#### AUDIT REPORT CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

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BEACH WARNING FLAGS
 Water Closed to Public
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 Low Hazard
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 Dangerous Marine Life

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# City of Miami Beach, Florida **AUDIT REPORT**

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

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#### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

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Cover picture Miami Beach, Florida <u>http://www.miamibeachfl.gov/</u>

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

## City of Miami Beach, Florida

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Alina T. Hudak City Manager Jason Greene Chief Financial Officer

Report prepared by: Finance Department

#### City of Miami Beach, Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

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### **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

# MIAMBEACH

City of Miami Beach, 1700 Convention Center Drive, Miami Beach, Florida 33139, www.miamibeachfl.gov

April 14, 2023

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Commission and Miami Beach Citizens:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the "City"), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the governmental activities, business-type activities, fiduciary activities, and discretely presented component units of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the financial activities of the City have been included.

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an effective internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that complete and accurate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants and for the City Commission to appoint an audit committee to make the selection of the independent auditor. RSM US LLP was selected by the audit committee and then approved by the City Commission. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion and that the City's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the federal requirements of Single Audit Act of 1996 as amended, the State of Florida Single Audit Act in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Florida Rules of the Auditor General, Section 10.550. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and federal, state, and county programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the Internal Audit Department of the City. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **Profile of the Government**

The City was incorporated as a municipal corporation on March 26, 1915 and was created by the Florida Legislature, Chapter 7672, Laws of Florida (1917). The City is governed by an elected Mayor and six Commissioners. The City operates under a Commission-Manager form of government. The term for the Mayor is two years, with a lifetime term limit of three two-year terms. The term for the Commissioners is four years, with a lifetime term limit of two four-year terms. The Commission is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, approval of property tax levies, authorizing and approving debt secured by the full faith and credit of the City or any of its revenue streams, appointing committees, and hiring the City's manager, clerk, attorney, and inspector general. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Commission, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of various departments with the consent of the City Commission.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered financially responsible. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

The City provides a full range of services. These services include police and fire protection, recreational activities, cultural events, sanitation services, water, sewer and storm water services, public transportation, neighborhood and community services, and the construction and maintenance of streets, infrastructure and city-owned facilities. This report includes activities of the Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority, Miami Beach Employee's Retirement Plan, the City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers, Firemen's and Policemen's Relief and Pension Funds, Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust, the Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority, and the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency").

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Prior to the first public hearing required by state law, the City Commission is presented with a proposed budget. The proposed budget includes anticipated expenditures and the means for funding them. After Commission review and two public hearings, the budget is adopted. The budget is approved by fund and department. Management may transfer amounts between line items within a department as long as the transfer does not result in an increase in the department's budget. Increases to funds or department budgets and transfers between departments require Commission approval. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for all governmental funds except the capital projects fund, which adopts multi-year budgets. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the required supplementary information section of this report for the general fund, the resort tax special revenue fund, and the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency special revenue fund. Funds and grants that have multi-year capital project budgets are not presented in the statements.

#### Local Economy

Located on a seven 7-mile barrier island, the City is surrounded by the Atlantic Ocean to the east and Biscayne Bay to the west. An award-winning travel destination, the City is often parceled out by three (3) main districts: South Beach, Mid-Beach, and North Beach. Each of these districts has a distinct culture and identity, offering a dazzling array of amenities catering to residents and tourists. Overall, the City is internationally recognized as a distinctive tourist and cultural destination, a vibrant business and residential community with world-class art, culture, dining, nightlife, events, and shopping.

The population of Miami Beach is approximately 80,671 with a median household income of \$59,162 and a median age of 41. The City's labor force consists of 45,573 individuals; the primary industries are sales (15.9%), office and administrative services (14.2%), food preparation and serving (13.9%), and executive, managers, & administrators (13.7%). The City's tourism and hospitality industry provide a foundation for revenue generated through room nights and resort taxes. Simultaneously, the newly renovated Miami Beach Convention Center plays host to major conferences and shows worldwide.

In comparison to 2019, the last pre-COVID year, in 2022 the City of Miami Beach experienced a 9.2% dip in hotel occupancy rates, finishing at 69.6%. This decrease, however, was offset by a 37.1% increase in room rates to \$437.97 along with a 24.5% increase in revenue per available room (RevPar) to \$256.32 compared to 2019. The future trends look favorable, with 2022 air travel into Miami International Airport setting new records and accommodating demand by adding additional air service. As has been the case in previous years, the City continues to attract the interest of notable events, conventions, and conferences including, but not limited to, the Miami International Boat Show, Longines Global Champions Polo Tour, South Beach Wine and Food Festival, Art Basel Miami Beach, Design Miami, Air & Sea Show, Miami Beach Gay Pride Festival, Art Deco Weekend, Seatrade Cruise Global Annual Meeting, eMerge America's Technology Conference, Florida Super-Con, Jeweler's International Showcase, and the Miami International Auto Show. A new event in 2022 was the FTX Grand Prix Festival, bringing international visitors and race car aficionados to the Art Deco Cultural District.

Miami Beach continued to be a strong brand with a solid reputation as a leading travel destination, with the Miami Beach Convention Center receiving notable recognition. In 2022, the Miami Beach Convention Center received recognition awards that include the Northstar Meeting Group's Silver Stella Award, Exhibitor Magazine's Centers of Excellence Award, Smart Meetings Magazine's Smart Stars 2022, ConventionSouth Reader's Choice Award Winner, and Facilities & Destination's Prime Site Award Winner.

The City of Miami Beach remains committed to diversifying its tourism/hospitality-based economy, a strategy that is delivering a multi-industry community including, but not limited to, financial services, technology, health and wellness, and art and culture. The Miami Beach business community is evolving and attracting innovative start-ups, investors and industry ecosystem leaders who contribute to cross-industry collaboration and mutual benefit, and the overall health of the labor market. The economic diversity is increasing resiliency and positioning the city to better respond to economic challenges and opportunities by motivating leaders, creators, and talent to invest in the long-term stability of the City.

In an effort to leverage opportunities and address challenges, the City is focused on improving the business climate and growing the business community by promoting Miami Beach as a best in choice destination to start, relocate and/or expand a business, realize a meaningful career, or explore real estate development and investment. A key element to the City's business appeal is rooted in offering key business incentives and programs such as concierge services, the Vacant Storefront Cover Program, Expedited Plan Review and Permitting Program, and Job Creation Incentive Programs. Additionally, the City is investing in streetscape projects, and cultivating special business districts, which demonstrate the City's dedication to growing a diverse economy and leveraging resources. Likewise, in response to the fluctuation of the global, national, and regional economy impacting supply chain, talent acquisition, and housing inventory, the City is also concentrating on helping the small business community adapt by providing grant resources and information and offering free technical training while working to mitigate barriers to business success.

The City is prioritizing economic development in targeted business corridors by implementing strategic initiatives to maximize community potential, assets, character, aesthetics, and engagement. The creation of the North Beach Community Redevelopment Agency serves as a meaningful catalyst for investment, development and elevated quality of life improvements in North Beach. Strategic initiatives, such as programs and services within the Art Deco Cultural District (ADCD) continue to be transformative for the South Beach community, together with the re-imagined Miami Beach Convention Center campus, including leveraging eight acres of public park space and the forthcoming Convention Center hotel. The promising renaissance of the Mid-Beach community through the establishment and advancement of a business improvement district and public improvements, will have long-term impacts on the resident experience and the city's world-class tourist and visitor destination status.

Miami Beach is home to some of the country's most sought after commercial and residential real estate. Major private investment and financial services firms are relocating or expanding to Miami Beach and bringing new energy, talent, and ancillary businesses and groups, specifically in the South Beach area and Civic Center neighborhood. Lincoln Road continues to rank as one of Florida's most expensive retail leasing locations and is diversifying with new, well-established office and restaurant tenants, with a major public renovation project planned. Moreover, the City's hospitality community remain amongst national leaders for average daily rate and occupancy by offering memorable experiences in first-class restaurants, iconic historic architecture, and unforgettable entertainment, public art, and lifestyles. Opportunity is the new foundation of Miami Beach and it is being revealed in the arrival of investors, entrepreneurs, thought-leaders and talent, who are individually and collectively driving our business-friendly environment and preparing the city for the next generation.

#### **New Convention Center Hotel**

In November 2018, voters approved the leasing of City land for a new 800 room Convention Center Hotel. An adjacent connected hotel is essential to completing the state-of-the-art Miami Beach Convention Center campus, which will enable the City of Miami Beach to be more competitive in attracting world-class events and meetings.

In June 2022, the developer of the future Grand Hyatt Convention Center Hotel commenced work under an Early Access agreement to prepare the site for the future footprint of the hotel. Per a status report from April 2023, the developer anticipates vertical construction to begin in fall 2023 with a 30-month construction duration.

#### **General Obligation Improvement Program**

In November 2018, voters approved all three ballot items of the proposed \$439 million General Obligation Bond, which addresses critical infrastructure needs for the city's parks, recreation facilities and cultural facilities (\$169 million); neighborhood and infrastructure (\$198 million); and police, fire and public safety (\$72 million). In April 2023 the program will enter its fourth year from the issuance of the bonds in 2019.

The bond program is comprised of 57 projects, including enhancements to community centers; funding for the revitalization of major public roads; completion of the 6-mile pedestrian beachwalk promenade connecting the entirety of the island along the east side; the planting of 5,000 shade trees to enhance the City's tree canopy; replacing 119 miles of deteriorating roads; replacing 2.5 million square feet of aged sidewalks; boosting street lighting; adding more license plate readers and security cameras and upgrading the public safety radio system to enhance safety; replacing two aging fire stations that have nearly reached the end of their useful life; refurbishing many of the City's parks; neighborhood resiliency improvements and beautification to compliment the planned storm water and water/sewer projects; and building and improving major City facilities.

Of the total 57 projects in the first tranche of funding in the amount of \$151 million, 11 are fully completed and 32 others are in some form of "Active" status (Planning, Design, or Construction). Approximately \$41 million worth of projects are expected to move to the construction phase in calendar year 2023.

To date, \$3.7 million in project funds have been saved, benefitting other projects with funding gaps. The City has also received nearly \$56.0 million in grant funding for projects with matching funds in the G.O. Bond Program. More than \$15.0 million of the grant funding has been awarded directly to G.O. Bond projects to subsidize their budgets.

#### Climate Resilience

Miami Beach is at the forefront of climate resilience planning and action, tackling challenges head-on with an integrated approach that improves quality of life today for the community. The City has been recognized by ratings agencies and Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) having a robust program to reduce risk. One of the City's top resilience stresses is flooding and sea level rise, and the City has made a commitment to invest in aging infrastructure, incrementally adapt to sea level rise, and use the best available science and engineering.

The City has undertaken comprehensive planning that includes integrating climate resilience into the 2040 Comprehensive Plan, the Water and Sewer Master Plan, the Blue Green Infrastructure Plan, Road Elevation Strategy and Neighborhood Project Prioritization Plan, Buoyant City: Historic District Resiliency Adaptation Guidelines, and the Urban Forestry Master Plan. In addition, the City participates in longer term Army Corps of Engineers studies to reduce risks from storm surge and sea level rise. From a land use perspective, the City has updated the land development regulations to incorporate climate adaptation and resilience, such increasing sea wall height, increasing base flood elevation, establishing freeboard above FEMA base flood elevation, requiring sea level rise and resilience review criteria for Land Use Boards, introducing additional commercial height standards, and increasing set-backs and open space for single family homes. A thorough update of the City's Code was adopted in 2023.

Construction projects are holistic and include elevating roads, increasing the level of service to provide flooding protection from a ten-year storm, upgrading the gravity-based stormwater infrastructure with tidal control valves, pump stations and water quality treatment systems and new pipes. The projects integrate aesthetic, pedestrian and biking elements and the City has adopted a ten-year financial plan to fund public seawall upgrades. Nature-based infrastructure, including the coral reef tract, the beach and our mature sand dune system protect the island from wave energy and storm surge events. A \$40 million Army Corps of Engineers beach renourishment project is underway to address erosional hot spots, and a \$1 million grant has been awarded for dune system enhancements. The City is also implementing living shorelines with seawalls where feasible to help enhance water quality and ecosystem benefits.

Regionally, the City works with the Southeast Florida Climate Change Compact and Resilient305, an intergovernmental resilience strategy that was co-produced by the City of Miami Beach, the City of Miami and

Miami-Dade County and was launched officially July 2019 by the Greater Miami and the Beaches. Greater Miami and the Beaches was organized first in 2016 when Miami Beach was selected by the Rockefeller Foundation's100 Resilient Cities program (100RC), a global initiative to make urban cities more resilient to the physical, social, and economic challenges they face in the ever-changing 21<sup>st</sup> century. Urban resilience is the capacity of individuals, communities, institutions, businesses, and systems within a city to survive, adapt, and grown, no matter what kinds of chronic stresses and acute shocks they experience. As part of this unique effort, 100RC brought expert consultants, community partnerships and other resources together to assist the three involved municipalities as they crafted Resilient305. The City adopted a Strategic Plan in July 2019 that combines traditional strategic planning with resilience priorities. The City's annual operating budget and capital budgets establish priorities and funding for strategic priorities and service delivery.

#### Budgeting

Although the development of our budget this year has been challenging, especially due to the impacts of COVID-19, through rigorous review and strategic leadership, the Adopted Work Plan and Budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was balanced and enables the City to continue delivering outstanding, enhanced services to our residents, businesses and visitors, and continuing structural enhancements to ensure the long-term sustainability of the City.

**Adopted tax rates:** The millage rate is the tax per dollar of assessed value of property. The rate is expressed in "mills", where one mill is one-tenth of a cent (\$0.001). The City Commission adopted a total combined millage rate for the City of 6.0515 mills. The total adopted operating millage is 5.7626 mills, which is comprised of a General millage rate of 5.6636 mills that funds operating costs in the General Fund, a Capital Renewal and Replacement (CRR) millage rate of 0.0235 mills that provides a dedicated source of funding for renewal and replacement projects that extend the useful life of General Fund capital assets, and a Capital Pay-As-You-Go (PayGo) millage rate of 0.0755 mills that provides a dedicated source for outstanding General Obligation Bonds, including the first tranche of the General Obligation Bonds issued by the City in 2019, following the voter referendum approval of the City's General Obligation Bond program on November 6, 2018, decreased from 0.3227 to 0.2889 mills, which is a decrease of 0.0338 mills.

**Property Values and Ad Valorem Taxes:** On July 1, 2021, the City received the "2021 Certification of Taxable Value" from the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser's Office indicating that the taxable value for the City of Miami Beach was \$41.9 billion, including \$215.6 million in new construction. The certified 2021 value received July 1, 2021 represents an increase of \$123.7 million, or 0.3 percent, more than the City's "2020 Certification of Taxable Value" of \$41.7 billion received on July 1, 2020.

**Determining the Voted Debt Service Millage Levy**: The general obligation debt service payment for Fiscal Year 2022 was approximately \$11.5 million. Based on the City's "2021 Certification of Taxable Value" that was received from the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser's Office on July 1, 2021, these bonds required the levy of a voted debt service millage of 0.2889 mills, which represents a decrease of 0.0338 mills from the prior year levy adopted in Fiscal Year 2021 of 0.3227 mills.

#### Debt Administration

The general obligation debt rating of the City remained at Aa2 with Moody's and AA+ with Standard and Poor's. Under current state statutes, general obligation bonded debt issued by the City is subject to a legal limitation based on 15% of total assessed value of real and personal property. At September 30, 2022, the total net debt applicable to the limit as of percentage of debt limit is 2.53%.

The City continues to responsibly manage its debt financing. On October 14, 2021, the City issued \$32,480,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A. The bonds will be repaid solely from the pledged revenues of the Water and Sewer System. The proceeds of the Series 2021A Bonds were used, together with other legally available moneys, to (i) refund and prepay the City's (a) \$10,000,000 outstanding principal amount of the City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1B and (b) \$30,000,000 outstanding principal amount of City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1C and together with the Series 2009J-1B Bonds, and (ii) pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2021A Bonds and the refunding and prepayment of the Refunded Bonds.

On November 8, 2022, the electorate of the City of Miami Beach approved the issuance of up to \$159,000,000 of general obligation bonds to improve facilities for resiliency of arts and cultural institutions throughout the City, including museums, performance venues, artistic playgrounds, senior/cultural centers, botanical garden, aquatic sculpture park, and related artist/workforce housing.

Outstanding general and special obligation debt was reduced by \$16.1 million. The City drew \$3.4 million from the equipment line of credit to finance the purchase of fleet vehicles to facilitate the vehicle replacement program. In the coming year the City will continue to evaluate the source of funding for the replacement program. Net reduction in other outstanding debt including revenue bonds, was \$9.4 million for the fiscal year. For more details on debt, see Note 10. For details on the debt coverage ratio compliance, see statistical section beginning on pg. 152 of this report.

#### COVID-19 Recovery

Last year at this time, we faced the challenge of flat property values and revenue uncertainty due to the adverse impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the City's economy and operations. Since then, the City's local economy has experienced a robust recovery in property values and the City realized its highest ever Resort Tax collections. The City's current financial position has improved significantly, even as millage rates remain at a historically low level. Further, the City has the highest reserve levels in history in its General and Resort Tax funds. In addition, the City has simultaneously identified additional funding to address funding gaps in capital projects, which have resulted from high cost inflation. Due to the successful management of its reserves and the strong budget balancing plans employed by the City since the COVID-19 pandemic began, the City has been able to maintain its AA+ credit rating despite the significant fiscal challenges that were encountered.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This was the thirty-fifth (35) consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2021. In order, to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of the annual comprehensive financial report was made possible by the dedicated work and tireless efforts of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Mayor and City Commission, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

T. Judak

Alina T. Hudak City Manager

Jason D. Greene Chief Financial Officer

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

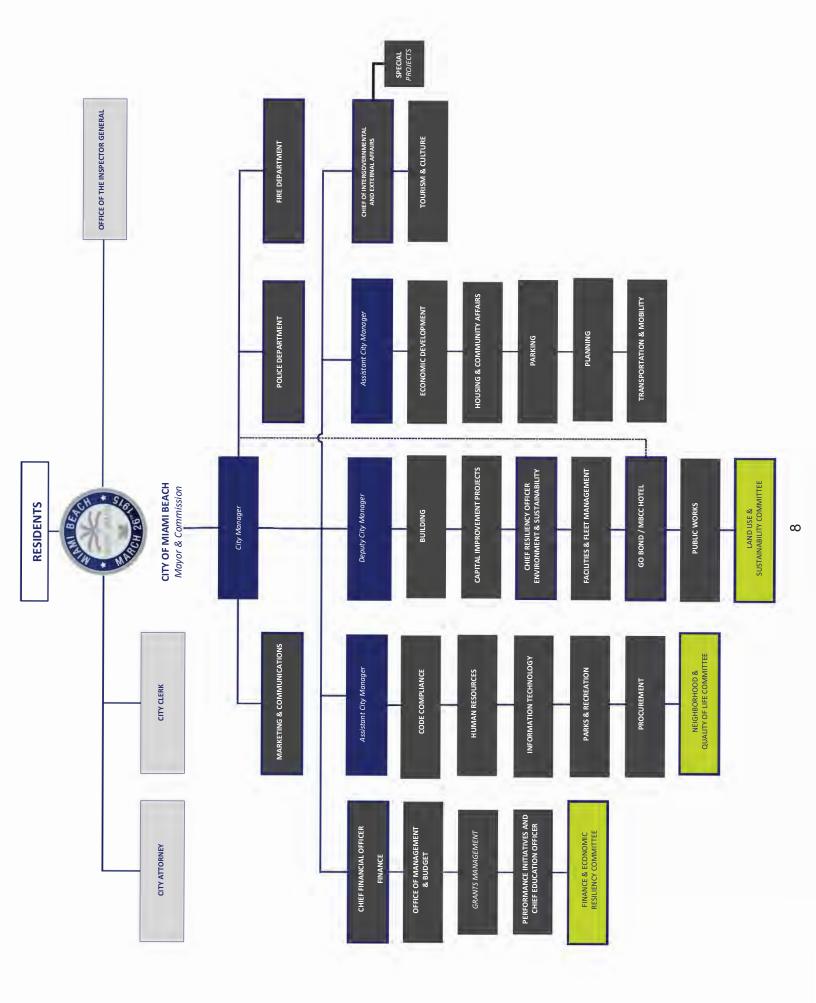
#### City of Miami Beach Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA List of Elected Officials and Administration

#### September 30, 2022

#### **City Commission**

Dan Gelber, Mayor

Ricky Arriola, Commissioner Laura Dominguez, Commissioner Alex J. Fernandez, Commissioner Steven Meiner, Commissioner David Richardson, Commissioner Kristen Rosen Gonzalez, Commissioner

#### **Administration**

Alina T. Hudak, City Manager Eric Carpenter, Deputy City Manager

Jason Greene, Chief Financial Officer

John M. Taxis, Assistant City Manager Rickelle Williams, Assistant City Manager

# MIAMIBEACH

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### **FINANCIAL SECTION**



#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

**RSM US LLP** 

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commissioners City of Miami Beach, Florida

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Miami Beach Florida Employees Retirement Plan, the City of Miami Beach Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers, City of Miami Beach Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund and the City of Miami Beach Firefighters Relief and Pension Fund, which collectively represent 78%, 43%, and 83%, respectively, of the assets, net position/fund balance, and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information opinion unit as of September 30, 2022. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Miami Beach Florida Employees Retirement Plan, the City of Miami Beach Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers, City of Miami Beach Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund and the City of Miami Beach Firefighters Relief and Pension Fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matters**

As discussed in Note 18 to the financial statements, the City adopted the recognition and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as of October 1, 2021. As a result, beginning lease receivable, right-of-use asset, lease liability, and deferred inflows of resources balances were restated. The City restated the beginning net position, assets and liabilities of the Parking major enterprise fund and the business-type activities and recorded other lease related items in the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

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#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the pension plans and other post-employment benefits fund schedules and the budgetary comparison information for the General Fund, Resort Tax Fund and Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and other schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplemental information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the accompanying combining individual fund financial statements and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 14, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

Miami, Florida April 14, 2023

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Miami Beach's (the "City") financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1-6 of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at September 30, 2022 by \$1.28 billion (net position). Of this amount, \$1.5 billion was in net investments in capital assets. Additionally, \$226 million was restricted by laws, agreements, or debt covenants. The City has a negative unrestricted net position of \$465.9 million.
- During fiscal year 2022, the City's net position increased by \$182.1 million. Of this amount, there was an increase in governmental activities of \$100.3 million in governmental activities and an increase of \$81.8 million in business-type activities. For governmental activities, revenues for charges for services increased \$23.7 million or 27.9%, operating grants and contributions decreased by \$5.4 million or 8.3% over prior year, and capital grants and contributions decreased \$1.0 million or 13%. Additionally, transfers out decreased \$6.4 million from \$35.1 to \$28.7 million or 18.1% over the prior year. For business-type activities, charges for services increased by \$44.4 million or 22.2%, while operating grants and contributions increased by \$14.6 million or 160% from \$9.1 million to \$23.7 million. Also, investment returns increased by \$2.3 million or 109.5%.
- Overall, the City's assets and deferred outflows had an increase of \$78.7 million. Major changes were attributed to an increase of \$100.6 million in total assets offset by a net decrease of \$21.9 in deferred outflows. This decrease is comprised of a 30% decrease of \$15.0 million for Miami Beach Employee Pension Plan, \$13.9 million in the City's OPEB actuarial estimates, netted with an increase of 6.5 million for the Police and Fire Retirement Plan and a \$600 thousand increase for unamortized refund costs.
- The City's overall liabilities and deferred inflows decreased from \$2.5 billion to \$2.4 billion. Major changes are attributed to decreases in total liabilities of \$378.4 which included significant reductions in long term liabilities like Pension and OPEB liabilities whereas, deferred inflows increased by 280.5 million mainly attributed to an increase of \$39.7 million for lease deferrals and \$240.8 million related to Employees, Police and Fire retirement Plans and to OPEB.
- At September 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds had fund balances totaling \$594.2 million an increase of \$22.6 million or 4% compared to prior year.
- At September 30, 2022, the General Fund had a fund balance of \$85.3 million. This is a decrease of \$20.3 million or 19.3% compared to prior year.
- For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 87, *Leases*. This implementation resulted in the restatement of net position balances of approximately \$5.5 million, in Business-Type Activities.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which have the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to that of a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during each fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both the statement of net position and the statement of activities of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic development, human services, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include storm water, water, sewer, parking, convention center, sanitation, and Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's parking and leasing operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself, but also a legally separate Visitor and Convention Authority and a legally separate Health Facilities Authority. Financial information for these component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements focus is on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of a fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains eighteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, resort tax special revenue fund, Miami Beach

Redevelopment Agency special revenue fund, and capital projects fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other fourteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds are provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, its resort tax special revenue fund, and its Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's special revenue fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for all of the above funds to demonstrate compliance with the fund's budget. The City also adopts a multi-year capital budget which is not included in this report but can be found at the City's website.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City maintains eight different types of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its storm water utilities, water and sewer utilities, parking, convention center complex, sanitation, building and Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's parking and leasing. The City maintains 7 internal service funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accound the and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet management, property management, central services, risk management self-insurance, health self-insurance and communications operations and the Office of the Inspector General. Since these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements separate information for the storm water utilities, water and sewer, parking, and convention center complex, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the other four proprietary funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements within the supplemental information section of this report.

Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements within the supplemental information section of this report.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support City programs. The fiduciary funds include the four Pension Trust Funds, one OPEB Trust Fund and one custodial fund.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also represents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension benefits to its employees and the budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and major special revenue funds.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major

enterprise funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplemental information (RSI).

**CITY OF MIAMI BEACH** 

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

The table below summarizes the statement of net position:

#### Net Position (deficit) (in thousands) Governmental activities **Business-type activities** Total 2021 2022 2021 2022 2021 2022 809,524 \$ 543,283 \$ 596,052 \$ 1,325,437 \$ 1,405,576 Current and other assets \$ 782.154 \$ 738,776 762,806 1,281,548 1,278,020 2,020,324 2,040,826 Capital assets Total assets 1,520,930 1,572,330 1,824,831 1,874,072 3,345,761 3,446,402 Deferred outflows 188,865 171,485 27,127 22,573 215.992 194,058 171,485 188,865 27,127 22,573 215,992 194,058 Long-term liabilities 579,888 1,958,326 outstanding 1,660,466 1,378,438 626.363 2,286,829 Other liabilities 90,365 58,160 44,624 26,930 134,989 85,090 **Total liabilities** 1,750,831 1,436,598 670,987 606,818 2,421,818 2,043,416 Deferred inflows 33,148 281,072 35,665 36,285 316,737 3,137 33,148 281,072 3,137 35,665 36,285 316,737 Net position (deficit): 616,295 644,990 903,480 903,320 1,519,775 1,548,310 Net investment in capital assets Restricted 176,869 145.281 73.663 80,753 250,532 226,034 270,089 Unrestricted (867,348) (764, 126)200,691 (666,657) (494,037)GASB 87 Restatement (5, 521)(5,521) (74,184) \$ 26,145 \$ 1,280,307 Total net position (deficit) 1,172,313\$ 1,254,162 \$ 1,098,129 \$

Net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of the government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at September 30, 2022 by \$1.28 billion which represents a change of \$182.2 million or 16.6% compared to prior year.

The largest portion of the City's net position, net investments in capital assets is \$1.5 billion in net position which include land, building, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These capital assets are used by the City to provide services to citizens and consequently the assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$226 million or 17.7% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. This includes but is not limited to grant proceeds, Redevelopment Agency tax increments, Resort Tax proceeds, impact fees, Interlocal agreements, and debt service requirements. The remaining balance of net position is negative and represents unrestricted net position. Unrestricted net position is a negative \$465.9 million, consists of deficit \$734.5 million from governmental activities and a positive net position of \$268.7 million from business-type activities. The large deficit in governmental activities is being driven by the long-term obligations for pensions and OPEB which will be funded over time; however, this deficit improved by \$132.8 million compared to fiscal year 2021.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City as a whole is able to report a positive net position. The City's

net position increased by \$182.2 million, or 16.6%, during the current fiscal year. Governmental activities accounted for an increase of \$100.3 million and business type activities accounted for an increase of \$81.9 million.

#### City of Miami Beach Changes in Net Position- Governmental Activities For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands)

			% of Total
	 2021	2022	Rev/Exp/ Other
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 84,719 \$	,	19.2 %
Operating grants and contributions	65,698	60,261	10.7
Capital grants and contributions	7,740	6,737	1.2
General revenues			
Taxes:			
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	195,031	201,012	35.6
Property taxes, levied for debt services	12,743	11,568	2.0
Resort tax	82,207	117,307	20.7
Taxincrements	78,781	64,602	11.4
Utility	13,077	14,399	2.5
Local business tax	3,707	4,978	0.9
Communication Service Tax	3,501	3,693	0.7
Miscellaneous	2,403	6,326	1.1
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	407	0.1
Unrestricted investment earnings	 7,456	(34,314)	(6.1)
Total revenues	 557,063	565,346	100.0 %
Expenses			
General government	62,200	47,548	10.9
Public safety	268,822	222,042	50.9
Physical enviroment	13,089	16,309	3.7
Transportation	22,110	25,470	5.8
Economic enviroment	11,822	17,865	4.1
Human services	4,442	4,014	0.9
Culture and recreation	78,882	72,382	16.6
Interest on long-term debt	 38,361	30,644	7.0
Total expenses	499,728	436,274	100.0 %
Changes in net position before transfers	57,335	129,072	
Transfers	(35,105)	(28,744)	
Change in net position (deficit)	 22,230	100,328	
Net position (deficit) - beginning	 (96,414)	(74,184)	
Net position (deficit) - ending	\$ (74,184)	\$ 26,144	

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased by \$100.3 million. Key elements of the fluctuation are as follows:

Governmental activities revenues consisted of program revenues which amounted to \$175.4 million and general revenues which amounted to \$390 million, for a total of \$565.4 million. Property tax revenue for general purposes which represents 35.6% of total revenues was \$201 million. This is an increase of \$6 million or 3.1% over prior year.

Property taxes are levied by the City based on the Miami-Dade County property appraisers determined property values in the City. The Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser determined that certified taxable property values in the City increased from \$41.7 billion in 2020 to \$41.9 billion in 2021, an increase of \$200 million. The City's operating millage rate for 2022 was 6.0515 millage same as prior year.

Resort tax which represents 20.7% of total revenues was \$117.3 million which is an increase of \$35.1 million or 42.7% from the prior year. Resort tax represents 20.7% of total revenues; it is a 4% tax on the rent Resort tax is a 4% tax on the rent of a room or rooms in any hotel, motel, rooming house or apartment house and 2% on the total sales price of all food and beverage (included beer and wine sold at retail in any restaurant). Fluctuations in resort tax revenues are based on the fluctuations in the sales of the above items and vary from one year to another based on the economy. For fiscal year 2022, the hotel occupancy rate decreased by 9.2%, however this was mitigated by increase room rates resulting in higher taxes.

Charges for services which represent 19.2% of total revenues were \$108.4 million The City's charges for services increased by \$23.7 million or 27.9% over the prior year. These charges at the government wide statement level are primarily derived from Parks and Recreation (including Golf Courses) user fees, ambulance fees, off duty services, franchise fees, rents and leases, licenses, permits, fines, forfeitures and administrative fees from enterprise funds and some forms of intergovernmental revenues. The increase represents a return to normal operations.

Tax increment revenue which represents 11.4% of total revenues, was \$64.6 million, a decrease of \$14.2 million or 18.0% compared to fiscal year 2021. Tax increments revenue is computed by applying the operating tax rate for the City and Miami-Dade County, Florida, (the "County") multiplied by the increased value of property in the district over the base property value minus 5% Both the City and the County are required to fund this amount annually without regard to tax collections or other obligations. Fluctuations in tax increment revenue are based on real estate property values City wide. Tax increment revenues are received from the County.

Grants and contributions revenues totaled \$67 million for the year. Grants and contributions revenue decreased by \$6.4 million or 8.8% from the prior year. These revenues are derived from federal and state grantors for various City initiatives, such as community development or state housing initiatives, impact fees, special assessments, other tax sources, and capital project grants. The decrease is primarily attributed to Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES) funding received the prior year which was non-recurring.

Unrestricted investment earnings decreased sharply by \$41.8 million or 560.2% from prior year, this change is directly attributed to a sharp decline in market value of investments at the end of fiscal year 2022, resulting in an unrealized loss of over \$36 million. See note 3 for more information.

Governmental activities expense consisted of functional expenses for the City's general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, culture and recreation and interest on long-term debt. These functional expenses amounted to \$436.3 million. Significant portions of these expenses were in the public safety, culture and recreation and general government functions.

Public safety function expense was \$222 million and represents 50.9% of total expenses. The City's public safety function includes the personnel and operations for police, fire, ocean rescue, building operations, emergency 911 services and other. In addition, grant funded expenses for police, fire and other public safety activities are reported under this category. Total public safety expenses decreased by \$46.8 million or 17.4% from the prior year. The decrease in public safety expenditures is primarily related to pension and OPEB expenditures

General government function expense was \$47.5 million and represents 10.9% of total expense. The City's general government function includes the City attorney's office, public works department, planning department, capital investment and upkeep office, budget and finance office, office of procurement, city manager's office, city clerk's office, human resources office and other special projects.

Culture and recreation function expense was \$72.4 million and represents 16.6% of total expenses. The City's culture and recreation function includes expenses for grant funded culture and recreation activities, the City's parks and recreation department, Office of Tourism and Cultural Development, golf course operations, and a variety of arts, cultural and entertainment programs. Expenses in this function had a net decrease of \$6.5 million or 8.2% from the prior year. The decrease relates to reduced contract maintenance costs for security, environmental, and OPEB expenses.

The table below summarized the changes in net position for the City's business type activities.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH
Changes in Net Position- Business- Type Activities
for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 and 2021
(in thousands)

		2021		2022		Total	_
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	199,526	\$	243,888		89.7	%
Operating grants and contributions		9,121		23,686		8.7	
General revenues:							
Unrestricted investment earnings		2,031		4,254		1.6	
Total revenues		210,678		271,828		100	%
Expenses:							
Storm w ater	\$	25,430	\$	25,496		11.6	%
Water		29,118		29,402		13.4	
Sew er		45,510		45,887		20.9	
Parking		33,963		34,037		15.5	
Convention Center		36,414		42,268		19.3	
Sanitation		20,450		20,228		9.2	
Building (see note. 15)		17,489		15,449		7.1	
Redevelopment Agency's Parking		10,875		5,693		2.6	
Redevelopment Agency's Leasing		6,427		621		0.3	_
Total expenses		225,676		219,081		100.0	_%
Increase (Decrease) in net position before transfers and gain on sale of							
capital assets		(14,998)		52,747			
Gain on sale of assets		555		358			
Transfers		35,105		28,744	-		
Change in net position		20,662		81,849			
Net position - beginning	1	1,157,172		1,172,313			
Restatement GASB 87 *		(5,521)					
Net position - ending	\$ 1	,172,313	\$ ^	1,254,162			

\* Cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB 87, Leases is recorded to the ending balances of 2021.

#### **Business-type activities**

Business-type activities, including restatement for GASB 87, *Leases*, increased the City's net position be \$81.8 million. Key element of the net increase are as follows:

- The Storm Water Utility fund had an increase in net position of \$7.2 million. Operating revenues increased by \$939.5 thousand from the prior year. Operating Expenses increased \$141.8 thousand or 1% as compared to last year. Total non-operating expenses decreased by \$757.3 due to mainly to an increase in interest income coupled with a reduction in interest and fiscal charges. This fund did not receive intergovernmental funds in 2022 as it did in 2021. The monthly storm water rate includes fees to cover debt service on \$256 million of outstanding storm water revenue bonds. On October 18, 2017, the City passed an ordinance to adjust the Stormwater rate by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for All Urban Consumers, Miami-Fort Lauderdale area. In Fiscal year 2022, the rate increased to \$25.60 per Equivalent Resident Unit (ERU) an increase of \$0.70 from the prior year.
- The Water and Sewer fund had an increase in net position of \$23.6 million, an increase of \$9.2 million or 63% compared to prior year. Operating revenues increased by \$8.9 million or 10.0% and operating expenses increased by \$1.6 million or 2% from the prior year. Total non-operating expenses were \$3.6 million which consisted primarily of and \$1.5 million in interest income, a strong increase of 95% over prior year; offset by \$5.3 million in interest and fiscal charges. The monthly water and sewer rates include fees to cover debt service on \$141.1 million of outstanding water and sewer revenue bonds. The consumption rates on residential units vary from \$0.307 to \$0.481 based on the units of consumption. (A unit = 1,000 gallons). Base facility charges for a residential unit vary from \$8.59 for a <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch meter size to \$12.96 for a 4-inch meter. For commercial and multifamily, the base facility charge ranges from \$8.50 for a <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch meter size form \$0.360 per unit to \$0.603 per unit. Sewer rates are also based on water consumption with a flat base facility charge. The sewer consumption rate is \$1.070 per 1,000 gallons of water usage and a base facility charge of \$9.28 for a <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch meter to \$1,642.75 for a 12-inch meter.
- The Parking System fund had an increase of \$17.7 million in net position. Operating revenues increased by \$8.8 million or 24% and operating expenses also decreased by \$313 thousand or 1% from the prior year. The reduction in operation expenses were primarily due to a decrease in personnel services. Total non-operating revenues were \$1.8 million and consisted of \$3.6 million in Intergovernmental revenues, \$1.3 million in interest income, \$115 thousand in gain on disposal of assets offset by a decrease of \$3.2 million in interest and fiscal charges. Increased charges were attributed to return of normal operations.
- The Convention Center fund had a net increase of \$14.6 million. Since the Convention Center was
  reopened for events during fiscal year 2020, operating revenues increased by \$16.1 million or
  173% over 2021. However, operating expenses increased by \$5.6 million or 15.4% over prior year.
  Total non-operating revenues were \$20.2 million mostly from Convention Development Tax (CDT).
  (CDT) funding comes from Miami-Dade County.
- Other Enterprise funds, which include the Sanitation, Building, Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's (RDA) Parking and Leasing funds, had a combined increase in net position of \$18.7 million and increase of \$8 million or 73% including net transfers of \$16.9 million. Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's (RDA) Parking and Leasing funds had increases to net position by \$6.5 million and \$5.9, respectively. The Building fund had an increase in net position of \$4 million directly attributed to increased permitting and rental fees. The Sanitation fund improved its deficit by \$2.3 million. Overall, in the combined funds, operating revenues increased by \$9.6 million or 29.2 % and operating expenses decreased by \$13.8 million or \$25% as compared to last year.

#### **Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds**

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements. The table below summarizes the changes in the fund balances of the City's governmental funds.

#### Governmental Funds

(in thousands)

Fund balances	 General	Resort Tax	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency	 Capital Projects	Other Govern- mental Funds	Total Govern- mental fund
Sept. 30, 2021	\$ 105,580 \$	46,260	\$ 65,431	\$ 194,694	\$ 159,643	\$ 571,608
Revenues Expenditures	317,034 335,854	117,996 29,861	49,081 25,073	16,611 25,634	54,933 92,388	555,655 508,810
Other financing sources (uses)	(1,510)	(80,016)	(54,313)	53,526	58,095	- (24,218)
Fund balances Sept. 30, 2022	\$ 85,250 \$	54,379	\$35,126	\$ 239,197	\$180,283	\$594,235

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's funding requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The City's general fund is required to adopt an annual budget prepared on a basis consistent with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Surpluses from any prior fiscal years cannot be appropriated in future fiscal years.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the General fund was \$85.3 million a decrease of \$20.3 million or 19.3% compared to prior year. This consisted of 65.1 million in reserves for emergencies and unrealized loss of \$33.2 million and \$4.0 million in encumbrances carried forward.

The General fund's net decrease in fund balance for the fiscal year was \$20.3 million. Overall revenues had a net increase of 22.9 million 6.7% over the prior year. Ad-valorem tax, which is 63.1% of the General fund revenue collected (excluding transfers), increased by \$4.7 million or 2.4%. Local business fees were \$5.0 million which represents an increase of 1.3%. Permit fees was \$17.8 million a 99% increase from the prior year. Charges for services revenue increased from \$19.4 million to \$23.4 million. Charges for services included revenues from various sources including off-duty charges and fees charged by the golf courses. Franchise fees were \$9.6 million in fiscal year 2022 as compared to \$8.2 million in the prior year. Also, in 2022, Administrative Revenue was \$21.8 or 10% over fiscal year 2021. Other Revenues to include utility, communication and fuel taxes, fines and forfeitures and other combined, increased \$4.7 million or 171.4%, the increase is attributed to contribution receipts, concession revenue and miscellaneous support services provided by City Police. Alternately, interest revenues decreased sharply by \$37.1 million or a decrease of 698.4%. Interest income it was offset by unrealized loss of \$36 million on investments compared to prior years. Intergovernmental revenues decreased \$13.7 million from \$52 million to \$39.1 million as compared to fiscal year 2021 as the City received one-time non-recurring funding through the CARE's Act and the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) in 2021.

Expenditures in the general fund decreased by \$2.8 million less than 1%. General government expenses increased approximately \$417 thousand or .8% as the City providing more services as compared to prior year. The City increased its Culture and Recreation expenditures by \$5 million or 13.7% due to increased

social and cultural activities. It also invested in capital outlay valued at \$1.2 million which represents an increase of approximately \$1 million over fiscal year 2021. Interest and fiscal charges decreased by \$6.3 million, due to an unrealized loss of \$7.1 million recognized in the prior year. All other expenditures were relatively flat compared to prior year.

The Resort Tax fund accounts for the collection of special tax levied city-wide on food, beverage and room rents used to support tourist related activities. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the resort tax fund was \$54.4 million an increase of \$8.2 million or 17.6% from the prior fiscal year. Resort tax collected during the year was \$117.3 million, an increase of 42.7% from the prior year mainly attributed to the City's return to normal operations. Interest income was \$515.3 thousand, an increase of 127.8% over fiscal year 2021. On the other hand, total expenditures increased by \$10.3 million or 52.5% compared to prior fiscal year. This increase was primarily due to \$9.2 million additional Culture and Recreation services for the year and \$1.1 million for public safety. Net other financing uses was \$80.0 million, an increase of \$40.8 million or 104.1% over the past year due to increased transfers out directly related to increased resort tax allocation to other funds.

The Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) Special Revenue Fund accounts for the operations of the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency, a tax increment district of the City. The Agency was established in 1976 under the provisions of Chapter 163 of the Florida Statutes to spur development and redevelopment in the South Shore and City Center/Historic Convention Village Redevelopment and Revitalization Area of the City. The fund had lower revenues of \$49.1 million as opposed to \$57.2 the prior year. Although tax increments collected during the year were \$53.9 million, a \$2.5 million decline from last year, the fund did not receive intergovernmental funding in fiscal year 2022. Interest income also decreased precipitously by \$5.3 million primarily attributed to recognition of \$5.4 million of unrealized loss during fiscal year 2022. Net other financing uses increased by \$23.4 million or 75.8%. Total expenditures increased by \$4.3 million or 20.6%. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency fund was \$35.1 million a decrease of \$30.3 million or 46.3% from the prior fiscal year.

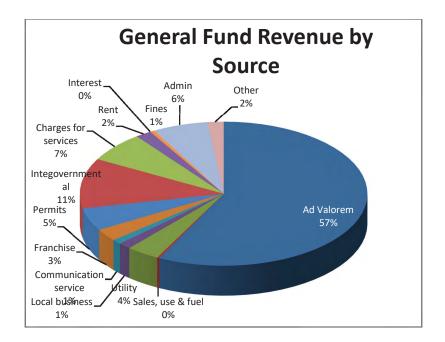
The City's Capital Projects fund accounts for the funding of the City's capital program. The primary resources are obtained from the issuance of City debt, tax increments and intergovernmental revenues. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the City's Capital Projects fund was \$239.2 million an increase of \$44.5 million or 22.9% from the prior fiscal year. Intergovernmental revenues were \$12.7 million an increase of 8.7 million or 218% over prior year. This increase is due to reimbursements from the State for infrastructure projects. Expenditures decreased \$20.5 million or 44.4% compared to prior year, this decrease was mainly due to reduced capital outlay expenditures. In 2022 several projects were fully completed including the construction of a sanitary sewer force main from the WASD force main on Commerce Street to the City pump station on 11th Street, areawide street improvements, the completion of the West Ave Bridge, completion of Penrod's at 1 Ocean Dr. Parking Lot. Net other financing sources (uses) was \$53.5 million, a change of \$82.2 million over fiscal year 2021. The change is primarily driven by transfers in totaling \$53.5 million during the year compared to net transfers out of 33 million in prior year.

The other governmental funds consist of the City's debt service funds and other special revenue funds, which accounts primarily for grants and current debt service. As such, it makes large transfers to service current debt. Ad Valorem tax collected for debt service was \$11.5 million, a decrease of \$1.2 million or 9.7%, while special revenues balances decreased by \$3.8 million or 6.5% mainly due to a decrease of tax increment by 52.2% or \$11.7 million. Overall expenditures in these funds increased by \$3.8 million or 4.3%. Net other financing sources, which totaled \$58.1 million, decreased by \$29.0 million or 33.3% compared to \$87.1 million last fiscal year. The increase is primarily in the transfers in due to the creation of the Resiliency fund created for the purpose of addressing flooding and sea level rise issues for City residents. The fund balance increased to \$180.3 compared to \$159.6 in fiscal year 2021.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The following information is presented to assist the reader in comparing the original budget (adopted budget), and the final amended budget (amended budget), and reflects how actual results compare to these budgeted amounts. The amended budget can be modified after the end of the fiscal year. Detailed budget information can be found in the RSI section of this document.

During the year, there was a \$5.1 million negative variance between final budget revenues and actual revenues due primarily to a \$35.8 million unfavorable variance in interest income. The negative balances in interest income are attributed to the recording of \$35.8 million in unrealized loss on investment balances at September 30, 2022. Overall, the City maintained a \$20.4 million positive variances between the final budget expenditures and transfers out and actual expenditures. The positive variance is attributed to a number of factors including strategic cost cutting measures throughout fiscal year 2022.



#### General Fund Revenues Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (in thousands)

Revenues	Original Buc	Adopted Iget	 Final Amended Budget Actual			% of Actual Revenue over Total Revenue		
Taxes:								
Property	\$	199,884	\$ 199,884	\$	200,055	56.2	%	
Sales, use and fue	l taxes	1,037	1,037		1,061	0.3		
Utility		12,401	12,651		13,001	3.7		
Local business		4,588	4,838		4,978	1.4		
Communication se	rvice	3,414	3,664		3,693	1.0		
Total tax reve	221,324	222,074		222,788	62.6			
Revenues other than Franchise fees	taxes:	8.171	9.171		9.630	2.7		
Permits		10.288	15.872		17.809	5.0		
Intergovernmental		11,025	12.993		39.146	11.0		
Charges for servic	95	18,063	21,996		23,360	6.6		
Rents and leases	63	5.441	6.388		6.357	1.8		
Interest income		2.662	4.024		(31,812)	(8.9)		
Fines and forfeits		916	1,166		1.641	0.4		
Administrative fees		22,668	22,756		21,816	6.1		
Other	•	743	5.743		6.299	1.8		
Transfers in		25,408	38,990		38,932	10.9		
Total revenues other	than taxes	105,385	 139,099		133,178	37.4	-	
rotal revenues other		100,000	 100,000		100,170	57.4	-	
Total revenues	\$	326,709	\$ 361,173	\$	355,966	100.0	%	

#### General Fund Expenditures Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (in thousands)

		Original Adopted Budget		Final Amended Budget	 Actual	% of Actual Expenditure over Total Expenditure	_
General government	\$	59,612	\$	63,034	\$ 51,973	13.8	%
Public Safety		226,320		229,749	224,356	59.6	
Physical Environment		4,337		4,927	4,819	1.3	
Transportation		5,448		5,298	4,898	1.3	
Economic Environment		2,981		3,125	2,551	0.7	
Human Services		3,053		3,655	2,650	0.7	
Culture and Recreation		46,169		46,617	41,822	11.1	
Capital Outlay		648		2,869	1,219	0.3	
Debt Service Retirement Interests		133	133		-	-	
Debt Service Lease Payment		-		716	716	0.2	
Debt Service Fiscal Charges		184		932	853	0.2	
Transfers Out		5,221	_	40,818	 40,818	10.8	_
Total expenditures	\$	354,106	\$	401,873	\$ 376,675	100.00	%

#### **Capital Assets**

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at September 30, 2022 amounts to \$2 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). During the year the City implemented GASB 87, *Leases*, which requires the recording of leased assets balances categorized as "right to use assets' on the fund and government wide statements. At year end the City recorded right-to-use assets balances of \$18.1 million and \$70 thousand for the governmental and business type activities, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, water & sewer distribution, storm drainage systems,

lighting systems, sidewalks, curbs, signage, equipment, street improvements, air rights and parks, which are detailed as follows (net of accumulated depreciation):

	Capital Assets (in thousands)												
		Governme	ental			Business-T	уре		Total				
	_	2021*		2022*	_	2021	_	2022*	_	2021		2022*	
Land	\$	59,104	\$	60,132	\$	25,848	\$	25,848	\$	84,952	\$	85,980	
Intangible assets (to include rights to use assets) Construction		23,495		22,283		4,444		4,388		27,939		26,671	
work-in-progress Building, Structures		249,201		254,117		265,884		268,957		515,085		523,074	
& Parking Lots Permanent Improvements Furniture, Fixtures		304,436		74,059 217,118		735,362		730,205		1,039,798		804,264 217,118	
& Equipment Infrastructure		28,816 93,037		28,646 106,450		34,446 215,690		37,675 210,946		63,262 308,727		66,321 317,396	
Total	\$	758,089	\$	762,805	\$	1,281,674	\$	1,278,019	\$	2,039,763	\$	2,040,824	

\*The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87 Leases in fiscal year 2022

The City has developed various capital improvement programs to improve the quality of life of its residents. Major projects include citywide water, wastewater and storm water improvements, streetscape enhancements and improvements to parks, beaches, and fire stations. Major capital asset events completed during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$15.9M 54IN Diameter Redundant Sewer Force The City needs to construct a sanitary sewer force main from the WASD force main on Commerce Street to the City pump station on 11th Street in order to provide redundancy for a 54-inch force main with several compromised sections.
- \$8.9M West Ave/ Bay Rd. Neighborhood Area-wide street improvement may include: street resurfacing; swale restoration; repair of sidewalks; street lighting upgrades to correct deficiencies and provide pedestrian lighting; enhanced landscaping within the street right of way; and entryway features. Scope includes West Avenue and Bay Road from 5th Street to Collins Canal, east/west side streets west of Alton Road from 6th Street to Lincoln Road, and Lincoln Court.
- \$7.1M West Ave Bridge The West Avenue Bridge will connect the southern portion of West Avenue at 17th Street to the northern portion of West Avenue at Dade Blvd. The bridge may alleviate traffic on Alton Rd and 17th Street by re-routing traffic onto West Avenue. The bridge will also provide enhanced transit service by providing a direct route on West Avenue and reducing travel times for the South Beach Local. The project will require the acquisition of land from the Miami Beach Housing Authority.
- \$3.7M GO#19 Soundscape 4K Technology Upgrade Wallcast equipment and technology to have custom-made video screens and 4K HDR visual capabilities.
- \$2.9M Completed Penrod's at 1 Ocean Dr. Parking Lot The lot renovation will add parking spaces, green areas, and upgrades to the lighting system, therefore improving the park availability while making the City more beautiful and safer; this project also increases the inventory of well design quality Capital Projects and well maintained infrastructure. This project brings the surface lot into compliance with ADA code requirements. The improved landscape

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

areas and new trees will comply with Planning and Zoning regulations. The additional green areas filtering capacity improve the storm water system by treating the storm water before moving into the City system.

