

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE Financial Report

COMMUNITY

Revive. Recover. Renew.



FISCAL YEAR ENDED September 30, 2022

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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May 31, 2023

Citizens of Deerfield Beach Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission

It is our pleasure to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Deerfield Beach, Florida (City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, with a clean audit opinion with no audit findings.

The ACFR is designed to provide our Residents, Commission, City Staff, Bondholders, and other interested parties insight into how the City is managing public finances and assess accountability by:

- Assessing financial condition and results of operations;
- Comparing actual financial results with legally adopted budget, where appropriate;
- Assisting in determining compliance with finance related laws, rules, and regulations; and
- Assisting in evaluating the efficiency and effectiveness of City operations.

Florida Statute 218.32 and local ordinances require that the City issue a report on the financial position and activity within nine months of the close of each fiscal year. Additionally, the financial statements must be presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and this report must be audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and government auditing standards by an independent firm of certified public accountants.

We believe this report complies with these requirements and continues to present full financial accountability, disclosure, and transparency.

This philosophy is reflected through the informative financial analysis provided by the City's Financial Services Department and the exhibits and statistical tables included within the ACFR. Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with City management. Furthermore, we believe the data as presented is accurate in all material respects; presented in a manner designed to fairly represent the financial position and results of operations of the City; and includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activity.

Independent Audit and Single Audit Requirements

Marcum LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, audited the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures contained in the financial statements on a test basis; assessing the accounting principles used and representations made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified or "clean" opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is included in the financial section of this report.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth above, the independent audit was also designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies as provided for in the Federal Single Audit Act, Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Guidance, Florida Single Audit Act in accordance with Chapter 10.550, and Rules of the Auditor General. These standards require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These Compliance Reports are included under the Reporting Section of the ACFR.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report on the basic financial statements.

The City of Deerfield Beach

Profile

The City was incorporated in 1925 as the Town of Deerfield. In 1951, the Town of Deerfield was renamed to the City of Deerfield Beach. The City operates under the commission/manager form of government. The City Commission is comprised of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and three Commissioners who adopt legislation and policies, approves the City's annual budget, levies taxes, and sets fees. The Commission appoints a professional City Manager who serves as the Chief Administrative and Executive Officer and is responsible for implementing policies adopted by the City Commission and directing city operations through appointment of Department Directors. The Commission also appoints the City Attorney and members of various boards and committees. The Mayor, elected at-large to a four-year term, acts as the formal representative of the City and presides over Commission meetings. The public also elects four City Commissioners by district who serve four-year terms. The Vice Mayor serves for a period of one year and is designated by the Commission as outlined in the City Charter.

Local Economy

Home to over 86,000 residents, the City is a medium-size coastal city located on the east coast of Florida in Broward County. The City is a diverse residential community with a complimentary mix of commercial development such as shopping and retail facilities, office buildings, restaurants, tourist lodgings, distribution, warehousing, manufacturing, and light industry. The major economic influences in this area are predominantly the housing market, travel and tourism, the regional job market, the changing business environment, severe weather events, global inflation and interest rates, and economic uncertainty. Consideration of these economic indicators play an important role in directing and prioritizing the use of City resources now and into the future.

According to the Broward County Property Appraiser's Office, the final taxable value of the City for the year ended September 30, 2022 reflected an increase of 7.27% over the prior year. Overall real estate sales for the County were up 15.82%, with the City being the 5th highest in the County. Increases in property values as well as sustained success in its redevelopment efforts are solid indications of City's resiliency from the previous economic downturn caused by the global pandemic. Current economic forecasts indicate property values are expected to increase moderately over the next few years or remain stable. The unemployment rate in Florida was around 3%, which was at or below pre-pandemic levels, indicating a recovering economy. With the low unemployment rate and the impacts of the Great Resignation, competition for the limited qualified job seekers has caused significant challenges in staffing, as well as with attracting and retaining talented employees. The City's high vacancy rate has impacted our ability to meet management's expectations of service levels and responsive to the needs

of the City. As a result, the City has been agile and creative by employing several temporary staff in various positions. It is for this reason that a Pay and Class Study has been funded for FY2023.

Like much of the private sector throughout Florida and the U.S., municipalities and localities face a barrage of challenges including economic uncertainty, inflationary pressures, supply chain issues, and an increasing regulatory environment and unfunded mandates. During the fiscal year, the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the south Florida region reached a high of almost 10% before beginning a slow decline. To curtail inflation, the Federal Reserve has been increasing the federal fund's rate since 2022, from .08% to 5.08% as of May 2023.

Despite the challenges faced by the post-COVID pandemic conditions, the City continued to move forward with increasing economic and development programs, restoring community events, youth and athletic programs, aftercare programs and in-person services and activities.

Services

The City provides a broad range of municipal services which include:

- Public Safety (Police, Fire Protection-Rescue Services, Ocean Rescue Services, etc.)
- Solid Waste Collection and Disposal Services
- Water Production, Distribution, Maintenance, and Construction
- Wastewater Collection System Maintenance and Construction
- Stormwater Management
- Parks and Community Centers Management, Recreational, Cultural Programs and Activities
- Coastal and Environmental Protection and Management
- Public Land/Open Space Management
- Grounds Maintenance and Beautification
- Road and Bridge Maintenance and Construction
- Planning, Zoning, and Building Inspection Services
- Community and Social Services and Grants Administration
- General Administrative Services

Reporting Entity

The City government does not provide primary or secondary education or health care, as these are the responsibility of the Broward County School District and Broward Health, respectively. Both entities are independent special districts that are not part of the City. As such, financial data for them or for any other government has not been included in the financial statements in this report.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Accordingly, the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) is reported as a special revenue fund of the primary government.

Accounting and Internal Controls

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, the responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to safeguard City assets from loss, theft or misappropriation and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The cost of an internal control should not exceed the benefits to be derived; therefore, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. The valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls

The annual operating budget and Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments are required to submit expenditure requests and revenue projections, as applicable, for appropriation to the City Manager. The City Manager uses these requests and projections as the starting point for developing a proposed balanced budget. The City Manager then presents the proposed budget to the City Commission on or before the 15th of August of each year. The City Commission is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by the 30th of September of each year. The annual operating budget is prepared and adopted in accordance with Florida Statute Chapter 166.241. The legally adopted budget is prepared by fund (i.e. General Fund), by function (i.e. Public Safety), and department (i.e. Law Enforcement), for current expenditures with separate appropriations established for the annual capital projects, debt service, interfund transfers, intergovernmental expenditures, and other various Enterprise and Special Revenue Funds. Continuous improvement to the budget revenue and expenditure allocations has provided for further alignment with functional areas to improve transparency and to better track full costs for the various functional services the City provides.

Budgetary control is administered in conformity with state statute, the City's Charter, and adopted ordinances. Generally, amendments to the budget that increase or decrease the overall appropriation, or amend the budget across fund or department require City Commission approval. Budget control is further administered by management at the divisional or budget unit level (i.e. Parking Authority). Budget-to-actual comparisons and analysis of all the City's Governmental and Proprietary Funds are provided to the Commission and management on a monthly basis. For the General Fund and the CRA Fund, a final annual comparison is presented in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section of the ACFR.

Major Initiatives

For fiscal year 2022, the City focused priorities on the major goals of the City which are promoting and protecting a prosperous atmosphere for residents, businesses, and visitors; cultivating an environment that promotes and protects a high quality of life for residents and businesses; and develops infrastructure, facilities, and organizational capacity for a sustainable community.

The City was awarded financial relief from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) of approximately \$16.3 million and received its first tranche of \$8.15 million in FY2021 and the remaining amount, or second tranche, during FY2022. The City completed the planning phase and began the implementation phase, with the goal of maximizing a return on investment through infrastructure improvements and economic impact. The City Commission approved the City's ARPA plan in November 2021 and city staff began implementing the various projects and programs included in the plan which include the following:

- West Deerfield Beach Stormwater Improvements
- South East 8th Avenue Stormwater Improvements
- Park Improvements and Aquatic Center Upgrades
- Community Grants for Non-Profits
- Water Treatment Chemical Conversion Projects
- Advanced Meter Reading Infrastructure Improvements
- Regional Beach Re-Nourishment Project

The City continues to make progress on a number of other multi-year capital projects, as well as business and community programs that encompass: 1) economic development, 2) infrastructure improvements/replacements, and 3) expansion of existing facilities, are as follows:

Construction of the new Braithwaite Center for Active Aging. The Center provides a structured
and comprehensive array of programs and services geared to our senior population that
improves their independence, community engagement and quality of life. It also operates and

- administers an Alzheimer's and Multicultural Day Care Center and a preschool. It is the only intergenerational campus in Broward County.
- Johnny Tigner Center. The original Johnny Tigner Center was recently demolished, making way
 for a newly constructed community center to meet the needs of our growing community. The
 new two-story community center totals 14,000 sf. The new community center will be located in
 the same vicinity of the demolished building, adjacent to the Leo Robb Gymnasium, and will
 incorporate a canopy structure to bridge the two buildings.
- Development of 1045 SW 11th Way. Since the 90's the City owned this parcel with the intend for it to be developed for commercial use through a lease arrangement with the Florida Atlantic Research and Development Authority. After several failed attempts to bring a viable project to the site, possession of the site was returned to the City. The City is current under contract with a developer to purchase the land for \$6.5 Million with \$7.5 Million in community enhancements and \$180 Million multi-use development project.
- Design and permitting of a regional beach re-nourishment project. In compliance with the City
 of Deerfield Beach and Town of Hillsboro Beach settlement agreement, the City recently
 completed a joint-renourishment project. The significance of this project is (1) the construction
 methodology used in which a pipeline pumped sand from the Boca ebb shoal to the
 renourishment areas, and (2) the participation of three cities (Boca Raton, Deerfield Beach, and
 Hillsboro Beach).
- Public Safety Master Plan. Recognizing the aging infrastructure of our public safety facilities, the City has recently approved consultancy services to develop a public safety master plan. The plan will assist the city in determining the future needs of the facilities that will support police, fire, ocean rescue, code compliance and administration for the foreseeable future. Understanding the right size, type and location of these facilities will provide the information needed to understand the various funding options the city will need to consider to bring these facilities up to acceptable standards.
- Implementation of an Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System. The goal is to improve management of business and administrative functions and to automate many back-office functions primarily related to finance, human resources, technology, and customer services to improve efficiency. The efforts that began during FY2021 position the City to prepare for an ERP implementation by planning and improving the organizations business processes, as part of the project's overall readiness activities. The City, has and continues to review and improve business processes to prepare for the ERP implementation project. A request for proposal (RFP) was issued and closed during FY2022. Evaluation and selection processes began in FY2023.

In conjunction with the business process analysis related to the ERP project, the City completed several organizational changes include implementation of the Office of Public Safety, which consolidated various public safety operations that were spread among the City Manager's Office, Parks & Recreation, Planning & Development, and the Financial Services departments. In addition, the Community Services Department was established to consolidate the Legislative and Community Affairs and the Senior Services Departments to increase coordination regarding community support programs and services, education outreach and advocacy, and intergovernmental relations.

These re-organizations along with those implemented during FY2021 have strengthened and improved our fiscal accountability, oversight and reporting, and taken advantage of various synergies. They contributed to the success of clearing the "financial close and reporting" repeat finding. We continue to evaluate and revise our policies and organization to enhance responsiveness, transparency, and efficiency, while maintaining compliancy with all Federal, State, and Local requirements.

During fiscal year 2022, the Auditor General (AG) completed their operational audit which began April 2020 releasing their report in September 2022. The operational audit, which was requested by the City in 2019, encompassed the following objectives:

• Evaluate management's performance in establishing and maintaining internal controls, including controls designed to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse, and in administering

- assigned responsibilities in accordance with applicable laws, administrative rules, contracts, grant agreements, and other guidelines;
- Examine internal controls designed and placed in operation to promote and encourage the
 achievement of management's control objectives in the categories of compliance, economic
 and efficient operations, the reliability of records and reports, the safeguarding of assets, and
 identifying weaknesses in those internal controls; and,
- Identify statutory and fiscal changes that may be recommended to the Legislature pursuant to Section 11.45(7)(h), Florida Statutes.

The AG operational audit included selection and examination of transactions and records of the period covering October 2018 through January 2020, and selected City actions taken prior and subsequent to that period, and covered sixty-six areas of governmental operations and multiple activities. The focus was to identify problems so that they may be corrected in such a way as to improve government accountability and efficiency and the stewardship of management.

Their operational audit disclosed fifteen findings in the areas of Payroll and Personnel Administration, Procurement and Expenditures, Motor Vehicles, and Administration and Management. The City began addressing these findings during the audit in fiscal years 2021 and 2022 prior to the issuance of the report and continues to do so into fiscal year 2023. The AG reserves the right to review progress of the findings after eighteen months from release of their report. We anticipate no repeat findings.

Long Range Financial Planning

The City maintained its credit rating of "AA" for its General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B-2. The City's credit rating for its debt secured by its covenant-to-budget and appropriate non-ad valorem revenue was recently upgraded from "AA-"to "AA" by Standard & Poor's Global Ratings. The City's credit profile for its covenant-to-budget and appropriate debt from Fitch Ratings remained the same at "AA-." The methodology that the rating agencies use combine both qualitative and quantitative measures. Though each vary slightly, the major categories consist of the Economy, Institutional Framework, Financial Performance, Liquidity, and Leverage. Some of the comments by the rating agencies indicate a stable outlook with strong management, budget flexibility, and performance. Maintaining a good credit rating helps keep the cost of borrowing low which can be a significant factor in the amount of debt which can be used to financed major capital projects.

At the close of fiscal year 2022, the City's General Fund unassigned fund balance was \$39.2 million, which is approximately \$4 million above the closing balance for fiscal year 2021 of \$35.0 million. This balance includes approximately \$6 million of the \$10 million revenue replacement funding from the ARPA. The ARPA replacement funding has been approved by Commission to be used for several public safety and infrastructure projects. Excess unassigned fund balance above the policy limits can be used to fund capital projects or other one-time needs approved by Commission such as various infrastructure improvement projects, or unanticipated revenue shortfalls stemming from major natural disasters. The City also maintains an Emergency Reserve fund balance of \$3.5 million which has been approved by Commission to increase to \$5.0 million during FY2023 using General Fund unassigned fund balance. The emergency reserve fund sets aside funds for the immediate response to events such as hurricanes. These measures are intended to buffer unforeseen emergent and/or economic challenges.

The City's Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) document is updated and adopted on an annual basis. The CIP prioritizes major capital projects and identifies revenue sources available to finance the improvements. For fiscal years 2023 – 2027, the City Commission adopted a CIP budget of approximately \$93.9 million. The CIP includes anticipated funding from various available fund balances and debt financing instruments in FY2023 and forward.

As part of the fiscal year 2023 budget development, the City took steps to prepare estimates of its future budgetary needs to support capital investments, operational costs, and fund health for its major enterprise funds. Master Plans and rate sufficiency studies for the Utility, Stormwater, and Solid Waste Funds were completed in fiscal year 2022. In December of 2022 the City Commission approved the funding strategies and long-term rate adjustments. Rate adjustments have already been implemented

for the Utility and Solid Waste Funds, with implementation of rate adjustments schedule to begin in October 2023 for the Stormwater Fund.

The Utility Fund rate adjustments will allow the City to address capital improvements necessary to improve aging infrastructure and meet future water quality regulations and standards. The Stormwater Fund rate adjustments will provide the needed funding to address our flood-prone areas. The Solid Fund rate adjustments will address the negative net position of the Fund that was also an audit observation in the FY2021 ACFR and an AG operational audit finding. A part of the Solid Waste funding strategy was a one-time transfer of General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance to the Solid Waste Fund of \$2.2 million that was approved by the City Commission during fiscal year 2023 for revenues owed to the Fund.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Deerfield Beach for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021. This was the 42nd consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized annual financial report. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of only one year. We believe that our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for award.

Additionally, the City of Deerfield Beach also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the FY2023 annual, the 27th consecutive year. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

Thank you for your continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner. This report could not have been prepared without the dedicated service of all of the employees of the Department of Financial Services as well as the support of the other City departments. Special thanks also to the City Commission, for their continued guidance and support in our efforts towards fiscal stewardship.

Manie Ti

Chief Financial Officer

Respectfully submitted,

David Santucci City Manager

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LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Elected Officials

MayorBill GanzVice MayorBen PrestonCommissionerTodd DroskyCommissionerMichael HudakCommissionerBernie Parness

Appointed Officials

City Manager David Santucci
Assistant City Manager Horace McHugh
City Attorney Weiss Serota Helfman Cole &

Berman Anthony Soroka
City Clerk Samantha Gillyard

Acting Director of Community Development

Chief Financial Officer

Samantia Offiyard

Jonathan Salas

Stephanie Tinsley

Director of Human Resources and Risk

Management
Chief Information Officer
Director of Parks & Recreation
Director of Environmental Services
Director of Planning & Development Services
Director of Sustainable Management
Director of Public Affairs & Marketing
Director Economic Development

Amanda Robin
Ronald McKenzie
Ronald McKenzie
Priesa Rynard
Priscilla Cygielnik
Eric Power
Chad Grecsek
Rebecca Medina-Stewart
Director Economic Development

Kristin Mory

Director Economic Development

Fire Chief

Police Chief

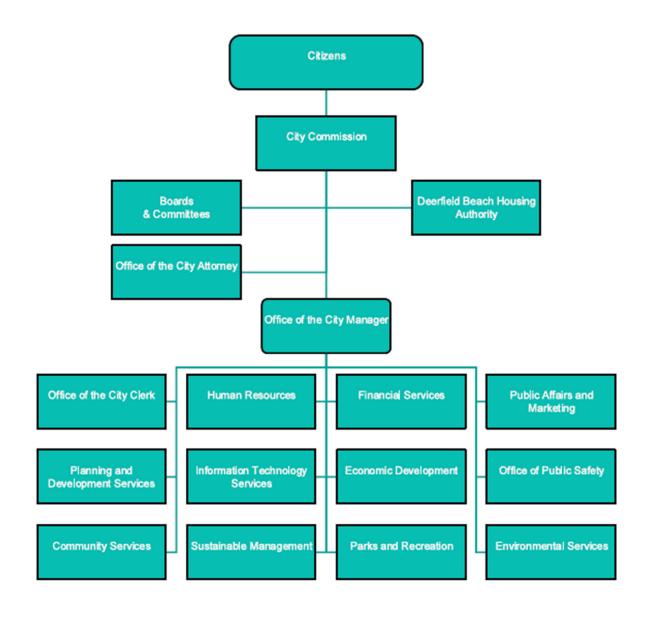
Kristin Mory

Samantha Whitehorne

Rodney Brimlow

ORGANIZATION CHART

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Deerfield Beach Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission and City Manager City of Deerfield Beach, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Deerfield Beach, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Pension Trust Funds, component units of the City, which represent 92%, 93% and 204%, respectively, of the assets, net position/fund balance and revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information as of September 30, 2022. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Pension Trust Funds, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 15, the schedules of changes in the city's net pension liability and related ratios, the schedules of city contributions, schedule of city's proportionate share of net pension liability, schedule of changes in the city's total OPEB liability and related ratios, and budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and major special revenue funds on pages 100 through 111 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial

statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 31, 2023 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fort Lauderdale, FL

Marcune LLP

May 31, 2023



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the report is intended to give readers a narrative overview to facilitate both a short and long-term analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This Management's Discussion and Analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions and conditions that existed as of the date of the independent auditors' report. The information presented is in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34) as amended. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i - iv of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The total assets on the Government-wide basis of the City at September 30, 2022 increased \$19.6 million from \$327.4 million to \$340.1 million, or 3.9% from the prior year.
- The City's total liabilities on a Government-wide basis decreased by \$47.5 million, from \$217.3 million to \$169.8 million from the prior year.
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$153.2 million (net position). Of this amount, \$79.7 million was from governmental activities and \$73.5 million was from business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$104.5 million, an increase of \$14.3 million, in comparison with the amount reported for the prior fiscal year. Of this amount, \$2.3 million was non-spendable, \$47.9 million was restricted, \$15.2 million was assigned, and \$39.1 million was unassigned and therefore available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$39.2 million, or 38% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers. The City has a reserve policy of maintaining an amount in reserves that is at least 10% and 5% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers for unassigned and assigned emergency reserves respectively

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business and include both long-term and short-term information about the City's financial status.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, with the difference between the assets (and deferred outflows of resources) and liabilities (and deferred inflows of resources) reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in a future fiscal period. Examples of such items include earned but uncollected grant funds and earned, but unused compensated absences.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, economic environment, public safety, human services, physical environment, transportation, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer, stormwater utility, and solid waste services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) for which the City is financially accountable. Although legally separate, the CRA's governing body is identical to the City Commission, and because the services of the CRA are exclusively for the benefit of the City and its residents, it is included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 17 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for activities where the emphasis is placed on available financial resources, rather than upon net income determination. Therefore, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the acquisition and use of current spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains governmental funds for various sources of revenues. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for those funds that are considered significant (major) to the City as a whole. These financial statements report four major funds: General Fund, American Rescue Plan Fund, Community Redevelopment Agency Fund, and the General Construction Fund. Data from the non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund information for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements that are found on pages 112-119 of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its Governmental and Proprietary funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General and CRA Funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-21 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities where the emphasis is placed on net income determination. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements with greater detail. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer, stormwater utility as well as its solid waste activities. The enterprise funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City, are reported separately as proprietary fund financial statements in the basic financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 26 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds (Pension Trust Funds) are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27 - 28 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29 - 99 of this report and should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Other Information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information (RSI) concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees, budgetary comparisons for the general fund and the CRA Special Revenue Fund. RSI can be found on pages 100 - 111 of this report.

The combining and individual fund statement and schedules referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor funds are presented immediately following the RSI. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 112 - 121 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets plus deferred outflows exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows by \$153.2 million at the close of Fiscal Year 2022.

The largest portion of the City's net position of \$122.3 million, or 79% of total net position, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, improvements, utility plants and infrastructure), less any related debt and deferred inflows/outflows used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following analysis summarizes the net position as September 30, 2022 and 2021:

City of Deerfield Beach, Florida Summary of Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2021 2022			
Assets								
Current and								
otherassets	\$ 118,154,380	\$ 106,486,591	\$ 42,991,783	\$ 45,567,278	\$ 161,146,163	\$ 152,053,869		
Capital assets, net	108,519,911	102,660,314	70,467,157	72,705,203	178,987,068	175,365,517		
Total Assets	226,674,291	209,146,905	113,458,940	118,272,481	340,133,231	327,419,386		
Deferred Outflows								
of Resources	15,828,572	15,369,444	1,264,828	2,354,116	17,093,400	17,723,560		
Other liabilities	12,408,860	15,576,789	3,127,035	7,197,933	15,535,895	22,774,722		
Noncurrent liabilities	123,410,493	157,746,232	30,847,865	36,806,586	154,258,358	194,552,818		
Total Liabilities	135,819,353	173,323,021	33,974,900	44,004,519	169,794,253	217,327,540		
Deferred Inflows								
of Resources	27,018,659	13,255,241	7,239,067	7,065,816	34,257,726	20,321,057		
Net Position								
Net investment in								
capital assets	71,037,127	65,038,801	51,222,386	49,443,126	122,259,513	114,481,927		
Restricted	50,832,847	22,837,174	3,461,863	1,193,510	54,294,710	24,030,684		
Unrestricted	(42,205,123)	(49,937,888)	18,825,552	18,919,626	(23,379,571)	(31,018,262)		
Total Net Position	\$ 79,664,851	\$ 37,938,087	\$ 73,509,801	\$ 69,556,262	\$ 153,174,652	\$ 107,494,349		

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$54.3 million or approximately 35.4%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, a deficit of \$23.4 million, continues to be impacted by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 which had a significant negative impact on the City's unrestricted net position for the governmental activities but is recovering.

The net position of business-type activities increased by \$3.9 million to \$73.5 million in 2022. This increase was primarily due to an increase sale revenue in the Water and Sewer Utility and Solid Waste Funds. Rate increases were implemented for the Water and Sewer Utility Fund. The Solid Waste Fund had increase sales in their commercial operations.

The City's current and other assets increased by \$16.0 million from \$152.0 million to \$161.1 million. Most of this as a result of the ARPA funding. The City received approximately \$16 million.

Current liabilities decreased from \$22.7 million to \$15.5 million. This decrease was primarily attributable to a decreased in salary accruals at the end of the year as well as amounts owed to other government entities.

Noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$40.3 million from \$194.6 million to \$154.3 million in FY2022. A significant portion of this decrease is from net pension liability which decreased by \$31.5 million in FY2022 due to overall market conditions noted during the measurement period of September 30, 2021.

The following analysis summarizes the changes in net position for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

City of Deerfield Beach, Florida Summary of Changes in Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 40,048,377	\$ 38,757,485	\$ 46,361,499	\$ 43,465,121	\$ 86,409,876	\$ 82,222,606	
Operating grants							
and contributions	13,209,259	6,359,000	244,265	71,705	13,453,524	6,430,705	
Capital grants							
and contributions	742,236				742,236		
General Revenues							
Taxes	82,377,211	75,263,589			82,377,211	75,263,589	
Miscellaneous revenues	884,584	492,195	112,400	2,325	996,984	494,520	
Intergovernmental	4,123,235	2,483,335			4,123,235	2,483,335	
Unrestricted investment							
earnings	502,924	165,996	784	47,444	503,708	213,440	
Total Revenues	141,887,826	123,521,600	46,718,948	43,586,595	188,606,774	167,108,195	
Expenses							
General government	10,834,495	14,174,978			10,834,495	14,174,978	
Economic environment	1,936,041	4,293,606			1,936,041	4,293,606	
Public safety	60,843,134	73,254,510			60,843,134	73,254,510	
Human services	2,002,868	2,026,671			2,002,868	2,026,671	
Physical environment	9,250,580	6,700,678			9,250,580	6,700,678	
Transportation	4,589,488	4,464,749			4,589,488	4,464,749	
Culture and recreation	7,338,876	5,740,552			7,338,876	5,740,552	
Interest on long-term debt	3,453,832	3,683,713			3,453,832	3,683,713	
Water and sewer			25,448,187	24,516,242	25,448,187	24,516,242	
Solid waste			15,982,566	14,883,574	15,982,566	14,883,574	
Stormwater Utility			1,246,404	1,100,143	1,246,404	1,100,143	
Total Expenses	100,249,314	114,339,457	42,677,157	40,499,959	142,926,471	154,839,416	
Increase (Decrease) in							
Net Position Before							
Transfers	41,638,512	9,182,143	4,041,791	3,086,636	45,680,303	12,268,779	
Transfers	88,252	411,171	(88,252)	(411,171)			
Change in Net Position	41,726,764	9,593,314	3,953,539	2,675,465	45,680,303	12,268,779	
Net Position -							
Beginning of Year	37,938,087	28,344,773	69,556,262	66,880,797	107,494,349	95,225,570	
Net Position - Ending of Year	\$ 79,664,851	\$ 37,938,087	\$ 73,509,801	\$ 69,556,262	\$ 153,174,652	\$ 107,494,349	
Litting of Iour							

Governmental Activities: Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$41.7 million. This increase is a result of the following.

Taxes increased by \$7.1 million from \$75.3 million to \$82.4 million. The revenue category Taxes is made up of Property, Utility, Sales and Use, Franchise, Communications, Alcoholic beverages and Mobile home taxes.

Property tax revenues increased by \$2.3 million from \$51.0 million in FY2021 to \$53.0 million in FY2022 due to an increase in property values and an increase in delinquency collections.

Sales taxes revenues shows an increase of \$3.5 million from \$5.7 million in FY2021 to \$9.2 million in FY2022. Some of this increase results from the inclusion \$2.8 million in Motor Fuel taxes that were reported separately in FY2021 but is now combined with Sales and Use Tax revenues.

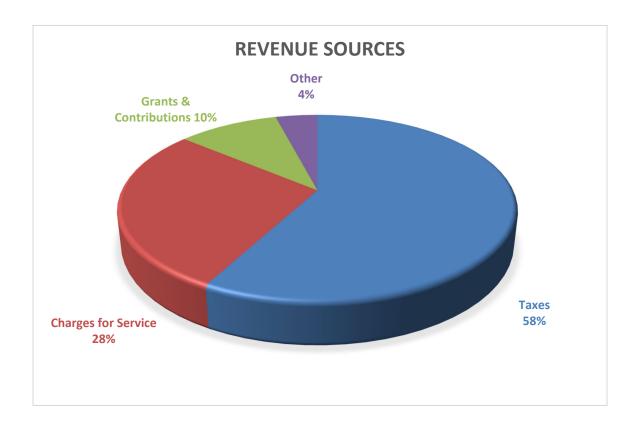
Charges for Services increased by \$1.3 million from \$38.8 million in FY2021 to \$40.1 million due to increase in the total receipts for occupational business taxes and building permits.

Operating Grants and Contributions increased \$7.1 million from \$6.4 million to \$13.5 million in FY2022.

A \$13 million decrease in public safety expenses from FY2021 to FY2022. A significant portion of this decrease is from the net pension liability which decreased by \$31.5 million in FY2022 due to overall market conditions noted during the measurement period of September 30, 2021.

When analyze by source, revenues for FY2022 were as follows: 58% is generated from taxes, 28% is from charges for services, operating grants/contributions comprise 10%, intergovernmental and miscellaneous revenues make up the remaining 4%.

