

#### **TOWN COUNCIL**

Mitchell Mack, Mayor Stephen J. Cross, Vice Mayor Orita Issartel Gayle Sikkema Zane Teeters

#### **TOWN CLERK & FINANCE OFFICER**

**TOWN ATTORNEY** 

Graham Wells

Heather Ramos

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Council, and Town Clerk, Town of Astatula, Florida:

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Astatula, Florida (the Town), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Unmodified Opinions on the General Fund, Infrastructure Fund, Water Fund, and Business-Type Activities

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the General Fund, Infrastructure Fund, Water Fund, and business-type activities of the Town of Astatula, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flow thereof, and budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and Infrastructure Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

In our opinion, except for the effects, if any, of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities section, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the Town of Astatula, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Basis for Opinions on the General Fund, Infrastructure Fund, Water Fund, and Business-Type Activities

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

As discussed in Note (7) to the financial statements, the Town has not implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require recording of an obligation for postemployment benefits other than pensions, which would increase liabilities, decrease net position, and change the expenses in governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities has not been determined.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Town's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the schedule of changes in the City's total OPEB liability that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 8, 2023, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Meore ; 6., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida May 8, 2023

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

As management of the Town of Astatula, Florida (the Town) we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

The Town's assets exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2022 by \$3,668,527 (net position). \$260,901 of this amount is available to meet the Town's unrestricted obligations to customers and creditors. The Town's total net position increased by \$808,473 as a result of current year operations.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three parts: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information that explains in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements of the Town provide a broad overview of the Town's finances and report information about the Town using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies.

The Statement of Net Position presents the Town's assets less its liabilities at year end. The difference between these assets and liabilities is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Town has only two funds, the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund, which are both governmental fund types.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, these funds focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. The Town's governmental funds include the General Fund and the Infrastructure Fund, which is a special revenue fund, used to account for the proceeds of

specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

*Proprietary funds* – The Town maintains a proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses an enterprise fund to account for its water operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water operations, which is consider to be a major fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 15 of this report.

*Notes to the Financial Statements* - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 19 of this report.

*Other information* - In addition to the basic financial statements and notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Schedules pertaining to the Town's participation in the Florida Retirement System defined benefit plan are on pages 32 and 33.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, the Town has implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments." As a result, the accompanying fund financial statements are converted to the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities by posting adjustments for the following:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, have been added to the Statement of Net Position. In addition, capital outlay has been taken out of expenses in the Statement of Activities, and depreciation expense for all equipment has been included in expense.

Our analysis of the government-wide financial statements of the Town begins below. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the net position of the Town and changes in them. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of financial position. However, you will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, regulations and new or changed government legislation.

Assets of the Town as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, consist primarily of cash of \$1,628,515 and \$1,088,931, respectively, and capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, of approximately \$3,248,899 and \$3,295,238, respectively.

Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources for September 30, 2022 and 2021, are \$1,668,406 and \$1,867,214, respectively, of which current liabilities of \$492,005 and \$622,255, respectively, consist primarily of accounts payable, accrued liabilities and unearned revenue. \$1,048,425 and \$326,444 are the respective net pension liabilities included in the total liabilities.

Net position amounted to \$3,668,527 in fiscal year 2022 and \$2,860,054 in fiscal year 2021. The major component of this category is the category invested in capital assets, net of related debt, which is the Town's net investment in capital assets (original cost less accumulated depreciation, less debt), totaling \$3,248,899 in fiscal year 2022 and \$3,242,523 in fiscal year 2021. The net investment in capital assets increased due to the construction of capital assets in the Water Fund.

While the statement of net position shows the change in financial position of net position, the statement of activities provides answers as to the nature and source of these changes.

Revenues totaled \$2,511,542 and consisted primarily of taxes, which were \$1,255,705 in 2022. In 2021, revenues totaled \$2,345,932 and consisted of \$1,126,625 in taxes. Other revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021 include intergovernmental revenue of \$764,092 and \$318,780, respectively; charges for services of \$231,657 and \$232,828, respectively; and amounts received from other sources of \$260,088 and \$164,694, respectively.

Total expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021 were \$1,692,261 and \$1,350,349, respectively, and consisted primarily of operating expenses of \$1,029,805 and \$662,456, respectively, for services and/or improvements performed by the Town. Expenses also include personal services of \$742,170 and \$679,002, respectively, which include salaries, wages and related taxes and fringe benefits paid to or on behalf of Town personnel. Capital outlay amounted to \$59,575 for 2022 and \$247,683 for 2021. Payments on the debt service amounted to \$188,833 in 2022 and \$147,962 in 2021.

#### **Analysis of General Fund and Infrastructure Fund**

The Town has two funds, the General Fund and Infrastructure Fund, which are reported in the Fund Financial Statements. The focus of the General Fund is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows of cash and the balance available. The unreserved fund balance serves as a measure of the resources available for spending for the next fiscal year. The General Fund had a positive fund balance of \$1,230,722 in 2022 and \$519,688 in 2021. The Infrastructure Fund had a positive fund balance of \$70,523 in 2022 and positive fund balance of \$50,256 in 2021.

#### **Analysis of Water Fund**

The Town's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the water operations at the end of the year amounted to a negative net position of \$(69,276). The change in net position for the water fund was \$737.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the budget and actual results are included on page 14 of the accompanying financial statements. Some of the more significant variances are discussed below:

*Revenue* - Year-to-date general fund revenues were more than the final budget by \$766,907 for fiscal year ended 2022.

Expenditures - Expenditures were \$81,198 lower than budgeted in 2022.

#### **Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt**

Capital Assets - As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Town had \$4,498,901 and \$4,498,518, respectively, invested in equipment, buildings, construction in progress, land and improvements. During fiscal years 2022 and 2021, \$669,880 and \$838,662, respectively, in equipment, improvements and buildings were acquired.

Long-Term Debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town has \$58,536 in accrued compensated absences. At the end of the prior year, the Town had \$52,715 due on police vehicle capital leases, \$130,000 in outstanding line of credit payable, and \$110,969 of accrued compensated absences outstanding. The Town's full-time employees accumulate annual leave based upon length of employment.