- \$2M North Beach Beachwalk This section of the beachwalk runs from 79 Street to 87 Street and completes the 7-mile beachwalk in the City, providing connectivity from South Point Park to the northern City limits. This beachside amenity is part of the greater Atlantic Greenway Network (AGN), which aims to support the use of alternative modes of transportation along the Eastern Seaboard. This project includes a 25-foot wide, on-grade, Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)accessible paver pathway that supports bicycles, pedestrians and other nonmotorized modes of transportation.
- \$759 Thousand GO#26 Miami City Ballet Roof Replace the roof at Miami City Ballet with a new sustainable roof.
- \$650 Thousand Completed North Shore Bandshell Canopy The North Shore Bandshell is a City staple that is used to hold both public and private events such as movies in the park, concerts, and performances throughout the year. Being an open-air facility, events held at the site are subject to inclement weather which adversely affects the success of these events.

The City continues in its commitment to provide excellent services and create progressive and scenic environments for its constituents. Demonstrating this commitment are continuing construction projects noted as follows:

Eco-friendly Lighting Improvements at Marjory	
• Stoneman Douglas Park GO Bond Project (GO#9)	Street Lighting Improvements
Allison Park Redesign	Valve Replacement Program
• North Beach Oceanside Park Restroom Renovations	Wastewater Manhole Rehabilitation
South Pointe Park, Cutwalk Remediation Study	Wastewater Stations Rehabilitation
South Pointe Park Lighting	Water & Wastewater Mains and Rehab
Bioswale Pilot Project	Water Meter Replacement Program
Citywide Bridges	Water Pump Stations Improvements
DERM & EPA Consent Decree	West Avenue Phase II
GO#48 Police Station Renovations	Citywide Seawall Rehab
Anchor Garage Fire Alarm Replacement	Brittany Bay Park
Anchor Garage Fire Sprinkler Replacement	North Beach Oceanside Park
<ul> <li>Window Replacement at Fire Station No. 2</li> </ul>	23rd ST Streetscape Improvements
42nd Street Garage Generator Replacement	Venetian Islands Roadway Improvement
<ul> <li>17th Street Garage Generator Replacement</li> </ul>	Pride Park Equipment Enclosures
<ul> <li>Bass Museum Window Replacement</li> </ul>	Flamingo Park Softball Field (GOB)
Historic City Hall Elevator Modernization	Flamingo Park Historic Lodge
City Hall Commission Chamber Renovation	Stillwater Drive Entrance Improvements
Unidad Elevator Modernization	1st Street Alton RD to Washington
City Hall Card Access System Replacement	Indian Creek Landscape & Irrigation
<ul> <li>Smart Lighting Master Plan</li> </ul>	• Sidewalk Improvements (GO #37)
Street Pavement (GO #38)	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in <u>Note 6</u> to the financial statements.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

**Outstanding Debt** 

# Long-term Debt

	G	eneral Oblig	ation	, Special Obl	•	on, Revenue Bo thousands)	onds	and Loans			
	G	overnmental	activiti	es	E	Business- type a	ctivitie	s		Total	
	_	2021*		2022		2021		2022		2021	2022
General obligation	\$	162,990	\$	158,600	\$		\$		\$	162,990 \$	158,600
Special obligation		461,235		449,550						461,235	449,550
Revenue bonds						460,310		445,935		460,310	445,935
Loans		21,620		20,651						21,620	20,651
Other debt		7,110		4,060		32,446		30,147		39,556	34,207
Lease Laibility		19,313		18,403		126		71	_	19,439	18,474
Total	\$	672,268	\$	651,264	\$	492,882	\$	476,153	\$_	1,165,150 \$	1,127,417

\*The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87 Leases in fiscal year 2022. Beginning balances were restated.

At September 30, 2022 Governmental activities had a net debt decrease of \$21 million or 3.1% while business-type activities debt decreased by \$17.4 million or 3.5%. The City's debt administration is discussed in the transmittal letter and details can be found in notes 10 and 19 to the financial statements

During fiscal 2022, the City implemented GASB 87 *Leases*. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. This statement categorized leases as either short- term or long- term obligations and required the recording of specific classifications of assets or liabilities and disclosures for lessees and lessors accordingly. For more information please refer to notes 1, 6, 9 and 15.

# **Bond Ratings**

The City continues to meet its financial needs through prudent use of its revenues and effective debt financing programs. The City's financial strength and thorough financial management practices are reflected in its general obligation bond ratings, which are among the highest levels attained by Florida Cities. Following are the credit ratings assigned by the two primary credit rating agencies in the financial market:

- Aa2 Moody's Investor Services
- AA+ Standard & Poor's Corporation

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Miami Beach's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

City of Miami Beach Finance Department, 1700 Convention Center Drive Miami Beach, Florida 33139

# MIAMIBEACH

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#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

		Brimony Covernment		
	Governmental	Primary Government Business-type		Component
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Cash and investments	\$ 635,808,882	\$ 295,292,532	\$ 931,101,414	\$ 5,987,561
Cash with fiscal agent	250,000	-	250,000	-
Accounts receivable, net	14,802,979	32,891,878	47,694,857	-
Leases receivable	32,108,823	7,960,448	40,069,271	-
Due from other governments	10,190,913	-	10,190,913	966,981
Internal balances	(2,133)	2,133	-	-
Prepaid expenses	3,495,964	724,028	4,219,992	-
Inventories	1,390,173	2,801,316	4,191,489	-
Restricted cash and investments	111,478,600	256,380,094	367,858,694	-
Right to use assets, net Capital assets not being depreciated:	18,100,966	70,112	18,171,078	-
Land Intangible assets	4,181,941	25,848,303 4,318,059	85,980,462 8,500,000	-
Construction in progress	254,117,219	268,957,388	523,074,607	-
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:	;,,			
, Buildings and Structures/Parking Lots	74,058,855	730,204,726	804,263,581	-
Permanent improvements	217,118,304	-	217,118,304	-
FF&E, Meters & Hydrants	28,646,073	37,674,805	66,320,878	71,930
Infrastructure- Mains & Lines	106,450,398	210,946,278	317,396,676	
Total assets	1,572,330,116	1,874,072,100	3,446,402,216	7,026,472
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Employees Retirement Plan	26,347,102	8,586,008	34,933,110	124,295
Police & Fire Retirement Plan	67,697,284	-	67,697,284	-
OPEB	76,717,500	6,946,706	83,664,206	159,378
Unamortized refunding costs	722,702	7,040,403	7,763,105	
Total deferred outflows of resources	171,484,588	22,573,117	194,057,705	283,673
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	20,784,124	11,935,266	32,719,390	1,059
Retainage payable	2,623,266	1,739,931	4,363,197	-
Accrued expenses	15,555,420	1,896,870	17,452,290	339,919
Accrued interest payable	5,853,778	2,315,907	8,169,685	-
Unearned revenue	7,461,349	1,456,382	8,917,731	-
Deposits	5,877,069	7,582,840	13,459,909	-
Due to other governments	4,541	2,762	7,303	-
Noncurrent liabilities:	49 692 440	47 400 070	66 406 380	
Due within one year	48,682,410	17,423,970	66,106,380	-
Due in more than one year Other long-term liabilities	722,466,668	507,741,006	1,230,207,674	24,091
Net Pension Liability - MBERP	75,308,987	24,541,740	99,850,727	355,278
Net Pension Liability - MBF&P	198,662,132	-	198,662,132	-
Net OPEB Liability	333,318,257	30,181,691	363,499,948	692,458
Total liabilities	1,436,598,001	606,818,365	2,043,416,366	1,412,805
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Lease deferrals	31,782,400	7,912,735	39,695,135	
Employees Retirement Plan	63,210,884	20,599,205	83,810,089	298,204
Police & Fire Retirement Plan	107,082,797	-	107,082,797	-
OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	78,996,139 281,072,220	7,153,035	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	201,012,220	00,004,010	010,707,100	402,010
NET POSITION	011 000 700	000 000 400	4 540 000 000	74.000
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	644,989,729	903,320,160	1,548,309,889	71,930
Debt Service	2,239,141	80,405,496	82,644,637	
Economic development	37,805,445	00,403,490	37,805,445	-
Capital Improvement	30,163,296		30,163,296	
Convention center	-	109,866	109,866	-
Transportation	51,374,138	-	51,374,138	-
Public safety	637,214		637,214	-
Human services	14,684	_	14,684	-
Quality of life improvement	22,665,971	-	22,665,971	-
Water and sewer system	,,	237,546	237,546	-
Culture & recreation	381,131		381,131	-
Unrestricted	(764,126,266)	270,088,809	(494,037,457)	5,363,094
Total net position	\$ 26,144,483	\$ 1,254,161,877	\$ 1,280,306,360	\$ 5,435,024

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

				Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position (Deficit)	Revenue and osition (Deficit)	
				Operating	Capital		Primary Government		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:	ŧ		101 000 00				÷		÷
General government Dublic cofety	÷	47,548,091	83,230,735	11,716,611 28 715 348		\$ 53,399,255	·	\$ 53,399,255	·
r ubiic saiety Physical environment		16 309 446	12,210,334			(16 309 446)		(101,101,000) (16,300,446)	
Transportation		25.469.483		5.277.392	6.736.982	(13.455.109)		(13.455.109)	
Economic environment		17,865,354		4,954,968	-	(12,910,386)		(12,910,386)	
Human services		4,014,426		2,590,984		(1,423,442)		(1,423,442)	
Culture and recreation		72,382,092	12,920,579	1,005,743		(58,455,770)		(58,455,770)	
Interest on long-term debt		30,643,909	•			(30,643,909)		(30,643,909)	
Total governmental activities		436,274,528	108,370,308	60,261,046	6,736,982	(260,906,192)		(260,906,192)	
Business-type activities:									
Storm Water		25,495,558	33,073,208				7,577,650	7,577,650	
Water		29,402,499	38,068,395				8,665,896	8,665,896	
Sewer		45,887,232	58,688,087			1	12,800,855	12,800,855	
Parking		34,036,964	46,300,693	3,636,789		1	15,900,518	15,900,518	
Convention Center		42,208,059	25,3/4,930	20,048,780			3,155,051	3,100,001	
Building		15 449 339	10,232,400 19 173 RDD				3 724 461	(11,990,201) 3 724 461	
Redevelopment Agency's		000	00000				011110	01111	
Parking		5,692,877	4,453,040				(1,239,837)	(1,239,837)	
Redevelopment Agency's		010 000							
Leasing		620,612	523,311				(97,301)	(97,301)	
I otal business-type activities Total primary dovernment	¢.	219,080,801	243,881,924	23,085,509	4 736 QR7	- (260 906 192)	48,492,692 48,492,692	48,492,692 (212 413 500)	.   .
	÷	000,000,000	φ 002,200,202		\$ 00'00Z	(200,000,132)	10,101,004	(000,01+,21-2)	
Visitor and Convention	÷	2,046,289	، ج	، ج	' ډ				(2,046,289)
Health Facilities		175			,				(175)
Total component units	φ	2,046,464	•	' \$	۰ ه				(2,046,464)
		5	General revenues:						
				fan sessen lansas		010 100			
			Property taxes, levied for deht service	tor general purposes for deht service		201,012,140 11 567 655		ZU 1, U 1Z, 140 11 567 655	
			Resort tayes			117 307 417		117 307 417	3 770 863
			Tax increment			64.602.124		64.602.124	-
			Utility taxes			14,398,727		14,398,727	
			Local business tax			4,977,878		4,977,878	
			Communication service tax	e tax		3,693,299		3,693,299	
			Miscellaneous			6,326,223		6,326,223	
				oital assets		407,511	358,019	765,530	- 1
		F	Unrestricted investment e	eamings		(34,313,392)	4,253,808	(30,059,584)	3,501
		-	Total deneral reven	Total general revenues extraordinary expense and transfers	nse and transfers	361 235 037	33 356 378	394 591 415	3 774 364
			Change in net position	sition		100,328,845	81,849,070	182,177,915	1,727,900
		~	Net position - beginning			(74,184,362)	1,177,834,022	1,103,649,660	3,707,124
		Ľ	Restatement for GASB 87				(5,521,215)	(5,521,215)	
		~	Net position (deficit) - beginning- restated	nning- restated		(74,184,362)	1,172,312,807	1,098,128,445	3,707,124
		~	Net position - ending	•		\$ 26,144,483	\$ 1,254,161,877	\$ 1,280,306,360	\$ 5,435,024

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

	 General	 Resort Tax	liami Beach development Agency	C	apital Projects	(	Other Governmental Funds	(	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Leases receivable Accrued interest Due from other funds Due from other governments Prepaids Total assets	\$ 99,322,720 3,820,452 32,108,823 1,897,248 3,609,333 - 1,102 140,759,678	\$ 50,182,262 6,638,936 - - - - 56,821,198	\$ 36,002,448 - - 178,980 - - - 36,181,428	\$	253,557,243 74,303 - 211,563 9,491,859 - 263,334,968	\$	188,603,511 283,480 - - 899,785 699,054 1,465 190,487,295	\$	627,668,184 10,817,171 32,108,823 2,287,791 4,509,118 10,90,913 2,567 687,584,567
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued expenditures Environmental Remediation Unearned revenues Deposits Due to other governments Due to other governments Due to other funds Total liabilities <b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> Leases Unavailable other revenues Total deferred inflows of resources <b>FUND BALANCES</b>	\$ 6,736,764 2,535 4,764,470 85,000 6,674,565 4,962,898 62 501,769 23,728,063 31,782,400 - 31,782,400	\$ 1,349,011 - 194,179 - - - - 898,951 2,442,141 - - -	\$ 485,256 - 77,535 - - - 492,993 1,055,784 - - -	\$	2,717,324 1,743,185 7,794,128 1,655,000 - - 1,035,760 14,945,397 - 9,191,969 9,191,969	\$	4,288,791 853,077 1,238,342 - 786,784 914,171 4,479 1,581,778 9,667,422 - 535,958 535,958	\$	15,577,146 2,598,797 14,068,654 1,740,000 7,461,349 5,877,069 4,541 4,511,251 51,838,807 31,782,400 9,727,927 41,510,327
TOND BALANCES									
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	 327,525 69,110,385 9,952,400 5,858,905	 54,379,057 - - -	 35,125,644 - - -		- 180,929,839 63,092,500 - (4,824,737)		1,465 121,559,581 60,338,010 - (1,615,141)		328,990 391,994,121 192,540,895 9,952,400 (580,973)
Total fund balances	 85,249,215	 54,379,057	 35,125,644		239,197,602		180,283,915		594,235,433
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 140,759,678	\$ 56,821,198	\$ 36,181,428	\$	263,334,968	\$	190,487,295	\$	687,584,567

### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	594,235,433
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets and right-to-use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:			
Land Intangible assets Construction in progress Building and structures Permanent improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Leased assets (Right-to-use) Accumulated depreciation and amortization Total capital assets and right to use leased assets Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:	\$ 59,523,639 4,181,941 253,449,501 135,263,339 398,142,891 34,744,892 273,234,625 18,033,195 (436,861,351)	<u>)</u>	739,712,672
Bonds payable Loans payable Net premium on bonds Compensated absences Lease liabilities Environmental remediation Accrued interest payable OPEB liability Net pension liability - MBERP Net pension liability - MBF&P Total long term liabilities	(608,150,000) (10,340,604) (50,323,140) (25,866,919) (17,317,676) (2,320,000) (5,853,778) (323,890,860) (66,717,653) (198,662,132)	) ) ) ) )	(1,309,442,762)
Unavailable revenues that meet the criteria for recognition in the Statement of Activities (including property taxes of \$1,690,845).			11,418,773
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions and deferred refunding costs are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported. Deferred refunding costs Deferred outflows of resources relating to ERP pension Deferred outflows of resources relating to P&F pension Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB	722,702 23,341,395 67,697,284 74,547,664		
Deferred inflows of resources relating to ERP pension Deferred inflows of resources relating to P&F pension Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB	(55,999,716) (107,082,797) (76,761,855)	)	(73,535,323)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, property management, central services, self insurance, and communications to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the			60.755.000
statement of net position.			63,755,690
Net position of governmental activities		\$	26,144,483

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

				Decert		Miami Beach edevelopment	<u> </u>	witel Designate	G	Other overnmental	G	Total overnmental
REVENUES		General		Resort Tax		Agency	Ca	pital Projects		Funds		Funds
Taxes:												
Property	\$	200,055,310	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	11,523,733	\$	211,579,043
Sales, use and fuel	Ψ	1,060,864	Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	5,194,124	Ψ	6,254,988
Special taxing districts		1,000,004		-		-		-		644,388		644,388
Utility		13,000,911		-		-		-		1,397,815		14,398,726
Resort		13,000,911		- 117,307,417		-		-		1,397,013		117,307,417
		-		117,307,417		-		-		-		
Local business		4,977,878		-		-		-		-		4,977,878
Tax increment				-		53,915,935		-		10,686,189		64,602,124
Communication service		3,693,299		-		-		-		-		3,693,299
Other		-		-		-		-		2,197,574		2,197,574
Franchise fees		9,629,701		-		-		-		-		9,629,701
Permits		17,809,453		-		-		-		954,026		18,763,479
Intergovernmental		39,145,461		-		-		12,742,317		8,427,780		60,315,558
Charges for services		23,359,648		-		-		-		8,458,450		31,818,098
Rents and leases		6,356,820		-		-		-		1,587,708		7,944,528
Interest		(31,811,663)		515,318		(4,834,612)		524,505		374,444		(35,232,008)
Fines and forfeitures		1,640,129		-		(.,)				351,396		1,991,525
Administrative fees		21,816,492				_		_		-		21,816,492
Special assessment		21,010,432		4,329				7,822				12,151
Impact fees		-		4,525		-		1,022		2,376,089		2,376,089
Other		-		400 745		-		-				
Other		6,299,494		168,715		-		3,336,415		759,427		10,564,051
Total revenues		317,033,797		117,995,779		49,081,323		16,611,059		54,933,143		555,655,101
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government		51,972,853		1,109,685		780,962		258,045		854,708		54,976,253
Public safety		224,355,550		7,888,018		4,863,647		241,014		14,092,394		251,440,623
Physical environment		4,819,205		-		5,866,136		1,286,469		4,117,892		16,089,702
Transportation		4,897,943		-		11,395		2,198,638		9,094,030		16,202,006
Economic environment		2,550,880		-		12,132,378		-		2,890,195		17,573,453
Human services		2,649,565		-		-		-		1,546,188		4,195,753
Culture and recreation		41,821,771		20.861.848		1.208.909		(2.393.444)		2.919.026		64,418,110
Capital Outlay		1,218,646		20,001,040		208,967		24,043,082		9,160,506		34,631,201
Debt service:		1,210,040				200,907		24,043,002		9,100,500		34,031,201
										47.004.400		47.004.400
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-		17,924,409		17,924,409
Lease Payment		715,520		-		-		-		-		715,520
Interest and fiscal charges		852,624		1,239						29,788,848		30,642,711
Total expenditures		335,854,557		29,860,790		25,072,394		25,633,804		92,388,196		508,809,741
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over												
(under) expenditures		(18,820,760)		88,134,989		24,008,929		(9,022,745)		(37,455,053)		46,845,360
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (1977)												
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Leases liabilities issued		374,486		-		-		-		-		374,486
Sale of capital assets		1,030		-		-		-		-		1,030
Transfers in		38,932,352		-		-		53,538,000		58,349,966		150,820,318
Transfers out		(40,818,000)		(80,015,702)		(54,313,369)		(11,971)		(254,527)		(175,413,569)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,510,132)		(80,015,702)		(54,313,369)		53,526,029		58,095,439		(24,217,735)
Net change in fund balances		(20,330,892)		8,119,287		(30,304,440)		44,503,284		20,640,386		22,627,625
Fund balances - beginning of year	\$	105,580,107	\$	46,259,770	\$	65,430,084	\$	194,694,318	\$	159,643,529	\$	571,607,808
Fund balances - end of year	\$	85,249,215	\$	54,379,057	\$	35,125,644	\$	239,197,602	\$	180,283,915	\$	594,235,433

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

nounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities re different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation or amortization expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital outlay \$	34,256,715	
Capital outlay for right-to-use leased assets	374,486	
Contributions proprietary funds, net	(2,863,137)	
Deletions Depreciation expense	(63,136) (24,074,540)	
Amortization expense	(961,281)	
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense		6,669,10
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, loans, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the current year, these amounts consist of:		
Loans:		
Loans principal payment Leases:	1,849,409	
Addition to Leases	(374,486)	
Leases principal payment	715,520	
Bonds: Bonds principal retirement	16.075.000	
Amortization of unamortized refunding costs	16,075,000 10,948	
Amortization of net bond premium(s) Total long term-debt retirement and related transactions	3,655,597	21,931,98
Expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
These activities consist of:		
Environmental remediation	560,279	
Change in compensated absences	624,655	
Change in accrued interest expense Total additional expense	119,380	1,304,31
In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made.		.,
In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contribution was:		
Pension Changes: Change in Deferred Outflow in MBERP & MBF&P	(3,282,752)	
Change in Deferred Inflow in MBERP & MBF&P	(136,929,617)	
Change in Liability in MBERP & MBF&P	183,171,563	
OPEB Changes: Change in Deferred Outflow	(12,414,953)	
Change in Deferred Inflow	(70,843,703)	
Change in Liability	80,879,730	40,580,26
		40,000,200
Unearned revenue that meet the revenue recognition criteria in the Statement of Activities, but not the fund statements, i.e. property taxes.		(1,858,651
Internal funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet		
management, property management, central services, self insurance,		
		9,074,194
and communications to individual funds.		3,074,13

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2022

			September 30, 202	2			
	Storm Water Utility Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Parking System Fund	Convention Center Complex Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
ASSETS	Otinty I und			Complex I and	T unus	101813	Gervice Fullus
Current assets:			A 70 004 004		<b>a a a a a a a a a a</b>		
Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent Restricted cash and investments:	\$    53,699,680 -	\$ 80,958,465 -	\$ 73,661,881 -	\$ 25,540,840 -	\$ 61,431,666 -	\$ 295,292,532	\$ 119,619,298 250,000
Revenue bonds covenant Accounts receivable (net of	7,063,930	23,389,067	14,714,953	-	-	45,167,950	-
allowance for uncollectibles)	3,309,656	12,572,422	670,492 6,719,759	15,615,850	700,261 1,240,689	32,868,681 7,960,448	7,173
Accrued interest receivable	14,781	2,713	5,703	-	- 500,935	23,197 500,935	-
Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	-	-	- 405,182	- 190,894	127,952	724,028	3,493,396
Inventories Total current assets	64,088,047	2,801,316 119,723,983	96,177,970	41,347,584	64,001,503	2,801,316 385,339,087	1,390,173 124,760,040
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted cash and investments: Customer deposits and advance sales	-	7,672,988	502,163	4,102,481	1,432,635	13,710,267	-
Impact fees Interlocal agreement	-	237,546	-	- 109,866	-	237,546 109,866	-
Revenue bonds covenant	91,667,233	101,224,359	4,262,873	-	-	197,154,465	-
Right-to-use assets, net	-	-	-	-	70,112	70,112	1,029,052
Capital assets: Land	12,874	1,492,598	18,844,498	2,089,371	3,408,962	25,848,303	608,520
Intangible assets	-	-	4,318,059	-	-	4,318,059	-
Buildings and structures Parking lots	23,719,291	10,151,858 -	170,341,835 10,545,474	588,519,162 -	58,967,457	851,699,603 10,545,474	2,748,960
Mains and lines	99,368,633	198,894,324	-	-	-	298,262,957	-
Meters and hydrants Machinery and equipment	- 4,501,415	15,905,287 55,339,234	17,386,639 9,373,639	- 6,358,523	- 7,001,216	33,291,926 82,574,027	- 68,309,480
Construction in progress	181,144,954	81,636,923	4,684,455	0,556,525	1,491,056	268,957,388	667,718
Less accumulated depreciation	(30,614,194)	(108,554,178)	(78,029,679)	(61,251,405)	(19,098,722)	(297,548,178)	(50,270,487
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	278,132,973	254,866,046	157,464,920	535,715,651	51,769,969	1,277,949,559	22,064,191
Total noncurrent assets	369,800,206	364,000,939	162,229,956	539,927,998	53,272,716	1,489,231,815	23,093,243
Total assets	433,888,253	483,724,922	258,407,926	581,275,582	117,274,219	1,874,570,902	147,853,283
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0.40 755		0.440.404	55 000	4 000 540	0 500 000	0 005 707
Pensions - MBERP Deffered refunding cost	649,755 5,216,211	1,412,511 1,406,457	2,148,194 417,735	55,029	4,320,519	8,586,008 7,040,403	3,005,707
OPEB	572,428	1,251,851	1,481,893	21,399	3,619,135	6,946,706	2,169,836
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,438,394	4,070,819	4,047,822	76,428	7,939,654	22,573,117	5,175,543
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	1,161,520	6,438,572	1,747,234	1,008,934	1,579,006	11,935,266	5,206,979
Retainage payable	922,058	195,804	506,625	33,329	82,115	1,739,931	24,469
Accrued expenses Due to other funds	1,141,210	1,154,200	643,433	680,049	593,885 498,802	4,212,777 498,802	1,486,766
Due to other governments	-	-	744	-	2,018	2,762	-
Bonds payable Loans payable	5,505,000	4,855,000	1,110,000 1,425,461	-	-	11,470,000 1,425,461	- 2,972,716
Leases payable	-	-	-	-	56,800	56,800	565,208
Deposits	-	6,659,110	3,370	-	920,360	7,582,840	-
Accrued compensated absences Unearned revenues	166,148	394,293 214,022	579,746 475,108	3,850 685,333	1,259,827 81,919	2,403,864 1,456,382	631,929
Insurance claims incurred but not		,	,	,	,	.,	
reported Pending insurance claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,233,000 8,989,000
Total current liabilities	8,895,936	19,911,001	6,491,721	2,411,495	5,074,732	42,784,885	22,110,067
Noncurrent liabilities: Pending insurance claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,067,742
Insurance claims incurred but not							
reported Deposits	-	- 1,013,878	- 23,686	- 3,417,148	- 430,356	- 4,885,068	23,375,539
Accrued compensated absences	76,408	243,340	626,883	12,404	750,486	1,709,521	1,397,488
Net pension liability - MBERP	1,857,222	4,037,439	6,140,271	157,292	12,349,516	24,541,740	8,591,334
Net OPEB liability Loans payable	2,487,055	5,438,980	6,438,451 28,721,081	92,974	15,724,231	30,181,691 28,721,081	9,427,397 7,337,640
Leases payable	-	-	-	-	14,444	14,444	520,477
Revenue bonds payable (net of	050 040 000	450 770 007	04 004 050			474 470 707	
unamortized premium) Total noncurrent liabilities	258,816,060	153,778,627 164,512,264	61,884,050	3,679,818	29,269,033	474,478,737 564,532,282	57,717,617
Total liabilities	272,132,681	184,423,265	110,326,143	6,091,313	34,343,765	607,317,167	79,827,684
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Leases	-	-	6,663,465	-	1,249,270	7,912,735	-
Pensions - MBERP OPEB	1,558,867 589,430	3,388,840	5,153,861	132,023	10,365,614	20,599,205	7,211,168
OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	2,148,297	1,289,034 4,677,874	1,525,907 13,343,233	22,035 154,058	3,726,629 15,341,513	7,153,035 35,664,975	2,234,284 9,445,452
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	79,279,881	170,457,586	66,213,649	535,682,322	51,686,722	903,320,160	11,672,733
Interlocal agreement	-		-	109,866	-	109,866	-
Impact Fees Debt covenant	- 17,063,930	237,546 48,626,613	- 14,714,953	-	-	237,546 80,405,496	-
					00 044 070		50,000,057
Unrestricted Total net position	<u>69,701,858</u> \$ 166,045,669	79,372,857 \$ 298,694,602	<u> </u>	<u>39,314,451</u> \$ 575,106,639	23,841,873 \$ 75,528,595	270,088,809 \$ 1,254,161,877	52,082,957 \$ 63,755,690

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Storm Water Utility Fund         Water and Sever Fund         Parking System Fund         Convention Complex Fund         Nonmajor Funds           Operating revenues: Charges for services Permits, rentals, and other         \$ 33,073,208         \$ 95,990,729         \$ 43,743,034         \$ 25,103,663         \$ 14,559,059         \$ 212,469,693         \$ 27,623,552         \$ 212,426,613         \$ 212,426,613         \$ 27,623,552         \$ 27,623,552         \$ 27,623,552         \$ 27,623,552         \$ 27,623,552         \$ 10,617,613         \$ 27,623,552         \$ 10,657,131         \$ 20,625,152         \$ 10,657,153         \$ 10,657,153         \$ 10,625,152         \$ 10,625,613         \$ 10,625,613         \$ 10,62	
Charges for services         \$ 33,073,208         \$ 95,990,729         \$ 43,743,034         \$ 25,03,663         \$ 124,669,693         \$ 212,469,693         \$ 22,637,393         \$ 42,382,611         243,887,924           Operating symples         32,74,771         7,197,520         7,04,816         10,841,846         19,463,406         47,802,359         1007,131           Contractual services         2,833,736         45,682,17         7,683,328         10,119,233         10,852,152         76,836,666         177,641         60,657         -         237,998         11667,645         3,456,000         11,560,645         21,902,653         21,902,653,133         -         16,672         3,936,193         3,448,220         838,076         7,623,133         <	Government Activities- Internal Service Fund
Charges for services         \$ 33,073,208         \$ 95,990,729         \$ 43,743,034         \$ 25,03,663         \$ 124,669,693         \$ 212,469,693         \$ 22,637,393         \$ 42,382,611         243,887,924           Operating symples         32,74,771         7,197,520         7,04,816         10,841,846         19,463,406         47,802,359         1007,131           Contractual services         2,833,736         45,682,17         7,683,328         10,119,233         10,852,152         76,836,666         177,641         60,657         -         237,998         11667,645         3,456,000         11,560,645         21,902,653         21,902,653,133         -         16,672         3,936,193         3,448,220         838,076         7,623,133         <	
Operating expenses:         7,197,520         7,024,816         10,841,846         19,463,406         47,802,359           Operating supplies         1,97,387         1,29,119         104,379         470,423         195,823         1,097,131           Contractula services         2,833,736         45,566,217         7,663,329         10,119,233         10,652,152         7,683,666           Utilities         359,008         1,108,959         1,965,859         2,272,1346         315,590         6,468,762           Insurance         -         -         177,411         60,587         -         237,998           Internal charges         703,000         4,333,618         4,088,018         3,955,267         4,488,419         17,568,322           Depreciation and amortization         4,065,216         6,170,140         4,526,885         12,092,653         2,130,299         28,985,193           Administrative fees         2,277,075         2,856,000         1,639,264         57,67,45         3,466,000         1,508,044           Claims and judgments         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	5 103,597,2 6,557,2
Personal services         3.274,771         7,197,520         7,024,816         10,841,846         19,463,406         47,802,359           Operating supplies         197,387         129,119         104,379         470,423         10,652,152         76,836,666           Utilities         339,008         1,108,959         1,963,859         2,721,346         315,590         6,468,762           Utilities         339,008         1,108,959         1,963,859         2,721,346         315,590         6,468,762           Insurance         -         -         177,411         60,587         -         237,998           Internal charges         703,000         4,333,618         4,088,018         3,955,267         4,488,419         17,568,322           Depreciation and amortization         4,065,216         6,170,140         4526,885         12,092,653         2,130,299         28,985,193           Administrative fees         2,978,075         2,866,000         1,639,264         576,745         198,125,648           Other operating expenses         14,756,546         69,563,309         30,404,878         41,861,150         41,539,765         198,125,648           Operating income (loss)         18,316,662         27,193,173         15,895,815         (16,486,220)	110,154,5
Operating supplies         197,387         129,119         104,379         470,423         195,823         1,097,131           Contractual services         2,833,736         45,582,217         7,663,328         10,119,233         10,652,152         76,836,666           Ulitities         359,008         1,108,959         1,963,859         2,721,346         315,590         6,468,762           Insurance         -         -         177,411         60,587         -         237,998           Internal charges         703,000         4,333,618         4,086,118         3,952,667         4,488,419         17,566,322           Depreciation and amortization         4,065,216         6,170,140         4,526,885         12,092,653         2,130,299         28,985,193           Administrative fees         2,978,075         2,866,000         1,339,264         576,745         3,456,000         11,506,084           Claims and judgments         -	
Contractual services         2,833,736         45,568,217         7,663,328         10,119,233         10,652,152         76,836,666           Utilities         359,008         1,108,959         2,721,346         315,590         6,488,762           Insurance         -         177,411         60,587         -         237,998           Internal charges         703,000         4,333,618         4,085,018         3,955,267         4,488,419         17,568,322           Depreciation and amortization         4,065,216         6,170,140         4,526,885         12,092,653         2,130,299         28,985,193           Administrative fees         2,978,075         2,866,000         1,639,264         576,745         3,456,000         11,506,024           Claims and judgments         -         -         -         -         -         -         -           Other operating expenses         14,756,546         69,563,309         30,404,878         41,861,150         41,539,765         198,125,648           Operating income (loss)         18,316,662         27,193,173         15,895,815         (16,486,220)         842,846         45,762,276           Nonoperating revenues         -         3,636,789         20,048,780         -         23,685,569	13,521,7
Utilities       359,008       1,108,959       1,983,859       2,721,346       315,590       6,468,762         Insurance       -       -       177,411       60,587       -       237,998         Internal charges       703,000       4,333,618       4,088,018       3,955,267       4,484,419       17,568,322         Depreciation and amortization       4,065,216       6,170,140       4,526,885       12,092,653       2,130,299       28,985,193         Administrative fees       2,978,075       2,866,000       1,639,264       576,745       3,466,000       11,506,084         Claims and judgments       - <td>5,128,8</td>	5,128,8
Insurance       -       -       177,411       60,587       -       237,998         Internal charges       703,000       4,333,618       4,088,018       3.955,267       4,488,419       17,568,322         Depreciation and amortization       4,065,216       6,170,140       4,526,885       12,092,653       2,130,299       28,985,193         Administrative fees       2,978,075       2,866,000       1,639,264       576,745       3,466,000       1,506,084         Claims and judgments       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         Other operating expenses       14,756,546       69,563,309       30,404,878       41,861,150       41,539,765       198,125,648         Operating income (loss)       18,316,662       27,193,173       15,895,815       (16,486,220)       842,846       45,762,276         Nonoperating revenues       -       -       -       3,636,789       -       23,685,569         Interest and fiscal charges       (10,669,634)       (5,310,475)       (3,231,879)       -       (297)       (19,212,285)         Gain on disposal of capital assets       10,625       215,939       114,783       -       16,672       368,019         Interest income       987,831	19,187,8
Internal charges         703,000         4,333,618         4,088,018         3,955,267         4,488,419         17,568,322           Depreciation and amortization         4,065,216         6,170,140         4,526,885         12,092,653         2,130,299         28,985,193           Administrative fees         2,978,075         2,856,000         1,639,264         576,745         3,456,000         11,506,084           Other operating         345,353         2,199,736         3,216,918         1,023,050         838,076         7,623,133           Total operating expenses         14,756,546         69,563,309         30,404,878         41,861,150         41,539,765         198,125,648           Operating income (loss)         18,316,662         27,193,173         15,895,815         (16,486,220)         842,846         45,762,276           Nonoperating revenues         (expenses):         1         3,636,789         20,048,780         23,685,569           Interest and fiscal charges         (10,669,634)         (5,310,475)         (3,231,879)         (297)         (19,212,285)           Gain on disposal of capital assets         10,625         215,939         114,783         16,672         358,019           Interest income         987,831         1,483,003         1,318,960	1,969,2
Depreciation         4,065,216         6,170,140         4,526,885         12,092,653         2,130,299         29,985,193           Administrative fees         2,978,075         2,856,000         1,639,264         576,745         3,456,000         11,506,084           Claims and judgments         -         <	19,430,1
Administrative fees         2,978,075         2,856,000         1,639,264         576,745         3,456,000         11,506,084           Other operating         345,353         2,199,736         3,216,918         1,023,050         838,076         7,623,133           Total operating expenses         14,756,546         69,563,309         30,404,878         41,861,150         41,539,765         198,125,648           Operating income (loss)         18,316,662         27,193,173         15,895,815         (16,486,220)         842,846         45,762,276           Nonoperating revenues         (expenses):         11,6069,634)         (5,310,475)         (3,231,879)         -         (297)         (19,212,285)           Gain on disposal of capital assets         10,625         215,939         114,783         -         16,672         358,019           Intergovernmental (expenses):         10,625         215,939         114,783         -         16,672         358,019           Interset income         987,831         1,483,003         1,318,960         138,128         325,886         4,253,808           Total nonoperating revenues         (expenses)         (9,671,178)         (3,611,533)         1,838,653         20,186,908         342,261         9,085,111           Income	2,694,6
Claims and judgments	6,373,6
Other operating         345,353         2,199,736         3,216,918         1,023,050         838,076         7,623,133           Total operating expenses         14,756,546         69,563,309         30,404,878         41,861,150         41,539,765         198,125,648           Operating income (loss)         18,316,662         27,193,173         15,895,815         (16,486,220)         842,846         45,762,276           Nonoperating revenues (expenses):         -         -         3,636,789         20,048,780         -         23,685,569           Interest and fiscal charges (and on disposal of capital assets         10,625         215,939         114,783         -         16,672         358,019           Interest income         987,831         1,483,003         1,318,960         138,128         325,886         4,253,808           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,671,178)         (3,611,533)         1,838,653         20,186,908         342,261         9,085,111           Income (loss) before contributions and transfers         8,645,484         23,581,640         17,734,468         3,700,688         1,185,107         54,847,387           Capital contributions         -         -         -         1,740,833         609,599         2,350,432           Total nonoper	1,259,0
Total operating expenses         14,756,546         69,563,309         30,404,878         41,861,150         41,539,765         198,125,648           Operating income (loss)         18,316,662         27,193,173         15,895,815         (16,486,220)         842,846         45,762,276           Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Intergovernmental capital assets         -         -         3,636,789         20,048,780         -         23,685,569           Gain on disposal of capital assets         10,625         215,939         114,783         -         16,672         358,019           Interest income         987,831         1,483,003         1,318,960         138,128         325,886         4,253,808           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,671,178)         (3,611,533)         1,838,653         20,186,908         342,261         9,085,111           Income (loss) before contributions and transfers         8,645,484         23,581,640         17,734,468         3,700,688         1,185,107         54,847,387           Capital contributions         -         -         -         10,299,410         17,375,000         27,674,410           Income (loss) before contributions         -         -         -         10,299,410         17,375,000         27,674,410           T	32,764,0
Operating income (loss)         18,316,662         27,193,173         15,895,815         (16,486,220)         842,846         45,762,276           Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Intergovermental Interest and fiscal charges         -         -         3,636,789         20,048,780         -         23,685,569           Gain on disposal of capital assets         10,625         215,939         114,783         -         16,672         358,019           Intergovernmental (expenses)         10,625         215,939         114,783         -         16,672         358,019           Interest income         987,831         1,483,003         1,318,960         138,128         325,886         4,253,808           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,671,178)         (3,611,533)         1,838,653         20,186,908         342,261         9,085,111           Income (loss) before contributions and transfers         8,645,484         23,581,640         17,734,468         3,700,688         1,185,107         54,847,387           Capital contributions         -         -         -         1,740,833         609,599         2,36,432           Transfers out         (1,406,159)         -         (38,000)         (1,98,000)         (481,000)         (3,023,159)           Change in net position	410,3
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Intergovernmental         -         -         3,636,789         20,048,780         -         23,685,569           Intergovernmental         -         -         3,636,789         20,048,780         -         23,685,569           Intergovernmental         -         -         3,636,789         20,048,780         -         23,685,569           Interest and fiscal charges         (10,669,634)         (5,310,475)         (3,231,879)         -         (297)         (19,212,285)           Gain on disposal of capital assets         10,625         215,939         114,783         -         16,672         358,019           Interest income         987,831         1,483,003         1,318,960         138,128         325,886         4,253,808           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,671,178)         (3,611,533)         1,838,653         20,186,908         342,261         9,085,111           Income (loss) before contributions and transfers         8,645,484         23,581,640         17,734,468         3,700,688         1,185,107         54,847,387           Capital contributions         -         -         -         17,40,833         609,599         2,350,432           Transfers in         -         -         -	102,739,5
(expenses):       -       -       3,636,789       20,048,780       -       23,685,569         Intergovernmental       -       -       3,636,789       20,048,780       -       23,685,569         Intergovernmental       -       -       3,636,789       20,048,780       -       23,685,569         Interest and fiscal charges       (10,669,634)       (5,310,475)       (3,231,879)       -       (297)       (19,212,285)         Gain on disposal of capital assets       10,625       215,939       114,783       -       16,672       358,019         Interest income       987,831       1,483,003       1,318,960       138,128       325,886       4,253,808         Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)       (9,671,178)       (3,611,533)       1,838,653       20,186,908       342,261       9,085,111         Income (loss) before contributions and transfers       8,645,484       23,581,640       17,734,468       3,700,688       1,185,107       54,847,387         Capital contributions       -       -       -       1,740,833       609,599       2,350,432         Transfers in       -       -       -       17,375,000       27,674,410         Transfers out       (1,406,159)       -       (38,000)	7,414,9
Intergovernmental       -       -       3,636,789       20,048,780       -       23,685,569         Interest and fiscal charges       (10,669,634)       (5,310,475)       (3,231,879)       -       (297)       (19,212,285)         Gain on disposal of capital assets       10,625       215,939       114,783       -       16,672       358,019         Interest income       987,831       1,483,003       1,318,960       138,128       325,886       4,253,808         Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)       (9,671,178)       (3,611,533)       1.838,653       20,186,908       342,261       9,085,111         Income (loss) before contributions and transfers       8,645,484       23,581,640       17,734,468       3,700,688       1,185,107       54,847,387         Capital contributions       -       -       -       1,740,833       609,599       2,350,432         Transfers in       -       -       -       10,299,410       17,375,000       27,674,410         Transfers out       (1,406,159)       -       (38,000)       (1,098,000)       (481,000)       (3,023,159)         Change in net position       7,239,325       23,581,640       17,696,468       14,642,931       18,688,706       81,849,070	
Interest and fiscal charges       (10,669,634)       (5,310,475)       (3,231,879)       -       (297)       (19,212,285)         Gain on disposal of capital assets       10,625       215,939       114,783       -       16,672       358,019         Interest income       987,831       1,483,003       1,318,960       138,128       325,886       4,253,808         Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)       (9,671,178)       (3,611,533)       1,838,653       20,186,908       342,261       9,085,111         Income (loss) before contributions and transfers       8,645,484       23,581,640       17,734,468       3,700,688       1,185,107       54,847,387         Capital contributions       -       -       1,740,833       609,599       2,356,432         Transfers in       -       -       10,299,410       17,375,000       27,674,410         Transfers out       (1,406,159)       -       (38,000)       (1,98,000)       (481,000)       (3,023,159)         Change in net position       7,239,325       23,581,640       17,696,468       14,642,931       18,688,706       81,849,070	
Gain on disposal of capital assets       10,625       215,939       114,783       -       16,672       358,019         Interest income       987,831       1,483,003       1,318,960       138,128       325,886       4,253,808         Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)       (9,671,178)       (3,611,533)       1,838,653       20,186,908       342,261       9,085,111         Income (loss) before contributions and transfers       8,645,484       23,581,640       17,734,468       3,700,688       1,185,107       54,847,387         Capital contributions       -       -       1,740,833       609,599       2,350,432         Transfers in       -       -       10,299,410       17,375,000       27,674,410         Transfers out       (1,406,159)       -       (38,000)       (1,098,000)       (481,000)       (3,023,159)         Change in net position       7,239,325       23,581,640       17,696,468       14,642,931       18,688,706       81,849,070	
capital assets         10,625         215,939         114,783         -         16,672         358,019           Interest income         987,831         1,483,003         1,318,960         138,128         325,886         4,253,808           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,671,178)         (3,611,533)         1,838,653         20,186,908         342,261         9,085,111           Income (loss) before contributions and transfers         8,645,484         23,581,640         17,734,468         3,700,688         1,185,107         54,847,387           Capital contributions         -         -         -         1,740,833         609,599         2,350,432           Transfers in         -         -         -         10,299,410         17,375,000         27,674,410           Transfers out         (1,406,159)         -         (38,000)         (1,098,000)         (481,000)         (3,023,159)           Change in net position         7,239,325         23,581,640         17,696,468         14,642,931         18,688,706         81,849,070	(120,
Interest income         987,831         1,483,003         1,318,960         138,128         325,886         4,253,808           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,671,178)         (3,611,533)         1,838,653         20,186,908         342,261         9,085,111           Income (loss) before contributions and transfers         8,645,484         23,581,640         17,734,468         3,700,688         1,185,107         54,847,387           Capital contributions         -         -         1,740,833         609,599         2,356,0432           Transfers in         -         -         10,299,410         17,375,000         27,674,410           Transfers out         (1,406,159)         -         (38,000)         (1,98,000)         (481,000)         (3,023,159)           Change in net position         7,239,325         23,581,640         17,696,468         14,642,931         18,688,706         81,849,070	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         (9,671,178)         (3,611,533)         1,838,653         20,186,908         342,261         9,085,111           Income (loss) before contributions and transfers         8,645,484         23,581,640         17,734,468         3,700,688         1,185,107         54,847,387           Capital contributions         -         -         1,740,833         609,599         2,350,432           Transfers in         -         -         10,299,410         17,375,000         27,674,410           Transfers out         (1,406,159)         -         (38,000)         (1,098,000)         (481,000)         (3,023,159)           Change in net position         7,239,325         23,581,640         17,696,468         14,642,931         18,688,706         81,849,070	406,4
(expenses)         (9,671,178)         (3,611,533)         1,838,653         20,186,908         342,261         9,085,111           Income (loss) before contributions and transfers         8,645,484         23,581,640         17,734,468         3,700,688         1,185,107         54,847,387           Capital contributions         -         -         1,740,833         609,599         2,350,432           Transfers in         -         -         10,299,410         17,375,000         27,674,410           Transfers out         (1,406,159)         -         (38,000)         (1,98,000)         (481,000)         (3,023,159)           Change in net position         7,239,325         23,581,640         17,696,468         14,642,931         18,688,706         81,849,070	918,6
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers         8,645,484         23,581,640         17,734,468         3,700,688         1,185,107         54,847,387           Capital contributions         -         -         1,740,833         609,599         2,350,432           Transfers in         -         -         10,299,410         17,375,000         27,674,410           Transfers out         (1,406,159)         -         (38,000)         (1,098,000)         (481,000)         (3,023,159)           Change in net position         7,239,325         23,581,640         17,696,468         14,642,931         18,688,706         81,849,070	4 00 4
Capital contributions         -         -         1,740,833         609,599         2,350,432           Transfers in         -         -         10,299,410         17,375,000         27,674,410           Transfers out         (1,406,159)         -         (38,000)         (1,098,000)         (481,000)         (3,023,159)           Change in net position         7,239,325         23,581,640         17,696,468         14,642,931         18,688,706         81,849,070	1,204,
Transfers in Transfers out         -         -         10,299,410         17,375,000         27,674,410           Transfers out         (1,406,159)         -         (38,000)         (1,098,000)         (481,000)         (3,023,159)           Change in net position         7,239,325         23,581,640         17,696,468         14,642,931         18,688,706         81,849,070	8,619,4
Transfers out         (1,406,159)         -         (38,000)         (1,098,000)         (481,000)         (3,023,159)           Change in net position         7,239,325         23,581,640         17,696,468         14,642,931         18,688,706         81,849,070	512,
Change in net position         7,239,325         23,581,640         17,696,468         14,642,931         18,688,706         81,849,070	300,
	(358,
	9,074,
Net position - beginning 158,806,344 275,112,962 126,611,119 560,463,708 56,839,889 1,177,834,022	54,681,4
Restatement for GASB 87 (5,521,215) (5,521,215)	,,
Net position - beginning as restated 158,806,344 275,112,962 121,089,904 560,463,708 56,839,889 1,172,312,807	54,681,4
Net position - ending \$ 166,045,669 \$ 298,694,602 \$ 138,786,372 \$ 575,106,639 \$ 75,528,595 \$ 1,254,161,877 \$	63,755,6

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

						oai Enaca copt	•							
		Storm Water Utility Fund		Water and Sewer Fund	P	arking System Fund		Convention Center Complex Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Totals		Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts received from customers Payments to suppliers Payments on behalf of and to employees Payments for claims and judaments	\$	33,124,418 (3,645,956) (3,522,821)	\$	95,203,703 (48,928,670) (7,994,590)	\$	46,142,873 (12,963,053) (10,450,802)	\$	10,090,953 (15,336,045) (10,902,325)	\$	14,536,911 (24,123,689) (21,672,327)	\$	199,098,858 (104,997,413) (54,542,865)	\$	110,164,105 (48,236,552) (15,332,390) (33,012,250)
Payments for interfund services used Receipts for other operating revenues		(3,681,075)		(7,189,618) -		(5,726,838)		(4,532,012) -		(8,237,139) 27,821,552		(29,366,682) 27,821,552		(3,953,683)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		22,274,566	_	31,090,825		17,002,180	_	(20,679,429)		(11,674,692)		38,013,450		9,629,230
Cash flows for non-capital financing activities: Contributions from other governments	:	-		-		3,636,789		20,048,780		-		23,685,569		- 300.000
Transfers in Transfers out		- (1,406,159)	_			(38,000)		10,299,410 (1,098,000)		17,375,000 (481,000)		27,674,410 (3,023,159)		(358,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		(1,406,159)		-		3,598,789	_	29,250,190		16,894,000		48,336,820		(58,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:														
Proceeds from loan		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,400,964
Payment on loan		-		-		-		-		-		-		(2,520,369)
Payment on leases		-		-		-		-		(54,958)		(54,958)		(568,748)
Proceeds from refunding of bonds		-		32,480,000		-		-		-		32,480,000		-
Proceeds from bond premium		-		5,272,449		-		-		-		5,272,449		-
Interest and fiscal charges		(11,485,596)		(7,458,211)		(3,519,607)		-		(297)		(22,463,711)		(117,545)
Principal paid on bonds		(5,250,000)		(41,405,000)		(2,484,793)		(402.004)		-		(49,139,793)		-
Purchase of capital assets		(9,328,242)		(9,254,217)		(3,307,305)		(103,264)		(2,490,841)		(24,483,869)		(3,917,356)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		10,625		216,725		114,783	_	-		57,857		399,990		439,760
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(26,053,213)		(20,148,254)		(9,196,922)	_	(103,264)		(2,488,239)		(57,989,892)		(3,283,294)
Cash flows from investing activities:														
Interest on investments		974,807	_	1,482,192		1,314,079	_	138,128		325,886		4,235,092		918,616
Net cash provided by investing activities		974,807	_	1,482,192		1,314,079	_	138,128		325,886		4,235,092	_	918,616
Net change in cash and investments		(4,209,999)		12,424,763		12,718,126		8,605,625		3,056,955		32,595,470		7,206,552
Cash and investments - beginning of year		156,640,842		201,057,662		80,423,744		21,147,562		59,807,346		519,077,156		112,662,746
Cash and investments - end of year	\$	152,430,843	\$	213,482,425	\$	93,141,870	\$	29,753,187	\$	62,864,301	\$	551,672,626	\$	119,869,298
Classified as:														
Current assets	\$	60,763,610	\$	104,347,532	\$	88,376,834	\$	25,540,840	\$	61,431,666	\$	340,460,482	\$	119,869,298
Noncurrent assets	Ŷ	91,667,233	Ŷ	109,134,893	Ŷ	4,765,036	Ŷ	4,212,347	Ŷ	1,432,635	Ŷ	211,212,144	Ψ	-
			_			,,	_	, ,-		, . ,			_	
Total cash and investments	\$	152,430,843	\$	213,482,425	\$	93,141,870	\$	29,753,187	\$	62,864,301	\$	551,672,626	\$	119,869,298
Noncash transactions affecting														
financial position:														
Change in accounts receivable net position restatement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(5,521,215)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(5,521,215) -	\$	-
Change in right-to-use leased assets Change in leased obligations Change in construction and		-		-				-		70,112 (71,244)		70,112 (71,244)		1,029,052 (1,085,685)
related liabilities Capital contributions		(2,420,036)		(1,547,977) -		(574,476)		(8,960) 1,740,833		(35,236) 609,599		(4,586,685) 2,350,432		24,469 512,705
Total noncash transactions affecting financial position	¢	(2,420,036)	\$	(1,547,977)	\$	(6,095,691)	\$	1,731,873	\$	573,231	\$	(7,758,600)	\$	480,541
	φ	(2,420,030)	ę	(1,347,377)	φ	(0,090,091)	φ	1,131,013	φ	575,231	φ	(1,130,000)	φ	400,341

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(continued)

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (continued)

	Storm Water Utility Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Parking System Fund	Convention Center Complex Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Operating income (loss)	\$ 18,316,662	\$ 27,193,173	\$ 15,895,815	\$ (16,486,220)	<u>\$ 842,846</u>	\$ 45,762,276	\$ 7,414,970
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization	4,065,216	6,170,140	4,526,885	12,092,653	2,130,299	28,985,193	6,373,622
Provision for uncollectible accounts	268,085	(200,433)	-	-	(16,284)	51,368	-
Changes in assets/liabilities and deferred inflows:							
(Increase) decrease in leases deferred inflow	-	-	6,663,465	-	1,249,270	7,912,735	-
(Increase) decrease in pension deferred inflow	1,355,782	2,966,562	4,482,577	115,826	9,092,284	18,013,031	6,318,466
(Increase) decrease in OPEB deferred inflow	551,203	1,194,921	1,382,556	19,957	3,453,015	6,601,652	2,062,056
(Increase) decrease in pension deferred outflow	337,160	639,597	1,113,987	23,683	1,867,375	3,981,802	1,332,479
(Increase) decrease in OPEB deferred outflow	(10,711)	131,071	624,544	9,129	401,414	1,155,447	360,909
(Increase) decrease in pension liability	(2,285,480)	(4,576,548)	(7,553,155)	(173,107)	(13,624,969)	(28,213,259)	(9,618,762)
(Increase) decrease in OPEB liability	(127,475)	(997,879)	(3,366,037)	(49,120)	(2,989,552)	(7,530,063)	(2,352,049)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	-	(186,589)	-	-	-	(186,589)	(810,375)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(216,875)	(1,496,232)	(133,545)	(15,417,323)	(33,574)	(17,297,549)	9,549
(Increase) decrease in leases receivable	-		(6,719,759)	-	(1,240,689)	(7,960,448)	-
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	-	-	-	-	133,137	133,137	-
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,472
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	-	-	(42,295)	(67,716)	(13,356)	(123,367)	(184,519)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	157,638	950,113	160,912	(944,017)	769,984	1,094,630	(1,080,177)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	(120,588)	(825,200)	(133,322)	69,105	(13,113,722)	(14,123,727)	(162,712)
Increase (decrease) in deposits	-	301,381	1,460	123,013	(134,778)	291,076	-
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments	-	-	444	-	2,018	2,462	-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	-	-	-	-	(292,720)	(292,720)	-
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	-	(157,495)	30,559	10,333	18,770	(97,833)	(12,472)
Increase (decrease) in environmental remediation liability	-		-	-	(15,000)	(15,000)	-
Increase in pending insurance claims	-		-	-	-	-	(115,601)
(Decrease) in insurance claims incurred but not reported	-	-	-	-	-	-	(132,560)
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	(16,051)	(15,757)	67,089	(5,625)	(160,460)	(130,804)	213,934
Total adjustments	3,957,904	3,897,652	1,106,365	(4,193,209)	(12,517,538)	(7,748,826)	2,214,260
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			-				-

# CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2022

	 Trust Funds	Cu	stodial Fund
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,386,662	\$	1,101,867
Receivables:			
Accounts, net	-		1,150,253
Accrued interest	1,878,858		-
Contributions	2,273,339		-
Other	160,763		-
Prepaid expenses	4,228,143		-
Investments:			
Short-term investments	17,730,538		-
U.S. Government securities	60,633,573		-
Corporate bonds and notes	141,598,499		-
Bond Funds	130,643,812		-
Foreign Bonds and private placements	38,491,179		-
Common stocks and index funds	789,703,328		-
Foreign stocks	155,360,483		-
Real estate funds	325,168,942		-
Infrastructure investments	37,618,998		-
Hedge Fund	10,740,507		-
Mutual funds	 94,901,536		-
Total investments	 1,802,591,395		-
Total assets	\$ 1,813,519,160	\$	2,252,120
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,389,704		796,168
Due to Business Improvement Districts	-		1,150,246
Due to Other Governments	-		235,477
Due to Other Organizations	-		70,229
Total liabilities	\$ 1,389,704	\$	2,252,120
Net Position			
Restricted for OPEB benefits	40,216,969		-
Restricted for pension benefits	1,771,912,487		-
	1,812,129,456		

# CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Trust Funds	 Custodial Fund
Additions:			
Contributions -			
Employer	\$	91,690,650	\$ -
Employee		16,334,938	-
State of Florida		2,197,574	-
Private contributions		-	 2,521,438
Total contributions	_	110,223,162	 2,521,438
Investment Income (loss) -			
Net decrease in fair value of investments		(292,902,339)	-
Interest and dividends income		34,758,238	-
Other income		62,063	-
		(258,082,038)	-
Investment management expenses		(8,328,376)	-
Net investment income (loss)		(266,410,414)	-
Total loss		(156,187,252)	 2,521,438
Deductions:			
Benefit paid		147,823,654	
Contributions refunded		1,643,960	
Administrative expenses		2,047,744	
Recipient payments		-	2,521,438
Total deductions		151,515,358	2,521,438
Net decrease	_	(307,702,610)	 -
Net change in net position - amount restricted for pension and OPEB benefits -			
beginning of year		2,119,832,066	 -
Restricted for OPEB benefits		40,216,969	-
Restricted for pension benefits Net position - amount restricted for pension and OPEB benefits -		1,771,912,487	-
end of year	\$	1,812,129,456	\$ 

# NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the City) have been prepared in accordance with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United State of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

# A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated as a municipal corporation on March 26, 1915 and was created by the Florida Legislature, Chapter 7672, Laws of Florida (1917). The City is governed by an elected mayor and six-member commission. The City operates under a Commission-Manager form of government.

Financial accountability includes such aspects as appointment of governing body members, budget review, approval of property tax levies, outstanding debt secured by the full faith and credit of the City or its revenue stream, and responsibility for funding deficits.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable, or for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units presented herein, although legally separate entities, are substantively the same as the governing body of the primary government, and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The component units are described below.

# 1. Blended Component Units:

# Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency

The Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) was created under the Community Redevelopment Act of 1969, enacted by the Florida Legislature. The Agency's Board of Directors is the City Commission. The Agency's executive director is the City Manager. The Agency's budget is adopted by its directors, and over 50% of the Agency's operating revenue is derived from the City's tax increment contributions.

# Normandy Shores Local Government Neighborhood Improvement District

The Miami Beach Normandy Shores Local Government Neighborhood Improvement District (the "NSNID") was created under Chapter 163.506, of the Florida Statutes. The NSNID's Board of Directors is the City Commission. The NSNID's revenues are derived from ad valorem taxes. The NSNID is accounted for as a blended component unit in the City's Governmental Funds financial statements under the column entitled, "Other Governmental Funds". It is also reported in the supplementary information, Non-Major Special Revenue Funds under the column "Other Special Revenue Fund". The budget and rates charged are determined by the City and approved by City Commission.

# North Beach Community Redevelopment Agency (North Beach CRA)

The North Beach CRA was created under the Community Redevelopment Act of 1969, enacted by the Florida Legislature, approved by City of Miami Beach Resolution No. 2021-31596 on February 10, 2021 and Miami-Dade County Resolution No. R-696-21 on July 20, 2021. Registration with the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity's Special District Accountability Program was completed in August 2021 and in accordance with section

189.012(2)(a) and (d), Florida Statutes, the North Beach CRA was classified as a special district.

The City of Miami Beach approved the Interlocal Cooperation Agreement by and among the City of Miami Beach, Miami-Dade County, and the North Beach CRA via Resolution No. 2021-31817 as amended on July 28, 2021. The North Beach CRA approved the Interlocal Cooperation Agreement by and among Miami-Dade County, the City of Miami Beach and the North Beach CRA via Resolution No. 005-2021 on July 28, 2021.

The North Beach CRA is generally bounded on the north by 87<sup>th</sup> Terrace, on the south by 65<sup>th</sup> street, on the east by the Atlantic Ocean and on the west by Rue Notre Dame. The Board of Directors is the City Commission and the executive director is the City Manager. The primary revenue source is, tax increment financing (TIF), the incremental growth of ad valorem revenues beyond an established base year. TIF is to be collected annually from Miami-Dade County and the City of Miami Beach beginning in fiscal year 2023.

The North Beach CRA had no financial activities to report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

2. Discretely Presented Component Units-Governmental Fund Type:

## Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority

The Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority (the Authority) was created under the Health Facilities Authorities Law, Chapter 154, Part III of the Florida Statutes. The Authority's Board is appointed by the City Commission, serves a four-year term and is subject to reappointment. The revenue of the Authority is derived from fees generated from the sale of bonds to finance health facilities within Miami Beach. The City receives all funds of the Authority in excess of operational needs of the Authority. Debt issued under the oversight of the Authority is not debt of the City or the Authority and therefore is not included in the accompanying financial statements. The Authority is accounted for as a discretely presented component unit in the City's financial statements. The Authority accounts for its financial activities using only a general fund.

## Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority

The Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority (the VCA) was created under Chapter 67-930, Section 8, of the Florida Statutes. The VCA is reported as a discretely presented component unit in the City's financial statements based on (a) The VCA is led by a sevenmember board appointed by the City Commission to administer a portion of the collections of the municipal resort tax in order to promote tourism and convention business (b) VCA is financially dependent on the City.

Standalone financial statements are prepared for the Agency and Visitors and Convention Authority and can be obtained by contacting the City of Miami Beach at:

City of Miami Beach 1700 Convention Center Drive Miami Beach, Florida 33139

# B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. In the government-wide Statement of Net

Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns reflect a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given functional category are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific functional category. Program revenues include; 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given functional category, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular functional category. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund based financial statements to the government-wide presentation.

Internal service funds of a government are presented in summary form as part of the proprietary fund financial statements. Since the principal users of the internal services are the City's governmental activities, financial statements of internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental activities column when presented at the government-wide level. The costs of these services are allocated to the appropriate functional activity.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues, including charges for services are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, leases, pensions, pollution remediation obligation and other postemployment benefits are recorded only when payment is due, or when the City has made a decision to fund those obligations with current available resources.

Property taxes, when levied for, charges for services, franchise taxes, licenses, grants and intergovernmental revenues, when all eligibility requirements are met, and interest associated with

the current fiscal period, if measurable and available, have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period and past due is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable when the City receives the cash.

**Governmental funds** – typically are used to account for tax-supported activities. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources that relate to the general operations of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Resort Tax Special Revenue Fund accounts for the collection of the special tax levied city-wide on food, beverage and room rents used to support tourist related activities.
- The Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund accounts for the operations of the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency, a tax increment district of the City. The Agency was established in 1976 under the provisions of Chapter 163 of the Florida Statutes to spur development and redevelopment in the South Pointe and City Center/Historic Convention Village Redevelopment and Revitalization Area of the City. The South Pointe District under the jurisdiction of the Agency has expired and South Pointe is now under jurisdiction of the City.
- The Capital Projects Fund accounts for proceeds of the City's bond sales and other revenues whose expenditure is restricted to the construction and acquisition of major capital assets.

**Proprietary funds** – are used to account for activities supported, at least in part, by fees or charges. The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Storm Water Utility Fund accounts for the storm water utility operations of the City.
- The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the water and sewer operations of the City.
- The *Parking System Fund* accounts for the parking operations of the City.
- The Convention Center Complex Fund accounts for the Convention Center operations of the City.

# Other fund types:

Internal service funds - account for services provided to other departments or agencies of the government. The internal service operations include:

- Fleet Management Fund accounts for the warehouse operations and the purchase and maintenance of the City's fleet of vehicles.
- Property Management Fund accounts for the cleaning, operating and renovations of City buildings.
- Central Services Fund accounts for the operation of the office supplies warehouse, central printing function and central mail facility.
- Risk Insurance Fund accounts for the City's Risk insurance operations, both retained and insured.
- Health Insurance Fund accounts for the City's Health insurance operations, both retained and insured.
- Communications Fund accounts for centralized telecommunications and information technology operations.
- Office of Inspector General Fund accounts for all activities related to audits and reviews
  of City programs, contracts and expenditures.

Fiduciary Funds - used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as a custodial for individuals, private organizations, and other Governments. The City reports the following fiduciary fund types:

- Pension trust funds include:
  - Retirement System for Miami Beach Employees', Retirement System for Firefighters and Police Officers, Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund, Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund, and Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB).
- Custodial fund this fund accounts for general deposits held by the City until obligations are met or refunds are made.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's enterprise funds and the General Fund as well as cost reimbursement transactions between the enterprise funds and various other functions of City government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for those sectors. The following describes the four basic types of *interfund transactions* made during the year and the related accounting policies:

- 1. Transactions for services rendered or facilities provided are recorded as revenue in the receiving fund and expenditures, either as internal charges or administrative fees, in the disbursing fund;
- 2. Transactions to reimburse a fund for expenditures made by it for the benefit of another fund are recorded as expenditures in the disbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the receiving fund;
- 3. Transactions which are recurring annual transfers between two or more budgetary funds are recorded as transfers in and out; and
- 4. Transactions recording capital contributions between funds are recorded in the proprietary funds and are net to zero in the government-wide statement of activities. The governmental funds do not record capital assets or capital transfers of assets.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. All taxes are included in general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance or Equity

# 1. Cash and investments

All cash and investments are reflected as pooled cash and investments except for amounts held by fiscal agent. Cash and investments consist of demand deposits with banks, United States Treasury Obligations, State or Municipal Obligations, Money Market Funds, and cash held at investment institutions. Investments are recorded at fair value, except for those investments with remaining maturities of one year or less at the time of purchase, which are recorded at amortized cost. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows for the Proprietary Fund Types, cash and investments are considered cash and cash equivalents.

The cash and investments for the retirement system are maintained in separate cash and investment accounts. The retirement system investments are held in United States Treasury Obligations, loans guaranteed by Government agencies, Mutual and Money Market Funds, General Obligation or Revenue Bonds issued by States and Municipalities, dividend paying stocks of domestic corporations, bonds, notes or other interest bearing obligations of domestic corporations, and shares and accounts of savings and loan associations. The retirement system's investments are recorded at fair value. Please refer to Note 3 for more detailed information regarding the City's investments.

The cash and investments for the OPEB system are maintained in separate cash and investment accounts. The OPEB system investments are held in various Mutual and Money Market Funds. Dividends received are reinvested at the date received. The OPEB system's investments are recorded at fair value. Please refer to Note 3 for more detailed information regarding the City's investments.

# 2. Receivables and payables

During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds have not been paid or received as of September 30, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been reflected. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Accounts receivable in excess of 90 days that are not deemed collectible, comprise the allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Following are the significant components of the receivables due to the City at September 30, 2022:

- a. Water, Sewer and Waste Fees This amount represents the unpaid, unbilled and billed charges for various fines and municipal services;
- b. Taxes, Franchise Fees and Rents This amount represents Ad Valorem taxes, including delinquent taxes, communication and utility taxes, along with franchise fees and rent payments due by September 30, 2022, but not collected as of that date;
- c. Resort Taxes Receivable This amount represents resort taxes due by September 30, 2022, but not collected as of that date;
- d. Storm Water Receivable This amount represents the unpaid, billed charges for treating water runoff from impervious areas;
- e. Accrued Interest Receivable This amount represents the interest earned but not collected on the City's investments at September 30, 2022;

- f. Intergovernmental Receivable This amount represents grant revenue earned but not received by the City as of September 30, 2022; and
- g. Leases Receivable The City's leases receivable are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Under the lease agreements, the City may receive variable lease payments that are dependent upon the lessee's revenue. The variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received. Deferred inflows of resources are recorded at the initiation of each lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflows of resources are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of each lease.

## 3. Inventories and prepaids

Material and supplies in inventory are reported as current assets of the proprietary funds and on the government wide financial statements at cost. Governmental funds inventory is stated at cost and accounted for on the consumption basis. Fund balance includes a nonspendable amount for the amount of the inventory since inventories are not available for appropriation and expenditure.

Expenditures made for services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2022 are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements. Accordingly, a portion of fund balance has been reserved to indicate that these funds are not available for appropriation.

## 4. Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of the storm water enterprise fund revenue bonds, water and sewer enterprise fund revenue bonds, and the parking system enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Certain proceeds in the Convention Center complex enterprise fund are restricted as a result of an interlocal agreement between Miami-Dade County and the City to fund the cost of capital improvements to the Convention Center. Customer deposits are restricted in the Water and Sewer fund, Parking System fund, Convention Center fund and other non-major enterprise funds. The governmental fund types report unspent bond proceeds as restricted on the statement of net position.

# 5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or at valuations, which approximate cost. In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets, the City chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. Gifts or contributions of property received are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the time received by the City. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City, as well as the component units, is depreciated over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Capital Assets Category	Capitalizing Threshold	Estimated Useful Life (in years)
Land	Capitalize all	Not depreciable
Intangible assets	Capitalize all	Not depreciable
Construction in progress	\$ 100,000	Not depreciable
Building and structure	100,000	50 years
Permanent improvements	100,000	Limited to useful life of bldg. not to exceed 35 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	7 years
Motor vehicles	5,000	5 years
Motor vehicles greater than \$50,000	50,000	10 years
Maintenance and heavy moving equipment	5,000	15 years
Infrastructure	100,000	30-50 years

In the governmental funds, capital assets are recorded as expenditures and no depreciation expense is recorded.

The City assesses the carrying value of capital assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset or asset group may not be recoverable in accordance with GAAP. Impaired capital assets no longer used by the City are reported using GASB Statement No. 42 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries*. The City did not record any impairment charges related to its property as of September 30, 2022 as there were no indicators of impairment.

# 6. *Right-to-Use Assets*

The City has recorded right-to-use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87, *Leases*. The right-to-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

# 7. Leases

The City is a lessee for noncancellable leases of vehicles, equipment, and building space. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide and propriety funds financial statements. The City elected not to set a threshold for leases.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

• The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When

the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

• The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and where applicable purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Right-to-use assets, net of depreciation are presented separately on the statement of net position in the government-wide and propriety funds statements. Leases commencing within the current year, in governmental funds, are recorded as lease proceeds under other financing sources and capital outlay in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. The net asset value is included in the Net Investment in Capital Assets calculation on the statements of net position detailed disclosures on individual leases and right to use assets are provided in Note 6 and 9.

The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases of land and buildings. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide, governmental and propriety fund statements. fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, lease term, and lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

## 8. Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit regular classified and unclassified full-time employees to accrue 96 hours of sick and vacation leave per year during the first ten (10) years of employment, which may be used after six (6) months of continuous full-time or part-time employment (or upon completion of the probationary period). Annual leave increases as follows: after ten years of full-time service, employees accumulate 136 hours of leave per year; after twenty (20) years of full-time service, employees accumulate 176 hours of leave per year. At the end of each payroll year, employees will be allowed no more than 500 hours of vacation leave to be accrued. Any hours in excess of this maximum will be forfeited. (Annual maximums may be higher or lower as defined in respective bargaining agreements.) Sick leave accruals do not

increase. Additionally, employees may accumulate compensatory time and goodwill ambassador time.

Employees hired prior to October 1, 1978, will, upon resignation, termination or retirement from the City, be paid for their full annual and full sick leave, up to a maximum combined payment of 2,088 hours. Employees hired on or after October 1, 1978, will, upon resignation, termination or retirement from the City, be paid for their full annual leave and 50% of their sick leave, up to 1,220 combined maximum hours for Unclassified employees. Employees covered by Collective Bargaining Agreements have varying leave payout language which may differ from the payout of Unclassified employees. Employees are also paid for accumulated compensatory time and goodwill leave at the time of resignation, termination, or retirement from the City.

All vacation, sick, compensatory time, and goodwill pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

## 9. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations including leases are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums/discounts and leases under GASB 87 during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Leases are recorded as lease liabilities issued under other financing sources and capital outlay. Debt principal and lease payments are reported as debt service expenditures.

# 10. Unearned revenue

Resources that do not meet revenue recognition requirements (not earned) are recorded as unearned revenue in the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

## 11. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category.

a. Deferred loss on refunding is reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. Deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The difference that results from the refunding is not a separate 'loss' transaction, but rather a reduction of the interest savings to be obtained in the future by substituting the new interest rate for the old. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

- b. Deferred outflows of resources related to the Miami Beach Employees' Retirement System (MBERP) and Miami Beach Retirement Systems for Firefighters and Police Officers (MBF&P) pension plans are recognized when the City makes contributions subsequent to the measurement date and when there are differences between expected and actual experience. Differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are deferred and amortized over the average of the expected remaining service lives of employees who are provided with benefits through the pension plans. Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date are deferred and recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting year. Net Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are deferred and amortized over five years. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are only reported on the proprietary funds and the government-wide financial statements.
- c. Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB are recognized when the City makes contributions subsequent to the measurement date, when there are differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, changes in funds proportionate shares of the deferrals, and differences between expected and actual investment earnings. The net difference between expected and actual investment earnings is amortized over five years. Other deferrals are amortized over the average remaining service life of participants.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has four items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- d. Deferred inflows of resources related to the MBERP and MBF&P pension plans are reported when changes in the net pension liability are not included in the pension expense of the actuarially calculated net pension liability, such as differences between projected and actual investment earnings. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are deferred and amortized over five years. The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are only reported on the proprietary funds and the government-wide financial statements.
- e. Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB are recognized when there are differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, changes in funds proportionate shares of the deferrals, and differences between expected and actual investment earnings. The difference between expected and actual investment earnings is amortized over five years. Other deferrals are amortized over the average remaining service life of participants.
- f. Deferred inflow of resources related to unavailable other revenues are grants received in advance when eligibility requirements except timing requirements have been meet.
- g. Deferred inflow of resources related to leases are recorded at the initiation of each lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflows of resources are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of each lease.

# 12. Net position/ fund balance

GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for governmental funds. It establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classification and clarifies definitions for governmental fund types. Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in

classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

On June 5, 1996, the City Commission adopted Resolution No. 96-22014 which appropriated \$10 million into a reserve for contingencies in the General Fund. This resolution called for this reserve to remain at 11% of the General Fund operating budget of the ensuing year. On February 18, 1998, the City Commission adopted Resolution No. 98-22661 which defined a public emergency for which funds could be used as well as stipulating that expenditure specifically requires a 5/7 vote rather than a majority of the Commission.

On September 21, 2006, the Commission adopted Resolution No. 2006-26341 which stated that in addition to the 11% of General Fund operating budget emergency reserve, the City shall have a goal to maintain a General Fund reserve for contingencies equal to 6% of the General Fund operating budget. In combination with the 11% of emergency reserve, this represents 2 months of the General Fund operating budget expenditures. If the reserve for contingencies level falls below the 6% level, a plan of action will be required to increase the reserves over three to seven years (to at least 6%) and a percentage of any additional undesignated fund balance shall be earmarked toward attainment of the 6% level.

On July 22, 2014, the City's Resort Tax Reserve Fund Policy adopted by Resolution No. 204-28543 was amended to state the goal is reserve 3 months of total fund revenue of the 2% resort tax fund. The minimum acceptable reserve is to be 2 months of operating expenses or 2 months of total revenues. The policy was established to ensure the continuity of operations of both the Resort Tax Fund and the General Fund.

On January 16, 2019, the City Commission adopted Resolution No. 2019-30664, which replaced and superseded the Resort Tax Policy set forth in Resolution 2014-28543, stating that the City shall maintain a minimum reserve of 2 months of total revenue of the 2% resort tax and shall have a goal of maintaining a minimum reserve equal to 6 months of total revenue of the 2% resort tax.

On September 11, 2020, the City Commission adopted Resolution No. 2020-30954, which amended and restated Resolution No. 2006-26341, stating that in light of the City's vulnerability to storm events and dependence on volatile Resort Tax revenues, the General Fund Reserve Policy increased the required reserve for emergencies from 11% to 17% and increased the goal for reserve for contingencies from 6% to 8% and effectively increase the total reserve target from 17% to 25%, or from 2 months to 3 months of the City's General Fund Operating budget.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available for use, it is the City's practice to use restricted resources first. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance.

The City reports the following fund balance classifications for the governmental fund balance:

- Non-spendable Fund Balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples on non-spendable fund balance include leases, inventories and/or prepaid expenses.
- Restricted Fund Balance amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either by (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.
- Committed Fund Balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant

to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Commission through an ordinance or resolution which are equally binding as the highest decision-making authority. The Commission adopts a City resolution, which includes the amount to be committed and the reason for the commitment. Only an adopted resolution by the Commission can establish, modify or rescind the commitment.

- Assigned Fund Balance amounts that are constrained by the City Commission's or an official delegated by the governing body's (City Manager) intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Fund balance is primarily assigned based on the City's budgeting policy. Some amounts are approved and assigned by the City commission subsequent to September 30, 2022.
- Unassigned Fund Balance may include residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

- a. Net Investment in Capital Assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position which are associated with capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, right-to-use assets net of accumulated amortization, less outstanding capital assets related debt, net of unspent bond and issuance of debt and deferred refunding losses and gains.
- b. Restricted Net Position have third party (statutory, bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on their use or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted Net Position have no third-party limitations on their use. While City management may have categorized and segmented portions for various purposes, the City Commission has the unrestricted authority to revisit or alter these managerial decisions.

# 13. Restricted component of net position

Restricted Net Position consists of amounts restricted to comply with grant contracts and other externally imposed constraints or by legislation that are legally enforceable. At September 30, 2021, the Government-wide statement of net position reported \$145,281,020 in governmental activities' restricted net position. Of this amount, \$144,294,421 is restricted as a result of enabling legislation.

# 14. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's estimates.

## 15. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss from civil liability to other parties (automobile liability, general liability, police professional liability, public official liability); statutory workers' compensation benefits for injured employees; and the theft or accidental damage to City property (buildings and business contents).

The City established an internal service Risk Insurance Fund (the "Fund") to account for its risk

financing activities. The Fund is reviewed quarterly by City actuaries and charges the operating funds insurance premiums. The accrued liability for estimated insurance claims represents an estimate of the ultimate cost of settling claims arising prior to year-end, including claims incurred but not yet reported. The Fund pays for all claims and judgments made against the City for accidental losses for which the City is self-insured or purchases insurance policies to protect the City's assets.

## 16. Employee pension plans and other retirement benefits

The City provides separate defined benefit pension plans for general employees and for police and fire department personnel. The City no longer offers benefits under a defined contribution pension plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) to new employees. However, current employees are still participating in the plan. The City also offers an optional deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The 457 Plan and the 401(a) Plan are disclosed in Note 15 and 16 respectively.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the MBERP and MBF&P and additions to and deletions from the systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms discussed in Note 16. Investments are reported at fair value.

## 17. Post-employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB)

Pursuant to Section 112.08, Florida Statutes, the City is required to permit eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to participate in the City's health insurance program at a cost to the retirees that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. The City has a single employer OPEB plan with benefits based on age and date of employment. The City has established an irrevocable trust fund to hold the assets of the OPEB plan. OPEB liabilities reported in the statement of activities are typically liquidated from the general fund. Please refer to Note 17 for more information.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the net position of OPEB and additions to and deletions from the systems' net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms discussed in Note 17. Investments are reported at fair value.

# 18. Health Insurance Benefits

Pursuant to City Code Chapter 78, Article II, Sections 78 through 81, the City provides for employees health care coverage with the cost of such coverage shared between the employee and the City. In addition, the collective bargaining agreements of the American Federation of State (AFSCME), County and Government Supervisors Association (GSA), and Communication Workers of America (CWA) all require the City to provide group health care coverage to their members. Currently the City provides its active, full-time employees and retirees the opportunity to elect group health care coverage (medical and dental). The City's group health plan excludes coverage for members of the Fraternal Order of Police (FOP) and the International Association of Fire Fighters (IAFF). FOP members are eligible to participate in the City's dental plan. The City and the employee/ retiree contribute to the cost of this coverage, at different rates, based on the plan elected.

The City established an internal service Health Insurance Fund (the "Fund") to account for Medical and Dental activities. Revenues from employee and City premiums are recorded in the Fund. The Fund is reviewed quarterly by City actuaries and premiums are set to pay for all claims and the premium cost of "stop loss" insurance coverage. Both medical and dental claims are administered by a third-party service provider.

## 19. Recent accounting pronouncements adopted/implemented

For the year beginning October 1, 2021, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*; GASB No. 91, *Conduit Debt*; GASB No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, and GASB No. 97, 457 *deferred compensation plans and component units*.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. See Note 1, item 7, Note 6, and Note 9 for disclosures. The implementation of GASB 87 *Leases* resulted in restatement of beginning balances for certain proprietary balances, see Note 18.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations,* and the recognition as of October 1 of some lease related amounts that were not previously reported. This statement requires issuers to disclose general information about their conduit debt obligations, organized by type of commitment, including the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the issuers' conduit debt obligations and a description of each type of commitment. Issuers that recognize liabilities related to supporting the debt service of conduit debt obligations also should disclose information about the amount recognized and how the liabilities changed during the reporting period. The City issues conduit debt but does not recognize liabilities related to the conduit debt obligations. See Note 10 for disclosures.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments. The adoption of this statements had no reporting impact for the City.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.* The primary objectives of this statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. See Note 15 for disclosures.

# NOTE 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

# Sanitation – Net Position Deficit

At September 30, 2022, the Sanitation Fund had a net position deficit of \$586 thousand dollars this represents a decrease of \$2.3 million, from a deficit of \$2.9 million dollars from the prior year. The decrease in net position deficit is primarily as a result of lower personnel costs in pension and OPEB expenses compared to prior year. Management intends to continue to monitor the operations of the Sanitation Fund with the goal to budget sufficient funds to cover annual cost and reduce the accumulated deficit.

## Office of Inspector General – Net Position Deficit

At September 30, 2022, the Office of Inspector General Fund (OIG) had a fund deficit of \$1.36 million an increase of approximately \$5 thousand dollars compared to prior year. The OIG operations carry significant liabilities primarily related to OPEB and Pension costs. Management continues to monitor the activities of the fund to ensure that the deficit continues to decline.

## Property Management – Net Position Deficit

At September 30, 2022, the Property Management Fund had a net position deficit of \$599 thousand dollars compared to \$692 thousand in prior year. Property management is an internal service fund that has significant expenses in contractual services. These costs are attributed to the services of external contractors whose services are necessary to meet the demands of providing services to the City and can be challenging to predict. Management will continue to monitor this fund to determine if further action is required.

# Community Development Block Grant - Net Position Deficit

At September 30, 2022, the City's Community Development Block Grant Fund had a net position deficit of \$3.4 thousand compared to \$18.6 thousand in prior year. The net position deficit is primarily due to grant expenditures pending reimbursement. The City will continue to review transactions to ensure more timely receipt of grant funds.

# **NOTE 3 - Deposits and Investments**

# City's Pooled Portfolio Investments:

## Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

The City's Investments are made based on prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction with the intent to hold the instrument until maturity. If the yield of the portfolio can be improved by the sale of an investment, prior to its maturity, with the reinvestment of the proceeds, then this provision is allowed. As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses, the City's investment policy limits maturity of its investments to seven (7) years or less.

As of September 30, 2022, the City had the following investments in its portfolio:

	Investment N	latu	rities (in years)		
City's	Fair		Less		
Investment Type	 Value		Than 1		1-5
U.S. Government Agencies	\$ 69,195,533	\$	39,553,248	\$	29,642,285
U.S. Government Treasuries	527,841,783		68,266,632		459,575,151
Corporate bonds	20,308,336		9,958,431		10,349,905
Israeli Bonds	10,000,000		4,000,000		6,000,000
FLCLASS Pool	468,522,863		468,522,863		-
Total	\$ 1,095,868,515	\$	590,301,174	\$	505,567,341

# Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment plan limits the amount that can be invested in any one issuer as well as maximum portfolio allocation percentages. The investment policy allows for a maximum of 100% of the portfolio in U.S. Government Securities, Money Market Mutual Funds and Intergovernmental Investment Pool, 50% in U.S. Agencies, 80% in Federal Instrumentalities, 5% in State of Israel Bonds, 15% in Mortgage/Asset-Backed Securities, 25% in Florida Prime Fund, Interest Bearing Time Certificates, Repurchase Agreements, Commercial Paper and Florida League of Cities, Inc. Mutual Funds, 40% in Corporate Notes, 20% in Bankers Acceptances and State and/or Local Government Taxable and/or Tax-exempt Debt, and Externally Managed Funds requiring specific approval by the City Commission. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more of total investments at September 30, 2022.

# Credit Risk

This is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds rated in one of the top two ratings issued by the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSROs). It is the City's policy to limit its exposure in these investment types to the top rating issued by NRSROs. U.S. government agencies are only implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. U.S. Government Treasuries explicitly guaranteed by the U. S. Government are not considered to have credit risk exposure.

As of September 30, 2022, the City's investments were rated by Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's as follows:

Investment		Standard &			Reported
Туре	lssuer	Poor's	Moody's		Value
			,		
US Securitized Products					
	FHLB	AA+	Aaa	\$	19,769,415
	FNMA	AA+	Aaa		12,332,110
	FHLMC	AA+	Aaa		12,383,893
	FFCB	AA+	Aaa		24,710,115
				\$	69,195,533
US Government Treasuries:					
	U. S. Government	AA+	Aaa		527,841,783
				\$	527,841,783
Corporate Bonds:					
	Colgate-Palmolive Co.	AA-	Aa3	\$	1,709,838
	Exxon Mobil	AA+	Aaa		4,909,802
	Wal-Mart	AA	Aa2		13,688,696
		,	, 1012	s —	20,308,336
				Ť <b>=</b>	
Israeli Bonds:					
	State of Israel	A+	A1	\$	10,000,000
				\$ <b>-</b>	10,000,000
				· =	- , ,
FLCLASS	Local Government Invt. Pool	AAAm	N/A	\$	468,522,863
Total				\$	1,095,868,515

<u>Fair Value Measurement</u>: GASB issued Statement No. 72, addressing the accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. GASB No. 72 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are based on other significant observable inputs such as indices for fixed income bonds and quoted prices similar assets in markets that are not active; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

					 alue nts Using
Investments by Fair Value Level		Balance	-	Level 1	 Level 2
U.S. Securitized Products	\$	69,195,533	\$		\$ 69,195,533
U.S. Government Treasuries		527,841,783	,		527,841,783
Corporate Bonds		20,308,336			20,308,336
State of Israel Bonds		10,000,000			10,000,000
Total Debt Securities		627,345,652	•		
Investments measured at Net Asset Value (FL CLASS)		468,522,863	-	468,522,863	
Total Investments	\$	1,095,868,515	\$	468,522,863	\$ 627,345,652
Investments Measures at the NAV:					
				Redemption	
		Fair Value		Frequency	Notice Period
FLCLASS	ç	\$ 468,522,863		Daily	 Same day

Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS) is an external local government investment pool created by interlocal agreement under F.S. 163.01. The pool is supervised by an appointed Board of Trustees comprised of eligible participants of the program. The Board acts as the liaison between the participants, the custodian, and the program administrator. The fund is an S&P AAAm rated money market product offering a fiscally conservative diversification option for Florida local governments. The objective of the fund is to provide investors with liquidity, stable share price and as high a level of current income as is consistent with preservation of principal and liquidity.

The investment portfolio weighted average maturity at September 30, 2022 was 1.55 years or 566 days.

The City's cash and investments held at September 30, 2022 (including restricted cash and cash with paying agent) are shown below:

Schedule of cash and investments by fund:

General	\$	99,322,720
Resort Tax		50,182,262
Redevelopment Agency		36,002,448
Capital Projects		253,557,243
Storm Water		152,430,843
Water & Sewer		213,482,425
Parking		93,141,870
Convention Center Complex		29,753,187
Internal Service		119,869,298
Custodial Fund		1,101,867
Nonmajor Governmental		188,603,511
Nonmajor Enterprise	_	62,864,301
Total cash and investments (excl. Trust Funds)	\$	1,300,311,975

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institutional failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it.

<u>Deposits</u> All deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under the Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", the State Treasurer requires all qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to 50% to 125% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, United States governmental and agency securities, state or municipality government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280, Florida Statues. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

Securities pledged as collateral are held by a third party. Joint custody safekeeping receipts are held in the name of the depository institution but pledged to the City. The security cannot be released, substituted or sold without the City's approval and release of the security.

<u>Investments</u> The City's investment policy requires that securities be registered in the name of the City. All safekeeping receipts for investment instruments are held in accounts in the City's name and all securities are registered in the City's name.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, the City is required to adjust interest earnings on the financial statements to reflect unrealized gains and losses due to year over year changes in the market value of the City's investment portfolio. As of September 30, 2022, the City's investment portfolios have an unrealized loss of approximately \$41.9 million as a result of significant increases in interest rates of more than 3.5%, including the most dramatic increase in the federal funds overnight rate over a six month period in more than 30 years. This increase in rates resulted in a significant increase in unrealized losses due to the inverse relationship between changes in interest rates and bond prices. Unrealized losses are not recognized unless the security is sold. The unrealized loss of a security represents the difference between the book value and market value of the securities held on September 30, 2022.

# **Employee Retirement Systems Investments:**

The City has adopted ordinances which govern the investment of funds for all of the Employee's Retirement Systems (the System). Each Plan is allowed to invest in a wide range of instruments including but not limited to United States Treasury obligations, loans guaranteed by government agencies, Mutual and Money Market funds, Private Placement, Real Estate funds, General Obligation or Revenue Bonds issued by states and municipalities, dividend paying stocks of domestic corporations, International Equity Funds, bonds, notes or other interest bearing obligations of domestic corporations, and shares and accounts of savings and loan associations. Each Plan has a Board of Trustees who authorizes the investment policy.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity an investment has, the greater the sensitivity of fair value changes due to its dependence on the market interest rate.

Information about the sensitivity of fair value of the System's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided in the table below that shows the distribution of the Systems fixed income investment by maturity at September 30, 2022.

<b>City Pension Fund For Fire</b>	Investment Maturities (in years)								
And Police Officers:		Fair	Less					More	
Investment Type	vestment Type Value		 Than 1		1-5 6-10			than 10	
U.S. government securities	\$	15,502,957	\$ - \$	\$	4,994,362 \$	8,821,701	\$	1,686,894	
Corporate bonds and notes		136,515,756	12,641,059		55,264,451	58,510,753		10,099,493	
U.S Treasuries		41,721,126	5,014,354		21,600,628	10,664,499		4,441,645	
International Private Placeme	nt	38,491,179	 184,758		7,740,576	23,060,065		7,505,780	
Total	\$ _	232,231,018	\$ 17,840,171 \$	\$	89,600,017 \$	101,057,018	\$ ]	23,733,812	

# Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan:

			 Investment Maturities (in years)									
		Fair	Less				More					
Investment Type		Value	 Than 1	1-5	6-10		than 10					
Fixed income bond funds	\$	130,643,812	\$ 4,995,275 \$	26,671,016 \$	86,518,622	\$	12,458,899					
Fixed securities		384,999	-	118,803	255,682		10,514					
Total	\$ _	131,028,811	\$ 4,995,275 \$	26,789,819 \$	86,774,304	\$	12,469,413					

# Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund:

		Investm	Investment Maturities (in years)							
	Fair	Less		More	More than					
Investment Type	Value	Than 1	1-5	6-10	10					
U.S. government securities	\$ 861,095	\$ 116,259	449,337	154,015	141,484					
Corporate bonds and notes	3,816,165	397,796	1,541,977	1,876,392	-					
Total	\$ 4,677,260	\$ 514,055 \$	1,991,314 \$	2,030,407	\$ 141,484					

# Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund:

			Inves	Investment Maturities (in years)							
	Fair		Less					- I	More than		
Investment Type	Value		Than 1		1-5		6-10		10		
		•									
U.S. government securities	\$ 2,548,395	\$	983,207	\$	1,207,195	\$	149,352	\$	208,641		
Corporate bonds and notes	1,266,578		-		195,876		518,787	_	551,915		
Total	\$ 3,814,973	\$	983,207	\$	1,403,071	\$	668,139	\$	760,556		

<u>Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk</u> The System's investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control credit risk. The Systems have no limit imposed on fixed income securities issued directly by the U.S. Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof. The City pension fund for firefighters and police officers' limits corporate debt securities (bonds, notes, debentures at the time of purchase) to only the highest three categories of quality by any of the following listed services: Moody's, Standards and Poor's or Fitch's Manual. Any issue which is downgraded to investment grade fourth category may be held. Any issue if downgraded below investment grade by two of the three of the above-mentioned ratings services

must either be sold or specifically approved for retention by the Board. Commercial paper must be rated Moody's P1 or Standard and Poor's A1. Bonds issued by the State of Israel may also be purchased. The City employee's retirement system limits commercial paper to those rated only in the highest category. Other fixed income securities that are classified "Investment Grade" in the top four rating by Standard & Poor's and Moody's can also be purchased. The firefighters and police officers pension funds follow state law, which limits investments in debt securities to those with the top three ratings issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. There were no individual investments that represent five percent or more of the total investments at September 30, 2022.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Plan has exposure through international holding in a private placement trust fund. The Plan has exposure to currency fluctuations at September 30, 2022 as follows:

# City's Pension for Firefighters and Policemen of the Total Private Placement Fund

Country	(Valued in U.S. Dollars)					
Australia	\$ 946,883					
Canada		1,982,296				
China		5,535,032				
Euro		13,514,253				
Japan		8,367,982				
Romania		1,035,413				
Russia		612,010				
South Korea		796,767				
United States		3,995,384				
United Kingdom		1,705,159				
	\$	38,491,179				

Credit risk is generally measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. The following table discloses credit ratings by investment type at September 30, 2022:

### City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers:

		Fair	Percentage of
		Value	Portfolio
U.S. Government Securities		57,224,083	24.6_%
Quality rating of credit risk debt securiti	es		
Aaa	\$	16,715,166	7.20
Аа		9,607,744	4.14
Aa1		1,635,247	0.70
Aa2		1,510,645	0.65
Aa3		5,820,947	2.51
А		6,539,651	2.81
A1		30,004,949	12.92
A2		31,138,543	13.41
A3		30,543,193	13.15
Baa1		17,241,315	7.42
Baa2		10,030,893	4.32
Ваа		10,919,948	4.70
Ва		1,732,103	0.75
В		854,504	0.37
Саа		712,087	0.31
Total fixed income securities	\$	232,231,018	100.00 %

### Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan:

		Fair Value	Percentage of Portfolio	_
Quality rating of credit risk debt securities	-			
AAA-A-	\$	86,369,819	65.92	%
BBB-B-		21,218,485	16.19	
Below B		633,697	0.48	
Not Provided		22,806,810	17.41	_
Total credit risk debt securities	\$	131,028,811	100.00	%

## Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund:

	_	Fair Value	Percentage of Portfolio	:
U.S. Government Securities	\$	861,095	18.41	%
Quality rating of credit risk debt securities				
Ааа		95,400	2.04	
Aa1		241,723	5.17	
Aa2		77,469	1.66	
Aa3		98,470	2.10	
A1		271,475	5.80	
A2		420,737	9.00	
A3		1,187,948	25.40	
Baa1		1,259,651	26.93	
Baa2	_	163,292	3.49	
Total credit risk debt securities	_	3,816,165	81.59	
Total fixed income securities	\$_	4,677,260	100.00	%

### Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund:

		Fair	Percentage of	
		Value	Portfolio	
U.S. Government Securities	\$	2,548,395	66.80	%
Quality rating of credit risk debt securities	;			
Aaa		45,906	1.20	
Aa3		98,471	2.58	
A1		509,964	13.37	
A2		233,172	6.11	
Baa1		379,065	9.94	
Total credit risk debt securities		1,266,578	33.20	
Total fixed income securities	\$	3,814,973	100.00	%
				•

As of September 30, 2022, the total pension system had the following cash and investments in its portfolio:

		Fair
	_	Value
Short term investments U.S. government securities Corporate bonds and notes Bond funds Common stocks and index funds Foreign stocks Real estate funds Infrastructure investments Mutual funds Hedge Fund	- \$	17,730,538 60,633,573 141,598,499 169,134,991 789,703,328 155,360,483 325,168,942 37,618,998 94,901,536 10,740,507
Total cash and investments	\$	1,802,591,395

Fair Value Measurement: GASB Statement No. 72, addressed the accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements and defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are based on other significant observable inputs such as indices for fixed income bonds and quoted prices similar assets in markets that are not active; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments are reported at fair value. The fair value of quoted investments is based on the closing sales price or bid price as reported by recognized security exchanges. Fair value for stocks is determined by using the closing price listed on the national securities exchanges at September 30. Securities traded in the over-the counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at the last reported bid price. Commercial paper, time deposits and short-term investment pools are valued at cost, which approximates fair value.

The City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

			Fair Value Meas	urements Using
Investments by fair value level		2022	Level 1	Level 2
Equity securities				
Common stocks	\$	309,623,518	\$ 309,623,518	
Commingled domestic equity funds		167,788,145	167,788,145	
Commingled international equity fund	:	47,469,058		47,469,058
Total equity securities		524,880,721	477,411,663	47,469,058
Debt securities				
Government and agency obligations		41,721,126	41,721,126	-
Municipal/provincial obligations		15,502,957		15,502,957
Corporate bonds		136,515,756		136,515,756
International private placement		38,491,179		38,491,179
Total debt securities		232,231,018	41,721,126	190,509,892
Mutual funds		38,787,144		38,787,144
Total investments by fair value level	\$	795,898,883	\$ 519,132,789	\$ 276,766,094
Investments measured at the net asset value (N		()		

#### Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)

Real estate fund	201,623,114
Hedge Fund	10,740,507
Total investments measured at net asset value	212,363,621
Money market funds (exempt)	12,662,159
Total investments	\$ 1,020,924,663

<u>Short-term investment funds</u>: These consist primarily of money market funds, commercial paper and similar instruments with maturities of less than one year. Short-term investments are reported at fair value or at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. For those investments which are reported at fair value, the investments are valued using similar methodologies as described within the debt securities section below.

<u>Equity securities</u>: These include common stock, domestic and international equity funds. Domestic securities traded on a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the fiscal year. Securities traded in the over-the counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at the last reported bid price. International equities are valued based upon quoted foreign market prices and translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect at September 30, 2022. Securities which are not traded on a national security exchange are valued by the respective fund manager or other third parties based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

<u>Debt securities</u>: Debt securities consist primarily of negotiable obligations of the U.S. government and U.S. government-sponsored agencies, corporations, and foreign debt securities (included in international fixed income in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position). These securities can typically be valued using the close or last traded price on a specific date (quoted prices in active markets). When quoted prices are not available, fair value is determined based on valuation models that use inputs that include market observable inputs. These inputs included recent trades, yields, price quotes, cash flows, maturity, credit ratings, and other assumptions based upon the specifics of the investment's type.

<u>Real estate</u>: Real estate funds are valued using their respective net asset value ("NAV") as of September 30, 2022. The most significant input into the NAV of such funds is the fair value of the investment holdings. These holdings are valued by the general partners on a quarterly or semi-annual basis, in conjunction with management and investment advisors.

The Plans valuation methods for investments measured at the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Investments Measured at the NAV					
	Redem					
			Redemption	Notice		
		2022	Frequency	Period		
Real estate fund <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	69,543,905	Quarterly	45 Days		
Real estate fund <sup>(2)</sup>		65,015,753	Quarterly	45 Days		
Real estate fund <sup>(2)</sup>		67,063,456	Quarterly	45 Days		
Hedge Fund <sup>(3)</sup>		10,740,507	Quarterly	70 Days		
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$	212,363,621				

There were no unfunded commitments at September 30, 2022.

(1) This fund is an open-ended, commingled real-estate fund with a diversified portfolio of income producing properties located throughout the United States. The investment is valued at NAV and redemption request must be received by the fund 45 days prior to quarter-end.

(2) These funds are an open-end, commingled real estate fund that invests in improved properties with stabilized occupancies. The assets have high quality physical features with strong locational factors allowing the investment to attain a strong competitive position with the assets' local sphere. The investment is valued at NAV and redemption requests must be received by the fund 45 days prior to quarter-end.

(3)This fund is a diversified portfolio with an objective to generate a superior absolute and risk-adjusted rate of return, with low performance volatility and low correlation with global equity and fixed income markets, over a full market cycle; and preserve capital during challenging market environments. The investment is valued at NAV and redemption requests must be received by the fund 70 days prior to quarter end.

The Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

		Fair	Value	Measurements	Jsing	I
Investments by fair value level	 2022	 Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Equity securities						
Domestic equities						
S&P Index	\$ 79,358,365	\$ -	\$	79,358,365	\$	-
Large cap fund PLUS	120,914,983	-		120,914,983		-
Mid-cap index fund	31,682,610	-		31,682,610		-
Small-cap index	63,160,219	35,286,035		27,874,184		-
International equities						
International equity growth	75,793,042	-		75,793,042		-
Emerging markets core	32,098,383	32,098,383		-		-
Mutual fund equities (DROP)	16,841,731	16,841,731		-		-
Total equity securities	419,849,333	84,226,149		335,623,184		-
Fixed income	-					
Core bond index fund	28,607,761	-		28,607,761		-
Bond fund	102,036,051	-		102,036,051		-
Fixed Income Fubd (DROP)	 384,999	 -		384,999		
Total fixed income	131,028,811	-		131,028,811		-
Real estate strategic property fund	119,294,632	-		-		119,294,632
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 670,172,776	\$ 84,226,149	\$	466,651,995	\$	119,294,632

Investment measured at the net asset value (NAV)

 37,618,998
37,618,998
1,808,811
\$ 709,600,585
\$

Investments Measured at the NAV

		Redemption	
		Frequency	Redemption
	Fair Value	(if Currency Eligible)	Notice
Infrastructure Fund	\$ 37,618,998	Semi-annual	90 Days

At September 30, 2022, there were no unfunded commitments. This fund is focused on identifying a universe of investments that best meet the portfolio's risk management objectives. This involves the identification of investments that have assets predominantly invested in developed economies. Limits have been applied to country and regional exposure. The return pattern expected from global infrastructure is an inflationary return component plus a substantial premium, as well as competitive performance relative to the S&P Global Infrastructure Index. The fund is valued at the net asset value of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less its liability.

The Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund had the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

		ureme	ents Using			
Investments by fair value level	 2022	Level 1		Level 2		
Equity Securities						
common stocks	\$ 12,290,685	\$ 12,290,685	\$	-		
Total equity securities	 12,290,685	12,290,685		-		
Debt securities						
U.S. treasury securities	688,657	688,657		-		
U.S. agency securities	172,438	-		172,438		
Corporate bonds	 3,816,165	 -		3,816,165		
Total debt securities	 4,677,260	 688,657		3,988,603		
Total Investments by fair value level	\$ 16,967,945	\$ 12,979,342	\$	3,988,603		

Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)

Real estate fund	\$ 2,201,720
Total investments measured at NAV	2,201,720
Money market funds (exempt)	 2,370,957
Total investments	\$ 21,540,622

Investments Measured at the NAV

			Redemption Frequency	Notice
	F	air Value	(if Currency Eligible)	Period
Real estate fund	\$	2,201,720	Quarterly	10 days

The Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund have the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

		Fair Value Meas	
Investments by fair value level	2022	Level 1	Level 2
U.S. Treasury securities	2,548,395	2,548,395	-
Equity Securities	4,884,803	4,884,803	-
Corporate bonds	1,266,578	1,266,578	
Total debt securities	8,699,776	8,699,776	
Total Investments by fair value level	\$ 8,699,776	\$ 8,699,776	<u>\$ -</u>

Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)

Real estate fund	\$ 2,049,476
Total investments measured at NAV	2,049,476
Money market funds (exempt)	 888,611
Total investments	\$ 11,637,863

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institutional failure, the System's deposits may not be returned to it. Consistent with the System's investment policy, the investments are held by the System's custodial bank and registered in the System's name. All System's deposits are insured and or collateralized by a financial institution separate from the System's depository financial institution. At September 30, 2022, the Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan had an uninsured cash balance of approximately \$1,230,000 with one financial institution.

### City's OPEB Trust:

At September 30, 2022, the City's OPEB Trust Fund investments were comprised of \$429,307 in cash and money market accounts and \$38,887,662 in mutual funds.

Fair Value Measurement: GASB Statement No. 72, addressed the accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements and defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are based on other significant observable inputs such as indices for fixed income bonds and quoted prices similar assets in markets that are not active; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The OPEB Trust had the following fair value measurements at September 30, 2022:

	2022
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)	
Mutual Funds	\$ 38,887,662
Total investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)	38,887,662
Total Investments	\$ 38,887,662

The OPEB Trusts' valuation methods for investments measured at the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) as of September 30, are as follows:

			202	2								
		Investments Measured at the NAV										
	-	2022	Unfunded	Redemption	Redemption							
		2022	Commitments	Frequency	Noticed Period							
Mutual Fund	\$	38,887,662	N/A	Daily	Same Day							

The mutual funds are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily NAV and transact at that price. They are determined to be actively traded.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk:</u> For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institutional failure, the System's deposits may not be returned to it. Consistent with the City's investment policy, the investments are registered in the City's name. All City deposits are insured and or collateralized by a financial institution separate from the System's depository financial institution. At September 30, 2022, the Plan had an uninsured cash balance of approximately \$429,000 with one financial institution.

#### Discretely Presented Component Units:

Component unit's cash and investment in the amount of \$5,814,313 consists of demand deposit and money market deposit accounts. These accounts are not subjected to interest rate risks, credit risks or concentration of credit risks. All deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under the Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", the State Treasurer requires all qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to 50% to 125% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, United States governmental and agency securities, state or municipality government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280, Florida Statues. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

For the Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority and the Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority, securities pledged as collateral are held by a third party. Joint custody safekeeping receipts are held in the name of the depository institution but pledged to the component unit. The security cannot be released, substituted or sold without the component unit's approval and release of the security.

### **NOTE 4 – Accounts Receivables**

Receivables at September 30, 2022 for the City's individual major and nonmajor funds and internal service in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	Governmental Funds/ Governmental Type Activites											
Fund Level:	_	General		Resort Tax		Miami Beach Redevelopm ent Agency		Capital Projects		Non Major Funds	_	Internal Service	Total
Receivables: Accounts Special Assessments	\$	7,303,603 -	\$	6,087,298 551,638	\$	-	\$	- 74,303	\$	459,495 -	\$	71,002 \$ -	13,921,398 625,941
Gross receivables Less: allowance for uncollectible	-	7,303,603		6,638,936		-		74,303	• •	459,495	_	71,002	14,547,339
accounts		(3,483,151)		-		-		-		(176,015)		(63,829)	(3,722,995)
Net receivables	\$	3,820,452	\$	6,638,936	\$	-	\$	74,303	\$	283,480	\$	7,173 \$	10,824,344
Accrued Interest		1,897,248		-		178,980		211,563		-		-	2,287,791
Government Wide:													
Taxes	_	1,610,123		-		-		-		80,721	_		1,690,844
Total	\$ =	7,327,823	<b>\$</b> :	6,638,936	\$:	178,980		285,866	\$	364,201	\$_	7,173 \$	14,802,979

	Proprietary Funds/ Business Type Activites										
Fund Level: Receivables:	Storm Water	-	Water and Sewer		Parking	-	Convention Center Complex	-	Nonmajor Funds	-	Total
Accounts	\$ 6,916,822	\$	17,188,393	\$	701,050	\$	15,615,850	\$	1,255,473	\$	41,677,588
Gross receivables Less: allowance for uncollectible	6,916,822		17,188,393		701,050		15,615,850		1,255,473		41,677,588
accounts	(3,607,166)	_	(4,615,971)		(30,558)		-	_	(555,212)	_	(8,808,907)
Net receivables	\$ 3,309,656	\$	12,572,422	\$	670,492	\$	15,615,850	\$	700,261	\$	32,868,681
Accrued Interest Total	\$ 14,781 3,324,437	\$	2,713 12,575,135	\$	5,703 676,195	\$	- 15,615,850	\$	- 700,261	\$	23,197 32,891,878

### **NOTE 5 - Property Taxes**

Property values are assessed (levied) by the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser as of January 1 of each year, at which time according to Florida Statute 197.122, taxes become an enforceable lien on property until discharged by payment or until barred under Chapter 95. Tax Bills are mailed in October and are payable upon receipt with discounts of 4% if paid in November, decreasing by 1% per month with no discount available if paid in the month of March. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment and State law provides for enforcement of collection of property taxes by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates and seizure of personal property to satisfy unpaid property taxes. These procedures result in the collection of essentially all taxes prior to June 30 of the year following the year of assessment.

## **NOTE 6 - Capital Assets**

Capital asset activities for the year ended September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Primary Government Governmental activites:		Beginning Balance		Adjustments/ Increases	Adjustments/ Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Intangible assets Construction work-in-progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$	59,104,058 4,181,941 249,200,843 312,486,842	\$	1,028,101 - 28,618,609 29,646,710	\$ 23,702,233	\$	60,132,159 4,181,941 254,117,219 318,431,319
Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and structures Permanent improvements Furniture & fixtures Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets, being	-	137,117,959 397,888,905 9,605,663 88,542,771 252,197,462	-	894,340 253,986 1,340,648 6,314,224 21,037,163	- - - 8,374 2,740,560 -	_	138,012,299 398,142,891 10,937,937 92,116,435 273,234,625
depreciated Less: accumulated depreciation for: Building and structures Permanent improvements Furniture & fixtures Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	-	885,352,760 61,336,677 169,234,491 8,215,734 61,116,359 159,160,048 459,063,309	-	29,840,361 2,616,767 11,790,096 625,132 7,166,607 7,624,179 29,822,781	2,748,934 - - 8,374 2,707,159 - 2,715,533	_	912,444,187 63,953,444 181,024,587 8,832,492 65,575,807 166,784,227 486,170,557
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	426,289,451 738,776,293 \$	-	17,580 29,664,290	\$ 33,401 23,735,634		426,273,630 744,704,949

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Government Activities:	
General government	\$ 7,926,420
Public safety	2,418,538
Physical environment	332,931
Transportation	9,635,552
Economic environment	308,323
Culture and recreation	9,201,017
Total depreciation expense – governmental	\$29,822,781

Accumulated Depreciation – For governmental activities, the increase in accumulated depreciation includes \$5,748,241 of depreciation expenses for internal services.

### Primary Government Business-type activities:

	_	Beginning Balance	_	Adjustments/ Increases	_	Adjustments/ Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Intangible assets	\$	25,848,303 \$ 4,318,059	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,848,303 4,318,059
Construction work-in-progress	_	265,884,004	_	16,504,610	_	13,431,226		268,957,388
Total capital assets, not being		~~~~~~~~						
depreciated	-	296,050,366	_	16,504,610	-	13,431,226		299,123,750
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings & Structure/Parking Lots		850,173,129		12,071,948		-		862,245,077
Mains & Lines		295,727,507		2,535,450		-		298,262,957
Meters & Hydrants		30,652,788		2,639,138		-		33,291,926
Furniture & fixtures, equipment	_	78,696,255	_	5,052,750	_	1,174,978		82,574,027
Total capital assets, being depreciated		1,255,249,679		22,299,286		1,174,978		1,276,373,987
depreciated	-	1,200,249,079	-	22,299,200	-	1,174,970		1,270,373,907
Less: accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings & Structure/Parking Lots		114,811,032		17,229,319		-		132,040,351
Mains & Lines		80,037,887		7,278,792		-		87,316,679
Meters & Hydrants		26,497,039		391,240		-		26,888,279
Furniture & fixtures, equipment	_	48,406,025	_	4,029,752	_	1,132,908		51,302,869
Total accumulated depreciation	_	269,751,983	_	28,929,103	-	1,132,908		297,548,178
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net	_	985,497,696	_	(6,629,817)	-	42,070		978,825,809
Business-type activities, combined								
capital assets, net	\$ _	1,281,548,062 \$	; =	9,874,793	\$_	13,473,296	\$_	1,277,949,559

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water & Sewer	\$ 6,170,141
Stormwater	4,065,216
Parking Systems	4,526,885
Convention Center Complex	12,092,653
Nonmajor Enterprise	2,074,208
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$28,929,103

#### **Right-to-Use Assets**

The City is the lessee for non-cancellable leases of land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles. The City recognizes lease liabilities and an intangible right-to-use the leased assets (right-to-use assets) in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. The right-to-use assets are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-to-use asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

#### **Primary Government** Governmental activities:

	-	Beginning Balance (As restated)*		Adjustments/ Increases	 Adjustments/ Decreases	 Ending Balance
Right-to-use assets:						
Land	\$	2,695,554	\$	7,874	\$ -	\$ 2,703,428
Building		16,511,259		-	-	16,511,259
Equipment		106,329		-	-	106,329
Vehicles		-		366,612	-	366,612
Total	-	19,313,142		374,486	 -	 19,687,628
Accumulated amortization:						
Land		-		188,977	-	188,977
Building		-		1,283,720	-	1,283,720
Equipment		-		50,234	-	50,234
Vehicles		-		63,731	-	63,731
Total	-	-		1,586,662	 -	 1,586,662
Right-to-use assets, net		19,313,142		(1,212,176)	-	18,100,966
*The City implemented GA	SB -	Statement No. 87	in f	iscal vear 2022.		

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87 in fiscal year 2022.

Accumulated Amortization - For governmental activities, the increase in accumulated amortization includes \$625,381 of amortization expenses for internal services.

Right-to-use asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

# **Primary Government**

**Business-type activities:** 

		Beginning Balance		Adjustments/		Adjustments/	Ending
	(A	s restated)*		Increases		Decreases	Balance
Right-to-use assets:			_				
Building	\$	126,202	\$		\$	-	\$ 126,202
Total		126,202		-		-	126,202
Accumulated amortization:							
Building		-		56,090	_	-	 56,090
Total		-		56,090		-	 56,090
Right-to-use assets, net		126,202		(56,090)	_	-	 70,112
*The City implemented GAS	B Stat	ement No. 8	 7 ir	fiscal vear 202	22		

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87 in fiscal year 2022.

### **Net Investment in Capital Assets**

The total net investment in capital assets at September 30, 2022 is composed of the following elements:

	Governmental	Business-Type
	 Activities	Activities
Capital assets, net \$	\$ 744,704,949	\$ 1,277,949,559
Right-to-use assets, net	18,100,966	70,112
Long-term obligations, net of premium	(212,230,285)	(480,390,595)
Payables	(2,623,266)	(33,457,938)
Unspent debt proceeds	97,037,365	139,149,022
\$	\$ 644,989,729	\$ 903,320,160

### NOTE 7 – Construction and other Commitments

At September 30, 2022, the City funds had active construction projects which includes, but is not limited to water; wastewater and storm water improvements; as well as a variety of streetscape enhancement projects. The following table presets these commitments by fund:

Construction Encumbrance	
Capital Project	\$ 41,547,963
Redevelopment Agency	3,053,863
Non Major Governmental	15,931,426
Storm Water Utility	62,506,686
Water & Sewer	26,855,156
Parking Systems	1,143,497
Convention Center Complex	575,534
Non-major Enterprise	 9,883
	\$ 151,624,008

The City funds had the following encumbrance commitments at September 30, 2022:

Operating Encumbrance	
General	\$ 4,423,628
Resort Tax	18,934
Redevelopment Agency	77,992
Other Governmental	3,970,572
Internal Service	12,299,758
Storm Water Utility	665,551
Water & Sewer	8,453,167
Parking Systems	2,047,570
Convention Center Complex	230,561
Non-major Enterprise	 1,711,292
	\$ 33,899,025

### NOTE 8 - Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

						1	Tra	nsfer From						
				Redeve-		Other				Con-		Nonmajor		
Transfer		Resort		lopment	Capital	Govern-		Storm		vention		Enter-	Internal	
То	General	Tax	-	Agency	Projects	mental	_	Water	Parking	Center	-	prise	Service	Total
General	\$ -	\$ 38,924,914	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 7,438 \$		-	\$ - \$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 38,932,352
Capital Projects	39,338,000	-		14,200,000	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	53,538,000
Other Governmental	1,180,000	31,751,378		23,213,369	11,971	247,089		449,159	38,000	1,098,000		3,000	358,000	58,349,966
Convention Center	-	6,299,410		4,000,000	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	10,299,410
Nonmajor Enterprise	-	3,040,000		12,900,000	-	-		957,000	-	-		478,000	-	17,375,000
Internal Service	300,000			-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	300,000
5	\$ 40,818,000	\$ 80,015,702	\$	54,313,369	\$ 11,971	\$ 254,527 \$		1,406,159	\$ 38,000 \$	1,098,000	\$	481,000	\$ 358,000	\$ 178,794,728

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due (2) move restricted amounts from borrowings to the debt service fund to establish mandatory reserve accounts, and (3) move unrestricted general revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Major transfers for the year were:

The General Fund transferred \$34.1 million to the Capital pay-as-you-go fund and \$5.2 million to the Capital Reserve fund to fund anticipated capital project gaps.

The resort tax fund transferred to the general fund \$38.9 million for citywide tourism-eligible expenses. The resort tax fund also transferred \$12.5 million for debt services, \$11.6 million for transportation, \$1.9 million for cultural arts council programs, \$6.3 million to the Convention Center capital renewal and replacement fund for improving and maintaining the Convention Center, \$3 million to the Sanitation Fund for Sanitation services provided in tourism areas and \$5.8 million to other funds to fund various south beach, middle and north beach approved projects.

Redevelopment Agency (RDA) Fund transferred \$14.2 million to the RDA Capital fund to fund the contractually required payments related to the Miami Beach Convention Center project final settlement agreement, \$7 million to RDA Parking garage and \$5.9 million to RDA Anchor Shops to reimburse the city for payments related to the aforementioned settlement agreement, \$21.7 million to other governmental funds for debt service payments, \$4 million for convention center contribution for expenses related to the Convention and expansion project, and \$1.5 million transferred to the Beach Renourishment fund for an annual beach renourishment reimbursement to the County and the City.

			Red	ceivable fund(Due	From)		
	General	Resort					
Payable fund (Due To)	Fund	Taxes	lopment	Capital	NMG	NME	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 492,993	\$ 1,035,760	\$1,581,778	\$ 498,802	\$3,609,333
NMG	834	898,951	-	-	-	-	899,785
NME	500,935	-					500,935
	\$ 501,769	\$ 898,951	\$ 492,993	\$ 1,035,760	\$1,581,778	\$ 498,802	\$5,010,053

Interfund Balance at September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditure occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payment between funds are made.

As of September 30, 2022, the General Fund was due a total of \$3.6 million, from other funds. Of that amount \$493 thousand is due from the Redevelopment Agency (RDA) for disbursements paid from the general depository pooled account pending reimbursement from the RDA fund. An interfund loan for the Sunset Island underground utilities project in the amount of \$1.5 million and \$45 thousand due from CDBG grant fund for disbursements paid from the general depository pooled account pending reimbursement from the CDBG fund. Capital project expenses from the general depository pooled account and need reimbursement from RDA 2015 Bonds Convention Center fund for \$706 thousand and \$330 thousand for RDA City Center Capital projects fund. A total of \$499 thousand is also due from enterprise funds, RDA leasing, and RDA garages to the general fund.

### Note 9 – Leases

The financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022 include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Balances at October 1, 2021 were restated in accordance with the GASB requirements.

### A. Leases Receivable

Details of the City's leases receivable by lease for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

Leases Receivable

ension Beginning
eriod Balance Receipts/ Ending Interest Fixed
nonths) (As restated) Additions Reductions Balance Income Annual Payment
24 \$ 337,353 \$ - \$ 62,513 \$ 274,840 \$ 2,417 \$ 64,930
36 80,151 - 24,404 55,747 307 24,711
36 104,010 - 29,545 74,465 455 30,000
24 84,526 - 29,740 54,786 260 30,000
120 951,384 - 316,089 635,295 3,911 320,000
- 1,799,818 - 381,500 1,418,318 10,500 392,000
120 - 25,690,927 415,654 25,275,273 366,259 781,913
57 333,553 - 54,088 279,465 2,512 56,600
360 196,137 - 32,898 163,239 1,781 34,679
240 1,830,867 - 50,120 1,780,747 39,880 90,000
120 766,682 - 37,239 729,443 11,976 49,215
240 695,956 - 16,203 679,753 15,338 31,541
60 - 1,094,648 407,196 687,452 - 407,196
nd Total \$ 7,180,437 \$ 26,785,575 \$ 1,857,189 \$ 32,108,823 \$ 455,596 \$ 2,312,785

Details of the City's leases receivable by lease for business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

#### Leases Receivable

Business-typ	e activities	s:			Term	Interest		Number	Extension	Beginning					
					as of	Rate	Extension	of	Period	Balance		Receipts/	Ending	Interest	Fixed
Reference	Fund	Asset Type	Start Date	End Date	10/10/2021	in %	Option	Options	(in moths)	(As restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Income	Annual Payment
2021-011	RDA Leasin	g Buildings	10/1/2021	12/31/2025	51	0.67	No	-	-	\$ 707,244 \$	- \$	164,902 \$	542,342 \$	3,848 \$	168,750
2021-014	RDA Leasin	g Buildings	10/1/2021	1/14/2025	39	0.49	Yes	2	60	-	921,096	222,749	698,347	8,683	231,432
								RDA Le	easing Total	707,244	921,096	387,651	1,240,689	12,531	400,182
2021-026	Parking	Land	10/1/2021	5/6/2026	55	0.71	No	-	-	36,731	-	7,786	28,945	214	8,000
2021-033	Parking	Land	10/1/2021	8/31/2049	35	2.41	Yes	2	240	4,272,024	-	116,947	4,155,077	93,053	210,000
2021-034	Parking	Land	10/1/2021	11/30/2039	218	1.75	Yes	1	120	975,777	-	47,395	928,382	15,242	62,637
2021-035	Parking	Land	10/1/2021	4/30/2053	379	2.43	Yes	2	240	1,623,898	-	37,808	1,586,090	35,788	73,596
2021-045	Parking	Land	10/1/2021	7/22/2026	57	0.71	No	-	-	26,733		5,468	21,265	157	5,625
								F	Parking Total	6,935,163	-	215,404	6,719,759	144,454	359,858

-			-			-		
Business-type activities Total \$	7,642,407	\$ 921,096	\$	603,055	\$ 7,960,448	\$	156,985	\$ 760,040

Details of the City's leases deferred inflow by lease for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

### Leases Deferred Inflow Governmental activities:

			Beginning										
Balance													
Reference	Fund	Asset Type	(As restated)		Additions	Reductions	_	Balance					
2021-001	General	Buildings \$	337,353	\$	- \$	67,471	\$	269,882					
2021-002	General	Buildings	80,151		-	25,311		54,840					
2021-005	General	Buildings	104,010		-	29,717		74,293					
2021-006	General	Buildings	84,526		-	29,833		54,693					
2021-020	General	Land	951,384		-	292,733		658,651					
2021-026	General	Land	1,799,818		-	391,265		1,408,553					
2021-028	General	Land	-		25,690,927	802,842		24,888,085					
2021-029	General	Land	333,553		-	59,741		273,812					
2021-030	General	Buildings	196,137		-	33,623		162,514					
2021-033	General	Land	1,830,867		-	65,583		1,765,284					
2021-034	General	Land	766,682		-	42,203		724,479					
2021-035	General	Land	695,956		-	22,035		673,921					
2021-044	General	Buildings			1,094,648	321,255	_	773,393					
	Gene	eral Fund Total \$	7,180,437	\$	26,785,575 \$	2,183,612	\$_	31,782,400					

Details of the City's leases deferred inflow by lease for business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

### Leases Deferred Inflow Business-type activities:

			Beginning			
			Balance			Ending
Reference	Fund	Asset Type	(As restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance
2021-011	RDA Leasing	Buildings	\$ 707,244	\$ -	\$ 166,411	\$ 540,833
2021-014	RDA Leasing	Buildings	-	921,096	212,659	708,437
	RDA	Leasing Total	707,244	921,096	379,070	1,249,270
2021-026	Parking	Land	36,731	-	7,985	28,746
2021-033	Parking	Land	4,272,024	-	153,028	4,118,996
2021-034	Parking	Land	975,777	-	53,713	922,064
2021-035	Parking	Land	1,623,898	-	51,416	1,572,482
2021-045	Parking	Land	26,733	-	5,556	21,177
		Parking Total	6,935,163	-	271,698	6,663,465
	Business-type a	activities Total	\$ 7,642,407	\$ 921,096	\$ 650,768	\$ 7,912,735

### **B.** Leases Liabilities

Details of the City's leases liabilities by lease for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

Leases Pay	Leases Payable														
Governmen	ntal activities:				Term	Interest			Extension	Beginning					
					as of	Rate	Extension	Number of	Period	Balance		Payments/	Ending	Interest	Fixed
Reference	Fund	Asset Type	Start Date	End Date	10/10/2021	in %	Option	Options	(in months)	(As restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Expense	Annual Payment
2021-502	General	Buildings	10/1/2021	12/31/2032	135	1.48	No		-	\$ 307,518	\$-	\$ 19,564	\$ 287,954	\$ 4,029	\$ 23,593
2021-518	General	Buildings	10/1/2021	9/30/2025	48	0.56	Yes	1	60	356,114	-	88,412	267,702	1,588	90,000
2021-519	General	Buildings	10/1/2021	8/31/2024	35	0.41	Yes	2	36	671,908	-	223,183	448,725	2,095	225,278
2021-520	General	Buildings	10/1/2021	4/8/2104	990	2.01	Yes	1	1,212	5,984,909	-	57,615	5,927,294	90,334	147,949
2021-521	General	Buildings	10/1/2021	4/8/2104	990	2.01	No	-	-	4,566,312	-	43,708	4,522,604	69,178	112,886
2021-522	General	Land	10/1/2021	1/21/2036	171	1.61	No	-	-	2,695,554	-	190,179	2,505,375	24,975	215,154
2021-523	General	Land	5/17/2022	5/16/2027	60	2.29	No	-	-	-	7,874	1,647	6,227	-	1,647
2021-524	General	Buildings	10/1/2021	10/18/2100	948	2.01	No	-	-	2,022,237	-	20,231	2,002,006	30,625	50,856
2021-535	General	Buildings	10/1/2021	9/30/2026	60	0.71	Yes	4	60	1,054,158	-	20,000	1,034,158	-	20,000
2022-500	General	Vehicles	4/1/2022	3/31/2025	36	2.14	No	-	-	-	366,612	50,981	315,631	3,094	54,075
								Gene	ral Fund Total	17,658,710	374,486	715,520	17,317,676	225,918	941,438
2021-503	Central Services	Equipment	10/1/2021	11/12/2023	25	0.33	No	-	-	106,329	-	50,957	55,372	253	51,210
								Central S	Services Total	106,329	-	50,957	55,372	253	51,210
2021-536	Communications	Buildings	10/1/2021	6/9/2024	32	0.41	No	-		1,548,104	-	517,791	1,030,313	526	518,317
		0						Commun	ications Total	1,548,104	-	517,791	1,030,313	526	518,317
								Governmental	activities Total	\$ 19,313,143	\$ 374,486	\$ 1,284,268	\$ 18,403,361	\$ 226,697	\$ 1,510,965

Details of the City's leases liabilities by lease for business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

Leases Pa	yable																
Business-t	ype activ	ities:			Term	Interest			Extension	Beginning							
					as of	Rate	Extension	Number of	Period	Balance		Payments/	Ending		Interest		Fixed
Reference	Fund	Asset Type	Start Date	End Date	10/10/2021	in %	Option	Options	(in months)	(As restated)	 Additions	Reductions	Balance	_	Expense		Annual Payment
2021-501	Building	Buildings	10/1/2021	12/31/2023	27	0.33	Yes	1	36	\$ 126,202	\$ -	\$ 54,958	\$ 71,244	\$	297	\$_	55,255
									Building Total	\$ 126,202	\$ -	\$ 54,958	\$ 71,244	\$	297	\$	55,255

### Net Book Value of Right-to-use Assets

Net book value of right-to-use assets by lease for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

### **Primary Government**

Governmental activities:

				Beginning				
				Balance				Ending
Reference	Fund	Asset Type	_	(As restated)	Increases	 Decreases	_	Balance
2021-502	General	Buildings S	\$	307,518	\$ -	\$ 27,335	\$	280,183
2021-518	General	Buildings		356,114	-	89,029		267,085
2021-519	General	Buildings		671,908	-	230,368		441,540
2021-520	General	Buildings		5,984,909	-	72,525		5,912,384
2021-521	General	Buildings		4,566,312	-	55,334		4,510,978
2021-522	General	Land		2,695,554	-	188,390		2,507,164
2021-523	General	Land		-	7,874	587		7,287
2021-524	General	Buildings		2,022,237	-	25,582		1,996,655
2021-535	General	Buildings		1,054,158	-	208,400		845,758
2022-500	General	Vehicles	_	-	366,612	 63,731		302,881
	Gene	ral Fund Total		17,658,710	374,486	961,281		17,071,915
2021-503	Central Services	Equipment	_	106,329	-	50,234	_	56,095
	Central S	Services Total		106,329	-	50,234		56,095
2021-536	Communications	Buildings	_	1,548,104	-	575,147	_	972,957
	Commun	ications Total		1,548,104	-	575,147		972,957
			_				_	
	Governmental a	activities Total	\$_	19,313,143	\$ 374,486	\$ 1,586,662	\$ _	18,100,967
			_				_	

Net book value of right-to-use assets by lease for business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

#### **Primary Government**

#### Business-type activities:

				Beginning			Ending
Reference	Fund	Asset Type		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
2021-501	Building	Buildings	\$_	126,202	\$ 	\$ 56,090	\$ 70,112
	В	uilding Total	\$_	126,202	\$ -	\$ 56,090	\$ 70,112

### NOTE 10 - Long-Term Debt

#### A. General Obligation Bonds – Governmental Activities

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction and improvements of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. The amount of outstanding general obligation bonds issued is \$158,600,000. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds are generally issued as 20 to 30 years bonds.

The General Obligation Bonds outstanding at September 30, 2022 consist of the following:

Issue Name	Interest Rate	Year Issued	Final Maturity		)riginal Issue	Outstanding 9/30/2022
General Obligation - Series 2011	3.00-5.00	2011	2023	\$ 3	4,840,000	\$ 2,175,000
General Obligation - Series 2019	3.00-5.00	2019	2049	16	2,225,000	 156,425,000
Total Genera	al Obligation Bon	ds		\$ 19	7,065,000	\$ 158,600,000

On December 1, 2011, the City issued \$34,840,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011. These Series of bonds were issued by the City for the purpose of (i) refunding the Series 2000 General Obligation Bonds maturing after December 1, 2011, and the Series 2003 General Obligation Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2014 through and including September 1, 2023, and (ii) paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 will be payable from ad valorem taxes assessed, levied and collected, without limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within the corporate limits of the City. The Series 2011 Bonds were issued with interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1 and will mature serially through September 1, 2023.

On November 6, 2018, the electorate of the City of Miami Beach approved the issuance of \$439,000,000 of general obligation bonds, consisting of (i) \$169,000,000 for parks, recreational facilities, and cultural facilities, (ii) \$198,000,000 for neighborhoods and infrastructure, and (iii) \$72,000,000 for police, fire, public safety, and security improvements. As the overall \$439 million General Obligation Bond (GOB) program will be implemented over a period of approximately 10 to 12 years, rather than all at once, the City anticipates issuing tranches every 3 years. On May 2, 2019, the City issued the first tranche \$162,225,000 in General Obligation and Refunding Bonds, Series 2019. These Series of bonds were issued by the City for the purpose of (i) finance a portion of the costs of the City's (a) Public Safety Projects, (b) Neighborhood and Infrastructure Projects, and (c) Parks and Recreation and Cultural Facilities Projects; (ii) refunding the Series 2003 General Obligation Bonds maturing after September 1, 2033, and (iii) paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. The General Obligation and Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 will be payable from ad valorem taxes assessed, levied and collected, without limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within the corporate limits of the City. The Series 2019 Bonds were issued with interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on November 1 and May 1 and will mature serially through May 1, 2049. At September 30, 2022, the City did not have any defeased General Obligation debt.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Obligation Bonds nental Activities	5	
Ending				
September 30	Principal	Interest		Total
2023	\$ 3,555,000	\$ 6,876,550	\$	10,431,550
2024	5,165,000	6,698,800		11,863,800
2025	3,425,000	6,440,550		9,865,550
2026	2,960,000	6,269,300		9,229,300
2027	4,435,000	6,121,300		10,556,300
2028-2032	21,805,000	27,458,250		49,263,250
2033-2037	25,980,000	22,411,750		48,391,750
2038-2042	32,840,000	15,553,200		48,393,200
2043-2047	40,130,000	8,266,475		48,396,475
2048-2049	18,305,000	1,056,563		19,361,563
	\$ 158,600,000	\$ 107,152,738	\$	265,752,738
Plus: Unamortized				
Bond Premium	 15,530,554	 -		15,530,554
	\$ 174,130,554	\$ 107,152,738	\$	281,283,292

#### B. Special Obligation Bonds – Governmental Activities

At September 30, 2022 the outstanding principal of special obligation bond issues and repayment sources are as follows:

			Total		Total
			Original	(	Outstanding
	Issue Name	Repayment Source	 lssue		Principal
2015	Resort Tax Revenue Bonds	Resort tax revenue	\$ 194,920,000	\$	169,690,000
2015A	Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds	RDA tax increment revenue	286,245,000		274,185,000
2015B	Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds	RDA tax increment revenue	 35,850,000		5,675,000
	Total Special Obligation Bonds		\$ 517,015,000	\$	449,550,000

On December 15, 2015, the City issued \$194,920,000 in Series 2015 Resort Tax Revenue Bonds for the purpose of providing funds to finance a portion of the costs of acquiring and constructing renovations to the Convention Center and related improvements and pay the costs of issuing the Series 2015 bonds. The Series 2015 bonds were issued with interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1.

In August 2007, the Resort Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 1996, were defeased. As a result, the outstanding balance of \$3,060,000 was removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. At September 30, 2022, \$285,000 is still considered defeased.

On December 15, 2015 the City issued \$286,245,000 in Series 2015A Tax Increment Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds to provide for the current refunding of all of the Agency's Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005B; finance certain costs of acquiring and constructing renovations to the convention center and certain other improvements; and pay costs of issuance of the Series 2015A bonds. The Series 2015A bonds were issued with interest rates of 4.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1.

On December 15, 2015 the City issued \$35,850,000 in taxable Series 2015B Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds to provide for the advance refunding of all of the Agency's Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 1998A; provide for the current refunding of all of the Agency's Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2005A; and pay costs of issuance of the Series 2015B bonds. The Series 2015B bonds were issued with interest rates of 1.93% to 3.69% payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1. At September 30, 2022, did not have any defeased Tax Increment debt.

At September 30, 2022, debt service requirements to maturity for special obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Debt Service Requirements Special Obligation Bonds												
Ending													
September 30		Principal		Interest	_	Total							
2023	\$	12,155,000	\$	22,027,697	\$	34,182,697							
2024		11,885,000		21,480,725		33,365,725							
2025		12,480,000		20,876,975		33,356,975							
2026		13,115,000		20,242,850		33,357,850							
2027		13,785,000		19,576,475		33,361,475							
2028-2032		79,620,000		87,195,625		166,815,625							
2033-2037		102,005,000		64,802,625		166,807,625							
2038-2042		130,670,000		36,129,875		166,799,875							
2043-2045		73,835,000		5,344,175		79,179,175							
	\$	449,550,000	\$	297,677,022	\$	747,227,022							
Plus: Net unamortized													
Bond Premium		34,792,586		-		34,792,586							
	\$	484,342,586	\$	297,677,022	\$	782,019,608							

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, maximum annual debt service on the RDA tax increment bonds was \$21,729,597 and the tax increment revenues totaled \$53,915,935. Remaining outstanding principal and interest is \$460,817,972.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, maximum annual debt service on the Resort Tax bonds was \$12,454,750 and the Resort Tax revenues totaled \$117,307,417. Remaining outstanding principal and interest is \$286,409,050

### C. Revenue Bonds – Business-Type Activities

#### Parking Fund

On December 15, 2015, the City issued \$58,825,000 in Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2015. The Series 2015 Bonds are being issued for the purpose of providing funds to finance a portion of the costs of constructing a new parking facility and improvements to a surface parking lot to service the City's convention center, which is being renovated, and pay the costs of issuing the Series 2015 Bonds. The Series 2015 Bonds were issued with interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, and will mature through September 1, 2045. At September 30, 2022, no Parking obligations were considered defeased.

Parking Revenue Fund indebtedness at September 30, 2022, is comprised of the following issued indebtedness:

Initial Issuance	Description	C 	Outstanding Principal				
\$ 58,825,000	Series 2015 Parking Revenue Bonds due in annual installments through 2045: interest at 3.00% - 5.00%	\$	58,225,000				
	Total bonds outstanding	\$	58,225,000				

The aggregate maturities of Long-Term Debt at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Bonded Debt										
Ending											
September 30		Principal		Interest		Total					
2023	\$	1,110,000	\$	2,911,250	\$	4,021,250					
2024		1,165,000		2,855,750		4,020,750					
2025		1,220,000		2,797,500		4,017,500					
2026		1,280,000		2,736,500		4,016,500					
2027		1,345,000		2,672,500		4,017,500					
2028-2032		7,810,000		12,282,750		20,092,750					
2033-2037		9,975,000		10,125,000		20,100,000					
2038-2042		17,295,000		7,258,750		24,553,750					
2043-2045		17,025,000		1,730,250		18,755,250					
	\$	58,225,000	\$	45,370,250	\$	103,595,250					
Plus: Net Unamortized											
Bond Premium		4,769,050		-		4,769,050					
	\$	62,994,050	\$	45,370,250	\$	108,364,300					

All parking revenue bonds are payable from and secured by a lien on and pledge of net revenues derived from the operation of the City's parking system. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on all Parking bonds is \$103,595,250. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$3,119,250 and \$25,436,880, respectively.

On August 4, 2020, the City entered into a direct borrowing loan agreement with one financial institution, which allowed the City to refinance the outstanding Parking Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2010A and Series 2010B up to a maximum of \$32,431,335. The interest rate per annum equal to 1.850% computed based upon a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months on this loan agreement. The interest hereon in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing on September 1, 2020. The Loan is amortized over approximately 20 years with a final maturity date of September 1, 2040 but subject to mandatory tender for purchase on September 1, 2030. The revenue pledged to the loan is non-ad valorem covenant to budget and appropriated funding, however, the loan is paid with parking revenues and reported on the parking fund statement of net position. The parking fund debt covenant calculation as reported in the statistical section of this document, does not include this loan.

Fiscal Year	Direct Borrowing/Loans										
Ending											
September 30		Principal		Total							
2023	\$	1,425,461		\$	557,711		\$	1,983,172			
2024		1,452,232			531,340			1,983,572			
2025		1,481,599			504,474			1,986,073			
2026		1,509,364			477,064			1,986,428			
2027		1,536,644			449,141			1,985,785			
2028-2032		8,110,859			1,809,096			9,919,955			
2033-2037		8,889,079			1,030,471			9,919,550			
2038-2040		5,741,304	_		213,676	_		5,954,980			
	\$	30,146,542	_	\$	5,572,973	_	\$	35,719,515			

The aggregate maturities of Parking loans at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

#### Water and Sewer Fund

On December 14, 2017, the City issued \$115,180,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017. The bonds will be repaid solely from pledged revenues of the Water and Sewer system. They are registered transcripts and insured. The bonds were issued to construct various improvements and extensions to the Water and Sewer utility and to fully refund the Series 2000, Series 2006B-2, and Series 2006 as of September 30, 2018. Principal is payable annually, interest is payable semiannually, will mature serially through September 2047 and the issue bears interest of 3.00% to 5.00%.

On October 14, 2021, the City issued \$32,480,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A. The bonds will be repaid solely from the pledged revenues of the Water and Sewer System. The proceeds of the Series 2021A Bonds were used, together with other legally available moneys, to (i) refund and prepay the City's (a) \$10,000,000 outstanding principal amount of the City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1B and (b) \$30,000,000 outstanding principal amount of City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1C and together with the Series 2009J-1B Bonds, and (ii) pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2021A Bonds and the refunding and prepayment of the Refunded Bonds. The Bonds were issued with interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00%, payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1, and will mature serially through September 2040.

At September 30, 2022, none of the bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Indebtedness of the Water and Sewer Fund at September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Initial Issuance		Description	 Outstanding Principal				
\$	115,180,000	2017 Water & Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds Due in semi-annual installments through 2047: Interest at 3.00 - 5.00%	\$ 108,650,000				
\$	32,480,000	2021A Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds Due in semi-annual installments through 2040: Interest at 3.00 - 5.00%	32,480,000				
		Total bonds outstanding	\$ 141,130,000				

The aggregate maturities of long-term debt as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Bonded Debt								
Ending									
September 30		Principal		Interest		Total			
2023	\$	4,855,000	\$	6,330,500	\$	11,185,500			
2024		5,050,000		6,136,050		11,186,050			
2025		5,210,000		5,988,550		11,198,550			
2026		5,475,000		5,728,050		11,203,050			
2027		4,180,000		5,454,300		9,634,300			
2028-2032		22,140,000		23,947,250		46,087,250			
2033-2037		23,695,000		18,521,875		42,216,875			
2038-2042		30,350,000		13,531,550		43,881,550			
2043-2047		40,175,000		6,222,250		46,397,250			
	\$	141,130,000	\$	91,860,375	\$	232,990,375			
Plus:									
Net Unamortized bond									
Premium		17,503,627		-		17,503,627			
	\$	158,633,627	\$	91,860,375	\$	250,494,002			

All water & sewer revenue bonds are payable from and secured by a lien on and pledge of net revenues of the water and sewer utility and to the extent provided in the bond resolution, from impact fees, and from all moneys held in the funds and accounts established under the bond resolution. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$232,990,375. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$7,406,818 and \$37,133,906 respectively.

#### Storm Water

On August 5, 2015, the City issued \$99,590,000 in Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2015. The Series 2015 Bonds are being issued by the City for the purpose of providing funds to (i) finance a portion of the costs of certain capital improvements currently contemplated as part of the City's five year program to improve and enhance the effectiveness and reliability of the Stormwater Utility, and (ii) pay the costs of issuing the Series 2015 Bonds. The Series 2015 Bonds were issued with interest rates of 2.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1 and will mature serially through

September 1, 2045. The Series 2015 Bonds will be repaid solely from pledged revenues of the Stormwater System.

On December 22, 2017, the City issued \$156,550,000 in Stormwater Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017. The bonds will be repaid solely from pledged revenues of the Water and Sewer system. The bonds were issued to construct various improvements and extensions to the Stormwater utility and to partially advance refund (~92.8%) the Series 2011A and Series 2011B obligations as of September 30, 2018. Principal is payable annually, interest is payable semiannually, and the issue bears interest of 3.00% to 5.00%.

At September 30, 2022, none of the bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Indebtedness of the Storm Water Fund at September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Initial Issuance	Description		Outstanding Principal
\$ 99,590,000	2015 Storm Water Revenue Bonds Due in annual installments through 2045: Interest at 2.00% - 5.00%	\$	96,950,000
\$ 156,550,000	56,550,000 2017 Storm Water Revenue and Refunding Bonds Due in annual installments through 2047: Interest at 3.00% - 5.00%		149,630,000
	Total bonds outstanding	\$	246,580,000

The aggregate maturities of long-term debt at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Bonded Debt										
Ending September 30	Principal Interest Total										
2023	\$ 5,505,000		\$	11,231,794	\$	16,736,794					
2024		5,770,000		10,965,169	-	16,735,169					
2025		6,050,000		10,683,669		16,733,669					
2026		6,345,000		10,388,369		16,733,369					
2027		6,655,000		10,078,619		16,733,619					
2028-2032		38,270,000		45,407,013		83,677,013					
2033-2037		46,520,000		37,153,263		83,673,263					
2038-2042		58,420,000		25,246,500		83,666,500					
2043-2047		73,045,000		10,632,650		83,677,650					
	\$	246,580,000	\$	171,787,046	\$	418,367,046					
Plus Unamortized Premium		17,741,060		-		17,741,060					
	\$	264,321,060	\$	171,787,046	\$	436,108,106					

All storm water revenue bonds are payable from and secured by a lien on and pledge of net revenues of the stormwater utility and from all moneys held in the funds and accounts established under the Bond Resolution. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$418,367,045. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$16,735,219 and \$25,781,442 respectively.

### D. Equipment Loan

#### Fleet Loan:

On December 5, 2018, the City entered into an equipment loan agreement which allows the City to be reimbursed the purchase of vehicles and other equipment. The aggregate loan amount is for \$15,000,000 with funding available in \$500,000 disbursements. For advances payable over 60 months, the interest rate is the 3-year constant maturity Treasury Index multiplied by 75.50% plus 0.72%, for advances payable over 84 months, the interest rate is the 5-year constant maturity U.S. Treasury Index multiplied by 75.50% plus 0.71%, and for advances payable over 108 months, the interest rate is the 7 year constant maturity U.S. Treasury Index multiplied by 75.50% plus 0.71%, and for advances payable over 108 months, the interest rate is the 7 year constant maturity U.S. Treasury Index multiplied by 75.50% plus 0.94%.

At September 30, 2022, the City was indebted for \$10,310,356. These loans are recorded in the fleet internal service fund.

Fiscal Year	Direct Borrowing/Loans								
Ending September 30	Principal			Interest			Total		
2023	\$ 2,915,997		\$	183,585	-	\$	3,099,582		
2024	2,563,052			133,539			2,696,591		
2025	2,169,017			89,912			2,258,929		
2026	1,781,037			50,516			1,831,553		
2027	 881,253	_		16,959	_		898,212		
	\$ 10,310,356		\$	474,511	_	\$	10,784,867		

The aggregate maturities of loans at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

### Energy Saving Obligation:

On August 4, 2020, the City entered into a direct borrowing loan agreement with one financial institution which allowed the City to refinance the outstanding equipment lease for the Energy Saving Obligation, up to a maximum of \$7,155,665. The interest rate per annum equal to 1.850% computed based upon a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months on this loan agreement. The City shall pay the bank interest hereon in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing on September 1, 2020. The revenue pledged and source of repayment to the loan is non-ad valorem covenant to budget and appropriated funding. This portion of the loan is expected to be repaid over a period of approximately 5 years.

Fiscal Year		Direct Borrowing/Loans								
Ending										
September 30	)	Principal		I	nterest		Total			
2023	\$	1,591,784	_	\$	82,024	\$	1,673,808			
2024		1,681,436			52,576		1,734,012			
2025		1,160,496	_		21,469		1,181,965			
	\$	4,433,716		\$	156,069	\$	4,589,785			

### E. Clean Water State Revolving Loan (SRF)

On November 12, 2014, the City of Miami Beach entered into the Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan Agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environment Protection. On November 24,2020 Amendment No.1 to the Loan Agreement was executed. The semiannual loan payment amount is based on the total amount of \$7,697,180 which consist of the Loan principal, accrued Capitalized Interest plus the Loan Service Fee. Loan payments commenced on February 15, 2018 and semiannually thereafter on August 15 and February 15 of each year until all amounts due have been fully paid. The interest rate on this loan is 1.62% per annum. Loan disbursements from the State to the City will be made for reimbursements of allowable costs. As of September 30, 2022, \$7.5 million of allowable costs have been incurred by the City and \$7.5 million has been reimbursed from the State. The loan is recorded as a loan payable in the governmental activities of the City's government wide statements. The loan is secured by the Stormwater fund's pledged revenues and will be repaid with such funds.

The outstanding principal balance reported at September 30, 2022 is \$5,906,888.

Fiscal Year	Direct Borrowing/Loan										
Ending											
September 30		Principal		nterest		Total					
2023	\$ 350,883 \$			94,276	\$	445,159					
2024		356,590		88,569		445,159					
2025	362,390			82,769		445,159					
2026		368,285		76,874		445,159					
2027		374,275		70,884		445,159					
2028-2032		1,964,698		261,097		2,225,795					
2033-2037		2,129,767		96,030		2,225,797					
	\$	5,906,888	\$	770,499	\$	6,677,387					

The aggregate maturities of the loan at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

### F. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance*</u>				<u>Reductions</u>		Ending <u>Balance</u>		Due Within <u>One Year</u>	
Governmental activities:										
Bonds payable:										
General Obligations	\$ 162,990,000	\$	-	\$	4,390,000	\$	158,600,000	\$	3,555,000	
Special Obligations										
(Includes Direct Placement)	461,235,000		-		11,685,000		449,550,000		12,155,000	
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premium	53,978,737		-	-	3,655,597	_	50,323,140		3,572,433	
Total bonds payable	678,203,737		-	-	19,730,597	_	658,473,140	_	19,282,433	
			~~~~~		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~					
Claims & judgements	41,913,442		32,764,089		33,012,250		41,665,281		8,989,000	
Compensated absences	28,307,057		13,683,071		14,093,792		27,896,336		12,311,052	
Lease Liabilities	19,313,143		374,486		1,284,267		18,403,362		1,501,261	
Energy Sav. Oblig Direct Borrowing	5,937,858		-		1,504,142		4,433,716		1,591,784	
Net OPEB Liability	416,550,036		-		83,231,779		333,318,257		-	
Loan Payable - Direct Borrowing	15,382,750		3,400,964		2,566,470		16,217,244		3,266,880	
Environmental Remediation Liability	7,110,279		995,000		4,045,279		4,060,000		1,740,000	
Capital lease obligations - Direct Borrowing	299,166		-	-	299,166	_	-	_	-	
	534,813,731		51,217,610	_	140,037,145	_	445,994,196		29,399,977	
Net Pension Liability - MBERP	157,044,191		-		81,735,204		75,308,987		-	
Net Pension Liability - MBF&P	309,717,253		-	_	111,055,121	_	198,662,132	_	-	
	466,761,444		-	_	192,790,325	_	273,971,119	_	-	
Governmental activity	4 070 770 040				050 550 007		4 070 400 455		10 000 110	
Long term liabilities	1,679,778,912		51,217,610	-	352,558,067	-	1,378,438,455	-	48,682,410	
Business-type activities:										
Revenue bonds payable	100 010 000		00,400,000		40.055.000		445 005 000		11 170 000	
(Includes Direct Placement)	460,310,000		32,480,000		46,855,000		445,935,000		11,470,000	
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premium	37,118,388		5,272,449	-	2,377,100	_	40,013,737		2,067,845	
Total bonds payable	497,428,388		37,752,449	-	49,232,100	-	485,948,737	_	13,537,845	
Loan Payable- Direct Borrowing	32,431,335		-		2,284,793		30,146,542		1,425,461	
Environmental Remediation Liability	15,000		-		15,000		-		-	
Net OPEB Liability	37,711,754		-		7,530,063		30,181,691		-	
Compensated absences	4,244,189		2,868,165		2,998,969		4,113,385		2,403,864	
Lease Liabilities	126,202		-		54,958		71,244		56,800	
Deposits	12,176,832		7,873,916		7,582,840		12,467,908		7,582,840	
Net Pension Liability- MBERP	52,754,999			_	28,213,259	_	24,541,740	_		
Business-type activity Long term liabilities	\$636,888,699	\$	48,494,530	\$_	97,911,982	\$_	587,471,247	\$	25,006,810	

\*Restated for GASB Statement No. 87 Leases, See Note 9 and Note 18.

The City's internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At September 30, 2022, \$2,029,417 in compensated absences, \$1,085,685 in lease liabilities, and \$10,310,356 in loans payable are included in the above amounts for the internal service funds. Also, for the governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the internal service and general fund respectively.

#### G. Debt Authorized, but not issued

As of September 30, 2022, the City has authorized but not issued the following:

On November 6, 2018, the electorate of the City of Miami Beach approved the issuance of \$439,000,000 of general obligation bonds, consisting of (i) \$169,000,000 for parks, recreational facilities, and cultural facilities, (ii) \$198,000,000 for neighborhoods and infrastructure, and (iii) \$72,000,000 for police, fire, public safety, and security improvements. As the overall \$439 million General Obligation Bond (GOB) program will be implemented over a period of approximately 10 to 12 years, rather than all at once.

On November 8, 2022, the electorate of the City of Miami Beach approved the issuance of \$159,000,000 of general obligation to improve facilities for resiliency of arts and cultural institutions throughout the City, including museums, performance venues, artistic playgrounds, senior/cultural centers, botanical garden, aquatic sculpture park, and related artist/workforce housing. As of September 30, 2022, \$159,000,000 was unissued.

#### H. Conduit Debt

The Health Facility Authority, as described under Note 1 of this report, is authorized to issue bonds to fulfill its purpose. Bonds issued by the Authority shall not be deemed to constitute debt of the City. As a result, the bonds are not recorded in the Authority's financial statements.

Total conduit debt outstanding at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Issue Name	lssue Type	Original Issue Date	Original Issue Amount	Principal Outstanding September 30, 2022	Maturity	Purpose
City of Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority, Hospital Revenue Bonds Series 2012	Municiapal Bonds	September 11, 2012	\$132,285,000	\$7,785,000	November 15, 2022	Mt. Sinai Medical Center capital improvements
City of Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority, Hospital Revenue Bonds Series 2014	Municiapal Bonds	September 4, 2014	170,895,000	131,050,000	November 15, 2044	Mt. Sinai Medical Center capital improvements
City of Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority, Hospital Revenue Bonds Series 2021	Direct Borrowing	Februrary 15, 2021	31,775,000	31,775,000	November 15, 2034	Mt. Sinai Medical Center capital improvements
City of Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority, Hospital Revenue Bonds Series 2021B	Direct Borrowing	September 21, 2021	142,910,000	142,910,000	November 15, 2051	Mt. Sinai Medical Center capital improvements
Total			\$477,865,000	\$313,520,000		

On November 15, 2022 the Authority issued Series 2022 for Mount Sinai Medical Center of Florida and paid off the Series 2021.

#### NOTE 11 - Governmental Fund – Fund Balance

Below is a table of fund balance categories and classifications at September 30, 2022 for the City's governmental funds.

		General	Resort Tax		Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency		Capital Projects		Úthar Governmental	Total
Fund balances:	-	general	I an		Agenoy	1.1	Projects	-	Governmenter	10(8)
Non-spendable:										
Prepaids	*	1.102 \$		4		*		\$	1,465	\$ 2,567
Leases	-9	326.423				-0		*	1.400	326.423
Total Prepaid	_	327,525		0		1.15		-	1,465	328,390
Restricted:	-	021,025		< 2		0.0		-	1,403	320,330
General government							1,212,766		974,675	2,187,441
Public salety		-	-		-		21,935,054		792,618	22,727,672
Management of the second se			-		-		21,939,039		14,684	14.684
Human services		0					1445-070		The second se	the second se
Physical environment		0.0			SE ME CAN		1,446,979		60,978,860	62,425,839
Economic environment		-	-		35,125,644		7.341,506		2.795.562	45,262,712
Quality of Life Improvement			-		-		A Acres Grown		4,965	4,965
Transportation		8	-		100		1133,000		51,561,209	52,694,209
Culture and recreation		-	54,379,057		-		87,391,341		2,197,867	144,568,265
Sewer Improvement		-	-		-		81,683		-	81,683
Street Improvement		-	-		-		20,427.039		-	20,427.039
Infrastructure		-	-		-		5.360,205			5,360,205
Communications		192	-		-		78,488		-	78,488
Capital Improvements		+	+		+		5,410,850		-	5,410,850
Neighborhood Improvement		-	-		-		13,870,764		-	13,870,764
South Pointe Improvement					-		14,640,164			14,640,164
Debt šervice		-	1						2,239,141	2,239,141
Total Restricted			54,379,057	Ο.	35,125,644	1.0	180,929,839	- 5	121,559,581	391,994,121
Committed:						10		- 1		
Economic environment		86,300	-		-				473.273	553.573
General government		1,133,925	-		-		2,429,743		3,665,410	7,233,078
Public safety		1.438.900	-		-		77.045		-	1.515.945
Culture and recreation		423,300	-		-		5,770,900		26,135,513	32,329,713
Transportation		10000	-		-		788.726		25.095.167	25,883,883
Human services		13,700	-		-		-		318.318	332,018
Physical environment		506,100	-		-		28,358		2.350.466	2,884,924
Public safety and health reserve		65,045,060					20,000		2.000,400	65,045,060
Planning		00/040.000								00,040,000
Public Works		2					C -			
Reserve pay as you go							45.754.953			45.754,953
Capital Reserve							8.242,775			8,242,775
		463,100	-		-		0,246,119		-	463,100
Citywide additional contingencies		403/100			-				2,295,863	2,295,863
Capital Renewal and Replacement	-	CO 110 200	-			1.1	00 000 000			
Total Committed	-	69,110,385		0		< 2	63,092,500	18	60,338,010	192,540,895
Assigned:		a oppi Jan								P. 350, 100
Reserve-set aside for future budgets		9,352,400	-		-		~		-	9,352,400
General government:	-	600,000	~		-		-			600,000
Total Assigned	-	9,952,400	~	25	-	25		1		9,952,400
Unassigned:										
Non-funded Capital		-	-		14		(85,746)			(85,746)
Reimbursable grants funds			-		-		(8,518,097)		(2,020,093)	(10,538,190)
Residual fund balance		5,858,905	+		*		3,779,106		619,575	10,257,586
Non reimbursable expenditures		-	-		-				(214,623)	(214,623)
Ivon reimpursable expenditures									3 1 1 3 1	
Total Unassigned	_	5,858,905	~		× .	2.3	(4,824,737)	1	(1,615,141)	(580,973)

The negative unassigned fund balance in the Capital projects funds is due to reimbursable grants pending reimbursement from the Nature Conservancy, Florida Department of Transportation, and Florida Division of Emergency Management in the following projects: \$4.8 million in the A1A Indian Creek project, \$2.2 million for the Middle Beach Recreational Corridor project, \$617 thousand for the Hazard Mitigation projects, \$354 thousand for the South Beach Trolley project, \$150 thousand for the South Florida Coastal Resilience project and \$100 thousand for the Northshore Open Space Beachwalk project. The negative unassigned fund balance in the other Special Revenue funds is primarily due to reimbursable grants pending reimbursement from Agencies for the Sunset Islands 3 & 4 undergrounding, Children's Trust Grants and Police Department Grants.

### NOTE 12 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss from civil liability to other parties (automobile liability, general liability, police professional liability, public official liability); statutory workers' compensation benefits for injured employees; and the theft or accidental damage to City property (vehicles, buildings and business contents).

The City established an internal service Self-Insurance Fund (the "Fund") to account for its risk financing activities. The Fund pays for all claims, legal defense cost and judgments for which the City is liable, for self-insured programs, and the premium costs for insurance policies that protect the City's property and financial interests.

Insurance coverage is procured for losses to City buildings above various deductible amounts. The City maintains excess coverage with an independent insurance carrier solely for Workers Compensation. The City does not maintain excess coverage with independent insurance carriers for general, automobile, police professional and public official liability programs. Premiums are charged to the respective City funds and determined based on amounts necessary to provide funding for current losses and to meet the required annual payments during the fiscal year. There were no settlements in excess of applicable insurance for the past three years. During fiscal year 2022, the City paid \$6.6 million in property insurance premiums (including flood insurance).

The Fund derives revenue from all City departments through an allocation formula and from investment income earned on cash and investments within the Fund. The Fund accrues an amount based on an external actuarial computation which includes known claims and an estimate for claims incurred but not yet reported, regardless of the ultimate date of payment or disposition.

The following are the changes in the funds' claims liability amount during fiscal years 2022 and 2021 respectively:

	 2022	2021
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$ 39,804,441	\$ 44,673,926
Incurred claims (includes incurred but not yet reported)	5,054,988	3,628,745
Less: claim payments	 (5,427,148)	(8,498,230)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 39,432,281	\$ 39,804,441

The City established an internal service Health Insurance Fund (the "Fund") to account for Medical and Dental activities. Revenues from employee and City premiums are recorded in the Fund. The Fund pays for all claims and the premium cost of "stop loss" insurance coverage. Both medical and dental claims are administered by a third-party service provider.

The following are the changes in the funds' claims liability amount during fiscal years 2022 and 2021 respectively:

	 2022	 2021
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$ 2,109,000	\$ 1,356,000
Incurred claims (includes incurred but not yet reported)	27,709,102	24,798,486
Less: claim payments	 27,585,102	 24,045,486
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 2,233,000	\$ 2,109,000

### **NOTE 13 - Pollution Remediation**

GASB Statement 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution remediation obligations. The City has identified seven (7) sites that are undergoing pollution remediation activities. These sites and activities are as follows:

- 1. Normandy Shores Golf Course Arsenic Investigation MOP;
- 2. Maurice Gibb Park Hydrocarbon Investigation;
- 3. Fleet Management Mechanical Maintenance Facility Synthetic Oil and Hydrocarbon Investigations;
- 4. Former Par 3 Golf Course Arsenic Investigation;
- 5. Miami Beach Golf Course Arsenic Investigation MOP;
- 6. Miami Beach Convention Center Arsenic Investigation; and
- 7. Collins Park Garage Hydrocarbon Remediation.

As of September 30, 2022, the City has recorded pollution remediation liabilities of:

Fund	Description	Total Obligation	Current Obligation
General Fund	Normandy Shores Golf Course Arsenic Investigation MOP	\$ 65,000	\$ 25,000
General Fund	Fleet Management Synthetic Oil & Hydrocarbon Investigations	120,000	60,000
TBD	Miami Beach Golf Course Arsenic Investigation MOP	1,030,000	-
Capital Projects	Collins Park Garage	105,000	25,000
Capital Projects	Former Par 3 Arsenic Investigation	1,600,000	600,000
Capital Projects	Maurice Gibb Park Hydrocarbon Contamination	1,030,000	1,000,000
Capital Projects	Miami Beach Convention Center Arsenic Investigation	110,000	30,000
		\$ 4,060,000	\$ 1,740,000

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, capital project funds presented on page 32 reports a credit in expenditures in the amount of \$2,393,444 for the culture and recreation function. This credit is as a result of the change in estimated pollution remediation liability and is considered under current and due under GASB interpretation No. 6 reported at September 30, 2021 and September 30, 2022.

Other remediation or monitoring costs were deemed immaterial and will be paid from annual operating expenses. These obligations are estimates and are subject to change depending on price increases or reductions, technology, and changes in laws and regulations.

#### **NOTE 14 - Significant Commitments and Contingencies**

The City, in the normal course of operations, is a party to various other actions in which plaintiffs have alleged certain damages. In all cases, management does not believe the disposition of these matters will materially affect the financial position of the City. Probable losses are accrued in the City's Risk Self-Insurance fund.

The City participates in several Federal and State assisted grant programs, which are subject to financial and compliance audits. Audits for these programs are to be conducted at a future date, and the City expects

the amount, if any, of the expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agency to be immaterial

### Setai et al. v. The City of Miami Beach

The plaintiffs in the Setai lawsuit are twenty-six property owners seeking a declaration that the stormwater utility fee charged by the City of Miami Beach is illegal. The plaintiffs are requesting reimbursement of stormwater fees paid by them from 2015 through resolution of the litigation. The City has vigorously defended this litigation and expects to continue such defense. Among other defenses, the City asserts that there are strong procedural and substantive arguments that support the validity of the fee methodology challenged in the Setai lawsuit. Substantially similar methodologies are used by numerous cities and counties throughout the state, in accordance with justifications and recommendations for their use provided by independent rate consultants. Moreover, the City of Miami Beach stormwater fee methodology has been used by the City for more than twenty years prior to the challenge presented by the Setai lawsuit.

An estimate of loss, if any, from the Setai lawsuit cannot be made as of the date of this report and the case is not reasonably anticipated to be resolved within the fiscal year ending 9-30-2023. An update of the status of the litigation, as needed and determined by the City to be appropriate, is currently expected to be included in the disclosures for the fiscal year ending 9-30-2023.

### NOTE 15 – 457 Deferred Compensation Plan

Pursuant to City of Miami Beach City Commission passing and adopting Ordinance No. 95-3002A, on July 12, 1995, the City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan, City of Miami Beach 457 OBRA, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The defined contribution plan, administered by a third party is available to all part-time, seasonal, and temporary employees, as an alternative to the Federal Social Security 6.2% employer/employee matching contributions. The 457 Pension Plan was established for all employees of the City who work less than thirty (30) hours a week. Upon commencement of employment, the City sets up an individual retirement account on behalf of the employee with the plan administrator. The employee contributes 7.5% of their annual earning into their account. The City contributes 2.5% into the individual account of the employee, bringing the total contribution by both parties to 10%. In accordance with the prevailing IRS code, the total contribution rate may not fall below 7.5%. The City's contributions to the 457 Plan for the year ended September 30, 2022 was \$131,214, with an outstanding liability at the end of the period of \$2,206. There were no forfeitures for the period ended September 30, 2022.

#### NOTE 16 - Pension Plan

### A. Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan (MBERP)

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

The Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. City contributions are recognized as revenues when due pursuant to actuarial valuations. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Interest income is recorded as earned and dividend income is recorded as of the ex-dividend date.

Investments are reported at fair value, except for short-term investments which are reported at amortized cost, in the Statement of Plan Net Position. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The diversity of the investment types in which the Trust has entered into requires a range of techniques to determine fair value.

Unrealized gains and losses are presented as net appreciation in fair value of investments on the

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position along with gains and losses realized on sales of investments. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on a trade-date basis.

#### Plan Description

Pursuant to Modification 29 of the Florida State Social Security Agreement effective January 1, 1955 The City of Miami Beach does not participate in the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance System (OASI) embodied in the Social Security Act. The Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan (the Plan) is a single employer defined benefit pension plan for general employees established by the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the City) effective March 18, 2006. The Miami Beach Employees' Retirement System was created under and by the authority of Chapter 18691, Laws of Florida, Act of 1937, as amended, by merging the "Retirement System for General Employees of the City of Miami Beach" created by Ordinance 1901 with the "Retirement System for Unclassified Employees and Elected Officials of the City of Miami Beach" created by Ordinance 88-2603, as amended. Members are fulltime employees, classified and unclassified positions, who work more than 30 hours per week except for policemen and firemen and persons who elect to join the defined contribution retirement Plan sponsored by the City. Membership consisted of the following as of October 1, 2021 the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Inactive plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,124
Inactive plan members entitled but not yet receiving benefits	211
Active plan members	1,185
Total members	2,520

The plan provides for retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits at three different tiers depending on when the members entered the Plan.

The First Tier is for members who entered the Plan prior to the Second Tier Dates. The Second Tier is for members who entered the Plan on or after the Second Tier Dates but before the Third Tier Dates. The Third Tier is for members who entered the Plan on or after the Third Tier Dates. Both the Second Tier and Third Tier Dates were established when each of the unions bargained with the City to establish new guidelines for retirement benefits relating to employees associated with their Unions. The Second Tier Dates are April 30, 1993 for members of AFSCME; August 1, 1993 for those classified as Other and GSAF, and February 21, 1994 for members of CWA. The Third Tier Dates are September 30, 2010 for members of AFSCME, GSAF and for those classified as other, and October 27, 2010 for members of CWA.

Classified members administered under the First Tier are eligible for normal retirement at age 50 and five years of Creditable Service and are entitled to benefits of 3% of Final Average Monthly Earnings (FAME) multiplied by the first 15 years of Creditable Service plus 4% of FAME multiplied by years of service in excess of 15 years, with the total not to exceed 90% of FAME. First Tier unclassified members accrued 4% for creditable service before October 18, 1992. Unclassified First Tier members accrued 3% per year of service after October 18, 1992, with the total not to exceed 80% of FAME. Classified and unclassified members administered under the Second Tier are eligible for Normal Retirement at age 55 and five years of creditable service and are entitled to benefits of 3% of FAME multiplied by creditable service, subject to a maximum of 80% of FAME. Classified and unclassified members administered under the least five years of creditable service and are entitled to benefits of 3% of FAME multiplied by creditable service, or age 62 with at least five years of creditable service and are entitled to benefits of 2.5% of FAME multiplied by creditable service, subject to a maximum of 80% of FAME for each year of creditable service as an elected official, city manager or city attorney plus the retirement benefit as defined above for any other period of city employment, subject to a maximum of 80% of FAME.

Final average monthly earnings (FAME) means one-twelfth of the average annual earnings during the highest two paid years of credible service. For Unclassified First Tier members who became a member prior to October 18, 1992 and was continuously a member from that date until March 18, 2006, FAME is defined as the larger of one-twelfth average covered salary during the two highest paid years of creditable service or one-twelfth of the pay of the year immediately preceding March 18, 2006. Effective as of September 30, 2010, FAME for members who have obtained normal retirement age or are within 24 months from normal retirement age is defined as average covered salary during the two highest paid years of creditable service. FAME for those members who as of September 30, 2010 are between 24 and 36 months from normal retirement age is defined as average covered salary during the three highest paid years of creditable service. FAME for those members who as of September 30, 2010 are between 36 and 48 months from normal retirement age is defined as average covered salary during the four highest paid years of creditable service. FAME for those members who as of September 30, 2010 are between 36 and 48 months from normal retirement age is defined as average covered salary during the four highest paid years of creditable service. FAME for those members who as of September 30, 2010 are between 36 and 48 months from normal retirement age is defined as average covered salary during the four highest paid years of creditable service. FAME for those members who as of September 30, 2010 are between 30, 2010 are more than 48 months from normal retirement age is defined as average covered salary during the five highest paid years of creditable service.

Any First Tier member who terminates employment may either request a refund of their own contributions plus interest, or receive their accrued benefit beginning at age 50, if at least five years of creditable service are completed. Any Second Tier member who entered on or after the Second Tier Date and who terminates employment after five years of creditable service may either request a refund of their own contributions plus interest or receive their accrued benefit beginning at age 55. Any Third Tier member who entered on or after the Third Tier Date and who terminates employment after five years of creditable service service but prior to the normal or early retirement date shall be eligible to receive a normal retirement benefit at age 62.

#### Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

A DROP was enacted on January 28, 2009 by Ordinance 2009-3626. Under this Plan, First and Second Tier members who have attained eligibility for Normal Retirement may continue working with the City for up to three years, while receiving a retirement benefit that is deposited into a DROP account. Third Tier members may participate in a DROP account for up to five years. Effective July 17, 2013, Members within classifications in the CWA bargaining unit who were hired prior to October 27, 2010, and Members not included in any bargaining unit who were hired prior to September 10, 2010, may elect to retire for the purposes of the Plan but continue employment with the City for up to sixty months, and have their monthly retirement benefit paid into a DROP account during the DROP period. Effective October 1, 2013, any member within classifications in the GSAF bargaining may elect to retire for the purposes of the Program but continue employment with the City for up to sixty months, and have their monthly retirement paid into a DROP account during the DROP period. Effective April 23, 2014, members within classifications in the AFSCME bargaining unit who were hired prior to September 30, 2010, may elect to retire for the purposes of the Plan but continue employment with the City for up to sixty months, and have their monthly retirement benefits paid into a DROP account during the DROP period. The amount of the benefit is calculated as if the participant had retired on the date of DROP commencement. Upon termination with the City, the accumulated value of the DROP account is distributed to the participant. A member's creditable service, accrued benefit and compensation calculation shall be frozen.

A series of investment vehicles which are established by the board of trustees are made available to DROP participants to choose from. Any losses, charges, or expenses incurred by the participant in their DROP account are not made up by the City or the Trust, but shall be borne by the participant. Upon termination of employment, a member may receive distributions in accordance with the Plan.

A DROP participant shall not be entitled to receive an ordinary or service disability retirement and in the event of death of a DROP participant, there shall be no accidental death benefit for pension purposes. DROP participation does not affect any other death or disability benefit provided to a member under federal law, state law, City ordinance, or any rights or benefits under any applicable collective bargaining agreement. First and Second Tier members receive an annual cost-of-living

adjustment (COLA) of 2.5%. The COLA is not payable while members are in the DROP. For Third Tier members the COLA is 1.5%.

As of September 30, 2022, there were 141 members in the DROP and the value of DROP investment was \$17,226,730 which is included in the Plan's net position. The DROP also allows for member loans. Approximately \$161,000 and \$155,000 in loans were outstanding as of September 30, 2022 and 2021 respectively.

#### Funding Policy, Contributions Required and Contributions Made

The City is to contribute such amounts as are necessary to maintain the actuarial soundness of the Plan and to provide the Plan with assets sufficient to meet the benefits to be paid to the members. All First Tier members who participate are required to contribute 12% of their covered salary to the Plan. All Second and Third Tier members are required to contribute 10% of their covered salary. The City Commission has the authority to increase or decrease contributions.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the City was required to make contributions of \$29,590,369 or 33.54% of covered payroll to the Plan in accordance with actuarially determined requirements computed through an actuarial valuation performed as of October 1, 2019. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the employees contributed \$9,285,205 and buybacks were \$1,613,924.

### Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension benefit of \$21,431,380. At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 463,706	\$ 3,347,317
Change in Assumptions	5,003,330	5,170,819
Net Difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	75,590,157
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 29,590,369	 
	\$ 35,057,405	\$ 84,108,293

City contributions of \$29,590,369 subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

#### Amorization of Net Deferred Inflows/Outflows

Year	Amortization
2023	\$ (16,809,812)
2024	(17,021,352)
2025	(24,438,927)
2026	(20,371,166)
	\$ (78,641,257)

The following methods and assumptions were used to determine the total pension liability:

Valuation Date:	October 1, 2020
Measurement Date:	September 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	3.75% to 6.10% depending on service, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.40%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	The same versions of the PUB-2010 Headcount- Weighted Mortality Tables and mortality improvement projection scale used for Regular Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation. Florida Statutes Chapter 112.63(1)(f) mandates the use of mortality tables from one of the two most recently published FRS actuarial valuation reports.

#### Net Pension Liability of the City

The components of the net pension liability of the City at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

<b>Total Pension Liability</b>	\$948,951,480
Plan fiduciary net	
position	(848,745,475)
Net pension liability	\$100,206,005

The Net Pension Liability is 113% of the covered payroll.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

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		Long-Term
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equities	39%	8.47%
Fixed income	19%	2.14%
International equities	18%	9.39%
Real estate	12%	5.64%
Infrastructure	7%	7.14%
Private Equity	5%	12.14%
Total	100 %	

#### Discount

A single discount rate of 7.40% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments of 7.40%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments (7.40%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the components of the City's annual pension liability and related plan fiduciary net position measured as of September 30, 2021:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension		Р	lan Fiduciary	I	Net Pension
		Liability	Net Position			Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a-b)
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$	922,978,025	\$	712,457,774	\$	210,520,251
Changes for the year						
Service cost		15,417,997		-		15,417,997
Interest		67,381,190		-		67,381,190
Difference between expected and actual						
Benfit Changes		488,415		-		488,415
experience of the total pension liability		(1,635,336)		-		(1,635,336)
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		30,699,942		(30,699,942)
Contributions - employee		-		8,521,037		(8,521,037)
Net investment income		-		153,443,495		(153,443,495)
Benefit payments		(54,280,486)		(54,280,486)		-
Refunds		(1,398,325)		(1,398,325)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(697,962)		697,962
Other		-		-		-
Net changes		25,973,455		136,287,701		(110,314,246)
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	948,951,480	\$	848,745,475	\$	100,206,005

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Plan's net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 7.40 discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

		С	urrent Single				
		D	iscount Rate				
1	% Decrease	/	Assumption		19	% Increase	
	6.40%		7.40%	_		8.40%	
\$	213,622,937	\$	100,206,005	-	\$	6,063,937	

#### B. Retirement System for Firefighters and Police Officers (MBF&P)

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

The Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. City contributions are recognized as revenues when due pursuant to actuarial valuations. Share plan contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are approved by the State. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Interest income is recorded as earned and dividend income is recorded as of the ex-dividend rate.

Investments are recorded at fair value in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The diversity of the investment types in which the Trust has entered into requires a range of techniques to determine fair value.

Unrealized gains and losses are presented as net appreciation in fair value of investments on the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position along with gains and losses realized on sales of investments. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on a trade-date basis.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, the actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Plan Description

Pursuant to Modification 29 of the Florida State Social Security Agreement effective January 1, 1955 the City of Miami Beach does not participate in the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance System (OASI) embodied in the Social Security Act. The plan is a single employer defined benefit plan established by the City of Miami Beach, Florida (The "City") and was created under Chapter 23414, Laws of Florida, Special Acts of 1945, as amended through ordinance No. 2020-4362 adopted October 14, 2020.. The Plan's governing board is the Board of Trustees, which comprises nine members: three of which are elected by the active and retired members of the fire department, three of which are elected by the active and retified police department, and three of which are appointed by the mayor. Members are substantially all certified police officers and firefighters employed by the City of Miami Beach, Florida. Members are further divided in the following five tiers:

Tier One members are those hired prior to July 14, 2010.

Tier Two members are those hired on or after July 14, 2010, but prior to September 30, 2013.

Tier Three members are those hired on or after September 30, 2013, but prior to June 8, 2016 and July 20, 2016 for Fire Department and Police Department members, respectively.

Tier Four members are those hired on or after June 8, 2016, but prior to May 8, 2019, for the Fire Department members and July 20, 2016, but prior to July 31, 2019 for the Police Department members.

Tier Five members are those hired on or after May 8, 2019 and July 31,2019 for the Fire Department and Police Department, respectively.

#### Tier One members

Members who met eligibility to retire prior to September 30, 2013 may retire on a service retirement pension upon the attainment of age 50 or, if earlier, the date when age and length of creditable service equals to at least 70 years. Members eligible to retire on or after September 30, 2013 may retire on a service retirement pension upon the attainment of age 50 or, if earlier, the date when the member attains age 47 and length of creditable service equals to at least 70 years. or when the member reaches the 85% maximum pension benefit regardless of age.

Upon retirement, a member who met eligibility to retire on or before September 30, 2013 will receive a monthly pension, payable for life, equal to 3% of the average monthly salary, as defined in the Plan ordinance, for each of the first 15 years of creditable service and 4% of the average monthly salary for each year of creditable service in excess of 15 years, provided that the pension does not exceed 90% of the average monthly salary. Members who met eligibility to retire on or after to September 30, 2013 will receive a monthly pension, payable for life, equal to 3% of the average monthly salary, as defined in the Plan ordinance, for each of the first 20 years of creditable service and 4% of the average monthly salary, as defined in the Plan ordinance, for each of the first 20 years of creditable service and 4% of the average monthly salary as defined in the Plan ordinance, for each of the first 20 years of creditable service and 4% of the average monthly salary for each year of creditable service in excess of 20 years, provided that the pension does not exceed 85% of the average monthly salary. All retirees and beneficiaries receiving a monthly pension as of September 30, 2010 will receive a 2.5% increase in benefits on October 1<sup>st</sup> of each year. Members that retire on or after September 30, 2010 will receive a 2.5% increase in benefits annually on the anniversary date of the member's retirement.

#### Tier Two members

Any member may retire on a service retirement pension upon the attainment of age 50 and the completion of at least 5 years of credible pension service or, if earlier, the date when the member attains age 48 plus the length of creditable service equals to at least 70 years or when the member reaches the 85% maximum pension benefit regardless of age.

Upon retirement, a member will receive a monthly pension, payable for life, equal to 3% of the average monthly salary, as defined in the Plan ordinance, for each of the first 20 years of creditable service and 4% of the average monthly salary for each year of creditable service in excess of 20 years, provided that the pension does not exceed 85% of the average monthly salary. The average monthly salary of the employee is computed based on the salary for the three highest paid years prior to the date of retirement or the average of the last three paid years to the employee prior to the date of retirement, whichever produces the greater benefit after consideration of the overtime limitations. For limitation and detailed information, please see the pension plan statement. All retirees and beneficiaries will receive a 1.5% increase in benefits annually on the anniversary date of the member's retirement.

#### Tier Three members

Any member may retire on a service retirement pension upon the attainment of age 50 and the completion of at least 5 years of credible pension service or, if earlier, the date when the member attains age 48 plus the length of creditable service equals to at least 70 years or when the member reaches the 85% maximum pension benefit regardless of age. Upon retirement, a member will receive a monthly pension, payable for life, equal to 3% of the average monthly salary, as defined in the Plan ordinance, for each of the first 20 years of creditable service and 4% of the average monthly salary for each year of creditable service in excess of 20 years, provided that the pension does not exceed 85% of the average monthly salary. The average monthly salary of the employee is computed based on the salary for the five highest paid years prior to the date of retirement or the average of the last five paid years to the employee prior to the date of retirement, whichever produces the greater benefit after consideration of the overtime limitations. For limitation and detailed information, please see the pension

plan statement. All retirees and beneficiaries will receive a 1.5% increase in benefits annually on the anniversary date of the member's retirement.

#### Tier Four and Tier Five members

Any member may retire on a service retirement pension upon the attainment of age 52 and the completion of at least 5 years of credible pension service or, if earlier, the date when the member attains age 48 plus the length of creditable service equals to at least 70 years.

Upon retirement, a member will receive a monthly pension, payable for life, equal to 3% of the average monthly salary, as defined in the Plan ordinance, for each of the first 20 years of creditable service and 4% of the average monthly salary for each year of creditable service in excess of 20 years, provided that the pension does not exceed 85% of the average monthly salary. The average monthly salary of the employee is computed based on the salary for the 5 highest paid years prior to the date of retirement or the average of the last 5 paid years to the employee prior to the date of retirement, whichever produces the greater benefit after consideration of the overtime limitations. For limitation and detailed information, please see the pension plan statement. All retirees and beneficiaries will receive a 1.5% increase in benefits annually on the anniversary date of the member's retirement.

Any member of the plan who becomes totally and permanently disabled at any time as a result of illness or injury suffered in the line of duty may be retired on an accidental disability pension. For a service-connected disability, the minimum pension payable is 85% of monthly salary of the employee at the time of disability retirement, less any offset for worker's compensation. Any member who becomes totally or permanently disabled after 5 years of creditable service as a result of illness or injury not suffered in the line of duty may be retired on an ordinary disability retirement pension. Upon a non-service-connected disability retirement, a member receives a monthly pension equal to the monthly pension benefit accrued to date of disability. The plan also has various pre-retirement death benefit.

If a member resigns or is lawfully discharged prior to 5 years of service, their contributions with 3% interest per annum are returned to them. The Plan also provides a special provision for vested benefits for members who terminate after 5 or 10 years of service.

The payment of retirement benefits is payable to the member for his or her life. Upon death of member, except those retiring prior to November 5, 2003, the standard benefit is a 75% joint and survivor annuity with a specified beneficiary as provided under the plan. The specified beneficiary will receive a survivor annuity equal to 100% of the total benefit for one year following the death of the member and thereafter 75% of the total benefit until death or remarriage. However, upon death, if the member has been married or in a domestic partnership for less than 10 years, the survivor annuity is payable only for the life expectancy of the deceased member at time of death.

In lieu of the standard benefit, the members may elect the actuarial equivalent of the 10-year certain and life annuity, with a designated beneficiary, any of the following, optional forms of payment:

- 75% joint and contingent survivor annuity with a designated beneficiary
- 66 <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>% joint and contingent survivor annuity with a designated beneficiary
- 50% joint and contingent survivor annuity with a designated beneficiary
- 25% joint and contingent survivor annuity with a designated beneficiary
- 10 year certain and life annuity with a designated beneficiary

At September 30, 2022 the plan membership consisted of the following:

Active Members			494
Deferred Vested Members			27
Retired Members and beneficiaries:			
a. Service	770	*	
b. Disabled	51		
			821
Total			1,342
* Including members in the DPOP			

\* Including members in the DROP

#### Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

An active member of Tier One may enter into the DROP on the first day of any month after meeting eligibility to retire. Members who entered the DROP on or before September 30, 2015, shall be eligible to participate for a period not to exceed 72 months. Members who entered the DROP on or after October 1, 2015, shall be eligible to participate for a period not to exceed 96 months. All members shall receive a 2.5% COLA increase in benefits annually on the anniversary date of the member's entry into the DROP, in conjunction with a few annual exceptions.

An active member of Tier Two, Three or Four may enter into the DROP on the first day of any month after meeting eligibility to retire. Members who entered the DROP on or after October 1, 2015, shall be eligible to participate for a period not to exceed 96 months. All members shall receive a 1.5% COLA increase in benefits annually on the anniversary date of the member's entry into the DROP, in conjunction with a few annual exceptions.

Once a member enters the DROP, their monthly retirement benefit is fixed, and their monthly benefit is paid into their DROP account. Upon termination of employment, the balance in the member's DROP account, including earnings, is payable to them and they will begin to receive their normal retirement benefit.

At September 30, 2022, the total amount of the Deferred Retirement Option Plan payable, \$38,787,144 represents the balance of the self-directed participants as all the participants are now in the self-directed DROP.

#### Funding Policy, Contributions Required and Contributions Made

The City (the "Employer") is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount that, when combined with members' contributions, will fully provide for all benefits as they become payable. All Tier One and Tier Two members are required to contribute 10% of their salary to the Plan, while all Tier Three, Four and Five members are required to contribute 10.5% of their salary to the Plan. The City Commission has the authority to increase or decrease contributions.

The actual contribution from the City of Miami Beach, and the State of Florida for active employees for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, was \$45,416,048 and \$120,549 respectively. Covered payroll excluding DROP members was \$66,037,375. The contribution required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, was actuarially determined by the October 1, 2020 valuation to be \$45,416,048.

#### Buyback Contributions

During 2021, the Union and the City negotiated a buyback window, from July 1, 2021 to September 30, 2021 to purchase up to two years creditable service in increments of up to 3% per year of service for a maximum additional multiplier of 6%, purchased at 10% or 10.5% of pensionable wages (on a pre-tax basis). During 2022, \$173,349 of contributions was received.

## Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension benefit of \$29,769,501. At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows of resources	Defe	erred Intflows of resources
Differences between actual and expected experience on liabilities Changes of assumptions of other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$ 4,898,760 17,382,476	\$	4,416,793 9,402,437
on pernsion plan investments City contributions subsequent to measurement date Total	 - 45,416,048 67,697,284	\$	- 93,263,567 107,082,797

City contributions of \$45,416,048 subsequent to the reporting date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future years as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Amount
2023	\$ (17,529,359)
2024	(19,351,256)
2025	(24,298,288)
2026	 (23,622,658)
	\$ (84,801,561)

The following methods and assumptions were used to determine the total pension liability at the actuarial valuation date of October 1, 2020 The actuarial valuation was rolled forward to the September 30, 2021 measurement date.

Valuation Date	October 1, 2020
Measurement Date	September 30,2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage, Closed
Amortization Period	30 years
Asset Valuation Method:	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	3.00%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Salary Increases	1.70% - 9.89%
Cost of Living Increase	1.50%, 2.00%, or 2.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.55%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.

Mortality

For healthy participants during employment, PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Employee Female Mortality Table and Safety Below Median Employee Mortality Table, both sets forward one year, with fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale MP-2018. For healthy participants post employment, PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Female Mortality Table and Safety Below Median Healthy Retiree Male Mortality Table, both set forward one year, with fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with scale MP-2018. For disabled male participants, 80% PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Disabled Retiree Mortality Table / 20% PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, separate rates for males and females, without projected mortality improvements.

#### **Discount**

A discount rate of 7.55% was used to measure the September 30, 2021 total pension liability: a decrease from the prior year rate of 7.65%. This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on Fund investments of 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed member contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined current contribution rates and the member contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future expected benefit payments to current Fund members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Fund investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Net Pension Liability of the City

The components of the net pension liability of the Plan at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 1,382,686,907
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (1,184,024,775)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 198,662,132

The Net Pension Liability is 301% of the covered payroll.

The Target and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed			
Target Asset Class	Asset	Allo	ocation	
Domestic equities	41%	to	51%	
International equities	0%	to	10%	
Domestic fixed income	12%	to	22%	
International fixed income	0%	to	10%	
Real estate funds	12%	to	22%	
Hedge Fund	0%	to	5%	
Private Equity	0%	to	6%	
Cash/short-term investments	0%	to	10%	

	Long-Term		
	Expected Rate of Return		
Asset Class	Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity	7.50%		
International Equity	8.50%		
Domestic Bonds	2.50%		
International Bonds	3.50%		
Real Estate Funds	4.50%		
Alternatives	5.67%		

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension			Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension
		Liability		Net Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)	_	(a-b)
	\$	1,315,349,537	\$	1,005,632,284	\$	309,717,253
Service cost		22,635,278		-		22,635,278
Interest		101,830,772		-		101,830,772
Difference between expected and actual						
experience of the total pension liability		1,590,742		-		1,590,742
Changes of assumptions		19,051,525		-		19,051,525
Contributions - employer		-		43,445,459		(43,445,459)
Contributions - employee		-		16,200,745		(16,200,745)
Net investment income		-		197,475,559		(197,475,559)
Benefit payments		(77,770,947)		(77,770,947)		-
Administrative expenses		-	_	(958,325)	_	958,325
		67,337,370		178,392,491		(111,055,121)
	_	1,382,686,907	_	1,184,024,775	_	198,662,132

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Plan's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.40 percent, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.55%	7.55%	8.55%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 374,186,122	\$ 198,662,132	\$ 54,961,164

#### C. Florida's Federal-State Social Security Agreement

Pursuant to Modification 29 of the Florida State Social Security Agreement effective January 1, 1955, the City of Miami Beach does not participate in the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance System (OASI) embodied in the Social Security Act. Instead, it provides eligible employees a comprehensive defined benefit pension plan. Contributions to Social Security for fiscal year 2022 and 2021 would have been \$12,665,414 and \$12,074,473 respectively. The City of Miami Beach does participate in the hospital insurance tax, also known as Medicare, and withholds taxes accordingly.

#### D. Firemen's and Police Relief and Pension Funds

The City's firefighters and police officers are members of two separate non-contributory money purchase benefit plans established under the provisions of Florida Statutes, Chapters 175 and 185,

respectively. These plans are funded solely from proceeds of certain excise taxes levied by the City and imposed upon property and casualty insurance coverage within City limits. This tax, which is collected from insurers by the State of Florida, is remitted to the Plans' Boards of Trustees. The City is under no obligation to make any further contributions to the plans. The excise taxes received from the State of Florida and remitted to the plans for the year ended September 30, 2022 was \$1,373,339 for firefighters and \$824,235 for police officers. These payments were recorded on the City's books as revenues and expenditures during the fiscal year.

Plan benefits are allocated to participants based upon their service during the year and the level of funding received during the year. Participants are fully vested after 10 years of service with no benefits vested prior to 10 years of service, except those prior to June 1983. All benefits are paid in a lump sum format, except for the Police Relief Funds, where participants may also elect not to withdraw or to partially withdraw, his or her retirement funds.

#### E. Defined Contribution Retirement Plan-401(A)

Effective October 18, 1992 City's Ordinance No. 92-2813 provided for the creation of a Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (the "Plan") under section 401(A) of the internal revenue code of 1986. The Plan provides retirement and other related benefits for eligible employees as an option over the other retirement systems sponsored by the City.

Any person employed on or after October 18, 1992, in the unclassified service of the City, has the right to select the Plan as an optional retirement plan to the Unclassified Employees and Elected Officials Retirement System. At the time of the Ordinance, employees of the City who were members of the Unclassified Employee and Elected Official Retirement System (the "System") had the irrevocable right to elect to transfer membership from the System to the Plan for a limited period of time. Effective March 19, 2006 the Plan is no longer offered to new employees of the City. Employees participating in the Plan prior to March 19, 2006 were given the option to transfer membership to the System.

The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees, which has the general responsibility for the proper operation and management of the Plan. The Plan complies with the provisions of section 401(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and may be amended by the City Commission of the City. The City has no fiduciary responsibility for the Plan, consequently, amounts accrued for benefits are not recorded in the fiduciary fund.

Employees in the Plan hired prior to February 21, 1994 are required to contribute 10% of their salary while those hired subsequent to February 21, 1994 are required to contribute 8% of their salary. The City matches the employee's contribution 100%. The Plan of each employee is the immediate property of the employee. Employees have Nationwide Retirement Solutions and Mission Square as their plan administrators. In addition, the employee is responsible for the investment of their funds amongst choices of investment vehicles offered by their selected plan administrator.

Plan information as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Members in the Plan	14
City's contribution	\$81,255
Percentage of covered payroll	7.94%
Employees' contribution	\$ 84,047
Percentage of covered payroll	8.21%

#### F. Aggregate Pension Amounts

The below chart shows the aggregate fiscal year 2022 pension liabilities, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, and pension expenses (benefit) by pension plan:

	I	Miami Beach Employees' Retirement System		Retirement System for Firefighters and Police Officers		Total Primary		
Account		Total		(MBF&P)		Government	С	omponent
Net Pension Liability	\$	99,850,727	\$	198,662,132	\$	298,512,859	\$	355,278
Pension assets		715,447,515		1,021,674,294		1,737,121,809		-