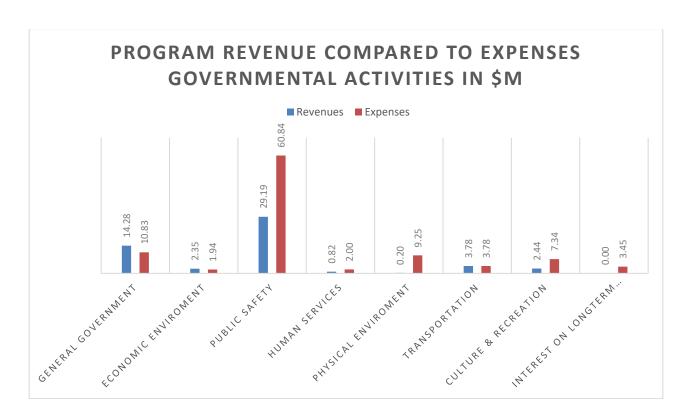
Program and General Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



The City's expenses cover a broad range of services, with approximately 60.6% of governmental activity expenses related to public safety (fire/rescue and police protection). Public safety expenses constitute the largest component of total expenses due to the service level requirements. Public Safety Function consists of the Office of Public Safety which oversees the Broward Sheriff Office (BSO) contracts related to Law Enforcement, Fire and Rescue Services, Emergency Management Services, Parking Authority, School Crossing Guards, and Ocean Rescue Services.

When compared with the previous year, expenses decreased in governmental fund for FY2022. A significant portion of this decreases were as a direct result of staffing vacancies in all service areas and reduction in the required pension contributions for the year. The City also had decreases in general government and economic environment expenses. Physical Environment which comprises public works and facilities as well as Culture and Recreation did have increase. These increases were affected by higher prices of operational supplies as well as a return to hosting outdoor activities by the Parks and Recreation department.

The chart below compares program revenues and expenses for the individual governmental activities for the fiscal year.



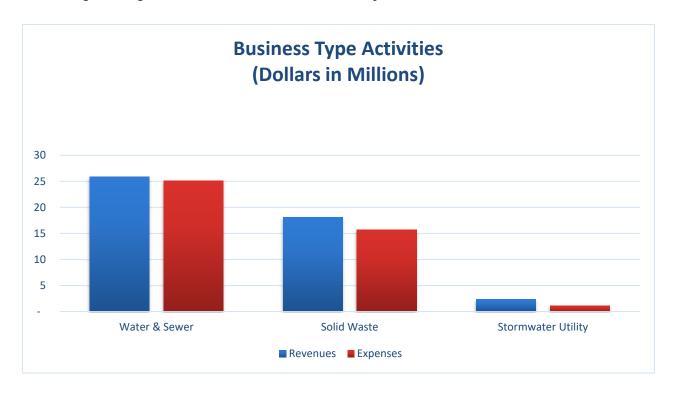
Business-type Activities. Business-type activities are presented in detail in the proprietary fund statements. These funds represent the Water and Sewer Utility, Solid Waste, and Storm Water Utility Funds. Together these Funds show an overall increase in revenues of \$3.1 million when compared to Fiscal Year 2022.

The Water and Sewer Fund net position increased by \$0.6 million. This was an improvement over Fiscal Year 2022 and is a result of the rate increased by the Water and Sewer Utility Fund implemented in June of 2022, as well as increased residential and commercial development and redevelopment.

The Solid Waste Fund had an increase of \$2.2 million. Most of the increase came from increase revenues from bulk and commercial debris removal along with a reduction in staffing cost.

The Stormwater Fund had a net operating income of \$1.0 million which was very similar to the income for Fiscal Year 2021. There were no major changes to this fund during the fiscal period.

The following chart compares program revenues to expenses by individual business-type activity for the current year. These business-type activities recover more costs through program revenues than governmental activities, generating sufficient revenues to cover current expenses.



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$104.5 million, an increase of \$14.3 million from the prior year's ending balances of \$90.2 million. Approximately 37.4%, \$39.1 million of the combined fund balances constitute *unassigned fund balance* that is available to meet the City's current and future needs. The remainder of fund balance is *nonspendable*, restricted, committed and assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$39.2 million, while total fund balance was \$54.9 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 38% of total general fund expenditures and transfers, while total fund balance represents approximately 53% of that same amount.

The total fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$14.8 million during the fiscal year. Key factors in this increase were an overall increase in most revenue sources for this year over Fiscal Year 2021. The biggest increases were in Property taxes of \$1.9 million, Charges for service of \$1.0 million and Franchise Fees of \$1.4 million as well as the City electing to use \$10 million of the \$16.3 million of the ARPA allocation as revenue replacement.

The General Construction Fund captures cost for two major projects that are debt funded. The center for active aging and the Tigner Community Center. The fund balance for this fund decreased due this year due to the implementation of several construction projects which increased the capital outlay for this fund from \$1.8 million in FY2021 to \$7.9 million in FY2022.

The Community Redevelopment Agency Fund accounts for revenues collected from and expenditures incurred within the community redevelopment area which borders Federal Highway to the west and State Road A1A to the east. At the end of the fiscal year, the restricted and total fund balance in this fund amounted to \$6.5. million.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide business-type activities financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$22.4 million. The Solid Waste Fund had an unrestricted net position deficit of \$6.5 million at the end of the fiscal year. Factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounted to \$179 million (net of accumulated depreciation). These capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than building (such as improvements to parks), equipment, utility plants in service and infrastructure (roads, highways, bridges, etc.). The total increase in the City's capital assets for the current fiscal year was 5.4%, (3.2)% for governmental activities and (1.3)% for business-type activities) due to increase equipment and Construction in Process. The following table summarizes the City's capital assets.

City of Deerfield Beach, Florida Schedule of Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total					
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Land	\$	18,028,619	\$	18,028,619	\$	50,531	\$	50,531	\$	18,079,150	\$	18,079,150
Buildings		21,448,643		22,022,585		418,110		491,981		21,866,753		22,514,566
Improvements other than												
buildings		10,766,995		11,398,393		43,173,549		43,036,569		53,940,544		54,434,962
Equipment		6,142,978		5,386,895		5,553,345		6,514,326		11,696,323		11,901,221
Utility plants in service						18,066,137		19,406,311		18,066,137		19,406,311
Infrastructure		28,183,679		28,485,544						28,183,679		28,485,544
Construction in progress		23,948,997		17,338,278		3,205,485		3,205,485		27,154,482	_	20,543,763
Total	\$	108,519,911	\$	102,660,314	\$	70,467,157	\$	72,705,203	\$	178,987,068	\$	175,365,517

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of \$1.7 million in Public Safety vehicles.
- Initial construction cost of \$2.5 million for the new Braithwaite Center for Active Aging building.
- Construction cost for the new Tigner Center of \$920K
- Upgrades to the Middle School Aquatic Center of \$742.
- Construction cost for two new CRA projects; the S-curve utilities undergrounding \$920K and the Island Mobility (bus relocation) \$474K.

Additional information on the City of Deerfield Beach's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on pages 61 - 63 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At year-end, the City had \$10.7 million in general obligation bonds outstanding. The City also had \$46.1 million in outstanding covenant bonds (for which the City must "covenant" and appropriate funds necessary to pay the annual debt service), but which are primarily backed by revenue sources other than voted-debt ad valorem taxes. The business-type activities had \$7.8 million outstanding in revenue bonds and \$4.1 million in loans payable as well as \$10.4 million in capital leases outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

The City maintained its credit rating of "AA" for its General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B-2. The City's credit rating for its debt secured by its covenant-to-budget and appropriate non-ad valorem revenue was recently upgraded from "AA-" to "AA" by Standard & Poor's Global Ratings. The City's credit profile for its covenant-to-budget and appropriate debt from Fitch Ratings remained the same at "AA-."

City of Deerfield Beach, Florida Outstanding Debt (Bonds, Loans, and Leases Payable)

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
General obligation bonds							
(backed by the City)	\$ 10,699,375	\$ 11,785,277	\$	\$	\$ 10,699,375	\$ 11,785,277	
Revenue bonds			7,757,479	8,733,449	7,757,479	8,733,449	
Covenant bonds	46,090,000	47,530,000			46,090,000	47,530,000	
Add/(subtract) premium/							
(discount)	6,037,768	6,132,414			6,037,768	6,132,414	
Capital leases	1,161,042	2,222,334	9,309,445	9,902,313	10,470,487	12,124,647	
Loan payable			2,398,223	4,165,504	2,398,223	4,165,504	
Total	\$ 63,988,185	\$ 67,670,025	\$ 19,465,147	\$ 22,801,266	\$ 83,453,332	\$ 90,471,291	

The City's general obligation debt per capita, excluding enterprise fund debt, was \$121 at the end of fiscal year 2022. The City's outstanding net general obligation debt was 0.14% of the City's assessed property value. The City's debt policy requires that its net general obligation bonded debt not exceed two (2) percent of the assessed valuation of taxable property within the City, unless otherwise directed by the city commission. Net reduction is due to the pay down of principal debt service obligations.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 on pages 67 - 72 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Fiscal Year's Budget and Rates

During the Fiscal Year 2022, the City achieved significant accomplishments despite pandemic, inflationary, supply chain, and the Great Resignation challenges. Many of these serve as the foundation for building the Fiscal Year 2023 Budget and for future initiatives that are critical to the City's future success. A few of these achievements are briefly summarized below:

- Construction of the new Braithwaite Center for Active Aging. The Center provides a structured and
 comprehensive array of programs and services geared to our senior population. It also operates a
 Multicultural Day Care Center and a preschool. It is the only intergenerational campus in Broward
 County.
- Johnny Tigner Center. The original Johnny Tigner Center was recently demolished, making way for a newly constructed community center to meet the needs of our growing community.

- Development of 1045 SW 11th Way. Since the 90's the City owned this parcel with the intend for it to be developed for commercial use through a lease arrangement with the Florida Atlantic Research and Development Authority. The City is current under contract with a developer to purchase the land for \$6.5 million with \$7.5 million in community enhancements and \$180 million multi-use development project.
- Design and permitting of a regional beach re-nourishment project. In compliance with the City of Deerfield Beach and Town of Hillsboro Beach settlement agreement, the City recently completed a joint-renourishment project.
- Public Safety Master Plan. Recognizing the aging infrastructure of our public safety facilities, the City has recently approved consultancy services to develop a public safety master plan.
- Implementation of an Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System. The goal is to improve management of business and administrative functions and to automate many back-office functions primarily related to finance, human resources, technology, and customer services to improve efficiency. A request for proposal (RFP) was issued and closed during FY2022. Evaluation and selection processes began in FY2023.

With the awarded financial relief from ARPA of approximately \$16.3 million, the City completed the planning phase and began the implementation phase, with the goal of maximizing a return on investment through infrastructure improvements and economic impact. The City Commission approved the City's ARPA plan in November 2021 and city staff began implementing the various approved projects and plans which include the following:

- West Deerfield Beach Stormwater Improvements
- South East 8th Avenue Stormwater Improvements
- Park Improvements and Aquatic Center Upgrades
- Community Grants for Non-Profits
- Water Treatment Chemical Conversion Projects
- Advanced Meter Reading Infrastructure Improvements
- Regional Beach Re-Nourishment Project

Finally, with the low unemployment rate and the impacts of the Great Resignation, competition for the limited qualified job seekers has caused significant challenges in staffing, as well as with attracting and retaining talented employees. As a result, the City has funded a Pay and Class Study in FY2023.

Aside from the user fees adjustments already discussed earlier, a fire assessment fee study was conducted during Fiscal Year 2022 and the Commission approved an increase in the Fire Assessment fees effective for Fiscal Year 2023 to help offset some of the increasing costs related to fire protection and rescue services. Fire Assessment revenue is expected to fund approximately 79% of fire-related services for Fiscal Year 2023 with the remaining covered by other General Fund revenue sources.

During the current fiscal year, total fund balance in the General Fund amounted to \$54.9 million. The City plans to utilize \$11.4 million of this to fund capital projects.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Deerfield Beach's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, City of Deerfield Beach, 150 N.E. 2nd Avenue, Deerfield Beach, Florida 33441.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets		-	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,874,549	\$ 4,206,961	\$ 25,081,510
Investments	40,690,352	32,734,033	73,424,385
Receivables, net of allowances	3,611,044	5,704,047	9,315,091
Lease receivable	210,917	5,704,047	210,917
Internal balances	5,108,675	(5,108,675)	210,917
Due from other governments	2,663,969	(5,108,075)	2,663,969
Inventories	121,981	220,467	342,448
Prepaid items	349,310	1,170,236	1,519,546
Restricted assets:	349,310	1,170,230	1,519,540
	933,168	2,654,844	3,588,012
Cash and cash equivalents Investments		2,034,044	
	42,493,849	1 400 970	42,493,849
Net pension asset	1,096,566	1,409,870	2,506,436
Capital assets:	41.055.616	2.256.016	45.000.600
Non-depreciable	41,977,616	3,256,016	45,233,632
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	66,542,295	67,211,141	133,753,436
Total Assets	226,674,291	113,458,940	340,133,231
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pensions	14,863,525	653,254	15,516,779
OPEB	965,047	611,574	1,576,621
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	15,828,572	1,264,828	17,093,400
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	4,206,591	2,179,942	6,386,533
Accrued payroll	675,165	193,552	868,717
Accrued interest payable	1,477,712	151,829	1,629,541
Due to other governments	64,247		64,247
Unearned revenue	5,898,696		5,898,696
Customer deposits	86,449	601,712	688,161
Non-current liabilities:			
Due within one year:			
Compensated absences	1,205,006	950,850	2,155,856
Insurance claims payable	951,177		951,177
Bonds, loans and leases payable	3,647,543	2,080,592	5,728,135
Due in more than one year:			
Compensated absences		118,452	118,452
Insurance claims payable	7,506,511		7,506,511
Bonds, loans and leases payable	60,340,642	17,384,555	77,725,197
Total OPEB liability	16,274,307	10,313,416	26,587,723
Net pension liability	33,485,307	<u></u>	33,485,307
Total Liabilities	135,819,353	33,974,900	169,794,253
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pensions	18,389,300	2,067,399	20,456,699
OPEB	8,160,758	5,171,668	13,332,426
Leases	204,248		204,248
Deferred amount on bond resources	264,353		264,353
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	27,018,659	7,239,067	34,257,726
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	71,037,127	51,222,386	122,259,513
Restricted net position:			
Debt service	4,139,018	2,051,993	6,191,011
Perpetual care	1,830,324	· · ·	1,830,324
Economic environment	6,564,581		6,564,581
Public safety	2,757,594		2,757,594
Human services	11,445,838		11,445,838
Physical environment	3,526,829		3,526,829
Transportation	8,068,772		8,068,772
Parks and recreation	11,403,325		11,403,325
Net pension asset	1,096,566	1,409,870	2,506,436
Unrestricted	(42,205,123)	18,825,552	(23,379,571)
Total Net Position	\$ 79,664,851	\$ 73,509,801	\$ 153,174,652

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities General government Economic environment	\$ 10,834,495 1,936,041	\$ 14,278,779 1,102,257	\$ 934,097 1,250,886	\$ 	\$ 4,378,381 417,102	\$ 	\$ 4,378,381 417,102
Public safety Human services Physical environment Transportation	60,843,134 2,002,868 9,250,580 4,589,488	19,003,706 182 203,784 3,779,540	10,183,600 819,549 	 	(31,655,828) (1,183,137) (9,046,796) (809,948)	 	(31,655,828) (1,183,137) (9,046,796) (809,948)
Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt	7,338,876 3,453,832	1,680,129	21,127	742,236	(4,895,384) (3,453,832)		(4,895,384) (3,453,832)
Total Governmental Activities	100,249,314	40,048,377	13,209,259	742,236	(46,249,442)		(46,249,442)
Business-type Activities Water and sewer Solid waste Stormwater utility	25,448,186 15,982,567 1,246,404	25,931,208 18,099,403 2,330,888	244,265 	 	 	727,287 2,116,836 1,084,484	727,287 2,116,836 1,084,484
Total Business-type Activities	42,677,157	46,361,499	244,265			3,928,607	3,928,607
Total	\$ 142,926,471	\$ 86,409,876	\$ 13,453,524	\$ 742,236	(46,249,442)	3,928,607	(42,320,835)
	Impact fees Intergovernmenta Unrestricted inves Miscellaneous rev Transfers	erty taxes es ge/mobile home licens l stment earnings			48,986,445 4,559,383 9,690,469 9,205,683 9,675,197 88,183 171,851 4,123,235 502,924 884,584 88,252 87,976,206	 784 112,400 (88,252) 24,932	48,986,445 4,559,383 9,690,469 9,205,683 9,675,197 88,183 171,851 4,123,235 503,708 996,984
	Change in Net Pos	ition			41,726,764	3,953,539	45,680,303
	Net Position - Begi Net Position - Endi	_			37,938,087 \$ 79,664,851	69,556,262 \$ 73,509,801	107,494,349 \$ 153,174,652

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		General Fund								General		American Rescue Plan Fund		Community Redevelopment Agency		General Construction Fund								Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Assets	_		_		_		_		_																	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,938,274	\$		\$	4,171,667	\$	590	\$	9,764,018	\$	20,874,549														
Investments		37,825,077		20.401		2,618,140		-		247,135		40,690,352														
Restricted cash and cash equivalents				30,401				20.002.002		902,767		933,168														
Restricted investments				6,359,189				30,093,903		6,040,757		42,493,849														
Receivables:		2 522 510								254		2 522 772														
Accounts		3,522,518								254		3,522,772														
Assessments		842								 7.212		842														
Interest		41,768				3,549		34,801		7,312		87,430														
Lease		210,917										210,917														
Due from other funds		8,694,258								1,303,111		9,997,369														
Due from other governments		1,377,006						288,690		998,273		2,663,969														
Inventories		121,981										121,981														
Prepaid items		349,310										349,310														
Total Assets	\$	59,081,951	\$	6,389,590	\$	6,793,356	\$	30,417,984	\$	19,263,627	\$	121,946,508														
Liabilities				_		_																				
Accounts payable	\$	2,070,544	\$	21,540	\$	296,270	\$	1,149,449	\$	668,788	\$	4,206,591														
Accrued payroll		658,632				6,822				9,711		675,165														
Due to other funds		,		900,000		,		2,326,251		1,662,443		4,888,694														
Unearned revenue		460,618		5,393,733						44,345		5,898,696														
Due to other governments		61,006								3,241		64,247														
Customer deposits		86,449										86,449														
Total Liabilities		3,337,249		6,315,273		303,092		3,475,700		2,388,528		15,819,842														
Deferred Inflows of Resources																										
Leases		204,248										204,248														
Unavailable revenues		637,836								741,245		1,379,081														
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources																										
Total Deferred filliows of Resources		842,084								741,245		1,583,329														
Fund Balances																										
Nonspendable		471,291								1,830,324		2,301,615														
Restricted				74,317		6,490,264		26,942,284		14,399,091		47,905,956														
Assigned		15,217,017										15,217,017														
Unassigned		39,214,310								(95,561)		39,118,749														
Total Fund Balances		54,902,618		74,317		6,490,264		26,942,284		16,133,854		104,543,337														
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows																										
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	59,081,951	\$	6,389,590	\$	6,793,356	\$	30,417,984	\$	19,263,627	\$	121,946,508														
	4	,,		-,,-,-		-,,,,,,,,		,,-0.		,,5=,	_	, ,														

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		\$ 104,543,337
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 210,275,823	
Accumulated depreciation	(101,755,912)	108,519,911
Net pension assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures		
and therefore are not reported in the funds		1,096,566
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and loans payable, are not due		
and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.		
Interest payable	(1,477,712)	
Bonds, loans and leases payable	(63,988,185)	
Insurance claims payable	(8,457,688)	
Compensated absences payable	(1,205,006)	
Total OPEB liabilities	(16,274,307)	(121000000
Net pension liabilities	(33,485,307)	(124,888,205)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and		
OPEB are recorded in the statement of net position.		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	14,863,525	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(18,389,300)	(3,525,775)
Deferred outflow from OPEB	965,047	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(8,160,758)	(7,195,711)
	(=) ==,,==,	(1))
Revenues are unavailable in the government funds because they are		
not available to pay current period expenditures. They are, however,		
recognized in the governmental activities.		1,379,081
Bond premiums and discounts, gains, and losses related to the issuance of long-term debt are charged to "Other Financing Sources		
and Uses" when debt is issued in the governmental funds. These items, however, are capitalized and amortized over the life of the		
bonds in the government-wide financial statements.		(264,353)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 79,664,851

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		American	Community	General	Nonmajor	
	General	Rescue Plan	Development	Construction	Governmental	
<u>.</u>	Fund	Fund	Agency	Fund	Funds	Total
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 49,734,782	\$	\$ 4,559,383	\$	\$	\$ 54,294,165
Sales and use taxes	7,226,763	<u> </u>	ψ 1,557,565	ψ 		7,226,763
Fire assessment fees	13,652,540					13,652,540
Franchise fees	9,675,197					9,675,197
Utility taxes	9,690,469					9,690,469
Local option gas tax					1,978,920	1,978,920
Alcoholic beverage/mobile home license taxes	88,183					88,183
Local business taxes/permits	752,400				4,566,127	5,318,527
Intergovernmental	4,319,901	10,841,665		288,690	1,821,055	17,271,311
Charges for services	11,062,304				166,807	11,229,111
Fines and forfeitures	1,322,626				445,910	1,768,536
Impact fees	, , , <u></u>				171,851	171,851
Investment earnings	225,291	72,569	3,337	176,727	13,630	491,554
Miscellaneous:						
Cemetery plot sales					147,316	147,316
Donations/contributions	782,292				32,497	814,789
Administrative fees	8,079,663				437,720	8,517,383
Other	247,930		11,000		40,618	299,548
Total Revenues	116,860,341	10,914,234	4,573,720	465,417	9,822,451	142,636,163
F 15						
Expenditures						
Current:	14.005.070					14.005.070
General government	14,995,878	00.429			722.074	14,995,878
Economic environment	424,828	99,428	673,634		722,874	1,920,764
Public safety Human services	69,754,644 1,895,700		38,985		4,062,175 26,492	73,855,804 1,922,192
Physical environment	8,343,119				170,850	8,513,969
Transportation					2,037,354	
Culture and recreation	576,424 5,421,268		167,697		74,807	2,613,778 5,663,772
Capital outlay	577,555	742,236	1,578,872	7,898,021	981,991	11,778,675
Debt service:	311,333	742,230	1,576,672	7,090,021	901,991	11,776,075
Principal retirement	1,061,292		885,000		1,640,902	3,587,194
Interest and fiscal charges	16,325		206,353		3,383,974	3,606,652
Total Expenditures			3,550,541			
Total Expenditures	103,067,033	841,664	3,330,341	7,898,021	13,101,419	128,458,678
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	13,793,308	10,072,570	1,023,179	(7,432,604)	(3,278,968)	14,177,485
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	10,448,054			4,021,353	5,780,838	20,250,245
Transfers out	(9,442,477)	(10,000,000)		4,021,333	(719,516)	(20,161,993)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,005,577	(10,000,000)		4,021,353	5,061,322	88,252
Net Change in Fund Balances	14,798,885	72,570	1,023,179	(3,411,251)	1,782,354	14,265,737
Fund Balances - Beginning	40,103,733	1,747	5,467,085	30,353,535	14,351,500	90,277,600
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 54,902,618	\$ 74,317	\$ 6,490,264	\$ 26,942,284	\$ 16,133,854	\$ 104,543,337

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 14,265,737
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported in depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay	\$ 11,335,367	
Governmental depreciation	(5,475,770)	5,859,597
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(748,337)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds. Insurance claims and benefits expense Other postemployment benefit expense Pension expense	963,632 3,107,731 14,356,203	18,427,566
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (sick and vacation pay) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amounts actually used (paid). Compensated absences		182,187
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Long-term debt principal repayments Bond premium	3,587,194 40,670	3,627,864
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus, requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The interest expense		
reported in the statement of activities is the result of accrued interest on bonds, leases and loans payable.		112,150
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 41,726,764

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Assets	Water and Sewar Utility		var Solid Waste Stormwater Fund Utility Fund				Total Proprietary Funds
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,037	\$	2,466,200	\$	1,737,724	\$ 4,206,961
Investments		31,469,454		1,264,579			32,734,033
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:							
Customer deposits		597,853		4,998			602,851
Revolving loan covenant accounts		2,051,993					2,051,993
Receivables, net of allowances:							
Accounts		3,125,301		1,976,593		139,165	5,241,059
Delinquent assessments		161,139					161,139
Interest		301,849					301,849
Due from other funds		131,175				1,682,000	1,813,175
Inventories		220,467					220,467
Prepaid items		1,170,236					 1,170,236
Total Current Assets		39,232,504		5,712,370		3,558,889	 48,503,763
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets:							
Land		50,531					50,531
Construction in progress				3,205,485			3,205,485
Buildings		2,266,147				1,630,912	3,897,059
Utility plants in service		46,054,250					46,054,250
Improvements other than buildings		95,491,938		113,696			95,605,634
Equipment		9,516,858		15,177,008		29,120	24,722,986
Less: accumulated depreciation		(91,746,924)		(11,165,002)		(156,862)	 (103,068,788)
Sub-total capital assets		61,632,800		7,331,187		1,503,170	70,467,157
Net Pension Asset		1,018,240		391,630			1,409,870
Total Noncurrent Assets		62,651,040		7,722,817		1,503,170	 71,877,027
Total Assets		101,883,544		13,435,187		5,062,059	 120,380,790
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Pension		471,795		181,459			653,254
OPEB		309,844		287,500		14,230	 611,574
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	781,639	\$	468,959	\$	14,230	\$ 1,264,828

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Liabilities	Wate	Water and Sewer Solid Waste Stormwater Utility Fund Utility Fund								Total Proprietary Funds
Current Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	1,156,404	\$	879,299	\$	144,239	\$	2,179,942		
Accrued payroll		104,130		84,122		5,300		193,552		
Due to other funds		3,806,013		2,984,663		131,174		6,921,850		
Customer deposits		597,853		3,859				601,712		
Compensated absences		473,209		431,847		45,794		950,850		
Accrued interest payable		132,410		19,419		·		151,829		
Capital leases payable, current		290,837		305,061				595,898		
Bonds payable, current		1,006,976						1,006,976		
Loans payable, current		477,718						477,718		
Total Current Liabilities		8,045,550		4,708,270		326,507		13,080,327		
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Compensation absences				90,349		28,103		118,452		
Total OPEB liability		5,225,125		4,848,317		239,974		10,313,416		
Capital leases payable		24,607		8,688,939				8,713,546		
Bonds payable		6,750,503						6,750,503		
Loans payable		1,920,506						1,920,506		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		13,920,741		13,627,605		268,077		27,816,423		
Total Liabilities		21,966,291		18,335,875		594,584		40,896,750		
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
OPEB		2,620,142		2,431,191		120,335		5,171,668		
Pensions		1,493,122		574,277				2,067,399		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,113,264		3,005,468		120,335		7,239,067		
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets		51,119,174		(1,357,752)		1,460,964		51,222,386		
Restricted - net pension asset		1,018,240		391,630				1,409,870		
Restricted for debt service		2,051,993						2,051,993		
Unrestricted		22,396,221		(6,471,075)		2,900,406		18,825,552		
Total Net Position	\$	76,585,628	\$	(7,437,197)	\$	4,361,370	\$	73,509,801		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Water and Sewer Utility	Solid Waste Fund	Stormwater Utility	Total Proprietary Funds
Operating Revenues				
Charges for sales and services: Water sales pledged as security for				
revolving loans	\$ 16,167,600	\$	\$	\$ 16,167,600
Sewer charges pledged as security for	\$ 10,107,000	Ψ ==	Ψ	\$ 10,107,000
revolving loans	9,099,115			9,099,115
Solid waste charges		18,076,599		18,076,599
Stormwater fees			2,330,888	2,330,888
Engineering fees	254,763			254,763
Miscellaneous	409,730	22,804		432,534
Total Operating Revenues	25,931,208	18,099,403	2,330,888	46,361,499
Operating Expenses				
Personal services	4,067,886	3,497,001	378,078	7,942,965
Contractual services	1,246,969	237,445	219,119	1,703,533
Electricity	931,005			931,005
Insurance	1,990,217	1,256,090	1,741	3,248,048
Fixed charges	57,876	15,415	105,581	178,872
County wastewater charge	5,784,071			5,784,071
County raw water charge	39,547	4 404 220		39,547
Disposal fees	4,745,979	4,404,239 3,263,024	282,067	4,404,239 8,291,070
General administrative charge Commodities	2,240,303	2,101,832	188,145	4,530,280
Depreciation	4,038,390	970,018	71,673	5,080,081
Total Operating Expenses	25,142,243	15,745,064	1,246,404	42,133,711
Operating Income (Loss)	788,965	2,354,339	1,084,484	4,227,788
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment earnings (losses)	(23,632)	24,416		784
Interest charges	(305,943)	(237,503)		(543,446)
Tap fees	244,265			244,265
Gain from sale of assets		112,400		112,400
Total Nonoperating Income (Expenses)	(85,310)	(100,687)		(185,997)
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	703,655	2,253,652	1,084,484	4,041,791
Transfers in		344,782		344,782
Transfers out	(71,296)	(361,738)		(433,034)
Change in Net Position	632,359	2,236,696	1,084,484	3,953,539
Net Position - Beginning	75,953,269	(9,673,893)	3,276,886	69,556,262
Net Position - Ending	\$ 76,585,628	\$ (7,437,197)	\$ 4,361,370	\$ 73,509,801

