Village of Tequesta, Florida

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report





2022 Village of Tequesta Council

L to R: Vice-Mayor Kyle Stone, Council Member Aaron Johnson, Council Member Frank D'Ambra III, Council Member Laurie Brandon, Mayor Molly Young

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Prepared By Finance Department The Village of Tequesta, Florida

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Village of Tequesta

345 Tequesta Drive Tequesta, FL 33469



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March 15, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Village Council And Citizens of the Village of Tequesta, Florida

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Village of Tequesta, Florida (the Village), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

This report provides the Village's Council, staff, our citizens, and other interested parties with detailed information concerning the financial condition and activities of the Village government. State law requires that all general-purpose local governments annually publish a complete set of financial statements within nine months of the close of each fiscal year. The financial statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and government auditing standards by an independent auditing firm.

We believe that this report complies with these requirements and continues to present the Village's strong tradition of full financial disclosure. This philosophy is reflected by the informative financial analysis, the exhibits and statistical tables included herein.

The role of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is to assist in making economic, social and political decisions and to assist in assessing accountability to the citizenry by:

- Comparing actual financial results with the legally adopted budget, where appropriate;
- Assessing financial condition and results of operations;
- Assisting in determining compliance with finance related laws, rules and regulations; and
- Assisting in evaluating the efficiency and effectiveness of Village operations.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Village. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Village; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Village's financial activity have been included.

Mauldin & Jenkins, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Village of Tequesta's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

THE VILLAGE OF TEQUESTA

Profile

The Village of Tequesta, Florida is a municipal corporation organized on June 4, 1957 pursuant to Special Act 57-1915, Laws of Florida. It is approximately 2 square miles and is located in northern Palm Beach County, Florida. It is almost completely built-out/developed.

The Village's growth potential is restricted by the natural boundaries of the Atlantic Ocean to the east, the Loxahatchee River to the west, the Town of Jupiter to the south and Martin County to the north.



It is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The Village has a Council-Manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in an elected governing body of the Village consisting of a five-member Village Council. Council members are elected at large and select a Mayor at their first organizational meeting each year. Council members serve two-year terms, with three members elected every other year. The Village Council appoints the Village manager, who is responsible for hiring all Village employees.

Services Provided

The Village provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; building inspections; planning; licenses and permits; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, recreational and cultural activities, water utility services, storm water operations and contracts for residential refuse and recycling services.

Accounting and Internal Control

Management of the Village is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Village are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The

concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal, state and county financial assistance, the Village is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. The Village was subject to an audit in accordance with the Uniform Guidance or the Florida Single Audit Act for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 under the provisions of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Compliance Supplement (Uniform Guidance) and the Rules of the Auditor General, State of Florida. The information related to the Single Audit, including the schedule of expenditure of federal awards and state projects, schedule of findings and questioned costs, and auditors' reports on the internal control over compliance and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in a separate report. This report disclosed no instances of material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting and over compliance, or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

Budgetary Controls

The Council is required to adopt an initial budget prior to the beginning of the fiscal year October 1. In accordance with state laws the Approved Budget is posted on the Village's website within 30 days of adoption. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the Village of Tequesta's financial planning and control. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Village's governing body. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Project Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police) and is adopted by fund total. Department Directors may transfer resources within a department with the approval of the Village Manager. Transfers between funds or exceeding the amounts appropriated in any fund require budget amendments be approved by the Village Council. The legal level of budgetary control is therefore at the fund level.

Local Economy

The Village, located in the north end of Palm Beach County, which is the third most populous county in the State of Florida (approximately 1.5 million residents). The latest population estimate prepared by the Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida indicates that the current population of the Village of Tequesta is 6,152. Tequesta is home to middle to upper-income suburban families; has a small commercial area and no major industries located within its boundaries. It is home to a number of assisted living facilities, private schools and a high-end treatment center.

The unemployment rate in the United States was 3.5% as of September 2022 and 4.8% just one year earlier. This compares to the Florida's unemployment rate was 2.5% as of September 2022 and 3.9% just one year earlier. Palm Beach County's unemployment rate was 2.6% as of September 2022 and 3.9% just one year earlier. The future continues to look good for the Village of Tequesta.

The entire country is feeling the effects of significant and prolonged inflation. The CPI increased 8.2% from September 2021 to 2022 and the corresponding increase from September 2020 to 2021 was 5.4% which is much higher than the feds goal of keeping inflation around 2%. This is impacting the purchasing power of the Village and our residents.

The housing market is slowing as the fed works to reduce the high inflation levels. The resulted in federal funds rates increasing to 4.50% to 4.75% (highest since September 18, 2017) and pushed mortgage rates much higher 6% to 7%. Housing starts are decreasing (-4.5% in Florida for January 2023 according to the Florida Realtors) in 2023 due to the higher mortgage rates. Tequesta continues to see rising property values. Per the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office, gross taxable value for

calculating ad valorem proceeds increased from \$1.221 billion during calendar year 2021 to \$1.293 billion during calendar year 2022 revenues. Construction projects in the Village are anticipated to add approximately 12% to the gross taxable value.

Strategic Plan

The Village of Tequesta Village Council continue to utilize strategic planning to guide the future of the village. The Strategic plan identifies the four main goals along with strategic objectives and actions to support overall goals:

- Maintain level of services at the intended level of Operational Excellence.
- Update infrastructure.
- Maintain and enhance the distinctive character and culture of the Village.
- Maintain and strengthen the financial stability of the Village.

The Village Council adopted the following vision for our future:

We will preserve and enhance the unique character, community spirit, small town values, and superior quality of life for all who reside, visit, and work in the Village of Tequesta.

The Village Council's adopted mission:

The Village of Tequesta's mission is to protect the health, safety, and well-being of the community, provide exception, fiscally sound, and efficient customer service, uphold the public interest and advance the community vision.

The Village Council added two new values as part of this year's strategic planning meeting:

- Excellence.
- Ethics & Transparency.
- Quality of Life.
- Employees.
- Communication new.
- Compassion new.

Long-Term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

The continued goal of the Village is to maintain a consistently high quality of services to the residents, while protecting the assets, the level of service and the quality of life that the residents have come to expect. It is the result of hard work by the Village staff, and fiscally sound, responsible decisions by the Village Council that allows the Village to meet service demands while minimizing the financial burden on its residents. The Village is very fortunate to have a citizenry that is active on many boards and committees, a working staff that has shown its willingness to take on additional responsibilities, an expanded workload and perhaps most importantly, a Village Council that is very responsive to the needs of the residents and staff and who donate so much of their time to this community.

The Village's primary focus is providing exceptional municipal services to its residents in the most efficient and cost effective manner possible. Continued economic challenges require innovative approaches on both sides of the balance sheet. Efforts to expand contractual services to generate additional revenue should continue to be considered.

The Village continues to explore grant funding opportunities and partnerships in an effort to control cost while improving services and equipment.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

- Continue to explore alternative revenue sources, at both the state and federal level, with the assistance of grant writers and other professional consultant services.
- Asking the Village's citizens if they support issuing General Obligation bonds as a long-term funding strategy for Parks and Green Spaces.
- Strengthen our relationships with local businesses to recruit and retain businesses in the Village.
- Developing a sustainable business plan for the new Recreation Center.
- Continue and enhance the annual street and sidewalk maintenance program.
- Make upgrades to the Water Treatment Plant, which includes energy conservation projects, to provide safe, reliable, cost-effective and environmentally responsible potable water.
- Maintain a reliable drinking water supply by rehabilitating upper Floridian aquifer wells and construct a new surficial well.
- To advance a long-range plan for the replacement of the aging water distribution system.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Village for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Village has received this prestigious award for forty for consecutive years. The Village must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report will continue to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We would like to thank the staff of the Finance Department for their efforts in preparing this report and all Village departments for their cooperation and assistance throughout the past year. Special appreciation is also extended to Ms. Tatiana Racanati, Assistant Finance Director, whose dedicated service made the completion of this report all the more possible.

We also want to thank the Mayor and Village Council for providing leadership and taking necessary actions to continue a standard of financial excellence for the Village.

Respectfully submitted,

Jerenngallen

Jeremy Allen, ICMA-CM Village Manager Jeff Snyder, CPA, CGMA Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Village of Tequesta Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

ORGANIZATION CHART

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022



LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

VILLAGE COUNCIL

Molly Young Kyle Stone Laurie Brandon Frank D'Ambra, III Aaron Johnson Mayor Vice-Mayor Councilmember Councilmember Councilmember

VILLAGE OFFICIALS

Jeremy Allen, ICMA-CM
Davis & Associates, PA
Lori McWilliams, MMC
Jeffery Snyder, CPA, CGMA
Jim Trube
Gus Medina
Merlene Reid, Ed.D., SPHR
NZ Consultants, Inc.
Jose Rodriguez
Greg Corbitt
Marjorie Craig, PE

Village Manager
Village Attorney
Village Clerk
Finance Director
Fire Chief
Police Chief
Human Resources Director
Planning and Zoning Director
Building Director
Parks and Recreation Director
Utilities Director

VILLAGE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC



FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, Village Council and Village Manager Village of Tequesta, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Tequesta, Florida (the "Village") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial State1ments section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1J to the financial statements, as of October 1, 2021, the Village adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 4 through 18), the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios, the Schedule of Village Contributions, the Schedule of Investment Returns, the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and the Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (on pages 98 through 113) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 8, 2023, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida March 8, 2023



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Village of Tequesta, Florida

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Village of Tequesta, we offer the following narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village of Tequesta (Village) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider this overview and analysis in combination with the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and the additional information that we have furnished in the letter of transmittal found on pages i to iv of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Village of Tequesta exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$44,353,314. Of total net position, 16,213,716 (36.6%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to the citizens and creditors.
- The Village's total net position increased during the current period. Net position for governmental activities increased by \$2,995,972, half of which was the recognition of the American Rescue Plan Act grant that the Village received. The business-type activities net position increased by \$1,124,442, due mainly to modest increases in user fees to fund needed capital improvements in the systems.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported a change in combined fund balances of \$(256,155) due to a planned spend down of reserves for the completion of the community center building project.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the general fund was \$8,011,879, or 54.9% of general fund operating expenditures and other financing uses. Of this balance, \$812,308 was non-spendable for inventories and prepaid expenditures; \$288,000 was restricted for debt service and \$500,000 was committed to hurricane/disaster relief; \$2,036,098 was assigned for the subsequent year's budget; and \$4,375,473, or 30.0% of general fund operating expenditures and other financing uses was unassigned. At the end of the fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned and unassigned components of fund balance) reported in the general fund was \$6,911,571.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the Village's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village of Tequesta is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Village includes general government, public safety, transportation and leisure services. The business-type activities of the Village includes water, stormwater and refuse and recycling.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-20 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Tequesta, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial and legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting which focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental* activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Village maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund which are considered major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds is combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The Village's governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Village maintains one type of proprietary fund – enterprise funds. *Enterprise funds* utilize the full accrual basis of accounting which is the same basis used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its water, stormwater, and refuse and recycling funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund and the Stormwater Fund, major funds, as well as the Refuse and Recycling Fund, a nonmajor fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-27 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. Fiduciary funds *are not* reported in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds *are not* available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The Village maintains one type of fiduciary fund – a *Pension trust fund* which is used to report resources held in trust for retirees and beneficiaries covered by the *Public Safety Pension Plan* (which includes the Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund and the Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund) and the *General Employees' Pension Plan*.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-29 of this report.

Notes to basic financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages **30-97** of this report.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and OPEB benefits to its employees, as well as the Village's net pension liability (asset) and related ratios, contributions and pension investment returns. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 98-113 of this report.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and OPEB. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 114-121 of this report.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

Net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village of Tequesta, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This change is discussed below.

Village of Tequesta's Total Net Position

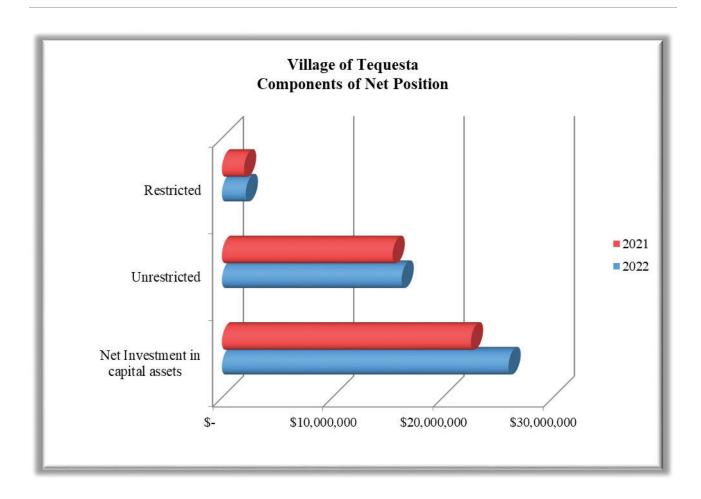
The Village of Tequesta's total assets and deferred outflows exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows by \$44,353,314 at the close of the 2022 fiscal year. Net Position in governmental activities recorded an increase of 17.88%. The Village's business-type activities recorded a 5.04% increase in total net position. The majority of this change was due to a change of current and other assets by \$2,910,898 which is a result of better than anticipated pension returns and the implementation of GASB No.87 on leases provided an increase in receivables as well as a new entry for deferred inflow leases. The completion of the community center building resulted in an increase in capital assets of \$1,510,627. Noncurrent liabilities also decreased by \$1,964,908.

Village of Tequesta's Net Position								
	Goveri	nmental	Busine	ss-type				
	Acti	vities	Acti	vites	To	otal		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Current and other assets	\$ 15,818,554	\$ 12,907,656	\$ 9,130,155	\$ 7,637,085	\$ 24,948,709	\$ 20,544,741		
Capital assets, net	17,364,642	15,854,015	17,980,929	18,133,873	35,345,571	33,987,888		
Total assets	33,183,196	28,761,671	27,111,084	25,770,958	60,294,280	54,532,629		
Total deferred outflows of								
resources	1,990,091	2,078,861	553,740	573,963	2,543,831	2,652,824		
Noncurrent liabilities	7,965,616	9,930,524	2,463,697	2,774,913	10,429,313	12,705,437		
Other liabilities	1,292,358	2,323,967	850,192	788,275	2,142,550	3,112,242		
Total liabilities	9,257,974	12,254,491	3,313,889	3,563,188	12,571,863	15,817,679		
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,905,811	825,347	934,169	489,409	5,839,980	1,314,756		
Net position								
Net investment in								
capital assets	10,335,163	7,103,735	15,642,791	15,470,616	25,977,954	22,574,351		
Restricted								
Infrastructure	568,199	59,172	-	-	568,199	59,172		
Debt Service	288,000	561,007	391,822	376,728	679,822	937,735		
Building	832,828	864,932	-	-	832,828	864,932		
Law Enforcement	80,795	143,689	-	-	80,795	143,689		
Unrestricted	8,831,563	9,028,159	7,382,153	6,444,980	16,213,716	15,473,139		
Total net position	\$ 20,936,548	\$ 17,760,694	\$ 23,416,766	\$ 22,292,324	\$ 44,353,314	\$ 40,053,018		

The largest portion of the Village's total net position (58.6%) represents investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less depreciation and any related outstanding debt and deferred inflows/outflows used to acquire those assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, they are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Village's net position (4.9%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$16,213,716 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.



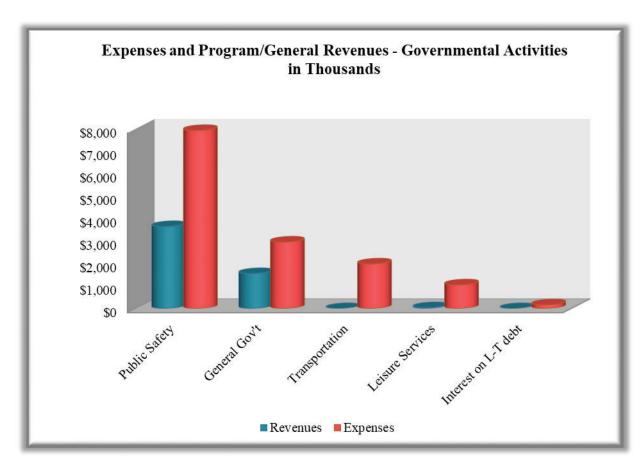
Village of Tequesta's Changes in Net Position

Village of Tequesta Changes in Net Position								
	Govern	mental		ess-type	Total			
	Acti	vities		vities				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 3,603,521	\$ 4,358,422	\$ 7,577,143	\$ 7,578,612	\$ 11,180,664	\$ 11,937,034		
Operating Grants & Contributions	1,581,739	1,676,429	-	19,157	1,581,739	1,695,586		
Capital Grants & Contributions	61,667	63,568	108,464	-	170,131	63,568		
General Revenues:								
Ad valorem Taxes	8,260,937	7,848,744	-	-	8,260,937	7,848,744		
Other Taxes	2,170,196	1,966,890	-	-	2,170,196	1,966,890		
Franchise fees on gross receipts	530,165	509,963	_	-	530,165	509,963		
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,062,117	901,243	_	-	1,062,117	901,243		
Unrestricted investment earnings	58,188	13,296	(6,014)	7,917	52,174	21,213		
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	972	26,524	6,803	29,834	7,775	56,358		
Other Miscellaneous	23,999	54,949	45,162	64,074	69,161	119,023		
Total Revenues	17,353,501	17,420,028	7,731,558	7,699,594	25,085,059	25,119,622		
Expenses:								
General government	2,961,670	3,121,260	-	-	2,961,670	3,121,260		
Public safety	7,926,208	7,507,748	_	-	7,926,208	7,507,748		
Transportation	1,986,016	1,944,570	_	-	1,986,016	1,944,570		
Leisure Services	1,055,418	701,364	_	-	1,055,418	701,364		
Interest expense/other fiscal charges	239,652	59,662	116,584	131,391	356,236	191,053		
Water utility services	-	-	5,434,986	5,679,124	5,434,986	5,679,124		
Stormwater services	-	-	715,004	524,732	715,004	524,732		
Refuse & recycling services	-	-	529,107	511,299	529,107	511,299		
Total Expenses	14,168,964	13,334,604	6,795,681	6,846,546	20,964,645	20,181,150		
Increase in net position before transfers	3,184,537	4,085,424	935,877	853,048	4,120,414	4,938,472		
Transfers	(188,565)	21,891	188,565	(21,891)	-			
Increase in net position	2,995,972	4,107,315	1,124,442	\$ 831,157	4,120,414	4,938,472		
Net position - beginning (restated)	17,940,576	13,653,379	22,292,324	21,461,167	40,232,900	35,114,546		
Net position - ending	\$ 20,936,548	\$ 17,760,694	\$ 23,416,766	\$ 22,292,324	\$ 44,353,314	\$ 40,053,018		

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Village's overall net position increased from the prior fiscal year. Revenues increased in the governmental activities as well as in business-type activities. Combined entity wide revenues exceeded expenses for fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 by \$4,120,414. Combined revenues entity-wide remained rather flat between FY 2021-22 and FY 2020-21 due to increases in ad valorem taxes (property values appreciating) and decreases in charges for services (reduced plan review fees for large construction project completion during the year). Revenues increased in business-type activities due to a modest increase in water utility fees.

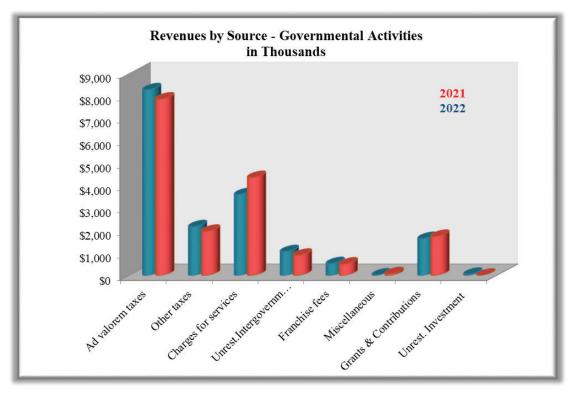
Governmental Activities – Expenses and Program/General Revenues

Governmental activities. As previously stated, overall revenue from governmental activities decreased from the prior year due largely to a reduction in fire plan review fees large project. The increase in property tax revenue was primarily due to increases in property values. Also significantly impacting the Village's operation results was the infusion of operating grants, ARPA and COVID-19 funds in the current fiscal year as well as the prior fiscal year. The results of the Village's operations allowed for an overall increase in net position of \$2,995,972.

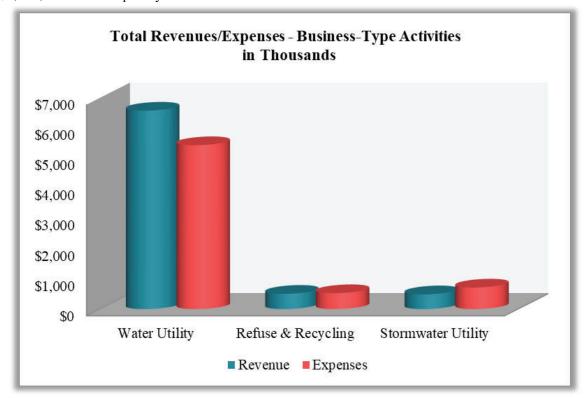


The Village's programs/functions include General Government, Public Safety, Transportation and Leisure Services. The net cost shows the extent to which the Village's general revenues support each of the Village's programs/functions. The net cost of all governmental activities this year was \$8,922,037, a 23.30% increase from the prior period. Revenues decreases in building permit fees and fire plan review fees (due to a very large project started in the prior fiscal year) impacted net income for governmental activities. As shown on the Statement of Activities, the functions directly benefiting from the programs generated revenue of \$5,246,927 with \$11,918,009 financed through general revenues.

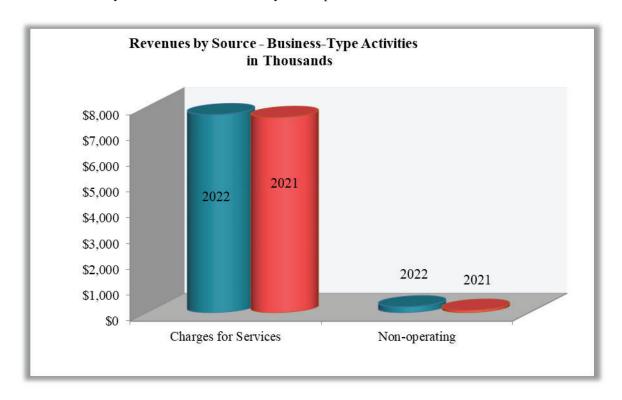
The following is a comparison of revenues by source for governmental activities for fiscal year 2022 and 2021.



Business-type Activities. The Village's business-type activities reported operating revenues exceeding expenses by \$889,926. Non-operating revenues were \$234,516. This resulted in an increase in net position of \$1,124,442 from the prior year.



As shown in the chart below, revenues from *charges for services* reported in business-type activities increased by \$(1,469) from the prior year. A modest increase in water sales in the Water Utility Fund resulted in revenues remaining very flat with less than a 1% change. The Stormwater Utility reported increases in revenues of 8.9% and Refuse and Recycling revenues remained fairly constant. Non-operating income includes investment earnings, loss on disposal of capital assets, as well as capital connection fees. This revenue category increased by 130.4% from the previous fiscal year due to a transfer of ARPA funds to the Stormwater Utility fund for a much needed system repairs.

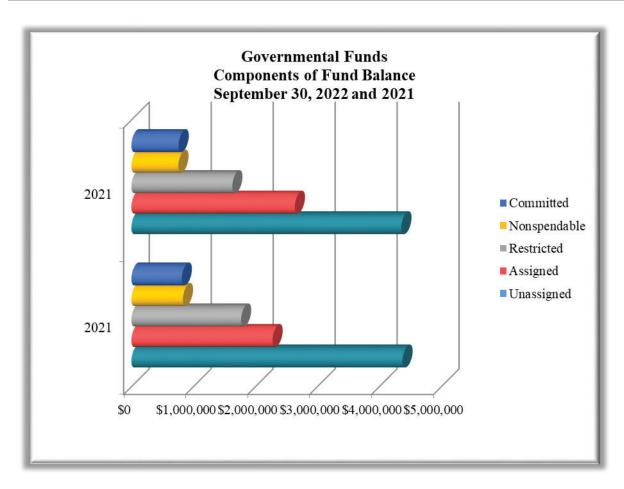


Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

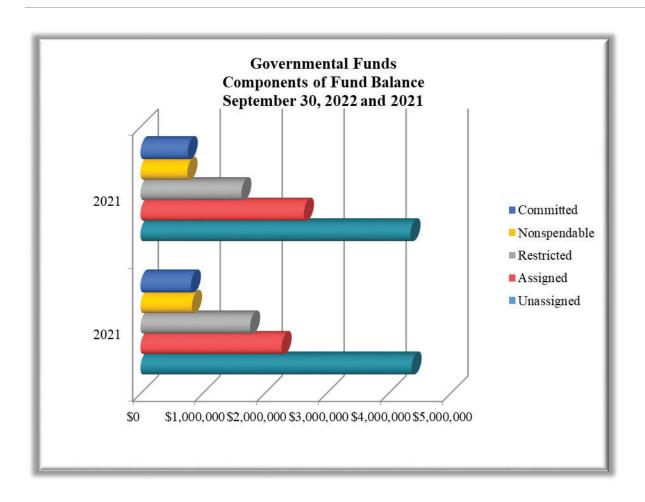
As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the Village's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to be used for a particular purpose by either an external party, the Village itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the Village of Tequesta's Council.

