202

















CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021





This page is intentionally left blank.

City of Panama City, Florida

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

Prepared by:
The City of Panama City
Accounting Division

Cover photo: Serving Panama City, the Premier City in the Panhandle

Photographer: Caitlin Lawrence and Brian Hamilton



This page is intentionally left blank.

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	i
Principal Officials	vii
City Organization Chart	viii
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	ix
II. FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
A. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	
(Required Supplementary Information)	4
B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	24
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position - Business-type Activities - Enterprise	2.5
Funds - Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position -	
Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds - Governmental Activities -	26
Internal Service Funds	26
Statement of Cash Flows - Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds -	25
Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	27
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	29
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	30
Notes to Financial Statements	31

C. REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Budget to Actual Comparison - Major Funds (General and Special Revenue Funds)	
General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Change in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual	128
SHIP City - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Change in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual	129
Pension and Other Post Employment Schedules	
Pension Funds - Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and	
Related Ratios, Contributions, Proportionate Share of Net Pension	
Liability and Investment Returns	130
Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Schedule of Change in Net	
OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	149
D. COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	150
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	154
Budget to Actual Comparison - General Fund	
General Fund - Schedule of Expenditures by Department -	
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual	158
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget	
(GAAP Basis) and Actual - Other Major and Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Infrastructure Surtax	159
General Grants	160
Community Planning and Development	161
State Housing Initiative Partnership - County	162
Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund	163
Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency - St. Andrews	164
Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency - Downtown	165
Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency - Downtown North	166
Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency - Millville	167
Debt Service Funds:	
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2013B	168
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2016	169
Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified)	170
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018	171
Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Note, Series 2018	172
Hurricane Recovery and Refunding Note, Series 2019	173

Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position	174
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	175
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	176
Fiduciary Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	178
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	179
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	180
E. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Summary of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity	181
III. STATISTICAL SECTION	
Financial Trends	
Changes in Net Position	183
Net Position by Component	184
Program Revenues by Function/Program	185
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	186
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	187
Revenue Capacity	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	188
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	189
Principal Property Taxpayers	190
Property Tax Levies and Collections	191
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	192
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	193
Pledged - Revenue Coverage - Governmental Activities	194
Pledged - Revenue Coverage - Business-type Activities	195
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	196
Principal Employers	197
Operating Information	
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	198
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	199
Full - Time Equivalent - City Government Employees by Function/Program	200

IV. SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance	201
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed	
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	204
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for	
Each Major Federal Program and State Project and on Internal Control Over	
Compliance Required by Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General	206
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs - Primary Government	209
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	219
Management's Corrective Action Plan	221
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Florida Statute	
218.415 Related to Local Government Investment Policies	224
Independent Auditor's Management Letter	225
Schedule of Expenditures of Funds Related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill	228

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

THIS SECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING SUBSECTIONS:

- > LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL
- > PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS
- > CITY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART
- ➤ GFOA CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING





September 26, 2022

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners & Citizens of the City of Panama City, Florida

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Panama City (City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The ACFR is issued pursuant to Florida Statute 218.39(1) which requires municipalities meeting certain criteria to have an annual financial audit of its accounts and records by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with rules of the Auditor General within nine months of the close of each fiscal year. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the enclosed data is accurate in all material aspects and is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and the results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

These financial statements have been presented in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). These principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The Letter of Transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Panama City's MD&A can be found on page four of this report.

The Reporting Entity and Its Services

The City of Panama City was incorporated on March 12, 1926 and covers an area of approximately 34 square miles. The population of the City for 2021 was estimated to be 34,698. The City is the county seat of Bay County. The City has a commission-manager form of government and provides a full range of municipal services including general government, public safety, public improvements, planning and zoning, and related general and administrative services. In addition, the City operates three enterprise activities: water and sewer, solid waste management, and marina services.

The City Commission is comprised of the Mayor, elected at-large and four Commission members elected by ward. Together they are responsible for enacting ordinances, resolutions and regulations governing the City as well as appointing the members of various advisory boards, the City Manager, City Attorney and City Clerk-Treasurer. As Chief Administrative Officer, the City Manager is responsible for the enforcement of laws and ordinances; appointing and supervising the department directors of the City; submitting the proposed annual budget; advising Commission as to the financial condition of the City; and overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City.

Criteria considered in concluding which related activities (component units) should be included in the City's combined financial statements are as follows:

- Financial accountability
- Appointment of a voting majority
- Imposition of will
- Financial benefit to or burden on a primary government, and
- Financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency.

The following component units were included, by discrete presentation for 2021, based upon the criteria noted above:

- Panama City Downtown Improvement Board
- Panama City Port Authority

The Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) and the Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund are included as blended component units in the City's financial statements.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Since Hurricane Michael, housing within the City remains a top priority. After losing a high percentage of available housing, City officials and staff have found innovative ways to bring housing back stronger and more affordable. Some of the positive solutions are micro-housing and modular construction. The City's Community Development Department is committed to providing resources to rehouse those affected by Hurricane Michael and COVID-19 and to stabilize vulnerable populations.

One major lesson learned from Hurricane Michael was that the majority of Panama City's residents were renters. The Community Development Department is diligently working to change that dynamic by turning renting citizens into homeowners. Currently, the national ratio is 30% renters to 70% owners while in the City the ratio is 70% renters to 30% owners. The Community Development Department hopes to reverse this trend and create resident stability and resiliency through homeownership opportunities.

To this end, the Community Development Department updated its Local Housing Assistance Plan (LHAP) and increased income thresholds for applicant qualifications. This allows an estimated 40% of the City and Bay County residents to qualify for some type of needed housing assistance such as purchase assistance (up to \$45,000 down payment assistance and \$5,000 in closing costs). Under the prior LHAP, only an estimated 10% of residents would have qualified for assistance.

The City's Community Development Department administered CARES Act funding disbursements for Bay County and the City. The total allocation was disbursed between September and December 2020. These funds assisted citizens with foreclosure prevention, as well as first month's rent and assistance with security deposits and utilities.

The CRA continues a grant program which allows for commercial and residential improvement incentives. In addition, a paint voucher program and a job creation incentive credit program were created. These programs are intended to attract investment, reverse blight and they have created new jobs.

New housing developments continue to succeed and provide needed new housing for the City residents. SweetBay, located at the old Panama City Airport, proposed building a total of 3,200 housing units consisting of 2,304 single family residential, 608 multi-family residential apartments and 288 multi-family residential condominiums. Phase 1 has sold out and Phase II is near completion. Three-hundred and sixty (360) apartments are currently under construction with another 350 single family and multi-family lots being developed. The housing development, Liberty, planned for Panama City North, will provide 1,900 single family homes and 2 complexes of multi-family apartments when fully developed

A new retail development is also in progress spanning between Highways 390 and 231 in Panama City North. The Publix Super Market anchored space will also provide six inline stores and multiple outparcels for additional retail and restaurant development. The City successfully attracted this development through creative negotiations with the developer and it is expected to create hundreds of jobs and provide needed amenities for our Panama City North residents.

The retail development, Bay City Point, continues its growth with fourteen new stores and three more in the works, which continues to attract developers and new residents to the area. The project is expected to provide a total of 800 jobs to the area.

The Panama City Mall is also looking to reconfigure its retail development and begin rebuilding their property in the near future. Their plans include a mixed-use development providing commercial office space, retail and restaurant space, a hotel, and new apartments. This development will help beautify the area and be a significant development project for Panama City.

The City anticipates continued improvements in the local economy due to rebuilding and revitalizing projects throughout the City after Hurricane Michael. City Officials closely monitor economic conditions and are committed to working with community groups to attract businesses and tourists to Panama City, especially through the "Panama City is Open for Business" campaign led by renowned national Marketing firm kglobal.

The levy and collection of the Panama City Tourist taxes began during 2015. Annual revenue generated by this tax approximates \$2.2 million for Fiscal Year 2021. These funds are collected by Bay County and disbursed to the Panama City Community Development Council, Inc. to promote tourist-related business activities. The Council plans to focus on developing key interest points for visitors within the City, including sailing and boating tourism, culinary tourism, and arts and culture tourism. The new Destination Panama City Visitors Center is open in downtown Panama City and serves as a great destination for tourists to learn more about the amenities the City has to offer.

Major Initiatives

The Panama City Port Authority East terminal development is well underway. Phase I includes a 250,000 square foot warehouse, including railroad and road infrastructure. The expansion will double the working acreage of the Port facilities and accommodate the potential for more ships and businesses. Phase I and II of the project is nearing completion.

Infrastructure investment is a major priority for the City with multiple projects currently underway. The City has identified over 200 projects to help rebuild the City of Panama City using the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Section 428 Alternative Public Assistance Program as well as multiple other Federal and State funding sources. Several of the projects have been fully designed and construction services are nearly ready to be procured. Daffin Park is being redeveloped with new concession buildings and restroom facilities including lighting, irrigation, parking, landscaping and hardscaping for the basketball, pickleball, and tennis courts and playgrounds. The Martin Luther King, Jr. Recreational Facility is being re-built with a new 30,000 square foot recreation center and gymnasium, lighted outdoor courts, soccer/football field, playground, picnic pavilions and parking. The Martin Theater is being restored to a 490-seat theater with approximately 30,000 square feet of backstage and dressing rooms, lobbies, multilevel reception rooms, a catering kitchen, offices and concessions.

Improvements currently being funded by the City's Infrastructure Surtaxes include Lindenwood Drive Roadway Improvements which involves reconstructing underground utilities to include new water, sewer, and stormwater and much-needed road resurfacing. The Harrison Avenue Streetscape reconstruction project is currently underway and should be complete within the next year. Phase I of this project encompasses Harrison Ave. from Government to 4th Street including a redesigned plaza at 4th Street showcasing the historical clock tower and the renewed Martin Theater. Citizens can expect to see wider sidewalks, pedestrian friendly walkability and a massive facelift to downtown Panama City including replacement, repair or rehabilitation to utilities and stormwater on this route. Phase II of the project will commence shortly after Phase I completion and will extend on Harrison Avenue to 6th Street.

The City is well underway on the redevelopment of the Panama City Marina in partnership with the St. Joe Company. The restaurant, Harrison's is now complete and open for business. The hotel is under construction and completion is expected in the next few months. The Marina redevelopment project is expected to become a lucrative part of the City, sustaining investment returns through sales and property taxes and attracting locals and visitors alike. The City considered tax-increment financing, concessions for impact fees and funding for the infrastructure improvements.

For the Future

In an effort to revitalize the City's Downtown district, its CRA plan was extended until year 2034. The new revised plan includes continuing community policing, improving the streetscape, encouraging increased economic development and tourism-based activities, and increasing the grants program.

The City adopted a Strategic Vision for Downtown to direct future growth, to preserve the City's history, its waterfront, and its strong sense of community. During fiscal year 2020, the City asked the citizens to help set a vision for the future of Glenwood, Millville and St. Andrews. The Strategic Vision for each neighborhood reflects the community's ideas and priorities for preservation, sustainable building, streets, public spaces, addressing stormwater issues, and more. The City is working to illustrate these ideas and blend them into one plan, which will be used to guide future actions.

Several transformative projects are set to begin in 2022, which have been in the planning stages. The Sudduth Park project will create a revitalized neighborhood ball field with modern amenities. Additionally, the historic St. Andrews School revitalization project will be in the process of securing necessary funding from a variety of State and Federal grant sources. Panama City North continues to see investment which calls for the expansion and continued investment of our utilities system.

The United States Air Force, which depends on the support of local communities is well underway with the \$5 billion reconstruction of Tyndall Air Force base. The United States Air Force plans to rebuild the base as a premiere military facility that will host three F-35 fighter squadrons and also host two dozen MQ-9 Reaper drones by 2023.

Currently, Tyndall Air Force Base and Naval Support Activity provide approximately 10,000 military and civilian jobs and 15,000 retirees have chosen to remain in the Panama City-Bay County area. The annual economic impact of the two bases totals over \$1.2 billion.

Relevant Financial Policies

Fund Balance Policy

Due to the City's coastal location, which is subject to hurricane activity, the City Commission adopted a fund balance policy that authorized a committed fund balance with a target balance of 30% of annual budgeted operating expenditures and the City targeted a balance of 10% as unassigned fund balance to meet general operating expenditures. For Enterprise Funds, the City authorized a target unrestricted net position balance of 30% of annual budgeted operating expenditures. The fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 balances adequately meet the targets adopted in the policy.

Investment Policy

The City administers a comprehensive cash management and investment program. The primary goals of the program are to maximize the amount of cash available to meet daily cash requirements and obtain the highest possible yields consistent within the constraints imposed by Florida Statutes and the City's adopted investment policy for capital protection.

Accounting System and Internal Control

The City's accounting, budgetary, and financial reporting systems have been designed to conform to the standards set forth by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the Office of Management and Budget, and the State of Florida.

In developing and altering the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

The safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability of assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

- The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and
- The evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

As a recipient of federal awards and state financial assistance, the government is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management.

In conformance with the City Charter and Florida Statutes, budgetary control is maintained through constant review by the accounting division. Detailed monthly budget reports are prepared for each department, documenting revenues and expenditures.

Budgetary Controls

The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with the legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Commission. Activities of the General Fund, Debt Service funds, Community Planning and Development Fund, State Housing Initiative Partnership City, State Housing Initiative Partnership County, General Grants Fund, Infrastructure Surtax Fund, and the Community Redevelopment Agency areas are included in the appropriated annual budget. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique in accomplishing budgetary controls. Encumbered amounts lapse at the year end. Encumbrances are generally re-appropriated as part of the following year's budget.

Reporting Achievement

The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Panama City, Florida, for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. This was the 28th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

We thank the City Commission members for their guidance and commitment to planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a highly responsible and conservative manner. The completion of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report in a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated efforts of the entire Accounting Division. Sincere appreciation is extended to the firm of Tipton, Marler, Garner and Chastain, for its professional approach and high standards in the conduct of the firm's independent audit of the City's financial records and transactions.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark McQueen City Manager

Janette Smith
City Clerk-Treasurer





City of Panama City Officials

Commission - Manager Form of Government

City Commission

Greg Brudnicki, Mayor

Ward I Jenna Flint Haligas

Ward IIIBilly Rader

City Manager Mark McQueen

City Clerk - Treasurer
Janette Smith

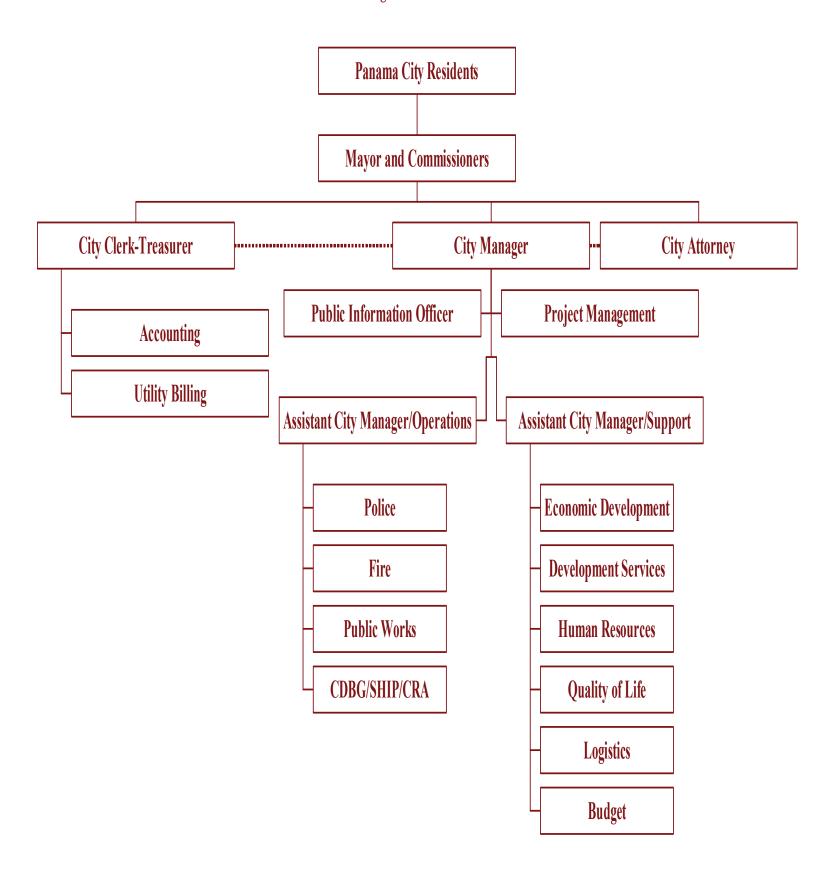
Ward II Kenneth E. Brown

Ward IV Josh Street

City AttorneyNevin Zimmerman

Independent AuditorsTipton, Marler, Garner & Chastain

City of Panama City Organization Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Panama City Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION

THIS SECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING SUBSECTIONS:

- > INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
- > MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
- > BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- > REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
- > COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 AND SCHEDULES
- > SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Panama City, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Panama City, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Panama City, Florida's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the

effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Panama City, Florida, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 16, budget to actual comparison –major funds (general and special revenue funds) on pages 128 through 129, and pension and other post employment schedules on pages 130 through 149 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Panama City, Florida's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of funds related to the Deepwater Horizon oil spill is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Section 215.97, Florida Statutes, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and Section 215.97, Florida Statutes, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of funds related to the Deepwater Horizon oil spill, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual financial statements, schedule of expenditures of funds related to the Deepwater Horizon oil spill, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Tipton, Marly, Lamer: Chastain

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Panama City, Florida September 26, 2022



City of Panama City, Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

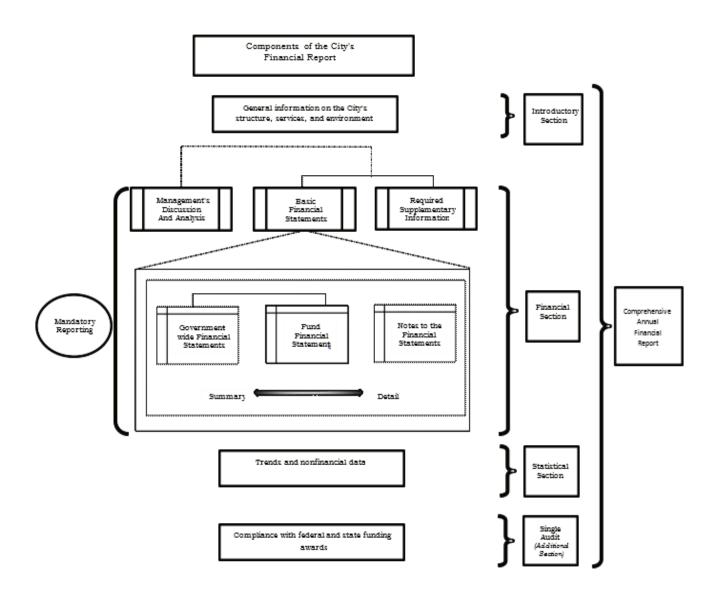
The City of Panama City, Florida's Management Discussion and Analysis provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 and offers a comparative analysis between fiscal years 2021 and 2020. It serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements which consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which begin on page 17, and the Letter of Transmittal, located in the Introductory Section.

Financial Highlights

- The City's assets (\$388,535,881) and deferred outflows of resources (\$10,286,943) exceeded its liabilities (\$179,500,473) and deferred inflows of resources (\$4,273,492) as of September 30, 2021, by \$215,048,859. Of this amount, \$24,536,992 (unrestricted net position) represents the portion of total net assets which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens, customers, and creditors. Of the total net position, \$146,297,877 is invested in capital assets (net of related debt) and the remaining \$44,213,990 is restricted.
- Total net position for the City increased \$12,752,390 (6.3%) over fiscal year 2020 ending net position of \$202,296,469. Governmental activities had increased by 3.9% (\$4,183,322) at the end of fiscal year 2021 and accounted for \$112,075,394 of the City's total net position. Business-type activities increased 9.1% (\$8,569,068) over the previous fiscal year to \$102,973,465. Unrestricted net position for governmental activities equaled \$9,953,356 and restricted equaled \$35,476,004. Business-type activities reported net positions of \$14,583,636 in unrestricted and \$8,737,986 in restricted.
- Capital assets increased 4.9% from fiscal year 2020 to \$206,741,733 at the close of fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$97,900,111 are assets held in governmental activities and \$108,841,622 are assets held in business type activities.
- The General Fund reported a total fund balance of \$24,108,919 on September 30, 2021, an increase of \$6,286,874 (35.3%) from fiscal year 2020. The general fund ending balance represents 51.2% of general fund expenditures and transfers out for fiscal year 2021.
- Total debt for fiscal year 2021 decreased 5.3% from fiscal year 2020. The decrease of \$9,482,811 was primarily due to the forgiveness of a \$5,000,000 Community Disaster Loan and scheduled principal payments of debt during fiscal year 2021.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This comprehensive annual financial report was prepared in conformity with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34. The report contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The basic financial statements provide information on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and its major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and fund financial) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year) and enhance the City's accountability. The following illustration presents the components of the financial report.



Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Panama City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which accounts for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is paid or received.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long term obligations. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position are reported separately for *governmental activities* and *business-type activities*.

The statement of activities reports all of the City's revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the most recent fiscal year. Both governmental and business-type activities are presented to summarize the gross and net cost of various City functions. Governmental activities include general government, public

safety, transportation, economic environment, human services, and culture/recreation. Costs of governmental activities are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities include water and sewer utilities, solid waste, and marina operations. Costs of business-type activities are supported by user charges and fees.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Panama City and its *blended component units* (The Panama City Community Redevelopment Agencies and the Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund, Inc. (a nonprofit)), but also *discretely-presented component units* for which the City is financially accountable. The Panama City Downtown Improvement Board and the Panama City Port Authority are legally separate entities over which the City, as the *primary government*, may exercise influence or may be obligated to provide financial subsidy. The information for these two *discretely-presented component units* is presented in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements. Component unit financial statements may be requested by contacting that entity at the address listed on page 33 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial activities of the City are recorded in separate *funds*. Funds are groupings of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the City of Panama City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statement, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate a comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Panama City maintains twenty-one governmental funds. The General Fund, Hurricane Michael Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Capital Projects Infrastructure Surtax Fund, and State Housing Initiative Partnership City are the major funds. Therefore, a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances are presented beginning on page 20. Data from the other sixteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Panama City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 24 of this report.

Proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 25. The City of Panama City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. They include the Utilities Fund, Solid Waste Fund, and the Marina Fund. All are considered to be major funds of the City. Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City. The funds maintained by the City include the Equipment Maintenance, Medical Self-Insurance, and Dental Insurance funds. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Financial statements of proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in greater detail. The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report.

It is important to recognize that, while the total column on the business-type fund financial statement may be the same as the business-type column on the government-wide financial statement, the governmental funds total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus utilized (current financial resources versus total economic resources). The related reconciliations are included for examination.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. They are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Panama City's own programs. The accounting for those funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City's fiduciary funds include Police, Fire, and Senior Management Supplemental Pension Funds, and can be found beginning on page 29.

The *notes to the financial statements* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31 through 127 of this report.

Other information, in addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, includes Police, Fire, and Senior Management Supplemental Pension funding obligations in the *required supplementary information* beginning on page 130. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information beginning on page 150.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The largest component (68.0%) of the City's net position on September 30, 2021, is net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure). This amount (\$146,297,877) is net of any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City of Panama City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Approximately 11.4% (\$24,536,992) remains available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens, creditors and customers. The remaining 20.6% of total net position (\$44,213,990) are resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

City of Panama City, Florida Summary Statement of Net Position As of September 30, 2021 and 2020

		Governme	ntal A	ctivities		Business-t	typ	e Ad	tivities		Total Prima	Government	
		2021		2020		2021			2020		2021		2020
Current and Other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 	152,530,299 97,900,111 250,430,410	\$	160,934,408 96,175,145 257,109,553	\$	29,263,849 108,841,622 138,105,471		<u> </u>	30,829,559 100,975,437 131,804,996	\$	181,794,148 206,741,733 388,535,881	\$	191,763,967 197,150,582 388,914,549
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	9,718,429	_	7,827,773	_	568,514	•		544,090	_	10,286,943	_	8,371,863
Current and Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	_	12,599,615 132,244,071 144,843,686	_	14,250,516 139,133,813 153,384,329	-	3,935,350 30,721,437 34,656,787	•		5,222,213 32,339,399 37,561,612	_	16,534,965 162,965,508 179,500,473	-	19,472,729 171,473,212 190,945,941
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,229,759		3,221,175	_	1,043,733			822,827		4,273,492	_	4,044,002
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted		66,646,034 35,476,004 9,953,356	_	60,326,001 34,797,523 13,208,298	=	79,651,843 8,737,986 14,583,636	-		69,011,200 12,788,051 12,165,396		146,297,877 44,213,990 24,536,992	=	129,337,201 47,585,574 25,373,694
Total net position	\$	112,075,394	\$	108,331,822	\$	102,973,465	\$		93,964,647	\$	215,048,859	\$_	202,296,469

At the end of the current fiscal year, as in the prior year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of total net position as whole, and individually, within the governmental and business-type activities.

The City's overall net position on September 30, 2021 increased by \$12,752,390 from fiscal year 2020 (See table below). The City is required to report on the face of the financial statements the deferred inflows, deferred outflows, net pension assets and net pension liabilities for each of the City's pension plans and proportionate share of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). (See note 9).

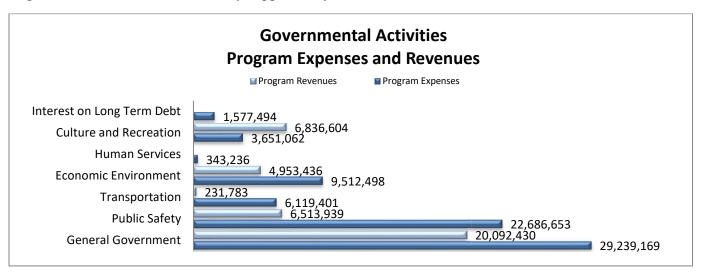
Key elements of the increases and decreases between 2020 and 2021 can be compared by examining changes in net position on the *Statement of Activities* (See below). The Statement of Activities shows the governmental and business-type activities during the previous two fiscal years.

City of Panama City, Florida Statement of Activities Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

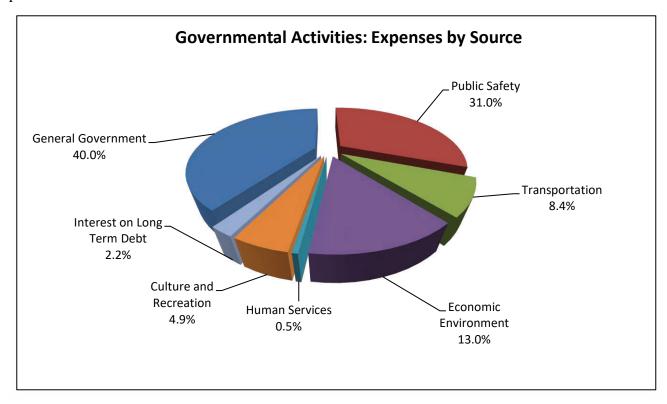
	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-type	Activities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Revenues								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services-governmental	\$ 19,956,216 \$. , ,			\$ 19,956,216 \$	25,391,274		
Charges for services-utilities		\$	20,441,289 \$	18,404,388	20,441,289	18,404,388		
Charges for services-solid waste			8,448,378	7,287,431	8,448,378	7,287,431		
Charges for services-marinas			1,929,890	1,791,249	1,929,890	1,791,249		
Operating grants and contributions	18,671,976	17,579,048	219,250	54,631	18,891,226	17,633,679		
Capital grants and contributions			2,305,300	506,409	2,305,300	506,409		
General Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Ad valorem	16,436,918	11,049,811			16,436,918	11,049,811		
Tax increment	1,269,030	1,617,978			1,269,030	1,617,978		
Gas tax	1,256,957	1,269,117			1,256,957	1,269,117		
Franchise fees	3,950,194	3,612,700			3,950,194	3,612,700		
Utility service taxes	4,365,383	3,901,790			4,365,383	3,901,790		
Communications service taxes	1,483,903	1,542,282			1,483,903	1,542,282		
Local option sales tax	4,196,581	3,405,468			4,196,581	3,405,468		
State revenue sharing	6,365,799	5,181,838			6,365,799	5,181,838		
Investment earnings	117,318	707,005	14,707	250,612	132,025	957,617		
Miscellaneous	1,657,885	2,127,706	8,656	61,732	1,666,541	2,189,438		
Gain on extinguishment of debt	5,000,000	, , ,	-,	- , -	5,000,000	-		
Contributions	(1,501,815)				(1,501,815)	_		
Total Revenues	83,226,345	77,386,017	33,367,470	28,356,452	116,593,815	105,742,469		
		, , .		.,,				
Expenses								
General government	29,239,169	41,876,490			29,239,169	41,876,490		
Public safety	22,686,653	23,707,967			22,686,653	23,707,967		
Transportation	6,119,401	5,966,864			6,119,401	5,966,864		
Economic environment	9,512,498	7,586,803			9,512,498	7,586,803		
Human services	343,236	271,247			343,236	271,247		
Culture and recreation	3,651,062	3,987,749			3,651,062	3,987,749		
Interest on long-term debt	1,577,494	2,305,974			1,577,494	2,305,974		
Water and sewer utilities	1,077,707	2,000,014	20,470,364	18,138,534	20,470,364	18,138,534		
Solid waste operations			8,017,814	7,045,202	8,017,814	7,045,202		
Marinas operations			2,223,734	2,838,965	2,223,734	2,838,965		
Total Expenses	73,129,513	85,703,094	30,711,912	28,022,701	103,841,425	113,725,795		
Total Expenses	70,120,010	00,700,004	00,711,012	20,022,701	100,041,420	110,720,730		
Increase (decrease) in net position								
before transfers	10,096,832	(8,317,077)	2,655,558	333,751	12,752,390	(7,983,326)		
Transfers in (out)	(5,913,510)	(1,373,984)	5,913,510	1,373,984				
Tallololo III (out)	(0,0.0,0.0)	(1,010,001)		.,0.0,00.				
Increase (decrease) in net position	4,183,322	(9,691,061)	8,569,068	1,707,735	12,752,390	-7,983,326		
Net position-beginning of year	108,331,822	114,283,095	93,964,647	90,823,963	202,296,469	205,107,058		
Prior Period Adjustment	(439,750)	3,739,788	439,750	1,432,949		5,172,737		
Net position -beginning of year, as restated	107,892,072	118,022,883	94,404,397	92,256,912	202,296,469	210,279,795		
Net position - end of year	\$112,075,394_\$	\$ 108,331,822 \$	102,973,465 \$	93,964,647	\$ 215,048,859 \$	202,296,469		

Governmental Activities

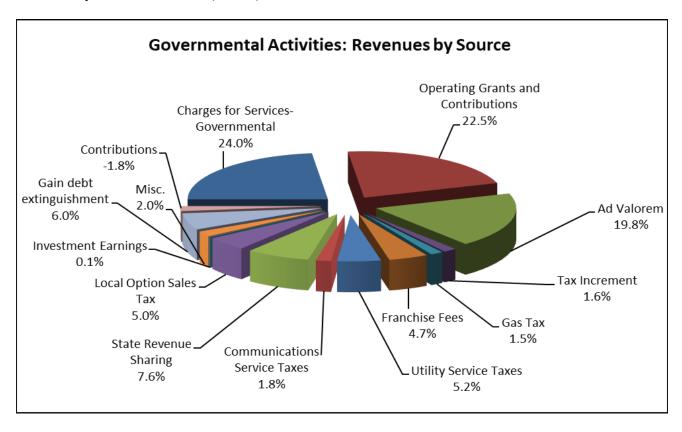
GASB Statement No. 34 reporting requires that functional expenses are matched with revenues that directly support the function. The bar chart below gives a clear indication of which functions are dependent on general revenues to support their operations. Public Safety, consisting of police and fire services, has the largest difference and is traditionally supported by taxes.



Expenses in the governmental activities are highest in the general government category (40.0%) followed by public safety (31.0%) and economic environment (13.0%). Total governmental activity expenses decreased by 14.7% (\$12,573,581) in fiscal year 2021. The largest dollar increase and decrease for expenses occurred in the economic environment category in the amount of \$1,925,695 and in the general government category in the amount of \$12,637,321, respectively. The overall governmental activities and general government category decreases are mainly due to a continued decrease in Hurricane Michael repair expenditures.

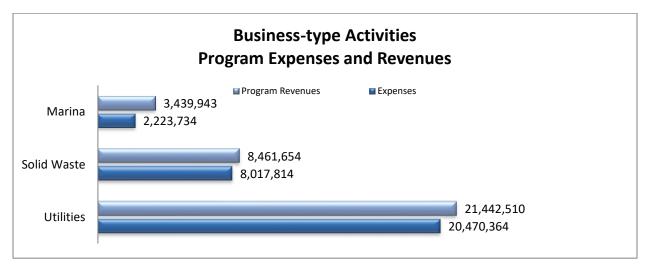


Revenues from governmental activities decreased \$4,342,130 from fiscal year 2020. This decrease is mainly due to lower FEMA grant revenue from Hurricane Michael. After charges for services (24.0%), operating grants and contributions (22.5%) is the second largest revenue source in governmental activities followed by ad valorem taxes (19.8%).

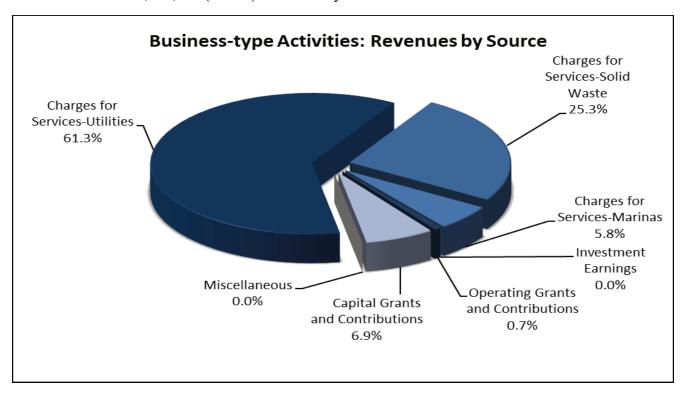


Business-Type Activities

All funds that provide business-type activities for the City of Panama City charge fees to cover the cost of operations during the fiscal year. The chart below compares the amount of program revenues received for "charges for services" to the amount of program expenses for each of the three business-type activities during fiscal year 2021.



Total expenses for business-type activities increased 9.6%, (\$2,689,211) in fiscal year 2021. Expenses for utility activities, solid waste services, and marina activities had increases (decreases) 12.9%, 13.8%, and (21.7%), respectively. Combined business-type expenses, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, were \$30,711,912. Charges for services are the major source of revenue (92.4%) for business-type activities. These charges represent \$30,819,557 of revenue dollars utilized by the City to provide utility, solid waste, and marina services to citizens and customers. Revenues from all business-type activities sources increased \$3,336,489 (12.1%) from fiscal year 2020.



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Fund balances are the differences between assets and liabilities in a governmental fund. The non-spendable fund balance includes amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory), or amounts that are required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes that are stipulated by their providers, such as grant, bond, or higher levels of government. Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes that are determined by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (City Commission). Assigned fund balance applies to amounts that are intended for specific purposes as expressed by the governing body or authorized official. Unassigned fund balance includes all amounts not contained in other classifications for the general fund, and deficit fund balances in any other governmental fund.

The City of Panama City's coastal location places a risk of natural disaster which could severely impair its ability to continue operations or services following the impact of such an event. In addition, the City recognizes that fluctuations in the economy can affect the resources available from year to year. As a measure to provide economic stability for the City and enable continued long term operations, the City

established a committed fund balance which is subject to specified criteria as prescribed by the City Commission. Committed funds cannot be utilized for any purpose other than those established by the City Commission. Unassigned fund balance is maintained at a level sufficient to adequately provide for the annual operating expenditures of the City. Further information on fund balance can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The *general fund* is the chief operating fund of the City of Panama City. On September 30, 2021, the total fund balance in the general fund was \$24,108,919, of which \$431,939 was non-spendable, \$506,656 was assigned, and \$23,170,324 was unassigned. Compared to fiscal year 2020, the total fund balance increased by \$5,863,944 (32.1%). This was due to an increase in revenue partly from Covid restrictions lessening and businesses and homes rebuilding after Hurricane Michael.

General revenue increased \$7,576,549 (18.8%) in fiscal year 2021. Both Taxes and Licenses and Permits revenue increased from 2020 by \$6,117,656 (28.6%) and \$1,094,746 (10.8%), respectively. The increases were a result of new fire service assessments, new nuisance abatement assessments, and continued rebuilding of houses and businesses after Hurricane Michael. Intergovernmental and charges for services increased while investment earnings and miscellaneous revenue decreased for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. General fund expenditures increased in fiscal year 2021 by \$3,619,141 (10.3%). Capital outlay increased by 137.6% (\$1,156,519), which was the greatest dollar increase of all the categories, resulting mainly from new radios and other equipment for the fire and police departments. The largest dollar decrease occurred in economic environment (\$237,345) (25.3%) compared to the previous fiscal year. This decrease is due from lower tax increment financing (TIF) payments to the Community Redevelopment Agencies (CRAs) as the result of the city's lower millage rate.

During fiscal year 2021, special revenue fund balances increased by \$61,047. Increases or decreases in special revenue funds are typically indicative of funding changes as activities are identified, initiated, or completed. The greatest change was an increase of \$4,585,739 in the Disaster Fund. This fund was created in fiscal year 2020 to account for disasters other than Hurricane Michael such as Hurricane Sally and the Covid Pandemic. The fund balance increase was the result of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds received to spent in future years. The City administers State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) funds awarded to both the City and Bay County for housing initiatives and funding was received in fiscal year 2021 to aid in housing stability programs. The SHIP City and SHIP County combined fund balances increased by \$2,072,813. The Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency is a blended component unit of the City that utilizes tax increment dollars, from changes in assessed property values in target areas, to fund revitalization and redevelopment efforts in designated areas of the City. The amounts in the Special Revenue Funds are restricted to accomplishing the various objectives of each specific program.

