,950	11.5%
Charges for services		551,103		500,159		50,944	10.2%
Non-ad valorem assessments		928,182		927,246		936	0.1%
Fines and forfeitures		311,749		221,999		89,750	40.4%
Miscellaneous		298,031		199,260		98,771	49.6%
Transfers in and other sources	-	469,707	-	135,000	_	334,707	247.9%
Total revenues	\$	17,961,687	\$	16,582,958	\$_	1,378,729	8.3%

General Fund operating revenue totaled \$17,961,687, reflecting a net increase of \$1,378,729 when compared with 2020.

The City's property tax base increased by over 5.05% in FY 2021 and the City Commission approved the same millage rate as the prior year, resulting in an increase in Ad Valorem revenue. Intergovernmental revenue increased due to the receipt of Hurricane Dorian reimbursements from FEMA and the State of Florida, and CARES Act Funding from Broward County. A lot of the revenue categories were lower in FY 2020 compared to FY 2021 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Franchise taxes, licenses and permits, and charges for services had an increase in revenue as South Florida reopened for business. Fines and Forfeitures increased due to the receipt of a few large fines. Miscellaneous revenue increased due to a settlement that was received for Sample Road Bridge repairs. Transfers in and other sources increased due to the capital lease proceeds received for various capital equipment purchases. The remainder of the categories saw minimal changes from the prior year.

The following table summarizes the General Fund expenditures compared with the prior year:

		Fiscal		Fiscal			
		Year		Year		Dollar	Percent
		2021		2020	_	Change	Change
Expenditures:	_	_	-	_	_		
General government	\$	1,938,105	\$	1,808,775	\$	129,330	7.2%
Public safety		12,192,920		11,008,178		1,184,742	10.8%
Physical environment		1,702,988		1,711,505		(8,517)	-0.5%
Transportation		54,500		43,476		11,024	25.4%
Culture/recreation		1,029,766		959,558		70,208	7.3%
Debt service		173,644		226,638		(52,994)	-23.4%
Transfers out	_	733,774		128,864	_	604,910	469.4%
	_	_	-	_	_		
Total expenditures	\$	17,825,697	\$	15,886,994	\$	1,938,703	12.2%

General Fund expenditures were up \$1,938,703 from FY 2020, or about 12.2%. Public Safety increased primarily due to an increase in salary and benefits costs, a workers' compensation settlement, and purchasing five police department patrol vehicles. Transportation increased due to the Community Bus program resuming full operations during FY 2021. The program was temporarily shut down in FY 2020 due to the pandemic. Culture/recreation also increased due to a resumption of normal services during FY 2021. Debt service decreased due to capital leases that were paid off. Transfers out increased due to a \$600,000 transfer to the Infrastructure Fund for upcoming projects.

Changes to the City's General Fund original revenue budget are summarized as follows:

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Dollar Change	_	Percent Change
Revenues:	-	_	-		_		_	
Ad Valorem	\$	8,946,000	\$	9,009,798	\$	63,798		0.7%
Franchise taxes		855,000		855,000		-		0.0%
Utility service taxes		2,330,910		2,330,910		-		0.0%
Licenses and permits		974,500		974,500		-		0.0%
Intergovernmental revenues		1,325,750		1,851,526		525,776		28.4%
Charges for services		497,850		562,704		64,854		11.5%
Non-ad valorem assessments	5	916,000		916,000		-		0.0%
Fines and forfeitures		90,250		312,250		222,000		71.1%
Miscellaneous		132,500		357,732		225,232		63.0%
Allocation of fund balance		225,000		225,000		-		0.0%
Transfers in and other source	es <u> </u>	569,110		569,110	_			0.0%
Total revenues	\$	16,862,870	\$	17,964,530	\$_	1,101,660		6.1%

Ad valorem taxes were higher than anticipated due to the collection of delinquent tax levies. Intergovernmental revenue was higher due to Hurricane Irma and Hurricane Dorian reimbursements and CARES Act funding. Charges for services was increased to reflect actual zoning fees received by the City. Fines and forfeitures were higher than budgeted due to the receipt of additional fines and settlement payments. Miscellaneous was increased to reflect actual donations and settlement funds received.

Changes to the City's General Fund original expenditures budget are summarized as follows:

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Dollar Change	Percent Change	
Expenditures:								
General government	\$	1,944,055	\$	1,977,712	\$	33,657	1.7	7%
Public safety		11,723,732		12,262,616		538,884	4.6	5%
Physical environment		1,682,403		1,703,944		21,541	1.3	3%
Transportation		63,289		56,485		(6,804)	-10.8	3%
Culture/recreation		1,136,910		1,056,355		(80,555)	-7.1	L%
Debt service		204,707		173,644		(31,063)	-15.2	2%
Transfers out	-	107,774		733,774	-	626,000	580.8	3%
Total expenditures	\$	16,862,870	\$	17,964,530	\$	1,101,660	6.5	5%

General government appropriations were increased due to termination accrual payouts, increased health insurance costs, and fees for sanitizing city buildings. Public safety was increased due to COVID-19 supplies, a workers' compensation settlement, increased health insurance costs, overtime to cover employees out on workers' compensation/COVID, and unanticipated vehicle and building repairs. Transportation decreased due to a planned capital improvement project for the community bus fuel pumps that did not need to take place. Culture/recreation decreased due to limited summer camp services and the full budget not being utilized for planned projects. Debt service decreased due to the timing of the FY 2021 capital lease financing. The first payment was budgeted to take place in FY 2021, but was not due until the first quarter of FY 2022. Transfers out increased due to \$ 600,000 transfer to the Infrastructure Fund for upcoming projects.

<u>Infrastructure Fund</u>:

The Infrastructure Fund was established by the City Commission to carry out general capital improvement projects, and has been primarily funded with transfers from other City funds. The infrastructure fund balance as of September 30, 2021 is \$ 1,625,827, committed to future capital improvement projects.

The following table summarizes the Infrastructure Fund activity compared with the prior year:

D	_	Fiscal Year 2021	Fiscal Year 2020		Dollar Change		Percent Change	
Revenues: Miscellaneous Transfers in	\$ _	4,764,258 600,000	\$ _	178,624 -	\$ _	4,585,634 600,000	2567.2% 100.0%	
	\$_	5,364,258	\$_	178,624	\$_	5,185,634	2903.1%	
Expenditures: Physical environment	\$_	4,327,114	\$_	251,347	\$_	4,075,767	1621.6%	
	\$_	4,327,114	\$_	251,347	\$_	4,075,767	1621.6%	

Appropriations are approved typically on a project by project basis. There was a one time transfer from the General Fund in FY 2021 to fund future projects. The Florida Department of Transportation funded and constructed the Ibis Bridge which resulted in a significant increase to miscellaneous revenue and expenditures.

Bond Construction Fund:

During FY 2019, the City created the Bond Construction Fund, a capital improvement fund to account for the proceeds of the General Obligation Bonds approved by voters and sold during 2019 to provide for the acquisition of land and construction of a new Fire Station/Emergency Operations Center, a new Recreation Community Center, a new Public Works Administration Building and renovation of the existing building, and renovation of the Library.

The following table summarizes the Bond Construction Fund activity compared with the prior year:

	Fiscal Year 2021			Fiscal Year 2020		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues: Miscellaneous	\$	4,276	\$_	149,156	\$_	(144,880)	-97.1%
Total revenues	\$_	4,276	\$ =	149,156	\$ =	(144,880)	-97.1%
Expenditures: Capital outlay Transfers out	\$ _	5,267,562 -	\$ _	878,873 7,286	\$ _	4,388,689 (7,286)	499.4% -100.0%
Total expenditures	\$_	5,267,562	\$_	886,159	\$_	4,381,403	494.4%

Total revenues decreased in FY 2021 because interest rates declined during the COVID-19 pandemic. Total expenditures increased in FY 2021 because construction began on the new Fire Station/EOC and Community Center. As of September 30, 2021, the Bond Construction Fund had a balance of \$ 9,687,292 and is shown as restricted fund balance in the financial statements.

Garbage and Trash Fund:

The Garbage and Trash Fund accounts for the activities involved with the collection and disposal of debris in the City. The City contracts for residential trash removal services with Waste Management and charges a Non-Ad Valorem Special Assessment to residential customers. Commercial customers and condominiums with dumpster service pay directly to the franchisee.

The following table summarizes the Garbage and Trash Fund activity compared with the prior year:

		Fiscal Year 2021		Fiscal Year 2020		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:	-		_		-		
Non-ad valorem assessments	\$	2,120,109		2,053,935		66,174	3.2%
Miscellaneous	-	30,535	-	19,023	-	11,512	60.5%
Total revenues	\$	2,150,644	\$ _	2,072,958	\$	77,686	3.7%
Expenditures:							
Physical environment	\$	2,208,134	\$	2,167,339	\$	40,795	1.9%
Transfers out	-	70,000	_	70,000	-		0.0%
Total expenditures	\$	2,278,134	\$_	2,237,339	\$	40,795	1.8%

Non-ad valorem assessment revenue and physical environment expenditures were higher than FY 2020 due to an increase in fees from Waste Management. Miscellaneous revenue increased due to the timing of a quarterly household hazardous waste payment. The quarterly reimbursement payments also increased when compared to FY 2020 due to the increased cost of the services. As of September 30, 2021, the Garbage and Trash Fund had a balance of \$86,476 and is shown as committed fund balance in the financial statements.

Public Safety Fund:

The Public Safety Fund records the inflow and outflow of Federal and State forfeiture funds. Expenditures are appropriated on an as needed basis, rather than one annual appropriation like the City's other operating funds. There are external restrictions on the use of these monies, and accordingly, balances are shown in the financial statements as restricted. The funds may be utilized to supplement operational needs, including capital purchases, training and certain overtime expenditures. In FY 2021, revenues increased due an insurance reimbursement received for one of the patrol vehicles that was originally purchased with forfeiture funds. Forfeiture funds were used to pay for the body worn camera program's first year fee in FY 2020. Subsequent annual payments are being paid out of the General Fund resulting in the decrease to public safety expenditures. Capital outlay expenditures increased during FY 2021 due to the purchase of two patrol vehicles and emergency vehicle equipment.

The following table summarizes the Public Safety Fund activity compared with the prior year:

	_	Fiscal Year 2021	Fiscal Year 2020		_	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	776	\$	681	\$	95	14.0%
Miscellaneous	_	14,685	-	8,054	-	6,631	82.3%
	\$=	15,461	\$ _	8,735	\$ =	6,726	77.0%
Expenditures:							
Public safety	\$	54,926	\$	126,800	\$	(71,874)	-56.7%
Capital outlay	_	103,511	-	42,824	-	60,687	141.7%
	\$_	158,437	\$_	169,624	\$ =	(11,187)	-6.6%

All expenditures in the Public Safety Fund were approved by the City Commission. The Public Safety Fund balance as of September 30, 2021 is \$ 1,260,240, restricted for future public safety costs and initiatives.

Tennis Center Fund:

The Tennis Center Fund accounts for the activities of the City's tennis facility. While it is considered a nonmajor fund, the Tennis Center Fund is an annually appropriated operating fund.

The following table summarizes the Tennis Center Fund activity compared with the prior year:

	-	Fiscal Year 2021		Fiscal Year 2020		Dollar Change	Percent Change	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$	50,000	100.0%	
Charges for services		118,433		88,736		29,697	33.5%	
Miscellaneous		1,000		4,497		(3,497)	-77.8%	
Transfers in	_	117,774	,	103,864	-	13,910	13.4%	
Total revenues	\$	287,207	\$	197,097	\$_	90,110	45.7%	
Expenditures:								
Culture/recreation	\$	188,992	\$	194,649	\$	(5,657)	-2.9%	
Capital outlay	_	69,904	i	5,200	-	64,704	100.0%	
Total expenditures	\$	258,896	\$	199,849	\$	59,047	29.5%	

The Tennis Center received a \$50,000 grant from the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection to replace the tennis court lighting with LED lighting resulting in an increase to intergovernmental revenue and capital outlay expenditures. Charges for services also increased since the Tennis Center was open for the entire year compared to FY 2020 when it was temporarily shut down due to COVID-19. Transfers in also increased from the General Fund for the purchase of a new SerVace Alloy cart used to maintain the clay courts. As of September 30, 2021, the Tennis Center Fund had a balance of (\$ 2,121) and is shown as unassigned fund balance in the financial statements.

Stormwater Fund:

The Stormwater Fund was established in FY 2010. The purpose of the fund is to provide resources for capital improvements and significant maintenance of the City's stormwater management infrastructure. Although much of this had been funded by grants in the past, these grant dollars have diminished over time and are now insufficient to meet the City's needs. The primary source of revenue is a non-ad valorem special assessment on the annual property tax bill. A consultant study was used to determine the benefit for individual properties of the City's stormwater management program. The stormwater management and collection system is aging, and the City continues to assess property owners each year as a way to build a fund balance for probable major stormwater improvements in the future. The Stormwater Fund Balance as of September 30, 2021 is \$ 778,505, restricted to future maintenance and capital improvement projects in the stormwater system.

The following table summarizes the Stormwater Fund activity compared with the prior year:

	Fiscal Year 2021		_	Fiscal Year 2020		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:							
Non-ad valorem assessments Miscellaneous	\$	339,399 1,334	\$ _	271,228 2,674	\$ _	68,171 (1,340)	25.1% -50.1%
	\$	340,733	\$_	273,902	\$_	66,831	24.4%
Expenditures:							
General government	\$	3,274	\$	4,532	\$	(1,258)	-27.8%
Physical environment		85,881		27,309		58,572	214.5%
Capital outlay		475		-		475	100.0%
Transfers out	_	65,000	_	65,000	_	-	0.0%
	\$	154,630	\$_	96,841	\$_	57,789	59.7%

The assessment rate increased by \$ 15 for each equivalent stormwater unit resulting in an increase to non-ad valorem assessments. Expenditures in the current year consisted primarily of repairs to existing storm drain lines, cleaning and maintenance of storm drains, and billing fees for collection of the assessment.

2002 Debt Service Fund:

The 2002 Debt Service Fund accounts for the repayment of the note payable long term debt issued by the City during FY 2012 to defease the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002. The expenditures are based upon amortization schedules. Since the annual debt service payments do not change, and property values are on the rise, the City has been able to lower the millage rate and still meet the debt service requirements. Any residual fund balance is used to lower the millage rate whenever possible.

The following table summarizes the 2002 Debt Service Fund activity compared with the prior year:

		Fiscal Year 2021		Fiscal Year 2020		Dollar Change	Percent Change	
Revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	410,554	\$	411,385	\$	(831)	-0.2%	
Interest income		249	_	747	_	(498)	-66.7%	
Total revenues	\$_	410,803	\$_	412,132	\$	(1,329)	-0.3%	
Expenditures:								
Principal	\$	394,012	\$	387,229	\$	6,783	1.8%	
Interest and other	_	13,707	_	20,490		(6,783)	-33.1%	
Total expenditures	\$	407,719	\$_	407,719	\$	-	0.0%	

The 2002 Debt Service Fund Balance as of September 30, 2021 is \$ 16,876, restricted for repayment of debt service obligations.

2019 Debt Service Fund:

During FY 2020, the City created the 2019 Debt Service Fund to account for the repayment of the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019 long term debt issued by the City.

The following table summarizes the 2019 Debt Service Fund current year activity:

		Fiscal Year 2021		Fiscal Year 2020		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	982,850	\$	986,005	\$	(3,155)	-0.3%
Interest income	_	689	_	1,606	_	(917)	-57.1%
Total revenues	\$	983,539	\$	987,611	\$_	(4,072)	-0.4%
Expenditures:							
Principal	\$	305,000	\$	110,000	\$	195,000	177.3%
Interest and other		671,100	_	869,881	_	(198,781)	-22.9%
Total expenditures	\$	976,100	\$	979,881	\$_	(3,781)	-0.4%

The 2019 Debt Service Fund Balance as of September 30, 2021 is \$ 22,455, restricted for repayment of debt service obligations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets:

The City of Lighthouse Point's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2021 amounts to \$32,558,221 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment and fixtures, vehicles, and infrastructure. Major capital asset acquisitions or improvements during the fiscal year include the following:

- <u>City Hall</u> purchased freestanding temperature scanners for use in various departments and a new air conditioning unit for the Commission Chambers.
- Fire Department purchased a new chest compression system and ambulance stretcher.
- Library purchased two new laptops for the senior program.
- <u>Police Department</u> replaced seven patrol vehicles, an ID card printer, and two air conditioning units.
- Public Works installed new irrigation meters at the Ibis Bridge and Marina Circle.
- Recreation purchased athletic fencing and goals for Dan Witt Park; replaced a water cooler, a maintenance cart, and lighting at the Tennis Center; and installed fencing around the Frank McDonough Park exercise equipment.
- <u>Construction in Progress</u> began construction on the new Fire Station/EOC and Community Center at Dan Witt Park.

At the end of the current and prior fiscal years, the City had the following capital asset balances (net of accumulated depreciation):

	_	2021	_	2020
Land	\$	8,865,588	\$	8,865,588
Construction in progress	*	6,232,334	,	982,273
Infrastructure		10,400,632		6,317,601
Buildings and land improvements		5,482,860		5,652,369
Vehicles		937,763		934,849
Equipment and fixtures		639,044		733,769
Total capital assets	ċ	32,558,221	- خ	23,486,449
Total capital assets		32,330,221	_ ہ	23,400,443

Additional data about the City's capital assets can be found in Note G.

Long-Term Debt and Other Long-Term Liabilities:

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total debt and other long-term liabilities outstanding of \$24,914,283. A General Fund pledge to appropriate supports the capital leases, while ad valorem taxes provide the revenue stream for the repayment of the notes payable and the general obligation bond. Compensated absences are paid out upon termination based upon City policy and labor agreements. See Note J for more information on the net pension liability and Note L for more information on the other postemployment benefit liability.

