

Cover Photo:

Venice Municipal Fishing Pier

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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

PREPARED BY THE
OFFICE OF THE FINANCE DIRECTOR
LINDA SENNE, CPA, CGMA
FINANCE DIRECTOR

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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City of Venice, Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

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February 14, 2022

Honorable Mayor, City Council, and Citizens of the City of Venice, Florida:

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Venice, Florida (City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The purpose of this report is to provide the City Council, citizens, bondholders, representatives of financial institutions, and others with detailed information concerning the financial condition and performance of the City of Venice. In addition, the report provides assurance that the City presents fairly, in all material respects, its financial position as verified by independent auditors.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by MSL, P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions on the City's various financial statements included in this document. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP for governmental entities require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Venice was incorporated in 1927, and is located in Sarasota County, in southwest Florida, on the Gulf of Mexico. Venice enjoys a semi-tropical climate with an average daily high temperature of 82 degrees, and an average daily low temperature of 64 degrees, and is known for its beautiful beaches. The City currently occupies a land area of 17.79 square miles and serves a population of 26,103. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on real and personal property located within its boundaries. The City is also empowered by state statutes to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

The City has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1927. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of the Mayor and six other Council members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting an annual budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager, City Attorney, and City Clerk. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances adopted by the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Mayor and Council members are elected at large, on a non-partisan basis, for three-year staggered terms.

The mission of Venice City Government is to provide exceptional municipal services through a financially sustainable City with engaged citizens.

The City provides a full range of services that include public safety, construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, solid waste collection and disposal services, recreational activities, and cultural events. The City also operates water, wastewater, and storm water utilities, and has a municipal airport which is a historic general aviation facility.

Public safety includes police services, fire protection, and emergency medical services (EMS). Police services are provided by the City's Police Department, which had 70 full-time equivalent employees (FTE's) in 2021. Fire protection and EMS are provided by the City's Fire Department, which operates 3 fire stations and had 71.6 FTE's in 2021. (Beginning in 2021, the City's Fire Department took over primary responsibility for EMS from the County).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager in April of each year. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the Council for review prior to July 31. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30, which is the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriations budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a fund. Transfers of appropriations between funds, however, require the approval of the City Council. Fiscal year 2021 budget-to-actual comparison schedules are provided in this report for all governmental funds.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The economy of the City and Sarasota County is a blend of tourism and retirement industries, service industries, light manufacturing and construction. When the recession started in 2007, the City faced the same economic challenges as most of the nation. Around 2014, the local economy started recovering and by 2020, new construction activity and tourism had recovered above prerecession levels. When the economic effects of the coronavirus pandemic hit in March 2020, the local economy was hit again. Travel restrictions meant fewer tourists, and some restaurants, bars and other businesses closed, a few permanently. At the City, gas taxes, sales taxes and commercial garbage collection revenues dropped for a couple months. The hiring of several vacant positions was delayed and some capital projects were deferred or brought in-house, but otherwise, the impact on the City's Budget has not been significant. Even though the pandemic persists, the financial impact to the City's finances has mostly recovered.

The combination of cultural and recreational facilities, together with the continuing expansion of programs and facilities makes Venice and Sarasota County ideal retirement areas. Retirees contribute an important stabilizing effect on the City's economy since their incomes are affected very little by the cyclical nature of the economy and by unemployment levels.

The population of Venice has risen over the past ten years from 20,918 in 2012 to 26,103 in 2021, an average increase of 2.2% per year. The population increase is attributed more to migration than births and deaths.

Over the past decade, City property assessed valuations were between \$2.7 and \$2.8 billion from 2012 to 2014, but rebounded steadily beginning in 2015. For 2021, assessed valuations were \$4.5 billion, an average annual increase of 5.85% since 2015. There are no indications that this growth will moderate any time soon.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City uses a five-year model for long-range capital planning City-wide. The five-year capital improvement plan (CIP) is updated annually. In long-range planning, the City Council's main objectives are (a) to preserve the quality of life by providing and maintaining adequate financial resources necessary to sustain a sufficient level of municipal services, (b) to respond to changes in the economy, the priorities of governmental and non-governmental organizations, and other changes that may affect the City's financial well-being, (c) to protect the City from emergency fiscal crisis by ensuring the maintenance of service even in the event of an unforeseen occurrence, and (d) to maintain a strong credit rating in the financial community through sound, conservative financial decision-making.

The City Council has established a preference for pay-as-you-go financing for most capital improvements to reduce the debt burden on its citizens, but ultimately determines the most appropriate financing structure for each individual project on a case by case basis, after examining all relevant factors of the project. Fund balances in excess of required amounts and target balances, may be used as a capital source for pay-as-you-go financing.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City has financial management policies that were developed within the guidelines of the NACSLB (National Advisory Council on State and Local Budgeting).

Significant guidelines include the following:

- Accounting systems shall be maintained in order to facilitate financial reporting in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (United States).
- The books of the City shall be subjected to an independent annual financial audit.
- An annual budget shall be prepared, which demonstrates fiscal restraint.
- The annual budget should be maintained in such a manner as to avoid an operating fund deficit.
- Operating expenditures should be managed to create a positive cash balance (surplus) or not to exceed available resources in each fund at the end of the fiscal year.
- Reserve funds should not be used to fund recurring expenditures.
- Fund balances should be maintained at fiscally sound levels in all funds.

To expand on the last bullet, the City Council has adopted specific fund balance policies, and the City's Finance Department has established additional targets for minimum fund balances in certain funds. Results and projections should not fall below these minimum levels without a replenishment plan. They are as follows:

- General Fund Unassigned fund balance of three months' operating expenditures (25%) plus a \$2 million disaster reserve.
- Building Permit Fund Unencumbered fund balance of one years' operating expenditures (100%).
- Enterprise Funds Working capital of six months' operating expenses (50%) in the Utilities Fund (because of the bond issues) and four months' operating expenses (33%) in the other three enterprise funds.

The City is in compliance with both its debt management policy and its investment management policy.

CHALLENGES AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

Over the past decade, the City's challenge has been to preserve the breadth and quality of municipal services, with available revenues.

The main operating fund of the City is the General Fund. Property taxes represent approximately half the revenues in the General Fund. The growth in property valuations since 2015 has led to increased revenues that have allowed the City's General Fund to get back to a level where revenues are funding services at desired service levels.

Over 75% of the General Fund budget goes to personnel costs, and it wasn't until 2020 that the City surpassed the City-wide staffing level from 2006 (345.5 FTE's). Also, as property tax revenues grew, the City's General Fund has absorbed more responsibility for capital financing. In 2014, the City started a Fleet Replacement Program where Departments now make annual fleet rent payments to advance-fund the cost of fleet replacements. In addition, other Department equipment and small projects previously budgeted in the One Cent Sales Tax Fund are now being funded by the General Fund.

Unfunded pension and other post-employment benefit costs continue to be funded in the annual budget. On October 1, 2014, to address these concerns, the City closed its firefighters' and police officers' pension plans (the Plans) to new entrants; new hires after that date enroll in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), like other City employees. And beginning with retirees after January 1, 2016, the City stopped subsidizing the cost of retiree health insurance. The City's net pension liabilities at September 30, 2021 were \$22.8 million (includes FRS) and the City's OPEB liability was \$10.2 million. Over \$2 million of the General Fund's annual budget goes to fund pension legacy costs, i.e., costs for services performed in prior years. During 2020 and 2021, the City overpaid the annual required contributions to the City's two single employer plans in a multi-year budgeting plan to reduce these obligations, but it is projected to take eight to twelve years at *current funding levels* to retire the Plans' net pension liabilities in full.

The 2021 fiscal year has been a period of achievement and change. Following are two of the City's major accomplishments in 2021.

- Assumed Primary Responsibility for Emergency Medical Services During 2020, the City hired 24 paramedics and lease-purchased four rescue vehicles (ambulances) and related equipment. The Department assigned half of the paramedics to the engine units and transferred firefighter/EMTs to the new rescue units; now all units have advanced life support capabilities. 2021 was the first full year of operations, and the new activity generated a surplus which was earmarked for a new replacement ladder truck in 2023.
- City Hall Complex Project During 2021, construction continued on the large project on the City Hall campus. By year end, the rebuild of Fire Station #51, the new Building Annex, and the new generator had been substantially complete. The last phase of the project, renovations to the existing City Hall building, will be completed in 2022. Total project costs are estimated at \$13.7 million and the project is funded with existing revenues, grants, and reserves.

A list of all capital expenditures for 2021 can be found in the Management Discussion & Analysis within this document.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Venice for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. This was the thirty third consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of

Achievement, the City had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the City's departments who assisted with and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Venice's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Edward F. Lavallee, MPA, ICMA-CM City Manager

Linda Senne, CPA, CGFM, CGMA Finance Director

Lindsenne



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Venice Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



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CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA COUNCIL-MANAGER FORM OF GOVERNMENT

CITY COUNCIL

Ron Feinsod, Mayor

Jim Boldt Mitzie Fiedler

Rachel Frank Helen Moore

Joe Neunder Nick Pachota – Vice Mayor

CITY MANAGER

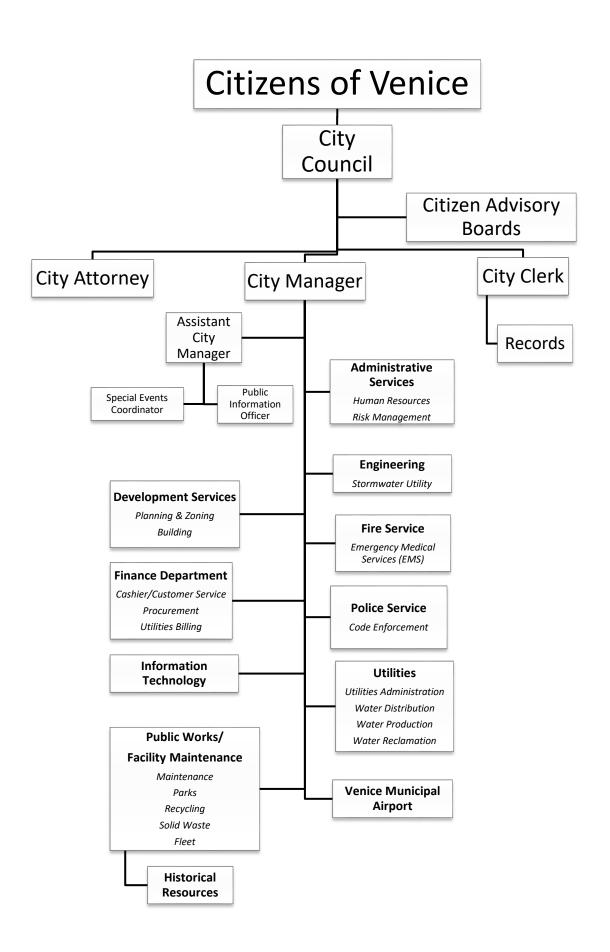
Edward F. Lavallee, MPA, ICMA-CM

FINANCE DIRECTOR CITY CLERK

Linda Senne, CPA, CGMA Kelly Michaels, MMC

CITY ATTORNEY

Persson, Cohen, Mooney, Fernandez, & Jackson, P.A.



FINANCIAL SECTION

- **♦ INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**
- ♦ MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
- **♦ GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
- **◆ FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
- **♦ NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
- **♦ REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**
- **♦ COMBINING FUND**STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Venice, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Building Permit Fee Fund thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Concluded)

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida February 14, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to provide an objective and easy to read analysis of the City's financial activities as of, and for the year ended September 30, 2021.

We encourage readers of these financial statements to consider the information included in the transmittal letter and in the other sections of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) (e.g., combining statements and the statistical section) in conjunction with this discussion and analysis.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

These financial highlights summarize the City's financial position and operations as presented in more detail in the Basic Financial Statements, as listed in the accompanying Table of Contents.

- At the close of fiscal year 2021, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$251.5 million (total net position). Most of this amount is invested in capital assets (\$191.6 million). A total of \$33.1 million is restricted for specific purposes. The balance of \$26.8 million is unrestricted.
- The City's business-type activities reported a combined total net position of \$167.8 million at September 30, 2021. Of this amount \$39.3 million is unrestricted.
- The City's governmental activities reported combined ending total net position of \$83.7 million at September 30, 2021. The unrestricted net position component is a \$12.5 million deficit.
- The City's total net position increased by \$27.0 million, or 12.0% for the fiscal year. Total net position of the governmental activities increased by \$16.8 million, and total net position of the business-type activities increased by \$10.2 million.
- The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$3.2 million for the year ended September 30, 2021, much better than the budgeted increase of \$22,388 (final amended).
- At the end of the current year, fund balance for the General Fund was \$16.9 million, or 47.2% of total general fund expenditures. Of this amount, \$42,281 is nonspendable, \$519,512 is committed for encumbrances, and the remaining balance of \$16.3 million is unassigned. Under the City's fund balance policy, the City has earmarked \$8.9 million of the unassigned fund balance for working capital/emergency reserves (25% of annual expenditures); the remaining \$7.4 million is available for any lawful purpose.
- The City's long-term debt (bonds and notes) decreased by \$2.6 million during the fiscal year. In governmental-type activities, there was no new debt. In business-type activities, an additional \$1.5 million was borrowed under the State Revolving Fund program during the year and there was an advance refunding of one of the utilities fund bond issues (no new money). Other long-term obligations at year end include net pension liabilities (\$22.8 million), and total Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability (\$10.2 million).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Basic Financial Statements. The Basic Financial Statements (BFS) are comprised of three components: Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS), Fund Financial Statements (FFS), and Notes to Financial Statements (Notes). This ACFR also contains other supplementary information in addition to the BFS.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The GWFS, shown on pages 35-37 of this report, consist of the *statement of net position* and the *statement of activities*. These statements represent an overview of the City as a whole, separating its operations between governmental and business-type activities. The governmental activities of the City include general government, finance, information services, parks and recreation, police, fire and emergency medical services (EMS), public works, and beach renourishment. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer utilities, solid waste, airport, and stormwater drainage. All information is presented utilizing the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This method matches revenues and expenses to the period in which the revenue is earned and the expenses are incurred.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the City's assets (plus deferred outflows of resources) and liabilities (plus deferred inflows of resources), with the difference between the two reported as net position. This is similar to a "balance sheet" presentation for businesses. All assets (including capital assets) are included, as are all obligations. Over time, the increase or decrease in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* shows how the City's total net position changed during the most recent fiscal year, focusing on both the gross and net cost of its primary activities. This format is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental and business-type services the City offers, and the extent to which these programs are funded by program versus general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control and accountability over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental*, *proprietary*, and *fiduciary*. Traditional users of governmental financial statements may find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar than the GWFS.

Governmental FFS. Governmental FFS consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. These statements are prepared on an accounting basis (modified accrual) that is significantly different from the GWFS. In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis, focusing on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of available resources at the end of the year. Such information is useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the GWFS, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the GWFS. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the near-term financing decisions. Reconciliations are provided for both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 21 individual governmental funds. The governmental FFS present separate columns for the funds that are most significant (major funds), with all other *nonmajor* funds aggregated and reported in a single column. Budgetary comparison statements are presented in the BFS for the General Fund and major special revenue funds.

The governmental FFS can be found on pages 38-41 of this report. Nonmajor governmental FFS and budgetary comparison schedules can be found on pages 126-143.

Proprietary FFS. The proprietary FFS consist of a statement of net position; statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and a statement of cash flows. These statements are prepared on the same basis of accounting (accrual) as the GWFS.

The proprietary fund type includes both *enterprise* and *internal service* funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the GWFS. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer utility, solid waste/recycling collection and disposal, storm water drainage, and airport. Each of these activities is considered a *major* fund, and presented separately in the proprietary FFS. These FFS can be found on pages 44-51 of this report.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its employees' group health and life insurance, workers' compensation self-insurance, employee flexible spending, property and liability insurance, and fleet replacement. All internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary FFS. Combining financial statements for the internal service funds can be found on pages 146-151 of this report.

Fiduciary FFS. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. These balances are not reflected in the GWFS because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Fiduciary funds come in several types, but the City only uses the pension trust type, to account for the balances and activities of its firefighters' and police officers' defined-benefit pension plans. The pension FFS include a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The combined fiduciary FFS can be found on pages 52-53 of this report. Combining financial statements for the separate trust funds can be found on pages 154-155. Required supplementary information for the separate plans can be found on pages 110-121, along with information for the City's participation in two multiple-employer pension plans, and the City's OPEB Plan.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the GWFS and FFS. The Notes can be found on pages 55-107 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Summary of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position serves as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. At the end of the current year, net position was \$251.5 million. The following table reflects a summary of net position compared to the prior year. For additional information, see the Statement of Net Position on page 35.

City of Venice Summary of Net Position (in 000's)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current and other assets	\$ 62,519	\$ 57,224	\$ 67,196	\$ 60,405	\$129,715	\$117,629	
Capital assets	110,941	101,199	150,722	147,588	261,663	248,787	
Total assets	173,460	158,423	217,918	207,993	391,378	366,416	
Deferred outflows of resources	8,101	10,974	2,463	2,429	10,564	13,403	
Current liabilities	7,354	6,083	5,957	4,652	13,311	10,735	
Noncurrent liabilities	67,376	93,164	43,022	48,036	110,398	141,200	
Total liabilities	74,730	99,247	48,979	52,688	123,709	151,935	
Deferred inflows of resources	23,128	3,245	3,637	142	26,765	3,387	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	77,180	66,199	114,379	111,094	191,559	177,293	
Restricted	19,058	21,698	14,048	11,690	33,106	33,388	
Unrestricted	(12,535)	(20,992)	39,338	34,808	26,803	13,816	
Total net position	\$ 83,703	\$ 66,905	\$167,765	\$157,592	\$ 251,468	\$ 224,497	

At September 30, 2021, \$191.6 million, or approximately 76.2% of the City's total net position reflects its investment in capital assets, e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment, net of any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding at the end of the fiscal year. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, this component of net position is not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

An additional 13.2% of the City's total net position (\$33.1 million), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of total net position is unrestricted (\$26.8 million or 10.7%), and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, although in general, business-type net position may not be used to fund governmental activities.

As of each year end shown above, the City was able to report positive balances in all categories of net position except unrestricted net position – governmental activities. The negative unrestricted net position for governmental activities results because of unfunded long-term obligations such as net pension liabilities, total OPEB liability, and accrued compensated absences. Unfunded long-term obligations – Governmental Activities totaled \$33.6 million at September 30, 2021 and \$57.4 million at the end of the prior year (Note G).

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Changes in Net Position

The City's total net position increased by \$27.0 million during the current year, compared to an increase of \$14.3 million in the prior year. The following table shows a summary of the changes in total net position compared to the prior year. For additional information, see the Statement of Activities on page 36-37.

City of Venice Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended September 30 (in 000's)

	Govern	ımental	Ty				
	Activ	vities	Activ		Totals		
Revenues:	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 7,481	\$ 3,807	\$ 38,089	\$ 38,087	\$ 45,570	\$ 41,894	
Operating grants and contributions	2,403	824	228	367	2,631	1,191	
Capital grants and contributions	2,066	1,366	6,831	5,977	8,897	7,343	
General Revenues:							
Property taxes	21,513	17,732	-	-	21,513	17,732	
Sales taxes	6,605	5,858	-	-	6,605	5,858	
Utility services taxes	2,855	2,792	-	-	2,855	2,792	
Franchise fees	2,577	2,422	-	-	2,577	2,422	
Intergovernmental	3,293	2,895	-	-	3,293	2,895	
Interest earnings	79	980	57	601	136	1,581	
Other	1,398	1,600	62	7	1,460	1,607	
Total revenues	50,270	40,276	45,267	45,039	95,537	85,315	
Expenses:							
General government	6,840	6,262	-	-	6,840	6,262	
Finance	1,481	1,644	-	-	1,481	1,644	
Information services	1,663	1,561	-	-	1,663	1,561	
Parks and recreation	2,373	2,381	-	-	2,373	2,381	
Police	7,861	11,263	-	-	7,861	11,263	
Fire and EMS	11,610	10,914	-	-	11,610	10,914	
Public works	4,734	4,222	-	-	4,734	4,222	
Interest on long-term debt	1,007	1,036	-	-	1,007	1,036	
Water and sewer utility	-	-	20,126	19,563	20,126	19,563	
Solid waste	-	-	5,372	6,446	5,372	6,446	
Airport	-	-	3,621	3,661	3,621	3,661	
Stormwater drainage	-	-	1,878	2,012	1,878	2,012	
Total expenses	37,569	39,283	30,997	31,682	68,566	70,965	
Change in net position before transfers	12,701	993	14,270	13,357	26,971	14,350	
Transfers	4,097	3,109	(4,097)	(3,109)		- 1,000	
Change in net position	16,798	4,102	10,173	10,248	26,971	14,350	
Net position - beginning	66,905	62,803	157,592	147,344	224,497	210,147	
1.00 position ougining	00,703	02,003	131,372	117,5 17		210,117	
Net position - end of year	\$ 83,703	\$ 66,905	\$ 167,765	\$ 157,592	\$ 251,468	\$ 224,497	

Governmental Activities

As shown above, governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$16.8 million in 2021, compared to an increase of \$4.1 million for 2020.

Following is a further detail of the expenses and program revenues for governmental activities in 2021, compared to 2020:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Expenses and Net Program Revenue (Expense) - Governmental Activities

2021			2020			
	Program			Program		
xpenses	Revenue	Net	Expenses	Revenue	Net	
6,840,270	\$ 6,439,391	\$ (400,879)	\$ 6,261,718	\$ 3,844,940	\$ (2,416,778)	
1,481,207	-	(1,481,207)	1,643,763	-	(1,643,763)	
1,662,718	-	(1,662,718)	1,561,511	-	(1,561,511)	
2,372,866	208,500	(2,164,366)	2,381,201	150,000	(2,231,201)	
7,861,030	1,045,005	(6,816,025)	11,263,055	484,043	(10,779,012)	
1,610,186	3,725,084	(7,885,102)	10,914,091	381,515	(10,532,576)	
4,734,041	532,066	(4,201,975)	4,222,303	1,137,378	(3,084,925)	
1,006,887	=	(1,006,887)	1,035,615		(1,035,615)	
37,569,205	\$ 11,950,046	\$ (25,619,159)	\$ 39,283,257	\$ 5,997,876	\$ (33,285,381)	
	6,840,270 1,481,207 1,662,718 2,372,866 7,861,030 1,610,186 4,734,041 1,006,887	Revenue 6,840,270 \$ 6,439,391 1,481,207 - 1,662,718 - 2,372,866 208,500 7,861,030 1,045,005 1,610,186 3,725,084 4,734,041 532,066 1,006,887 -	Program Net 6,840,270 \$ 6,439,391 \$ (400,879) 1,481,207 - (1,481,207) 1,662,718 - (1,662,718) 2,372,866 208,500 (2,164,366) 7,861,030 1,045,005 (6,816,025) 1,610,186 3,725,084 (7,885,102) 4,734,041 532,066 (4,201,975) 1,006,887 - (1,006,887)	Revenue Net Expenses 6,840,270 \$ 6,439,391 \$ (400,879) \$ 6,261,718 1,481,207 - (1,481,207) 1,643,763 1,662,718 - (1,662,718) 1,561,511 2,372,866 208,500 (2,164,366) 2,381,201 7,861,030 1,045,005 (6,816,025) 11,263,055 1,610,186 3,725,084 (7,885,102) 10,914,091 4,734,041 532,066 (4,201,975) 4,222,303 1,006,887 - (1,006,887) 1,035,615	Revenue Net Expenses Program Revenue 6,840,270 \$ 6,439,391 \$ (400,879) \$ 6,261,718 \$ 3,844,940 1,481,207 - (1,481,207) 1,643,763 - 1,662,718 - (1,662,718) 1,561,511 - 2,372,866 208,500 (2,164,366) 2,381,201 150,000 7,861,030 1,045,005 (6,816,025) 11,263,055 484,043 1,610,186 3,725,084 (7,885,102) 10,914,091 381,515 4,734,041 532,066 (4,201,975) 4,222,303 1,137,378 1,006,887 - (1,006,887) 1,035,615 -	

As shown above, net costs of governmental activities decreased \$7.7 million from \$33.3 million in 2020 to \$25.6 million in 2021. Of this increase, \$6.0 was an increase in program revenues which related primarily to grants and EMS transport fees, and \$1.7 million was a decrease in expenses (4.4%). The largest expense decrease was in police, which saw a negative pension cost in the single-employer plan due to exceptional investment performance. The largest expense increase was in fire and EMS, 2021 being the City's first full year of EMS operations.

The negative amounts in the "net" columns above, show that *program* revenues *are not* sufficient to cover expenses for any of the City's governmental activities. This is not unusual; governmental activities are primarily funded with *general* revenues.

Following is a graphic representation of the 2021 information in the above table, illustrating how only a small portion of the governmental activities expenses are funded with program revenues:



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Net program expenses must be funded from general revenues and transfers, or from beginning net position. Following is a comparison of these general revenue sources for the two years:

General Revenues and	<u> Iransfers</u>					
		% of]	Increase	%
	2021	Total	2020	(I	Decrease)	Change
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 21,512,830	50.7%	\$ 17,731,625	\$	3,781,205	21.3%
Sales taxes	6,605,589	15.6%	5,858,552		747,037	12.8%
Utility services taxes	2,855,635	6.7%	2,791,724		63,911	2.3%
Franchise fees	2,576,962	6.1%	2,422,047		154,915	6.4%
Intergovernmental	3,292,722	7.8%	2,894,707		398,015	13.7%
Interest earnings	78,609	0.2%	979,783		(901,174)	-92.0%
Miscellaneous	1,398,551	3.3%	1,599,845		(201,294)	-12.6%

9.7%

100.0%

3,108,795

\$ 37,387,078

987,762

5,030,377

31.8%

13.5%

4,096,557

42,417,455

General revenues plus transfers increased by \$5.0 million from 2020 to 2021, as shown above. The largest increase was in property taxes, caused by an increase in assessed values on new and existing properties (1.54% and 5.51% respectively), and an increase in the millage rate. The millage rate in the general fund increased from 3.70 (per \$1,000 of assessed value) in 2020 to 4.36 (per \$1,000 of assessed value) in 2021. The increase in millage rate of .66 was for EMS, and replaced the .66 millage rate the County had previously assessed for this service. The millage rate in the debt service fund decreased (from .6200 per \$1,000 of assessed value in 2020 to .5974 in 2021).

Investment yields dropped significantly in the spring of 2020 and continued through 2021.

Business-type activities. As stated previously, business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$10.2 million in 2021 almost identical to the increase of \$10.2 million in 2020. Following is further detail of this change:

Net Transfers In

Total

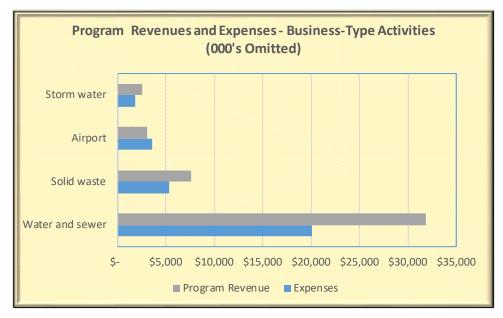
_		2021			2020	
		Program			Program	_
_	Expenses	Revenue	Net	Expenses	Revenue	Net
Program						
Water and sewer utility	\$ 20,126,594	\$ 31,856,874	\$ 11,730,280	\$ 19,562,992	\$ 30,652,562	\$ 11,089,570
Solid waste	5,371,769	7,613,312	2,241,543	6,446,564	7,203,297	756,733
Airport	3,621,227	3,110,332	(510,895)	3,661,016	4,838,801	1,177,785
Storm water drainage	1,878,600	2,567,898	689,298	2,011,764	1,735,854	(275,910)
Total	\$ 30,998,190	\$ 45,148,416	14,150,226	\$ 31,682,336	\$ 44,430,514	12,748,178
General Revenues			118,946			608,089
(Transfers)			(4,096,557)			(3,108,795)
Change in net position			\$ 10,172,615			\$ 10,247,472

As shown above, expenses for business-type activities decreased from \$31.7 million in 2020 to \$31.0 million in 2021; a 2.2% reduction. Program revenues increased \$717,902, or 1.6%. The program revenues are somewhat skewed because of the accounting requirements for capital grants (e.g., airport construction grants) and utility developer contributions. Under accounting rules, capital grants and contributions are reported in the year earned, while the related projects are

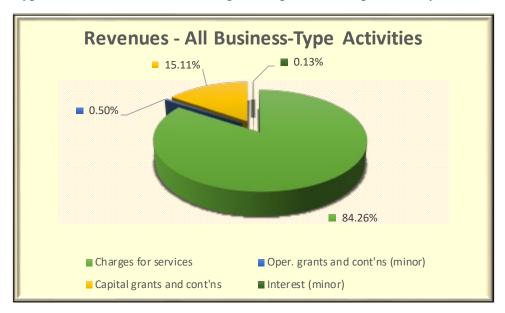
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives. Capital grants and contributions (including plant capacity/impact fees) were \$9.0 million in 2020 and \$6.8 million in 2021, for business-type activities. Most of this change was caused by non-cash developer contributions.

The table on the previous page shows that program revenues *are* sufficient to cover expenses for three of the four business-type activities of the City each year (the Stormwater Drainage Fund is the exception in 2020; the Airport Fund is the exception in 2021). Following is a graphic representation of the 2021 information in the table on the previous page, illustrating the relative significance of the four business-type activities to the total:



The following graph reflects the significance of the different types of revenues generated by the business-type activities in 2021, user charges being the most significant by far.



A more detailed discussion of each major fund follows in the next section of this MD&A.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Following is a discussion of the balances and activities in the City's major funds.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance serves as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of 2021, as shown on page 38, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$37.3 million. Of this amount, *restricted fund balances* comprise \$19.3 million and *committed fund balances* comprise \$1.6 million. Restricted fund balances, like unexpended gas taxes, voted sales taxes, and permit fees, can only be spent for specific purposes, as stipulated by statute, enabling legislation, or donors. Committed fund balances, like the general capital projects fund balances, are constrained by action of the City Council. Unassigned fund balances of \$16.3 million in the general fund are available for spending at the City's discretion.

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the City. At the end of the fiscal year, the total fund balance in the General Fund was \$16.9 million, and the unassigned portion was \$16.3 million. This represents 47.2% and 45.6% respectively of annual expenditures (2021 actual). During 2021, the fund balance increased by \$3.2 million, as revenues plus transfers exceeded expenditures for the year. These results were significantly better than either the original or final amended budget. Out of that current year surplus, encumbrances totaling \$519,512 will carry over to 2022.

The *Building Permit Fees Special Revenue Fund* is a major fund for 2021. During 2021, the fund balance decreased by \$2.1 million, as expenditures and transfers out exceeded revenues for the year. At the end of the fiscal year, the fund balance in the Building Permit Fees Fund was \$5.8 million, representing 86.4% of annual expenditures plus transfers (2021 actual).

The One Cent Voted Sales Tax Fund is a major fund for 2021. This fund accounts for the proceeds from the City's share of the county-wide voter-adopted one-cent discretionary sales surtax. At the end of the fiscal year, the total fund balance decreased by \$2.1 million, as expenditures for capital outlay were \$6.3 million. Proceeds of this fund are primarily restricted for expenditures for capital outlay under Florida Statutes 212.055

Enterprise funds. The City's enterprise funds provide essentially the same type of information found in the business-type activities column of the GWFS, but in more detail, and by fund.

As shown on pages 44-47, total net position in the enterprise funds at year end was \$167.8 million. Of this amount, \$114.4 million was invested in capital assets (net of related debt), \$14.0 million is restricted for specific purposes, and the balance of \$39.3 million is unrestricted. Unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds at the end of the current and prior year are as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

> Unrestricted Net Position September 30.

	septemeer so,				
	 2021		2020		
Water and Sewer Utility	\$ 29,819,023	\$	27,939,362		
Solid Waste	3,403,591		1,820,209		
Airport	4,823,126		4,429,165		
Stormwater Drainage	1,292,495		620,196		
	\$ 39,338,235	\$	34,808,932		

Following is a discussion of each fund's performance for 2021, compared to the prior year. Most of the information is summarized from pages 48-51 of this report, and the same section from the prior year report.