Deferred outflows		34,933,112		22,281,236		57,214,348		124,295
Deferred inflows		83,810,089		107,082,797		190,892,886		298,204
Pension expense (benefit)		(21,431,380)		3,510,071		(17,921,309)		(55,445)

#### **Financial Statements**

Each of the Retirement Systems is audited separately. Complete financial statements can be obtained at the following offices:

City of Miami Beach Employee	City of Miami Beach Retirement System for
Retirement System	Firefighters and Police Officers
1700 Convention Center Drive	1691 Michigan Ave, Suite 555
Miami Beach, Florida 33139	Miami Beach, Florida 33139
Miami Beach Policemen's Relief	Miami Beach Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund
and Pension Fund	City of Miami Beach
999 11th Street	2300 Pine Tree Drive
Miami Beach, Florida 33139	Miami Beach, Florida 33140

#### NOTE 17 - Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

#### Plan Description

Pursuant to Section 112.08, Florida Statutes, the City is required to permit eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to participate in the City's health insurance program at a cost to the retirees that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. The City's single employer defined benefit Postemployment Benefit Plan (the "Plan") currently provides the following postemployment benefits:

- 1. Health and Dental Insurance Employees hired prior to March 18, 2006 are eligible to receive a 50% health insurance contribution of the total premium cost. Employees hired after March 18, 2006, after vesting in City's retirement plans, are eligible to receive an offset to the retiree premium equal to \$10 per year of credible service, up to a maximum of \$250 per month until age 65 and \$5 per year of credible service up to a maximum of \$125, thereafter.
- 2. Life Insurance (\$1,000)- At September 30, 2008 and pursuant to resolution 2009-27024 the City established an OPEB Trust (the "Trust") and began funding its OPEB obligation. Stand-alone financial statements for the Trust are not prepared.

The City's plan's board is comprised of a Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees is comprised of three members. The members are the City's Chief Financial Officer or designee, Budget and Performance improvement Director or designee, and the Human Resources Officer or designee. Each member has a

term of four years.

The determination of the net OPEB obligation at September 30, 2022 is based on a valuation date of September 30, 2022. At this time, the plan participation consisted of:

Active OPEB plan participants	1,679
Inactive membets receiving benefit payments	1,171
Total	2,850

#### Funding Policy

The City has the authority to establish and amend funding policy. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City paid \$15,684,233 in OPEB benefits on a pay-as-go basis. The City's net OPEB liability at September 30, 2022 was \$ 364,192,406. It is the City's intent to consider OPEB Trust funding during the annual budget process; however, no Trust contributions are legally or contractually required.

#### **OPEB Plan Assets and Policies**

The Plan's investment composition is controlled by the City's OPEB Trust investment policy as adopted by the OPEB Trustee and as limited by Florida Statute. 218.415. The Trustee utilizes an investment manager to invest the trust assets. The policy determines the maximum and minimum allocations between investment classes as noted below. The investment policy may be amended with a majority vote of the OPEB Trustee members. It is the City's policy to maximize the returns of the plan's asset through diversification of equities and fixed income securities without a significant investment in cash or cash equivalents. The composition of the Plan's investments at September 30, 2022 is consistent with the Plan's investment policy is noted below:

	Allocation Mix				
	Minimum Target Maxim				
Equity Investments	40%	60%	75%		
Fixed Income	25%	39%	60%		
Cash and Equivalents (Money Market)	0%	1%	100%		

Please refer to note 3 for more detailed information regarding the OPEB Trusts' plan assets.

#### Rate of Return

As of September 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return, net of OPEB plan expenses, was -19.29%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. The rate of return incorporates the timing and size of cash flows to determine an internal rate of return on a monthly accrual basis. Cash flows used in the calculation excludes reinvested dividends, unrealized and realized gains or losses, and other fees and charges not converted into cash. Contributions are treated as a positive cash flow and benefit payments as a negative cash flow.

Discount rates are used in determining the present value as of the valuation date of future cash flows currently expected to be required to satisfy the postretirement benefit obligation. For unfunded plans, interest rate using a long-term expected rate of return on tax-exempt, high-quality municipal bond. For funded plans, the expected long-term rate of return on trust assets, to the extent the net fiduciary position is projected to be sufficient to provide the benefits. For partially funded plans or if a funded shortfall is projected, the interest rate is blended between the funded and the unfunded rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at

the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The long-term expected rate of return on the plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For the fiscal year ended 2022, the discount rate was increased from 2.56% to 4.22%. Although the expected long-term return on the trust is 6.5%, it is blended with Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO index rate due to the plan not being fully funded. It is also anticipated that the OPEB Trust would be depleted in seven years. The City's current OPEB plan investment allocation is noted above.

#### Net OPEB Liability of the City

The components of the net OPEB liability of the City at September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 404,409,375
OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 40,216,969
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 364,192,406
Plan fiduciary net position as a	9.9%
narroentage of the total ODER lightlity	9.970

percentage of the total OPEB liability

Schedule of Deferred Inflows/Outflows						
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	34,118,408	\$	(5,077,008)		
Change in assumptions/inputs		49,705,176		(81,236,278)		
	\$	83,823,584	\$	(86,313,286)		

#### Amorization of Net Deferred Inflows/Outflows

Year	Amortization
2023	\$ 1,495,034
2024	1,457,952
2025	(3,234,910)
2026	(2,207,778)
	\$ (2,489,702)

	Miami Beach OPEB TOTAL	Total Prinary Government	Component Unit				
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 364,192,406 \$	363,499,948	\$ 692,458				
Trust Assets	40,216,969	40,216,969	-				
Deferred Outflows	83,823,584	83,664,206	159,378				
Deferred Inflows	86,313,286	86,149,174	164,112				
Pension Expense	2,676,879	2,614,217	62,662				
Actuarial assumptions							
Valuation Date	Sontombor 20, 20	22					
Discount Rate	September 30, 20 4.22% per annum		combination of the estim	ated long-term rate			
			l 20 year GO Bond rate				
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value						
Current Asset Mix	Currently the City bonds, with the re		pproximately 60% in eq	uities and 39% in			
Salary Increase Rate	3.5% per annum						
Inflation Rate	3.0% per annum						
Medical Consumer Price Index	Chained-CPI of 2.0% per annum						
Census Data	The census was p	provided by the City as	s of September 2022				
Marriage Rate	It is assumed that 40% of future retirees have a spouse. This is based on the current retiree demographic.						
Spouse Age			the City. Where this information of the city of the ci				
Medicare Eligibility	All current and fut	ure retirees are assun	ned to be eligible for Me	edicare at age 65.			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Cost Method					
Amortization Method	5.05 years starting	the current fiscal yea	ses are amortized over ar, equal to the average d inactive plan members	remaining service			
Plan Participation Percentage	elect to continue h retirees will partici insurance plan. Fo employees hired a	nealth coverage at retipate in the retiree me for those employees hi after 07/14/2010, it is a his assumes that a one	umed rate of future eligi irement. It is assumed th dical plan and 100% pa ired after 3/18/2006, and assumed that 70% conti e-time irrevocable electi	nat 70% of future rticipate in the life d for FOP/IAFF inue on the plans			
Mortality Rates		ty Tables split by Tea nd applied on a gende	cher, Public Safety, and r-specific basis.	l General, scaled			

The health care cost trend assumptions are used to project the cost of health care in future years. The following annual trends are based on the current HCA Consulting trend study and are applied on a select and ultimate basis. Select trends are reduced 0.5% each year until reaching the ultimate trend rate.

Expense Type	Select	Ultimate
Pre-medicare Medical and Rx	5.50%	4.50%
Medicare Benefits	4.50	4.50
Stop Loss Fees	5.50	4.50
Adminstrative Fees	4.50	4.50

The Per Capita Health Claim Costs for expected retiree claim costs were developed using historical claim experience through September 2020. For the police and fire plans, the claims were developed based on the premium equivalents and age adjusted. The annual age 60 and 70 claim costs for retirees and their spouses are as follows:

Per Capita Costs	Age 60		Age 60		A	ge 70
Police	\$	11,353	\$	5,795		
Fire		10,254		5,764		
Other		11,446		6,420		

#### Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% Increase
		(3.22%)		(4.22%)	 (5.22%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	422,441,919	\$	364,192,406	\$ 317,180,113

#### Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost Trend					
	1% Decrease	Current Trend	1% Increase			
Net OPEB liability	\$ 314,372,643	\$	364,192,406	\$ 425,626,620		

#### NOTE 18 – Restatement for Adoption of New Accounting Standard

Restatement for GASB Statement No. 87

The City adopted Statement No. 87, *Leases* on October 1, 2021. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this Statement apply to financial statements of all state and local governments. For purposes of applying this Statement, a lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. To determine whether a contract conveys control of the right to use the underlying asset, the City assess whether it has both of the following: (a) The right to obtain the present service capacity from use of the underlying asset as specified in the contract (b) The right to determine the nature and manner of use of the underlying asset as specified in the contract. Leases include contracts that, although not explicitly identified as leases, meet the definition of a lease. This definition excludes contracts for services except those contracts that contain both a lease component and a service component. Restated beginning balances for leases receivables, deferred inflow, leases payable and right-to-use assets are located in Note 9. The net amount of these restatements has no effect on fund balance and net position.

As a result of the implementation of this standard the City removed previously reported lease assets. See summary of restatement of beginning balances as follows:

	Business Type Activities - Net Position		Proprietary Funds	 Parking Fund
September 30, 2021	\$	1,177,834,022	September 30, 2021	\$ 126,611,119
Restatement for GASB 87		(5,521,215)	Restatement for GASB 87	 (5,521,215)
October 1, 2021	\$	1,172,312,807	October 1, 2021	\$ 121,089,904

The new standard requires the reporting of certain lease assets and liabilities, which were not previously reported. The result of these changes impacted the beginning balances for leases receivable, right-to-use asset, leases liability, and deferred inflow of resources, as shown below:

	Governmental Activities					
	Leases Deferred inflow Right-to-use Leases					
Statement of Net Position	Receivable	of Resources	Asset	Liability		
September 30, 2021	-	33,148,450	-	-		
Change to Implement GASB No. 87	7,180,437	7,180,437	19,313,143	19,313,143		
October 1, 2021	7,180,437	40,328,887	19,313,143	19,313,143		

	Business-type Activities					
	Leases Deferred inflow Right-to-use Leases					
Statement of Net Position	Receivable	of Resources	Asset	Liability		
September 30, 2021	-	3,137,557	-	-		
Change to Implement GASB No. 87	7,642,407	7,642,407	126,202	126,202		
October 1, 2021	7,642,407	10,779,964	126,202	126,202		

	General Fund					
	Leases Deferred inflow Right-to-use Leases					
Statement of Net Position	Receivable	of Resources	Asset	Liability		
September 30, 2021	-	32,071,048	-	-		
Change to Implement GASB No. 87	7,180,437	7,180,437	17,658,710	17,658,710		
October 1, 2021	7,180,437	39,251,485	17,658,710	17,658,710		

	Internal Service Funds		
	Right-to-use Lease		
Statement of Net Position	Asset	Liability	
September 30, 2021	-	-	
Change to Implement GASB No. 87	1,654,433	1,654,433	
October 1, 2021	1,654,433	1,654,433	

	Parking			RDA Leasing		
	Leases Deferred inflow			Leases	Deferred inflow	
Statement of Net Position	Receivable	of Resources		Receivable	of Resources	
September 30, 2021	-	814,635		-	-	
Change to Implement GASB No. 87	6,935,163	6,935,163		707,244	707,244	
October 1, 2021	6,935,163	7,749,798		707,244	707,244	

	Buil	ding
	Right-to-use	Leases
Statement of Net Position	Asset	Liability
September 30, 2021	-	-
Change to Implement GASB No. 87	126,202	126,202
October 1, 2021	126,202	126,202

# MIAMIBEACH

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## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (RSI)

# CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS BY EMPLOYER AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES MIAMI BEACH EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (MBERP) (Unaudited)

2012 \$ 17,583,191 17,583,191 \$ -	
2013 \$21,222,051 21,222,051 \$ -	\$ 65,054,000 32.62%
2014 \$ 25,602,030 25,602,030 \$ -	\$ 76,362,960 \$ 65 33.53%
2015 \$ 26,317,983 26,456,580 \$ (138,597)	
2016 \$ 27,783,852 27,783,852 \$ -	\$ 71,863,150 38.66%
2017 \$ 29,358,098 29,358,098 \$ -	\$ 77,013,213 38.12%
2018 \$ 31,892,485 31,892,485 \$ -	
2019 \$ 31,864,304 31,864,304 \$	\$ 84,980,438 37.50%
2020 \$ 31,475,030 31,475,030 \$ -	\$ 88,141,166 35.71%
2021 \$ 30,699,942 30,699,942 \$ -	88,446,616 34.71%
2022 \$ 29,590,369 29,590,369	
Actuarially determined contribution Actual contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered payroll Actual contribution as a % of covered payroll

# Notes to Schedule of Contributions

ar 1, 2020 ially determined contributions are calculated as of October 1, which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.	<b>tion Rates</b> Qae Normal Dollar, Closed is smoothed market to 6. 10% depending on service, including inflation to 6. 10% depending on service, including inflation ence-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition ence-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition ence-based table of rates that are specific to the type of the restingtion of the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables and y improvement projection scale used for Regular Class members of the Reiterment System (FRS) in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation. Florida s Chapter 112.63(1)(f) mandates the use of mortality tables from one of the st recently published FRS actuarial valuation reports.
October 1, 2020 Actuarially determined contributions are	<ul> <li>Contribution Rates</li> <li>Entry Age Normal</li> <li>Level Dollar, Closed</li> <li>29 years</li> <li>29 years</li> <li>29 years</li> <li>29 years</li> <li>3.75% to 6.10% depending on service, including inflation</li> <li>3.75% to 6.10% depending on service, including inflation</li> <li>7.40%</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>7.40%</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>7.40%</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>7.40%</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>7.40%</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>7.40%</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>7.40%</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>7.40%</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>7.40%</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>7.40%</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>7.40%</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>T.40%</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition</li> <li>Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility to the type of e</li></ul>
Valuation Date Notes	Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates           Actuarial Cost Method         Entry Age Normal           Amortization Method         Level Dollar, Close           Asset Valuation Method         29 years           Asset Valuation Method         5-year smoothed n           Inflation         2.5%           Salary Increases         3.75% to 6.10% de           Investment Rate of Return         2.40%           Retirement Age         7.40%           Mortality         The same versions           Mortality         Statutes Chapter 1           Keitrement Age         The same versions

		SCHEDULE OF CO RETIREMENT	CITY OI REQUIRED SU SONTRIBUTIONS E NT SYSTEM FOR F	CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NTRIBUTIONS BY EMPLOYER AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES SYSTEM FOR FIREFIGHTERS AND POLICE OFFICERS (MBF&P) (Unaudited)	LORIDA FORMATION 0 OTHER CONTR 0 POLICE OFFICE	BUTING ENTITIE ERS (MBF&P)	ŝ			
Actuarially determined contribution Actuar contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered payroll (excluding DROP) Actual contribution as a % of covered payroll	2022 \$ 45,416,048 45,416,048 \$ 5,416,048 \$ 67,540,418 \$ 67,24%	2021 \$ 43,324,910 43,324,910 \$ 43,324,910 \$ 43,324,910 \$ 66,037,375 \$ 66,037,375	2020 \$ 42,779,004 \$ 42,779,004 \$ 66,272,092 \$ 64,55%	2019 \$ 39,747,149 39,747,149 \$ 66,441,610 \$ 66,441,610	2018 \$37,639,937 37,639,937 \$7,639,937 \$64,181,403 \$64,181,403 \$8,65%	2017 \$ 35,367,866 \$ 35,367,866 \$ 35,367,866 \$ 59,907,167 \$ 59.04%	2016 \$ 34,970,641 \$ 34,970,641 \$ 56,759,632 \$ 56,759,632	2015 \$ 33,149,388 33,149,388 \$ 33,149,388 \$ 33,149,388 \$ 36,545,113 \$ 56,545,113	2014 \$ 35,960,326 35,960,326 \$ 50,326 \$ 50,740,542 70.87%	2013 \$ 39,492,050 39,492,050 \$ 47,164,030 \$ 47,164,030
Notes to Schedule of Contributions Valuation Date Notes		Actuarially determin MBF&P actual cont	ied contributions are	Actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of October 1st - two years prior to the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. MBF&P actual contributions include certain Chapter 175/185 non-employer contribution amounts. These amounts are from the State of Florida.	tober 1st - two yes 5 non-employer cc	rrs prior to the fisc	al year in which c s. These amoun	contributions are ts are from the Si	reported. tate of Florida.	
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period 30 y Asset Valuation Method 30 y Asset Valuation Method 3.00 Payroll Growth 3.00 Payroll Growth 3.00 Salary Increases 1.70 Investment Rate of Return 7.55 Retirement Age For 7.55 Retirement Age For 7.55 Mortality Tab	ne Contribution R	ates Entry Age Normal Level Percentage, Closed 30 years 5-year smoothed market 3.00% 1.70% - 9.89% 7.55% T.75% Experience-based table of For healthy participants du Table, both sets forward o Table, both sets forward o Male Mortality Table, both	Closed arket able of rates that ar able one year, with ward one year, with ants post employme	<b>tes</b> Entry Age Normal Level Percentage, Closed 30 years 5-year smoothed market 3.00% 1.70% - 9.89% 7.55% Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition T.70% - 9.89% 7.55% Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition Tow sets forward one year, with fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale MP-2018. For healthy participants post employment, PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Female Mortality Table and Safety Below Median Employee Mortality Table, both sets forward one year, with fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with scale MP-2018. Male Mortality Table, both set forward one year, with fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decreament date with scale MP-2018.	of eligibility condit dcount Weighted ortality improveme lcount Weighted S	ion Safety Employee ents projected to e afety Healthy Reti	Female Mortality ach future decrei ree Female Mort	Table and Safet ment date with S ality Table and S	y Below Median E cale MP-2018. :afety Below Medi	imployee Mortality an Healthy Retiree
Cost-of-Living Increases		For disabled male partic Disabled Retiree Mortali 1.50%, 2.00% or 2.50%	articipants, 80% PL ortality Table, seper 50%	For disabled male participants, 80% PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Diabled Retiree Mortality Table / 20% PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, seperate rates for males and females, without projected mortality improvements. 1.50%, 2.00% or 2.50%	Weighted General Ind females, withou	Diabled Retiree In projected morta	Aortality Table / 2 lity improvement	s. PUB-2010 H	Headcount Weigh	ted Safety

# CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MIAMI BEACH EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (MBERP) (Unaudited)

-	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
I otal pension liabuity Service cost Interest Paracet	\$ 15,417,997 67,381,190	<pre>\$ 15,577,246 67,095,944</pre>	\$ 16,171,537 65,045,122	\$ 15,232,372 63,015,047	\$ 13,720,496 57,800,541	\$ 12,906,811 56,164,518	\$ 11,795,411 53,832,182 (1,277,020)	\$ 12,306,795 51,809,378
Deficiencinges Differences between expected and actual experience Charnes of assumations	(1,635,336)	(3,398,414) (8,618,033)	- 1,117,690 10.022.465	- 18,961 4 771 684	- (4,242,257) 52 573 650	- (2,210,692) 11 676 037	5,603,144 5,603,144	- (278,357) -
Benefit payments Refunds	(54,280,486) (1,398,325)	<u>(</u> )	(51,014,104) (1,571,361)	(49,726,168) (1,381,297)	(44,576,144) (905,574)	(41,900,843) (948,535)	(35,874,016) (35,874,016) (941,310)	(37,501,400) (1,143,866)
Outer Net change in total pension liability	25,973,455	17,228,614	39,771,349	31,930,599	74,370,721	35,687,296	44,474,915	25,503,627
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending	922,978,025 \$ 948,951,480	905,749,411 \$ 922,978,025	865,978,062 \$ 905,749,411	834,047,463 \$ 865,978,062	759,676,742 \$ 834,047,463	723,989,446 \$759,676,742	679,514,531 \$723,989,446	654,010,904 \$ 679,514,531
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - member	30,699,942 8,521,037		\$ 31,864,304 8,512,207	\$ 31,892,485 8,242,590	\$ 29,358,098 7,871,072	\$ 27,783,852 7,341,533	\$ 26,456,580 7,310,183	\$ 25,602,030 7,373,407
Net investment income Benefit payments Defined	153,443,495 (54,280,486) /1 308 325)	60,053,751 (52,250,292) (1177,837)	23,328,881 (51,014,104) (1571361)	51,285,893 (49,726,168) /1 381 207)	70,646,599 (44,576,144) /005 574)	55,818,905 (41,900,843) (048,535)	(5,048,406) (35,874,016) (041-340)	51,773,646 (37,501,400) /1 113 866)
Adminis Administrative expenses Other	(697,962 (697,962		(100,170,17,019) (827,919) -	(730,118) (730,118) -	(703,539) (703,539) (68,222)	(677,509) 	(706,283) (706,283) -	(1,1+3,000) (668,851) -
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	136,287,701	45,958,155	10,292,008	39,583,385	61,622,290	47,417,403	(8,803,252)	45,434,966
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	712,457,774 \$848,745,475	666,499,619 \$ 712,457,774	656,207,611 \$ 666,499,619	616,624,226 \$ 656,207,611	555,001,936 \$ 616,624,226	507,584,533 \$ 555,001,936	516,387,785 \$ 507,584,533	470,952,819 \$516,387,785
City's net pension liability	\$ 100,206,005	\$ 210,520,251	\$ 239,249,792	\$ 209,770,451	\$ 217,423,237	\$ 204,674,806	\$ 216,404,913	\$ 163,126,746
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total persion liability	89.44%	77.19%	73.59%	75.78%	73.93%	73.06%	70.11%	75.99%
Covered payroll	\$ 88,446,616	\$ 88,141,166	\$ 84,980,438	\$ 85,003,174	\$ 77,013,213	\$ 71,863,150	\$ 82,359,302	\$ 76,362,960
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	113.30%	238.84%	281.54%	246.78%	282.32%	284.81%	262.76%	213.62%

Notes to Schedule: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

From fiscal year 2021 to 2022, the discount rate used to determine the net pension liability remained at 7.40% From fiscal year 2020 to 2021, the discount rate used to determine the net pension liability decreased from 7.50% to 7.40%. From fiscal year 2019 to 2020, the discount rate used to determine the net pension liability decreased from 7.60% to 7.50%. From fiscal year 2018 to 2019, the discount rate used to determine the net pension liability decreased from 7.60% to 7.50%. From fiscal year 2018 to 2019, the discount rate used to determine the net pension liability decreased from 7.65% to 7.60%.

		2022		2021	2020	50	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total pension liability Service cost Interest Renores	\$	22,635,278 101,830,772	\$	22,110,056 95,945,797 922,043	\$ 94,	20,212,389 \$ 94,542,878 -	\$ 18,462,961 91,544,984	51 \$ 34	17,530,982 87,422,136 (9,688,441)	<del>с</del>	17,803,602 82,627,847 -	\$	16,098,560 78,415,039 -	\$	14,763,595 75,108,912 -
Deficient offended Differences between expected and actual experience Channes of serumations		1,590,742 10.051 525		(7,950,229) 16 024 385)	~ ~	7,883,134 7 204 340	11,814,591 6 951 571	16	141,740 34 969 254		14,588,712 2 447 885	<b>~</b>	12,428,547 5 686 106		7,685,043
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(77,770,947)		69,388,221)	(68)	68,466,325)	(75,460,821)	(1)	(58,574,937)	i)	54,861,660)	9	62,686,716)	4)	(53,605,094)
Net change in total pension liability		67,337,370		24,715,061	61,	61,466,425	53,313,286	36	71,800,734	Û	62,606,386	V	49,941,626	7	43,952,456
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending	\$ 1,3 1,3	1,315,349,537 1,382,686,907	1,2 \$ 1,3	1,290,634,476 1,315,349,537	1,229,	1,229,168,051 1,290,634,476	1,175,854,765 \$ 1,229,168,051	ω	1,104,054,031 1,175,854,765	1,0 <sup>2</sup>	1,041,447,645 1,104,054,031	96 \$ 1,04	991,506,019 ,041,447,645	ი დ ტ	947,553,563 991,506,019
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - City and State	\$	43,445,459	÷	42,779,004	39,	39,747,149 \$	37,639,937	37 \$	35,367,866	с, 6	34,970,641	с) Ф	33,149,388	с, 6	35,960,326
Contributions - member		16,200,745		7,133,168	9	6,972,214	6,593,715	15	6,198,244		5,984,397		5,944,414		5,258,974
Net investment income Denofit normonts including rotunds of mombar contributions	<del>,</del> ,	197,475,559		85,054,923	39,	39,053,408 69 466 375)	82,094,851 /75 460 924)	12	85,791,174		70,539,300 54 964 660)	9)	5,689,333 62,686,716)	:	72,259,674
benefit paynents, including returns of internoet contributions Administrative expenses	_	(1,1,0,947) (958,325)		(1 22,300,22 1) (900,251)	(on)	,400,323) (855,761)	(13,400,021) (802,106)	(13	(769,079) (769,079)	2	(826,044)	2	(777,493) (777,493)	2	005,130) (905,130)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	178,392,491		64,678,623	16,	16,450,685	50,065,576	76	68,013,268	4,	55,806,634	5	(18,681,074)	4,	58,968,750
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,0	1,005,632,284	Ó	940,953,661	924,	924,502,976	874,437,400		806,424,132	75	750,617,498	76	769,298,572	7.	710,329,822
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 1,1	1,184,024,775	\$ 1,0	1,005,632,284	\$ 940,	940,953,661 \$	924,502,976	20 \$	874,437,400	\$ 80	806,424,132	\$ 75	750,617,498	\$	769,298,572
City's net pension liability	\$	198,662,132	ю \$	309,717,253	\$ 349,	349,680,815 \$	\$ 304,665,075	75 \$	301,417,365	\$	297,629,899	\$	290,830,147	\$	222,207,447
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		85.63%		76.45%		72.91%	75.21%	1%	74.37%		73.04%		72.07%		77.59%
Covered payroll	÷	66,037,375	ŝ	66,272,092	\$ 66,	66,441,610 \$	64,181,403	33 \$	59,907,167	\$	56,759,632	\$	56,545,113	\$	57,545,593
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		300.83%		467.34%		526.30%	474.69%	%€	503.14%		524.37%		514.33%		386.14%
Notes to Schedule: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available. The amounts presented for some determined as of the vear-and that occurred one vear nice	show inform	ation for 10 ye rior	ars. Ho	wever, until a fu	ull 10-year	r trend is con	ıpiled, informat	ion is pre	sented for those	e years fo	ır which inform	nation is	available. Th	e amour	nts

presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

For September 30, 2022, the investment rate of return decreased from 7.55% to7.40%. In 2021, investment rate of return decreased from 7.55% to 7.65%. In 2019, investment return was decreased from 7.55% to 7.80% to 7.85% to 7.80% in 2017, investment return was decreased from 7.55% to 7.80% to 7.80% in 2017, investment return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.80% in 2017, investment return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.80% to 7.80% to 7.80% in 2017, investment return was decreased from 7.55% to 7.80% in 2017, investment return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.80% in 2017, investment return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.80% in 2017, investment return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.90%, withdrawal and was decreased from 7.85% and the mortality assumptions was updated to the assumption used in the Florida Retirement System July 1, 2016 Actuarial Valuation. For 2016, investment return was decreased from 7.95% to 7.90%, withdrawal and retirement rates were updated, disability incidence was updated to 65% service incurred / 35% non service incurred and the load for compensation and projected pensionable payroll was replaced with actual pensionable pay these changes first affect the contribution for fiscal year ended September 30, 2017.

		CITY REQUIRED SCHE CITY'S NET OF	CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (unaudited) (*)	I, FLORIDA Y INFORMATION SES IN THE D RELATED RATI ')	SO					
Total OPEB Liability		2022	2021	2020		2019		2018		2017
Service Cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	8,313,059 \$ 12,930,877 (589,496) (104,580,036)	9,033,753 \$ 13,167,573 (2,770,486) 11,341,135	9,129,624 15,167,033 - 70,563,191	φ.	4,235,229 14,606,184 - 212,252,691	φ	3,921,508 14,345,708 	\$	3,074,151 13,700,847 -
Benefit payments		(15,684,233)	(14,439,769)	(8,886,242)		(13,507,000)		(11,647,331)		(10,111,628)
Net change in total OPEB Liability Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	ار م	(99,609,829) 504,019,204 404,409,375 \$	16,332,206 487,686,998 504,019,204 \$	85,973,606 401,713,392 487,686,998	ω	217,587,104 184,126,288 401,713,392	φ	4,220,463 179,905,825 184,126,288		6,663,370 173,242,455 179,905,825
Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense	<del>ن</del>	16,584,233 \$ (9,521,801) (15,684,233) (125,260)	16,270,068 \$ 6,865,781 (14,439,769) (130,422)	9,373,242 4,268,202 (8,886,242) (57,699)	φ	13,996,031 886,546 (13,507,000) (88,918)	φ	1,039,279 2,540,698 - (65,711)	φ	438,000 3,302,688 - 145,690
Net Change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	ب م	(8,747,061) 48,964,030 40,216,969 \$	8,565,658 40,398,372 48,964,030	4,697,503 35,700,869 40,398,372	φ	1,286,659 34,414,210 35,700,869	ب م	3,514,266 30,899,944 34,414,210	بې مې	3,886,378 27,013,566 30,899,944
City's Net OPEB Liability - ending (a) - (b)	φ	364,192,406 \$	455,055,174 \$	447,288,626	с, 69	366,012,523	су С	149,712,078	ا م	149,005,881
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		9.94%	9.71%	8.28%		8.89%		18.69%		17.18%
Covered-employee payroll ^		130,779,384 \$	134,165,565	156,013,000	Ś	150,737,233	Ф	147,122,000		142,146,603
City's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		278.48%	339.17%	286.70%		242.81%		101.76%		104.83%
* - Fiscal year 2017 is the first year data is available. The City will accumulate a ten year schedule as data becomes available.	City will	accumulate a ten j	year schedule as da	ata becomes avail	able.					

<sup>^</sup> - Employees do not contribute towards OPEB.

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2022     2021       Actuarially determined contributions     \$ 26,940,947     \$ 30,441,643       Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions     16,584,233     16,270,068       Contributions determined contributions     5 10,356,714     \$ 14,171,575       Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll     130,779,384     134,165,565       Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll     12,68%     12.13%       Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates     12,13%	221 221 441,643 \$	2020 29,169,845 9,373,242 19,796,603 156,013,000 6,01% 6,01% 1 of the estimated ately 60% in equitie	2019 \$ 33,576,019 \$ 19,079,988 9,62% 9,62% 9,62% 150,737,233 9,62% 9,62% 9,62% 10ng term rate of rei	2018 \$ 15,055,943 12,686,610 \$ 2,369,333 147,122,000 8,62% 8,62% sturn from the City's sturn from the City's	2017 \$ 15,055,943 10,549,628 \$ 4,506,315 142,146,603 7,42% 7,42% 7,42% s OPEB trust and 20	2016 \$ 27,783,852 \$ - 71,863,150 38.66% 38.66% ) year GO Bond rate	2015 \$ 26,317,983 26,456,580 \$ (138,597) 82,359,302 32.12% e of return @ 9/30/2/	2014 \$ 25,602,030 25,602,030 \$ 76,362,960	2013 \$ 21,222,051 21,222,051
130,779,384 12.68% termine Contribution Rates September 30, 2022	165,565 13% 1 on combination or est approxima	156,013,000 6.01% of the estimated tely 60% in equitie	150,737,233 9.62% ong term rate of re ong term rate of re s and 39% in bond	147,122,000 8.62% sturn from the City's sturn the remainc	142,146,603 7.42% s OPEB trust and 20 der as cash.	71,863,150 38.66% ) year GO Bond rate	82,359,302 32.12% e of return @ 9/30/2	76,362,960	۰ ج
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates Valuation Date September 30, 2022	l on combination nvest approxima	r of the estimated itely 60% in equitie	ong term rate of re s and 39% in bond	turn from the City's sturn the remainc	s OPEB trust and 20 der as cash.	) year GO Bond rate	e of return @ 9/30/2	0/.00.00	65,054,000 32.62%
n Method Mix is Rate mer Price Index met Price Index Method ethod on Percentage on Percentage 10 Fiscal Years (*)	City as of Septe retirees have a ded by the City. a assumed to be ind losses are al have no future have no future assumed rate the in the life insu- tines that a one-tin have no e-tin have a stat a cone-tin have a stat a cone-	smber, 2022 spouse. This is ba Where this inform eligible for Medica mortized over a di service). to future eligible rance future eligible rance future eligible rance to the me irrevocable ele	sed on the current tation is missing, ma atton is missing, ma re at age 65. Assed period of 5.05 seed period of 5.05 see employees hire tatic to participate i tatic to participate i 3eneral, scaled usi	retiree demograph ale spouses are as j years starting the to continue health c ed after 3/18/2006, is made at retiremt ing MP-2018 and a	iic. sumed to be three y current fiscal year, ∉ coverage at retireme and for FOP/IAFF ∉ ent. ipplied on a gender-	rears older than fem aqual to the average ant. It is assumed the amployees hired aft specific basis.	nale spouses. e remaining service tat 70% of future reti ter 07/14/2010, it is ε	:021. to expected retireme rees will participate i assumed that 70% or	nt age of active the retiree ontinue on the
2021 2021	021	2020	2019	2018	2017*				
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense 11.80% 11.80% 2.30% * Fiscal year 2017 is the first year data is available. The City will accumulate a ten year schedule as data becomes available	.30% en year schedule	11.80% e as data becomes	2.30% available.	8.00%	11.69%				

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
<b>B</b>	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes:	¢ 100 001 000	¢ 100.001.000	¢ 000.055.040	¢ 474.044
Property	\$ 199,884,000	\$ 199,884,000	\$ 200,055,310	\$ 171,310
Sales, use and fuel taxes	1,037,000	1,037,000	1,060,864	23,864
Utility	12,401,000	12,651,000	13,000,911	349,91
Local business	4,588,000	4,838,000	4,977,878	139,87
Communication Service	3,414,000	3,664,000	3,693,299	29,29
Franchise fees	8,171,000	9,171,000	9,629,701	458,70
Permits	10,288,000	15,872,000	17,809,453	1,937,45
Intergovernmental	11,025,000	12,993,000	39,145,461	26,152,46
Charges for services	18,063,000	21,996,000	23,359,648	1,363,64
Rents and leases	5,441,000	6,388,000	6,356,820	(31,18
nterest income	2,662,000	4,024,000	(31,811,663)	(35,835,66
Fines and forfeits	916,000	1,166,000	1,640,129	474,12
Administrative fees	22,668,000	22,756,000	21,816,492	(939,50
Other	743,000	5,743,000	6,299,494	556,49
Total revenues	301,301,000	322,183,000	317,033,797	(5,149,20
Expenditures				
General government:				
Mayor and Commission	2,624,000	2,660,223	2,646,893	13,33
City Manager	4,041,500	4,283,500	3,908,550	374,95
City Clerk	1,802,000	1,885,000	1,786,626	98,37
		3,672,000		
Budget and Performance Management	3,208,000	, ,	2,380,111	1,291,88
Finance	6,526,000	6,568,871	6,500,705	68,16
Human Resources	2,926,000	3,063,000	3,027,637	35,36
Procurement	2,800,000	2,871,904	2,661,830	210,07
City Attorney	6,160,000	6,710,000	5,900,117	809,88
Grants and Intergovernmental Affairs	816,500	831,500	789,566	41,93
Planning	5,014,000	6,117,116	5,577,799	539,31
Media Relations	2,316,000	2,383,001	2,334,233	48,76
Public Works	4,557,000	4,859,400	4,341,769	517,63
Environment & Sustainability	4,000	4,000	2,201	1,79
Capital Improvement	5,570,000	5,579,660	5,116,993	462,66
Citywide/Unclassifed	11,247,000	11,544,463	4,997,823	6,546,64
Total general government	59,612,000	63,033,638	51,972,853	11,060,78
Public safety:				
Code Compliance	6,550,000	6,371,771	6,084,759	287,01
Fire	94,921,000	96,208,080	94,470,053	1,738,02
Police	123,734,600	126,025,715	122,716,021	3,309,69
	1,024,000	1,053,100	1,006,805	46,29
Emergency Management				
Citywide/Unclassifed	90,000	90,000	77,912	12,08
Total public safety	226,319,600	229,748,666	224,355,550	5,393,11
Physical Environment	4,337,000	4,927,000	4,819,205	107,79
Fransportation	5,448,000	5,298,230	4,897,943	400,28
Economic Environment	2,981,100	3,125,453	2,550,880	574,57
Human Services	3,053,400	3,655,400	2,649,565	1,005,83
Culture and recreation	46,168,900	46,616,753	41,821,771	4,794,98
			, ,	
Capital Outlay	648,000	2,869,423	1,218,646	1,650,77
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	133,000	133,000	-	133,00
Lease Payment	-	715,520	715,520	-
Interest and fiscal charges	184,000	931,917	852,624	79,29
Total expenditures	348,885,000	361,055,000	335,854,557	25,200,44
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	,			
over (under) expenditures	(47,584,000)	(38,872,000)	(18,820,760)	20,051,24
Other financing sources (uses)	(11,004,000)	(00,012,000)	(10,020,100)	20,001,24
	05 400 000	00,000,000	00,000,050	(57.0)
Transfers in	25,408,000	38,990,000	38,932,352	(57,64
Fransfers out	(5,221,000)	(40,818,000)	(40,818,000)	-
_ease liabilities issued	-	-	374,486	374,48
Sale of capital assets	-	-	1,030	1,03
Total other financing sources	20,187,000	(1,828,000)	(1,510,132)	317,86
Net change in fund balances	(27,397,000)	(40,700,000)	(20,330,892)	20,369,10
not onange in fund balances	(21,001,000)	(+0,700,000)	(20,000,092)	20,003,10
Fund balances - beginning of year	105,580,107	105,580,107	105,580,107	

The notes to this Budget and Actual statements are an integral part of this statement (page 117).

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

			(Unai	(Unaudited)				
		Resort Tax Revenue Fund	venue Fund			Miami Beach Rec	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency	
	Original	Final		Variance	Original	Final		Variance
	Budgeted	Budgeted	Actual	Favorable	Budgeted	Budgeted	Actual	Favorable
	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	(Unfavorable)	Amounts	Amounts	Amounts	(Unfavorable)
Revenues Resort taxes	\$ 75,560,000	\$ 77,806,000	\$ 117,307,417	\$ 39,501,417	י ب	י ب	י ب	י ب
Tax increment Rents and leases					53,915,000 -	53,915,000 -	53,915,935 -	935 -
Intergovernmental								
Interest income Snecial assessment	341,000 6 000	341,000 6 000	515,318 4 329	174,318 (1 671)	429,000	429,000	(4,834,612) -	(5,263,612) -
Other	21,000	21,000	168,715	147,715	,			
Total revenues	75,928,000	78,174,000	117,995,779	39,821,779	54,344,000	54,344,000	49,081,323	(5,262,677)
Expenditures								
General government	1,117,600	1,117,600	1,109,685	7,915	21,052,605	15,439,605	780,962	14,658,643
Public safety	8,541,000	9,247,800	7,888,018	1,359,782	5,228,500	5,003,000 11 205	4,863,647	139,353
rransportation Physical environment					5 437 500	5 877 172	5 866 136	- 11 036
Economic environment					6,601,000	12,214,000	12,132,378	81,622
Culture and recreation	19,359,400	24,091,600	20,861,848	3,229,752	1,490,000	1,323,000	1,208,909	114,091
Capital Outlay Debt Service:			•	•	212,000	452,828	208,907	243,801
Interest and fiscal charges	2,000	2,000	1,239	761				
Total expenditures	29,020,000	34,459,000	29,860,790	4,598,210	40,033,000	40,321,000	25,072,394	15,248,606
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	46,908,000	43,715,000	88,134,989	44,419,989	14,311,000	14,023,000	24,008,929	9,985,929
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	(52,818,000)	(80,356,000)	(80,015,702)	340,298	(27,215,000)	(54,315,000)	(54,313,369)	1,631
Total other financing sources (uses)	(52,818,000)	(80,356,000)	(80,015,702)	340,298	(27,215,000)	(54,315,000)	(54,313,369)	1,631
Net change in fund balances	(5,910,000)	(36,641,000)	8,119,287	44,760,287	(12,904,000)	(40,292,000)	(30,304,440)	9,987,560
Fund balances - beginning of year	46,259,770	46,259,770	46,259,770		65,430,084	65,430,084	65,430,084	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 40,349,770	\$ 9,618,770	\$ 54,379,057	\$ 44,760,287	\$ 52,526,084	\$ 25,138,084	\$ 35,125,644	\$ 9,987,560

The notes to this Budget and Actual statements are an integral part of this statement (page 118).

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#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET TO ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### 1. Budgetary Policy

#### A. Budgetary Data

The City is required to prepare, approve, adopt and execute an annual budget for such funds as may be required by law or by sound financial practices and generally accepted accounting principles.

The City' has legally adopted annual budgets for the General Fund, and the City's two (2) major special revenue funds which are the Resort Tax Fund and the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Fund (RDA). Budget to actual comparisons for the General Fund, Resort Tax Fund and RDA Fund are presented in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report.

Pursuant to the City's Charter, the City Manager shall make public a budget summary setting forth the proposed cost of each individual department and reflecting the personnel for each department. A citywide budget is also adopted for costs that are not readily identifiable to any specific department. For financial reporting purposes, the citywide appropriations and actual costs are reported under an identifiable function as citywide/ unclassified where details within the function are provided. Where no details are provided, it is included in the total of the function. At the appropriations level, the citywide budget can be allocated across functions.

The proposed budget includes anticipated expenditures and the means of financing them. After Commission review and public hearings, the budget is adopted prior to October 1st. The budgets are approved by fund and department and authorized at the department level. Management may transfer amounts between line items within a department as long as the transfer does not result in an increase in the department's budget. Increases to funds or department budgets and transfers between departments require City Commission approval.

There were thirteen (13) supplemental budgetary appropriations for the funds mentioned above; four (4) operating, two (2) RDA and seven (7) capital during fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase order commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as commitments of fund balances, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Budgets are considered a management control and planning tool and as such are incorporated into the accounting system of the City. Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All operating appropriations lapse at year end.

#### B. Budget Variance

#### I. General Fund – Interest Income for unrealized losses

As of September 30, 2022, the City's general fund has a net unrealized loss of \$35,872,215. As the City's investment practice is to hold investments until maturity, the City does not budget for unrealized losses. Unrealized losses are not recognized unless the security is sold. During fiscal year 2022, fixed income interest rates experienced a significant increase of more than 3.5%, including the most dramatic increase in the federal funds overnight rate over a six-month period in more than 30 years. Negative

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET TO ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

variance on interest and fiscal charges due to investment transactions. This increase in rates resulted in a significant increase in unrealized losses due to the inverse relationship between changes in interest rates and bond prices. The unrealized loss of a security represents the difference between the book value and market value of the securities held on September 30, 2022.

#### II. RDA – Interest Income for unrealized losses

As of September 30, 2022, the City's Redevelopment Agency fund has a net unrealize loss of \$5,297,610. As the City's investment practice is to hold investments until maturity, the City does not budget for unrealized losses. Unrealized losses are not recognized unless the security is sold. During fiscal year 2022, fixed income interest rates experienced a significant increase of more than 3.5%, including the most dramatic increase in the federal funds overnight rate over a six-month period in more than 30 years. Negative variance on interest and fiscal charges due to investment transactions. This increase in rates resulted in a significant increase in unrealized losses due to the inverse relationship between changes in interest rates and bond prices. The unrealized loss of a security represents the difference between the book value and market value of the securities held on September 30, 2022.

#### 2. Miami Beach Employees' Retirement System (MBERP) Actuary Assumptions

Please refer to page 117 for the actuary assumptions.

#### 3. Retirement System for Firefighters and Police Officers (MBF&P) Actuary Assumptions

Please refer to page 118 for the actuary assumptions.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

**Community Development Block Grant Fund**: This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of funds under this Federal Program.

**State Housing Initiatives Partnership Fund:** This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of funds under this State Program.

**Parking Impact Fees Fund:** This fund accounts for impact fee revenue paid, primarily by owners of new and existing construction, in lieu of their ability to provide adequate parking spaces as defined by City Ordinance. The fund is also responsible for the disbursement of funds for various parking related projects in the impacted areas.

**Transportation Concurrency Management Fund:** This fund oversees, maintains, directs the City's concurrency management system, the land use/transportation planning and traffic management efforts and projects.

**Police Confiscation and Training Fund:** This fund accounts for revenues received that are restricted to police related expenditures with multiple restrictions.

**HOME Investment Partnership Program Grant Fund**: This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures that are governed by the HOME grant agreements between the Federal Government and the City.

**Resiliency Fund:** This fund accounts for receipts and expenditures for infrastructure resiliency projects including street elevation and stormwater improvements.

**Other Special Revenue Fund:** This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of a series of small grants.

#### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt Service Funds account for the payment of interest and principal of the current portion on long-term debt, primarily from tax proceeds and earnings on temporary investments.

**General Obligation Fund:** This fund accounts for principal and interest payments made for general obligations.

**Pension Special Obligation Fund**: This fund accounts for principal and interest payments made for the Pension Special Obligation Bonds

**Gulf Breeze Special Obligation Fund:** This fund accounts for principal and interest payments made for the Gulf Breeze loan.

**Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Fund:** This fund accounts for principal and interest payments made for the Tax Increment Revenue Special Obligation Bonds.

**Resort Tax Debt Service Fund:** This fund accounts for principal and interest payment on the Resort Tax bond.

**Energy Savings Debt Service Fund:** This fund accounts for principal and interest payment on the Ameresco loan.

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

	 Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor ebt Service Funds	 Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and investments Receivables, net Due from other funds	\$ 186,372,928 256,756 899,785	\$ 2,230,583 26,724 -	\$ 188,603,511 283,480 899,785
Due from other governments Prepaids	 699,054 1,465	 -	 699,054 1,465
Total assets	\$ 188,229,988	\$ 2,257,307	\$ 190,487,295
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued expenditures Unearned revenues Due to other funds Due to other governments Deposits Total liabilities <b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> Unavailable other revenues Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 4,288,791 853,077 1,220,176 786,784 1,581,778 4,479 914,171 9,649,256 535,958	\$ - - 18,166 - - - - 18,166 - -	\$ 4,288,791 853,077 1,238,342 786,784 1,581,778 4,479 914,171 9,667,422 535,958
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	1,465 119,320,440 60,338,010	2,239,141 - -	1,465 121,559,581 60,338,010 -
Unassigned	 (1,615,141)	 -	 (1,615,141)
Total fund balances	 178,044,774	 2,239,141	 180,283,915
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 188,229,988	\$ 2,257,307	\$ 190,487,295

# CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 11,523,733	\$ 11,523,733
Sales , Use and Fuel Taxes	5,194,124	-	5,194,124
Utility taxes	1,397,815	-	1,397,815
Special taxing districts	644,388	-	644,388
Tax increment	10,686,189	-	10,686,189
Other taxes	2,197,574	-	2,197,574
Federal grants	3,582,969	-	3,582,969
State grants	452,982	-	452,982
Grants from other local units	4,391,829	-	4,391,829
Charges for services	8,458,450	-	8,458,450
Fines and forfeitures	351,396	-	351,396
Impact Fees	2,376,089	-	2,376,089
Interest income	361,175	13,269	374,444
Permits	954,026	-	954,026
Rent and leases	1,587,708	-	1,587,708
Miscellaneous	759,427		759,427
Total revenues	43,396,141	11,537,002	54,933,143
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	854,708	-	854,708
Public safety	14,092,394	-	14,092,394
Physical environment	4,117,892	-	4,117,892
Transportation	9,094,030	-	9,094,030
Economic environment	2,890,195	-	2,890,195
Human services	1,546,188	-	1,546,188
Culture and recreation	2,919,026	-	2,919,026
Capital Outlay	9,160,506	-	9,160,506
Debt Service:			
Principal	345,267	17,579,142	17,924,409
Interest	99,892	29,686,953	29,786,845
Other		2,003	2,003
Total expenditures	45,120,098	47,268,098	92,388,196
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	(1,723,957)	(35,731,096)	(37,455,053)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	22,568,376	35,781,590	58,349,966
Transfers out	(254,527)		(254,527)
Total other financing sources	22,313,849	35,781,590	58,095,439
Net change in fund balances	20,589,892	50,494	20,640,386
Fund balances - beginning of year	157,454,882	2,188,647	159,643,529
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 178,044,774	\$ 2,239,141	\$ 180,283,915

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2022

	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Ba Pa⊐ Stat	State Housing Initiatives Partnership Fund	<u> </u>	Parking Impact Fees Fund	Transportation Concurrency Management Fund		Police Confiscation and Training Fund	Prog	HOME Investment Partnership Program Grant Fund	Resiliency Fund		Other Special Revenue Fund		Total	
ASSETS																
Cash and investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Due from other governments Prepaids Total assets	\$ 48,325 - 71,749 \$ 120,285	φ φ	849,558 - - 849,558	ω ω	26,484,169 1,518 - - 26,485,687	\$ 18,188,547 - - \$ 18,188,547	,547 \$	420,002 1,973 - - 421,975	φ φ	156,723 - 623 16,859 - 174,205	\$ 60,976,426 - - - \$ 60,976,426	426 \$	79,249,178 253,265 898,951 610,446 1,465 81,013,305	78 65 46 65 05	\$ \$	186,372,928 256,756 899,785 699,054 1,465 188,229,988
LIABILITIES																
Accounts payable	66,178		290			72,	72,950	7,328		33,764	53,	53,101	4,055,180	80	4	4,288,791
Retainage payable	3,040				123,436	249,	000	ı			, <del>,</del>	1,091	476,510	10		853,077
Accruea expenditures Unearned revenue	8,801		- 741 772							-	13.	13,495	1, 192, 168 45 012	12	-	,220,176 786 784
Due to other funds	45,584		1					ı		4,192			1,532,002	02	-	,581,778
Due to other governments								'					4,479	79		4,479
Deposits	•						  .					  .	914,171	-		914,171
Total liabilities	123,663		742,062		123,436	321,950	950	7,328		43,608	67,	67,687	8,219,522	22	9,	9,649,256
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
Unavailable other revenues					'		  ,						535,958	58		535,958
Total deferred inflows of resources					1		  ,					  .	535,958	28		535,958
FUND BALANCES (deficits)																
Nonspendable Restricted Committed	- 3,067 -		- 107,496 -		- 26,362,251 -	- 17,866,597 -	- 597 -	- 414,647 -		- 150,360 -	- 60,908,739 -	- 739 -	1,465 13,507,283 60,338,010	65 83 10	119, 60,	1,465 119,320,440 60,338,010
Assigned Unassigned	- (6,445)						 			- (19,763)		 	(1,588,933)	33)	(1,	- (1,615,141)
Total fund balances (deficits)	(3,378)		107,496		26,362,251	17,866,597	597	414,647		130,597	60,908,739	739	72,257,825	- 25	178,	178,044,774
l otal llabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 120,285	φ	849,558	φ	26,485,687	\$ 18,188,547	547 \$	421,975	φ	174,205	\$ 60,976,426	426 \$	81,013,305		\$ 188;	188,229,988

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Community	State Housing		Transportation		HOME		Other Other	
	Development Block Grant Fund	Partnership Fund	Parking Impact Fees Fund	Concurrency Management Fund	Confiscation and Training Fund	Partnership Program Grant Fund	Resiliency Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total
Revenues:		101 H 0		50 I I S		100 110 1	10-1 I.0	50 I I I	line o l
Sales, Use and Fuel Taxes	۰ ج	ج	ج	' ه	' \$	ج	' \$	\$ 5,194,124	\$ 5,194,124
Utility taxes								1,397,815	1,397,815
Special taxing districts								644,388	644,388
Tax increment							10,686,189		10,686,189
Other taxes				•				2,197,574	2,197,574
Federal grants	1,669,948					743,180		1,169,841	3,582,969
State grants		167,476			5,733			279,773	452,982
Grants from other local units					24,233			4,367,596	4,391,829
Charges for services				45,482				8,412,968	8,458,450
Fines and forfeitures								351,396	351,396
Impact Fees			186,672	96,269				2,093,148	2,376,089
Interest income		3,955	165,251	113,849	2,321			75,799	361,175
Permits								954,026	954,026
Rent and leases								1,587,708	1,587,708
Other Revenue								759,427	759,427
Total revenues	1,669,948	171,431	351,923	255,600	32,287	743,180	10,686,189	29,485,583	43,396,141
Expenditures: Current:									
General dovernment								854 708	854 708
Public safetv					104.732			13.987.662	14.092.394
Physical environment					1		67,107	4,050,785	4,117,892
Transportation				•	•		•	9,094,030	9,094,030
Economic environment	1,453,126	167,476		·	ı	296,934		972,659	2,890,195
Human services								1,546,188	1,546,188
Culture and recreation	- 100	•	- 000 *	325,886		- 101	-	2,593,140	2,919,026
Capital Outray	GRG' 1.07		1,01,230,137	1,110,871		495,890	1,404,285	4,711,702	anc'nal.'8
Deincipal								345 267	345 267
Interest								99,892	99,892
Total expenditures	1,654,721	167,476	1,236,157	1,436,757	104,732	792,830	1,471,392	38,256,033	45,120,098
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	15,227	3,955	(884,234)	(1,181,157)	(72,445)	(49,650)	9,214,797	(8,770,450)	(1,723,957)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in						,		22,568,376	22,568,376
Transfers out	•	•	(5,990)	(230,161)			•	(18,376)	(254,527)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(5,990)	(230,161)				22,550,000	22,313,849
Net change in fund balances	15,227	3,955	(890,224)	(1,411,318)	(72,445)	(49,650)	9,214,797	13,779,550	20,589,892
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning of year	(18,605)	103,541	27,252,475	19,277,915	487,092	180,247	51,693,942	58,478,275	157,454,882
Fund balances (deficits) - end of year	\$ (3,378)	\$ 107,496	\$ 26,362,251	\$ 17,866,597	\$ 414,647	\$ 130,597	\$ 60,908,739	\$ 72,257,825	\$ 178,044,774

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CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2022

Total		2,230,583 26,724	2,257,307	18,166	18,166	2,239,141	2,239,141	2,257,307
		Ф	ы	Ş				¢
Energy Savings Debt Service Funds		609,295 -	609,295	469	469	608,826	608,826	609,295
ŭ E		ŝ	φ	φ				φ
Resort Tax Debt Service Fund		1,047,776 -	1,047,776		'	1,047,776	1,047,776	1,047,776
0		\$	φ	ф				<del>.</del> ج
Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund			'		,	,		
D Rec			ф	φ				ŝ
Gulf Breeze Special Obligation Debt Service Fund		ч т Ф	- ب	۰ ب				' ب
Pension Loan Debt Service Fund		260,095	260,095	,		260,095	260,095	260,095
		\$	<del>ن</del> ې	φ				φ
General Obligation Debt Service Fund		313,417 26,724	340,141	17,697	17,697	322,444	322,444	340,141
		φ	φ	φ				<del>с</del>
	ASSETS	Cash and investments Receivables, net	Total assets	LIABILITIES Accrued Expenses	Total liabilities	FUND BALANCES Restricted	Total fund balances	T otal liabilities and fund balances

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Obligation Debt Service Fund	Pension Loan Debt Service Fund	Gulf Breeze Special Obligation Debt Service Fund	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund	Resort Tax Debt Service Fund	Energy Savings Debt Service Funds	Total
Revenues Property taxes Interest income Total revenues	\$ 11,523,733 13,269 11,537,002	ω	ω	ω	ч ч ч Ф	ω	\$ 11,523,733 13,269 11,537,002
Expenditures Debt Service: Principal Interest Other	4,390,000 7,096,050 871			7,675,000 14,037,615 754	4,010,000 8,443,500 378	1,504,142 109,788	17,579,142 29,686,953 2,003
Total expenditures	11,486,921			21,713,369	12,453,878	1,613,930	47,268,098
Excess of expenditures over revenues	50,081	'		(21,713,369)	(12,453,878)	(1,613,930)	(35,731,096)
Other financing sources (uses): Other financing sources Transfers in				21,713,369	12,454,221	1,614,000	35,781,590
Total other financing sources (uses)	ı	•	'	21,713,369	12,454,221	1,614,000	35,781,590
Net change in fund balances	50,081		ı		343	70	50,494
Fund balances - beginning of year	272,363	260,095			1,047,433	608,756	2,188,647
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 322,444	\$ 260,095	ч	۰ ب	\$ 1,047,776	\$ 608,826	\$ 2,239,141

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETED NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2022 For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2022

	Gei	neral Obliga	General Obligation Debt Service Fund	ce Fund		Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Special Obligation Debt Service Fund	Agency se Fund	Resor	Resort Tax Debt Service Fund	pu	
	Original & Final Budgeted Amounts	rinal ۴	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	Original & Final Budgeted Amounts	al Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	Original & Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	e with dget- ve ive)
Revenues Property taxes Interest income Total revenues	\$ 11,492,000 - 11,492,000	φ	11,523,733 13,269 11,537,002	\$ 31,733 13,269 45,002	ω	ω	ω	. , , , , ю	ч ч ч Ф	φ.	
Expenditures Debt Service: Principal Interest Other Total expenditures	4,390,000 7,098,000 4,000 11,492,000	90,000 38,000 4,000 32,000	4,390,000 7,096,050 11,486,921	- 1,950 3,129 5,079	7,675,000 14,038,000 2,000 21,715,000	7,675,000 14,037,615 754 754 754 754	- 385 1,246 1,631	4,010,000 8,444,000 12,456,000	4,010,000 8,443,500 378 12,453,878		- 500 2,122 2,122
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		   	50,081	50,081	(21,715,000)	) (21,713,369)	1,631	(12,456,000)	(12,453,878)		2,122
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)		  , ,			21,715,000	0 21,713,369 21,713,369 21,713,369	(1,631) (1,631)	12,456,000 12,456,000	12,454,221 12,454,221		(1,779) (1,779)
Net change in fund balances	62C	-	50,081 272 363	50,081					343		343
Fund balances - beginning of year	\$ 272	272,363 \$	322,444	\$ 50,081	μ 	υ		\$ 1,047,433	\$ 1,047,776	ω	343

## CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS September 30, 2022

	Sanitation		Building	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's		Viami Beach edevelopment Agency's		
	Fund		Fund	Parking Fund	L	easing Fund		Totals
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$ 14,806,186	5 \$	18,235,682	\$ 15,737,462	\$	12,652,336	\$	61,431,666
Accounts receivable (net of								-
allowance for uncollectibles)	611,928	3	86,583	1,750		-		700,261
Leases receivables	-		-	-		1,240,689		1,240,689
Due from other funds	-		-	177,935		323,000		500,935
Prepaid expenses	-		-	127,952				127,952
Total current assets	15,418,114		18,322,265	16,045,099		14,216,025		64,001,503
Noncurrent assets:			-,- ,			, , , - ,		. ,
Cash and investments								
Customer deposits and advance sales	_		1,216,777	89,569		126,289		1,432,635
Right-to-use assets, net			70,112	-		120,200		70,112
	-		70,112	-		-		70,112
Capital assets:	105 000			0 700 050		040.000		0 400 000
Land	405,680		-	2,793,052		210,230		3,408,962
Buildings and structures	1,617,647			54,952,665		2,397,145		58,967,457
Machinery and equipment	5,263,417		646,160	1,091,639		-		7,001,216
Construction in progress	316,053	3	1,166,968	8,035		-		1,491,056
Less accumulated depreciation	(3,201,979	)	(27,756)	(14,645,354	)	(1,223,633)		(19,098,722)
Total capital assets (net of								
accumulated depreciation)	4,400,818	3	1,785,372	44,200,037		1,383,742		51,769,969
Total noncurrent assets	4,400,818	3	3,072,261	44,289,606		1,510,031		53,272,716
Total assets	19,818,932		21,394,526	60,334,705		15,726,056		117,274,219
	. , ,		, ,			, ,		, ,
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pensions - MBERP	2,139,072	)	2,181,447	-		-		4,320,519
OPEB	2,070,370		1,548,765	-		-		3,619,135
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,209,442		3,730,212	-		-		7,939,654
LIABILITIES		_			_			
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	876,306	5	272,434	388,499		41,767		1,579,006
Retainage payable	560		42,686	38,869		· -		82,115
Accrued expenses	342,995		250,890	-		-		593,885
Due to other funds		·	-	172,737		326,065		498,802
Due to other governments				23		1,995		2,018
Deposits	-		918,630	1,730		1,330		920,360
•	-			1,730		-		
Accrued compensated absences	655,303	)	604,524	-		-		1,259,827
Leases payable	-		56,800	-		-		56,800
Unearned revenues			-	81,919		-		81,919
Total current liabilities	1,875,164	<u> </u>	2,145,964	683,777		369,827		5,074,732
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Deposits	-		298,147	5,920		126,289		430,356
Accrued compensated absences	365,659	)	384,827	-		-		750,486
Net pension liability - MBERP	6,114,196	5	6,235,320	-		-		12,349,516
Net OPEB liability	8,995,236	5	6,728,995	-		-		15,724,231
Leases payable	-		14,444	-		-		14,444
Total noncurrent liabilities	15,475,091		13,661,733	5,920		126,289		29,269,033
Total liabilities	17,350,255		15,807,697	689,697		496,116		34,343,765
	,000,200	<u> </u>	,			100,110		0 1,0 10,1 00
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Leases	-		-	-		1,249,270		1,249,270
Pensions - MBERP	5,131,974	Ļ	5,233,640	-		-		10,365,614
OPEB	2,131,863	}	1,594,766	-		-		3,726,629
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,263,837		6,828,406	-		1,249,270	_	15,341,513
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	4,400,258		1,741,554	44,161,168		1,383,742		51,686,722
Unrestricted	(4,985,976		747,081	15,483,840		12,596,928		23,841,873
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (585,718	3) \$	2,488,635	\$ 59,645,008	\$	13,980,670	\$	75,528,595

## CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Sanitation Fund	Building Fund	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's Parking Fund	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's Leasing Fund	Totals
Operating revenues:	<b>•</b> 10 <b>577</b> 100	<b>^</b>	<b>*</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	<b>A</b> 44 550 050
Charges for services	\$ 10,577,493	\$ 3,069	\$ 3,978,497	\$ -	\$ 14,559,059
Permits, rentals, and other	7,654,967	19,170,731	474,543	523,311	27,823,552
Total operating revenues	18,232,460	19,173,800	4,453,040	523,311	42,382,611
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	10,270,886	9,192,520	-	-	19,463,406
Operating supplies	140,516	54,593	714	-	195,823
Contractual services	4,707,743	2,394,901	3,096,423	453,085	10,652,152
Utilities	38,420	51,958	211,851	13,361	315,590
Internal charges	2,174,342	1,792,000	483,077	39,000	4,488,419
Depreciation and amortization	536,537	167,386	1,349,024	77,352	2,130,299
Administrative fees	1,711,000	1,559,000	176,000	10,000	3,456,000
Other operating	428,741	55,322	329,875	24,138	838,076
Total operating expenses	20,008,185	15,267,680	5,646,964	616,936	41,539,765
Operating income (loss)	(1,775,725)	3,906,120	(1,193,924)	(93,625)	842,846
Nonoperating revenues					
(expenses):					
Interest and fiscal charges	-	(297)	-	-	(297)
Gain on disposal of		· · · ·			
capital assets	18,854	(2,182)	-	-	16,672
Interest income	87,630	105,108	67,769	65,379	325,886
Total nonoperating expenses	106,484	102,629	67,769	65,379	342,261
Income (loss) before transfers	(1,669,241)	4,008,749	(1,126,155)	(28,246)	1,185,107
Capital contribution	-	-	609,599	-	609,599
Transfers in	3,997,000	-	7,155,000	6,223,000	17,375,000
Transfers out	(3,000)		(155,000)	(323,000)	(481,000)
Change in net position	2,324,759	4,008,749	6,483,444	5,871,754	18,688,706
Net position (deficit) - beginning of year	(2,910,477)	(1,520,114)	53,161,564	8,108,916	56,839,889
Net position (deficit) - ending of year	\$ (585,718)	\$ 2,488,635	\$ 59,645,008	\$ 13,980,670	\$ 75,528,595

## CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Sanitation Fund		Building Fund	R	Miami Beach edevelopment Agency's Parking Fund	Re	liami Beach development Agency's easing Fund		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts received from customers Payments to suppliers Payments on behalf and to employees Payments for interfund services used	\$	10,614,218 (4,892,202) (11,541,068) (3,885,342)	\$	(219,032) (2,484,219) (10,131,259) (3,351,000)	\$	4,133,144 (10,381,255) - (950,269)	\$	8,581 (6,366,013) - (50,528)	\$	14,536,911 (24,123,689) (21,672,327) (8,237,139)
Receipts for other operating revenue Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	(3,885,342) 7,654,967 (2,049,427)		(3,351,000) 19,170,731 2,985,221		(950,269) 474,543 (6,723,837)		(50,528) 521,311 (5,886,649)	_	(8,237,139) 27,821,552 (11,674,692)
Cash flows for non-capital financing activities:										
Transfers in Transfers out		3,997,000 (3,000)		-		7,155,000 (155,000)		6,223,000 (323,000)		17,375,000 (481,000)
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		3,994,000		-		7,000,000		5,900,000		16,894,000
Cash flows from capital and related financial activities:										
Payment on leases Interest and fiscal charges Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets		- - (1,952,064) 57,857		(54,958) (297) (387,968)		- - (150,809) -		- - -		(54,958) (297) (2,490,841) 57,857
Net cash used in capital and related financial activities	_	(1,894,207)	_	(443,223)		(150,809)			_	(2,488,239)
Cash flows from investing activities:		07.000		405 400		07 700		05 070		005 000
Interest on investments Net cash provided by investing activities	_	87,630 87,630		105,108 105,108		67,769 67,769		65,379 65,379		325,886 325,886
Net change in cash and investments		137,996		2,647,106		193,123		78,730		3,056,955
Cash and investments - beginning of year		14,668,190		16,805,353		15,633,908		12,699,895		59,807,346
Cash and investments - end of year	\$	14,806,186	\$	19,452,459	\$	15,827,031	\$	12,778,625	\$	62,864,301
Classified as: Current assets Restricted assets	\$	14,806,186 -	\$	18,235,682 1,216,777	\$	15,737,462 89,569	\$	12,652,336 126,289	\$	61,431,666 1,432,635
Total cash and investments	\$	14,806,186	\$	19,452,459	\$	15,827,031	\$	12,778,625	\$	62,864,301
Non-cash transactions affecting financial position:										
Change in right-to-use leased assets Change in lease obligations Change in construction and related	\$	-	\$	70,112 (71,244)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	70,112 (71,244)
related liabilities Capital contributions of capital assets		(29,000)		3,770		(10,006) 609,599		-		(35,236) 609,599
Total non-cash transactions affecting financial position:	\$	(29,000)	\$	2,638	\$	599,593	\$	-	\$	573,231

## CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA OPERATING ACTIVITIES NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

(continued)

# RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITES:

-	Sanitation Fund		Building Fund	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's Parking Fund	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's Leasing Fund	Totals
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,775,725)	) \$	3,906,120	\$ (1,193,924)	\$ (93,625)	\$ 842,846
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization	536,537		167,386	1,349,024	77,352	2,130,299
Provision for uncollectible accounts	(16,284)	)	-	-	-	(16,284
Changes in assets/liabilities and deferred inflows:						
(Increase) decrease in leases deferred inflow	-		-	-	1,249,270	1,249,270
(Increase) decrease in pension deferred inflow	4,488,990		4,603,294	-	-	9,092,284
(Increase) decrease in OPEB deferred inflow	1,971,268		1,481,747	-	-	3,453,015
(Increase) decrease in pension deferred outflow	985,581		881,794	-	-	1,867,375
(Increase) decrease in OPEB deferred outflow	289,451		111,963	-	-	401,414
(Increase) decrease in pension liability	(7,001,939)	)	(6,623,030)	-	-	(13,624,969
(Increase) decrease in OPEB liability	(1,988,632)	)	(1,000,920)	-	-	(2,989,552
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	53,009		(86,583)	-	-	(33,574
(Increase) decrease in leases receivable	-		-	-	(1,240,689)	- (1,240,689
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	-		-	135,137	(2,000)	133,137
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	-		-	(13,356)	-	(13,356
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	438,218		26,042	270,941	34,783	769,984
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	(73,329)	)	(128,186)	(7,000,000)	(5,912,207)	(13,113,722
Increase (decrease) in deposits	-		(135,518)	740	-	(134,778
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments	-		-	23	1,995	2,018
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	-		-	(291,192)	(1,528)	(292,720
Increase (decrease) in environmental remediation liabil	ity (15,000)	)	-	-	-	(15,000
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	-		-	18,770	-	18,770
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	58,428		(218,888)			(160,460
Total adjustments	(273,702)	)	(920,899)	(5,529,913)	(5,793,024)	(12,517,538
cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (2,049,427)	) \$	2,985,221	\$ (6,723,837)	\$ (5,886,649)	\$ (11,674,692

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS September 30, 2022

			September 3	30, 2022				
	Fleet	Property	Central	Risk	Health		Office of	
	Management	Management	Services	Insurance	Insurance	Communications	Inspector General	
	•	-						<b>T</b> - 4 - 1
ASSETS	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Current assets:	\$ 17 276 182	¢ 5,004,500	¢ 4.054.500	¢ 50 000 700	¢ 10.040.000	¢ 40.447.400	¢ 500.050	¢ 440.040.00
Cash and investments	\$ 17,276,182	\$ 5,931,530	\$ 1,851,539	\$ 56,803,796	\$ 19,048,800	\$ 18,147,199	\$ 560,252	\$ 119,619,29
Cash with fiscal agent	-	-	-	250,000	-	-	-	250,00
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	-	7,173	-	-	7,17
Prepaid expenses	2,000	-	-	3,462,797	-	28,599	-	3,493,39
Inventories	311,235	231,833	27,768	-	- 19,055,973	819,337	- 560,252	1,390,17
Total current assets	17,589,417	6,163,363	1,879,307	60,516,593	19,055,975	18,995,135	560,252	124,760,04
Noncurrent assets:								
Right-to-use assets, net	_		56,095			972,957		1,029,05
Capital assets:		-	50,095	-	-	512,551	-	1,029,03
Land	608.520							608.52
	2,729,684	- 19,276	-	-	-	-	-	2,748,96
Buildings and structures			-	-	-	10 500 200	-	
Machinery and equipment	46,934,532	2,699,180	74,732	100,736	-	18,500,300	-	68,309,48
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-	-	667,718	-	667,71
Less accumulated depreciation	(34,396,064)	(2,024,289)	(63,915)	(100,736)		(13,685,483)		(50,270,48
Total capital assets (net of	15 0-0 0-0							00.000
accumulated depreciation)	15,876,672	694,167	10,817	-	-	5,482,535	-	22,064,19
Total noncurrent assets	15,876,672	694,167	66,912	-	-	6,455,492	-	23,093,24
Total assets	33,466,089	6,857,530	1,946,219	60,516,593	19,055,973	25,450,627	560,252	147,853,28
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		707 707	77.000	400.040	40,400	4 040 000	000 700	0.005 70
Pensions - MBERP	393,149	707,727	77,688	198,046	49,438	1,318,933	260,726	3,005,70
OPEB	423,820	602,898	98,493	71,631	35,815	790,931	146,248	2,169,83
Total deferred outflows of resources	816,969	1,310,625	176,181	269,677	85,253	2,109,864	406,974	5,175,54
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	845,959	1,363,352	5,183	214,140	963,024	1,808,385	6,936	5,206,97
Retainage payable	24,469	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,46
Accrued expenses	68,044	98,458	15,472	26,943	1,005,208	224,117	48,524	1,486,76
Accrued compensated absences	112,447	148,376	31,460	50,148	6,441	210,960	72,097	631,92
Loans payable	2,972,716	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,972,71
Leases payable	-	-	51,106	-	-	514,102	-	565,20
Insurance claims incurred but not reported	i -	-	-	-	2,233,000	-	-	2,233,00
Pending insurance claims	-	-	-	8,989,000	-	-	-	8,989,00
Total current liabilities	4,023,635	1,610,186	103,221	9,280,231	4,207,673	2,757,564	127,557	22,110,06
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Accrued compensated absences	60,698	195,462	28,447	85,554	30,095	951,667	45,565	1,397,48
Net pension liability - MBERP	1,123,754	2,022,925	222,060	566,082	141,310	3,769,959	745,244	8,591,33
Net OPEB liability	1,841,390	2,619,442	427,929	311,221	155,610	3,436,396	635,409	9,427,39
Loans payable	7,337,640	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,337,64
Leases payable	-	-	4,266	-	-	516,211	-	520,47
Pending insurance claims	-	-	-	7,067,742	-	-	-	7,067,74
Insurance claims incurred but not reported	i -	-	-	23,375,539	-	-	-	23,375,53
Total noncurrent liabilities	10.363.482	4.837.829	682,702	31,406,138	327.015	8.674.233	1,426,218	57.717.61
Total liabilities	14,387,117	6,448,015	785,923	40,686,369	4,534,688	11,431,797	1,553,775	79,827,68
	,	0,110,010	100,020	10,000,000	1,001,000		1,000,110	10,021,00
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Other unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pensions - MBERP	943,227	1,697,949	186,387	475,143	118,610	3,164,329	625,523	7,211,16
OPEB	436,408	620,805	101,419	73,759	36,879	814,423	150,591	2,234,28
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,379,635	2,318,754	287,806	548,902	155,489	3,978,752	776,114	9,445,45
	1,070,000	2,010,704	201,000	540,302	100,-09	0,010,102	110,114	3,443,43
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	5,541,847	694,167	11,540	-	-	5,425,179	-	11,672,73
Jnrestricted	12,974,459	(1,292,781)	1,037,131	19,550,999	14,451,049	6,724,763	(1,362,663)	52,082,95

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Fleet Management Fund	Property Management Fund	Central Services Fund	Risk Insurance Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Communications Fund	Office of Inspector General Fund	Total
Operating revenues: Charges for services Permits, rentals, and other	\$ 16,134,189 107,221	\$ 10,295,129 15,791	\$   1,004,603 	\$ 21,816,000 1,337,890	\$ 36,646,794 4,865,321	\$ 16,168,560 231,058	\$ 1,532,000 	\$ 103,597,275 6,557,281
Total operating revenues	16,241,410	10,310,920	1,004,603	23,153,890	41,512,115	16,399,618	1,532,000	110,154,556
Operating expenses: Personal services Operating supplies Contractual services Utilities Internal charges Administrative fees Depreciation and amortization Insurance Claims and judgments Other operating	1,587,193 3,453,590 1,635,116 82,659 686,000 - 3,576,029 - - 3,7314	3,195,017 55,106 4,839,771 708,843 916,000 - 188,078 - - 8,465	387,373 4,202 278,255 584 80,000 - 55,141 - - 30,404	690,364 104,243 4,424,455 1,805 236,364 1,259,000 - 6,062,604 5,054,988 243,005	194,492 - 746,215 - - 13,367,528 27,709,102 54,678	6,153,300 1,494,779 7,189,194 1,174,909 642,319 - 2,554,374 - - - 36,204	1,314,002 16,901 74,879 483 134,000 - - - - - - 259	13,521,741 5,128,821 19,187,885 1,969,283 2,694,683 1,259,000 6,373,622 19,430,132 32,764,090 410,329
Total operating expenses	11,057,901	9,911,280	835,959	18,076,828	42,072,015	19,245,079	1,540,524	102,739,586
Operating income (loss)	5,183,509	399,640	168,644	5,077,062	(559,900)	(2,845,461)	(8,524)	7,414,970
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest and fiscal charges Gain on sale of capital assets Interest income	(110,656) 398,356 69,926	- 8,125 34,859	(255) _ 10,704	- - 584,422	- - 108,675	(9,667) - 106,772	- - 3,258	(120,578) 406,481 918,616
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	357,626	42,984	10,449	584,422	108,675	97,105	3,258	1,204,519
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	5,541,135	442,624	179,093	5,661,484	(451,225)	(2,748,356)	(5,266)	8,619,489
Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out	512,705 - (9,000)	- (349,000)	-	- - -	- - -	300,000	-	512,705 300,000 (358,000)
Change in net position	6,044,840	93,624	179,093	5,661,484	(451,225)	(2,448,356)	(5,266)	9,074,194
Net position - beginning	12,471,466	(692,238)	869,578	13,889,515	14,902,274	14,598,298	(1,357,397)	54,681,496
Net position (deficit) - ending	\$ 18,516,306	\$ (598,614)	\$ 1,048,671	\$ 19,550,999	\$ 14,451,049	\$ 12,149,942	\$ (1,362,663)	\$ 63,755,690

## CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Mai	Fleet nagement Fund	М	Property lanagement Fund		Central Services Fund		Risk Insurance Fund		Health Insurance Fund		Communications Fund	In	Office of spector General Fund	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from users Payments to suppliers Payments on behalf of and to employees Payments for claims and judgments Payments for interfund services used	\$	16,251,002 (5,207,736) (1,978,768) - (686,000)	\$	10,310,920 (5,352,827) (3,591,474) - (916,000)	\$	1,004,603 (313,326) (450,371) - (80,000)	\$	23,153,890 (12,629,283) (912,554) (5,427,148) (1,495,364)	\$	41,512,072 (14,302,706) (257,125) (27,585,102)	\$	16,399,618 (10,343,410) (6,770,424) - (642,319)	\$	1,532,000 (87,264) (1,371,674) - (134,000)	\$ 110,164,105 (48,236,552) (15,332,390) (33,012,250) (3,953,683)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		8,378,498		450,619		160,906		2,689,541		(632,861)		(1,356,535)		(60,938)	9,629,230
Cash flows for non-capital financing activities:															
Transfers in Transfers out		- (9,000)		- (349,000)		-		-		-		300,000		-	 300,000 (358,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		(9,000)		(349,000)				-				300,000			 (58,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financial activities:															
Proceeds from loan		3,400,964		-		-		-		-		-		-	3,400,964
Payment on loan Payment on leases		(2,221,203)		-		- (50,957)		-		-		(299,166) (517,791)		-	(2,520,369) (568,748)
Interest and fiscal charges		- (107,878)		-		(50,957)		-		-		(9,667)		-	(117,545)
Purchase of capital assets		(3,817,295)		(2,333)		(255)		-		-		(97,473)		-	(3,917,356)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		431,635		8,125		-		-		-		-		-	 439,760
Net cash used in capital and related financial activities		(2,313,777)		5,792		(51,212)		-		-		(924,097)		-	 (3,283,294)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments		69,926		34,859		10,704		584,422		108,675		106,772		3,258	 918,616
Net cash provided by investing activities		69,926		34,859		10,704		584,422		108,675		106,772		3,258	 918,616
Net change in cash and investments		6,125,647		142,270		120,398		3,273,963		(524,186)		(1,873,860)		(57,680)	7,206,552
Cash and investments - beginning															
of year		11,150,535		5,789,260		1,731,141		53,779,833	-	19,572,986		20,021,059		617,932	 112,662,746
Cash and investments - beginning as restated		11,150,535		5,789,260		1,731,141		53,779,833		19,572,986		20,021,059		617,932	112,662,746
Cash and investments - end of year	\$	17,276,182	\$	5,931,530	\$	1,851,539	\$	57,053,796	\$	19,048,800	\$	18,147,199	\$	560,252	\$ 119,869,298
Classified as: Cash and investments-current and Cash with Fiscal agent	\$	17,276,182	\$	5,931,530	\$	1,851,539	\$	57,053,796	\$	19,048,800	\$	18,147,199	\$	560,252	\$ 119,869,298
Non-cash transactions affecting financial position: Capital contributions of capital assets	\$	512,705	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 512,705
Change in right-to-use leased assets		-		-		56,095 (55,372)		-		-		972,957 (1,030,313)		-	1,029,052 (1,085,685)
Change in lease obligations		-		-										-	
Change in lease obligations Change in construction and related liabilites Total Non-cash transactions		24,469	_		_	-	_		_	-	_	-			 24,469

(continued)

#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

(continued)

# RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

-	Fleet Management Fund	Property Maintenance Fund	Central Services Fund	Risk Insurance Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Communications Fund	Office of Inspector General Fund	Totals
Operating income (loss)	\$ 5,183,509	\$ 399,640	\$ 168,644	\$ 5,077,062	\$ (559,900)	\$ (2,845,461)	\$ (8,524)	\$ 7,414,970
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization	3,576,029	188,078	55,141	-	-	2,554,374	-	6,373,622
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
(Increase) decrease in pension deferred inflow	828,958	1,486,943	163,249	413,648	102,057	2,775,335	548,276	6,318,466
(Increase) decrease in OPEB deferred inflow	400,028	573,834	93,360	68,233	33,886	751,795	140,920	2,062,056
(Increase) decrease in pension deferred outflow	162,153	317,678	34,756	100,796	31,003	571,428	114,665	1,332,479
(Increase) decrease in OPEB deferred outflow	110,749	87,305	19,924	9,569	8,169	129,340	(4,147)	360,909
(Increase) decrease in pension liability	(1,207,196)	(2,281,346)	(249,939)	(688,347)	(196,351)	(4,165,075)	(830,508)	(9,618,762)
(Increase) decrease in OPEB liability	(646,782)	(593,134)	(123,248)	(66,729)	(49,113)	(847,039)	(26,004)	(2,352,049)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	1,614	(61,445)	(5,064)	-	-	(745,480)	-	(810,375)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	9,592	-	-	-	(43)		-	9,549
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	-	-	-	-		12,472	-	12,472
Increase in prepaid expense	(2,000)	-	-	(384,777)	-	202,258	-	(184,519)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(10,266)	320,803	5,183	(1,408,393)	(87,660)	94,898	5,258	(1,080,177)
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	22,745	49,654	57	(50,711)	9,161	182,901	127	213,934
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	-	-	-	-	-	(12,472)	-	(12,472)
Increase (decrease) in pending insurance claims	-	-	-	(115,601)	-	-	-	(115,601)
(Decrease) in insurance claims incurred but not reported	-	-	-	(256,560)	124,000	-	-	(132,560)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	(50,635)	(37,391)	(1,157)	(8,649)	(48,070)	(15,809)	(1,001)	(162,712)
Total adjustments	3,194,989	50,979	(7,738)	(2,387,521)	(72,961)	1,488,926	(52,414)	2,214,260
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 8,378,498	\$ 450,619	\$ 160,906	\$ 2,689,541	\$ (632,861)	\$ (1,356,535)	\$ (60,938)	\$ 9,629,230

	Employees' Retirement System	Retirement System for Firefighters and Police Officers	Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund	Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund	Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension (OPEB)	Totals
sh equivalents est receivable receivable ables	\$ 1,461,390 - 160,763 4,224,777	\$ 26,978 \$ 1,793,896 -	21,935 51,147 1,373,339	\$ 447,052 \$ 33,815 - 3,366	429,307 \$ - 900,000	2,386,662 1,878,858 2,273,339 160,763 4,228,143.00
Investments:						
Short-term investments U.S. Government securities Comorate honds and other municinal obligations	1,808,811 - -	12,662,159 57,224,083 136 515 756	2,370,957 861,095 3 816 165	888,611 2,548,395 1 266 578		17,730,538 60,633,573 141 598 499
Bond Funds	130,643,812					130,643,812
Foreign Bonds and private placements	- 0.7	38,491,179				38,491,179
Common stocks and index tunds Foreign Stocks	295,116,177 107,891,425	477,411,663 47,469,058	12,290,685 -	4,884,803 -		789,703,328 155,360,483
Real estate funds	119,294,632	201,623,114	2,201,720	2,049,476		325,168,942
Intrastructure investments Hedge Fund	37,018,998	10,740,507				37,618,998 10,740,507
mutual tunds Total investments	709,600,585	38,787,144 1,020,924,663	21,540,622	11,637,863	38,887,662 38,887,662	94,901,530 1,802,591,395
Total assets	715,447,515	1,022,745,537	22,987,043	12,122,096	40,216,969	1,813,519,160
Liabilities						
	040 010					

Accounts payable		242,873	1,071,243	243	1,230	74,358		1,389,704
Total liabilities		242,873	1,071,243	243	1,230	74,358	,	1,389,704
Net Position Restricted for pension and OPEB benefits	÷	715,204,642	\$ 1,021,674,29	294 \$	22,985,813	\$ 12,047,738	\$ 40,216,969	\$ 1,812,129,456

	CITY COMBINING STATEME PENS For the Fis	CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA ATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OPEB TRUST FUNDS the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022	ORIDA DUCIARY NET POSI FUNDS Iber 30, 2022	NOIL		
	Employees' Retirement System	Retirement System for Firefighters and Police Officers	Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund	Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund	Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension (OPEB)	Totals
Additions: Contributions - Employer Employee State of Florida	\$ 29,590,369 9,285,205	\$ 45,416,048 7,049,733 120,549	\$ - 1,323,459	\$ 	\$ 16,684,233 -	\$ 91,690,650 16,334,938 2,197,574
Total contributions	38,875,574	52,586,330	1,323,459	753,566	16,684,233	110,223,162
Investment income - Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments Interest and dividends income Other income	(128,636,281) 17,042,312 -	(147,747,489) 14,303,404 62,063.00	(2,953,834) 434,768 -	(1,226,873) 261,693 -		
Investment management expenses	(111,593,969) (2,939,276)	(133,382,022) (5,118,837)	(2,519,066) (155,345)	(965,180) (114,918)	(9,621,801)	(258,082,038) (8,328,376)
Net investment income (loss)	(114,533,245)	(138,500,859)	(2,674,411)	(1,080,098)	(9,621,801)	(266,410,414)
Total additions	(75,657,671)	(85,914,529)	(1,350,952)	(326,532)	7,062,432	(156,187,252)
Deductions: Benefit paid Contributions refunded Administrative expenses	55,507,283 1,613,924 761,955	75,365,599 30,036 1,040,317	53,753 - 42,344	1,212,786 - 77,868	15,684,233 - 125,260	147,823,654 1,643,960 2,047,744
Total deductions	57,883,162	76,435,952	96,097	1,290,654	15,809,493	151,515,358
Change in Net Position restricted for Pensions/OPEB	(133,540,833)	(162,350,481)	(1,447,049)	(1,617,186)	(8,747,061)	(307,702,610)
Net position - amount restricted for pension and OPEB benefits - beginning of year	848,745,475	1,184,024,775	24,432,862	13,664,924	48,964,030	2,119,832,066
Net position - amount restricted for pension and OPEB benefits - end of year	\$ 715,204,642	\$ 1,021,674,294	\$ 22,985,813	\$ 12,047,738	\$ 40,216,969	\$ 1,812,129,456

# CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS September 30, 2022

		liami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority		Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority		Total
ASSETS						
Current assets	•	F 070 400	•	0.400	•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,978,433	\$	9,128	\$	5,987,561
Due from primary government		966,919	-	62		966,981
Total current assets		6,945,352	-	9,190		6,954,542
Non-current assets						
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		71,930				71,930
Total non-current assets		71,930	-	-		71,930
Total assets		7,017,282	-	9,190		7,026,472
Total assets		7,017,202	-	9,190		1,020,472
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows - OPEB		159,378		-		159,378
Deferred outflows - pension		124,295		-		124,295
Total deferred outflows of resources		283,673	-	-		283,673
			-			
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		1,059		-		1,059
Accrued expenses		8,926		-		8,926
Accrued grants		330,993		-		330,993
Total current liabilities		340,978	-	-		340,978
			-			
Non-current liabilities		000 (50				000 (50
Net OPEB liability		692,458		-		692,458
Net pension liability		355,278		-		355,278
Compensated absences		24,091	-	-		24,091
Total non-current liabilities		1,071,827	-	-		1,071,827
Total liabilities		1,412,805	-	-		1,412,805
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows - OPEB		164,112		-		164,112
Deferred inflows - pension		298,204		_		298,204
Total deferred inflows of resources		462,316	-			462,316
		402,010	-			402,010
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		71,930		-		71,930
Unrestricted		5,353,904		9,190		5,363,094
Total net position	\$	5,425,834	\$	9,190	\$	5,435,024
•					_	

# CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Progra Revenu				Revenue a Net Positio	
	Expenses	Operat Grants Contribu	and	Visitor and Convention Authority	Hea Faci Auth	lities	Totals
Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority							
Cultural - grant program General administrative	\$	\$	-	\$ (998,223) (1,048,066)	\$	-	\$ (998,223) (1,048,066)
Total Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority	2,046,289		-	 (2,046,289)			 (2,046,289)
Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority							
General administrative Donations & contributions	175 		-	 -		(175)	 (175) 
Total Miami Beach Health Facility Authority	175		-	 		(175)	 (175)
Total component units	\$ 2,046,464	\$	-				 (2,046,464)
	General revenues: Resort tax allocation			3,770,863		-	3,770,863
	Miscellaneous Interest Income			- 3,445		- 56	- 3,501

Interest income	 3,445	 00	 3,501
Total general revenues	 3,774,308	 56	3,774,364
Change in net position	 1,728,019	 (119)	1,727,900
Net position - beginning	 3,697,815	 9,309	 3,707,124
Net position - ending	\$ 5,425,834	\$ 9,190	\$ 5,435,024

# **STATISTICAL SECTION**

# STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Miami Beach's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

# Contents

**Financial Trends** 

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time.

# **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

# Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current level of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

# Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

# **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting - Unaudited)

	2022	644,989,729	145,281,020	764,126,266)	26,144,483		903,320,160	80,752,908	270,088,809	,254,161,877		,548,309,889	226,033,928	(494,037,457)	280,306,360
		ۍ س										-			↔ •
	2021	616,294,67	176,868,528	(867,347,561	(74, 184, 362		903,480,355	73,662,621	200,691,046	1,177,834,022		1,519,775,026	250,531,149	(666,656,515)	1,103,649,660
	2020	638,914,567 \$	175,187,510	(918,386,180)	(104,284,103)		864,486,887	73,752,744	216,111,725	1,154,351,356		1,503,401,454	248,940,254	(702,274,455)	1,050,067,253 \$
	2019	536,178,257 \$	201,930,677	(301,959,558)	436,149,376		388,123,514	70,589,612	185,944,956	644,658,082		924,301,771	272,520,289	(116,014,602)	1,080,807,458 \$
ear	2018	632,998,945 \$	196,553,344	(301,135,963)	528,416,326		411,086,647	72,476,675	133,972,500	617,535,822		1,044,085,592	269,030,019	(167,163,463)	1,145,952,148 \$
Fiscal Year	2017	712,557,077 \$	196,069,003	(383,459,279)	525,166,801		438,446,944	135,521,099	49,706,270	623,674,313		1,151,004,021	331,590,102	(333,753,009)	1,148,841,114 \$
	2016	558,538,326 \$	191,637,742	(231,946,281)	518,229,787		474,091,817	159,759,212	26,903,541	660,754,570		1,032,630,143	351,396,954	(205,042,740)	1,178,984,357 \$
	2015	8 491,485,745	172,033,018	(175,574,362)	487,944,401		410,865,702	48,205,531	135,968,387	595,039,620		902,351,447	220,238,549	(39,605,975)	1,082,984,021 \$
	2014	429,989,670 \$	146,377,701	160,427,999	736,795,370		343,218,833	88,568,103	168,294,644	600,081,580		773,208,503	234,945,804	328,722,643	1,336,876,950 \$
	2013	429,859,674 \$	129,615,957	131,579,116	691,054,747		382,255,186	40,085,381	161,059,156	583,399,723		812,114,860	169,701,338	292,638,272	1,274,454,470 \$
		\$													φ
		Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets	Restricted	Unrestricted	Total net position for governmental activities	Business-type activities	Net investment in capital assets	Restricted	Unrestricted	Total net position for business-type activities	Primary government	Net investment in capital assets	Restricted	Unrestricted	Total net position for primary government

\* STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisce	Fiscal Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 45,986,648	\$ 43,365,675	\$ 47,397,904	\$ 52,618,959	\$ 66,172,986	\$ 59,544,525	\$ 60,119,029	\$ 62,224,763	\$ 62,199,963	\$ 47,548,091
Public safety	188,420,690	197,239,550	192,976,434	220,109,566	246,568,234	244,304,594	274,381,814	292,092,564	268,822,518	222,041,727
Physical environment	2,739,664	3,168,494	4,198,730	5,548,076	7,053,251	6,939,057	17,587,864	14,581,897	13,088,813	16,309,446
Transportation	11,842,989	14,386,802	17,448,894	18,120,846	24,832,644	34,843,267	31,086,013	24,206,724	22,109,953	25,469,483
Economic environment	4,537,985	4,876,697	5,611,831	6,535,179	6,669,550	10,247,677	9,041,856	12,112,613	11,821,777	17,865,354
Human services	2,138,763	2,212,540	2,783,057	3,332,947	3,247,822	3,529,909	4,052,075	4,468,149	4,441,728	4,014,426
Culture and recreation	49,424,532	53,476,429	59,368,604	63,385,681	64,872,655	69,371,471	70,958,679	66,385,409	78,882,523	72,382,092
Interest on long-term debt	9,467,996	8,819,846	8,242,353	30,627,226	25,017,810	23,790,283	29,300,376	31,726,759	38,361,329	30,643,909
Total governmental activities expenses	314,559,267	327,546,033	338,027,807	400,278,480	444,434,952	452,570,783	496,527,706	507,798,878	499,728,604	436,274,528
Business-type activities:										
Stormwater	7,651,595	7,876,993	10,418,758	9,508,836	13,375,369	22,269,049	23,112,842	25,392,320	25,429,684	25,495,558
Water	28,797,909	28,965,261	29,255,282	30,317,357	29,813,596	30,977,477	30,479,946	27,892,435	29,117,982	29,402,499
Sewer	31,186,853	31,373,772	35,733,735	38,583,070	44,612,955	44,472,734	43,845,155	41,735,473	45,510,290	45,887,232
Parking	33,137,387	37,071,518	38,123,221	43,015,148	46,634,653	50,696,556	51,425,608	39,266,530	33,962,993	34,036,964
Convention Center	17.153.279	17.417.988	16.190.590	14.495.430	18.255.990	12.039.318	22,505,093	25.791.880	36.413.801	42.268.059
Other	20,029,662	20,132,046	21,516,603	21,993,702	25,717,476	27,384,254	26,848,507	43,327,707	55,241,293	41,990,489
Total business-type activities expenses	137,956,685	142,837,578	151,238,189	157,913,543	178,410,039	187,839,388	198,217,151	203,406,345	225,676,043	219,080,801
Total primary dovernment expenses	\$ 452.515.952	\$ 470.383.611	\$ 489.265.996	\$ 558,192,023	\$ 622.844.991	\$ 640.410.171	\$ 694 744 857	\$ 711.205.223	\$ 725.404.647	\$ 655.355.329
				¢ (0)				¢		
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 67,605,958	\$ 72,088,018	\$ 75,232,828	\$ 80,758,157	\$ 81,694,256	\$ 85,678,600	\$ 88,589,598	\$ 59,790,297	\$ 66,551,294	\$ 83,230,735
Public safety	8,146,390	8,101,151	9,073,918	10,190,087	10,165,262	9,014,798	10,078,686	8,142,676	7,173,188	12,218,994
Culture and recreation	7,708,231	8,120,209	8,497,903	8,744,939	8,396,344	9,434,770	10,056,119	7,695,901	10,994,907	12,920,579
Other	29,211	42,993	1,723,853	35,917	27,390	400	800	1		,
Operating grants and contributions	19,528,573	19,206,319	27,376,359	17,240,055	17,671,894	21,130,005	27,573,712	21,837,953	65,697,520	60,261,046
Capital grants and contributions	3,449,389	3,937,362		1,913,922	1,022,828	6,744,866	17,096,292	7,667,032	7,740,231	6,736,982
Total governmental activities program revenue	106,467,752	111,496,052	135,735,346	118,883,077	118,977,974	132,003,439	153, 395, 207	105,133,859	158,157,140	175,368,336
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Stormwater	11,671,714	11,715,299	21,258,353	21,490,894	28,570,734	29,293,550	30,669,228	30,887,007	32,133,712	33,073,208
Water	32,788,878	33,403,046	33,870,737	35,403,282	34,308,346	35,106,688	36,407,786	32,616,071	34,285,379	38,068,395
Sewer	35,409,042	36,737,566	42,169,257	45,389,228	50,534,934	51,077,411	53,255,772	48,907,482	53,544,198	58,688,087
Parking	40,302,744	40,049,313	42,672,887	51,499,302	47,285,421	48,350,420	49,013,328	31,760,569	37,467,080	46,300,693
Convention Center	9,494,760	8,302,873	17,147,941	5,937,041	2,719,642	2,499,387	7,971,861	16,752,351	9,298,472	25,374,930
Other	17,467,720	20,820,772	20,486,111	21,509,417	22,418,979	22.053.067	22,305,162	30,463,100	32.796.162	42.382.611
Operating grants and contributions	10,025,165	10,622,366	12,000,851	7,741,012	2,915,802	18,842,689	12,374,003	9,896,005	9,121,213	23,685,569
Capital grants and contributions				38,982,120	10,037,561					•
Total business-type activities program revenue	157,160,023	161,651,235	189,606,137	227,952,296	198,791,419	207,223,212	211,997,140	201,282,585	208,646,216	267,573,493
Total primary government program revenue	\$ 263,627,775	\$ 273,147,287	\$ 325,341,483	\$ 346,835,373	\$ 317,769,393	\$ 339,226,651	\$ 365,392,347	\$ 306,416,444	\$ 366,803,356	\$ 442,941,829
> -										

\*STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

2022	) \$ (260,906,192) ) \$ (48,492,692) ) \$ (212,413,500)	\$         212,579,801           117,507,417         64,602,724           64,602,724         64,502,724           1338,727         838,727           14388,727         388,727           14388,727         388,727           14388,727         388,727           14388,727         388,727           14388,727         388,727           14388,727         388,727           14388,727         388,727           1437,514         -           1235,037         -           366,019         -           3744,551         -           366,019         -           33,66,318         -           33,66,319         -           33,66,316         -           33,66,316         -           33,64,561,416         -	s \$ 100,328,845 81,849,070 \$ 1182,177,915
2021	\$ (341,571,464) (17,029,827) \$ (358,601,291)	\$ 207,774,487 82,207,774,987 78,780,647 78,780,647 78,507,559 3500,652 3,500,652 1,656,194 7,456,194 7,456,194 36,3600,632 36,3600,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,632 36,360,63237,360,502 36,360,502,502,502,502,502,502,502,502,502,50	\$ 22,229,368 20,661,296 \$ 42,890,664
2020	\$ (402,665,019) (2,123,760) \$ (404,788,779)	<pre>\$ 199,908,875 54,972,321 56,477,477 55,477,477 15,577,477 15,577,477 15,539,1019 3,517,226 3,317,129 14,102,781 14,102,781 14,102,282 14,106,763 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,282 14,106,284 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,106 15,1</pre>	\$ (540,433,479) 509,693.274 \$ (30,740,205)
2019	(343,132,499) 13,779,989 (329,352,510)	188,888,491 88,246,170 72,524,651 72,524,651 72,526,536 3,5455,327 1,379,049 23,294,793 23,294,793 23,294,793 23,294,793 396,239,226 396,239,226 396,234 1,050,419 1,050,419 396,232 436,344 1,050,239,226 396,237 436,341 444 9,436,382 1,050,239,226 396,237 1,050,239,226 396,237 1,050,239,226 396,237 1,050,239,226 396,237 1,050,238,226 396,237 1,050,238,226 396,237 1,050,238,226 396,237 1,050,238,226 396,237 1,050,238,226 396,237 1,050,238,226 396,237 1,050,238,226 396,237 1,050,238,226 396,237 1,050,238,226 396,237 1,050,238,226 396,237 1,050,238,236 396,237 1,050,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,236 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,256 396,2566 396,2566 396,2566 396,2566 396,2566 396,2566 396	53,106,727 24,378,216 77,484,943
2018	(320,567,344) \$ 19,383,824 (301,183,520) \$	183,296,870 \$ 183,296,870 \$ 183,296,870 \$ 72,235,505 72,235,505 72,235,505 72,235,505 72,235,505 72,235,505 707,570 3,898,438 6,075,70 3,898,438 6,075,70 3,898,438 6,002,10 38,466,126 6,734,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,745 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,755 118,	64,294,482 \$ 19,934,439 84,228,921 \$
Fiscal Year 2017	(325,456,978) \$ 20,381,380 (305,075,598) \$	167,206,455 81,310,032 151,842,304 151,842,304 151,842,304 37,45,856 37,45,856 5,029,398 2,037,864 5,786,466 11,425,128 11,425,128 11,425,128 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,533 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,449,545 11,445 11,445 11,445 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455 11,455	6,937,014 \$ (37,080.257) (30,143,243) \$
2016	(281,395,403) \$ 70,038,753 (211,356,650) \$	147,564,790 \$ 82,633,144 82,633,144 44,97,868 13,306,962 44,963,225 4,963,225 4,415,405 2,162,942 4,415,405 10,067,440 110,067,440 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771,000 3,771	30,285,386 \$ 65,714,950 96,000,336 \$
2015	(202,292,461) \$ 38,367,948 (163,924,513) \$	2009.279 \$ 133.099.279 \$ 673.099.279 673.099.6 12.192.935 4.5192.938 4.5192.938 4.529.996 14.37.032 5.264.909 387.671 277.399.61 277.399.613 277.399.613 277.399.613 277.399.613 277.399.613 277.399.613 277.399.613 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.899 5.269.897 5.269.897 5.269.897 5.269.897 5.269 5.269.897 5.269.897 5.269.897 5.269 5.269.897 5.269 5.269.897 5.269 5.269.897 5.269 5.269.897 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5.269 5	75,097,212 \$ 29,849,879 104,947,091 \$
2014	(216,049,981) \$ 18,813,657 (197,236,324) \$	121565,988 \$ 612,05,518 612,05,518 612,05,518 613,05,514 49,902,380 12,344,114 49,32,960 12,144,512 3,088,992 200,285 4,663,756 263,3756 263,3756 263,3756 11,14,2388 11,14,2388 11,14,2388 11,14,2388 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007 21,007	47,913,429 \$ 19,030,728 66,944,157 \$
2013	\$ (208,091,515) \$ 19,203,338 \$ (188,888,177) \$	<ul> <li>\$ 117,163,758</li> <li>\$ 56,617,952</li> <li>56,617,952</li> <li>432,297,433</li> <li>432,297,433</li> <li>432,297,433</li> <li>441,1851</li> <li>482,1771</li> <li>(5,244,171)</li> <li>3,444,193</li> <li>491,364</li> <li>490,667</li> <li>133,440</li> <li>1,334,400</li> <li>1,344,400</li> <li>1,344,400</li> <li>1,344,40</li></ul>	\$ 35,511,752 \$ 19,693,574 \$ 55,205,326 \$
	Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental advides Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	General Revenues and Other Changes in net position overmmettal activities: Taxes Property taxes Property taxes Property taxes Taxes Communication service Urrealized on investments Urrealized on investments Urrealized on investments Urrealized on investments Urrealized on investments Business-type activities Call governmental activities Business-type activities Call Urvestinent activities Business-type activities Call Urvestinent activities Call Urvestinent activities Call Urvestinent activities Business-type activities Urreatized gain on Investments Urreatized gain on Investments Urreatized gain on Investment Urreatized on Urvestment Urreatized on Urvestment Urreatized Sam on Investment Urreatized Sam on Investment Urreatized Sam on Investment Urreatized Sam on Urvestments Urreatized Sam on Urvestments Urvestment Sam Urvestments Urvestment Sam Urvestments Urvestment Sam Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments Urvestments	Change in net position Governmental activities \$ Business-type activities Total primary government

\*STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES

# CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

I

	2022	\$ 327,525 69,110,365 9,952,400 5,868,905 \$ 85,249,215 \$ 391,994,1721 132,430,510 132,430,510 132,430,510 132,430,510 132,430,510 132,430,510 132,430,510 132,430,510 132,430,510 132,430,510 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 132,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,525 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,555 134,5555 134,5555 134,5555 134,555 134,5555 1	(6,439,878) (6,439,86,218 \$508,986,218
	2021	\$ 9,255 63,768,745 63,768,745 34,705,480 7,106,627 7,106,627 5 105,580,107 \$ 117,836 \$ 417,836,312 7 4 884	(26,620,962) - \$ 466,027,701
	2020	\$ 9.255 	94,319 94,319 (9,836,930) \$ 441,889,830
	2019	\$ 1,541,257 (3,849,336 (3,849,336 (3,847,275 (4,777,000 (26,523,824 (3,15,168,792) (5,168,792) (4,15,168,792) (6,8,363,458) (4,3,363,552) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,363,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418)(6,8,418) (6,8,418) (6,8,418)(7,8,418) (7,8,418)(7,8,418) (7,8,418)(7,8,418) (7,8,418)(7,8,418) (7,8,418)(7,8,418) (7,8,418)(7,8,418) (7,8,418)(7,8,418) (7,8,418)(7,8,418) (7,8,418)(7,8,418) (7,8,418)(7,8,418) (7,8,418)(7,8,418)(7,8,418)(7,8,418)(7,8,418)(7,8,418	(17,027,781) \$ 485,319,656
	2018	\$ 23,255 11,447,181 45,607,227 500,227 50,020 30,871,817 83,449,480 5 24,418 \$ 34,0281,737 40,175,679	+0,10,079 1,286,969 (20,607,779) \$ 361,162,024
ear	2017	\$ 11,447,181 59,243,040 500,000 \$ 71,190,221 \$ 71,190,221 41,600,175 41,600,178	+1,000,100 (14,771,011) \$ 475,188,452
Fiscal Year	2016	\$ 1,268 10,436,543 48,307,433 3,139,732 3,139,732 5 61,884,976 \$ 671,137,967 470,127,967	- 10,041 - (2,430,061) \$ 716,623,647
	2015	\$ 19,765 8,328,543 48,151,901 2,791,000 \$ 59,291,209 \$ 278,623,633 34,60,665 34,60,665	
	2014	\$ 4,752,609 29,505,725 16,244,357 5,502,691 \$ 50,502,691 3,3266,604,162	+0,285,393
	2013	\$ 332 3,289,291 3,048,458 43,800,099 <b>\$ 54,138,180</b> \$ 4,490 \$ 250,022,626 30,441645	95,141,343 165,534 (4,537,581) \$ 284,796,614
	I	General Fund Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total general fund All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable Restricted Committed	Assigned Unassigned Total all other governmental funds

	2022	<ul> <li>\$ 425,655,437</li> <li>9,629,701</li> <li>18,763,479</li> <li>60,315,558</li> <li>60,315,558</li> <li>60,315,558</li> <li>33,1618,098</li> <li>7,944,008</li> <li>10,564,051</li> <li>10,564,051</li> </ul>	555,655,101	54,976,253 261,440,523 16,089,702 16,282,006 17,573,453 4,196,753 64,418,110 34,631,201	17,924,409 715,520 30,642,711 508,809,741 46,845,360	374,486 - - 1,030 1,030 - 150,820,318 (175,413,569)	(24,217,735) - \$ 22,627,625	10.39%
	2021	<ul> <li>397, 325, 892</li> <li>8,200,955</li> <li>9,481,142</li> <li>6,33,839,705</li> <li>6,33,839,705</li> <li>6,521,668</li> <li>6,521,668</li> <li>6,526,660</li> <li>6,556,660</li> <li>1,722,914</li> <li>19,855,666</li> <li>18,427</li> <li>1,642,665</li> <li>5,458,612</li> </ul>	544,329,881	55,126,579 247,386,987 12,841,469 112,841,947 11,388,507 4,248,860 68,104,214 68,104,214 37,749,575	20,387,000 38,393,992 <u>508,108,836</u> 36,221,045	20,551 20,551 103,228,659 (111,702,607)	(8,453,397) - \$ 27,767,648	12.50%
	2020	\$ 339,984,347 7,909,621 11,086,973 11,086,573 35,266,791 5,662,637 17,250,298 1,385,622 11,385,622 33,675 33,675 33,675 1,194,875 1,913,058	456,338,568	53,762,855 230,212,540 14,101,149 11,434,0207 11,434,207 4,090,231 54,041,419 54,041,419 64,882,175	22,058,149 31,665,188 499,998,293 (43,659,725)	- 7,155,665 (7,131,002) 2,171 2,171 85,462,844 (105,699,178)	(20,209,500) - \$ (63,869,225)	12.34%
	2019	\$ 380, 556, 002 8, 364, 567 29, 440, 672 20, 584, 517 20, 584, 517 20, 584, 517 20, 584, 517 20, 584, 517 7, 045, 294 21, 314, 181 2, 522, 310 21, 241, 181 2, 522, 310 21, 241, 181 2, 522, 310 21, 241, 1962 3, 521, 962 3, 521, 962	528,106,852	53,840,780 238,143,940 15,994,493 25,098,999 8,513,706 3,948,214 3,948,214 61,500,406 77,387,666	21,423,687 27,220,674 528,972,565 (865,713)	162.225,000 18,529,252 (28,358,050) (280,059,706 280,059,706 (280,713,251)	151,742,657 - \$ 150,876,944	10.77%
NDS (Unaudited)	2018	<ul> <li>\$ 372,057,484</li> <li>8,173,295</li> <li>23,928,957</li> <li>21,005,380</li> <li>21,005,380</li> <li>5,713,354</li> <li>7,153,382</li> <li>5,713,754</li> <li>20,810,564</li> <li>2,855,687</li> <li>2,855,687</li> <li>2,855,687</li> <li>2,855,687</li> <li>2,855,687</li> <li>2,855,687</li> <li>2,855,687</li> <li>2,826,687</li> <li>2,826,687</li> <li>2,826,687</li> <li>2,826,687</li> <li>2,926,942</li> <li>5,926,942</li> </ul>	495,735,908	55,184,621 230,175,631 6,384,051 22,828,290 9,780,237 3,476,075 59,628,074 168,225,667	20,912,606 27,182,895 114,590 603,892,737 (108,156,829)	1,362,339 - 594,270 (1,311,745) 1,311,745 1,27,239,318 (118,895,601)	10,300,326 1,089,334 \$ (96,767,169)	11.04%
IN DELANCES, GOVERNMENT AL FUN IND BALANCES, GOVERNMENT AL FUN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting) Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2017	<ul> <li>\$ 329,005,151</li> <li>\$ 8,323,438</li> <li>\$ 8,323,438</li> <li>\$ 5,506,418</li> <li>\$ 15,002,659</li> <li>\$ 15,002,659</li> <li>\$ 5,082,7962</li> <li>\$ 6,927,962</li> <li>\$ 6,927,962</li> <li>\$ 2,255,193</li> <li>\$ 2,265,893</li> <li>\$ 2,268,893</li> </ul>	441,001,002	54,784,677 218,797,756 6,641,109 15,975,480 6,306,965 3,181,695 3,181,695 55,723,327 270,877,710	19,990,093 27,940,540 174,056 680,393,409 (239,392,407)	3,034,478 19,679,000 (19,215,000) 8,338 93,919,605 93,933,030)	6,493,391 769,066 \$ (232,129,950)	11.70%
BALANCES, GOVERNMENT, BALANCES, GOVERNMENT, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS diffed accrual basis of accou Fiscal Year Ended September 30.	2016	<ul> <li>\$ 303,445,683</li> <li>8.067,568</li> <li>24,166,916</li> <li>17,232,200</li> <li>17,232,386,852</li> <li>6,935,619</li> <li>4,186</li> <li>7,17</li> <li>23,866,002</li> <li>19,017,177</li> <li>23,556,002</li> <li>19,017,177</li> <li>23,208,524</li> <li>1,941,465</li> </ul>	413,893,164	54,034,457 202,413,979 4,835,660 10,106,470 6,237,203 3,206,331 55,685,165 152,900,118	21,018,490 28,398,933 538,836,806 (124,943,642)	518,824,800 52,632,633 (50,954,074) (50,954,074) 18,220 18,220 635,933,939 (625,834,461)	530,621,057 (1,858,400) \$ 403,819,015	12.80%
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting) Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2015	<pre>\$ 269,294,092 8,361,063 8,361,063 23,123,876 18,169,906 18,169,906 7,134,434 7,134,082 5,044,082 5,044,082 5,0690,178 15,027,028 15,027,988 4,145,958 4,145,958</pre>	386,842,312	48,528,841 190,560,357 3,822,556 3,120,845 5,287,707 2,892,716 5,2123,363 44,556,879	16,781,013 8,066,696 <u>381,740,373</u> 5,101,939	- - 313,000 13,392 13,392 80,751,364 (70,278,371)	10,799,385 - \$ 15,901,324	7.37%
ō	2014	<ul> <li>\$ 261,527,060</li> <li>8,206,099</li> <li>19,638,114</li> <li>17,290,372</li> <li>17,290,372</li> <li>17,290,372</li> <li>2,857,175</li> <li>3,143,282</li> <li>14,446,790</li> <li>647,145</li> <li>4,433,358</li> <li>2,881,720</li> </ul>	363,399,595	44,948,607 184,316,059 2,765,742 5,944,005 4,528,992 2,722,204 45,973,463 33,489,057	15,719,650 8,706,129 348,613,908 14,785,687	20,850 20,850 101,957,775 (96,910,822)	5,067,803 - \$ 19,853,490	7.75%
	2013	<ul> <li>\$ 246,332,649</li> <li>7,775,685</li> <li>17,875,685</li> <li>17,468,596</li> <li>17,468,596</li> <li>16,547,095</li> <li>6,8217,995</li> <li>3,266,782</li> <li>3,266,782</li> <li>3,266,782</li> <li>3,265,782</li> <li>3,2938,918</li> <li>3,938,918</li> </ul>	341,999,185	43,932,077 178,433,658 2,414,724 5,083,060 5,480,964 2,103,404 22,1458,693 25,1458,693 25,1458,693 25,1458,693	15,632,156 - 14,567,063 - <u>335,311,642</u> 6,687,543	- - - - - - 87,275,289 (82,130,842)	5,174,925 - \$ 11,862,468	9.74%
	Revenues	Taxes Franchise fees Permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Rents & leases Interest Fines and forfeitures Administrative fees Special assessment Impact fees Other revenues	Total revenues Expenditures	General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Economic environment Human services Culture and recreation Capital Outlay Deht service	Principal Lease Payment Interest Other Total expenditures Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses) Leases Liabilities Issued Refunding Bonds Issued Payment to escrow agent Proceeds from Ioan Proceeds from Ioan Impairment Insurance recovery Transfers un Total other financing	sources (uses) EXTRAORDINARY ITEM Extraordinary expense Net change in fund balances	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures

**CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA** 

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CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

	Total Direct Tax Rate <sup>B</sup>	6.3477	6.1163	6.0237	5.9123	5.8888	5.8888	5.8888	6.0221	6.0515	6.0515	
	Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 23,072,322	24,656,577	27,103,871	30,697,891	34,697,757	37,397,062	40,098,892	41,742,998	41,866,674	46,544,694	
	Other Adjustments to Just Value	\$ 1,334,248	1,993,488	3,394,820	5,795,950	6,243,108	5,082,345	3,387,534	2,316,331	1,705,561	3,693,762	
Exemptions	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	\$ 2,615,045	2,507,009	2,478,873	2,504,591	2,601,055	2,642,773	2,756,878	3,061,436	3,069,788	3,191,341	
	Real property- Amendment 10 Excluded Value <sup>A</sup>	\$ 2,311,720	2,787,123	3,888,518	5,649,696	6,835,074	6,236,526	5,033,773	4,425,609	4,467,511	6,781,434	
	Value of Taxable Property	\$ 29,333,335	31,944,197	36,866,082	44,648,128	50,376,994	51,358,706	51,277,077	51,546,374	51,109,534	60,211,231	
	Other Property	\$ 2,713,143	2,776,696	3,004,039	3,516,886	4,012,695	3,956,081	4,360,443	4,453,591	4,378,893	4,738,337	
perty	Industrial Property	\$ 38,810	34,051	31,671	43,114	55,583	54,118	52,018	53,204	59,878	66,570	
Real Property	Commercial Property	\$ 6,246,840	6,870,554	7,457,822	9,389,064	10,081,176	11,028,601	11,631,382	12,108,591	11,165,123	9,720,774	unty
	Residential Property	\$ 20,334,542	22,262,896	26,372,550	31,699,064	36,227,540	36,319,906	35,233,234	34,930,988	35,505,640	45,685,550	Il for Miami-Dade Co
I	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Source: 2022 Tax Roll for Miami-Dade County

Note: Increases in assessed value for homesteaded property is limited to 3% per year or CPI whichever is less and for non-homesteaded property the increase is limited to 10% per year.

Note: Exemptions for real property include: \$25,000 homestead exemption; an additional \$25,000 homestead exemption (excluding School Board taxes) starting in FY 2009; widows/widowers exemption; governmental exemption; disability/blind age 65 and older exemption; institutional exemption; economic development exemption and other exemptions as allowed by law.

<sup>A</sup> Amendment 10 was an amendment to the Florida Constitution in 1992 which capped the assessed value of properties with homestead exemption to increases of 3% per year or the Consumer Price Index, whichever is less (193,155, F.S.)

# CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	City of Mia	ami Beach Direct	Rates	Ov	erlapping Rates <sup>A</sup>		
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total Direct Millage	School District Millage	County Millage	State Millage	Total
2013	6.0909	0.2568	6.3477	7.9980	5.6610	0.4634	20.4701
