STATE OF FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL

Financial and Federal Single Audit

Report No. 2018-141
March 2018

LEVY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD

For the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2017

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

Board Members and Superintendent

During the 2016-17 fiscal year, Jeffery R. Edison served as Superintendent of the Levy County Schools from 11-22-16, Robert O. Hastings served as Superintendent before that date, and the following individuals served as School Board Members:

	District No.
Cameron A. Asbell, Vice Chair from 11-22-16	1
Christopher A. Cowart, Chair from 11-22-16, Vice Chair through 11-21-16	2
Brad Etheridge	3
Paige Brookins, Chair through 11-21-16	4
Rick Turner	5

The Auditor General conducts audits of governmental entities to provide the Legislature, Florida's citizens, public entity management, and other stakeholders unbiased, timely, and relevant information for use in promoting government accountability and stewardship and improving government operations.

The team leader was Debra L. Hulse, CPA, and the audit was supervised by Denita K. Tyre, CPA.

Please address inquiries regarding this report to Micah E. Rodgers, CPA, Audit Manager, by e-mail at micahrodgers@aud.state.fl.us or by telephone at (850) 412-2905.

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LEVY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD

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LEVY COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD

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SUMMARY

Summary of Report on Financial Statements

Our audit disclosed that the Levy County District School Board (District's) basic financial statements were presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with prescribed financial reporting standards.

Summary of Report on Internal Control and Compliance

Our audit did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Summary of Report on Federal Awards

We audited the District's compliance with applicable Federal awards requirements. The Special Education Cluster was audited as a major Federal program. The results of our audit indicated that the District materially complied with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the Special Education Cluster.

Audit Objectives and Scope

Our audit objectives were to determine whether the School Board and its officers with administrative and stewardship responsibilities for District operations had:

- Presented the District's basic financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- Established and implemented internal control over financial reporting and compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements or on the District's major Federal program;
- Complied with the various provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that are material to the financial statements, and those applicable to the District's major Federal program; and
- Taken corrective actions for financial statement findings included in our report No. 2017-166.

The scope of this audit included an examination of the District's basic financial statements and the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We obtained an understanding of the District's environment, including its internal control, and assessed the risk of material misstatement necessary to plan the audit of the basic financial statements and Federal awards. We also examined various transactions to determine whether they were executed, in both manner and substance, in accordance with governing provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

AUDIT METHODOLOGY

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; applicable standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

AUDITOR GENERAL
STATE OF FLORIDA

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Levy County District School Board, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the school internal funds, which represent 17 percent of the assets and 45 percent of the liabilities of the aggregate remaining fund information. In addition, we did not audit the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units, which represent 100 percent of the transactions and account balances of the aggregate discretely presented component units' columns. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the school internal funds and the aggregate discretely presented component units, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Levy County District School Board, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**, the **Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General and Major Special Revenue Funds**, **Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits Plan**, **Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of District Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, **Schedule of District Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, and **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 9, 2018, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherrill F. Norman

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
March 9, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the Levy County District School Board has prepared the following discussion and analysis to provide an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to highlight significant transactions, events, and conditions and should be considered in conjunction with the District's financial statements and notes to financial statements found immediately following the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2016-17 fiscal year are as follows:

- As of June 30, 2017, the assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by $59,656,866.24.
- In total, net position decreased by $1,161,076.71, which represents a 1.9 percent decrease over the 2015-16 fiscal year.
- General revenues total $49,964,819.21, or 92.4 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions total $4,111,952.71, or 7.6 percent of all revenues.
- Expenses total $55,237,848.63. Expenses offset by program specific charges, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions totaled $4,111,952.71, with the remainder paid from general revenues.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund totals $3,292,587.05, which is $1,153,642.48 more than the prior fiscal year balance. The General Fund assigned and unassigned fund balances totaled $2,674,847.16, or 6.4 percent of total General Fund revenues.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional details to support the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial condition in a manner similar to those of a private-sector business. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities that are designed to provide consolidated financial information about the governmental activities of the District presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of net position provides information about the District's financial position, its assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, using an economic resources measurement focus. Assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is a measure of the District's financial health. The statement of activities presents information about the change in the District's net position, the results of operations, during the fiscal year. An increase or decrease in net position is an indication of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

All of the District's activities and services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. The District's governmental activities include instruction, student support services, instructional support services, administrative support services, facility maintenance, transportation, and food services. Property taxes and State revenues finance most of these activities. Additionally, all capital and debt financing activities are reported as governmental activities.

The government-wide statements present the District's activities in the following categories:

- Governmental activities – This represents most of the District's services, including its educational programs: basic, vocational, and exceptional education. Support functions such as transportation and administration are also included. Local property taxes and the State's education finance program provide most of the resources that support these activities.
- Component units – The District presents two charter schools in this report as discretely presented component units: Whispering Winds Charter School Project, Inc. and Nature Coast Middle School, Inc. Although legally separate organizations, they are included in this report because they meet the criteria for inclusion provided by generally accepted accounting principles. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the District.

  The Levy County Public Facilities Finance Authority, Inc. (Authority), although also a legally separate entity, was formed to facilitate financing for the acquisition of facilities and equipment for the District. Due to the substantive economic relationship between the District and the Authority, the financial activities of the Authority are blended in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are one of the components of the basic financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and prudent fiscal management. Certain funds are established by law while others are created by legal agreements, such as bond covenants. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's financial activities, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds rather than fund types. This is in contrast to the entitywide perspective contained in the government-wide statements. All of the District's funds may be classified within one of the broad categories discussed below.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. The District's major funds are the General Fund, Special Revenue – Other Fund, Debt Service – Special Act Bonds Fund, Capital Projects – Public Education Capital Outlay Fund, and Capital Projects – Local Capital Improvement Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General and major Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Proprietary Fund: Proprietary funds may be established to account for activities in which a fee is charged for services. Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide goods and services to support the District's other programs and functions through user charges. The District uses an internal service fund to account for the self-insurance program. Since these services predominantly benefit governmental functions, the internal service fund has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity for the benefit of external parties, such as student activity funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources are not available to support the District's own programs. In its fiduciary capacity, the District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes.

The District uses agency funds to account for resources held for student activities and groups.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and its progress in funding its obligation to provide other postemployment benefits to its employees.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial health. The following is a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2017, compared to net position as of June 30, 2016:

Net Position, End of Year

	Governmental Activities	
	6-30-17	**6-30-16**
Current and Other Assets	$ 7,863,947.17	$ 26,511,862.20
Capital Assets	85,495,130.80	85,115,042.14
Total Assets	93,359,077.97	111,626,904.34
Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,786,072.00	4,576,430.00
Long-Term Liabilities	42,022,040.60	38,604,138.11
Other Liabilities	1,058,947.13	13,767,431.28
Total Liabilities	43,080,987.73	52,371,569.39
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,407,296.00	3,013,822.00
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	77,248,549.78	59,506,937.26
Restricted	3,457,702.54	10,479,475.93
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(21,049,386.08)	(9,168,470.24)
Total Net Position	$ 59,656,866.24	$ 60,817,942.95

The largest portion of the District's net position is investment in capital assets (e.g., land; buildings; furniture, fixtures, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources used to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The deficit unrestricted net position was the result, in part, of accruing $3,641,551.58 in compensated absences payable, $1,852,858 in other postemployment benefit obligations, and $28,281,050 in net pension liability.

The key elements of the changes in the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, and June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Operating Results for the Fiscal Year Ended

	Governmental Activities	
	6-30-17	**6-30-16**
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	$ 284,547.66	$ 245,878.27
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,417,891.45	3,344,986.77
Capital Grants and Contributions	409,513.60	24,357,324.83
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes, Levied for Operational Purposes	9,471,543.71	9,776,191.79
Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects	2,636,105.59	2,557,045.70
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	36,876,074.48	35,792,679.73
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	20,157.78	37,459.34
Miscellaneous	960,937.65	1,029,494.65
Total Revenues	54,076,771.92	77,141,061.08
Functions/Program Expenses:		
Instruction	27,045,778.78	26,454,685.02
Student Support Services	2,125,745.19	2,085,215.70
Instructional Media Services	317,959.82	293,687.56
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	1,417,948.54	1,372,891.02
Instructional Staff Training Services	1,141,277.67	1,097,122.64
Instruction-Related Technology	171,075.32	334,430.19
Board	348,586.98	321,455.22
General Administration	1,221,919.37	1,112,883.12
School Administration	3,203,473.80	3,057,434.21
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	483,407.13	354,183.04
Fiscal Services	502,706.18	491,724.26
Food Services	3,393,789.78	3,242,196.80
Central Services	391,055.10	404,379.24
Student Transportation Services	3,712,002.26	3,574,876.78
Operation of Plant	3,685,360.56	3,719,972.58
Maintenance of Plant	917,801.11	918,281.85
Administrative Technology Services	1,284,423.08	902,111.32
Unallocated Interest on Long-Term Debt	271,125.71	380,669.02
Unallocated Depreciation Expense	3,600,898.62	2,694,182.43
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	1,513.63	7,074.79
Total Functions/Program Expenses	55,237,848.63	52,819,456.79
Change in Net Position	(1,161,076.71)	24,321,604.29
Net Position - Beginning	60,817,942.95	36,496,338.66
Net Position - Ending	$ 59,656,866.24	$ 60,817,942.95

The largest revenue source is the State of Florida (61 percent). Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily received through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding formula. The FEFP formula utilizes student enrollment data, and is designed to maintain equity in funding across all Florida school districts, taking into consideration the District's funding ability based on the local property tax base.