Water and Sewer Utility Fund

Water utility activities include water supply, treatment, storage and distribution. Sewer utility activities include collection, treatment, and disposal. This fund also includes a reclaimed water distribution system. All three activities require billing and collection, repair/maintenance, and other administrative functions. The Water and Sewer Utility Fund reported an increase in net position of \$9.0 million for 2021 compared to an increase of \$9.6 million for 2020. Following is a summary of the items that contributed to these changes:

Water and Sewer Utility	_			
	2021	2020	Change	Percent
Operating:				
Revenues	\$ 25,952,960	\$ 24,159,818	\$ 1,793,142	7.4%
Expenses	(18,904,135)	(18,366,649)	(537,486)	2.9%
Net	7,048,825	5,793,169	1,255,656	21.7%
Net non-operating	(1,129,227)	(709,668)	(419,559)	59.1%
Capital contributions	5,854,486	6,483,528	(629,042)	-9.7%
Transfers out	(2,752,680)	(1,954,685)	(797,995)	40.8%
Change in net position	\$ 9,021,404	\$ 9,612,344	\$ (590,940)	-6.1%
		-		

Operating revenues increased significantly from 2020 to 2021, due to increases in both customer counts and rates. Most rates increased 2.15% at the beginning of both 2020 and 2021.

Operating expenses increased \$537,486 or 2.9% year over year, for some of the following reasons:

- Insurance and utilities increased by a net amount of \$36,658,
- Repair and maintenance costs increased \$400,313 or 17.8%,
- Other services and charges decreased \$64,381 or 3.4% for various items, and
- Depreciation increased \$763,688 or 14.3%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Offsetting these operating expense increases were the following reductions:

- Personnel services costs decreased \$513,339 or 8.4% although there were pay increases, and no changes in full time equivalents (FTE's) in 2020 or 2021 (the decrease related to the pension accrual adjustments), and
- Professional/contractual services decreased \$214,215 or 13.6%, for various utility studies.

Non-operating interest earnings decreased in 2021 by \$433,655 due to reduced yields. Capital contributions represent water and sewer infrastructure contributed by developers in both years (which decreased), as well as capital grants and plant capacity fees (which increased). Transfers out are to the General Fund for indirect costs (\$1.9 million in 2021 and \$1.7 million in 2020) and to the Fleet Replacement Fund for catch-up payments (\$877,434 in 2021 and \$251,285 in 2020).

The Water and Sewer Utility Fund generated net cash from operating activities of \$13.1 million in 2021 compared to \$15.3 million in 2020.

Solid Waste Fund

Solid waste operations include collection and disposal, garbage and recycling activities. The Solid Waste Fund reported an increase in net position of \$1.7 million for 2021 compared to \$243,666 for 2020. Following is a summary of the items that contributed to these changes:

_			
2021	2020	Change	Percent
\$ 7,444,463	\$ 7,030,178	\$ 414,285	5.9%
(5,371,769)	(6,446,564)	1,074,795	-16.7%
2,072,694	583,614	1,489,080	255.1%
85,548	213,218	(127,670)	-59.9%
147,711	-	147,711	N/A
(625,879)	(553,166)	(72,713)	13.1%
\$ 1,680,074	\$ 243,666	\$ 1,436,408	589.5%
	\$ 7,444,463 (5,371,769) 2,072,694 85,548 147,711 (625,879)	\$ 7,444,463 \$ 7,030,178 (5,371,769) (6,446,564) 2,072,694 583,614 85,548 213,218 147,711 - (625,879) (553,166)	\$ 7,444,463 \$ 7,030,178 \$ 414,285 (5,371,769) (6,446,564) 1,074,795 2,072,694 583,614 1,489,080 85,548 213,218 (127,670) 147,711 - 147,711 (625,879) (553,166) (72,713)

Operating revenues increased because of a 3% rate increase on residential and commercial "can" collection (garbage and recycling), and a modest increase in the customer base. In addition, a 23% recycling surcharge was lowered to 19% effective July 1, 2020 and to 14% effective July 1, 2021 as the resale market for recycled product improves.

Operating expenses decreased by \$1.1 million or 16.7% year over year, for some of the following reasons:

- Personnel services costs decreased \$457,650 or 20.7% even though there were pay increases, and no changes in FTE's in 2020 or 2021 (the decrease related to the pension accrual adjustments),
- Professional/contractual services decreased \$44,031 or 3.0%, mainly because recycling volumes were down,

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

- Other services and charges decreased \$641,401 or 35.1%; 2020 included the one-time purchase of new recycling cans for automated pickup, and
- Depreciation decreased \$3,287, or 5.1%, as older garbage trucks reached the end of their depreciable lives.

Offsetting these expense reductions were the following increases:

- Insurance and utilities increased by a net amount of \$1,601, and
- Repair and maintenance costs increased \$69,973 or 8.7%, mostly vehicle repairs.

Non-operating revenues in 2020 included a recycling grant for automated pickup that is causing most of the variance. Transfers out are to the General Fund for indirect costs (\$475,899 in 2021 and \$553,166 in 2020) and to the Fleet Replacement Fund for a new solid waste truck (\$149,980 in 2021).

The Solid Waste Fund generated net cash from operating activities of \$1.8 million in 2021 compared to \$1.0 million in 2020.

Airport Fund

The Airport Fund records the activities of the Venice Municipal Airport, a historic general aviation facility. The Airport Fund reported a *decrease* in net position of \$845,125 for 2021 compared to an *increase* in net position of \$934,080 for 2020. Following is a summary of the items that contributed to these changes:

Airport				
	2021	2020	Change	Percent
Operating:				
Revenues	\$2,258,031	\$2,221,747	\$ 36,284	1.6%
Expenses	(3,621,227)	(3,661,016)	39,789	-1.1%
Net	(1,363,196)	(1,439,269)	76,073	-5.3%
Net Non-operating	32,162	136,274	(104,112)	-76%
Capital grants	829,301	2,548,054	(1,718,753)	-67.5%
Transfers out	(343,392)	(310,979)	(32,413)	10.4%
Change in net position	\$ (845,125)	\$ 934,080	\$ (1,779,205)	-190.5%

Airport operating revenues are up 1.6% mostly due to annual rate increases. Operating expenses decreased by \$39,789 or 1.1% year over year, mostly for the following reasons:

- Personnel services costs decreased \$92,360 or 12.5% even though there were pay increases, and no changes in FTE's in 2020 or 2021; the decrease related to the pension accrual adjustments),
- Professional/contractual services decreased \$205,737 or 53.1%, of which \$183,739 was the write-off in 2020 of design fees on a discontinued project.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Offsetting these expense reductions were the following increases:

- Insurance, repair and maintenance costs, utilities, and other services and charges increased by a net amount of \$62,479 for various reasons, and
- Depreciation increased \$195,829, or 9.6%, as older assets reached the end of their depreciable lives.

Under accounting rules, capital grants are reported in the year earned, while the related projects are capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives. There was significantly less capital grant activity in the Airport Fund in 2021 compared to 2020. Transfers out are to the General Fund for indirect costs (\$278,392 in 2021 and \$290,979 in 2020) and to the Fleet Replacement Fund for new equipment purchases (\$65,000 in 2021 and \$20,000 in 2020).

The Airport Fund generated net cash from operating activities of \$1.1 million in 2021 compared to \$410,820 in 2020. The difference relates to the timing of project costs and related grant reimbursements.

Stormwater Drainage Fund

The Stormwater Drainage Fund accounts for the management, operation, and maintenance of a Citywide drainage system. The Stormwater Drainage Fund reported an *increase* in net position of \$316,262 for 2021 compared to a *decrease* in net position of \$542,618 for 2020. Following is a summary of the items that contributed to these changes:

_			
2021	2020	Change	Percent
\$2,433,740	\$1,620,178	\$ 813,562	50.2%
(1,870,787)	(2,004,550)	133,763	-6.7%
562,953	(384,372)	947,325	-246.5%
127,915	131,719	(3,804)	-2.9%
(374,606)	(289,965)	(84,641)	29.2%
\$ 316,262	\$ (542,618)	\$ 858,880	-158.3%
	\$2,433,740 (1,870,787) 562,953 127,915 (374,606)	\$2,433,740 \$1,620,178 (1,870,787) (2,004,550) 562,953 (384,372) 127,915 131,719 (374,606) (289,965)	\$2,433,740 \$1,620,178 \$ 813,562 (1,870,787) (2,004,550) 133,763 562,953 (384,372) 947,325 127,915 131,719 (3,804) (374,606) (289,965) (84,641)

Operating revenues in this fund are up 50.2% corresponding to an approximate 50% increase in rates for the average customer. This significant rate increase was to provide more revenues for capital and major maintenance projects.

Operating expenses decreased by \$133,763 or 6.7% year over year, mostly for the following reasons:

- Personnel costs decreased \$32,237 or 4.1% even though there were pay increases, and no changes in FTE's in 2020 or 2021; the decrease related to the pension accrual adjustments,
- Repair and maintenance costs decreased \$144,823 or 47.2%. There are large maintenance projects periodically as the stormwater collection system continues to age; but less in 2021 than 2020, and
- Depreciation decreased \$27,023 or 6.1%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Offsetting these expense reductions were the following increases:

- Professional/contractual services increased \$66,919 or 20.0%. There were several studies conducted in 2020 and 2021, in preparation of significant capital improvements, and
- Insurance, utilities, and other services and charges increased by a net amount of \$3,401 for various reasons.

Transfers out are to the General Fund for indirect costs (\$274,164 in 2021 and \$254,965 in 2020) and to the Fleet Replacement Fund for new equipment purchases (\$100,442 in 2021 and \$35,000 in 2020).

The Storm Water Drainage Fund generated net cash from operating activities of \$626,906 in 2021 compared to \$206,374 in 2020.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A budget versus actual comparison of the operating results of the City's General Fund for 2021 can be found on page 42. As shown on that page, the original General Fund budget anticipated increasing fund balance by \$212,754 during 2021. Changes to the original budget during 2021 increased expenditures further, resulting in a projected budget surplus (addition to fund balance) of only \$22,388. Following are the changes from the original to final budget:

Increased appropriations:

- Various 2020 encumbrances totaling \$169,733 were "rolled over" to the 2021 budget,
- A budget amendment provided \$20,633 for half a position in the planning department for the remainder of that year.

Actual Results

In the end, as shown on page 42, actual General Fund revenues exceeded the final amended 2021 budgeted revenues by \$1.6 million, and actual General Fund expenditures were lower than the final amended 2021 budget by another \$1.6 million, for a combined favorable variance of \$3.2 million.

General Fund revenues that came in significantly better than budget for 2021 included property taxes (by \$203,960), intergovernmental revenues (by \$783,240), and charges for services (by \$274,866). The favorable revenue variances are from a combination of growth and conservative budgeting assumptions. General Fund revenues that came in below budget for 2021 included communications services tax (by \$61,513) and interest (by \$125,515), the latter being due to the eroding of investment yields.

As stated above and shown on page 42, General Fund expenditures came in under budget by \$1.6 million. Most departments and divisions were under budget in 2021. Only the police department was over budget, which was related to the pandemic and had the City Manager's approval. In the City's budgeting policies, General Fund departments can go over budget with the City Manager's approval, as long as the Fund in total is under budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

A portion of the favorable expenditure variance totaling \$519,512 was encumbered at the end of 2021 and will automatically roll over to the 2022 budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and other improvements, net of accumulated depreciation. Following is a table of the balances at the end of 2021 and 2020:

City of Venice Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) September 30 (in 000's)

	Gove	nmental	Business-Type				
	Ac	tivities	Acti	vities	Tot	tals	
	2021	2020	2021 2020		2021	2020	
Land	\$ 15,582	\$ 15,585	\$ 2,628	\$ 2,628	\$ 18,210	\$ 18,213	
Construction in progress	243	6,821	10,472	11,789	10,715	18,610	
Buildings	34,310	24,393	9,791	5,400	44,101	29,793	
Machinery and							
equipment	16,503	12,069	3,150	3,159	19,653	15,228	
Infrastructure	33,267	30,727	56,488	52,391	89,755	83,118	
Other improvements	11,036	11,604	68,193	72,221	79,229	83,825	
Total	\$ 110,941	\$ 101,199	\$ 150,722	\$ 147,588	\$ 261,663	\$ 248,787	

Governmental Activities:

Capital assets in the City's governmental activities increased from \$101.2 million in 2020 to \$110.9 million in 2021, an increase of \$9.7 million, or 9.6%. The 2021 activity included additions of \$15.7 million, less depreciation of \$5.9 million and disposals of \$119,268 (book value).

Governmental activities additions totaled \$13.1 million in governmental funds and \$2.6 million in the Fleet Services internal service fund. Following is a list of the 2021 additions:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Governmental Fund Additions: Projects in process:		Governmental Fund Addit	ions	(Cont'd):
Park impact fee projects	\$ 35,014	General government	\$	31,257
Pavement Sealing & Restoration	155,657	Police		910,158
Completed projects:		Fire		749,728
Fire station 51 rebuild	4,159,548	EMS		509,574
City Hall campus generator	832,790	Public works		_
Building department annex	3,652,741	Parks		173,767
Public works facility relocation	857,085	Building		22,829
Road paving phase III	250,836	Information Technology		41,531
Marine trailer	100,657	Governmental Funds	\$	13,088,103
Triangle Inn	25,396			
Archives & Research Center	66,511	Fleet Replacement Fund A	lddit	ions:
Park impact fee projects	5,300	Direct Purchases:		
Building major maintenance	264,581	Airport fleet	\$	15,888
Parks improvements	193,265	Solid waste fleet		1,760,200
Decorative streetlights	49,878	Water and sewer utility		
_		fleet		424,624
		Stormwater fleet		450,112
		Fleet Replacement Fund	\$	2,650,824

Business-type Activities:

Capital assets in the City's business-type activities increased from \$147.6 million in 2020 to \$150.7 million in 2021, an increase of \$3.1 million, or 2.1%. The 2021 activity included additions of \$11.9 million, less depreciation of \$8.8 million. Enterprise fund 2021 capital additions consisted of the following:

Enterprise Fund Additions:		Enterprise Fund Additions	(Cont'd):
Water and Sewer Utility:		Water and Sewer Utility (Co	ont'd):
Distribution System:		Water Reclamation:	
Developer water/sewer lines	\$ 1,499,285	ASR well	138,841
Meter changeout program	377,387	Master Lift Station PLC	221,218
Eastgate utilities relocation ph. II	1,030,150	WRF Effluent pumps	153,599
Lift station 27 WM replacement	451,665	Other	722,321
Lift station 5 isolation manhole	336,378	Solid Waste:	
Watermain replacement ph. VI	844,999	Building renovations	10,632
Venetian Parkway utilities relo.	2,379,062	Airport:	
Other	1,364,005	Northeast drainage improv.	808,291
Water Treatment Plant:		Parallel taxiway E	161,033
WTP building upgrades	417,760	Other	36,429
Water booster station	508,422	Storm Water Drainage:	
Other	448,734	Park Blvd. North imps.	48,290
		Total	\$ 11,958,501

At the end of the fiscal year, the City has construction commitments of \$47.0 million on projects approved and in process. Additional information can be found on pages 72-74 of this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

There is no direct debt limitation in the City Charter or under State law. Article VII, Section 9 of the Constitution of the State of Florida provides that, exclusive of taxes levied for the payment of voter-approved general obligation bonds, cities may levy up to ten mills for municipal services. Pursuant to the Florida Constitution, there is no limit on the amount of ad valorem taxes a city

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

may levy for the payment of debt service on voter-approved general obligation bonds. The voter approved debt service millage tax rate for 2021 was .5974 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. A summary of the City's total outstanding debt follows:

City of Venice Long-Term Debt September 30 (in 000's)

	Govern	ımeı	ntal	Business-Type									
	Activities		Activities				Totals						
	2021		2020	2021		2020		2021 2020		2021			
General obligation bonds	\$ 32,625	\$	34,247	\$		\$		\$	32,625	\$	34,247		
Revenue bonds	-		-		31,248		32,629		31,248		32,629		
Notes	-		150		7,294		6,473		7,294		6,623		
Lease-purchase obligation	1,137		1,401						1,137		1,401		
Total	\$ 33,762	\$	35,798	\$	38,542	\$	39,102	\$	72,304	\$	74,900		

Governmental Activities:

The outstanding balance of long-term debt in the City's governmental activities decreased from \$35.8 million in 2020 to \$33.8 million in 2021, a decrease of \$2.0 million. There was no new governmental debt issued in 2021. Scheduled principal payments of \$1.8 million were made during 2021, and amortization of bond premiums was \$263,873.

Business-type Activities:

The outstanding balance of long-term debt in the City's business-type activities decreased from \$39.1 million in 2020 to \$38.5 million in 2021, a decrease of \$0.6 million or 1.4%. There was an advance refunding of the City's 2012 Utilities Revenue Bonds in 2021, and State Revolving Fund (SRF) loans were partially drawn down in 2021 for water and wastewater projects. Gross SRF draws were \$1.5 million. Scheduled principal payments of \$1.7 million were made during 2021.

Independent Ratings:

Three major rating institutions (Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investor Services, and Fitch) have evaluated the City's financial management, economic conditions and administrative practices. The bond ratings continue to reflect investment quality, as shown below:

	Standard		
	& Poor's	Moody's	_ Fitch
Utility System Revenue Bonds	AA	Aa2	AA
General Obligation Bonds (Transportation)	AA+	Aa1	AA+
General Obligation Bonds (Public Safety)	AA+	Aa1	AA+

Other Long-term Liabilities

The City has unfunded OPEB and net pension obligations at September 30, 2021. Additional information on all long-term liabilities of the City can be found on pages 76-80 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The budget for the 2022 fiscal year is a balanced budget in all funds, with 2022 appropriations fully funded by 2022 revenues, transfers in, and beginning reserves. The City's General Fund is projecting a budget surplus of \$660,057 for 2022. Citywide, full-time equivalent (FTE) positions will increase from 371.40 in 2020 to 375.40 in 2021. Revenues continue to grow even during the pandemic, and are providing funds for scheduled capital projects. Capital projects/outlays totaling \$31.0 million are included in the Citywide Capital Improvement Program budget for 2022, and an additional \$47.0 million in construction/capital commitments will be rolled into 2022 from 2021. These projects will be funded by operating revenues, grants, utilities bonds, low-interest rate SRF loans, and reserves. Factors considered in preparing the City's 2022 budget were:

- The assessed valuation of commercial and residential property increased from \$4.512 billion in 2021 to \$4.830 billion in 2022, an increase of 7.05%, of which 1.54% is due to new construction. The increase in property values is expected to add \$1.3 million to General Fund revenues.
- The General Fund property tax millage rate remained constant at 4.36 per \$1,000 taxable value for 2022.
- The voter approved debt service property tax millage rate was reduced from .5974 per \$1,000 taxable value for 2021 to .5570 for 2021.
- The City's estimated population increased from 24,016 in 2020 to 26,103 in 2021, an increase of 8.7%. This increasing trend is expected to continue based on ongoing construction activity, although perhaps not at that high of a level.
- The unemployment rate for Sarasota County (Venice area) decreased from 5.2% in 2020 to 3.7% in 2021. The general trend has been a decrease in the unemployment rate from a high of 12.5% in 2010. The year 2020 is considered an anomaly due to the pandemic.
- Water and sewer retail rates will increase by 2.15% for 2022 and solid waste "can" rates will increase by 1%. Stormwater rates will increase by almost 20% for increased maintenance and capital needs. Building permit fees will continue to be discounted by 20%, to refund excess reserves.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Venice's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 401 West Venice Avenue, Venice, Florida, 34285.



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City of Venice, Florida Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

September 30, 2021	Drimory		
	Primary Government Governmental Business-type		
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS	Φ 55.022.262	Φ. 46.060.455	ф. 10100 2.7 10
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 57,033,263	\$ 46,969,477	\$ 104,002,740
Other cash and investments	29,229	100	29,329
Accounts receivables (net of allowance	995 627	4.025.250	4 020 905
for uncollectibles)	885,637	4,035,258 427,433	4,920,895
Due from other governments Inventories	1,416,270 42,281	483,895	1,843,703 526,176
Net pension asset	3,111,928	463,693	3,111,928
Restricted assets:	3,111,920	<u>-</u>	3,111,920
Pooled cash and investments	_	15,279,328	15,279,328
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		13,277,320	13,277,320
Non-depreciable	15,825,437	13,100,965	28,926,402
Depreciable	95,115,932	137,621,338	232,737,270
Total assets	173,459,977	217,917,794	391,377,771
	173,133,377	217,517,751	331,377,771
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		581,301	501 201
Related to debt refundings Related to pensions	7,388,942	,	581,301 9,144,756
Related to OPEB		1,755,814	
Total deferred inflows of resources	711,870 8,100,812	126,117	837,987
	8,100,812	2,463,232	10,564,044
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	3,408,249	2,599,968	6,008,217
Accrued liabilities	1,675,719	611,045	2,286,764
Due to other governments	911,014	156,609	1,067,623
Accrued interest payable	224,037	278,124	502,161
Claims and judgments	1,135,157	-	1,135,157
Customer deposits	-	1,069,392	1,069,392
Unearned revenue	-	1,241,516	1,241,516
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year:			
Compensated absences	738,733	267,520	1,006,253
Notes payable	-	726,692	726,692
Lease-purchase obligation	271,769	-	271,769
Bonds payable	1,435,000	1,315,000	2,750,000
Due in more than one year:			
Compensated absences	738,732	267,520	1,006,252
Net pension liabilities	23,497,456	2,415,544	25,913,000
Total OPEB liability	8,638,946	1,530,502	10,169,448
Notes payable	-	6,567,273	6,567,273
Lease-purchase obligation	865,078	-	865,078
Bonds payable	31,189,872	29,932,789	61,122,661
Total liabilities	74,729,762	48,979,494	123,709,256
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	22,730,166	3,566,557	26,296,723
Related to OPEB	397,442	70,412	467,854
Total deferred inflows of resources	23,127,608	3,636,969	26,764,577
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	77,179,650	114,378,532	191,558,182
Restricted for:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	',- ' -,	-,-,,
Public safety	176,437	_	176,437
Capital improvements	9,298,907	11,638,395	20,937,302
Building code enforcement	5,783,809	-	5,783,809
Beach renourishment	3,732,520	_	3,732,520
Debt service	67,447	1,409,401	1,476,848
Renewal and replacement	07,777	1,000,000	1,000,000
Unrestricted	(12,535,351)		26,802,884
Total net position	\$ 83,703,419		\$ 251,467,982
10th Hot position	Ψ 05,705,719	Ψ 107,70π,303	Ψ 231,707,902

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	 Expenses	Charges for Services		(Operating Grants and ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 6,840,270	\$	5,581,857	\$	-	\$	857,534	
Finance	1,481,207		-		-		-	
Information services	1,662,718		-		-		-	
Parks and recreation	2,372,866		-		-		208,500	
Police	7,861,030		1,983		490,496		552,526	
Fire and EMS	11,610,186		1,897,103		1,380,473		447,508	
Public works	4,734,041		-		532,066		-	
Interest on long-term debt	 1,006,887		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-	
Total governmental activities	 37,569,205		7,480,943	'	2,403,035		2,066,068	
Business-type activities:	 		_		_		_	
Water and sewer utility	20,126,594		25,952,960		49,428		5,854,486	
Solid waste	5,371,769		7,444,463		21,138		147,711	
Airport	3,621,227		2,258,031		23,000		829,301	
Storm water drainage	1,878,600		2,433,740		134,158		-	
Total business-type activities	 30,998,190		38,089,194		227,724		6,831,498	
Total primary government	\$ 68,567,395	\$	45,570,137	\$	2,630,759	\$	8,897,566	

Program Revenues

General revenues:

Property taxes

Local option, fuel, and communication services taxes

Utility services taxes

Franchise fees

Intergovernmental - unrestricted

Interest earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers, net

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Total net position at beginning of year

Total net position at end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

	Prin	nary Government			
overnmental Activities]	Business-type Activities	Total		
Activities		Activities			
\$ (400,879)	\$	-	\$	(400,879)	
(1,481,207)		-		(1,481,207)	
(1,662,718)		-		(1,662,718)	
(2,164,366)		-		(2,164,366)	
(6,816,025)		-		(6,816,025)	
(7,885,102)		-		(7,885,102)	
(4,201,975)		-		(4,201,975)	
(1,006,887)		-		(1,006,887)	
(25,619,159)		-		(25,619,159)	
-		11,730,280		11,730,280	
-		2,241,543		2,241,543	
-		(510,895)		(510,895)	
		689,298		689,298	
		14,150,226		14,150,226	
\$ (25,619,159)		14,150,226	\$	(11,468,933)	
21.512.020				21 512 020	
21,512,830		-		21,512,830	
6,605,589		-		6,605,589	
2,855,635		-		2,855,635	
2,576,962		-		2,576,962	
3,292,722		-		3,292,722	
78,609		56,696 62,250		135,305	
1,398,551		•		1,460,801	
4,096,557		(4,096,557)		29 420 944	
42,417,455		(3,977,611)		38,439,844	
16,798,296		10,172,615		26,970,911	
66,905,123		157,591,948		224,497,071	
\$ 83,703,419	\$	167,764,563	\$	251,467,982	

City of Venice, Florida Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

	General Fund	Building Permit Fees	One Cent Voted Sales Tax	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 18,180,976	\$ 6,786,476	\$ 4,633,735	\$ 9,851,920	\$ 39,453,107
Other cash	14,450	_	-	_	14,450
Accounts receivable	817,077	_	-	66,158	883,235
Due from other governments	580,984	_	509,084	326,202	1,416,270
Inventory	42,281	_	-	-	42,281
Total assets	\$ 19,635,768	\$ 6,786,476	\$ 5,142,819	\$ 10,244,280	\$ 41,809,343
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 205,236	\$ 938,216	\$ 386,097	\$ 379,244	\$ 1,908,793
Accrued payroll	1,369,962	64,451	-	-	1,434,413
Due to other governments	910,978	_	-	36	911,014
Deposits and other liabilities	226,597	_	-	-	226,597
Total liabilities	2,712,773	1,002,667	386,097	379,280	4,480,817
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - grants	41,855	-	-	-	41,855
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory and prepayments	42,281	-	-	-	42,281
Restricted for:					
Public safety	-	-	-	176,437	176,437
Boating and waterway improvements	-	-	-	65,007	65,007
Street improvements	-	-	-	3,510,465	3,510,465
Capital improvements	-	-	4,756,722	966,713	5,723,435
Building code enforcement	-	5,783,809	-	-	5,783,809
Debt service	-	-	-	291,484	291,484
Beach renourishment	-	-	-	3,732,520	3,732,520
Committed to:					
Training and education	-	-	-	181,550	181,550
Capital improvements	300,593	-	-	792,832	1,093,425
Economic development/public works	36,850	-	-	57,332	94,182
Historic preservation/parks	43,634	-	-	90,660	134,294
Public safety	108,171	-	-	-	108,171
General government	30,264	-	-	-	30,264
Unassigned:					
General fund	16,319,347	-	-	-	16,319,347
Total fund balances	16,881,140	5,783,809	4,756,722	9,865,000	37,286,671
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and					
fund balances	\$ 19,635,768	\$ 6,786,476	\$ 5,142,819	\$ 10,244,280	\$ 41,809,343

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

City of Venice, Florida Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

Total fund balance - governmental funds		\$ 37,286,671
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 158,365,784 (57,676,184)	100,689,600
Internal service funds (ISF's) are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and workers compensation, to individual funds. The portion of the assets and liabilities of the ISF's primarily serving governmental funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		25,199,784
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities are as follows:		
Bonds payable Lease-purchase obligation Compensated absences Accrued interest on general obligation bonds	(32,624,872) (1,136,847) (1,477,465) (224,037)	(35,463,221)
In the government-wide financial statements, the City reports an asset (liability) for the amount that its single employer pension plans are overfunded (underfunded). It also reports a liability for its proportionate share of the unfunded liability in the multiple employer pension plan in which it participates. Gains and losses on these plans are also sometimes deferred to be reported in a subsequent period. In the governmental fund financial statements, deferred inflows and outflows are not reported, and a liability would only be reported if the required contributions were not made. Following is a summary of the differences:		
Net pension asset Net pension liabilities Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	3,111,928 (23,497,456) 7,388,942 (22,730,166)	(35,726,752)
In the government-wide financial statements, the City reports a liability for its accrued post-employment benefits obligation. Gains and losses on the plan are also sometimes deferred to be reported in a subsequent period. In the governmental fund financial statements, deferred inflows and outflows are not reported, and a liability would only be reported if the required contributions were not made. Following is a summary of the differences:		
Total OPEB liability Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(8,638,946) 711,870 (397,442)	(8,324,518)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 83,703,419

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	General Fund	Building Permit Fees	One Cent Voted Sales Tax	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Property tax	\$ 18,917,460	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,595,370	\$ 21,512,830
Local option, use and fuel taxes	426,176	-	4,149,270	1,100,532	5,675,978
Communications services tax	1,355,787	-	-	-	1,355,787
Utility services taxes	2,855,635	-	-	-	2,855,635
Franchise fees	2,576,962	-	-	-	2,576,962
Fees and fines	33,157	-	-	87,596	120,753
Licenses and permits	551,490	4,583,108	-	963,846	6,098,444
Intergovernmental	4,871,740	-	624,592	954,178	6,450,510
Charges for services	2,042,030	-	-	-	2,042,030
Investment income	24,485	10,074	7,655	13,750	55,964
Miscellaneous	1,184,284	31,688		125,647	1,341,619
Total revenues	34,839,206	4,624,870	4,781,517	5,840,919	50,086,512
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	4,953,679	2,487,821	-	31,032	7,472,532
Finance	1,528,702	-	-	-	1,528,702
Information services	1,513,227	-	-	-	1,513,227
Parks and recreation	1,601,965	-	-	-	1,601,965
Police	10,511,818	-	-	7,579	10,519,397
Fire and EMS	11,566,935	-	_	_	11,566,935
Public works	2,250,728	-	_	_	2,250,728
Grants and aid	-	-	120,500	413,472	533,972
Debt service:					
Principal	263,873	-	150,000	1,390,000	1,803,873
Interest	41,912	-	-	1,180,368	1,222,280
Fiscal charges	-	-	-	1,500	1,500
Capital outlay	1,529,415	3,758,849	6,338,500	1,461,339	13,088,103
Total expenditures	35,762,254	6,246,670	6,609,000	4,485,290	53,103,214
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(923,048)	(1,621,800)	(1,827,483)	1,355,629	(3,016,702)
experiences	(923,048)	(1,021,000)	(1,827,483)	1,333,029	(3,010,702)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	4,155,419	-	-	634,800	4,790,219
Transfers out		(444,418)	(250,000)	(1,192,100)	(1,886,518)
Net other financing sources (uses)	4,155,419	(444,418)	(250,000)	(557,300)	2,903,701
Net change in fund balances	3,232,371	(2,066,218)	(2,077,483)	798,329	(113,001)
Fund balances at beginning of year	13,648,769	7,850,027	6,834,205	9,066,671	37,399,672
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 16,881,140	\$ 5,783,809	\$ 4,756,722	\$ 9,865,000	\$ 37,286,671

City of Venice

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	(113,001)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are	differe	ent because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In addition, donated assets and asset disposals are accounted for differently in the two statements.				
Capital additions	\$	13,088,103		
Depreciation Transfers to other funds		(4,503,537) (1,788,338)		6,796,228
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.				
Principal paid Premium amortization		1,803,873 232,436		2,036,309
Certain long-term liabilities (and related deferred outflows/inflows) are recognized as expenses in the Statement of Activities as earned, but are recognized when current financial resources are used in the governmental funds. This amount is the net change during the year.				
Compensated absences		18,810		
Other post-employment benefits Pensions		273,995 3,814,968		4,107,773
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as property and worker's compensation insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.				3,944,675
Certain grant revenues are deferred in the governmental funds because they are not available to pay current liabilities. These deferred inflows are recognized as revenues in the Statement of Activities.				41,855
Accrued interest is recognized as expenses in the Statement of Activities as incurred, but is recognized when current financial resources are used in the governmental funds. This amount is the net change in the accrued interest this year.				(15,543)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	16,798,296
Change in her position of governmental activities				10,770,270