The following table summarizes the City's long-term debt and other long-term liability balances and activity for the year ended September 30, 2021:

	Beginning					Ending
	Balance	Additions		Reductions	-	Balance
Governmental activities:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 16,390,000	\$ -	\$	305,000	\$	16,085,000
Premium on general						
obligation bonds	1,177,575	-		42,056		1,135,519
Notes payable	795,007	-		394,012		400,995
Capital leases	434,948	334,707		164,749		604,906
Compensated absences	1,756,442	33,168		51,341		1,738,269
Net pension liability	15,338,450	-		11,450,459		3,887,991
Other postemployment						
benefit liability	1,115,059	-		53,456	_	1,061,603
		·	-			
	\$ 37,007,481	\$ 367,875	\$	12,461,073	\$ =	24,914,283

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The State of Florida, by constitution, does not have a personal income tax and operates primarily through funds generated from sales, gasoline, and corporate income taxes. Local governments are not permitted to levy income taxes either and rely on property tax and a limited number of other taxes on utilities and gasoline as well as local business taxes and franchise fees to support delivery of municipal services. The City of Lighthouse Point has continued to preserve fund balance by carefully using its resources and limiting non-essential expenditures where possible.

The General Fund budget for FY 2022 was approved at \$17,794,103 which represents a decrease of \$170,427 below the amended FY 2021 budget. The operating millage was adopted at 3.5893, equal to the millage rate for the prior fiscal year. Since taxable values increased, using the same millage resulted in an increase in the ad valorem levy for FY 2022.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Lighthouse Point for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided herein or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, City of Lighthouse Point, 2200 N.E. 38th Street, Lighthouse Point, Florida 33064.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Acceptant	Governmental Activities
Assets: Cash, cash equivalents, and investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments Prepaids and other assets Net pension asset Capital assets: Nondepreciable	22,840,228 460,371 354,586 132,332 7,223,145
Depreciable, net	17,460,299
Total assets Deferred Outflows of Resources:	63,568,883
Deferred outflows, related to pensions Deferred outflows, related to OPEB	9,420,425 613,120
Total deferred outflows of resources	10,033,545
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related taxes Accrued interest payable Deposits Licenses collected in advance Unearned revenues Due within one year:	1,266,246 491,717 108,763 42,933 34,899 13,274
Compensated absences payable Bonds, notes and capital leases payable Due in more than one year: Compensated absences payable Bonds, notes and capital leases payable Net pension liability Other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability	111,997 941,314 1,626,272 17,285,106 3,887,991 1,061,603
Total liabilities	26,872,115
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows, related to pensions Deferred inflows, related to OPEB	11,307,225 116,421
Total deferred inflows of resources	11,423,646
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	25,515,308
Debt service Law enforcement trust Stormwater improvements Building department Walt and Mary Barker library fund:	39,331 1,260,240 778,505 375,796
Nonexpendable Expendable Unrestricted	500,000 203,498 6,633,989
Total net position \$	35,306,667

			Program Revenues					
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Gr	perating ants and stributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	-	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position	
Functions/Programs:								
Governmental activities:								
General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Culture/recreation Interest expense	\$ 2,042,697 12,634,594 4,357,024 55,664 1,430,436 647,800	\$ 140,823 2,725,204 2,459,508 - 174,462	\$	82,411 220,851 310,900 47,187 13,796	\$ - - 4,285,453 - 50,000	\$	(1,819,463) (9,688,539) 2,698,837 (8,477) (1,192,178) (647,800)	
						-	(011)0007	
Total governmental								
activities	\$ 21,168,215	\$ 5,499,997	\$	675,145	\$ 4,335,453	_	(10,657,620)	
	General revenu Taxes:							
	Ad-valorem ta						10,411,394	
	Franchise taxe						929,709	
	Utility service	taxes ental revenues (lunro	ctrictod)			2,339,637 1,319,241	
	Miscellaneous		unre	stricted			1,010,697	
	wiiscellarieous					-	1,010,037	
	Total genera	al revenues				-	16,010,678	
	Change	in net position					5,353,058	
	Net position, b	eginning of yea	r			-	29,953,609	
	Net position, e	nd of year				\$	35,306,667	

		Major Governmental			
		General Fund		Infrastructure Fund	
Assets:					
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted					
cash, and investments	\$	7,673,649	\$	1,341,659	
Due from other funds		-		301,690	
Accounts receivable		457,238		-	
Due from other governments		354,402		-	
Prepaid expenditures		132,332			
Total assets	\$	8,617,621	\$	1,643,349	
Linkillator.					
Liabilities:	.	404 772	,	17 522	
Accounts payable	\$	404,772	\$	17,522	
Accrued payroll and related taxes Due to other funds		486,900		_	
Deposits		42,933		_	
Licenses collected in advance		34,899		_	
Unearned revenue		13,274		_	
Total liabilities		982,778		17,522	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Unavailable revenue - utility service taxes		157,337		-	
Unavailable revenue - franchise and other revenues		107,812		-	
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		132,607			
Total deferred inflows of resources		397,756			
Fund Balances (Deficit):					
Nonspendable		132,332		-	
Restricted		645,388		-	
Committed		2,107,043		1,625,827	
Assigned		3,750,000		-	
Unassigned		602,324			
Total fund balances (deficit)		7,237,087		1,625,827	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$	8,617,621	\$	1,643,349	

Funds		
Bond Construction Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 10,913,915 - - - -	\$ 2,911,005 286,461 3,133 184	\$ 22,840,228 588,151 460,371 354,586 132,332
\$ 10,913,915	\$ 3,200,783	\$ 24,375,668
\$ 638,472	\$ 205,480	\$ 1,266,246
- 588,151	4,817 -	491,717 588,151
-	-	42,933
-	-	34,899
		13,274
1,226,623	210,297	2,437,220
_	_	157,337
-	-	107,812
		132,607
		397,756
-	500,000	632,332
9,687,292	2,281,574	12,614,254
-	211,033	3,943,903 3,750,000
- -	(2,121)	600,203
9,687,292	2,990,486	21,540,692
\$ 10,913,915	\$ 3,200,783	\$ 24,375,668

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 21,540,692
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	\$ 44,367,685 (11,809,464)	32,558,221
Certain revenues are considered deferred inflows of resources in the fund statements due to availability of funds; under full accrual accounting they are considered revenues.		397,756
Certain pension-related amounts, such as net pension liability and deferred amounts are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension asset Net pension liability Deferred outflows, related to pensions Deferred inflows, related to pensions	\$ 7,223,145 (3,887,991) 9,420,425 (11,307,225)	1,448,354
OPEB obligation and deferred amounts attributable to retiree benefits are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability Deferred outflows, related to OPEB Deferred inflows, related to OPEB	\$ (1,061,603) 613,120 (116,421)	(564,904)
Long-term liabilities, including leases and bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Bonds, notes and capital leases payable Compensated absences payable Accrued interest payable	\$ (18,226,420) (1,738,269) (108,763)	(20,073,452)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 35,306,667

		Major Governmental			
		General Fund		Infrastructure Fund	
Revenues:		0.047.000	_		
Ad valorem taxes	\$	9,017,990	\$	-	
Franchise taxes		914,502		-	
Utility service taxes		2,398,806		-	
Licenses and permits		1,130,182		-	
Intergovernmental revenues		1,941,435		-	
Charges for services Non-ad valorem assessments		551,103 928,182		-	
Fines and forfeitures		311,749		-	
Miscellaneous		298,031		- 17617E0	
Miscellatieous	•	290,031		4,764,258	
Total revenues	•	17,491,980		4,764,258	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		1,919,606		-	
Public safety		11,927,065		-	
Physical environment		1,702,988		34,542	
Transportation		54,500		-	
Culture/recreation		1,021,476		-	
Capital outlay		292,644		4,292,572	
Debt service:					
Principal		164,749		-	
Interest and other		8,895			
Total expenditures	•	17,091,923		4,327,114	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		400,057		437,144	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in		135,000		600,000	
Capital lease		334,707		-	
Transfers out		(733,774)		-	
	•	(, ,			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(264,067)		600,000	
Net change in fund balance		135,990		1,037,144	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		7,101,097		588,683	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	7,237,087	\$	1,625,827	

Funds		
Bond Construction Fund	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 1,393,404	\$ 10,411,394
-	-	914,502
-	-	2,398,806
-	- 50,000	1,130,182 1,991,435
- -	118,497	669,600
_	2,459,508	3,387,690
-	776	312,525
4,276	229,298	5,295,863
4,276	4,251,483	26,511,997
-	3,274	1,922,880
-	-	11,927,065
-	2,349,917	4,087,447
-	-	54,500
-	244,761	1,266,237
5,267,562	177,681	10,030,459
-	699,012	863,761
	684,807	693,702
5,267,562	4,159,452	30,846,051
(5,263,286)	92,031	(4,334,054)
-	133,774	868,774
-	- (435,000)	334,707
	(135,000)	(868,774)
	(1,226)	334,707
(5,263,286)	90,805	(3,999,347)
14,950,578	2,899,681	25,540,039
\$ 9,687,292	\$ 2,990,486	\$ 21,540,692

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$	(3,999,347)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:				
Expenditures for capital assets Less: net book value of disposed capital assets Less: current year provision for depreciation	\$_	10,030,459 (39,020) (919,667)		9,071,772
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.				9,276
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				(334,707)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				863,761
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:				
Change in net pension asset Change in accrued interest payable Amortization of bond premium Change in compensated absences payable Change net pension liability Change in other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability	\$	4,019,787 3,846 42,056 18,173 11,450,459 53,456		15,587,777
Certain changes related to pension assets and liabilities are not reported in the net change in the governmental funds:				
Change in deferred outflows, related to pensions Change in deferred outflows, related to OPEB Change in deferred inflows, related to pensions Change in deferred inflows, related to OPEB	\$ _	(4,998,063) (105,673) (10,660,085) (81,653)	_	(15,845,474)

\$ 5,353,058

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final
_	-	Original	_	Final	_	Amounts	_	Budget
Ad valorem taxes Franchise fees Utility service taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Non-ad valorem assessments Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous Allocation of fund balance	\$	8,946,000 855,000 2,330,910 974,500 1,325,750 497,850 916,000 90,250 132,500 225,000	\$	9,009,798 855,000 2,330,910 974,500 1,851,526 562,704 916,000 312,250 357,732 225,000	\$	9,017,990 914,502 2,398,806 1,130,182 1,941,435 551,103 928,182 311,749 298,031	\$	8,192 59,502 67,896 155,682 89,909 (11,601) 12,182 (501) (59,701) (225,000)
Total revenues	-	16,293,760	-	17,395,420	_	17,491,980	-	96,560
Expenditures: Current: General government		1,903,555		1,960,801		1,919,606		41,195
Public safety Physical environment Transportation		11,311,604 1,647,403 63,289		11,999,990 1,703,944 56,485		11,927,065 1,702,988 54,500		72,925 956 1,985
Culture/recreation Capital outlay Debt service:		1,041,910 582,628		992,309 343,583		1,021,476 292,644		(29,167) 50,939
Principal Interest and other	-	191,414 13,293	_	164,749 8,895	_	164,749 8,895	_	-
Total expenditures	-	16,755,096	-	17,230,756	-	17,091,923	_	138,833
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	(461,336)	_	164,664	_	400,057	_	235,393
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Capital lease issuance Transfers out	_	135,000 434,110 (107,774)	_	135,000 434,110 (733,774)	_	135,000 334,707 (733,774)	_	- (99,403) -
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	461,336	_	(164,664)	-	(264,067)	_	(99,403)
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$_	<u>-</u>		135,990	\$_	135,990
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					_	7,101,097		
Fund Balance, End of Year	. .				\$	7,237,087		

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds September 30, 2021

Assets:		
Investments:		
U.S. stock funds	\$	24,195,285
Balanced funds		11,429,374
Bond funds		11,046,553
Money market funds and other deposits		8,154,822
International stock funds		6,884,852
Specialty funds		3,382,102
	•	
Total investments		65,092,988
Participant loans receivable	-	326,295
Total assets		65,419,283
Link Hain.		
Liabilities		
Net Position:		
Restricted for pensions		52,233,534
Restricted for other employee benefits		13,185,749
	•	==,===,
Total net position	\$	65,419,283
•	· ·	

Additions: Contributions:		
City	\$	400,552
Employees	•	742,132
	-	·
Total contributions		1,142,684
	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Investment earnings and expenses:		
Interest, dividends and investment value changes		10,377,278
Less investment expense		298,486
•	-	
Net investment earnings		10,078,792
6	-	
Total additions		11,221,476
	-	11)221) 170
Deductions:		
Benefits paid		2,081,563
Refund of contributions		10,326
Neturia of contributions	-	10,320
Total deductions		2,091,889
Total deddetions	-	2,031,003
Change in net position		9,129,587
Change in het position		9,129,367
Net Position Restricted for Pensions		
and Other Employee Benefits:		
At Beginning of Year		56,289,696
	-	
At End of Year	\$	65,419,283

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the basic financial statements and other data in this report. The basic financial statements of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies relied upon for this report.

Financial reporting entity: The City of Lighthouse Point, Florida is located in Broward County and was incorporated in 1956. The Charter of the City was approved at referendum on June 11, 1956, and the City received its State of Florida charter in 1957. The City operates under the Mayor/Commission form of government with the Mayor serving as the chief executive officer and five commissioners setting policy. The City provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, and culture/recreation. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City of Lighthouse Point (the primary government).

The criteria used for including component units consist of identification of legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable. This criterion also includes identification of organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon this review, there were no component units or related organizations of the City.

Government-wide and fund financial statements: The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements, as well as the notes to the financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report on the government as a whole and provide a financial picture of the entire government. Fiduciary Funds of the government are not included in this presentation since these resources are not available for funding general government programs.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the City's governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which generally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. The City has only governmental activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and fines and forfeitures and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items that are not directly related to program revenue are reported as general revenue, including all taxes levied by the City as well as those shared by the State of Florida.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The City has only governmental and fiduciary funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting: Measurement focus is commonly used to describe the types of transactions and events that are reported in a fund's operating statement. Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as prescribed by GASB. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this perspective, generally only current assets and liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in current assets. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants for capital improvements are posted when earned rather than when they are received because generally the funds are reimbursements for expenditures. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

As a result of the differences in measurement focus and basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The fund financial statements offer an emphasis upon the more significant sub funds within the governmental category and these are referred to as major funds. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial transactions except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Infrastructure Fund - This fund accounts for improvements to bridges, seawalls, sidewalks, street paving, canals, buildings, and commission projects. The source of funds is primarily contributions.

Bond Construction Fund - This capital improvement fund was created to account for the proceeds of the General Obligation Bonds approved by voters and sold in 2019 for capital expenditures to improve the public safety, public works, recreation, and library departments.

The City also reports on nonmajor funds within the governmental fund category including the Tennis Center Fund, Garbage and Trash Fund, Public Safety Fund, Stormwater Fund, Special Purpose Fund, Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund, 2002 Debt Service Fund, and the 2019 Debt Service Fund. The Special Purpose Fund is comprised of locally generated resources for recreation support, environmental projects, cultural support, and other capital projects. Additionally, the City presents the Pension Trust Fund as a fiduciary fund, which accounts for the activities of the various pension plans provided to City employees.

The accrual basis of accounting is followed in the Pension Trust Fund. Under this method of accounting, additions are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and deductions are recognized in the period in which they are incurred. The Pension Trust Fund is accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fiduciary net position.

Assets, liabilities, and net position or fund balance:

- 1. <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>: Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
- 2. <u>Investments</u>: All City investments are stated at estimated fair value. Operating funds have been invested in a pooled arrangement. Interest income from pooled cash and investments is allocated on the basis of each individual fund's proportionate share of the investment pool.
- 3. <u>Accounts receivable</u>: Accounts receivable consist of amounts due for services rendered. Management believes all accounts to be fully collectible; therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided for in the accompanying financial statements.

4. <u>Capital assets</u>: Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and land improvements, equipment and fixtures, vehicles, and infrastructure, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$ 1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, rather than fair market value at the date of the donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized such as landscaping or road paving. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and land improvements	10-50
Equipment and fixtures	5-20
Infrastructure	10-50
Vehicles	3-10

- 5. <u>Compensated absences</u>: City employees earn vacation, sick and compensatory leave in varying amounts based upon their length of service and hours worked. Upon separation in good standing, employees receive full reimbursement for accumulated vacation and compensatory hours. Payments for sick leave vary by bargaining unit, years of service, and age in accordance with City Commission resolution and City policy. The liability due beyond one year for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statement of net position. The current portion of this obligation is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absences payable from expendable available financial resources and only if they have matured.
- 6. <u>Unearned revenue</u>: Inflows that do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition, such as occupational licenses collected in advance, are recorded as unearned revenues in the governmental funds and the government-wide financial statements.
- 7. <u>Long-term obligations</u>: In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. The long-term debt consists of notes and capital leases payable, as well as accrued compensated absences payable, net pension liability and OPEB liability. In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources. Issue costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.
- 8. <u>Deferred outflows/inflows of resources</u>: In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for *deferred outflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. As required by GASB Statements 68 and 75, the City reports deferred outflows of resources for pension-related and OPEB amounts. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of \$10,264,161 in the government-wide statements.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two items that are deferred inflows of resources. The first type, unavailable revenue, arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, and is only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from utility service taxes, franchise and other revenues, intergovernmental revenues, and summer camp fees that were earned but not received within 30 days of year-end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred inflows of \$ 397,756 for this category in the fund level statements. The second type is required by GASB Statements 68 and 75 for pension and OPEB related inflows. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred inflows of \$ 11,654,262 in the government-wide statements.

- 9. <u>Net position</u>: Net position of the government-wide financial statements are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. The first category represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and net of any outstanding debt associated with the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Restricted net position represents net position that is restricted by requirements of bond indentures of other externally imposed constraints. Unrestricted net position represents the net position of the City that is not restricted for any project or purpose.
- 10. <u>Fund equity</u>: In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance amounts in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which was first effective with the City's fiscal year 2011 financial report. Under these guidelines, the breakdown includes nonspendable and spendable fund balances.

Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts).

Spendable balances are placed into four distinct categories by GASB, including restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. For the City, the categories are presented as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: For the City, nonspendable for the reported fiscal year is comprised exclusively of prepaid items and the principal balance of the Walt and Mary Barker Library Trust fund, which is restricted to provide for the educational enjoyment of the Library by the citizens of Lighthouse Point.