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs revenues increased by $1,083,394.75, or 3 percent, primarily due to an increase in FEFP revenues from the State.

Capital grants and contributions revenue decreased by $23,947,811.23, or 98.3 percent, due to a decrease in Public Education Capital Outlay Special Facilities funding for the construction of the new Williston Middle/High School which was completed during the fiscal year.

Unallocated depreciation expense increased by $906,716.19, or 33.7 percent, due to a full year of depreciation recorded for the new Williston Middle/High School.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance that has not been limited to a particular purpose by an external party, the District, or a group or individual delegated authority by the Board to assign resources for particular purposes.

The District receives funding from local, State, and Federal sources. Revenue from local sources is primarily generated by ad valorem property taxes. Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily received through the FEFP funding formula. Federal awards are received for the enhancement of various educational programs, including Title I, Special Education, and others. Funding for current education operations received from local, State, and Federal sources totaled $54,014,985.27. Local revenue collections were $13,309,973.12 (24.6 percent), State revenues amounted to $32,974,729.05 (61.1 percent), and Federal revenues of $7,730,283.10 (14.3 percent).

The total fund balances of governmental funds decreased by $5,946,391.62 during the fiscal year to $6,132,549.70 at June 30, 2017. Approximately 32.3 percent of this amount is unassigned fund balance ($1,983,496.31), which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is (1) not in spendable form for inventories ($30,743.89); (2) restricted for State required carryover programs ($291,072.21), debt service payments ($5,346.69), capital projects expenditures ($2,277,399.55), food service expenditures ($526,472.52) and other District purposes ($326,667.68); and (3) assigned for purchase commitments and local projects ($691,350.85).

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the District's chief operating fund. General Fund revenues and other financing sources were greater than expenditures and other financing uses by $1,153,642.48, increasing the General Fund fund balance to $3,292,587.05 at June 30, 2017. State revenues increased by $1,126,379.45, or 3.7 percent, primarily the result of increasing FEFP revenues. Local property tax revenues decreased $304,648.08, or 3.1 percent. In addition, General Fund expenditures decreased by $674,688.40, or 1.6 percent, primarily from decreases in salary and benefits costs. The total fund balance represents 7.6 percent of revenues and other financing sources available to the District in the 2016-17 fiscal year. Some of the balance is restricted for State-required carryover programs ($291,072.71) and fuel tax refund collections ($326,667.68), which leaves an assigned and unassigned fund balance of $2,674,847.16, or 6.4 percent of total General Fund revenues.

The Special Revenue – Other Fund has total revenues and expenditures of $4,187,697.97 each and the funding was used for the continuation of Federal related education programs, primarily the Title I and Special Education programs. Because grant revenues are not recognized until expenditures are incurred, this fund generally does not accumulate a fund balance.

The Debt Service – Special Act Bonds Fund reported revenues and expenditures and other financing uses of $434,500 each, and ended the fiscal year with no fund balance. Expenditures were made to pay the scheduled principal and interest costs associated with the District's revenue bonds with the remaining balance transferred to the General Fund.

The Capital Projects – Public Education Capital Outlay (PECO) Fund has a total fund balance of $178,136.58, which is restricted for facilities maintenance. The fund balance decreased in the current fiscal year due to the completion of the new Williston Middle/High School and the payback of revenue pledged under the PECO Special Facility Construction Account resolution.

The Capital Projects – Local Capital Improvement Fund reported revenues and total expenditures and other financing uses of $2,651,222.53 and $6,592,079.38, respectively, and ended the year with a fund balance of $1,510,825.46. Transfers out totaled $5,019,333.03, and of this amount, $4,259,818.80 was transferred to the Capital Projects – PECO Fund for revenue pledged under the PECO Special Facility Construction Account resolution ($1,259,818.80) and for payment on the Section 1011.14 note ($3 million). Of the total fund balance, $439,342.89 has been encumbered for capital projects.

Proprietary Fund

Unrestricted net position of the Internal Service Fund totaled $672,450.34 at June 30, 2017. Operating expenses totaled $6,253,821.86, primarily comprised of insurance claims and purchased services for the District's self-insurance program. Net position increased by $8,493.36.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Florida law and is reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2016-17, the District amended its General Fund budget as needed. The District uses school-based budgeting for non-personnel, non-energy, and non-fixed cost items. Schools are allocated budgets based on student enrollment.

For the General Fund, differences between the final budgeted revenues and other financing sources and final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses as compared to the original budget were insignificant. Similarly, the actual revenues and other financing sources were not significantly different from the original and final budgets. Actual expenditures and other financing uses were $1,305,042.48

less than final budgeted amounts mainly due to instructional and school administration expenditures being less than budgeted. The ending fund balance exceeded the estimated fund balance in the final amended budget by $1,305,042.48.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2017, is $85,495,130.80 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land; improvements other than buildings; buildings and fixed equipment; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; motor vehicles; and computer software. The total increase in capital assets for the current fiscal year was $380,088.66, or 0.5 percent.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2017, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of $8,246,581.02. The year-end balance consists of $2,533,884.25 in bonds payable, $5,393,935.71 in certificates of participation payable, and $318,761.06 in an installment-purchase payable.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

Other Matters of Significance

The primary source of revenue from the State for the District is based on the number of full-time equivalent students (FTE). A student count is taken twice a year, October and February. Outlined below is a 5-year history of our unweighted FTE information:

	Fiscal Year				
	2012-13	**2013-14**	**2014-15**	**2015-16**	**2016-17**
FTE	5,585	5,407	5,382	5,414	5,436

The District operated 10 schools during the 2016-17 school year, including 4 elementary schools, 3 middle-high schools, 1 K-8 school, 1 K-12 school, and 1 special facility. In addition, it sponsored 2 charter schools, Whispering Winds Charter School Project, Inc. and Nature Coast Middle School, Inc.

The District is rural and has unique issues concerning the operations of 10 school sites. The Board will continue to be vigilant in monitoring its resources to meet the demands of our public education system.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances and to demonstrate compliance and accountability of its resources. Questions concerning information provided in the MD&A or other required supplementary information, and financial statements and notes thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the School Board of Levy County, Director of Finance, at 480 Marshburn Drive, Bronson, Florida 32621.

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Levy County District School Board
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2017

	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Component Units
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 6,592,393.21	$ 346,623.00
Cash with Fiscal Agent	167,588.25	-
Investments	5,346.69	-
Accounts Receivable	1,031.81	2,635.00
Due from Other Agencies	957,500.58	-
Due from Excess Insurer	109,342.74	-
Deposits Receivable	-	880.00
Prepaid Items	-	10,554.00
Inventories	30,743.89	-
Capital Assets:		
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	2,312,545.77	134,505.00
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	83,182,585.03	951,297.00
TOTAL ASSETS	93,359,077.97	1,446,494.00
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions	10,786,072.00	169,006.00
LIABILITIES		
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	60,090.08	18,622.00
Accounts Payable	318,268.78	5,383.00
Construction Contracts Payable	18,851.26	-
Construction Contracts Payable - Retained Percentage	49,942.00	-
Due to Other Agencies	811.21	-
Matured Bonds Payable	73,976.51	-
Matured Interest Payable	93,611.74	-
Unearned Revenues	2,395.55	-
Estimated Liability for Self-Insurance Program	441,000.00	-
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Portion Due Within One Year	1,669,443.93	49,323.00
Portion Due After One Year	40,352,596.67	1,067,678.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	43,080,987.73	1,141,006.00
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions	1,407,296.00	50,511.00
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	77,248,549.78	352,374.00
Restricted for:		
State Required Carryover Programs	291,072.21	-
Debt Service	5,346.69	-
Capital Projects	2,277,399.55	-
Food Service	557,216.41	-
Fuel Tax Refund	326,667.68	-
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(21,049,386.08)	71,609.00
TOTAL NET POSITION	$ 59,656,866.24	$ 423,983.00

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Levy County District School Board
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Program Revenues	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions
Functions/Programs			
Primary Government			
Governmental Activities:			
Instruction	$ 27,045,778.78	$ 100,125.78	$ -
Student Support Services	2,125,745.19	-	-
Instructional Media Services	317,959.82	-	-
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	1,417,948.54	-	-
Instructional Staff Training Services	1,141,277.67	-	-
Instruction-Related Technology	171,075.32	-	-
Board	348,586.98	-	-
General Administration	1,221,919.37	-	-
School Administration	3,203,473.80	-	-
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	483,407.13	-	-
Fiscal Services	502,706.18	-	-
Food Services	3,393,789.78	157,764.71	3,417,891.45
Central Services	391,055.10	-	-
Student Transportation Services	3,712,002.26	26,657.17	-
Operation of Plant	3,685,360.56	-	-
Maintenance of Plant	917,801.11	-	-
Administrative Technology Services	1,284,423.08	-	-
Unallocated Interest on Long-Term Debt	271,125.71	-	-
Unallocated Depreciation Expense*	3,600,898.62	-	-
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	1,513.63	-	-
Total Primary Government	$ 55,237,848.63	$ 284,547.66	$ 3,417,891.45
Component Units			
Charter Schools	$ 1,362,006.00	$ 16,752.00	$ 114,335.00

General Revenues:
Taxes:
Property Taxes, Levied for Operational Purposes
Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs
Unrestricted Investment Earnings
Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

* This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various functions.

