

2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022



City of Sanibel, Florida

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



City of Sanibel, Florida

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Prepared by the Finance Department

Steven C. Chaipel, CPA, CPFO Finance Director

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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The Introductory Section contains the following information

- Letter of Transmittal
- Government Finance Officers Association Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Report
- City of Sanibel Organizational Chart
- City Council Members
- City Officials and Executive Staff

July 17, 2023



City of Sanibel

800 Dunlop Road Sanibel, Florida 33957-4096

www.mysanibel.com

AREA CODE - 239

ADMINISTRATION/LEGISLATIVE 472-3700 CITY COUNCIL 472-4135 BUILDING 472-4555 PLANNING 472-4136 PUBLIC WORKS 472-6937 LITILITIES 472-3179 FINANCE 472-9615 INFORMATION TECHOLOGY 472-3700 LEGAL. 472-4359 NATURAL RESOURCES 472-3111 EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT 472-3111 RECREATION 472-0345 CENTER 4 LIFE 472-5743 Citizens of the City of Sanibel Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida Sanibel, Florida

We are pleased to submit this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the City of Sanibel, Florida (City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The report fulfills the requirements set forth by law, in accordance with the Florida Statutes Section 166.241 and Chapter 10.500 Rules of the Auditor General which requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements each fiscal year presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft or misuse, and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. As the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Florida Statutes require that an annual financial audit be performed by independent certified public accountants. This year, the audit was performed by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The auditors expressed an opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 are fairly stated in conformity with accounting principles in the United States. This is the most favorable conclusion and is commonly known as an "unmodified" or clean opinion. The Independent Auditor's Report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

This annual financial report is used to assist in making economic decisions, as well as assisting citizens and elected officials by:

- Assessing financial conditions and results of operations
- Comparing actual financial results with legally adopted budgets
- Assisting in determining compliance with finance related regulations
- Assisting in evaluating the efficiency and effectiveness of City operations

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF SANIBEL

The City of Sanibel (City) incorporated on November 5, 1974 and is located on a barrier island in the Gulf of Mexico off the coast of southwest Florida in Lee County. The City is connected to the mainland by a three-mile causeway owned and operated by Lee County. The City is part of the Fort Myers-Cape Coral Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), which includes all of Lee County.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority is vested in a governing council consisting of five (5) non-partisan members elected at-large in staggered four (4) year terms. One council member is selected annually from among the five council members to serve as mayor and one is selected among the council to serve as vice-mayor. The City Council is responsible for the governance of the City, including adopting ordinances and resolutions, adopting the annual budget, appointing the planning commission and advisory committees, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for administering policies and ordinances of the City Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and appointing the Directors of the various City departments, the Chief of Police and the City Clerk.

The City provides a full range of municipal services for its citizens. These include public safety (fire protection is provided by an independent taxing district and emergency medical services are provided by Lee County), sewer utility, public works, parks and recreation facilities, code compliance, planning and zoning, and general and administrative services. A franchise contractor provides the City's sanitation services. Library services are provided by a separate independent taxing district, electric service is provided by a cooperative and water service is provided by a non-profit located on the island. Private, not-for-profit organizations also provide additional community services including a below market rate housing program, a historical village and museum and a cultural arts center.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager and these requests serve as the basis for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager, thereafter, proposes a budget to the Council for review. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. The budget is legally enacted through the passage of resolutions. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g. public safety, and department (e.g., police) and budget to actual comparisons are reviewed by City management monthly and the City Council quarterly.

No department may legally expend more than amounts appropriated for that department within an individual fund. The City Manager may authorize appropriation transfers within departments of the General fund and within the fund for all other funds. All other revisions to the adopted budget require approval by the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for the General fund and for each governmental and business-type fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General fund and major funds, this comparison is presented as part of the basic financial statements. For non-major funds, this comparison is presented as part of the combining statements and schedules.

This annual financial report includes all funds of the City of Sanibel and its component unit. The City as the primary government includes Community Housing and Resources, Inc. (CHR) as a component unit. CHR is under contract with the City to administer the City's below market rate housing program. Although the board of CHR is not selected by the City Council, CHR is fiscally dependent upon the City in that there is a financial obligation by the City and the nature and significance of the relationship between the City and CHR is such that excluding CHR from the City's financial statements would be misleading and incomplete.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Sanibel operates.

Local economy. The City of Sanibel is a world class visitor destination with a mild winter climate, 15 miles of white sandy beaches that are habitat for numerous endangered and threatened species, over 25 miles of paved shared use paths and numerous eco-tourist opportunities. Sixty-seven percent of the island's land area is located within the J.N. Ding Darling National Wildlife Refuge; and other designated conservation land brings the City's total land under conservation to 70 percent. The island is a world-renowned location for birding and shelling. Protection of the island's natural environment is the paramount priority of the City and residents as evidenced in the City's vision statement.

While the City's resident population has become relatively steady over the last decade, tourism and seasonal rentals continue to increase and have become the main economic driver of the local economy. According to the Lee County Visitor and Convention Bureau (VCB), tourism and related functions employ one out of every five people in Lee County. Additionally, according to the VCB, Lee County receives approximately five million visitors a year that generate over \$3.5 billion dollars in economic impact. The City's beaches are a major destination for many of the tourists that visit Southwest Florida and the VCB aggressively markets the beautiful beaches around the world.

The sole means of vehicular access to Sanibel Island is via a toll causeway owned and operated by Lee County. Total vehicles entering the City over the causeway increased 14.0% in fiscal year 2021 over the prior year. As discussed previously, the City's beaches have proven to be a popular post-pandemic destination for visitors. An interlocal agreement with Lee County provides that the City receives 21% of net surplus toll revenue from Causeway operations. Revenue received is restricted for transportation expenditures and is accounted for in a separate special revenue fund.

Historically, in addition to tourism, real estate has been a major economic component of Southwest Florida, and the City is no exception. Since 2012, the City's taxable property values have steadily increased and in fiscal year 2022 reached an historical high of \$6.4 billion. The ten-year historical values are shown below.



The primary revenue source for the City is the collection of ad valorem property taxes levied based on the City's taxable property. By far the largest portion of property tax revenue is received from residential properties located on the island. Residential properties include single family home, condominiums and multi-family building (such as duplexes). The City was significantly affected by Hurricane Ian right at the fiscal end of the year. See additional information in the subsequent events note in the financial statements.

Long-term financial planning. On September 30, 2022, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) in the General fund comprised approximately 95.4% of the total fund balance. Additionally, unassigned fund balance available to the City was approximately 30.4% of General fund operating expenditures, well above the 17.0% as prescribed by the City's Fund Balance policy. The policy dictates that if the General fund's unassigned fund balance falls below the acceptable level, the City shall take action necessary to restore the unassigned fund balance to acceptable levels within two years. The City does not anticipate any near-term shortfalls in this area.

Since the City as a whole receives most of its unrestricted revenue from ad valorem taxes levied on personal and real property, issues that could potentially affect property values are of utmost concern. The long-term effects of issues such as reduction in water quality and tourism have not been determined. Indeed, since property valuations occur only once annually (for purposes of taxable revenue valuation), it could potentially take several years for the full picture to emerge on how environmental issues will affect property owner's decisions to relocate to the island.

The City continues to meet all debt service requirements and is committed to reducing its outstanding debt. In the current year, the City paid all required debt service, including required contributions to the City's two defined benefit pension plans.

The City's priority is to maintain Sanibel as a world-class, safe, clean, environmentally, and fiscally sound municipality. The City maintains its strong financial position through prudent long-term financial planning and fiscal actions to reduce or contain fixed costs. In fiscal year 2022, while the City experienced modest increases in taxable property values that hit an historic high, there remains concern how external forces will impact the City's values and future growth. Two items of significant concern are continuing issues surrounding possible changes to flood insurance rates and the impact of water quality on property values. This became more evident given the affects of Hurricane Ian discussed previously.

As property values have increased, the City Council has continued to focus on maintaining an appropriate millage rate to deliver maximum efficiency in service to the citizens of Sanibel, while reducing pressure on the tax burden to property owners. The total tax rate levied by the City (operating and debt service) has decreased from 2.5570 mills in fiscal year 2013 to 2.1584 in fiscal year 2022, a decrease of 15.6%. A ten-year history of the total City millage is presented below.

Total Millage Rate Levy Operating and Voted Debt Service 3.0000 2.5000 2.0000 1.5000 1.0000 0.5000 0.0000 2015 2016 2020 201A 2027 2018 2019 2022 2022 2013 ■ Operating ■ Debt Service

While the focus of lowering the overall tax burden to its citizens continues to be a priority for the City, challenges such as increased public safety expenditures, disaster preparedness and stagnating or declining revenue streams will need to be addressed soon.

The City Council takes the responsibility of being stewards of the public's funds very seriously. Responsible management of public funds has enabled the City to build general fund reserves at an amount above the minimum established policy levels, leaving our City in a solid financial position.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Budgetary control is established by Section 3.12 of the City Charter, which requires the adoption of an annual budget and Section 3.13, which provides for supplemental amendments to increase, decrease or transfer funds within the annual budget framework. Budgetary control throughout the fiscal year is maintained through monitoring encumbrances of estimated purchase amounts. Encumbrances for goods or services not received by fiscal year-end lapse and must be re-budgeted in the following year.

Downward trends in the state and/or local economy would adversely impact the City's ability to realize its historical levels of revenues. Therefore, quarterly monitoring and conservative budgeting should mitigate any unforeseen circumstances. Complementing this practice is one in which certain expenses or expenditures are frozen and not released for use until it is clear that revenues will be at projected levels.

The City has an investment policy in place which places a priority on the safety of principal and liquidity. The policy incorporates the principles of limiting investment risk, maintaining adequate liquidity and flexibility to meet both scheduled and unscheduled obligations and lastly, maximizing returns.

The City does not issue debt (long or short term) to finance operational costs. The City does not have a maximum debt limit. Debt terms are matched with the life of the asset being financed. All debt service requirements are fully funded and paid each year.

The budget continues to reserve significant taxing capacity for future needs and avoids using one-time revenue sources to fund ongoing City services.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Strategic planning is an essential process that helps organizations define their goals, develop a roadmap to achieve them, and make informed decisions. It is a proactive approach to managing an organization's future and ensuring its success in a challenging and rapidly changing environment. A well-designed strategic plan guides an organization's activities, priorities, and resource allocations, and helps it adapt to emerging trends and unforeseen challenges.

The strategic planning process involves a series of steps, including analyzing internal and external factors, setting objectives, identifying opportunities and threats, developing strategies, and establishing metrics to measure progress. It involves input from key stakeholders, including citizens, business owners, City Council, and City Staff to ensure alignment and buy-in from all parties. The process should be flexible and adaptable, allowing for changes as circumstances evolve.

The City Council began implementing a new strategic planning process by seeking public input via a townhall meeting on February 15, 2022. The meeting was exclusively designed to provide citizens an opportunity to offer their insights regarding what should be valued and protected during the forthcoming strategic planning workshops. City officials did not speak at this meeting. Instead, twenty-eight citizens civilly spoke, representing numerous groups and perspectives. Notable themes included emphasis on the environment, resiliency, water quality and stormwater management, preservation, education, infrastructure, maintaining home rule and small-town character, transportation issues, on-line service delivery, and senior and multi-generational program offerings.

A series of meetings and sessions culminated in a refining vision and mission statement which guided the development of goals and objectives for Fiscal Year 2023. More information on this initiative can be found in the City's fiscal year 2023 adopted budget located here.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Sanibel for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This was the 37th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirement and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We also wish to acknowledge all government departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit also is due to the Mayor and the Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Sanibel finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Dana A. Souza

City Manager

Steve C. Chaipel, CPA, CPFO

Finance Director





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Sanibel Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

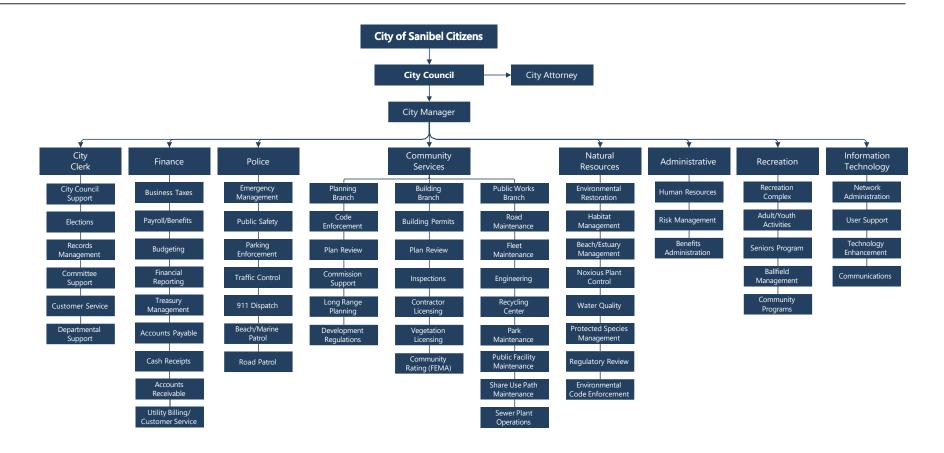
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART SEPTEMBER 30, 2022





Mayor Holly Smith
Term of Office: March 2019 – March 2023

Holly D. Smith has served as the Mayor of Sanibel since March 16, 2021. Prior to being selected by the Sanibel City Council as Mayor she served as the City's Vice Mayor from December 1, 2020 to March 15, 2021. Mayor Smith has been a member of City Council since December 2017 when she was selected to fill a vacant seat. She was subsequently elected to a four-year term in March of 2018. Mayor Smith served as Vice Chairwoman of the Sanibel Planning Commission for two years and was a member of the commission from 2009 to 2017.

Mayor Smith currently serves as Council's liaison to the Planning Commission, as a liaison to Sanibel Captiva Chamber of Commerce Intergovernmental Affairs

Committee, and Treasurer for the Southwest Florida League of Cities (SWFLC). She previously served as the liaison to the Contractor Review Board, the Sanibel Bike Club, Community Housing Resources, Inc. (CHR) and the (CHR) Coast & Island Community Land Trust. She served three terms as a member of the F.I.S.H. (Food Programs, Island Based, Social Services and Helping Hands) Board of Directors.

Mayor Smith is the Sanibel representative for the Lee County Tourist Development Council (TDC), liaison and Vice Chair to the Lee County Horizon Council, and Lee County Coalition of Mayors. She also serves as the Voting Delegate for the Florida League of Cities (FLC), Member At Large for the FLC Legislative Committee, and on the FLC Municipal Administration Legislative Policy Committee. Ms. Smith has been appointed to the FLC Federal Action Strike Team (FAST), Florida Municipal Loan Council (FMLC), and the FLC 2020-2021 Advocacy Committee. Mayor Smith is a member of the United States Conference of Mayors and the National League of Cities Voting Delegate for Sanibel. She is also a member of the Florida Restaurant and Lodging Association of Southwest Florida. In 2018, 2019 and 2020 Mayor Smith was awarded the esteemed Florida League of Cities Home Rule Hero Award.



Vice Mayor Richard Johnson Term of Office: March 2019 – March 2023

Vice Mayor Johnson was first elected to Sanibel City Council in March 2019. Vice Mayor Johnson currently serves as City Council's liaison to the Historical Preservation Committee, Historical Museum and Village, Inc., Recreation Financial Assistance Committee, General Employee Pension Board, Municipal Officers Retirement Trust Fund Board and the Employee Dependent Scholarship Committee, Community Housing Resource Inc. (CHR), and CHR's Coast & Island Community Grant Trust.

Vice Mayor Johnson is liaison on Lee County Causeway matters and was appointed to the Florida League of Cities (FLC) Transportation and Intergovernmental Relations Legislative Committee. Additionally, Mr. Johnson serves as the City's liaison to the Florida Municipal Insurance Trust.



Councilmember John Henshaw
Term of Office: March 2021 – March 2025

Councilmember John Henshaw was first elected to Sanibel City Council on March 2, 2021. John is a health and safety professional with 45 years' experience in industrial hygiene, safety, environmental health, and quality assurance. He currently is President of John Henshaw and Associates, Inc., a consulting firm on Sanibel that specializes in environmental and occupational health and safety. Prior to establishing his own firm, he served as Senior Vice President & Managing Principal at Cardno ChemRisk. He was appointed by former President George W. Bush as Assistant Secretary of Labor for the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) in August 2001. He served in that position through December 31, 2004.

He recently served on the Capital Campaign for the Bailey-Matthews National Shell Museum and is currently the Chairman of the Sanibel-Captiva Rotary Trust Fund, the President of Lighthouse Way Homeowners Association, the President of the Tree Top Centre Association, and on the Board of the Sanibel Community Association.

Councilmember Henshaw is the City Council liaison to the J.N. "Ding" Darling National Wildlife Society Advocacy Committee, the Employee Dependent Scholarship Committee and serves on a rotation as liaison to the Sanibel Captiva Chamber of Commerce Intergovernmental Affairs Committee.

Councilmember Henshaw is the City liaison to Lee County for Causeway Emergency Passage and Disaster Planning matters, Lee County School District, Sanibel School PTA/PTO and the Sanibel School Fund. In May 2021, he was appointed to the Florida League of Cities (FLC) Transportation & Intergovernmental Relations Legislative Policy Committee.

Mr. Henshaw serves as alternate for the Coastal Heartland National Estuary Partnership (CHNEP) Policy Committee, Southwest Florida League of Cities (SWFLC), Southwest Florida Regional Resiliency Water Compact and the Renewable Energy Working Group.



Councilmember Dr. Scott Crater
Term of Office: March 2021 – March 2025

Councilmember Dr. Scott Crater was elected to Sanibel City Council March 2, 2021. Dr. Crater is a Partner/Owner in Associates in Dermatology, with offices in Fort Myers, Cape Coral, and Punta Gorda.

He has served on the board of the Sanibel School Fund as Vice President, the Sanibel School Student Advisory Council (SAC), as a volunteer coach for youth soccer and flag football, and on various committees at the Sanibel Congregational United Church of Christ.



Councilmember Mike Miller
Term of Office: March 2021 – March 2025

Mike Miller was elected to Sanibel City Council March 2, 2021. Mr. Miller was a U. S. Air Force pilot during the Vietnam conflict. He is a Florida attorney, a Certified Public Accountant and a Chartered Financial Analyst. During a twenty-eight year corporate business career following the Air Force, he served in senior financial roles including chief financial officer.

After moving to Sanibel over twenty years ago, Miller practiced law in Cape Coral and has been active in many Sanibel community organizations including serving as president of the Committee of the Islands and of the Sanibel Bicycle Club. He was also appointed to the City Budget advisory committee and served on the City Parks & Recreation advisory committee as vice-chair. He is active in several Sanibel interfaith organizations.

Councilmember Miller is the City Council liaison to the Recreation Financial Assistance Committee and serves on a rotation as liaison to the Sanibel Captiva Chamber of Commerce Intergovernmental Affairs Committee. Councilmember Miller is the City liaison to Coastal Heartland National Estuary Partnership (CHNEP) Policy Committee. In May 2021, he was appointed to the Florida League of Cities (FLC) Finance, Taxation & Personnel Legislative Policy Committee. Mr. Miller serves as alternate for the Lee County Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) and MPO Executive Committee (MEC).



CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COUNCIL-MANAGER FORM GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022



ELECTED OFFICIALS

Holly Smith	Mayor
Richard Johnson	
John Henshaw	Councilmember
Dr. Scott Crater	Councilmember
Mike Miller	Councilmember
APPOINTED OFFICIALS	
Dana A. Souza.	City Manager
John D. Agnew, Esq	City Attorney
EXECUTIVE STAFF	
Crystal Mansell, SHRM-CP, FCLRP	Administrative Services Director
Scotty Lynn Kelly, MMC, CGSP	City Clerk
Steven C. Chaipel, CPA, CPFO	Finance Director
William Dalton	Chief of Police
Paula McMichael, AICP	Planning Director
Bert Smith, CGCIO.	Information Systems Director
Holly Milbrandt	Natural Resources Director
Andrea Miller, MPA	Recreation Director
David Schmidt	Interim Public Works Director
Bill PancakeIr	nterim Building Official/Director

Contact:

City of Sanibel 800 Dunlop Road Sanibel, Florida 33957 (239) 472-3700 www.mysanibel.com The Financial Section contains the following information:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Notes to the Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Combining Financial Statements and Schedules



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida Sanibel, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sanibel, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and the transportation special revenue fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Community Housing and Resources, Inc., which represents 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit as of September 30, 2022. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Community Housing and Resources, Inc., a discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of Community Housing and Resources, Inc., a discretely presented component unit, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1, the City changed accounting policies related to leases by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB Statement) No. 87, *Leases*, in 2022. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, schedules of investment returns, and schedules of contributions for the general employees' and the municipal police officers' pension plans, and the schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section, and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 17, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida July 17, 2023

As management of the City of Sanibel (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal at the beginning of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At the close of fiscal year 2022, the City of Sanibel's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded
 its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$106.2 million (net position). Governmental and
 business-type assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of
 resources by \$50.4 million and \$55.8 million, respectively;
- The City's total net position increased by \$3.3 million in fiscal year 2022. The City's unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors, increased by \$4.7 million (22.2%) from the prior year;
- The City's governmental activities reported a total net position of \$50.4 million, a \$734,000 (1.5%) increase from the previous year net position of \$49.6 million. Approximately 19.7% of the total (\$9.9 million) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors;
- The City's business-type activities reported a total net position of \$55.8 million, which is an increase of \$2.5 million, or 4.7%, in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 28.6% of the total, or \$15.9 million, is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors;
- The City's total long-term liabilities decreased by \$3.6 million during the current fiscal year, due to scheduled debt service payments. The City did not issue any debt in the current year. All outstanding debt service payment were made according to established deadlines;
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the General fund was \$10.3 million, or approximately 95.4% of the total fund balance;
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$24.0 million, an increase of approximately \$1.3 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 18.4% of this amount (\$4.4 million) is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance). Approximately 62.0% of this amount (\$14.8 million) is unrestricted fund balance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business. The focus is on "activities", rather than "fund types". All information is presented utilizing the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This method matches revenues and expenses to the period in which the revenue is earned and the expense attributed.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The unrestricted portion of net position is designed to be like bottom line results for private sector companies. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund current resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include the Sanibel Sewer System and beach parking operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate non-profit operation for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for Community Housing Resources, Inc. (CHR) is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. CHR has issued separately audited financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over the resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund *balance sheet* and the governmental fund *statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances* provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains 19 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General fund and the Transportation fund, which are considered to be major funds in fiscal year 2022. Data for the other 17 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules immediately following the required supplementary information.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all major and non-major governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements for the General fund and Transportation fund are part of the basic financial statements and can be found beginning on page 50. Budgetary comparison schedules have also been provided for all other nonmajor governmental funds beginning on page 131.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 46 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one of the two proprietary fund types. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its sewer system utility fund and beach parking fund. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among a government's various functions. The City does not utilize internal service funds.

Fees and charges are the primary revenue sources for the proprietary funds. The City's sewer system enterprise fund also receives tax revenue from a voter-approved tax levy to pay debt service related to the sewer capital expansion projects.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer system utility fund and beach parking fund, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 52 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City maintains two different types of fiduciary funds. The *Pension trust fund* is used to report resources held in trust for retirees and beneficiaries covered by the *General Employees* and *Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plans*. The *Custodial fund* reports resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations and other governments. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 57 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements in this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information relating to the City's employee pension plans and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligations. The combining schedules for the non-major governmental and fiduciary funds follow the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$106.2 million, at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Table 1
Statement of Net Position (Summary)
as of September 30, 2022 and 2021

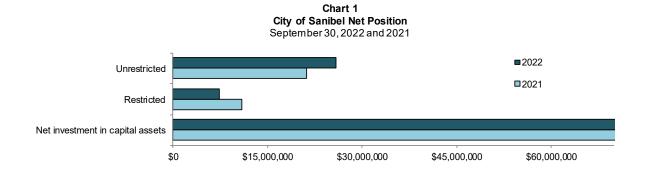
	Governmental		Busine	ss-type	Total		
	Activities		Activ	/ities	Primary Government		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Current and other assets	\$28,699,075	\$26,611,629	\$20,631,338	\$19,531,457	\$ 49,330,413	\$ 46,143,086	
Capital assets, net	40,936,416	42,437,472	52,351,211	52,360,161	93,287,627	94,797,633	
Total assets	69,635,491	69,049,101	72,982,549	71,891,618	142,618,040	140,940,719	
Deferred outflows of resources	7,240,784	476,233	1,226,742	88,814	8,467,526	565,047	
Current and other liabilities	4,886,984	1,350,196	2,752,334	2,478,489	7,639,318	3,828,685	
Long-term liabilities	21,030,136	13,277,225	14,447,463	15,320,642	35,477,599	28,597,867	
Total liabilities	25,917,120	14,627,421	17,199,797	17,799,131	43,116,917	32,426,552	
Deferred inflows of resources	576,706	5,249,494	1,225,306	921,530	1,802,012	6,171,024	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	34,923,762	35,123,190	38,092,607	35,779,824	73,016,369	70,903,014	
Restricted	5,552,794	7,789,029	1,765,079	3,076,615	7,317,873	10,865,644	
Unrestricted	9,905,893	6,736,200	15,926,502	14,403,332	25,832,395	21,139,532	
Total net position	\$50,382,449	\$49,648,419	\$55,784,188	\$53,259,771	\$ 106,166,637	\$102,908,190	

The largest portion of the City's net position (68.8%) reflect its net investment in capital assets (such as land, buildings, infrastructure, parks, machinery and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these assets to provide services to citizens – consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the capital assets are shown net of debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate and pay for these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position in the amount of \$7.3 million (6.9%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$25.8 million (24.3%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

The City's overall net position increased \$3.3 million, or 3.2%, as of September 30, 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021. Most of this increase was driven by results in the City's business-type activities.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City can report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the City as a whole and for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.



Governmental Activities

Revenues

Total governmental revenues received from external sources increased 12.9% in fiscal year 2022 to \$22.5 million from \$19.9 million in fiscal year 2021. Revenues in governmental activities are categorized into program revenues and general revenues. Significant explanations for year over year changes are described below.

Total program revenues increased 35.2% in fiscal year 2022 from fiscal year 2021.

- Charges for Services increased 26.0%
 - General fund development fees for planning services increased to \$345,000 from \$240,000 as remodeling and construction activities resume to their pre-pandemic levels;
 - Recreation Center memberships and fees increased to \$450,000 in fiscal year 2022 from \$271,000 in the previous year. As mentioned above, attendance and participation in recreation activities are continuing to improve to pre-pandemic levels.
- Operating grants and contributions increased 44.0% in fiscal year 2022
 - The City recognized \$926,000 in American Recue Plan Act (ARPA) funding in the current year for public safety personnel expenditures;
 - Shared sales tax revenue received from the State of Florida increased to \$211,000 from \$168,000.

Total general revenues remained relatively consistent with last year, increasing 2.8%.

The City's governmental and business-type activities transfer funds in and out to support operations in various functions. In fiscal year 2022, \$789,318 was transferred from the business-type activity funds to the General fund as payments in lieu of taxes. The Sewer funds transfers \$7,500 annually and the Beach Parking fund transfers 15.0% of gross parking revenue to the General fund each fiscal year. In fiscal year 2022, \$781,818 was transferred from the Beach Parking fund to the General fund.

Expenses

Total governmental activities expenses increased approximately \$2.9 million (15.0%) to \$22.5 million from \$19.6 million in fiscal year 2021.

- Overall non-public safety personnel expenses increased 3.7% from the previous year primarily due to negotiated wage increases and changes in pension expense funding;
- Public safety personnel expenses increased approximately 5.5% consistent with negotiated wage increases and increases in required pension funding.

The schedule on the next page summarizes the changes in net position for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (Summary) For the Year Ended September 30,

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ		Total Primary Government		
	2022	2021	2022	2022 2021		2021	
REVENUES							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 5,364,688	\$ 4,258,191	\$ 13,381,431	\$ 13,051,560	\$ 18,746,119	\$ 17,309,751	
Operating grants and contributions	2,723,280	1,890,972	2,331,133	1,970,870	5,054,413	3,861,842	
Capital grants and contributions	327,284	75,276	900,411	233,856	1,227,695	309,132	
General revenues							
Property taxes	10,944,483	10,678,126	703,237	704,750	11,647,720	11,382,876	
Other taxes	2,176,243	2,053,241	-	-	2,176,243	2,053,241	
Intergovernmental revenues	1,061,041	870,668	-	-	1,061,041	870,668	
Other	(127,965)	72,889	151,639	337,733	23,674	410,622	
Total revenues	22,469,054	19,899,363	17,467,851	16,298,769	39,936,905	36,198,132	
EXPENSES							
General government	4,024,154	3,261,195	-	-	4,024,154	3,261,195	
Public safety	7,538,322	6,252,183	-	-	7,538,322	6,252,183	
Physical environment	844,545	784,804	7,412,551	7,246,688	8,257,096	8,031,492	
Public works/Transportation	4,564,143	4,390,829	-	-	4,564,143	4,390,829	
Beach parking	-	-	6,394,843	4,952,264	6,394,843	4,952,264	
Economic development	433,107	414,832	-	-	433,107	414,832	
Culture/recreation	4,872,911	4,192,093	-	-	4,872,911	4,192,093	
Interest on long-term debt	247,160	283,142	346,722	429,492	593,882	712,634	
Total expenses	22,524,342	19,579,078	14,154,116	12,628,444	36,678,458	32,207,522	
Increase (decrease) in net position							
before transfers	(55,288)	320,285	3,313,735	3,670,325	3,258,447	3,990,610	
Net transfers in(out)	789,318	690,960	(789,318)	(690,960)	-		
Increase (decrease) in net position	734,030	1,011,245	2,524,417	2,979,365	3,258,447	3,990,610	
Net position - beginning of year	49,648,419	48,637,174	53,259,771	50,280,406	102,908,190	98,917,580	
Net position - end of year	\$ 50,382,449	\$ 49,648,419	\$ 55,784,188	\$ 53,259,771	\$ 106,166,637	\$102,908,190	

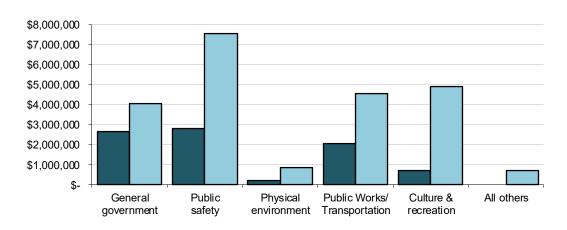
The table below presents the total cost of services for each of the City's five largest programs as well as each program's net cost; that is, total cost less program revenues (i.e., excluding taxes), generated by the activities. The net cost represents the portion of each program that is supported by various general revenues, including taxes.

Table 3
Program Revenues and Expenses
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost Of Services			Net (Cost) Earnings Of Services				
		2022	2021		2022			2021
General government	\$	4,024,154	\$	3,261,195	\$	(1,375,164)	\$	(717,736)
Public safety		7,538,322		6,252,183		(4,725,367)		(4,624,587)
Physical environment		844,545		784,804		(636,448)		(561,433)
PW/Transportation		4,564,143		4,390,829		(2,510,840)		(2,988,007)
Culture/Recreation		4,872,911		4,192,093		(4,181,004)		(3,764,902)
All others		680,267		697,974		(680,267)		(697,974)
Totals	\$	22,524,342	\$ 19,579,078		\$	(14,109,090)	\$	(13,354,639)

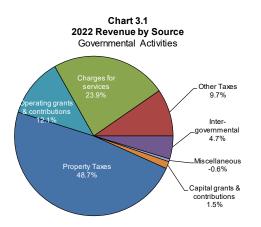
The total cost of all governmental activities provided this fiscal year was approximately \$22.5 million, a 15.0% increase from the prior year due to items previously discussed. As detailed in the statement of activities, the net cost ultimately paid through taxes and other general revenues was approximately \$14.1 million. As shown in the chart below, comparing program expenses to program revenue it can be easily seen that most of the funding for governmental activities is not from program revenues.

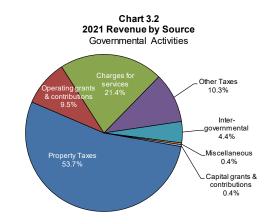
Chart 2
Program Revenue and Expenses
Governmental Activities



■ Program Revenue ■ Program Expense

The following charts compare the composition of revenues for the City's governmental activities for the period ending September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively:





Business-type activities

Overview

Total revenues from the operations of the City's business-type activities totaled \$17.5 million in fiscal year 2022, an 7.2% increase from the previous year. Total expenses for 2022 were \$14.2 million, a 12.1% increase from fiscal year 2021. Total transfers to other funds increased 14.2% in fiscal year 2022. These results generated an 4.7% (\$2.5 million) increase in net position.

