

The Town of Highland Beach, Florida

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022



The Town of Highland Beach, Florida

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Prepared by: Finance Department

David DiLena Finance Director

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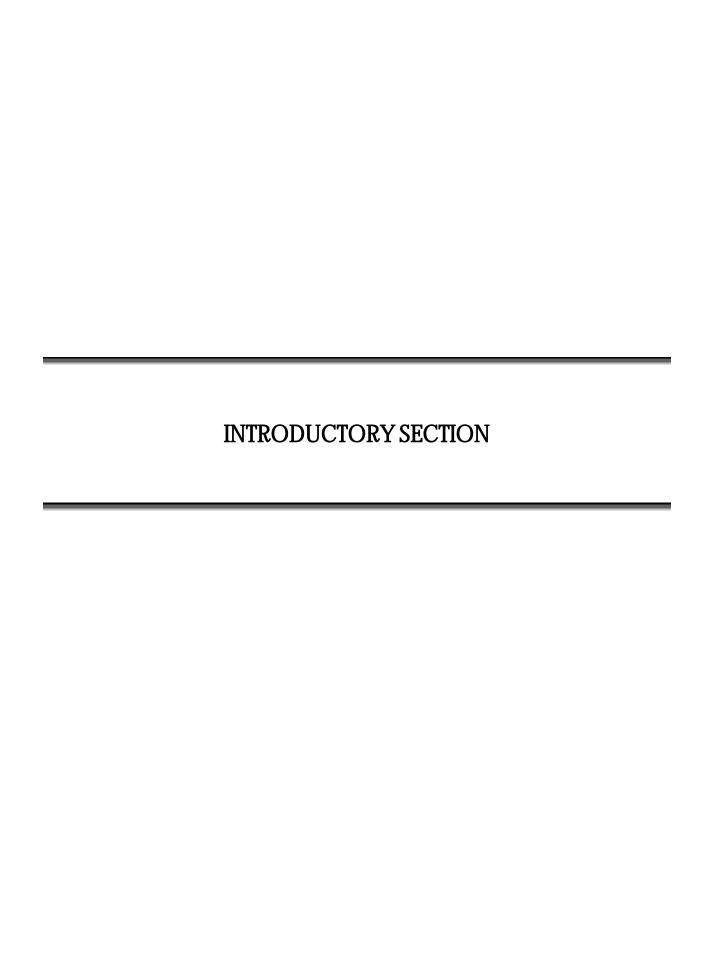
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June 30, 2023

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Commission Town of Highland Beach, Florida

Pursuant to the Town's Charter and in accordance with State law, all general-purpose local governments publish, within nine months of the close of the fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements. These are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) that are audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Commensurate with this requirement, we are pleased to present the Town of Highland Beach's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

This report consists of the management's representation concerning the finances of the Town of Highland Beach. Consequently, the Town's management assumes full responsibility for both the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. In order to provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the Town of Highland Beach has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect the Town's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town's comprehensive framework for internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurances that the financial statements will be free of material misstatements. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of Highland Beach's financial statements have been audited by Nowlen, Holt & Miner, P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Highland Beach for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are fairly stated and free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor has concluded and issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Town of Highland Beach's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The organization and content of this report are based primarily on the financial reporting standards set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and recommendations of the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada. This report is

divided into four principal sections to provide detailed financial information and activities to the Town commission, residents, and other interested parties. These sections consist of an introductory section, financial section, statistical section, and a compliance section. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), a narrative designed to assist the reader by providing an overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town, can be found immediately following the report of independent auditors.

The financial reporting entity includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e., the Town of Highland Beach, Florida as legally defined), as well as all its component units in accordance with GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, "Defining the Reporting Entity." Although the Palm Beach County Board of County Commissioners, Palm Beach County School Board, and South Florida Water Management District, among other governments, levy and collect taxes on property located within the corporate limits of the Town of Highland Beach, financial information on these taxing authorities are not included in this report since the Town is not financially accountable for these agencies. Annual financial reports from these other taxing authorities are available upon request from each respective authority.

THE TOWN

The Town of Highland Beach is in the southern portion of eastern Palm Beach County, which is in the southeastern part of the State of Florida. The Town encompasses 0.6 square miles and is bounded on the north and northwest by the City of Delray Beach and on the south and southwest by the City of Boca Raton. The Atlantic Ocean lies adjacent to the Town on the east and the Intracoastal Waterway lies to the west. The Town is a residential community with a year-round population of 4,302 (2022 Estimated – Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research), which increases to approximately 7,900 during the winter months. According to www.city-data.com the most recently reported (2019) median age in Highland Beach is 68.4 years. Males make up approximately 48.2% and females 51.8% of the total population in Highland Beach.

The governing body of the Town consists of a five-member Town Commission, each of whom is elected for three-year overlapping terms. Commission members may serve two consecutive terms. The Town was incorporated under the laws of Florida governing municipal corporations in 1949 and operates under a Charter adopted by its citizens. Day-to-day operations of the Town are under the leadership of a Town Manager who is appointed by the Town Commission.

The Town provides general municipal services such as police protection, water and wastewater utility services, public works, street maintenance, landscaping as well as a municipal library. The Town also provides fire protection, solid waste services, and a postal substation through contracts with others.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The overall economic condition of the Town of Highland Beach is thriving. General Fund Ad Valorem (property tax) tax revenues continue to exceed operating expenditures. Substantial new construction and redevelopment have been added to the tax base of the community. In addition,

increases in assessed values assigned by the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office have ensured a reliable increase in ad valorem tax revenues year over year. The Town is nearly built-out, with just a few remaining parcels that are available for low-density development. Over the last year, the Town added approximately \$29.3 million worth of new construction to the tax base. The trend of replacing the older single-family homes with larger homes continues throughout the community and several condominiums have undergone major restoration work. The Palm Beach County Property Appraiser anticipates another favorable increase in property values for Highland Beach.

The water and wastewater enterprise funds continue to improve their financial condition. A revenue sufficiency and rate study, completed in January 2021, resulted in uniform rate adjustments for the water and sewer rates. The Commission adopted a rate structure that increases annually by a rate index that is tied to municipal operations. This rate structure will allow the water and sewer systems to maintain adequate reserves that are necessary for capital repairs and replacements.

The overall economic outlook for the Town appears to be bright. The increase in assessed value of existing and new residential units and condominiums will allow the Town's assessed value to continue in growth mode. Through the enforcement of Town codes and ordinances, the Town will continue to enhance the aesthetic appearance of the Town and maintain the high quality of life that exists in the community.

The following table demonstrates the previously mentioned points regarding the growth in assess value in the Town.

Fiscal Year Ended	Residental Property	Commercial Property	Personal Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Total Actual Just Value
2013	1,727,623,028	15,040,000	9,610,456	1,752,273,484	4.87	1,966,422,907
2014	1,798,567,981	15,400,000	10,043,245	1,824,011,226	4.81	2,072,656,191
2015	1,910,980,084	15,400,000	10,683,925	1,937,064,009	4.64	2,260,380,097
2016	2,047,110,813	16,170,000	11,959,998	2,075,240,811	4.15	2,475,549,166
2017	2,186,088,224	17,787,000	12,448,224	2,216,323,448	3.86	2,716,856,926
2018	2,369,865,868	19,565,700	11,139,513	2,400,571,081	3.70	2,915,050,463
2019	2,449,537,041	21,524,470	12,241,737	2,483,303,248	3.72	2,939,022,067
2020	2,566,581,797	23,676,917	12,083,552	2,602,342,266	3.80	3,079,744,504
2021	2,830,390,866	26,312,862	14,849,795	2,871,553,523	3.79	3,210,768,746
2022	3,201,309,493	28,944,149	17,058,146	3,247,311,788	3.62	4,221,158,007

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office

Long-term financial planning

As of September 30, 2022, the governmental fund balance increased marginally by 3.5% by \$442,586, from \$12.8M to \$13.2M. The Town Commission continues to take an aggressive approach toward preserving the financial future of the Town by adopting policies that create cash reserve designations labeled as assigned fund balance. These cash reserves are assigned for a specific use such as recovering from natural disasters.

In June 2022, the Town issued the Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Note Series 2022, in the principal amount not to exceed \$5,050,000 to provide for the construction and equipping of new fire station and related costs; covenanting to budget and appropriate funds from legally available non-ad valorem revenues to repay the Note. The Town received a draw in the amount of \$52,100 upon issuance of the Note to pay costs of issuing the Note. The balance of the proceeds of the Note will be received on a draw-down basis to pay construction costs for the new fire station. The Note bears interest at a fixed rate of 3.26%.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The Town passed Ordinance No. 2021-009 on June 15, 2021, to establish a municipal fire-rescue department. The City of Delray Beach, the current provider of fire rescue/EMS service, is set to terminate on April 30, 2024. The Town has completed the design and planning stage of construction on a new fire station as part of the transition to independently operating their own full-service Fire rescue department as of September 30, 2022.

In order to better respond to economic cycles in the construction industry, the Town transitioned to a hybrid model of providing Building Department services. A portion of the Building Department services are provided by full-time Town employees with the remainder provided through contractual services. The hybrid service model will allow for scaling back of certain services if there is a downturn in the construction industry and less demand for these services.

In August 2022, the Commission approved an interlocal agreement (ILA) with the Town of Gulf Stream to provide building plan review and inspection services to the Town of Gulf Stream. The Building Department has the capacity to handle the increased workload while increasing revenues and improving overall services to Highland Beach residents.

For the Future

The Town plans to improve State Road A1A in partnership with the Florida Department of Transportation. The Resurfacing, Restoration and Rehabilitation (RRR) Project not only aims to improve the drivability and flow of traffic but also improve pedestrian safety and reduce roadway flooding. The Town also plans to address the condition of its sanitary sewer collection system. Given the age of the sanitary sewer collection system and the salty environment in which the pipes are situated, there is the need for significant repairs and replacements to ensure sewer system integrity. The Town is working to secure public support for a referendum to approve funding of the project which exceeds the charter limit of \$350,000. The Town is planning to install new entry signs into the Town to enhance aesthetics and complete a Beach Erosion/Dune Management Study to identify critical erosion areas needing restoration to protect against

potential storm surge and protect sea turtle nesting habitat. Lastly, the Town continues to undertake an annual strategic planning process to align operations and policy development with the goals of the community.

American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)

The Town initiated the grant process with the State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management on August 16, 2021, for the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) and related Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) funding agreement as established by the U.S. Department of the Treasury. The Town was awarded \$1,961,343 paid in two increments of \$980,671.50. The Town received the first payment in September 2021 and the second payment in September 2022. These funds are restricted by the Federal Government for certain projects. The Town has identified two projects that meet the restriction thresholds. The construction of the new fire station and acquisition of fire equipment along with Lift Station Rehabilitation are budgeted to begin in Fiscal Year 2023. The Town does not expect any additional ARPA funding in the foreseeable future. As of September 30, 2022, the total funds awarded through the ARPA program were recorded and reported as unearned revenues.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Budgetary Control

The Town maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Town Commission. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the department level within an individual fund. The Town utilizes the encumbrance accounting system which is used to accomplish budgetary control. Encumbrance lapse at year-end and reappropriated in the subsequent year's budget.

Financial Standards

The Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 5 (GASB 54) Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. The objective of GASB 54 is to provide a clearer distinction between available and unavailable financial resources by establishing 5 categories (non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned) of fund balance. The Town amended the original Fund Balance Policy to correspond with the new Fire-Rescue Department and increase the amounts for Disaster Recovery. Resolution 2022-005 Established the following categories: Budget Stabilization target assignment of 16.7% of General Fund operating expenditures, Disaster Recovery target assignment of 16.7% of General Fund operating expenditures, and Fire Rescue Department assignment of a fixed \$6.5 million, with the remainder of funds to be unassigned (or unrestricted).

The Town implemented GASB Statement 87 at the start of the fiscal year. This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this statement apply to financial statements of all state and local governments. Implementation of the change had a minor impact on net position.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Town of Highland Beach's Finance Department. We also wish to thank the Mayor and Commission members for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Town in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Marshall Labadie Town Manager David M. DiLena, CPA Finance Director

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Highland Beach Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Organizational Chart The Citizens of Highland Beach Quasi - Judicial and Advisory Boards **Town Commission** Board of Adjustments & Appeals Douglas Hillman, Mayor **Town Attorney** Code Enforcement Board Natasha Moore, Vice Mayor Law Offices of Torcivia, Donlon, Financial Advisory Board Peggy Gossett-Seidman, Commissioner Goddeau & Rubin, P.A Natural Resources Preservation Advisory Board Evalyn David *Commissioner* **Planning Board** John Shoemaker, Commissioner **Assistant Town Manager Town Manager's Office Assistant Town Manager** Terisha Cuebas Marshall Labadie, *Town Manager* Eric Marmer Management Analyst **Town Clerk's Office Police Department Building Department Finance Department Public Works** Library Lanelda Gaskins, Town Clerk Craig Hartmann, *Chief of Police* Jeff Remas, Building Official David DiLena, Finance Director Pat Roman, Public Works Director Lois Albertson, *Library Director* Deputy Town Clerk Office Manager Senior Accountant Library Assistant (F/T) (2) Lieutenant Administrative Support Specialist Code Enforcement Officer **Financial Services Analyst** Library Assistant (P/T) (2) Accreditation/ Training Manager **Building Permit Tech/Administrative** Sergeant (4) Assistant (2) Police Officer (8) Maintenance Post Office Water Reserve Police Officer – (3) (P/T) **Planning Department** Utility/Maintenance Super Water Plant Super Lead Clerk **Administrative Assistant** Ingrid Allen, Town Planner **Utility Foreman** Water Plant Operator (5) Clerk (P/T) (2) **Utility Mechanic** Maintenance **Marine Unit**

TOWN OF HIGHLAND BEACH

Police Officer

2021-2022

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT TOWN OF HIGHLAND BEACH, FLORIDA FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

TOWN COMMISSION

Douglas Hillman, Mayor
Natasha Moore, Vice-Mayor
Evalyn David, Commissioner
Peggy Gossett-Seidman, Commissioner
John Shoemaker, Commissioner

TOWN MANAGER

Marshall Labadie

TOWN ATTORNEY

Glen To<mark>rcivia

Torcivia, Donlon, Goddeau & Rubin, P.</mark>A.

DEPARTMENT HEADS

Lanelda Gaskins Town Clerk

David DiLena Finance Director

Craig Hartmann Chief of Police

Jeffrey Remas Building Official

Pat Roman Public Works Director

Lois Albertson Library Director







NOWLEN, HOLT & MINER, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

WEST PALM BEACH OFFICE NORTHBRIDGE CENTRE 515 N. FLAGLER DRIVE, SUITE 1700 POST OFFICE BOX 347 WEST PALM BEACH, FLORIDA 33402-0347 TELEPHONE (561) 659-3060 FAX (561) 835-0628 WWW.NHMCPA.COM

EVERETT B. NOWLEN (1930-1984), CPA EDWARD T. HOLT, CPA WILLIAM B. MINER, RETIRED ROBERT W. HENDRIX, JR., CPA JANET R. BARICEVICH, RETIRED, CPA TERRY L. MORTON, JR., CPA N. RONALD BENNETT, CVA, ABV, CFF, CPA ALEXIA G. VARGA, CFE, CPA EDWARD T. HOLT, JR., PFS, CPA BRIAN J. BRESCIA, CFP®, CPA

MARK J. BYMASTER, CFE, CPA

RYAN M. SHORE, CFP®, CPA WEI PAN, CPA WILLIAM C. KISKER, CPA RICHARD E. BOTTS, CPA

BELLE GLADE OFFICE 333 S.E. 2nd STREET POST OFFICE BOX 338 BELLE GLADE, FLORIDA 33430-0338 TELEPHONE (561) 996-5612 FAX (561) 996-6248

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Commission Town of Highland Beach, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Highland Beach, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Highland Beach, Florida, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Highland Beach, Florida and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 and Note 17 to the financial statements, in 2022, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Correction of Error

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, the beginning net position of the business-type activities, the Water Utility Fund, and the Sewer Utility Fund were restated to correct the reporting of grant revenues. The beginning net position of the business-type activities and Sewer Utility Fund were also restated to correct the reporting of operating expenses. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 11, the budgetary comparison information on pages 76 through 80, the other postemployment benefits schedule on page 81, and the pension schedules on pages 82 through 85 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2023, on our consideration of the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Highland Beach, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

nowlen Holt 4 Mines, P.A.

West Palm Beach, Florida June 30, 2023



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Town of Highland Beach's management discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader by providing a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting in changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter in the introductory section and the Town's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

- The Town's assets plus deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on September 30, 2022, by \$25.0 million (net position), an increase of approximately \$1,358,000 over the prior year's ending net position of \$23.6 million. Of this amount, \$11.0 million may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's revenues for governmental activities were \$14.8 million, an increase of \$782,000 or 5.6% over the previous year. This growth can be attributed primarily to the surge in service charges resulting from the Interlocal Agreement (ILA) established between the Town and the Town of Gulf Stream. The ILA specifically pertains to the Build Department and associated inspection services. The expenses for governmental activities were \$13.0 million, an increase of \$1.8 million or 16.2% increase from the prior year. The increase in expenses is related to the overall inflationary price level increases and outsources contract labor associated with inspection services.
- The business-type activities, which include the water and sewer funds experienced a \$690,000 increase or 18.5% in revenues. The increase is primarily due to the increase in user rates based on a recent rate study. Expenses increased by \$225,000 or 4.9% primarily due to the overall increase in operating expenses and capital projects.
- On September 30, 2022, the General Fund's unassigned fund balance was \$2.3 million. The General Fund has designated three assignments of fund balance: 1) budget stabilization assigned at \$1.97 million, 2) disaster recovery assigned at \$1.97 million, 3) fire rescue assigned at \$4.0 million.
- The Town's long-term liabilities (excluding net pension liability) decreased by \$1.48 million, or 16.7 percent. The key factors of the decrease were annual principal payments on current debt and no new borrowing.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Highland Beach's basic financial statements. The Town of Highland Beach's basic financial statements comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The change in net position over time may be an indicator of the Town's financial health.

The *statement of activities* provides a breakdown of revenues and expenses by function. The functions primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as police, fire, and other public services are considered governmental activities. Those functions that are primarily funded through user fees and charges are identified as business-type activities. In the Town of Highland Beach, the latter consist of the water and sewer activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Traditional users of government financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is now on major funds, rather than the previous reporting model's fund types. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal obligations. The funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds are used for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirement. Most of the Town's basic services are reported in the governmental funds.

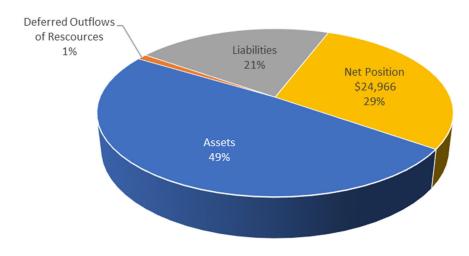
Proprietary Funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Town's proprietary funds consist of the water and sewer funds. These enterprise funds are the equivalent of business-type activities in the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The government-wide financial statements were designed so that the user could determine if the Town is in a better or worse financial condition from the prior year. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets exceeded liabilities by \$24.9 million an increase of \$1.3 million or 5.8% on September 30, 2022, as compared to the prior year.





Town of Highland Beach Net Position

(In Thousands)

	Governmental 2022				Total 2022	Governmental 2021		Business 2021		Total 2021	
Assets:			 								
Current and other assets	\$	14,294	\$ 8,176	\$	22,470	\$	13,279	\$	7,290	\$	20,569
Capital assets - Net		4,949	 14,841		19,790		4,582		15,228		19,810
Total assets		19,243	23,017		42,259	L	17,861		22,518		40,379
Deferred Outflows of Rescources:											
Pension related items		1,425	206		1,631		1,164		195		1,359
OPEB related items		18	5		23		33		8		41
Total deferred outflow of resources		1,443	211		1,654		1,197		203		1,400
Liabilities:											
Current and other liabilities		1,028	2,288		3,316		424		1,400		1,824
Long-term liabilities		5,704	9,183		14,887		2,288		9,845		12,133
Total liabilities		6,732	11,471		18,204		2,712		11,245		13,957
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Pension related items		395	57		452		3,563		471		4,034
OPEB related items		200	50		250		146		34		180
Lease related items		43	-		43		-		-		-
Total deferred inflow of resources		639	107		745	F	3,709		505		4,214
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets		4,861	6,460		11,320		4,582		4,484		9,066
Restricted for:											
Debt service		-	50		50		-		389		389
Special projects		2,627	-		2,627		2,193		58		2,251
Unrestricted		5,828	5,140		10,968		5,862		6,040		11,902
Total net position	\$	13,316	\$ 11,650	\$	24,965	\$	12,637	\$	10,971	\$	23,608

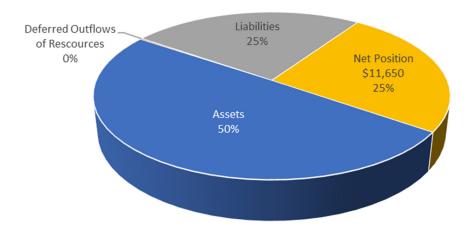
The Town's net position is nearly evenly distributed between net investment in capital assets at \$11.3 million or 45% and unrestricted cash at \$10.9 million or 44% of total net position. The unrestricted cash reserves may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Approximately 16% or \$4 million of these cash reserves are earmarked for the establishment of the Town's Fire Rescue Department.

A portion of the Town's net position (11%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The Town reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, machinery and equipment) less any related debt, used to acquire those assets, that is still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Net position of the governmental activities on September 30, 2022, was \$13.3 million. Property taxes are the main source of revenues and represent approximately 65% of the revenue for governmental activities. Expenses for Public Safety (Police, Fire Rescue, and Building Inspection) represent approximately 71% of governmental activities expenses and increased by 18.6% as compared to the prior year. Governmental revenues increased primarily as a result of the increases in property values which were offset by a slight reduction in the debt service millage. Governmental expenditure increased by \$1.8 million was offset by a reduction in transfers to the water fund as part of the Town's plan to ensure that the enterprise funds become self-sustaining. The net effect of these major changes primarily contributed to an increase in net position of the governmental activities of approximately \$679,000.

Net position of the business-type activities (water and sewer) on September 30, 2022, was \$11.6 million. The Water and sewer user rates were increased during the year to ensure that these funds become self-sustaining by the end of Fiscal Year 2024. The increase in rates was offset by the increase in operating expenditure and a reduction in transfers from the general fund. The effects of these major changes primarily contributed to an increase in net position of approximately \$679,000.

FY2022 Net Position Business Type Activity (\$000)



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Town of Highland Beach Changes in Net Position

(In Thousands)

	Gov	e rnme ntal	В	usiness	 Total	Gov	e rnme ntal	В	usiness	Total
		2022		2022	2022		2021		2021	2021
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	3,115	\$	4,425	\$ 7,540	\$	2,589	\$	3,556	\$ 6,145
Operating grants and contributions		20		-	20		29		-	29
Capital grants and contributions		-		-	-		-		-	-
General revenues:										
Property taxes		9,623		-	9,623		9,739		-	9,739
Utility taxes		501		-	501		412		-	412
Franchise Fees		536		-	536		472		-	472
Sales and use taxes		766		-	766		637		-	637
State revenue sharing		150		-	150		104		-	104
Investment earnings		9		4	13		7		3	10
Miscellaneous		7		-	7		-		180	180
Gain on disposal of fixed assets		53		-	53		8		-	8
Total revenues		14,779		4,429	 19,208		13,997		3,739	 17,736
Expenses:										
Program expenses:										
General government		2,764		-	2,764		2,493			2,493
Public safety		9,228		-	9,228		7,779			7,779
Public works		453		-	453		533			533
Culture and recreation		615		-	615		431			431
Interest on long-term debt		1		-	1		-			-
Water and sewer		-		4,789	4,789		-		4,564	 4,564
Total expenses		13,061		4,789	17,850		11,236		4,564	15,800
Excess (deficiency) before transfers		1,718		(360)	1,358		2,761		(825)	1,936
Transfers		(1,039)		1,039	-		(1,430)		1,430	-
Increase (decrease) in net position		679		679	1,358		1,331		605	1,936
Net position – October 1,		12,637		10,971	 23,607		11,306		10,366	 21,672
Net position - September 30,	\$	13,316	\$	11,650	\$ 24,965	\$	12,637	\$	10,971	\$ 23,608

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CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, totaled \$19.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation) which remained relatively unchanged as compared to the prior year. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Town of Highland Beach Capital Assets (In Thousands)

	A	ernmental ctivities 2022	susiness ectivities 2022	Total 2022	Total 2021
Land	\$	324	\$ -	\$ 324	\$ 324
Construction in progress		210	-	210	-
Amortized leases		36	-	36	-
Buildings and improvements		5,278	9,478	14,755	14,750
Improvements other than buildings		3,246	13,902	17,148	16,755
Equipment, furniture, and books		2,855	 8,390	 11,245	10,873
Total assets	\$	11,949	\$ 31,770	\$ 43,718	\$ 42,702
Less accumulated depreciation & amoritization		(\$6,999)	(\$16,928)	(\$23,928)	 (\$22,891)
Total	\$	4,949	\$ 14,841	\$ 19,791	\$ 19,811

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Long-Term Liabilities

The Town's long-term liabilities (excluding Net Pension Liability) decreased by \$1,480,000 as follows:

Town of Highland Beach Long-Term Liabilities (In Thousands)

	A	Governmental Activities 2022		Business Activities 2022		Total 2022	Total 2021		
Promissory notes	\$	-	\$	1,709	\$	1,709	\$	1,943	
Revolving fund loans		-		6,584		6,584		7,691	
Leases payable		23		-		23		-	
Other postemployment benefits		82		20		102		193	
Compensated absences		324		107		431		502	
Total	\$	429	\$	8,420	\$	8,849	\$	10,329	

Additional information on the Town's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 7 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds-The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance serves as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

On September 30, 2022 the Town's ending fund balances of the General Fund totaled \$10.6 million, an increase of approximately \$9,410 from the prior year. Approximately 21% (\$2.258 million) of the ending fund balances constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the balance is reserved, indicating that it is not available for new spending because it has either been assigned to provide 1) budget stabilization (\$1.97 million), 2) disaster relief (\$1.97 million), fire rescue implementation (\$4.00 million); or 4) liquidation of carry-overs from the prior year and/or allocation for the following budget (\$384,790).

Budgetary Highlights-Budget to actual comparison schedules are provided in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) Section of the report. The budget and actual schedules show the original budgets, the final revised budget, actual results, and variance between the final budget and actual results for the General Fund. Total General Fund expenditures of \$11.80 million were less than the final amended budget of \$12.2 million, a difference of approximately \$433,317.

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Town's 2023 fiscal year budget includes items that continue to accomplish the goals of the Town. These goals included enhancing the level of services, increasing the responsiveness of the local government to the needs of the public and the establishment of the Town's Fire Rescue Department to enhance public safety for our residents.

Property taxes are the main source of revenues for governmental activities and represent approximately 69 percent of the General Fund budgeted revenues. The Town's total tax millage rate decreased from a total of 3.6224 mills in FY 2022 to 3.5875 mills in FY 2023. However, a favorable increase (13.7%) in the Town's total assessed property value will produce approximately \$1.3 million more in property taxes year over year.

Notwithstanding one-time capital expenditures, property taxes combined with all other estimated General Fund revenues are projected to be sufficient to cover the expenditures in the fiscal year 2023 budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town's Finance Department, at the Town of Highland Beach, 3614 S. Ocean Boulevard, Highland Beach, Florida 33487.



Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

Assets Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total Assets Current assets Total and cash equivalents \$ 1,029,497 \$ 469,544 \$ 1,499,041 Investments \$ 12,870,141 6,767,686 19,637,827 Accounts receivable (net) 232,067 862,911 1,094,978 Due from other governments 96,579 - 43,107 Investories 9,287 7,675 16,962 Prepaid items 13,402 2,000 15,402 Prepaid items 13,402 2,000 15,402 Restricted Assets 14,294,080 8,175,684 22,469,764 Non-current assets 14,294,080 8,175,684 22,469,764 Non-depreciable 533,863 1 533,863 Depreciable, net 4,392,622 14,841,459 19,234,081 Amortized, net 22,669 14,441,459 19,2934,081 Total ansets 4,949,154 14,841,459 19,2934,081 Total courrent assets 4,949,154 14,841,459 19,293,07				
Activities Activities Activities Total			Primary Government Business-type	
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,029,497 \$ 469,544 \$ 1,499,041 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 12,870,141 6,767,686 19,637,827 Accounts receivable (net) \$ 232,067 862,911 1,094,978 Due from other governments \$ 96,579 \$ - 96,579 Lease receivable 43,107 \$ - 43,107 Inventories \$ 9,287 7,675 16,962 Pepaid items \$ 13,402 \$ 2,000 15,402 Restricted Assets \$ 65,868 \$ 65,868 \$ 65,868 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 65,868 \$ 65,868 \$ 65,868 Total current assets \$ 14,294,080 \$ 8,175,684 \$ 22,469,764 Non-depreciable, net \$ 4,392,622 \$ 14,841,459 \$ 22,669 Total assets \$ 19,243,234 \$ 23,017,143 \$ 22,269,370 Total assets \$ 19,243,234 \$ 23,017,143 \$ 22,269,370 Total current assets \$ 1,424,947 \$ 206,080 \$ 1,631,027 Deferred outflows of resources \$ 1,424,947 \$ 206,080 \$ 1,63		Activities		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	Assets			
Investments	Current assets			
Accounts receivable (net) 232,067 862,911 1,094,978	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,029,497	\$ 469,544	\$ 1,499,041
Due from other governments	Investments	12,870,141	6,767,686	19,637,827
Lease receivable	Accounts receivable (net)	232,067	862,911	1,094,978
Inventories 9,287 7,675 16,962 Prepaid items 13,402 2,000 15,402 Restricted Assets Cash and cash equivalents - 65,868 65,868 Total current assets 14,294,080 8,175,684 22,469,764 Noncurrent assets Capital assets Non-depreciable 533,863 14,814,59 19,234,081 Amortized, net 22,669 - 22,2669 Total noncurrent assets 4,949,154 14,841,459 19,234,081 Total assets 4,949,154 14,841,459 19,234,081 Total assets 4,949,154 14,841,459 19,234,081 Total assets 4,949,154 14,841,459 19,790,613 Total assets 1,243,234 23,017,143 42,260,377 Energy of the control outflows of resources 14,43,289 210,611 1,653,900 Total deferred outflows of resources 14,43,289 210,611 1,653,900 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 2,454 2,91,376 Accrued interest payable 697,569 161,484 859,053 Contracts payable 697,569 161,484 859,053 Accrued interest payable 1,992,209 Payable from restricted 1,484,489 1,992,209 Payable from restricted 1,484,489 1,992,209 Payable from restricted 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,484,489 1,48	Due from other governments	96,579	-	96,579
Prepaid items Restricted Assets Cash and cash equivalents Total current assets 14,294,080 8,175,684 22,469,764	Lease receivable	43,107	-	43,107
Restricted Assets	Inventories	9,287	7,675	16,962
Cash and cash equivalents - 65,868 65,868 Total current assets 14,294,080 8,175,684 22,469,764 Non-depreciable sasets - 533,863 - 533,863 Depreciable, net 4,392,622 14,841,459 19,234,081 Amortized, net 22,669 14,841,459 19,790,613 Total assets 19,243,234 23,017,143 42,260,377 Deferred outflows of resources 1,424,947 206,080 1,631,027 Pension related items 1,432,299 210,611 1,653,900 Deferred outflows of resources 1,432,289 210,611 1,653,900 Liabilities 2 20,688 1,631,027 OPEB related items 1,432,289 210,611 1,653,900 Liabilities 2 2,645 22,873 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,449,497 206,080 1,631,027 Accrued itabilities 264,922 26,454 291,373 Accruel itabilities 265,068 88,350 153,418		13,402	2,000	15,402
Total current assets	Restricted Assets			
Noncurrent assets Capital assets Capital assets Capital assets Non-depreciable 533,863 14,841,459 19,234,081 Amortized, net 22,669 14,841,459 19,790,613 Total noncurrent assets 4,949,154 14,841,459 19,790,613 Total assets 19,243,234 23,017,143 42,260,377 Deferred outflows of resources Pension related items 1,424,947 206,080 1,631,027 OPEB related items 1,8342 4,531 22,873 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 210,611 1,653,900 1,631,027 Contracts payable 67,569 161,484 859,053 Contracts payable 65,068 88,350 153,418 Accrued interest payable 65,068 88,350 153,418 Accrued interest payable 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted Cacrued interest 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,246,44 Noncorrent liabilities 1,028,074 1,028,074 1,028,074 1,028,074 1,028,074 1,028,	Cash and cash equivalents	<u>-</u> _	65,868	65,868
Capital assets Non-depreciable 533,863 - 533,863 Depreciable, net 4,392,622 14,841,459 19,234,081 Amortized, net 22,669 - 22,669 Total noncurrent assets 4,949,154 14,841,459 19,790,613 Total noncurrent assets 19,243,234 23,017,143 42,260,377 Deferred outflows of resources Pension related items 1,424,947 206,080 1,631,027 OPEB related items 18,342 4,531 22,873 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 210,611 1,653,900 Deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 210,611 1,653,900 Deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 Deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 Deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 Deferred outflows of resources Deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 Deferred outflows of resources Deferred outflows o	Total current assets	14,294,080	8,175,684	22,469,764
Non-depreciable 533,863 - 533,863 Depreciable, net 4,392,622 14,841,459 19,234,081 Amortized, net 22,669 - 22,669 - 22,669 Total noncurrent assets 4,949,154 14,841,459 19,790,613 Total assets 19,243,234 23,017,143 42,260,377 Deferred outflows of resources Pension related items 1,424,947 206,080 1,631,027 OPEB related items 18,342 4,531 22,873 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 210,611 1,653,900 Deferred outflows of resources 264,922 26,454 291,376 Accrued interest payable 65,068 88,350 153,418 Accrued interest payable 6-1 3,811 3,811 Unearned revenue 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted 3,811 3,811 Unearned revenue 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Due within one year 126,668 1,409,470 1,536,138 Due within one year 126,668 1,409,470 1,536,138 Due within one year 5,577,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 DPEB related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 42,907 5,743,25 9,183,116 14,887,441 17,41,412 18,207,414 18,207,414 18,207,414 19,08,889 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308 1,98,308	Noncurrent assets			
Depreciable, net	Capital assets			
Amortized, net	Non-depreciable	533,863	-	533,863
Total noncurrent assets	Depreciable, net	4,392,622	14,841,459	19,234,081
Deferred outflows of resources Pension related items 1,424,947 206,080 1,631,027 OPEB related items 18,342 4,531 22,873 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 210,611 1,653,900	Amortized, net	22,669	-	22,669
Deferred outflows of resources Pension related items 1,424,947 206,080 1,631,027 OPEB related items 18,342 4,531 22,873 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 210,611 1,653,900 I.631,007 I.653,900 I.631,007 I.633,007 I.631,007 I.631,007	Total noncurrent assets	4,949,154	14,841,459	19,790,613
Pension related items 1,424,947 206,080 1,631,027 OPEB related items 18,342 4,531 22,873 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 210,611 1,653,900 Liabilities 2 20,661 1,653,900 Accounts payable 697,569 161,484 859,053 Contracts payable 65,068 88,350 153,418 Accrued liabilities 264,922 26,454 291,376 Accrued interest payable - 3,811 3,811 Unearned revenue 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted - 16,436 16,436 Accrued interest - 16,436 16,436 Total current liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities 126,668 1,409,470 1,536,138 Due within one year 5,577,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total loneurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total processor 5,704	Total assets	19,243,234	23,017,143	42,260,377
Pension related items 1,424,947 206,080 1,631,027 OPEB related items 18,342 4,531 22,873 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 210,611 1,653,900 Liabilities 2 20,661 1,653,900 Accounts payable 697,569 161,484 859,053 Contracts payable 65,068 88,350 153,418 Accrued liabilities 264,922 26,454 291,376 Accrued interest payable - 3,811 3,811 Unearned revenue 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted - 16,436 16,436 Accrued interest - 16,436 16,436 Total current liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities 126,668 1,409,470 1,536,138 Due within one year 5,577,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total loneurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total processor 5,704				
OPEB related items 18,342 4,531 22,873 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,443,289 210,611 1,653,900 Liabilities 2 210,611 1,653,900 Current liabilities 8 8,8350 153,418 Accrous payable 65,068 88,350 153,418 Accrued liabilities 264,922 26,454 291,376 Accrued interest payable - 3,811 3,811 Unearned revenue 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted - 16,436 16,436 Accrued interest - 16,436 16,436 Total current liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities 5,570,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total hiabilities 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 395,253 <td>Deferred outflows of resources</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Deferred outflows of resources			
Total deferred outflows of resources	Pension related items	1,424,947	206,080	1,631,027
Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable 697,569 161,484 859,053 Contracts payable 65,068 88,350 153,418 Accrued liabilities 264,922 26,454 291,376 Accrued interest payable - 3,811 3,811 Unearned revenue 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted - 16,436 16,436 Accrued interest - 16,436 16,436 Total current liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Due within one year 126,668 1,409,470 1,536,138 Due in more than one year 5,577,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total liabilities 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items	OPEB related items	18,342	4,531	22,873
Current liabilities	Total deferred outflows of resources	1,443,289	210,611	1,653,900
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable 697,569 161,484 859,053 Contracts payable 65,068 88,350 153,418 Accrued liabilities 264,922 26,454 291,376 Accrued interest payable - 3,811 3,811 Uncarned revenue 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted - 16,436 16,436 Accrued interest - 16,436 16,436 Total current liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities 5,577,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total liabilities 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources	Liabilities			
Contracts payable 65,068 88,350 153,418 Accrued liabilities 264,922 26,454 291,376 Accrued interest payable - 3,811 3,811 Unearned revenue 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted - 16,436 16,436 Total current liabilities - 16,436 16,436 Total current liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities 5,577,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,570,4325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total liabilities 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted	Current liabilities			
Accrued liabilities 264,922 26,454 291,376 Accrued interest payable - 3,811 3,811 Unearned revenue 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted - 16,436 16,436 Accrued interest - 16,436 16,436 Total current liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities 126,668 1,409,470 1,536,138 Due within one year 5,577,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total liabilities 6,732,402 11,471,342 18,203,744 Deferred outflows of resources 9,183,116 14,887,441 OPEB related items 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lase related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net position Net inves	Accounts payable	697,569	161,484	859,053
Accrued interest payable - 3,811 3,811 Unearned revenue 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted - 16,436 16,436 Accrued interest - 16,436 16,436 Total current liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities - 126,668 1,409,470 1,536,138 Due within one year 5,577,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total liabilities 6,732,402 11,471,342 18,203,744 Deferred outflows of resources 9,183,116 14,887,441 18,203,744 Deferred outflows of resources 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211	Contracts payable	65,068	88,350	153,418
Unearned revenue 518 1,991,691 1,992,209 Payable from restricted - 16,436 16,436 Total current liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities - 126,668 1,409,470 1,536,138 Due within one year 5,577,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total liabilities 6,732,402 11,471,342 18,203,744 Deferred outflows of resources Pension related items 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: Debt service - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 L	Accrued liabilities	264,922	26,454	291,376
Payable from restricted Accrued interest - 16,436 16,436 Total current liabilities 1,028,077 2,288,226 3,316,303 Noncurrent liabilities - 126,668 1,409,470 1,536,138 Due within one year 5,577,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total liabilities 6,732,402 11,471,342 18,203,744 Deferred outflows of resources 9ension related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943	Accrued interest payable	-	3,811	3,811
Accrued interest	Unearned revenue	518	1,991,691	1,992,209
Total current liabilities	Payable from restricted			
Noncurrent liabilities Due within one year 126,668 1,409,470 1,536,138	Accrued interest	-	16,436	16,436
Due within one year 126,668 1,409,470 1,536,138 Due in more than one year 5,577,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total liabilities 6,732,402 11,471,342 18,203,744 Deferred outflows of resources Pension related items 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,	Total current liabilities	1,028,077	2,288,226	3,316,303
Due in more than one year 5,577,657 7,773,646 13,351,303 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total liabilities 6,732,402 11,471,342 18,203,744 Deferred outflows of resources Pension related items 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: Debt service - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,14	Noncurrent liabilities			
Total noncurrent liabilities 5,704,325 9,183,116 14,887,441 Total liabilities 6,732,402 11,471,342 18,203,744 Deferred outflows of resources Pension related items 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: Debt service - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491	Due within one year	126,668	1,409,470	1,536,138
Deferred outflows of resources Pension related items 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: Debt service - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491	Due in more than one year	5,577,657	7,773,646	13,351,303
Deferred outflows of resources Pension related items 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: Debt service - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491	Total noncurrent liabilities	5,704,325	9,183,116	14,887,441
Pension related items 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: Debt service - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491	Total liabilities	6,732,402	11,471,342	18,203,744
Pension related items 395,253 57,163 452,416 OPEB related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: Debt service - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491				
OPEB related items 200,385 49,503 249,888 Lease related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Position Value 80,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491	Deferred outflows of resources			
Lease related items 42,907 - 42,907 Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: Debt service - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491	Pension related items	395,253	57,163	452,416
Total deferred outflows of resources 638,545 106,666 745,211 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491	OPEB related items	200,385	49,503	249,888
Net Position Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491		42,907		42,907
Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: Debt service - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491	Total deferred outflows of resources	638,545	106,666	745,211
Net investment in capital assets 4,861,126 6,460,165 11,321,291 Restricted for: Debt service - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491				
Restricted for: Debt service - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491				
Debt service - 49,432 49,432 Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491		4,861,126	6,460,165	11,321,291
Recreational land acquisition 232,768 - 232,768 Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491				
Library activities 7,943 - 7,943 Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491		-	49,432	
Infrastruture 395,450 - 395,450 Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491			-	
Law enforcement 6,909 - 6,909 Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491			-	
Building activities 1,983,038 - 1,983,038 Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491			-	
Unrestricted 5,828,342 5,140,149 10,968,491			-	
			-	
Total net position \$ 13,315,576 \$ 11,649,746 \$ 24,965,322				
	1 otal net position	\$ 13,315,576	\$ 11,649,746	\$ 24,965,322

See notes to the financial statements

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Program Revenues						
 Expenses		Charges For Services	-	and	-	al Grants and ributions	
\$ 2,763,923	\$	871,328	\$	19,230	\$	-	
9,227,697		1,677,171		41		-	
615,291		1,806		487		-	
452,626		564,392		-		-	
1,349		-		-		-	
13,060,886		3,114,697		19,758			
3,499,626		3,054,379		-		-	
1,289,509		1,370,646		-		-	
4,789,135		4,425,025				-	
\$ 17,850,021	\$	7,539,722	\$	19,758	\$	-	
\$	\$ 2,763,923 9,227,697 615,291 452,626 1,349 13,060,886 3,499,626 1,289,509 4,789,135	\$ 2,763,923 \$ 9,227,697 615,291 452,626 1,349 13,060,886 3,499,626 1,289,509 4,789,135	Expenses For Services \$ 2,763,923 \$ 871,328 9,227,697 1,677,171 615,291 1,806 452,626 564,392 1,349 - 13,060,886 3,114,697 3,499,626 3,054,379 1,289,509 1,370,646 4,789,135 4,425,025	Expenses Charges For Services Operation \$ 2,763,923 \$ 871,328 \$ 9,227,697 1,677,171 615,291 1,806 452,626 564,392 1,349 - 13,060,886 3,114,697 3,499,626 3,054,379 1,289,509 1,370,646 4,789,135 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 4,425,025 <td>Expenses Charges For Services Operating Grants and Contributions \$ 2,763,923 \$ 871,328 \$ 19,230 9,227,697 1,677,171 41 615,291 1,806 487 452,626 564,392 - 1,349 - - 13,060,886 3,114,697 19,758 3,499,626 3,054,379 - 1,289,509 1,370,646 - 4,789,135 4,425,025 -</td> <td>Charges Operating Grants Capit For and Contributions Contributions \$ 2,763,923 \$ 871,328 \$ 19,230 \$ 9,227,697 1,677,171 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 42 487 447 44 452,626 564,392 - - - 13,060,886 3,114,697 19,758 19,758 19,758 13,499,626 3,054,379 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -</td>	Expenses Charges For Services Operating Grants and Contributions \$ 2,763,923 \$ 871,328 \$ 19,230 9,227,697 1,677,171 41 615,291 1,806 487 452,626 564,392 - 1,349 - - 13,060,886 3,114,697 19,758 3,499,626 3,054,379 - 1,289,509 1,370,646 - 4,789,135 4,425,025 -	Charges Operating Grants Capit For and Contributions Contributions \$ 2,763,923 \$ 871,328 \$ 19,230 \$ 9,227,697 1,677,171 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 42 487 447 44 452,626 564,392 - - - 13,060,886 3,114,697 19,758 19,758 19,758 13,499,626 3,054,379 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	

General revenues:

Property taxes

Utility taxes

Franchise fees based on gross receipts

Sales and use taxes

Intergovernmental unrestricted

Investment earnings

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year, as restated

Net position, end of year

Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Total
\$ (1,873,365)	\$ -	\$ (1,873,365)
(7,550,485)	-	(7,550,485)
(612,998)	-	(612,998)
111,766	-	111,766
(1,349)	-	(1,349)
(9,926,431)	-	(9,926,431)
-	(445,247)	(445,247)
	81,137	81,137
_	(364,110)	(364,110)
(9,926,431)	(364,110)	(10,290,541)
9,623,432	-	9,623,432
500,817	-	500,817
536,327	-	536,327
765,634	-	765,634
150,226	-	150,226
8,708	3,824	12,532
6,650	-	6,650
52,776	-	52,776
(1,039,440)	1,039,440	-
10,605,130	1,043,264	11,648,394
678,699	679,154	1,357,853
12,636,877	10,970,592	23,607,469
\$ 13,315,576	\$ 11,649,746	\$ 24,965,322

See notes to the financial statements

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

	Major	r Funds	Nonmajor	Total	
		Building	Governmental	Governmental	
	General	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 820,966	\$ 158,355	\$ 50,176	\$ 1,029,497	
Investments	10,234,290	2,001,623	634,228	12,870,141	
Receivables (net)					
Accounts	232,067	-	-	232,067	
Due from other governments	57,186	-	39,393	96,579	
Lease	43,107	-	-	43,107	
Inventory	9,287	-	-	9,287	
Prepaids	2,274	11,128	-	13,402	
Total assets	\$ 11,399,177	\$ 2,171,106	\$ 723,797	\$ 14,294,080	
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 562,698	\$ 54,144	\$ 80,727	\$ 697,569	
Contracts payable	65,068	-	-	65,068	
Accrued liabilities	130,998	133,924	-	264,922	
Unearned revenue	518			518	
Total liabilities	759,282	188,068	80,727	1,028,077	
Deferred inflows of resources					
Lease related items	42,907			42,907	
Total deferred inflows of resources	42,907			42,907	
Fund balances					
Nonspendable					
Inventory	9,287	-	-	9,287	
Prepaids	2,274	-	-	2,274	
Leases	200	-	-	200	
Restricted for:					
Recreational land acquisition	-	-	232,768	232,768	
Library activities	-	-	7,943	7,943	
Infrastructure	-	-	395,450	395,450	
Law enforcement	-	-	6,909	6,909	
Building activities	-	1,983,038	-	1,983,038	
Assigned to:					
Budget stabilization	1,971,094	-	-	1,971,094	
Disaster recovery	1,971,094	-	-	1,971,094	
Fire rescue	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000	
Subsequent year expenditures	384,790	-	-	384,790	
Unassigned	2,258,249	- 1.000.000	-	2,258,249	
Total fund balances	10,596,988	1,983,038	643,070	13,223,096	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 11,399,177	\$ 2,171,106	\$ 723,797	\$ 14,294,080	

See notes to the financial statements

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

Fund balances total governmental funds		\$ 13,223,096
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	\$ 11,948,601 (6,999,447)	4,949,154
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Compensated absences Net pension liability Total other postemployment benefits liability Lease liability	(323,908) (5,275,802) (81,655) (22,960)	(5,704,325)
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plans and other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,424,947 18,342 (395,253)	(3,704,323)
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits	(200,385)	847,651
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 13,315,576

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Major Funds		Nonmajor	Total	
		Building	Governmental	Governmental	
	General	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 10,156,631	\$ -	\$ 355,923	\$ 10,512,554	
Permits and fees	536,327	1,659,660	-	2,195,987	
Intergovernmental	546,785	-	_	546,785	
Fines and forfeitures	6,577	-	41	6,618	
Rent	76,449	_	_	76,449	
Interest	7,291	1,046	371	8,708	
Charges for services	624,271	12,740	_	637,011	
Miscellaneous	868,472	-	487	868,959	
Total revenues	12,822,803	1,673,446	356,822	14,853,071	
Expenditures:					
Current					
General government	2,602,077	_	_	2,602,077	
Public safety	8,045,041	1,246,014	_	9,291,055	
Culture and recreation	398,250	-, ,	_	398,250	
Sanitation	449,221	_	_	449,221	
Capital outlay	244,017	72,681	335,355	652,053	
Debt service:	,	,,,,,	,	,	
Principal	63,086	1,997	_	65,083	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,265	84	_	1,349	
Total expenditures	11,802,957	1,320,776	335,355	13,459,088	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under expenditures)	1,019,846	352,670	21,467	1,393,983	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Lease financing proceeds	31,900	4,043	_	35,943	
Debt proceeds	52,100	-	_	52,100	
Transfers in	32,100	54,996	_	54,996	
Transfers out	(1,094,436)	-	_	(1,094,436)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,010,436)	59,039		(951,397)	
Total other maneing sources (uses)	(1,010,130)	27,037		(221,327)	
Net change in fund balances	9,410	411,709	21,467	442,586	
Fund balances, beginning of year	10,587,578	1,571,329	621,603	12,780,510	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 10,596,988	\$ 1,983,038	\$ 643,070	\$ 13,223,096	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds		\$ 442,586
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense:		
Expenditures for capital assets Less: current year depreciation and amortization	\$ 694,180 (367,171)	327,009
Capital assets donated to the Town		40,000
Governmental funds report revenue when earned and available. However, the government-wide statements recognize revenue when earned, regardless of availability.		
Prior year unavailable revenue		(114,046)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position.		
Lease financing proceeds Debt proceeds Principal payments on debt	(35,943) (52,100) 65,083	(22,960)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in compensated absences payable Change in net pension liability and related deferred amounts Change in total other postemployment benefits liability	59,238 (58,222)	(110
and related deferred amounts	 5,094	 6,110
Change in net position		\$ 678,699

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2022

	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Totals
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 242,908	\$ 226,636	\$ 469,544
Investments	3,902,974	2,864,712	6,767,686
Accounts receivable (net)	617,033	245,878	862,911
Prepaid items	2,000	-	2,000
Supplies inventory	7,675	-	7,675
Restricted Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	65,868		65,868
Total current assets	4,838,458	3,337,226	8,175,684
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets			
Depreciable	5 550 005	1.505.504	0.455.540
Building and improvements	7,752,035	1,725,534	9,477,569
Improvements other than buildings	12,331,348	1,570,415	13,901,763
Equipment	7,934,549	455,886	8,390,435
Less accumulated depreciation	(13,781,211)	(3,147,097)	(16,928,308)
Total noncurrent assets	14,236,721	604,738	14,841,459
Total assets	19,075,179	3,941,964	23,017,143
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension related items	206,080		206,080
OPEB related items	4,531		4,531
Total deferred outflows of resources	210.611		210,611
Total deferred outflows of resources	210,011		210,011
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	78,148	83,336	161,484
Contracts payable	21,650	66,700	88,350
Accrued liabilities	26,454		26,454
Accrued interest payable	3,811	_	3,811
Unearned revenue	603,799	1,387,892	1,991,691
Compensated absences payable	32,099	-	32,099
Payable from restricted	- ,		- ,
Accrued interest	16,436	-	16,436
Current portion of long-term debt	1,377,371	_	1,377,371
Total current liabilities	2,159,768	1,537,928	3,697,696
Non-current liabilities			
Compensated absences payable	74,898		74,898
Net pension liability	763,003		763,003
Total OPEB liability	20,172		20,172
Long-term debt	6,915,573	_	6,915,573
Total non-current liabilities	7,773,646		7,773,646
Total liabilities	9,933,414	1,537,928	11,471,342
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension related items	57,163	-	57,163
OPEB related items	49,503	-	49,503
Total deferred intflows of resources	106,666		106,666
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	5,922,127	538,038	6,460,165
Restricted for debt service	49,432	-	49,432
Unrestricted	3,274,151	1,865,998	5,140,149
Total net position	\$ 9,245,710	\$ 2,404,036	\$ 11,649,746

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Water Sewer Utility Utility			Total
Operating revenue	 	-		
Charges for services	\$ 2,834,379	\$	1,370,646	\$ 4,205,025
Administrative fee	220,000		-	220,000
Total operating revenues	3,054,379		1,370,646	4,425,025
Operating expenses				
Personnel services	955,497		-	955,497
Sewage disposal costs	-		898,425	898,425
Contractual services	25,681		17,564	43,245
Maintenance and repair	155,697		4,414	160,111
Meters and supplies	238,811		-	238,811
Utilities	287,327		38,345	325,672
Depreciation	804,582		65,859	870,441
Administrative charges	550,000		220,000	770,000
Professional services	54,671		26,202	80,873
Other	 221,373		18,700	 240,073
Total operating expenses	 3,293,639		1,289,509	 4,583,148
Operating income (loss)	(239,260)		81,137	 (158,123)
Nonoperating revenues				
(expenses)				
Interest revenue	2,330		1,494	3,824
Interest expense	 (205,987)		<u> </u>	 (205,987)
Total nonoperating				
revenues (expenses)	 (203,657)		1,494	 (202,163)
Income (loss) before				
contributions and transfers	 (442,917)		82,631	 (360,286)
Transfers in	 1,039,440			 1,039,440
Change in net position	596,523		82,631	679,154
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	8,649,187		2,321,405	10,970,592
Net position, end of year	\$ 9,245,710	\$	2,404,036	\$ 11,649,746

See notes to the financial statements

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Water	Sewer	Totala
Cash flows from operating activities:	Utility	Utility	Totals
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,701,791	\$ 1,349,462	\$ 4,051,253
Receipts from interfund services provided	220,000	φ 1,549,402 -	220,000
Payments to suppliers	(911,762)	(995,068)	(1,906,830)
Payments for interfund services used	(550,000)	(220,000)	(770,000)
Payments to employees	(972,348)	(220,000)	(972,348)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	487,681	134,394	622,075
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Transfers from other funds	1,039,440		1,039,440
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	1,039,440		1,039,440
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Grant receipts	316,559	694,461	1,011,020
Principal paid on long-term debt	(1,341,144)	-	(1,341,144)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(208,080)	-	(208,080)
Payments to acquire and construct capital assets	(223,967)	(170,980)	(394,947)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(1,456,632)	523,481	(933,151)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest and dividends on investments	2,330	1,494	3,824
Purchase of investments	(2,687,559)	(2,150,551)	(4,838,110)
Net cash provided by investing activities	(2,685,229)	(2,149,057)	(4,834,286)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,614,740)	(1,491,182)	(4,105,922)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,923,516	1,717,818	4,641,334
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 308,776	\$ 226,636	\$ 535,412
Reconciliation to the statement of net position:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 242,908	\$ 226,636	\$ 469,544
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	65,868	_	65,868
	\$ 308,776	\$ 226,636	\$ 535,412
	+ 200,770	+ 220,030	+ 222,112

(continued)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

(Continued)

	Water Utility			Sewer		
			Utility			Totals
Reconciliation of operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(239,260)	\$	81,137	\$	(158,123)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		804,582		65,859		870,441
Changes in net pension liability and deferred items		1,512		-		1,512
Changes in OPEB liability and deferred items		(17,492)		-		(17,492)
(Increase) decrease in:						
Accounts receivable		(132,588)		(21,184)		(153,772)
Prepaids		119		-		119
Increase (decrease) in:						
Accounts payable		71,679		8,582		80,261
Accrued liabilities		11,196		-		11,196
Compensated absences		(12,067)		-		(12,067)
Total adjustments		726,941		53,257		780,198
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	487,681	\$	134,394	\$	622,075



NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Highland Beach, Florida (the Town) was incorporated in 1949 pursuant to Senate Bill No. 418. The Town is governed by a Town Commission comprised of an elected Mayor, Vice Mayor and three Town Commissioners. The Town Commission appoints a Town Manager. The Town provides the following services: public safety, water and sewer systems, sanitation, streets and roads, planning and zoning, library, contract postal substation, and general administrative services.

The basic financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements include the Town (the primary government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the Town is financially accountable. The Town is financially accountable if:

- a) the Town appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Town is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town, or
- b) the organization is fiscally dependent on the Town and (1) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to the Town or (2) impose specific financial burdens on the Town.

Organizations for which the Town is not financially accountable are also included when doing so is necessary in order to prevent the Town's financial statements from being misleading.

Based upon application of the above criteria, management of the Town has determined that no component units exist which would require inclusion in this report. Further, the Town is not aware of any entity that would consider the Town to be a component unit.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Town. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and enterprise funds. The major individual governmental fund and the major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the enterprise fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Franchise fees, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources applicable to the general operations of the Town government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Building Fund

The Building Fund is used to account for the activities of the building permit department.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility System Fund

The Water Utility System Fund accounts for the activities of providing water treatment and distribution service to the property owners of the Town.

Sewer Utility System Fund

The Sewer Utility System Fund accounts for the operation of the sewage pumping stations and collection systems to customers inside the Town's boundaries.

Additionally, the Town reports the following non-major funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Town reports the following special revenue funds:

Open Space and Recreation Land Fund Library Donation Fund Law Enforcement Fund Infrastructure Surtax Fund

The Infrastructure Surtax Fund has a legally adopted budget. The remaining non-major special revenue funds do not have legally adopted budgets.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Town's utility functions and various other functions of the Town and charges between the General Fund and the Building Fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Enterprise funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's water and sewer utility funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Pooled Cash and Investments

Pooled cash and investments include cash on hand and investments with the State Board Investment Pool. Resources of all funds have been combined into a pooled cash and investment system for the purpose of maximizing earnings. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly based upon equity balances of the individual funds.

Investments are stated at fair value, except as discussed below. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. For some assets and liabilities, observable market transactions or market information might be available; for others, it might not be available. However, the objective of fair value measurement in both cases is the same, that is, to determine the price at which an orderly transaction to sell the asset or to transfer the liability would take place between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value is an exit price at the measurement date from the perspective of a market participant that controls the asset or is obligated for the liability. The Town categorizes investments reported at fair value in accordance with the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

<u>Pooled Cash and Investments</u> (Continued)

Investments include amounts held in the Florida PRIME external investment pool administered by the State Board of Administration and two money market mutual fund The Town reports its investment in Florida PRIME and the money market funds at amortized cost in accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Investments reported at amortized cost are exempt from the GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. disclosures.

Cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows, includes pooled cash and investments which are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from other governments and others for services provided by the Town. Receivables are recorded and revenues are recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances for uncollectible receivables are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of receivables.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. In the governmental funds, prepaid items are recorded using the consumption method and are offset by the nonspendable fund balance component which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources," even though they are a component of current assets.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories in the enterprise funds consist of expendable parts and supplies held for consumption. The initial cost is recorded as an asset at the time the individual items are purchased and is charged against operations in the period when used. Inventories in the governmental funds consist of fuel. The Town accounts for these inventories using the consumption method, under which an expenditure is recognized only when inventory items are used. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that it does not constitute "available spendable resources" even though it is a component of net current assets.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, bike paths, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated life in excess of one year. Purchased capital assets are recorded at fair value on the acquisition date. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. The Town has elected to retroactively apply the capitalization requirements of GASB Statement No. 34 to major general infrastructure assets acquired in years prior to implementation of the Statement.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	5-50 years
Equipment and vehicles	3-10 years
Library books and materials	3-5 years

Leases

Lease contracts that provide the Town with control of a non-financial asset, such as land, buildings, or equipment, for a period of time in excess of twelve months are reported as an intangible right to use lease asset with a related lease liability. The lease liability is recorded at the present value of future lease payments, including fixed payments, variable payments based on an index or fixed rate and reasonably certain residual guarantees. The intangible right to use leased asset is recorded for the same amount as the related lease liability plus any prepayments and initial direct costs to place the asset in service. Leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term. The lease liability is reduced for lease payments made, less the interest portion of the lease payment.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Lease contracts that provide an external entity with control of the Town's non-financial asset, such as land, buildings, or equipment, for a period of time in excess of twelve months are reported as a leased receivable with a related lease deferred inflow of resources. The lease receivable is recorded at the present value of future lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. The lease deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the same amount as the related lease receivable less any lease incentives. Leased deferred inflow of resources are amortized over the lease term. The lease receivable is reduced for lease payments made, less the interest portion of the lease payment.

Compensated Absences

The Town's employees are granted compensated absence pay for vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service. Unused compensated absences are payable upon separation from service. Vacation and sick pay are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and Enterprise Fund financial statements. A liability is reported in the governmental funds only if it has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirement. The General Fund is used to liquidate such amounts.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and enterprise funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or enterprise fund statement of net assets. Fees incurred in connection with loans are expensed when incurred.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents an increase in assets prior to eligibility criteria being met.

Unavailable Revenue

The government reports unavailable revenue on its governmental funds balance sheet for resource inflows that do not qualify for recognition as revenue in a governmental fund because they are not yet considered available.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town currently reports deferred outflows of resources for pension related items and other postemployment benefits related items.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town currently reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items, other postemployment benefits related items, and lease related items.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported under the following categories:

1. Nonspendable fund balances – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. However, if the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned, then they should be included in the appropriate fund balance classification (restricted, committed, or assigned), rather than the nonspendable fund balance. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

- 2. Restricted fund balance Includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed fund balance Includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Town Commission by the adoption of an ordinance, the Town's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action employed to previously commit those amounts.
- 4. Assigned fund balance Includes amounts the Town intends to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Under the Town's adopted policy, assignments can be made by action of the Town Commission or authority may be delegated to the Town Manager.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance Includes the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The Town Commission has assigned fund balance for budget stabilization for the purpose of protection against cash flow shortfalls related to the timing of projected revenue receipts and to maintain a budget stabilization commitment. This amount shall be equal to but not less than 16.67% of General Fund operating expenditures, net of funds set aside for reserves.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

The Town Commission has assigned fund balance for disaster recovery in order to provide the resources necessary to ensure continued operations and maintenance of services to the public. This amount shall be equal to but not less than 16.67% of General Fund operating expenditures, net of funds set aside for reserves.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it is the Town's policy to reduce restricted amounts first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the Town's policy to reduce committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

In addition, the Town Commission has assigned \$4,000,0000 to assist with the cost of establishment and operation of the Highland Beach Fire Rescue Department. The assignment also includes amounts under the True-Up provision of the Fire Rescue contract with the City of Delray Beach to provide for future increases in the contract. No specific percentage is assigned. The amount assigned is based on the amount received from the City of Delray Beach. For the current fiscal year, the assigned amount is \$4,000,000.

Disbursement of committed or assigned fund balances shall be authorized by a resolution of the Town Commission and may be approved by inclusion in the approved annual budget (and amendments thereto), or shall be authorized pursuant to any ordinances, resolutions or procedures adopted by the Town Commission (such as the Town's procurement code).

Net Position

Net position is the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. It is the difference between (a) assets plus deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Net position is displayed in the following three components:

1. Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Net Position (Continued)

- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by: (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions of enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Use of Estimates

The financial statements and related disclosures are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenue and expenses during the period reported. These estimates include assessing the collectability of accounts receivable, the use and recoverability of inventory, and useful lives and impairment of tangible and intangible assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Encumbrances

Budgets in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders, contracts, or other forms of legal commitments. Appropriations expire at year end, even if encumbered, but it is the Town's policy to reappropriate such amounts at the beginning of the next fiscal year.

Implementation of Accounting Standards

The Town implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements during the current fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting that is based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. See Note 17.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Implementation of Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The requirements of this Statement will result in more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The Town implemented the provisions of this statement related to Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans in the current fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This Statement enhances the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Implementation of this Statement did not impact the Town's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This Statement enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant impact on the Town's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. This Statement will enhance comparability in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements and will improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an Interbank Offered Rate (IBOR) for agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an IBOR. Implementation of this Statement did not impact the Town's financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

A brief description of new accounting pronouncements that might have a significant impact on the Town's financial statements is presented below. Management is currently evaluating the impact of adoption of these statements in the Town's financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Recently Issued Accounting Standards</u> (Continued)

In May 2019 the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This Statement will provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and related note disclosures. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

In March 2020 the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and availability payment arrangements (APAs) and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

In May 2020 the GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

In April 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The requirements of this Statement will enhance comparability in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements and will improve the consistency of authoritative literature. Consistent authoritative literature enables governments and other stakeholders to more easily locate and apply the correct accounting and financial reporting provisions, which improves the consistency with which such provisions are applied. The comparability of financial statements also will improve as a result of this Statement. Better consistency and comparability improve the usefulness of information for users of state and local government financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective as follows:

- The requirements related to leases, public-private and public-public partnerships, and subscription-based information technology arrangements are effective for fiscal years ending September 30, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.
- The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years ending September 30, 2024, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Recently Issued Accounting Standards</u> (Continued)

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. The requirements of this Statement will improve the clarity of the accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections, which will result in greater consistency in application in practice. In turn, more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information will be provided to financial statement users for making decisions or assessing accountability. In addition, the display and note disclosure requirements will result in more consistent, decision useful, understandable, and comprehensive information for users about accounting changes and error corrections. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years ending September 30, 2024, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The unified recognition and measurement model in this Statement will result in a liability for compensated absences that more appropriately reflects when a government incurs an obligation. In addition, the model can be applied consistently to any type of compensated absence and will eliminate potential comparability issues between governments that offer different types of leave. The model also will result in a more robust estimate of the amount of compensated absences that a government will pay or settle, which will enhance the relevance and reliability of information about the liability for compensated absences. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years ending September 30, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

NOTE 2 - PROPERTYTAXES

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector, respectively. All property is reassessed according to its fair market value on January 1 of each year and each assessment roll is submitted to the State Department of Revenue for review to determine if the assessment rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of State law. The assessed value of property within the corporate limits of the Town at January 1, 2021, upon which the levy for the current fiscal year was based, was approximately \$2.74 billion. State Statutes permit municipalities to levy ad valorem property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills.

The tax levy of the Town is established by the Commission prior to October 1 of each year during the budget process. The Palm Beach County Property Appraiser incorporates the Town's millage into the total tax levy, which includes the County, County School Board, and special district tax requirements. The millage rate assessed by the Town for the year ended September 30, 2022, was 3.6249 (\$3.6249 for each \$1,000 of assessed valuation).

NOTE 2 – PROPERTYTAXES (Continued)

Taxes may be paid less a 4% discount in November or at declining discounts each month through the month of February. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Delinquent taxes bear interest at 18% per year until the tax is satisfied either by seizure and sale of the property or by the five-year statute of limitations. Liens are filed on April 1 and tax certificates are sold July 1 to satisfy the lien. After sale, tax certificates bear interest at 18% per year or at any lower rate bid by the buyer. Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the certificate holder after a period of two years. Unsold certificates are held by the County.

The Town does not accrue property taxes receivable based on the County's allocation of the Town's portion of County-held certificates for prior years, since they are immaterial.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under Florida Statutes Chapter 280, *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act*, the State Treasurer requires all Florida qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral. In the event of failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. The Town's deposits at year end are considered insured for custodial credit risk purposes.

Investments

The Town has adopted an investment policy to establish guidelines for the efficient management of its cash reserves. The policy permits investments as follows:

- 1. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, as provided in Chapter 163, Florida Statutes.
- 2. Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.
- 4. Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Investments</u> (Continued)

- 5. Securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management-type investment company, provided that the portfolio of such investment company or investment trust is limited to obligations of the United States Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof, and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States Government obligations.
- 6. Repurchase agreements whose underlying purchased securities consist of the permitted investments listed above.
- 7. Other investments authorized by ordinance of the Town of Highland Beach.

GASB 72 requires governments to disclose the fair value hierarchy for each type of asset or liability measured at fair value in the notes to the financial statements. The standard also requires governments to disclose a description of the valuation techniques used in the fair value measurement and any significant changes in valuation techniques. GASB 72 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy is based on valuation inputs used to measure the fair value as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs are directly observable, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These inputs are derived from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or by other means.
- Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs used only when relevant Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are unavailable.

The level in which an asset is assigned is not indicative of its quality but an indication of the source of valuation inputs.

The State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the Florida PRIME investment pool, which is governed by Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code and Chapters 218 and 215 of the Florida Statutes. These rules provide guidance and establish the policies and general operating procedures for the administration of the Florida PRIME. The investment in Florida PRIME is reported at amortized cost in accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools* (GASB 79). The investment in the Florida PRIME is not insured by FDIC or any other governmental agency.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Investments</u> (Continued)

GASB 79 requires that if a participant has an investment in a qualifying external investment pool that measures for financial reporting purposes all of its investments at amortized cost it should disclose the presence of any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals (such as redemption notice periods, maximum transaction amounts, and the qualifying external investment pool's authority to impose liquidity fees or redemption gates) in notes to the financial statements.

With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2022, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

As of September 30, 2022, the Town held the following investments.

Investments by Fair Value Level	Balance	I	evel 1	Level 2	L	evel 3
U.S. Treasury Bills	\$ 698,005	\$	-	\$ 698,005	\$	_
U.S. Treasury Cash Management Bills	2,096,248		-	2,096,248		-
U.S. Treasury Notes	8,114,461		-	8,114,461		-
•	10,908,714	\$	-	\$ 10,908,714	\$	-
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost						
Florida PRIME Investment Pool	7,916,162					
Federated Hermes Government Obligations Fund	800,734					
Federated Government Obligations Fund	12,217					
Total Investments	\$ 19,637,827					

Debt securities classified in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing values securities based on the securities relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

As of September 30, 2022, the weighted average maturity and credit ratings Town's invesements are as follows:

		Weighted Average	Credit
Investment	Balance	Maturity	Rating
Florida PRIME Investment Pool	\$ 7,916,162	21 days	AAAm Standard & Poor's
Federated Government Obligations Fund	12,217	23 days	AAAmmf Fitch
Federated Hermes Government Obligations Fund	800,734	23 days	AAAmmf Fitch
U.S. Treasury Bills	698,005	41 days	AAAf Fitch
U.S. Treasury Cash Management Bills	2,096,248	25 days	AAAf Fitch
U.S. Treasury Notes	8,114,461	442 days	AAAf Fitch
•	\$ 19,637,827	·	

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All securities held by a third-party custodian are required to be designated as an asset of the Town. Securities transactions between a broker-dealer and the custodian involving the purchase or sale of securities must be made on a "delivery versus payment" basis to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in hand at the conclusion of the transaction. Investments in open-end mutual funds and external investment pools are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Town's investment policies limit its investments to safest types of securities to control credit risk. As of September 30, 2022, all the Town's investments were rated AAA.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town structures the investment portfolio so that the securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools.

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables for the Town's individual major funds and non-major governmental fund, including applicable allowances, as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

			Inf	rastructure	Water	Sewer	
	(General		Surtax	Utility	Utility	
		Fund		Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Receivables:							
Accounts - billed	\$	232,066	\$	-	\$ 99,606	\$ 15,501	\$ 347,173
Accounts - unbilled		-		-	571,427	240,077	811,504
Intergovernmental		57,186		39,393	-	-	96,579
Lease		43,107		-	-	-	43,107
Total Receivables		332,359		39,393	671,033	255,578	1,298,363
Less Allowance for							
Uncollectible Amounts		-		-	(54,000)	(9,700)	(63,700)
Net Total Receivables	\$	332,359	\$	39,393	\$ 617,033	\$ 245,878	\$ 1,234,663

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
Governmental Activities	Balance	Additions	Deletions		Balance
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 323,889	\$ -	\$ -	\$	323,889
Construction in Progress	 -	209,974	-		209,974
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 323,889	209,974	-		533,863
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings	5,277,870	-	-		5,277,870
Improvements other than buildings	3,236,464	18,322	(8,730)		3,246,056
Equipment, furniture, and books	 2,562,777	469,941	(177,849)		2,854,869
Total capital assets being depreciated	11,077,111	488,263	(186,579)		11,378,795
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(2,778,716)	(121,603)	_		(2,900,319)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,824,125)	(87,610)	8,730		(1,903,005)
Equipment, furniture, and books	(2,216,014)	(144,684)	177,849		(2,182,849)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,818,855)	(353,897)	186,579		(6,986,173)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	4,258,256	134,366	-		4,392,622
Capital assets being amoritzed					
Intangible assets - leased equipment	_	35,943	_		35,943
Less accumulated amortization	_	(13,274)			(13,274)
Total capital assets being amortized, net	 _	22,669	_		22,669
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,582,145	\$ 367,009	\$ -	\$	4,949,154
1					
	Beginning				Ending
Business-type Activities	Balance	Additions	Deletions		Balance
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings	\$ 9,472,041	\$ 5,528	\$ -	\$	9,477,569
Improvements other than buildings	13,518,607	393,018	(9,862)		13,901,763
Equipment and furniture	 8,310,253	84,751	(4,569)		8,390,435
Total capital assets being depreciated	 31,300,901	483,297	(14,431)		31,769,767
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(5,006,701)	(203,101)	_		(5,209,802)
Improvements other than buildings	(4,230,423)	(374,317)	9,862		(4,594,878)
Equipment and furniture	(6,835,174)	(293,023)	4,569		(7,123,628)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (16,072,298)	(870,441)	14,431	- ((16,928,308)
•			11,131		_
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 15,228,603	(387,144)	_		14,841,459
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 15,228,603	\$ (387,144)	\$ -	\$	14,841,459

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

For the year ended September 30, 2022 depreciation and amortization expense were charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	Depreciation Amortization
General government	\$ 156,557 \$ 8,208
Public safety	125,485 4,043
Culture and recreation	69,091 1,023
Public works	2,764 -
Governmental activities total	\$ 353,897 \$ 13,274
	Depreciation Amortization
Business-type Activities	
Water Utility System	\$ 804,582 \$ -
Sewer Utility System	65,859 -
Business-type activities total	\$ 870,441 \$ -

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Transfers			Transfers	
Fund		In	Out		
Major Fund					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,094,436	
Building Fund		54,996		_	
Water Utility Fund		1,039,440		-	
Total Interfund Transfers	\$	1,094,436	\$	1,094,436	

Transactions for services rendered or facilities provided are recorded as revenue in the receiving fund and expenditures in the disbursing fund. Transactions to transfer revenue or contributions from the fund budgeted to receive them to the fund budgeted to expend them are recorded as transfers in and out.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the year ended September 30, 2022, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

During the year ended September 30	, 2022, the fo	llowing char	iges occurred	in long-ter	m liabilities:
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Governmental Activities	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements:					
Revenue note, series 2022	\$ -	\$ 52,100	\$ (52,100)	\$ -	\$ -
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements		52,100	(52,100)	=	=
Net pension liability	1,789,039	3,486,763	-	5,275,802	-
Leases payable	-	35,943	(12,983)	22,960	13,300
Other postemployment benefits	155,759	-	(74,104)	81,655	-
Compensated absences	383,146	134,868	(194,106)	323,908	113,368
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 2,327,944	\$ 3,709,674	\$ (333,293)	\$ 5,704,325	\$ 126,668
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Business-type Activities	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements:					
Promissory note, Series 2007	\$ 1,942,817	\$ -	\$ (234,207)	\$ 1,708,610	\$ 242,323
Revolving fund loan DW 500200	1,566,632	-	(155,219)	1,411,413	159,627
Revolving fund loan DW 500201	415,786	-	(41,554)	374,232	42,645
Revolving fund loan DW 500210	3,939,753	-	(217,624)	3,722,129	220,199
Revolving fund loan DW 500901	1,769,100	_	(692,540)	1,076,560	712,577
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements	9,634,088	=	(1,341,144)	8,292,944	1,377,371
Net pension liability	355,418	407,585	-	763,003	-
Other postemployment benefits	36,873	-	(16,701)	20,172	-
Compensated absences	119,064	55,675	(67,742)	106,997	32,099
<u> -</u>					
Total Business-type Activities	\$10,145,443	\$ 463,260	\$(1,425,587)	\$ 9,183,116	\$ 1,409,470

Interest Expense

Total interest costs incurred and paid on all Town debt for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$205,987 and \$208,086, respectively. No interest cost was capitalized during the year.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Long-term debt as of September 30, 2022, consists of the following individual issues:

Promissory Note, 2007

The \$4,400,000 promissory note was obtained for the purpose of financing the expansion of the Town's water treatment plant. As of September 30, 2014, proceeds in the amount of \$4,299,000 have been received from the note. Interest only is due for the first twenty-four months. Thereafter, interest and principal is due in monthly installments through February, 2029. For the interest only period, the annual interest rate shall be 0.67% plus 63.7% of the LIBOR. After the interest only period, the interest rate will be a fixed rate at 84% of the ask yield on the non-callable U.S. Treasury obligation with a maturity closest to but not less than 10 years after the Fixed Rate Conversion Date, as quoted in the Wall Street Journal on the date two business days before the Fixed Rate Conversion Date. As of September 30, 2014, the interest rate was 3.41%. Based on the rate as of September 30, 2022, annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30	P	Principal	Interest]	Payment
2023	\$	242,323	\$ 54,557	\$	296,880
2024		250,726	46,154		296,880
2025		259,420	37,460		296,880
2026		268,415	28,465		296,880
2027		277,722	19,158		296,880
2028-2029		410,004	10,578		420,582
Total	\$:	1,708,610	\$ 196,372	\$ 1	1,904,982

\$5,050,000 Revenue Note, Series 2022

In June 2022, the Town issued the Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Note Series 2022, in the principal amount not to exceed \$5,050,000 to provide for the construction and equipping of new fire station and related costs; covenanting to budget and appropriate funds from legally available non-ad valorem revenues to repay the Note. The Town received a draw in the amount of \$52,100 upon issuance of the Note to pay costs of issuing the Note. The balance of the proceeds of the Note will be received on a draw-down basis to pay construction costs for the new fire station. The Note bears interest at a variable rate not to exceed 5.00%.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

\$5,050,000 Revenue Note, Series 2022 (Continued)

The loan agreement includes a provision that upon an event of default the lender may recover from the Town all expenses incurred including without limitation reasonable attorneys' fees, at all levels of the proceedings, whether incurred in connection with collection, bankruptcy proceedings, trial, appeal or otherwise. Provided, that acceleration shall not be an available remedy.

State Revolving Fund Loan - DW 502901

The State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection, State Revolving Fund Loan was obtained for the purpose of constructing a reverse osmosis water treatment facility. The loan is payable from and secured by ad valorem taxes. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year was \$738,424 and pledged ad valorem taxes were \$9,623,432. At September 30, 2022, principal and interest to maturity in 2024 to be paid from pledged future revenues totaled \$1,107,636. As of September 30, 2022, outstanding principal, including capitalized interest, was \$1,076,560. The loan bears interest at 2.87%. The Town must fix, establish, maintain and collect ad valorem taxes which will at least equal 115% of the debt service requirements each fiscal year plus 100% of all additional debt service requirements.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending						
September 30	P	Principal]	Interest]	Payment
2023	\$	712,577	\$	25,847	\$	738,424
2024		363,983		5,229		369,212
Total	\$ 1	1,076,560	\$	31,076	\$ 1	1,107,636

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

State Revolving Fund Loan – DW 500200

The State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection, State Revolving Fund Loan was obtained for the project referred to as the State Road A1A Water Transmission Main Replacement. The loan is payable from and secured by ad valorem taxes. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year was \$198,311 and pledged ad valorem taxes were \$9,623,432. At September 30, 2022, principal and interest to maturity in 2030 to be paid from pledged future revenues totaled \$1,584,487. As of September 30, 2022, outstanding principal, including capitalized interest, was \$1,411,413. The loan bears interest at 2.82%. The Town must fix, establish, maintain, and collect ad valorem taxes which will at least equal 115% of the debt service requirements each fiscal year plus 100% of all additional debt service requirements.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30	P	Principal	Interest]	Payment
2023	\$	159,627	\$ 38,684	\$	198,311
2024		164,160	34,151		198,311
2025		168,822	29,489		198,311
2026		173,616	24,695		198,311
2027		178,546	19,765		198,311
2028-2030		566,642	28,290		594,932
Total	\$ 1	1,411,413	\$ 175,074	\$ 1	1,586,487

State Revolving Fund Loan - DW500201

The State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection, State Revolving Fund Loan was obtained for the project referred to as the State Road A1A Water Transmission Main Replacement. The loan is payable from and secured by ad valorem taxes. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year was \$52,136 and pledged ad valorem taxes were \$9,623,432. At September 30, 2022, principal and interest to maturity in 2030 to be paid from pledged future revenues totaled \$417,089. As of September 30, 2022, outstanding principal, including capitalized interest, was \$374,232. The loan bears interest at 2.61%. The Town must fix, establish, maintain, and collect ad valorem taxes which will at least equal 115% of the debt service requirements each fiscal year plus 100% of all additional debt service requirements.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

State Revolving Fund Loan - DW500201

Annual debt service requirements to maturity as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30	F	Principal	Interest]	Payment
2023	\$	42,645	\$ 9,491	\$	52,136
2024		43,765	8,371		52,136
2025		44,915	7,221		52,136
2026		46,095	6,041		52,136
2027		47,306	4,830		52,136
2028-2030		149,506	6,903		156,409
Total	\$	374,232	\$ 42,857	\$	417,089

State Revolving Fund Loan - DW500210

The State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection, State Revolving Fund Loan was obtained for the project referred to as the Water Infrastructure Improvement Projects. The loan is payable from and secured by ad valorem taxes. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year was \$263,473, and pledged ad valorem taxes were \$9,623,432. The loan agreement award is for a total of \$4,702,856. At September 30, 2022, principal and interest to maturity in 2038 to be paid from pledged future revenues totaled \$4,083,827. As of September 30, 2022, outstanding principal, including capitalized interest, was \$3,722,129. The loan bears interest at 1.18%. The Town must fix, establish, maintain, and collect ad valorem taxes which will at least equal 115% of the debt service requirements each fiscal year plus 100% of all additional debt service requirements.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

State Revolving Fund Loan - DW500210

Annual debt service requirements to maturity as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending			
September 30	Principal	Interest	Payment
2023	\$ 220,199	\$ 43,274	\$ 263,473
2024	222,805	40,668	263,473
2025	225,442	38,031	263,473
2026	228,110	35,363	263,473
2027	230,810	32,663	263,473
2028-2032	1,195,675	121,688	1,317,363
2033-2037	1,268,123	49,240	1,317,363
2038	130,965	771	131,736
Total	\$ 3,722,129	\$ 361,698	\$ 4,083,827

State Revolving Fund Loans - Remedies Upon Any Event of Default

The State Revolving Fund Loan Agreements contain provisions that upon an event of default and subject to the rights of others having prior liens on the Pledged Revenues, the Department may enforce its rights by any of the following remedies:

- 1. By mandamus or other proceeding at law or in equity, cause to establish rates and collect fees and charges for use of the Water System, and to require the Town to fulfill the Loan Agreement.
- 2. By action or suit in equity, require the Town to account for all moneys received from the Department or from the ownership of the Project and to account for the receipt, use, application, or disposition of the Pledged Revenues.
- 3. By action or suit in equity, enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the Department.
- 4. By applying to a court of competent jurisdiction, cause to appoint a receiver to manage the Project, establish and collect fees and charges, and apply the revenues to the reduction of the obligations under the Loan Agreement.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

State Revolving Fund Loans - Remedies Upon Any Event of Default

- 5. By certifying to the Auditor General and the Chief Financial Officer delinquency on loan repayments, the Department may intercept the delinquent amount plus six percent. expressed as an annual interest rate, penalty of the amount due to the Department from any unobligated funds due to the Town under any revenue or lax sharing fund established by the State, except as otherwise provided by the State Constitution. Penalty interest shall accrue on any amount due and payable beginning on the 30th day following the date upon which payment is due.
- 6. By notifying financial market credit rating agencies and potential creditors.
- 7. By suing for payment of amounts due, or becoming due, with interest on overdue payments together with all costs of collection, including attorneys' fees.
- 8. By accelerating the repayment schedule or increasing the interest rate on the unpaid principal of the Loans to as much as 1.667 times the Loan interest rates for default.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

Town of Highland Beach Retirement Plan

The Town of Highland Beach Retirement Plan is a defined contribution Money Purchase 401(a) Plan established by the Town to provide benefits at retirement to the employees of the Town. Employees' interest in the Town's contributions vest as follows:

Employees hired before	September 30, 1991
Years of Service	Percent Vested
1	50%
2	75%
3	100%
Employees hired after	September 30, 1991
Employees hired after Years of Service	September 30, 1991 Percent Vested
Years of Service	Percent Vested
Years of Service	Percent Vested 33%

NOTE 8 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS (Continued)

Town of Highland Beach Retirement Plan (Continued)

The sole employee covered by the Plan retired in January 2020. The Town is required to contribute 8% of each eligible employee's base salary. Plan members are required to contribute 2% of their base salary. If an employee contributes an additional 1% of base salary, the Town will contribute an additional 2% of the employee's base salary. If an employee contributes an additional 2% of base salary, the Town will contribute an additional 4% of the employee's base salary. For the year ended September 30, 2022, there were no contributions to the Plan.

Plan revisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Town Commission. The Plan is administered by the International City Management Association Retirement Corporation, which provides various pooled investment alternatives. Participants direct the allocation of contributions to investment alternatives offered under the Plan. Because the Town does not hold or administer funds for the Plan, the Plan does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the Town's financial statements as a fiduciary fund.

On August 2, 2005, the Town approved Resolutions 841 and 842 regarding participation in retirement plans for the Town's employees. Resolution 841 established the policy that all general employees of the Town, except those excluded by law, shall participate in the Florida Retirement System effective October 1, 2005. Resolution 842 amended the Money Purchase Pension Plan effective October 1, 2005. Plan assets were transferred directly to the Florida Retirement System.

Employees participating in the Money Purchase Pension Plan, on October 1, 2005 had the option to:

- a. Elect to remain in the Money Purchase Pension Plan and to continue to participate according to plan provisions.
- b. Elect to withdraw from the Money Purchase Pension Plan and join the Florida Retirement System. Employees allowed funds to revert back to the Town to purchase past service as follows:
 - 1) The entire ending account balance of the Town's portion of the Money Purchase Pension Plan as of September 30, 2006.
 - 2) The employee's ending account balance of the Money Purchase Pension Plan to the extent of the Florida Retirement System's buy back of past service amounts as of September 30, 2006.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS (Continued)

Town of Highland Beach Voluntary Retirement Plan

c. Elect to retain their vested membership credit with the Money Purchase Pension Plan and begin membership in the Florida Retirement System effective October 1, 2005, with the understanding that they may not purchase past service in the Florida Retirement system for time credited under the Money Purchase Pension Plan.

On September 5, 2006, the Town approved Resolution 864 establishing the Town of Highland Beach Voluntary Retirement Plan. The Plan is a defined contribution Money Purchase 401 Plan to provide benefits at retirement to the employees of the Town. The effective date of the Plan was October 1, 2006. All employees age 21 or over may participate in the Plan. Participants may make voluntary pretax contributions to the Plan based upon a percentage of their base payroll. The Town does not make contributions to the Plan. For the year ended September 30, 2022, Town employees did not make any voluntary contributions to the Plan.

The Plan is administered by the International City Management Association Retirement Corporation, which provides various pooled investment alternatives. Participants direct the allocation of contributions to investment alternatives offered under the Plan. Plan revisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Town Commission.

Town Manager Retirement Plan

On August 29, 2019, the Town approved Resolution 19R establishing a Money Purchase Plan with ICMA effective October 1, 2019, for the town manager. The Town is required to contribute 16% of earnings to the plan for the town manager. There are no mandatory participant contributions required. The town manager may make voluntary pretax contributions to the Plan based upon a percentage of base payroll. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Town made the required contribution of \$33,023. Under the plan provisions, normal retirement age is 60 and contributions vest immediately.

The three Plans are administered by the International City Management Association Retirement Corporation ("ICMA"), which provides various pooled investment alternatives. Participants direct the allocation of contributions to investment alternatives offered under the Plans. Because the Town does not hold or administer funds for the Plans, the Plans do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the Town's financial statements as a fiduciary fund.

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

General Information

All full-time employees hired before January 1, 1996 are eligible to participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the Florida Retirement System Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and escribed in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000 or calling toll free at 877-377-1737. The report is also available at the Florida Department of Management Services web site www.dms.myflorida.com.

Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRSP) and the Florida Retirement System Health Insurance Subsidy Program and additions to/deduction from the FRSP and HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRSP and HIS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The FRS Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class
- Special Risk Class
- Elected Officials Class
- Senior Management Service Class

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service.

Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60%
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63%
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65%
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68%
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60%
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63%
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65%
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68%
Special Risk Class	
Service from December 1, 1970 through September 30, 1974	2.00%
Service on or after October 1, 1974	3.00%
Elected Officials Class	3.00%
Senior Management Service Class	2.00%

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	10/01/21	07/01/22
	through	through
Class	06/30/22	09/30/22
Regular Class	10.82%	11.91%
Senior Management Service Class	29.01%	31.57%
Special Risk Class	25.89%	27.83%
Elected Officials Class	51.42%	57.00%
DROP	18.34%	18.60%

The employer contribution rates include a 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy. Except for the DROP, the rates also include 0.06% for administrative costs of the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Town made contributions of \$543,744 to the Pension Plan and the Town's employees made contributions of \$81,230 for total contributions of \$624,974.

As of September 30, 2022, the Town reported a liability of \$5,052,980 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Town's 2021-2022 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2021-2022 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. As of June 30, 2022, the Town's proportionate share was 0.013580347%, which was a decrease of 0.000016826% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$651,187 related to the Plan. The Town also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ι	Deferred	Ι	Deferred
	(Outflows]	Inflows
Description	of	Resources	of l	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	239,987	\$	-
Change of assumptions		622,296		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		333,648		-
Change in proportion and differences between City contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		97,158		270,193
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		176,603		
Total	\$	1,469,692	\$	270,193

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$176,603 resulting from Town contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Net
September 30	Amortization
2023	\$ 243,261
2024	78,486
2025	(147,064)
2026	803,187
2027	45,026
Thereafter	
_	\$ 1,022,896

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date July 1, 2022 Measurement date June 30, 2022

Inflation 2.40%

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.70%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality Generational PUB-2010 with Projection Scale

MP-2018

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry Age

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 6.7% used in GASB discount rate calculations consists of two building block components: 1) a long-term average annual inflation assumption of 2.4% as most recently adopted in October 2022 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference; 2) an inferred real (in excess of inflation) return of 4.2%, which is consistent with the 4.38% real return from the capital market outlook model developed by Aon for 2022. Geometrically combining those building blocks using the formula generates an expected nominal return of 6.7%. In the opinion of the FRS consulting actuary, Milliman, both components and the overall 6.70% return assumption were determined to be reasonable and appropriate per Actuarial Standards of Practice.

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

For reference, the table below contains a summary of Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

			Compound	
	(1)	Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.1%
Fixed Income	19.8%	4.4%	4.4%	3.2%
Global Equity	54.0%	8.8%	7.3%	17.8%
Real Estate	10.3%	7.4%	6.3%	15.7%
Private Equity	11.1%	12.0%	8.9%	26.3%
Strategic Investments	3.8%	6.2%	5.9%	7.8%
	100.0%			
Assumed Inflation - Mea	n		2.4%	1.3%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the Plan's investment policy

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was 6.70%, which is lower than the rate of 6.80% used as of June 30, 2021. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

NOTE 9 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.70%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.70%) or one percentage point higher (7.70%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
Discount Rate	5.70%	6.70%	7.70%	
Net pension liability	\$ 8,738,782	\$ 5,052,980	\$ 1,971,212	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan

As of September 30, 2022, the Town did not report a payable to the Pension Plan.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan)

Plan Description

The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

NOTE 9 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) (Continued)

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the HIS contribution was 1.66%. The Town contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The Town's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$57,903 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of September 30, 2022, the Town reported a liability of \$985,825 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Town's 2021-2022 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2021-2022 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. As of June 30, 2022, the Town's proportionate share was 0.009307618%, which was an increase of 0.000198703% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$51,789. The Town also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	I	Deferred	Ι	Deferred
	(Outflows]	Inflows
Description	of	Resources	of I	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	29,922	\$	4,338
Change of assumptions		56,508		152,507
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		1,427		-
Change in proportion and differences between Town contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		57,414		25,378
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		16,064		
Total	\$	161,335	\$	182,223

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, totaling \$16,064 resulting from Town contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		Net
September 30	Ar	nortization
2023	\$	(12,420)
2024		203
2025		7,888
2026		(6,186)
2027		(18,313)
Thereafter		(8,124)
<u>-</u>	\$	(36,952)

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date July 1, 2022 Measurement date June 30, 2022

Inflation 2.40%

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Municipal bond rate 3.54% Investment rate of return N/A

Mortality Generational PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry Age

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.54%, which increased from the discount rate of 2.16% as of June 30, 2021. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.54%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.54%) or one percentage point higher (4.54%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Discount Rate	2.54%	2.54% 3.54% 4.54	
Net pension liabilty	\$ 1,127,865	\$ 985,825	\$ 868,290

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan

As of September 30, 2022, the Town did not report a payable to the HIS Plan.

Investment Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Investment Plan is a defined contribution retirement plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Florida Legislature enacted the Plan during the 2000 legislative session, and amendments to the Plan can only be made by an act of the Florida Legislature. The Plan is administered by the State Board of Administration of Florida. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

<u>Investment Plan</u> (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Town employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature.

Funding Policy

The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected Officers, etc.), as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

Participating employers are required to make contributions based upon statewide contributions rates. The contribution rates by job class for the Town's employees for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	10/01/21	07/01/22
	through	through
Class	06/30/22	09/30/22
Regular Class	10.82%	11.91%
Senior Management Service Class	29.01%	31.57%
Special Risk Class	25.89%	27.83%
Elected Officials Class	51.42%	57.00%
DROP	18.34%	18.60%

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

<u>Investment Plan</u> (Continued)

Funding Policy (Continued)

vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Town.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income. The Town's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$105,557 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTE 10 SUMMARY INFORMATION FOR DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The following table provides a summary of significant information related to the City's defined benefit pension plans for the year ended September 30, 2022. The information for the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and the Florida Retirement System Health Insurance Subsidy Program are the City's proportionate share of the items.

FRS	FRS	
Pension	HIS	
Plan	Program	Total
\$ 29,528,353	\$ 1,035,655	\$ 30,564,008
24,475,371	49,830	24,525,201
5,052,982	985,825	6,038,807
1,469,692	161,335	1,631,027
270,193	182,223	452,416
651,187	51,789	702,976
	Pension Plan \$ 29,528,353 24,475,371 5,052,982 1,469,692 270,193	Plan Program \$ 29,528,353 \$ 1,035,655 24,475,371 49,830 5,052,982 985,825 1,469,692 161,335 270,193 182,223

NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Town provides postemployment benefits to its retired employees through a single employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the Town. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the Town and eligible dependents, may continue to participate in the Town's medical and prescription drug plan. The Town subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. The plan has no assets and does not issue a separate financial report.

Funding Policy

Currently, the Town's other postemployment benefits are unfunded. The Plan is funded under a pay-as-you-go approach. That is, the Town Commission has not established a separate trust fund or equivalent arrangement into which the Town would make contributions to advance fund the obligation. The Town does not directly make a contribution to the plan on behalf of normal retirees. Retirees and their beneficiaries pay the same group rates as are charged to the Town for active employees by its healthcare provider. However, the Town's actuaries, in their actuarial valuation, calculate an offset to the cost of these benefits as an employer contribution, based upon an implicit rate subsidy. This offset equals the total age-adjusted costs paid by the Town or its active employees for coverage of the retirees and their dependents for the year net of the retiree's own payments for the year. The Plan provides for a direct subsidy for special risk retirees disabled in the line of duty and spouses of special risk employees upon death in the line of duty by paying the full cost of coverage for both the retiree and spouse

Plan Membership

The following table provides a summary of the participants in the plan as of October 1, 2021, the latest valuation date:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	2
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	
Active plan members	39
	41

NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The Town does not have a dedicated trust to pay retiree healthcare benefits. For plans that do not have assets held in a dedicated trust, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. As of the measurement date of October 1, 2021, the municipal bond rate was 2.19% based on the daily rate of Fidelity's 20-Year Municipal General Obligation AA Index closest to but not later than the measurement date. The discount rate as of the beginning of the measurement year was 2.43%.

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>

Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Valuation date

October 1, 2021

Measurement date

October 1, 2021

Reporting date

Actuarial cost method

October 1, 2021

September 30, 2022

Individual Entry Age

Inflation 2.40%

Discount rate 2.19% per annum

Salary increases 3.4% - 8.2% depending on member's

age and service

Mortality Tables PUB-2010 Tables with generational

improvements using Scale MP-2018

Healthcare cost trend rates Starting at 6.00% gradually decreasing

to an ultimate rate of 3.4% in 2041

Expenses Administrative expenses equal to prior

year paid expenses

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate was changed from 2.43% as of October 1, 2020 to 2.19% as of October 1, 2021.

NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

Description		Total OPEB Liability
Balance September 30, 2021	\$	192,632
Balance esplantisti ee, 2021	Ψ	102,002
Changes due to:		
Service cost		21,075
Interest on the total OPEB liability		5,168
Difference between expected and actual experience		(111,079)
Change of assumptions and other inputs		(3,866)
Benefit payments		(2,103)
Total changes		(90,805)
Balance September 30, 2022	\$	101,827

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the Town calculated using the single discount rate of 2.19% as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

	Current								
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase				
Discount Rate		1.19%		2.19%	3.19%				
Total OPEB liability	\$	119,405	\$	101,827	\$	87,613			

NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rates

The following table presents the total OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the assumed trend rates.

	Current								
	Healthcare								
	Trend Rate								
Healthcare Trend Rate	1%	Decrease	6.5	% to 3.4%	1% Increase				
Total OPEB liability	\$	82,989	\$	101,827	\$	125,840			

Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and OPEB Expense

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB revenue of \$3,582. As of September 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred	Deferred			
	O	utflows		Inflows		
Description	Of F	Of Resources Of Res				
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	236,009		
Change of assumptions		22,873		13,879		
	\$	22,873	\$	249,888		

NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and OPEB Expense</u> (Continued)

The deferred outflows of resources related to benefits paid after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTE 12 – ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGE BY THE GENERAL FUND TO THE WATER UTILITY FUND

During the year ended September 30, 2022, the cost of administrative services rendered by the General Fund to the Water Utility Enterprise Fund was shown as revenue in the General Fund and as an operating expense in the enterprise. The amount charged by the General Fund was \$550,000.

NOTE 13 – ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGE BY THE GENERAL FUND TO THE BUILDING FUND

During the year ended September 30, 2022, the cost of administrative services rendered by the General Fund to the Building Special Revenue Fund was shown as revenue in the General Fund and as current expenditures in the Building Fund. The amount charged by the General Fund was \$185,000.

NOTE 14– ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGE BY THE WATER UTILIT FUND TO THE SEWER UTILITY FUND

During the year ended September 30, 2022, the cost of administrative services rendered by the Water Utility Enterprise Fund to the Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund was shown as revenue in the Water Fund and as an operating expense in the Sewer Fund. The amount charged by the Water Fund was \$220,000.

NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance. The Town is also covered by Florida Statutes under the Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity which effectively limits the amount of liability of municipalities to individual claims of \$200,000 and \$300,000 for all claims relating to the same accident. However, under certain circumstance, a plaintiff can seek to recover damages in excess of statutory limits by introducing a claims bill to the Florida Legislature. The limits addressed in Florida Statutes do not apply to claims filed in federal courts.

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. There were no settled claims which exceeded insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 16 – CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The Town is involved in various litigations and claims arising in the course of operations. It is the opinion of legal counsel that the likelihood of unfavorable outcomes and the amounts of potential losses cannot be reasonably determined at this time. Accordingly, no provision for any liability that may result has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Grants

Grant monies received and disbursed by the Town are for specific purposes and may be subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursements due to disallowed expenditures or other actions by grantor agencies. The Town does not believe that such disallowances or other actions taken by the grantor agencies, if any, would have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Town.

NOTE 17 – LEASES

As discussed in Note 1, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective October 1, 2021. There was no change in beginning net position/fund balance because of the implementation, and no restatement was required.

Lessor Lease—Cell Tower

In December 2018, the Town entered into a lease agreement with Sprint Spectrum LP which allows the use of the Town's land for a transmission tower site. The original term of the agreement wa for a period of five years. The agreement was amended on May 8, 2006, March 5, 2013, September 9, 2016, and July 1, 2017. The agreement expires December 13, 2023. The lease activity is recorded in the General Fund and the Governmental Activities.

Under the terms of the lease the annual rent is as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30	Annual Rent
2022	\$43,317
2023	\$44,616

As of September 30, 2022, the Town reported a lease receivable of \$43,107 and deferred inflow of resources of \$42,907. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Town recognized lease revenue of \$42,907 and interest income of \$609. The discount rate is 3.5%.

Annual amortization of the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

									Deferred							
Year Ending			Ir	nterest	Re	ceivable]	Lease		Lease	Iı	nflows		Total		
September 30	P	ayment	Re	evenue	Re	eduction	Re	ceivable	F	Revenue		Revenue		Resources	Revenue	
2023	\$	44,616	\$	1,509	\$	43,107	\$	_	\$	42,907	\$	_	\$	44,416		

<u>Lessee Leases – Copiers and Postage Meter</u>

The Town has entered into lease agreements for the right to use five photocopiers and a postage meter. As of October 1, 2021, the terms of the leases for four copiers were 24 months, and the term for the fifth copier was 34 months. The monthly rents for the copiers range from \$88 to \$336. The Town has also entered into a lease agreement for the right to use a postage meter. As of October 1, 2021, the term of the lease was 56 months. The monthly rent is \$206.

NOTE 17 – LEASES (Continued)

<u>Lessee Leases – Copiers and Postage Meter</u> (Continued)

As of September 30, 2022, the Town reported a combined lease liability of \$22,960 for the copiers and the postage meter. The discount rate is 3.00%, and the amortization of the lease liability is as follows:

Year Ened						
September 30	P	rincipal	Interest	Payment		
2023	\$	13,300	\$ 507	\$	13,807	
2025		5,636	205		5,841	
2025		2,390	88		2,478	
2026		1,634	18		1,652	
	\$	22,960	\$ 818	\$	23,778	

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS

Solid Waste and Recycling Collection Services

In November 2014, the Town entered into an agreement with Waste Management Inc. of Florida to provide solid waste and recycling collection services. The term of the agreement is for the period beginning January 1, 2015 and expiring May 31, 2020. The agreement may be renewed for one three-year term, at the discretion of the Town. The garment was renewed for a three-year term beginning June 1, 2020 and ending May 31, 2023. Under the terms of the agreement, the Town pays an established rate per month per unit for curbside pickup and containerized pickup. Waste Management bills the Town monthly for services provided. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Town made payments totaling \$449,221 pursuant to the agreement.

Encumbrances

Significant encumbrances as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Major Funds:	
General Fund	\$ 72,266
Building Fund	51,081
Water Fund	228,072
Sewer Fund	83,913
Nonmajor Funds:	
Infrastructure Surtax Fund	77,834

NOTE 19 – INTERLOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

Fire Protection and Fire Rescue Services

The Town has entered into an agreement with the City of Delray Beach (the City) under which the City provides fire protection and fire rescue services to the Town. The term of the agreement is for fifteen years, beginning October 1, 2002, and extending through September 30, 2017, with options to renew for additional periods of ten years each upon the mutual agreement of both parties. The agreement was renewed for a ten-year term beginning October 1, 2017 and ending September 30, 2027. On June 15, 2021, the Town passed Ordinance No. 2021-009 authorizing the establishment of a municipal fire department for the Town. The Town sent the City a notice of termination for the agreement effective April 30, 2024. Under the terms of the agreement, the City charges the Town a flat rate, which is adjusted annually based on changes in the consumer price index. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Town paid \$5,149,096 pursuant to the agreement.

Sewage Disposal Services

The Town has entered into an agreement with the City of Delray Beach (the City) under which the City provides sewage disposal services to the Town. Under the terms of the agreement the City charges the Town a rate per gallon based on the cost of providing the services. The agreement will expire in 2030. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Town made payments totaling \$898,425 pursuant to the agreement.

NOTE 20 – PRIOR PRIOD ADJUSTMENT

In the prior year, funds received from the ARPA Grant Program were incorrectly reported, and expenses for sewer service costs were incorrectly reported. The cumulative effect of applying prior period adjustments to correct these accounting errors has been reported as a restatement of the beginning net position of the Water Utility Enterprise Fund, the Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund, and the Business-type Activities. A reconciliation of the prior period ending net position to the current period beginning net position is as follow:

Net Position at September 30, 2021, as reported Adjustment to correct ARPA Grant revenue Adjustment to correct sewer service expenses Net Position at September 30, 2021, as restated

	Water		Sewer	Business-type			
	Utility Fund		Utility Fund	Activities			
\$	8,936,425	\$	3,087,471	\$	12,023,896		
	(287,238)	(693,431)		(980,669)			
	-		(72,635)		(72,635)		
\$	8,649,187	\$	2,321,405	\$	10,970,592		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS)

Required Supplemental Information

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

						Variance With Final Budget	
		Original	Fi	nal Revised		-	Positive
	Ado	opted Budget		Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					 		
Taxes							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	9,580,365	\$	9,580,365	\$ 9,623,432	\$	43,067
Local option gas tax		31,000		31,000	32,382		1,382
Communcations service tax		276,000		276,000	250,071		(25,929)
Utility service tax		-			 250,746		250,746
Total taxes		9,887,365		9,887,365	 10,156,631		269,266
Permits and fees							
Franchise fees		750,000		750,000	 536,327		(213,673)
Intergovernmental							
Grants		20,000		20,000	19,230		(770)
State revenue sharing		90,000		90,000	131,120		41,120
Alcoholic beverage licenses		700		700	636		(64)
Half cent sales tax		290,000		290,000	377,329		87,329
Motor fuel tax rebate		1,200		1,200	1,837		637
Local shared revenues		9,000		9,000	16,633		7,633
Total intergovernmental		410,900		410,900	546,785		135,885
Fines and forfeitures							
Court fines		1,500		1,500	2,221		721
Library fines and fees		7,000		7,000	1,806		(5,194)
Violation of local ordinance		1,000		1,000	2,000		1,000
Miscellaneous		1,200		1,200	550		(650)
Total fines and forfeitures		10,700		10,700	 6,577		(4,123)
Rent							
U.S. Postal Station		25,000		25,000	25,000		-
Sprint PCS		42,000		42,000	51,449		9,449
Total rent		67,000		67,000	 76,449		9,449
Interest							
Interest on investment		80,000		80,000	6,065		(73,935)
Tax collector interest		2,500		2,500	617		(1,883)
Other interest		· -		-	609		609
Total interest		82,500		82,500	7,291		(75,209)

(continued)

Required Supplemental Information

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Continued)

	Original Final Revised						Variance With Final Budget Positive		
	Adopted E			dget		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues (continued):				<u></u>					
Charges for services									
Zoning fees	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	
Sales of documents	5	0,000		50,000		57,379		7,379	
Solid waste fees	54	0,000		540,000		564,392		24,392	
Total charges for services	59	0,000		590,000		624,271		34,271	
Miscellaneous									
Disposition of fixed assets		2,000		2,000		14,561		12,561	
Administrative reimbursements	73	5,000		735,000		735,000		-	
Donations		_		-		2,000		2,000	
Insurance reimbursements	1	5,000		15,000		448		(14,552)	
Other	5	0,000		50,000		116,463		66,463	
Total miscellaneous	80	2,000		802,000		868,472		66,472	
Total revenues	12,60	0,465	12	,600,465		12,822,803		222,338	
Expenditures:									
General government:									
Town commission	19	7,525		197,525		174,127		23,398	
Town manager	64	2,250		642,250		559,693		82,557	
Town clerk	47	8,120		480,216		381,864		98,352	
Finance	52	8,897		569,333		517,804		51,529	
Legal	18	5,000		185,000		115,098		69,902	
Public works	34	8,000		334,913		298,726		36,187	
Post office	13	2,050		133,050		124,422		8,628	
Non-departmental	37	8,690		443,690		472,920		(29,230)	
Total general government	2,89	0,532	2	,985,977		2,644,654		341,323	
Public safety:									
Police	2,70	3,120	2	,897,992		2,675,540		222,452	
Fire rescue		5,200		,425,325		5,617,956		(192,631)	
Total public safety		8,320		,323,317		8,293,496		29,821	

(continued)

Required Supplemental Information

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Continued)

							Variance With Final Budget			
	Original Final Revise						F	Positive		
	Ado	opted Budget		Budget		Actual	(Negative)			
F										
Expenditures (continued)	ф	424 900	ф	424 000	ф	415.506	ф	0.214		
Library	\$	424,800	\$	424,800	\$	415,586	\$	9,214		
Sanitation		488,180		488,180		449,221		38,959		
Contingency		50,000		14,000				14,000		
Total expenditures		11,961,832		12,236,274		11,802,957		433,317		
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		638,633		364,191		1,019,846		655,655		
Other financing sources (uses):										
Lease financing proceeds		_		-		31,900		31,900		
Debt proceeds		_		-		52,100		52,100		
Transfers out		(1,094,445)		(1,094,445)		(1,094,436)		9		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,094,445)		(1,094,445)		(1,010,436)	\$	84,009		
Net change in fund balances	\$	(455,812)	\$	(730,254)		9,410	\$	739,664		
Fund balance, beginning of year						10,587,578				
Fund balance, end of year					\$	10,596,988				

Required Supplemental Information

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Building Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Original Adopted Budget		nal Revised Budget	Actual	Fin	iance With al Budget Positive Vegative)
Revenues:						
Permits and fees	\$ 1,074,000	\$	1,224,000	\$ 1,659,660	\$	435,660
Interest	1,000		1,000	1,046		46
Charges for services	 -			 12,740		12,740
Total revenues	 1,075,000		1,225,000	 1,673,446		448,446
Expenditures: Public safety:						
Protective inspections	1,184,635		1,406,159	1,320,776		85,383
Total expenditures	1,184,635		1,406,159	1,320,776		85,383
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(109,635)		(181,159)	352,670		533,829
Other financing sources (uses):						
Lease financing proceeds	-		-	4,043		4,043
Transfers in	55,000		55,000	54,996		(4)
Total other financing sources (uses)	55,000		55,000	59,039		4,039
Net change in fund balances	\$ (54,635)	\$	(126,159)	411,709	\$	537,868
Fund balance, beginning of year				 1,571,329		
Fund balance, end of year				\$ 1,983,038		

TOWN OF HIGHLAND BEACH, FLORIDA Notes to the Budgetary Required Supplemental Information September 30, 2022

NOTE 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Florida Statutes require all municipal governments to establish budgetary systems and approve balanced annual operaing budgets. The Town Commission adopts an operating budget and appropriates funds for the General Fund, Building Fund, Infrastructure Surtax Special Revenue Fund, and all Proprietary Funds. The procedures for establishing budgetary data are as follows:

- In July of each year, the Town Manager submits a proposed operating budget to the Commission for the next fiscal year commencing the following October 1st.
- In September, the Commission holds public meetings to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Upon completion of the public hearings and prior to October 1, a final operating budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution. Estimated beginning fund balances are considered in the budgetary process

Changes or amendments to the total budgeted expenditures of the Town or a department must be approved by the Commission. Changes within a department which do not affect department totals may be approved on the administrative level. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations are legally controlled at the fund level and expenditures my not exceed budgeted appropriations at that level

NOTE 2. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration and control. Because appropriations expire at year end, even if encumbered, it is the Town's policy to reappropriate such amounts at the beginning of the next fiscal year.

NOTE 3. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2022, expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the General Fund or the Building Fund.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Total Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability and Related Ratios

Actuarial Valaution Date Measurement Date Employer's Reporting Date	10/01/2017 10/01/2017 09/30/2018	10/01/2017 10/01/2018 09/30/2019	10/01/2019 10/01/2019 09/30/2020	10/01/2019 10/01/2020 09/30/2021	10/01/2021 10/01/2021 09/30/2022
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$ 215,454	\$ 306,113	\$ 342,836	\$ 165,955	\$ 192,632
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	26,340	44,095	43,851	20,156	21,075
Interest	9,148	12,177	14,678	5,085	5,168
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	-	(223,805)	-	(111,079)
Changes of assumptions	58,821	(14,859)	(4,652)	2,343	(3,866)
Benefit payments and refunds	(3,650)	(4,690)	(6,953)	(907)	(2,103)
Net change in total OPEB liability	90,659	36,723	(176,881)	26,677	(90,805)
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 306,113	\$ 342,836	\$ 165,955	\$ 192,632	\$ 101,827
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,049,223	\$ 2,556,053	\$ 2,755,738	\$ 2,895,678	\$ 2,995,022
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.04%	13.41%	6.02%	6.65%	3.40%

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB Plan.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed as follows:

3.83%
2.74%
2.43%
2.19%

For the October 1, 2019 valuation date, the mortality assumption changed from RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables projected to the valuation date using Projection Scale AA to PubG-2010 Mortality Tables projected to the valuation date using Projection Scale MP-2018. Health care costs, premiums, and cost trends were also updated. For the October 1, 2021 valuation date, the inflation rate decreased from 2.6% to 2.4% and the salary increases decreased from 3.6% - 8.4% to 3.4% - 8.2%.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Employer Contributions
Florida Retirement System
Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Town's							
		Co	ntributions					Town's		
	Town's	In Re	elation to the					Contributions		
Co	ntractually	Co	ntractually	Contr	ribution		Town's	As a Percent of		
F	Required	I	Required	Excess			Covered	Covered		
Co	ntribution	Contribution		(Deficiency)			Payroll	Payroll		
	_		_				_			
\$	286,753	\$	286,753	\$	-	\$	2,083,665	13.76%		
\$	292,521	\$	292,521	\$	-	\$	1,989,913	14.70%		
\$	312,670	\$	312,670	\$	-	\$	2,074,302	15.07%		
\$	337,341	\$	337,341	\$	-	\$	2,126,277	15.87%		
\$	427,611	\$	427,611	\$	-	\$	2,561,478	16.69%		
\$	452,122	\$	452,122	\$	=	\$	2,618,237	17.27%		
\$	445,083	\$	445,083	\$	-	\$	2,454,444	18.13%		
\$	649,301	\$	649,301	\$	-	\$	2,724,826	23.83%		
	Co. F. Co. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 292,521 \$ 312,670 \$ 337,341 \$ 427,611 \$ 452,122 \$ 445,083	Town's Contractually Required Contribution Contribution Contribution S 286,753 \$ 292,521 \$ 312,670 \$ 337,341 \$ 427,611 \$ 452,122 \$ 445,083 \$	Town's In Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution \$ 286,753 \$ 286,753 \$ 286,753 \$ 292,521 \$ 292,521 \$ 312,670 \$ 312,670 \$ 337,341 \$ 427,611 \$ 427,611 \$ 452,122 \$ 445,083 \$ 445,083	Contributions Town's In Relation to the Contractually Contractually Contribution Required Ex Contribution (Definition) \$ 286,753 \$ 286,753 \$ \$ 292,521 \$ 292,521 \$ \$ 312,670 \$ 312,670 \$ \$ 337,341 \$ 337,341 \$ \$ 427,611 \$ 427,611 \$ \$ 452,122 \$ 452,122 \$ \$ 445,083 \$ 445,083 \$	Contributions Town's In Relation to the Contractually Contractually Contribution Required Excess Contribution (Deficiency) \$ 286,753 \$ 286,753 \$ - \$ 292,521 \$ 292,521 \$ - \$ 312,670 \$ 312,670 \$ - \$ 337,341 \$ 337,341 \$ - \$ 427,611 \$ 427,611 \$ - \$ 452,122 \$ 452,122 \$ - \$ 445,083 \$ 445,083 \$ -	Contributions Town's In Relation to the Contractually Contractually Contribution Required Excess Contribution (Deficiency) \$ 286,753 \$ 286,753 \$ - \$ \$ 292,521 \$ 292,521 \$ - \$ \$ 312,670 \$ 312,670 \$ - \$ \$ 337,341 \$ 337,341 - \$ \$ 427,611 \$ 427,611 - \$ \$ 452,122 \$ 452,122 - \$ \$ 445,083 \$ 445,083 - \$	Contributions Town's In Relation to the Contractually Contractually Contribution Town's Required Excess Covered Contribution Contribution Payroll \$ 286,753 \$ 286,753 \$ - \$ 2,083,665 \$ 292,521 \$ 292,521 \$ - \$ 1,989,913 \$ 312,670 \$ 312,670 \$ - \$ 2,074,302 \$ 337,341 \$ 337,341 \$ - \$ 2,126,277 \$ 427,611 \$ 427,611 \$ - \$ 2,561,478 \$ 452,122 \$ 452,122 \$ - \$ 2,618,237 \$ 445,083 \$ 445,083 \$ - \$ 2,454,444		

This schedule is intended to present data for 10 years. For years prior to 2015 data are unavailable. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Town's			
						Proportionate	Plan		
			Town's			Share of the	Fiduciary		
	Town's	Pr	oportionate			Net Pension	Net Position		
	Proportion		Share			Liability	As a Percent of		
Fiscal Year	of the		of the		Town's	As a Percent of	the Total		
Ended	Net Pension	N	let Pension	Covered		Covered	Pension		
September 30	Liability		Liability		Payroll	Payroll	Liability		
2014	0.014314400%	\$	873,387	\$	2,786,472	31.34%	96.09%		
2015	0.014781300%	\$	1,909,208	\$	2,827,626	67.52%	92.00%		
2016	0.014810400%	\$	3,739,630	\$	1,894,770	197.37%	84.88%		
2017	0.013937500%	\$	4,122,614	\$	2,046,749	201.42%	83.89%		
2018	0.013527600%	\$	4,074,584	\$	2,111,773	192.95%	84.26%		
2019	0.014753600%	\$	5,080,935	\$	2,502,063	203.07%	82.61%		
2020	0.014789800%	\$	6,410,119	\$	2,518,832	254.49%	78.85%		
2021	0.013597200%	\$	1,027,112	\$	2,432,803	42.22%	96.40%		
2022	0.013580347%	\$	5,052,980	\$	2,589,086	195.16%	82.89%		

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed as follows:

2014	7.65%
2015	7.65%
2016	7.60%
2017	7.10%
2018	7.00%
2019	6.90%
2020	6.80%
2021	6.80%
2022	6.70%

For the October 1, 2019 valuation date, the mortality assumption changed from Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB to PUB-2010 base table projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

This schedule is intended to present data for 10 years. For years prior to 2014 data are unavailable. Additional years will be presented as they become available. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date. The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is published in the Plan's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions Florida Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

			,	Town's						
			Cor	ntributions				Town's		
	7	Γown's	In Re	lation to the				Contributions		
Fiscal Year	Con	tractually	Coı	ntractually	Cont	ribution	Town's	As a Percent of		
Ended	R	equired	R	Required	Ex	cess	Covered	Covered		
September 30	Cor	ntribution	Co	ntribution	(Deficiency)		Payroll	Payroll		
_		_		_			_			
2015	\$	37,938	\$	37,938	\$	-	\$ 2,083,665	1.82%		
2016	\$	33,033	\$	33,033	\$	-	\$ 1,989,913	1.66%		
2017	\$	34,433	\$	34,433	\$	-	\$ 2,074,302	1.66%		
2018	\$	35,296	\$	35,296	\$	-	\$ 2,126,277	1.66%		
2019	\$	42,521	\$	42,521	\$	-	\$ 2,561,478	1.66%		
2020	\$	43,463	\$	43,463	\$	-	\$ 2,618,237	1.66%		
2021	\$	40,744	\$	40,744	\$	-	\$ 2,454,444	1.66%		
2022	\$	57,903	\$	57,903	\$	-	\$ 3,696,187	1.57%		

This schedule is intended to present data for 10 years. For years prior to 2015 data are unavailable. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Town's		
					Proportionate	Plan	
			Town's		Share of the	Fiduciary	
	Town's	Pr	oportionate		Net Pension	Net Position	
	Proportion		Share		Liability	As a Percent of	
Fiscal Year	of the		of the	Town's	As a Percent of	the Total	
Ended	Net Pension	N	let Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension	
September 30	Liability		Liability	 Payroll	Payroll	Liability	
2014	0.009381400%	\$	877,184	\$ 2,786,472	31.48%	0.99%	
2015	0.009320300%	\$	950,528	\$ 2,827,626	33.62%	0.50%	
2016	0.009017500%	\$	1,050,955	\$ 1,894,770	55.47%	0.97%	
2017	0.008631700%	\$	922,946	\$ 2,046,749	45.09%	1.64%	
2018	0.008472300%	\$	896,719	\$ 2,111,773	42.46%	2.15%	
2019	0.009303300%	\$	1,040,941	\$ 2,502,063	41.60%	2.63%	
2020	0.009195400%	\$	1,122,738	\$ 2,518,832	44.57%	3.00%	
2021	0.009108900%	\$	1,117,345	\$ 2,432,803	45.93%	3.56%	
2022	0.009307618%	\$	985,825	\$ 3,952,834	24.94%	4.81%	

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed as follows:

2014	4.29%
2015	3.80%
2016	2.85%
2017	3.58%
2018	3.87%
2019	3.50%
2020	2.21%
2021	2.16%
2022	3.54%

This schedule is intended to present data for 10 years. For years prior to 2014 data are unavailable. Additional years will be presented as they become available. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date. The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is published in the Plan's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.



Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

	Open Space and Recreation Land		Library Donation		Infrastructure Surtax		Law Enforcement		N	Total on-major Funds
Assets:		vanon zano								1 01105
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,065	\$	582	\$	32,022	\$	507	\$	50,176
Investments		215,703		7,361		404,762		6,402		634,228
Due from other governments		-		-		39,393		-		39,393
Total assets	\$	232,768	\$	7,943	\$	476,177	\$	6,909	\$	723,797
Liabilities and fund balance: Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	80,727 80,727	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	80,727 80,727
Fund balance:										
Restricted for										
Recreational land acquisition	\$	232,768	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	232,768
Library activities		-		7,943		-		-		7,943
Infrastructure		-		-		395,450		-		395,450
Law enforcement								6,909		6,909
Total fund balance		232,768		7,943		395,450		6,909		643,070
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	232,768	\$	7,943	\$	476,177	\$	6,909	\$	723,797

TOWN OF HIGHLAND BEACH, FLORIDA

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Total

Funds

45

355,923

41

371

487

356,822

Special Revenue Funds Open Space Non-major and Library Infrastructure Law Recreation Land Donation Enforcement SurtaxRevenues: Taxes \$ \$ \$ 355,923 \$ \$ Fines and forfeitures 41 4 Interest 140 223 4 Net decrease in fair value of investments Miscellaneous 487

140

Expenditures:	
Camital autlan	

Total revenues

Capital outlay Total expenditures			335,355 335,355		335,355 335,355
Net change in fund balances	140	491	20,791	45	21,467
Fund balances, beginning of year	232,628	7,452	374,659	6,864	621,603

491

356,146

TOWN OF HIGHLAND BEACH, FLORIDA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Infrastructure Surtax Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

								riance With nal Budget
	(Original	Fir	nal Revised]	Positive
	Adopted Budget			Budget		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	225,000	\$	225,000	\$	355,923	\$	130,923
Interest	Ť	,	•	,	_	223	7	223
Total revenues		225,000		225,000		356,146		131,146
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		525,000		595,119		335,355		259,764
Total expenditures		525,000		595,119		335,355		259,764
Net change in fund balance	\$	(300,000)	\$	(370,119)		20,791	\$	(128,618)
Fund balance, beginning of year						374,659		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	395,450		



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Highland Beach's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed unaudited information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

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These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial	
performance and well-being have changed over time. These schedules include:	
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These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local	
revenue source, the property tax.	
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These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's	
current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
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Demographic and Economic Information.	107
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Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information	
in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.	
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Operating Indicators by Function/Program	110
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program.	111

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 1 Net Position by Component (Unaudited) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended 9/30	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,498,697	\$ 5,456,728	\$ 1,734,664	\$ 1,734,664
Restricted	210,012	206,981	206,981	206,981
Unrestricted	5,541,258	5,662,355	8,259,218	8,259,218
Total governmental activities	\$ 10,249,967	\$ 11,326,064	\$ 10,200,863	\$ 10,200,863
Business type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,817,724	\$ 2,394,642	\$ 2,741,513	\$ 2,741,513
Restricted	233.174	234,891	226,867	226,867
Unrestricted	2,779,070	6,438,537	6,230,960	6,230,960
Total business type activities	\$ 6,829,968	\$ 9,068,070	\$ 9,199,340	\$ 9,199,340
Primary Government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 8,316,421	\$ 7,851,370	\$ 4,476,177	\$ 4,476,177
Restricted	443,186	441,872	433,848	433,848
Unrestricted	8,320,328	12,100,892	14,490,178	14,490,178
Total primary government	\$ 17,079,935	\$ 20,394,134	\$ 19,400,203	\$ 19,400,203

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 4,867,370	\$ 4,668,927	\$ 4,626,465	\$ 4,538,175	\$ 4,582,145	\$ 4,861,126
375,328	639,794	1,455,917	2,035,043	2,192,932	2,626,108
5,587,777	5,629,803	4,671,892	4,732,533	5,861,800	5,828,342
\$ 10,830,475	\$ 10,938,524	\$ 10,754,274	\$ 11,305,751	\$ 12,636,877	\$ 13,315,576
\$ 3,646,633	\$ 3,682,997	\$ 4,081,199	\$ 4,723,658	\$ 5,594,515	\$ 6,460,165
229,897	214,340	214,420	231,735	388,643	49,432
5,661,297	5,923,337	6,039,532	5,505,169	6,040,738	5,140,149
\$ 9,537,827	\$ 9,820,674	\$ 10,335,151	\$ 10,460,562	\$ 12,023,896	\$ 11,649,746
\$ 8,514,003	\$ 8,351,924	\$ 8,707,664	\$ 9,261,833	\$ 10,176,660	\$ 11,321,291
605,225	854,134	1,670,337	2,266,778	2,581,575	2,675,540
11,249,074	11,553,140	10,711,424	10,237,702	11,902,538	10,968,491
\$ 20,368,302	\$ 20,759,198	\$ 21,089,425	\$ 21,766,313	\$ 24,660,773	\$ 24,965,322

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position (Unaudited) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended 9/30		2013		2014		2015		2016
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	1,566,138	\$	1,626,937	\$	1,933,634	\$	1,910,544
Public Safety		5,326,258		5,496,560		5,800,175		6,345,596
Culture/recreation		599,345		609,624		646,909		579,310
Public Works Interest		578,934		573,240		536,672		490,981
Total governmental activities	\$	40,924 8,111,599	\$	20,812 8,327,173	\$	6,404 8,923,794	\$	9,326,431
Total governmental activities	Ψ	0,111,577	Ψ	0,327,173	Ψ	0,723,774	Ψ	7,320,431
Business type activities:								
Water utility		3,024,558		3,024,044		2,794,114		3,243,497
Sewer utility		853,988		842,387		985,294		1,109,658
Interest on long term debt		423,472		397,554		370,648		343,107
Total business type activities		4,302,018		4,263,985		4,150,056		4,696,262
Total primary government expenses	\$	12,413,617	\$	12,591,158	\$	13,073,850	\$	14,022,693
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services- Governmental Activities								
General Government		94,508		106,466		116,323		16,733
Public Safety		496,821		438,037		808,930		716,938
Culture recreation		5,451		4,904		26,548		8,955
Public Works Total Charges for Services	\$	467,051	\$	468,008	\$	468,757	\$	471,725 1,214,351
	3	1,063,831	Э	1,017,415	Э	1,420,558	Э	
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions		13,304		15,702		14,113		14,536
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	1,077,135	\$	1.031.117	\$	1,434,671	\$	1,228,887
Total go verimental activities program revenues	Ψ	1,077,100	Ψ	1,001,117	Ψ	1,101,071	Ψ	1,220,007
Business type activities program revenue:								
Water utility		1,981,222		2,048,100		2,117,789		2,015,477
Sewer utility		1,022,232		1,005,431		1,035,901		1,027,246
Capital Grants and Contributions		-		-		-		-
Total business type activities program revenues		3,003,454		3,053,531		3,153,690		3,042,723
Total primary government program revenue	\$	4,080,589	\$	4,084,648	\$	4,588,361	\$	4,271,610
Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities Business type activities Total primary government net expense	\$	(7,034,464) (1,298,564) (8,333,028)	\$	(7,296,056) (1,210,454) (8,506,510)	\$	(7,489,123) (996,366) (8,485,489)	\$	(8,097,544) (1,653,539) (9,751,083)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Posit Governmental activities Taxes	ion							
Property taxes	\$	8,246,672	\$	8,452,116	\$	8,696,269	\$	8,319,187
Utility service taxes		716,468		730,249		728,123		698,651
Sales and use taxes		273,625		296,259		310,488		310,488
State revenue sharing		104,220		108,289		95,491		103,511
Investment earnings		24,141		14,621		21,043		30,938
Miscellaneous revenues		187,537		52,919		357,917		319,446
Loss on disposal of capital assets		3,295		3,700		4,392		7,013
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets								,
Transfers Total general revenues	\$	(1,286,000) 8,269,958	¢	(1,286,000) 8,372,153	\$	(1,286,000) 8,927,723	\$	(1,286,000) 8,503,234
Total general revenues	Ψ	0,207,730	Ψ	0,372,133	Ψ	0,721,123	Ψ	0,303,234
Business type activities program revenue								
Investment earnings	\$	7,281	\$	7,265	\$	15,477	\$	20,311
Other miscellaneous revenues		3,400		18,551		209,802		160,541
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		•		2,228,176		6,925		-
Transfers		1,286,000		1,286,000		1,286,000		1,286,000
Total business type activities program revenues		1,296,681		3,539,992		1,518,204		1,466,852
Total primary government	\$	9,566,639	\$	11,912,145	\$	10,445,927	\$	9,970,086
Changes in Net Position	_	4.005 :-:	_	4.05	_	4 400	_	10
Government activities	\$	1,235,494	\$	1,076,097	\$	1,438,600	\$	405,690
Business type activities Total primary government	\$	(1,883)	6	2,329,538	ė	521,838	¢.	(186,687)
		1,233,611	\$	3,405,635	\$	1,960,438	\$	219,003

	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	1,961,725	\$	2,565,663	\$	2,580,389	\$	2,624,269	\$	2,493,189	\$	2,763,923
	6,707,253		6,849,032		7,218,463		8,162,814		7,779,328		9,227,697
	516,399		521,074		537,827		516,450		430,705		615,291
	492,947		513,735		1,253,961		515,326		532,450		452,626 1,349
\$	9,678,324	\$	10,449,504	\$	11,590,640	\$	11,818,859	\$	11,235,672	\$	13,060,886
	3,332,073		3,416,906		3,249,206		3,468,469		3,013,791		3,293,639
	994,083		1,065,506		1,104,554		1,262,666		1,315,297		1,289,509
_	325,584 4,651,740		336,738 4,819,150		310,599 4,664,359		5,008,665		4,563,860		205,987 4,789,135
\$	14,330,064	\$	15,268,654	\$	16,254,999	\$	16,827,524	\$	15,799,532	\$	17,850,021
	116,204		127,534		125,964		783,655		842,191		871,328
	560,566		619,445		930,740		1,239,136		1,213,717		1,677,171
	4,657 470,300		4,069 471,580		3,900 470,716		18,198 527,453		533,491		1,806 564,392
\$	1,151,727	\$	1,222,628	\$	1,531,320	\$	2,568,442	\$	2,589,399	\$	3,114,697
	17,598		18,126		18,669		-		29,304		19,758
\$	1,169,325	\$	1,240,754	\$	1,549,989	\$	2,568,442	\$	47,157 2,665,860	\$	3,134,455
_					<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
	2,002,402		1,987,503		2,044,913		2,062,682		2,367,299		3,054,379
	1,054,354		1,085,969		1,128,148		1,155,248		1,188,036		1,370,646
	2.056.756				2 172 061		- 2.217.020		980,671		4 425 025
\$	3,056,756 4,226,081	\$	3,073,472 4,314,226	\$	3,173,061 4,723,050	\$	3,217,930 5,786,372	\$	4,536,006 7,201,866	\$	4,425,025 7,559,480
\$	(8,508,999) (1,594,984) (10,103,983)	\$	(9,208,750) (1,745,678) (10,954,428)	\$	(10,040,651) (1,491,298) (11,531,949)	\$	(9,250,417) (1,790,735) (11,041,152)	\$	(8,569,812) (27,854) (8,597,666)	\$	(9,926,431) (364,110) (10,290,541)
\$	8,211,536	\$	8,608,075	\$	8,925,672	\$	9,556,810	\$	9,738,626	\$	9,623,432
φ	708,943	φ	760,603	φ	968,395	φ	271,081	φ	251,365	φ	500,817
	474,774		579,638		572,729		553,604		637,488		765,634
	104,100 42,713		100,835 144,231		109,116 223,638		90,843 111,997		103,763 6,736		150,226 8,708
	322,343		361,835		486,351		647,563		584,953		589,103
	3,615		1,598		_		_		8,010		6,650
	(1,286,000)		(1,417,542)		(1,429,500)		(1,430,004)		(1,430,003)		(1,039,440)
\$	8,582,024	\$	9,139,273	\$	9,856,401	\$	9,801,894	\$	9,900,938	\$	10,605,130
\$	21,906	\$	81,210	\$	122,387	\$	46,000	\$	3,007	\$	3,824
	143,561	•	142,027		143,289	•	171,471	•	156,642	•	´ -
	1,286,000		1,417,542		1,429,500		(8,859) 1,430,004		23,601 1,430,003		1,039,440
¢	1,451,467	¢	1,640,779	•	1,695,176	¢	1,638,616	ď	1,613,253	¢	1,043,264
\$	10,033,491	\$	10,780,052	\$	11,551,577	\$	11,440,510	\$	11,514,191	\$	11,648,394
\$	73,025	\$	(69,477)	\$	(184,250)	\$	551,477	\$	1,331,126	\$	678,699
\$	(143,517)	\$	(104,899) (174,376)	\$	203,878 19,628	\$	(152,119) 399,358	\$	1,585,399 2,916,525	\$	679,154 1,357,853
	(,0,7/2)	Ψ	(1,7,5,0)	Ψ	17,020	Ψ	0//,000	Ψ	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	1,001,000

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 3

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (Unaudited) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended 9/30		2013		2014	2015	2016		
							_	
Nonspendable	\$	82,039	\$	44,561	\$ 4,798	\$	26,371	
Restricted		4,311		-	-		-	
Assigned		3,077,455		2,931,908	2,449,960		2,597,318	
Unassigned		3,493,852		3,562,626	5,011,467		5,965,456	
Total general fund	\$	6,657,657	\$	6,539,095	\$ 7,466,225	\$	8,589,145	
All Other Governmental Funds								
Restricted		205,701		206,981	228,220		235,842	
Total all other governmental funds	\$	205,701	\$	206,981	\$ 228,220	\$	235,842	

 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 19,969	\$ 86,093	\$ 77,829	\$ 80,620	\$ 4,390	\$ 11,761
-	-	-	-	-	-
4,922,400	3,640,887	2,954,157	7,947,499	7,752,714	8,326,978
4,163,722	5,543,284	6,095,616	1,979,196	2,830,474	2,258,249
\$ 9,106,091	\$ 9,270,264	\$ 9,127,602	\$ 10,007,315	\$ 10,587,578	\$ 10,596,988
 375,328	639,794	1,455,917	2,035,043	2,192,932	2,626,108
\$ 375,328	\$ 639,794	\$ 1,455,917	\$ 2,035,043	\$ 2,192,932	\$ 2,626,108

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 4

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (Unaudited) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended 9/30	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues				_
Taxes	\$ 8,584,777	\$ 8,775,709	\$ 8,696,269	\$ 8,319,187
Permits and fees	854,123	872,586	1,257,117	1,154,733
Intergovernmental	361,367	387,021	704,806	701,061
Charges for services	506,403	516,835	521,207	527,314
Fines and forfeitures	57,870	9,979	6,816	6,363
Interest	16,853	19,267	21,043	28,740
Net decrease in fair value of investments	7,288	(4,646)		
Miscellaneous revenues	542,960	411,069	441,136	423,698
Total revenues	10,931,641	10,987,820	11,648,394	11,161,096
Expenditures				
General government	1,652,393	1,740,984	1,885,669	1,721,674
Public Safety	5,289,583	5,430,246	5,811,416	6,092,829
Culture/Recreation	492,452	569,339	617,722	435,177
Public Works	450,651	455,234	413,271	395,998
Capital outlay	210,892	977,443	250,880	106,498
Debt service				
Principal	651,646	621,434	425,913	-
Interest	44,337	24,422	9,154	_
m . I	0.701.054	0.010.102	0.414.025	0.750.176
Total expenditures	8,791,954	9,819,102	9,414,025	8,752,176
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	2,139,687	1,168,718	2,234,369	2,408,920
Other Einer Comment (Henry)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Loan & Lease Proceeds Transfers in				
Transfers in Transfers out	(1.296.000)	(1.296.000)	(1.296.000)	(1.296.000)
	(1,286,000) (1,286,000)	(1,286,000) (1,286,000)	(1,286,000) (1,286,000)	(1,286,000) (1,286,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,280,000)	(1,280,000)	(1,280,000)	(1,280,000)
Net Change in fund balances	853,687	(117,282)	948,369	1,122,920
Fund balances - beginning	6,091,301	6,863,358	6,746,076	7,466,225
	, ,	, , ,	, , , ,	, ,
Fund balance - ending	\$ 6,944,988	\$ 6,746,076	\$ 7,694,445	\$ 8,589,145
Debt services (principal & interest) as a				
percentage of non-capital expenditures	8.11%	7.30%	4.75%	0.00%

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 8,211,536	\$ 8,608,075	\$ 8,925,672	\$ 9,556,810	\$ 9,738,626	\$ 10,512,554
1,002,695	1,103,439	1,626,013	1,912,895	1,898,997	2,195,987
711,363	723,756	981,793	916,339	1,012,423	546,785
508,880	528,113	519,619	568,935	612,128	637,011
13,907	6,117	6,150	3,251	8,253	6,618
41,871	137,749	223,638	111,997	6,736	8,708
387,989	425,854	553,005	730,113	605,592	945,408
10,878,241	11,533,103	12,835,890	13,800,340	13,882,755	14,853,071
1,785,835	2,240,026	2,282,194	2,326,197	2,420,925	2,602,077
6,417,442	6,615,002	7,348,443	7,555,437	8,095,493	9,291,055
380,473	387,471	383,555	359,770	367,594	398,250
404,002	422,440	435,645	442,262	458,413	449,221
87,543	286,449	283,092	227,831	372,175	652,053
67,543	200,449	203,092	227,631	372,173	032,033
_	_	_	_	_	65,083
-	-	-	-	-	1,349
9,075,295	9,951,388	10,732,929	10,911,497	11,714,600	13,459,088
1,802,946	1,581,715	2,102,961	2,888,843	2,168,155	1,393,983
1,002,940	1,361,713	2,102,901	2,000,043	2,100,133	1,393,963
					88,043
					54,996
(1,286,000)	(1,417,542)	(1,429,500)	(1,430,004)	(1,430,003)	(1,094,436)
(1,286,000)	(1,417,542)	(1,429,500)	(1,430,004)	(1,430,003)	(951,397)
E1 C 0 4 C	164 173	(70.461	1 450 020	720 152	440.506
516,946	164,173	673,461	1,458,839	738,152	442,586
8,589,145	9,106,091	9,910,058	10,583,519	12,042,358	
\$ 9,106,091	\$ 9,270,264	\$ 10,583,519	\$ 12,042,358	\$ 12,780,510	\$ 442,586
Ψ 7,100,071	Ψ 2,210,204	ψ 10,505,519	Ψ 12,072,330	Ψ 12,700,310	Ψ
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.52%

Town of Highland Beach, Florida
Schedule 5
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended 9/30	Residental Property		nercial perty	Personal Property	,	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Total Actual Just Value
2013	\$ 1,727,623,028	\$ 15,	040,000	\$ 9,610,456	\$	1,752,273,484	4.87	\$ 1,966,422,907
2014	1,798,567,981	15,	400,000	10,043,245		1,824,011,226	4.81	2,072,656,191
2015	1,910,980,084	15,	400,000	10,683,925		1,937,064,009	4.64	2,260,380,097
2016	2,047,110,813	16,	170,000	11,959,998		2,075,240,811	4.15	2,475,549,166
2017	2,186,088,224	17,	787,000	12,448,224		2,216,323,448	3.86	2,716,856,926
2018	2,369,865,868	19,	565,700	11,139,513		2,400,571,081	3.70	2,915,050,463
2019	2,449,537,041	21,	524,470	12,241,737		2,483,303,248	3.72	2,939,022,067
2020	2,566,581,797	23,	676,917	12,083,552		2,602,342,266	3.80	3,079,744,504
2021	2,830,390,866	26,	312,862	14,849,795		2,871,553,523	3.79	3,210,768,746
2022	3,201,309,493	28,	944,149	17,058,146		3,247,311,788	3.62	4,221,158,007

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 6 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Unaudited) (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

Overlapping Rates (1)

						0 10114	pping races (r	,		
	Hig	hland Bea	ıch		Palm Beach		Palm Beach	South Florida		
		Debt	Total	Palm	County	Children's	County	Water	FIND(2)	
Fiscal	General	Service	Town	Beach	School	Services	Health Care	Management	And	
Year	Fund	Fund	Rate	County	Board	Council	District	District	Everglades	Total
2013	3.95	0.92	4.87	4.99	7.78	0.73	1.12	0.37	0.10	19.95
2014	3.95	0.86	4.81	4.99	7.59	0.70	1.08	0.35	0.09	19.61
2015	3.95	0.69	4.64	4.97	7.59	0.67	1.08	0.33	0.09	19.38
2016	3.50	0.65	4.15	4.93	7.51	0.67	1.04	0.30	0.08	18.68
2017	3.25	0.61	3.86	4.91	7.07	0.68	0.90	0.28	0.08	17.79
2018	3.08	0.62	3.70	4.90	6.77	0.66	0.78	0.27	0.08	17.15
2019	3.12	0.60	3.72	4.90	6.57	0.64	0.73	0.25	0.07	16.88
2020	3.23	0.57	3.80	4.86	7.16	0.65	0.73	0.28	0.03	17.51
2021	3.23	0.56	3.79	4.81	6.88	0.62	0.73	0.26	0.03	17.12
2022	3.23	0.39	3.62	4.75	6.52	0.55	0.73	0.22	0.03	16.42

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's office.

⁽¹⁾ Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the Town of Highland Beach

⁽²⁾ Florida Inland Navigation District.

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 7 Principal Property Tax Payers (Unaudited) Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		Fiscal Y	ear 2022		Fiscal Year 2013				
Taxpayers		Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxpayers		Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		
Leeds, Bruce	\$	15,655,811	0.48%	Musa, Marc A.	\$	8,380,902	0.48%		
Rothberg, Michael	\$	15,509,729	0.48%	Kappel, James S.	\$	7,520,000	0.43%		
Decoy Investments LLC	\$	15,226,563	0.47%	Kappel, Sarah A.	\$	7,520,000	0.43%		
Montgomery, Joel & Sarah Trust	\$	14,076,636	0.43%	Rap Knifore, LLC	\$	7,620,170	0.43%		
Karp, Simone	\$	13,361,920	0.41%	Muller, Ralph	\$	7,596,243	0.43%		
Hamister, Mark	\$	13,329,376	0.41%	Florida Power & Light	\$	7,241,793	0.41%		
Pastore, James	\$	12,845,441	0.40%	Goetz, David	\$	7,006,430	0.40%		
Kappel, James	\$	12,233,298	0.38%	Pross, Randy	\$	6,999,962	0.40%		
Ferenc, Sidney	\$	12,509,866	0.39%	Toth, Tibor	\$	6,572,013	0.38%		
Persaud, Krishna	\$	12,296,616	0.38%	Chaifetz, Jill B Trust	\$	6,190,431	0.35%		
Total	\$	137,045,256	4.22%	Total	\$	72,647,944	4.14%		

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office.

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 8 Property Tax Levies and Collections (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal				Collected wi	ithin the					
	Year	Ta	xes Levied	I	Fiscal Year of	the Levy	Collecti	ons	Total C	ollecti	ions to Date
	Ended		for the	for the		Percentage	in Subsec	quent			Percentage
_	9/30	<u>F</u>	iscal Year		<u>Amount</u>	of Levy	Year	<u>S</u>	<u>Amou</u>	<u>ınt</u>	of Levy
	2013	\$	8,209,000	\$	8,032,937	97.86%	\$	-	\$ 8,032	2,937	97.86%
	2014		8,765,104		8,246,672	94.09%		-	8,246	5,672	94.09%
	2015		8,996,821		8,681,402	96.49%	14,8	67	8,696	5,269	96.66%
	2016		8,603,075		8,319,187	96.70%		-	8,319	9,187	96.70%
	2017		8,200,200		8,203,649	100.04%	7,8	88	8,211	,537	100.14%
	2018		8,527,000		8,563,619	100.43%	45,0	78	8,608	3,697	100.96%
	2019		9,245,815		8,913,954	96.41%	11,7	18	8,925	5,673	96.54%
	2020		9,909,142		9,551,291	96.39%	5,5	19	9,556	5,810	96.44%
	2021		9,961,348		9,738,626	97.76%		-	9,738	3,626	97.76%
	2022		9,580,365		9,619,497	100.41%	3,9	35	9,623	3,432	100.45%

Source: Tax Collector, Palm Beach County.

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 9 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (Unaudited)

Fiscal			Governm	Governmental Activities				Business Ty	pe.	Activity			
Year		Median	General									Percentage	
Ended		Family	Obligation		Promissory		P	Promissory		Revolving	Total Primary	Personal	Per
9/30	Population (1)	Income	Bonds			Notes		Notes Loan F		Loan Fund	Government	Income	Capita
2013	3,572	N/A	\$	-	\$	1,047,347	\$	3,573,961	\$	10,028,414	\$ 14,649,722	N/A	4,101
2014	3,581	N/A		-		425,913		3,386,268		9,319,274	13,131,455	N/A	3,667
2015	3,600	N/A		-		-		3,192,102		8,589,786	11,781,888	N/A	3,273
2016	3,600	N/A		-		-		3,001,316		7,839,363	10,840,679	N/A	3,011
2017	3,600	N/A		-		-		2,803,727		10,491,253	13,294,980	N/A	3,693
2018	3,654	N/A		-		-		2,599,375		10,850,952	13,450,327	N/A	3,681
2019	3,671	N/A		-		-		2,387,936		9,823,765	12,211,701	N/A	3,327
2020	3,657	N/A		-		-		2,169,169		8,770,839	10,940,008	N/A	2,992
2021	4,300	N/A		-		-		1,942,817		7,691,271	9,634,088	N/A	2,240
2022	4,400	N/A		-		_		1,708,646		6,584,292	8,292,938	N/A	1,885

Source: (1) Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 10 Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding (Unaudited)

Fiscal					Percentage of		
Year				General	Actual Taxable		
Ended		Taxable		Bonded	Value of		Per
9/30	Population(1)	Value(2)		Debt	Property	(Capita
2013	3,572	\$ 1,752,273,484	\$	13,791,636	0.79%	\$	3,861
2014	3,581	1,824,011,226		12,695,861	0.70%		3,545
2015	3,600	1,937,064,009		11,781,888	0.61%		3,273
2016	3,600	2,063,280,813		10,840,679	0.53%		3,011
2017	3,600	2,216,323,448		13,294,980	0.60%		3,693
2018	3,654	2,400,571,081		13,450,327	0.56%		3,681
2019	3,671	2,483,303,248		12,211,701	0.49%		3,327
2020	3,657	2,602,342,266		10,940,008	0.42%		2,992
2021	4,300	2,741,021,812		9,634,088	0.35%		2,240
2022	4,400	3,124,267,506		8,292,938	0.27%		1,885

Source: (1) Bureau of Economic & Business Rearch (BEBR).

(2) Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office.

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 11

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt (Unaudited)

As of September 30, 2020				Estimated			
		Net General	Estimated		Share of		
	(Obligation Debt	Percentage	•			
Governmental Unit		Outstanding	Applicable		Debt		
Town direct debt:							
Town of Highland Beach	\$	8,292,938	100.00%	\$	8,292,938		
Overlapping debt:							
Palm Beach School District	\$	1,264,810,000					
Palm Beach County		61,115,000					
	\$	1,325,925,000	1.83%	\$	24,288,107		
Total direct and overlapping debt:				\$	32,581,045		
Estimated population:					4,400		
Direct and overlapping net debt per capita:				\$	7,405		

Source: Palm Beach County School District

Town of Highland Beach.

Note: Overlapping rate is determined by dividing taxable assesed valuation of the Town of Highland Beach by the total taxable valuation of Palm Beach County.

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 12 Legal Debt Margin Information (Unaudited)

The Town of Highland Beach has no legal debt margin.

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 13 Pledged-Revenue Coverage (Unaudited)

State Revolving Loan(s) 2005 Promissory Note Fiscal Year Ended Pledged Debt Service Pledged Debt Service 9/30 Revenue Principal Interest Revenue Principal Coverage Coverage Interest 2013 \$ 8,246,672 \$ 689,356 \$ 299,512 8.34 \$ 550,590 \$ 410,775 \$ 33,556 1.24 2014 8,452,116 709,140 279,731 8.55 422,503 21,692 555,655 1.25 2015 8,696,269 729,488 259,383 8.79 713,738 435,913 8,600 1.61 2016 8,319,187 750,423 237,722 8.42 NA NA NA NA 2017 8,211,537 771,960 226,826 8.22 NA NA NA NA 809,792 314,703 2018 8,608,697 7.66 NA NA NA NA 2019 8,925,673 1,027,185 225,158 7.13 NA NA NA NA 199,417 2020 1,052,927 7.63 9,556,810 NA NA NA NA 2021 9,738,626 1,079,569 172,273 7.78 NA NA NA NA 2022 9,623,432 1,079,569 172,273 7.69 NA NA NA NA

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 14 Demographic & Economic Information (Unaudited)

Fiscal						
Year			Per	Median		
Ended		Mean	Capita	House	School	Unemployment
9/30	Population(1)	Income(2)	Income(2)	Value (3)	Enrollment(2)	Rate(4)
2013	3,572	\$ 83,879	\$ 82,916	\$ 324,190	76	7.1%
2014	3,581	83,879	79,235	356,941	119	5.8%
2015	3,600	83,879	82,846	374,892	146	5.2%
2016	3,600	102,868	84,790	397,483	166	5.0%
2017	3,600	104,232	95,825	413,465	139	4.2%
2018	3,654	104,232	99,682	428,385	178	3.4%
2019	3,671	105,929	105,919	430,797	230	3.2%
2020	3,657	115,219	112,930	454,741	242	7.0%
2021	4,300	156,657	118,577	549,816	222	4.1%
2022	4,400	217,456	116,439	658,519	140	3.0%

Source: (1) Florida Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research April 1st 2022 l

- (2) U.S. Census Bureau (2021)
- (3) Zillow Home Value Index (ZHVI) for Zip Code 33487
- (4) U.S. Bureau of Labor Staistics (September of year indicated)

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 15 Principal Employers - Palm Beach County (Unaudited) Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	202	22		20	13
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total County Employment
Palm Beach County School District	22,426	2.92%	Palm Beach County School District	21,495	3.20%
Palm Beach County Government	5,753	0.75%	Palm Beach County Government	11,381	1.69%
Tenet Healthcare Group	5,734	0.75%	Tenet Healthcare Corp.	6,100	0.91%
NextEra Energy, Inc (FPL)	5,330	0.69%	Florida Power & Light	3,632	0.54%
Florida Atlantic University	5,059	0.66%	G4S	3,000	0.45%
Boca Raton Regional Hospital	3,135	0.41%	HCA (Hospital Corp. of America)	2,714	0.40%
Veterans Health Administration	2,600	0.34%	Florida Atlantic University	2,706	0.40%
HCA Healthcare	2,419	0.31%	Bethesda Memorial Hospital	2,391	0.36%
The Breakers	2,300	0.30%	Office Depot (Hdqtrs)	2,250	0.33%
Bethesda Memorial Hospital	2,282	0.30%	Boca Raton Community Hospital	2,391	0.36%
Total	57,038	7.42%	Total	58,060	8.64%

Source: Business Development Board of Palm Beach County

No information available for the Town of Highland Beach

Town of Highland Beach, Florida
Schedule 16
Full-Time Equivalent Town Employees by Function/Program (Unaudited)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended 9/30	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function/Program										
General Government										
Town Manager	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Town Clerk	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
Shared Support	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Finance	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Post Office	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Public Safety										
Building	2	2	2	2	1	2	4	5	5	6
Police	16	15	15	15	15	16	16	16	16	15
Cultural and Recreation										
Library	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Physical Evironment										
Utilities	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Total	38	39	38	38	37	39	41	43	43	45

Source: Town of Highland Beach Finance Department.

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 17 Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Unaudited) Last Six Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended 9/30	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function/Program						
Public Safety						
Number of arrests by police officers	7	7	9	4	9	6
Number of traffic citations issued	64	39	55	16	74	132
Number of fire calls (1)	111	102	106	198	198	*
Number of EMS calls (1)	11	33	30	454	652	*
Number of building permits issued	899	1,242	866	749	886	2,151
Physical Environment						
Number of water and sewer active accounts	660	670	673	671	789	809
Number of water and sewer units served	7,200	7,308	7,342	7,314	8,600	8,819
Cultural & Recreation						
Number of library patrons	3,339	3,593	3,370	3,209	3,150	3,053
Number of items in collection	42,323	42,330	42,178	42,511	42,730	43,997
Number of community events presented	893	687	701	396	20	100

Note: Fire Department contracted through Delray Beach.

Sources: Town of Highland Beach, FL

- (1) City of Delray Beach(*) Data unavailable at time report issued.

Town of Highland Beach, Florida Schedule 18 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended 9/30	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function/Program General Government Town Manager Vehicle	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Town Manager Venicle	O	O	O	O	O	V	V	Ü	O	1
Public Safety										
Fire Trucks	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EMS Units	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Police Vehicles	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	7	11	10
Vehicles- Protective Inspections	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
Transportation										
Street (miles)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Physical Environment										
Vehicles-Public Works	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	4

Note: Fire Department contracted through the City of Delray Beach.

Source: Town of Highland Beach, FL





NOWLEN, HOLT & MINER, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

MARK J. BYMASTER, CFE, CPA RYAN M. SHORE, CFP*, CPA WEI PAN, CPA WILLIAM C. KISKER, CPA RICHARD E. BOTTS. CPA

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To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Commission Town of Highland Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Highland Beach, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Highland Beach, Florida's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Highland Beach, Florida's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Highland Beach, Florida's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in Finding 2022-1 presented below.

Finding 2022-1 Loan Compliance

Condition: We noted that the Town did not submit the annual certifications for the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loans to the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection as required by the Loan Agreements.

Criteria: The Loan Agreements require that no later than September 30 annually the Town Authorized Representative or Chief Financial Officer submit a certification the Florida Department of Environmental Protection a certification that: (a) Pledger Revenue collections satisfy the rate coverage requirement; (b) the Loan Debt Service Account contains the funds required; and (c) insurance in effect for the facilities generating the Pledged Revenues adequately covers the customary risks to the extent that such insurance is available.

Effect: Noncompliance with loan agreements.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Town establish a loan compliance checklist to ensure that loan reporting requirements are performed timely.

Management Response: Management concurs with the finding and recommendation. Staff will establish a protocol to ensure loan compliance and timely submission of annual certifications.

Town of Highland Beach, Florida's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's response to the finding identified in our audit and presented above. The Town of Highland Beach, Florida's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

nowlen Holt 4 Mines, P.A.

West Palm Beach, Florida June 30, 2023



NOWLEN, HOLT & MINER, P.A.

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MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Commission Town of Highland Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Highland Beach, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 30, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this Management Letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Prior Year Findings That No Longer Apply

Corrective actions have been taken to address the following findings noted in the preceding annual financial audit report, and they no longer apply:

- Findings 2020-1 and 2021-1: Internal Controls Over Revenues
- Findings 2020-2 and 2021-2: Pooled Cash Reconciliation
- Findings 2018-2, 2019-2, 2020-5, and 2021-3: Adjusting Journal Entries.
- Finding 2021-4: Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations.

Prior Year Findings That Still Apply

There are no prior year findings that still apply.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this Management Letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information was disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements. There are no component units included in the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Town of Highland Beach, Florida met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town of Highland Beach, Florida did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Town of Highland Beach, Florida. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same. Our assessment was done as of the fiscal year end. The results of our procedures did not disclose any matters that are required to be reported.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c, Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Single Audits

The Town of Highland Beach, Florida expended less than \$750,000 of federal awards and less than \$750,000 of state financial assistance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 and was not required to have a federal single audit or a state single audit.

Purpose of this Letter

Our Management Letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Town Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

nowlen Holt 4 Mines, P.A.

West Palm Beach, Florida June 30, 2023



NOWLEN, HOLT & MINER, P.A.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES MARK J. BYMASTER, CFE, CPA RYAN M. SHORE, CFP®, CPA WEI PAN, CPA WILLIAM C. KISKER, CPA RICHARD E. BOTTS, CPA

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The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Commission Town of Highland Beach, Florida BELLE GLADE OFFICE 333 S.E. 2nd STREET POST OFFICE BOX 338 BELLE GLADE, FLORIDA 33430-0338 TELEPHONE (561) 996-5612 FAX (561) 996-6248

We have examined the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management of the Town of Highland Beach, Florida is responsible for the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Highland Beach, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Town of Highland Beach, Florida complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town of Highland Beach, Florida's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Town of Highland Beach, Florida complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, applicable management, and the Board of Supervisors, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

nowlen Holt 4 Miner, P.A.

West Palm Beach, Florida June 30, 2023