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position — Primary Government — Governmental Activities	Component Units
$ -	$ (26,945,653.00)	$ -
-	(2,125,745.19)	-
-	(317,959.82)	-
-	(1,417,948.54)	-
-	(1,141,277.67)	-
-	(171,075.32)	-
-	(348,586.98)	-
-	(1,221,919.37)	-
-	(3,203,473.80)	-
66,979.35	(416,427.78)	-
-	(502,706.18)	-
-	181,866.38	-
-	(391,055.10)	-
-	(3,685,345.09)	-
-	(3,685,360.56)	-
180,226.00	(737,575.11)	-
-	(1,284,423.08)	-
-	(271,125.71)	-
-	(3,600,898.62)	-
162,308.25	160,794.62	-
$ 409,513.60	(51,125,895.92)	-
$ 61,596.00	-	(1,169,323.00)
	9,471,543.71	-
	2,636,105.59	-
	36,876,074.48	1,282,823.00
	20,157.78	23.00
	960,937.65	1,369.00
	49,964,819.21	1,284,215.00
	(1,161,076.71)	114,892.00
	60,817,942.95	309,091.00
	$ 59,656,866.24	$ 423,983.00

Levy County District School Board
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2017

	General Fund	Special Revenue - Other Fund	Debt Service - Special Act Bonds Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 3,011,181.07	$ -	$ -
Cash with Fiscal Agent	-	-	105,827.75
Investments	-	-	-
Due from Other Funds	266,504.15	-	-
Due from Other Agencies	196,595.92	331,282.48	-
Inventories	-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 3,474,281.14	$ 331,282.48	$ 105,827.75
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	$ 23,562.32	$ 31,608.58	$ -
Accounts Payable	151,095.90	36,065.14	-
Construction Contracts Payable	-	-	-
Construction Contracts Payable - Retained Percentage	-	-	-
Due to Other Funds	6,224.66	261,213.21	-
Due to Other Agencies	811.21	-	-
Matured Bonds Payable	-	-	73,976.51
Matured Interest Payable	-	-	31,851.24
Unearned Revenues	-	2,395.55	-
Total Liabilities	181,694.09	331,282.48	105,827.75
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Inventories	-	-	-
Restricted for:			
State Required Carryover Programs	291,072.21	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	-
Capital Projects	-	-	-
Food Service	-	-	-
Fuel Tax Refund	326,667.68	-	-
Total Restricted Fund Balance	617,739.89	-	-
Assigned for:			
Purchase Commitments	33,239.84	-	-
Local Projects	658,111.01	-	-
Total Assigned Fund Balance	691,350.85	-	-
Unassigned Fund Balance	1,983,496.31	-	-
Total Fund Balances	3,292,587.05	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	$ 3,474,281.14	$ 331,282.48	$ 105,827.75

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Projects - Public Education Capital Outlay Fund	Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
$ 2,563.31	$ 1,577,241.39	$ 920,811.11	$ 5,511,796.88
-	-	61,760.50	167,588.25
-	-	5,346.69	5,346.69
100,000.00	40,749.19	-	407,253.34
215,540.72	-	214,081.46	957,500.58
-	-	30,743.89	30,743.89
$ 318,104.03	$ 1,617,990.58	$ 1,232,743.65	$ 7,080,229.63
$ -	$ -	$ 4,656.79	$ 59,827.69
30,425.00	7,165.12	15,325.75	240,076.91
18,851.26	-	-	18,851.26
49,942.00	-	-	49,942.00
40,749.19	100,000.00	-	408,187.06
-	-	-	811.21
-	-	-	73,976.51
-	-	61,760.50	93,611.74
-	-	-	2,395.55
139,967.45	107,165.12	81,743.04	947,679.93
-	-	30,743.89	30,743.89
-	-	-	291,072.21
-	-	5,346.69	5,346.69
178,136.58	1,510,825.46	588,437.51	2,277,399.55
-	-	526,472.52	526,472.52
-	-	-	326,667.68
178,136.58	1,510,825.46	1,120,256.72	3,426,958.65
-	-	-	33,239.84
-	-	-	658,111.01
-	-	-	691,350.85
-	-	-	1,983,496.31
178,136.58	1,510,825.46	1,151,000.61	6,132,549.70
$ 318,104.03	$ 1,617,990.58	$ 1,232,743.65	$ 7,080,229.63

Levy County District School Board
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		$ 6,132,549.70
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		85,495,130.80
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		672,450.34
The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	$ 10,786,072.00	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	(1,407,296.00)	9,378,776.00
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Installment-Purchase Payable	$ (318,761.06)	
Bonds Payable	(2,533,884.25)	
Certificates of Participation Payable	(5,393,935.71)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(3,641,551.58)	
Net Pension Liability	(28,281,050.00)	
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	(1,852,858.00)	(42,022,040.60)
Net Position - Governmental Activities		$ 59,656,866.24

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Levy County District School Board
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund	Special Revenue - Other Fund	Debt Service - Special Act Bonds Fund
Revenues			
Intergovernmental:			
Federal Direct	$ 65,322.35	$ -	$ -
Federal Through State and Local	113,567.33	4,187,697.97	-
State	31,577,890.17	-	434,500.00
Local:			
Property Taxes	9,471,543.71	-	-
Impact Fees	-	-	-
Charges for Services - Food Service	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	877,726.31	-	-
Total Local Revenues	10,349,270.02	-	-
Total Revenues	42,106,049.87	4,187,697.97	434,500.00
Expenditures			
Current - Education:			
Instruction	24,044,826.96	2,197,670.81	-
Student Support Services	1,973,509.45	89,375.50	-
Instructional Media Services	308,226.00	-	-
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	566,922.50	806,027.45	-
Instructional Staff Training Services	319,355.51	795,414.41	-
Instruction-Related Technology	136,692.75	29,192.92	-
Board	342,018.10	-	-
General Administration	1,051,366.79	156,262.18	-
School Administration	3,096,079.76	227.64	-
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	33,037.94	-	-
Fiscal Services	486,060.82	-	-
Food Services	95.17	-	-
Central Services	350,384.07	29,213.27	-
Student Transportation Services	3,286,293.08	11,380.57	-
Operation of Plant	3,622,578.46	-	-
Maintenance of Plant	882,926.89	-	-
Administrative Technology Services	1,271,524.72	-	-
Fixed Capital Outlay:			
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	-	-
Other Capital Outlay	53,589.73	72,933.22	-
Debt Service:			
Principal	-	-	146,978.44
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	64,677.06
Total Expenditures	41,825,488.70	4,187,697.97	211,655.50
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	280,561.17	-	222,844.50
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	913,678.42	-	-
Loss Recoveries	59,402.89	-	-
Transfers Out	(100,000.00)	-	(222,844.50)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	873,081.31	-	(222,844.50)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,153,642.48	-	-
Fund Balances, Beginning	2,138,944.57	-	-
Fund Balances, Ending	$ 3,292,587.05	$ 0.00	$ 0.00

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Projects - Public Education Capital Outlay Fund	Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 65,322.35
-	-	3,363,695.45	7,664,960.75
180,226.00	-	782,112.88	32,974,729.05
-	2,636,105.59	-	12,107,649.30
-	-	113,260.52	113,260.52
-	-	157,764.71	157,764.71
1,922.73	15,116.94	36,532.61	931,298.59
1,922.73	2,651,222.53	307,557.84	13,309,973.12
182,148.73	2,651,222.53	4,453,366.17	54,014,985.27
-	-	-	26,242,497.77
-	-	-	2,062,884.95
-	-	-	308,226.00
-	-	-	1,372,949.95
-	-	-	1,114,769.92
-	-	-	165,885.67
-	-	-	342,018.10
-	-	-	1,207,628.97
-	-	-	3,096,307.40
14,757.19	412,817.00	22,795.00	483,407.13
-	-	-	486,060.82
-	-	3,339,040.06	3,339,135.23
-	-	-	379,597.34
-	-	-	3,297,673.65
-	-	-	3,622,578.46
-	-	-	882,926.89
-	-	-	1,271,524.72
2,331,076.55	492,898.74	731,528.66	3,555,503.95
-	556,778.50	78,356.40	761,657.85
5,259,064.03	102,376.83	148,000.00	5,656,419.30
54,387.50	7,875.28	144,185.87	271,125.71
7,659,285.27	1,572,746.35	4,463,905.99	59,920,779.78
(7,477,136.54)	1,078,476.18	(10,539.82)	(5,905,794.51)
4,259,818.80	-	125,999.31	5,299,496.53
-	-	-	59,402.89
-	(5,019,333.03)	(57,319.00)	(5,399,496.53)
4,259,818.80	(5,019,333.03)	68,680.31	(40,597.11)
(3,217,317.74)	(3,940,856.85)	58,140.49	(5,946,391.62)
3,395,454.32	5,451,682.31	1,092,860.12	12,078,941.32
$ 178,136.58	$ 1,510,825.46	$ 1,151,000.61	$ 6,132,549.70