Revenues

Total program revenues generated from the City's business-type activities increased from the prior year by approximately \$1.4 million. The largest component of program revenues is charges for services, which generated an increase of 2.5% (\$330,000) in fiscal year 2022.

- In the Sewer fund, charges for services remained relatively consistent with the prior year at \$7.9 million. The majority of this revenue is quarterly charges for wastewater services;
- In the Beach Parking fund charges for parking increased 3.6% in fiscal year 2022.

Operating grants and contributions increased 18.3% in fiscal year 2022. Most of this revenue relates to grants the City receives pursuant to an interlocal agreement with the Lee County Tourist Development Council (TDC) to fund beach maintenance and prevention of erosion activities. All operating grants in the current year are reflected in the Beach Parking Fund.

Capital grants and contributions increased significantly in fiscal year 2022 primarily due to a grant received from the State of Florida to replace generators at the City's wastewater treatment facilities.

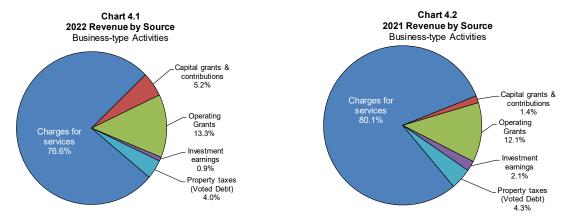
General revenues are received from three main sources in the City's business-type activities. Most of the revenue comes from tax revenue received from voter-approved tax levies to pay debt service related to the Sewer fund capital expansion projects. Tax revenue received in 2022 totaled approximately \$703,000 based on debt service needs for the year.

The second source of revenue is received from interest on special assessment financing the Sewer fund provides to property owner who elect to defer their assessment for sewer connections. In fiscal year 2022, \$61,000 was received in interest.

The final source of general revenues is received from the Sewer and Beach Parking fund's investment and banking activity. Revenue from this area decreased \$153,000 in fiscal year 2022 due to unexpected losses in the City's investment portfolio late in the fiscal year.



The following graphs compare the composition of revenues for the City's business-type activities for the period ending September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively:



Expenses

Total business-type expenses (excluding Interfund transfers) increased 12.1% (\$1.5 million) in fiscal year 2022 compared to the same period in 2021. The Sewer fund total expenses increased \$150,000 (2.1%) and the Beach Parking total fund expenses increased 25.5% (\$1.2 million).

Significant fluctuations in the Sewer fund's expenses are detailed below.

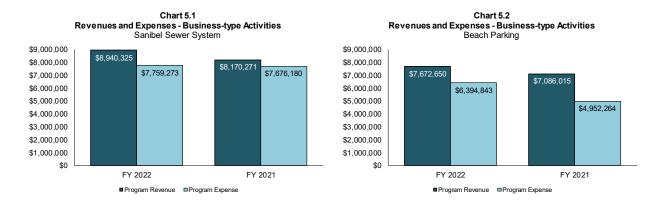
- Personnel expenses increased \$178,500 based on negotiated salary increases;
- Utilities expenses increased 19.0% (\$66,000).

Significant fluctuations in the Beach Parking fund's expenses are detailed below.

- Personnel expenses increased 14.1% to \$2.2 million in fiscal year 2022. Most of this increase related to
 public safety. Wages were increased based on negotiated amounts with the City's bargaining units.
 Additionally, there were increased in traffic enforcement personnel due to an increase in visitors to the
 City's beaches post-pandemic.
- Professional and contractual services increased \$536,000 in fiscal year 2022. This increase was related to
 work completed along the City's bay side Woodring Road. A living shoreline project along the road was
 completed to make the area more resilient and sustainable.

Interfund transfers to the General fund for payments in lieu of taxes increased 14.2% in fiscal year 2022 due to continued increased demand for beach use.

The following charts compare program expenses with program revenues for the City's business-type activities for fiscal years 2022 and 2021:



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City Council.

At September 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$23.9 million, a increase of approximately \$1.3 million (5.3%) in comparison with the prior year. The primary drivers for this increase were as follows:

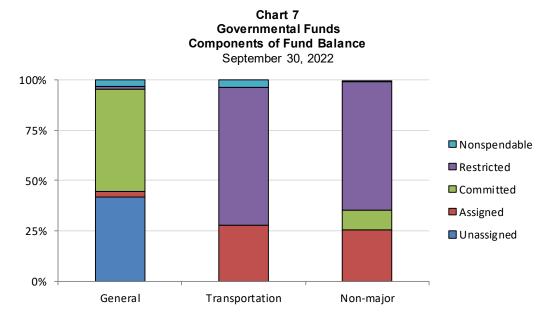
- The General fund experienced a decrease in fund balance of \$1.1 million. Transfers to other funds increased to \$4.7 million in fiscal year 2022 from \$2.5 million in fiscal year 2021. Most of this was due to increased support to the City's Recreation Center as it continued to recover from the pandemic closure. The General fund transferred approximately \$2.1 million to the Recreation Center fund to support operations.
- The combined capital project fund balance increased \$1.4 million in fiscal year 2022. Most of this increase
 was attributable to project delays. Excess fund balance will be used in subsequent fiscal years to complete
 projects.

Of the \$23.9 million in total fund balances, approximately 18.4% of this amount (\$4.4 million) is comprised of unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is not in spendable form, restricted for specific purposes, committed for specific purposes, or assigned to specific purposes.

The following chart compares the various components of governmental funds fund balance between fiscal year 2022 and 2021:

Chart 6 **Governmental Funds Components of Fund Balance** September 30, 2022 and 2021 Nonspendable **2022** Restricted **2021** Committed Assigned Unassigned \$0.0 \$2.0 \$4.0 \$6.0 \$8.0 \$10.0 Millions

A comparison of the allocation of fund balance as of September 30, 2022 for all major funds and the aggregate of non-major funds is presented below.



General Fund

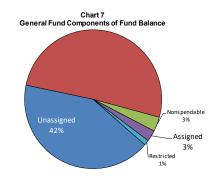
The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. At the end of fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General fund was \$4.5 million, while total fund balance was \$10.8 million.

As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unrestricted (total of committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance and total fund balance to total General fund expenditures. Unrestricted fund balance represents approximately 69.3% of the total General fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 72.6% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the General fund decreased \$1.1 million, or 9.5%, during fiscal year 2022 to a total of \$10.8 million.

Key factors in the current year results are the net effect of the following items:

- Revenues increased 9.2% in fiscal year 2022:
 - Collections of property taxes increased slightly to \$10.2 million from \$9.8 million due to increased property values;
 - Intergovernmental revenue increased \$708,000 due to the recognition of ARPA funds previously discussed;
 - Charges for services increased \$125,000 due primarily to the increase in development fees previously discussed.



- Total expenditures in the General fund increased 1.5% in fiscal year 2022.
 - Overall personnel expenditures increased 2.9% (\$289,000). Most of this increase was due to increases in staff wages based on collective bargaining negotiations for fiscal year 2022.
- Net Transfers increased \$2.1 million (113.1%) primarily due to increased support needed for Recreation Center operations.

For information on the General fund's budgetary performance for fiscal year 2022, see the statement on page 50.

Transportation Fund

The *Transportation* fund, a major special revenue fund, was established to account for all activities necessary to provide repaving, maintenance and repairs and other expenditures related to the City's streets, shared-use paths and drainage infrastructure.

Revenues are received from the local option gas taxes, municipal fuel allocation portion of the State of Florida's municipal shared revenues, fuel tax rebates and surplus toll revenues from the Sanibel Causeway. Per an interlocal agreement with Lee County, the City receives 21% of the surplus toll revenue that Lee County receives from the Sanibel Causeway. The City receives these funds on a biannual basis. The City also receives gas tax revenue from the State of Florida through an interlocal agreement with Lee County. Both revenue sources are restricted for use for transportation related operational and capital expenditures.

Gas tax revenue increased approximately 5.4% in fiscal year 2022. The City's interlocal agreement with Lee County calls for the City to receive a 3.5% share of the County's receipts of gas taxes. Revenues were better than expected due to increased demand post-pandemic. Revenue received from Lee County for toll operations increased 33.2% to \$1.7 million in fiscal year 2022 as tourism and traffic over the causeway continued to improve after the pandemic.

Operating expenditures increased 6.8% in fiscal year 2022. Increases in personnel expenditures as previously discussed and increases in repair and maintenance were the main reason for the difference from fiscal year 2021.

Based on the results noted above, the ending fund balance of the Transportation fund was \$892,000 (6.7% decrease) at September 30, 2022. The majority of fund balance in the Transportation Fund is restricted for road and shared use path expenditures.

For information on the Transportation fund's budgetary performance for fiscal year 2022, see the comparison on page 51.

Other Governmental Funds

All other governmental funds are accounted for in the column entitled Other Governmental Funds (17 funds in total). Other governmental funds include nonmajor special revenue, debt service and capital project funds. Total fund balance for this group increased 25.3% in 2022 to \$12.2 million at September 30, 2022.

Key factors in the performance for fiscal year 2022 are the net effect of the following items:

- Total revenue increased 30.8% to \$3.5 million
 - Ad valorem tax proceeds for a voter approved debt issuance decreased 9.0% in fiscal year 2022 based on required debt service needs;
 - Licenses and permits increased \$544,000 due to increased building and construction activity on the island:
 - Charges for services increased 62.5% (\$178,000). The primary driver of the increase in this category is from the Recreation Center as operations and attendance continued to return to pre-pandemic levels.
- Total expenditures increased 15.0% to \$5.5 million
 - Operating expenditures in the Recreation Center and related activities increased approximately \$563,000 as programs and operating hours expanded to pre-pandemic levels.
 - Debt services expenditures increased \$330,000 in the current fiscal year based on established debt service repayment schedules. No new debt was issued in fiscal year 2022;
 - Transfers in from other funds increased \$2.2 million mostly due to the increase in operational support the General fund provides to the Recreation center as previously discussed.

For more detailed information (as well as budgetary comparisons), see the combining financial statements for the City's non-major governmental funds beginning on page 131.

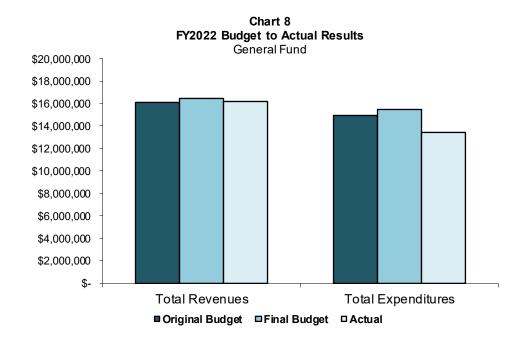
Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds are comprised of two enterprise funds – the Sewer fund and the Beach Parking fund. An enterprise fund is used to account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. These funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements business-type activities.

See the discussion of business-type activities beginning on page 31. For additional detail, see the propriety fund statements beginning on page 52.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During fiscal year 2022, there was a \$331,000 (2.1%) increase in budgeted total revenue and a \$564,000 (3.8%) increase in budgeted total expenditures between the original and final amended budget in the General fund.



Following are the key factors for the variances between the original and final budget:

- The revenue budget was not significantly amended during the year
- The expenditure budget was increased by \$368,000 for additional costs related to the needs analysis and design of a new police department facility;
- The budget for transfers between funds was increased \$256,000 for a transfer of funds from the Road Impact fee fund to the Transportation Capital Projects fund for a shared use path project;
- The personnel budget was increased \$510,000 to implement a new pay and classification study completed in fiscal year 2022.

At the end of fiscal year 2022, there was a \$300,000 negative variance between final budgeted total revenue and actual total revenue.

At the end of fiscal year 2022, there was a \$2.1 million (13.6%) positive variance between total final budgeted expenditures and total actual expenditures.

A more detailed presentation of the general fund budget comparison can be found in the budgetary comparison statement found on page 50 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The City's total capital assets as of September 30, 2022 reflect an investment of \$93.3 million, net of accumulated depreciation. The following schedule provides a comparative summary of net capital assets by category for both governmental and business-type activities. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Table 4
Capital Assets (net of depreciation)
as of September 30,

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type	Total Primary Government			
	Activ	/ities	Activ	/ities				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Land	\$24,966,425	\$24,966,425	\$ 1,864,013	\$ 1,864,013	\$ 26,830,438	\$ 26,830,438		
Buildings	9,946,588	10,611,769	1,618,852	1,724,798	11,565,440	12,336,567		
Improvements	460,808	563,450	1,196,901	1,385,073	1,657,709	1,948,523		
Vehicles and equipment	1,789,309	2,133,579	768,087	990,501	2,557,396	3,124,080		
Infrastructure	3,503,917	3,901,079	23,432,535	25,713,628	26,936,452	29,614,707		
Right-to-use leased equipment	8,199	-	-	-	8,199	-		
Construction work in progress	261,170	261,170	23,470,823	20,682,148	23,731,993	20,943,318		
Total capital assets	\$40,936,416	\$42,437,472	\$52,351,211	\$52,360,161	\$ 93,287,627	\$ 94,797,633		

Notable capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Utilities
 - o Ford Super Duty Truck (\$99,848)
- Public Works
 - Gator Utility Vehicle (\$17,235)
 - o Forklift (\$24,240)
- Current Year Additions to Construction projects in process at year end:
 - Phase 4B Sewer Expansion (\$42,150)
 - Donax wastewater treatment plant renovation (\$2,746,525)

The above list is not all inclusive. Annually, the City disposes of equipment that is obsolete or non-functioning as part of routine operations.



Long-term liabilities. As of September 30, 2022, the City had \$22.8 million in outstanding long-term liabilities. The following schedule provides a comparative summary of the City's outstanding long-term liabilities:

Table 5.1 Long-term Liabilities as of September 30,

	Govern Activ	mental rities		ss-type ⁄ities	**		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
General obligation bonds directly placed with financial institution	\$ 3,990,000	\$ 4,760,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,990,000	\$ 4,760,000	
Revenue bonds directly placed with financial institution	_	_	_	_		_	
Notes payable from direct							
borrowings	4,710,941	5,018,000	12,468,219	14,691,390	17,179,160	19,709,390	
Financed purchase obligation	383,441	622,832	-	-	383,441	622,832	
Leases payable	8,423	-	-	-	8,423	-	
Compensated absences	921,215	909,875	273,976	310,556	1,195,191	1,220,431	
Total	\$10,014,020	\$11,310,707	\$12,742,195	\$15,001,946	\$22,756,215	\$26,312,653	

All debt service payments were made according to established schedules. The liability for compensated absences is based on the payable accrued leave time for employees at September 30, 2022.

Long-term liability amounts for the City's pension and OPEB plans are actuarially calculated. A comparison of the current and prior year calculated amounts is shown below.

Table 5.2
Pension and Other Post Employments Liabilities
as of September 30,

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type	Total			
	Activ	rities	Activ	rities	Primary Government			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Net pension (asset) liability	\$10,640,558	\$ (1,008,996)	\$ 1,566,363	\$ (396,537)	\$12,206,921	\$ (1,405,533)		
Total OPEB liability	375,558	387,218	138,905	143,218	514,463	530,436		
Total	\$11,016,116	\$ (621,778)	\$ 1,705,268	\$ (253,319)	\$12,721,384	\$ (875,097)		

Additional information about the City's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 9 beginning on page 88 of this report.



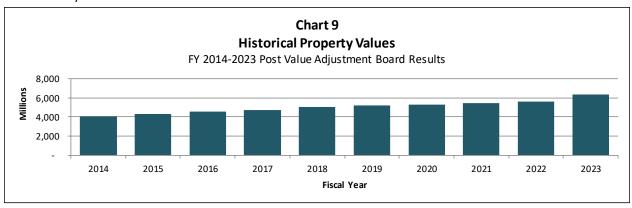
ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City's two most important economic factors that will affect its financial stability are property values (which are used to calculate the tax levy) and tourism revenues.

Property Values

Property values increased 13.3% and were valued at \$5.6 billion for fiscal year 2023 (the upcoming budget year), an historic high for the City.

The following chart shows the history of property values since fiscal year 2014. All years presented are final after any adjustment from the Value Adjustment Board (VAB), which evaluates property valuation on a case-by-case basis annually.



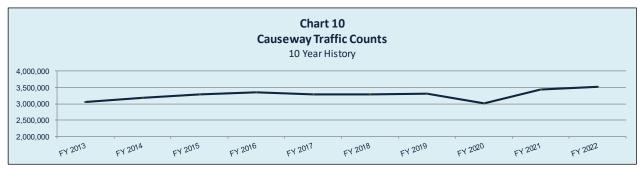
With the recent water quality concerns (Lake Okeechobee releases, red tide blooms, etc.), property values continue to be uncertain in the upcoming year. As the City relies on ad valorem tax revenue for most of its revenue, there is significant focus placed annually on the following year's values.

Tourism

Based on information from the Lee County Toll system's (LeeWay) traffic reports, the Sanibel causeway's fiscal year 2022 vehicle total increased 2.5% from fiscal year 2021.

As the causeway is the only entrance to the City, using traffic counts is a good indicator of trends in tourism. Additionally, per an interlocal agreement with Lee County, the City receives a portion of each toll that is paid for transportation purposes (21.0% of surplus tolls).

The following graph shows the traffic trend over the last ten years. While the traffic to the island continues to increase and brings tourists and business to the City, the City continues to be focused on addressing traffic concerns that arise from the high volume during seasonal peaks.



Other Economic Factors

The Southwest Florida economy is very dependent on tourism, and the City of Sanibel is a premier tourist destination for the area. According to data from the Lee County Visitor and Convention Bureau, over 20.0% of jobs in Lee County are tied to tourism.

Next Year's Budget and Rates

The following items were considerations in developing the fiscal year 2023 budget:

- The July 1 real and personal property value for the City of Sanibel was preliminarily assessed at \$6.4 billion by the Lee County Property Appraiser. This represents a 13.3% increase in value from the fiscal year 2022 final valuation and a 13.2% increase from the prior July valuation that was used for the fiscal year 2022 budget;
- > The budget includes a total millage rate of 2.1523, which represents the lowest total tax rate assessed to citizens since fiscal year 2005. An operating millage rate of 1.9750 was used to calculate the ad valorem tax levy in the General Fund compared to 1.8922 in the previous year;
- The General fund budget includes the receipt of \$1.85 million in funding from the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) program, which is part of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). The City was awarded \$3.7 million in funding through the program and received the first half of the funding in fiscal year 2022. The estimated fiscal year 2022 revenues include revenues and expenditures for half of the first receipt (\$926,705). The fiscal year 2023 budgeted General fund revenue includes revenues and expenditures for the second half of the first receipt and the first half of the expected second receipt of funding. It is expected that the remaining \$926,705 will be expended in fiscal year 2024.
- ➤ All fund reserves were restored in the current year budget a total of \$5.9 million in the General fund, \$1,000,000 in the Sewer fund, and \$750,000 in the Beach Parking fund. The General fund reserves for insurance deductibles was combined with the contingency reserve in the current year and increased to \$400,000 from \$390,000.
- The budget includes wage adjustments for staff as a result of collective bargaining with the City's three employee unions. Additionally, the City completed a comprehensive salary and benefit study toward the latter half of fiscal year 2022 that resulted in increased wages across all City departments.
- Personnel costs include full employment for authorized positions as detailed in the Personnel Allocations by Department;
- The budget includes requests for new positions and reclassifications related to a proposed reorganizational plan for several departments. See page 14 for more detailed information. The reorganization of departments is primarily a result of eliminating the Community Services Department as it existed in previous years and establishing a Building Department, Planning Department and Public Works Department. Other changes include the creation of a CFO/Deputy City Manager position that would be filled by the current Finance Director and the creation of positions to meet service levels in the Natural Resources Department and Police Department. A position in the Legislative Department has been eliminated.
- > To support the annual road and shared use path maintenance programs a transfer from the General Fund of \$1.3 million is included in the Transportation Fund Budget. This transfer is needed due to revenues in the fund being insufficient to fund expenditures due to the reduction of gas tax receipts.;
- > The Transportation Capital Improvement fund includes \$1.08 million in grant funding for specific projects included in the current budget;
- > The budget includes the usage of Road Impact fees to fund the shared use path project along Palm Ridge Road. In fiscal year 2022, a budget amendment was approved allocating partial funding from impact fees to the project fund. This budget includes a transfer of \$143,489 to fund the remaining costs. While this project was budgeted in fiscal year 2022, it will not be undertaken until fiscal year 2023.
- ➤ Consistent with City Council policy, the budget includes a 5.1% increase in the General Fund transfer to the Recreation Fund to \$1.5 million. This increase is based on the Consumer Price Index for calendar year 2021. This transfer supports the Recreation Center's programs and operations;

- The budget includes personnel, operating and capital expenditures to operate the Recreation Center and the Center 4 Life consistent with programming and hours of operation in place pre-pandemic in 2019. The personnel levels have been reduced from 3.0 FTE's to 1.5 FTE's for the Center 4 Life in this budget as senior programs are being delivered at the Recreation Center. The positions have been added to the Recreation budget and the Recreation Director will assign staff as needed to manage the facilities and deliver recreation programs. Should the Center 4 Life require additional personnel on a full-time basis, the positions may be transferred back to the Center 4 Life budget.
- ➤ A 3.0% increase in sewer and reclaimed water fees is included in the Sewer Fund budget based on the Revenue Sufficiency Study completed in August 2022 to provide funds for operating expenses and approved sewer related capital projects;
- Funding for the City's supported non-profits is budgeted per contractual agreements. Community Housing Resources funding support increased 5.0% to \$414,477 from fiscal year 2022 and the Historical Village and Museum support is budgeted at \$50,000;
- ➤ The budget reflects the results of comprehensive salary and benefits study that was completed and approved by the City Council late in fiscal year 2022. See additional detail on this later in this section. Additionally, based on successful negotiations with the City's three employee bargaining units, the fiscal year 2023 budget includes a 5.0% salary increase for General Employees and a 6.0% salary increase for Police Officers. Healthcare costs for the City's employee increased 9.1% in fiscal year 2023. These costs are reflected in the departmental budgets;
- > The budget for the City's required contributions to its two defined benefit plans (General Employee and Police) is \$100,000 and \$1.1 million, respectively. This represents a 41% decrease in contributions from the previous year. It is the City's general policy to fund all required contributions annually. The unfunded combined liability for the two pension plans was \$10.1 million at September 30, 2022 based on the last actuarial study completed. This is a significant increase from the prior almost entirely due to lower than expected performance in the General plan;
- ➤ The City provides a Defined Contribution Retirement Plan to employees that are not in the General Employee Pension (which was closed in 2012). Expenditures are budgeted at \$584,000 in fiscal year 2023, representing an 80.2% increase from the prior. The primary driver for this increase was the increase in salaries due to the compensation study and the annual negotiated salary increases;
- > The fiscal year 2023 capital improvement plan is budgeted at \$12.1 million and allocated as follows:
 - o General Fund: \$1,848,339 (\$889,000 in new requested funding);
 - Special Revenue Funds: \$4.6 million (\$2.2 million in new requested funding);
 - Sewer Fund: \$6.7 million (\$2.3 million in new requested funding)
 - Beach Parking Fund: \$1.6 million (\$1.2 million in new funding requested). \$765,000 of the capital budget will be reimbursed to the City from the TDC

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City of Sanibel's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability.

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information may be addressed to the Finance Director, City of Sanibel, 800 Dunlop Road, Sanibel, Florida 33957. Information is also available on the City's website at www.mysanibel.com.



CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

	Primary Government							nponent Unit
							C	Community
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-type			H	Housing &
		Activities		Activities		Total	Res	sources, Inc.
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,215,347	\$	15,323,461	\$	29,538,808	\$	1,954,962
Investments		12,767,910		-		12,767,910		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)								
Accounts		175,595		536,523		712,118		307,018
Interest		150,056		-		150,056		-
Due from other governments		964,292		1,810,003		2,774,295		-
Lease receivable		-		1,166,004		1,166,004		-
Note receivable from component unit		147,715		-		147,715		-
Inventories		2,956		1,500		4,456		-
Prepaids		275,121		28,768		303,889		96,874
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		572,881		572,881		365,283
Interest & taxes receivable		83		-		83		-
Assessments receivable		-		1,192,198		1,192,198		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation								
where applicable):								
Land		24,966,425		1,864,013		26,830,438		768,913
Buildings		9,946,588		1,618,852		11,565,440		2,812,142
Improvements other than buildings		460,808		1,196,901		1,657,709		-
Vehicles and equipment		1,789,309		768,087		2,557,396		1,133
Infrastructure		3,503,917		23,432,535		26,936,452		, <u>-</u>
Right-to-use leased equipment		8,199		-		8,199		_
Construction in progress		261,170		23,470,823		23,731,993		-
Total Assets		69,635,491		72,982,549		142,618,040		6,306,325
				, , , , , , , ,		, ,		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows - pensions		7,047,406		1,155,218		8,202,624		_
Deferred outflows - other post employment benefits		193,378		71,524		264,902		_
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	7,240,784	\$	1,226,742	\$	8,467,526	\$	
Total deletted outliows of resources	Ψ	7,240,704	Ψ	1,220,142	Ψ	0,401,020	Ψ	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities		1,923,219		2,566,650		4,489,869		119,311
Accrued interest payable		73,957		136,544		210,501		-
Unearned revenue		2,889,808		49,140		2,938,948		-
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Due within one year		1,725,834		2,135,139		3,860,973		167,351
Due in more than one year:								
Net pension liability		10,640,558		1,566,363		12,206,921		-
Total OPEB liability		375,558		138,905		514,463		-
Other long-term liabilities		8,288,186		10,607,056		18,895,242		874,744
Total Liabilities		25,917,120		17,199,797		43,116,917		1,161,406
DEFENDED INTLOWS OF DESCRIPTION		_		_				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				4 404 000		4 404 000		
Deferred inflows - leases		404.074		1,121,033		1,121,033		-
Deferred inflows - pensions		421,371 155,335		46,820 57,453		468,191 212,788		-
Deferred inflows - other post employment benefits	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	576,706	\$	1,225,306	\$	1,802,012	\$	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		34,923,762		38,092,607		73,016,369		3,085,399
Restricted for:		•		•				,
Public safety		2,135,473		-		2,135,473		_
Transportation		610,468		-		610,468		-
Capital projects		2,364,216		-		2,364,216		_
Debt service		-		1,765,079		1,765,079		_
Donations received		173,881		-		173,881		325,183
Special assessments		268,756		-		268,756		-,
Unrestricted		9,905,893		15,926,502		25,832,395		1,734,337
Total Net Position	\$	50,382,449	\$	55,784,188	\$	106,166,637	\$	5,144,919
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CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

			F	Program Revenue	S	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
		-				Р	rimary Governme	ent	Component Unit			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Indirect Expense Allocation	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Community Housing & Resources, Inc.			
Primary government:		7.11000411011				7 1011111100	7 1011111100		. 100000.000,			
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 5,552,961	\$ (1,528,807)	\$ 2,648,990	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,375,164)		\$ (1,375,164)				
Public safety	7,105,812	432,510	1,995,033	817,922	-	(4,725,367)		(4,725,367)				
Physical environment	686,787	157,758	205,127	2,970	-	(636,448)		(636,448)				
Public works/Transportation	4,527,195	36,948	56,349	1,697,074	299,880	(2,510,840)		(2,510,840)				
Economic environment	409,575	23,532	-	-	=	(433,107)		(433,107)				
Culture/recreation	3,994,852	878,059	459,189	205,314	27,404	(4,181,004)		(4,181,004)				
Interest on long-term debt	247,160					(247,160)		(247,160)				
Total governmental activities	22,524,342		5,364,688	2,723,280	327,284	(14,109,090)		(14,109,090)				
Business-type activities:												
Sewer system	7,759,273	-	8,039,914	-	900,411	-	\$ 1,181,052	1,181,052				
Beach parking	6,394,843		5,341,517	2,331,133			1,277,807	1,277,807				
Total business-type activities	14,154,116		13,381,431	2,331,133	900,411		2,458,859	2,458,859				
Total primary government	36,678,458		18,746,119	5,054,413	1,227,695	(14,109,090)	2,458,859	(11,650,231)				
Component unit:												
Community Housing & Resources, Inc.	\$ 1,507,012	\$ -	\$ 730,859	\$ 1,036,285	\$ -				\$ 260,132			
		General revenu	es:									
		Property taxes,	, levied for gener	ral purpose		10,211,054	-	10,211,054	-			
		Property taxes,	, levied for debt	service		733,429	703,237	1,436,666	=			
		Gas taxes				1,364,575	-	1,364,575	-			
		Local business	taxes			315,945	=	315,945	=			
		Communication	ns taxes			495,723	-	495,723	-			
		Intergovernmen	tal revenues, no	t restricted to sp	ecific programs	1,061,041	_	1,061,041	-			
		Investment earr	,		, 5	(271,428)	151,639	(119,789)	5,867			
		Miscellaneous				143,463	-	143,463	310,212			
		Transfers				789,318	(789,318)	-	, -			
		Total general	revenues			14,843,120	65,558	14,908,678	316,079			
		Change in ne	t position			734,030	2,524,417	3,258,447	576,211			
		Net position - beg	•			49,648,419	53,259,771	102,908,190	4,568,708			
		INCL POSITION - DEC	anning or vear			73,070,713	00,200,111	102,300,130	4,000,700			

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

		General		Transportation		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	732,905	\$	1,078,725	\$	12,403,717	\$	14,215,347	
Investments		12,767,910		-		-		12,767,910	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		140 100		4 204		-		175 505	
Accounts Interest		148,180 150,139		4,304		23,111		175,595 150,139	
Due from other funds		162,750		-		-		162,750	
Due from other governments		102,730		- 759,477		96,075		964,292	
Note receivable from component unit		147,715		100,411		30,073		147,715	
Inventories		2,024		_		932		2,956	
Prepaid items		235,071		31,502		8,548		275,121	
•	<u>+</u>	14,455,434	\$	1,874,008	\$	12,532,383	\$	28,861,825	
Total assets	φ	14,455,454	φ	1,074,000	φ	12,002,000	φ	20,001,023	
LIABILITIES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	396,453	\$	920,888	\$	129,180	\$	1,446,521	
Retainages payable		-		30,742		-		30,742	
Due to other funds		-		-		162,750		162,750	
Due to other governments		-		-		3,620		3,620	
Deposits		7,175		-		370		7,545	
Accrued liabilities		378,388		30,408		25,995		434,791	
Unearned revenue		2,873,643				16,165		2,889,808	
Total liabilities		3,655,659		982,038		338,080		4,975,777	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue			_			22,466		22,466	
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable:									
Inventories		2,024		-		932		2,956	
Prepaid items		235,071		31,502		8,548		275,121	
Long-term loans to component unit		127,715		-		-		127,715	
Restricted for:									
Building permits/operations		-				2,006,425		2,006,425	
Transportation capital projects		-		610,468				610,468	
Capital projects		-		-		5,444,365		5,444,365	
Debt service		-		-		27,194		27,194	
Hazard mitigation		129,048		-		170.001		129,048	
Donations received		-		-		173,881		173,881	
Canal dredging and trimming		-		-		268,756		268,756	
Committed to:		4 500 000						4 500 000	
Disaster reserve		4,500,000		-		-		4,500,000	
Environmental initiative reserve		1,000,000		-		-		1,000,000	
Insurance deductible reserve Parks and recreation		-		-		1 214 100		1 214 100	
Assigned to:		-		-		1,214,109		1,214,109	
Parks and recreation		_		_		_		_	
Capital projects		_		250,000		3,162,919		3,412,919	
Subsequent year's budget		283,038		230,000		5, 102, 515		283,038	
Unassigned:		4,522,879		-		(135,292)		4,387,587	
Total fund balances		10,799,775		891,970	_	12,171,837		23,863,582	
	_	10,133,113	_	031,310	_	12, 11 1,001	_	20,000,002	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	14,455,434	\$	1,874,008	\$	12,532,383	\$	28,861,825	

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 23,863,582
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	40,936,416
Other long-term assets are not available to be reported as revenue, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	22,466
Debt interest payable that will not be liquidated with current financial resources, is not reported in the funds.	(73,957)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.	7,047,406
Deferred outflows of resources related to other post employment benefits are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.	193,378
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.	(421,371)
Deferred inflows of resources related to other post employment benefits are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.	(155,335)
Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(10,640,558)
Total other post employment liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(375,558)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	7700 044)
·	3,700,941) (383,441) (8,423) (921,215) (10,014,020)
N. A. a. a. W. a.	
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 50,382,449