<u>Restricted</u>: Includes fund balances constrained for specific purposes by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors), law, or enabling legislation legally enforceable by external parties.

As of September 30, 2021, the City had the following restricted fund balances:

Major Funds: General fund:		
Building department	\$	375,796
Unspent lease proceeds	Ψ	269,592
Bond construction fund:		,
Unspent bond proceeds		9,687,292
Total major funds		10,332,680
Nonmajor Funds:		
Public safety fund:		
Federal and state fines and forfeitures		1,260,240
Stormwater fund:		, ,
Special assessments		778,505
Walt and Mary Barker library fund:		
Library resources		203,498
2002 Debt service fund:		
Unspent debt proceeds		16,876
2019 Debt service fund:		
Unspent debt proceeds		22,455
Total nonmajor funds		2,281,574
-		
Total restricted fund balance	\$	12,614,254

<u>Committed</u>: Includes all amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by City Commission motion, including minimum contingency amounts established by City Commission policy, and all other nongeneral fund balances (except for restricted balances as discussed earlier).

Within the committed fund balance of \$4,213,495 there is an amount of \$1,489,705 set aside for operational contingencies. This amount is established through resolution by City Commission and is adjusted annually based on the following year's adopted expenditure budgeted amounts. It can be used upon approval of the City Commission.

<u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Mayor or the Mayor's designee. The City Commission has delegated this authority to the Mayor by resolution and includes \$ 3.75 million for emergency disaster recovery within the City.

<u>Unassigned</u>: This category includes any fund balance remaining after calculating the previous reporting categories for the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Other policies:

- 1. <u>Use of estimates</u>: The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
- 2. <u>Encumbrances</u>: Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds for which an annual budget is adopted. At September 30, 2021, encumbrances outstanding are as follows:

General Fund	\$	366,017
Infrastructure Fund	•	349,136
Bond Construction Fund		6,714,843
Stormwater Fund		60,099
Special Purpose Fund	_	1,850
	_	
Total	\$_	7,491,945

Subsequent events: The City's management has evaluated subsequent events through March 17, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note B - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgets and budgetary accounting: The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. During April, each City department prepares their budget requests for the upcoming fiscal year and reviews the status of their budget for the current fiscal year.
- 2. After June 1st, when the assessed values have been released by the Property Appraiser, the Mayor, as the City's Chief Executive Officer, submits the proposed budget to the City Commission for consideration. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the estimated sources of funding.
- 3. Traditionally, the Commission conducts a budget workshop in June and in accordance with State Statute approves a preliminary property tax millage in July for notification to all taxpayers in August. Two public hearings are required in September before adoption of the tax rate and budget appropriations for the fiscal year beginning October 1. The budget is adopted by ordinance. Property taxes are payable from November 1 to March 31 and become delinquent on April 1.

Note B - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

- 4. Appropriations which are neither expended, encumbered nor specifically designated to be carried over lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Remaining appropriated balances in infrastructure accounts in the General Fund are transferred to the Infrastructure Fund for future investment in infrastructure per City policy.
- 5. The City prepares and adopts annual operating budgets for the General Fund, Garbage and Trash Fund, Tennis Center Fund, Stormwater Fund, 2002 Debt Service Fund, and 2019 Debt Service Fund. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Commission or the Mayor. Legislative amendments are for any changes that exceed \$ 1,000 within each character of expenditure (personal services, operating expenditures, capital outlay, debt service, and transfers). Amendments are required when projected expenditures are anticipated to exceed budgeted appropriations at the character level. The original General Fund budget was amended during the year to provide for \$1,101,600 of supplemental appropriations. A significant portion of the budget increase was to provide for a transfer to the Infrastructure Fund using excess General Fund revenue to provide funding for future infrastructure projects. The budget was also increased to provide for costs associated with the building division's contracted services, overtime for the Fire Department to cover vacancies and absences due to COVID-19 and workers' compensation, a workers' compensation settlement, and other unforeseen expenditures. Funding for the increased expenditures came from additional ad valorem receipts, Federal Grants, Other Federal Assistance (CARES Act), and miscellaneous revenues.

Note C - Property Tax

Assessed property values are established by the Broward County Property Appraiser at just values, and the valuation date is January 1st preceding the start of the fiscal year. Property taxes are adopted as part of the budget process in September for the upcoming fiscal year. Payments are due November 1 with discounts of one to four percent if paid prior to March 1 of the following calendar year. All unpaid taxes on real and personal property become delinquent on April 1 and bear interest of eighteen percent from this date. Property is liened for unpaid taxes on June 1 of the year following the year in which the taxes were levied, and continues to accrue interest until a tax sale certificate is sold at auction.

The assessed value of property at January 1, 2020, upon which the 2020-2021 levy was based, was approximately \$ 2,608,786,893. The Broward County Revenue Collector bills and collects all property taxes for the City.

The City is permitted by Article 7, Section 8 of the Florida Constitution to levy taxes up to \$ 10 per \$ 1,000 of assessed valuation (10 mills) for general governmental services. In addition, unlimited amounts may be levied for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds if approved by the voters. The operating tax rate to finance general government services for the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$ 3.5893 per \$ 1,000 and \$ 0.5546 per \$ 1,000 for debt service.

Note D - Deposits and Investments

Governmental Funds

Deposits: The City's deposits must be placed with financial institutions that are qualified as public depositories in compliance with Florida Statutes Chapter 280. As of September 30, 2021, all non-interest bearing deposits are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and interest bearing deposits are insured up to \$250,000. Monies deposited in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are covered by the participation of the bank in the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. Accordingly, all amounts reported as deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name.

At September 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$5,300,880 and the combined bank balances totaled \$5,222,193.

Investments: The City's investment policy (Ordinance 782) permits investment or reinvestment of the City's funds, in excess of those required to meet current expenses to be paid within sixty days, primarily in: 1) the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund; 2) Money market and mutual funds; 3) Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories as defined in F.S. 280.02; 4) United States Treasury obligations; 5) Federal agencies and instrumentalities; 6) Repurchase agreements; 7) Commercial paper; and 8) Investment-grade bonds. Additionally, the City has established a maximum maturity of five years on any investment instruments.

As of September 30, 2021, the City had the following governmental investments:

Investment Type	 Fair Value
Money market funds Certificates of deposit Mutual funds	\$ 5,113,180 816,929 11,609,239
	\$ 17,539,348

Interest rate risk: The City designed its formal investment policy to minimize the risk that the fair value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates. The City's portfolio is invested in money market accounts, mutual funds, and certificates of deposit with no inherent interest rate risk.

Credit risk: The City's investment policy specifically sets parameters to minimize the City's credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions and broker/dealers with which the City will do business, and diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. The City's money market accounts and certificates of deposits are held exclusively with qualified public depositories, and the accounts are guaranteed by the State of Florida's depository program.

Disclosure by Investment Type:

The table below summarizes the City's Governmental Investment Funds scheduled maturities (in years) for investments held as of September 30, 2021:

Note D - Deposits and Investments (continued)

		Investment Maturities (in years)					
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Less than 1	_	1 to 5		6 to 10	
Money market funds Certificates of deposit	\$ 5,113,180 816,929	\$ 5,113,180 816,929	\$	-	\$	-	
Mutual funds	11,609,239	11,609,239	-	-		-	
Total	\$ 17,539,348	\$ 17,539,348	\$_	-	\$	-	

At September 30, 2021, the City had invested in a certificate of deposit (CD) and a public depository money market account with BankUnited. The CD amount, interest rate, and maturity date are as follows: \$816,929 with a fixed interest rate of 0.25% annually and maturing on October 24, 2021. The City's money market account with Bank United, which pays 0.25% annually, had a balance of \$2,611,946 at September 30, 2021. Interest rates fluctuate based upon market and economic conditions.

The City also has public depository money market accounts with the following banks as of September 30, 2021:

	_	<u>Fair Value</u>	Interest Rate		
Centennial Bank	\$	1,957,260	0.14% annually		
Synovus Bank	\$	535,801	0.25% annually		

As with the other money market accounts, interest rates fluctuate on the money market account based upon market and economic conditions.

The City also holds mutual funds with BNY Mellon, which had a balance of \$10,913,914 at September 30, 2021. These amounts are invested in mutual funds with a rating of Aaa-mf by Moody's and AAAm by S&P.

The City also holds a portfolio with Charles Schwab containing the assets of the Walt and Mary Barker Library Trust, which amounted to \$703,498 at September 30, 2021. Of this amount, \$695,325 was invested in mutual funds which have a Morningstar rating range of 2 to 5 stars. In addition, the portfolio contains \$8,173 invested in money market funds.

Fair value hierarchy: GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, establishes a hierarchy disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investment at fair value. Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of investments. These inputs are categorized into fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial statement purposes as follows:

- Level 1 investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable assets either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

Note D - Deposits and Investments (continued)

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value:

- Investments classified as Level 1 in the primary government and fiduciary funds, in the tables below are valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical securities.
- Investments classified as Level 2 in the primary government and fiduciary funds, in the tables below are valued based on significant other observable inputs, which may include, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates), or other market corroborated inputs.
- Investments classified as Level 3 in the fiduciary funds, in the table on page 45 are
 valued based on significant unobservable outputs based on all information available
 in the circumstances to the extent observable inputs are not available. The fair value
 of classified level 3 funds represents the value of unit positions in funds that are not
 publicly traded on an exchange. The fair value of the funds can be impacted by
 redemption restrictions imposed by the fund managers.

Fair values of investments held by the City's Governmental Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2021 as follows:

Investments	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Mutual funds	\$ 11,609,239	\$ 11,609,239 \$	-	\$
Total investments measured at fair value	11,609,239	\$ <u>11,609,239</u> \$		\$
Money market funds and certificates of deposit	5,930,109			
	\$ 17,539,348			

Note D - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Fiduciary Funds

The City has seven different pension plans included in the fiduciary funds. Of these plans, six are administered by MissionSquare Retirement, formerly known as the International City/County Management Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC), and the other is managed by the Florida League of Cities through the Florida Municipal Pension Trust (FMPT). Four of the MissionSquare plans operate under the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) 401(a) parameters, one plan serves as the City's IRS 457 deferred compensation plan, and one is a retirement health savings plan. Employees select from a diverse group of mutual funds including domestic equities, fixed income, international, and cash management portfolios. Additionally, the City has a defined benefit pension plan for police officers and firefighters who were hired after October 1, 2003 or employees who chose to convert from the 401a plan at that time. This plan is managed by the Florida League of Cities and overseen by the Police and Fire Pension Board. As of September 30, 2021, the City had the following Fiduciary investments:

U.S. stock funds	\$ 24,195,285
Balanced funds	11,429,374
Bond funds	11,046,553
Money market funds	
and other deposits	8,154,822
International stock funds	6,884,852
Specialty funds	3,382,102
	\$ 65,092,988

The table below summarizes the City's Fiduciary Investment Funds scheduled maturities (in years) of the investments held as of September 30, 2021:

		Investment Maturities (in years)							
Investment Type	 Fair Value		Less than 1		1 to 5		6 to 10		More than 10
U.S. Stock funds	\$ 24,195,285	\$	24,195,285	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Balanced funds	11,429,374		-		11,429,374		-		-
Bond funds	11,046,553		-		1,064,022		9,982,531		-
Money market funds									
and other deposits	8,154,822		8,154,822		-		-		-
International stock funds	6,884,852		6,884,852		-		-		-
Specialty funds	3,382,102		3,382,102		-		-		-
Total	\$ 65,092,988	\$	42,617,061	\$	12,493,396	\$	9,982,531	\$	-

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rate could adversely affect the fair value of the investments. To mitigate its exposure to losses in fair value, the City's fiduciary funds are invested in a well-diversified and balanced portfolio. The overall focus is on long-term growth given that the funds are for employee retirement purposes. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, fiduciary funds diversify investments by security type and institution, and limit holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

Note D - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Credit risk: Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the debt issuer may be unable to fulfill its obligations. The plan administrators handle selection of individual securities. Employees select from model portfolios offered by the Vantage Trust Company for the 401(a), 457, retirement health savings plan, and Roth IRA. The portfolio for the defined benefit plan is overseen by a Board of Trustees of the Florida Municipal Investment Trust comprised of local elected officials. Performance is monitored by the Asset Consulting Group of St. Louis, Missouri. The Trust places no limit on the amount that may be invested in an individual issue of the United States Treasury or any United States Agency. The fixed income portion is invested in two separate bond funds: the Broad Market High Quality bond fund, with a Fitch rating of AAf/S4 and a weighted average maturity of 6.30 years, and the Core Plus Fixed Income fund (Not rated) with a weighted average maturity of 8.21 years.

Concentration risk: The fiduciary funds policy is to maintain a diversified portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific issuer. GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires disclosure when the percentage is 5% or more in any one issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, or other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more in any one issuer at September 30, 2021.

Foreign currency risk: The MissionSquare and FMPT funds could be exposed to foreign currency risk to the extent a participant has chosen to invest in international stock funds which has a balance of \$ 6,884,812 at September 30, 2021. It is the employee who has made that choice and bears the risk based upon concentration in that particular investment.

Fair values of investments held by the City's Fiduciary Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2021 as follows:

Investments		Fair Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for dentical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	l	Significant Jnobservable Inputs (Level 3)
U.S. stock funds	\$	24,195,285	\$	11,693,202	\$	12,502,083	\$	-
Balanced funds		11,429,374		11,429,374		-		-
Bond funds		11,046,553		1,064,022		4,943,426		5,039,105
Money market funds								
and other deposits		8,154,822		8,154,822		-		-
International stock funds		6,884,852		378,666		6,506,186		-
Specialty funds	į	3,382,102		703,084		-		2,679,018
Total investments measured	<u>,</u>	CF 002 000	۸	22 422 470	۸.	22.054.605		7 740 422
at fair value	>	65,092,988	۶,	33,423,170	\$	23,951,695	\$	7,718,123

Note E - Interfund Transactions

The City uses a pooled cash arrangement and at any point in time some funds may carry a higher balance of cash and provide resources to other funds that carry a negative balance. Those funds requiring cash at year end are shown with a payable amount. Those funds with available cash to be loaned out are shown with a receivable amount.

Receivable

Payable

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

Fund

Major Funds:			
Infrastructure fund	\$	301,690	\$ -
Bond construction fund			588,151
Total major funds		301,690	588,151
Nonmajor Funds:			
Tennis center fund		20,855	-
Garbage and trash fund		265,606	
Total nonmajor funds		286,461	
Total	\$	588,151	\$ 588,151
Interfund transfers during the year were as follows:			
		Transfer	Transfer
Fund	-	<u>In</u>	Out
Major Funds:			
General fund	\$	135,000	\$ 733,774
Infrastructure fund		600,000	
Total major funds		735,000	733,774
Nonmajor Funds:			
Tennis center fund		117,774	-
Garbage and trash fund		-	70,000
Stormwater fund		-	65,000
Special purpose fund		16,000	-
Total nonmajor funds		133,774	135,000
Total	\$	868,774	\$ 868,774

Interfund transfers allow for appropriate allocation of resources when one fund is providing resources for another or a project calls for multiple sources of funds. These balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are actually made.

Note E - Interfund Transactions (continued)

In FY 2021, the General Fund transferred \$733,774 to other funds including, \$600,000 to the Infrastructure Fund to fund projects with excess funds from the General Fund, \$117,774 for the Tennis Center budgeted subsidy for facility operations, and \$16,000 to the Special Purpose Fund for the City's Keeper Day and Lighthouse A'Glow celebrations. The General fund also received a total of \$135,000 for an allocation of administrative expenses from other funds in the amount of \$70,000 from the Garbage and Trash Fund and \$65,000 from the Stormwater Fund.

Note F - Special Revenue Funds

The City has six special revenue funds. The Garbage and Trash Fund is budgeted and designed to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the collection and disposal of residential refuse. The Public Safety Fund is appropriated as needed and accounts for Federal forfeitures, State forfeitures and other fine revenues restricted by law. The Tennis Center Fund is budgeted and accounts for the operation of the City's recreational facility at Frank McDonough Park. The Infrastructure Fund is also appropriated as needed and accounts for capital improvement projects that are funded with transfers from the General Fund or occasionally grant dollars. The Stormwater Fund provides for funding of stormwater management projects, is budgeted, and is funded by a special assessment to benefiting properties.

The Special Purpose Fund actually represents a number of special purposes accounted for within individual sub funds. These special purpose sub funds account for transactions from specific revenue sources as required by law or administrative regulations. This fund is also appropriated on an as needed basis by the City Commission. The special purpose fund maintains an internal allocation of the intended purposes of its fund balance.

As of September 30, 2021, the following allocation of fund balance for all of the Special Purpose sub funds is as follows:

Recreational support: Sponsor fees for recreation programs DeGroff Park Improvements Keeper Days for annual City anniversary LHP A'Glow for annual holiday celebration	\$	21,055 20,000 9,688 1,916
Total	,	52,659
Environmental: Beautification improvements in the City Waterway cleanup and protection		9,459 3,229
Total	•	12,688
Cultural support: Library Cultural arts committee Senior outreach Historical committee		48,792 7,390 1,619 128
Total	,	57,929
Capital projects fund	,	1,281
Total special purpose fund	\$	124,557

Note G - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

	-	Balance October 1, 2020	_	Additions		Retirements		Balance September 30, 2021
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	8,865,588	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,865,588
Construction in progress	-	982,273	_	5,250,061	_	-	-	6,232,334
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	-	9,847,861	_	5,250,061	_		-	15,097,922
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and land								
improvements		10,996,042		79,020		110,766		10,964,296
Equipment and fixtures		3,178,760		123,138		322,489		2,979,409
Infrastructure		7,930,417		4,285,453		-		12,215,870
Vehicles	_	2,817,401	_	292,787		-	-	3,110,188
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	24,922,620	_	4,780,398	_	433,255	_	29,269,763
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and land								
improvements		5,343,673		236,952		99,189		5,481,436
Equipment and fixtures		2,444,991		190,420		295,046		2,340,365
Infrastructure		1,612,816		202,422		-		1,815,238
Vehicles	-	1,882,552	-	289,873	_		-	2,172,425
Total accumulated								
depreciation	-	11,284,032	_	919,667	_	394,235	-	11,809,464
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	-	13,638,588	_	3,860,731		39,020	_	17,460,299
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ =	23,486,449	\$ <u>_</u>	9,110,792	\$_	39,020	\$	32,558,221

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	63,714
Public safety	•	475,574
Physical environment		239,182
Culture and recreation		141,197
		_
Total depreciation expense -		
governmental activities	\$	919,667

The City has awarded various construction contracts. As of September 30, 2021, commitments on uncompleted construction contracts totaled approximately \$ 6,783,000.