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal and interest for the City's general bonded debt. Principal and interest payment obligation were met in a timely manner during the fiscal year. Payments for general bonded debt are funded by transfers from the City's general fund.

The City utilizes two capital projects funds to account for projects in governmental activities costing over \$25,000. The total capital projects fund balance on September 30, 2021 was \$20,458,897, a decrease of \$9,837,414 from fiscal year 2020. This fund balance decrease is due to completion of Capital Projects New City Hall Fund and transfer of Capital Project 2013 spending to the Marina proprietary fund. The available fund balance is assigned for pending capital projects. Capital projects are funded by transfers from the general fund, or other City funds, in addition to debt for related projects.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. The proprietary funds are composed of the *enterprise funds* and the *internal services funds*. Enterprise funds are utilized to report activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The City's three enterprise funds are the Utility Fund, the Solid Waste Fund, and the Marina Fund. These enterprise funds are supported primarily through user charges. All of the City's enterprise funds are classified as major funds. Internal service funds are designed to recover the internal costs of general services provided to other city departments. Internal service funds are, for the most part, supported through charges to other City funds.

The Utility Fund had a total net position of \$85,478,507 at fiscal year-end, an increase of \$5,368,440 over the prior fiscal year. Operating revenues increased \$2,036,901 in fiscal year 2021, and operating expenses increased in the amount of \$2,118,756.

The Solid Waste Fund had a total net position of \$8,295,898 at the end of fiscal year 2021. Total net position decreased by \$564,287. Operating revenues increased by \$1,160,947 and operating expenses increased \$907,016.

The Marina Fund had a total net position of \$8,340,580 in fiscal year 2021, which was an increase of \$4,364,475 from the prior fiscal year. Operating revenues increased by \$138,641 and operating expenses decreased in the amount of \$621,616.

A comparison of the operating income for the most current and previous fiscal years for the City's enterprise funds is available in the following table.

	Operating Income (Loss)						
	_	2021	_	2020			
Utility Fund	\$	1,850,572	\$	1,932,427			
Solid Waste Fund		957,604		703,673			
Marina Fund	_	(262,375)	_	(1,022,632)			
Total	\$	2,545,801	\$	1,613,468			

Both the Utility Fund and Solid Waste Funds operating revenues exceeded operating expenses before transfers. The Marina Fund incurred operating expense in excess of operating revenues due to ongoing Hurricane Michael repairs resulting in less revenues yet more expenses.

The individual internal service funds are reported on pages 174-177.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

A budget to actual statement is provided for the General Fund on page 128. Columns for both the original budget, adopted for fiscal year 2021, as well as the final budget are presented. Estimated budgeted amounts are adjusted throughout the year to more closely reflect the actual final amounts that occur. Original budgeted revenues for fiscal year 2021 were \$42,166,142, while amended and final budgeted revenues were \$42,199,442 during the year. Actual revenues for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$47,842,290 which was \$5,642,848 more than the final budget. Original budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2021 were \$39,493,660, amended in the amount of \$1,155,629 to a final fiscal year 2021 budget of \$40,649,289.

Actual expenditures for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$38,887,721 which was \$1,761,568 less than the final budget. Expenditures for general government, public safety, transportation, economic environment, and culture/recreation had final expenditures *less* than the final budget due to the City's conservative spending

practices. The total amount carried forward from fiscal year 2020 budget to fiscal year 2021 budget was \$645,965. Overall, revenues exceeded actual expenditures for fiscal year 2021.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities, as of September 30, 2021, was \$206,741,733 (net of accumulated depreciation). This is an increase of \$9,591,151 from fiscal year 2020. Investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, and drainage systems. Governmental activities accounted for \$97,900,111 and business-type activities \$108,841,622 of total capital assets of the City of Panama City on September 30, 2021. Capital assets held by the City at the end of the most current and previous fiscal years are summarized in the table below.

City of Panama City, Florida Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

		Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total		
	_	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020
Land	\$	20,181,582	\$	19,817,495	\$	1,828,384	\$	1,828,384	\$	22,009,966	\$	21,645,879
Construction in Progress		16,956,988		11,705,781		17,546,308		49,577,027		34,503,296		61,282,808
Buildings		17,915,274		18,657,142		45,832,910		2,544,093		63,748,184		21,201,235
Improvements Other Than												
Buildings		14,353,008		16,829,187		39,010,506		41,967,365		53,363,514		58,796,552
Machinery and Equipment		4,033,472		3,128,975		4,622,444		5,056,697		8,655,916		8,185,672
Intangibles		81,218		112,550		1,070		1,871		82,288		114,421
Infrastructure		24,378,569		25,924,015						24,378,569		25,924,015
Total	\$	97,900,111	\$_	96,175,145	\$_	108,841,622	\$_	100,975,437	\$_	206,741,733	\$_	197,150,582

Additional information regarding the City's capital assets may be found in the notes to the financial statements beginning on page 55.

Debt Management

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$133,680,997. All of the City's debt maintains a "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's and a "Aaa" rating from Moody's Investors Services. Additional information regarding the activities of the City's bonded debt during fiscal year 2021 may be found in the notes to the financial statements beginning on page 60.

Outstanding Bonded Debt As Of September 30, 2021 and 2020

	Governmen	ntal Activities	_	Business-	typ	e Activities	_	T	ota	<u> </u>
1	2021	2020	1	2021		2020	1	2021		2020
	104,413,997	\$ 113,157,497	\$	29,267,000	\$	32,139,000	\$	133,680,997	\$	145,296,497

Economic Factors

The City of Panama City, in 2021 had an unemployment rate of 3.9%. This was a decrease of 0.8% from the prior fiscal year.

Taxable property values in Panama City increased 7.5% from \$2,833,353,000 in 2020 to \$3,046,244,134 in 2021.

Hurricane Michael

The City has been and will continue to work with our consultants, FEMA and the State to rebuild and restore the City from the catastrophic destruction caused by Hurricane Michael on October 10, 2018. Along with FEMA and State funds, the City has secured numerous other funding sources to help in rebuilding the City to be the "Premier City of the Panhandle."

This report was prepared by the Accounting Division of the City of Panama City under the direction of the City Clerk-Treasurer. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Janette Smith, City Clerk-Treasurer, P.O. Box 1880, Panama City, Florida 32402-1880.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THIS SUBSECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING:

- ➤ GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- > FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- > NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	SEPTEMBER 30, 2021		Component Units			
	I	Primary Governmen	nt	Panama City Downtown	Panama City	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Improvement Board	Port Authority	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 84,456,172	\$ 6,603,582	\$ 91,059,754	\$ 175,505	\$ 3,761,762	
Investments	8,973,231	1,353,740	10,326,971		3,129,636	
Receivables, net:	0.022.992	1 265 195	12 200 070		2 725 127	
Accounts Special assessments	9,032,883	4,265,185	13,298,068		3,725,127	
Special assessments Insurance		35,091	35,091			
Internal balances	6,425,973	(6,425,973)	33,071			
Prepaid items	268,041	1,320	269,361	1,000	480,296	
Due from other governmental entities	34,443,701	8,674,024	43,117,725			
Inventories	5,665,303	946,013	6,611,316			
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		13,810,867	13,810,867			
Notes receivable	3,264,995		3,264,995			
Capital assets:	25.420.550	10.071.600	T (T (D (D (D)	121000	25.540.002	
Non-depreciable	37,138,570	19,374,692	56,513,262	424,999	35,549,082	
Depreciable (net)	60,761,541	89,466,930	150,228,471 388,535,881	15,640	109,275,309	
Total assets	250,430,410	138,105,471	388,333,881	617,144	155,921,212	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Outflows from hedging					286,382	
Charges on debt refunding		77,221	77,221			
OPEB related outflows	714,331	250,981	965,312		1,160	
Pension related outflows	9,004,098	240,312	9,244,410		38,078	
Total deferred outflows of resources	9,718,429	568,514	10,286,943		325,620	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	6,281,497	1,680,722	7,962,219	2,712	1,815,718	
Due to other governmental entities	251,616		251,616			
Accrued salaries	556,299	151,170	707,469			
Accrued taxes payable		3,853	3,853			
Unearned revenue		20,052	20,052			
Deposits	253		253			
Accrued interest payable	204.007	287,922	287,922		140.769	
Accrued other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:	284,886		284,886		149,768	
Due within one year:						
Claims and judgments					31,270	
Compensated absences	454,086	118,631	572,717		25,879	
Line of credit	15 1,000	110,031	5,2,,1,		20,077	
Bonds, notes, leases, and loans payable	4,770,978	1,673,000	6,443,978		3,340,033	
Due in more than one year:						
Deposits		1,612,720	1,612,720			
Claims and judgments					444,075	
Compensated absences	1,362,255	355,893	1,718,148		77,634	
OPEB liability	2,278,853	800,652	3,079,505		253,765	
Bonds, notes, leases, and loans payable	102,115,020	27,594,000	129,709,020		20,306,240	
Net pension liability	26,487,943	358,172	26,846,115		75,558	
Interest rate swap agreement (net)	144.042.606	24.656.797	170 500 472	2.712	286,382	
Total liabilities	144,843,686	34,656,787	179,500,473	2,712	26,806,322	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
OPEB related inflows	1,143,715	401,845	1,545,560		66,954	
Pension related inflows	2,086,044	641,888	2,727,932		188,057	
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,229,759	1,043,733	4,273,492		255,011	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	66,646,034	79,651,843	146,297,877	440,639	120,891,735	
Restricted for:	**,******	,	,	,	,,	
General Government						
Housing and Urban Development	18,340,941		18,340,941			
Infrastructure	2,655,931		2,655,931			
Debt service	6,599,324	8,737,986	15,337,310			
Self-insurance	5,325,191		5,325,191			
Community redevelopment	2,312,635		2,312,635			
Disaster and Hurricane Michael	241,982		241,982			
Unrestricted	9,953,356	14,583,636	24,536,992	173,793	8,293,764	
Total net position	\$ 112,075,394	\$ 102,973,465	\$ 215,048,859	\$ 614,432	\$ 129,185,499	

See the accompanying notes.

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	 Expenses	(Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	_	Capital rants and ntributions	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 29,239,169	\$	11,715,431	\$	8,376,999			
Public safety	22,686,653		1,212,897		5,301,042			
Transportation	6,119,401		226,335		5,448			
Economic environment	9,512,498				4,953,436			
Culture and recreation	3,651,062		6,801,553		35,051			
Human services	343,236							
Interest on long-term debt	1,577,494							
Total governmental activities	 73,129,513		19,956,216		18,671,976			
Business-type activities:								
Utilities	20,470,364		20,441,289		197,735	\$	803,486	
Solid Waste	8,017,814		8,448,378		13,276			
Marina	2,223,734		1,929,890		8,239		1,501,814	
Total business-type activities	 30,711,912		30,819,557		219,250		2,305,300	
Total primary government	\$ 103,841,425	\$	50,775,773	\$	18,891,226	\$	2,305,300	
Component units:								
Panama City Downtown Improvement Board	\$ 108,145	\$	-			\$	-	
Panama City Port Authority	19,470,136		17,444,867				7,119,228	
Total component units	\$ 19,578,281	\$	17,444,867			\$	7,119,228	

General revenues:

Taxes: Ad valorem taxes Fire assessment

Program Revenues

Nuisance abatement

Tax Increment Ad valorem taxes

Local option gasoline tax

Franchise fees

Utility service tax

Communications service tax

Local option sales tax

Unrestricted state revenue sharing

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Gain on extinguishment of debt

Contributions

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year

Prior period adjustment

Net position - beginning of year, as restated

Net position - end of year

See the accompanying notes.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

I	C Primary Governmen		nent Units	
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Panama City Downtown Improvement Board	Panama City Port Authority
\$ (9,146,739) (16,172,714) (5,887,618) (4,559,062) 3,185,542 (343,236) (1,577,494) (34,501,321)	\$ 972,146 443,840 1,216,209 2,632,195	\$ (9,146,739) (16,172,714) (5,887,618) (4,559,062) 3,185,542 (343,236) (1,577,494) (34,501,321) 972,146 443,840 1,216,209		
(34,501,321)	2,632,195 2,632,195	2,632,195 (31,869,126)		
			\$ (108,145) (108,145)	\$ - 5,093,959 5,093,959
10,576,138 5,026,835 833,945 1,269,030 1,256,957 3,950,194 4,365,383 1,483,903		10,576,138 5,026,835 833,945 1,269,030 1,256,957 3,950,194 4,365,383 1,483,903	112,703	
4,196,581 6,365,799 117,318 1,657,885 5,000,000 (1,501,815)	14,707 8,656	4,196,581 6,365,799 132,025 1,666,541 5,000,000 (1,501,815)	19,279	31,866
(5,913,510) 38,684,643	5,913,510	11 621 516	121 002	21 0//
4,183,322	5,936,873	44,621,516	131,982 23,837	31,866 5 125 825
108,331,822	8,569,068 93,964,647	202,296,469	590,595	5,125,825 122,741,593
(439,750)	439,750			1,318,081
107,892,072	94,404,397	202,296,469	590,595	124,059,674
\$ 112,075,394	\$ 102,973,465	\$ 215,048,859	\$ 614,432	\$ 129,185,499

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		General		Hurricane Michael	Capital Projects		
ASSETS	<u> </u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,131,156	\$	24,358,742	\$	3,136,545	
Investments		547,158				8,426,073	
Receivables, net:							
Accounts		827,671				3,512,703	
Due from other funds		10,111,765		7,721,260		374,107	
Due from other governmental entities		828,266		30,020,658		149,523	
Prepaid items		258,872				163	
Inventories		170,815					
Notes receivable						1,800,000	
Total assets	\$	27,875,703	\$	62,100,660	\$	17,399,114	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	2,285,776	\$	154,623	\$	1,423,445	
Due to other funds		682,014		12,045		8,684,901	
Due to other governmental entities		,		,		, ,	
Accrued salaries		500,836				20,535	
Accrued other liabilities		284,886				ŕ	
Deposits		253					
Total liabilities		3,753,765		166,668		10,128,881	
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Deferred inflows of resources		13,019		27,019,355		88,802	
Fund balances:							
Non-spendable		431,939					
Restricted		.01,505					
Committed				34,914,637			
Assigned		506,656		2 1,5 2 1,02 7		7,181,431	
Unassigned		23,170,324				,,,,	
Total fund balances		24,108,919	-	34,914,637		7,181,431	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	27,875,703	\$	62,100,660	\$	17,399,114	

Capital Projects Infrastructure Surtax	State Housing Initiative Partnership City	Non-Major Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 13,831,552	\$ 5,467,764	\$ 15,799,342	\$ 77,725,101 8,973,231
	4,642,510 2,277,304	289,001 3,413,816	8,982,884 20,773,437 34,412,263
	5,019,289	9,006 428,541 1,464,995	268,041 5,618,645 3,264,995
\$ 13,831,552	\$ 17,406,867	\$ 21,404,701	\$ 160,018,597
\$ 554,086	\$ 97,659 139,823 4,113	\$ 207,726 3,877,866 251,616 19,324	\$ 4,723,315 13,396,649 251,616 544,808 284,886
554,086	241,595	4,356,532	253 19,201,527
			27,121,176
12 277 466	17,165,272	437,547 17,391,582	869,486 34,556,854 34,914,637
13,277,466 13,277,466 \$ 13,831,552	17,165,272 \$ 17,406,867	(780,960) 17,048,169 \$ 21,404,701	20,965,553 22,389,364 113,695,894
net position are differ Capital assets used resources and the Deferred outflows f Deferred inflows fo Deferred inflows fo Deferred inflows of Internal service fun	in governmental activities refore are not reported in for pension related items. For OPEB related items, or opension related items, or opension related items. For opension related items. For opensions related items. For opensions of the pension related items. For opensions of the pensions of the pensi	es are not financial n the funds ent to charge the costs of	97,825,971 9,004,098 714,331 (2,086,044) (1,143,715) 27,121,176
individual funds. included in the go Long-term liabilitie	The assets and liabilities overnmental activities in	m debt	4,333,585 (106,885,998) (1,798,697) (26,487,943) (2,217,264)
Net position of go	overnmental activities	companying notes	\$ 112,075,394

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General	Hurricane Michael	Capital Projects
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 27,493,356	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	11,259,682		
Intergovernmental	7,175,958	1,860,901	4,435,146
Charges for services	1,398,056		
Investment earnings	83,895	6,983	
Miscellaneous	431,343		
Total revenues	47,842,290	1,867,884	4,435,146
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	9,269,321	15,139,241	1,462,167
Public safety	19,389,815	58,423	11,321
Transportation	3,550,341	11,358	140,135
Economic environment	700,448	3,818	,
Human services	343,236	,	
Culture and recreation	2,953,157	53,547	
Debt service:	, ,	,	
Capital lease principal	589,903		
Capital lease interest	94,574		
Principal retirement	ŕ		
Interest and other charges			
Capital outlay	1,996,926	369,952	6,164,218
Total expenditures	38,887,721	15,636,339	7,777,841
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			-
over (under) expenditures	8,954,569	(13,768,455)	(3,342,695)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Insurance proceeds	121,557	6,764,245	
Issuance of long-term debt	1,628,121	189,500	
Transfers in	3,775,229		
Transfers out	(8,192,602)		(5,070,161)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,667,695)	6,953,745	(5,070,161)
Net change in fund balances	6,286,874	(6,814,710)	(8,412,856)
Fund Balances:			
Beginning of year	18,244,975	39,195,680	15,311,206
Prior period adjustment	(422,930)	2,533,667	283,081
Beginning of year, as restated	17,822,045	41,729,347	15,594,287
End of year	\$ 24,108,919	\$ 34,914,637	\$ 7,181,431

	State Housing	Non-Major	
Capital Projects	Initiative	Other	Total
Infrastructure	Partnership	Governmental	Governmental
Surtax	City	Funds	Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,196,581	\$ 31,689,937
			11,259,682
	3,051,549	11,475,668	27,999,222
			1,398,056
10,532	12,244	3,664	117,318
	599,429	250,726	1,281,498
10,532	3,663,222	15,926,639	73,745,713
			25,870,729
		213,063	19,672,622
		213,003	
	1 505 041	7.005.460	3,701,834
	1,585,041	7,085,460	9,374,767
			343,236
			3,006,704
			589,903
			94,574
		3,933,000	3,933,000
		1,480,563	1,480,563
577,093	1,699	211,171	9,321,059
577,093	1,586,740	12,923,257	77,388,991
(566,561)	2,076,482	3,003,382	(3,643,278)
		7,053,092	6,885,802 1,817,621 10,828,321
(1,141,078)	(28,838)	(5,989,473)	(20,422,152)
(1,141,078)	(28,838)	1,063,619	(890,408)
(1,707,639)	2,047,644	4,067,001	(4,533,686)
14,985,105	15,117,628	13,281,069	116,135,663
		(299,901)	2,093,917
14,985,105	15,117,628	12,981,168	118,229,580
\$ 13,277,466	\$ 17,165,272	\$ 17,048,169	\$ 113,695,894

]

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

FISCAL TEAR ENDED SEFTEMBER 30, 2021		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(4,533,686)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for capital assets 9,321,0	059	
Less current year depreciation (6,104,		3,216,410
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (e.g. sales, trade-ins, donations) is to decrease net position.		(1,526,969)
Revenue in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are deferred as revenues in the funds.		88,802
The governmental funds consider grant revenues available if collected for up to one year and expenditures have occurred. Revenue reported during the period related to prior periods.		(992,156)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		7,702,924
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued compensated absences		(257,894)
Employer pension related costs		843,878
Other post employment benefits (OPEB) cost		(13,347)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and equipment maintenance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds		
is reported with governmental activities.		(344,640)

\$ 4,183,322

Change in net position of governmental activities

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other governmental entities	Utilities \$ 3,243,553	Solid Waste \$ 2,163,706	Marina	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other governmental entities					
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other governmental entities	\$ 3,243,553	\$ 2,163,706	\$ 1.106.222		
Investments Due from other governmental entities	\$ 3,243,553	\$ 2,163,706	¢ 1.106.222		
Due from other governmental entities			\$ 1,196,323	\$ 6,603,582	\$ 6,731,071
	8,674,024	1,353,740		1,353,740 8,674,024	31,438
Due from other funds	821,848	194,515		1,016,363	31,436
Receivables, net:	- /	- 7		,,	
Accounts	2,970,759	1,254,929	39,497	4,265,185	50,000
Insurance Inventories	888,235	35,091	57,778	35,091 946,013	46,658
Prepaid items	1,320		31,116	1,320	40,036
Total current assets	16,599,739	5,001,981	1,293,598	22,895,318	6,859,167
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:					
Impact fee account	5,072,881			5,072,881	
Utility upgrade account Revenue bond - future debt reserve accounts	3,239,574			3,239,574	
Revenue bond contingency (renewal and	3,237,374			3,237,374	
replacement) account	5,498,412			5,498,412	
Capital assets:					
Land Puildings	724,193 46,065,695	598,675	505,516	1,828,384	
Buildings Improvements other than buildings	46,065,695	88,118 2,223,689	76,195 11,331,903	46,230,008 13,555,592	
Machinery and equipment	5,360,753	8,663,850	2,862,793	16,887,396	221,152
Intangibles	4,007			4,007	
Utility system	95,148,415			95,148,415	
Less accumulated depreciation	(63,480,001)	(6,296,567)	(12,581,920)	(82,358,488)	(147,011)
Construction work in progress Total noncurrent assets	12,521,929 110,155,858	5,277,765	5,024,379 7,218,866	17,546,308 122,652,489	74,141
Total assets	126,755,597	10,279,746	8,512,464	145,547,807	6,933,308
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Charges on debt refunding	77,221			77,221	
OPEB related outflows	157,346	71,433	22,202	250,981	19,306
Pension related outflows	178,731	10,740	50,841	240,312	10.206
Total deferred outflows of resources	413,298	82,173	73,043	568,514	19,306
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	1,327,773	316,642	36,307	1,680,722	1,558,181
Due to other funds	7,905,835	370,927	24,054	8,300,816	92,335
Accrued salaries	107,868	39,560	3,742	151,170	11,491
Compensated absences	73,383	43,482	1,766	118,631	4,412
Accrued taxes payable Current portion of bonds, notes, and loans payable	1 672 000		3,853	3,853	
Accrued interest payable	1,673,000 287,922			1,673,000 287,922	
Unearned revenue	201,722		20,052	20,052	
Total current liabilities	11,375,781	770,611	89,774	12,236,166	1,666,419
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	220,149	130,445	5,299	355,893	13,233
Net OPEB liability	501,940	227,884	70,828	800,652	61,589
Deposits Bonds, notes, and loans payable	924,940 27,594,000	687,780		1,612,720 27,594,000	
Net pension liability	331,886	3,116	23,170	358,172	
Total noncurrent liabilities	29,572,915	1,049,225	99,297	30,721,437	74,822
Total liabilities	40,948,696	1,819,836	189,071	42,957,603	1,741,241
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
OPEB related inflows	251,926	114,372	35,547	401,845	30,911
Pension related inflows Total deferred inflows of resources	489,766 741,692	131,813 246,185	20,309 55,856	641,888 1,043,733	30,911
	/41,092	240,163		1,043,733	30,911
IET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	67,155,212	5,277,765	7,218,866	79,651,843	74,141
	07,133,212	3,411,103	7,210,000	77,031,043	/4,141
•				8,737,986	
Restricted for: Debt service	8,737,986				
Restricted for: Debt service Claims					
Restricted for: Debt service Claims Unrestricted	9,585,309	3,018,133	1,121,714	13,725,156	5,325,191 (218,870
Restricted for: Debt service Claims		3,018,133 \$ 8,295,898	1,121,714 \$ 8,340,580	13,725,156 102,114,985	(218,870
Restricted for: Debt service Claims Unrestricted Total net position Adjustment to reflect the consolidation	9,585,309 \$ 85,478,507			102,114,985	(218,870
Restricted for: Debt service Claims Unrestricted	9,585,309 \$ 85,478,507				(218,870

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Governmental					
	Solid				Activities - Internal		
	Utilities	Waste	Marina	Totals	Service Funds		
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 19,822,532	\$ 8,415,146	\$ 1,780,071	\$ 30,017,749	\$ 986,134		
Connection and hydrant fees	559,093	* 0,,	+ -,,,,,,,,	559,093			
Contributions	,			,	2,633,561		
Miscellaneous	59,664	33,232	149,819	242,715	52,983		
Total operating revenues	20,441,289	8,448,378	1,929,890	30,819,557	3,672,678		
0							
Operating expenses: Personnel services	4,393,514	1,930,243	210,159	6,533,916	539,275		
Operating expenses	11,190,820	4,284,528	1,792,861	17,268,209	2,037,320		
Insurance claims and expenses	11,190,620	4,204,320	1,792,001	17,200,209	6,580,638		
Depreciation	3,006,383	1,276,003	189,245	4,471,631	9,741		
Total operating expenses	18,590,717	7,490,774	2,192,265	28,273,756	9,166,974		
Total operating expenses	10,390,717	/,490,//4	2,192,203	20,273,730	9,100,974		
Operating income (loss)	1,850,572	957,604	(262,375)	2,545,801	(5,494,296)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Investment earnings (loss)	14,088	(290)	909	14,707	3,373		
Grant	197,735	13,276	8,239	219,250	,		
Interest expense	(731,875)			(731,875)			
Other debt service costs	(227,870)			(227,870)			
Scrap sales	32	7,299	1,325	8,656	1,555		
Gain (loss) on disposal of asset	(970)	(14,389)		(15,359)	1,355		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(748,860)	5,896	10,473	(732,491)	6,283		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	1,101,712	963,500	(251,902)	1,813,310	(5,488,013)		
Contributions and transfers:							
Capital contributions	803,486		1,501,814	2,305,300			
Transfers in	4,866,078		3,418,424	8,284,502	5,083,313		
Transfers out	(1,842,586)	(1,527,787)	(303,861)	(3,674,234)	(99,750)		
Total contributions and transfers	3,826,978	(1,527,787)	4,616,377	6,915,568	4,983,563		
Change in net position	4,928,690	(564,287)	4,364,475	8,728,878	(504,450)		
Net position - beginning of year, as restated	80,549,817	8,860,185	3,976,105		5,684,912		
Net position - end of year	\$ 85,478,507	\$ 8,295,898	\$ 8,340,580		\$ 5,180,462		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise fund	ls			(159,810)			
Change in net position of business-type activities				\$ 8,569,068			



CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Business-type	Activities -
----------------------	--------------

	Enterprise Funds				Governmental	
	Utilities	Solid Waste	Marina	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers	\$ 20,386,106	\$ 8,502,032	\$ 2,120,277	\$ 31,008,415	\$ 977,096	
Payments to suppliers	(10,352,306)	(4,237,754)	(1,863,645)	(16,453,705)	(295,222)	
Payments to employees	(4,490,840)	(1,946,461)	(216,253)	(6,653,554)	(539,769)	
Internal activity-payments (to) from other funds	(397,562)	(75,527)	(2,400)	(475,489)		
Cash received for insurance contributions					2,683,561	
Cash paid for insurance claims					(7,499,193)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	5,145,398	2,242,290	37,979	7,425,667	(4,673,527)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Grants	197,735	13,276	8,239	219,250		
Transfers in	4,866,078	15,270	0,200	4,866,078	5,083,313	
Transfers out	(1,842,586)	(1,527,787)	(303,861)	(3,674,234)	(99,750)	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital	(-,,)	(1,021,701)	(***,***)	(0,0,1,001)	(**,***)	
financing activities	3,221,227	(1,514,511)	(295,622)	1,411,094	4,983,563	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Purchases of capital assets	(7,092,324)	(302,003)	(24,225)	(7,418,552)	(45,265)	
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets	32	(7,087)	1,325	(5,730)	2,910	
Interest and other debt service costs paid on capital debt	(3,626,274)			(3,626,274)		
Impact fees	803,486			803,486		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital						
and related financing activities	(9,915,080)	(309,090)	(22,900)	(10,247,070)	(42,355)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from maturity of investments		631,548		631,548		
Purchase of investment securities	-	(1,353,740)		(1,353,740)		
Interest and dividends	14,088	(290)	909	14,707	3,373	
Net cash provided by investing activities	14,088	(722,482)	909	(707,485)	3,373	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,534,367)	(303,793)	(279,634)	(2,117,794)	271,054	
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Balances - beginning of year	18,588,787	2,467,499	1,475,957	22,532,243	6,460,017	
Balances - end of year	\$ 17,054,420	\$ 2,163,706	\$ 1,196,323	\$ 20,414,449	\$ 6,731,071	

Business-type Activities -Enterprise Funds

	Enterprise Funds				Governmental					
		Utilities		Solid Waste		Marina		Total		Activities - Internal rvice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	-									
provided by (used in) operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,850,572	\$	957,604	\$	(262,375)	\$	2,545,801	\$	(5,494,296)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash										
provided by (used in) operating activities:		2 006 202		1.076.002		100.245		4 451 621		0.742
Depreciation expense		3,006,383		1,276,003		189,245		4,471,631		9,742
Change in assets and liabilities:		122 000		((0,022)		107.270		240.265		
Receivables, net		122,809		(60,923)		187,379		249,265		(12.020)
Due from other governmental entities		(265,690)		31,192				(234,498)		(12,020)
Prepaid items		(1,117)						(1,117)		72,838
Deferred outflows of resources		(54,681)		(30,767)		(16,197)		(101,645)		(14,087)
Inventories		357,901				(11,228)		346,673		113,099
Accounts payable		291,084		(9,580)		(79,593)		201,911		637,605
Accrued salaries		(9,546)		(8,646)		(1,393)		(19,585)		(2,517)
Accrued interest payable		(169,927)						(169,927)		
Accrued taxes payable						(6,600)		(6,600)		
Compensated absences		23,096		32,100		(4,274)		50,922		2,394
Due to other funds		(36,989)		(19,173)		17,637		(38,525)		
Deposits		87,697		83,385				171,082		
Net pension liability		(360,676)		(128,087)				(488,763)		
Deferred inflows of resources		167,483		56,985		(3,561)		220,907		(3,095)
Net OPEB liability		136,999		62,197		19,331		218,527		16,810
Unearned revenue						9,608		9,608		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	5,145,398	\$	2,242,290	\$	37,979	\$	7,425,667	\$	(4,673,527)
Reconciliation of cash and cash										
equivalents per statement of cash										
flows to the statement of net position:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,243,553	\$	2,163,706	\$	1,196,323	\$	6,603,582	\$	6,731,071
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:										
Utility upgrade account		5 072 991						5 072 001		
Impact fee account Revenue bond - future debt reserve accounts		5,072,881						5,072,881		
Revenue bond - future debt reserve accounts Revenue bond contingency account		3,239,574 5,498,412						3,239,574 5,498,412		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,054,420	\$	2,163,706	\$	1,196,323	•	20,414,449	\$	6,731,071
i otai Casii anu Casii equivalents	φ	17,034,420	Φ	4,103,700	Ф	1,170,323	Φ	40,414,449	Ф	0,/31,0/1

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Pension Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,263,355	\$ 99,015
Investments:		
Common stock	7,853,608	
Corporate bonds and notes	5,380,275	
Mutual funds	53,708,845	
Pooled/common/commingled funds	22,868,106	
Total investments	89,810,834	
Accounts receivable	819,937	57,320
Total assets	92,894,126	\$ 156,335
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	66,896	
Accrued payroll deductions and matching		\$ 156,335
Total liabilities	66,896	\$ 156,335
NET POSITION		
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 92,827,230	

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Pension Trust
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 3,751,393
State	663,014
Plan members	698,988
Total contributions	5,113,395
Investment earnings:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	14,462,343
Interest	1,564,812
Total investment earnings	16,027,155
Less investment expense	(372,216)
Net investment earnings	15,654,939
Total additions	20,768,334
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	6,667,953
Refunds of member contributions	170,991
Administrative expenses	122,201
Total deductions	6,961,145
Change in net position	13,807,189
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits:	
Beginning of year	79,020,041
End of year	\$ 92,827,230



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Panama City, Florida was created in 1925 by a Special Act, Chapter 11678, No. 343 of the Florida State Legislature. The City was incorporated March 12, 1926, and is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. The City provides police and fire protection, general government, parks and recreation, health and social services, and public works services to its residents. In addition, the City operates water and sewer, solid waste, and marina enterprises. It also maintains various trust funds in a fiduciary capacity.

The financial statements presented in this report conform to the reporting requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which established combined statements at the required reporting level for governmental entities that present financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City is a Florida municipal corporation with a five-member City Council comprised of the Mayor (elected at large) and four district Commissioners. In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the City may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be includable within the City's financial statements. The following criteria are considered in concluding which related activities (component units) should be included in the City's combined financial statements:

- Financial accountability;
- Appointment of a voting majority;
- Imposition of will;
- Financial benefit to or burden on a primary government; and
- Financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency.

The accompanying combined financial statements include all funds, boards, and authorities for which the City is financially accountable or for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operation. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Blended Component Units

The following component units were included, by blended presentation for 2021, based on the criteria noted above:

- Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency
- Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund, Inc.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) - the City Council serves as the CRA board. Although legally separate, the CRA is blended as a governmental fund component unit into the primary government because the structure of the CRA meets the GASB Statement 80 criteria for blending. The criteria assessed and determined to result in blending are: (a) the boards of the CRA and the City are the same, and (b) management of the City has operational responsibility for the CRA.

On November 22, 1983, the City adopted ordinance No. 1153 designating the Panama City Downtown Improvement Board as the Community Redevelopment Agency pursuant to Florida Statute 163.357(3). On September 12, 2006, the City restructured the Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency by adopting ordinance No. 2216 pursuant to Section 163.357, Florida Statutes. Four community redevelopment areas have been established for which separate trust funds have been opened. The Downtown CRA District was recently extended for an additional 20 years by action of the City Commission under the provisions of FS Chapter 163 part III. Ordinance No. 2488 and 2489 were adopted on March 12, 2013 and may be found in the public records of the City and CRA. The St. Andrews Redevelopment Area was established to finance projects in the St. Andrews region of Panama City. The Downtown North Redevelopment Area was established to finance projects in the Millville region of Panama City. As of October 1, 2009, the CRA began operating as a special revenue fund of the City of Panama City, blended component unit.

On November 13, 2018, the City Commissioners moved to approve the establishment of the Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund, Inc. (Relief Fund). The City Council serves as the Relief Fund board. Although legally separate, the Relief Fund is blended as a governmental fund component unit into the primary government because the structure of the Relief Fund meets the GASB Statement 80 criteria for blending. The criteria assessed and determined to result in blending are: (a) the boards of the Relief Fund and the City are the same, and (b) Management of the City has operational responsibility for the Relief Fund.

The Relief Fund was incorporated on November 13, 2018 to assist the City with: (a) to provide funds to assist in paying for hurricane disaster related expenses incurred by the City that are not reimbursed by FEMA or any other private insurance, (b) to provide funds to reinvest or improve the infrastructure, programming and quality of life in the City for the benefit of the citizens, (c) to serve the needs of the City employees by providing hurricane disaster relief, and (d) for any and all other lawful not-for-profit purposes and other permitted charitable purposes.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained directly from their administrative offices.

Administrative Offices:

Panama City Community Panama City Redevelopment Agency 501 Harrison Avenue, Room 206 Panama City, Florida 32401

Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund, Inc. 501 Harrison Avenue Panama City, Florida 32401

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units

The following component units were included, by discrete presentation for 2021, based upon the criteria noted above:

- Panama City Downtown Improvement Board
- Panama City Port Authority

Governmental Fund Type

Panama City Downtown Improvement Board. The Panama City Downtown Improvement Board was incorporated on July 5, 1974, by House Bill No. 4094 enacted by the legislature of the State of Florida. This act provided for the establishment of a special taxing district under Article VII, Section 9 of the Florida Constitution. The members of the governing board of the Panama City Downtown Improvement Board are appointed by the City Commission. The City also has the authority to levy ad valorem taxes of up to 3 mills for Downtown Improvement Board District operations.

Proprietary Fund Type

Panama City Port Authority. The Panama City Port Authority is a Dependent Special District created under Special Act 1945, Chapter 23466. The members of the governing board of the Port Authority are appointed by the City Commission. Operational and capital budgets of the Port Authority must be approved by the City Commission.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained directly from their administrative offices.

Administrative Offices:

Panama City Downtown Improvement Board
P O Box 247
Panama City Port Authority
One Seaport Drive
Panama City, Florida 32402
Panama City, Florida 32401

GASB requires reasonable separation between the Primary Government and its discretely presented component units, both in the financial statements and in the related notes and required supplementary information. Because the discretely presented component units, although legally separate, have been and are operated as if each is part of the primary government, there are limited instances where special note reference or separation will be required. If no separate note reference or categorization is made, the user should assume that information presented for the Primary Government is equally applicable to the component units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for the custodial funds which are a part of the fiduciary fund statements and have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of grant revenues as they are considered available when eligible expenditures have occurred. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Hurricane Michael Fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for financial resources of the general government that relate to Hurricane Michael including grants and insurance proceeds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The Capital Project Fund is comprised of one sub fund: Projects Management, where activity is reported together for financial reporting purposes.

The Capital Projects Infrastructure Surtax Fund is used to account for capital improvements to the City's infrastructure funded by debt proceeds received from pledged State of Florida infrastructure surtax revenue.

The State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program-City Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the proceeds awarded from state agencies that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Utility Fund* is used to account for activities related to retail utility operations.

The Solid Waste Fund is used to account for activities related to retail solid waste operations.

The Marina Fund is used to account for activities related to retail marina operations.

Additionally, the government reports the following funds:

Special revenue funds account for revenues received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the State Housing Initiatives Partnership program-County, Community Redevelopment Agencies, infrastructure surtax, charitable contributions for Hurricane Michael relief, small disaster relief funding, and other general grants. Revenues are restricted to accomplishing the various objectives of these programs.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City. The services provided include medical self-insurance, dental insurance, and equipment maintenance costs.

Pension trust funds account for assets held in trust for members and beneficiaries of the City's three defined benefit pensions.

