

CITY OF CLERMONT FLORIDA

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For The Year Ended September 30, 2022



Prepared by: Finance Department



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION







352-241-7358 BBulthuis@Clermontfl.org

April 1, 2024

Honorable Mayor Tim Murry, Council Members and Citizens of the City of Clermont, Florida

Dear Mayor Murry, Council Members and the Citizens of the City of Clermont, Florida:

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Clermont, Florida, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Clermont has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Clermont's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the City of Clermont's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Clermont's financial statements have been audited by McDirmit Davis & Company, LLC; a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Clermont for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Clermont's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A provides "financial highlights" and interprets the financial reports by analyzing trends and by explaining changes, fluctuations and variances in the financial data. In addition, the MD&A is intended to disclose

any known significant events or decisions that affect the financial condition of the City. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the City of Clermont

The City was founded in 1884 and incorporated in 1916. The City currently has a land area of 19.2 square miles and a population of approximately 45,812. The City is located in south Lake County, approximately 22 miles west of the City of Orlando and about 25 miles northwest of Walt Disney World. Clermont, known as "Choice of Champions®", is truly the crossroads of Florida, at the intersection of State Road 50, which runs east and west across the state, and U.S. Highway 27, which runs north and south through the center of the state.

Clermont is on a chain of 15 lakes connected by the winding Palatlakaha River in the Ocklawaha Basin of tributaries of the St. Johns River, the only river system in the United States that flows north. The lakes offer residents the opportunity for excellent fishing, boating, swimming and other water sports, including competitive rowing, skiing and wakeboarding offered by world-class instructional schools. The City of Clermont is known for its scenic beauty, relaxed lifestyle, recreational facilities and temperate climate. Residents have a wide variety of housing and property-ownership opportunities, including lakefront and lake-access property, golf-course communities, homes in existing neighborhoods, residential retirement communities and new subdivisions.

The City of Clermont provides a full range of services as directed by its charter. These include police and fire protection, street and sidewalk maintenance, planning and development, code enforcement, recreational facilities and programs, cemetery and general administrative functions. The City also provides potable water, wastewater collection and treatment, reclaimed water production and distribution, stormwater treatment, solid waste collection and recycling services.

The City operates according to a Council/Manager form of government, with an appointed City Manager, four elected City Council members and an elected Mayor. The governing body has legislative responsibilities, including setting policy, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the City Manager. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing body, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government and hiring the directors of the various departments.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Clermont's financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Clermont are required to submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager. The City Manager then uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the Council for review. The City Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than September 30, the close of the City of Clermont's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund (e.g. general fund), and department (e.g. police department). The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within departments; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of a department must be approved by City Council. Original and final amended budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund.

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Clermont operates.

Local Economy

The City of Clermont is essentially residential in character and its economy is centered in retail, real estate, personal services and healthcare. During the last 5 years, Clermont's population has increased by 6,906 residents or 17.8%. Clermont's economic factors for FY 2022 indicated continued recovery of impacts from the pandemic in both unemployment and per capita personal income levels, both of these areas have moved in a favorable direction. The per capita personal income levels have increased \$5,563 or 17.6% over the last 5 years. The City's unemployment rate decreased from 2.7% to 2.6% over the last 5 years, this rate continues to be below the county, state and national averages. Educational institutions in Clermont, such as Lake-Sumter State College, St. Leo University and the University of Central Florida, assist in supplying a skilled labor force. One of the highlighted areas of change has been the increase in property values; this year had a 8.28% increase in taxable property values. Primarily due to this increase in property values, Clermont's property tax-millage rate of 4.2061 continues to be among the lowest of other comparable cities in the Central Florida region.

The cost of living for the region is below the national average. There is no personal income tax, either locally or statewide. Sales tax, currently at 7%, is not charged on food or medicine. One cent of the sales tax charged within the county is limited to \$50 per transaction (1% of \$5,000). As discussed in the MD&A, this additional penny sales tax must be used for infrastructure including roads, buildings, land, land improvements and certain equipment.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City uses an extensive water and sewer master plan to manage growth in the water and sewer utility systems. The plan outlines water and sewer line size requirements for planned development with rough cost estimates. The plan also has benchmarks for plant expansions and additional well requirements.

The Clermont City Council and management, through careful short- and long-range planning and sound management practices, are committed to budgeting and managing all resources in the most cost-effective manner. The City adopts a Five-Year Capital Plan as part of the annual budget process. The Capital Plan is a multi-year prioritized schedule that identifies future capital outlay by the year it is intended to be purchased or commenced, the amount to be spent per year, and the funding source.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City regularly reviews revenues and expenditures throughout the fiscal year. Quarterly budget reports are prepared and presented to the City Council. The reports show budget-to-actual for the city's top 10 revenues, total fund revenues, total fund expenditures, departmental expenditures and various department performance indicators. Through this process, if actual revenues are expected to fall short of the budgeted amount, expenditures are reduced to ensure that a shortage of funds or a significant use of fund balance does not occur.

Major Initiatives

The completion of several capital projects included in the award-winning Downtown Waterfront Master Plan continues to be the major emphasis of the City. The Master Plan offers an exciting view of the future of Clermont and how to protect the very charms that have drawn hundreds of thousands to this internationally recognized city that is one of the nation's top places to live, as well as a training ground for the world's elite athletes. The following capital projects are included in the Master Plan and are expected to be completed within the next two years. The listed projects below are being funded primarily from several grants and a loan. It is important to note that no General Fund reserves are being used to fund the construction of these projects.

- The **Downtown Waterfront District** area includes Montrose Street, Minneola Street and Osceola Street between 7th and 8th streets. The proposed improvements consist of streetscapes, landscaping, bathrooms, lighting, upgrades for event lighting and music, banners and beautification. A focal point will be created at City Hall Park to anchor downtown visitors, creating a destination and meeting point in the heart of downtown Clermont. In addition, the city plans to demarcate the halfway point of the Coast-to-Coast Trail. Phase one of the project was completed in 2021. Phase two of the project is under construction with expected completion in 2022. Phase three design is underway with construction starting in 2022. The total project is anticipated to cost approximately \$17 million.
- The **Public Services Facility Relocation** construction project is underway, and involves the expansion and relocation of the existing antiquated facility. The new facility will be located on Hancock Road. The \$17 million facility will feature a 5,240 square-foot administrative building and a 23,340 square-foot compound for city fleet maintenance activities. Construction is expected to be completed in Fiscal Year 2023 or 2024.

In addition to the Master Plan projects there is a major Utility Projects underway.

• The Wastewater Treatment Facility Expansion project is required in order to meet the increased demand generated within the service area. The project is designed to take the facility from the existing permitted capacity of 4 MGD to 6.5 MGD with the construction starting during 2023. This project will not only allow the facility to maintain regulatory compliance, it will also allow the City to continue the history of responsibly utilizing water resources by expanding the volume of effluent that can be produced for public access reuse. This project has an estimated cost of \$50 million.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Clermont for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. That was the 33rd consecutive year the City received the prestigious award. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City did not submit a report for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

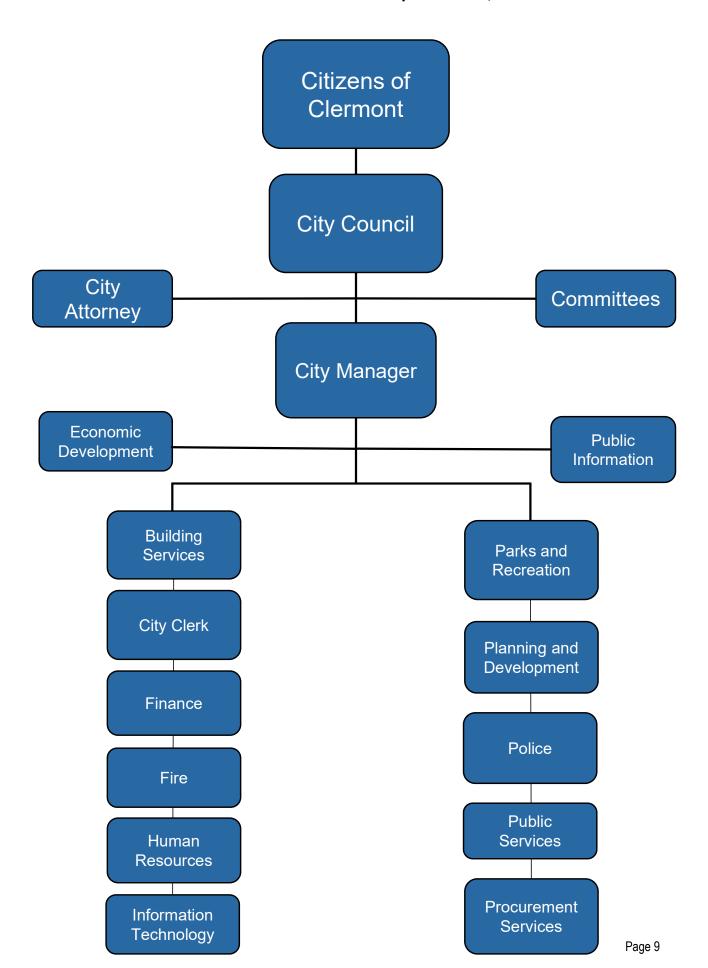
Credit must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Clermont's finances. The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff in the City Manager's Office and Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of these departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Brian M. Bulthuis City Manager Scott E. Borror Finance Director



City of Clermont, Florida Organization Chart For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022



City of Clermont, Florida List of Elected and Appointed Officials For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Elected Officials

Tim Murray Mayor

Jim PurvisTimothy BatesCouncil MemberMayor Pro-Tem

Ebo EntsuahMichele PinesCouncil MemberCouncil Member

Appointed Officials

Brian Bulthuis
City Manager

Scott Davidoff
Deputy City Manager
Fire Chief

Dan MantzarisNadine OhlingerCity AttorneyHuman Resources Director

Tracy Ackroyd Howe
City Clerk
Wayne Fountain
Interim Information Technology Director

Laurie Windham

Communications Director

Parks and Recreation Director

Lisa Widican

Building Services Director

Charles Broadway

Police Chief

Curt HenschelStoney BrunsonPlanning & Development Services DirectorPublic Works Director

Pam BrosonskiFreddy SuarezFinance DirectorPurchasing Director

FINANCIAL SECTION







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Clermont, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Clermont*, *Florida* (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Infrastructure Special Revenue Fund, and ARPA Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We have conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates
 made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial
 doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control –related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis and pension and other post employment benefits disclosures on page 17 through 26 and 85 through 89 and be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 1, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McDismit Davis

Orlando, FL April 1, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



As management of the City of Clermont, Florida we offer readers of the City of Clermont's (the City) financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Clermont for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3 through 7 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The City of Clermont's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at September 30, 2022 by \$250,306,603 (net position). Of this amount, \$55,940,265 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$19,458,668 (or 8%) during fiscal year 2022 primarily due to an increase in total revenues. The most significant factor was the increase in operating grants and contributions, which changed from \$2.0 million to \$14.6 million. This was primarily due to the receipt of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding from the federal government.
- At September 30, 2022, the City of Clermont's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$49,559,018
 an increase of \$9,972,764 from the previous fiscal year. Of this amount \$17,840,316 (unassigned fund balance) is available
 for spending at the government's discretion.
- The General Fund, the City's primary operating fund, reported an unassigned fund balance of \$17,840,316, which represents 50% of total General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Clermont's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Clermont's financial position, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They include a *Statement of Net Position* and a *Statement of Activities*. These statements appear on pages 29 and 30 of the report.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Clermont that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Clermont include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Clermont include water, sewer, sanitation, and stormwater utilities.

The government-wide financial statements include only the City of Clermont itself (known as the *primary government*) and one blended component unit (The City of Clermont Community Redevelopment Trust Fund).

Fund financial statements.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Clermont, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Clermont can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Clermont maintains eleven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Infrastructure Fund and ARPA Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other seven governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Clermont adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General Fund (pages 34 - 35), the Infrastructure Fund (page 36), and the ARPA fund (page 37) to demonstrate compliance with budgets. Other major and nonmajor funds comparisons can be found beginning on page 100.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 31 - 37 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Clermont maintains two types of proprietary funds: *enterprise* and *internal service*, which can be found on pages 38 - 43 of this report.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Clermont uses enterprise funds to account for water, sewer, sanitation and stormwater utilities. Internal service funds are an accounting tool used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among various functions. The City utilizes an internal service fund for its health insurance. Because services accounted for in the internal service fund predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for water, sewer, sanitation, and stormwater which are all considered to be major funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City of Clermont's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 44 - 45 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 49 - 80 of this report.

Other Information.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with other governmental and proprietary funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 96 - 109 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following is a summary of the City's net position for governmental and business-type activities for the current year as compared to the prior year. For more detail see the Statement of Net Position.

	Governmental Activities		Business	-type Activities	To		
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	
Assets:				_			
Current and other assets	\$ 63,295,511	\$ 55,105,444	\$ 68,008,090	\$ 61,898,408	\$131,303,601	\$117,003,852	
Capital assets	84,078,750	79,192,866	98,166,957	100,421,095	182,245,707	179,613,961	
Total assets	147,374,261	134,298,310	166,175,047	162,319,503	313,549,308	296,617,813	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Deferred outflow of pension and OPEB earnings	10,594,352	5,199,860	405,698	445,423	11,000,050	5,645,283	
Deferred charge of refunding		<u> </u>	645,480	726,167	645,480	726,167	
Total deferred outflows of resources	10,594,352	5,199,860	1,051,178	1,171,590	11,645,530	6,371,450	
Liabilities:							
Long-term liabilities outstanding	40,351,634	39,344,826	17,966,773	18,748,695	58,318,407	58,093,521	
Other liabilities	12,534,561	4,439,101	2,581,582	2,175,846	15,116,143	6,614,947	
Total liabilities	52,886,195	43,783,927	20,548,355	20,924,541	73,434,550	64,708,468	
Deferred Inflow of Resources:							
Deferred inflow of pension and OPEB earnings	1,403,154	7,361,151	50,531	71,709	1,453,685	7,432,860	
Net investment in capital assets	58,736,145	51,595,557	86,666,673	88,519,639	145,402,818	140,115,196	
Restricted	18,690,598	14,910,765	30,272,922	25,419,884	48,963,520	40,330,649	
Unrestricted	26,252,521	21,846,770	29,687,744	28,555,320	55,940,265	50,402,090	
Total net position	\$103,679,264	\$ 88,353,092	\$ 146,627,339	\$ 142,494,843	\$ 250,306,603	\$ 230,847,935	

The City's total net position at September 30, 2022 was \$250,306,603. Of the City's total net position \$145,402,818 (58.1%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Clermont's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's total net position, \$48,963,520 (19.6%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the City's total net position, \$55,940,265 (22.3%) is unrestricted. These assets may be used at the City's discretion in meeting its ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The City's net position increased by \$19,458,668 during the current fiscal year. Major components of this increase are discussed in the Governmental and Business-Type Activities sections to follow. Restricted reserves represent the accumulation of impact fee funds for upcoming and ongoing capital projects.

The following is a summary of the City's governmental and business-type activities for fiscal year 2021-22, including revenues and expenses, with a comparison to the prior year. For more detail see the Statement of Activities.

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business	-type Activities	Total		
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	
Revenues:							
Program revenues -							
Charges for services	\$ 10,068,644	\$ 8,346,718	\$ 23,305,913	\$ 22,107,572	\$ 33,374,557	\$ 30,454,290	
Operating grants and contributions	14,583,447	2,025,523	-	-	14,583,447	2,025,523	
Capital grants and contributions	23,375	2,205,531	6,312,708	22,093,775	6,336,083	24,299,306	
General revenues -							
Property Taxes	15,349,735	14,353,854	-	-	15,349,735	14,353,854	
Business Taxes	144,528	143,984	-	-	144,528	143,984	
Franchise Fees	3,812,938	3,360,139	-	-	3,812,938	3,360,139	
Utility Taxes	4,684,059	4,466,642	-	-	4,684,059	4,466,642	
Intergovernmental	12,179,646	9,969,074	-	-	12,179,646	9,969,074	
Investment income and miscellaneous	290,322	791,253	(471,841)	106,161	(181,519)	897,414	
Gain on sale of capital assets	42,372	-	775	40,066	43,147	40,066	
Total revenues	61,179,066	45,662,718	29,147,555	44,347,574	90,326,621	90,010,292	
Expenses:							
General government	5,322,105	5,918,171	-	-	5,322,105	5,918,171	
Public safety	28,925,227	23,712,850	-	-	28,925,227	23,712,850	
Physical environment	3,772,739	2,763,287	-	-	3,772,739	2,763,287	
Transportation	1,927,707	2,264,129	-	-	1,927,707	2,264,129	
Economic environment	1,337,164	665,094	-	-	1,337,164	665,094	
Culture and recreation	4,227,083	4,044,169	-	-	4,227,083	4,044,169	
Interest on long-term debt	635,273	686,929	-	-	635,273	686,929	
Water	-	-	9,107,744	7,109,563	9,107,744	7,109,563	
Sewer	-	-	9,175,803	8,172,055	9,175,803	8,172,055	
Sanitation	-	-	3,993,702	3,467,370	3,993,702	3,467,370	
Stormwater	-	-	2,443,406	1,990,565	2,443,406	1,990,565	
Total expenses	46,147,298	40,054,629	24,720,655	20,739,553	70,867,953	60,794,182	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position Before							
Transfers	15,031,768	5,608,089	4,426,900	23,608,021	19,458,668	29,216,110	
Transfers	294,404	2,346,072	(294,404)	(2,346,072)		-	
Increase in Net Position	15,326,172	7,954,161	4,132,496	21,261,949	19,458,668	29,216,110	
Net Position - Beginning	88,353,092	80,398,931	142,494,843	121,232,894	230,847,935	201,631,825	
Net Position - Ending	\$103,679,264	\$88,353,092	\$146,627,339	\$142,494,843	\$ 250,306,603	\$ 230,847,935	

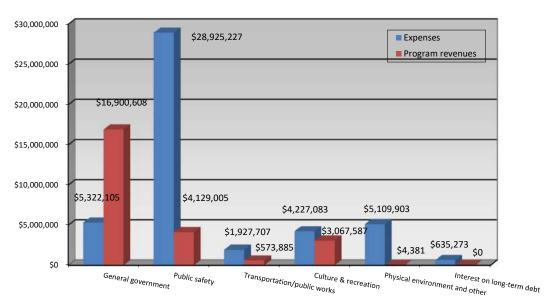
Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City of Clermont's net position by \$15,326,172. The increase in governmental activity net position is due to revenues increasing at a rate faster than expenses. While revenues increased 34% to \$61.2 million, expenses increased at a 15% rate to \$46.1 million.

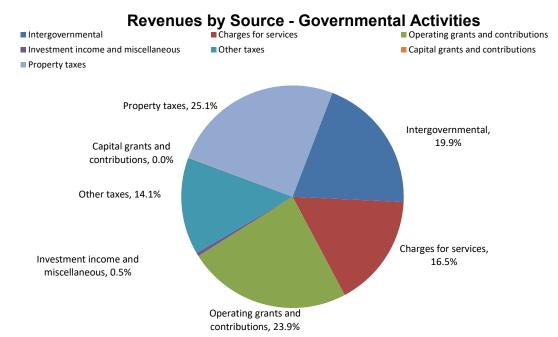
In addition to the ARPA distributions received by the City, revenue growth is primarily due to additional residents, increasing property valuations, and higher retail activity as opposed to rate increases. For instance, the Total Taxable Assessed Value of property increased 8.3% or \$284 million in FY22 despite the City's millage rate remaining the same. This led to an increase in receipts of approximately \$1.0 million. In another example, intergovernmental revenues, such as sales tax and state revenue sharing, increased approximately \$2.2 million.

The following graph is a comparison of program revenues and program expenses for all governmental activities. This chart is intended to give the reader an idea of the degree to which governmental activities are self-supporting.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



The following pie chart illustrates the composition of governmental activities revenue and its percent in relation to total governmental activities revenues.

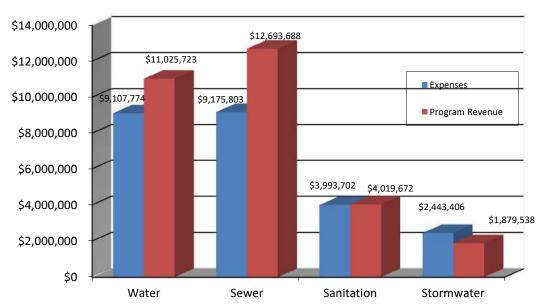


Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City of Clermont's net position by \$4,132,496. This change is primarily due to increased revenue from services resulting from an increase in residents and customers.

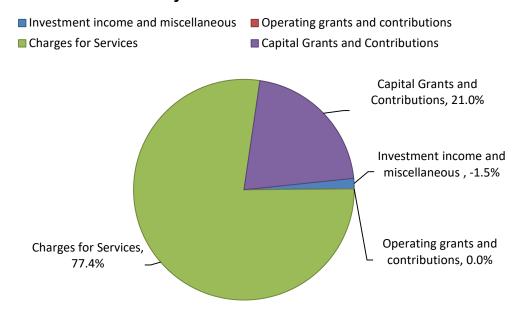
The following graph is a comparison of program revenues and program expenses for all business-type activities. This chart is intended to give the reader an idea of the degree to which business-type activities are self-supporting.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business Type Activities



The following pie chart illustrates the composition of business-type activities revenue and its percent in relation to total business-type activities revenues.

Revenues by Source - Business Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Clermont uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

Governmental Funds.