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Water and Sewer Utility	Solid Waste Fund	Stormwater Utility Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 25,545,019	\$ 18,262,465	\$ 2,321,152	\$ 46,128,636
Payments from (to) other funds	(1)		1	
Payments to suppliers	(14,580,781)	(11,869,119)	(685,377)	(27,135,277)
Payments to employees	(5,788,934)	(4,774,500)	(432,019)	(10,995,453)
Net Cash Provided by				
Operating Activities	5,175,303	1,618,846	1,203,757	7,997,906
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activity				
Transfers to other funds	(71,296)	(16,956)		(88,252)
Tap fees	244,265			244,265
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital				
Financing Activity	172,969	(16,956)		156,013
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Purchase of capital assets	(1,136,948)	(350,652)	(644,882)	(2,132,482)
Repayment of capital lease	(287,869)	(305,000)		(592,869)
Repayment on loans	(2,743,250)			(2,743,250)
Interest expense	(331,556)	(238,162)		(569,718)
Proceeds from retirement of assets		112,400		112,400
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related				
Financing Activities	(4,499,623)	(781,414)	(644,882)	(5,925,919)
Cash Flows from Investing Activity				
Investment income	(23,632)	24,416		784
Sale of investments	51,203			51,203
Purchase of investments		1,451,445		1,451,445
Net Cash Provided by				
Investing Activities	27,571	1,475,861		1,503,432
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	876,220	2,296,337	558,875	3,731,432
Cash, Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	1,776,663	174,861	1,178,849	3,130,373
Cash, Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$ 2,652,883	\$ 2,471,198	\$ 1,737,724	\$ 6,861,805

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Water and Sewer Solid Waste Utility Fund		Stormwater Utility Fund		Total Proprietary Funds	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,037	\$ 2,466,200	\$ 1,737,724	\$	4,206,961
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		2,649,846	 4,998	 		2,654,844
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	2,652,883	\$ 2,471,198	\$ 1,737,724	\$	6,861,805
Reconciliation Data of Changes in Net Position to Operating Activities Operating Income	\$	788,965	\$ 2,354,339	\$ 1,084,484	\$	4,227,788
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities						
Depreciation expense Changes in assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/ outflows:		4,038,390	970,018	71,673		5,080,081
(Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable, net of allowance		(405,889)	163,558	(9,736)		(252,067)
Inventories		(39,142)		(5,750)		(39,142)
Prepaids		(1,126,044)				(1,126,044)
Deferred outflows pension		719,805	276,850			996,655
Net pension asset		(1,018,240)	(391,630)			(1,409,870)
Deferred outflows OPEB		46,931	43,546	2,156		92,633
Increase (Decrease) in:						
Accounts payable		825,372	(591,074)	111,276		345,574
Deposits payable		19,700	(496)			19,204
Salaries and benefits available		(153,841)	(121,335)	(7,379)		(282,555)
Compensated absences payable		(94,514)	(47,677)	(736)		(142,927)
Due to other funds		2,795,000		1		2,795,001
Net pension liability		(1,669,594)	(642,153)			(2,311,747)
Deferred inflows pension		1,493,122	574,277			2,067,399
Total OPEB liability		(85,078)	(78,942)	(3,908)		(167,928)
Deferred inflows OPEB		(959,639)	 (890,435)	 (44,074)		(1,894,148)
Total Adjustments		4,386,338	 (735,493)	 119,273		3,770,118
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	5,175,303	\$ 1,618,846	\$ 1,203,757	\$	7,997,906

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Pension
		Trust
		Funds
Assets		
Investments:		
Money market funds	\$	6,910,777
Fixed income		22,966,325
U.S. government and agency securities		18,190,247
Equity securities		111,140,869
Corporate bonds		12,886,135
Real estate funds		43,734,286
Self directed DROP accounts		2,438,824
Hedge fund		3,408,722
Total investments		221,676,185
Receivables:		
Interest and dividends		246,798
Due from participants		30,032
Pending trades		739,648
		<u> </u>
Total receivables		1,027,753
Total Assets	_	222,703,938
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		119,693
Accounts payable - purchase of investments		295,248
Francis Landau L		
Total Liabilities		414,941
Deferred Inflow	_	50,804
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits		
Total Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$	222,238,193
		_

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Pension
	Trust
	Funds
Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 10,346,564
Plan members	739,091
Chapter	1,360,274
Total contributions	12,445,929
Investment Earnings	
Interest and dividend revenue	7,788,552
Net depreciation in the fair value of investments	(38,393,256)
Total investment losses	(30,604,704)
Less: investment expense	(1,076,551)
Net investment losses	(31,681,255)
Miscellaneous	128
Total Additions	(19,235,198)
Deductions	
Benefit payments	18,781,698
DROP distributions	1,174,871
Share account distributions	651,906
Administrative expenses	412,008
Total Deductions	21,020,483
Change in Net Position	(40,255,681)
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits -	
Beginning of Year	262,493,874
End of Year	\$ 222,238,193

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of the City of Deerfield Beach, Florida's (the "City") significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other information in this report. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The focus of the fund financial statements is on the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the basic financial statements by type (i.e., pension). Since, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Deerfield Beach is a political subdivision of the State of Florida, located in Broward County along the lower southeast coast of the state. Originally incorporated in June 1925, the Town of Deerfield was formed under the provisions of Chapter 10462, Special Acts of the 1925 Legislature. In June 1951, Chapter 27503, laws of the State of Florida, created a new charter abolishing the Town and changing its name to City of Deerfield Beach. Today, the City is approximately 16.3 square miles in area. In addition to the public safety, general government, recreation, and public works services provided to its 78,573, residents, the City operates water, sewer, stormwater, and solid waste enterprises. The City does not provide educational or hospital facilities. Those services are provided by the School Board of Broward County and the Broward Health North District, respectively.

The financial reporting entity covered by this report includes the City and its component unit. The reporting entity has been defined by GASB Statement No. 14 (as amended by GASB Statements No. 39, 61 and 80) as the primary government and those component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Financial accountability exists when a primary government appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing board and may either impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on, the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations, and so information for these entities is combined with information of the primary government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

The Deerfield Beach Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), a separate legal entity, which is largely responsible for redevelopment of the area that encompasses most of the beach district and the area along Hillsboro Boulevard from Federal Highway to the intracoastal waterway, was established in November 1999. The CRA is governed by a board which is comprised of the City's elected officials, and management of the City has operational responsibility of the CRA. The CRA is also fiscally dependent upon the City. Accordingly, the CRA is a blended component unit and is presented as a special revenue fund. The CRA has a September 30 year-end. Separate financial statements for the CRA are available.

The Deerfield Beach Housing Authority (the "Housing Authority") is a related organization because the mayor, with the concurrence of the City Commission, has the responsibility of appointing the members of the Housing Authority Board. Its operations are conducted within City boundaries. However, it is not included as a part of the financial reporting entity because it is fiscally independent and it has no financial accountability to the City. The Housing Authority's autonomy prohibits it from providing any financial benefit or imposing a financial burden upon the City. The Housing Authority is not exclusively for the benefit of City residents and the City Commission cannot impose its will over operations, cannot hire, reassign or dismiss management, and cannot remove Housing Authority board members without cause. The Housing Authority is responsible for ensuring that a complete and full financial accounting and an audit is made biennially by a certified public accountant.

The Northeast Focal Point Children, Alzheimer's, Senior, Adult Services, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "CASA"), is a nonprofit entity organized under the laws of the State of Florida in September 1986. This organization raises funds and makes yearly pledges to the City to subsidize the costs of operating the City's children's, Alzheimer's, senior and adult day care facilities. GASB requires that a legally separate, tax-exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of the City, if the primary government is the sole corporate member of the nonprofit or if all of the following are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the City; (2) the City is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization and (3) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are significant to the City. The City believes that conditions (1) and (2) apply to CASA. However, the City does not believe that the economic resources held/received by that entity is "significant" to the City's operations and the City is not the sole corporate member of CASA. As such, it is not included as a part of the financial reporting entity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within three months of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of property tax revenue, which is deferred unless taxes are received within sixty days subsequent to year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pensions, other postemployment benefits and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Property taxes (when levied), franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenue (when the eligibility requirements are met), licenses, special assessments, charges for services for ambulance fees, as well as interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, if available. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Community Redevelopment Agency ("CRA") Fund accounts for the proceeds of tax increment revenues and the related expenditures for redevelopment of the area that hovers along Hillsboro Boulevard and that encompasses most of the beach district from Federal Highway to the Intracoastal Waterway. This fund has been deemed a major fund, since management believes it is particularly important to financial statement users for public interest. The CRA also issues a set of standalone financial statements that can be found on the City's website.

The *General Construction Fund* accounts for all the City's capital projects.

The *American Rescue Plan Fund* accounts for the receipt and expenditure related to federal funding provided to assist with Covid 19/post pandemic related assets and lost revenue recovery.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water and Sewer Fund* accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the City's residents.

The **Storm Water Utility Fund** accounts for the operations and maintenance of the City's stormwater system, such as storm drains, pipes, catch basins, and other stormwater-related infrastructure.

The **Solid Waste Fund** accounts for the provision of solid waste services to the City's residents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Additionally, the City's pension trust funds, namely, Fire, Police and Non-uniformed pension funds, account for the activities of the retirement systems for these relevant classes of employees and accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified retirees.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods and services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer Fund are charges to customers for the provision of water and sewer services. This fund also recognizes as revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Further, the Solid Waste Fund recognizes as revenue charges to customers for the provision of solid waste services. Operating expenses for both enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS ADOPTED

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases ("GASB 87"), the objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement was implemented by the City for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The City has established an investment policy in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes that allows the City to invest in relatively low-risk securities, such as the State Treasurer's Investment Pool, and U.S. Government and Agencies securities. In accordance with GASB all investments of the City have been reported at fair value except money market funds and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool which its reported value is the same as the value of the pool shares and is recorded at amortized cost. Resources of all funds, with the exception of the pension trust funds, have been combined into investment pools for the purpose of maximizing investment yields. Investment revenue is comprised of interest and dividends and realized gains and losses on investments. Net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments is comprised of unrealized gains and losses on investments. Investment earnings on pooled investments are allocated monthly based upon equity balances of the respective funds. Accrued interest on pooled investments is grouped with investments on the balance sheet at year-end. In addition, the pension trust funds are authorized to invest in corporate bonds, stocks, money market funds, mortgages and notes.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles. Management determines the allowance for uncollectible accounts, based upon a review of the accounts and its knowledge of the debtor's ability to pay. Property taxes are levied as of October 1 on property values assessed as of January 1 of the same year. The tax levy is divided into two billings: the first billing (mailed during September) is an estimate of the current year's levy based on the prior year's taxes; the second billing (mailed on November 1) reflects adjustments to the current year's actual levy. The billings are considered past due on April 1 of the subsequent year, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

2. Receivables and Payables (continued)

Amounts reflected as "due from other governments" in the government-wide and the fund financial statements represent amounts that are owed to the City by other governmental entities for services Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles. Management determines the allowance for uncollectible accounts, based upon a review of the accounts and its knowledge of the debtor's ability to pay. Property taxes are levied as of October 1 on property values assessed as of January 1 of the same year. The tax levy is divided into two billings: the first billing (mailed during September) is an estimate of the current year's levy based on the prior year's taxes; the second billing (mailed on November 1) reflects adjustments to the current year's actual levy. The billings are considered past due on April 1 of the subsequent year, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

Amounts reflected as "due from other governments" in the government-wide and the fund financial statements represent amounts that are owed to the City by other governmental entities for services

The City's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consisting principally of expendable items held for consumption, are stated at lower of average cost. The consumption method is used for all inventories and prepaid items, that is, items of inventory/prepaids are expended when they are consumed rather than when they are purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain resources of the City's Water and Sewer enterprise fund are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because they are maintained in separate accounts and their uses are limited by applicable bond covenants and loan agreements. The state revolving loan sinking fund account is used to segregate resources that are accumulated for the payment of principal and interest on the City's revolving loans with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

The "general obligation bond construction account" is used to report those proceeds of general obligation bonds that are restricted for use in the construction of specified projects, as outlined in the bond covenants.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangibles, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

5. Capital Assets (continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred, net of interest earned on related debt proceeds, during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized cost of the assets constructed. The City had no capitalized interest costs for this fiscal year.

The City's property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20
Roads	40
Bridges	50
Other infrastructure	20 - 50
Equipment	5 - 10

In the governmental fund financial statements, capital assets are reported as expenditures and no depreciation expense is recorded.

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statements of net position and fund financial statements require the inclusion of a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods.

The statements of net position and fund financial statements, also include a separate section for deferred inflows of resources, which represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods that will be recognized as revenue (or serve as a reduction of expenses) in a future period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

The City reports within its government-wide statement of net position as deferred outflows amounts that were related to pensions and OPEB during fiscal year 2021 into the pension plans as a result of the net pension liability and total OPEB liability associated with the plans measured as of September 30, 2021. The amounts paid during fiscal year 2022 to the plan will be reflected within the City's pension expense and related liability when the net pension liability is measured for the next fiscal year.

The City reports as deferred inflows amounts representing the net difference between expected and actual results, changes in assumptions and projected and actual earnings of its OPEB and pension plans. The amounts will be amortized over a five year closed period beginning in the year in which the difference occurred or over the remaining service lives of all employees, as applicable, and deferred amount on a bond refunding which is being amortized over the remaining life of the debt.

Also, in the governmental fund financial statements the City reported deferred inflows for amounts not recorded within the period of availability.

7. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned, unused vacation and sick pay benefits. A portion of accumulated sick pay benefits are paid upon separation based on the number of years of service. All vacation pay and applicable portions of sick pay balances are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund type statements of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discounts. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Deferred amounts (the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount) on refunding are amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt using the straight line method, which does not result in a material difference from the effective interest method. Debt issuance costs, except for the portion which relates to prepaid insurance costs, are recognized as an expense in the period incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are reported as an asset and are recognized as expense on a straight line basis over the duration of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Debt principal payments and issuance costs, whether or not withheld from actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Fund Equity/Net Position

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, governmental funds report separate classifications of fund balance. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The restricted fund balance is defined as having restrictions (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Committed fund balance is defined as amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (i.e. resolution) performed prior to year-end, of the City Commission. Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

9. Fund Equity/Net Position (continued)

The City, through resolution establishing its fund balance policy, has given the City Manager the authority to assign fund balance. Assignment of fund balance may be a) made for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the fund itself; and/or b) used to reflect the appropriation of a portion of existing unassigned fund balance to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent year's budget in an amount no greater than the projected excess of expenditures over expected revenues. Assigned fund balance shall reflect management's intended use of resources as set forth each year by the City Manager. Assigned fund balance may or may not be appropriated for expenditure in the subsequent year depending on the timing of the project/reserve for which it was assigned. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund, plus any deficits of any other governmental funds. The City government considers restricted or unrestricted amounts to have been spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The City government considers committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts to have been spent when expenditures incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used. The City's policy is to expend resources in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

It is the City's policy to obtain and maintain a minimum level of General Fund unassigned fund balance of at least 10% of General Fund operating expenditures and transfers. The disaster/emergency reserve fund balance is assigned by the City Commission as set forth in the annual budget (and any amendments thereto) to ensure the maintenance of services to the public during hurricanes and other natural disasters, as well as economic changes that might severely impact the City's ability to provide necessary public services.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)

9. Fund Equity/Net Position (continued)

The following table shows the City's fund balance classification for the governmental funds as of September 30, 2022.

	Governmental Funds					
		American Community General Nonmaj		Nonmajor	Total	
	General	Rescue Plan	Redevelopment	Construction	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Agency	Fund	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable						
Inventory	\$ 121,981	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 121,981
Prepaids	349,310					349,310
Perpetual care and						
cemetery operation					1,830,324	1,830,324
Restricted						
Community Redevelopment programs			6,490,264			6,490,264
Debt service					4,139,018	4,139,018
General construction projects		74,317		10,105,421		10,179,738
Road improvement projects				5,719,528	2,266,476	7,986,004
Grants and special programs					829,371	829,371
Beautification and landscape projects					575,147	575,147
Public safety programs					2,757,594	2,757,594
Parking improvements					82,768	82,768
Recreational programs/projects				11,117,335	2,686,139	13,803,474
Restricted for building permits					1,062,578	1,062,578
Assigned to						
Assigned emergency reserve	3,703,465					3,703,465
Subsequent year's budget	11,414,444					11,414,444
Endowment	99,108					99,108
Unassigned						
General fund operations	39,214,310					39,214,310
Miscellaneous grant and special						
programs					(95,561)	(95,561)
	\$54,902,618	\$ 74,317	\$ 6,490,264	\$26,942,284	\$16,133,854	\$ 104,543,337

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (CONTINUED)
- 9. Fund Equity/Net Position (continued)

Net Investment in Capital Assets – is intended to reflect the portion of net position which is associated with capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation), less outstanding capital asset related debt, net of unspent bond proceeds and deferred inflow/outflow of resources that are attributed to the acquisition of those assets or related debt which are included in this component of net position.

Restricted Net Position – has third-party (statutory bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on their use or limitations which have been imposed through enabling legislation.

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$54,294,710 of restricted net position.

Unrestricted Net Position – has no third-party limitations as to its use, and consists of all net position that does not meet the definition of the other two components, and any net deficits that exist.

10. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's estimates.

11. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied as of October 1st. The tax levy is divided into two billings: the first billing (mailed mid-August) is an estimate of the current year's levy based on the proposed tax rates, which serves to inform taxpayers of their proposed taxes prior to the final approval of the millage rate in September. The second billing (mailed in November) reflects the current year's actual levy. The billings are considered past due after March 31st of the following year after the respective tax billing date, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

At September 30, 2022, the Community Development Block Grant Fund and Miscellaneous Grants Fund had deficit fund balances of \$49,851 and \$42,234, respectively. These deficits are expected to be funded by future grant reimbursements, which were not susceptible to accrual at September 30, 2022.

The Solid Waste Fund also experience a deficit in net position of \$7,437,197 as of September 30, 2022 due the Energy Performance Efficiency audit. Management has undertaken to re-assess the cost of this contract to the benefits received by multiple Funds.

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The City maintains a common cash and cash equivalents pool for use by all non-fiduciary funds. Deposits of the City, including time deposit accounts, demand deposit accounts and certificates of deposit, are defined as public deposits. Pursuant to the City's policies, all of the City's deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to Chapter 280.03 of the Florida Statutes, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act." Under the Act, all qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having fair value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits, times the depository's collateral pledging level. The pledging level may range from 50% to 125% depending upon the depository's financial condition and establishment period. All collateral must be deposited with an approved financial institution. Any losses to public depositors are covered by applicable deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral and, if necessary, assessments against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in fault. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss. At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits totaled \$28,669,522.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

Authorized Investments

The City's investments are categorized as investments for the City as a whole (hereinafter referred to as "general City investments") and those of its various defined benefit pension plans. The City is authorized by statute and policy to invest public funds (general City investments) in interest-bearing savings accounts, money market accounts and checking accounts, obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit that are fully insured and collateralized; high-grade commercial paper, repurchase agreements having a defined termination date and collateralized by U.S. Treasury obligations; and Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, as administered by the Florida State Board of Administration ("SBA"). The City invested funds throughout the year in the Florida PRIME, which is not Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") registered, but which qualifies as a fluctuating net asset value ("NAV") pool. The City's investment in the SBA at September 30, 2022 represented less than 1% of the total investment assets of the SBA. The City of Deerfield Beach invests in the pool, the value of the City's position is the same as the value of the pool shares and is recorded at amortized cost. At September 30, 2022, the City's investment in the SBA was \$35,470,813.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, the City's investments in the Florida PRIME meets the definition of a qualifying investment pool that measures, for financial reporting purposes, all of its investments at amortized cost and should disclose the presence of any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. As of September 30, 2022, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

The Florida Municipal Investment Trust (as administered by the Florida League of Cities) is an authorized investment under Section 218.415(115), Florida Statutes, for units of local government in Florida. The operation and administration of the Trust is the responsibility of a Board of Trustees, who are selected from the ranks of elected officials of governmental entities participating in the Trust. The fair value of the City's position in the Trust is the same as the value of the pool share, \$4,684,274.

The overriding objectives of the City's investment policy are preservation of its principal investment, while providing for liquidity and maximization of investment income.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Authorized Investments (continued)

Each of the City's three individual pension plans is governed by a Board of Trustees, which is responsible for determining the investment policies for the respective plan, namely the City's Fire, Police Officers, and Non-uniformed retirement pension plans. The investment policies for the various plans typically are devised to earn an average rate of return over the long term that will equal or exceed the return of a target index. The trustees are authorized to invest in a wide range of instruments, including but not limited to, federally-guaranteed obligations, bonds, stocks, or other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or any state or organized territory of the United States, provided that the corporation is listed on any one or more of the recognized national stock exchanges or the National Market System of the NASDAQ Stock Market.

In acquiring these investments on behalf of the various plans, the trustees are required to exercise a level of care, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence would exercise when acquiring these same investments for their own (personal) accounts.

As of September 30, 2022, the City and the Plans had the following investments:

	Pension	All		
	Trust	Other		
	Funds	Funds		Total
Investment in Florida PRIME	\$	\$ 28,794,934	\$	28,794,934
Investment in Florida Municipal Investment Trust		4,665,916		4,665,916
Money market funds	6,091,146	41,757,205		47,848,351
Fixed Income Mutual funds	31,874,111			31,874,111
Self directed DROP accounts	2,403,070			2,403,070
Corporate bonds	12,964,769			12,964,769
Hedge fund	3,886,727			3,886,727
Real estate funds	33,715,542			33,715,542
Equity securities	145,861,370		_	145,861,370
Total	\$ 262,973,456	\$ 111,355,567	\$	374,329,023

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City minimizes the interest rate risk of investments in the portfolio by placing limitations on the duration of such investments. With the exception of funds reserved for capital projects, all of the City's general investments shall be limited to instruments maturing within two years of purchase. This ensures that securities mature to meet cash requirements for operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market prior to maturity.

The Police Officers' Retirement Plan limits its exposure to interest rate risk by varying the durations of the maturities of its investment holdings.

Neither the Municipal Firefighter's Pension Trust Plan nor the Non-Uniform Employees' Retirement Plan has investment policies that use limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's and the Pension Plans' investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following tables that shows the distribution of the City's and the Plans' investments by maturity:

	Maturities (in Years)			
		Less Than		
Investment Type	Value	1 Year 1-5 Years		
City General Investments				
FL PRIME	\$ 35,470,813	\$ 35,470,813	\$	
FL Municipal Investment Trust	4,684,274		4,684,274	
Money market funds	42,456,304	42,456,304		
U.S. Government and agency securities	33,306,843	29,686,296	3,620,547	
Total	\$115,918,234	\$ 107,613,413	\$ 8,304,821	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Interest Rate Risk (continued)

		Maturities (in Years)			
		Less Than			More Than
Investment Type	Value	1 Year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	10 years
Pension Trust Funds					
Mutual funds	\$ 22,966,325	\$ 2,721,495	\$ 14,602,256	\$ 3,016,307	\$ 2,626,267
U.S. Treasuries	8,819,822	99,196	3,593,496	4,410,279	716,851
U.S. Agencies	9,370,425	705	1,430,181	1,290,239	6,649,300
Corporate bonds and notes	12,886,135	47,816	1,611,084	7,991,869	3,235,366
Total	\$ 54,042,707	\$ 2,869,212	\$ 21,237,017	\$ 16,708,694	\$13,227,784

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO's). State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top 3 ratings issued by NRSRO's. All Treasury obligations are guaranteed by the good faith and credit of the United States and are therefore not subject to credit risk. The amounts held in the Florida Prime is rated by Standard and Poor's. The current rating is AAAm. Florida Municipal Investment Trust is not rated by any nationally recognized statistical rating agency.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Credit Risk

The following table discloses credit ratings by investment type, at September 30, 2022, as applicable:

Quality Credit

	Rating	
	Moody's	Fair Value
	Aaa	\$ 51,649,119
	Aa1	
	Aa2	42,030
	As3	74,941
	A	3,647,388
	A+	422,266
	A-	645,047
	A1	940,473
	A2	748,397
	A3	906,822
	AAA	7,636,858
	AA	789,356
	AA+	4,037,939
	AA-	254,060
	Baa1	348,048
	Baa2	132,060
	Baa3	92,360
	Ba1	
	BBB+	2,034,938
	BBB	3,091,430
	BB	977,662
	BB+	80,250
	В	862,166
	Caa1	1,092,763
	Not rated	56,147,725
Total Credit Risk Securities		136,654,098
U.S. Treasuries and Agency Securities Explicitly Guaranteed		33,306,843
Total Fixed Income/Credit Risk Securities		\$169,960,941
Total Fixed Income/Credit Risk Securities - City		\$115,918,234
Total Fixed Income Securities - Pension Trust Funds		54,042,707
		\$169,960,941

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City limits its investments in any one issuer to no more than 5% of total investments, except for investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments, which are excluded from this requirement. There were no individual investments that represented 5% or more of the City's total investments at September 30, 2022. The three pension plans limit their exposure by limiting their investments in any one issuer to no more than 5% of plan net position other than those issued by the US Government or its agencies. None of the plans had holdings that exceeded the 5% limit.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. These investments are held by the various pension plans' custodial banks and are registered in the name of the pertinent pension plan. With the exception of the investments with the SBA Florida Prime, all of the City's general investments were held by the City's custodial bank and were registered in the City's name as of year-end.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market. Investments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Level 1 - Investments traded in an active market with available quoted prices for identical assets as of the reporting date.

Level 2 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are based upon observable inputs for the assets either directly or indirectly, other than those considered Level 1 inputs, which may include quoted prices for identical assets in markets that are not considered to be active, and quoted prices of similar assets in active or inactive markets.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are based upon unobservable inputs.

Fire Pension

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value for the plan:

Common stock: Valued at the closing price reported on the New York Stock Exchange.

Government securities: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities.

Corporate bonds: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing the value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. When quoted prices are not available for identical or similar bonds, the bond is valued under a discounted cash flows approach that maximizes observable inputs, such as current yield of similar instruments, but includes adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks or a broker quote, if available.

Hedge funds: Value based on the net asset value per share, without further adjustment. Net asset value is based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.

Real estate: Valued at the net asset value of shares held by the Plan at year end. The Plan has investments in private market real estate investments for which no liquid public market exists.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Fire Pension (continued)

	*Fair Value Measurements Using				
		Quoted Prices			
		in Active	Significant		
		Markets for	Other	Significant	
		Identical	Observable	Unobservable	
		Assets	Inputs	Inputs	
	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Investments by Fair Value Level					
Equity securities:					
Common stocks	\$ 30,800,068	\$ 30,800,068	\$	\$	
Mutual funds	32,495,899	32,495,899			
Total debt securities	63,295,967	63,295,967			
Debt securities:					
Corporate bonds	7,519,314		7,519,314		
U.S. treasury securities	1,980,632	1,980,632			
U.S. agency securities	2,770,568		2,770,568		
Fixed income mutual funds	20,580,334	20,580,334			
Total debt securities	32,850,848	22,560,966			
Self directed DROP accounts	2,438,824		2,438,824		
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	98,585,639	\$ 85,856,933	\$12,728,706	\$	
Investments Measured at Net Asset					
Value (NAV) (a)					
Real estate funds	29,826,531				
Hedge fund	638,571				
Total investments measured at NAV	30,465,102				
Money market funds (exempt)	5,034,900				
Total Investments	\$134,085,641				

^{*} Investment type descriptions mirror audited pension plan financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Fire Pension (continued)

The following table summarizes investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share practical expedient, including their related unfunded commitments and redemption restrictions:

			Redemption	Redemption
	Fair	Unfunded	Frequency (if	Notice
	Value	Commitments	Currently Eligible)	Period
Real Estate Fund (1)	\$ 14,543,419	\$	Quarterly	90 Days
Real Estate Fund (2)	5,205,018		Quarterly	10 Days
Real Estate Fund (3)	10,078,094		N/A	N/A
Hedge Fund (4)	638,571		Quarterly	90 Days
Total Investments Measured				
at the NAV	\$ 30,465,102	<u>\$</u>		

- 1. Real estate fund: The fund is an open-ended real estate investment fund investing primarily in core institutional office, retail, industrial, and multi-family properties located throughout the United States. The investment is valued at NAV and its redemptions must be received by the fund 90 days prior to quarter end.
- 2. Real estate fund: The fund is an open-end diversified core real estate commingled fund that invests primarily in core institutional office, retail, industrial, and multi-family properties located throughout the United States. The investment is valued at NAV and its redemptions must be received by the fund 10 days prior to quarter end.
- 3. Real estate fund: This fund is an open-end, comingled real estate fund with a diversified portfolio of income producing properties located throughout the United States. The investment is valued at NAV and has no redemption frequency or notice period.
- 4. Hedge fund: The fund is a multi-strategy fund of hedge funds that aims to pursue varying strategies in order to diversify risk and reduce volatility. The fund is a diversified portfolio offering investment solutions through activist long/short equity hedge funds, event driven hedge funds and multi-strategy hedge funds. The investment is valued at NAV and holder of capital, upon at least 90 days prior written notice, may request to redeem a minimum of \$100,000 of their capital shares, as of the close of business on the last business day of each calendar year, by giving irrevocable written notice.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Police Pension

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value for the plan:

Debt securities: Debt securities consist primarily of negotiable obligations of the U.S. government and U.S. government-sponsored agencies, corporations, securitized offerings backed by residential and commercial mortgages, TIPS, and foreign debt securities. These securities can be typically be valued using the close or last traded price on a specific date (quoted prices in active markets). When quoted prices are not available, fair value is determined based on valuation models that use inputs that include market observable inputs. These inputs included recent trades, yields, price quotes, cash flows, maturity, credit ratings, and other assumptions based upon the specifics of the investment type.

