

VILLAGE OF VIRGINIA GARDENS, FLORIDA Financial Section, Required Supplementary Information, and Supplementary Financial Reports Compliance Section September 30, 2021 With Independent Auditor's Reports



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Village Council, Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Village's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Withum Smith + Brown, PC

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 8, and budgetary comparison information on pages 28 and 29, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 2, 2022, on our consideration of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

June 2, 2022

As management of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village"), we offer readers of the Village's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Auditor's report, the basic financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements.

The Village implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" in fiscal year ended September 30, 2004. Under GASB Statement No. 34, retroactive infrastructure reporting for small governments is optional. Village management has reviewed the cost/benefit of the additional reporting requirements and determined not to retroactively apply the infrastructure reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34. The Village has capitalized infrastructure assets since implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

This discussion and analysis are designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Village's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns. The information contained within this section should be considered only a part of a greater whole.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,029,581 (net position). Of this amount, \$577,129 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.
- During the fiscal year, the Village's total net position increased by \$30,659.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund equity of \$160,659, a decrease of \$49,245 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$120,441 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and supplementary financial reports compliance section. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Village:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Village's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Village government, reporting the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements show how general government services such as public safety was financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the water fund.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information which further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, human services, and culture and recreation. The business-type activity of the Village includes a water fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Village maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the Village's public works fund, which is considered to be a special revenue fund.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and public works fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

Proprietary fund. The Village maintains one proprietary or enterprise fund. An *enterprise fund* is used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses an enterprise fund to account for its water fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 15 of this report.

Notes to basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 27 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning budget to actual comparisons for the Village's general fund and public works fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 28 and 29 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The table below summarizes the statements of net position:

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Net Position

Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total September 30, September 30, September 30, Amount % 2021 2020 2020 2021 2020 Change Change **Current and other assets** 936,014 446,232 698,227 698,590 1,634,241 1,144,822 489,419 42.8 % Capital assets, net 4,289,865 4,131,846 122,369 136,370 4,412,234 4,268,216 144,018 3.4 5,225,879 4,578,078 820,596 834,960 6,046,475 5,413,038 633,437 Total assets 11.7 Long-term liabilities outstanding 141,091 158,475 141,091 158,475 (17,384)(11.0)Other liabilities 93,761 245,710 96,567 151,949 100,448 197,015 (48,695)(19.8)6,735.0 Unearned revenue 678,788 9,931 678,788 9,931 668,857 916,446 320,355 100,448 93,761 1,016,894 602,778 Total liabilities 414,116 145.6 Net position Investment in capital assets, net of related debt 4,289,865 4,131,846 122,369 136,370 4,412,234 4,268,216 144,018 3.4 Restricted 40,218 45,616 40,218 45,616 (5,398)(11.8)(107,961) Unrestricted 80,261 604,829 577,129 685,090 (20,650)597,779 (15.8)

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,029,581 at the close of the most recent fiscal year and total net position increased by \$30,659 from the prior fiscal year.

741,199

720,148

\$ 5,029,581

\$ 4,998,922

30,659

0.6 %

\$ 4,257,723

4,309,433

Total net position

The largest portion of the Village's net position (\$4,412,234 or 88%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery, equipment, and vehicles) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Village's net position, \$40,218, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions as to how they may be used.

The balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$577,129, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village is able to report positive balances in the three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The table below summarizes the statements of activities:

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Changes in Net Position

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-	Type Activities	To	otal		
		Ended mber 30, 2020		er Ended ember 30, 2020		Ended nber 30, 2020	Amount Change	% Change
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Fees, fines, and								
charges for services	\$ 612,406	\$ 432,776	\$ 349,360	350,261	\$ 961,766	\$ 783,037	\$ 178,729	22.8 %
Capital grants and								
contributions	-	4,685	-	-	-	4,685	(4,685)	100.0
General revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	1,363,023	1,307,984	-	-	1,363,023	1,307,984	55,039	4.2
Utility taxes and								
franchise fees	443,028	454,969	-	-	443,028	454,969	(11,941)	(2.6)
Intergovernmental	412,786	887,039	-	-	412,786	887,039	(474,253)	(53.5)
Investment earnings	80	565	-	-	80	565	(485)	100.0
Miscellaneous	5,623	22,022			5,623	22,022	(16,399)	(74.5)
Total revenues	2,836,946	3,110,040	349,360	350,261	3,186,306	3,460,301	(273,995)	(7.9)
Expenses								
General government	809,937	1,060,625	-	-	809,937	1,060,625	(250,688)	(23.6)
Public safety	1,593,192	1,490,983	-	-	1,593,192	1,490,983	102,209	6.9
Physical environment	302,217	286,863	-	-	302,217	286,863	15,354	5.4
Transportation	260,853	172,922	-	-	260,853	172,922	87,931	50.9
Human services	26,914	37,453	-	-	26,914	37,453	(10,539)	(28.1)
Culture and recreation	273,513	237,585	-	-	273,513	237,585	35,928	15.1
Water			370,41	1 356,876	370,411	356,876	13,535	3.8
Total expenses	3,266,626	3,286,431	370,41	356,876	3,637,037	3,643,307	(6,270)	(0.2)
Increase (Decrease) in								
net position	(429,680	(176,391)	(21,05	1) (6,615)	(450,731)	(183,006)	(267,725)	(146.3)
Net position								
Beginning of year	4,257,723	4,434,114	741,199	9 747,814	4,998,922	5,181,928	(183,006)	(3.5)
End of year	\$ 3,828,043	\$ 4,257,723	\$ 720,148	<u>\$ 741,199</u>	\$ 4,548,191	\$ 4,998,922	\$ (450,731)	(9.0) %

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Village's net position by \$429,680 due mainly to increases in property tax revenue during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the Village's net position by \$21,051 due mainly to increased operating expenses during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Village's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$160,659, an decrease of \$49,245.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$120,441. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents approximately 4% of total general fund expenditures.

Proprietary fund. The Village's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

The total decrease in net position for the enterprise fund was \$21,051.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The following information is presented to assist the reader in comparing actual results with budgetary amounts:

- General fund revenues were \$531,034 lower than budgeted amounts, and expenditures were \$393,801 lower than budgeted amounts.
- Additional information on budgetary comparisons between the final budget and actual results can be found on pages 28 and 29 of this report.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at September 30, 2021, amounts to \$4,412,234.

The table below summarizes the capital assets of the Village:

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Capital Assets

		Governmen	tal /	Activities	Business-Type Activities			Total								
	_	Septen 2021	ıbe	r 30, 2020	Septem 2021		ember 30, 2020		Septen 2021		ber	ber 30, 2020		Amount Change	% Change	•
Land	\$	77,311	\$	77,311	\$	-	\$	-	\$	77,311	\$	77,311	\$	-	_	%
Construction in progress		817,950		430,630		-		-		817,950		430,630		387,320	89.9	
Buildings and improvements		2,718,737		2,695,185		-		-		2,718,737		2,695,185		23,552	0.9	
Transportation equipment		654,737		640,404		57,486		57,486		712,223		697,890		14,333	2.1	
Machinery and equipment		1,105,067		1,038,670		100,183		100,183		1,205,250		1,138,853		66,397	5.8	
Infrastructure		2,917,752		2,917,752		-		-		2,917,752		2,917,752		-	-	
Water systems						792,911		792,911		792,911		792,911			-	
Total		8,291,554		7,799,952		950,580		950,580		9,242,134		8,750,532		491,602	5.6	
Accumulated depreciation	_	(4,001,689)	_	(3,668,106)	_	(828,211)		(814,210)		(4,829,900)	_	(4,482,316)		(347,584)	(7.8))
	\$	4,289,865	\$	4,131,846	\$	122,369	\$	136,370	\$	4,412,234	\$	4,268,216	\$	144,018	3.4	%

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 23 of this report.

Long-term obligations. At year end, the Village had \$141,091 in long-term obligations outstanding versus \$158,475 last year. There were net reductions in compensated absences in the current year of \$17,384. Additional information on the Village's long-term obligations can be found in Note 9 on page 26 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

General Fund revenues and expenses are projected at \$2.7 million for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. The operating millage rate for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022 is stated at 4.9000 which is lower than the 2021 millage rate of 5.0000 mills.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Maritza Fernandez, Village Clerk, Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida.

