

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA TABLE OF CONTENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager, City of Lynn Haven, Florida:

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lynn Haven, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Emphasis of Matter – Federal Investigation

As discussed in Note (14) to the financial statements, during the year ended September 30, 2019, the City was severely impacted by Hurricane Michael. As a result of activities that occurred during the recovery efforts subsequent to landfall of Hurricane Michael, multiple former members of the City's management and the former mayor had various criminal charges brought against them related to fraudulent transactions with certain City vendors. The financial statements do not include any adjustment that might result from the outcome of this matter. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of Matter – Prior Period Restatements

As discussed in Note (12) to the financial statements, during the year ended September 30, 2022, the City identified certain errors with regard to accruals in the prior year financial statements and changed the revenue recognition criteria for certain utility tax receivables. As a result, certain beginning fund balance and net position balances as of September 30, 2021, have been restated in the current year financial statements. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Section 215.97, Florida Statutes, *Florida Single Audit Act*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 22, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Meore : 60., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida March 22, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management of the City of Lynn Haven, Florida (hereinafter referred to as the "City") offers the readers of these basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in financial position. The City encourages readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The total assets of the City of Lynn Haven, Florida exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$119,945,036 (net position). Of this amount, \$21,968,048 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased (decreased) by \$27,168,104 in fiscal year 2022, after restatements to beginning net position. Net position of the City's governmental activities increased (decreased) by \$25,082,956, while net position of its business type activities increased (decreased) by \$2,085,148.
- The City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$45,174,415 at the end of the current fiscal year, which increased (decreased) by \$2,415,593 in comparison to the \$42,758,822 (as restated) reported at the end of the prior fiscal year. Approximately \$14,916,476 of this amount is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the 2022 fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$14,916,476 or 68% of the total fiscal year 2022 General Fund expenditures of \$21,840,071.
- The City's total long-term debt obligations decreased by \$5,084,459 during the fiscal year, due to the payments on bonds and notes payable related to the Hurricane Michael recovery. The City's combined long-term commitment for compensated absences totaled \$586,132 at year-end.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three parts: 1) management's discussion and analysis, 2) the basic financial statements, including notes to the financial statements, and 3) required supplementary information, including various pension-related schedules.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The MD&A represents management's examination and analysis of the City's financial condition and performance. Summary financial statement data, key financial and operational indicators used in the strategic plan, budget, as well as other management tools were used for this analysis.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City. The first two statements consist of entity-wide financial statements that provide both the short- and long-term financial information about the City's overall financial status, including its governmental activities and its business-type activities. These statements report information about the City using full accrual accounting methods, and an economic resources focus, as utilized by similar business activities in the private sector. Information concerning the City's assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term debt are included. Likewise, all revenues and expenses received during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid are reported. However, rate-regulated accounting principles applicable to private sector utilities are not used by governmental utilities. The remaining statements are

fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government and report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. The governmental funds statements tell how general government services like public safety were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the City's water utility system. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others (like the retirement plans for the City's police officers, firefighters, and general employees), to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes which provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about the City's significant accounting policies, account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. This section also contains budgetary comparisons for the City's governmental fund activities.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The basic financial statements of the City include a statement of net position and a statement of activities, which are described as follows:

- A statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the end of its fiscal year, with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. Net position increases when revenues exceed expenses. Increases to assets without a corresponding increase to liabilities results in increased net position, which indicates an improved financial condition.
- The statement of activities presents the results of business operations over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the City's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., delinquent taxes and earned but unused personal leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government services, public safety (police and building inspection), streets, storm water management, solid waste management, the Community Redevelopment Agency, disaster recovery and relief efforts, and recreation and leisure services. The business-type activities of the City include its water utility, stormwater utility, and sanitation activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds not the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted into cash. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations can be found on pages 15 and 17.

The City maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, community redevelopment fund, and disaster recovery fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. The City has two nonmajor governmental funds, the debt service fund and the Hurricane Michael disaster relief fund.

Proprietary Funds. Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary fund financial statements, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information. The City's enterprise funds (water utility, sewer utility, stormwater utility, and sanitation) are the items included in the business-type activities presented in the government-wide statements. Since the accounting for these operations is similar to that provided in the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements provide limited supplemental information in more detail, such as cash flows data. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 to 20 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Funds held in trust on behalf of the City's defined benefit pension plans, which account for the plan contribution activity, investment income, and benefit payments to retirees. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21 and 22 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

Net Position. As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. This year, the City's combined total assets exceeded liabilities (net position) by \$119,945,036 at the end of 2022, compared to \$92,776,932 as restated at the end of 2021. This represents a total increase (decrease) of \$27,168,104 or 29% from the amount reported at the end of the prior fiscal year.

The following is a summary of net position at year end:

	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
ASSETS								
Current and other assets	\$ 50,420,450	\$ 48,769,013	\$ 18,990,852	\$ 18,426,770	\$ 69,411,302	\$ 67,195,783		
Net pension asset	498,113	3,978,052	-	209,151	498,113	4,187,203		
Capital assets	59,713,959	43,693,782	50,783,964	49,690,321	110,497,923	93,384,103		
Total assets	\$ 110,632,522	\$ 96,440,847	\$ 69,774,816	\$ 68,326,242	\$ 180,407,338	\$ 164,767,089		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$ 4,717,338	\$ 753,451	\$ 1,209,301	\$ 401,835	\$ 5,926,639	\$ 1,155,286		
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities	\$ 2,814,424	\$ 6,171,911	\$ 2,606,525	\$ 2,494,309	\$ 5,420,949	\$ 8,666,220		
Noncurrent liabilities:	37,570,641	36,929,481	22,576,951	22,717,186	60,147,592	59,646,667		
Total liabilities	\$ 40,385,065	\$ 43,101,392	\$ 25,183,476	\$ 25,211,495	\$ 65,568,541	\$ 68,312,887		
DEFERRED INFLOWS	\$ 679,315	\$ 4,315,217	\$ 141,085	\$ 727,115	\$ 820,400	\$ 5,042,332		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 55,230,690	\$ 37,496,063	\$ 28,644,946	\$ 26,321,178	\$ 83,875,636	\$ 63,817,241		
Restricted	6,168,774	6,721,852	7,932,578	6,775,559	14,101,352	13,497,411		
Unrestricted	12,886,016	5,559,774	9,082,032	9,692,730	21,968,048	15,252,504		
Total net position	\$ 74,285,480	\$ 49,777,689	\$ 45,659,556	\$ 42,789,467	\$ 119,945,036	\$ 92,567,156		

Net Position September 30, 2022 and 2021

The most significant component of the City's net position (approximately 70%) is, by far, its investment in capital assets (land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire or construct those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (12%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Consequently, the remaining 18% of unrestricted net position, represents amounts that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, and totaled \$21,968,048 at year-end, compared to \$15,252,504 in 2021. The main reason for the increase from the prior year was due to the continued recovery from the financial effects from Hurricane Michael, which impacted the City in October 2018.

The City's unrestricted net position for its governmental activities increased from a \$5,559,774 to a \$12,886,016, again due to the impacts of Hurricane Michael and continued recovery and ARPA revenues related to COVID-19.

Changes in Net Position. While the statement of net position shows a snapshot of the City's financial position at the end of the fiscal year, the statement of changes in net position provides answers as to the nature and source of those changes. During 2022, total revenues were \$57,171,937 compared to \$45,971,420 in the prior year. Approximately 9% of the City's revenue came from property taxes, 17% from other taxes and fees, 24% came from fees charged for services, and most of the remaining revenue included state and federal financial assistance and other miscellaneous revenues, including substantial FEMA reimbursements related to Hurricane Michael and ARPA revenues related to COVID-19. The reason for the substantial increase in total revenue is due to the magnitude of insurance and FEMA

reimbursements received in 2022 following continued recovery efforts from Hurricane Michael and the recognition of approximately \$10 million worth of ARPA revenues.

During 2022, expenses were \$30,003,833 as opposed to \$27,289,649 in the prior year, for an increase of approximately 10% due to national inflationary trends, public safety expenses accounted for approximately 26% of the City's expenses, water, sewer, stormwater, and sanitation expenses collectively were 38%. The other functions, including the general government, planning and code enforcement, transportation, economic environment, and culture and recreation each individually totaled close to or less than 27% of expenses relative to the city as a whole.

The following is a summary of changes in net position at year end:

	Covernment	tal Activities	Rusiness_tx	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
REVENUES		2021		2021		2021		
Property taxes	5,199,701	4,618,234	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,199,701	\$ 4,618,234		
Other taxes and fees	9,819,253	9,046,233	-	-	9,819,253	9,046,233		
Charges for services	1,051,668	1,421,238	11,566,691	10,999,379	12,618,359	12,420,617		
Intergovernmental and grants	27,205,840	17,569,278	1,657,434	1,930,972	28,863,274	19,500,250		
Other revenues	392,355	272,642	278,995	113,444	671,350	386,086		
Total revenues	43,668,817	32,927,625	13,503,120	13,043,795	57,171,937	45,971,420		
EXPENSES								
General government	3,158,394	1,998,806	-	-	3,158,394	1,998,806		
Planning and code enforcement	541,182	400,943	-	-	541,182	400,943		
Public safety	7,827,673	6,434,669	-	-	7,827,673	6,434,669		
Transportation	2,084,327	1,865,952	-	-	2,084,327	1,865,952		
Economic environment	418,330	408,526	-	-	418,330	408,526		
Culture and recreation	1,949,128	2,108,830	-	-	1,949,128	2,108,830		
Disaster recovery	1,706,276	2,322,578	-	-	1,706,276	2,322,578		
Water utility	-	-	3,283,920	3,004,606	3,283,920	3,004,606		
Sewer utility	-	-	3,811,167	3,557,506	3,811,167	3,557,506		
Stormwater utility	-	-	1,572,264	1,411,506	1,572,264	1,411,506		
Sanitation	-	-	2,246,884	2,273,778	2,246,884	2,273,778		
Interest expense	900,551	972,211	503,737	529,738	1,404,288	1,501,949		
Total expenses	18,585,861	16,512,515	11,417,972	10,777,134	30,003,833	27,289,649		
Income before transfers	25,082,956	16,415,110	2,085,148	2,266,661	27,168,104	18,681,771		
Transfers	-	-		_,00,001		-		
Change in net position	25,082,956	16,415,110	2,085,148	2,266,661	27,168,104	18,681,771		
Net position, beginning of year	49,202,524	33,362,579	43,574,408	40,522,806	92,776,932	73,885,385		
Net position, end of year	\$ 74,285,480	\$ 49,777,689	\$ 45,659,556	\$ 42,789,467	\$ 119,945,036	\$ 92,567,156		

Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

*Certain 2022 beginning of year net position amounts have been restated. 2021 amounts are shown as presented in the prior year financial statements.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the City's governmental activities totaled \$43,668,817 in 2022. This represents an increase of over \$11 million from than last year's reported revenues of \$32,927,625, and is primarily related to the recognition of approximately \$10 million of ARPA revenues.

Governmental activities expenses totaled \$18,585,861, which increased over \$2 million from the prior year due to inflationary pressures, \$100,000 increase for additional insurance coverage, an entire year of the Lynn Haven Bayou Preserve reimbursable expenditures, and additional city staff.

Business-Type Activities

The major source of operating revenues for the City's business-type activities is charges for services (water, sewer, stormwater, sanitation), which during the year increased to a total of \$11,566,691, an increase from utility billings of \$10,999,379 in 2021 because the number of utility accounts are now back to pre-hurricane levels.

Total operating expenses of the proprietary funds in 2022 totaled \$11,417,972, compared to \$10,777,134 in 2021, an increase of almost \$700k, primarily due to increased water and sewer expenses.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As stated previously, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$45,174,415, which was an increase (decrease) of \$2,415,593 compared with the amount reported last year. This increase was primarily related to grant/insurance reimbursements relative to disaster recovery expenditures related to Hurricane Michael; the majority of such amounts included in the City's fund balance are restricted for the disaster recovery and debt repayment.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of September 30, 2022, the unassigned fund balance in the general fund totaled \$14,916,476. This unassigned fund balance represents approximately 68% of the City's spending requirements experienced during 2022.

The City's community redevelopment fund had a fund balance of \$812,191 at the end of the year, an increase (decrease) of \$293,280 from the prior year. All amount held in this fund are restricted for reinvestment in the community redevelopment district.

The Disaster Recovery fund, which was established in 2019, had an ending fund balance of \$15,276,205, an increase (decrease) of (\$8,767,699) from the prior year, and all of which was restricted and related to debt proceeds and grant/insurance reimbursements in excess of disaster recovery expenditures. The ending fund balance in the Disaster Recovery Fund is expected to be fully expended over of course of the coming years to facilitate rebuilding of City property damaged by Hurricane Michael.

Proprietary Fund. The City's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Charges for services in the proprietary funds increased \$560k from the prior year, with similar increases observed in the water, sewer, and stormwater funds due to increased customer activity in the ongoing recovery efforts following Hurricane Michael.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Electric Utility Tax collections were \$379,242 above budget and Sales Taxes were \$605,212 above budget. Various grants were not received in FY 2022 for a shortfall of \$1 million due to project delays. Most departments had budget savings during FY 2022 due to delayed projects and cost cutting measures.

All of these factors combined resulted in a \$881,436 decrease to General Fund Balance for Fiscal Year 2022.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At September 30, 2022, the City had over \$80 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, police equipment, public works equipment and water lines. See Note (6) for further information on the City's capital assets.

Long-Term Debt. The City has various notes and bonds payable totaling \$54,839,233 at year-end, compared to \$59,801,364 one year earlier. The proceeds of these loans, which included amounts drawn over various preceding years including a \$31 million bond issue in 2019 related to the recovery from Hurricane Michael, were used to finance various capital improvements. Under these agreements, the City must repay these loans with semiannual payments.

More detailed information about the City's long-term debt is presented in Note (7) to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Many factors are considered each year by the City Commission in its efforts to establish an operating budget, to evaluate its personnel needs, and to develop uniform user fees that are reasonable, and more importantly, capable of cost recovery. Some of the major factors considered in this process are the local economy, civilian labor force, unemployment rates, and inflation rates.

- The most recent estimates available for unemployment data in Bay County Florida are compiled by the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity. Preliminary numbers for January 2023 show Bay County with a not seasonally adjusted rate of 2.7% which is significantly lower than last year's numbers. Hiring new and retaining existing staff continues to be a challenge during these economic times.
- 93% of the budgeted Property Tax revenue for FY 2023 has been collected as of March 2023. The approved millage rate of 4.1 will be adequate to meet budget projections. No preliminary evaluations have been received from the Bay County Property Appraiser as of March 2023. The necessity for a millage rate adjustment will be analyzed in the coming months.
- The City issued the following development orders during Fiscal Year 2022: 0 Single Family Homes, 6 Commercial properties and 90 Multi-Family homes.

- The fiscal year 2022 adopted budget for all funds utilized the prior year's final adopted budget and the City's actual financial results as the baseline from which priority setting and decisions were made to formulate the new budget. The final budget was further modified to reflect changing revenues projections and anticipated changes in expenditure trends.
- Significant inflationary trends for Bay County are consistent with those trends experienced at the state and national levels and will influence future budgeting, especially for building materials, electricity and fuel.

• Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Lynn Haven Finance Department, 901 C Ohio Ave, Lynn Haven, FL 32444. Information can also be obtained at the City's website at <u>www.cityoflynnhaven.com</u> or via email to <u>cityhall@cityoflynnhaven.com</u>.

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,186,907	\$ 10,130,529	\$ 35,317,436
Receivables, net	337,608	742,456	1,080,064
Internal balances	524,912	(524,912)	-
Due from other governments	8,320,159	-	8,320,159
Notes receivable	-	74,354	74,354
Inventories	59,491	503,667	563,158
Prepaids	363,699	57,166	420,865
Restricted assets:			
Equity in pooled cash	15,627,674	8,007,592	23,635,266
Net pension asset	498,113	-	498,113
Capital assets:			
Capital assets, not being depreciated	26,673,757	13,922,681	40,596,438
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	33,040,202	36,861,283	69,901,485
Total assets	\$ 110,632,522	\$ 69,774,816	\$ 180,407,338
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred loss on bond refunding	\$ -	\$ 316,946	\$ 316,946
Deferred outflows related to pensions	4,496,655	835,135	5,331,790
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	220,683	57,220	277,903
Total deferred outflows	\$ 4,717,338	\$ 1,209,301	\$ 5,926,639
LIABILITIES	A A A A A A A A A A	* * * * *	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,394,600	\$ 503,268	\$ 2,897,868
Customer deposits	13,795	527,770	541,565
Unearned revenue	263,675	145,311	408,986
Accrued interest payable	77,383	75,014	152,397
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year:	2 225 620	1 226 952	4 662 402
Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences	3,325,639 64,971	1,336,853 18,309	4,662,492 83,280
Due in more than one year:	04,971	18,509	85,280
Bonds and notes payable	29,057,630	21,119,111	50,176,741
Compensated absences	399,109	103,743	502,852
Total OPEB liability	639,248	165,746	804,994
Net pension liability	4,149,015	1,188,351	5,337,366
Total liabilities	\$ 40,385,065	\$ 25,183,476	\$ 65,568,541
	\$ 10,505,005	\$ 25,105,170	\$ 65,566,511
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$ 623,688	\$ 126,663	\$ 750,351
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	55,627	14,422	70,049
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 679,315	\$ 141,085	\$ 820,400
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 55,230,690	\$ 28,644,946	\$ 83,875,636
Restricted for:			
Pensions	1,346,725	-	1,346,725
Law enforcement education	5,771	-	5,771
Capital expansion	2,467,000	6,404,137	8,871,137
Infrastructure	1,537,087	-	1,537,087
Debt service	-	1,528,441	1,528,441
Community redevelopment	812,191	-	812,191
Unrestricted	12,886,016	9,082,032	21,968,048
Total net position	\$ 74,285,480	\$ 45,659,556	\$ 119,945,036

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Functions/Programs Governmental activities: General government Planning and code enforcement Public safety Transportation Economic environment Culture and recreation Disaster recovery Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities: Water Sewer	Expenses \$ 3,158,394 541,182 7,827,673 2,084,327 418,330 1,949,128 1,706,276 900,551 18,585,861	Charges for Services \$ 219,594 425,916 305,730 - - 100,428 -	Operating Grants and Contributions \$ 5,600 - 9,252,748 464,934 - 307,128	Capital Grants and Contributions \$ - 107,041 1.244,425	Governmental Activities \$ (2,933,200) (115,266) 1,837,846	Business-type Activities \$ - -	Total \$ (2,933,200) (115,266)
General government Planning and code enforcement Public safety Transportation Economic environment Culture and recreation Disaster recovery Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Water	541,182 7,827,673 2,084,327 418,330 1,949,128 1,706,276 900,551	425,916 305,730 - 100,428	9,252,748 464,934	107,041	(115,266) 1,837,846	\$ - -	• ())
Planning and code enforcement Public safety Transportation Economic environment Culture and recreation Disaster recovery Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Water	541,182 7,827,673 2,084,327 418,330 1,949,128 1,706,276 900,551	425,916 305,730 - 100,428	9,252,748 464,934	107,041	(115,266) 1,837,846	\$ - -	• ())
Public safety Transportation Economic environment Culture and recreation Disaster recovery Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Water	7,827,673 2,084,327 418,330 1,949,128 1,706,276 900,551	305,730 - 100,428	464,934	,	1,837,846	-	(115.266
Transportation Economic environment Culture and recreation Disaster recovery Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Water	2,084,327 418,330 1,949,128 1,706,276 900,551	100,428	464,934	,	, ,		
Economic environment Culture and recreation Disaster recovery Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Water	418,330 1,949,128 1,706,276 900,551	100,428	-	1.244.425		-	1,837,846
Culture and recreation Disaster recovery Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Water	1,949,128 1,706,276 900,551	,	- 307.128		(374,968)	-	(374,968
Disaster recovery Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Water	1,706,276 900,551	,	307 128	-	(418,330)	-	(418,330
Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Water	900,551	-	307,120	68,104	(1,473,468)	-	(1,473,468
Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Water	<i>,</i>		14,424,194	-	12,717,918	-	12,717,918
Business-type activities: Water	18,585,861	-	-	-	(900,551)	-	(900,551
Water	, , .	1,051,668	24,454,604	1,419,570	8,339,981	-	8,339,981
Water							
	3,419,559	4,114,878	163,711	138,343	-	997,373	997,373
	4,060,025	3,558,576	313,595	499,611	-	311,757	311,757
Stormwater	1,691,504	1,197,317	450,004	92,170	-	47,987	47,987
Sanitation	2,246,884	2,788,645	-	-	-	541,761	541,761
Total business-type activities	11,417,972	11,659,416	927,310	730,124	-	1,898,878	1,898,878
Total primary government	\$ 30,003,833	\$ 12,711,084	\$ 25,381,914	\$ 2,149,694	8,339,981	1,898,878	10,238,859
	General revenue	es:					
	Property taxes				5,199,701	-	5,199,701
	Sales taxes				2,828,519	-	2,828,519
	Infrastructure	surtax			2,755,221	-	2,755,221
	Communication	ons service tax			580,180	-	580,180
	Casualty and	fire insurance prer	nium taxes		297,285	-	297,285
	Public service	taxes			1,693,282	-	1,693,282
	Other taxes				120,022	-	120,022
	Franchise fees				1,544,744	-	1,544,744
	State revenue	sharing			1,331,666	-	1,331,666
	Investment ea				288,492	107,242	395,734
	Miscellaneous	revenues			103,863	79,028	182,891
	Total general	revenues and trans	sfers		16,742,975	186,270	16,929,245
	Change in net p				25,082,956	2,085,148	27,168,104
	0 1	eginning of year, a	is restated		49,202,524	43,574,408	92,776,932
		nding of year	-		\$ 74,285,480	\$ 45,659,556	\$ 119,945,036

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General	Community Redevelopment	Disaster Recovery	American Rescue Plan Act	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,047,258	\$ 814,307	\$ 11,901,932	\$ 9,568,167	\$ 2,482,917	\$ 40,814,581
Receivables, net	337,608	-	-	-	-	337,608
Due from other governments	1,079,477	-	7,240,682	-	-	8,320,159
Due from other funds	524,912	-	-	-	-	524,912
Inventories	59,491	-	-	-	-	59,491
Prepaid items	217,064	-	146,635	-		363,699
Total assets	\$ 18,265,810	\$ 814,307	\$ 19,289,249	\$ 9,568,167	\$ 2,482,917	\$ 50,420,450
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 953,405	\$ 2,116	\$ 1,439,079	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,394,600
Customer deposits	13,795	-	-	-	-	13,795
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	263,675	-	263,675
Total liabilities	967,200	2,116	1,439,079	263,675	-	2,672,070
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue		-	2,573,965			2,573,965
Unavailable revenue			2,375,905			2,375,905
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories	59,491	-	-	-	-	59,491
Prepaid items	217,064	-	146,635	-	-	363,699
Restricted for:						
Law enforcement education	5,771	-	-	-		5,771
Capital expansion		-	-	-	2,467,000	2,467,000
Infrastructure	1,537,087	-		-	-	1,537,087
Disaster recovery and relief	-	-	15,129,570	-	-	15,129,570
Debt service	-	-	-	-	15,917	15,917
Community redevelopment	-	812,191	-	-	-	812,191
Assigned to:						
ARPA future projects	-	-	-	9,304,492	-	9,304,492
Subsequent year's budget	562,721	-	-	-	-	562,721
Unassigned	14,916,476	-	-	-	-	14,916,476
Total fund balances	17,298,610	812,191	15,276,205	9,304,492	2,482,917	45,174,415
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 18,265,810	\$ 814,307	\$ 19,289,249	\$ 9,568,167	\$ 2,482,917	\$ 50,420,450

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 45,174,415
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Total governmental capital assets	78,591,458	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(18,877,499)	59,713,959
On the governmental fund statements, deferred inflows are recorded for		
inflows of resources that do not provide current financial resources		
and are therefore not reported as revenue at the fund level.	2,573,965	2,573,965
On the governmental fund statements, a net pension liability is not recorded until an amount is due and payable and the pension plan's fiduciary net position is not suffici for payment of those benefits (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the statement of net position, the City's net pension liability of the defined benefit pension plans is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are also reported. Net pension liability	ent (4,149,015)	
Net pension asset	498,113	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	4,496,655	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(623,688)	222,065
On the governmental fund statements, a total OPEB liability is not recorded unless an amount is due and payable (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the Statement of Net Position, the City's total OPEB liability is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB are also reported. Total OPEB liability Deferred outflows related to OPEB	(639,248) 220,683	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(55,627)	(474,192)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and notes payable, are not due and paya in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities, deferred outflows, and other debt-related deferred charges consist of the following: Bonds and notes payable Accrued interest payable	ble (32,383,269) (77,383)	
Compensated absences	(464,080)	(32,924,732)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 74,285,480

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General	ommunity evelopment		Disaster Recovery	American Rescue Plan Act	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 10,472,912	\$ 505,547	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,978,459
Permits and fees	1,975,923	-		-	-	227,890	2,203,813
Intergovernmental	5,730,492	-		5,431,261	9,252,748	-	20,414,501
Charges for services	2,126,968	-		-	-	-	2,126,968
Fines and forfeitures	74,507	-		-	-	-	74,507
Investment income	104,417	4,664		123,074	51,586	4,914	288,655
Miscellaneous	130,796	 -		-	 -	 -	130,796
Total revenues	20,616,015	 510,211		5,554,335	 9,304,334	 232,804	36,217,699
Expenditures							
Current:	2 01 4 5 40						2 01 4 5 (0
General government	3,814,769	-		-	-	-	3,814,769
Planning and code enforcement	724,547	-		-	-	-	724,547
Public safety	6,993,966	-		-	-	-	6,993,966
Transportation	1,425,765	-		-	-	-	1,425,765
Economic environment	108,086	207,948		-	-	-	316,034
Culture and recreation	1,892,742	-		-	-	-	1,892,742
Disaster recovery	1,448	-		1,704,828	-	-	1,706,276
Capital outlay	2,540,414	8,983		16,263,639	-	-	18,813,036
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	1,714,450	-		1,985,000	-	-	3,699,450
Interest and fiscal charges	137,883	 -		774,381	 -	 -	912,264
Total expenditures	19,354,070	216,931		20,727,848	-	-	40,298,849
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		 			 	 	
expenditures	1,261,945	 293,280	((15,173,513)	 9,304,334	 232,804	(4,081,150)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	251,691	-		-	-	2,486,001	2,737,692
Transfers out	(2,486,001)	-		-	-	(251,691)	(2,737,692)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	9,261	-		-	-	-	9,261
Proceeds from insurance recoveries	81,668	-		6,405,814	-	-	6,487,482
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,143,381)	-	-	6,405,814	 -	2,234,310	6,496,743
Net change in fund balances	(881,436)	 293,280		(8,767,699)	 9,304,334	 2,467,114	2,415,593
Fund balances, beginning of year	18,180,046	518,911		24,043,904	158	15,803	42,758,822
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 17,298,610	\$ 812,191	\$	15,276,205	\$ 9,304,492	\$ 2,482,917	\$ 45,174,415

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,415,593
Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.	10 012 026
Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense	18,813,036 (2,217,694)
Bond and loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds. However, the issuance of debt is reported as long-term debt payable in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment of debt principal reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. These amounts are as follows:	
Principal repayment of general long-term debt	3,699,450
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds (deferred FEMA collections).	2,573,965
Governmental funds report contributions to defined benefit pension plans as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans reduces future net pension liability. Also included in pension expense in the statement of activities are amounts required to be amortized.	
Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions	(141,062)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. These adjustments are as follows:	
Change in accrued interest on long-term debt	11,713
Change in compensated absences liability Change in total OPEB liability	54,660 (126,705)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 25,082,956

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water	Sewer	Stormwater	Sanitation	Total		
ASSETS							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	\$ 5,272,646 261,769	\$ - 294,093	\$ 905,960 -	\$ 3,951,923 186,594	\$ 10,130,529 742,456		
Notes receivable Inventories	- 480.046	74,354	21,153	- 2 168	74,354		
Prepaid items	480,040	25,482	21,155	2,468	503,667 57,166		
Restricted current assets	51,004	23,402			57,100		
Equity in pooled cash	430,753	844,668	136,446		1,411,867		
Total current assets	6,476,898	1,238,597	1,063,559	4,140,985	12,920,039		
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted cash	1,455,528	4,491,280	648,917		6,595,725		
Capital assets: Land	332,211	968,620	13,000		1,313,831		
Construction in progress	4,127,033	8,232,909	248,908	-	12,608,850		
Buildings	760,731	549,156	-	-	1,309,887		
Improvements	17,769,194	32,725,214	10,994,374	-	61,488,782		
Machinery and equipment	1,846,458	2,663,141	657,708	2,121,385	7,288,692		
Accumulated depreciation	(8,765,131)	(20,350,293)	(2,544,452)	(1,566,202)	(33,226,078)		
Total capital assets, net	16,070,496	24,788,747	9,369,538	555,183	50,783,964		
Total noncurrent assets	17,526,024	29,280,027	10,018,455	555,183	57,379,689		
Total assets	\$ 24,002,922	\$ 30,518,624	\$ 11,082,014	\$ 4,696,168	\$ 70,299,728		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred loss on bond refunding	\$ 149,957	\$ 166,989	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 316,946		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	310,553	189,697	159,166	175,719	835,135		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	19,014	13,141	11,207	13,858	57,220		
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 479,524	\$ 369,827	\$ 170,373	\$ 189,577	\$ 1,209,301		
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 188,373	\$ 141,730	\$ 85,406	\$ 87,759	\$ 503,268		
Deposits	527,770	-	-	-	527,770		
Unearned revenue Due to other funds	145,311	-	-	-	145,311		
Compensated absences	9,535	524,912 3,735	3,128	1,911	524,912 18,309		
Payable from restricted assets:	9,555	5,755	5,120	1,911	18,509		
Current maturities on long-term debt	400,580	799,827	136,446	-	1,336,853		
Accrued interest payable	30,173	44,841	-	-	75,014		
Total current liabilities	1,301,742	1,515,045	224,980	89,670	3,131,437		
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Bonds and notes payable, net	5,495,325	11,160,714	4,463,072	-	21,119,111		
Compensated absences	54,031	21,163	17,722	10,827	103,743		
Total OPEB liability	55,077 441,900	38,065 269,928	32,462	40,142	165,746		
Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities	6,046,333	11,489,870	226,484 4,739,740	250,039 301,008	1,188,351 22,576,951		
Total liabilities	\$ 7,348,075	\$ 13,004,915	\$ 4,964,720	\$ 390,678	\$ 25,708,388		
	\$ 7,546,075	\$ 13,004,915	\$ 7,707,720	\$ 570,078	\$ 25,700,500		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	¢ 47.101	¢ 00.771	¢ 04.140	¢ 0/ (51	¢ 100.000		
Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB	\$ 47,101	\$ 28,771	\$ 24,140	\$ 26,651	\$ 126,663		
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,792 \$ 51,893	3,312 \$ 32,083	2,825 \$ 26,965	3,493 \$ 30,144	14,422 \$ 141,085		
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 10,324,548	\$ 12,995,195	\$ 4,770,020	\$ 555,183	\$ 28,644,946		
Restricted for debt service	506,217	1,022,224	-	-	1,528,441		
Restricted for capital expansion	1,349,891	4,268,883	785,363	-	6,404,137		
Unrestricted	4,901,822	(434,849)	705,319	3,909,740	9,082,032		
Total net position	\$ 17,082,478	\$ 17,851,453	\$ 6,260,702	\$ 4,464,923	\$ 45,659,556		