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Statement General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Property tax	\$ 18,713,500	\$ 18,713,500	\$ 18,917,460	\$ 203,960
Local option, use and fuel taxes	393,741	393,741	426,176	32,435
Communications services tax	1,417,300	1,417,300	1,355,787	(61,513)
Utility service taxes	2,849,100	2,849,100	2,855,635	6,535
Franchise fees	2,474,890	2,474,890	2,576,962	102,072
Fees and fines	16,000	16,000	33,157	17,157
Licenses and permits	362,900	362,900	551,490	188,590
Intergovernmental	3,044,573	4,088,500	4,871,740	783,240
Charges for services	1,767,164	1,767,164	2,042,030	274,866
Investment income	150,000	150,000	24,485	(125,515)
Miscellaneous	924,350	959,350	1,184,284	224,934
Total revenues	32,113,518	33,192,445	34,839,206	1,646,761
EXPENDITURES				
General government:				
Mayor and council	173,018	173,018	140,500	32,518
City manager	1,116,857	1,117,607	1,030,972	86,635
Historical	326,264	326,264	310,634	15,630
City clerk	642,643	642,643	595,736	46,907
City attorney	424,165	424,165	347,448	76,717
City hall maintenance	228,102	228,102	195,821	32,281
Engineering	521,095	543,165	481,091	62,074
Planning	1,234,946	1,321,572	940,198	381,374
Human resources	971,071	971,071	942,536	28,535
Finance	1,548,374	1,548,374	1,528,702	19,672
Information technology	1,578,906	1,578,906	1,554,757	24,149
Parks and recreation	1,821,439	1,866,439	1,720,230	146,209
Police	10,441,043	10,670,239	10,685,250	(15,011)
Fire and EMS:				
Fire	9,234,257	9,242,074	9,156,516	85,558
Emergency medical services	3,368,893	4,246,727	3,881,135	365,592
Public works:				
Administration	360,190	360,190	330,175	30,015
Maintenance	1,851,819	1,851,819	1,731,060	120,759
Fleet	213,101	213,101	189,493	23,608
Total expenditures	36,056,183	37,325,476	35,762,254	1,563,222
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,942,665)	(4,133,031)	(923,048)	3,209,983
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	4,155,419	4,155,419	4,155,419	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources	4,155,419	4,155,419	4,155,419	
Net change in fund balances	212,754	22,388	3,232,371	3,209,983
Fund balances at beginning of year	12,653,752	12,823,485	13,648,769	825,284
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 12,866,506	\$ 12,845,873	\$ 16,881,140	\$ 4,035,267

See accompaning Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Statement Building Permit Fees Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Licenses and permits	\$ 3,004,721	\$ 3,004,721	\$ 4,583,108	\$ 1,578,387
Interest	37,500	37,500	10,074	(27,426)
Miscellaneous	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	31,688	31,688
Total revenues	3,042,221	3,042,221	4,624,870	1,582,649
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	2,634,686	2,701,521	2,487,821	213,700
Capital outlay	133,333	4,398,131	3,758,849	639,282
Total expenditures	2,768,019	7,099,652	6,246,670	852,982
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	274,202	(4,057,431)	(1,621,800)	2,435,631
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(444,418)	(444,418)	(444,418)	
Net other financing sources (uses)	(444,418)	(444,418)	(444,418)	
Net change in fund balances	(170,216)	(4,501,849)	(2,066,218)	2,435,631
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,111,051	7,354,051	7,850,027	495,976
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,940,835	\$ 2,852,202	\$ 5,783,809	\$ 2,931,607

See accompaning Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities						
	Wa	ater and Sewer Utility		Solid Waste		Airport	
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Pooled cash and investments	\$	35,331,440	\$	4,344,397	\$	5,483,730	
Other cash		-		-		100	
Accounts receivable		2,810,291		881,574		17,253	
Due from other governments		323,647		-		3,786	
Inventories		483,895					
Total current assets		38,949,273		5,225,971		5,504,869	
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted assets:							
Pooled cash and investments		12,433,163		-		2,831,751	
Capital assets:							
Land		956,663		220,000		-	
Construction in progress		10,273,117		-		199,350	
Buildings		8,854,112		23,132		7,853,997	
Improvements and infrastructure		176,231,326		59,268		38,881,182	
Machinery and equipment		10,040,406		2,061,309		544,949	
Less accumulated depreciation		(90,518,336)		(1,960,676)		(19,660,318)	
Total capital assets		115,837,288		403,033		27,819,160	
Total noncurrent assets		128,270,451		403,033		30,650,911	
Total assets		167,219,724		5,629,004		36,155,780	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Related to debt refundings		581,301		-		-	
Related to pensions		1,096,313		376,858		137,039	
Related to OPEB		93,184		23,296		8,464	
Total deferred outflows		1,770,798		400,154		145,503	

	Business-Type Activities			Government -		
s	torm Water Drainage	Total Enterprise Funds		In	Activities ternal Service Funds	
\$	1,809,910	\$	46,969,477	\$	17,580,156	
	-		100		14,779	
	326,140		4,035,258		2,402	
	100,000		427,433		-	
	-		483,895		-	
	2,236,050		51,916,163		17,597,337	
	14,414		15,279,328		-	
	1,451,835		2,628,498		-	
	-		10,472,467		-	
	-		16,731,241		=	
	10,108,094		225,279,870		-	
	416,318		13,062,982		16,296,784	
	(5,313,425)		(117,452,755)		(6,045,015)	
	6,662,822		150,722,303		10,251,769	
	6,677,236		166,001,631		10,251,769	
	8,913,286		217,917,794		27,849,106	
			581,301			
	145,604		1,755,814		_	
	1,173		126,117		-	
	146,777		2,463,232			
	, , , , ,		_,			

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities				
	Water and Sewer Utility		Solid Waste		 Airport
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	2,464,690	\$	97,429	\$ 6,130
Accrued liabilities		395,639		91,038	92,230
Due to other governments		148,983		-	7,626
Accrued interest payable		276,794		-	-
Accrued insurance claims		-		-	-
Customer deposits		813,805		145,261	110,326
Unearned Revenue		1,241,516		-	-
Compensated absences		168,540		80,680	18,300
Notes payable		702,348		-	-
Bonds payable		1,315,000		-	-
Total current liabilities		7,527,315		414,408	234,612
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences		168,540		80,679	18,301
Net pension liabilities		1,508,243		518,458	188,530
Total OPEB liability		1,130,843		282,711	102,711
Notes payable		6,076,110		=	-
Bonds payable		29,932,789		_	_
Total noncurrent liabilities		38,816,525		881,848	309,542
Total liabilities		46,343,840		1,296,256	 544,154
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Related to pensions		2,226,923		765,505	278,366
Related to OPEB		52,025		13,006	4,726
Total deferred inflows		2,278,948		778,511	283,092
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		79,493,517		403,033	27,819,160
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		8,658,877		147,767	2,831,751
Debt service		1,396,317		-	-
Renewal and replacement		1,000,000		-	-
Unrestricted		29,819,023		3,403,591	 4,823,126
Total net position	\$	120,367,734	\$	3,954,391	\$ 35,474,037

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Business-Typ	Governmental			
Storm Water Drainage	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds		
31,719	\$ 2,599,968	\$ 1,499,456		
32,138	611,045	14,709		
<u>-</u>	156,609	-		
1,330	278,124	-		
-	, -	1,135,157		
-	1,069,392	-		
-	1,241,516	-		
-	267,520	-		
24,344	726,692	-		
	1,315,000	-		
89,531	8,265,866	2,649,322		
-	267,520	-		
200,313	2,415,544	-		
14,237	1,530,502	-		
491,163	6,567,273	-		
	29,932,789			
705,713	40,713,628			
795,244	48,979,494	2,649,322		
295,763	3,566,557	_		
655	70,412	_		
296,418	3,636,969			
	- ,~~ ~,~ ~,			
6,662,822	114,378,532	10,251,769		
-	11,638,395	-		
13,084	1,409,401	-		
-	1,000,000	-		
1,292,495	39,338,235	14,948,015		
7,968,401	\$ 167,764,563	\$ 25,199,784		

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	_	Business-Type Activities				
	Water and Sewer Utility	Solid Waste	Airport			
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 25,815,779	\$ 7,415,826	\$ -			
Rentals	-	-	2,189,582			
Interfund charges	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous	137,181	28,637	68,449			
Total operating revenues	25,952,960	7,444,463	2,258,031			
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personal services	5,611,537	1,752,379	648,514			
Insurance	378,866	38,493	108,284			
Professional/contractual services	1,365,193	1,441,656	181,487			
Claims	-	-	-			
Repair and maintenance	2,647,059	872,722	133,613			
Utilities	820,617	16,507	88,749			
Other services and charges	1,981,105	1,188,305	215,741			
Depreciation	6,099,758	61,707	2,244,839			
Total operating expenses	18,904,135	5,371,769	3,621,227			
Operating income (loss)	7,048,825	2,072,694	(1,363,196)			
NON OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Operating Grants	49,428	21,138	23,000			
Interest earnings	43,804	4,410	6,912			
Disposition of capital assets	-	60,000	2,250			
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(1,222,459)					
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(1,129,227)	85,548	32,162			
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	5,919,598	2,158,242	(1,331,034)			
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS						
Developer capital contributions	1,499,285	-	-			
Federal and state grants	113,322	-	829,301			
Impact/plant capacity fees	4,241,879	147,711	-			
Capital assets transferred in from governmental funds	<u>-</u>					
Total capital contributions	5,854,486	147,711	829,301			
TRANSFERS						
Transfers in	-	-	-			
Transfers out	(2,752,680)	(625,879)	(343,392)			
Net transfers	(2,752,680)	(625,879)	(343,392)			
Change in net position	9,021,404	1,680,074	(845,125)			
Total net position at beginning of year	111,346,330	2,274,317	36,319,162			
Total net position at end of year	\$ 120,367,734	\$ 3,954,391	\$ 35,474,037			

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Business-Ty	Business-Type Activities		
Storm Water	Total Enterprise	Internal Service	
Drainage	Funds	Funds	
\$ 2,433,740	\$ 35,665,345	\$ -	
-	2,189,582	-	
-	-	9,319,403	
	234,267	2,759,988	
2,433,740	38,089,194	12,079,391	
747,014	8,759,444	212,768	
11,857	537,500	2,925,261	
400,797	3,389,133	465,795	
-	-	6,143,264	
161,874	3,815,268	-	
4,200	930,073	-	
127,634	3,512,785	137,146	
417,411	8,823,715	1,374,253	
1,870,787	29,767,918	11,258,487	
562,953	8,321,276	820,904	
302,733	0,321,270	020,501	
134,158	227,724	-	
1,570	56,696	22,645	
-	62,250	119,932	
(7,813)	(1,230,272)		
127,915	(883,602)	142,577	
690,868	7,437,674	963,481	
-	1,499,285	-	
-	942,623	-	
-	4,389,590	-	
-	, , , , <u>-</u>	1,788,338	
-	6,831,498	1,788,338	
_	_	1,202,856	
(374,606)	(4,096,557)	(10,000)	
(374,606)	(4,096,557)	1,192,856	
316,262	10,172,615	3,944,675	
7,652,139	157,591,948	21,255,109	
\$ 7,968,401	\$ 167,764,563	\$ 25,199,784	

Governmental

City of Venice, Florida **Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds** For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				ınds	
	Wa	ter and Sewer				
		Utility		Solid Waste		Airport
CACH ELOWIC EDOM OBED ATTINIC A CITIVITATE						
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ф	25 720 046	Ф	7 254 511	Ф	2 245 061
Receipts from customers	\$	25,728,946	\$	7,354,511	\$	2,245,961
Interfund charges		- (5.05,500)		- (2.5(2.022)		(505.040)
Payments to suppliers		(7,087,502)		(3,563,023)		(507,948)
Payments to employees		(5,571,917)		(1,974,944)		(658,643)
Claims paid		_				-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		13,069,527		1,816,544		1,079,370
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers in from other funds		-		-		-
Transfers out to other funds		(2,752,680)		(625,879)		(343,392)
Operating grants		49,428		21,138		23,000
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities		(2,703,252)		(604,741)		(320,392)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Note proceeds		1,303,003		_		_
Purchases of capital assets		(9,394,541)		(10,632)		(1,005,753)
•		(9,394,341)		60,000		2,250
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		((50,022)		00,000		2,230
Principal paid on notes		(650,023)		-		-
Principal paid on revenue bonds		(1,080,000)		-		-
Interest paid on revenue bonds and notes		(1,071,142)		-		-
Cash paid at bond refunding		(1,160,050)		-		-
Impact/plant capacity fees		4,241,879		147,711		-
Capital grants		1,354,838		-		829,301
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(6,456,036)		197,079		(174,202)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
		12 901		4.410		6.012
Interest earnings		43,804		4,410		6,912
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	-	43,804		4,410		6,912
		2.054.042		1 412 202		501 600
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,954,043		1,413,292		591,688
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		43,810,560		2,931,105		7,723,893
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	47,764,603	\$	4,344,397	\$	8,315,581
Cash and cash equivalents classified as:						
Pooled cash and investments	\$	35,331,440	\$	4,344,397	\$	5,483,730
Other cash		-		-		100
Pooled cash and investments - restricted		12,433,163		_		2,831,751
Total cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	47,764,603	\$	4,344,397	\$	8,315,581
		.,,	<u> </u>	,- ,		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	7,048,825	\$	2,072,694	\$	(1,363,196)
	Ψ	7,040,023	Φ	2,072,094	φ	(1,303,190)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		6,000,750		61.505		2 244 929
Depreciation		6,099,758		61,707		2,244,839
Pension adjustments		(228,338)		(143,468)		(42,222)
OPEB adjustments		64,535		(111,757)		2,927
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		(274,559)		(89,952)		(13,139)
Inventory		(84,847)		(0),552)		(15,157)
Due from other governments		(113,782)		_		393,711
		340,137		(17,000)		•
Accounts payable		•		(17,990)		(174,895)
Accrued liabilities		181,349		19,769		23,910
Compensated absences		22,074		12,891		5,256
Due to other governments		50,545		-		1,069
Customer deposits		(36,170)		12,650		1,110
Accrued claims		_				-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	13,069,527	\$	1,816,544	\$	1,079,370

Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

Water and Sewer Utility Fund recognized \$1,499,285 in utility line donations through capital contributions.

Capital assets with a cost of \$1,788,338 (no depreciation) were transferred into the internal service funds from Governmental Activities.

	Business-type Activities			Activities			
	torm Water			Int	ternal Service		
	Drainage		Totals		Funds		
\$	2,288,897	\$	37,618,315	\$	2,936,798		
	-		-		9,319,403		
	(928,871)		(12,087,344)		(2,673,908)		
	(733,120)		(8,938,624)		(209,052)		
	-		-		(6,023,908)		
	626,906		16,592,347		3,349,333		
	-		-		1,202,856		
	(374,606)		(4,096,557)		(10,000)		
	134,158		227,724		-		
	(240,448)		(3,868,833)		1,192,856		
	179,796		1,482,799		_		
	(48,290)		(10,459,216)		(2,650,824)		
	(10,250)		62,250		239,200		
	_		(650,023)		-		
	(12,092)		(1,092,092)		_		
	(6,483)		(1,077,625)		_		
	(0,103)		(1,160,050)		_		
	_		4,389,590		_		
	_		2,184,139		_		
	112,931		(6,320,228)		(2,411,624)		
	1,570		56,696		22,645		
	1,570		56,696		22,645		
	500.050		6.450.002		2 152 210		
	500,959		6,459,982		2,153,210		
\$	1,323,365 1,824,324	\$	55,788,923 62,248,905	\$	15,441,725 17,594,935		
Φ	1,024,324	Φ	02,246,903	Φ	17,394,933		
\$	1,809,910	\$	46,969,477	\$	17,580,156		
Ф	1,809,910	Ф	100	Ф	14,779		
	14,414		15,279,328		14,779		
\$	1,824,324	\$	62,248,905	\$	17,594,935		
Ψ	1,024,324	Ψ	02,240,703	Ψ	17,374,733		
\$	562,953	\$	8,321,276	\$	820,904		
	417 411		0.022.515		1 274 252		
	417,411		8,823,715		1,374,253		
	281		(413,747)		-		
	7,654		(36,641)		-		
	(144,843)		(522,493)		176,810		
	_		(84,847)		-		
	(2,539)		277,390		-		
	(219,970)		(72,718)		854,294		
	5,959		230,987		3,716		
	-		40,221		-		
	-		51,614		-		
	-		(22,410)		-		
	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		119,356		
\$	626,906	\$	16,592,347	\$	3,349,333		

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds September 30, 2021

	Total Pension Trust Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,793,137	
Receivables:		
Interest and dividends	84,824	
Total receivables	01,021	
Total Telefitation	84,824	
Investments, at fair value:		
U.S. Government and agency obligations	6,368,419	
Mortgage-backed obligations	7,020,938	
Domestic equities	31,271,333	
Foreign equities	1,436,478	
Corporate obligations	3,285,666	
Fixed income mutual funds	1,232,981	
Real estate investment funds	7,161,931	
Domestic equity mutual funds	9,465,779	
Foreign equity mutual funds	11,997,681	
Total investments	79,241,206	
Total assets	82,119,167	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	28,315	
NET POSITION		
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 82,090,852	

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Total Pension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 3,600,000
Plan members	139,246
State of Florida (passed through general fund)	426,176
Total contributions	4,165,422
Investment income:	
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	12,820,342
Interest and dividends	1,773,665
Investment income (loss)	14,594,007
Less investment expenses	(386,928)
Net investment income	14,207,079
Total additions	18,372,501
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefit payments	5,892,220
Administrative expense	137,683
Total deductions	6,029,903
Change in net position	12,342,598
Net position restricted for pension benefits at beginning of year	69,748,254
Net position restricted for pension benefits at end of year	\$ 82,090,852

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.



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NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Venice, Florida, (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. The financial reporting entity

The City of Venice, Florida, was established in 1927 as a municipality in the County of Sarasota, Florida, by Chapter 11776, Special Acts of 1925, Extraordinary Session, as amended. The City is functionally organized under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, water and sewer utilities, solid waste collection, public improvements, municipal airport administration, culture-recreation, building and zoning, stormwater drainage, and general administrative services.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the City of Venice, Florida. No component units are included in these financial statements, as no entity meets the criteria for inclusion as a component unit.

The Mayor and/or City Council are responsible for appointing members of the Venice Housing Authority. However, the City's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond these appointments.

2. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The City's financial statements are prepared using the reporting model specified by GASB. As specified, the Basic Financial Statements (BFS) include both Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the GWFS since by definition these are being held for other parties and are not available for the City's operations. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from the GWFS except for quasi-external interfund services provided or used. Internal service fund net revenues/expenses are combined entirely within the governmental activities category.

Governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Government-Wide Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of the City, excluding those reported in the fiduciary funds. It is displayed in the format of assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources equals net position, with the assets and liabilities shown in order of their relative liquidity.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses for a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The general revenues support the net costs of the functions and segments not covered by program revenues.

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for as a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Separate Fund Financial Statements (FFS) are presented for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of the FFS is on major funds. As such, the City's major governmental and enterprise funds are presented in separate columns within the FFS. Non-major funds are combined in a single column in the appropriate FFS, and fiduciary funds are shown by type. The City only has one type of fiduciary fund, the pension trust fund.

3. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The GWFS, the proprietary FFS and the fiduciary FFS are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. In enterprise funds, the revenues are from customers. In internal service funds, they are from within the City. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include personnel, professional and contractual services, repair and maintenance, insurance and claims, utilities, depreciation, and other services and charges. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition of *operating* are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental FFS are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. This presentation is necessary to demonstrate: (1) legal and debt covenant compliance, (2) the sources and uses of liquid resources, and (3) how the City's actual revenues and expenditures conform to the annual budget. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available, generally, if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period (60 days for sales taxes and grants). Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, pensions, and OPEB, are recorded only when the liability is due.

Taxes, franchise fees, intergovernmental revenues, certain fines and fees, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been

recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only at time of receipt.

Because the governmental FFS are presented on a different basis of accounting than the GWFS, a reconciliation is provided immediately following each fund statement. These reconciliations explain the adjustments necessary to convert the governmental FFS into the governmental activities column of the GWFS.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

GASB sets forth minimum criteria for determination of major funds, i.e., a percentage of assets (plus deferred outflows of resources), liabilities (plus deferred inflows of resources), revenues, or expenditures/expenses of a fund category *and* of the governmental and enterprise funds combined. It also gives governments the option of displaying funds that do not meet this criteria as major funds.

Governmental funds are those through which most of the governmental functions of the City are financed. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *One-Cent Voted Sales Tax Fund* is a capital projects fund that accounts for the proceeds from the City's share of the county-wide voter-adopted one-cent discretionary sales surtax. Proceeds are primarily restricted to expenditures for capital outlay under FS 212.055.

The *Building Permit Fees Special Revenue Fund* accounts for revenues primarily from building permits, which must be used for enforcing the Florida Building Code under Florida Statute 553.80.

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations: (1) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered through user charges; or (2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Water and Sewer Utility Fund* accounts for the activities associated with providing water and sewer services to the residents of the City. The City operates a sewage collection, treatment and disposal system, a water treatment plant and distribution system, and a reclaimed water distribution system.

The *Solid Waste Fund* accounts for the activities associated with providing waste collection and disposal services to the residents of the City, as well as recycling collection and processing.

The Airport Fund accounts for the activities associated with the operations of the City's municipal airport.

The Stormwater Drainage Fund accounts for the activities of the stormwater utility, which provides stormwater drainage for the City.

One of the major funds listed above (the *Stormwater Drainage Enterprise Fund*) does not meet the technical threshold to require inclusion as a major fund. However, the City reports this fund as major fund because it believes that the information presented is of significant importance to the public.

Additionally, the government reports the following non-major and other fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on governmental debt.

Capital Project Funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital projects, and certain other large projects or capital outlay.

Internal Service Funds are used to account for services provided to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. These include group health and life, workers' compensation, property and liability insurance, employee flexible spending accounts, and fleet replacement.

Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the City's firefighters' and police officers' pension trust funds, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to plan members.

4. Assets, deferred outflows or inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance

a) Deposits and investments

The City maintains a pool of cash and investments in which each fund participates on a dollar equivalent and transaction basis. Each fund's portion of the pool is reflected in the balance sheets or statements of net position as "pooled cash and investments." Small amounts of cash and certain bond proceeds that are not in the pool, are reported separately as "other cash" or "other investments." The investments of the pension trust funds are held by an investment custodian selected by the respective pension boards, and therefore are not pooled with other funds of the City.

Investment earnings from the pool are distributed monthly to each fund based upon the fund's average monthly balance within the pool. Funds that borrow from the pool receive a negative earnings allocation.

The City's cash and investment pool includes deposits in local government investment pools, and interest-bearing time deposits with financial institutions who qualify as "authorized depositories" under Florida law. The pension trust funds have broader investment options, including corporate stocks and bonds, mutual funds, real estate securities, and foreign investments.

Investments are reported at fair value, generally using a market approach. The hierarchy used to measure fair value prioritizes the inputs into three categories – level 1, level 2, and level 3 inputs – considering the relative reliability of the inputs, as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices, that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs.

The valuations used for the City's (and pension trust fund) investments were obtained through third party custodians. Level 2 market values were determined by the City's investment advisors/custodians using a market approach, and matrix pricing techniques.

b) Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include pooled cash and investments, and other cash, whether restricted or unrestricted. Highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are reported as cash equivalents.

c) Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that represent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds (if any), as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

d) Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost (using average cost) in both governmental and proprietary fund types. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items (using the consumption method) in both the GWFS and FFS.

e) Restricted assets

Certain pooled cash and investments are reported as restricted on the statements of net position. Restricted assets in the Airport Fund are from prior airport property sales and are restricted for FAA-approved capital improvements. Restricted assets in the Water and Sewer Utility Fund include capital improvement fees that are restricted to capital expansion, and bond-related accounts. Following are the balances in these accounts at September 30, 2021:

Water and Sewer Utility Fund:	
Sinking Funds	\$ 1,422,490
Debt service reserves	1,101,175
Renewal and replacement fund	1,000,000
Capacity improvement fees	8,658,877
Loan reserve	250,621
Sub-total	12,433,163
Airport Fund:	
Property sales proceeds	 2,831,751
Stormwater Fund:	
Loan reserve	14,414
Total	 15,279,328

f) Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the GWFS and the proprietary FFS. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life extending beyond one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. When material, interest incurred during the project construction phase for capital assets financed with bond proceeds (in business-type activities and enterprise funds only) is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in 2021.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	20-50
Building improvements	10-20
Water and sewer systems	10-50
Public domain infrastructure	50
Equipment	3-10

g) Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. These deferred outflows represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow (expense) until then. Deferred outflows of resources at September 30, 2021, consist of the following:

Deferred Outflows of Resources:	Florida Retirement System		Firefighters' Police Officers'		Debt		
	FRS	HIS	Pension	Pension	OPEB	Refundings	Total
Related to pensions							
Employer contributions subsequent							
to measurement date	\$ 645,546	\$ 78,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 724,146
Changes in assumptions	3,356,094	540,486	579,817	-	-	-	4,476,397
Differences between actual and							
expected experience	840,687	230,168	-	-	-	-	1,070,855
Net difference between projected							
and actual investment earnings	-	7,171	-	-	-	-	7,171
Changes in proportion differences	1,990,529	875,658					2,866,187
	6,832,856	1,732,083	579,817		-		9,144,756
Related to OPEB							
Differences between actual and							
expected experience	-	-	-	-	837,987	-	837,987
	-		-	-	837,987	-	837,987
Related to debt refundings							
Unamortized loss on bond							
refunding	_	-	-	-	-	581,301	581,301
	-			-	-	581,301	581,301
Total	\$ 6,832,856	\$1,732,083	\$ 579,817	\$ -	\$ 837,987	\$ 581,301	\$10,564,044

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. These deferred inflows represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow (revenue) until then.

Deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2021, consist of the following:

Deferred Inflows of Resources:	Florida Retirement System		Firefighters' Police Officers'			
	FRS	FRS HIS Pe		Pension	OPEB	Total
Related to pensions						
Changes in assumptions	\$ -	\$ 283,406	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 283,406
Differences between actual and						
expected experience	-	2,881	207,229	-	-	210,110
Net difference between projected						
and actual investment earnings	17,111,544		2,510,215	6,181,448		25,803,207
	17,111,544	286,287	2,717,444	6,181,448		26,296,723
Related to OPEB						
Differences between actual and						
expected experience	_	_	-	-	467,854	467,854
	_	_	_		467,854	467,854
Total	\$17,111,544	\$ 286,287	\$2,717,444	\$6,181,448	\$ 467,854	\$26,764,577

h) Accounts payable

Accounts payable include trade and contract obligations due shortly after year-end. Accounts payable at September 30, 2021 also includes retainage payable of \$743,601.

i) Compensated absences and other post-employment benefits (OPEB)

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick pay, and other employee benefit amounts. These amounts are accrued when incurred in the GWFS and proprietary FFS. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

OPEB refers to postemployment benefits other than pension benefits and includes postemployment healthcare benefits and life insurance. Like pensions, OPEB arises from an exchange of salaries and benefits for employee services rendered and constitute part of compensation for those services. These amounts are accrued when incurred in the GWFS and proprietary FFS.

j) Long-term obligations

In the GWFS and proprietary FFS, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported together with unamortized bond premiums/discounts and/or refunding losses. These premiums/discounts and refunding losses are then amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Debt issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In the governmental FFS, the face amount of new debt issued and any related premium, are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Debt issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures in the period incurred.

k) Net Pension Liabilities/Assets and Pension Cost

In the GWFS and proprietary FFS, net pension asset (NPA) represents Plan assets in excess of pension liabilities in the City's single employer pension plan for police officers. In the GWFS and proprietary FFS, net pension liabilities (NPL) represent the unfunded balance of the City's single employer pension plan for firefighters, plus the City's proportionate share of the unfunded balance of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), the cost-sharing retirement system in which the City participates. The unfunded liabilities are considered obligations of the employer (the City). They represent the present value of projected benefit payments attributed to services through the measurement date less the balance of plan investments at that date. In the case of the City's two single employer plans, the measurement date of the NPA/NPL is the same as the City's year-end. In the case of the FRS, the measurement date coincides with the FRS June 30 fiscal year, three months prior to the City's year-end.

In the governmental FFS, pension cost (expenditure) is the actuarially determined required contribution to each plan (or the amount actually contributed, if greater). In the GWFS and the proprietary FFS, pension cost is on the full *accrual* basis, and therefore includes the current year adjustments to the NPL, as well as the current year changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, discussed above. Total pension cost (expense) – all plans was \$3,109,701 for 2021.

1) Fund Balance and Net Position

In the FFS, governmental funds classify *fund balance* in a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which constraints have been placed on the spending of the fund revenues. Fund balances are reported in governmental FFS in the following classifications:

- Nonspendable fund balance Represents fund balance that is either (a) not in a spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid items) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as an endowment.
- Restricted fund balance Consists of amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by law, or by the external providers of those resources (such as grantors, bondholders), or by the City as a result of enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance Represents amounts constrained to specific purposes based on a formal action (ordinance) of the highest level of decision-making authority (the City Council). When reported as committed, the amounts will only be able to be used for a different purpose if the City Council removes or changes the constraint with a similar formal action (ordinance).
- Assigned fund balance Amounts represent the intended use by the City Council or
 its designee. (To date, the City Council has not designated such by an individual or
 body for this purpose). To fall into this category, the purpose of the assignment must
 be narrower than the purpose of the fund itself. Formal action is not necessary to
 impose, modify, or remove a constraint in this category. Additionally, this category
 is used to reflect the appropriation of existing fund balance to eliminate a projected

deficit in the subsequent years' budget. It is also used for residual balances in special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds.

• Unassigned fund balance – Represents the residual fund balance in the general fund, i.e., all amounts that have not been classified in the previous four categories. This category is also appropriate for deficit fund balances in other governmental funds, when applicable.

In the GWFS and the proprietary FFS, *net position* is displayed in three components: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets is the book value of capital assets reduced by the outstanding principal balance of related debt. Restricted net position represents net assets (reduced by related debt) where constraints were placed on their use that are either: (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position is the remainder of net position.

The City has a Fund Balance and Reserve Policy that states that it "will strive to maintain" an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund and Building Permit Fund equivalent to three months' operating expenditures (25%), and an unrestricted net position of four months' operating expenses (33%) in each of the four enterprise funds. The policy requires that a replenishment plan be established when the balances fall below these targets.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance/net position are available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned and finally unassigned funds as needed, unless the City Council has provided otherwise.

5. Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental entities requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Certain unexpended, encumbered amounts are automatically carried over to the subsequent year, and do not require re-appropriation.

Not later than two months prior to the end of the fiscal year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, by fund. The Council holds public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments and a final budget must be prepared and adopted by October 1, through the passage of an ordinance.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City Manager has the authority to make line item transfers within fund budgets. Transfers of appropriations between funds require the approval of Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The City Council can amend the budget as necessary throughout the year by adopting an amending ordinance in the same manner as the original budget adoption. The Council made five supplementary budgetary appropriations during the current year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (i.e., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end, which are payable from restricted or committed resources, are included in that same category of fund balance. Encumbrances payable from assigned or unassigned resources, are classified as committed in the fund balance section of the governmental balance sheets.

Deficit Fund Balance of Individual Funds

No funds reported deficit fund balances or total net position at September 30, 2021.

Funds Where Expenditures Exceeded Appropriations

No funds reported expenditures over budget for the year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTE C – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Municipalities in Florida are required by Chapter 280 of the Florida statutes (the Security for Public Deposit Act), to generally limit deposits of operating funds to financial institutions which are "qualified public depositories' (QPD's) as defined in that statute. QPD's are required to collateralize these public deposits with federal depository insurance, eligible securities, or a surety bond having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits. Any loss to the City on these deposits would be covered by the depository insurance, sale of the securities pledged as collateral, if necessary, and assessments against other similar QPD's, if necessary.