Equity securities: These include domestic and international equities. Domestic securities traded on a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the fiscal year. Securities traded in the over-the-counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at the last reported bid price. International equities are valued based upon quoted foreign market prices and translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect at year end. Securities which are not traded on a national security exchange are valued by the respective fund manager or other third parties based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Police Pension (continued)

	*Fair Value Measurements Using				
	_	Quoted Prices			
		in Active	Significant		
		Markets for	Other	Significant	
		Identical	Observable	Unobservable	
		Assets	Inputs	Inputs	
	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Investments by Fair Value Level	_				
Equity securities:					
Equity mutual funds	\$23,389,300	\$23,389,300	\$	\$	
Debt securities:					
U.S. treasury securities	3,486,445	3,486,445			
U.S. agency securities	1,499,837		1,499,837		
Fixed income mutual funds	2,385,991	2,385,991			
Corporate bonds	935,765		935,765		
Total debt securities	8,308,038	5,872,436	2,435,602		
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	31,697,338	\$29,261,736	\$2,435,602	\$	
Investments Measured at Net Asset					
Value (NAV) (a)					
Real estate funds	8,373,535				
Total Investments Measured at NAV	8,373,535				
Money market funds (exempt)	502,194				
Total Investments	\$40,573,067				

^{*} Investment type descriptions mirror audited pension plan financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Police Pension (continued)

			Redemption	Redemption
	Fair	Unfunded	Frequency (if	Notice
	Value	Commitments	Currently Eligible)	Period
Real Estate Fund (1)	\$ 1,850,657	\$	Quarterly	10 Days
Real Estate Fund (2)	6,522,878		Quarterly	90 Days
Total Investments Measured				
at the NAV	\$ 8,373,535	\$		

- 1. Real estate fund: The fund is an open-end diversified core real estate commingled fund that invests primarily in core institutional office, retail, industrial, and multi-family properties located throughout the United States. The investment is valued at NAV and its redemptions must be received by the fund 10 days prior to quarter end.
- 2. Real estate fund: This fund is an open-end comingled real estate fund that invests in a pool of real estate assets that are diversified by geography and property type, with a focus of yield-driven investments and, to a lesser extent, on value-added investments. The investment is valued at NAV and redemption requests must be received by the fund 90 days prior to quarter end.

Non-Uniformed Pension

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value for the plan:

Common stocks: Valued at the closing price reported on the New York Stock Exchange.

Government securities: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Non-Uniformed Pension (continued)

Hedge fund: Valued based on the net asset value per share, without further adjustment. Net asset value is based upon the fair value of the underlying investment.

Corporate bonds: Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing the value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. When quoted prices are not available for identical or similar bonds, the bond is valued under a discounted cash flows approach that maximizes observable inputs, such as current yield of similar instruments, but includes adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks or a broker quote, if available.

Real estate fund: Valued at the net asset value of shares held by the Plan at year end. The Plan has an investment in a private market real estate investment for which no liquid public market exists.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Non-Uniformed Pension (continued)

	*Fair Value Measurements Using				
	Quoted Prices				
		in Active	Significant		
		Markets for	Other	Significant	
		Identical	Observable	Unobservable	
		Assets	Inputs	Inputs	
	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Investments by Fair Value Level					
Equity securities:					
Common stocks	\$24,455,602	\$24,455,602	\$	\$	
Debt securities:					
U.S. treasury securities	3,352,745	2,865,232	487,513		
U.S. agency securities	3,942,704		3,942,704		
Municipal bonds	1,157,316		1,157,316		
Corporate bonds	4,431,056		4,431,056		
Total debt securities	12,883,821	2,865,232	10,018,589		
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	37,339,423	\$27,320,834	\$10,018,589	<u>\$</u>	
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV)					
Real estate funds	5,534,220				
Hedge fund	2,770,151				
Total Investments Measured at NAV	8,304,371				
Money market funds (exempt)	1,373,683				
Total Investments	\$47,017,477				

^{*} Investment type descriptions mirror audited pension plan financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Non-Uniformed Pension (continued)

			Redemption	Redemption
	Fair	Unfunded	Frequency (if	Notice
	Value	Commitments	Currently Eligible)	Period
Real Estate Fund (1)	\$ 5,534,220	\$	Quarterly	45 Days
Hedge Fund (2)	1,389,449		Daily	1-2 Days
Hedge Fund (3)	1,380,702		Daily	1-2 Days
Total Investments Measured				
at the NAV	\$ 8,304,371	\$		

- 1. Real estate fund: This fund is an open-end core real estate fund with a diversified portfolio of multifamily, office, industrial and retail properties. The fund seeks to provide for the preservation of capital, stable income and modest appreciation over the mid- to long-term. The investment is valued at NAV and redemption requests must be received by the fund 45 days prior to quarter end.
- 2. Hedge fund: This fund aims to pursue varying strategies in order to diversify risks and reduce volatility. The fund invests with hedge funds and other portfolio managers or otherwise utilizes the services of investment advisors or other investment managers employing a variety of trading styles or strategies, including, but not limited to, direct lending, convertible arbitrage, merger or risk arbitrage and other event-driven investing, distressed and long/short credit, long/short equity, multi-strategy and other relative value strategies. The investment is valued at NAV and redemption requests must be received by the fund 1 or 2 days prior to redemption date of June 30 or December 31.
- 3. Hedge fund: This hedge fund is an open-end fund incorporated in the United States. The fund seeks capital appreciation by investing its assets among a variety of non-traditional or alternative investment strategies. The investment is valued at NAV and redemption requests may be received 1 or 2 days in advance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The City reports the General, Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), General Construction, Water & Sewer, Stormwater Utility and Solid Waste funds as major funds. Receivables at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

			General	Nonmajor	
			Construction	Governmental	
	General	CRA	Fund	Funds	Total
Receivables					
Accounts receivable	\$ 3,522,518	\$	\$	\$ 254	\$ 3,522,772
Assessments	842				842
Interest	41,768	3,549	34,801	7,312	87,430
Lease	210,917				210,917
Total Receivables	\$ 3,776,045	\$ 3,549	\$ 34,801	\$ 7,566	\$ 3,821,961
		Water and			
Business-type Activities		Sewer	Solid Waste	Stormwater	Total
Receivables					
Accounts	\$	3,965,852	\$ 2,210,610	\$ 139,165	\$ 6,315,627
Delinquent assessments		161,139			161,139
Interest	_	301,849			301,849
Gross Receivables		4,428,840	2,210,610	139,165	6,778,615
Less: allowance for unce	ollectibles _	(840,551)	(234,017)		(1,074,568)
Total	\$	3,588,289	\$ 1,976,593	\$ 139,165	\$ 5,704,047

Receivables of the Water and Sewer and Solid Waste Enterprise Funds are reported net of uncollectible amounts, and are as follows:

Total Uncollectible for the Current Fiscal Year	\$ 2,606,337
Uncollectible related to solid waste charges	 1,541,789
Uncollectible related to sewer charges	354,328
Uncollectible related to water sales	\$ 710,220

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

Accounts payables at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

			Total
	Vendors	Retainage	Payables
Governmental Activities			
General Fund	\$ 2,058,404	\$ 12,140	\$ 2,070,544
Community Redevelopment Agency	281,238	15,032	296,270
American Rescue Plan	21,540		21,540
General Construction Fund	1,004,091	145,358	1,149,449
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	668,788		668,788
Total Governmental Activities	\$4,034,061	\$ 172,530	\$4,206,591
Business-type Activities			
Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 1,113,925	\$ 42,479	\$ 1,156,404
Solid Waste Fund	879,299		879,299
Stormwater Utility Fund	102,033	42,206	144,239
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 2,095,257	\$ 84,685	\$ 2,179,942

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Beginning		_	Ending
	Balances	Increase	Decrease	Balances
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 18,028,619	\$	\$	\$ 18,028,619
Construction in progress	17,338,278	6,610,719		23,948,997
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	35,366,897	6,610,719		41,977,616
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	40,371,313	414,705		40,786,018
Improvements other than buildings	16,227,104	130,697		16,357,801
Equipment	23,632,921	2,062,449	1,083,292	24,612,078
Infrastructure	84,425,513	2,116,797		86,542,310
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	164,656,851	4,724,648	1,083,292	168,298,207
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings	18,348,728	988,647		19,337,375
Improvements other than buildings	4,828,711	762,095		5,590,806
Equipment	18,246,026	1,306,366	1,083,292	18,469,100
Infrastructure	55,939,969	2,418,662		58,358,631
Total Accumulated Depreciation	97,363,434	5,475,770	1,083,292	101,755,912
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	67,293,417	(751,122)		66,542,295
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$102,660,314	\$ 5,859,597	<u>\$</u>	\$108,519,911

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increase	Decrease	Balances
Business-type Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 50,531	\$	\$	\$ 50,531
Construction in progress	3,205,485			3,205,485
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,256,016			3,256,016
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	2,265,196	951		2,266,147
Utility plants in service	46,054,250			46,054,250
Improvements other than buildings	94,890,573	2,345,972		97,236,545
Equipment	25,738,399	495,111	1,510,525	24,722,985
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	168,948,418	2,842,034	1,510,525	170,279,927
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings	1,773,215	74,822		1,848,037
Utility plants in service	26,647,939	1,340,174		27,988,113
Improvements other than buildings	51,854,004	2,208,992		54,062,996
Equipment	19,224,073	1,456,092	1,510,525	19,169,640
Total Accumulated Depreciation	99,499,231	5,080,080	1,510,525	103,068,786
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	69,449,187	(2,238,046)		67,211,141
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 72,705,203	\$ (2,238,046)	\$	\$ 70,467,157

Depreciation does not begin until one year after acquisition. The Utility plant in service adjustment reflects cost reimbursement.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities

General government	\$	159,670
Public safety		832,722
Human services		80,676
Physical environment		736,611
Transportation		1,975,710
Culture and recreation		1,675,104
Economic environment	_	15,277
Total Depreciation Expense -		
Governmental Activities	\$	5,475,770

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities

Water and sewer	\$ 4,038,390
Solid waste	970,018
Stormwater	71,673
Tatal Danmaiation Evnanca	

Total Depreciation Expense -

Business-type Activities

\$ 5,080,081

ENCUMBRANCES

Purchase orders are issued throughout the fiscal year to encumber budgets in the governmental funds. Significant encumbrances as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Major Funds

General Fund	\$ 793,880
Community Redevelopment Agency	1,284,842
General Construction Fund	22,862,720
Total Major Funds	24,941,442
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	4,777,090
Total Encumbrances	\$29,718,532

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The City has outstanding commitments for construction and acquisition of property, plant and equipment. The following is a summary of the most significant of these commitments at September 30, 2022:

	Amounts
Project	Outstanding
Miller Electric	\$ 2,337,293
Center for Active Aging Redevelopment	10,720,945
Construction Management Service	1,079,088
Johnny L. Tigner Building	10,225,933
Citywide Street Resurfacing	173,745
Other Projects	553,006
Total Commitments	\$25,090,010

UNEARNED/UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Unearned revenue in the General Fund includes \$637,836 for local business taxes (formerly referred to as occupational licenses) relating to fiscal year 2022.

The Miscellaneous Grants and CDBG nonmajor special revenue funds had unavailable revenue of \$741,245 related to the funds received that had not been spent for their specified purpose.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The interfund balances below represent short-term loans to cover temporary negative balances in each fund's equity in pooled cash at year-end. The composition of interfund balances at September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Due To/Due From

	Due to											
	American		General		Nonmajor						,	
	Rescue	Co	nstruction	G	overnmental	W	ater/Sewer	Solid Waste	Sto	ormwater		
	Fund		Fund		Funds		Fund	Fund	Uti	lity Fund		Total
Due From												
General Fund	\$900,000	\$	1,023,140	\$	1,662,443	\$	3,806,013	\$ 1,302,663	\$		\$	8,694,259
Nonmajor												
Government												
Funds			1,303,111									1,303,111
Stormwater												
Utility Fund								1,682,000				1,682,000
Water and Sewer												
Fund		_		_		_			_	131,174	_	131,174
Total	\$ 900,000	\$	2,326,251	\$	1,662,443	\$	3,806,013	\$ 2,984,663	\$	131,174	\$ 1	11,810,544
1 otal	ψ 200,000	Ψ	2,320,231	Ψ	1,002,773	Ψ	3,000,013	Ψ 2,707,003	Ψ	131,17	ψ	. 1,010,577

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Interfund Transfers

					Transfer	s O	ut			
	General	An	nerican Rescue	N	onmajor	Wa	ater & Sewer	So	lid Waste	
	Fund		Plan Fund	Go	vernmental		Fund		Fund	Total
Transfers In										
General Fund	\$	\$	10,000,000	\$	65,516	\$	20,800	\$	361,738	\$10,448,054
General Construction Fund	3,367,353				654,000					4,021,353
Community Redevelopment Agency										
Solid Waste Fund	294,286						50,496			344,782
Total	\$9,442,477	\$	10,000,000	\$	719,516	\$	71,296	\$	361,738	\$20,595,027

Transfers to the General Fund by the nonmajor governmental funds represent amounts paid by the nonmajor governmental funds for matching grant requirements for expenditures which were accounted for in the General Fund. Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds represent payments for the City's match in connection with grants that the City participates in cost sharing for the funded project. Transfers to the General Fund by enterprise funds represents amounts paid by the general fund on behalf of enterprise funds.

CAPITAL LEASES

The City has entered into master lease purchase agreements and other lease arrangements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment for public safety, public works and for parks and recreational facilities.

The City has also financed the acquisition of sanitation vehicles in its Solid Waste enterprise fund. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

The City has entered into a lease purchase agreement as lessee for the acquisition and finance of its Energy Performance Projects. This lease agreement qualifies as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL LEASES (CONTINUED)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Business-							
	Governmental							
	Activities	Activities	Total					
Fiscal Year Ending September 30			_					
2023	\$ 1,077,618	\$ 893,969	\$ 1,971,587					
2024	89,801	684,480	774,281					
2025		722,956	722,956					
2026		788,809	788,809					
2027		856,551	856,551					
2028-2032		4,611,499	4,611,499					
2033-2035		2,451,478	2,451,478					
Total minimum lease payments	1,167,419	11,009,742	12,177,161					
Less: amount representing interest	(6,377)	(1,700,297)	(1,706,674)					
Present Value of Future Minimum								
Lease Payments	\$ 1,161,042	\$ 9,309,445	\$10,470,487					

As of September 30, 2022, the equipment held under capital leases for governmental activities and business-type activities were \$3,188,960 and \$865,730, respectively. Accumulated depreciation for equipment held under capital leases was \$1,140,174 and \$453,946 for governmental and business type activities, respectively, as of September 30, 2022.

LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities Debt

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2000 – The original amount of this issue was divided into two series: Series "A," for which \$9,978,847 in bonds were issued, and Series "B," for which \$2,820,183 in bonds were issued. The proceeds of these bonds were used to finance the construction of a public safety complex, a public works facility, parks improvements, right-of-way improvements and expansion of the senior services facilities. The combined outstanding bonds of the issue, \$2,607,339, have interest rates that range from 4.25% to 6.08%. For Series A, principal is due annually on April 1st and interest is payable semi-annually on April 1st and October 1st with the final maturity date being October 1, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities Debt (continued)

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012B-2 — The original amount of this issue was \$14,770,000. The proceeds of these bonds were used to refund previously issued debt, namely Florida Municipal Loan Council Revenue Bonds, Series 2000B; Series 2003A and Series 2003B. The interest rates on these bonds range from 2% to 5%. The principal is due annually on April 1st and interest is payable semi-annually on April 1st and October 1st with the final maturity date being October 1, 2028. The principal and interest of this issue will be payable from and secured by the City's ad valorem taxes. For the current year, principal and interest of \$973,300 was paid. Ad valorem taxes amounted to \$44,281,635. The outstanding balance for this issue at year end amounted to \$8,940,000.

The General Obligation Bonds are limited liabilities of the City, payable from ad-valorem taxes, secured by the full faith and credit of the city. In the event of default, bondholders may sue to enforce their rights.

Covenant Bonds, Series 2012B-1 – The original amount of this issue was \$20,090,000. The proceeds of this bond issue were to repay previously issued debt as well as to finance the construction of parks and right of way improvements, in addition to citywide street improvements. The interest rates on these bonds range from 2.00% to 4.00%. Principal is due annually on October 1st and interest is payable semi-annually on April 1st and October 1st, with the final maturity date being October 1, 2032. The remaining outstanding bonds of this issue total \$10,470,000 with total interest payable of \$1,410,559 over the remainder of the term of the bonds. For the current year, principal and interest of \$1,558,932 was paid.

Covenant Bonds, Series 2018 – The original amount of this issue was \$36,155,000. The proceeds of this bond issue were to repay previously issued debt, Series 2006 Covenant Bonds, as well as to finance the renovation and construction of City facilities, parks and citywide street improvements. The interest rates on these bonds range from 2.44% to 5.25%. Principal is due annually on December 1st and interest is payable semi-annually on June 1st and December 1st, with the final maturity date being December 1, 2042. The remaining outstanding bonds of this issue total \$35,620,000 with total interest payable of \$24,853,012 over the remainder of the term of the bonds. For the current year, principal and interest of \$2,041,825 was paid.

Covenant bonds are limited obligations of the City, payable solely from non-ad valorem revenues, set aside by the City in its annual budget. In the event of default, the payment of principal or interest, owners of the bonds shall have remedies as specified by the federal bankruptcy code, the bond indenture of and any bond policy insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities Debt

Loans Payable – The City has entered into two loan agreements with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection. The primary purpose of these loans is to construct water and wastewater facilities. As of September 30, 2009, the City borrowed \$8,662,208, with interest rates ranging from 2.27% to 3.57%. As of September 30, 2021, the outstanding principal amount of these loans totaled \$2,865,506. Principal and interest payments on the two Florida Water Pollution Control Construction loans are due on April 15 and October 15 of each year. At September 30, 2022, the unpaid principal balances of Water Pollution Control Loan No. WW69302L and Loan No. WW693030 were \$376,248, and \$2,021,977, respectively. Revenues of the Water and Sewer System have been pledged as security for repayment of these loans. Total principal and interest paid during the current year totaled \$528,306.

These loans are payable from Gross Revenues derived yearly from the operation of the Water and Sewer Systems after operation and maintenance expense. Upon any event of default the lender may take action by mandamus or other proceeding at law to enforce the rights of the lender.

Wells Fargo Loan - On April 9, 2015, the City issued Wells Fargo Revenue Loan in the amount of \$8,580,000. The loan matures on November 15, 2021. The loan bears interest on the outstanding principal balance at 1.63%. Payments are due annually starting November 15, 2015. The proceeds of this loan were used to refund State Revenue Loan No. DW060610, which was paid in full, and the liability for this loan was removed from the Business-type activities column in the statement of net position. As of September 30, 2022, the principal balance outstanding was \$0. The principal and interest paid during the current year totaled \$1,310,595.

Bank of America Revenue and Refunding Note, Series 2018 – On June 13, 2018, the City entered into a loan agreement with Bank of America in the amount of \$11,397,243. The proceeds of this bond issue were used to refund the Florida Municipal Loan Council Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$85,603. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 10 years by \$1,068,336 and resulted in an economic gain of \$914,540. The interest rate on the new debt is 3.07%. Principal is due annually on October 1st and interest is payable

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities Debt (continued)

semiannually on April 1st and October 1st, with the final maturity date being October 1, 2028. As of September 30, 2022, the principal balance outstanding was \$7,757,478. The principal and interest paid during the current year totaled \$1,229,105.

Remedies on Default allows the lenders of these loans to take whatever action at law or in equity which may appear necessary or desirable to collect amounts then due and thereafter to become due.

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 11,785,277	\$	\$ 1,085,902	\$ 10,699,375	\$ 1,076,232
Covenant bonds	47,530,000		1,440,000	46,090,000	1,500,000
Plus: Deferred amounts for					
premiums/discounts	6,132,414		94,646	6,037,768	
Total bonds payable	65,447,691		2,620,548	62,827,143	2,576,232
Capital leases	2,222,334		1,061,292	1,161,042	1,071,311
Compensated absences	1,387,193	1,359,232	1,541,419	1,205,006	1,205,006
Claims and judgments	9,421,320	2,483,824	3,447,456	8,457,688	951,177
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liability	\$ 78,478,538	\$ 3,843,056	\$ 8,670,715	\$ 73,650,879	\$ 5,803,726
Business-type Activities					
Bonds payable	\$ 8,733,449	\$	\$ 975,970	7,757,479	1,006,976
Loans payable	4,165,504		1,767,281	2,398,223	477,718
Capital leases	9,902,313		592,868	9,309,445	595,898
Compensated absences	1,212,230	932,792	1,075,720	1,069,302	950,850
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 24,013,496	\$ 932,792	\$ 4,411,839	\$ 20,534,449	\$ 3,031,442

The governmental activities claims and judgments as well as compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The General Fund has been the governmental fund typically used to liquidate the net pension liabilities and total OPEB liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Summary of Annual Debt Service Requirements

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for debt outstanding as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities Debt											
	Gene	ral Obligation I	Bonds		Covenant Bonds							
	Principal	Interest	Interest Total		Interest	Total						
Fiscal Year Ending												
September 30,												
2023	\$ 1,076,232	\$ 1,417,556	\$ 2,493,788	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 2,103,769	\$ 3,603,769						
2024	1,067,961	1,424,252	2,492,213	1,560,000	2,051,394	3,611,394						
2025	1,088,285	1,406,415	2,494,700	1,615,000	2,000,044	3,615,044						
2026	1,510,182	989,318	2,499,500	1,670,000	1,945,169	3,615,169						
2027	1,106,715	1,390,034	2,496,749	1,725,000	1,888,394	3,613,394						
2028-2032	4,850,000	146,551	4,996,551	9,755,000	8,311,984	18,066,984						
2033-2037				12,360,000	5,704,056	18,064,056						
2038-2042				15,905,000	2,158,763	18,063,763						
Total	\$10,699,375	\$ 6,774,125	\$17,473,500	\$46,090,000	\$26,163,572	\$72,253,572						

	Business-Type Activities Debt													
	Revolving Loans							Revenue Bonds						
Principal Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total						
Fiscal Year Ending														
September 30,														
2023	\$	477,718	\$	50,588	\$	528,306	\$	1,006,976	\$	222,697	\$	1,229,673		
2024		488,390		39,916		528,306		1,038,985		191,292		1,230,277		
2025		499,298		29,008		528,306		1,071,243		158,900		1,230,143		
2026		510,455		17,851		528,306		1,106,124		125,477		1,231,601		
2027		422,362		7,012		429,374		1,141,347		90,978		1,232,325		
2028-2030					_	<u></u>	_	2,392,804		74,033	_	2,466,837		
Total	\$	2,398,223	\$	144,375	\$	2,542,598	\$	7,757,479	\$	863,377	\$	8,620,856		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Pollution Remediation

The City accepted approximately 44.65 acres of donated land in October 2011 from a private donor. The City plans to redevelop the land (Tam O'Shanter project) and eventually use it for community facilities and recreation, as well as open space. The land has been found to contain contamination from toxic substances. According to studies conducted to determine the extent of the pollution and the expected costs of remediation can range between \$150,000 and \$4,000,000 depending on the prospective use of the land. The donor has contributed \$250,000 towards the future costs of clean-up. No remediation efforts had begun as of September 30, 2022. The remediation outlays are considered necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use, and will be capitalized as part of the newly developed asset as expenditures are incurred, and therefore no expenditure and liability have been accrued at this time.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

RESTRICTED ASSETS

The amounts shown below are those assets restricted by sources external to the City. Ordinances and bond covenants pertaining to long-term debt and other agreements require segregation and restriction of certain assets represented by the following amounts as of September 30, 2022:

Governmental Activities

Total Governmental Activities Restricted Assets	\$ 43,427,017
General Obligation Debt Service	4,806,862
Forfeiture	902,767
General Construction Fund	30,093,903
Cemetery Trust Fund	1,233,895
American Rescue Plan proceeds	\$ 6,389,590

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

RESTRICTED ASSETS (continued)

	V	Water and		lid Waste		
	Se	ewer Fund		Fund		Total
Business-type Activities						
Customer deposits	\$	597,853	\$	4,998	\$	602,851
Bond construction accounts		709,553				709,553
Revolving loan covenant accounts		1,342,440			_	1,342,440
Total Business-type Activities						
Restricted Assets	\$	2,649,846	\$	4,998	\$	2,654,844

RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health; and natural disasters. Liability claims in the State of Florida are limited to some extent by Chapter 768.28 of the Florida Statutes, under the Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity. The General Fund provides coverage of up to \$175,000 per participant for employee health claims. The General Fund also provides coverage for workers compensation claims. The City retains the risk of loss up to \$200,000 for general liability claims. For property damage, the City has a deductible of \$500,000 for flood damage and \$5,000 for all other perils. For all other risks of loss, the City has purchased an excess coverage insurance policy covering individual claims in excess of these specified amounts. Settled claims did not exceed the commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Various funds of the City participate in the risk management program and make payments to the General Fund based on estimates of the amounts needed to cover costs of current year's claims. Claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable and a loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). Claim liabilities are based upon the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims including specific, incremental claim adjustment expenses, salvage, and subrogation and considering the effects of inflation and recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

At September 30, 2022, the amount of these liabilities was \$9,457,688. Changes in the reported liability since October 1, 2021 resulted from the following:

	Current Year's									
	Claims Claims and									
		Payable	Changes in	Claims		Liability				
		October 1	Estimates	Payments	Se	eptember 30				
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,						_				
2022	\$	9,421,320	\$ 2,483,824	\$ (3,447,456)	\$	9,457,688				

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally, the federal and state agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds.

The City is currently the defendant in a number of litigation issues and claims that arose in the normal course of operations. City management has indicated that they intend to vigorously defend such matters, the ultimate outcome of which, in the opinion of management, will not have a significant adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Plan Description

The City of Deerfield Beach, as a single-employer, maintains three defined benefit pension plans covering full-time firefighters employed by the City prior to October 1, 2011, police officers employed by the City prior to January 13, 1990, and non-uniformed employees hired before April 17, 1990. The Deerfield Beach Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (continued)

Fund (the Fire Pension Plan), the City of Deerfield Beach Police Officers' Retirement Plan (the Police Pension Plan) and the City of Deerfield Beach Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund (the Non-uniformed Pension Plan) are individual plans administered for each of three employee categories: fire, police and non-uniformed personnel. Each plan is governed by its own board of trustees, which is responsible for establishing employee benefit provisions within the framework of Chapters 175 and 185 of the Florida Statutes and local ordinances. Retirement, disability and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments are provided by all three plans to members and beneficiaries. New members are no longer admitted to any of the three defined benefit plans.

The financial statements for the City's pension plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from plan members are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and when a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each individual plan. All plan investments are reported at fair value with the exception of money market funds which are reported at amortized cost. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the plan's fiscal year end. Securities without an established market price are reported at estimated fair value.

The Fire Pension Plan, as well as the Police Officers' Retirement Plan, issue publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports for the Police Officers' Retirement Plan may be obtained by writing or calling the following: Pension Resource Center, 4360 Northlake Blvd., Suite 206, Palm Beach Gardens, FL 33410; (561) 624-3277. The reports for the Fire Pension Plan may also be obtained by contacting the following: Freiman Little Actuaries, LLC; 4105 Savannahs Trail; Merritt Island, FL 32953; (321) 453-6542.

The Non-uniformed Employees' Retirement Plan also issues publicly available financial reports. These reports may be obtained via written request to the following: Benefits USA, Inc., 3810 Inverrary Blvd, Suite 302, Lauderhill, Florida 33319; or by calling (800) 425-2454.

On January 13, 1990 the police officers of the City of Deerfield Beach merged with the Broward County Sheriff's Office. State law provides that these officers, who are now employees of the Broward County Sheriff's Office, could make an irrevocable election to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (continued)

remain in the City's pension plan. On October 1, 2012, the firefighters of the City of Deerfield Beach also merged with the Broward Sheriff's Office. Like the police officers, they were also allowed to make an irrevocable election to remain in the City's pension plan or join the Florida Retirement System.

Funding Policy

The Board of trustees of each plan establishes and may amend the contribution requirements of plan members and of the City.

The Fire Pension Fund, as well as the Police Pension Fund, is partially funded by contributions from the State of Florida. The state's contribution to the pension funds consists of excise taxes collected on fire and casualty insurance premiums on policies written within the City limits. For fiscal year 2022, the state contributed \$565,496 and \$794,778 to the Fire Pension and Police Pension Funds, respectively. On-behalf payments of fringe benefits and salaries for the City's employees were recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period.

Information regarding fiscal year 2022 participant data for the three pension plans is as follows:

			Non-	
	Fire	Police	Uniformed	Total
Plan membership as of actuarial				
valuation date	10/1/2021	10/1/2020	10/1/2020	
Inactive plan members and beneficiaries				
currently receiving benefits	141	73	120	334
Inactive plan members entitled but				
not yet receiving benefits				
Active plan members	_57		1	_58
Total Members	<u>198</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>121</u>	<u>392</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy (continued)

Covered employees in the fire and non-uniformed defined benefit plans are required to contribute 9% of their gross salary. Beginning on January 13, 1990, participants in the police pension plan were no longer required to contribute to the plan. The member's contribution rate is fixed by the authorizing ordinance and the City's contribution rate is actuarially determined. The actuarial assumptions and three to five-year smoothed market methods were selected to fund the plans with the intent of producing future required employer contributions which remain fairly level as a percentage of covered payroll. The contribution rate for normal cost is determined using the entry age or the aggregate cost method, depending on the plan, over a 15 to 30 year period.