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Government-Wide Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

	vernmental Activities	iness-Type ctivities	 Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,335,401	\$ -	\$ 1,335,401
Receivables, net	81,517	65,430	146,947
Due from other governments	50,596	-	50,596
Internal balances	(566,752)	566,752	-
Prepaid items	35,252	-	35,252
Restricted assets – cash and cash equivalents	 	 66,045	 66,045
Total current assets	936,014	698,227	1,634,241
Capital assets not being depreciated	895,261	-	895,261
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 3,394,604	 122,369	 3,516,973
Total assets	 5,225,879	 820,596	 6,046,475
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	55,500	25,277	80,777
Accrued liabilities	41,067	-	41,067
Unearned revenue	678,788	-	678,788
Due to other governments	-	9,126	9,126
Customer deposits	-	66,045	66,045
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year: Compensated absences	45,988	-	45,988
Due in more than one year: Compensated absences	 95,103	 -	 95,103
Total liabilities	 916,446	 100,448	 1,016,894
Net Position			
Investment in capital assets Restricted for transportation	4,289,865 40,218	122,369	4,412,234 40,218
Unrestricted (deficit)	(20,650)	- 597,779	577,129
- ()	 (==,===)	, <u>-</u>	
Total net position	\$ 4,309,433	\$ 720,148	\$ 5,029,581

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Government-Wide Statement of Activities September 30, 2021

		Program	Revenues	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position				
			Capital Grants					
Functions/Programs	Total <u>Expenses</u>	Charges for Services	and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 809,937	\$ 608,622	\$ -	\$ (201,315)	\$ -	\$ (201,315)		
Public safety	1,593,192	3,784	-	(1,589,408)	-	(1,589,408)		
Physical environment	302,217	-	-	(302,217)	-	(302,217)		
Transportation	260,853	-	-	(260,853)	-	(260,853)		
Human services	26,914	-	-	(26,914)	-	(26,914)		
Culture and recreation	273,513			(273,513)		(273,513)		
Total governmental activities	3,266,626	612,406	-	(2,654,220)	-	(2,654,220)		
Business-type activity-Water fund	370,411	349,360			(21,051)	(21,051)		
	\$ 3,637,037	\$ 961,766	\$ -	(2,654,220)	(21,051)	(2,675,271)		
		General revenues:						
		Property tax		1,363,023	-	1,363,023		
		Utility taxes and f	ranchise fees	443,028	-	443,028		
		Local option gas	tax	40,643	-	40,643		
		Communications	services tax	54,755	-	54,755		
		State sales tax		199,940	-	199,940		
		State revenue sh	aring	82,783	-	82,783		
		Transit tax		103,269	-	103,269		
		Transportation gr	ants	412,786	-	412,786		
		Investment earnii	ngs	80	-	80		
		Miscellaneous		5,623		5,623		
		Total general rev	enues	2,705,930		2,705,930		
		Change in net position	on	51,710	(21,051)	30,659		
		Net position-be	ginning of year	4,257,723	741,199	4,998,922		
		Net position-en	d of year	\$ 4,309,433	\$ 720,148	\$ 5,029,581		

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Balance Sheet and Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

		Major					
		General Fund		olic Works Special Revenue Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,335,401	\$	-	\$	1,335,401	
Receivables		81,517		-		81,517	
Due from other governments		21,354		29,242		50,596	
Due from other funds		-		104,017		104,017	
Prepaid items		35,252				35,252	
Total assets	\$	1,473,524	\$	133,259	\$	1,606,783	
Liabilities							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	53,985	\$	1,515	\$	55,500	
Accrued liabilities		41,067		-		41,067	
Unearned revenue		678,788		-		678,788	
Due to other funds	_	543,991		126,778		670,769	
Total liabilities		1,317,831		128,293		1,446,124	
Fund balances							
Nonspendable		35,252		-		35,252	
Restricted		-		4,966		4,966	
Unassigned		120,441		- 4.000	-	120,441	
Total fund balances		155,693		4,966		160,659	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,473,524	\$	133,259	\$	1,606,783	
Reconciliation of the balance sheet of governmental funds to the	state	ment of net p	ositio	n			
Total fund balance - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net	nositi	on are differer	t hece	nico.	\$	160,659	
 Capital assets of \$8,291,554, net of accumulated depreciation of \$ 	-					4,289,865	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.							
 Compensated absences do not require the use of current financial reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. 	reso	urces and are	not			(141,091)	
Net position of governmental activities					\$	4,309,433	

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statements of Activities September 30, 2021