The City's investment guidelines have been defined in a written investment policy, approved by the City Council. The policy applies to the cash and investment pool, and to all funds of the City, except the pension trust funds. Following is a list of authorized investments under the policy, and portfolio concentration limits by investment type:

	Maximum
Authorized Investments	Concentration
Qualified intergovernmental investment pool	100%
U.S. government securities	100%
Specific U.S. government agency securities	80%
Time and savings accounts in QPD's	85%
Certain repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements	30%
Highest-rated, registered money market funds	100%
Bankers acceptances	10%
State or local government obligations	30%

At September 30, 2021, the City had the following deposits and investments:

	Market		
Investment Type	Value		
Pooled cash and investments:	 _		
Deposits			
Financial institutions	\$ 16,143,048		
Bank money market accounts	 20,423,379		
Total deposits	 36,566,427		
		Weighted Average	Hierarchy
Investments		Maturity	Level
Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust:			
FL SAFE Stable NAV Fund	21,608,079	54 days	Not applicable
FL SAFE Variable NAV Fund	19,676,186	Not applicable	Not applicable
State Board of Administration - PRIME	 41,431,376	49 days	Not applicable
Total investments	 82,715,641		
Total pooled cash and investments	 119,282,068		
Other Cash and Investments:			
Petty cash	\$ 14,550		
Financial institutions	14,779		
Total other cash and investments	29,329		
Total - City	\$ 119,311,397		

Money Market accounts are held at local financial institutions, and are available for immediate withdrawal, with no restrictions.

The Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FL SAFE) is a local government investment pool that serves the cash management needs of governments in Florida. FL SAFE is organized pursuant to Florida Statutes (FS) 163.01, is an authorized investment under FS 218.415, and invests according to the provisions of its Permitted Investments as listed in the Indenture of Trust. The Indenture of Trust provides for the creation of multiple separate investment portfolios called "Series" within the FL SAFE and sets forth the manner in which the Series can be created and managed.

Currently, FL SAFE includes a liquid stable net asset value \$1.00 fund (Stable NAV), a variable net asset value fund (Variable NAV) and one or more Term Series portfolios, as may be established from time to time. FL SAFE is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of representatives from its local government members (the City Finance Director is a member of the Board). The Administrator is Florida Management and Administrative Services, LLC, and the Investment Advisor is Prudent Man Advisors, Inc.

The FL SAFE Stable NAV Fund is a liquid money market-like investment rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The fund invests in high-quality fixed income investments with a weighted average maturity of less than 60 days. It seeks to maintain, but does not guarantee, a constant net asset value at \$1.00 per share. The FL SAFE Variable NAV Fund invests in high-quality fixed income investments with an average maturity of about one year. It is rated AAAf/S1 by Standard & Poor's.

Florida PRIME is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) and managed by professional money managers. Florida PRIME invests exclusively in short-term, high-quality fixed income securities rated in the highest short-term rating category by one or more nationally recognized statistical rating agencies, or securities of comparable quality. Florida PRIME has a Standard & Poor's rating of AAAm.

The City has no unfunded commitments to either the FL SAFE or Florida PRIME, and is allowed daily redemptions and investments with a 1-day minimum holding period.

Following is a discussion of the various risks applicable to the City's investments (excluding the pension trust funds), and how the City responds to those risks.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk exists when changes in interest rates could adversely affect an investment's fair value. When interest rates rise, the value of fixed rate securities fall. The City manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by reducing the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio during periods of rising interest rates. In addition, unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City does not invest in securities maturing more than five years from date of purchase. Finally, the City uses a one-year treasury bond benchmark rate to measure performance.

Credit risk – Credit quality risk results from potential default of investments that are not financially sound. The City assures the credit quality of its portfolio by investing in state-approved investment pools and U.S. government/agency securities. In addition, the investment policy requires specific ratings for investments in money market funds, bankers' acceptances, and state/local government obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy generally requires independent third party custodians, and for investments to be held in the city's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the dollar amount of investments with a single issuer. The table above shows the maximum portfolio

concentration by investment type. With the exception of the U.S. government securities, each investment type is then further diversified by issuer.

Foreign Currency Risk – Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy limits investments to domestic securities.

Firefighters' and Police Officers' Pension Trust Funds

The Pension Boards of Trustees (the Boards) of the Firefighters' and Police Officers' Pension Trust Funds (the Funds) have each adopted Investment Policy Statements that are required to be followed by the professional investment managers that select the Funds' investments. These managers select specific investments within the authorized categories and asset allocation ranges established by the Boards. Certain investments require specific Board approval.

Authorized Investments

Authorized investments for both Funds include the following:

- Equities traded on a national exchange or electronic network, but not more than 5% of Fund assets in any one company,
- Fixed income securities with at least 85% having a minimum rating of investment grade or higher as reported by a major credit rating service, but not more than 3% of Fund assets in bonds issued by any single corporation,
- Real estate investments managed by experienced and qualified professional real property investment managers,
- Money market funds or STIF options with a minimum rating of A1/P1 or equivalent, by a major credit rating service,
- Pooled funds, such as Board approved mutual funds, commingled funds, and exchange-traded funds, limited partnerships, and private equity,
- Board approved group trusts meeting the requirements of Internal Revenue Service Revenue Ruling 81-100, or successor rulings.

Investment Objectives

The general investment objective for both Funds is to obtain a reasonable rate of return commensurate with the Prudent Investor Rule and any other applicable statutes or ordinances. Specific investment performance objectives include the following:

- The performance of the various asset classes in the portfolio will be compared to specified benchmarks on three and five-year rolling averages,
- On a relative basis, it is expected that the total portfolio will rank in the top 40th percentile of the appropriate peer universe over three and five-year time periods, and

• On an absolute basis, the total portfolio return will equal or exceed the actuarial earnings assumption (6.75%) and provide inflation protection by meeting Consumer Price Index plus 3%.

Target Allocations

The following is the policy's target allocation and allocation range:

	Firefi	ghters	Police Officers				
	Target		Target				
Asset Class	Allocation	Range	Allocation	Range			
Domestic equity	45%	40% - 60%	50%	40% - 70%			
International equity	15%	10% - 20%	15%	5% - 20%			
Broad market fixed income	25%	20% - 30%	25%	20% - 40%			
Global fixed income	5%	0% - 10%	-	-			
Real estate	10%	0% - 15%	10%	0% - 15%			
Total	100%		100%				

There are other performance objectives written into the Investment Policy Statement for each of the above categories.

Portfolio Composition

Investments are held by the Funds' custodians, trust companies having trust powers in the State of Florida. Investments in the Fund are reported at fair value. Level 2 hierarchy market values were determined by the custodians using a market approach, and matrix pricing techniques. Investment transactions are recognized on the trade date.

(This section intentionally left blank)

As of September 30, 2021, the Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund had the following investments:

			Weighted Avg	Hierarchy
Investment Type	Fair Value		Maturity (Yrs)	Level
U. S. Government & agency obligations	\$	2,159,120	5.27	1
Mortgage-backed obligations		3,883,700	17.50	2
Corporate obligations		793,745	20.75	2
Total fair value		6,836,565		
Investments not subject to risk disclosures:				
Fixed income mutual funds		1,232,981		1
Domestic equities		6,718,994		1
Foreign equities		217,666		1
Domestic equity mutual funds		9,465,779		1
Real estate investment fund		3,050,949		Not Applicable
Foreign equity mutual fund		5,103,430		1
Total investments	\$	32,626,364		

The U.S. Government and agency obligations shown above were rated Aaa by Moody's Investor Services at September 30, 2021 (except securities totaling \$265,000 were not rated), and AA+ by Standard and Poor's (except securities totaling \$1,542,000 were not rated). The mortgage-backed securities were not rated. The corporate obligations in the year-end portfolio were rated A1 to A3 by Moody's Investor Services and AA- to BBB+ by Standard and Poor's.

The real estate investment fund has no unfunded commitments at September 30, 2021. The redemption frequency is quarterly and requires 10 days' notice. The fund is valued at the net asset value (NAV) of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.

At September 30, 2021, the Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund had the following investments:

		Weighted Avg	Hierarchy
Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity (Yrs)	Level
U. S. Government & agency obligations	\$ 4,209,299	8.09	1
Mortgage-backed obligations	3,137,238	15.81	2
Corporate obligations	2,491,921	7.24	2
Total fair value	9,838,458		
Investments not subject to risk disclosures:			
Domestic equities	24,552,339		1
Foreign equities	1,218,812		1
Real estate investment fund	4,110,982		Not Applicable
Foreign equity mutual fund	6,894,251		1
Total investments	\$ 46,614,842		

The U.S. Government and agency obligations shown above were rated Aaa by Moody's Investor Services at September 30, 2021 (except securities totaling \$364,987 were not rated), and AA+ by Standard and Poor's (except securities totaling \$1,417,408 were not rated). The mortgage-backed securities were not rated. The corporate obligations in the year-end portfolio were rated A1 to A3 by Moody's Investor Services and A- to BBB+ by Standard and Poor's.

The real estate investment fund has no unfunded commitments at September 30, 2021. The redemption frequency is quarterly and requires 30 days' notice. The fund is valued at the NAV of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.

Investment Risks

The Investment Policy Statements adopted by the Funds do not further address how the Funds manage interest rate risk, credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, or foreign currency risk. The Funds use investment performance monitors and independent third party custodians, and require investments be held in the Funds' name. Acquisitions of foreign investments are denominated in US dollars.

NOTE D – PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are levied on November 1 of each year on real and personal property located within the City. Property taxes are based on the assessed values determined by the Sarasota County Property Appraiser as of the prior January 1, and millage rates approved by the City Council during the annual budget process. The State of Florida permits the City to levy taxes for the general fund of up to 10 mills annually. For the 2021 fiscal year, the City levied taxes of 4.360 mills for the general fund and an additional 0.5974 mills for debt service on general obligation bonds.

The Sarasota County Tax Collector bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the City. Taxes are due and payable upon receipt of the notice of levy, no later than March 31. Taxes become delinquent on April 1. If still unpaid on May 31, a lien is placed on the property and a related tax certificate is offered for sale at public auction. Any proceeds from the auction are remitted to the City in June.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year they are levied. Receivables are not recorded for delinquent taxes, as the amount is not considered significant.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

July 1 Assessment roll validated.
September 30 Millage resolution approved.

October 1 Beginning of fiscal year for which tax is to be levied.

November 1 Tax bills rendered and due.

November 1 – March 31 Property taxes due with various discount rates.

April 1 Taxes delinquent.

May 31 Tax certificates sold by County.

Property Tax Abatements

In 2010, the City established economic development policy guidelines governing the granting of ad valorem tax exemptions to qualifying businesses.

Two businesses currently receive partial property tax exemptions under the program. For 2021, property taxes totaling \$39,456 were abated on property valued at \$9.5 million.

NOTE E – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental activities:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				_
Land	\$ 15,585,404	\$ -	\$ (3,435)	\$ 15,581,969
Construction in progress	6,821,305	10,156,637	(16,734,474)	243,468
Total capital assets not being depreciated	22,406,709	10,156,637	(16,737,909)	15,825,437
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	33,968,212	10,983,050	-	44,951,262
Other improvements	24,896,400	484,765	-	25,381,165
Machinery and equipment	25,435,851	6,583,586	(1,310,702)	30,708,735
Infrastructure	53,527,171	4,268,798	-	57,795,969
Total other capital assets - at cost	137,827,634	22,320,199	(1,310,702)	158,837,131
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	9,574,782	1,066,660	-	10,641,442
Other improvements	13,292,849	1,052,343	-	14,345,192
Machinery and equipment	13,366,739	2,029,890	(1,191,434)	14,205,195
Infrastructure	22,800,473	1,728,897	-	24,529,370
Total accumulated depreciation	59,034,843	5,877,790	(1,191,434)	63,721,199
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$101,199,500	\$ 26,599,046	\$ (16,857,177)	\$110,941,369

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 695,742
Information services	172,391
Parks and recreation	847,039
Police	958,066
Fire and EMS	766,687
Public works	 2,437,865
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 5,877,790

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

Business-type activities:

	Beginning		Ending	
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,628,498	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,628,498
Construction in progress	11,789,288	9,904,434	(11,221,255)	10,472,467
Total capital assets not being depreciated	14,417,786	9,904,434	(11,221,255)	13,100,965
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	12,066,770	4,664,471	-	16,731,241
Other improvements	140,000,966	1,809,996	-	141,810,962
Machinery and equipment	13,256,673	495,858	(689,549)	13,062,982
Infrastructure	77,163,911	6,304,997	-	83,468,908
Total other capital assets - at cost	242,488,320	13,275,322	(689,549)	255,074,093
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	6,667,062	273,411	-	6,940,473
Other improvements	67,780,465	5,837,365	-	73,617,830
Machinery and equipment	10,098,112	504,688	(689,549)	9,913,251
Infrastructure	24,772,950	2,208,251	-	26,981,201
Total accumulated depreciation	109,318,589	8,823,715	(689,549)	117,452,755
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 147,587,517	\$ 14,356,041	\$ (11,221,255)	\$ 150,722,303

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Business-type activities:

Water and sewer utility	\$ 6,099,758
Solid waste	61,707
Airport	2,244,839
Storm water drainage	 417,411
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 8,823,715

Commitments

Commitments for uncompleted construction projects/capital purchases at September 30, 2021 consist of the following:

	Amounts	Expended to	Remaining	Other		
Fund	Authorized	Date	Encumbered	Committed		
Governmental Funds:						
Major Funds:						
General	\$ 300,593	\$ -	\$ 300,593	\$ -		
Special revenue - Building Permits	617,573	24,869	574,055	18,649		
Capital projects - One Cent Sales	1,785,465	-	1,785,465	-		
Non-Major Funds:						
Capital projects - General	564,348	62,942	103,587	397,819		
Capital projects - Streets	1,713,205	155,657	1,231,750	325,798		
Capital projects - Buildings & Renov.	141,637	-	141,637	-		
Capital projects - Gen. Gov. Impact	300,000	-	300,000	-		
Enterprise Funds:						
Major Funds:						
Water and Sewer Utility	48,972,396	10,273,117	12,647,019	26,052,260		
Solid Waste	13,158	-	13,158	-		
Airport	2,602,216	199,349	2,099,364	303,503		
Storm Water Drainage	164,796	-	164,694	102		
Internal Service Funds:						
Fleet Replacement	577,025		577,025			
Total	\$ 57,752,412	\$ 10,715,934	\$ 19,938,347	\$ 27,098,131		

The above amounts represent construction commitments/capital purchases that have been encumbered or otherwise committed within the City's accounting records and do not require further spending authorization. Additional (non-capital) amounts totaling \$218,919 in the General Fund have also been encumbered, and are reported as committed fund balance at September 30, 2021. Non-capital related encumbrances city-wide are as follows:

	Additional			
	Encumbrances			
Governmental Funds:				
Major Funds:				
General	\$	218,919		
Special revenue - Building Permits		66,825		
Capital projects - One Cent Sales		338,940		
Non-Major Funds		52,556		
Enterprise Funds:				
Major Funds:				
Water and Sewer Utility		1,037,074		
Airport		675		
Storm Water Drainage		451,660		
Total	\$	2,166,649		

NOTE F – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances at September 30, 2021, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Due to and due from other funds, are short-term loans usually to cover a temporary cash deficit in a fund. This may occur when a fund has made grant-related expenditures and is waiting on reimbursement, or for other reasons. There were no interfund short-term loans outstanding at September 30, 2021.

Interfund Transfers:

Following is a table of interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2021, with the purpose noted by numerical reference to the above listing:

	Transfers In												
			Beach						Internal				
	(General			Streets		Renourishment			Service			
		Fund			Fund			Fund		Funds			Totals
Transfers Out:			='			='			=		=		
Major Governmental Funds:													
Building Permits	\$	444,418	(2)	\$	-		\$	-		\$ -		\$	444,418
Non-major Governmental Funds:													
Motor Fuel Tax Fund		807,300	(1)		384,800	(1)		-		-		1	1,192,100
One Cent Voted Sales Tax		-			-			250,000	(1)	-			250,000
Water & Sewer Utilities Fund		1,875,246	(2)		-			-		877,434	(3)	2	2,752,680
Solid Waste Fund		475,899	(2)		-			-		149,980	(3)		625,879
Airport Fund		278,392	(2)		-			-		65,000	(3)		343,392
Storm Water Drainage Fund		274,164	(2)		-			-		100,442	(3)		374,606
Internal Service Funds		-	_		-	_		-	_	10,000	(4)		10,000
Totals	\$	4,155,419	_	\$	384,800	_	\$	250,000	_	\$ 1,202,856	_	\$ 3	5,993,075

Transfers are used for the following purposes:

- (1) to move restricted revenues from the funds where they are deposited to the funds where they are budgeted for expenditure,
- (2) to move indirect costs (administrative charges) from the user departments to the general fund,
- (3) to move funds from user departments to the fleet services fund for the city's fleet replacement program and associated costs,
- (4) to provide fund working capital.

NOTE G – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	(Reductions)	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
	Вашие	7 raditions	(Reductions)	Вашие	One rear
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 33,187,000	\$ -	\$ (1,390,000)	\$ 31,797,000	\$ 1,435,000
Unamortized bond premium	1,060,308	-	(232,436)	827,872	-
Notes payable	150,000	-	(150,000)	-	-
Lease-purchase obligation	1,400,720	-	(263,873)	1,136,847	271,769
Net pension liabilities:					
FRS and HIS	25,222,942	-	(15,855,335)	9,367,607	-
Firefighters' Pension	17,763,254	-	(3,633,405)	14,129,849	-
Police Officers' Pension*	3,482,694	-	(6,594,622)	(3,111,928)	-
Compensated absences	1,496,275	1,087,070	(1,105,880)	1,477,465	738,733
Total OPEB liability	9,399,913		(760,967)	8,638,946	
Totals	\$ 93,163,106	\$ 1,087,070	\$(29,986,518)	\$ 64,263,658	\$ 2,445,502
Business-type activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 31,085,000	\$ 400,000	\$ (1,080,000)	\$ 30,405,000	\$ 1,315,000
Unamortized bond premium	1,544,075	-	(701,286)	842,789	-
Notes payable	6,473,281	1,482,799	(662,115)	7,293,965	726,692
Net pension liabilities:					
FRS and HIS	6,785,869	-	(4,370,325)	2,415,544	-
Compensated absences	494,819	410,581	(370,360)	535,040	267,520
Total OPEB liability	1,652,307	17,754	(139,559)	1,530,502	
Totals	\$ 48,035,351	\$ 2,311,134	\$ (7,323,645)	\$ 43,022,840	\$ 2,309,212

^{*} Reported as a net pension asset on the statement of net position at September 30, 2021.

In governmental activities, payments on bonds payable are made by the debt service fund, payments on notes payable are made by the One Cent Voted Sales Tax special revenue fund, and payments on lease-purchase obligations are made by the General Fund. The compensated absences, net pension liabilities, and total OPEB liability attributed to the governmental activities, will be liquidated by the General Fund.

On December 22, 2020 the City issued Taxable Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2020, in the par amount of \$17,750,000, to advance-refund the remaining principal outstanding on the City's Utility System Revenue bonds, Series 2012, in the par amount of \$17,350,000. The primary purpose was to achieve interest rate savings. The final maturity was unchanged. Debt Service Reserve cash of \$1,160,050 was contributed to the transaction.

The net proceeds of \$18,593,044 were used to purchase non-interest bearing U.S. government securities at a discount to par. These securities were deposited with an escrow agent to provide for the payment of scheduled principal and interest on the refunded debt through the first call date of December 1, 2022, whereupon the outstanding balance will be paid in full, with no call premium. The deferred amount at refunding was \$604,187, which is the reacquisition price of \$18,593,044 less

the carrying amount of the old debt (\$17,988,857 including unamortized premium). This loss will be amortized over the life of the refunding bonds using the straight-line method. The City achieved a gross debt service savings on the transaction of \$2,001,660 and a net present value savings of \$1,340,317 (after issuance costs of \$301,332).

The City's bonds and notes payable are described in the tables below and on the following pages.

•				
Description of Debt Governmental Activities:	Principal Outstanding		Unamortized Premium	
\$3,482,000 Recreation Capital Improvement General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2020. Issued at par. Interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 at 2.09%, with principal due in annual installments of \$470,000 - \$527,000 beginning February 1, 2021 through February 1, 2027. The full faith, credit and taxing power of the City are pledged for the full and prompt payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds. Purpose: Refunding of 2014 Bonds (original purpose: construct a park, beach renourishment, community center improvements, and fishing pier).	\$	3,012,000	\$	-
\$15,420,000 General Obligation Bonds (Public Safety Improvements), Series 2017. Issued at par plus a net premium of \$578,246. Interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 at coupon rates varying from 3.0% to 5.0% (all-in true interest cost is 3.36%), with principal due in annual installments of \$130,000 - \$815,000 beginning February 1, 2018 through February 1, 2047. The full faith and credit and taxing power of the City are pledged for the full and prompt payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds. Purpose: financing the costs of certain public safety-related capital improvements.		14,395,000		221,253
\$16,725,000 General Obligation Bonds (Transportation Improvements), Series 2017. Issued at par plus a net premium of \$1,272,715. Interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 at coupon rates varying from 2.0% to 5.0% (all-in true interest cost is 3.19%), with principal due in annual installments of \$565,000 - \$1,170,000 beginning February 1, 2018 through February 1, 2037. The full faith and credit and taxing power of the City are pledged for the full and prompt payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds. Purpose: financing the costs of certain road and transportation-related capital improvements. Total Governmental Activities - General Obligation Bonds	\$	14,390,000 31,797,000	\$	606,619 827,872
Lease-Purchase Obligation: \$1,400,720 lease-puchase of 4 Braun ambulances, 8 Lifepak monitors and 8 med vaults. Lease payments are \$305,785 annually each November 1 for five years, beginning November 1, 2020, including interest at 2.99%. Titles transfer to the City at the end of the lease.	\$	1,136,847	\$	<u>-</u>

Business-Type Activities:	Principal Outstanding	Unamortized Premium
Revenue Bonds: \$17,750,000 Taxable Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2020. Issued at par. Interest is payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1 at coupon rates varying from 0.201% to 2.641% (all-in true interest cost is 2.40%), with principal due in annual installments of \$695,000 - \$1,005,000 beginning December 1, 2021 through December 1, 2042. The Bonds are secured by a senior lien on water and sewer revenues. Purpose: Refund 2012 Bonds (original purpose: to finance cost of design, permitting, acquisition, construction, and reconstruction of water and sewer capital projects.)	\$ 17,750,000	\$ -
\$15,355,000 Utility System Revenue Bonds (Green Bonds) Series 2015. Issued at par plus a net premium of \$1,248,576. Interest is payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1 at coupon rates varying from 2.0% to 5.0% (all-in true interest cost is 3.23%), with principal due in annual installments of \$490,000 - \$1,080,000 beginning December 1, 2016 through December 1, 2035. The Bonds are secured by a senior lien on water and sewer revenues on a parity with the Series 2012 Bonds (above) and the Series 2013 Note (below). Purpose: finance cost of acquisition, construction, and equipping of various water and sewer capital Total Business-Type Activities - Revenue Bonds	12,655,000 \$30,405,000	842,789 \$ 842,789
	\$ 30,103,000	ψ 0.12,709
Revenue Notes: \$4,157,000 Utility System Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2013. Issued at par. Interest and principal are payable semi-annually with interest at 1.65% and principal due in installments of \$183,000 - \$214,000 through August 15, 2023. The Note is secured by a senior lien on water and sewer revenues on a parity with the Series 2012 and 2015 Bonds (above). Purpose: Refunding of Series 2001 & Series 2002 SRF Loans, plus costs of issuance (original projects were wastewater re-use, utility upgrades and improvements).	\$ 844,000	\$ -
Up to \$8,449,718 State Revolving Fund (SRF) Construction Loan #DW 580430 from State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP). Draws are permitted as eligible project costs are incurred. Repayment is in 40 equal semi-annual payments beginning September 15, 2021 through March 15, 2041 including interest at a blended rate of approximately 0.97%. The Note is secured by a junior lien on water and sewer revenues on a parity with other SRF Loans. Purpose: Qualified drinking water supply and distribution projects. Balance represents draws, fees, and accrued interest to date.	5,458,364	_
\$587,140 SRF Construction Loan #WW 580440 from FDEP. Repayment is in 40 equal semi-annual payments beginning July 15, 2018 through January 15, 2038 with no interest. The Note is secured by a junior lien on water and sewer revenues on a parity with other SRF Loans. Purpose: Qualified reclaimed water distribution	476,094	_
\$527,599 SRF Construction Loan #SW 580460 from FDEP. Repayment is in 40 equal semi-annual payments beginning June 15, 2021 through December 15, 2040 including interest at an interest rate of .88%. The Note is secured by a lien on storm water revenues. Purpose: Live Oak stormwater project.		
Total Business-Type Activities - Revenue Notes	\$ 7,293,965	\$ -
	. , ,	

Debt MaturityDebt service requirements at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ended		Bonds	Paya	ıble		Notes/Leas	es Pa	yable
September 30,		Principal	Interest			Principal	I	nterest
2022	\$	1,435,000	\$	1,128,174	\$	271,769	\$	34,016
2023		1,495,000		1,068,892		279,900		25,885
2024		1,550,000		1,007,026		288,276		17,509
2025		1,625,000		942,274		296,902		8,883
2026		1,685,000		874,510		-		-
2027-2031		7,197,000		3,467,017		_		-
2032-2036		7,970,000		2,163,272		-		-
2037-2041		4,320,000		1,041,320		-		-
2042-2046		3,705,000		457,807		_		-
2047		815,000		13,753				
Totals	\$	31,797,000	\$	12,164,045	\$	1,136,847	\$	86,293

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Year Ended	Bonds Payable			Notes Pa	yabl	e *	
September 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal	1	nterest
2022	\$	1,315,000	\$	802,546	\$ 471,198	\$	16,693
2023		1,345,000		778,914	479,413		9,548
2024		1,365,000		753,256	53,630		4,052
2025		1,405,000		715,047	53,848		3,833
2026		1,450,000		673,597	54,069		3,613
2027-2031		7,905,000		2,695,834	273,718		14,689
2032-2036		9,090,000		1,512,795	279,528		8,879
2037-2041		4,545,000		568,145	170,197		2,808
2042-2043		1,985,000		52,754	 		-
	\$	30,405,000	\$	8,552,888	\$ 1,835,601	\$	64,115

^{*} Debt service on the SRF Note #DW580430 is not included above because the loan is not fully drawn. The first semi-annual payment of \$236,194 was made on the Note on September 15, 2021. A final draw of \$949,436 is expected in 2022 at an interest rate of 1.45%, bringing the final loan amount to approximately \$6.6 million. At that point, the semi-annual loan payment amount will be adjusted to provide for level debt service over the remaining term.

Pledged Revenues

The City has pledged future water and sewer utility net revenues toward the repayment of its enterprise fund bonds and notes. Net revenues are defined in the bond/note resolutions, and include certain gross revenues, less operating costs (excluding depreciation) of the enterprise funds. Following is information related to these pledged revenues as of September 30, 2021:

					Percentage
		Total	Current Year		of Revenues
	Revenue	Principal	Principal		to Principal
	Pledged	and Interest	and Interest	Current Year	and Interest
Pledged Revenue	Through	Outstanding	Paid	Net Revenues	Paid
Water/sewer net revenues	2043	\$ 40,295,472	\$ 2,766,820	\$13,192,387	476.8%
Stormwater net revenues	2041	562,132	14,413	981,934	6812.8%

Conduit Debt

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

During fiscal year 2016 the City issued \$3,850,000 Florida Educational Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (Island Village Montessori Charter School Project), Series 2016. The principal amount payable at September 30, 2021 is \$1,760,384.

During fiscal year 2020 the City issued \$17,330,000 Retirement Community Revenue Improvement Bonds (Village on the Isle Project), Series 2019. The principal amount payable at September 30, 2021 is \$17,330,000 (interest only until 2033).

Defeased Debt

The City's Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, in the outstanding par amount of \$17,350,000, remain outstanding at September 30, 2021. These bonds will be retired under terms of an escrow deposit agreement on or before December 1, 2022.

NOTE H – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The City maintains two single-employer, public employee retirement systems. Assets are held separately from other City funds and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of the respective plans. Each plan is accounted for as a pension trust fund in the City's financial statements, which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee contributions are due and a formal commitment has been made by the employer. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. The Firefighters' and Police

Officers' Pension Trust Funds issue annual financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports may be obtained from the City Finance Director.

Certain employees of the City also participate in the Florida Retirement System, a multipleemployer cost-sharing, public retirement system. Required disclosures for these three retirement systems follow.

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Firefighters' Pension Plan

Plan description

The City of Venice, Municipal Firefighters' Pension Plan (the Plan), a single employer defined benefit public employee retirement plan, is administered in accordance with the City Charter and Florida Statute 175. The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of:

- a) Two City Council appointees who are City residents,
- b) Two elected members of the City's fire department, and
- c) A fifth member elected by the other four and appointed by Council.

Eligible members of the Plan have full-time employment with the City as a firefighter. The Plan is closed to firefighters hired after September 30, 2014. Members active on September 30, 2014, were given the option of participating prospectively in the Florida Retirement System.

Following is a brief description of the changes in benefit terms and/or actuarial assumptions during the year ended September 30, 2021:

Benefit Changes:

None

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

For the year ending September 30, 2021, the following changes were made as a result of an experience study dated September 10, 2021:

- The investment rate of return was lowered from 6.75% to 6.50% per year, compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.
- The salary rates were decreased overall.
- The withdrawal rates were adjusted, resulting in generally more withdrawals for members with less than 13 years of service, followed by a 2% assumption for members between 13 and 19 years of service.

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2020 (latest valuation)

Inactive Plan members or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	43
Inactive Plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	15
Active Plan members	21
Total	79

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

Eligibility: Earlier of age 55 and 10 years of credited service, or 25 years of credited service, regardless of age.

Benefit Amount: 3.50% of average final compensation times years of credited service, plus \$175 per month for members eligible for normal retirement as of October 1, 2014. The benefit accrual rate is 2.75% for credited service on and after October 1, 2014 for members not eligible for normal retirement as of that date.

Form of Benefit: 10 years certain and life thereafter. Optional forms are available.

Early Retirement:

Eligibility: Earlier of age 50 and 10 years of credited service, or the completion of 20 years of credited service regardless of age for members with 10 or more years of credited service as of October 1, 2014. Early retirement is not available for members with less than 10 years of credited service as of that date.

Benefit: Deferred benefit payable at normal retirement date or reduced 2% per year and payable immediately.

Disability:

Eligibility: Total and permanent as determined by the Board. Members are covered from date of employment for service-incurred disabilities and after five years of service for non-service disabilities.

Benefit: Greater of 2% times average final compensation times credited service, or 50% of average final compensation. Benefits are payable as a 100% joint and survivor annuity to spouse or children. Optional forms are available.

Pre-Retirement Death:

Eligibility: Coverage in effect from date of employment for service-incurred death and after five years of service for non-service incurred death.

Benefit: 50% of average final compensation paid to spouse until death, if service incurred, or until death or remarriage, if non-service incurred.

Minimum Benefit for Vested Members: Accrued benefit, less any spouse or surviving children benefits payable.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment:

Normal and early service retirees who retire after October 1, 1998 receive a 3.0% increase each year after retirement through age 65. For members not eligible for normal retirement as of October 1, 2014, no cost-of-living adjustments are applicable to benefits based on credited service after that date.

Vesting (Termination):

Less than 10 years of contributing service: Refund of member contributions.

10 years or more: Accrued benefit payable at early retirement age or later if member contributions left in Plan; otherwise, refund of member contributions. Additionally, members are 100% vested for benefits accrued prior to October 1, 2014, regardless of accrued service as of that date.

Share Plan

Funded using half the excess state monies reserve as of September 30, 2018. Future allocations of state monies in excess of \$296,000.

Contributions

Employee: Required to contribute 7.00% of salary to the Plan.

State of Florida: 1.85% property insurance premium tax.

City of Venice: Remaining amount necessary for payment of normal (current year's) cost and amortization of the accrued past service liability, as provided in Part VII of Florida Statutes Chapter 112.

During the year ended September 30, 2021, contributions totaling \$2,711,264 were made in accordance with contribution requirements determined by an actuarial valuation of the Plan as of October 1, 2019. The City contributed \$2,400,000 (including excess contributions of \$216,870), members contributed \$122,301, and the State contributed \$188,963.

Net Pension Liability of the City (Firefighter's Plan)

The measurement date for the total/net pension liability is September 30, 2021, same as the reporting date. The measurement period for pension expense was October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021. The components of the City's net pension liability at September 30, 2021, related to the Firefighters' Plan, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 47,855,392
Plan fiduciary net position	(33,725,543)
City's net pension liability	\$ 14,129,849

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability

70.47%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020, updated to September 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Service based

Discount Rate 6.50% Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives:

- Female: PubS.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year.
- Male: PubS.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree Lives:

- Female: PubS.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.
- Male: PubS.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives:

- Female: PubG.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees.
- Male: PubG.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

• PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees.

All rates are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018.

The most recent actuarial experience study used to review the other significant assumptions was dated September 10, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. For 2021, the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.50%. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	45%	7.50%
International Equity	15%	8.50%
Broad Market Fixed Income	25%	2.50%
Global Fixed Income	5%	3.50%
Real Estate	10%	4.50%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%, versus 6.75% used in the prior year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Firefighters' Plan)

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$ 46,048,847	\$ 28,285,593	\$ 17,763,254	
Changes for the Year:				
Service cost	830,057	-	830,057	
Interest	3,068,569	-	3,068,569	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(414,457)	-	(414,457)	
Changes of assumptions	1,159,634	-	1,159,634	
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	
Contributions - employer	-	2,400,000	(2,400,000)	
Contributions - State	-	188,963	(188,963)	
Contributions - employee	-	122,301	(122,301)	
Net investment income	-	5,626,260	(5,626,260)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee				
contributions	(2,837,258)	(2,837,258)	-	
Administrative expense		(60,316)	60,316	
Net Changes	1,806,545	5,439,950	(3,633,405)	
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$ 47,855,392	\$ 33,725,543	\$ 14,129,849	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (5.50%) or one percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	(5.50%)	(6.50%)	(7.50%)		
City's net pension liability -					
Firefighters' Pension	\$ 19,315,930	\$ 14,129,849	\$ 9,799,383		

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Firefighters' Pension Plan

For the year ended September 30, 2021 the City recognized pension expense of \$2,637,711 for the Firefighters' Plan. At September 30, 2021, the City has deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan as follows:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 207,229
Changes of assumptions	579,817	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on Plan investments		2,510,215
Total	\$ 579,817	\$ 2,717,444

Net deferred outflows/inflows of resources shown above will be recognized in pension expense in the following years:

Year ended September 30:		
2022	\$	(178,923)
2023		(475,468)
2024		(738,582)
2025		(744,654)
Total	_\$_	(2,137,627)

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Police Officers' Pension Plan

Plan description

The City of Venice, Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan (the Plan), a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement plan, is administered in accordance with the City Charter and Florida Statute 185. The Plan is administered by a *Board of Trustees* comprised of:

- d) Two City Council appointees who are City residents,
- e) Two elected members of the City's police department, and
- f) A fifth member elected by the other four and appointed by Council.

Eligible members of the Plan have full-time employment with the City as a sworn police officer. The Plan is closed to police officers hired after September 30, 2014. Members active on September 30, 2014, were given the option of participating prospectively in the Florida Retirement System.

Following is a brief description of the changes in benefit terms and/or actuarial assumptions during the year ended September 30, 2021:

Benefit Changes:

• None

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

None

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2020 (latest valuation)

Inactive Plan members or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	57
Inactive Plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	30
Active Plan members	5
Total	92

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

Eligibility: Earlier of age 52 and 10 years of credited service, or 25 years of credited service.

Benefit Amount: 3.50% of average final compensation times credited service through September 30, 2014, plus 2.75% of average final compensation times credited service on and after October 1, 2014, plus \$175 per month supplement. Members eligible for normal retirement as of October 1, 2014 will continue to accrue benefits under Plan provisions in effect prior to Ordinance No. 2014-23.

Form of Benefit: 10 years certain and life annuity. Optional forms are available.

Early Retirement:

Eligibility: 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. There is no early retirement option for members with less than 10 years of credited service as of October 1, 2014.

Benefit: Accrued benefit, reduced 2% per year preceding normal retirement date.

Disability:

Eligibility: Total and permanent as determined by the Board.

Service Incurred: Covered from date of employment.

Non-Service Incurred: Covered after 5 years of credited service.

Benefit: 62.5% (service incurred), or 50% (non-service incurred) of salary (base hourly pay, plus shift differential plus incentive pay) at time of disability plus \$175 per month. Paid as a 100% joint and survivor annuity.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits:

Service Incurred: Covered from date of employment. 62.5% of earnings paid to spouse until death, or if no spouse, in equal shares to dependent children.

Non-Service Incurred: Eligible after 5 years of credited service. 50% of earnings paid to spouse until death or remarriage, or if no spouse, in equal shares to dependent children.

Vesting (Termination):

Members are 100% vested for benefits accrued prior to October 1, 2014.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan</u>

Eligibility: Satisfaction of normal retirement requirements.

Participation: Not to exceed 60 months.

Rate of return: At member's election: a) an effective annual rate of 6.50%, or b) actual net rate of investment return.

Form of Distribution: Cash lump sum at termination of employment. Optional forms are available.

Chapter 185 Share Account

Pursuant to Chapter 2015-39, Laws of Florida, a share plan exists but is currently not funded as the City and membership mutually consented to allow the City to use all annual state monies to offset its funding requirement.

Contributions

Employee: Required to contribute 7.00% of their salary to the Plan.

State of Florida: 0.85% casualty insurance premium tax.

City of Venice: Remaining amount required in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, over 30 years. In no event will City contributions be less than 12% of the total salary of the members.

During the year ended September 30, 2021, contributions totaling \$1,454,158 were made in accordance with contribution requirements determined by an actuarial valuation of the Plan as of October 1, 2019. The City contributed \$1,200,000 (including excess contributions of \$597,689), members contributed \$16,945, and the State contributed \$237,213.

Net Pension Liability of the City (Police Officers' Plan)

The measurement date for the total/net pension liability is September 30, 2021, same as the reporting date. The measurement period for pension expense was October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021. The components of the City's net pension liability at September 30, 2021, related to the Police Officers' Plan, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 45,253,381
Plan fiduciary net position	 (48,365,309)
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$ (3,111,928)

Plan fiduciary net position as a

percentage of total pension liability 106.88%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020 updated to September 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Service Based

Discount Rate 6.75% Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives:

- Female: PubS.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year.
- Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree Lives:

- Female: PubS.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.
- Male: PubS.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives:

- Female: PubG.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees.
- Male: PubG.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

• 80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees.

All rates are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018.

The most recent actuarial experience study used to review the other significant assumptions was dated December 9, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. For 2021, the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.5%. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term Expected
Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
50%	7.50%
15%	8.50%
25%	2.50%
10%	4.50%
100%	
	50% 15% 25% 10%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%, same as in the prior year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) (Police Officers' Plan)

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Liability	Net Position	Liability/(Asset) (a) - (b)	
	(a)	(b)		
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$ 44,945,355	\$ 41,462,661	\$ 3,482,694	
Changes for the Year:				
Service cost	82,943	-	82,943	
Interest	2,936,307	-	2,936,307	
Differences between expected and actual experience	343,681	-	343,681	
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-	
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	
Contributions - employer	-	1,200,000	(1,200,000)	
Contributions - State	-	237,213	(237,213)	
Contributions - employee	-	16,945	(16,945)	
Net investment income	-	8,580,789	(8,580,789)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee				
contributions	(3,054,905)	(3,054,905)	-	
Administrative expense		(77,394)	77,394	
Net Changes	308,026	6,902,648	(6,594,622)	
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$ 45,253,381	\$ 48,365,309	\$ (3,111,928)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (5.75%) or one percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Is			1% Increase	
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)	(7.75%)
City's net pension liability (asset) -		_			
Police Officers' Pension	\$	1,795,179	\$	(3,111,928)	\$ (7,209,881)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Police Officers' Pension Plan

For the year ended September 30, 2021 the City recognized pension expense of (\$1,569,343). At September 30, 2021, the City has deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan as follows:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on Plan investments	\$ -	\$ (6,181,448)
Total	\$ -	\$ (6,181,448)

Net deferred outflows/inflows of resources shown above will be recognized in pension expense in the following years:

Year ended September 30:	
2022	\$ (1,842,504)
2023	(1,401,852)
2024	(1,769,353)
2025	(1,167,739)
Total	\$ (6,181,448)

Effective October 1, 2014, the City elected to join the Florida Retirement System for new firefighters and police officers. Consequently, the City closed both the Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund and the Municipal Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund to new members effective October 1, 2014, and all firefighters and police officers hired on or after October 1, 2014, shall become members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in accordance with applicable state law and rules of the Florida Division of Retirement.

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) is a single retirement system with two cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plans, a defined contribution plan, and other non-integrated programs.

The FRS Pension Plan was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, effective December 1, 1970, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employers. The Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement administers the FRS Pension Plan. The State Board of Administration invests the assets held in trust. The FRS Pension Plan was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). It was amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002 (the Investment Plan).

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program was established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit plan to assist retired members and their beneficiaries in paying the costs of health insurance. The Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement administers the HIS Program.

An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website at http://www.dms.myflorida.com.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recorded pension contributions of \$3,312,241 (all three plans). Following are required disclosures for each of the three FRS Plans in which the City participates.

The FRS Pension Plan

Membership

All full-time City employees who do not participate in either the City's Firefighter's Pension Plan or Police Officer's Pension Plan, are eligible to participate in the FRS Pension Plan (the Plan).

The general classes of membership applicable to the City are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the Plan who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- *Elected Officers Class (EOC)* Elected City Council members.
- Special Risk Class Members who are employed as law enforcement, fire/rescue, EMS and others who meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Members enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service. Members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service.

Members are eligible for normal retirement when they have met the requirements listed below.

- Regular Class, Senior Management Services Class, and Elected Officers' Class members For members initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, six or more years of creditable service and age 62, or the age after completing six years of creditable service if after age 62, or thirty years of creditable service regardless of age.
 - For members initially enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, eight or more years of creditable service and age 65, or the age after completing eight years of creditable service if after age 65, or thirty-three years of creditable service regardless of age.
- Special Risk Class For members enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, six or more years of special risk class service and age 55, or the age after completing six years of special risk class service if after age 55, or twenty-five years of special risk class service regardless of age, or a total of 25 years of service including special risk class service and up to four years of active duty wartime service and age 52.

For members initially enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, eight or more years of special risk class service and age 60, *or* the age after completing eight years of special risk class service if after age 60, *or* thirty years of special risk class service regardless of age.

Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting within 20 years of normal retirement age; however, there is a 5 percent benefit reduction for each year prior to the normal retirement age.

The DROP is available under the FRS Pension Plan when the member first reaches eligibility for normal retirement, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes. The DROP allows the member to retire while continuing employment for up to 60 months. While in the DROP, the member's retirement benefits accumulate in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. Upon termination, the DROP account is paid out as a lump sum payment, a rollover, or a combination of a lump sum payment and rollover.

Benefits Provided

The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the benefit terms of the Plan. Benefits are computed based on age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for years of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The following chart gives the percentage value for each year of credited service earned:

	% Value
	(per year of service)
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60%
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63%
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65%
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68%
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60%
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63%
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65%
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68%
Elected Officers Class	3.00%
Senior Management Service Class	2.00%
Special Risk Class	
Service from December 1, 1970 through September 30, 1974	2.00%
Service on and after October 1, 1974	3.00%

The benefits received by retirees and beneficiaries are increased by cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) each July. The COLA for retirements or DROP participation effective before August 1, 2011, is 3 percent per year. The COLA formula for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP begin date on or after August 1, 2011, is the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit divided by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 will not have a COLA after retirement.

Certain members are eligible for in-line-of duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements of the Plan. Effective July 1, 2011, both employees and employers of the Plan are required to contribute to establish service credit for work performed in a regularly established position. Effective July 1, 2002, the Florida Legislature established a uniform contribution rate system for the FRS, covering both the Pension Plan and the Investment Plan. The uniform rates for the City's fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

	Year Ended June 30, 2020		Year Ended June 30, 2021	
_	Percent of	Gross Salary	Percent of Gross Salary	
Class	Employee	Employer (1)	Employee	Employer (1)
Regular Class	3.00	6.75	3.00	8.28
Elected Officers Class	3.00	47.10	3.00	47.46
Senior Management Service Class	3.00	23.69	3.00	25.57
Special Risk Class	3.00	23.76	3.00	22.73
DROP - Applicable to Members				
from All of the Above Classes	0.00	12.94	0.00	15.32
Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Investment Plan Members	0.00	3.56	0.00	3.44

Notes:

- (1) These rates include the normal cost and unfunded actuarial liability contributions, but do not include contributions to the HIS Plan, or the fee of 0.06% for administration of the Investment Plan.
- (2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which the member is re-employed.

The City's contributions to the FRS Pension Plan totaled \$2,593,443 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Employee contributions totaled \$494,123 for the same period, for a total contribution amount of \$3,087,566.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the FRS Pension Plan

At September 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$4,904,780 for its proportionate share of the FRS Pension Plan's net pension liability (the net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits). The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2021 contributions relative to the 2021 contributions of all participating members (based on the June 30 Plan year). At June 30, 2021, the City's proportionate share was .0649% which was an increase of .0056 percentage points from its proportionate share of .0593% measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$809,580 related to the Plan. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan from the following sources:

Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of **Description** Resources Resources Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date \$ 645,546 Changes in assumptions 3,356,094 Differences between actual and expected experience 840,687 Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings (17,111,544)Changes in proportion differences 1,990,529 Total \$ (17,111,544) 6,832,856

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Plan totaling \$645,546 as shown above, result from City contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources shown above will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:	
2022	\$ (1,727,444)
2023	(2,204,391)
2024	(3,108,589)
2025	(4,128,557)
2026	244,747
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (10,924,234)

Actuarial Assumptions

The FRS Pension Plan has an actuarial valuation performed annually. The total pension liability was determined by the Plan's actuary using the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method, and was reported in the Plan's GASB 67 valuation as of June 30, 2021. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability was determined on the same basis used by the Plan. Update procedures were not used. Actuarial assumptions in the June 30, 2021 valuation included the following:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	3.25% average, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.80% net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. The actuarial assumptions were based on an experience study completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 6.80% consists of two building block components: 1) am inferred real (in excess of inflation) return of 4.30%, which is consistent with the 4.17% real return from the capital market outlook model developed by the FRS consulting actuary, and 2) a long-term average inflation assumption of 2.40% as adopted in October 2021 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference.

The table below contains a summary of the actuary's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the Plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.1%	2.1%	1.1%
Fixed income	20.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.3%
Global equity	54.2%	8.2%	6.7%	17.8%
Real Estate	10.3%	7.1%	6.2%	13.8%
Private equity	10.8%	11.7%	8.5%	26.4%
Strategic investments	3.7%	5.7%	5.4%	8.4%
Total	100%			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.2%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80%. The prior year discount rate was also 6.80%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees if future experience follows assumptions and the actuarially determined contributions are contributed each year. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.80%) or one percentage point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(5.80%)	(6.80%)	(7.80%)
City's proportionate share			
of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 21,934,504	\$ 4,904,780	\$ (9,330,160)

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program

Membership

The HIS subsidy is provided to most retired employees and beneficiaries entitled to receive benefits under a retirement system administered by the State of Florida. The retiree must apply for and provide certification of health insurance coverage to be eligible for the subsidy.

Benefits Provided

The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the benefit terms of the HIS Program (the Program). The benefits are described in Section 112.363 of the Florida Statutes. In general, an eligible retiree is entitled to a benefit of \$5 per month per year of service, with a minimum benefit of \$30 per month and a maximum benefit of \$150 per month. HIS benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, the legislation may reduce or cancel HIS payments.

Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements of the Program. The Program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set annually by the Florida Legislature. Presently, HIS can be viewed as effectively using a "pay-as-you-go" funding structure. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation. For the Program's fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll as defined in Section 112.63, Florida Statutes. There are no employee contributions required.

The City's contributions to the HIS Program totaled \$336,626 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the HIS Program

At September 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$6,878,371 for its proportionate share of the HIS Program net pension liability. The HIS actuarial valuation was prepared as of June 30, 2020, and updated to June 30, 2021. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's 2021 contributions relative to the 2021 contributions of all participating members (based on the June 30 Program year). At June 30, 2021, the City's proportionate share was .0561%, which was an increase .0044 percentage points from its proportionate share of .0517% measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 the City recognized pension expense of \$849,581 related to the Program. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
Description	Resources		Resources	
Employer contributions subsequent				
to measurement date	\$	78,600	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		540,486		(283,406)
Differences between actual and				
expected experience		230,168		(2,881)
Net difference between projected				
and actual investment earnings		7,171		-
Changes in proportion differences		875,659		_
Total	\$	1,732,084	\$	(286,287)

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Program totaling \$78,600 as shown above, result from City contributions to the Program subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources shown above will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:		
2022	\$	391,931
2023		235,020
2024		243,683
2025		245,709
2026		197,119
Thereafter		53,735
Total	_\$	1,367,197

Actuarial Assumptions

The HIS Program has an actuarial valuation performed biennially. The HIS actuarial valuation was prepared as of July 1, 2020, using the individual entry age actuarial cost method, and updated to June 30, 2021. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability was determined on the same basis used by the Program. Actuarial assumptions in the July 1, 2021 update included the following:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	Varies by service
Municipal Bond Rate	2.16% net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018 tables. Because the HIS Program is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for the Program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.16%. The prior year discount rate was 2.21%. Because the HIS Program is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate was used to determine the total pension liability for the Program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted for this purpose (June 2021).

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.16%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(1.16%)	(2.16%)	(3.16%)
City's proportionate share			
of the HIS net pension liability	\$ 7,952,063	\$ 6,878,371	\$ 5,998,720

The FRS Investment Plan

The FRS Investment Plan is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA), and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Membership

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan) in lieu of the FRS Pension Plan. City employees already participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan.

Benefits

Retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Employee and employer contributions are directed to individual accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. The ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of invested funds.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an

accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the members may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements of the Investment Plan. Participating employers pay identical membership class rates (e.g., regular class, special risk class, etc.) on behalf of an Investment Plan participant that they would otherwise pay for a participant in the FRS Pension Plan (see FRS Pension Plan contributions above). However, portions of these contributions are transferred to the FRS Pension Plan (to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability), and for other purposes. The amounts deposited to member accounts are set forth in Section 121.71, Florida Statutes, and were as follows:

		June 30, 2020 Gross Salary	Year Ended June 30, 2021 Percent of Gross Salary			
Class	Employee Employer		Employee	Employer		
Regular Class	3.00	3.30	3.00	3.30		
Elected Officers Class	3.00	8.34	3.00	8.34		
Senior Management Service Class	3.00	4.67	3.00	4.67		
Special Risk Class	3.00	11.00	3.00	11.00		

Contributions to member accounts for the year ended September 30, 2021 were \$382,172 (employer) and \$92,489 (employee).

Other

Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the City.

NOTE I - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "OPEB Plan") available to retirees and their spouse/dependents. To be eligible for participation in the OPEB Plan, the employee must:

- 1) Retire under the Florida Retirement System, the City of Venice, Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan or the Municipal Firefighters' Pension Plan, and
- 2) Attain the minimum service requirements under the OPEB Plan, and
- 3) Elect to continue medical coverage by paying the applicable monthly premium.

The City does not issue a stand-alone financial report on the OPEB Plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms as of October 1, 2020, the latest actuarial valuation date:

Retirees and beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	129
Active employees	309
Total	438

Benefits Provided

Participants in the City's OPEB Plan become participants in the City's group health self-insurance program, and receive the healthcare benefits of that program for themselves and their dependents. (Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the City is required to offer participation in such a program at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available to active City employees i.e., the average blended cost. In other words, the premium payments to the group health self-insurance program cannot be *age-adjusted*, and there is therefore an *implicit subsidy* of retirees by the City and its active employees). As an alternative, the City also offers retirees or their spouse/dependents the option to purchase a reduced level of coverage under a Medicare supplement plan.

Contributions

Contributions to the OPEB Plan are shared by the retiree and the City. OPEB Plan participants who retire on or after January 1, 2016, must reimburse the City for the City's average blended cost (the City provides the implicit subsidy). OPEB Plan participants who retired prior to January 1, 2016, may continue coverage under the OPEB Plan at 50% of the average blended cost (the City pays the other 50%, plus the implicit subsidy). The monthly average blended costs of the various options for calendar year 2021 were \$784 for individual coverage, \$1,568 for individual plus one, \$2,431 for family coverage, and \$271 for the Medicare supplement plan.

Total OPEB Liability of the City

The measurement date for the City's total/net OPEB liability is September 30, 2021, same as the reporting date. The measurement period for OPEB cost was October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021. The components of the City's net OPEB liability at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 10,169,448
OPEB Plan fiduciary net position	
City's net OPEB liability	\$ 10,169,448
OPEB Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of total OPEB liability	0.00%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability at September 30, 2021 was based on an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method, and the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per annum

Discount Rate* 2.26% Bond Buyer's 20-Bond GO Index (September 2021)

Healthcare cost trend rates 4.50% per annum (including inflation of 2.5%)

Mortality rates for police officers and firefighters were based on the Group Annuity 1983 Mortality Table. Mortality rates for other employees were based on the 2020 PPA Mortality Table (RP-2014 mortality, base year 2006, adjusted to 2020 with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018).

An experience study was not done, as it was not considered necessary to support the actuarial results.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2021 was 2.26%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2020 was 2.21%. Because the City's OPEB costs are essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate was used to determine the total pension liability for the Program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted for this purpose (September 2021).

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^{*} Adjusted annually

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Т	Total OPEB
		Liability
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$	11,052,220
Changes for the Year:		
Service cost		(8,792)
Interest		244,060
Differences between expected and actual experience		(380,631)
Benefit payments		(684,676)
Implicit rate subsidy		(52,733)
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	10,169,448

Sensitivity of the total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.26%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (1.26%) or one percentage-point higher (3.26%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(1.26%)	(2.26%)	(3.26%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 11,289,855	\$ 10,169,448	\$ 9,220,282

Sensitivity of the total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage-point lower (3.50%) or one percentage-point higher (5.50%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(3.50%)	(4.50%)	(5.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 9,182,587	\$ 10,169,448	\$ 11,308,550

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OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized negative OPEB expense of \$374,040. At September 30, 2021, the City has deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 837,987	\$ (467,854)	
Total	\$ 837,987	\$ (467,854)	

Deferred inflows of resources shown above will be recognized in OPEB expense in the following years:

Total	\$ 370,133
2025	 (34,603)
2024	(40,328)
2023	179,103
2022	\$ 265,961
Year Ended September 30:	

NOTE J – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Plan amendments have been made so that the plan is in compliance with IRC Section 457, as amended by the 1996 changes to the tax code. The assets are held in various custodial accounts. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are solely the property and rights of the various participants of the plan.

NOTE K – SELF-INSURANCE INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The City maintains a self-insurance program with regard to medical benefits for employees, with optional coverage for retirees and dependents. The City, retirees, and employees share the cost of the program. The employee's contribution is a three-tier rate structure based on the employee's base salary and whether dependents are included. Employees who retire on or after January 1, 2016, can elect to continue coverage in retirement, but must reimburse the City monthly for the full average blended cost. Employees who retired prior to January 1, 2016, and continue coverage under the program, are only required to reimburse the City for 50% of the average blended cost. Commercial insurance generally covers individual claims in excess of \$85,000 annually.

The City also maintains a self-insurance program with regard to workers' compensation risks. The City carries commercial coverage for property losses, general liability, and other risks.

These programs are accounted for in internal service funds. Revenues of the internal service funds consist of inter-departmental billings, and contributions from employees and retirees, where applicable. Expenses of the fund include claims payments, insurance, and administrative costs.

The medical benefits and workers' compensation programs are reviewed annually by actuaries to determine both the liability for accrued claims at year-end, and the basis for premiums for the upcoming year. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the current fiscal year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the two prior years.

The activity in the accrued claims liability in the City's two self-insurance funds is shown in the following table:

	Employees'	Workers'
	Group Health &	Compensation
	Life Insurance	Self-Insurance
	Program	Program
Liability balance, September 30, 2019	\$ 263,232	\$ 572,000
Claims and changes in estimate	4,247,886	623,519
Claims payments	(4,269,317)	(421,519)
Liability balance, September 30, 2020	241,801	774,000
Claims and changes in estimate	5,626,510	516,754
Claims payments	(5,587,154)	(436,754)
Liability balance, September 30, 2021	\$ 281,157	\$ 854,000

NOTE L – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the government's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The following supplementary schedules present information to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

The schedules represent trend information on the following retirement and/or postemployment benefit plans covering former City employees and their beneficiaries:

- Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund
- Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund
- Florida Retirement System
- Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
		2021 2020 2019				2018		2017		
Total Pension Liability		_						_		_
Service Cost	\$	830,057	\$	804,177	\$	763,821	\$	756,801	\$	756,425
Interest		3,068,569		2,957,569		2,897,034		2,798,028		2,719,112
Change in excess State money		-		-		(8,861)		-		-
Share plan allocation		-		-		4,431		-		-
Changes of benefit terms (1)		-		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(414,457)		28,410		(382,046)		131,239		(232,436)
Changes of assumptions (2)		1,159,634		2,060,398		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(2,837,258)		(2,497,024)		(2,420,604)		(2,136,820)		(2,095,414)
Net change in total pension liability		1,806,545		3,353,530		853,775		1,549,248		1,147,687
Total pension liability, beginning		46,048,847		42,695,317		41,841,542		40,292,294		39,144,607
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	47,855,392	\$	46,048,847	\$	42,695,317	\$	41,841,542	\$	40,292,294
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - City	\$	2,400,000	\$	2,406,800	\$	2,372,720	\$	2,530,184	\$	2,350,314
Contributions - State		188,963		180,552		173,349		180,163		193,290
Contributions - employee		122,301		122,740		125,174		120,956		118,053
Net investment income		5,626,260		1,817,126		485,854		2,011,838		2,241,924
Benefit payments, including refunds		(2,837,258)		(2,497,024)		(2,420,604)		(2,136,820)		(2,095,414)
Administrative expense		(60,316)		(61,444)		(57,886)		(59,501)		(61,907)
Accrual adjustments				-		-		(79,147)		79,147
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position		5,439,950		1,968,750		678,607		2,567,673		2,825,407
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		28,285,593		26,316,843		25,638,236		23,070,563		20,245,156
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	33,725,543	\$	28,285,593	\$	26,316,843	\$	25,638,236	\$	23,070,563
Net pension liability (actuary), ending (a) - (b)	\$	14,129,849	\$	17,763,254	\$	16,378,474	\$	16,203,306	\$	17,221,731
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.47%		61.43%		61.64%		61.27%		57.26%
·										
Covered payroll	\$	1,747,719	\$	1,752,857	\$	1,788,140	\$	1,727,707	\$	1,686,471
Net pension liability (actuary) as a percentage of covered payroll		808.47%		1013.39%		915.95%		937.85%		1021.17%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) Changes of benefit terms:

- For year ending September 30, 2015, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms were resulted from Ordinance 2014-22, adopted and effective August 26, 2014, which amended certain Plan provisions for current Firefighters, in addition to the closure of the Plan to Firefighters hired after September 30, 2014. Details of the impact of these changes are set forth in the Actuary's August 18, 2014 Actuarial Impact Statement. Furthermore as outlined in the Actuary December 7, 2015 Actuarial Impact Statement the below changes were included as well:
 - 100% vesting for benefits accrued prior to October 1, 2014.
 - A salary definition using base pay, effective October 1, 2014 for members not eligible for normal retirement as of that date. This definition is applicable only for service after October 1, 2014. Notwithstanding the foregoing, effective October 1, 2014, sick or vacation time which is accrued, but for which a member has not been paid prior to October 1, 2014, shall not be considered in determining the value of any future retirement benefit, including the calculation of any frozen benefit.

(2) Changes of assumptions:

- For year ending September 30, 2021, the following changes were made as a result of an experience study dated September 10, 2021:
 - 1. The investment return assumption was reduced from 6.75% to 6.50%, net of investment related expenses.
 - 2. The salary rates were decreased overall.
 - 3. The withdrawal rates were adjusted, resulting in generally more withdrawals for members with less than 13 years of service, followed by a 2% asssumption for members between 13 and 19 years of service.
- For year ending September 30, 2020, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the rates used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees. Also, the investment rate of return was lowered from 7.00% to 6.75% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.
- For year ending September 30, 2016, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees. Also, the inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.
- For year ending September, 30 2015, amounts reported as changes of assumptions were resulted from a reduction in the investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.00%. Plus a change in funding method from percent of payroll to dollar funding. In addition, the load assumption for the projected salary at retirement to account for lump sum accrued sick and vacation leave payouts was modified from a fixed 0% per individual to an amount equal to their individual accrual, as provided by the City.

Other items:

This information is required for ten years. However, only nine years of information is available.

Fige	l Vea
F1SCa	i rea

			1 1500	1 1 00	41		
	2016		2015		2014		2013
\$	702,057	\$	1,139,410	\$	672,304	\$	623,948
	2,661,396		2,653,780		2,581,984		2,487,337
	(155,521)		-		8,861		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		(797,774)		-		-
	(1,795,453)		(473,564)		-		-
	1,320,858		2,961,891		-		-
	(2,141,983)		(1,991,123)		(2,003,310)		(1,873,445)
	591,354		3,492,620		1,259,839		1,237,840
	38,553,253		35,060,633		33,800,794		32,562,954
\$	39,144,607	\$	38,553,253	\$	35,060,633	\$	33,800,794
\$	3,047,697	\$	756,197	\$	1,674,244	\$	1,451,786
Ψ	246,276	Ψ	272,353	Ψ	304,802	Ψ	270,222
	114,049		116,523		269,968		269,835
	1,321,617		9,360		1,727,970		1,723,100
	(2,141,983)		(1,991,123)		(2,003,310)		(1,873,445)
	(66,382)		(67,814)		(42,307)		(42,357)
	17,224		5,671		7,631		(3,181)
	2,538,498		(898,833)		1,938,998		1,795,960
	17,706,658		18,605,491		16,666,493		14,870,533
\$	20,245,156	\$	17,706,658	\$	18,605,491	\$	16,666,493
Φ.							
\$	18,899,451	\$	20,846,595	\$	16,455,142	\$	17,134,301
	51.72%		45.93%		53.07%		49.31%
\$	1,629,271	\$	1,710,697	\$	2,768,905	\$	2,767,537
	, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,
	1159.99%		1218.60%		594.28%		619.12%
	1100.000		1210.0070		27 2070		017.12/0

Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Schedule of Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Contributions			
		in Relation to			
Fiscal Year	Actuarially	the Actuarially	Contribution	Plan	Contributions as
Ending	Determined	Determined	Deficiency	Covered	a Percentage of
Sept 30	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2021	\$2,372,093	\$2,588,963	\$ (216,870)	\$1,747,719	148.13%
2020	2,439,152	2,587,352	(148,200)	1,752,857	147.61%
2019	2,546,069	2,546,069	-	1,788,140	142.39%
2018	2,619,397	2,710,347	(90,950)	1,727,707	156.88%
2017	2,596,590	2,543,604	52,986	1,686,471	150.82%
2016	3,022,244	3,293,973	(271,729)	1,629,271	202.17%
2015	1,184,071	1,184,071	-	1,710,697	69.22%
2014	1,960,108	1,960,108	_	2,768,905	70.79%
2013	1,692,902	1,692,902	-	2,767,537	61.17%

Cantuilantiana

Valuation date: October 1, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods & assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Mortality: *Healthy Lives (Active):*

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy White Collar, Scale BB. Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Combined Healthy White

Collar, 90% Combined Healthy Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Interest rate: 7.0% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses
Retirement age: Earlier of age 55 and 10 years of service or 25 years of service regardless

of age. Also, any member who reaches normal retirement is assumed to

continue employment for one additional year.

Early retirement: Commencing with eligibility for early retirement age (earlier of age 50

with 10 years of service or 20 years of service regardless of age), members are assumed to retire with an immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 15% per year. There is no early retirement assumption for members with

less than 10 years of credited service as of October 1, 2014.

Payroll growth: 0.00% for purposes of amortizing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Cost-of-living adjustment: 3% per year from retirement to age 65. Benefits on credited service after

September 30, 2014 are not subject to the COLA.

Asset valuation method: Each year, the prior actuarial value of assets is brought forward utilizing

the historical geometric four-year average market value return (net of

Funding method: Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method.

Salary increases: Years of Service % Increase in Salary

1 cars of service	70 merease in Salary
Less than 10	10.00%
10-15	6.50%
15-20	5.50%
20 and greater	5.00%

Additionally, projected salary at retirement is increased based on individual accruals in order to account for lump sum accrued sick and vacation leave payouts.

Amortization method: New UAAL bases are amortized over 20 years.

Other items: This information is required for ten years; only nine years is available.

City of Venice, Florida Required Supplementary Information

Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Schedule of Investment Returns

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	
Ending	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return
Sept 30	Net of Investment Expense
2021	19.86%
2020	6.92%
2019	1.90%
2018	8.68%
2017	11.00%
2016	7.29%
2015	0.05%
2014	10.38%
2013	11.54%

Notes to Schedule:

This information is required for ten years. However, only nine years of information is available.

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total Pension Liability		_		_		_		_
Service Cost	\$	82,943	\$	100,479	\$	98,766	\$	160,319
Interest		2,936,307		2,940,637		2,981,724		2,974,942
Changes of benefit terms (1)		-		-		-		2,467,573
Difference between expected and actual experience		343,681		114,455		(134,263)		495,274
Changes of assumptions (2)		-		1,639,570		-		-
Contributions - buy back		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(3,054,905)		(3,516,816)		(3,552,978)		(3,391,201)
Net change in total pension liability		308,026		1,278,325		(606,751)		2,706,907
Total pension liability, beginning		44,945,355		43,667,030		44,273,781		41,566,874
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	45,253,381	\$	44,945,355	\$	43,667,030	\$	44,273,781
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - City	\$	1,200,000	\$	1,282,012	\$	1,498,868	\$	1,316,647
Contributions - State		237,213		246,447		220,392		231,096
Contributions - employee		16,945		28,721		26,716		28,738
Contributions - buy back		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		8,580,789		5,590,310		824,171		4,669,948
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,054,905)		(3,516,816)		(3,552,978)		(3,391,201)
Administrative expense		(77,394)		(73,908)		(77,401)		(69,712)
Accrual adjustments		_		-		-		-
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position		6,902,648		3,556,766		(1,060,232)		2,785,516
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		41,462,661		37,905,895		38,966,127		36,180,611
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	48,365,309	\$	41,462,661	\$	37,905,895	\$	38,966,127
Net pension (asset) liability, ending (a) - (b)	\$	(3,111,928)	\$	3,482,694	\$	5,761,135	\$	5,307,654
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		106.88%		92.25%		86.81%		88.01%
Covered payroll	\$	242,227	\$	410,149	\$	381,654	\$	410,497
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-1284.72%		849.13%		1509.52%		1292.98%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) Changes of benefit terms:
 - For year ending September 30, 2018, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms were resulted from the following: at least one year as of October 1, 2017, shall be increased by one percent for each full year of retirement up to a maximum increase of ten percent.
 - For year ending September 30, 2015, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms were resulted from Ordinance 2015-17, adopted and effective June 23, 2015, which amended the definition of Salary, in addition to providing 100% vesting in benefits accrued prior to October 1, 2014.
 - For year ending September 30, 2014, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms were resulted from the March 6, 2015 Actuarial Impact Statement.

(2) Changes of assumptions:

- For year ending September 30, 2020, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the rates used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees. Also, the investment rate of return was lowered from 7.00% to 6.75% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.
- For year ending September 30, 2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions were resulted from the new mortality assumption under Chapter 2015-157, Florida Statutes. Also, the inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.
- For year ending September 30, 2015, amounts reported as changes of assumptions were resulted from: (a) the net-of-fees investment return assumption was lowered from 7.9% to 7.0%, and (b) the final salary load assumption was increased from 0% to the below table, based on census data provided by the City:

<u>Service as of 10/1/12</u>	<u>Final Salary Load</u>
- 10 or more years	20%
- More than 1, less than 10 years	10%
- Less than 1 year	0%

Other items:

This information is required for ten years. However, only eight years of information is available.

	Fis	cal Year		
2017	2016		2015	2014
\$ 196,691	\$	203,840	\$ 597,047	\$ 560,060
2,766,512		2,751,065	2,850,130	2,760,145
-		-	174,206	(1,837,786)
486,909		(1,512,423)	(638,090)	-
-		1,343,437	3,277,827	-
-		-	-	17,465
 (2,416,303)		(2,699,899)	(2,240,847)	(2,578,773)
1,033,809		86,020	4,020,273	(1,078,889)
40,533,065		40,447,045	36,426,772	37,505,661
\$ 41,566,874	\$	40,533,065	\$ 40,447,045	\$ 36,426,772
		_		
\$ 1,337,865	\$	2,108,231	\$ 1,753,275	\$ 1,651,993
214,704		207,731	189,276	178,617
35,922		38,297	40,508	205,801
-		_	-	17,465
4,303,140		3,176,622	(1,481,414)	3,307,423
(2,416,303)		(2,699,899)	(2,240,847)	(2,578,773)
(60,469)		(85,428)	(73,554)	(62,991)
(22,081)		22,081	-	-
3,392,778		2,767,635	(1,812,756)	2,719,535
32,787,833		30,020,198	31,832,954	29,113,419
\$ 36,180,611	\$	32,787,833	\$ 30,020,198	\$ 31,832,954
\$ 5,386,263	\$	7,745,232	\$ 10,426,847	\$ 4,593,818
87.04%		80.89%	74.22%	87.39%
\$ 513,171	\$	547,100	\$ 761,681	\$ 2,838,631
1049.60%		1415.69%	1368.93%	161.83%

Municipal Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund Schedule of Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Contributions			
		in Relation to			
Fiscal Year	Actuarially	the Actuarially	Contribution	Plan	Contributions as
Ending	Determined	Determined	Deficiency	Covered	a Percentage of
Sept 30	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2021	\$ 839,524	\$ 1,437,213	\$ (597,689)	\$ 242,227	593.33%
2020	1,486,570	1,528,459	(41,889)	410,149	372.66%
2019	1,713,572	1,719,260	(5,688)	381,654	450.48%
2018	1,524,378	1,547,743	(23,365)	410,497	377.04%
2017	1,527,141	1,552,569	(25,428)	513,171	302.54%
2016	2,268,143	2,315,962	(47,819)	547,100	423.32%
2015	1,942,551	1,942,551	-	761,681	255.03%
2014	1,818,711	1,830,610	(11,899)	2,838,631	64.49%

Contributions

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: October 1, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are generally calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods & assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Mortality: *Healthy Lives (Active):*

> Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy White Collar, Scale BB. Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Combined Healthy White Collar,

90% Combined Healthy Blue Collar, Scale BB.

7.0% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses Interest rate:

Retirement age: Earlier of age 52 and 10 years of service or 25 years of service regardless of

age. Also, any member who has reached normal retirement age is assumed to retire at a rate of 25% for the first three years upon attaining first eligibility,

and a rate of 100% thereafter.

Commencing at the member's eligibility for early retirement (20 years of Early retirement:

credited service), members are assumed to retire with an immediate,

subsidized benefit at the rate of 10% per year.

Inflation growth: 2.50% per year.

Payroll growth: 0.00% for purposes of amortizing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Asset smoothing methodology:

The actuarial value of assets is brought forward using the historical four-year

geometric average of market value returns (net of fees).

Funding method: Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method.

10.0% for members with less than 10 years of service, and 5.5% with 10 or Salary increases:

more years of service.

Additionally, projected salary at retirement is increased individually for each Officer for a lump sum payment in the year of termination, based on census

data provided by the City.

Amortization method: The total UAAL as of October 1, 2019 ia amortized over a 12-year period.

UAAL amortization bases established on and after October 1, 2020 will be

amortized over 15 years.

Other items: This information is required for ten years; only eight years is available. City of Venice, Florida Required Supplementary Information

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund Schedule of Investment Returns

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	
Ending	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return
Sept 30	Net of Investment Expense
2021	21.11%
2020	15.26%
2019	2.18%
2018	13.13%
2017	13.34%
2016	10.80%
2015	-4.79%
2014	11.57%

Notes to Schedule:

This information is required for ten years. However, only eight years of information is available.

Florida Retirement System

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System (FRS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

					City's	
					Proportionate	FRS Plan
		City's	City's		Share of the	Fiduciary Net
City's	Plan Sponsor	Proportion	Proportionate		FRS Net Pension	Position as a
Fiscal Year	Measurement	of the FRS Net	Share of the FRS	City's	Liability as a	Percentage of
Ending	Date	Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Percentage of	Total Pension
Sept 30	June 30	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Covered Payoll	Liability
2021	2021	0.0649%	\$ 4,904,780	\$ 19,855,783	24.70%	96.40%
2020	2020	0.0593%	25,693,325	17,955,663	143.09%	78.85%
2019	2019	0.0578%	19,897,342	16,629,277	119.65%	82.61%
2018	2018	0.0573%	17,274,013	15,850,602	108.98%	84.26%
2017	2017	0.0559%	16,522,306	14,895,723	110.92%	83.89%
2016	2016	0.0540%	13,628,488	13,649,458	99.85%	84.88%
2015	2015	0.0458%	5,918,323	12,287,619	48.16%	92.00%
2014	2014	0.0248%	1,511,824	8,595,833	17.59%	96.09%

Notes:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, including restatement as of September 30, 2014. Information for prior years is not available.

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program Defined Benefit Pension Plan

						City's	
						Proportionate	HIS Plan
		City's		City's		Share of the	Fiduciary Net
City's	Plan Sponsor	Proportion	Pr	oportionate		HIS Net Pension	Position as a
Fiscal Year	Measurement	of the HIS Net	Sha	re of the HIS	City's	Liability as a	Percentage of
Ending	Date	Pension	N	let Pension	Covered	Percentage of	Total Pension
Sept 30	June 30	Liability		Liability	Payroll	Covered Payoll	Liability
2021	2021	0.0561%	\$	6,878,371	\$ 19,855,783	34.64%	3.56%
2020	2020	0.0517%		6,315,486	17,955,663	35.17%	3.00%
2019	2019	0.0497%		5,562,284	16,629,277	33.45%	2.63%
2018	2018	0.0485%		5,135,315	15,850,602	32.40%	2.15%
2017	2017	0.0467%		4,995,784	14,895,723	33.54%	1.64%
2016	2016	0.0442%		5,151,966	13,649,458	37.74%	0.97%
2015	2015	0.0405%		4,130,575	12,287,619	33.62%	0.50%
2014	2014	0.0301%		2,815,452	8,595,833	32.75%	0.99%

Notes:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, including restatement as of September 30, 2014. Information for prior years is not available.

Florida Retirement System

Schedule of City Contributions Florida Retirement System (FRS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

			FRS	Contributions					
	City's	FRS	FRS in Relation to the		FRS				FRS
	Fiscal Year	Contractually	Co	ontractually	Con	tribution		City's	Contributions as
	Ending	Required		Required	Deficiency		Covered		a Percentage of
	Sept 30	Contribution	Contribution		(Excess)		Payroll		Covered Payroll
,	2021	\$ 2,593,443	\$	2,593,443	\$	-	\$	20,278,675	12.79%
	2020	2,085,606		2,085,606		-		18,351,928	11.36%
	2019	1,813,253		1,813,253		-		16,856,566	10.76%
	2018	1,666,399		1,666,399		-		15,801,867	10.55%
	2017	1,454,335		1,454,335		-		14,943,976	9.73%
	2016	1,337,626		1,337,626		-		13,732,651	9.74%
	2015	1,305,351		1,305,351		-		13,398,243	9.74%
	2014	610,675		610,675		-		9,424,325	6.48%

Notes:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, including restatement as of September 30, 2014. Information for prior years is not available.

Schedule of City Contributions Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program Defined Benefit Pension Plan

		HIS Contributions			
City's	HIS	in Relation to the	HIS		HIS
Fiscal Year	Contractually	Contractually	Contribution	City's	Contributions as
Ending	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	a Percentage of
Sept 30	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2021	\$ 336,626	\$ 336,626	\$ -	\$ 20,278,675	1.66%
2020	304,642	304,642	-	18,351,928	1.66%
2019	279,819	279,819	-	16,856,566	1.66%
2018	262,311	262,311	-	15,801,867	1.66%
2017	248,070	248,070	-	14,943,976	1.66%
2016	227,962	227,962	-	13,732,651	1.66%
2015	183,241	183,241	-	13,398,243	1.37%

Notes:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, including restatement as of September 30, 2014. Information for prior years is not available.

City of Venice, Florida Notes to Required Supplementary Information -Schedules of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedules of City Contributions

Florida Retirement System

NOTE 1 - CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS

FRS Pension Plan:

2021,2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 and 2015: No significant changes.

HIS Program:

2021,2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016 and 2015:

No significant changes.

NOTE 2 - CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS

FRS Pension Plan:

- 2021: Decreasing the maximum amortization period to 20 years for all current and future amortization bases.
- 2020: The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 6.90% to 6.80%
- 2019: The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.00% to 6.90%, and the mortality assumption was changed from the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables to the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.
- 2018: The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.10% to 7.00%
- 2017: The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.60% to 7.10%
- 2016: The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.65% to 7.60%
- 2015: No significant changes. The inflation assumption remained at 2.60%, the real payroll growth assumption remained at 0.65%, and the overall payroll growth rate assumption remained at 3.25%. The long-term expected rate of return remained at 7.65%.

HIS Program:

- 2021: The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 2.21% to 2.16%,
- 2020: The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 3.50% to 2.21%, and the mortality rate assumption was changed from Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables to the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.
- 2019: The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 3.87% to 3.50%
- 2018: The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was increased from 3.58% to 3.87%
- 2017: The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was increased from 2.85% to 3.58%
- 2016: The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 3.80% to 2.85%
- 2015: The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 4.29% to 3.80%

City of Venice, Florida Required Supplementary Information

OPEB Plan Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total Pension Liability										
Service Cost	\$	(8,792)	\$	(42,721)	\$	(33,374)	\$	6,650	\$	6,868
Interest		244,060		253,027		386,669		370,289		364,756
Difference between expected and actual	1									
experience		(380,631)		661,896		1,600,759		(552,067)		(614,411)
Benefit payments		(684,676)		(609,354)		(638,195)		(640,339)		(723,867)
Implicit rate subsidy		(52,733)		(40,629)		(40,630)		(288,187)		(288,188)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(882,772)		222,219		1,275,229	((1,103,654)	(1,254,842)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	11	,052,220	1	0,830,001		9,554,772	1	0,658,426	1	1,913,268
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$10),169,448	\$1	1,052,220	\$1	0,830,001	\$	9,554,772	\$1	0,658,426
Covered payroll	\$ 22	2,253,668	\$2	0,044,779	\$1	8,840,882	\$ 1	7,400,191	\$1	6,138,903
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of	f									
covered payroll		45.70%		55.14%		57.48%		54.91%		66.04%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) Plan Assets:

Other items:

This information is required for ten years. However, only five years of information is available.

⁻ No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.



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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term *proceeds of specific revenue sources* establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund – Revenue sources for this fund are restricted for street improvement and other transportation expenditures. Funds are generally used to reimburse the General Fund for street improvement expenditures made by the Public Works Department.

Contraband-Forfeiture Fund – To account for proceeds derived from the sale of confiscated property. Proceeds must be expended for law enforcement purposes as described in Florida Statute (FS) 932.7055.

Police Training Fund – To account for the City's share of certain court fines revenue. Proceeds are restricted to police education and training under FS 938.15.

Boat Registration Fees Fund – To account for the City's portion of county boat registration fees. Proceeds are restricted to specified marine or boating activities under FS 328.72 and interlocal agreement.

Second Occupational License Fund – To account for second occupational license revenue. Proceeds are committed to economic development activities under City Ordinance 93-21.

Growth Management Training Fund – Revenues are from a fee on building permits, which must be spent on departmental training under City Ordinance 97-61.

Parking Fines Handicapped Access Improvement Fund – Revenues are from certain parking fines. Proceeds are committed to handicap accessible programs under FS 316.008(4) and City Ordinance 2000-14.

Tree Mitigation – To account for funds received for the protection and replacement of trees on all property within the City.

Centennial Community Fund – To account for the administration of the Centennial Community Trust resources. Funds are designated for historic preservation and other projects of historical significance, under City Resolution 1042-90.

Historical Commission Fund – To account for donations from private sources specifically earmarked for the Venice Historical Commission.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs, on long-term governmental debt obligations.

General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund – to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal, interest, and related costs, on the City's General Obligation Bonds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds (enterprise funds).

General Projects Fund - To account for the cost of major park projects and other capital improvement projects which are not accounted for in one of the City's other capital projects funds.

Streets Capital Projects Fund – To account for the cost of major road and street improvement capital projects. These projects are financed by a combination of revenue sources, including bond proceeds, motor fuel taxes, grants, and interest revenues.

Buildings and Renovations Capital Projects Fund – To account for the cost of constructing new City buildings and/or major renovations to existing City buildings. The new public safety building project was recorded in this fund, financed from bond proceeds and related investment earnings.

Beach Renourishment Fund— To account for the cost of beach renourishment projects and related resources.

Fire Impact Fee Fund—To account for the collection and expenditure of fire impact fees.

Police Impact Fee Fund— To account for the collection and expenditure of law enforcement impact fees.

General Government Impact Fee Fund— To account for the collection and expenditure of general government impact fees, first adopted in 2021.



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City of Venice, Florida Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

				Special	Rever	ıue		
	Motor Fuel Tax		Contraband Forfeiture		Police Training		Boat Registration Fees	
ASSETS								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	345,295	\$	161,508	\$	14,632	\$	63,784
Accounts receivable (net)		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments	-	116,130				297		1,223
Total assets	\$	461,425	\$	161,508	\$	14,929	\$	65,007
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	=	\$	-	\$	-	\$	=
Due to other governments								
Total liabilities								
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Public safety		-		161,508		14,929		-
Boating and waterway improvements		-		-		-		65,007
Street improvements		461,425		-		-		-
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Beach renourishment		-		-		-		-
Committed to:								
Training and education		-		-		-		-
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-
Economic development		=		-		-		=
Historic preservation								-
Total fund balances		461,425		161,508		14,929		65,007
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	461,425	\$	161,508	\$	14,929	\$	65,007

Special Revenue

						Speci	al Revenue					
Oc	Second Occupational M License		Growth H Management		Parking Fines Handicapped Access Improvement		Tree Mitigation		Centennial Community		listorical ommission	otal Special venue Funds
\$	54,174 3,158	\$	182,658	\$	27,192	\$	8,014 - -	\$	60,329	\$	22,353	\$ 939,939 3,158 117,650
\$	57,332	\$	182,658	\$	27,192	\$	8,014	\$	60,329	\$	22,353	\$ 1,060,747
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,108	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	36	\$ 1,108 36
			1,108								36	 1,144
	- -		- -		- -		- -		- -		- -	176,437 65,007
	- -		- -		27,192		- -		- -		- -	461,425 27,192
	-		101 550		-		-		-		-	101 550
	57,332		181,550		-		-		-		-	181,550 - 57,332
	57,332		181,550		27,192		8,014		60,329		22,317	90,660
\$	57,332	\$	182,658	\$	27,192	\$	8,014	\$	60,329	\$	22,353	\$ 1,060,747

City of Venice, Florida Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

	Do	ebt Service	Capital Projects						
		General Obligation Bonds		General Capital Projects		Streets		ildings and enovations	
ASSETS									
Pooled cash and investments	\$	291,432	\$	579,300	\$	3,422,483	\$	198,371	
Accounts receivable (net)		-		63,000		-		-	
Due from other governments		52		208,500					
Total assets	\$	291,484	\$	850,800	\$	3,422,483	\$	198,371	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	373,443	\$	-	
Due to other governments	_								
Total liabilities				<u></u>		373,443			
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted for:									
Public safety		-		-		-		-	
Boating and waterway improvements		-		-		-		-	
Street improvements		-		-		3,049,040		-	
Capital improvements		-		256,339		-		-	
Debt service		291,484		-		-		-	
Beach renourishment		-		-		-		-	
Committed to:									
Training and education		-		-		-		-	
Capital improvements		-		594,461		=		198,371	
Economic development		-		-		-		-	
Historic preservation	_								
Total fund balances		291,484		850,800		3,049,040		198,371	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	291,484	\$	850,800	\$	3,422,483	\$	198,371	

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	Proj	

	Capital Frojects									7	Cotal Non
Re	Beach enourishment	Fi	ire Impact Fees		Law nforcement npact Fees	G	General overnment npact Fees		otal Capital roject Funds		Total Non- Major overnmental Funds
\$	3,737,213	\$	211,512	\$	301,666	\$	170,004	\$	8,620,549	\$	9,851,920
	· · · · -		_				-		63,000		66,158
									208,500		326,202
\$	3,737,213	\$	211,512	\$	301,666	\$	170,004	\$	8,892,049	\$	10,244,280
_				_		_		_		_	
\$	4,693	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	378,136	\$	379,244
	-								-		36
	4,693								378,136		379,280
	-		-		-		-		-		176,437
	-		-		-		-		-		65,007
	-		-		-		-		3,049,040		3,510,465
	-		211,512		301,666		170,004		939,521		966,713
	-		-		-		-		-		291,484
	3,732,520		-		-		-		3,732,520		3,732,520
	-		-		-		-		-		181,550
	=		=		-		-		792,832		792,832
	-		-		-		-		-		57,332
											90,660
	3,732,520		211,512		301,666		170,004		8,513,913		9,865,000
\$	3,737,213	\$	211,512	\$	301,666	\$	170,004	\$	8,892,049	\$	10,244,280

City of Venice, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Special	Revenue	
	Motor Fuel Tax	Contraband Forfeiture	Police Training	Boat Registration Fees
REVENUES	_	_		
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Local option, use and fuel taxes	1,100,532	-	-	-
Fees and fines	-	65,422	4,484	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	228,167	-	-	119,039
Interest	123	205	16	76
Miscellaneous		5,500	4.500	
Total revenues	1,328,822	71,127	4,500	119,115
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Police	-	-	1,422	6,157
Grants and aid	-	15,000	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	100,657
Total expenditures	-	15,000	1,422	106,814
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	1,328,822	56,127	3,078	12,301
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(1,192,100)	-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,192,100)			
Net change in fund balances	136,722	56,127	3,078	12,301
Fund balances at beginning of year	324,703	105,381	11,851	52,706
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 461,425	\$ 161,508	\$ 14,929	\$ 65,007

Special Revenue

Second Occupational License	Growth Management Training	Parking Fines Handicapped Access Improvement	Tree Mitigation	Centennial Community	Historical Commission	Total Special Revenue Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,100,532
-	-	17,690	-	-	-	87,596
7,007	-	-	6,613	-	-	13,620
-	-	-	-	-	-	347,206
67	224	176	7	80	25	999
-	44,820	-	-	-	12,327	62,647
7,074	45,044	17,866	6,620	80	12,352	1,612,600
-	14,694	-	233	-	5,520	20,447
-	-	-	-	-	-	7,579
-	-	-	-	-	-	15,000
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		117,500				218,157
	14,694	117,500	233	-	5,520	261,183
7,074	30,350	(99,634)	6,387	80	6,832	1,351,417
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						(1,192,100)
						(1,192,100)
7,074	30,350	(99,634)	6,387	80	6,832	159,317
50,258	151,200	126,826	1,627	60,249	15,485	900,286
\$ 57,332	\$ 181,550	\$ 27,192	\$ 8,014	\$ 60,329	\$ 22,317	\$ 1,059,603

City of Venice, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Debt Service		Capital Projects	
	General Obligation Bonds	General Capital Projects	Streets	Buildings and Renovations
REVENUES	ф. 2 505 270	Ф	Ф	Φ.
Property taxes	\$ 2,595,370	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Local option, use and fuel taxes	-	-	-	-
Fees and fines	-	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	208,500	398,472	-
Interest	1,314	881	4,514	-
Miscellaneous		63,000		
Total revenues	2,596,684	272,381	402,986	-
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	_	_	-
Police	-	-	-	-
Grants and aid	-	-	398,472	-
Debt service:				
Principal	1,390,000	-	-	-
Interest	1,180,368	-	-	-
Fiscal charges	1,500	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	118,880	406,493	4,809
Total expenditures	2,571,868	118,880	804,965	4,809
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	24,816	153,501	(401,979)	(4,809)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	_	384,800	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)			384,800	
Net change in fund balances	24,816	153,501	(17,179)	(4,809)
Fund balances at beginning of year	266,668	697,299	3,066,219	203,180
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 291,484	\$ 850,800	\$ 3,049,040	\$ 198,371

Ca	pital	Pro	iects

Beach Renourishment		Fire Impact Fees	Law Enforcement Impact Fees	General Government Impact Fees	Total Capital Project Funds	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,595,370
	-	-	-	-	-	1,100,532
	-	-	-	-	-	87,596
	-	436,058	344,226	169,942	950,226	963,846
	-	-	-	-	606,972	954,178
	4,748	784	448	62	11,437	13,750
					63,000	125,647
	4,748	436,842	344,674	170,004	1,631,635	5,840,919
	10,585	_	-	-	10,585	31,032
	-	-	-	-	, -	7,579
	-	-	-	-	398,472	413,472
	-	-	-	-	-	1,390,000
	-	-	-	-	-	1,180,368
	-	-	-	-	-	1,500
	-	613,000	100,000		1,243,182	1,461,339
	10,585	613,000	100,000		1,652,239	4,485,290
	(5,837)	(176,158)	244,674	170,004	(20,604)	1,355,629
	250,000	-	-	-	634,800	634,800
	-	-	-	-	-	(1,192,100)
	250,000				634,800	(557,300)
	244,163	(176,158)	244,674	170,004	614,196	798,329
	3,488,357	387,670	56,992	-	7,899,717	9,066,671
\$	3,732,520	\$ 211,512	\$ 301,666	\$ 170,004	\$ 8,513,913	\$ 9,865,000

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Motor Fuel Tax Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Or	ginal Budget	Fi	nal Budget	Act	tual Amounts]	al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Fuel taxes	\$	997,200	\$	997,200	\$	1,100,532	\$	103,332
Intergovernmental		192,400		192,400		228,167		35,767
Interest		2,500		2,500		123		(2,377)
Total revenues		1,192,100		1,192,100		1,328,822		136,722
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,192,100		1,192,100		1,328,822		136,722
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(1,192,100)		(1,192,100)		(1,192,100)		-
Net other financing sources (uses)		(1,192,100)		(1,192,100)		(1,192,100)		
Net change in fund balances		-		-		136,722		136,722
Fund balances at beginning of year		324,703		324,703		324,703		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	324,703	\$	324,703	\$	461,425	\$	136,722

Variance with

Variance with

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Contraband Forfeiture Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Fees and fines	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	65,422	\$	60,422
Interest		1,250		1,250		205		(1,045)
Miscellaneous		-		-		5,500		5,500
Total revenues		6,250		6,250		71,127		64,877
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Police		40,000		40,000		-		40,000
Grants and aid				-		15,000		(15,000)
Total expenditures		40,000		40,000		15,000		25,000
Net change in fund balances		(33,750)		(33,750)		56,127		89,877
Fund balances at beginning of year		103,036		103,036		105,381	-	2,345
Fund balances at end of year	\$	69,286	\$	69,286	\$	161,508	\$	92,222

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Police Training Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget Final Budg		al Budget	Actu	al Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Fees and fines	\$	3,200	\$	3,200	\$	4,484	\$	1,284
Interest		100		100		16		(84)
Total revenues		3,300		3,300		4,500		1,200
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Police		3,300		3,300		1,422		1,878
Total expenditures		3,300		3,300		1,422		1,878
Net change in fund balances		-		-		3,078		3,078
Fund balances at beginning of year		10,594		10,594		11,851		1,257
Fund balances at end of year	\$	10,594	\$	10,594	\$	14,929	\$	4,335

Variance with

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Boat Registration Fees Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Tor the Tear Ended September 50,	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	15,000	\$	115,000	\$	119,039	\$	4,039
Interest		150		150		76		(74)
Total revenues		15,150		115,150		119,115		3,965
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Police		12,500		12,500		6,157		6,343
Grants and aid		2,500		2,500		-		2,500
Capital outlay		-		100,000		100,657		(657)
Total expenditures		15,000		115,000		106,814		8,186
Net change in fund balances		150		150		12,301		12,151
Fund balances at beginning of year		46,458		46,458		52,706		6,248
Fund balances at end of year	\$	46,608	\$	46,608	\$	65,007	\$	18,399

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Second Occupational License Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget Final Budge		al Budget	Actu	al Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Licenses and permits	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	7,007	\$	2,007
Interest		500		500		67		(433)
Total revenues		5,500		5,500		7,074		1,574
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Economic environment		8,000		8,000		-		8,000
Total expenditures		8,000		8,000				8,000
Net change in fund balances		(2,500)		(2,500)		7,074		9,574
Fund balances at beginning of year		45,839		45,839		50,258		4,419
Fund balances at end of year	\$	43,339	\$	43,339	\$	57,332	\$	13,993

Variance with

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Growth Management Training Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

DEVENIUES	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Interest	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	224	\$	(1,276)
Miscellaneous	Ψ	28,000	Ψ	28,000	Ψ	44,820	Ψ	16,820
Total revenues EXPENDITURES		29,500		29,500		45,044		15,544
Current:								
General government		27,000		27,000		14,694		12,306
Total expenditures		27,000		27,000		14,694		12,306
Net change in fund balances		2,500		2,500		30,350		27,850
Fund balances at beginning of year		127,425		127,425		151,200		23,775
Fund balances at end of year	\$	129,925	\$	129,925	\$	181,550	\$	51,625

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Parking Fines Handicapped Access Improvement Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget			nal Budget	Actu	ual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Fees and fines	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$	17,690	\$	8,690	
Interest		125		125		176		51	
Total revenues		9,125		9,125		17,866		8,741	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital outlay		-		117,500		117,500		-	
Total expenditures				117,500		117,500		-	
Net change in fund balances		9,125		(108,375)		(99,634)		8,741	
Fund balances at beginning of year		11,568		129,068		126,826		(2,242)	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	20,693	\$	20,693	\$	27,192	\$	6,499	

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Tree Mitigation Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

For the Tear Ended September 50, 2	Original Budget			Final Budget		al Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Licenses and permits	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	6,613	\$	(43,387)	
Interest		500		500		7		(493)	
Total revenues		50,500		50,500		6,620		(43,880)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		40,000		40,000		233		39,767	
Total expenditures		40,000		40,000		233		39,767	
Net change in fund balances		10,500		10,500		6,387		(4,113)	
Fund balances at beginning of year				-		1,627		1,627	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	10,500	\$	10,500	\$	8,014	\$	(2,486)	

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Centennial Community Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget Final Budget				Actu	al Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Interest	\$	750	\$	750	\$	80	\$	(670)	
Total revenues		750		750		80		(670)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government				-				-	
Total expenditures									
Net change in fund balances		750		750		80		(670)	
Fund balances at beginning of year		60,715		60,715		60,249		(466)	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	61,465	\$	61,465	\$	60,329	\$	(1,136)	

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Historical Commission Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Tor the real Ended september 60, 2	inal Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actu	al Amounts	Fina P	ance with I Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES	 						
Interest	\$ 125	\$	125	\$	25	\$	(100)
Miscellaneous	8,000		8,000		12,327		4,327
Total revenues	 8,125		8,125		12,352		4,227
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	5,800		5,800		5,520		280
Total expenditures	5,800		5,800		5,520		280
Net change in fund balances	2,325		2,325		6,832		4,507
Fund balances at beginning of year	 12,308		12,308		15,485		3,177
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 14,633	\$	14,633	\$	22,317	\$	7,684

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule General Obligation Bonds Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Or	Original Budget		Final Budget		tual Amounts	I	al Budget - Positive Vegative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	2,568,000	\$	2,568,000	\$	2,595,370	\$	27,370
Interest		10,000		10,000		1,314		(8,686)
Total revenues		2,578,000		2,578,000		2,596,684		18,684
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service:								
Principal		1,390,000		1,390,000		1,390,000		-
Interest		1,180,449		1,180,449		1,180,368		81
Fiscal charges		1,500		1,500		1,500		-
Total expenditures		2,571,949		2,571,949		2,571,868		81
Net change in fund balances		6,051		6,051		24,816		18,765
Fund balances at beginning of year		237,828		237,828		266,668		28,840
Fund balances at end of year	\$	243,879	\$	243,879	\$	291,484	\$	47,605

Variance with

Variance with

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule General Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actı	ıal Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		_					·	
Intergovernmental	\$	250,000	\$	308,500	\$	208,500	\$	(100,000)
Interest		6,250		6,250		881		(5,369)
Miscellaneous		63,000		63,000		63,000		-
Total revenues		319,250		377,750		272,381		(105,369)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		411,667		636,720		118,880		517,840
Total expenditures		411,667		636,720		118,880		517,840
Net change in fund balances		(92,417)		(258,970)		153,501		412,471
Fund balances at beginning of year		702,635		835,188		697,299		(137,889)
Fund balances at end of year	\$	610,218	\$	576,218	\$	850,800	\$	274,582

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule One Cent Voted Sales Tax Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Sales taxes	\$ 3,646,500	\$ 3,646,500	\$ 4,149,270	\$ 502,770
Intergovernmental	-	728,838	624,592	(104,246)
Interest	31,250	31,250	7,655	(23,595)
Total revenues	3,677,750	4,406,588	4,781,517	374,929
EXPENDITURES				
Grants and aid	-	120,500	120,500	-
Debt Service:		,	,	
Principal	150,000	150,000	150,000	-
Capital outlay	1,935,552	8,409,743	6,338,500	2,071,243
Total expenditures	2,085,552	8,680,243	6,609,000	2,071,243
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	1,592,198	(4,273,655)	(1,827,483)	2,446,172
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	_
Net other financing sources (uses)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	
Net change in fund balances	1,342,198	(4,523,655)	(2,077,483)	2,446,172
Fund balances at beginning of year	4,225,192	10,819,883	6,834,205	(3,985,678)
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,567,390	\$ 6,296,228	\$ 4,756,722	\$ (1,539,506)
City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Streets Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$ 725,000	\$ 725,000	\$ 398,472	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528)
Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 725,000 25,000	\$ 725,000 25,000	\$ 398,472 4,514	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528) (20,486)
Intergovernmental	\$ 725,000	\$ 725,000	\$ 398,472	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528)
Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 725,000 25,000	\$ 725,000 25,000	\$ 398,472 4,514	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528) (20,486)
Intergovernmental Interest Total revenues	\$ 725,000 25,000	\$ 725,000 25,000	\$ 398,472 4,514	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528) (20,486)
Intergovernmental Interest Total revenues EXPENDITURES	\$ 725,000 25,000	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000	\$ 398,472 4,514 402,986	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528) (20,486) (347,014)
Intergovernmental Interest Total revenues EXPENDITURES Grants and aid	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 400,000	\$ 398,472 4,514 402,986 398,472	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528) (20,486) (347,014)
Intergovernmental Interest Total revenues EXPENDITURES Grants and aid Capital outlay	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 - 2,225,000 2,225,000	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 400,000 1,977,367	\$ 398,472 4,514 402,986 398,472 406,493	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528) (20,486) (347,014) 1,528 1,570,874
Intergovernmental Interest Total revenues EXPENDITURES Grants and aid Capital outlay Total expenditures	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 2,225,000 2,225,000	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 400,000 1,977,367 2,377,367	\$ 398,472 4,514 402,986 398,472 406,493 804,965	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528) (20,486) (347,014) 1,528 1,570,874 1,572,402
Intergovernmental Interest Total revenues EXPENDITURES Grants and aid Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 2,225,000 2,225,000	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 400,000 1,977,367 2,377,367	\$ 398,472 4,514 402,986 398,472 406,493 804,965	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528) (20,486) (347,014) 1,528 1,570,874 1,572,402
Intergovernmental Interest Total revenues EXPENDITURES Grants and aid Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 400,000 1,977,367 2,377,367 (1,627,367)	\$ 398,472 4,514 402,986 398,472 406,493 804,965 (401,979)	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528) (20,486) (347,014) 1,528 1,570,874 1,572,402
Intergovernmental Interest Total revenues EXPENDITURES Grants and aid Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 2,225,000 2,225,000 s (1,475,000) 384,800	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 400,000 1,977,367 2,377,367 (1,627,367) 384,800	\$ 398,472 4,514 402,986 398,472 406,493 804,965 (401,979)	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528) (20,486) (347,014) 1,528 1,570,874 1,572,402
Intergovernmental Interest Total revenues EXPENDITURES Grants and aid Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Net other financing sources (uses)	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 	\$ 725,000 25,000 750,000 400,000 1,977,367 2,377,367 (1,627,367) 384,800 384,800	\$ 398,472 4,514 402,986 398,472 406,493 804,965 (401,979) 384,800 384,800	Final Budget - Positive (Negative) \$ (326,528) (20,486) (347,014) 1,528 1,570,874 1,572,402 1,225,388

Variance with

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Building and Renovation Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Origina	al Budget	Fir	nal Budget	Acti	ual Amounts	al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES	<u>-</u>						
Interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Total revenues		_					
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay				203,180		4,809	198,371
Total expenditures		_		203,180		4,809	198,371
Net change in fund balances		-		(203,180)		(4,809)	198,371
Fund balances at beginning of year		-		203,180		203,180	-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	198,371	\$ 198,371

Variance with

Variance with

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Beach Renourishment Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget		F	Final Budget		tual Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						_			
Intergovernmental	\$	14,000	\$	14,000	\$	=	\$	(14,000)	
Interest		43,750		43,750		4,748		(39,002)	
Total revenues		57,750		57,750		4,748		(53,002)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		30,000		30,000		10,585		19,415	
Total expenditures		30,000		30,000		10,585		19,415	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		_				<u> </u>			
expenditures		27,750		27,750		(5,837)		(33,587)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		250,000		250,000		250,000		-	
Net other financing sources (uses)		250,000		250,000		250,000		-	
Net change in fund balances		277,750		277,750		244,163		(33,587)	
Fund balances at beginning of year		3,511,541		3,511,541		3,488,357		(23,184)	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	3,789,291	\$	3,789,291	\$	3,732,520	\$	(56,771)	

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Fire Impact Fee Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Fi	Final Budget		ual Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Licenses and permits	\$	115,000	\$	115,000	\$	436,058	\$	321,058	
Interest		5,625		5,625		784		(4,841)	
Total revenues		120,625		120,625		436,842		316,217	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital outlay		613,000		613,000		613,000			
Total expenditures		613,000		613,000		613,000		_	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(492,375)		(492,375)		(176,158)		316,217	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Issuance of long-term debt		138,000		138,000		=		(138,000)	
Net other financing sources (uses)		138,000		138,000		-		(138,000)	
Net change in fund balances		(354,375)		(354,375)		(176,158)		178,217	
Fund balances at beginning of year		377,977		377,977		387,670		9,693	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	23,602	\$	23,602	\$	211,512	\$	187,910	

Variance with

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule Law Enforcement Impact Fee Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget				Act	ual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	-								
Licenses and permits	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	344,226	\$	254,226	
Interest		625		625		448		(177)	
Total revenues		90,625		90,625		344,674		254,049	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital outlay		100,000		100,000		100,000		=	
Total expenditures		100,000		100,000		100,000			
Net change in fund balances		(9,375)		(9,375)		244,674		254,049	
Fund balances at beginning of year		43,566		43,566		56,992		13,426	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	34,191	\$	34,191	\$	301,666	\$	267,475	

City of Venice, Florida Budget Comparison Schedule General Government Impact Fee Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts			al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES	. 100.000							
Licenses and permits	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	169,942	\$	69,942
Interest		500		500		62		(438)
Total revenues		100,500		100,500		170,004		69,504
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		300,000		300,000		-		300,000
Total expenditures		300,000		300,000		-		300,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(199,500)		(199,500)		170,004		369,504
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance of long-term debt		220,000		220,000		-		(220,000)
Net other financing sources (uses)		220,000		220,000		-		(220,000)
Net change in fund balances		20,500		20,500		170,004		149,504
Fund balances at beginning of year		-		-		-		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	20,500	\$	20,500	\$	170,004	\$	149,504

Variance with



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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are established to finance and account for services and/or commodities furnished by a designated department to other departments within the City, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The Employees' Group Health and Life Insurance Fund - To account for receipts and disbursements for health and life insurance claims which are partially self-insured by the City.

The Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund - To account for receipts and disbursements for workers' compensation claims which are partially self-insured by the City.

The Employee Flexible Spending Fund - To account for receipts and disbursements of the program established by the City.

The Property and Liability Insurance Fund - To account for receipts and disbursements for insurance of facilities, equipment and other risk exposures by the City.

The Fleet Replacement Fund - To account for the costs and revenue derived from assets that have been transferred into the City's fleet replacement program.

City of Venice, Florida Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds September 30, 2021

	G	overnmental Activi	ties		
	Employees' Group Health and Life Insurance	Workers' Compensation Self Insurance	Employee Flexible Spending		
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 7,612,469	\$ 1,170,483	\$ 21,353		
Other cash	-	14,779	-		
Accounts receivable (net)	1,319		1,083		
Total current assets	7,613,788	1,185,262	22,436		
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Machinery and equipment	-	-	-		
Less accumulated depreciation	-	-	_		
Total capital assets					
Total Eaphar assets					
Total assets	7,613,788	1,185,262	22,436		
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	1,152,588	-	_		
Accrued liabilities	9,981	2,604	_		
Accrued insurance claims	281,157	854,000	_		
Tioriaca insurance claims	201,107	03 1,000			
Total liabilities	1,443,726	856,604	<u> </u>		
NAME DO COMPANY					
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	-	-	-		
Unrestricted	6,170,062	328,658	22,436		
Total net position	\$ 6,170,062	\$ 328,658	\$ 22,436		

Governmental Activities

roperty and Liability Insurance		Fleet Replacement	otal Internal ervice Funds
\$ 1,051,330	\$	7,724,521	\$ 17,580,156 14,779
		<u>-</u>	 2,402
 1,051,330		7,724,521	 17,597,337
_		16,296,784	16,296,784
- -		(6,045,015)	(6,045,015)
_		10,251,769	 10,251,769
1,051,330	-	17,976,290	 27,849,106
10,169		336,699	1,499,456
2,124		-	14,709
			 1,135,157
 12,293		336,699	2,649,322
		10 251 760	10 251 760
1,039,037		10,251,769 7,387,822	10,251,769 14,948,015
 1,037,037		1,301,022	 1-7,770,013
\$ 1,039,037	\$	17,639,591	\$ 25,199,784

City of Venice, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities						
	Employees' Group Health and Life Insurance	Workers' Compensation Self Insurance	Employee Flexible Spending				
OPERATING REVENUES							
Interfund charges	\$ 5,193,045	\$ 663,040	\$ -				
Miscellaneous	2,552,884	13,900	145,040				
Total operating revenues	7,745,929	676,940	145,040				
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal services	106,379	58,837	-				
Insurance	1,659,101	153,642	-				
Professional services	395,526	27,441	3,626				
Claims	5,626,510	516,754	-				
Other services and charges	-	-	137,146				
Depreciation	<u> </u>		<u>-</u> _				
Total operating expenses	7,787,516	756,674	140,772				
Operating income (loss)	(41,587)	(79,734)	4,268				
NON OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest earnings	10,502	1,556	-				
Disposition of capital assets	<u> </u>		<u>-</u> _				
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	10,502	1,556					
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(31,085)	(78,178)	4,268				
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS							
Capital assets transferred in from governmental funds	-	-	-				
TRANSFERS							
Transfers in	-	-	10,000				
Transfers out	(10,000)						
Change in net position	(41,085)	(78,178)	14,268				
Total net position at beginning of year	6,211,147	406,836	8,168				
Total net position at end of year	\$ 6,170,062	\$ 328,658	\$ 22,436				

Governmental Activities

L	perty and iability surance	R	Fleet Leplacement		Total Internal Service Funds			
\$	1,124,320	\$	2,338,998	\$	9,319,403			
*	48,164	-	_,=====================================	*	2,759,988			
	1,172,484		2,338,998		12,079,391			
	47,552		-		212,768			
	1,112,518		-		2,925,261			
	39,202		-		465,795			
	=		-		6,143,264			
	-		-		137,146			
	-		1,374,253		1,374,253			
	1,199,272		1,374,253		11,258,487			
	(26,788)		964,745		820,904			
	1,310		9,277		22,645			
	<u>-</u>		119,932		119,932			
	1,310		129,209		142,577			
	(25,478)		1,093,954		963,481			
	-		1,788,338		1,788,338			
	-		1,192,856		1,202,856			
	(25,478)		4,075,148		(10,000) 3,944,675			
	(43,478)		4,073,148		3,744,073			
	1,064,515		13,564,443		21,255,109			
\$	1,039,037	\$	17,639,591	\$	25,199,784			

City of Venice, Florida Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities					
	G	Employees' roup Health and Life Insurance	Co	Workers' impensation If Insurance	Employee Flexible Spending	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers	\$	2,554,072	\$	13,900	\$	145,020
Interfund charges		5,193,045		663,040		-
Payments to suppliers		(1,341,602)		(181,083)		(140,772)
Payments to employees		(103,094)		(58,600)		-
Claims paid		(5,587,154)		(436,754)		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		715,267		503		4,248
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers in from other funds		-		-		10,000
Transfers out to other funds		(10,000)		-		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related						
financing activities		(10,000)				10,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Purchases of capital assets		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related						
financing activities						-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest earnings		10,502		1,556		_
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		10,502		1,556		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		715,769		2,059		14,248
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		6,896,700		1,183,203		7,105
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	7,612,469	\$	1,185,262	\$	21,353
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(41,587)	\$	(79,734)	\$	4,268
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)		,		,		
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		-		-		-
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		1,188		-		(20)
Accounts payable		713,025		-		-
Accrued liabilities		3,285		237		-
Accrued claims		39,356		80,000		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	715,267	\$	503	\$	4,248

Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

Capital assets with a cost of \$1,788,338 (no depreciation) were transferred into the fleet replacement fund from Governmental Activities.

Governmental Activities

an	Property d Liabilitiy Insurance	R	Fleet Replacement	Total Governmental Activities				
\$	223,806 1,124,320 (1,143,289) (47,358)	\$	2,338,998 132,838 -	\$	2,936,798 9,319,403 (2,673,908) (209,052) (6,023,908)			
	157,479		2,471,836		3,349,333			
	- -		1,192,856		1,202,856 (10,000)			
			1,192,856		1,192,856			
	- -		(2,650,824) 239,200		(2,650,824) 239,200			
			(2,411,624)		(2,411,624)			
	1,310 1,310		9,277 9,277		22,645 22,645			
\$	158,789 892,541 1,051,330	\$	1,262,345 6,462,176 7,724,521	\$	2,153,210 15,441,725 17,594,935			
\$	(26,788)	\$	964,745	\$	820,904			
	-		1,374,253		1,374,253			
	175,642 8,431 194		132,838		176,810 854,294 3,716 119,356			
\$	157,479	\$	2,471,836	\$	3,349,333			



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TRUST FUNDS

Trust Funds are used to administer resources reserved and held by a governmental unit as the trustee or as the agent for others. Use of these Trust Funds facilitates the discharge of responsibilities placed upon the governmental unit by virtue of law or other authority.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS:

Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund accounts for contributions and related pension benefits for certain retired City police officers. The City administers the funds only as authorized by the Police Officer's Pension Board.

Firefighters' Retirement Trust Fund accounts for contributions and related pension benefits for certain retired City firefighters. The City administers the funds only as authorized by the Firefighters' Pension Board.

City of Venice, Florida Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds September 30, 2021

	Police Officers' Firefighters' Retirement Retirement		_		_		Total Pension Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,692,690	\$	1,100,447	\$	2,793,137		
Receivables:							
Interest and dividends	 57,777		27,047		84,824		
Total receivables	 57,777		27,047		84,824		
Investments, at fair value:							
U.S. Government and agency obligations	4,209,299		2,159,120		6,368,419		
Mortgage-backed obligations	3,137,238		3,883,700		7,020,938		
Domestic equities	24,552,339		6,718,994		31,271,333		
Foreign equities	1,218,812		217,666		1,436,478		
Corporate obligations	2,491,921		793,745		3,285,666		
Fixed income mutual funds	-		1,232,981		1,232,981		
Real estate investment funds	4,110,982		3,050,949		7,161,931		
Domestic equity mutual funds	-		9,465,779		9,465,779		
Foreign equity mutual funds	6,894,251		5,103,430		11,997,681		
Total investments	46,614,842		32,626,364		79,241,206		
Total assets	 48,365,309		33,753,858		82,119,167		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	 		28,315		28,315		
NET POSITION							
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 48,365,309	\$	33,725,543	\$	82,090,852		

City of Venice, Florida Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Police Officers' Retirement		Firefighters' Retirement		Total Pension Funds
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$	1,200,000	\$ 2,400,000	\$	3,600,000
Plan members		16,945	122,301		139,246
State of Florida (passed through general fund)		237,213	 188,963		426,176
Total contributions		1,454,158	2,711,264		4,165,422
Investment income:					
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		7,854,605	4,965,737		12,820,342
Interest and dividends		982,379	 791,286		1,773,665
Investment income (loss)		8,836,984	5,757,023		14,594,007
Less investment expenses		(256,195)	 (130,733)		(386,928)
Net investment income		8,580,789	 5,626,290		14,207,079
Total additions		10,034,947	 8,337,554		18,372,501
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions		3,054,905	2,837,315		5,892,220
Administrative expense		77,394	 60,289		137,683
Total deductions		3,132,299	 2,897,604		6,029,903
Change in net position		6,902,648	5,439,950		12,342,598
Net position restricted for pension benefits at beginning of year		41,462,661	 28,285,593		69,748,254
Net position restricted for pension benefits at end of year	\$	48,365,309	\$ 33,725,543	\$	82,090,852



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STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Venice's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Venice, Florida Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2021		2020		2019		2018
Governmental activities	Ф	55 150 650	Φ.	66 100 215	Φ.	61 0 40 555	Ф	55.050.501
Net investment in capital assets	\$	77,179,650	\$	66,199,215	\$	61,248,557	\$	55,852,721
Restricted		19,059,120		21,697,921		19,644,583		16,565,828
Unrestricted		(12,535,351)	_	(20,992,013)		(18,089,714)		(20,022,101)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	83,703,419	\$	66,905,123	\$	62,803,426	\$	52,396,448
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$	114,378,532 14,047,796 39,338,235 167,764,563	\$	111,094,189 11,688,827 34,808,932 157,591,948	\$	100,726,901 11,136,445 35,481,130 147,344,476	\$	99,146,832 11,623,715 32,650,607 143,421,154
Primary government	_		_		_		_	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	191,558,182	\$	177,293,404	\$	161,975,458	\$	154,999,553
Restricted		33,106,916		33,386,748		30,781,028		28,189,543
Unrestricted		26,802,884		13,816,919		17,391,416		12,628,506
Total primary government net position	\$	251,467,982	\$	224,497,071	\$	210,147,902	\$	195,817,602

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	2017	 2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
						<u> </u>				<u> </u>
\$	52,885,644	\$ 53,650,492	\$	52,302,676	\$	49,065,887	\$	52,923,502	\$	50,783,764
	14,064,748	11,431,796		10,944,412		4,208,000		4,752,964		4,161,566
	(20,950,436)	(20,582,734)		(17,074,877)		13,368,134		15,362,309		19,662,287
\$	45,999,956	\$ 44,499,554	\$	46,172,211	\$	66,642,021	\$	73,038,775	\$	74,607,617
\$	98,987,903	\$ 99,361,353	\$	91,881,058	\$	82,198,144	\$	79,086,596	\$	72,384,149
	9,295,950	9,016,054		9,343,400		9,106,093		6,151,773		6,044,652
	30,522,933	 24,798,266		21,145,069		21,877,048		18,160,486		15,074,544
\$	138,806,786	\$ 133,175,673	\$	122,369,527	\$	113,181,285	\$	103,398,855	\$	93,503,345
\$	151,873,547	\$ 153,011,845	\$	144,183,734	\$	131,264,031	\$	132,010,098	\$	123,167,913
•	23,360,698	20,447,850	•	20,287,812		13,314,093	•	10,904,737	•	10,206,218
	9,572,497	4,215,532		4,070,192		35,245,182		33,522,795		34,736,831
\$	184,806,742	\$ 177,675,227	\$	168,541,738	\$	179,823,306	\$	176,437,630	\$	168,110,962

City of Venice, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Expenses	2021	2020	2019	2018
Governmental activities				
General government	\$ 6,840,270	\$ 6,261,718	\$ 6,237,711	\$ 7,391,960
Finance	1,481,207	1,643,763	1,583,824	1,434,720
Information services	1,662,718	1,561,511	1,426,812	1,321,336
Parks & recreation	2,372,866	2,381,201	2,233,509	2,183,647
Police	7,861,030	11,263,055	10,246,062	11,483,134
Fire and EMS	11,610,186	10,914,091	8,420,748	8,141,917
Public works	4,734,041	4,222,303	3,985,668	3,287,816
Beach renourishment	-	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	1,006,887	1,035,615	1,037,889	1,053,916
Total governmental activities	37,569,205	39,283,257	35,172,223	36,298,446
Business-type activities				
Water and sewer utility	20,126,594	19,562,992	19,098,039	20,439,286
Solid waste	5,371,769	6,446,564	6,284,205	5,991,508
Airport	3,621,227	3,661,016	3,626,330	3,292,425
Storm water drainage	1,878,600	2,011,764	1,547,742	1,806,949
Total business-type activities	30,998,190	31,682,336	30,556,316	31,530,168
Total primary government	\$ 68,567,395	\$ 70,965,593	\$ 65,728,539	\$ 67,828,614
Program Revenues				
Governmental activities				
Charges for services				
General government	\$ 5,581,857	\$ 3,771,115	\$ 4,143,634	\$ 4,687,529
Police	1,983	1,757	173	-
Fire and EMS	1,897,103	34,150	63,491	65,780
Operating grants and contributions	2,403,035	824,264	1,262,808	702,592
Capital grants and contributions	2,066,068	1,366,590	2,396,281	778,354
Total governmental activities	11,950,046	5,997,876	7,866,387	6,234,255
Business-type activities				
Charges for services				
Water and sewer utility	25,952,960	27,214,709	24,071,196	24,566,121
Solid waste	7,444,463	7,030,178	6,763,082	6,103,515
Airport	2,258,031	2,221,747	2,145,443	2,024,005
Storm water drainage	2,433,740	1,620,178	1,583,737	1,561,333
Operating grants and contributions	227,724	367,011	299,741	16,789
Capital grants and contributions	6,831,498	5,976,691	1,760,398	5,831,302
Total business-type activities	45,148,416	44,430,514	36,623,597	40,103,065
Total primary government	\$ 57,098,462	\$ 50,428,390	\$ 44,489,984	\$ 46,337,320

Schedule 2

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	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
\$	7,444,298	\$	6,256,467	\$	4,971,377	\$	4,474,822	\$	4,206,832	\$	4,446,788
Ψ	1,310,820	Ψ	1,445,224	Ψ	1,327,639	Ψ	1,205,358	Ψ	1,087,557	Ψ	1,152,095
	1,204,449		1,103,661		930,268		926,971		802,515		768,393
	2,200,809		2,033,492		1,902,949		5,402,255		3,712,915		3,756,177
	10,010,304		9,612,374		9,122,052		8,132,658		8,086,812		7,816,343
	8,403,776		7,701,186		7,522,111		6,780,381		6,077,107		6,007,408
	2,809,258		2,754,047		3,196,019		2,260,453		3,970,036		3,451,185
	-		7,194,623		-		-		-		-
	954,628		154,484		164,892		278,728		411,059		348,675
	34,338,342		38,255,558		29,137,307		29,461,626		28,354,833		27,747,064
			_				_				
	18,234,994		15,864,009		15,399,504		14,912,950		16,086,267		15,745,402
	5,233,081		4,584,448		4,400,676		4,436,619		4,153,871		3,753,293
	2,463,977		2,329,077		3,101,428		2,316,491		2,269,392		1,886,028
	1,507,749		1,248,508		971,776		1,136,533		849,906		751,336
	27,439,801		24,026,042		23,873,384		22,802,593		23,359,436		22,136,059
\$	61,778,143	\$	62,281,600	\$	53,010,691	\$	52,264,219	\$	51,714,269	\$	49,883,123
\$	3,637,318	\$	3,518,295	\$	2,877,449	\$	2,685,997	\$	2,590,060	\$	2,154,292
	-		-		-		-		-		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,822,632		2,961,887		745,310		828,956		639,423		842,277
	472,029		1,223,537		3,217,028		310,309		1,282,348		6,662,348
	5,931,979		7,703,719		6,839,787		3,825,262		4,511,831		9,658,917
	23,325,175		22,414,162		20,992,313		20,746,517		20,256,649		18,692,175
	5,746,326		5,325,375		5,294,321		5,270,417		4,946,247		5,016,252
	1,992,621		1,811,426		1,926,773		2,064,538		2,231,127		2,028,300
	1,498,618		1,555,512		1,463,535		1,370,008		1,454,101		1,343,924
	18,924		14,945		41,777		30,100		33,934		48,302
	1,709,815		8,109,307		8,730,593		2,754,510		6,588,388		1,729,140
	34,291,479	-	39,230,727		38,449,312	-	32,236,090		35,510,446	-	28,858,093
	, , ,		, - <u>)</u>		, - ,		, -, *		, -, -		, -,
\$	40,223,458	\$	46,934,446	\$	45,289,099	\$	36,061,352	\$	40,022,277	\$	38,517,010

City of Venice, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental activities	\$ (25,619,159)	\$ (33,285,381)	\$ (27,305,836)	\$ (30,064,191)
Business-type activities	14,150,226	12,748,178	6,067,281	8,572,897
Primary government	\$ (11,468,933)	\$ (20,537,203)	\$ (21,238,555)	\$ (21,491,294)
General Revenues and Other Changes in				
Net Position				
Governmental activities				
Property taxes	\$ 21,512,830	\$ 17,731,625	\$ 17,059,106	\$ 15,778,381
Sales taxes	6,605,589	5,858,552	5,936,490	5,594,380
Utility services taxes	2,855,635	2,791,724	2,770,328	2,702,317
Franchise fees	2,576,962	2,422,047	2,418,997	2,414,825
Intergovernmental	3,292,722	2,894,707	3,163,492	2,937,739
Investment earnings	78,609	979,783	1,891,529	1,000,125
Miscellaneous	1,398,551	1,599,845	1,210,697	1,364,448
Special Item	· · · · · -	- -	- -	-
Transfers, net	4,096,557	3,108,795	3,262,175	4,668,468
Total governmental activities	42,417,455	37,387,078	37,712,814	36,460,683
Business-type activities				
Investment earnings	56,696	601,189	1,105,916	705,814
Gain on asset sales	- -	- -	-	-
Miscellaneous	62,250	6,900	12,300	4,125
Transfers, net	(4,096,557)	(3,108,795)	(3,262,175)	(4,668,468)
Total business-type activities	(3,977,611)	(2,500,706)	(2,143,959)	(3,958,529)
Total primary government	38,439,844	34,886,372	35,568,855	32,502,154
Change in Net Position				
Governmental activities	16,798,296	4,101,697	10,406,978	6,396,492
Business-type activities	10,172,615	10,247,472	3,923,322	4,614,368
Primary government	\$ 26,970,911	\$ 14,349,169	\$ 14,330,300	\$ 11,010,860

Schedule 2

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 2017		2016	 2015		2014		2013		2012
\$ (28,406,363) 6,851,678	\$	(30,551,839) 15,204,685	\$ (22,297,520) 14,575,928	\$	(25,636,364) 9,433,497	\$	(23,843,002) 12,151,010	\$	(18,088,147) 6,722,034
\$ (21,554,685)	\$	(15,347,154)	\$ (7,721,592)	\$	(16,202,867)	\$	(11,691,992)	\$	(11,366,113)
	-			-					
\$ 12,874,039	\$	10,255,897	\$ 9,620,785	\$	8,946,291	\$	8,428,377	\$	8,401,213
5,725,871		5,615,140	5,479,373		5,109,151		5,037,404		4,746,512
2,629,333		2,564,309	2,494,179		2,402,437		2,169,465		1,979,004
2,393,474		2,305,140	2,337,425		2,213,124		1,694,100		1,664,783
2,391,413		2,240,615	2,128,987		1,902,549		1,783,665		1,747,719
94,685		93,739	240,218		327,007		143,453		352,056
1,415,113		1,329,299	1,149,849		801,527		765,062		365,311
-		-	1,444,163		(5,123,295)		-		-
 3,597,117		4,475,043	 2,746,712		2,660,819		2,252,633		2,152,555
 31,121,045		28,879,182	27,641,691		19,239,610		22,274,159		21,409,153
382,799		60,185	340,372		334,752		(2,867)		168,094
-		-	-		2,675,000		-		-
60,934		16,319	- (2.746.712)		- (2 ((0 010)		- (2.252.622)		- (2.152.555)
 (3,597,117)		(4,475,043)	 (2,746,712)		(2,660,819)		(2,252,633)		(2,152,555)
 (3,153,384)		(4,398,539)	 (2,406,340)		348,933		(2,255,500)		(1,984,461)
 27,967,661		24,480,643	 25,235,351		19,588,543		20,018,659		19,424,692
2,714,682		(1,672,657)	5,344,171		(6,396,754)		(1,568,843)		3,321,006
3,698,294		10,806,146	12,169,588		9,782,430		9,895,510		4,737,573
\$ 6,412,976	\$	9,133,489	\$ 17,513,759	\$	3,385,676	\$	8,326,667	\$	8,058,579

City of Venice, Florida Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 42,28	31 \$ 29,089	9 \$ 38,053	\$ 67,793	
Restricted	-	=	=	-	
Committed	519,5	12 169,733	3 336,521	392,597	
Assigned	_	-	1,190,636	1,743,859	
Unassigned	16,319,34	13,449,94°	7 12,278,577	10,803,596	
Total general fund	16,881,14	13,648,769	9 13,843,787	13,007,845	
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted, reported in:					
Special revenue funds (1)	6,513,87			6,767,666	
Debt service funds	291,48	•	· ·	384,619	
Capital project funds Committed, reported in:	12,477,80	13,965,990	6 26,873,182	33,388,427	
Special revenue funds (1)	329,54	12 278,819	9 239,067	213,438	
Capital project funds	792,83	32 767,920	6 769,909	1,029,687	
Unassigned, reported in: Special revenue funds			_		
Total all other governmental funds	20,405,53	23,750,903	36,578,200	41,783,837	
Total governmental funds	\$ 37,286,67	\$ 37,399,672	2 \$ 50,421,987	\$ 54,791,682	

Note (1): Building Permit Fees fund balances were classified as restricted, beginning in 2016. In prior years, they were classified as committed.