Custodial funds account for cafeteria plan assets held by the City in a trustee capacity and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Debt service funds account for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the utility, solid waste, and marina enterprise funds, and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The utility fund also recognizes as operating revenue tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The investments are categorized at their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the asset that prioritizes inputs into three levels; Level 1 – quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets; Level 2 – significant inputs that are observable; Level 3 – significant inputs that are unobservable.

Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Notes, assessments, and accounts receivable are charged to bad debt expense as they are deemed uncollectible.

The property tax revenues calendar is as follows:

Lien date	January 1	Payment due by	March 31
Levy date	October 1	Delinquent date	April 1
Tax bill mailed	November 30	Tax sale-delinquent property tax	June 1

The County Tax Collector collects property taxes on behalf of each municipality within the county boundaries. By May 31, during each year for which taxes are levied, all taxes have been collected and remitted to the City or the delinquent taxes are raised by public auction of tax certificates and the proceeds are remitted to the City shortly after the certificates are sold. Because of this arrangement there are no material unremitted tax revenues for each fiscal year on September 30th.

Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Prepaid costs are payments that are applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as an asset when purchased and as an expense when consumed (consumption method) in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted assets

Certain assets of the enterprise funds are required by resolution to be set aside and used for specific purposes; thus, they are not available for general operating purposes. These restricted assets consist of cash in various bank accounts and are recorded at cost.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities are expensed as incurred.

Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives unless they are inexhaustible or are intangible assets with indefinite useful lives. The term depreciation (and related forms of the term) includes amortization of intangible assets.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	30
Building improvements	10
Public domain infrastructure	40
Utility plant	40
System infrastructure	40
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10
Furniture and fixtures	8
Automobiles and trucks	5
Intangibles	5

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has four items that qualify for reporting in this category: 1) the deferred outflow of resources on refunding resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price and the amount is capitalized and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt, 2) the deferred outflow of resources on the hedging derivatives is a result from the decrease in the fair value of the derivative instrument and a deferred outflow is recognized to verify that the decrease is not expected to be recognized in investment income in future periods, 3) deferred outflows related to pensions as discussed in Note 9, 4) deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits as discussed in Note 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category which is related to pensions as discussed in Note 9, and other post-employment benefits as discussed in Note 10. The City also has deferred inflows of resources for revenues related to grants in the fund financials.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's pension plans and additions to/deductions from these plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. One third of total sick leave balances of employees with six years or more of service is accrued in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. In accordance with GAAP, for the government funds in the fund financial statements, all of the compensated absences are considered long-term and, therefore, are not a fund liability and represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method based on the life of the bond issue. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net position

The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position which is associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Restricted net position is liquid assets (generated from revenues and net bond proceeds) which are not accessible for general use because of third-party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) limitations.

Unrestricted net position represents unrestricted liquid assets.

Categories and classification of fund balance

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 54. This statement established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB Statement No. 54, are nonspendable, restricted, committed,

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

assigned, and unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of restraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. For further details of the various fund balance classifications refer to Note 13.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for the funds listed in the next paragraph. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. It is the City's policy to reappropriate such amounts at the beginning of the next fiscal year.

Budgets are adopted at the beginning of each fiscal year through passage of a resolution by the City Commissioners for the following funds: General Fund, Debt Service funds, Community Planning and Development Fund, State Housing Initiative Partnership City, State Housing Initiative Partnership County, General Grants Fund, Infrastructure Surtax Fund, and the Community Redevelopment Agency areas.

The City Manager is authorized to transfer part or all of an unencumbered appropriated balance among programs within a fund. Management may not increase a fund's total expenditures without seeking the approval of the City Commissioners, who may amend the budget at any time during the fiscal year. Amounts shown in the financial statements represent the original budgeted amounts and all supplemental amendments.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds

The City had expenditures exceed appropriations by \$819,592 in the General Fund for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement will enhance consistency and comparability by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in this report.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows upon adoption.

In June 2018, The GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This statement will enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and will simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows upon adoption.

In August 2018, The GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests*. This statement will enhance the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 90 in this report.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objective of this statement is to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with 1) commitments extended by issuers, 2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and 3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows upon adoption.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92 *Omnibus 2020*. This statement will enhance the comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The requirements of this statement related to Statement 87

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

and Implementation Guide 2019-3 was effective upon issuance with all other requirements being effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The City has implemented the necessary provisions of GASB Statement No. 92 in this report. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows upon adoption of all other requirements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORS) in hedging derivative instruments and leases and identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. All other requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The City has implemented the necessary provisions of GASB Statement No. 93 in the report, however it does not have any current impact on the City. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows upon adoption of all other requirements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that enter into public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPS) and availability payment arrangements (APAs) and by enhancing the understanding, relevance, and consistency of information about PPPS and APAs. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows upon adoption.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The objective of this statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows upon adoption.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The City is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows upon adoption.

In October 2021, the GASB issued Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. This statement establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods ending after December 15, 2021. The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 98 in this report.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

GASB Statement No. 40, Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures amends GASB Statement No. 3, Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments, and Reverse Repurchase Agreements, and is designed to inform financial statement users about deposit and investment risks that could affect a government's ability to provide services and meets its obligations as they become due. GASB Statement No. 40 addresses common deposit and investment risks related to credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk and requires that deposit and investment policies related to the risks be disclosed, as applicable.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, the following disclosures are made regarding the City's deposit and investment balances as of September 30, 2021:

Deposits:

Under the City's investment policy the City may invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and its agencies, interest bearing time deposits, or savings accounts in banks provided that such deposits are secured by collateral as prescribed by Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, of the Florida Statutes and the State Treasurer's investment pool. Included in the City's cash balances are amounts deposited with banks in interest bearing accounts, non-interest bearing demand accounts, and interest bearing time deposit accounts. The bank balances are entirely insured by federal depository insurance or by collateral pursuant to the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act of the State of Florida.

Investments:

Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, limits the types of investments that a government can invest in unless specifically authorized in an investment policy. The City has adopted an investment policy pursuant to Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, that established permitted investments, asset allocation limits, issuer limits, and maturity limits to protect the City's cash and investment assets. The

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

investment policy applies to all cash and investments held or controlled by the City with the exception of Pension Funds.

The City is authorized to undertake investments in the following authorized investments:

- a. United States Government Securities
- b. Interest Bearing Time Deposit or Saving Accounts
- c. Federal Instrumentalities (United States Government sponsored agencies)
- d. Repurchase Agreements
- e. Money Market accounts placed with financial institutions qualifying as public depositories as provided for in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.
- f. Registered Investment Companies (Mutual Funds)
- g. Intergovernmental Investment Pool
- h. Commercial Paper

The City participates in the State Board of Administration's (SBA) Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, a Florida PRIME governmental investment pool. As a Florida PRIME participant, the City invests in pools of investments whereby the City owns a share of the respective pool, not the underlying securities. GASB Statement No. 31, titled *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, applies to the Florida PRIME. GASB 31 defines an external investment pool as an arrangement that commingles (pools) the moneys of more than one legally separate entity and invests, on the participants' behalf, in an investment portfolio; one or more of the participants is not part of the sponsor's reporting entity.

In December 2015, GASB issued Statement 79 titled *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants* in response to the Securities and Exchange Commission's amendments in 2014 to regulations that apply to money market funds. GASB 79 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. If the external investment pool meets the criteria in GASB 79 and measures all of its investments at amortized cost, the pool's participants also should measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

Florida PRIME currently meets necessary criteria to measure the investments in the pool at amortized cost. Therefore, the account balance is also considered the fair value of the investment. The Florida PRIME investment is exempt from the GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2021, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of the account value.

If reader wants more information, Florida Prime annually issues a publicly available financial report available at www.sbafla.com.

The Florida Fixed Income Trust (FL FIT or "Trust") investments in each of the pools within the Trust are measured and reported at fair market value using the guidelines established by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The Trust follows Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Topic (ASC) 820 Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure for financial reporting purposes. ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a single framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosure about fair value measurement. FL FIT does not meet all of the specific criteria outlines in GASB 79, paragraph 4, therefore FL FIT participants should measure their investments in FL FIT pools at fair value as provided in paragraph 11 of GASB Statement 31.

The Firefighters' and Police Officers' pension plans' investment policies restricted un-invested cash to minimal balances generally covered by the FDIC and cash instruments with a minimum rating of at least Standard and Poor's A1 or Moody's P1. As of September 30, 2021, cash instruments for both funds consisted of Federated Treasury Obligations.

Investment policies for the Firefighters' and Police Officers' pension plans provide for investment manager(s) who have full discretion of assets allocated to them subject to the overall investment guidelines set out in the policies. Overall investment guidelines provide for diversification and allow investment in debt securities (rated at least BB or Ba by Standard and Poor or Moody) and equity securities traded on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ market, U.S. Government obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government, bonds issued by the State of Israel, and any commingled funds that are restricted to these investments.

The Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF) is established as a trust whereby governmental entities with employee pension or OPEB plans may elect to join the trust (becoming a Participating Employer), and with the trust providing the plans with administrative and investment services for the benefit of Participating Employers, Participating Employees, and Beneficiaries. All employee pension plans or OPEB assets with the FMPTF are included in the trust's Master Trust Fund. Employee pension plans or OPEB assets of the defined benefit type are invested by the FMPTF through the Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIvT) for the benefit of the Participating Employers, Participating Employees, and Beneficiaries.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. A credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or the counterparty to an investment may be unable to meet its obligations. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure of credit quality ratings for investments in debt securities as well as investments in external investment pools, money market funds, and other pooled investments of fixed income securities.

The structure of the City's investment policy is designed to minimize credit risk, by limiting its investments to those with high ratings issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSROs). The Florida PRIME is currently rated by Standard and Poor's as AAAm.

As of September 30, 2021 FL FIT pools were rated by Fitch Ratings. The FL FIT Cash Pool currently rates AAAf/S1.

Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City or Pension Trust Plans will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized under GASB No. 40 because they are not evidenced by security that exist in physical or book entry form. As of September 30, 2021, the City's investment portfolio was held with a third-party custodian.

Participants' investments in the SBA, FL FIT, and FMPTF are evidenced by shares of the pool. The City's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.

Consistent with each Pension Trust Plan's investment policy, the investments are held by each Plan's custodial bank and registered in each Plan's name.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration Credit Risk

GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure of the concentration of credit risk when five or more percent of the total assets of the portfolio are invested with a single issuer. Investments issued are explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds or pools are excluded from the concentration of credit risk disclosures requirements.

The City limits the amount it may invest in any one investment varying by the type of investment. The SBA, FL FIT, and FMPTF are all pooled investments, therefore no additional disclosure is required.

The Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Trust Plans' investment policies prohibit investments in common stock that exceed 70% of the funds assets at market value, investments in common stock in any one issuer that exceed 5% of the funds assets at cost, investments that comprises 5% or more of any one issuer's outstanding stock, and investments in foreign securities that exceed 25% of the fund assets. Additionally, cash and cash equivalents may not exceed 5% of the funds assets, and all repurchase agreement transactions must adhere to the requirements of the Master Repurchase Agreement. None of the stated thresholds were exceeded by either funds at fiscal year end.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rates could adversely affect an investment's fair value. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk disclosures are required for all debt instruments as well as investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments that do not meet the definition of a "2a-7 like" pool. Interest rate disclosures have been made.

The City's investment policy is structured to mitigate the effects of interest rate risk by placing limits on the maturity and duration of specific investment vehicles. It is the City's intention to make investments to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they become due. The City uses the weighted average maturity method for its FL FIT which results in a WAM of 79 days and a weighted average life (WAL) of 104 days.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City uses the weighted average maturity method for Florida PRIME which results in a WAM of 49 days, and a weighted average life (WAL) of 64 days.

The three Pension Trust Plans can have investments in a combination of stocks, bonds, government securities, and other investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term would materially affect balances and the amounts reported in the statement of plan net position and the statement of changes in plan net position. Each individual plan's investment advisor monitors the plan's investments and the associated risks on a regular basis, which minimizes risks.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that foreign currency exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City has nominal exposure to foreign currencies due to investments in non-U.S. markets implemented through portfolios. Foreign currencies will fluctuate relative to the U.S. dollar, but it is believed that the diversification benefits outweigh potential risks. Given the limited exposure, foreign currency risk is considered minor.

Deposits and Investments:

Deposits and investments as of September 30, 2021 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 91,059,754
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	13,810,867
Investments	10,326,971
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,263,355
Investments	89,810,834
Total cash and investments	\$ 207.271.781

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash on hand, deposits, and investments as of September 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Governmental and business-type investments:		
Cash on hand	\$	23,184
Deposits with financial institutions		78,784,523
SBA		5,967,300
FL FIT		20,016,862
Investments in federal instrumentalities		10,405,723
Senior management pension plan:		
Deposits with financial institutions		29,257
Investments in pooled/common/commingled funds		4,150,388
Police officers and firefighters pension plan:		
Deposits with financial institutions		2,234,098
Investments in mutual funds		53,708,845
Investments in equity/common stock		7,853,608
Investments in corporate bonds and notes		5,380,275
Investments in pooled/common/commingled funds	_	18,717,718

Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures:

Total cash and investments

As of September 30, 2021, the City held the following investments as categorized below in accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure:*

207,271,781

		Investment	Maturities			
Primary Government:						
Investment Type	Less than 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	6 to 10 Years	More than 10 Years	Total	Average Rating (1)
Federal Instrumentalities State Board of Administration	\$ 3,416,092	\$ 6,989,631			\$ 10,405,723	AA
Florida PRIME	5,967,300				5,967,300	AAAm
Florida Fixed Income Trust	20,016,862				20,016,862	AAAf/S1
Total primary government	\$ 29,400,254	\$ 6,989,631			\$ 36,389,885	
Fiduciary Funds:						
	Less than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10		Average
Investment Type	<u>Year</u>	Years	Years	Years	Total	Rating (1)
Common stock	\$ 7,853,608				\$ 7,853,608	N/A
Corporate bonds and notes	5,380,275				5,380,275	N/A
Pooled/common/	22 070 107				22 979 107	NID
commingled funds	22,868,106				22,868,106	NR
Mutual funds	53,708,845				53,708,845	NR
Total fiducions funda	¢ 00 010 024				¢ 00 010 024	

⁽¹⁾ Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated *credit risk*. N/A indicates not applicable. NR indicates the fund is not rated. -50-

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value

A summary of the investment under the requirements of the fair value hierarchy follows:

Primary Government

•		Fair Value Measurements Using						
		Quoted	Other	Significant				
		prices	significant	unobservable				
			observable	inputs				
	Total		inputs					
	9/30/21	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
Investments by fair value level								
Government agency securities	\$ 10,405,723		\$ 10,405,723					

Fiduciary Funds

		_	Fair Value Measurements Using					
		_	Quoted prices		Other significant		Significant unobservable	
					observable		inputs	
	Total				inputs			
	 9/30/21		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
Investments by fair value level								
Stocks	\$ 7,853,608	\$	7,853,608	\$	-	\$	-	
Corporate bonds and notes	5,380,275		5,380,275					
Mutual funds – fixed								
income	24,246,263		24,246,263					
Mutual funds – equity	29,462,582		29,462,582					
Pooled-real estate								
investment trust	6,378,275						6,378,275	
Pooled – fixed income	647,845				647,845			
Pooled – equity	 15,841,986				2,655,725		13,186,261	
Total Investment by fair value level	\$ 89,810,834	\$	66,942,728	\$	3,303,570	\$	19,564,536	

Primary Government

	Total
	9/30/21
Investments by net asset value (NAV)	
Florida Fixed Income Trust \$	20,016,862

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique provided by third party custodians. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Investments classified at Level 3 are valued based on unobservable inputs.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Panama City Port Authority

Derivative instruments outstanding as of September 30, 2021:

<u>Item</u>	Type	Objective	Notional Amount	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Terms	09/30/2021 Fair Value (Negative)
A	Pay-fixed interest rate swap	Hedge the variable rate risk associated with the first draw on the \$7,500,000 debt.		06/01/2007	06/01/2027	Pay 4.43%, receive 67% of LIBOR plus 70 basis points.	\$ (286,382)

Derivative instrument A is considered a hedging derivative instrument for 2021. The fair value of the interest rate swap was estimated using a proprietary valuation model developed by the counterparty. This method calculates future cash flows by projecting forward rates, then discounting those cash flows at their present value.

Risks

1. *Credit Risk*:

The Port Authority's derivative instrument is held with a counterparty whose credit rating is "A3". The counterparty bears the risk of non-payment.

2. *Interest Rate Risk*:

The Port Authority is exposed to interest rate risk on its interest rate swap. On its pay-fixed, variable-rate interest rate swap, as LIBOR decreases, the Port Authority's net payment on the swap increases.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

3. Basis Risk:

The Port Authority is exposed to basis risk on its pay-fixed swap derivative instrument because the variable-rate payments received by the Port Authority on this derivative instrument is based on a rate or index other than interest rates the Port Authority pays on its hedged variable-rate debt. At September 30, 2021, variable interest rate and LIBOR-based rate of the swap was as follows:

Variable RateLIBOR Based RateDerivative A.00801.5920

4. *Termination Risk*:

The swap may be terminated by the Port Authority or the counterparty if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the swap agreement. If the swap is terminated, the Port Authority would prospectively pay the variable-rate on the Line of Credit. The termination of the swap agreement could increase the Port Authority's total debt service if, at the time of termination, the swap has a negative fair value by the amount of such negative fair value. As noted below under fair value, the Port Authority has a negative fair value for derivative instrument A as of September 30, 2021 and would be liable to the counterparty if the swap was terminated prematurely.

5. Rollover Risk:

Derivative instrument A's swap agreement termination date is June 1, 2027. The Port Authority may not be able to replicate the hedge associated with the current swap agreement on the termination date.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Derivative Instruments – Fair Value

The fair value balance of the derivative instrument outstanding at September 30, 2021, classified by type, and the changes in fair value of such derivative instrument are as follows:

	Changes in	Changes in Fair Value Fair Value					Value at September 30, 2021					
	Classification	A	mount	Classification	An	nount	N	otional				
Business-type activities Cash flow hedges: Pay-fixed interest rate swap Derivative A	Deferred outflow	\$	175,375	Debt	\$ ((286,382)	\$	7,500,000				
				_	Fair	r Value M	eas	urements				
					Quot	ed		Other				
				Total	Price	es		Significant Observable				
				9/30/21	Lavra	1 1		Inputs Level 2				
T	C 1 1			9/30/21	Leve	<u> </u>		Level 2				
Investment derivative by Pay-fixed interest rate			\$	(286,382)		\$		(286,382)				

Derivative instruments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a market approach that considers benchmark interest rates.

NOTE 3 - NOTES RECEIVABLE

Capital Projects:

A note receivable is recorded in the capital projects fund for \$1,800,000 related to the Industrial Park. Interest payments, at 2% interest rate, are to be made for the entirety of the loan. Principal is payable upon the earlier of demand or the sale or lease of any portion of the specified property.

Special Revenue Fund:

The City participates in loan rehabilitation programs that assist low income residents in obtaining safe and sanitary housing, businesses in downtown improvement areas, and rental housing improvements. The loans, accounted for in the special revenue fund, are due and payable at their respective maturity dates or change of home ownership, whichever occurs first. The City maintains a security interest in the property. These loans are non-interest bearing and will mature at various dates up to 2050.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 19,817,495	\$ 364,087	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,181,582
Construction in progress	11,705,781	 6,753,021		(1,501,814)	16,956,988
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	31,523,276	7,117,108		(1,501,814)	37,138,570
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	26,963,231	17,033			26,980,264
Improvements other than buildings	31,560,069	44,472			31,604,541
Machinery and equipment	18,895,664	2,187,714	1,049,203	34,482	20,068,657
Intangibles	172,584				172,584
Infrastructure, excluding bridges	70,333,413				70,333,413
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 147,924,961	 2,249,219	1,049,203	34,482	 149,159,459
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	8,306,089	758,901			9,064,990
Improvements other than buildings	14,730,882	2,520,651			17,251,533
Machinery and equipment	15,766,689	1,258,061	1,024,047	34,482	16,035,185
Intangibles - amortizable	60,034	31,332			91,366
Infrastructure, excluding bridges	44,409,398	 1,545,446			45,954,844
Total accumulated depreciation	 83,273,092	 6,114,391	1,024,047	34,482	 88,397,918
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 64,651,869	 (3,865,172)	 25,156	 	 60,761,541
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 96,175,145	\$ 3,251,936	\$ 25,156	\$ (1,501,814)	\$ 97,900,111

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases		Transfers		Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:		 _	-				•	_
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$ Construction in progress	1,828,384 49,577,027	\$ 8,783,635	\$	42,316,168	\$	1,501,814	\$	1,828,384 17,546,308
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	51,405,411	 8,783,635	_	42,316,168		1,501,814		19,374,692
Capital assets, being depreciated:	2 00 5 500	42.224.200						46.000.000
Buildings	2,905,700	43,324,308						46,230,008
Improvements other than buildings Intangibles	108,696,507 4,007	7,500						108,704,007 4,007
Machinery and equipment	16,447,120	 1,128,086		653,328		(34,482)		16,887,396
Total capital assets, being depreciated	128,053,334	 44,459,894		653,328		(34,482)		171,825,418
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	361,607	35,491						397,098
Improvements other than buildings	66,729,142	2,964,359						69,693,501
Intangibles - amortizable	2,136	801						2,937
Machinery and equipment	11,390,423	 1,470,980		561,969		(34,482)		12,264,952
Total accumulated depreciation	78,483,308	 4,471,631	_	561,969	-	(34,482)		82,358,488
Total capital assets, being depreciated,	40			0.4.0.0				00.455.000
net	49,570,026	 39,988,263	_	91,359	_		-	89,466,930
Business-type activities capital assets, net \$	100,975,437	\$ 48,771,898	\$	42,407,527	\$	1,501,814	\$	108,841,622

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Total depreciation expense for governmental activities for fiscal year 2021 is \$6,114,391 Total depreciation expense for business-type activities for fiscal year 2021 is \$4,471,631.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 2,659,191
Public safety	1,219,136
Highways and streets, including depreciation of general infrastructure assets	1,890,078
Culture and recreation	336,244
	6,104,649
Other: Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	9,742
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$ 6,114,391</u>
Business-type activities:	
Utilities	\$ 3,006,383
Solid waste	1,276,003
Marina	189,245
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 4,471,631

Discretely Presented Component Units

Activity for the Panama City Downtown Improvement Board for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 424,999	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 424,999
Capital assets, being depreciated: Improvements other than buildings	107,474			107,474
Less accumulated depreciation for: Improvements other than buildings	84,062	7,772		91,834
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	23,412	(7,772)		15,640
Downtown Improvement Board capital assets, net	<u>\$ 448,411</u>	<u>\$ (7,772)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 440,639</u>

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Activity for the Panama City Port Authority for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance, as restated	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 26,397,598	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,397,598
Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	26,313,983 52,711,581	12,463,188 12,463,188	29,625,687 29,625,687	9,151,484 35,549,082
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	67,200,995	22,382,948		89,583,943
Improvements other than buildings	71,192,968	3,523,816		74,716,784
Machinery and equipment	18,487,584	4,229,239		22,716,823
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>156,881,547</u>	30,136,003		187,017,550
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	28,819,042	2,199,100		31,018,142
Improvements other than buildings	31,606,701	2,975,458		34,582,159
Machinery and equipment	10,978,356	1,163,584		12,141,940
Total accumulated depreciation	71,404,099	6,338,142		77,742,241
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	85,477,448	23,797,861		109,275,309
Port Authority capital assets, net	<u>\$138,189,029</u>	\$36,261,049	<u>\$29,625,687</u>	<u>\$144,824,391</u>

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchased commercial insurance for all risks of loss except medical claims of the City of Panama City employees and their covered dependents. There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage during the current year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City has established a medical self-insurance fund and a dental insurance fund which are accounted for as Internal Service Funds. The purpose of the medical self-insurance fund is to pay medical claims and minimize the total cost of annual insurance to the municipality. The purpose of the dental insurance fund is to pay the for the cost of the dental insurance of the City of Panama City employees and their covered dependents. Medical claims exceeding \$175,000 per insured with an aggregating specific deductible of \$270,000 are covered through private carriers. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Contributions to the self-insurance fund are determined by projected losses based on historical claims experience. Claims liabilities are based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, using past experience adjusted for current trends, and any other factors that would modify past experience. Claim liabilities include specific incremental claim adjustment expenses. Unpaid losses occurring prior to September 30, 2021, have been estimated and accrued at present value as a liability as of September 30, 2021. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the fiscal years 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

Medical Self Insurance

	Balance	Current Year			Balance
	Fiscal Year	Claims/Fees			Fiscal
	Beginning	and Changes	Claims/Fees	7	Year Ending
Year	 October 1	in Estimates	<u>Payments</u>	S	eptember 30
2021	\$ 895,395	\$ 7,824,036	\$ 7,263,551	\$	1,455,880
2020	993,058	6,686,460	6,784,123		895,395

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government - Governmental Activities:

Long-term obligations at September 30, 2021, includes the following debt issues:

ig term congations at septemoer 30, 2021, includes the following	A	uthorized nd Issued	Balance otember 30, 2021
Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified), interest 1.94%, principal and interest payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; principal matures April 1, 2023; collateralized by and payable from pledged funds of non-ad valorem revenues.	\$	1,922,000	\$ 300,000
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2013B, interest 2.81%, payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; principal is payable on October 1; collateralized by a lien and pledge of the business tax receipts.		12,999,000	6,793,000
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2016, interest 1.87%, Interest and principal are payable quarterly on January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1; collateralized by a lien and pledge of the business tax receipts.		3,207,000	2,330,000
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018, interest 3.30%, payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; principal is payable on October 1; collateralized by a lien and pledge of the business tax receipts.		16,330,000	14,069,000
Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Note, Series 2018, interest 3.02%, payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; principal is payable on October 1; collateralized by a lien and pledge of the sales surtax revenues and all moneys in the related funds.		15,100,000	11,678,000
Hurricane Recovery and Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2019, Revolving Line of Credit, amount authorized is \$75,000,000, amount unused is \$5,945,503, interest at 2.384%, interest payable on January 1 and October 1, Principal payable in full at January 1, 2022, collateralized by a lien and			
payable from pledged funds on non-ad valorem revenues.		69,054,497	69,054,497

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Hurricane Recovery and Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2020a, Revolving Line of Credit, amount authorized is \$70,000,000, amount unused is \$69,811,000, interest at 1.201%, interest payable on April 1 and October 1, Principal payable in full at April 1, 2023, collateralized by pledge of and lien on all FEMA and State receipts from the fund managed by FEMA and related to Hurricane Michael projects from pledged funds on non-ad valorem revenues.

189,500 189,500

Balance

Total \$ 118,801,997 \$ 104,413,997

Primary Government - Business-Type Activities:

Long-term obligations at September 30, 2021 includes the following issues:

	Authorized And Issued	September 30, 2021
Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2012: dated April 19, 2012, interest 2.36%, principal payable annually on October 1, interest payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; collateralized by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the water and wastewater system.	\$ 5,465,000	\$ 3,376,000
Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2021: dated May 13, 2021, interest 2.50%, principal payable annually on October 1; interest payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; collateralized by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the water and wastewater system.	25,891,000	25,891,000
Total	\$ 31,356,000	\$ 29,267,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Long-term liability activity Governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Note, Series 2008					
,	\$ 449,000	\$ -	\$ 149,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 151,000
Capital Improvement Revenue					
Note, Series 2013B	7,678,000		885,000	6,793,000	905,000
Capital Improvement Revenue					
Note, Series 2016	2,534,000		204,000	2,330,000	208,000
Capital Improvement Revenue					
Note, Series 2018	15,012,000		943,000	14,069,000	975,000
Infrastructure Sales Surtax					
Revenue Note, Series 2018	13,430,000		1,752,000	11,678,000	1,804,000
FEMA Community Disaster					
Loan, Series 2019	5,000,000		5,000,000		
Add (Deduct) deferred amoun	ts				
on premium	(37,530)	2,358		(35,172)	(2,438)
Total bonds/notes payable	44,065,470	2,358	8,933,000	35,134,828	4,040,562
Capital lease obligation	1,468,956	1,628,090	589,904	2,507,142	730,416
Net pension liability	26,058,736	429,207		26,487,943	
Net OPEB liability	1,656,890	621,963		2,278,853	
Hurricane Recovery and					
Refunding Note, Series 2019	9				
(Line of Credit)	69,054,497			69,054,497	
Hurricane Recovery and					
Refunding Note, Series 2020)a				
(Line of Credit)		189,500		189,500	
Compensated absences	1,556,052	1,733,007	1,472,718	1,816,341	454,086
Total long-term liabilities	\$143,860,601	4,604,125	<u>\$10,995,622</u>	\$137,469,104	\$ 5,225,064

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Long-term liability activity Business -type activities for the year ended September 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Business-type Activities:		_	·		
Water and Sewer					
Refunding Revenue Note,					
Series 2012	\$ 5,014,000	\$ -	\$ 1,638,000	\$ 3,376,000	\$ 1,673,000
Revenue Note, Series 2015	5 27,125,000		27,125,000		
Revenue Note, Series 2021	<u> </u>	25,891,000		25,891,000	
Total bonds/notes payable	32,139,000	25,891,000	28,763,000	29,267,000	1,673,000
Net OPEB liability	582,125	218,527		800,652	
Net pension liability	846,935		488,763	358,172	
Compensated absences	423,602	482,045	431,123	474,524	118,631
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$33,991,662</u>	<u>\$26,591,572</u>	<u>\$29,682,886</u>	<u>\$30,900,348</u>	<u>\$ 1,791,631</u>

Pension liabilities, OPEB liability, and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the fund that reports the liability and pays the related costs. Therefore, the general and utility funds liquidate a majority of the pension liabilities, OPEB liability, and compensated absences liability.

Debt Issuances and Refundings

On May 13, 2021, the City issued Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2021, in the amount of \$25,891,000. Proceeds were placed in the Utility Fund to provide funds to refund the City's outstanding water and sewer revenue notes, Series 2015.

Note Series	True Interest Cost	Average Coupon Rate	Maturity Date	Net Proceeds	(lerwriters Cost of ssuance
2021	2.50	2.50	10/01/28	\$25,891,000	\$	90,741

On November 17, 2020, the City issued Hurricane Recovery Revenue Note, Series 2020a and 2020b, both lines of credit, in the amounts of \$70,000,000 and \$10,000,000, respectively.

Note Series	True Interest Cost	Average Coupon Rate	Maturity Date	Line of Credit Available	Line of Credit Drawn	Underwriters Cost of Issuance
2020a	1.20	1.20	04/1/2023	\$70,000,000	\$189,500	\$137,000
2020b	0.53	0.53	04/1/2023	\$10,000,000	\$ -	\$ 50,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Panama City Port Authority

Changes in long-term liability obligations for the year ended September 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due in One Year
Bank Line of Credit - Interest currently at 4.43%; principal and interest is due based on equal quarterly installments amortized over the period to the final maturity date of the note; collateralized by the pledge of the net revenues of the facility, maturity date June 2027.	\$ 3,425,120	\$ -	\$ 536,799	\$ 2,888,321	\$ 451,239
Note payable - Interest at 3%; interest payable quarterly and principal balance payable upon the earlier of the sale or lease of any portion of the specified Industrial Park property or upon demand; collateralized by specified Industrial Park property.	300,000			300,000	300,000
Note payable- Interest at 2%; interest payable quarterly and principal balance payable upon the earlier of the sale or lease of any portion of the specified Industrial Park property or upon demand; collateralized by specified Industrial Park property.	1,800,000			1,800,000	1,800,000
State Infrastructure Bank Loan- Interest currently at 4%; principal and interest is due based on equal annual installments amortized over the period to the final maturity date of the note; collateralized by the pledge of the net revenues of the facility, maturity date October 2032.	3,298,617		235,963	5 3,062,652	245,402

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due in One Year
State Infrastructure Bank Loan- Interest currently at 4%; principal and interest is due based on equal annual installments amortized over the period to the final maturity date of the note; collateralized by the pledge of the net revenues of the facility, maturity date October 2035.	1,567,219		83,610	1,483,609	86,955
State Infrastructure Bank Loan- Interest currently at 3%; principal and interest is due based on equal annual installments amortized over the period to the final maturity date of the note; collateralized by the pledge of the net revenues of the facility, maturity date October 2047.	11,461,278		281,542	11,179,736	289,987
Note Payable- Interest currently at 2.69%; principal and interest is due based on equal annual installments amortized over the period to the final maturity date of the note; collateralized by the pledge of the net revenues of the facility, maturity date April 2036.		3,000,000	68,045	2,931,955	166,450
Total notes payable	21,852,234	3,000,000	1,205,961	23,646,273	3,340,033
Claims and judgments	351,895	147,584	24,134	475,345	31,270
Net pension liability	266,536		190,978	75,558	
Net OPEB liability	238,553	15,212		253,765	
Compensated absences	116,109	229,100	241,696	103,513	25,879
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 22,825,327</u>	\$ 3,391,896	\$ 1,662,769	<u>\$ 24,554,454</u>	\$ 3,397,182

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Debt service requirements to maturity subsequent to September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year Ended	Notes	Payable	Bank	x Swap
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$2,266,450	\$ 121,827	\$ 451,239	\$ 122,144
2023	170,983	72,294	471,564	101,302
2024	175,640	67,638	492,804	79,466
2025	180,423	62,854	515,000	56,290
2026	185,337	57,941	538,196	32,808
2027-2031	1,005,202	211,185	419,518	8,493
2032-2036	1,047,920	67,100		
Total	<u>\$5,031,955</u>	\$ 660,839	<u>\$2,888,321</u>	\$ 400,503

Year Ended	State Infrastructure Loan Agreements				
September 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest			
2022	\$ 622,344	\$ 517,242			
2023 2024	644,339 667,126	495,249 472,462			
2025	690,734	448,853			
2026	715,195	424,393			
2027-2031	3,974,964	1,722,975			
2032-2036	2,625,017	1,101,095			
2037-2041	2,398,623	728,276			
2042-2046	2,780,662	346,238			
2047	606,993	18,210			
Total	\$15,725,997	\$6,274,993			

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Derivative instruments outstanding as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Item	Туре	Objective	 Notional Amount	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Terms	F	9/30/2021 Fair Value (negative)
A	Pay-fixed interest rate swap	Hedge the variable rate risk associated with the first draw on the \$7,500,000 debt.	\$ 7,500,000	6/1/2007	6/1/2027	Pay 4.43%, receive 67% of LIBOR plus 70 basis points	\$	(286,382)

Derivative instrument A is considered a hedging derivative instrument for 2021. The fair value of the interest rate swap was estimated using a proprietary valuation model developed by the counterparty. This method calculates future cash flows by projecting forward rates, then discounting those cash flows at their present value.

Derivative Instrument Payments and Hedged Debt – Derivative A

As of September 30, 2021, aggregate debt service requirements of the Port Authority's debt (fixed-rate and variable-rate) and net receipts/payments on associated hedging derivative instruments are presented below. These amounts assume a forward implied interest rate on the variable interest rates that the Port Authority will receive from the hedging derivative instrument. As these rates vary, interest payments on variable-rate bonds and net receipts/payments on the hedging derivative instrument will vary. The hedging derivative instrument column reflects only net receipts/payments on the derivative instrument that qualify for hedge accounting.

Fiscal Year Ended September 30		Principal]	Interest	Hedging erivatives, Net	_	Total
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$	451,239 471,564 492,804 515,000 538,196 419,518	\$	122,144 101,302 79,466 56,290 32,808 8,493	\$ (22,352) (24,720) (26,940) (22,275) (14,051) (3,783)	\$	551,031 548,146 545,330 549,015 556,953 424,228
	\$ 2	2,888,321	\$	400,503	\$ (114,121)	\$	3,174,703

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Compensated Absences

The amount of accrued annual and sick leave pay at September 30, 2021, is as follows:

Primary Government	Current Portion	L	ong-Term Portion		Total
Governmental activities	\$ 454,086	\$	1,362,255	\$	1,816,341
Business-type activities	 118,631		355,893	_	474,524
Total	\$ 572,717	\$	1,718,148	\$	2,290,865
Discretely Present Componen	L	ong-Term Portion		Total	
Panama City Port Authority	\$ 25,879	\$	77,634	\$	103,513

Advance Refundings

The City has provided for the advance refunding of several bond issues. Under the terms of the refunding issues, sufficient assets to pay all principal and interest on the refunded issues have been placed in special escrow accounts. Because the escrow accounts are sufficient to pay principal, interest, and redemption premiums on the refunded bonds, the bonds are not recorded as a liability in the financial statements of the City.