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Clermont's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2022, the City of Clermont's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$49,559,018 an increase of \$9,972,764 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily due to additional cash balances resulting from the ARPA distributions received by not yet spent during FY22. Of the governmental funds combined ending fund balances, \$17,840,316 (36%) represents unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. An additional \$12,565,518 (assigned fund balance) has been set aside for planned master plan project expenditures. Restricted fund balances totaling over \$18.7 million include funds required for debt service, as well as funds collected for specific purposes such as impact fees and community redevelopment. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable (\$472,861) to indicate that it is not available for spending because it has already been committed for prepaids and inventories.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Clermont. As of September 30, 2022, the fund balance in the General Fund was \$20,088,322 an increase of \$6,180,164 primarily from an increase in revenues; property taxes, franchise fees, licenses and permits, and charges for services all surpassed the 2021 amounts. The change in fund balance was more than the anticipated amount of the original budget by \$6,222,578 and \$5,061,392 more than the revised budget. Revenues were more than budgeted by \$2,881,759, due to an increase in intergovernmental, which was due to better than anticipated state projections on sales and gas taxes. Departmental expenditures came in less than anticipated resulting in no use of reserves in 2022. Of the total fund balance in the General Fund, \$17,840,316 (88.8%) is unassigned fund balance. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 50% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 56.6% of that same amount.

The City has a Capital Projects Fund that is considered a major fund under criteria set forth by GASB Statement No. 34. This fund is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds. Funds have been accumulated so projects can be completed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The fund balance in this fund decreased by \$17,380 in fiscal year 2022, primarily due to spending of proceeds from the Master Plan Capital Projects Revenue Note. The most significant projects were a streetscape project and construction of a new public services facility.

The City has an Infrastructure Fund that is considered a major fund under criteria set forth by GASB Statement No. 34. This fund was established to account for the proceeds of the Local Government Infrastructure Surtax. The proceeds and interest accrued thereto, by law are only to be used to finance, plan and construct infrastructure. The fund balance in this fund increased by \$1,353,013 in fiscal year 2022 primarily due to an increase of \$1.0 million in sales tax collections.

The remainder of the change of \$2,456,967 to the governmental fund balance was from the non-major governmental funds. Recreation, Police and Fire Impact Fee fund balances combined for an increase of \$2,004,393 in fiscal year 2022 primarily due to the collection of impact fees on new development within the City. Other nonmajor governmental funds that realized an increase in fund balance include the Building Services Fund and the Cemetery Fund

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City's major proprietary funds are water, sewer, sanitation and stormwater.

The Water Fund accounts for the provision of potable water and reclaimed irrigation services to City and non-City residents. All activities necessary to the provision of these services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to administration, plant and line maintenance. As of September 30, 2022, the City of Clermont's Water Fund reported total net position of \$52,180,249, an increase of \$1,483,122 in comparison with the prior year. This increase in net position was due to revenues exceeding expenses as well as the capital contributions of water impact fees on new development in the City.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the provision of sewer services to City and non-City residents. All activities necessary to the provision of these services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to administration, plant and line maintenance. As of September 30, 2022, the City of Clermont's Sewer Fund reported total net position of \$75,860,817, an increase of \$2,518,879 in comparison with the prior year. This increase in net position was primarily due to the capital contributions of sewer impact fees on new development in the City.

The Sanitation Fund accounts for the provision of garbage and trash collection, recycling, and composting services to City residents. All activities necessary to the provision of these services are accounted for in this fund. As of September 30, 2022, the City of Clermont's Sanitation Fund reported total net position of \$6,702,689, an increase of \$3,786 in comparison with the prior year. This increase in net position is due to net operating income.

The Stormwater Fund accounts for the management of the City's stormwater drainage system. All activities necessary to the provision of these services are accounted for in this fund. As of September 30, 2022, the City of Clermont's Stormwater Fund reported total net position of \$12,014,897, an increase of \$21,011 in comparison with the prior year. Following the decrease in the previous fiscal year, this increase is due to capital contributions and internal transfers to offset capital expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, there was a \$1,613,252 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. Significant components of the increase are as follows:

- \$83,643 carryover of unexpended FY21 funds for capital expenditures.
- \$92,000 to fund a new collective bargaining agreement with police department personnel.
- \$180,000 for the establishment of a community garden program.
- \$228,590 to offset unexpected contributions to the Group Self Insurance Fund.
- 180,000 to fund a new collective bargaining agreement with fire department personnel.

In addition, General Fund budgeted revenues increased by \$1,190,605 between the original and final budget. Significant components of the increase were related to increases in intergovernmental revenues and interfund transfers related to the accounting of ARPA funds.

Considering the above noted increases in General Fund budgeted appropriations, actual expenditures were less than budgeted by \$1.870,809.

Capital Assets

The following is a summary of the City of Clermont's capital assets, net of depreciation for governmental and business-type activities for the current year with a comparison to the prior year. Additional information on the City of Clermont's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type Activities		Business-type Activities Total			Total		
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22		2020-21		2021-22		2020-21	
Land	\$ 25,851,030	\$ 25,851,030	\$	1,511,807	\$	1,511,807	\$	27,362,837	\$	27,362,837
Buildings	17,325,719	18,353,736		817,003		835,845		18,142,722		19,189,581
Infrastructure	21,994,814	24,062,230		78,308,609		82,856,729		100,303,423		106,918,959
Machinery and Equipment	6,217,412	6,750,161		5,231,558		5,333,990		11,448,970		12,084,151
Intangibles	57,548	70,369		1,032,724		193,901		1,090,272		264,270
Construction in Progress	12,632,227	4,105,340		11,265,256		9,688,823		23,897,483		13,794,163
Total	\$ 84,078,750	\$ 79,192,866	\$	98,166,957	\$	100,421,095	\$	182,245,707	\$	179,613,961

The City of Clermont's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$182,245,707 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements/infrastructure, machinery and equipment and intangibles. The total change in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$2,631,746. As displayed in the Capital Assets table the primary categories of buildings, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment all realized a decrease in net depreciation totals. This results from accumulated depreciation and/or disposals exceeding total additions for the year. However, the construction in progress category of capital assets increased 73.2% due to a number of ongoing projects within the City. These include a downtown streetscape project and the construction of a new public services facility.

Debt Administration

The following is a summary of the City's long-term debt for governmental and business-type activity for the current year with a comparison to the prior year. Additional information on long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Outstanding Debt

	Governmen	tal Activities Business-typ		pe Activities	To	tal	
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	
Revenue bonds payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,900,000	\$ 9,779,000	\$ 8,900,000	\$ 9,779,000	
Notes payable	24,766,095	26,931,061	4,874,692	5,252,560	29,640,787	32,183,621	
Financed purchases	576,510	666,248			576,510	666,248	
Total	\$ 25,342,605	\$ 27,597,309	\$ 13,774,692	\$ 15,031,560	\$ 39,117,297	\$ 42,628,869	

As of September 30, 2022, total outstanding debt was \$39,117,297, which includes both revenue bonds payable and notes payable. The outstanding debt amount decreased \$3,511,572 over the previous year.

Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The fiscal year 2023 budget was approved with the use of \$10,998 in reserves to balance the General Fund budget. Following a period of seven years of maintaining the same property tax millage rate, the City Council authorized a millage rate increase to a rate of 5.0600. This rate remains one of the lowest of comparable cities in the region. Property values continued to increase in fiscal year 2023 in the amount of 13.5%.

Pursuant to a utility rate study performed by a private consulting firm, the Clermont City Council adopted a resolution in December 2017 that provided for an increase to stormwater rates in January 2018. This resolution also provided for inflation based increases to the water, sewer, stormwater, and sanitation rates every October 1st, starting October 1, 2018. The increase is based on the Florida Public Service Commission Annual Deflator Index and are necessary, primarily to provide funding for the future planned capital projects. The 2023 budget includes these rate increases in the Proprietary Funds.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Clermont's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information should be addressed to the office of the Finance Director, City of Clermont, P.O. Box 120219, Clermont, Florida 34712.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



					Prima	ry Government
	·	Governmental		Business-type		Tatal
Assets:		Activities		Activities		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	38,207,797	\$	24,406,112	\$	62,613,909
Investments	Ψ	19,036,119	Ψ	20,964,107	Ψ	40,000,226
Receivables, net		1,062,656		1,590,618		2,653,274
Inventories		35,419		29,477		64,896
Due from other governments		989,254		23,411		989,254
Internal balances		(155,814)		155,814		303,234
Prepaid costs		1,066,244		201,882		1,268,126
Restricted assets:		1,000,244		201,002		1,200,120
Cash and cash equivalents		_		3,530,144		3,530,144
Investments		3,027,324		17,076,302		20,103,626
Interest receivable		26,512		53,634		80,146
Net pension asset		20,012		-		-
Capital assets not being depreciated		38,483,257		12,777,063		51,260,320
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation		45,595,493		85,389,894		130,985,387
Total assets		147,374,261		166,175,047		313,549,308
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		111,011,201		100,110,011		010,010,000
		0.057.060				0.057.060
Deferred outflow of pension earnings		9,257,269		405 600		9,257,269
Deferred outflow related to OPEB		1,337,083		405,698		1,742,781
Deferred charge on refunding				645,480		645,480
Total deferred outflows of resources		10,594,352		1,051,178		11,645,530
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		5,044,881		2,581,582		7,626,463
Unearned revenue		7,489,680		-		7,489,680
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		2,479,831		1,338,432		3,818,263
Due in more than one year		37,871,803		16,628,341		54,500,144
Total liabilities		52,886,195		20,548,355		73,434,550
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflow of pension earnings		1,243,182		-		1,243,182
Deferred inflow related to OPEB		159,972		50,531		210,503
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,403,154		50,531		1,453,685
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		58,736,145		86,666,673		145,402,818
Restricted for:				00 070 000		00 070 000
Capital Improvements		-		30,272,922		30,272,922
Community redevelopment		506,320		-		506,320
Public safety		3,671,450		-		3,671,450
Culture and recreation		4,638,601		-		4,638,601
Infrastructure		4,037,993		-		4,037,993
Debt service		1,862,888		-		1,862,888
Building services		2,400,490		-		2,400,490
Transportation		24,742		-		24,742
Cemetery Unrestricted		1,548,114 26,252,521		- 29,687,744		1,548,114 55,940,265
	•		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Total net position	\$	103,679,264	\$	146,627,339	\$	250,306,603

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

					Pro	gram Revenue				Primary Government		
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Charges for Services	-	rating Grants Contributions	•	ital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation/public works Economic environment Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt	\$ 5,322,105 28,925,227 3,772,739 1,927,707 1,337,164 4,227,083 635,273	\$ 4,884,073 2,211,377 - - 2,973,194 -	\$	12,016,535 1,917,628 4,381 573,885 - 71,018	\$	- - - - 23,375	\$	11,578,503 (24,796,222) (3,768,358) (1,353,822) (1,337,164) (1,159,496) (635,273)	\$	- - - - - -	\$	11,578,503 (24,796,222) (3,768,358) (1,353,822) (1,337,164) (1,159,496) (635,273)
Total governmental activities	46,147,298	10,068,644		14,583,447		23,375		(21,471,832)				(21,471,832)
Business-type Activities Water Sewer Sanitation Stormwater	9,107,744 9,175,803 3,993,702 2,443,406	8,825,673 8,581,030 4,019,672 1,879,538		- - - -		2,200,050 4,112,658 -		- - -		1,917,979 3,517,885 25,970 (563,868)		1,917,979 3,517,885 25,970 (563,868)
Total business-type activities	24,720,655	23,305,913		-		6,312,708		-		4,897,966		4,897,966
Total primary government	\$ 70,867,953	\$ 33,374,557	\$	14,583,447	\$	6,336,083		(21,471,832)		4,897,966		(16,573,866)
	General Revenues: Property taxes Business taxes Franchise fees Utility taxes Intergovernmental Unrestricted inves Miscellaneous Gain on sale of capit	tment earnings						15,349,735 144,528 3,812,938 4,684,059 12,179,646 (142,915) 433,237 42,372 294,404		- - - - (471,841) - 775 (294,404)		15,349,735 144,528 3,812,938 4,684,059 12,179,646 (614,756) 433,237 43,147
	Total general r	evenues and transf	ers					36,798,004		(765,470)		36,032,534
	Change in net	position						15,326,172		4,132,496		19,458,668
	Net Position - b	eginning						88,353,092		142,494,843		230,847,935
	Net Position -	ending					\$	103,679,264	\$	146,627,339	\$	250,306,603

		General		Capital Projects	lr	frastructure Special Revenue		ARPA Special Revenue Fund	G	Other Sovernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:		Contra		1 10,000		- Itoroniao		tovonao i ana	_			1 41140
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,197,002	\$	9,628,341	\$	3,005,173	\$	7,339,540	\$	9,054,184	\$	37,224,240
Investments		11,794,273		-		754,989		-		6,071,015		18,620,277
Receivables, net		1,076,886		-		1,075		-		6,270		1,084,231
Inventories, at cost		35,419		-		-		-		-		35,419
Due from other governments		655,165		-		334,089		-		-		989,254
Due from other funds		407.407		-		-		-		40.075		4 000 000
Prepaid costs		427,167		2 007 204		628,786		-		10,275		1,066,228
Restricted Investments	_	-	_	3,027,324	_	-						3,027,324
Total assets	\$	22,185,912	\$	12,655,665	\$	4,724,112	\$	7,339,540	\$	15,141,744	\$	62,046,973
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	965,816	\$	1,457,813	\$	686,119	\$	-	\$	198,946	\$	3,308,694
Due to other funds		287,127		-		-		-		-		287,127
Accrued liabilities		606,650		-		-		-		24,405		631,055
Deposits		-		-		-		7 000 540		683,542		683,542
Unearned revenue	_	147,957	_		_	-		7,339,540	_	-		7,487,497
Total liabilities		2,007,550	_	1,457,813		686,119		7,339,540	_	906,893	_	12,397,915
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unavailable revenue - liens, forfeitures and rents		90,040								-		90,040
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	90,040	_		_					-	_	90,040
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable		462,586		_		_		_		10,275		472,861
Restricted		417,754		_		4,037,993		-		14,224,576		18,680,323
Assigned		1,367,666		11,197,852		-		_				12,565,518
Unassigned		17,840,316		-		-		-		-		17,840,316
Total fund balances		20,088,322		11,197,852		4,037,993		-		14,234,851		49,559,018
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	22,185,912	\$	12,655,665	\$	4,724,112	\$	7,339,540	\$	15,141,744		
	<u> </u>		_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			· · ·	Ť	,,		
Amounts reported for governmental												0.4.076
Capital assets used in governmenta	al act	ivities are not	tina	ncial resources	and	are not report	ed in	the funds.				84,078,750
Accrued interest payable is not due	in th	e current peri	od ar	nd therefore is	not r	eported in the	funds	3 .				(216,345)
Other long-term assets are not avail	lable	to pay for cur	rent	period expend	itures	s and, therefor	e are	deferred in the	fun	ds.		90,040
Deferred inflows and outflows of res are recorded in net position under for				ion earnings a	re no	t recognized ir	gove	ernmental funds	s, ho	wever, they		9,191,198
Net pension assets are not current	finan	cial resources	and	therefore are	not re	eported in the	funds					(1,704,367)
The assets and liabilities of certain i	The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the											,
governmental activities of the States	ment	of Net Position	n.					•				1,328,237
Long-term liabilities are not due and	l pay	able in the cu	rrent	period and the	erefor	e are not repo	rted i	n the funds.				(38,647,267)
Net Position of Governmental Activi	ties i	n the Stateme	nt of	Net Position.							\$	103,679,264

Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General	Capital Projects		ARPA Special Revenue	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 19,675,976	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 502,346	\$ 20,178,322
Franchise fees	3,812,938	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	3,812,938
Licenses and permits	619,135	-		-	2,171,633	2,790,768
Intergovernmental revenues	9,432,793	-	5,337,140	12,016,535	-	26,786,468
Charges for services	2,937,388	-	-	-	275,331	3,212,719
Fines and forfeitures	185,958	-	-	-	-	185,958
Impact fees/special assessments	(450,400)	70.040	(7,000)	-	3,268,964	3,268,964
Investment earnings (loss)	(159,498)	70,912	(7,628)	-	(42,078)	(138,292)
Miscellaneous	1,047,351				4,270	1,051,621
Total revenues	37,552,041	70,912	5,329,512	12,016,535	6,180,466	61,149,466
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	4,694,423	-	156,683	208,625	-	5,059,731
Public safety	23,608,175	-	549,125	226,486	2,242,482	26,626,268
Physical environment	2,418,495	-	168,444	125,490	120,025	2,832,454
Transportation	1,387,393	-	547,998	22,397	-	1,957,788
Economic environment	119,624	-	-	706	497,359	617,689
Culture and recreation	3,279,499	-	230,862	21,722	306,182	3,838,265
Debt Service:						
Principal retirement	-	-	89,738	-	2,164,966	2,254,704
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	13,033	-	641,573	654,606
Capital Outlay:						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Physical environment	-	4,004,785	-	-	-	4,004,785
Economic environment		4,395,065	<u> </u>			4,395,065
Total expenditures	35,507,609	8,399,850	1,755,883	605,426	5,972,587	52,241,355
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	2,044,432	(8,328,938)	3,573,629	11,411,109	207,879	8,908,111
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	12,490,693	8,311,558	-	-	2,833,464	23,635,715
Transfers out	(8,568,618)	-	(2,220,616)	(11,411,109)	(584,376)	(22,784,719)
Sale of general capital assets	213,657		- <u>-</u>			213,657
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,135,732	8,311,558	(2,220,616)	(11,411,109)	2,249,088	1,064,653
Net Change in Fund Balances	6,180,164	(17,380)	1,353,013	-	2,456,967	9,972,764
Fund Balances - beginning	13,908,158	11,215,232	2,684,980		11,777,884	39,586,254
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 20,088,322	\$ 11,197,852	\$ 4,037,993	\$ -	\$ 14,234,851	\$ 49,559,018

Net Change in Fund Balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 9,972,764
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion	
of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.	6,022,888
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, tradeins and disposals) is to decrease net position.	(171,285)
Net transfers of capital assets from proprietary funds	(965,719)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.	(8,149)
Cash pension contributions reported in the funds were more than the calculated pension expense on the statement of activities, and therefore increased net position.	(842,451)
Governmental funds report note proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of note principal as an expenditure, In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats	
such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds.	2,254,704
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(1,588,531)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as health insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	651,951
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 15,326,172

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year ended September 30, 2022

	E	Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues: Taxes Franchise fees Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Investment earnings (loss) Miscellaneous	\$ 19,602,872 3,368,000 297,000 6,722,106 2,542,298 112,500 92,000 742,901	\$ 19,457,872 3,368,000 495,000 7,573,386 2,782,963 122,500 52,000 818,561	\$ 19,675,976 3,812,938 619,135 9,432,793 2,937,388 185,958 (159,498) 1,047,351	\$ 218,104 444,938 124,135 1,859,407 154,425 63,458 (211,498) 228,790
Total revenues	33,479,677	34,670,282	37,552,041	2,881,759
Expenditures: Current: General government: City council	44,789	46,220	46,285	(65)
City clerk	398,620	411,200	392,707	18,493 [°]
City manager	787,029	793,029	642,730	150,299
Finance	1,033,005	1,073,219	835,874	237,345
Legal services	147,300	147,300	143,525	3,775
Planning & zoning	710,037	805,123	757,477	47,646
Information technology	940,775	995,493	880,456	115,037
Human resources	499,255	500,227	359,748	140,479
Purchasing	302,008	374,241	349,677	24,564
Other general government	489,742	257,527	285,944	(28,417)
Public safety:	5,352,560	5,403,579	4,694,423	709,156
Law enforcement	11,243,461	11,694,856	11,587,628	107,228
Fire control	11,727,471	12,444,473	12,020,547	423,926
	22,970,932	24,139,329	23,608,175	531,154
Physical environment	2,311,519	2,352,561	2,418,495	(65,934)
Transportation	1,530,869	1,546,112	1,387,393	158,719
Economic environment	162,768	162,768	119,624	43,144
Culture and recreation	3,436,518	3,774,069	3,279,499	494,570
Interest and fiscal charges				
Total expenditures	35,765,166	37,378,418	35,507,609	1,870,809
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,285,489)	(2,708,136)	2,044,432	4,752,568

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year ended September 30, 2022

Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	2,456,542	12,456,542	12,490,693	34,151
Transfers Out	(218,467)	(8,728,549)	(8,568,618)	159,931
Sale of General Capital Assets	5,000	98,915	213,657	114,742
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,243,075	 3,826,908	 4,135,732	308,824
Net Change in Fund Balance	(42,414)	1,118,772	6,180,164	5,061,392
Fund Balance - beginning	 13,908,158	 13,908,158	 13,908,158	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 13,865,744	\$ 15,026,930	\$ 20,088,322	\$ 5,061,392

	В	udge	eted Amounts	Act	ual Amounts	Variance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original		Final			
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Investment earnings (loss)	\$ 3,951,038 5,000	\$	4,400,000 2,000	\$	5,337,140 (7,628)	\$ 937,140 (9,628)
Total revenues	3,956,038		4,402,000		5,329,512	927,512
Expenditures: Current: General government	 186,468		445,551		156,683	288,868
Public safety: Police Fire control	 232,000 952,829 1,184,829		695,079 975,906 1,670,985		357,171 191,954 549,125	 337,908 783,952 1,121,860
Physical Environment	110,000		188,703		168,444	20,259
Transportation	380,000		604,254		547,998	56,256
Culture and recreation	268,469		1,256,494		230,862	 1,025,632
Debt Service: Principal Interest	89,738 13,033 102,771		89,738 13,033 102,771		89,738 13,033 102,771	-
Total expenditures	 2,232,537		4,268,758		1,755,883	 2,512,875
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,723,501		133,242		3,573,629	3,440,387
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out Total other financing uses	 (2,030,614) (2,030,614)		(2,220,614)		(2,220,616) (2,220,616)	 (2)
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances - beginning	(307,113) 2,684,980		(2,087,372) 2,684,980		1,353,013 2,684,980	3,440,385
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 2,377,867	\$	597,608	\$	4,037,993	\$ 3,440,385