Long-term debt also includes the net pension liability of \$1,048,425 in 2022 and \$326,444 in 2021 for the Town's participation in the Florida Retirement System, a cost-sharing multiple employer retirement plan.

For more detailed information regarding the Town's capital assets and long-term debt, please refer to the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates**

- 1. The average unemployment rate for Lake County area is 3.1%. This is compared to 2.7% for the state and 3.5% for the nation.
- 2. Inflation nationally as indicated by the consumer price index was 8.3% at September 2022.

All these factors were considered in preparing the Town budget for the 2022-2023 year. The Town adopted the 2023 budget at its September 29, 2022 meeting. The 2023 Town's total general fund budget of \$1,486,867, included a millage rate of 7.5000.

Requests for Information - This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the:

Clerk of the Town of Astatula 25009 County Road 561 Astatula, Florida 34705 Telephone: (352) 742-1100

#### TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS         Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 1,617,169         \$ 549         \$ 1,617,718           Receivables         24,858         4,538         29,396           Internal balances         80,000         (80,000)         -           Due from other governments         65,933         -         65,933           Prepaids         130         -         130           Restricted assets:         -         10,797         10,797           Cash and cash equivalents         -         10,797         10,797           Capital assets:         -         10,797         10,797           Capital assets:         -         10,797         10,797           Depreciable, net         2,406,708         628,103         3,034,811           Total assets         \$ 4,408,886         \$ 563,987         \$ 4,972,873           Defered outflows related to pensions         \$ 364,060         \$ -         \$ 364,060           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 39,669         \$ 60         \$ 39,729           Customer deposits         150         5,100         \$ 2,50           Due to other governments         446,986         -         46,986 <th></th> <th>Governmental Activities</th> <th colspan="2"></th>		Governmental Activities			
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 1,617,169         \$ 549         \$ 1,617,718           Receivables         24,858         4,538         29,396           Internal balances         80,000         (80,000)         -           Due from other governments         65,933         -         65,933           Prepaids         130         -         130           Restricted assets:         -         10,797         10,797           Cash and cash equivalents         -         10,797         10,797           Capital assets:         -         10,797         10,797           Capital assets:         -         214,088         -         214,088           Depreciable, net         2,406,708         628,103         3,034,811           Total assets         \$ 4,408,886         \$ 563,987         \$ 4,972,873           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows related to pensions         \$ 39,669         \$ 60         \$ 39,729           Customer deposits         150         5,100         \$ 5,250           Due to other governments         40         -         40           Unearned revenue         446,986         -         58,536           Net pension liability </td <td>ASSETS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	ASSETS				
Receivables         24,858         4,538         29,396           Internal balances         80,000         (80,000)         -           Due from other governments         65,933         -         65,933           Prepaids         130         -         130           Restricted assets:         -         10,797         10,797           Capital assets:         214,088         -         214,088           Depreciable, net         2,406,708         628,103         3,034,811           Total assets         \$ 4,408,886         \$563,987         \$4,972,873           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows related to pensions         \$ 364,060         \$ -         \$ 364,060           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 39,669         \$ 60         \$ 39,729           Customer deposits         150         5,100         5,250           Due to other governments         4 40         -         40           Unearned revenue         446,986         -         58,536           Nort pension liabilities         5,8536         -         58,536           Net pension liability         1,048,425         -         1,048,425 <td></td> <td>\$ 1,617,169</td> <td>\$ 549</td> <td>\$ 1,617,718</td>		\$ 1,617,169	\$ 549	\$ 1,617,718	
Due from other governments         65,933         -         65,933           Prepaids         130         -         130           Restricted assets:         Capital assets:           Nondepreciable         214,088         -         214,088           Depreciable, net         2,406,708         628,103         3,034,811           Total assets         \$4,408,886         \$563,987         \$4,972,873           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$364,060         \$-         \$364,060           Deferred outflows related to pensions         \$39,669         \$60         \$39,729           Customer deposits         150         5,100         5,250           Due to other governments         40         -         46,986           Noncurrent liabilities:         446,986         -         446,986           Noncurrent liabilities:         58,536         -         58,536           Due within one year:         Compensated absences         58,536         -         58,536           Net pension liability         1,048,425         -         1,048,425           Total liabilities         \$1,593,806         \$5,160         \$1,598,966           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$69,440			4,538		
Prepaids         130         -         130           Restricted assets:         -         10,797         10,797           Cash and cash equivalents         -         10,797         10,797           Cash and cash equivalents         -         10,797           Cash and cash equivalents         -         10,797           Capital assets:         -         214,088           Depreciable, net         2,406,708         628,103         3,034,811           Total assets         \$ 4,040,808         \$ 563,987         \$ 4,972,873           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Due ferred outflows related to pensions         \$ 39,669         \$ 60         \$ 39,729           Customer deposits         \$ 15         \$ 5,100         \$ 5,250           Due to other governments         \$ 40         \$ 60         \$ 39,729           Customer deposits         \$ 1,044,986         \$ 5,100         \$ 5,100         \$ 5,250           Due within one year:	Internal balances	80,000	(80,000)	- -	
Restricted assets:         10,797         10,797           Capital assets:         10,797         10,797           Capital assets:         214,088         - 214,088           Depreciable, net         2,406,708         628,103         3,034,811           Total assets         \$ 14,088,886         \$ 563,987         \$ 14,972,873           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows related to pensions         \$ 364,060         \$ \$ \$ 39,669         \$ 60         \$ 39,729           Customer deposits         \$ 150         \$ 5,100         \$ 5,250           Due to other governments         446,986         \$ 2         446,986           Nocurrent liabilities:         Due within one year:         Compensated absences         \$ 58,536         \$ 58,536         \$ 58,536         \$ 1,048,425         \$ 1,048,425         \$ 1,048,425         \$ 1,048,425         \$ 1,048,425         \$ 1,048,425         \$ 1,048,425         \$ 1,048,425         \$ 1,048,425         \$ 1,048,	Due from other governments	65,933	-	65,933	
Cash and cash equivalents         -         10,797         10,797           Capital assets:         214,088         -         214,088           Depreciable, net         2,406,708         628,103         3,034,811           Total assets         \$4,408,886         \$563,987         \$4,972,873           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows related to pensions         \$364,060         \$-         \$364,060           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$39,669         \$60         \$39,729           Customer deposits         150         5,100         5,250           Due to other governments         40         -         40           Unearned revenue         446,986         -         446,986           Noncurrent liabilities:         58,536         -         58,536           Net pension liability         1,048,425         -         1,048,425           Total liabilities         \$1,593,806         \$5,160         \$1,593,966           Deferred inflows related to pensions         \$69,440         \$-         \$69,440           Net investment in capital assets         \$2,620,796         \$628,103         \$3,248,899 <td cols<="" td=""><td>Prepaids</td><td>130</td><td>-</td><td>130</td></td>	<td>Prepaids</td> <td>130</td> <td>-</td> <td>130</td>	Prepaids	130	-	130
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Depreciable, net Depreciable, net September (14,088)         214,088         - 214,088         214,088         - 3,034,811         3,034,811         - 3,044,000         - 3,045,000	Cash and cash equivalents	-	10,797	10,797	
Depreciable, net					
Standard	Nondepreciable	214,088	=	214,088	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows related to pensions         \$ 364,060         \$ -         \$ 364,060           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         \$ 39,669         \$ 60         \$ 39,729           Customer deposits         150         5,100         5,250           Due to other governments         40         -         40           Uncarned revenue         446,986         -         446,986           Noncurrent liabilities:         58,536         -         58,536           Net pension liability         1,048,425         -         1,048,425           Total liabilities         \$ 1,593,806         \$ 5,160         \$ 1,598,966           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows related to pensions         \$ 69,440         \$ -         \$ 69,440           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         \$ 2,620,796         \$ 628,103         \$ 3,248,899           Restricted for:         Transportation         88,204         -         88,204           Infrastructure         70,523         -         70,523           Unrestricted         330,177         (69,276)         260,901	Depreciable, net	2,406,708	628,103	3,034,811	