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Water	Sewer		Stormwater	Sanitation	Total	
Operating revenues Charges for services	\$	4,033,987	\$ 3,549,003		-,-,-,-,-	\$ 2,788,605	\$ 11,566,691	
Other revenues		80,891	9,573		2,221	40	92,725	
Total operating revenues		4,114,878	3,558,576		1,197,317	2,788,645	11,659,416	
Operating expenses								
Personal services		971,755	654,004		569,407	532,171	2,727,337	
Operating expenses		1,796,770	2,132,127		703,560	1,568,971	6,201,428	
Depreciation		515,395	1,025,036		299,297	145,742	1,985,470	
Total operating expenses		3,283,920	3,811,167		1,572,264	2,246,884	10,914,235	
Operating income (loss)		830,958	(252,591))	(374,947)	541,761	745,181	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Interest earnings		39,087	33,783		12,203	22,169	107,242	
Intergovernmental grants		163,711	313,595		450,004	-	927,310	
Interest and amortization expense		(135,639)	(248,858)	(119,240)	-	(503,737)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		67,159	98,520	_	342,967	22,169	530,815	
Income (loss) before contributions								
and transfers		898,117	(154,071)	(31,980)	563,930	1,275,996	
Capital contributions		138,343	499,611		92,170	-	730,124	
Gain on disposal of fixed assets		-	2,602		-	76,426	79,028	
Transfers in		-	-		1,749,103	-	1,749,103	
Transfers out		-	(1,082,699)	-	(666,404)	(1,749,103)	
Change in net position		1,036,460	(734,557)	1,809,293	(26,048)	2,085,148	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		16,046,018	18,586,010		4,451,409	4,490,971	43,574,408	
Net position, end of year	\$	17,082,478	\$ 17,851,453	\$	6,260,702	\$ 4,464,923	\$ 45,659,556	

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
		Water		Sewer		tormwater	<u> </u>	Sanitation		Total
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees	\$	4,286,333 (992,214)	\$	3,655,922 (650,418)	\$	1,218,034 (571,023)	\$	2,854,568 (519,580)	\$	12,014,857 (2,733,235)
Cash paid to suppliers		(1,857,252)		(2,106,082)		(751,917)		(1,569,375)		(6,284,626)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,436,867		899,422		(104,906)		765,613		2,996,996
Cash flows from noncapital										
financing activities										
Transfers from other funds		-		-		602,477		-		602,477
Transfers to other funds		-		-		-		(666,404)		(666,404)
Intergovernmental grant proceeds Interfund payables		163,711		313,595 524,912		450,004		-		927,310 524,912
Net cash provided by (used in)		-		524,912		-		-		524,912
noncapital financing activities		163,711		838,507		1,052,481		(666,404)		1,388,295
).				,,		()		,, <u>-</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activitie	es	120 242		400 611		02 170				720 124
Impact fees Acquisition and construction of capital assets		138,343 (1,143,526)		499,611 (892,883)		92,170 (593,661)		-		730,124 (2,630,070)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		2,602		-		76,426		76,426		155.454
Principal payments of long-term debt		(325,435)		(787,109)		(133,014)		-		(1,245,558)
Interest paid		(128,881)		(242,002)		(119,240)		-		(490,123)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital										
and related financing activities		(1,456,897)		(1,422,383)		(677,319)		76,426		(3,480,173)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received		39,087		33,783		12,203		22,169		107,242
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		182,768		349,329		282,459		197,804		1,012,360
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		6,976,159		4,986,619		1,408,864		3,754,119		17,125,761
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	7,158,927	\$	5,335,948	\$	1,691,323	\$	3,951,923	\$	18,138,121
Cash and cash equivalents classified as:										
Unrestricted	\$	5,272,646	\$	-	\$	905,960	\$	3,951,923	\$	10,130,529
Restricted		1,886,281		5,335,948		785,363		-		8,007,592
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,158,927	\$	5,335,948	\$	1,691,323	\$	3,951,923	\$	18,138,121
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	830,958	\$	(252,591)	\$	(374,947)	\$	541.761	\$	745,181
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss)	Ψ	050,550	Ψ	(202,0)1)	Ψ	(371,917)	φ	511,701	Ψ	, 10,101
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:										
Depreciation		515,395		1,025,036		299,297		145,742		1,985,470
Changes in assets and liabilities:										
Accounts receivable		154,465		90,684		20,717		65,923		331,789
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Notes receivable		-		9,625		-		-		9,625
Inventories Propoid items		(56,334)		-		(21,153)		-		(77,487)
Prepaid items Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(20,310)		3,147		(27,204)		-		(17,163)
Deposits		16,162 16,990		22,898		(27,204)		(404)		11,452 16,990
Unearned revenue		- 10,990		(2,963)		-		-		(2,963)
Compensated absences		(12,683)		2,336		(1,944)		(2,380)		(14,671)
Net pension liability (asset)		(9,986)		(2,579)		(1,944) (1,842)		11,611		(2,796)
Total OPEB liability		2,210		3,829		2,170		3,360		11,569
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	1,436,867	\$	899,422	\$	(104,906)	\$	765,613	\$	2,996,996
	_		_						_	

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETSCash and cash equivalents with trustee\$ 1,073,656Prepaid benefit payments3,982Receivables3,780Employer contributions receivable3,780Interest and dividends receivable16,726Total receivables20,514Investments, at fair value1,998,280U.S. Treasury obligations1,998,280Mutual funds - fixed income7,974,384Mutual funds - equity22,740,149Real estate funds5,279,768Total assets\$ 39,090,733LIABILITIES\$ 16,551Accounts payable\$ 16,551Total liabilities\$ 16,551NET POSITION\$ 39,074,182		Pension Trust Funds
Prepaid benefit payments3,982Receivables Employer contributions receivable3,780Employee contributions receivable8Interest and dividends receivable16,726Total receivables20,514Investments, at fair value20,514U.S. Treasury obligations1,998,280Mutual funds - fixed income7,974,384Mutual funds - equity22,740,149Real estate funds37,992,581Total assets\$ 39,090,733LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities\$ 16,551NET POSITION\$ 16,551	ASSETS	
Receivables3,780Employer contributions receivable8Interest and dividends receivable16,726Total receivables20,514Investments, at fair value20,514U.S. Treasury obligations1,998,280Mutual funds - fixed income7,974,384Mutual funds - equity22,740,149Real estate funds5,279,768Total investments37,992,581Total assets\$ 39,090,733LIABILITIES\$ 16,551NET POSITION\$ 16,551	Cash and cash equivalents with trustee	\$ 1,073,656
Employer contributions receivable $3,780$ Employee contributions receivable 8 Interest and dividends receivable $16,726$ Total receivables $20,514$ Investments, at fair value $1,998,280$ Mutual funds - fixed income $7,974,384$ Mutual funds - equity $22,740,149$ Real estate funds $5,279,768$ Total investments $37,992,581$ Total assets $$39,090,733$ LIABILITIES $$$16,551$ NET POSITION $$$16,551$	Prepaid benefit payments	3,982
Employee contributions receivable8Interest and dividends receivable16,726Total receivables20,514Investments, at fair value20,514U.S. Treasury obligations1,998,280Mutual funds - fixed income7,974,384Mutual funds - equity22,740,149Real estate funds5,279,768Total investments37,992,581Total assets\$ 39,090,733LIABILITIES\$ 16,551Accounts payable\$ 16,551Total liabilities\$ 16,551NET POSITION\$ 16,551	Receivables	
Interest and dividends receivable16,726Total receivables20,514Investments, at fair value20,514U.S. Treasury obligations1,998,280Mutual funds - fixed income7,974,384Mutual funds - equity22,740,149Real estate funds5,279,768Total investments37,992,581Total assets\$ 39,090,733LIABILITIES\$ 16,551NET POSITION\$ 16,551		
Total receivables $20,514$ Investments, at fair value $1,998,280$ U.S. Treasury obligations $1,998,280$ Mutual funds - fixed income $7,974,384$ Mutual funds - equity $22,740,149$ Real estate funds $5,279,768$ Total investments $37,992,581$ Total assets $$39,090,733$ LIABILITIES $$$16,551$ Total liabilities $$$16,551$ NET POSITION $$$16,551$		•
Investments, at fair value1,998,280U.S. Treasury obligations1,998,280Mutual funds - fixed income7,974,384Mutual funds - equity22,740,149Real estate funds5,279,768Total investments37,992,581Total assets $$39,090,733$ LIABILITIES $$16,551$ Total liabilities $$$16,551$ NET POSITION		
U.S. Treasury obligations1,998,280Mutual funds - fixed income7,974,384Mutual funds - equity22,740,149Real estate funds5,279,768Total investments37,992,581Total assets\$ 39,090,733LIABILITIES\$ 16,551Accounts payable\$ 16,551Total liabilities\$ 16,551NET POSITION \blacksquare	Total receivables	20,514
Mutual funds - fixed income $7,974,384$ Mutual funds - equity $22,740,149$ Real estate funds $5,279,768$ Total investments $37,992,581$ Total assets $$39,090,733$ LIABILITIES $$16,551$ Total liabilities $$16,551$ NET POSITION $$16,551$	Investments, at fair value	
Mutual funds - equity 22,740,149 Real estate funds 5,279,768 Total investments 37,992,581 Total assets \$ 39,090,733 LIABILITIES \$ 16,551 Total liabilities \$ 16,551 NET POSITION \$ 16,551	U.S. Treasury obligations	1,998,280
Real estate funds5,279,768Total investments37,992,581Total assets\$ 39,090,733LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities\$ 16,551 \$ 16,551NET POSITION\$		
Total investments37,992,581Total assets\$ 39,090,733LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities\$ 16,551 \$ 16,551NET POSITION		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total assets\$ 39,090,733LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities\$ 16,551 \$ 16,551NET POSITION		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities\$ 16,551 \$ 16,551NET POSITION	Total investments	37,992,581
Accounts payable\$ 16,551Total liabilities\$ 16,551NET POSITION\$ 16,551	Total assets	\$ 39,090,733
Total liabilities \$ 16,551 NET POSITION \$ 16,551	LIABILITIES	
NET POSITION	Accounts payable	\$ 16,551
	Total liabilities	\$ 16,551
Restricted for pensions\$ 39,074,182	NET POSITION	
	Restricted for pensions	\$ 39,074,182

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Pension Trust Funds
Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 1,209,161
Plan members	413,250
State - insurance premium taxes	297,285
Total contributions	1,919,696
Investment earnings:	
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	(7,131,013)
Interest and dividends	885,640
Total investment earnings	(6,245,373)
Less: investment expense	(186,891)
Net investment income (loss)	(6,432,264)
Total additions	(4,512,568)
Deductions	
Benefit payments and refunds	2,045,256
Administrative expenses	110,471
Total deductions	2,155,727
Change in net position	(6,668,295)
Net position restricted for pensions, beginning of year	45,742,477
Net position restricted for pensions, end of year	\$ 39,074,182

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u>

The financial statements of the City of Lynn Haven, Florida (the City), have been prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted body for promulgating governmental accounting and financial reporting principles and the City has adopted the GASB Codification. The following is a summary of the City's significant accounting policies:

(a) **Reporting entity**— The City of Lynn Haven, Florida, is incorporated under the provisions of the State of Florida (Laws of Florida, 1951, Ch. 27685, Sec.5) and operates under a Council-Manager form of government that provides the following services as authorized by its charter: law enforcement, fire, streets, sanitation, culture/recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administrative services, and utilities operations.

(b) **Blended component units**—The City has one blended component unit, as follows:

The Lynn Haven Community Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) is operated by the City. The Agency was created on May 25, 2004, by City Resolution 2004-05-350 pursuant to Florida Statute 163.387, to account for the receipt and expenditure of property tax revenues from the tax increment financing district to support City redevelopment in the designated community redevelopment area. Since the City is financially accountable for the activities of the Agency, its governing board is the same, and its relationship to the City is significant, its financial activities are reported on a blended basis as if it were part of the primary government as a major special revenue fund.

(c) **Government-wide and fund financial statements**—The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report aggregated information for the overall government for all of the activities of the primary government. These statements do not report fiduciary funds or fiduciary component units such as retirement trust funds. Those activities are reported only in fund financial statements. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which are financed wholly or partially by fees charged to external parties for goods or services and are reported in enterprise funds.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect costs are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u> (Continued)

(d) **Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation**—The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for in, individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and the basis of accounting. The basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities).

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers property tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grants, other intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, except for FEMA reimbursements which are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, certain expenditures relating to future periods, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund—The General Fund is the principal fund of the City which accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds. The majority of current operating expenditures of the City other than proprietary fund activities are financed through revenues received by the General Fund.

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u> (Continued)

Lynn Haven Community Redevelopment Agency Fund—The Lynn Haven Community Redevelopment Agency Fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of property tax revenues from the tax increment financing district to support redevelopment in the Lynn Haven Community Redevelopment Agency community redevelopment area.

Disaster Recovery Fund—The Disaster Recovery Fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure related to Hurricane Michael recovery-related activities.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund—The American Rescue Plan Act Fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure related to funds received from the American Rescue Plan Act.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund—The Water Fund accounts for the costs and recovery of costs in the form of user charges related to the production, treatment and distribution of potable water. The maintenance and improvement of utility plant required to provide these goods and services are financed primarily from user charges. Physical plant expansion is financed primarily from revenue bond obligations and other long-term debt borrowings.

Sewer Fund—The Sewer Fund accounts for the costs and recovery of costs in the form of user charges related to the collection, treatment and disposal of sewage waste with the City. The maintenance and improvement of utility plant required to provide these goods and services are financed primarily from user charges. Physical plant expansion is financed primarily from revenue bond obligations and other long-term debt borrowings.