Year ended September 30, 2022

	Е	Budge	eted Amounts	Actu	al Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final			
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 8,000,000	\$	19,356,075	\$	12,016,535	\$ (7,339,540)
Total revenues	 8,000,000		19,356,075		12,016,535	(7,339,540)
Expenditures: Current: General government	312,340		335,700		208,625	127,075
Public safety: Police Fire control	172,408 80,544		268,888 210,564		96,479 130,007	172,409 80,557
	 252,952		479,452		226,486	 252,966
Physical Environment	251,441		362,926		125,490	237,436
Transportation	150,627		165,257		22,397	142,860
Economic Environment			710		706	4
Culture and Recreation	17,699		39,429		21,722	17,707
Total expenditures	985,059		1,383,474		605,426	778,048
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	7,014,941		17,972,601		11,411,109	(6,561,492)
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out			(11,411,113)		(11,411,109)	4
Total other financing sources	-		(11,411,113)		(11,411,109)	4
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,014,941		6,561,488		-	(6,561,488)
Fund Balances - beginning	 					 <u>-</u>
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 7,014,941	\$	6,561,488	\$		\$ (6,561,488)

			Busi	iness-type Activities	s-Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities-
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Stormwater	Total	Internal Service Fund
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,331,706	\$ 13,829,326	\$ 2,034,479	\$ 210,601	\$ 24,406,112	\$ 983,557
Investments	11,116,721	7,359,339	2,488,047	-	20,964,107	415,842
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,268,067	1,440,946	192,970	628,161	3,530,144	-
Accounts receivable, net	446,280	786,124	212,157	146,057	1,590,618	4,378
Inventories	29,477	-	-	-	29,477	-
Prepaid expenses	95,661	65,832	25,132	15,257	201,882	16
Total current assets	21,287,912	23,481,567	4,952,785	1,000,076	50,722,340	1,403,793
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted investments	2,695,526	13,380,009	1,000,767	-	17,076,302	-
Advances to other funds	-	275,000	287,127	-	562,127	-
Interest receivable	20,052	29,993	3,589	-	53,634	559
Capital assets:						
Land, buildings and equipment	51,422,945	81,254,215	5,564,456	21,883,538	160,125,154	-
Construction in progress	2,959,821	6,168,543	1,530,713	606,179	11,265,256	-
Less accumulated depreciation	(20,799,229)	(41,628,545)	(3,838,515)	(6,957,164)	(73,223,453)	
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	33,583,537	45,794,213	3,256,654	15,532,553	98,166,957	
Total noncurrent assets	36,299,115	59,479,215	4,548,137	15,532,553	115,859,020	559
Total assets	57,587,027	82,960,782	9,500,922	16,532,629	166,581,360	1,404,352
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred charge on refunding	230,382	415,098	-	-	645,480	_
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	144,642	107,760	109,834	43,462	405,698	
Total deferred outflows of resources	375,024	522,858	109,834	43,462	1,051,178	

Liabilities:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	438,415		225,613		702,179	67,868	1,434,075	205,245
Salaries payable	38,758		43,304		41,474	17,501	141,037	-
Accrued interest payable	25,419		45,188		10,062	32,673	113,342	-
Due to other funds	-		-		-	275,000	275,000	-
Compensated absences	17,608		20,291		9,844	2,691	50,434	-
Customer deposits payable	457,547		-		-	-	457,547	-
Unearned revenue	141,254		293,239		428	660	435,581	2,183
Revenue bonds and notes payable-current	324,000		576,000		91,354	296,644	1,287,998	
Total current liabilities	1,443,001		1,203,635		855,341	693,037	4,195,014	207,428
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Compensated absences	158,469		182,624		88,599	24,225	453,917	-
Other post employment benefits	1,279,373		1,106,221		893,028	409,108	3,687,730	-
Notes payable	-		-		1,056,385	3,430,309	4,486,694	-
Revenue bonds payable	2,880,000		5,120,000		-	 	8,000,000	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,317,842		6,408,845		2,038,012	3,863,642	16,628,341	
Total liabilities	5,760,843		7,612,480		2,893,353	4,556,679	20,823,355	207,428
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	20,959		10,343		14,714	 4,515	50,531	
Total deferred inflows of resources	20,959		10,343		14,714	 4,515	50,531	 <u>-</u>
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets	30,609,919		40,513,311		3,109,682	12,433,761	86,666,673	-
Restricted for capital improvements	7,912,314		22,360,608		-	· · · · · -	30,272,922	_
Unrestricted	13,658,016		12,986,898		3,593,007	(418,864)	29,819,057	1,196,924
Total net position	\$ 52,180,249	\$	75,860,817	\$	6,702,689	\$ 12,014,897	146,758,652	\$ 1,196,924
The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are not inc Business Activities of the Statement of Net Position.	cluded in the fund fina	ancial st	atement, but a	are inc	luded in the		(131,313)	
Total Net Position per Government-Wide Financial Statements							\$ 146,627,339	



Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Business-t							terprise Funds		Governmental Activities-
	Water	ı	Sewer		Sanitation		Stormwater		Total	١	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 8,450,799 374,874	\$	8,577,903 3,127	\$	4,019,607 65	\$	1,879,538	\$	22,927,847 378,066	\$	6,463,076 43,123
Total operating revenues	8,825,673		8,581,030		4,019,672		1,879,538		23,305,913		6,506,199
Operating Expenses: Personnel services Utilities Dump fees Administrative services	2,136,802 696,217 572 529,390		2,245,759 1,034,435 309,052 510,826		1,653,670 1,907 589,566 257,360		772,386 12,719 17,914 162,945		6,808,617 1,745,278 917,104 1,460,521		73,203 - - -
Repairs and maintenance Depreciation and amortization Professional services Insurance claims and expenses Other supplies and expenses	2,346,020 2,295,584 326,565 163,426 537,978		180,259 3,911,945 221,574 205,849 401,322		232,680 400,969 195,159 57,060 588,547		48,657 1,172,237 48,132 50,154 84,853		2,807,616 7,780,735 791,430 476,489 1,612,700		58,192 6,021,659
Total operating expenses	9,032,554		9,021,021		3,976,918		2,369,997		24,400,490		6,153,054
Operating income (loss)	(206,881)		(439,991)		42,754		(490,459)		(1,094,577)		353,145
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment income (loss) Interest expense Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(185,966) (106,309) 		(280,319) (189,685)		(9,157) (30,586) 775		3,601 (99,283)		(471,841) (425,863) 775		(4,623) - -
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(292,275)		(470,004)		(38,968)		(95,682)		(896,929)		(4,623)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(499,156)		(909,995)		3,786		(586,141)		(1,991,506)		348,522
Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out	2,730,663 455,622 (1,204,007)		4,351,032 364,528 (1,286,686)		- - -		196,732 410,420		7,278,427 1,230,570 (2,490,693)		409,127
Change in net position	1,483,122		2,518,879		3,786		21,011		4,026,798		757,649
Total Net Position - Beginning	50,697,127		73,341,938		6,698,903		11,993,886				439,275
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 52,180,249	\$	75,860,817	\$	6,702,689	\$	12,014,897			\$	1,196,924
Change in Net Position, per above Internal service funds are used by management to	_	tain act	ivities to individual	funds.	The net revenue ((expens	se) of certain		4,026,798		
internal service funds is reported with Business Ac									105,698		
Change in Business-Type Activities in Net Position	per Government-Wide	Financi	al Statements					\$	4,132,496		

			Busine	ess-T	ype Activities	-Ent	erprise Funds	Inte	Activities- rnal Service
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation		Stormwater		Total		Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers Receipts from internal services provided Payments to suppliers	\$ 8,870,634 - (4,848,356)	\$ 8,307,829 - (2,974,111)	\$ 4,005,455 - (1,347,392)	\$	1,852,389 - (522,928)	\$	(9,692,787)	\$	6,504,779 (6,204,639)
Payments to employees	(2,048,224)	 (2,149,211)	 (1,558,439)		(724,476)		(6,480,350)		(77,027)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 1,974,054	3,184,507	 1,099,624		604,985		6,863,170		223,113
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Transfers in Transfers out	455,622 (1,204,007)	364,528 (1,286,686)	- -		410,420 -		1,230,570 (2,490,693)		409,127 <u>-</u>
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing. activities	 (748,385)	 (922,158)			410,420		(1,260,123)		409,127
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition of capital assets Sale of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal paid on debt Capital grants Fees and assessments received	(1,059,114) - (80,021) (316,440) - 2,641,538	(1,284,533) - (142,259) (562,560) - 4,402,513	(1,662,256) 775 (31,371) (88,971) 428		(554,977) - (101,815) (288,897) 117,418		(4,560,880) 775 (355,466) (1,256,868) 117,846 7,044,051		- - - -
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	 1,185,963	2,413,161	(1,781,395)		(828,271)		989,458		

Governmental

Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Sale (purchase) of investments Investment income (loss) Net cash provided by investing activities	 (1,717,110) 97,430 (1,619,680)	(2,589,309) 143,569 (2,445,740)	962,133 (62,479) 899,654	3,601 3,601	(3,344,286) 182,121 (3,162,165)	 200,417 (13,129) 187,288
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	791,952	2,229,770	217,883	190,735	3,430,340	819,528
Cash and Cash Equivalents - beginning	 8,807,821	 13,040,502	 2,009,566	648,027	24,505,916	164,029
Cash and Cash Equivalents - end	\$ 9,599,773	\$ 15,270,272	\$ 2,227,449	\$ 838,762	\$ 27,936,256	\$ 983,557
Classified As: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,331,706 1,268,067	\$ 13,829,326 1,440,946	\$ 2,034,479 192,970	\$ 210,601 628,161	\$ 24,406,112 3,530,144	\$ 983,557 <u>-</u>
Total	\$ 9,599,773	\$ 15,270,272	\$ 2,227,449	\$ 838,762	\$ 27,936,256	\$ 983,557
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$ (206,881)	\$ (439,991)	\$ 42,754	\$ (490,459)	\$ (1,094,577)	\$ 353,145
Adjustments Not Affecting Cash: Depreciation and amortization	2,295,584	3,911,945	400,969	1,172,237	7,780,735	-
Change in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable Increase in unearned revenue Increase in customer deposits Decrease in prepaid costs	22,356 - 22,605 2,166	(273,201) - - 2,902	(14,217) - - (2,826)	(27,149) - - 2,134	(292,211) - 22,605 4,376	(1,448) 28 - 4,585
Decrease (Increase) in inventory Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable Increase in OPEB Increase in accrued liabilities	 (12,475) (237,879) 133,763 (45,185)	(113,696) 150,046 (53,498)	577,713 111,275 (16,044)	(99,688) 59,320 (11,410)	(12,475) 126,450 454,404 (126,137)	(129,373) - (3,824)
Total adjustments	2,180,935	3,624,498	1,056,870	1,095,444	7,957,747	(130,032)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 1,974,054	\$ 3,184,507	\$ 1,099,624	\$ 604,985	\$ 6,863,170	\$ 223,113
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Contributed assets	\$ 530,612	\$ 238,374	\$ -	\$ 196,731	\$ 965,717	\$ <u>-</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	\$ (290,668)	\$ (434,765)	\$ 52,020	\$ -	\$ (673,413)	\$ -

	Total Employee Pension Funds
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,829,482
Investments at fair value:	
U.S. Government & other debt securities	16,837,628
Equities	32,538,638
Real estate	2,114,028
Total investments	51,490,294
Accounts receivable	5,582
Total assets	53,325,358
Liabilities:	
Refunds payable and other	6,865
Pending trades payable	20,687
Total liabilities	27,552
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 53,297,806

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Total Employee Pension Funds
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 2,034,260
Plan members	694,846
State	 1,355,821
Total contributions	 4,084,927
Investment earnings:	
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	(12,388,267)
Interest and dividends	1,952,450
Less: Investment expense	 (46,948)
Total net investment earnings	 (10,482,765)
Total additions	(6,397,838)
Deductions:	
Benefits/distributions	1,632,507
Administrative	 178,284
Total deductions	 1,810,791
Change in Net Position	(8,208,629)
Net Position - beginning	 61,506,435
Net Position - ending	\$ 53,297,806



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The *City of Clermont*, Florida (the City) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida located in Lake County. The *City of Clermont* was incorporated under State law in December 1916 and operates under the council-manager form of government under its charter adopted pursuant to H.B. 2223, Ch.67-1217 Special Acts, of the State of Florida. The legislative branch of the City is composed of a Mayor and four (4) members elected Council. The City Council is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Council appointed City Manager.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, the City has considered all potential component units. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organizations' resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization. In applying the above criteria, the City has one blended component unit as follows:

The City of Clermont Community Redevelopment Fund:

The City of Clermont created the Downtown Redevelopment Agency in May of 1997. This is a dependent taxing district established in accordance with Chapter 163, Part III, Florida Statutes. Notification to affected taxing agency was done in compliance with Chapter 163.346, Part III, Florida Statutes. The incremental annual increase in tax over the base years will be used to fund projects designed to enhance and improve the described area. The City Council, being the duly elected governmental body for the designated area, passed Resolution 97-950, which established the City of Clermont as the Redevelopment Agency for the purpose of carrying out the community redevelopment programs and plans within the area. Through Ordinance 359-M the City established the Community Redevelopment Trust Fund to account for all transactions generated by this special revenue fund. The City of Clermont Community Redevelopment Fund is presented as a blended component unit. The CRA is governed by a board of seven- the five members of the Clermont City Council and two individuals appointed by the City Council. On December 8, 2015, Ordinance No. 2015-77 passed and modification of the Community Redevelopment Plan was approved. Because the governing body of the CRA is substantively the same as the City and the City has operational responsibility for the CRA, the CRA is presented as a blended component unit of the City.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis* of *accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The government reports the following funds:

Major Governmental Funds

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources segregated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Infrastructure Special Revenue Fund accounts for the proceeds of the Local Government Infrastructure Surtax. The proceeds and interest accrued thereto, by law are only to be used to finance, plan and construct infrastructure.

ARPA Special Revenue Fund accounts for the proceeds of the City's American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA") funding.

Nonmajor Governmental Fund Types

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The *Debt Service Fund* was established to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of bond principal and interest from governmental resources.

Major Proprietary Funds

Water Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's water system, which is financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the costs, including depreciation, of providing services to the general public on an ongoing basis are financed primarily through user charges.

Sewer Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's sewer system, which is financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the costs, including depreciation, of providing services to the general public on an ongoing basis are financed primarily through user charges.

Sanitation Fund is used to account for the fiscal activities of the City's refuse collection and disposal operation.

Stormwater Fund (Enterprise Fund) is used to account for the fiscal activities of the City's stormwater drainage operation, as well as the funding and payment of related debt.

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Fund is used to account for the costs of group insurance which are charged to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds

Pension Trust Funds account for activities of police officers, firefighters and general employees retirement plans which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's water, sewer, sanitation and stormwater utility funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the meter fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows and Net Position/Fund Balance:

Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments of the City are reported at fair value and are categorized within the fair value hierarchy established in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The City's investments consist of investments authorized per their investment policy adopted in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a non-spendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County bills and collects property taxes and remits them to the City. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

All property is reassessed according to its fair value on the lien date, or January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied on October 1 of each year. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January, and 1% in the month of February. The taxes paid in March are without discount. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. On or around May 31 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Assets so designated are identified as restricted assets on the balance sheet.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangible and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	10-50
Improvements	15-50
Infrastructure	30-50
Equipment & Machinery	3-15
Intangible Assets	3-15

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A portion of sick pay is accrued for employees with at least ten (10) years of service. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

For governmental activities, compensated absences, net pension obligations, and net other postemployment benefit obligations are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred charge on refunding, deferred outflows of pension earnings and deferred outflow related to OPEB reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of net position - proprietary funds. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: liens, forfeitures and rental income. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of sources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also has deferred inflows of pension earnings and OPEB reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet criteria to be classified as committed. The Council has maintained authority to assign fund balance.

The Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

New GASB Statements Implemented

In fiscal year 2022, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The statement requires the City to recognize certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the contract's payment arrangement. Under this statement, a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, in doing so enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about the City's leasing activities. As a result of implementation, the City reclassified capital leases to financed purchases. There was no change to beginning fund balances or net position.

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net* changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital Outlay	\$ 10,440,224
Depreciation Expense	(4,417,336)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,022,888

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position." The details of this difference are as follows:

Principal Repayment	\$ 2,254,704
Net adjustment to de crease net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,254,704

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Compensated Absences	\$ (123,680)
Other Post Employment Benefits	(1,484,184)
Accrued Interest Payable	 19,333
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (1,588,531)

NOTE 3 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to the end of the fiscal year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal
 year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of
 financing them.
- Budget workshops are scheduled as needed.
- The general summary of the budget and notice of public hearing is published in the local newspaper.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to October 1, the budgets are legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments; however, any revisions that alter the total
 appropriations of any department must be approved by the City Council.
- The level of classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the department level.
- Appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent they have not been expended. Encumbrance accounting is
 employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders and contracts) outstanding at year end are reported
 as assigned fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated
 and honored during the subsequent year.
- Budgets are adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds and the capital projects fund on a basis
 consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except as described below under Budget Basis of Accounting.
 Budgets are also adopted for the enterprise funds: however, budgetary comparisons are not presented since they are not
 required under generally accepted accounting principles.
- The City Council, by Ordinance or Resolution, may make supplemental appropriations in excess of those originally estimated for the year up to the amount of available revenues. Budgeted amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions.

NOTE 3 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The City includes a portion of the prior year's fund balances represented by unappropriated liquid assets remaining in the fund as budgeted revenue in the succeeding year. The results of operations on a GAAP basis do not recognize the fund balance allocation as revenue as it represents prior periods' excess of revenues over expenditures. The City does not budget for capital outlay expenditures and other financing sources related to the acquisition of assets through notes payable.

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in various departments of the General Fund, and Debt Service Fund. These excess expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and available fund balance.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

All bank deposits were fully covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held in banks that are members of the State of Florida's Collateral Pool as specified under Florida law. Florida Statutes provide for collateral pooling by banks and savings and loans. This limits local government deposits to "authorized depositories".

Investments

Investments in all fund types are stated at fair value, which is the amount for which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced liquidation sale. Fair value is based on quoted market prices. Changes in the fair value of investments are recognized as revenue and included in investment income.

The City's investment policies are governed by state statute and city ordinance. Authorized investments are:

- The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust (SBA).
- SEC registered money market funds.
- Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories.
- Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.
- Federal agencies and instrumentalities.
- Securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management-type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- Repurchase Agreements.
- Other investments authorized by ordinance.

The assets of the City's general employees defined benefit pension fund, are invested in the pooled investment fund for the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF). Investments held in this fund consist of corporate bonds and stocks and cash equivalents. The fund is stated at fair value, and investment earnings are allocated to participants in the fund based on their equity in this pooled investment account as provided by the Florida Municipal Pension Fund.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments made by the *City of Clermont* at September 30, 2022 are summarized below. Defined benefit pension plan investments, other than \$32,538,638 in mutual funds, investing in equity securities, are included below. In accordance with GASB 31, investments are reported at fair value.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity
Federal Agency Bond	\$ 966,882	AA+	1.10 years
Federal Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	388,825	AA+	8.59 years
Federal Agency Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities	468,465	AA+	1.85 years
Federal Agency Collateralized Mortgage Obligation	241,553	AA+	3.03 years
US Treasury Notes	8,453,991	AA+	2.06 years
Supra-National Agency Bond/Note	1,142,458	AAA	1.6 years
Corporate Note	4,966,695	BBB+/AA	1.97 years
Asset Backed Security	3,426,275	AAA/NR	3.5 years
Municipal Bonds	907,954	AAA	.96 years
FL Palm	39,140,754	AAAm	80 days
Pension Fixed Income Securities	16,837,628	various	2 - 8 years
	\$ 76,941,480		

Credit Risk:

The City's investment policy limits credit risk by restricting authorized investments to those described above.

Custodial Credit Risk:

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires that bank deposits be secured as provided by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. This law requires local governments to deposit funds only in financial institutions designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida, and creates the Public Deposits Trust Fund, a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a default or insolvency has occurred. At September 30, 2022, all of the city's bank deposits were in qualified public depositories.

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2022, none of the investments listed are exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The City's investment policy requires diversification but does not specify limits on types of investments.