Net Pension Liability

The component of net pension liability as of September 30, 2021 (measurement date) were as follows:

	Fire	Police	Non-Uniformed	Total
Total pension liability Less plan fiduciary net position	\$ 175,098,914 (156,391,448)	\$63,249,682 (49,275,282)	\$ 54,313,153 (56,819,589)	\$ 292,661,749 (262,486,319)
City's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 18,707,466	\$13,974,400	\$ (2,506,436)	\$ 30,175,430
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	89.32%	77.91%	104.61%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability

	Fire	Police	Non-Uniformed
Total pension liability - beginning	\$ 166,196,697	\$ 64,784,629	\$ 55,787,619
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	2,792,531		23,650
Interest	12,195,280	4,082,775	3,613,220
Difference between expected and			
actual experience	1,592,301	(1,623,147)	(1,927,274)
Change in benefit terms		581,998	
Change of assumptions	4,549,759		2,167,297
Share plan allocation		532,827	
Benefit payments	(12,227,654)	(5,109,400)	(5,351,359)
Net change in total pension liability	8,902,217	(1,534,947)	(1,474,466)
Total pension liability - ending (a)	175,098,914	63,249,682	54,313,153
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	129,626,638	40,637,559	51,677,847
Contributions - employer	6,299,087	2,335,897	1,372,990
Contributions - State of Florida	557,148	738,278	
Contributions - employee	757,673		7,277
Net investment income	31,592,893	10,739,019	9,216,496
Benefit payments	(12,227,654)	(5,109,400)	(5,351,359)
Administrative expenses	(214,337)	(66,071)	(103,662)
Net change in plan fiduciary position -			
ending (b)	26,764,810	8,637,723	5,141,742
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	156,391,448	49,275,282	56,819,589
Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a-b)	\$ 18,707,466	\$ 13,974,400	\$ (2,506,436)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability (asset)	89.32%	77.91%	104.61%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

SIGNIFICANT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020.

	Fire Pension	Police Pension	Non-Uniformed
Inflation	2.27%	N/A	2.00%
Salary increases	5.2% to 11%	N/A	6.00% per year
Investment rate of return	7.50%	6.50%	6.80%
Mortality	RP-2000 fully generational with scale BB	RP-2000 Table with no RP-2000 Disabled Table for disabled lives projection Disables Lives: RP-2000 disabled males and females	RP-2000 Mortality tables, fully generational with scale BB
Retirement Age	N/A	N/A	Age 64 with 10 years of service or age 55 with 25 years of service

PENSION DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, 6.50%, and 6.80% for the Fire, Police, and Non-Uniformed Pension plans respectively. This is a single rate that reflects the long- term expected rate of return on Pension plan investments expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits, including inflation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed member contributions are made at 9% of pay and City contributions will be made in an amount equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contributions and member contributions. Fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, for purposes of this determination.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

PENSION DISCOUNT RATE

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate follows for each plan:

	Fire Pension Plan			
		Current		
	1%	Discount	1%	
Net Pension Liability	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
D	(250/	7.250/	0.250/	
Percent	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%	
Net pension liability	\$36,890,396	\$18,707,466	\$ 3,553,081	
	P	olice Pension Pla	an	
		Current		
	1%	Discount	1%	
Net Pension Liability	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
Percent	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%	
Net pension liability	\$21,078,590	\$13,974,400	\$ 8,042,971	
	Non-Uniformed Pension Plan			
	Current			
	1%	Discount	1%	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
Percent	5.80%	6.80%	7.80%	
Net pension liability (Asset)	\$ 2,100,018	\$ (2,506,436)	\$ (6,484,506)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

DEFINED BENEFITS PENSION PLANS

Investments - Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by using a building-block method. Best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return on investments is the best-estimate ranges weighted by the asset allocation plus expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as provided by the investment monitor for the Fire, Police and non-uniformed pension plans, respectively, are shown below.

	Long-Term Expected		
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return		
Fire			
Domestic equity	8.35%		
International equity	4.07%		
Bonds	3.14%		
Convertibles	7.82%		
Private real estate	5.55%		
Infrastructure	7.01%		
Cash	0.20%		
	Long-Term Expected		
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return		
Police			
Domestic equity	7.50%		
International equity	8.50%		
Domestic bonds	2.50%		
International bonds	3.50%		
Real estate	4.50%		
	Long-Term Expected		
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return		
Non-Uniformed			
Large cap value equity	6.85%		
Large cap growth equity	7.15%		
Small cap core equity	7.40%		
International equity	6.05%		
Hedge fund	3.90%		
Core private real estate	5.65%		
Core fixed income	1.75%		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

DEFINED BENEFITS PENSION PLANS

Asset Allocation

The tables below indicate the fund investment policy targets, and actual asset allocations as of September 30, 2022:

Asset Class	Investment Policy
Fire	
Fixed income	12-60%
International equity	10-25%
Large-cap core	3-13%
Large-cap value	3-13%
Large-cap growth	3-13%
Mid cap core	5-9%
Small cap value	3-7%
Convertibles	6-11%
Infrastructure	2-7%
Real estate	0-17%
Cash and cash equivalents	0-2%
Asset Class	Actual Allocation
Fire	
Fixed income	13.7%
International equity	25.3%
Large-cap core	7.5%
Large-cap value	0.0%
T	
Large-cap growth	15.5%
Mid cap core	15.5% 6.8%
Mid cap core	6.8%
Mid cap core Small cap value	6.8% 5.0%
Mid cap core Small cap value Convertibles	6.8% 5.0% 9.0%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

DEFINED BENEFITS PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Asset Allocation (continued)

Asset Class	Investment Policy		
Police			
Domestic equity	40-55%		
International equity	10-20%		
Fixed income	15-35%		
Real estate fund	5-17%		
Cash and cash equivalents	0-5%		
Asset Class	Actual Allocation		
Police			
Domestic equity	44.00%		
International equity	16.00%		
Fixed income	25.00%		
Real estate fund	14.00%		
Cash and cash equivalents	1.00%		
Asset Class	Investment Policy		
Non-Uniformed			
Domestic equity	30-65%		
International equity	5-15%		
Fixed income	20-40%		
Hedge funds	0-10%		
Real estate fund	0-10%		
Cash and cash equivalents	Minimal		
Asset Class	Actual Allocation		
Non-Uniformed			
Domestic equity	46.90%		
International equity	10.30%		
Fixed income	26.40%		
Hedge funds	5.30%		
Real estate fund	8.80%		
Cash and cash equivalents	2.30%		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

DEFINED BENEFITS PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension expense and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020. The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows (Inflows)		
			Non-
Description	Police	Fire	Uniformed
Contributions subsequent to the measurement			
date	\$3,104,052	\$ 7,441,445	\$ 1,161,341
Difference between expected and actual			
experience		597,113	
Change in assumptions		1,706,160	
Difference between expected and actual			
earnings on investments	1,286,917	(16,706,917)	(3,675,375)
Total Deferred Outflows (Inflows)	\$4,390,969	\$ (6,962,199)	\$ (2,514,034)

The deferred outflows of resources resulting from City contributions to the pension plans subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. The amount reported as a deferred inflow/outflow of resources related to the pension will be recognized in pension expense over the four remaining years as follows:

			Non-
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Police	Fire	Uniformed
2023	\$ (41,729)	\$ (1,390,930)	\$ (734,630)
2024	417,162	(3,740,975)	(701,976)
2025	683,522	(4,866,783)	(991,157)
2026	227,962	(4,404,956)	(1,247,612)
Total	\$1,286,917	\$ (14,403,644)	\$(3,675,375)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The City has a defined contribution plan that was established on April 17, 1990 via Ordinance No. 1990-025. This plan covers all full-time employees who are not members of the City's defined benefit pension plans, previously described. This plan was established under the provisions of Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The City has authorized the City Commission to establish and amend all plan provisions. The assets of the plan are self-directed, and investment results are reported to participants/employees on a quarterly basis. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment returns thereon. The City does not have fiduciary accountability for the plan and, accordingly, the plan is not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

The City contributed 8% of salaries to the plan on a bi-weekly basis, for a contribution for the year ending September 30, 2022 of \$1,838,036. The plan requires a 4% match of all participants. Plan participants become fully vested in the plan after five years of service. Total member contributions for the fiscal year totaled \$919,018.

DEFINED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers certain employees the opportunity to participate in a deferred compensation plan that was created on December 1, 1987, via resolution C1987/114. This plan was established in accordance with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. At the employee's election, such amounts may be invested in mutual funds with varying degrees of risk and return. Loans may be taken against an employee's account for specified purposes. All amounts of compensation deferred under a "Section-457" plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all investment earnings, are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the plan's participants and their beneficiaries. Since the City has no control over these assets, they are not reflected in the City's financial statements.

The International City Management Association Retirement Corporation acts as agent for the employees in administering both the defined contribution as well as the deferred compensation plans described above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Pursuant to Florida Statute 163.387, listed below is a summary of the sources and amounts of deposits to, and the purpose and amounts of withdrawals from, the Community Redevelopment Agency Funds (CRA) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022:

	Deposits	Withdrawals
Source of Deposits		
Tax incremental revenues	\$ 4,559,383	\$
Investment income	3,337	
Charges for services	11,000	
Purpose of Withdrawals		
Debt service - principal & interest		1,091,353
Other contractual		107,473
Administrative and overhead		605,146
Economic development		1,746,569
Total	\$ 4,573,720	\$ 3,550,541

NOTE 5 - COST SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

Effective November 6, 2001, the City of Deerfield Beach commenced participation in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS). There are two defined benefit plans as part of the Florida Retirement System. The FRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The FRS and HIS were created by the Florida Legislature and are administered by the State of Florida.

Only Elected members of the City Commission are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – COST SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website:

(http://www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications).

PLAN DESCRIPTION

FRS Pension Plan

The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. Only Elected Officials participate in this plan.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service (except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service). All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service (except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service). Members of the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service.

The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – COST SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PLAN DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

HIS Plan

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the State administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Florida Department of Management Services.

BENEFITS PROVIDED

FRS Pension Plan

Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Elected Officers' Class: 3.00%

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-October 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – COST SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PLAN DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

HIS Plan

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

CONTRIBUTIONS

FRS Pension Plan

The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Employees are required to contribute 3% of gross salary. Employer contribution is based on class. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the contribution rate for Elected Officers' Class was 49.7%.

The City's contributions for FRS totaled \$88,059 and employee contributions totaled \$5,314 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

HIS Plan

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the HIS contribution was 1.66 percent. The City contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current year and preceding three years. The HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – COST SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

At September 30, 2022, the City reported liabilities of \$749,728 for its proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability and \$53,713 for the HIS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's fiscal year 2022 contributions relative to the fiscal year 2022 contributions of all participating members.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$628. In addition, the City reported, in the government-wide financial statements, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to both plans from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources				rces	
Description		FRS		HIS		Total
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$	35,608	\$	1,630	\$	37,238
Change of assumptions		92,332		3,079		95,411
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on plan investments		49,504		78		49,582
Changes in proportion and differences between						
City contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		9,410		2,287		11,697
City contributions subsequent to						
measurement date		25,007		816		25,823
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	211,861	\$	7,890	\$	219,751

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – COST SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

	Deferred Inflows of Resources				ces	
Description		FRS		HIS		Total
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$		\$	236	\$	236
Change of assumptions				8,309		8,309
Changes in proportion and differences between						
City contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		64,258		1,604		65,862
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	64,258	\$	10,149	\$	74,407

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$65,862, resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Employer Share of Deferred			
	Outflows/Deferred Inflows			
	FRS	HIS	Total	
Fiscal Year Ending September 30				
2023	\$ 29,948 \$	(460) \$	29,488	
2024	1,190	(404)	786	
2025	(31,212)	(261)	(31,473)	
2026	116,143	(577)	115,566	
2027	6,527	(959)	5,568	
Thereafter		(414)	(414)	
Total	\$ 122,596 \$	(3,075) \$	119,521	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – COST SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial assumptions for both cost-sharing defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS plan has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Generational RP-2000 with projection scale BB table			
Mortality Table Experience Study	7/1/13 - 6/30/18			
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal			
	FRS	HIS		
Investment rate of return	6.70%	3.54%		
Projected salary increases	3.25%	3.25%		
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%		

LONG-TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN

FRS Pension Plan

The long-term expected rate of return on the plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.1%
Fixed income	19.8%	4.4%	4.4%	3.2%
Global equity	54.0%	8.8%	7.3%	17.8%
Real estate (property)	10.3%	7.4%	6.3%	15.7%
Private equity	11.1%	12.0%	8.9%	26.3%
Strategic investments	3.8%	6.2%	5.9%	7.8%
Total	100.0%			
Assumed Inflation-Mean			2.4%	1.3%

Note: As outlined in the Plan's investment policy

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – COST SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

DISCOUNT RATE OF RETURN

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.70% for the FRS plan. The fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

The HIS program uses a pay as you go funding structure, so therefore, the depletion date is considered to be immediate and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate. The municipal bond rate of 3.54% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

SENSITIVITY OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET POSITION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following table presents the sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate at June 30, 2022.

	 City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability				
	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease		Discount Rate		Increase
Pension Plan	5.70%		6.70%		7.70%
FRS	\$ 1,296,603	\$	749,728	\$	292,475
	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease		Discount Rate		Increase
Pension Plan	2.54%		3.54%		4.54%
HIS	\$ 61,452	\$	53,713	\$	47,309

PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the fiduciary net position of both benefit plans are available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – COST SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

SUMMARY OF PENSION EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO ALL PENSIONS OF THE CITY

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized a reduction in pension expense of \$14,356,203 as the result of GASB Statement No. 68. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources and Net Pension Liability related to pensions are as follows:

	Non					
	Uniformed	Police	Fire	F	RS/HIS	
	Pension	Pension	Pension	I	Pension	Total
Deferred outflows	\$ 1,161,341	\$ 4,390,969	\$9,744,718	\$	219,751	\$15,516,779
Deferred inflows	3,675,375		16,706,917		74,407	20,456,699
Net pension liability		13,974,400	18,707,466		803,441	33,485,307
Net pension asset	2,506,436					2,506,436
Pension expense (income)	(511,439)	(11,578,962)	(2,266,430)		628	(14,356,203)

NOTE 6 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The City of Deerfield Beach's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) is a single employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under one of the City's retirement plans to continue health and life insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan. For purposes of applying Paragraph 4 under Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the Plan does not meet the requirements for an OPEB plan administered through a trust.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PLAN DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

Benefit Description and Funding Policy

The City provides a single employer defined benefit post-employment health insurance benefit to its general employees, firefighters and police officers who are members of the Deerfield Beach Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund. The City offers three fully-insured PPO plans to retirees. The City pays the premiums for the retiree only until the age of 65. The retiree pays the premium for an optional Medicare Supplementary coverage offered to post-65 retirees. Spouses of retired participants are eligible to participate in the retiree health care plan. Coverage continues to surviving spouses of deceased retirees for firefighters only. Coverage is terminated for spouses of all other retirees upon the death of the retiree.

Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, general employees, firefighters and police officers who retire from the City may continue their participation in a City-sponsored health and/or dental insurance plan at the same premiums applicable to active employees. Since retiree claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan, on average, than those for active employees on an actuarial basis, there is an implicit subsidy included in the premiums for the retirees.

Investments. The OPEB plan does not have a formal investment policy. The City uses the Pay-As-You-Go-Approach of funding to provide benefits to participants of the plan.

Benefits. Benefit provisions and City contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Commission. The City currently provides direct subsidies for certain retirees by paying a portion of the retiree's premium for individual coverage.

Employees Covered by benefit terms. As of September 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members, or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	196
Inactive plan members entitle to but not yet receiving benefits	
Active plan members	<u>318</u>
Total	<u>514</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The City's Total OPEB Liability (TOL) was measured as of September 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020. As of September 30, 2022, the reported TOL of \$26,587,723, represents 120.69% of the covered payroll. The components of TOL are as follows:

Balance at September 30, 2021	\$27,020,635		
Changes for the Year			
Services cost	1,431,099		
Interest	599,577		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(1,590,684)		
Benefit Payments	(872,904)		
Net Changes	(432,912)		
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$26,587,723		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$22,029,556		
City's Total OPEB liability as a % of Covered Payroll	120.69%		

DISCOUNT RATE AND SENSITIVITY DISCLOSURES

Discount Rate

The City's OPEB plan does not have a GASB compliant trust; therefore, the discount rate equals the tax exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date.

A discount rate of 2.43% was used to measure the September 30, 2020 Total OPEB Liability. A discount rate of 2.43% was used for the beginning of the measurement period. These rates are based on the Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index - daily rate closest or equal to but not later than the respective measurement dates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

DISCOUNT RATE AND SENSITIVITY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The chart below represents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the 2.43%, discount rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.43%) or 1-percentage point higher (3.43%) than the current rate.

	Measurement Date: September 30, 2021			
		Current		
	1%	Discount	1%	
Pension Plan	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
Discount rate	1.43%	2.43%	3.43%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 32,766,269	\$ 26,587,723	\$ 22,070,715	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption

The chart below represents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the 4.0% to 7.5%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.0% to 6.5%) or 1-percentage point higher (5.0% to 8.5%) than the current rate.

		Current	
		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
Pension Plan	Decrease	Rate	Increase
Discount rate	3.0% to 6.5%	4.0% to 7.5%	5.0% to 8.5%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 22,860,800	\$ 26,587,723	\$ 31,827,987

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND OTHER INPUTS

The Total OPEB Liability was determined based on several actuarial assumptions using the Actuarial Cost Method. Total OPEB liability was calculated by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, with a measurement date of September 30, 2021, using the following assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Measurement date	September 30, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	September 30, 2020
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	6.00%
Discount rate	2.43%
Projected salary increases	4.0% - 7.5%
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.5% based on the Getzen Model
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Retirees pay various portions of full blended premium for individual coverage

Discount rate – based on the Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index

Mortality rates – All mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables with fully generational improvement using Scale MP-2018. Rates are based on those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2019 Florida Retirement System (FRS) valuation report with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics.

STATEMENT OF OPEB EXPENSES AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

Summary of Outstanding Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred			
	Outflows of	Inflows of			
Description	Resources	Resources			
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	\$ 10,285,871			
Changes of assumptions	640,014	3,046,555			
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	936,607				
Total	\$1,576,621	\$13,332,426			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

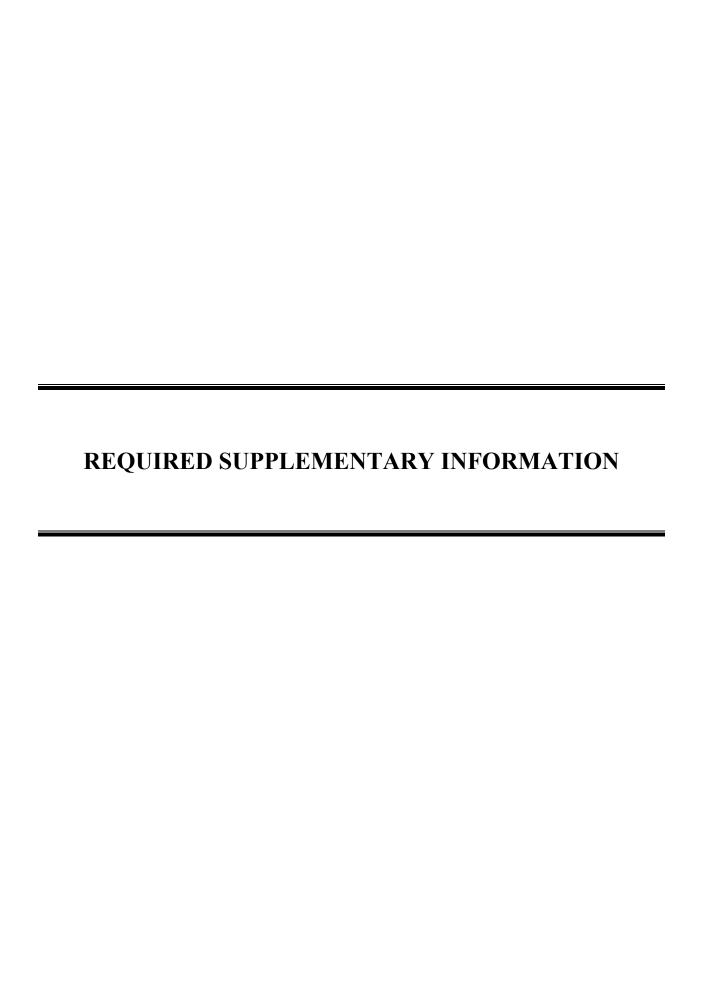
STATEMENT OF OPEB EXPENSES AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB (CONTINUED)

Summary of Outstanding Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

The Summary of Deferred Outflows and (Inflows) of Resources Related to OPEB that will be recognized in OPEB expense are as follows:

On September 30, 2022, the City reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 Amount
Fiscal Year Ending September 30	
2023	\$ (5,425,364)
2024	(5,425,365)
2025	(1,523,547)
2026	 (318,136)
Total	\$ (12,692,412)



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts	(=8)		
	Original	Final	Basis) Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 49,899,619	\$ 49,899,619	\$ 49,734,782	\$ (164,837)	
Sales taxes	6,876,101	6,876,101	7,226,763	350,662	
Fire assessment fees	15,986,043	15,986,043	13,652,540	(2,333,503)	
Franchise fees	7,343,000	7,343,000	9,675,197	2,332,197	
Utility tax	8,364,000	8,364,000	9,690,469	1,326,469	
Licenses and permits	907,200	907,200	840,583	(66,617)	
Intergovernmental	3,249,312	3,249,312	4,319,901	1,070,589	
Charges for services	10,409,034	10,409,034	11,062,304	653,270	
Fines and forfeitures	1,007,500	1,007,500	1,322,626	315,126	
Investment earnings	268,400	268,400	225,291	(43,109)	
Miscellaneous:			-, -	(-))	
Donations/contributions	828,500	828,500	782,292	(46,208)	
Administrative fees	8,079,662	8,079,662	8,079,663	1	
Other	11,162,307	11,162,307	247,930	(10,914,377)	
Total Revenues	124,380,678	124,380,678	116,860,341	(7,520,337)	
Expenditures					
Departmental:					
City commission	458,194	458,194	405,789	52,405	
City manager	636,358	636,358	606,712	29,646	
City clerk	571,108	571,108	539,352	31,756	
City attorney	550,000	550,000	346,911	203,089	
Central services	2,652,844	2,652,844	2,652,844		
Parks and recreation	14,192,154	14,192,154	13,834,731	357,423	
Office of Public Safety	70,580,038	70,580,038	69,870,431	709,607	
Human resources	902,520	902,520	796,216	106,304	
Environmental services	2,587,765	2,587,765	2,347,231	240,534	
Financial services	3,122,535	3,122,535	2,884,587	237,948	
Planning and development services	1,622,290	1,622,290	1,158,780	463,510	
Information technology services	2,607,896	2,607,896	2,393,187	214,709	
Sustainable management	1,298,986	1,298,986	925,841	373,145	
Community services	2,330,698	2,330,698	1,770,700	559,998	
Economic development	525,005	525,005	425,925	99,080	
Public affairs and marketing	650,737	650,737	528,942	121,795	
Community participation	125,000	125,000	125,000		
Other - unclassified	19,261,577	19,261,577	376,600	18,884,977	
Debt service	1,078,797	1,078,797	1,077,617	1,180	
Total Expenditures	125,754,502	125,754,502	103,067,396	22,687,106	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	10,448,054	10,448,054	10,448,054	4,867,089	
Transfers out	(14,309,566)	(14,309,566)	(9,442,477)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,861,512)	(3,861,512)	1,005,577	4,867,089	
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balances	<u>\$ (5,235,336)</u>	\$ (5,235,336)	\$ 14,798,522	\$ (25,340,354)	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS - UNAUDITED) COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	(Budgetary Basis) Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Property taxes Charges for services Investment earnings	\$ 4,534,994 25,000	\$ 4,534,994 25,000	\$ 4,559,383 11,000 3,337	\$ 24,389 (14,000) 3,337		
Total Revenues	4,559,994	4,559,994	4,573,720	13,726		
Expenditures Current: Economic environment Public safety Culture and recreation Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures	1,565,174 75,000 202,000 7,003,906 885,000 207,698 9,938,778	1,565,174 75,000 202,000 7,003,906 885,000 207,698 9,938,778	673,634 38,985 167,697 1,578,872 885,000 206,353 3,550,541	891,540 36,015 34,303 5,425,034 1,345 6,388,237		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(5,378,784)	(5,378,784)	1,023,179	(6,401,963)		
Other Financing Sources Appropriation of prior year's fund balance Total Other Financing Sources	5,378,784 5,378,784	5,378,784 5,378,784		(5,378,784) (5,378,784)		
Change in Fund Balance	\$	\$	1,023,179	\$ (1,023,179)		
Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending		-	5,467,085 \$ 6,490,264	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The City adopts annual operating budgets on a non-GAAP basis for the General Fund and the enterprise funds, as well as the following special revenue funds: Road and Bridge Tax Fund, Community Development Block Grant Fund, and the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund. The remaining special revenue funds are governed by grants with different fiscal periods and are funded at levels which the City has little control over or measurable knowledge of at the time it adopts the other budgets.

For budgetary control purposes, encumbrance accounting is utilized, whereas purchase orders, contracts and other financial commitments for expenditures are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as appropriations of fund balance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unless encumbered by a purchase order, the budget appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

At any time during the fiscal year, the City Manager may authorize a budget adjustment among the various line items within a department, as long as the total budget for the department does not change. Furthermore, if the City Manager certifies that there are revenues available for appropriation in excess of those estimated in the original budget, the City Commission may, by ordinance, make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of such excess.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET TO ACTUAL

The City adopts annual budgets on a non-GAAP basis which includes encumbrances. Actual data, accounted for on a basis consistent with GAAP, is presented in the "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds." Actual data, accounted for on a non-GAAP basis, is presented in the "Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund." Reconciliation of the actual data as presented in the aforementioned statements is shown below:

	GAAP Basis	Non GAAP
	Actual	Basis Actual
Departmental Expenditures	\$ 101,411,861	\$ 101,989,779
Debt Service	1,077,617	1,077,617
Capital Outlay	577,555	
Total Expenditures	\$ 103,067,033	\$ 103,067,396

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FIRE PENSION PLAN LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Measurement Date, September 30,	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$ 2,792,531	\$ 2,724,692	\$ 3,114,673	\$ 2,845,745	\$ 2,786,085	\$ 2,793,233	\$ 2,745,537	\$ 2,859,229
Interest	12,195,280	11,824,774	11,505,441	10,937,984	10,565,444	10,371,874	10,038,296	9,456,530
Changes of benefit terms		54,450				48,546	106,820	172,555
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,592,301	3,374,966	(1,130,384)	1,865,722	1,046,101	(82,819)	(1,414,007)	846,838
Changes in assumption	4,549,759	(1,991,954)	509,219	509,219	104,413	140,613		1,795,582
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(12,227,654)	(10,080,776)	(8,601,583)	(9,204,187)		(, , ,		(7,328,455)
Refunds of member contributions				(17,570)	(6,856)		(47,544)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	8,902,217	5,906,152	5,397,366	6,936,913	4,516,700	6,476,001	4,010,848	7,802,279
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	166,196,697	160,290,545	154,893,179	147,956,266	143,439,566	136,963,565	132,952,717	125,150,438
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	\$175,098,914	\$166,196,697	\$160,290,545	\$154,893,179	\$147,956,266	\$143,439,566	<u>\$136,963,565</u>	\$132,952,717
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions								
Employer and state	\$ 6,299,087	\$ 6,047,459	\$ 5,988,490	\$ 5,307,928	\$ 5,058,562	\$ 5,060,592	\$ 5,064,382	\$ 5,051,768
State of Florida	557,148	632,681	649,209	628,008	603,646	667,147	725,199	791,013
Plan member	757,673	792,533	853,718	901,704	898,299	883,740	868,805	882,792
Net investment income (loss)	31,592,893	11,298,087	3,253,915	8,197,285	10,012,955	7,926,978	(3,188,136)	
Benefit payments	(12,227,654)	(10,080,776)	(8,601,583)	(9,204,187)				
Refund of member contributions				(17,570)			(47,544)	
Administrative expense	(214,337)	(170,150)	(251,339)	(198,994)	(177,535)	(214,739)	(237,672)	(232,032)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	26,764,810	8,519,834	1,892,410	5,614,174	6,410,584	7,528,272	(4,233,220)	8,096,229
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	129,626,638	121,106,804	119,214,394	113,600,220	107,189,636	99,661,364	103,894,584	95,798,355
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b)	\$156,391,448	\$129,626,638	\$121,106,804	\$119,214,394	\$113,600,220	\$107,189,636	\$ 99,661,364	\$103,894,584
City's Net Pension Liability - Ending [(a)-(b)]	\$ 18,707,466	\$ 36,570,059	\$ 39,183,741	\$ 35,678,785	\$ 34,356,046	\$ 36,249,930	\$ 37,302,201	\$ 29,058,133
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset)	<u>89.30</u> %	<u>78.00</u> %	<u>75.60</u> %	<u>77.00</u> %	<u>76.80</u> %	<u>74.70</u> %	<u>72.80</u> %	<u>78.10</u> %
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,417,851	\$ 8,806,379	\$ 9,485,800	\$ 8,806,379	\$ 9,485,800	\$ 10,020,449	\$ 9,659,471	\$ 9,687,400
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>222.20</u> %	<u>415.30</u> %	<u>413.10</u> %	<u>405.10</u> %	<u>362.20</u> %	<u>361.80</u> %	<u>386.20</u> %	<u>300.00</u> %

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS - FIRE PENSION FUND LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

Year Ended September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	¢ 5.942.902	¢ 5042002	¢	¢ 0.697.400	(0.210/
2014	\$ 5,842,802	\$ 5,842,802	\$	\$ 9,687,400	60.31%
2015	5,789,681	5,789,681		9,628,949	60.13%
2016	5,727,617	5,727,617		9,412,235	60.85%
2017	5,662,208	5,662,208		9,659,471	58.62%
2018	5,911,574	5,926,407	(14,833)	10,020,449	59.14%
2019	6,606,969	6,606,969		9,485,800	69.65%
2020	6,720,388	6,720,388		8,806,379	76.31%
2021	6,856,235	6,856,235		8,417,851	81.45%
2022	7,433,097	7,441,445	(8,348)	8,116,062	91.69%

Methods and assumptions used to determine rates:

Actuarial valuation date 10/1/2021

Notes Actuarially determined contribution are calculated as of October 1, one year

prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 15 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.00%

Salary increases 5.2% to 11%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Mortality From July 1, 2019, 2020 and 2021 FRS special risk valuation

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION PLAN LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Measurement Date, September 30,	202	l	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015		2014
Total Pension Liability											
Interest	\$ 4,08	2,775	\$ 4,019,827	\$ 4,043,732	\$ 3,836,745	\$	3,410,810	\$ 3,359,275	\$ 3,459,881	\$	3,367,750
Changes of benefit terms		1,998	1,146,116	3,072,186					2,326,603		
Share plan allocation	53	2,827	537,969	539,589	469,049		451,648	421,602	359,314		338,294
Differences between expected and					-0.71-				/=		
actual experience	(1,62	3,147)	(667,007)	(1,730,593)	58,615		332,132	223,166	(515,319)		
Changes in assumption			1,608,577	726,498	712,839		7,201,737	3,535,687			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(5.10	9,400)	(5,116,472)	(5,069,748)	(4,860,289)		(4,826,660)	(4,838,890)	(4,749,759)		(4,585,732)
of employee contributions	(3,10	9,400)	 (3,110,472)	 (3,009,748)	 (4,000,209)		(4,820,000)	 (4,838,890)	 (4,749,739)	_	(4,383,732)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(1,53	4,947)	1,529,010	1,581,664	216,959		6,569,667	2,700,840	880,720		(879,688)
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	64,78	4,629	63,255,619	61,673,955	61,456,996		54,887,329	52,186,489	51,305,769		52,185,457
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	63,24	9,682	 64,784,629	 63,255,619	 61,673,955	_	61,456,996	 54,887,329	 52,186,489	_	51,305,769
Plan Fiduciary Net Position											
Contributions											
Employer	\$ 2,33	5,897	\$ 2,218,557	\$ 2,160,331	\$ 2,149,466	\$	2,166,053	\$ 1,908,777	\$ 1,944,572	\$	1,779,355
State		8,278	743,420	745,040	674,500		657,100	627,053	564,765		543,745
Net investment income (loss)	10,73	9,019	1,478,014	455,951	3,950,827		4,742,331	3,436,195	952,079		3,324,844
Benefit payments, including refunds											
of employee contributions	()	9,400)	(5,116,472)	(5,069,748)	(4,860,289)		(4,826,660)	(4,838,890)	(4,749,759)		(4,585,732)
Administrative expense	(6	6,071)	 (74,855)	 (85,121)	 (85,887)		(92,815)	 (96,419)	 (97,436)	_	(71,170)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	8,63	7,723	(751,336)	(1,793,547)	1,828,617		2,646,009	1,036,716	(1,385,779)		991,042
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	40,63	7,559	41,388,895	43,182,442	41,353,825		38,707,816	37,671,100	39,056,879		38,065,837
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b)	\$ 49,27	5,282	\$ 40,637,559	\$ 41,388,895	\$ 43,182,442	\$	41,353,825	\$ 38,707,816	\$ 37,671,100	\$	39,056,879
City's Net Pension Liability - Ending [(a)-(b)]	\$ 13,97	4,400	\$ 24,147,070	\$ 21,866,724	\$ 18,491,513	\$	20,103,171	\$ 16,179,513	\$ 14,515,389	\$	12,248,890
Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	<u>77.90</u>	%	<u>62.70</u> %	<u>65.40</u> %	<u>70.00</u> %		<u>67.30</u> %	<u>70.50</u> %	<u>72.20</u> %		<u>76.10</u> %
Covered Payroll	N/A		N/A	N/A*	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A

(*) - Not applicable as this is a frozen plan with no active members

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE PENSION FUND LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

Year Ended September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll*	Actual Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	Ф. 1.004.006	4.1004006		27/4	27/4
2014	\$ 1,984,806	\$ 1,984,806	\$	N/A	N/A
2015	2,150,023	2,150,023		N/A	N/A
2016	2,114,228	2,114,229	(1)	N/A	N/A
2017	2,371,504	2,371,505	(1)	N/A	N/A
2018	2,354,917	2,354,917		N/A	N/A
2019	2,365,782	2,365,782		N/A	N/A
2020	2,424,008	2,424,008		N/A	N/A
2021	2,541,348	2,541,348		N/A	N/A
2022	2,514,725	2,514,725		N/A	N/A

^{(*) -} Not applicable as this is a frozen plan with no active members

Methods and assumptions used to determine rates:

Actuarial valuation date	10/1/2021
Notes	Actuarially determined contribution are calculated as of October 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar, closed
Remaining amortization period	The lesser of 20 years and the average future lifetime of the inactive participants
Asset valuation method	Restricted to 80% - 120% of market value, obtained by smoothing three years' past differences between actual investment earnings and assumed investment return, then adding this number on the current market value.
Inflation	N/A
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	6.50% compounded annually, net of investment related expenses
Retirement age	N/A
Mortality	Healthy Lives: Female: PubS.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees, set
	forward one year. Male: PubS.H-2010 (Above Median) for Healthy Retirees, set
	forward one year.
	Disabled Lives: 80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.H- 2010 for Disabled Retirees.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS NON-UNIFORMED PENSION PLAN LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

M 1 D. 4. C. 4. 1 20		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Measurement Date, September 30,		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost	\$	22.650	¢.	27.504	d.	70.501	¢.	75 770	¢.	70.710	¢.	((122	¢.	77.000	d.	70 741
Interest	Þ	23,650 3,613,220	Þ	27,504 3,753,624	Э	70,591 4,047,412	Þ	75,770 4,144,079	Þ	70,710 4,221,714	Þ	66,123 4,325,572	Э	77,233 4,161,337	Э	78,741 4,289,889
Differences between expected and		3,013,220		3,733,024		4,047,412		4,144,079		4,221,714		4,323,372		4,101,337		4,209,009
actual experience		(1,927,274)		(385,909)		(2,011,107)		26,603		348,056		612,743		528,068		
Changes in assumption		2,167,297		(505,707)		882,797		20,003		2,822		3,377,835		1,187,719		
Benefit payments, including refunds		_,,								-,		-,,		-,,		
of employee contributions		(5,351,359)		(5,560,896)		(5,571,956)		(5,672,502)		(5,842,352)	_	(5,917,598)		(5,826,053)		(5,786,184)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(1,474,466)		(2,165,677)		(2,582,263)		(1,426,050)		(1,199,050)		2,464,675		128,304		(1,417,554)
Total Pension Liability, Beginning		55,787,619		57,953,296		60,535,559		61,961,609		63,160,659	_	60,695,984		60,567,680		61,985,234
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	\$	54,313,153	\$	55,787,619	\$	57,953,296	\$	60,535,559	\$	61,961,609	\$	63,160,659	\$	60,695,984	\$	60,567,680
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																
Contributions																
Employer and state	\$	1,372,990	\$	1,412,726	\$	1,546,408	\$	1,645,642	\$	1,595,214	\$	1,543,620	\$	1,713,421	\$	1,721,000
Member		7,277		7,415		20,200		27,199		28,361		27,643		26,457		33,417
Net investment income (loss)		9,216,496		2,224,559		2,195,349		3,924,126		5,041,747		4,169,121		(330,924)		5,519,418
Benefit payments, including refunds																
of employee contributions		(5,351,359)		(5,560,896)		(5,571,956)		(5,672,502)		(5,842,352)		(5,917,598)		(5,826,053)		(5,786,184)
Administrative expense		(103,662)	_	(95,014)		(103,212)	_	(96,927)	_	(96,331)	_	(102,723)		(101,412)		(93,157)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		5,141,742		(2,011,210)		(1,913,211)		(172,462)		726,639		(279,937)		(4,518,511)		1,394,494
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning		51,677,847		53,689,057		55,602,268		55,774,730		55,048,091		55,328,028		59,846,539		58,452,045
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b)	\$	56,819,589	\$	51,677,847	\$	53,689,057	\$	55,602,268	\$	55,774,730	\$	55,048,091	\$	55,328,028	\$	59,846,539
City's Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending [(a)-(b)]	\$	(2,506,436)	\$	4,109,772	\$	4,264,239	\$	4,933,291	\$	6,186,879	\$	8,112,568	\$	5,367,956	\$	721,141
Net Position as a Percentage of the Total																
Pension Liability (Asset)		104.60%		<u>92.60</u> %		<u>92.60</u> %		<u>91.90</u> %		<u>90.00</u> %		<u>87.20</u> %		<u>91.20</u> %		<u>98.80</u> %
Covered Payroll	\$	80,855	\$	82,388	\$	321,771	\$	302,211	\$	315,122	\$	307,142	\$	412,795	\$	371,300
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage																
of Covered Payroll		- <u>3099.90</u> %		4988.30%		1325.20%		1632.40%		1963.30%		<u>2641.30</u> %		1300.40%		194.20%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS - NON-UNIFORMED PENSION FUND LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	Actuarially		Contribution		Actual Actual Contribution
	Determined	Actual	Deficiency	Covered	as a % of
Year Ended September 30,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll*	Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 1,721,000	\$ 1,721,000	\$	\$ 371,300	463.51%
2015	1,713,421	1,713,421		412,795	415.08%
2016	1,543,620	1,543,620		307,142	502.58%
2017	1,595,214	1,595,214		315,122	506.22%
2018	1,645,642	1,645,642		302,211	544.53%
2019	1,546,408	1,546,408		321,771	480.59%
2020	1,412,726	1,412,726		82,388	1714.72%
2021	1,372,990	1,372,990		80,855	1698.09%
2022	1,161,341	1,161,341		94,443	1229.67%

Methods and assumptions used to determine rates:

Actuarial valuation date	10/1/2021
Notes	Actuarially determined contribution are calculated as of October 1, one year
	prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal cost, with amortization periods for new bases lowered by one
	year each year going forward
Amortization method	Level dollar, closed
Remaining amortization period	9 years
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.00%
Salary increases	6% per year from valuation date to the assumed retirement age
Investment rate of return	6.00%
Retirement age	Age 64 with 10 years of service or age 55 with 25 years of service
Mortality	Healthy pre-retirement mortality rates: PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted
	General Below Median Employee tables, generationally projected from year
	2010 using Scale MP-2018, set back 1 year for males.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) PENSION PLAN LAST SEVEN YEARS

	Measurement Date June 30,											
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016					
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00201%	0.00202%	0.00227%	0.00237%	0.00228%	0.00223%	0.00211%					
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 749,728	\$ 152,858	\$ 984,503	<u>\$ 815,338</u>	\$ 688,321	\$ 660,640	\$ 533,351					
City's covered payroll	\$ 169,551	\$ 167,455	\$ 171,904	\$ 172,607	\$ 167,347	\$ 163,001	\$ 145,925					
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of City's covered payroll	442.18%	91.28%	<u>572.71</u> %	472.37%	411.31%	405.30%	<u>365.50</u> %					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.00%	<u>0.00</u> %	<u>78.85</u> %	<u>82.61</u> %	<u>82.48</u> %	83.89%	<u>840.00</u> %					

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) PENSION PLAN LAST SEVEN YEARS

	Measurement Date September 30,													
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$	88,059	\$	77,089	\$	75,472	\$	73,410	\$	73,052	\$	70,230	\$	61,648
FRS contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		88,059		77,089		75,472		73,410		73,052		70,230		61,648
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u></u>	\$	<u></u>	\$	<u></u>	\$	<u></u>	\$	<u></u>	\$	<u></u>	\$	<u></u>
City's covered payroll	\$	168,589	\$	167,028	\$	171,689	\$	173,754	\$	167,347	\$	162,463	\$	145,929
FRS contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	4	<u>52.23</u> %	4	<u>46.15</u> %	4	<u>43.96</u> %	4	<u>12.25</u> %		43.65%	4	43.23%	4	<u>12.25</u> %

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PENSION PLAN LAST SIX YEARS

	Measurement Date June 30,											
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016					
City's proportion of the net pension liability	<u>0.000507</u> %	0.000492%	0.000495%	0.000516%	0.000512%	0.002233%	0.002112%					
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 53,713	\$ 60,391	\$ 60,478	\$ 57,747	\$ 54,214	\$ 54,680	\$ 54,911					
City's covered payroll	\$ 169,551	\$ 167,455	\$ 171,904	\$ 172,607	\$ 167,347	\$ 163,001	\$ 145,925					
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of City's covered payroll	31.68%	<u>36.06</u> %	<u>35.18</u> %	33.46%	<u>32.40</u> %	<u>33.55</u> %	<u>37.63</u> %					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>0.00</u> %	0.00%	3.00%	<u>2.63</u> %	<u>1.63</u> %	<u>1.64</u> %	<u>0.97</u> %					

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PENSION PLAN LAST SIX YEARS

	Measurement Date September 30,															
		2022		2022		2021		2020	2019		2018			2017	2016	
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$	5,314	\$	2,894	\$	2,854	\$	2,866	\$	1,491	\$	1,186	\$	1,041		
HIS contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		5,314		2,894		2,854		2,866		1,491		1,186		1,041		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	<u></u>	\$	<u></u>	\$		\$	<u></u>	\$		\$	<u></u>		
City's covered payroll*	\$	168,589	\$	167,028	\$	171,639	\$	173,754	\$	167,347	\$	162,463	\$	145,929		
HIS contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	:	3.15%		1.73%		1.66%		<u>1.65</u> %		<u>0.89</u> %		<u>0.73</u> %		<u>0.71</u> %		

^{*} Amounts are the same for both periods because no change in employees or salary for past two years

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FIVE YEARS

	Measurement Date, September 30										
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017						
Total OPEB Liability											
Service cost	\$ 1,431,099	\$ 1,605,611	\$ 1,487,838	\$ 3,203,104	\$ 3,021,796						
Interest	599,577	1,178,082	1,138,573	2,753,484	2,490,545						
Changes of benefit terms				(26,256,835)							
Differences between expected and actual experience		(3,348,371)		(24,830,544)							
Changes in assumptions	(1,590,684)	(2,956,680)	333,616	1,419,623	(5,077,191)						
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee											
contributions	(872,904)	(1,506,155)	(1,394,588)	(2,526,195)	(2,051,208)						
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(432,912)	(5,027,513)	1,565,439	(46,237,363)	(1,616,058)						
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning	27,020,635	32,048,148	30,482,709	76,720,072	78,336,130						
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$ 26,587,723	\$ 27,020,635	\$ 32,048,148	\$ 30,482,709	\$ 76,720,072						
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 22,029,556	\$ 20,782,600	\$ 22,571,016	\$ 21,293,411	\$ 23,857,562						
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of City Covered Employee Payroll	120.70%	130.00%	142.00%	143.20%	321.60%						

Notes to the Schedule:

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is not administered as a formal qualifying trust. There were no plan assets as of the date of the most recent valuation. Since there are currently no invested plan assets held in trust to finance the OPEB obligation, the discount rate is the long-term expected rate of return on tax-exempt, high quality municipal bonds based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Road and Bridge Tax Fund – to account for the proceeds from motor fuel tax revenues that are restricted to the maintenance and acquisition of roads and bridges.

Community Development Block Grant ("CDBG") Fund – to account for federal proceeds which are restricted as to the objectives of community development and revitalization.

State Housing Initiative Partnership ("SHIP") Grant Fund – to account for State funds received for providing assistance to very low, low and moderate-income households in becoming first time homebuyers or in rehabilitating their existing homes.

Miscellaneous Grants Fund – to account for federal, state and county monies restricted to expenditures for projects and programs which are outlined in the individual grant agreements.

Parking Deviation Fund – to account for impact fees collected from property owners, which fees are earmarked for construction of parking facilities within those areas from which the fees were collected.

General Trust Fund – to account for funds received as donations, which have been restricted as to expenditures for specified purposes.

Target Area Trust Fund – to account for monies collected from code violation fines and which have been designated for the rehabilitation of the Target Area within the City.

Beautification and Landscape Trust Fund – to account for tree removal fees, fines and private contributions designated for the preservation of trees within the City.

Crime Prevention Trust Fund – to account for penalties assessed on the violation of local ordinances, which funds are used to increase public awareness and acquire crime prevention tools such as informational brochures, audio visual aids and training of police officers and civilians involved in crime awareness and prevention.

Impact Fees Fund - to account for impact fees collected on new residential and commercial construction within the City.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund - a revolving fund established to account for a portion of the proceeds from the sale of property seized from illegal drug-related activities. Funds may be expended to defray certain qualified law enforcement costs.

Nuisance Abatement Assessment Fund - to account for fees collected for abating the nuisance condition of certain properties.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

General Obligation Debt Service Fund – to accumulate monies for payment of Series 2000A, and 2012 Florida Municipal Loan Council Revenue bonds, and Series 2018 Construction Revenue Bonds.

CAPITAL GRANTS PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Grants Capital Projects Fund - used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital improvements that are financed by grants from federal, state and local agencies.

PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

Perpetual Care Permanent Fund – to account for money received for the purpose of providing perpetual care for the City's cemeteries.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Special Revenue Funds	General Obligation ebt Service Fund		Capital Grants Projects Fund		Perpetual Care Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets							.=	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,668,072	\$ 616,254	\$		\$	479,692	\$ 9,764,018
Investments		133,067					114,068	247,135
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted investments		902,767	4 906 963				1 222 905	902,767
Receivables, net of allowances:			4,806,862				1,233,895	6,040,757
Accounts							254	254
Interest		197	4,700				2,415	7,312
Due from other funds		1,303,111					2,413	1,303,111
Due from other governments		998,273						998,273
Due from other governments		,, <u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	 					 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total Assets	\$	12,005,487	\$ 5,427,816	\$		\$	1,830,324	\$ 19,263,627
		, , ,	, ,	_				
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	668,788	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 668,788
Accrued payroll		9,711						9,711
Due to other funds		370,169	1,288,798		3,476			1,662,443
Due to other Government		3,241						3,241
Unearned revenue	_	44,345	 					 44,345
Total Liabilities		1,096,254	 1,288,798		3,476			 2,388,528
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue		741,245	 					 741,245
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable							1,830,324	1,830,324
Restricted		10,260,073	4,139,018					14,399,091
Assigned								
Unassigned		(92,085)	 		(3,476)	_		 (95,561)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		10,167,988	4,139,018		(3,476)		1,830,324	16,133,854
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	12,005,487	\$ 5,427,816	\$	<u></u>	\$	1,830,324	\$ 19,263,627

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Revenues Local option gas tax Local business taxes/permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Impact fees Investment earnings (loss)	\$	Special Revenue Funds 1,978,920 4,566,127 1,821,055 166,807 445,910 171,851 77	General Obligation Debt Service Fund \$ 15,148	Capital Grants Projects Fund \$	Perpetual Care Permanent Fund \$ (1,595)	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds \$ 1,978,920 4,566,127 1,821,055 166,807 445,910 171,851 13,630
Miscellaneous: Cemetery plot sales Donations/contributions Administrative fees Other	_	32,497 437,720 40,618	 	 	147,316 	147,316 32,497 437,720 40,618
Total Revenues		9,661,582	15,148		145,721	9,822,451
Expenditures Current: Economic environment Public safety Human services Physical environment Transportation Culture and recreation Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and other fiscal charges		722,874 4,062,175 26,492 170,850 2,037,354 74,807 981,991	1,640,902 3,383,974	 	 	722,874 4,062,175 26,492 170,850 2,037,354 74,807 981,991 1,640,902 3,383,974
Total Expenditures		8,076,543	5,024,876			13,101,419
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,585,039	(5,009,728)		145,721	(3,278,968)
Other Financing Uses Transfers in Transfers out		750,000 (719,516)	5,030,838			5,780,838 (719,516)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		30,484	5,030,838			5,061,322
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,615,523	21,110		145,721	1,782,354
Fund Balances - Beginning		8,552,465	4,117,908	(3,476)	1,684,603	14,351,500
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	10,167,988	\$ 4,139,018	\$ (3,476)	\$ 1,830,324	\$ 16,133,854

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Building Permits Fund		Road and Bridge Tax Fund	CI	DGB Fund		SHIP Grant Fund	M	iscellaneous Grants Fund		Parking Deviation Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,366,263	\$	942,256	\$	15,540	\$	398,606	\$	621,132	\$	82,768
Investments Restricted cash and cash equivalents				133,067								
Receivables, net of allowances Accounts												
Interest				197								
Due from other funds				1,303,111								
Due from other governments				176,848		325,518				495,907		
Total Assets	\$	1,366,263	\$	2,555,479	\$	341,058	\$	398,606	\$	1,117,039	\$	82,768
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	298,392	\$	281,344	\$	6,766	\$		\$	3,401	\$	
Accrued payroll Due to other funds		2,052		7,659		107.526				117.400		
Due to other Government		3,241				197,536				117,480		
Unearned revenue					_					44,345		
Total Liabilities		303,685		289,003		204,302		<u></u>		165,226	-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Unavailable revenue						177,963				563,282		
Fund Balances												
Restricted		1,062,578		2,266,476		8,644		398,606		430,765		82,768
Assigned Unassigned						(49,851)				(42,234)		
Ollassiglicu			-			(42,031)	-		_	(12,231)	-	
Total Fund Balances		1,062,578	_	2,266,476		(41,207)	_	398,606		388,531	_	82,768
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,366,263	\$	2,555,479	\$	341,058	\$	398,606	\$	1,117,039	\$	82,768
resources and rund Dalances	Ψ	1,300,203	Ψ	2,333,777	Ψ	3-11,030	Ψ	370,000	Ψ	1,117,037	Ψ	02,700

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

						В	eautification						Nuisances		Total		
	General		Impact		Target		and		Crime		Law		Abatement		Nonmajor		
	Trust		Fees		Area Trust]	Landscape		Prevention	E	nforcement	1	Assessment		Assessment		pecial Revenue
	Fund		Fund		Fund	7	Trust Fund		Trust Fund		Trust Fund		Fund		Funds		
\$	1,400,501	\$	1,543,409	\$	1,552,743	\$	575,147	\$	78,178	\$		\$	91,529	\$	8,668,072		
											902,767				133,067 902,767		
															197		
_	 			_											1,303,111 998,273		
\$	1,400,501	\$	1,543,409	\$	1,552,743	\$	575,147	\$	78,178	\$	902,767	\$	91,529	\$	12,005,487		
\$	6,043	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	72,842	\$	-	\$	668,788		
															9,711		
											55,153				370,169		
															3,241		
				_								_		_	44,345		
_	6,043	_	<u></u>	_	<u></u>						127,995				1,096,254		
				_				_		_	<u></u>	_		_	741,245		
	1,394,458		1,543,409		1,552,743		575,147		78,178		774,772		91,529		10,260,073		
_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	(92,085)		
_	1,394,458		1,543,409	_	1,552,743		575,147		78,178		774,772		91,529		10,167,988		
\$	1,400,501	\$	1,543,409	\$	1,552,743	\$	575,147	\$	78,178	\$	902,767	\$	91,529	\$	12,005,487		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Revenues Local option gas tax	Building Permits Fund	Road and Bridge Tax Fund \$ 1,978,920	CDGB Fund	SHIP Grant Fund	Miscellaneous Grants Fund	Parking Deviation Fund
Local business taxes/permits	4,566,127	\$ 1,970,920	5	5	J	J
	· · · · · ·	774 207	250 420	 545 062	142.276	
Intergovernmental		774,287	358,429	545,963	142,376	
Charges for services						
Fines and forfeitures						
Impact fees						
Investment earnings		77				
Miscellaneous:						
Donations/contributions						
Administrative fees		437,720				
Other					40,618	
Total Revenues	4,566,127	3,191,004	358,429	545,963	182,994	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Economic environment			271,895	208,818	242,161	
Public safety	4,023,108		271,075	200,010	2 12,101	
Human services	1,025,100		26,492			
Physical environment			20,172			
Transportation		2,037,354				
Culture and recreation						
Capital outlay		880,069				
Total Expenditures	4,023,108	2,917,423	298,387	208,818	242,161	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	543,019	273,581	60,042	337,145	(59,167)	<u></u>
-		,,,,				
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers in			(65.516)			
Transfers out			(65,516)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(65,516)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	543,019	273,581	(5,474)	337,145	(59,167)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	519,559	1,992,895	(35,733)	61,461	447,698	82,768
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,062,578	\$ 2,266,476	\$ (41,207)	\$ 398,606	\$ 388,531	\$ 82,768

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	General Trust Fund	Impact Fees Fund	Target Area Trust Fund	Beautification and Landscape Trust Fund	Crime Prevention Trust Fund	Law Enforcement Trust Fund	Nuisances Abatement Assessment Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,978,920
Ψ								4,566,127
								1,821,055
	68,881			97,926				166,807
	´ 		287,062			117,445	41,403	445,910
		171,851				·		171,851
								77
	21,127			4,870	6,500			32,497
	·							437,720
								40,618
	90,008	171,851	287,062	102,796	6,500	117,445	41,403	9,661,582
								722,874
	24,452				4,719		9,896	4,062,175
								26,492
				170,850				170,850
								2,037,354
	74,807							74,807
						101,922		981,991
	99,259			170,850	4,719	101,922	9,896	8,076,543
	(9,251)	171,851	287,062	(68,054)	1,781	15,523	31,507	1,585,039
	(154,000)	(500,000)		<u></u>		750,000		750,000 (719,516)
	(154,000)	(500,000)				750,000		30,484
	(163,251)	(328,149)	287,062	(68,054)	1,781	765,523	31,507	1,615,523
	1,557,709	1,871,558	1,265,681	643,201	76,397	9,249	60,022	8,552,465
\$	1,394,458	\$ 1,543,409	\$ 1,552,743	\$ 575,147	\$ 78,178	\$ 774,772	\$ 91,529	\$ 10,167,988

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE TAX FUND

		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				(Budgetary Basis) Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues		8						<u> </u>	
Local option gas tax	\$	1,234,205	\$	1,234,205	\$	1,978,920	\$	744,715	
Transit surtax		3,033,107		3,033,107				(3,033,107)	
Intergovernmental		480,019		480,019		774,287		294,268	
Investment earnings		5,000		5,000		77		(4,923)	
Administrative fees	_	430,139		430,139		437,720		7,581	
Total Revenues		5,182,470		5,182,470		3,191,004		(1,991,466)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Transportation		4,797,854		4,797,854		2,037,354		2,760,500	
Capital outlay	_	465,041	_	465,041	_	880,069	_	(415,028)	
Total Expenditures		5,262,895		5,262,895		2,917,423	_	2,345,472	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		(80,425)		(80,425)		273,581		(4,336,938)	
Appropriation of Prior Year Fund Balance	_	80,425		80,425	_			(80,425)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$		\$	<u></u>	\$	273,581	\$	(4,417,363)	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	<u>Budget</u> Original	ed Amounts Final	(Budgetary Basis) Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 690,70	<u>\$ 690,707</u>	\$ 358,429	\$ (332,278)
Total Revenues	690,70	690,707	358,429	(332,278)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Economic environment	643,36	643,360	271,895	371,465
Human services	72,93	72,930	26,492	46,438
Capital outlay	163,99	163,993		163,993
Total Expenditures	880,28	880,283	298,387	581,896
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(189,57)	6) (189,576)	60,042	(249,618)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(65,21	(65,211)	(65,516)	(305)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (254,78)	7) \$ (254,787)	\$ (5,474)	\$ (249,923)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Fir	efighters'	Police	Non-		Total
		Pension	Pension	Uniform		Pension
		Fund	Fund	Pension	,	Trust Funds
Assets						
Investments:						
Money market funds	\$	5,034,900	\$ 502,194	\$ 1,373,683	\$	6,910,777
Fixed income		20,580,334	2,385,991			22,966,325
U.S. government and agency securities		4,751,200	4,986,282	8,452,765		18,190,247
Equity securities		63,295,967	23,389,300	24,455,602		111,140,869
Corporate bonds		7,519,314	935,765	4,431,056		12,886,135
Real estate funds		29,826,531	8,373,535	5,534,220		43,734,286
Self directed DROP accounts		2,438,824				2,438,824
Hedge fund		638,571	 	 2,770,151		3,408,722
Total investments	1	34,085,641	 40,573,067	 47,017,477		221,676,185
Receivables:						
Interest and dividends		96,555	32,167	118,076		246,798
Due from participants		22,479	7,553			30,032
Contributions receivable (state)		11,275				11,275
Pending trades	-	165,094	 452,372	 122,182		739,648
Total receivables		295,403	 492,092	 240,258		1,027,753
Total Assets	1	34,381,044	 41,065,159	 47,257,735		222,703,938
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		28,640	27,542	63,511		119,693
Accounts payable - purchase		- /	. ,-	,-		. ,
of investments		168,417	 	 126,831		295,248
Total Liabilities		107.057	27.542	100 242		414.041
i otai Liadinties	-	197,057	 27,542	 190,342		414,941
Deferred Inflow			 	 50,804		50,804
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits						
Total Net Position Restricted for						
Pension Benefits	\$ 1	34,183,987	\$ 41,037,617	\$ 47,016,589	\$	222,238,193

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Firefighters' Pension Fund		Police Pension Fund		Non- Uniform Pension	Total Pension Trust Funds
Additions						
Contributions:				_		.
Employer	\$ 6,875,949	\$	2,309,274	\$	1,161,341	\$ 10,346,564
Plan members	730,591				8,500	739,091
Chapter	565,496		794,778			1,360,274
Total contributions	8,172,036		3,104,052		1,169,841	12,445,929
Investment earnings:						
Interest and dividend revenue	3,787,580		2,793,184		1,207,788	7,788,552
Net depreciation in the						
fair value of investments	(23,334,193)		(8,474,695)		(6,584,368)	(38,393,256)
Total investment losses	(19,546,613)	١	(5,681,511)		(5,376,580)	(30,604,704)
Less: investment expense	(413,339)		(320,693)		(342,519)	(1,076,551)
Less. Investment expense	(.12,222)		(828,858)		(8 .2,8 15)	(1,070,001)
Net investment losses	(19,959,952)		(6,002,204)		(5,719,099)	(31,681,255)
Miscellaneous			<u></u>		128	128
Total Additions	(11,787,916)		(2,898,152)		(4,549,130)	(19,235,198)
Deductions						
Benefit payments	8,964,870		4,662,624		5,154,204	18,781,698
DROP distributions	1,174,871					1,174,871
Share account distributions	62,579		589,327			651,906
Administrative expenses	217,225		95,117		99,666	412,008
T (ID I d	10 410 545		5 247 060		5 252 970	21 020 402
Total Deductions	10,419,545		5,347,068		5,253,870	21,020,483
Change in Net Position	(22,207,461))	(8,245,220)		(9,803,000)	(40,255,681)
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits -						
Beginning of Year	156,391,448		49,282,837		56,819,589	262,493,874
End of Year	\$ 134,183,987	\$	41,037,617	\$	47,016,589	\$ 222,238,193



STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

This is part of the City of Deerfield Beach's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information reflect about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue, property tax. Information about water and sewer rates is also included.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt as well as the City's ability to issue additional debt.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial statements relate to the services that the City provides as well as the activities that the City performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
	\$ 71,037,127	\$ 65,038,801	\$ 63,275,945	\$ 65,413,462	\$ 66,878,760	\$ 68,098,733	\$ 64,215,625	\$ 61,201,885	\$ 57,468,114	\$ 58,120,088
	50,832,847	18,174,938	21,765,881	21,139,007	80,502,274	10,712,284	9,614,790	7,853,503	9,663,870	10,058,524
	(42,205,123)	_(45,275,652)	(56,699,883)	(60,647,204)	(143,581,097)	(33,718,932)	(28,967,707)	(31,131,872)	(615,504)	(4,979,499)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 79,664,851	\$ 37,938,087	\$ 28,341,943	\$ 25,905,265	\$ 3,799,937	\$ 45,092,085	\$ 44,862,708	\$ 37,923,516	\$ 66,516,480	\$ 63,199,113
Business-type Activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 51,222,386 3,461,863 18,825,552 \$ 73,509,801	\$ 49,443,126 1,193,510 18,919,626 \$ 69,556,262	\$ 58,857,747 1,178,354 18,593,835 \$ 78.629,936	\$ 34,510,573 	\$ 52,967,087 1,839,167 8,011,660 \$ 62,817,914	\$ 51,774,904 1,834,565 29,117,078 \$ 82,726,547	\$ 56,362,887 1,834,718 26,713,892 \$ 84,911,497	\$ 52,525,476 1,760,856 31,535,603 \$ 85,821,935	\$ 50,924,663 743,838 33,335,797 \$ 85,004,298	\$ 48,869,742 743,838 32,233,021 \$ 81,846,601
Primary Government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 122,259,513	\$ 114,481,927	\$ 122,133,692	\$ 42,931,897	\$ 119,845,847	\$ 119,873,637	\$ 120,578,512	\$ 113,727,361	\$ 108,392,777	\$ 106,989,830
	54,294,710	19,368,448	22,944,235	173,140	82,341,441	12,546,849	11,449,508	9,614,359	10,407,708	10,802,362
Total Primary Government Net Position	(23,379,571)	(26,356,026)	(38,106,048)	14,026,546	(135,569,437)	(4,601,854)	(2,253,815)	403,731	32,720,293	27,253,522
	\$ 153,174,652	\$ 107,494,349	\$ 106,971,879	\$ 57,131,583	\$ 66,617,851	\$ 127,818,632	\$ 129,774,205	\$ 123,745,451	\$ 151,520,778	\$ 145,045,714

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Expenses		2021	2020	2017	2010	2017	2010	2015	2011	2010
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 10,834,495 \$	\$ 14,174,978	\$ 13,200,897	\$ 10,139,309	\$ 13,858,877	\$ 18,833,091	\$ 15,971,447	\$ 14,043,751	\$ 12,353,311	\$ 11,821,874
Economic environment	1,936,041	4,293,606	3,006,189	1,831,573	3,255,195	2,421,264	2,770,154	1,746,288	2,832,290	1,981,715
Public safety	60,843,134	73,254,510	75,166,877	67,759,892	72,209,952	65,353,492	59,621,417	56,811,183	55,555,149	52,604,329
Human services	2,002,868	2,026,671	2,258,427	352,258	3,415,404	2,847,032	2,836,456	2,382,915	2,159,042	2,136,865
Physical environment	9,250,580	6,700,678	6,966,270	3,903,291	7,561,665	5,780,265	4,952,451	6,311,645	3,974,644	4,978,883
Transportation	4,589,488	4,464,749	5,683,850	5,293,134	4,863,339	4,527,599	4,047,654	4,125,562	3,375,247	2,906,127
Culture and recreation	7,338,876	5,740,552	5,717,348	4,525,216	7,398,066	5,992,978	5,846,869	3,728,135	4,032,285	4,358,166
Interest on long-term debt	3,453,832	3,683,713	3,369,738	3,614,126	2,317,478	1,884,325	1,895,608	1,921,214	2,807,078	3,024,834
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	100,249,314	114,339,457	115,369,596	97,418,799	114,879,976	107,640,046	97,942,056	91,070,693	87,089,046	83,812,793
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewer utility	25,448,186	24,516,242	24,985,197	24,088,048	26,719,702	26,341,135	25,282,502	23,570,064	22,210,582	20,899,520
Solid waste	15,982,567	14,883,574	21,697,597	15,522,046	17,109,044	17,163,860	15,712,131	14,468,169	13,849,313	14,354,330
Stormwater utility	1,246,404	1,100,143	926,581	1,222,265						
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	42,677,157	40,499,959	47,609,375	40,832,359	43,828,746	43,504,995	40,994,633	38,038,233	36,059,895	35,253,850
Total Primary Government Expenses	142,926,471	154,839,416	162,978,971	138,251,158	158,708,722	151,145,041	138,936,689	129,108,926	123,148,941	119,066,643
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	14,278,779	9,476,546	10,448,831	10,484,542	4,289,131	4,439,989	4,757,881	4,291,549	540,328	878,655
Economic environment	1,102,257									
Public safety	19,003,706	25,092,920	22,395,951	23,921,809	26,114,265	25,350,237	21,932,165	23,802,373	20,615,778	16,737,515
Human services	182	77	196,219	84,130	100,229	56,573	50,140	10,020	29,316	12,699
Physical environment	203,784	172,293	350,471	634,542	343,511	183,105	189,872	355,326	286,215	185,794
Transportation	3,779,540	2,691,836	1,978,435	2,441,655	2,572,664	2,689,914	2,566,791	2,537,022	1,829,159	1,677,235
Culture and recreation	1,680,129	1,323,813	1,045,270	1,643,719	1,707,368	2,161,352	3,078,829	2,113,288	1,907,505	1,699,851
Operating grants and contributions:										
General government	13,209,259	6,359,000	5,879,144	5,551,403	5,521,769	4,803,382	6,690,084	4,941,733	6,253,912	7,588,761
Capital grants and contributions:	742,236			50,000	689,982	2,616,764	2,374,178	348,392	285,142	1,630,221
Total Governmental Activities	53,999,872	45,116,485	42,294,321	44,811,800	41,338,919	42,301,316	41,639,940	38,399,703	31,747,355	30,410,731
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water and sewer	25,931,208	23,889,173	23,932,893	27,394,983	25,729,905	25,556,346	24,908,850	25,296,809	24,754,868	24,651,018
Solid waste	18,099,403	17,392,321	17,456,238	17,770,995	16,754,407	15,832,628	15,327,755	14,748,707	14,626,474	15,441,291
Stormwater utility	2,330,888	2,183,627	2,233,083	2,117,203						
BUS-operating grants and contributions	244,265	71,705	126,990							
Capital grants and contributions	<u></u>					398,300		64,452	45,899	111,699
Total Business-type Activities	46,605,764	43,536,826	43,749,204	47,283,181	42,484,312	41,787,274	40,236,605	40,109,968	39,427,241	40,204,008
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	100,605,636	88,653,311	86,043,525	92,094,981	83,823,231	84,088,590	81,876,545	78,509,671	71,174,596	70,614,739
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental activities	(46,249,442)	(69,222,972)	(73,075,275)	(52,606,999)	(73,541,057)	(65,338,730)	(56,302,116)	(52,670,990)	(55,341,691)	(53,402,062)
Business-type activities	3,928,607	3,036,867	(3,860,171)	6,450,822	(1,344,434)	(1,717,721)	(758,028)	2,071,735	3,367,346	4,950,158
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (42,320,835)	\$ (66,186,105)	\$ (76,935,446)	\$ (46,156,177)	\$ (74,885,491)	\$ (67,056,451)	\$ (57,060,144)	\$ (50,599,255)	\$ (51,974,345)	\$ (48,451,904)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Revenues and Other Changes	-									
in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 53,545,828 \$	51,262,337 \$	48,309,392 \$	45,215,722 \$	42,852,391 \$	39,732,879 \$	37,603,317 \$	35,512,381 \$	33,750,761 \$	28,188,611
Utility taxes	9,690,469	8,694,445	8,421,784	8,709,365	8,429,194	8,307,025	8,074,781	7,976,554	7,907,567	7,343,575
Sales taxes	9,205,683	5,670,300	4,803,143	5,321,474	5,384,431	5,062,149	5,413,109	4,875,615	4,648,145	4,394,070
Franchise taxes	9,675,197	8,267,024	7,365,570	7,840,494	7,622,049	7,648,226	7,795,465	6,832,413	8,867,645	8,959,809
Motor fuel taxes		1,282,239	1,203,827	1,427,609	1,418,558	1,416,578	1,491,230	1,353,883	1,318,433	1,285,882
Alcoholic beverage/mobile										
home license taxes	88,183	87,244	86,107	85,214	86,067	96,204	85,980	96,892	55,777	48,407
Impact fees	171,851									
Grants and contributions not										
restricted to specific programs	4,123,235	2,483,335	1,715,329	1,983,976	2,065,013	1,987,520	1,868,658	1,804,085	1,622,476	1,471,496
Unrestricted investment earnings	502,924	165,996	1,325,584	2,403,213	894,912	279,975	207,623	85,147	56,617	64,333
Miscellaneous revenues	884,584	492,195	2,128,836	1,454,295	2,187,154	730,852	380,032	1,797,415	166,676	166,419
Transfers	88,252	411,171	155,211	270,961	306,699	 -	321,113	270,893		
Total Governmental Activities	87,976,206	78,816,286	75,514,783	74,712,323	71,246,468	65,261,408	63,241,308	60,605,278	58,394,097	51,922,602
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	784	47,444	708,666	1,112,080	493,611	237,770	168,703	59,880	55,312	45,401
Miscellaneous revenues	112,400	2,325	77,650					(46,381)		
Transfers	(88,252)	(411,171)	(155,211)	(270,961)	(306,699)	(306,699)	(321,113)	(270,893)	(264,961)	(1,678,071)
Total Business-type Activities	24,932	(361,402)	631,105	841,119	186,912	(68,929)	(152,410)	(257,394)	(209,649)	(1,632,670)
Total Primary Government	88,001,138	78,454,884	76,145,888	75,553,442	71,433,380	65,192,479	63,088,898	60,347,884	58,184,448	50,289,932
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities	41,726,764	9,593,314	2,439,508	22,105,324	(2,294,589)	(77,322)	6,939,192	7,934,288	3,052,406	(1,479,460)
Business-type activities	3,953,539	2,675,465	(3,229,066)	7,291,941	(1,157,522)	(1,786,650)	(910,438)	1,814,341	3,157,697	3,317,488
Total Primary Government	\$ 45,680,303 \$	12,268,779 \$	(789,558) \$	29,397,265 \$	(3,452,111) \$	(1,863,972) \$	6,028,754 \$	9,748,629 \$	6,210,103 \$	1,838,028

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Utility Taxes		•			Franchise Taxes	Local Option Gas Tax	Alcoholic Beverage/ Mobile Home License Taxes			Total	
2013	\$ 28,188,611	\$	7,343,575	\$	4,394,070	\$	8,959,809	\$ 1,285,882	\$	48,407	\$	50,220,354	
2014	33,750,761		7,907,567		5,934,513		8,867,645	1,318,433		55,777		57,834,696	
2015	35,512,381		7,976,554		4,875,615		6,832,413	1,353,883		96,892		56,647,738	
2016	37,603,317		8,074,781		6,393,307		7,639,677	1,491,230		85,980		61,288,292	
2017	39,732,879		8,307,025		5,062,149		7,648,226	1,416,578		96,204		62,263,061	
2018	42,852,391		8,429,194		6,677,330		7,622,049	1,418,558		86,067		67,085,589	
2019	45,215,722		8,709,365		5,321,474		7,840,494	1,427,609		85,214		68,599,878	
2020	48,309,392		8,421,784		4,803,143		7,365,570	1,203,827		86,107		70,189,823	
2021	51,262,337		8,694,445		5,670,300		8,267,024	1,282,239		87,244		75,263,589	
2022	53,545,828		9,690,469		9,205,683		9,675,197	1,978,920		88,183		84,184,280	

Note: The City implemented GASB 54 beginning with the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	Fiscal Year 2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Fund										
Non-spendable	\$ 471,291	\$ 355,872	\$ 402,789	\$ 231,158	\$ 700,972	\$ 441,359	\$ 245,932	\$ 211,331	\$ 663,995	\$ 696,001
Assigned to:	15,217,017	4,704,811	9,543,562	8,848,378	8,291,753	8,057,917	7,855,937	7,028,371	4,502,471	4,193,717
Unassigned	39,214,310	35,043,050	21,664,616	17,617,916	17,968,892	16,400,894	16,512,401	11,631,572	8,781,650	2,823,003
Total General Fund	\$54,902,618	\$40,103,733	\$31,610,967	\$26,697,452	\$26,961,617	\$24,900,170	\$24,614,270	\$18,871,274	\$13,948,116	\$ 7,712,721
All Other Governmental Funds										
Unreserved, reported in:										
Non-spendable	\$ 1,830,324	\$ 1,684,603	\$ 1,492,547	\$ 1,408,008	\$ 1,408,008	\$ 1,657,455	\$ 1,066,318	\$ 1,251,701	\$ 1,240,498	\$ 1,229,499
Restricted	47,905,956	43,269,575	46,701,455	49,356,084	49,356,084	12,317,388	12,263,149	11,323,253	17,303,614	22,844,054
Assigned		5,258,898	2,341,276							
Unassigned	(95,561)	(39,209)	(208,849)	(164,575)	(164,575)	(294,146)	(284,862)	(231,284)	(181,733)	101,767
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$49,640,719	\$50,173,867	\$50,326,429	\$50,599,517	\$50,599,517	\$13,680,697	\$13,044,605	\$12,343,670	\$18,362,379	\$24,175,320

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	2022	2021	2020	2010	2010	2015	2016	2015	2014	2012
Revenues	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Property taxes	\$ 54,294,165	\$ 51,262,337	\$ 48.309.392	\$ 45,215,722	\$ 42,852,391	\$ 39,732,879	\$ 37,603,317	\$ 35,512,396	\$ 28,291,130	\$ 27,771,349
Sales and use taxes	7,226,763	6,965,726	6,179,244	6,725,332	6,677,330	6,374,461	6,790,747	6,221,255	5,565,280	5,432,787
Fire assessment fees	13,652,540	13,534,043	13,687,279	11,288,253	11,026,863	11,041,726	11,068,185	11,007,913	8,491,262	8,371,764
Franchise fees	9,675,197	8,267,025	7,365,570	7,840,494	7,622,049	7,648,226	7,795,465	8,447,210	8,959,809	8,704,150
Utility taxes	9,690,469	8,694,445	8,421,784	8,709,365	8,429,194	8,307,025	8,074,781	7,976,554	7,343,575	6,705,240
Local option gas tax	1,978,920	1,282,238	1,203,827	1,427,609	1,418,558	1,416,578	1,491,230	1,353,883	1,285,882	1,289,074
Alcoholic beverage/mobile home license taxes	88,183	87,244	86,107	85,214		1,110,576				1,207,071
Local business taxes/permits	5,318,527	5,004,356	7,344,457	7,535,466	4,951,256	5,432,035	4,202,781	4,674,337	3,006,077	2,906,324
Intergovernmental	17,271,311	5,771,003	6,632,289	3,494,173	5,838,827	7,000,870	5,058,080	5,058,080	8,753,280	7,380,901
Charges for services	11,229,111	10,227,471	9,005,717	10,050,895	9,998,883	10,275,886	9,674,471	9,785,012	8,236,329	7,476,283
Fines and forfeitures	1,768,536	1,491,805	1.770.589	1,325,231	1,529,006	1,484,146	1.830.841	1,726,615	911,536	1,031,508
Impact fees	171,851	244,801	664,558	457,807	138,626	244,612	176,954	1,720,013	711,550	1,031,300
Investment earnings	491,554	165,996	1,325,584	2,403,213	894,911	279,974	207,695	85,191	64,333	39,677
Miscellaneous	9,779,036	12,032,341	9,497,112	10,600,470	9,244,581	9,424,423	9,085,943	17,030,831	6,870,128	7,651,004
Miscenaneous		12,032,341	7,477,112	10,000,470	7,244,301	7,727,723	7,003,743	17,030,031	0,070,120	7,031,004
Total Revenues	142,636,163	125,030,831	121,493,509	117,159,244	110,622,475	108,662,841	103,060,490	108,879,277	87,778,621	84,760,061
Expenditures										
General government	14,995,878	14,173,917	14,636,010	16,796,303	16,637,413	20,379,141	18,083,088	21,977,441	15,510,007	15,483,228
Economic environment	1,920,764	4,278,742	3,457,681	2,832,044	2,782,544	2,121,390	2,770,158	1,821,340	2,964,052	2,113,478
Public safety	73,855,804	71,241,015	71,277,001	68,763,739	65,048,696	61,789,116	60,100,777	58,670,678	54,809,205	51,659,751
Human services	1,922,192	1,948,179	2,520,942	2,832,728	2,915,117	2,436,525	2,197,031	2,842,242	2,154,433	2,081,504
Physical environment	8,513,969	5,984,005	6,138,135	7,361,321	7,265,038	6,160,397	4,843,967	6,845,708	3,518,440	4,334,094
Transportation	2,613,778	2,542,517	2,497,918	2,398,753	2,902,618	2,795,435	2,812,545	2,737,514	2,292,118	1,850,040
Culture and recreation	5,663,772	4,110,789	4,624,314	5,725,177	5,507,911	4,603,199	3,975,250	3,658,093	2,997,052	3,504,151
Capital outlay	11,778,675	5,418,970	7,700,899	5,434,535	2,885,587	2,885,587	4,717,906	5,872,209	5,770,037	6,176,331
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	3,587,194	3,723,045	2,653,195	2,564,594	2,745,479	2,725,773	2,520,002	2,504,085	2,606,667	2,285,825
Interest and fiscal charges	3,606,652	3,680,619	3,673,954	4,026,808	2,101,051	2,150,785	2,048,017	2,063,110	2,710,837	2,208,582
Fiscal agent fees and other fees									102,057	332,013
Total Expenditures	128,458,678	117,101,798	119,180,049	118,736,002	110,791,454	108,047,348	104,068,741	108,992,420	95,434,905	92,028,997
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	14,177,485	7,929,033	2,313,460	(1,576,758)	(168,979)	615,493	(1,008,251)	(113,143)	(7,656,284)	(7,268,936)
Oth Fin C (II)										
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	20,250,245	7,726,482	8,686,107	6,425,237	6,896,744	7,316,052	6,843,592	6,966,774	7,517,606	10,647,167
Transfers in Transfers out	(20,161,993)				6,590,045	7,009,353	6,552,479	6,695,875	7,252,645	8,969,096
Premiums on bonds issued	(20,101,993)	(7,315,311)	(8,550,897)	6,154,275	5,826,066	7,009,333	0,332,479	0,093,873	7,232,043	1,125,416
Proceeds from refunded bonds					3,820,000					(14,282,254)
Bonds and notes issued					36,155,000					34,860,000
Bonds and notes issued Bonds and notes issued					36,155,000					34,800,000
CARES act funds			1,374,764		30,133,000					
Carital lease proceeds		 	1,838,622							
• •				-	-			-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	88,252	411,171	3,368,596	12,579,512	91,622,855	14,325,405	13,396,071	13,662,649	14,770,251	41,319,425
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 14,265,737	\$ 8,340,204	\$ 5,682,056	<u>\$ 11,002,754</u>	\$ 91,453,876	<u>\$ 14,940,898</u>	\$ 12,387,820	<u>\$ 13,549,506</u>	\$ 7,113,967	\$ 34,050,489
Debt Service as a Percentage of Non-Capital Expenditures	2.87%	3.21%	3.15%	3.46%	1.95%	2.04%	2.02%	1.94%	3.02%	2.82%

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes	Utility Service Taxes	Sales Taxes	Franchise Taxes	Local Option Gas Tax	Alcoholic Beverage/ Mobile Home License Taxes	Total
2013	\$ 28,291,130	\$ 7,343,575	\$ 5,565,280	\$ 8,959,809	\$ 1,285,882	\$ 48,407	\$ 51,494,083
2014	33,750,761	7,907,567	5,934,513	8,867,645	1,318,433	55,777	57,834,696
2015	35,512,396	7,976,554	4,875,615	6,832,413	1,353,883	96,892	56,647,753
2016	37,603,317	8,074,781	6,393,307	7,639,677	1,377,907	85,980	61,174,969
2017	39,732,879	8,307,025	6,374,461	7,648,226	1,416,578	96,204	63,575,373
2018	42,852,391	8,429,194	6,677,330	7,622,049	1,418,558	86,067	67,085,589
2019	45,215,722	8,709,365	6,725,332	7,840,494	1,427,609	85,214	70,003,736
2020	48,309,392	8,421,784	6,179,244	7,365,570	1,203,827	86,107	71,565,924
2021	51,251,890	7,190,501	4,691,707	6,038,244	1,055,335	80,104	70,307,781
2022	54,294,165	9,690,469	7,226,763	9,675,197	1,978,920	88,183	82,953,697

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Real Property ⁽¹⁾	Personal Property	Less Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value ⁽¹⁾	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
September 50,	Тюрсиу	Порену	Troperty	v aruc	1 ax Rate	v aruc	value
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$ 6,068,817,518 6,282,449,796 6,965,511,494 7,575,534,000 8,926,809,490 9,581,418,870 10,703,956,100	\$ 389,788,094 398,719,587 402,157,090 428,708,115 449,468,620 452,285,512 456,247,845	\$ 1,614,924,968 1,673,533,699 2,064,034,621 2,347,582,606 1,425,792,130 1,952,768,762 1,536,709,678	\$ 4,843,680,644 5,007,635,684 5,303,633,963 5,656,659,509 7,950,485,980 8,080,935,620 9,623,494,267	5.7688 6.7688 6.7688 6.6688 6.5007 6.5007	\$ 7,605,089,169 7,864,092,199 8,646,548,680 9,388,030,664 10,961,317,366 11,710,313,829 12,993,128,014	63.690% 63.677% 61.338% 60.254% 72.532% 69.007% 74.066%
2020 2021 2022	1,255,996,692 11,310,071,470 10,447,677,563	68,819,182 496,696,461 496,657,029	1,536,709,678 1,572,158,502 1,605,603,376	(211,893,804) 10,234,609,429 9,338,731,216	6.3560 6.1416 6.2825	12,993,128,014 13,755,438,418 9,467,117,621	-1.631% 74.404% 98.644%

Note: Assessed values are determined as of January 1st for each fiscal year.

Source: Broward County, Florida Property Appraiser

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Real Property is assessed at 88% and Personal Property is assessed at 55%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Overlapping Rates School District North South Florida Florida Total Direct City of Deerfield Beach County Fiscal Year Debt Total Debt Total Debt Total Broward Water Inland and Ending City School Operating Service Operating Service County Operating Service Children's Hospital Management Navigation Overlapping September 30, Millage Millage Millage Millage Millage Millage Millage Millage Millage Services District District District Rates 2013 0.4289 5.1856 0.5832 5.7688 5.2576 0.2954 5.5530 7.4560 7.4560 0.4902 1.8564 0.0345 21.5878 2014 6.2317 0.5371 6.7688 5.44 0.2830 5.7230 7.4800 7.4800 0.4882 1.7554 0.411 0.0345 22.6609 2015 6.2745 0.4943 6.7688 5.4584 0.26465.7230 7.4380 7.4380 0.48821.5939 0.3842 0.0345 22.4306 --2016 6.1949 0.4739 6.6688 5.4741 0.2489 5.7230 7.2030 7.2740 0.4882 1.4425 0.3551 0.0320 21.9836 0.0710 2017 6.0493 0.4514 6.5007 5.4474 0.2216 6.9063 0.4882 1.3462 0.3307 0.0320 21.2731 5.6690 6.8360 0.0703 2018 6.0981 0.40266.5007 5.4623 0.2067 5.6690 6.4740 0.0654 6.5394 0.4882 1.2483 0.31 0.0320 20.7876 2019 6.1267 0.3740 6.5007 5.4792 0.1898 5.6690 6.2750 0.1279 6.4029 0.48821.0855 0.2936 0.0320 20.4719 2020 6.0018 0.3542 6.3560 5.4999 0.1691 5.6690 6.4140 0.9120 7.3260 0.4882 1.1469 0.2675 0.0320 21.2856 2021 6.00180.3107 6.3125 1.2770 0.2675 20.4900 5.5134 0.1556 5.6690 6.3180 0.1441 6.4621 0.4699 0.0320 2022 0.2807 6.2825 1.6029 6.0018 5.5306 0.1384 5.6690 5.9510 0.1873 6.1383 0.4699 0.2301 0.0320 20.4247

Source: Broward County, Florida Property Appraiser

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2022			2013					
	Taxable			Percentage of	Taxable			Percentage of		
	Assessed			Total Taxes	Assessed			Total Taxes		
	Valuation	Taxes	Rank	Levied	Valuation	Taxes	Rank	Levied		
	\$ 90,647,091		1	1.59	\$ 51,888,407		3	1.07%		
Publix Super Markets Inc.	88,876,010		2	1.56	64,621,890		1	1.33%		
SCG Atlas Deercreek 11 LLC %	87,857,770		3	1.54			1	1.55/0		
					42 701 760		-	0.000/		
Deerfield Beach ES Hotel LLC	69,909,930		4	1.23	42,701,760		4	0.88%		
Weingarten Realty Investors	68,967,696		5	1.21			-			
Quiet Waters Business Park LLC %	60,549,640		6	1.06	41,236,190		6	0.85%		
Hillsboro Technology Center LLC	54,200,640		7	0.95			-			
Land TR	45,996,422		8	0.81	32,522,483		9	0.67%		
EQR-Waterways LLC	45,929,210		9	0.81			-			
Crown Diversified Ind Corp	41,427,745		10	0.73			-			
City National Bank of FL TRSTE			-	-	58,471,609		2	1.21%		
CP Deerfield LLC			-	-	42,551,670		5	0.88%		
City National Bank of Florida			-	-	40,260,191		7	0.83%		
Florida Land Holdings LLC TR			-	-	29,831,040		10	0.62%		
News & Sun Sentinel			-	-	37,297,365		8	0.77%		
Totals	\$ 654,362,154	<u>\$</u>		11.50	<u>\$ 441,382,605</u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>9.11</u> %		

Source: Broward County Records, Taxes and Treasury Division Broward County, Florida Property Appraiser

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Collected w						
Fiscal Year	Tax			Fiscal Year of	f the Levy	Delinquent			Total Collect	ions to Date
Ending	Roll				Percentage		Tax			Percentage
September 30,	Year	Tax Levies		Amount	of Levies	C	ollections*		Amount	of Levy
2012	2012	Φ 20 005 125	Ф	06 105 410	02.500/	Φ.	262.505		Φ 2 (5 10 2 0 5	0.4.5007
2013	2012	\$ 28,007,125	\$	26,185,412	93.50%	\$	362,795		\$26,548,207	94.79%
2014	2013	31,263,431		29,869,364	95.54%		(113,030)	*	29,756,334	95.18%
2015	2014	33,333,975		32,924,554	98.77%		(121,127)	*	32,803,427	98.41%
2016	2015	35,102,340		34,887,089	99.39%		47,214		34,934,303	99.52%
2017	2016	39,631,940		37,991,955	95.86%		62,509		38,054,464	96.02%
2018	2017	42,810,803		40,940,537	95.63%		860,484		41,801,021	97.64%
2019	2018	46,146,136		44,107,935	95.58%		912,471		45,020,406	97.56%
2020	2019	45,040,154		44,481,393	98.76%		1,324,546		45,805,939	101.70%
2021	2020	46,740,320		46,096,554	98.62%		1,239,938		47,336,492	101.28%
2022	2021	48,666,619		48,556,865	99.77%		1,177,917		49,734,782	102.19%

Delinquent tax collections are recognized when received. Amounts not collected as of the applicable fiscal year end have been fully reserved and are not reported in the basic financial statements.

Source: Broward County, Florida Revenue Collector

^{*} Negative amount represents refund of prior year's taxes as a result of decision by Broward County Value Adjustment Board.

WATER SOLD BY TYPE OF CUSTOMER

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS OF GALLONS)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Residential - Single Family Residential - Multi-Family Commercial Irrigation Hydrants	\$ 71,037,127 \$ 50,832,847 (42,205,123) 607,838 1,932	838,760 \$ 894,770 539,279 517,839 10,264	827,172 \$ 710,714 518,004 538,558 1,113	794,050 \$ 663,433 540,127 596,566 8,862	\$ 796,740 \$ 753,441 596,111 578,262 5,102	853,859 \$ 763,095 546,010 579,577 7,988	790,967 \$ 1,006,073 592,708 520,962 793	784,548 \$ 1,084,878 554,552 548,671 9,795	745,569 \$ 1,063,107 532,985 556,219 345	772,444 1,123,024 557,271 551,942 98
Total	<u>\$ 80,274,621</u> <u>\$</u>	2,800,912 \$	2,595,561 \$	<u>\$ 2,603,038</u> \$	\$ 2,729,656 \$	2,750,529 \$	2,911,503 \$	2,982,444 \$	2,898,225 \$	3,004,779
Total Direct Rate Per 1,000 Gallons	\$ 5.64 \$	5.35 \$	5.84 \$	6.41 \$	5.47 \$	2.65 \$	2.65 \$	2.65 \$	2.65 \$	2.65

Source: City of Deerfield Beach, Department of Financial Services

WATER AND SEWER RATES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Wate	er	 Sewer					
Ending September 30,	Monthly Base Rate		Ionthly se Rate					
2013	\$ 15.00	\$ 2.65	\$ 10.98	\$ 2.71				
2014	15.00	2.65	10.98	2.71				
2015	15.00	2.65	10.98	2.71				
2016	15.00	2.65	10.98	2.71				
2017	15.00	2.65	10.98	2.71				
2018	15.00	2.65	10.98	2.71				
2019	15.00	2.65	10.98	2.71				
2020	15.00	2.65	10.98	2.71				
2021	15.00	2.65	10.98	2.71				
2022	15.79	2.79	12.00	2.96				

Note: Rates are based on 3/4" meter, which is the standard household meter size.

Source: City of Deerfield Beach, Customer Service

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Gov	vernmental Activi	ties	Busin	ness-type Activi	ties					
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Covenant Bonds	Capital Leases	Water and Sewer Bonds	Capital Leases	Loans and Notes	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita	Population	Personal Income
1 Cai	Donas	Bollus	Leases	Sewer Bonds	Leases	Notes	Government	meome	Сарна	1 optilation	meome
2013	\$ 21,128,368	\$ 25,265,000	\$ 231,996	\$ 14,827,383	1,760,609	\$ 16,388,471	\$ 79,601,827	4.33%	1041	76,473	\$ 1,836,793,000
2014	19,797,105	24,140,000	80,981	14,938,143	1,087,825	14,196,426	74,240,480	4.06%	960	77,361	1,829,286,000
2015	18,533,690	22,980,000		14,042,421	639,800	14,196,426	70,392,337	3.96%	918	76,662	1,779,325,000
2016	17,295,290	21,785,000	1,665,572	12,839,802	3,042,143	12,498,150	69,125,957	3.77%	890	77,659	1,834,539,000
2017	16,977,148	20,921,705	1,296,968	12,112,720	831,697	10,884,734	63,024,972	3.34%	793	78,042	1,852,951,000
2018	15,073,185	51,265,000	951,425	11,397,243	610,114	9,246,973	88,543,940	3.78%	1127	78,573	2,343,754,000
2019	14,262,255	56,186,812	601,070	10,595,004	9,696,445	7579659	98,921,245	4.79%	1244	79,497	2,066,445,000
2020	12,877,338	48,925,000	3,458,318	9,678,126	10,309,198	5,882,575	91,130,555	4.18%	1124	81,066	2,179,216,212
2021	11,785,277	47,530,000	2,250,967	8,733,448	9,880,254	4,165,505	84,345,451	3.87%	977	86,339	2,335,728,967
2022	10,699,375	46,090,000	1,161,042	7,757,479	9,309,445	2,398,223	77,415,564	3.01%	878	88,146	2,571,042,528

Source: City of Deerfield Beach, Financial Services Department

Personal Income:

https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/deerfieldbeachcityflorida

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Less:							
			-	Amounts							
				Available			Percentage				
		General		in Debt	of Actual						
Fiscal	(Obligations		Service	Taxable						
Year		Bonds		Funds		Total	Value	Capita			
		_		_		<u> </u>					
2013	\$	2,112,836	\$	2,539,617	\$	(426,781)	0.24%	\$ 243.00			
2014		19,797,105		2,513,964		17,283,141	0.22%	223.00			
2015		18,533,690		2,534,573		15,999,117	0.19%	209.00			
2016		17,295,290		2,400,835		14,894,455	0.18%	223.00			
2017		16,977,148		2,440,501		14,536,647	0.17%	207.00			
2018		15,073,185		6,507,301		8,565,884	0.10%	140.00			
2019		14,262,255		4,537,565		9,724,690	0.08%	122.00			
2020		12,877,338		4,252,912		8,624,426	0.07%	108.00			
2021		11,785,277		4,117,908		7,667,369	0.07%	89.00			
2022		10,669,375		4,139,018		6,530,357	0.06%	92.00			

Source: City of Deerfield Beach, Financial Services Department

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Debt Outstanding (1)	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt (2)
General obligation bonds Covenant bonds ⁽³⁾ Capital leases	\$ 10,699,375 46,090,000 1,161,042	100.00% 100.00% 100.00%	\$ 10,699,375 46,090,000 1,161,042
Total Direct Debt	57,950,417		57,950,417
Overlapping Debt School Board of Broward County, Florida:	1 270 102	0.120/	1.702
Certificates of participation	1,378,183 507,000	0.13% 0.13%	1,792 659
Capital leases		0.1370	
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt	1,885,183		2,451
Total Direct Debt and Overlapping Debt	\$ 59,835,600		\$ 57,952,868

⁽¹⁾ Debt outstanding data provided by each government unit.

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Broward County, Florida Property Appraiser.

Note: The computation of legal debt margin is not included in the statistical section, since neither the Florida statues nor the current ordinances of the City of Deerfield Beach specify a legal debt margin.

Overlapping debt includes only general obligation debt secured by ad valorem taxes as of September 30, 2022.

^{(3) \$4,350,000} of covenant bonds are secured by and payable from the Florida Power and Light Company electric franchise fees. The remaining balance of covenant bonds are payable from all governmental activities revenue sources of the City, except for ad valorem taxes.

^{*} Ratio of taxable assessed value in the City of Deerfield Beach to total Broward County assessed value.

WATER AND SEWER PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year			Net Revenue Available	Debt S	Service Requireme	ents	
Ended	Gross		for Debt	Escrow or			
September 30,	Revenues (A)	Expenses (B)	Service	Principal	Interest	Total (C)	Coverage (D)
2013	24,277,472	13,681,310	10,596,162	1,962,273	1,293,540	3,255,813	3.25
2014	24,810,180	17,417,474	7,392,706	2,081,285	1,152,032	3,233,317	3.22
2015	25,356,689	15,350,588	10,006,101	1,498,498	1,065,191	2,563,689	2.29
2016	25,077,553	15,838,252	9,239,301	2,238,878	877,272	3,116,150	2.97
2017	25,395,815	17,079,275	8,316,540	2,340,498	829,997	3,170,495	2.62
2018	25,434,035	16,904,326	8,529,709	2,402,352	875,366	3,277,718	2.60
2019	28,213,257	14,086,816	14,126,441	2,584,194	650,132	3,234,326	2.78
2020	24,529,012	15,471,131	9,057,881	865,000	447,769	1,312,769	2.91
2021	23,596,878	15,312,199	8,284,679	2,823,409	324,925	3,148,334	2.63
2022	25,907,576	16,357,875	9,549,701	2,743,251	305,943	3,049,194	3.13

Gross revenue for the purpose of determining debt service coverage, is equal to the sum of the operating revenues of the Water and Sewer Fund and total interest earnings.

Expenses, for the purpose of determining debt service coverage, are equal to the total operating expenses of the Water and Sewer Fund less depreciation and less the general administrative charge.

The debt service requirement for the Florida Municipal Loan Council Revenue bonds, Series 2008A is set forth in the tri-partite loan agreement between the City ("the Borrower"); Banc of America Public Capital Corporation ("the Purchaser"); and the Florida Municipal Loan Council ("the Issuer").

The debt service requirements for the State of Florida Drinking Water Revolving Loan, as well as the State's Water Pollution Control Financing Corporation revolving loans are set forth in the 'Clean Water State Revolving Fund Agreement' between the City and the State of Florida, Department of Environment Protection.

NON AD-VALOREM REVENUE ANTI-DILUTION TEST

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		FY 2022		FY 2021	Prior Two- ear Average
Revenues Total governmental funds Less: Ad valorem tax revenues Incremental tax revenues	\$	142,636,163 (49,734,782) (4,559,383)	\$	125,030,831 (46,864,226) (4,398,111)	\$ 133,833,497 (48,299,504) (4,478,747)
Total Governmental Non-Ad Valorem Revenues		88,341,998		73,768,494	81,055,246
Less: restricted funds: Community Redevelopment Agency General Construction Fund Non-major governmental funds Adjusted Non-Ad Valorem Revenues		(14,337) (465,417) (9,822,451) 78,039,793		(3,080) (741,873) (11,146,607) 61,876,934	 (8,709) (603,645) (10,484,529) 69,958,364
Expenditures					
Essential expenditures Public Safety General government	\$	73,855,804 14,995,878	\$	71,241,015 14,173,917	\$ 72,548,410 14,584,898
Total Essential Expenditures		88,851,682		85,414,932	87,133,307
Less: Ad valorem revenues available to pay essential expenditures		(49,734,782)		(46,864,226)	 (48,299,504)
Adjusted Essential Expenditures		39,116,900		38,550,706	 38,833,803
Net Non Ad-Valorem Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$	38,922,893	\$	23,326,228	\$ 31,124,561
Adjustments Ad valorem revenue restricted for debt service	\$	4,139,018	\$	2,493,150	\$ 2,608,894
Test 1 - Prior Two Year Average of Non-Ad Valorem Revo	enues C	overs Projected	MADS	by 150%	
Net non-ad valorem revenues available for debt service					\$ 31,124,561
Maximum annual non-ad valorem debt service					\$ 2,000,000
Coverage					1556.23%
Test 2 - Projected MADS does not exceed 20% of Government Restricted for Debt Service and Debt Proceeds	nental I	Fund, Less Ad V	alorem	Revenues	
Two-year average net total governmental funds					\$ 133,833,497
Maximum annual non-ad valorem debt service					\$ 2,000,000
Coverage					1.49%

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Personal Income**	Per Capita Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Median Age ⁽¹⁾	School Enrollment ⁽³⁾	Unemploy- ment Rate ⁽²⁾
2013	76,473	1,836,793	24,019	43.3	7,496	7.1%
2014	77,361	1,829,286	23,646	43.2	7,442	6.6%
2015	76,662	1,779,325	26,210	42.1	7,961	5.1%
2016	77,659	1,834,539	23,623	429.0	7,397	4.9%
2017	78,042	1,852,951	23,743	43.5	7,285	4.4%
2018	78,573	2,343,754	29,829	41.6	7,522	3.0%
2019	79,497	2,066,445	25,994	42.5	6,861	2.9%
2020	80,188	2,220,049	27,689	41.6	6,455	7.0%
2021	86,339	2,356,479	27,053	41.5	7,100	3.5%
2022	88,146	2,569,874	29,168	43.8	7,946	2.5%

Sources:

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of Economic and Business Research (BEBR)

⁽²⁾ American Factfinder and QuickFacts Census.gov

⁽³⁾ School Board of Broward County, Florida

^{**} Personal income data expressed in thousands

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2022			2013	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
Limployer	Lilipioyees	Kank	Linployment	Liliployees	Kank	Employment
Publix Corporation	2,313	1	6.31%	1,751	1	4.36%
Campbell Property Management	839	2	2.29%			0.00%
JM Family Enterprises	838	3	2.29%	1,132	3	2.82%
UPS	710	4	1.94%	503	5	1.25%
Advantage Therapies	684	5	1.87%	124	10	0.31%
Humana Pharmacy	450	6	1.23%			0.00%
Republic National Distribution	420	7	1.15%	327	7	0.81%
City of Deerfield Beach	395	8	1.08%	478	6	1.19%
Peoples Trust	320	9	0.87%			0.00%
Target	319	10	0.87%			0.00%
Broward Health North			0.00%	1,134	2	2.83%
List Industries			0.00%	217	9	0.54%
Broward Sheriff Office			0.00%	298	8	0.74%
Sun-Sentinel			0.00%	527	4	1.31%
Totals	7,288			6,491		<u>16.16%</u>

⁽¹⁾ Source: Employer's Human Resource Department Florida Department of Economic Opportunity

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General government	85	60	60	64	62	60	66	73	63	64
Public safety: Police:										
Uniformed	135	132	135	135	135	130	127	127	126	126
Civilians	16	17	17	17	17	42	42	45	45	46
Fire/Rescue:										
Firefighters and										
officers	143	146	146	146	145	141	139	138	147	143
Bldg. inspection										
services									16	19
Civilians	1	1	1	1	1	2	5	5	6	2
Economic environment	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
Culture and recreation	97	90	84	53	53	94	75	72	66	70
Human services Public works	9	28	28	23	22	39	40	39	40	39
administration										
Grounds maintenance	2	4	4	4	4	42	39	36	37	31
Parks	12	11	11	7	5	7	7	10	10	7
Water and sewer	64	104	105	81	81	69	56	60	58	58
Solid waste	60	69	75	68	68	68	75	64	54	55
Transportation:										
Street maintenance	6	15	11	11	15	14	11	12	11	10
Total	632	679	679	612	610	710	683	682	680	671

Source: City of Deerfield Beach, Financial Services Department

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Public Safety Police										
Physical arrests	1,570	1,563	1,298	2,136	2,552	2,600	2,616	2,563	2,729	2,435
Parking violations	14,497	17,116	14,803	18,474	17,413	17,982	19,980	20,084	15,315	15,248
Traffic violations	20,388	16,007	11,354	17,361	14,031	15,402	17,220	17,631	17,382	11,214
Fire/Rescue	20,300	10,007	11,554	17,501	14,031	13,402	17,220	17,031	17,302	11,214
Number of emergency responses	15,529	16,485	15,531	15,927	15,472	11,642	15,458	15,217	14,606	21,005
Inspections	4,473	3,702	2,879	2,651	3,193	2,420	3,916	7,653	5,332	5,400
Fire extinguished	166	127	118	130	145	185	162	139	152	162
Transportation										
Street maintenance:										
Streets resurfacing (miles)	11	6	20	11				22	28	13
Potholes repaired	70	117	427	403	577	436	200	204	556	800
Sidewalk repaired (feet)	951	3,430	4,383	4,781	3,911	2,894	3,920	8,555	5,705	12,000
Transit Services										
Total route miles	87,037	1,595	89,674	143,705	148,424	116,317	140,124	106,942	142,690	64,570
Number of trips	13,093	329	41,949	71,996	43,020	79,836	86,048	91,902	97,743	87,205
Physical Environment										
Number of burials	154	151	153	121	125	104	112	110	122	113
Culture and Recreation										
Athletic field permits issued	113	106	36		116	1,682	1,344	493	246	65
Number of participants in arts										
and education classes	1,147	4,600	1,500	6,217	2,560	2,015	6,144	5,684	5,498	13,625
Number of special event										
permits issued	184	156	57	70	115	81	76	88	192	121
Attendance at special evets	171,111	49,990	99,513	275,677	325,000	336,644	292,000	285,500	298,530	231,995
Human Services - HR Childcare:										
Average daily attendance			12	15	12	18	12	10	12	15
Number of meals served			9,235	6,302	18,505	15,098	18,467	18,381	15,785	20,491
Adult daycare:			>,200	0,502	10,000	10,000	10,107	10,501	10,700	20,.,1
Average daily attendance			4	4	31	31	5	7	7	8
Alzheimer's daycare:			-	•			•		,	
Average daily attendance			34	34	151	139	28	24	27	25
Water										
New connections	20	20	30	287	34	32	5	10	10	8
Water main breaks	8	8	17	192	60	36	40	13	10	53
Average daily consumption	o	0	17	192	00	30	40	13	12	33
(millions of gallons)	10	10	9			10	9	9	9	9
Permitted raw water withdrawal	14	14	14		9	17	12	14	14	14
remitted law water withdrawar	14	14	14		9	1 /	12	14	14	14
Sewer										
Average daily sewage treatment										
(thousands of gallons)	5,664	5,664	5,900	5,324	5,796	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000
Solid Waste										
Refuse collected (tons/day)	332	333	433	371	464	260	402	276	247	251
Recyclables collected (tons/day)			23	25	35	29	49	27	33	29
, (())				20			.,	_,		

Sources: Various City departments

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function

^{*} The average daily attendance for Adult daycare and Alzheimer's daycare are higher than the previous years due to a change in the counting mechanism

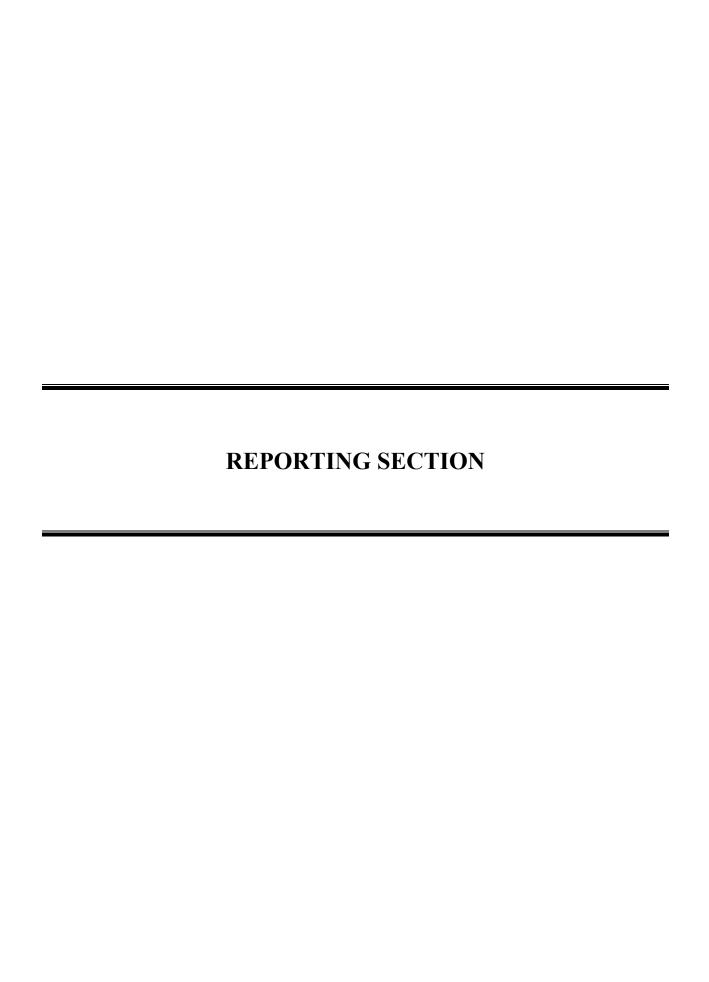
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Public Safety Police Stations 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2016 2015 2014 2013 2016 2015 2014 2013 2016 2015 2014 2013 2016 2015 2014 2013 2016 2015 2014 2015 2016 2016											
Police Stations 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Police Stations 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Doublin Cofete										
Stations Patrol units 2											
Patrol units 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 126 126		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire/Rescue Stations 6 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>											
Stations 6<	1 attor times	150	130	150	130	130	130	130	150	120	120
Rescue ambulances 6	Fire/Rescue										
Fire engines	Stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Ladder/heavy squad trucks 1	Rescue ambulances	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Transportation Streets (miles)		4	4	4	4	4		4	4	4	4
Streets (miles) 146	Ladder/heavy squad trucks				1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Streets (miles) 146	Transportation										
Sidewalks (miles) 136	•	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146
Streetlights (poles) 7,000 30 30 30		136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136
Culture and Recreation Parks acreage 398 398 398 298 398 398 345 338 317 Parks acreage 52 52 52 52 52 52 44 35 34 Swimming pools 1	Streetlights (poles)	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000
Parks acreage 398 398 398 398 298 398 398 345 338 317 Parks acreage 52 52 52 52 52 52 44 35 34 Swimming pools 1 2 1	Traffic signals	7	7	7	70	70	70	70	68	68	68
Parks acreage 398 398 398 398 298 398 398 345 338 317 Parks acreage 52 52 52 52 52 52 44 35 34 Swimming pools 1 2 1	Culture and Recreation										
Parks acreage 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 44 35 34 Swimming pools 1		398	398	398	398	298	398	398	345	338	317
Swimming pools 1	e e	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	44	35	34
Community centers 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Tennis courts	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
	Community centers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
Water	Water										
Water main (miles) 234 234 234 234 234 234 234 232 232 232		234	234	234	234	234	234	234	232	232	232
Maximum daily capacity	,										
(millions of gallons) 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 35	(millions of gallons)	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	35
Sewer	Sewer										
Sanitary sewers (miles) 188 136 136 136 136 136 136 137 137 137		188	136	136	136	136	136	136	137	137	137
Storm sewers (miles) 147 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48											
Average daily treatment capacity											
(thousands of gallons) 7,400 7,400 7,400 7,400 7,400 7,400 7,400 7,400 7,400 7,400 7,400		7,400	7,400	7,400	7,400	7,400	7,400	7,400	7,400	7,400	7,400
Solid Waste	Solid Waste										
Collection trucks 23 42 42 23 23 23 23 28 32	Collection trucks	23	42	42	23	23	23	23	23	28	32

Sources: Various City departments

Note: No capital assets indicators are available for the general government





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager City of Deerfield Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Deerfield Beach, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 31, 2023. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the City of Deerfield Beach Municipal Firefighter's Pension Trust Fund, City of Deerfield Beach Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Plan and the City of Deerfield Beach Police Officer's Retirement Plan as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fort Lauderdale, FL May 31, 2023

Marcun LLP



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager City of Deerfield Beach, Florida

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Deerfield Beach, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of

compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the City as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 31, 2023, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Fort Lauderdale, FL May 31, 2023

Marcun LLP

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Federal Agency, Pass-Through Entity	Assistance		Total
Federal Program	Listing No.	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Indirect Programs: Pass-through the Broward County - Department of Elder Affairs:			
Special Programs for the Aging			
Title III, Part B - Grants for Supportive Services and Seniors Centers Title III, Part B - Grants for Supportive Services and Seniors Centers - COVID-19	93.044 93.044	JA 122-06-2022 JVC 21-06-2022	\$ 136,059 1,918 137,977
Total Special Programs for the Aging Cluster			137,977
Title III, Part E - National Family Caregiver Support	93.052	JA 121-06-2021	115
Title III, Part E - National Family Caregiver Support	93.052	JA 122-06-2021	850
			965
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			138,942
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Direct Programs: Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)			
CDBG Entitlement Cluster	14.218	B15MC120046	9,687
CDBG Entitlement Cluster	14.218	B19MC120046	400
CDBG Entitlement Cluster	14.218	B20MC120046	100,385
CDBG Entitlement Cluster (COVID-19)	14.218	B20MW120046	73,923
CDBG Entitlement Cluster	14.218	B21MC120046	179,508
Total Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Entitlement Cluster			363,903
Home Rehabilitation Program	14.239	N/A	206,947
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			570,850
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Indirect Program: Passed through State of Florida			
Division of Emergency Management - Disaster Relief Funding, Hurricane Dorian	97.036	4468	40,618
Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance, Flood Mitigation	97.036	B0057	12,000
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			52,618
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Direct Program:			
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664	20-DG-1108112-001	15,000
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			15,000
U.S. Department of Treasury			
Direct Programs:			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027	N/A	11,121,454
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			11,121,454
			11,121,434

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") presents the expenditure activity of all federal awards of the City of Deerfield Beach, Florida (the "City") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate for federal programs allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>		
Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified Opinion	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u>	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	YesX	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u>	No
<u>Federal Awards</u>		
Internal control over the major federal program:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes X	_ No
Significant deficiency (ies) identified?	$ \underline{\qquad} Yes \qquad \underline{X} \\ Yes \qquad \underline{X} $	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for the major federal program:	Unmodified Opinion	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)	Yes <u>X</u>	_ No
Identification of the major federal program:		
Federal Program	AL No.	
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	Ф750,000	
Type A and Type B federal programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee for federal awards?	Yes X	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

I. PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND STATUS

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

SD 2018-002 - was addressed and the finding was not repeated.

II. PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None



MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager City of Deerfield Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Deerfield Beach, Florida (the City), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 31, 2023. We did not audit the financial statements of the Pension Trust Funds, which represent 92%, 93% and 204%, respectively, of the assets, net position/fund balance and revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by Uniform Guidance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated May 31, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. The status of recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report have been addressed except as noted in the summary schedule of prior audit findings and in Appendix A to this report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The information regarding the specific legal authority for the City and its component units is discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same. Our assessment was performed as of the fiscal year end.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did have two recommendations identified as MLC 2022-001 and MLC 2020-002 which are included in Appendix A.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.d., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor and the City Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fort Lauderdale, FL

Marcun LLP

May 31, 2023

APPENDIX A – CURRENT YEAR AND PRIOR YEARS RECOMMENDATIONS TO IMPROVE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

No.	Current Year's Observations	Observation Is Still Relevant	Observation Addressed or No Longer Relevant
MLC 2022-001	Bank Reconciliations		
No.	Prior Year's Observations		
MLC 2021-001	Utility Billing – Solid Waste Rate		X
MLC 2020-002	Solid Waste Fund Deficit Net Position	X	

APPENDIX A – CURRENT YEAR AND PRIOR YEARS RECOMMENDATIONS TO IMPROVE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

MLC 2022-001 -BANK RECONCILIATIONS

Criteria

Bank reconciliations should be prepared on a timely manner in accordance with the City's policies and procedures manual with evidence of preparation and review.

Condition

During our review of the internal control processes over Financial Close and Reporting, it was noted that three of the four bank reconciliations tested did not document the date of the review. The auditor noted that the October 2021, December 2021 and August 2022 bank reconciliations for the operating bank account did not document the date of the review to support adherence with the City's policy (no later than 30 days from month end).

Cause

Lack of adequate documentation over the preparation and review of bank reconciliations to ensure they are prepared and reviewed timely.

Effect

Potential effects of this condition could result in failure to timely detect loss or misuse of funds.

Recommendation

In order to ensure that assets are safeguarded from loss or misuse and that City policy is being followed, all bank reconciliations should document the date they are prepared and reviewed, and they should be prepared and reviewed within the City's policy time frame.

Management's Response

See accompanying Corrective Action Plan.

APPENDIX A – CURRENT YEAR AND PRIOR YEARS RECOMMENDATIONS TO IMPROVE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

MLC 2020-002 -SOLID WASTE NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE DEFICIT

Criteria

Per Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements- and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, paragraph 67, Enterprise funds should establish pricing policies that are designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Condition

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, it was noted that the Solid Waste fund had a deficit net position/fund balance of \$7,437,197. The Solid Waste fund has an ending deficit net position fund balance of \$9,673,893, \$11,800,689, \$7,403,536, \$9,418,532 and \$611,423 as of September 30, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Ending net position of the fund as of September 30, 2016 was a positive \$1,026,508.

Cause

This was due to solid waste utility rates not being sufficient to meet the increased personal and contractual service costs incurred by the solid waste fund during the year and previous years.

Effect

This could impact the City's bond ratings as well as other financial indicators. Enterprise funds distinguish between current and non-current assets and liabilities. It is possible to take advantage of this distinction to calculate working capital (i.e., current assets less current liabilities). The measure of working capital indicates the relatively liquid portion of total enterprise fund capital, which constitutes a margin or buffer for meeting obligations and considerations of future debt payments. It is essential that a government maintain adequate levels of working capital in its enterprise funds to mitigate current and future risks (e.g., revenue shortfalls and unanticipated expenses) and to ensure stable services and fees.

Recommendation

Marcum recommends that the City consider reviewing the solid waste rate charges to ensure future solid waste utility rates/revenues are sufficient in order to continue funding annual operating and maintenance costs, debt service, meet debt service coverage ratio requirements, eliminate the deficit and build/maintain a positive net position/fund balance.

Management's Response

See accompanying Corrective Action Plan.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE PURSUANT TO SECTION 218.415 FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager City of Deerfield Beach, Florida

We have examined the City of Deerfield Beach, Florida's (the "City") compliance with Section 218.415 Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415 Florida Statutes, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely to describe our testing of compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and it is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fort Lauderdale, FL May 31, 2023

Marcune LLP

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MLC 2022-001 - Bank Reconciliations

Management acknowledges and is aware that the bank reconciliations for the operating bank account for the months of October 2021, December 2021, and August 2022 did not document the date of the review. The City maintains nine separate accounts that are reconciled by staff monthly in addition to the operating pool cash account. Eight of the nine bank accounts were reconciled and documented review per the City's policies. The observation cited relates to the operating pool cash account and not documenting the date of review. Financial Services will ensure staff involved in the bank reconciliation process is properly trained on the City's accounting procedures to eliminate this oversight from recurring in the future.

MLC 2020-002 - Solid Waste net position/fund balance deficit

Management acknowledges the condition of the Solid Waste Fund. During FY2022, the City contracted with a consulting firm to conduct a Solid Waste Rate Sufficiency Study to cover the need to maintain and replace assets, servicing new growth, while achieving and maintain a strong financial position. It included a multi-year operating expense projection along with a Capital Improvement Program Funding Plan. The study was completed and presented to the City Commission. In December 2022, the City Commission took action to implement an overall funding strategy to improve the Fund's financial position over time.



IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared CFO, Stephanie Tinsley, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of the City of Deerfield Beach which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida;
- 2. The governing body of the City of Deerfield Beach adopted Ordinance 2016/008 implementing an impact fee.
- 3. The City of Deerfield Beach has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

Chief Financial Officer, Stephanie Tipsley

STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF BROWARD

Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me by means of physical presence or online notarization, this day of January, 2023 (year), by Frankling Statement).

Personally known __/_ or produced identification ____

Type of identification produced: ____

My Comm. Expires Oct 6, 2023

NOTARY PI

Personally known __/_ or produced identification ____

Type of identification produced: _____

My Commission Expires: Och 6, 2023

Notary Public - State of Florida Commission # GG 919768

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.