Levy County District School Board
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			$ (5,946,391.62)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays in excess of depreciation expense in the current fiscal year.			381,602.29
The loss on the disposal of capital assets during the current fiscal year is reported in the statement of activities. In the governmental funds, the cost of these assets was recognized as an expenditure in the fiscal year purchased. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the undepreciated cost of the disposed assets.			(1,513.63)
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount of repayments in the current fiscal year.			
	Installment-Purchase Payable	$ 102,376.83	
	Bonds Payable	294,978.44	
	PECO Special Facilities Advance Payable	5,262,980.41	5,660,335.68
In the prior year, revenue in the statement of activities that did not provide current financial resources was reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. This is the amount of revenue that became available and is reported only in the governmental funds in the current year.			(1,532.62)
In the statement of activities, the cost of compensated absences is measured by the amounts earned during the year, while in the governmental funds, expenditures are recognized based on the amounts actually paid for compensated absences. This is the net amount of compensated absences earned in excess of the amount used in the current fiscal year.			(46,330.17)
Other postemployment benefits costs are recorded in the statement of activities under the full accrual basis of accounting, but are not recorded in the governmental funds until paid. This is the net increase in the other postemployment benefits liability for the current fiscal year.			(109,170.00)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net increase in net position of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			8,493.36
Governmental funds report District pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as a pension expense.			
	FRS Pension Contribution	$ 1,730,672.00	
	HIS Pension Contribution	474,095.00	
	FRS Pension Expense	(2,462,131.00)	
	HIS Pension Expense	(849,206.00)	(1,106,570.00)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities			$ (1,161,076.71)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Levy County District School Board
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund
June 30, 2017

		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$	1,080,596.33
Accounts Receivable		1,031.81
Due from Other Funds		933.72
Due from Excess Insurer		109,342.74
TOTAL ASSETS		1,191,904.60
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		262.39
Accounts Payable		78,191.87
Estimated Liability for Self-Insurance Program		441,000.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES		519,454.26
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	$	672,450.34

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Levy County District School Board
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund
Net Position – Proprietary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Premium Revenues	$ 5,556,443.51
Insurance Loss Recoveries	485,048.64
Total Operating Revenues	6,041,492.15
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries	6,744.21
Employee Benefits	1,009.01
Purchased Services	773,793.23
Energy Services	15,764.27
Materials and Supplies	11,279.64
Insurance Claims	4,795,685.33
Other Expenses	649,546.17
Total Operating Expenses	6,253,821.86
Operating Loss	(212,329.71)
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Interest	582.00
Gifts, Grants, and Bequests	120,161.07
Other	80.00
Total Nonoperating Revenues	120,823.07
Loss Before Transfers	(91,506.64)
Transfers In	100,000.00
Change in Net Position	8,493.36
Total Net Position - Beginning	663,956.98
Total Net Position - Ending	$ 672,450.34

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Levy County District School Board
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash Received from Premiums	$ 5,447,396.58
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(1,430,177.82)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(7,753.80)
Cash Payments for Insurance Claims	(4,782,685.33)
Cash Received for Insurance Loss Recoveries	485,048.64
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(288,171.73)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Gifts, Grants, and Bequests	120,161.07
Transfer from Other Funds	100,000.00
Other	80.00
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	220,241.07
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest Income	582.00
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(67,348.66)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	1,147,944.99
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	$ 1,080,596.33

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss	$ (212,329.71)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Increase in Accounts Receivable	(1,031.81)
Increase in Due from Other Funds	(933.72)
Decrease in Due from Other Agencies	1,655.43
Increase in Due from Excess Insurer	(109,342.74)
Decrease in Accrued Salaries and Benefits	(0.58)
Increase in Accounts Payable	29,805.49
Decrease in Due to Other Funds	(8,994.09)
Increase in Estimated Liability for Self-Insurance Program	13,000.00
Total Adjustments	(75,842.02)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	$ (288,171.73)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Levy County District School Board
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2017

		Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$	489,007.00
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	$	6,925.00
Internal Accounts Payable		482,082.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	$	489,007.00

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the Levy County School District's (District) governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function. Depreciation expense associated with the District's transportation and maintenance departments are allocated to the student transportation services and maintenance of plant functions, while remaining depreciation expense is not readily associated with a particular function and is reported as unallocated.

B. Reporting Entity

The Levy County District School Board (Board) has direct responsibility for operation, control, and supervision of District schools and is considered a primary government for financial reporting. The District is considered part of the Florida system of public education, operates under the general direction of the Florida Department of Education (FDOE), and is governed by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules. The governing body of the District is the Board, which is composed of five elected members. The elected Superintendent of Schools is the executive officer of the Board. Geographic boundaries of the District correspond with those of Levy County.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units that should be reported within the District's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any legally separate entities for which the Board is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Board are such that exclusion would cause the District's basic financial statements to be misleading. Based on these criteria, the following component units are included within the District's reporting entity:

Blended Component Unit. A blended component unit is, in substance, part of the District's operations, even though it is a legally separate entity. Thus, a blended component unit is appropriately presented as funds of the District. The Levy County Public Facilities Finance Authority, Inc. (Authority) was formed to facilitate financing for the acquisition of facilities and equipment as further discussed in Note II.J.1. Due to the substantive economic relationship between the District and the Authority, the financial activities of the Authority are included in the accompanying basic financial statements. Separate financial statements for the Authority are not published.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The component units' columns in the government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the District's two charter schools: Whispering Winds Charter School Project, Inc., and Nature Coast Middle School, Inc. A separate column is used to emphasize that they are legally separate from the District.

The charter schools are not-for-profit corporations organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not For Profit Corporation Act, and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The charter schools operate under charters approved by their sponsor, the Levy County District School Board. The charter schools are considered to be component units of the District because the District is financially accountable for the charter schools as the District established the charter schools by approval of their charters, which is tantamount to the initial appointment of the charter schools, and there is the potential for the charter schools to impose specific financial burdens on the District. In addition, pursuant to the Florida Constitution, the charter schools are public schools and the District is responsible for the operation, control, and supervision of public schools within the District.

The financial data reported on the accompanying statements was derived from the charter schools' audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The audit reports are filed in the District's administrative offices at 480 Marshburn Drive, Bronson, Florida 32621.

C. Basis of Presentation: Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and the internal service fund. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the proprietary fund, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements except for interfund services provided and used.

D. Basis of Presentation: Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including the fiduciary funds and blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund – to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund, and for certain revenues from the State that are legally restricted to be expended for specific current operating purposes.
- Special Revenue – Other Fund – to account for certain Federal grant program resources.
- Debt Service – Special Act Bonds Fund – to account for the financial resources used for the payment of debt service of Special Act Bonds.

- Capital Projects – Public Education Capital Outlay Fund – to account for the proceeds of Special Facility Construction Account appropriations to be used for construction of the new Williston Middle/High School, and for the financial resources generated by the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund to be used for facilities maintenance.
- Capital Projects – Local Capital Improvement Fund – to account for the financial resources generated by the local capital improvement tax levy to be used for educational capital outlay needs, including new construction, renovation and remodeling projects, new and replacement equipment, motor vehicle purchases, and debt service payments on the certificates of participation and the installment purchase.

Additionally, the District reports the following proprietary and fiduciary fund types:

- Internal Service Fund – to account for the District's employee health self-insurance program.
- Agency Funds – to account for resources of the school internal funds, which are used to administer moneys collected at several schools in connection with school, student athletic, class, and club activities.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in and out. While reported in fund financial statements, transfers between the funds are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal year. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for Federal, State, and other grant resources, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 90 days of year end). Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, claims and judgments, pension benefits, other postemployment benefits, and compensated absences, are only recorded when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

The proprietary fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

The charter schools are accounted for as governmental organizations and follow the same accounting model as the District's governmental activities.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be demand deposits and short-term liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments classified as cash equivalents include amounts placed with the State Board of Administration (SBA) in Florida PRIME.

Cash deposits are held by banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

2. Investments

Investments consist of amounts placed in the SBA debt service accounts for investment of debt service moneys and amounts placed with the SBA for participation in the Florida PRIME investment pool created by Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The investment pool operates under investment guidelines established by Section 215.47, Florida Statutes.

The District's investments in Florida PRIME, which the SBA indicates is a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. These investments are reported at fair value, which is amortized cost.

Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year end are described in a subsequent note.

3. Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption in the course of District operations. Inventories are stated at cost based on the last invoice, which approximates the first-in, first-out basis, except that United States Department of Agriculture donated foods are stated at their fair value as determined at the time of donation to the District's food service program by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Bureau of Food Distribution. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when used rather than purchased.

4. Capital Assets

Expenditures for capital assets acquired or constructed for general District purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition or construction. The capital assets so acquired are reported at cost in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as those costing more than $1,000 for vehicles and equipment and $10,000 for buildings and improvements, with an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the composite method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Useful Lives
Improvements Other Than Buildings	20 years
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	40 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5 years
Motor Vehicles	8 years
Computer Software	5 years

Current year information relative to changes in capital assets is described in a subsequent note.

5. Pensions

In the government-wide statement of net position, liabilities are recognized for the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and the HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The District's retirement plans and related amounts are described in a subsequent note.

6. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term obligations that will be financed from resources to be received in the future by governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position. In the governmental fund financial statements, bonds and other long-term obligations are not recognized as liabilities until due.

Changes in long-term liabilities for the current year are reported in a subsequent note.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The District has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are discussed in a subsequent note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are discussed in a subsequent note.

8. Net Position Flow Assumption

The District occasionally funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. To calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. Consequently, it is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The District may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). To calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation. The District reported no committed fund balances at June 30, 2017.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has established Board Policy 7.01 authorizing the Finance Director to assign fund balance. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

2. State Revenue Sources

Significant revenues from State sources for current operations include the Florida Education Finance Program administered by the FDOE under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes. In accordance with this law, the District determines and reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the FDOE. The FDOE performs certain edit checks on the reported number of FTE and related data and calculates the allocation of funds to the District. The District is permitted to amend its original reporting for a period of 5 months following the date of the original reporting. Such amendments may impact funding allocations for subsequent fiscal years. The FDOE may also adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations based upon an audit of the District's compliance in determining and reporting FTE and related data.

Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue in the fiscal year when the adjustments are made.

The State provides financial assistance to administer certain educational programs. SBE rules require that revenue earmarked for certain programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided, and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following fiscal year to be expended for the same educational programs. The FDOE generally requires that these educational program revenues be accounted for in the General Fund. A portion of the fund balance of the General Fund is restricted in the governmental fund financial statements for the balance of categorical and earmarked educational program resources.

The State allocates gross receipts taxes, generally known as Public Education Capital Outlay (PECO) money, to the District on an annual basis. The District is authorized to expend these funds only upon applying for and receiving an encumbrance authorization from the FDOE.

Pursuant to Section 1013.64, Florida Statutes, the District received special allocations in the 2014-15, 2015-16, and 2016-17 fiscal years for specific construction needs through the PECO and Debt Service Trust Fund - Special Facility Construction Account. As a condition for receiving these funds, other construction funding was pledged for the project, including a portion of the capital outlay millage levied pursuant to Section 1011.71(2), Florida Statutes, for 3 fiscal years. During the 3-year period, reductions to the special allocations were made to the extent of collections from the required pledged sources.

A schedule of revenue from State sources for the current year is presented in a subsequent note.

3. District Property Taxes

The Board is authorized by State law to levy property taxes for district school operations, capital improvements, and debt service.

Property taxes consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. Property values are determined by the Levy County Property Appraiser, and property taxes are collected by the Levy County Tax Collector.

The Board adopted the 2016 tax levy on September 13, 2016. Tax bills are mailed in October and taxes are payable between November 1 of the year assessed and March 31 of the following year at discounts of up to 4 percent for early payment.

Taxes become a lien on the property on January 1, and are delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. State law provides for enforcement of collection of personal property taxes by seizure of the property to satisfy unpaid taxes, and for enforcement of collection of real property taxes by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid taxes. The procedures result in the collection of essentially all taxes prior to June 30 of the year following the year of assessment.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the government-wide financial statements when the Board adopts the tax levy. Property tax revenues are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements when taxes are received by the District, except that revenue is accrued for taxes collected by the Levy County Tax Collector at fiscal year end but not yet remitted to the District.

Millages and taxes levied for the current year are presented in a subsequent note.

4. Educational Impact Fees

Levy County (County) imposes an educational impact fee based on an ordinance adopted by the County Commission in January 2008. The educational impact fee is collected by the County for most new residential construction. The fees are to be used solely for the purpose of providing capital improvements to the public educational system necessitated by new residential development and are not to be used for any expenditure that would be classified as a maintenance or repair expense. The authorized uses include, but are not limited to, land acquisition; facility design and construction costs; acquisition of furniture and equipment; and payment of principal, interest, and related costs of indebtedness necessitated by new residential development.

5. Federal Revenue Sources

The District receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to, and approved by, various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

6. Compensated Absences

In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences (i.e., paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are accrued as liabilities to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only if it has matured, such as for occurrences of employee resignations and retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

7. Proprietary Fund Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund’s principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District’s internal service fund are charges for employee health insurance premiums. Operating expenses include insurance claims and excess coverage premiums. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. All bank balances of the District are fully insured or collateralized as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

B. Investments

The District's investments at June 30, 2017, are reported as follows:

Investments	Maturities	Fair Value
SBA:		
Florida PRIME (1)	39 Day Average	$ 808,611.92
Debt Service Accounts	6 Months	5,346.69
Total Investments		$ 813,958.61

Note: (1) This investment is reported as a cash equivalent for financial statement reporting purposes.

Fair Value Measurement

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments in SBA debt service accounts are valued using Level 1 inputs.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

Florida PRIME uses a weighted average days to maturity (WAM). A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the portfolio to interest rate changes.

For Florida PRIME, with regard to redemption gates, Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states, "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board [State Board of Administration] can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory

Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days." As of June 30, 2017, there were no redemption fees, maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes, limits investments to the SBA's Florida PRIME, or any other intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act as provided in Section 163.01, Florida Statutes; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits in qualified public depositories, as defined in Section 280.02, Florida Statutes; and direct obligations of the United States Treasury. The District's investment policy limits investments to bids from qualified public depositories, financial deposit instruments insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, time deposits, securities of the United States Government, and other forms of authorized investments as authorized by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as well as Florida PRIME.

The District's investments in the SBA debt service accounts are to provide for debt service payments on bond debt issued by the SBE for the benefit of the District. The District relies on policies developed by the SBA for managing interest rate risk and credit risk for this account. Disclosures for the Debt Service Accounts are included in the notes to financial statements of the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The District's investment in Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

C. Changes in Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets are presented in the table below:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	$ 2,312,545.77	$ -	$ -	$ 2,312,545.77
Construction in Progress	34,788,312.75	3,019,178.71	37,807,491.46	-
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	37,100,858.52	3,019,178.71	37,807,491.46	2,312,545.77
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Improvements Other Than Buildings	4,899,959.45	5,279.39	-	4,905,238.84
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	83,333,068.64	38,334,368.46	-	121,667,437.10
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	6,705,317.33	142,979.68	384,983.18	6,463,313.83
Motor Vehicles	6,271,812.58	600,751.00	21,544.81	6,851,018.77
Computer Software	1,477,920.64	22,096.02	-	1,500,016.66
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	102,688,078.64	39,105,474.55	406,527.99	141,387,025.20
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Improvements Other Than Buildings	3,074,336.55	189,794.87	-	3,264,131.42
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	38,931,969.95	3,050,558.28	-	41,982,528.23
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5,724,045.85	352,573.37	383,469.55	5,693,149.67
Motor Vehicles	5,512,346.07	336,759.16	21,544.81	5,827,560.42
Computer Software	1,431,196.60	5,873.83	-	1,437,070.43
Total Accumulated Depreciation	54,673,895.02	3,935,559.51	405,014.36	58,204,440.17
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	48,014,183.62	35,169,915.04	1,513.63	83,182,585.03
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	$ 85,115,042.14	$ 38,189,093.75	$ 37,809,005.09	$ 85,495,130.80

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Function	Amount
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
Student Transportation Services	$ 327,253.89
Maintenance of Plant	7,407.00
Unallocated	3,600,898.62
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	$ 3,935,559.51

D. Retirement Plans

1. FRS – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the FRS

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree HIS Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the District are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The District's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled $3,311,337 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

FRS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are:

- *Regular* – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officers* – Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- *Senior Management Service* – Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	Percent Value
Regular members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member was initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2016-17 fiscal year were as follows:

Class	Percent of Gross Salary Employee	Employer (1)
FRS, Regular	3.00	7.52
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	42.47
FRS, Senior Management Service	3.00	21.77
DROP – Applicable to Members from All of the Above Classes	0.00	12.99
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)

Notes: (1) Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.
(2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The District's contributions to the Plan totaled $1,730,672 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of $17,339,852 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2015-16 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2015-16 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportionate share was 0.068672469 percent, which was a decrease of 0.005391963 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized the Plan pension expense of $2,462,131. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 1,327,672	$ 161,446
Change of assumptions	1,049,009	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on FRS pension plan investments	4,482,140	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District FRS contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	891,924
District FRS contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,730,672	-
Total	$ 8,589,493	$ 1,053,370

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling $1,730,672, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount
2018	$ 740,700
2019	740,700
2020	2,488,117
2021	1,659,801
2022	137,296
Thereafter	38,837
Total	$ 5,805,451

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.60 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1%	3.0%	3.0%	1.7%
Fixed Income	18%	4.7%	4.6%	4.6%
Global Equity	53%	8.1%	6.8%	17.2%
Real Estate (Property)	10%	6.4%	5.8%	12.0%
Private Equity	6%	11.5%	7.8%	30.0%
Strategic Investments	12%	6.1%	5.6%	11.1%
Total	100%			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.6%	1.9%

Note: (1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.6 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The discount rate used in the 2016 valuation was updated from 7.65 percent to 7.6 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.6 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.6 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.6 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.6%)	Current Discount Rate (7.6%)	1% Increase (8.6%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 31,923,842	$ 17,339,852	$ 5,200,607

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

HIS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of $5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of $30 and a maximum HIS payment of $150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Federal Medicare.

Contributions. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The District contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled $474,095 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2017, the District reported a net pension liability of $10,941,198 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the District's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within 1 year, net of the District's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2015-16 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2015-16 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportionate share was 0.093878911 percent, which was a decrease of 0.002134883 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized the HIS Plan pension expense of $849,206. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	**Deferred Outflows of Resources**	**Deferred Inflows of Resources**
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ -	$ 24,920
Change of assumptions	1,716,952	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIS pension plan investments	5,532	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District HIS contributions and proportionate share of HIS contributions	-	329,006
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	474,095	-
Total	$ 2,196,579	$ 353,926

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling $474,095, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount
2018	$ 244,110
2019	244,110
2020	243,057
2021	242,551
2022	209,882
Thereafter	184,848
Total	$ 1,368,558

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Municipal bond rate	2.85 percent

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projected Scale BB.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.85 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate used in the 2016 valuation was updated from 3.8 percent to 2.85 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.85 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.85 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.85 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (1.85%)	Current Discount Rate (2.85%)	1% Increase (3.85%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 12,552,040	$ 10,941,198	$ 9,604,287

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

2. FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan member accounts during the 2016-17 fiscal year were as follows:

Class	Percent of Gross Compensation
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings, regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the District.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided in which the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan pension expense totaled $265,329.43 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

E. Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

Plan Description. The Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, employees who retire from the District are eligible to participate in the District's health and hospitalization plan for medical, prescription drug, and life insurance coverage. The District subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the OPEB Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because retiree healthcare costs are generally greater than active employee healthcare costs. The District does not offer any explicit subsidies for retiree coverage. Fifty percent of retirees are assumed to enroll in the Federal Medicare program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible. The OPEB Plan does not issue a stand-alone report, and is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or other entity.

Funding Policy. Plan contribution requirements of the District and OPEB Plan members are established and may be amended through recommendations of the Insurance Committee and action from the Board. The District has not advance-funded or established a funding methodology for the annual OPEB costs or the net OPEB obligation, and the OPEB Plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the 2016-17 fiscal year, 218 retirees received other postemployment benefits. The District provided required contributions of $167,111 toward the annual OPEB cost, net of retiree contributions totaling $389,497.17, which represents 1.4 percent of covered payroll.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the District's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year, the amount actually contributed to the OPEB Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Description	Amount
Normal Cost (service cost for 1 year)	$ 150,190
Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	153,039
Annual Required Contribution	303,229
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	52,311
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	(79,259)
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	276,281
Contribution Toward the OPEB Cost	(167,111)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	109,170
Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year	1,743,688
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	$ 1,852,858

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the OPEB Plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2017, and the 2 preceding fiscal years, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2014-15	$ 497,346	49.4%	$ 1,488,200
2015-16	511,231	50.0%	1,743,688
2016-17	276,281	60.5%	1,852,858

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of January 1, 2017, the most recent valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was $3,317,463, and the actuarial value of assets was $0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of $3,317,463 and a funded ratio of 0 percent. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active participating employees) was $27,166,314, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 12.2 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing OPEB Plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and termination, mortality, and the healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the OPEB Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress immediately following the notes to financial statements as required supplementary information, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of OPEB Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive OPEB Plan provisions, as understood by the employer and participating members, and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and participating members. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB Plan reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with this perspective, the actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The District's OPEB actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017, used the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method with an amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a level percent of expected payroll to estimate the unfunded actuarial liability as of June 30, 2017, and to estimate the District's 2016-17 fiscal year ARC. Because the OPEB liability is currently unfunded, the actuarial assumptions included a 3 percent rate of return on invested assets, which is the District's long-term expectation of investment returns under its investment policy. The actuarial assumptions also included a payroll growth rate of 3 percent per year, projected salary increases of 3.7 to 7.8 percent, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7 percent initially beginning January 2018, decreased each year, to an ultimate rate of 4.24 percent in January 2040. The investment rate of return, projected salary increases, and payroll growth rate include a general price inflation of 2.5 percent. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percent of expected payroll on a closed basis over a 22-year period.

F. Other Significant Commitments

Encumbrances. Appropriations in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders for goods and services. Even though appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, unfilled purchase orders of the current year are carried forward and the next fiscal year's appropriations are likewise encumbered.

The following is a schedule of encumbrances at June 30, 2017:

Major Funds					
General	Special Revenue - Other	Debt Service - Special Act Bonds	Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
$ 33,239.84	$ 3,542.79	$ 19,192.88	$ 439,342.89	$ 21,864.04	$ 517,182.44

G. Risk Management Programs

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the North East Florida Educational Consortium (Consortium) under which several district school boards have established a combined limited self-insurance program for property protection, general liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation, money and securities, employee fidelity and faithful performance, boiler and machinery, and other coverage deemed necessary by the members of the Consortium. Section 1001.42(12)(k), Florida Statutes, provides the authority for the District to enter into such a risk management program. The Consortium is self-sustaining through member assessments (premiums), and purchases coverage through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. The Board of Directors for the Consortium is composed of superintendents of all participating districts. The Putnam County District School Board serves as fiscal agent for the Consortium.

The District's health insurance program is provided on a self-insured basis up to specific limits. The District entered into an agreement with a reinsurance company to provide individual and aggregate excess coverage. The company will reimburse 100 percent of individual claims in excess of $150,000 and the aggregate reimbursement maximum is $1,000,000 per policy period. A service organization administers this self-insurance program, including the processing, investigation, and payment of claims. The lifetime maximum for each individual covered is unlimited.

Additionally, the District has entered into a contract with a vendor to operate the Wellness Center, a clinic at which employees who have District health insurance may see a doctor and receive stocked generic medicines free of charge.

Settled claims resulting from these risks described above have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past 3 fiscal years.

A liability in the amount of $441,000, represents estimated incurred, but not paid insurance claims payable at June 30, 2017.

The following schedule represents the changes in claims liability for the District's self-insurance program:

Fiscal Year	Beginning-of-Fiscal-Year Liability	Current-Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims Payments	Balance at Fiscal Year End
2015-16	$ 389,000.00	$ 4,155,369.10	$ (4,116,369.10)	$ 428,000.00
2016-17	428,000.00	4,795,685.33	(4,782,685.33)	441,000.00

H. Installment-Purchase Payable

The class and amount of property being acquired under installment-purchase is as follows:

	Asset Balances
School Buses	$ 531,390

Future minimum installment-purchase payments and the present value of the minimum installment purchase payments as of June 30, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total	Principal	Interest
2018	$ 110,252.11	$ 104,291.28	$ 5,960.83
2019	110,252.11	106,241.53	4,010.58
2020	110,252.11	108,228.25	2,023.86
Total Minimum Lease Payments	$ 330,756.33	$ 318,761.06	$ 11,995.27

The stated interest rate is 1.87 percent.

I. Changes in Short-Term Debt

The following is a schedule of changes in short-term debt:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Section 1011.14 Note, Series 2016	$ 9,000,000	$ 0	$ 9,000,000	$ 0

Proceeds from the Section 1011.14 note were used to fund construction expenses until receipt of the 2016-17 fiscal year Public Education Capital Outlay Special Facilities funding.

J. Long-Term Liabilities

1. Certificates of Participation

The District entered into a financing arrangement which was characterized as a lease-purchase agreement, with the Levy County Public Facilities Finance Authority, Inc. (Authority), whereby the District secured financing in the amount of $5,393,935.71 for various educational facilities and to refund outstanding Certificates of Participation, Series 2005. The financing was accomplished through the issuance of Certificates of Participation, Series 2015, by the Authority to third-party investors. The certificates are to be repaid from the proceeds of rents paid by the District.

As a condition of the financing arrangement, the District has given a ground lease on District property to the Authority, with a rental fee of $10 per year. The initial term of the lease agreement commenced on July 2, 2015, and is automatically renewable for successive 1-year periods thereafter; the final lease term will expire on July 1, 2026. The properties covered by the ground lease are, together with the improvements constructed thereon from the financing proceeds, leased back to the District. If the District fails to renew the lease and to provide for the rent payments through to term, the District may be required to surrender the sites included under the Ground Lease Agreement for the benefit of the securers of the certificates.

The District properties included in the ground lease under this arrangement include an auditorium and administrative building at Chiefland High School, a gymnasium at Chiefland Middle School, a media center at Yankeetown School, and a food service building at Cedar Key School.

The lease payments are payable by the District semiannually, on July 1 and January 1 at an interest rate of 2.29 percent. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under the lease agreement together with the present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total	Principal	Interest
2018	$ 666,619.33	$ 546,207.44	$ 120,411.89
2019	666,619.33	558,787.20	107,832.13
2020	666,619.34	571,656.69	94,962.65
2021	666,619.34	584,822.57	81,796.77
2022	666,619.34	598,291.68	68,327.66
2023-2026	2,666,477.34	2,534,170.13	132,307.21
Total Minimum Lease Payments	$ 5,999,574.02	$ 5,393,935.71	$ 605,638.31

2. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Bond Type	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rates (Percent)	Annual Maturity To
State School Bonds:			
Series 2009A, Refunding	$ 35,000.00	5	2019
Series 2014B, Refunding	187,000.00	2 - 5	2020
District Revenue Bonds:			
Series 2015, Refunding	2,311,884.25	2.67	2030
Total Bonds Payable	$ 2,533,884.25		

The various bonds were issued to finance capital outlay projects of the District. The following is a description of the bonded debt issues:

State School Bonds

These bonds are issued by the SBE on behalf of the District. The bonds mature serially, and are secured by a pledge of the District's portion of the State-assessed motor vehicle license tax. The State's full faith and credit is also pledged as security for these bonds. Principal and interest payments, investment of debt service fund resources, and compliance with reserve requirements are administered by the SBE and the SBA.

District Revenue Bonds

These bonds are authorized by Chapter 70-781, Laws of Florida, which provides that the bonds be secured from the pari-mutuel tax proceeds distributed annually to Levy County from the State's Pari-mutuel Tax Collection Trust Fund pursuant to Chapter 550, Florida Statutes (effective July 1, 2000, tax proceeds were distributed pursuant to Section 212.20(6)(d)7.a., Florida Statutes (2001), now Section 212.20(6)(d)6.a., Florida Statutes). The annual distribution is remitted by the Florida Department of Financial Services to the District. These funds accrue annually to the District after the first $12,000 has been paid to the Levy County Board of Commissioners pursuant to Chapter 65-1217, Laws of Florida. All such money not needed for the payment of principal and interest, and handling charges becoming due during the current fiscal year may be used for any lawful purpose. The District is not required to retain excess sinking fund balances or reserves over the amounts needed to make the required fiscal year payments.

The District issued Capital Improvement Refunding and Revenue Certificates, Series 2015, dated July 2, 2015, totaling $2,602,184.46, at an interest rate of 2.67 percent. The proceeds were used to refund the Capital Improvement Refunding and Revenue Certificates, Series 2005, totaling $1,610,000, and to provide $1,000,000 for capital projects.

The District pledged a total of $2,751,521.32 of sales tax remitted in lieu of pari-mutuel (racing commission) revenues in connection with the Series 2015, District Revenue Bonds, described above. During the 2016-17 fiscal year, the District recognized sales tax (racing commission) revenues totaling $434,500 and expended $211,655.50 of these revenues for debt service directly collateralized by these revenues. The pledged sales tax remitted in lieu of pari-mutuel revenues are committed until final maturity of the debt on July 1, 2030. Approximately 49 percent of this revenue stream has been pledged in connection with debt service on the revenue bonds.

Annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	**Total**	**Principal**	**Interest**
State School Bonds:			
2018	$ 171,560.00	$ 161,000.00	$ 10,560.00
2019	45,510.00	43,000.00	2,510.00
2020	18,360.00	18,000.00	360.00
Total State School Bonds	235,430.00	222,000.00	13,430.00
District Revenue Bonds:			
2018	211,655.48	150,928.95	60,726.53
2019	211,655.49	154,985.66	56,669.83
2020	211,655.48	159,151.39	52,504.09
2021	211,655.49	163,429.10	48,226.39
2022	211,655.49	167,821.78	43,833.71
2023-2027	1,058,277.43	909,244.40	149,033.03
2028-2030	634,966.46	606,322.97	28,643.49
Total District Revenue Bonds	2,751,521.32	2,311,884.25	439,637.07
Total	$ 2,986,951.32	$ 2,533,884.25	$ 453,067.07

3. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

Description	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due In One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Installment-Purchase Payable	$ 421,137.89	$ -	$ 102,376.83	$ 318,761.06	$ 104,291.28
Bonds Payable	2,828,862.69	-	294,978.44	2,533,884.25	311,928.95
PECO Special Facilities Advance Payable	5,262,980.41	-	5,262,980.41	-	-
Certificates of Participation Payable	5,393,935.71	-	-	5,393,935.71	546,207.44
Compensated Absences Payable	3,595,221.41	437,915.56	391,585.39	3,641,551.58	391,585.39
Net Pension Liability	19,358,312.00	14,906,464.00	5,983,726.00	28,281,050.00	315,430.87
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	1,743,688.00	276,281.00	167,111.00	1,852,858.00	-
Total Governmental Activities	$38,604,138.11	$15,620,660.56	$12,202,758.07	$42,022,040.60	$1,669,443.93

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, pensions, and other postemployment benefits are generally liquidated with resources of the General Fund.

K. Fund Balance Reporting

In addition to committed and assigned fund balance categories discussed in Note I.F.10., fund balances may be classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable Fund Balance**. Nonspendable fund balance is the net current financial resources that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Generally, not in spendable form means that an item is not expected to be converted to cash.
- **Restricted Fund Balance**. Restricted fund balance is the portion of fund balance on which constraints have been placed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance places the most binding level of constraint on the use of fund balance.
- **Unassigned Fund Balance**. The unassigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that is the residual classification for the General Fund. This balance represents amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes.

L. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables reported in the fund financial statements:

Funds	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
Major:		
General	$ 266,504.15	$ 6,224.66
Special Revenue:		
Other	-	261,213.21
Capital Projects:		
Public Education Capital Outlay	100,000.00	40,749.19
Local Capital Improvement	40,749.19	100,000.00
Internal Service	933.72	-
Total	$ 408,187.06	$ 408,187.06

The interfund receivables and payables represent temporary loans between funds to cover expenditures incurred prior to reimbursement from outside parties. All balances are expected to be repaid within 1 year.

M. Revenues

1. Schedule of State Revenue Sources

The following is a schedule of the District's State revenue sources for the 2016-17 fiscal year:

Source	Amount
Florida Education Finance Program	$ 25,268,564.00
Categorical Educational Program - Class Size Reduction	5,675,991.00
Emergency Shelter Retrofit Program	411,352.00
Voluntary Prekindergarten Program	242,024.80
Motor Vehicle License Tax (Capital Outlay and Debt Service)	234,232.60
Gross Receipts Tax (Public Education Capital Outlay)	180,226.00
School Recognition	163,700.00
Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program	143,155.11
Charter School Capital Outlay	61,760.00
Food Service Supplement	54,196.00
State Forest Funds	34,304.28
District Instructional Leadership Grant	12,932.00
Miscellaneous	492,291.26
Total	$ 32,974,729.05

Accounting policies relating to certain State revenue sources are described in Note I.G.2.

2. Property Taxes

The following is a summary of millages and taxes levied on the 2016 tax roll for the 2016-17 fiscal year:

	Millages	Taxes Levied
General Fund		
Nonvoted School Tax:		
Required Local Effort	4.637	$ 8,338,307.79
Basic Discretionary Local Effort	0.748	1,345,057.93
Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund		
Nonvoted Tax:		
Local Capital Improvements	1.500	2,697,308.68
Total	6.885	$12,380,674.40

N. Interfund Transfers

The following is a summary of interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements:

Funds	Interfund Transfers In	Interfund Transfers Out
Major:		
General	$ 913,678.42	$ 100,000.00
Debt Service:		
Special Act Bonds	-	222,844.50
Capital Projects:		
Public Education Capital Outlay	4,259,818.80	-
Local Capital Improvement	-	5,019,333.03
Nonmajor Governmental	125,999.31	57,319.00
Internal Service	100,000.00	-
Total	$ 5,399,496.53	$ 5,399,496.53

Interfund transfers are used primarily when revenues are recognized in one fund but are used to pay expenses in another.

Capital Projects – Local Capital Improvement Fund transfers include transfers to a nonmajor debt service fund to pay certificates of participation debt, transfers to the General Fund for property and casualty insurance premiums and for maintenance and repair expenditures, and transfers to the Capital Projects – PECO Fund for revenue pledged in connection with the PECO Special Facilities Construction Account allocation for the construction of the new middle/high school. The Debt Service – Special Act Bonds Fund transfer to the General Fund is the balance of funds not needed for debt service purposes. The General Fund transfer to the Internal Service Fund is to maintain a minimum balance for self-insurance. Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to the General Fund included charter school capital outlay funds.

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General and Major Special Revenue Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental:				
Federal Direct	$ 50,000.00	$ 65,322.35	$ 65,322.35	$ -
Federal Through State and Local	150,000.00	113,567.33	113,567.33	-
State	31,297,260.00	31,577,890.17	31,577,890.17	-
Local:				
Property Taxes	9,281,627.00	9,471,543.71	9,471,543.71	-
Miscellaneous	565,416.50	877,726.31	877,726.31	-
Total Local Revenues	9,847,043.50	10,349,270.02	10,349,270.02	-
Total Revenues	41,344,303.50	42,106,049.87	42,106,049.87	-
Expenditures				
Current - Education:				
Instruction	24,896,285.09	24,757,913.19	24,044,826.96	713,086.23
Student Support Services	2,042,679.00	1,974,295.46	1,973,509.45	786.01
Instructional Media Services	369,955.00	319,558.82	308,226.00	11,332.82
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	624,200.00	595,748.69	566,922.50	28,826.19
Instructional Staff Training Services	348,538.00	329,357.27	319,355.51	10,001.76
Instruction-Related Technology	179,641.00	159,716.04	136,692.75	23,023.29
Board	379,175.00	348,341.60	342,018.10	6,323.50
General Administration	1,034,716.00	1,104,321.36	1,051,366.79	52,954.57
School Administration	3,162,095.56	3,221,056.97	3,096,079.76	124,977.21
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	35,853.35	33,637.94	33,037.94	600.00
Fiscal Services	509,414.00	493,186.71	486,060.82	7,125.89
Food Services	-	105.02	95.17	9.85
Central Services	386,179.00	376,588.14	350,384.07	26,204.07
Student Transportation Services	3,353,498.00	3,340,981.18	3,286,293.08	54,688.10
Operation of Plant	3,845,716.00	3,741,605.05	3,622,578.46	119,026.59
Maintenance of Plant	956,183.00	920,436.27	882,926.89	37,509.38
Administrative Technology Services	1,093,872.00	1,360,091.74	1,271,524.72	88,567.02
Fixed Capital Outlay:				
Other Capital Outlay	-	53,589.73	53,589.73	-
Total Expenditures	43,218,000.00	43,130,531.18	41,825,488.70	1,305,042.48
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,873,696.50)	(1,024,481.31)	280,561.17	1,305,042.48
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	1,697,296.50	913,678.42	913,678.42	-
Loss Recoveries	25,000.00	59,402.89	59,402.89	-
Transfers Out	-	(100,000.00)	(100,000.00)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,722,296.50	873,081.31	873,081.31	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(151,400.00)	(151,400.00)	1,153,642.48	1,305,042.48
Fund Balances, Beginning	2,138,944.57	2,138,944.57	2,138,944.57	-
Fund Balances, Ending	$ 1,987,544.57	$ 1,987,544.57	$ 3,292,587.05	$ 1,305,042.48

Special Revenue - Other Fund

Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
4,388,434.68	5,113,627.35	4,187,697.97	(925,929.38)
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
4,388,434.68	5,113,627.35	4,187,697.97	(925,929.38)
2,525,371.08	2,549,631.05	2,197,670.81	351,960.24
178,640.95	179,177.02	89,375.50	89,801.52
-	-	-	-
687,779.70	808,603.97	806,027.45	2,576.52
721,937.56	1,164,270.09	795,414.41	368,855.68
56,942.70	56,942.70	29,192.92	27,749.78
-	-	-	-
171,149.18	192,870.47	156,262.18	36,608.29
-	254.00	227.64	26.36
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
1,500.00	30,337.82	29,213.27	1,124.55
45,113.51	58,607.01	11,380.57	47,226.44
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	72,933.22	72,933.22	-
4,388,434.68	5,113,627.35	4,187,697.97	925,929.38
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
$ 0.00	$ 0.00	$ 0.00	$ 0.00

Schedule of Funding Progress –
Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (1) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
10/01/12	$ -	$ 6,096,078	$ 6,096,078	0.0%	$ 27,087,193	22.5%
01/01/15	-	5,641,116	5,641,116	0.0%	27,750,687	20.3%
01/01/17	-	3,317,463	3,317,463	0.0%	27,166,314	12.2%

Note: (1) The District's OPEB actuarial valuation used the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method with an amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a level percent of expected payroll to estimate the actuarial accrued liability.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share
of the Net Pension Liability –
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)

	2016	2015	2014	2013
District's proportion of the FRS net pension liability	0.068672469%	0.074064432%	0.075787613%	0.076537304%
District's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	$ 17,339,852	$ 9,566,415	$ 4,624,159	$ 13,175,476
District's covered payroll	$ 29,029,216	$ 29,138,610	$ 29,046,596	$ 28,654,158
District's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	59.73%	32.83%	15.92%	45.98%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%	88.54%

Note: (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of District Contributions –
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required FRS contribution	$ 1,730,672	$ 1,674,688	$ 1,805,754	$ 1,660,070
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,730,672)	(1,674,688)	(1,805,754)	(1,660,070)
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
District's covered payroll	$ 28,622,851	$ 29,029,216	$ 29,138,610	$ 29,046,596
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	6.05%	5.77%	6.20%	5.72%

Note: (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)

	2016	2015	2014	2013
District's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.093878911%	0.096013794%	0.097761819%	0.098600354%
District's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	$ 10,941,198	$ 9,791,897	$ 9,140,696	$ 8,584,457
District's covered payroll	$ 29,029,216	$ 29,138,610	$ 29,046,596	$ 28,654,158
District's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	37.69%	33.60%	31.47%	29.96%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%	1.78%

Note: (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of District Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required HIS contribution	$ 474,095	$ 481,189	$ 367,024	$ 334,899
HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(474,095)	(481,189)	(367,024)	(334,899)
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
District's covered payroll	$ 28,622,851	$ 29,029,216	$ 29,138,610	$ 29,046,596
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.66%	1.66%	1.26%	1.15%

Note: (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The Board follows procedures established by State statutes and State Board of Education (SBE) rules in establishing budget balances for governmental funds, as described below:

- Budgets are prepared, public hearings are held, and original budgets are adopted annually for all governmental fund types in accordance with procedures and time intervals prescribed by law and SBE rules.
- Appropriations are controlled at the object level (e.g., salaries, purchased services, and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g., instruction, student transportation services, and school administration) and may be amended by resolution at any Board meeting prior to the due date for the annual financial report.
- Budgets are prepared using the same modified accrual basis as is used to account for governmental funds.
- Budgetary information is integrated into the accounting system and, to facilitate budget control, budget balances are encumbered when purchase orders are issued. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances outstanding are honored from the subsequent year's appropriations.

2. Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

The January 1, 2017, unfunded actuarial accrued liability of $3,317,463 was significantly lower than the January 1, 2015, liability of $5,641,116 as a result of benefit changes and other changes in liability and costs as discussed below:

- The number of active employees with medical coverage decreased from 658 as of the prior valuation date to 631 as of January 1, 2017. At the same time, the number of retirees with medical coverage as of the valuation date decreased from 60 in the previous valuation to 49 as of January 1, 2017. Combined population changes had a decreasing effect on the costs and liabilities.
- The average cost of coverage provided to employees, retirees, and their dependents increased from $519 per subscriber per month (as expected for the 2015 plan year) to $662 per subscriber per month for the 2017 plan year. This is higher than the $597 per subscriber per month projected for 2017 at the time the prior valuation was performed. This change had an increasing effect on the costs and liabilities.
- The age grading factors used in the development of the Per Capita Costs to reflect rates at which medical costs increase with age of the member has been revised to be based on the results of the study published (June 2013) in *Health Care Costs – From Birth to Death* sponsored by the Society of Actuaries and authored by Mr. Dale H. Yamamoto. This change had a decreasing effect on the costs and liabilities.
- Retiree premium contributions increased from $513 per retiree per month (single coverage for the 2015 plan year) to $624 per retiree per month for the 2017 plan year. This is higher than $590 per retiree per month projected for 2017 at the time the prior valuation was performed. This change had an effect of decreasing the gap between the costs and premiums collected from retirees and as such had a decreasing effect on the costs and liabilities.
- With the most recent data furnished for this year's valuation, assumptions pertaining to retiree coverage elections were refined. It is now assumed that retiring employees will elect to continue coverage under the core plan at a rate of 55 percent, down from 60 percent in the previous valuation. This change had a decreasing effect on the costs and liabilities.
- Previous assumptions were that costs and premiums would increase at a rate of 6.5 percent, 6.25 percent, and 6 percent for plan years beginning in 2018, 2019, and 2020, respectively. Trend rates are being revised for costs and premiums charged to retirees for the years beginning in 2018, 2019, and 2020 to be 7 percent, 6.75 percent, and 6.5 percent, respectively. Long term trend rates were also revised to follow a pattern from the forecasting model built and published by Prof. Thomas E. Getzen in *Modeling Long-Term Health Care Cost Trends* (December 2007, as updated November 2015) sponsored by the Society of Actuaries. Under this model, assumed trends decline over a 20-year period from 6.5 percent assumed for the year 2020 to the ultimate level of 4.24 percent. This change had an increasing effect on the costs and liabilities.

3. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. As of June 30, 2016, the long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.65 percent to 7.6 percent, and the active member mortality assumption was updated.

4. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 3.8 percent to 2.85 percent.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Levy County District School Board
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster	Federal CFDA Number	Pass - Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Expenditures
Clustered				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
United States Department of Agriculture:				
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	17002	$ -	$ 828,392.59
National School Lunch Program	10.555	17001, 17003	-	2,422,970.34
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	16006, 16007, 17006, 17007	-	50,632.21
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			-	3,301,995.14
Special Education Cluster:				
United States Department of Education:				
Special Education - Grants to States:	84.027			
Florida Department of Education		262, 263	2,800.84	1,381,447.81
Marion County District School Board		None	-	100,234.78
Total Special Education - Grants to States	84.027		2,800.84	1,481,682.59
Special Education - Preschool Grants:	84.173			
Florida Department of Education		267	-	48,497.00
Marion County District School Board		None	-	829.50
Total Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173		-	49,326.50
Total Special Education Cluster			2,800.84	1,531,009.09
Not Clustered				
United States Department of Defense:				
Army Junior Reserve Officers Training Corps	12.UNK	N/A	-	65,322.35
United States Department of Education:				
Florida Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	212, 226	-	2,167,740.63
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	161	-	103,686.09
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	127	-	21,547.36
Rural Education	84.358	110	-	51,272.03
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	102	-	29,035.20
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	224	-	284,602.96
Alachua County District School Board:				
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	None	-	8,120.36
Total United States Department of Education			-	2,666,004.63
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			$ 2,800.84	$ 7,564,331.21

The notes below are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes: (1) Basis of Presentation. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the Federal award activity of the Levy County District School Board under programs of the Federal Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate. The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Assistance - National School Lunch Program. Includes $189,190.68 of donated food used during the fiscal year. Donated foods are valued at fair value as determined at the time of donation.

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Levy County District School Board, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 9, 2018, included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the school internal funds and the aggregate discretely presented component units, as described in our report on the District's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherrill F. Norman

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
March 9, 2018

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Levy County District School Board's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major Federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The District's major Federal program is identified in **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS** of the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the District's major Federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major Federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

District management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherrill F. Norman

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
March 9, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major Federal program:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major Federal program:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major Federal program:	
CFDA Numbers:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster:
84.027 and 84.173	Special Education Cluster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	$750,000
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?	Yes

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters are reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters are reported.

PRIOR AUDIT FOLLOW-UP

The District had taken corrective actions for the financial statement audit findings included in our report No. 2017-166.

SCHOOL BOARD OF LEVY COUNTY

JEFFERY R. EDISON
Superintendent

Audit Report No. (Finding No.)	Program/Area	Brief Description	Status	Comments
2017-166 (2016-001)	Financial Reporting	District financial reporting procedures need improvement to ensure that construction-related account balances and transactions are properly reported.	Fully corrected, as of June 30th	
2017-166 (2016-002)	Information Technology (IT) - Access Privileges	Some inappropriate or unnecessary IT access privileges exist.	Fully corrected, as of June 30th	

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