Deferred outflows related to pensions         \$ 364,060         \$ -         \$ 364,060           LIABILITIES         \$ 39,669         \$ 60         \$ 39,729           Customer deposits         150         5,100         5,250           Due to other governments         40         -         440           Uncarned revenue         446,986         -         446,986           Noncurrent liabilities:         Due within one year:         -         58,536         -         58,536           Net pension liability         1,048,425         -         1,048,425           Total liabilities         \$ 1,593,806         \$ 5,160         \$ 1,598,966           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows related to pensions         \$ 69,440         \$ -         \$ 69,440           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         \$ 2,620,796         \$ 628,103         \$ 3,248,899           Restricted for:         Transportation         88,204         -         88,204           Transportation         88,204         -         88,204           Infrastructure         70,523         -         70,523           Unrestricted         330,177         (69,276)         260,901 <td>Total assets</td> <td>\$ 4,408,886</td> <td>\$ 563,987</td> <td>\$ 4,972,873</td>	Total assets	\$ 4,408,886	\$ 563,987	\$ 4,972,873	
Deferred outflows related to pensions         \$ 364,060         \$ -         \$ 364,060           LIABILITIES         \$ 39,669         \$ 60         \$ 39,729           Customer deposits         150         5,100         5,250           Due to other governments         40         -         440           Uncarned revenue         446,986         -         446,986           Noncurrent liabilities:         Due within one year:         -         58,536         -         58,536           Net pension liability         1,048,425         -         1,048,425           Total liabilities         \$ 1,593,806         \$ 5,160         \$ 1,598,966           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows related to pensions         \$ 69,440         \$ -         \$ 69,440           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         \$ 2,620,796         \$ 628,103         \$ 3,248,899           Restricted for:         Transportation         88,204         -         88,204           Transportation         88,204         -         88,204           Infrastructure         70,523         -         70,523           Unrestricted         330,177         (69,276)         260,901 <td>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities       \$ 39,669       \$ 60       \$ 39,729         Customer deposits       150       5,100       5,250         Due to other governments       40       -       40         Unearned revenue       446,986       -       446,986         Noncurrent liabilities:       30,000 <t< td=""><td>Deferred outflows related to pensions</td><td>\$ 364,060</td><td>\$ -</td><td>\$ 364,060</td></t<>	Deferred outflows related to pensions	\$ 364,060	\$ -	\$ 364,060	
Customer deposits         150         5,100         5,250           Due to other governments         40         -         40           Unearned revenue         446,986         -         446,986           Noncurrent liabilities:         Une within one year:           Compensated absences         58,536         -         58,536           Net pension liability         1,048,425         -         1,048,425           Total liabilities         \$ 1,593,806         \$ 5,160         \$ 1,598,966           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows related to pensions         \$ 69,440         \$ -         \$ 69,440           Net investment in capital assets         \$ 2,620,796         \$ 628,103         \$ 3,248,899           Restricted for:         Transportation         88,204         -         88,204           Infrastructure         70,523         -         70,523           Unrestricted         330,177         (69,276)         260,901	LIABILITIES				
Customer deposits         150         5,100         5,250           Due to other governments         40         -         40           Unearned revenue         446,986         -         446,986           Noncurrent liabilities:         Une within one year:           Compensated absences         58,536         -         58,536           Net pension liability         1,048,425         -         1,048,425           Total liabilities         \$1,593,806         \$5,160         \$1,598,966           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows related to pensions         \$69,440         \$-         \$69,440           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         \$2,620,796         \$628,103         \$3,248,899           Restricted for:         Transportation         88,204         -         88,204           Infrastructure         70,523         -         70,523           Unrestricted         330,177         (69,276)         260,901	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 39,669	\$ 60	\$ 39,729	
Unearned revenue       446,986       -       446,986         Noncurrent liabilities:       Due within one year:         Compensated absences       58,536       -       58,536         Net pension liability       1,048,425       -       1,048,425         Total liabilities       \$1,593,806       \$5,160       \$1,598,966         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows related to pensions       \$69,440       -       \$69,440         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       \$2,620,796       \$628,103       \$3,248,899         Restricted for:       Transportation       88,204       -       88,204         Infrastructure       70,523       -       70,523         Unrestricted       330,177       (69,276)       260,901			5,100		
Unearned revenue       446,986       -       446,986         Noncurrent liabilities:       Due within one year:         Compensated absences       58,536       -       58,536         Net pension liability       1,048,425       -       1,048,425         Total liabilities       \$1,593,806       \$5,160       \$1,598,966         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows related to pensions       \$69,440       -       \$69,440         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       \$2,620,796       \$628,103       \$3,248,899         Restricted for:       Transportation       88,204       -       88,204         Infrastructure       70,523       -       70,523         Unrestricted       330,177       (69,276)       260,901	Due to other governments	40	-	40	
Due within one year:       Compensated absences       58,536       -       58,536         Net pension liability       1,048,425       -       1,048,425         Total liabilities       \$ 1,593,806       \$ 5,160       \$ 1,598,966         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows related to pensions       \$ 69,440       \$ -       \$ 69,440         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       \$ 2,620,796       \$ 628,103       \$ 3,248,899         Restricted for:       Transportation       88,204       -       88,204         Infrastructure       70,523       -       70,523         Unrestricted       330,177       (69,276)       260,901		446,986	-	446,986	
Compensated absences         58,536         -         58,536           Net pension liability         1,048,425         -         1,048,425           Total liabilities         \$ 1,593,806         \$ 5,160         \$ 1,598,966           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows related to pensions         \$ 69,440         \$ -         \$ 69,440           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         \$ 2,620,796         \$ 628,103         \$ 3,248,899           Restricted for:         Transportation         88,204         -         88,204           Infrastructure         70,523         -         70,523           Unrestricted         330,177         (69,276)         260,901	Noncurrent liabilities:				
Net pension liability         1,048,425         -         1,048,425           Total liabilities         \$ 1,593,806         \$ 5,160         \$ 1,598,966           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows related to pensions         \$ 69,440         \$ -         \$ 69,440           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         \$ 2,620,796         \$ 628,103         \$ 3,248,899           Restricted for:         Transportation         88,204         -         88,204           Infrastructure         70,523         -         70,523           Unrestricted         330,177         (69,276)         260,901	Due within one year:				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 1,593,806         \$ 5,160         \$ 1,598,966           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 69,440         \$ -         \$ 69,440           NET POSITION         \$ 2,620,796         \$ 628,103         \$ 3,248,899           Restricted for:         \$ 88,204         -         88,204           Infrastructure         70,523         -         70,523           Unrestricted         330,177         (69,276)         260,901	Compensated absences	58,536	-	58,536	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 69,440         \$ -         \$ 69,440           NET POSITION         Substituted for:         \$ 2,620,796         \$ 628,103         \$ 3,248,899           Restricted for:         Substituted for:         \$ 88,204         -         88,204           Infrastructure         70,523         -         70,523           Unrestricted         330,177         (69,276)         260,901	Net pension liability	1,048,425	-	1,048,425	
Deferred inflows related to pensions         \$ 69,440         \$ -         \$ 69,440           NET POSITION         Strict of the control of the con	Total liabilities	\$ 1,593,806	\$ 5,160	\$ 1,598,966	
NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         \$ 2,620,796         \$ 628,103         \$ 3,248,899           Restricted for:         Transportation         88,204         -         88,204           Infrastructure         70,523         -         70,523           Unrestricted         330,177         (69,276)         260,901	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Net investment in capital assets       \$ 2,620,796       \$ 628,103       \$ 3,248,899         Restricted for:       Transportation       88,204       -       88,204         Infrastructure       70,523       -       70,523         Unrestricted       330,177       (69,276)       260,901	Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$ 69,440	\$ -	\$ 69,440	
Net investment in capital assets       \$ 2,620,796       \$ 628,103       \$ 3,248,899         Restricted for:       Transportation       88,204       -       88,204         Infrastructure       70,523       -       70,523         Unrestricted       330,177       (69,276)       260,901	NET POSITION				
Restricted for:       88,204       -       88,204         Infrastructure       70,523       -       70,523         Unrestricted       330,177       (69,276)       260,901		\$ 2,620,796	\$ 628,103	\$ 3.248.899	
Transportation       88,204       -       88,204         Infrastructure       70,523       -       70,523         Unrestricted       330,177       (69,276)       260,901		+ -,,	, ,,,,,,,	+ -,,	
Infrastructure       70,523       -       70,523         Unrestricted       330,177       (69,276)       260,901		88,204	_	88.204	
Unrestricted 330,177 (69,276) 260,901		-	_		
			(69,276)		
	Total net position		\$ 558,827	\$ 3,668,527	

#### TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Program Revenues Chanages in Net Position** Operating Capital Charges for **Grants and** Grants and Governmental **Business-type Functions/Programs Expenses** Services **Contributions Contributions** Activities Activities Total Governmental activities: \$ 338,118 \$ 128,222 \$ 250 \$ (209.646)(209,646)General government \$ Public safety 886,689 4,272 600,560 (281,857)(281,857)Physical environment 199,809 173,287 56,435 1,913 31,826 31,826 Transportation (100,533)100,533 (100,533)Culture and recreation 94,178 6,308 (87,870)(87,870)Interest on long-term debt 6.118 (6,118)(6,118)657,245 (654,198)Total governmental activities 1,625,445 312,089 1,913 (654,198)Business-type activities: Water utility 66,816 67,553 66,816 67,553 Total business-type activities (654,198)Total primary government 1,692,261 379,642 657,245 1,913 737 (653,461)General revenues: 516,944 516,944 Property taxes Sales and use taxes 157,981 157,981 Franchise and utility taxes 153,213 153,213 Public service taxes 136,535 136,535 Infrastructure surtax 234,597 234,597 State revenue sharing 108,540 108,540 Other intergovernmental revenues 54,788 54,788 Miscellaneous revenues 99,336 99,336 1,461,934 Total general revenues 1,461,934 807,736 737 808,473 Change in net position Net position - beginning of year 2,301,964 558,090 2,860,054 Net position - end of year 3,109,700 558,827 3,668,527

#### TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General	Total Governmental Funds	
		Infrastructure	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,573,462	\$ 43,707	\$ 1,617,169
Receivables	24,858	-	24,858
Due from other governments	38,906	27,027	65,933
Due from other funds	80,000	-	80,000
Prepaid items	130	-	130
Total Assets	\$ 1,717,356	\$ 70,734	\$ 1,788,090
LIABILITIES	ф. <b>20.45</b> 0	Φ 211	Φ 20.660
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 39,458	\$ 211	\$ 39,669
Due to other governments	40	-	40
Customer deposits	150	-	150
Unearned revenue	446,986		446,986
Total liabilities	486,634	211	486,845
FUND BALANCES			
Non-spendable:			
Prepaid items	130	-	130
Restricted for:			
Transportation	88,204	-	88,204
Infrastructure	-	70,523	70,523
Assigned to:			
ARPA transition projects	600,000	-	600,000
Unassigned	542,388		542,388
Total fund balances	1,230,722	70,523	1,301,245
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$ 1,717,356	\$ 70,734	\$ 1,788,090

## TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,301,245
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Total governmental capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	3,853,464 (1,232,668)	2,620,796
On the governmental fund statements, a net pension liability is not recorded until an amount is due and payable and the pension plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the statement of net position, the Town's net pension liability of the defined benefit pension plans is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are also reported.  Net pension liability  Deferred outflows related to pensions  Deferred inflows related to pensions	(1,048,425) 364,060 (69,440)	(753,805)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities and other long-term liabilities consist of the following:  Compensated absences	(58,536)	(58,536)
Net position of governmental activities	(20,020)	\$ 3,109,700

#### TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General	Infrastructure	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 1,021,108	\$ 234,597	\$ 1,255,705
Licenses and permits	94,307	-	94,307
Intergovernmental	764,092	-	764,092
Charges for services	179,416	-	179,416
Fines and forfeitures	5,113	-	5,113
Impact fees	27,022	-	27,022
Miscellaneous	118,334		118,334
Total revenues	2,209,392	234,597	2,443,989
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	366,413	6,597	373,010
Public safety	790,399	-	790,399
Parks and recreation	34,573	-	34,573
Physical environment	247,398	18,900	266,298
Capital outlay	59,575	-	59,575
Debt service			
Principal	-	182,715	182,715
Interest and fiscal charges		6,118	6,118
Total expenditures	1,498,358	214,330	1,712,688
Net change in fund balances	711,034	20,267	731,301
Fund balances, beginning of year	519,688	50,256	569,944
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,230,722	\$ 70,523	\$ 1,301,245

## TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 731,301
Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.  Capital outlay expenditures  Depreciation expense	59,575 (164,824)
Bond and loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds. However, the issuance of debt is reported as long-term debt payable in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment of debt principal reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. These amounts are as follows:	
Principal repayment of long-term debt and capital leases	182,715
Governmental funds report contributions to defined benefit pension plans as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans reduces future net pension liability. Also included in pension expense in the statement of activities are amounts required to be amortized.  Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions	(42,656)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. These adjustments are as follows:	52 422
Change in compensated absences liability	52,433
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 807,736

#### TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts				Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive	
	(	Original		Final	Actual	(N	legative)
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	882,362	\$	882,362	\$ 1,021,108	\$	138,746
Licenses and permits		97,140		97,140	94,307		(2,833)
Intergovernmental		117,585		117,585	764,092		646,507
Charges for services		176,717		176,717	179,416		2,699
Fines and forfeitures		4,680		4,680	5,113		433
Impact fees		48,641		48,641	27,022		(21,619)
Interest revenues		60		60	-		(60)
Miscellaneous		10,800		115,300	118,334		3,034
Total revenues		1,337,985		1,442,485	2,209,392		766,907
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government:							
Legislative		14,660		17,660	13,050		4,610
Executive		281,612		281,612	276,403		5,209
Administration		20,600		25,600	25,225		375
Legal		29,100		49,100	43,450		5,650
Grants & special projects		7,200		14,200	12,039		2,161
Contingency and other		59,541		59,541	35,871		23,670
Public safety:							
Police		660,470		703,970	702,522		1,448
Code enforcement		91,933		91,933	87,877		4,056
Parks and recreation		39,280		65,280	34,573		30,707
Physical environment		250,710		250,710	247,398		3,312
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-
Total expenditures		1,455,106		1,559,606	1,478,408		81,198
Net change in fund balances	-	(117,121)		(117,121)	730,984		848,105
Fund balances, beginning of year		519,688		519,688	519,688		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	402,567	\$	402,567	\$ 1,250,672	\$	848,105

## TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - INFRASTRUCTURE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -		
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	•					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 40,000	\$ 234,597	\$ 194,597		
Total revenues		40,000	234,597	194,597		
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government:						
Executive	-	-	6,597	(6,597)		
Public safety:				, , , ,		
Police	168,926	197,926	58,833	139,093		
Parks and recreation	-	11,000	-	11,000		
Physical environment	7,500	7,500	18,900	(11,400)		
Debt service:						
Principal - line of credit*	=	=	130,000	(130,000)		
Total expenditures	176,426	216,426	214,330	2,096		
Net change in fund balances	(176,426)	(176,426)	20,267	196,693		
Fund balances, beginning of year	50,256	50,256	50,256	-		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (126,170)	\$ (126,170)	\$ 70,523	\$ 196,693		

<sup>\*</sup>Principal repayment on line of credit not a budgetary item; fund in compliance for total other actual expenditures.

#### TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Water
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	549
Restricted cash and equivalents:		
Cash		5,697
Customer deposits		5,100
Accounts receivable, net		4,538
Total current assets		15,884
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, net		628,103
Capital assets, liet		028,103
Total assets	\$	643,987
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	60
Due to other funds		80,000
Payable from restricted assets:		
Customer deposits		5,100
Total liabilities	\$	85,160
NET POSITION		_
	\$	629 102
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	Ф	628,103
Total net position	\$	(69,276) 558,827
Total net position	<u> </u>	330,021

#### TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Water	
Operating revenues	Ф	67.552
Charges for services Total operating revenues		67,553 67,553
Total operating revenues		01,555
Operating expenses Operating expense Other expenses Depreciation and amortization Total operating expenses		27,309 22,173 17,334 66,816
Change in net position		737
Net position, beginning of year		558,090
Net position, end of year	\$	558,827

#### TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	 Water
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 136,145 (66,291)
Net cash provided by operating activities	69,854
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisitions of capital assets	(87,052)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	 (17,198)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	28,544
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 11,346
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income	\$ 737
to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization  Changes in assets and liabilities:	17,334
Accounts receivable  Due to other governments	(4,134) 70,026
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposits	(16,809) 2,700
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 69,854
Cash and cash equivalents classified as:	- 45
Unrestricted Restricted	\$ 549 10,797
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,346

#### (1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The financial statements of the Town of Astatula, Florida (the Town), have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted body for promulgating governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Town's significant accounting policies:

(a) **Reporting entity**—The Town is a municipal corporation created by the Laws of Florida, located in Lake County. The Town was created by House Bill 480 in 1927. The legislative branch of the Town is composed of an elected five-member Town Council consisting of the Mayor and four council members. The Town Council is governed by the Town Charter and by state and local laws and regulations. The Town Council is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Council-appointed Town Clerk.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the applicable funds governed by the Town Council of the Town, the reporting entity of government for which the Town Council is considered to be financially accountable. In evaluating the Town as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units that may or may not fall within the Town's oversight and control, and thus, be included in the Town's financial statements. No such entities or component units have been identified.

(b) Government-wide and fund financial statements—The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long term assets and receivables as well as long term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net costs per functional category (public safety, public works, etc.), which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, etc.). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by the related program revenues, operating and capital grants. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net cost (by function) is normally covered by general revenue (property, sales or gas taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.). This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The fund financial statements emphasize the major funds.

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The governmental funds' major fund statements in the fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. This presentation is deemed most appropriate to demonstrate legal compliance and demonstrate how the Town's actual experience conforms to the budgeted fiscal plan. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented on the page following the Governmental Funds – Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund Town activities has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements.

(c) **Measurement focus and basis of accounting**—The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and pensions, are recorded only when payment is due.

Taxes, intergovernmental revenue, licenses and permits, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of connection fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(d) **Financial statement presentation**—The financial transactions of the Town are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The GASB Codification sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds. The majority of current operating expenditures of the Town are financed through revenues received by the General Fund.

The *Infrastructure Fund* is a special revenue fund which accounts for the financial resources related to the development and maintenance of the Town's infrastructure management system.

The Town reports the following as a major proprietary fund:

The *Water Fund* accounts for the activities of the Town's water utility system.

- (e) **Budgets and budgetary accounting**—Annual budgets for all governmental funds were adopted in compliance with Florida law. The basis on which the budgets are prepared is consistent with the basis of accounting utilized by the various fund types. The governmental funds' budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Town uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:
  - i. Prior to September 1<sup>st</sup>, the Town Clerk submits a preliminary budget to the Town Council for the ensuing fiscal year.
  - ii. Budget workshop sessions are scheduled by the Town Council, as needed.
  - iii. A general summary of the budget and notice of public hearing is published in a local newspaper.
  - iv. Prior to October 1<sup>st</sup>, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
  - v. The Town Council, by ordinance, may make supplemental appropriations in excess of those estimated for the year up to the amount of available revenue. Prior to the end of the fiscal year, supplemental appropriations are made for unanticipated spending requirements by the Council.
  - vi. The Town Clerk may make transfers within a department as long as the total budget for the department is not increased. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Council. The Town's Ordinance establishes the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level.
  - vii. Every appropriation lapses at the close of the fiscal year.

The budgets for governmental funds that were either adopted or amended during the year by the Town Council were prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The general and infrastructure funds have legally adopted budgets.

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (f) Use of estimates—Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates assumed in preparing the financial statements.
- (g) **Deposits and investments**—The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are recorded at fair value, where applicable. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

(h) **Receivables and payables**—Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, which is based upon management's analysis of historical trends. There was no allowance for uncollectible accounts as of September 30, 2022. All unpaid property taxes receivable at year end are at least 180 days past due, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

(i) Capital assets—Capital assets include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets. The terms general capital assets and general infrastructure assets relate only to the assets associated with governmental activities, whereas the terms capital assets and infrastructure assets relate to all such assets belonging to the Town.

Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Contributed assets, including donations and easements or other intangible rights of use, are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are only capitalized if they meet the dollar threshold above for capitalization. Maintenance and repairs of capital assets are charged to operating expenses.

Depreciation is reported for the primary government using the straight-line method calculated on a service-life basis to amortize the cost of the asset over their estimated economic useful lives, which are as follows:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	7 – 40 years
Equipment	3-20 years
Infrastructure	7-40 years
Vehicles	5-10 years

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (j) Compensated absences—It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation and a portion of sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.
- (k) Long-term obligations—In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Debt issuance costs are expensed when paid.
- (l) **Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**—In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will, if required, report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently, the only item in this category consisted of deferred amounts related to pension, as discussed further in Note (6).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets or fund balance that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Currently, the only item in this category consisted of deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, as discussed further in Note (6).

(m) **Fund equity**—In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Those classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* – amounts not available to be spent or not in spendable form, such as inventory and prepaid items.

Restricted – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

*Committed* – amounts the Town intends to use for a specific purpose as expressed at the highest level of decision making authority by the Town Council.

Assigned – amounts the Town intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by Town Council or by an official or body which the Council delegates authority.

*Unassigned* – amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

For spendable resources, is the Town's policy to use its resources in the following order as needed to fund expenses: restricted, committed, assigned, unassigned.

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(n) **Property taxes**—Property tax revenues are recognized when levied, to the extent that they result in current receivables. Details of the property tax calendar are presented below:

Lien date January 1 Levy date October 1

Discount periods November – February

No discount period March Delinquent date April 1

(o) **Net position flow assumption**—Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to determine amounts reported as restricted and unrestricted net position, it is the Town's policy to consider restricted net position to have been used before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### (2) Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statement:

- (a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position—Following the governmental fund balance sheet is a reconciliation between fund balance total governmental funds and net position governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.
- (b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities—Following the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, there is a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

#### (3) **Deposits and Investments:**

The Town, for accounting and investment purposes, maintains noninterest-bearing banking accounts for substantially all Town funds. Additional accounts are held for various other purposes, or to segregate cash balances for amounts which are restricted or held on behalf of others. State statutes authorize the Town to invest excess funds in time deposits, or obligations of the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States Government, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and/or the State Board of Administration (SBA) Local Government Surplus Trust Fund Investment Pool or other investment vehicles authorized by local ordinance.