Note H - Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of the changes in the long-term liabilities of the City for the year ended September 30, 2021:

	Balance October 1, 2020		Additions		Deletions	9	Balance September 30, 2021		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable:						•		_	
General obligation bonds Premium on general	\$ 16,390,000	\$	-	\$	305,000	\$	16,085,000	\$	320,000
obligation bonds	1,177,575	-		_	42,056		1,135,519	_	-
Total bonds payable	17,567,575	-		_	347,056	-	17,220,519	_	320,000
Notes and capital leases payable:									
Note payable *	795,007		_		394,012		400,995		400,995
Capital leases	434,948		334,707		164,749		604,906		220,319
Total notes and capital leases payable	1,229,955		334,707		558,761		1,005,901		621,314
Total bonds, notes and									
capital leases payable	\$ 18,797,530	\$	334,707	\$_	905,817	\$	18,226,420	\$_	941,314
Other liabilities: Compensated absences									
payable	\$ 1,756,442	\$	33,168	\$	51,341	\$	1,738,269	\$	111,997
Net pension liability	15,338,450		-		11,450,459		3,887,991		-
Net OPEB liability	1,115,059		-	_	53,456	-	1,061,603	_	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 18,209,951	\$	33,168	\$_	11,555,256	\$	6,687,863	\$_	111,997

Because almost all employees are funded by the General Fund, it is that fund that has predominately been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences, net pension liability and other post-employment benefits.

General Obligation Bonds: In April 2019, the City issued \$ 16,500,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019. The bonds were issued to finance construction of a new Fire Station/Emergency Operations Center, Public Works building, Recreation building at Dan Witt Park, Library expansion, and various renovations of existing City facilities. The outstanding bonds bear an interest rate from 3.0% to 5.0% payable semi-annually on February 1st and August 1st of each year, with principal due annually on August 1 through August 2048. The outstanding principal balance as of September 30, 2021 is \$ 16,085,000. Principal and interest on the note is funded by the voter approved ad valorem tax, the rate of which for FY 2020-21 was 0.3912.

The terms of the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019, noted above include other financial provisions for events of default, such as payment defaults, violation of covenants, insolvency, bankruptcy, and false representation. These events allow the lender to seek enforcement of and exercise of all remedies available and allowed by law.

Note H - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The annual debt service requirements until maturity for the General Obligation Bonds outstanding are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	-	Interest	_	Total
2022	\$	320,000	\$	644,600	\$	964,600
2023		335,000		628,600		963,600
2024		355,000		611,850		966,850
2025		370,000		594,100		964,100
2026		390,000		575,600		965,600
2027-2031		2,260,000		2,565,250		4,825,250
2032-2036		2,785,000		2,033,536		4,818,536
2037-2041		3,315,000		1,527,312		4,842,312
2042-2046		4,100,000		755,502		4,855,502
2047-2048		1,855,000	_	90,838	_	1,945,838
	_		_		-	
	\$ _	16,085,000	\$	10,027,188	\$_	26,112,188

Note payable: The City's Series 2002 General Obligation Bonds were refunded during FY 2011-2012. On May 4, 2012 the City issued a \$ 3,685,000 note payable to defease the 2002 bonds. The note bears interest at 1.97%, is payable semi-annually, and matures in August 2022. The outstanding principal balance as of September 30, 2021 is \$ 400,995. Principal and interest on the note is funded by the voter approved ad valorem tax, the rate of which for FY 2020-21 was 0.1634.

The City's note payable arrangements discussed above include other financial provisions for events of default, such as payment defaults, violation of covenants, insolvency, and false representation. These events may declare any unpaid principal and accrued interest due immediately. The lender may also seek enforcement of and exercise all remedies available and allowed by law.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this note are as follows:

September 30,	 Principal	 Interest	_	Total
2022	\$ 400,995	\$ 5,962	\$_	406,957

Capital leases: As of September 30, 2021, the City had obligations under four separate lease purchase agreements. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the lease inception. Annual debt service payments are funded by General Fund revenues. The carrying value of these assets is approximately \$ 407,900.

<u>Series 2017</u>: lease purchase in the amount of \$ 420,000 funded the acquisition of server replacement equipment, multi-site surveillance system, and vehicles for building and zoning, police administration, and fire rescue.

Note H - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

<u>Series 2018</u>: lease purchase in the amount of \$ 119,509 funded the acquisition of vehicles and equipment for police administration and fire rescue.

<u>Series 2019</u>: lease purchase in the amount of \$ 216,000 funded the acquisition of vehicles and equipment for City administration, police administration, and public works.

<u>Series 2021</u>: lease purchase in the amount of \$ 334,707 funded the acquisition of vehicles and equipment for police administration, fire rescue, and public works.

The following schedule presents the future minimum lease payments under these capital leases, and the present net minimum lease payments at September 30, 2021:

Year Ending September 30,		Series 2017	_	Series 2018		Series 2019		Series 2021	_	Total
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$	88,431 - - -	\$	26,133 26,133 - -	\$	45,868 45,868 45,868	\$	69,411 69,411 69,411 69,411	\$	229,843 141,412 115,279 69,411
2026		-		-	_		_	69,411	_	69,411
Total minimum lease payments		88,431		52,266		137,604		347,055		625,356
Less: amount representing interest	_	1,097	_	1,975	_	5,030	_	12,348	_	20,450
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ <u></u>	87,334	\$_	50,291	\$_	132,574	\$_	334,707	\$_	604,906

Note I - Receivables and Payables

Receivables at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

		Accounts	Total			
Governmental activities:	-		-	governmental	•	
General fund	\$	457,238	\$	354,402	\$	811,640
Tennis center fund		3,133		-		3,133
Public safety fund		-		62		62
2002 Debt service fund		-		36		36
2019 Debt service fund	_	-		86	_	86
	\$	460,371	\$	354,586	\$	814,957

Note I - Receivables and Payables (continued)

Payables at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	_	Total
Governmental activities:		
General fund	\$	404,772
Infrastructure fund		17,522
Bond construction fund		638,472
Tennis center fund		21,392
Garbage and trash fund		179,130
Stormwater fund		2,955
Special purpose fund	_	2,003
	_	
Total governmental activities	\$_	1,266,246

All amounts at September 30, 2021 are payable to vendors/contractors.

Note J - Pension Plans

The City provides pension benefits for all its full-time employees through either a defined contribution or defined benefit plan. A summary of financial data can be found on pages 91-94. The City acts as a trustee for these plan resources, however, there are no separately audited financial statements of these plans.

During the year ended September 30, 2019, the City began offering pension benefits through the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") plan to its public safety employees. The FRS plan is intended to replace the current Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan offered through the Florida League of Cities. The City is a sponsor of the FRS plan, not a trustee, and, accordingly, there is no fiduciary fund on the City's records. All provisions in relation to the City's portion of FRS are recorded in the government wide statements on pages 22-23. The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or by calling (877) 377-1737 or by visiting the Web site: www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications.

Basis of Accounting

The Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund - Defined Contribution Plan, the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan, the Deferred Compensation Plan, the Retirement Health Savings Plan, and the FRS plan (the "Plans") are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. City contributions are recognized when due pursuant to actuarial valuations.

For purposes of measuring the net pension (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan and additions to/deductions from Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan. The City is not a trustee of the FRS plan, as there is no fiduciary net position carried on the City's records.

Note J - Pension Plans (continued)

Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund - Defined Contribution

In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the defined contribution plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate after completion of one year of continuous service and attainment of age 21. Additionally, police officers and firefighters employed by the City prior to October 2003 continue in the defined contribution plan if they did not convert to the defined benefit plan described later in this section. For fiscal year 2021, the City made biweekly contributions to the defined contribution plan equal to 13% for general employees, 14% for fire, police and exempt employees, and 16% for management employees of each participant's base salary. In addition, each participant was required to make the following contributions to the defined contribution plan: 3% of base salary for general employees, 8% of base salary for fire employees, and 6% of base salary for all other police and management/exempt employees.

The defined contribution plans were established by City Resolution No. 681 in April 1988 for general employees, Resolution No. 841 in January 1993 for fire employees, and Resolution No. 993 in October 1997 for police officers and management employees. Amendments to the defined contribution plans can only be made by resolution.

Each participant's interest in their accrued benefits from employer contributions and associated investment earnings is vested 20% after three years of credited service and 20% for each additional year of service for the next four years. Employee contributions vest immediately.

Contributions made by the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 are as follows:

		Requ	Percentage of Contributions to Total		
Employee Classification	 Covered Payroll	City	 Employee	Total	Covered Payroll
General Fire * Police Management / Exempt	\$ 1,763,249 - 75,355 1,028,202	\$ 229,222 - 10,550 160,780	\$ 53,826 - 4,521 61,692	\$ 283,048 - 15,071 222,472	16.05% 0.00% 20.00% 21.64%
Total	\$ 2,866,806	\$ 400,552	\$ 120,039	\$ 520,591	18.16%

^{*} During fiscal year 2019, the Fire employees stopped contributing to the Municipal Employee's Retirement Fund due to addition of the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan.

Plan membership at September 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	General	Fire	Police	Management
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	7_	8_	2	7_
Terminated members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	8		1	3
Current employees:				
Fully vested	18	5	6	7
Partially vested	9	-	-	1
Nonvested	5		_	1
Total current employees	32	5_	6	9
Total membership	47	13	9	19

Note J - Pension Plans (continued)

Investment summaries at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Investment Type	General	Fire	Police	Management
Money Market Funds	21%	21%	42%	27%
Balanced Funds	68%	10%	22%	29%
U.S. Stock Funds	9%	57%	36%	31%
Bond Funds	2%	1%	0%	11%
International Stock Funds	0%	1%	0%	1%
Specialty Funds	0%	10%	0%	1%
	100%	100%	100%	100%
Fair Value of Investments	\$ 6,081,211	\$ 5,477,513	\$ 2,317,026	\$ 6,138,419

All defined contribution (401a) plans provide for employee loans. Loans are limited to 50% of the employee's vested balance not to exceed \$50,000. Interest rates are based on prime plus 0.5%. As of September 30, 2021, participant loans outstanding amounted to \$326,295.

Police and Fire - Defined Benefit

Effective October 1, 2003, the City established a defined benefit pension plan for full-time police officers and firefighters. The defined benefit pension plan is a single-employer variety. In accordance with Ordinance 835, the defined benefit pension plan was mandatory for all new hires and optional for all police officers and firefighters employed on October 1, 2003. Previously, the City contributed 22.27% of employee base salaries and employees contributed 16.34%, but as of September 30, 2019 the plan was frozen due to public safety employees transitioning to the Florida Retirement System Plan. All investments, totaling \$31,893,071 at September 30, 2021, are managed by the Florida League of Cities, Inc. through the Florida Municipal Pension Trust. The plan has no past service costs because any employees that opted to purchase past service credits were required to do so at the actuarial computed value. The option to purchase past service with the City of Lighthouse Point expired in FY 2009. As of September 30, 2021, the membership in the plan consists of seven active participants, 35 former employees who are either vested or entitled to a refund of employee contributions, and 19 retirees/beneficiaries receiving a benefit.

Net Pension (Asset) Liability:

The City's Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan net pension (asset) liability as measured as of September 30, 2021 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension (asset) liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020.

Actuarial assumptions - The total net pension (asset) liability in the October 1, 2020 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount rate: 7.00% per annum (2.62% per annum is attributable to long-term inflation); this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments.

Salary increases: 7.00% per annum for employees less than age 35; 6.00% per annum for employees age 35 to age 45; 5.00% per annum for employees age 45 to age 55; and 4.00% per annum for employees at least age 55.

Cost-of-living increases: 3.00% as of each October 1 at least five years after retirement.

Mortality basis: For non-retired participants and non-disabled retirees, sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Employee Mortality Table for public safety employees (Below Median table for males), with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with ages set forward one year (pre-retirement mortality); for disabled retirees, sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table (80% general employee rates plus 20% public safety employee rates), with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018.

Retirement: 4.30% at ages 50 and 54; 4.20% at age 52, 4.40% at age 55; 4.50% at age 56; 4.70% at age 57; or 100% at normal retirement age.

Other decrements: Assumed employment termination is based on age and ranges from 7.70% at age 25 to 4.40% at age 55. Assumed disability is based on age and ranges from 0.09% at age 25 to 0.00% at age 55.

Future contributions: Contributions from the employer and employees are assumed to be made as legally required.

Changes: Since the prior measurement date, the mortality basis was changed from the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table with generational improvements using Scale BB to selected PUB-2010 Mortality Tables with generational improvements using Scale MP-2018.

Long-term expected rate of return - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Expected
	Target	Long-Term
Investment Type	Allocation	Real Return
Core bonds	15%	1.60% per annum
Core plus	15%	2.10% per annum
U.S. large cap equity	25%	4.60% per annum
U.S. small cap equity	14%	5.50% per annum
Non-U.S equity	21%	6.70% per annum
Core real estate	10%	5.00% per annum
Total or weighted arithmetic average	100%	4.38% per annum

Rate of Return - For the year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 19.53%. The money-weighted rate of return express investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension (asset) liability was 7.00% per annum. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the Plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension (asset) liability.

Changes in the Net Pension (Asset) Liability:

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset)			
Balances, beginning	\$ 24,349,148	\$ (27,552,506)	\$	(3,203,358)			
Changes for the year: Expected interest growth Unexpected investment income	1,658,172 -	(1,895,811) (3,399,880)		(237,639) (3,399,880)			
Demographic experience Benefit payments, including	873,392	-		873,392			
refunds of member contributions	(904,064)	904,064		-			
Assumption changes	(1,306,723)	-		(1,306,723)			
Administrative expense		51,063		51,063			
Net changes	320,777	(4,340,564)		(4,019,787)			
Balances, ending	\$ 24,669,925	\$ (31,893,070)	\$	(7,223,145)			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the net pension asset of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	_	1%CurrentDecreaseDiscount(6.00%)Rate (7.00%)		_	1% Increase (8.00%)	
Total pension liability Less: fiduciary net position	\$	27,799,088 (31,893,070)	\$	24,669,925 (31,893,070)	\$_	22,178,580 (31,893,070)
Net pension (asset) liability	\$	(4,093,982)	\$ <u>_</u>	(7,223,145)	\$_	(9,714,490)

<u>Pension Income and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2021 the City recognized pension income of \$ 58,054. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual investment gain/loss Change of assumptions Demographic experience	\$ - 1,006,540 <u>813,596</u>	\$	2,509,226 - 392,523
Total	\$ 1,820,136	\$	2,901,749

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources will be recognized in pension (income) expense as follows:

Year ended September 30,	_	Amount
2022	\$	819,197
2023	\$	(333,030)
2024	\$	(739,592)
2025	\$	(761,413)
2026	\$	(66,775)
Thereafter	\$	-

Deferred Compensation Plan

Employees may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 as amended by Congress. The deferred compensation plan is available to all full-time employees of the City. Under the deferred compensation plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and therefore defer paying taxes on such portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency subject to approval by the City. The deferred compensation plan is administered by an unrelated independent plan Under the terms of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457, all deferred administrator. compensation and income attributable to the investment returns are held in trust by the City for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. As part of its fiduciary role, the City has an obligation of due care in selecting the third party administrator, approving investments offered to participants, monitoring compliance with maximum contribution limits, catch-up provisions, and emergency withdrawals. The current plan administrator is MissionSquare Retirement. In the opinion of the City's legal counsel, the City has acted in a prudent manner and is not liable for losses that may arise from the administration of the deferred compensation plan. Due to the level of fiduciary responsibility accepted by the City, the deferred compensation fund is presented as a Pension Trust Fund in the accompanying financial statements.

Retirement Health Savings Plan

As a voluntary supplement to the employees' required pension trust funds, the City established by Resolution 2003-1298 a retirement health saving plan and trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. The retirement health saving plan is fully funded by employee pre-tax contributions. The account totaled \$830,590 at September 30, 2021 and is invested by MissionSquare per the direction of each participant. Funds can only be withdrawn for medical expenses as approved by Internal Revenue Service regulations.

Should funds not be expended, they revert back to the City plan, however the City's policy is to distribute any remaining proceeds upon death of a participant to their beneficiaries as they have provided in writing. Based upon employee group commitments, the plan currently includes Fire Captains, Police Department non-union employees, Administrative Secretaries, the Chief Clerk of the Police Department, Fire Driver-Engineers, Fire Rescue Supervisors, and the City Administrator.

Roth IRA

The City administration allows employees to make voluntary after-tax contributions to a Roth IRA, established through MissionSquare. Participants choose how much to contribute to the voluntary plan, and the IRS provides guidelines on contributions and distributions.

Florida Retirement System

General Information:

As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan") and a defined contribution pension plan ("Investment Plan"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

Pension Plan:

Plan Description - The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

Benefits Provided - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of creditable service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% times the years of service times their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of creditable service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of creditable service for all these members and increasing normal to age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before August 1, 2011, the annual cost of living adjustment ("COLA") is three percent per year. The COLA formula for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP begin date on or after August 1, 2011, will be the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit divided by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

Contributions - Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 and from July 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, respectively, were as follows: Special Risk – 24.45% and 25.89%; and DROP participants – 16.98% and 18.34%. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for the period October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021.

HIS Plan:

Plan Description - The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided - For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$ 5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$ 30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$ 150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions - The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the HIS contribution rate was 1.66%. The City contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years.

HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions:

At September 30, 2021, the City reported liabilities of \$ 2,166,041 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability and \$ 1,721,950 for the HIS Plan's net pension liability for a total pension liability of \$ 3,887,991. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportionate share was .028674616 percent for the Pension Plan and .014037820 percent for the HIS Plan, which was a decrease of .003014972 percent and an increase of .000903197 percent respectively, from the proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,001,224 for the Pension Plan and \$329,644 for the HIS Plan for a total pension expense of \$1,330,868. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Description		Pension Plan		HIS Plan		Total	
Description		riaii	-	Fiaii	-	Total	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	371,263	\$	57,621	\$	428,884	
Changes of assumptions		1,482,113		135,307		1,617,420	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,795		1,795	
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		4,281,737		977,256		5,258,993	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	274,027	_	19,170	_	293,197	
	\$_	6,409,140	\$_	1,191,149	\$_	7,600,289	
		Defe	rred	rces			
	_	Pension		HIS			
Description	_	Plan	_	Plan		Total	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	721	\$	721	
Changes of assumptions		-		70,949		70,949	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		7,556,774		-		7,556,774	
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and		777 022				777 022	
proportionate share of contributions	-	777,032	_		_	777,032	
	\$_	8,333,806	\$_	71,670	\$_	8,405,476	

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting period ending September 30, 2022. The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Employer Share of Deferred Outflows/Inflows						
Year Ended	_	Pension		HIS				
September 30,	_	Plan		Plan	_	Total		
	_			_	_	_		
2022	\$	(2,589)	\$	241,320	\$	238,731		
2023		(169,431)		218,225		48,794		
2024		(549,670)		229,705		(319,965)		
2025		(1,373,592)		236,998		(1,136,594)		
2026		(103,411)		145,943		42,532		
Thereafter	_		_	28,118		28,118		
	_	_		_	_	_		
	\$_	(2,198,693)	\$_	1,100,309	\$_	(1,098,384)		

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumption Conference is responsible for setting the assumptions used in the funding valuations of both pension plans pursuant to section 216.136 (10), Florida Statutes. The Pension Plan's valuation is performed annually. The HIS Plan has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the Pension Plan was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because the HIS Plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the Pension Plan. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

	Pension Plan	HIS Plan
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25% average, including inflation	3.25% average, including inflation
Investment rate	6.80%, net of pension plan investment	N/A
of return	expense, including inflation	
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age	Individual entry age
Morality table	PUB-2010 with Projection Scale	PUB-2010 with Projection Scale
	MP-2018	MP-2018

Long-term Expected Rate of Return:

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.1%	2.1%	1.1%
Fixed income	20.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.3%
Global equity	54.2%	8.2%	6.7%	17.8%
Real estate	10.3%	7.1%	6.2%	13.8%
Private equity	10.8%	11.7%	8.5%	26.4%
Strategic investments	3.7%	5.7%	5.4%	8.4%
	100.0%			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.2%

⁽¹⁾ as outlined in the Pension Plan's Investment Policy

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80% for the Pension Plan. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.16% for the HIS Plan. In general, the discount rate for calculating the HIS Plan's total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS Plan benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the municipal bond rate of 2.16% was used to determine the total pension liability. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

<u>Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>:

The following table presents the sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis, below, shows the impact to the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) if the discount rate was 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate at June 30, 2021.

	-	1% Decrease (5.80%)	_	Current Discount Rate (6.80%)	_	1% Increase (7.80%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) for						
Pension Plan	\$	9,686,682	\$_	2,166,041	\$_	(4,120,371)
				Current		
		1%		Discount		1%
		Decrease		Rate		Increase
	-	(1.16%)	_	(2.16%)	_	(3.16%)
City's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability for HIS Plan	\$	1,990,741	\$_	1,721,950	\$ <u>_</u>	1,501,736

Investment Plan:

The SBA (State Board of Administration) administered the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS Defined Benefit Plan. City employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual members' accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends, in part, on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class, as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment members' accounts during the 2020-2021 fiscal year, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows:

Class	<u>Allocation Rate</u>
Elected Officials	11.34%
Senior Management	7.67%
Special Risk	14.00%
Regular Employees	6.30%

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan vesting is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on these funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over his or her account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the City.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The City's pension expense for the Investment Plan totaled \$76,544 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Aggregate Amounts For All Plans

	Police and Fire	Florida Retirement System				
	Defined Benefit Plan	Pension Plan	- -	HIS Plan	•	Total
Net pension asset	\$ 7,223,145	\$ -	\$	-	\$	7,223,145
Net pension liability	\$ -	\$ 2,166,041	\$	1,721,950	\$	3,887,991
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,820,136	\$ 6,409,140	\$	1,191,149	\$	9,420,425
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 2,901,749	\$ 8,333,806	\$	71,670	\$	11,307,225
Pension expense (income)	\$ 58,054	\$ 1,001,224	\$	329,644	\$	1,388,922

Note K - Commitments and Contingencies

Risk management: The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City places all insurance risk, less nominal deductibles, in the hands of commercial carriers. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note K - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Grants compliance: The City receives financial assistance from federal, state and local governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and may be subject to audit by the grantor agencies. In accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the Florida Single Audit Act, the City was not required to conduct a "single audit" for federal or state grants. The threshold for such audits is \$ 750,000 for either level of government. For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City did not have any financial assistance that met the "single audit" threshold.

Note L - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan description and funding policy: The City's only post-retirement benefit is a single-employer defined benefit plan, which offers retired employees the opportunity to retain the City's health insurance coverage by paying the full premium paid by the City for active employees. For department directors only, employees who retire at age 62 with at least ten years of service receive the City health insurance until age 65 with the City paying the full premium for the retiree. At age 55 with at least ten years of service, a department director may receive 33% of the premium subsidy from the City.

Elected officials, who have served five years, are eligible to retain City health insurance at their own expense. All other employees may stay with the City's health plan upon normal retirement but without any City contribution. An actuarial valuation was completed as of October 1, 2020 and reflects the most current estimate of the other post-employment benefit obligation liability. As of September 30, 2021, the net obligation was \$1,061,603. Consequently, the Statement of Net Position reflects this amount.

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of the measurement date:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	7
Inactive plan members entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	104
Total plan members	111

The liabilities and costs used in the valuation studies were based on numerous assumptions concerning the cost of benefits to be provided in the future, the contributions expected to be made by retirees in the future, the incidence and level of benefit coverage in the future, and the future demographic experience of the current active employees of the City and current retirees and their covered dependents. The cost developed pursuant to GASB Statement 75 is only an estimate of the true cost of providing post-employment benefits. The basis for these benefits is authorized by the City Commission by resolution.

Currently, the City's OPEB benefits are unfunded. This plan is not accounted for in a trust fund. To date, the City has followed a pay as you go funding policy, therefore, only those amounts necessary to provide for the City's reporting of current year benefit costs and expenses have been contributed from the General Fund. Contribution rates are determined by the City. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report and it is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or a report of another entity.

Note L - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Actuarial methods and assumptions: The actuarial valuation of the calculation of OPEB involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the City and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the City and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The total OPEB liability at September 30, 2021 was based on an actuarial valuation dated October 1, 2020 with a measurement date of September 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Measurement date: September 30, 2021

Valuation date: October 1, 2020

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal

Asset valuation method: Market

Inflation: 3.00%

Healthcare cost

trend rates: 7.0% decreasing to 5.0% ultimate

Salary increaases: 3.00%

Retirement age: Safety (uniformed): Rates from age 50 and 25 years.

General: Rates from age 55 and 10 years.

Mortality: PUB 2010 with MP-2021 projection

Discount rate: 2.43%

Since the prior measurement date (September 30, 2020), the discount rate was increased from 2.14% per annum to 2.43% per annum.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2021 was 2.43%. Because the City's OPEB costs are funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on the return on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Index as of the measurement date was used to determine the total OPEB liability.

Note L - Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Total OPEB liability of the City: The components of the City's net OPEB liability at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Total OPEB liability OPEB Plan fiduciary net position	\$	1,061,603 -
City's net OPEB liability	\$ <u>_</u>	1,061,603
OPEB Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	=	0%
Measurement year ended September 30, 2	021	
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Expected interest growth Demographic experience Assumption changes Benefit payments and refunds	\$	105,227 23,006 (21,262) (80,447) (79,980)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(53,456)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	_	1,115,059
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ _	1,061,603

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following table presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.43%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than current discount rate:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease (1.43%)	Rate (2.43%)	1% Increase (3.43%)
Total OPEB liability	\$1,142,561	\$ 1,061,603	\$ 985,536

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current trend rate:

	1% Trend Decrease 6.00% Decreasing to 4.00%	Trend Rate Assumption 7.00% Decreasing to 5.00%	1% Trend Increase 8.00% Decreasing to 6.00%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 941,750	\$1,061,603	\$ 1,203,574

Note L - Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB: For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$ 213,850. At September 30, 2021, the City has deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Demographic experience	\$	313,515	\$	18,225			
Assumption changes	-	299,605	_	98,196			
Total	\$	613,120	\$	116,421			

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Amount
2022 \$	85,617
2023 \$	85,617
2024 \$	85,617
2025 \$	85,617
2026 \$	85,617
Thereafter \$	68,614

Note M - Individual Fund Disclosures

At September 30, 2021, the Tennis Center Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$2,121. The City expects to reduce this deficit through transfers from the General Fund in Fiscal Year 2021-2022.

Note N - Risks and Uncertainties

The coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak has continued to cause disruption in international and U.S. economies and markets. The coronavirus and fear of further spread has caused quarantines, cancellation of events, and overall reduction in business and economic activity. On March 11, 2020, the *World Health Organization* designated the coronavirus outbreak a pandemic. City Administration and the City Commission continue to evaluate and monitor the potential adverse effect, if any, that this event may have on the City's financial position, operations, and cash flows. The full impact of COVID-19 is unknown at this time and cannot be reasonably estimated as these events are still developing.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2021	_	2020	2019
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's proportion of the net pension liability	(0.028674614%		0.031689588%	0.017188014%
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,166,041	\$	13,734,734	\$ 5,919,313
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's covered payroll	\$	4,629,538	\$	4,310,968	\$ 2,319,529
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		46.79%		318.60%	255.19%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		96.40%		78.85%	82.61%

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2021	_	2020	•	2019
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's proportion of the net pension liability	0.014037820%			0.014037820% 0.013134623%		
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,721,950	\$	1,603,716	\$	811,383
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's covered payroll	\$	4,969,698	\$	4,558,649	\$	2,425,248
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		34.65%		35.18%		33.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		3.56%		3.00%		2.63%

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,161,401	\$	1,024,346	\$	772,311
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	1,161,401	_	1,024,346	_	772,311
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u>_</u>	<u>-</u>	\$_		\$ <u>_</u>	
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's covered payroll	\$	4,684,824	\$	4,345,899	\$	3,337,710
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		24.79%		23.57%		23.14%

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	_	2021		2020	<u>-</u>	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	82,920	\$	76,607	\$	58,067
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	82,920		76,607	-	58,067
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u>_</u>	-	\$ <u>_</u>	-	\$	-
City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's covered payroll	\$	4,995,172	\$	4,614,905	\$	3,498,009
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida
Required Supplementary Information
Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(unaudited)

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability	-		-		_		_		-		_		_		_	
Service cost	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,959	\$	398,297	\$	371,661	5	371,661	\$	253,497	\$	338,632
Expected interest growth		1,658,172		1,685,413		2,051,009		1,658,825		1,586,392		1,129,166		1,514,924		1,477,810
Demographic experience		873,392		(1,379,006)		(636,834)		2,898,623		(426,868)		659,097		(32,379)		-
Assumption changes		(1,306,723)		-		-		1,803,577		-		4,860,207		(1,940,714)		-
Benefit payments, including														, , , ,		
refunds of member contributions		(904,064)		(667,030)		(1,404,551)		(746,176)		(455,688)		(454,253)		(355,333)		(599,481)
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		(5,154,431)		-		-		-		-		-
	-		_		-	, , , , ,	-		-	_	_		_		_	
Net change in total pension liability	,	320,777		(360,623)		(5,132,848)		6,013,146		1,075,497		6,565,878		(560,005)		1,216,961
Total pension liability - beginning		24,349,148	_	24,709,771		29,842,619	_	23,829,473		22,753,976	_	16,188,098	_	16,748,103	_	15,531,142
Total pension liability - ending (A)	\$	24,669,925	\$	24,349,148	\$	24,709,771	\$	29,842,619	\$	23,829,473	` =	22,753,976	\$_	16,188,098	\$_	16,748,103
Disc fide days and a settle																
Plan fiduciary net position	_				,		,	4 272 606	,	004 525 . d		045 764	,	776 750	,	042 502
Contributions - employer	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,372,606	\$	991,535 \$	>	815,761	\$	776,750	>	812,593
Contributions - member		-		-		111,254		702,612		722,202		564,019		544,741		561,829
Net investment income (loss)		5,295,691		1,677,474		1,331,005		1,733,186		2,653,471		1,400,099		(79,907)		1,198,583
Administrative expenses		(51,063)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(004.054)		(667.000)		(4.404.554)		(746.476)		(455,600)		(45.4.050)		(255.222)		(207.047)
of member contributions	-	(904,064)	-	(667,030)	-	(1,404,551)	-	(746,176)	-	(455,688)	_	(454,253)	-	(355,333)	_	(387,047)
Net change in plan fiduciary net																
position		4,340,564		1,010,444		37,708		3,062,228		3,911,520		2,325,626		886,251		2,185,958
position		4,340,304		1,010,444		37,708		3,002,220		3,311,320		2,323,020		000,231		2,103,330
Plan fiduciary net position -																
beginning		27,552,506		26,542,062		26,504,354		23,442,126		19,530,606		17,204,980		16,318,729		14,132,771
Plan fiduciary net position -		, ,		-,- ,		-,,		-, , -		-,,		, . ,		-,,		, - ,
ending (B)	\$	31,893,070	\$	27,552,506	\$	26,542,062	\$	26,504,354	\$	23,442,126	;-	19,530,606	\$	17,204,980	\$	16,318,729
	•		-		=		=		: =		=		=		=	
City net pension (asset) liability -																
ending (A) - (B)	\$	(7,223,145)	\$	(3,203,358)	\$	(1,832,291)	\$	3,338,265	\$	387,347	5	3,223,370	\$	(1,016,882)	\$	429,374
Plan fiduciary net position as a																
percentage of the total pension																
(asset) liability		129.28%		113.16%		107.42%		88.81%		98.37%		85.83%		106.28%		97.44%
Covered payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	222,581	\$	3,261,638	\$	3,261,638	5	3,011,289	\$	3,043,337	\$	3,125,632
City net pension (asset) liability as																
percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		-823.20%		102.35%		11.88%		107.04%		-33.41%		13.74%

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

During 2019, the City froze the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan due to the addition of the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, causing a decline in covered payroll amounts.

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of City Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

2012	791,670 791,670		N/A	N/A
ļ	γ	⋄		
2013	\$ 1,194,863 1,194,863	,	3,108,447	38.44%
		⋄	❖	
2014	812,593 812,593	1	3,125,632	26.00%
	•	δ,	Ŷ	
2015	776,750 776,750	1	3,043,337	25.52%
•		۰,	Ŷ	
2016	\$ 815,761 \$ 815,761	,	3,011,289	27.09%
•	↔	δ.	❖	
2017	991,535 991,535	1	3,261,638	30.40%
	⋄	↔	S	
2018	1,372,607 957,596	415,011	3,261,638	29.36%
	⋄	.v II	❖	
2019	1 1	1	222,581	0.00%
ı	↔	↔	٠	
2020	' '			0.00%
2021		1	,	%00.0
J	↔	⋄	٠	
	Actuarially determined contribution Actual contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
	Acti cor Acti	0 2	Cov	Con of c

Covered payroll for the 2012 year is not available.