The various bond issues that have been refunded are as follows:

	Fund <u>Affected</u>	Date Issued	Amount of Original Issue	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Bonds Outstanding at 9/30/21
Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2003 B	Utility	2003	\$ 4,980,000	9/30/23	\$ 3,405,000
Water and Sewer Revenue Note, Series 2015	Utility	2015	\$32,135,000	9/30/36	\$ 27,125,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Bonded debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ending		Revenu Series 2008		,		Capital Im Revenu Series	ie Note	e,		Capital	Leas	es
September 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2028	\$	151,000 149,000	\$	5,092 2,143	\$	905,000 926,000 948,000 969,000 992,000 2,053,000	\$	178,011 152,309 126,002 99,092 71,564 57,961	\$	730,416 625,746 581,008 440,036 129,936	\$	90,543 62,138 39,271 18,982 3,872
	\$	300,000	\$	7,235	\$	6,793,000	\$	684,939	\$	2,507,142	\$	214,806
Year Ending	Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2016			Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Note, Series 2018			Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018					
September 30		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest	
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2031 2032-2033	\$	208,000 212,000 216,000 220,000 225,000 1,187,000 62,000	\$	42,114 38,195 34,202 30,135 25,993 64,907 290	\$	1,804,000 1,859,000 1,915,000 1,973,000 2,033,000 2,094,000	\$	325,435 270,124 213,137 154,428 93,937 31,619	\$	975,000 1,007,000 1,040,000 1,074,000 1,110,000 6,122,000 2,741,000	\$	448,190 415,486 381,711 346,830 310,794 970,465 91,195
	\$	2,330,000	\$	235,836	\$	11,678,000	\$	1,088,680	\$	14,069,000	\$	2,964,671

Business-type Activities

Year Ending		Water & Refunding Note, Se	g Rever	nue	Water & Sewer Revenue Note, Series 2021				
September 30	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2031 2032-2036	\$	1,673,000 1,703,000	\$	40,154		1,710,000 1,754,000 1,798,000 9,676,000 0,953,000	\$	571,760 647,275 625,900 582,600 538,200 1,985,751 698,186	
	\$	3,376,000	\$	40,154	\$ 2	5,891,000	\$	5,649,672	

NOTE 7 - LEASES

Primary Government:

Operating Lease. The City leases a portion of its property in the capital assets. All revenues from rentals are accounted for by the operating lease method. The cost of leased property in the capital assets is not determinable and is included in the municipal waterfront land, buildings, and improvements of \$1,638,279. Rental income totaled \$245,834 in the General Fund during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. As of September 30, 2021, minimum rentals collectible on the noncancellable lease in the General Fund totaled \$880,000 as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2022	\$ 20,000
2023	20,000
2024	20,000
2025	20,000
2026	20,000
2027-2031	100,000
2032-2036	100,000
2037-2041	100,000
2042-2046	100,000
2047-2051	100,000
2052-2056	100,000
2057-2061	100,000
2062-2065	80,000
Total	\$ 880,000

Capital Leases. The City has entered into lease agreements to finance equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The cost of assets acquired through capital leases is \$5,157,700 and is included in equipment. Accumulated depreciation for the equipment is \$2,964,864 as of September 30, 2021, which makes the net value \$2,192,836. Interest in the amount of \$94,574 was incurred and charged to expense for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these lease payments as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

NOTE 7 - LEASES (Continued)

<u>Year</u>	
2022	\$ 820,958
2023	687,885
2024	620,279
2025	459,018
2026	 133,808
	2,721,948
Less amount representing interest	 (214,806)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 2,507,142

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

Panama City Port Authority

Operating Lease. The Port Authority leases a portion of its property to various lessees under operating lease agreements, both cancellable and noncancellable. Total minimum future rentals for noncancellable leases at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ 1,948,915 1,972,230 1,405,710 1,107,135
2026	1,046,118
Total	\$ <u>7,480,108</u>

The cost and accumulated depreciation of property held for rental included on the balance sheet are as follows:

Land	\$ 360,383
Buildings and improvements	12,781,657
Accumulated depreciation	(8,539,162)
Total	\$ 4,602,878

The Port Authority recognized \$2,883,669 of revenue from property leases during the year, none of which was from contingent rentals.

NOTE 7 - LEASES (Continued)

The Port Authority is the lessee in an agreement with the City of Panama City, Florida, for the lease of the land occupied by the Port Authority. The lease is for a period of 99 years, expiring August 31, 2065. The terms of the lease include a minimum annual payment of \$20,000 plus additional rent as the Port Authority deems appropriate in view of its surplus. This additional amount is arbitrary and subject to mutual agreement. Annual rent in the amount of \$24,000, \$4,000 above the minimum, was paid for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Future minimum rental commitments at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year	
2022	\$ 20,000
2023	20,000
2024	20,000
2025	20,000
2026	20,000
2027-2031	100,000
2032-2036	100,000
2037-2041	100,000
2042-2046	100,000
2047-2051	100,000
2052-2056	100,000
2057-2061	100,000
2062-2065	80,000
Total	\$ 880,000

Capital Leases. The Port Authority entered into a capital lease for machinery and equipment during the year ended September 30, 2019. The lease has a bargain purchase option of \$1 with monthly payments of \$1,397. The lease was paid off during the year ended September 30, 2021. Minimum lease payments have been capitalized for the financial statements. The cost of assets acquired through capital leases is \$33,527 and is included in machinery and equipment. Accumulated depreciation for the machinery and equipment is \$10,058 as of September 30, 2021, which makes the net value \$23,469.

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances at September 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	Due From	Due To
Primary Government:		
Governmental Funds -		
Major -		
General Fund	\$10,111,765	\$ 682,014
Capital Projects	374,107	8,684,901
Hurricane Michael	7,721,260	12,045
State Housing Initiative Partnership-City	2,277,304	139,823
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds –		
Disaster Fund		300,855
Community Planning and Development		600,993
State Housing Initiative Partnership-County	100,597	2,498,690
Panama City Community Redevelopment		
Agency-St. Andrews	89,597	
Panama City Community Redevelopment		
Agency-Downtown	43,861	
Panama City Community Redevelopment		
Agency-Downtown North	21,372	22,164
Panama City Community Redevelopment		
Agency-Millville	33,574	
Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster		
Relief Fund		7,880
General Grants		433,378
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds -		
Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified)		13,906
Proprietary Funds -		
Major -		
Utilities	821,848	7,905,835
Solid Waste	194,515	370,927
Marina		24,054
Nonmajor -		
Equipment Maintenance		92,335
Total	<u>\$21,789,800</u>	\$21,789,800

Because the City does not employ a true cash pool, interfund balances occur because of the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures are incurred, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Transfers in/out are summarized as follows:

Transfers in/out are summarized as follows.	T	T
	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Primary Government:		
Governmental Funds -		
Major		
General Fund	\$ 3,775,229	\$ 8,192,602
Capital Projects		5,070,161
Capital Projects Infrastructure Sales Tax		1,141,078
State Housing Initiative Partnership-City		28,838
Aggregate Major	3,775,229	14,432,679
Nonmajor		
General Grants		21,737
Community Planning and Development	166,875	41,035
State Housing Initiative Partnership-County		29,531
Panama City Community Redevelopment		23,001
Agency - St. Andrews		15,895
Panama City Community Redevelopment		15,075
Agency - Downtown		6,996
Panama City Community Redevelopment		0,770
Agency - Downtown North		55,612
Panama City Community Redevelopment		33,012
Agency - Millville		161 001
Infrastructure Surtax		161,991
Debt Service Series 2008	156 547	5,656,676
	156,547	
Debt Service Series 2013B	1,095,716	
Debt Service Series 2016	250,001	
Debt Service Infrastructure Series 2018	2,156,676	
Debt Service Series 2018	1,439,277	
Debt Service Hurricane Series 2019	1,788,000	
Aggregate Nonmajor	7,053,092	5,989,473
Proprietary Funds -		
Major		
Utilities	4,866,078	1,842,586
Solid Waste		1,527,787
Marina	3,418,424	303,861
Aggregate Major	8,284,502	3,674,234
Nonmajor		
Medical Self-Insurance	4,960,867	
Dental Insurance	122,446	
Equipment Maintenance	,	99,750
Aggregate Nonmajor	5,083,313	99,750
-000···y	\$ 24,196,136	\$ 24,196,136
	* = .,120,120	* - ·,··/ ·,·· ·

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers are used to provide for debt service requirements, grant matches, funding capital projects, and allocating administrative costs, insurance costs, and equipment maintenance expenses.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS

The City and component unit, the Panama City Port Authority (Port Authority), have provided retirement plans covering substantially all employees. All participants except Police Officers' and Firefighters' are included in the Florida Retirement System or the Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees of the City of Panama City, Florida. The City and the Port Authority maintain a separate Pension Fund for each of the groups excluded by the Florida Retirement System or the Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees of the City of Panama City, Florida. The City also provides a Senior Management Pension Plan.

9.1 Florida Retirement System

Plan Administration:

All full time City and Port Authority employees hired before January 1, 1996, except Police and Fire sworn personnel, are eligible to participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan ("Investment Plan") alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for employees filling a regularly established position in a state agency, county agency, district school board, state university, or state community college. Participation by municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The FRS was established and administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. The FRS pension plan.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, Research and Education Section, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the web site: www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce-operations/retirement/publications.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Plan

Plan Description:

The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer qualified defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

a. Benefits Provided

Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, and Elected Officers' class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is three percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3.0% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit at retirement multiplied by 3.0%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

b. Contributions

Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute 3.0% of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions,

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 and from July 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, respectively, were as follows: Regular – 10.47% and 10.82%; Senior Management Service – 27.29% and 29.01%; and DROP participants – 16.98% and 18.34%. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for both periods.

The contributions, including employee contributions, to the Pension Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Primary Government Someone Unit \$134,640 \$18,078

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

Primary Government:

At September 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$981,464 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2019-20 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2020, the City's proportionate share was .003028567 percent, which was a decrease of .000004678 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

At September 30, 2021, the Port Authority reported a liability of \$30,299 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Port Authority's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2019-20 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the Port Authority's proportionate share was .000401095 percent, which was a decrease of .000079272 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit:

The pension expense (income) amounts recognized for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Primary Government S(139,542) Discretely Presented Component Unit \$(15,749)

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

In addition, the reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions were from the following sources:

	Primary Government				Discretely Presented Component Unit			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	39,212	\$	-	\$	5,193	\$	-
Change of assumptions		156,538				20,732		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments				798,134				105,703
Differences in proportion and differences between Pension Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions				281,666		1,980		46,111
Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date		32,622				4,475		
Total Pension Plan	\$	228,372	\$	1,079,800	\$	32,380	\$	151,814

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, resulting from contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Subsequent contributions are as follows:

	Discretely Presented
Primary Government	Component Unit
\$32,622	\$4,475

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:	 Primary Government		Discretely Presented Component Unit
2022	\$ (221,776)	\$	(29,439)
2023	(204,300)		(27,162)
2024	(186,310)		(26,849)
2025	(170,238)		(24,007)
2026	(125,465)		(19,635)
Thereafter	24,039		3,183
Total	\$ (884,050)	\$	(123,909)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.8%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.00%	2.10%	2.10%	1.10%
Fixed income	20.00%	3.80%	3.70%	3.30%
Global equity	54.20%	8.20%	6.70%	17.80%
Real estate	10.30%	7.10%	6.20%	13.80%
Private equity	10.80%	11.70%	8.50%	26.40%
Strategic investments	3.70%	5.70%	5.40%	8.40%
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.40%	1.2%

(1) As outlined in the Pension Plan's investment policy

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.8%. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation of the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following represents the proportionate shares of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.8%) or one percentage point higher (7.8%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease 5.8%	Current Discount Rate 6.8%			1% Increase 7.8%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,023,092	\$	228,774	\$	(435,187)	
Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	135,495	\$	30,299	\$	(57,635)	

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan:

Primary Government:

At September 30, 2021, the City reported a payable in the amount of \$12,087 for outstanding contributions to the Pension Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

At September 30, 2021, the Port Authority reported a payable in the amount of \$1,884 for outstanding contributions to the Pension Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

HIS Plan

Plan Description:

The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the State, administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

a. Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

b. *Contributions*

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the HIS contribution for the period was 1.66%. The City and the Port Authority contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The contributions to the HIS Plan totaled for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Primary Government S16,145 Discretely Presented Component Unit \$2,307

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

Primary Government:

At September 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$332,325 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2019-20 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportionate share was .002709207 percent, which was a decrease of .0004111 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

At September 30, 2021, the Port Authority reported a liability of \$45,259 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Port Authority's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2019-20 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the Port Authority's proportionate share was .000368968 percent, which was a decrease of .000108814 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit:

The pension expense (income) amounts recognized for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Primary Government (\$67,411) Discretely Presented Component Unit (\$8,261)

In addition, the reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions were from the following sources:

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

		Prim Goveri		•		Discretely Presented Component Unit		
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Inflows of O		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	11,120	\$	139	\$	1,514 \$	19	
Change of assumptions		26,113		13,693		3,556	1,865	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		346				47		
Differences in proportion and differences between HIS Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions				218,564			34,359	
HIS Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	3,833				581		
Total HIS Plan	\$	41,412	\$	232,396	\$	5,698 \$	36,243	

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, resulting from contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Subsequent contributions are as follows:

	Discretely Presented
Primary Government	Component Unit
\$3,833	\$581

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:	Primary Government		 iscretely Presented Component Unit
2021	\$	(64,840)	\$ (8,829)
2022		(45,202)	(7,331)
2023		(36,194)	(6,081)
2024		(26,110)	(5,520)
2025		(21,291)	(3,084)
Thereafter		(1,180)	(281)
Total	\$	(194,817)	\$ (31,126)

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.40%

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 2.16%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018 of the FRS Pension Plan.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.16%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following represents the City and the Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.16%, as well as what the City and the Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 1.16%		Current Discount Rate 2.16%		1% Increase 3.16%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 384,200	\$	332,325	\$	289,825
Port Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 52,324	\$	45,259	\$	39,471

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to the HIS Plan:

Primary Government:

At September 30, 2021, the City reported a payable in the amount of \$1,318 for outstanding contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

At September 30, 2021, the Port Authority reported a payable in the amount of \$244 for outstanding contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Investment Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. City employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular class, Elected County Officers, etc.) as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2019-20 fiscal year, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 6.30%, Special Risk Administrative Support class 7.95%, and County Elected Officers class 11.34%.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account.

If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The City did not have any participants in the Investment Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

9.2 Police Officers', Firefighters', and Senior Management Pension Trust Funds

Plan Description:

a. Plan Names

The Police Officers, Firefighters, and Senior Management participate in single-employer contributory defined benefit retirement plans. They are as follows:

City of Panama City Municipal Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund (Police Officers') City of Panama City Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund (Firefighters') City of Panama City Supplemental Retirement Plan for Designated General Employees (Senior Management)

b. Plan Administration, Police Officers', Firefighters', and Senior Management Pension Trust Funds
The sole and exclusive administration of and responsibility for the proper operation of the systems
and for making effective the provisions of this division are hereby vested in each Board of
Trustees. Each Board is hereby designated as its plan administrator. Each Board shall consist of
five Trustees, two of whom, unless otherwise prohibited by law, shall be legal residents of the
City, who shall be appointed by the City Commission, and two of whom shall be members of the
system, who shall be elected by a majority of the respective police officers, firefighters, or senior
management participants who are members of that system. The fifth Trustee shall be chosen by a
majority of the previous four trustees as provided for herein, and such person's name shall be
submitted to the City Commission. The Police Officers', Firefighters', and Senior Management
Pension Trust Funds do not issue audited stand-alone financial statements but rely on the audit
performed for the City. Full-time sworn police officers participate as a condition of employment.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Full-time firefighters participate as a condition of employment. Designated employees (Senior Management) of the City of Panama City, including designated managers and directors, the City Engineer, the City Commission, the City Manager, the Assistant City Managers, and the City Clerk participate as a condition of employment.

c. Plan Membership

Membership of each plan consisted of the following:

	Police Officers' Pension 10/1/20	Firefighters' Pension 10/1/20	Senior Management Pension
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	101	81	16
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	32	10	2
Active plan members	83	74	17
Total members	216	<u>165</u>	35
Number of participating employers	1	1	1

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

d. Benefits Provided

Normal Retirement

	Police Officers' Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Senior Management <u>Pension</u>
Date	15 years of credited service, 2)	Earlier of: 1) Age 55 and the completion of 10 years of credited service, or 2) 25 years of credited service, regardless of age.	Category 1 employees, or

Benefit

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits. A summary of the benefit provisions can be found in the October 1, 2020 Actuarial Panama City Municipal Police Actuaries and Consultants.

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits. A summary of the benefit provisions can be found in the October 1, 2020 Actuarial Valuation Report for the City of Valuation Report for the City of City Municipal Panama Officers' Pension Trust Fund Firefighters' Retirement System prepared by Foster & Foster prepared by Foster & Foster Actuaries and Consultants.

1% of average earnings times the years of credited service, or a minimum benefit of \$50 per month times up to 20 years each year of credited service for Category and 1 employees, or \$100 per month for each year of service up to 10 years for Category 3 employees.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

reduced as early as age 40).

Early Retirement

Larry Kethem	<u>ent</u>		
	Police Officers' Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Senior Management <u>Pension</u>
Date	Earlier of: 1) Age 40 and completion of 15 years of credited service, or 2) age 50 and the completion of 10 years of credited service.	Age 45 and completion of 10 years of credited service.	None provided
Benefit	Determined as for normal retirement and reduced 3% for each year the commencement of benefits precedes normal retirement date.	retirement (without	None provided
Termination o	<u>f Employment</u>		
Benefit	contributions without interest.	member contributions without interest. 10 or more: refund of contributions or vested	of accumulated member contributions without interest. More than 6 years:

benefit payable at age 50 (or benefit not included) payable payable

as age 45).

at age 55 (or reduced as early retirement date.

normal

Dicability

<u>Disability</u>			
Eligibility	Total and permanent as determined by the Board (medical proof required) after completing 10 years of service.	(medical proof required). One	None provided
Benefit	Accrued benefit but not less than 42% of average final compensation (service incurred) and 25% of average final compensation (non-service incurred).	than 42% of average final compensation (service incurred) and 25% of average	None provided

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits

Police Off	icers
Pensio	n

Greater of:

1) death benefit provided in Chapter 185, F.S., 2) accumulated member contributions, or, 3) 3 times annual salary.

Firefighters' Pension

Vested: Greater of:

1) actuarial equivalent of participant's accrued benefit payable as a Ten Year Certain and Life Annuity, or 2) 3 times annual salary. Prior to vesting: 3 times annual salary.

Senior Management Pension

Return of accumulated employee contributions.

Supplement

Service retirees (Early and and members Normal) with vested deferred benefits who terminate on or after 10/1/2000, receive a \$450 per month benefit payable to the earlier of death or age 65. Those who terminate on or after 10/1/2006 and prior to 10/1/2016 will receive this benefit for the life of the member. Those who terminate on or after 10/1/2016 will receive \$650 per month for the life of the member.

\$575 per month to earlier of None provided death or Social Security retirement age.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment

Members retiring on or after 1/1/1998, receive a 2% per year increase beginning on January 1 following the later of age 50 or the date of retirement and ending on January 1 of the year the member reaches Social Security retirement age.

Each January 1, following retirement, the base benefit is increased annually by 3.0% (1.0% if retired prior to January 1, 1999). Adjustments cease at Social Security retirement age (age if retired between 1/1/1994 and 9/30/1997). Supplemental benefits are not adjusted.

Cost of living increases of 2% per year for Category 1 employees with 15 continuous years of credited service and Category 2 and 3 employees with 10 continuous years of credited service.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

e. Contributions

	Police Officers' Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Senior Management <u>Pension</u>		
Employee	8.13% of salary	7.5% of salary	4.5% of pensionable earnings		
Employer	necessary after member and State contributions for payment of normal cost and amortization of accrued past service	Remaining amount necessary after member and State contributions for payment of normal cost and amortization of accrued past service liability over 30 years. In no event less than 7.5% of total salaries of the members.	Subject to State minimums.		
State	0.85% tax on insurance premiums.	1.85% tax on insurance premiums.	None provided		

Investments:

a. Investment Policy:

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2021:

	Police Officers' Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Senior Management <u>Pension</u>	
	Target	Target		Target
Asset Class	Allocation	Allocation	Asset Class	Allocation
Domestic equity	32.00%	32.00%	Core bonds	15.00%
International equity	15.00%	12.00%	Core plus	15.00%
Bonds	24.00%	19.00%	U. S. large cap equity	25.00%
High yield bonds	5.00%	5.00%	U. S. small cap equity	14.00%
Convertibles	8.00%	10.00%	Non-U.S. equity	21.00%
Private real estate	5.00%	5.00%	Core real estate	10.00%
REITS	5.00%	5.00%		
Infrastructure	5.00%	5.00%		
Cash	1.00%	1.00%		

b. Concentrations:

The Plans did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of each Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

c. Rate of Return:

expense was 20.50%.

For the year ended September
30, 2021 the annual money-
weighted rate of return on
Pension Plan investments, net
of pension plan investment

Police Officers'

Pension

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Firefighters' Pension

30, 2021 the annual moneyexpense was 19.50%.

expense, adjusted for the expense, changing amounts actually invested.

Senior Management Pension

For the year ended September For the year ended September 30, 2021, the annual moneyweighted rate of return on weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment of pension plan investment expense, was 19.51%.

The money-weighted rate of The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment return expresses investment performance, net of investment performance, net of investment adjusted changing amounts actually invested.

Deferred Retirement Option Program:

Eligibility

Police Officers'	Firefighters'	Senior Management		
<u>Pension</u>	<u>Pension</u>	<u>Pension</u>		
Satisfaction of Normal Retirement requirements.	Satisfaction of Normal Retirement requirements (earlier of (1) Age 55 and 10 years of credited service, or (2) 25 years of credited service).	•		

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

	Police Officers' Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Senior Management Pension
<u>Participation</u>	<u>r Gibloir</u>	<u>r Unision</u>	rension
	If a member has completed less than 25 years of service, not to exceed 60 months. If a member has completed at least 25 but less than 27 years of service, not to exceed 60 months. If a member has completed at least 27 but less than 30 years of service, not to exceed 36 months. Members with 30 years and 1 day of service are ineligible.	with 10 years of service, not to exceed 36 months. If a member has completed 25-27 years of service, not to exceed 60 months. If a member has completed 27-30 years of service, not to exceed 36 months. Members with 30 years and 1 day of	are as follows: Category 1 - designated managers and directors and the City engineer. Category 2 - City Commission, Assistant City Managers, and City Clerk Category 3 -
Rate of Return	6.5% per annum, credited quarterly. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2021 is \$242,379.	quarterly. The DROP	None provided

Employer Reporting of Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Actuarial Assumptions (Employer Reporting)

Reporting Date, Measurement Date, and Valuation Date (Employer Reporting):

Net pension liabilities, deferred pension outflows of resources, deferred pension inflows of resources, and pension expense are all presented as of the City's reporting date (September 30, 2021) and for the City's reporting period (the year ended September 30, 2021). These amounts are measured as of the measurement date and for the measurement period (the period between the prior and current measurement dates). GASB Statement No. 68 requires that the current measurement date be no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year. For the reporting date of September 30, 2021, the City has chosen to use the end of the prior fiscal year (September 30, 2020) as the measurement date, and the year ended September 30, 2020 as the measurement period for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pensions and September 30, 2021 as the measurement date, and the year ended September 30, 2021 as the measurement period for Senior Management Pension.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The total pension liability is determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the measurement date, or by the use of update procedures to roll forward to the measurement date amounts from an actuarial valuation as of a date no more than 30 months and 1 day earlier than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. The City has elected to apply update procedures to roll forward amounts from an actuarial valuation performed as of October 1, 2019 to the measurement date of September 30, 2020 for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pensions, and to apply update procedures to roll forward amounts from an actuarial valuation performed as of October 1, 2020 to the measurement date of September 30, 2021 for the Senior Management Pension.

Net Pension Liability (Employer Reporting):

The components of the net pension liability of the sponsor on September 30, 2021 were as follows:

Police Officers' Changes in Net Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Reporting Period Ending			
September 30, 2020	\$ 45,382,135	\$ 35,909,459	\$ 9,472,676
Changes for a year:			
Service cost	940,064		940,064
Interest	3,446,525		3,446,525
Change in Excess State Money	7,102		7,102
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	748,674		748,674
Changes of assumptions	(367,260)		(367,260)
Contributions – Employer		1,237,615	(1,237,615)
Contributions – State		353,224	(353,224)
Contributions – Employee		363,306	(363,306)
Net investment income		2,790,101	(2,790,101)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(3,102,445)	(3,102,445)	
Administrative expense		(76,591)	76,591
Net changes	1,672,660	1,565,210	107,450
Reporting Period Ending			
September 30, 2021	\$ 47,054,795	\$ 37,474,669	\$ 9,580,126

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Firefighters'	ui iuc	, u				
Changes in Net Pension Liability		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Reporting Period Ending	¢	52 902 <i>(</i> 51	¢.	27 242 102	¢	15 (50 150
September 30, 2020	\$	52,892,651	\$	37,242,193	\$	15,650,458
Changes for a year:		902 626				902 626
Service cost Interest		803,636				803,636 4,010,409
		4,010,409				4,010,409
Differences between expected and		384,420				284 420
actual experience		122,669				384,420 122,669
Changes of assumptions Contributions – Employer		122,009		2,134,496		(2,134,496)
Contributions – Employer Contributions – State				315,605		(315,605)
				269,326		
Contributions – Employee Net investment income				1,227,269		(269,326) (1,227,269)
Benefit payments, including refunds				1,227,209		(1,227,209)
of employee contributions		(3,213,489)		(3,213,489)		
Administrative expense		(3,213,469)		(3,213,469) $(45,563)$		45,563
Net changes		2 107 645		687,644		1,420,001
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		2,107,645		067,044		1,420,001
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2021	\$	55,000,296	\$	37,929,837	\$	17,070,459
Senior Management				Plan		Net
Changes in Net Pension Liability		Total Pension		Fiduciary		Pension
Changes in 1 vet I cholon Elacinty		Liability		Net Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
Balances at September 30, 2020 Changes for a Year:	\$	3,702,432	\$	3,615,535	\$	86,897
Service cost		127,467				127,467
Expected interest growth		260,369		249,098		11,271
Unexpected investment income		200,203		444,528		(444,528)
Demographic experience		33,490		, e = 0		33,490
Contributions – Employer		22,190		77,457		(77,457)
Contributions – Employee				58,191		(58,191)
Benefit payments, including refunds				, -, -		(= =,== =)
of employee contributions		(234,646)		(234,646)		
Administrative expense		(=0 1,0 10)		(16,961)		16,961
Assumption changes		(61,481)		(-0,501)		(61,481)
Net changes		125,199		577,667		(452,468)
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	3,827,631	\$	4,193,202	\$	(365,571)
1	-	-)	+	, ,	*	())

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Expense (Employer Reporting):

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Sponsor will recognize a pension expense of:

Deferred Pension Outflows of Resources and Deferred Pension Inflows of Resources (Employer Reporting):

On September 30, 2021, the Sponsor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Police Officers'			_	Firefighters'				Senior Management			
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected actual experience	\$	499,116	\$	113,824	\$	371,068	\$	463,461	\$	45,229	\$	92,575
Changes in assumptions		452,197		244,840		948,225		42,543		228,991		131,221
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		118,146				1,974,704						327,272
Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,693,201				2,643,749						
Total	\$	2,762,660	\$	358,664	\$	5,937,746	\$	506,004	\$	274,220	\$	551,068

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, resulting from contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Subsequent contributions are as follows;

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in Pension Expense as follows:

				Senior
Fiscal Year Ending	Po	lice Officers'	Firefighters'	Management
September 30:		Pension	Pension	Pension
2022	\$	424,258	\$ 783,481	\$ (100,445)
2023		283,207	921,775	(60,735)
2024		17,776	657,438	(58,183)
2025		(14,446)	425,339	(57,485)
2026				
Total	\$	710,795	\$ 2,788,033	\$ (276,848)

Actuarial Assumptions (Employer Reporting):

			Senior
	Police Officers'	Firefighters'	Management
	<u>Pension</u>	<u>Pension</u>	<u>Pension</u>
Funding method	Entry age normal actuarial cost method. The following loads are utilized for determination of the total required contribution: -Interest – a half-year, based on the 8.0% assumptionSalary – a full-year, based on the 6% assumption.	total required contribution:	
Amortization method	Level % of pay, Closed	Level % of pay, Closed	Level % of pay, Open
Remaining amortization period	30 years	30 years	30 years

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

			Senior
	Police Officers'	Firefighters'	Management
	<u>Pension</u>	<u>Pension</u>	<u>Pension</u>
Asset	Each year, the Actuarial Value	Each year, the prior Actuarial	Market Value
Valuation	of Assets is brought forward	Value of Assets is brought	
Method	utilizing the historical geometric	forward utilizing the historical	
	four-year average of Market	geometric four-year average of	
	Value return (net-of-fees). It is possible that over time this	Market Value return (net-of-	
	technique will produce an	fees). It is possible that over time this technique will produce	
	insignificant bias above or below	an insignificant bias above or	
	Market Value of Assets.	below Market Value of Assets.	
Post	2% per year from the later of	3% per year from the later of	2% per year for
Retirement	retirement or age 50 to Social	retirement or age 50 to Social	category 1 with
COLA	Security Retirement Age	Security Retirement Age	15 years and
	, c	, c	category 2 and
			3 with 10 years
			of service.
Inflation	2.7%	2.7%	2.62%
	,,,,	- 1, , , ;	2.027
Salary Increases	Service based	Service based	4.00%
	Service based	Service based	4.0070
Investment			
Rate of Return	7.7%	7.7%	4.38%
Mortality	RP-2000 Generational, with	RP-2000 Generational, with	* See Below
Rates	projection scale BB tables	projection scale BB tables	
		= =	

Senior Management Pension

*Pre-retirement mortality is based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median Employee Mortality Table for general employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with male ages set back one year; post-retirement mortality is based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table for general employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with male ages set back one year.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following tables:

Police Officers' and Firefighters' as of September 30, 2020

		Police Officers'	Firefighters'
		Long-Term	Long-Term
		Expected Real	Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	32.00%	8.5%	8.5%
International equity	15.00%	4.1%	4.1%
Bonds	24.00%	3.7%	3.7%
High yield bonds	5.00%	6.4%	6.4%
Convertibles	8.00%	7.9%	7.9%
Private real estate	5.00%	5.0%	5.0%
REITS	5.00%	7.9%	7.9%
Infrastructure	5.00%	6.4%	6.4%
Cash	1.00%	.5%	.5%

Senior Management as of September 30, 2021

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Core bonds	15.00%	1.6%
Core plus	15.00%	2.1%
U.S. large cap equity	25.00%	4.6%
U.S. small cap equity	14.00%	5.5%
Non-U.S. equity	21.00%	6.7%
Core real estate	10.00%	5.0%

Discount Rate (Employer Reporting):

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.6% for Police Officers', 7.6% for Firefighters', and 7.0% for senior management. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (Employer Reporting):

Sponsor's Net Pension Liability	 1% Decrease 6.60%	Cu	rrent Discount Rate 7.60%	1% Increase 8.60%
Police Officers'	\$ 14,858,355	\$	9,580,126	\$ 5,174,890
	 1% Decrease 6.60%	Cu	rrent Discount Rate 7.60%	1% Increase 8.60%
Firefighters'	\$ 23,720,730	\$	17,070,459	\$ 11,570,702
	 1% Decrease 6.00%	Cu	rrent Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
Senior Management	\$ 54,295	\$	(365,571)	\$ (717,565)

Net Pension Liability and Disclosures Required by GASB Statement No. 67 (Plan Reporting)

This section includes the information that is required to be presented by GASB Statement No. 67, reporting on the financial statement for the defined benefit plans for the year ended September 30, 2021. Separate valuations were performed by actuaries to calculate the total pension liability in accordance with this standard for financial reporting by pension plans and calculates the net pension liability (NPL). The plans elected to base the valuations on plan data as of September 30, 2021. In addition to presenting the NPL, this section also includes information on the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation, the discount rate that was used to calculate the NPL, and disclosures as to the sensitivity of the NPL to changes in the discount rate.

Net Pension Liabilities (Plan Reporting):

	Police Officers' Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Senior Management <u>Pension</u>
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position Sponsor's net pension liability Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension	\$ 50,348,910 (43,929,327) \$ 6,419,583	\$ 57,055,547 (44,704,700) \$ 12,350,847	\$ 3,827,631 (4,193,202) \$ (365,571)
liability	87.25%	78.35%	109.55%

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Plan Reporting):

The September 30, 2021 total pension liability for Police Officers' and Firefighters' was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of September 30, 2020 to September 30, 2021, using the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the October 1, 2020 actuarial valuation on the plans. Except for the changes listed as follows there have been no other changes. For the 2021 fiscal year, amounts reported as changes of assumptions for the pension plan resulted from:

Changes of assumptions

Police Officers' Pension

For measurement date 09/30/2021, the Board approved the following assumption changes based on the March 4, 2021 actuarial experience study: 1) Reduce the investment return assumption from 7.60% to 7.50% per year, net of investment related expenses; 2) Increase expected salary increases for Members following their initial year of employment and decrease expected salary increases for Members with one to ten years of service; 3) Increase expected termination rates for Members with greater than 10 years of service; and 4) Generally decrease expected rates of retirement for both early and normal retirement.

Firefighters' Pension

For measurement date 09/30/2021, the Board approved the following assumption changes based on the March 4, 2021 actuarial experience study: 1) Reduce the investment return assumption from 7.60% to 7.50% per year, net of investment related expenses; 2) Increase expected salary increases for Members with less than ten years of service and decrease expected salary increases for Members with ten or more years of service; 3) Add a 2.0% expected retirement rate for Members eligible for early retirement; and 4) Increase expected termination rates for Members with less than five years of service and decrease expected termination rates for Members with sixteen or more years of service.

Senior Management Pension

Since the prior measurement date, the mortality basis was changed from the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with generational improvement in mortality using Scale BB to selected PUB-2010 Mortality Tables with generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

	Police Officers'	Firefighters'
	Pension	Pension
	Long-Term	Long-Term
	Expected Real Rate of	Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Return	Return
Domestic equity	8.3%	8.3%
International equity	4.1%	4.1%
Bonds	3.1%	3.1%
High yield bonds	5.6%	5.6%
Convertibles	7.8%	7.8%
Private real estate	5.5%	5.5%
REITS	8.2%	8.2%
Infrastructure	7.0%	7.0%
Cash	0.2%	0.2%

Discount Rate (Plan Reporting):

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5% for Police Officers', 7.5% for Firefighters', and 7.0% for senior management. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (Plan Reporting):

Sponsor's Net Pension Liability			Cu	rrent Discount	
	1	% Decrease		Rate	1% Increase
		6.5%		7.5%	8.5%
Police Officers'	\$	12,239,169	\$	6,419,583	\$ 1,580,292
			Cu	rrent Discount	
	1	% Decrease		Rate	1% Increase
		6.5%		7.5%	8.5%
Firefighters'	\$	19,344,260	\$	12,350,847	\$ 6,582,557
			Cu	rrent Discount	
	1	% Decrease		Rate	1% Increase
	-	6.0%	-	7.0%	 8.0%
Senior Management	\$	54,295	\$	(365,571)	\$ (717,565)

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Combining Statement of Pension Plan Net Position September 30, 2021

	Police Officers'	Firefighters'	Senior Management	T. 4.1
	Pension	Pension	Pension	Total
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Short term investments	\$ 1,142,019	\$ 1,092,079	\$ -	\$ 2,234,098
Cash			29,257	29,257
Total cash and equivalents	1,142,019	1,092,079	29,257	2,263,355
Receivables:				
Member contributions in transit	7,176	4,991	7,742	19,909
City contributions	25,596	41,938	5,816	73,350
Additional City contributions	40,065			40,065
State contributions	356,877	306,137		663,014
Investment income	17,956	5,643		23,599
Total receivables	447,670	358,709	13,558	819,937
Investments:				
Common stocks	7,853,608			7,853,608
Corporate bonds	5,380,275			5,380,275
Mutual funds:				
Fixed income	9,806,500	14,439,763		24,246,263
Equity	15,906,353	13,556,229		29,462,582
Pooled/common/commingled funds:				
Fixed income			647,845	647,845
Equity		12,690,533	3,151,453	15,841,986
Real estate investment trust	3,433,572	2,593,613	351,090	6,378,275
Total investments	42,380,308	43,280,138	4,150,388	89,810,834
Total assets	43,969,997	44,730,926	4,193,203	92,894,126
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable:				
Administrative expenses		669		669
Investment expenses	29,899	16,873		46,772
Prior refunds	668			668
Other payables	10,103	8,684		18,787
Total accounts payable	40,670	26,226		66,896
Total liabilities	40,670	26,226		66,896
Net Position:				
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 43,929,327	\$ 44,704,700	\$ 4,193,203	\$ 92,827,230

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Police Officers' Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Senior Management Pension	Total
Additions				
Contributions:				
Plan members	\$ 363,828	\$ 276,969	\$ 58,191	\$ 698,988
Employer	1,336,324	2,337,612	77,457	3,751,393
State	356,877	306,137		663,014
Total contributions	2,057,029	2,920,718	135,648	5,113,395
Investment earnings:				
Net appreciation				
in fair value of investments	6,913,641	6,855,075	693,627	14,462,343
Interest	867,963	696,849		1,564,812
Total investment earnings	7,781,604	7,551,924	693,627	16,027,155
Less investment expense	(180,111)	(192,105)		(372,216)
Net investment earnings	7,601,493	7,359,819	693,627	15,654,939
Total additions	9,658,522	10,280,537	829,275	20,768,334
Deductions				
Distributions to members:				
Benefit payments	2,863,308	3,083,126	224,326	6,170,760
Lump sum DROP distributions	182,684	314,509		497,193
Refunds of member contributions	106,045	54,626	10,320	170,991
Total distributions	3,152,037	3,452,261	234,646	6,838,944
Administrative expenses	51,827	53,413	16,961	122,201
Total deductions	3,203,864	3,505,674	251,607	6,961,145
Change in Net Position	6,454,658	6,774,863	577,668	13,807,189
Net Position Restricted				
for Pension Benefits Beginning of year	37,474,669	37,929,837	3,615,535	79,020,041
End of year	\$ 43,929,327	\$ 44,704,700	\$ 4,193,203	\$ 92,827,230

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

9.3 Aggregate Schedule of Retirement Plan Information

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, in total, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions were from the following sources:

	Primary Government		Discretely Compon		
		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	965,745 \$	669,999	\$ 6,707	\$ 19
Change of assumptions		1,812,064	432,297	24,288	1,865
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		2,093,196	1,125,406	47	105,703
Differences in proportion and differences between Pension Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions			500,230	1,980	80,470
Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,373,405		5,056	
Total	\$	9,244,410 \$	2,727,932	\$ 38,078	\$ 188,057

Pension Expense

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized total pension expense of \$3,884,572.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Port Authority recognized total pension expense of \$24,010.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

9.4 The Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees of the City of Panama City, Florida

a. Plan Description:

The Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees of the City of Panama City, Florida (Fund), is a single-employer defined contribution plan administered by Voya Financial.

b. Plan Provisions and Eligibility:

All full-time City employees hired after January 1, 1996, are eligible to participate in the Plan. The City ordinances establish these plan provisions. Participants must be 18 years or older with three months of service. The effective date of participation is the first day of the month coinciding with or following ninety days of employment. Members qualify for normal retirement on the participant's 65th birthday. See City Code section 2-334.11.