		General Fund	Public Works Special Revenue Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues		- unu			T dilac
Property taxes	\$	1,363,023	\$ -	\$	1,363,023
Utility taxes and franchise fees	Ψ	443,028	-	Ψ	443,028
Charges for services		546,463	_		546,463
Intergovernmental		289,846	585,837		875,683
Licenses, permits, and fees		62,159	-		62,159
Fines and forfeitures		3,784	-		3,784
Miscellaneous		24,196			24,196
Total revenues	_	2,732,499	585,837		3,318,336
Expenditures					
Current operating					
General government		747,430	-		747,430
Public safety		1,426,069	-		1,426,069
Physical environment		185,507	- 		185,507
Transportation		-	260,853		260,853
Human services		24,033	-		24,033
Culture and recreation		213,064	-		213,064
Capital outlay		132,729	387,321	_	520,050
Total expenditures		2,728,832	648,174	_	3,377,006
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		3,667	(62,337)		(58,670)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		9,425	-		9,425
Interfund transfers in		-	50,000		50,000
Interfund transfers out		(50,000)			(50,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(40,575)	50,000		9,425
Net change in fund balances		(36,908)	(12,337)		(49,245)
Fund balances					
Beginning of year		192,601	17,303	_	209,904
End of year	\$	155,693	\$ 4,966	\$	160,659
Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in t governmental funds to the statement of activities	und bala	nces of			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds				\$	(49,245)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are					
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the					
those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as a	•				166 553
 amount by which capital outlays of \$520,050 exceeded depreciation of \$35 Gain on disposal of capital assets increases net position in the statement o 	-	•			166,553
in the governmental funds because it is not a gain of financial resources	i activities	, but does not	гарреаг		891
 Proceeds from sale of capital assets appear as other financing sources in t 	he govern	mental funds	but do		00.
not appear in the statement of activities because proceeds are recorded as	-				
the net book value of the assets being sold.	01	55.11pai			(9,425)
Change in compensated absences.					(57,064)
Change in net position of governmental activities				\$	51,710
Stange in her position of governmental doubles					,

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund September 30, 2021

	Business-Type <u>Activity</u> Water Fund
Assets	
Current assets	
Receivables, net	\$ 65,430
Due from other funds	566,752
Restricted assets – customer deposits	66,045
Total current assets	698,227
Capital assets, net	122,369
Total assets	820,596
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	25,277
Due to other governments	9,126
Payable from restricted assets – customer deposits	66,045
Total current liabilities	100,448
Net position	
Investment in capital assets	122,369
Unrestricted	597,779
Total net position	\$ 720,148

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund September 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activity
	Water Fund
Operating revenues	
User charges	\$ 326,905
Service and hook-up charges	14,730
Miscellaneous	7,725
Total operating revenues	349,360
Operating expenses	
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	146,589
Contractual services, materials, and supplies	209,821
Depreciation	14,001
Total operating expenses	370,411
Operating loss	(21,051)
Net position	
Beginning of year	741,199
End of year	<u>\$ 720,148</u>

		iness-Type Activity
		Water Fund
Operating activities		runu
Receipts from customers and users	\$	349,247
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(198,080)
Payments to employees		(146,589)
		4,578
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,070
Noncapital financing activities		
Transfers to other funds		(2,468)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(2,468)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		2,110
Cash and cash equivalents		
Beginning of year, including \$63,935 reported as restricted assets		63,935
End of year, including \$66,045 reported as restricted assets	\$	66,045
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Operating loss	\$	(21,051)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Depreciation		14,001
Changes in		(0.000)
Receivables		(2,223)
Due from or to other governments		16,290
Accounts payable		(4,549)
Customer deposits		2,110
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	4,578

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

The Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village" or the "government") was incorporated in 1953 under Chapter 29576 of the laws of Florida. The Village operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture, recreation, public works, improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The Village complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Village's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles are discussed in subsequent sections of this note. The remainder of the notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Village is a Florida municipal corporation with a five-member Village Council which acts as the legislative branch and a Mayor who is the chief executive officer of the Village. As required by U.S. GAAP, these financial statements present the Village (the primary government). Using applicable GASB criteria, management has determined that the Village has no component units.

Reporting Model

GASB Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" allows small governments to elect not to retroactively record infrastructure. Management has decided not to retroactively implement the recording of infrastructure assets.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the Village enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and one proprietary fund, even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided, and other charges between the Village water functions and various other functions of the Village. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The fund financial statements provide information about the Village's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements, and the Village does not have any other funds that are not considered to be major in the current fiscal year.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of the recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when liabilities are incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payments are due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of a specific revenue source that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The Village uses these funds to account for the activities of the public works fund.