As of September 30, 2022, all Town deposits were covered by private bank acquired insurance, Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) insurance, private broker/dealer acquired insurance, Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance, and/or the State of Florida collateral pool established under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act). The Act established guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under the Act, the qualified depository must pledge at least 50% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance. Additional collateral, up to 125% may be required if deemed necessary.

All of the Town's deposits are held with public depositories and as of September 30, 2022, the Town's deposits and investments were not subject to any substantial interest rate, credit, or concentration risks.

#### (4) **Capital Assets:**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance		Increases			Decreases	Ending Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	206,588	\$	-	\$	-	\$	206,588	
Construction in progress		7,500		-		-		7,500	
Total assets not being depreciated		214,088				-		214,088	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements		1,920,494		-		(28,918)		1,891,576	
Equipment		981,866		39,625		(117,326)		904,165	
Infrastructure		823,685		19,950		-		843,635	
Total assets being depreciated		3,726,045		59,575		(146,244)		3,639,376	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(	(1,203,280)		(164,824)		135,436	(	(1,232,668)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,522,765		(105,249)		(10,808)		2,406,708	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	2,736,853	\$	(105,249)	\$	(10,808)	\$	2,620,796	
Business-type activities:	В	eginning						Ending	
Zusiness type neur mest		Balance	T	ncreases	Г	ecreases		Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated:			_	nor cuses		CCICUSCS			
Construction in progress	\$	523,253	\$	_	\$	(523,253)	\$	_	
Total assets not being depreciated		523,253		-		(523,253)		-	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Infrastructure		35,132		610,305				645,437	
Total assets being depreciated		35,132		610,305				645,437	
Less: accumulated depreciation				(17,334)		-		(17,334)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		35,132		592,971				628,103	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	558,385	\$	592,971	\$	(523,253)	\$	628,103	
Depreciation expense was charged to function						(020,200)		020,100	
Depreciation expense was charged to function	18/ pro	ogranis as 10.	HOWS	)•					
Governmental activities:									
General governmental					\$	17,541			
Public safety						53,034			
Transportation						24,136			
Culture and recreation						59,605			
Physical environment					_	10,508			
Total depreciation expense -	gove	rnmental act	ivitie	S	\$	164,824			

All business-type activities depreciation expense was charged to the water function.

#### (5) **Long-Term Liabilities:**

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, a summary of the long-term liability transactions for the Town is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:										
Line of credit	\$	130,000	\$	-	\$	(130,000)	\$	-	\$	-
Capital leases		52,715		-		(52,715)		-		-
Compensated absences		110,969		19,891		(72,324)		58,536		58,536
Total long-term liabilities	\$	293,684	\$	19,891	\$	(255,039)	\$	58,536	\$	58,536

#### (6) Florida Retirement System:

#### **Plan Description and Administration**

The Town participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the Town's full-time employees. The System is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

In addition, all regular employees of the Town are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5.

The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

#### **Benefits Provided and Employees Covered**

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Members of both Plans may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit.

#### (6) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest.

Employees may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. The Investment Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, DROP, etc.). Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Employees in the Investment Plan vest at one year of service.

#### **Financial Statements**

Financial statements and other supplementary information of the FRS are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available from the Florida Department of Financial Services, Bureau of Financial Reporting Statewide Financial Reporting Section by mail at 200 E. Gaines Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0364; by telephone at (850) 413-5511; or at the Department's Web site (www.myfloridacfo.com). An annual report on the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from:

Florida Department of Management Services Division of Retirement, Research and Education Services P.O. Box 9000 Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000 850-488-5706 or toll free at 877-377-1737

#### (6) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

#### **Contributions**

The Town participates in certain classes of FRS membership. Each class has descriptions and contribution rates in effect at September 30, 2022, as follows (contribution rates are in agreement with the actuarially determined rates):

FRS Membership Plan & Class	Through June 30, 2022	After June 30, 2022		
Regular Class	10.82%	11.91%		
DROP from FRS	18.34%	18.60%		

Current-year employer HIS contributions were made at a rate of 1.66% of covered payroll.

For the plan year ended June 30, 2022, actual contributions made for Town employees participating in FRS and HIS were as follows:

Town Contributions – FRS	\$ 102,549
Town Contributions – HIS	8,812
Employee Contributions – FRS	15,925

### Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2022, the Town reported a liability related to FRS and HIS as follows:

	Net Pension					
Plan	Liability					
FRS	\$	894,180				
HIS		154,245				
Total	\$	1,048,425				

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental entities, as actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, the Town's proportionate share of the FRS and HIS net pension liabilities were as follows:

Plan	2022	2021
FRS	0.002403191%	0.002172734%
HIS	0.001456292%	0.001323268%

For the plan year ended June 30, 2022, pension expense was recognized related to the FRS and HIS plans as follows:

FRS	\$ 141,087
HIS	15,955
Total	\$ 157,042

#### (6) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

Deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions:

At September 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS				HIS			
	O	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		s of Inflow	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	42,468	\$	-	\$	4,682	\$	679
Changes of assumptions		110,122		-		8,841		23,862
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		59,043		-		223		-
Change in Town's proportionate share		76,151		44,669		31,536		230
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		28,562		-		2,432		-
	\$	316,346	\$	44,669	\$	47,714	\$	24,771

The above amounts for deferred outflows of resources for contributions related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions being amortized for a period of greater than one year will be recognized in pension expense in succeeding years as follows:

2023	\$ 68,308
2024	34,099
2025	(7,743)
2026	156,167
2027	13,341
Thereafter	(546)
Total	\$ 263,626

#### Actuarial assumptions:

The Actuarial assumptions for both defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because HIS is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed.

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.40%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS investments is 6.70%. This rate decreased from the prior year rate, which was 6.80%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.54% was used to determine was used to determine the total pension for the program. This rate increased from the prior year rate, which was 2.16%. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the PUB2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018 details.