Valuation date: October 1, 2020

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Mortality Tables, with full generational improvements using Scale MP-2018 7.00% per annum (2.62% per annum is attributable to long term inflation); this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments. 4.30% at ages 50 and 54, 4.20% at age 52, 4.40% at age 55, 4.50% at age 56, 4.70% at age 57, or 100% at normal retirement age. Assumed employment termination is based on age and ranges from 7.70% at age 25 to 4.40% at age 55. 5.00% per annum for employees age 45 to age 55, and 4.00% per annum for employees at least age 55 7.00% per annum for employees less than age 35, 6.00% per annun for employees age 35 to age 45 Contributions from the employer and employees are assumed to be made as legally required. Assumed disability is based on age and ranges from 0.09% at age 25 to 0.00% at age 55. No assumptions were changed since the prior measurement date. 3.00% as of each October 1 at least five years after retirement Cost-of-living increases Future contributions Other decrements Salary increases Retirement age Mortality basis Discount rate Changes City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Investment Returns Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	19.53%	6.58%	5.40%	7.49%	13.46%	8.20%	-0.23%	8.50%

Note:

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	_	2021 9/30/2021	_	2020 9/30/2020	_	2019 9/30/2019	_	2018 9/30/2018
Total OPEB liability		405.005		00.504		27.544		22.422
Service cost Expected interest growth Demographic experience Assumption changes Benefits payments	\$	105,227 23,006 (21,262) (80,447) (79,980)	\$	88,631 12,096 188,231 398,977 (98,415)	\$	37,544 10,932 269,804 (45,822) (29,200)	\$	29,429 10,007 - - (5,255)
Net change in total OPEB liability	_	(53,456)	-	589,520	-	243,258	_	34,181
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	1,115,059	-	525,539	_	282,281	-	248,100
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$_	1,061,603	\$_	1,115,059	\$ <u>_</u>	525,539	\$_	282,281
Covered payroll	\$	9,509,173	\$	6,088,198	\$	5,845,659	\$	4,992,342
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		11.16%		18.32%		8.99%		5.65%

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the OPEB plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Plan Assets. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria of GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay benefits.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final
	Original		Final		Amounts		Budget
Revenues:		_		_		_	_
Ad valorem taxes:							
Current \$	8,946,000	\$	9,009,798	\$	9,009,799	\$	1
Delinquent		_		_	8,191	_	8,191
	8,946,000	_	9,009,798	_	9,017,990	_	8,192
Franchise taxes:							
Electricity	795,000		795,000		839,886		44,886
Solid waste	60,000		60,000		74,616		14,616
	855,000		855,000		914,502	_	59,502
Utility service taxes:			_			_	_
Electricity	1,200,000		1,200,000		1,227,219		27,219
Water	536,000		536,000		561,548		25,548
Gas	750		750		8		(742)
Propane	50,000		50,000		49,581		(419)
Communications services	544,160	_	544,160	_	560,450	-	16,290
	2,330,910	_	2,330,910	_	2,398,806	_	67,896
Licenses and permits:							
Business license tax	75,000		75,000		93,143		18,143
Building permits	375,000		375,000		418,809		43,809
Plumbing permits	76,000		76,000		103,151		27,151
Electrical permits	103,500		103,500		140,820		37,320
Other	345,000	_	345,000	_	374,259	_	29,259
	974,500	_	974,500	_	1,130,182	_	155,682
Intergovernmental revenues:							
State revenue sharing	295,000		295,000		334,823		39,823
Other state revenue sharing	56,000		56,000		57,619		1,619
Alcoholic beverage license	7,000		7,000		8,908		1,908
Gasoline tax	175,500		175,500		170,745		(4 <i>,</i> 755)
Half cent sales tax	650,000		650,000		754,309		104,309
Firefighters supplemental	12,250		12,250		10,378		(1,872)
Motor fuel rebate	5,000		5,000		5,325		325
County occupational license	11,000		11,000		12,491		1,491
Federal grants	34,000		532,472		514,815		(17,657)
State grants	-		27,304		27,304		<u>-</u>
Local grants	80,000	_	80,000	_	44,718	_	(35,282)
	1,325,750	_	1,851,526	_	1,941,435	-	89,909

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Revenues (continued)				
Charges for services:			_	
Lien search fees	35,000	35,000	54,075	19,075
Zoning fees	20,000	84,854	84,854	-
Certification, copying, research	500	500	1,594	1,094
City commission appeals	100	100	-	(100)
Other fees - city clerk	200	200	300	100
Accident reports	1,800	1,800	3,129	1,329
Fingerprinting fees	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)
Alarm fees	6,000	6,000	9,100	3,100
Special detail fees	30,000	30,000	26,781	(3,219)
Fire inspection fees	27,000	27,000	26,278	(722)
Construction inspection fees	3,000	3,000	1,199	(1,801)
Other fees - fire	750	750	-	(750)
Ambulance fees	260,000	260,000	287,828	27,828
Library fees	1,000	1,000	550	(450)
Photostat and other fees	1,500	1,500	23	(1,477)
Registration - recreation	40,000	40,000	42,765	2,765
Summer recreation fees	60,000	60,000	12,020	(47,980)
Other recreation fees	6,000	6,000	607	(5,393)
	497,850	562,704	551,103	(11,601)
Non-ad valorem assessments:				
Special assessments - fire	916,000	916,000	928,182	12,182
	916,000	916,000	928,182	12,182
Fines and forfeitures:				
Court fines	8,000	8,000	8,119	119
Library fines	500	500	180	(320)
Parking citations	1,750	1,750	1,450	(300)
Code enforcement fines	80,000	302,000	302,000	
	90,250	312,250	311,749	(501)
Miscellaneous income:				
Interest income	67,000	67,000	16,896	(50,104)
Other	65,500	290,732	281,135	(9,597)
	132,500	357,732	298,031	(59,701)
Allocation of fund balance				
	225,000	225,000		(225,000)
Total revenues	16,293,760	17,395,420	17,491,980	96,560
			مماما ما الممانية ما الماما	

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Legislative - commission Personal services	49,342	51,817	51,803	14
Operating expenditures	60,608	58,133	51,671	6,462
Grants and aids	11,164	11,164	11,164	-
	121,114	121,114	114,638	6,476
Executive - Mayor:				
Personal services	31,548	34,798	34,795	3
Operating expenditures	18,050	13,209	7,379	5,830
Capital outlay		1,591	1,591	
	49,598	49,598	43,765	5,833
Administration/finance:				
Personal services	714,077	736,082	735,204	878
Operating expenditures	142,341	156,661	149,840	6,821
Capital outlay		8,140	8,140	
	856,418	900,883	893,184	7,699
City attorney:				
Operating expenditures	245,976	245,976	229,778	16,198
Support services:				
Personal services	70,049	70,442	70,226	216
Operating expenditures	560,400	580,928	577,746	3,182
Capital outlay	40,500	8,771	8,768	3
	670,949	660,141	656,740	3,401
Total general government	1,944,055	1,977,712	1,938,105	39,607
Public safety: Police department:				
Personal services	5,563,356	5,801,356	5,746,172	55,184
Operating expenditures	325,520	349,504	348,497	1,007
Capital outlay	160,770	213,501	213,501	
	6,049,646	6,364,361	6,308,170	56,191

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Public safety (continued) Fire department:				
Personal services	4,080,337	4,244,107	4,232,790	11,317
Operating expenditures	222,305	265,061	265,389	(328)
Capital outlay	251,358	49,125	49,123	2
	4,554,000	4,558,293	4,547,302	10,991
Building department:				
Personal services	257,563	225,398	224,828	570
Operating expenditures	514,185	761,905	760,557	1,348
Capital outlay		3,231	3,231	
	771,748	990,534	988,616	1,918
Code enforcement:				
Personal services	326,388	326,388	325,805	583
Operating expenditures	21,950	23,040	23,027	13
	348,338	349,428	348,832	596
Total public safety	11,723,732	12,262,616	12,192,920	69,696
Physical environment:				
Public works: Personal services	1,183,210	1,198,775	1,198,150	625
Operating expenditures	464,193	505,169	504,838	331
Capital outlay	35,000		-	
Total physical environment	1,682,403	1,703,944	1,702,988	956
Transportation:				
Community bus: Personal services	41,075	41,075	39,837	1,238
Operating expenditures	12,214	15,410	14,663	747
Capital outlay	10,000			-
Total transportation	63,289	56,485	54,500	1,985

		d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Culture/recreation:				
Library:	200 511	200 511	202.750	2.752
Personal services	386,511 55,490	386,511 45,892	383,759 67,048	2,752 (21,156)
Operating expenditures Capital outlay	52,000	36,546	3,082	33,464
Capital Outlay	32,000			
	494,001	468,949	453,889	15,060
Recreation department:				
Personal services	395,329	355,326	346,782	8,544
Operating expenditures	204,580	204,580	223,887	(19,307)
Capital outlay	43,000	27,500	5,208	22,292
	642,909	587,406	575,877	11,529
Total culture/recreation	1,136,910	1,056,355	1,029,766	26,589
Debt service:				
Principal	191,414	164,749	164,749	_
Interest	12,293	8,895	8,895	_
Other debt service	1,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total debt service	204,707	173,644	173,644	
Total expenditures	16,755,096	17,230,756	17,091,923	138,833
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	(461,336)	164,664	400,057	235,393
·	, ,			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	125 000	125 000	125 000	
Capital lease issuance	135,000 434,110	135,000 434,110	135,000 334,707	(99,403)
Transfers out	(107,774)	(733,774)	(733,774)	(33,403)
Transfers out	(107,774)	(133,114)	(133,114)	
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	461,336	(164,664)	(264,067)	(99,403)
Net change in				
fund balance	\$	\$ <u>-</u>	135,990	\$ 135,990
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			7,101,097	
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 7,237,087	
i dila balance, Lila di Teal			۲٫۷۵۲,001	

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

<u>Tennis Center Fund</u> - This fund accounts for membership revenues and expenditures associated with the operation of the City's nine clay courts and Pro Shop located at Frank McDonough Park.

<u>Garbage and Trash Fund</u> - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the collection and disposal of residential refuse as performed by a private contractor.

<u>Public Safety Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of Federal and State forfeitures stemming from the Police Department's participation in anti-crime task forces.

<u>Stormwater Fund</u> - This fund was established in FY 2009/2010 to provide resources for stormwater management capital improvements and significant maintenance of stormwater infrastructure that had been funded in past years by grants.

<u>Special Purpose Fund</u> - This fund represents a number of special purposes accounted for within individual sub funds. These special purposes account for transactions from specific revenue sources as required by law or administrative regulations. This fund is not budgeted on an annual basis like operating funds but rather appropriated on an as needed basis by the City Commission.

Permanent Fund

<u>Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund</u> - This fund was established in FY 2015 to provide resources that enhance or augment the educational enjoyment of the City's Library by residents. The funds were received from the Mary M. Barker Trust and shall be invested for growth and income. Each year, an amount equal to 5% of the January 1st value of the trust may be spent on library resources; however any expenditure of trust fund proceeds shall be at the discretion of the Lighthouse Point City Commission.

Debt Service Funds

<u>2002 Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds. The 2002 Debt Service Fund was initially established to finance and account for the payment of interest and principal on the \$6,190,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002. During FY 2012, the City issued a note payable in the amount of \$3,685,000 to defease the 2002 bonds. The note bears interest at 1.97%, is payable semi-annually, and matures in August 2022.

<u>2019 Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the \$ 16,500,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019.

		Special Revenue								
	_	Tennis Center Fund	_	Garbage and Trash Fund	_	Public Safety Fund	_	Stormwater Fund		
Assets: Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, and investments Due from other funds Accounts receivable Due from other governments Total assets	\$	100 20,855 3,133 -	\$	- 265,606 - - -	\$	1,260,178 - - - 62	\$	781,460 - - - -		
Total assets	\$=	24,088	\$_	265,606	\$_	1,260,240	\$_	781,460		
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related taxes Total liabilities	\$ 	21,392 4,817 26,209	\$ _	179,130 - 179,130	\$ _	- - -	\$	2,955 - 2,955		
Fund Balances (Deficit): Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	_	- - - (2,121)	_	- - 86,476 -	_	- 1,260,240 - -	_	- 778,505 - -		
Total fund balances (deficit)	_	(2,121)	_	86,476		1,260,240	_	778,505		
Total liabilities, and fund balances	\$	24,088	\$_	265,606	\$_	1,260,240	\$_	781,460		

	Special Purpose Fund	_	Total	-	Permanent Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund	-	2002 Debt Service Fund	-	2019 Debt Service Fund	(_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	126,560 - - -	\$	2,168,298 286,461 3,133 62	\$	703,498 - - -	\$	16,840 - - 36	\$	22,369 - - 86	\$	2,911,005 286,461 3,133 184
\$_	126,560	\$_	2,457,954	=	703,498	\$	16,876	\$_	22,455	\$_	3,200,783
\$	2,003 - 2,003	\$	205,480 4,817 210,297	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	205,480 4,817 210,297
_	- - 124,557 -	_	- 2,038,745 211,033 (2,121)	-	500,000 203,498 - -	-	- 16,876 - -	_	- 22,455 - -	_	500,000 2,281,574 211,033 (2,121)
	124,557		2,247,657	-	703,498	·-	16,876	_	22,455	_	2,990,486
\$_	126,560	\$_	2,457,954	\$	703,498	\$	16,876	\$	22,455	\$_	3,200,783

				Special	Reve	enue		
		Tennis Center Fund	_	Garbage and Trash Fund		Public Safety Fund	_	Stormwater Fund
Revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenue		50,000		-		-		-
Charges for services		118,433		-		-		-
Non-ad valorem assessments		-		2,120,109		-		339,399
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		776		-
Miscellaneous	_	1,000	_	30,535		14,685	_	1,334
Total revenues	_	169,433	_	2,150,644	_	15,461	_	340,733
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		3,274
Physical environment		-		2,208,134		54,926		85,881
Culture/recreation		188,992		-		-		-
Capital outlay		69,904		-		103,511		475
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest and other	_	-		-		-	_	-
Total expenditures	_	258,896	_	2,208,134		158,437	_	89,630
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over expenditures	_	(89,463)	_	(57,490)		(142,976)	_	251,103
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		117,774		-		-		-
Transfers out	_	-		(70,000)		-	_	(65,000)
Total other financing sources								
(uses)		117,774	_	(70,000)	_	-	_	(65,000)
Net change in fund balance		28,311		(127,490)		(142,976)		186,103
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning								
of Year		(30,432)	_	213,966		1,403,216	_	592,402
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$	(2,121)	\$_	86,476	\$	1,260,240	\$_	778,505

	Special Purpose Fund		Total	Permanent Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund	-	2002 Debt Service Fund	_	2019 Debt Service Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	- - 64 -	\$	50,000 118,497 2,459,508 776	\$ - - - -	\$	410,554 - - -	\$	982,850 - - -	\$	1,393,404 50,000 118,497 2,459,508
	53,187	_	100,741	127,619		249	_	689	_	776 229,298
	53,251	_	2,729,522	127,619	-	410,803	_	983,539	_	4,251,483
	- 976 38,505 3,791		3,274 2,349,917 227,497 177,681	- - 17,264 -		- - - -		- - - -		3,274 2,349,917 244,761 177,681
	- -		<u>-</u>	-	_	394,012 13,707		305,000 671,100	_	699,012 684,807
	43,272	_	2,758,369	17,264	-	407,719	_	976,100	_	4,159,452
	9,979	_	(28,847)	110,355	-	3,084		7,439	_	92,031
_	16,000	_	133,774 (135,000)	- -	-		_	- -	_	133,774 (135,000)
	16,000	_	(1,226)		-		_		_	(1,226)
	25,979		(30,073)	110,355		3,084		7,439		90,805
	98,578	_	2,277,730	593,143	-	13,792	_	15,016	_	2,899,681
\$_	124,557	\$_	2,247,657	\$ 703,498	\$	16,876	\$_	22,455	\$_	2,990,486

	Budgete	d Am	ounts		Actual		Variance with Final
_	Original		Final	_	Amounts	_	Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental \$		\$_	50,000	\$_	50,000	\$_	
		_	50,000	-	50,000	_	
Charges for services: Membership fees Revenue sharing Daily use fees Summer camp fees	60,000 25,000 18,000 3,000	_	60,000 25,000 18,000 3,000	_	72,418 24,996 18,019 3,000	_	12,418 (4) 19
	106,000		106,000	_	118,433	_	12,433
Miscellaneous: Other	1,000	_	1,000	-	1,000	_	<u>-</u>
	1,000	_	1,000	-	1,000	-	-
Total revenues	107,000		157,000	-	169,433	_	12,433
Expenditures: Culture/recreation: Personal services Operating expenditures Capital outlay	141,479 48,295 -		145,539 44,235 69,904		145,422 43,570 69,904		117 665 -
Total expenditures	189,774		259,678	_	258,896	_	782
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(82,774)		(102,678)		(89,463)		13,215
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in	82,774	_	102,678	_	117,774	_	15,096
Total other financing sources	82,774	_	102,678	-	117,774	_	15,096
Net change in fund balance \$	<u>-</u>	\$_	<u>-</u>		28,311	\$_	28,311
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Y	ear			_	(30,432)		
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year				\$_	(2,121)		

		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Non-ad valorem assessments: Solid waste fees	\$.	2,092,000	\$ 2,120,109	\$_	28,109
Miscellaneous: Other Interest income		20,040 7,500	29,211 1,324	_	9,171 (6,176)
Total miscellaneous		27,540	30,535	_	2,995
Allocation of fund balance	•	182,200		_	(182,200)
Total revenues		2,301,740	2,150,644	_	(151,096)
Expenditures: Trash collection:					
Operating expenditures		2,331,740	2,208,134	_	123,606
Total expenditures	•	2,331,740	2,208,134	-	123,606
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out		(70,000)	(70,000)	_	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$	(100,000)	(127,490)	\$_	(27,490)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			213,966		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 86,476		

Dougnuss		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Non-ad valorem assessments:						
Stormwater fees	\$	332,500	\$	339,399	\$_	6,899
	-	332,500	-	339,399	_	6,899
Miscellaneous:						
Interest income		3,000		1,334	-	(1,666)
Total revenues		335,500		340,733	_	5,233
Expenditures: Finance/administration:						
Operating expenditures	-	4,290		3,274	_	1,016
	-	4,290		3,274	_	1,016
Physical environment: Operating expenditures Capital outlay	_	238,660	<u>.</u>	85,881 475	_	152,779 (475)
	-	238,660		86,356	_	152,304
Total expenditures	-	242,950		89,630	_	153,320
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		92,550	-	251,103	_	158,553
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Budget surplus Transfers out	_	(27,550) (65,000)	<u>.</u>	- (65,000)	_	27,550 -
Total other financing sources (uses)		(92,550)		(65,000)	_	27,550
Net change in fund balance	\$			186,103	\$ <u></u>	186,103
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			-	592,402		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$	778,505		

	_	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	407,319	\$	410,554	\$	3,235
Miscellaneous:						
Interest income		400	_	249	_	(151)
Total revenues	_	407,719	_	410,803	_	3,084
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal		393,958		394,012		(54)
Interest		13,761	_	13,707	_	54
Total expenditures	_	407,719	_	407,719	_	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_		_	3,084	_	3,084
Net change in fund balance	\$ _			3,084	\$ <u>_</u>	3,084
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			_	13,792		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$_	16,876		

	_	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	-	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes Miscellaneous:	\$	975,100	\$	982,850	\$	7,750
Interest income	_	1,000	_	689	_	(311)
Total revenues		976,100	_	983,539	_	7,439
Expenditures:						
Debt service: Principal		305,000		305,000		_
Interest		659,850		659,850		-
Other	_	11,250	_	11,250	_	
Total expenditures		976,100		976,100	_	-
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_		-	7,439	-	7,439
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	_		-	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>_</u>			7,439	\$ =	7,439
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			-	15,016		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$	22,455		

		Defined	Contribution P	ension Plans	
	General	Fire	Police	Management	Total
Assets: Investments Participant loans receivable	\$ 6,081,211 217,271	\$ 5,477,513 25,107	\$ 2,317,026 53,762	\$ 6,138,419 30,155	\$ 20,014,169 326,295
Total assets	\$ 6,298,482	\$ 5,502,620	\$ 2,370,788	\$ 6,168,574	\$ 20,340,464
Liabilities	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net Position: Restricted for pensions Restricted for other employee benefits	6,298,482 <u>-</u>	5,502,620 <u>-</u>	2,370,788 	6,168,574 	20,340,464
Total net position	\$ 6,298,482	\$ 5,502,620	\$ 2,370,788	\$ 6,168,574	\$ 20,340,464