Each participant who is an employee on his or her attainment of normal retirement age or is terminated as a result of death or disability, to the extent not then vested, shall become fully vested. Upon the death of the participant, the participant's vested plan account shall be paid to the participant's beneficiary. If a participant's employment terminates for any reason other than retirement, disability or death, the benefits shall be vested as follows:

Years of Service	Vested Percentage
Less than 2	0%
2	20%
3	40%
4	60%
5	80%
6 or more	100%

The unvested portion shall be forfeited on the day the participant's employment is terminated. Any forfeitures that result from a participant's termination before he or she completes at least 12 months of service will be returned to the employer. All other forfeitures are allocated to the employer contribution accounts of eligible participants.

c. Contribution Obligations:

The City is required by a resolution of the City of Panama City, Florida to contribute 10% of participants' salaries to the plan. The City Commission has the authority to change contribution amounts. Total pension expense amounted to \$1,227,833, of which \$120,267 was forfeitures, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This is a noncontributory plan. Contributions are as follows:

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

		Percentage of
	Required	the Amount
	Contribution	Contributed
9/30/21	\$ 1,227,833	100%
9/30/20	1,050,263	100%
9/30/19	961,011	100%
9/30/18	929,999	100%
9/30/17	907,119	100%

d. A separately issued annual report of the Fund is available from the Voya Financial, Plan Number 666935, 1 Orange Way C35, Windsor, CT 06095.

9.5 **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees

The Port Authority participated in the Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees of the Panama City Port Authority for employees hired after January 1, 1996, who were not eligible to participate in the Florida Retirement System.

a. Plan Description:

The Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees of the Panama City Port Authority is a single- employer defined contribution plan administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc.

b. Plan Provisions and Eligibility:

All Port Authority full-time employees hired after January 1, 1996 are eligible to participate in the Fund. Employees must be 18 years or older with three months of service. The effective date of participation is the first day of the month coinciding with or following ninety days of employment. Members qualify for normal retirement, after obtaining ten years of creditable service, on the first of the month coinciding with or following the participant's 65th birthday. Benefits fully vest after participant reaches ten years of service, with partial vesting after the completion of six through nine years of service. The benefits shall be vested as follows:

Years of Service	Vested Percentage
1-5	0%
6	60%
7	70%
8	80%
9	90%
10	100%

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Any forfeited amounts are allocated to future plan contributions, and plan administrative expenditures.

c. Contribution Obligations:

The Port Authority is required to contribute 7% of participants' salaries to the plan. The City Commission has the authority to change contribution amounts. Total pension expense amounted to \$175,013, of which \$60,081 was forfeitures, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This is a noncontributory plan. Contributions are as follows:

		Percentage of
	Required	the Amount
	Contribution	Contributed
9/30/21	\$ 175,013	100%
9/30/20	198,926	100%
9/30/19	183,661	100%
9/30/18	172,563	100%
9/30/17	138,205	100%

d. A separately issued annual report of the Fund is available from the Florida League of Cities, Inc., 301 S. Bronough Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32302.

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description:

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "OPEB Plan"). Retirees under all of the City's Pension Plans continue their life insurance benefit (at a reduced level of \$1,000) and continue to receive health insurance benefits if they so choose. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the City is required to permit participation in the health insurance program by retirees and their eligible dependents at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees.

a. Contribution requirement

	City	Discretely Presented Component Unit
Contribution requirement	Retirees must contribute an amount determined periodically by the City based on actual claims experience; there are no minimum required employer contributions.	Retirees must contribute an amount determined periodically by the Authority equal to 100% of the applicable health insurance premium charged by the insurance carrier; there are no minimum required employer contributions.

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

b. Benefits Provided

	City	Discretely Presented Component Unit
	City	Component out
Employees covered	Regular, full time employees of the City of Panama City.	Regular, full time employees of the Panama City Port Authority.
Types of benefits provided	Post-retirement medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits.	Post-retirement medical benefits.
Medical coverage	Post-retirement medical coverage is provided to eligible individuals under the same self-insured plan that covers active employees; no explicit subsidy is provided to retirees.	Post-retirement medical coverage is provided to eligible individuals under the same fully-insured plan that covers active employees; no explicit subsidy is provided to retirees.
Plan choice	For health insurance coverage, retirees may choose from a basic plan or a buy-up plan.	None provided
Life insurance	The City provides a fully-insured life insurance benefit of \$1,000 to all retirees.	None provided
Legal authority	Under Florida State law, the City is required to offer retirees health insurance on the same basis as employees provided that the retiree pays the full premium for the relevant coverage.	Under Florida State law, the Authority is required to offer retirees health insurance on the same basis as employees provided that the retiree pays the full premium for the relevant coverage.
Changes	The benefit terms did not change from the prior measurement date.	The benefit terms did not change from the prior measurement date.

c. Membership

As of the most recent actuarial valuation of the net OPEB liability, membership data is as follows:

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

		Discretely
		Presented
	Primary	Component
	Government	Unit
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	30	-
Active members	<u>369</u>	63
	399	63

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Actuarial Assumptions

Measurement Date, and Valuation Date

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of September 30, 2021. The Total OPEB Liability was determined from an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020, for the primary government and October 1, 2019 for the discretely presented component unit. The Net OPEB Liability is the Total OPEB Liability less the Plan Fiduciary Net Position. The Total OPEB Liability is the present value of all future benefit payments for current retirees and active employees, considering assumptions about demographics, turnover, mortality, disability, retirement, health care trends, and other actuarial assumptions.

Primary

Discretely Presented

Net OPEB Liability:

	G	overnme	nt		Componer			
Total OPEB Liability Less: Fiduciary Net Position	\$	3,07	9,505	\$		253,70	65	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,079,5		\$	253		3,765	
Primary Government:			Total OPEB		Plan Fiduciary Net		Net OPEB	
Change in Net OPEB Liability			Liabilit		Position		Liability	
Beginning Net OPEB Liability		\$	2,239,0	015		\$	2,239,015	
Service Cost Interest Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments Difference between expected and	d actual		234, 57,9 (104, (181,2	909 670)			234,145 57,909 (104,670) (181,218)	
experience Net Change		_	834,3 840,4			<u> </u>	834,324 840,490	
Ending Net OPEB Liability	۔	110-	3,079,	505		\$	3,079,505	

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit: Change in Net OPEB Liability	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability
Beginning Net OPEB Liability	\$ 238,553		\$ 238,553
Service Cost	25,875		25,875
Interest	6,305		6,305
Demographic Gain	(3,966)		(3,966)
Assumption Changes	(2,983)		(2,983)
Benefit Payments	(10,019)		(10,019)
Net Change	15,212		15,212
Ending Net OPEB Liability	\$ 253,765		\$ 253,765

OPEB Expense (Income):

The OPEB expense (income) amounts recognized for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Primary	Discretely Presented				
Government	Component Unit				
\$ (18,538)	\$ 16,533				

Deferred OPEB Outflows of Resources and Deferred OPEB inflows of Resources

	Primary Government					Discretely Presented Component Unit			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	834,324	\$	1,263,516	\$	-	\$	-	
Change of assumptions		130,988		282,044		1,160		66,954	
Total	\$	965,312	\$	1,545,560	\$	1,160	\$	66,954	

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:	 Primary Government	 iscretely Presented Component Unit
2022	\$ (129,374)	\$ (5,628)
2023	(129,374)	(5,628)
2024	(129,374)	(5,628)
2025	(129,374)	(5,628)
2026	(129,374)	(5,628)
Thereafter	66,622	(37,654)
Total	\$ (580,248)	\$ (65,794)

Actuarial Assumption:

	City	Discretely Presented Component Unit
Discount Rate	2.43% per annum: this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments and is based on the return on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade index as of the measurement date.	2.43% per annum: this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments and is based on the return on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade index as of the measurement date.
Salary increases	3.0% per annum	3.0% per annum
Cost-of-living increases	Retiree contributions and health insurance premiums have been assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates.	Retiree contributions, health insurance premiums, and the implied subsidy have been assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates.
Healthcare cost trend rates	Increases in healthcare costs are assumed to be 6.50% for the 2020/21 fiscal year graded down by 0.50% per year to 5.00% for the 2023/24 and later fiscal years.	Increases in healthcare costs are assumed to be 7.00% for the 2019/20 fiscal year graded down by 0.50% per year to 5.00% for the 2023/24 and later fiscal years.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

	City	Discretely Presented Component Unit
Age-related morbidity	Healthcare costs are assumed to increase at the rate of 3.50% for each year of age.	Healthcare costs are assumed to increase at the rate of 3.50% for each year of age.
Expected claims/Implied subsidy	Claims cost at age 59 is assumed to be \$13,700 per covered individual for the 2020/21 fiscal year; this amount was determined based on actual claims during the preceding two years, with greater weight given to more recent experience.	Because the insurance carrier charges the same monthly rate for health insurance regardless of age, an implied monthly subsidy of \$625 for the retiree and \$450 for the retiree's spouse has been assumed at age 62 for the 2019/20 fiscal year; at other ages, the implied subsidy was developed based on the age-related morbidity assumption and, for other fiscal years, the implied subsidy was increased in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates; the implied subsidy is assumed to disappear at age 65.
Mortality basis	Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 mortality table (without income adjustments) for general and public safety employees with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2020.	Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Mortality Table, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2017.
Retirement	For general employees, retirement is assumed to occur at age 59 with 10 years of service or at any age with 30 years of service; for firefighters, retirement is assumed to occur at age 55 with 10 years of service or at any age with 25 years of service; for police officers, retirement is assumed to occur at age 55 with 10 years of service, at age 50 with 15 years of service, or at any age with 23 years of service.	For employees hired prior to July 1, 2011, retirement is assumed to occur at age 62 with six years of service or at any age with 30 years of service; for employees hired on or after July 1, 2011, retirement is assumed to occur at age 65 with 8 years of service or at any age with 33 years of service.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

	City	Discretely Presented Component Unit
Other decrements	Assumed employment termination is based on the Scale 155 table; assumed disability is based on the Wyatt 1985 Disability Study (Class 1 for general employees and Class 4 for firefighters and police officers).	Assumed employment termination is based on the Scale 155 table; assumed disability is based on the Wyatt 1985 Disability Study (Class 1).
Coverage election	15% of eligible employees are assumed to elect medical coverage upon retirement or disability until age 65 in accordance with their current health plan and coverage election; retirees are not assumed to have any dependent children.	20% of eligible employees are assumed to elect medical coverage upon retirement or disability until age 65 under the "buy-up" plan upon retirement or disability; spouses are assumed to be covered in accordance with the employee's current election.
Spousal and dependents	Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives; retirees are not assumed to have any dependent children.	Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives; retirees are not assumed to have any dependent children.
COBRA	Future healthcare coverage provided solely pursuant to COBRA was not included in the OPEB valuation; because the COBRA premium is determined periodically based on plan experience, the COBRA premium to be paid by the participant is assumed to fully cover the cost of providing healthcare coverage during the relevant period.	Future healthcare coverage provided solely pursuant to COBRA was not included in the OPEB valuation; because the COBRA premium is determined periodically based on plan experience, the COBRA premium to be paid by the participant is assumed to fully cover the cost of providing healthcare coverage during the relevant period.

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

		Discretely Presented
	City	Component Unit
Life Insurance	Life insurance premiums are assumed to be 25% higher than the pure insurance cost; because data was not provided for retirees who have not elected to continue their health insurance coverage under the City's plan, retiree life insurance liability has been loaded by a factor of four to account for the estimated number of covered retirees as well as the assumption that the unknown retirees are generally older than those retirees who are covered under the City's health insurance plan.	None provided
Changes	Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 2.14% per annum to 2.43% per annum.	Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 2.14% to 2.43% per annum.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

				1% Increase 3.43%	
City's OPEB Liability	\$ 3,473,286	\$	3,079,505	\$	2,765,710
Port Authority's OPEB Liability	281,069		253,765		229,686

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

	1.00	0% Decrease	% graded down to 5.00%	1.0	0% Increase
Primary Government	\$	2,705,000	\$ 3,079,505	\$	3,550,440
	1.00	0% Decrease	% graded down to 5.00%	1.0	0% Increase
Discretely Presented Component Unit	\$	215,444	\$ 253,765	\$	301,874

NOTE 11 - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

a. *Deferred Compensation Plans*. The City offers its employees three deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans, available to all City employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

As required by Internal Revenue Code Section 457, the assets are held in a trust for the employees' benefit. An administrator or committee, selected by the government, is responsible for the administration of the plan, including approval of certain investment alternatives (funds) which are made available to plan participants. The government has a fiduciary duty to administer the plans properly and to assure that the investment alternatives made available are reasonable. However, since plan participants select the investment fund or funds in which their deferred compensation accounts are invested, the government has no liability for investment losses which occur as a result of the investments selected by the plan participants.

Assets of the plans are valued at market value and amount to \$7,839,606 as of September 30, 2021. Since the City has no fiduciary responsibilities other than administrative in connection with the plans, the assets are not presented in these financial statements.

b. *Cafeteria Plan Custodial Fund*. The City offers a flexible compensation program on an annual basis to all employees who have completed their initial probationary period. Enrolled employees make pre-tax contributions to pay for benefits which can include health care, dental care, vision care, and child care. The employee chooses among various health benefit programs that best meet the needs of the employee and the employee's family.

NOTE 12 - ENCUMBRANCES

The amount of encumbrances at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities; therefore, they are not reflected in the financial statements. The amount of encumbrances outstanding as of September 30, 2021, is as follows:

Governmental Funds-		
General Fund	\$	506,656
Hurricane Michael		221,128
Disaster Fund		23,473
General Grants		839,167
Capital Projects		8,392,316
Capital Projects Infrastructure Sales Tax		9,979,246
Infrastructure Surtax		295,905
Panama City Redevelopment Agency - St. Andrews		41,856
Panama City Redevelopment Agency - Downtown North		71,634
Panama City Redevelopment Agency - Millville		49,543
Panama City Redevelopment Agency - Downtown		26,344
State Housing Initiative Partnership – County		1,992
State Housing Initiative Partnership – City		273,329
Community Planning and Development		7,414
Proprietary Funds-		
Equipment Maintenance		122,090
Marina		482,414
Solid Waste		396,633
Utilities	_1	3,501,821
Total	<u>\$3</u>	5,232,961

NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable – the portion of a fund balance that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE 13 – FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Spendable –

Restricted – the portion of a fund balance for which external constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – the portion of fund balance that can be used only for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the City's highest level of decision making authority. Such formal action may only be modified or rescinded by the same formal action that imposed the original constraint. An ordinance adopted by City Commission establishes a fund balance commitment.

Assigned – the portion of fund balance amounts established by City Commission that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned – residual net resources, the general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In the event that funds other than the general fund include an unassigned fund balance, it would be a deficit.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City Commission, as the highest decision-making authority for the City, authorized the City of Panama City Fund Balance Management Policy by adopting an ordinance, which establishes the Disaster/Emergency reserve in order to meet unforeseen expenditures caused by disasters or emergencies. This commitment of fund balance is established due to the City's coastal location, hurricanes, and other natural disasters, as well as economic changes that can severely impact the City's ability to continue operations and provide services. The drawdown of Disaster/Emergency reserves may be utilized to respond and provide relief and recovery to disasters and emergencies which include, but are not limited to:

- Hurricanes or Tropical Storms
- Flooding
- Wildfires
- Terrorist activity

The City Commission authorized the commitment of fund balance and established a target balance of 30% of annual budgeted operating expenditures, including debt service and self-insurance fund transfers. Use of the reserves requires approval by the City Commission with a majority vote.



NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Fund Balance Summary

					Major Fund	ls	
	General		Hurricane Capital Michael Projects		-		upital Projects nfrastructure Surtax
Fund Balances:							
Non-spendable:							
Inventory	\$	170,815	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Prepaid items		258,872					
Other		2,252	 				
Total non-spendable		431,939					
Restricted for:							
General Government							
Housing and Urban Developme Infrastructure	nt						
Community Redevelopment Debt Service							
Disaster and Hurricane Michael							
Total restricted			 			-	
Committed to:			 				
Disaster/Emergency Reserve			34,914,637				
Assigned		506,656	, ,,		7,181,431	-	13,277,466
Unassigned		23,170,324					
Total	\$	24,108,919	\$ 34,914,637	\$	7,181,431	\$	13,277,466

NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Fund Balance Summary

		Non-Major Special Revenue Funds									
State Housing Initiative Partnership City		Infrastructure Surtax			General Grants		Disaster Fund]	ommunity Planning and evelopment	I Pa	State Housing nitiative artnership County
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	124,761	\$	-
									125,182	_	
	17,165,272		2,655,931						1,050,487		
	17,165,272		2,655,931				4,843,588 4,843,588		1,050,487		
					(18,016)		(320,263)				(442,681)
\$	17,165,272	\$	2,655,931	\$	(18,016)	\$	4,523,325	\$	1,175,669	\$	(442,681)

NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Fund Balance Summary

	Non-Major Special Revenue Funds											
	H H I	nama City Florida urricane Disaster lief Fund	Cor Rede A	ama City nmunity velopment gency Andrews	Co Red	nama City ommunity evelopment Agency owntown	Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency Downtown North					
Fund Balances:												
Non-spendable:	6		\$		\$		•	202 700				
Inventory Prepaid items	\$	-	3	8,585	2	-	\$	303,780				
Other				0,505								
Other				8,585				303,780				
Restricted for:				0,000				202,700				
General Government												
Housing and Urban Development												
Infrastructure												
Community Redevelopment				674,069		317,071		571,192				
Debt Service												
Hurricane Michael		241,982										
Total restricted		241,982		674,069		317,071		571,192				
Committed to:												
Disaster/Emergency Reserve			-									
Assigned												
Unassigned												
Total	\$	241,982	\$	682,654	\$	317,071	\$	874,972				

NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Fund Balance Summary

	Non-Major Debt Service Fund										
	Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2013B		Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2016	Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified)							
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
	1,018,915		63,844		82,725						
	1,018,915		63,844		82,725						
<u> </u>	1,018,915	\$	63,844	\$	82,725						

NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Fund Balance Summary

	Non-Major Debt Service Funds										
		Capital uprovement Revenue Note, eries 2018	Re	rastructure Sales Surtax venue Note eries 2018	Hurricane Recovery and Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2019						
Fund Balances:											
Non-spendable:											
Inventory	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
Prepaid items											
Other											
Total non-spendable											
Restricted for:											
General Government											
Housing and Urban Development											
Infrastructure											
Community Redevelopment		1 220 502		1 005 004		0.007.400					
Debt Service		1,220,503		1,985,904		2,227,433					
Hurricane Michael		1 220 502		1.005.004		2 227 422					
Total restricted		1,220,503		1,985,904	-	2,227,433					
Committed to:											
Disaster/Emergency Reserve					-						
Assigned			-								
Unassigned			-								
Total	\$	1,220,503	\$	1,985,904	\$	2,227,433					

NOTE 14 - MERCHANT LICENSE TAX ABATEMENT

The City considers economic incentives to encourage retail businesses to build or expand within the city limits of Panama City. City Commission uses both qualitative and quantitative economic factors in approving abatements. To incentivize the development of a retail center located in Panama City, the City entered into an agreement with a real estate developer to refund a portion of the City's operating merchant license tax attributable to the merchants' operations on the retail center site. The agreement refunds 90% of the operating merchant license tax collected on the property, with a maximum reinvestment amount by the City of \$15,142,467 over a period of up to 15 years. As conditions for payments by the City, the developer must certify that 50% or more of the business units are new business units which are open to the public. The City's promise to pay is evidenced and secured by an annual covenant to budget and appropriate from lawfully available, non-ad valorem revenues containing a disclaimer of the City maintaining any particular revenue source, all in a form traditionally used in municipal borrowings and often validated under Florida Statutes Chapter 75. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the City abated merchant license taxes totaling \$423,628, all of which were to this business.

NOTE 15 – HURRICANE MICHAEL

The City continues its primary focus on recovery and restoration of the City from Hurricane Michael, the catastrophic category 5 hurricane and third strongest storm on record to impact the U.S. mainland, that struck the area on October 10, 2018. Our consultants, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the State continue to work with the City to complete damage assessments and restoration costs. The City created a Project Management Office (PMO) specifically to manage the rebuilding process and all of the various funding sources available to the City in its recovery efforts. Currently, the funding sources available are from FEMA, the State of Florida, FEMA Section 428 Alternative Public Assistance Programs, insurance, FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP), Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Funds (CDBG-DR), Community Disaster Recovery Funds Mitigation Funds (CDBG-MIT), FEMA Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC), FEMA Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) and the Florida's State Revolving Fund (SRF).

There are currently 70 FEMA projects in progress for Hurricane Michael. The total costs of debris removal, repairs and restoration of the City is expected to be approximately \$260 million and will take about five years to complete. The City received \$4,898,106 from FEMA in FY21, \$36,011,797 in FY20, \$14,961,504 in FY19 and expects to receive an additional \$16 million by September 30, 2022. The City is also receiving funding from the State for the percentage not reimbursed by FEMA.

NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Grant Program. The City participates in various federal and state grants. These programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the funding agency or their representatives. If grant revenues are received

NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

for expenditures which are subsequently disallowed, the City may be required to repay the revenues to the funding agency. In the opinion of management, liabilities resulting from such disallowed expenditures, if any, will not be material to the accompanying financial statements.

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development has approved a Community Development Block Grant in the amount of \$405,179 that begins on October 1, 2021.

Self-Insurance Programs. The City is self-insured for employee health. See Note 5 for further details.

Marina Project. The City borrowed \$12,999,000 in 2013 of which \$3,408,304 remains unspent. The remaining portion of the project is still in the planning phase.

Construction Commitments. The City has outstanding commitments for construction contracts at year end. The commitments represent the difference between the contract prices of the various projects and the amounts paid on each contract. Outstanding construction commitments by fund at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund	\$ 24,738
Hurricane Michael	178,736
Capital Projects	7,177,984
Capital Projects Infrastructure Sales Tax	9,946,275
Community Redevelopment Agency-Downtown North	54,274
Community Redevelopment Agency-Millville	49,543
Infrastructure Surtax	289,142
General Grants	815,000
Proprietary Funds:	
Utilities	\$ 13,157,156
Marina	347,151

Debt Issuance. On October 29, 2021, the City issued 0% interest Clean Water State Revolving Fund Note in the amount of \$25,299,300 for wastewater treatment works and drinking water facilities impacted by Hurricanes Florence and Michael. If, at the end of the project, all requirements are met, the State will forgive 25% of the loan principal, \$7,121,051.

On October 29, 2021, the City issued 0% interest Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Note in the amount of \$12,350,000 for wastewater treatment works and drinking water facilities impacted by Hurricanes Florence and Michael. If, at the end of the project, all requirements are met, the State will forgive 25% of the loan principal, \$3,087,500

On June 13, 2022, the City issued a Business Loan Agreement for the purchase of a fire truck in the amount of \$1,722,485.

NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

Insurance Settlement. On June 16, 2022 the City received an insurance settlement in the amount of \$30,000,000 from FMIT for insurance recoveries from Hurricane Michael which made landfall in October 2018.

Other Subsequent Events. The City did not have any other subsequent events requiring disclosure or recording in these financial statements through September 26, 2022, which is the date these financial statements were issued.

NOTE 17 – INSURANCE PROCEEDS

As a result of Hurricane Michael which made landfall in October 2018, the City has recorded related insurance recoveries as reflected in charges for service for the year ended September 30, 2021.

	Government-wide Sta	nt-wide Statement of Activities				
	P	rimary				
	Gov	vernment				
	Insurar	ice Proceeds				
General Government	\$	738				
Public Safety		123,309				
Culture and Recreation		6,761,756				
Propriety Fund-Utilities		505,129				
Propriety Fund-Solid Waste		50,227				
Propriety Fund-Marina		115				

NOTE 18 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the year ended September 30, 2021, an adjustment was made to the General Fund, CDBG Fund, Utilities Fund, and Capital Projects Fund due to a correction for the account classifications of expenditures.

Also, during the audit, it was determined that the Panama City Port Authority component unit received \$1,232,687 and \$85,394 of capital grants in 2021 and 2022 respectively, that was attributable to expense reimbursement for the year ended September 30, 2020.

In addition, an adjustment was made due to timing of the FEMA receivable in the Hurricane Michael Fund.

NOTE 18 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT (Continued)

The aggregate impact of these adjustments is shown on the financial statements. Details of the adjustments are as follows:

	Hurricane Michael			CDBG		omponent Unit- Government- wide Activities
Beginning balance, as previously reported Prior period adjustments:	\$	39,195,680	\$	1,191,650	\$	122,741,593
Deferred Inflows Classification of expenditures Capital Grants		2,533,667		(299,901)		1,318,081
Beginning balance, as restated	\$	41,729,347	\$	891,749	\$	124,059,674
		Proprietary and - Utilities		General Fund	Ca	apital Projects
Beginning balance, as previously reported Prior period adjustments:	\$	80,110,067	\$	18,244,975	\$	15,311,206
Classification of expenditures		439,750		(422,930)		283,081
Beginning balance, as restated	\$	80,549,817	\$	17,822,045	\$	15,594,287

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

THIS SUBSECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING:

- ➤ BUDGET TO ACTUAL COMPARISON MAJOR FUNDS (GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS)
- > PENSION AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT SCHEDULES



CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual	Variance
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	19,488,477	\$	19,488,477	\$	27,493,356	\$ 8,004,879
Licenses and permits		9,775,000		9,775,000		11,259,682	1,484,682
Intergovernmental		5,366,346		5,366,346		7,175,958	1,809,612
Charges for services		7,101,319		7,101,319		1,398,056	(5,703,263)
Investment earnings		200,000		200,000		83,895	(116,105)
Miscellaneous		235,000		268,300		431,343	163,043
Total revenues		42,166,142		42,199,442		47,842,290	5,642,848
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		9,409,744		10,474,637		9,269,321	1,205,316
Public safety		19,765,705		19,827,909		19,389,815	438,094
Transportation		4,650,094		4,151,639		3,550,341	601,298
Economic environment		715,912		715,912		700,448	15,464
Human services		285,000		285,000		343,236	(58,236)
Culture and recreation		2,943,608		3,037,389		2,953,157	84,232
Debt Service:							
Capital lease principal		776,736		826,659		589,903	236,756
Capital lease interest						94,574	(94,574)
Capital outlay		946,861		1,330,144		1,996,926	(666,782)
Total expenditures		39,493,660		40,649,289		38,887,721	1,761,568
Excess of revenues							
		2 672 492		1,550,153		9 054 560	7 404 416
over expenditures		2,672,482		1,330,133		8,954,569	7,404,416
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Insurance proceeds				(13,178)		121,557	134,735
Transfers in		2,151,492		2,151,492		3,775,229	1,623,737
Transfers out		(8,154,196)		(8,251,203)		(8,192,602)	58,601
Issuance of long-term debt						1,628,121	1,628,121
Total other financing		(5 00 0 - 0 1)		(5.4.4.000)		(2 ((2 () 2)	
sources (uses)		(6,002,704)		(6,112,889)		(2,667,695)	 3,445,194
		(a aaa aaa)		(4 - (2 - 2)		< 2 0< 0= 4	10010510
Net change in fund balance		(3,330,222)		(4,562,736)		6,286,874	10,849,610
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year		18,244,975		18,244,975		18,244,975	
Prior period adjustment		(422,930)		(422,930)		(422,930)	
Beginning of year, as restated		17,822,045		17,822,045		17,822,045	
End of year	\$	14,491,823	\$	13,259,309	\$	24,108,919	\$ 10,849,610

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATE HOUSING INITIATIVE PARTNERSHIP - CITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					
	(Original		Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	56,365	\$	3,056,365	\$ 3,051,549	\$ (4,816)
Charges for services		250,000		250,000		(250,000)
Investment earnings		40,000		40,000	12,244	(27,756)
Miscellaneous		210,000		210,000	599,429	 389,429
Total revenues		556,365		3,556,365	3,663,222	106,857
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Economic environment:						
Housing and Urban Development		9,706,901		9,768,572	1,585,041	8,183,531
Capital outlay					1,699	(1,699)
Total expenditures		9,706,901		9,768,572	1,586,740	8,181,832
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(9,150,536)		(6,212,207)	2,076,482	8,288,689
over expenditures		<u> </u>		(0,212,207)	 2,070,102	0,200,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out		(8,360)		(8,360)	(28,838)	(20,478)
Net change in fund balance	(9,158,896)		(6,220,567)	2,047,644	8,268,211
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	1	5,117,628		15,117,628	 15,117,628	
End of year	\$	5,958,732	\$	8,897,061	\$ 17,165,272	\$ 8,268,211



Police Officers' Pension

	9/30/2021		9/30/2020	9/30/2019		
Total Pension Liability			 			
Service cost	\$	940,064	\$ 996,560	\$	880,010	
Interest		3,446,525	3,366,495		3,259,155	
Change in Excess State Money		7,102	8,697		2,209	
Changes in benefit terms			1,564			
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		748,674	(208,747)		(37,800)	
Changes in assumptions		(367,260)	464,770		879,242	
Contributions - buy back						
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(3,102,445)	(2,822,952)		(2,533,001)	
Net change in total pension liability		1,672,660	 1,806,387		2,449,815	
Total pension liability - beginning		45,382,135	43,575,748		41,125,933	
Total pension liability - ending (a)		47,054,795	45,382,135		43,575,748	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer		1,237,615	969,030		924,910	
Contributions - state		353,224	356,414		343,438	
Contributions - employee		363,306	365,560		346,586	
Contributions - buy back		,	,		,	
Net investment income		2,790,101	2,493,084		2,258,395	
Benefit payments including refunds						
of employee contributions		(3,102,445)	(2,822,952)		(2,533,001)	
Administrative expense		(76,591)	(91,542)		(64,719)	
Net change in plan fiduciary			 			
net position		1,565,210	 1,269,594		1,275,609	
Plan fiduciary net position -						
beginning		35,909,459	34,639,865		33,364,256	
Plan fiduciary net position -	-	20,505,.05	 2 .,023,002		25,501,200	
ending (b)		37,474,669	 35,909,459		34,639,865	
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	9,580,126	\$ 9,472,676	\$	8,935,883	
Plan fiduciary net position as a						
percentage of the total pension		79.64%	79.13%		79.49%	
Covered payroll	\$	4,468,701	\$ 4,496,435	\$	4,263,073	
Net pension liability as a percentage of						
covered payroll		214.38%	210.67%		209.61%	

Police Officers' Pension

 9/30/2018	 9/30/2017	 9/30/2016	 9/30/2015
\$ 861,961 3,181,465	\$ 885,176 3,099,797	\$ 1,254,367 2,907,190	\$ 1,110,917 2,710,277
		619,363	
(565,730)	(452,178)	726,890 184,891	
13,249	11,054	104,071	
(2,542,719) 948,226 40,177,707 41,125,933	 (2,456,851) 1,086,998 39,090,709 40,177,707	(2,136,270) 3,556,431 35,534,278 39,090,709	(2,108,924) 1,712,270 33,822,008 35,534,278
957,303	1,372,342	1,292,438	1,411,641
336,697 329,705	325,836 334,052	312,431 221,583	292,899 220,523
13,249	11,054	221,505	220,323
2,827,366	2,640,449	(966,448)	2,905,224
(2,542,719)	(2,456,851)	(2,136,270)	(2,108,924)
 (40,885)	(46,785)	 (41,641)	 (29,479)
1,880,716	2,180,097	 (1,317,907)	2,691,884
 31,483,540	 29,303,443	 30,621,350	 27,929,466
 33,364,256	 31,483,540	 29,303,443	 30,621,350
\$ 7,761,677	\$ 8,694,167	\$ 9,787,266	\$ 4,912,928
81.13%	78.36%	74.96%	86.17%
\$ 4,055,417	\$ 4,184,070	\$ 4,041,893	\$ 3,952,031
191.39%	207.79%	242.15%	124.31%

Notes to Schedules:

Changes of benefit terms:

For measurement date 09/30/2019, the following benefit changes were implemented:

- 1) Amending the eligibility requirement for not-in-line of duty disability benefits from immediate coverage upon completion of ten years of credited service.
- 2) Adding clarifying language regarding in-service distributions for plan members who are reemployed with the City as a general employee.

For measurement date 09/30/2015, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms were resulted from:

- The member contribution rate increased from 5.58% to 8.13%, effective October 1, 2015.
- Effective October 1, 2015, the supplemental benefit shall increase from \$450 to \$650 per month for Members who retire on or after October 1, 2015. This supplemental benefit is payable to service retirees (Early and Normal) and Members with vested deferred benefits who terminate employment.

Changes of assumption:

For measurement date 9/30/2020, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the rates used in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics. Additionally, as approved by the Board of Trustees, the assumed rate of investment return was lowered from 7.70% per year to 7.60% per year, net of investment related expenses.

For measurement date 9/30/2019, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from lowering the investment rate of return from 7.80% to 7.70%

For measurement date 9/30/2018, the investment rate of return was lowered from 8.00% to 7.80%

For measurement date 09/30/2016, the inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.70%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

For measurement date 09/30/2015, amounts reported as changes of assumptions were resulted from an actuarial experience study dated December 2, 2015.

For the 2016 Reporting Period Ending year, amounts reported as changes of assumptions were resulted from an actuarial experience study dated December 2, 2015. The Board has approved a number of changes to the actuarial assumptions including the following:

- The assumed rate of salary increases has been changed from a flat assumption of 6.00% per year to a service-based assumption table.
- *The mortality table assumption has been changed from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table (sex distinct) with no adjustment for future mortality improvements for healthy lives and a 5-year set forward for disabled lives to the mortality table assumption that is in compliance with Chapter 2015-157, Florida Statutes. Specifically, the new mortality table assumption is the special risk mortality tables reflected in the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2014.
- *The assumed probability of Early Retirement has increased from 5.0% to 10.0% per year.
- The assumed probability of Normal Retirement has been changed from 100% retirement probability for any member who has satisfied the requirements for Normal Retirement eligibility to a table with a 50% probability at first eligibility, 75% the following year and 100% two (2) years following first eligibility.
- *The assumed rate of termination has been changed from an age-based table to a service-based table.
- *The assumed rate of disablement has been reduced in half at each age.

Police Officers' Pension

	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 1,687,048	\$ 1,584,017	\$ 1,321,483	\$ 1,271,961	\$ 1,290,387
determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	1,684,273 \$ 2,775	1,583,737	1,316,747 \$ 4,736	\$ 1,266,139 \$ 5,822	1,294,000 \$ (3,613)
contribution deficiency (excess)	2,773	<u> </u>	Ф 7,750		\$ (5,015)
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$ 4,472,741	\$ 4,468,701	\$ 4,496,435	\$ 4,263,073	\$ 4,055,417
payroll	37.66%	35.44%	29.28%	29.70%	31.91%
	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,688,178	\$ 1,604,869	\$ 1,704,540		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	1,698,178	1,604,869	1,704,540		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (10,000)	\$ -	\$ -		
Covered payroll	\$ 4,184,070	\$ 4,041,893	\$ 3,952,031		
Contributions as a percentage of covered	Ψ 1,101,070	Ψ 1,011,055	Ψ 5,752,051		

Notes to Schedules:

Valuation Date: 10/1/2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding Method: Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method.

Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Pay, closed.

Remaining Amortization Period: 30 Years (as of 10/01/2017).

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives: Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant

White Collar, Scale BB.

Male: RP-2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar/90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Healthy Inactive: Female: RP-2000 Generational, 100% Combined

Healthy, White Collar, Scale BB.

Male: RP-2000 Generational, 10% Combined Healthy, White Collar/90% Annuitant Healthy Blue

Collar, Scale BB.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives: Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no

projection scale.

Male: 60 % RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no

projection scale.

Interest Rate: 8% per year, compounded annually, net of investment related expenses. This is supported by the target asset

allocation of the trust and the expected long-term return by asset class.

Normal Retirement: Number of Years Following First

Retirement Probability
50%
75%
100%

This assumption was approved by the Board in conjunction with our December 2, 2015 actuarial experience

study.

Early Retirement: Commencing with the earliest Early Retirement Age (40), Members are assumed to retire with an immediate

subsidized benefit at the rate of 10% per year. This assumption was approved by the Board in conjunction with

our December 2, 2015 actuarial experience study.

Payroll Growth: 1.52% per year. The assumption is in compliance with Part VII of Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Disability Rates: See table below (1207 * 0.5). It is assumed that 75% of disablements are service related.

Age	Probability
25	0.045%
35	0.07%
45	0.15%
55	0.48%
65	0.00%

The assumed rates of disablement were approved by the Board in conjunction with our December 2, 2015

Termination Rates:	Service	Probability
	<1	12.0%
	1	11.5%
	2	11.0%
	3	10.5%
	4	10.0%
	5	8.0%
	6	7.5%
	7	7.0%
	8	6.5%
	9	6.0%
	10	5.5%
	11	5.0%
	12	4.5%
	13	4.0%
	14	3.5%
	15+	2.0%

This assumption was approved by the Board in conjunction with our December 2, 2015 actuarial experience study.

Sal	arv	Increases

Service	Increase
<1	8.5%
1	7.5%
2	6.5%
3-10	5.5%
11+	5.0%

This assumption was approved by the Board in conjunction with our December 2, 2015 actuarial experience study.

Additionally, the projected salary in the year of retirement is increased on an individual basis to account for payouts of non-regular compensation.

Cost-of-Living:

2% per year from the later retirement of age 50 to Social Security Retirement Age.

Asset Valuation Method:

Each year, the Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward using the historical geometric four-year average of Market Value Return (net-of-fees). It is possible that over time, this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below the Market Value of Assets.

Firefighters' Pension

	Ģ	9/30/2021	9	9/30/2020		9/30/2019	
Total Pension Liability							
Service cost	\$	803,636	\$	833,187	\$	807,572	
Interest				3,924,315		3,813,594	
Changes in benefit terms				(627)			
Differences between expected and							
actual experience		384,420		(320,412)		158,830	
Changes in assumptions		122,669		576,569		556,455	
Contributions - buy back							
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(3,213,489)		(3,211,705)		(3,434,408)	
Net change in total pension liability		(1,902,764)		1,801,327		1,902,043	
Total pension liability - beginning		52,892,651		51,091,324		49,189,281	
Total pension liability - ending (a)		50,989,887		52,892,651		51,091,324	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - employer		2,134,496		1,942,755		1,912,733	
Contributions - state		315,605		290,472		313,843	
Contributions - employee		269,326		263,161		252,579	
Contributions - buy back		,		,		,	
Net investment income		1,227,269		1,883,317		2,119,621	
Benefit payments including refunds		, ,		, ,		, ,	
of employee contributions		(3,213,489)		(3,211,705)		(3,434,408)	
Administrative expense		(45,563)		(45,233)		(58,383)	
Net change in plan fiduciary	-	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		, , ,			
net position		687,644		1,122,767		1,105,985	
Plan fiduciary net position -							
beginning		37,242,193		36,119,426		35,013,441	
Plan fiduciary net position -		.,,_ :_,:=		,			
ending (b)		37,929,837		37,242,193		36,119,426	
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	13,060,050	\$	15,650,458	\$	14,971,898	
Plan fiduciary net position as a							
percentage of the total pension		68.96%		70.41%		70.70%	
percentage of the total pension		00.9070		/0.71/0		70.7070	
Covered payroll	\$	3,591,012	\$	3,508,805	\$	3,367,671	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered							
payroll		363.69%		446.03%		444.58%	

Firefighters' Pension

 9/30/2018	 9/30/2017		9/30/2016		9/30/2015		
\$ 932,890	\$ 814,109	\$	840,054	\$	753,886		
3,844,945	3,713,228		3,604,980		3,478,697		
(656 507)	(020,406)		106.007				
(656,507) (212,715)	(839,486) 1,689,388		196,997				
(212,/13)	20,069						
	20,000						
 (3,709,120)	(4,030,129)		(2,495,847)		(2,984,580)		
199,493	1,367,179		2,146,184		1,248,003		
48,989,788	 47,622,609		45,476,425		44,228,422		
49,189,281	48,989,788		47,622,609		45,476,425		
1,730,909	1,641,064		1,568,772		1,433,019		
305,820	331,496		327,139		355,576		
248,753	229,393 218,870		218,870	207,185			
	20,069						
3,139,126	2,897,802		(1,162,379)		3,164,093		
(3,709,120)	(4,030,129)		(2,495,847)		(2,984,580)		
(38,203)	(38,737)		(2,793,077) $(33,019)$		(26,647)		
(30,203)	(30,737)		(33,013)		(20,017)		
1,677,285	1,050,958		(1,576,464)		2,148,646		
33,336,156	32,285,198		33,861,662		31,713,016		
 33,330,130	 32,203,170		33,001,002		31,713,010		
35,013,441	33,336,156		32,285,198		33,861,662		
\$ 14,175,840	\$ 15,653,632	\$	15,337,411	\$	11,614,763		
71.18%	68.05%		67.79%		74.46%		
, 1.10 / 0	00.0570		37.770		, 1.10/0		
\$ 3,316,702	\$ 3,058,582	\$	3,402,962	\$	2,656,214		
407 410/	£11 700/		450 710/		427.270/		
427.41%	511.79%		450.71%		437.27%		

Notes to Schedules:

The Covered Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Changes of benefit terms:

For measurement date 09/30/2019, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms resulted from the provisions of Chapter 112.816, Florida Statutes. The Statutes state that effective July 1, 2019, a death or disability (under the Plan's definition of total and permanent disability) for a Firefighter due to the diagnosis of cancer or circumstances that arise out of the treatment of cancer will be treated as duty-related.

For measurement date 09/30/2016, the 30-year maximum accrual benefit cap for future retirees has been removed. The new benefit cap will be 100% of Average Final Compensation.

Changes of assumption:

For measurement date 9/30/2020, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the rates used in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics. Additionally, as approved by the Board of Trustees, the assumed rate of investment return was lowered from 7.70% per year to 7.60% per year, net of investment related expenses.

For measurement date 9/30/2019, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from lowering the investment rate from 7.80% to 7.70% per year, net of investment related expenses.

For measurement date 9/30/2018, the investment rate of return was lowered from 7.9% to 7.8% per year net of investment related expenses.

For measurement date 09/30/2017, as a result of an actuarial experience study dated November 16, 2017, the following changes have been incorporated:

- *The assumed rate of investment return was lowered from 8.00% to 7.90% per year, net of investment related expenses.
- * The assumed rates of salary increases were amended from a flat rate of 6.00% per year to a service-based table.
- * As mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed from the rates used by the Florida Retirement System actuary in July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation to the rates used in the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation for special risk lives.
- *The assumed rates of retirement were amended to remove the assumption that members eligible for normal retirement on the valuation date will continue employment for one additional year. Additionally, the retirement rates were amended to be 75% upon completion of 25 or 26 years of service (previously 100% at completion of 25 years), and the assumed rates of early retirement were amended from 2% per year to 0% per year.
- *The assumed rates of withdrawal were amended from an age-based table to a service-based table.
- *The assumed rates of disablement were reduced at each age by 30%.
- * The payroll growth assumption was reduced from 0.9% to 0.0% per year.
- * Prior to measuring the impact of the assumption changes stated directly above, a "fresh start" to the existing Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was implemented. The "fresh start" effectively consolidated all existing UAAL layers into one single layer which will be amortized over a 16-year period. As approved by the Board of Trustees, all future UAAL layers will be amortized as a level dollar over a 15-year period.

For measurement date 09/30/2016, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees.

The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.70%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

Firefighters' Pension

	9/30/2021	9	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	 9/30/2018	9	9/30/2017
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	\$ 2,534,111	\$	2,430,902	\$ 2,231,911	\$ 2,252,865	\$	2,003,301
contributions	2,643,749		2,450,101	2,233,227	2,226,576		2,036,729
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (109,638)	\$	(19,199)	\$ (1,316)	\$ 26,289	\$	(33,428)
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 3,692,909	\$	3,591,012	\$ 3,508,805	\$ 3,367,671	\$	3,316,702
covered payroll	71.59%		68.23%	63.65%	66.12%		61.41%
	 9/30/2016		9/30/2015	9/30/2014			
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	\$ 1,969,699	\$	1,895,911	\$ 1,788,595			
contributions	1,972,560		1,895,911	1,788,595			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(2,861)	\$	_	\$ -			
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 3,058,582	\$	3,402,962	\$ 2,656,214			
covered payroll	64.49%		55.71%	67.34%			

Notes to Schedules:

Valuation Date: 10/1/2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding Method: Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. The following loads are utilized for determination of the Total Required Contribution:

Interest - a half-year, based on the 7.9% assumption.
Salary - a full-year, based on the 5.9% assumption.

Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Pay, Layered closed

Remaining Amortization Period: 30 Years (as of 10/01/2017)

Mortality Rate Healthy Lives: Female: RP-2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy, White Collar, Scale BB.

Male: RP-2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar/90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives: Female: 60% RP-2000 Disabled Female set forward two years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

Male: 60% RP-2000 Disabled Male setback four years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

The above assumption rates were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumption used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2015 FRS valuation report. We feel this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality

improvements.

Interest Rate: 7.9% per year, compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

 Retirement Age:
 Age
 Service
 Rate

 55+
 Less than 25 years
 100.0%

 All
 25 years
 75.0%

All 26 years 75.0% All 27+ years 100.0%

The assumed rates were approved in conjunction with an actuarial experience study dated November 2017.

Early Retirement: Commencing with the eligibility for Early Retirement Age (45), Members are assumed to retire with an

immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 0% per year.

Disability and Termination Rates: See table below. It is assumed that 75% of disablements are service related.

Disab	ility Rates	Termination Rates					
Age	Rate	Service	Rate				
20	0.049%	<10	6.0%				
30	0.077%	10-15	4.0%				
40	0.130%	16+	2.0%				
50	0.357%						

The assumed rates were approved in conjunction with an actuarial experience study dated November 2017.

Salary Increases:

Service	Rate
<1	10.00%
1-9	5.50%
10-15	5.50%
16+	4.50%

The assumed rates were approved in conjunction with an actuarial experience study dated November 2017.

Payroll Growth: 0.9% per year

Cost-of-Living Increase: 3% per year from retirement to Social Security Retirement Age.

Asset Valuation Method: Each year, the prior Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric four-year average of Market

Value Return (net-of-fees). It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below the

Market Value of Assets.



Senior Management Pension

	ç	9/30/2021	9	/30/2020	9	/30/2019	9/30/2018		
Total Pension Liability									
Service cost	\$	127,467	\$	130,384	\$	110,201	\$	120,363	
Interest		260,369		252,856		248,762		251,099	
Differences Between Expected and									
Actual Experience		33,490		(54,748)		(75,694)		(196,369)	
Changes in Assumptions		(61,481)							
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(234,646)		(210,248)		(244,545)		(187,835)	
Net change in total pension liability		125,199		118,244		38,724		(12,742)	
Total pension liability - beginning		3,702,432		3,584,188		3,545,464		3,558,206	
Total pension liability - ending (a)		3,827,631		3,702,432		3,584,188		3,545,464	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - employer		77,457		85,472		126,650		133,443	
Contributions - employee		58,191		59,447		60,396		51,728	
Net investment income		693,626		226,738		174,734		234,985	
Benefit payments including refunds		,		,		,		,	
of employee contributions		(234,646)		(210,248)		(244,545)		(187,835)	
Administrative expense		(16,961)		(14,464)		(14,254)		(21,537)	
Net change in plan fiduciary									
net position		577,667		146,945		102,981		210,784	
Plan fiduciary net position -									
beginning		3,615,535		3,468,590		3,365,609		3,154,825	
Plan fiduciary net position -						-,,		-,,	
ending (b)		4,193,202		3,615,535		3,468,590		3,365,609	
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(365,571)	\$	86,897	\$	115,598	\$	179,855	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension		109.55%		97.65%		96.77%		94.93%	
Covered payroll	\$	1,329,141	\$	1,380,552	\$	1,124,599	\$	1,147,863	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	•	t applicable	Ψ	6.29%	Ψ	10.28%	¥	15.67%	

Senior Management Pension

9	0/30/2017	9/	/30/2016	Ģ	9/30/2015	9	9/30/2014		
\$	132,908 225,197	\$	111,867 175,476	\$	77,922 230,283	\$	82,808 194,644		
	85,036 178,858		(14,017) 599,329		58,580 (250,495)				
	(238,268)		(181,415) 691,240		(178,688) (62,398)		(119,587) 157,865		
	3,174,475		2,483,235		2,545,633		2,387,768		
	3,558,206		3,174,475		2,483,235		2,545,633		
	120,859 56,300 378,842		94,097 57,925 218,716		75,852 54,179 1,838		83,416 59,205 218,211		
	(238,268) (22,323)		(181,415) (15,276)		(174,790) (18,501)		(142,266) (18,611)		
	295,410		174,047		(61,422)		199,955		
	2,859,415		2,685,368	-	2,746,790		2,546,835		
	3,154,825		2,859,415		2,685,368		2,746,790		
\$	403,381	\$	315,060	\$	(202,133)	\$	(201,157)		
	88.66%		90.08%		108.14%		107.90%		
\$	1,338,740	\$	1,203,982	\$	1,177,075	\$	1,250,562		
	30.13%		26.17%	No	t applicable	Not applicable			

Notes to Schedule:

The amortization period for demographic experience and assumption changes was 10.56 years for the 2014/15 fiscal year, 9.71 years for the 2015/16 fiscal year, 4.97 years for the 2016/17 fiscal year, 4.72 years for the 2017/18 fiscal year, and 4.59 years for the 2018/19 fiscal year, 4.62 years for the 2019/20 fiscal year, and 4.18 years for the 2020/21 fiscal year.

Senior Management Pension

		9/30/2021	 9/30/2020		9/30/2019		9/30/2018	9/30/2017		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	77,457	\$ 85,472	\$	122,134	\$	133,443	\$	120,859	
actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	77,457	\$ 85,472	\$	126,650 4,516	\$	133,443	\$	120,859	
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	1,329,141 5.83%	\$ 1,380,552 6.19%	\$	1,124,599 11.26%	\$	1,147,863 11.63%	\$	1,338,740 9.03%	
	Ģ	9/30/2016	 9/30/2015		9/30/2014					
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	94,097	\$ 77,852	\$	83,416					
actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	94,097	\$ 77,852	\$	83,416					
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	1,203,982	\$ 1,177,075	\$	1,250,562					
covered payroll		7.82%	6.61%		6.67%					

Notes to Schedules:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, 2020 one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding Method: Aggregate actuarial cost method
Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Pay, Open
Remaining Amortization Period: 30 Years (as of 10/01/2018)

Asset Valuation Method: Market Value
Inflation: 2.62% per year

Salary Increases: 4%

Interest Rate: 7% per year, compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

Retirement Age: Age 59 with 10 years of credited service for Category I employees, or age 59 with 6 years of

credited service for Category II and III employees. Categories are as follows: Category I - Designated managers and directors and the City Engineer. Category II - City Commission,

Assistant City Manager, and City Clerk. Category III - City Manager.

Mortality: Pre-retirement mortality is based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-

Weighted Below Median Employee Mortality Table for general employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with male ages set back one year; post-retirement mortality is based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table for general employees, with full generational improvements in

mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with male ages set back one year.

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 Last 10 Fiscal Years

Florida Retirement System

	9/30/2021			9/30/2020		9/30/2019		9/30/2018	9/30/2017		
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.003028567%		0.	003033245%	0.	004179199%	0.	004192135%	0.005168281%		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	228,774	\$	1,314,653	\$	1,439,258	\$	1,262,693	\$	1,528,743	
City's covered payroll	\$	981,464	\$	1,077,402	\$	1,434,755	\$	1,485,888	\$	1,709,792	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a											
percentage of its covered payroll		23.31%		122.02%		100.31%		84.98%		89.41%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total											
pension liability		96.40%		78.85%		82.61%		84.26%		83.39%	
	(9/30/2016		9/30/2015							
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	005341020%	0.	007041064%							
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,348,612	\$	909,448							
City's covered payroll	\$	1,783,283	\$	2,166,895							
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a											
percentage of its covered payroll		75.63%		41.97%							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total											
pension liability		84.88%		92.00%							

Notes to Schedules:

The amounts presented were determined by an actuarial valuation on July 1 of the fiscal year. The measurement period and measurement date is June 30 of the fiscal year.

Florida Retirement System

	9/30/2021		9/30/2020		9/30/2019		9	9/30/2018	9	0/30/2017
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 121,6	40 \$	105,89	99	\$	125,644	\$	119,349	\$	133,004
actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	40 \$	105,89	99	\$	125,644	\$	119,349	\$	133,004
Covered payroll	\$ 972,6	10 \$	1,044,65	59	\$ 1	1,373,757	\$	1,455,964	\$	1,665,463
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.5	1%	10.14	1%		9.15%		8.20%		7.99%
	9/30/201	.6	9/30/201:	5						
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 132,7	20 \$	133,75	50						
actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 132,7	20	133,75	50_						
Covered payroll	\$ 1,761,3	= =	1,979,25	55						
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		4%	6.76							

Notes to Schedules:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, 2021 one year prior to the end of the plan year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Individual Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method:	Level Percent, Closed, Layered
Amortization Period at July 1, 2021	20 Years
2019 Actuarial Cost Method Change	30 Years as level percentage of Tier 1 pay
Payroll Growth Rate	3.25%
Asset Valuation Method:	5 years, Asymptotic, 80%-120% of fair market value
Inflation:	2.40%
Salary Increases:	0.65%
Investment Rate of Return:	6.80%
Cost of Living Adjustments:	3% for pre-July 2011 benefit service; 0% thereafter
Mortality:	PUB-2010 base table varies by member category and gender, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 Last 10 Fiscal Years

Health Insurance Subsidy Program

	9/30/2021			9/30/2020		9/30/2019		9/30/2018	9/30/2017		
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.002709207%		0.	003120317%	0.004281595%		0.	004510270%	0.005285613%		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	332,325	\$	380,986	\$	479,068	\$	477,372	\$	565,162	
City's covered payroll	\$	981,464	\$	1,077,402	\$	1,434,755	\$	1,485,888	\$	1,709,792	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a											
percentage of its covered payroll		33.86%		35.36%		33.39%		32.13%		33.05%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total											
pension liability		3.56%		3.00%		2.63%		2.15%		1.64%	
		9/30/2016		0/20/2015							
		9/30/2016	9/30/2015								
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	005781922%	0.	007153432%							
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	673,859	\$	729,538							
City's covered payroll	\$	1,783,283	\$	2,166,895							
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a											
percentage of its covered payroll		37.79%		33.67%							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total											
pension liability		0.97%		0.50%							

Notes to Schedules:

The amounts presented were determined by an actuarial valuation on July 1 of the fiscal year. The measurement period and measurement date is June 30 of the fiscal year.

Health Insurance Subsidy Program

	9.	9/30/2021		30/2020	9/	30/2019	9/	30/2018	9/30/2017		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	16,145	\$	17,341	\$	22,804	\$	24,169	\$	27,647	
actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered payroll	\$	16,145 - 972,610	\$ \$ 1	17,341 - ,044,659	\$ \$ 1	22,804	\$ \$ 1	24,169	\$ \$ 1	27,647	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.669		1.66%		1.66%			1.66%		1.66%	
	9.	/30/2016	9/30/2015								
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	29,402	\$	27,071							
actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	29,402	\$	27,071							
Covered payroll	\$	1,771,190	\$ 2	2,003,319							
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.66%		1.35%							

Notes to Schedules:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, 2021 one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Individual Entry Age

Amortization Method: Level Percent, Closed, Layered

Remaining Amortization Period: 30 years

Asset Valuation Method: 5 years, Asymptotic, 80%-120% of fair market value

Inflation: 2.40%
Salary Increases: 0.65%
Investment Rate of Return: 7.00%

Cost of Living Adjustments: 3% for pre-July 2011 benefit service; 0% thereafter

Mortality: Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENT RETURNS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Police Officers F	Pension			
	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	20.50%	7.93%	7.32%	6.89%	9.15%
	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014		
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	9.14%	(3.19%)	10.49%		
	Firefighters' Pe	nsion			
A ANGEL AND A SPECIAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	19.50%	3.33%	5.26%	6.16%	9.71%
A ANGEL AND ANGE	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014		
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	9.15%	(3.45%)	10.13%		
S	enior Managemen	t Pension			
	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	19.51%	6.29%	4.94%	7.50%	13.41%
	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014		
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	8.23%	0.07%	8.60%		
1	Florida Retiremen	t System			
	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	30.41%	3.35%	5.98%	9.28%	13.59%
	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014		
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	0.57%	3.77%	17.57%		
	Health Insurance	Subsidy			
	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	30.41%	3.35%	5.98%	9.28%	13.59%
Annual Manary Waight- J. D. 44 - 5 D. 44	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014		
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	0.57%	3.77%	17.57%		

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, we have only presented information for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 Last 10 Fiscal Years

OPEB

		9/30/2021	9/30/2020		9/30/2019		9/30/2018	
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	234,145	\$ 162,171	\$	162,702	\$	202,889	
Interest		57,909	66,610		140,393		140,999	
Changes in Assumptions		(107,670)	297,345		(293,437)			
Difference between actual and expected experience		834,324	(1,150,573)		(611,146)			
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(181,218)	(173,069)		(239,660)		(271,432)	
Net change in total pension liability		837,490	(797,516)		(841,148)		72,456	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,239,015	 3,036,531		3,877,679		3,805,223	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)		3,076,505	2,239,015		3,036,531		3,877,679	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer								
Contributions - employee								
Net investment income								
Benefit payments including refunds								
of employee contributions								
Administrative expense								
Net change in plan fiduciary								
net position	-		 	_				
Plan fiduciary net position -								
beginning								
Plan fiduciary net position -	-		 					
ending (b)			 					
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	3,076,505	\$ 2,239,015	\$	3,036,531	\$	3,877,679	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB								
Covered employee payroll Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered	\$	18,179,171	\$ 16,996,166	\$	18,201,713	\$	17,336,337	
payroll		16.92%	13.17%		16.68%		22.37%	

Notes to Schedules:

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 to P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, we have only presented information for those years for which information is available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

THIS SUBSECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING:

- ➤ NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
- ➤ BUDGET TO ACTUAL COMPARISON GENERAL FUND
- SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL OTHER MAJOR AND NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
- > INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
- > FIDUCIARY FUNDS



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Infrastructure Surtax – This special revenue fund is used to account for local option infrastructure sales surtax (pursuant to Florida Statutes 212.055) to provide for the construction of various infrastructure improvements including park and recreation improvements, street resurfacing, and street reconstruction.

General Grants – This special revenue fund is used to account for revenues received from various state and federal agencies other than grants accounted for in other special revenue funds.

Disaster Fund – This special revenue fund is used to account for revenues received from small disasters.

Community Planning and Development – This special revenue fund accounts for revenues from the Department of Housing and Urban Development and expenditures of these funds.

State Housing Initiative Partnership – County – This special revenue funds is used to account for revenues received from the State Housing Initiative Partnership program and expended on behalf of Bay County.

Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund – This special revenue fund is a 501(c)3 not-for-profit entity created for the City to collect and disburse donations for purposes specified in the bylaws.

Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency – St. Andrews, Downtown, Downtown North, and Millville – These special revenue funds are used to account for revenues derived from the incremental increases in ad valorem taxes levied each year by taxing authorities on taxable real property in the project areas.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds account for the payment of principal and interest on debt associated with governmental fund debt.

The Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2013B, accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the 2013B note.

The Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2016, accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the 2016 note.

The *Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified)* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general of the 2008 revenue note.

The Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018, accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the 2018 note.

The *Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Note, Series 2018*, accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the 2018 note.

The *Hurricane Recovery Revenue Note and Refunding, Series 2019*, accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the 2019 note.



Special Revenue

ASSETS	Infrastructure Surtax		General Grants		Disaster Fund	Community Planning and Development	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental entities Due from other funds Prepaid items Inventories Notes receivable	\$	2,293,580 362,351	\$	438,338	\$ 4,843,588	\$	139,122 390,367 421 124,761 1,131,363
Total Assets	\$	2,655,931	\$	438,338	\$ 4,843,588	\$	1,786,034
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governmental entities Accrued salaries	\$	-	\$	18,975 433,378 4,001	\$ 19,408 300,855	\$	4,564 600,993 4,808
Total liabilities				456,354	 320,263	-	610,365
Fund Balances: Non-Spendable Restricted Unassigned Total fund balances		2,655,931 2,655,931		(18,016) (18,016)	4,843,588 (320,263) 4,523,325		125,182 1,050,487 1,175,669
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,655,931	\$	438,338	\$ 4,843,588	\$	1,786,034

Special Revenue

State Housing Initiative Partnership County		Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund		Florida Hurricane Redevelopment Disaster Agency		Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency Downtown		Co Red	nama City ommunity evelopment Agency ntown North	Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency Millville	
\$	114,577	\$	249,862	\$	617,064	\$	276,282	\$	247,627	\$	404,410
	2,222,760 100,597				89,597 8,585		43,861		21,372		33,574
									303,780 330,796		2,836
\$	2,437,934	\$	249,862	\$	715,246	\$	320,143	\$	903,575	\$	440,820
\$	125,959 2,498,690	\$	- 7,880	\$	29,520	\$	1,869	\$	5,493 22,164	\$	1,938
	251,616 4,350				3,072		1,203		946		94
	2,880,615		7,880		32,592		3,072		28,603		2,882
	(442,681)		241,982		8,585 674,069		317,071		303,780 571,192		437,938
	(442,681)		241,982		682,654		317,071		874,972		437,938

	Debt Service									
ASSETS		Capital aprovement Revenue Note, pries 2013B	Imp R	Capital provement Revenue Note, ries 2016	Revenue Note, Series 2008 (Modified)					
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental entities Due from other funds Prepaid items Inventories Notes receivable	\$	1,018,915	\$	63,844	\$	96,631				
Total Assets	\$	1,018,915	\$	63,844	\$	96,631				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governmental entities Accrued salaries	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,906				
Total liabilities						13,906				
Fund Balances: Non-Spendable										
Restricted Unassigned		1,018,915		63,844		82,725				
Total fund balances		1,018,915		63,844		82,725				
Total Liabilities and	¢.	1.010.017	Ф	(2.04)	ď.	07.731				
Fund Balances	\$	1,018,915	\$	63,844	\$	96,631				

Debt Service

			cot sei vice			_		
Re	Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018		rastructure Sales Surtax venue Note, eries 2018	and Rev	Hurricane Recovery I Refunding venue Note, eries 2019	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
\$	1,220,503	\$	1,985,904	\$	2,227,433	\$	15,799,342 3,413,816 289,001 9,006 428,541 1,464,995	
\$	1,220,503	\$	1,985,904	\$	2,227,433	\$	21,404,701	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	207,726 3,877,866 251,616 19,324	
							4,356,532	
	1,220,503		1,985,904		2,227,433		437,547 17,391,582 (780,960)	
	1,220,503		1,985,904		2,227,433		17,048,169	
\$	1,220,503	\$	1,985,904	\$	2,227,433	\$	21,404,701	

Special Revenue

	Int	rastructure Surtax	General Grants		Disaster Fund]	ommunity Planning and evelopment
Revenues:	A		107.701				255.450
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ 187,591	\$	5,085,578	\$	375,478
Taxes		4,196,581					2.506
Investment earnings			12.245		1 000		3,506
Miscellaneous		4.106.501	 12,245		1,889		72,671
Total revenues		4,196,581	 199,836		5,087,467		451,655
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Economic environment					486,927		215,070
Public Safety			213,063				
Debt service-							
Principal retirement							
Interest and other charges							
Capital outlay			93,640		14,800		78,505
Total expenditures			306,703		501,727		293,575
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		_					_
over (under) expenditures		4,196,581	 (106,867)		4,585,740		158,080
Other Financing							
Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in							166,875
Transfers out		(5,656,676)	(21,737)				(41,035)
Total other financing				-			
sources (uses)		(5,656,676)	 (21,737)				125,840
Net change in fund balances		(1,460,095)	(128,604)		4,585,740		283,920
Fund Balances:							
Beginning of year		4,116,026	110,588		(62,415)		1,191,650
Degining of year		4,110,020	 110,566		(02,413)		1,191,030
Prior period adjustment			 				(299,901)
Beginning of year, as restated	-	4,116,026	110,588		(62,415)		891,749
End of year	\$	2,655,931	\$ (18,016)	\$	4,523,325	\$	1,175,669

Special Revenue

			Special K	evenue		
State Housing Initiative Partnership County		Panama City Florida Hurricane Disaster Relief Fund	Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency St. Andrews	Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency Downtown	Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency Downtown North	Panama City Community Redevelopment Agency Millville
\$	4,557,991	\$ -	\$ 377,026	\$ 140,294	\$ 478,660	\$ 273,050
	2,244 4,560,235	158 25,525 25,683	7,166 384,192	140,294	108,959 587,619	20,027 293,077
	4,505,535	126,907	363,685	220,542	1,062,646	104,148
	4,505,535	126,907	19,548 383,233	220,542	4,678 1,067,324	104,148
	54,700	(101,224)	959	(80,248)	(479,705)	188,929
	(29,531)		(15,895)	(6,996)	(55,612)	(161,991)
	(29,531)		(15,895)	(6,996)	(55,612)	(161,991)
	25,169	(101,224)	(14,936)	(87,244)	(535,317)	26,938
	(467,850)	343,206	697,590	404,315	1,410,289	411,000
	(467,850)	343,206	697,590	404,315	1,410,289	411,000
\$	(442,681)	\$ 241,982	\$ 682,654	\$ 317,071	\$ 874,972	\$ 437,938

	Debt Service								
		Capital aprovement Revenue Note, eries 2013B	Impr Re N	apital ovement venue Note, es 2016	Revenue Note Series 2008 (Modified)				
Revenues:	Φ.								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Taxes									
Investment earnings Miscellaneous									
Total revenues									
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Economic environment									
Public Safety									
Debt service-									
Principal retirement		885,000		204,000		149,000			
Interest and other charges		203,141		45,963		7,993			
Capital outlay		1 000 141		240.062		156,002			
Total expenditures		1,088,141		249,963		156,993			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,088,141)		(249,963)		(156,993)			
Other Financing									
Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in		1,095,716		250,001		156,547			
Transfers out									
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,095,716		250,001		156,547			
Net change in fund balances		7,575		38		(446)			
Fund Balances:									
Beginning of year		1,011,340		63,806		83,171			
Prior period adjustment									
Beginning of year, as restated		1,011,340		63,806		83,171			
End of year	\$	1,018,915	\$	63,844	\$	82,725			

Debt Service

Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2018		Re	rastructure Sales Surtax venue Note, eries 2018	and Rev	Iurricane Recovery I Refunding venue Note, eries 2019	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
\$ -		- \$		\$	-	\$	11,475,668 4,196,581 3,664 250,726 15,926,639	
	943,000		1,752,000				7,085,460 213,063 3,933,000	
	479,837		379,131		364,498		1,480,563 211,171	
1	,422,837		2,131,131		364,498		12,923,257	
(1	,422,837)		(2,131,131)		(364,498)		3,003,382	
1	,439,277		2,156,676		1,788,000		7,053,092 (5,989,473)	
1	,439,277		2,156,676		1,788,000		1,063,619	
	16,440		25,545		1,423,502		4,067,001	
1	,204,063		1,960,359		803,931		13,281,069	
							(299,901)	
1	,204,063		1,960,359		803,931	-	12,981,168	
\$ 1	,220,503	\$	1,985,904	\$	2,227,433	\$	17,048,169	

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENT - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Legislative	\$ 319,016	\$ 319,016	\$ 291,963	\$ 27,053
Executive	1,144,936	1,192,475	1,162,030	30,445
Finance and Administration - City Clerk	1,027,568	970,278	992,807	(22,529)
Finance and Administration - Purchasing	42,964	38,342	37,942	400
Finance and Administration - Human Resources	664,216	589,894	567,442	22,452
Finance and Administration - Data Processing	1,019,680	987,370	921,648	65,722
Finance and Administration - Logistics	278,414	276,895	223,311	53,584
Finance and Administration - Legal Counsel	711,000	1,611,000	1,610,181	819
Public Works - Engineering	2,557,975	2,530,791	1,909,387	621,404
Public Works - Street	5,041,402	4,584,987	3,772,103	812,884
Public Works - Other	972,740	1,167,119	1,079,957	87,162
Police	12,309,400	12,358,715	12,417,806	(59,091)
Fire	8,673,402	8,646,275	8,913,869	(267,594)
Leisure Services	2,576,987	2,891,899	2,844,863	47,036
Non-departmental	2,153,960	2,484,233	2,142,412	341,821
Tatal Consul Ford				
Total General Fund Expenditures by Department	\$ 39,493,660	\$ 40,649,289	\$ 38,887,721	\$ 1,761,568

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	2,900,000	\$	2,900,000	\$	4,196,581	\$	1,296,581
Investment earnings		65,000		65,000				(65,000)
Total revenues		2,965,000		2,965,000		4,196,581		1,231,581
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		768,869		4,063,262				4,063,262
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,196,131		(1,098,262)		4,196,581		5,294,843
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers - out		(2,156,676)		(5,656,676)		(5,656,676)		
Net change in fund balance		39,455		(6,754,938)		(1,460,095)		5,294,843
Fund Balance: Beginning of year		4,116,026		4,116,026		4,116,026		
End of year	\$	4,155,481	\$	(2,638,912)	\$	2,655,931	\$	5,294,843

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA GENERAL GRANTS

		Budgeted	Am	ounts			
	(Original		Final		Actual	Variance
D							
Revenues:	Φ.	25.060	Ф	4.02.4.200	Ф	105 501	ф. (2 0.46 600)
Intergovernmental	\$	25,060	\$	4,034,289	\$	187,591	\$ (3,846,698)
Miscellaneous		13,000		13,000		12,245	(755)
Total revenues		38,060		4,047,289		199,836	(3,847,453)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public Safety		25,060		238,871		213,063	25,808
Capital outlay				247,124		93,640	153,484
Total expenditures		25,060		485,995		306,703	179,292
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		13,000		3,561,294		(106,867)	(3,668,161)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in				65,990			(65,990)
Transfers out		(13,000)		(34,151)		(21,737)	12,414
Total other financing							
sources (uses)		(13,000)		31,839		(21,737)	(53,576)
Net change in fund balance				3,593,133		(128,604)	(3,721,737)
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year		110,588		110,588		110,588	
End of year	\$	110,588	\$	3,703,721	\$	(18,016)	\$ (3,721,737)

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual	V	ariance
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	300,000 2,500 302,500	\$	300,000 2,500 302,500	\$	375,478 3,506 72,671 451,655	\$	75,478 1,006 72,671 149,155
Expenditures: Current: Economic environment: Housing and Urban Development Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	550,825		544,911		215,070 78,505 293,575		329,841 (78,505) 251,336
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(248,325)		(242,411)		158,080		400,491
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers - in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		(40,850) (40,850)		(40,850) (40,850)		166,875 (41,035) 125,840		166,875 (185) 166,690
Net change in fund balance		(289,175)		(283,261)		283,920		567,181
Fund Balance: Beginning of year		1,191,650		1,191,650		1,191,650		
Prior period adjustment		(299,901)		(299,901)		(299,901)		
Beginning of year, as restated		891,749		891,749		891,749		
End of year	\$	602,574	\$	608,488	\$	1,175,669	\$	567,181

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA STATE HOUSING INITIATIVE PARTNERSHIP - COUNTY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 9,347,000	\$ 9,347,000	\$ 4,557,991	\$ (4,789,009)
Miscellaneous			2,244	2,244
Total revenues	9,347,000	9,347,000	4,560,235	(4,786,765)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Economic environment:				
Housing and Urban Development	9,479,668	10,202,891	4,505,535	5,697,356
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(122 669)	(955 901)	54 700	010 501
over (under) expenditures	(132,668)	(855,891)	54,700	910,591
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	(6,215)	(6,215)	(29,531)	(23,316)
Net change in fund balance	(138,883)	(862,106)	25,169	887,275
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year	(467,850)	(467,850)	(467,850)	
	<u> </u>			
End of year	\$ (606,733)	\$ (1,329,956)	\$ (442,681)	\$ 887,275
====	+ (000,100)	+ (1,0=),00)	+ (::=,001)	-

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PANAMA CITY FLORIDA HURRICANE DISASTER RELIEF FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amo					
	(Original		Final		Actual	7	ariance
Revenues:			•					
Contributions	\$	89,364	\$	89,364	\$	25,525	\$	(63,839)
Investment earnings						158		158
Total revenues		89,364		89,364		25,683		(63,681)
Expenditures:								
Current:				120.000		126.007		2.002
Economic environment				129,990		126,907		3,083
Net change in fund balance		89,364		(40,626)		(101,224)		(60,598)
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year	\$	343,206		343,206		343,206		
End of year	\$	432,570	\$	302,580	\$	241,982	\$	(60,598)

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PANAMA CITY COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY ST. ANDREWS

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual	7	Variance
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	390,855	\$	390,855	\$	377,026	\$	(13,829)
Miscellaneous						7,166		7,166
Total revenues		390,855		390,855		384,192		(6,663)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic environment		433,039		230,033		363,685		(133,652)
Capital outlay		525,000		525,000		19,548		505,452
Total expenditures		958,039		755,033		383,233		371,800
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(567,184)		(364,178)		959		365,137
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers out		(10,300)		(10,300)		(15,895)		(5,595)
Net change in fund balance		(577,484)		(374,478)		(14,936)		359,542
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		697,590		697,590		697,590		
End of year	\$	120,106	\$	323,112	\$	682,654	\$	359,542

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PANAMA CITY COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DOWNTOWN

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final	Actual	1	/ariance
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	145,154	\$	145,154	\$ 140,294	\$	(4,860)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Economic environment		307,383		433,265	220,542		212,723
Capital outlay		240,000		140,000			140,000
Total expenditures		547,383		573,265	220,542		352,723
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(402,229)		(428,111)	(80,248)		347,863
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers out		(5,200)		(5,200)	(6,996)		(1,796)
Net change in fund balance		(407,429)		(433,311)	(87,244)		346,067
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year		404,315		404,315	404,315		
End of year	\$	(3,114)	\$	(28,996)	\$ 317,071	\$	346,067

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PANAMA CITY COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DOWNTOWN NORTH

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original		Final		Actual	,	Variance
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 492,775	\$	742,775	\$	478,660	\$	(264,115)
Miscellaneous	237,064		237,064		108,959		(128,105)
Total revenues	729,839		979,839		587,619		(392,220)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Economic environment	1,217,630		1,493,721		1,062,646		431,075
Capital outlay	375,000		838,555		4,678		833,877
Total expenditures	1,592,630		2,332,276		1,067,324		1,264,952
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(862,791)		(1,352,437)		(479,705)		872,732
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers out	 (60,500)		(60,500)		(55,612)		4,888
Net change in fund balance	(923,291)		(1,412,937)		(535,317)		877,620
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year	1,410,289		1,410,289		1,410,289		
End of year	\$ 486,998	\$	(2,648)	\$	874,972	\$	877,620

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PANAMA CITY COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY MILLVILLE

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual	7	⁷ ariance
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	282,149	\$	282,149	\$	273,050	\$	(9,099)
Investment earnings		170		170				(170)
Miscellaneous						20,027		20,027
Total revenues		282,319		282,319		293,077		10,758
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic environment		188,711		268,880		104,148		164,732
Capital outlay		65,000		150,775		,		150,775
Total expenditures		253,711		419,655		104,148		315,507
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		28,608		(137,336)		188,929		326,265
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers out		(160,199)		(160,199)		(161,991)		(1,792)
Net change in fund balance		(131,591)		(297,535)		26,938		324,473
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year		411,000		411,000		411,000		
End of year	\$	279,409	\$	113,465	\$	437,938	\$	324,473

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2013B DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgete				
	Original	Final	Actual	V	ariance
Revenues:					
Investment earnings	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000		\$	(5,000)
Expenditures:					
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	885,000	885,000	\$ 885,000		
Interest and other charges	167,140	207,140	203,141		3,999
Total expenditures	1,052,140	1,092,140	1,088,141		3,999
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(1,047,140)	(1,087,140)	(1,088,141)		(1,001)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	1,061,918	1,061,918	1,095,716		33,798
Net change in fund balance	14,778	(25,222)	7,575		32,797
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year	1,011,340	1,011,340	1,011,340		
End of year	\$ 1,026,118	\$ 986,118	\$ 1,018,915	\$	32,797

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2016 DEBT SERVICE FUND

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			
		Original		Final	Actual	Va	riance
Expenditures:	<u> </u>	_					
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$	204,000	\$	204,000	\$ 204,000	\$	-
Interest and other charges		45,955		45,955	45,963		(8)
Total expenditures		249,955		249,955	249,963		(8)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(249,955)		(249,955)	(249,963)		(8)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		250,001		250,001	250,001		
Net change in fund balance		46		46	38		(8)
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year		63,806		63,806	63,806		
End of year	\$	63,852	\$	63,852	\$ 63,844	\$	(8)

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2008 (MODIFIED)

DEBT SERVICE FUND

	 Budgeted	ounts				
	Original		Final	Actual	Variance	
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	\$ 149,000	\$	149,000	\$ 149,000		
Interest and other charges	7,993		7,993	7,993		
Total expenditures	 156,993		156,993	156,993		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(156,993)		(156,993)	(156,993)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	156,549		156,549	156,547	\$	(2)
Net change in fund balance	(444)		(444)	(446)		(2)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	83,171		83,171	 83,171		
End of year	\$ 82,727	\$	82,727	\$ 82,725	\$	(2)

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2018 DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted	l Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:					
Investment earnings	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ (5,000)	
Expenditures:					
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	943,000	943,000	943,000		
Interest and other charges	479,837	479,837	479,837		
Total expenditures	1,422,837	1,422,837	1,422,837		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(1,417,837)	(1,417,837)	(1,422,837)	(5,000)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	1,439,277	1,439,277	1,439,277		
Net change in fund balance	21,440	21,440	16,440	(5,000)	
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year	1,204,063	1,204,063	1,204,063		
End of year	\$ 1,225,503	\$ 1,225,503	\$ 1,220,503	\$ (5,000)	

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA INFRASTRUCTURE SALES SURTAX REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2018 DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Expenditures:				
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	\$ 1,752,000	\$ 1,752,000	\$ 1,752,000	
Interest and other charges	379,131	379,131	379,131	
Total expenditures	2,131,131	2,131,131	2,131,131	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,131,131)	(2,131,131)	(2,131,131)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	2,156,676	2,156,676	2,156,676	
Net change in fund balance	25,545	25,545	25,545	
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year	1,960,359	1,960,359	1,960,359	
End of year	\$ 1,985,904	\$ 1,985,904	\$ 1,985,904	

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA HURRICANE RECOVERY AND REFUNDING REVENUE NOTE, SERIES 2019 DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance	
Expenditures: Debt service:								
Interest and other charges	\$	1,788,000	\$	1,788,000	\$	364,498	\$	1,423,502
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(1,788,000)		(1,788,000)		(364,498)		1,423,502
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		1,788,000		1,788,000		1,788,000		
Net change in fund balance						1,423,502		1,423,502
Fund Balance: Beginning of year		803,931		803,931		803,931		
End of year	\$	803,931	\$	803,931	\$	2,227,433	\$	1,423,502



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies on the costreimbursement basis.