The *public works fund* accounts for funds received under Chapters 336.021(1)(a) and 206.605(3), Florida Statutes, which are to be expended for establishment, purchase, and maintenance of transportation systems and facilities and road and street rights of way. The public works fund is also used to account for transit expenditures related to the Miami-Dade County Citizen's Independent Transportation Trust.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The water fund accounts for the activities of the Village's water services.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Village also recognizes as operating revenues the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

(1) Deposits - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Florida Statutes provide for risk sharing collateral pools by banks and savings and loan associations. These collateral pools collateralize local government deposits and certificates of deposit with the participating depositories. The Village's demand deposits, and certificates of deposit are placed in such authorized depositories.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned, or the Village will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits was \$1,401,446, and the bank balances of the Village's deposits were \$1,526,484. Bank balances were covered by certain levels of federal deposit insurance and the remainder was covered by pledged collateral as required by Florida Statutes. All collateral is pledged in the Village's name and is held by a third-party financial institution.

Highly liquid financial instruments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Village are considered to be cash equivalents.

(2) Village of Virginia Gardens' Investment Policies

(a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation.

Investing is performed in accordance with investing policies prescribed by State Statutes, Village Charter, and Village Policies. Funds may be invested in (1) direct obligations of the United States Government, its agencies, or instrumentalities to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the government of the United States is pledged, (2) Florida State Board of Administration local government surplus funds trust fund, and (3) collateralized or insured certificates of deposit and other evidence of deposits in financial institutions.

All of the Village's nonpension investments are certificates of deposit in regional or national financial institutions.

(b) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The Village's policy provides that to the extent practical investments are to be matched to cash flow requirements. The Village manages interest rate risks by purchasing certificates of deposit with maturities of 180 days or less. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investments in a single issuer.

(3) Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to or from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to or from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." See Note 12 for details of interfund transactions and balances, including receivables and payables, at September 30, 2021.

Management has determined that no allowance for bad debt is required for the general fund receivables.

Management evaluates the collectability of its user charges receivable in the water fund based on a combination of factors, including analysis of historical trends, aging of receivables, write-off experience, amounts held as deposit, and identification of specific accounts known as collection problems. The results of the evaluation are used to estimate the allowance amount, which management determined to be \$22,085 at September 30, 2021. An account is charged off when management determines a customer's inability to meet their financial obligations. This will occur after the water is shut off and the deposit is forfeited. There was no bad debt expense for the year ended September 30, 2021.

(4) Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

(5) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, transportation equipment, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and water systems, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of ordinary maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Buildings and improvements	7 – 40 years	N/A
Transportation equipment	3 – 7 years	5 years
Machinery and equipment	7 – 10 years	5 – 10 years
Infrastructure	25 years	N/A
Water systems	N/A	50 years

(6) Unearned Revenue

In the governmental funds unearned revenue includes amounts collected before the revenue recognition criteria are met and receivables that, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, are measurable but not yet earned. Unearned revenue will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned or become available. Unearned revenue in the general fund represents business tax revenue received for the next fiscal year and grant awards received during the year ended September 30, 2021 related to the American Rescue Plan Act totaling \$596,016. Revenue from this grant award will be recognized as the funds are spent on infrastructure projects in future fiscal years. Unearned revenue is also reported in the government-wide financial statements.

(7) Compensated Absences

The policy of the Village is to allow vesting of employee leave benefits with the right to receive compensation under certain conditions. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

(8) Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets less liabilities is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of
 resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on
 asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- *Unrestricted* net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the Village will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Village's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

(9) Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of September 30, 2021, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because of their nature (such as prepaid items) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Village itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Village Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint. The Village Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives).
- Assigned fund balance amounts the Village intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be
 expressed by the Village Council or by an official or body to which the Village Council delegates the
 authority. Assigned fund balance is established by Village Council through adoption or amendment of
 the budget as intended for a specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt
 service, or for other purposes).
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported
 only in the general fund.

In the general fund, the Village strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for unanticipated emergencies of approximately 25% of the actual U.S. GAAP basis expenditures and other financing sources and uses.

Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

<u>Budgetary Information</u> – The following procedures are used by the Village in legally adopting the budget for the general fund:

Legally Adopted Appropriated Budgets:

- Prior to August 1, the Mayor submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal
 year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and
 the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.
- The Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Village Council.
- The budgets for the general fund and the public works fund are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S.
 GAAP.

There are no encumbrances outstanding at year end. All outstanding purchase orders are canceled, and appropriations lapse at that time. Therefore, the Village did not report any fund balances reserved for encumbrances at year end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Village Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. For the year ended September 30, 2021, actual expenditures were lower than the final budgeted amounts by \$393,801 in the General Fund.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations:

For the year ended September 30, 2021, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the public works fund by \$15,848. The Village amended the budget during the year based upon projections of expenditures exceeding the original budget, however expenditures ended the fiscal year slightly higher than these projections. In the future the Village budget will include an additional provision for unanticipated expenditures.