#### (6) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

Long-term expected rate of return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2022, the FRS Actuarial Assumptions conference reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and by a capital market assumptions team from Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, which consults to the Florida State Board of Administration. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Arithmetic Expected Rate of Return
Cash	1.0%	2.6%
Fixed income	19.8%	4.4%
Global equities	54.0%	8.8%
Real estate	10.3%	7.4%
Private equity	11.1%	12.0%
Strategic investments	3.8%	6.2%
Total	100.0%	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the proportionate shares of the FRS and HIS net pension liability of the Town calculated using the current discount rates, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

Plan	Current Plan Discount Rate		NPL with % Decrease	NPL at Current count Rate	NPL with 1% Increase		
FRS HIS	6.70% 3.54%	\$	1,546,423 176,468	\$ 894,180 154,245	\$	348,827 135,855	

#### (7) Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB):

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, was issued June 2015 and was effective for the year ending September 30, 2018. The Town did not implement GASB 75 and did not record any net OPEB obligation in previous years. Therefore, there was no impact on net position in the governmental activities.

#### (8) Risk Management:

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year.

The Town is engaged in routine litigation incidental to the conduct of its municipal affairs. In the opinion of the Town's legal counsel, no legal proceedings are pending which would have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Town.

#### (9) Commitments and Contingencies:

The Town is engaged in various liability claims incidental to the conduct of its general government operations at September 30, 2022. The outcomes of established claims are included in these financial statements. In the opinion of the Town's legal counsel, no legal proceedings are pending or threatened against the Town which are not covered by applicable insurance which would inhibit its ability to perform its operations or materially affect its financial condition.

#### (10) Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial statements. Listed below are pronouncements with required implementation dates effective for subsequent fiscal years that have not yet been implemented. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following will have on the Town's financial statements:

- (a) GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, in May 2020. provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The provisions in GASB 96 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022.
- (b) GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, in June 2022. provides guidance to meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The provisions in GASB 101 are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

#### TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

As of the Plan Year Ended June 30,

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	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Florida Retirement System (FRS)									
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.240319100%	0.002172734%	0.002392898%	0.002331442%	0.002162630%	0.002105403%	0.001927551%	0.001674748%	0.001755311%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 894,180	\$ 164,125	\$ 1,037,117	\$ 802,916	\$ 651,395	\$ 622,764	\$ 486,708	\$ 216,316	\$ 107,100
Covered payroll	530,831	468,565	440,725	415,046	357,718	327,344	286,890	276,670	209,967
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered									
payroll	168.45%	35.03%	235.32%	193.45%	182.10%	190.25%	169.65%	78.19%	51.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.89%	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)									
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.145629200%	0.001323268%	0.001269588%	0.001240749%	0.001094982%	0.000943934%	0.001179170%	0.000938246%	0.000981547%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 154,245	\$ 162,319	\$ 155,015	\$ 138,827	\$ 115,894	\$ 101,508	\$ 99,089	\$ 95,686	\$ 91,777
Covered payroll	530,831	468,565	440,725	415,046	357,718	327,344	286,890	276,670	209,967
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered									
payroll	29.06%	34.64%	35.17%	33.45%	32.40%	31.01%	34.54%	34.58%	43.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	4.81%	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for only those years for which information is available.

#### TOWN OF ASTATULA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30,																	
	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Florida Retirement System (FRS)  Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	105,315 105,315	\$	87,480 87,480	\$	79,505 79,505	\$	72,292 72,292	\$	61,633 61,633	\$	54,809 54,809	\$	47,006 47,006	\$	40,832 40,832	\$	38,449 38,449
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	546,720 19.26%	\$	479,094 18.26%	\$	440,725 18.04%	\$	415,046 17.42%	\$	357,718 17.23%	\$	327,344 16.74%	\$	286,890 16.38%	\$	276,670 14.76%	\$	209,967 18.31%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS) Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	9,076 9,076 -	\$	7,953 7,953	\$	7,316 7,316	\$	6,890 6,890	\$	5,938 5,938	\$	5,024 5,024 -	\$	4,358 4,358	\$	3,587 3,587	\$	3,362 3,362
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	546,720 1.66%	\$	479,094 1.66%	\$	440,725 1.66%	\$	415,046 1.66%	\$	357,718 1.66%	\$	327,344 1.53%	\$	286,890 1.52%	\$	276,670 1.30%	\$	209,967 1.60%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for only those years for which information is available.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Council, and Town Clerk, Town of Astatula, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Astatula, Florida, (the Town) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 8, 2023.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Moore : 6., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida May 8, 2023



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Council, and Town Clerk, Town of Astatula, Florida:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Astatula, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 8, 2023.

As discussed in Note (7) to the financial statements, the City has not implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require recording of an obligation for postemployment benefits other than pensions, which would increase liabilities, decrease net position, and change the expenses in governmental activities. The effects of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America on the governmental activities has not been determined.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 8, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective action has been taken on comments and recommendations from the preceding annual financial audit report.

#### Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority for the primary government of the reporting entity is disclosed in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

#### **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Town met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we no such recommendations.

#### **Special District Component Units**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units; therefore, we did note any such component units that failed to provide the necessary information, nor is any specific special district information required to be reported.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and State granting agencies, the Town Council, management, and others within the Town and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Daytona Beach, Florida May 8, 2023 James Maore ; Co., P.L.

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Council, and Town Clerk, Town of Astatula, Florida

We have examined the compliance of Town of Astatula, Florida (the Town) with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies* (the Statue), for the year ended September 30, 2022. The Town's management is responsible for the compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against the aforementioned statute and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our evaluation based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with the attestation standards for a direct examination engagement established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating the Town's compliance against aforementioned statute and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our measurement or evaluation of the Town's compliance. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks that were not in accordance with those requirements in all material respects, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent of the Town, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our examination engagement.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

James Maore : 6., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida May 8, 2023

#### IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Graham Wells, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of the Town of Astatula which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida;
- 2. The governing body of the Town of Astatula adopted Ordinance No. 2007-B and Ordinance 2020-11 implementing an impact fee; and
- 3. The Town of Astatula has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Graham Wells - Town Clerk & Finance Officer

STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF LAKE

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this And day of May, 2023.

NOTARY PUBLIC
Print Name Tray Stephenson

Type of identification produced:

My Commission Expires:

Tracy Marie Stephenson
Comm. #HH13147

Expires: July 17, 2023 Bonded Thru Aaron Notary