Stormwater Fund—The Stormwater Fund accounts for the collection of drainage fees utilized for the expansion and maintenance of drainage facilities.

Sanitation Fund—The Sanitation Fund provides the community with refuse and recycling services, the costs of which are primarily recovered by user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Governmental Impact Fee Fund—This fund is used to account for impact fees received for capital expansion.

Debt Service Fund—This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. This fund type is used to provide for the debt service requirements of the City's governmental long-term debt.

Pension Trust Funds—Accounts for the net position held in trust for defined pension benefits and the related financial activities of the employees' retirement system, which accumulates resources for defined pension benefit payments to the Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund, the Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund, and the General Employees' Pension Trust Fund.

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u> (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of the City's interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments (when applicable). Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City recognizes as operating revenue the portion of impact fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(e) **Budgets and budgetary accounting**—Annual budgets for all governmental and proprietary funds were adopted in compliance with Florida law. The basis on which the budgets are prepared is consistent with the basis of accounting utilized by the various fund types. The governmental funds' budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary funds' budgets are prepared on a full accrual basis of accounting. The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

- i. On or before September 15th, the City Manager submits a preliminary budget to the City Commission for the ensuing fiscal year.
- ii. Budget workshop sessions are scheduled by the City Commission, as needed.
- iii. A general summary of the budget and notice of public hearing is made available to the public.
- iv. Prior to October 1st, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- v. The City Commission, by resolution, may make supplemental appropriations in excess of those estimated for the year up to the amount of available revenue. Prior to the end of the fiscal year, supplemental appropriations are made for unanticipated spending requirements by the Commission.
- vi. The City Commission must approve all inter-departmental budget amendments and/or appropriations transfers.
- vii. Budgetary control is exercised at the fund level.
- viii. Every appropriation lapses at the close of the fiscal year.

The budgets for governmental funds that were either adopted or amended during the year by the City Commission were prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The general, special revenue, and debt service funds have legally adopted budgets.

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u> (Continued)

The budgets for proprietary funds that were either adopted or amended during the year by the City Commission were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The water, sewer, sanitation, and stormwater funds also have legally adopted annual budgets.

(f) **Deposits and investments**—The City's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash. Investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

The City has adopted the reporting required by Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. All investments including investments in the City's fiduciary funds are recorded at fair value based on quoted market values.

(g) **Receivables and payables**—Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, which is based upon management's analysis of historical trends. Utility operating sales are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billings rendered quarterly. Unbilled accounts receivable are accrued by the City at September 30th, to recognize the sales revenues earned between the last meter reading dates made in mid-September through the end of the fiscal year.

(h) **Inventories and prepaid items**—The cost of inventory is accounted for on the consumption basis wherein inventories are charged as expenditures when used, rather than when purchased. All inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, by using the weighted average valuation method. The effect of this method is to flow the costs of the materials and supplies in the order in which they are purchased and to assign a balance sheet inventory valuation more nearly at current replacement value. No required minimum levels of inventory are maintained.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

(i) **Capital assets**—Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, drainage improvements, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial threshold of \$5,000 for equipment, and a threshold of \$100,000 for buildings and infrastructure and all land and land improvements in accordance with state policy, and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized, but charged to operating expense as incurred. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50 years
Improvements	50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years

(j) **Compensated absences**—The City reports compensated absences in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the governmental-wide financial statements. The portion of employee payroll costs paid subsequent to year-end attributable to services performed prior to year-end and accumulated unpaid vacation, sick-leave, and personal leave is recorded and recognized as a current liability. The remainder of the liability for compensated absences payable beyond the current period is recorded as a long-term liability.

(k) **Long-term obligations**—In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Original issue bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(1) **Fund equity**—In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Those classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts not available to be spent or not in spendable form, such as inventory and prepaid items.

Restricted – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts constrained to specific purposes based on actions taken by the City Commission through ordinance.

Assigned – amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by City Commission or by an official or body which the City Commission delegates authority.

Unassigned – amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available; the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally, unassigned funds, as needed.

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u> (Continued)

(m) **Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**—In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has multiple items, deferred loss on bond refunding in the proprietary funds and government-wide statement of net position, and deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB, which qualify for reporting in this category. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred outflows related to OPEB are discussed further in Note (11) and deferred outflows related to OPEB are discussed further in Note (10).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has multiple items, deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB in the proprietary funds and government-wide statement of net position, which qualify for reporting in this category, as well as deferred inflows related to unavailable grant revenues in the disaster recovery fund. Deferred inflows related to pensions are discussed further in Note (11) and deferred inflows related to OPEB are discussed further in Note (10).

(n) **Property taxes**— Property tax revenues are recognized when levied, to the extent that they result in current receivables. Details of the property tax calendar are presented below:

Lien date	January 1
Levy date	October 1
Discount periods	November – February
No discount period	March
Delinquent date	April 1

(o) **Net position flow assumption**—Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to determine amounts reported as restricted and unrestricted net position, it is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been used before unrestricted net position is applied.

(p) **Use of estimates**—Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates assumed in preparing the financial statements.

(2) <u>Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:</u>

(a) **Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position**—Following the governmental fund balance sheet is a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

(b) **Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities**—Following the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, there is a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

(3) **Deposits and Investments:**

The City's investment policies are governed by Chapter 280 and 218, Florida Statutes. For all investments authorized by statute the City applies the "Prudent Person" standard when developing investment strategies. The basic allowable investment instruments are as follows:

The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, as provided in s. 163.01.

Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositors as defined in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

Direct obligations of the United States Treasury.

Deposits include cash on hand and amounts held in the City's demand accounts. At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$35,317,532. Each demand account is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. Any balance in excess of FDIC insurance is covered by collateral held by the City's custodial bank, which is pledged to a state trust fund that provides security in accordance with Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

The Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act) established guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under the Act, the qualified public depository must pledge at least 50 percent of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance. Additional collateral, up to a maximum of 125 percent, may be required, if deemed necessary under the conditions set forth in the Act.

Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to the State Treasurer or, with the approval of the State Treasurer, to a bank, savings association, or trust company provided a power of attorney is delivered to the Treasurer. Under the Act, the pool may assess participating financial institutions on a pro rata basis to fund any shortfall in the event of the failure of a member institution.

(3) **Deposits and Investments:** (Continued)

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that a debt issuer or other counter-party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State statutes governing investments listing in Florida Statutes, Section 218.415.

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Pursuant to the applicable provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, *The Florida Security for Public Deposits Act*, the State of Florida, Department of Financial Services, Division of Treasury, Bureau of Collateral Management have established specific requirements relative to the security and collateralization for public deposits. Accordingly, banks qualifying as a public depository in the State of Florida must adopt the necessary procedures outlined in these statutes and meet all of the requirements of this chapter to be designated by the State Chief Financial Officer (CFO) as eligible to receive deposits from municipal depositors. Collateral having a market value equal to 50% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable depository insurance is required to be pledged or deposited with the State CFO to secure such deposits. Additional collateral, up to a maximum of 125% may be required if deemed necessary under the conditions set forth in the Act. Securities eligible to be pledged as collateral are generally limited to obligations of the United States government and any state thereof and are held in the name of the State CFO's office. Compliance with the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, is monitored by a Qualified Public Depository Oversight Board with members appointed by the State CFO.

The City measures and records its investments, assets whose use is limited, and restricted assets using fair value measurement guidelines, which recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- *Level 1*: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

Pension Plan Investments

The City's Pension plans have adopted investment policies which authorizes the pension managers to invest in the following:

General Employees Plan—Bank deposits and money market accounts, US government and agency obligations, mortgage-backed securities, guaranteed investment contracts, treasury inflation indexed securities (TIPS), equities listed on a national stock exchange (5% issuer limitation), private real estate trusts with quarterly liquidity and valuations, and exchange-traded funds (ETF) or similar index funds.

Police Plan—Bank deposits and money market accounts, US government and agency obligations, mortgage-backed securities, guaranteed investment contracts, treasury inflation indexed securities (TIPS), equities listed on a national stock exchange (5% issuer limitation), private real estate trusts with quarterly liquidity and valuations, and exchange-traded funds (ETF) or similar index funds.

Fire Plan—Money market accounts, fixed income investments rated "BBB" or better (3% individual issuer limitation), equities traded on a national stock exchange (5% issuer limitation), and pooled funds such as mutual funds and ETFs.

The pension plans measure and record investments using fair value measurement guidelines utilizing the same three-tiered fair value hierarchy as the City.

(3) **Deposits and Investments:** (Continued)

The following is a description of the valuation techniques used for assets measured at fair value:

Corporate and Municipal Debt Obligations—Valued based on face value of the instruments adjusted for inflation and interest maturities.

Corporate and Equity Securities—Valued at fair value based on quoted market prices at year end.

Mutual Funds (fixed income and equity)—Valued based on face value of the instruments adjusted for inflation and interest maturities.

Real Estate Funds—Valued based upon the asset category and include discounted cash flow, direct capitalization sales approach, and cash equivalency and appraisals of underlying assets.

Units in the American Core Realty Fund (the Core Fund) are offered and sold by means of a private placement offering conducted in compliance with Rule 506 of Regulation D under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The Core Fund is an open-end diversified core commingled real estate fund that invests in private real estate and is structured as a Delaware limited partnership. As a result, the Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund owns units in the Core Fund, and the Core Fund holds no securities on behalf of the Retirement Plan's account in the Core Fund. Units are purchased and redeemed through periodic transactions and the value of the units purchased or sold in such transactions is based on the unit value applicable to the valuation date at which each individual transaction occurred.

As of September 30, 2022, all of the Core Fund's investments were categorized as Level 3. Valuation techniques used to determine fair value for the assets in the Core Fund vary based on the asset category and include discounted cash flow, direct capitalization sales approach, and cash equivalency.

Requests for redemptions of units in the American Core Realty Fund may be made at any time, with 10 business day's notification by submitting a Redemption Notice form signed by a representative of the respective pension plan, and are effective at the end of the calendar quarter in which the request is received by American Realty Advisors (ARA). The units that are subject to a redemption notice may be redeemed in full or in installments on a pro-rata basis as funds become available for such purpose and the redemption price will be the value per unit based on ARA's estimate of the fair value of the Core Fund's net assets as computed under generally accepted accounting principles at such time that each payment is made. Although ARA is required to use reasonable efforts to cause the Core Fund to pay the redemption price as soon as practicable after the effective date of the request, redemptions are subject to the availability of cash flow arising from investment transactions, sales and other fund operations occurring in the normal course of business. ARA is not required to liquidate or encumber assets or defer investments in order to satisfy redemption requests. As of September 30, 2022, there were no unfunded commitments.

A summary of investments held at fair value as of September 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments, at fair value				
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 1,998,280	-	\$ 1,998,280	-
Mutual funds - fixed income	7,974,384	7,974,384	-	-
Mutual funds - equity	22,740,149	22,740,149	-	-
Real estate funds	5,279,768	-	-	5,279,768
Total investments	\$ 37,992,581	\$ 30,714,533	\$ 1,998,280	\$ 5,279,768

The pension plans also held a total of \$1,073,656 of cash and cash equivalents held in the pension trust funds.

(3) **Deposits and Investments:** (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments. Generally, the longer the time to maturity, the greater the exposure to interest rate risk. The City does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that a debt issuer or other counter-party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Pension Plans utilize portfolio diversification in order to limit investments to the highest rated securities as rated by nationally recognized rating agencies and credit rating limitations are in place through the plan investment policies. All investments rated within the investment policy guidelines at September 30, 2022.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City's pension plans have varying limitations on investment in singleissuers as discussed in the authorized investments note. At September 30, 2022, the investment portfolios met the single issuer limitations.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that the City may not recover cash and investments held by another party in the event of financial failure. Custodial credit risk is limited since investments are held in independent custodial safekeeping accounts or mutual funds.

Foreign Currency Risk: Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Pension trust funds policies allow for up to 20-25% percent of its investments in common stock, capital stock and convertible securities at market value in foreign securities. At September 30, 2022, the investment portfolios met the foreign securities limitations.

(4) Accounts Receivable:

The City's receivables consisted of the following at September 30, 2022:

	Gross Receivable		Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		R	Net Aeceivable
Governmental Activities:						
General Fund	\$	337,608	\$	-	\$	337,608
Total – Governmental Activities		337,608		-		337,608
Business-Type Activities:						
Water Fund		261,769		-		261,769
Sanitation Fund		186,594		-		186,594
Sewer Fund		294,093		-		294,093
Totals – Business-Type Activities		742,456		-		742,456
Totals	\$	1,080,064	\$	-	\$	1,080,064

In addition to accounts receivable, the City also recorded \$8,320,159 in due from other governments at September 30, 2022, of which part consists \$1,481,494 of Federal and State reimbursements related to Hurricane Michael which impacted the City in early fiscal year 2019. These amounts reflect management's best estimate of recoveries based on costs incurred and approved project worksheets, and are subject to change pending adjustments made by the respective Federal and/or State agencies.

(5) Interfund Loans and Transfers:

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates reimbursable expenditures occur, when transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and when payments between funds are made. At September 30, 2022, the Sewer Fund had a payable to the General Fund of \$524,912.