The following funds account for the City's insurance operations:

Medical Self-Insurance

Dental Insurance

The following fund accounts for labor and repairs on City owned equipment:

Equipment Maintenance Fund



CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Equipment Maintenance	Medical Self- Insurance	Dental Insurance	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ -	\$ 6,356,631 50,000	\$ 374,440	\$ 6,731,071 50,000
Due from other government entities	31,438			31,438
Inventories	46,658			46,658
Total current assets	78,096	6,406,631	374,440	6,859,167
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:	221 152			221 152
Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	221,152 (147,011)			221,152 (147,011)
Total noncurrent assets	74,141			74,141
Total honeutrent assets	/4,141			/4,141
Total assets	152,237	6,406,631	374,440	6,933,308
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
OPEB related outflows	19,306			19,306
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Due to other funds	92,335			92,335
Accounts payable	102,301	1,455,880		1,558,181
Accrued salaries	11,491			11,491
Compensated absences	4,412			4,412
Total current liabilities	210,539	1,455,880		1,666,419
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Net OPEB liability	61,589			61,589
Compensated absences	13,233			13,233
Total noncurrent liabilities	74,822			74,822
Total liabilities	285,361	1,455,880		1,741,241
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
OPEB related inflows	30,911			30,911
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	74,141			74,141
Restricted for claims	,	4,950,751	374,440	5,325,191
Unrestricted	(218,870)	, , <u></u>	. ,	(218,870)
Total net position	\$ (144,729)	\$ 4,950,751	\$ 374,440	\$ 5,180,462

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Equipment Maintenance	Medical Self- Insurance	Dental Insurance	Total
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 986,134	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 986,134
Contributions:		-0.5.0		
Employee contributions		796,977	82,285	879,262
Other agency contributions		1,221,736	38,557	1,260,293
Retired employee contributions		443,508	50,498	494,006
Miscellaneous	2,983	50,000		52,983
Total operating revenues	989,117	2,512,221	171,340	3,672,678
Operating Expenses:				
Personnel services	539,275			539,275
Operating expenses:	337,213			337,273
Operating expenses	485,441			485,441
Administration fees	103,111	1,243,398	308,481	1,551,879
Depreciation	9,741	1,2 13,370	300,101	9,741
Insurance claims and expenses	,,,,,,	6,580,638		6,580,638
Total operating expenses	1,034,457	7,824,036	308,481	9,166,974
1 5 1				
Operating income (loss)	(45,340)	(5,311,815)	(137,141)	(5,494,296)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	1,355			1,355
Scrap sales	1,555			1,555
Investment earnings		3,373		3,373
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,910	3,373		6,283
Income (loss) before transfers	(42,430)	(5,308,442)	(137,141)	(5,488,013)
Transfers:				
Transfers in		4,960,867	122,446	5,083,313
Transfers out	(99,750)	, ,	,	(99,750)
Total transfers	(99,750)	4,960,867	122,446	4,983,563
Change in Net Position	(142,180)	(347,575)	(14,695)	(504,450)
Net Position - beginning of year	(2,549)	5,298,326	389,135	5,684,912
Net Position - end of year	\$ (144,729)	\$ 4,950,751	\$ 374,440	\$ 5,180,462



CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	uipment intenance	Medical Self- Insurance	Dental Insurance	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 977,096 (295,222) (539,769)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 977,096 (295,222) (539,769)
Cash received for insurance contributions Cash paid for insurance claims	(33),10))	2,512,221 (7,190,712)	171,340 (308,481)	2,683,561 (7,499,193)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 142,105	(4,678,491)	(137,141)	(4,673,527)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in Transfers out	(99,750)	4,960,867	122,446	5,083,313 (99,750)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	 (99,750)	4,960,867	122,446	4,983,563
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of capital assets Proceeds from sales of capital assets	 (45,265) 2,910			(45,265) 2,910
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	 (42,355)			(42,355)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends		3,373		3,373
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		285,749	(14,695)	271,054
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year		6,070,882	389,135	6,460,017
End of Year	\$ 	\$ 6,356,631	\$ 374,440	\$ 6,731,071

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		quipment aintenance		Medical Self - Insurance	Dental Insurance		Total
Reconciliation of operating loss							
to net cash used in operating							
activities:	Φ.	(45.240)	ф	(5.011.015)	Φ (125.141)	Φ.	(5.404.006)
Operating income (loss)	\$	(45,340)	\$	(5,311,815)	\$ (137,141)	\$	(5,494,296)
Adjustments to reconcile operating							
income (loss) to net cash provided							
by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation expense		9,741					9,741
Change in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) Decrease:							
Inventories		113,099					113,099
Due from other governmental							
entities		(12,020)					(12,020)
Prepaid items				72,839			72,839
Deferred outflows of resources		(14,087)					(14,087)
Increase (Decrease):							
Accounts payable		77,120		560,485			637,605
Accrued salaries		(2,517)					(2,517)
Compensated absences		2,394					2,394
Deferred inflows of resources		(3,095)					(3,095)
Net OPEB liability		16,810					16,810
Net cash provided by							
(used in) operating activities	\$	142,105	\$	(4,678,491)	\$ (137,141)	\$	(4,673,527)



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

These funds are used to account for assets held in a trust by the City for others. They include Trust and Custodial Funds.

Pension Trust Funds. These funds account for the activities of the police officers', firefighters', and senior management defined benefit pension plans. These funds are as follows:

Police Officers' Pension

Firefighters' Pension

Senior Management Pension

Cafeteria Plan Custodial Fund. This fund accounts for pre-tax contributions of enrolled employees for benefits which can include health care, dental care, vision care, and child care.



CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA FIDUCIARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

			Senior	
	Police Officers'	Firefighters'	Management	
	Pension	Pension	Pension	Total
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Short term investments	\$ 1,142,019	\$ 1,092,079	\$ -	\$ 2,234,098
Cash			29,257	29,257
Total cash and equivalents	1,142,019	1,092,079	29,257	2,263,355
Receivables:				
Member contributions in transit	7,176	4,991	7,742	19,909
City contributions	25,596	41,938	5,816	73,350
Additional City contributions	40,065			40,065
State contributions	356,877	306,137		663,014
Investment income	17,956	5,643		23,599
Total receivables	447,670	358,709	13,558	819,937
Investments:				
Common Stocks	7,853,608			7,853,608
Corporate bonds	5,380,275			5,380,275
Mutual funds:				
Fixed income	9,806,500	14,439,763		24,246,263
Equity	15,906,353	13,556,229		29,462,582
Pooled/common/commingled funds:				
Fixed income			647,845	647,845
Equity		12,690,533	3,151,453	15,841,986
Real estate investment trust	3,433,572	2,593,613	351,090	6,378,275
Total investments	42,380,308	43,280,138	4,150,388	89,810,834
Total assets	43,969,997	44,730,926	4,193,203	92,894,126
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable:				
Administrative expenses		669		669
Investment expenses	29,899	16,873		46,772
Prior refunds	668			668
Other payables	10,103	8,684		18,787
Total accounts payable	40,670	26,226		66,896
Total liabilities	40,670	26,226		66,896
Net Position:				
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 43,929,327	\$ 44,704,700	\$ 4,193,203	\$ 92,827,230

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA FIDUCIARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Police Officers' Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Senior Management Pension	Total
Additions				
Contributions:				
Plan members	\$ 363,828	\$ 276,969	\$ 58,191	\$ 698,988
Employer	1,336,324	2,337,612	77,457	3,751,393
State	356,877	306,137		663,014
Total contributions	2,057,029	2,920,718	135,648	5,113,395
Investment earnings:				
Net appreciation				
in fair value of investments	6,913,641	6,855,075	693,627	14,462,343
Interest	867,963	696,849		1,564,812
Total investment earnings	7,781,604	7,551,924	693,627	16,027,155
Less investment expense	(180,111)	(192,105)		(372,216)
Net investment earnings	7,601,493	7,359,819	693,627	15,654,939
Total additions	9,658,522	10,280,537	829,275	20,768,334
Deductions				
Distributions to members:				
Benefit payments	2,863,308	3,083,126	224,326	6,170,760
Lump sum DROP distributions	182,684	314,509		497,193
Refunds of member contributions	106,045	54,626	10,320	170,991
Total distributions	3,152,037	3,452,261	234,646	6,838,944
Administrative expenses	51,827	53,413	16,961	122,201
Total deductions	3,203,864	3,505,674	251,607	6,961,145
Change in Net Position	6,454,658	6,774,863	577,668	13,807,189
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits				
Beginning of year	37,474,669	37,929,837	3,615,535	79,020,041
End of year	\$ 43,929,327	\$ 44,704,700	\$ 4,193,203	\$ 92,827,230

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CUSTODIAL FUND - CAFETERIA PLAN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Balance ctober 1, 2020	A	Additions	D	eductions	Balance stember 30, 2021
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 158,605 12,938	\$	57,320	\$	59,590 12,938	\$ 99,015 57,320
Total Assets	\$ 171,543	\$	57,320	\$	72,528	\$ 156,335
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 5,620	\$	204,053	\$	209,673	\$ -
Accrued payroll deductions and matching	165,923		·		9,588	156,335
Total Liabilities	\$ 171,543	\$	204,053	\$	219,261	\$ 156,335



SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

THIS SUBSECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING:

> SUMMARY OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY



CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SUMMARY OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Governmental Activities

Year Ending	Revenue No Series 2008 (Mo		ed)	Capital Imp Revenue Series 2	e Not	te,	Capital	Leas	es
September 30	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ 151,000 149,000	\$	5,092 2,143	\$ 905,000 926,000 948,000 969,000 992,000 1,015,000 1,038,000	\$	178,011 152,309 126,002 99,092 71,564 43,390 14,571	\$ 730,416 625,746 581,008 440,036 129,936	\$	90,543 62,138 39,271 18,982 3,872
	\$ 300,000	\$	7,235	\$ 6,793,000	\$	684,939	\$ 2,507,142	\$	214,806
	Capital Improv Revenue N Series 201	ote, l6		Infrastructure Revenue Series	e Not 2018	te, 8	Capital Imp Revenue Series	e Not 2018	te,
	 Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033	\$ 208,000 212,000 216,000 220,000 225,000 229,000 233,000 237,000 242,000 246,000 62,000	\$	42,114 38,195 34,202 30,135 25,993 21,758 17,447 13,063 8,597 4,042 290	\$ 1,804,000 1,859,000 1,915,000 1,973,000 2,033,000 2,094,000	\$	325,435 270,124 213,137 154,428 93,937 31,619	\$ 975,000 1,007,000 1,040,000 1,074,000 1,110,000 1,146,000 1,184,000 1,223,000 1,264,000 1,305,000 1,348,000 1,393,000	\$	448,190 415,486 381,711 346,830 310,794 273,570 235,125 195,410 154,374 111,986 68,211 22,984

2,330,000 \$ 235,836 \$ 11,678,000 \$ 1,088,680 \$ 14,069,000 \$ 2,964,671

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SUMMARY OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Business-type Activities

	Water & Se	wer		Water &	Sev	ver
	Refunding Re	venu	e	Reve	enue	
Year Ending	Note, Series	2012		Note, Ser	ies 2	2021
September 30	Principal]	Interest	Principal		Interest
2022	\$ 1,673,000	\$	40,154	\$ -	\$	571,760
2023	1,703,000					647,275
2024				1,710,000		625,900
2025				1,754,000		582,600
2026				1,798,000		538,200
2027				1,842,000		492,700
2028				1,886,000		446,100
2029				1,934,000		398,350
2030				1,983,000		349,388
2031				2,031,000		299,213
2032				2,083,000		247,788
2033				2,136,000		195,050
2034				2,188,000		141,000
2035				2,245,000		85,588
2036				2,301,000		28,760
	\$ 3,376,000	\$	40,154	\$ 25,891,000	\$	5,649,672

STATISTICAL SECTION

THIS SECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING:

- > FINANCIAL TRENDS
- > REVENUE CAPACITY
- ➤ DEBT CAPACITY
- > DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION
- > OPERATING INFORMATION



CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

			1	Fiscal Year						
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Expenses										
Governmental activities: General government	\$ 5,529,101	\$ 6,364,801	\$ 6,094,551	\$ 7,332,537	\$ 7,202,957	\$ 8,047,155	\$ 8,232,205	\$ 84,430,144	\$ 41,876,490	\$ 29,239,169
Public safety	17,954,974	18,443,729	19,060,516	18,241,148	21,345,141	21,091,964	21,197,707	22,418,938	23,707,967	22,686,653
Physical environment		,,	,,	,		,,	=-,,,,,,	,,		,,
Transportation	5,877,854	5,455,287	5,481,149	5,320,025	5,293,976	5,781,421	5,824,445	5,478,278	5,966,864	6,119,401
Leisure Services					5,748					
Economic environment	3,779,765	3,309,023	3,728,293	3,553,702	3,584,832	3,528,539	4,956,197	4,195,606	7,586,803	9,512,498
Culture and recreation Human services	3,375,322 326,609	3,470,268 301,127	3,505,846 341,100	3,373,667 298,840	3,322,205 244,089	3,625,195 282,512	3,665,526 244,479	7,002,602 235,158	3,987,749 271,247	3,651,062 343,236
Interest on long-term debt	465,549	462,930	415,035	364,137	385,657	531,878	205,222	1,593,953	2,305,974	1,577,494
Total governmental activities expenses	37,309,174	37,807,165	38,626,490	38,484,056	41,384,605	42,888,664	44,325,781	125,354,679	85,703,094	73,129,513
Business-type activities:	13.889.586	14 022 601	12 575 965	13,818,774	15 019 401	15 252 522	15 001 122	22 524 617	10 120 524	20 470 264
Utilities Solid waste	5,422,422	14,032,601 5,591,570	13,575,865 5,450,759	5,592,968	15,018,401 5,764,430	15,252,532 6,012,230	15,981,122 6,440,541	23,524,617 6,569,405	18,138,534 7,045,202	20,470,364 8,017,814
Marina	3,669,461	3,213,703	3,025,662	2,895,496	2,500,262	2,707,680	2,842,914	2,656,578	2,838,965	2,223,734
Total business-type activities expenses	22,981,469	22,837,874	22,052,286	22,307,238	23,283,093	23,972,442	25,264,577	32,750,600	28,022,701	30,711,912
Total primary government expenses	\$ 60,290,643	\$ 60,645,039	\$ 60,678,776	\$ 60,791,294	\$ 64,667,698	\$ 66,861,106	\$ 69,590,358	\$ 158,105,279	\$ 113,725,795	\$ 103,841,425
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities: Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 7,882,958	\$ 8,221,000	\$ 8,854,998	\$ 9,516,380	\$ 9,674,256	\$ 9,882,404	\$ 10,332,074	\$ 13,367,604	\$ 16,896,365	\$ 11,715,431
Public safety	777,578	928,896	1,002,506	942,066	1,081,365	1,127,848	1,106,826	4,897,479	2,145,159	1,212,897
Transportation	442,727	483,251	455,887	281,775	188,709	194,373	200,205	615,382	259,216	226,335
Economic environment	584,160			19,978		5,119	1,489	499,945	787,449	
Culture and recreation	167,982	199,286	184,717	275,060	250,591	279,223	378,443	5,653,271	5,303,085	6,801,553
Other Operating grants and contributions	3,356,769	2,696,614	2,443,538	2,573,798	1,085,770	1,278,837	1,301,296	84,287,672	17,579,048	18,671,976
Capital grants and contributions	51,717	20,494	25,000	25,000	1,005,770	1,270,037	1,501,270	04,207,072	17,575,040	10,071,770
Total governmental activities program revenues	13,263,891	12,549,541	12,966,646	13,634,057	12,280,691	12,767,804	13,320,333	109,321,353	42,970,322	38,628,192
Description to the section of the se										
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Utilities Utilities	15,962,245	17,409,907	17,861,187	19,054,265	18,524,781	19,565,041	19,622,582	15,934,927	18,404,388	20,441,289
Solid waste	6,513,969	6,499,983	6,607,800	6,749,482	6,716,863	6,906,065	7,186,148	5,943,083	7,287,431	8,448,378
Marina	3,511,819	3,123,838	2,976,178	3,099,610	2,772,635	3,050,304	3,148,592	748,905	1,791,249	1,929,890
Operating grants and contributions				65,550		17,476	218,225	9,699,648	54,631	219,250
Capital grants and contributions	172,820	142,542	138,515	178,999	200,432	591,888	361,400	637,468	506,409	2,305,300
Total business-type activities program revenues	26,160,853	27,176,270	27,583,680	29,147,906	28,214,711	30,130,774	30,536,947	32,964,031	28,044,108	33,344,107
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 39,424,744	\$ 39,725,811	\$ 40,550,326	\$ 42,781,963	\$ 40,495,402	\$ 42,898,578	\$ 43,857,280	\$ 142,285,384	\$ 71,014,430	\$ 71,972,299
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (24,045,283)	\$ (25,257,624)	\$ (25,659,844)	\$ (24,849,999)	\$ (29,103,914)	\$ (30,120,860)	\$ (31,005,448)	\$ (16,033,326)	\$ (42,732,772)	\$ (34,501,321)
Business-type activities	3,179,384	4,338,396	5,531,394	6,840,668	4,931,618	6,158,332	5,272,370	213,431	21,407	2,632,195
Total primary government net expenses	\$ (20,865,899)	\$ (20,919,228)	\$ (20,128,450)	\$ (18,009,331)	\$ (24,172,296)	\$ (23,962,528)	\$ (25,733,078)	\$ (15,819,895)	\$ (42,711,365)	\$ (31,869,126)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:										
Taxes Ad valorem taxes	\$ 8,008,760	\$ 7,931,119	\$ 8,338,872	\$ 8,511,463	\$ 8,861,504	\$ 8,897,687	\$ 8,929,919	\$ 10,099,539	\$ 11,049,811	\$ 10,576,138
Fire assessment Nuisance abatement										5,026,835 833,945
Tax increment ad valorem taxes	1,588,207	1,503,382	2,095,743	2,308,216	2,306,065	2,239,986	2,172,010	2,311,262	1,617,978	1,269,030
Local option gasoline tax	1,269,175	1,394,258	1,376,850	1,410,878	1,479,612	1,281,331	1,295,819	1,315,941	1,269,117	1,256,957
Franchise fees	3,798,295	4,066,491	4,149,648	4,409,262	4,373,282	4,112,022	4,261,663	3,490,296	3,612,700	3,950,194
Utility service tax	3,420,265	3,479,637	3,879,713	4,176,778	4,276,080	4,287,390	4,540,419	3,719,556	3,901,790	4,365,383
Communications service tax	1,823,525	1,945,790	1,713,347	1,619,995	1,537,187	1,614,810	1,574,325	1,361,929	1,542,282	1,483,903
Local option sales tax Unrestricted state revenue sharing	2,644,093 1,336,070	2,736,855 1,344,526	2,947,185 1,355,933	3,110,963 1,403,496	3,285,075 1,436,957	2,120,937 4,871,519	3,279,225 5,117,650	3,596,071 5,531,002	3,405,468 5,181,838	4,196,581 6,365,799
Unrestricted investment earnings	228,562	225,263	346,393	343,489	176,342	472,139	663,874	1,253,276	707,005	117,318
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	1,468	16,980	14,930	23,980	28,398	33,503	(107,719)	1,233,270	707,003	117,510
Miscellaneous	738,522	2,950,334	608,564	941,573	1,389,553	563,515	618,970	1,937,466	2,127,706	1,657,885
Gain on extinguishment of debt										5,000,000
Contributions	1.040.175	1 774 122	1 002 060	1 010 202	1.610.527	2 112 110	1.061.012	1 725 045	(1.272.004)	(1,501,815)
Transfers Total governmental activities general revenues	1,949,175 26,806,117	1,774,122 29,368,757	1,803,068 28,630,246	1,819,302	1,610,527 30,760,582	2,112,119 32,606,958	1,861,812 34,207,967	1,725,845 36,342,183	(1,373,984) 33,041,711	(5,913,510) 38,684,643
Total government detivities general revenues	20,000,117	23,300,737	20,030,210	30,077,373	30,700,302	32,000,300	31,207,707	30,312,103	33,011,711	30,001,013
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	112,395	90,477	99,797	144,474	207,665	395,756	488,472	560,802	250,612	14,707
Gain on disposal of capital assets Miscellaneous	182,378	50,689	3,145 13,196	22,964 6,807	24,775 2,433	(265,461)	8,585	1,846	61,732	8,656
Miscellaneous Transfers	(1,949,175)	(1,774,122)	(1,803,068)	(1,819,302)	(1,610,527)	4,258 (2,112,119)	12,844 (1,861,812)	(1,725,845)	1,373,984	5,913,510
Total business-type activities general revenues	(1,654,402)	(1,632,956)	(1,686,930)	(1,645,057)		(1,977,566)	(1,351,911)	(1,163,197)	1,686,328	5,936,873
Total primary government general revenues	\$ 25,151,715	\$ 27,735,801	\$ 26,943,316	\$ 28,434,338	\$ 29,384,928	\$ 30,629,392	\$ 32,856,056	\$ 35,178,986	\$ 34,728,039	\$ 44,621,516
Changes in Not Position	_					_		_	_	_
Changes in Net Position Governmental activities	\$ 2,760,834	\$ 4,111,133	\$ 2,970,402	\$ 5,229,396	\$ 1,656,668	\$ 2,486,098	\$ 3,202,519	\$ 20,308,857	\$ (9,691,061)	\$ 4,183,322
Business-type activities	1,524,982	2,705,440	3,844,464	5,195,611	3,555,964	4,180,766	3,920,459	(949,766)	1,707,735	8,569,068
Total primary government changes in net position	\$ 4,285,816	\$ 6,816,573	\$ 6,814,866	\$ 10,425,007	\$ 5,212,632	\$ 6,666,864	\$ 7,122,978	\$ 19,359,091	\$ (7,983,326)	\$ 12,752,390
					·	·		·		

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

				Fiscal Year	'n					
Governmental activities:	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	$\frac{2017}{}$	2018	2019	<u>2020</u>	2021
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 48,578,821 2.884.127	\$ 48,578,821 \$ 41,666,862 2,884,127 1.842,298	\$ 57,092,075	\$ 60,426,245	\$ 61,541,617	\$ 70,309,572	\$ 70,572,052	\$ 72,191,254	\$ 60,326,001	\$ 66,646,034
Unrestricted	45,135,862	55,225,669	42,197,973	21,883,518	20,777,301	5,981,856	4,356,416	10,818,031	13,208,298	9,953,356
Total governmental activities net position \$ 96,598,810	\$ 96,598,810	\$ 98,734,829	\$ 101,705,231	\$ 87,049,961	\$ 88,706,629	\$ 91,192,727	\$ 93,974,238	\$ 114,283,095	\$ 108,331,822	\$ 112,075,394
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 45,577,206	45,577,206 \$ 46,401,318	\$ 47,083,456	\$ 46,182,187	\$ 47,757,703	\$ 67,700,504	\$ 58,183,597	\$ 61,995,159	\$ 69,011,200	\$ 79,651,843
Restricted	2,023,696	5,038,071	3,510,242	5,726,784	8,787,979	6,841,454	10,248,871	12,679,599	12,788,051	8,737,986
Unrestricted	22,110,079	20,789,178	25,479,333	28,355,307	27,274,560	13,459,050	23,341,261	16,149,205	12,165,396	14,583,636
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 69,710,981	\$ 72,228,567	\$ 76,073,031	\$ 80,264,278	\$ 83,820,242	\$ 88,001,008	\$ 91,773,729	\$ 90,823,963	\$ 93,964,647	\$ 102,973,465
Primary government: Net investment in capital assets	\$ 94,156,027	\$ 94.156.027 \$ 88.068.180 \$ 104.175.531	\$ 104,175,531	\$ 106,608,432	\$ 109,299,320	\$ 138,010,076	\$ 128,755,649	\$ 128,755,649 \$ 134,186,413	\$ 129,337,201	\$ 146,297,877
Restricted	4,907,823	6,880,369	5,925,425	10,466,982	15,175,690	21,742,753	29,294,641		47,585,574	44,213,990
Unrestricted	67,245,941	76,014,847	67,677,306	50,238,825	48,051,861	19,440,906	27,697,677	26,967,236	25,373,694	24,536,992
Total primary government net position	\$ 166,309,791	\$ 170,963,396	\$ 177,778,262	\$ 167,314,239	\$ 172,526,871	\$ 179,193,735	\$ 185,747,967	\$ 205,107,058	\$ 202,296,469	\$ 215,048,859

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

				H	Fiscal Year						
Function/Program Revenues Governmental activities:	2012		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
General government	\$ 7,88	82,958	7,882,958 \$ 8,221,000	\$ 8,854,998	\$ 9,516,380	\$ 9,674,256	\$ 9,882,404	\$ 10,332,074	\$ 93,858,826	\$ 21,975,993	\$ 20,092,430
Public safety	3,14	3,142,050	1,993,601	2,192,020	2,576,709	1,196,295	1,188,058	1,156,941	6,063,332	2,750,089	6,513,939
Transportation	4	442,727	483,251	455,887	281,775	188,709	194,373	200,205	645,489	297,351	231,783
Economic environment	1,62	1,628,174	1,652,403	1,279,024	984,133	970,840	1,223,746	1,252,670	3,051,881	12,447,000	4,953,436
Culture and recreation	16	167,982	199,286	184,717	275,060	250,591	279,223	378,443	5,701,825	5,499,889	6,836,604
Other											
Total governmental activities	13,26	13,263,891	12,549,541	12,966,646	13,634,057	12,280,691	12,767,804	13,320,333	109,321,353	42,970,322	38,628,192
Business-type activities:											
Utilities	16,13	16,135,065	17,552,449	17,999,702	19,233,264	18,725,213	20,156,929	19,983,982	25,859,090	18,910,797	21,442,510
Solid waste	6,51	6,513,969	6,499,983	6,607,800	6,749,482	6,716,863	6,906,065	7,186,148	6,311,029	7,300,966	8,461,654
Marina	3,51	3,511,819	3,123,838	2,976,178	3,165,160	2,772,635	3,067,780	3,366,817	793,912	1,832,345	3,439,943
Total business-type activities	26,16	26,160,853	27,176,270	27,583,680	29,147,906	28,214,711	30,130,774	30,536,947	32,964,031	28,044,108	33,344,107
Total primary government function/program revenues	\$ 39,424,744 \$ 39,725,811	24,744	\$ 39,725,811	\$ 40,550,326	\$ 42,781,963	\$ 40,495,402	\$ 42,898,578	\$ 43,857,280	\$ 142,285,384	\$ 71,014,430	\$ 71,972,299

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	2012	2013	2014	Fiscal Year 2015	ar 2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		2021
Governmental Funds General fund:											
Non-spendable Spendable:	\$ 432,325	\$ 160,252	\$ 212,444	\$ 355,237	\$ 292,545	\$ 293,011	\$ 319,010	\$ 304,141	\$ 383,043	8	431,939
Restricted											
Committed	9,838,400	10,496,928	10,882,597	11,396,432	11,164,211	12,045,554	12,906,796				
Assigned	783,378	230,253	228,760	228,760	286,399	546,933	546,933	242,020	534,724	_	506,656
Unassigned	9,545,027	11,542,588	13,262,912	12,591,442	14,868,795	8,207,390	11,543,501	14,585,827	17,327,208		23,170,324
Total general fund	20,599,130	22,430,021	24,586,713	24,571,871	26,611,950	21,092,888	25,316,240	15,131,988	18,244,975		24,108,919
All other governmental funds:											
Non-spendable Spendable:	164,350	161,352	166,328	1,931,733	1,947,538	2,322,141	2,285,632	2,532,757	4,264,991	_	437,547
Restricted	11,914,160	8,823,094	9,664,348	8,059,411	9,821,489	10,344,149	14,176,471	27,250,949	24,673,971	_	34,556,854
Committed	4,388,146	2,544,340	1,759,587	2,260,097				71961293	39,185,680		34,914,637
Assigned	11,399,721	23,848,878	19,448,304	17,953,680	18,426,642	17,884,755	33,369,103	31,976,073	30,320,836		20,458,897
Unassigned									(554,790)	<u>(</u>	(780,960)
Total all other governmental funds	27,866,377	35,377,664	31,038,567	30,204,921	30,195,669	30,551,045	49,831,206	133,721,072	97,890,688		89,586,975
Total governmental funds	\$ 48,465,507	\$ 57,807,685	\$ 55,625,280	55.625.280 \$ 54.776.792	\$ 56,807,619		\$ 75,147,446	\$ 51.643.933 \$ 75.147.446 \$ 148.853.060 \$ 116.135.663 \$ 113.695.894	\$ 116,135,663	8	13,695,894

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Dovomine	2012	2013	2014	Fiscal Year 2015	r <u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	$\overline{2020}$	$\frac{2021}{}$
Taxes Licenses and permits	\$ 18,320,020	\$ 18,817,297	\$ 19,458,430	\$ 20,128,376	\$ 20,527,665	\$ 22,314,178	\$ 23,881,370	\$ 23,583,332	\$ 24,781,168	\$ 31,689,937
Intergovernmental	10,321,430	9,006,077	9,623,619	10,174,102	8,888,292	9,150,093	9,372,046	91,693,380	24,601,564	27,999,222
Charges for services	1,011,432	1,253,090	1,175,095	1,209,316	1,156,224	1,249,335	1,317,923	1,164,419	1,127,439	1,398,056
Investment earnings	228,562	225,263	346,626	343,489	176,342	472,139	663,874	1,253,276	707,005	117,318
Miscellaneous	2,878,779	969,360	532,062	890,468	1,320,962	640,337	555,772	3,144,764	1,961,119	1,281,498
Total revenues	40,350,824	38,237,422	39,793,825	41,909,265	41,430,746	43,399,562	45,804,609	130,489,458	63,343,231	73,745,713
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	4,555,892	5,357,993	4,928,462	5,465,271	5,043,149	5,314,495	5,631,954	81,212,990	38,740,031	25,870,729
Public safety	15,506,710	15,859,430	16,362,023	16,248,208	16,622,005	16,772,083	17,429,071	19,360,984	19,175,443	19,672,622
Physical environment					5,748					
Transportation	3,727,188	3,888,680	3,852,140	3,660,154	3,601,914	3,754,584	3,821,614	3,280,396	3,642,622	3,701,834
Economic environment	3,747,936	3,265,201	3,682,475	3,500,184	3,514,085	3,455,302	4,881,270	4,145,662	7,508,653	9,374,767
Human services	305,925	274,702	313,463	265,926	244,089	282,512	244,479	235,158	271,247	343,236
Culture and recreation	2,330,338	2,446,464	2,447,613	2,588,130	2,626,840	2,713,367	2,790,838	6,562,198	3,459,087	3,006,704
Debt service:										
Capital lease principal			395,642	806,349	750,414	381,959	535,300	622,728	390,148	589,903
Capital lease interest			10,070	999'9	62,601	45,269	33,583	44,326	87,129	94,574
Principal	1,771,000	1,387,000	1,187,000	1,802,000	1,838,000	3,243,000	216,000	1,821,000	4,032,000	3,933,000
Interest and other charges	1,618,578	715,680	418,705	370,427	332,915	493,141	175,387	1,550,357	2,217,163	1,480,563
Capital outlay	6,493,415	7,464,200	7,298,532	8,729,922	3,302,128	13,782,228	16,793,745	16,178,164	10,646,121	9,321,059
Total expenditures	40,056,982	40,659,350	40,896,125	43,443,237	37,943,888	50,237,940	52,553,241	135,013,963	90,169,644	77,388,991
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	0.00	(000)	(000 001 1)	(000 000 0	0.407.04.0	(000 000))	(00) (040)	(0.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00	(614) (6) (7)	(000 00) ()
over (under) expenditures	293,842	(2,421,928)	(1,102,300)	(1,533,972)	3,486,838	(6,838,378)	(6,/48,632)	(4,524,505)	(26,826,413)	(3,643,278)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	100				6		000		60000	000
Transfers in	11,691,407	7,368,623	7,778,812	9,467,567	7,353,850	7,020,694	11,290,553	22,913,434	10,081,463	10,828,321
Transfer out	(12,611,868)	(8,377,393)	(8,858,917)	(10,670,379)	(8,809,881)	(8,642,793)	(13,080,073)	(24,861,834)	(14,958,600)	(20,422,152)
Issuance of long term debt		14,194,945		1,888,296		3,296,791	32,082,490	60,077,909	15,501,564	1,817,621
Onginal issue discount Issuance of refunding bonds	2 883 000	3 315 000					(40,823)	41 185 195		
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent	(2.817.717)	(3,289,219)						(41,185,195)		
Insurance Proceeds								20,100,610	13,439,200	6,885,802
BP recovery		1,900,000								
Total other financing sources (uses)	(855,178)	15,111,956	(1,080,105)	685,484	(1,456,031)	1,674,692	30,252,145	78,230,119	24,063,627	(890,408)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (561,336)	\$ 12,690,028	\$ (2,182,405)	\$ (848,488)	\$ 2,030,827	\$ (5,163,686)	\$ 23,503,513	\$ 73,705,614	\$ (2,762,786)	\$ (4,533,686)
Debt service as a percentage of) 00 F 0 F	7000	ò) o	0	,000	ò	, 450	0	0000
noncapital expenditures	10.10%	6.33%	5.99%	8.60%	8.61%	11.42%	2.69%	3.40%	8.46%	8.96%

See independent auditor's report.