Interest Rate Risk:

The City's investment policy does not specifically address interest rate risk, however the general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and in general, avoid speculative investments. The City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by investing primarily in pooled investments that have a weighted average maturity of less than three months.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The City uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted price for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable, and uses significant unobservable inputs that uses the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the City's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

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The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

Investments Valued by Fair Value Level			Acti	ve Markets for entical Assets (Level 1)	·	nificant Other ervable Inputs (Level 2)
Federal Agency Bond	\$	966,882	\$	-	\$	966,882
Federal Agency Collateralized Mortgage Obligation		241,553		-		241,553
Federal Agency Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securiti	(468,465		-		468,465
Federal Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities		388,825		-		388,825
US Treasury Notes		8,453,991		8,453,991		-
Supra-National Agency Bond/Note		1,142,458		-		1,142,458
Corporate Note		4,966,695		-		4,966,695
Asset Backed Security		3,426,275		-		3,426,275
Municipal Bonds		907,954		-		907,954
Pension Fixed Income Securities		16,837,628		16,837,628		-
Pension Equity Securities		32,538,638		32,538,638		
	\$	70,339,364	\$	57,830,257	\$	12,509,107

NOTE 5 RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Accounts	Taxes	Other	_	ess Allowance r Uncollectible Accounts	Total
General Fund	\$3,036,250	\$117,436	\$ 906,925	\$	(2,983,725)	\$1,076,886
Infrastructure Special Revenue Fund	-	-	1,075		-	1,075
Water Fund	434,101	-	77,186		(44,955)	466,332
Sewer Fund	935,065	-	29,993		(148,941)	816,117
Sanitation Fund	263,862	-	4,330		(52,446)	215,746
Stormwater Fund	171,125	-	494		(25,562)	146,057
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	-	6,270		-	6,270
Internal Service Fund			4,937		-	4,937
	\$4,840,403	\$117,436	\$1,031,210	\$	(3,255,629)	\$2,733,420

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	25,851,030	\$ -	\$ -	\$	25,851,030	
Construction in progress		4,105,340	8,807,897	(281,010)		12,632,227	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		29,956,370	8,807,897	(281,010)		38,483,257	
Capital Assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings		31,625,370	-	-		31,625,370	
Improvements/infrastructure		39,191,548	546,783	(999,823)		38,738,508	
Machinery and equipment		18,366,050	1,362,059	(423,664)		19,304,445	
Intangibles		522,068	4,495			526,563	
Total capital assets being depreciated		89,705,036	1,913,337	(1,423,487)		90,194,886	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings		(13,271,634)	(1,028,017)	-		(14,299,651)	
Improvements/infrastructure		(15,129,318)	(1,637,389)	23,013		(16,743,694)	
Machinery and equipment		(11,615,889)	(1,734,614)	263,470		(13,087,033)	
Intangibles		(451,699)	(17,316)			(469,015)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(40,468,540)	(4,417,336)	286,483		(44,599,393)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		49,236,496	(2,503,999)	(1,137,004)		45,595,493	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	79,192,866	\$ 6,303,898	\$(1,418,014)	\$	84,078,750	

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,511,807	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,511,807
Construction in progress	9,688,823	2,896,857	(1,320,424)	11,265,256
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	11,200,630	2,896,857	(1,320,424)	12,777,063
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	989,780	18,338	-	1,008,118
Improvements/infrastructure	141,347,219	2,055,041	(8,500)	143,393,760
Machinery and equipment	11,903,766	1,016,231	(9,982)	12,910,015
Intangibles	403,266	898,188		1,301,454
Total capital assets being depreciated	154,644,031	3,987,798	(18,482)	158,613,347
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	(153,935)	(37,180)	-	(191,115)
Improvements/infrastructure	(58,490,490)	(6,594,661)	-	(65,085,151)
Machinery and equipment	(6,569,776)	(1,108,681)	-	(7,678,457)
Intangibles	(209,365)	(59,365)		(268,730)
Total accumulated depreciation	(65,423,566)	(7,799,887)		(73,223,453)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	89,220,465	(3,812,089)	(18,482)	85,389,894
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$100,421,095	\$ (915,232)	\$(1,338,906)	\$ 98,166,957
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/progra Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Physical environment/transportation	ams as follows:		\$ 244, 1,672, 1,255,	197
Economic environment			697,	296
Culture and recreation			547,	928
Total Depreciation Expense - governmental ac	tivities		\$ 4,417,	336
Business-type Activities				
Water			\$ 2,295,	584
Sewer			3,911,	945
Sanitation			400,	969
Stormwater			1,172,	237
Total Depreciation Expense - business-type ac	ctivities		\$ 7,780,	735

Depreciation expense for business type activities does not equal increases in accumulated depreciation due to depreciation of \$19,152 on transfers in from governmental activities.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonds Payable- Public Offering

The City issues bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets. In the event of default, bondholders may take any remedies legally appropriate, and declare all principal and accrued interest is due and payable immediately. Bonds have been issued for business-type activities.

In a prior year, the City issued Water and Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 in the amount of \$10,817,000 with interest of 2.38% to partially refund the Water and Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bond Series 2009. This bond is secured by the net revenue of the water and sewer system. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$9,885,892. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$1,101,280 and total pledged revenue was \$5,094,372.

The original amount of revenue bonds issued in prior years is described below. Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

Business-Type Activities	Interest Rates and Dates	Maturity	Original Amount	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2022
Water and Sewer Revenue	2.38%	12/1/2018	 _		_
Refunding Bonds,		to			
Series 2017	(6/1 & 12/1)	12/1/2030	\$ 10,817,000	\$	8,900,000
				\$	8,900,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

	Business - Type Activities						
Year Ending September 30,		Principal		Interest			
2023	\$	900,000	\$	201,110			
2024		920,000		179,452			
2025		943,000		157,283			
2026		965,000		134,578			
2027		986,000		111,360			
2028-2031		4,186,000		202,109			
Total	\$	8,900,000	\$	985,892			

Notes Payable- Direct Borrowing

The City issued Public Improvement Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2016 in the amount of \$5,331,196 with interest of 2.03% to refund the Public Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2013. This note is secured by public services taxes and communications service tax. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$3,334,661. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$476,732 and total pledged revenue was \$6,098,926. In the event of default, the lender may seek enforcement of all remedies available under the law. Any amounts due on the note that remain unpaid shall bear interest at the default rate until all amounts then due are paid in full.

The City issued Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Note, Series 2016 in the amount of \$5,300,000 with interest of 2.12% to finance the costs of the acquisition and construction of a new municipal police station. This note is secured by the infrastructure sales surtax. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$3,764,168. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$418,648 and total pledged revenue was \$5,337,140. In the event of default, the lender may seek enforcement of all remedies available under the law. Any amounts due on the note that remain unpaid shall bear interest at the default rate until all amounts then due are paid in full.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The City issued Master Plan Capital Projects Revenue Note, Series 2017 in the amount of \$30,000,000 with interest of 2.63% to fund master plan projects, Victory Pointe, Boat Ramp Relocation, Downtown Waterfront District Revitalization, Legacy Loop Trail Spur, Public Wi-Fi Network, Public Works Complex, and City Limits Entryway Signs. This note is secured by a covenant to budget and appropriate. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$26,604,586. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$2,422,212. In the event of default, the lender may seek enforcement of all remedies available under the law. Any amounts in the project fund shall be applied to repayment of principal and interest.

Revenue notes outstanding at year end are as follows:

				_	Balance
	Interest Rates		Original	S	eptember 30,
Governmental Activities	and Dates	Maturity	Amount		2022
Public Improvement Refunding	2.03%	12/1/2016	 _		
Revenue Note, Series 2016	(6/1 & 12/1)	to			
		12/1/2028	\$ 5,331,196		3,108,716
Infrastructure Sales Surtax	2.12%	12/1/2016			
Revenue Note, Series 2016	(6/1 & 12/1)	to			
,	,	12/1/2030	\$ 5,300,000		3,427,071
Master Plan Capital Projects	2.63%	12/1/2018			
Revenue Note, Series 2017	(6/1 & 12/1)	to			
	, ,	12/1/2032	\$ 23,670,559		18,230,308
				\$	24,766,095
Business-Type Activities					
Master Plan Capital Projects	2.63%	12/1/2018			
Revenue Note, Series 2017	(6/1 & 12/1)	to			
,	, ,	12/1/2032	\$ 6,329,441	\$	4,874,692

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue notes are as follows:

	Gove	rnme	ntal Activities	Business-Type Acti			pe Activities
Year Ending September 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2023	\$ 2,218,409	\$	588,188	\$	387,995	\$	123,103
2024	2,272,175		533,471		398,122		112,765
2025	2,327,849		477,405		408,671		102,156
2026	2,383,858		419,962		419,220		91,269
2027	2,442,577		361,103		430,402		80,097
2028-2033	11,240,173		919,418		2,327,336		222,342
2033	1,881,054		24,735		502,946		6,614
Total	\$ 24,766,095	\$	3,324,282	\$	4,874,692	\$	738,346

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Financed Purchases

The City has entered into an agreement for financing the acquisition of communications equipment. Payments are due annually. The loan period is for 10 years with an interest rate of 3.3%.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for financed purchases are as follows:

		Government	tal Act	ivities
Year Ending September 30	Principal			Interest
2023	\$	91,492	\$	11,277
2024		93,282		9,487
2025		95,107		7,662
2026		96,967		5,802
2027		98,864		3,905
2028		100,798		1,970
	\$	576,510	\$	40,103

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Public improvement revenue notes	\$ 3,518,185	\$ -	\$ (409,469)	\$ 3,108,716	\$ 417,781
Infrastructure revenue notes	3,769,436	-	(342,365)	3,427,071	349,623
Capital Projects revenue notes	19,643,440	-	(1,413,132)	18,230,308	1,451,002
Financed purchases	666,248	-	(89,738)	576,510	91,493
Other post employment benefits	10,181,736	1,423,602	-	11,605,338	-
Net pension liability	-	1,698,152		1,698,152	-
Compensated absences	1,575,644	281,244	(157,564)	1,699,324	169,932
Governmental activity long-term					
liabilities	\$ 39,354,689	\$ 3,402,998	\$ (2,412,268)	\$40,345,419	\$ 2,479,831
Business-type Activities					
Bonds payable-					
Revenue bonds	\$ 9,779,000	\$ -	\$ (879,000)	\$ 8,900,000	\$ 900,000
Capital Projects revenue notes	5,252,560	-	(377,868)	4,874,692	387,998
Other post employment benefits	3,251,873	435,857	-	3,687,730	-
Compensated absences	465,262	85,615	(46,526)	504,351	50,434
Business-type activity long-term					
liabilities	\$ 18,748,695	\$ 521,472	\$ (1,303,394)	\$17,966,773	\$ 1,338,432

For governmental activities, compensated absences, net pension obligations, and net other postemployment benefit obligations are generally liquidated by the general fund.

NOTE 8 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Transfers in							
	General	Capital	Nonmajor	Water	Sewer	Stormwater	Internal Service	
Transfers Out:	Fund	Projects	Govt	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 8,121,558	\$ 218,472	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 228,588	\$ 8,568,618
Infrastructure Fund	-	190,000	2,030,616	-	-	-	-	2,220,616
ARPA Fund	10,000,000	-	-	455,622	364,528	410,420	180,539	11,411,109
Water Fund	1,204,007	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,204,007
Sewer Fund	1,286,686	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,286,686
Nonmajor	-							
Governmental		_	584.376	-	_	_	_	584.376

Transfers In

\$364,528

\$ 410,420 \$ 409,127

\$25,275,412

The majority of the transfers were to fund other capital projects and debt service payments. Transfers from the Water Fund and Sewer Fund to the General Fund were based on a percentage of water and sewer sales.

\$2,833,464 \$455,622

The composition of interfund advances as of September 30, 2022 is as follows:

\$ 8,311,558

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
Sewer Fund	Stormwater Fund	\$ 275,000
Sanitation Fund	General Fund	 287,127
		\$ 562,127

The balance due to the Sanitation fund from the General Fund is a result of an interfund loan for the purchase of a fire truck to be repaid over ten years. The balance due to the Sewer fund from the Stormwater fund is for the upfront construction costs on the Victory Pointe project that will be funded from various grants upon the completion of the project.

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLANS

\$12,490,693

The City maintains three separate single-employer, defined benefit plans for general employees, sworn police officers and firefighters, as well as a defined contribution plan for general employees. The investment and administrative agent for the general employees defined benefit plan is the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund, an agent of the multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System. The assets and benefits of the general employees defined contribution plan are administered by the Florida League of Cities. The plan administration for the police and firefighters pension plans is the Pension Resource Center.

With recent adoption by the Florida Legislation of Chapter 2015-39, Laws of Florida, a separate Defined Contribution component of the Police and Fire Retirement Plans was established on October 1, 2015 and will provide special benefits in the form of a supplemental retirement, termination, death and disability benefits to be funded solely and entirely by premium tax monies. The Share Plan benefits are additional to the benefits currently provided by the defined benefit component currently provided. Funds will be allocated to eligible members on each valuation date.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Each plan is independently governed by separate boards of trustees. Assets may not be transferred between plans, or used for any purpose other than to benefit each plan's participants as defined in their authorizing ordinances. The general employee's plan board contracts with the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund (FMPTF), a private, not-for-profit corporation established by the Florida League of Cities (FLC) for FLC members who wish to use its services. The FMPTF acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its members, contracting with a bank custodian, investment manager and actuary to provide a commingled investment fund and plan valuation services. This plan is included as part of the City's reporting entity in Pension Trust Funds. The Clermont City Council adopted and may amend plan provisions by resolution. The Police and Firefighters' Pension Plans are administered by a Pension Resource Center. These plans do not issue stand alone audit reports.

Stand-alone audited financial statements of the FMPTF are maintained on file at the FLC offices in Tallahassee, Florida, and are available upon request to the Pension Services Division.

General Employees

Contributions

The City's actuarially determined contribution rate per the October 1, 2021 actuarial valuations is \$5,582 for general employees. Administrative costs are deducted from the net position of the plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Plan Description - The general employees defined benefit pension plan is for general employees hired prior to September 30, 1985.

Plan Administration - The General Employees' Pension is administered by a Board of Trustees.

Plan Membership - At September 30, 2022 plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	4
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	-
<u> </u>	4

Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The components of the net pension liability (asset) of the sponsor on September 30, 2022 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 227,221
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(221,006)
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 6,215
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset)	97.26%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2021, updated September 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.62%
Salary Increases	0.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Mortality Table with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
		Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Core Bonds	15%	1.60%
Core Plus	15%	2.10%
U.S. Large Cap Equity	25%	4.60%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	14%	5.50%
Non-U.S. Equity	21%	6.70%
Core real estate	10%	5.00%
Total	100%	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

				Increas	e (Decrease)
	 Total Pension	Plan	Fiduciary Net		
	Liability		Position	Net Pe	nsion Liability
	(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$ 247,282	\$	286,556	\$	(39,274)
Changes Due to:					
Service Cost	-		-		-
Expected interest growth	15,382		18,979		(3,597)
Unexpected investment income	-		(53,132)		53,132
Demographic experience	-		-		-
Employer contributions	-		5,582		(5,582)
Benefit payments and refunds	(35,443)		(35,443)		-
Administrative expenses	· -		(1,536)		1,536
Assumption changes	 				· -
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ 227,221	\$	221,006	\$	6,215

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the Discount Rate

		Cui	rent Discount	
	1% Decrease		Rate	1% Increase
	6.00%		7.00%	8.00%
General Pension Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 16,829	\$	6,215	\$ (3,509)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

For the year ended September 30, 2022 the City will recognize a pension expense of \$3,425. On September 30, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferre	ed Outflows of Resources	Defe	rred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Net Difference Between Projected and actual Earnings on Pension Plan	\$	-	\$	-
Investments		25,127		-
	\$	25,127	\$	-

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:

2022	\$ 5,927
2023	4,583
2024	3,989
2025	10,628
2026	-
Thereafter	-

Police Officers' Retirement -

The police officers' defined benefit pension plan is a local law, single employer, defined benefit pension plans as defined under Florida Statutes, Chapters 175 and 185, which covers all sworn police officers. Employees are eligible to participate in the plan immediately upon employment with the City, and they are vested in the plan after ten years of service. The plan is administered by a board of Trustees.

Contributions

The City's actuarially determined contribution rate per the October 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was 11.26%. Employees must contribute 5% of pensionable earnings. Administrative costs are deducted from the net position of the plan. Contributions from the State received under Florida State Statutes 175 and 185 amounted to \$815,574 in 2022 and were recorded as revenue and expenditures in the general fund.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability, and pre-retirement death benefits. Normal retirement is defined as the attainment of age 55 and 10 years of service, or 20 years of service, regardless of age. The normal retirement benefit is the number of years of credited service prior to October 1, 2002 multiplied by 2.25%, and the number of years of credited service after October 1, 2002 multiplied by 3%, and multiplied by the average final monthly compensation. Early retirement is defined as attainment of age 50 and 10 years of service; however, the early retirement benefit is reduced by 3% for each year before the normal retirement date. Employees are 50% vested after five years of service, increasing at the rate of 10% per year, up to 100% vesting after 10 years of service. Disability benefits are the larger of the basic pension formula or 42% of average earnings for service connected disabilities. For non-service connected disabilities, benefits are the larger of the basic pension formula or 25% of average earnings, and require 10 years of service. Disability pension is offset as necessary to preclude the total of the participant's worker's compensation, disability pension, and other City-financed disability or salary continuation benefit (excluding social security benefits) from exceeding average earnings. Pre-retirement death benefits for vested members are the vested portion of the basic pension formula, reduced for payment prior to normal retirement age (payable for 10 years certain to the beneficiary of a vested participant). For non-vested participants, the benefit is the return of accumulated employee contributions.

Plan Membership

At September 30, 2022 plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	26
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	35
Active Plan Members	82
	143

Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The components of the net pension liability (asset) of the sponsor on September 30, 2022 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 25,528,150
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(24,704,716) *
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 823,434
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset)	96.77%

^{*} does not include Share Plan balances or excess chapter 175/185 contributions

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2021, updated September 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	5.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Employee Mortality Table, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
		Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	40%	7.10%
International Equity	10%	3.10%
Bonds	25%	2.00%
Convertibles	10%	6.40%
Private Real Estate	10%	6.40%
Infrastructure	5%	5.60%
Total	100%	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		n Net Pension Liab	
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	23,763,682	\$	28,938,693	\$	(5,175,011)
Changes Due to:						
Service Cost		1,497,597		-		1,497,597
Expected interest growth		1,743,942		2,050,915		(306,973)
Unexpected investment income		-		(7,017,456)		7,017,456
Demographic experience		(610,237)		-		(610,237)
Employer contributions		-		1,380,471		(1,380,471)
Employee contributions		-		293,891		(293,891)
Benefit payments and refunds		(866,834)		(866,834)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(74,964)		74,964
Assumption changes						-
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	25,528,150	\$	24,704,716	\$	823,434

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the Discount Rate

	Current Discount					
		1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase
	-	6.00%		7.00%		8.00%
Police Pension Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	4,463,663	\$	823,434	\$	(2,135,910)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

For the year ended September 30, 2022 the City will recognize a pension expense of \$1,785,273. On September 30, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	186,740 818,671	\$	891,584 -	
investments		3,260,932			
	\$	4,266,343	\$	891,584	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:

2023	\$ 824,078
2024	605,244
2025	647,223
2026	1,389,007
2027	(8,440)
Thereafter	(82,353)

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

DROP is available to participants who have attained their normal retirement age and individuals may participate in the DROP for up to 60 months; DROP accounts are credited with interest at the rate of 6.50% per annum. The Police DROP balance as of September 30, 2022 is \$0.

Firefighters' Retirement

The firefighters' defined benefit pension plan is a local law, single employer, defined benefit pension plans as defined under Florida Statutes, Chapters 175 and 185, which covers all full time and volunteer firefighters employed by the City. Employees are eligible to participate in the plan immediately upon employment with the City, and they are vested in the plan after ten years of service.

The plan is administered by a board of Trustees.

Contributions

The City's actuarially determined contribution rate per the October 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was 14.45%. Employees must contribute 4% of pensionable earnings. Administrative costs are deducted from the net position of the plan. Contributions from the State received under Florida State Statutes 175 and 185 amounted to \$540,247 in 2022 and were recorded as revenue and expenditures in the general fund.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability, and pre-retirement death benefits. Normal retirement is defined as the attainment of age 55 and 10 years of service, or 20 years of service, regardless of age. The normal retirement benefit is the number of years of credited service prior to October 1, 2002 multiplied by 2.25%, and the number of years of credited service after October 1, 2002 multiplied by 3%, and multiplied by the average final monthly compensation. Volunteer firefighters earn a minimum benefit of \$5 for each year of service. Early retirement is defined as attainment of age 50 and 10 years of service; however, the early retirement benefit is reduced by 3% for each year before the normal retirement date. Employees are 50% vested after five years of service, increasing at the rate of 10% per year, up to 100% vesting after 10 years of service. Disability benefits are the larger of the basic pension formula or 42% of average earnings for service connected disabilities. For non-service connected disabilities, benefits are the larger of the basic pension formula or 25% of average earnings, and require 10 years of service. Disability pension is offset as necessary to preclude the total of the participant's worker's compensation, disability pension, and other City-financed disability or salary continuation benefit (excluding social security benefits) from exceeding average earnings. Pre-retirement death benefits for vested members are the vested portion of the basic pension formula, reduced for payment prior to normal retirement age (payable for 10 years certain to the beneficiary of a vested participant). For non-vested participants, the benefit is the return of accumulated employee contributions.

Plan Membership

At September 30, 2022 plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	6
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	69
Active Plan Members	79
	154

Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The components of the net pension liability (asset) of the sponsor on September 30, 2022 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 26,871,032
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(25,996,314) *
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 874,718
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset)	96.74%

^{*} does not include Share Plan balances or excess chapter 175/185 contributions

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018, updated September 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	5.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

Mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Employee Mortality Table, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
		Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	40%	7.10%
International Equity	10%	3.10%
Bonds	25%	2.00%
Convertibles	10%	6.40%
Private Real Estate	10%	6.40%
Infrastructure	5%	5.60%
Total	100%	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b	
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	23,825,081	\$	29,191,362	\$	(5,366,281)
Changes Due to:						
Service Cost		1,700,162		-		1,700,162
Expected interest growth		1,768,108		2,106,397		(338,289)
Unexpected investment income		-		(7,132,455)		7,132,455
Demographic experience		(231,493)		-		(231,493)
Employer contributions		-		1,799,505		(1,799,505)
Employee contributions		-		324,115		(324,115)
Benefit payments and refunds		(190,826)		(190,826)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(101,784)		101,784
Assumption changes						-
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	26,871,032	\$	25,996,314	\$	874,718

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the Discount Rate

	Current Discount					
		1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase
		6.00%		7.00%		8.00%
Fire Pension Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	4,688,587	\$	874,718	\$	(2,220,715)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

For the year ended September 30, 2022 the City will recognize a pension expense of \$2,242,258. On September 30, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	101,093 1,454,102	\$	351,598 -
investments		3,410,514		
	\$	4,965,709	\$	351,598

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2022	\$ 1,114,512
2023	1,008,424
2024	1,029,242
2025	1,481,081
2026	(31)
Thereafter	(19,117)

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

DROP is available to participants who have attained their normal retirement age and individuals may participate in the DROP for up to 60 months; DROP accounts are credited with interest at the rate of 6.50% per annum. The Fire DROP balance as of September 30, 2022 is \$0.

General Employee Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The defined Contribution Pension Plan for General Employees of the *City of Clermont* was established October 1, 1985, as defined in Chapter 46, Article I, of the Clermont Code, and is available to all permanent general employees of the City, once they have completed one year of employment. Employees are fully vested in the plan after ten years of service.

In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus investment earnings. Contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who terminate employment before five years of service are used to reduce the City's current period contributions.

Covered payroll for this Plan for fiscal year 2022 was \$9,762,009; the City's total payroll for City employees was \$23,698,878.

The City contributes annually to the pension account of each active participant an amount equal to ten percent (10%) of the employee's annual compensation. No contribution is required by employees. The *City of Clermont* City Council adopted and may amend plan provision by resolution.

The actual contribution made by the City for fiscal year 2022 was \$975,293.

Aggregate Amounts of All Pension Plans

The aggregate amounts for all of the City's defined benefit pension plans at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

						Gove	nmen	tal Activities
		Net Pension						
	P	Asset (Liability)		Deferred Inflows		rred Outflows		Expense
General Employees Pension Plan	\$	(6,215)	\$	-	\$	25,127	\$	3,425
Police Pension Plan		(823,434)		(891,584)		4,266,343		1,785,273
Firefighters Pension Plan		(874,718)		(351,598)		4,965,709		2,242,258
	\$	(1,704,367)	\$	(1,243,182)	\$	9,257,179	\$	4,030,956

Individual Fiduciary Fund Statements

Individual statements of net position for the four plans included in the City of Clermont fiduciary funds are as follows:

City of Clermont, Florida

Individual Statements of Fiduciary Net Position

September 30, 2022

	General Employees Defined Benefit	Police Officers Pension Trust	Firefighters Pension Trust	Total Employee Pension Funds
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$ 2,154	\$ 546,166	\$ 1,281,162	\$ 1,829,482
U.S. Government & other debt securities	63,335	8,244,580	8,529,713	16,837,628
Equities	149,935	16,256,290	16,132,413	32,538,638
Real estate		1,057,014	1,057,014	2,114,028
Total Investments	213,270	25,557,884	25,719,140	51,490,294
Receivables	5,582			5,582
Total assets	221,006	26,104,050	27,000,302	53,325,358
Liabilities:				
Refunds payable and other	-	3,443	3,422	6,865
Pending trades payable		10,013	10,674	20,687
Total liabilities		13,456	14,096	27,552
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$221,006	\$26,090,594	\$26,986,206	\$ 53,297,806

Individual statements of the changes in fiduciary net position are as follows: City of Clermont, Florida

Individual Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Employees Defined Benefit	Police Officers Pension Trust	Firefighters Pension Trust	Total Employee Pension Funds
Additions:			_	
Contributions:				
Employer	\$ 5,582	\$ 769,420	\$ 1,259,258	\$ 2,034,260
Plan members	-	293,891	400,955	694,846
State		815,574	540,247	1,355,821
Total contributions	5,582	1,878,885	2,200,460	4,084,927
Investment earnings: Net increase (decrease) in fair value of				
investments	(34,152)	(6,183,700)	(6,170,415)	(12,388,267)
Interest and dividends	-	981,627	970,823	1,952,450
Investment expense		(24,874)	(22,074)	(46,948)
Total net investment earnings	(34,152)	(5,226,947)	(5,221,666)	(10,482,765)
Total additions	(28,570)	(3,348,062)	(3,021,206)	(6,397,838)
Deductions:				
Benefits/distributions Refund of contributions	35,443	1,221,334	375,730	1,632,507
Administrative expenses	1,536	74,964	101,784	178,284
Total deductions	36,979	1,296,298	477,514	1,810,791
Change in Net Position	(65,549)	(4,644,360)	(3,498,720)	(8,208,629)
Net Position Restricted for Pensions				
Beginning of Year	286,555	30,734,954	30,484,926	61,506,435
End of Year	\$221,006	\$26,090,594	\$26,986,206	\$ 53,297,806

NOTE 10 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 112.0801, the City makes continued group health and dental insurance through the city's current provider available to retirees and eligible dependents provided certain service requirements and normal age retirement requirements have been met. This plan is a single employer plan. The City is self-insured with respect to these benefits and provides an explicit subsidy for coverage to retirees and their spouses based on the coverage selected. This plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements.

NOTE 10 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

As of October 1, 2021, the valuation date, there were 361 active employees and 10 inactive employees currently receiving benefits. The OPEB liability of \$15,293,068 was measured as of September 30, 2022 and was determined by the actuarial valuation. The covered payroll was \$22,813,150, and the ratio of Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll was 67.04%.

Summary of Actuarial Methods & Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios Schedule, immediately following the notes to the financial statements as required supplementary information, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time. The schedule includes one year.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The Total liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods include in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Initial Health Care Cost Trend Rate		7.50%
Ultimate Health Care Cost Trend Rate		4.54%
Fiscal Year the Ultimate Rate is Reached	F	iscal year 2090
Additional Information		
Valuation Date	(October 1, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Er	try Age Normal
Discount Rate*		4.02%
Inflation Rate		3.10%
Salary Rate Increase		4%
Funded Ratio (Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of Total OPEB Liability)		NA
Covered Payroll	\$	22,813,150
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		67.04%

^{*} The discount rate was based on the index provided by Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index based on the 20 year AA municipal bond rate as of September 30, 2022.

NOTE 10 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Below are the details regarding the Total OPEB liability for the measurement period from October 1, 2021, to September 30, 2022.

	Total OPEB
	Liability
Balance as of 9/30/2021	\$ 13,433,609
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	1,137,810
Interest	594,122
Difference Between Expected & Actual Experience	107,807
Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs	180,141
Benefit Payments (1)	(160,421)
Other Changes	 -
Net Changes	\$ 1,859,459
Balance as of 9/30/2022	\$ 15,293,068

⁽¹⁾ Includes the Implicit Rate Subsidy.

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher than the current discount rate:

	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	3.02%	4.02%	5.02%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 17,850,653	\$ 15,293,068	\$ 13,209,564

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the city, as well as what the City's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower and 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Decrease		Health Care	Increase
	 1%		Trend	1%
	_		_	_
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 12,946,613	\$	15,293,068	\$ 18,209,104

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defer	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	516,237 1,481,716	\$	- 465,674
Total	\$	1,997,953	\$	465,674

NOTE 10 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	
2023	\$ 367,077
2024	367,077
2025	332,959
2026	316,162
2027	65,032
Thereafter	83,972

Postemployment benefits (OPEB's)

The City provides optional postemployment healthcare and dental insurance coverage to eligible individuals.

Eligible individuals - Employees of the City who are eligible for retirement or disability retirement under the City's retirement plans may elect to participate in the City-sponsored insurance plans (healthcare and dental) at their cost.

Retiree monthly premiums for postemployment insurance coverage - retirees must pay monthly contributions in accordance with City Resolution #2013-06 based upon plan costs as determined by the City in conjunction with insurance carriers. Failure to pay insurance premiums will result in termination of insurance coverage without the ability to reinstate such coverage.

NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

During fiscal year 1990, the City established an internal service fund to account for its uninsured risk of loss for employee medical and dental coverage. Under this program, the fund provides coverage for the first \$181,500 per year in medical, dental, or prescription claims for each covered employee. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund with a total aggregate stop-loss of \$4,895,468.

There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from that carried in the prior year. Claims provided have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The general, water, sewer, sanitation and stormwater funds participate in the program and make payments to the internal service fund based on the number of employees budgeted in each fund.

The claims liability of \$205,245 represents claims processed through October 2022 which were applicable to the current fiscal year and any additional claims are deemed immaterial. Changes to the current claims liability are as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Claims Liabilities, beginning of year	\$ 334,618	\$ 206,017
Incurred Claims	6,021,659	5,962,564
Payments on Claims	(6,151,032)	(5,833,963)
Claims Liabilities, end of year	\$ 205,245	\$ 334,618

NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The City is engaged in various liability claims incidental to the conduct of its general government operations at September 30, 2022. While the ultimate outcome of the litigation cannot be determined at this time, management believes that any amounts not covered by insurance, if any, resulting from these lawsuits would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. The City has obtained excess insurance coverage with varying retentions and limits to further limit exposure to large losses. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the past three years.

NOTE 13 FUND BALANCES

The City classifies the components of fund balance based on the classifications described below:

Nonspendable

Nonspendable funds include fund balance amounts that are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Spendable Fund Balance

Restricted includes fund balance amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers such as creditors (by debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed includes fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by formal action of the City Council, the City's highest level of decision making authority, with formal action occurring prior to the fiscal year end. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City Council taking the same formal action (Resolution) that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. The City Council is authorized to assign amounts for a specific purpose.

NOTE 13 FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Unassigned includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

At September 30, 2022, the City's governmental fund balances were as follows:

			Car	oital	Inf	frastructure Othe Special Government		Other vernmental		
	General F	und	Proje		Rev	enue Fund		Funds		Total
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable										
Inventory/prepaids	\$ 462,	586	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,275	\$	472,861
Spendable										
Restricted for:										
Police	70	496		-		-		1,112,851		1,183,347
Fire		-		-		-		2,488,103		2,488,103
Transportation	24	742								24,742
Tree replacement	322	516								322,516
Building Services		-		-		-		2,394,163		2,394,163
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		4,316,085		4,316,085
Community redevelopment		-		-		-		502,606		502,606
Infrastructure		-		-		4,037,993		-		4,037,993
Debt service		-		-		-		1,862,888		1,862,888
Cemetery		-		-		-		1,547,880		1,547,880
Assigned for:										
Capital projects		-	11,197,8	852		-		-	•	11,197,852
Police/fire donations	9,	287								9,287
Subsequent year expenditures	1,358	379		-		-		-		1,358,379
Unassigned	17,840	316		-		-	_			17,840,316
	\$ 20,088	322	\$11,197,8	852	\$	4,037,993	\$	14,234,851	\$4	9,559,018

REQUIRED SUPPLE	EMENTAL I	NFORMATI	ON



	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 1,137,810	\$ 760,368	\$ 740,666	\$ 721,475	\$ 496,316
Interest	594,122	333,917	309,219	288,724	312,754
Differences between expected and actual experience	107,807	-	-	181,592	-
Changes of assumptions	180,141	-	-	2,106,772	(662,223)
Benefit Payments (2)	(160,421)	(213,932)	(242,837)	(236,545)	(109,600)
Other changes	-	-	-	-	
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,859,459	880,353	807,048	3,062,018	37,247
Total OPEB liability, beginning (1)	13,433,609	12,553,256	11,746,208	8,684,190	8,646,943
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 15,293,068	\$ 13,433,609	\$ 12,553,256	\$ 11,746,208	\$ 8,684,190
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 22,813,150	\$ 19,075,627	\$ 19,075,627	\$ 18,701,595	\$ 14,293,247
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	67.04%	70.42%	65.81%	62.81%	60.76%

Notes to Schedule:

Prior year information not available, will be updated when information is available

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal Year 2016 results calculated one year later using a 3.35% Discount Rate index as of 9/30/2017.

⁽²⁾ Includes the Implicit Rate Subsidy.

City of Clermont, Florida
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – General Employees
Year Ended September 30, 2022

	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	15,382	21,619	21,619	21,414	23,435	22,569	22,224	29,060	28,229
Differences Between Expected and Actual									
Experience	(29,410)	-	-	33,131	-	17,118	12,118	40,676	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	28,462	31,161	(10,549)	-
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee									
ontributions	(35,443)	(49,982)	(49,982)	(53,410)	(51,013)	(57,338)	(61,435)	(63,484)	(56,412)
let Change in Total Pension Liability	(49,471)	(28,363)	(28,363)	1,135	(27,578)	10,811	4,068	(4,297)	(28,183)
Гоtal Pension Liability-beginning	276,692	305,055	333,418	332,283	359,861	349,050	344,982	349,279	377,462
Total Pension Liability-ending (a)	\$227,221	\$276,692	\$305,055	\$333,418	\$332,283	\$359,861	\$349,050	\$344,982	\$ 349,279
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions-employer	5,582	5,582	11,018	11,018	8,767	8,767	-	-	-
ontributions-state	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ontributions-employee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
et Investment Income	(34,153)	51,033	16,320	14,396	24,889	44,469	29,829	2,613	40,560
enefit Payments, including refunds of employee									
ontributions	(35,443)	(38,315)	(42,156)	(53,410)	(57,338)	(57,338)	(61,435)	(63,484)	(66,212)
dministrative Expense	(1,536)	(5,235)	(5,271)	(1,597)	(1,681)	(5,457)	(1,757)	(6,508)	(3,136)
ther	(89)						-		
let Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(65,639)	13,065	(20,089)	(29,593)	(25,363)	(9,559)	(33,363)	(67,379)	(28,788)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning	286,645	273,580	293,669	323,262	348,625	358,184	391,547	458,926	487,714
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)	\$221,006	\$286,645	\$273,580	\$293,669	\$323,262	\$348,625	\$358,184	\$391,547	\$ 458,926
ian in table of the control of the c	ΨΖΖ1,000	Ψ200,010	Ψ210,000	Ψ200,000	Ψ020,202	ΨΟ 10,020	φοσο, το τ	φοστ,σττ	Ψ 100,020
let Pension Liability - ending (a)- (b)	\$ 6,215	\$ (9,953)	\$ 31,475	\$ 39,749	\$ 9,021	\$ 11,236	\$ (9,134)	\$ (46,565)	\$(109,647)
or. c	Ψ 0,210	Ψ (0,000)	Ψ 01,110	Ψ 00,110	Ψ 0,021	Ψ 11,200	Ψ (0,101)	Ψ (10,000)	Ψ(100,017)
an Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of									
otal Pension Liability	97.26%	103.60%	89.68%	88.08%	97.29%	96.88%	102.62%	113.50%	131.39%
·									
Covered Payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of									
Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									

	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$ 1,497,597	\$ 1,335,386	\$ 1,048,755	\$ 1,048,755	\$ 941,659	\$ 941,659	\$ 836,661	\$ 560,680	\$ 524,531
Interest	1,743,942	1,535,299	1,300,909	1,290,431	1,170,292	1,049,633	749,652	860,884	723,246
Changes in Excess State Money	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual									
Experience	(610,237)	260,114	-	(610,614)	(108,041)	(204,387)	(211,987)	(162,697)	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	576,133	3,155,202	-	-
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee									
contributions	(866,834)	(550,996)	(446,562)	(403,441)	(381,207)	(640,378)	(342,697)	(298,559)	(532,943)
Assumption changes	-	295,495	-	1,209	-	-	-	· -	-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,764,468	2,875,298	1,903,102	1,326,340	1,622,703	1,722,660	4,186,831	960,308	714,834
Total Pension Liability-beginning	23,763,682	20,888,384	18,985,282	17,658,942	16,036,239	14,313,579	10,126,748	9,166,440	8,451,606
Total Pension Liability-ending (a)	\$25,528,150	\$23,763,682	\$20,888,384	\$18,985,282	\$17,658,942	\$16,036,239	\$14,313,579	\$10,126,748	\$ 9,166,440
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions-employer	1,380,471	1,084,478	943,063	891,380	944,540	756,302	632,411	281,722	411,953
Contributions-state	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	240,486	217,653
Contributions-employee	293,891	268,568	238,416	175,526	120,269	116,332	108,806	99,188	95,733
Net Investment Income	(4,966,541)	4,959,439	2,346,071	1,330,033	1,245,288	1,908,188	1,115,432	(14,779)	1,043,670
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee									
contributions	(866,834)	(550,996)	(446,562)	(403,441)	(381,207)	(640,378)	(342,697)	(298,559)	(334,599)
Administrative Expense	(74,964)	(59,823)	(61,414)	(102,202)	(51,400)	(49,645)	(30,651)	(54,494)	(31,851)
Other									
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(4,233,977)	5,701,666	3,019,574	1,891,296	1,877,490	2,090,799	1,483,301	253,564	1,402,559
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning	28,938,693	23,237,027	20,217,453	18,326,157	16,448,667	14,357,868	12,874,567	12,621,003	11,218,444
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)	\$24,704,716	\$28,938,693	\$23,237,027	\$20,217,453	\$18,326,157	\$16,448,667	\$14,357,868	\$12,874,567	\$12,621,003
Nat Danaian Liabilita andina (a) (b)	* 000 404	Φ (F 47F 044)	* (0.040.040)	Φ (4.000 474)	* (007.045)	* (440.400)	* (44.000)	Φ (0.747.040)	A (0.454.500)
Net Pension Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 823,434	\$ (5,175,011)	\$ (2,348,643)	\$ (1,232,171)	\$ (667,215)	\$ (412,428)	\$ (44,289)	\$ (2,747,819)	\$ (3,454,563)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of									
Total Pension Liability	96.77%	121.78%	111.24%	106.49%	103.78%	102.57%	100.31%	127.13%	137.69%
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,341,730	\$ 4,730,329	\$ 3,813,876	\$ 3,813,876	\$ 3,366,613	\$ 3,366,613	\$ 3,366,613	\$ 3,108,552	\$ 2,424,191
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of									
Covered Payroll	15.42%	-109.40%	-61.58%	-32.31%	-19.82%	-12.25%	-1.32%	-88.40%	-142.50%

	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$ 1,700,162	\$ 1,555,175	\$ 1,313,842	\$ 1,313,842	\$ 1,025,516	\$ 1,025,516	\$ 784,710	\$ 524,325	\$ 596,543
Interest	1,768,108	1,542,677	1,272,336	1,141,847	996,576	782,004	515,458	553,753	530,089
Changes in Excess State Money	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(231,493)	(18,454)	-	(158,435)	(121,553)	633,143	(208,729)	(67,286)	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	294,977	-	1,079,623	-	634,356	2,505,255	-	-
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee	(190,826)	(283,350)	(288,092)	(99,705)	(25,120)	(4,513)	(1,324)	(945)	(81,466)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	3,045,951	3,091,025	2,298,086	3,277,172	1,875,419	3,070,506	3,595,370	1,009,847	1,045,166
Total Pension Liability-beginning	23,825,081	20,734,056	18,435,970	15,158,798	13,283,379	10,212,873	6,617,503	5,607,656	4,562,490
Total Pension Liability-ending (a)	\$26,871,032	\$23,825,081	\$20,734,056	\$18,435,970	\$15,158,798	\$13,283,379	\$10,212,873	\$ 6,617,503	\$ 5,607,656
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions-employer	1,799,505	1,606,558	1,649,080	1,585,514	1,278,757	797,699	491,818	646,065	438,902
Contributions-state	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	181,292	175,931
Contributions-employee	324,115	316,273	220,098	231,935	200,118	238,785	279,064	141,632	86,520
Net Investment Income	(5,026,058)	4,864,047	2,267,101	1,240,965	1,063,078	1,599,687	858,136	(32,699)	704,467
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee	(190,826)	(283,350)	(288,092)	(99,705)	(25,120)	(4,513)	(1,324)	(945)	(756)
Administrative Expense	(101,784)	(83,741)	(65,477)	(98,170)	(35,839)	(49,761)	(28,346)	(40,885)	(24,109)
Other									-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(3,195,048)	6,419,787	3,782,710	2,860,539	2,480,994	2,581,897	1,599,348	894,460	1,380,955
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning	29,191,362	22,771,575	18,988,865	16,128,326	13,647,332	11,065,435	9,466,087	8,571,627	7,190,672
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)	\$25,996,314	\$29,191,362	\$22,771,575	\$18,988,865	\$16,128,326	\$13,647,332	\$11,065,435	\$ 9,466,087	\$ 8,571,627
Net Pension Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 874,718	\$ (5,366,281)	\$ (2,037,519)	\$ (552,895)	\$ (969,528)	\$ (363,953)	\$ (852,562)	\$ (2,848,584)	\$ (2,963,971)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total	96.74%	122.52%	109.83%	103.00%	106.40%	102.74%	108.35%	143.05%	152.86%
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,633,189	\$ 5,089,447	\$ 4,438,530	\$ 4,438,530	\$ 3,602,745	\$ 3,602,745	\$ 2,798,049	\$ 2,798,049	\$ 2,798,049
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered	15.53%	-105.44%	-45.91%	-12.46%	-26.91%	-10.10%	-30.47%	-101.81%	-105.93%

Schedule of Contributions and Investment Returns – General Employees

Year Ended September 30, 2022

Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 9/30/2022 5,582	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019 \$ 11,018	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 5,582	5,582 \$ -	11,018 \$ -	11,018 \$ -	8,767 \$ -	8,767 \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date 10/1/2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Aggregate

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Pay, open

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years
Asset Valuation Method Market Value
Inflation 2.77%
Salary Increases N/A

Interest Rate 7% per year, compounded annually, net of investment expenses

Schedule of Investment Returns	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of									
investment expenses	-12.61%	5.92%	4.23%	4.23%	7.00%	4.08%	4.08%	5.48%	8.55%

Schedule of Contributions and Investment Returns - Police

Year Ended September 30, 2022

	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 661,843	\$1,084,478	\$ 985,611	\$ 936,834	\$ 905,229	\$ 875,593	\$ 640,139	\$ 583,559	\$ 629,606
Actuarially Determined Contribution	1,380,471	1,084,478	943,063	891,380	944,540	756,302	632,411	522,208	670,126
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (718,628)	\$ -	\$ 42,548	\$ 45,454	\$ (39,311)	\$ 119,291	\$ 7,728	\$ 61,351	\$ (40,520)
Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$5,341,730	\$4,730,329	\$3,813,876	\$3,813,876	\$3,366,613	\$ 3,366,613	\$ 3,366,613	\$3,108,552	\$3,108,552
Covered Payroll	25.84%	22.93%	24.73%	23.37%	28.06%	22.46%	18.78%	16.80%	21.56%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date 10/1/2021

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Aggregate

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Pay, open

Remaining Amortization Period 30 Years
Asset Valuation Method Market Value
Salary Increases 5.50% per annum

Interest Rate 7% per annum (2.5% per annum is attributable to long-term inflation); this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments

Retirement 20% of eligible participants are assumed to retire at each of ages 52 through 54 and 100% of eligible participants are assumed to retire at

normal retirement age

Other Decrements Assumed employment termination is based on age and ranges from 5.00% at age 20 to 0.00% at age 50

Assumed disability is based on age and ranges from 0.03% at age 20 to 0.18% at age 50; 75% of disabilities are assumed to be service-

connected

Mortality Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Mortality Table, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018

Non-investment Expenses Liabilities have been loaded by 1.50% to account for non-investment expenses

Future Contributions Contributions from the employer and employees are assumed to be made as legally required.

Schedule of Investment Returns	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return,							_	-	
net of investment expenses	-17.83%	21.40%	4.23%	4.23%	7.00%	4.08%	4.08%	5.48%	8.55%

Schedule of Contributions and Investment Returns - Fire

Year Ended September 30, 2022

	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$1,170,865	\$1,547,766	\$1,648,674	\$1,585,514	\$1,284,255	\$1,113,095	\$ 647,476	\$ 603,000	\$ 614,833
Actuarially Determined Contribution	1,799,505	1,606,558	1,649,080	1,585,514	1,278,757	797,699	491,818	827,357	668,800
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (628,640)	\$ (58,792)	\$ (406)	\$ -	\$ 5,498	\$ 315,396	\$ 155,658	\$ (224,357)	\$ (53,967)
Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	5,633,189	5,089,447	4,438,530	4,438,530	3,602,745	3,602,745	2,798,049	2,798,049	2,798,049
Covered Payroll	31.94%	31.57%	37.15%	35.72%	35.49%	22.14%	17.58%	29.57%	23.90%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date 10/1/2021

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Aggregate

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Pay, Open

Remaining Amortization Period 30 Years
Asset Valuation Method Market Value
Salary Increases 5.50% per annum

Interest Rate 7% per annum (2.5% per annum is attributable to long-term inflation); this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments

Retirement 20% of eligible participants are assumed to retire at each of ages 52 through 54 and 100% of eligible participants are assumed to retire at

normal retirement age

Other Decrements Assumed employment termination is based on age and ranges from 4.30% at age 20 to 0.00% at age 50

Assumed disability is based on age and ranges from 0.03% at age 20 to 0.18% at age 50; 75% of disabilities are assumed to be service-

connected

Mortality Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Mortality Table, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018

Non-investment Expenses Liabilities have been loaded by 1.75% to account for non-investment expenses

Future Contributions Contributions from the employer and employees are assumed to be made as legally required.

Schedule of Investment Returns	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return,	-	-						_	
net of investment expenses	-16.90%	20.90%	4.23%	4.23%	7.00%	4.08%	4.08%	5.48%	8.55%



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Capital Projects Fund

This fund was established to account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund

Year ended September 30, 2022

		В	udg	eted Amounts	Actu	al Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
		Original		Final			
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$	500,000 18,000 -	\$	18,000 -	\$	70,912 -	\$ - 52,912 -
Total revenues		518,000		18,000		70,912	 52,912
Expenditures: Current: General government Capital Outlay: General government		1,019		1,019		- - 4 004 705	1,019
Physical environment Economic environment		3,000,000		10,891,083 7,752,465		4,004,785 4,395,065	6,886,298 3,357,400
Total expenditures		3,001,019		18,644,567		8,399,850	10,244,717
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(2,483,019)		(18,626,567)		(8,328,938)	10,297,629
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in		-		8,471,492		8,311,558	(159,934)
Total other financing sources		_		8,471,492		8,311,558	 (159,934)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(2,483,019)		(10,155,075)	_	(17,380)	10,137,695
Fund Balances - beginning		11,215,232		11,215,232		11,215,232	_
Fund Balances - ending	\$	8,732,213	\$	1,060,157	\$	11,197,852	\$ 10,137,695

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for particular purposes.

Recreation Impact Fees Fund

This fund was established to account for recreation impact fees

collected from new developments constructed in the City.

Police Impact Fees Fund

This fund was established to account for police impact fees collected

from new developments constructed in the City.

Fire Impact Fee Fund

This fund was established to account for fire impact fees collected from

new developments constructed in the City.

Building Services Fund

This fund was established to account for the operations of the City's

building services department which are restricted for use in providing

building permitting and inspection services.

Fire Inspection Fund

This fund was established to account for the operations of the City's

fire prevention and inspection services. Fund closed in FY2020.

Community Redevelopment Fund This fund was established as a dependent taxing district. The

incremental annual increase in tax over the base years will be used to fund projects designed to enhance and improve the described area.

Cemetery Fund This fund was established to account for the operations and

maintenance of the City's cemetery.

Debt Service Fund

Debt service funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

Debt Service Fund

This fund was established to account for the accumulation of resources

and payment of bond principal and interest from governmental

resources.

	Special Revenue							
		Recreation Impact Fees	P	olice Impact Fees		Fire Impact Fees		Building Services
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Other receivables Due from other governments Prepaid costs	\$	2,689,330 1,660,199 1,336	\$	675,506 440,946 764	\$	1,437,799 1,065,009 887	\$	1,715,605 1,418,220 1,272 - 6,327
Total assets	\$	4,350,865	\$	1,117,216	\$	2,503,695	\$	3,141,424
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits Due to other funds	\$	34,780 - - -	\$	4,365 - - -	\$	15,592 - - -	\$	36,969 20,423 683,542
Total liabilities		34,780		4,365		15,592		740,934
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Total fund balances		4,316,085 4,316,085		1,112,851 1,112,851		2,488,103 2,488,103		6,327 2,394,163 2,400,490
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,350,865	\$	1,117,216	\$	2,503,695	\$	3,141,424

•		_		
Spec	ıaı	Ke	ven	ıue

Community Redevelopment Special Revenue		Cemetery	Total Special Revenue Funds Debt Service			Total Nonmajo Governmenta Fund		
\$	282,504 328,393 572	\$ 445,600 1,103,200 1,439	\$	7,246,344 6,015,967 6,270	\$	1,807,840 55,048 -	\$	9,054,184 6,071,015 6,270
	3,714	234		10,275		<u>-</u>		10,275
\$	615,183	\$ 1,550,473	\$	13,278,856	\$	1,862,888	\$	15,141,744
\$	106,797 2,066 -	\$ 443 1,916 - -	\$	198,946 24,405 683,542	\$	- - -	\$	198,946 24,405 683,542
	108,863	2,359		906,893		-		906,893
	3,714 502,606 506,320	234 1,547,880 1,548,114		10,275 12,361,688		1,862,888 1,862,888		10,275 14,224,576
\$	615,183	\$ 1,546,114	\$	12,371,963 13,278,856	\$	1,862,888	\$	14,234,851 15,141,744

Special Revenue Recreation Police Impact Fire Impact **Building Impact Fees Fees Fees** Services Revenues: Taxes \$ \$ \$ \$ Licenses and permits 2,171,633 Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services 129,531 Impact fees/special assessments 2,068,218 515,142 685,604 Investment earnings (loss) (5,652)(7,564)(4,399)(7,498)Miscellaneous **Total revenues** 2,062,566 507,578 681,205 2,293,666 **Expenditures:** Current: General government Public safety 218,116 138,282 1,886,084 Physical environment Economic environment Culture and recreation 306,182 Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges 306,182 218,116 138,282 **Total expenditures** 1,886,084 **Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures** 1,756,384 289,462 542,923 407,582 Other Financing Uses: Transfers in Transfers out (569,616)(14,760)Total other financing uses (569,616)(14,760)274,702 542,923 407,582 **Net Change in Fund Balances** 1,186,768 Fund Balances - beginning 3,129,317 838,149 1,945,180 1,992,908 Fund Balances - ending 4,316,085 1,112,851 \$ 2,488,103 \$ 2,400,490

Community Redevelopment Special Revenue		Cemetery	Total Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service		tal Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 502,346	\$	-	\$ 502,346 2,171,633	\$	\$ - -		502,346 2,171,633
(5,873)		145,800 - (13,358) 4,270	275,331 3,268,964 (44,344) 4,270		2,266 -		275,331 3,268,964 (42,078) 4,270
 496,473		136,712	 6,178,200		2,266		6,180,466
- - - 497,359 -		- - 120,025 - -	2,242,482 120,025 497,359 306,182		- - - -		2,242,482 120,025 497,359 306,182
 - -		- -	 - -		2,164,966 641,573		2,164,966 641,573
 497,359		120,025	3,166,048		2,806,539		5,972,587
 (886)		16,687	3,012,152		(2,804,273)	_	207,879
 - -		- -	- (584,376)		2,833,464		2,833,464 (584,376)
 			(584,376)		2,833,464		2,249,088
(886)		16,687	2,427,776		29,191		2,456,967
507,206		1,531,427	 9,944,187		1,833,697		11,777,884
\$ 506,320	\$	1,548,114	\$ 12,371,963	\$	1,862,888	\$	14,234,851

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Recreation Impact Fees

Year ended September 30, 2022

	В	Sudge	ted Amounts	Act	ual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original		Final			_
Revenues: Impact fees/special assessments Investment earnings (loss)	\$ 1,500,000 7,000	\$	2,000,000 5,000	\$	2,068,218 (5,652)	\$ 68,218 (10,652)
Total revenues	1,507,000		2,005,000		2,062,566	 57,566
Expenditures: Current: Culture and recreation	186,680		819,655		306,182	513,473
Total expenditures	186,680		819,655		306,182	513,473
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,320,320		1,185,345		1,756,384	571,039
Other Financing Uses Transfers out	 (569,618)		(569,618)		(569,616)	2
Total other financing uses	 (569,618)		(569,618)		(569,616)	2
Net Change in Fund Balances	750,702		615,727		1,186,768	571,041
Fund Balances - beginning	 3,129,317		3,129,317		3,129,317	
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 3,880,019	\$	3,745,044	\$	4,316,085	\$ 571,041

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Police Impact Fees

	B Original	udg	eted Amounts Final	Acti	ual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	 	_				
Impact fees/special assessments Investment earnings (loss)	\$ 340,000 4,000	\$	500,000 2,000	\$ 	515,142 (7,564)	\$ 15,142 (9,564)
Total revenues	344,000		502,000		507,578	5,578
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety: Law enforcement	277,532		817,244		218,116	599,128
Total expenditures	277,532		817,244		218,116	599,128
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	66,468		(315,244)		289,462	604,706
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out	(14,763)		(14,763)		(14,760)	3_
Total other financing sources (uses)	(14,763)		(14,763)		(14,760)	3
Net Change in Fund Balances	51,705		(330,007)		274,702	604,709
Fund Balances - beginning	838,149		838,149		838,149	
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 889,854	\$	508,142	\$	1,112,851	\$ 604,709

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Fire Impact Fees

	В	Sudae	ted Amounts	Act	ual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original		Final			
Revenues: Impact fees/special assessments Investment earnings (loss)	\$ 405,000 5,000	\$	630,000 2,000	\$	685,604 (4,399)	\$ 55,604 (6,399)
Total revenues	410,000		632,000		681,205	 49,205
Expenditures: Current: Public safety: Fire control	 386		238,269		138,282	99,987
Total expenditures	386		238,269		138,282	99,987
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	409,614		393,731		542,923	 149,192
Net Change in Fund Balances	409,614		393,731		542,923	149,192
Fund Balances - beginning	 1,945,180		1,945,180		1,945,180	-
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 2,354,794	\$	2,338,911	\$	2,488,103	\$ 149,192

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Building Services

	 E Original	udge	eted Amounts Final	_Act	cual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Licenses and permits	\$ 1,421,000	\$	1,921,000	\$	2,171,633	\$ 250,633
Charges for services Investment earnings (loss)	 60,200 7,000	<u> </u>	104,200	<u> </u>	129,531 (7,498)	 25,331 (9,498)
Total revenues	1,488,200		2,027,200		2,293,666	266,466
Expenditures: Current:						
Public safety	 1,900,249		2,100,969		1,886,084	 214,885
Total expenditures	1,900,249		2,100,969		1,886,084	214,885
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (412,049)		(73,769)		407,582	 481,351
Other Financing Uses: Transfers in	 					
Total other financing sources	-		<u>-</u>			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(412,049)		(73,769)		407,582	481,351
Fund Balances - beginning	 1,992,908		1,992,908		1,992,908	
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 1,580,859	\$	1,919,139	\$	2,400,490	\$ 481,351

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Community Redevelopment Special Revenue

		В	udge	ted Amounts	Actu	al Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
		Original		Final				
Revenues:	•	540.074	•	500.040	•	500.040	•	
Taxes	\$	510,271	\$	502,346	\$	502,346	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues Investment earnings (loss)		3,000		2,000		(5,873)		(7,873)
Miscellaneous		-		-		(0,070)		-
Total revenues		513,271		504,346		496,473		(7,873)
Expenditures: Current:								
Economic development		533,433		1,011,555		497,359		514,196
Total expenditures		533,433		1,011,555		497,359		514,196
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(20,162)		(507,209)		(886)		506,323
Net Change in Fund Balances		(20,162)		(507,209)		(886)		506,323
Fund Balances - beginning		507,206		507,206		507,206		
Fund Balances - ending	\$	487,044	\$	(3)	\$	506,320	\$	506,323

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Cemetery

	В	udge	ted Amounts	Act	ual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
_	Original		Final			
Revenues: Charges for services Investment earnings (loss) Miscellaneous	\$ 150,000 7,000 2,000	\$	150,000 2,000 2,000	\$	145,800 (13,358) 4,270	\$ (4,200) (15,358) 2,270
Total revenues	 159,000		154,000		136,712	(17,288)
Expenditures: Current: Physical environment	163,272		191,711		120,025	71,686
Total expenditures	163,272		191,711		120,025	71,686
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(4,272)		(37,711)		16,687	54,398
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,272)		(37,711)		16,687	54,398
Fund Balances - beginning	1,531,427		1,531,427		1,531,427	-
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 1,527,155	\$	1,493,716	\$	1,548,114	\$ 54,398

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Debt Service

	В	udo	eted Amounts	Act	ual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final			
Revenues:	 					
Investment earnings	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000	_\$	2,266	\$ 1,266
Total revenues	1,000		1,000		2,266	 1,266
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	-		500		-	500
Debt Service:	0.464.004		0.464.024		0.464.066	(20)
Principal Interest and fiscal charges	2,164,934 641,573		2,164,934 641,573		2,164,966 641,573	(32)
·	 				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total expenditures	 2,806,507		2,807,007		2,806,539	 468
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,805,507)	_	(2,806,007)		(2,804,273)	 1,734
Other Financing Sources:						
Transfers in	2,833,462		2,833,462		2,833,464	2
Total other financing sources	2,833,462		2,833,462		2,833,464	2
Net Change in Fund Balances	27,955		27,455		29,191	1,736
Fund Balances - beginning	 1,833,697		1,833,697		1,833,697	
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 1,861,652	\$	1,861,152	\$	1,862,888	\$ 1,736

Agency funds are used to account for short-term custodial collections on resources on behalf of another individual, entity, or government.

Pension Trust Funds

General Employees' Pension Trust Fund

To account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement annuity payments at the appropriate amounts and times in the future. Resources are contributed at rates in accordance with an actuarial study.

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund

To account for the accumulation of resources to be used for the retirement annuities of all police officers. The state contributes money based upon the insurance premiums and the City contributes an amount determined by an actuarial study.

Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund

To account for the accumulation of resources to be used for the retirement annuities of all firefighters. The state contributes money based upon the fire insurance premiums and the City contributes an amount determined by an actuarial study.

	General Employees Defined Benefit	Police Officers Pension Trust		Firefighters Pension Trust	P	Total Employee ension Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,154	\$ 546,166	\$	1,281,162	\$	1,829,482
Investments at fair value: U.S. Government & other debt securities Equities Real estate	63,335 149,935	8,244,580 16,256,290 1,057,014		8,529,713 16,132,413 1,057,014		16,837,628 32,538,638 2,114,028
Total Investments	213,270	25,557,884		25,719,140		51,490,294
Accounts receivable	 5,582	-		-		5,582
Total assets	221,006	26,104,050	_	27,000,302		53,325,358
Liabilities:						
Refunds payable and other	-	3,443		3,422		6,865
Pending trade payables	-	10,013		10,674		20,687
Total liabilities		13,456		14,096		27,552
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 221,006	\$ 26,090,594	\$	26,986,206	\$	53,297,806

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

		General Employees Defined Benefit		Police Officers Pension Trust		Firefighters Pension Trust	P	Total Employee ension Funds
Additions:								
Contributions: Employer	\$	5,582	\$	769,420	\$	1,259,258	\$	2,034,260
Plan members	Ψ	-	Ψ	293,891	Ψ	400,955	Ψ	694,846
State				815,574		540,247		1,355,821
Total contributions		5,582		1,878,885		2,200,460		4,084,927
Investment earnings: Net increase (decrease) in fair value of								
investments		(34,152)		(6,183,700)		(6,170,415)		(12,388,267)
Interest and dividends		-		981,627		970,823		1,952,450
Less: Investment expense				(24,874)		(22,074)		(46,948)
Total net investment earnings		(34,152)		(5,226,947)		(5,221,666)		(10,482,765)
Total additions		(28,570)		(3,348,062)		(3,021,206)		(6,397,838)
Deductions:								
Benefits/distributions		35,443		1,221,334		375,730		1,632,507
Refund of contributions		- 1,536		- 74,964		- 101,784		- 178,284
Administrative expenses								
Total deductions		36,979		1,296,298		477,514		1,810,791
Change in Net Position		(65,549)		(4,644,360)		(3,498,720)		(8,208,629)
Net Position Restricted for Pensions								
Beginning of Year		286,555		30,734,954		30,484,926		61,506,435
End of Year	\$	221,006	\$	26,090,594	\$	26,986,206	\$	53,297,806



STATISTICAL SECTION



This part of the City of Clermont's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	114
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	124
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current level of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	129
Note: there are no limitations placed upon the amount of debt the City of Clermont may issue either by the City Charter of the City's Code of Ordinances or by Florida Statutes.	
Note: The City of Clermont has no general obligation bonds outstanding.	
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	136
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	140

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules are derived from the comprehensive annual reports for the relevant year.

City of Clermont, Florida Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year						
		2014		2015		2016	
Governmental activities							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	44,116	\$	47,718	\$	52,064	
Restricted		9,918		9,400		6,402	
Unrestricted		5,719		11,649		11,182	
Total governmental activities net position	\$	59,753	\$	68,767	\$	69,648	
Business-type activities							
Net investment in capital assets		56,680		56,586		60,150	
Restricted		10,217		12,135		13,959	
Unrestricted		27,054		26,943		26,050	
Total business-type activities net position	\$	93,951	\$	95,664	\$	100,159	
Primary government							
Net investment in capital assets		100,796		104,304		112,214	
Restricted		20,135		21,535		20,361	
Unrestricted		32,773		38,592		37,232	
Total primary government net position	\$	153,704	\$	164,431	\$	169,807	

Fiscal Year												
 2017		2018		2019		2020 202		2021		2022		
\$ 31,918	\$	35,262	\$	40,318	\$	44,045	\$	51,596	\$	58,736		
7,815		8,547		9,589		12,479		14,910		18,691		
 30,117		27,925		24,795		23,874		21,847		26,252		
\$ 69,850	\$	71,734	\$	74,702	\$	80,398	\$	88,353	\$	103,679		
\$ 63,131 17,127 26,667 106,925	\$	69,322 16,904 23,959 110,185	\$	66,104 20,362 28,286 114,752	\$	68,310 24,195 28,728 121,233	\$	88,520 25,420 28,555 142,495	\$	86,667 30,273 29,688 146,628		
 95,049 24,942 56,784		104,584 25,451 51,884		106,422 29,951 53,081		112,355 36,674 52,602		140,116 40,330 50,402		145,403 48,964 55,940		
\$ 176,775	\$	181,919	\$	189,454	\$	201,631	\$	230,848	\$	250,307		

City of Clermont, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

-	Fiscal Year										
Expenses	2013	2014	2015	2016							
Governmental Activities:											
General government	\$ 3,258	\$ 3,407	\$ 3,848	\$ 4,157							
Public safety	12,685	14,117	14,326	17,381							
Physical environment	303	350	453	788							
Transportation/public works	1,725	2,202	2,094	2,185							
Economic environment	200	363	567	209							
Human services	-	-	-	-							
Culture and recreation	1,928	3,096	4,018	5,460							
Interest on long-term debt	87	236	193_	355_							
Total governmental activities expenses	20,186	23,771	25,499	30,535							
Business-type Activities:											
Water	4,154	4,589	4,823	4,719							
Sewer	6,106	6,437	6,571	6,866							
Sanitation	2,465	2,472	3,133	2,925							
Stormwater	897	1,016	1,080	1,142							
Total business-type activities expenses	13,622	14,514	15,607	15,652							
Total primary government expenses	\$ 33,808	\$ 38,285	\$ 41,106	\$ 46,187							
Program Revenues											
Governmental Activities:											
Charges for services:											
General government	\$ 2,117	\$ 2,429	\$ 2,356	\$ 2,914							
Public safety	1,040	1,366	1,684	1,574							
Transportation/public works	-	-	-	-							
Culture and recreation	1,262	956	1,317	1,552							
Operating grants and contributions	896	939	1,598	1,822							
Capital grants and contributions	112	1,718	498	163							
Total governmental activities program revenues	5,427	7,408	7,453	8,025							
Business-type Activities:											
Charges for services:											
Water	5,215	5,362	5,726	6,162							
Sewer	5,357	5,585	5,809	6,183							
Sanitation	2,775	2,869	2,917	2,984							
Stormwater	862	881	905	955							
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	276	24							
Capital grants and contributions	3,430	2,417	3,219	4,026							
Total business-type activities program revenues	17,639	17,114	18,852	20,334							
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 23,066	\$ 24,522	\$ 26,305	\$ 28,359							

Fiscal Year										
2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	_	 2022
\$ 4,240 20,297	\$	2,870 20,306	\$	5,023 22,104	\$	5,678 22,733	\$	5,918 23,713		\$ 5,322 28,925
805		2,104		863		2,470		2,763		3,773
2,009		2,104		2,387		1,843		2,763		1,928
2,009 1,197		385		532		847		665		1,337
1,191		-		-		047		003		1,337
4,491		5,752		5,954		3,722		4,044		4,227
434		839		836		753		687		635
 33,473		34,511		37,699		38,046		40,054	_	46,147
 30,470		04,011		01,000		30,040		+0,00+	_	40,147
5,199		5,634		6,215		6,425		7,110		9,108
6,909		6,849		7,373		7,742		8,172		9,176
2,869		3,073		3,027		3,294		3,467		3,994
1,190		1,360		1,614		1,901		1,991		2,443
 16,167		16,916		18,229		19,362		20,740	_	24,721
\$ 49,640	\$	51,427	\$	55,928	\$	57,408	\$	60,794	_	\$ 70,868
	•	0.074	•	0.500	•			4.050		
\$ 3,180	\$	3,874	\$	3,590	\$	3,377	\$	4,250	;	\$ 4,884
1,506		1,344		1,593		1,854		1,778		2,211
2.002		1 607		1 001		2.000		- 0.040		2.072
2,003		1,697		1,801		2,088		2,319		2,973
1,456 309		2,233 428		2,061 625		3,307 625		2,026 2,206		14,583
 8,454		9,576				11,251			_	23 24,674
0,454	-	9,576		9,670		11,201		12,579		24,074
6,516		6,461		6,868		7,631		8,466		8,826
6,507		6,625		6,989		7,573		8,074		8,581
3,089		3,178		3,264		3,562		3,785		4,020
1,004		1,378		1,598		1,695		1,783		1,880
-		-		2,109		1		-		-
6,906		4,535		5,316		6,575		22,094		6,313
24,022		22,177		26,144		27,037		44,202	_	29,620
\$ 32,476	\$	31,753	\$	35,814	\$	38,288	\$	56,781	_	\$ 54,294

City of Clermont, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

- -		Year		
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental activities	\$ (14,759)	\$ (16,363)	\$ (18,045)	\$ (22,510)
Business-type activities	4,018	2,600	3,245	4,683
Total primary government net expense	\$ (10,741)	\$ (13,763)	\$ (14,800)	\$ (17,827)
General Revenues and Other Changes in				
Net Position				
Governmental Activities:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 5,350	\$ 6,533	\$ 7,193	\$ 8,998
Business taxes	111	126	130	140
Franchise taxes	2,123	2,379	2,502	2,712
Utility taxes	2,490	2,887	2,953	3,406
Intergovernmental-unrestricted	5,802	6,110	6,645	6,923
Unrestricted investment earnings	114	104	135	134
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	122
Miscellaneous	265	374	420	387
Transfers in/out	479	439	557	568
Special item				
Total governmental activities	16,734	18,952	20,535	23,390
Business-type Activities:				
Unrestricted investment earnings	149	198	272	260
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	18	2	(1,248)	120
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Transfers in/out	(479)	(439)	(557)	(568)
Total business-type activities	(312)	(239)	(1,533)	(188)
Total primary government	\$ 16,422	\$ 18,713	\$ 19,002	\$ 23,202
Change in Net Position				
Governmental activities	\$ 1,975	\$ 2,589	\$ 2,490	\$ 880
Business-type activities	3,706	2,361	1,712	4,495
Total primary government	\$ 5,681	\$ 4,950	\$ 4,202	\$ 5,375

^{*}Business taxes previously reported as General Government Charges for Services

		Fisca	l Year		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ (25,0° 7,85 \$ (17,16	55 5,260	\$ (28,029) 5,230 \$ (22,799)	\$ (26,795) 7,675 \$ (19,120)	\$ (27,477) 23,462 \$ (4,015)	\$ (21,472) 4,898 \$ (16,574)
2,6° 3,32 7,2! 19 48 1,36	33 160 19 2,817 28 3,446 57 7,864 97 458 36 289 36 342 57 2,013	\$ 11,945 157 3,142 3,873 8,139 1,089 193 352 2,106	\$ 13,090 162 3,203 4,202 8,403 632 - 623 2,177	\$ 14,354 144 3,360 4,467 9,969 70 - 721 2,346	\$ 15,350 145 3,813 4,684 12,180 (143) 42 433 294
	55 379 24 31 (2,013) 38) (1,603)	30,996 1,295 150 - (2,106) (661) \$ 30,335	953 29 - (2,177) (1,195) \$ 31,297	35,431 106 40 - (2,346) (2,200) \$ 33,231	36,798 (472) 1 - (294) (765) \$ 36,033
\$ 20 6,76 \$ 6,96		\$ 2,968 4,568 \$ 7,536	\$ 5,697 6,480 \$ 12,177	\$ 7,954 21,262 \$ 29,216	\$ 15,326 4,133 \$ 19,459

City of Clermont, Florida Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)
 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year							
		2013		2014		2015	;	2016
General Fund								
Nonspendable	\$	189	\$	53	\$	1,300	\$	548
Restricted		257		312		247		259
Assigned		765		1,202		304		-
Unassigned		8,878		7,669		7,014		7,886
Total general fund	\$	10,089	\$	9,236	\$	8,865	\$	8,693
All other governmental funds								
Nonspendable	\$	939	\$	1,064	\$	1,466	\$	1,922
Restricted		8,295		8,604		7,659		4,310
Assigned		-		-		-		1,226
Unassigned		-		-		-		-
Total all other governmental funds	\$	9,234	\$	9,668	\$	9,125	\$	7,458

	Fiscal Year										
2017		2018		2019			2020		2021	2022	
\$	578	\$	641	\$	283	\$	356	\$	453	\$	462
	266		228		205		359		448		418
	3		3		18		3,227		1,390		1,368
	7,137		7,104		8,182		7,859		11,617		17,840
\$	7,984	\$	7,976	\$	8,688	\$	11,801	\$	13,908	\$	20,088
\$	1,683	\$	4	\$	7	\$	9	\$	13	\$	10
	5,885		8,361		9,376		12,111		14,450		18,263
	22,621		21,720		18,700		15,476		11,215		11,198
	<u>-</u>				-				-		-
\$	30,189	\$	30,085	\$	28,083	\$	27,596	\$	25,678	\$	29,471

City of Clermont, Florida Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues		·		
Taxes	\$ 7,951	\$ 9,546	\$ 10,275	\$ 12,544
Franchise fees	2,123	2,379	2,502	2,712
Licenses and permits	884	941	788	1,298
Intergovernmental	6,729	8,796	8,772	8,790
Charges for services	1,085	1,212	1,312	1,652
Fines and forfeitures	172	589	757	703
Impact fees/special assessments	1,909	1,401	1,858	1,702
Investment Earnings	108	99	131	131
Miscellaneous	622	915	1,047	1,007
Total revenues	21,583	25,878	27,442	30,539
Expenditures Current:				
General government	3,148	3,776	3,600	4,070
Public safety	12,579	13,571	14,844	4,070 17,520
Physical environment	307	423	744	777
Transportation	1,263	1,635	1,635	1,878
Economic environment	722	1,635 365	1,635 564	482
Human services	122	303	304	402
Culture and recreation	- 2,014	2,948	3,725	5,038
Capital outlay	2,638	2,946 9,381	2,695	8,514
Debt service:	2,030	9,301	2,095	0,514
	3,080	571	884	6,280
Principal	•		198	•
Interest	122	177		342
Total expenditures	25,873	32,847	28,889	44,901
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(4,290)	(6,969)	(1,447)	(14,362)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	3,091	9,337	3,857	11,897
Transfers out	(2,612)	(8,788)	(3,323)	(11,329)
Refunding and new bonds issued	2,612	6,000	-	10,631
Capital Leases	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets				1,321
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,091	6,549	534	12,520
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,199)	\$ (420)	\$ (913)	\$ (1,842)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital				
expenditures	14.9%	3.5%	4.5%	20.2%
•	**			***

^{*} Note: Franchise Fees previously reported as Taxes.

^{**}Note: Increase in % due to refunding of 2002 bonds. Without the refunding the % would be 3.4% in 2013

^{***}Note: Increase in % due to refunding of 2013 bonds. Without the refunding the % would be 4.9% in 2016

			Fiscal Y	'ear				
2017		2018	 2019		2020		2021	 2022
\$ 13,208	\$	14,353	\$ 15,974	\$	17,453	\$	18,964	\$ 20,178
2,619		2,817	3,142		3,202		3,360	3,813
1,594		2,249	1,927		1,691		2,259	2,791
9,054		10,559	10,860		12,342		12,245	26,786
1,746		2,103	2,188		2,483		2,825	3,213
358		204	230		241		176	186
2,341		1,738	1,959		2,530		2,457	3,269
192		446	1,065		615		69	(138)
1,122		971	 965		978		1,370	 1,051
32,234		35,440	 38,310		41,535		43,725	 61,149
3,911		3,948	4,609		4,892		5,750	5,060
18,488		19,750	21,618		21,452		24,291	26,626
869		881	982		2,550		2,748	2,832
1,687		1,927	2,165		1,546		2,072	1,957
324		343	372		786		608	618
-		-	-		-		-	-
5,996		5,199	6,302		2,901		3,027	3,838
2,112		4,085	3,846		4,070		4,517	8,400
1,077		979	2,096		2,147		2,202	2,255
272		805	829		772		711	655
34,736	_	37,917	42,819		41,116	_	45,926	52,241
(2,502)		(2,477)	 (4,509)		419		(2,201)	 8,908
26,725		7,697	4,937		5,152		5,179	23,636
(25,957)		(6,332)	(2,834)		(2,974)		(2,833)	(22,785)
23,670		(0,002)	(2,007)		(2,014)		(2,000)	(22,700)
		_	919		_		_	_
86		1,000	198		29		44	214
24,524		2,365	3,220		2,207		2,390	1,065
\$ 22,022	\$	(112)	\$ (1,289)	\$	2,626	\$	189	\$ 9,973
4.6%		5.7%	8.3%		8.2%		7.2%	6.2%

City of Clermont, Florida Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Property	Utility	Business	Franchise	
Year	Tax	Tax	Tax	Fees	Total
2013	5,350	2,490	111	2,123	10,074
2014	6,533	2,887	126	2,379	11,925
2015	7,013	2,953	130	2,502	12,598
2016	8,795	3,406	140	2,712	15,053
2017	9,538	3,328	133	2,619	15,618
2018	10,549	3,446	160	2,817	16,972
2019	11,747	3,872	157	3,142	18,918
2020	12,880	4,202	162	3,203	20,447
2021	14,354	4,467	144	3,360	22,325
2022	15,350	4,684	145	3,813	23,992

Taxes Included in Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues

Fiscal Sales		State Revenue	Local Option	
Year	Tax	Sharing	Gas Tax	Total
2013	1,419	535	280	2,234
2014	1,567	635	290	2,492
2015	1,820	749	378	2,947
2016	1,848	819	482	3,149
2017	1,945	911	520	3,376
2018	2,172	1,013	548	3,733
2019	2,236	1,116	551	3,903
2020	2,345	1,053	522	3,920
2021	2,806	1,386	537	4,729
2022	3,333	1,930	574	5,837

City of Clermont, Florida Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year			Less:	Total Taxable	Total Direct	Estimated Actual	Assessed Value as a
Ended	Real*	Personal	Tax Exempt	Assessed	Tax	Taxable	Percentage of
Sep 30	Property	Property	Property	Value	Rate	Value	Actual Value
2013	2,124,017	206,870	605,114	1,725,773	3.1420	2,330,887	74.04%
2014	2,185,702	205,140	611,063	1,779,779	3.7290	2,390,842	74.44%
2015	2,336,882	207,024	630,762	1,913,144	3.7290	2,543,906	75.20%
2016	2,574,360	215,752	652,769	2,137,343	4.2061	2,790,112	76.60%
2017	2,791,963	215,772	689,683	2,318,052	4.2061	3,007,735	77.07%
2018	3,057,114	233,448	724,930	2,565,632	4.2061	3,290,562	77.97%
2019	3,406,874	238,430	789,497	2,855,807	4.2061	3,645,304	78.34%
2020	3,723,782	247,430	848,948	3,122,264	4.2061	3,971,212	78.62%
2021	4,070,776	262,371	899,129	3,434,018	4.2061	4,333,147	79.25%
2022	4,396,812	258,785	937,103	3,718,493	4.2061	4,655,597	79.87%

Source: Lake County Property Appraisers Office

^{*} Information on breakdown of residential and commercial property is not available.

City of Clermont, Florida Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping¹ Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years²

(per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	Direct Rate			Ove	erlapping l	Rates			
	City of				Lake	South	Lake	St. Johns	Total
	Clermont		Lake County		County	Lake	County	River Water	Direct &
Fiscal	Operating	Operating	Voted	Ambulance	School	Hospital	Water	Management	Overlapping
Year	Millage	Millage	Debt Service	MSTU	District	District ³	Authority	District	Rates
2013	3.1420	4.7309	0.1900	0.3853	7.3200	0.8000	0.2554	0.3313	17.1549
2014	3.7290	4.7309	0.1900	0.3853	7.1700	0.7900	0.2554	0.3283	17.5789
2015	3.7290	5.3856	0.1600	0.4629	7.2460	0.7633	0.2554	0.3164	18.3186
2016	4.2061	5.3051	0.1600	0.4629	7.1970	0.7633	0.2554	0.3023	18.6521
2017	4.2061	5.1180	0.1524	0.4629	6.8750	0.7332	0.2554	0.2885	18.0915
2018	4.2061	5.1180	0.1524	0.4629	6.6030	0.6898	0.2554	0.2724	17.7600
2019	4.2061	5.1180	0.1324	0.4629	6.3550	0.6432	0.4900	0.2562	17.6638
2020	4.2061	5.0734	0.1100	0.4629	6.8830	0.5886	0.3557	0.2414	17.9211
2021	4.2061	5.0327	0.1100	0.4629	6.6990	-	0.3368	0.2287	17.0762
2022	4.2061	5.0529	0.0918	0.4629	6.5920	-	0.3229	0.2189	16.9475

Source: Lake County Property Appraisers Office

Operating millage is the only component of the City's direct rate

¹ Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Clermont.

² Taxes levied for the fiscal year are based on the prior year taxable value.

City of Clermont, Florida Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

(amounts expressed in thousands)

2022	2013
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Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Taxpayor		- Tturnt				
Vista at Lost Lake TIC I LLC	58,304	1	1.70%			
BR Citrus Tower LLC	46,171	2	1.34%			
Advenir at Castle Hill LLC	44,860	3	1.31%			
John P. Adams & Ann D. Adams						
Family LP	40,419	4	1.18%	24,625	1	1.43%
US 27-Clermont LLC	38,514	5	1.12%			
South Lake Hospital, Inc.	38,506	6	1.12%	11,861	7	0.69%
Palisades of Clermont LLC	33,131	7	0.96%			
Westdale Sundance LTD	29,494	8	0.86%	16,372	3	0.95%
Clermont LL LLC	23,655	9	0.69%			
Weingarten I-4 Clermont Landing	21,064	10	0.61%	12,370	5	0.72%
Fountains at Clermont LLC				18,251	2	1.06%
MRP Lost Lake LLC				15,844	4	0.92%
Village at East Lake				12,296	6	0.71%
Progress Energy Florida, Inc				10,022	9	0.58%
Wal-Mart Stores East LP				10,065	8	0.58%
Target Corporation				9,198	10	0.53%
TOTAL	\$ 374,118		10.89%	\$ 140,904		8.16%

Source: Lake County Property Appraiser

City of Clermont, Florida Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal		Collected	d within the			
Year	Total Tax	Fiscal Yea	Fiscal Year of the Levy		Total Collect	ions to Date
Ended	Levy for		Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage
September	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2013	5,422	5,153	95.0%	8	5,161	95.2%
2014	6,635	6,325	95.3%	9	6,334	95.5%
2015	7,133	6,793	95.2%	6	6,799	95.3%
2016	8,990	8,570	95.3%	4	8,574	95.4%
2017	9,750	9,299	95.4%	9	9,308	95.5%
2018	10,791	10,278	95.2%	6	10,284	95.3%
2019	12,012	11,430	95.2%	5	11,435	95.2%
2020	13,133	12,471	95.0%	7	12,478	95.0%
2021	14,444	13,677	94.7%	1	13,678	94.7%
2022	15,640	14,827	94.8%	3	14,830	94.8%

Note:

Property taxes become due and payable on November 1st of each year. A four (4) percent discount is allowed if the taxes are paid in November, with the discount declining by one (1) percent each month thereafter. Accordingly, taxes collected will never be 100 percent of the tax levy.

City of Clermont, Florida Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

Business-Type Governmental Activities Fiscal Activities Year Total Percentage **Ended** Revenue Capital **Notes** Revenue **Notes** Outstanding of Personal **Bonds** Income¹ Per Capita¹ Sept **Bonds** Leases **Payable Payable** Debt \$ \$ 14,979 \$ \$ 582 2013 2,612 17,591 706 2014 8,041 14,361 22,402 2.74% 2015 7,157 13,728 20,885 2.45% 646 2016 11,509 24,584 2.40% 709 13,075 2017 34,102 12,403 6,329 52,834 4.87% 1,476 2018 33,123 12,268 51,720 1,329 6,329 4.22% 2019 838 31,109 11,467 5,980 49,394 3.76% 1,212 2020 754 29,045 10,634 5,621 46,054 3.45% 1,040 2021 666 26,930 3.03% 954 9,779 5,253 42,628 2022 577 24,766 8,800 4,875 39,018 2.30% 852

¹ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 136 for personal income and population data.

City of Clermont, Florida Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt September 30, 2022

(amounts expressed in thousands, except population and per capita amount)

Government Unit:	Debt Outstanding		Estimated Percentage Applicable	(1)	Amount Applicable to City of Clermont	
Lake County Lake County School District	\$	107,408 148,494	14.09% 12.65%		\$ \$	15,134 18,784
Subtotal, overlapping debt						33,918
City of Clermont, direct debt		25,343	100.00%			25,343
Total direct and overlapping debt				-	\$	93,179

Sources: Lake County 2020 Comprenhesive Annual Financial Report, Lake County School Board 2020 Comprenhesive Annual Financial Report, and Lake County Property Appraiser's Office

Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the City of Clermont. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

The City of Clermont has no legal debt margin.

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of Lake County's taxable assessed value that is within the City of Clermont's boundaries and dividing it by Lake County's total taxable assessed value.

Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2012

Fiscal	Public Service	Communications Service	Half-Cent	Total Revenue Available for	Debt Se	rvice	
Year	Taxes	Tax	Sales Tax	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2013	2,490,461	1,349,929	1,418,710	5,259,100	3,080,000 *	66,550	1.67
2014	2,887,161	1,216,076	1,567,249	5,670,486	570,599	25,361	9.51
2015	2,952,785	1,161,566	1,819,909	5,934,260	577,959	19,101	9.94
2016	3,405,642	1,138,032	1,848,294	6,391,968	585,609	12,760	10.68
2017	3,328,087	1,122,258	1,945,237	6,395,582	591,692	6,345	10.69
2018	3,446,407	1,112,440	2,172,025	6,730,872	286,141	1,559	23.40
2019	3,872,099	1,131,382	2,235,693	7,239,174	**	**	**
2020	4,201,714	1,232,777	2,344,875	7,779,366	**	**	**
2021	4,466,642	1,327,089	2,806,160	8,599,891	**	**	**
2022	4,684,059	1,414,867	3,333,085	9,432,011	**	**	**

^{*} Public Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2002 was refunded in 2012, this includes the payoff of the original bonds.

^{**} This Note was paid off in fiscal year 2018

Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2016

Public Fiscal Service		Communications Service	Total Revenue Available for	Debt Se		
Year _	Taxes	Tax	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2012	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
2013	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
2014	2,887,161	1,216,076	4,103,237	-	82,350	49.83
2015	2,952,785	1,161,566	4,114,351	305,772	178,337	8.50
2016	3,405,642	1,138,032	4,543,674	5,694,228 *	195,148	0.77
2017	3,328,087	1,122,258	4,450,345	255,000	105,635	12.34
2018	3,446,407	1,112,440	4,558,847	377,841	99,212	9.56
2019	3,872,099	1,131,382	5,003,481	385,511	91,464	10.49
2020	4,201,714	1,232,777	5,434,491	393,337	83,558	11.40
2021	4,466,642	1,327,089	5,793,731	401,322	75,493	12.15
2022	4,684,059	1,414,867	6,098,926	409,469	67,263	12.79

^{*} Public Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2013 was refunded in 2016, this includes the payoff of the original bonds.

Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Note, Series 2016

	Infrastructure					
Fiscal	Sales	Debt Se	Debt Service			
Year	Surtax	Principal	Interest	Coverage		
2013	-	-	-	N/A		
2014	-	-	-	N/A		
2015	-	-	-	N/A		
2016	2,964,966	-	27,466	107.95		
2017	3,115,549	230,716	109,914	9.15		
2018	3,397,707	314,809	104,132	8.11		
2019	3,474,813	321,483	97,387	8.30		
2020	3,603,194	328,298	90,499	8.60		
2021	4,182,726	335,258	83,466	9.99		
2022	5,337,140	342,365	76,283	12.75		

Master Plan Capital Projects Revenue Note, Series 2017

Fiscal	Infrastructure Sales	Recreation Impact	Stormwater	Sanitation	Total Revenue Available for	Debt S	ervice	
Year	Surtax	Fees	Fees	Fees	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2013	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
2014	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
2015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
2016	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
2017	3,115,549	1,495,242	1,002,859	3,087,701	8,701,352	-	-	N/A
2018	3,397,707	1,047,736	1,375,516	3,176,721	8,997,680	-	749,550	12.00
2019	3,474,813	1,157,840	1,596,720	3,263,253	9,492,626	1,657,000	767,210	3.92
2020	3,603,194	1,529,037	1,695,361	3,550,386	10,377,978	1,701,000	723,053	4.28
2021	4,182,726	1,661,798	1,782,926	3,784,598	11,412,048	1,746,000	677,725	4.71
2022	5,337,140	2,068,218	1,879,538	4,019,607	13,304,503	1,791,000	631,213	5.49

Water and Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds

Fiscal	Water and Sewer Operating	Water and Sewer Operating	Net Revenue Available for	Debt Ser	vice	
Year	Revenues ¹	Expenses ²	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2013	10,687,908	6,677,774	4,010,134	595,000	604,811	3.34
2014	11,108,744	7,090,566	4,018,178	615,000	586,461	3.34
2015	11,767,901	7,419,231	4,348,670	630,000	567,636	3.63
2016	12,578,644	7,272,716	5,305,928	650,000	548,236	4.43
2017	13,226,994	7,661,085	5,565,909	670,000	504,122	4.74
2018	13,379,152	8,104,464	5,274,688	10,920,000 ³	211,101	0.47
2019	15,017,621	8,753,924	6,263,697	800,000	294,524	5.72
2020	16,069,244	9,069,911	6,999,333	828,000	267,058	6.39
2021	16,629,593	9,958,948	6,670,645	855,000	242,915	6.08
2022	16,940,418	11,846,046	5,094,372	879,000	222,280	4.63

¹ Operating revenue is computed per bond resolution requirements. Investment earnings are included.

² Operating expense is computed per bond resolution requirements. Depreciation expense is not included.

³ Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 was partially refunded in 2017, this includes the payoff of the original bonds.

City of Clermont, Florida Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population ¹	Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income ²	Median Age ²	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling ²	School Enrollment ³	Unemploy- ment Rate ⁴
2013	30,201	802,803	26,582	41.5	13.8	5,153	5.8%
2014	31,745	816,926	25,734	41.9	13.7	5,198	5.6%
2015	32,348	854,020	26,401	42.1	13.7	8,436	4.8%
2016	34,667	1,023,959	29,537	42.1	13.4	8,712	4.4%
2017	35,807	1,085,991	30,329	41.6	13.3	8,761	3.1%
2018	38,906	1,226,940	31,536	42.3	13.4	8,841	2.7%
2019	40,750	1,312,598	32,211	42.5	13.9	8,745	2.8%
2020	44,301	1,335,011	30,135	42.1	14.0	8,625	6.7%
2021	44,687	1,405,049	31,442	42.2	14.0	9,040	3.7%
2022	45,812	1,699,579	37,099	42.4	14.1	9,668	2.6%

Sources: 1 College of Business Administration, University of Florida - Bureau of Economic and Business Research

² Metro Orlando Economic Development Commission

³ Lake County School Board

⁴ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

City of Clermont, Florida Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2022		2013			
<u>Employer</u>	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Total City Employment	20,189			23,532		
South Lake Hospital, Inc.	1,784	1	8.84%	1,045	1	4.44%
Publix Supermarkets	991	2	4.91%	610	2	2.59%
Lake County Sheriff's Office	762	3	3.77%			
Lake County School System	714	4	3.54%	340	4	1.44%
City of Clermont	418	5	2.07%	253	7	1.08%
Walmart	392	6	1.94%	316	5	1.34%
Lowe's	356	7	1.76%			
Target Corporation	334	8	1.65%	310	6	1.32%
Senningers	182	9	0.90%			
Clermont Health & Rehab	180	10	0.89%			
Crotthall Laundry Services				520	3	2.21%
Winn Dixie				207	8	0.88%
Senninger Irrigation				190	9	0.81%
Clermont Health & Rehab Ctr				175	10	0.74%
TOTAL	6,113		30.28%	3,966		16.85%

Source: Various employers in city limits & Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) of the U.S. Department of Labor

City of Clermont, Florida Principal Water Customers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2022		2013			
<u>Employer</u>	Usage (thousands of gallons)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Metered Flow ¹	Usage (thousands of gallons)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Metered Flow
Kings Ridge South	75,111	1	1.98%	242,120	1	10.12%
SLMH	30,481	2	0.80%	33,259	3	1.39%
Kings Ridge North	26,544	3	0.70%			
Orlando VP LLC	22,866	4	0.60%			
Vista at Lost Lake TIC I LLC	12,915	5	0.34%	13,532	6	0.57%
Clermont TT, LLC	11,907	6	0.31%			
Sandpiper Orlando Clermont, LLC	10,971	7	0.29%			
Carwash Headquarters, Inc DBA Mister	10,727	8	0.28%			
Senniger Irrigation	9,584	9	0.25%			
Taylor Morrison	54,485	10	1.44%			
City of Clermont				51,140	2	2.14%
Lake County School System				26,315	4	1.10%
Westminster Comm Care Svcs				17,026	5	0.71%
Gardens at Citrus Towers				13,267	7	0.55%
Sundance Clermont Apartments				11,820	8	0.49%
Village at East Lake Apartments LTD				11,646	9	0.49%
Osprey Ridge Apartments LTD				9,287	10	0.39%
TOTAL	265,591		7.01%	429,412		17.95%

¹ The City of Clermont had a total metered water flow of approximately 3,789,411 gallons for the 12-month period ending September 30, 2022

City of Clermont, Florida Principal Sewer Customers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Usage (thousands of gallons) Rank Percentage of Total City Metered Flow¹ Usage (thousands of gallons) Rank Percentage of Total City Metered Flow¹ Usage (thousands of gallons) Rank Percentage of Total City Metered Flow¹ Orlando VP LLC 33,837 1 2.90% Rank Rank Metered Flow¹ And Metered Flow¹							
Employer (thousands of gallons) Rank Total City Metered Flow of gallons) (thousands of gallons) Rank Total City Metered Flow of gallons) Orlando VP LLC 33,837 1 2.90% Town of Oakland 33,284 2 2.86% SLMH 30,481 3 2.62% 33,262 1 2.46% Vista at Lost Lake West 10,315 4 0.89% 4 4 0.89% 4 4 0.89% 6 0.92% 6 0.92% 6 0.92% 6 0.92% 6 0.92% 6 0.56% 6 0.56% 6 0.56% 6 0.56% <		Usage	2022		Usage	2013	
Orlando VP LLC 33,837 1 2.90% Town of Oakland 33,284 2 2.86% SLMH 30,481 3 2.62% 33,262 1 2.46% Vista at Lost Lake West 10,315 4 0.89% 4 0.89% 0.89% 0.82% 0.92% 0.92% 0.92% 0.92% 0.82% 0.82% 0.82% 0.77% 7,496 6 0.56%					_		
Town of Oakland 33,284 2 2.86% SLMH 30,481 3 2.62% 33,262 1 2.46% Vista at Lost Lake West 10,315 4 0.89% Clermont TT LLC 11,907 5 1.02% Carwash Headquarters 10,727 6 0.92% Senniger Irrigation 9,584 7 0.82% Emerald Lakes of Clermont 9,017 8 0.77% 7,496 6 0.56%	<u>Employer</u>	of gallons)	Rank	Metered Flow ¹	of gallons)	Rank	Metered Flow
Town of Oakland 33,284 2 2.86% SLMH 30,481 3 2.62% 33,262 1 2.46% Vista at Lost Lake West 10,315 4 0.89% Clermont TT LLC 11,907 5 1.02% Carwash Headquarters 10,727 6 0.92% Senniger Irrigation 9,584 7 0.82% Emerald Lakes of Clermont 9,017 8 0.77% 7,496 6 0.56%							
SLMH 30,481 3 2.62% 33,262 1 2.46% Vista at Lost Lake West 10,315 4 0.89% Clermont TT LLC 11,907 5 1.02% Carwash Headquarters 10,727 6 0.92% Senniger Irrigation 9,584 7 0.82% Emerald Lakes of Clermont 9,017 8 0.77% 7,496 6 0.56%	Orlando VP LLC	33,837	1	2.90%			
Vista at Lost Lake West 10,315 4 0.89% Clermont TT LLC 11,907 5 1.02% Carwash Headquarters 10,727 6 0.92% Senniger Irrigation 9,584 7 0.82% Emerald Lakes of Clermont 9,017 8 0.77% 7,496 6 0.56%	Town of Oakland	33,284	2	2.86%			
Clermont TT LLC 11,907 5 1.02% Carwash Headquarters 10,727 6 0.92% Senniger Irrigation 9,584 7 0.82% Emerald Lakes of Clermont 9,017 8 0.77% 7,496 6 0.56%	SLMH	30,481	3	2.62%	33,262	1	2.46%
Carwash Headquarters 10,727 6 0.92% Senniger Irrigation 9,584 7 0.82% Emerald Lakes of Clermont 9,017 8 0.77% 7,496 6 0.56%	Vista at Lost Lake West	10,315	4	0.89%			
Senniger Irrigation 9,584 7 0.82% Emerald Lakes of Clermont 9,017 8 0.77% 7,496 6 0.56%	Clermont TT LLC	11,907	5	1.02%			
Emerald Lakes of Clermont 9,017 8 0.77% 7,496 6 0.56%	Carwash Headquarters	10,727	6	0.92%			
	Senniger Irrigation	9,584	7	0.82%			
Vista at Lost Lake East 8,675 9 0.74% 13,532 4 1.00%	Emerald Lakes of Clermont	9,017	8	0.77%	7,496	6	0.56%
	Vista at Lost Lake East	8,675	9	0.74%	13,532	4	1.00%
Pinecrest Lakes Academy 8,342 10 0.72%	Pinecrest Lakes Academy	8,342	10	0.72%			
Lake County Schools 17,715 2 1.31%	Lake County Schools				17,715	2	1.31%
Westminster Comm Care Service 16,191 3	Westminster Comm Care Service				16,191	3	
Villages at East Lake 11,646 5 0.86%	Villages at East Lake				11,646	5	0.86%
City of Clermont 7,285 7 0.54%	City of Clermont				7,285	7	0.54%
Mister Car Wash 5,445 8 0.40%	Mister Car Wash				5,445	8	0.40%
Oak Ridge Apartments 4,093 9 0.30%	Oak Ridge Apartments				4,093	9	0.30%
Liberty Value Place 3,851 10 0.29%	Liberty Value Place				3,851	10	0.29%
TOTAL 166,169 14.26% 120,516 8.93%	TOTAL	166,169		14.26%	120,516		8.93%

¹ The City of Clermont had a total metered water flow for wastewater billing purposes of approximately 1,164,883 gallons for the 12-month period ending September 30, 2022

City of Clermont, Florida Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016
0	00.00	24.50	20.00	20.00
General Government	26.66	31.56	36.00	36.00
Public Safety:				
Police				
Sworn personnel	57.00	61.00	61.00	66.00
Non sworn personnel	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Fire				
Firefighters	47.80	56.80	56.80	59.80
Other personnel	2.00	5.20	4.20	4.20
Building Services	0.60	6.00	6.00	7.00
Physical Environment	4.95	4.70	7.45	8.70
Transportation	14.65	12.95	12.85	12.60
Human Services	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Culture & Recreation	21.10	27.25	33.35	35.35
Water	29.66	30.61	29.35	29.65
Sewer	23.78	23.88	24.15	26.45
Stormwater	6.72	6.87	6.65	7.75
Sanitation	17.08	17.18	18.20	18.50
Total	258.00	290.00	302.00	318.00

Source: City of Clermont Finance Department.

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
38.70	41.45	49.50	48.90	49.90	54.06
70.00 6.00	79.00 7.00	81.00 7.00	86.00 7.00	88.00 8.00	92.00 9.00
66.50 6.50	74.20 8.80	81.00 8.00	81.00 8.00	81.00 8.00	82.00 7.00
11.30	11.55	12.30	13.55	14.55	13.78
10.70 14.60	10.70 16.60	10.70 11.9	9.65 11.73	9.65 11.73	9.65 11.73
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.35	40.60	37.50	39.22	39.22	39.22
29.15	30.45	30.55	32.70	36.70	35.63
26.95	31.25	31.40	32.50	34.50	35.13
10.25	10.10	13.85	13.95	13.95	14.98
21.00	21.30	21.30	20.80	20.80	20.82
351.00	383.00	396.00	405.00	416.00	425.00

City of Clermont, Florida Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government					
Municipal boundary (square miles)	14.95	15.18	16.65	16.78	16.78
Business Tax Receipts issued	2,483	1,955	1,701	1,639	1,633
A/P Checks issued	2,288	3,529	2,747	3,276	3,651
Commercial construction (units)	20	15	16	20	14
- value in thousands	34,268	17,288	8,625	42,241	13,302
Residential construction (units)	327	572	323	740	433
- value in thousands	53,055	62,117	55,178	103,423	87,873
Multi Family construction (units)	-	-	-	-	-
- value in thousands	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety:					
Police					
Auto accidents	1,402	1,357	1,573	1,909	1,909
Physical arrests	886	631	652	589	593
911 calls received	6,352	6,643	7,618	6,397	6,809
Evidence processed (pieces)	2,930	2,384	989	674	1,165
Parking violations	252	379	144	181	385
Traffic violations	7,225	4,623	6,879	7,421	6,713
Fire					
Volunteer firefighters	-	-	-	-	-
Fire inspections completed	1,240	3,766	3,813	4,468	2,586
Emergency calls answered	3,414	4,127	4,202	6,001	6,828
Non-emergency calls answered	447	987	523	806	925
Water					
Residential accounts	19,399	19,670	13,242 *	13,561	14,339
Commercial accounts	1,232	1,234	1,211	1,220	1,235
Annual water usage					
(thousands of gallons)	2,392,022	2,406,183	2,521,397	2,572,852	2,743,657
Sewer					
Residential accounts	13,407	13,718	13,578	13,860	14,619
Commercial accounts	1,194	1,055	1,074	1,091	1,106

Sources: Various government departments.

^{*} Decrease in accounts due to software conversion combining multi-metered services

Fiscal Year

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
17.12	19.00	19.10	19.20	19.34
1,623	1,585	1,572	1,968	1,752
3,872	3,859	3,543	3,846	3,905
20	15	10	16	26
42,042	30,862	13,695	52,737	61,307
387	377	428	591	673
104,394	87,927	92,541	110,912	134,829
-	-	-	-	301
-	-	-	-	31,945
1,802	2,082	1,780	1,673	2,209
569	663	632	590	548
7,943	9,185	8,703	9,880	9,124
1,040	1,821	1,331	1,787	2,107
147	101	319	403	522
4,676	4,790	4,340	3,394	3,576
-	-	-	-	
2,203	2,493	2,445	3,112	2,154
5,689	5,367	6,199	6,549	6,977
989	1,493	814	1,593	1,847
14,805	15,311	15,882	16,283	16,919
1,498	1,283	1,283	1,344	1,353
2,687,665	2,816,071	3,090,626	3,568,993	3,789,411
15,198	15,669	16,330	17,670	19,160
1,107	1,126	1,135	1,342	1,425

City of Clermont, Florida Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year				
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government					
Public Safety:					
Police					
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	55	57	79	95	98
Fire					
Fire department facilities	4	4	3	4	5
Staffed fire stations	3	3	3	4	4
Fire hydrants	2,120	2,146	2,200	2,646	2,646
Fire apparatus	8	8	12	6	7
Staffed fire apparatus	5	5	3	6	6
ALS non-transport units	4	4	3	1	6
Transportation					
Streets paved (miles)	173.91	191.52	202.38	210.00	210.60
Streetlights	3,103	3,127	3,158	3,160	1,309
Culture & Recreation					
Number of parks	23	23	23	23	24
Parks acreage	349.5	349.5	378.0	443.9	443.9
Scenic linear trail (miles)	5.7	5.7	5.7	7.5	7.5
Tennis courts	9	9	9	9	9
Pickleball courts	-	-	-	-	-
Piers	5	5	10	11	11
Boat ramp	1	1	1	1	1
Water					
Miles of water mains	243.14	222.75	230.28	229.44	297.00
Sewer					
Miles of sanitary sewers	160.42	161.25	167.60	168.57	220.00
Miles of storm sewers	109.05	133.70	48.22 *	47.63 *	47.56

Sources: Various government departments.

^{*} Does not include private systems

	Fiscal Year						
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022			
1	1	1	1	1			
104	106	107	106	116			
5	5	5	5	5			
4	4	4	4	4			
2,646	2,456	2,456	2,456	2,475			
9	9	9	9	9			
7	7	7	7	7			
6	7	7	9	9			
210.60	210.60	210.60	210.60	202.00			
1,309	1,309	1,309	1,309	1,309			
24	24	24	24	24			
443.9	443.9	443.9	443.9	443.9			
8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0			
9	9	9	9	9			
-	-	-	-	6			
9	9	9	9	9			
1	1	1	1	1			
297.81	331.86	334.98	354.16	359.18			
224.00	236.34	238.58	254.61	354.95			
48.36 *	50.38 *	50.38 *	51.46 *	72.89 *			



OTHER REPORTS





934 North Magnolia Avenue, Suite 100 Orlando, Florida 32803 407-843-5406 www.mcdirmitdavis.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Clermont, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clermont, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 1, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described below that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

ML 22-01 Timely and Regular Reconciliation of Accounts

Balance sheet and other accounts should be reconciled timely, on a regular basis to detect incorrect or missing transactions. During our audit, we noted that several of the City's accounts, such as cash, and pension accounts are not reconciled on a regular basis during the year, or in a timely manner after year end, causing a delay in the year end annual audit. Due to staffing limitations, account reconciliations were not performed timely. As a result, misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, would not be detected in a timely manner. We recommend that the City implement procedures to ensure accounts can be reconciled on a regular, ongoing basis throughout the year.

Management Response

The City's procedures will ensure that reconciliations are completed timely and will request outside actuarial reports meet the City's reporting timeframes for completion of these reconciliations. We have hired an outside CPA firm to assist with fixed asset reconciliations due to staffing limitations, this is an ongoing contract.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The result of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance, or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which are described below.

ML 22-02- Timely Completion of Annual Audit

Florida Statutes require the annual audit to be submitted no later than nine month's after the City's fiscal year end. Due to staffing issues, and delays with account reconciliations, the audit was not able to be completed in a timely manner. We recommend the City implement procedures to insure annual audits are completed in a timely manner.

Management Response

The City has implemented the use of an outside CPA firm to assist with the reconciliations for completion of the audit in compliance with Florida Statutes.

City's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in this report. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDismit Davis

Orlando, FL April 1, 2024





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Clermont, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the *City of Clermont, Florida's* (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the
 City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.

Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit
procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in
accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDismit Davis

Orlando, Florida April 1, 2024

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended September 30, 2022

Federal Grantor	Assistance		
Pass-Through Grantor	Listing	Agency or Pass-through	
Grantor program title	Number	Entity Grant Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ)			
Equitable Sharing	16.922		56,546
Bulletproof Vest Partnership	16.607		5,490
State of Florida, Department of Law Enforcement			
Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grants Program	16.738	2021-JAGC-LAKE-4-3B-057	7,215
Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grants Program	16.738	2022-JAGD-LAKE-1-4B-027	5,653
State of Florida, Office of the Attorney General			
Victims of Crime Act	16.575	VOCA-2021-CLERMONT	1,117
Lake County			
Mobile Crisis Response Officer	16.745	BJA-2018-13605/13907	2,758
Total U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ)			78,779
U.S. Department of Treasury			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds *	21.027	_	12,016,535
Total Department of Treasury			12,016,535
Executive Office of the President -Office of National Drug Control Policy			
Seminole County Sheriff Office			
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas	95.001	G18CF0008A	19,645
Total Executive Office of the President -Office of National Drug Control Policy			19,645
U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS)			
State of Florida, Department of Emergency Management			
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.077	EMW-2020-FP-00259	4,381
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.077	EMW-2020-FG-15036	71,404
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS)		_	75,785
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 12,190,744

^{*} Denotes a major program

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal awards activity of the City of Clermont, Florida (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, amounts reported on the Schedule are based on expenditures incurred as of September 30, 2022, even if grant or loan was received subsequent to that date. Federal expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE 3 INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Section I - Summary of Independent Auditor's Results:

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness identified?	Yes	_X_No
Significant deficiency identified	X_Yes	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted?	X_Yes	No

Federal Awards

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified	
Internal control over major Federal program:		
Material weakness identified?	Yes	_X_No
Significant deficiency identified	Yes	X None reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 200.516 of the Uniform Guidance?	Yes	_X_No

Identification of major federal awards	Assistance Listing No. 21.027	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> Yes	No
Section II - Financial Statement Findings:	None	
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:	None	
Section IV - Federal Award Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings:	There were no audit findings for the year ended	

There were no audit findings for the year ended September 30, 2021.





MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Clermont, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Clermont, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated April 1, 2024.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *ACIPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated April 1, 2024, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i.)1., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report, except as noted below:

Tabulation of Uncorrected Audit Findings			
Current Year Finding #	2020-21 FY Finding #	2019-20 FY Finding ##	
ML 22-01	ML 21-01	ML 20-01	
ML 22-02	ML 21-02	ML 20-02	

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the *City of Clermont, Florida* has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the *City of Clermont, Florida* did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City of Clermont, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we noted on finding of noncompliance.

ML22-03 Investment Policy

During the audit, we noted that the required continuing education courses were not taken and properly documented by the designated individual as required by the City's investment policy and Florida Statutes. We recommend that the City implement procedures to ensure the proper continuing education courses are taken and documented each year as required by Florida Statutes.

Purpose of This Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the council, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McDismit Davis

Orlando, Florida April 1, 2024





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Clermont, Florida

We have examined City of Clermont, Florida's (the City) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, City of Clermont, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022, except for the noncompliance disclosed in management comment 22-03.

McDismit Davis

Orlando, Florida April 1, 2024