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, (2) move restricted amounts from borrowings to the debt service funds to establish and maintain mandatory reserve and sinking fund accounts, (3) move revenues from proprietary fund operations to the general fund for payments in lieu of taxes, and (4) move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the City must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as matching funds for various grant programs. For the year ended September 30, 2022, individual fund transfers to and from other funds for the primary government were comprised of the following:

	Tra	unsfer From	Transfer To			
Governmental Activities:						
General Fund:						
Governmental Impact Fee Fund	\$	251,691	\$	2,486,001		
Governmental Impact Fee Fund:						
General Fund		2,486,001		251,691		
Business-type Activities:						
Sanitation Fund:						
Stormwater Fund		-		666,404		
Sewer Fund:						
Stormwater Fund		-		1,082,699		
Stormwater Fund:						
Sewer Fund		1,082,699		-		
Sanitation Fund		666,404		-		
Totals – All Funds	\$	4,486,795	\$	4,486,795		

(6) Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Governmental activities:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,806,782	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,806,782
Construction in progress	5,652,585	18,251,118	(2,036,728)	21,866,975
Total assets not being depreciated	10,459,367	18,251,118	(2,036,728)	26,673,757
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	4,280,767	-	-	4,280,767
Improvements	34,653,188	2,036,728	(16,204)	36,673,712
Machinery and equipment	10,582,117	561,918	(180,813)	10,963,222
Total assets being depreciated	49,516,072	2,598,646	(197,017)	51,917,701
Less: accumulated depreciation	(16,856,822)	(2,217,694)	197,017	(18,877,499)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	32,659,250	380,952		33,040,202
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 43,118,617	\$ 18,632,070	\$ (2,036,728)	\$ 59,713,959

(6) Capital Assets: (Continued)

Business-type activities:

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,313,831	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,313,831
Construction in progress	11,848,460	2,295,478	(1,535,088)	12,608,850
Total assets not being depreciated	13,162,291	2,295,478	(1,535,088)	13,922,681
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,309,887	-	-	1,309,887
Improvements	59,966,194	1,535,088	(12,500)	61,488,782
Machinery and equipment	7,172,769	322,057	(206,134)	7,288,692
Total assets being depreciated	68,448,850	1,857,145	(218,634)	70,087,361
Less: accumulated depreciation	(31,459,277)	(1,985,470)	324,676	(33,226,078)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	36,989,573	(128,325)	106,042	36,861,283
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 50,151,864	\$ 2,167,153	\$ (1,429,046)	\$ 50,783,964

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	287,094
Public safety		559,750
Public works		909,199
Economic environment		98,531
Culture and recreation		363,120
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	2,217,694
Business-type activities:		
Water	\$	515,395
Sewer		1,025,036
Stormwater		299,297
Sanitation		145,742
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	¢	1,985,470

(7) Long-Term Liabilities:

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions Deletions		Additions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:							
Bonds and notes payable	\$ 36,082,719	\$	-	\$ (3,699,450)	\$ 32,383,269	\$ 3,325,639	
Compensated absences	518,740		845,420	(900,080)	464,080	64,971	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 36,601,459	\$	845,420	\$ (4,599,530)	\$ 32,847,349	\$ 3,390,610	

(7) Long-Term Liabilities: (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Additions Deletions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Business-type activities:						
Bonds payable	\$ 9,197,600	\$ -	\$ (711,550)	\$ 8,486,050	\$ 724,420	
Discounts / premiums	196,643	-	(16,584)	180,059	-	
Net bonds payable	9,394,243	-	(728,134)	8,666,109	724,420	
Notes payable	14,324,402	-	(534,547)	13,789,855	612,433	
Compensated absences	136,723	206,258	(220,929)	122,052	18,309	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 23,855,368	\$ 206,258	\$ (1,483,610)	\$ 22,578,016	\$ 1,355,162	

Bonds and notes payable in the City's governmental activities at September 30, 2022, were comprised of the following obligations:

Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, issued to (1) refund the City's outstanding sales tax revenue refunding bonds, series 2005, (2) fund a required deposit to the reserve account through purchase of a reserve account insurance policy, and (3) pay related costs of issuance. The series 2016 bonds are payable solely from and secure by an irrevocable pledge of the City's half-cent sales tax revenues. The bonds are split 43%/57% between governmental/business type activities. The interest rates are from 1.6% to 2.3% and the bonds mature December 2027. Bonds are due in payments of interest annually on December 1st. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2022, was \$883,950.

Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, issued for the purpose of financing and reimbursing the City for certain costs associated with construction of various road and adjacent infrastructure projects. The series 2017 bonds are payable solely from and secured by the sales surtax revenues and until applied in accordance with the provisions of the bond agreement, all moneys, including investments thereof, in the revenue fund, project fund, and sinking fund. The stated interest rate is 2.18% and the bond matures in January 2027. Bonds are due in payments of interest semi-annually on January 31st and July 31st. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2022, was \$1,956,000.

Sale Surtax Revenue Bonds, Series 2018, issued for the purpose of financing and reimbursing the City for certain costs associated with construction of various road and adjacent infrastructure projects. The series 2018 bonds are payable solely from and secured by the sales surtax revenues and until applied in accordance with the provisions of the bond agreement, all moneys, including investments thereof, in the revenue fund, project fund, and sinking fund. The stated interest rate is 2.35% and the bond matures in January 2027. Bonds are due in payments of interest semi-annually on January 31st and July 31st. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2022, was \$1,643,319.

Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2019, issued for the purpose of funding cost related to damage caused by Hurricane Michael. The series 2019 bonds are payable and secured by non-ad valorem revenues budgeted and appropriated by the City. The interest rates are from 2.2% to 3% and the bonds mature August 2034. Bonds are due in payments of interest annually on August 1st with payments beginning in 2021. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2022, was \$27,900,000.

(7) Long-Term Liabilities: (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's governmental activities bonds and notes payable are as follows:

Year Ending -	Governmental Activities								
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total						
2023	\$ 3,325,639	\$ 929,360	\$ 4,124,153						
2024	3,394,782	736,162	4,130,944						
2025	2,885,158	667,366	3,552,524						
2026	2,763,970	606,245	3,370,215						
2027	2,598,230	543,350	3,141,580						
2028-2032	12,140,490	1,803,396	13,943,886						
2033-2034	5,275,000	238,500	5,513,500						
Total	\$ 32,383,269	\$ 5,393,533	\$ 37,776,802						

Bonds payable in the City's business-type activities at September 30, 2022, were comprised of the following obligations:

Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2014, were issued to (1) design, construct, and acquire improvements to the City's water and wastewater system, (2) fund the reserve account, and 3) pay related cost of issuance. The series 2014 bonds are secured by a pledge of the net revenues of the City's water system and sewer system, the sewer system development charges bond service component, and the water system development charges bond service component. The lien on the series 2014 bond on the pledged revenues is on a parity with the lien on the remaining bonds outstanding of the City's capital improvement revenue refunding bonds, series 2004; the City's capital improvement revenue refunding bond, series 2011; and the City's capital improvement revenue refunding bonds, series 2015. The interest rates are from 2.0% to 4.0% and the bonds mature in December 2034. Bonds are due in payments of interest annually on December 1st. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2022, was \$2,130,000.

Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, were issued to (1) refund a portion of the City's outstanding Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, (2) fund a required deposit to the reserve account through the purchase of a reserve accounting insurance policy, (3) and pay related costs of issuance. The series 2015 bonds are secured by a pledge of the net revenues of the City's water system and sewer system deployment charges bond service component, and the water system development charges bond service component. The lien on the series 2015 bond on the pledged revenues is on a parity with the lien on the remaining bonds outstanding of the City's capital improvement revenue refunding bonds, series 2004; the City's capital improvement revenue refunding bonds series 2011; and the City's capital improvement revenues bond, series 2014. The interest rates are from 2.0% to 4.25% and the bonds mature December 2032. Bonds are due in payments of interest semi-annually on December 1st and May 31st. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2022, was \$1,345,000.

(7) Long-Term Liabilities: (Continued)

Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, were issued to (1) refund the City's outstanding sales tax revenue refunding bonds, series 2005, (2) fund a required deposit to the reserve account through purchase of a reserve account insurance policy, and (3) pay related costs of issuance. The series 2016 bonds are payable solely from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of the City's half-cent sales tax revenues. The bonds are split 43%/57% between governmental/business type activities. The interest rates are from 1.6% to 2.3% and the bonds mature December 2027. Bonds are due in payments of interest annually on December 1st. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2022, was \$1,191,050.

Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 were issued to (1) refund the City's outstanding Capital Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, 2) fund a required deposit to the Reserve Account through purchase of a reserve account insurance policy, and (3) pay related costs of issuance. The series 2017 bonds are secured by a pledge of the net revenues of the City's water system and sewer system, the sewer system development charges bond service component, and the water system development charges bond service component. The lien on the series 2017 bond on the pledged revenues is on parity with the lien on the City's capital improvement revenue refunding bonds, series 2011; the City's capital improvement revenues bond, series 2014; and the City's capital improvement revenue refunding bonds, series 2015. The interest rates are from 2% to 3% and the bonds mature December 2032. Bonds are due in payments of interest annually on December 1st. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2022, was \$3,820,000.

Notes payable in the City's business-type activities at September 30, 2022, were comprised of the following obligations:

In June 2018, the City entered into an agreement with the State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection for a \$2,360,651 loan for a water main replacement at an interest rate of 1.31% per year for 20 years. The first semi-annual payment is due December 15, 2019. The loan is collateralized by the pledged revenues of the water and sewer system. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2022, was \$3,051,830.

In June 2018, the City entered into an agreement with the State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection for a \$4,550,022 loan for a wastewater rehabilitation project at an interest rate of 0.93% per year for 20 years. The first semiannual payment is due March 15, 2021. The loan is collateralized by the pledged revenues of the water and sewer system. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2022, was \$6,138,507.

In August of 2015, the City approved a change order for \$3,720,000 for a storm water project which the contractor agreed to finance over 30 years at an interest rate of 2.55%. The project was started in fiscal year 2016 and completed during 2017. The promissory note was signed in March 2017 which is when payments on the loan began. The note requires monthly payments and matures March 2047. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2022, was \$4,599,518.

(7) Long-Term Liabilities: (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's business-type activities bonds, and notes payable, are as follows:

Year Ending —	Bus				
September 30,	Principal	rincipal Interest			Total
2023	\$ 1,336,853	\$	438,222	\$	1,775,075
2024	1,371,165 413,267		413,267		1,784,432
2025	1,394,884		386,298		1,781,182
2026	1,421,622	356,412			1,778,034
2027	1,456,383	326,439			1,782,822
2028-2032	6,898,419	1,185,243			8,083,662
2033-2037	4,764,089		494,644		5,258,733
2038-2042	2,546,641		224,065		2,770,706
2043-2047	1,085,849		66,097		1,151,946
Total	\$ 22,275,905	\$	3,890,687	\$	26,166,592

(8) <u>Commitments and Contingencies:</u>

The City is engaged in various liability claims incidental to the conduct of its general government operations at September 30, 2022. The outcomes of established claims are included in these financial statements. In the opinion of the City's legal counsel, no legal proceedings are pending or threatened against the City which are not covered by applicable insurance which would inhibit its ability to perform its operations or materially affect its financial condition.

(9) **<u>Risk Management:</u>**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters, all of which is satisfactorily insured by limited risk, high deductible commercial general liability insurance. Commercial insurance policies are also obtained for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

(10) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB):

Plan Description—City of Lynn Haven, Florida, Post-Retirement Benefits Plan (the Plan) is a singleemployer healthcare plan administered by the City. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the City is required to permit participation in the Plan to retirees and their eligible dependents at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. Eligible individuals include all regular employees of the City who retire from active service under one of the pension plans sponsored by the City. Under certain conditions, eligible individuals also include spouses and dependent children. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

(10) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (Continued)

Funding Policy—The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established by state statutes and may be amended by the state legislature. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements and is subject to constant revision. The City has opted to not fund the total OPEB obligation or the resulting unfunded actuarial accrued liability on an annual basis. The City utilizes the General Fund to liquidate the liability for the OPEB obligation from previous years

Benefits Provided—The Other Post Employment Benefit Plan is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the City. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected, however, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. The older retirees actually have a higher cost which means the City is actually subsidizing the cost of the retiree coverage because it pays all or a significant portion of the premium on behalf of the active employee, known as the "implicit rate subsidy."

Plan Membership—At September 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, plan participation consisted of the following:

Active Employees	155
Inactive Employees	3
	158

Total OPEB Liability—The City's total OPEB liability of \$804,994 was measured as of September 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs—The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.0%
Salary increases	5.25%
Discount rate	2.43%
Healthcare cost trend rate	5.5%
	Ultimate rate reached in 2037 4.5%

The City does not have a dedicated Trust to pay retiree healthcare benefits. The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices.

All mortality rates are projected generationally with mortality Improvements Scale MP-2020.

(10) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, changes in the total OPEB liability were as follows:

Balance at September 30, 2021	\$ 529,069
Changes for a year:	
Service cost	90,387
Interest	11,084
Differences between expected and actual	
experience	254,295
Changes of assumptions	(57,590)
Benefit payments – implicit rate subsidy	 (22,251)
Net changes	 275,925
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ 804,994

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 2.43%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	Current <u>1% Decrease</u> Discount Rate			1%	6 Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	866,285	\$	804,994	\$	749,531

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (3.00%-6.50%) or 1% higher (5.00%-8.50%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (4.00%-7.50%):

	1%	Decrease	Current end Rates	1%	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	730,909	\$ 804,994	\$	892,454

(10) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$135,652. At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows Resources	 d Inflows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 219,012	\$ 4,637
Contributions subsequent to measurement date Changes of assumptions	58.891	65,412
Total	\$ 277,903	\$ 70,049

Deferred outflows for contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized in fiscal year 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	Year ended September 30: Amortizat		
2023	\$	34,181	
2024		34,181	
2025		34,185	
2026		36,497	
2027		35,853	
Thereafter		32,957	

(11) **Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds:**

Defined Benefit Plans

The City's pension plans are established by various City ordinances. The City maintains three separate single employer benefit pension plans which cover general employees, police officers and firefighters. The City's ordinances governing the firefighters' and police officers' plans were written in compliance with the provisions of Florida Statues, Chapters 175 and 185, respectively.

Plan Description and Administration

The City's pension plans are single employer defined benefit pension plans administered by a board of trustees. The board of trustees for each pension plan consists of two City residents appointed by the Commission, two members of the plan elected by the plan membership, and one member elected by the other four members and appointed by the Commission.

No standalone financial reports exist for the pension plans. All financial activity is reported within the accompanying financial statements. Investments are reported at fair value and are managed by third party money managers. The City's independent custodian and the individual money managers price each instrument (using various third-party pricing sources) and reconcile material differences. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Performance reporting, manager fees, and the City's asset valuation are based on the custodian's determination of value.

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

Costs incurred by each of the plans for administration of the plans, which includes legal and actuarial fees, trustee fees and investment advisory fees, are borne by the respective retirement plans and are included in the actuarial analysis of the required funding amounts.

Benefits Provided and Employees Covered

Each Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan participants and beneficiaries. Cost of living adjustments are provided to retirees and beneficiaries in accordance with the respective plan provisions. Each of the Plans has contracted with an actuary to provide an actuarial valuation of each plan as of October 1 of each year. Current membership in the employee retirement plans was composed of the following at October 1, 2021:

	Police Plan	Fire Plan	General Employees Plan
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefits	19	8	51
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet			
receiving benefits	19	2	57
Active participants	36	19	105
Total current membership	74	29	213

A summary of the benefits provided under each plan are as follows:

Police Officers Plan

- Normal Retirement Benefits: 3.5% of average final compensation times credited service
- Normal Retirement Age: Earlier of: 1) age 55 and 10 years of credited service, 2) attainment of age 60 or 3) the completion of 25 years of credited service, regardless of age
- Early Retirement Benefits: Accrued benefit reduced 3% for each year that early retirement precedes normal retirement
- Early Retirement Age: Age 45 and 10 Years of credited service
- Vesting Schedule: 100% after 10 years of credited service
- Vesting Benefit Amount: Members will receive the vested portion of accrued benefit at the otherwise normal retirement date
- Disability Eligibility Service Incurred: Covered from date of employment
- Disability Eligibility Nonservice Incurred: 10 years of credited service
- Disability Benefit: Benefit accrued to date of disability but not less than 42% of average final
- compensation (service incurred) or 25% of average final compensation (nonservice incurred)
- Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Vested: Monthly accrued benefit payable to designated beneficiary for 10 years
- Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Non contributions without interest
- Share Plan: Pursuant to Chapter 2015-39, Laws of Florida, a supplemental benefit component for special benefits exists but is not currently funded per mutual consent between the City and membership.

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

Firefighters Plan

- Normal Retirement Benefits: 3.5% of average final compensation times credited service
- Normal Retirement Age: Earlier of age 55 and 10 years of credited service or 25 years of credited service regardless of age
- Early Retirement Benefits: Accrued benefit reduced 3% for each year that early retirement precedes normal retirement
- Early Retirement Age: Age 50 and 10 Years of credited service
- Vesting Schedule: 100% after 10 years of credited service
- Vesting Benefit Amount: Members will receive the vested portion of accrued benefit at the otherwise normal retirement date
- Disability Eligibility Service Incurred: Covered from date of employment
- Disability Eligibility Nonservice Incurred: 10 years of credited service
- Disability Benefit: Benefit accrued to date of disability but not less than 42% of average final compensation (service incurred)
- Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Vested: Monthly accrued benefit payable to designated beneficiary for 10 years
- Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Non
- Share Plan: Pursuant to Chapter 2015-39, Laws of Florida, a supplemental benefit component for special benefits exists but is currently not funded.