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS) UNAUDITED

	Total Direct Rate	3.8152	3.8723	3.8723	3.8570	3.9740	3.9740	3.9740	4.3500	5.5469	4.9999
Ratio of Total Assessed Value to Total	Estimated Actual Value	61.32%	62.35%	67.11%	67.52%	69.51%	69.55%	%09.69	70.36%	97.22%	%60.96
	Estimated Actual Value	3,538,061	3,427,785	3,314,859	3,333,768	3,312,223	3,296,472	3,335,521	3,405,395	2,914,278	3,170,175
tal	•	↔									
Total	Assessed Value	2,169,531	2,137,103	2,224,722	2,250,946	2,302,226	2,292,668	2,321,550	2,396,004	2,833,353	3,046,244
		∽									
pess	Estimated Actual Value	14,003	13,953	14,011	16,216	15,503	17,190	20,624	15,795	14,711	15,597
Asse	Ac	8									
Centrally Assessed	Assessed Value	13,794	13,756	13,761	15,372	15,210	16,547	20,272	15,412	14,711	15,597
		↔									
erty	Estimated ctual Value	429,748	419,831	418,383	440,593	459,143	433,798	417,208	425,405	407,563	428,077
Prop	_ A	↔									
Personal Property	Assessed Value	282,033	275,999	300,007	320,082	361,462	337,167	320,030	328,829	402,164	422,905
		↔									
erty	Estimated Actual Value	3,094,310	2,994,001	2,882,465	2,876,959	2,837,577	2,845,484	2,897,689	2,964,195	2,492,004	2,726,502
Prop		↔									
Real Property	Assessed Value	1,873,704	1,847,348	1,910,954	1,915,492	1,925,554	1,938,954	1,981,248	2,051,763	2,416,478	2,607,743
		↔									
	Fiscal Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Source: Office of the Property Appraiser, Bay County, Florida

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

Overlapping Rates

Total Direct	and	Overlapping	Rates	18.4937	18.3306	17.2151	18.2917	18.5688	18.1356	17.7865	17.9420	18.9634	18.4352
Northwest	Florida Water	Management	District	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0039	0.0378	0.0366	0.0353	0.0338	0.0327	0.0311
Panama City	Downtown	Improvement	Board	2.7180	2.7578	2.8918	2.8918	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000
ls	Total	School	Millage	7.1180	6.8580	6.7610	6.8890	6.9070	6.4750	6.3410	6.1220	5.9476	5.9680
Bay District Schools	Debt	Service	Millage										
Bay I		Operating	Millage	7.1180	6.8580	6.7610	0688.9	6.9070	6.4750	6.3410	6.1220	5.9476	5.9680
	Total	County	Millage	4.8025	4.8025	3.6500	4.6500	4.6500	4.6500	4.4362	4.4362	4.4362	4.4362
Bay County	Debt	Service	Millage										
		Operating	Millage	4.8025	4.8025	3.6500	4.6500	4.6500	4.6500	4.4362	4.4362	4.4362	4.4362
у.	Total	City	Millage	3.8152	3.8723	3.8723	3.8570	3.9740	3.9740	3.9740	4.3500	5.5469	4.9999
City of Panama City	Debt	Service	Millage										
City o		Operating	Millage	3.8152	3.8723	3.8723	3.8570	3.9740	3.9740	3.9740	4.3500	5.5469	4.9999
	-	Fiscal	Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Office of the Property Appraiser, Bay County, Florida Source:

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA UNAUDITED

		2	2021				2012	
				Percentage of				Percentage of
		Taxable		Total Taxable		Taxable		Total Taxable
		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
Florida Power & Light (Gulf Power Company)	↔	66,915,226	\leftarrow	2.20%	↔	45,988,660	$\overline{}$	2.15%
Hospital Corporation of America (Bay Hospital)		57,650,217	2	1.89%		26,096,517	2	1.22%
Berg Steel Pipe Corp		40,986,812	3	1.35%		19,082,496	4	0.89%
MFG Waterstone Owner LLC		22,054,253	4	0.72%				
St. Andrew Bay Land Company		16,832,505	5	0.55%				
Panama City Port Authority		16,051,716	9	0.53%				
The Bay Line Railroad, LLC		14,338,862	7	0.47%		13,771,859	9	0.64%
Brixmor GA PC LLC		13,370,823	8	0.44%		13,254,936	7	0.62%
C W Roberts Contracting		12,972,725	6	0.43%				
Eastern Shipbuilding Group		12,777,476	10	0.42%		14,962,810	5	0.70%
Panama City Mall						24,224,211	\mathcal{S}	1.13%
Macquarie Equipment Finance						9,467,966	~	0.44%
Hancock Bank						9,402,990	6	0.44%
Centro NP 23rd St						7,678,064	10	0.36%
Total Principal Taxpayers	∽	273,950,615		8.99%	∽	183,930,509		8.61%
Total Taxable Assessed Value	⇔	3,046,244,134			↔	2,136,929,148		

Source: Office of the Property Appraiser, Bay County, Florida

See independent auditor's report.

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	to Date	Percentage	of Levy	%00.76	92.07%	%90.96	93.04%	97.27%	96.45%	%87.96	96.93%	96.83%	96.82%
	Total Collections to Date		Amount	8,026,590	7,931,119	8,338,872	8,511,465	8,861,504	8,897,687	8,929,918	10,099,539	11,049,811	10,576,138
	Collections in	Subsequent	Years	41,374 \$	27,445	28,856	53,346	48,454	29,502	24,809	33,578	31,850	17,762
				∽									
7ithin the	f the Levy	Percentage	ofLevy	%05'96	91.75%	95.73%	92.46%	96.73%	96.13%	96.51%	%09.96	96.55%	%99.96
Collected Within the	Fiscal Year of the Levy		Amount	7.985.216	7,903,674	8,310,016	8,458,119	8,813,050	8,868,185	8,905,109	10,065,961	11,017,961	10,558,376
Total	Tax	Levied for the	Fiscal Year	8.274.835 \$	8,614,083	8,680,847	9,148,158	9,110,571	9,225,232	9,227,409	10,419,785	11,411,124	10,923,022
				∽									
Fiscal	Year			2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

(1) By May 31, during each year for which taxes are levied, all taxes have been collected and remitted to the City or the delinquent taxes are raised by public auction of tax certificates and the proceeds are remitted to the City by the County Tax Collector. Therefore, there are no material unremitted tax revenues for each fiscal year on September 30.

Source: Based on information provided by Office of the Property Appraiser, Bay County, Florida

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	Per Capita (1)	645 953	098	1,733	1,580	1,419	2,251	2,359	2,000	1,928
Percentage	of Personal Income (1)	5.75% 4.42%	5.00%	2.58%	2.90%	3.36%	2.70%	5.20%	4.52%	Not Available
Total	Primary Government	23,603,000	30,747,303	62,099,520	58,301,550	52,487,152	83,766,071	79,498,328	77,673,426	66,908,970
ties		⊗								
Business-type Activities	Revenue Bonds/Notes	\$ 16,400,000	13,129,000	44,878,789	43,379,092	37,899,394	37,891,697	35,045,000	32,139,000	29,267,000
Governmental Activities	Capital Lease Obligations	295,945	200,303	1,582,251	1,131,837	839,668	956,857	1,357,541	1,468,956	2,507,142
nental A		↔								
Govern	Revenue Bonds/Notes	7,203,000	17,418,000	15,638,480	13,790,621	13,748,090	44,917,517	43,095,787	44,065,470	35,134,828
		∽								
	Fiscal Year	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Note: For the fiscal years ended September 30. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 206 for personal income and population data. For the purpose of this schedule, personal income attributable to Panama City was utilized.

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS) UNAUDITED

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percent Applicable ¹	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt	
Bay County:	84 571	15 67%	13 248	
Capital leases	2,437	15.67%	382	
Notes payable	188,875	15.67%	29,588 43,218	
Bay County School Board:				
Community Disaster Loan	5,000	16.19%	608	
Revenue Anticipation Note	2,079	16.19%	337	
Certificates of participation	114,240	16.19%	18,492	
	121,319		19,637	
Subtotal of overlapping debt			62,856	
City of Panama City direct debt	45,534		45,534	
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 108,390	

¹ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values, for 2021, that are provided by the Bay County Property Appraiser's Office. The percentages were calculated by dividing the City's taxable assessed value by the County or School Board taxable assessed value.

Source: - Bay County Clerk of Court & Comptroller for fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

ended June 30, 2021

See independent auditor's report.

⁻ District School Board of Bay County Superintendent's Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PLEDGED - REVENUE COVERAGE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

		Coverage	3.15 6.60 12.98 14.03 14.52								
ıx Bonds	ice	Interest	73,420 12,253 7,900 4,746 1,582								
ice Ta	Debt Service		€								
Utility Service Tax Bonds	Deb	Principal	910,000 515,000 291,000 293,000 -								
			€								
		Revenue Collected	3,100,905 3,479,637 3,879,713 4,176,778 4,276,080 4,287,390 4,540,419 3,719,556 1,542,282 1,483,903								
			€								
qs		Coverage		es Tax, and	Coverage	14.35 33.22	21.66	11.54	ı	ı	1
ortation Bon	Service	Interest		unications Service ense Fee Bonds t Service	Interest	87,756 66,438	52,886 38,976	44,453	•	1	•
ransp	t Ser			mmunication License Fee Debt Service		↔					
Local Option Gas Transportation Bonds	Debt	Principal		Utility Service Tax, Communications Services Tax, and Merchants' License Fee Bonds Revenue Debt Service	I D	\$ 750,000 349,000	605,000 621,000	1,272,000	'	'	1
ocal	!		75 50 50 77 77 77	Servic	 i		35 75	33	13	98	48
		Revenue	1,269,175 1,394,258 1,376,850 1,410,878 1,479,612 1,281,331 1,295,819 1,315,941 1,269,117	Utility S Revenue	Collected (1)	12,025,916 13,801,666	14,250,305	15,191,733	15,920,513	14,629,936	15,528,848
			↔		-	∽					
		Fiscal Year	2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2019 2020 2020	Fiscal	Year	2013 2014	2015 2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

(1) Revenue collected for Utility Service Tax, Communications Services Tax, and Merchants' License Fee Bonds includes the amount remaining after principal and interest payments for the bonds covered solely by Utility Service Taxes, plus the Communications Services Tax and the 17,264,784 Merchants' License Fees.

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PLEDGED - REVENUE COVERAGE - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	Coverage	3.11	3.99	4.36	13.56	3.03	2.38	2.20	1.73	1.34	1.30
REMENTS	Total	\$ 1,812,837	1,717,315	1,781,473	641,781	2,657,638	3,772,841	3,816,363	3,818,519	3,821,697	3,719,875
DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS	Interest	165,837	519,315	520,473	225,781	1,165,638	1,080,841	1,036,363	979,519	915,697	731,875
EBT SE		∽									
DI	Principal	1,647,000	1,198,000	1,261,000	416,000	1,492,000	2,692,000	2,780,000	2,839,000	2,906,000	2,988,000
		∽									
Net Revenue Available for	Debt Service (4)	\$ 5,629,892	6,858,716	7,774,466	8,699,612	8,052,186	8,964,624	8,404,332	6,608,626	5,135,657	4,839,938
	Expenses (3)	10,573,093	10,642,101	10,140,302	10,440,568	10,657,103	10,941,850	11,445,855	19,074,971	13,468,255	15,812,204
		\$									
Gross	Revenue (2)	16,202,985	17,500,817	17,914,768	19,140,180	18,709,289	19,906,474	19,850,187	25,683,597	18,603,912	20,652,142
	\ \	\$									
Fiscal	Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Notes:

Includes Utilities Fund only.
 Includes all operating and nonoperating revenues except impact fees.
 Includes all operating and nonoperating expenses except interest expense and depreciation expense.
 Before operating transfers out.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA

Unemployment Rate (3)	9.3%	7.8%	5.8%	5.1%	4.8%	3.3%	2.8%	3.9%	4.7%	3.9%
Per Capita Personal Income (2)	38,775	42,179	42,998	44,731	45,744	47,648	48,944	45,690	50,696	Not Available
Personal Income in '000's (2)	6,568,180 \$	6,634,581	6,888,553	7,214,062	7,529,278	7,796,975	8,010,201	7,982,208	8,685,322	Not Available
City to County Population Ratio	21.13% \$	21.03%	20.95%	20.68%	20.97%	20.68%	20.53%	19.70%	19.79%	19.46%
Estimated County Population (1)	169,392	169,866	170,781	173,310	176,016	178,820	181,199	167,283	174,410	178,282
Estimated City Population (1)	35,800	35,720	35,773	35,835	36,909	36,988	37,208	32,951	34,517	34,698
Fiscal	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

 Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research
 U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis
 U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Source:

See independent auditor's report.

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (1) CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO UNAUDITED

		2021			2012	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
,	,	,	10tal County	,	,	I otal Coulity
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Bay District Schools		1	4.79%	4,411	3	4.84%
Tyndall Air Force Base	2,540	2	2.91%	7,352	П	8.07%
LHP Bay County (formerly Bay Medical Center)	1,436	\mathcal{C}	1.65%	2,000	4	2.20%
Maximus Federal (formerly General Dynamics)	1,376	4	1.58%			
Gulf Coast Medical Center	886	5	1.13%	631	9	%69.0
Trane	869	9	0.80%			
Publix Supermarkets	671	7	0.77%			
Gulf Coast State College	633	~	0.73%	009	7	%99.0
Bay County Board of County Commissioners	633	~	0.73%	909	6	0.56%
Royal American Management	612	10	0.70%			
Naval Support Activity				4,791	2	5.26%
Eastern Shipbuilding				1,061	5	1.17%
City of Panama City				537	8	0.59%
Booklt.com				200	10	0.55%
	13,768		15.78%	22,389		24.59%
Total Bay County Labor Force	87,245			91,053		

(1) Data presented reflects Bay County

Source: Bay County ACFR

See independent auditor's report.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

					Fiscal Year	ear				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental activities: Police:										
Total crime arrests	4,190	4,074	5,807	5,297	5,346	4,177	4,834	5,220	5,212	5,507
Traffic violations	11,240	10,286	6,683	9,179	8,385	8,438	5,427	6,870	4,434	4,912
Parking violations	104	135	154	86	42	70	61	31	19	13
Code enforcement reports	1,022	2,059	2,707	3,160	4,164	4,971	4,104	2,256	4,468	5,737
Calls for service	56,880	54,480	53,421	53,343	55,069	55,876	61,206	57,113	808,89	65,461
Fire:										
Structure fires	49	48	44	35	62	29	44	38	39	45
Total calls for service	1,870	1,821	2,479	2,735	2,779	5,206	6,186	5,185	4,897	4,397
Inspections	2,132	1,721	1,870	2,358	2,508	3,396	2,502	2,606	2,607	2,996
Business-type activities: Wastewater system: Number of service connections Water system: Number of service connections	14,554	14,643	14,730	14,683	14,734	14,885	15,038	13,532	13,141	14,165

Source: City Departments

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

	2012	Fisc 2013	Fiscal Year $\frac{2014}{}$	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental activities: Police:										
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Number of substations	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0
Number of vehicles in fleet	118	121	120	121	122	126	137	137	137	132
Number of stations	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Transportation:										
Miles of paved streets	198	198	198	199	201	201	204	204		234
Number of street lights	4,832	4,846	4,857	4,949	4,952	5,036	5,060	5,060	5,060	5,189
Culture and recreation:										
Community centers	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	33	33	34	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Park acreage	146	146	150	156	156	156	156	156	228	268
Baseball and softball fields	13	13	13	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Soccer fields				1	1		1	1	1	
Public marinas	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public boat launching areas	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Civic centers	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Business-type activities:										
Wastewater system:										
Miles of sanitary sewers	294	295	292	293	295	295	297	293	293	296
Number of treatment plants	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
treatment in gallons	4,775,000	4,775,000 6,074,000	5,244,000	4,200,000	5,200,000	5,000,000	6,200,000	4,983,000	5,505,753	5,840,000
Miles of water moins	076	000	Trr			000	177			761
Miles of water mains	308	338	33/			559	341			
Number of fire hydrants	1,677	1,681	1,683		1,718	1,730	1,759	1,615	1,615	1,791
Daily average consumption in gallons	5,754,000 6,04	6,049,000	5,190,000	5,3;		5,680,000	4,926,000			

Source: City Departments

See independent auditor's report.

FULL - TIME EQUIVALENT - CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM **CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED

					Fiscal Y	'ear				
Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u> <u>20</u>	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental activities:										
General government	65	<i>L</i> 9	<i>L</i> 9	71	82	74	69	69	87	92
Public safety	220	220	213	216	224	243	233	257	226	229
Transportation	50	50	39	36	40	43	35	46	37	36
Culture and recreation	28	25	24	24	22	24	25	30	24	25
Economic environment	∞	7	14	13	14	14	12	15	16	22
Business-type activities:										
Utilities	93	91	42	83	79	77	82	06	92	93
Solid waste	39	39	39	39	39	40	39	44	41	42
Marinas	6	6	13	13	14	14	14	15	7	7
,	,	((((1		
Total	512	208	488	495	514	529	509	995	530	546

Source: City of Panama City Annual Budget

See independent auditor's report.

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

THIS SECTION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING:

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE	p. 20I
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.	p. 204
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL.	p. 206
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	p. 209
➤ SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS	p. 219
➤ MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN	P. 22I
➤ INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTE 218.415 RELATED TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT	
POLICIES	p. 224
➤ INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER	p. 225
➤ SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FUNDS RELATED TO THE DEEPWATER HORIZON OIL SPILL	р. 228

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Federal/State Agency, Pass-Through Entity, Federal Program/State Projects	CFDA/ CSFA Number	Exp	enditures
Federal Awards			
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Direct programs:			
Community Development Block Grants	14.219	\$	479,236
Passed through Department of Economic Opportunity:	44.000		4.50.00
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	14.228		153,287
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			632,523
U.S Department of Justice:			
Direct Programs:			
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program - 2019 PCPD	16.607		10,498
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program - 2020 PCPD	16.607		4,248
FY2020 Coronavirus Emergency Supplement Funding Program	16.034		72,113
2020 Edward Byrne Justice Assistance Grant	16.738		17,533
Total U.S. Department of Justice			104,392
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Direct Programs:			
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response Grant - 2019	97.083		91,526
Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management:			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidential			
Declared Disasters)	97.036		570,942
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			662,468
U.S. Department of the Treasury			
Direct Programs:			
Passed through the Florida Department of Emergency Management:			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		200,000
Coronavirus Relief Fund - CARES 1 - State Housing Institutions			
Partnership Program	21.019		924,368
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			1,124,368
U.S. Department of Commerce			
Direct Programs:			
Passed through the Florida Department of Environmental Protection:			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	11.419		36,718
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Direct Programs:			
Passed through the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Ser	vices:		
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664		64,585
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	2,625,054
COMPONENT - UNIT - Panama City Port Authority			
U.S. Department of Transportation:			
Passed through the Florida Department of Transportation			
COVID-19 State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	\$	394,016

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Federal/State Agency, Pass-Through Entity, Federal Program/State Projects	CFDA/ CSFA Number	Expenditures
State Financial Assistance		
Florida Housing Finance Corp:		
State Housing Institutions Partnership Program	40.901	\$ 257,210
State Housing Institutions Partnership Program-		
Hurricane Housing Recovery Program	40.902	1,991,818
State Housing Institutions Partnership Program-		
Emergency Management	40.901	1,037,831
Passed through Bay County:		
State Housing Institutions Partnership Program	40.901	29,293
State Housing Institutions Partnership Program-		
Hurricane Housing Recovery Program	40.902	2,170,033
State Housing Institutions Partnership Program-		
Emergency Management	40.901	927,790
Total Florida Housing Finance Corp		6 412 075
Total Florida Housing Finance Corp		6,413,975
Florida Department of Transportation:		
FDOT Beautification Grant Program	55.003	18,975
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance		\$ 6,432,950
COMPONENT UNIT - Panama City Port Authority		
Florida Department of Transportation:		
Grant No. 43482819401	55.005	\$ 95,761
Grant No. 43482839401	55.005	62,008
Grant No. 41818229402	55.005	604,331
Grant No. 41818229401	55.005	248,372
Grant No. 43876319405	55.005	813,244
Grant No. 42836439402	55.005	2,087,000
Grant No. 43876319404	55.005	1,941,195
Grant No. 43482839402	55.005	144,999
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance		\$ 5,996,910

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance includes the grant activity of the City of Panama City, Florida and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance summarizes the federal and state expenditures of the City under programs of the federal government and state departments for the year ended September 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the requirements of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City.

For purposes of the schedule, federal awards and state projects include all grants, contracts, and similar agreements entered into directly with the federal government and state departments. The City has obtained the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) and Catalog of State Financial Assistance (CSFA) numbers to ensure that all programs have been identified in the schedule.

Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (CFDA No. 97.036)

After a Presidential - Declared disaster, FEMA provides a Public Assistance Grant to reimburse eligible costs associated with repair, replacement, or restoration of disaster-damaged facilities. The Federal government reimburses in the form of cost-shared grants which requires state matching funds. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, \$317,148 of approved eligible expenditures that were incurred in a prior year are included on the schedule.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Panama City, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Panama City, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Panama City, Florida's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material

weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001, 2021-002, and 2021-008, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Panama City, Florida's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Panama City, Florida's Response to Findings

Tipton, Marly, Lamer: Chastain

The City of Panama City, Florida's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Panama City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Panama City, Florida

September 26, 2022

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Panama City, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the City of Panama City, Florida's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Panama City, Florida's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2021. The City of Panama City, Florida's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards and state financial assistance applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Panama City, Florida's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal programs and state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Panama City, Florida's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Panama City, Florida's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the City of Panama City, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Other Matters

The results of our audit procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-011 and 2021-012. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The City of Panama City, Florida's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Panama City, Florida's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Panama City, Florida is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Panama City, Florida's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-003, 2021-004, 2021-005, 2021-009, and 2021-010, that we consider to be significant deficiencies, and item 2021-006 and 2021-007, that we consider to be a material weakness.

The City of Panama City, Florida's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Panama City, Florida's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Panama City, Florida September 26, 2022

Tipton, Marly, Lamer: Chastain

A. **Summary of Auditor's Results**

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the City of Panama City, Florida were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. Material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the City of Panama City, Florida, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. Federal Programs Significant deficiencies in internal control over a major federal award program and an instance of noncompliance have been reported. State Projects - Material weaknesses and significant deficiencies in internal control over a major state project and an instance of noncompliance have been reported
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs and major state projects for the City of Panama City, Florida, expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal award programs and major state projects.
- 6. Our audit includes findings to a federal award program and state projects that were required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516 (a) and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General.
- 7. The programs and projects tested as major programs and projects included the following:

Federal Programs	Federal CFDA No.
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019
State Projects	State CSFA No.
State Housing Institutions Partnership Program- Hurricane Housing Recovery Program	40.902
State Housing Institutions Partnership Program-	10.502
Emergency Management	40.901
State Housing Institutions Partnership Program	40.901

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The City of the Panama City, Florida, did not qualify as a low-risk auditee for the federal programs or state projects.

B. Findings - Financial Statements Audit

2021 - 001

Condition: Bank accounts should be reconciled on a timely and regular basis to help prevent misappropriation and ensure the proper recoding of all cash transactions.

Criteria: Bank reconciliations were not performed timely during the course of the year.

Cause: We noted that the City's bank accounts were not reconciled on a timely basis during the year.

Effect: Assets could potentially be misappropriated, or accounting records could be misstated, with such issues not being identified on a timely basis, if at all.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City perform bank reconciliations within thirty days after the end of the month and ensure all reconciled balances per the bank reconciliations agree to the general ledger.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The City agrees with the auditors' recommendations. See attached Managements Corrective Action Plan.

2021 – 002 (Previously 2020 – 003)

Condition: Material adjustments to the financial records were made in order for the financial statements to conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

Criteria: Internal controls should prevent, or detect and correct adjustment timely to provide materially correct financial information.

Cause: The City's controls did not identify the adjustments timely.

Effect: Adjustments were required for current year balances.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City staff continue to strive towards identifying adjustments more timely.

2021 - 008

Condition: The City's management did not have adequate policies, processes, and procedures in place over the preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (SEFA). The SEFA was not maintained in a timely or complete manner.

Criteria: The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining policies, processes, and procedures that prevent or detects material misstatements to the SEFA. This includes identifying, recognizing, and properly presenting all federal and state activity.

Cause: The City's policies, processes, and procedures were not in place and did not ensure expenditures were properly and timely reported.

Effect: The City's policies, processes, and procedures over the preparation of the SEFA were not adequate to ensure that a misstatement would be prevented and/or detected.

Recommendation: The City must design and implement effective policies, processes, and procedures to ensure the SEFA is timely and free from material misstatement.

C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Program and State Project

2021 - 003

CSFA: 40.902

Program Title: State Housing Institutions Partnership Program – Hurricane Housing

Recovery Program

Compliance Requirement: Activities Unallowed and Allowable Costs

State Entity: Florida Housing Finance Corporation

Questioned Cost:\$17,150

Condition: During our testing of the sample selected, a transaction totaling \$17,150 was selected for one recipient of the state funds. The recipient applied for and received assistance under the Local Housing Assistance Plan (LHAP) under the mortgage assistance strategy. The recipient received assistance for an ineligible cost related to that strategy as well as receiving assistance above the strategies threshold.

Criteria: The City must establish and maintain effective internal controls over the State awards that provides reasonable assurance that the City is managing the State project in compliance with Federal and State Statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the state project.

Cause: Proper controls and procedures were not in place to ensure activities and costs were allowable.

Effect: The City was not compliant with the terms of the grant which could possibly result in termination of the grant or a reduction in future payments or fundings amount.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City staff establish controls to verify that costs are allocated to the correct strategies and costs are allowable.

2021 - 004

CSFA: 40.902

Program Title: State Housing Institutions Partnership Program – Hurricane Housing

Recovery Program

Compliance Requirement: Allowable Costs

State Entity: Florida Housing Finance Corporation

Questioned Cost: \$2,746

Condition: A recipient of the funds received assistance under the owner occupied rehabilitation strategy that has a maximum award of \$105,000. The recipient received assistance in the amount of \$107,746, which was \$2,746 above the maximum award amount.

Criteria: The City must establish and maintain effective internal controls over the State awards that provides reasonable assurance that the City is managing the State project in compliance with Federal and State Statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the state project.

Cause: Proper controls and procedures were not in place to ensure activities were allowable.

Effect: The City was not compliant with the terms of the grant which could possibly result in termination of the grant or a reduction in future payments or fundings amount.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City staff establish controls to verify that costs are allowable.

2021-005 (Previously 2020 – 004)

Condition: Each year, the State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program must submit an annual report of its local affordable housing program expenditures, leveraging, and beneficiary characteristics (demographics). During our audit, we noted in several instances, the expenditures reported on the Annual Reports for closeout year 2018-2019 were submitted to Florida Housing Finance Corporation inaccurately by including expenditures outside of the time frame and contained amounts that did not correspond with the City's financial statements.

Criteria: Guidelines determined by Florida Housing Finance Corporation for completing the Annual Report should be followed.

Cause: Proper controls and procedures were not in place to ensure expenditures were properly reported on the Annual Report.

Effect: The Annual Reports submitted to Florida Housing include inaccurate information.

Recommendation: We recommend that that City staff establish controls to ensure and verify the completeness and accuracy of the Annual Reports submitted to Florida Housing Finance Corporation.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The City agrees with the auditors' recommendations. See attached Managements Corrective Action Plan.

2021 – 006 (Previously 2020 – 005)

Condition: Significant adjustments to the financial records were made in order to properly classify expenditures to the appropriate program State Housing Initiatives Partnership Funds.

Criteria: Program expenditures should be properly classified when they occur.

Cause: Proper controls and procedures were not in place to ensure that costs were allocated to programs correctly.

Effect: The cost of assistance may be disallowed.

Recommendation: We recommend that City staff establish controls to verify that costs are classified to the correct programs.

2021 – 007 (Previously 2020 – 006)

Condition: Several State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program files that were tested were incomplete. All necessary documentation was not completed timely and properly maintained.

Criteria: Files in progress are required per the contract to include notes and checklists that track the progress of the file.

Cause: Proper controls and procedures were not in place to ensure files were completed in a timely manner.

Effect: Files and related expenses could be missed in filing annual reports and documenting eligible expenses, which could lead to questioned costs.

Recommendation: We recommend that City staff establish controls to ensure and verify files are reviewed on a scheduled basis and documentation is kept up with in a timely manner.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The City agrees with the auditors' recommendations. See attached Managements Corrective Action Plan.

2021 - 009

Condition: Per the Coronavirus Relief Funding Agreement (CRF) the City must provide Florida Housing Finance Corporation with monthly, quarterly, and closeout reports.

Criteria: Guidelines determined by Florida Housing Finance Corporation for completing the reports should be followed.

Cause: Proper controls and procedures were not in place to ensure expenditures were properly and timely filed on the appropriate reports.

Effect: The reports were not submitted to Florida Housing Finance Corporation.

Recommendation: We recommend that that City staff establish controls to ensure and verify the completeness and accuracy of the reports submitted to Florida Housing Finance Corporation.

2021 - 010

CFDA: 21.019

Program Title: Coronavirus Relief Fund

Compliance Requirement: Period of Performance State Entity: Florida Housing Finance Corporation

Questioned Cost: \$1,490

Condition: A recipient of the funds received assistance for past due rent outside of the grants period of performance.

Criteria: The City must establish and maintain effective internal controls over the Federal Awards that provides reasonable assurance that the City is managing the Federal Awards in compliance with Federal and State Statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal Project

Cause: Proper controls and procedures were not in place to ensure activities were allowable in the reporting period.

Effect: The City was not compliant with the terms of the grant which could possibly result in termination of the grant or a reduction in future payments or fundings amount.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City staff establish controls to verify that costs are allowable in the respective period of performance of the grant.

2021 - 011

Condition: The date collection form was not submitted within the required timeframe.

Criteria: Audited compliance package and completion of the federal single audit is required to be submitted timely to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse (the FAC). The package must be electronically submitted through the FAC website within the earlier of 30 days after receipt of the auditors' report or nine months after the end of the audit period.

Cause: The delays in preparing bank reconciliations, the Schedule of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance, and the amount of adjustments needed to the financial statements did not allow for the completion of the federal and state single audit within the required timeframe.

Effect: The City can be found to be out of compliance by individual granting agencies. As a result, the federal or state awarding agency could potentially withhold funds until the deficiency is remedied, completely suspend or terminate the award, or withhold further awards for the program.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City remedy remaining audit findings reported during the course of the federal single audit and timely prepare expenditure reports and support for purposes of being subject to a federal single audit.

2021 - 012

Condition: The compliance package for the City was not submitted within the required timeframe.

Criteria: Pursuant to section 10.558(4) of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, require submission of the completed audit report, including the auditee's responses and corrective action plans Audited compliance package. Copies of the audit report required by Section 163.387(8), Florida Statutes, and copies of the audit report required to be submitted pursuant to Sections 215.97 and 218.39, Florida Statutes, including the auditee's responses thereto, and the corrective action plans required for the Federal awards and Florida Single Audit Act audits, shall be submitted to the Auditor General and State awarding agencies (if applicable) within 45 days after delivery of the audit report to the local governmental entity but no later than 9 months after the end of the fiscal year of the local governmental entity.

Cause: The delays in preparing bank reconciliations, the Schedule of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance, and the amount of adjustments needed to the financial statements did not allow for the completion of the federal and state single audit within the required timeframe.

Effect: The City can be found to be out of compliance by individual granting agencies. As a result, the federal or state awarding agency could potentially withhold funds until the deficiency is remedied, completely suspend or terminate the award, or withhold further awards for the program.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City remedy remaining audit findings reported during the course of the state single audit and timely prepare expenditure reports and support for purposes of being subject to a federal single audit.



September 26, 2022

City of Panama City, Florida Schedule of Prior Audit Findings – Part D For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

Financial Statements Audit:

Finding Number 2020-003

Condition – Material adjustments to the financial records were made in order for the financial statements to conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

Recommendation – We recommend that the City staff continue to strive towards identifying proposed audit adjustments more timely.

Current Status – The recommendation was adopted and the corrective action is still in process. However, it has come to our attention that additional staffing, duties and training were needed which required additional time from the original estimated completion date of November 20, 2022. The corrective action plan is now expected to be completed by January 31, 2023.

Major Federal Award Program and State Project:

Finding Number 2020-004

Condition – Each year, the State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program must submit an annual report of its local affordable housing program expenditures, leveraging, and beneficiary characteristics (demographics). During our audit, we noted in several instances, the expenditures reported on the Annual Reports for closeout year 2017- 2018 were submitted to Florida Housing Finance Corporation inaccurately by including expenditures outside of the time frame and contained amounts that did not correspond with the City's financial statements.

Recommendation — We recommend that City staff establish controls to ensure and verify the completeness and accuracy of the Annual Reports submitted to Florida Housing Finance Corporation.

Current Status – The recommendation was adopted and the corrective action is still in process. However, it has come to our attention that additional staffing, duties and training were needed which required additional time from the original estimated completion date of November 20, 2022. The corrective action plan is now expected to be completed by September 30, 2023.

Finding Number 2020-005

Condition – Significant adjustments to the financial records were made in order to properly classify to the appropriate program State Housing Initiatives Partnership Funds.

Recommendation – We recommend that City staff establish controls to verify that costs are classified to the correct programs.

Current Status – The recommendation was adopted and the corrective action is still in process. However, it has come to our attention that additional staffing, duties and training were needed which required additional time from the original estimated completion date of January 31, 2022. The corrective action plan is now expected to be completed by September 30, 2023.

Finding Number 2020-006

Condition - Several State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program files that were tested were incomplete. All necessary documentation was not maintained timely.

Recommendation - We recommend that City staff establish controls to ensure and verify files are reviewed on a scheduled basis and documentation is kept up with in a timely manner.

Current Status – The recommendation was adopted and the corrective action is still in process. However, it has come to our attention that additional staffing, duties and training were needed which required additional time from the original estimated completion date of November 30, 2022. The corrective action plan is now expected to be completed by September 30, 2023.



September 26, 2022

City of Panama City, Florida Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Finding Number 2021-001

Planned Corrective Action:

The City has hired an outside consultant to assist in preparing bank reconciliations and to provide new processes and procedures to assist City staff in more efficiently and timely reconciling the bank accounts. Corrective action plan is proceeding on time as planned.

Anticipated Completion Date: December 31, 2022

Finding Number 2021-002 (Previously 2020-003)

Planned Corrective Action:

The prior year's planned corrective action is still in process and on target for the anticipated completion date listed. However, it has come to our attention that additional staffing, duties and training were needed which required additional time. Corrective action plan is proceeding on time as planned.

Anticipated Completion Date: January 31, 2023

Finding Number 2021-003

Planned Corrective Action: The City has implemented a check request and file review process before checks are issued. This review process will determine if the cost is allowable and if it meets the LHAP requirements. Corrective action plan is proceeding on time as planned.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2023

Finding Number 2021-004

Planned Corrective Action: The City has implemented a check request and file review process before checks are issued. This review process will determine if the cost is allowable and if it meets the LHAP requirements. Corrective action plan is proceeding on time as planned.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2023

Finding Number 2021-005 (Previously 2020-004)

Planned Corrective Action:

The prior year's planned corrective action is still in process and on target for the anticipated completion date listed. However, it has come to our attention that additional staffing, duties and training were needed which required additional time. Corrective action plan is proceeding on time as planned.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2023

Finding Number 2021-006 (Previously 2020-005)

Planned Corrective Action:

The prior year's planned corrective action is still in process. However, it has come to our attention that additional staffing, duties and training were needed which required additional time. Corrective action plan is proceeding on time as planned.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2023

Finding Number 2021-007 (Previously 2020-006)

Planned Corrective Action:

The prior year's planned corrective action is still in process and on target for the anticipated completion date listed. However, it has come to our attention that additional staffing, duties and training were needed which required additional time. Corrective action plan is proceeding on time as planned.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2023

Finding Number 2021-008

Planned Corrective Action: The City has hired an additional accountant to assist in preparing the SEFA. The City has also established a Project Management Office to handle the City's rebuilding and managing grants received for that purpose. Additionally, other City departments are providing more timely grant information to accounting for use in preparing the SEFA. Corrective action plan is proceeding on time as planned.

Anticipated Completion Date: January 31, 2023

Finding Number 2021-009

Planned Corrective Action: The City's past issues with not filing reports, not filing reports timely and/or not filing accurate reports were a result of the activity not being reviewed and recorded timely and appropriately. With the additional processes and procedures implemented and with the addition of the department accountant, the City is progressing toward timely and accurately filing required reports. Corrective action plan is proceeding on time as planned.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2023

Finding Number 2021-010

Planned Corrective Action: The City has implemented a check request and file review process before checks are issued. This review process will determine if the cost is allowable and if it meets the LHAP requirements. Corrective action plan is proceeding on time as planned.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2023

Finding Number 2021-11

Planned Corrective Action: The City has hired additional accounting staff and an outside consultant to assist with the additional accounting requirements resulting from grants and other funding sources resulting from Hurricane Michael. This will assist in completing each fiscal year's accounting in a more timely manner and thus submitting the required reports timely.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2023

Finding Number 2021-12

City Clerk-Treasurer

Planned Corrective Action: The City has hired additional accounting staff and an outside consultant to assist with the additional accounting requirements resulting from grants and other funding sources resulting from Hurricane Michael. This will assist in completing each fiscal year's accounting in a more timely manner and thus submitting the required reports timely.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2023

Responsible Contact Person: Janette Smith

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTE 218.415 RELATED TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POLICIES

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Panama City, Florida

We have examined the City of Panama City, Florida's (the "City") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds and with Federal and State laws, rules, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements related to the receipt and expenditure of funds (see section 288.8018(1), Florida Statutes) they received related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill, during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements, based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Panama City, Florida September 26, 2022

Tipton, Marley, Lamer: Chastain

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners, and City Manager City of Panama City, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Panama City, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated September 26, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Finding 2020-001 was included in the prior year management letter. For the current fiscal year, this finding 2021-001 has been reported in the Independent Auditor's Report

on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, as a material weakness.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. We determined that the City of Panama City, Florida compiled this information in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City of Panama City, Florida has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City of Panama City, Florida did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City of Panama City, Florida. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City of Panama City, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we have the following recommendations:

2021 – 013 (Previously 2020 – 002) Capital Assets Policies and Procedures:

During our audit, we were unable to test the capital assets due to not timely receiving the capital asset reports. We recommend that the City follow their capital asset policies and procedures

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor, City Commissioners, City Manager, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Panama City, Florida

Tipton, Marly, Lainer: Chastain

September 26, 2022

CITY OF PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FUNDS RELATED TO THE DEEPWATER HORIZON OIL SPILL FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	2021	
Source	Amount Received	Amount Expended
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		
British Petroleum: Triumph Gulf Coast Inc.	\$171,627	\$ 3,445,005
COMPONENT UNIT-Panama City Port Authority		
British Petroleum: Triumph Gulf Coast Inc.	\$1,477,882	\$ 728,302

Note: This does not include funds related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill that are considered Federal awards or State financial assistance. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance includes \$0 of expenditures of Federal Awards and State financial assistance, that are related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill.