# TOWN OF LEE, FLORIDA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# **TOWN OFFICIALS**

September 30, 2022

	ELECTED TERM
<u>OFFICIALS</u>	<u>EXPIRATION</u>

# **MAYOR**

James E. Bell November 2022

# TOWN COUNCIL

Dianne Beck, Council Member	November 2022
Erika Robinson, Council Member	November 2024
Edwin McMullen, Council Member	November 2024
Joyce Bethea, President	November 2024
Ronnie Bass, Council Member	November 2022

# TOWN MANAGER/CLERK

Sona Hayslett

# **TOWN ATTORNEY**

Rhett Bullard

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# September 30, 2022

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# KENNETH M. DANIELS CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

107 2nd Ave S.E. Jasper, FL 32052 Phone 386-792-1906 Fax 386-792-1925 kmdcpa@windstream.net

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Lee, Florida

# **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

# **Opinions**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Lee, Florida as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Lee, Florida's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Lee, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. I am required to be independent of the Town of Lee, Florida, and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Lee, Florida's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lee, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Lee, Florida's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-9, budgetary comparison information on pages 33–34 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's

responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued our report dated May 5, 2023, on my consideration of the Town of Lee, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lee, Florida's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Lee, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kenneth M. Daniels

Certified Public Accountant

LLDIL

May 5, 2023

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Lee, Florida's (the Town), financial performance provides an overview of Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, which begin on page 10.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management awarded the Town an American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Grant in the amount of \$164,279. The grant agreement outlines the allowed uses of the funds including: "to make necessary investments in water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure."

During the year ending September 30, 2022, the Town expended \$97,474 of the funds for water/sewer related purposes.

### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer – term view of the Town's finances.

Fund financial statements start on page 12. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government – wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds.

# Reporting the Town as a Whole

Our analysis of the Town as a whole begins on page 5. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities on pages 10 and 11 includes all assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements also report the Town's net position and changes in it. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Town's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

Consideration of other nonfinancial factors such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, are also necessary to assess its overall financial health.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Town is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities the Town's basic services are reported here, including the finance and administration functions, public safety, economic development, and culture and recreation. Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and grants finance most of these activities.
- Business—type activities the Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the costs of the water and sewer/wastewater utility services it provides.

# Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

Our analysis of the Town's major funds begins on page 8. The fund financial statements begin on page 11 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Town as a whole. The Town has a General Fund (governmental) and an Enterprise (proprietary) Fund. The Town's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

# • Governmental funds

The Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of the fund and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. The fund is reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short—term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs.

The differences between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the governmental funds are described in the reconciliations accompanying the fund financial statements.

### • *Proprietary funds*

When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Town's Enterprise Fund, a proprietary fund, is the same as the business—type activities reported in the government—wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

#### The Town as a Whole

The Town's total Net Position decreased approximately \$120,000, largely due to depreciation on the Town's capital assets and repairs on the Town's water/sewer system.

The Governmental Activities' Net Position was largely unchanged. The Business-type Activities Net Position decreased approximately \$117,000.

Analysis of the changes in net position follows.

Table 1 focuses on the Town's net position.

Table 1 Net Position In Thousands

	Governmental Activities			Business type Activities				Totals			
	2	2022		2021	2022		2021		2022		2021
Current and other assets	\$	502	\$	408	\$ 485	\$	412	\$	987	\$	820
Capital assets		1,215		1,241	 4,524		4,732		5,739		5,973
Total assets	\$	1,717	\$	1,649	\$ 5,009	\$	5,144	\$	6,726	\$	6,793
Long term liabilities	\$	2	\$	2	\$ 33	\$	493	\$	33	\$	495
Other liabilities		77		6	 472		30		549		36
Total liabilities		79		8	 505		523		584		531
Net position:											
Invested in Cap Assets		1,215		1,241	4,053		4,239		5,268		5,480
Restricted		-		-	15		15		15		15
Unrestricted		423		400	 436		367		859		767
Total net position		1,638		1,641	 4,504		4,621		6,142		6,262
Total liabilities & net position	\$	1,717	\$	1,649	\$ 5,009	\$	5,144	\$	6,726	\$	6,793

Table 2 focuses on the changes in the net position.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in Thousands)

	Governn		Business	. I			
Revenues	<u>Activi</u>	<u>ties</u>	<u>Activit</u>	<u>ties</u>	Totals		
Program revenues	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	
General government	\$ 11	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11	\$ 2	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Physical environment	97	-	-	-	97	-	
Transportation	3	3	-	-	3	3	
Economic environment	32	30	-	-	32	30	
Culture/recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water utility services	-	-	95	101	95	101	
Sewer/wastewater services	-	-	116	124	116	124	
General revenues							
Taxes							
Ad valorem	73	58	-	-	73	58	
Local option gas	50	51	-	-	50	51	
Franchise fees	30	22	-	-	30	22	
Utility service	16	28	12	12	28	40	
Local Communications	26	18	-	-	26	18	
Intergovernmental	33	28	-	-	33	28	
Interest	1	-	2	-	3	-	
Miscellaneous	11	11	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	11	11	
Total revenues	383	251	225	237	608	488	

(Table 2 continued)						
Program expenses						
General government	118	106	-	-	118	106
Public safety	4	4	_	-	4	4
Physical environment	1	-	_	-	1	-
Transportation	124	103	-	-	124	103
Economic environment	26	22	-	-	26	22
Culture/recreation	23	18	_	-	23	18
Water utility services	-	-	138	134	138	134
Sewer/wastewater services	-	-	294	284	294	284
Total expenses	296	253	432	418	728	671
Excess (deficiency) before						
transfers	87	(2)	(207)	(181)	(120)	(183)
Special items	-	8	-	_	_	8
Transfers	(90)	<u>-</u>	90	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in net position	(3)	6	(117)	(181)	(120)	(175)
Net position - beginning	1,641	1,635	4,621	4,802	6,262	6,437
Net position - ending	\$ 1,638	\$ 1,641	\$ 4,504	\$ 4,621	\$ 6,142	\$ 6,262

### **Governmental Activities**

- Governmental Activities current and other assets increased due to the advance of the grant proceeds indicated in the Financial Highlights section above. The Town is carrying forward \$66,805 of the grant award to the 2022-23 fiscal year.
- Other liabilities increased due to the above carryover (unearned revenue of \$66,805).
- Total net position decreased slightly due to depreciation exceeding the capital asset purchases.
- Increases/decreases in governmental revenues are explained as follows: 1. General government revenues increased due to a payment by Madison County to the Town for excess funds, a "surplus funds payment" in the amount of \$9,456 based on an interlocal agreement. 2. Physical Environment revenues increased due to revenues under the grant indicated in the financial highlights section. 3. Ad valorem taxes increased due to valuations increasing as property changed hands (taxable value per Form DR-420 \$11.56 vs. \$10.78 million).
- Increases/decreases in governmental expenses are explained as follows: Transportation expenses increased due to road repair lime rock in the amount of \$16,302. Recreation expenses increased due to repairs of the McMullen home located behind Town Hall.

# **Business-type Activities**

- Current and other assets increased due to significant repairs to the water and sewer systems made via the ARPA Grant indicated in the financial highlights section (conservation of operating cash).
- Capital assets decreased due to the depreciation of the water/waste water system.
- Invested in capital assets decreased due to depreciation on the Town's wastewater system.
- Water/sewer utility revenues decreased due to installation/turn-on fees in the prior year in the amount of \$17,982 and other miscellaneous amounts collected and not billed in the amount of approximately \$6,000.

# Significant Changes in Major Governmental Fund Balances

General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance increased by approximately \$23,000 due to the increased revenues of approximately \$41,000 net (ad valorum taxes, franchise fees, utility service taxes).

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Town's 2021-22 General Fund's budgetary highlights are as follows:

Actual revenues (excluding budgeted reserves) exceeded the budgeted amounts by approximately \$132,000. Expenditures were less than budgeted by \$147,000.

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As indicated in the table below, the Town has approximately \$9.3 million invested in capital assets such as land, infrastructure, buildings, recreation facilities, water utility facilities, and equipment. The above amount represents a \$14,000 net increase over the previous year's total. The Town's capital asset increases were due to the purchase of a utility trailer and building addition.

Table 3
Capital Assets (in Thousands)

	Governmental			В	Business-type							
	<u>Activities</u>				<u>Activities</u>				<u>Totals</u>			
	$20\overline{22}$ $2021$			20	<u>2022</u> <u>2021</u>			20	022	20	021	
Land	\$	46	\$	46	\$	198	\$	198	\$	244	\$	244
Buildings		560		551		40		40		600		591
Infrastructure	951			951		7,128 7,		7,128 8,079		3,079	8,079	
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles										-		-
and vehicles		300		295		117		117		417		412
Totals	\$ 1	,857	\$ 1	<u>,843</u>	\$ 7	<u>\$7,483</u> <u>\$7,</u>		,483	\$ 9,340		\$ 9	<del>9,326</del>

#### **Debt**

At year-end, the Town's debt consisted of compensated absences and a note payable to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection. The totals are as indicated below. There are no debt ratings for the Town.

TABLE 4
OUTSTANDING DEBT AT YEAR-END
(in Thousands)

	G	Governmental			В	usines	ss-type					
		<u>Activities</u>				Activ	<u>rities</u>		<u>Totals</u>			
	<u>202</u>	<u> 22</u>	<u>202</u>	1	202	<u> 22</u>	202	1	202	<u> 22</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>21</u>
Compensated absences	\$	2	\$	2	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2	\$	2
Notes payable						471	-	<u> 493</u>		<u>471</u>		493
Totals	\$	2	\$	2	\$	471	\$	<u> 493</u>	\$	473	\$	495

### 2023 BUDGET AND CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS

# 2023 Budget

Notable items/changes in the Town's 2022-23 budgets are as follows:

General Fund: Budgeted expenditures totaling \$306,992 and reserves of \$417,743 for total appropriations of \$724,735.