General Employees Plan

- Normal Retirement Benefits: 3.0% of average final compensation times credited service
- Normal Retirement Age: Attainment of age 55 and 10 years of credited service
- Early Retirement Benefits: Accrued benefit reduced 1/15th for each of the first 5 years and 1/30th for the next 5 years that early retirement precedes normal retirement
- Early Retirement Age: Age 50 and 10 Years of credited service
- Vesting Schedule: 100% after 10 years of credited service
- Vesting Benefit Amount: Accrued (formula) benefit payable at the otherwise normal retirement date.
- Refund of accumulated contributions if not vested
- Disability Eligibility: Total and permanent disability prior to normal retirement date. Ten years of service required for not-in-line of duty benefits
- Disability Benefits: Accrued benefit actuarially reduced
- Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Vested: Monthly accrued benefit payable as a ten-year certain to designated beneficiary at the otherwise normal retirement date
- Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Nonvested: Return of member's accumulated contributions.

The most recent experience studies for the police, fire, and general employees' plans were conducted as of March 8, 2018; June 7, 2017; and March 6, 2018; respectively.

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

Contributions

Members contribute five percent of their pretax earnings. The City contributes the remaining amount required in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, over thirty years. The State of Florida contributes any monies received by reason of the laws of the State for the purpose of funding and paying for retirement benefits.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, contributions to the City's pension plans were as follows:

	Pe	olice Plan	Fire Plan		Plan	Total
Employee contributions	\$	100,754	\$	56,192	\$ 256,304	\$ 413,250
City contributions		200,636		185,749	822,776	1,209,161
State contributions		190,230		107,055	 -	 297,285
Total contributions	\$	491,620	\$	348,996	\$ 1,079,080	\$ 1,919,696

Investment Policy

See Note (3) for additional discussion of the investment policies for each of the Plans. The following was the asset allocation policy for each of the plans at September 30, 2022:

	Target Asset Allocation								
Asset Class	Police Plan	Fire Plan	General Employees Plan						
Domestic equity	50%	50%	50%						
International equity	14%	10%	14%						
Broad Market Fixed Income	0%	20%	0%						
Bonds	20%	2.5%	20%						
Global Fixed Income	0%	2.5%	0%						
TIPS	6%	5%	6%						
Private real estate	10%	10%	10%						

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the pension plans at September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Police Plan	Fire Plan	Total			
Total pension liability	\$ 10,555,508	\$ 9,707,540	\$ 23,650,387	\$ 43,913,435		
Plan fiduciary net position	(11,053,621)	(8,343,578)	(19,676,983)	(39,074,182)		
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (498,113)	\$ 1,363,962	\$ 3,973,404	\$ 4,839,253		
Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of total pension liability (asset)	104.72%	85.95%	83.20%	110.08%		

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019, and measurement date of September 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions to all measurement periods.

	Police Plan	Fire Plan	General Employees Plan
Inflation	2.70%	2.50%	2.70%
Salary increases	Service based	Service based	Service based
Investment rate of return	7.25%	7.25%	7.50%
Mortality table	MP-2018,	MP-2018,	MP-2018,
•	projected	projected	projected

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term E	te of Return	
Asset Class	Police Plan	Fire Plan	General Employees Plan
Domestic equity	7.1%	7.5%	7.1%
International equity	3.1%	8.5%	3.1%
Broad Market Fixed Income	N/A	2.5%	N/A
Fixed Income (Non-Core)	N/A	2.5%	N/A
Bonds	2.0%	N/A	2.0%
Global Fixed Income	N/A	3.5%	N/A
TIPS	5.6%	4.5%	5.6%
Private Real Estate	6.4%	4.5%	6.4%

Discount rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for each pension plan varied as discussed on the following pages. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

Changes in net pension liability:

Ending Balance

Changes in each plan's net pension liability were as follows:

Changes in each plan's net pension liability were as fo	llows:	Police Plan	
	Total	Plan	Net
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a-b)
Beginning Balance	\$ 10,104,213	\$ 12,910,474	\$ (2,806,261)
Changes for year:			
Service cost	349,459	-	349,459
Interest	737,064	-	737,064
Differences between expected/actual experience	(110,787)	-	(110,787)
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-
Share plan allocation	50,115	-	50,115
Contributions - employer	-	200,636	(200,636)
Contributions - employee	-	100,754	(100,754)
Contributions - state	_	190,230	(190,230)
Net investment income	_	(1,743,389)	1,743,389
Benefit payments, including refunds	(574,556)	(574,556)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(30,528)	30,528
Net changes	451,295	(1,856,853)	2,308,148
Ending Balance	\$ 10,555,508	\$ 11,053,621	\$ (498,113)
8	+	+ ;•••• ;•==	+ (19 0)= 20)
		Fire Plan	
	Total	Plan	Net
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a-b)
Beginning Balance	\$ 8,830,831	\$ 9,566,166	\$ (735,335)
Changes for year:			-
Service cost	191,908	-	191,908
Interest	642,924	-	642,924
Differences between expected/actual experience	150,346	-	150,346
Change of assumption	192,649	-	192,649
Share plan allocation	8,528	-	8,528
Contributions - employer	-	185,749	(185,749)
Contributions - employee	-	56,192	(56,192)
Contributions - state	-	107,055	(107,055)
Net investment income	-	(1,221,494)	1,221,494
Benefit payments, including refunds	(309,646)	(309,646)	-
Administrative expenses			40 444
	-	(40,444)	40,444
Net changes	- 876,709	$\frac{(40,444)}{(1,222,588)}$	40,444 2,099,297

\$

9,707,540

8,343,578

\$

1,363,962

\$

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

	General Plan	
Total	Plan	Net
Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
Liability	Net Position	Liability
(a)	(b)	(a-b)
\$ 22,620,231	\$ 23,265,837	\$ (645,606)
712,469	-	712,469
1,706,413	-	1,706,413
-	-	-
(227,672)	-	(227,672)
-	-	-
-	822,776	(822,776)
-	256,304	(256,304)
-	-	-
-	(3,467,381)	3,467,381
(1,161,054)	(1,161,054)	-
-	(39,499)	39,499
1,030,156	(3,588,854)	4,619,010
\$ 23,650,387	\$ 19,676,983	\$ 3,973,404
	Pension Liability (a) \$ 22,620,231 712,469 1,706,413 - (227,672) - - - (1,161,054) - 1,030,156	Total Plan Pension Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b) \$ 22,620,231 \$ 23,265,837 712,469 - 1,706,413 - - - (227,672) - - 822,776 - 256,304 - - (1,161,054) (1,161,054) (1,161,054) (39,499) 1,030,156 (3,588,854)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the selected discount rates, as well as what the City's net pension liability (net pension asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

Plan	Current Discount Rate	NPL (NPA) with % Decrease	NPL (NPA) at Current Discount Rate			NPL (NPA) with 1% Increase		
Police	7.25%	\$ 680,257	\$	(498,113)	\$	(1,479,482)		
Fire	7.25%	2,514,615		1.363,962		417,572		
General Employees	7.50%	 6,520,664		3,973,404		1,829,728		
Total		\$ 9,715,536	\$	4,839,253	\$	767,818		

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the annual-money weighted rate of return on each pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was as follows:

			General
			Employees
	Police Plan	Fire Plan	Plan
Annual money-weighted rate of return	(13.66) %	(12.84) %	(14.96) %

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$271,353, \$435,959 and \$937,399, in the Police, Fire, and General Employees, pension plans, respectively, for a total of \$1,644,711.

At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Police Plan			Fire Plan				General Employees Plan				
	Οι	Dutflows of Infl		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net different between projected and	\$	12,618 20,735	\$	127,735	\$	415,706 245,270	\$	(145,073) (54,027)	\$	44,674 -	\$	(411,374) (12,142)
actual investment earnings		913,076		-		932,004		-		2,747,707		-
-	\$	946,429	\$	127,735	\$	1,592,980	\$	(199,100)	\$	2,792,381	\$	(423,516)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions being amortized for a period of greater than one year will be recognized in pension expense in succeeding years as follows:

	P	olice Plan]	Fire Plan	ŀ	General Employees Plan
2023	\$	86,747	\$	318,675	\$	515,042
2024		(9,739)		286,712		390,852
2025		206,629		305,748		421,418
2026		535,057		425,579		1,041,553
2027		-		57,166		-
Thereafter		-		-		-

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

C. Pension Fund Financial Statements

The City does not issue separate financial statements for the General Employee, Police, or Fire Plan. The basic financial statements of the City include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position that presents a single column presented by fund type for all pension trust funds. Presented below are the financial statements for each pension trust fund as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Police Plan	Fire Plan	General Plan	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents with trustee	\$ 543,736	\$ 209,028	\$ 320,892	\$ 1,073,656
Prepaid benefit payments			3,982	3,982
Receivables				
Employer contributions receivable	-	1,331	2,449	3,780
Employee contributions receivable	8	-	-	8
Interest and dividends receivable	5,555	2,398	8,773	16,726
Total receivables	5,563	3,729	11,222	20,514
Investments, at fair value				
U.S. Treasury obligations	672,698	-	1,325,582	1,998,280
Mutual funds - fixed income	2,172,848	1,867,917	3,933,619	7,974,384
Mutual funds - equity	6,454,653	4,729,115	11,556,381	22,740,149
Real estate funds	1,207,873	1,538,789	2,533,106	5,279,768
Total investments	10,508,072	8,135,821	19,348,688	37,992,581
Total assets	\$ 11,057,371	\$ 8,348,578	\$ 19,684,784	\$ 39,090,733
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 3,750	\$ 5,000	\$ 7,801	\$ 16,551
Total liabilities	\$ 3,750	\$ 5,000	\$ 7,801	\$ 16,551
NET POSITION				
Restricted for pensions	\$ 11,053,621	\$ 8,343,578	\$ 19,676,983	\$ 39,074,182

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Police Plan	Fire Plan	General Plan	Total
Additions				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$ 200,636	\$ 185,749	\$ 822,776	\$ 1,209,161
Plan members	100,754	56,192	256,304	413,250
State - insurance premium taxes	190,230	107,055		297,285
Total contributions	491,620	348,996	1,079,080	1,919,696
Investment earnings:				
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	(1,929,600)	(1,383,619)	(3,817,794)	(7,131,013)
Interest and dividends	235,722	227,386	422,532	885,640
Total investment earnings	(1,693,878)	(1,156,233)	(3,395,262)	(6,245,373)
Less: investment expense	(49,511)	(65,261)	(72,119)	(186,891)
Net investment income (loss)	(1,743,389)	(1,221,494)	(3,467,381)	(6,432,264)
Total additions	(1,251,769)	(872,498)	(2,388,301)	(4,512,568)
Deductions				
Benefit payments and refunds	574,556	309,646	1,161,054	2,045,256
Administrative expenses	30,528	40,444	39,499	110,471
Total deductions	605,084	350,090	1,200,553	2,155,727
Change in net position	(1,856,853)	(1,222,588)	(3,588,854)	(6,668,295)
Net position restricted for pensions, beginning of year	12,910,474	9,566,166	23,265,837	45,742,477
Net position restricted for pensions, end of year	\$ 11,053,621	\$ 8,343,578	\$ 19,676,983	\$ 39,074,182

(12) Restatement of Beginning Equity:

Subsequent to issuance of the September 30, 2021, financial statements, management became aware of the following errors: overstatement of water fund fixed assets, understatement of sewer fixed assets, and overstatement of governmental activities fixed assets due to improper recording in the prior period. The net effect of these adjustments on beginning fund balance and net position were as follows:

			Net Pos	sition		
	G	overnmental Activities	 Water		Sewer	Business-type Activities
Net position / fund balance – 9/30/21, originally reported Capital asset restatements	\$	49,777,689 (575,165)	\$ 16,140,004 (93,986)	\$	17,707,083 878,927	\$ 42,789,467 784,941
Net position / fund balance $-9/30/21$, as restated		\$ 49,202,524	\$ 16,046,018	\$	18,586,010	\$ 43,574,408

(13) <u>Recent Accounting Pronouncements:</u>

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial statements. Listed below are pronouncements with required implementation dates, as adjusted based on the impacts of GASB Statement No. 95, effective for subsequent fiscal years that have not yet been implemented. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following will have on the City's financial statements:

- (a) GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, in May 2020. provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA.
- (b) GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, in June 2022. GASB Statement No. 101 amends the existing guidance related to the calculation and disclosures surrounding the liability for compensated absences. The provisions for GASB 101 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

(14) Major Events and Federal Investigation:

In October 2018, the City was severely impacted by Hurricane Michael, which caused catastrophic damage in the City and its surrounding areas for which the related activity has been recorded in the Disaster Recovery fund.

During the year ended September 30, 2021, Federal investigators began investigating activity related to the City's financial activity in the aftermath of Hurricane Michael, specifically related to the former City Manager and other former City employees and vendors. In November 2019, the former City Manager, a former City department head, and three others were charged with various felony charges related to wire fraud, money laundering, and filing false reimbursement claims to FEMA related to Hurricane Michael clean-up efforts. The total amounts alleged to be wrongfully paid out by the City was in excess of \$5 million. In early 2020, the former City Manager and the four others named in the indictment pled guilty to the charges, including agreements to make full restitution to the City as part of the plea agreements. In August 2020, the former City Commissioner and the president of a major vendor of the City were also indicted.