Police and Fire Defined Benefit	(Deferred Compensation	Retirement Health Savings Plan	<u>Total</u>
\$ 31,893,070	\$	12,355,159	\$ 830,590	\$ 65,092,988
				326,295
\$ 31,893,070	\$	12,355,159	\$ 830,590	\$ 65,419,283
\$ <u> </u>	\$	-	\$ <u>-</u>	\$
31,893,070		-	-	52,233,534
		12,355,159	830,590	13,185,749
\$ 31,893,070	\$	12,355,159	\$ 830,590	\$ 65,419,283

		Defined Contribution Pension Plans										
		General		Fire	_	Police	į	Management	_	Total		
Additions:												
Contributions:												
City	\$	229,222	\$	-	\$	10,550	\$	160,780	\$	400,552		
Employees	_	53,826			_	4,521	-	61,692	_	120,039		
Total contributions	_	283,048		-	_	15,071	-	222,472	_	520,591		
Investment earnings												
and expenses:												
Interest, dividend and												
investment value changes		876,814		1,051,718		289,011		825,510		3,043,053		
Less investment expense	_	47,214		41,249	_	17,771	_	46,239	_	152,473		
				_			-			_		
Net investment												
earnings	_	829,600		1,010,469	-	271,240		779,271	_	2,890,580		
Total additions	_	1,112,648		1,010,469	-	286,311	-	1,001,743	_	3,411,171		
Deductions:												
		120 442		250 110		265 019		00.000		741 570		
Benefits paid	_	128,443		250,118	-	265,018	-	98,000	-	741,579		
Refund of contributions:												
City		10,326		_		_		_		10,326		
City	_	10,020			-		-		_	10,020		
Total deductions	_	138,769		250,118	_	265,018		98,000	_	751,905		
Change in net												
position		973,879		760,351		21,293		903,743		2,659,266		
Net Position Restricted for Pensions and Other												
Employee Benefits:												
Beginning of Year	_	5,324,603		4,742,269	_	2,349,495		5,264,831	_	17,681,198		
End of Year	\$	6,298,482	\$	5,502,620	Ś	2,370,788	\$	6,168,574	\$	20,340,464		
01 1001	´ =	0,200,102	Υ,	3,332,020	٧.	_,5,5,7,00	٧.	3,200,07 +	~=	_ 0,0 .0, 10 r		

Police and Fire Defined Benefit	Deferred Compensation	Retirement Health Savings Plan	-	Total			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	400,552			
	520,432	101,661	-	742,132			
	520,432	101,661	-	1,142,684			
5,295,691 51,062	1,913,515 86,065	125,019 8,886		10,377,278 298,486			
5,244,629	1,827,450	116,133		10,078,792			
5,244,629	2,347,882	217,794	-	11,221,476			
904,065	402,376	33,543	-	2,081,563			
		-		10,326			
904,065	402,376	33,543	-	2,091,889			
4,340,564	1,945,506	184,251		9,129,587			
27,552,506	10,409,653	646,339	-	56,289,696			
\$ 31,893,070	\$ 12,355,159	\$ 830,590	\$	65,419,283			

STATISTICAL SECTION

(NOT COVERED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT)

This part of the City of Lighthouse Point's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	95-102
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	103-109
Debt Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	110-114
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	115-116
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	117-122

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

	Fiscal										
	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018			
Governmental activities:											
Net investment in											
capital assets	\$	25,515,308	\$	19,754,023	\$	19,483,620	\$	21,228,328			
Restricted		3,157,370		2,869,269		2,773,223		2,595,822			
Unrestricted	_	6,633,989	_	7,330,317	_	10,541,565	_	5,778,930			
Total governmental											
activities net position	\$_	35,306,667	\$_	29,953,609	\$_	32,798,408	\$_	29,603,080			

Notes: The City has no business-type activities.

			Year			
2017	2016	-	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 18,960,079 2,951,222 7,480,739	\$ 19,261,328 2,680,004 7,603,373	\$	17,949,228 3,995,702 7,469,821	\$ 16,691,679 3,250,412 5,899,447	\$ 16,705,644 3,191,909 6,421,799	\$ 15,540,755 3,331,058 6,339,706
\$ 29,392,040	\$ 29,544,705	\$	29,414,751	\$ 25,841,538	\$ 26,319,352	\$ 25,211,519

				F	isca	I		
	•	2021		2020		2019		2018
Expenses:	•		-	_	•	_	-	_
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	2,042,697	\$	1,898,882	\$	1,902,050	\$	1,823,307
Public safety		12,634,594		14,562,191		8,581,339		10,696,943
Physical environment		4,357,024		4,682,249		4,090,349		4,046,490
Transportation		55,664		43,476		50,423		48,582
Culture/recreation		1,430,436		1,318,882		1,416,800		1,329,199
Interest expense		647,800	-	795,985		443,935	-	49,127
Total governmental								
activities expenses	:	21,168,215	\$	23,301,665	\$	16,484,896	\$	17,993,648
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	140,823	\$	99,366	\$	52,127	\$	67,505
Public safety		2,725,204		2,416,814		2,417,111		2,452,535
Physical environment		2,459,508		2,325,163		2,277,313		1,931,329
Culture/recreation		174,462		121,938		227,221		214,804
Operating grants and								
contributions		675,145		425,242		529,086		244,468
Capital grants and contributions		4,335,453						
Total governmental								
Total governmental								
activities program	Ļ	10 510 505	<u>,</u>	E 200 E22	<u>,</u>	F F02 0F0	<u>,</u>	4 010 641
revenues	\$	10,510,595	\$	5,388,523	\$	5,502,858	\$	4,910,641
Total governmental								
activities net expense	\$	10,657,620	\$	17,913,142	\$	10,982,038	\$	13,083,007
General Revenues and Change								
in Net Position:								
Taxes:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	10,411,394	\$	10,027,872	\$	8,711,785	\$	8,147,243
Franchise taxes		929,709		885,017		899,011		865,160
Utility service taxes		2,339,637		2,301,571		2,352,865		2,315,992
Intergovernmental revenues		1,319,241		1,173,114		1,290,317		1,274,422
Miscellaneous		1,010,697		680,769		923,388		650,330
Total general revenues	\$	16,010,678	\$	15,068,343	\$	14,177,366	\$	13,253,147
Change in Net Position	\$	E 3E3 UE0	•		;			
Change in Net Fusition	ب	5,353,058	۶.	(2,844,799)	\$	3,195,328	۶.	170,140

					Ye	ear					
	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014		2013	_	2012
\$	1,781,048 10,120,375 4,380,588 44,246 1,286,251	\$	1,717,475 9,827,589 4,054,749 42,655 1,262,675	\$	1,624,496 8,684,687 3,550,580 43,471 1,196,903	\$	1,465,093 9,134,305 3,506,609 46,027 1,122,567	\$	1,415,364 8,686,485 3,854,194 44,667 1,156,366	\$	1,320,586 8,903,618 3,284,930 40,788 1,115,321
\$ _	50,790	\$ ₌	60,161	\$ _	65,540 15,165,677	\$	71,369 15,345,970	\$ _:	77,180 15,234,256	\$ <u>.</u>	206,131 14,871,374
\$	48,203 2,477,037 1,936,657 189,145	\$	53,324 2,423,816 2,133,587 184,524	\$	51,423 2,040,455 2,100,378 161,164	\$	34,564 1,891,940 2,068,101 150,725	\$	27,335 1,603,627 2,236,065 125,904	\$	30,614 1,858,897 2,264,373 136,784
_	130,980	-	129,830 	-	162,097 1,202,548	-	119,455 	-	153,494 	-	93,412 155,985
\$_	4,782,022	\$	4,925,081	\$_	5,718,065	\$	4,264,785	\$	4,146,425	\$	4,540,065
\$ <u></u>	12,881,276	\$ ₌	12,040,223	\$ <u>-</u>	9,447,612	\$ ₌	11,081,185	\$ ₌	11,087,831	\$	10,331,309
\$	7,652,001 873,192 2,264,796 1,297,569 641,053	\$	7,270,669 850,214 2,212,221 1,209,109 627,964	\$	6,928,063 864,725 2,256,338 1,166,306 1,805,393	\$	6,583,961 869,058 3,124,968 1,153,978 416,655	\$	6,393,001 862,148 2,195,295 1,288,713 537,573	\$	6,120,388 825,196 2,184,080 1,089,223 284,239
\$_	12,728,611	\$	12,170,177	\$	13,020,825	\$	12,148,620	\$	11,276,730	\$	10,503,126
\$_	(152,665)	\$	129,954	\$_	3,573,213	\$	1,067,435	\$	188,899	\$	171,817

		Fiscal						
	-	2021	-	2020		2019		2018
General Fund:								
Nonspendable	\$	132,332	\$	89,273	\$	90,932	\$	81,542
Restricted	•	645,388		251,700		233,996	-	-
Committed		2,107,043		1,724,320		1,416,224		1,492,589
Assigned		3,750,000		3,750,000		3,750,000		2,250,000
Unassigned	-	602,324	-	1,285,804	-	913,981		21,580
Total general fund	\$	7,237,087	\$	7,101,097	\$	6,405,133	\$	3,845,711
All Other Governmental Funds:								
Major Funds:								
Infrastructure fund:								
Committed	\$	1,625,827	\$	588,683	\$	661,406	\$	552,586
Bond construction fund:	·		•		•		•	
Restricted		9,687,292		14,950,578		15,687,581		-
Nonmajor Funds:								
Garbage and trash fund:								
Restricted		-		-		-		26,543
Committed		86,476		213,966		378,347		393,327
Public safety fund:								
Restricted		1,260,240		1,403,216		1,564,105		1,688,447
2002 Debt service fund:								
Restricted		16,876		13,792		9,379		14,952
2019 Debt service fund:								
Restricted		22,455		15,016		-		-
Walt and Mary Barker Library fu	nd:	500.000		500.000		500.000		500 000
Nonspendable		500,000		500,000		500,000		500,000
Restricted		203,498		93,143		92,903		96,904
Other nonmajor funds:								
Nonspendable Restricted		- 778,505		- 592,402		- 415,341		- 295,519
Committed		178,505 124,557		98,578		415,341		417,800
Unassigned (deficit)		(2,121)		(30,432)		(27,680)		(19,506)
onassigned (denote)	-	(2,121)	-	(30,432)	-	(27,000)		(19,500)
Total all other								
governmental funds	\$	14,303,605	\$	18,438,942	\$	19,756,536	\$	3,966,572

_					١	ear/					
-	2017	-	2016	-	2015	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012
\$	76,661	\$	62,003	\$	59,549	\$	57,923	\$	550,156	\$	64,938
	1,598,527 3,750,000 380,815	_	1,365,837 3,750,000 887,155	_	1,379,797 3,750,000 349,186	_	1,560,813 3,750,000 158,139	_	1,665,151 3,250,000 174,354	_	1,889,680 3,750,000 249,129
\$	5,806,003	\$ _	6,064,995	\$ =	5,538,532	\$ =	5,526,875	\$ <u>=</u>	5,639,661	\$ <u>=</u>	5,953,747
\$	447,370 -	\$	845,438 -	\$	1,355,656 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	221,423 393,327		- 393,327		- 324,682		- 342,805		- 471,867		- 520,338
	1,796,681		1,953,004 14,673		2,069,312		2,202,826 7,580		2,328,298		2,656,131 4,226
	- 500,000 77,555		- 500,000 19,579		- 473,483 -		- -		- - -		- - -
	344,738 353,133 (28,916)	_	192,748 322,932 (11,078)	_	- 1,438,804 295,443 (8,826)	_	1,040,006 1,046,300 (9,641)	_	750 863,288 859,603	_	670,701 744,121 -
\$	4,116,136	\$_	4,230,623	\$_	5,962,657	\$_	4,629,876	\$_	4,524,129	\$_	4,595,517

	Fiscal Year							
	2021		2020		2019		2018	
Revenues:						_		
Ad valorem taxes		\$	10,027,872	\$	8,711,785	\$	8,147,243	
Franchise fees	914,502		884,380		899,319		869,133	
Utility service taxes	2,398,806		2,441,650		2,496,561		2,448,572	
Licenses and permits	1,130,182		902,297		973,488		1,093,785	
Intergovernmental revenues	1,991,435		1,740,485		1,684,464		1,496,896	
* Charges for services	669,600		588,895		650,587		614,961	
* Non-ad valorem assessments	3,387,690		3,252,409		3,196,902		2,758,864	
Fines and forfeitures	312,525		222,680		149,795		203,342	
Interest income	38,745		233,059		256,726		104,127	
Miscellaneous	5,257,118	į	445,476		719,396	-	492,786	
Total revenues	26,511,997	•	20,739,203	•	19,739,023	-	18,229,709	
Expenditures:								
General government	1,922,880		1,804,286		1,826,188		1,763,537	
Public safety	11,927,065		11,089,766		10,850,196		10,350,349	
Physical environment	4,087,447		4,467,245		3,889,144		3,832,573	
Transportation	54,500		43,476		50,423		48,582	
Culture/recreation	1,266,237		1,163,157		1,268,181		1,175,293	
Capital outlay	10,030,459		1,178,665		548,947		2,644,692	
Debt service:	_0,000,100		1,170,000		3 10,3 17		2,0 : 1,002	
Principal	863,761		710,547		621,346		593,693	
Interest	693,702		903,691		42,602		50,356	
Other	-		-		228,241		-	
Total expenditures	30,846,051	,	21,360,833		19,325,268	-	20,459,075	
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	(4,334,054)		(621,630)		413,755		(2,229,366)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		,				•		
Issuance of bond					16,500,000			
Premium of bond	-		_		1,219,631		_	
Capital leases	334,707		_				119,509	
Net proceeds of notes payable	334,707		-		216,000		119,509	
Payment to fiscal agent	-		-		-		-	
Transfers in	- 060 774		- 271 150		2 002 024		270,405	
	868,774		271,150		2,083,824		•	
Transfers out	(868,774)	,	(271,150)	•	(2,083,824)	-	(270,405)	
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	334,707	•	-	•	17,935,631	-	119,509	
Net change in								
fund balances \$	(3,999,347)	\$	(621,630)	\$	18,349,386	\$	(2,109,857)	
Debt service as a % of noncapital								
expenditures	7.5%		8.0%		4.8%		3.6%	

^{*} Beginning in FY17, solid waste fees for the garbage and trash fund were designated as non-ad valorem assessments.

	Fiscal Year										
•	2017		2016		2015	_	2014		2013		2012
\$	7,652,001	\$	7,270,669	\$	6,928,063	\$	6,583,961	\$	6,393,001	\$	6,120,388
٦	867,349	۲	847,516	٦	874,245	Ų	862,847	Ų	864,519	۲	905,559
	2,397,754		2,360,010		2,353,013		2,260,186		2,239,104		2,138,837
	953,071		1,083,509		913,141		707,214		605,477		635,114
	1,431,410		1,348,559		1,333,079		1,278,800		1,432,563		1,328,975
	565,855		2,423,630		2,368,838		2,250,635		2,412,786		2,689,844
	2,549,895		885,813		883,227		883,144		841,554		576,532
	582,221		402,299		188,214		304,337		133,114		389,178
	91,912		65,359		74,328		41,337		33,226		49,056
	586,528		566,985		2,946,439		419,966		518,735		228,658
•	17,677,996	•	17,254,349	_	18,862,587	-	15,592,427	_	15,474,079	_	15,062,141
•		•		_		_		_		_	
	1,735,223		1,651,595		1,542,644		1,433,511		1,345,069		1,307,179
	10,355,168		9,650,329		9,320,877		8,901,379		8,782,071		8,578,790
	4,176,377		3,887,800		3,406,984		3,417,866		3,712,686		3,470,209
	44,246		42,655		43,471		46,027		44,579		40,807
	1,155,759		1,099,429		1,120,957		986,683		1,000,339		1,037,569
	449,298		1,680,540		1,737,933		686,317		397,492		534,520
	502.400		404 220		476 244		F2F 2C0		400.034		460 644
	503,408		484,229		476,214		525,369		499,021		460,611
	51,996		60,343		66,747		72,506		78,296		202,774
			1,000	-	<u>-</u>	-		-		-	20,000
	18,471,475		18,557,920	_	17,715,827	_	16,069,658	_	15,859,553	_	15,652,459
	(793,479)		(1,303,571)	_	1,146,760	_	(477,231)	_	(385,474)	_	(590,318)
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	420.000		-		- 107.670		470 102		-		- 120 C75
	420,000		98,000		197,678		470,192		-		126,675
	-		-		-		-		-		3,685,000
	- 762 220		- 212 70 <i>1</i>		226 000		- 272.000		- 225 511		(3,665,000) 180,000
	762,328 (762,328)		313,784 (313,784)		336,889 (336,889)		273,000 (273,000)		235,511 (235,511)		(180,000)
	(702,328)		(313,764)	-	(330,863)	-	(273,000)	_	(233,311)	_	(180,000)
	420,000		98,000		197,678		470,192		_		146,675
•	.20,000	•	33,000	-	237,070	-	., 0,132	_		_	2.0,073
\$	(373,479)	\$	(1,205,571)	\$	1,344,438	\$	(7,039)	\$	(385,474)	\$_	(443,643)
•	· / /	•	<u> </u>	'=	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	• =	. , , , ,	· =	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	· =	· , , , ,
	3.1%		3.2%		3.4%		3.9%		3.7%		4.5%

			Real Property		<u></u>	
Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Residential	Commercial	Other	Personal Property	
2012	2011	1,897,551	144,278	22,972	23,332	
2013	2012	1,994,093	143,483	24,009	21,967	
2014	2013	2,109,780	140,854	28,578	24,317	
2015	2014	2,370,635	140,326	29,413	25,995	
2016	2015	2,630,639	141,754	30,113	26,671	
2017	2016	2,780,511	155,879	30,118	27,196	
2018	2017	2,973,368	167,257	30,789	28,922	
2019	2018	3,142,114	179,631	30,796	27,712	
2020	2019	3,192,936	187,419	30,390	26,928	

196,025

26,932

31,928

Note: Other includes institutional, government, and miscellaneous property uses.

3,298,145

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

2020

2021

Less: Exe	emptions	Total		Estimated	Net Assessed Value as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Value	
Real Property	Personal Property	Taxable Assessed Value	City Direct Tax Rate	Actual Taxable Value		
435,107	4,230	1,648,796	3.8602	2,088,133	78.96%	
472,386	3,996	1,707,170	3.8691	2,183,551	78.18%	
523,322	3,946	1,776,261	3.8307	2,303,550	77.11%	
679,481	4,978	1,881,910	3.8175	2,566,369	73.33%	
844,533	4,979	1,979,665	3.8028	2,829,177	69.97%	
896,758	5,305	2,091,641	3.7892	2,993,718	69.87%	
950,577	5,350	2,244,409	3.7803	3,200,337	70.13%	
980,003	5,170	2,395,080	3.7623	3,380,254	70.86%	
940,999	4,955	2,491,719	4.1713	3,437,673	72.48%	
938,265	5,979	2,608,786	4.1439	3,552,121	73.44%	

	City o	f Lighthouse F	Point	Ві	roward Count	v	School Board
Fiscal Year	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total City Millage	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total County Millage	Operating Millage
2011/12	3.5893	0.2709	3.8602	5.1860	0.3670	5.5530	7.4180
2012/13	3.5893	0.2798	3.8691	5.2576	0.2954	5.5530	7.4560
2013/14	3.5893	0.2414	3.8307	5.4400	0.2830	5.7230	7.4800
2015/14	3.5893	0.2282	3.8175	5.4584	0.2646	5.7230	7.4380
2016/15	3.5893	0.2135	3.8028	5.4741	0.2489	5.7230	7.2030
2017/16	3.5893	0.1999	3.7892	5.4474	0.2216	5.6690	6.8360
2018/17	3.5893	0.1910	3.7803	5.4623	0.2067	5.6690	6.4740
2019/18	3.5893	0.1730	3.7623	5.4792	0.1898	5.6690	6.2750
2020/19	3.5893	0.5820	4.1713	5.4878	0.1812	5.6690	6.6350
2021/20	3.5893	0.5546	4.1439	5.4999	0.1691	5.6690	6.4140

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

	_						
School Debt Service Millage	Board Total School Board Millage	South Florida Child Water Services Management Council District		Florida Inland Navigation District	North Broward Hospital District	Hillsboro Inlet District	Total Direct and Overlapping Rate
-	7.4180	0.4789	0.4363	0.0345	1.8750	0.0860	19.7419
-	7.4560	0.4902	0.4289	0.0345	1.8564	0.0860	19.7741
-	7.4800	0.4882	0.4110	0.0345	1.7554	0.0860	19.8088
-	7.4380	0.4882	0.3842	0.0345	1.5939	0.0860	19.5653
0.0710	7.2740	0.4882	0.3551	0.0320	1.4425	0.0860	19.2036
0.0703	6.9063	0.4882	0.3307	0.0320	1.3462	0.0860	18.6476
0.0654	6.5394	0.4882	0.3100	0.0320	1.2483	0.0860	18.1532
0.1279	6.4029	0.4882	0.2936	0.0320	1.0855	0.0860	17.8195
0.1043	6.7393	0.4882	0.2795	0.0320	1.0324	0.0985	18.5102
0.0912	6.5052	0.4882	0.2675	0.0320	1.1469	0.0985	18.3512

		Fisca	l Year 20	21	Fi	Fiscal Year 201		
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	
Brixmore Venetian Isle LLC	\$	26,636,340	1	1.02%	\$ -	_	0.00%	
Lighthouse Point Yacht Club Investments LLC	·	14,784,340	2	0.57%	-	-	0.00%	
Beacon Light Partners LTD		10,734,980	3	0.41%	10,123,340	2	0.61%	
Florida Power & Light Co		9,865,817	4	0.38%	5,525,313	4	0.34%	
Acheson, James C & Suzanne J		9,060,590	5	0.35%	7,768,430	3	0.47%	
Lighthouse Point FL LLC		8,160,530	6	0.31%				
Lighthouse Point Auto Investors I Inc		6,799,100	7	0.26%	_	-	0.00%	
Wye, Jane & Thomas Wye Family Rev Tr		6,374,440	8	0.24%	-	-	0.00%	
Elmore Moose LLC		6,129,470	9	0.23%	-	-	0.00%	
Lighthouse Point Newport Property LLC		5,967,540	10	0.23%	-	-	0.00%	
Centro Heritage Venetian Isle		-		-	18,297,230	1	1.11%	
Grove Gateway LLC		-		-	5,021,300	5	0.30%	
Bianculli, Louis R Jr		-		-	4,253,830	6	0.26%	
First States Investors 5000A		-		-	3,900,320	7	0.24%	
Alc Holdings LLC		-		-	3,756,125	8	0.23%	
Leonard A Foxman LIV TR		-		-	3,752,050	9	0.23%	
Dunn James, R & Ann Marie	_				3,576,440	10	0.22%	
Total	\$	104,513,147		4.01%	\$ 65,974,378		4.01%	

Source: Broward County Revenue Collector

		scal Year				
Fiscal Year		Gross Levy	_	Discount	_	Net Levy
2012	\$	6,382,448	\$	273,944	\$	6,108,504
2013	\$	6,610,703	\$	283,841	\$	6,326,862
2014	\$	6,812,658	\$	340,039	\$	6,472,619
2015	\$	7,195,575	\$	358,575	\$	6,837,000
2016	\$	7,535,473	\$	372,364	\$	7,163,109
2017	\$	7,930,348	\$	359,908	\$	7,570,440
2018	\$	8,495,187	\$	372,468	\$	8,122,719
2019	\$	9,023,277	\$	395,808	\$	8,627,469
2020	\$	10,399,161	\$	468,461	\$	9,930,700
2021	\$	10,814,506	\$	422,289	\$	10,392,217

Notes: Florida Statutes provide for up to a 4% discount for timely payment of property taxes.

Collections in subsequent years include prior year's collections, corrections, and penalties.

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

Table 8

_	Collected Fiscal Year	within the of the Levy		Collections In	_	Total Collections to Date			
_	Amount	Percentage of Gross Levy	_	Subsequent Years	_	Amount	Percentage of Gross Levy		
\$	5,931,892	92.94%	\$	164,493	\$	6,096,385	95.52%		
\$	6,228,508	94.22%	\$	162,200	\$	6,390,708	96.67%		
\$	6,421,761	94.26%	\$	159,268	\$	6,581,029	96.60%		
\$	6,768,795	94.07%	\$	170,320	\$	6,939,115	96.44%		
\$	7,100,350	94.23%	\$	188,367	\$	7,288,717	96.73%		
\$	7,463,634	94.11%	\$	141,396	\$	7,605,030	95.90%		
\$	8,005,847	94.24%	\$	197,059	\$	8,202,906	96.56%		
\$	8,514,726	94.36%	\$	21,603	\$	8,536,329	94.60%		
\$	10,006,267	96.22%	\$	9,445	\$	10,015,712	96.31%		
\$	10,401,949	96.19%	\$	-	\$	10,401,949	96.19%		

		Gove	rnmental Act	ivities							
Fiscal Yea	<u>ır</u> _	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Notes Payable	 Total Primary Government	_	Per Capita Personal Income	of	Personal Income	<u> P</u>	er Capita
2012	\$	-	\$ 328,452	\$ 3,684,000	\$ 4,012,452	\$	43,351		0.88%	\$	381
2013	\$	-	\$ 166,208	\$ 3,347,222	\$ 3,513,430	\$	43,792		0.77%	\$	338
2014	\$	-	\$ 454,476	\$ 3,003,777	\$ 3,458,253	\$	43,283		0.77%	\$	333
2015	\$	-	\$ 526,137	\$ 2,653,532	\$ 3,179,669	\$	44,909		0.68%	\$	307
2016	\$	-	\$ 496,857	\$ 2,296,583	\$ 2,793,440	\$	46,906		0.57%	\$	266
2017	\$	-	\$ 777,537	\$ 1,932,495	\$ 2,710,032	\$	48,680		0.53%	\$	257
2018	\$	-	\$ 674,805	\$ 1,561,043	\$ 2,235,848	\$	50,269		0.42%	\$	212
2019	\$*	17,719,631	\$ 648,266	\$ 1,182,236	\$ 19,550,133	\$	52,308		3.53%	\$	1,847
2020	\$ *	17,567,575	\$ 434,948	\$ 795,007	\$ 18,797,530	\$	55,908		3.20%	\$	1,788
2021	\$*	17,220,519	\$ 604,906	\$ 400,995	\$ 18,226,420	\$	N/A		N/A	\$	N/A

Sources: Per capita personal income provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce (http://www.bea.gov).

Notes: Per capita personal income is representative of Miami/Ft. Lauderdale/ Pompano Beach metropolitan area.

^{*} Includes bond premium for the General Obligations Bonds, Series 2019.

Fiscal Year	_	General Obligation Bonds	Taxable Value	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	_	Per Capita
2012	\$	-	\$ 1,648,795,869	0.00%	\$	-
2013	\$	-	\$ 1,707,169,924	0.00%	\$	-
2014	\$	-	\$ 1,776,261,097	0.00%	\$	-
2015	\$	-	\$ 1,881,909,580	0.00%	\$	-
2016	\$	-	\$ 1,979,665,674	0.00%	\$	-
2017	\$	-	\$ 2,091,641,994	0.00%	\$	-
2018	\$	-	\$ 2,244,395,332	0.00%	\$	-
2019	\$	17,719,631	\$ 2,395,081,376	0.74%	\$	1,674
2020	\$	17,567,575	\$ 2,491,718,885	0.71%	\$	1,671
2021	\$	17,220,519	\$ 2,608,786,893	0.66%	\$	1,650

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser's Office

Jurisdiction	Net Debt Outstanding	Estimate Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Broward County School Board of Broward County	\$ 97,455,000 2,080,904,000	1.24% 1.15%	\$ 1,208,442 23,930,396
Subtotal, overlapping debt			25,138,838
City direct debt			18,226,420
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 43,365,258

Sources: Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Notes: The estimated percentage applicable is derived using taxable value data provided by

the Broward County Property Appraiser, Form DR-403. That percentage is multiplied

by the total County debt outstanding.

The School Board of Broward County debt outstanding is as of June 30, 2021.

The City Charter does not establish a legal debt margin nor does the Florida Statutes impose a limit.

The City Charter does not set a debt margin.

The City does not have any pledged revenue.

Calendar		School	Unemployment	Personal Inc		come
<u>Year</u>	Population	Enrollment	Rate	Total	_	Per Capita
2012	10,536	258,803	9.0%	\$ 78,687,882	\$	43,351
2013	10,401	260,796	8.4%	\$ 80,525,783	\$	43,792
2014	10,374	262,563	6.4%	\$ 80,905,552	\$	43,283
2015	10,358	265,401	5.6%	\$ 85,167,498	\$	44,909
2016	10,506	268,836	5.0%	\$ 89,572,271	\$	46,906
2017	10,526	271,105	4.6%	\$ 94,239,400	\$	48,680
2018	10,560	271,517	3.9%	\$ 98,087,689	\$	50,269
2019	10,587	270,550	3.3%	\$ 102,145,579	\$	52,308
2020	10,536	267,970	7.1%	\$ 109,473,926	\$	55,908
2021	10,486	260,715	5.9%	\$ N/A	\$	N/A

Sources:

School enrollment data provided by the School Board of Broward County.

Unemployment rates provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Personal income data provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce

Notes:

School Enrollment data is County-wide.

Unemployment rates are representative of Miami / Fort Lauderdale / Pompano Beach metropolitan area.

Per capita personal income are representative of Fort Lauderdale / Pompano Beach / Deerfield Beach metropolitan area.

		Fis	cal Year 20	021	Fise	cal Year 2	014
				Total			Total
Employer	Type of Business	Employees	Rank	County	Employees	Rank	County
Publix Supermarkets	Retail	193	1	0.021%	275	1	0.027%
City of Lighthouse Point	Municipality	111	2	0.012%	103	2	0.010%
Hendrick Honda	Automotive	103	3	0.011%	99	3	0.010%
Sheehan Buick GMC, Inc.	Automotive	100	4	0.011%	*	*	*
Bonefish Mac's Sports Grille	Restaurant	100	4	0.011%	85	4	0.008%
Lighthouse Point Yacht Club	Restaurant	85	5	0.009%	84	5	0.008%
Papa's Raw Bar	Restaurant	63	6	0.007%	*	*	*
Phil Smith Kia	Automotive	52	7	0.006%	*	*	*
McDonald's	Restaurant	48	8	0.005%	*	*	*
The Nauti Dawg Marina Café	Restaurant	46	9	0.005%	48	6	0.005%
Wash Depot I, Inc.	Automotive	44	10	0.005%	*	*	*
Total		945		0.100%	694		0.068%

Source: Individual businesses upon payment of annual business tax.

Note:

This schedule is intended to present information for the current year and nine years ago. However, information prior to FY 2014 is not available as this was the first year businesses provided this information.

^{*} Data not available prior to FY 2014 as this was the first year businesses have provided this information.

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018
General Government:				
Finance and administration	5.63	5.00	5.00	5.00
Subtotal	5.63	5.00	5.00	5.00
Public safety:				
Police	42.52	41.52	42.05	42.05
Fire	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00
Building	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Code enforcement	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.00
Subtotal	74.97	74.97	75.50	75.05
Public works	13.00	12.63	12.00	12.00
Transportation	0.85	0.85	0.82	0.82
Culture/recreation:				
Library	4.63	4.73	4.60	4.10
Recreation	8.66	8.21	8.38	8.00
Subtotal	13.29	12.94	12.98	12.10
Total authorized employees	107.74	106.39	106.30	104.97

Source: City of Lighthouse Point departmental staff.

Note: All employee counts are reported as Full-Time Equivalents (FTE).

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
42.03	43.00	43.00	42.50	42.50	42.50
27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00
3.50	3.50	3.00	3.00	2.00	3.00
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
75.53	76.50	76.00	75.50	74.50	75.50
12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
0.82	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88
4.10	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.45	4.45
7.60	7.68	6.04	6.04	6.04	6.04
11.70	11.58	9.94	9.94	9.49	10.49
105.05	105.96	103.82	103.32	101.87	103.87

Function/Program	_	2021	2020	2019	2018
General government:					
Square miles		2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49
Elections:					
Registered voters		8,635	8,610	8,277	6,855
Votes cast in last election		N/A	2,633	3,463	-
Lien searches processed		689	556	443	478
Business licenses issued		399	419	424	480
Ordinances prepared and					
adopted		3	4	8	16
Resolutions prepared and					
adopted		56	47	63	65
Commission minutes prepared					
adopted		23	24	26	30
Agenda packets prepared		23	24	26	25
Public safety:					
Police:					
Stations		1	1	1	1
Uniformed employees		34	34	34	34
Calls-for-service handled		9,144	10,505	11,549	10,380
Traffic accidents handled		361	357	457	427
Traffic citations/warnings					
issued		1,966	2,330	3,424	2,354
Fire:					
Stations		1	1	1	1
Uniformed employees		26	26	26	26
Incidents responded to		1,767	1,711	1,510	1,460
Building:					
Permits issued		3,180	2,736	2,974	3,149
Value of construction	\$	58,523,383 \$	34,543,605 \$	37,838,490 \$	50,925,434
Physical environment:					
Miles of streets		41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12
Miles of waterways		18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
·					
Culture/recreation:					
Library:					
Books in collection		34,745	35,392	42,963	40,688
Circulation		19,588	22,422	39,765	41,117
Volunteer hours		135	2,914	8,151	8,498
Recreation:					
Facilities					
Al Fletcher Park acreage		0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Dan Witt Park acreage		6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
DeGroff Park acreage		4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60
Exchange Club park acreage		14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
Frank McDonough Park acreage		6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10
Tennis Center		1	1	1	1

Source: City of Lighthouse Point departmental staff.

_	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49
	8,379	8,640	7,827	7,848	7,894	7,894
	2,235	-	1,722	1,885	2,639	2,639
	530	506	525	461	459	440
	494	449	415	446	460	462
	9	16	10	15	3	9
	60	64	57	47	51	57
	19	21	29	29	25	26
	17	19	26	24	20	26
	1	1	1	1	1	1
	34	34	34	34	34	33
	10,615	10,724	10,940	8,992	8,516	8,330
	455	451	400	360	347	324
	2,231	3,070	3,462	1,973	2,366	2,299
	1	1	1	1	1	1
	26	26	26	26	26	26
	1,704	1,397	1,444	1,332	1,235	1,297
\$	3,070	3,297	2,863	2,702	2,634	1,548
	41,555,309 \$	42,754,614 \$	33,659,276 \$	20,268,696 \$	26,680,297 \$	25,131,177
	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12
	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
	42,593	41,761	41,841	41,000	38,323	42,227
	41,272	39,482	40,377	40,000	42,673	42,681
	9,447	10,000	10,400	10,500	10,200	10,166
	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60
	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
	6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018
Governmental activities:				
General government				
Miles of streets	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12
Square feet of buildings	55,208	55,208	55,208	55,208
Public safety:				
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1
Number of fire stations	1	1	1	1
Culture/Recreation:				
Libraries	1	1	1	1
Acres of parks	31	31	31	31
Number of parks	5	5	5	5

Source: City Departments

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12
55,208	55,208	55,208	55,208	55,208	55,208
4	4	4	4	4	4
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
-		_	_	-	1
31	31	31	31	31	31
5	5	5	5	5	5

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report to City Management

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Section 218.415 Florida Statutes



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Lighthouse Point, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 17, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



SOUTH FLORIDA BUSINESS TOURNAL

123

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 17, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO CITY MANAGEMENT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Lighthouse Point, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated March 17, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 17, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City of Lighthouse Point, Florida was established in 1957 under the provision of Chapter 57-1534 of the laws of the State of Florida. The City does not have any component units.



SOUTH FLORIDA BUSINESS TOURNAL

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a and 10.556 (7)., Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Members of the City Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 17, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415 FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Lighthouse Point, Florida

We have examined the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with the specific requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specific requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Members of the City Commission, management, and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 17, 2022



SOUTH FLORIDA BUSINESS TOURNAL