Enterprise Fund: Charges for utility services (water and wastewater) are budgeted at \$219,900 with reserves of \$238,489. Budgeted expenses \$230,880; debt service \$29,433; contingency \$198,076.

# **Currently Known Facts**

The Town continues to manage its sewer/wastewater system with planned repairs and maintenance via the remaining balance of the American Rescue Plan Act Grant in the amount of \$66,805.

### CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors, with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money that it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town at 286 NE CR 255, Lee, FL 32059.

Sona Hayslett, Manager Town of Lee, Florida

Sona Hayslett

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2022

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>			siness-type Activities	<u>Total</u>		
Assets			_				
Cash	\$	564,286	\$	342,076	\$	906,362	
Utility tax receivable		3,560		-		3,560	
Accounts receivable, net		1,198		7,013		8,211	
Franchise fees receivable		2,680		-		2,680	
Internal balances		(80,660)		80,660		-	
Due from other governmental units		10,752		-		10,752	
Restricted assets							
Cash		-		55,547		55,547	
Capital assets							
Land		46,474		197,549		244,023	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		1,168,802		4,326,485		5,495,287	
Total capital assets, net		1,215,276		4,524,034		5,739,310	
Total assets	\$	1,717,092	\$	5,009,330	\$	6,726,422	
Liabilities and net position							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	5,666	\$	7,349	\$	13,015	
Interest payable		-		1,680		1,680	
Payroll taxes payable		4,265		-		4,265	
Unearned revenue		66,805		_		66,805	
Customer deposits		-		23,750		23,750	
Long-term liabilities				,		ŕ	
Due within one year							
Compensated absences		_		596		596	
Notes payable		_		21,199		21,199	
Due in more than one year				,		,	
Compensated absences		2,045		_		2,045	
Notes payable		-		450,128		450,128	
Total liabilities		78,781		504,702		583,483	
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets		1,215,276		4,052,707		5,267,983	
Restricted - capital facilities		-		15,540		15,540	
Unrestricted		423,035		436,381		859,416	
Total net position		1,638,311		4,504,628		6,142,939	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	1,717,092	\$	5,009,330	\$	6,726,422	

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and					
	·		Operating	Capital	C	hanges in Net Position	1			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-				
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	Services	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>	type Activities	<u>Total</u>			
Governmental activities										
General government	\$ 118,149	\$ 1,813	\$ 9,456	\$ -	\$ (106,880)	\$ -	\$ (106,880)			
Public safety	3,748	-	-	-	(3,748)	-	(3,748)			
Physical environment	525	-	97,474	-	96,949	-	96,949			
Transportation	123,946	3,338	-	-	(120,608)	-	(120,608)			
Economic environment	26,307	31,716	-	-	5,409	-	5,409			
Culture/recreation	23,136			<del>_</del>	(23,136)		(23,136)			
Total governmental activities	295,811	36,867	106,930		(152,014)		(152,014)			
Business type activities										
Water utility services	137,498	94,802	-	-	-	(42,696)	(42,696)			
Sewer/wastewater services	294,446	115,627	<u>_</u> _	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	(178,819)	(178,819)			
Total business type activities	431,944	210,429			<u> </u>	(221,515)	(221,515)			
Totals	<u>\$ 727,755</u>	\$ 247,296	\$ 106,930	\$ -	(152,014)	(221,515)	(373,529)			
General revenues										
Taxes										
Ad valorem					73,370	-	73,370			
Local option gas					50,185	-	50,185			
Utility service					29,573	12,691	42,264			
Local Communications					15,473	-	15,473			
Franchise fees					25,520	-	25,520			
Intergovernmental					33,257	-	33,257			
Interest					790	2,031	2,821			
Miscellaneous					10,950	-	10,950			
Transfers					(89,674)	89,674	<u>-</u>			
Total general revenues, special items, and transfers					149,444	104,396	253,840			
Change in net position					(2,570)	(117,119)	(119,689)			
Net position - beginning					1,640,881	4,621,747	6,262,628			
Net position - ending					\$ 1,638,311	\$ 4,504,628	\$ 6,142,939			

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# September 30, 2022

	General
Assets	<u>Fund</u>
Cash	\$ 564,286
Utility tax receivable	3,560
Franchise fees receivable	2,680
Rents receivable	1,198
Interfund receivable	9,014
Due from other governmental units	 10,752
Total assets	\$ 591,490
Liabilities and fund balances	
Accounts payable	\$ 5,666
Interfund payables	89,674
Payroll taxes payable	4,265
Unearned revenue	 66,805
Total liabilities	 166,410
Fund balances	
Unassigned	 425,080
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 591,490

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2022

Total fund balances for governmental funds

\$ 425,080

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because of the following:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of the following:

Land	46,474
Buildings	559,543
Accumulated depreciation - buildings	(235,868)
Infrastructure	950,650
Accumulated depreciation - infrastructure	(189,695)
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles	300,139
Accumulated depreciation - equipment	(215,967)
Total capital assets (See Note 5.)	1,215,276

Long-term liabilities applicable to the Town's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position.