2014	5.8634	0.2529	6.1163	7.9770	5.7980	0.4455	20.3368
2015	5.7942	0.2295	6.0237	7.9740	5.9009	0.4187	20.3173
2016	5.7092	0.2031	5.9123	7.6120	5.9009	0.3871	19.8123
2017	5.7092	0.1796	5.8888	7.3220	5.8509	0.3627	19.4244
2018	5.7224	0.1664	5.8888	6.9940	5.8182	0.3420	19.0430
2019	5.7288	0.1600	5.8888	6.7330	5.8568	0.3256	18.8042
2020	5.7288	0.2933	6.0221	7.1480	5.8969	0.3115	19.3785
2021	5.7288	0.3227	6.0515	7.1290	5.8796	0.2995	19.3596
2022	5.7626	0.2889	6.0515	7.0090	5.9584	0.2892	19.3081

**Source**: Miami-Dade County, Florida; Department of Property Appraisal 2022 Millage Table and The City of Miami Beach 2021/2022

Adopted Budget Book.

# State Legislated Operating millage Requirements

Pursuant to recently enacted State legislation, the City may elect to approve millage rates above the roll-back rate up to the constitutional cap of 10 mills subject to the following votes by the Commission or referendum:

Option I: A majority of the Commission Millage is required to approve a millage up to 8.1906 (equivalent to 100.55% of prior year maximum as valorem proceeds allowed by a majority vote, net of the impact of the Tax Increment Districts). The adjustment of 100.55% reflects the statewide per capita personal income increase for the prior year.

Option II: A row-thirds approval (5 of 7 votes) of the Commission is required to approve a millage up to 9.0097 (equivalent to a 10% increase in the ad valorem revenues above Option I).

Option III: A unanimous approval of the Commission or referendum is required to approve a millage above 9.0097 up to the 10 mill cap

<sup>A</sup> Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to owners within the City of Miami Beach. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Miami Beach property owners.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS (Unaudited) CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2022				2013	
Taxpayer	Tay	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of The City's Certified Taxable Assessed Value	Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of The City's Certified Taxable Assessed Value
Fountainbleau Florida Hotel LLC	⇔	308,168,121	0.66 %	Fountainbleau Florida Hotel LLC	\$ 254,563,110	1.10 %
Florida Power & Light Company		274,231,223	0.59	2201 Collins Fee LLC	209,000,000	0.91
MB Redevelopment INC		221,000,000	0.47	MB Redev. Inc./Loews Hotel	193,993,016	0.84
SB Hotel Owner		192,473,995	0.41	Sandy Lane Residential LLC	179,758,780	0.78
2201 Collins Fee LLC		170,945,363	0.37	Florida Power & Light Co	110,660,000	0.48
PDS Development LLC		143,394,878	0.31	Di Lido Beach Hotel Corp.	88,572,000	0.38
Playa Retail Investments		134,111,102	0.29	MCZ/ Centrum Flamingo II LLC	86,900,000	0.38
1111 Lincoln LLC		125,100,407	0.27	Eden Roc LLP	72,600,000	0.31
3201 Hotel LLC		119,861,157	0.26	MCZ/ Centrum Flamingo III LLC	68,000,000	0.29
Southgate Towers Hotel & Apts		109,110,251	0.23	RP Hotel Holdings LLC	63,500,000	0.28
	\$	1,798,396,497	3.86 %		\$ 1,327,546,906	5.75 %

Source: 2022 and 2013 Miami-Dade County, Florida Ad Valorem Assessment Roll for the City of Miami Beach.

# CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (Unaudited) FISCAL YEARS 2013 THRU 2022

Total Collections to Date	Percentage Amount of Levy	937,153 95.55 %	143,295,926 100.02	156,713,126 101.04	175,265,991 101.65	194,748,605 100.33	202,661,439 96.87	214,812,615 98.74	225,461,668 94.41	237,854,670 100.57	233,086,755 87.11
		87 \$ 132,937,153									- 233,0
Collections	in Subsequent Years	\$ 2,619,987	3,566,751	4,951,431	7,115,159	7,693,819	7,533,136	12,966,522	8,445,549	7,624,865	
vithin the · of the Levy	Percentage of Levy	93.66 %	97.53	97.85	97.52	96.36	93.27	92.78	90.87	97.34	87.11
Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	Amount	\$ 130,317,166	139,729,175	151,761,695	168,150,832	187,054,786	195,128,303	201,846,093	217,016,119	230,229,805	233,086,755
	Taxes levied for r 30, the fiscal year	\$ 139,133,369	143,266,670	155,102,311	172,420,383	194,111,744	209,212,631	217,551,576	238,811,488	236,515,128	267,581,955
	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

**Sources:** Millage and taxable value table, the City of Miami Beach adopted budget book, Miami-Dade County real estate delinquent tax system and the City of Miami Beach finance department.

**Note:** Assessments as of January 1 of the year listed; bills mailed in October of that year; taxes become delinquent at the end of April of the subsequent year.

For the City of Miami Beach, the period for which levied coincides with the fiscal year.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in throusends of dollars)
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					(in thousands of dollars)	llars)				
					Governmental Activities	Activities A				
Fiscal Year 2013	General Obligation Bonds \$ 61,745	Resort Tax Revenue Bonds \$ -	Gulf Breeze Government Loan Program \$ 14,386	Pension Obligation Bonds \$ 30,550	Redevelopment Agency Tax Increment Revenue Bonds \$ 66,058	Loans Payable <sup>D</sup> \$12,374	Lease Liabilities F	Other Obligations \$ 13,551	Total Governmental Activities \$ 198,664	
2014	59,338		11,510	26,935	60,365	13,558		12,882	184,588	
2015	55,419		8,484	23,160	54,990	11,779		11,801	165,633	
2016	51,425	213,288	5,310	19,215	350,692	8,551	·	11,002	659,483	
2017	47,363	208,906	4,350		342,669	25,843		10,121	639,252	
2018	43,234	204,411	3,340		334,479	21,344		9,153	615,961	
2019	191,593	c 199,772	2,280		326,089	18,958		8,089	746,781	
2020	186,154	c 194,986	1,170		317,464	14,327		7,155	721,256	
2021	179,589	190,039			308,574	15,382		6,236	699,820	
2022	174,131	184,927			299,415	16,217	18,403	4,434	697,527	
	04-4-1W	Business-tyr	Business-type activities A					Total		
Fiscal Year	storm water Revenue Bonds	sewer Revenue Bonds	Parking Revenue Bonds	Loan Payable	Lease Liabilities <sup>F</sup>		l otal Business Activities	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita <sup>B</sup>
2013	\$ 93,108	\$ 117,272	\$ 42,059	\$ 1,793	۰ ج	I	\$ 254,232	\$ 452,896	\$ 11.85	\$ 4.9862
2014	92,487	114,492	40,686	1,271			248,936	433,524	11.99	4.7848
2015	190,545	109,569	38,476	1,143			339,733	505,366	13.24	5.5133
2016	187,619	105,810	101,620	770			395,819	1,055,302	24.51	11.5253
2017	184,169	99,406	99,658	276			383,509	1,022,761	22.70	11.1270
2018	286,294	178,317	97,640				562,251	1,178,212	25.95	12.7641
2019	281,263	173,484	95,564				550,311	1,297,092	26.58	14.1422
2020	276,034	168,442	63,893	32,431 <sup>E</sup>	,		540,800	1,262,056	24.41	13.4032
2021	270,642	163,285	63,500	32,431 <sup>E</sup>			529,858	1,229,678	25.96	14.8539
2022	264,321	158,634	62,994	30,147	71		516,167	1,213,694	22.38	14.5147
Note: Details	Note: Details regarding the citV's outstanding debt can	tstanding debt can be fo	be found in the notes to the financial statements.	financial statements.						

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

A Net of Premium and discount B See Demographic and Economic Statistics page for population information New debt issued in fiscal year 2013 and 2020 Includes the Pension loan: Learne and capital leases In 6 Sas 313.1355 million of debt is reported on the Enterprise Funds - Parking Statement of Net Position , however the pledge repayment source is non ad -valorem general revenue effective 10/1/2021

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CITY OF MIAMI BEACH RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

∢ Debt Per Capita 1.1318 0.8295 0.5626 0.5046 2.1138 2.1693 2.0825 0.9491 1.9894 1.0207 Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property 0.15 0.45 0.38 0.32 0.25 0.12 0.48 0.45 0.43 0.37 92,973 77,212 45,762 187,025 82,936 54,560 44,136 173,809 193,099 179,317 Net Total တ (9,851) (21,390) (9,973) (9,852) (7,577)(812) (774)(299) (272)(322) Reduction Balance Fund ഗ 92,909 51,713 193,873 179,589 87,063 46,574 187,324 75,950 102,825 174,131 Total ഗ 19,215 26,935 \$30,550 23,160 Bonds/Loan Refunding Pension Net Bonded Debt 5,310 Gulf Breeze 4,350 3,340 2,280 1,170 Fixed Rate 9,455 Bonds <sup>C</sup> \$12,583 8,484 56,519 179,589 55,419 47,363 43,234 186,154 51,425 191,593 174,131 \$59,692 Obligation Bonds General ш ш ш ш ш ш ш ш 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2022 2013 2020 2021 2014 Fiscal Year

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

 $^{\mathsf{A}}$  See Demographic and Economic Statistics page for population information.

<sup>B</sup> Debt net of premium and discount

 $\checkmark$  These bonds are pledged from general non ad-valorem funds. See Note 10 for more details.

Note: RDA & Resort Tax debt is excluded as it is pledged RDA & Resort Tax revenue respectively.

			Fiscal Year		
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Debt limit	\$ 3,460,848,297	\$ 3,698,486,533	\$ 4,065,580,713	\$ 4,604,683,630	\$ 5,204,663,566
Total net debt applicable to limit	60,722,308	56,518,915	52,080,035	48,840,920	44,772,315
Legal Debt margin	\$ 3,400,125,989	\$ 3,641,967,618	\$ 4,013,500,678	\$ 4,555,842,710	\$ 5,159,891,251
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	1.75%	1.53%	1.28%	1.06%	0.86%
			Fiscal Year		
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Debt limit	\$ 5,609,559,374	\$ 5,833,419,165	\$ 6,143,498,044	\$ 6,171,113,594	\$ 6,868,792,794
Total net debt applicable to limit	42,422,703	190,818,618	185,855,751	179,316,871	173,808,109
Legal Debt margin	\$ 5,567,136,671	\$ 5,642,600,547	\$ 5,957,642,293	\$ 5,991,796,723	\$ 6,694,984,685
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.76%	3.27%	3.03%	2.91%	2.53%

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2022

\$ 45,791,951,962	6,868,792,794		174,130,553		322,444	173,808,109	\$ 6,694,984,685
Assessed value	Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	Debt applicable to limit:	General obligation bonds	Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general	obligation debt	Total net debt applicable to limit	Legal debt margin

Note: Assessed value is the certified taxable value as of January 1, 2020.

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#### CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Less:			_	Debt	Servio	ce		
Fiscal Year	_	Revenue	_	Operating Expenses	N	let available Revenue	_	Principal	_	Interest	Cover	age
Parking F	Reven	ue Bonds										
2013	\$	41,608,717	\$	22,099,777	\$	19,508,940	\$	1,972,110	\$	2,050,454	4	.85
2014		40,423,375		25,631,104		14,792,271		2,049,762		1,977,231	3	.67
2015		42,740,752		28,094,275		14,646,477		1,405,000		1,834,663	4	.52
2016		52,263,779		31,863,161		20,400,618		2,230,508		3,882,226	3	.34
2017		47,420,407		32,519,424		14,900,983		1,600,000		4,652,713	2	.38
2018		48,575,322		34,314,433		14,260,889		1,670,000		4,579,713	2	.28
2019		49,251,672		35,564,086		13,687,586		1,740,000		4,512,913	2	.19
2020		33,293,212		26,155,956		7,137,256		80,000		4,444,112	1	.58
2021		37,035,158		22,140,681		14,894,477		85,000		2,921,800	4	.95
2022		51,256,442		24,238,729		27,017,713		200,000		2,919,250	8	.66

Note: Revenue includes operating revenues but excludes interest earned on bond proceeds as per the official bond statement. Operating expenses excludes depreciation expense and administrative fees. The revenue pledged to the 2020 refunding loan is non-ad valorem covenant to budget and appropriated funding, however, the loan is paid with parking revenues and reported on the parking fund statement of net position. The parking fund debt covenant calculation does not include the debt for the 2020 refunding loan, it only includes the debt service for the 2015 Series bonds. The 5th & Alton and 7th Street Garages are not included as part of the Parking Systems Funds.

Water & S	Sewer	Revenue Bond	s					
2013	\$	68,382,564	\$	49,737,831	\$ 18,644,733	\$ 4,285,000	\$ 5,633,434	1.88
2014		69,399,550		49,242,030	20,157,520	3,185,000	5,476,073	2.33
2015		76,118,870		53,527,238	22,591,632	4,935,000	5,299,541	2.21
2016		80,863,818		57,123,647	23,740,171	3,770,000	5,111,733	2.67
2017		84,740,505		62,870,251	21,870,254	6,415,000	4,889,445	1.93
2018		87,212,562		59,819,813	27,392,749	7,330,000	6,532,843	1.98
2019		91,353,611		59,639,739	31,713,872	4,170,000	7,548,581	2.71
2020		82,966,677		54,173,737	28,792,940	4,360,000	7,367,338	2.46
2021		88,366,766		59,408,154	28,958,612	4,455,000	7,272,794	2.47
2022		97,585,074		60,537,169	37,047,905	1,405,000	6,001,818	5.00

Note: Revenue includes operating revenues and operating interest income but excludes interest earned on bond proceeds and water and sewer impact fees as per the official bond statement. Operating expenses excludes depreciation expense and administrative fees.

Stormwat	er Re	venue Bonds					
2013	\$	11,778,578	\$ 3,011,708	\$ 8,766,870	\$ 1,545,000	\$ 4,302,595	1.50
2014		11,938,937	3,287,102	8,651,835	1,590,000	4,258,872	1.48
2015		21,321,751	4,804,628	16,517,123	2,620,000	4,208,297	2.42
2016		21,833,308	4,467,788	17,365,520	2,720,000	8,516,865	1.55
2017		28,587,321	6,903,636	21,683,685	3,250,000	8,111,226	1.91
2018		29,743,251	6,140,735	23,602,516	4,213,026	9,964,373	1.66
2019		31,301,193	7,077,471	24,223,722	4,025,000	11,988,659	1.51
2020		31,601,867	8,332,325	23,269,542	4,185,000	11,817,582	1.45
2021		32,392,519	8,714,351	23,678,168	4,350,000	11,630,206	1.48
2022		33,420,282	7,713,255	25,707,027	5,250,000	11,485,219	1.54

Note: Revenue includes operating revenues and operating interest income but excludes interest earned on bond proceeds as per the official bond statement. Operating expenses excludes depreciation expense and administrative fees. Debt service excludes the State Revolving Loan - refer to Note 10.

Redevelop	omen	t Agency						
2013	\$	90,690,478	\$ 500,000	\$ 90,190,478	\$ 4,885,000	\$ 3,512,766	10.74	
2014		37,456,562	500,000	36,956,562	4,885,000	3,513,000	4.40	
2015		36,251,898	-	36,251,898	5,375,000	3,039,103	4.31	
2016		42,216,634	-	42,216,634	7,985,000	13,744,597	1.94	
2017		49,332,005	-	49,332,005	7,985,000	13,744,597	2.27	
2018		49,920,277	-	49,920,277	7,985,000	13,744,597	2.30	
2019		53,142,078	-	53,142,078	7,985,000	13,744,597	2.45	
2020		56,577,471	-	56,577,471	7,985,000	13,744,597	2.60	
2021		56,434,269	-	56,434,269	7,985,000	13,744,597	2.60	
2022		53,915,935	-	53,915,935	7,985,000	13,744,597	2.48	

Note: "Trust Fund Revenues" shall mean the revenues derived from Redevelopment area and received by the Agency for deposit in the Trust Fund. Per the bond documents, debt service coverage is "Trust Fund Revenues" as defined above divided by the maximum annual debt service requirement. Therefore, no operating expense is included in the net revenue calculation.

#### Resort Tax

2016	\$ 82,754,779	\$ -	\$ 82,754,779	\$ 8,505,000	\$ 3,949,750	6.64
2017	81,910,032	-	81,910,032	8,505,000	3,949,750	6.58
2018	87,595,052	-	87,595,052	8,505,000	3,949,750	7.03
2019	88,246,170	-	88,246,170	8,505,000	3,949,750	7.09
2020	54,972,321	-	54,972,321	8,505,000	3,949,750	4.41
2021	82,207,342	-	82,207,342	8,505,000	3,949,750	6.60
2022	117,307,417	-	117,307,417	8,505,000	3,949,750	9.42

Note: Per the bond documents, "Resort Tax Revenues" are all municipal taxes imposed, levied, and collected pursuant to the Resort Tax regulations. The revenues do not include special assessment revenues. Per the bond documents, debt service coverage is "Resort Tax Revenues" as defined above divided by the maximum annual debt service requirement. Therefore, no operating expense is included in the net revenue calculation.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH,	COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT (Unaudited)	SEPTEMBER 30. 2022
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DIRECT DEBT General obligation indebtedness Public improvement bonds Premium/(Discount) Total General obligation indebtedness			158,600,000 15,530,554 \$ 174,130,554
Non-self-supporting indebtedness (net of premium/discount): $^{\rm A}$	A		
Bonds (net of premium): Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Resort Tax Bonds	Ф	299,415,307 184,927,279	
Loans and leases: 2020 Parking refunding loan (series 2010 bonds) 2020 Energy Savings Obligation Equipment Loan Clean Water State Revolving Loan		30,146,542 4,433,716 10,310,356 5 906 888	
GASB 87 - Lease Obligation <sup>D</sup>		18,474,605	
Total non-self-supporting indebtedness Total direct indebtedness			553,614,693 \$727,745,247
OVERLAPPING DEBT <sup>B</sup> Miami-Dade County Total general obligation indebtedness	Ф	2,338,333,078	
Percent applicable to City <sup>C</sup> Total school district obligation indebtedness		12.317% 836,862,000	288,012,485
Percent applicable to City $^{ m C}$ Total net non-self-supporting indebtedness		12.317% 3.175.195.078	103,076,293
Percent applicable to City <sup>c</sup>		12.317%	391,088,778
Total overlapping debt			782,177,556
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$ 1,509,922,803
<sup>A</sup> Excludes self-supporting debt obligations			

- <sup>A</sup> Excludes self-supporting debt obligations.
   <sup>B</sup> All debt listed as Overlapping Debt is secured either solely from a tax source or from a combination of self-supporting revenues and a tax source.
   <sup>C</sup> Based upon 2022 assessed valuation figures for the City and Dade County.
   <sup>C</sup> GASB 87 Lease Liabilities

				Miami-C	Miami-Dade County		
Year	Miami Beach Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income	Auto Tags	Bank Deposits (Thousands)	School Age Population	Unemployment Rate
2012	90,848	100,688	38,860	1,691,167	в 91,040	353,152	9.3
2013	91,026	104,373	39,880	ı	A 95,058	355,268	8.4
2014	91,732	111,529	41,883	ı	A 102,382	355,913	6.8
2015	91,564	116,553	47,026	ı	A 114,771	356,480	5.1
2016	91,917	121,447	49,018	,	A 124,922	356,086	4.6
2017	92,307	126,715	49,185	ı	<sup>A</sup> 128,390	354,172	3.6
2018	91,718	138,139	53,213	ı	<sup>A</sup> 131,441	350,040	3.1
2019	93,988	149,166	54,902		A 152,062	347,069	7.9
2020	94,161	154,891	57,213	ı	A 179,203	334,400	1.4
2021	80,671 *	172,678	64,849	,	A 196,334	329,337	2.0
Source	o. Elorida Statist	Source. Elorida Statistical Abstract *11S Cansus Amarican Community Survay, Buraau of Labor Statistics, EDIC - Branch Offica	anerie Amarican C	ommunity Survey	Bureau of Labor St	atistics EDIC _ Rran.	ch Office

Source: Florida Statistical Abstract, \* US Census American Community Survey, Bureau of Labor Statistics, FDIC - Branch Office Deposits, Dade County School District, Federal Reserve Economic Data

<sup>A</sup> Data not available

<sup>B</sup> Does not include mobile homes, trailers or vessels, dealer or transporter license plates, half-year truck/tractor registrations or permanent government license plates.

#### MIAMI-DADE COUNTY PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (Unaudited) CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Ten Largest	Public Em	ployers		
		2016*		2008	3
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank
Miami-Dade County Public Schools	33,477	1	1.22 %	54,861	1
Miami-Dade County	25,502	2	0.93	33,653	2
Federal Government	19,200	3	0.70	20,400	3
Florida State Government	17,100	4	0.62	17,000	4
Jackson Health System	9,797	5	0.36	11,875	5
City of Miami	3,997	6	0.15	4,600	8
Florida International University	3,534	7	0.13	8,500	6
Homestead AFB	3,250	8	0.12		
Miami VA Medical Center	2,500	9	0.09	2,310	10
Miami Dade College	2,390	10	0.09	5,865	7
City of North Miami Beach				3,878	9

#### Ten Largest Private Employers

		2016*		200	8
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank
University of Miami	12,818	1	0.47 %	12,765	1
Baptist Health South Florida	11,353	2	0.41	11,615	3
American Airlines	11,031	3	0.40	9,000	4
Carnival Cruise Lines	3,500	4 (t)	0.13		
Miami Children's Hospital	3,500	4 (t)	0.13		
Mount Sinai Medical Center	3,321	6	0.12		
Florida Power and Light	3,011	7	0.11		
Royal Caribbean	2,989	8	0.11		
Wells Fargo	2,050	9	0.07		
Bank of America Merrill Lynch	2,000	10	0.07		
Publix Super Markets				11,760	2
Precision Response Corporation				5,000	7
Bellsouth/AT&T				4,100	9
Winn-Dixie Stores				8,000	5
Florida Power & Light Co.				3,952	10
United Parcel Service				5,144	6
The Home Depot				4,500	8

**Source:** Employer and employees information provided by the Beacon Council. Miami Dade's Official Economic Development Partnership. Percentage of total County employment was calculated based on total County employment of 2,751,796 as provided by US Census American Community Survey.

\*The principal employer data for fiscal years 2017-2022 are not available as of the date of this report.

# CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Full-time E	quivalent Em	ployees as o	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30	0			
Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General government:										
Mayor and Commission	18	18	20	19	20	20	21	21	21	21
City Manager	10	13	15	16	16	16	16	16	18	18
Office of Communications	5	4	6	6	14	14	13	12	12	12
Office of Management & Budget	18	18	20	20	20	20	11	11	8	8
Organization Development and Performance Initiatives			2	2	2	e	e	с С	2	2
Office of Inspector General <sup>D</sup>							14	14	14	14
Finance	37	37	50	50	64	65	63	63	59	59
Information Technology	37	36	38	39	44	44	44	44	46	46
Human Resources	14	15	23	27	28	29	28	28	28	28
Risk Management <sup>A</sup>	7	9								
City Clerk	13	14	14	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Procurement	80	80	12	16	17	18	19	19	19	19
City Attorney	19	19	21	22	22	24	24	24	24	24
Economic Development and Cultural Arts:	:	:	:	!	1	;	;	;	;	:
Keal Estate, Housing and Comm. Development	13	LL	11	15	17.	23	97	50	52	32
Economic Development							9	9	2	2
Building	73	73	86	85	88	88	84	84	84	94
Environment & Sustainability <sup>B</sup>					10	12	11	11	10	15
Planning	25	25	26	26	27	27	27	27	27	28
Tourism & Cultural Development <sup>E</sup>	11	13	17	18	18	18	10	10	11	11
Bass Museum	8	8	8	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Operations:										
Community Services	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Code Compliance	41	42	57	58	61	61	59	56	56	65
Parks & Recreation	173	167	152	150	151	162	163	158	153	152
Public Works	40	42	57	70	68	78	78	75	75	75
Sanitation	178	178	169	172	171	172	169	162	152	155
Property Management	50	50	33	34	8	34	36	36	45	45
Capital Improvement Projects	37	36	34	36	36	34	34	34	34	34
Parking	110	111	107	114	115	113	108	105	77	87
Sewer	34	34	34	37	37	30	30	30	30	29
Stormwater	21	21	29	32	32	30	30	33	33	33
Water	52	52	52	53	53	48	48	47	47	48
Fleet Management	20	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	19	19
Transportation Management <sup>c</sup>			9	6	16	15	15	11	6	6
Public safety:										
Police - Officers	381	381	385	409	408	408	414	415	414	433
Police - Civilians	144	158	92	78	97	100	97	97	66	100
Fire - Officers	200	200	201	200	213	213	213	213	213	243
Fire - Civilians	27	27	27	30	31	32	30	29	29	66
Ocean Rescue	76	76	78	92	91	91 75	91	95 72	95 77	66 9
спеденсу манаденных			71	01	0/	C /	0	0	71	D
Total	1,904	1,919	1,983	2,054	2,152	2,159	2,150	2,130	2,084	2,155

Source: City of Miami Beach Budget Department

Note: In FY 2011 the City reduced its FTE by 133, this is due to adopted efficiencies and service reductions.

 $^{\mathrm{A}}$ Risk Management merged with Human Resources in 2015

<sup>B</sup> Ordinance 2016-3997 was passed in 2016 to creating the Environment & Sustainability Department, previously part of the Building Department.

<sup>C</sup> Ordinance 2014-3865 was passed in May 2014 creating the Transporation Management Department.

<sup>D</sup> Ordinance 20194239 was passed February 2019 creating the Office of Inspector General, which includes Office of Internal Audit, previously reported under Office of Management & Budget <sup>E</sup> During FY2019, the Tourism, Culture, and Economic Development Department was separated into two departments; Tourism and Cultural Development and Economic Development

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	Eliscal Year 2013 2014 2015 2016 201	aar 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General government:										
Mayor and commission										
Ordinances approved Resolutions approved	266 2666	73 382	69 383	72 435	97 428	79 479	94 561	60 430	122 371	85 507
City manager	001	4	200	007	044	, F	3	PPF	5	00
Better Place Requests Open and Closed	2	7	58	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total Egov Requests Received Tota Errov Requests Completed	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	27,855	39,092 37 735	10,946 10 926	7,206	7,836	8,671 8,674	
Budget and performance improvement				C00,17	001,100	10,320	.,	101'1	100	
Audits performed	198				187	224			- 000 E	
Grants awarded Finance	\$ 3,574,486 \$	3,447,853 \$	3,146,417 \$	8,002,420 \$	5,974,620	\$ 8,123,083 \$	9,308,595	\$ 7,962,274	\$ 7,282,286	\$ 62,091,293
Utility customer accounts	10,070	10,075	10,085	10,125	10,123	10,075	10,095	10,054	10,059	10,044
Licenses issued	6,496	6,943	7,555	7,928	8,489	7,912	7,672	6,774	6,417	6,470
Lien statements Annual record for accounts	7,355	6,734 1 054	6,298 1 0.58	4,750	4,267	4,950	4,862	4,144 1 006	7,650	8,099
Alfridat resolutiax accounts Citizen Support Center	1,007	-,'U34 5	15	15	15	15	15	15	947 15	15
Human resources										
Employees	1,905	1,930	1,960	2,054	2,152	2,159	2,150	2,129	2,085	2,140
Building	1/6	103	218	867	380	308	370	132	212	367
Building and trade permits processed/issued	13,881	14,071	14,076	12,645	11,045	10,575	9,889	6,637	8,685	10,356
Certificates	529	536	558	587	597	481	528	384	450	628
Tourism & cultural development	100	1 1 4 1	01010	1041	1 104	1 050	1 160	760	905	NOO
Bass Museum Visitors	47.162	64.323	53,093	21.570	9.716	111.470	87.108	36.300	14.703	63.408
Theater Events (Byron/Colony)	237	172	06	1,049	958	1,157	1,355	146	181	122
Operations:										
r annung Residential Parking Parmits	12 523	14 566	13 530	13647	13 663	12 430	12 232	10 732	10 201	9.728
Municipal Parking Permits	47,600	51,230	43,014	41,422	43,188	37,889	38,770	28,561	23,371	26,953
Total Vehicle Entries - Garages	2,887,722	3,310,093	3,121,623	3,172,477	2,895,615	2,714,033	2,519,252	1,577,632	1,717,696	2,617,286
Parks & recreation	2 568	7 653	0,680	020 2	2 467	2 281	2 648	EAA	083	1 236
After and Play School Participants	3,056	3,139	3,091	1,405	1,316	1,073	1,056	786	366	601
Athletics	2,104	2,215	2,143	2,718	5,226	6,021	7,319	1,916	1,437	1,374
Pool Attendance	128,852	133,373 70,522	118,553 75 540	74 228	150,021	156,640 70.654	172,110 70.673	52,500 76 200	85,000	15,000
Goli course partoris Public Works-Engineering/Water/Sewer/Streets	10,230	200'A1	7 to '0 t Z	14,231	11,807	10,004	19,013	10,200	13,901	010,010
Right-of-Way permits issued	801	967	1,144	1,247	1,227	1,132	1,329	1,000	970	1,002
Cleaning and inspection of sewer lines	937,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	188 miles	112 miles	112 miles
Stormwater structures cleaned Sanitation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7,092	7,891	7,891	7,891	7,891	7,891
Residential Waste (tons per year)	8,920	8,972	8,278	8,036	8,036	8,028	8,029	8,956	9,197	11,482
Litter Cans	2,765	2,787	2,376	2,424	2,479	2,361	2,495	2,399	3,372	1,900
Mechanized Sweeping (miles per day) Mobile Sweeping (miles per day)	20 156	20 156	20 156	20 156	20 156	20 156	20 156	20 156	4 4	160
Fleet Management	22	22	2	2	2	2	22	2	202	001
Fuel consumed - diesel and unleaded (gallons)	698,280	849,400	847,359	862,970	899,289	935,173	921,178	778,563	8,212,234	820,150
Preventive maintenance jobs Police	3,519	3,153	3,334	3,549	4,334	3,725	3,732	3,435	2,987	2,715
Total number of arrests	10,577	8,280	6,644	6,458	5,790	4,993	5,428	3,422	5,385	4,599
I ramic violations Fire	060,00	7.96,17	64,478	57,488	40,095	39,308	37,116	14,020	32,916	42,288
Emergency responses	22,948	23,415	25,185	25,384	26,081	25,771	23,746 6 005	21,362	27,188	29,803
Existing building inspections Night club inspections	961 2.477	1,775	1,401 333	3,248 23	3,050 81	800,1 8	6,035 120	67 / GI	21,430	2.393
Site inspections	9,047	9,736	10,868	8,531	9,337	6,899	7,345	5,375	2,254	5,395
On duty inspections	1233	1,774	1,946	2,086	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	001		001	000	101	101	1 100	010	100	

N/A - Information not available or service is not longer being performed.

Source: Various City of Miami Beach departments and Departmental Workplans.

<sup>A</sup> Decrease is due to Bass Museum renovation.

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	CAPITAL	ASSET STA. L	TISTICS BY FUNCTION/PF	UNCTION/PI	CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	audited)				
	2013	2014	2015	Fiscal Year 2016	Year 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function/Program										
Police	•					•				•
Stations Zone offices	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 4
Vehicles assigned to the police department	530	530	530	530	548	586	589	629	629	629
Fire stations Water	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Water mains (miles)	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180
Water valves	23,000	23,000	23,000	23,000	23,000	23,000	23,000	23,000	23,000	23,000
Fire hydrants Fire lines	717	717	717	717	717	717	717	717	717	717
Meters	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460
Water pumping stations	5	2	5	2	5	9	9	9	9	9
Storage capacity (millions of gallons)	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	14,000	14,000	14,000	14,000	14,000	14,000
Stormwater pipes (miles)	59	59	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66
Drainage basins	172	172	471	471	471	471	471	471	471	471
Stormwater catch basins	6,000	6,000	4,779	4,779	4,779	4,779	4,779	4,779	4,779	4,779
Manholes Outfalls	2,161	2,161	2,616	2,616	2,616	2,616 367	2,616	2,616 367	2,616 367	2,616
Stormwater Pump stations						49	49	49	49	49
Sewer Sanitary gravity sewer pipes (miles)	152	152	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	122
Force main pipes (miles)	21	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Manholes	3,293	3,293	3,160	3,160	3,160 22	3,160	3,160	3,160	3,160	3,160
wastewater pump stations Other public works	23	23	73	23	23	52	52	52	52	۶ <u>۶</u>
Streets (miles)	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140
Sidewalks (miles)	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242
Curb and gutter (miles)	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
Alleys (Itilies) Seawalls (linear feet)	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.300	7.300
Streetlights	6,893	6,893	6,893	6,893	7,200	7,200	7,200	7,487	7,487	7,487
Street lights cable (miles)	263	263	263	263	263	263	263	286	286	286
Up-lights Parking						1,200	1,200	1,275	1,275	1,275
Parking Lots & Garages	76	76	76	22	22	17	73	74	74	74
Parking Spaces	8,424	8,424	8,424	8,424	9,677	9,677	9,642	9,605	9,605	9,344
Parks and recreation Recreational open space (acres)	7.07	707	526	526	524	520	524	524	524	510
Playground tot-lots	19	19	20	21	21	23	23	23	22	23
Stadiums	2	5	-	-	-	5	5	5	5	5
Sports fields Tennic cites	7	7	ഗ	ഗ്	ഗ്	ю u	~ ~	~ ~	~ ~	۲ ه
Basketball court sites	10	10	10	, <del>6</del>	, <del>1</del>	, 1 1	10	10	10	10
Ice Rink	- 0	- 0	- 0	-	- c	- 0	- 0	- 0	- 0	- 0
Pools Vouth/Pomminity confers	ი ი	<del>ب</del> م	n c		n r	n u	n u	n u	n u	n u
Bark parks	04	ο Ω	9 0	0 0	0 0	0 1	0	0 1-	0 00	0 0
Parks - passive and staffed	36	36	42	41	41	40	41	43	43	44
Municipal regulation golf courses	2	2	6 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	00 2	° 2	2 2	6 2
rrucks,orr-road, and ourer venicies Amphitheater	A/N	A/N	40 N/A	0/A	0/N	0/N	8 ~	8 ~	5 0	- ~
Outdoor Fitness Gym/Trails	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	1	13	17
Skatepark	N/N	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	- c	- c	- c	- c
sanitation Sanitation							7	o	o	C
Sweepers Front end loader	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4 <b>N/A</b>
Trucks, Vans, and other vehicles	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	62
Pressure wasners Transit-minibuses	N/A	A/N	NN	A/N	A/N	A/A	A/N	N/A	A/N	~

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Source: Various City of Miami Beach departments.

N/A-Data not available

### SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

- Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards
- Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program and State Project; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance And Chapter 10.550, Rules Of The Auditor General

Single Audit Reports in Accordance with Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General* 

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

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**RSM US LLP** 

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

#### Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Miami Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 14, 2023. Our report included a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the City of Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan, City of Miami Beach Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers, City of Miami Beach Police Officer's Relief and Pension Fund, and the City of Miami Beach Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the City of Miami Beach Police Officer's Relief and Pension Fund were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and accordingly this report does not include reporting on internal controls over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the City of Miami Beach Police Officer's Relief and Pension Fund.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT ] TAX | CONSULTING Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

Miami, Florida April 14, 2023



**RSM US LLP** 

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*

#### Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Miami Beach, Florida

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Major State Project

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and Major State Project**

We have audited the City of Miami Beach, Florida's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the Florida Department of *Financial Services' State Project Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and Major State Project

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and major state project. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs and state projects.

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT ] TAX | CONSULTING

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program and major state project as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General* we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
  above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
  design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
  control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the
  Florida Auditor General*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or compliance with a type of compliance of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance and Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated April 14, 2023, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements, included an emphasis of matter for the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87 Leases, and included a reference to other auditors. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

RSM US LLP

Miami, Florida April 20, 2023, except for our report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance, for which the date is April 14, 2023

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022				
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grant/Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-19-MC-12-0014	\$ 165,906	\$ 165,906
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-15-MC-12-0014/B-17-MC-12-0014/ B-18-MC-12-0014/B-19-MC-12-0014	53,868	53,868
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-15-MC-12-0014	32,899	32,899
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-18-MC-12-0014	4,794	4,794
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-21-MC-12-0014	863,383	863,383
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-15-MC-12-0014/B-18-MC-12-0014/ B-20-MC-12-0014	515,600	515,600
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-15-MC-12-0014/B-17-MC-12-0014/ B-19-MC-12-0014	1 <b>8</b> ,326	18,326
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-15-MC-12-0014	34	34
Total Community Development Block Grant - Entitlement Grants Cluster			1,654,810	1,654,810
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-21-MC-12-0212	30,796	30,796
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-15-MC-12-0212/M-16-MC-12-0212		(6,015)
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-15-MC-12-0212/M-16-MC-12-0212	37,153	76,530
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-20-MC-12-0212	177,949	177,949
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-16-MC-12-0212/M-17-MC-12-0212	11,660	11,660
Home Investment Partnerships Program*	14.239	M-15-MC-12-0212/M-16-MC-12-0212/ M-17-MC-12-0212	279,475	279,475
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-17-MC-12-0212	202,673	222,435
Total HOME Investment Partnerships Program			739,706	792,830
Pass-Through Miami-Dade County, Florida: Supportive Housing Program - FY 2018/Continuum of Care - City of Miami Beach Outreach Program	14.267	FL0177L4D002013		63,079
Total Supportive Housing Program - Continuum of Care				63,079

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Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

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# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grant/Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Justice				
Pass-Through Office of The Florida Attorney General: VOCA -VICTIMS OF CRIME ACT 2021/22	16.575	VOCA-2021-MBPD-00529		446,003
Pass-Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant - Officer Safety and Wellness Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant - Optimal Surveillance	16.738 16.738	2021-JAGC-DADE-27-3B-088 2020-DJ-BX-0839	• •	7,644 59,790
Total Florida Department of Law Enforcement				67,434
COVID-19 Miarrii Beach Coronavirus Emergency Program Cops Office Law Enforcement Mental Health and Wellness Act Program-Miarni Beach Peer Support Project Federal Equitable Sharing Agreement	16.034 16.710 16.922	2020-VD-BX-0503 2020-MH-WX-K013 FL0130700		34,156 13,510 65,655
Total U.S. Department of Justice				626,758
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Pass-Through the Florida Department of Transportation:				
State and Community Highway Traffic Safety Program-Motorcycle Safety Campaign	20.600	G1R47		75,000
State and Community Highway Traffic Safety Program-Speed/Aggressive Driving Initiative	20.600	G1S20	•	6,699
State and Community Highway Traffic Safety Program-Speed/Aggressive Driving Initiative	20.600	G2048	•	73,266
National Priority Safety Program-Impaired Driving Initiative	20.616	G2318		59,540
National Priority Safety Program-Miami Beach Occupant Protection and Child Passenger Initiative	20.616	G2202		74,758
National Priority Safety Program-Miarni Beach Occupant Protection and Child Passenger Initiative	20.616	G1U78		33,292
Total Highway Safety Cluster				322,555
Highway Planning and Construction-Northshore Open Space Beachwalk	20.205	G1P47	ı	670,499
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				670,499
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				993,054
U.S. Department of Treasury	1			
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027			23,555,418
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				23,555,418

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# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grant/Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Environmental Protection Agency				
Pass-Through the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection: Bioswale Basis of Design - Everglades Court Green Alley	66.460	NF053		100,000
Total Environmental Protection Agency				100,000
U.S. Department of Homeland Security	I			
Pass-Through the State of Florida Division of Emergency Management:				
Hurricane Dorian - via Mutual Aide Agreement	97.036	01-018-19	•	8,562
Hurricane Florence - via Mutual Aide Agreement	97.036	n/a		124,534
Hurricane Michael - via Mutual Aide Agreement	97.036	02-028-18	•	107,173
Surfside Collapse - via Mutual Aide Agreement	97.036	n/a	•	117,138
Pass-Through the Miami-Dade County				
Surfside Collapse - via Mutual Aide Agreement	97.036	n/a		103,033
			I	460,440
Emergency Food and Shetter Program - Phase 37	97.024	159400-076		491
Emergency Food and Shelter Program - Phase CARES	97.024	159400-076		5,570
Emergency Food and Shetter Program - Phase 38/CARES	97.024	159400-076		22,457
Emergency Food and Shelter Program - Phase 39	97.024	159400-076		30,027
Pass-Through the State of Florida Division of Emergency Management:				
Hazard Mitioation Grant Prooram - Wind Retrofit	97.039	FEMA-DR-4337-FL	,	1.932
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program - Wind Retrofit	97.039	FEMA-DR-4337-FL	•	308,877
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program - Wind Retrofit	97.039	FEMA-DR-4337-FL	•	269,406
Volunteer Florida - Community Emergency Response Team	97.042	CERT 22-006		5,449
Homeland Security Grant Program -Urban Areas Security Initiative 2019 - Region 7 ALPR Project	97.067	EMW-2019-SS-00049		150,000
Homeland Security Grant Program -Urban Areas Security Initiative 2019	97.067	EMW-2019-SS-00049	•	67,899
Homeland Security Grant Program -Urban Areas Security Initiative 2020	97.067	EMW-2020-SS-00035	•	52,841
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				1,375,389
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 2,394,516	\$ 29,161,338

See notes to schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

# Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	State	GmatBase Through Eatily	-+
State Grantor/Program	Number	dialityrasser mough chink	e otal state Expenditures
State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection			
Fire Station #1	37.098	22SRP35	280
Total State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection			280
State of Florida, Housing Finance Corporation			
State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Program	40.901	NA	167,476
Total State of Florida, Housing Finance Corporation			167,476
Florida Department of Transportation			
A1A Indian Creek Corridor Locally Funded Agreement - Transportation Management Initiative Agreement Miami Beach Atlantic Trail Greenway Corridor from South Pointe Park to 87th Terrace Public Transit Service Development Program - South Beach Loop Trolley Route	55.000 55.039 55.038 55.012	AS-343(439228-2-58-01 422239-2-12-01 G0Q53 G1C66	2,456,966 16,144 500,970 1,446,838
Total Florida Department of Transportation		·	4,420,918
Florida Department of Health			
Pass-Through Miami-Dade County, Florida: Emergency Medical Services Emergency Medical Services Emergency Medical Services	64.005 64.005 64.005	C8013 C9013 C0013	1,801 3,852 2,026
Total Florida Department of Health			7,679
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			4,596,353

See notes to schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

#### Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance (the Schedules) include the federal and state award activity of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the City) under programs of the Federal government and the State of Florida for the year ended September 30, 2022. The information in the Schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General.* Because the Schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in fund balance/net position, or cash flows of the City.

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedules are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting for expenditures accounted for in the governmental funds and on the accrual basis of accounting for expenses of the proprietary fund types, which are described in Note 1 to the City's basic financial statements. Such expenditures/expenses are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*, wherein certain types of expenditures/expenses are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedules represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### Note 3. Indirect Cost Recovery

The City has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### Note 4. Loans Outstanding

On November 12, 2014, the City of Miami Beach entered into the Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan Agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environment Protection. On November 24, 2020, Amendment No.1 to the Loan Agreement was executed. The semiannual loan payment amount is based on the total amount of \$7,697,180, which consist of the Loan principal, accrued Capitalized Interest plus the Loan Service Fee. Loan payments commenced on February 15, 2018, and semiannually thereafter on August 15 and February 15 of each year until all amounts due have been fully paid. The interest rate on this loan is 1.62% per annum. Loan disbursements from the State to the City will be made for reimbursements of allowable costs. The loan is recorded as a loan payable in the governmental activities of the City's government-wide statements. As of September 30, 2022, \$7.5 million of allowable costs have been incurred by the City and \$7.5 million has been reimbursed from the State. The loan is secured by the Stormwater fund's pledged revenues and will be repaid with such funds. The outstanding principal balance reported at September 30, 2022, is \$5,906,888, which consist of Loan Principal and Service Fee.

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results

#### Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unm	nodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	Х	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	Х	None reported
Noncompliance material to			
financial statements noted?	Yes	X	No
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major federal programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	Χ	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unm	nodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	X	No
Identification of major federal programs:			
Federal Assistance Listing No.	Name of Federal	Program o	r Cluster
21.027	COVID-19 Coronavir	us State ar Funds	nd Local Fiscal Recovery
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$874,84	0
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	Х	No
(Continue	ed)		

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### State Financial Assistance :

Internal control over major projects: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X X	No None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major projects: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.550, <i>Rules of the Auditor General</i> ?	Unmo	odified	No
Identification of major state projects:			
State Assistance Listing No.	Nam	ie of State P	roject
55.000	A1A In	dian Creek (	Corridor
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B projects:		\$750,000	
Section II. Financial Statement Findings			

No matters to report

#### Section III. Federal Awards and State Projects Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters to report.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022



City Of Miami Beach, 1700 Convetnion Center Drive, Miami Beach, Florida 33139 www.miamibeachfl.gov

#### Summary of Prior Year Findings

Audit Finding Number: IC 2021-0001 - Financial Reporting - Material Weakness

Audit Finding: Material accounting adjustments were made by management to the financial statements to comply with generally accepted accounting principles. This included a material adjustment to the Capital Projects fund and the Aggregate Nonmajor Fund relating to a legal settlement obligation. In addition, a material adjustment was made to the Convention Center fund to eliminate intercompany transactions between the City and the Convention Center.

Status of Finding: Corrected. Matter Not repeated.

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## **MANAGEMENT LETTER**

- Management Letter
- Independent Accountant's Report On Compliance With Section 218.415, Florida Statutes

Management Letter and Independent Accountant's Report in Accordance With Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida

Year Ended September 30, 2022

Management letter in accordance with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida	1-4
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes	5



**RSM US LLP** 

#### Management Letter in Accordance With the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commissioners City of Miami Beach, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated April 14, 2023. Our report includes an emphasis-of-matter paragraph for the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our report also includes a reference to other auditors who audited the funds listed below. This report does not include the findings and recommendations of the other auditors' that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* 

We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Miami Beach Florida Employees' Retirement Plan, the City of Miami Beach Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers, City of Miami Beach Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund and the City of Miami Beach Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund which collectively represent 78% of total assets/deferred outflows, 43% of total net position/fund balance and 83% of total revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information opinion unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Miami Beach Florida Employees' Retirement Plan, the City of Miami Beach Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers, City of Miami Beach Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund and the City of Miami Beach Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards,* which is dated April 14, 2023; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance, Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, which is dated April 20, 2023; and Independent Accountant's Reports on an examination conducted in accordance With *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which is dated April 20, 2023. Disclosures in those reports and schedule should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

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#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

#### **Official Title and Legal Authority**

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in Note 1 to the City's financial statements.

#### **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a, and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### **Special District Component Units**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, *Rules of the Auditor General*, the following specific information for each dependent special district was provided to us by management of the City:

a. The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year being reported (see information required in Section 218.32 (1)(e)2. a., Florida Statutes).

•	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency	35
•	North Beach Community Redevelopment Agency	0
•	Normandy Shores Local Government Neighborhood	0
•	Niami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority	4
•	Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority	0

b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in **the last month of the district's fiscal** year being reported (see information required in Section 218.32 (1)(e)2.b., Florida Statutes).

Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency	31
<ul> <li>North Beach Community Redevelopment Agency</li> </ul>	0
<ul> <li>Normandy Shores Local Government Neighborhood Improvement District</li> </ul>	3
<ul> <li>Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority</li> </ul>	0
Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority	0

c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency (see information required in Section 218.32 (1)(e)2. c., Florida Statutes).

•	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency	\$ 2	2,522,556
•	North Beach Community Redevelopment Agency	\$	0
•	Normandy Shores Local Government Neighborhood	\$	0
	Improvement District		
•	Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority	\$	426,664
•	Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority	\$	0

All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency (see information required in Section 218.32 (1)(e)2.
 d., Florida Statutes).

•	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency	\$ 2	,797,647
•	North Beach Community Redevelopment Agency	\$	0
•	Normandy Shores Local Government Neighborhood Improvement District	\$	28,979
•	Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority	\$	0
•	Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority	\$	0

e. Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project (see information required in Section 218.32 (1)(e)2.e., Florida Statutes). There were none except for the following projects for the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency:

1.	Convention Center Renovation	\$ 1,797,403
2.	Convention Center Lincoln Rd Connector	\$ 79,383
3.	Convention Center Carl Fisher	\$ 367,625
4.	Lincoln Rd Lennox (with sidewalk)	\$ 240,098

- f. A budget variance report based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted, as follows:
  - Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Refer to the RSI in the Miami Beach Redevelopment Authority September 30, 2022, financial statements.
  - North Beach Community Redevelopment Agency This component is inactive. Accordingly, a budget was not prepared.
  - Normandy Shores Local Government Neighborhood Improvement District
     A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida
     Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a
     final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as follows: the district's
     original budget totaled \$252,000 and was amended by the total amount of \$13,000, for
     final budgeted expenditures of \$263,763.

- Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority Refer to the RSI in the Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority September 30, 2022, financial statements.
- Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority A budget was not prepared.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### **Purpose of This Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RSM US LLP

Miami, Florida May 18, 2023



**RSM US LLP** 

#### Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Commission and City Manager City of Miami Beach, Florida

We have examined the City of Miami Beach, **Florida's (the** City) compliance with *Section 218.415*, *Florida Statutes, and Local Government Investment Policies* during the period October 1, 2021 to September 30, 2022. Management of the **City is responsible for the City's** compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the period October 1, 2021 to September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Auditor General, the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Commission, the City Manager, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RSM US LLP

Miami, Florida April 20, 2023

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT | TAX | CONSULTING

## MIAMIBEACH

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## **OTHER REPORTS**

• Affidavits of Impact Fees

#### WATER IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Jason Greene, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of City of Miami Beach which is a local government entity of the State of Florida.
- 2. The governing body of City of Miami Beach adopted Ordinance No.95-2990 implementing an impact fee; and
- 3. The City of Miami Beach has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Chief Financial Officer of the City of Miami Beach

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF MIAMI-DADE

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this  $10^{t}$  day of May, 2023.

NOTARY PUBLIC Print Name Ramon S. Grocerado

Personally known *V* or produced identification \_\_\_\_\_

Type of identification produced:

My Commission Expires:

9/14/2024



#### SEWER IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Jason Greene, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of City of Miami Beach which is a local government entity of the State of Florida.
- 2. The governing body of City of Miami Beach adopted Ordinance No.95-2991 implementing an impact fee; and
- 3. The City of Miami Beach has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Chief Financial Officer of the City of Miami Beach

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF MIAMI-DADE

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this  $2^{1/2}$  day of May, 2023.

NOTARY PUBLIC Print Name Ramon S. Quecada

Personally known 📈 or produced identification \_\_\_\_\_

Type of identification produced:

My Commission Expires:

4/2024



RAMON SEBASTIAN QUEZADA MY COMMISSION # HH 040172 EXPIRES: September 14, 2024 Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters

#### TRANSPORTATION IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Jason Greene, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of City of Miami Beach which is a local government entity of the State of Florida.
- 2. The governing body of City of Miami Beach adopted Ordinance No. 2019-4306 implementing an impact fee; and
- 3. The City of Miami Beach has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

nief Financial Officer of the City of Miami Beach

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF MIAMI-DADE

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this  $\frac{10^{16}}{10}$  day of  $\frac{10^{16}}{10}$ , 2023.

NOTARY PUBLIC Print Name Ramon S. Quezada

Personally known \_\_\_\_\_ or produced identification \_\_\_\_\_

Type of identification produced:

My Commission Expires:

9/14/2024



RAMON SEBASTIAN QUEZADA MY COMMISSION # HH 040172 EXPIRES: September 14, 2024 Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters

## MIAMIBEACH

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