At September 30, 2022 the Village's governmental funds reported total combined fund balances of \$10,066,920. \$4,375,473 (43%) of the combined governmental fund balances is *unassigned* and is available for spending at the Village's discretion. Approximately 30.7% or \$3,090,473 is *assigned or committed*, with the largest portion assigned to subsequent year's budget. Approximately 17.6 % or \$1,769,822 is *restricted* for a particular purpose (i.e. debt service, Law Enforcement Trust funds, etc.). \$831,152 is in nonspendable form (i.e. inventories, prepaid items, etc.). Total combined fund balances have decreased 0.75% from the prior year.



The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year total fund balance was \$8,011,879, an increase of \$1,805,499 from the prior year. Unassigned fund balance of \$4,375,473, increased by \$18,609 (0.43%) from the prior year. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 32% of fiscal year 2022 General Fund expenditures and total fund balance represents approximately 58% of total expenditures. The Village's policy to keep unassigned fund balance at a minimum of two months (17%) of expenditures.



The amount of General Fund revenue by type, their percent of the total and the amount of change compared to last fiscal year are shown in the following schedule:

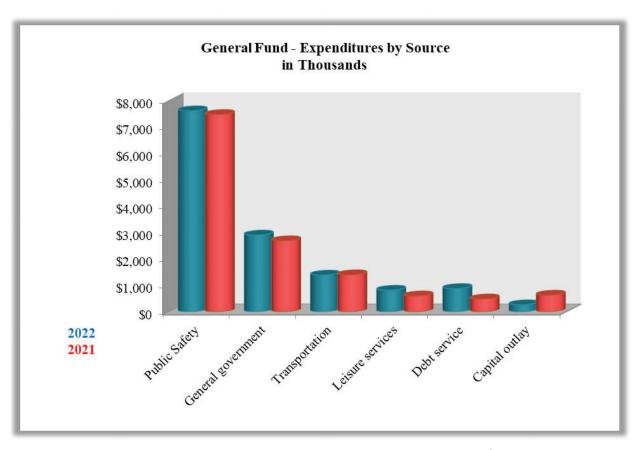
GENERAL FUND REVENUES								
					Cha	nge		
Revenue Sources		2022	% of Total		<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>		2021
Ad valorem taxes	\$	8,260,937	50.1%	\$	412,193	5.3%	\$	7,848,744
Other taxes		2,170,196	13.2%		203,306	10.3%		1,966,890
Charges for services		1,648,315	10.0%		(433,643)	(20.8)%		2,081,958
Intergovernmental		1,062,117	6.4%	(1,577,210)	(59.8)%		2,639,327
Intragovernmental		856,342	5.2%		(174,955)	(17.0)%		1,031,297
Franchise fees		530,165	3.2%		20,202	4.0%		509,963
Licenses and permits		8,350	0.1%		7,300	695.2%		1,050
Rents and Royalties		231,443	1.4%		4,437	2.0%		227,006
Fines and forfeitures		15,023	0.1%		(7,783)	(34.1)%		22,806
Misc. grants and contributions		1,659,940	10.1%		1,604,891	2915.4%		55,049
Investment earnings		51,163	0.3%		43,613	577.7%		7,550
Total Revenue	\$	16,493,991	100%	\$	102,351	0.6%	\$	16,391,640

As noted in the table above, total General Fund revenues increased by \$102,351 (0.6%). The largest changes were due to: 1) increased ad valorem tax revenue resulting from increased property values; 2) decreased fire plan review/land development fees due to new residential developments; 3) decreased indirect cost revenue recovery stemming from a reduction charged to the Water utility enterprise fund; and 4) recognition of grant revenue under the American Rescue Plan Act funding was recorded as intergovernmental last year and miscellaneous grants in current year.

Expenditures in the General Fund are shown in the following schedule:

	General Fund									
Expenditures by Function/Classification										
					Char	ige				
Function		2022	% of Total		\$	%		2021		
General government	\$	2,905,106	20.9%	\$	214,445	8.0%	\$	2,690,661		
Public Safety		7,602,757	54.8%		139,109	1.9%		7,463,648		
Transportation		1,391,122	10.0%		(12,828)	(0.9)%		1,403,950		
Leisure services		820,522	5.9%		214,159	35.3%		606,363		
Debt service		884,770	6.4%		395,011	80.7%		489,759		
Capital outlay		270,273	1.9%		(364,056)	(57.4)%		634,329		
Total expenditures	\$	13,874,550	100%	\$	585,840	4.4%	\$	13,288,710		

Total General fund expenditures increased from the prior year by \$585,840 or 4.4%. Comprehensive Planning accounted for a significant portion of the general government increase, \$130,000 is due to major development activity. The large change in Leisure services is related to the construction of the new community center and the costs of relocating and start up for the completed building. The Village's purchase of an ambulance and acquisition of computer hardware during the prior fiscal year resulted in the decrease of \$364,056 or 57.4%. Below is a graphical presentation of how the Village expends funds and how they compare to the prior period.



The fund balance of the Village's Capital Projects fund Major Fund decreased by \$2,413,716 from the prior year, as a result of spending the issuance of debt from to complete the construction of the new community center at Constitution Park. This fund also had decreased expenditures of \$2,389,552 from the prior year due primarily to costs incurred in connection with construction of the community center project.

At September 30, 2022, ending fund balances for the Non-major Special Revenue funds are as follows: Building Fund - \$872,530; Special Law Enforcement Fund - \$133,522. The ending fund balances in the Non-major Capital Projects Fund are as follows: Capital Improvement Fund - \$912,611. Fund balances in these funds are restricted or assigned for capital projects/improvements; public safety/enforcement of the building code. The Building Fund derives its revenue primarily from building permit fees, while the Special Law Enforcement Fund receive its revenue from the U.S. Department of Justice from asset forfeitures/seizures. The Capital Improvement Fund receives revenue primarily from capital grants and transfers-in from other funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund original budgeted expenditures were increased by \$2,137,500, the majority of which was for the purchase of two fire trucks which was planned to be funded from a bank loan. Unfortunately the two fire trucks are casualties of the supply chain issues and will not be completed until fiscal year 2022-23 or possibly the following year. The General Fund expenditures were less than appropriations by \$748,552 or 5.4% when the cost of the fire trucks, \$1,865,588 are removed.

Proprietary funds: The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The table below summarizes the operating income (loss) and the change in net position for each of the Village's proprietary funds. At the end of the year, total net position of the proprietary funds was \$23,416,766 an increase of \$1,124,442 from the prior period as

shown below. Other factors concerning the finances of this major fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Village's business-type activities.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS Change in Operating Income (Loss) and Net Position									
	Operating Income (Loss) Change in Net Position								
		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Water	\$	1,144,584	\$	418,690	\$	1,174,434	\$	913,413	
Stormwater		(224,737)		(64,013)		(28,351)		(57,963)	
Refuse and Recycling		(21,801)		(24,656)	-	(21,641)	-	(24,293)	
	\$	898,046	\$	330,021	\$	1,124,442	\$	831,157	

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The Village's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities total \$35,345,571 (net accumulated depreciation) as of September 30, 2022. The Village acquired \$3,231,808 in assets during the year and disposed of \$378,175 during the year.

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 3D, Capital Assets, starting on page 51 of this report.

VILLAGE OF TEQUESTA										
<u>Capital Assests</u>										
Governmental										
	Ac	tivities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	otal				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021				
Land	\$ 634,017	\$ 634,017	\$ 83,335	\$ 83,335	\$ 717,352	\$ 717,352				
Construction in progress	18,750	4,536,072	834,115	216,730	852,865	4,752,802				
Buildings	14,693,652	8,004,908	972,980	972,980	15,666,632	8,977,888				
Improvements	2,509,454	2,509,454	58,720	58,720	2,568,174	2,568,174				
Infrastructure	5,265,715	5,223,601	37,702,900	37,644,930	37,644,930 42,968,615					
Machinery & Equipment	4,997,633	4,654,716	2,071,294	2,110,855	7,068,927	6,765,571				
Intangibles	-	274,455	48,649	129,096	48,649	403,551				
Other - K-9	20,549	20,549	_	-	20,549	20,549				
Total capital assets	28,139,770	25,857,772	41,771,993	41,216,646	69,911,763	67,074,418				
Less accumulated depreciation	(10,775,128	(10,003,757)	(23,807,352)	(23,082,773)	(34,582,480)	(33,086,530)				
Total capital assets, net	\$ 17,364,642	\$ 15,854,015	\$ 17,964,641	\$ 18,133,873	\$ 35,329,283	\$ 33,987,888				

Noncurrent liabilities: At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had a total of \$11,388,940 of noncurrent liabilities. The largest portion are debt instruments in the form of promissory notes with Bank of America that are secured by general revenue sources. The table below summarizes the Village's debt position.

In accordance with GASB Statements No's. 68 and 75, the Village recognized a net pension liability (NPL) of \$183,405 and a total OPEB liability of \$913,400, respectively. The Village is presenting the NPL and OPEB liability as separate components of the noncurrent liabilities on the face of the financial statements to present more clearly the Village's long-term pension and other post-employment benefit obligations. A more detailed explanation can be found in Note 3.K – Noncurrent Liabilities.

Village of Tequesta - Noncurrent Liabilities										
	Governmen	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total								
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021				
Notes payable	\$ 6,693,000	\$ 7,254,007	\$ 2,344,386	\$ 2,721,115	\$ 9,037,386	\$ 9,975,122				
Financed purchases	336,478	493,543	-	-	336,478	493,543				
Compensated absences	72,954	791,398	143,902	144,219	216,856	935,617				
Total OPEB Liability	714,574	344,733	198,826	102,540	913,400	447,273				
Noncurrent Liabilities	7,817,006	8,883,681	2,687,114	2,967,874	10,504,120	11,851,555				
Net Pension Liability	-	1,870,706	183,405	198,767	183,405	2,069,473				
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$ 7,817,006	\$ 10,754,387	\$ 2,870,519	\$ 3,166,641	\$ 10,687,525	\$ 13,921,028				

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic factors currently affect the Village of Tequesta and were considered in developing the 2022-2023 fiscal year budget:

- The Village Council's decision to keep the millage rate constant at 6.6290.
- Significant sales in existing homes caused the gross taxable value of properties to increase 14.5%. Approximately 80% of the residential housing have the homestead exemption.
- Inflation eroding buying power for the Village purchases.
- Interest rates were increasing due to significant inflation which will increase interest earnings for excess cash.
- The Village Council approved water rate increase of 3.5% to fund capital needs.
- Village Council approved increase of 3.5% in refuse and recycling rates.
- Village Council approved increase of 5.0% in stormwater rates.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Tequesta's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Village of Tequesta, Finance Department, 345 Tequesta Drive, Tequesta, Florida 33469.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Accepte	Governme Activitie			Business- type Activities		Total
Assets	Ф 6702	021	d.	4 027 254	Ф	11 641 175
Cash	\$ 6,703,		\$	4,937,354	\$	11,641,175
Investments	2,451,			2,451,085		4,902,171
Receivables, net	2,157,			925,712		3,082,959
Inventories	65,			223,061		288,698
Prepaid items	765,			88,997		854,512
Net pension asset	3,675,			503,946		4,179,194
Capital assets not being depreciated	652,			917,450		1,570,217
Capital assets being depreciated, net	16,711,	875		17,063,479		33,775,354
Total Assets	33,183,	196		27,111,084		60,294,280
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows - pensions	1,666,	803		341,154		2,007,957
Deferred outflows - OPEB	323,	288		89,954		413,242
Deferred charge on refunding				122,632		122,632
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,990,	091		553,740		2,543,831
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	376,	584		362,468		739,052
Accrued liabilities	351,	951		36,270		388,221
Accrued interest payable		954		_		72,954
Customer deposits	ĺ	-		42,430		42,430
Unearned revenue	4.	300		_		4,300
Due to other governments		718		2,202		8,920
Noncurrent liabilities:	ĺ			,		,
Due within one year	552,	805		406,822		959,627
Due in more than one year	7,251,			2,081,466		9,332,508
Total OPEB liability due in more than one year	714,			198,826		913,400
Net pension liability due in more than one year		_		183,405		183,405
Total Liabilities	9,330,	928		3,313,889		12,644,817
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows - pensions	3,568,	978		934,169		4,503,147
Deferred inflows - leases	1,336,			<u> </u>		1,336,833
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,905,	811		934,169		5,839,980
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	10,335,	163		15,642,791		25,977,954
Restricted:	,,			,-:-,		,
Infrastructure	568,	199		_		568,199
Debt Service	288,			391,822		679,822
Building	832,			-		832,828
Law Enforcement	80,			_		80,795
Unrestricted	8,831,			7,382,153		16,213,716
Total Net Position	\$ 20,936,	548	\$	23,416,766	\$	44,353,314

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Program l	Revenues	3		Cł	hanges	nse) Revenue in Net Positi	ion	i
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Gran	erating nts and ibutions	Capital Grants and Contributions	(Governmental Activities	Ві	y Governmen usiness-type Activities	ıt	Total
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities											
General government	\$ 2,961,670			-	\$ -	\$	(1,413,512)	\$	-	\$	(1,413,512)
Public safety	7,926,208	2,017,300	1,5	572,585	61,667		(4,274,656)		-		(4,274,656)
Transportation	1,986,016	-		8,654	-		(1,977,362)		-		(1,977,362)
Leisure services	1,055,418	38,063		500	-		(1,016,855)		-		(1,016,855)
Interest on long-term debt	239,652						(239,652)				(239,652)
Total governmental activities	14,168,964	3,603,521	1,5	81,739	61,667		(8,922,037)		-		(8,922,037)
Business-type Activities											
Water	5,551,570	6,579,570		_	108,464		_		1,136,464		1,136,464
Stormwater utility	715,004	490,267		_	-		_		(224,737)		(224,737)
Refuse and Recycling	529,107	507,306		_	_		_		(21,801)		(21,801)
Total business-type activities	6,795,681	7,577,143		_	108,464		-		889,926		889,926
Total primary government	\$ 20,964,645	\$ 11,180,664	\$ 1,5	581,739	\$ 170,131		(8,922,037)		889,926		(8,032,111)
	General Revenue	s:					0.240.027				0.240.027
	Ad valorem tax	tes					8,260,937		-		8,260,937
	Utility taxes	. ,					888,384		-		888,384
	Communicatio						327,900		-		327,900
	Insurance prem Infrustructure s						293,595		-		293,595
	Business taxes	surtax					568,037 92,280		-		568,037 92,280
		based on gross rece	into				530,165		-		530,165
		tergovernmental re					1,062,117		-		1,062,117
		vestment earnings	venues				58,188		(6,014)		52,174
	Gain on sale of						972		6,803		7,775
	Miscellaneous						23,999		45,162		69,161
	Transfers	revenues					(188,565)		188,565		09,101
	Total general reve	nues and transfers				_	11,918,009		234,516		12,152,525
	Change in net pos						2,995,972		1,124,442		4,120,414
	Net Position - Be	ginning (restated)					17,940,576		22,292,324	_	40,232,900
	Net Position - En	ding				\$	20,936,548	\$:	23,416,766	\$	44,353,314

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Assets Cash Investments	\$ General Fund 4,632,774 2,451,086	\$ Capital Projects	\$ Nonmajor Governmental Funds 1,934,686	\$ Total Governmental Funds 6,703,821 2,451,086
Receivables, net Inventories Prepaid items	 2,157,188 65,355 746,953	 17 - -	 42 282 18,562	 2,157,247 65,637 765,515
Total Assets	\$ 10,053,356	\$ 136,378	\$ 1,953,572	\$ 12,143,306
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other governments	\$ 354,995 343,952 4,300 1,397	\$ - - - -	\$ 21,589 7,999 5,321	\$ 376,584 351,951 4,300 6,718
Total Liabilities	704,644	 	 34,909	 739,553
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - leases	 1,336,833	 	 	 1,336,833
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 1,336,833	 	 	 1,336,833
Fund Balances Nonspendable: Inventories	65,355		282	65,637
Prepaid items Restricted: Infrastructure	746,953	-	18,562	765,515
Debt Service Building	288,000	- - -	568,199 - 832,828	568,199 288,000 832,828
Law Enforcement Committed to: Disaster Reserve	500,000	-	80,795	80,795 500,000
Capital Projects Assigned to:	· -	- 120 270	312,722	312,722
Capital Projects Subsequent years budget Unassigned:	2,036,098	128,378 8,000	31,690 73,585	160,068 2,117,683
General Fund	 4,375,473	 	 	 4,375,473
Total Fund Balances	 8,011,879	 136,378	1,918,663	 10,066,920
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 10,053,356	\$ 136,378	\$ 1,953,572	\$ 12,143,306

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 10,066,920
Net pension asset is not considered to represent a financial asset in the governmental funds.	3,675,248
Net capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	17,364,642
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB transactions not reported in the governmental funds.	1,990,091
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension transactions not recognized in the governmental funds.	(3,568,978)
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(7,876,801)
Total OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.	(714,574)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 20,936,548

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		General Fund		Capital Projects	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	8,260,937	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,260,937
Other taxes		2,170,196		-		-		2,170,196
Charges for services		1,648,315		-		5,546		1,653,861
Intergovernmental		1,062,117		-		-		1,062,117
Intragovernmental		856,342		-		-		856,342
Licenses and permits		8,350		-		751,857		760,207
Franchise fees		530,165		-		-		530,165
Rents and royalties		231,443		-		-		231,443
Miscellaneous		16,534		-		55		16,589
Fines and forfeitures		15,023		-		94,055		109,078
Grants, contributions and donations		1,643,406		1 007		- - 029		1,643,406
Investment earnings	_	51,163	_	1,087		5,938		58,188
Total Revenues		16,493,991		1,087		857,451		17,352,529
Expenditures Current:								
Leisure services		820,522		7,132		-		827,654
Public safety		7,602,757		, -		812,080		8,414,837
Transportation		1,391,122		255,000		186,149		1,832,271
General government		2,905,106		-		-		2,905,106
Capital outlay		270,273		2,152,671		133,509		2,556,453
Debt service:								
Principal		718,072		-		-		718,072
Interest		166,698						166,698
Total Expenditures		13,874,550		2,414,803		1,131,738		17,421,091
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		2,619,441		(2,413,716)		(274,287)		(68,562)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		_		-		806,231		806,231
Transfers out		(994,796)		-		_		(994,796)
Proceeds on sale of capital assets		972		_		-		972
Total other financing sources (uses)		(993,824)		-		806,231		(187,593)
Net change in fund balances		1,625,617		(2,413,716)		531,944		(256,155)
Fund Balances - Beginning (restated)		6,386,262		2,550,094		1,386,719		10,323,075
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	8,011,879	\$	136,378	\$	1,918,663	\$	10,066,920

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (256,155)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation/amortization in the current period.		
The details of the difference are as follows:		
Capital outlay	2,556,453	4 540 625
Depreciation/amortization expense	(1,045,826)	1,510,627
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Payment on notes payable	561,007	
Payment on financed purchases	157,065	718,072
Some revenues and expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds:		
The details of the difference are as follows:		
Accrued interest payable	(72,954)	
Compensated absences	17,029	
Total OPEB liability	(62,156)	1 022 420
Net pension related	1,141,509	1,023,428
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,995,972

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	В	Business-type Activ	ities	
	Water Fund	Stormwater	Nonmajor Refuse & Recycling	Total
Assets				
Current Assets: Cash Investments Receivables, net Inventories Prepaid items	\$ 4,769,375 2,451,085 911,791 223,012 88,205	\$ 54,903 - 11,003 49 792	\$ 113,076 - 2,918 -	\$ 4,937,354 2,451,085 925,712 223,061 88,997
Total Current Assets	8,443,468	66,747	115,994	8,626,209
Non-current Assets: Net pension asset Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net	463,787 911,232 15,132,455	40,159 6,218 1,931,024	- - -	503,946 917,450 17,063,479
Total Non-Current Assets	16,507,474	 	<u> </u>	18,484,875
Total Assets	24,950,942	2,044,148	115,994	27,111,084
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred charge on refunding	320,180 82,858 122,632	20,974 7,096	- - -	341,154 89,954 122,632
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	525,670	28,070		553,740
Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Customer deposits Compensated absences Due to other governments Notes payable	\$ 255,449 34,494 42,430 15,000 2,202 391,822	\$ 63,668 1,776 - -	\$ 43,351 - - - -	\$ 362,468 36,270 42,430 15,000 2,202 391,822
Total Current Liabilities	741,397	65,444	43,351	850,192
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences Notes payable Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	128,261 1,952,564 183,405 183,141	641 - - 15,685	- - -	128,902 1,952,564 183,405 198,826
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,447,371	16,326		2,463,697
Total Liabilities	3,188,768	81,770	43,351	3,313,889
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - pensions	891,769	42,400	<u> </u>	934,169
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	891,769	42,400	<u> </u>	934,169
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Debt Service	13,769,738 391,822	1,873,053	-	15,642,791 391,822
Unrestricted	7,234,515	74,995	72,643	7,382,153
Total Net Position	\$ 21,396,075	\$ 1,948,048	\$ 72,643	\$ 23,416,766

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities						
		Water Fund		Stormwater	Nonmajor Refuse & Recycling		Total
Operating Revenues							
Charges for services:							
Metered water sale	\$	6,579,570	\$	-	\$ -	\$	6,579,570
Stormwater fees		-		490,267	-		490,267
Refuse and recycling fees					 507,306	_	507,306
Total Operating Revenues		6,579,570		490,267	 507,306	_	7,577,143
Operating Expenses							
Cost of sales and services:							
Plant production		2,446,029		-	-		2,446,029
Distribution		971,027		-	-		971,027
Stormwater		-		481,131	-		481,131
Purchased services		-		-	520,400		520,400
Management services		655,209		86,413	8,707		750,329
Administration		681,882		-	-		681,882
Depreciation/amortization		680,839		147,460	 	_	828,299
Total Operating Expenses		5,434,986		715,004	 529,107		6,679,097
Operating Income (Loss)		1,144,584		(224,737)	 (21,801)	_	898,046
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)							
Investment earnings (loss)		(6,242)		68	160		(6,014)
Interest expense		(116,584)		-	-		(116,584)
Gain on disposal of capital assets		6,803		-	-		6,803
Transfers in		-		188,565	-		188,565
Miscellaneous revenue		37,409		7,753	-		45,162
Capital contributions		108,464			 	_	108,464
Total Non-Operating Revenues, Net		29,850		196,386	 160		226,396
Change in Net Position		1,174,434		(28,351)	(21,641)		1,124,442
Net Position - Beginning	2	20,221,641		1,976,399	 94,284	_	22,292,324
Net Position - Ending	\$ 2	1,396,075	\$	1,948,048	\$ 72,643	\$	23,416,766

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	В	Susiness-type Ac	ctivities	
	Water	Storm Water	Refuse	
	Fund	Fund	Nonmajor Fund	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Cash received from customers, governments and other funds	\$ 6,500,317	\$ 498,359	\$ 508,141	\$ 7,506,817
Cash paid to suppliers	(2,796,963)	(417,389)	(527,637)	(3,741,989)
Cash paid to employees	(1,890,715)	(136,741)		(2,027,456)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	1,812,639	(55,771)	(19,496)	1,737,372
Cash Flows from Non Capital Financing Activities				
Short-term interfund borrowings	45,000	(45,000)	_	_
Transfers from other funds	-	188,565	_	188,565
	-		-	
Net Cash Provided by Non Capital Financing Activities	45,000	143,565		188,565
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(611,167)	(64,188)	-	(675,355)
Cash received from sale of capital assets	6,803	-	-	6,803
Capital contributions - grants	108,464	-	-	108,464
Principal payments on long-term debt	(376,729)	-	-	(376,729)
Interest paid	(95,274)			(95,274)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(967,903)	(64,188)	-	(1,032,091)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of investments	(2,459,341)	-	-	(2,459,341)
Interest and micsellaneous income	80,082	7,821	160	88,063
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	(2,379,259)	7,821	160	(2,371,278)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,489,523)	31,427	(19,336)	(1,477,432)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	6,258,898	23,476	132,412	6,414,786
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$ 4,769,375	\$ 54,903	\$ 113,076	\$ 4,937,354
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,144,584	\$ (224,737)	\$ (21,801)	\$ 898,046
Adjustments to reconcile operating Income (Loss) to net	Ψ 1,1,0 σ .	· (==:,/::/)	φ (21,001)	Ψ 0,0,0.0
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation/Amortization	680,839	147,460	-	828,299
Changes in operating assets, liabilities and deferred inflows	s/			
outflows of resources:				
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable	(72,011)	8,092	835	(63,084)
Inventories	421	291	-	712
Prepaid items	5,837	405	-	6,242
Increase (decrease) in:	22.125	21.560	1 470	46 174
Accounts payable	23,135	21,569	1,470	46,174
Accrued liabilities	6,763	335	-	7,098
Customer deposits Long-term assets/liabilities	(7,242) 28,363	(9,186)	-	(7,242) 19,177
Due to other governments	1,950	(3,100)	-	1,950
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 1,812,639	\$ (55,771)	\$ (19,496)	\$ 1,737,372
The Casa Horiaca of (coca iii) Operating Activities	Ψ 1,012,037	ψ (33,771)	Ψ (17,π70)	Ψ 1,131,312
Schedule of non-cash capital and related financing activities	:			
Unrealized loss on investments	\$ 48,915	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,915

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Pension Trust Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 555,669
Investments	
Equities	17,109,363
Fixed Income	6,161,808
Real Estate Fund	3,882,142
Total investments	27,153,313
Contributions receivable	224,133
Accrued interest receivable	38,392
Prepaid items	55,199
Due from broker	240,690
Total Assets	28,267,396
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	32,009
Due to broker	11,288
Deferred inflows	92,655
Total Liabilities	135,952
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 28,131,444

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Pension Trust Funds
Additions	
Contributions:	
State of Florida	\$ 293,595
Employer	783,931
Employee	366,672
Total Contributions	1,444,198
Investment Earnings	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	(5,701,624)
Gain on sale of investments	399,324
Interest and dividends	502,248
	(4,800,052)
Less investment expenses	(115,901)
Net Investment Earnings	(4,915,953)
Total Additions	(3,471,755)
Deductions	
Benefits paid	584,937
Refund of contributions	423,148
Administrative expenses	110,489
Total Deductions	1,118,574
Change in Net Position	(4,590,329)
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	
Beginning of year	32,721,773
End of year	\$ 28,131,444



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and any component units. All fiduciary funds are presented separately. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

B. Reporting Entity

The Village of Tequesta, Florida (the Village) is a municipal corporation organized in 1957 pursuant to Special Act 57-1915, Laws of Florida. The Village has a Council-Manager form of government governed by a five (5) member Council elected at large. Each year, the Council appoints one of its members Mayor, to serve at the pleasure of Council for one year. The Village's major operations include public safety (police, fire rescue/EMS, building and code enforcement), transportation (streets and roads), leisure services (culture and recreation), water, stormwater, refuse & recycling services and general and administrative.

The definition of the financial reporting entity is based upon the concept that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. One of the objectives of financial reporting is to provide users of financial statements with a basis for assessing the accountability of the elected officials. The financial reporting entity consists of the Village, organizations for which the Village is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Village is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the Village, or has operational responsibility. The Village has no component units to report.

The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. Both sets of statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type* activities of the Village. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds while business-type activities incorporate data from the Village's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the Village's water and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> reports all financial and capital resources of the Village's governmental and business-type activities. *Governmental activities* are those supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The <u>Statement of Activities</u> demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges for goods or services that are recovered directly from customers for services rendered and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Village's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are presented apart from major and nonmajor funds.

The Village reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for acquisition or construction of major capital projects, other than those financed by proprietary fund types.

The Village reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Water Fund*, which accounts for the activities of the water utility, which includes the processing and distribution of potable water to Village residents and some surrounding communities, and the *Stormwater Utility Fund*, which accounts for the construction and maintenance of the Village's stormwater system.

Additionally, the Village reports the following fund type:

The *pension trust funds* account for the activities of the Public Safety Employees' (Police and Fire) and the General Employees' Pension Trust Funds, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

During the course of operations, the Village has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds (short-term) and advances to/from other funds (long-term). While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in the business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The *government-wide financial statements* are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the Village the right to use leased assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The *proprietary funds* are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources (as described previously).

The *pension trust funds* are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member and state contributions are recognized as revenues in the period that the contributions are due. Employer contributions to each Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All plan investments are reported at fair value, except for a money market fund which is reported at amortized cost; securities traded in the over-the-counter market and listed securities for which no sales were reported on that date are valued at the last reported bid price. Securities without an established fair value are reported at estimated fair value. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis.

F. Budgetary Information

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. Per established procedures approved by the Village Council, the designated budget officer may approve a department head's request to transfer appropriations between accounts, within a department. Although the Village Council requires all inter-department budget amendments to go before the Village Council, the budget was adopted on a fund basis and the legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. Any amendments that change the total fund's budget requires the Village Council to approve it in the same manner that the original budget was approved – by resolution.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash

The Village's cash is considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

2. Investments

The Village has adopted an investment policy in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes that allows the Village to invest in relatively low risk securities, such as certificates of deposit, money market accounts, and U.S. Government Securities and Agencies. Investments are stated at fair value or amortized cost which approximates fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies and water distribution repair parts. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure and intangible assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure and intangible assets, are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. For infrastructure and intangible assets the same estimated minimum useful life is used (in excess of one year), but only those projects that cost more than \$25,000 are reported as capital assets. In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Village chose not to capitalize infrastructure acquired in fiscal years ending prior to September 30, 2004. As the Village constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20-40 years
Improvements	20-40 years
Infrastructure	20 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Intangibles	5-20 years
Other	5-15 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

5. Leases

Lessor

The Village is a lessor for noncancellable leases of certain parcels of real property.

Lease receivable is measured at the commencement date at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease receivables are reported on the balance sheet and on the statement of net position.

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for *deferred outflows* of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Village has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are; 1) Deferred outflows related to pensions; 2) Deferred outflows related to OPEB; and 3) Deferred charge on refunding resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price, and is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. These items are reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of net position of the proprietary funds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for *deferred inflows* of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Village has two items that qualify for reporting in this category - 1) Deferred inflows related to pensions and 2) Deferred inflows related to leases. This items reported in the balance sheet governmental funds and/or government-wide statement of net position and the statement of net position of the proprietary funds.

7. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Village will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position, in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Village's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

8. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Village will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Village's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

9. Fund Balance Policies

The Village classifies fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement No.54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraint of the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The Village reports the following fund classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance. Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form such as inventory or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as a perpetual trust.

Restricted fund balance. Restricted fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the imposition externally by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governmental agencies or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance. Those amounts can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Village Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Village that can, by adoption of an ordinance or resolution equally binding and of equal decision-making authority, prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance or resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance or resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Village for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Village Council (Council) has, by adopting a fund balance policy, authorized the Village Manager and/or the Finance Director to assign fund balance. The Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. The other governmental funds may report negative unassigned fund balance if that fund's expenditures

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property tax collections are governed by Chapter 197, Florida Statutes. Property taxes are based on assessed property value at January 1st as determined by the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser. The Village sets the property tax millage rate in September. The Palm Beach County Tax Collector bills and collects all property taxes levied within the County. Florida Statutes limit Village's millage rate to a maximum of 10 mills, excluding voter-approved debt service millage rates. The millage rate for the Village in fiscal year 2022 was 6.6290 mills. Tax bills are mailed out November 1st and discounts are available for payments made in the following months; November 4%, December 3%, January 2% and February 1%. Taxes become delinquent on April 1st. The owner of a tax certificate may at any time after taxes have been delinquent (April 1), for two years, file an application for a tax deed sale. Tax deeds are issued to the highest bidder for the property which is sold at public auction.

The Tax Collector remits current taxes collected through four distributions to the Village in the first two months of the tax year and one distribution each month thereafter. The Village recognizes property tax revenue in the period in which they are levied. The Tax Collector pays the Village interest on monies held from day of collection to day of distribution.

3. Compensated Absences

Vacation

The Village's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from the Village's service up to the maximum allowable limit. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

Sick Leave

The Village's policy permits employees to accumulate unused sick leave up to a maximum amount approved by Council. Upon termination, this leave is eligible for payment at percentages determined by years of service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when the liability has matured. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

4. Proprietary Funds Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water fund, refuse and recycling fund and stormwater fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The water fund also recognizes as operating revenue, the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Implementation of new GASB Pronouncements

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. This Statement outlines new guidance that establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. The goal is to better align reporting these leases with their particular situations, as well as provide greater transparency and usefulness of financial statements. The result of implementing this pronouncement resulted in a \$179,882 increase in the fund balance of the Village's General Fund and similarly increased the governmental activities net position of the Statement of Activities.

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will be effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2023. This standard will provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosure. The implementation of this pronouncement will not result in any financial impact to the Village.

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, which is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. This standard will enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and will improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions about the following: (1) The effective date of Statement No. 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, for interim financial reports; (2) Reporting of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan; (3) The applicability of Statements No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, as amended, and No. 74, Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, to reporting assets accumulated for post-employment benefits; (4) The applicability of certain requirements of Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, to post-employment benefit arrangements; (5) Measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations (ARO's) in a government acquisition; (6) Reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers; (7) Reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature; (8) Terminology used to refer to derivative instruments. The implementation of this pronouncement did not result in any financial impact to the Village.

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, which is effective for the Village beginning with its year ending year end September 30, 2022, with the exception of the removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate which will become effective September 30, 2023. The objective of this Statement is to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an Interbank Offered Rate. This Statement achieves that objective by: (1) Providing exceptions for certain hedging derivative instruments to the hedge accounting termination provisions when an IBOR is replaced as the reference rate of the hedging derivative instrument's variable payment; (2) Clarifying the hedge accounting termination provisions when a hedged item is amended to replace the reference rate; (3) Clarifying that the uncertainty related to the continued availability of IBOR's does not, by itself, affect the assessment of whether the occurrence of a hedged expected transaction is probable; (4) Removing LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap; (5) Identifying a Secured Overnight Financing Rate and the Effective Federal Funds Rate as appropriate benchmark interest rates for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap; (6) Clarifying the definition of reference rate, as it is used in Statement 53, as amended. The implementation of this pronouncement did not result in any financial impact to the Village.

In April 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which will be effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2023. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPP's). This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APA's). The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of PPP's and APA's and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. The implementation of this pronouncement did not result in any financial impact to the Village.

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, which is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. The objective of this Statement is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of this pronouncement did not result in any financial impact to the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Note 2 – Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total* governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds." The amount of this reconciling element is \$17,364,642 as explained in the following detail (additional details shown in Note 3.D.):

Capital assets not being depreciated:	
Land	\$ 634,017
Construction in progress	18,750
Capital assets being depreciated:	
Buildings, net	10,812,921
Improvements other than buildings, net	813,751
Infrastructure, net	3,838,690
Machinery and equipment, net	1,239,175
Other K-9, net	 7,338
Net Adjustment to Increase Fund Balance- Total Governmental Funds to Arrive at	
Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 17,364,642

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds/notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$7,876,801 difference are as follows:

Note payable	\$ 6,693,000
Financed purchases	336,478
Compensated absences	774,369
Accrued interest pyable	72,954
NAAP AA DI E IDI	
Net Adjustment to Reduce Fund Balance -	
Total Governmental Funds to Arrive at	
Net Position – Governmental Activities	\$ 7,876,801

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Activities and Funds

A. Cash Deposits with Financial Institution

Custodial credit risk-deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. All of the Village's deposits are held in qualified public depositories (QPD) pursuant to State of Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. Under the Act, every qualified public depository shall deposit with the Treasurer eligible collateral of the depository to be held subject to his or her order. The pledging level may range from 25% to 200% of the average monthly balance of public deposits depending upon the depository's financial condition and establishment period. All collateral must be deposited with an approved financial institution. Any potential losses to public depositors are covered by applicable deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral and, if necessary, assessments against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default. At September 30, 2022, none of the Village's primary bank balances or certificates of deposit were exposed to custodial credit risk.

B. Investments

The Village has adopted an investment policy in accordance with Florida Statutes and is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities, certificates of deposit, the State Board of Administration Investment Pool, any intergovernmental investment pools authorized pursuant to Chapter 163 of the Florida Statutes, SEC registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency, and securities of any interest in any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided that the portfolio is limited to obligations of U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such U.S. government obligations and provided that such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian.

The Florida local government investment pool valance consists of two governmental investment pools: Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS) and Florida Surplus Asset Fund (FLSAFE). The pools are organized under Florida Statutes Section 163, the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, by Florida public agencies for the purpose of operating an independent investment pool for local governments and administered by a Board of Trustees elected by the participants in the pool. FLCLASS and FLSAFE are operated in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Rule 2a7 allows SEC registered mutual funds to use amortized cost rather than fair value, to report net position used to compute share prices if certain conditions are met. Those conditions included restrictions on the types of investments held, restrictions on the term to maturity of individual investments, the dollar weighted average of the portfolio, requirement for portfolio diversification, and requirement of divestiture considerations in the event of security downgrades and defaults, plus required actions if the fair value of the portfolio deviates from amortized costs by a specific amount. The fair value of the position in the pools is considered to be the same as the Village's account balance (amortized cost) in the pool. These pools are not insured by FDIC or any other governmental agency.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

As of September 30, 2022, the Village had the following demand deposits and investments:

Deposits and Investments	Re	ported Value	Weighted Average Maturity	Credit Rating (S&P)	Percent Distribution
Demand deposits	\$	3,456,816			20.90%
Florida Class		3,824,020		AAAm	23.12%
Florida Safe		4,360,339		AAAm	26.36%
Total Deposits		11,641,175			
Certificates of deposit		2,000,000	2.4 years		12.09%
US Government Agencies		2,902,171	2.4 years	AA	17.54%
Total Investments		4,902,171			
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	16,543,346			100%

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rates could adversely affect an investment's fair value. The Village's investment policy limits investments to the following: (1) current operating funds should have maturities of no longer than 24 months and (2) core funds shall have a final maturity of five and one-half (5.5) years or less from the date of purchase. The overall weighted average duration of principal return for the core funds shall be less than 3 years.

Credit Risk - Credit risk exists when there is a possibility that the issuer or other counter-party to an investment transaction may be unable to fulfill its obligations. The Village's investment policy allows investments in U.S. Government-sponsored agencies and enterprises, commercial paper, the Florida PRIME investment pool, interlocal investment pools. The Village invests surplus funds in FLCLASS and FLSAFE Investment Pools. Both are rated by Standard & Poor's as AAAm, the highest rating for 2a7 investment pools.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Maximum investment concentration ranges from 25% for other municipal bonds to 100% for US Treasuries. At September 30, 2022, the Village's investments were within the established policy levels for all investments to mitigate this risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - The risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At this time, the Village is invested in US Government Agencies held by a third party custodian and the highest rating by S&P for both local government investment pools; FLCLASS and FLSAFE.

Fair value of Investments - The Village follows the provision of GASB Codification, I50: Investments, which establishes a framework for measuring the fair value of investments in a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASBC I50 are described below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

<u>Level 1</u> – Investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

<u>Level 2</u> – Investments reflect prices that are based on inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable for an asset (including quoted prices for similar assets), which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3 – Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable inputs.

As of September 30, 2022 the Village has the following recurring fair value investments:

		ted Prices in	Significant	S	ignificant		
		Active Markets for			Observable	Ur	observable
		Identical Assets			Inputs		Inputs
	9/30/22	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
Fixed income							_
U.S. Agencies	\$ 2,902,172	\$	-	\$	2,902,172	\$	-
Total fixed income	2,902,172		-		2,902,172		-
Total investments at fair value	2,902,172	\$	-	\$	2,902,172	\$	-
Investment at net asset value (NAV)							
FL Class	3,824,020						
FL Safe	 4,360,339	_					
Investment at net asset value (NAV)	8,184,359	_					
Investments at cost							
Certificates of deposit (exempt)	 2,000,000	_					
Total investments	13,086,531	_					
Demand Deposits	3,456,815						
Total cash equivalent and		-					
investments	\$ 16,543,346	•					

Investments – Public Safety Pension Trust Fund

Investment Policy Statement

The Public Safety Pension Board of Trustees, as fiduciaries, adopts an Investment Policy Statement and directs that it applies to all assets under their control. It is the Board's intention to review the policy at least annually subsequent to the actuarial report and to amend this statement to reflect any changes in philosophy, objectives, or guidelines. When the Investment Manager feels that the specific objectives defined in the statement cannot be met, or the guidelines constrict performance, the Investment Manager will present a formal modified investment policy statement to the Board of Trustees at a meeting for the Board's review. Once the Board has adopted, the new investment policy goes into effect 31 days after it has been filed with the State of Florida. There were no changes to the Investment Policy Statement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The investments of the Public Safety Pension Trust Fund were in compliance with the investment policy.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Plan categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on valuation input used to measure the fair value of an asset:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

- Level 1 investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets;
- <u>Level 2</u> investments reflect prices that are based on inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable for an asset (including quoted prices for similar assets), which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active;
- Level 3 investments reflect prices based upon unobservable inputs for an asset.

The investment pricing transparency determines the category within the hierarchy and should not be observed at the investment risk. The custodian bank's (primary external pricing vendors) quoted prices were used to determine level classification based on the fair value hierarchy.

Debt and equity securities classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted prices at September 30, 2022 (or the most recent market close date if the markets are closed on September 30) in active markets. This includes common stock, equity mutual funds and bond mutual funds.

Debt securities are valued using pricing inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use to price an asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting equity (Level 2). It is valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing values securities based on the securities relationship to benchmark quoted prices. This includes U.S. Treasury bonds and notes, U.S. agencies, mortgage backed securities, municipal bonds and corporate obligations, including asset backed securities.

The Real Estate Fund - this fund enters into real estate partnerships with various joint venture partners. The portfolio is valued quarterly at net asset value (NAV). Investments valued at NAV are excluded from the fair value hierarchy because the valuation is not based on actual market inputs but rather is quantified using the fund's reported NAV. The fund had no outstanding commitments.

As of September 30, 2022 the Public Safety Pension Trust Fund has the following recurring fair value investments:

		Quoted Prices in S			gnificant	Significant
		1	Active Markets	Ol	bservable	Unobservable
			for Identical		Inputs	Inputs
	9/30/22	A	Assets (Level 1)	((Level 2)	(Level 3)
Equities						
Mutual funds equities	\$ 12,570,550	\$	12,570,550			
Total equities	12,570,550		12,570,550			
Fixed income						
Corporate bonds	890,391				890,391	
U.S. Government bonds	2,498,405				2,498,405	
U.S. Agences	299,240				299,240	
Bond mutual fund	639,144		639,144			
Total fixed income	4,327,180		639,144		3,688,036	
Total investments at fair value	16,897,730	\$	13,209,694	\$	3,688,036\$	-
						_
			Redemption	Re	demption	
Investment at net asset value (NAV)			Frequency	Not	tice Period	
Real Estate Fund	2,814,046		Quarterly		30 days	
Total investments	\$ 19,711,776	_	-		•	
		_				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

As of September 30, 2022, the Village of Tequesta's *Public Safety Pension Trust Fund* had the following demand deposits and investments:

		Weighted	Credit		
	Reported	Average	Rating	Percent	Percent of
	Value	Maturity	(Moody)	Distribution	Net Position
Cash	\$ 36,164			0.18%	-%
Short-Term Money Market Fund	240,000			1.20%	1.18%
Total Cash and Cash					
Equivalents	276,164				
Equities					
Mutual Funds	 12,570,550			62.89%	61.65%
Total Equities	12,570,550				
Fixed Income					
Corporate Bonds:		7.10 years			
Bonds	419,679		A1	2.10%	2.06%
Bonds	265,647		A2	1.33%	1.30%
Bonds	205,065		A3	1.03%	1.01%
U.S. Government Bonds	2,498,405			12.50%	12.25%
U.S. Agencies	299,240	10.96 years	AAA	1.50%	1.47%
Bond Mutual Fund	639,144			3.20%	3.13%
Total Fixed Income	4,327,180				
Real Estate Fund	2,814,046			14.08%	13.80%
Total investments	 19,711,776				
Total cash and investments	\$ 19,987,940			100.00%	98.03%

Interest Rate Risk - the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment in debt securities. Generally, the longer the time to maturity the greater the exposure. The Plan does not have a formal policy relating to interest rate risk, however;

- The established performance objectives require investment maturities to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they become due.
- At September 30, 2022, there were investments in mutual funds that included debt instruments in their portfolio.

Credit Risk - the risk that a debt issuer will not fulfill its obligations. The investment policy limits credit risk by requiring that:

- Fixed income investments must hold a rating in one of the four highest classifications by a major rating service.
- Equities must be traded on a national exchange.
- Money market investments must hold a minimum rating of Standard & Poor's A1 or Moody's P1.
- At September 30, 2022, the weighted average maturity in years for each investment type is included in the preceding table and ranges from 7.10 to 10.96 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Concentration of Credit Risk - the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The investment policy limits exposure to this risk by:

- Limiting investments in common stock, capital stock or convertible stock of any one issuing company or aggregate of any one issuing company to 5% of the outstanding capital stock of the company.
- Limiting the value of corporate bonds issued by any single corporation to not more than 5% of the total fund.
- Limiting investments in corporate common stock and convertible bonds (not to exceed 70% of the fund assets at fair value). Mortgage-backed securities issued by non-government entities are limited to 15% of the fixed income portfolio.
- Limiting investments in foreign securities (not to exceed 25% of the value at cost of the fund).

Custodial Credit Risk - the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Plan's investment policy limits exposure to this risk by:

- Requiring all securities to be held with a third party custodian.
- Requiring security transactions between a broker/dealer and the custodian involving the purchase or sale of securities by transfer of money or securities are made on a "delivery vs. payment" basis to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in hand at the conclusion of the transaction.

Foreign Currency Risk - is the risk of an investment's value changing due to changes in currency exchange rates. Exposure to foreign currency risk is low as:

- Foreign investments are through ADR's (shares listed in the U.S.), mutual funds (registered in the U.S.), or Yankee bonds (denominated in U.S. dollars should not to exceed 5% of total fund).
- The investment policy permits a maximum of 25% of the fair value of the fund securities to be invested in foreign securities.
- At September 30, 2022, 15.57% of the fair value of the fund was invested in international funds.
- All the international securities are denominated in U.S. dollars. There is no foreign currency risk.

Money Weighted Rate of Return and Target Allocation

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the overall annual money-weighted rate of return (long-term expected real rate of return) on the Public Safety Pension Plan investments (both Police Officers' and Firefighters') was (15.03)% and 20.27% respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment manager and consultant expenses adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, shown below by asset class, is developed using best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation). These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as well as the long-term expected real rate of return as of September 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

			Long-Term E	expected Real
	Target		Rate of	Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Range	2022	2021
Domestic Equity	50%	45%-55%	7.5%	7.5%
International Equity	15%	10%-20%	8.5%	8.5%
Total Equities	65%	60%-70%		
Domestic Core Fixed Income	20%	15%-25%	2.5%	2.5%
Diversified Fixed Income	5%	0%-10%	3.5%	3.5%
Total Fixed Income	25%	20%-30%		
Core Real Estate	10%	5%-15%	4.5%	4.5%

Investments - General Employees' Pension Trust Fund

Investment Policy Statement

The General Employees' Pension Board of Trustees, as fiduciaries, adopts an Investment Policy Statement and directs that it applies to all assets under their control. It is the Board's intention to review the policy at least annually subsequent to the actuarial report and to amend this statement to reflect any changes in philosophy, objectives, or guidelines. When the Investment Manager feels that the specific objectives defined in the statement cannot be met, or the guidelines constrict performance, the Investment Manager will present a formal modified investment policy statement to the Board of Trustees at a meeting for the Board's review. Once the Board has adopted, the new investment policy goes into effect 31 days after it has been filed with the State of Florida. There were no changes to the Investment Policy Statement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 and investments of the General Employees' Pension Trust Fund were in compliance with the investment policy.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Plan categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on valuation input used to measure the fair value of an asset:

- Level 1 investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets;
- <u>Level 2</u> investments reflect prices that are based on inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable for an asset (including quoted prices for similar assets), which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active;
- Level 3 investments reflect prices based upon unobservable inputs for an asset.

The investment pricing transparency determines the category within the hierarchy and should not be observed as the investment risk. The custodian bank's (primary external pricing vendors) quoted prices were used to determine level classification based on the fair value hierarchy.

Debt and equity securities classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted prices at September 30, 2022 (or the most recent market close date if the markets are closed on September 30) in active markets. This includes common stock, mutual funds and fixed income funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Debt securities are valued using pricing inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use to price an asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting equity (Level 2). It is valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing values securities based on the securities relationship to benchmark quoted prices. This includes U.S. Treasury bonds and notes, U.S. agencies, mortgage backed securities, municipal bonds and corporate obligations, including asset backed securities.

The Real Estate Fund - this fund enters into real estate partnerships with various joint venture partners. The portfolio is valued quarterly at net asset value. Investments valued at NAV are excluded from the fair value hierarchy because the valuation is not based on actual market inputs but rather is quantified using the fund's reported NAV. The fund had no outstanding commitments.

As of September 30, 2022 the General Employees' Pension Trust Fund has the following recurring fair value investments:

	9/30/22	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)			gnificant bservable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Inobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Equities						_
Common stocks	\$ 1,802,307	\$	1,802,307			\$ -
Mutual funds equities	 2,736,506		2,736,506			
Total equities	4,538,813		4,538,813			
Fixed income						
Corporate bonds	559,323				559,323	
U.S. Government bonds	331,038				331,038	
U.S. Agences	205,653				205,653	
Bond mutual fund	294,451		294,451			
Exchange traded funds	444,163		444,163			
Total fixed income	1,834,628		738,614		1,096,014	
Total investments at fair value	6,373,441	\$	5,277,427	\$	1,096,014	\$ -
Investment at net asset value (NAV)			Redemption Frequency		edemption tice Period	
Real Estate Fund	1,068,096		Quarterly		30 days	

7,441,537

Total investments

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

At September 30, 2022, the Village of Tequesta's *General Employees' Pension Trust Fund* had the following demand deposits and investments:

	Reported Value	Weighted Average Maturity	Credit Rating (Moody)	Percent Distribution	Percent of Net Position
				0.04	0.04
Cash	\$ 24,006			0.31%	0.31%
Short Term Money Market Fund	255,500	_		3.31%	3.30%
Total Cash and Cash equivalents	279,506				
Equities					
Common stocks	1,802,307			23.34%	23.28%
Mutual funds	2,736,506			35.44%	35.34%
Total Equities	4,538,813	-			
Fixed Income					
Corporate Bonds:		1.29 years			
Bonds	44,249		A1	0.57%	0.57%
Bonds	164,250		A2	2.13%	2.12%
Bonds	119,900		A3	1.55%	1.55%
Bonds	230,924		Baa	2.99%	2.98%
ETF - Exchange Traded Fund	444,163			5.75%	5.74%
U.S. Government Bonds	331,038			4.29%	4.28%
U.S. Agencies	205,653	1.55 years	AAA	2.66%	2.66%
Mutual Fund	294,451	•		3.81%	3.80%
Total Fixed Income	1,834,628	='			
Real Estate Fund	1,068,096	-		13.83%	13.80%
Total Investments	7,441,537	=			
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 7,721,043	- =		100.00%	99.72%

Interest Rate Risk - the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment in debt securities. Generally, the longer the time to maturity, the greater the exposure. The Plan does not have a formal policy relating to interest rate risk, however:

- The established performance objectives require investment maturities to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they become due.
- At September 30, 2022, the weighted average maturity in years for each investment type is included in the preceding table and ranges from 1.29 to 1.55 years.

Credit Risk - the risk that a debt issuer will not fulfill its obligations.

The Plan limits exposure that a debt issuer will not fulfill its obligations by limiting investments made or held in the fund to:

- Obligations issued by the U.S. Government or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government or by an agency of the U.S. Government;
- Bonds, stocks, or commingled funds administered by national or state banks, or other evidences or indebtedness, issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States, any state or organized territory of the United States, or District of Columbia provided that the securities meet the following ranking criteria:
 - o Fixed income investments holding a rating in one of the four highest classifications by a major rating service.
 - o Equities that are traded on a National Exchange.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Concentration of Credit Risk - the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Plan's investment policy limits exposure by:

- Limiting investments in common stock or capital stock of any one issuing company or aggregate of any one issuing company to 5% of the outstanding capital stock of the company.
- Limiting the value of bonds issued by any single corporation not to exceed 10% of the total fund.
- Limiting investments in corporate common stock and convertible bonds not to exceed 70% of the fund assets at fair value.
- Limiting investments in foreign securities not to exceed 25% of the fair value of the fund.

Custodial Credit Risk – the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Plan's investment policy limits exposure to this risk by:

- Requiring all securities to be held by a third party custodian in the name of the Plan. As of September 30, 2022, the Plan's investment portfolio was held with a third-party custodian.
- Requiring securities transactions between a broker-dealer and the custodian involving
 purchase or sale of securities by the transfer of money or securities to be made on a "delivery
 vs. payment" basis to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money in hand at the
 conclusion of the transaction.

Foreign Currency Risk - is the risk of an investment's value changing due to changes in currency exchange rates. Exposure to foreign currency risk is low as:

- Foreign investments are through ADR's (shares listed in the U.S.), mutual funds (registered in the U.S.), or Yankee bonds (traded in U.S. dollars).
- The investment policy permits a maximum of 25% of the fair value of the fund securities (including equities and fixed income securities) to be invested in foreign securities.
- At September 30, 2022, 15.22% of the fair value of the fund was invested in international funds.
- All the international securities are denominated in U.S. dollars. There is no foreign currency risk.

Money Weighted Rate of Return and Target Allocation

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the overall annual money-weighted rate of return (long-term expected real rate of return) on the General Employees' Pension Plan investments was (15.89)% and 19.38% respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment manager and consultant expenses adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, shown below by asset class, is developed using best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation). These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as well as the long-term expected real rate of return as of September 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

			Long-Term E	Expected Real			
		Rate of Return					
Asset Class	Allocation	Range	2022	2021			
Domestic Equity	50%	45%-55%	7.5%	7.5%			
International Equity	15%	10%-20%	8.5%	8.5%			
Total Equities	65%	60%-70%					
Domestic Core Fixed Income	20%	15%-25%	2.5%	2.5%			
Diversified Fixed Income	5%	0%-10%	3.5%	3.5%			
Total Fixed Income	25%	20%-30%					
Core Real Estate	10%	5%-15%	4.5%	4.5%			

C. Receivables

Below is the detail of receivables for the general, water, and nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

	General	Capital Projects		Water	Storm- water	Nonmajor Funds	Total	
Leases Accounts	\$ 1,392,707 331,982	\$	- 17	\$ - 890,665	\$ - 6	\$ - 53	\$ 1,392,707 1,222,723	
Intergovernmental Francise fees	403,148 58,752		-	345	10,997	2,907	417,397 58,752	
Other taxes Interest	65,894 25,827		-	23,660	-	-	65,894 49,487	
Gross receivables Less: allowance for	2,278,310		17	914,670	11,003	2,960	3,206,960	
uncollectibles	(121,122)		-	(2,879)	_	-	(124,001)	
Net Total Receivables	\$ 2,157,188	\$	17	\$ 911,791	\$ 11,003	\$ 2,960	\$ 3,082,959	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

		Beginning				Ending
		Balance	Additions	Deductions		Balance
Governmental Activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:						
Land	\$	634,017	\$ -	\$ -	\$	634,017
Construction-in-progress		4,536,072	18,750	(4,536,072)		18,750
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized	_	5,170,089	18,750	(4,536,072)	_	652,767
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:						
Buildings		8,004,908	6,688,744	-		14,693,652
Improvements other than buildings		2,509,454	-	-		2,509,454
Infrastructure		5,223,601	42,114	-		5,265,715
Machinery and equipment		4,654,716	342,917	-		4,997,633
Intangibles		274,455	-	(274,455)		-
Other K-9		20,549				20,549
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized	_	20,687,683	7,073,775	(274,455)	_	27,487,003
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:						
Buildings		(3,513,390)	(367,341)	-		(3,880,731)
Improvements other than buildings		(1,605,387)	(90,316)	-		(1,695,703)
Infrastructure		(1,296,126)	(130,899)	-		(1,427,025)
Machinery and equipment		(3,314,753)	(443,705)	-		(3,758,458)
Intangibles		(263,826)	(10,629)	274,455		-
Other K-9		(10,275)	(2,936)			(13,211)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		(10,003,757)	(1,045,826)	274,455		(10,775,128)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net		10,683,926	6,027,949		_	16,711,875
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	15,854,015	\$ 6,046,699	\$ (4,536,072)	\$	17,364,642

 $Depreciation/amortization\ expense\ was\ charged\ to\ the\ functions/programs\ of\ the\ governmental\ activities\ of\ the\ Village\ as\ follows:$

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 125,024
Public safety	502,805
Transportation	185,486
Leisure services	 232,511
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,045,826

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 83,335	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,335
Construction in progress	216,730	617,385		834,115
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized	300,065	617,385		917,450
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings	972,980	-	-	972,980
Improvements other than buildings	58,720	-	-	58,720
Infrastructure	37,644,930	57,970	-	37,702,900
Machinery and equipment	2,094,567	-	(23,273)	2,071,294
Intangibles	129,096	-	(80,447)	48,649
Leased machinery and equipment	16,288			16,288
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	40,916,581	57,970	(103,720)	40,870,831
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings	(748,724)	(15,211)	-	(763,935)
Improvements other than buildings	(34,058)	(2,349)	-	(36,407)
Infrastructure	(20,391,542)	(712,183)	-	(21,103,725)
Machinery and equipment	(1,785,762)	(87,261)	23,273	(1,849,750)
Intangibles	(121,058)	(8,038)	80,447	(48,649)
Leased machinery and equipment	(1,629)	(3,257)		(4,886)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(23,082,773)	(828,299)	103,720	(23,807,352)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net	17,833,808	(770,329)		17,063,479
Business-type Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$ 18,133,873	\$ (152,944)	\$ -	\$ 17,980,929

Depreciation/amortization expense charged to the water and stormwater funds of the business-type activities was \$828,299. The depreciation/amortization expense breakdown by activity is as follows:

Water utility	\$ 680,839
Stormwater	147,460
Total depreciation/amortization expence	\$ 828,299

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

E. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities reported by governmental funds at September 30, 2022, were as follows:

		Other		Total
	General	al Governmental		lovernmental
	 Fund	Funds		Funds
Salary and employee benefits	\$ 332,304	\$ 7,999	\$	340,303
Other	 11,648	-		11,648
Total Accrued Liabilities	\$ 343,952	\$ 7,999	\$	351,951

F. Pension Obligations

Florida Retirement System (FRS) - a Statewide Local Government Employees' Retirement System (SLGERS)

<u>General Information</u>. The FRS was established and administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, effective December 1, 1970.

Full time employees hired before January 1, 1996 are eligible to participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), as provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA"). The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. A post-employment health insurance subsidy is also provided to eligible employees. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes and Chapter 22B, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can only be made by an act of the Florida Legislature.

The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000 or visiting the website at www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications.

<u>Plan Description:</u> The FRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer qualified defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011: Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with a least six years of credited service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Special

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% (3.33% for judges and justices) of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, Senior Management Service, and Elected Officers' class members, and to age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk and Special Risk Administrative Support class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is three percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of three percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by three percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

<u>Contributions</u> – Effective July 1, 2011, both employees and employers are required to contribute to establish service credit for work performed in a regular established position. Effective July 1,2002, the Florida Legislature established a uniform contribution rate system for the FRS, covering both the Pension Plan and the Investment Plan. The uniform rates for fiscal year 2021-2022 are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Class	Employee	Employer (1)	Total
Regular	3%	9.10%	12.10%
Special Risk	3%	24.17%	27.17%
Special Risk Administrative Support	3%	36.04%	39.04%
Elected Officers'			
Judges	3%	39.19%	42.19%
Governor, Lt.Governor, Cabinet, Legistrators,			
State Attorneys, Public Defenders	3%	62.01%	65.01%
Elected County, City Officers'	3%	49.07%	52.07%
Senior Management Service	3%	27.29%	30.29%
DROP participants	-	16.68%	16.68%
Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)	(2)

Notes: (1) These rates include the normal cost and unfunded actuarial liability contributions but do not include the 1.66 percent contribution for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy and the fee of 0.06 percent for administration of the FRS Investment Plan and provision of educational tools for both plans.

(2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The Village's total contributions to the FRS Pension Plan totaled \$13,668 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The total pension liability for the FRS was determined by the plan's actuary and reported in the plan's GASB 67 valuation as of June 30, 2022, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below. The total pension liability is calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal cost allocation method. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022.

At September 30, 2022, the Village reported a liability of \$152,863 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Village's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the contributions made during the year ended June 30, 2021 of all participating members. At the June 30, 2022 Measurement Date, the Village's proportionate share was 0.000410833, which was a decrease of 0.0009352% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources	Outflows	Inflows
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses (differences between expected and actual experience)	\$ 7,260	\$ -
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	18,826	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	9,648	(291,789)
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings	10,094	-
Village Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,539	
Total	\$ 49,367	\$ (291,789)

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$3,539 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Amount		
2023	\$ (64,305)		
2024	(62,273)		
2025	(64,628)		
2026	(32,793)		
2027	 (21,962)		
	\$ (245,961)		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.70%. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees if future experience follows assumptions and the Actuarially Determined Contribution is contributed in full each year. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Discount rate	6.70%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense	6.70%
Municipal bond rate	N/A

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

Valuation Date July 1, 2022 Measurement date June 30, 2022 Inflation 2.40%

Salary increases including inflation 3.25%

Mortality PUB-2010 base table varies by member category and sex,

projected generationally with Scale MP-2018 details in

valuation report

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry Age

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the Village's portion of the net pension liability of the FRS, calculated using the discount rate of 6.70%, as well as what the FRS's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.70%) or one percentage point higher (7.70%) than the current rate.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	5.70%	6.70%	7.70%
Village's proportionate share of			
net pension liability	\$ 264,366	\$ 152,863	\$ 59,633

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 6.70% on consists of two building block components: 1) an inferred real (in excess of inflation) return of 4.20%, which is consistent with the 4.38% real return from the capital market outlook model developed by the FRS consulting actuary, Milliman; and 2) a long-term average annual inflation assumption of 2.40% as adopted in October 2022 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. In the opinion of the FRS consulting actuary both components and the overall 6.70% return assumption were determined to be reasonable and appropriate per Actuarial Standards of Practice. The 6.70% reported investment return assumption chosen by the 2022 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference for funding policy purposes.

The table below contains a summary of Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset class in which the plan was invested at the time based on the long-term target asset allocation. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. This assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

A CI	Target	Annual Arithmetic	Compound Annual (Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.1%
Fixed income	19.8%	4.4%	4.4%	3.2%
Global equity	54.0%	8.8%	7.3%	17.8%
Real estate	10.3%	7.4%	6.3%	15.7%
Private equity	11.1%	12.0%	8.9%	26.3%
Strategic investments	3.8%	6.2%	5.9%	7.8%
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.3%

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> – At September 30, 2022 the Village reported zero payable in the employer for outstanding contributions to the Pension Plan, both FRS and Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS).

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program

<u>Plan Description</u> – HIS Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the HIS Program. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist eligible retirees and surviving beneficiaries of state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of creditable service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement system must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u> – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. HIS contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which HIS payments are authorized.

The Village's total contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$1,355 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Actuarial valuations for the HIS Program are conducted biennially. The July 1, 2022, HIS valuation is the most recent valuation and was used to develop the liabilities for June 30, 2022. Liabilities originally calculated as of the actuarial valuation date have been recalculated as of a later GASB Measurement Date using standard actuarial roll forward procedures. The discount rates used at the two liability measurement dates differ due to changes in the applicable municipal bond index between dates.

At September 30, 2022, the Village reported a liability of \$30,542 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Village's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the contributions made during the year ended June 30, 2021 of all participating members. At June 30, 2022, the Village's proportionate share was 0.000288361%, which was a decrease of 0.0005857% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected to the measurement date. Any significant changes during this period have been reflected as prescribed by GASB 67.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources	 eferred utflows	_	Deferred Inflows
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses (differences between expected and actual experience)	\$ 927	\$	(134)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	1,751		(4,725)
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-		(78,542)
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings	44		-
Village Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 347		
Total	\$ 3,069	\$	(83,401)

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, totaling \$347 resulting from Village contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fiscal Year Ending	1	Amount
2023	\$	(21,340)
2024		(16,670)
2025		(14,578)
2026		(12,264)
2027		(11,362)
Thereafter		(4,465)
	\$	(80,679)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.54%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability under GASB 67 is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate. The single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. The discount rates used at the two dates differ due to changes in the applicable municipal bond index.

Discount rate	3.54%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense	N/A
Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index	3.54%

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022, were based on certain results of an actuarial experience study of the FRS for the period July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018.

Valuation Date	July 1, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.40%
Salary increases including inflation	3.25%
Mortality	Generational PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018;
	details in valuation report
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the HIS, calculated using the discount rate of 3.54%, as well as what the HIS's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.54%) or one percentage point higher (4.54%) than the current rate.

	1%		Current			1%				
	Decrease 2.54%		Decrease		Decrease		Dis	count Rate	I	ncrease
			3.54%		4.54%					
Village's proportionate share of										
net pension liability	\$	34,943	\$	30,542	\$	26,901				

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The Village of Tequesta Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans

<u>Overview</u>: The Village maintains two single-employer defined benefit pension plans, the *Public Safety Officers' Pension Trust Fund* and the *General Employees' Pension Trust Fund*. The sole administration of and responsibility for the proper operation of the retirement system is vested in The Board of Trustees. The defined benefit pension plans do not issue stand alone financial statements.

All full-time general employees who are not classified as police officers or firefighters are eligible for membership in the General Employees' Pension Plan on the date of employment. The General Employees' Pension Board consists of five Trustees. Two are legal residents of the municipality, appointed by the Village Council, and two are full time General Employee members. The fifth Trustee is selected by a majority vote of the other Trustees.

The Public Safety Board consists of five Trustees. Two are legal residents of the municipality, appointed by the Village Council, one is a full time police officer member, and one is full time firefighter member. The fifth Trustee is selected by a majority vote of the other Trustees.

All full-time police officers and all full-time firefighters are eligible for membership in the Public Safety Officers' Pension Plan on the date of employment. The Public Safety Officers' Pension Trust Fund receives contributions that may not be used to pay benefits of all employee classes, therefore, two separate trust funds, the Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund (FPTF) and the Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund (PPTF) are reflected separately in the financial statements, as well as the General Employee's Trust Fund (GPTF).

Membership in the Village of Tequesta's defined benefit pension plans as of the actuarial valuation date of October 1, 2021:

	FPIF	PPIF	GPIF
Number of:			
Inactive members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	7	3	12
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1	2	8
Active members	19	18	50
Total	27	23	70

Funding Policies are presented below under each of the plans.

Actuarial Assumptions and Net Pension Liability (NPL)

The actuarial valuation of the liabilities for the FPTF, PPTF and GPTF as of the September 30, 2021 measurement date were determined as of the beginning of the year, October 1, 2020 (based on actuarial valuation results as reported in the October 1, 2020 actuarial valuation). Using a measurement date of September 30, 2021 allows for timelier reporting at the end of the year. These liabilities are used for GASB Statement No. 68 reporting for the reporting fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

The total pension liability for the Village's defined benefit pension plans was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement period. Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. If significant changes occur during the year, such as benefit changes or changes in assumptions or methods, these would be noted in the footnotes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		FPTF		PPTF		GPTF
Actuarial Valuation Date Measurement Date of the net pension liability Village's Fiscal Year Ended Date for		et. 1, 2020 p. 30, 2021		ct. 1, 2020 p. 30, 2021		et. 1, 2020 p. 30, 2021
Reporting Purposes	Sej	p. 30, 2022	Se	p. 30, 2022	Sej	p. 30, 2022
Pensi	on Ex	pense				
Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Based on Measurement Period Ended September 1)	20r 30	2021)				
(Based on Measurement Ferrod Ended Septemb						
]	FPTF		PPTF		GPTF
Service Cost	\$	470,978	\$	327,856	\$	470,535
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	-	1,059,130		364,708		497,428
Employee Contributions (made negative for additions here)		(104,656)		(75,796)		(171,792)
Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (made		(104,030)		(73,770)		(171,772)
negative for additions here)		(930,408)		(438,639)		(473,599)
Administrative Expense		26,570		28,748		40,526
Other Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Contributions Transferred from 401(a) Plan) Other Changes in Total Pension Liability		-		101,437		-
(Increase in State Contribution Reserve)		-		(101,437)		_
Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Recourses due to Liabilities Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Recourses		32,049		(92,810)		(47,335)
due to Assets		(412,726)		(178,658)		(253,230)
Total Pension Expense	\$	140,937	\$	(64,591)	\$	62,533

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The deferred outflow of resources, resulting from the Village's contributions to the Plans subsequent to the measurement date of September 30, 2021 will be recognized as a reduction of the Village's net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

The Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Fire:

	D	eferred Outflows of Resources	Def	erred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	292,819	\$	148,661
Changes in assumptions		263,460		315,877
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,397,365
Contribution subsequent to measurement date		523,573		_
Total	\$	1,079,852	\$	1,861,903

Police:

	of Resources	Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,465	\$ 238,027	7
Changes in assumptions	36,574	77,617	7
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	-	643,755	5
Contribution subsequent to measurement date	 203,707		
Total	\$ 244,746	\$ 959,399	9

Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows of

General:

	D	eferred Outflows of Resources	De	eferred Inflows of Resources
		of Resources		Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	96,834	\$	402,470
Changes in assumptions		183,842		90,070
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		814,115
Contribution subsequent to measurement date		350,247		-
Total	\$	630,923	\$	1,306,655

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources by Year to be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses

Net Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

118.00%

91.08%

	Tier Bereirea III	110 WB alla Gatilo W	s of fresources
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	FPTF	PPTF	GPTF
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ (322,878) (278,034) (338,333) (328,938)	\$ (183,894) (180,778) (220,590) (204,585)	\$ (240,406) (220,336) (286,934) (245,272)
2027 Thereafter Total	(7,162) (30,279) \$ (1,305,624)	(40,347) (88,166) \$ (918,360)	(33,031) - (1,025,979)
Net Pension Liability (Asset) Below is a summary of components measured as of September 30, 2021 (r	of the net pension	on liability (asset).	, by Plan, which wa
68).	Fire	Police	General
Measurement Date September 30,	2021	2021	2021
Total Pension Liability Plan Net Position Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 15,707,456 16,221,717 \$ (514,261)	\$ 5,225,838 7,621,215 \$ (2,395,377)	\$ 7,609,284 8,878,840 \$ (1,269,556)
Plan Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	103.27%	145.84%	116.68%
In accordance with GASB Statement N disclosed:	o. 67, information a	as of September 30	, 2022 has been
Measurement Date September 30,	Fire 2022	Police 2022	General 2022
Total Pension Liability Plan Net Position	\$ 16,613,857 13,745,648	6,643,342	\$ 8,500,338 7,742,454
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 2,868,209	\$ (1,013,169)	\$ 757,884

82.74%

Plan Net Position as a % of Total

Pension Liability

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Below is a detail of the net changes in pension liability (asset):

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION TRUST CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

	Increase (Decrease)							
	T	otal Pension	Pl	an Fiduciary		Net Pension		
		Liability	Net Position			Liability		
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$	14,767,838	\$	13,058,965	\$	1,708,873		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		470,978		-		470,978		
Interest		1,059,130		-		1,059,130		
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		(50,743)		-		(50,743)		
Changes in assumptions		(322,948)		-		(322,948)		
Contributions - employer		-		410,585		(410,585)		
Contributions - state		-		193,278		(193,278)		
Contributions - employee		-		104,656		(104,656)		
Net investment Income		-		2,697,602		(2,697,602)		
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(216,799)		(216,799)		-		
Administrative expense		-		(26,570)		26,570		
Net Changes		939,618		3,162,752		(2,223,134)		
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	15,707,456	\$	16,221,717	\$	(514,261)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST CHANGES IN NET PENSION ASSET

	Increase (Decrease)							
	T	otal Pension	Pla	an Fiduciary	I	Net Pension		
		Liability	N	et Position	Asset			
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$	4,906,802	\$	6,171,161	\$	(1,264,359)		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		327,856		-		327,856		
Interest		364,708		-		364,708		
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		(135,030)		-		(135,030)		
Changes of assumptions		(87,966)		-		(87,966)		
Contributions - employer		-		100,619		(100,619)		
Contributions - employer (from state)		-		193,086		(193,086)		
Contributions - members		-		75,796		(75,796)		
Net investment income		-		1,259,833		(1,259,833)		
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(49,095)		(49,095)		-		
Administrative expense		-		(28,748)		28,748		
Other		(101,437)		(101,437)		-		
Net changes		319,036		1,450,054		(1,131,018)		
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	5,225,838	\$	7,621,215	\$	(2,395,377)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION TRUST CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

	Increase (Decrease)								
	T	otal Pension	Pla	an Fiduciary		Net Pension			
		Liability	N	let Position		Liability			
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$	7,280,856	\$	7,129,156	\$	151,700			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		470,535		-		470,535			
Interest		497,428		-		497,428			
Differences between expected									
and actual experience		(332,590)		-		(332,590)			
Changes of Assumptions		(109,651)		-		(109,651)			
Contributions - employer and State		-		380,003		(380,003)			
Contributions - member		-		171,792		(171,792)			
Net investment income		-		1,435,710		(1,435,710)			
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(197,294)		(197,294)		-			
Administrative expense		-		(40,527)		40,527			
Net changes		328,428		1,749,684		(1,421,256)			
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	7,609,284	\$	8,878,840	\$	(1,269,556)			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% as of September 30, 2022, same as of September 30, 2021, was used to measure the total pension liability for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension trusts. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%. A discount rate of 6.50% was used to measure total pension liability for the General Employees' Pension Trust as of September 30, 2022 same as of September 30, 2021. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.5% for both years. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (6.5%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the tables below present the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.00% (for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension trusts) and 6.50% (for the General Employees' Pension Trust) as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher (amounts in parenthesis represent a net pension asset).

		Cı	irrent Single	
	1%	Discount Rate		1%
	Decrease	A	Assumption	Increase
Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021	 6.00%		7.00%	8.00%
Firefighters'	\$ 1,317,358	\$	(514,261)	\$ (2,060,443)
Police Officers'	(1,752,614)		(2,395,377)	(2,925,012)
		Cı	arrent Single	
		D	iscount Rate	1%
	Decrease	A	Assumption	Increase
Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021	5.50%		6.50%	7.50%
General Employees'	\$ (243,276)	\$	(1,269,556)	\$ (2,124,635)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, information as of September 30, 2022 has been disclosed:

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022		1% Decrease 6.00%	D	arrent Single iscount Rate Assumption 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
Firefighters' Police Officers'	\$	4,774,365 (305,371)	\$	2,868,209 (1,013,169)	\$ 1,257,798 (1,597,532)
Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022	_	Decrease 5.50%	D	arrent Single iscount Rate Assumption 6.50%	1% Increase 7.50%
General Employees'	\$	1,903,784	\$	757,884	\$ (190,798)

Village of Tequesta Public Safety Employees' Pension Plan (PSEPP)

Summary of Plan Provisions

A. Ordinances

The Plan was established under the Code of Ordinances for the Village of Tequesta, Florida, Chapter 2, Article III, Division 1, Section 2-61 (b), and was most recently amended under Ordinance No. 02-19, passed and adopted on March 14, 2019. The Plan is also governed by certain provisions of Chapters 175 and 185, Florida Statutes, Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Statutes and the Internal Revenue Code.

B. Effective Date

Adopted March 14, 2019

C. Plan Year

October 1 through September 30

D. Type of Plan

Qualified, governmental defined benefit retirement plan; for GASB purposes it is a single employer plan.

E. Eligibility Requirements

All full-time police officers and all full-time firefighters are eligible for membership on the date of employment.

F. Credited Service

Service is measured as the total number of years and completed months of a year as a police officer or firefighter with the Village. No service is credited for any periods of employment for which the member received a refund of their contributions.

G. Compensation

Total cash remuneration for services rendered as a police officer or firefighter. For firefighters and police officers hired before October 1, 2010, overtime hours are limited to 300 hours per year, effective October 1, 2013 for firefighters and October 1, 2014 for police officers. For firefighters and police officers hired before October 1, 2010, payments for unused leave earned after October 1, 2013 for firefighters and October 1, 2014 for police officers are excluded from pensionable salary. For firefighters hired on or after October 1, 2010, fixed monthly remuneration including regular earnings, vacation pay and sick pay but excluding lump sum payments, overtime, bonuses, incentives and longevity.

H. Average Final Compensation (AFC)

The average of Compensation over the highest 5 years during the last 10 years of Credited Service.

I. Normal Retirement

Eligibility - A member may retire on the first day of the month coincident with or next following the earlier of:

- (1) age 55 and 6 years of Credited Service (10 years of Credited Service for firefighters hired on or after August 14, 2015), or
- (2) age 52 and 25 years of Credited Service.

Benefit - For police officers hired before February 1, 2013 and firefighters hired before August 14,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

2015 (firefighters: Credited Service only prior to September 1, 2015):

- 3.0% of AFC multiplied by the first 6 years of Credited Service, plus
- 3.5% of AFC multiplied by the next 4 years of Credited Service, plus
- 4.0% of AFC multiplied by the next 5 years of Credited Service, plus
- 3.0% of AFC multiplied by the next 6 years of Credited Service, plus
- 2.0% of AFC multiplied by the next 4 years of Credited Service, plus
- 3.0% of AFC multiplied by all years of Credited Service over 25 years

For firefighters hired before August 14, 2015, Credited Service on or after September 1, 2015:

3.0% of AFC multiplied by years of Credited Service

For police officers hired on or after February 1, 2013 and firefighters hired on or after August 14, 2015:

2.75% of AFC multiplied by all years of Credited Service

Normal Form of Benefit - 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter; other options are also available.

COLA: None

Supplemental Benefit - All retirees and beneficiaries receiving pension benefits will be paid a supplemental benefit equal to \$20 for each year of the member's Credited Service up to a maximum of \$600. The supplemental benefit ceases upon the later of the death of the retired member or beneficiary.

J. Early Retirement

Eligibility - A member may elect to retire earlier than the Normal Retirement Eligibility upon attainment of age 50 and 6 years of Credited Service (10 years of Credited Service for firefighters hired on or after August 14, 2015).

Benefit - The Normal Retirement Benefit is reduced by 3.0% for each year by which the Early Retirement date precedes the Normal Retirement date.

Normal Form of Benefit - 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter; other options are also available.

COLA: None

Supplemental Benefit - All retirees and beneficiaries receiving pension benefits will be paid a supplemental benefit equal to \$20 for each year of the member's Credited Service up to a maximum of \$600. The supplemental benefit ceases upon the later of the death of the retired member or beneficiary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

K. Delayed Retirement

Same as Normal Retirement taking into account compensation earned and service credited until the date of actual retirement.

L. Service Connected Disability

Eligibility - Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled and unable to render useful and efficient service to the Village as a result from an act occurring in the performance of service for the Village is immediately eligible for a disability benefit.

Benefit - The accrued Normal Retirement Benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited as of the date of disability with a minimum benefit equal to 42% of AFC.

Normal Form of Benefit - 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter.

COLA: None

Supplemental Benefit - All retirees and beneficiaries receiving pension benefits will be paid a supplemental benefit equal to \$20 for each year of the member's Credited Service up to a maximum of \$600. The supplemental benefit ceases upon the later of the death of the retired member or beneficiary.

M. Non-Service Connected Disability

Eligibility - Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled and unable to render useful and efficient service to the Village is immediately eligible for a disability benefit.

Benefit - The accrued Normal Retirement Benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited as of the date of disability with a minimum benefit equal to 25% of AFC.

Normal Form of Benefit - 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter.

COLA: None

Supplemental Benefit - All retirees and beneficiaries receiving pension benefits will be paid a supplemental benefit equal to \$20 for each year of the member's Credited Service up to a maximum of \$600. The supplemental benefit ceases upon the later of the death of the retired member or beneficiary.

N. Death in the Line of Duty

Eligibility - Members are eligible for survivor benefits regardless of Credited Service.

Benefit - The member's spouse or dependent child will receive the 50% of the member's AFC as of the date of death.

Normal Form of Benefit - Payable for the life of the beneficiary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

COLA: None

Supplemental Benefit - All retirees and beneficiaries receiving pension benefits will be paid a supplemental benefit equal to \$20 for each year of the member's Credited Service up to a maximum of \$600. The supplemental benefit ceases upon the later of the death of the retired member or beneficiary.

O. Other Pre-Retirement Death

Eligibility - Members are eligible for survivor benefits after the completion of 6 or more years of Credited Service (10 years of Credited Service for firefighters hired on or after August 14, 2015).

Benefit - The beneficiary will receive the actuarial equivalent of the member's accrued Normal Retirement Benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited as of the date of death.

Normal Form of Benefit - Payable for the life of the beneficiary.

COLA: None

Supplemental Benefit - All retirees and beneficiaries receiving pension benefits will be paid a supplemental benefit equal to \$20 for each year of the member's Credited Service up to a maximum of \$600. The supplemental benefit ceases upon the later of the death of the retired member or beneficiary.

The beneficiary of a plan member with less than 6 years of Credited Service (10 years of Credited Service for firefighters hired on or after August 14, 2015) at the time of death will receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.

P. Post Retirement Death

Benefit determined by the form of benefit elected upon retirement.

Q. Optional Forms

In lieu of electing the Normal Form of benefit, the optional forms of benefits available to all retirees are the Life Annuity option or the 50%, 66 2/3%, 75% and 100% Joint and Survivor options.

R. Vested Termination

Eligibility - A member has earned a non-forfeitable right to Plan benefits after the completion of 6 years of Credited Service (10 years of Credited Service for firefighters hired on or after August 14, 2015).

Benefit - The benefit is the member's accrued Normal Retirement Benefit as of the date of termination. Benefit begins on the member's Normal Retirement date. Alternatively, members can elect a reduced Early Retirement benefit any time after age 50.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Normal Form of Benefit - 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter; other options are also available.

COLA: None

Supplemental Benefit - Once in pay status, all retirees and beneficiaries receiving pension benefits will be paid a supplemental benefit equal to \$20 for each year of the member's Credited Service up to a maximum of \$600. The supplemental benefit ceases upon the later of the death of the retired member or beneficiary.

Members terminating employment with less than 6 years of Credited Service (10 years of Credited Service for firefighters hired on or after August 14, 2015) will receive a refund of their own accumulated contributions.

S. Refunds

Eligibility - All members terminating employment with less than 6 years of Credited Service (10 years of Credited Service for firefighters on or after August 14, 2015) are eligible. Optionally, vested members (those with 6 or more years of Credited Service – 10 years of Credited Service for firefighters hired on or after August 14, 2015) may elect a refund in lieu of the vested benefits otherwise due.

Benefit - Refund of the member's contributions.

T. Member Contributions

5% of Compensation for police officers hired before February 1, 2013 and 6% of compensation for police officers hired on or after February 1, 2013. 5%t of compensation for firefighters through the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016; 5.5% of Compensation for firefighters beginning in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017; thereafter, 6% of Compensation for firefighters. Employee contributions for firefighters would revert back to 5% of Compensation if the Village opts out of participation in Chapter 175.

U. State Contributions

Chapter 185 Premium Tax Revenue: The Village is permitted to use all annual Chapter 185 revenue as a credit toward the Required Employer Contribution and to apply half of the Chapter 185 reserve of \$333,315 to reduce Required Employer Contribution. The remaining half of the Chapter 185 reserve of \$333,315 is alocated to a Share Paln for police officers.

Chapter 175 Premium Tax Revenue: The Village is permitted to use all annual Chapter 175 revenue as a credit toward the Required Employer Contribution and to apply the Chapter 175 reserve of \$545,142 to reduce the Required Employer Contribution for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016 through September 30, 2018, as determined by Village.

V. Employer Contributions

Any additional amount determined by the actuary needed to fund the plan properly according to State laws.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

W. Cost of Living Increases

Not Applicable

X. 13th Check

Not Applicable

Y. Deferred Retirement Option Plan

Eligibility - Plan members who have met one of the following criteria are eligible for the DROP:

- (1) age 55 and 6 years of Credited Service (10 years of Credited Service for firefighters hired on or after August 14, 2015), or
- (2) age 52 and 25 years of Credited Service.

Police officers must make a written election to participate in the DROP before the 27th year of employment. Firefighters must make a written election to participate in the DROP within two years of normal retirement eligibility.

Benefit - The member's Credited Service and AFC are frozen upon entry into the DROP. The monthly retirement benefit as described under Normal Retirement is calculated based upon the frozen Credited Service and AFC. Firefighters have the optional sell back of vacation and sick leave when entering the DROP.

Maximum DROP Period - Police officers: The earlier of 5 years of participation in the DROP or 30 years of employment. Firefighters: 5 years.

Interest Credited - The member's DROP account is credited on September 30 of each year with investment earnings or losses at the same rate earned by the pension fund less any administrative expenses. The interest rate will not be less than 0% nor greater than 7.5%.

Normal Form of Benefit - Lump Sum; other options are also available.

COLA: None

Z. Other Ancillary Benefits

There are no ancillary retirement type benefits not required by statutes but which might be deemed a Village of Tequesta Public Safety Officers' Pension Trust Fund liability if continued beyond the availability of funding by the current funding source.

AA. Changes from Previous Valuation

None

The *Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund* (part of the PSEPP) does not issue separate stand-alone financial statements. Included below are the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 185,583
*	
Investments	0.440.000
Equities	8,449,900
Fixed income	2,908,722
Real Estate Funds	 1,891,597
Total investments	 13,250,219
Contributions receivable	208,464
Accrued interest receivable	17,753
Prepaid items	26,634
Due from broker	 161,791
Total Assets	 13,850,444
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	 12,141
Total Liabilities	 12,141
Deferred Inflows of Resourses	00.555
Deferred inflows	 92,655
Total Deferred Inflows of Resourses	 92,655
N. D. M. D. M. L. 10	
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 13,745,648

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Additions	
Contributions:	4 200 510
State of Florida	\$ 200,648
Employer	322,925
Employee	100,398
Total Contributions	623,971
Investment earnings	
Net appreciation in fair value of investment	(2,804,721)
Gain on sale of investments	229,809
Interest and dividends	240,754
Total investment earnings	(2,334,158)
Less investment expenses	(41,678)
Net investment earnings	(2,375,836)
Total Additions	(1,751,865)
Deductions	
Benefits paid	293,908
Refund of contributions	399,237
Administrative expenses	31,059
Total Deductions	724,204
Change in Net Position	(2,476,069)
Net Position Restricted for	
Pension Benefits	
Beginning of year	16,221,717
End of year	\$ 13,745,648

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The *Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund* (part of the PSEPP) does not issue separate stand-alone financial statements. Included below are the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 90,581
Investments	
Equities	4,120,650
Fixed income	1,418,458
Real Estate Funds	922,449
Total investments	6,461,557
Contributions receivable	4,373
Accrued interest receivable	8,664
Prepaid items	8,018
Due from broker	78,899
Total Assets	6,652,092
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	8,750
Total Liabilities	8,750
Net Position Restricted for	
Pension Benefits	\$ 6,643,342

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Additions Contributions:	
State of Forida	\$ 92,947
Employer	110,759
Employee	84,799
Total Contributions	288,505
Investment earnings	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	(1,344,403)
Gain on sale of investments	107,785
Interest and dividends	114,618
Total investment earnings	(1,122,000)
Less investment expenses	(27,235)
Net investment earnings	(1,149,235)
Total Additions	(860,730)
Deductions	
Benefits paid	64,802
Refund of contributions	15,915
Administrative expenses	36,426
Total Deductions	117,143
Change in Net Position	(977,873)
Net Position Restricted for	
Pension Benefits	
Beginning of year	7,621,215
End of year	\$ 6,643,342

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

General Employees' Pension Plan

A. Ordinances

The Plan was established under the Code of Ordinances for the Village of Tequesta, Florida, Chapter 2, Article III, Division 1, Section 2-61 (a), and was most recently amended under Ordinance No. 12-19. The Plan is also governed by certain provisions of Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes and the Internal Revenue Code.

B. Effective Date

December 11, 2003

C. Plan Year

October 1 through September 30

D. Type of Plan

Qualified, governmental defined benefit retirement plan; for GASB purposes it is a single employer plan.

E. Eligibility Requirements

All full-time general employees who are not classified as police officers or firefighters are eligible for membership on the date of employment.

F. Credited Service

Service is measured as the period of contenious service as a general employee with the Village. No service is credited for any periods of employment for which the member received a refund of their contributions.

G. Compensation

Base compensation including regular earnings, vacation pay, sick pay, plus all tax-deferred items of income, but excluding any lump sum payments, overtime, bonuses and longevity bonus.

H. Average Final Compensation (AFC)

The average of Compensation over the highest 5 years during the last 10 years of Credited Service; does not include lump sum payments of unused leave.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

I. Normal Retirement

Eligibility - A member may retire on the first day of the month coincident with or next following the earlier of:

- (1) age 62, or
- (2) 30 years of Credited Service regardless of age.

Benefit - 2.0% of AFC multiplied by Credited Service with a maximum benefit equal to 100% of AFC.

Normal Form of Benefit - 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter; other options are also available.

COLA: None

J. Early Retirement

Eligibility - A member may elect to retire earlier than the Normal Retirement Eligibility upon attainment of age 50 and 6 years of Credited Service.

Benefit - The Normal Retirement Benefit is reduced by 5.0% for each year by which the Early Retirement date precedes the Normal Retirement date.

Normal Form of Benefit - 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter; other options are also available.

COLA: None

K. Delayed Retirement

Same as Normal Retirement taking into account compensation earned and service credited until the date of actual retirement.

L. Service Connected Disability

Eligibility - Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled and unable to render useful and efficient service to the Village as a result from an act occurring in the performance of service for the Village is immediately eligible for a disability benefit.

Benefit -The accrued Normal Retirement Benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited as of the date of disability with a minimum benefit equal to 42% of AFC.

Normal Form of Benefit - 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter.

COLA: None

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

M. Non-Service Connected Disability

Eligibility - Any member who has 6 years of Credited Service and becomes totally and permanently disabled and unable to render useful and efficient service to the Village is immediately eligible for a disability benefit.

Benefit -The accrued Normal Retirement Benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited as of the date of disability with a minimum benefit equal to 25% of AFC.

Normal Form of Benefit - 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter.

COLA: None

N. Death in the Line of Duty

Eligibility - Members are eligible for survivor benefits after the completion of 6 or more years of Credited Service.

Benefit - The beneficiary will receive the member's accrued Normal Retirement Benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited as of the date of death. The benefit is payable at the member's Normal Retirement date.

Normal Form of Benefit - 10 Years Certain

COLA: None

The beneficiary of a plan member with less than 6 years of Credited Service at the time of death will receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions with interest.

O. Other Pre-Retirement Death

Eligibility - Members are eligible for survivor benefits after the completion of 6 or more years of Credited Service.

Benefit - The beneficiary will receive the member's accrued Normal Retirement Benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited as of the date of death. The benefit is payable at the member's Normal Retirement date.

Normal Form of Benefit - 10 Years Certain

COLA: None

The beneficiary of a plan member with less than 6 years of Credited Service at the time of death will receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions with interest.

P. Post Retirement Death

Benefit determined by the form of benefit elected upon retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Q. Optional Forms

In lieu of electing the Normal Form of benefit, the optional forms of benefits available to all retirees are the Life Annuity option or the 50%, 66 2/3%, 75% and 100% Joint and Survivor options.

R. Vested Termination

Eligibility - A member has earned a non-forfeitable right to Plan benefits after the completion of 6 years of Credited Service.

Benefit - The benefit is the member's accrued Normal Retirement Benefit as of the date of termination. Benefit begins on the member's Normal Retirement date. Alternatively, members can elect a reduced Early Retirement benefit any time after age 50.

Normal Form of Benefit - 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter; other options are also available.

COLA: None

Members terminating employment with less than 6 years of Credited Service will receive a refund of their own accumulated contributions with interest.

S. Refunds

Eligibility - All members terminating employment with less than 6 years of Credited Service are eligible. Optionally, vested members (those with 6 or more years of Credited Service) may elect a refund in lieu of the vested benefits otherwise due.

Benefit - Refund of the member's contributions with interest. Interest is currently credited at a rate of 3%.

T. Member Contributions

5% of Compensation

U. Employer Contributions

Any additional amount determined by the actuary needed to fund the plan properly according to State laws.

V. Cost of Living Increases

Not Applicable

W. 13th Check

Not Applicable

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

X. Deferred Retirement Option Plan

Not Applicable

Y. Other Ancillary Benefits

There are no ancillary retirement type benefits not required by statutes but which might be deemed a Village of Tequesta General Employees' Pension Trust Fund liability if continued beyond the availability of funding by the current funding source.

Z. Changes from Previous Valuation

There have been no changes since the last valuation.

The *General Employees' Pension Trust Fund* does not issue separate stand-alone financial statements. Included below are the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 279,505
Investments	
Equities	4,538,813
Fixed income	1,834,628
Real Estate Funds	1,068,096
Total investments	7,441,537
Contributions receivable	11,296
Accrued interest receivable	11,975
Prepaid items	20,547
Total Assets	7,764,860
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	11,118
Due to broker	11,288
Total Liabilities	22,406
Ni-4 Danistian Danista de difere	
Net Position Restricted for	¢ 7 7 4 2 4 5 4
Pension Benefits	\$ 7,742,454

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Additions Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 350,247	
Employee	181,475	
Total Contributions	531,722	_
Total Contributions		-
Investment earnings		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	(1,552,500))
Gain on sale of investments	61,730	
Interest and dividends	146,876	
Total investment earnings	(1,343,894))
Less investment expenses	(46,988))
Net investment earnings	(1,390,882))
Miscellaneous	-	
Total Additions	(859,160))
Deductions		
Benefits paid	226,227	
Refund of contributions	7,996	
Administrative expenses	43,004	
Total Deductions	277,227	_
Change in Net Position	(1,136,387))
Net Position Restricted for		
Pension Benefits		
Beginning of year	8,878,841	_
End of year	\$ 7,742,454	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The following summarizes the pension related amounts for the pension plans as of the indicated measurement date:

	Measurement Date	Net Pension Asset	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources	Pension Expense (Benefit)
General Employees' Pension Trust Fund	0/20/21	¢ 1 200 550 ¢	-	¢ (20.022	¢ 1.20 <i>C CEE</i>	¢ (2.522
Firefighters Pension Trust	9/30/21	\$ 1,269,556\$	-	\$ 630,923	\$ 1,306,655	\$ 62,533
Fund	9/30/21	514,261	-	1,079,852	1,861,903	140,937
Police Pension Trust Fund	9/30/21	2,395,377	-	244,746	959,399	(64,591)
FRS	6/30/21		152,863	49,367	291,789	21,466
HIS	6/30/21		30,542	3,069	83,401	1,580
Total		\$ 4,179,194	\$ 183,405	\$ 2,007,957	\$ 4,503,147	\$ 161,925

Village of Tequesta Defined Contribution Plan

The Village Single-Employer Defined Contribution Plan (the Plan) was established on February 1, 2013 with an effective date of March 1, 2013. The Plan is a 401(a) money purchase plan in the form of the Empower Retirement Governmental Money Purchase Plan and Trust (The Plan) with assets of the Plan held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the Plan participants and their beneficiaries. The assets shall be invested in the Plan and shall not be diverted to any other purpose. The employer's beneficial ownership of Plan assets held in the Empower Retirement Trust shall be held for the further exclusive benefit of the Plan participants. The Village Manager is the coordinator for the Plan and is authorized to execute all necessary agreements with the Empower Retirement Trust incidental to the administration of the Plan. The Village serves as Trustee under the Plan.

In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the Plan plus investment earnings.

The Plan covered the Police Chief and Assistant Police Chief. Employees must designate a mandatory participation contribution between the range of 1% to 12% for the Plan year as a condition of participation in the Plan. The participant shall not have the right to discontinue or vary the rate after becoming a Plan participant. Newly eligible employees have an election window of 30 days from the date of eligibility to make the election to participate in the mandatory contribution portion of the Plan which will begin the first of the month following the end of the election window. This election is irrevocable and remains in force until the employee terminates employment or ceases to be eligible to participate in the Plan.

The Village contributes 10% of compensation. Employees are immediately vested in the Plan. Plan provisions are established and may be amended by the Village.

The Village does not hold or administer resources of the Plan and consequently, the Plan does not meet the requirements for inclusion in the Village's financial statements. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The fair value of the Plan assets at September 30, 2022 was \$154,137. There is a decrease in the value of the assets compare to the prior fiscal year due to the loan issued to one of the plan participants. Employee contributions to the Plan for fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 were \$12,927; the Village's contributions were \$27,720.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

G. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Village of Tequesta's Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

Plan description. The Village of Tequesta provides health insurance benefits to its retired employees through a single-employer plan administered by the Village. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the Village and eligible dependents may continue to participate in the Village's fully-insured benefit plan for medical insurance coverage. The Village subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. The benefits provided under this defined benefit plan are provided until the retiree's attainment of age 65 (or until such time at which retiree discontinues coverage under the Village sponsored plans, if earlier).

Funding Policy. The Village's Other Post-Employment Benefits are unfunded (pay-as-you-go basis). That is, the Village does not have a separate Trust Fund to make contributions to advance-fund the obligation. Current and future retirees are required to pay 100% of the blended premium to continue coverage under the Village's group health insurance program.

Summary of Membership Information. The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan at the measurement date of September 30, 2021:

Inactive members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	6
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active members	92
Total	98

OPEB Liability, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Village recognizes the OPEB liability and the OPEB expense in the financial statements, along with the related deferred outflows and inflows of resources. The OPEB liability is the difference between the total OPEB liability and the plan's fiduciary net position. Since the plan is currently unfunded, the net OPEB liability is equal to and reported as total OPEB liability.

The OPEB expense recognize each fiscal year is equal to the change in the total OPEB liability from the beginning of the year, not including the impact of the employer contributions, adjusted for deferred recognition of the liability.

At September 30, 2022, the Village reported an OPEB liability of \$913,400 that is based on an Alternative Measurement Method calculation performed as of a valuation date of September 30, 2021 and measurement date of September 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$(466,127).

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning (September 30, 2020)	\$ 447,273
Service cost	63,270
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	12,060
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	411,041
Benefit payments	 (20,244)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	 466,127
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (September 30, 2021)	\$ 913,400

In addition, the Village reported an deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sourses:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows of	
		of Resources	Resources	
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	\$	364,332	\$ -	
Benefit payments after the measurement date		48,910		
Total	\$	413,242 5	-	

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB will be recognized in future OPEB expenses as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Amount		
2023	\$ 46,709		
2024	46,709		
2025	46,709		
2026	46,709		
2027	46,709		
Thereafter	130,787		
	\$ 364,332		

Actuarial methods, assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability was determined using actuarial assumptions outlined below.

Valuation Date	September 30, 2021
Measurement Date	September 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.25 %
Discount Rate	2.19%
Salaty Increase	For participants in the General Employees Plan, 4.75%-5.50% per year, including
	inflation. For participants in the Public Sfety Plan, 6.0% per year, including inflation.
Retirement Age	Retirement rates used in the October 1, 2021 pension actuarial valuations of the General
	and Public Safety employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Mortality Mortality rates are the same as used in the July 1,2021 acruarial valuation of the Florida

Retirement System. These rates were taken from adjusted Pub-2010 mortality tables published by the SOA with generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2018. Adjustments to reference tables are based on the results of a statewide experience study

covering the period 2013 through 2018.

Healthcare Cost Trend

Based on the Getzen Model, with trends starting at 6.30% for 2022, 5.75% for 2023,

Rates and then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.75%.

Aging factors Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Healt Care Cost - From Birth to Death".

Expenses Administrative expenses are included in the per capita health costs.

Other infornation

Notes The following assumption changes have been reflected in the Schedule of Changes in

the Total OPEB Liability for the measurement period ending September 30, 2021:

- The discount rate was changed from 2.41% to 2.19%.

- The expected claims costs and premiums were updated to reflect recent information provided for this valuation.

- The coverage acceptance assumption was updated to 20%.

- Demographic assumptions were updated based on those used in the respective October

1, 2021 actuarial valuations of the pension plans.

- Healthcare cost trend assumption was updated to reflect the Getzen forecasting model.

There were no benefit changes during the year.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each calculation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Discount Rate

For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate is equal to the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. For the purpose of this valuation, the municipal bond rate is 2.19% (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index". The discount rate was 2.41% as of the beginning of the measurement year.

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate, the following presents the plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using a discount rate of 2.19%, as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

Current	Discount	Rate

	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
	1.19%	2.19%	3.19%
Village's OPEB liability	\$ 984,408	\$ 913,400	\$ 848,306

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following presents the plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher.

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption

Current Healthcare Cost

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate Assumption	1% Increase
Village's OPEB liability	\$ 826,919	\$ 913,400	\$ 1,014,233

H. Construction and Other Commitments

The Village has active construction projects as of September 30, 2022, including fire rescue vehicles and various water, stormwater projects. At year end, The Village had the following significant related to uncompleted contacts for construction and equipment:

Remaining Commitment				
\$	1,907,912			
	1,907,912			
	-			
\$	1,907,912			
\$	427,967			
	427,967			
	127,347			
\$	555,314			
	\$ \$ \$			

All commitments are financed from existing Village resources.

Village uses encumbrance accounting and, therefore, construction and commitments noted above represent outstanding encumbrances at September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Inter-Local Agreement

On December 20, 1994, the Village entered into an Inter-local agreement with Palm Beach County. Per the agreement, Palm Beach County provided for partial funding, land acquisition and design and construction of a branch library within Tequesta. Upon completion of the project, the library was leased to Palm Beach County for 50 years for an annual rent of one dollar. In the event the Village terminates the lease before the end of 50 years, the Village must reimburse Palm Beach County a depreciated value using a useful life of 25 years based on an initial value of \$405,000 calculated on a straight-line basis.

I. Contracted Services - Refuse and Recycling Collection

The Village's agreement with Waste Management, Inc. of Florida is for initial term for a period of eight years beginning October 1, 2017 and ending September 30, 2025 with optional renewal for one additional five year period. With this agreement the Village granted Waste Management the exclusive franchise for solid waste collection of residential, commercial, industrial and roll-off refuse, recycling and vegetative waste. The annual change in the collection component is determined using the Water, Sewer, and Trash Collection CPI published monthly by The Bureau of Labor Statistics during the most recent previous twelve consecutive months period beginning on April 1 and ending March 31.

J. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. While the Village cannot always anticipate the areas in which potential claims may arise, it purchases commercial insurance to protect against areas of possible exposure connected to municipal entities such as property, liability, automobile, workers' compensation, crime, storage tank, inland marine, statutory accidental death and dismemberment, firefighter cancer program coverage, and railroad coverage. Deductibles and limits vary by coverage and are secured based upon the Village's tolerance of risk retention in each area.

At the Village Council's direction, the property deductible of \$100,000 is applicable for all perils excluding hurricane/windstorm damage. The Florida Municipal Insurance Trust (FMIT) applies a named storm deductible of 5% of the 100% value of real and personal property, personal property of others in our care, custody and control values at the time of loss or damage at the locations where the damage occurred, subject to the policy deductible, whichever is greater. The Village continues to self-insure all property claims up to \$100,000 via a policy deductible.

The Village remains fully insured with the FMIT for workers' compensation coverage with statutory limits. Premiums are based upon risk class and remuneration of covered employees adjusted by an experience modification factor which includes three prior years of claims history. At the end of each fiscal year, the plan is audited and the Village can either receive a return of premium or be required to pay additional premium base upon actual versus estimated payroll. FMIT's final audit for fiscal year 2021/2022 resulted in a total refund to the Village of \$8,062, due to payroll alterations that impacted the workers' compensation premium.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

K. Financed Purchases

Financed Purchase - Computer Equipment

The Village entered into a master agreement with Truist Bank, a North Carolina banking corporation in the amount of \$168,390 with funding on February 18, 2021 for the financing of computer hardware equipment. The applicable interest rate is 1.67% and interest and principal payments are due annually on February 18th. This is a three (3) year contract with three (3) payments maturing at February 18, 2024.

The following is the schedule of the of the future minimum payments at September 30, 2022:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:		Amount		
2023	\$	58,015		
2024		58,015		
Total minimum payments		116,030		
Less amount representing interest		(2,843)		
Present Value of Future Minimum Payments		113,187		

Financed Purchase - Police Fleet

The Village entered into agreement with Enterprise Fleet Management Trust in the amount of \$105,305 with funding on September 18, 2020 for the financing of three Dodge Durango vehicles. The applicable interest rate is 3.15% and interest and principal payments are due monthly. This is a five (5) year contract with sixty (60) payments.

The following is the schedule of the of the future minimum payments at September 30, 2022:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:		Amount		
2023	\$	53,785		
2024		53,785		
2025		56,251		
2026		27,815		
Total minimum payments		191,636		
Less amount representing interest		(15,745)		
Present Value of Future Minimum Payments		175,891		

Financed Purchase – Police Tasers

The Village entered into a 60-month agreement with Axon Enterprise, Inc. in the amount of \$31,100 with funding on September 18, 2018 for the financing of twenty (20) tasers. It is paid off at fiscal year ending 9/30/2022.

Financed Purchase - Fire Pumper

The Village entered into agreement with SunTrust in the amount of \$432,844 with funding on October 29, 2013 for the financing of a fire pumper. The applicable interest rate is 2.423% and interest and principal payments are due annually on November 11th. This is a nine (9) year contract with ten (10) payments.

Pursuant to Section 4.4(b) of the Agreement, the interest rate automatically increased from 2.42% to 2.94%, effective as of January 1, 2018, due to a decrease in the maximum federal corporate income tax rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The following is a new schedule of the future minimum payments at September 30, 2022:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:	Amount		
2023	\$	48,794	
Total minimum payments		48,794	
Less amount representing interest		(1,394)	
Present Value of Future Minimum Payments	\$	47,400	

L. Long-Term Liabilities

Promissory Notes

The Village issues long-term debt to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Promissory notes have been signed for both governmental and business-type activities. These notes mature in 6 to 17 years and have interest rates from 2.18% to 4.28% per year. The outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$6,693,000 contain events of default and remedies whereby failure of the Village to pay the principal and interest on any debt when due or failure to observe and perform any covenant or condition applicable to the various Village obligations, constitutes an "event of default." Upon the occurrence of any event of default, the noteholder may declare all outstanding amounts become immediately due.

The Village's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to its business-type activities of \$2,344,386 are secured by pledged revenues of the water utility system or by a pledge of a covenant to budget and appropriate non-ad valorem revenues. These notes contain (1) a provision that, in an event of default, the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts may become immediately due if pledged revenues during the fiscal year are less than 120% of debt service requirements for that year and (2) a provision that if the Village is unable to make payment, outstanding amounts may become due immediately.

The Notes outstanding at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Promissory Notes Payable	Signed Date	Original Borrowing	Interest Rate	Final Maturity	Outstanding 9/30/2022
Government Activities Capital Improvements/Rec. Building Total Government Activities	1/21/2021	\$ 6,890,000	2.18%	10/01/2040	\$ 6,693,000 \$ 6,693,000
Business-type Activities Public Improvement (Refunding)	7/14/2008	6,554,935	3.69%	3/1/2028	\$ 2,344,386
Total Business-type Activities					\$ 2,344,386

Legal Debt Margin

The Village is subject to a bonded debt limitation of 10% of total assessed value of taxable real property. The final gross taxable value at September 30, 2022 was \$1,273,804,833. As of September 30, 2022 the Village did not exceed the debt limit of \$127,380,483.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the Village's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning					Ending	D	ue Within
	Balance	A	Additions	I	Deletions	Balance	(One Year
Governmental Activities								_
Note Payable - 2021	\$ 6,890,000	\$	-	\$	197,000	\$ 6,693,000	\$	288,000
Note Payable - 2002	364,007		-		364,007	-		-
Financed purchases	493,543		-		157,065	336,478		152,720
Compensated absences	791,398		143,534		160,562	774,369		112,085
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 8,538,948	\$	143,534	\$	878,634	\$ 7,803,847	\$	552,805

^{*} For governmental activities, the liability for compensated absences and pension liabilities are liquidated by the general fund.

Business-type Activities

	Beginning Balance	A	dditions	I	Deletions	Ending Balance	ue Within One Year
Business-type Activities Note Payable (2008) Compensated absences	\$ 2,721,115 144,219	\$	18,406	\$	376,729 18,723	\$ 2,344,386 143,902	\$ 391,822 15,000
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 2,865,334	\$	18,406	\$	395,452	\$ 2,488,288	\$ 406,822

The debt service requirements for the Village's notes are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year Ending	Promissory Notes							
September 30:		Principal		Interest		Total		
2023	\$	288,000	\$	142,768	\$	430,768		
2024		294,000		136,424		430,424		
2025		301,000		129,939		430,939		
2026		307,000		123,312		430,312		
2027		314,000		116,543		430,543		
2028-2041		5,189,000		831,485		6,020,485		
Total	\$	6,693,000	\$	1,480,471	\$	8,173,471		

Business-type Activities

Fiscal Year Ending	Promissory Notes							
September 30:		Principal		Interest		Total		
2023	\$	391,822	\$	79,732	\$	471,554		
2024		406,556		64,977		471,533		
2025		420,915		49,309	\$	470,224		
2026		437,238		33,273	\$	470,511		
2027		455,564		16,563	\$	472,127		
2028		232,291		1,819		234,110		
Total	\$	2,344,386	\$	245,673	\$	2,590,059		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Total Primary Government Debt

Fiscal Year Ending	Total P	rim	ary Governme	ent I	Debt
September 30:	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 679,822	\$	222,501	\$	902,323
2024	700,556		201,401		901,957
2025	721,915		179,248		901,163
2026	744,238		156,585		900,823
2027	769,564		133,106		902,670
2028-2041	5,421,291		833,304		6,254,595
Total	\$ 9,037,386	\$	1,726,145	\$	10,763,531

M. Fund Balance

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The Village Council has adopted a financial policy to maintain a minimum level of unassigned fund balance in the general fund. The target level is set at two months of general fund operating expenditures (approximately 17%). This amount is intended to provide fiscal stability when economic downturns and other unexpected events occur. If fund balance falls below the minimum target level because it has been used, essentially as a "revenue" source, as dictated by current circumstances, the policy provides for actions to replenish the amount to the minimum target level. Generally, replenishment is to occur within a three-year period.

At September 30, 2022 the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was 29.97% and is above the minimum target level. It is a 2.73% decrease compared to the prior fiscal year.

N. Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Interfund Transfers

Transfers Out	Capital vement Fund	St	Fund (2)	Total
General Fund	\$ 806,231	\$	188,565	\$ 994,796
Total Interfund Transfers	\$ 806,231	\$	188,565	\$ 994,796

- (1) Transfer is to restrict infrastructure and utility tax to fund capital projects and improvements
- (2) Transfer of ARPA funds for qualified infrastructure projects and improvements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

O. Joint Ventures

The Village, in conjunction with six other municipalities, organized a consortium to provide mutual fire and emergency aid. The consortium is known as the Northern Area Mutual Aid Consortium (NAMAC). During 1999, the consortium purchased equipment and supplies as well as collected contributions. The consortium does not issue separate financial statements. The Village has not been obligated to contribute any funds to the consortium since its inception in 1999.

P. Change in Accounting Principles - Adjustment to Beginning Fund Balance and Net Position

The Village implemented GASB Statement No.87, *Leases* for FYE September 30, 2022. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 required recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

A detail of the adjustment to the beginning fund balance defined in GASB Statement No. 87 is shown below:

Governmental activities

	GASB No.87 adjustments	Fu	General nd Balance	overnmental Activities Net Position
Beginning balance		\$	6,206,380	\$ 17,760,694
To record lease receivable	\$ 1,593,135			
To record deferred inflow of resources	(1,415,703)			
Accrued interest lease receivable	2,450			
Adjustment to beginning balance	\$ 179,882			
Ending balance (restated)		\$	6,386,262	\$ 17,940,576

Business-type activities

The implementation of GASB Statement No.87 did not impact business-type activities net position or results of operations.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgete	ed A	_		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original	_	Final		Amounts	_	(Negative)
Revenues							
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 8,158,070	\$	8,211,040	\$	8,260,937	\$	49,897
Other taxes	1,910,660		2,001,660		2,170,196		168,536
Charges for services	1,507,260		1,535,350		1,648,315		112,965
Intergovernmental	907,320		907,320		1,062,117		154,797
Intragovernmental	856,310		856,310		856,342		32
Licenses and permits	1,000		1,000		8,350		7,350
Franchise fees	462,000		462,000		530,165		68,165
Rents and royalties	255,190		255,190		231,443		(23,747)
Miscellaneous	13,730		13,730		16,534		2,804
Fines and forfeitures	18,500		18,500		15,023		(3,477)
Grants, contributions and donations	34,400		1,223,772		1,643,406		419,634
Investment earnings	 8,300		8,300		51,163		42,863
Total Revenues	 14,132,740	_	15,494,172		16,493,991		999,819
E-manditum							
Expenditures Council	77,350		77,350		68,481		8,869
	306,720		306,720		310,343		,
Manager Human resources	385,040		385,040		375,353		(3,623) 9,687
Clerk	373,940		373,940		373,333		40,737
Finance	715,220		715,220		693,756		21,464
Legal	190,000		190,000		166,842		23,158
Comprehensive planning	281,540		307,540		288,514		19,026
General government	314,310		280,310		230,734		49,576
Information technology	476,650		476,650		437,880		38,770
Police	3,313,760		3,351,317		3,356,877		(5,560)
Code enforcement	124,480		124,480		108,682		15,798
Fire	4,116,145		4,268,790		4,137,198		131,592
Public works	1,539,415		1,539,415		1,391,122		148,293
Parks and recreation	942,080		976,080		820,522		155,558
Capital outlay	308,260		2,229,558		270,273		1,959,285
Debt service:	200,200		2,22>,000		270,270		1,,,,,,,,,
Principal	719,520		719,520		718,072		1,448
Interest	166,760	_	166,760	_	166,698	_	62
Total Expenditures	 14,351,190	_	16,488,690		13,874,550		2,614,140
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	 (218,450)	_	(994,518)		2,619,441		3,613,959
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out	(827,260)		(865,825)		(994,796)		(128,971)
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	(027,200)		-		972		972
Issuance of debt		_	1,865,588	_			(1,865,588)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (827,260)	_	999,763	_	(993,824)		(1,993,587)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,045,710)		5,245		1,625,617		1,620,372
Fund Balance - Beginning (restated)	 6,386,262	_	6,386,262		6,386,262		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 5,340,552	\$	6,391,507	\$	8,011,879	\$	1,620,372

NOTE TO THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Note 1 – Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Village is required to present a budget to actual comparison for the general fund and any major special revenue fund with a legally adopted annual budget. The Village may *not* include nonmajor special revenue funds, or funds of other fund types. This fiscal year, the Village presents this schedule for the general fund only.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. For budgeting purposes, current year encumbrances are not treated as expenditures.

All budgets are legally enacted through passage of a resolution. Although the Village Council requires all inter-department budget amendments to go before the Village Council for approval, the budget was adopted on a fund basis. However, the legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. What this means is that any amendment that changes the department's total budget requires the Village Council to approve it in the same manner that the original budget was approved – by resolution.

The <u>original budget</u> is the budget in place at the start of the fiscal year, which includes all of the following:

The budget passed by the Village Council

- +Subsequent amendments made <u>prior</u> to the start of the fiscal year
- +Carryovers from the previous year (encumbrances)
- =Original budget

The <u>final budget</u> includes all adjustments to the budget applicable to the fiscal year, even if they take place after the close of the fiscal year.

During the year, total supplemental appropriations of \$2,176,065 were adopted for the General Fund. Appropriations are legally controlled at the department level and expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at that level.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

Measurement Date, September 30,	2022	2021	21	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Lability Service cost Interest Chances of henefit terms	\$ 444,381 1,106,369	\$ 1,	470,978 \$ 1,059,130	447,688 \$ 951,218	333,395 878,984 22,243	\$ 392,933 \$	\$ 366,393 3	\$ 348,504 3 778,642	\$ 334,559 \$ 679,400	312,030 582,897
Difference between expected and actual experience	48,796		50,743)	346,662	(41,742)	71,910	. (22,327)	(401,835)	108,010	450
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	- (693,145)		(322,948) (216,799)	(216,799)	378,870 (216,799)	- (518,495)	(136,724) (163,805)	300,255 (438,149)	- (61,913)	(53,637)
Refunds Other				(8,648)		(151,438)	(1,852) (151,438)	. (242,266)	118,555	30,162
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	906,401		939,618	1,513,974	1,354,951	622,166	679,132	345,151	1,497,398	871,902
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	15,707,456		14,767,838	13,253,864	11,898,913	11,276,747	10,597,615	10,252,464	8,755,066	7,883,164
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 16,613,857	7 \$ 15,707,456		\$ 14,767,838	\$ 13,253,864	\$ 11,898,913	\$ 11,276,747	\$ 10,597,615	\$ 10,252,464	\$ 8,755,066
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	900 000	€	410 585	443.018	337 550	\$ 182 198	\$ 209.615	\$ 60.162	335771 \$	351 652
Contributions - employer (from State)*)			156,424	307,956	300,401	m	189,010	
Contributions - member	100,398		104,656	101,983	94,343	90,424	79,564	68,982	64,721	65,803
Net Investment income		7	2,697,602	1,021,058	358,277	943,640	974,383	609,318	77,213	567,786
Benefit payments	(693,145)		(216,799)	(216,799)	(216,799)	(518,495)	(163,805)	(438,149)	(61,913)	(53,637)
Refunds Administrative expense	- (31,060)		(26,570)	(8,648) (25,874)	(30,043)	(31,858)	(1,852) (18,789)	- (27,450)	(27,290)	(18,921)
Other (Use of State Contribution Reserve)	,		ı			(151,438)	(151,438)	(242,266)		
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(2,476,069)		3,162,752	1,486,677	694,761	822,427	1,228,079	425,306	577,512	1,013,300
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	16,221,717		13,058,965	11,572,288	10,877,527	10,055,100	8,827,021	8,401,715	7,824,203	6,810,903
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 13,745,648	8 \$ 16,221,717		\$ 13,058,965	\$ 11,572,288	\$ 10,877,527	\$ 10,055,100	\$ 8,827,021	\$ 8,401,715	\$ 7,824,203
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,868,209	↔	(514,261) \$	1,708,873 \$	1,681,576	\$ 1,021,386 \$	\$ 1,221,647	\$ 1,770,594	\$ 1,850,749 \$	930,863
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage										
of Total Pension Liability	82.74%		103.27%	88.43%	87.31%	91.42%	89.17%	83.29%	81.95%	89.37%
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,673,296	↔	1,744,261 \$	1,699,718 \$	1,572,385	\$ 1,507,072	\$ 1,446,616	\$ 1,379,650	\$ 1,294,416 \$	1,316,060
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of										
Covered Payroll	171.41%		(29.48)%	100.54%	106.94%	67.77%	84.45%	128.34%	142.98%	70.73%

^{*}State Contribution Reserve was used to offset the Village's contribution requirements for the fiscal year ending 2016, 2017 and 2018.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 416,665	\$ 422,107	\$ (5,442) \$	1,316,060	32.07%
2015	403,211	406,226	(3,015)	1,294,416	31.38%
2016	454,871	454,871	-	1,379,650	32.97%
2017	498,504	510,016	(11,512)	1,446,616	35.26%
2018	485,729	490,154	(4,425)	1,507,072	32.52%
2019	474,074	488,983	(14,909)	1,572,385	31.10%
2020	614,958	614,958	-	1,699,718	36.18%
2021	603,863	603,863	_	1,744,261	34.62%
2022	523,574	523,574	-	1,673,296	31.29%

^{*} Excludes prepaid Employer contribution.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date 10/01/2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determined contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar, closed
Remaining amortization period	20 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	6.0%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Retirement age	100% upon reaching normal retirement age. Probability of early retirement is 5% or each year eligible.
Mortality	The same version of PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Mortality
	Table as used by the Florida Retirement System (FRS) for Special Risk
	Class members in their July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation (with mortality
	improvements projected for healthy lives to all future years after 2010
	using Scale MP-2018). Florida Statutes Chapter 112.63(1)(f) mandates
	the use of mortality tables from one of the most recently publiched FRS
	actuarial valuation reports.

Other Information:

Notes See discussion of valuation results in the October 1, 2020 Actuarial

Valuation report, dated February 5, 2021

This schedule is presented as required, however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses	(15.03)%	20.27%	8.30%	2.93%	8.92%	10.58%	7.69%	0.38%	7.46%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE VILLAGE'S NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

Measurement Date, September 30,	20	2022	2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Lability Service cost Interest Benefit changes	↔	362,053 \$ 388,327	327,856 \$ 364,708	304,219 \$ 345,149	100,925 215,318 821,833	↔	98,621 \$ 193,922	80,711 \$ 200,356	110,495 \$ 201,452	126,703 \$ 213,603 (39,467)	161,156 169,526
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Refunds Other (increase) is Contribution account.	5 5	(148,672) - (64,802) (15,915)	(135,030) (87,966) (49,095)	(121,364) - (49,095) (42,075)	(85,146) 120,973 (40,184)		34,217 - (27,708)	(329,387) (30,633) (27,708)	(226,384) 75,463 (27,708) (52,038)	(391,613) (30,312)	- (10,073) (43,331)
Outer (increase in State Continuation Isserve) Net Change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Endine (a)	2, 2, 3,	404,335 404,335 5,225,838 5,630,173 \$	319,036 4,906,802	234,747 4,672,055 4,906,802 \$	1,782,981 2,889,074 4,672,055	50 00	299,052 2,590,022 2,889,074 \$	(106,661) 2,696,683	81,280 2,615,403 2,696,683 \$	(121,086) 2,736,489	277,278 2,459,211
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - employer (from State)* Contributions - member Net Investment income Benefit payments Refunds Administrative expense	& (1,1)	110,759 \$ 209,603 84,799 (1,149,235) (64,802) (15,915)	100,619 \$ 193,086 75,796 1,259,833 (49,095)	293,462 70,327 477,038 (49,095) (42,075) (25,874)	317,338 649,262 65,446 143,441 (40,184)	₩.	175,116 \$ 31,338 344,620 (27,708)	40,829 \$ 16,998 357,477 (27,708)	38,638 \$ 17,067 306,504 (27,708) (52,038) (27,026)	80,782 \$ 20,545 20,718 (30,312)	25,888 219,219 (10,073) (43,331) (18,677)
Other - use of State contribution reserve Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) 4 Net Pension Asset - Ending (a) - (b)	7,6	(116,656) (977,873) 7,621,215 \$ 6,643,342 \$ \$ (1,013,169) \$	(101,437) 1,450,054 6,171,161 7,621,215 \$	(202,087) 521,696 5,649,465 6,171,161 \$	297,733 * 1,403,002 4,246,463 5,649,465	\$ 4 4	- 491,508 3,754,955 4,246,463 \$ (1,357,389) \$	368,808 3,386,147 3,754,955 \$ (1,164,933) \$	255,437 3,130,710 3,386,147 \$ (689,464) \$	63,766 3,066,944 3,130,710 \$ (515,307) \$	2,782,754 3,066,944 (330,455)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability Covered Payroll Net Pension Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	8, 1,2	118.00% 1,470,899 \$ (68.88)%	145.84% 1,304,196 \$ (183.67)%	125.77% 1,229,934 \$ (102.80)%	120.92% 1,153,957 (84.70)%	\$	146.98% 582,166 \$ (233.16)%	144.98% 339,957 \$ (342.67)%	125.57% 341,342 \$ (201.99)%	119.70% 410,897 \$ (125.41)%	112.08% 517,760 (63.82)%

^{*} State contribution reserve was used to offset the Village's contribution requirements for fiscal year ending 2020 and 2021.

^{**} Transers from 401(a) plan.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 111,164	\$ 111,164		517,760	21.47%
2015	80,782	80,782		410.897	19.66%
2016	37,377	38,638	(1,261)	341,342	11.32%
2017	40,659	40,829	(170)	339,957	12.01%
2018	175,116	175,116		582,166	30.08%
2019	317,338	317,338	-	1,153,957	27.50%
2020	293,462	293,462		1,229,934	23.86%
2021	293,705	293,705	-	1,304,196	22.52%
2022	320,362	320,362		1,470,899	21.78%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date 10/01/2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determined contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period	Entry age normal Level dollar, closed 20 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	6.0%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Retirement age	100% upon reaching normal retirement age. Probability of early retirement is 5% or each year eligible.
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality
	Table (for pre-retirement mortality) and the PR-2000 Mortality Table for Annuitants (for post-retirement mortality), with mortality improvements against 4 to all future years of the 2000 wines. Scale
	improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates include a 90% blue collar
	adjustment and a 10% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment. Same rates
	used for a Special Risk Class members of the FRS in the July 1,
	2018 Actuarial Valuation Report, as mandated by Chapter 112.63, Florida Statutes.
Other information	See discussion of valuation results in the October 1, 2019 Actuarial

This schedule is presented as required, however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years available.

Valuation report, dated January 31, 2020.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses	(15.03)%	20.27%	8 30%	2 93%	8 92%	10 58%	7 69%	0.38%	7.46%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE VILLAGE'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS

GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION TRUST FUND

Measurement Date, September 30,		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Lability										
Service cost	S	502,759 \$	470,535 \$	547,702 \$	461,164 \$	447,305 \$	380,051 \$	359,231 \$	300,325 \$	278,029
Interest		519,671	497,428	468,322	425,911	373,859	329,590	285,954	253,701	216,124
Benefit changes		ı	1	ı	ı		ı	1	ı	1
Difference between actual and expected		1	9		1	1	9	6	1	
experience		102,847	(332,590)	101,865	(156,013)	60,509	(112,103)	(40,094)	(157,539)	1
Assumption changes		1	(109,651)	127,729		,	362,784	1	•	1
Benefit payments		(226,227)	(178,474)	(161,419)	(160,588)	(79,332)	(41,859)	(16,657)	(11,918)	(8,534)
Refunds		(7,996)	(18,820)	(53,330)	(48,114)	(27,837)	(13,511)	(16,161)	(5,959)	(4,454)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		891,054	328,428	1,030,869	522,360	780,504	904,952	572,273	378,610	481,165
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		7,609,284	7,280,856	6,249,987	5,727,627	4,947,123	4,042,171	3,469,898	3,091,288	2,610,123
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	S	8,500,338 \$	7,609,284 \$	7,280,856 \$	6,249,987 \$	5,727,627 \$	4,947,123 \$	4,042,171 \$	3,469,898 \$	3,091,288
Plan Fiduciary Not Pocition										
Contributions - amployer and State	¥	350 247 \$	380 003 &	301 3/1 \$	362 848 \$	350.412 \$	305 031 \$	201 704	10/1376	184 627
Contributions - comprojer and state)									100 560
		101,473	1,17,192	100,173	101,333	100,434	143,301	134,029	007,700	100,000
Net investment income	_	(1,390,881)	1,435,710	615,311	235,519	417,228	562,828	191,848	(36,136)	308,314
Benefit payments		(226,227)	(178,474)	(161,419)	(160,588)	(79,332)	(41,859)	(16,657)	(11,918)	(8,534)
Refunds		(2,66)	(18,820)	(53,330)	(48,114)	(27,837)	(13,511)	(16,161)	(5,959)	(4,454)
Administrative expense		(43,004)	(40,527)	(54,652)	(48,241)	(43,300)	(37,296)	(44,359)	(38,098)	(25,678)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(1,136,386)	1,749,684	917,426	502,977	773,605	919,454	451,204	217,553	554,835
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		8,878,840	7,129,156	6,211,730	5,708,753	4,935,148	4,015,694	3,564,490	3,346,937	2,792,102
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	↔	7,742,454 \$	8,878,840 \$	7,129,156 \$	6,211,730 \$	5,708,753 \$	4,935,148 \$	4,015,694 \$	3,564,490 \$	3,346,937
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	∻	757,884 \$	(1,269,556) \$	151,700 \$	38,257 \$	18,874 \$	11,975 \$	26,477 \$	(94,592) \$	(255,649)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage										
of Total Pension Liability		91.08%	116.68%	97.92%	99.39%	99.67%	%91.66	99.34%	102.73%	108.27%
Covered Payroll	\$	3,629,500 \$	3,435,840 \$	3,603,500 \$	3,231,060 \$	3,128,680 \$	2,867,220 \$	2,696,572 \$	2,305,760 \$	2,011,191
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage										
of Covered Payroll		20.88%	(36.95)%	4.21%	1.18%	0.60%	0.42%	0.98%	(4.10)%	(12.71)%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION TRUST FUND

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 184,627	\$ 184,627	\$ - \$	2,011,191	9.18%
2015	194,376	194,376	-	2,305,760	8.43%
2016	201,704	201,704	-	2,696,572	7.48%
2017	235,972	305,931	(69,959)	2,867,220	10.67%
2018	350,412	350,412	-	3,128,680	11.20%
2019	362,848	362,848	-	3,231,060	11.23%
2020	391,341	391,341	-	3,603,500	10.86%
2021	380,003	380,003	-	3,435,840	11.06%
2022	350,247	350,247	-	3,629,500	9.65%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date 10/01/2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determined contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Aggregate method
Amortization method	N/A
Remaining amortization period	N/A
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	4.75% to 5.50%, including inflation, based on years of service.
Investment rate of return	6.50%
Retirement age	100% if eligible for normal retirement before age 62, else age based
-	from 30% at age 62 to 100% at age 70; 5% for each year eligible for
	early retirement.
Mortality	The same version of PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Mortality Table as
	used by the Florida Retirement System (FRS) for Special Risk Class
	members in their July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation (with mortality
	improvements projected for healthy lives to all future years after 2010
	using Scale MP-2018). Florida Statutes Chapter 112.63(1)(f) mandates
	the use of mortality tables from one of the most recently published FRS
	actuarial valuation reports.

Other information:

Notes See discussion of valuation results from the October 1, 2020 Actuarial

Valuation report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION TRUST FUND

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of									
investment expenses	(15.89)%	19.38%	8.83%	3.36%	7.28%	12.52%	3.97%	(2.11)%	9.73%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOUS

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Measurement Date, September 30,	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Lability					
Service cost	\$ 63,270	\$ 57,961	\$ 50,439	\$ 51,371	\$ 53,040
Interest	12,060	12,064	25,960	22,929	19,739
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	-	(309,165)	-	-
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	411,041	6,038	12,964	(13,500)	(14,020)
Benefit payments	(20,244)	(19,040)	(34,636)	(39,712)	(37,725)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	466,127	57,023	(254,438)	21,088	21,034
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 447,273	390,250	644,688	623,600	602,566
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 913,400	\$ 447,273	\$ 390,250	\$ 644,688	\$ 623,600
Covered - Employee Payroll	\$ 7,825,935	\$ 7,597,995	\$ 7,284,363	\$ 6,694,984	\$ 5,708,842
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of					
Covered-Employee Payroll	11.67%	5.89%	5.36%	9.63%	10.92%

Notes to Schedule

Changes of benefit terms. There were no benefit changes during the year.

Changes of assmptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effect of changes in the discount rate each period. Discount rate changed to 2.19% from 2.41%. Inflation is 2.25%.

There are no plan assets accumulated in the trust fund that meets the criteria of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

The following is a select health cost trends:

FY Beginning	
2022	6.30%
2023	5.75%
2024	5.60%
2025	5.42%
2026	5.24%
2027	5.07%
2028	4.89%
2029	4.71%
2030	4.53%
2031	4.14%
Ultimate health cost trend Salary increases	3.75% General Employees plan participants 4.75%-5.50%; Public Safety - 6% per year, including inflation.

The Village of Tequesta implemented GASB Statement No.75 in fiscal year ending 9/30/2018 with a measurement date of 9/30/2017. This schedule is presented as required, however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village is only presenting information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.00041%	0.00135%	0.00165%	0.00158%	0.00166%	0.00189%	0.00227%	0.00223%	0.00291%	0.00397%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 152,863	\$ 101,680	\$ 717,034	\$ 543,212	\$ 501,303	\$ 561,097	\$ 572,594	\$ 287,876	\$ 177,517	\$ 683,841
Covered payroll	\$ 105,084	\$ 297,735	\$ 222,110	\$ 285,622	\$ 369,696	\$ 391,643	\$ 492,907	\$ 508,785	\$ 635,666	\$ 716,621
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	145.47%	34.15%	322.83%	190.19%	135.60%	143.27%	116.17%	56.58%	27.93%	95.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.89%	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%	88.54%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM (HIS) SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.00029%	0.00087%	0.00090%	0.00094%	0.00113%	0.00121%	0.00160%	0.00168%	0.00214%	0.00247%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 30,542	\$ 107,220	\$ 109,870	\$ 104,854	\$ 119,802	\$ 129,440	\$ 186,087	\$ 171,031	\$ 200,044	\$ 214,766
Covered payroll	\$ 105,084	\$ 297,735	\$ 222,110	\$ 285,622	\$ 369,696	\$ 391,643	\$ 492,907	\$ 508,785	\$ 635,666	\$ 716,621
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	29.06%	36.01%	49.47%	36.71%	32.41%	33.05%	37.75%	33.62%	31.47%	29.97%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	4.81%	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%	178.00%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) SCHEDULE OF VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, Contractually required contribution	\$ 2022 13,668	\$	2021 44,150	\$ 2020 58,313	\$ 2019 52,059	\$ 2018 48,540	\$ 2017 47,988	\$ 2016 62,966	\$ 2015 43,642		2014 58,404	\$ 2013 72,698
Contributions in relation to the conractually required contribution	(13,668)	1	(44,150)	(58,313)	(52,059)	(48,540)	(47,988)	(62,966)	(43,642)		(58,404)	(72,698)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ _
Covered payroll	\$ 81,619	\$	277,220	\$ 233,482	\$ 261,899	\$ 362,908	\$ 382,869	\$ 451,085	\$ 484,772	\$:	569,299	\$ 651,093
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.75%		15.93%	24.98%	19.88%	13.38%	12.53%	13.96%	9.00%		10.26%	11.17%

The information in this schedule determined as of the Village's most recent fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM (HIS) SCHEDULE OF VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, Contractually required contribution	\$ 2022	\$	2021 4,602	\$ 2020	\$ 2019 4,348	\$ 2018 6,024	\$ 2017 6,356	\$	2016 7,488	\$ 2015 5,381		2014 6,832	\$ 2013 8,204
Contributions in relation to the conractually required contribution	 (1,355))	(4,602)	(3,876)	(4,348)	(6,024)	(6,356)		(7,488)	(5,381)		(6,832)	(8,204)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 81,619	\$	277,220	\$ 233,482	\$ 261,899	\$ 362,908	\$ 382,869	\$ 4	451,085	\$ 484,772	\$:	569,299	\$ 651,093
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.66%	,	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%		1.66%	1.11%		1.20%	1.26%

The information in this schedule determined as of the Village's most recent fiscal year.



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Building Fund - This fund accounts for permit fees required on all public or private buildings, structures, and facilities. The revenue obtained shall be used solely for carrying out responsibilities in enforcing Florida Building Code.

Special Law Enforcement Trust Fund – This fund accounts for forfeitures received by the Police Department. Forfeitures obtained locally are expended as prescribed by Florida Statute Chapter 932.704. Forfeitures obtained through federal programs are expended according to the Department of Justice Asset Forfeiture Program.

Capital Improvement Fund

Capital Improvement Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The use of the capital improvement fund type is permitted rather than mandated for financial reporting purposes. Capital improvement funds can be a valuable management tool for multi-year projects.

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for the maintenance and upkeep of the Village's general infrastructure (such as roads, bridges, sidewalks and storm water drainage systems) and streetscape beautification projects.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Special	Rev	venue		Capital Projects		Total
		Building Fund		Special Law Enforcement Fund	In	Capital nprovement Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets								
Cash	\$	890,390	\$	131,698	\$	912,598	\$	1,934,686
Receivables, net	Ψ	23	Ψ	6	Ψ	13	Ψ	42
Inventories		282		-		-		282
Prepaid items	_	10,021		8,541				18,562
Total Assets	\$	900,716	\$	140,245	\$	912,611	\$	1,953,572
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		14,866		6,723		-		21,589
Accrued liabilities		7,999		-		-		7,999
Due to other governments	_	5,321			-		_	5,321
Total Liabilities		28,186		6,723				34,909
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories		282		-		-		282
Prepaid Items		10,021		8,541		-		18,562
Restricted for:								
Infrastructure		-		-		568,199		568,199
Building		832,828		-		-		832,828
Law Enforcement		-		80,795		-		80,795
Capital Projects		-		-		312,722		312,722
Assigned to:								
Capital Projects		-		-		31,690		31,690
Subsequent years budget	_	29,399		44,186			_	73,585
Total Fund Balances		872,530		133,522		912,611		1,918,663
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	900,716	\$	140,245	\$	912,611	\$	1,953,572

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Special	Re	venue	C	apital Projects		
		Building Fund	_	Special Law Enforcement Fund	_	Capital Improvement Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	5,546	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,546
Licenses and permits		751,857		-		-		751,857
Miscellaneous		55		-		-		55
Fines and forfeitures		-		94,055		-		94,055
Investment earnings		5,075	_	761	_	102	_	5,938
Total Revenues		762,533	_	94,816	_	102	_	857,451
Expenditures Current:								
Public safety		766,390		45,690		-		812,080
Transportation		-		-		186,149		186,149
Capital outlay		-	_	72,645	_	60,864	_	133,509
Total Expenditures		766,390	_	118,335	_	247,013		1,131,738
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,857)	_	(23,519)		(246,911)	_	(274,287)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in			_			806,231	_	806,231
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		_			806,231		806,231
Net Change in Fund Balances		(3,857)		(23,519)		559,320		531,944
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		876,387	_	157,041		353,291		1,386,719
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	872,530	\$	133,522	\$	912,611	\$	1,918,663

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUILDING FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,546	\$	5,546
Licenses and permits		503,000		703,000		751,857		48,857
Miscellaneous		-		-		55		55
Investment earnings		1,400		1,400		5,075	_	3,675
Total Revenues		504,400		704,400	_	762,533		58,133
Expenditures Public safety Capital outlay		676,260		746,260 40,000		766,390 -		(20,130) 40,000
Total Expenditures		676,260		786,260		766,390	_	19,870
Net Change in Fund Balance		(171,860)		(81,860)		(3,857)		78,003
Fund Balance - Beginning		876,387		876,387		876,387		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	704,527	\$	794,527	\$	872,530	\$	78,003

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	44,202	\$	94,055	\$	49,853
Investment earnings		_				761		761
Total Revenues				44,202		94,816		50,614
Expenditures								
Public safety		32,920		62,170		45,690		16,480
Capital outlay		42,000		131,702		72,645		59,057
Total Expenditures		74,920		193,872	_	118,335		75,537
Net Change in Fund Balance		(74,920)		(149,670)		(23,519)		126,151
Fund Balance - Beginning		157,041		157,041		157,041	_	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	82,121	\$	7,371	\$	133,522	\$	126,151

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues Investment earnings	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 102	\$ (898)	
Total Revenues	1,000	1,000	102	(898)	
Expenditures Transportation Capital outlay	419,590	340,840 78,750	186,149 60,864	154,691 17,886	
Total Expenditures	419,590	419,590	247,013	172,577	
(Deficiency) of Revenues Under Expenditures	(418,590)	(418,590)	(246,911)	171,679	
Other Financing Sources Transfers in Transfers out	677,260 (87,000)	677,260 (117,585)	806,231	128,971 117,585	
Total Other Financing Sources	590,260	559,675	806,231	246,556	
Net Change in Fund Balance	171,670	141,085	559,320	418,235	
Fund Balance - Beginning	353,291	353,291	353,291		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 524,961	\$ 494,376	\$ 912,611	\$ 418,235	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original Final				Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues								
Investment earnings	\$	500	\$	500	\$	1,087	\$	587
Total Revenues		500		500		1,087	_	587
Expenditures								
Public works		255,000		255,000		255,000		-
Parks and recreation		-		_		7,132		(7,132)
Capital outlay		87,000		2,476,223		2,152,671		323,552
Total Expenditures		342,000		2,731,223		2,414,803		316,420
(Deficiency) of Revenues Under Expenditures		(341,500)		(2,730,723)		(2,413,716)		317,007
-								
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		87,000		117,585		_		(117,585)
Transfers in		07,000		117,303				(117,303)
Total Other Financing Sources		87,000		117,585				(117,585)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(254,500)		(2,613,138)		(2,413,716)		199,422
Fund Balance - Beginning		2,550,094		2,550,094		2,550,094		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	2,295,594	\$	(63,044)	\$	136,378	\$	199,422



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs. Pension trust funds are fiduciary funds that are used to report resources required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, other post-employment benefit plans, or other employee benefit plans. The Village accounts for two defined benefit plans (Public Safety reports separate trust funds for Police Officers and Firefighters) and a separate fund is reported for each individual trust fund. The three trust funds are as follows:

Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund – This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and for contributions and benefits of the firefighter employees.

Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund – This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and for contributions and benefits of the police employees.

General Employees' Pension Trust Fund – This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and for contributions and benefits for the general employees of the Village.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund	Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund	General Employees' Pension Trust Fund	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 185,583	\$ 90,581	\$ 279,505	\$ 555,669
Investments				
Equities	8,449,900	4,120,650	4,538,813	17,109,363
Fixed Income	2,908,722	1,418,458	1,834,628	6,161,808
Real Estate Fund	1,891,597	922,449	1,068,096	3,882,142
Total investments	13,250,219	6,461,557	7,441,537	27,153,313
Contributions receivable	208,464	4,373	11,296	224,133
Accrued interest receivable	17,753	•	11,975	38,392
Prepaid items	26,634		20,547	55,199
Due from broker	161,791	78,899		240,690
Total Assets	13,850,444	6,652,092	7,764,860	28,267,396
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	12,141	8,750	11,118	32,009
Due to broker			11,288	11,288
Total Liabilities	12,141	8,750	22,406	43,297
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows	92,655			92,655
Total Deferred Inflows of Resouces	92,655			92,655
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 13,745,648	\$ 6,643,342	\$ 7,742,454	\$ 28,131,444

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund	Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund	General Employees' Pension Trust Fund	Total
Additions				
Contributions:				
State of Florida	\$ 200,648	\$ 92,947	\$ -	\$ 293,595
Employer	322,925	110,759	350,247	783,931
Employee	100,398	84,799	181,475	366,672
Total Contributions	623,971	288,505	531,722	1,444,198
Investment Earnings Net appreciation in fair value of				
investments	(2,804,721)	(1,344,403)	(1,552,500)	(5,701,624)
Gain on sale of investments	229,809	107,785	61,730	399,324
Interest and dividends	240,754	114,618	146,876	502,248
Total investment earnings	(2,334,158)	(1,122,000)	(1,343,894)	(4,800,052)
Less investment expenses	(41,678)	(27,235)	(46,988)	(115,901)
Net Investment earnings	(2,375,836)	(1,149,235)	(1,390,882)	(4,915,953)
Total Additions	(1,751,865)	(860,730)	(859,160)	(3,471,755)
Deductions				
Benefits paid	293,908	64,802	226,227	584,937
Refund of contributions	399,237	15,915	7,996	423,148
Administrative expenses	31,059	36,426	43,004	110,489
Total Deductions	724,204	117,143	277,227	1,118,574
Change in Net Position	(2,476,069)	(977,873)	(1,136,387)	(4,590,329)
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits				
Beginning of year	16,221,717	7,621,215	8,878,841	32,721,773
End of year	\$ 13,745,648	\$ 6,643,342	\$ 7,742,454	\$ 28,131,444



STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Village of Tequesta's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Village's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
<u>Financial Trends</u> These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Village's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	122
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Village's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	127
<u>Debt Capacity</u> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Village's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	131
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Village's financial activities take place.	135
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Village's financial report relates to the services the Village provides and the activities it performs.	137

<u>Sources:</u> Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Governmental Activities	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 10,261,476 579,320 3,011,737	\$ 10,284,849 940,739 2,739,726	\$ 10,058,956 1,572,614 1,638,243	\$ 9,948,379 1,343,543 1,612,070	\$ 10,023,291 1,776,769 1,157,654	\$ 10,678,761 1,615,279 978,157	\$ 10,470,562 2,067,445 1,086,789	\$ 10,473,238 1,398,916 1,781,225	\$ 7,103,735 1,628,800 9,028,159	\$ 10,335,163 1,769,822 8,831,563
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 13,852,533	\$ 13,965,314	\$ 13,269,813	\$ 12,903,992	\$ 12,957,714	\$ 13,272,197	\$ 13,624,796	\$ 13,653,379	\$ 17,760,694	\$ 20,936,548
Business-type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Destricted	\$ 14,167,067	\$ 13,402,412	\$ 12,681,504	\$ 12,321,453	\$ 13,078,584	\$ 12,774,847	\$ 13,012,584	\$ 14,166,351	\$ 15,470,616	\$ 15,642,791
Unrestricted	5,408,598	5,632,617	5,781,969	6,117,202	5,883,331	6,972,014	7,967,052	6,896,819	6,444,980	7,382,153
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 19,575,665	\$ 19,035,029	\$ 18,463,473	\$ 18,438,655	\$ 18,961,915	\$ 19,746,861	\$ 20,979,636	\$ 21,461,167	\$ 22,292,324	\$ 23,416,766
Primary government: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 24,428,543 579,320 8,420,335	\$ 23,687,261 940,739 8,372,343	\$ 22,740,460 1,572,614 7,420,212	\$ 22,269,832 1,343,543 7,729,272	\$ 23,101,875 1,776,769 7,040,985	\$ 23,453,608 1,615,279 7,950,171	\$ 23,483,146 2,067,445 9,053,841	\$ 24,639,589 1,796,913 8,678,044	\$ 22,574,351 2,005,528 15,473,139	\$ 25,977,954 2,161,644 16,213,716
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 33,428,198	\$ 33,000,343	\$ 31,733,286	\$ 31,342,647	\$ 31,919,629	\$ 33,019,058	\$ 34,604,432	\$ 35,114,546	\$ 40,053,018	\$ 44,353,314

Note: The Village implemented GASB Statement No.63 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013 and utilized the new terminology for all years presented.

VILLAGE OF TEQUESTA, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION

								CITAL DELIVER IN THE LOSI FICE	110								
						LAST	TEN	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	Œ	RS							
						(ACCRUAL	BA	(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)	OUL	VTING)							
	ļ	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2(2020	
ties:																	
ıt	\$	1,642,948	↔	1,770,326	S	1,714,571	S	1,918,843	S	2,201,162	S	2,308,838	€.	2,411,174 \$	2,	353,750	
		6,207,866		6,222,408		5,812,114		7,270,731		7,004,196		7,023,664	+	8,455,155	∞,	806,935	
		1,049,062		1,009,693		1,161,613		1,381,760		1,650,162		1,945,513		1,436,674	1,	1,496,229	
		640,513		583,445		566,585		663,524		890,669		704,448		771,783	Ī	675,172	
m deht		135 204		114 398		124 331		117 709		111 504		96 109		71.803		44.058	

2022

2021

	2013	407	2102	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2022
Expenditures Governmental activities: General government Public safety Transportation Leisure services Interest on long-term debt	\$ 1,642,948 6,207,866 1,049,062 640,513 135,204	\$ 1,770,326 6,222,408 1,009,693 583,445 114,398	\$ 1,714,571 5,812,114 1,161,613 566,585 124,331	\$ 1,918,843 7,270,731 1,381,760 663,524 117,709	\$ 2,201,162 7,004,196 1,650,162 699,068 111,504	\$ 2,308,838 7,023,664 1,945,513 704,448 96,109	\$ 2,411,174 8,455,155 1,436,674 771,783 71,803	\$ 2,353,750 8,806,935 1,496,229 675,172 44,058	\$ 3,121,260 7,507,748 1,944,570 701,364 59,662	\$ 2,961,670 7,926,208 1,986,016 1,055,418 239,652
Total Governmental Activities Expenditures	9,675,593	9,700,270	9,379,214	11,352,567	11,666,092	12,078,572	13,146,589	13,376,144	13,334,604	14,168,964
Business-type activities: Water Stormwater Refuse and recycling	4,204,955 221,283 484,165	4,782,022 279,051 489,977	4,911,816 262,413 499,670	4,726,849 490,405 489,874	5,038,740 338,758 479,278	4,871,601 687,878 479,478	5,079,244 485,566 480,268	2,964,202 453,776 496,619	5,810,515 524,732 511,299	5,551,570 715,004 529,107
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	4,910,403	5,551,050	5,673,899	5,707,128	5,856,776	6,038,957	6,045,078	3,914,597	6,846,546	6,795,681
Total Primary Government Program Expenses	\$ 14,585,996	\$ 15,251,320	\$ 15,053,113	\$ 17,059,695	\$ 17,522,868	\$ 18,117,529	\$ 19,191,667	\$ 17,290,741	\$ 20,181,150	\$ 20,964,645
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government Public safety	\$ 695,801 1,142,593	\$ 694,220 1,755,652	\$ 786,792 1,563,375	\$ 814,596 1,734,116	\$ 865,589 1,775,824	\$ 899,257 1,867,606	\$ 997,556 1,845,894	\$ 1,150,219 1,552,009	\$ 1,930,346 2,416,823	\$ 1,548,158 2,017,300
Transportation Leisure services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	4,480 86,349 95,145	76,918 63,148	- 67,777 48,300	- 69,570 9,505 73,828	83,749 10,235 23,657	83,209 253,986 82,000	83,794 16,045 17,692	27,402 105,492 8,500	11,253 1,676,429 63,568	38,063 1,581,739 61,667
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	2,024,368	2,589,938	2,466,244	2,701,615	2,759,054	3,186,058	2,960,981	2,843,622	6,098,419	5,246,927
Business-type Activities Charges for services: Water Stormwater Refuse and recycling Operating grants and contributions	4,018,755 323,513 482,422	4,155,865 323,363 480,795	4,422,030 319,993 478,616	4,826,495 325,005 490,801	5,487,305 340,118 493,753	5,894,396 375,534 488,121	6,173,278 430,814 486,893	6,370,552 432,355 487,874	6,641,698 450,271 486,643 19,157	6,579,570 490,267 507,306
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	4,824,690	4,960,023	5,220,639	5,642,301	6,321,176	6,758,051	7,090,985	7,290,781	7,597,769	7,577,143
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 6,849,058	\$ 7,549,961	\$ 7,686,883	\$ 8,343,916	\$ 9,080,230	\$ 9,944,109	\$ 10,051,966	\$ 10,134,403	\$ 13,696,188	\$ 12,824,070
Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (7,651,225) (85,713)	\$ (7,110,332) (591,027)	\$ (6,912,970) (453,260)	\$ (8,650,952) (64,827)	\$ (8,898,038)	\$ (8,892,514) 719,094	\$ (10,185,608) 1,045,907	\$ (10,532,522) 376,184	\$ (7,236,185) 751,223	\$ (8,922,037) 889,926

Note: The Village implemented GASB Statement No.63 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013 and utilized the new terminology for all years presented.

Total Primary Government Net Expense

 \$ (7,736,938)
 \$ (7,701,359)
 \$ (7,701,359)
 \$ (7,701,359)
 \$ (8,715,779)
 \$ (8,433,638)
 \$ (8,173,420)
 \$ (9,139,701)
 \$ (10,156,338)
 \$ (6,484,962)
 \$ (8,032,111)

VILLAGE OF TEQUESTA, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

General Revenues	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental activities:										
Takes. Property faxes	\$ 4339215	\$ 4767948	\$ 5275411	\$ 5,683,707	\$ 6.098.723	\$ 6420.058	\$ 6800 483	\$ 7497093	\$ 7 848 744	8 260 937
Other taxes	1 266 929	1.716.100	1 304 312							
	77,007,	401,000	1,004,014	1,271,270	1,014,014	100,000	4/17/10	1,111,017	0,000,007	2,1,0,1,0
Franchise fees based on gross receipts	380,160	401,859	462,312	449,120	452,496	429,076	46/,6/0	789'/44	509,963	530,165
Unrestricted intergovernmental	735,924	770,616	811,044	822,390	830,570	848,666	861,647	807,939	901,243	1,062,117
Unrestricted investment earnings	22,316	13,184	7,139	8,465	15,605	92,520	133,769	54,602	13,296	58,188
Miscellaneous revenues	77,390	53,406	17,739	27,041	32,676	19,414	27,131	19,996	54,949	23,999
Gain on sale of capital assets	•	'	13,073	23,123	9,336	13,375	24,597	21,976	26,524	972
Transfers	1	•	•	1		•	•		21,891	(188,565)
Total Governmental Revenues and transfers	6,821,934	7,223,113	7,891,030	8,285,130	8,951,760	9,410,043	10,538,207	10,561,105	11,343,500	11,918,009
Business-type Activities										
Unrestricted Investment earnings	20,727	14,976	986'6	14,601	28,064	86,097	147,356	59,333	7,917	(6,014)
Miscellaneous revenues	37,017	35,415	20,432	25,408	30,796	29,106	37,290	46,014	64,074	45,162
Gain on sale of capital assets	•	1	1	,	,	4,278	2,222	1	29,834	6,803
Transfers	1							1	(21,891)	188,565
Total Business-type Activities	57,744	50,391	30,418	40,009	58,860	119,481	186,868	105,347	79,934	234,516
Total Primary Government	6,879,678	7,273,504	7,921,448	8,325,139	9,010,620	9,529,524	10,725,075	10,666,452	11,423,434	12,152,525
Change in net position: Governmental activities	(829,291)	112,781	978,059	(365,822)	53,722	517,529	352,599	28,583	4,107,315	2,995,972
Business-type activities	(27,969)	(540,636)	(422,842)	(24,818)	523,260	838,575	1,232,775	481,531	831,157	1,124,442
Total Primary Government	\$ (857,260)	\$ (427,855)	\$ 555,217	\$ (390,640)	\$ 576,982	\$ 1,356,104	\$ 1,585,374	\$ 510,114	\$ 4,938,472	\$ 4,120,414

Note: The Village implemented GASB Statement No.63 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013 and utilized the new terminology for all years presented.

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Fund Nonspendable	\$ 144,581	↔	\$ 161,036	\$ 174,985	\$ 212,042	\$ 224,994	\$ 237,510	\$ 290,921	\$ 732,800	\$ 812,308
Restricted	575,287	668,050	790,582	995,512	1,440,911	1,506,888	1,562,700	420,583	561,007	288,000
Committed Assigned	1,000,000	1,013,600	1,010,978	1,060,578	1,214,418	1,000,000	391,214	500,000 298,661	55,709	2,036,098
Unassigned	1,921,295	1,714,008	2,024,550	2,079,187	1,478,525	1,150,229	1,479,005	1,884,304	4,356,864	4,375,473
Total General Fund	\$ 3,641,163	\$ 3,603,527	\$ 3,987,146	\$ 4,310,262	\$ 4,345,896	\$ 3,882,111	\$ 3,670,429	\$ 3,394,469	\$ 6,206,380	\$ 8,011,879
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable	€	€	₩	€	<		€	\$ 3,056	\$ 24,807	\$ 18,844
Restricted Committed	4,033	291,654	286,965	348,031	335,858	108,391	504,745	978,333	1,067,793	1,481,822
Assigned	159,726	9,726	16,441	110,232	60,149	234,838	175,167	87,956	2,581,784	241,653
Total Other Governmental Funds	\$ 163,759	\$ 301,380	\$ 303,406	\$ 458,263	\$ 396,007	\$ 343,229	\$ 679,912	\$ 1,115,830	\$ 3,936,813	\$ 2,055,041

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

F	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Franchise fees Charges for services Intragovernmental Grants, contributions and donations Licenses and permits Interest Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous Rents and royalties Impact fees	\$ 5,606,144 752,728 380,160 901,659 503,709 61,185 330,569 22,316 42,187 98,341 147,303	\$ 5,984,048 816,323 401,859 1,102,496 519,188 21,166 433,428 13,184 319,598 64,855 136,906	\$ 6,579,723 841,950 462,312 1,192,142 534,416 17,394 346,529 7,139 150,323 20,017	\$ 6,954,985 825,990 449,126 1,246,301 550,350 79,733 554,591 8,465 67,010 28,389 198,682	\$ 7,611,077 83,6780 452,496 1,272,994 561,350 27,682 646,126 15,605 32,743 40,660 203,965	\$ 7,976,992 893,555 459,076 1,300,331 577,300 291,097 753,211 92,520 8,241 20,547 209,856	\$ 9,023,393 869,592 467,670 1,276,167 696,600 25,792 653,497 133,769 87,490 27,131	\$ 9,208,910 815,868 447,682 1,387,682 725,436 106,063 385,873 54,602 11,708 19,996 218,931	\$ 9,815,634 2,641,140 509,963 2,113,512 1,031,297 100 872,285 13,296 114,322 54,949 227,006	\$ 10,431,133 1,062,117 530,165 1,653,861 856,342 1,643,406 760,207 58,188 109,078 16,589
Total Revenues	8,846,301	9,813,051	10,344,201	10,963,622	11,701,478	12,582,726	13,474,591	13,382,751	17,393,504	17,352,529
Expenditures Current: General government Public safety Transportation Leisure services Capital outlay	1,528,314 5,902,479 879,169 561,938 120,399	1,614,291 5,900,978 858,787 507,069 831,240	1,615,339 6,201,180 1,010,126 527,223 399,457	1,811,777 6,154,309 1,203,513 609,009 309,399	2,104,039 6,632,707 1,462,522 629,764 356,224	2,210,205 6,968,142 1,761,729 647,830 999,035	2,275,900 8,452,601 1,243,062 700,649 260,796	2,207,621 8,054,006 1,309,050 603,268 720,011	2,690,661 8,106,046 1,740,042 639,963 5,351,177	2,905,106 8,414,837 1,832,271 827,654 2,556,453
Debt service: Principal Interest Fiscal charges Total Expenditures	247,809 125,054 11,870 9,377,032	306,411 114,398 12,736 10,145,910	334,630 113,986 10,345 10,212,286	428,048 106,848 18,643 10,641,546	440,676 92,164 19,340 11,737,436	429,614 74,486 21,623 13,112,664	395,856 59,573 12,230 13,400,667	412,060 44,058 - 13,350,074	430,097 59,662 - 19,017,648	718,072 166,698 - 17,421,091
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(530,731)	(332,859)	131,915	322,076	(35,958)	(529,938)	73,924	32,677	(1,624,144)	(68,562)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers-out Issuance of debt Other proceeds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	420,440 (420,440)	150,000 (150,000) 432,844 432,844	85,000 (85,000) 253,730	366,800 (366,800) 132,774 23,123 155,897	106,000 (106,000) - 9,336 9,336	740,100 (740,100) 13,375 13,375	422,754 (422,754) 26,480 24,597 51,077	1,520,093 (1,520,093) 105,305 21,976 127,281	896,154 (874,263) 7,208,623 26,524 7,257,038	806,231 (994,796) - 972 (187,593)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (530,731)	\$ 99,985	\$ 385,645	\$ 477,973	\$ (26,622)	\$ (516,563)	\$ 125,001	\$ 159,958	\$ 5,632,894	\$ (256,155)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	4.03%	4.52%	4.57%	5.18%	4.68%	4.16%	3.47%	3.61%	3.58%	2.95%

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Assessed	Value as a	Percentage of	Actual	Value	77%	77%	73%	72%	%02	71%	71%	71%	71%	%69
		Estimated	Actual "Just"	Value of	Taxable	Property	1,009,673,919	1,061,248,329	1,178,887,330	1,296,773,699	1,434,279,267	1,496,590,133	1,579,732,964	1,642,381,484	1,721,822,967	1,871,523,031
				ı			1 \$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total			Direct	Tax	Rate	5.7671	6.0500	6.2920	6.2920	6.2920	6.2920	6.2920	6.6290	6.6290	6.6290
				Taxable	Assessed	Value	779,911,042	816,331,544	863,937,071	930,983,422	1,002,224,986	1,060,772,539	1,123,534,054	1,173,392,973	1,221,100,288	1,295,434,699
							↔									
ally	Property	Estimated	Actual "Just"	Value of	Taxable	Property	1,564,811	1,680,227	1,832,732	1,837,722	1,907,953	1,934,055	1,944,199	1,946,645	1,947,436	1,965,352
Centrally	Assessed Property			Taxable	Assessed	Value	\$ 1,559,808 \$	1,675,609	1,593,192	1,810,329	1,900,210	1,930,206	1,940,096	1,943,025	1,943,231	1,961,352
	perty	Estimated	Actual "Just"	Value of	Taxable	Property	23,010,389	22,943,347	22,968,598	25,574,708	27,617,131	24,908,873	26,506,260	27,142,879	27,870,809	27,127,527
	Personal Property		A	Taxable	Assessed	Value	17,464,955 \$	17,442,002	17,344,269	19,880,161	21,837,763	19,372,909	21,121,271	21,858,849	21,962,096	21,629,866
							↔		_	_				_		_,
	erty	Estimated	Actual "Just"	Value of	Taxable	Property	985,098,719	1,036,624,755	1,154,086,000	1,269,361,269	1,404,754,183	1,469,747,205	1,551,282,505	1,613,291,960	1,692,004,722	1,842,430,152
	Real Property						\$ 6.	33	0	23	ω	4	78	6(11	31
	Rea			Taxable	Assessed	Value	760,886,279 \$	797,213,933	844,999,610	909,292,932	978,487,013	1,039,469,424	1,100,472,687	1,149,591,099	1,197,194,961	1,271,843,481
					Fiscal Year Ended	September 30	\$	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's office: Form DR-489V Revised Recapitulation of the Ad Valorem Rolls of Tequesta, Palm Beach County Florida

PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Direct Rates					Ó	Overlapping Rates (1)	(1)			
	XY:11		(-	5	C	S. Florida	Jupiter	Fl. Island	Children's	County
Fiscal Year Ended September 30	v illage Rate	County	County Debt	Everglades Construction	School District	County Library	w ater Mgmt. District	Inlet District	Nav. District (FIND)	Services Council	nealth Care District
2013	5.7671	4.7815	0.2087	0.0613	7.7780	9909.0	0.1757	0.1364	0.0345	0.7300	1.1220
2014	6.0500	4.7815	0.2037	0.0587	7.5860	0.6065	0.1685	0.1364	0.0345	0.7025	1.0800
2015	6.2920	4.7815	0.1914	0.0548	7.5940	0.6024	0.1577	0.1285	0.0345	0.6745	1.0800
2016	6.2920	4.7815	0.1462	0.0506	7.5120	0.5985	0.1459	0.1216	0.0320	0.6677	1.0426
2017	6.2920	4.7815	0.1327	0.0471	7.0700	0.5933	0.1359	0.1145	0.0320	0.6833	0.8993
2018	6.2920	4.7815	0.1208	0.0441	0692.9	0.5891	0.2659	0.1089	0.0320	0.6590	0.7808
2019	6.2920	4.7815	0.1165	0.0417	6.5720	0.5901	0.2519	0.1042	0.0320	0.6403	0.7261
2020	6.6290	4.7815	0.0765	0.0397	7.1640	0.5870	0.2398	0.0998	0.0320	0.6497	0.7261
2021	6.6290	4.7815	0.0309	0.0380	7.0100	0.5833	0.2295	0.0964	0.0320	0.6497	0.7261
2022	6.6290	4.7815	0.0334	0.0365	6.8750	0.5824	0.2207	0.0921	0.0320	0.6233	0.7261

⁽¹⁾ Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the Village of Tequesta.

Sources: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's office

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Percentage of Total Village	Taxable	Value	70100	0/ /0.7		1.43%		1.03%						%68.0	0.88%	0.51%	0.50%	0.45%	0.37%	8.12%
2013			Rank	,	_		2		α				4		S	9	7	~	6	10	
2(Taxable	Assessed	Value	16 133 040	10,132,040		11,126,197		7.997.096				7.550.656		6,964,298	6,890,927	4,000,000	3,875,855	3,504,304	2.858,223	70,899,596
				6	9															į	~
	Percentage of Total Village	Taxable	Value	1 770%	1.170	2.01%	1.36%	1.39%	1.05%	%66.0	0.72%	0.91%	0.90%	0.73%							11.84%
2022			Rank	,	_	7	α	4	5	9	7	∞	6	10							
(1)	Taxable	Assessed	Value		22,974,387	25,993,000	17,589,220	18,016,562	13,609,897	12,885,530	9.365.611	11,739,748	11,721,342	9,480,400							153,375,697
				6	9															ļ	S
			Taxpayer	Townself Dealer INC (Connect) Line Dieze	Talliwest nearty, INC (County Line Flaza)	300 Beach Road Developer, LLC	GMH Tequesta Holdings, LLC	250 Beach Road Developer, LLC	Noble Centers I, LLC (Tequesta Shopps)	Russell Properties of Tequesta, LLC	Turnbery Beach Road, LLC	Tequesta Propco LLC	Florida Power & Light Co.	Duke Daniel III	Tequesta Investors LP	Terrace Communities Tequesta, LLC	ALS North America, Inc.	Tequesta Mall, LLC (SLO ML LLC)	JMZ Tequesta Properties, LLC	Tequesta Country Club	Total

Source: Palm Beach County Tax Collector's System, tax year 2022

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Total Collections to Date (2)	Percentage	of Levy	%8.96		96.4%							96.2%
Total Collection		Amount	4,359,417	4,769,304	5,241,655	5,651,513	6,083,287	6,425,085	6,803,979	7,497,154	7,843,537	900 050 8
Collections in	Subsequent	Years	21,847	13,841	3,796	(185)	(311)	2,405	4,590	2,206	1	:
	I		↔									
thin the the Levy	Percentage	of Levy	96.3%	96.1%	96.3%	96.3%	96.3%	96.2%	96.2%	96.4%	%6.96	%6 96
Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Amount	4,337,570	4.755.463	5,237,859	5,651,698	6,083,598	6,422,680	6,799,389	7,494,948	7,843,537	200 020 0
			∀)		_						
Taxes Levied for	or the Fiscal	Year (1)	4,502,727	4,946,692	5,437,423	5,866,490	6,314,407	6,674,381	7,069,276	7,778,422	8,094,674	8 587 437
	f		↔									
Fiscal Year	Ended	September 30,	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

⁽¹⁾ The tax levied in a fiscal year is based on the taxable value of the prior year

Source: Palm Beach County Tax Collector's office.

⁽²⁾ Includes discounts taken by property taxpayers.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Per Capita	1,474	1,448	1,366	1,247	1,103	944	818	969	1,702	1,524
Percentage	of Personal Income	2.65%	2.50%	2.37%	1.81%	1.53%	1.26%	1.03%	0.84%	1.95%	1.51%
Total	Primary Government	\$ 8,331,831	8,150,397	7,736,539	7,107,866	6,319,330	5,527,939	4,783,360	4,088,137	10,468,665	9,373,866
Business-type Activities	Notes Payable	\$ 5,553,570	5,245,703	4,925,818	4,592,420	4,244,561	3,882,784	3,507,581	3,119,113	2,721,115	2,344,387
Activities	Capital Leases	· ·	385.059	561,001	547,423	400,739	277.951	228.793	256.234	493.543	336,479
Governmental Activities	Notes Payable	\$ 2,778,261	2,519,635	2,249,720	1,968,023	1,674,030	1,367,204	1,046,986	712,790	7,254,007	6,693,000
	Fiscal Year Ended September 30	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

Note: Details regarding the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

RATIO OF NET OUTSTANDING DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Net Outstanding	Debt	Per Capita	1,474	1,448	1,366	1,247	1,103	944	818	969	1,702	1,524
Ratio of Net O/S Debt to	Value of	Taxable Property	1.07%	1.00%	0.90%	0.76%	0.63%	0.52%	0.43%	0.35%	0.85%	0.72%
(A-B) Net	Outstanding	(O/S) Debt	\$ 8,331,831	8,150,397	7,736,539	7,107,866	6,319,330	5.527.938	4,783,360	4,088,137	10,468,665	9,373,866
(B) Debt Service	Funds	Available	S		•	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
(A) Gross	Outstanding	Debt	8,331,831	8,150,397	7,736,539	7,107,866	6.319.330	5.527.938	4,783,360	4,088,137	10,468,665	9,373,866
(2) Assessed Value of	Taxable	Property	\$ 779,911,042	816.331.544	863,937,071	930,983,422	1,002,224,986	1,060,772,539	1,121,712,544	1,172,469,036	1,227,113,001	1,294,696,716
	(1)	Population	5,652	5,629	5,665	5,699	5,731	5,857	5,850	5,874	6,152	6,152
	Fiscal Year Ended	September 30,	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

⁽¹⁾ Florida Estimates of Population - Bureau of Economic and Business research, University of Florida.

⁽²⁾ Form DR-422 "Certificate of Final Taxable Value"

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

								To	Total Assessed Value	ne			(1)	(1) \$ 1,273,804,833
								Le	Legal Debt Margin Debt limitation - 10% of total ass Total bonded debt outstanding Less amount in debt service fund	n 10% of total assess t outstanding ebt service fund	egal Debt Margin Debt limitation - 10% of total assessed value of taxable real property Total bonded debt outstanding Less amount in debt service fund	real property	(2)	127,380,483
								To	ıtal Debt Applica	Total Debt Applicable to Limitation				1
								Le	Legal Debt Margin				↔	127,380,483
		2013		2014		2015		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Debt Limit	↔	77,991,104	↔	81,633,154 \$ 86,393,707	∞ ∽		\$ 93	3,098,342	\$ 93,098,342 \$ 100,222,499	\$ 106,077,254	\$ 106,077,254 \$ 110,241,278 \$ 115,153,412	\$ 115,153,412	\$ 119,913,819	\$ 127,380,483
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	it	ı		1		1		ı	•		1	•	,	,
Legal debt margin	↔	77,991,104	8	81,633,154	∞ ∽	86,393,707	\$ 93	93,098,342	\$ 100,222,499	\$ 106,077,254	\$ 110,241,278	\$ 115,153,412	\$ 119,913,819	\$ 127,380,483
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	±.	00:00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	00:00	%00.0	0.00%	0.00%	00:00%
(1) Ecomo DD 420 "Confification of Touchle Velue"	Towoh	15 Volue"												

⁽¹⁾ Form DR-420 "Certification of Taxable Value"

⁽²⁾ Village of Tequesta Charter Section 5.02 Limitations

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Estimate Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 153,098	7,029,479	6/9,552,7
Estimate Percentage Applicable to Tequesta	(b) 0.58% 0.58%	100.00%	
Net Debt Outstanding	(a) \$ 26,250,000 12,534,000	7,029,479	
Governmental Unit	OVERLAPPING Palm Beach County Palm Beach County School Board	Subtotal, overlapping debt DIRECT DEBT Village of Tequesta	I otal direct and overlapping debt

(a) Sources: Palm Beach County and Palm Beach County School Board

Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the Village taxable assessed value and dividing it by the Palm Beach Note: For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. County taxable assessed value. (Data provided by the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Village of Tequesta. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the Village of Tequesta. This process recognizes that, when considering the Village's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Palm Beach County Unemployment Rate (4)	7.1% 6.0% 5.3% 3.7% 3.1% 6.6% 4.1%
Median Age (3)	49.9 49.9 49.9 49.9 49.9 49.9 49.9
Per Capita Personal Income (2)	\$ 55,628 57,985 66,914 68,743 71,946 74,754 79,760 83,268 87,478 100,627
Personal Income (2)	314,409,456 326,397,565 379,067,810 391,766,357 412,322,526 437,834,178 466,596,000 489,116,232 538,164,656 619,057,304
on	↔
Population (1)	5,652 5,629 5,665 5,699 5,731 5,857 5,850 5,874 6,152
Fiscal Year	2013 2014 2015 2015 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

Sources:

- (1) Florida Estimates of Population Bureau of Economic and Business research, University of Florida.
- (2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Information System.
- (3) U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census
- (4) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Labor Market Statistics Center, Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS - PALM BEACH COUNTY

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2022	2			2013	
Employer (service providing)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Palm Beach County School District	22,426	1	N/A	20,810	1	N/A
Palm Beach County Board of County Commissioners	5,753	2	N/A	11,000	2	N/A
Tenet Coastal Division Palm Beach County	5,734	3	N/A	6,100	3	N/A
NextEra Energy, Inc. (Hdqtrs) / Florida Power & Light	5,330	4	N/A	3,804	4	N/A
Florida Atlantic University	5,059	5	N/A	2,980	6	N/A
Boca Raton Regional Hospital	3,135	6	N/A	2,250	10	N/A
Veterans Health Administration	2,600	7	N/A	2,700	8	N/A
Hospital Corporation of America (HCA)	2,419	8	N/A	2,714	7	N/A
The Breakers	2,300	9	N/A			
Baptist Health South Florida (prev. Bethesda Hospital)	2,282	10	N/A	2,643	9	N/A
G4S (Wackenhut Corporation)				3,000	5	N/A
	57,038		N/A	58,001		N/A

Source: Business Development Board of Palm Beach County
Employment information for the Town is not available

N/A = not available

^{*} Updated figures unavailable at date of publication.

FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2019 2020 2021 2022	13.3 12.9 12.8 12.8 53.6 50.0 50.0 54.0 8.3 5.3 6.7 6.7 3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0	71.2 72.5	22.1 21.2 19.9 19.9 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7	23.8 22.9 21.6 21.6	94.0
2018	11.8 52.0 7.1 3.0	73.9	20.9	22.6	97.0
2017	10.8 53.0 8.1 3.0	74.9	20.4	22.1	97.0
2016	10.3 52.0 6.9 3.0	72.2	18.6	20.8	93.0
2015	10.3 51.0 5.9 3.0	70.2	18.6	19.8	0.06
2014	10.5 51.0 5.0 3.0	69.5	16.5	17.5	87.0
2013	11.5 53.0 5.0 3.0	72.5	16.5	17.5	90.0
Function/Program	Governmental Activities General government Public safety Transportation Leisure services	Total Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities Water Stormwater	Total Business-type Activities	Total Primary Government

Source: Village of Tequesta Finance Department

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental Activities										
General government										
Registered voters	4,854	4,702	4,634	4,813	4,017	4,951	5,056	5,204	4,971	4,960
Public safety:										
No. of full-time certified police officers	18	20	19	18	19	19	19	19	20	21
No. of calls received	3,571	3,548	3,853	3,109	3,442	3,443	3,614	3,571	2,375	2,735
No. of arrests	136	168	174	94	108	69	61	46	40	43
No. of parking violations	328	120	207	61	39	20	48	48	34	-
No. of incident numbers issued	691	725	552	345	312	254	259	181	280	434
Fire department:										
No. of full-time certified firefighters	21	18	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	22
No. of emergency responses	1,372	1,197	1,291	1,409	1,286	1,227	1,168	1,226	1,186	1,174
No. of transports	675	693	1,006	817	722	724	721	1,017	684	941
No. of fires extinguished/alarms	697	504	285	254	309	267	206	323	263	164
No. of inspections	539	713	499	654	742	608	767	405	558	648
Building, zoning:										
No. of building permits issued	914	929	1,034	1,583	1,755	1,356	1,226	1,198	1,412	1,522
No. of building inspections conducted	2,176	2,201	1,705	2,472	3,017	2,634	2,649	2,611	2,429	3,857
Leisure services:										
No. of Spring Classes	10	8	8	12	10	10	10	7	4	14
No. of Summer Classes	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	-	1	18
No. of Movies	3	4	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	1
Business-type Activities										
Water:										
No. of customers	5,037	5,039	5,038	5,055	5,042	5,087	5,084	5,070	5,070	5,087
Average daily consumption	2.454 mg	2.422 mg	2.500 mg	2.600 mg	2.700 mg	2.781 mg	2.642 mg	2.656 mg	2.573 mg	2.626 mg

Sources: Various Village departments

^{*} The number is much lower than the year before due to increased number of reserve officers to cover for the full-time officers that left the department during the FY 2012.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental Activities										
General government:										
Municipal center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public safety										
Police:										
No. of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
No. of patrol units	10	11	10	12	10	12	11	11	12	13
Fire:										
No. of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
No. of ambulances	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
No. of pumpers	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Transportation:										
Miles of street lane miles	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
No. of bridges	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Leisure services										
No. of parks	5	6 *	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	6
No. of park acreage	54	62 *	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	60
No. of playgrounds	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
No. of baseball/softball diamonds	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
No. of skate-parks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Business-type activities:										
Water:										
Miles of water mains	73	73	73	77	77	77	77	72	74	74
No. of fire hydrants	433	409	430	456	435	435	435	579	580	580
•	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

Sources: Various Village departments

^{*} The green area has been identified as a park (Linear/Green Mile park)



REPORTING SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, Village Council and Village Manager Village of Tequesta, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Tequesta, Florida (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida March 8, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor, Village Council and Village Manager Village of Tequesta, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Village of Tequesta, Florida's (the "Village") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Village's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2022. The Village's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Village complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Village's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Village's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit on Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Village's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Village's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Village's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Village's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
 over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
 on the effectiveness of Village's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida March 8, 2023

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Program Title	Pass Through Organization	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Expenditures
Federal Awards				
<u>U.S. Department of Justice</u> Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding	Florida Department of Law Enforcement	16.034	2021-CERF-PALM-7-5A-042	\$ 43,509
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	N/A	16.738	-	6,056
Total U.S. Department of Justice			-	49,565
<u>U.S. Department of Treasury</u> Equitable Sharing Program	N/A	21.016		118,335
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (ARPA)	Florida Division of Emergency Mgmt	21.027	Y5306	1,537,120
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			-	1,655,455
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			=	1,705,020

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the Federal award activity of the Village of Tequesta, Florida (the Village) under programs of the Federal government for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Village, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Village.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 - Contingency

The grant revenue amounts received are subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditures are disallowed by a grantor agency as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor agencies would become a liability of the Village. In the opinion of management, all grant expenditures are in compliance with the terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal and state laws and regulations.

Note 4 - De-Minimus Indirect Cost Rate

During fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Village did not use the de-minimus indirect cost rate.

No amounts were passed to sub-recepients.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	yesX no
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	yesX_ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesX_ no
<u>Federal Programs</u> Internal control over major federal programs: Material weaknesses identified?	yesX no
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	yesX_ none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs?	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?	yesX_ no
AL Number 21.027	Name of Federal Program or Cluster U.S. Department of the Treasury - Coronavirus Relief Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and Type B federal programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yesX_ no

State Financial Assistance Projects

There was not an audit of major state financial assistance projects as of September 30, 2022 due to the total amount expended being less than \$750,000.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

None reported.

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None noted.

SECTION IV STATE PROJECTS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Not applicable.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

None noted.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Mayor, Village Council and Village Manager Village of Tequesta, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Tequesta, Florida (the "Village"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 8, 2023 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding annual financial report requiring correction.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Village was incorporated in 1957 by laws of Florida 57-1915. There are no component units related to the Village.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Village has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Village did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Village. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Village's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor and Members of the Village Council, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida March 8, 2023



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, Village Council and Village Manager Village of Tequesta, Florida

We have examined the Village of Tequesta, Florida's (the "Village") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Village's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Village's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Village's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Village's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

In our opinion, the Village complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida March 8, 2023