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General Transportation		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 10,211,054	¢	\$ 733,429	\$ 10.944.483
Property Gas	Ф 10,211,054	\$ - 1,364,575	Ф 733,429	\$ 10,944,483 1,364,575
Business tax receipts	315,945	1,304,373	_	315,945
Communications services	495,723	_	_	495,723
Casualty insurance premium	95,005	_	_	95,005
Permits, fees, special assessments	1,016,284	_	1,706,700	2,722,984
Intergovernmental revenues	2,040,716	1,697,074	182,848	3,920,638
Charges for services	1,915,588	-	462,715	2,378,303
Fines and forfeitures	261,562	-	1,839	263,401
Other revenue	(184,498)	3,768	394,268	213,538
Total revenues	16,167,379	3,065,417	3,481,799	22,714,595
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	5,397,680	-	57,593	5,455,273
Public safety	5,387,290	-	1,249,333	6,636,623
Physical environment	631,595	- 0.75.004	-	631,595
Public works/Transportation	663,874	3,375,994	56,857	4,096,725
Economic environment	409,575	-	- 407.074	409,575
Culture/recreation	820,672	-	2,467,974	3,288,646
Debt service	26 202		1 210 700	1 246 004
Principal retirement	26,203	-	1,319,798	1,346,001
Interest and fiscal charges	934	2 560	254,235	255,169
Capital outlay	38,381	3,560	113,078	155,019
Total expenditures	13,376,204	3,379,554	5,518,868	22,274,626
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	2,791,175	(314,137)	(2,037,069)	439,969
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	715,672	250,000	4,752,447	5,718,119
Transfers out	(4,672,290)	-	(256,511)	, , , ,
Leases	33,631		4,343	37,974
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,922,987)	250,000	4,500,279	827,292
Net change in fund balances	(1,131,812)	(64, 137)	2,463,210	1,267,261
Fund balances - beginning of year	11,931,587	956,107	9,708,627	22,596,321
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 10,799,775	\$ 891,970	\$ 12,171,837	\$ 23,863,582

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

hange in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,26	37,261
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital Outlay Depreciation	\$ 155,019 (1,529,475)		
Бергестаноп	(1,323,473)		' 4,456)
Net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e. disposals, transfers, donations) which decrease net position.		(12	26,601)
Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position.			
Principal debt payments made during the fiscal year Lease proceeds	1,346,001 (37,974)	_	08,027
The (increase) decrease in certain accrued liabilities reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			
	(11,340))	
Current year change in accrued compensated absences			
Current year change in accrued compensated absences Current year change in accrued interest payable	8,009	- ((3,331)
Current year change in accrued interest payable Revenue recognized in the statement of activities from a previous period that provides a current financial resource is reported in the funds in the current year. This change represents the change caused by the "available" revenue recognition	8,009		
Current year change in accrued interest payable Revenue recognized in the statement of activities from a previous period that provides a current financial resource is reported in the funds in the current year. This change represents the change caused by the "available" revenue recognition criteria.	8,009		
Current year change in accrued interest payable Revenue recognized in the statement of activities from a previous period that provides a current financial resource is reported in the funds in the current year. This change represents the change caused by the "available" revenue recognition	8,009	(13	36,317)
Current year change in accrued interest payable Revenue recognized in the statement of activities from a previous period that provides a current financial resource is reported in the funds in the current year. This change represents the change caused by the "available" revenue recognition criteria. Cash pension contributions reported in the funds were more than the calculated pension expense on the statement of activities and therefore increased net	8,009	(13	(3,331) 36,317) 98,630)

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Buc	Budgets			Va	riance with
	Original	Final	,	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues						
Taxes						
Property, net	\$ 10,094,334	\$ 10,094,334	\$	10,211,054	\$	116,720
Communications services	525,000	525,000		495,723		(29,277)
Business tax receipts	275,000	275,000		315,945		40,945
Casualty insurance premium	99,000	99,000		95,005		(3,995)
Permits, fees, special assessments	975,000	975,000		1,016,284		41,284
Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	823,500 3,038,237	823,500 3,369,404		2,040,716 1,915,588		1,217,216 (1,453,816)
Fines and forfeitures	25,000	25,000		261,562		236,562
Other revenue	245,000	245,000		(184,498)		(429,498)
Total revenues	16,100,071	16,431,238	_	16,167,379		(263,859)
Expenditures			_			
Current						
General Government						
Legislative	694,325	717,404		690,645		26,759
Administrative	785,473	846,738		390,100		456,638
Finance	1,157,386	1,174,928		956,917		218,011
Legal	435,107	435,107		315,826		119,281
Planning	1,130,550	1,172,796		956,927		215,869
Information technology	1,571,277	1,642,606		1,393,513		249,093
Other General Government	879,346	879,346	_	693,752		185,594
Total General Government	6,653,464	6,868,925	_	5,397,680		1,471,245
Public Safety						
Police	5,191,464	5,331,591		5,162,372		169,219
SEMP	262,545	266,318	_	224,918		41,400
Total Public Safety	5,454,009	5,597,909		5,387,290		210,619
Physical Environment						
Garbage recycling	80,699	80,699		44,168		36,531
Natural resources management	594,891	620,389	_	587,427		32,962
Total Physical Environment	675,590	701,088	_	631,595	_	69,493
Public Works	899,528	937,579		663,874		273,705
Economic Environment	411,040	411,040		409,575		1,465
Culture/Recreation						
Public facilities	634,034	645,210		530,164		115,046
Museum	145,575	275,155		211,744		63,411
Performing arts facility	50,000	50,000	_	78,764		(28,764)
Total Culture/Recreation	829,609	970,365	_	820,672		149,693
Debt Service						
Principal	-	-		26,203		(26,203)
Interest	-	-		934		(934)
Capital Outlay			_	38,381		(38,381)
Total Expenditures	14,923,240	15,486,906	_	13,376,204		2,110,702
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,176,831	944,332	_	2,791,175	_	1,846,843
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	639,101	639,101		715,672		76,571
Reserves	(5,890,000)	,		-		5,890,000
Transfers out	(4,353,274)	(4,666,856)		(4,672,290)		(5,434)
Leases			_	33,631		33,631
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,604,173)	(9,917,755)	_	(3,922,987)		5,994,768
	(8,427,342)	(8,973,423)		(1,131,812)		7,841,611
Net change in fund balance	(0,421,042)	(=,===,===)		,		
Net change in fund balance Fund balance - beginning of year	12,398,422	11,931,587		11,931,587		

There are no differences between the budgetary basis and Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – TRANSPORTATION FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Transportation Fund								
	Budgets			3			Va	riance with	
		Original	Final		Actual		Final Budget		
Revenues									
Taxes									
Gas	\$	1,285,763	\$	1,285,763	\$	1,364,575	\$	78,812	
Intergovernmental revenues		1,599,948		1,599,948		1,697,074		97,126	
Other revenue		25,000		25,000		3,768		(21,232)	
Total revenues		2,910,711		2,910,711		3,065,417		154,706	
Expenditures									
Current									
Public Works/Transportation		3,634,818		4,017,385		3,375,994		641,391	
Capital Outlay		-		100,550		3,560		96,990	
Total expenditures		3,634,818		4,117,935		3,379,554		738,381	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures		(724, 107)		(1,207,224)		(314,137)		893,087	
Other financing sources									
Transfers in		250,000		250,000		250,000		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		250,000		250,000		250,000		-	
Net change in fund balance		(474,107)		(957,224)		(64,137)		893,087	
Fund balance - beginning of year		627,256		956,107		956,107			
Fund balance - end of year	\$	153,149	\$	(1,117)	\$	891,970	\$	893,087	

There are no differences between the budgetary basis and Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2022

	Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Sanibel						
		Sewer		Beach				
		System		Parking		Total		
ASSETS								
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,800,064	\$	4,523,397	\$	15,323,461		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)								
Accounts		536,523		-		536,523		
Lease receivable		15,961		-		15,961		
Restricted assessments receivable		294,658		-		294,658		
Due from other governments		688,694		1,121,309		1,810,003		
Prepaids		11,112		17,656		28,768		
Inventories		1,500				1,500		
Total current assets		12,348,512		5,662,362		18,010,874		
Noncurrent assets								
Lease receivable		1,150,043		-		1,150,043		
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		572,881		-		572,881		
Assessments receivable		897,540				897,540		
Total noncurrent assets		2,620,464				2,620,464		
Capital assets								
Land		1,474,795		389,218		1,864,013		
Buildings		1,419,054		2,474,444		3,893,498		
Improvements other than buildings		-		1,942,249		1,942,249		
Vehicles and equipment		2,130,043		1,775,850		3,905,893		
Infrastructure		70,323,305		-		70,323,305		
Construction in progress		23,452,873		17,950		23,470,823		
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(50,087,396)		(2,961,174)		(53,048,570)		
Total capital assets, net		48,712,674		3,638,537		52,351,211		
Total noncurrent assets		51,333,138		3,638,537		54,971,675		
Total assets		63,681,650	_	9,300,899	_	72,982,549		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows - pensions		529,312		625,906		1,155,218		
·		31,788		39,736		71,524		
Deferred outflows - other post employment benefits	Φ.		Φ.		Ф.			
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	561,100	\$	665,642	\$	1,226,742		

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2022

	Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Sanibel				
		Sewer		Beach		
		System		Parking		Total
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Account payable and other current liabilities	\$	1,043,814	\$	356,126	\$	1,399,940
Accrued liabilities		1,073,417		93,293		1,166,710
Unearned Revenue		49,140		-		49,140
Accrued interest payable		136,544		-		136,544
Compensated absences		104,090		101,392		205,482
Debt:						
Notes Payable		1,929,657				1,929,657
Total debt		1,929,657		_		1,929,657
Total current liabilities		4,336,662		550,811		4,887,473
Noncurrent liabilities						
Net pension liability		546,245		1,020,118		1,566,363
Compensated absences		34,697		33,797		68,494
Total other post employment benefits liability Debt:		61,736		77,169		138,905
Notes Payable		10,538,562		_		10,538,562
Total debt		10,538,562			_	10,538,562
Total noncurrent liabilities		11,181,240		1,131,084	_	12,312,324
					_	
Total liabilities	_	15,517,902	_	1,681,895	_	17,199,797
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows - leases		1,121,033		-		1,121,033
Deferred inflows - pensions		-		46,820		46,820
Deferred inflows - other post employment benefits		25,535		31,918		57,453
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,146,568		78,738		1,225,306
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		34,454,070		3,638,537		38,092,607
Restricted for:		, - ,		, ,		, ,
Debt service		1,765,079		_		1,765,079
Unrestricted		11,359,131		4,567,371		15,926,502
Total net position	\$	47,578,280	\$	8,205,908	\$	55,784,188

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Sanibel				
		Sewer		Beach		
		System		Parking		Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	7,872,313	\$	4,432,466	\$	12,304,779
Licenses and permits		-		265,966		265,966
Fines and forfeitures		27,868		620,223		648,091
Other revenue		139,733		22,862		162,595
Total operating revenues		8,039,914	_	5,341,517		13,381,431
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services		1,839,123		2,118,338		3,957,461
Professional and Contractual services		584,088		1,183,841		1,767,929
Materials and supplies		263,455		163,916		427,371
Utilities		413,985		114,216		528,201
Depreciation		2,325,958		340,827		2,666,785
Insurance		19,413		132,977		152,390
Administrative charges		833,119		1,079,997		1,913,116
Repairs and maintenance		1,117,699		1,004,414		2,122,113
Total operating expenses		7,396,840		6,138,526		13,535,366
Operating income (loss)		643,074		(797,009)	_	(153,935)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Taxes		703,237		-		703,237
Investment earnings		80,074		10,543		90,617
Special assessment interest income		61,022		-		61,022
Intergovernmental		688,285		2,331,133		3,019,418
Contributions to other organizations		-		(10,000)		(10,000)
Gain (Loss) on disposition of equipment		(15,711)		(246,317)		(262,028)
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(346,722)				(346,722)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		1,170,185	_	2,085,359		3,255,544
Income before capital contributions and transfers		1,813,259		1,288,350		3,101,609
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS						
Capital contributions		212,126		-		212,126
Total capital contributions	_	212,126	_			212,126
TRANSFERS						
Transfers out to other funds	_	(7,500)		(781,818)		(789,318)
Total net transfers		(7,500)		(781,818)		(789,318)
Change in net position		2,017,885		506,532		2,524,417
Net position - beginning of year		45,560,395		7,699,376		53,259,771
Net position - end of year	\$	47,578,280	\$	8,205,908	\$	55,784,188

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Sanibel		_	
	Sewer	Beach		
	System	Parking	Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$ 7,974,787	\$ 5,341,517	\$ 13,316,304	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(3,091,897)	(3,516,668)	(6,608,565)	
Cash payments to employees for services	(1,842,949)	(2,069,580)	(3,912,529)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	3,039,941	(244,731)	2,795,210	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Contributions to other entities	-	(10,000)	(10,000)	
Transfers to other funds	(7,500)	, ,	, ,	
Interfund borrowing cash receipts	7,010,000	1,900,000	8,910,000	
Subsidy from intergovernmental grants	-	1,726,932	1,726,932	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	7,002,500	2,835,114	9,837,614	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Collection of taxes for bond debt service	15,039	-	15,039	
Capital contributions from intergovernmental grants	688,285	-	688,285	
Capital contributions	212,126	-	212,126	
Collection of special assessments	437,426	-	437,426	
Acquisition/construction of capital assets	(3,018,428)		(3,018,428)	
Principal paid on capital debt	(2,223,171)		(2,223,171)	
Interest paid on capital debt	(368,721)		(368,721)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(4,257,444)		(4,257,444)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and investment earnings	141,096	10,543	151,639	
Net cash provided by investing activities	141,096	10,543	151,639	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	5,926,093	2,600,926	8,527,019	
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year	5,446,852	1,922,471	7,369,323	
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$ 11,372,945	\$ 4,523,397	\$ 15,896,342	

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Sanibel				
		Sewer		Beach		
		System		Parking		Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net						
cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	643,074	\$	(797,009)	\$	(153,935)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to						
net cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Depreciation		2,325,958		340,827		2,666,785
Non-cash expenses						
Increase in net pension liability		950,765		1,012,135		1,962,900
Decrease in net pension liability						
deferred outflows of resources		(529,312)		(588,407)		(1,117,719)
Decrease in net pension liability						
deferred inflows of resources		(449,013)		(393,477)		(842,490)
Increase (Decrease) in other post employment						
benefits liability		(7,221)		2,908		(4,313)
Decrease in other post employment benefits						
liability deferred outflows of resources		(7,081)		(13,128)		(20,209)
Increase in other post employment benefits						
liability deferred inflows of resources		10,022		15,211		25,233
Increase (Decrease) in leases deferred						
inflows of resources		1,121,033		-		1,121,033
Net (increase) decrease in assets:						
Accounts receivables		(28,644)		-		(28,644)
Leases receivables		(1,166,004)		-		(1,166,004)
Other assets		(3,351)		(1,904)		(5,255)
Net increase (decrease) in liabilities:						
Accounts payable/other current liabilities		143,213		164,597		307,810
Accrued liabilities/compensated absences		28,014		13,516		41,530
Unearned revenue		8,488				8,488
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	3,039,941	\$	(244,731)	\$	2,795,210
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:						
Capital acquisitions at year end included in accounts	_		_		_	
payable and paid subsequent to year end	\$	1,790,383	\$		\$	1,790,383

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2022

400570	 Pension Trust Funds		Custodial Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,242,318	\$	25,392		
Investments, at fair value	 				
Domestic equities	20,149,486		_		
International equities	6,962,047		_		
Fixed income securities	12,488,207		-		
Government securities	3,885,044		-		
Convertibles	1,638,476		-		
Real estate investments	 5,152,049		<u>-</u>		
Total investments at fair value	50,275,309		_		
Interest and dividends receivable	 59,973		_		
Total assets	 53,577,600		25,392		
LIABILITIES					
Accrued benefits and other liabilities	44,923		-		
Due to other governments	 _		25,392		
Total liabilities	 44,923		25,392		
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION					
Fiduciary net position restricted for pensions	\$ 53,532,677	\$	<u>-</u>		

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	 Pension Trust Funds	,	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS			
Contributions			
Employer	\$ 2,176,930	\$	-
State of Florida	95,005		-
Plan members	195,037		-
Fees from other entities	 		158,755
Total contributions	 2,466,972		158,755
Investment income			
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	(13,276,275)		-
Interest and dividends	2,913,467		-
Total investment earnings	 (10,362,808)		-
Less investment expense	 (252,336)		<u>-</u>
Net investment earnings	 (10,615,144)		<u>-</u>
Total additions	 (8,148,172)		158,755
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits paid	3,702,696		_
Lump sum DROP distributions	259,014		_
Refunds of contributions	48,717		
Administrative expenses	88,507		-
Fees disbursed to other entities	-		158,755
Total deductions	4,098,934		158,755
Change in fiduciary net position	(12,247,106)		-
Fiduciary net position - beginning of year	65,779,783		-
Fiduciary net position - end of year	\$ 53,532,677	\$	-

The Notes to the Financial Statements include a summary of significant accounting principles and other disclosures necessary for a clear understanding of the City of Sanibel's financial transactions and position. The Notes to the Financial Statement are an integral part of the financial statements and should be considered together when reading. The following notes are included in this section:

•	Note 1Summary of Significant Accounting	Policies
•	Note 2 Stewardship, Compliance and Account	ntability
•	Note 3	stments
•	Note 4Reco	eivables
•	Note 5 Lease Rec	eivables
•	Note 6	evenues
•	Note 7 Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Ti	ransfers
•	Note 8	l Assets
•	Note 9Long-ten	rm Debt
•	Note 10Risk Mana	gement
•	Note 11 Restricted	d Assets
•	Note 12 Defined Benefit Pension	on Plans
•	Note 13 Defined Contribut	ion Plan
•	Note 14 Other Post-Employment I	Benefits
•	Note 15Other Re	evenues
•	Note 16Contin	gencies
•	Note 17Comm	itments
•	Note 18 Subsequen	t Events

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated November 5, 1974. The Charter of the City was adopted pursuant to the Laws of Florida, Chapter 74-606, as from time to time amended. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides municipal services such as police protection, public works, parks, recreation, natural resources, below market housing and all the necessary functions of general government. The City also has two enterprise operations consisting of wastewater (sewer) utility services and beach parking services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) accepted in the United States of America, as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the City's more significant accounting policies.

The accompanying financial statements present the combined financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the applicable fund types governed by the City of Sanibel.

As prescribed by the GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government are financially accountable and other organizations whose exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Each potential component unit is individually evaluated using specific criteria outlined by the GASB to determine whether the entity is: a) part of the primary government; b) a component unit which should be included in the reporting entity (blended or discretely presented); or c) an organization which should be excluded from the reporting entity entirely. The principal criteria for classifying a potential component unit include: a) the legal separateness of the organization; and b) the financial accountability to the primary government resulting from either the primary government's ability to impose its will on the potential component unit or the potential component unit's fiscal dependency on the primary government.

In determining the agencies, boards, or authorities to be included in the annual comprehensive financial report, the City has considered all potential component units. Under criteria established by the GASB, component units are to be either blended with the primary government or presented discretely. For a component unit to be blended it must meet one or both of the following two situations: 1) the board of the component unit is substantively the same as that of the primary government; or 2) the component unit serves the primary government exclusively, or almost exclusively.

Discretely-Presented Component Unit – Based upon the application of these criteria, the following entity was determined to be a discretely-presented component unit:

Community Housing and Resources, Inc. (CHR) is a legally separate organization with its own board that is not selected by the City Council. CHR provides services almost entirely to the citizens of the City of Sanibel. CHR is fiscally dependent upon the City in that there is a financial burden to the City and the nature and significance of the relationship between the City and CHR is such that excluding CHR from the City's financial statements would be misleading and incomplete. Additionally, the support that the City provides to CHR is a significant financial component of its overall operations. CHR has issued separate financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022, which may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices located at 2401 Library Way, Sanibel, Florida, 33957.

B. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the City has a discretely presented component unit. While CHR is not considered to be a major component unit, it is nevertheless shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's sewer and beach parking functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of the City's governmental and business-type activities. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment including depreciation. The City does not allocate the interest expense of governmental fund debt, but the City does allocate certain indirect costs such as finance, personnel, legal, etc., from general government to other functions and/or segments. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

C. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds and custodial funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Since the governmental fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, a reconciliation statement is provided which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the results of governmental fund accounting to the government-wide presentations.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the Sanibel Sewer System and of the Beach Parking enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Operating expenses for the Sanibel Sewer System and Beach Parking enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. The GASB sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined), for the determination of major funds. In addition, the City can choose to report certain funds as major funds for qualitative reasons. The nonmajor funds are presented in one column in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- **General Fund** the general fund is the City's primary operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to another fund are accounted for in this fund. Most current operating expenditures of the City, other than proprietary fund activities, are financed through revenues received by the general fund.
- Transportation Fund a special revenue fund used to account for the public works department's street division. All activities necessary to provide repaving, maintenance and repairs to the City's streets, shared-use paths, and drainage system. Revenues are received from local option gas taxes, municipal fuel allocation portion of the State of Florida's municipal shared revenues and fuel tax rebates. Additionally, an interlocal agreement with Lee County provides the City with 21% of the Causeway's surplus tolls.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Sewer System Fund an enterprise fund used to account for the provision of wastewater collection and disposal services and wastewater reuse services to the residents and businesses of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, operations, construction, maintenance, financing and related debt service costs, billing, and collection.
- Beach Parking Fund an enterprise fund used to account for the provision of parking and shareduse path access to the beaches, public safety services, beach facilities maintenance services and
 beach maintenance services. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in
 this fund, including administration, operations, construction, maintenance, and collection of
 parking fees and parking violation fines. This fund receives operating grants from local agencies
 that augment beach maintenance.

Governmental and enterprise funds which do not meet the criteria for reporting as major funds are grouped together for financial reporting in one column. The City has no nonmajor enterprise funds, and reports certain nonmajor governmental funds of the following fund type:

- Special Revenue Funds to account for and report the proceeds of certain specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.
- **Debt Service Funds** to account for and report financial resources that are restricted to the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs for governmental fund types.
- Capital Project Funds to account for and report financial resources that are received or appropriated for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

In addition, the City reports the following fiduciary fund types:

- Pension Trust Funds to account for resources used to finance the City's retirement programs.
 These funds are accounted for in the same manner as proprietary fund types. The City has two pension trust funds which accumulate resources to provide retirement benefits to City employees.
 The two pension trust funds are the Municipal Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund and the General Employees' Pension Trust Fund.
- Custodial Funds to account for resources, not in a trust, that are held by the City for other
 parties outside of the City's reporting entity. The City collects and remits funds to the Sanibel Fire
 Rescue District, the Lee County School Board, and various departments within Lee County.

During the normal course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under financed purchases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise fees, other local taxes, revenue sharing, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. The City considers cash on hand, the cash and investment pool and non-pooled investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

The City's cash and investment pool allows individual funds, at any time, to deposit additional cash or make withdrawals without prior notice or penalty. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to funds based on their average daily balances. Investments include non-pooled investments with original maturities of three months or more when purchased.

For all funds except the pension trust funds, investments consist of U.S. Government securities, U.S. Government Agency securities, bonds issued by corporations organized under the laws of the United States or District of Columbia with superior investment grade ratings, investment grade obligations of state and local governments and public authorities with a maturity greater than three months and are carried at fair value. In addition, investments in the City's pension funds include U.S. Government securities, corporate bonds, equity securities, comingled real estate fund and mutual funds.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. See note 3 for more information on fair value measurements. The difference between cost and fair value of investments held is recorded as net unrealized gains or losses and is included in net investment earnings.

F. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are reported as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Inventories

Inventories consisting of materials and supplies held for consumption are stated at cost (first in, first-out method). The City utilizes the consumption method of accounting for inventories consisting of materials and supplies, which provides that expenditures/expenses are recognized when inventory is used. Inventories held for resale are stated at the lower of cost or market. Perpetual inventory records are maintained and adjusted annually to physical inventory amounts as of September 30 of each year for inventories held for resale.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the City's bonds and notes (both governmental and proprietary funds), as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or other legal agreements. The debt service funds are used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months. The reserve funds are used to report resources set aside to pay debt service if the sources of the pledged revenues do not generate sufficient funds to satisfy the debt service requirements. Additionally, there are restricted assets in capital project funds and special revenue funds that are to be used only for specific purposes.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, shared-use paths, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The difference between the acquisition value and the amount paid for bargain purchase assets transferred between governmental entities at nominal amounts is treated as if it were a donated asset. In the governmental funds only, the amount paid in cash is reported as a capital expenditure. The difference between acquisition value and the capital expenditure is reported as capital contribution revenue in the government-wide financial statement. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The ranges of useful lives are as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	15-50
Improvements other than buildings	15
Infrastructure	30
Vehicles and Equipment	5-10

The cost of assets retired or sold, together with the related accumulated depreciation, is removed from the accounts and any gain or loss on disposition is credited or charged to earnings.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

K. Compensated Absences

The City's regular full-time (40-hour-per-week) employees may accrue a maximum of 240 vacation hours. Regularly scheduled part-time employees who regularly work at least 16 hours per week accrue vacation leave in proportion to the amount of time worked. Sick leave accumulation is unlimited. Upon termination, employees can be paid for all accrued vacation time and 1/4 of all accrued sick time to a maximum of 390 hours. These benefits plus their related taxes are classified as compensated absences. The accumulated compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds.

The expenditure and liability for compensated absences are recognized in the governmental funds only when they have matured. That is, the only portion of the liability reported in the governmental funds is that amount of reimbursable unused vacation leave and sick leave payable to employees who have terminated their employment as of the end of the fiscal year.

L. Financed Purchase Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, financed purchase obligations and the related cost of assets acquired are reflected in the Statement of Net Position. For financed purchase obligations originating in governmental funds, an expenditure for the asset and an offsetting other financial source are reflected in the fund financial statements in the year of inception.

M. Leases

The City is a lessee for noncancellable leases of land, building, office space and equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are comprised of fixed payments and any purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise. In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Leased assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Payments due under the lease contracts include fixed payments plus, for many of the City's leases, variable payments. For office space leases that include variable payments, those payments include the City's proportionate share of property taxes, insurance, and common area maintenance. For office equipment leases for which the City has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components, maintenance services are provided by the lessor at a fixed cost and are included in the fixed lease payments.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable.
- Amounts expected to be payable by the City under residual value guarantees.
- The exercise price of a purchase option if it is reasonably certain the option will be executed.
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the City exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. Extension and termination options are included in a number of property and equipment leases across the City. These are used to maximize operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the City's operations. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the City and not by the respective lessor.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used. The incremental borrowing rate is the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

Variable payments that depend on an index or a rate (such as the Consumer Price Index or a market interest rate) are initially measured using the index or rate as of the commencement of the lease term.

The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases of land. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide, proprietary fund and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the term of the lease.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is comprised of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond insurance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City has five items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds' statement of net position the City is reporting a deferred outflow related to pensions for the differences between expected and actual experience and actual investment earnings different than assumed. The deferred net differences between expected and actual experience and actual investment earnings different than assumed are amortized over five years using the straight-line method.

The City is also reporting a deferred outflow in the other post-employment benefits plan for employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as an expense in the next fiscal year. Additionally, a deferred outflow related to other post-employment benefits is recognized for the differences between expected and actual experience and a change of assumptions and is being amortized over 8-9 years. See note 12 for more information.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet is reporting a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has six items that qualifies for reporting in this category.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Deferred inflows related to the Municipal Police Officers' pension plan for the net differences between actual and expected experience and a change of assumptions in are reported on the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds' statement of net position in the City's basic financial statements. The deferred difference between actual and expected experience are amortized over 5 years. See note 12 for more information. Additionally, a change of assumptions is reported related to the Municipal Police Officers' pension plan and is being amortized over 5 years. A deferred inflow is also being reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds' statement of net position related to the Municipal Police Officers' pension plan for the difference between actual and projected earnings and is being amortized over 5 years.

Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits for a change in assumptions and the difference between actual and expected experience are reported on the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds' statement of net position in the City's basic financial statements. These items are amortized over 8-10 years.

The City has also recorded amounts associated with long term receivables, primarily related to deferred leases, as deferred inflows.

P. Utility Connection (Impact) Fees

The City utilizes utility connection fees as a means for funding capital expansion required to meet sewer system demands resulting from growth. These fees are recorded as capital contribution revenue in the Sewer Fund when charged.

Q. Special Assessments

The City levies special assessments against benefited property owners for construction of wastewater utility expansion in certain areas of the City. The special assessments are recorded as capital contributions, net of refunds, in the enterprise funds.

R. Unearned Revenue

Receipts that do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition, such as business tax receipts collected in advance, are reported as unearned revenues for both the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

S. Intragovernmental Allocation of Administrative Expenses

The general fund incurs certain administrative expenses for other funds, including accounting, legal, information technology, personnel administration, and other administrative services. The governmental activities that received these services were charged \$1,528,807 and the business-type activities that received these services were charged \$1,505,473. Administrative expenses not directly charged to a fund are allocated as indirect expenses on the Statement of Activities.

T. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balance is reported in five components: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable — This component includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Restricted – This component consists of amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers such as creditors (by debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – This component consists of amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City Council taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned – This component consists of amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the City Council or City Manager as established in the City's fund balance policy.

Unassigned — Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents spendable fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The City uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy – The City's policy is to maintain an adequate general fund unassigned fund balance to provide liquidity to meet seasonal shortfalls in cash flow and reduce susceptibility to emergency or unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls. Fund balance information is used to identify the available resources to repay long-term debt, reduce property taxes, add new governmental programs, expand existing ones, or enhance the financial position of the City, in accordance with policies established by the City Council. The City Council adopted a financial standard to maintain a general fund minimum unassigned fund balance of 17% of general fund operating expenditures.

U. Net Position

The net positions reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. The first category represents property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, less outstanding debt related to the acquisition of those assets. The restricted category represents the balance of assets restricted by requirements of revenue bonds and other externally or legislatively imposed constraints in excess of the related liabilities payable from restricted assets. The unrestricted category represents all other resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

V. New Accounting Standard

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The City adopted GASB 87 during 2022, effective October 1, 2021.

Note 2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability</u>

A. Budgets - Legal Compliance

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, and enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and are not automatically re-appropriated the following fiscal year.

On July 1 of each year, the Lee County Property Appraiser supplies the City with the assessed taxable valuation of the property located within the City on which the City's millage (property tax) rate for the next budget year will be based. Prior to July 31 a public hearing is held at which a proposed budget is presented to the City Council and, by resolution, the City Council establishes a proposed millage (property tax) rate for the subsequent fiscal year, which begins on October 1.

Based on the State of Florida Truth in Millage (TRIM) calendar, the City holds two public hearings on the tentative millage rate and tentative budget during the month of September. State statutes require that on or before September 30 of each year the budget should be legally adopted by resolution. The fiscal year 2022 budget was adopted on September 27, 2021. Five-year financial plans are also adopted for all capital project funds.

Budget amounts are presented as originally adopted and as amended by the City Council. Budget amendments, which are adopted by resolution of the City Council, are used to revise the budgeted amounts through the year. The City Manager may amend the budget within existing appropriations of individual funds. The level of control whereby expenditures cannot exceed appropriations is at the fund level. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, various supplemental appropriations were approved by the City Council in accordance with this policy.

B. Budgeted Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Recreation Financial Assistance fund by \$3,174 (provided by ending fund balance); in the Shell Harbor Dredging fund by \$52,804 (provided by ending fund balance); in the Sanibel Isles/Water Shadows Dredging fund by \$4 (provided by transfers); in the 2020 Public Safety Vehicle Financed Purchase Obligation fund by \$66,650 (which was provided by a transfer); and in the 2020 \$5.0 Capital Improvement Revenue Note fund by \$79 (provided by a transfer).

C. Property Taxes

All real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable on November 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as the tax roll is certified by the Lee County Property Appraiser and become delinquent on April 1 of the following year. The Lee County Tax Collector bills and collects all property taxes levied with the City. The tax collector mails to each property owner on the tax roll a notice of taxes levied by the various governmental entities in the County. Discounts are allowed for payment of property taxes made between November 1 and March 1. Tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes or assessments must be sold no later than June 1 of each year. The laws of Florida provide for procedures for collecting delinquent taxes, including applicable tax certificate sales, tax deed sales and tangible personal property seizure and sales.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

Enforceable lien date is approximately two years after taxes become delinquent and occurs only upon request of a holder of a delinquent tax certificate. Key dates in the property tax cycle (latest date, where appropriate) are as follows:

July 1: Assessment roll certified

93 Days later: Millage resolution approved, and taxes levied following certification of

assessment roll

• November 1: Property taxes become due and payable (maximum discount 4%)

• April 1: Taxes become delinquent (lien date)

June 1: Tax certificates sold

The City is generally permitted by the State of Florida to levy taxes up to \$10 per \$1,000 of assessed real and personal property valuation for general governmental services. The tax rates for the year ended September 30, 2022 (tax year 2021) that were adopted by City Council are as follows: 1) 1.8922 mils for general governmental operations; 2) 0.1351 mils for voted debt service for the sewer expansion project; 3) 0.0500 mils for the 2012 series general obligation refunding bonds used to purchase environmentally sensitive land; and 4) 0.1045 mils for the 2016 series general obligation refunding bonds used to construct a recreational facility. All rates are per \$1,000 of assessed property valuation.

D. Deficit Fund Balances

At September 30, 2022 the 2012 \$2.97M General Obligation Bonds, 2020 Public Safety Vehicle Financed Purchase Obligation fund and the 2020 \$5.0M Capital Improvement Revenue Note fund had deficit fund balances of (\$1,501), (\$133,608) and (\$183), respectively. The deficits were caused by the timing of interest only debt service payments and was corrected in the subsequent year.

Note 3 Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of cash on hand and on deposit with banks and investment accounts, including interest-bearing deposits, was \$10,784,000.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the city's deposits may not be returned to it. In accordance with its policy, all the City's deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to State of Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. Under the Act, every qualified public depository shall deposit with the Treasurer eligible collateral of the depository to be held subject to his or her order. The Treasurer, by rule, shall establish minimum required collateral pledging levels. The pledging level may range from 25% to 200% of the average monthly balance of public deposits depending upon the depository's financial condition and establishment period. All collateral must be deposited with an approved financial institution. Any potential losses to public depositors are covered by applicable deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral and, if necessary, assessments against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

B. City Investments

By Florida Statutes 218.415 and by Ordinance No. 15-008, the City is authorized to invest in the Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, intergovernmental investment pools authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, as provided in Section 163.01 Florida Statutes, Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds, interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposit, direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, Federal agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, and collateralized mortgage obligations when the purpose of the purchase is to hold such investment to maturity, prime commercial paper of a United States corporation, finance

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

company or banking institution, regulated bond mutual funds, corporate bonds or other corporate debt securities and investment grade obligations of state and local governments and public authorities. Additionally, the pension trust funds are authorized to invest in equity securities.

The City seeks to optimize return on investments within the constraints of safety and liquidity. Securities are not sold prior to maturity with the following exceptions: a) a declining credit security could be sold early to minimize loss of principal; b) a security swap would improve the quality, yield or target duration in the portfolio; or c) liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

The City's investment policy defines suitable/authorized investment instruments and investment guidelines for each investment program: operating funds (pooled investments), reserve funds (non-pooled investments), surplus funds (pooled investments) and restricted funds (non-pooled investments).

The City's investment programs' portfolios are under the direction and daily supervision of an investment adviser (Integrity Fixed Income Management, LLC). Investment compliance and performance is monitored by Burgess Chambers & Associates, Inc.

The City maintains an investment pool that is available for use by all funds, except the Pension Trust Funds. The investments of the Pension Trust Funds are held separately from those of other City funds and are governed by individual boards of trustees. Interest income earned as a result of pooling is allocated based upon the proportionate balance of each fund's equity in pooled cash and pooled investments.

The following tables provide a summary of the City's investments in pooled and non-pooled investments as of September 30, 2022.

			Pooled In	vest	ments						
				Investment Maturities							
	Percent of			Le	ess Than		3-12		1-3		Over
Investment Type	Portfolio	Fair Value		3	3 Months		Months	Y	ears/	3 Years	
Florida PRIME	1.50%	\$	270,418	\$	270,418	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Federated Treasury Obligation	0.87%		156,588		156,588		-		-		-
U.S. Gov Obligations	61.56%	1	1,076,103		567,241		322,351	9,	958,836		227,675
Taxable Municipal Obligations	29.10%		5,236,518	1	1,580,826		1,606,853	2,	048,839		-
Corporate Bonds	6.97%		1,253,484		921,591		-		250,919		80,974
		\$1	7,993,111	\$ 3	3,496,664	\$	1,929,204	\$12,	258,594	\$	308,649

		Non-Pooled	Investments			
				Investmen	t Maturities	
	Percent of		Less Than	3-12	1-3	Over
Investment Type	Portfolio	Fair Value	3 Months	Months	Years	3 Years
GNMA	0.00%	\$ 9	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9	\$ -
Florida PRIME	3.82%	539,369	539,369	-	-	-
Federated Treasury Obligation	5.81%	820,203	820,203	-	-	-
U.S. Gov Obligations	0.90%	127,091	-	127,091	-	-
Taxable Municipal Obligations	88.06%	12,441,216	6,540,646	5,900,570	-	-
Corporate Bonds	1.41%	199,594	199,594	-	-	-
		\$14,127,482	\$8,099,812	\$ 6,027,661	\$ 9	\$ -

The City and both pension plans categorize their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

- Investments in the U.S. government securities of \$11.2 million are valued based on the closing prices reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded (Level 1 inputs).
- Taxable municipal obligations of \$17.7 million and corporate bonds of \$1.5 million are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, Florida PRIME currently meets all the necessary criteria to elect to measure all the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost. Therefore, the City's participant account balance should also be considered the fair value of its investment and exempt from the GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

At September 30, 2022, the weighted average days to maturity (WAM) was 21 days and the weighted average life (WAL) was 72 days. The Florida PRIME is rated by Standard & Poor's as AAAm and is administered by the State Board of Administration under the regulatory oversight of the State of Florida, Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code.

With regard to redemption gates relating to the SBA trust fund, Florida Statutes, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), provides that the principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund.

However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days.

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2022, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value. Florida PRIME did not participate in a securities lending program in the period October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022. Florida PRIME meets all the necessary criteria to elect to measure all the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost.

Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

	Portfolio Cha	racteristics	at 9/30/2022		nvestment P	olicy
	% Invested	Average		Maximum	Minimum	Average
	in Corporate	Credit	Effective	% in Corp.	Credit	Maximum
PORTFOLIO	Bonds	Rating	Maturity	Bonds	Rating	Maturity
Pooled Investments						
Operating Portfolio	0.0%	N/A	N/A	Short term	A- / A3	High Liquidity
Surplus Portfolio	7.8%	A- / A3	01/09/2024	15.0%	A- / A3	3 years
Non-Pooled Investments						
Reserves Portfolio	1.5%	A- / A3	12/15/2022	10.0%	A- / A3	1 year
D		- :				
Prepared by City's investment			ne ivianagement,	LLC		
Minimum credit rating shown a	s Standard & Poo	r's / Moody's				

The Federated Treasury Obligations Fund is rated AAAm and Aaa-mf with Standard & Poor's, and Moody's, respectively. The securities are valued at amortized cost to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00 per share. The weighted average days to maturity (WAM) at September 30, 2022, was 6 days and the weighted average life (WAL) was 44 days.

All the municipal bonds and notes that are rated with Standard and Poor's are investment grade with ratings of A to AAA. All municipal bonds and notes that are rated with Moody's have a rating of A3 to Aaa. All municipal bonds and notes are rated by at least one of the rating companies.



Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

Except for one investment rated BBB+ all investments in corporate bonds are rated A- to A by Standard and Poor's. All corporate bonds are rated by Moody's between A3 and Aa1, except for one investments in the reserve portfolio rated at Baa2. All investments are considered investment grade.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates, the City's investment policy limits the City's investment portfolio to maturities of five years. Investments held to meet bond reserve requirements may be invested in debt instruments exceeding five years if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of funds. The pension plans may invest in longer-term debt instruments.

Credit Risk. The City's policy requires limiting investments to the safest types of securities and diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. All the City's investments are rated as investment grade.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the quantity of the government's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy allows for investing in a variety of securities based on the issuer.

The operating portfolio is limited to demand deposits, money market funds and other highly liquid, short-term investments. The allowable concentration in corporate bonds is up to ten (10%) percent in the reserve investment portfolio and up to fifteen (15%) percent in the surplus investment portfolio. In addition, no more than two (2%) percent of the reserve or surplus portfolios may be invested with any one corporate bond issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk. The City's investment policy requires securities be held with a third-party custodian and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by the City should be properly designated as an asset of the City. The securities must be held in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution. A third-party custodian is defined as any bank depository chartered by the federal government, the State of Florida, or any other state or territory of the United States which has a branch or principal place of business in the State of Florida, or by a national association organized and existing under the laws of the United States which is authorized to accept and execute trusts, and which is doing business in the State of Florida. All the City's investment portfolios are held with third-party custodians as required by the City's investment policy.

The City does not have a formal policy relating to foreign currency risk.

C. Pension Trust Funds' Deposits and Investments

The City has two defined benefit single-employer pension plans: the General Employees' (General) and the Municipal Police Officers' (Police), collectively, the Pension Funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the Pension Funds' cash and cash equivalents was \$3.2 million.

Investment Portfolio

Each Board of Trustees of the City's Pension Funds adopted a comprehensive investment policy, pursuant to Florida Statutes Section 112.661, that established permitted investments, asset allocation limits, issuer limits, credit rating requirements, and maturity limits to protect the Pension Funds' cash and investment assets.

Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

The table below show the General Employees' Pension Plan cash and investment categories at September 30, 2022:

General Employees' Pension	Investments							Matur	ities		
	Percent of					Le	ess Than	1-	5	C)ver
Investment Type	Portfolio	Fa	air Value	Equ	ities		1 Year	ear Years		5 Years	
Cash Equivalents:											
Money market funds	3.07%	\$	962,266	\$	-	\$	962,266	\$	-	\$	-
Investments:											
Domestic equities	39.86%	1:	2,506,339	12,5	06,339		-		-		-
International equities	13.63%	4	4,278,276	4,2	78,276		-		-		-
Fixed Income (bonds)	19.34%	(6,070,306		-		272,871	3,99	4,550	1,8	02,885
Government securities	12.38%	;	3,885,044		-		43,332	2,29	7,306	1,5	44,406
Convertibles	1.39%		437,035	4:	37,035		-		-		-
Real estate	10.33%	;	3,240,575		-		-		-	3,2	40,575
Total investments		30	0,417,575	17,2	21,650		316,203	6,29	1,856	6,5	87,866
		\$3	1,379,841	\$17,2	21,650	\$ ^	1,278,469	\$ 6,29	1,856	\$6,5	87,866

The General Employees' Pension Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

			 uoted Prices	Significant Other Observable Inputs		ignificant observable Inputs
Investments		Fair Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Measured by fair value level:	`					
Equity securities	\$	16,784,615	\$ 16,784,615	\$ -	\$	-
Government securities		3,885,044	-	3,885,044		-
Convertibles		437,035	-	437,035		-
Fixed income (bonds)		6,070,306	-	6,070,306		-
Real estate securities		508,761	508,761	-		-
	\$	27,685,761	\$ 17,293,376	\$ 10,392,385	\$	-
		Fair Value	Unfunded ommitments	Redemption Frequency	No	tice Period
Measured at net asset value (NAV): Real estate holdings	_	2,731,814	\$ -	Quarterly		Daily
Total investments measured at fair value:	\$	30,417,575				

Level 1 Inputs

Investments in the money market mutual funds (or mutual funds) are valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset (NAV) and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held are deemed to be actively traded.

Investments in equity securities include domestic and international equities and real estate securities and are valued based on closing prices reported on the active market on which the individual securities are listed.

Level 2 Inputs

Investments in U.S. government obligations are valued based on the closing prices reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded. Investments in level 2 equity securities are valued based on the fair value of the underlying assets. Corporate bonds and convertibles are valued using a matrix pricing model.

Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

As of September 30, 2022, the City's Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan had the following investment types:

Municipal Police Officers' Pe	nsion Investm	ents		Maturities					
	Percent of			Less Than	1-5	Over			
Investment Type	Portfolio	Fair Value	Equities	1 Year	Years	5 Years			
Cash Equivalents:									
Money Market Funds	10.30%	\$ 2,281,125	\$ -	\$ 2,281,125	\$ -	\$ -			
Investments:									
Domestic equities	34.52%	7,643,147	7,643,147	-	-	-			
International equities	12.12%	2,683,771	2,683,771	-	-	-			
Fixed Income (bonds)	29.00%	6,417,901	-	80,776	4,211,445	2,125,680			
Convertibles	5.43%	1,201,441	1,201,441	-	-	-			
Real estate	8.63%	1,911,474	1,911,474	-	-	-			
Total investments		19,857,734	13,439,833	80,776	4,211,445	2,125,680			
		\$22,138,859	\$13,439,833	\$2,361,901	\$ 4,211,445	\$2,125,680			
		-		:		:			

The Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

Investments		Fair Value	 uoted Prices Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Measured by fair value level:					
Equity securities	\$	10,326,918	\$ 10,326,918	\$ -	\$ -
Convertibles		1,201,441	-	1,201,441	-
Fixed income (bonds)		6,417,901	-	6,417,901	-
Real estate securities		1,911,474	1,911,474	-	-
Total investments measured at fair value:	\$	19,857,734	\$ 12,238,392	\$ 7,619,342	\$ -
	_				

Level 1 Inputs

Investments in the money market mutual funds (or mutual funds) are valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset (NAV) and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held are deemed to be actively traded. Investments in equity securities include domestic and international equities, and convertibles and are valued based on closing prices reported on the active market on which the individual securities are listed.

Investments in real estate securities are valued based on closing prices reported on the active market on which the individual securities are listed.

Level 2 Inputs

Investments in fixed income securities (bonds) and convertibles are valued using a matrix pricing model.

Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

Credit Risk

The Pension Funds' investment policy permits the following investments, which are limited as described below.

Equity Securities

General: Domestic equity investments (common stocks, Master Limited Partnerships, convertible bonds, convertible preferred issues, and preferred stock) issued by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or the District of Columbia provided the corporation is listed on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or OTC.

Convertible bonds, convertible preferred issues, and preferred stock will be deemed as equity and shall not be held to the same rating standards as fixed income. Foreign securities convertibles are limited to those that settle in U.S. dollars and trade on one or more of the national exchanges. Domestic equity managers may only invest in foreign securities designated as American Depository Receipts (ADR).

Police: Equity investments include publicly traded REITS, common stock, Master Limited Partnerships, convertible bonds, convertible preferred issues, and preferred stock in a corporation listed on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ stock market or the OTC.

Convertible securities will be deemed as equity and shall not be held to the rating standards of fixed income. Foreign convertibles are limited to those that settle in U.S. dollars and trade on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ stock market or the OTC.

Fixed Income Securities

General: The credit quality of fixed income securities shall hold a rating of Baa2/Mid BBB or above by Moody's and Standard & Poor's respectively. In the event of a split rating, the lower rating shall prevail. In the event of a downgrade, the active fixed income manager may hold up to 5% at fair value of their total portfolio in bonds rated below Baa2/Mid BBB. The active fixed income manager must notify the pension fund's consultant in writing within ten (10) business days of any such downgrade.

Permitted fixed income securities rated below A3/A- shall be limited to 20% of the total bond portfolio.

Police: Bonds or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or the District of Columbia.

Custodial Credit Risk

The Pension Funds' investment policy pursuant to Section 112.661(10), Florida Statutes, states that securities should be held with a third-party custodian and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by the Pension Funds should be properly designated as an asset of the Pension Fund.

The General Employees' Pension Trust Fund equity investments are held with a third-party custodian as required by Florida Statutes. Its investments in the external investment pools and in mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risks because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Municipal Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund equity investments are held with a third-party custodian as required by Florida Statutes. Its investments in mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Its investments in equity and equity index funds, equity mutual funds and fixed income funds securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by the counterparty.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Pension Funds' investment policy has established asset allocation and issuer limits on the following investments, which are designed to reduce concentration of credit risk of the Pension Funds' investment portfolio.

Equity Securities

General: A target of 38% at fair value of its fund's total asset value may be invested in domestic equity securities, a target of 10% at fair value of its fund's total asset may be invested in convertibles, a target of 5% at fair value of its fund's total asset value may be invested in master limited partnerships and a target of 15% at fair value of its fund's total asset value may be invested in international equity securities. Investments in equities shall not exceed 70% of the Fund's assets at fair value. Not more than 5% of the Fund assets, based on fair value, shall be invested in the securities of any one issuing company. The aggregate investment in any one issuing company shall not exceed 5% of the outstanding capital stock of the company.

Police: A maximum of 70% of the fund's total asset value may be invested in equity securities (including convertible bonds). A target of 10% of the fund's total asset value may be invested in convertibles and a target of 5% of the fund's total asset value may be invested in Master Limited Partnerships. Not more than 5% of the fund's total asset cost value may be invested in a single corporate issuer nor shall the aggregate investment in any one corporate issuer exceed 5% of the outstanding capital stock of the company. Foreign equity securities are limited to 25% of total assets value.

Fixed Income Securities

General: A target of 23% at fair value of the fund's total asset value may be invested in domestic fixed income securities. Non-government bond investments in any one issuing company shall be limited to 2.0% of the total bond portfolio. Foreign issued fixed-income securities may not exceed 10% of the fair value of the total fund portfolio.

Police: A target of 30% at fair value of the fund's total asset value may be invested in fixed income securities. A maximum of 5% at cost of the fund's total asset value may be invested in the securities of any single fixed income issuer (excludes issues of the United States Government or any governmental agency).

The following tables detail the respective pension Board's adopted asset allocation policy and actual allocations as of September 30, 2022:

		General Em	nployees'	
	Actual	Target	Rai	nge
Asset Class	Allocation	Allocation	Min	Max
Domestic Equity	39.86%	38.0%	26.0%	47.0%
International Equity	13.63%	15.0%	7.0%	25.0%
Fixed Income (Bonds)	19.34%	23.0%	20.0%	64.0%
Government Securities	12.38%	2.0%	0.0%	5.0%
Convertibles	1.39%	10.0%	0.0%	12.0%
Real Estate	10.33%	5.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Master Limited Partnerships	0.00%	5.0%	3.0%	8.0%
Cash	3.07%	2.0%	N/A	N/A
	100.00%	100.0%		

Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

		Munic	ipal Police Offi	cers'
	Actual	Target	Rai	nge
Asset Class	Allocation	Allocation	Min	Max
Domestic Equity	34.52%	35.0%	26.0%	47.0%
International Equity	12.12%	15.0%	7.0%	25.0%
Fixed Income (Bonds)	29.00%	30.0%	20.0%	60.0%
Convertibles	5.43%	10.0%	7.0%	13.0%
Real Estate	8.63%	5.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Master Limited Partnerships	0.00%	5.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Cash	10.30%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
	100.00%	100.0%		

Concentration

The General Employee and Police Officers' Plans did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of the individuals pension plan's fiduciary net position.

Rate of Return

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. For the year ended September 30, 2022 the annual money-weighted rate of return on the General Employees' and Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plans investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was -15.8% and -17.0%, respectively.

D. Restricted Cash and Investments

As of September 30, 2022, \$0 and \$572,881 in cash and cash equivalents was restricted for debt service in governmental and business-type activities, respectively.

There were no restricted investments at September 30, 2022.



Note 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

E. Additional Information

The following table details the City's total deposits and investments, including those held in fiduciary funds, at September 30, 2022.

Cash & Cash Equivalents and Investments	
Туре	Fair Value
U.S. Govt Agency Securities	\$ 9
Pension Investments	50,275,309
City Investments - Non-Pooled Accounts	12,767,901
Total Investments	63,043,219
PLUS: Cash Equivalents	
City Checking Accounts	10,767,948
City Florida PRIME	809,787
City Pool Investment - Pooled Accounts	17,566,105
City Money Market Funds	976,791
Pension Money Market Funds	3,242,318
Total Cash Equivalents	33,362,949
TOTAL Cash Equivalents and Investments	96,406,168
PLUS: Cash on Hand	16,450
TOTAL: Cash & Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 96,422,618

The following schedule reconciles the deposit and investment information to the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:

	Unres	tricted	Resti	ricted	Total
	Cash &		Cash &		Cash &
	Equivalents	Investments	Equivalents	Investments	Investments
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIV	/ITIES				
General Fund	\$ 732,905	\$12,767,910	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,500,815
Major Funds	1,078,725	-	-	-	1,078,725
Other Govt'l Funds	12,403,717				12,403,717
Total Governmental	14,215,347	12,767,910			26,983,257
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIV	ITIES				
Sewer System	10,800,064	-	572,881	-	11,372,945
Beach Parking	4,523,397				4,523,397
Total Business-type	15,323,461		572,881		15,896,342
FIDUCIARY FUNDS					
Pension Trust Fund	-	-	3,242,318	50,275,309	53,517,627
Custodial Funds			25,392	<u> </u>	25,392
TOTAL	\$29,538,808	\$12,767,910	\$ 3,840,591	\$50,275,309	\$ 96,422,618

Note 4. Receivables

Accounts receivable reported in the general fund represent miscellaneous receivables for insurance, public works services, restitution, code enforcement violations, false alarm fees and special event services provided by the City. Accounts receivable in the recreation fund is for after school programs. Accounts receivable in the other governmental funds is for services provided and other miscellaneous receivables. No allowance for uncollectible accounts was considered necessary in any governmental fund.

Due from other governments are generally tax revenues and reimbursement grants not received at year end. The due from related party is a receivable from the City's component unit, Community Housing Resources, Inc.

Receivables as of year-end for the City's governmental funds are as follows:

					Other	
	General	Tra	insportation	Go	vermental	T ()
	Fund		Fund		Funds	Total
Accounts receivable	\$ 148,180	\$	4,304	\$	23,111	\$ 175,595
Interest receivable	150,139		-		-	150,139
Due from other governments	108,740		759,477		96,075	964,292
Note receivable from component unit	147,715		<u>-</u>		-	 147,715
Total receivables	\$ 554,774	\$	763,781	\$	119,186	\$ 1,437,741

Accounts receivable reported in the enterprise funds represent fees for sewer services provided by the City (billed and unbilled). No allowance for uncollectible accounts is considered necessary and all receivables are presumed to be fully collectible.

Receivables as of year-end for the City's business-type activities are as follows:

	Sanibel Sewer System			Beach arking Fund	Total
Unrestricted					
Accounts receivable	\$	536,523	\$	-	\$ 536,523
Due from other governments		688,694		1,121,309	1,810,003
Total unrestricted		1,225,217		1,121,309	 2,346,526
Restricted					
Assessments receivable		1,192,198		-	1,192,198
Total receivables	\$	2,417,415	\$	1,121,309	\$ 3,538,724

Special assessments were approved by the City Council to cover the cost of expanding the sewer system to service the entire City. The special assessment receivables are to be collected over a twenty-year period. Interest earnings are based on various rates depending on when each phase was assessed. The special assessment receivable is restricted for debt service. In accordance with full accrual accounting, the special assessments were recognized as revenue when assessed. The interest is recognized when earned.

The amounts due from other governments are reimbursement grants not received at year end.

Note 5. <u>Lease Receivables</u>

The City leases land to third parties. As of September 30, 2022, the City's lease receivables were values at \$1,166,004 and the deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the term of the lease was \$1,121,033. The lease receivables at September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Business-Type Activities

Land Leases – Annual lease payments totaling \$72,237 increasing 3% annually, including interest at a rate of 5.07%, due dates ranging from February 2037 and August 2046.

\$ 1,166,004

The payments for the lease receivables are expected to be received in the subsequent years are follows:

Bu	Business-type Activities								
Year ending									
September 30,	F	Principal		Interest					
2023	\$	15,961	\$	58,443					
2024		19,083		57,553					
2025		22,436		56,499					
2026		26,035		55,269					
2027		29,892		53,850					
2028-2032		217,569		240,368					
2033-2037		332,049		168,291					
2038-2042		233,389		99,272					
2043-2046		269,590		27,505					
Total	\$	1,166,004	\$	817,050					



Note 6. <u>Unearned Revenues</u>

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds and business-type funds also delay revenue recognition for resources that have been received but not yet earned (unearned). The various components of unearned revenue reported in the governmental and business-type funds were as follows:

Governmental Funds:	Un	available		Unearned
Revenue earned but not available:				
Reimbursement for interlocal agreements from other governments	\$	22,466	\$	-
Unearned revenues:				
Prepaid business tax receipts		-		93,530
Unspent ARPA grants funds		-		2,780,113
Recreation center gift cards		-		26
FY2023 revenue received for sign sponsorships		-		16,139
Subtotal Governmental Funds		22,466	_	2,889,808
Business-type Funds:				
Unearned revenues:				
Prepaid sewer services		-		49,140
		22,466		2,938,948
Total unearned revenue			\$	2,961,414

Note 7. <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers</u>

The following schedule details the interfund receivables and payables in the fund financial statements at September 30, 2022:

Receivable	Payable		
Fund	Fund	Purpose for Balance	Amount
General	Elementary School Ball Park Maintenance Fund	Short term loan expected to be collected in FY 2022	\$ 25,000
General	2012 \$2.97M General Obligation Bonds	Short term loan expected to be collected in FY 2022	2,500
General	2020 Public Safety Vehicle Financed Purchase Obligation 2020 \$5.0M Capital	Short term loan expected to be collected in FY 2022	135,000
General	Improvement Revenue Note	Short term loan expected to be collected in FY 2022	250
		TOTAL	\$ 162,750

Note 7. <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers</u> (Continued)

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects or debt service and subsidies of various City operations. The following schedules briefly describe the City's transfer activity:

	Transfers In											
					Other							
		Tra	nsportation	Go	vernmental		Total					
(General		Fund		Funds		Funds					
\$	-	\$	250,000	\$	4,422,290	\$	4,672,290					
	-		-		256,511		256,511					
	7,500		-		-		7,500					
	708,172		-		73,646		781,818					
\$	715,672	\$	250,000	\$	4,752,447	\$	5,718,119					
	\$	7,500 708,172	General \$ - \$ - 7,500 708,172	Transportation Fund	Transportation Go	General Fund Governmental Funds \$ - \$ 250,000 \$ 4,422,290 - - - 256,511 7,500 - - - 708,172 - 73,646	General Fund Funds Funds \$ 250,000 \$ 4,422,290 \$ 256,511 7,500 - <t< td=""></t<>					

Source	Transfer to Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Special Revenue	\$ 14,580	City expense for Shell Harbor dredging
General Fund	Capital Projects	474,586	Capital Projects
General Fund	Special Revenue	3,000	Sanibel Estates canal trimming
General Fund	Special Revenue	5,000	Sanibel Isles/Water Shadows dredging
General Fund	Transportation	250,000	To support Transportation Fund operations
General Fund	Special Revenue	2,089,996	To support Recreation Center operations
General Fund	Special Revenue	110,000	City share of ball park maintenance expenditures
General Fund	Capital Projects	650,000	Funding for acquisition of capital assets
General Fund	Capital Projects	450,000	Annual transfer to Recreation Center sinking fund
Special Revenue	Capital Projects	256,511	Capital Projects
General Fund	Debt Service	425,400	Transfer debt service for Senior Center project
General Fund	Debt Service	199,728	Transfer for payment of lease
Beach Parking Fund	Capital Projects	73,646	Capital Projects
Sewer Fund	General Fund	7,500	Payment in lieu of taxes
Beach Parking Fund	General Fund	708,172	Payment in lieu of taxes
TOTA	L	\$ 5,718,119	



Note 8. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental activities	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$24,966,425	\$ -	\$ -	\$24,966,425
Construction in progress	261,170			261,170
Total capital assets not being depreciated	25,227,595			25,227,595
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	21,074,422	-	(2,160)	21,072,262
Improvements other than buildings	5,465,904	-	(139,364)	5,326,540
Infrastructure	14,413,694	-	(12,156)	14,401,538
Vehicles and equipment	6,277,081	117,045	(356,534)	6,037,592
Right-to-use leased equipment		37,974		37,974
Total capital assets being depreciated	47,231,101	155,019	(510,214)	46,875,906
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(10,462,653)	(665,181)	2,160	(11,125,674)
Improvements other than buildings	(4,902,454)	(88,242)	124,964	(4,865,732)
Infrastructure	(10,512,615)	(397,162)	12,156	(10,897,621)
Vehicles and equipment	(4,143,502)	(349,115)	244,334	(4,248,283)
Right-to-use leased equipment		(29,775)		(29,775)
Total accumulated depreciation	(30,021,224)	(1,529,475)	383,614	(31,167,085)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	17,209,877	(1,374,456)	(126,600)	15,708,821
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$42,437,472	<u>\$ (1,374,456)</u>	\$ (126,600)	\$40,936,416

	Beginning			Ending
Business-type activities	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,864,013	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,864,013
Construction in progress	20,682,148	2,788,675		23,470,823
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	22,546,161	2,788,675		25,334,836
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	3,893,498	-	-	3,893,498
Improvements other than buildings	2,230,621	-	(288,372)	1,942,249
Infrastructure	70,336,085	-	(12,780)	70,323,305
Vehicles and equipment	4,453,479	131,187	(678,773)	3,905,893
Total capital assets, being depreciated	80,913,683	131,187	(979,925)	80,064,945
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(2,168,700)	(105,946)	-	(2,274,646)
Improvements other than buildings	(845,548)	(82,628)	182,828	(745,348)
Infrastructure	(44,622,457)	(2,277,685)	9,372	(46,890,770)
Vehicles and equipment	(3,462,978)	(200,526)	525,698	(3,137,806)
Total accumulated depreciation	(51,099,683)	(2,666,785)	717,898	(53,048,570)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	29,814,000	(2,535,598)	(262,027)	27,016,375
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$52,360,161	\$ 253,077	\$ (262,027)	\$ 52,351,211

Note 8. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 54,173
Public safety	219,736
Physical environment	62,385
Transportation	464,601
Culture/recreation	728,580
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,529,475
Business-type activities:	
Sanibel Sewer System	\$ 2,325,958
Beach Parking	340,827
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,666,785

Note 9. Long-term Debt

Changes in long-term debt and other long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Governmental Activities	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
General obligation bonds directly placed with financial institutions Notes payable from direct borrowing	\$ 4,760,000 5,018,000	\$ -	\$ (770,000) (307,059)	\$ 3,990,000 4,710,941	\$ 460,000 314,244
Financed Purchase Obligation	622,832	-	(239,391)	383,441	252,256
Leases Payable Compensated absences	909,875	37,974 555,486	(29,551) (544,146)	8,423 921,215	8,423 690,911
Governmental activities totals	\$ 11,310,707	\$ 593,460	\$ (1,890,147)	\$ 10,014,020	\$ 1,725,834
Business-type Activities					
Notes payable from direct borrowings Compensated absences	\$ 14,691,390 310,556	\$ - 133,677	\$ (2,223,171) (170,257)	\$ 12,468,219 273,976	\$ 1,929,657 205,482
Business-type Activities Totals	\$ 15,001,946	\$ 133,677	\$ (2,393,428)	\$ 12,742,195	\$ 2,135,139

The City's outstanding Center 4 Life Senior Center note from a direct borrowing related to governmental activities of \$4.7 million and the Wastewater Treatment Plant Renovation note from a direct borrowing related to business-type activities of \$9.4 million contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding principal and interest become due and payable.

Note 9. <u>Long-term Debt</u> (Continued)

Liquidation

Bond Resolution - Resolutions for various debt obligations establish certain funds and accounts and determine the order in which certain revenue is to be deposited into the funds and accounts. The City has also covenanted to budget and appropriate sufficient non-ad valorem revenue sources to pay the various debt obligations when due. All required balances at year-end were maintained.

Compensated Absences – In the governmental funds, the liability for compensated absences is typically liquidated from the general fund. In the proprietary funds, the liability for compensated absences is typically liquidated from the Sanibel Sewer System fund and Beach Parking fund.

Financed Purchase Obligation

In 2020, the City entered into a purchase agreement for financing the acquisition of 16 new vehicles (4 supervisor and 12 patrol vehicles) for the City's Police Department that provides financing for vehicles over 4 years. The agreement qualifies as a financed purchase for accounting purposes and was recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the general funds and as functional expenditures in the budgetary statement.



Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities long-term debt at September 30, 2022, is comprised of the following issuances. Both bond issuances have been directly placed with separate financial institutions.

Note Payable from Direct Borrowing

\$5,018,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2020, issued to purchase and renovate a building for the relocation of the Center 4 Life Senior Center, collateralized by non ad-valorem general revenues, with a fixed interest rate of 2.34% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing October 1, 2021 through 2035, and principal payments annually on April 1, commencing April 1, 2022 through 2035.

\$ 4,710,941

Financed Purchase Obligation

\$967,624 financed purchase obligation with U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Finance was issued to finance the acquisition of vehicles for the City's Police Department. The financed purchase obligation is collateralized by the related equipment. The financed purchase obligation requires quarterly debt service payments including principal and interest through April 2024.

383,441

General Obligation Bonds

\$6,515,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016, issued to refund bonds that were used to construct a recreation facility, have interest rate of 2.32% due semiannually on August 1 and February 1, principal payments are due annually on August 1, collateralized with Voted Debt Service Ad Valorem Taxes, final payment is due August 2030.

3,990,000

Leases Payable

Equipment Leases - annual payments ranging from \$1,235 to \$10,805, including interest at a rate of 5.07%, with due dated ranging from December 2022 and January 2023.

8,423

Compensated absences

921,215

Total Governmental Activities \$ 10,014,020

Annual debt service requirements for governmental activities by debt classification are detailed below:

							Gove	rnm	ental Activiti	es							
	G	O Bonds D	irect	ly Placed	Note Pay	able	from		Financed	Pur	chase						
Year ending		Vith Financia	al In:		Direct Bo				Oblig				Leases			otal	
September 30,	F	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Р	rincipal	Interest	Principal		Interest
2023	\$	460,000	\$	92,568	\$ 314,244	\$	110,236	\$	252,256	\$	14,111	\$	8,423	\$ 28	\$ 1,034,923	\$	216,943
2024		470,000		81,896	321,597		102,882		131,185		1,998		-	-	922,782		186,776
2025		480,000		70,992	329,122		95,358		-		-		-	-	809,122		166,350
2026		495,000		59,856	336,824		87,656		-		-		-	-	831,824		147,512
2027		500,000		48,372	344,706		79,774		-		-		-	-	844,706		128,146
2028-2032		1,585,000		74,124	1,848,361		274,038		-		-		-	-	3,433,361		348,162
2033-2035					1,216,087		57,352								1,216,087		57,352
Total	\$	3,990,000	\$	427,808	\$ 4,710,941	\$	807,296	\$	383,441	\$	16,109	\$	8,423	\$ 28	\$ 9,092,805	\$	1,251,241

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities long-term debt at September 30, 2022, is comprised of the following issuances.

Notes Payable From Direct Borrowings

\$10,054,000 Sanibel Sewer System Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2020, issued to partially fund improvements and rehabilitation of the Donax wastewater treatment plant, collateralized by the net revenues of the sewer system, with a fixed interest rate of 2.34% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing October 1, 2020 through 2035, and principal payments annually on April 1, commencing April 1, 2022 through 2035.

\$ 9,421,883

Disbursements, service fees and capitalized interest for a \$8,501,591 State of Florida revolving loans #WWG83510, issued to finance Phase 2C collection system expansion, collateralized by voted debt service ad valorem taxes, special assessments and net revenues of the sewer system, accrued interest payable at 3.11%; due June, 2023.

525,043

Disbursements, service fees and capitalized interest for a \$6,274,127 State of Florida revolving loans # WW83511, issued to finance Phase 3A collection system expansion, collateralized by voted debt service ad valorem taxes, special assessments and net revenues of the sewer system, accrued interest payable at 2.67%, due August, 2023.

692,985

1 828 308

Disbursements, service fees and capitalized interest for a \$5,353,820 State of Florida revolving loan # WW83512S, issued to finance Phase 3B collection system expansion, collateralized by voted debt service ad valorem taxes, special assessments and net revenues of the sewer system, accrued interest payable at 3.40% due June 2026.

1,020,300
12,468,219
273,976
\$ 12.742.195

Subtotal Notes Payable Compensated absences payable Total Business-Type Activities



Note 9. <u>Long-term Debt</u> (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements for business-type activities by debt classification are detailed below:

Business-type Activities								
	Notes Payable from							
Year ending		Direct Bo	rrov	vings				
September 30,		Principal		Interest				
2023	\$	1,929,657	\$	307,280				
2024		1,443,399		256,425				
2025		1,122,762		218,928				
2026		1,154,092		187,598				
2027		689,411		159,548				
2028-2032		3,696,722		548,074				
2033-2035		2,432,176		114,704				
Total	\$	12,468,219	\$	1,792,557				

Note 10. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in a public entity risk pool administered by Florida League of Cities, Inc. with insurance programs for general/professional liability, automobile, property, and workers compensation. The City pays an annual premium to Florida League of Cities, Inc. for these insurance programs.

Participation in this risk pool is non-assessable. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage as compared to the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City retains the risk of loss up to a deductible amount (normally \$50,000) with the risk of loss in excess of this amount transferred to the pool with limits of liability of \$5,000,000 per occurrence for general and professional liability and \$5,000,000 for automobile liability.

The Florida League of Cities, Inc. published financial report for the year ended September 30, 2022, can be obtained from Florida League of Cities, Inc., Public Risk Service, 135 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Florida 32853-0065.

Note 11. Restricted Assets

The balances of the restricted asset accounts in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for governmental activities and business-type activities and the Statement of Net Position for Proprietary funds are related to debt service and are \$83 and \$1,765,079, respectively.

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The City has two (2) defined benefit single-employer pension plans: The General Employees' Pension Plan and the Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan. The plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports and are not included in any other retirement system's or entity's financial report. The City accounts for both plans as pension trust funds; therefore, they are accounted for in substantially the same manner as proprietary funds, with an economic resources measurement focus and employment of the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions, employer contributions and contributions from other entities are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

For financial statement purposes, plan assets are valued at fair value in each plan, as reported within the annual trustee statements. The plans do not issue stand-alone GAAP financial reports. Therefore, the individual financial reports are presented for each of the plans in this section.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

The aggregate amount of net pension liability related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and pension expense for the City's defined benefit pension plans are summarized below:

		General		Municipal		
	E	Employees'		Police Officers'		Total
Net pension liability	\$	4,267,541	\$	7,939,380	\$	12,206,921
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$	4,135,249	\$	4,067,375	\$	8,202,624
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	\$	-	\$	468,191	\$	468,191
Pension expense	\$	648,743	\$	1,824,514	\$	2,473,257

Pension Trust Funds Individual Plan Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:

	Pension Trust Funds				
		Total			
	General Police		Pension Trust		
	Employees'	Officers'	Funds		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 960,560	\$ 2,281,758	\$ 3,242,318		
Investments, at fair value					
Domestic equities	12,506,339	7,643,147	20,149,486		
International equities	4,278,276	2,683,771	6,962,047		
Fixed income securities	6,070,306	6,417,901	12,488,207		
Government securities	3,885,044	-	3,885,044		
Convertibles	437,035	1,201,441	1,638,476		
Real estate investments	3,240,575	1,911,474	5,152,049		
Total investments at fair value	30,417,575	19,857,734	50,275,309		
Interest and dividends receivable	57,208	2,765	59,973		
Total receivables	57,208	2,765	59,973		
Total assets	31,435,343	22,142,257	53,577,600		
LIABILITIES					
Accrued benefits and other liabilities	34,878	10,045	44,923		
Total liabilities	34,878	10,045	44,923		
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION					
Fiduciary net position restricted for pensions	\$ 31,400,465	\$ 22,132,212	\$ 53,532,677		

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Pension Trust Funds Individual Plan Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position:

	Pension Trust Funds				
		Municipal	Total		
	General	Police	Pension Trust		
	Employees'	Officers'	Funds		
ADDITIONS					
Contributions					
Employer	\$ 864,056	\$ 1,312,874	\$ 2,176,930		
State of Florida	<u>-</u>	95,005	95,005		
Plan members	31,777	163,260	195,037		
Total contributions	895,833	1,571,139	2,466,972		
Investment income					
Net appreciation in fair value					
of investments	(7,067,387)	(6,208,888)	(13,276,275)		
Interest, dividends and other	1,203,899	1,709,568	2,913,467		
Total investment earnings	(5,863,488)	(4,499,320)	(10,362,808)		
Less investment expense	(186,049)	(66,287)	(252,336)		
Net investment earnings	(6,049,537)	(4,565,607)	(10,615,144)		
Total additions	(5,153,704)	(2,994,468)	(8,148,172)		
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits paid	2,337,050	1,365,646	3,702,696		
Lump sum DROP disbursement	259,014	-	259,014		
Refunds of contributions	-	48,717	48,717		
Administrative expenses	37,946	50,561	88,507		
Total deductions	2,634,010	1,464,924	4,098,934		
Change in fiduciary net position	(7,787,714)	(4,459,392)	(12,247,106)		
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits					
Fiduciary net position - beginning of year	39,188,179	26,591,604	65,779,783		
Fiduciary net position - end of year	\$ 31,400,465	\$ 22,132,212	\$ 53,532,677		

In addition to other disclosures, the GASB requires a schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios; a schedule of contributions; and a schedule of investment returns that include historical trend information. These schedules are included as required supplementary information to the financial statements.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

A. General Employees' Pension Plan

The Plan and any amendments thereto were adopted by Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Sanibel. The City, which is responsible for the management of plan assets, has delegated the authority to manage plan assets to the General Employees' Pension Board of Trustees. All costs of administering the plan are paid from plan assets.

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2021:	
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	98
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Year Receiving Benefits	42
Active Plan Members	9_
	149

Plan Description

On February 7, 2012 the City Council approved Ordinance 12-002 closing the plan to all employees hired on or after February 7, 2012. Prior to February 7, 2012 all full-time employees who were non-sworn police officers, and who had attained age 18 but not attained age 65, were required to participate in the City's General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan. On March 1, 2011, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 11-001 which provided current participants (excluding police dispatchers) a one-time opportunity to make an irrevocable election to opt out of the defined benefit plan and participate in a defined contribution plan. The irrevocable election had to be made by April 30, 2011 with May 1, 2011 effective date. Subsequently, on November 1, 2011, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 11-011 which provided the police dispatchers the same option. The irrevocable election had to be made by December 31, 2011 with January 1, 2012 effective date. All general employees except police dispatchers who become participants after March 1, 2011 and police dispatchers after November 1, 2011 shall have a one-time, irrevocable option to opt out of the plan and participate in a defined contribution plan.

The plan is administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of the following: two employee members of the Plan (one with under 15 years of service, one with 15 years of service or more) elected by the Plan members, one member appointed by the City Manager, five Council appointees, and one chosen by the other eight members of the Board and appointed by Council.

The General Employees' Pension Plan is broken down into two sub-plans, Plan A and Plan B. Both defined benefit plans provide retirement and pre-retirement death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries and provide 5-year cliff vesting for participants except police dispatchers with 5 or more years of vesting service on September 30, 2011 and police dispatchers with 5 or more years of vesting service on January 1, 2012. The plan provides 6-year cliff vesting for participants except police dispatchers with less than 5 years of vesting service on September 30, 2011 and police dispatchers with less than 5 years of vesting on January 1, 2012.

The annual retirement benefit shall be an amount equal to 3 percent of average compensation (as defined for Plan A and Plan B members) multiplied by the number of years of credited service prior to May 1, 2011 for all participants other than police dispatchers and prior to January 1, 2012 for police dispatchers, and 1.68 percent of average compensation (as defined for Plan A and Plan B members) multiplied by the number of years of credited service on and after May 1, 2011 for all participants other than police dispatchers and on and after January 1, 2012 for police dispatchers, with a combined maximum of 30 years of credited service.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Average compensation is calculated differently for each Plan. Plan A, which was mandatory for all new hires beginning January 1, 2005 calculates average compensation as the highest five (5) years of compensation. Plan B, which was closed on January 1, 2005 to new participants, average compensation is based on career average.

Normal retirement is the attainment of age 65 with 6 years of credited service. For members with 15 years or more of credited service as of September 30, 2011 (December 31, 2011 for police dispatchers), it is the attainment of age 60 with 5 years of credited service. Early retirement is the attainment of age 60 with 6 years of credited service. For members with 15 years or more of credited service as of September 30, 2011 (December 31, 2011 for police dispatchers), early retirement is age 55. Accrued benefit on early retirement date is reduced by 5 percent for each year that early retirement date precedes the normal retirement date. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the early retirement benefit for an employee with 15 or more years of city service on September 30, 2011 the accrued benefit will be reduced by 2.5 percent for each year that the early retirement date precedes age 60; and the benefit will not be reduced if the employee has attained age 60 at the time of retirement.

Members are 100% vested after 6 or more years of service. Terminated members with less than 6 years of service do not attain vested benefits. Additionally, members with at least 5 years of credited service as of September 30, 2011 (December 31, 2011 for police dispatchers), are 100% vested in their accrued benefit. Vested accrued benefit payable at the normal retirement date (unreduced) or the early retirement date (reduced).

Pre-retirement Death Benefits: If a vested participant dies while in the service of the city before he or she has taken early, normal or late retirement, one-half of the actuarially reduced accrued benefit payable for the life of the spouse or beneficiary beginning at the member's otherwise early retirement date.

Cost-of-living adjustments are provided to all normal and early retirees after October 17, 2006.

For participants other than police dispatchers who retire or opt-out of the plan after October 17, 2006 and before May 1, 2011 who are 100% vested in the plan on April 30, 2011; and for police dispatchers who retire or opt-out of the plan after October 17, 2006 and before January 1, 2012 who are 100% vested on December 31, 2011 the cost-of-living adjustment is 2.75% per year beginning October 1 after receipt of 36 monthly retirement payments and continue for twenty-five (25) years thereafter or the length of the monthly retirement benefit period, whichever is less.

For participants who elect to continue participating in the plan and all participants other than police dispatchers hired on or after May 1, 2011, and police dispatchers hired on or after January 1, 2012, the cost-of-living adjustment is 2.00% per year beginning October 1 after receipt of 60 monthly retirement payments and continue for twenty-five (25) years thereafter or the length of the monthly retirement benefit period, whichever is less.

The Plan provides a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for participants having attained age 60 and having been a plan participant for a minimum of five (5) years. Ordinances 11-001 and 11-011 amended the age to 65 and the participant must be 100% vested with an effective date of May 1, 2011 for all participants other than police dispatchers and January 1, 2012 for police dispatchers. DROP is a program that provides an alternative method for payment of retirement benefits wherein an employee may retire and have their benefits accumulate, at 6% interest, while continuing to work for the City. Participation in the DROP does not change conditions of employment. When the DROP period ends, maximum of 60 months, employment must be terminated. At the time of termination of employment, the employee will receive payment of the accumulated DROP benefits and begin receiving their monthly retirement benefit in the same amount determined at retirement, plus annual cost-of-living increases.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

As of September 30, 2022, there were four members in the DROP program with a combined balance of \$103,066.

Contributions

Active members of Plan A are required to contribute 5% of base wages to the Plan. Active members of Plan B are not required to contribute to the Plan. The City contributes the remaining amount required to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, as provided in Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date. The components of the net pension liability of the City for the General Employees' Pension Plan at year end were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 35,668,006
Total plan fiduciary net position	(31,400,465)
City's net pension liability	\$ 4,267,541
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	88.04%

General Employee pension obligations are typically liquidated as follows: General fund 60.0%, Special Revenue funds 20.0%, and Enterprise funds 20.0%.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2021 updated to September 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

Inflation	2.70%
Salary Increases	Age Based
Discount Rate	6.50%
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives Female: PubG.H-2010 for employees

Male: PubG.H-2010 for employees, set back one year

Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree Lives
Female: PubG.H-2010 for healthy retirees

Male: PubG.H-2010 for healthy retirees, set back one year

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives

Female: PubG.H-2010 for healthy retirees

Male: PubG.H-2010 for healthy retirees, set back one year

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives

PubG.H-2010 for disabled retirees, set forward three years

All rates are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018. The City feels this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

For 2022 the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.50%. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	38.00%	7.10%
International Equity	15.00%	3.10%
Bonds	23.00%	2.00%
TIPS	2.00%	2.30%
Convertibles	10.00%	6.40%
Private Real Estate	5.00%	6.40%
Infrastructure	5.00%	5.60%
Cash	2.00%	-0.10%

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that city contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension (asset) liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the City's net pension (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current		1%	
	Decrease	Discount Rate		Increase	
	5.50%	6.50%		7.50%	
City's net pension (asset) liability	\$ 8,022,402	\$	4,267,541	\$	1,087,317



Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY							
			Incre	ase (Decrease)			
	To	tal Pension	PI	an Fiduciary	N	et Pension	
		Liability	N	let Position	(As	set) Liability	
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	36,027,868	\$	39,188,179	\$	(3,160,311)	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		69,319		-		69,319	
Interest		2,261,945		-		2,261,945	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(95,062)		-		(95,062)	
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-	
Contributions - employer		-		864,056		(864,056)	
Contributions - employee		-		31,777		(31,777)	
Net investment income		-		(6,049,537)		6,049,537	
Difference between projected and actual							
earnings on pension plan investments		-		-		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(2,596,064)		(2,596,064)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(37,946)		37,946	
Net changes		(359,862)		(7,787,714)		7,427,852	
Balances at September 30, 2022	\$	35,668,006	\$	31,400,465	\$	4,267,541	

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022 the City has recognized a pension expense of \$648,743. On September 30, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Actual investment earnings different than assumed	\$ 4,135,249	\$ -
Total	\$ 4,135,249	\$ -

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Total year ended September 30,	
2023	\$ 902,004
2024	707,428
2025	817,760
2026	1,708,057

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

B. Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan

This plan and all amendments were adopted by Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Sanibel. This plan is self-trusteed and is administered by the Municipal Police Officers' Pension Board comprised of members elected pursuant to Section 185, Florida Statutes for local law plans. All costs of administering the plan are paid from plan assets.

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2021:	
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	29
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	8
Active Plan Members	23
	60
Active Plan Members	

Plan Description

All full-time sworn police officers who have attained age 18 are required to participate in the City's Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan. The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of two City Council appointees, two members of the Plan elected by a majority of the other covered Police Officers, and one member elected by the other four and appointed by City Council. There is a 5-year cliff vesting in the Plan. Members terminating with less than five years of credited service receive a refund of their contribution. Members terminating with 5 years or more accrued benefits are payable at early retirement date (reduced) or normal retirement date (unreduced). The Normal Retirement Benefit of the Plan is three percent of average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of service (maximum 30 years). Average compensation is calculated by taking the average of the total compensation paid during the 5 highest years of service. In 2011 the Florida Legislature amended Florida Statute 185, restricting overtime hours at a maximum of 300 per year and eliminating the payout of vacation and medical leave in the calculation of average compensation upon retirement.

On November 1, 2011, the City Council approved Ordinance 11-010 amending the Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan's average compensation calculation to coincide with the October 1, 2011 effective date of the new Fraternal Order of Police labor agreement. Effective with fiscal years on or after September 30, 2011, average compensation calculations includes overtime payments not to exceed 300 hours per fiscal year and excludes the payment for vacation and medical leave accrued at the time of retirement, except for the value of vacation and medical leave that was accrued and eligible for payout as of September 30, 2011, unless the actual value of the vacation and medical leave payout is less than the September 30, 2011 value, in which case the lesser value will be included.

Normal retirement eligibility is the earlier of 1) age 60 with 5 years vesting credits, or 2) age 55 with 10 years vesting credits, or 3) 25 years vesting credits regardless of age. Early retirement eligibility is age 50 and attainment of 5 years vesting credits. Accrued benefits will be reduced 2.5 percent for each year prior to normal retirement date.

Disability eligibility is ten years of contributing service for non-service related; coverage from date of hire for service incurred. Benefit amount is three (3.0%) percent of average final compensation times credited service, but not less than forty-two (42%) percent of average final compensation for service-related disabilities.

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Death benefits for a vested member the accrued pension is paid to the beneficiary at otherwise early retirement date (reduced basis) or normal retirement date (unreduced). Benefits are paid for ten years only. Beneficiary receives a refund of the member's contribution for non-vested member. Supplemental benefit of \$36.00 times credited service paid monthly to age 67. Minimum payment period is five years.

Annual cost-of-living adjustments are provided at the rate of three (3.0%) percent annually. These increases occur October 1 and commence the October 1 following receipt of at least 12 monthly payments.

The Plan provides a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for participants having attained normal retirement requirements. DROP is a program that provides an alternative method for payment of retirement benefits wherein an employee may retire and have their benefits accumulate, at four (4%) percent interest credited quarterly, while continuing to work for the City. Participation in the DROP does not change conditions of employment. When the DROP period ends, maximum of 60 months, employment must be terminated. At the time of termination of employment, the employee will receive payment of the accumulated DROP benefits and begin receiving their monthly retirement benefit in the same amount determined at retirement, plus annual cost-of-living increases. The DROP balance at September 30, 2022 is \$397,973, with two members participating.

Contributions

Active members are required to contribute eight (8%) percent of their compensation to this Plan until Normal Retirement Age and four (4%) percent thereafter. The State of Florida makes contributions from taxes on casualty insurance premiums. The State of Florida's contribution to the Municipal Police Officer's Plan for the year ended September 30, 2022, was \$95,005. The City recognized these onbehalf payments from the State as revenues and expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. The City contributes the remaining amount required to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, as provided in Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date. The components of the net pension liability of the City at year end were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 30,071,592
Total plan fiduciary net position	(22,132,212)
City's net pension liability	\$ 7,939,380
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	73.60%

Municipal Police Officer pension obligations are typically liquidated as follows: General fund 87.0% and Enterprise funds 13.0%.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2021 updated to September 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

Inflation	2.70%
Salary Increases	
Discount Rate	7.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7 50%

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives

Female: PubS.H-2010 for employees, set forward one year

Male: PubS.H-2010 (below medium) for employees, set forward one year

Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree Lives

Female: PubS.H-2010 for healthy retirees, set forward one year Male: PubS.H-2010 for healthy retirees, set forward one year

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives

Female: PubG.H-2010 for healthy retirees

Male: PubG.H-2010 for healthy retirees, set back one year

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives

80% PubG.H-2010 for disabled retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010 for disabled retirees

All rates are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018. The City feels this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	35.00%	7.10%
International Equity	15.00%	3.10%
Bonds	30.00%	2.00%
Convertibles	10.00%	6.40%
REITS	5.00%	6.90%
Infrastructure	5.00%	5.60%

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that city contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current			1%
	Decrease	Di	Discount Rate		Increase
	6.50%	7.50%			8.50%
City's net pension (asset) liability	\$ 11,912,960	\$	7,939,380	\$	4,686,332

Note 12. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY							
	Increase (Decrease)						
	To	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary			N	Net Pension	
		Liability Net Position				Liability	
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	28,346,382	\$	26,591,604	\$	1,754,778	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		616,468		-		616,468	
Interest		2,119,175		-		2,119,175	
Differences between expected and actual							
experience		403,930		-		403,930	
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-	
Contributions - employer		-		1,312,874		(1,312,874)	
Contributions - state		-		95,005		(95,005)	
Contributions - employee		-		163,260		(163,260)	
Net investment income		-		(4,565,607)		4,565,607	
Difference between projected and actual							
earnings on pension plan investments		-		-		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(1,414,363)		(1,414,363)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(50,561)		50,561	
Net changes		1,725,210		(4,459,392)		6,184,602	
Balances at September 30, 2022	\$	30,071,592	\$	22,132,212	\$	7,939,380	

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022 the City has recognized a pension expense of \$1,824,514. On September 30, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Ir	nflows of
	F	Resources	R	esources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	375,269	\$	330,736
Changes of assumptions		-		137,455
Actual investment earnings different than assumed		3,692,106		-
Total	\$	4,067,375	\$	468,191

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Total year ended September 30,	
2023	\$ 868,421
2024	621,464
2025	715,721
2026	1,393,578

Note 13. <u>Defined Contribution Plan</u>

On March 1, 2011, the City Council passed Resolution No. 11-020, which amended the City's governmental money purchase plan and trust known as City of Sanibel 401(a) Plan to include the City's general employees other than police dispatchers. On December 6, 2011, Council passed Resolution No. 11-110 which amended the Plan to include the police dispatchers and to comply with the Internal Revenue Service guidelines requiring the initial additional contribution decision by employees to be an irrevocable decision for the contribution to be considered a pre-tax contribution.

Plan Description

The plan is a pre-tax defined contribution governmental money purchase plan in which participants contribute a percentage of their base pay to the plan each pay period and receive a matching contribution from the City as outlined in the plan. Participants are not taxed on the contributions until the funds are withdrawn, usually at retirement. The Plan was established on September 13, 2002 at which time the only participants were the City Manager and City Attorney. The Plan was revised by City of Sanibel Resolution 11-020 on March 1, 2011 and Resolution 11-110 on December 6, 2011 to extend the Plan to all regular, full-time employees, who are not sworn police officers and who are not participants of the General Employees' Retirement Plan, a defined benefit plan. Regular, full-time employees, who are not sworn police officers, hired on or after February 7, 2012 are automatically enrolled in this Plan.

The normal retirement age is 60.

Mandatory and Irrevocable Additional Contributions

All participants are required to contribute 5% of their base pay on a bi-weekly basis. Additional contributions of 1% to 10% may also be contributed to the Plan. The additional contribution amount initially selected is an irrevocable decision. Participants may not decrease the initial additional selected contribution. Increases are permitted after the initial selected contribution rate if the original contribution was less than the 15% maximum, however, the increased amount will be an after-tax contribution.

City Matching

The City will match the participant's mandatory contribution of 5% of base pay at 100%. The first 1% to 5% of the voluntary contribution will be matched by the City at 50%. The additional 6% to 10% of the voluntary contribution permitted will not be matched by the City. The maximum City match is 7.5% of base pay. The City's contributions to the Plan for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$324,187 and \$332,355, respectively.

Forfeitures

A participant who separates from service prior to obtaining full vesting shall forfeit that percentage of his/her employer contribution account balance which has not vested as of the date such participant incurs a break in service of five (5) consecutive years or, if earlier, the date such participant receives, or is deemed to have received, distribution of the entire non-forfeitable interest in his/her employer contribution account. All amounts forfeited by terminated participants shall be allocated to a suspense account and used to reduce dollar for dollar employer contributions otherwise required under the Plan for the current plan year and succeeding plan years, if necessary. Forfeitures may first be used to pay the reasonable administrative expenses of the Plan, with any remainder being applied to reduce employer contributions. The amount of forfeitures available at September 30, 2022 was \$22,907.

Rollover Contributions by Participants

Participants may rollover funds contained in another qualified retirement plan or IRA to the Plan.

Note 13. <u>Defined Contribution Plan</u> (Continued)

Accrued Leave Contributions by Participants

At initial enrollment participants may irrevocably elect to contribute 100% of accrued leave payout to the plan. Once elected, an employee's decision will remain in force and may not be revised or revoked.

Vesting Provisions

Former participants of the City of Sanibel General Employees' Defined Benefit Plan who opted out of that plan to participant in this Plan on or before April 30, 2011 and on or before December 31, 2011 for police dispatchers are vested immediately for the City's matching contributions. New hires are vested for the City's matching contributions at 20% per year of service.

Participants are eligible to withdraw the retirement funds when they are no longer employed by the City or reach age 60. Participants may choose distribution in a single payment, installment payments, life annuity or rollover to another qualified retirement account.

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

The postemployment healthcare benefits plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the City. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes former employees and eligible dependents who retire from the City may continue to participate in the City's group medical, dental and vision insurance plans. The City subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the plan at a reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rate. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. The postemployment benefits plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Plan Membership as of September 30, 2021:	
Inactive Plan members, covered spouses or beneficiaries receiving benefits	7
Inactive Plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active Plan members	122
	129

The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. All employees of the City are eligible to receive post-employment benefits.

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements for the postemployment healthcare benefits of the City are established and may be amended by City Council. The City has not advance funded or established a funding methodology for the annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) costs or the total OPEB obligation. Currently, retirees pay 100% of the cost of the healthcare insurance premiums. The City's actuarially required contributions are based on a projected pay-as-you-go basis. No trust fund has been established for the plan.

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and termination, mortality and the healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan provisions, as understood by the employer and participating members, and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and participating members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2021. Liabilities in this report were calculated as of the valuation date and rolled forward to the measurement date using the standard actuarial roll-forward techniques.

The assumptions used in the actuarial valuation were as follows:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary rate increases	Varies by Service
Discount rate	
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	
Initial trend rate	7.50%
Ultimate trend rate	4.00%
Years to ultimate	53

The discount rate was based on the high-quality municipal bond rate of 2.43%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Down Jones Indices nearest to the measurement date.

All mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables with fully generational improvement using Scale MP-2018. Rates are based on those outlined in the July 1, 2021 Florida Retirement System (FRS) actuarial valuation report with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics.

Mortality - Active Lives:

For female (non-special risk) lives, the headcount-weighted PubG-2010 female employee table was used. For female special risk lives, the headcount-weighted PubS-2010 female employee table, set forward one year, was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, the headcount-weighted PubG-2010 male employee table, set back one year, was used. For male special risk lives, the headcount-weighted PubS-2010 male below-median income employee table, set forward one year, was used.

Mortality - Inactive Healthy Lives:

For female (non-special risk) lives, the headcount-weighted PubG-2010 female healthy retiree table was used. For female special risk lives, the headcount-weighted PubS-2010 female healthy retiree table, set forward one year, was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, the headcount-weighted PubG-2010 male healthy retiree table, set back one year, was used. For male special risk lives, the headcount-weighted PubS-2010 male healthy retiree table, set forward one year, was used.

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Mortality - Disabled Lives:

For female (non-special risk) lives, the headcount-weighted PubG-2010 female disabled retiree table, set forward 3 years, was used. For female special risk lives, an 80% headcount-weighted PubG-2010 female disabled retiree, 20% headcount-weighted PubS-2010 female disabled retiree blended table was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, the headcount-weighted PubG-2010 male disabled retiree table, set forward 3 years, was used. For male special risk lives, an 80% headcount-weighted PubG-2010 male disabled retiree, 20% headcount-weighted PubS-2010 male disabled retiree blended table was used.

The following changes have been made since the prior valuation:

Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience reflects the impact of changes to the census data from the prior valuation to the valuation as of September 30, 2021.

Changes of Assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.14% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2021, to 2.43% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2022. Also reflected as assumption changes are updated health care costs and premiums.

The following table shows the changes in the City's total OPEB liability for the year ended September 30, 2022:

CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY		
	l	ncrease
	(Decrease)
	То	tal OPEB
		Liability
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	530,436
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		37,195
Interest		11,809
Differences between expected and actual experience		96,914
Changes of assumptions		(130,147)
Changes of benefit terms		-
Benefit payments		(31,744)
Administrative expense		-
Net changes		(15,973)
Balances at September 30, 2022	\$	514,463

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.43%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%	
	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	Increase		
	1.43%		2.43%	3.43%		
City's total OPEB liability	\$ 550,207	\$	514,463	\$	482,059	

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				thcare Cost		1%
	D	ecrease)	Tre	end Rates	1	ncrease
	3.0% - 6.5%		4.0	0% - 7.5%	5.	0% - 8.5%
City's total OPEB liability	\$	470,223	\$	514,463	\$	567,138

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2022 the City has recognized an OPEB expense of \$53,900. On September 30, 2022, the City reported a deferred outflow and a deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Oı	Deferred utflows of esources	li	Deferred nflows of esources
Changes of assumptions Differences between actual and expected experience Employer benefit payments made subsequent to the	\$	128,836 84,800	\$	136,417 76,371
measurement date Total	\$	51,266 264,902	\$	212,788

The employer benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be as a reduction to the OPEB liability in fiscal year 2023. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be amortized over 8-10 years and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Total year ended September 30:	
2023	\$ (3,105)
2024	(3,105)
2025	(3,105)
2026	(3,105)
2027	7,799
Thereafter	5,469



Note 15. Other Revenues

Other revenue in the governmental fund types at September 30, 2022 is as follows:

						Other	
	(General	Tra	nsportation	Go	vernmental	
		Fund		Fund		Funds	Total
Investment earnings (loss)	\$	(319,081)	\$	3,768	\$	43,882	\$ (271,431)
Rents & royalties		11,020		-		-	11,020
Impact fees		-		-		327,284	327,284
Sale of surplus equipment		14,218		-		-	14,218
Contributions and donations		7,227		-		23,044	30,271
Rebates		5,310		-		-	5,310
Other Miscellaneous Revenues		96,808		-		58	96,866
Total Other Revenues	\$	(184,498)	\$	3,768	\$	394,268	\$ 213,538

Note 16. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to compliance audits by grantor agencies, principally federal, state, and local governments. Any disallowed expenses, including amounts already collected, might constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The City does not believe any contingent liabilities are material.

The City is a defendant in lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of the cases does not appear to present significant monetary exposure to the City in the event of unfavorable outcomes.

Note 17. Commitments

The City's commitments with significant contractors as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

					F	Remaining
	To	otal Contract	Sp	ent to Date		Contract
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Transportation Fund						
2022 River Clearing Project	\$	100,000	\$	75,800	\$	24,200
Capital Projects Fund		134,900		<u>-</u>		134,900
Total governmental activities		234,900		75,800		159,100
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Beach Parking Fund						
City Wide Beach Management Plan		125,000		100,000		25,000
Bowmans Beah Park Main access Bridge						
Replacement Project		720,000		500,027		219,973
Sewer Fund						
Donax WRF Process Improvements		20,132,100		15,614,887		4,517,213
Phase 4B Sewer Expansion		2,588,816		-		2,588,816
Total business-type activities		20,977,100		16,214,914		7,351,002
Total construction commitments	\$	21,212,000	\$	16,290,714	\$	7,510,102

Note 17. Commitments (Continued)

Component Unit

In fiscal year 2018, the City renewed an agreement with its component unit, Community Housing and Resources, Inc. (CHR) to provide financial support for operations. The agreement provides that effective October 1, 2017, the City will pay CHR \$324,753 annually, with a 5.0% increase each year through September 30, 2022. The agreement also provides for free use of at least 800 square feet of office space and related utilities and phone services for CHR at a City owned facility. The agreement also includes a provision for reimbursement of up to \$15,000 per year paid to CHR for its annual audit and financial statement preparation.

The City paid CHR \$409,740 in total under this agreement for the year ended September 30, 2022. At September 30, 2022 there were no amounts due to or from CHR under this agreement.

Note 18. Subsequent Events

Hurricane Ian Tax Refunds

Florida Statues Section 197.3181 was signed into law on December 16, 2022. This section allows homeowners whose residential improvements were rendered uninhabitable for at least thirty (30) days by Hurricane Ian or Nicole to apply for a prorated refund of ad valorem taxes. A homeowner who fails to file an application by April 3, 2023, waives their claim for a tax refund under section 197.3181. As of the date of June 9, 2023 there was 3,609 claims for refund filed totaling \$1,157,530. The Lee County Tax Collector has withheld \$529,699 from fiscal year 2023 and will withhold the remaining \$564,831 in fiscal year 2024.

There is funding in the State of Florida's fiscal year 2024 budget to reimburse the City for these losses.

Line of Credit

On February 9, 2023 the City received a taxable \$20,000,000 line of credit from a bank. The line of credit has a variable interest rate and matures on February 1, 2026. No amounts have been drawn from the line of credit to the date of this report.

Local Government Emergency Bridge Loan Program

The City has applied for \$15,260,511 from the Local Government Emergency Bridge Loan Program that is managed by the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO) and provides interest free loans to local governments throughout Florida that were impacted by Hurricane's Ian or Nicole. This one-time \$50 million appropriation will fund governmental operations within these Florida counties and municipalities and bridge the gap between the time of the hurricane and the time additional funding sources or revenues are secured. The City has been approved for \$13.1 million and is negotiating the loan agreement. The agreement is expected to be taken to city council for approval in August 2023.



The Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section contains supporting information to the Basic Financial Statements. The following information is included in this section:

- General Employees' Pension Plan
 - Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
 - Schedule of Contributions
- Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan
 - Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
 - Schedule of Contributions
- Pension Plans Schedule of Investment Returns
- Other Post Employment Benefit Plan
 - o Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total pension liability									
Service cost	\$	69,319	\$	84,676	\$	101,372	\$	130,166	\$ 129,602
Interest		2,261,945		2,282,775		2,251,064		2,230,037	2,220,510
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		357,668	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(95,062)		139,833		214,926		(53,922)	(759,405)
Changes of assumptions		-		867,306		9,039		-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,596,064)		(2,161,884)		(2,017,921)		(1,914,033)	(1,701,568)
Net change in total pension liability		(359,862)		1,212,706		558,480		749,916	(110,861)
Total pension liability - beginning		36,027,868		34,815,162		34,256,682		33,506,766	33,617,627
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	35,668,006	\$	36,027,868	\$	34,815,162	\$	34,256,682	\$ 33,506,766
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$	864,056	\$	864,056	\$	953,846	\$	1,677,105	\$ 1,947,323
Contributions - employee		31,777		33,999		36,464		43,972	51,991
Net investment income		(6,049,537)		6,689,064		2,687,705		1,130,612	1,992,545
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(2,596,064)		(2,161,884)		(2,017,921)		(1,914,033)	(1,701,568)
Administrative expense		(37,946)		(36,793)		(38,548)		(37,611)	(40,535)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(7,787,714)		5,388,442		1,621,546		900,045	2,249,756
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		39,188,179		33,799,737		32,178,191		31,278,146	29,028,390
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	31,400,465	\$	39,188,179	\$	33,799,737	\$	32,178,191	\$ 31,278,146
City's net pension (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,267,541	\$	(3,160,311)	\$	1,015,425	\$	2,078,491	\$ 2,228,620
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		88.04%		108.77%		97.08%		93.93%	93.35%
Covered payroli*	\$	635,533	\$	679,996	\$	729,288	\$	879,443	\$ 1,039,827
City's net position liability as a percentage of covered payroll		671.49%		-464.75%		139.24%		236.34%	214.33%

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period (includes DROP payroll)

^{*} Changes of benefit terms: For measurement date 09/30/2019, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms resulted from a legal opinion offered at the August 14, 2019 Board Meeting, the Trustees approved that Vested Terminated members terminating on or after October 17, 2006 (the effective date of Ordinance 2006-013) are eligible for cost-of-living adjustments.

^{*} Effective for fiscal year ending 09/30/2020, the GASB 68 measurement date of the Pension Expense has been approved and changed from 09/30/2019 to 09/30/2020.

^{*} Changes of assumptions: For measurement date 09/30/2020, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the rates used in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for non-special-risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics

adjustments made based on plan demographics.

* For measurement date 09/30/2021, the investment rate of return was lowered from 6.75% to 6.50% per year, net of investment related expenses

GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 161,673	\$ 174,843	\$ 191,061	\$ 196,178	\$ 183,773
Interest	2,136,997	1,993,132	1,945,199	1,895,908	1,851,553
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	612,956	(230, 237)	48,718	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	1,738,848	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,583,256)	 (1,480,738)	(1,436,535)	(1,276,944)	 (1,504,296)
Net change in total pension liability	1,328,370	2,195,848	748,443	815,142	531,030
Total pension liability - beginning	32,289,257	30,093,409	29,344,966	28,529,824	27,998,794
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 33,617,627	\$ 32,289,257	\$ 30,093,409	\$ 29,344,966	\$ 28,529,824
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,595,492	\$ 1,457,338	\$ 1,795,876	\$ 1,681,948	\$ 1,691,261
Contributions - employee	52,815	60,710	63,855	65,431	64,908
Net investment income	3,441,239	1,509,708	(553,543)	2,424,391	2,436,581
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,583,256)	(1,480,738)	(1,436,535)	(1,276,944)	(1,504,296)
Administrative expense	(36, 157)	(34,576)	(37,648)	(27,489)	(31,229)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	3,470,133	1,512,442	(167,995)	2,867,337	2,657,225
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 25,558,257	 24,045,815	 24,213,810	 21,346,473	 18,689,248
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 29,028,390	\$ 25,558,257	\$ 24,045,815	\$ 24,213,810	\$ 21,346,473
City's net pension (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 4,589,237	\$ 6,731,000	\$ 6,047,594	\$ 5,131,156	\$ 7,183,351
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.35%	79.15%	79.90%	82.51%	74.82%
Covered payroll*	\$ 1,056,286	\$ 1,214,204	\$ 1,396,431	\$ 1,308,625	\$ 1,298,166
City's net position liability as a percentage of covered payroll	434.47%	554.35%	433.08%	392.10%	553.35%

GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Co	ontributions						
				Contributions						
Fiscal	Α	ctuarially	the	the Actuarially Contribution					as a percentage	
Year	D	etermined	D	etermined	D	eficiency		Covered	of Covered	
Ended	C	ontribution	Contributions		(Excess)		(Excess) Payroll ¹			
09/30/2022	\$	637,447	\$	864,056	\$	(226,609)	\$	635,533	135.96%	
09/30/2021	\$	864,056	\$	864,056	\$	-	\$	679,996	127.07%	
09/30/2020	\$	953,846	\$	953,846	\$	-	\$	729,288	130.79%	
09/30/2019	\$	1,677,105	\$	1,677,105	\$	-	\$	879,443	190.70%	
09/30/2018	\$	1,947,320	\$	1,947,323	\$	(3)	\$	1,039,827	187.27%	
09/30/2017	\$	1,595,492	\$	1,595,492	\$	-	\$	1,056,286	151.05%	
09/30/2016	\$	1,457,341	\$	1,457,341	\$	-	\$	1,214,204	120.02%	
09/30/2015	\$	1,629,315	\$	1,795,876	\$	(166,561)	\$	1,396,431	128.60%	
09/30/2014	\$	1,659,991	\$	1,681,948	\$	(21,957)	\$	1,308,625	128.53%	
09/30/2013	\$	1,668,403	\$	1,691,261	\$	(22,858)	\$	1,298,166	130.28%	

¹ The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: 10/1/2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Mortality Rate: Healthy Active Lives:

Female: Pub G.H-2010 for Employees

Male: Pub G.H-2010 for Employees, set back one year

Healthy Retiree Lives:

Female: Pub G.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees

Male: Pub G.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set back one year

Beneficiary Lives

Female: Pub G.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees

Male: Pub G.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set back one year

Disabled Lives:

Pub G.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees, set forward three years

The assumed rates of mortality were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of

Florida. This law mandates the use of the mortality assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in the July 1, 2020 FRS actuarial valuation report for non-special risk lives.

Interest Rate: 6.50% per year compounded annually, net of investment expenses. This is supported by

the Plan's investment policy and the expected long-term return by asset class.

Retirement Age: One year following satisfaction of the Plan's requirement for normal retirement.

Early Retirement: Commencing at eligibility for early retirement, Members are assumed to retire with an

immediate benefit at the rate of 5% per year.

Disability Rates: See following table. These rates are consistent with other municipal Florida non-special

risk plans.

Termination Rate: See following table. These rates were adopted by the Board with the October 1, 2013 valuation,

based on historical experience.

Salary Increases: See following table. These rates are consistent with long term Plan experience.

Payroll Increase: None for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Cost of Living Adjustment: 2.0% for 25 years, beginning 5 years after retirement, payable to normal and early retirees.

For Members who retired prior to May 1, 2011, the adjustments are 2.75% annually for

25 years, beginning 3 years after retirement.

Funding Method: Entry age normal actuarial cost method. The following loads are applied for determination

of the Sponsor dollar funding requirement:

Interest - a half year, based on the current 6.50% assumption Salary - a full year, based on the current 4.04% assumption

Amortization Method: Level percentage of pay, closed

Remaining Amortization: 9 years (as of 10/01/2019)

Asset Smoothing Method: Fair value, net of investment-related expenses.

Termination, Disability and Salary Rate Tables:

	% Terminating	% Becoming	
	During the	Disabled During	Average
Age	Year	the Year	Salary Increase
20	9.30%	0.14%	7.80%
30	5.50%	0.18%	6.30%
40	4.60%	0.30%	5.40%
50	4.10%	1.00%	4.80%

MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022		2021		2020	2019		2018
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$ 616,468	\$	595,958	\$	607,857	\$	590,775	\$ 559,426
Interest	2,119,175		2,061,754		2,030,722		1,921,932	1,733,759
Change in excess State funds	-		-		-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	403,930		(365,811)		(278, 118)		260,629	1,353,706
Changes of assumptions	-		-		(343,638)		-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,414,363)		(1,679,227)		(1,503,112)		(1,176,760)	(1,161,657)
Net change in total pension liability	1,725,210		612,674		513,711		1,596,576	2,485,234
Total pension liability - beginning	28,346,382		27,733,708		27,219,997		25,623,421	23,138,187
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 30,071,592	\$	28,346,382	\$	27,733,708	\$	27,219,997	\$ 25,623,421
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,312,874	\$	1,312,875	\$	1,232,874	\$	1,347,550	\$ 1,248,046
Contributions - state	95,005		124,417		99,767		93,284	90,240
Contributions - employee	163,260		157,069		156,081		153,503	149,191
Net investment income	(4,565,607)		4,672,524		1,400,693		533,239	1,089,498
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,414,363)		(1,679,227)		(1,503,112)		(1,176,760)	(1,161,657)
Administrative expense	(50,561)		(45,418)		(46,828)		(51,997)	(44,943)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(4,459,392)		4,542,240		1,339,475		898,819	1,370,375
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	26,591,604		22,049,364		20,709,889	_	19,811,070	18,440,695
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 22,132,212	\$	26,591,604	\$	22,049,364	\$	20,709,889	\$ 19,811,070
		_		_		_		
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 7,939,380	\$	1,754,778	\$	5,684,344	\$	6,510,108	\$ 5,812,351
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.60%		93.81%		79.50%		76.08%	77.32%
Covered payroll*	\$ 2,040,747	\$	1,963,363	\$	1,951,013	\$	1,918,791	\$ 1,858,989
City's net position liability as a percentage of covered payroll	389.04%		89.38%		291.35%		339.28%	312.66%

^{*} The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period (includes DROP payroll)

^{*} Effective for fiscal year ending 09/30/2020, the GASB 68 measurement date of the Pension Expense has been approved

and changed from 09/30/2019 to 09/30/2020.

^{*} Changes of assumptions: For measurement date 09/30/2020, as mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the rates used in Milliman's July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics.

MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total pension liability	 ·				
Service cost	\$ 432,384	\$ 492,835	\$ 469,734	\$ 509,101	\$ 473,582
Interest	1,688,084	1,620,290	1,528,830	1,445,430	1,373,741
Change in excess State funds	-	(27,317)	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(35,929)	(287,593)	58,554	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	594,128	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(2,043,511)	(867,064)	(854,438)	(751,882)	(1,102,107)
Net change in total pension liability	41,028	1,525,279	1,202,680	1,202,649	745,216
Total pension liability - beginning	23,097,159	21,571,880	20,369,200	19,166,551	18,421,335
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 23,138,187	\$ 23,097,159	\$ 21,571,880	\$ 20,369,200	\$ 19,166,551
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,124,726	\$ 1,050,106	\$ 1,138,692	\$ 961,952	\$ 2,072,711
Contributions - state	82,263	85,154	77,754	65,862	62,542
Contributions - employee	133,974	117,033	108,536	114,679	105,628
Net investment income	1,682,841	1,607,425	(730,080)	1,564,849	1,435,540
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(2,043,511)	(867,064)	(854,438)	(751,882)	(1,102,107)
Administrative expense	(45,206)	(42,535)	(41,503)	(38,332)	(32,304)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	935,087	1,950,119	 (301,039)	 1,917,128	 2,542,010
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	17,505,608	15,555,489	15,856,528	13,939,400	11,397,390
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 18,440,695	\$ 17,505,608	\$ 15,555,489	\$ 15,856,528	\$ 13,939,400
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 4,697,492	\$ 5,591,551	\$ 6,016,391	\$ 4,512,672	\$ 5,227,151
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79.70%	75.79%	72.11%	77.85%	72.73%
Covered payroll*	\$ 1,680,575	\$ 1,462,915	\$ 1,599,122	\$ 1,433,491	\$ 1,320,347
City's net position liability as a percentage of covered payroll	279.52%	382.22%	376.23%	314.80%	395.89%

MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	D	actuarially letermined ontribution	in the D	ontributions relation to e Actuarially determined ontributions	_	ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll ¹	Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
09/30/2022	\$	1,366,688	\$	1,407,879	\$	(41,191)	\$ 2,040,747	68.99%
09/30/2021	\$	1,405,768	\$	1,437,292	\$	(31,524)	\$ 1,963,363	73.21%
09/30/2020	\$	1,330,200	\$	1,332,641	\$	(2,441)	\$ 1,951,013	68.31%
09/30/2019	\$	1,343,730	\$	1,440,834	\$	(97,104)	\$ 1,918,791	75.09%
09/30/2018	\$	1,338,286	\$	1,338,286	\$	-	\$ 1,858,989	71.99%
09/30/2017	\$	1,206,989	\$	1,206,989	\$	-	\$ 1,680,575	71.82%
09/30/2016	\$	1,162,579	\$	1,162,579	\$	-	\$ 1,462,915	79.47%
09/30/2015	\$	967,464	\$	1,216,446	\$	(248,982)	\$ 1,599,122	76.07%
09/30/2014	\$	1,027,813	\$	1,027,813	\$	-	\$ 1,433,491	71.70%
09/30/2013	\$	729,756	\$	2,135,253	\$	(1,405,497)	\$ 1,320,347	161.72%

¹ The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 09/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: 10/1/2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Mortality Rate: Healthy Active Lives:

Female: Pub S.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year

Male: Pub S.H-2010 (Below Median) for Employees, set forward one year

Healthy Retiree Lives:

Female: Pub S.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year Male: Pub S.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year

Beneficiary Lives:

Female: Pub S.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees

Male: Pub S.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set back one year

Disabled Lives:

80% Pub G.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% Pub S.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees

The assumed rates of mortality were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of

Florida. This law mandates the use of the mortality assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in the July 1, 2019 FRS actuarial valuation report for special risk employees.

Interest Rate: 7.5% per year compounded annually, net of investment expenses. This is supported by

the target asset allocation of the trust and the expected long-term return by asset class.

Retirement Age: Two years after the earlier of age 60 with 5 years of service, age 55 with 10 years of service,

or 25 years of service regardless of age. Also, any member who reached Normal Retirement

plus two years is assumed to continue employment for one additional year.

Early Retirement: Commencing at eligibility for early retirement (age 50), members are assumed to retire with an

immediate benefit at the rate of 2.0% per year.

Disability Rates: See table. It is assumed that 75% of disablements and active Member deaths are service

related. The assumed rates of disablement were developed from those used by other plans

containing Florida municipal Police Officers.

Termination Rate:	Credited Service	Termination Probability
	0 - 1	15%
	2 - 4	10%
	5+	0%
Salary Increases:	Years of Service	Increase Rate
	0	7.25%
	1	7.00%
	2	6.75%
	3	6.50%
	4	6.25%
	5 - 9	6.00%
	10 - 14	5.25%
	15+	4.50%
	completed in April 2016. Pro Members who had 10 or mor for Members who had less the	r increases were approved from a special actuarial study objected salary in the year of retirement is increased 10% for e years of Credited Service as of September 30, 2011 and 5% nan 10 years of Credited Service as of September 30, 2011. unt for non-regular compensation.
Cost of Living Adjustment:	3.00% automatic COLA to No	ormal and Early Retirees, beginning one year after retirement
Payroll Growth Assumption:	None.	
Funding Method:	Entry age normal actuarial co	st method

Amortization Method: Level percentage of pay, closed

Remaining Amortization: 18 years (as of 10/01/2017)

Actuarial Asset Method: Each year, the prior actuarial value of assets is brought forward utilizing the historic

geometric 4-year average fair value returns, net of fees. It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below fair value.

Disability Rate Table:

%	Be	com	ing	D	isabled	

Age	During the Year
20	0.051%
30	0.058%
40	0.121%
50	0.429%

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses for the pension plans:

For the year ended September 30,	GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN	MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN
2022	-15.71%	-17.07%
2021	20.09%	21.16%
2020	8.46%	6.73%
2019	3.60%	2.62%
2018	6.80%	5.91%
2017	13.22%	9.83%
2016	6.17%	10.07%
2015	-2.23%	-4.50%
2014	11.00%	10.91%
2013	12.96%	12.01%

CITY OF SANIBEL OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Five Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$ 37,195	\$ 30,341	\$ 24,968	\$ 27,596	\$ 29,110
Interest	11,809	16,490	16,033	16,590	14,065
Differences between expected and actual experience	96,914	(45, 123)	(18,511)	(60,376)	-
Changes of assumptions	(130, 147)	108,833	70,817	(26,824)	(18, 256)
Benefit payments	(31,744)	(20,607)	(22,534)	(30,633)	(23,932)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(15,973)	 89,934	70,773	(73,647)	987
Total OPEB liability - beginning	530,436	440,502	369,729	443,376	442,389
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 514,463	\$ 530,436	\$ 440,502	\$ 369,729	\$ 443,376
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,026,025	\$ 7,180,041	\$ 7,194,401	\$ 8,118,828	\$ 7,796,542
City's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.32%	7.39%	6.12%	4.55%	5.69%

Notes to Schedule:

- * Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be presented as it becomes available
- * There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits
- * Benefit payments: The plan sponsor did not provide actual net benefits paid by the Plan for the fiscal year ending on September 30, 2022. Expected net benefit payments produced by the valuation model for the same period are shown in the table above.
- * Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience reflects the impact of changes to the census data from the prior valuation to the valuation as of September 30, 2021
- * Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of modifying the annual per capita claims cost and premiums to consider current plan experience and enrollment, health care inflation rates, and the change due to the discount rate in each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022: 2.43% Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2021: 2.14% Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2020: 3.58% Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019: 4.18%



The Combining Financial Statements and Schedules include the non-major governmental funds. The non-major governmental funds include special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital project funds. This section contains the following information:

- Description of Non-major Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds
- Combing Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds
- Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

- Road Impact Fees to account for revenue collected by the City at the time of building permit issuance based on a county-wide ordinance assessing road impact fees which funds are used to improve roads on Sanibel.
- Community Park Impact Fees to account for revenue collected by the City at the time of building permit
 issuance based on a county-wide ordinance assessing community park impact fees which funds are used
 to improve community parks on Sanibel.
- **Building Department** to account for the receipts and disbursements of building-type permit revenues and the associated inspection and operations expenditures related thereto.
- Recreation Center to account for the recreation center programs and the Center-4-Life Seniors program. Revenues are received from membership fees and program fees. The Recreation Center is also partially supported by transfers from the General Fund.
- Recreation Financial Assistance to account for the receipt and disbursement of donations received from
 private citizens to support income-based reduction of fees for the City's Recreation Center before and
 after school programs.
- Elementary School Ball Park Maintenance to account for the operation and maintenance of the ball fields, formerly Lee County School Board facilities, pursuant to interlocal operation and reimbursement agreements with Lee County and with the Lee County School Board.
- **Shell Harbor Dredging** to account for financial resources including special assessments from benefiting property owners used to retain navigability for both property owners and public access.
- Sanibel Estates Canal Trimming to account for financial resources including special assessments from benefiting property owners used to retain navigability and roadway drainage in canals.
- Sanibel Isles/Water Shadows Dredging to account for financial resources including special assessments from benefiting property owners used to retain navigability for both property owners and public access.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

- 2012 \$2.97M General Obligation Bonds to account for the debt service payments and administrative costs for the 2002 GO Bonds and the 2012 GO Refunding Bonds issued to retire the 2002 GO Bonds. Revenues are received from voter approved ad valorem property taxes.
- **2020 Public Safety Vehicle Financed Purchase Obligation** to account for the debt service payments related to the financed purchase of vehicles for the City's Police Department.
- 2020 \$5.0 Million Capital Improvement Revenue Note to account for the debt service payments related to a \$5.0 million bank loan that was issued to acquire and renovate a building for a new senior center in the City.
- 2006/2016 \$6.52M General Obligation Bonds (Construction of Recreation Center) to account for the debt service payments and administrative costs of the \$6.52 million General Obligation Bonds issued in 2016 that refunded the original 2006 issue. Revenues are received from voter approved ad valorem property taxes.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Project Funds account for all resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital facilities.

- Capital Asset Acquisition to account for financial resources to be used for on-going and/or routine capital acquisitions such as vehicle replacement, equipment, and other capital assets.
- Transportation Capital Projects to account for financial resources to be used for the maintenance and upgrading of roads and streets, including drainage, resurfacing, reshelling, shared-use paths and the professional engineering cost associated therewith.
- Center 4 Life Capital Improvement Project to account for the financial resources to be used to renovate a new senior center in the City.
- Recreation Facility Sinking Fund sinking fund to accumulate funds necessary for the rehabilitation and replacement of components and equipment at the Recreation Complex.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

	Special	Revenue	Funds
--	---------	---------	-------

										Opecial Net	VCII	uc i unus								
	lm	Road pact Fees		ommunity Park pact Fees		Building Department	F	Recreation Center		Recreation Financial Assistance		Elementary School Ball Park Maintenance		Shell Harbor Dredging		Sanibel Estates Canal Trimming		Sanibel Isles/ Water Shadows Dredging		Total
ASSETS	_												_		_				_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,601,069	\$	63,530	\$	2,063,048	\$	1,226,265	\$	188,996	\$	8,861	\$	64,766	\$	32,099	\$	171,580	\$	5,420,214
Prepaid items		-		-		1,651		6,897		4 004		-		36		-		-		8,548
Accounts receivable Due from other funds		-		-		-		22,051		1,024		-		30		-		-		23,111
Due from other governments		_		-		-		6,033		-		89,684		187		49		39		95,992
Inventories		_		_		-		932		_		03,004		-		-		-		932
Total assets	\$	1,601,069	\$	63,530	\$	2,064,699	\$	1,262,178	\$	190,020	\$	98,545	\$	64,989	\$	32,148	\$	171,619	\$	5,548,797
Total assets	φ	1,001,009	φ	03,330	φ	2,004,099	φ	1,202,170	φ	190,020	φ	90,040	φ	04,909	Φ	32,140	φ	17 1,019	φ	5,546,797
LIABILITIES																				
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	50,264	Φ.	58,772	2	_	\$	8,895	Ф	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	117,931
Due to other funds	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	50,204	Ψ	50,772	Ψ	_	Ψ	25,000	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	25,000
Due to other governments		_		_		3,620		_		_		-		_		-		_		3,620
Accrued liabilities		-		_		2,739		23,626		-		_		-		-		-		26,365
Unearned revenue		-		-		, -		26		16,139		-		-		-		-		16,165
Total liabilities		_				56,623		82,424	_	16,139	_	33,895	_			_	_		_	189,081
					_				-		-		_		_		_		_	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOU	RCES																			
Unavailable revenue								<u> </u>				22,466								22,466
FUND BALANCES																				
Nonspendable:																				
Inventory		_		_		_		932		_		_		_		_		_		932
Prepaid items		_		_		1,651		6,897		_		_		_		_		_		8,548
Restricted:						.,00.		0,001												0,0.0
Building permits/operations		-		_		2,006,425		-		-		_		-		-		-		2,006,425
Capital projects		1,601,069		63,530		-		-		-		-		-		_		-		1,664,599
Debt service		-		· -		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Donations received		-		-		-		-		173,881		-		-		-		-		173,881
Canal dredging and trimming		-		-		-		-		-		-		64,989		32,148		171,619		268,756
Committed:																				
Parks and recreation								1,171,925				42,184								1,214,109
Assigned:																				
Other capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned:	_			-		-			_	-	_	_					_		_	<u> </u>
Total fund balances		1,601,069		63,530	_	2,008,076	_	1,179,754	_	173,881	_	42,184	_	64,989	_	32,148		171,619	_	5,337,250
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,601,069	\$	63,530	\$	2,064,699	\$	1,262,178	\$	190,020	\$	98,545	\$	64,989	\$	32,148	\$	171,619	\$	5,548,797

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

			Debt Service						Capital Projects	S		
	2012 \$2.97M General Obligation Bonds	2020 Public Safety Vehicle Financed Purchase Obligation	2020 \$5.0M Capital Improvement Revenue Note	2016 \$6.52M General Obligation Bond	Total		Capital Asset Acquisition	Transportation Capital Projects	Center4Life Capital Improvement Project	Recreation Facility Sinking Fund	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 979	\$ 1,392	\$ 67	\$ 27,131	\$ 29,569	\$	1,479,501	\$ 1,349,617	7 \$ 3,108,451	\$ 1,016,365	\$ 6,953,934	\$ 12,403,717
Prepaid items	ў 979	φ 1,392 -	φ 0 <i>1</i>	Φ 21,131 -	φ 29,509 -	Φ	1,479,501	φ 1,349,011	- э 3,106,431 	\$ 1,010,303	φ 0,933,934 -	8,548
Accounts receivable	_	_	_	_	_		_			_	_	23,111
Due from other funds	-	_	-	-	_		_			_	_	
Due from other governments	20	_	-	63	83		_			_	_	96,075
Inventories		_	-	-	-		_			_	_	932
Total assets	\$ 999	\$ 1,392	\$ 67	\$ 27,194	\$ 29,652	\$	1,479,501	\$ 1,349,617	7 \$ 3,108,451	\$ 1,016,365	\$ 6,953,934	\$ 12,532,383
Total assets	999	ψ 1,39Z	5 07	5 27,194	\$ 29,032	φ	1,479,301	φ 1,349,011	3 3,100,431	\$ 1,010,303	\$ 0,955,954	φ 12,552,565
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,553	\$	- \$ -	\$ 6,696	\$ 11,249	\$ 129,180
Due to other funds	2,500	135,000	250	-	137,750		· -				· -	162,750
Due to other governments	-	-	_	-	-		_			_	_	3,620
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	-		_			-	-	26,365
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	-		_			-	-	16,165
Total liabilities	2,500	135,000	250		137,750		4,553			6,696	11,249	338,080
rotal habilities		,			,	_	.,000		<u> </u>		,	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	RCES											
Unavailable revenue						_						22,466
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable:												
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-		-			-	-	932
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-		-			-	-	8,548
Restricted:												
Building permits/operations	-	-	-	-	-		-			-	-	2,006,425
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	-		-	699,617	7 3,080,149	-	3,779,766	5,444,365
Debt service	-	-	-	27,194	27,194		-			-	-	27,194
Donations received	-		-	-	-		-			-	-	173,881
Canal dredging and trimming	-	-	-	-	-		-			-	-	268,756
Committed:												
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-		-			-	-	1,214,109
Assigned:												
Other capital projects	-	-	-	-	-		1,474,948	650,000	28,302	1,009,669	3,162,919	3,162,919
Unassigned:	(1,501)	(133,608)	(183)		(135,292)	_						(135,292)
Total fund balances	(1,501)	(133,608)	(183)	27,194	(108,098)	_	1,474,948	1,349,617	3,108,451	1,009,669	6,942,685	12,171,837
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 999	\$ 1,392	\$ 67	\$ 27,194	\$ 29,652	\$	1,479,501	\$ 1,349,617	7 \$ 3,108,451	\$ 1,016,365	\$ 6,953,934	\$ 12,532,383

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES $\,$

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Special F	Revenue	Fund:
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•	Road Impact Fees	Community Park Impact Fees	Building Department	Recreation Center	Recreation Financial Assistance	Elementary School Ball Park Maintenance	Shell Harbor Dredging	Sanibel Estates Canal Trimming	Sanibel Isles/ Water Shadows Dredging	Total
REVENUES	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		•
Taxes - Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Ψ.	Ψ	\$ -	•
Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Intergovernmental revenue	-	-	1,650,351	18,993	-	163,855	39,849	6,766	9,734	1,706,700 182,848
Charges for services	-	-	12,076	450,639	-	103,000	-	-	-	462,715
Fines and forfeitures	_	-	1,839	430,039	_	_	_	_	_	1,839
Other revenue	302,829	27,608	7,562	12,137	15,158	68	549	180	779	366,870
Total revenues	302,829	27,608	1,671,828	481,769	15,158	163,923	40,398	6,946	10,513	2,720,972
Total Teverides	302,029	27,000	1,07 1,020	401,709	13, 130	103,923	40,390	0,940	10,515	2,720,972
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Public safety	-	-	1,249,333	-	-	-	_	-	_	1,249,333
Public Works/Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,004	1,609	244	55,857
Culture/recreation	-	-	-	1,822,651	25,174	256,067	-	-	-	2,103,892
Debt Service										
Principal retirement	-	-	-	3,348	-	-	-	-	-	3,348
Interest & fiscal charges	-	-	-	128	-	-	-	-	-	128
Capital outlay				4,343						4,343
Total expenditures			1,249,333	1,830,470	25,174	256,067	54,004	1,609	244	3,416,901
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over										
(under) expenditures	302,829	27,608	422,495	(1,348,701)	(10,016)	(92,144)	(13,606)	5,337	10,269	(695,929)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES (USES))									
Transfers in	(0=0=14)	-	-	2,089,996	-	110,000	14,580	3,000	5,000	2,222,576
Transfers out	(256,511)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(256,511)
Leases				4,343						4,343
Total other financing sources (uses)	(256,511)	·		2,094,339		110,000	14,580	3,000	5,000	1,970,408
Net change in fund balances	46,318	27,608	422,495	745,638	(10,016)	17,856	974	8,337	15,269	1,274,479
Fund balances:										
Beginning of year	1,554,751	35,922	1,585,581	434,116	183,897	24,328	64,015	23,811	156,350	4,062,771
End of year	\$ 1,601,069	\$ 63,530	\$ 2,008,076	\$ 1,179,754	\$ 173,881	\$ 42,184	\$ 64,989	\$ 32,148	\$ 171,619	\$ 5,337,250

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		De	ebt Service Fund	ls							
	2012 \$2.97M General Obligation Bonds	2020 Public Safety Vehicle Capital Lease Obligation	2020 \$5.0M Capital Improvement Revenue Note	2016 \$6.52M General Obligation Bonds Total		Capital Asset Acquisition	Transportation Capital Projects	Center4Life Capital Improvement Project	Recreation Facility Sinking Fund	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES											
Taxes - Property	\$ 178,129	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 555,300	\$ 733,429	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 733,429
Permits/Fee/Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,706,700
Intergovernmental revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	182,848
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	462,715
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,839
Other revenue	17			1,981	1,998	5,197	2,489	13,914	3,800	25,400	394,268
Total revenues	178,146			557,281	735,427	5,197	2,489	13,914	3,800	25,400	3,481,799
EXPENDITURES											
Current						57.500				57.500	57.500
General government	-	-	-	-	-	57,593	-	-	-	57,593	57,593
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 000	-	-	4 000	1,249,333
Public Works/Transportation	-	-	-	-	-		1,000	- C 400	204.000	1,000	56,857
Culture/recreation Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	62,692	-	6,400	294,990	364,082	2,467,974
	325,000	239,391	307,059	445,000	1,316,450						1,319,798
Principal retirement Interest & fiscal charges	6,728	26,987	117,500	102,892	254,107	-	-	-	-	-	254,235
	0,720	20,907	117,300	102,092	234, 107	40,130	58,094	-	10,511	108,735	113,078
Capital outlay			404.550		4 570 557						
Total expenditures	331,728	266,378	424,559	547,892	1,570,557	160,415	59,094	6,400	305,501	531,410	5,518,868
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over											
(under) expenditures	(153,582)	(266,378)	(424,559)	9,389	(835, 130)	(155,218)	(56,605)	7,514	(301,701)	(506,010)	(2,037,069)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES (USES)	5)										
Transfers in	_	199,728	425,400	_	625,128	548,232	906,511	_	450,000	1,904,743	4,752,447
Transfers out		100,720	420,400		020, 120	040,202	300,011		400,000	1,504,740	(256,511)
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	4,343
issualice of dept										<u>-</u>	4,040
Total other financing sources (uses)		199,728	425,400		625,128	548,232	906,511		450,000	1,904,743	4,500,279
Net change in fund balances	(153,582)	(66,650)	841	9,389	(210,002)	393,014	849,906	7,514	148,299	1,398,733	2,463,210
Fund balances:											
Beginning of year	152,081	(66,958)	(1,024)	17,805	101,904	1,081,934	499,711	3,100,937	861,370	5,543,952	9,708,627
Degilling of year	102,001	(00,550)	(1,024)	17,000	101,304	1,001,334	400,711	0,100,901	001,070	0,040,002	3,700,027
End of year	\$ (1,501)	\$ (133,608)	\$ (183)	\$ 27,194	\$ (108,098)	\$ 1,474,948	\$ 1,349,617	\$ 3,108,451	\$ 1,009,669	\$ 6,942,685	\$ 12,171,837

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Road Impact Fees Fund									
		Bud	get	S			Vai	riance with		
		Original	Final		Actual		Fin	al Budget		
REVENUES										
Other revenue	\$	125,000	\$	125,000	\$	302,829	\$	177,829		
Total revenues	_	125,000	_	125,000	_	302,829		177,829		
EXPENDITURES										
Total expenditures			_					-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over										
(under) expenditures		125,000	_	125,000		302,829		177,829		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers out	_			(256,511)	_	(256,511)		-		
Net change in fund balances		125,000		(131,511)		46,318		177,829		
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,552,506		1,554,751		1,554,751		-		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,677,506	\$	1,423,240	\$	1,601,069	\$	177,829		
		Co	omr	nunity Park	lmp	act Fees Fu	ınd			
		Bud		•				riance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget		
REVENUES										
Other revenue	\$	10,550	\$	10,550	\$	27,608	\$	17,058		
Total revenues	_	10,550		10,550		27,608		17,058		
EXPENDITURES										
Total expenditures	_		_		_			-		
Net change in fund balances		10,550	_	10,550		27,608		17,058		
Fund balances, beginning of year		36,765	_	35,922		35,922				
Fund balances, end of year	\$	47,315	\$	46,472	\$	63,530	\$	17,058		

	Building Department Fund										
		Bud	gets	3				ariance with			
		Original	Final			Actual	Final Budget				
REVENUES											
Licenses & Permits	\$	1,089,218	\$	1,089,218	\$	1,650,351	\$	561,133			
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-			
Charges for services		12,000		12,000		12,076		76			
Fines and forfeitures		20,000		20,000		1,839		(18,161)			
Other revenue		31,000		31,000		7,562		(23,438)			
Total revenues		1,152,218		1,152,218	_	1,671,828		519,610			
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
Public safety		1,456,020		1,467,273		1,249,333		217,940			
Capital Outlay		675,000		675,000		-		675,000			
Total expenditures		2,131,020	_	2,142,273	_	1,249,333	_	892,940			
Net change in fund balances		(978,802)		(990,055)	_	422,495	_	1,412,550			
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,444,540		1,585,581		1,585,581					
Fund balances, end of year	\$	465,738	\$	595,526	\$	2,008,076	\$	1,412,550			

	Recreation Center Fund										
		Bud	get	s			Variance with				
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget			
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenue Total revenues	\$	16,000 275,000 18,000 309,000	\$	16,000 275,000 18,000 309,000	\$	18,993 450,639 12,137 481,769	\$	2,993 175,639 (5,863) 172,769			
EXPENDITURES	_				_		_	,			
Current Culture/recreation	_	2,386,582		2,478,631		1,822,651		655,980			
Total expenditures		2,386,582	_	2,478,631		1,830,470		648,161			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		(2,077,582)		(2,169,631)	_	(1,348,701)		820,930			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)		2,065,566 2,065,566		2,089,996 2,089,996		2,089,996 2,089,996	_	<u>-</u>			
Net change in fund balances		(12,016)		(79,635)		741,295		820,930			
Fund balances, beginning of year		269,762		434,116		434,116					
Fund balances, end of year	\$	257,746	\$	354,481	\$	1,175,411	\$	820,930			
		Red	rea	ation Financia	al A	ssistance F	und				
		Bud	get	s			Vai	riance with			
	_	Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget			
REVENUES Other revenue	\$	19,600	\$	19,600	\$	15,158	\$	(4,442)			
Total revenues		19,600		19,600		15,158		(4,442)			
EXPENDITURES Current											
Culture/recreation		22,000		22,000		25,174		(3,174)			
Total expenditures		22,000		22,000		25,174		(3,174)			
Net change in fund balances		(2,400)		(2,400)		(10,016)		(7,616)			
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	186,907		183,897		183,897		<u>-</u>			
Fund balances, end of year	\$	184,507	\$	181,497	\$	173,881	\$	(7,616)			

	Elementary School Ball Park Maintenance Fund								
		Bud	gets				Vari	ance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Fina	al Budget	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other revenue	\$	139,734 400	\$	137,885 400	\$	163,855 68	\$	25,970 (332)	
Total revenues		140,134		138,285		163,923		25,638	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Culture/recreation		267,712		260,429		256,067		4,362	
Total expenditures		267,712		260,429		256,067		4,362	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		(127,578)		(122,144)		(92,144)		30,000	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfer in		110,000		104,566	_	110,000		5,434	
Total other financing sources (uses)		110,000		104,566		110,000		(5,434)	
Net change in fund balances		(17,578)	_	(17,578)		17,856		35,434	
Fund balances, beginning of year		19,292		24,328		24,328		<u>-</u>	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,714	\$	6,750	\$	42,184	\$	35,434	
			Sh	ell Harbor [Ored	lging Fund			
		Bud			Ored	lging Fund	Vari	ance with	
		Bud Original			Dred	lging Fund		ance with	
REVENUES Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue	\$				Ored				
Permits/Fee/Special Assessments	\$	Original 41,040	gets	Final 41,040		Actual 39,849	Fina	(1,191)	
Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES	\$	Original 41,040 100	gets	Final 41,040 100		Actual 39,849 549	Fina	(1,191) 449	
Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues	\$ 	Original 41,040 100	gets	Final 41,040 100		Actual 39,849 549	Fina	(1,191) 449	
Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current	\$ 	41,040 100 41,140	gets	Final 41,040 100 41,140		Actual 39,849 549 40,398	Fina	(1,191) 449 (742)	
Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current Public Works	\$	0riginal 41,040 100 41,140	gets	Final 41,040 100 41,140		Actual 39,849 549 40,398	Fina	(1,191) 449 (742)	
Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current Public Works Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenue over	\$	41,040 100 41,140 1,200 1,200	gets	Final 41,040 100 41,140 1,200 1,200		Actual 39,849 549 40,398 54,004 54,004	Fina	(1,191) 449 (742) (52,804) (52,804)	
Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current Public Works Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	0riginal 41,040 100 41,140 1,200 1,200 39,940	gets	Final 41,040 100 41,140 1,200 1,200 39,940		Actual 39,849 549 40,398 54,004 54,004 (13,606)	Fina	(1,191) 449 (742) (52,804) (52,804)	
Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current Public Works Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in	\$	0riginal 41,040 100 41,140 1,200 1,200 39,940 14,580	gets	Final 41,040 100 41,140 1,200 1,200 39,940 14,580		Actual 39,849 549 40,398 54,004 54,004 (13,606) 14,580	Fina	(1,191) 449 (742) (52,804) (52,804)	
Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current Public Works Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	1,200 39,940 14,580 14,580	gets	Final 41,040 100 41,140 1,200 1,200 39,940 14,580 14,580		Actual 39,849 549 40,398 54,004 54,004 (13,606) 14,580 14,580	Fina	(1,191) 449 (742) (52,804) (53,546)	

	Sanibel Estates Canal Trimming Fund								
		Bud	gets				Varia	ance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Fina	l Budget	
REVENUES Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue	\$	6,775 500	\$	6,775 500	\$	6,766 180	\$	(9) (320)	
Total revenues		7,275		7,275		6,946		(329)	
EXPENDITURES Current									
Public Works		10,500		10,500		1,609		8,891	
Total expenditures		10,500		10,500		1,609		8,891	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		(3,225)		(3,225)		5,337		8,562	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		3,000		3,000		3,000			
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,000		3,000	_	3,000			
Net change in fund balances		(225)		(225)		8,337		8,562	
Fund balances, beginning of year		32,007		23,811		23,811		<u>-</u>	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	31,782	\$	23,586	\$	32,148	\$	8,562	
		Sanibe	l Isle	ows Dredgin	ıg Fur	nd			
		Bud	gets				Varia	ance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	<u>Fina</u>	l Budget	
REVENUES Permits/Fee/Special Assessments Other revenue	\$	9,750 3,000	\$	9,750 3,000	\$	9,734 779	\$	(16) (2,221)	
Total revenues		12,750		12,750		10,513		(2,237)	
EXPENDITURES Current									
Public Works		240		240		244		(4)	
Total expenditures		240		240		244		(4)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		12,510		12,510		10,269		(2,241)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in								-	
Transfers in		5,000		5,000		5,000			
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,000		5,000		5,000			
Net change in fund balances		17,510		17,510		15,269		(2,241)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		157,264		156,350		156,350			
Fund balances, end of year	\$	174,774	\$	173,860	\$	171,619	\$	(2,241)	

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	2	2012 \$2.97N	l Ge	neral Obliga	atio	n Refunding	Bono	ds Fund	
		Bud	gets	1			Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fina	al Budget	
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	176,045	\$	176,045	\$	178,129	\$	2,084	
Other revenue		6,000		6,000		17		(5,983)	
Total revenues		182,045		182,045		178,146		(3,899)	
EXPENDITURES									
Debt Service									
Principal retirement		325,000		325,000		325,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		6,728		6,728		6,728			
Total expenditures		331,728		331,728		331,728			
Net change in fund balances		(149,683)		(149,683)		(153,582)		(3,899)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		150,781		152,081		152,081			
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,098	\$	2,398	\$	(1,501)	\$	(3,899)	
		2020 Pu	hlic	Safety Veh	icle	Financed P	urch:	9SE	
		Bud		•	1010	T manoca 1		ance with	
		Original	9-1-	Final		Actual		al Budget	
REVENUES									
Total revenues	\$	_	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		
EXPENDITURES									
Debt Service									
Principal retirement		197,406		197,406		239,391		(41,985)	
Interest and fiscal charges		2,322		2,322		26,987		(24,665)	
Total expenditures		199,728		199,728		266,378		(66,650)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over									
(under) expenditures		(199,728)		(199,728)	_	(266,378)		(66,650)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		199,775		199,775		199,728		(47)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		199,775		199,775		199,728		47	
Net change in fund balances		47		47		(66,650)		(66,697)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		(47)		(66,958)		(66,958)			
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$	(66,911)	\$	(133,608)	\$	(66,697)	

	2020 \$	5.0M Capital Imp	provement Reve	nue Note
	Bu	dgets		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES Total revenues	\$.	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues	Ψ	- Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -
EXPENDITURES				
Debt Service	207.050	207.050	207.050	
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	307,059 117,421		307,059 117,500	(79)
Total expenditures	424,480	. —	424,559	(79)
·				(. 5)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over				
(under) expenditures	(424,480	(424,480)	(424,559)	(79)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	425,400	425,400	425,400	
Total other financing sources (uses)	425,400	425,400	425,400	(850,800)
Net change in fund balances	920	920	841	
Fund balances, beginning of year	(920	(1,024)	(1,024)	<u> </u>
Fund balances, end of year	\$	\$ (104)	\$ (183)	\$ -
		M General Obliga	ation Refunding	Bonds Fund
		dgets	_	Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES	A 540.044	Φ 540.044	Φ 555.000	Φ 0.050
Taxes Other revenue	\$ 548,941 7,500	\$ 548,941 7,500	\$ 555,300 1,981	\$ 6,359 (5,519)
Total revenues	556,441	556,441	557,281	840
EXPENDITURES Debt Service				
Principal retirement	445,000	445,000	445,000	_
Interest and fiscal charges	102,892	102,892	102,892	_
Total expenditures	547,892	547,892	547,892	
Net change in fund balances	8,549	8,549	9,389	840
Fund balances, beginning of year	16,548	17,805	17,805	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 25,097	\$ 26,354	\$ 27,194	\$ 840
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	Capital Asset Acquisition Fund									
		Bud	get	s			Va	ariance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget			
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental	\$	48,750	\$	48,750	\$	-	\$	(48,750)		
Other revenue		15,000	_	15,000		5,197		(9,803)		
Total revenues		63,750	_	63,750		5,197		(58,553)		
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government		-		-		57,593		(57,593)		
Culture/recreation		-		368,232		62,692		305,540		
Capital Outlay		1,217,310		1,752,351		40,130		1,712,221		
Total expenditures		1,217,310	_	2,120,583		160,415	_	1,960,168		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over										
(under) expenditures	((1,153,560)		(2,056,833)		(155,218)	_	1,901,615		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		180,000		548,232		548,232		<u>-</u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)		180,000	_	548,232		548,232				
Net change in fund balances		(973,560)		(1,508,601)		393,014		1,901,615		
Fund balances, beginning of year		992,444	_	1,081,934		1,081,934				
Fund balances, end of year	\$	18,884	\$	(426,667)	\$	1,474,948	\$	1,901,615		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Transportation Capital Projects Fund									
		Bud	get	S			Va	riance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget		
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other revenue Total revenues	\$	1,060,311 12,000 1,072,311	\$	1,060,311 12,000 1,072,311	\$	2,489 2,489	_	(1,060,311) (9,511) (1,069,822)		
	_	1,072,011	_	1,072,011		2,400		(1,000,022)		
Current Transportation Capital Outlay Total expenditures	_	2,090,961 2,090,961		2,090,961 2,090,961		1,000 58,094 59,094		(1,000) 2,032,867 2,031,867		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		(1,018,650)		(1,018,650)		(56,605)		962,045		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Total other financing sources (uses)	_	650,000 650,000	_	906,511	_	906,511		<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balances		(368,650)		(112,139)		849,906		962,045		
Fund balances, beginning of year		381,420		499,710		499,711		_		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	12,770	\$	387,571	\$	1,349,617	\$	962,045		
		Cente	er 4	Life Capital	lmp	provement P	roje	ct		
		Bud	get	S			Va	riance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget		
REVENUES Other revenue Total revenues	\$	15,000 15,000	\$	15,000 15,000	\$	13,914 13,914	\$	(1,086) (1,086)		
EXPENDITURES		_						_		
Current Culture/Recreation Capital Outlay Total expenditures	_	1,788,800 1,788,800		1,788,800 1,788,800	_	6,400 - 6,400		(6,400) 1,788,800 1,782,400		
Net change in fund balances		(1,773,800)		(1,773,800)		7,514		1,781,314		
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,041,549	_	3,100,937		3,100,937				
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,267,749	\$	1,327,137	\$	3,108,451	\$	1,781,314		

	Recreation Facility Sinking Fund									
		Bud	gets	;			Vai	riance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget			
REVENUES										
Other revenue	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	3,800	\$	(11,200)		
Total revenues		15,000		15,000	_	3,800		(11,200)		
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Culture/recreation		-		-		294,990		(294,990)		
Capital Outlay		209,731		465,934	_	10,511		455,423		
Total expenditures		209,731	_	465,934	_	305,501	_	160,433		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over										
(under) expenditures		(194,731)		(450,934)		(301,701)		149,233		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfer in		450,000		450,000		450,000				
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	450,000		450,000		450,000				
Net change in fund balances		255,269		(934)	_	148,299		149,233		
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	625,676		861,371		861,370		(1)		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	880,945	\$	860,437	\$	1,009,669	\$	149,232		



Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the City. The City has two fiduciary fund types:

Pension Trust funds are used to account for the assets of the public employee retirement systems

- Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds
- Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds

Custodial funds are used to account for resources, not in a trust, that are held by the City for other parties

- Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds
- Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2022

	Р	ension Trust Fun	ds
		Municipal	Total
	General	Police	Pension Trust
	Employees'	Officers'	Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 960,560	\$ 2,281,758	\$ 3,242,318
Investments, at fair value			
Domestic equities	12,506,339	7,643,147	20,149,486
International equities	4,278,276	2,683,771	6,962,047
Fixed income securities	6,070,306	6,417,901	12,488,207
Government securities	3,885,044	-	3,885,044
Convertibles	437,035	1,201,441	1,638,476
Real estate investments	3,240,575	1,911,474	5,152,049
Total investments at fair value	30,417,575	19,857,734	50,275,309
Interest and dividends receivable	57,208	2,765	59,973
Total receivables	57,208	2,765	59,973
Total assets	31,435,343	22,142,257	53,577,600
LIABILITIES			
Accrued benefits and other liabilities	34,878	10,045	44,923
Total liabilities	34,878	10,045	44,923
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION			
Fiduciary net position restricted for pensions	\$ 31,400,465	\$ 22,132,212	\$ 53,532,677

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Р	ension Trust Fund	ds
		Municipal	Total
	General	Police	Pension Trust
	Employees'	Officers'	Funds
ADDITIONS			
Contributions			
Employer	\$ 864,056	\$ 1,312,874	\$ 2,176,930
State of Florida	- 04 777	95,005	95,005
Plan members	31,777	163,260	195,037
Total contributions	895,833	1,571,139	2,466,972
Investment income			
Net appreciation in fair value			
of investments	(7,067,387)	(6,208,888)	(13,276,275)
Interest, dividends and other	1,203,899	1,709,568	2,913,467
Total investment earnings	(5,863,488)	(4,499,320)	(10,362,808)
Less investment expense	(186,049)	(66,287)	(252,336)
Net investment earnings	(6,049,537)	(4,565,607)	(10,615,144)
Total additions	(5,153,704)	(2,994,468)	(8,148,172)
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits paid	2,337,050	1,365,646	3,702,696
Lump sum DROP disbursement	259,014	-	259,014
Refunds of contributions	-	48,717	48,717
Administrative expenses	37,946	50,561	88,507
Total deductions	2,634,010	1,464,924	4,098,934
Change in fiduciary net position	(7,787,714)	(4,459,392)	(12,247,106)
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits			
Fiduciary net position - beginning of year	39,188,179	26,591,604	65,779,783
Fiduciary net position - end of year	\$ 31,400,465	\$ 22,132,212	\$ 53,532,677

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

				C	Custo	odial Fund	s					
				Fire			Lee Co	ounty	Le	e County		
	onal Park act Fees	MS ct Fees	_	Control trict Fees	Imp	Fire act Fees	Sept Abando			School Board		Total
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,604	\$ 220	\$	7,440	\$	3,064	\$		\$	12,064	\$	25,392
LIABILITIES												
Due to other governments	 2,604	 220		7,440		3,064				12,064	_	25,392
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

				C	ust	odial Fund	ls				
	onal Park act Fees	EMS pact Fees		Fire Control strict Fees	lmp	Fire pact Fees	Lee County Septic Abandonment		ee County School Board		Total
ADDITIONS											
Fees collected for other entities	\$ 20,181	\$ 1,705	\$	23,052	\$	23,746	\$ -	\$	90,071	\$	158,755
DEDUCTIONS Fees disbursed to other entities	 20,181	 1,705	_	23,052	_	23,746		_	90,071	_	158,755
Change in fiduciary net position	 	 <u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		_			
Fiduciary net position - beginning of year	 	 <u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>						_	<u>-</u>
Fiduciary net position - end of year	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ -	\$		\$	_



This part of the City of Sanibel's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents historical and comparative information to provide a context for understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information as well as the City's overall financial health.

• Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future (NOTE: Legal Debt Margin Information omitted as per Florida State Statutes, §200.181 and the City of Sanibel Code of Ordinances, there are no legal debt limits).

• Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Y	′ear				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 34,923,762	\$ 35,123,190	\$ 35,276,082	\$ 35,484,434	\$ 36,245,903	\$36,654,567	\$ 36,620,841	\$ 37,386,612	\$ 37,809,068	\$ 38,084,139
Restricted	5,552,794	5,268,715	5,944,908	5,517,521	5,275,186	5,502,498	4,577,917	4,486,575	3,088,775	2,412,824
Unrestricted	9,905,893	9,256,514	7,416,184	6,342,543	1,274,549	1,660,316	2,696,964	3,185,205	4,085,080	20,959,613
Total governmental activities net position	50,382,449	49,648,419	48,637,174	47,344,498	42,795,638	43,817,381	43,895,722	45,058,392	44,982,923	61,456,576
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	38,092,607	35,779,824	31,811,206	31,130,996	26,240,152	25,118,198	23,771,834	23,457,165	22,473,067	21,561,359
Restricted	1,765,079	2,504,601	3,320,388	3,779,011	4,387,166	4,929,408	5,567,631	6,253,240	7,178,063	8,708,21
Unrestricted	15,926,502	14,975,346	15,148,812	11,845,802	12,612,706	9,768,978	8,797,604	7,129,486	4,555,122	4,353,893
Total business-type activities net position	55,784,188	53,259,771	50,280,406	46,755,809	43,240,024	39,816,584	38,137,069	36,839,891	34,206,252	34,623,463
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	73,016,369	70,903,014	67,087,288	66,615,430	62,486,055	61,772,765	61,772,765	60,392,675	60,843,777	60,282,13
Restricted	7,317,873	7,773,316	9,265,296	9,296,532	9,662,352	10,431,906	10,431,906	10,145,548	10,739,815	10,266,838
Unrestricted	25,832,395	24,231,860	22,564,996	18,188,345	13,887,255	11,429,294	11,429,294	11,494,568	10,314,691	8,640,20
Total primary government net position	\$ 106,166,637	\$102,908,190	\$ 98,917,580	\$ 94,100,307	\$ 86,035,662	\$83,633,965	\$ 82,032,791	\$ 81,898,283	\$ 79,189,175	\$ 96,080,039

Note: Fiscal year 2018 includes the implementation of GASB Statement 75, which required the recognition of deferred outflows of resources, net other post-employment liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources related to the City's other post-employment plan. The net effect of these changes decreased the City's total net position by \$145,294 in fiscal year 2018. Prior years have not been restated to reflect the changes required by GASB Statement 75.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$ 4,024,154	, - ,	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	, , , , , ,
Public safety	7,538,322	6,252,183	6,579,164	6,796,956	6,057,803	5,874,586	5,660,436	4,914,342	4,818,715	4,968,234
Physical environment	844,545	784,804	843,172	755,440	537,456	587,814	646,824	646,509	625,663	657,770
Public Works/Transportation	4,564,143	4,390,829	4,889,081	5,103,352	7,631,231	5,260,537	5,215,574	4,150,278	4,114,671	4,207,936
Economic development	433,107	414,832	434,337	434,452	364,022	349,427	352,019	330,604	319,055	310,986
Human services	4 070 044	4 400 000	4 400 040	4 007 000	4 440 505		24,579	1,000	1,000	1,000
Culture/recreation	4,872,911	4,192,093	4,129,016	4,607,626	4,448,505	5,059,094	4,932,373	4,962,842	4,580,446	4,526,040
Interest on long-term debt	247,160	283,142	213,030	155,987	174,165	189,885	344,918	346,967	357,954	381,058
otal governmental activities expenses	22,524,342	19,579,078	20,111,902	21,258,190	22,090,420	20,762,253	21,029,520	18,411,785	16,806,939	17,698,498
Business-type activities										
Sewer	7,759,273	7,648,380	6,975,946	6,972,361	6,717,142	6,743,168	7,048,610	6,729,763	6,651,541	7,197,611
Beach parking	6,394,843	4,945,932	4,666,745	4,846,982	5,870,972	4,644,671	4,160,279	3,373,708	2,687,152	2,593,668
otal business-type activities expenses	14,154,116	12,594,312	11,642,691	11,819,343	12,588,114	11,387,839	11,208,889	10,103,471	9,338,693	9,791,279
otal primary government expenses	36,678,458	32,173,390	31,754,593	33,077,533	34,678,534	32,150,092	32,238,409	28,515,256	26,145,632	27,489,777
Program Revenues										
Sovernmental activities										
Charges for services										
General government	2,648,990	2,543,459	2,233,203	2,370,152	2,415,720	2,343,738	2,181,005	1,679,310	1,575,060	1,608,000
Public safety	1,995,033	1,171,612	1,193,038	1,369,342	1,274,813	1,420,555	958,104	717,757	753,675	846,56
Other activities	720,665	543,120	733,061	953,547	946,088	925,324	968,431	954,614	854,529	787,727
Operating grants and contributions	2,723,280	1,890,972	2,762,845	5,886,070	2,146,324	2,155,509	2,024,197	1,933,338	1,735,335	364,063
Capital grants and contributions	327,284	75,276	163,200	201,857	159,502	139,201	229,515	291,238	199,669	125,23°
otal governmental activities program revenues	8,415,252	6,224,439	7,085,347	10,780,968	6,942,447	6,984,327	6,361,252	5,576,257	5,118,268	3,731,58
susiness-type activities										
Charges for services										
Sewer	8,039,914	7,986,153	7,771,690	7,584,605	7,384,735	7,089,913	6,764,243	6,554,024	6,294,512	6,090,467
Beach Parking	5,341,517	5,065,407	3,232,492	3,622,838	3,345,777	3,294,169	3,109,403	2,615,434	1,822,700	1,665,21
Operating grants and contributions	2,331,133	1,970,870	1,929,334	1,526,807	2,869,652	1,702,698	1,346,166	1,337,995	1,083,325	1,036,029
Capital grants and contributions	900,411	233,856	1,648,349	1,968,098	1,540,659	251,391	532,492	1,019,340	174,830	483,358
otal business-type activities program revenues	16,612,975	15,256,286	14,581,865	14,702,348	15,140,823	12,338,171	11,752,304	11,526,793	9,375,367	9,275,069
otal primary government program revenues	25,028,227	21,480,725	21,667,212	25,483,316	22,083,270	19,322,498	18,113,556	17,103,050	14,493,635	13,006,65
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,										
let (Expense) Revenue sovernmental activities	(14,109,090)	(13,354,639)	(13,026,555)	(10,477,222)	(15,147,973)	(13,777,926)	(14,668,268)	(12,835,528)	(11,688,671)	(13,966,912
	2,458,859	2,661,974	2,939,174	2,883,005	2,552,709	950,332	543,415	1,423,322	36,674	(13,966,912
usiness-type activities										
otal primary government net expense	\$(11,650,231)	<u>\$(10,692,665)</u>	\$(10,087,381)	\$ (7,594,217)	<u>\$(12,595,264)</u>	\$(12,827,594)	<u>\$(14,124,853)</u>	<u>\$(11,412,206)</u>	<u>\$(11,651,997)</u>	\$(14,483,122

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
eneral Revenues and Other Changes in										
Net Position										
overnmental activities										
Taxes										
Property taxes, levied for general purpose	\$ 10,211,054	\$ 9,872,174	\$ 9,629,100	\$ 9,591,726	\$ 9,306,158	\$ 8,763,435	\$ 8,321,949	\$ 8,286,932	\$ 8,253,344	\$ 8,283,542
Property taxes, levied for debt service	733,429	805,952	793,964	828,472	897,108	882,153	843,545	839,254	850,501	853,159
Gas taxes	1,364,575	1,294,580	1,363,115	1,841,835	1,825,291	1,793,496	1,754,319	1,660,529	1,534,406	1,478,765
Local business taxes	315,945	264,144	272,045	279,820	291,847	291,040	283,506	294,163	284,521	284,903
Communications taxes	495,723	494,517	529,074	544,366	547,094	564,302	538,068	551,012	568,157	576,179
Casualty insurance premium tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,542
Intergovernmental revenues	1,061,041	870,668	739,904	780,781	770,090	732,672	721,892	698,136	657,804	614,949
Investment earnings	(271,428)	(45,593)	390,742	525,455	91,561	82,228	102,796	100,762	135,333	31,057
Gain on Disposal of Assets	-	8,668	-	-	47,534	20	103,078	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	143,463	109,814	138,044	112,764	146,257	113,447	98,264	480,209	443,333	220,279
Transfers	789,318	690,960	463,243	520,863	311,766	476,792	455,467		(126,975)	
otal governmental activities	14,843,120	14,365,884	14,319,231	15,026,082	14,234,706	13,699,585	13,222,884	12,910,997	12,600,424	12,405,375
usiness-type activities										
Taxes										
Property taxes, levied for debt service	703,237	704,750	698,879	698,785	881,546	891,306	880,934	880,713	907,735	949,124
Investment earnings	151,639	303,601	349,787	454,858	337,769	314,669	328,295	329,605	360,330	326,818
Transfers	(789,318)	(690,960)	(463,243)	(520,863)	(311,766)	(476,792)	(455,467)	-	126,975	
otal business-type activities	65,558	317,391	585,423	632,780	907,549	729,183	753,762	1,210,318	1,395,040	1,275,942
otal primary government	14,908,678	14,683,275	14,904,654	15,658,862	15,142,255	14,428,768	13,976,646	14,121,315	13,995,464	13,681,317
hange in Net Position										
overnmental activities	734,030	1,011,245	1,292,676	4,548,860	(913, 267)	(78,341)	(1,445,384)	75,469	911,753	(1,561,537
usiness-type activities	2,524,417	2,979,365	2,634,856	3,515,785	3,460,258	1,679,515	1,297,177	2,633,640	1,431,714	759,732

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	al Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Fund										
Non Spendable	\$ 364,810	\$ 351,414	\$ 371,552	\$ 378,628	\$ 400,272	\$ 682,980	\$ 897,127	\$ 922,550	\$ 1,208,759	\$ 1,476,730
Spendable										
Restricted	129,048	129,048	129,048	129,048	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	5,500,000	5,715,000	5,715,000	5,715,000	2,215,000	4,915,000	5,715,000	5,715,000	5,815,000	6,115,000
Assigned	283,038	2,537,342	301,323	195,125	511,273	122,705	1,177,603	917,032	1,715,502	2,307,319
Unassigned	4,522,879	3,198,783	5,618,505	4,272,443	3,136,154	2,670,247	2,576,648	2,679,581	2,802,118	2,471,724
Total General Fund	10,799,775	11,931,587	12,135,428	10,690,244	6,262,699	8,390,932	10,366,378	10,234,163	11,541,379	12,370,773
All Other Governmental Funds										
Non Spendable	40,982	33,895	36,956	30,404	6,375	5,313	4,597	5,449	5,001	6,406
Spendable										
Restricted	8,531,089	5,221,633	5,876,390	5,412,259	5,301,629	5,531,542	4,610,474	4,544,047	3,146,318	2,527,749
Committed	1,214,109	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	3,412,919	5,477,188	4,951,121	2,215,955	2,021,573	2,337,204	2,082,806	2,069,973	2,528,014	2,421,574
Unassigned	(135,292)	(67,982)	(20,828)			(465)				
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 13,063,807	\$ 10,664,734	\$ 10,843,639	\$ 7,658,618	\$ 7,329,577	\$ 7,873,594	\$ 6,697,877	\$ 6,619,469	\$ 5,679,333	\$ 4,955,729
Total Fund Balance	\$ 23,863,582	\$ 22,596,321	\$ 22,979,067	\$ 18,348,862	\$ 13,592,276	\$ 16,264,526	\$ 17,064,255	\$ 16,853,632	\$ 17,220,712	\$ 17,326,502

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fis	cal Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 13,215,731	\$ 12,855,784	\$ 12,687,065	\$ 13,179,503	\$ 12,957,738	\$12,376,689	\$ 11,826,541	\$ 11,709,644	\$ 11,556,791	\$ 11,539,090
Permits, Fees, Special Assessments	2,722,984	2,148,951	2,137,210	2,211,829	2,136,075	1,998,263	1,820,429	1,609,319	1,570,322	1,674,784
Intergovernmental	3,920,638	2,761,640	3,644,543	6,370,358	2,912,330	2,888,181	2,746,089	2,631,474	2,486,300	983,573
Charges for services	2,378,303	3,341,568	3,310,708	3,716,805	3,603,386	3,329,569	3,097,552	2,621,821	2,434,107	2,298,709
Fines and forfeits	263,401	34,050	39,907	78,537	49,382	346,679	76,534	45,048	63,881	66,576
Miscellaneous	213,538	190,614	772,790	850,074	455,358	334,896	538,138	919,712	719,342	403,709
Total revenues	22,714,595	21,332,607	22,592,223	26,407,106	22,114,269	21,274,277	20,105,283	19,537,018	18,830,743	16,966,441
Expenditures Current										
General government	5,455,273	6,398,725	5,946,975	6,009,301	6,323,672	5,981,496	5,532,422	5,805,909	5,017,528	6,005,996
Public safety	6,636,623	6,600,826	6,048,667	6,152,386	5,966,360	5,597,452	5,119,170	4,850,267	4,906,573	4,500,436
Physical environment	631,595	633,094	658,359	601,040	550,602	537,534	556,326	611,690	598,395	592,915
Public Works/Transportation	4,096,725	3,925,270	4,437,132	4,606,844	7,393,724	4,704,479	4,404,527	3,149,238	3,152,618	3,073,641
Economic environment	409,575	390,943	401,622	409,325	339,762	328,461	322,064	293,305	284,346	279,380
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,579	1,000	1,000	1,000
Culture/recreation	3,288,646	2,737,663	2,700,644	3,127,773	3,223,986	3,539,272	3,452,154	3,659,882	3,215,943	3,119,489
Debt service										
Principal	1,346,001	982,179	857,613	720,000	705,000	690,000	7,020,000	490,000	480,000	465,000
Interest and fiscal charges	255,169	261,706	176,286	158,710	176,764	193,397	369,833	347,040	360,336	373,630
Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,503	-	-	-
Capital outlay	155,019	475,907	3,183,587	386,004	418,415	978,707	307,263	695,767	792,819	767,025
Total expenditures	22,274,626	22,406,313	24,410,885	22,171,383	25,098,285	22,550,798	27,147,841	19,904,098	18,809,558	19,178,512
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	439,969	(1,073,706)	(1,818,662)	4,235,723	(2,984,016)	(1,276,521)	(7,042,558)	(367,080)	21,185	(2,212,071)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	5,718,119	3,222,777	10,815,683	2,643,647	2,992,156	4,213,846	3,147,075	2,497,479	2,632,647	3,940,773
Transfers out	(4,928,801)	(2,531,817)	(10,352,440)	(2,122,784)	(2,680,390)	(3,737,054)	(2,691,608)	(2,497,479)	(2,759,622)	(3,940,773)
Leases	37,974	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance/refunding of debt			5,985,624				6,515,000			
Total other financing sources (uses)	827,292	690,960	6,448,867	520,863	311,766	476,792	6,970,467		(126,975)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,267,261	\$ (382,746)	\$ 4,630,205	\$ 4,756,586	\$ (2,672,250)	\$ (799,729)	\$ (72,091)	\$ (367,080)	\$ (105,790)	\$ (2,212,071)
Debt service as a percentage of	7.24%	5.67%	4.87%	4.03%	3.57%	4.10%	27.57%	4.36%	4.66%	4.55%
noncapital expenditures	1.2470	5.07%	4.07 %	4.03%	3.31%	4.10%	21.51%	4.30%	4.00%	4.55%

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Operating	Taxes Voted Debt	Local Business Tax Receipts	Local Option Gas Tax	Communications Services Tax	Casualty Insurance Premium Tax	Total
2013	8,283,542	853,159	284,903	1,478,765	576,179	62,542	11,539,090
2014	8,253,344	850,501	284,521	1,534,406	568,157	65,862	11,556,791
2015	8,286,932	839,254	294,163	1,660,529	551,012	77,754	11,709,644
2016	8,321,949	843,545	283,506	1,754,319	538,068	85,154	11,826,541
2017	8,763,435	882,153	291,040	1,793,496	564,302	82,263	12,376,689
2018	9,306,158	897,108	291,847	1,825,291	547,094	90,240	12,957,738
2019	9,591,726	828,472	279,820	1,841,835	544,366	93,284	13,179,503
2020	9,629,100	793,964	272,045	1,363,115	529,074	99,767	12,687,065
2021	9,872,174	805,952	264,144	1,294,580	494,517	124,417	12,855,784
2022	10,211,054	733,429	315,945	1,364,575	495,723	95,005	13,215,731
Change 2013 - 2022	23.27%	(14.03%)	10.90%	(7.72%)	(13.96%)	51.91%	14.53%

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30,	Gross Real Property	Gross Personal Property	Less: Tax Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (1)	Estimated Actual Market Value	Assessed Value (2) as a Percentage of Actual Value
2013	4,602,176,246	71,523,730	603,301,194	4,070,398,782	2.5260	5,544,368,141	84.30%
2014	4,657,905,800	72,758,525	627,420,629	4,103,243,696	2.5570	5,612,177,404	84.29%
2015	4,932,685,591	71,847,252	703,183,864	4,301,348,979	2.5307	5,933,790,886	84.34%
2016	5,241,764,132	70,375,655	796,395,390	4,515,744,397	2.4145	6,294,737,068	84.39%
2017	5,556,071,121	67,907,947	870,248,386	4,753,730,682	2.3105	6,660,023,255	84.44%
2018	6,002,809,007	72,447,339	1,024,540,396	5,050,715,950	2.3013	7,193,850,678	84.45%
2019	6,008,800,947	75,880,627	888,160,709	5,196,520,865	2.2797	7,207,142,361	84.43%
2020	6,008,220,449	77,778,576	808,137,390	5,277,861,635	2.2186	7,209,910,239	84.41%
2021	6,100,694,946	78,716,358	766,292,702	5,413,118,602	2.1855	7,320,408,823	84.41%
2022	6,388,133,711	81,229,971	855,911,185	5,613,452,497	2.1584	7,663,142,281	84.42%

⁽¹⁾ Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Source: Lee County Property Appraiser

Note: Property values are assessed on January 1st for the ad valorem tax levy which generates the property tax revenue for the subsequent fiscal year Real property is assessed at approximately 85% of estimated market value and personal property at 55%. The estimated actual market value is calculated by dividing assessed values by those percentages

⁽²⁾ Includes tax exempt property.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Per \$1,000 of assessed value)

					Fis	cal Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
DIRECT RATES										
CITY OF SANIBEL										
General Operating	1.8922	1.8922	1.8922	1.9139	1.9139	1.9139	1.9139	1.9995	2.0861	2.1000
Voted Debt - Land	0.0330	0.0500	0.0500	0.0598	0.0690	0.0720	0.0761	0.0800	0.0860	0.0855
Voted Debt - Recreation Facility	0.1029	0.1045	0.1060	0.1055	0.1155	0.1207	0.1179	0.1225	0.1291	0.1308
Voted Debt - Sewer	0.1303	0.1351	0.1373	0.1394	0.1813	0.1947	0.2026	0.2125	0.2295	0.2407
Total direct rates	2.1584	2.1818	2.1855	2.2186	2.2797	2.3013	2.3105	2.4145	2.5307	2.5570
OVERLAPPING RATES LEE COUNTY:										
General Revenue	3.8623	4.0506	4.0506	4.0506	4.0506	4.0506	4.1506	4.1506	4.1506	3.6506
INDEPENDENTS DISTRICTS:										
Sanibel Public Library	0.4350	0.4350	0.4350	0.4350	0.4100	0.3725	0.3725	0.3725	0.3725	0.3750
Hyacinth Control	0.0235	0.0221	0.0230	0.0239	0.0248	0.0263	0.0263	0.0277	0.0291	0.0298
Mosquito Control	0.2439	0.2439	0.2539	0.2636	0.2800	0.2397	0.2397	0.2397	0.2520	0.2300
Fire Control District	1.3089	1.1089	1.1089	1.1089	1.1089	1.1089	1.1089	1.0239	1.0239	0.9660
WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICTS										
South Florida Water Management	0.2572	0.2675	0.2795	0.2936	0.3100	0.3307	0.3551	0.3842	0.4110	0.4289
West Coast Inland Waterway	0.0394	0.0394	0.0394	0.0394	0.0394	0.0394	0.0394	0.0394	0.0394	0.0394
SCHOOL BOARD:										
General Operating	5.8910	6.0580	6.1470	6.4010	6.6790	6.9890	7.2850	7.4160	7.5980	7.5840
Total Direct and Overlapping Rates	14.2196	14.4072	14.5228	14.8346	15.1824	15.4584	15.8880	16.0685	16.4072	15.8607

Source: Lee County Tax Collector

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

	F	scal Year 20	22	Fi	Fiscal Year 2013		
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	
Obor	\$ 62,189,659	1	1.11%				
Casa Ybel Beach & racquet Club	30,567,471	2	0.54%	\$ 39,976,180	1	0.96%	
RLR Investments, LLC	25,448,597	3	0.45%	10,495,673	7	0.25%	
Island Inn Co	20,796,793	4	0.37%				
Sanibel Island Hospitality LLC	20,560,260	5	0.37%				
BRE/Sanibel Inn Owners, LLC	19,477,521	6	0.35%	21,143,444	3	0.51%	
West Wind Association of Sanibel	18,512,484	7	0.33%	9,594,546	10	0.23%	
Tortuga Beach Club	17,493,300	8	0.31%	20,239,200	4	0.49%	
Sanibel Cottages	14,651,406	9	0.26%	22,035,860	2	0.53%	
Judith D Hook Trust	14,465,647	10	0.26%				
Shell Island Beach Club	-	N/A	N/A	12,955,500	5	0.31%	
1231 Middle Gulf Drive	-	N/A	N/A	12,526,496	6	0.30%	
Dahlmann Periwinkle Partners	-	N/A	N/A	10,319,863	8	0.25%	
Rochester Resorts	-	N/A	N/A	9,902,673	9	0.24%	
	\$ 244,163,138		4.35%	\$ 169,189,435		4.07%	

Source: Lee County Property Appraiser

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS OPERATING LEVY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Lew* Total Collections to Date Collections of Fiscal year Ended Taxes Levied for Previous Percentage Percentage Sept. 30 of Lew Years Amount of Lew the Fiscal Year Amount 2013 8,733,402 8,280,019 94.81% 3,524 8,283,543 94.85% 2014 8,580,499 8,244,371 96.08% 8,973 8,253,344 96.19% 2015 96.35% 8,600,547 8,286,932 8,286,932 96.35% 2016 96.29% 8,642,683 8,321,949 8,321,949 96.29% 2017 96.13% 96.13% 9,116,455 8,763,435 8,763,435 2018 9,657,514 9,306,158 96.36% 9,306,158 96.36% 96.38% 2019 9,952,312 9,591,726 9,591,726 96.38% 2020 9,990,083 9,629,100 96.39% 9,629,100 96.39% 96.30% 2021 10,251,696 9,872,174 9,872,174 96.30% 2022

10,625,598

10,211,054

96.10%

10,211,054

96.10%

^(*) Includes discount taken for early payment.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SANIBEL SEWER SYSTEM MONTHLY SEWER RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Residential				Commercial			
Fiscal				Meter S	ize			Consumption Per
Year	Flat Fee	5/8"	1"	1-1/2"	2"	3"	4"	1,000 gallons
2013	54.04	31.39	78.39	156.73	224.64	501.34	786.09	8.12
2014	54.86	31.70	79.17	158.30	226.87	506.35	793.95	8.24
2015	56.50	32.82	81.96	163.85	234.85	524.13	821.82	8.49
2016	58.20	33.80	84.42	168.77	241.90	539.85	846.47	8.74
2017	59.95	34.81	86.95	173.83	249.16	556.05	871.86	9.00
2018	62.35	36.20	90.43	180.78	259.13	578.29	906.73	9.36
2019	64.22	37.29	93.14	186.20	266.90	595.64	933.93	9.64
2020	66.15	38.41	95.94	191.79	274.91	613.51	961.95	9.93
2021	67.47	39.17	97.87	195.63	280.41	625.78	981.19	10.13
2022	68.14	39.55	98.86	197.59	283.21	632.04	991.00	10.23

^{*} The table above presents monthly sewer charges - customers are charged quarterly

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Governmenta	al Activities		Bus	iness-Type Activiti	ies	Total Primary Government			
Fiscal year Ended	General Obligation	Capital	Financed Purchase	Leases	Wastewater	Wastewater	Leases		Percentage of Personal		
Sept. 30	Bonds	Revenue Notes	Obligation	Payable	Revenue Bonds	Revenue Notes	Payable	Total Debt	Income	Per Capita	
2013	9,845,000	-	-	-	2,687,823	23,882,161	-	36,414,984	N/A	5,605	
2014	9,365,000	-	-	-	8,888,260	14,645,081	-	32,898,341	N/A	5,069	
2015	8,875,000	-	-	-	7,672,137	13,344,984	-	29,892,121	N/A	4,597	
2016	8,370,000	-	-	-	6,438,561	12,004,703	-	26,813,264	N/A	4,068	
2017	7,680,000			-	5,187,282	10,622,989	-	23,490,271	N/A	3,528	
2018	6,975,000	-	-	-	3,918,046	9,198,551	-	20,091,597	N/A	2,998	
2019	6,255,000	-	-	-	2,630,595	7,730,059	-	16,615,654	N/A	2,459	
2020	5,515,000	5,018,000	850,011	-	1,324,668	16,252,145	-	28,959,824	N/A	4,228	
2021	4,760,000	5,018,000	622,832	-	-	14,691,390	-	25,092,222	N/A	3,894	
2022	3,990,000	4,710,941	383,441	8,423	-	12,468,219	-	21,561,024	N/A	3,325	

Notes: N/A indicates that statistical information is not available

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	General	Bonded Debt Outs	tanding		
				Percentage of	
		Less: Amounts		Estimated Actual	
Fiscal year Ended	General	Available in Debt	Net General	Value of Taxable	Per
Sept. 30	Obligation Bonds	Service (1)	Bonded Debt	Property	Capita
2013	9,845,000	265,161	9,579,839	0.17%	1,475
2014	9,365,000	294,562	9,070,438	0.16%	1,398
2015	8,875,000	307,695	8,567,305	0.14%	1,318
2016	8,370,000	271,817	8,098,183	0.13%	1,229
2017	7,680,000	282,987	7,397,013	0.11%	1,111
2018	6,975,000	309,959	6,665,041	0.09%	995
2019	6,255,000	281,778	5,973,222	0.08%	884
2020	5,515,000	177,586	5,337,414	0.07%	779
2021	4,760,000	19,938	4,740,062	0.06%	725
2022	3,990,000	-	3,990,000	0.05%	615

⁽¹⁾ This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT September 30, 2022

			Estimated Percentage Applicable to	Amount pplicable to Primary
Governmental Unit	<u>De</u>	bt Outstanding	Sanibel	 Sovernment
Lee County School Board	\$	401,878,547	5.85%	\$ 23,509,895
Lee County		313,326,000	5.85%	 18,329,571
Subtotal, overlapping debt				 41,839,466
City of Sanibel direct debt				 9,092,805
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 50,932,271

Source: Lee County Clerk of Courts Finance Division; Lee County School Board Annual Comprehensive Financial

Report as of June 30, 2022; and the City of Sanibel Finance Department

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the

City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the City of Sanibel. This process recognizes that, when considering a government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Calculation: The estimated percentage of debt is calculated as a ratio of the taxable property value in the City of Sanibel to the total taxable valuation of property in Lee County.

City of Sanibel \$ 5,613,452,497 Lee County \$ 96,009,464,688

5.85%

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA WASTEWATER REVENUE BOND COVERAGE SANIBEL SEWER SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			State R	evolving Loan Notes			
Fiscal Year	(1) Net Revenue	(2) Special Assessments, Transmission Main and Connection Fees	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service Including Assessments and Fees	Debt S	Service Requirement Interest	s Total	(3) Coverage Calculation
2013	3,332,060	876,811	4,208,871	2,029,899	753,132	2,783,031	1.51
2014	3,014,512	898,721	3,913,233	1,300,098	403,247	1,703,345	2.30
2015	2,999,812	958,484	3,958,296	1,340,280	402,652	1,742,932	2.27
2016	2,726,999	764,785	3,491,784	1,381,714	361,217	1,742,931	2.00
2017	3,398,846	732,046	4,130,892	1,424,438	318,495	1,742,933	2.37
2018	3,612,115	645,475	4,257,590	1,468,490	274,441	1,742,931	2.44
2019	3,511,060	664,548	4,175,608	1,513,914	229,018	1,742,932	2.40
2020	3,611,679	563,256	4,174,935	1,560,755	366,138	1,926,893	2.17
2021	4,708,269	685,425	5,393,694	2,223,171	368,720	2,591,891	2.08
2022	4,532,680	543,490	5,076,170	1,929,657	307,280	2,236,937	2.27

⁽¹⁾ Includes portion of remaining gross user rate revenues not used for senior debt calculations, interest earnings on special assessments financed and ad valorem tax revenue from voted debt service property tax levy pledged specifically to the repayment of the wastewater expansion State Revolving Loan notes.

⁽²⁾ For financial reporting, Special Assessments, Transmission Main and Connection Fees are recognized in the year in which the levy is adopted and the lien placed upon the benefitting properties. The levy can be paid in full or financed over 20 years at 3.5% interest, collected utilizing the Uniform Method of Collection pursuant to Chapter 197, Florida Statues. For debt service requirements, payments are recognized when collected.

⁽³⁾ Coverage calculations updated in fiscal year 2014 due to refunding of bond senior debt.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA WASTEWATER REVENUE NOTE COVERAGE SANIBEL SEWER SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			State R	evolving Loan Notes	;		
Fiscal Year	(1) Net Revenue	(2) Special Assessments, Transmission Main and Connection Fees	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service Including Assessments and Fees	Debt \$	Service Requirement Interest	s Total	(3) Coverage Calculation
2013	3,332,060	876,811	4,208,871	2,029,899	753,132	2,783,031	1.51
2014	3,014,512	898,721	3,913,233	1,300,098	403,247	1,703,345	2.30
2015	2,999,812	958,484	3,958,296	1,340,280	402,652	1,742,932	2.27
2016	2,726,999	764,785	3,491,784	1,381,714	361,217	1,742,931	2.00
2017	3,398,846	732,046	4,130,892	1,424,438	318,495	1,742,933	2.37
2018	3,612,115	645,475	4,257,590	1,468,490	274,441	1,742,931	2.44
2019	3,511,060	664,548	4,175,608	1,513,914	229,018	1,742,932	2.40
2020	3,611,679	563,256	4,174,935	1,560,755	366,138	1,926,893	2.17
2021	4,708,269	685,425	5,393,694	2,223,171	368,720	2,591,891	2.08
2022	4,532,680	543,490	5,076,170	1,929,657	307,280	2,236,937	2.27

⁽¹⁾ Includes portion of remaining gross user rate revenues not used for senior debt calculations, interest earnings on special assessments financed and ad valorem tax revenue from voted debt service property tax levy pledged specifically to the repayment of the wastewater expansion State Revolving Loan notes.

⁽²⁾ For financial reporting, Special Assessments, Transmission Main and Connection Fees are recognized in the year in which the levy is adopted and the lien placed upon the benefitting properties. The levy can be paid in full or financed over 20 years at 3.5% interest, collected utilizing the Uniform Method of Collection pursuant to Chapter 197, Florida Statues. For debt service requirements, payments are recognized when collected.

⁽³⁾ Coverage calculations updated in fiscal year 2014 due to refunding of bond senior debt.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	City Population	City Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2013	6,497	N/A	N/A	6.9%
2014	6,490	N/A	N/A	5.9%
2015	6,502	N/A	N/A	5.0%
2016	6,591	N/A	N/A	4.6%
2017	6,659	N/A	N/A	4.3%
2018	6,701	N/A	N/A	3.2%
2019	6,756	N/A	N/A	2.9%
2020	6,849	N/A	N/A	4.8%
2021	6,443	\$92,875	\$90,146	3.1%
2022	6,485	\$103,413	\$107,950	3.5%

Source: Population data estimates provided by Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida. Income data is from the U.S. Census Bureau. Unemployment rate is for the Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL Statistical Area as of November 2022 from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Unemployment data for previous years have been updated to the most current available information.

N/A indicates that statistical information is not available

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS⁽¹⁾ CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2022		2013				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment		
Lee Health	14,028	1	4.04%	10,425	1	3.95%		
Lee County School District	11,003	2	3.17%	10,333	2	3.91%		
Publix Super Markets	4,624	3	1.33%	4,404	3	1.67%		
Wal-Mart Corporation	3,467	4	1.00%	1,967	5	0.74%		
Lee County Local Government	2,696	5	0.78%	2,358	4	0.89%		
City of Cape Coral	1,858	6	0.54%	1,197	9	0.45%		
Gartner, Inc.	1,819	7	0.52%					
Lee County Sheriff's Office	1,564	8	0.45%	1,535	7	0.58%		
Chico's FAS Inc.	1,532	9	0.44%	1,703	6	0.64%		
McDonald's	1,522	10	0.44%	-				
Target	-		-	1,100	10	0.42%		
U.S. Postal Service	-		-	1,477	8	0.56%		
Total	44,113		12.71%	36,499		13.81%		

⁽¹⁾ Information listed is for Lee County as statistics for the City of Sanibel are not available.

Source: Lee County Clerk of Courts

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year 2020 2010 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013									
Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Government										
Legislative	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.40	5.40	5.40	5.00	5.00	5.00	2.76
Administrative	5.00	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	4.75
ΙΤ	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.40	4.40	4.40	4.40
Finance	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50
Legal	0.75	0.75	0.75	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Planning	9.20	9.20	9.20	10.35	10.35	10.35	8.95	8.90	9.45	8.80
Public Safety										
Police	37.95	37.95	37.95	36.95	37.95	32.95	32.75	35.12	35.12	35.12
Building	8.00	8.00	8.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.55	4.80	4.80	4.50
Physical Environment	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	2.96
Transportation	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	8.00	7.94	8.00
Public Works (General Fund)	6.20	6.20	6.20	5.58	5.58	5.58	5.58	5.58	5.58	5.58
Culture/Recreation										
Recreation Facility	25.65	25.65	25.65	25.65	26.40	26.40	27.65	26.85	26.05	24.24
Public Facilities	2.25	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Senior Programs	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.57
Utility Operations	17.45	17.45	17.45	17.30	17.30	18.30	18.30	18.30	17.22	18.22
Beach Parking Operations	28.83	29.08	29.08	28.25	27.25	27.74	27.74	20.24	16.88	15.63
TOTAL	174.28	174.03	174.03	172.23	171.98	168.47	165.67	158.44	153.69	149.03

Source: City of Sanibel Annual Budget

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal	Year					
Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Public Safety											
Calls for Service	70,967	73,821	57,971	36,026	34,186	26,146	28,772	28,346	21,606	24,790	
Parking Citations	5,309	4,403	3,491	3,495	3,267	3,623	3,256	3,713	3,401	2,969	
Traffic Citations	463	501	434	505	684	749	1,049	1,093	1,031	1,300	
Total Arrests	89	85	53	72	113	74	106	133	137	17	
General Government											
Building permits issued	2,109	2,792	2,929	3,092	3,079	2,821	3,546	2,828	2,677	2,72	
Building inspections conducted	6,861	7,411	7,100	7,896	7,745	6,689	7,158	6,465	6,546	7,27	
Dwelling units permitted	23	8	20	23	21	21	36	24	23	1	
Transportation											
Streets resurfaced/reconstructed (miles) ⁽²⁾	3	3	-	3	5	1	2	3	6	:	
Shared-use Paths Constructed (linear feet)(2)	-	-	-	-	2,640	-	580	-	1,540	19	
Road and Shared-use Path Miles Swept	298	113	131	119	123	61	278	139	176	23	
Sanibel Harbor Mangroves trimmed (linear feet)	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	
Physical Environment (Wastewater)											
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	1,160	1,298	1,564	1,419	1,500	1,500	1,445	1,390	1,278	1,40	
Placement of new collection pipe (linear feet)	-	-	-	-	-	1,795	-	-	-		
Sewer equivalent residential units (ERU) ⁽¹⁾	9,560	9,559	9,547	9,533	9,521	9,480	9,455	9,392	9,375	9,36	
Culture/Recreation											
After-school program participants	70	70	54	70	71	98	129	173	118	12	
Senior Program membership	277	600	702	765	806	828	729	724	738	70	
Senior Aerobics participants	-	-	6,758	10,728	10,744	11,317	11,535	10,989	10,013	9,84	
RecCenter annual memberships	480	385	659	960	976	1,013	1,168	1,153	1,091	1,08	
RecCenter six-month memberships	351	191	593	708	727	750	728	770	787	78	

⁽¹⁾ ERU's are calculated based on an estimated 240 gallons of wastewater generation per ERU

Source: Various City departments annual reports

⁽²⁾ Hurricane Irma delayed the annual street resurfacing program in fiscal year 2017 until fiscal year 2018

⁽³⁾ Certain information for fiscal years 2015-2017 was restated based on new information

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fisca	al Year				
Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Public Safety			_							·
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicle Patrol Units										
Patrol cars	23	23	23	12	12	14	12	9	11	10
Motorcycles	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2
Emergency Communication Van	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Unmarked vehicles	12	12	12	12	10	8	8	7	7	7
Patrol boats	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Traffic Control	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	1	0	0
Physical Environment										
Environmentally Sensitive Land (acres)	622	622	622	622	622	622	622	622	622	622
Wastewater Treatment Capacity (thousands)	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500
Transportation										
Paved Public Streets (miles)	53.67	53.67	53.67	53.67	53.67	53.67	53.67	53.67	53.67	53.67
Unpaved Public Streets (miles)	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.16
Shared Use Paths (miles)	26.06	26.06	26.06	26.06	26.06	25.54	25.54	25.06	25.06	25.06
Culture/Recreation										
Number of Parks (non-beach facilities)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Recreation centers/gymnasiums	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Senior centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Baseball/softball diamonds	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Beach Parking										
Parking Enforcement Vehicles	4	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	0
Number of Beach Parking Facilities	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Parking Spaces	637	637	637	637	637	637	637	637	637	637
Restrooms	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	8
Fishing Piers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Boat ramps	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: Various City departments annual reports. Previous numbers have been updated to include additional categories.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE September 30, 2022

Type of Policy and Type of Coverage		Limits of Liability	Company	Expiration Date		Annual Premium	
Property (1)		See below	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	10/01/2023	\$	443,637	
Real	\$	60,846,002					
Personal		9,518,232					
Business Income		2,000,000					
Inland Marine		1,366,610					
General Liability		5,000,000	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	10/01/2023		219,068	
Extra Contractual Legal Expense (per action)		100,000					
Fire Legal Liability		500,000					
Errors and Omissions Liability		5,000,000					
Law Enforcement Liability		5,000,000					
Faithful Performance Blanket Bond		1,000,000					
Employee Theft Bond		1,000,000					
Crime		100,000					
Equipment Breakdown Limit		50,000,000					
Workers' Compensation		1,000,000	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	10/01/2023		295,363	
Automobile Liability and Automobile Physical Damage		5,000,000	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	10/01/2023		31,320	
Statutory Accidental Death & Disability Unlawful and Intentional Act		75,000 225,000	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	10/01/2023		1,801	
Pollution Liability Aggregate Limit		20,000,000	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust (\$1,000,000 maximum per claim)	10/01/2023		17,206	
Flood		11,135,500	Wright National Flood Insurance Group	Various		310,789	

⁽¹⁾ Includes real, personal, inland marine equipment, EDP, watercraft, valuable papers and records, business interruption, rental value, contractors' equipment, computer equipment and software and windstorm



This section of the report details the City's compliance with governmental accounting standards and support from Federal and/or State sources. This information includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed
- In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
- Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida Sanibel, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Sanibel, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 17, 2023. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Community Housing and Resources, Inc., as described in our report on the City's financial statements. The financial statements of Community Housing and Resources, Inc., were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters associated with Community Housing and Resources, Inc.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City 's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida July 17, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida Sanibel, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Sanibel, Florida's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative* Requirements, *Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida July 17, 2023

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended September 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Federal or Pass Through Grant Number	Total Federal Expenditures		Amount Provided to Subrecipients	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY Passed through the State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	Y5282	21.027	\$	926,705	\$	-
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Passed through the State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management Hazard Mitigation Grant Hazard Mitigation Grant Total Department of Homeland Security	H0372 H0420	97.039 97.039		587,392 100,892 688,284		- - -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	1,614,989	\$	

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended September 30, 2022

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the City of Sanibel, Florida (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance for all awards. Under these principles, certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The City has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended September 30, 2022

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statement Section

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards Section

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Were significant deficiencyies identified?

None Reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR No

Identification of major federal programs:

CFDA Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster

21.027 COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

CITY OF SANIBEL, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended September 30, 2022

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2022-001 Audit Adjustments

Type of Finding:

Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Criteria or Specific Requirement

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for the proper recording of all the City's financial activities.

Condition

As part of the audit, we proposed audit adjustments to revise the City's financial statements at year end. These adjustments involved recording account payable amounts, and to record a receivable and revenue related to a grant with expenditures during the fiscal year that had not been reimbursed as of year-end.

Context

While management reconciles account balances, \$22,000 in deferred revenue, \$233,000 in accounts payable and \$688,000 in grants receivable were missed.

Cause

The City's internal controls did not detect or prevent the errors.

Effect

Audit adjustments were required to be recorded by management to correct the financial statements.

Repeat Finding

No.

Recommendation

We understand City management had some disruption in processes after Hurricane Ian along with a period in which mail was delayed. We recommend City management evaluate procedures and processes involved in financial reporting and develop additional internal control policies to ensure proper recording of these items, as needed, going forward.

Views of responsible officials

See page 186

Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Awards

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2CFR 200.516(a).





MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Sanibel, Florida Sanibel, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Sanibel, Florida (the City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated July 17, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated July 17, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City discloses this information in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate a failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, provided the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. The City does not have any special district component units.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Council Members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida July 17, 2023



City of Sanibel

800 Dunlop Road Sanibel, Florida 33957-4096

www.mysanibel.com

AREA CODE - 239

ADMINISTRATION/LEGISLATIVE	472-3700
CITY COUNCIL	472-4135
COMMUNITY SERVICES	
BUILDING	472-4555
PLANNING	472-4136
PUBLIC WORKS	472-6937
UTILITIES	472-3179
FINANCE	472-9615
INFORMATION TECHOLOGY	472-3700
LEGAL	472-4359
NATURAL RESOURCES	472-3700
POLICE	472-3111
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT	472-3111
RECREATION	472-0345
CENTER 4 LIFE	472-5743

July 18, 2023

Office of the Auditor General Local Government Audits/342 Claude Pepper Building, Room 401 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee. Florida 32399-1450

RE: Response to Auditor Management Letter

Dear Sir or Madam:

Pursuant to Chapter 10.550, "Rules of the Auditor General – Local Government Entity Audits", the City of Sanibel's auditors, CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, prepared a management letter based on their audit of the City's general purpose financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None noted.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 2022-001 Audit Adjustments

Type of Finding: Material Weakness In Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

<u>Criteria</u>: City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for the proper recording of all the City's receipts and disbursements, including reclassifications between funds, year-end accruals, and activity of all investing and savings accounts.

<u>Condition</u>: As part of the audit, we proposed audit adjustments to revise the City's financial statements at yearend. These adjustments involved recording account payable amounts, and to record a receivable and revenue related to a grant with expenditures during the fiscal year that had not been reimbursed as of year-end.

<u>Context</u>: While management reconciles account balances these items were missed.

<u>Cause</u>: The City's internal controls did not detect or prevent the errors.

Effect: The design of the internal controls over recording receipts and disbursements could affect the ability of the City to detect or prevent a misappropriation of assets, result in the grant period ending without reimbursement or fraudulent activity.

Repeat Finding: No.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We understand City management had some disruption in processes after Hurricane Ian along with a period in which mail was delayed. We recommend City management improve procedures and processes involved in recording receipts and disbursements and develop additional internal control policies to ensure proper recording of these items, as needed, going forward.

Response: The City has reviewed the recommendation from CliftonLarsonAllen and agrees on the importance of management review of financial reporting information. As noted, the City's year end closing procedures were significantly impacted by the recovery efforts in the immediate aftermath of Hurricane Ian. While the circumstances surrounding this issue are not expected to repeat in the subsequent year, management will take additional care to ensure that proper reviews are in place during the closing of the fiscal year.

The City of Sanibel appreciates the review of its procedures by CliftonLarsonAllen and intends to continue its practice of thorough compliance with all generally accepted accounting principles and internal controls.

Sincerely,

Steven C. Chaipel, CPA, CPFO

Finance Director



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

City of Sanibel, Florida Sanibel, Florida

We have examined the City of Sanibel, Florida's (the City) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to e and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLF

Fort Myers, Florida July 17, 2023



CITY OF SANIBEL

800 Dunlop Road Sanibel, Florida 33957 (239) 472-3700

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