Legally Authorized Nonappropriated Budget:

• A legally authorized nonappropriated budget is prepared for the enterprise fund. The Mayor is authorized to transfer budget amounts between line items of the authorized budget.

Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in accordance with the bases of accounting described in the previous paragraphs, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets or liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through June 2, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, the Village has determined that no subsequent events have occurred which would require disclosure in the financial statements.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents at September 30, consist of the following:

			nmental Types		oprietary nd Type			
		General Fund		Special Revenue Funds	terprise Fund		Total All Funds	Financial nstitution Balance
Cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted Demand deposits	\$	1,335,401	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,335,401	\$ 1,476,913
Restricted Demand deposits	_				 66,045 (1)	_	66,045	 49,571
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,335,401	\$		\$ 66,045	\$	1,401,446	\$ 1,526,484

¹ Restricted for customer utility deposits

3. RECEIVABLES AND DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Receivables and due from other governments consist of the following at September 30:

	G 	eneral Fund		Water Fund	lic Works Fund	Total
Receivables						
Utility taxes	\$	29,291	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 29,291
Franchise fees		51,331		-	-	51,331
User charges		-		87,394	-	87,394
Other		895		121	-	 1,016
Total receivables		81,517		87,515	-	169,032
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts				(22,085)	 	 (22,085)
Total receivables, net		81,517		65,430	 	 146,947
Due from other governments						
Miami-Dade County		-		-	29,242	29,242
State of Florida		21,354	_		 	 21,354
Total due from other						
governments	\$	21,354	\$		\$ 29,242	\$ 50,596

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, was as follows:

	Balance, October 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance, September 30, 2021
Governmental activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 77,311	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 77,311
Construction in progress	430,630	387,320	· -	- -	817,950
Total capital assets not being depreciated	507,941	387,320			895,261
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	2,695,185	23,552	-	=	2,718,737
Transportation equipment	640,404	42,781	(28,448)	-	654,737
Machinery and equipment	1,038,670	66,397	-	-	1,105,067
Infrastructure	2,917,752	<u> </u>		=	2,917,752
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,292,011	132,730	(28,448)		7,396,293
Accumulated depreciation per capital asset group					
Buildings and improvements	(1,014,984)	(108,053)	=	=	(1,123,037)
Transportation equipment	(469,654)	(72,413)	19,914	-	(522,153)
Machinery and equipment	(820,899)	(56,321)	-	-	(877,220)
Infrastructure	(1,362,569)	(116,710)			(1,479,279)
Total accumulated depreciation per capital					
asset group	(3,668,106)	(353,497)	19,914		(4,001,689)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	3,623,905	(220,767)	(8,534)		3,394,604
Governmental activities – capital assets, net	\$ 4,131,846	\$ 166,553	\$ (8,534)	\$ -	\$ 4,289,865
	Balance,				Balance,
	October 1,				September
	2020	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	30, 2021
Business-type activities					
Capital assets being depreciated					
Water systems	\$ 792,911	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 792,911
Transportation equipment	57,486	-	=	=	57,486
Machinery and equipment	100,183				100,183
Total capital assets being depreciated	950,580				950,580
Accumulated depreciation per capital asset group					
Water systems	(669,277)	(11,037)	-	-	(680,314)
Transportation equipment	(57,486)	-	-	-	(57,486)
Machinery and equipment	(87,447)	(2,964)			(90,411)
Total accumulated depreciation per capital					
asset group	(814,210)	(14,001)	-		(828,211)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	136,370	(14,001)		<u> </u>	122,369
Business-type activities – capital assets, net	<u>\$ 136,370</u>	<u>\$ (14,001)</u>	<u> - </u>	\$ -	\$ 122,369

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government for the year ended September 30, as follows:

General government	\$ 63,398
Public safety	110,059
Physical environment	116,710
Human services	2,881
Culture and recreation	 60,449
	\$ 353,497

5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE, ACCRUED LIABILITIES, AND DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following at September 30:

		Go	vernm	ental Activ	/ities			ness-Type ctivities		
	_	General Fund		lic Works Fund	Gov	Total ernmental	E1	nterprise Fund	Gov	vernment- Wide
Accounts payable Vendors DERM taxes	\$	53,985 -	\$	1,515 -	\$	55,500 <u>-</u>	\$	- 25,277	\$	55,500 25,277
	\$	53,985	\$	1,515	\$	55,500	\$	25,277	\$	80,777
Accrued liabilities Salaries and benefits	\$	41,067	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	41,067	\$		\$	41,067

At September 30, 2021, due to other governments consists of amounts owed by the water fund to Miami-Dade County.

6. PROPERTY TAX REVENUES

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of county, municipal, special district and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws of the State regulating tax assessments are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. Florida Statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills. The Village levied a combined millage rate of \$5.0000 and \$5.1000 per \$1,000 of assessed value for the fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively.

All real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable on the levy date of November 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified by the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser. Miami-Dade County mails to each property owner on the assessment roll a notice of the taxes due and the County also collects the taxes for the Village. Taxes may be paid upon the receipt of such notice from the County, with discounts at the rate of four percent (4%) if paid in the month of November and reduces one percent (1%) per month through February. Taxes paid in March are without discount and all unpaid taxes on real and tangible property become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year in which the taxes were assessed. Procedures for collecting delinquent taxes, including applicable tax certificate sales, are provided for by the laws of Florida. The Village recognizes ad valorem revenues in the fiscal year during which they are levied, to the extent collected within 60 days after year-end.

7. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

A. Money Purchase Pension Plan

The Village participates in a single employer defined contribution money purchase pension plan for full-time police officers and certain Village administrative personnel. The benefits to be received by a participant are based solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on the investment of those contributions, and forfeitures of nonvested terminated participants' accounts that may be allocated to remaining participants.

Since this plan qualifies as a defined contribution plan which is administered in its entirety under a pool arrangement by ICMA Retirement Corporation (a private sector plan administrator), the assets, liabilities, fund balances, and operations are not recorded within these basic financial statements.

<u>Funding Provisions</u> – Employees are required to contribute 5% of their compensation subject to certain limitations. The Village contributes an amount equal to 8% of participating employees' compensation. Total contributions were \$32,170 and \$26,782 for the Village and participants, respectively. All 12 eligible employees were participating in the plan.

Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Village Council.

<u>Vesting Provisions of Village's Contributions</u> – An employee who leaves the employment of the Village is entitled to all of his or her contributions and a portion of the Village's contributions as follows:

Years of Service	Percentage of Balance Vested
0 years but less than 3	0%
3 years but less than 4	25%
4 years but less than 5	50%
5 years or more	100%

B. Deferred Compensation Plan

The Village offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all Village employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen non-reimbursed emergency. The plan assets have been placed in a trust with a third-party trustee and, as such, are not recorded in the basic financial statements.

8. OPERATING LEASES AS LESSOR

The Village leases land that is used for cellular phone towers under two operating leases. The leases are automatically renewed for additional five-year terms, the lessees have the right to terminate their respective leases upon the annual anniversary of the lease commencement date. The current terms expire during fiscal year 2026. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Village received \$78,724 in rental income under these agreements. The amount of minimum rentals to be received is as follows:

2022	\$ 82,660
2023	85,624
2024	88,192
2025	90,838
2026	93,563
Thereafter	 34,123
	\$ 475,000

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Governmental Fund Type Long-Term Obligations

Changes in governmental fund type long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, were as follows:

	E	Balance,					Balance,					
	0	ctober 1,					Se	eptember	Due Within			
		2020		Additions		ductions	3	30, 2021	One year			
Compensated absences	\$	158,475	\$	54,314	\$	(71,698)	\$	141,091	\$	45,988		

Disclosure of Legal Debt Margin

The Village has no legal debt margin requirements set forth by either State Statute or Village ordinance.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village has obtained insurance from commercial underwriters for all the aforementioned risks, including workers' compensation for the year ended September 30, 2021.

The Village has not paid any settlements in excess of insurance coverage for each of the past three years. Furthermore, the Village has no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

11. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

A. Litigation

During the ordinary course of its operations, the Village is party to various claims, legal actions, and complaints. Some of these matters are covered by the Village's insurance program. Those which are not covered are handled by various law firms retained by the Village. Management does not believe that any such matters would have a material impact on the Village's basic financial statements.

B. Grant Expenditures

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Annexation

The Village is currently pursuing the annexation of additional lands which it believes will assist in the long-term growth by an increased tax base and job creation but will cost the Village additional monies for public safety and other services.

12. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

U.S. GAAP requires disclosure, as part of the basic financial statements, of certain information concerning individual funds including:

A. Interfund Transactions and Balances

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, were:

	lı Re	 nterfund Payables	
Fund			
Governmental funds			
General fund	\$	-	\$ 543,991
Public works fund		104,017	126,778
Enterprise fund – water fund		566,752	
•	<u>\$</u>	670,769	\$ 670,769

The general fund collects revenues and pays expenditures/expenses for the water fund and the public works fund. These interfund accounts arise as a result of this net activity.

B. Fund Balances

The Village's fund balances are as follows at September 30:

	General Fund	Public Works Fund	Total
Nonspendable Prepaids	\$ 35,252	\$ -	\$ 35,252
Restricted Transportation	-	4,966	4,966
Unassigned	120,441		120,441
Total fund balances	\$ 155,693	\$ 4,966	\$ 160,659



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

			General Fund			Public Works Fund							
	Original Budget	Budget Amendments	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Original Budget	Budget Amendments	Final Budget	Actual	Variance			
Revenues													
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,347,775	\$ (5,000)	\$ 1,342,775	\$ 1,363,023	\$ 20,248	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Utility taxes and franchise fees	499,600	(136,200)	363,400	443,028	79,628	-	-	-	-	-			
Charges for services	380,357	129,500	509,857	546,463	36,606	-	-	-	-	-			
Intergovernmental	257,001	699,000	956,001	289,846	(666,155)	212,582	269,744	482,326	585,837	103,511			
Licenses, permits, and fees	131,200	(60,400)	70,800	62,159	(8,641)	=	=	=	-	=			
Fines and forfeitures	6,200	-	6,200	3,784	(2,416)	-	=	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous	2,500	12,000	14,500	24,196	9,696								
Total revenues	2,624,633	638,900	3,263,533	2,732,499	(531,034)	212,582	269,744	482,326	585,837	103,511			
Expenditures													
Current operating													
General government	783,056	152,000	935,056	747,430	187,626	=	=	=	-	=			
Public safety	1,295,665	276,000	1,571,665	1,426,069	145,596	-	=	-	-	-			
Physical environment	200,571	-	200,571	185,507	15,064	-	=	-	-	-			
Transportation	-	-	-	-	=	212,582	419,744	632,326	260,853	371,473			
Human services	54,166	-	54,166	24,033	30,133	-	=	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation	244,375	20,000	264,375	213,064	51,311	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	46,800	50,000	96,800	132,729	(35,929)				387,321	(387,321)			
Total expenditures	2,624,633	498,000	3,122,633	2,728,832	393,801	212,582	419,744	632,326	648,174	(15,848)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues													
over expenditures		140,900	140,900	3,667	(137,233)		(150,000)	(150,000)	(62,337)	87,663			

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

	General Fund							Public Works Fund											
	Original Budget		Budget nendments		Final Budget		Actual	_ \	/ariance_		Original Budget		Budget nendments		Final Budget		Actual	_ \	/ariance
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of	 																		
capital assets	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,425	\$	9,425	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interfund transfers	 -		(150,000)	_	(150,000)		(50,000)		100,000				-		150,000		50,000		(100,000)
Total other financing																			
sources (uses)	 		(150,000)		(150,000)	_	(40,575)		109,425			_			150,000		50,000		(100,000)
Fund balances																			
Beginning of year	 192,601		-	_	192,601	_	192,601	_	-		17,303	_	<u>-</u>	_	17,303		17,303		
End of year	\$ 192,601	\$	(9,100)	\$	183,501	\$	155,693	\$	(27,808)	\$	17,303	\$	(150,000)	\$	17,303	\$	4,966	\$	(12,337)



SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL REPORTS COMPLIANCE SECTION



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Village Council, Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 2, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of This Report

Withum Smith + Brown, PC

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

June 2, 2022

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Status of Prior Year Recommendations

Prior Year Recommendations:			
	Prior Year		Present in
	Reference	Current	Second Preceding
Prior Year Findings	Number	Year Status	Year Report



MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY SECTION 10.550 OF THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Honorable Mayor and Village Council, Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated June 2, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 2, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no such findings in the preceding audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to financial statements. The information is disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements. There are no component units related to the Village.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5. a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not the Village has met one or more condition(s) described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Village did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.



Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5. c. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Village's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Annual Financial Report

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report of the Village for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports are in agreement.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of This Letter

Withem Smith + Brown, PC

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal, and other granting agencies, the board members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

June 2, 2022



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

Honorable Mayor and Village Council, Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida:

We have examined the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida's (the "Village") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Village's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Village's compliance with those requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Village complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Village complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Village's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Village complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

June 2, 2022

Withem Smith + Brown, PC