Schedule 3

	Fiscal Year											
	2017	2016		2015 2014		2014	2013			2012		
\$	38,099	\$ 21,707	\$	40,896	\$	352,249	\$	3,596,456	\$	3,979,298		
	-	-		170,000		170,000		225,100		225,100		
	190,800	477,246		307,089		189,643		426,168		99,911		
	1,482,243			-		-		-		-		
	10,598,103	10,737,128		11,685,780		9,820,800		9,991,064		9,985,185		
	12,309,245	11,236,081		12,203,765		10,532,692		14,238,788		14,289,494		
,										_		
	9,431,556	9,219,624		2,980,968		3,254,145		3,204,422		2,884,625		
	257,291	225,578		718,797		703,855		1,239,805		1,222,167		
	35,640,738	2,011,758		7,244,647		3,294,891		3,625,444		7,472,403		
	195,776	186,946		2,577,347		1,964,755		1,109,384		294,851		
	1,435,159	1,388,997		1,819,531		4,522,841		4,231,795		4,621,835		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	46,960,520	13,032,903		15,341,290		13,740,487		13,410,850		16,495,881		
\$	59,269,765	\$ 24,268,984	\$	27,545,055	\$	24,273,179	\$	27,649,638	\$	30,785,375		

City of Venice, Florida Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
	2021	2020	2019	2018			
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 31,400,230	\$ 26,808,899	\$ 26,166,478	\$ 24,486,337			
Franchise fees	2,576,962	2,422,047	2,418,997	2,414,825			
Licenses & permits	6,098,444	3,811,818	4,186,105	4,578,996			
Intergovernmental revenues	6,450,510	4,722,991	5,774,435	3,612,653			
Charges for services	2,042,030	249,380	199,101	180,995			
Fees and fines	120,753	29,817	145,043	67,849			
Investment income	55,964	756,365	1,600,610	855,795			
Miscellaneous	1,341,619	1,270,082	1,279,351	1,340,244			
Total Revenues	50,086,512	40,071,399	41,770,120	37,537,694			
Expenditures							
General government services	10,514,461	9,844,707	10,586,227	9,369,880			
Public safety	22,086,332	19,431,084	17,772,506	16,829,154			
Public works (incl. parks and rec)	3,852,693	3,667,566	3,593,082	3,271,884			
Beach renourishment	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	13,088,103	22,617,137	14,211,582	12,386,685			
Grants and aid	533,972	1,999	108,250	550,000			
Debt service							
Principal	1,803,873	1,428,000	1,379,000	1,121,000			
Interest	1,222,280	1,249,085	1,310,094	1,273,364			
Bond issuance costs/fiscal charges	1,500	46,250	1,700	1,500			
Total Expenditures	53,103,214	58,285,828	48,962,441	44,803,467			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(3,016,702)	(18,214,429)	(7,192,321)	(7,265,773)			
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers from other funds	4,790,219	4,775,832	4,664,347	4,312,627			
Transfers to other funds	(1,886,518)	(1,973,322)	(1,841,721)	(1,874,937)			
Issuance of long-term debt	-	3,482,000	-	350,000			
Lease proceeds	-	1,400,720	-	-			
Principal paid - current refunding	-	(3,482,000)	-	-			
Sale of capital asset		988,884					
Total other financing sources (uses) Special item	2,903,701	5,192,114	2,822,626	2,787,690			
Net change in fund balance	\$ (113,001)	\$ (13,022,315)	\$ (4,369,695)	\$ (4,478,083)			
Debt service as a percentage of non- capital expenditures	7.56%	7.51%	7.74%	7.39%			

Schedule 4

Fiscal Year

	Fiscal Year										
2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012						
f 21 220 242	¢ 10.425.246	¢ 17.504.227	¢ 16 457 970	¢ 15 (25 24)	¢ 15 126 720						
\$ 21,229,243	\$ 18,435,346 2,305,140	\$ 17,594,337	\$ 16,457,879	\$ 15,635,246 1,694,100	\$ 15,126,729						
2,393,474 3,363,941	3,353,782	2,337,425 2,755,529	2,213,124 2,526,188	2,369,345	1,664,783 1,617,757						
4,310,989	6,426,039	6,091,325	3,041,814	3,705,436	9,252,344						
245,021	119,424	74,535	106,622	171,962	502,440						
28,356	45,089	47,385	53,187	35,056	34,095						
36,749	77,751	197,735	299,432	156,114	324,317						
1,350,175	1,306,501	1,149,849	801,527	765,062	365,311						
32,957,948	32,069,072	30,248,120	25,499,773	24,532,321	28,887,776						
32,937,948	32,009,072	30,248,120	23,499,773	24,332,321	20,007,770						
8,292,732	7,825,328	7,087,380	6,263,354	5,682,908	5,618,736						
16,360,912	16,325,110	14,134,827	14,206,286	13,249,160	12,775,263						
2,944,217	2,791,477	3,295,185	4,359,168	4,003,651	4,043,054						
-	6,573,491	-	-	-	-						
5,508,898	3,542,378	4,999,251	4,488,149	6,313,241	866,854						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
406,000	895,000	387,000	787,000	340,000	330,000						
134,314	156,235	166,607	304,299	331,732	342,208						
673,064	-	-	-	-	-						
34,320,137	38,109,019	30,070,250	30,408,256	29,920,692	23,976,115						
(1,362,189)	(6,039,947)	177,870	(4,908,483)	(5,388,371)	4,911,661						
4,235,660	4,555,145	5,664,450	5,203,134	4,067,001	5,804,005						
(1,868,651)	(1,791,269)	(4,014,607)	(3,671,110)	(1,814,368)	(3,651,450)						
33,995,961	-	-	6,458,000	-	-						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
-	-	-	(6,458,000)	-	-						
36,362,970	2,763,876	1,649,843	7,990,024	2,252,633	2,152,555						
		1,444,163			-						
\$ 35,000,781	\$ (3,276,071)	\$ 3,271,876	\$ 3,081,541	\$ (3,135,738)	\$ 7,064,216						
1.88%	3.04%	2.21%	4.21%	2.85%	2.91%						

City of Venice, Florida Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 5

Fiscal Year Ended	Assessed	Value Personal	Less Tax-Exempt	Total Taxable Assessed	Total Direct Tax	
30-Sep	Property	Property	Property	Value	Rate	
2021	\$ 5,060,396,490	\$ 231,884,065	\$ 789,303,582	\$ 4,502,976,973	4.957	
2020	4,821,442,291	202,954,751	772,165,133	4,252,231,909	4.320	
2019	4,581,568,812	211,641,179	737,407,454	4,055,802,537	4.338	
2018	4,323,513,339	213,745,524	717,323,755	3,819,935,108	4.278	
2017	4,026,844,232	203,020,521	682,711,628	3,547,153,125	3.766	
2016	3,643,753,887	195,366,001	610,975,231	3,228,144,657	3.277	
2015	3,417,689,098	192,979,601	586,116,448	3,024,552,251	3.292	
2014	3,213,484,644	189,768,403	578,857,865	2,824,395,182	3.302	
2013	3,123,945,509	180,194,496	604,960,792	2,699,179,213	3.227	
2012	3,132,796,468	178,139,329	600,923,287	2,710,012,510	3.195	

Note: The basis of assessed value required by the state is 100% of actual value. For each fiscal year ending September 30, property is valued as of the preceding January 1st.

Source: Sarasota County Property Appraiser

City of Venice, Florida Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 6

Overlapping Rates Sarasota School City of Venice District SWFWMD Total County Total Debt Total Total Total Direct & Fiscal Service City SWFWMD Operating County School Overlapping Year Millage Millage Millage Millage Millage Millage Rates 2021 0.597 4.957 6.975 0.267 16.740 4.360 4.541 2020 3.700 0.6204.320 5.175 6.943 0.28016.718 2019 3.700 0.638 4.338 5.133 7.003 0.296 16.770 2018 16.933 3.600 0.678 4.278 5.133 7.209 0.313 2017 3.600 0.1663.766 5.143 7.433 0.332 16.674 2016 3.100 0.1773.277 5.143 7.763 0.349 16.532 2015 3.100 0.192 3.292 5.177 7.777 0.366 16.612 2014 3.100 0.202 3.302 5.177 7.970 0.382 16.831 2013 2.965 0.262 3.227 5.177 7.8160.393 16.613 2012 2.935 0.260 3.195 5.124 7.635 0.393 16.347

City of Venice, Florida Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 7

Fiscal Year	Total Tax	Collection w Fiscal Year		Collections in	Total Collections to Date		
Ended 09/30	•		Percentage Of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage Of Levy	
2021	\$ 22,321,257	\$ 21,506,496	96.3%	\$ 5,775	\$ 21,512,271	96.4%	
2020	18,369,642	17,693,372	96.3%	19,755	17,713,127	96.4%	
2019	17,594,071	16,986,409	96.5%	22,301	17,008,710	96.7%	
2018	16,341,682	15,748,855	96.4%	16,779	15,765,634	96.5%	
2017	13,358,579	12,850,227	96.2%	8,254	12,858,481	96.3%	
2016	10,578,630	10,244,464	96.8%	1,963	10,246,427	96.9%	
2015	9,956,826	9,601,711	96.4%	7,385	9,609,096	96.5%	
2014	9,326,153	8,934,711	95.8%	3,066	8,937,777	95.8%	
2013	8,710,251	8,390,344	96.3%	23,551	8,413,895	96.6%	
2012	8,658,490	8,333,156	96.2%	56,412	8,389,568	96.9%	

Property taxes are levied on November 1 of each year, and are due and payable upon receipt of the notice of the levy. A 4% discount is allowed if the taxes are paid in November, with the discount declining by 1% each month thereafter. Accordingly, taxes collected will not be 100% of the tax levy. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of each year, and tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes are sold at public auction prior to June 1 each year, and the proceeds collected are remitted to the City.

City of Venice, Florida Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Water & Sewer Utility System Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 8

Fiscal	Water & Sewer Charges	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt S		
Year	and other (1)	Expenses (2)	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage (3)
2021	\$ 25,996,764	\$ 12,804,377	\$ 13,192,387	\$ 1,730,023	\$ 1,036,797	4.8
2020	27,692,168	13,030,579	14,661,589	1,468,854	1,250,140	5.4
2019	24,937,433	12,657,837	12,279,596	1,416,854	1,300,065	4.5
2018	25,137,082	12,060,971	13,076,111	1,366,484	1,347,932	4.8
2017	23,634,520	10,286,775	13,347,745	1,291,000	1,396,453	5.0
2016	22,476,711	8,581,186	13,895,525	3,309,000	1,583,669	2.8
2015	20,992,313	9,728,137	11,264,176	3,268,000	872,580	2.7
2014	20,746,517	9,228,925	11,517,592	3,268,000	872,580	2.8
2013	20,256,649	9,087,713	11,168,936	3,222,000	916,378	2.7
2012	18,692,175	9,557,763	9,134,412	2,460,000	98,875	3.6

- (1) Includes interest earnings. Beginning in 2021, excludes plant capacity fees.
- (2) Excludes depreciation and amortization.
- (3) Bond covenant requires Gross Revenues in each fiscal year to be sufficient to pay the Cost of Operations and Maintenance of the System and all reserve and other payments required to be made pursuant to the Resolution, and be sufficient to provide an amount equal to 115% of the Bond Service Requirement becoming due in such year on all Outstanding Bonds.

Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Stormwater Utility System One Fiscal Year

				Less:		Net					
Fiscal	Storm	water Charges	(Operating	P	Available		Debt S	ervice	e	
Year	aı	nd other (1)	Expenses (2)		Revenue		Principal			Interest	Coverage (3)
2021	\$	2,435,310	\$	1,453,376	\$	981,934	\$	12,092	\$	2,321	68.1

- (1) Includes interest earnings.
- (2) Excludes depreciation and amortization.
- (3) Fiscal Year 2021 is the first year the Stormwater Utility System has a Clean Water State Revolving Fund Construction Loan Agreement (SW580460). The agreement requires rates and charges to provide sufficient revenues equal to or exceeding 115% of the sum of the semiannual loan payments due in such fiscal year.

City of Venice, Florida Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Schedule 9

			Lo	cal Option,		
Fiscal Year				Fuel and	Utility	
Ended	Ended Property		Con	nmunication	Service	
September 30	_	Taxes	Ser	vices Taxes	Taxes	Totals
2021	\$	21,512,830	\$	6,605,589	\$ 2,855,635	\$ 30,974,054
2020		17,731,625		5,858,552	2,791,724	26,381,901
2019		17,059,106		5,936,490	2,770,328	25,765,924
2018		15,778,381		6,005,639	2,702,317	24,486,337
2017		12,874,039		5,725,871	2,629,333	21,229,243
2016		10,255,897		5,615,140	2,564,309	18,435,346
2015		9,620,785		5,479,373	2,494,179	17,594,337
2014		8,946,291		5,109,151	2,402,437	16,457,879
2013		8,428,377		5,037,404	2,169,465	15,635,246
2012		8,401,213		4,746,512	1,979,004	15,126,729

City of Venice, Florida Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 10

	Gove	rnmental Activit	ies	Business-Ty	pe Activities			
	General		Lease/			Total	Percentage	
Fiscal	Obligation	Notes	Purchase	Revenue	Notes	Primary	of Personal	Per
Year	Bonds	Payable	Obligation	Bonds	Payable	Government	Income (a)	Capita (a)
2021	\$ 32,624,872	\$ -	\$ 1,136,847	\$ 30,666,488	\$ 7,293,965	\$ 71,722,172	5.80%	\$ 2,748
2020	34,247,308	150,000	1,400,720	32,629,075	6,473,281	74,900,384	6.59%	3,119
2019	35,827,994	250,000	-	33,755,217	5,290,813	75,124,024	7.56%	3,222
2018	37,373,865	350,000	-	34,836,358	4,466,104	77,026,327	7.94%	3,381
2017	38,765,961	-	-	35,877,500	3,722,771	78,366,232	8.29%	3,513
2016	5,176,000	-	-	36,873,641	2,837,000	44,886,641	4.99%	2,054
2015	6,071,000	-	-	37,364,783	5,911,000	49,346,783	5.79%	2,304
2014	6,458,000	-	-	21,206,134	8,958,000	36,622,134	4.60%	1,728
2013	7,245,000	-	-	21,609,847	11,967,000	40,821,847	5.36%	1,933
2012	7,585,000	-	-	-	14,867,373	22,452,373	3.00%	1,073

⁽a) See Schedule 13 for personal income and population data.

City of Venice, Florida Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 11

Fiscal Year	Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Population	General Bonded Debt	Less Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund (1)	Total	Percentage of Estimated/ Actual Taxable Value of Property	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2021	\$ 4,502,976,973	26,103	\$ 32,624,872	\$ 67,447	\$ 32,557,425	0.72%	\$ 1,247.27
2020	4,252,231,909	24,016	34,247,308	266,668	33,980,640	0.80%	1,414.92
2019	4,055,802,537	23,315	35,827,994	325,103	35,502,891	0.88%	1,522.75
2018	3,819,935,108	22,781	37,373,865	384,619	36,989,246	0.97%	1,623.69
2017	3,547,153,125	22,306	38,765,961	257,291	38,508,670	1.09%	1,726.38
2016	3,228,144,657	21,849	5,176,000	224,351	4,951,649	0.15%	226.63
2015	3,024,552,251	21,418	6,071,000	715,777	5,355,223	0.18%	250.03
2014	2,824,395,182	21,188	6,458,000	702,292	5,755,708	0.20%	271.65
2013	2,699,179,213	21,117	7,245,000	1,239,805	6,005,195	0.22%	284.38
2012	2,710,012,510	20,918	7,585,000	1,220,618	6,364,382	0.23%	304.25

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in 2021, accrued interest was deducted from amounts available in the Debt Service Fund

City of Venice, Florida Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt as of September 30, 2021

Schedule 12

Governmental Unit	(Debt Dutstanding	Percentage Applicable		Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
City of Venice direct debt	\$	33,761,719		100%	\$ 33,761,719
Sarasota County School Board		109,908,670	(a)	6.90% ^(c)	7,583,698
Sarasota County Subtotal, overlapping debt		379,333,666 (489,242,336)	b)	6.90% ^(c)	26,174,023 33,757,721
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	523,004,055		:	\$ 67,519,440

Source: (a) School Board of Sarasota County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Source: (b) Sarasota County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

(c) Determined by dividing:

taxable assessed valuation of the City of Venice \$ 4,502,976,973 by the total taxable valuation of Sarasota County \$ 65,215,252,986

Schedule 13

Fiscal Year	1		Personal Income (b)	F	Per Capita Personal come (c)	Unemployment Rate (d)
2021	26,103	\$	1,236,055,359	\$	47,353	3.7%
2020	24,016		1,137,229,648		47,353	5.2%
2019	23,315		993,079,110		42,594	2.9%
2018	22,781		970,333,914		42,594	2.9%
2017	22,306		945,216,750		42,375	3.3%
2016	21,849		899,829,216		41,184	4.7%
2015	21,418		852,821,924		39,818	5.0%
2014	21,188		795,863,656		37,562	6.0%
2013	21,117		761,310,084		36,052	6.8%
2012	20,918		747,295,550		35,725	8.9%

Sources:

- (a) Bureau of Economic and Business Research (BEBR), University of Florida. Resident population used by the City's Planning and Zoning Department.
- (b) Determined by multiplying population by per capita personal income.
- (c) U.S. Census Bureau For FY2020 & FY2021 (in 2019 dollars), 2015-2019
 U.S. Census Bureau American FactFinder, 2013-2017 5-year American Community Survey (in 2017 inflation-adjusted dollars)
- (d) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

Notes:

Statistics for unemployment rate are not available for City of Venice. Therefore, figures from North Port-Sarasota-Bradenton, FL Metropolitan Statistical Area were used.

City of Venice, Florida Principal Property Taxpayers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

Schedule 14

			2021			2012	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
MHC Bay Indies LLC	\$	87,267,814	1	1.94%	\$ 42,205,145	2	1.56%
Southwest Florida Retirement Center Inc.		43,547,400	2	0.97%	11,642,479	9	0.43%
Venice Senior Housing (Aston Gardens)		43,544,600	3	0.97%	23,230,600	5	0.86%
PGT Industries, Inc.		41,933,741	4	0.93%	32,595,048	3	1.20%
TGVF LLC		37,304,190	5	0.83%	-		0.00%
Venice HMA (Regional Medical Cntr)		29,442,300	6	0.65%	66,804,165	1	2.47%
Tuscan Gardens of Venice		18,057,400	7	0.40%	-		0.00%
Publix Supermarkets Inc		15,404,300	8	0.34%	11,690,183	8	0.43%
Venetian at Capri Isles I, LLC		14,884,508	9	0.33%	-		0.00%
ARHC Saven FL01, LLC		12,091,400	10	0.27%	-		0.00%
Florida Power & Light		-		-	23,959,673	4	0.88%
Csh-ing Bella Vita LP (Bella Vita Arv)		-		-	11,220,887	10	0.41%
Verizon		-		-	14,309,689	7	0.53%
WCI Communities, Inc		-		-	14,651,623	6	0.54%
Totals	\$	343,477,653	=	7.63%	\$ 252,309,492	=	9.31%
Total taxable assessed value - City of Venice	\$	4,502,976,973			\$ 2,710,012,510		

Source: Sarasota County Property Appraiser

Total taxable assessed value of Venice for 2021 - \$ 4,502,976,973 Total taxable assessed value of Venice for 2012 - \$ 2,710,012,510 City of Venice, Florida Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Schedule 15

		2021		2012					
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment			
Sarasota Memorial Hospital	7,704	1	4.08%	3,039	3	2.05%			
School Board of Sarasota County	5,811	2	3.08%	4,309	1	2.91%			
Publix Super Markets, Inc.	3,999	3	2.12%	1,454	4	0.98%			
Sarasota County Government	3,583	4	1.90%	3,305	2	2.23%			
PGT Innovations	2,228	5	1.18%	1,019	6	0.69%			
Venice Regional Bayfront Health	1,305	6	0.69%	1,300	5	0.88%			
City of Sarasota	785	7	0.42%	-	-	-			
Helios Technologies, Inc.	678	8	0.36%	697	7	0.47%			
Doctors Hospital of Sarasota	589	9	0.31%	-	-	-			
FCCI Insurance Group	403	10	0.21%	661	9	0.45%			
Tervis Tumbler	-	-	-	687	8	0.46%			
Sunset Automotive Group		-		650	10	0.44%			
	27,085		14.35%	17,121		11.56%			
Total Sarasota County Employment:	188,710			148,149					

Source: Sarasota County CAFR

Note: Statistics are for Sarasota County; not available for City of Venice

City of Venice, Florida Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 16

					Fisc					
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Department:										
Mayor and Council	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
City Manager	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	3.25	3.20	3.20	3.00	3.00	3.00
Historical Resources	5.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00
City Clerk	14.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Finance	3.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
Public Works Admin	15.60	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	1.00
Public Works - Fleet *	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
General Maintenance	14.95	15.60	15.60	15.60	12.60	9.60	9.60	11.00	11.00	12.00
Parks Maintenance	3.00	13.95	12.95	12.95	12.95	12.70	11.70	12.00	10.00	9.00
Engineering	4.00	4.00	4.10	4.10	4.10	4.65	3.15	5.00	5.00	6.00
Police	70.00	67.00	69.00	69.00	61.00	61.00	58.00	66.00	66.00	64.00
Fire	45.60	45.60	45.60	45.50	44.25	44.25	44.25	45.00	41.50	42.50
Fire - EMS **	26.00	25.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Planning & Zoning	10.75	13.25	13.50	11.00	11.00	9.00	8.00	6.00	7.00	8.00
Information Technology	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	4.00
Human Resources	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Building	19.50	19.00	18.75	15.35	15.60	12.60	12.60	10.00	7.00	6.00
Airport	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.25	8.20	8.30	8.00	7.00	7.00
Utilities Administration	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.20	10.10	9.00	9.00	7.00	8.00
Distribution / Collection	27.00	27.00	27.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	24.00	25.00	21.00	20.00
Water Production	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	14.00	14.00
Water Reclamation	19.00	19.00	19.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	18.00	18.00	17.00	17.00
Solid Waste	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	11.525	14.025	12.025	11.500	12.500	11.000
Recycling	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	12.525	9.025	10.025	9.500	8.500	11.000
Storm Water	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	5.70	5.80	1.00	1.00	2.00
TOTAL	371.40	368.40	345.50	333.50	312.25	301.05	292.65	295.00	276.50	276.50

^{*} Started Fleet Division within the General Fund for FY2019. The Fleet Manager position was under Public Works Administration in FY18 and under General Maintenance in previous years.

Source: City of Venice Finance Department

^{**} The City assumed responsibility for Emergency Medical Services (EMS) effective 10/1/2020. The City hired the EMS Division Chief during FY2019; the paramedics were hired during FY2020.

Schedule 17

	Schedule 17										
			2010	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Fiscal		2015	•	2012		
n 1 1 n	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
Parks and Recreation	7.501	7.501	7.501	7 201	7 201	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	
No. of trees trimmed and maintained	7,501	7,501	7,501	7,201	7,201	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	
No. of irrigation systems maintained	31	31	31	31	31	31	30	30	28	28	
Spray heads	2,800	2,800	2,710	2,510	2,510	2,510	2,450	2,450	2,400	2,400	
Zones	205	205	205	188	188	188	183	183	181	181	
Feet of drip line	31,400	31,400	31,200	31,200	31,200	31,200	31,200	31,200	31,200	31,200	
Police	51	7.1	51	50	7.0	40	477	477	42	4.5	
Number of sworn officers	51	51	51	53	50	48	47	47	43	45	
Total calls received	42,159	36,000	36,117	29,683	27,949	31,781	29,319	12,433	30,454	29,041	
Number of crime scenes processed	2.6	40	4.5	5 0		2.5		20	26	1.6	
(property division)	36	48	45	50	75	25	54	38	26	16	
Drug related arrests	53	51	64	97	129	98	61	45	37	123	
Traffic citations issues	1,430	1,035	1,162	1,368	1,308	2,308	1,331	1,043	1,000	1,366	
Parking citations	241	286	360	552	162	686	625	958	346	379	
Marine citations	9	31	13	11	19	6	20	25	6	23	
Traffic warnings	3,728	3,931	3,705	446	620	782	1,181	2,437	3,457	4,093	
Parking warnings	0	1	2	87	101	2	7	20	8	9	
Marine warnings	97	79	69	44	106	91	122	142	164	140	
Fire											
Number of firefighters, includes Fire Chief	42	42	42	42	41	41	41	41	41	39	
Number of paramedics, includes EMS Division Chief	25	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Calls for service	7,228	4,819	4,101	3,782	3,790	3,450	3,225	2,723	2,757	2,625	
Public Works											
Miles of roadway	69.77	69.77	70	70	70	63.1	63.0	59.9	53.7	53.7	
Miles of sidewalk	38.69	38.69	38.69	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.3	38.3	
Signalized intersections	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	
School zone areas	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Street lights	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	
Decorative pedestrian lights	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	
Water and sewer utilities											
Finished water pumped to system											
(millions of gallons)	889.6	866.7	772.8	777.2	799.6	776.8	783.9	797.4	738.6	767.3	
Potable water gallons delivered to											
customers (millions)	847.0	790.6	702.6	731.3	795.6	760.0	779.6	734.4	714.6	738.2	
Produced gallons of reuse water											
per day (MGD)	3.0	2.5	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.3	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.4	
Solid Waste											
Tons of garbage	23,462	21,538	21,148	21,357	21,537	21,325	19,932	18,343	16,622	15,784	
Tons of yard waste	2,692	2,668	2,767	3,861	3,437	2,922	2,957	2,769	3,306	2,662	
Tons of construction & debris	34	77	123	300	939	1,398	5,311	514	1,069	253	
Tons of Recycle Material:											
Tons of paper *	N/A	N/A	1,402	1,440	1,410	1,634	1,558	1,541	1,546	1,431	
Tons of commingled recyclables	3,062	3,176	1,384	1,422	1,376	1,296	1,246	1,179	1,182	1,021	
Tons of cardboard	127	517	966	873	921	940	926	919	955	1,063	
Tons of scrap metal	82	66	74	105	116	112	70	44	61	49	
Airport											
Number of T-Hangars	180	180	179	179	166	166	166	166	175	175	
Number of tie-downs	37	37	37	38	47	47	47	49	49	49	
Number of shade hangars	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	0	3	3	
Number of mobile homes	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	
Storm Water Drainage	105	105	105	103	105	105	103	105	105	105	
Miles of pipe	26.5	25.5	25.4	25.4	25.34	24.9	24.8	19.42	19.33	19.33	
Miles of swales and ditches	25.3	25.5	25.4	25.4	25.34	24.9	24.8	22	19.55	19.33	
Ditch regrading maintenance:	23	43	43	23	43	22	22	22	17	17	
Tons of material removed	167.8	64.8	19.5	245.7	105	378.4	128	76.8	204.7	29	
TOIS OF HIGHERAL TEHROYEG	10/.0	07.0	19.5	∠⊤ J./	103	J/0. 4	120	70.0	∠U ⊣. /	27	

Source: Various departments throughout the City of Venice.

^{*} Starting FY2020 the City changed to single-stream recycling. Paper is included in commingled recyclables.

CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 18

	Fiscal Year										
-	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
Parks and Recreation											
Number of Parks	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	
Park Acreage	383.1	383.1	383.1	383.1	383.1	383.1	383.1	383.1	383.1	383.1	
Playgrounds	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Baseball and Softball Diamonds	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	
Tennis Courts	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Basketball Courts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Shuffleboard Courts	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Golf Courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Boat Docks	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	2	2	2	
Nature/Fitness Trail (miles)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	
Soccer Fields	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Football Fields	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Croquet Courts	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	3	3	3	
Interactive Fountain	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Gazebo	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Fishing Pier	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Paw (Dog) Park	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Police											
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Fire											
Fire Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Fire Hydrants	1,247	1,197	1,157	1,124	1,066	1,076	1,065	1,035	1,030	1,018	
Public Works											
Paved Streets (miles)	66.4	66.4	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.1	63	59.9	53.7	53.7	
Water and Sewer Utilities											
Wastewater Main (miles)	141.7	140.9	137.4	137.1	137.1	157.0	157.6	200.0	142.0	142.3	
(includes collection pipe and forcemain)											
Water Mains (miles)	206.9	203.2	197.3	193.5	193.5	209.8	196.3	196.2	195.0	195.6	
(includes distribution pipe & raw water mains)											
Reclaimed Water Mains (miles)	52.2	52.1	51.7	50.5	50.5	59.1	52.0	49.2	50.0	50	
Reclaimed Water Bulk connections	5	5	5	5	5	5	7	7	6	7	
Reclaimed Water Residential connections	2,862	3,062	3,051	3,048	3,041	3,024	2,914	2,911	2,970	2,976	
Stormwater Drainage											
Storm Sewers (miles)	26.5	25.5	25.4	25.4	50.3	46.9	46.8	41.4	38.4	38.4	

Source: Various departments throughout the City of Venice.



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COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, of the City of Venice, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, grant agreements and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated February 14, 2022.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida February 14, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND MAJOR STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the compliance of the City of Venice, Florida (the "City") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Compliance Supplement and the requirements described in the Department of Financial Services State Projects Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and major state projects for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The City's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or major state project identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to in the first paragraph that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and major state projects for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to in the first paragraph. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or major state project in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is presented for the purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Uniform Guidance, Chapter 69I-5, Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance, Rules of the Department of Financial Services, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General (Cont.)*

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida February 14, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements					
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified Opinion			
Internal control over financial reporting	:				
• Material weakness(es) identified?			Yes	X	No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	d?		Yes	X	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			Yes	X	No
Federal Awards and State Financial	Assistance				
Internal control over major federal progprojects:	grams and state				
• Material weakness(es) identified?			Yes	X	No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	d?		Yes	X	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on comp major federal programs and state project		Unmodified	Opinion		
Any audit findings disclosed that are recreported in accordance with 200.516 of Guidance or Chapter 10.557, Rules of th General?	the Uniform		Yes	X	_ No
Identification of Major Federal Progr Projects:	rams and Major St	<u>ate</u>			
<u>CFDA Number</u> 66.468	Name of Federal Capitalization Gra		ng Water St	ate Rev	olving Funds
CSFA Numbers	Name of State Pro	<u>oject</u>			
55.004	Aviation Developr	nent Grants			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish bet Type A and Type B programs: Federal State	ween		\$750,000 \$300,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X	Yes		No

CITY OF VENICE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Cont.)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

SECTION II – FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT, AS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

No matters are reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General

No matters are reported.

SECTION IV - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

No matters are reported.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Federal Agency/Program Title	Federal ALN Number	Federal or Pass-through Grant Number	Expenditures
rederal Agency/110gram Title	Number	Grant Number	Expenditures
U.S. ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Passed-Through State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds	66.468	DW580430	\$ 949,436
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program City of Venice Police Department	16.034	2020-CESF-SARA-1C9-093	35,892
Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Total U.S. Department of Justice	16.607	2019BUBX10996568	2,843 38,735
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Airport Improvement Program Grant Extend Taxiway E - Design Phase Cares Act Airport Grant Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.106	03-12-0082-019-2020 03-12-0082-022-2021	161,229 23,000 184,229
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Hazard Mitigation Grant Program Emergency Generator-City Hall/Fire Complex	97.039	4337-33-R	624,592
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,796,992

See independent auditor's report and notes to this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Page 2 of 2

	State		ruge 2 oj 2	
	CSFA	State Contract/		
State Agency/Program Title	Number	Grant Number	Expenditures	
STATE OF FLORIDA, DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Aviation Development Grants	55.004			
Drainage Improvements		436507-1-94-01	\$ 664,285	
STATE OF FLORIDA, DEPARTMENT OF ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION				
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects	37.039			
Venice Outfall Monitoring Project		LPA0051	24,713	
Utilities East Gate Phase 2		LP58045	113,322	
Office of Resilience and Coastal Protection - Resilient Florida Program	37.098			
Resilience Plan Phase 1		R2109	74,834	
Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection			212,869	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			877,154	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND			0 0 0	
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 2,674,146	

See independent auditor's report and notes to this schedule.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance September 30, 2021

NOTE 1. PURPOSE OF THE SCHEDULE

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) is a supplementary schedule to the City's basic financial statements and is presented for purposes of additional analysis. The Schedule is required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

<u>Federal Financial Assistance</u> – Pursuant to the Uniform Guidance, federal financial assistance is defined as assistance provided by a federal agency, either directly or indirectly, that nonfederal entities receive or administer, in the form of grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, loans, loan guarantees, property interest subsidies, insurance, or direct appropriations.

Assistance Listing – The Uniform Guidance requires the Schedule to present the total expenditures for each of the City's federal financial assistance programs as identified in the Assistance Listing (AL). The AL is a government-wide compendium of individual federal programs. Federal financial assistance programs that have not been assigned an AL number are indicated with an "N/A."

B. Type A and Type B Programs

The Uniform Guidance establish the levels of expenditures to be used in defining Type A and Type B federal financial assistance programs. For the current year, Type A assistance programs for the City of Venice are those programs that exceeded \$750,000 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

All local governments that expend \$750,000 or more a year in federal financial assistance must undergo a Single Audit conducted in compliance with in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

C. Reporting Entity

The Schedule includes all federal financial assistance programs administered by the City of Venice and included in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

D. Basis of Accounting

Expenditures included in the Schedule are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds and the accrual basis of accounting for enterprise funds as defined in Note A(3) to the basic financial statements. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance September 30, 2021

are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when the liability has matured. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The City has elected to not utilize the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

E. Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Grant expenditure reports as of September 30, 2021, which have been submitted to grantor agencies will, in some cases, differ slightly from amounts disclosed herein. The reports prepared for grantor agencies are typically prepared at a later date and often reflect refined estimates of the year-end accruals. The reports will agree at termination of the grant as the discrepancies noted are timing differences.

NOTE 3. STATE REVOLVING FUND LOANS

For State Revolving Funds loans listed in this or prior Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance, the City had the following loan balances outstanding at September 30, 2021:

	Federal ALN/			Balance
Program Title	State CSFA No.	Grant Number	Outstanding	
State Revolving Fund	66.468 (Federal)	DW580430	\$	5,458,364
State Revolving Fund	37.077 (State)	WW580440	\$	476,094
State Revolving Fund	37.077 (State)	SW580460	\$	515,507



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

We have examined the compliance of the City of Venice, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City is in accordance with those requirements, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida February 14, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Venice, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Venice, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.*

Other Reporting Requirements

We have also issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Major State Project and on Internal Control over Compliance and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated February 14, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In connection with the preceding audit, there were no findings or recommendations.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based, in part, on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor, City Council, and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida February 14, 2022