The City is also assessing the potential to recover amounts through its insurance company under employee dishonesty coverage. However, as collectability cannot be determined, no provisions have been made in these financial statements related to any potential recoveries from these individuals, insurance companies, or any other sources.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues	¢ 11.042.000	¢ 0.015.001	¢ 10 472 012	ф 1 <i>557</i> 111
Taxes	\$ 11,043,986	\$ 8,915,801	\$ 10,472,912	\$ 1,557,111
Permits and fees	1,862,297	1,740,579	1,975,923	235,344
Intergovernmental	5,089,619	5,435,642	5,730,492	294,850
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	1,997,332	1,933,110	2,126,968	193,858 791
Investment income	102,702 19,946	73,716	74,507	80,976
Miscellaneous		23,441	104,417	
	125,648	137,225	130,796	(6,429)
Total revenues	20,241,530	18,259,514	20,616,015	2,356,501
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	5,763,393	4,124,852	3,814,769	310,083
Planning and code enforcement	731,567	799,612	724,547	75,065
Public safety	6,248,603	6,466,769	6,993,966	(527,197)
Transportation	1,530,203	1,610,483	1,425,765	184,718
Economic environment	130,469	128,635	108,086	20,549
Culture and recreation	2,227,032	2,173,082	1,892,742	280,340
Disaster recovery	50,000	5,000	1,448	3,552
Capital outlay	2,594,300	3,212,222	2,540,414	671,808
Debt service:				-
Principal retirement	1,214,450	1,732,920	1,714,450	18,470
Interest and fiscal charges	129,957	232,650	137,883	94,767
Total expenditures	20,619,974	20,486,225	19,354,070	1,132,155
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(378,444)	(2,226,711)	1,261,945	3,488,656
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	172,595	129,084	251,691	122,607
Transfers out	-	-	(2,486,001)	(2,486,001)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	15,345	9,261	(6,084)
Proceeds from insurance recoveries	-	57,158	81,668	24,510
Total other financing sources (uses)	172,595	201,587	(2,143,381)	(2,344,968)
Net change in fund balances	(205,849)	(2,025,124)	(881,436)	1,143,688
Fund balances, beginning of year	18,180,046	18,180,046	18,180,046	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 17,974,197	\$ 16,154,922	\$ 17,298,610	\$ 1,143,688

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	 Budgete	d Am	ounts		Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		legative)
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 495,779	\$	506,905	\$ 505,547	\$	(1,358)
Investment income	 833		778	 4,664		3,886
Total revenues	 496,612		507,683	510,211		2,528
Expenditures						
Current: Economic environment	326,612		334,961	207,948		127,013
Capital outlay	170,000		234,750	8,983		225,767
Total expenditures	 496,612		569,711	 216,931		352,780
Total expenditules	490,012		505,711	210,991		552,700
Net change in fund balances	 -		(62,028)	 293,280		355,308
Fund balances, beginning of year	518,911		518,911	518,911		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 518,911	\$	456,883	\$ 812,191	\$	355,308

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DISASTER RECOVERY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues	* • • • • • • • • •	* • • • • • • • •		
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ 8,200,000	\$ 8,200,000	\$ 5,431,261	\$ (2,768,739)
	25,000	41,509	123,074	81,565
Total revenues	8,225,000	8,241,509	5,554,335	(2,687,174)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Disaster recovery	898,328	1,728,643	1,704,828	23,815
Capital outlay	19,220,846	19,781,499	16,263,639	3,517,860
Debt service:	1 00 - 000	1 00 5 000	1 00 5 000	
Principal retirement	1,985,000	1,985,000	1,985,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	774,381	774,381	774,381	-
Total expenditures	22,878,555	24,269,523	20,727,848	3,541,675
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(14,653,555)	(16,028,014)	(15,173,513)	854,501
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from insurance recovery	6,000,000	6,405,814	6,405,814	
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,000,000	6,405,814	6,405,814	-
Net change in fund balances	(8,653,555)	(9,622,200)	(8,767,699)	854,501
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	24,043,904	24,043,904	24,043,904	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 15,390,349	\$ 14,421,704	\$ 15,276,205	\$ 854,501

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Budgete	d Amou	nts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Oı	iginal	I	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues	¢		¢		* 0.050 540	* 0.050 540
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,252,748 51,586	\$ 9,252,748 51,586
Total revenues		-		-	9,304,334	9,304,334
Expenditures						
Current: General government		-		-	-	-
Total expenditures		-		-	-	-
Net change in fund balances		-		-	9,304,334	9,304,334
Fund balances, beginning of year		158		158	158	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	158	\$	158	\$ 9,304,492	\$ 9,304,334

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 90,387	\$ 38,416	\$ 28,852	\$ 29,919	\$ 31,264
Interest	11,084	16,559	16,800	14,049	11,375
Difference between expected and actual experience	254,294	-	(8,117)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	(57,590)	59,916	28,165	(17,715)	(18,548)
Benefit payments - implicit rate subsidy	 (22,251)	 (19,694)	 (9,641)	 (8,886)	 (8,171)
Net change in total OPEB liability	275,924	 95,197	56,059	 17,367	15,920
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	 529,069	 433,872	 377,813	 360,446	 344,526
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 804,994	\$ 529,069	\$ 433,872	\$ 377,813	\$ 360,446
Covered payroll	\$ 7,464,740	\$ 6,699,324	\$ 6,309,403	\$ 6,413,679	\$ 6,041,521
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	10.78%	7.90%	6.88%	5.89%	5.97%
Notes to Schedule:					
Valuation date:	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2017	9/30/2017
Measurement date:	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other changes reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2.43%	2.14%	3.58%	4.18%	3.64%

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability									
Service cost	\$ 349,459	\$ 379,167	\$ 343,348	\$ 291,738	\$ 292,982	\$ 291,017	\$ 283,018	\$ 309,736	\$ 288,702
Interest	737,064	706,740	663,642	622,351	620,208	597,635	564,143	526,808	481,522
Change in excess state money		ı	(224, 454)	33,232	27,951	20,749	25,295	26,971	23,122
Share plan allocation	50,115	40,153	259,346						
Difference between actual and expected experience	(110, 787)	(89, 286)	50,470	25,008	(139,696)	(218, 184)	(331, 547)	(91,536)	
Changes of assumptions Benefit navments including refunds of contributions	(574 556)	- (603.065)	82,940	- (411 401)	201,250 (444 770)	-	192,001 (758 147)	- (245.073)	-
Net change in total pension liability	451.295	433.709	706,373	560.928	557.925	355,451	474,763	526,906	588.057
Total pension liability - beginning	10,104,213	9,670,504	8,964,131	8,403,203	7,845,278	7,489,827	7,015,064	6,488,158	5,900,101
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 10,555,508	\$ 10,104,213	\$ 9,670,504	\$ 8,964,131	\$ 8,403,203	\$ 7,845,278	\$ 7,489,827	\$ 7,015,064	\$ 6,488,158
Total Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - employer	\$ 200,636	\$ 128,300	\$ 117,112	\$ 146,262	S 141,741	\$ 118,040	\$ 193,200	\$ 195,344	\$ 196,175
Contributions - state	190,230	170,305	159,783	156,463	145,902	131,498	140,590	117,198	113,349
Contributions - employee	100,754	94,376	90,085	88,027	74,601	62,126	62,391	64,089	68,969
Net investment income	(1,743,389)	2,283,166	1,666,103	360,191	471,140	751,774	654,947	(50,536)	571,109
Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions	(574, 556)	(603,065)	(468, 919)	(411, 401)	(444, 770)	(335,766)	(258, 147)	(245,073)	(205, 289)
Administrative expense	(30,528)	(39,118)	(33,841)	(30,204)	(44,223)	(33,448)	(17,500)	(23, 874)	(22, 490)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(1,856,853)	2,033,964	1,530,323	309,338	344,391	694,224	775,481	57,148	721,823
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	12,910,474	10,876,510	9,346,187	9,036,849	8,692,458		7,222,753	7,165,605	6,443,782
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 11,053,621	\$ 12,910,474	\$ 10,876,510	\$ 9,346,187	\$ 9,036,849	\$ 8,692,458	\$ 7,998,234	\$ 7,222,753	\$ 7,165,605
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (498,113)	\$ (2,806,261)	\$ (1,206,006)	\$ (382,056)	\$ (633,646)	\$ (847,180)	\$ (508,407)	\$ (207,689)	\$ (677,447)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	104.72%	127.77%	112.47%	104.26%	107.54%	110.80%	106.79%	102.96%	110.44%
/					1	1			- - - -
Covered payroll	\$ 2,014,983	\$ 1,889,317	\$ 1,801,862	\$ 1,760,537	\$ 1,492,008	\$ 1,242,529	\$ 1,247,810	\$ 1,287,209	N/A
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-24.72%	-148.53%	-66.93%	-21.70%	-42.47%	-68.18%	-40.74%	-16.13%	N/A

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FIRE PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

			(UNAUDITED)						
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Change in excess state money Share plan allocation Changes in benefit terms Difference between actual and expected experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments including refunds of contributions Net change in total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 191,908 642,924 8,528 150,346 192,649 876,709 8830,831 \$ 9,707,540	\$ 187,751 609,590 5,192 (87,519) (87,519) 505,883 8,324,948 8,324,948 8,324,948 8,324,948	\$ 214,465 556,161 2,630 311,990 (108,054) (217,917) 759,275 759,275 8,324,948	\$ 216,588 504,486 - - (483) 251,609 (297,697) 674,503 6,891,170 \$ 7,565,673	\$ 187,963 460,987 - - 159,539 - (175,605) (175,605) 5 6,891,170 \$ 6,891,170	\$ 214,294 428,511 (581,215) 581,215 581,215 581,215 (404,891) 211,236 (173,914) 275,236 5,983,050 \$ 6,258,286	\$ 202,696 395,917 7,031 7,031 - (92,891) 245,505 (191,309) 566,949 566,949 566,949 566,949	\$ 189,512 370,363 55,979 5,979 (74,169) (167,618) 374,067 5.042,034 \$ 5,416,101	\$ 191,324 340,740 62,154 62,154 - - - 441,884 441,884 441,884 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Total Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - state Contributions - state Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 185,749 107,055 56,192 (1,221,494) (309,646) (40,444) (1,222,588) (1,223,588	\$ 218,422 100,384 52,194 1,526,972 (209,131) (32,439) 1,656,402 7,909,764 8 9,566,166	\$ 173,792 95,261 53,187 700,117 (217,917) (217,917) (34,051) 770,389 7,139,375 \$ 7,909,764	\$ 155,695 87,729 55,243 291,181 (297,697) (31,169) 260,982 6,878,393 6,878,393 5 7,139,375	\$ 64,246 76,493 51,084 543,931 (175,605) (31,788) 528,361 6,350,032 \$ 6,878,393	\$ 85,694 72,877 46,004 688,348 (173,914) (173,	\$ 179,059 104,062 39,616 263,560 (191,309) (191,309) (25,141) 369,847 5,298,052 \$ 5,667,899	\$ 175,202 98,068 40,940 (32,874) (167,618) (167,618) (20,389) 93,329 5,204,723 \$ 5,298,052	\$ 191,373 104,243 41,786 509,709 (152,334) (152,334) (12,167) 682,610 4,522,113 \$ 5,204,723
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,363,962	\$ (735,335)	\$ 415,184	\$ 426,298	\$ 12,777	\$ (91,746)	\$ 315,151	\$ 118,049	\$ (162,689)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Covered payroll Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	85.95% \$ 1,123,829 121.37%	108.33% \$ 1,043,881 -70.44%	95.01% \$ 1,063,734 39.03%	94.37% \$ 1,104,869 38.58%	99.81% \$ 1,021,678 1.25%	101.47% \$ 920,087 -9.97%	94.73% \$ 792,315 39.78%	97.82% \$ 826,871 14.28%	103.23% \$ 835,712 -19.47%

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS GENERAL EMPLOYEES PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Y ear Ending September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost	\$ 712,469	\$ 753,642	\$ 626,056	\$ 637,599	\$ 673,135	\$ 623,575	\$ 600,171	\$ 623,863	\$ 676,486
Interest Changes of benefit terms	1,706,413	1,638,860 20.840	1,556,713	1,533,656	1,601,695	1,535,793	1,443,346	1,378,512	1,279,098
Difference between actual and expected experience Changes of assumptions	(227,672)	(292,341)	178,695 (48 567)	(326,079)	(555,192)	(257,496) -	(350,889) 438 387	(268,672)	
Benefit payments including refunds of contributions	(1, 161, 054)	(1, 155, 502)	(1,576,564)	(1,475,853)	(1,016,808)	(1,238,504)	(759,152)	(1,040,029)	(280,537)
Net change in total pension liability Total nension liability - heorinning	1,030,156 22,620,231	965,499 21 654 732	736,333	369,323 20 540 076	692,619 10 856 457	663,368 10 103 080	1,371,858	693,674 17 127 557	1,675,047
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 23,650,387	\$ 22,620,231	\$ 21,654,732	\$ 20,918,399	\$ 20,549,076	\$ 19,856,457	\$ 19,193,089	\$ 17,821,231	\$ 17,127,557
Total Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - employer	\$ 822,776	\$ 786,782	\$ 745,042	\$ 752,407	\$ 861,267	\$ 793,327	\$ 887,944	\$ 834,900	\$ 816,608
Contributions - employee	256,304	236,766	221,497	199,258	179,027	165,681	162,257	163,518	184,927
Net investment income	(3,467,381)	3,976,723	1,522,268	586,457	1,034,593	1,560,376	1,348,632	(65,358)	1,156,984
Benefit payments, including retunds of contributions Administrative expense	(1,161,054) (39,499)	(1,155,502) (35,857)	(1,576,564) (39.040)	(1,475,853) (36,704)	(1,016,808) (59,210)	(1,238,504) (32,941)	(759,152) (28,181)	(1,040,029) (28,388)	(19.746)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(3,588,854)	3,808,912	873,203	25,565	998,869	1,247,939	1,611,500	(135,357)	1,858,236
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	23,265,837 \$ 19,676,983	19,456,925 \$ 23,265,837	18,583,722 \$ 19,456,925	18,558,157 \$ 18,583,722	17,559,288 \$ 18,558,157	16,311,349 \$ 17,559,288	14,699,849 \$ 16,311,349	14,835,206 \$ 14,699,849	12,976,970 \$ 14,835,206
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 3,973,404	\$ (645,606)	\$ 2,197,807	\$ 2,334,677	\$ 1,990,919	\$ 2,297,169	\$ 2,881,740	\$ 3,121,382	\$ 2,292,351
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.20%	102.85%	89.85%	88.84%	90.31%	88.43%	84.99%	82.49%	86.62%
Covered payroll	\$ 5,077,809	\$ 4,729,520	\$ 4,429,931	\$ 3,985,148	\$ 3,588,614	\$ 3,305,528	\$ 3,245,125	\$ 4,089,610	\$ 3,698,541
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	78.25%	-13.65%	49.61%	58.58%	55.48%	69.49%	88.80%	76.32%	61.98%

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	D	ctuarially etermined ntribution (ADC)	 ntributions Relation to ADC	D	ntribution eficiency Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Employee Payroll
2022	\$	317,370	\$ 340,751	\$	(23,381)	\$ 2,014,983	16.91%
2021		284,868	258,452		26,416	1,889,317	13.68%
2020		242,034	242,003		31	1,801,862	13.43%
2019		257,277	269,493		(12, 216)	1,760,537	15.31%
2018		244,035	259,692		(15,657)	1,492,008	17.41%
2017		243,816	228,789		15,027	1,242,529	18.41%
2016		268,378	308,495		(40, 117)	1,247,810	24.72%
2015		285,571	285,571		-	1,287,209	22.19%
2014		286,402	286,402		-	N/A	N/A

Notes to Schedule: Valuation Date:

10/1/2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry age normal cost	
Amortization Method:	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability amortized as follo	ows:
	Experience: 15 Years.	
	Assumption/Method Changes: 15 Years.	
	Benefit Changes: 15 Years.	
Asset Valuation Method:	All assets are valued at market value with an adjustme	ent to uniformly spread actuarial
	investment gains and losses (as measured by actual ma	arket value investment return
	against expected market value investment return) over	
Inflation:	2.70%	•
Salary Increases:	Service Based, 4.0%-7.5%	
Discount Rate:	7.25%	
Investment Rate of Return:	7.25% per year compounded annually, net of investme	ent related expenses.
Mortality:	Healthy Active Lives:	-
	Female: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees	s, set forward one year.
	Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, s	set forward one year.
	Healthy Retiree Lives:	-
	Female: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forwar	d one year.
	Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retin	rees, set forward one year.
	Beneficiary Lives:	
	Female: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Re	etirees.
	Male: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Reti	rees, set back one year.
	Disabled Lives:	-
	80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.	H-2010 for Disabled Retirees.
Retirement Age:	Earlier of: 1) age 55 and 10 years of service, 2) 25 year	irs of service, regardless of age,
-	or 3) attainment of age 60. Also, any Member who has	s reached Normal Retirement is
	assumed to continue employment for one additional years	ear. We feel this assumption is
	reasonable based on the plan provisions.	
Disability Rate Table:		
-	0/ D :	0/ D '

	% Becoming		% Becoming
	Disabled		Disabled
Age	During the Year	Age	During the Year
20	0.03%	45	0.10%
25	0.03%	50	0.18%
30	0.04%	55	0.36%
35	0.05%	60	0.90%
40	0.07%		

Termination Rate Table:

Years of		Years of	
Service	Rate	Service	Rate
0	15.00%	8	7.00%
1	14.00%	9	6.00%
2	13.00%	10	5.00%
3	12.00%	11	4.00%
4	11.00%	12	3.00%
5	10.00%	13	2.00%
6	9.00%	14	1.00%
7	8.00%	15+	0.50%

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FIRE PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	D	ctuarially etermined ontribution (ADC)	ntributions Relation to ADC	D	ntribution eficiency Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Employee Payroll
2022	\$	277,989	\$ 284,276	\$	(6,287)	\$ 1,123,829	25.30%
2021		324,176	313,614		10,562	1,043,881	30.04%
2020		282,652	266,422		16,230	1,063,734	25.05%
2019		218,342	243,424		(25,082)	1,104,869	22.03%
2018		181,559	140,739		40,820	1,021,678	13.78%
2017		185,478	158,571		26,907	920,087	17.23%
2016		189,266	276,090		(86,824)	792,315	34.85%
2015		217,291	217,291		-	826,871	26.28%
2014		233,462	233,462		-	835,712	27.94%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date:

10/1/2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry age normal cost					
Amortization Method:	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability amortized as follows:					
Amortization Method.	Experience: 10 Years.					
	Assumption/Method Changes: 20 Years.					
	Benefit Changes: 30 Years.					
Asset Valuation Method:	•					
Asset valuation Method:	All assets are valued at market value with an adjustment to uniformly spread actuarial investment gains and losses (as measured by actual market value investment return					
Inflation:	against expected market value investment return) over a five-year period. 2.50%					
Salary Increases:	Service based, 5%-7%					
Discount Rate:	7.25%					
Investment Rate of Return:	7.25% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.					
Mortality:	Healthy Active Lives:					
	Female: PubS.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year.					
	Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year.					
	Healthy Retiree Lives:					
	Female: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.					
	Male: PubS.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.					
	Beneficiary Lives:					
	Female: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees.					
	Male: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.					
	Disabled Lives:					
	80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees.					
Retirement Age:	Earlier age 55 and 10 years of service or 25 years of service, regardless of age.					
Disability Rate Table:						
5	% Becoming					
	Disabled					
	Age During the Year					
	20 0.03%					

*10 years of data will be presented as it becomes available.

0.04% 0.07%

0.18%

30

40 50

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS GENERAL EMPLOYEES PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	D	ctuarially etermined ntribution (ADC)	 ntributions Relation to ADC	D	ntribution eficiency Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Employee Payroll
2022	\$	824,146	\$ 822,776	\$	1,370	\$ 5,077,890	16.20%
2021		757,552	786,782		(29, 230)	4,729,520	16.64%
2020		774,891	745,042		29,849	4,429,931	16.82%
2019		852,552	752,407		100,145	3,985,148	18.88%
2018		822,316	861,267		(38,951)	3,588,614	24.00%
2017		778,361	793,327		(14,966)	3,305,528	24.00%
2016		809,145	887,944		(78,799)	3,245,125	27.36%
2015		834,900	834,900		-	4,089,610	20.42%
2014		816,608	816,608		-	3,698,541	22.08%
2013		730,071	730,071		-	3,632,195	20.10%

Notes to Schedule:

10/1/2020

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry age normal cost					
Amortization Method:	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability will be combined into a single					
	15-year amortization base and all future bases will be amortized over 15 years.					
Asset Valuation Method:	Historic geometric 4-year average market value return					
Inflation:	2.70%					
Salary Increases:	Service Based, 4.0%-7.5%					
Discount Rate:	7.50%					
Investment Rate of Return:	7.50%, compounded annually, net of investment related expenses					
Mortality:	Healthy Active Lives:					
	Female: PubG.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year.					
	Male: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set back one year.					
	Healthy Retiree Lives:					
	Female: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees.					
	Male: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.					
	Beneficiary Lives:					
	Female: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees.					
	Male: PubG.H-2010 (Below Median) for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.					
	Disabled Lives:					
	PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees, set forward three years.					
Retirement Age:	Attainment of age 55 and completion of 10 years of service					
Disability Rate Table:						
	% Becoming					
	Disabled					
	Age During the Year					
	20 0.03%					
	30 0.04%					

	40	0.07%		
	50	0.18%		
	60	0.90%		
Termination Rate Table:				
	Years of	Termination	Years of	Termination
	Service	Probability	Service	Probability
	0	15.00%	10	8.00%
	1	14.00%	11	7.00%
	2	13.00%	12	6.00%
	3	12.00%	13	5.00%
	4	11.00%	14	4.00%
	5	10.00%	15	3.00%
	6	7.00%	16+	2.00%
	7-9	4.00%		

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENT RETURNS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

For the Year Ending September 30,	Police Plan	Fire Plan	General Employees Plan
2022	-13.66%	-12.84%	-14.96%
2021	21.34%	19.34%	20.50%
2020	18.09%	9.82%	8.28%
2019	4.01%	4.28%	3.18%
2018	5.49%	8.63%	5.87%
2017	9.47%	12.17%	9.56%
2016	9.07%	4.98%	9.13%
2015	-0.71%	-0.63%	-0.44%
2014	8.83%	11.14%	8.67%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Impact Fees		Debt Service		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ \$	2,467,000 2,467,000	\$ \$	15,917 15,917	\$ \$	2,482,917 2,482,917
LIABILITIES Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Capital expansion Debt service Total fund balances		2,467,000 - 2,467,000		<u>15,917</u> 15,917		2,467,000 15,917 2,482,917
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,467,000	\$	15,917	\$	2,482,917

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXGENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Impact Fees	Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues Permits and fees	\$ 227,890	\$ -	\$ 227,890
Investment income	4,800	ф 114	4,914
Total revenues	232,690	114	232,804
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government			
Total expenditures	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	222 (00	114	222.804
expenditures	232,690	114	232,804
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	2,486,001	-	2,486,001
Transfers out	(251,691)	-	(251,691)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,234,310	-	2,234,310
Net change in fund balances	2,467,000	114	2,467,114
Fund balances, beginning of year	-	15,803	15,803
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,467,000	\$ 15,917	\$ 2,482,917

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Federal/State Agency / Pass-Through Entity / Federal Program / State Project	ALN/ CSFA Number	Contract / Grant Number	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS			
<u>U.S. Department of Justice</u> Indirect Programs: Pass-Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program Total U.S. Department of Treasury	16.738	2021-CESF-BAY-1-C9-128	\$ 13,154 13,154
<u>U.S. Department of Treasury</u> Indirect Programs: Pass-Through Florida Division of Emergency Management COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Total U.S. Department of Treasury	21.027	Y5193	10,016,347 10,016,347
Department of Homeland Security / Federal Emergency Management Administrat Indirect Programs: Pass-Through Florida Division of Emergency Management Disaster Grants - Public Assistance Total Department of Homeland Security / Federal Emergency Management Administrat	97.036	Hurricane Michael	6,004,144
Total Federal Awards			\$ 16,033,645
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			
State of Florida Department of Transportation Direct Programs: Local Transportation Projects	55.039	G1T07	\$ 844,425
Total State Financial Assistance			\$ 844,425

The accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(1) **Basis of Presentation:**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Lynn Haven, Florida (the City), and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City.

(2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u>

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) or Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) **De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate Election:**

The City did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as covered in §200.414, *Indirect* (F&A) costs, of the Uniform Guidance.

(4) <u>Subrecipients:</u>

The City did not pass any monies recognized on the Schedule to subrecipients.

(5) **Deferred FEMA Expenditures:**

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the City incurred substantial costs related to Hurricane Michael. Per the OMB Compliance Supplement, any reimbursements from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) under CFDA 97.036 are not to be recognized as expenditures for purposes of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards until the respective Project Worksheets (PW) have been approved. At September 30, 2022, only some of the City's PWs from these storms had been approved by FEMA. As a result, there are \$2,832,489 of expenditures and the related revenues which have been recorded for financial statement purposes and not on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; these expenditures will be recognized on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards in future years once approved by FEMA.

(6) <u>Contingency:</u>

Project expenditures are subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditures were to be disallowed by the grantor agency as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor agency would become a liability of the City. In the opinion of management, all Project expenditures included on the accompanying schedule are in compliance with the terms of the project agreements and applicable federal and state laws and regulations.

CITY OF LYNN HAVEN, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

A. Summary of Auditors' Results:

Financial Statements:

Type of audit report issued on the financial statements:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	<u>X</u> yes <u>no</u>
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes <u>X</u> none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	<u>yes X</u> no
Federal Awards:	
Internal control over major Federal programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes <u>X</u> none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major Federal programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes <u>X</u> none reported
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	<u>yes X</u> no
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	<u>\$750,000</u>

Identification of major Federal programs:

Assistance Listing Number	Program Name
97.036	Disaster Grants – Public Assistance
21.027	COVID-19 – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund

State Financial Assistance:

Internal control over major State projects:

Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Χ	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X	_none reported

Type of auditors' report iss State projects:	ed on compliance for major Unmodified		
Any audit findings disc reported in accordance	losed that are required to be Chapter 10.550?	yes	X none reported
Dollar threshold used to dis B programs:	tinguish between type A and type		<u>\$300,000</u>
Identification of major State	e projects:		
CSFA Number	Program Name		
55.039	Local Transportation Projects		

B. Financial Statement Findings:

2022-001 Reconciliation of Account Balances and Audit Adjustments

Criteria: Internal controls over financial reporting should include timely year-end reconciliations of all significant account balances, with such reconciliations to also include procedures related to the proper cutoff of significant revenue and expense activities. These reconciliations should be performed on a timely and regular basis to help prevent misappropriation and ensure timely identification of errors or other issues.

Condition: Various journal entries were corrected to aid in the determination of year-end amounts in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, including various restatements of beginning net position due to capital asset adjustments.

Cause: Certain adjustments were required to be made to the accounting records subsequent to the start of the audit process related to year-end accrual entries. We noted this to be largely due to the ongoing nature of hurricane recovery activity and related items, both in terms of extensiveness and complexity.

Effect: Financial statements would be materially misstated if significant adjustments were not made. Errors or improper activity may not be detected on a timely basis if reconciliations are not performed timely.

Recommendation: We recommend management select and apply the appropriate accounting principles to prepare the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

- C. Federal Program Findings and Questioned Costs: None.
- D. Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings: See schedule of prior audit findings on page 82.
- E. Corrective Action Plan: See Management's Response to findings on page 83.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND EACH MAJOR STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Lynn Haven, Florida:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the City of Lynn Haven, Florida's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget *Compliance Supplement*, and the requirements described in the Department of Financial Services *State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs and state projects.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program and state project as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Meore : 60., P.L.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager, City of Lynn Haven, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lynn Haven, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 22, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Management's Response to Findings

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is outlined as listed in the table of contents. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore : 60., P.L.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager, City of Lynn Haven, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of City of Lynn Haven, Florida (the City), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 22, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 22, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Finding 2021-001 remains uncorrected from the second preceding audit. The following is a summary of prior year recommendations:

2021-001 Reconciliation of Account Balances and Audit Adjustments – Comment remains uncorrected from the second preceding audit; see repeat comment 2022-001.

2021-002 Impact Fee Accounting – Resolved.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority for the

primary government and component units of the reporting entity is disclosed in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City, did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we have no such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

The required reporting items in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes for the City of Lynn Haven Community Redevelopment Agency (the CRAs) have been reported in the separately-issued audited financial statements of each CRA.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, City Commission, management, others within the City, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Maore ; 60., P.L.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager, City of Lynn Haven, Florida:

We have examined the City of Lynn Haven, Florida's (the City) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies* (the Statute), for the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with the Statute. Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance by evaluate the City's compliance with the Statute and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our evaluation based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards for a direct examination engagement established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). Those standards require that we obtain reasonable assurance for evaluating the City's compliance with the Statute, and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our evaluation of the City's compliance with the Statute. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks that the City was not in compliance with the Statute in all material respects, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the City of Lynn Haven, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

James Maore : 60., P.L.

JESSE NELSON MAYOR

VICKIE GAINER CITY MANAGER

KEVIN OBOS CITY ATTORNEY



COMMISSIONERS BRANDON ALDRIDGE PAT PERNO JAMIE WARRICK JUDY TINDER

AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Vickie Gainer who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of The City of Lynn Haven which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida;
- 2. The City of Lynn Haven adopted (Resolution Nos. 2018-07-716 and 2016-06-651) implementing impact fees; and
- 3. The City of Lynn Haven has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Vickie Gainer, City Manager/Chief Financial Officer

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF BAY

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this $31^{5^{+}}$ day of $\sqrt{266267}$, 2022.

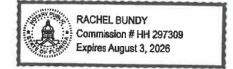
NOTARY PUBLIC

Print Name Rachel Bundy

Personally known 💋 or produced identification

Type of identification produced:

My Commission Expires: Aug 3 2026



825 Ohio Avenue • Lynn Haven, FL 32444 (850) 265-2121 JESSE NELSON MAYOR

VICKIE GAINER CITY MANAGER

KEVIN OBOS CITY ATTORNEY



COMMISSIONERS BRANDON ALDRIDGE PAT PERNO JAMIE WARRICK JUDY VANDERGRIFT

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

2021-001 Reconciliation of Account Balances and Audit Adjustments – Corrective action not taken. See repeat comment 2022-001.

825 Ohio Avenue • Lynn Haven, FL 32444 (850) 265-2121 JESSE NELSON MAYOR

VICKIE GAINER CITY MANAGER

KEVIN OBOS CITY ATTORNEY



COMMISSIONERS BRANDON ALDRIDGE PAT PERNO JAMIE WARRICK JUDY VANDERGRIFT

Management's Responses to Findings

2022-001 Reconciliation of Account Balances and Audit Adjustments

The City agrees that account balance must be reconciled on a timely basis. A new comprehensive Finance Department Policy and Procedures Manual has been written and approved by the City Commission. Additional financial software has been purchased to help with capital assets reporting. The implementation transition has presented some unexpected challenges. The Staff Accountant will be focusing on additional training on the best practices for optimizing the capital assets reporting. The Finance team continues to work through the complex accounting matters as a result of Hurricane Michael. The Finance Director and Staff Accountant will continue to work with the audit team to further develop procedures to assure compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Individual Responsible: Kiki Roman, Deputy Finance Director Estimated Completion Date: September 30, 2023

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