Balances at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Compensated absences - long-term	(2,045)
Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,638,311

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	neral <u>und</u>
Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 195,221
Licenses and permits	450
Intergovernmental revenue	140,188
Charges for services	3,338
Fines and forfeits	263
Interest	790
Miscellaneous revenues	 42,666
Total revenues	 382,916
Expenditures	
Current	
General Government	114,916
Transportation	111,020
Economic environment	14,414
Culture/Recreation	16,693
Capital outlay	 13,072
Total expenditures	 270,115
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	112,801
Other financing sources (uses)	
Transfers out	 (89,674)
Net change in fund balance	23,127
Fund balance - beginning	 401,953
Fund balance - ending	\$ 425,080

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 23,127

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Expenses are reduced by the capital outlay and increased by the current period's depreciation. Gain/loss is recognized on the disposal of capital assets.

> Capital outlay 13,072 Depreciation (39,069)

The changes in the long-term portion of accrued annual leave is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. However, the changes in the liability are reported as increases (decreases) to salaries in the statement of activities. 300 Change in net position of governmental activities (2,570)

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

September 30, 2022

Assets		
Current assets		
Cash	\$	342,076
Accounts receivable		8,913
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(1,900)
Interfund receivables		89,674
Total current assets		438,763
Noncurrent assets		
Restricted assets		
Cash - deposits		25,038
Cash - impact fees		15,540
Cash - debt service		14,969
Total restricted assets		55,547
Capital assets		
Land		197,549
Buildings		40,000
Improvement other than buildings		7,128,667
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		117,106
Accumulated depreciation		(2,959,288)
Total capital assets net	<del></del>	4,524,034
Total noncurrent assets		4,579,581
Total assets	\$	5,018,344
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	7,349
Interfund payable		9,014
Compensated absences		596
Accrued interest payable		1,680
Deposits		23,750
Note payable		21,199
Total current liabilities		63,588
		_
Long term liabilities		
Note payable		450,128
Total liabilities		513,716
AV tot		
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets		4,052,707
Restricted - capital facilities, expendable		15,540
Unrestricted		436,381
Total net position	_	4,504,628
Total liabilities and net position	\$	5,018,344

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

Operating revenues	
Water utility revenue	\$ 92,855
Wastewater utility revenue	111,293
Miscellaneous	6,281
Total operating revenues	210,429
Operating expenses	
Water utility services	
Personal services	28,279
Operating expenses	109,219
Total water utility services	137,498
Sewer/waste water services	
Personal services	32,662
Operating expenses	253,670
Total sewer/waste water services	286,332
Total operating expenses	423,830
Operating income (loss)	(213,401)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	
Interest revenue	2,031
Utility service tax	12,691
Interest expense	(8,114)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	6,608
Income (loss) before transfers	(206,793)
Transfers in	89,674
Change in net position	(117,119)
Total net position - beginning	4,621,747
Total net position - ending	<u>\$ 4,504,628</u>

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 208,674
Cash payments for employees and benefits	(60,805)
Cash payments to contractors, suppliers, and others	 (151,348)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	 (3,479)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Cash transfers in (out)	-
Utility service tax	 12,691
Cash flows provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	 12,691
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	
Principal paid on capital debt	(21,244)
Interest paid on capital debt	 (8,190)
Cash flows provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	 (29,434)
Cash flows from investing activities	
Interest revenue	 2,031
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(18,191)
Cash - beginning	 415,814
Cash - ending	\$ 397,623
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided	
by operating activities	
Operating loss	\$ (213,401)

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Depreciation	\$	208,037
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Decrease (increase) in		
Accounts receivable (net)		(1,355)
Increase (decrease) in		
Accounts payable		3,504
Compensated absences		136
Deposits		(400)
Total adjustments		209,922
3		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(3,479)
•	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	(3,479)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	(3,479)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities  Noncash transactions  Reconciliation of cash per the statement of net assets to the statement of	<u>\$</u>	(3,479)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities  Noncash transactions  Reconciliation of cash per the statement of net assets to the statement of cash flows:	\$ \$	(3,479)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities  Noncash transactions  Reconciliation of cash per the statement of net assets to the statement of cash flows:  Cash per the Statement of Net Assets	\$ \$	<u>-</u>

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2022

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Lee, a political subdivision of the State of Florida, incorporated under the authority of Chapter 165, *Florida Statutes*, was established by Chapter 6067, *Laws of Florida* (1909). Accordingly, the Town is subject to restrictions imposed by the Florida Constitution and Statutes as well as by its own ordinances. The Town operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The Town's major operations include finance, administration, street maintenance, parks, and recreation. In addition, the Town owns and operates water and wastewater utility systems.

The Town of Lee's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The more significant accounting policies used by the Town are discussed below.

# A. Reporting Entity

These financial statements present only the Town of Lee (the primary government). As defined by GASBS No. 14, component units are legally separate entities that are to be included in the Town of Lee's reporting entity because of the significance of the operating or financial relationships with the Town.

At September 30, 2022, the Town of Lee's financial statements consists only of those functions and activities administered directly by the Mayor and Town Council and include no component units

# B. Basis of Presentation

The Town of Lee's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major funds). The government-wide statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Town's finance, administration, fire protection, street maintenance, parks, and recreation are classified as governmental activities. The Town's water and sewer/wastewater utility services are classified as a business-type activity.

#### Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-

term debt and obligations.

Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

Eliminations of internal activities have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal transactions.

The Town's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's governmental and business-type activities (general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, transportation, and culture/recreation, etc.).

The functions are supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, permits and charges, etc.) and service charges.

The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related charges for services, operating grants, and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, transportation, and culture/recreation, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales or gas taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The Town does not allocate indirect costs to functions in the statement of activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category, governmental and proprietary, are presented. The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. If applicable, all remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

#### Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental fund's measurement (in the fund statements) is upon the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the Town's major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

# Proprietary Funds:

The Town's proprietary fund accounts for its water and sewer/wastewater utility operations.

# C. Basis of Accounting

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations.

On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual: both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available if they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within six months of the end of the current fiscal period, except for property taxes, for which the period is sixty days.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted assets available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by the general revenues.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values.

The Town considers all exchange transactions to be operating revenues. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

#### D. Financial Statement Amounts

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For its Proprietary Fund, the Town has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and funds placed in the State of Florida Board of Administration Local Government Investment Pool which can be deposited or withdrawn at any time without prior notice or penalty.

#### **Inventories**

It is the policy of the Town to record the acquisition of supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The amount of supplies on hand at any one time is nominal in amount and is considered immaterial.

# Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 50 years Improvements other than buildings 5-50 years Equipment, furniture, and vehicles 5-10 years

GASBS No. 34 required the Town to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective as of October 1, 2003. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe, traffic signals, sidewalks, etc. In the future, these infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Town. The Town, a Phase 3 Government, elected not to retroactively report infrastructure but to capitalize current and future asset acquisitions.

#### Revenues

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Property taxes are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied. Subsidies and grants to proprietary funds, which finance either capital or current operations, are reported as nonoperating revenue based on GASBS No. 33. In applying GASBS No. 33 to grant revenues, the Town recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements are met.

# E. Compensated Absences

The Town has adopted personnel policies providing annual vacation and sick leave benefits to employees. Accrued vacation vests; however, accrued sick leave does not.

The Town accrues unpaid vacation costs when earned by the employee. The non-current portion for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

### F. Governmental Funds - Fund Balances

GASB has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54) to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the Town's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on the users of those resources.

The Town does not have a policy regarding the commitment or assignment of fund balances. As a result, the Town does not report any committed fund balance. In accordance with GASB 54, the Town reports the amount of the fund balance needed to eliminate expected expenditures over expected revenues in the subsequent year budget as assigned fund balance of the general fund, if applicable.

When committed, assigned, and unassigned funds are available for use, the Town's procedures are to use the restricted funds first, followed by assigned funds, and then the unassigned funds. When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for an expenditure, the Town's policy is to expend restricted amounts until exhausted.

#### G. Restricted Net Position

At September 30, 2022, the Proprietary Fund's net position was restricted in the amount of \$15,540. This amount is required by *Florida Statutes* 163.31801 to be used for future capital related expenditures.

The government-wide statement of net position reports the above restricted amounts, which is not restricted as a result of enabling legislation.

### H. Ad Valorem Taxes

Article VII of the Florida Constitution provides that municipalities are authorized to impose ad valorem taxes on real and intangible personal property. The Town's property taxes, levied by November 1 on assessed valuations as of January 1, are due and payable November 1. Taxes not paid by the following April 1, are considered delinquent and subject to collection through issuance of tax warrants (personal property taxes) and the sale of tax certificates (real property taxes). All

taxes imposed pursuant to the constitution and the laws of the State of Florida constitute a first lien as of January 1, superior to all other liens, continuing in force until discharged by payment or until barred by the provisions of Chapter 95, *Florida Statutes*.

The elected officials of Madison County, Florida perform the property assessment and tax collection functions.

### I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# J. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, or reimbursements of transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related costs as a reimbursement.

All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

### **Note 2. Deposits and Investments**

Pursuant to Florida Statutes 218.415(17), the Town is authorized to invest surplus public funds in:

- (a) The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, as provided in *Florida Statutes* 163 01
- (b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- (c) Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined in s. 280.02
- (d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

During the year ended September 30, 2022, the Town complied with the above requirements.

Chapter 218 *Florida Statutes* governs funds invested in Florida PRIME, the state's investment service for public funds. The Town's deposits in Florida PRIME, a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. These investments are reported at fair value (account balance) which is amortized cost.

As of September 30, 2022, the Town discloses the following relating to its investment in Florida PRIME:

Florida Prime rating	AAAm
Interest rate risk disclosure	
Dollar weighted average days to maturity	21 days
Weighted average life	72 days
Foreign Currency Risk	N/A
Securities Lending	N/A
Fair value hierarchy	amortized cost
Fair value/amortized cost	\$298,933

#### Limitations or Restrictions on Withdrawals

#### **Redemption Gates**

Chapter 218.409(8)(a), *Florida Statutes*, states "the principal, and any part thereof, of each accounting constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for forty-eight hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility . . ."

#### Liquidity Fees

Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

#### Redemption Fees

As of September 30, 2022, there were no redemption fees, maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to one hundred percent of their account value.

The Florida PRIME investment policies can be viewed at: www.sbafla.com/prime.

The Town's deposits are as follows:

Cash	General		<b>Enterprise</b>		<u>Total</u>
Deposits	\$	497,126	\$	125,843	\$ 622,969
Florida Prime		67,160		216,233	 283,393
Total unrestricted deposits		564,286		342,076	 906,362
Deposits		-		40,007	40,007
Florida Prime				15,540	 15,540
Total restricted deposits				55,547	 55,547
Total cash	\$	564,286	\$	397,623	\$ 961,909

#### **Note 3. Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable at September 30, 2022, of the Enterprise Fund, consisted of the following:

-	Billed		
	A	ccounts	
Gross	\$	8,913	
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(1,900)	
Net accounts receivable	\$	7,013	

At September 30, 2022, the Town Council continued the monitoring of delinquent accounts.

#### Note 4. Due from Other Governmental Units

Due from other governmental units at September 30, 2022, consists of the following:

State of Florida	\$ 10,095
Madison County, FL	657
Total	\$ 10,752

#### Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ending September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental Activities	<b>Balance</b>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<b>Balance</b>
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 46,474	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,474
Other capital assets				
Buildings	551,561	7,981	-	559,542
Infrastructure	950,650	-	-	950,650
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles	295,048	5,090	<u>-</u>	300,138
Total other capital assets	1,797,259	13,071		1,810,330
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(224,144)	(11,725)	-	(235,869)
Infrastructure	(177,262)	(12,431)	-	(189,693)
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles	(201,053)	(14,913)	<u>-</u>	(215,966)
Total accumulated depreciation	(602,459)	(39,069)	<u>-</u>	(641,528)
Other capital assets, net	1,194,800	(25,998)		1,168,802
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,241,274	\$ (25,998)	\$ -	\$ 1,215,276

#### **Business-type activities**

O 1. 1			1 .	1	
Capital	assets	not	heing	denred	nated

Land	\$	197,549	\$ 	\$ -	\$	197,549
Other capital assets						
Buildings		40,000	-	-		40,000
Infrastructure		7,128,667	-	-		7,128,667
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		117,106	 <u>-</u>		_	117,106
Total other capital assets		7,285,773	 		_	7,285,773
Less accumulated depreciation for						
Buildings		(40,000)	-	-		(40,000)
Infrastructure	(2	2,631,614)	(204,820)	-		(2,836,434)
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles		(79,637)	 (3,217)		_	(82,854)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2	2,751,251)	 (208,037)			(2,959,288)
Other capital assets, net		4,534,522	 (208,037)			4,326,485
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	4,732,071	\$ (208,037)	\$ -	\$	4,524,034

For the year ending September 30, 2022, depreciation expense was charged to the following functions as follows:

#### **Governmental activities**

General government	\$ 3,233
Public safety	3,748
Physical environment	525
Transportation	13,228
Economic environment	11,892
Culture/recreation	 6,443
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 39,069

#### **Business-type activities**

Physical environment \$\\ \\$ 208,037

#### **Note 6. Long-Term Obligations**

#### **Business-type Activities**

On July 11, 2016, the Town executed Amendment 2 to Loan Agreement DP893010, with the State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection. The Amendment closed out the previous loan and transferred the amended balance to Loan WW400300 as of July 1, 2016. The Amendment reduced the loan balance to \$607,696.

Under Loan WW400300, the debt is to be repaid in fifty-one semiannual payments of \$14,716. The payments include interest of 1.69%.

The Town incurred interest expense of \$8,114 during the year ending September 30, 2022. The amount is included in the direct expense of the Town's Sewer/waste water Department.

Debt service to maturity is as follows:

		Note Payable						
	;	<u>Payment</u>	<u>I</u>	Principal Principal		<u>Interest</u>		
2023	\$	29,433	\$	21,199	\$	8,234		
2024		29,433		21,573		7,860		
2025		29,433		21,954		7,479		
2026		29,433		22,342		7,091		
2027		29,433		22,736		6,697		
2028-32		147,165		119,847		27,318		
2033-37		147,165		130,808		16,357		
2038-41		115,377		110,868		4,509		
	\$	556,872	\$	471,327	\$	85,545		

Pledged future revenues for the loan above are as follows:

	W	/ater/sewer
Collateralized Debt - Revenue Refunding Bond		<u>Fund</u>
Pledged revenue required for future principal and		
interest on existing note payable	\$	556,872
Term of commitment fiscal year ending September 30, 2022		19 years
Percentage of gross sewer system revenue pledged		100%
Current fiscal year pledged revenue	\$	114,434
Current fiscal year principal and interest paid	\$	29,433

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

Governmental Activities  Long term obligations	<u>10</u>	<u>)/1/2021</u>	<u>Ad</u>	<u>ditions</u>	Dec	luctions	<u>9/</u>	30/2022	v	ounts due vithin ne Year
Compensated absences	\$	2,346	\$	3,226	\$	3,527	\$	2,045	\$	<del>-</del>
Business Type Compensated absences	\$	460	\$	1,101	\$	965	\$	596	\$	596
Note payable		492,571		<u>-</u>		21,244		471,327		21,199
Totals	\$	493,031	\$	1,101	\$	22,209	\$	471,923	\$	21,795

#### **Note 7. Interfund Balances and Transfers**

Interfund balances for the year ending September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Major funds Due from Due to Net totals	\$	General 9,014 (89,674) (80,660)	\$ \$	89,674 (9,014) 80,660	Description payroll taxes and other reimbursements payroll taxes and other reimbursements
Major funds Transfer out	\$	<u>General</u> 89.674	<u>E</u> 1	<u>nterprise</u>	<u>Description</u> Reimbursement for grant expenses
Transfer in	φ 	-	φ 	- 89,67 <u>4</u>	Reimbursement for grant expenses
Net totals	\$	89,674	\$	89,674	

#### **NOTE 8. Fund Balance Reporting**

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54) provides a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the Town's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on the uses of those resources.

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances for governmental funds: nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

In addition to the nonspendable fund balance, GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on spending constraints:

Restricted – Fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed – Fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government from its highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned – Fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose. This category includes any remaining positive amounts, for governmental funds other than the General Fund, not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

Unassigned – Fund balance of the general fund that is not constrained for any particular purpose.

The Town has classified its fund balances with the following hierarchy:

#### Spendable

The Town has classified the spendable fund balance as unassigned. At September 30, 2022, the unassigned general fund balance was \$425,080 or 157% of the General Fund's total expenditures.

A summary of the fund balances at September 30, 2022, was as follows:

Description General Fund Fund balances:

Spendable

Unassigned \$ 425,080

#### Note 9. Interlocal Agreement

In May 2010, the Town of Lee and the City of Madison amended an interlocal agreement regarding the treatment of wastewater. The City of Madison will provide wastewater treatment services to the Town of Lee.

Per the agreement, the Wastewater Services Fee will automatically increase five percent annually effective October 1. The rate increase will continue unless the City of Madison elects not to activate the automatic wastewater increase for all other wastewater customers. The automatic increase will not begin until one year after the Town's Wastewater Collection System is connected to the City's Wastewater Plant or two years after the date of the interlocal agreement.

The agreement is for an initial term of three years and automatically renews for successive three-year terms. The agreement may be terminated by either party through a written notice three years in advance.

In accordance with the above agreement, the 2022 rate was \$4.04 per 1,000 gallons treated.

#### Note 10. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance to mitigate the risk of property loss or other liabilities. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **Note 11. Contingent Liabilities**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the State and Federal governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### **NOTE 12. Current/Future Accounting Pronouncements**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) effective dates of upcoming pronouncements are as follows:

Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* —reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021: FY2022-23

Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* - effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022: FY 2022-23

Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, varying effective dates

Statement No. 100 Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023: FY 2023-24

Statement No. 101 Compensated Absences – effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023: FY 2024-25

The Town is evaluating the effects that these statements will have on its financial statements for the year ending September 30, 2023, and beyond.

#### **Note 13. Commitments**

The Town has an agreement for the administration of the ARPA Grant with Disaster, Strategies, and Ideas Group (DSI). The agreement was dated March 3, 2022, and amended November 2, 2022. The contract total, payments, and balance are as follows:

Per the agreement with Disaster, Strategies, and Ideas Group for Administration of the CSLFRF Grant

Contract amount \$ 8,200
Paid as of 09-30-22 (7,800)
Balance \$ 400

#### **Note 14. Subsequent Events**

The Town's management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the audit report – May 5, 2023.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### TOWN OF LEE, FLORIDA

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

							Var	iance with	
							Fin	al Budget	
	Original			Final				Positive	
	<b>Budget</b>		<b>Budget</b>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)		
Beginning fund balance	\$	255,787	\$	255,787	\$	401,953	\$	146,166	
Resources (inflows)									
Taxes		172,299		172,299		195,221		22,922	
Licenses and permits		-		-		450		450	
Intergovernmental revenue		45,403		45,403		140,188		94,785	
Charges for services		4,000		4,000		3,338		(662)	
Fines and forfeits		-		-		263		263	
Miscellaneous revenues		29,493		29,493		43,456		13,963	
Total amount available for appropriation		506,982		506,982		784,869		277,887	
Appropriation									
General government services		128,089		128,089		114,916		13,173	
Public safety		3,849		3,849		-		3,849	
Transportation		118,767		118,767		124,091		(5,324)	
Economic environment		-		-		14,415		(14,415)	
Culture and recreation		15,000		15,000		16,693		(1,693)	
Other uses		241,277		241,277		89,674		151,603	
Total appropriations		506,982		506,982	_	359,789		147,193	
Reserves/ending fund balance	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	425,080	\$	425,080	

#### TOWN OF LEE, FLORIDA

#### NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

September 30, 2022

#### Note 1.Budget

As required by *Florida Statute* 166.241, budgets are adopted by the Town annually. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before September 1, the Town Manager compiles and submits a comprehensive budget to the Town Council. The Town Council conducts public hearings on the proposed budget after September 1 but before September 30. On or before September 30, the Town Council adopts the budget.

The appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line-item basis by fund, function, and department. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department and object classification as follows: personal services, operating expenditures (expenses), capital outlay, debt service, and transfers. Increases of a fund's appropriations require the approval of the Town Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. Appropriations are controlled at the fund level for management control purposes.

The Town did not amend its budget post year end.

#### **Note 2. Budget to Actual Reconciliation**

An explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and revenues and expenditures determined in accordance with generally accounting principles follows:

	General <u>Fund</u>
Sources/inflows of resources:	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation"	
from the budgetary comparison schedules	\$ 784,869
Differences - budget to GAAP	
The beginning fund balance is a budgetary resource but is	
not a current-year revenue for financial reporting purposes	(401,953)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 382,916
Appropriations	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) appropriated for expenditure	
from the budgetary comparison schedules	\$ 359,789
Transfers are considered other financing sources and are not	, ,
classified as an expenditure for financial reporting purposes	(89,674)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures, and changes in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 270.115
expenditures, and changes in rund barance - governmental runds	<u>\$ 270,113</u>

# **COMPLIANCE SECTION**

#### KENNETH M. DANIELS CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

107 2nd Ave S.E. Jasper, FL 32052

Phone 386-792-1906 Fax 386-792-1925 kmdcpa@windstream.net

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Lee, Florida

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standard* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Lee, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Lee, Florida's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated May 5, 2023.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Town of Lee, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Lee, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Lee, Florida's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Lee, Florida's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kenneth M. Daniels

Certified Public Accountant

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May 5, 2023

## KENNETH M. DANIELS CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

107 2nd Ave S.E. Jasper, FL 32052

Phone 386-792-1906 Fax 386-792-1925 kmdcpa@windstream.net

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Lee, Florida

I have examined the Town of Lee, Florida's compliance with *Florida Statues* 218.415 during the period October 1, 2021, to September 30, 2022. Management of the Town of Lee, Florida, is responsible for the Town of Lee' compliance with those requirements. My responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town of Lee, Florida's compliance based on my examination.

My examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that I plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Lee, Florida, assertion about compliance the specified requirements above is fairly stated, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Town of Lee, Florida's, assertion. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on my judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Town of Lee, Florida's assertion, whether due to fraud or error. I believe that the evidence I obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.

I am required to be independent of the Town of Lee, Florida, and to meet my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

My examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town of Lee, Florida's compliance with the specified requirements.

In my opinion, the Town of Lee, Florida's, assertion that it complied with the aforementioned requirements for the period October 1, 2021, to September 30, 2022, is fairly stated, in all material respects.

Kenneth M. Daniels

Certified Public Accountant

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May 5, 2023

## KENNETH M. DANIELS CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

107 2nd Ave S.E. Jasper, FL 32052 Phone 386-792-1906 Fax 386-792-1925 <u>kmdcpa@windstream.net</u>

#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Lee, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

I have audited the financial statements of the Town of Lee, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued my report thereon dated May 5, 2023.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

I have issued my Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550 *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 5, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior audit findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that I determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no prior year findings.

#### **Current Year Findings**

There were no current year findings.

#### Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1. The Town of Lee, Florida's financial statements included no component units.

#### **Financial Condition**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that I apply appropriate procedures and report the result of my determination as to whether or not the Town of Lee, Florida, has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with my audit, I determined that the Town of Lee, Florida, did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, I applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town of Lee, Florida's financial condition, and my financial assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by the same. The financial condition assessment was performed as of September 30, 2022.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that I communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. There were no recommendations for the year ending September 30, 2022.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires me to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with my audit, I did not have any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Council Members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kenneth M. Daniels

Certified Public Accountant

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May 5, 2023

## TOWN'S IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT

#### TOWN OF LEE, FLORIDA AFFIDAVIT OF COMPLIANCE FLORIDA STATUTES 163.31801

#### For the Year Ending September 30, 2022

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Sona Hayslett, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Town Manager of the Town of Lee, Florida, which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida;
- 2. The Town of Lee, Florida, adopted Ordinance No. <u>2006-01</u> implementing an impact fee; and
- 3. The Town of Lee, Florida, has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Sona Hayslett
Sona Hayslett, Town Manager

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF Hamilton

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 5th day of May, 2023.

Jenny N. Wood
Print Name

Personally known \_\_X\_ or produced identification \_\_\_\_\_

Type of identification produced: N/A

My Commission Expires:

